## 1. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and property investment. The activities of the subsidiary companies and associated companies are shown in notes 13 and 14 to the accounts respectively.

## 2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and investments in certain associated companies and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these accounts are set out below:

## (a) Consolidation

The consolidated accounts include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiary companies made up to 31st March, and the Group's attributable share of post acquisition results and reserves of its associated companies. The results of subsidiary companies acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the effective date of acquisition or up to effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Profits or losses on the disposal of subsidiary companies are determined as the difference between the net sale proceeds and the Group's share of net assets to gether with any goodwill or capital reserve which has not been previously charged or recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.
(b) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiary and associated companies represents the excess of purchase consideration over the fair values ascribed to the net tangible assets acquired and is taken directly to reserves in the year of acquisition.
(c) Subsidiary companies

A company is a subsidiary company if more than $50 \%$ of the issued equity capital is held for the long term or if the composition of the board of directors is controlled by the Company. Investments in subsidiary companies are carried at cost less provision. Provision is made when, in the opinion of Directors, there is a diminution in value other than temporary in nature.
2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
(d) Associated companies

An associated company is a company, not being a subsidiary company, in which an equity interest is held for the long term and significant influence is exercised in its management.

Investments in associated companies are accounted for under the equity method whereby the Group's share of profits less losses is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and the Group's share of net assets is included in the consolidated balance sheet.

In the C ompany's balance sheet, investments in associated companies are stated at cost or valuation less provision. Provision is made when, in the opinion of the Directors, there is a diminution in value other than temporary in nature.
(e) Investments

Investments held for the long term are stated at cost less provision. Provision is made when, in the opinion of the Directors, there is a diminution in value other than temporary in nature.

Investments held for the short term are stated at fair value. At each balance sheet date, the net unrealised gains or losses arising from the changes in fair value of investments are recognised in the profit and loss account. Profits or losses upon the disposals of short-term investments, representing the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amounts, are recognised in the profit and loss account as they arise.

## Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings in respect of which construction work and development have been completed and which are held for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length.

No depreciation is provided on investment properties held on leases of more than twenty years. Investment properties are carried at their open market values based on annual professional valuations by independent valuers at the balance sheet date. Increases in valuation are credited to the investment properties revaluation reserve; decreases are first set off against earlier valuation reserves on a portfolio basis and thereafter charged to the profit and loss account. Upon the disposal of an investment property, the relevant revaluation reserve is released and credited to the profit and loss account.
2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
(g) Properties under development

Properties under development are carried at cost comprising land cost, development expenditure, interest or other direct expenses during the course of development.
(h) Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value. $N$ et realisable value is determined by reference to management estimates based on prevailing market conditions.
(i) Construction contracts in progress

Construction contracts in progress are stated at cost less progress payments and provision for foreseeable losses.
(j) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is accounted for at the current tax rate in respect of timing differences between profit as computed for taxation purposes and profit as stated in the accounts to the extent that a liability or asset is expected to be payable or recoverable in the foreseeable future.
(k) Revenue recognition

Sales of properties are recognised only when the sale agreements are completed or when the relevant building occupation permit is issued by the Building Authorities whichever is the later. Management fee is recognised when services are rendered. Rental income is recognised over the term of the leases on a straight line basis. Revenue from construction contracts in progress is recognised using the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the cost incurred to date compared with the estimated total cost of the contracts. Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis. Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is certain.

## (I) Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessors are accounted for as operating leases. Rental applicable to operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessors are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Accounts (coninued)
2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
(m) Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at exchange rates ruling at that date. All exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.
(n) Related parties

Related parties are individuals and companies, including subsidiary and associated companies, where the individual, company or group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

## 3. TURNOVER

|  | 2001 | 2000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | H K \$ | HK\$ |
| Rental | 4,150,665 | 5,105,061 |
| M anagement fee | 4,639,241 | 4,896,382 |
| Interest | 6,215,558 | 4,078,718 |
| Construction fee | 1,970,740 | 2,591,510 |
|  | 16,976,204 | 16,671,671 |

