

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GEM ("GEM") OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

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This report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of Simplicity Holding Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors Executive Directors

Mr. Choi Pun Lap Mr. Leung Wai Tai

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung

Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)
Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)

Compliance Officer Mr. Choi Pun Lap

Authorised Representatives Mr. Choi Pun Lap

Mr. Leung Wai Tai

Company Secretary Mr. Choi Pun Lap

Audit Committee Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey (Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung

Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)
Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)

Remuneration Committee Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung (Chairman)

Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey

Mr. Choi Pun Lap Mr. Leung Wai Tai

Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024) Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)

Nomination Committee Mr. Choi Pun Lap (Chairman)

Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung Mr. Leung Wai Tai

Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)
Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)

Auditor Fan, Chan & Co. Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Room 1007-1012, 10/F, K.Wah Centre,

191 Java Road, North Point

Hong Kong

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Principal Bankers Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited

Shanghai Commercial Bank Tower

12 Queen's Road Central

Hong Kong

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

1 Queen's Road Central

Hong Kong

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

1 Garden Road, Hong Kong

Registered Office Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

Headquarters and principal

place of business in

Hong Kong

35/F, Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road.

Wanchai, Hong Kong

Transfer Office

Principal Share Registrar and Convers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Share Registrar

and Transfer Office

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre,

16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

Company Website

www.simplicityholding.com

GEM Stock Code

08367

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

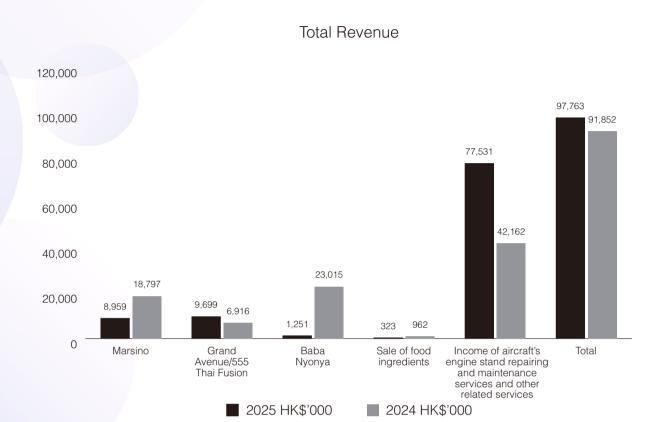
FINANCIAL SUMMARY

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Revenue (Loss)/profit before tax	97,763 (20,912)	91,852 7,873
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	(20,853)	8,247
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		
	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Assets		
Non-current assets Current assets	40,155 33,940	44,783 24,930
Total assets	74,095	69,713
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities	10,182	11,129
Current liabilities	46,408	24,140
Total liabilities	56,590	35,269
Total equity	17,505	34,444
Total equity and liabilities	74,095	69,713
Net current (liabilities)/assets	(12,468)	790
Total assets less current liabilities	27,687	45,573

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025



Brands of business of restaurants as at 31 March 2025



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

OUR RESTAURANTS LEASES AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

Brand	# of Stores	Existing Location	Mall Operator	Lease Expiry Date	Option to Renew (Yrs)	Seats	FEHD Licensed Area (Sq M)
Marsino	1	Fortune Kingswood, Tin Shui Wai	Fortune REIT	July 2025	3	66	108.6
555 Thai Fusion	1	Amoy Plaza, Ngau Tau Kok	Hang Lung	September 2027	None	63	118.5

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

For the business of catering

According to the data released by the Census and Statistics Department of the Government of Hong Kong on 7 May 2025, the value of total receipts of the restaurants sector in the first quarter of 2025, provisionally estimated at \$28.0 billion, decreased by 0.6% over a year earlier. Over the same period, the provisional estimate of the value of total purchases by restaurants decreased by 1.5% to \$8.8 billion.

Analysed by type of restaurant and comparing the first quarter of 2025 with the first quarter of 2024, total receipts of Chinese restaurants decreased by 4.9% in value and 6.5% in volume. Total receipts of non-Chinese restaurants increased by 2.4% in value and 2.1% in volume. Total receipts of fast food shops increased by 1.9% in value and 0.3% in volume. Total receipts of bars increased by 6.5% in value and 4.0% in volume. As for miscellaneous eating and drinking places, total receipts decreased by 1.8% in value and 3.8% in volume.

A Government spokesman said that the value of total restaurant receipts saw a modest year-on-year decline of 0.6% in the first quarter of 2025, after registering a mild increase in the preceding quarter.

Looking ahead, the change in consumption patterns continues to affect the performance of the restaurants sector. While the increased uncertainties in the external environment may affect consumer confidence, the rise in local employment earnings, the Government's proactive efforts to promote mega events and tourism, as well as the sustained steady growth of the Mainland economy, will help boost consumption sentiment in the domestic market, providing support to the business of restaurants.

For the business of engineering:

According to the data released by the Census and statistics Department of the Government of Hong Kong on 10 June 2025, the total gross value of construction works (GVCW) performed by main contractors in the first quarter of 2025 increased by 1.9% in nominal terms over a year earlier to \$70.5 billion, according to the provisional results of the Quarterly Survey of Construction Output by the Census and Statistics Department (C&SD).

After discounting the effect of price changes, the provisional results showed that the total GVCW performed by main contractors slightly decreased by 0.9% in real terms over the same period. GVCW in real terms is derived by deflating the corresponding nominal value with an appropriate price index to the price level in the base period of 2000.

Analysed by type of construction works, the GVCW performed at private sector sites totalled \$19.4 billion in the first quarter of 2025, down by 10.7% in nominal terms over a year earlier. In real terms, it decreased by 12.7%. The GVCW performed at public sector sites increased by 17.4% in nominal terms over a year earlier to \$30.5 billion in the first quarter of 2025. In real terms, it increased by 13.8%.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

We are a casual dining full service restaurant operator and provide services of aircraft engine stand repair, and maintenance and other related services. For the year ended 31 March 2025, we were operating 4 restaurants under 3 brands, namely "Marsino", "Baba Nyonya" and "Grand Avenue", and they were all situated across Hong Kong, Kowloon and the New Territories. Among these 4 restaurants, 3 of them were operated by our own whereas 1 of them was operated by a franchisee.

"Marsino" is a Chinese noodle specialist, "Grand Avenue" offers Thai cuisine, and "Baba Nyonya" offers Malaysian cuisine. Each of "Marsino", "Grand Avenue" and "Baba Nyonya" are founded and operated by our Group except for one of "Baba Nyonya" is operated by a franchisee.

"Marsino" had recorded revenue of approximately HK\$8.96 million during the year ended 31 March 2025, which is equivalent to 9.17% of our total revenue. As compared to the last corresponding period, "Marsino" has experienced a decrease in revenue by 52.34% mainly due to the restaurant industry market was not good and unstable.

"Grand Avenue" and "555 Thai Fusion" had recorded revenue of approximately HK\$9.70 million during the year ended 31 March 2025, which is equivalent to 9.92% of our total revenue. As compared to the last corresponding period, "Grand Avenue" and "555 Thai Fusion" has experienced an increase in revenue by 40.17% due to the Thai restaurant was getting better.

"Baba Nyonya" had recorded revenue of approximately HK\$1.25 million during the year ended 31 March 2025, which is equivalent to 1.28% of our total revenue. As compared to the last corresponding period, "Baba Nyonya" has experienced a decrease in revenue by 94.56% due to cease of operations of Malaysian cuisine restaurants.

The segment of "Food ingredients and beverage" had recorded revenue of approximately HK\$0.32 million during the year ended 31 March 2025, which is equivalent to 0.33% of our total revenue. As compared to the last corresponding period, the segment of "Food ingredients and beverage" has experienced a decrease in revenue by 66.67% due to the restaurant industry market was not good and unstable.

The segment of income of aircraft engine stand repair, maintenance and other related services had recorded revenue of approximately HK\$77.53 million during the year ended 31 March 2025, which is equivalent 79.31% of our total revenue.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The Group is committed to strengthen our core capabilities to keep on improving its business performance and operating results so as to cope with these challenges and to present satisfactory results and bring favourable returns to our shareholders. In view of the challenges faced by the Group, we will adopt a conservative and cautious approach to operate our businesses. Actions we have taken or are likely to take are:

- 1) Minimising our staff costs by reducing the usage of staff;
- 2) Negotiating with our landlords for rent concession;
- 3) Negotiating with our suppliers for purchase discounts and longer payment terms;
- 4) Expanding the take-away product line such as food pack and ready-to-eat products and increasing marketing efforts and sales stimulating measures;
- 5) Cooperating with food delivery companies to deliver our food to the customers;
- 6) Participating in food fairs to promote our take-away product lines;
- 7) Supplying food materials to a chain of restaurants in Hong Kong;
- 8) Opening new restaurants at lower costs; and
- 9) Refining business strategies to cope with the continuing challenges.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$97.76 million (2024: HK\$91.85 million), representing an increase of 6.43% compared with the same period of the previous financial year. The increase in revenue was primarily attributed to the business of engineering.

Raw materials and consumables used

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recorded raw materials and consumables used of approximately HK\$47.54 million (2024: HK\$33.16 million), representing an increase of 43.37% compared with the same period of the previous financial year. The increase in raw materials and consumables used was primarily attributed to the cost of business of engineering.

Other income

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recorded other income of approximately HK\$0.58 million (2024: HK\$1.21 million), representing a decrease of 52.07% compared with the same period of the previous financial year. The decrease in other income was primarily attributed to the decrease in reversal of provision for reinstatement.

Other gains and losses, net

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recorded net loss of approximately HK\$2.36 million (2024: net gains of HK\$0.33 million), representing increased in net loss by approximately HK\$2.69 million. Such increase was mainly due to loss on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL.

Staff costs

Staff costs was approximately HK\$21.03 million for the year ended 31 March 2025, representing a decrease of approximately 34.89% as compared to approximately HK\$32.30 million for the year ended 31 March 2024. Such decrease was mainly due to the reduction in staff costs of catering business for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Depreciation and amortisation expense

Depreciation and amortisation expenses were approximately HK\$10.63 million and HK\$12.14 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 respectively.

Rental and related expenses

The rental and related expenses for the year ended 31 March 2025 amounted to approximately HK\$1.11 million, representing a decrease of approximately 18.98% as compared with that of the year ended 31 March 2024 which amounted to approximately HK\$1.37 million.

Utility expenses

Utility expenses primarily consist of electricity, gas and water supplies of the Group. For the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the total utility expenses amounted to approximately HK\$1.22 million and HK\$2.97 million, respectively and was mainly due to the reduction of turnover of catering business.

Impairment loss of goodwill

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recorded impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$9 million (2024: HK\$nil). Such increase was mainly due to the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount.

Impairment loss under expected credit loss model for trade receivables

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recorded impairment loss under expected credit loss model for trade receivables of approximately HK\$0.47 million. Such increase was mainly due to increase in expected credit loss of trade receivables.

Fair value gain on reclassification from financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss to equity

For the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group recorded fair value gain on reclassification from financial liabilities at FVTPL to equity of approximately HK\$13.38 million. The increase was attributed to the acquisition of High Smart Engineering Limited (the "**High Smart**") as the guaranteed profit of not less than HK\$5.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 was met by High Smart.

Other expenses

The Group's other expenses increased by approximately 65.29% from approximately HK\$15.50 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately HK\$25.62 million for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Finance costs

The Group's finance costs represented interest on bank and other borrowings and interest on lease liabilities. For the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, finance costs were approximately HK\$0.93 million and HK\$1.07 million, respectively. Decreased in finance costs is mainly due to decrease in interests on lease liabilities.

Loss attributable to owners of the Company

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$20.85 million, as compared to the profit of approximately HK\$8.25 million for the year ended 31 March 2024. The increase in loss was mainly due to decrease in revenue of catering's business, increase in raw materials and consumables used and the increase in impairment loss on goodwill.

Dividend

The Board does not recommend any payment of dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: Nil).

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

The Group operates in Hong Kong with significant transactions are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and the Group is not exposed to significant foreign exchange exposure.

TREASURY POLICIES

The Directors will continue to follow a prudent policy in managing the Group's cash balances and maintain a strong and healthy liquidity to ensure that the Group is well placed to take advantage of future growth opportunities.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2025, the Group did not have any outstanding capital commitment.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2025, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

CHARGE ON GROUP ASSETS

At 31 March 2025, the Group did not have any charge of assets.

EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On 18 November 2024, the Board of Directors of the Company proposed to implement the capital reorganization involving (i) the consolidation of the shares on the basis that every 20 issued Shares of par value HK\$0.01 each will be consolidated into one issued consolidated share of par value HK\$0.20 each; (ii) the capital reduction by rounding down the total number of consolidated shares in the issued share capital of the Company to the nearest whole number by cancelling any fraction of a consolidated share in the total number of consolidated shares in the issued share capital of the Company immediately following the share consolidation and the reduction of the par value of each issued consolidated share from HK\$0.20 to HK\$0.0001 and (iii) the sub-division of each authorized but unissued share into 100 New Shares of par value HK\$0.0001 each.

The capital reorganization was approved by the Court containing the particulars required under the Companies Act of Cayman Islands in respect of the Capital Reduction have been registered with the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands and completed on 16 May 2025.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES, AND PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

There was no significant investment held, material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025. There is no other plan for material investments or capital assets as at 31 March 2025.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

- 1) As we lease all of the properties for our restaurant operations, any attractive location will likely be subject to high demand from, among others, other food and beverage operators that compete directly with our Group for the same location. As such, there is no assurance that our Group would be able to find suitable premises that are commercially attractive for its restaurants with reasonable commercial terms in the event there is a need for relocation or our Group intends to open new restaurants. In addition, it is uncertain that all our leases can be renewed at all when they expire or on terms acceptable to us. Even if our Group is able to renew or extend its leases, the rental expenses may increase significantly, which could adversely affect our profitability.
- 2) We rely on our central kitchen to supply some of our semi-processed or processed food ingredients used in our restaurants and any disruption of operation at our central kitchen could adversely affect our business and operations.
- 3) If our suppliers fail to deliver food with an acceptable quality or in a timely manner, we may experience supply shortages and increased food costs.
- 4) We require various approvals and licences to operate our catering business, and the loss of, or failure to, obtain or renew any or all of these approvals and licences, could materially and adversely affect our business.
- 5) Labour shortages or increases in labour costs will increase our Group's operating costs and reduce our profitability.
- 6) Risks related to the spread of coronavirus and other possible infectious disease which may adversely affect the business of the food and beverage sector.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Choi Pun Lap (蔡本立) ("Mr. PL Choi"), aged 47, was appointed as our executive Director on 26 April 2022. He has knowledge in corporate finance transactions in Hong Kong. He is an executive director of Wuxi Life International Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 8148) and Zhejiang United Investment Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 8366), both are listed on the GEM. He is an independent non-executive director of Sunway International Holdings Limited (stock code: 58) and China Smarter Energy Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1004) which the issued shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and he is also an independent non-executive director of Shanyu Group Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 8245), which is listed on the GEM. In the past, Mr. Choi was a financial controller of a company which is listed in GEM in 2019 and he was a senior audit manager in the audit department of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited ("HLB") in Hong Kong. He has worked in HLB for more than ten years from February 2007 to December 2017.

