## Notes to the Financial Statements nts

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 1. GENERAL

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are the manufacture and trading of information storage media products and computer accessories, provision of total fulfillment services and trading of data media products.

### 2. ADOPTION OF NEW/REVISED STATEMENTS OF STANDARD ACCOUNTING PRACTICE

In the current year, the Group has adopted for the first time a number of new and revised Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAPs") issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants. Adoption of these SSAPs has led to a number of changes in the Group's accounting policies. The revised accounting policies are set out in note 3. In addition, the new and revised SSAPs have introduced additional and revised disclosure requirements which have been adopted in these financial statements. Comparative amounts for the prior year have been restated in order to achieve a consistent presentation.

The adoption of these new and revised SSAPs has resulted in the following changes to the Group's accounting policies that have affected the amounts reported for the current or prior periods.

### Dividends proposed or declared after the balance sheet date

In accordance with SSAP 9 (Revised) "Events after the balance sheet date", dividends proposed or declared after the balance sheet date are not recognised as a liability at the balance sheet date but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively, resulting in an increase in the Group's and the Company's accumulated profits at 1 January 2000 of HK\$12,729,000.

### Goodwill

In the current year, the Group has adopted SSAP 30 "Business Combinations" and has elected not to restate goodwill previously eliminated against reserves. Accordingly, goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1 January 2001 is held in reserves and will be charged to the income statement at the time of disposal of the relevant subsidiary or associate, or at such time as the goodwill is determined to be impaired.

Goodwill arising on acquisitions after 1 January 2001 is capitalised and amortised over its estimated useful life.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

#### 3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified for the revaluation of certain properties.

The principal accounting policies which have been adopted in preparing these financial statements and which conform with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong are as follows:

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December each year.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group have been eliminated on consolidation.

### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of a subsidiary or associate at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1 January 2001 continues to be held in reserves, and will be charged to the income statement at the time of disposal of the relevant subsidiaries, or at such time as the goodwill is determined to be impaired.

Goodwill arising on acquisitions after 1 January 2001 is capitalised and amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful economic life. Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is included within the carrying amount of the associate. Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is presented separately in the balance sheet as a separate intangible asset.

On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of unamortised goodwill/goodwill previously eliminated against or credited to reserves is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's balance sheet at cost, less any identified impairment loss. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Interest in an associate

The consolidated income statement includes the Group's share of the post-acquisition results of its associate for the year. In the consolidated balance sheet, interest in an associate is stated at the Group's share of the net assets of the associate, less any identified impairment loss.

Where the Group transacts with its associate, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

In the Company's balance sheet, interest in an associate is stated at cost, less any identified impairment loss

### Revenue recognition

Sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has been passed.

Management fee income is recognised when services are provided.

Interest income from bank deposits is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.

Operating lease rental income are recognised over the terms of relevant leases on a straight line basis.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established.

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income statement.

Land and buildings are stated in the balance sheet at their revalued amount, being the fair value on the basis of their existing use at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the balance sheet date.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Any revaluation increase arising on revaluation of land and buildings is credited to the properties revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised as an expense, in which case the increase is credited to the income statement to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in the net carrying amount arising on revaluation of an asset is charged to the income statement to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, on the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued asset, the attributable revaluation surplus is transferred to retained profits.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or valuation of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives from the date on which they become full operational and after taking into account their estimated residual value, using the straight line method, at the following rates per annum:

Land and buildings	2.5% or over the term of the leases if
	less than 40 years
Plant and machinery other than those for	
manufacturing of compact disc products	20%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	20%
Motor vehicles	30%
Moulds	20%
Stampers	331/3%

Depreciation is provided to write down the cost of plant and machinery used for the manufacture of compact disc products to its estimated residual value based on the actual units of production as a proportion of its total anticipated units of production. The anticipated units of production are determined with reference to the production specifications obtained from the suppliers.

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets.

#### **Impairment**

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another SSAP, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that SSAP.

OR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Impairment** (Continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another SSAP, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that other SSAP.

### Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Leases are classified as finance leases when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets concerned to the Group. Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at their fair values at the date of acquisition. The corresponding liability to the lessor/hirer, net of interest charges, is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease or hire purchase obligation. Finance costs, which represent the difference between the total commitments and the fair value of the assets acquired, are charged to the income statement over the period of the relevant leases or contracts so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

All other leases are classified as operating leases and the annual rentals income and expenses are credited and charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease terms.

### Royalty charges

Lump sum payments for royalty charges for licences for use by the Group for a specified period are charged to the income statement over the terms of the licence agreements or over five years, whichever the shorter. Other royalty charges payable which are computed based on the number of units produced by the Group are charged to the income statement as incurred. Any other payments relating to the acquisition of licences are written off when incurred.

### Deferred development costs

Expenditure incurred in developing new products is capitalised and deferred only when the products are clearly defined, the expenditure is separately identifiable and there is reasonable certainty that the products are technically feasible and the products have commercial value. Deferred development costs are stated at cost less amortisation and impairment loss, where appropriate. Development costs so deferred are amortised, on a straight line basis, over a period not exceeding five years or over the life of the products, whichever the shorter. Amortisation commences from date of commencement of commercial production of the products. Other development expenditure is expensed when incurred.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Technical know-how

Technical know-how represents payments made to independent third parties for the purpose of acquiring technology for the production of a commercially viable project or product and is stated at cost less amortisation and impairment loss, where appropriate. Technical know-how is amortised, on a straight line basis, over a period not exceeding five years or over the life of the project or product, whichever the shorter, from the date of commencement of commercial operations of the project or product.

### Distribution rights

Distribution rights represent payments made to independent third parties for the purpose of acquiring the rights for publication and distribution of data media products and are stated at cost less amortisation and impairment loss, where appropriate. Distribution rights are amortised on a straight line basis over the remaining term of the distribution agreements from the date of commencement of commercial production of the products.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, which comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, is calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the expected selling price less all costs to completion and costs to be incurred in selling and distribution.

### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rates ruling on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated at the rates ruling on the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising on exchange are dealt with in the income statement.

On consolidation, the financial statements of overseas subsidiaries and associates which are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates ruling on the balance sheet date. All exchange differences arising on consolidation are dealt with in reserves.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the results for the year as adjusted for items which are non-assessable or disallowed. Timing differences arise from the recognition for tax purposes of certain items of income and expense in a different accounting period from that in which they are recognised in the financial statements. The tax effect of timing differences, computed under the liability method, is recognised to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

### Notes to the Financial Statements Continued Continued Continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents represent short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are within three months of maturity when acquired; less advances from banks repayable within three months from the date of the advance.

#### Convertible notes/bonds

Convertible notes/bonds are separately disclosed and regarded as liabilities unless conversion actually occurs. The finance cost recognised in the income statement in respect of the convertible bonds is calculated so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balances of the convertible bonds for each accounting period.

The costs incurred in connection with the issue of convertible bonds are deferred and amortised on a straight line basis over the lives of the convertible bonds from the date of issue of the bonds to their final redemption date. If any of the bonds are purchased and cancelled or redeemed prior to the final redemption date, an appropriate portion of any remaining unamortised costs will be charged immediately to the income statement whereas if any of the bonds are converted to the capital of the Company, the related net balance in convertible bonds is written off as proceeds received on issue of the relevant shares.

#### Pension scheme

The retirement benefit costs charged in the income statement represent the contributions payable in respect of the current year to the Group's retirement benefits schemes.

#### 4. TURNOVER

Turnover represents the aggregate of the amounts received and receivable for goods sold and services rendered, net of returns and allowances, by the Group to outside customers during the year and is analysed as follows:

Manufacturing and trading of media products
Total fulfilment services
Distribution of data media products
Manufacturing and trading of computer accessories
Others

HK\$'000	HK\$'000
213,490	367,186
108,480	265,742
51,466	-
3,545	-
2,964	14,815
379,945	647,743

2001

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 5. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS

### **Business segments**

For management purposes, the Group is currently organised into four operating divisions – manufacturing and trading of media products and computer accessories, total fulfilment services and distribution of data media products. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

Principal activities are as follows:

	Manufacturing and trading of media products HK\$'000	Total fulfilment services HK\$'000	of data media products HK\$'000	Manufacturing and trading of computer accessories HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
Year ended 31 December 2001						
Turnover	213,490	108,480	51,466	3,545	2,964	379,945
Segment results	(51,103)	10,134	14,230	765	1,181	(24,793)
Other revenue Unallocated corporate expenses						2,549
Loss from operations Finance costs Share of profit of						(69,878) (17,386)
an associate Loss on disposal	1,507					1,507
of a subsidiary						(18,272)
Loss before taxation Taxation credit						(104,029)
Loss for the year						(103,457)

#### 5. **BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS** (Continued)

	Manufacturing		Distribution I	Manufacturing		
	and trading of media	Total fulfilment	of data media	and trading of computer	o.il	
	products HK\$'000	services HK\$'000	products HK\$'000	accessories HK\$′000	Others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
As at 31 December 2001						
ASSETS						
Segment assets	317,798	54,066	41,284	76,954	-	490,102
Investments in an associate	7,808					7,808
Unallocated corporate assets						30,738
Consolidated total assets						528,648
LIABILITIES						
Segment liabilities	174,558	29,387	44,701	57,436	-	306,082
Unallocated corporate						
liabilities						3,474
Consolidated total liabilities						309,556
OTHER INFORMATION						
Capital additions	6,625	769	-	3,454		
Depreciation and amortisation	26,783	1,104	-	2,417		
Impairment losses						
recognised in income	70,000	-	-	-		
Impairment of intangible assets	6,221	-	-			

# Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

#### 5. **BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS** (Continued)

	Manufacturing and trading of media products HK\$'000	Total fulfilment services HK\$'000	Distribution of data media products HK\$'000	Manufacturing and trading of computer accessories HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
<b>Year ended 31 December 2000</b> Turnover	367,186	265,742			14,815	647,743
Segment results	93,053	25,521			7,094	125,668
Other revenue Unallocated corporate expenses						4,399 (57,716)
Profit from operations Finance costs Share of profit of an associate	113					72,351 (23,420) 113
Profit before taxation Taxation charge						49,044 (1,190)
Profit for the year						47,854
As at 31 December 2000						
ASSETS Segment assets Investments in an associate Unallocated corporate assets	481,622 6,301	53,854	-	-	-	535,476 6,301 37,516
Consolidated total assets  LIABILITIES Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	181,634	55,606	-	-	-	237,240 24,455
Consolidated total liabilities						261,695
OTHER INFORMATION Capital additions Depreciation and amortisation Impairment of intangible assets	32,585 31,233 4,644	534 887 —	- - -	- - -		

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 5. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (Continued)

### Geographical segments

The Group's operations are located in Asia, Europe and North America.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's sales by geographical market, irrespective of the origin of the goods/services:

		evenue by hical market	Contribution to profit from operatio	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Asia		1		
– The People's Republic of China	153,391	146,575	31,257	38,024
– Other regions in Asia	71,698	87,185	14,778	20,879
Europe	68,037	132,789	14,456	29,418
North America	86,819	281,194	9,510	41,991
	379,945	647,743	70,001	130,312
Other revenue Impairment loss recognised in			2,549	4,399
respect of plant and machinery			(70,000)	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment			(18,573)	_
Impairment of intangible assets			(6,221)	(4,644)
Unallocated corporate expenses			(47,634)	(57,716)
(Loss) profit from operations			(69,878)	72,351

# Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 5. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (Continued)

### Geographical segments (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of segment assets, and additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, analysed by geographical area is as follows:

	Carrying amount of segment assets		plant an	to property, d equipment ngible assets
	2001	<b>2001</b> 2000		2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Asia				
– Hong Kong	405,691	446,155	6,048	28,974
– The People's Republic of China	66,823	59,922	4,731	23,162
– Other regions in Asia	18,234	23,145	125	2,694
Europe	17,826	12,143	_	_
North America	20,074	37,928	-	415
	528,648	579,293	10,904	55,245

### 6. OTHER REVENUE

	The Group		
	2001	2000	
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	
Commission income	2,037	_	
Operating lease rental income from plant and machinery	1,700	-	
Surplus on insurance claims in respect of a fire			
which occurred in 1998	-	11 <i>7</i>	
Interest income	1,000	2,008	
Deposits forfeited	-	840	
Others	1,549	1,434	
	6,286	4,399	

### 7. IMPAIRMENT OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The impairment of intangible assets represent the cost of the technical know-how for products which the directors consider are no longer commercially viable.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 8. IMPAIRMENT LOSS RECOGNISED IN RESPECT OF PLANT AND MACHINERY

During the year, the Group reviewed the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and identified that certain of those property, plant and equipment used in the manufacturing process of compact disc have impairment loss in the light of the current compact disc market. Accordingly, the carrying amounts of the identified impaired property, plant and equipment are reduced to their respective recoverable amounts, which represent the net selling prices of the property, plant and equipment. The net selling prices were determined by reference to the market prices.

### 9. (LOSS) PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

	The Group	
	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(Loss) profit from operations has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Amortisation of deferred royalty charges	_	16
Amortisation of technical know-how	-	3,978
Amortisation of goodwill	2,471	-
Auditors' remuneration	1,332	1,197
Depreciation on		
- Owned assets	21,777	17,005
– Assets held under finance leases and		·
hire purchase contracts	8,599	12,297
Allowance for (write back of) bad debt expenses	38	(1,857
Staff costs including directors' remuneration (note 11 below) Retirement benefits scheme contributions,	59,116	76,059
net of forfeited contributions	1,522	_
Rental payments in respect of premises under operating leases	6,681	9,516
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	18,573	36
2000 on anyonar or proporty, plant and equipment	10,570	

### Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 10. FINANCE COSTS

	ine	Group
	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Laboration 2.1 cm		
Interest paid on		
– Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans		
wholly repayable within 5 years	7,977	12,954
– Bank loans with instalments repayable after 5 years	275	405
– Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	5,702	8,809
Amortisation of issue costs of bonds	48	339
Bank charges	1,864	2,047
Exchange loss (gain)	1,520	(1,134)
	17,386	23,420

### 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

	The Group		
	2001	2000	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Directors' fees:			
Executive	-	-	
Independent Non-executive	400	585	
	400	585	
Other emoluments (Executive Directors):			
Salaries and other benefits	9,325	9,478	
Performance related incentive payments	-	3,350	
Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	38		
	9,363	12,828	
Total emoluments	9,763	13,413	

The directors' remuneration shown above includes the estimated monetary value of premises provided rent free to two (2000: one) of the Executive Directors. The estimated rental value of such accommodation was HK\$720,000 (2000: HK\$384,000).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Emoluments of the Directors were within the following bands:

HK\$nil to HK\$1,000,000
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000

2000
No. of
Directors
1 .
4
-
1
-
1
1
7

The Group

No director waived any emoluments in the year ended 31 December 2001 (2000: Nil).

### 12. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2000: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are set out in note 11 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2000: two) employees were as follows:

Salaries and other benefits	
Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	

ine Group		
2001	2000	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
3,264 36	3,124 -	
3,300	3,124	

The Group

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	2001 No. of employees	2000 No. of employees
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1	1
	2	2

### Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 13. TAXATION CREDIT (CHARGE)

The Group
2001 2000
HK\$'000 HK\$'000

The taxation credit (charge) comprises:

Profits Tax for the year
Hong Kong
Overseas
Prior years
Hong Kong – underprovision
Overseas – overprovision

_	(529)
(279)	(645)
(3)	(164)
854	148
572	(1,190)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16% (2000:16%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year. Overseas taxation is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Details of the potential deferred tax charge not provided for in the year are set out in note 28.

### 14. DIVIDENDS

### 15. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share is based on the following data:

	(Loss)	earnings
	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(Loss) earnings for the purposes of basic (loss) earnings per share	(102,083)	48,039
Effect of dilutive potential shares Interest on convertible bonds		2,364
(Loss) earnings for the purposes of diluted earnings per share	(102,083)	50,403

### Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 15. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE (Continued)

Number of shares 2001 2000

Weighted average number of shares for the purposes of basic (loss) earnings per share Effect of dilutive potential shares Convertible bonds

Weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share

358,494,000	363,482,583 22,695,156
358,494,000	386,177,739

The computation of diluted earnings per share for 2000 does not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options as the exercise price of those options is higher than the average market price.

No diluted loss per share figure for 2001 has been presented as the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options and the conversion of the Company's outstanding convertible notes would result in a decrease in loss per share from continuing ordinary operations.

### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land and buildings HK\$'000	Plant and machinery HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Moulds and stampers HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
THE GROUP AT COST/VALUATION At 1 January 2001 Additions Disposals	26,900 - - -	382,062 6,360 (26,917)	71,994 4,442 (426)	18,805 18 —	5,821 84 (1,331)	505,582 10,904 (28,674)
At 31 December 2001	26,900	361,505	76,010	18,823	4,574	487,812
COMPRISING: At cost At valuation 1996	26,900 26,900	361,505	76,010	18,823 ————————————————————————————————————	4,574	460,912 26,900
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT LOSS At 1 January 2001 Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals Impairment loss	2,860 622 -	361,505 109,528 22,410 (3,671) 70,000	34,182 6,539 (191)	16,042 82 -	3,470 723 (1,120)	166,082 30,376 (4,982) 70,000
At 31 December 2001	3,482	198,267	40,530	16,124	3,073	261,476
NET BOOK VALUES At 31 December 2001	23,418	163,238	35,480	2,699	1,501	226,336
At 31 December 2000	24,040	272,534	37,812	2,763	2,351	339,500

The Group

### Notes to the Financia

#### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The net book value of land and buildings shown above comprises:

	2001 HK\$′000	2000 HK\$′000
Land in Hong Kong Medium-term lease Land outside Hong Kong Short-term lease	21,835 1,583	22,413 1,627
	23,418	24,040

#### Notes:

- (a) The land and buildings of the Group were revalued at 31 December 1996 on an open market value basis by Messrs. American Appraisal Hong Kong Limited, Chartered Surveyors. Messrs. American Appraisal Hong Kong Limited are not connected with the Group. The directors are of the opinion that the carrying amount of land and buildings does not differ significantly from their fair value at the balance sheet date.
  - If leasehold land and buildings had not been revalued, they would have been included in these financial statements at historical cost less accumulated depreciation at HK\$14,020,000 (2000: HK\$14,469,000).
- (b) The net book value of property, plant and equipment includes an amount of HK\$119,113,000 (2000: HK\$196,692,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts.
- The Group had pledged its leasehold land and buildings with a net book value of HK\$7,438,000 (2000: (c) HK\$7,650,000) to secure bank loans granted to a subsidiary.

#### **INTANGIBLE ASSETS** 17.

	Deferred royalty charges HK\$'000	Technical know-how HK\$'000	Distribution rights HK\$'000	Total HK\$′000
THE GROUP AT COST	,	,	,	,
At 1 January 2001	2,100	30,969	8,519	41,588
Impairment Eliminated on disposal	-	(20,049)	-	(20,049)
of a subsidiary		(10,920)		(10,920)
At 31 December 2001	2,100		8,519	10,619
AMORTISATION				
At 1 January 2001	2,100	13,828	-	15,928
Impairment		(13,828)		(13,828)
At 31 December 2001	2,100			2,100
NET BOOK VALUES				
At 31 December 2001			8,519	8,519
At 31 December 2000		17,141	8,519	25,660

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 18. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The Company

2001

HK\$'000

HK\$'000

2000

Unlisted shares, at cost

39,172

39,172

Details of the subsidiaries are set out in note 44.

#### 19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

The Group

2001 HK\$'000 2000 HK\$'000

Share of net assets

6,868

computer software

5,361

At 31 December 2001, the Group had an interest in the following associate:

Name of company	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of registered capital held indirectly by the Company	Principal activities
Dalian Hualu Optical	People's Republic	36%	Development, production and
Technology Co., Ltd.	of China		sales of computer media ar

### 20. GOODWILL

The Group

HK\$'000

**COST** 

Arising on acquisitions during the year and at 31 December 2001

49,432

**AMORTISATION** 

Charge for the year and at 31 December 2001

2,471

**NET BOOK VALUE** 

At 31 December 2001

46,961

At 31 December 2000

\_\_\_

The amortisation period adopted for goodwill is 20 years.

## Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 21. INVENTORIES

	The Group	
	2001	2000
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
aw materials	15,570	15,362
Vork in progress	24,414	17,307
inished goods	18,260	6,039
	58,244	38,708

Included above are raw materials and finished goods of Nil (2000: HK\$357,000) and Nil (2000: HK\$296,000) respectively which are carried at net realisable value.

### 22. AMOUNT DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATE

This amount is unsecured and interest free.

### 23. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	The	The Group	
	2001	2000	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Trade debtors	30,818	57,146	
Other debtors, deposits and prepayments	58,790	26,664	
	89,608	83,810	

The Group has a policy of allowing a credit period ranging from 30 to 90 days. The aged analysis of the trade debtors is as follows:

	The G	roup
	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$′000
1 to 3 months	21,579	33,028
4 to 6 months	7,543	2,630
7 to 9 months	577	3,345
10 to 12 months	397	3,057
Over 1 year	722	15,086
	30,818	57,146

25.

### Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

The Group

### 24. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Time deposits with banks	43,231	51,874
Bank balances and cash	44,827	33,440
	88,058	85,314
SHARE CAPITAL		
l de la companya de	Number of shares	Amount HK\$'000
Shares of HK\$0.10 each		νης σσσ
Authorised:		
At 1 January 2000 and 31 December 2001	1,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:		
At 1 January 2000	367,466,000	36,747
Shares repurchased and cancelled	(8,972,000)	(898)
At 31 December 2000 and 31 December 2001	358,494,000	35,849

There were no changes in the authorized share capital during the two years ended 31 December 2000 and 31 December 2001 and no changes in issued and fully paid share capital during the year ended 31 December 2001.

None of the Company's subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares during the year.