Turnover represents rental, management fee, interest and construction fee income.
4. OTHER REVENUES

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2001 \\ \text { HK\$ } \end{gathered}$ | 2000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit on sales of short-term investments | 1,990,993 | 3,203,381 |
| Dividend from listed investments | - | 276,277 |
| Sundries | 131,866 | 42,890 |
|  | 2,122,859 | 3,522,548 |

## 5. OPERATING PROFIT

|  | 2001 HK\$ | 2000 $H K \$$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O perating profit is stated after crediting: |  |  |
| Gross rental income |  |  |
| Investment properties | 1,233,343 | 1,409,948 |
| 0 ther properties | 2,917,322 | 3,695,113 |
| Less related outgo ings | $(402,361)$ | $(336,291)$ |
| and after charging: |  |  |
| Staff costs | 4,191,610 | 4,390,132 |
| Auditors' remuneration | 302,000 | 226,000 |
| $N$ et unrealised loss of short-term investments | 7,220,263 | - |
| O perating lease rental expense for land and buildings | 175,500 | 209,625 |

## 6. SHARE OF (LOSSES)/PROFITS OF ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

The Group's share of results of associated companies include deficits on revaluation of properties held by associated companies amounting to HK \$19,766,242 (2000: HK\$4,819,150).

## 7. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 2000 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HKK | HK\$ |  |
| Fees | $\mathbf{1 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  |

Directors' fees paid to independent non-executive Directors amount to HK \$50,000 (2000: HK\$50,000). None of the Directors has waived the right to receive their emoluments. Details of the emoluments paid to the five individuals, who are not Directors, whose emoluments were the highest in the Group are:

|  | 2001 | 2000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Salaries and other emoluments | 1,752,875 | 1,781,925 |
| Contributions to retirement benefit scheme | 120,720 | 115,378 |
|  | 1,873,595 | 1,897,303 |

The emoluments of each of the five individuals are below $\mathrm{HK} \$ 1,000,000$.

## 8. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Group participates in a defined contribution scheme which covers all the employees of the Group and certain related companies. The assets of the scheme are held in a trust fund separated from the Group and the related companies. Contributions to the scheme are based on a percentage of employee salary depending upon the length of service of the employee and charged to the profit and loss account in the year to which they relate. The charge for the scheme for the year was HK\$245,998 (2000: HK\$232,944).

## 9. TAXATION

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 2000 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| HK\$ |  |  |
| Company and subsidiary companies | $\mathbf{H K \$}$ |  |
| Hrovision for the year <br> O ver provision in prior years <br> Associated companies <br> Provision for the year <br> O ver provision in prior years | $\mathbf{2 1 6 , 9 4 1}$ | $(\mathbf{4 , 5 2 6 )}$ |

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of $16 \%$ (2000: 16\%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. There are no material timing differences not provided for in the accounts.
10. DIVIDENDS

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ <br> HK\$ | 2000 <br> HK\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Interim dividend paid <br> 1.1 cents (2000: 1.1 cents) per share <br> Proposed final dividend <br> 2.8 cents (2000: 3.9 cents) per share | $\mathbf{1 , 3 3 0 , 5 6 0}$ | $1,330,560$ |
|  | $\underline{\mathbf{3 , 3 8 6 , 8 8 0}}$ |  |

## 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to shareholders of HK $\$ 354,796$ (2000: HK $\$ 23,310,881$ ) and on $120,960,000$ shares in issue during the year.

## 12. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

| Group and <br> Company <br> HK \$ |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Valuation |  |
| At 31st March 2000 (note 21) | $23,300,000$ <br> D eficit on revaluation $2,500,000)$ |
| At 31st March 2001 | $\mathbf{2 0 , 8 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

The properties are held under long-term leases in Hong Kong and are stated at professional valuation made on 31st March 2001 by Chung Sen Surveyors Limited on an open market value basis.