Mr. Choi is a valuation practitioner of International Association of Certified Valuation Specialists since 2019. He is a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a member of Certified Practising Accountants Australia, a member of Chartered Global Management Accountant and a member of International Chamber of Sustainable Development — Certified ESG Planner CEP®. Mr. Choi graduated from Hong Kong Metropolitan University with a Master of Law (Chinese Business Law) in Hong Kong in 2017. He obtained a Bachelor of Business (Accounting) from Central Queensland University in Australia in 2003 and further studied Postgraduate Diploma of Accounting in Monash University in Australia in 2005.

Mr. Leung Wai Tai (梁煒泰) ("Mr. WT Leung"), aged 43, was appointed as our executive Director on 23 December 2022. He is also an executive director of Goldway Education Group Limited (stock code: 8160), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange and is an independent non-executive director of International Entertainment Corporation (stock code: 1009) which the issued shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. WT Leung obtained a bachelor of arts degree in Accountancy in the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2003, and obtained his postgraduate degree in Accounting from the School of Accounting & Finance of the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2006. Mr. Leung is a Fellow Certified Public Accountant (Practising) in Hong Kong and the Managing Practising Director of Blossoming Certified Public Accountants Limited. He has over 20 years experience in the accountancy profession.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey (盧卓飛) ("Mr. Lo"), aged 32, was appointed as our independent non-executive director on 27 July, 2021. Mr. Lo obtained his Master's degree with Honours in Accounting and Finance from The University of Edinburgh. Mr. Lo is also the company secretary of Shanyu Group Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 8245). Mr. Lo began his career at one of the Big Four companies and has extensive experience in financial accounting. Mr. Lo is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Association of Chartered and Certified Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung (張曉峯) ("Mr. HF Cheung"), aged 31, was appointed as our independent non-executive director on 31 March 2023. He is an independent non-executive director of Hao Bai International (Cayman) Limited (stock code: 8431), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange. He was an executive director of Goldway Education Group Limited (stock code: 8160), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, between April 2021 and September 2022 while he was also its chairman of the Board between January 2022 and September 2022.

Mr. HF Cheung obtained his Master of Business Administration Degree from The University of Chichester, United Kingdom. Mr. Cheung started his career in writing financial analysis and holding financial seminar as a finance columnist on various social media and newspaper in Hong Kong since January 2015, and founded Bofung Company Limited in July 2017. His financial investment course had over thousand of students. He is also a writer and published his own financial analysis book "財技 x 盤路倍升股全攻略" in Hong Kong and Taiwan, with more than 2,000 copies sold.

Ms. Ip Sin Nam (葉善嵐) ("Ms. SN IP"), aged 29, was appointed as our independent non-executive director on 19 December 2024, she graduated from Boston University with a Bachelor's of Arts in Psychology and a Bachelor's of Science in Communications, majoring in Public Relations. She has extensive experience in project management, marketing, and business development in the financial services industry. She has been serving as an independent non-executive director of Shanyu Group Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 8245) since 2 September 2022. She was an executive director of Goldway Education Group Limited (stock code: 8160) from 7 August 2023 to 26 July 2024.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Wong Sau Ting Peony (王秀婷) ("Ms. ST Wong"), aged 50, is responsible for and oversee our Group's catering business, strategic direction and business development. Ms. ST Wong graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong with a degree in bachelor of social science in May 1997 and a degree in master of business administration from University of South Australia in September 2005.

Mr. Li Kwun Ho Clarence (李觀豪) ("Mr. Clarence Li"), aged 60 was appointed as our Manager (Engineering Department) from 01 April 2022 to present. He is a Manager of Engineering and he is primary responsible for and oversee our Company's aviation business, strategy planning, business development and execution, Mr. Clarence Li graduated from the Ryerson Polytechnic Institute in Toronto Canada with an Aerospace degree in Bachelor of Engineering in May 1992. Mr. Li has over 28 years of experience in airport GSE and aviation maintenance organizations.

The Board is pleased to present the corporate governance report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules as its own code of corporate governance. The Company has complied with all applicable code provisions under the CG Code throughout the year. The Company will continue to review and monitor its corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, oversees the Group's strategic decisions and monitors business and performance. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board committees including the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") (together, the "Board Committees"). The Board has delegated to the Board Committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

All Directors have carried out duties in good faith and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and have acted in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders at all times.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance in respect of legal action against the Directors. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Board Composition

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprised two executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Choi Pun Lap Mr. Leung Wai Tai

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey

Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung

Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)

Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)

The biographies of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

During the year, the Board has met at all times the requirements under Rules 5.05(1) and 5.05(2) of the GEM Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has also complied with Rule 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules relating to the appointment of independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

The Company believes that the diversity of Board members will be immensely beneficial for the enhancement of the Company's performance. Therefore, the Company has adopted a Board diversity policy to ensure that the Company will, when determining the composition of the Board, consider Board diversity in terms of, among other things, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments will be based on merits, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board.

As each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company considers all of them to be independent parties.

Save as disclosed in the Directors' biographies set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report, none of the Directors have any personal relationship (including financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationship) with any other Director of the Company.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

As regards the CG Code provision requiring directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments as well as the identity of the public companies or organisations and the time involved to the issuer, the Directors have agreed to disclose their commitments and any subsequent change to the Company in a timely manner.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

According to A.2.1 of the Code, the roles of the chairman and the chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the year, there was no chairlady or chairman of the Company.

BOARD DIVERSITY

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board in accordance with the latest relevant rule.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of factors, including diversity in gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service and independence.

The final decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and confirmed that the Company has maintained a balanced composition with a strong independent element on the Board. The Directors collectively possess diversified experience in management and broad industrial experience. Three independent non-executive Directors possess professional knowledge in accounting and finance, and business management, respectively. Further details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this report.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS ("INEDS")

The INEDs serve a critical function of advising the management on strategy development and ensure that the Board maintains high standards in financial and other mandatory reporting as well as providing adequate checks and balances for safeguarding the interests of the shareholders and the Company as a whole.

The INEDs are all experienced with expertise in different areas of finance, accounting, industry knowledge and expertise. With their professional knowledge and experience, the INEDs advise the Company on its operation and management; provide independent advice; and participate in the Company's different committees including Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has made annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and therefore considers each of them to be independent.

All of the Directors including both the executive Directors and the INEDs are appointed for a specific term. Each of the INEDs has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a period of one year subject to the rotation requirement and shall continue thereafter unless terminated by either party giving at least one month notice in writing. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and, at each Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company, one-third of the Directors will retire from office by rotation but will be eligible for re-election.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company adopted Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings. Having made specific enquiries to all the Directors and all the Directors had confirmed they have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct for directors' securities transactions during the year ended 31 March 2025.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 March 2025, none of the Directors or their respective associates had engaged in or had any interest in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Board reserves its decisions on all major matters of the Company, including the approval and monitoring of major policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the executive Directors and the senior management. The delegated work tasks are reviewed periodically. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions occurred. The INEDs bring a wide range of business and expertise, independent judgement and experiences to the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board is responsible for performing corporate governance duties and has adopted written terms of reference on its corporate governance functions.

The duties of the Board in respect of the corporate governance functions include:

- (i) Developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) Reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) Reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) Developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors;
- (v) Reviewing the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report;
- (vi) Developing, reviewing and monitoring the implementation of the shareholders' communication policy to ensure its effectiveness, and make recommendation to the Board where appropriate to enhance shareholders' relationship with the Company; and
- (vii) Reviewing and monitoring the Company's compliance with the Company's whistleblowing policy.

During the year, the above corporate governance duties have been duly performed and executed by the Board and the Board has reviewed the Company's compliance with the Code.

INDUCTION AND CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

Each newly appointed director receives formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of director's responsibilities and obligations under the GEM Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has continuously provided relevant training materials to the Directors. Directors participated in courses relating to roles, functions and duties of a listed company director or further enhancement of their professional development by the way of attending training courses or reading relevant materials.

According to the information provided by the Directors, a summary of training received by the Directors throughout the year ended 31 March 2025 is as follows:

Name of Directors	Continuous professional development programmes
Executive Directors	
Mr. Choi Pun Lap	Yes
Mr. Leung Wai Tai	Yes
Independent non-executive Directors	
Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey	Yes
Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung	Yes
Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)	Yes
Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)	Yes

The nature of continuous professional development programmes are reading seminar materials and updates relating to the latest development of the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements.

BOARD MEETINGS

The Board meets regularly, and at least four times a year, in person or by telephone of by means of electronic communication. The Chairman or Chairlady also meets with the INEDs at least once a year without the presence of the executive Directors, but no Chairman or Chairlady was appointed during the year ended 31 March 2025. Notices of regular Board meetings are served to all Directors at least 14 days before the meetings. For all other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. All notices, agendas, schedules and the relevant information of each Board and committee meeting are generally made available to Directors or committee members in advance. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the management whenever necessary.

The company secretary of the Company or the secretary to the board committees is responsible for taking and/or keeping minutes of all Board meetings and various committees' meetings in sufficient detail. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting is held, and the final version of the minutes is opened for Director's inspection.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Board convened a total of ten meetings in person or by means of electronic communication. Attendance of each Director at the Board meetings is set out below:

General Meeting Attended/Held	Board Meeting Attended/Held
3/3	6/6
3/3	6/6
3/3	6/6
3/3	6/6
1/1	1/1
2/2	1/1
	3/3 3/3 3/3 3/3 1/1

INDEPENDENT BOARD COMMITTEE

Where there are matters involving connected or continuing connected transactions, so far as required under the GEM Listing Rules, an Independent Board Committee, comprising wholly the INEDs, will be established.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, including the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee with delegated powers for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affair. Each of the committees of the Company has been established with written terms of reference.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was set up on 29 January 2018 in compliance with Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules. With updated on 21 December 2022, the Company adopted a set of revised terms of reference of the remuneration committee in line with the GEM Listing Rules requirement. The terms of reference setting out the Remuneration Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website.

The primary objectives of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure of the Directors and the senior management and determining the remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible to ensure that no Director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration, which will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions.

The Remuneration Committee will hold at least one meeting during the year. The members will review the remuneration package of Directors and the senior management of the Company.

The Remuneration Committee comprises five members namely:

Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung (Chairman)

Mr. Choi Pun Lap

Mr. Leung Wai Tai

Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey

Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)

Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)

Majority of the members are independent non-executive Directors.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Remuneration Committee convened two committee meeting.

Attendance of each Remuneration Committee member is set out below:

Name of Directors	Remuneration Committee Meeting Attended/Held
Independent non-executive Directors	
Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung (Chairman)	2/2
Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey	2/2
Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)	1/1
Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)	0/0
Executive Directors	
Mr. Choi Pun Lap	2/2
Mr. Leung Wai Tai	2/2

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a Nomination Committee on 29 January 2018 for making recommendations to the Board on appointment of Directors and succession planning for the Directors. On 31 December 2018, the Company adopted a set of revised terms of reference of the Nomination Committee in line with the GEM Listing Rules requirement. The terms of reference setting out the Nomination Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board structure, size and diversity (including without limitation, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service); make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to implement the Company's corporate strategy; identify and nominate appropriate candidates to fill vacancies of Directors for the Board's approval; assess the independence of the INEDs and review the board diversity policy. The nomination procedures are set out as follows:

- 1. The secretary of the Nomination Committee shall call a meeting and invite nominations of candidates from Board members if any, for consideration by the Nomination Committee prior to its meeting. The Nomination Committee may also put forward candidates who are not nominated by Board members.
- 2. For filling a casual vacancy, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval. For proposing candidates to stand for election at a general meeting, the Nomination Committee shall make nominations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation.
- 3. Until the issue of the shareholder circular, the nominated persons shall not assume that they have been proposed by the Board to stand for election at the general meeting.
- 4. In order to provide information of the candidates nominated by the Board to stand for election at a general meeting, and to invite nominations from shareholders, a circular will be sent to shareholders. The circular will set out the lodgment period for shareholders to make the nominations. The names, brief biographies (including qualifications and relevant experience), independence, proposed remuneration and any other information, as required pursuant to the applicable laws, rules and regulations, of the proposed candidates will be included in the circular to shareholders.
- 5. A shareholder can serve a notice to the company secretary within the lodgement period of its intention to propose a resolution to elect a certain person as an INED, without the Board's recommendation or the Nomination Committee's nomination, other than those candidates set out in the shareholder circular. The particulars of the candidates so proposed will be sent to all shareholders for information by a supplementary circular.
- 6. A candidate is allowed to withdraw his candidature at any time before the general meeting by serving a notice in writing to the company secretary.
- 7. The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to its recommendation of candidates to stand for election at any general meeting.
- 8. As there may be more candidates than the vacancies available, and the "gross-vote" method will be used to determine who shall be elected as an INED, shareholder proposed resolutions shall therefore take the same form as the resolutions proposed for the candidates recommended by the Board.

Currently, the Nomination Committee comprises five members namely:

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey

Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung

Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)

Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)

Executive Directors

Mr. Choi Pun Lap (Chairman)

Mr. Leung Wai Tai

Majority of the members are independent non-executive Directors.

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee, meeting shall be held at least once a year and additional meetings should be held if the committee shall so request.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Nomination Committee convened two committee meetings.

Attendance of each Nomination Committee member is set out below:

Name of Directors	Nomination Committee Meeting Attended/Held
Independent non-executive Directors	
Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey	2/2
Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung	2/2
Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)	1/1
Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)	0/0
Executive Directors	
Mr. Choi Pun Lap	2/2
Mr. Leung Wai Tai	2/2

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an Audit Committee on 29 January 2018 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.28 and 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules. On 31 December 2018, the Company adopted a set of revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee in line with the GEM Listing Rules requirement. The terms of reference setting out the Audit Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are mainly to:

- Make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of that auditor
- Review the adequacy of the Group's policies and systems regarding risk management and internal controls
- Review the financial reporting principles and practices applied by the Group in preparing its financial statements
- Before audit commencement, review external auditor's independence, objectivity, effectiveness of the audit process and the scope of the external audit, including the engagement letter
- Monitor integrity of the Group's financial statements and the annual, quarterly and interim financial reports, and review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them prior to approval by the Board

Currently, the Audit Committee comprises three INEDs as follows:

Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey (Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung

Mr. Wang Ronggian (retired on 30 August 2024)

Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Audit Committee, meetings shall be held not less than four times per year and additional meetings should be held as the work of the Committee demands. During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Audit Committee convened 4 committee meetings. The Audit Committee attended the audit committee planning meeting with the auditors, reviewed the Group's annual results and annual report for the year ended 31 March 2024 and interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2024. The Audit Committee also discussed internal controls, risk management, financial reporting and change of auditor matters. Attendance of each Audit Committee member is set out below:

Name of Directors	Audit Committee Meeting Attended/Held
Independent non-executive Directors	
Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey (Chairman)	4/4
Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung	4/4
Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)	2/2
Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)	0/0

All the members are independent non-executive Directors (including at least one independent non-executive Director who possesses the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise). None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the Company's existing external auditors. The Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 comply with applicable accounting standards, GEM Listing Rules and that adequate disclosures have been made.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has adopted shareholders communication policy with the objective of ensuring that the shareholders and potential investors are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company (including its financial performance, strategic goals and plans, major business developments, corporate governance and other material information), to enable the shareholders and the potential investors to make an informed decision on their investments in the shares and other securities of the Company, and to actively participate in the activities organised by the Company for them.

