NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30th June, 2001

1. General

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The principal activities of the Group are property development and investment, hotel operation and management, investment in infrastructure projects, civil and building construction and project management, real estate agency and management and treasury investment.

2. Principal Accounting Policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified for the revaluation of investment properties and investments in securities.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 30th June each year.

The results of the subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associates acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group have been eliminated on consolidation.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase consideration over the fair value ascribed to the Group's share of the separable net assets at the date of acquisition of a subsidiary and is written off to reserves immediately on acquisition. Negative goodwill, which represents the excess of the fair value ascribed to the Group's share of the separable net assets at the date of acquisition of a subsidiary over the purchase consideration, is credited to reserves.

Any premium or discount arising on the acquisition of an interest in an associate, representing the excess or shortfall respectively of the purchase consideration over the fair value ascribed to the Group's share of the separable net assets of the associate at the date of acquisition, is dealt with in the same manner as that described above for goodwill.

On disposal of investments in subsidiaries and associates, the attributable amount of goodwill/premium or discount previously eliminated against or credited to reserves is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal of the subsidiary or associate.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an enterprise in which the Company, directly or indirectly, holds more than half of the issued share capital, or controls more than half of the voting power, or where the Company controls the composition of its board of directors or equivalent governing body.

In the Company's balance sheet, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any identified impairment losses.

Jointly controlled entities

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity which is subject to joint control and over which none of the participating parties has unilateral control. Joint venture arrangements which involve the establishment of a separate entity in which each venturer has an interest are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

2. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

The consolidated income statement includes the Group's share of the post-acquisition results of its jointly controlled entities for the year. In the consolidated balance sheet, investments in jointly controlled entities are stated at cost less amortisation and any identified impairment losses plus the Group's attributable share of the undistributed post-acquisition reserves of the jointly controlled entities. The cost of investments in jointly controlled entities comprises capital contributed, development expenditure incurred by the Group, financial expenses capitalised less interest income on advances to jointly controlled entities deferred to the extent of the Group's interest therein during the development stage of the projects undertaken by the jointly controlled entities.

The cost of investments, to the extent not borne by the jointly controlled entities, is amortised on the same basis as that adopted by the relevant jointly controlled entity in respect of depreciation of its project cost, over the joint venture period commencing from the date of operation of the project undertaken.

When the Group transacts with its jointly controlled entities, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant jointly controlled entity, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

Associates

An associate is an enterprise over which the Group is in a position to exercise significant influence, including participation in financial and operating policy decisions.

The consolidated income statement includes the Group's share of the post-acquisition results of its associates calculated based on their financial statements made up to a date not more than six months before the balance sheet date. In the consolidated balance sheet, interests in associates are stated at the Group's share of the net assets of the associates.

When the Group transacts with its associates, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

In the Company's balance sheet, investments in associates are stated at cost less any identified impairment losses.

Other investments

Development expenditure incurred under the terms of a concession agreement for the investment in a superstructure project during the development stage is carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost less any identified impairment losses. Development expenditure includes construction costs, other incidental costs and attributable borrowing costs.

Investment securities, which are securities held for an identified long term purpose, are measured at reporting dates at cost less any identified impairment losses.

Investment properties

Investment properties are completed properties which are held for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length.

Investment properties are stated at their open market value based on independent professional valuations at the balance sheet date. Any revaluation increase or decrease arising on the revaluation of investment properties is credited or charged to the investment property revaluation reserve unless the balance on this reserve is insufficient to cover a revaluation decrease, in which case the excess of the revaluation decrease over the balance on the investment property revaluation reserve is charged to the income statement. Where a decrease has previously been charged to the income statement and a revaluation increase subsequently arises, this increase is credited to the income statement to the extent of the decrease previously charged.

On disposal of an investment property, the balance on the investment property revaluation reserve attributable to that property is transferred to the income statement.

No depreciation is provided on investment properties except where the unexpired term of the relevant lease is 20 years or less.

2. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less depreciation. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its present working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the assets, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of the assets. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income statement.

Where the recoverable amount of an asset has declined below its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to reflect the decline in value. In determining the recoverable amount of assets, expected future cash flows are not discounted to their present values.

It is the Group's practice to maintain its hotel property in a continual state of sound repair and maintenance and to make improvements from time to time and accordingly, the directors consider that depreciation is not necessary as the property maintains a residual value at least equal to its carrying value. Repairs and maintenance expenditure is charged to the income statement when incurred.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of other property, plant and equipment in use over their estimated useful lives from the date they become fully operational and after taking into account their estimated residual value, using the straight line method, at the following rates per annum:

Estimated useful lives

Category of assets

Leasehold land Over the term of the lease **Buildings** 50 years or the remaining term of the land lease, whichever is shorter Other assets 5 to 10 years

Development properties

Properties held for or under development are stated at cost less any identified impairment losses. The cost of such properties comprises land cost, development expenditure, other attributable expenses and, where appropriate, borrowing costs capitalised.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, which comprises all costs of purchase and, where applicable, costs of conversion and other costs that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, is calculated using the first-in, firstout method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Properties for sale

Properties for sale are stated at the lower of cost, comprising land and development cost, and net realisable value. Net realisable value is determined by reference to management estimates based on prevailing market conditions.

Construction contracts

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract costs are charged to the income statement by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date, as measured by the proportion that costs incurred to date bear to estimated total costs for the contract.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract cost will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

2. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

When a contract covers a number of assets, the construction of each asset is treated as a separate contract when separate proposals have been submitted for each asset, each asset has been separately negotiated and the costs and revenues of each asset can be separately identified. A group of contracts, performed concurrently or in a continuous sequence, is treated as a single construction contract when they were negotiated as a single package and are so closely inter-related that they constitute a single project with an overall profit margin.

Operating leases

Operating leases are leases whereby substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets remain with the lessors. Rentals receivable under operating leases are credited to the income statement on a straight line basis over the terms of the respective leases.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars are retranslated into Hong Kong dollars at the rates of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date. Transactions in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the rates of exchange ruling on the transaction dates. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings for the purpose of financing qualifying assets under development prior to completion, to the extent that they are regarded as adjustments to interest cost, are capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy and form part of the cost of such assets. Other exchange differences are dealt with in the income statement.

On consolidation, the financial statements of subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associates established outside Hong Kong, which are expressed in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars, are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the rates of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising therefrom are dealt with in exchange equalisation reserve.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the results for the year as adjusted for items which are nonassessable or disallowed. Timing differences arise from the recognition for tax purposes of certain items of income and expense in a different accounting period from that in which they are recognised in the financial statements. The tax effect of timing differences, computed using the liability method, is recognised as deferred taxation in the financial statements to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

Notes payable

Unsecured notes payable are separately disclosed and regarded as liabilities. The note issue expenses, which represent the discount on issue of notes and expenses incurred directly in connection with the issue, are deferred and amortised over the period of the notes so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the carrying amount of the notes.

