

# SOUTH CHINA HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

# **2002 INTERIM REPORT**

# UNAUDITED INTERIM RESULTS

The Directors of South China Holdings Limited (the "Company") announce that the unaudited results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2002 are as follows:

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

	Notes	Six months 2002 Unaudited HK\$'000	<b>ended 30 June</b> 2001 Unaudited HK\$'000
<b>Turnover</b> Cost of sales	2	716,959 (576,060)	771,044 (652,557)
Gross profit		140,899	118,487
Other revenue Distribution and selling expenses Administrative and operating expenses Realisation of warrant subscription reserve of a subsid Deficit on revaluation of investment properties Provision for loss on properties held for sale Impairment in value of land pending development Changes in fair values of short-term listed investments Impairment in fair value of long-term investments Loss on disposal of long-term listed investments Gain on disposal/deemed disposal of subsidiaries	iary 4	7,688 $(28,080)$ $(193,077)$ $-$ $(1,882)$ $(3,000)$ $(6,014)$ $(1,916)$ $(11,448)$ $(23,357)$ $86,142$	10,198 (32,307) (251,126) 63,050 — — 118,547 (3,053) —
(Loss) Profit from operations	2&3	(34,045)	23,796
Finance cost Share of results of associates		(7,135) (77,301)	(11,508) 723
(Loss) Profit before taxation Taxation Company and subsidiaries Associates	5	(118,481) (701) (106)	13,011 (36,454) (239)
Loss before minority interests Minority interests		(119,288) 33,709	(23,682) 37,314
(Loss) Profit attributable to shareholders		(85,579)	13,632
Dividends	6	4,454	1,823
<b>(Loss) Earnings per share</b> Basic	7	(HK4.69 cents)	HK0.75 cent

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

		30 June 2002	31 December 2001
		Unaudited	Restated
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment		743,310	789,385
Investment in associates		323,117	405,630
Long-term investments		114,217	114,851
Loans and advances		8,733	13,485
Other non-current assets		8,538	10,598
Total non-current assets		1,197,915	1,333,949
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories		252,127	217,728
Properties held for sale		45,510	53,031
Listed investments		50,276	99,961
Loans and advances		306,993	271,788
Trade receivables	8	292,128	227,523
Prepayments and deposits		94,621	72,388
Due from a related company		54	3,039
Bank balances and cash	9	412,370	357,716
Total current assets		1,454,079	1,303,174
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest bearing bank borrowings		(474,826)	(462,026)
Trade payables	10	(374,397)	(510,533)
Bills payable and other accrued liabilities		(424,410)	(215,434)
Due to a related company		(2,058)	—
Taxation payable		(2,632)	(9,237)
Total current liabilities		(1,278,323)	(1,197,230)
Net current assets		175,756	105,944
Total assets less current liabilities		1,373,671	1,439,893
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest bearing bank borrowings		(121,722)	(139,241)
Other non-current payable		(1 <b>-</b> 1,7 <b>--</b> )	(2,951)
Deferred taxation		(1,330)	(1,330)
Total non-current liabilities		(123,052)	(143,522)
MINORITY INTERESTS		(550,584)	(529,756)
		700,035	766,615
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital and share premium		298,818	298,818
Other reserves		324,483	301,030
Retained earnings		76,734	166,767
		700,035	766,615

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2002

	Share capital and premium <i>Unaudited</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	Other reserves Unaudited HK\$'000	Retained earnings <i>Unaudited</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total Unaudited HK\$'000
At 1 January 2002	298,818	301,030	166,767	766,615
Loss attributable to shareholders	—	_	(85,579)	(85,579)
Special dividend paid	—	_	(4,454)	(4,454)
Net surplus on revaluation	—	2,896	_	2,896
Transfer to income statement	—	20,953	_	20,953
Attributable to acquisition of additional				
interest in subsidiaries	—	535	—	535
Reserve realised upon disposal of subsidiaries	s —	(914)	_	(914)
Translation adjustments		(17)		(17)
At 30 June 2002	298,818	324,483	76,734	700,035
At 1 January 2001	298,406	456,236	259,492	1,014,134
Profit attributable to shareholders			13,632	13,632
Final dividend paid	_	_	(22,783)	(22,783)
Transfer from (to) reserves	_	987	(987)	_
Changes in special reserve arising from				
placement of warrants by a subsidiary	_	(46,983)	_	(46,983)
Net surplus on revaluation	_	19,716	_	19,716
Transfer to income statement	_	5,735		5,735
Translation adjustments		(85)		(85)
At 30 June 2001	298,406	435,606	249,354	983,366