The Company has established several channels to communicate with the shareholders as follows:

- 1) The Company communicates with the shareholders and the potential investors through various channels, including financial reports (annual and half-yearly), annual general meetings and extraordinary general meetings, announcements and circulars;
- 2) The Company will monitor and review regularly the process of its general meeting and, where necessary, make appropriate changes to ensure that shareholders' needs are best served;
- 3) Board members, in particular, either the chairmen or deputy chairmen of Board committees or their delegates, appropriate management executives and external auditors will attend annual general meetings to answer the shareholders' questions;
- 4) Information published by the Company pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules will be made available on the website of the Stock Exchange www.hkexnews.hk and the Company's website www.simplicityholding.com (such as its history and developments, products and services, awards and achievements etc) to enable the shareholders and the potential investors to have better understanding of the Company and its latest development;
- 5) The Hong Kong share registrar of the Company serves the shareholders in respect of share registration, dividend payment and related matters.

The Company keeps on promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with the existing shareholders and potential investors. It welcomes suggestions from investors, stakeholders and the public. Enquiries to the Board or the Company may be sent by post to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

Since 7 August 2023, there was no change to the Company's second amended and restated Articles of Association.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company does not have an internal audit department and is currently of the view that there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit department within the Group in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group. The Board has overall responsibility for formulation and overseeing the implementation of the internal control measures and effectiveness of risk management system, which is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorised use or misappropriation, ensure maintaining proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or publication, execution with appropriate authority and to ensure compliance of the relevant laws and regulations. The internal control system of the Group aims to facilitate effective and efficient operation which in turn minimises the risks to which the Group is exposed. The Board understands that no one system will preclude all errors and irregularities.

The Board reviews the effectiveness of the Group's material internal controls and considers the Group's internal control system is designed to manage reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage and eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and fulfillment of business objective. The system includes a defined management structure with segregation of duties. The Board is of the view that the resources for and qualifications of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function are adequate and sufficient. Based on information furnished to it and on its own observations, the Board is satisfied with present internal controls of the Group.

The Company maintains a framework for the handling and dissemination of inside information and the disclosure policy of the framework sets out the procedures and internal controls to ensure inside information remains confidential until such information is appropriately disclosed and the announcement of such information is made in a timely manner in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025, the Directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which reflect with reasonable accuracy the state of affairs, operating results, cash flows and equity movement of the Group at any time. The Directors confirm that the preparation of the financial statements of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

The Directors also confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Group's independent external auditor is Fan, Chan & Co. Limited ("**Fan, Chan**"). The remuneration for the audit and non-audit services provided by Fan, Chan to the Group during the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately as follows:

Type of Services	Amount HK\$'000
Audit Non-audit services	680
Total	680

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Choi Pun Lap has been appointed as company secretary on 26 April 2022. The role of the company secretary is to be responsible for ensuring that Board's procedures are followed and facilitating communications among Directors as well as with shareholders and management. Mr. Choi confirmed that they have taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 March 2025, which met the requirements of Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy on 31 December 2018 which sets out the principles and measures on how the Company may propose a dividend.

The Board will take into account the following factors when considering the payment of dividends:

- (a) the Company's actual and expected financial performance;
- (b) retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Group;
- (c) the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio, return on equity and the relevant financial covenants;
- (d) any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's contracting parties;
- (e) the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans;
- (f) general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company; and
- (g) any other factors that the Board may deem appropriate.

Any declaration and payment of future dividends under the dividend policy will be subject to the Board's determination that the same would be in the best interests of the Group and the shareholders of the Company as a whole. In addition, the declaration and payment of dividends may be subject to legal restrictions or any applicable laws, rules and regulations and the second amended and restated Articles of Association of the Company.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

To safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each issue at shareholder meetings, including the election of individual directors.

All resolutions put forward at shareholder meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each shareholder meeting.

Pursuant to the second amended and restated Articles of Association of the Company which provides the extraordinary general meetings should be convened on the requisition of one or more members holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at the times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available to the company secretary of the Company who is responsible for forwarding communications relating to matters within the Board and communication relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and consumer complaints, to the senior management.

Putting forward proposals at a general meeting

Shareholders are welcomed to put forward proposals relating to the operations and management of the Group to be discussed at shareholders' meetings. The proposals shall be sent to the company secretary of the Company by a written requisition. Shareholders who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by following the procedures set out in "Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting" above.

CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The second amended and restated Articles of Association of the Company was approved and adopted by Shareholders on 7 August 2023. A consolidated version of the Company's constitutional documents is available on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange.

CONCLUSION

The Company believes that good corporate governance could ensure an effective distribution of the resources and shareholders' interests. The senior management will continue endeavors in maintaining, enhancing and increasing the Group's corporate governance level and quality.

The Directors of the Company are pleased to present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements. The principal activities of the Group are business of catering and engineering.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group, including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing by the Group, an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business, and an analysis using financial key performance indicators is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 8 to 13 of this Annual Report. Those discussions form part of this Directors' Report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 and the financial position of the Group as at that date is set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 47 to 115.

The Directors did not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2025.

As at the date of this report, the Board is not aware of any shareholders who have waived or agreed to waive any dividends.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group is set out on page 116 of the Annual Report.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The shares of the Company are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange on the Listing Date. There has been no change in the capital structure of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 except for the placing during the year, details are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements. The capital of the Group only comprised of ordinary shares.

Financial Resources and Liquidity

As at 31 March 2025, current assets amounted to approximately HK\$33.9 million (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$24.9 million), of which approximately HK\$6.7 million (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$8.5 million) was bank balances and cash, approximately HK\$24.0 million (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$9.5 million) was trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments. The Group's current liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$46.4 million (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$24.1 million) which primarily consisted of bank and other borrowings, trade and other payables and lease liabilities. Current ratio (calculated based on the total current assets divided by total current liabilities) and quick ratio (calculated based on the total current assets less inventories divided by total current liabilities) were 0.73 and 0.69 respectively (as at 31 March 2024: 1.03 and 0.87 respectively).

Gearing ratio is calculated based on the borrowings representing the sum of interest-bearing bank borrowings divided by total equity at the end of the year and multiplied by 100%. Gearing ratio was 30.3% (as at 31 March 2024: 14.0%).

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE PLACING OF NEW SHARES UNDER GENERAL MANDATE (THE "2024 PLACING")

2024 Placing

On 18 November 2024, the Company entered into the Placing Agreement with the Placing Agent pursuant to which the Placing Agent has agreed to place, on a best effort basis, to not less than six independent Placees for up to 230,160,000 new Shares at a price of HK\$0.017 per Placing Share, for and on behalf of the Company. The maximum number of 230,160,000 Placing Shares represents approximately 20.00% of the entire issued share capital of the Company of 1,150,839,695 Shares as at the date of this announcement and approximately 16.67% of the Company's entire issued share capital as enlarged by the Placing. The net proceeds from the Placing of approximately HK\$3.8 million (assuming the Placing Shares are fully placed and after all relevant expenses) will be used for general working capital of the Group. All the conditions precedent set out in the Placing Agreement have been fulfilled and the Placing was completed on 17 December 2024 and 230,160,000 new Shares were issued to not less than six Placees at the Placing Price. Details are set out in the Company's announcement dated 18 November 2024 and 17 December 2024.

The following table sets forth the status of use of proceeds from the 2024 Placing:

	Intended use of net proceeds from the 2024 Placing HK\$'000	Utilised net proceeds from the 2024 Placing as at 31 March 2025 HK\$'000	Unutilised net proceeds from the 2024 Placing as at 31 March 2025 HK\$'000	Expected timeline for net proceeds from the 2024 Placing to be fully utilised
General working capital of the Group	3,800	3,211	589	By June 2025

All unutilised proceeds from the 2024 Placing have been placed in licenced banks in Hong Kong.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this Annual Report, the Group did not have other plans for material investments or capital assets as of 31 March 2025.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 50 and statement of changes in equity on page 113 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2025, the Company had distributable reserves of approximately HK\$nil (as at 31 March 2024: HK\$nil).

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No director or a connected entity of a director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations" below, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" below, share options granted was disclosed in note 31 for the year ended 31 March 2025.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The former share option scheme of the Company (the "Former Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 29 January 2018 which was subsequently terminated on 18 January 2024. In view of the amendments to Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rule relating to share schemes which came into effect on 1 January 2023, the Company adopted a new share scheme (the "New Share Scheme") pursuant to a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 18 January 2024. The primary purpose of the New Share Scheme is to enable the Company to grant Options or Awards to the Participants as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Company. The New Share Scheme will give the Participants an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company and will help motivate the Participants to optimise their performance and efficiency and attract and retain or otherwise maintain a long-term relationship with the Participants whose contributions are or will be in line with the business objectives of the Company. Eligible participants of the New Share Scheme include any employees, any executives, Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

The New Share Scheme will remain valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the New Share Scheme is adopted, after which period no further share options and awards will be granted but the provisions of the New Share Scheme shall in all other respects remain in full force and effect and share options and awards which are granted during the life of the New Share Scheme may continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue.

The principal terms of which were summarised in the paragraph headed "Principal Terms of the New Share Scheme" in Appendix to the Company's circular dated 22 December 2023.

For the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, share options were granted, exercised, expired or lapsed are disclosed in note 31 under the Share Option Scheme.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the significant related party transactions and connected transactions entered by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2025 are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The Directors up to the date of this Annual Report are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Choi Pun Lap Mr. Leung Wai Tai

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey

Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung

Mr. Wang Rongqian (retired on 30 August 2024)
Ms. Ip Sin Nam (appointed on 19 December 2024)

Pursuant to article 84 of the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation and re-election at an annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, providing that every Director shall be retired at least once every three years.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each of our executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of one year and shall continue thereafter unless terminated by not less than one month' notice in writing served by either party.

Each of our independent non-executive Director has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of one year, which may be terminated by not less than one month' notice in writing served by either party.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the second amended and restated Articles of Association of the Company. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-election of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

INDEPENDENCE CONFIRMATION

The Company has received confirmation from each of the INEDs regarding his/her independence in accordance with Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and therefore considers each of them to be independent.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 11 and 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

The remuneration of the senior management of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 falls within the following band:

Number of senior Remuneration band management

Up to HK\$1,000,000

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the Senior Management of the Group are set out on pages 14 to 15 of this Annual Report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 March 2025.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2025.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 March 2025, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or which were required pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register maintained by the Company referred to therein; or which were required pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

As at 31 March 2025, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or which were required pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register maintained by the Company referred to therein; or which were required pursuant to the Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

So far as known to the Directors or chief executive of the Company, as at 31 March 2025, the following persons/entities (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) had or were deemed to have an interest or a short position in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO, or who were directly or indirectly, to be interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company or any other member of the Group:

Name	Capacity/nature	No. of shares held	Approximate % of shareholding
Smarty Task Limited (note 1) Smarty Gain Limited (note 1)	Beneficial Interest	4,770,992	6.91%
	Beneficial Interest	4,770,992	6.91%

Note:

(1) Smarty Task Limited and Smarty Gain Limited are 100% owned by Wong Sai Cheung.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2025, none of the substantial or significant shareholders or other persons, other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company whose interests are set out in the section headed "Directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations" above, had or were deemed to have an interest or a short position in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO, or who were directly or indirectly, to be interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company or any other member of the Group.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Director is aware of, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers taken together accounted for 66% and 79% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 March 2025, respectively.

For the Year, the aggregate purchase attributable to the Group's largest supplier and the five largest suppliers taken together accounted for 43% and 75% of the Group's total purchase for the year ended 31 March 2025, respectively.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

BORROWING

As at 31 March 2025, there was bank and other borrowings outstanding of approximately HK\$5.3 million (31 March 2024: approximately HK\$4.8 million).

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the GEM Listing Rules during the year and up to the date of this Annual Report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive or similar rights under the Company's second amended and restated Articles of Association and the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing shareholders.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to Shareholders by reason of their holdings in the Shares.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force and has been in force since 26 February 2018. The Company has taken on and maintained appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against the Directors.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

A remuneration committee was set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance of the directors and senior management and comparable market practices.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had 84 full-time and 21 part-time employees (as at 31 March 2024: 116 full-time and 25 part-time employees). Total staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) were approximately HK\$21.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$32.3 million). Details of the emoluments of the Directors, and five highest paid individuals during the year ended 31 March 2025 are set out in notes 11 and 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

Employees' remuneration is commensurate with their job nature, qualifications and experience. Salaries and wages are normally reviewed annually based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors. The Group continues to offer competitive remuneration packages and bonus to eligible staff, based on the performance of the Group and the individual employee.

ENVIRONMENTAL, POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to providing an environmental friendly culture and atmosphere within the Group. The Group has undertaken environmental protection measures such as (i) reduction of use of papers; (ii) minimisation of electricity consumption outside business hours; and (iii) recycling of waste cooking oil. As a responsible corporation, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations regarding environmental protection during the year ended 31 March 2025. A separate environmental, social and governance report is expected to be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company no later than three months after the end of the financial year.

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS, CUSTOMERS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS

The Group understands that the success of the Group's business depends on the support from its key stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, banks, regulators and shareholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The forthcoming AGM is scheduled to be held on 24 September 2025. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 19 September 2025 to Wednesday, 24 September 2025, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to attend and vote at AGM, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 18 September 2025. The record date for the purpose of determining the eligibility of the shareholders of the Company to attend and vote at the AGM is Wednesday, 24 September 2025.

DONATIONS

Charitable donation made by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2025 was HK\$nil (2024: Nil).

SIGNIFICANT LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

During the year, the Company was not engaged in any litigation or arbitration of material importance and no litigation or claim of material importance is known to the Directors to be pending or threatening against the Company.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On 18 November 2024, the Board of Directors of the Company proposed to implement the capital reorganization involving (i) the consolidation of the shares on the basis that every 20 issued Shares of par value HK\$0.01 each will be consolidated into one issued consolidated share of par value HK\$0.20 each; (ii) the capital reduction by rounding down the total number of consolidated shares in the issued share capital of the Company to the nearest whole number by cancelling any fraction of a consolidated share in the total number of consolidated shares in the issued share capital of the Company immediately following the share consolidation and the reduction of the par value of each issued consolidated share from HK\$0.20 to HK\$0.0001 and (iii) the sub-division of each authorized but unissued share into 100 New Shares of par value HK\$0.0001 each.

The capital reorganization was approved by the Court containing the particulars required under the Companies Act of Cayman Islands in respect of the Capital Reduction have been registered with the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands and completed on 16 May 2025.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 16 to 30 of this annual report.