If any of the notes outstanding are repurchased by the Group prior to their maturity date, any gain or loss, representing the difference between the purchase price and the principal amount of the notes repurchased together with outstanding interest thereon and the related unamortised note issue expenses, is dealt with in the income statement. The Group's liability in respect of notes payable is presented net of the principal amount of notes repurchased.

Capitalisation of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs, including project financing costs, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised.

Project financing costs, which represent all origination costs, including arrangement fees, legal fees and other related costs, directly associated with the arrangement of loans intended to finance the development and construction of a viable project, are deferred and amortised over the terms of the loans.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

2. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents represent short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which were within three months of maturity when acquired, less advances from banks repayable within three months from the date of the advance.

Revenue recognition

Lease of properties

Rental income in respect of properties under operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the respective lease term.

Hotel operation and management

Revenue from hotel operation and management is recognised when the relevant services are provided.

Construction and project management

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue from fixed price construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion that costs incurred to date bear to estimated total costs for each contract. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue from cost-plus contracts is recognised by reference to the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus the fees earned, measured by the proportion that costs incurred to date bear to the estimated total costs of the contract.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable.

Income from project management is recognised when the relevant services are provided and the right to receive payment is established.

Real estate agency and management

Revenue from the provision of real estate agency and management services is recognised when the relevant services are provided.

Interest income

Interest income from bank deposits, loans receivable and infrastructure project investments is recognised on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.

Investments

Revenue from sale of investments is recognised when the relevant sale contract becomes unconditional.

3. Turnover And Contribution

Turnover represents property rental, revenue from hotel operation and management, income from infrastructure project investment, construction and project management fees, income from real estate agency and management services, bank and other interest income.

The turnover and contribution of the Group analysed by activity are as follows:

	Turnover		Contribution	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
Property rental, agency and management Hotel operations and management Infrastructure project investment Construction and project management Treasury operations – interest income Other activities	369,964 275,548 531,466 517,608 53,552 1,965	360,787 292,948 444,031 406,424 62,692 5,439	234,975 20,242 490,523 9,482 53,552 (261,984)	223,475 (14,687) 412,356 (19,276) 62,692 18,014
Less: Unallocated administrative expenses	1,750,103	1,572,321	546,790 (50,366)	682,574 (54,557)
Profit from operations			496,424	628,017

Note:

The turnover from infrastructure project investment shown above comprised mainly of interest income from project companies. The contribution from other activities for the current year includes the impairment loss on a hotel property under development amounted to HK\$290 million (2000: Nil).

The turnover and contribution of the Group analysed by geographical location are as follows:

	Tur	nover	Contribution	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
Hong Kong Other regions in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") Republic of Malta Other locations	1,132,465 613,040 4,598	1,051,354 519,548 _ 1,419	221,436 578,007 (290,000) (13,019)	168,057 475,889 _ (15,929)
	1,750,103	1,572,321	496,424	628,017

4. Other Revenue

	The Group		
Included in other revenue are the following:	2001 HK\$′000	2000 HK\$'000	
Gain on repurchase of notes Exchange gains	22,791 17,442	15,335 1,557	

5. Profit From Operations Before Impairment Loss

	The G	The Group		
	2001 20 HK\$'000 HK\$'			
Profit from operations before impairment loss has been arrived at after charging (crediting):				
Auditors' remuneration Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of cost of investment in jointly controlled entities	4,457 15,908 36,543	4,193 17,084 31,676		
Provision for doubtful trade receivables Staff costs including directors' emoluments Rental income in respect of land and buildings under operating leases, less outgoings of HK\$115,006,000 (2000: HK\$114,697,000)	13,109 214,290 (245,699)	15,281 237,828 (237,822)		

6. Finance Costs

	The Gr	The Group		
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000		
Interest on:				
Bank loans and overdrafts Notes	352,797	467,634		
 wholly payable within five years 	154,917	153,358		
 not wholly payable within five years 	313,630	315,198		
Other loans wholly payable within five years	30,890	22,363		
Warranties wholly payable within five years	27,296	34,657		
Total interest	879,530	993,210		
Less: Amount borne by a jointly controlled entity Amounts capitalised on:	(126,456)	(253,643)		
- Infrastructure projects	(19,613)	(106,151)		
 Properties under development 	(7,424)	(4,806)		
	726,037	628,610		
Notes issue expenses amortised	17,260	17,148		
Other finance costs	24,253	10,346		
	767,550	656,104		

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7. Taxation

	The Gr	The Group		
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000		
The charge comprises:				
The Company and subsidiaries Hong Kong profits tax – Current year's provision – Overprovision in prior years	571 (1,200)	1,004 (975)		
Taxation elsewhere – Current year's provision – Overprovision in prior years	14,406 (5,287)	106 (3,002)		
	8,490	(2,867)		
Jointly controlled entities Taxation elsewhere	9,457	14,225		
Associates Hong Kong profits tax Taxation elsewhere	877 7,685	922 7,905		
	8,562	8,827		
	26,509	20,185		

Provision for Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at the rate of 16% (2000: 16%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere are calculated at rates prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred taxation has not been accounted for in the financial statements as there are no material timing differences.

Deferred tax has not been provided on the increase or decrease arising on revaluation of investment properties as the profits or losses arising from disposal of these assets would not be subject to taxation. Accordingly, the valuation surplus does not constitute a timing difference for deferred tax purposes.

8. Net Profit For The Year

Of the Group's net profit for the year, a profit of HK\$39,901,000 (2000: HK\$137,043,000) has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

9. Dividends

	The Group and	the Company
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
Interim dividend, paid HK5 cents (2000: HK5 cents) per share	43,799	43,799
Final dividend, proposed HK7 cents (2000: HK6 cents) per share	61,319	52,559
	105,118	96,358

The final dividend of HK7 cents (2000: HK6 cents) per share has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in general meeting.

10. Earnings Per Share

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the net profit for the year of HK\$305,510,000 (2000: HK\$169,290,000) and on 875,982,121 (2000: 875,982,121) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is not shown as the Company has no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding during the two years presented.