## 13. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

|  | Company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2000 |
|  | H K\$ | HK\$ |
| Unlisted shares, at cost | 110,246 | 110,246 |
| Amounts receivable | 143,530 | 34,500 |
| Amounts payable | $(8,565,864)$ | $(11,050,119)$ |
|  | $(8,312,088)$ | $(10,905,373)$ |

## 13. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (Continued)

Particulars of the subsidiary companies, all of which are wholly-owned by the Company, are as follows:

| Name | Place of incorporation and operation | Principal activities | Nominal value of issued share capital |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Festigood Company Limited | Hong Kong | Property development | 2 |
| Galy Property Management Limited | Hong Kong | Property management | 2 |
| Khanman Construction Company Limited | Hong Kong | Building contractor | 200 |
| Tai Kong Shan Realty Limited | Hong Kong | Property investment | 100,000 |
| Tinpoly Realty Limited | Hong Kong | Property investment | 40 |
| W ah Ha Construction Company Limited | Hong Kong | Building contractor | 2 |
| W ah Ha Real Estate Agency Limited | Hong Kong | Property agency | 10,000 |

## 14. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

|  | Group |  | Company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
|  | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Unlisted shares, at cost or directors' valuation in 1990 | 26,240,627 | 26,290,627 | 26,240,627 | 26,290,627 |
| Share of retained postacquisition reserves | 76,691,145 | 142,685,754 | - | - |
| Share of net assets | 102,931,772 | 168,976,381 | 26,240,627 | 26,290,627 |
| Amounts receivable | 258,045,674 | 259,884,114 | 258,045,674 | 259,884,114 |
| Amounts payable | $(2,032,640)$ | (50,504,334) | $(2,032,640)$ | $(50,504,334)$ |
|  | 256,013,034 | 209,379,780 | 256,013,034 | 209,379,780 |
|  | 358,944,806 | 378,356,161 | 282,253,661 | 235,670,407 |

During the year, the Company received dividends of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 58,577,554$ (2000: HK\$13,300,000) from associated companies.

Particulars of the associated companies and the amounts receivable/(payable) are as follows:

| Name | Principal activities | Amounts receivable/(payable) by Group |  | Effective percentage of equity held by Group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2001 | 2000 |  |
|  |  | HK\$ | HK\$ |  |
| Cantake Land Investment Company Limited | Property development | 105,712,760 | 105,722,760 | 25 |
| Chase Good Development Limited | Property development | 17,629,303 | 18,280,303 | 25 |
| Daily Eagle Development Limited | Property development | 6,322,661 | 10,536,411 | 25 |
| Eastern Tailor Enterprises Limited | Property investment | 22,190,919 | 23,174,919 | 25 |

14. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

| Name | Principal activities | Amounts receivable/(payable) by Group |  | Effective percentage of equity held by Group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2001 | 2000 |  |
|  |  | HK\$ | HK\$ |  |
| E. Hing Cheung Realty Limited (In Liquidation) | Dormant | - | $(23,122,694)$ | 50 |
| Fu Kung San Realty Limited | Investment holding | $(1,289,610)$ | (6,413,610) | 50 |
| Fullion Realty Limited | Property investment | $(1,716)$ | $(16,126,716)$ | 50 |
| * Fupoly Properties Limited | Property investment | $(155,000)$ | $(30,000)$ | 25 |
| Hinquand Enterprise Limited | Property investment | 17,156,760 | 13,554,031 | 50 |
| Kam Lee W ah Realty Limited | Property investment | 163,170 | 146,590 | 50 |
| Keneva Company Limited | Property development | 36,566,901 | 32,158,900 | 25 |
| Keneva C onstruction Company Limited | Building contractor | - | - | 25 |
| Kin Yuen Hing Investment Company Limited | Property development | 17,184,056 | 18,846,556 | 50 |
| Mass Collection Company Limited | Property development | $(586,314)$ | (4,811,314) | 50 |
| Remadour Estate Limited | Property investment | 11,043,495 | 11,795,995 | 25 |
| * Sing Mei Properties Limited | Property investment | - | - | 25 |

14. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

| Name | Principal activities | Amounts receivable/(payable) by Group |  | Effective percentage of equity held by Group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2001 | 2000 |  |
|  |  | HK\$ | HK\$ |  |
| * Sun Prince Godown Limited | Property investment | 3,331,575 | 3,227,575 | 50 |
| * Sun Tai Tsuen Godown Company Limited | Property investment | 3,352,469 | 3,248,469 | 50 |
| W ah Ha Property Development Limited | Property investment | 17,391,605 | 19,191,605 | 50 |
|  |  | 256,013,034 | 209,379,780 |  |

(1) The amounts receivable and payable are unsecured, interest free and have no specific repayment terms. The Group has not provided any guarantees in respect of any borrowings or facilities of the associated companies and has not entered into any agreements to make further advances to the associated companies.
(2) All associated companies are incorporated in Hong Kong and are held directly by the Company except Sing Mei Properties Limited which is $50 \%$ owned by Fu Kung San Realty Limited.

* The accounts of these associated companies have not been audited by PricewaterhouseC oopers.

15. OTHER INVESTMENTS

|  | Group and Company |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 2001 | 2000 |  |
| HK\$ | HK\$ |  |
| Unlisted shares, at cost |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## 16. LOANS RECEIVABLE

|  | Group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2000 |
|  | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Mortgage loans | 323,627 | 471,461 |
| Current portion included in current assets | $(125,796)$ | $(105,344)$ |
|  | 197,831 | 366,117 |

Mortgage loans are provided to purchasers of the Group's properties.
17. DEBTORS AND PREPAYMENTS

|  | Group |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 2000 |
| HKK | HK\$ |  |
| Trade debtors |  |  |
| $\quad$ Below 60 days | $\mathbf{3 3 1 , 3 5 8}$ | 269,068 |
| O ther debtors | $\mathbf{2 , 8 0 4 , 0 1 3}$ | $2,512,267$ |
| Prepayments and utility deposits | $\mathbf{1 9 0 , 7 4 5}$ | 149,869 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3 , 3 2 6 , 1 1 6}$ |  |  |

Trade debtors represent rental receivable which is normally due for payment upon presentation of debit note at the beginning of each rental period.

## 18. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

|  | Group and Company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2000 |
|  | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Unlisted, at cost less provision | 32,643,040 | - |
| Listed shares in Hong Kong, at market value | 18,019,402 | - |
|  | 50,662,442 | - |

Notes to the Accounts (coninued)

## 19. CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS

|  | Group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2000 |
|  | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Trade creditors |  |  |
| Below 90 days | 22,822 | 41,251 |
| 0 ver 90 days | 404,200 | 298,163 |
|  | 427,022 | 339,414 |
| 0 ther creditors | 5,113,789 | 283,371 |
| Rental and utility deposits received | 883,384 | 919,918 |
| Accrued expenses | 375,000 | 370,686 |
|  | 6,799,195 | 1,913,389 |

## 20. SHARE CAPITAL

|  | Company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2000 |
|  | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Authorised: |  |  |
| 150,000,000 shares of HK\$0.65 each | 97,500,000 | 97,500,000 |
| Issued and fully paid: |  |  |
| 120,960,000 shares of HK\$0.65 each | 78,624,000 | 78,624,000 |

## 21. RESERVES

| Asset | Investment <br> properties |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| revaluation | revaluation | Retained |  |
| reserve | reserve | profit | Total |
| HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ |

## Group

At 31st March 1999
D eficit on revaluation
Company and subsidiary companies
Associated companies
Profit for the year
Dividends

At 31st March 2000
D eficit on revaluation
Company and subsidiary companies
Associated companies
Profit for the year
Dividends

## At 31st March 2001

## Company

At 31st March 1999
D eficit on revaluation
Profit for the year Dividends

At 31st March 2000
D eficit on revaluation Profit for the year Dividends

At 31st March 2001
$24,461,230$
56,135,452
$-\quad(300,000)$

- $\quad(6,104,001)$
- 

$-$
$24,461,230$
49,731,451
-
,

| - | $(2,500,000)$ | - | $(2,500,000)$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - | $(2,533,758)$ | - | $(2,533,758)$ |
| - | - | 354,796 | 354,796 |
| - | - | $(4,717,440)$ | $(4,717,440)$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4 4 , 4 6 1 , \mathbf { 2 3 0 }}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 , 6 9 7 , 6 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 7 , 4 9 8 , 9 3 6}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{4 0 6 , 6 5 7 , 8 5 9}}$ |