The compliance officer and company secretary of the Company is Mr. Choi Pun Lap. His biographical details are set out on page 14 of this annual report.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 have been audited by Fan, Chan & Co. Limited ("**Fan, Chan**"). A resolution for the re-appointment of Fan, Chan and to authorise the Directors to fix its remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION ON WEBSITES

This annual report is available for viewing on the website of Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and on the website of the Company at www.simplicityholding.com.

On behalf of the Board

Choi Pun Lap

Executive Director and Company Secretary Hong Kong, 30 June 2025



To the shareholders of Simplicity Holding Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Simplicity Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 47 to 115, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2025, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to note 3 of the consolidated financial statements, which states that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$20,853,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025 and as at 31 March 2025, the Group's net current liabilities and total current liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$12,468,000 and HK\$46,408,000 respectively while its total cash and cash equivalents only amounted to HK\$6,728,000. These conditions, along with other matters as set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the "Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern" section, we have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

At 31 March 2025, the carrying amounts of the Group's property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets were HK\$12.2 million and HK\$8.1 million respectively, which represented approximately 16% and 11% of the total assets of the Group.

Management is required to perform impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets where indicators of impairment are identified in respect of these assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, these assets were allocated to the respective cash generating units ("CGUs"), and management has assessed the recoverable amount of these assets based on higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs of disposal of the CGUs. In carrying out the impairment assessment, significant management judgement was used to appropriately identify the CGUs which have indicators of impairment and to determine the key assumptions and estimations for adoption in the estimation of the recoverable amounts of the CGUs.

We identified the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements and the significant judgements and estimations involved in the impairment assessment.

Our audit procedures in relation to the management's impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets included the following:

- assessing the appropriateness of the management's identification of CGUs which have indicators of impairment based on our understanding of the Group's business;
- discussing and evaluating management's identification of indicators of impairment;
- assessing the valuation methodologies applied in the estimation of recoverable amounts of the CGUs:
- assessing the appropriateness and reasonableness of key assumptions, inputs and estimates used in the value-in-use valuation; and
- checking the arithmetical accuracy of calculations.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Impairment assessment of intangible assets and goodwill

As at 31 March 2025, the net carrying amounts of customer relationship intangible assets and goodwill after recognition of impairment loss for the year then ended were approximately HK\$6.2 million and HK\$11.7 million respectively. These assets belong to the CGU comprising the Group's reportable segment of aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services.

Management has performed impairment test on the intangible assets and goodwill in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. During the year ended 31 March 2025, impairment loss on goodwill of approximately HK\$9.0 million was recognised. This assessment was based on the value-in-use calculations of the CGU. We have identified impairment assessment of customer relationship intangible asset and goodwill as a key audit matter because of (i) their significance to the consolidated financial statements and (ii) the valuein-use calculations of the CGU involves significant management judgement and estimates with respect to the underlying cash flows, in particular the projected revenue growth from aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services, number of customers to be served for aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services and revenue from aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services.

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of intangible assets and goodwill included:

- understanding the management's internal control and assessment process of impairment assessment of the intangible assets and goodwill;
- considering and assessing the historical accuracy of management's budgeting processes;
- evaluating the independent valuer's competence, capabilities and objectivity;
- conducting in-depth discussions with management and the independent valuer about the cash flow projections used in the value-in-use calculations and assessing the appropriateness of the significant assumptions and critical judgement areas which affect the value-in-use calculations:
- benchmarking the growth rates and discount rates used in the value-in-use calculations against independent industry data and comparable companies; and
- evaluating and assessing the appropriateness and reasonableness of the key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagements, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Fan, Chan & Co. Limited
Certified Public Accountants
Yee Wai Man
Practising Certificate Number: P05594

Hong Kong, 30 June 2025

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Revenue Other income Other gains and losses, net Raw materials and consumables used Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation expense Rental and related expenses Utilities expenses Impairment loss on goodwill Impairment loss under expected credit loss model	6 7 7	97,763 579 (2,356) (47,537) (21,027) (10,626) (1,107) (1,217) (9,000)	91,852 1,214 327 (33,160) (32,296) (12,144) (1,370) (2,970)
for trade receivables Fair value gain on reclassification from financial liabilities at		(467)	(395)
fair value through profit or loss to equity Other expenses Finance costs	27 8	(24,992) (925)	13,380 (15,500) (1,065)
(Loss)/profit before tax Income tax credit	9 10	(20,912)	7,873 374
(Loss)/profit for the year		(20,853)	8,247
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to: - owners of the Company - non-controlling interest		(20,853)	8,247
		(20,853)	8,247
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year attributable to: - owners of the Company - non-controlling interests		(20,853)	8,247
		(20,853)	8,247
(Loss)/earnings per share			(Restated)
Basic (HK cents) Diluted (HK cents)	14	(34.48)	17.18 16.72

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

Non-current assets	Notes	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	15	12,218	3,183
Right-of-use assets	16	8,116	9,874
Deferred tax assets	29	871	95
Goodwill	17	11,722	20,722
Intangible asset	18	6,183	8,303
Deposits	20	1,045	2,606
Doposito	20		
Total non-current assets		40,155	44,783
Current assets			
Inventories	19	2,035	3,908
Trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments	20	24,002	9,544
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	21	410	2,948
Tax recoverable	21	765	2,940
Bank balances and cash	22	6,728	8,530
Dank balances and cash	22		
Total current assets		33,940	24,930
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables and accruals	23	38,482	15,623
Bank and other borrowings	25	2,282	1,996
Lease liabilities	26	5,644	6,385
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	27	-	-
Tax payable		_	136
Total current liabilities		46,408	24,140
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(12,468)	790
Total assets less current liabilities		27,687	45,573

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	29	2,955	2,256
Defined benefit plan obligations	30	372	330
Provision for reinstatement	24	480	763
Bank and other borrowings	25	3,010	2,826
Lease liabilities	26	3,365	4,954
Total non-current liabilities		10,182	11,129
Net assets		17,505	34,444
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	28	13,811	11,508
Reserves		3,727	22,969
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		17,538	34,477
Non-controlling interests		(33)	(33)
Total equity		17,505	34,444

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 June 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

Choi Pun Lap
Director

Leung Wai Tai

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Attributable to	owner of the	ne Company
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	Share capital HK\$'000	Share Premium (note (a)) HK\$'000	Other reserves (note(b)) HK\$'000	Share-based payment reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2023	9,600	88,381	(8,669)	4,600	(79,705)	14,207	(33)	14,174
Reclassification of consideration shares from financial liabilities (note 28) Profit and total comprehensive income	1,908	10,115	-	-	-	12,023	-	12,023
for the year					8,247	8,247		8,247
As at 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	11,508	98,496	(8,669)	4,600	<u>(71,458)</u>	34,477	(33)	34,444
Placing of shares Loss and total comprehensive expenses	2,303	1,611	-	-	-	3,914	-	3,914
for the year					(20,853)	(20,853)		(20,853)
As at 31 March 2025	13,811	100,107	(8,669)	4,600	(92,311)	17,538	(33)	17,505

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 March 2023, share premium was the excess of the proceeds received over the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued at a premium, less the amount of expenses incurred in connection with the issue of the shares were listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange in previous years. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the consideration shares issued for the acquisition of a subsidiary for the year ended 31 March 2023 were reclassified from financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss to share capital and share premium, the details of which are set out in note 27. The details of placing of shares during the year ended 31 March, 2025 are set out in note 28(b).
- (b) As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, other reserves represented the difference between the aggregated capital of subsidiaries arising from the group reorganisation and the shareholders' contribution arising from the acquisition of additional interest in subsidiaries in previous years.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
(Loss)/profit before tax		(20,912)	7,873
Adjustments for:		(20,012)	7,070
Bank interest income	7	(129)	(13)
Finance costs	8	925	1,065
Amortisation of intangible assets	9	2,120	2,120
Depreciation:			
 owned property, plant and equipment 	9	2,457	1,586
 leased right-of-use assets 	9	6,049	8,438
Impairment of goodwill	17	9,000	_
Loss on disposal of financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss	7	1,860	_
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7	(5)	160
Gain on termination of lease	7	(150)	(251)
Provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment	7	67	_
Provision for impairment of right-of-use assets	7	586	262
Written off of property, plant and equipment	9	140	292
Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through	7	(0)	(400)
profit or loss	7	(2)	(498)
Fair value gain on reclassification from financial liabilities at	27		(10.000)
fair value through profit or loss to equity Provision for impairment of trade and other receivables	21	467	(13,380) 395
Share-based payment expense		407	393
Reversal of provision for reinstatement	24	(283)	(812)
neversal of provision for remstatement	24	(263)	(012)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Increase in financial assets at fair value through		2,190	7,237
profit or loss			(255)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		1,873	(104)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables, deposits		1,073	(104)
and prepayments		(13,364)	1,847
Increase in trade and other payables and accruals		22,859	506
Increase in defined benefit plan obligations		42	22
moreage in defined benefit plan estigatione			
Cash generated from operation		13,600	9,253
Tax paid		(919)	(121)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		12,681	9,132

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Disposal of financial assets at FVTPL		680	_
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(11,754)	(3,337)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment		60	1,211
Interest received	7	129	13
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(10,885)	(2,113)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Placing of shares		3,914	_
Proceed from bank and other borrowings		4,000	2,135
Repayment of bank and other borrowings		(4,028)	(2,161)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities		(7,057)	(13,192)
Repayment of interest portion of lease liabilities		(427)	(797)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(3,598)	(14,015)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,802)	(6,996)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING			
OF THE YEAR		8,530	15,526
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR,			
REPRESENTED BY BANK BALANCES AND CASH		6,728	8,530

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated and registered as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law Chapter 22 of the Cayman Islands on 27 January 2017 and its shares were listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 26 February 2018. The address of the Company's registered office and the principal place of business is disclosed in the Corporate Information section to the annual report.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in restaurant operations, sales of food ingredients and beverage and aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services. Details are set out in note 38.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

(a) Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the current accounting period of the Group for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to HKFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- Amendments to HKAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)
- Amendments to HKAS 1, Non-current Liabilities with Covenants
- Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7, Supplier Finance Arrangements

The application of the amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and position for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

(b) New and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not applied the following new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective for the current accounting period. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards would have a significant impact on its results of operations and financial position:

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

•	Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7, Amendments to the	1 January 2026
	Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments	
•	Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28, Sale or Contribution	To be determined
	of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint	
	Venture	
•	Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards, Annual	1 January 2026
	Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards — Volume 11	
•	Amendments to HKAS 21, Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
•	HKFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards, a collective term that includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") and financial liabilities at FVTPL that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the material accounting policy information set out below.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$") which is also the functional currency of the Company.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

(d) Going concern basis

The Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$20,853,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025 and as at 31 March 2025, the Group's net current liabilities and total current liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$12,468,000 and HK\$46,408,000 respectively while its total cash and cash equivalents amounted to only HK\$6,728,000. These conditions cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The validity of the use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is dependent upon the Group's ability to generate adequate cash flows in order to meet its obligations as and when the obligations fall due.

Notwithstanding the above results and financial condition, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis after taking into consideration of the following circumstances and financing arrangements:

The directors are implementing plans and measures to improve the revenue and financial performance of the businesses of the Group.

On 16 June 2025, the Company entered into an agreement with an independent third-party financial institution whereby a loan facility with a limit of HK\$20,000,000 was granted to the Company for a period of 18 months, with a loan facility limit of HK\$15,000,000 for the first 6 months and another loan facility limit of HK\$5,000,000 for the subsequent 6 months.

The Directors are of the opinion that, taking into account the above-mentioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within twelve months from the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the Directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the above, uncertainty exists as to whether the Group is able to achieve its plans and measures as described above, which incorporate assumptions about future events and conditions that are subject to inherent uncertainty. Should the Group be unable to continue to operate as a going concern, it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any future liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(b) Fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) Subsidiaries

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

(d) Goodwill

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition.

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is first allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit, and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis on the carrying amount at each asset in the unit. However, the loss allocated to each asset will not reduce the individual asset's carrying amount to below its fair value less cost of disposal (if measurable) or its value-in-use (if determinable), whichever is the higher. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives are as follows:

Leasehold improvements

Furniture and fixtures

Kitchen equipment

Over 3–5 years

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount. The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(f) Intangible assets

(i) Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss. Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over their useful lives as follows.

Customer relationship

5 years

(ii) Impairment

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. Intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as revaluation decrease to the extent of its revaluation surplus.

(g) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group as a lessee

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(g) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

(h) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group classifies its debt instruments in below measurement category:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as financial assets at FVTPL, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(h) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for ECL on trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12 months ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date: and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other instruments, the ECLs are based on the 12-months ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non credit-impaired financial assets interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

Lifetime ECL for certain trade receivables are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward-looking macroeconomic information.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(h) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iii) Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of financial assets is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(iv) Contract liabilities

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration from the customer.

For a single contract with a customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. Contract assets and contract liabilities arising from unrelated multiple contracts are not presented on a net basis.

(v) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and other payables and accruals and bank and other borrowings, are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(h) Financial instruments (Continued)

(vi) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(vii) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(viii) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories are determined on a first-in, first-out method.

(j) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue from restaurant operation is recognised at a point in time when the food or catering service has been served, at which point in time customer payments are made to the Group upon completion of food or catering service.

Revenue from provision of agency services in relation to sales of food ingredients where the Group is considered as acting as agent is recognised at the point that the control of the inventory has passed to the customers, which is primarily upon the acceptance of the goods by the customers. The customers have full discretion over the goods, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(j) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services contracts with its customers is recognised over time based on the completion status of the respective service contract. The service contract period is typically less than one year. The management considers that this input method is an appropriate measure of the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation.

Revenue from aircraft's engine stand warehouse storage service is recognised over time based on the monthly storage. The service contract period is varied for the customers.

Revenue from aircraft engine logistics service is recognised at the point that the engine has passed to the customers, which typically occurs upon the customer's acceptance of the engine. The customers have full discretion over the engine, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the engines.

Principal versus agent

When another party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer, the Group determines whether the nature of its promise is a performance obligation to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for those goods or services to be provided by the other party (i.e. the Group is an agent).

The Group is a principal if it controls the specified good or service before that good or service is transferred to a customer.

The Group is an agent if its performance obligation is to arrange for the provision of the specified good or service by another party. In this case, the Group does not control the specified good or service provided by another party before that good or service is transferred to the customer. When the Group acts as an agent, it recognises revenue in the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the specified goods or services to be provided by the other party.

(k) Retirement benefits costs

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

(ii) Defined contribution retirement plan

The Group contributes to a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance for all employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' relevant income and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed in the MPF Scheme.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(k) Retirement benefits costs (Continued)

(ii) Defined contribution retirement plan (Continued)

Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contribution to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the MPF Scheme vest immediately.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(I) Share-based payments

Where share options are awarded to employees and others providing similar services, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period with a corresponding increase in the employee share option reserve within equity. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at the end of each reporting period so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the remaining vesting period.