11. Emoluments Of Directors And Highest Paid Employees

(a) Directors' emoluments

	The C	The Group		
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$′000		
Directors' fees Basic salaries, allowances and benefits-in-kind Contribution to provident funds	410 9,780 22	400 9,917 –		
	10,212	10,317		

Emoluments of the directors were within the following bands:

	2001 Number of directors	2000 Number of directors
HK\$ Nil – 1,000,000 1,000,001 – 1,500,000 1,500,001 – 2,000,000 2,000,001 – 2,500,000 2,500,001 – 3,000,000	8 2 3 - 1	6 2 2 1 1

Other than fees of HK\$158,000 (2000: HK\$150,000) payable to the independent non-executive directors which have been included above, no remuneration was paid or is payable to such directors.

(b) Highest paid employees' emoluments

The five individuals in the Group with the highest emoluments included four (2000: four) directors of the Company whose emoluments are included above. The emoluments of the remaining individual in respect of the year amounted to approximately HK\$1,457,000 (2000: HK\$1,317,000), comprising basic salaries, allowances and benefits-in-kind of HK\$1,450,000 (2000: HK\$1,317,000) and contribution to provident funds of HK\$7,000 (2000: Nil).

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12. Investment Properties

-	The G	iroup
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
Investment properties at valuation At beginning of the year Additions during the year Construction cost adjustment Revaluation increase (decrease)	6,357,500 4,567 (18,082) 40,815	7,221,500 _ _ (864,000)
At end of the year	6,384,800	6,357,500
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
The net book value of the Group's investment properties comprises:		
Land and buildings in Hong Kong on Long leases Medium-term leases	3,270,000 3,114,800	3,320,000 3,037,500
	6,384,800	6,357,500

The Group's investment properties were revalued at 30th June, 2001 on an open market value basis by FPDSavills (Hong Kong) Limited, an independent firm of professional property valuers. The increase arising on revaluation has been credited to investment property revaluation reserve (note 25).

Investment properties of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$4,750 million (2000: HK\$4,466 million) were rented out under operating leases at the balance sheet date.

13. Property, Plant And Equipment

	Land a Hotel	nd buildings Other	Power plant	Other	
	property HK\$'000	properties HK\$'000	(Note b) HK\$'000	assets HK\$'000	Total HK\$′000
The Group					
COST					
At 1st July, 2000	495,911	31,094	2,303,407	387,409	3,217,821
Additions	-	-	-	6,560	6,560
Construction cost adjustment	(21,039)	-	-	-	(21,039)
Disposals/write-offs	-	-	-	(48,316)	(48,316)
At 30th June, 2001	474,872	31,094	2,303,407	345,653	3,155,026
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT					
At 1st July, 2000	-	6,968	1,703,348	353,259	2,063,575
Provided for the year	_	584	-	15,324	15,908
Eliminated on					
disposals/write-offs	-	-	-	(43,442)	(43,442)
At 30th June, 2001	_	7,552	1,703,348	325,141	2,036,041
NET BOOK VALUES					
At 30th June, 2001	474,872	23,542	600,059	20,512	1,118,985
At 30th June, 2000	495,911	24,126	600,059	34,150	1,154,246

13. Property, Plant And Equipment (continued)

Notes:

- (a) The land and buildings of the Group are situated in Hong Kong on medium-term leases.
- (b) The power plant, referred to as the Tanjung Jati B Power Station, is located in Central Java, Indonesia and its development has been temporarily suspended. The cost of the power plant includes the cost of land sites situated in Indonesia held on medium-term leases amounted to approximately HK\$146 million (2000: HK\$146 million). The title of certain land sites for the plant have not yet been transferred to the Group.

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14. Interests In Subsidiaries

	The Cor	The Company		
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000		
Unlisted shares At cost less provision At directors' 1972 valuation less amounts written off	162,103 12,245	120,712 12,245		
Amounts due from subsidiaries less provisions	174,348 13,231,676 13,406,024	132,957 13,252,514 13,385,471		

Details of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 35.

15. Interests In Jointly Controlled Entities

	The G	The Group		
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000		
Read and property projects in the PPC				
Road and property projects in the PRC Unlisted investments, at cost	5,888,359	5,809,542		
Loans to jointly controlled entities				
 advanced by the Group 	8,086,666	7,361,363		
 financed by bank loans 	-	2,871,639		
Share of post acquisition reserves	342,523	375,569		
Less: Loans due within one year included in		(4.004.440)		
current assets (note 22) Accumulated amortisation	(122 (12)	(1,091,440)		
Accumulated amortisation	(123,612)	(87,069)		
	14,193,936	15,239,604		
Property development project in Macau				
Unlisted investments, at cost	4,850	4,850		
Share of post acquisition reserves	(41,911)	(1,937)		
Loan to a jointly controlled entity	489,164	477,596		
Less: Loan due within one year included in current		(20, 702)		
assets (note 22)	(77,176)	(39,703)		
	374,927	440,806		
	14,568,863	15,680,410		

15. Interests In Jointly Controlled Entities (continued)

	The Company	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
Loans to a jointly controlled entity	107,037	96,670

Notes:

Details of the principal jointly controlled entities at the balance sheet date are as follows:

(a) Superhighway project in Guangdong Province

A subsidiary, Hopewell China Development (Superhighway) Limited, entered into a joint venture contract and supplemental agreements with The Guangdong Provincial Highway Construction Company for the construction, operation and management of the Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Zhuhai superhighway (the "Superhighway") in Guangdong Province of the PRC in three phases which are undertaken by a co-operative joint venture company established in the PRC named Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Zhuhai Superhighway Company Limited ("GSZ Superhighway"). The terms of co-operation of each phase of the Superhighway shall be 30 years from the official opening date of each phase. At the end of the co-operation period, all the immovable assets and facilities of GSZ Superhighway relating to each phase will revert to the PRC partner without compensation.

Phase I of the Superhighway ("Guangzhou-Shenzhen Superhighway")

The Group's entitlement to the profit of the toll operations of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Superhighway is 50% for the initial ten years, 48% for the next ten years and 45% for the last ten years of the joint venture period. The Group is also entitled to a share of 80% of the rentals and other income, after deduction of operating and financial expenses, arising from the development of commercial centres and shop spaces along and underneath the superhighway for a period of 30 years commencing on the date of completion of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Superhighway.

GSZ Superhighway has also been granted the rights to develop parcels of land within certain interchanges of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Superhighway for sale or rental with certain land premium to be waived. Detail terms of such grant have yet to be finalised.

The registered capital contributed and advances, other than the portion financed by bank borrowings which were on-lent to GSZ Superhighway, made to GSZ Superhighway by the Group totalling approximately HK\$6,953 million (2000: HK\$6,424 million) carry interest at commercial lending rates. Guangzhou-Shenzhen Superhighway was officially opened in July 1997.