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2002	2001
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net cash used in operating activities	(14,326)	(156,876)
Net cash from investing activities	40,266	11,348
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(35,558)	12,526
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(9,618)	(133,002)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	(123,934)	(87,682)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	(133,552)	(220,684)
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Bank balances and cash - general account balances	173,903	123,717
Bank overdrafts	(71,607)	(66,231)
Short-term loans with original maturities of less		
than three months	(235,848)	(278,170)
	(133,552)	(220,684)

# NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 30 June 2002

#### 1. Accounting policies

The unaudited condensed interim financial statements ("interim financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and in compliance with the Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 25 ("SSAP 25") Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants.

These condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2001 annual financial statements.

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the interim financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2001, except that the Group has adopted the following new and revised SSAPs which became effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2002:

SSAP 1 (revised)	Presentation of financial statements
SSAP 11 (revised)	Foreign currency translation
SSAP 15 (revised)	Cash flow statements
SSAP 34	Employee benefits

The adoption of the new and revised SSAPs has no material effect on the Group's results other than presentational changes. Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current period's presentation.

#### 2. Turnover and segmental information

An analysis of the Group's consolidated turnover and contribution to (loss) profit from operations by principal activity and geographical location for the six months ended 30 June 2002 and 2001 is as follows:

	Turno Six months en		Contribution to (loss) profit from operations Six months ended 30 June		
	2002	2001	2002	2001	
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
By principal activity:					
Trading and manufacturing unit	541,406	534,578	(14,920)	(62,646)	
Media unit	74,599	105,330	(15,804)	(21,704)	
Securities and financing unit	48,906	82,228	(30,614)	58,349	
Information technology unit	43,674	44,659	(2,105)	(4,078)	
Property development and investment unit	8,120	4,215	(6,696)	1,261	
Investment holding and other unit	254	34	36,094	52,614	
	716,959	771,044	(34,045)	23,796	
By geographical location*:					
United States of America	281,254	272,981	(5,718)	(35,753)	
Europe	190,095	125,956	(1,252)	(16,702)	
The People's Republic of China and Hong Kong	204,279	298,845	(24,408)	85,464	
Japan	10,170	20,102	(159)	(4,314)	
Others	31,161	53,160	(2,508)	(4,899)	
	716,959	771,044	(34,045)	23,796	

\* Turnover by geographical location is determined on the basis of the location where merchandise is delivered and/or service is rendered.

#### 3. Depreciation

(Loss) Profit from operations for the period is arrived at after charging depreciation of approximately HK\$27,124,000 (2001: HK\$36,864,000) in respect of the Group's property, plant and equipment.

#### 4. Gain on disposal/deemed disposal of subsidiaries

The gain on disposal/deemed disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$86,142,000 related to the financial restructuring of a former listed subsidiary of the Group. Please refer to the Business Review section for the details.

#### 5. Taxation

Hong Kong profits tax was provided at the rate of 16% (2001: 16%) on the estimated assessable profit arising in or derived from Hong Kong. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

In 2001, approximately HK\$32,600,000 was principally related to the additional provision for taxation of prior years resulting from a field audit by the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department on the transfer pricing policy of a subsidiary.

#### 6. Dividends

On 21 January 2002, the Board of Directors declared a special dividend of HK0.18 cent per share, totalling approximately HK\$3,362,000 (six months ended 30 June 2001:Nil). The special dividend was paid in specie on the basis of one share of Jinchang Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited, a then wholly owned subsidiary, for every eight shares held by shareholders on 8 February 2002.