(m) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(m) Income taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(p) Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined the Group's service lines stated in note 6.

The measurement policies the Group uses for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs, except interest income, unallocated finance costs, and unallocated corporate expenses, which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment, are not included in arriving at the operating results of the operating segment.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(q) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- right-of-use assets;
- goodwill;
- intangible asset; and
- investments in subsidiaries.

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Value-in-use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset or cash generating unit, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(r) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

(s) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the year.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency (i.e. HK\$) of the Group at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (the foreign currency translation reserve).

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following is the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year.

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Estimation of useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and depreciation method in determining the related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the management's experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management of the Group will accelerate the depreciation charge where the economic useful lives are shorter than previously estimated due to removal or closure of restaurants. The management of the Group will also write-off or write-down the carrying value of the items which are technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned. Actual economic useful lives may differ from estimated economic useful lives.

Impairment testing of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets

The Group determines whether property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets are impaired when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying values of these assets exceed their recoverable amounts, which is the higher of their fair values less costs of disposal and their value-in-use. When value-in-use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash generating unit and determine a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

In addition, management of the Group assesses impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets may not be recoverable. When the recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets differ from the original estimates, adjustment will be made and recognised in the period in which such event takes place. As at 31 March 2025, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets are approximately HK\$12,218,000 (2024: HK\$3,183,000), HK\$8,116,000 (2024: HK\$9,874,000) and HK\$6,183,000 (2024: HK\$8,303,000) respectively.

Impairment testing of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill impaired requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the cash generating units to which goodwill have been allocated. The value-in-use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash generating unit ("CGU") and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. Details of impairment charge, key assumptions and impact of possible changes in key assumptions are disclosed in note 17.

Leases — Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Principal versus agent consideration (agent)

The Group is considered as an agent for its contracts with customers relating to the sales of food ingredients as the Group did not obtain the control over the food ingredients before passing on to customers. When the Group satisfies the performance obligation, the Group recognises a commission revenue in the amount it expects to be entitled as specified in the contracts, which amounted to 17% of the gross amount of consideration as specified in the contracts. During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recognised commission revenue relating to sales of food ingredients amounted to HK\$nil (2024: HK\$805,000).

Impairment of trade and other receivables

Impairment is made based on assessment of the recoverability of trade and other receivables. The identification of impairment requires management judgement and estimates. Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the carrying value of trade and other receivables and impairment made/reversed in the period in which the estimate has been changed.

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue represents the amounts received or receivable from the operation of restaurants, food ingredients and beverage and aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services, aircraft logistic services and warehouse storage services in Hong Kong during the year.

Revenue

The amounts of each significant category of revenue recognised during the reporting period were disaggregated as follows:

	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
By timing of revenue recognition:		
On a point in time basis:		
Revenue from restaurant operations	19,909	48,728
Revenue from food ingredients and beverage operations		
- sales of noodles (acting as an agent)	_	805
- sales of wine	323	157
Revenue from provision of aircraft engine logistics services	6,407	_
	26,639	49,690
On over time basis:	20,039	49,090
Income of aircraft engine stand repairing and maintenance		
services	66,781	42,162
	4,343	42,102
Income of provision of warehouse storage services	4,343	
	97,763	91,852

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

All the contracts for food ingredients and beverage operations, aircraft engine stand repairing and maintenance services, warehouse storage services and aircraft engine logistics services are for original expected duration of one year or less. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

Segment revenue and results

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on styles of cuisine serving by the Group's restaurants to the customers and the type of services provided by the Group.

Specifically, the Group's reportable segments under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" are as follows:

- 1. Chinese cuisine Operations of Chinese cuisine restaurants under the brand of "Marsino".
- 2. Thai cuisine Operations of Thai cuisine restaurants under the brand of "Grand Avenue" and "555 Thai Fusion".
- 3. Malaysian cuisine Operations of Malaysian cuisine restaurants under the brand of "Baba Nyonya".
- 4. Food ingredients and beverages operations Provision of agency services in relation to sales of noodles, and sales of wine to external third parties.
- Aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services and other related services —
 Provision of aircraft engine stand repairing and maintenance services and warehouse storage
 services, and of logistics services for aircraft engines.

The material accounting policy information of the operating segments are the same as the Group's material accounting policy information described in note 4. No operating segments have been aggregated to arrive at the reportable segments of the Group. Segment revenues are all revenue generated from external customers and there was no inter-segment revenue. Segment profit/(loss) represents the profit/(loss) earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs, impairment of goodwill, directors' emoluments, share-based payment expenses, bank interest income, certain gains or losses and finance cost on general working capital borrowings.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarized below:

Revenue from restaurant operations

The performance obligation is recognised at a point in time when control of the products is transferred to the customer, being at the point the customer buys the food at the restaurants. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately at the point the customer buys the food at the restaurants.

Provision of agency services in relation to sales of noodles

The performance obligation is completed at a point in time when the services on arranging sales of noodles are completed. Payment is generally paid after the agency services are provided. All the contracts in relation to sales are for original expected duration of one year or less.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Sales of wine to third parties

The performance obligation is recognised at a point in time when control of the products is transferred to the customer, being at the point the customer purchases on delivery of the wine. Payment of the transaction price is due at the point the customer purchases the wine.

Provision of aircraft engine stand repairing and maintenance services and other related services

The Group provides aircraft engine stand repairing and maintenance services and warehouse storage services. For aircraft engine stand repairing and maintenance services, the performance obligation is satisfied over time and payments are normally required after rendering the services. The Group also provides warehouse storage services to its customers for storage of their aircraft engine stands before and/or after the repair and maintenance service work have been carried out. The performance obligation for provision of warehouse storage services is satisfied over the duration of the storage period. The Group's enforceable right to the payment for provision of repairs and maintenance services and warehouse storage services is subject to the completion of the whole services. The services periods are one year or less.

The Group also provides aircraft engine logistics services, whereby the Group provides such services to its customers to transport their aircraft engines from and to the location of the customers. The performance obligation is satisfied at a point of time that the logistic services are completed when the engine is delivered to the customer or to the location specified by the customer. Payments are normally required after rendering the services.

Year ended 31 March 2025

	Chinese cuisine HK\$'000	Thai cuisine HK\$'000	Malaysian cuisine HK\$'000	Food ingredients and beverage operations HK\$'000	Aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services and other related services HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment revenue	8,959	9,699	1,251	323	77,531	97,763
Segment (loss)/profit	(1,677)	(1,981)	(4,537)	(860)	3,165	(5,890)
Unallocated other income and other gains Unallocated corporate costs Impairment of goodwill Loss on disposal of financial assets						83 (4,245) (9,000)
at FVTPL						(1,860)
Loss before tax						(20,912)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

Year ended 31 March 2024

					Aircraft's engine stand	
					repairing and	
				Food	maintenance	
	Ohimana	The:	Malaurian	ingredients	services and	
	Chinese cuisine	Thai cuisine	Malaysian cuisine	and beverage operations	other related services	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment revenue	18,797	6,916	23,015	962	42,162	91,852
Segment (loss)/profit	(5,278)	(257)	842	(254)	4,896	(51)
Unallocated other income and						100
other gains Unallocated corporate costs						193 (6,147)
Fair value gain on reclassification from financial liabilities to equity						13,380
Fair value gain on financial assets at FVTPL						498
Profit before tax						7,873

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating and reportable segment:

As 31 March 2025

	Chinese cuisine HK\$'000	Thai cuisine HK\$'000	Malaysian cuisine HK\$'000	Food ingredients and beverage operations HK\$'000	Aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services and other related services HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment assets	1,684	4,813	2,496	2,973	53,355	65,321
Deferred tax assets Tax recoverable Financial assets at FVTPL Bank balances and cash						871 765 410 6,728
Consolidated total assets						74,095
Segment liabilities	7,091	9,892	6,835	2,416	26,286	52,520
Unallocated trade and other payables and accruals Deferred tax liabilities						1,115 2,955
Consolidated total liabilities						56,590

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

As 31 March 2024

	Chinese cuisine HK\$'000	Thai cuisine HK\$'000	Malaysian cuisine HK\$'000	Food ingredients and beverage operations HK\$'000	Aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services and other related services HK\$'000	Total HK\$°000
Segment assets	3,042	159	2,220	3,763	48,746	57,930
Deferred tax assets Unallocated deposits, prepayments and						95
other receivables						210
Financial assets at FVTPL Bank balances and cash						2,948 8,530
Consolidated total assets						69,713
Segment liabilities	7,091	1,303	6,846	2,627	13,862	31,729
Unallocated trade and other payables						
and accruals Tax payable						1,148 136
Deferred tax liabilities						2,256
Consolidated total liabilities						35,269

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments

- all assets are allocated to operating and reportable segments, other than deferred tax assets, certain deposits, prepayment and financial assets at FVTPL, tax recoverable and bank balances and cash.
- all liabilities are allocated to operating and reportable segments, other than certain trade and other payables and accruals, tax payable and deferred tax liabilities.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Other segment information

Year ended 31 March 2025

	Chinese cuisine HK\$'000	Thai cuisine HK\$'000	Malaysian cuisine HK\$'000	Food ingredients and beverage operations HK\$'000	Aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services and other related services HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:							
Additions to non-current assets Provision for impairment of property,	-	5,215	-	-	12,031	-	17,246
plant and equipment Provision for impairment of right-of-use	-	67	-	-	-	-	67
assets	-	586	-	-	-	-	586
Depreciation: - owned property, plant and							
eguipment	_	280	43	_	2,134	_	2,457
 leased right-of-use assets 	742	1,349	-	247	3,711	_	6,049
Impairment losses on trade receivables	-	-	-	-	467	-	467
Amortisation of intangible assets Amounts regularly provided to the CODM but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss	-	-	-	-	2,120	-	2,120
Impairment of goodwill					9,000		9,000

Year ended 31 March 2024

	Chinese cuisine HK\$'000	Thai cuisine HK\$'000	Malaysian cuisine HK\$'000	Food ingredients and beverage operations HK\$'000	Aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services and other related services HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:							
Additions to non-current assets Provision for impairment of right-of-use	-	-	-	-	15,164	-	15,164
assets	262	-	-	-	-	-	262
Depreciation: - owned property, plant and							
equipment	52	69	262	37	1,110	56	1,586
 leased right-of-use assets 	2,704	193	1,217	247	4,077	-	8,438
Write off of property, plant and							
equipment	135	-	-	157	-	-	292
Impairment losses on trade receivables	-	-	-	395	-	-	395
Amortisation of intangible assets					2,120		2,120

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical information

All of the Group's operations are located in Hong Kong. Accordingly, the Group's revenue from external customers and all non-current assets are located in Hong Kong.

Information about major customers

Revenue from the major customer, which amounted to 10% or more of the Group's total revenue, is set out below:

2025	2024
Aircraft's	Aircraft's
engine stand	engine stand
repairing and	repairing and
maintenance	maintenance
services and	services and
other related	other related
services	services
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
64,143	39,372

Customer A

Except disclosed above, no other customers contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for both years.

7. OTHER INCOME/OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Other income Insurance compensation Promotion income Bank interest income Subsidies income (note) Reversal of provision for reinstatement Others	145 7 129 14 283	13 13 17 812 359
	579	1,214
Other gains and losses, net Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Loss on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL Gain on termination of lease Provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment Provision for impairment of right-of-use assets Fair value change on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5 (1,860) 150 (67) (586)	(160) - 251 - (262) 498
	(2,356)	327

Note.

Subsidies income was granted from HKSAR Government in relation to the food license without unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to the subsidies.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

8. FINANCE COSTS

		2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
	Interests on bank and other borrowings Interests on lease liabilities	498 427	268 797
		925	1,065
9.	(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX		
		2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
	(Loss)/profit before tax has been arrived at after charging: Staff costs (including directors' emoluments):		
	Salaries and other benefits Contribution to defined contribution retirement benefit scheme Expenses recognised in respect of defined benefit plans:	20,345 640	31,239 1,035
	- long service payments	42	22
		21,027	32,296
	Auditor's remuneration – audit service Depreciation:	680	680
	 owned property, plant and equipment leased right-of-use assets Amortisation of intangible assets 	2,457 6,049 2,120	1,586 8,438 2,120
	Write-off of property, plant and equipment (included in other expenses)	140	292
	Transportation costs related to aircraft's engine stand repair and maintenance services and aircraft engine logistic services (included in other expenses)	10,115	49
	Subcontracting fees for aircraft engine stand repair and maintenance works Marketing expenses Short-term lease expenses	29,261 4,775 1,107	7,786 5,602 1,370

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10. INCOME TAX CREDIT

2025	2024
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(776)	(659)
835	1,033
50	074
59	374

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Company Law of the Cayman Islands and accordingly, is not subject to income tax in the Cayman Islands.

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime of Hong Kong Profits Tax, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits of a qualifying corporation are taxed at 8.25%, and assessable profits above HK\$2 million continue to be taxed at 16.5%. For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, Hong Kong Profits Tax of the qualified entity of the Group is calculated in accordance with the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

The income tax credit for the year can be reconciled to the (loss)/profit before tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
(Loss)/profit before tax	(20,912)	7,873
Tax calculated at the domestic income tax rate of 16.5%		
(2024: 16.5%)	(3,450)	1,299
Tax effect of expense not deductible for tax purpose	2,842	2,069
Tax effect of income not subject to tax	(98)	(2,278)
Unrecognised deductible temporary difference	620	_
Utilisation of unrecognised deductible temporary difference	(359)	(1,439)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	1,625	_
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(1,257)	(25)
Over provision in prior year	18	_
Income tax credit	(59)	(374)

Details of deferred tax are set out in note 29.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to the directors, disclosed pursuant to the applicable GEM Listing Rules and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, were as follows:

Year ended 31 March 2025

	Mr. PL Choi <i>HK</i> \$'000	Mr. WT Leung HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Executive directors:			
Fees	360	240	600
Other emoluments			
Salaries and other benefits	_	_	-
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	_	_	-
Share-based payment expense			
Sub-total	360	240	600

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

	Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey HK\$'000	Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung HK\$'000	Mr. Wang Rongqian HK\$'000 (note (b))	Ms. Ip Sin Nam HK\$'000 (note (e))	Total HK\$'000
Independent non-executive directors: Fees Other emoluments	120	120	50	34	324
Salaries and other benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Retirement benefit scheme contributions					
Sub-total	120	120	50	34	324

The non-executive and independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

2025 HK\$'000
 924

Total

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Year ended 31 March 2024

	Mr. PL Choi HK\$'000	Mr. WT Leung HK\$'000	Mr. Yanagihara Kazuya HK\$'000 (note (d))	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Executive directors: Fees Other emoluments	360	240	-	600
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme contributions Share-based payment expense	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Sub-total	360	240		600

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

	Mr. Lo Cheuk Fei Jeffrey HK\$'000	Mr. Yeung Man Sun HK\$'000 (note (a))	Mr. Cheung Hiu Fung HK\$'000	Mr. Wang Rongqian HK\$'000	Mr. Leung Chun Yu HK\$'000 (note (c))	Total HK\$'000
Non-executive director:						
Fees	_	_	_	-	-	-
Other emoluments	_	_	_	-	-	_
Salaries and other benefits	-	_	-	-	-	-
Retirement benefit scheme						
contributions						
Sub-total	-	_	_	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors:						
Fees Other emoluments	120	68	120	53	-	361
Salaries and other benefits	-	_	_	_	_	_
Retirement benefit scheme contributions						
Sub-total	120	68	120	53		361

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

The non-executive and independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

2024 HK\$'000

Total 961

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Yeung Man Sun has resigned as an independent non-executive director on 24 October 2023.
- (b) Mr. Wang Rongqian was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 24 October 2023 and retired on 30 August 2024.
- (c) Mr. Leung Chun Yu was appointed as a non-executive director on 16 August 2023 and has resigned on 10 October 2023. Mr. Leung has waived the director's fees of HK\$18,000 for his service as a director of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- (d) Mr. Yanagihara Kazuya was appointed as an executive director on 16 August 2023 and has resigned on 10 October 2023. Mr. Yanagihara has waived the director's fees of HK\$37,000 for his service as a director of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- (e) Ms. Ip Sin Nam was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 19 December 2024.