### **Options**

At 31 December 2001, the following options to subscribe for shares were outstanding under the Company's share option scheme:

	Exercise period	Exercise price per share	No. of options
1997A options	8 January 1997 to 7 January 2007	HK\$1.0336	6,287,000
1997B options	24 January 1997 to 23 January 2007	HK\$1.0336	5,775,000
1999 options	4 September 1999 to 3 September 2009	HK\$0.8832	1,050,000
			13,112,000

**Properties** 

#### 26. **RESERVES**

	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
GROUP						
January 2000						
as originally stated derecognition of liability of	85,329	(3,144)	(137)	10,759	188,721	281,528
1999 final dividend ———					12,729	12,729
as restated	85,329	(3,144)	(137)	10,759	201,450	294,257
t for the year	<i>,</i> –	-	-	· -	48,039	48,039
9 final dividend paid	-	-	-	-	(12,729)	(12,729)
) interim dividend paid	-	-	-	-	(7,889)	(7,889)
ium on purchase of a business ium on additional investment	-	(25,047)	-	-	-	(25,047)
an associate	-	(6,843)	-	-	-	(6,843)
d an associate	-	-	(914)	-	-	(914)
d cancellation of own shares	(8,127)					(8,127)
January 2001	77,202	(35,034)	(1,051)	10,759	228,871	280,747
for the year	, -	-	-	, -	(102,083)	(102,083)
slation of foreign subsidiaries d an associate	-	-	407	-	-	407
1 December 2001	77,202	(35,034)	(644)	10,759	126,788	179,071
 prising:						
1.0						
	77 202	(35 034)	(644)	10 759	125 195	177 478
associate	-	-	-	-	1,593	1,593
_	77,202	(35,034)	(644)	10,759	126,788	179,071
_						
1 December 2000						
Company and subsidiaries	77,202	(35,034)	(1,051)	10,759	228,785	280,661
associate				_	86	86
	77,202	(35,034)	(1,051)	10,759	228,871	280,747
P final dividend paid D interim dividend investment D an associate D interior and cost on repurchase D interior and cost	77,202 	(35,034) (35,034) (35,034) (35,034) (35,034)	(1,051) - 407 (644) - (644) - (1,051)	10,759 - 10,759 10,759 -	(12,729) (7,889) - - - - - 228,871 (102,083) - - 126,788 - 126,788 - 126,788	48,03 (12,72 (7,88 (25,04 (6,84 (91) (8,12 280,74 (102,08 40 179,07

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 26. RESERVES (Continued)

	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Retained profits/ (losses)	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
THE COMPANY				
At 1 January 2000				
<ul><li>as originally stated</li><li>derecognition of liability</li></ul>	85,329	15,048	8,984	109,361
of 1999 final dividend			12,729	12,729
– as restated	85,329	15,048	21,713	122,090
Loss for the year	_	_	(4,653)	(4,653)
1999 final dividend paid	_	-	(12,729)	(12,729)
2000 interim dividend paid	-	-	(7,889)	(7,889)
Premium and cost on repurchase				
and cancellation of own shares	(8,127)			(8,127)
At 1 January 2001	77,202	15,048	(3,558)	88,692
Profit for the year			13,678	13,678
At 31 December 2001	77,202	15,048	10,120	102,370

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the underlying net tangible assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company and the nominal value of the share capital issued by the Company at the time of the group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 1994. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is available for distribution to shareholders. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if (a) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; and (b) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium account.

In the opinion of Directors, the reserves of the Company which are available for distribution to shareholders at 31 December 2001 amounted to HK\$102,370,000 (2000: HK\$88,692,000).

### Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) and investigation of the Continued of the Con

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 27. CONVERTIBLE NOTES/BOND

	The	Group	The Company	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Convertible notes/bond Less: Issue expenses, net of amortisation of HK\$888,291	39,600	15,016	39,600	15,016
(2000: HK\$840,749)		(48)		(48)
Less: Amounts due within one year shown under	39,600	14,968	39,600	14,968
current liabilities		(14,968)		(14,968)
Amounts due after one year	39,600	<u> </u>	39,600	<u> </u>

In 1998, the Company issued a convertible bond to an investor for proceeds of US\$3,880,000. The bond carried interest at the rate of 4% per annum and was repayable on 30 June 2001. The investor had the option to convert, before the above repayment date, the outstanding debt into shares of the Company and/or shares in a subgroup of subsidiaries carrying on the business of fulfilment services ("Fulfilment Group") at a price with reference to the results of the Company or the Fulfilment Group, where appropriate, for the year ended 31 December 1998. In 1999, the investor exercised its right under the loan agreement to convert 50% of the principal amount of the bond into shares of the Company. In 2001, the remaining portion of the bond equivalent to HK\$15,016,000 was redeemed in full.

The convertible notes amounting to HK\$39,600,000 issued in 2001 were part of the consideration for the acquisition of a company holding an agreement for sale and promotion of data media products together with the distributorship and sales agreement with the existing clients of certain vendors at a total consideration of HK\$47,031,725 (note 35). The consideration is to be satisfied as to HK\$7,431,725 in cash and the balance by the issue of the convertible notes at face value.

The convertible notes amounting to HK\$39,600,000 comprise four convertible notes and are interest free. A convertible note of HK\$32,700,000 is convertible in part or in whole into new shares of the Company at any time during the period commencing 18 months from the date of issue on 5 January 2001 to, but excluding, the third anniversary from the date of issue (the "Maturity Date"). To the extent that this convertible note has not been previously converted, it will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at the then outstanding principal amount provided that the Company has the option to call on the holder to convert this convertible note on the same date wholly into new shares of the Company. The other three convertible notes, each having a principal amount of HK\$2,300,000, are convertible in part or in whole into the new shares of the Company at any time during the period commencing 12, 24 and 33 months from the date of issue respectively up to but excluding the Maturity Date. To the extent that the three convertible notes have not been previously converted, the convertible notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at the then outstanding principal amounts.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 28. DEFERRED TAXATION

The Group
2001 2000
HK\$'000 HK\$'000

3,582 3,582

Balance at 31 December

At 31 December 2001, the major components of the deferred taxation liabilities (assets), provided and unprovided, are as follows:

	Provided		Unp	rovided
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
THE GROUP  Tax effect of timing differences because of:  Excess of tax allowances over				
depreciation	3,582	3,582	17,110	29,573
Unrelieved tax losses			(19,906)	(16,341)
	3,582	3,582	(2,796)	13,232

The components of the unprovided deferred taxation for the year are as follows:

	The	Group
	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Tax effect of timing difference because of:		
Excess of tax allowances over depreciation	(12,463)	(542)
Tax losses (generated) utilised	(3,565)	2,437
	(16,028)	1,895

The Company had no significant unprovided deferred taxation for the year or at the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation has not been provided on the revaluation surplus arising on the revaluation of land and buildings as profits arising on the disposal of these assets would not be subject to taxation. Accordingly, the revaluation does not constitute a timing difference for tax purposes.