On 8 February 2002, the Board of Directors declared a special dividend of HK0.06 cent per share, totalling approximately HK\$1,092,000 (six months ended 30 June 2001:Nil). The special dividend was paid in specie on the basis of one share of Capital Publications Limited, a then wholly owned subsidiary, for every four shares held by shareholders on 25 February 2002.

The Directors resolved not to declare an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2002 (six months ended 30 June 2001: HK0.1 cent per share).

#### 7. (Loss) Earnings per share

The calculation of basic (loss) earnings per share is based on the loss attributable to shareholders of approximately HK\$85,579,000 (2001: profit of HK\$13,632,000) and on approximately 1,823,401,000 shares (2001: 1,822,652,000 shares) in issue during the period.

Diluted (loss) earnings per share is not shown as there is no dilution effect for both periods.

#### 8. Trade receivables

Trade receivables are stated net of provision for bad and doubtful debts, substantially with an aging within 6 months.

Sales of goods are largely on credit, except for new customers when trade deposits are normally required. The credit terms of trade debtors are defined in the respective agreements, and usually range from cash before delivery to 90 days after delivery.

The Group allows a credit period up to the settlement dates of securities, bullion and commodities transactions or a different credit period mutually agreed with the contracting parties.

#### 9. Bank balances and cash

Approximately HK\$1,500,000 (31 December 2001:HK\$1,500,000) of bank deposits were pledged for the banking facilities granted to the Group.

The bank balances included an amount of approximately HK\$236,967,000 (31 December 2001: HK\$185,549,000) held on behalf of clients of the Group's securities and commodities broking business.

#### 10. Trade payables

Trade payables are substantially with an aging within 6 months.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Fading business confidence in Hong Kong and worldwide significantly hindered the Group's performance in the first half of 2002. For the period under review, the turnover and loss attributable to shareholders of the Group weres HK\$717.0 million and HK\$85.6 million respectively, including significant non-cash losses arising from provisions. Turnover dropped by 7% while interim results turned from profit last year to loss this year.

Provisions of HK\$85.9 million were made on the Group's property projects, inevitably in the declining property market, of which HK\$75.0 million related to the property project held under an associate and reported in the share of results from associates during the period.

The performance of the Group's different businesses for the period was mixed. The shrinking daily turnover of the stock market and sharp diminution in equity values dragged the brokerage and securities trading businesses to considerable losses during the period. The Group's trading and manufacturing business, another major business of the Group, made significant improvements in performance both in terms of cutting costs and reduction of losses.

Overall the Group made major cost cuttings across the board, making significant cost savings, to remain competitive in the tough economic environment. With the committed effort to streamline operations and stringent cost control measures, the Group succeeded in reducing its administrative and operating expenses by 23% as a whole in comparison to the last interim period.

South China Information and Technology Limited (now known as Guorun Holdings Limited) ("SCIT"), previously a listed subsidiary of South China Industries Limited ("SCI"), completed a financial restructuring ("Financial Restructuring") on 28 June 2002. The effects of the Financial Restructuring on the Group were the acquisition of the entire property portfolio together with the related mortgages, 49% equity interest of its travel related business and a number of its subsidiaries engaged in information and technology related businesses in the PRC (the "Acquisition") and the dilution of SCI's equity interest in SCIT to 7.17% (the "Deemed Disposal"). SCI paid an aggregate consideration of HK\$239 million to SCIT for the Acquisition of which HK\$238 million was used to set off its outstanding loans due to SCI and the remaining HK\$1 million was paid in cash. Simultaneously, SCI received HK\$65 million in cash from SCIT out of the Deemed Disposal as partial repayment of the balance of its outstanding loans due to SCI. Also, SCI subsequently disposed of part of the remaining interest in SCIT (the "Disposal"). As a result of the Deemed Disposal and the Disposal, the Group in total realised a gain amounting to HK\$86.1 million.

#### Brokerage and Financial Services

In the state of diminishing daily turnover of the stock market, the brokerage business sustained a loss. Traditional operations revenue from margin financing, securities trading and underwriting continued to decrease. Impairment in value of long-term investing portfolio was recorded while some of the long-term investments were disposed of at a loss during the period.

