其他財務資料

以下載列有關本集團於二零零二 年一月出售香港華人銀行有限公 司(「華人銀行」)及其附屬公司前 之其他資料。

風險管理

本公司之前主要附屬公司香港華 人銀行有限公司(「華人銀行」)已 設立風險管理之政策及程序,並由 管理層及多個管理委員會,包括資 產及負債管理委員會、運作委員 會、貸款委員會及審核委員會,定 期進行檢討,以確保本集團活動隨 時產生之所有重大風險均得以適 當監管及控制。資產及負債管理委 員會定期開會,監察華人銀行業務 是否符合本集團董事會所制定之 各項風險限額。本集團之稽核及法 規監核部人員亦進行定期查核以 協助執行由管理層及不同部門所 採納之各項內部監控措施,從而確 保該等政策及程序得以遵守。

(a) 信貸風險

信貸風險乃指交易對方有可能 出現違約行為之風險。此等風 險來自本集團之放款、貿易融 資、庫務、衍生工具及其他活 動。

華人銀行及其附屬公司之信貸 政策詳細列明信貸之批准及監 管機制、貸款分類標準及撥備 政策,該等細則乃按照香港銀 行業條例及香港金融管理局發 出之有關指引要求及規則而訂 定。

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Set out below are further information relating to The Hongkong Chinese Bank, Limited ("HKCB") and its subsidiaries prior to their disposal by the Group in January 2002.

Management of risks

The Hongkong Chinese Bank, Limited ("HKCB"), a former principal subsidiary of the Company had established policies and procedures for risk management which were reviewed regularly by management and various management committees, including the Asset and Liability Management Committee, Operations Committee, Credit Committee and Audit Committee to ensure the proper monitoring and control of all major risks arising from the Group's activities at all times. The Asset and Liability Committee met regularly to oversee the compliance of HKCB's activities with all the risk limits approved by the Directors of Group. The Internal Auditors and Compliance Officers of the Group also performed regular reviews to supplement the various internal control measures adopted by management and different divisions to ensure compliance with these policies and procedures.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arose from the possibility that the counterparty in a transaction may default. It arose from lending, trade finance, treasury, derivatives and other activities undertaken by the Group.

The credit policies of HKCB and its subsidiaries set out in detail the credit approval and monitoring mechanism, the loan classification criteria and provisioning policy, which was established in accordance with the requirements and provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance and the relevant guidelines issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.

其他財務資料(續)

風險管理(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險管理之運作獨立於業 務部份,監管信貸政策之實行 及確保信貸評估及批核之質 素。信貸批核根據本集團之信 貸政策處理,計及借貸之類別 及性質、借款人之信用及還款 能力、抵押及為本集團資產總 值方面造成之風險分佈。

日常信貸管理由貸款委員會負 責。貸款委員會所作出之決定, 亦由本集團執行董事及本集團 董事會作定期檢討,董事會成 員包括獨立於本集團之日常運 作以外之非執行董事。

本集團已制定指引以確保所有 新產品於批核前獲恰當之設計 及審閱。本集團內所有相關部 門須參與並確保任何新產品於 推出之前已有適當之程序、系 統及監控。

(b) 流動資金風險

華人銀行監管其資產、負債及 承擔之流動資金結構,是基於 市況及其業務需要,以及為確 保其運作符合最低流動資金比 率之法定要求。

包括執行董事及高級經理在內 之管理層一直監察華人銀行之 流動資金狀況,以確保其備有 足夠流動資金應付一切到期債 務,並將本集團之財務資源發 揮最大效益。

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

Management of risks (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

The credit risk management function was independent of business units. It oversaw the implementation of credit policies and ensured the quality of credit evaluation and approval. Credit approval was conducted in accordance with the Group's credit policies, taking into account the type and tenor of loans, creditworthiness and repayment ability of prospective borrowers, collateral available and the resultant risk concentration in the context of the Group's total assets.

Day-to-day credit management was performed by the Credit Committee. Decisions made by the Credit Committee were reviewed regularly by the Executive Directors of the Group and the Group's Board of Directors, which also consisted of Non-Executive Directors who were independent of the day-to-day operations of the Group.

The Group had established guidelines to ensure that all new products were properly designed and reviewed prior to their approval. All relevant departments within the Group were required to involve and ensure that appropriate processes, systems and controls were in place before any new product was launched.

(b) Liquidity risk

HKCB managed the liquidity structure of its assets, liabilities and commitments in view of market conditions and its business needs, as well as to ensure that its operations met with the statutory requirement on minimum liquidity ratio.