Financial information regarding GSZ Superhighway is set out below:

Operating results	Year ended 30th June		
	2001 RMB\$'000	2000 RMB\$'000	
Turnover Depreciation Profit from ordinary activities before taxation Profit from ordinary activities before taxation attributable to the Group	1,766,880 138,465 488,121 244,060	1,614,301 128,165 381,575 190,788	

15. Interests In Jointly Controlled Entities (continued)

(a) Superhighway project in Guangdong Province (continued)

Assets and liabilities	As at 30th June	
	2001 RMB\$'000	2000 RMB\$'000
Non-current assets		
 Toll roads and other assets 	11,691,227	11,822,208
Non-current liabilities		
 Loans from joint venture partners and bank loans procured by a 	(6 757 726)	
joint venture partner	(6,757,736)	(8,153,245)
 Registered capital contributed by a joint venture partner 	(744,963)	(745,805)
– Other long-term liabilities	(3,959,373)	(1,206,093)
Current assets	552,974	128,922
Current liabilities	(347,385)	(2,013,442)

Phases II and III of the Superhighway ("Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway")

The rights and interests in the development of Phases II and III of the Superhighway were transferred to another subsidiary, Hopewell Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway Development Limited ("HGZ Superhighway"), free of any payment.

Under the joint venture contract entered into with the Guangdong Provincial Highway Construction Company, Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway will be developed in three phases through a jointly controlled entity to be established for this purpose. The co-operation period of Phase I of Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway will be 30 years from the date on which the business licence of the jointly controlled entity is granted. The co-operation period of Phases II and III of Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway will be 30 years from the respective commencement dates of the construction works for these phases. During the co-operation period of Phase I, HGZ Superhighway is entitled to 50% of the operating surplus of the jointly controlled entity arising from this phase after repayment of its borrowings. At the end of the co-operation period, all the immovable assets of the jointly controlled entity and facilities of the project will revert to the PRC partner without compensation. Detailed terms for development of Phases II and III of Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway are yet to be agreed by the parties concerned. The joint venture contract is subject to approval by relevant PRC authorities.

(b) Highway project in Shunde

A subsidiary, Hopewell Shunde Roads Limited ("Hopewell Shunde"), entered into joint venture contracts with a PRC party for the construction and operation of a highway system in Shunde, the PRC, which are undertaken by a co-operative joint venture company established in the PRC named Shunde Municipal Shunhope Highway Construction Company Limited ("Shunde Shunhope"). The co-operation period is 33 years from 23rd August, 1993, comprising a construction period of 3 years and an operation period of 30 years. The Group is entitled to share the operating surplus of Shunde Shunhope after repayment of its borrowings and repatriation of registered capital. The highway was officially opened in August 1996.

During the year, the Group's 25% interest in Shunde Shunhope and part of the advances made by Hopewell Shunde together with interest thereon were disposed of at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$662 million, resulting in a gain on disposal of approximately HK\$382 million. Upon completion of the disposal, the Group's interest in Shunde Shunhope has been reduced to 25%.

15. Interests In Jointly Controlled Entities (continued)

(c) Ring Road project in Guangzhou

A subsidiary, Hopewell Guangzhou Ring Road (Hong Kong) Limited, entered into a joint venture contract with a PRC party for the construction, operation and management of Guangzhou East-South-West Ring Road, which are undertaken by a co-operative joint venture company established in the PRC named Guangzhou E-S-W Ring Road Company Limited ("Guangzhou Ring Road"). The rights and obligations of Hopewell Guangzhou Ring Road (Hong Kong) Limited were subsequently transferred to its fellow subsidiary, Hopewell Guangzhou Ring Road Limited ("Hopewell Ring Road"). Hopewell Ring Road entered into agreements with a subsidiary of Cheung Kong Infrastructure Holdings Limited, named CKI Guangzhou Ring Roads Limited ("CKI Ring Roads"), and the PRC party whereby the investment cost of Guangzhou East-South-West Ring Road was agreed at RMB4,500 million. Hopewell Ring Road and CKI Ring Roads have each agreed to contribute RMB2,000 million and the PRC party has agreed to contribute RMB500 million to finance the construction of Guangzhou East-South-West Ring Road. The co-operation period shall be 30 years commencing from January 2002.

The Group is entitled to 45% of the operating surplus of Guangzhou Ring Road for the initial ten years of the co-operation period and thereafter the Group's profit entitlement will be reduced to 37.5% for the subsequent ten years and 32.5% for the remaining ten years of the co-operation period.

(d) National Highway 105 project in Shunde

A subsidiary, Hopewell Shunde Highway 105 Limited, has entered into joint venture contracts with PRC parties for the widening and upgrading of the existing National Highway 105 in Shunde, the PRC, which are undertaken by a co-operative joint venture company established in the PRC named Shunde Municipality Shunda Highway Company Limited ("Shunde Shunda"). The co-operation period is 29 years from 31st December, 1997 comprising a construction period of 3 years and an operation period of 26 years. The Company is entitled to a share of 30% of the operating surplus of Shunde Shunda after repayment of its borrowings and repatriation of registered capital. The highway was officially opened in January 2001.

(e) Property development project in Huanggang of Shenzhen

A subsidiary, Hopewell Huang Gang Development Limited ("Hopewell Huang Gang"), entered into a joint venture contract with PRC parties for the development of certain properties in Huanggang of Shenzhen, the PRC, which is undertaken by a co-operative joint venture company established in the PRC named Shenzhen Huanghe Real Estate Development Company Limited ("Shenzhen Huanghe"), for a co-operation period ending on 30th April, 2041. The Group is required to contribute 74% of the registered capital of the Shenzhen Huanghe and is entitled to a share of 40% of the operating surplus of Shenzhen Huanghe after repayment of its borrowings and repatriation of registered capital.

During the year, Hopewell Huang Gang entered into agreements with the joint venture partners for the disposal of its interest in Shenzhen Huanghe at a consideration which is calculated based on the registered capital contributed and advances made by the Group to Shenzhen Huanghe together with interest thereon. The agreements for disposal are subject to approval by the relevant PRC authorities.

(f) Property development project in Macau

The unlisted investment represents the Group's 50% interest in Nova Taipa-Urbanizacoes Limitada ("Nova Taipa"), a limited company incorporated and operating in Macau which is engaging principally in property development. The advances made to Nova Taipa by the Group totalling approximately HK\$489 million (2000: HK\$478 million) carry interest at commercial lending rates.