$\underline{\underline{24,461,230}} \xlongequal{44,697,693} \underline{\underline{437,498,936}}$

Total HK\$

## 21. RESERVES (Continued)

(1) Asset revaluation reserve, investment properties revaluation reserve and retained profit of the Group attributable to associated companies amounted to HK \$24,461,230 (2000: HK\$24,461,230), HK $\$ 29,195,408$ (2000: HK $\$ 31,729,166$ ) and HK $\$ 46,634,507(2000:$ HK $\$ 110,095,358)$ respectively.
(2) Distributable reserves of the Company, calculated under Section 79B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, amounted to HK \$270,799,449 (2000: HK\$209,787,265).

## 22. DEFERRED TAXATION

|  | Group |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 2000 |
| HK\$ | HK\$ |  |
| Balance brought forward | $\mathbf{2 8 , 5 0 0}$ | 37,500 |
| Reclassified to current taxation | $\mathbf{( 1 0 , 1 5 9 )}$ | $(9,000)$ |
| Balance carried forward |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{1 8 , 3 4 1}$ |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Provision is made in respect of timing differences on computing profit on sales of properties for taxation purposes. The surplus arising from the revaluation of investment properties does not constitute a timing difference and accordingly no provision for deferred taxation is required. There are no material timing differences not provided for in the accounts.
23. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 2000 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| HK\$ |  |  |
| O perating profit | $\mathbf{H K \$}$ |  |
| Dividend income | $\mathbf{5 , 4 5 0 , 5 0 8}$ | $13,493,009$ |
| Interest income | $\mathbf{-}$ | $(276,277)$ |
| Profit on sales of short-term investments | $\mathbf{( 6 , 2 1 5 , 5 5 8 )}$ | $(4,078,718)$ |
| Increase in debtors and prepayments | $\mathbf{( 1 , 9 9 0 , 9 9 3 )}$ | $(3,203,381)$ |
| Increase/(decrease) in net balances due to related companies | $\mathbf{( 9 8 , 2 9 9 )}$ | $(292,946)$ |
| Increase/(decrease) in creditors and accruals | $\mathbf{8 1 , 3 0 4}$ | $(701,693)$ |
| N et unrealised loss of short-term investments | $\mathbf{4 , 8 8 5 , 8 0 6}$ | $(47,609)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{7 , 2 2 0 , 2 6 3}$ | - |
| N et cash inflow from operating activities | $\mathbf{9 , 3 3 3 , 0 3 1}$ | $4,892,385$ |

## 24. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of the related party transactions, which also constitute connected transactions, carried out in the normal course of the Group's business activities:

|  | Note | $\begin{gathered} 2001 \\ \text { HK\$ } \end{gathered}$ | 2000 HK\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Associated companies |  |  |  |
| Management fee income | 1 | 2,757,500 | 2,923,839 |
| Related companies |  |  |  |
| Management fee income | 1 | 324,000 | 424,400 |
| Construction fee income | 2 | 1,970,740 | 2,591,510 |
| Estate agency fee income | 3 | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| Rental expense | 4 | 175,500 | 209,625 |

Notes:
(1) The Group provides management services to associated companies and a related company. Fees are charged based on a percentage of annual rental income of the associated companies and related companies.
(2) The Group provides supervisory services for building construction work to related parties. Service fees are calculated based on the number of employees on the job.
(3) The Group provides estate agency services to a related company at a fixed annual fee of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 200,000$.
(4) The rental was paid to a related company at a monthly fixed rate.

## 25. APPROVAL OF ACCOUNTS

The accounts on pages 15 to 35 were approved by the Board of Directors on 13th July 2001.