Management comprising Executive Directors and senior managers monitored the liquidity position of HKCB on an ongoing basis to ensure the availability of sufficient liquid funds to meet all obligations as they fell due and to make the most efficient use of the Group's financial resources.

其他財務資料(續)

風險管理(續)

(c) 資本

本集團之一貫政策乃維持穩固 之資本基礎,以支持其業務發 展及符合資本充足比率之最低 法定要求。

本集團按不同業務相關之風險 將資本分配至各業務範圍。

(d) 利率風險

利率風險主要由附有利息之資 產、負債及承擔重定息率之時 差所引致。華人銀行之利率風 險水平主要來自庫務及商業銀 行業務。華人銀行已建立政策 及制度以監察其對利息敏感之 風險水平及重定息率之淨差 距。利率風險由司庫部根據董 事會所批准之指引與限制進行 管理及定期監察。

(e) 外滙風險

外滙風險乃外幣滙率變動對盈 利或資本造成之風險。

華人銀行之外滙風險主要來自 其商業銀行業務以及司庫部所 進行之外滙交易產生之貨幣風 險。外滙風險由司庫部根據董 事會所批准之指引與限制一直 進行管理及監察。

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

Management of risks (continued)

(c) Capital

The Group maintained a strong capital base to support the development of its businesses and to comply with the statutory requirement on minimum capital adequacy ratio.

Capital was allocated to the various activities of the Group depending on the degree of risks associated with activity.

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk primarily resulted from timing differences in the repricing of interest bearing assets, liabilities and commitments. HKCB's interest rate positions arose mainly from treasury and commercial banking activities undertaken. HKCB had established policies and systems to monitor its interest-sensitive positions and net repricing gap. The interest rate risk was managed and monitored regularly by the Treasury Department (the "Treasury") under the guidelines and limits approved by the Directors.

(e) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk was the risk to earnings or capital arising from movements of foreign exchange rates.

HKCB's foreign exchange risk primarily arose from currency exposures originating from its commercial banking activities and foreign exchange dealings by the Treasury. Foreign exchange risk was managed and monitored on an ongoing basis by the Treasury under the guidelines and limits approved by the Directors.

其他財務資料(續)

風險管理(續)

(f) 市場風險

市場風險為利率、滙率、股票或 商品價格變動從而影響華人銀 行購入或持有之金融工具之價 格之風險。金融工具包括外滙 合約、利率合約、股票及固定收 入證券。

所有市場風險限額均經由本集 團董事會批准,並由資產及負 債管理委員會就實際風險限額 與已批准之風險限額作出比較 及監管,該委員會由華人銀行 執行董事、司庫及高級經理組 成,按本金或設定金額、未償還 餘款及預設止蝕水平之基準量 度及監管有關風險。所有涉及 市場風險之買賣活動均定期按 市場價格而計值,並由司庫部 作出監察及管理。至於投資賬 戶,本集團設有評估程序揀選 基金經理,而司庫部則定期審 閱投資戶口之運作及表現。本 集團之稽核部則會作出定期檢 查及以抽查方式查核,以確保 遵守本集團採納之市場風險限 額與指引。

分部資料

根據負責申報業績或將資產入賬 之分行地點作基準,華人銀行及其 附屬公司主要在香港經營業務,超 過90%之經營收入、除税前溢利、總 資產、總負債、或然負債及承擔由 該等地區產生或於該等地區入賬。

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

Management of risks (continued)

(f) Market risk

Market risk was the risk that changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity or commodity prices would affect the prices of financial instruments taken or held by HKCB. Financial instruments included foreign exchange contracts, interest rate contracts, equity and fixed income securities.

Market risk limits were approved by the Group's Board of Directors. Actual positions were compared with approved limits and monitored regularly by the Asset and Liability Management Committee which was made up of Executive Directors, the treasurer and senior managers of HKCB. Exposures were measured and monitored on the basis of principal or notional amounts, outstanding balances and predetermined stop-loss limits. All market risk trading positions were subject to periodic mark-to-market valuation, which was monitored and managed by the Treasury. With respect to the investment accounts, the Group had established evaluation procedures for the selection of fund managers and the Treasury performs regular reviews of the operation and performance of these investment accounts. The Group's Internal Auditors also performed regular reviews and testing to ensure compliance with the market risk limits and guidelines adopted by the Group.

Segment information

On the basis of the location of the branches responsible for reporting the results or booking the assets, HKCB and its subsidiaries operated predominately in Hong Kong with over 90 per cent. of the operating income, profit before taxation, total assets, total liabilities, contingent liabilities and commitments arose therefrom or booked therein.