No remuneration was paid by the Group to the directors of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. Nil (2024: 2) of the directors of the Company have waived the remuneration with total of HK\$nil (2024: HK\$55,000) during the year ended 31 March 2025.

12. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included nil directors (2024: nil directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 11 above. Details of the remuneration for the year ended 31 March 2025 of the remaining five (2024: five) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme contributions	3,159	2,394
	3,249	2,448

The number of the highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	4	5
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	

2025

2024

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

13. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid, declared or proposed during the year ended 31 March 2025, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2024: nil).

There are no income tax consequences related to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

14. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share	(20,853)	8,247
	'000	'000 (Restated)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic (loss)/earnings per share Effect of dilutive potential shares — share options	60,476	48,000 1,377
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted (loss)/earnings per share	60,476	49,337

The weighted average number of ordinary shares used to calculate the basic and diluted earnings/ loss per share for both years have been adjusted to reflect the share consolidation that was effected in May 2025, details of which are disclosed in note 39. Accordingly, the basic and diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2024 are restated.

The computation of diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2025 did not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options since these potential ordinary shares are anti-dilutive and would result in a decrease in loss per share. Therefore, the diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2025.

For the purpose of basic earnings/loss per share, ordinary shares are equity instruments that are subordinate to all other classes of equity instruments of the Company. The Consideration Shares of 190,839,695 shares of the Company that were issued as consideration for the acquisition of High Smart Engineering Limited during the year ended 31 March 2023 were not equity instruments and were classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, for reasons explained in note 27. The Consideration Shares of 190,839,695 shares were reclassified as equity instruments during the year ended 31 March 2024 and hence were included in the weighted average number of ordinary shares with effect from the date the Consideration Shares were reclassified as equity instruments of the Company for the purpose of basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2024.

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvement HK\$'000	Furniture and fixtures HK\$'000	Kitchen equipment HK\$'000	Other equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicle HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
COST						
At 1 April 2023	16,450	1,716	3,132	1,002	2,474	24,774
Additions	-	-	-	-	3,337	3,337
Disposal	-	-	-	-	(2,515)	(2,515)
Written off	(7,957)	(777)	(1,874)	(485)		(11,093)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	8,493	939	1,258	517	3,296	14,503
Additions	2,914	326	-	-	8,514	11,754
Disposal	-	-	-	-	(580)	(580)
Written off		(281)	(55)	(74)		(410)
At 31 March 2025	11,407	984	1,203	443	11,230	25,267
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT						
At 1 April 2023	16,450	1,362	2,711	698	458	21,679
Provided for the year	_	128	234	114	1,110	1,586
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(1,144)	(1,144)
Written off	(7,957)	(693)	(1,822)	(329)		(10,801)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	8,493	797	1,123	483	424	11,320
Provided for the year	767	93	50	45	1,502	2,457
Disposal	-	-	-	-	(525)	(525)
Written off	-	(124)	(31)	(115)	-	(270)
Impairment	67				- -	67
At 31 March 2025	9,327	766	1,142	413	1,401	13,049
NET CARRYING AMOUNTS						
At 31 March 2025	2,080	218	61	30	9,829	12,218
At 31 March 2024		142	135	34	2,872	3,183

For the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the management identified impairment indicator of certain leasehold improvement, furniture and fixtures, kitchen equipment and other equipment due to decline in performance in some restaurants of the Group which these assets were allocated. The decline in these restaurants' performance was to the economic recession of the restaurant business. The Group assessed the recoverable amounts of these restaurants, each of which represented a cash-generating unit ("CGU").

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The recoverable amount of the CGU related to each restaurant has been determined based on value-in-use calculations, which use cash flow projections based on the most recent financial forecasts approved by the directors of the Company covering five-year period.

The key assumptions for the cash flow projections are those regarding the discount rate and the annual projected revenue, revenue growth rates, capital expenditures and operating expenses over the five-year projection period. The Group estimated the discount rate using a pre-tax rate that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the restaurant operations. The annual projected revenue, revenue growth rates, capital expenditures, and operating expenses over the five-year period are based on past performance and expectations of market development.

Based on the results of the calculation of the recoverable amounts, the recoverable amounts of 1 CGU (2024: 3 CGUs) of the Thai cuisine restaurants segment (2024: Chinese cuisine restaurants segment) was below their carrying amounts. The key assumptions used for the cash flow projections of the 1 CGU (2024: 3 CGUs) in 2025 included (i) pre-tax discount rate of 12.00% which was reference to companies with similar industries (2024: 12.00%) and (ii) growth rate to extrapolate cash flows beyond the projection period of 2% with reference to the industry growth (2024: 2%). The recoverable amounts of the 1 CGU (2024: 3 CGUs) is calculated to be HK\$3,474,000 (2024: HK\$1,651,000 in aggregate). Since there is a shortfall between the carrying amounts of these CGUs and their recoverable amounts by HK\$653,000 (2024: HK\$262,000), impairment loss of approximately HK\$67,000 (2024: HK\$nil) and HK\$586,000 (2024: HK\$262,000) was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income to write down the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets under the CGU of the restaurant operation segment, respectively, belonging to the 1 CGU (2024: 3 CGUs) of the Thai cuisine restaurant operation segment (2024: Chinese cuisine restaurants segment).

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16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Warehouse HK\$'000	Restaurant premises HK\$'000	Office premises HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Cost At 1 April 2024 Additions Termination	11,108 - -	10,034 4,601 (5,881)	719 891 (844)	21,861 5,492 (6,725)
At 31 March 2025	11,108	8,754	766	20,628
Accumulated depreciation and				
impairment At 1 April 2024 Charge for the year Termination Impairment	3,101 3,711 – —	8,639 2,091 (5,863) 586	247 247 (247) 	11,987 6,049 (6,110) 586
At 31 March 2025	6,812	5,453	247	12,512
Carrying values At 31 March 2025	4,296	3,301	519	8,116
Cost At 1 April 2023 Additions Derecognition Termination	8,957 11,108 - (8,957)	59,397 - (49,363) 	- 719 - 	68,354 11,827 (49,363) (8,957)
At 31 March 2024	11,108	10,034	719	21,861
Accumulated depreciation and impairment				
At 1 April 2023 Charge for the year Eliminated on derecognition Impairment	169 4,077 (1,145)	53,614 4,114 (49,351) 262	- 247 - -	53,783 8,438 (50,496) 262
At 31 March 2024	3,101	8,639	247	11,987
Carrying values At 31 March 2024	8,007	1,395	472	9,874

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16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Expenses relating to short-term leases Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	1,107 7.057	1,370 13,192
Interest paid on lease liabilities	427	797
Total cash outflows for leases for the year	8,591	15,359

2025

2024

The right-of-use assets are premises rented from private entities. The lease terms of the restaurants and warehouse used by the Group in its restaurant operations and aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services segments respectively range from 2 to 4 years (2024: 2 to 5 years). Leases contain terms requiring payments by the Group of minimum monthly lease payments that are fixed over the lease term and variable lease payments that are based on certain percentages of the monthly gross sales turnover if the variable lease payment exceeds the monthly basic rent. No variable lease payment was paid or payable to the lessors for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$nil). Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of right-of-use assets over their expected useful lives using straight-line method. When there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, the assets are depreciated over the lease term.

The short-term leases relate to car parks rented from private entities with the lease terms of 12 months or less.

The Group does not have the option to purchase the right-of-use assets for a nominal amount at the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$9,009,000 (2024: HK\$11,339,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$8,116,000 (2024: HK\$9,874,000) as at 31 March 2025. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Lease assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group assessed the recoverable amounts of the right-of-use assets allocated to the respective CGUs for certain restaurants, as disclosed in note 15. As a result, an impairment loss of approximately HK\$586,000 (2024: HK\$262,000) was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs related to these restaurants have been determined based on value-in-use calculations, which use cash flow projections based on the most recent financial forecasts approved by the directors of the Company covering five-year period.

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17. GOODWILL

	HK\$'000
Cost: 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024, 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025	20,814
Accumulated impairment: At 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Impairment	92 9,000
At 31 March 2025	9,092
Carrying amounts: At 31 March 2025	11,722
At 31 March 2024	20,722

For the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024

Goodwill acquired through business combination has been allocated to a CGU comprising the aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services reportable segment of the Group.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is identified as belonging to the following CGU:

	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services and		
other related services	11,722	20,722

The aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services and other related services reportable segment comprises one CGU. The goodwill is allocated to the aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services CGU. The Group performed its annual impairment assessment for goodwill by comparing its recoverable amount to its carrying amount as at the end of the reporting periods. The Group forecasted the cash flow projections based on latest available information and business plan. As at 31 March 2025, the carrying amount of the CGU before recognition of impairment loss for the year was HK\$43,700,000 and the recoverable amount of the CGU was HK\$34,700,000 which was determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations used cash flow projections based on the five-year financial budgets approved by management. Cash flows beyond the five-year period have been extrapolated with an estimated general annual growth rate of 2.0% (2024: 2.0%). This growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant industry. After assessment, an impairment loss of HK\$9,000,000 was allocated to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

17. GOODWILL (Continued)

Details of the variables and assumptions were as follows:

	2025	2024
Aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services		
Pre-tax discount rate Operating margin Growth rate of sales revenue within the five-year period	17% 4% 2%	17% 14% 2%

The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant CGU. The operating margin and growth rate within the five-year period have been based on past experience, budgeted market share and number of service contracts as explained below:

The key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations for the CGU are as follows:

Budgeted market share	The values assigned to the assumption reflect past experience,
	except for the growth factor, which is consistent with the directors'
	estimation of the revenue from existing customers. The directors
	believe that the budgeted market share which is based on
	the planned revenue growth per year for the next five years is
	reasonably achievable.

Number of service contracts

In order to maintain successive business operations of the CGU, the directors believe that there is no particular difficulty in sustaining the number of service contracts by renewal of the service contracts of the existing customers in the CGU.

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18. INTANGIBLE ASSET

	Customer relationship HK\$'000
Cost: At 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024, 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025	10,600
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:	
At 1 April 2023	177
Amortisation for the year	2,120
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	2,297
Amortisation for the year	2,120
At 31 March 2025	4,417
Carrying amounts:	
At 31 March 2025	6,183
At 31 March 2024	8,303

For impairment assessment purposes, the intangible asset acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services CGU.

The customer relationship is amortised over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

The impairment assessment of the intangible asset for the year ended 31 March 2025 was performed as part of impairment assessment of the CGU, details of which are disclosed in note 17. As at 31 March 2025, the recoverable amount of the aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance services CGU was estimated to be below its carrying amount, and impairment loss of HK\$9,000,000 was recognised to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill allocate to the CGU for the year ended 31 March 2025. Details of the variables and assumptions are disclosed in note 17.

19. INVENTORIES

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Food and beverages Materials for aircraft engine stand repairing	1,413 622	2,433 1,475
	2,035	3,908

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Trade receivables from sales of food ingredients and beverages Trade receivables from restaurant operations Trade receivables from aircraft engine stand repairing	395 554 14,181	395 850 1,576
Allowance for expected credit losses	15,130 (862)	2,821 (395)
	14,268	2,426
Rental deposits Other deposits Prepayments and other receivables (note)	1,045 2,996 6,738	2,606 867 6,251
Total	25,047	12,150
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	1,045 24,002	2,606 9,544
	25,047	12,150

Note: As at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024, the amount mainly represent prepayment of subcontracting fees for performance of aircraft engine stand repair and maintenance works of HK\$826,000 (2024: HK\$826,000) and marketing expenses of approximately HK\$1,598,000 (2024: HK\$1,458,000) from the third parties which was non-trade in nature, and amount due from the director of a subsidiary of approximately HK\$2,273,000 (2024: HK\$nil).

There was no credit period granted to individual customers for the restaurant operations. The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly by cash, octopus card and credit card settlement. The settlement terms of octopus card and credit card companies are usually within 7 days after the service rendered date. All trade receivables from restaurant operations are aged within 7 days after the service rendered date. All trade receivables from sales of food ingredients are aged within 30–90 days based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period.

The Group has a policy of allowing credit periods ranging from 0 to 90 days to its customers in the sales of food ingredients and beverage operations. Longer credit period is also allowed on a case by case basis. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables of sales of food ingredients and beverage operations, net of ECL, presented based on the invoice date, which approximated the revenue recognition date for income of food ingredients and beverage operations, as appropriate:

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
–90 days	_	_
•		

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

(Continued)

The Group has a policy of allowing a credit period ranging from 0 to 180 days to its customers in the aircraft engine stand repairing operations. Longer credit period is also allowed on a case by case basis. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables of aircraft engine stand repairing, net of ECL, presented based on the invoice date, which approximated the revenue recognition date for income of aircraft engine stand repairing, as appropriate:

	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0-90 days	13,714	1,576

The expected credit loss for the trade receivables of aircraft engine stand repairing is HK\$467,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$nil).

Details of the impairment assessment of other receivables are set out in note 34.

21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Listed securities classified as held for trading investments: - Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	410	2,948

At the end of the reporting period, financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value. Fair values of listed securities classified as held for trading investments are determined with reference to quoted market closing price.

22. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less which carry interest at prevailing market rate of 0.01% (2024: 0.01%) per annum.

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23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Trade payables Salaries payables Accruals and other payables (note)	19,611 5,087 13,784	696 1,572 13,355
	38,482	15,623

The credit period granted to the Group by suppliers normally ranges from 0 to 60 days. All trade payables are aged within 60 days based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period.

Note: Other payables are due mainly to third party vendors in relation to operating expenses of the Group.

24. PROVISION FOR REINSTATEMENT

		2025 HK\$'000
At 1 April 2023		1,575
Reversal of provision for reinstatement		(812)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024		763
Reversal of provision for reinstatement		(283)
At 31 March 2025		480
	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Analysed for reporting purpose as:		
Non-current liabilities	480	763
Current liabilities		
	400	700
	480	763

The provision for reinstatement works related to the estimated cost of reinstating the rented premises to be carried out at the end of respective lease periods. These amounts have not been discounted for the purpose of measuring the provision for reinstatement works as the effect is not significant.