The turnover of securities trading from online clients through the platform of "sctrade.com" increased substantially but the operation is not yet making profit.

The personal loan business was profitable, and performance was satisfactory with its contribution increasing five times compared to the previous first half-year result.

South China Brokerage Company Limited ("SCB") recorded net loss of HK\$58.1 million for the period ended 30 June 2002.

# Trading and Manufacturing

The turnover attributable from the trading and manufacturing operation was HK\$541.4 million, a slight increase of 1.3% over the last corresponding period. Wah Shing International Holdings Limited ("Wah Shing"), the major subsidiary of SCI, was most successful in reducing loss from HK\$84.4 million in interim 2001 to HK\$8.6 million in interim 2002, representing a 90% improvement in results. Persistent efforts were made to streamline and consolidate the workforce both in Hong Kong and the PRC. Optimization of economies of scale with enhancement of operational efficiency was achieved and resulted in an overall substantial reduction in production overheads.

In line with traditional industry low-season patterns, Wah Shing Electronics Company Limited ("WSE"), the toy-related electronics arm recorded a loss in the first half of the year. Orders historically start to accumulate after June for the immediate upcoming Christmas season. This year, however, WSE gained some benefit from a major customer which is evenly distributing its ordering pattern throughout the year, and this resulted in a 30% increase in turnover for the six months under review over the comparable period last year.

The trading and manufacturing of leather shoes products continued to make positive contributions to the Group, with turnover doubled and net profit rising four times over the previous interim period. Other leather products and garments operations improved despite not yet being profitable.

Nority International Group Limited ("Nority"), an associate of SCI engaged in manufacture and sale of athletic shoes, recorded net profit of HK\$2.1 million. The result was a 92% reduction over the same period last year due to the decline in global demand and fierce competition in the athletic shoes industry.

The aggregate loss of these trading and manufacturing companies fell by 76% from HK\$62.6 million last period to HK\$14.9 million for the current six months ended 30 June 2002.

# Information and Technology

The information and technology ("IT") related businesses recorded a slight decrease in turnover to HK\$43.7 million as compared to the last interim period. The IT businesses underwent a consolidation, in order to create a stronger platform for IT operations in the mainland. Although the IT businesses were not yet making any profits, the net loss of IT businesses in the first half of the year was HK\$2.1 million, which was a 48% reduction in loss over the last corresponding period.

#### **Development and Investment Properties**

In the still sluggish property market, provisions of HK\$10.9 million were made on revaluation which accounted for the net loss of HK\$6.7 million attributable from this business unit for the period.

As at the date of this report, the property project, "The Centrium" in the Central district had leased out around 40% of its total rentable area. The occupancy rate of other investment properties improved and contributed an increased amount of rental income to the Group, though the average rent per square foot dropped during the period.

#### Travel and Related Services

The travel industry worldwide was recovering slowly after the severe slump in the last quarter of 2001. The travel business associate was thus operating in a tough local market with an escalating unemployment rate and persistently conservative consumer spending, so more resources and efforts were required to sustain the sales level. Intense competition over air ticketing sales squeezed the profit margin.

# Media and Publications

The media side saw improvements at the operation level over the same period in 2001, with significant savings in costs and operation expenses. Individual titles saw good improvement and were profitable. The improvements made in such a difficult market environment are encouraging for the Group.

# Other Investments in the PRC

Owing to a general decline in the price of lychees and longans of more than two-thirds this year, the total gross income from the sales of fruit products was unsatisfactory. There are now approximately 500,000 lychee and longan trees under cultivation by the Group and very stringent cost controls have been implemented to ensure the average cost is low enough to survive in the severe competition. Average monthly expenses were cut to approximately 60% of those in the last period.

The new joint venture formed in early 2002 with a lease to develop a lake area totalling 16,000 mu, in Lishui county in Nanjing, launched its pilot study of rearing hairy crabs in April and the first batch of crabs is planned to be available for sale in late 2002.

# LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 30 June 2002, the Group had a current ratio of 1.14 and a gearing ratio (long-term liabilities of approximately HK\$123 million to equity of approximately HK\$700 million) of 17.6%. The Group's operations continue to be financed by internal resources and bank borrowings.

As at 30 June 2002, the Group had no significant exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates and any related hedges.

# **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

On 23 July 2002, the Company issued 364,680,275 bonus warrants ("Warrants") to its shareholders on the basis of one Warrant for every five ordinary shares in the share capital of the Company at the subscription price of HK\$0.42 per Warrant. Upon full exercise of the Warrants, the gross proceeds will be approximately HK\$153 million and 364,680,275 new shares will fall to be issued (the "New Shares"), representing approximately 20% of the Company's existing issued share capital of 1,823,401,376 shares, and approximately 17% of the Company's issued share capital of 2,188,081,651 shares as enlarged by the issue of the New Shares.

The Group had no debt securities or other capital instruments as at 30 June 2002 and up to the date of this report.

# MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

During the period, the Group recorded an Acquisition, a Deemed Disposal and a Disposal. Please refer to the Business Review section for the details of the Acquisition, the Deemed Disposal and the Disposal.

# PLEDGES OF ASSETS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There was no material change in the Group's pledges of assets, contingent liabilities and commitments as compared with the most recent published annual report.

#### PROSPECTS

#### Brokerage and Financial Services

SCB is taking steps to ensure the necessary technical and logistical support is available to enhance its online trading and the expected extension of trading hours. It will seek to develop more product lines for traditional and online trading to expand its income base. SCB has recently formed a strategic alliance with an institutional brokerage firm in the US to provide its clients exclusive research, execution and clearing services for Hong Kong securities. This will enable SCB to expand its client base.

As more companies from the PRC are seeking to list in Hong Kong, demand for professional advisory services is expected to increase. South China Capital Limited, the Group's subsidiary engaging in corporate finance business has already received a number of assignments including new listings for some PRC companies and it will be more active in pursuing this business.

The personal loan business under South China Financial Credits Limited is seeking to source additional funding, including by way of possible introduction of strategic partners for its longer-term business expansion.

Overall, SCB will adopt a lean and mean approach for its operations and review constantly the costs of different sectors of its businesses in preparing for an eventual market recovery.

# Trading and Manufacturing

In spite of the uncertain pace of the global economic recovery, in particular in the US, the immediate outlook for Wah Shing in the coming half-year is positive. The aggressive cost cuttings and workforce reduction made over the last eighteen months and the consolidation of operations provide a strong platform for rebound in the toy manufacturing business. In view of these factors and the existing orders on hand, the full year results of Wah Shing for 2002 are expected to return to profitability, barring unforeseen circumstances and excluding any exceptional items. Investment will be made in new production processes in order to diversify the product mix and broaden its customer base. Further efforts will be put into research and development of its own design capability.

WSE will continue to make positive contribution to the Group, but the result in the second half of the year is not expected to be as good as the last year, as there was a sizable order for a hot production item in the last quarter of 2001. It will continue with cost tightening measures to ensure optimization of its profit margin and to improve its competitiveness by upgrading its manufacturing process.

New bank trade credit facilities have recently been arranged for the increasing sales volumes of shoes, leather products and garments. The outlook for these trading activities remains promising.

To explore the potential of the PRC market after its accession to the World Trade Organization, Nority has purchased land for building a production plant in Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province and has established a new subsidiary in the PRC.

# Information and Technology

Following the financial restructuring of SCIT, the Group continues to strengthen its competitiveness by providing more value-added services to its customers. Our Hong Kong sales team is monitoring the IT joint venture companies in the PRC closely and a number of new IT agency contracts have been concluded recently. We intend to re-organize the structure of some of the smaller IT joint ventures to consolidate them into a bigger platform for further growth.

# Development and investment properties

In the present declining property leasing market, we expect unit rental income to remain flat or move downward in the coming period. We are striving to keep a stable rental income by providing more flexible terms to retain and attract tenants and by renovating some of the poor-occupancy properties.