16. Interests In Associates

	The Group	The Group	
	2001 2000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000		
Share of net assets Amounts due from associates	116,254 134,657 2,323 684		
	118,577 135,341		

	The Company	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
Unlisted shares and investments, at cost Less: Impairment loss recognised Amounts due from associates	12,959 (2,750) 1,951	12,957 (2,750) –
	12,160	10,207

Details of the principal associates are set out in note 36.

17. Other Investments

	The Group		The Company	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000	2001 HK\$'000	2000 нк\$'000
BERTS concession (Note) Development expenditure, at cost Less: Impairment loss recognised	5,313,000 (5,313,000)	5,313,000 (5,313,000)	- -	- -
	_	_	_	-
Investment securities Unlisted equity investments, at cost Less: Impairment loss recognised	131,110 (90,951)	134,244 (90,951)	3,000 –	3,000 _
	40,159	43,293	3,000	3,000
	40,159	43,293	3,000	3,000

Note:

A subsidiary, Hopewell (Thailand) Limited ("HTL"), entered into a concession agreement with The Ministry of Transport and Communications of Thailand ("MOTC") and The State Railway of Thailand ("SRT") for the construction and operation of an elevated road and train system within the Bangkok Metropolitan area known as the Bangkok Elevated Road and Train System ("BERTS") and for the development of commercial and residential properties along the concession area. The Group has received notices of termination of the concession agreement from MOTC which has been disputed by HTL. Details of the disputes are set out in note 34(b).

18. Long-term Loans Receivable

5	The C	The Group	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000	
Long-term loans receivable Less: Loans due within one year included	356,055	352,136	
in current assets (note 22)	(17,912)	(16,387)	
	338,143	335,749	

19. Inventories

	The Group	
	2001 НК\$′000	2000 HK\$'000
Construction materials Hotel and restaurant inventories	359 9,958	1,662 10,493
	10,317	12,155

Included above are inventories of HK\$359,000 (2000: HK\$1,662,000) which are carried at net realisable value.

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year amounted to approximately HK\$75,011,000 (2000: HK\$99,354,000).

20. Trade And Other Receivables

Other than rentals receivable, which are payable upon presentation of invoices, the Group allows an average credit period of 15 to 60 days to its trade customers.

The following is an analysis of trade and other receivables outstanding at the balance sheet date:

	The Gr	The Group	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000	
Receivables aged 0 – 30 days 31 – 60 days Over 60 days Retentions receivable	81,910 6,936 7,685 34,023	124,819 7,280 105,882 26,672	
	130,554	264,653	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

21. Amounts Due From (To) Customers For Contract Work

	The G	The Group	
	2001 HK\$′000	2000 HK\$'000	
Contract costs incurred Recognised profits less losses	593,848 22,172	502,895 12,641	
Less: Progress billings received and receivable	616,020 (646,333)	515,536 (607,402)	
	(30,313)	(91,866)	
Represented by:			
Due from customers included in current assets Due to customers included in current liabilities	4,520 (34,833)	_ (91,866)	
	(30,313)	(91,866)	

At 30th June, 2001, retentions held by customers and advances received from customers for contract work amounted to approximately HK\$34 million (2000: HK\$27 million) and HK\$9 million (2000: HK\$9 million) respectively.

22. Current Portion Of Long-term Loans Receivable

	The O	The Group		
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$′000		
Current portion of Loan to a jointly controlled entity (note 15) Loans on-lent to a jointly controlled entity financed by bank loans (note 15) Other long tarm loans (note 18)	77,176	39,703 1,091,440 16 387		
Other long-term loans (note 18)	17,912 95,088	16,387 1,147,530		

23. Trade And Other Payables

The following is an analysis of trade and other payables outstanding at the balance sheet date:

	The G	The Group		
	2001 НК\$′000	2000 HK\$'000		
Payables due 0 – 30 days 31 – 60 days Over 60 days Retentions payable Development expenditure payable (Note)	184,586 171,378 182,123 32,660 685,033	224,728 178,545 494,484 23,318 696,884		
	1,255,780	1,617,959		

Note:

The development expenditure payable represents construction and plant costs incurred by certain subsidiaries of the Company in connection with the Group's overseas infrastructure projects, the development of which has been suspended. Payments for the expenditure are overdue and have been withheld by the subsidiaries pending the outcome of negotiations currently undertaken to recover the costs of investments in these projects.

24. Share Capital

	The Group and the Company	
	Number of shares 2001 & 2000 ′000	Nominal value 2001 & 2000 HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$2.50 each Authorised	1,200,000	3,000,000
Issued and fully paid	875,982	2,189,955

There were no changes in the share capital of the Company for the two years ended 30th June, 2001.

25. Reserves

	Share premium HK\$'000	Investment property revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Exchange equalisation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
The Group						
At 1st July, 1999	8,508,890	3,476,053	12,665	16,465	241,695	12,255,768
Revaluation decrease Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of subsidiaries, jointly controlled	-	(864,000)	-	· _	-	(864,000)
entities and associates Share of reserves of jointly controlled	-	-	-	1,813	-	1,813
entities and associates	-	-	-	(12,936)	-	(12,936)
Reserve realised on disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	46	(943)	-	(897)
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	169,290	169,290
Dividends	-	-	-	-	(96,358)	(96,358)
At 30th June, 2000 Revaluation increase Exchange differences on	8,508,890 _	2,612,053 40,815	12,711 _	4,399 _	314,627 _	11,452,680 40,815
translation of financial statements of subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities				(0.042)		(0.042)
and associates Share of reserves of jointly controlled entities and	-	-	-	(8,843)	-	(8,843)
associates	-	-	-	(31)	-	(31)
Reserve realised on disposal of						
subsidiaries and jointly controlled entity	-	-	14	2,660	-	2,674
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	305,510	305,510
Dividends	-	-	-	-	(105,118)	(105,118)
At 30th June, 2001	8,508,890	2,652,868	12,725	(1,815)	515,019	11,687,687
The Company						
At 1st July, 1999	8,508,890	-	9,872	-	484,421	9,003,183
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	137,043	137,043
Dividends	-	-	-	-	(96,358)	(96,358)
At 30th June, 2000	8,508,890	-	9,872	-	525,106	9,043,868
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	39,901	39,901
Dividends	-	-	-	-	(105,118)	(105,118)
At 30th June, 2001	8,508,890	-	9,872	-	459,889	8,978,651
			11. J	(. 11.		
Included above is the Group's share of post-ac	quisition reserv	es of jointly contro	mea entities,			
At 30th June, 2001	-	-	-	1,246	299,368	300,614
At 30th June, 2000	-	-	-	(1,063)	368,322	367,259
Included above is the Group's share of post-ac	auisition reserv	es of associates as	follows:			
At 30th June, 2001	-	25,273	-	24,185	53,706	103,164
At 20th June 2000		כדר זר		24 216	77 007	121 571
At 30th June, 2000	-	25,273	-	24,216	72,082	121,571

The Company's total distributable reserves as at 30th June, 2001 represent retained profits of HK\$459,889,000 (2000: HK\$525,106,000).