### 29. BANK BORROWINGS

	The	Group	The Company	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000
Bank borrowings comprise the following:				
Mortgage loan	2,943	3,721	_	_
Short term bank loans	74,195	5,000	11,250	_
Bank import and export loans	63,107	58,322	-	_
Bank overdrafts	17,017	11,066	180	116
	157,262	78,109	11,430	116
Secured	2,942	3,721	_	_
Unsecured	154,320	74,388	11,430	116
	157,262	78,109	11,430	116
Bank loans and overdrafts are repayable as follows:				
Within one year	128,960	<i>75,</i> 138	3,930	116
More than one year, but not exceeding two years  More than two years, but not	17,711	831	7,500	-
exceeding five years	9,970	1,233	-	-
More than five years	621	907		
	157,262	78,109	11,430	116
Less: Amounts due within one year shown under				
current liabilities (Note 33)	(128,960)	(75,138)	(3,930)	(116)
Amounts due after one year	28,302	2,971	7,500	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 30. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

			Present value		
	Mir	nimum	of minimum lease payments The Group		
	lease	payments			
		Group			
		-		•	
	2001	2000	2001	2000	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	
Amounts payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts					
Within one year	29,115	38,149	24,239	38,098	
In the second to fifth year					
inclusive	22,304	32,932	19,028	29,774	
After five years		1,222		1,161	
	51,419	72,303	43,267	69,033	
Less: Future finance charges	(8,152)	(3,270)	N/A	N/A	
Less. Folore illiance charges					
	43,267	69,033	43,267	69,033	
Less: Amounts due within one year shown under current					
liabilities (Note 33)			(24,239)	(38,098)	
Amounts due after one year			19,028	30,935	

It is the Group's policy to lease certain of its fixtures and equipment under finance leases. The average lease term is 3 years. For the year ended 31 December 2001, the average effective borrowing rate was 10%. Interest rates are fixed at the contract date. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments.

The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessor's charge over the leased assets.

During the year, the Group entered into four (2000: one) arrangement(s) to obtain finance amounting to approximately HK\$23 million (2000: HK\$9.8 million). Under these arrangements, the Group sold certain plant and machinery with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$34.5 million (2000: HK\$13.9 million) to the financers at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$23 million (2000: HK\$10.9 million). At the same time, the Group entered into lease agreements with the financers to lease back the plant and machinery for 36 (2000: 36) months; and at the end of those lease terms, the Group is either entitled to repurchase or continue to lease the plant and machinery at notional prices. Accordingly, the sales proceeds from the sale of these plant and machinery are treated as borrowings and classified as obligations under finance leases. The finance charges, which represent the difference between the total lease commitments and the obligations under finance leases, are charged to the income statement over the period of the relevant leases so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

### Notes to the Financial Statemen

#### 31. **OTHERS**

Retention for due performance of a supplier (Note) Amount payable for acquisition of a business during the year

2001	2000
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
_	10,000
-	14,550
	24,550

The Group

Note: In 2000, the Group entered into an agreement with a supplier supplying the raw materials for fulfilment services, under which the Group withheld an amount of approximately HK\$10,000,000 due to the supplier for goods supplied to ensure the quality and the supply of the raw materials.

#### 32. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The Group	
	2001	2000
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Trade creditors	48,904	44,084
Other creditors and accruals	16,941	24,250
	65,845	68,334

The aged analysis of the trade creditors is as follows:

	The Group	
	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1 to 3 months	31,582	33,685
4 to 6 months	12,276	4,997
7 to 9 months	4,189	4,567
10 to 12 months	378	820
Over 1 year	479	15
	48,904	44,084

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 33. CURRENT PORTION OF NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

	The	The Group		Company
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Bank borrowings (Note 29) Obligations under finance leases and hire	128,960	<i>75,</i> 138	3,930	116
purchase contracts (Note 30)	24,239	38,098		
	153,199	113,236	3,930	116

### 34. RECONCILIATION OF (LOSS) PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	The	Group
	2001	2000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(Loss) profit before taxation	(104,029)	49,044
Amortisation of deferred royalty charges	-	16
Amortisation of goodwill	2,471	-
Amortisation of technical know-how	-	3,978
Amortisation of issue costs of bond	48	339
Depreciation	30,376	29,302
Share of profit of an associate	(1,507)	(113)
Allowance for (write back of) bad debt expenses	38	(1,857)
Interest income	(1,000)	(2,008)
Interest expenses on bank borrowings and other loans	8,252	13,359
Interest on obligations under finance leases		
and hire purchase contracts	5,702	8,809
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	18,272	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	18,573	36
Impairment loss recognised in respect of plant and machinery	70,000	-
Impairment of intangible assets	6,221	4,644
Increase in inventories	(19,536)	(86)
Decrease in amounts due from an associate	-	9
(Increase) decrease in debtors, deposits and prepayments	(19,785)	16,589
(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables	(12,484)	23,565
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,612	145,626

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 35. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY

During the year, the Group acquired a company holding an agreement for sale and promotion of data media products together with the distributorship and sales agreement with the existing clients of certain vendors at a consideration of HK\$47,031,725 (note 27). This acquisition has been accounted for by the acquisition method of accounting. The amount of goodwill arising as a result of the acquisition was HK\$49,432,000, representing the consideration for the acquisition and related legal costs.