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25. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Current Interest bearing		
Secured - Current portion of long-term bank loans (note (i)) Unsecured	522	1,190
- Current portion of long-term other loans (note (ii))	1,760	806
	2,282	1,996
Non-current Interest bearing		
Secured - Long-term bank loans (note (i)) Unsecured	-	523
- Long-term other loans (note (ii))	3,010	2,303
	3,010	2,826
	5,292	4,822

At the end of the reporting periods, total current and non-current bank and other borrowings were scheduled to repay as follows:

	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	2,282	1,996
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	3,010	2,826
		4.000
	5,292	4,822

- (i) The bank borrowings were guaranteed by a director of the subsidiary.
- (ii) Long-term unsecured other loans as at 31 March 2025 represented borrowings granted from five (2024: three) independent third parties with total balance of HK\$4,770,000 (2024: HK\$3,109,000), carried fixed interest rate of 7.35%, 3.25%, 3.00%, 2.35% and 2.98% (2024: 7.35%, 3.25% and 3.00%) per annum and repayable by monthly instalment, with the last instalments repayable in May 2027, February 2028, April 2028, November 2027 and August 2027 (2024: May 2027, February 2028 and April 2028) respectively.
- (iii) As at 31 March 2025, the bank borrowings of the Group bear interest at fixed interest rates of 3.5% (2024: 3.5%) per annum.

As at 31 March 2025, banking facilities of approximately HK\$20 million (2024: HK\$8 million) granted to the Group were not utilised by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$nil).

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26. LEASE LIABILITIES

		HK\$'000
At 1 April 2023 Additions Interest expenses Lease payments Early termination of lease		20,780 11,827 797 (13,989) (8,076)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Additions Interest expenses Lease payments Early termination of lease		11,339 5,492 427 (7,484) (765)
At 31 March 2025		9,009
	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	5,644 3,365	6,385 4,954
	9,009	11,339
Present value of minimum lease payments		
	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Within one year More than one year, but not later than two years More than two years, but not later than five years	5,644 2,415 950	6,385 4,347 607
	9,009	11,339

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities was 3.58% (2024: 4.01%) per annum.

Total minimum lease payments

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Within one year More than one year, but not later than two years More than two years, but not later than five years	5,855 3,217 287	6,659 4,439 644
Less: total future interest expenses	9,359 (350)	11,742 (403)
	9,009	11,339

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27. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	High Smart HK\$'000
At 1 April 2023	_
Issuance of consideration shares (note)	25,403
Fair value change up to date of reclassification to equity	(13,380)
Reclassified to equity	(12,023)
At 31 March 2024, 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025	

Note:

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group entered into the agreement with an independent party (the "Vendor") for the acquisition of 100% equity interest of High Smart Engineering Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong (the "High Smart") (the "Agreement"). The total considerations were HK\$9 million in cash and HK\$25 million in consideration shares (the "Consideration Shares") issued by the Company to the Vendor upon completion, subject to the lock up and Share Repurchase Arrangement as defined below. Details are set out in the Company's announcement date 21 December 2022, 13 January 2023, 19 January 2023, 8 February 2023, 1 March 2023 and 6 March 2023.

Pursuant to the lock up and Share Repurchase Agreement, if the actual audited net profit before tax of High Smart for the years ended 31 March 2023 or 31 March 2024 (the "Actual Profits") shall be less than the relevant Guaranteed Profits, the Vendor shall pay compensation (the "Compensation") to the Purchaser based on 3.8 times the shortfall in the Actual Profits.

The Compensation (if any) shall be paid by the Vendor to the Purchaser within 7 business days after determination of the Actual Profits in the following manner:

- (a) firstly, the Vendor shall sell and the Company shall purchase a relevant number of Consideration Shares at the Issue Price and the purchase price thereof shall be set off against the Compensation payable by the Vendor to the Purchaser ("Share Repurchase Arrangement"); and
- (b) the balance of any Compensation (if any) shall be paid in cash.

The Consideration Shares upon issuance were deposited into an escrow account approved by the Company.

Pursuant to the Agreement, the profit guarantee for the High Smart profit before tax for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 (the "first relevant period") and the period from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024 (the "second relevant period") shall not be less than HK\$4.1 million and HK\$5.2 million respectively (the "Profit Guarantee").

The contingent consideration arrangement described above gives the Company the right to the return of previously transferred consideration if the specified conditions are met. Hence the Consideration Shares issued on acquisition date are classified as financial liabilities at FVTPL as the number of such shares that the Vendor will eventually be entitled to is variable, depending on the eventual outcome under the profit guarantee arrangement.

High Smart has reported Actual Profits for the first relevant period and the second relevant period that fulfilled the profit before tax above the Profit Guarantee thresholds according to the Agreement. As a result, the Consideration Shares were reclassified from financial liabilities at FVTPL to equity instruments as at 31 March 2024 and their fair values as at 31 March 2024, determined based on the number of Consideration Shares valued at the quoted price as at that date, were reclassified to share capital and share premium. The fair value gain on reclassification of the Consideration Shares from financial liabilities at FVTPL to equity instruments amounted to HK\$13,380,000 and arose from the significant decline in the market price of the Company's shares, which at the date of completion of the transaction with the Vendor was HK\$0.136 per share and at the date of reclassification of financial liabilities at FVTPL to share capital and share premium was HK\$0.063 per share as at 31 March 2024.

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28. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Share Capital HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.20 (2024: HK\$0.01) each		
Authorised: At 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Share consolidation (note (c))	2,000,000,000 (<u>1,900,000,000</u>)	20,000
At 31 March 2025	100,000,000	20,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 April 2023 Reclassification of consideration shares (note (a))	1,150,839,695 	9,600 1,908
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Placing of shares (note (b)) Share consolidation (note (c))	1,150,839,695 230,160,000 (1,311,949,711)	11,508 2,303 —
At 31 March 2025	69,049,984	13,811

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 March 2024, the consideration shares were reclassified from financial liabilities at FVTPL to share capital and share premium. For details, please refer to note 27.
- (b) On 18 November 2024 (after trading hour), the Company entered into a placing agreement with a placing agent pursuant to which the placing agent has agreed to place, on a best effort basis, to not less than six independent Placees for up to 230,160,000 new Shares at a price of HK\$0.017 per Placing Share, for and on behalf of the Company. It was completed on 17 December 2024.
- (c) On 3 January 2025, every 20 issued and unissued Shares of par value HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company be consolidated into one (1) share of par value HK\$0.20 each (each a "Consolidated Share") (the "Share Consolidation") so that the authorised share capital of the Company shall change from HK\$20,000,000 divided into 2,000,000,000 Shares of par value HK\$0.01 each to HK\$20,000,000 divided into 100,000,000 Consolidated Shares of par value HK\$0.20 each, and such Consolidated Share(s) shall rank pari passu in all respects with each other and have the rights and privileges and be subject to the restrictions in respect of ordinary shares contained in the memorandum and articles of association of the Company.

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29. DEFERRED TAX (ASSETS)/LIABILITIES

The following are the major deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years.

	Acceleration accounting depreciation HK\$'000	Acceleration tax depreciation HK\$*000	Intangible asset identified in business combination HK\$'000	Right-of-use assets HK\$'000	Lease liabilities HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2023 Recognised upon initial recognition	(95)	596	1,749	2,402	(1,458)	3,194
of assets and liabilities	-	-	(270)	1,951	(1,951)	- (1.022)
(Credited)/charged to profit or loss			(379)	(2,724)	2,070	(1,033)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2025 Recognised upon initial recognition	(95)	596	1,370	1,629	(1,339)	2,161
of assets and liabilities	-	-	- (250)	906	(148)	758 (935)
(Credited)/charged to profit or loss			(350)	(1,196)	711	(835)
At 31 March 2025	(95)	596	1,020	1,339	(776)	2,084

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	(871) 2,955	(95) 2,256
	2,084	2,161

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$67,529,000 (2024: HK\$65,299,000) available for offset against future profits. The Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in relation to these unutilised tax losses and deductible temporary differences in respect of lease liabilities amounting to HK\$4,311,000 (2024: HK\$3,222,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

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30. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN OBLIGATIONS

Hong Kong employees that have been employed continuously for at least five years are entitled to long service payments ("LSP") in accordance with the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance under certain circumstances. These circumstances include where an employee is dismissed for reasons other than serious misconduct or redundancy, that employee resigns at the age of 65 or above, or the employment contract is of fixed term and expires without renewal. The amount of LSP payable is determined with reference to the employee's final salary (capped at \$22,500) and the years of service, reduced by the amount of any accrued benefits derived from the Group's contributions to the MPF scheme, with an overall cap of \$390,000 per employee. Currently, the Group does not have any separate funding arrangement in place to meet its LSP obligation.

In June 2022, the Government gazetted the Amendment Ordinance which will eventually abolish the statutory right of an employer to reduce its LSP payable to a Hong Kong employee by drawing on its mandatory contributions to the MPF scheme. The Government has subsequently announced that the Amendment Ordinance will come into effect from 1 May 2025 (the Transition Date). Separately, the Government introduced a subsidy scheme to assist employers after the abolition. Among other things, once the abolition of the offsetting mechanism takes effect, an employer can no longer use any of the accrued benefits derived from its mandatory MPF contributions (irrespective of the contributions made before, on or after the Transition Date) to reduce the LSP in respect of an employee's service from the Transition Date. However, where an employee's employment commenced before the Transition Date, the employer can continue to use the above accrued benefits to reduce the LSP in respect of the employee's service up to that date; in addition, the LSP in respect of the service before the Transition Date will be calculated based on the employee's monthly salary immediately before the Transition Date and the years of service up to that date. The Group has accounted for the offsetting mechanism and its abolition.

The movements in the present value of unfunded obligations are as follows:

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
At 1 April	330	308
Expenses recognised in profit or loss: Current service cost Interest cost Past service cost	42 - -	22 - -
At 31 March	372	330

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30. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation at 31 March, 2025 is 5.4 years (2024: 5.4 years).

The above expenses are recognised in the following line items in the consolidated statement of profit or loss:

Analysed for reporting purposes as:

	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	,	•
Staff costs	42	22
Stall Costs	42	

Significant actuarial assumptions (expressed as weighted averages) and sensitivity analysis are as follows:

	2025	2024
Discount rate Future salary increases Expected investment return on offsettable MPF accrued benefits	5% 4% 5%	5% 4% 5%

The below analysis shows how the defined benefit obligation would have increased/decreased as a result of 3% change in the significant actuarial assumptions:

	Increase in 3%		Decrease in 3%	
	2025 2024		2025	2024
	HK\$'000 HK\$'000		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Discount rate Future salary increases	(50) 55	(91) 13	179 (14)	137 (26)

The above sensitivity analysis is based on the assumption that changes in actuarial assumptions are not correlated and therefore it does not take into account the correlations between the actuarial assumptions.

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31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

The Company's former share option scheme (the "Former Scheme") was approved and adopted in compliance with Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rules by the written resolutions of the shareholders passed on 29 January 2018 which was terminated on 18 January 2024.

In view of the amendments to Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rule relating to share schemes which came into effect on 1 January 2023, the Company adopted a new share scheme (the "New Share Scheme") pursuant to a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 18 January 2024. The primary purpose of the New Share Scheme is to enable the Company to grant Options or Awards to the Participants as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Company. The New Share Scheme will give the Participants an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company and will help motivate the Participants to optimise their performance and efficiency and attract and retain or otherwise maintain a long-term relationship with the Participants whose contributions are or will be in line with the business objectives of the Company. Eligible participants of the New Share Scheme include any employees, any executives, Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

The New Share Scheme will remain valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the New Share Scheme is adopted, after which period no further share options and awards will be granted but the provisions of the New Share Scheme shall in all other respects remain in full force and effect and share options and awards which are granted during the life of the New Share Scheme may continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue.

The principal terms of which were summarised in the paragraph headed "Principal Terms of the New Share Scheme" in Appendix to the Company's circular dated 22 December 2023.

For Former Scheme:

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") may, at its discretion, invite:

- any executive or non-executive director including any independent non-executive director or any employee (whether full-time or part-time) of any member of the Group;
- any trustee of a trust (whether family, discretionary or otherwise) whose beneficiaries or objects include any employee or business associate of the Group;
- any adviser or consultant (in the areas of legal, technical, financial or corporate management) to the Group:
- any provider of goods and/or services to the Group; or
- any other person who the Board considers, in its sole discretion, has contributed to the Group to take up options (together, the "Participants").

The subscription price for the shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board at its sole discretion and notified to the Participant and shall be no less than the highest of the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date on which an option is granted, the average closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date on which an option is granted and the nominal value of a share on the date of the offer.

Offer of an option shall be deemed to have been accepted by the grantee when the duplicate of the relevant offer letter comprising acceptance of the option duly signed by the grantee together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof, is received by the Company within 28 days from the date of the offer.

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31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme and such other terms and conditions upon which an option was granted, at any time during the option period after the option has been granted by the Board but in any event, not longer than 10 years from the date of grant. An option shall lapse automatically and not be exercisable (to the extent not already exercised) on the expiry of the option period.

The Board of Company announced that on 27 September 2022, the Company had granted a total of 62,400,000 share options to 7 eligible participants of the Company pursuant to the Former Scheme of the Company adopted by the Company on 29 January 2018 to subscribe for an aggregate of 62,400,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each Share(s) of the Company. Details are set out in the Company's announcement dated 27 September 2022.

The Board of Company announced that on 13 March 2023, the Company had granted a total of 17,600,000 share options to two eligible participants of the Company pursuant to the Former Scheme to subscribe for an aggregate of 17,600,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each Share(s) of the Company. Details are set out in the Company's announcement dated 13 March 2023.

The share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2023 vested immediately upon grant. The fair value of the services received by the Group as consideration for the share options granted were measured by reference to the fair values of the share options granted, which were determined to be HK\$3,779,000 and HK\$821,000 for the share options granted on 27 September 2022 and 13 March 2023 respectively. The fair values were determined by trinomial model.

The inputs were as follows:

	27 September	13 March
Grant date	2022	2023
Fair value of options on the grant date	Director:	Employees:
	HK\$0.07	HK\$0.05
	Employees and	
	Consultants:	
	HK\$0.06	
Share prices at grant date	HK\$0.11	HK\$0.14
Adjusted (Original) exercise price	HK\$2.20	HK\$2.80
	(HK\$0.11)	(HK\$0.14)
Expected volatility (note)	109%	106%
Expected life	10 years	10 years
Risk-free rate	3.97%	3.48%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
·		

Note:

The expected volatility was determined with reference to the historical volatility of share prices of the Company over the previous three months of each grant date.