26. Long-term Borrowings

	The G	The Group		
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000		
Unsecured notes payable (Note)	4,408,847	4,523,178		
Secured bank loans repayable within one year between one and two years between two and five years after five years	194,825 448,625 1,734,218 993,600 3,371,268	1,195,785 2,020,389 2,522,005 - 5,738,179		
Other unsecured loans repayable between two and five years	46,234	46,679		
	7,826,349	10,308,036		
Less: Portion due within one year included in current liabilities Syndicated bank loans on-lent to a jointly controlled entity Other bank loans	(194,825)	(1,091,440) (104,345)		
	(194,825)	(1,195,785)		
	7,631,524	9,112,251		

Note:

The balance represents

	The G	The Group		
	2001 НК\$′000	2000 HK\$'000		
Principal amount of the notes payable between two and five years after five years	1,513,200 2,980,341	1,559,200 3,068,506		
Less: Unamortised note issue expenses	4,493,541 (84,694)	4,627,706 (104,528)		
	4,408,847	4,523,178		

The unsecured notes were issued by a subsidiary, Guangzhou-Shenzhen Superhighway (Holdings) Ltd., at a consideration comprising 99.622% of an aggregate principal of US\$200 million ("2004 Notes") and 99.349% of an aggregate principal of US\$400 million ("2007 Notes"). The 2004 Notes and 2007 Notes carry interest at $9^{7}/_{8}$ % per annum and $10^{1}/_{4}$ % per annum respectively which are payable semi-annually in arrears on 15th February and 15th August of each year.

26. Long-term Borrowings (continued)

The 2004 Notes and 2007 Notes will mature on 15th August, 2004 and 15th August, 2007 respectively at 100% of their principal amount, unless redeemed earlier pursuant to the terms of the relevant notes. The 2004 Notes shall be redeemed on their maturity date. The 2007 Notes are redeemable at the option of the issuer at any time on or after 15th August, 2002, in whole or in part, at the following redemption prices plus accrued interest:

Year	Redemption price
2002	105.1250%
2003	102.5625%
2004 and thereafter	100.0000%

The aggregate principal value of notes outstanding at 30th June, 2001 is approximately US\$593.6 million (2000: US\$593.6 million). The Group's liability shown above is presented net of notes with an aggregate principal value of approximately US\$17.5 million (2000: Nil) repurchased during the year and held by the Group at the balance sheet date.

27. Warranties

	The Group		The Company	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
Warranties payable (Note a) Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years	78,000 78,000 78,000	77,960 77,960 155,920	78,000 78,000 78,000	77,960 77,960 155,920
Other warranty provisions (Note b)	234,000 164,059	311,840 164,059	234,000 _	311,840 _
Less: Portion due within one year included in current liabilities	398,059 (78,000)	475,899 (77,960)	234,000 (78,000)	311,840 (77,960)
	320,059	397,939	156,000	233,880

Notes:

- (a) The warranties payable carry interest at 10% per annum. Circumstances giving rise to such warranties are detailed in note 34(a).
- (b) In the opinion of the directors, the other warranty provisions, which were made by the Group in prior years, will not become payable within one year from the balance sheet date, accordingly the provisions are classified as non-current liabilities.

28. Amounts Due To Subsidiaries

The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured and interest free without fixed repayment terms. In 2000, such amounts to the extent of approximately HK\$38,065,000 carried interest at commercial lending rates and the balance is interest free. Repayment of the amounts will not be demanded within one year from the balance sheet date, accordingly the amounts are classified as non-current liabilities.

29. Amounts Due To Associates

The amounts due to associates are unsecured and interest free without fixed repayment terms. Repayment of the amounts will not be demanded within one year from the balance sheet date, accordingly the amounts are classified as non-current liabilities.

30. Reconciliation Of Profit From Ordinary Activities Before Taxation To Net Cash Inflow From Operating Activities

	The G	The Group		
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000		
Profit from ordinary activities before taxation	335,526	195,210		
Share of results of jointly controlled entities	,	,		
and associates	(224,820)	(223,297)		
Interest income from jointly controlled entities	(519,616)	(444,031)		
Interest expenses less amounts capitalised and				
amount borne by a jointly controlled entity	726,037	628,610		
Notes issue expenses amortised	17,260	17,148		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	15,908	17,084		
Profit on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity	(381,832)	-		
Impairment loss on a hotel property under development	290,000	-		
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries	-	46		
Amortisation of cost of investment in jointly				
controlled entities	36,543	31,676		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and				
equipment	2,141	646		
Gain on repurchase of notes	(22,791)	(15,335)		
Decrease in inventories	1,838	7,061		
Decrease in properties for sale	1,488	-		
Decrease in trade and other receivables, deposits				
and prepayments	138,417	84,910		
Decrease in trade and other payables		(2, 2, 2, 2)		
and rentals and other deposits	(323,314)	(3,968)		
(Increase) decrease in amounts due from	(4 530)	4 030		
customers for contract work	(4,520)	1,039		
(Decrease) increase in amounts due to customers for contract work	(57,022)	ED 010		
CONTRACT WORK	(57,033)	53,812		
Net cash inflow from operating activities	31,232	350,611		

31. Analysis Of Changes In Financing During The Year

	Warranties HK\$'000	Long-term borrowings and short- term loans not within three months of maturity* HK\$'000
Balance at 1st July, 1999	551,959	10,482,788
Exchange adjustments	1,900	25,970
Net cash (outflow) inflow from financing activities	(77,960)	30,260
Gain on repurchase of notes	-	(15,335)
Notes issue expenses charged to income statement	-	17,148
Balance at 30th June, 2000	475,899	10,540,831
Exchange adjustments	160	(4,068)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(78,000)	(2,376,883)
Gain on repurchase of notes	-	(22,791)
Notes issue expenses charged to income statement	-	17,260
Balance at 30th June, 2001	398,059	8,154,349

	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
* Included in: Long-term borrowings Short-term bank loans Other short-term loans	7,826,349 328,000 -	10,308,036 200,000 32,795
	8,154,349	10,540,831