The subsidiary acquired during the year contributed HK\$755,000 to the Group's net operating cash flows, paid HK\$85,000 in respect of the net returns on investments and servicing of finance, paid no taxation, utilised HK\$268,000 for investing activities and raised HK\$23,400 in respect of financing activities.

The subsidiary acquired during the year contributed HK\$51,466,000 to the Group's turnover, and contributed a profit of HK\$14,230,000 to the Group.

#### 36. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

NET ASSETS DISPOSED OF:	HK\$'000
NET ASSETS DISPOSED OF.	
Intangible assets	10,920
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	14,356
Bank balance and cash	1
Amount due to immediate holding company	(33,105)
Trade and other payable	(5)
	(7,833)
Waiver of intercompany loan	33,105
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	(18,272)
Total consideration	7,000
Satisfied by:	
Cash consideration	7,000
Net cash inflow on disposal:	
Cash consideration	7,000
Bank balances and cash disposed of	(1)
· ·	
	6,999

The subsidiary disposed during the year contributed HK\$5,285,000 to the Group's net operating cash inflows, and paid HK\$5,285,000 in respect of financing activities.

The subsidiary disposed of during the year contributed nothing (2000: Nil) to the Group's turnover and incurred a loss of HK\$1,634,000 (2000: HK\$1,783,000) attributable to the Group.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

**Obligations** 

### 37. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN FINANCING DURING THE YEAR

	Share capital and share premium HK\$'000	Convertible notes/bond HK\$'000	Mortgage loan HK\$'000	Short term bank loans HK\$'000	under finance leases and hire purchase contracts HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2000 Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing	122,076	15,016	4,404	-	80,635	1
Repurchase of own shares	(9,025)	_	_	_	_	_
Repayments of bank loans Proceeds from sale and leaseback	-	-	(683)	-	-	-
transactions entered into Repayments of obligations under finance leases and hire purchase	-	-	-	-	9,774	-
contracts Capital contribution by	-	-	-	-	(42,359)	-
minority shareholders Classified as cash and cash	-	-	-	-	-	1,186
equivalents Other movements not involving cash flows:	-	-	-	5,000	-	-
Inception of finance lease contracts Minority share of loss for the year	- -	- - -	- - -	- -	20,983	(185)
Balance at 1 January 2001 Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing	113,051	15,016	3,721	5,000	69,033	1,002
Redemption of convertible bonds	_	(15,016)	_	-	_	_
Repayments of bank loans Repayments of obligations under finance leases and	-	_``_`	(778)	-	-	-
hire purchase contracts	-	-	-	-	(49,123)	-
New loans raised Proceeds from sale and leaseback	-	-	-	55,559	-	-
transactions entered into Capital contribution by minority	-	-	-	-	22,976	-
shareholders Classified as cash and cash	-	-	-	-	-	4,544
equivalents Other movements not involving cash flows:	-	-	-	13,636	-	-
Inception of finance lease contracts	-	-	-	-	381	-
Issue of convertible notes Minority share of loss for the year	-	39,600	-	-		(1,374)
Balance at 31 December 2001	113,051	39,600	2,943	74,195	43,267	4,172

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 38. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

- During the year, the Group entered into finance lease arrangements in respect of plant and machinery with a total capital value at the inception of the leases of HK\$381,000 (2000: HK\$20,983,000).
- During the year, convertible notes amounting to HK\$39,600,000 were issued in relation to the
  acquisition of a company holding an agreement for sale and promotion of data media products
  together with the distributorship and sales agreement with the existing clients of certain vendors
  at a consideration of HK\$47,031,725.

### 39. CONTINGENT ASSETS

In 1997, the Company entered into an agreement with a customer under which the Company was required to set up a software manufacturing fulfillment plant in the People's Republic of China and the customer was obliged, among other things, to place annual minimum orders to the Company for the five years ending 31 December 2002. Should the customer fail to place the minimum orders, the Company is entitled to claim for the shortfall. During the two years ended 31 December 1999, the orders from the customers did not meet the minimum orders stipulated in the agreement and the Company took action in 2000 to claim for the total shortfall under the agreement amounting to approximately US\$54 million. An arbitration tribunal has been formed to determine the liability and amount payable. Up to the date of approval of the financial statements, the arbitration has not been finalised. Accordingly, no further orders were placed by the customer. The directors of the Company, based on the opinion from independent legal advisers, consider that there are merits in Group's claim against the customer and accordingly all direct expenditure incurred for the claim, including the investment costs in establishment of the above manufacturing plant amounting to HK\$32.3 million, are capitalised and carried in the financial statements pending settlement of the claim. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group has sufficient funds to pursue the claim.

### 40. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Bills discounted with recourse Guarantees given to bankers in respect of banking facilities utilised by subsidiaries

2000	2001	2000
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
41,265	-	_
	440,300	376,300
41,265	440,300	376,300
	HK\$'000 41,265	HK\$'000 HK\$'000  41,265 -  440,300

In addition, in 1999 a subsidiary of the Company received a writ from a customer in Hong Kong claiming amounts of RMB5,885,000 and US\$1,000,000 relating to alleged defective products delivered by that subsidiary. However, the directors, based on an opinion from the Group's independent legal advisers, consider that the allegations made by the customer are not valid and are of the opinion that such claims will not cause any material loss to the Group. No provision for the cost of the legal fees or loss, if any, arising from the allegation has been made in the financial statements.

### Notes to the Finance

The Group

2000

2001

#### **LEASE COMMITMENTS** 41.

### The Group as lessee

At the balance sheet date, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases, in respect of premises, which fall due as follows:

	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Within one year	2,805	5,931
In the second to fifth year inclusive	3,713	9,304
Over five years	179	_
	6,697	15,235

At 31 December 2001, the Company had no commitments under non-cancellable operating leases (2000: Nil).