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31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Movements of the share options granted to the selected employees and consultants pursuant to the Former Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 are as follows:

Gran	ntees	Exercisable period of the share options	Adjusted Exercise price	Number of share options outstanding and exercisable at 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	Adjustment for the year (note 10)	Number of share options outstanding and exercisable at 31 March 2025
Grar	nted on 27 September 2022	(note 7)				
(i)	Executive Director Choi Pun Lap	27 September 2022 to 26 September 2032	HK\$2.20	9,600,000	(9,120,000)	480,000
(ii)	Employees Employee D	27 September 2022 to 26 September 2032	HK\$2.20	9,600,000	(9,120,000)	480,000
	Employee E	27 September 2022 to 26 September 2032	HK\$2.20	9,600,000	(9,120,000)	480,000
	Employee F	27 September 2022 to 26 September 2032	HK\$2.20	4,800,000	(4,560,000)	240,000
(iii)	Consultants					
	Consultant G (note 1)	27 September 2022 to 26 September 2032	HK\$2.20	9,600,000	(9,120,000)	480,000
	Consultant H (note 2)	27 September 2022 to 26 September 2032	HK\$2.20	9,600,000	(9,120,000)	480,000
	Consultant I (note 3)	27 September 2022 to 26 September 2032	HK\$2.20	9,600,000	(9,120,000)	480,000
Gran	nted on 13 March 2023 (note	e 8)				
(i)	Employees					
.,	Employee J	13 March 2023 to 12 March 2033	HK\$2.80	9,600,000	(9,120,000)	480,000
	Employee K	13 March 2023 to 12 March 2033	HK\$2.80	8,000,000	(7,600,000)	400,000
	Total			80,000,000	(76,000,000)	4,000,000
	Weighted average exerci price (HK\$)	se		HK\$0.12		HK\$2.40
	ρπου (ππφ)					

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Notes:

- Consultant G is a business developer and provided business development services to the Company for the year ended 31
 March 2023. In order to have a better service and be part of the Group, the Company retained and motivated consultant G
 to strive for future development and expansion of the Group by way of granting options to Consultant G.
- 2. Consultant H has experience and knowledge in catering business and provided catering development services for the potential market in Oversea and China to the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023. In order to have a better service and be part of the Group, the Company retained and motivated consultant H to strive for future development and expansion of the Group by way of granting options to Consultant H.
- 3. Consultant I is good at human resources and provided human resources services to the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023. In order to have a better service and be part of the Group. Therefore, the Company retained and motivated Consultant I to strive for future development and expansion of the Group by way of granting options to Consultant I.
- 4. Upon acceptance of the share options, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company as consideration for the grant. The Company has received such consideration from the respective grantees.
- 5. The weighted average remaining contractual life for share options outstanding at the end of the reporting period is 7.60 year (2024: 8.60 years).
- 6. The total number of Shares available for issue under the Former Scheme as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 in respect of outstanding share options granted but not yet exercised was 80,000,000 shares which represented 6.95% and 8.3% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 respectively. The Former Scheme was terminated on 18 January 2024 and the termination of the Former Scheme shall not affect the validity of the outstanding options which shall continue to be enforceable according to the terms of the Former Scheme.
- 7. Details are set out in the Company's announcement date 27 September 2022.
- 8. Details are set out in the Company's announcement date 13 March 2023.
- 9. There was no share option granted for the year ended 31 March 2025.
- 10. Adjustments are made for the Share Consolidation with effect from 3 January 2025 (note 28).

For New Share Scheme:

For the year ended 31 March 2025, there was no share option or award granted since the date of adoption of the New Share Scheme.

The number of shares available for grant in the future under the New Share Scheme upon the grant of the share options or awards to participants as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Company is 5,754,198 (2024: 115,083,969) upon Share Consolidation as stated in note 28 during the year ended 31 March 2025.

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32. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes (the "MPF Scheme") registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately, and there is no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contribution. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are both required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at rates specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions. Except for voluntary contribution, no forfeited contribution under the MPF Scheme is available to reduce the contribution payable in future years. The cap of contribution amount was HK\$1,500 per employee per month.

The retirement benefits contributions arising from the relevant schemes charged to the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represent contributions paid or payable to the funds by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

The contributions paid and payable to the schemes by the Group are disclosed in note 9.

33. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes bank and other borrowings less cash and bank balance, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, other reserves and accumulated profits.

The directors of the Company reviews the capital structure regularly. As part of this review, the directors of the Company considers the cost of capital and the risk associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, issuance of new shares and the raising of borrowings or the repayment of the existing borrowings.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

33. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The net debt-to-adjusted equity ratio at 31 March 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Total debts – Bank and other borrowings Less: Cash and bank balances	5,292 (6,728)	4,822 (8,530)
Net debt	N/A	N/A
Total equity	N/A	N/A
Net debt-to-adjusted equity ratio	N/A	N/A

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
 Trade and other receivables and deposits Bank balances and cash 	21,934 6,728	9,193 8,530
	28,662	17,723
Financial assets at FVTPL	410	2,948
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
- Trade and other payables	27,906	5,285
- Lease liabilities	9,009	11,339
 Bank and other borrowings 	5,292	4,822
	42,207	21,446

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments include trade and other receivables and deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and accruals, and bank and other borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate bank and other borrowings (note 25). The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of prevailing market interest rates arising from the Group's bank balances. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. The management of the Group monitors the Group's exposure on ongoing basis and will consider hedging interest rate risk should the need arises.

Credit risk and impairment assessment

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables and deposits and bank balances.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge the obligations by counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statements of financial position at the end of each reporting period.

The credit risk for bank balances is considered as not material as such amounts are placed in banks with good reputations.

The credit risk on other financial assets including trade receivables and deposits are limited because the counterparties are of good creditworthiness and have a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

For trade receivables, the management makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of trade receivables based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the expected credit losses on trade receivables grouped by past due status. For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group assessed the ECL for trade receivables and allowance of credit loss amounting to approximately HK\$467,000 (2024: HK\$395,000) of trade receivables was provided during the year ended 31 March 2025.

For other receivables, the management makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The management believes that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and hence impairment would be provided based on 12-month ECL ("12m ECL"). For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group assessed the ECL for other receivables and determined no allowance of credit loss of other receivables was provided during the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

Internal credit rating	Description	Trade receivables	Other financial assets
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12m ECL
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12m ECL
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets, which are subject to ECL assessment:

				Gross carryi	ng amount
	External credit rating	Internal credit rating	12-month or Lifetime ECL	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Financial assets at an	nortised cost:				
Trade receivables	N/A	Low risk	Lifetime ECL	14,735	2,426
Trade receivables	N/A	Doubtful	Lifetime ECL	395	395
Other receivables	N/A	Low risk	12-month ECL	5,591	5,260
Deposits	N/A	Low risk	12-month ECL	4,041	3,473
Cash at banks	AA1-AA3	Low risk	12-month ECL	6,728	8,530
				31,490	20,084

Note:

For the purposes of internal credit risk management, the Group uses past due information and forward-looking information to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

2025

	Past due <i>HK</i> \$'000	Not past due/ No fixed Repayment terms HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Carrying amounts: Trade receivables Other receivables		14,268 3,625	14,268 3,625
2024			
	Past due HK\$'000	Not past due/ No fixed Repayment terms <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$</i> '000
Carrying amounts: Trade receivables Other receivables		2,426 3,294	2,426 3,294

The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for trade and other receivables.

	Trade receivables Lifetime ECL HK\$'000	Other receivables 12m ECL HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2023 Impairment losses recognised		1,966
As at 31 March 2024 Impairment losses recognised	395 467	1,966
As at 31 March 2025	862	1,966

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of bank balances and cash deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of unexpected fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

Specially, bank borrowings with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights.

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of each reporting period.

Liquidity tables

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Within 1 year HK\$'000	1 to 5 years HK\$'000	Over 5 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Total carrying amount HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2025 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Bank and other borrowings	3,58 3.74	27,906 5,855 2,664	- 3,504 3,244		27,906 9,359 5,908	27,906 9,009 5,292
		36,425	6,748		43,173	42,207
	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Within 1 year <i>HK\$</i> '000	1 to 5 years HK\$'000	Over 5 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Total carrying amount HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2024 Non-derivative financial liabilities		E 00E			E 00E	E 00E
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	4.01	5,285 6,659	4,347	607	5,285 11,613	5,285 11,339
Bank and other borrowings	4.12	2,204	2,836		5,040	4,822
		14,148	7,183	607	21,938	21,446

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Fair value and fair value hierarchy

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group approximate their fair values.

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2025

Recurring fair value measurement	Level 1 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Level 2 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Level 3 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2025 — Financial assets at FVTPL	410			410
As at 31 March 2024 — Financial assets at FVTPL	2,948			2,948

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

	Financial liabilities at FVTPL
At 1 April 2023 Acquisition of a subsidiary Fair value change up to date of reclassification to equity Reclassified to equity	25,403 (13,380) (12,023)
At 31 March 2024, 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025	

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35. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	Bank and other borrowings HK\$'000	Lease liabilities HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2023	4,580	20,780	25,360
Changes from financing cash flows: Proceed from other borrowings Repayment of principal portion of bank and other	2,135	-	2,135
borrowings Repayment of interest portion of bank and other	(1,893)	_	(1,893)
borrowings	(268)	_	(268)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	_	(13,192)	(13,192)
Repayment of interest portion of lease liabilities	_	(797)	(797)
Non-cash changes:			
Interest expenses of bank and other borrowings	268	_	268
Additions of lease liabilities	_	11,827	11,827
Early termination of lease liabilities	_	(8,076)	(8,076)
Interest expense of lease liabilities			797
At 31 March 2024	4,822	11,339	16,161

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35. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (Continued)

	Bank and other borrowings <i>HK</i> \$'000	Lease liabilities <i>HK</i> \$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
At 1 April 2024	4,822	11,339	16,161
Changes from financing cash flows: Proceed from other borrowings	4,000	_	4,000
Repayment of principal portion of bank and other borrowings	(3,530)	-	(3,530)
Repayment of interest portion of bank and other borrowings	(498)	-	(498)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities Repayment of interest portion of lease liabilities	_ _	(7,057) (427)	(7,057) (427)
Non-cash changes:			
Interest expenses of bank and other borrowings	498		498
Additions of lease liabilities	-	5,492	5,492
Early termination of lease liabilities Interest expense of lease liabilities		(765) 427	(765) 427
At 31 March 2025	5,292	9,009	14,301

Note: The financing cash flows represented the net amount of new bank borrowings raised, interest payment of bank borrowings, and repayment of lease liabilities including both principal and interest portions.

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors, who comprise the members of key management of the Group, during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Short-term benefits	924	1,016
Post-employment benefits	_	_
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	004	1.010
	924	1,016

Borrowings from a director of the Company

The principal amount of borrowings of HK\$1,000,000 from a director of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025 received and repaid (2024: HK\$nil) was unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand which was an exempted connected transactions.

As at 31 March 2025, there was no outstanding of borrowings between directors and the Group.

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37. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

	Note	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Investment in a subsidiary		3,944	3,944
Current assets			
Amounts due from subsidiaries		_	12,358
Bank balances		842	273
		842	12,631
			12,001
Current liabilities			405
Accruals		1,115	435
Amount due to a subsidiary		2,011	4,841
		3,126	5,276
Not coment (lightlities)/seests		(0.004)	7.055
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(2,284)	7,355
Net assets		1,660	11,299
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	28	13,811	11,508
Reserves		(12,151)	(209)
		1,660	11,299
Movement in the Company's reserves			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Share	Accumulated	
	premium	losses	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1 April 2023	88,381	(84,504)	3,877
Transfer of consideration shares (note 27)	10,115	_	10,115
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	_	(14,201)	(14,201)
			(2.2.5)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Placing of shares	98,496 1,611	(98,705) –	(209) 1,611
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	_	(13,553)	(13,553)
•			
At 31 March 2025	100,107	(112,258)	(12,151)

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38. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries at the date of this report are as follows:

Proportion ownership interest and voting right held by the Company

				•		
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Place of operation	Issued and fully paid share capital	2025	2024	Principal activities
Access Smart Corporation Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Restaurant operations
All Happiness Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	90%	90%	Restaurant operations
Foodies Branding Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
Foodies Group Limited	BVI	Hong Kong	USD1,000	100%	100%	Investment holding
Foodies Management Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	100%	Provision of management services to group companies
Gold Pavilion Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	100%	Restaurant operations
Grace Wealth Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$100	100%	100%	Dormant
Jumbo Spirit Group Limited	BVI	Hong Kong	USD1,000	100%	100%	Investment holding
Pacific Best Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	100%	Restaurant operations
Pacific Rise Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Restaurant operations
Rainbow Power Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	100%	Restaurant operations
Top Wealth International (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$10	100%	100%	Restaurant operations

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38. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Proportion ownership interest and voting right held by the Company

			2) company			
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Place of operation	Issued and fully paid share capital	2025	2024	Principal activities
Union Choice Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$101	100%	100%	Provision of food processing services to group companies
Vast Dragon Asia Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Investment holding
Wealth Step Enterprise Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$10	100%	100%	Restaurant operations
Wealth Treasure Capital Investment Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$100	100%	100%	Restaurant operations
High Smart Engineering Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000	100%	100%	Aircraft's engine stand repairing and maintenance

39. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On 18 November 2024, the Board of Directors of the Company proposed to implement the capital reorganization involving (i) the consolidation of the shares on the basis that every 20 issued Shares of par value HK\$0.01 each will be consolidated into one issued consolidated share of par value HK\$0.20 each; (ii) the capital reduction by rounding down the total number of consolidated shares in the issued share capital of the Company to the nearest whole number by cancelling any fraction of a consolidated share in the total number of consolidated shares in the issued share capital of the Company immediately following the share consolidation and the reduction of the par value of each issued consolidated share from HK\$0.20 to HK\$0.0001 and (iii) the sub-division of each authorized but unissued share into 100 New Shares of par value HK\$0.0001 each.

The capital reorganization was approved by the Court containing the particulars required under the Companies Act of Cayman Islands in respect of the Capital Reduction have been registered with the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands and completed on 16 May 2025.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group pursuant to Rule 18.33 of the GEM Listing Rules, as extracted from the published audited consolidated financial statements or the Prospectus, is set out as follows:

	Year ended 31 March						
	2021 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000		
Revenue	97,421	85,585	68,702	91,852	97,763		
Profit/(loss) before taxation Income tax credit	8,735 16	3,929 <u>91</u>	(37,040) 2,415	7,873 374	(20,912) 59		
Profit/(loss) for the year	8,751	4,020	(34,625)	8,247	(20,853)		
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	8,585 166	4,007 13	(34,625)	8,247	(20,853)		
	8,751	4,020	(34,625)	8,247	(20,853)		
	As at 31 March						
	2021 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000	2025 HK\$'000		
Assets and liabilities							
Total assets Total liabilities	100,157 (61,410)	96,787 (53,996)	85,227 (71,053)	69,713 (35,269)	74,095 56,590		
	38,747	42,791	14,174	34,444	17,505		
Equity attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	38,793 (46)	42,824 (33)	14,207 (33)	34,477 (33)	17,538 (33)		
	38,747	42,791	14,174	34,444	17,505		