32. Charges On Assets And Options To Acquire Shares In A Subsidiary

- (a) The Group's investments in certain jointly controlled entities engaging in the development of infrastructure projects are pledged to the lenders to secure the bank loan facilities to the extent of approximately HK\$1,190 million (2000: HK\$4,112 million) granted to the Group and its jointly controlled entities to finance the development of such projects.
- (b) Other credit facilities of the Group to the extent of approximately HK\$2,934 million (2000: HK\$2,908 million) were secured by mortgages or charges on the Group's properties, bank deposits and other assets with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$7,186 million (2000: HK\$7,204 million). At the balance sheet date, such facilities were utilised to the extent of approximately HK\$2,765 million (2000: HK\$2,614 million).
- (c) The amounts due by certain subsidiaries to their holding companies totalling approximately HK\$6,905 million (2000: HK\$11,312 million) have been subordinated to the syndicated bank borrowings of the Group which were utilised to finance the development projects undertaken by such subsidiaries.
- (d) Under an arrangement in connection with the credit facilities granted to the Group, the Group has granted an option, at nominal consideration, to the lender to purchase to the extent of 5% of the interests in a subsidiary which acts as the holding company of subsidiaries operating principally in the PRC. The option is only exercisable upon the future successful public flotation of this subsidiary at a price per share which would be the same as the share price of the subsidiary's shares available for public subscription.

33. Commitments

At the balance sheet date, companies in the Group had outstanding commitments as follows:

(a) Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway, the PRC

As detailed in note 15(a), a subsidiary has undertaken the development of Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway through a jointly controlled entity to be established in the PRC. The estimated total development expenditure for Phase I of Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway amounted to approximately RMB1,680 million of which RMB294 million will be provided by the Group. Up to the balance sheet date, development expenditure of approximately RMB134 million (2000: RMB117 million) has been incurred by the Group for this project.

(b) Ring Road project in Guangzhou, the PRC

As detailed in note 15(c), a subsidiary has undertaken the development of the Guangzhou East-South-West Ring Road through a jointly controlled entity established in the PRC. The subsidiary, pursuant to agreements entered into with CKI Ring Roads and the PRC joint venture partner, has agreed to fund the construction to the extent of RMB2,000 million, of which approximately RMB446 million (2000: RMB486 million) remained outstanding at the balance sheet date.

(c) Power Station Project in the Republic of Indonesia

A subsidiary has undertaken the development of the Tanjung Jati B Power Station in Indonesia. The total development cost is estimated to be approximately HK\$13,687 million. Development expenditure and project costs incurred up to the balance sheet date amounted to approximately HK\$3,163 million (2000: HK\$3,163 million). The Group has issued a notice to P.T. PLN (Persero), an electricity company operating in Indonesia, of the occurrence of certain Events of Force Majeure under the terms of the power purchase agreement. The development of this project has been temporarily suspended.

33. Commitments (continued)

(d) Other investments

- (i) A subsidiary has agreed to provide funds to the extent of HK\$800 million to a jointly controlled entity for the development of its property development project. At the balance sheet date, funds advanced by the subsidiary to the jointly controlled entity amounted to approximately HK\$489 million (2000: HK\$478 million). In addition, as at that date, the Group's share of property development expenditure of the jointly controlled entity, which was contracted but not provided for in the financial statements, amounted to approximately HK\$374,000 (2000: HK\$44,000,000).
- (ii) The Group, through its subsidiaries, has also agreed to undertake the development of the commercial and residential properties in Machong county of Dongguan, the PRC, subject to approval by the relevant authority and/or the signing of formal project agreements, the terms and conditions of which have yet to be finalised.

(e) Property development expenditures

	The Group		The Company	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
Authorised but not yet contracted Contracted but not	21,513	75,660	-	-
provided	66,519	37,166	-	-
	88,032	112,826	_	_

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34. Contingencies

At the balance sheet date, there were contingencies as follows:

(a) Disposal of CEPA

In connection with the disposal by the Group of its interests in Consolidated Electric Power Asia Limited ("CEPA") in prior years, the Group entered into an agreement with the purchaser under which the purchaser and its affiliates agreed to release and discharge the Group from all claims whatsoever that they may have against the Group arising under the sale agreement. The Group has also agreed to release and discharge the purchaser and its affiliates from all claims whatsoever the Group may have against them. In consideration thereof, the Group has agreed to give certain performance undertakings and indemnities and to make warranty payments to the purchaser and its affiliates which have been provided for in prior years.

(b) Transport system in Thailand

The Ministry of Transport and Communications of Thailand ("MOTC") has issued termination notices to Hopewell (Thailand) Limited ("HTL") to terminate the concession agreement entered into with HTL and reserved the rights to claim for any damages arising from such termination. MOTC has also issued a letter to seize all the concession payments which have been made by HTL and the performance bond of approximately HK\$86 million issued by a bank on behalf of HTL. However, the Government party has been unable to seize the bond since grounds for termination are disputed. In September 1998, MOTC confirmed the termination of the concession agreement and stated that HTL will be informed of the amount of damages in the future. On the other hand, HTL contended that the concession has been confiscated or expropriated by MOTC outside the terms of the concession agreement and has made a claim for damages of approximately Baht 100 billion and demanded MOTC to release the aforesaid performance bond.

34. Contingencies (continued)

(c) Tanjung Jati B Power Station in the Republic of Indonesia

A subsidiary, Slipform Engineering Limited, has given guarantees to certain members of the contractor consortium undertaking the construction of the Tanjung Jati B Power Station for the due performance of contractual and payment obligations of certain subsidiaries of the Company which are members of the contractor consortium.

(d) Infrastructure project in Luzon

A legal action was taken by a former director and a company related to him against the Company claiming, inter alia, compensation for expenses allegedly incurred in connection with a proposed infrastructure project in Luzon, the Republic of the Philippines, of approximately HK\$13.9 million and a declaration that the Company is contractually bound to allocate certain percentage of shares in the associate undertaking that project. The Company has filed a defence against the claims and intends to contest the case vigorously. The directors, based on legal advice obtained, are of the opinion that the case is without merit and would not result in any material loss to the Group.

(e) Other projects

A legal action was taken by a supplier against a subsidiary of the Company claiming, inter alia, compensation for alleged breach of contract of approximately HK\$23 million in connection with the construction of a road project in prior years. The subsidiary intends to contest the case vigorously. The directors, based on legal advice obtained, are of the opinion that the case is without merit and would not result in any material loss to the Group

(f) Other counter indemnities and guarantees

	The Group		The Company	
	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000	2001 HK\$'000	2000 HK\$'000
Counter indemnities given in respect of performance bonds issued for other construction projects	28,885	28,885	28,885	28,885
Guarantees given for credit facilities of subsidiaries	_	-	3,994,554	3,422,254

35. Principal Subsidiaries

The following list contains only the details of the subsidiaries which principally affect the results, assets or liabilities of the Group as the directors are of the opinion that a complete list of all the subsidiaries will be of excessive length. Except otherwise indicated, all the subsidiaries are private companies incorporated and are operating principally in the place of incorporation and all issued shares are ordinary shares. None of the subsidiaries had any loan capital outstanding during the year or at the end of the year.