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office properties. Leases are negotiated for an average term of 3 years and rentals are fixed for an average of 3 years.

### The Group as lessor

Rental income earned in respect of plant and machinery during the year was HK\$1,700,000 (2000: HK\$Nil). The plant and machinery are expected to generate rental yields of 14% on an ongoing basis. All of the plant and machinery leased have committed lessees for one to three years.

At the balance sheet date, the Group had contracted with lessees for the following future minimum lease payments:

	The Group	
	2001	2000
	НК\$′000	HK\$'000
Within one year	2,064	450
n the second to fifth year inclusive	1,204	
	3,268	450

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

### 42. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the balance sheet date, the Group and the Company did not have any capital commitments.

#### 43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group had the following significant transactions with related parties conducted on terms arrived at by reference to market prices during the year:

	The	Group
	2001	2000
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Printing charges paid to Sunny Printing		
(Hong Kong) Company Limited	2,763	10,154
Rental payments to Richmond Enterprise Limited	396	394
Rental payments to Ms. Chan Siu Chu	324	324
Rental payments to Fair Age Limited	29	114

Mr. Chan Tzi Wah, being a director of a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, was also a director and shareholder of Sunny Printing (Hong Kong) Company Limited during the period from 1 January 2000 to 30 June 2000.

Ms. Ho Yat Wah, Hermia, being an Executive Director of the Company, is also a director and shareholder of Richmond Enterprise Limited and Fair Age Limited.

Ms. Chan Siu Chu is the mother of Ms. Ho Yin King, Helena, Ms. Ho Yat Wah, Hermia and Mr. Ho Fai Keung, Jacky.

The above related party transactions have been approved by the independent Non-executive Directors.

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Percentage

### 44. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

	Place/country of incorporation	Issued and paid up share capital/	of issued share capital/ registered	
Name of subsidiary	and operation	registered capital	capital held (Note a)	Principal activities
Albata Technology Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100	Provision of software programming
Cheson Magnetic Limited	Масаи	100,000 ordinary shares of MOP 1 each	100	Manufacture of floppy disks
Clearview Development Limited	British Virgin Islands	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100	Investment holding
Creative Information Technology (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.	People's Republic of China	US\$2,000,000	100	Inactive
Feitian Magnetic Information- Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	People's Republic of China	US\$2,500,000	100	Manufacture of floppy disks, jewel cases and compact disc cleaners
Fortune Luck Development Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	4 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100	Trading of data media products
Glory South Software Manufacturing Inc.	United States of America	1,000 ordinary shares of US\$ 1 ed	100 ach	Trading of computer accessories

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#### 44. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation and operation	Issued and paid up share capital/ registered capital	Percentage of issued share capital/ registered capital held (Note a)	Principal activities	
Great China Global Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100	Trading of data media products	
Havenport Management Limited	British Virgin Islands	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100	Investment holding	
Jackin Advanced Optical Technology Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100	Trading of data media products	
Jackin Enterprises Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100	Holding of trade marks	
Jackin Magnetic Company Limited	Hong Kong	10 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each and 10,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$100 each (Note b)	100	Manufacture and sale of floppy disks	
Jackin Magnetic (United Kingdom) Company Limited	England	3 ordinary shares of GBP 1 each	100	Sale of floppy disks	
Jackin Manufacturing (Shenzhen) Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100	Investment holding	
Jackin Media Marketing Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100	Investment holding	
Jackin Optical Marketing Company Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100	Sale of compact disc products	

### 44. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation and operation	Issued and paid up s share capital/ registered capital	Percentage of issued hare capital/ registered capital held (Note a)	Principal activities
Jackin Optical Technology Limited	Hong Kong	1,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100	Manufacture and sale of compact disc products
Jackin Purchasing Company Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100	Provision of sourcing and procurement services
Jackin Total Fulfilment Services Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100	Inactive
Jackin U.S.A. Inc.	United States of America	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100	Sale of compact disc products, jewel cases and floppy disks and provision of total fulfilment services and supply chain management services
Jackin Video Cassette Company Limited	Hong Kong	1,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each and 1,000,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK each (Note b)		Property Holding

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#### 44. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation and operation	Issued and paid up share capital/ registered capital	Percentage of issued share capital/ registered capital held (Note a)	Principal activities	
Jackin Video Cassette (Taiwan) Limited	Taiwan	2,000,000 ordinary shares of NT\$10 each	99.9	Property holding	
Noble Team Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100	Investment holding	
Oakview International Limited	British Virgin Islands	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100	Investment holding	
Profit Ring Industrial Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100	Property investment	
Romtec Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100	Investment holding	
Sunny Printing (International) Company Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100	Provision of computer software replication services	
Tempair Developments Limited	British Virgin Islands	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100	Investment holding	
Ugent Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100	Investment holding	

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### 44. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation and operation	Issued and paid up share capital/ registered capital	of issued share capital/ registered capital held (Note a)	Principal activities
深圳市新怡輝速達 實業有限公司	People's Republic of China	RMB1,000,000	80	Trading of data media products
珠海藝必達信息技術 有限公司	People's Republic of China	HK\$5,000,000	80	Provision of software programming

#### Notes:

- (a) Except Oakview International Limited, which is directly owned by the Company, all other subsidiaries are indirectly held.
- (b) The Company holds 100% of the issued ordinary share capital only. The deferred shares, which are not held by the Group, practically carry no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the respective companies or to participate in any distribution on winding up.
- (c) Other than those subsidiaries incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, whose place of operations are basically in Hong Kong, the places of operations of all other subsidiaries are the same as their places of incorporation.
- (d) The directors are of the opinion that a complete list of the particulars of all subsidiaries will be of excessive length and therefore the above list contains only the particulars of the subsidiaries which materially affect the results or assets of the Group.