# Travel and related services

In order to gain from the growing momentum of the PRC economy, we are in the process of establishing offices in the developed and highly populated major cities in the PRC. More resources will be allocated to the China related travel business. We expect the revenue from the mainland routes will continue to grow in the future. We are seeking every opportunity to cooperate and co-invest with the PRC local travel agents to expand our networks in the PRC travel market.

# Media and Publications

Despite difficult conditions, the media and publications businesses are seeing improvement, with stringent cost controls, strengthened management and growth of business on a stronger consolidated platform. We shall focus on developing new channels of circulation and advertising revenue while maintaining tight cost controls.

# Other Investments in the PRC

We have been reviewing and restructuring the lychee and longan farm project in Huaxing, Guangzhou since July 2002 in respect of administration, human resources, plantation and marketing channels. The workforce has been restructured to minimize staff cost in the slack season, as well as to keep the farm project more competent in terms of improved flexibility and responsiveness to changes in the market conditions. Crop yields are expected to improve in the next few years.

Regarding the hairy crab farm in Nanjing, we have gained much experience from the pilot study which will help us for the major crop next year. We will also try to rear other aquatic products to fully utilize the natural resources of the leased lake area.

### Overview

There are some real concerns as to the global economic recovery. Nevertheless, the Group has sufficient resources on hand from various financial restructuring activities for its operations and business expansions. The Group will focus on cost controls in our operations, to pave the way for growth in a recovering environment in order to raise shareholders returns. Given our success in cost controls and enhanced operating efficiency and business flexibility, the Group's businesses are well positioned to face the coming challenges.

# **EMPLOYEES**

As at 30 June 2002, the total number of employees of the Group was approximately 22,000. Performance of the staff is normally reviewed on an annual basis with adjustment compatible to the market. There is no material change in the information as compared with the most recently published annual report.

# **OTHER INFORMATION**

# **INTERIM DIVIDEND**

The Directors resolved not to declare an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2002 (2001: HK0.1 cent per share).

# DIRECTOR'S INTERESTS IN EQUITY SECURITIES

As at 30 June 2002, the interests of each Director in the equity securities of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the Securities (Disclosure of Interests) Ordinance (the "SDI Ordinance")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 29 of the SDI Ordinance or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies were set out below:-

### (i) The Company

	Number of ordinary shares			
	Personal	Corporate		
Directors	interests	interests		
	(Note a)	(Note a)		
Ng Hung Sang, Robert	71,587,200	1,272,529,612		
Richard Howard Gorges	—	487,949,760		
Cheung Choi Ngor, Christina	—	487,949,760		

#### (ii) Subsidiaries

(1) SCB

	Number of or	dinary shares	Number of warrants		
	Personal	Corporate	Personal	Corporate	
Directors	Interests	Interests	Interests (Note b)	Interests	
Ng Hung Sang, Robert	7,378,000	_	1,475,600	_	
Richard Howard Gorges	16,174,000	—	3,234,800	—	
Yuen Kam Tim, Francis	7,175,000	—	—	—	

# (2) The Express News Limited ("Express News")

	Number of o	rdinary shares	
	Personal	Corporate	
Directors	interests	interests	
		(Note c)	
Ng Hung Sang, Robert		30	

Notes:

- (a) Ng Hung Sang, Robert, Richard Howard Gorges and Cheung Choi Ngor, Christina, through companies whollyowned and controlled by them, have interests in 487,949,760 shares in the Company. Ng Hung Sang, Robert personally owns 71,587,200 shares and through companies wholly-owned and controlled by him, beneficially owns 784,579,852 shares in the Company.
- (b) These warrants will expire on 21 June 2003.
- (c) Ng Hung Sang, Robert and his family, through a company wholly-owned and controlled by them, have interests in 30 shares in Express News.

Save as disclosed above and the interests of the Directors in the share options of the Company and its associated corporations as disclosed in the section "Share Option Schemes" below, none of the Directors or Chief Executive nor their respective associates had any personal, family, corporate or other interests in the equity or debt securities of the Company or its associated corporations as at 30 June 2002 as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 29 of the SDI Ordinance or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies.