	Paid up issued	Proportion of nominal value of issued ordinary share capital held by the Company Directly Indirectly		
Name of company	share capital	%	%	Principal activities
Incorporated in Hong Kong:				
Goldhill Investments Limited	2 shares of HK\$100 each and 60,600 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$100 each	-	100	Property investment
Hopewell China Development (Superhighway) Limited (ii)	2 shares of HK\$1 each and 2 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each	_	97.5	Investment in superhighway project
Hopewell Construction Company, Limited	200,000 shares of HK\$100 each	-	100	Construction, project management and investment holding
HH Finance Limited	100,000 shares of HK\$10 each	100	-	Loan financing
Hopewell Food Industries Limited	1,000,000 shares of HK\$1 each	-	100	Restaurant operation
Hopewell Guangzhou-Zhuhai Superhighway Developmen Limited (ii)	2 shares of HK\$1 each and 2 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each	_	100	Investment in superhighway project
Hopewell Housing Limited	30,000 shares of HK\$100 each	100	-	Property agents and investment holding
Hopewell Huang Gang Development Limited (ii)	2 shares of HK\$1 each	-	100	Property investment
Hopewell Property Management Company Limited	2 shares of HK\$100 each	100	-	Building management
Hopewell Shunde Roads Limited (ii)	2 shares of HK\$1 each	-	100	Investment in highway system project
Hopewell Slipform Engineering Limited	2,000,000 shares of HK\$1 each	-	100	Construction specialist sub-contractor

		Proportion of nominal value of issued ordinary share capital held by the Company		
Name of company	Paid up issued share capital	Directly %	Indirectly %	Principal activities
Incorporated in Hong Kong:	(continued)			
Hopewell 108 Limited	1,000 shares of HK\$100 each	-	100	Property investment
Hopewell 109 Limited	100 shares of HK\$100 each	100	-	Investment holding
Hopewell 110 Limited	10,000 shares of HK\$100 each	-	100	Property investment and development
International Trademart Company Limited	2 shares of HK\$1 each and 10,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each	-	100	Property investment and operation of a trademart
Kowloon Panda Hotel Limited	2 shares of HK\$100 each and 20,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$100 each	-	100	Hotel ownership and operations
Lok Foo Company Limited	52,000 shares of HK\$100 each	100	-	Investment holding
Mega Hotels Management Limited	3,000,000 shares of HK\$1 each	90	-	Hotel management and investment holding
Parkgate Enterprises Limited	10,000 shares of HK\$10 each	-	100	Property investment
Slipform Engineering Limited	1,000,001 shares of HK\$1 each	-	100	Construction, project consultant and investment holding
Wetherall Investments Limited	2 shares of HK\$1 each and 2 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each	-	100	Property investment and investment holding
Yuba Company Limited	10,000 shares of HK\$1 each	-	100	Property investment
Incorporated in Macau:				
Slipform Engineering (Macau) Limited	500,000 shares of MOP1 each	-	100	Civil and building construction
Incorporated in the British V	irgin Islands:			
Frederique Securities Limited (i)	1 share of US\$1 each	100	-	Treasury investment
Goldvista Properties Limited (i)	1 share of US\$1 each	-	100	Property investment

35. Principal Subsidiaries (continued)

35. Principal Subsidiaries (continued)

	Paid up issued	value of iss share capi the Co Directly	of nominal ued ordinar ital held by ompany Indirectly	у
Name of company	share capital	%	%	Principal activities
Incorporated in the British Vii	rgin Islands: (continued)			
Guangzhou-Shenzhen Superhighway (Holdings) Lt	20,000 shares of cd. (i) US\$1 each	-	97.5	Investment holding
Hopewell Guangzhou Ring Road Limited (ii)	1 share of US\$1 each	-	100	Investment in highway system project
Kammer Investment Limited (i) 1 share of US\$1 each	100	-	Investment holding
Primax Investment Limited (i)	1 share of US\$1 each	100	-	Investment holding
Procelain Properties Ltd. (i)	1 share of US\$1 each	-	100	Property investment
Singway (B.V.I.) Company Limited (i)	1 share of US\$1 each	-	100	Property investment
Tubanan Power Limited (i)	100 shares of US\$1 each	-	100	Investment holding
Yee Shing International Limited (ii)	1 share of US\$1 each	-	100	Treasury investment
Incorporated in Cayman Island	ds:			
Delta Roads Limited (i)	46,422 shares of HK\$10 each	-	100	Investment holding
Incorporated in Thailand:				
Hopewell (Thailand) Limited	1,500,000,000 shares of Baht 10 each	100	-	Investment in an elevated road and train system
Incorporated in the Republic	of Malta:			
Grand Hotel Excelsior Limited	50,000 shares of LM1 each	-	100	Development and operation of a hotel
Slipform Engineering (Malta) Limited	10,000 shares of LM1 each	-	100	Project management and construction
Incorporated in Indonesia:				
P.T. Hi Power Tubanan I	2,200,000 shares of US\$100 each paid up to an aggregate of US\$220,000,000	-	80	Development of a power station project
N				

Notes:

(i) Operating principally in Hong Kong

(ii) Operating principally in other regions in the PRC

35. Principal Subsidiaries (continued)

Notes: (continued)

The non-voting deferred shares carry practically no rights to dividends nor to receive notice of nor to attend or vote at any general meeting of the relevant companies nor to participate in any distribution on winding up.

Particulars of the subsidiaries, including those subsidiaries not listed above, will be annexed to the next annual return of the Company to be filed with The Registrar of Companies in accordance with the Companies Ordinance.

36. Principal Associates

Particulars regarding the principal associates, all of which are incorporated and operating in Hong Kong except otherwise indicated, are as follows:

Name of company	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Company directly %	Principal activities
Granlai Company Limited (i)	46	Property investment
Manrose Limited	50	Investment holding
Shin Ho Ch'eng Development Limited (i) and (ii)	20	Hotel operation

Notes:

- (i) Adopted 31st December as financial year end date
- (ii) Operating principally in the PRC

Particulars of the associates, including those associates not listed above, will be annexed to the next annual return of the Company to be filed with The Registrar of Companies in accordance with the Companies Ordinance.

37. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements on pages 43 to 79 were approved by the Board of Directors on 18th September, 2001.