# **SHARE OPTION SCHEMES**

#### The Company

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 31 May 2002, the adoption of a new share option scheme (details of its principal terms were set out in the circular dated 30 April 2002) ("New Scheme") and the termination of the share option scheme adopted on 29 July 1992 ("Old Scheme") were approved. On 18 June 2002, the New Scheme became unconditional and the Old Scheme was terminated. Share options granted pursuant to the Old Scheme prior to its termination remained in force until they lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Old Scheme.

Particulars of the outstanding share options of the Company at the beginning and end of the period under the Old Scheme and their movement during the period are as follows:-

	No. of share options outstanding at 1 January 2002	Lapsed during the period	Cancelled during the period	No. of share options outstanding at 30 June 2002	Initial Exercise Price* HK\$	Exercisable Period
Directors						
Ng Hung Sang, Robert	13,796,000	_	_	13,796,000	1.36	29/07/1993- 28/07/2002 note ii
	3,000,000	_	_	3,000,000	0.88	22/07/1996- 28/07/2002 note iii
Richard Howard Gorges	13,792,000	_	_	13,792,000	1.36	29/07/1993- 28/07/2002 note ii
	3,000,000	_	_	3,000,000	0.88	22/07/1996- 28/07/2002 note iii
Cheung Choi Ngor, Christina	13,792,000	_	_	13,792,000	1.36	29/07/1993- 28/07/2002 note ii
	3,000,000	_	_	3,000,000	0.88	22/07/1996- 28/07/2002 note iii
Yuen Kam Tim, Francis	2,876,000	_	_	2,876,000	1.36	29/07/1993- 28/07/2002 note ii
Employees	2,892,000	_	_	2,892,000	1.36	29/07/1993- 28/07/2002 note ii
Employee	9,000,000	_	_	9,000,000	0.88	22/07/1996- 28/07/2002 note iii
Employee	112,000	_	(112,000)			
Total	65,260,000	_	(112,000)	65,148,000		

Notes:

(i) The vesting period of the share options was from the date of grant till the commencement of the exercise period.

(ii) The date of grant was 29 July 1992.

(iii) The date of grant was 22 July 1995.

\* exercise price was subject to adjustment

During the six months ended 30 June 2002, no share options were granted or exercised under the Old Scheme. The Old Scheme lapsed on 28 July 2002. No share options have been granted under the New Scheme since its adoption.

# Subsidiary - SCI

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of SCI held on 31 May 2002, the adoption of a new share option scheme ("SCI New Scheme") and the termination of the share option scheme adopted on 10 August 1992 ("SCI Old Scheme") were approved. On 18 June 2002, the SCI New Scheme became unconditional and the SCI Old Scheme was terminated. Share options granted pursuant to the SCI Old Scheme prior to its termination remained in force until they lapsed in accordance with the terms of the SCI Old Scheme.

Particulars of the outstanding share options of SCI at the beginning and end of the period under the SCI Old Scheme and their movement during the period are as follows:-

	No. of share options outstanding at 1 January 2002	Lapsed during the period	No. of share options outstanding at 30 June 2002	Initial Exercise Price* HK\$	Exercisable Period
Directors				+	
Ng Hung Sang, Robert	13,000,000	_	13,000,000	1.18	23/12/1994- 09/08/2002 note ii
Richard Howard Gorges	13,000,000	_	13,000,000	1.18	23/12/1994- 09/08/2002 note ii
Cheung Choi Ngor, Christina	13,000,000	_	13,000,000	1.18	23/12/1994- 09/08/2002 note ii
Employees	2,185,000	(50,000)	2,135,000	1.18	23/12/1994- 09/08/2002 note ii
Employees	402,500	(25,000)	377,500	0.78	18/01/1996- 09/08/2002 note iii
Total	41,587,500	(75,000)	41,512,500		

Notes:

(i) The vesting period of the share options was from the date of grant till the commencement of the exercise period.

(ii) The date of grant was 23 December 1993.

(iii) The date of grant was 18 January 1995.

\* exercise price was subject to adjustment

During the six months ended 30 June 2002, no share options under the SCI Old Scheme were granted, exercised or cancelled. The SCI Old Scheme lapsed on 9 August 2002. No share options under the SCI New Scheme have been granted since its adoption.

# Subsidiary - SCB

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of SCB held on 31 May 2002, the adoption of a new share option scheme (details of its principal terms were set out in the circular dated 30 April 2002) ("SCB New Scheme") and the termination of the share option scheme adopted on 12 July 1993 ("SCB Old Scheme") were approved. On 18 June 2002, the SCB New Scheme became unconditional and the SCB Old Scheme was terminated. Share options granted pursuant to the SCB Old Scheme prior to its termination will remain in force until they lapse in accordance with the terms of the SCB Old Scheme.

Particulars of the outstanding share options of SCB at the beginning and end of the period under the SCB Old Scheme and their movement during the period are as follows:-

	No. of share options outstanding at 1 January 2002	Lapsed during the period	Cancelled during the period	No. of share options outstanding at 30 June 2002	Initial Exercise Price* HK\$	Exercisable Period
Directors					Πιτφ	
Ng Hung Sang, Robert	100,000,000	_	_	100,000,000	0.180	15/08/1994- 11/07/2003 note ii
Richard Howard Gorges	50,000,000	_	_	50,000,000	0.180	15/08/1994- 11/07/2003 note ii
Cheung Choi Ngor, Christina	100,000,000	_	_	100,000,000	0.180	15/08/1994- 11/07/2003 note ii
Employee	20,000,000	_	_	20,000,000	0.138	10/05/2002- 11/07/2003 note iii
Employees	35,000,000	_	_	35,000,000	0.238	15/03/2001- 11/07/2003 note iv
Employees	16,000,000	_	_	16,000,000	0.168	07/06/2002- 11/07/2003 note v
Employees	20,000,000	_	_	20,000,000	0.180	09/07/2002- 11/07/2003 note vi
Total	341,000,000	_	_	341,000,000		

#### Notes:

(i) The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant till the commencement of the exercise period.

- (ii) The date of grant was 15 August 1993.
- (iii) The date of grant was 10 May 2001.
- (iv) The date of grant was 15 March 2000.
- (v) The date of grant was 7 June 2001.
- (vi) The date of grant was 9 July 2001.
- \* exercise price is subject to adjustment

During the six months ended 30 June 2002, no share options were granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled under the SCB Old Scheme. No share options have been granted under the SCB New Scheme since its adoption.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or Chief Executive nor their spouse or children under the age of 18 was granted by the Company or any of its subsidiaries any right to subscribe for equity or debt securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the period.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 30 June 2002, those persons (other than the Directors and Chief Executives of the Company whose interests are disclosed above) having an interest of 10 per cent. or more in the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 16(1) of the SDI Ordinance were as follows:

# Shareholders

### Number of ordinary shares

Earntrade Investments Limited	487,949,760 (Note)
Bannock Investment Limited	237,303,360 (Note)
Parkfield Holdings Limited	371,864,000
Fung Shing Group Limited	396,050,252

Note:

Earntrade Investments Limited is the holding company of Bannock Investment Limited. The 487,949,760 shares referred to above include the 237,303,360 shares held by Bannock Investment Limited. Ng Hung Sang, Robert, Richard Howard Gorges and Cheung Choi Ngor, Christina have beneficial interests in Earntrade Investments Limited.

# ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE, REDEEM OR SELL THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the period ended 30 June 2002.

# AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee has reviewed with the management the financial reporting matters, including the unaudited condensed financial statements, related to the preparation of the interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2002.

# CODE OF BEST PRACTICE

None of the Directors is aware of any information that would reasonably indicate that the Company is not, or was not for any part of the accounting period covered by this interim report, in compliance with the Code of Best Practice as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules.

On behalf of the Board **Ng Hung Sang, Robert** *Chairman* 

Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of The People's Republic of China 27 September 2002