NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2002

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Group comprises China Development Corporation Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiary companies. The Company was incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong on 29 September 1987 and is listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The principal activity of the Company is that of an investment holding company. The principal activities of subsidiary companies are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

2 FUNDAMENTAL ACCOUNTING CONCEPTS

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Company and the Group incurred a net loss of HK\$217,494,000 and HK\$115,407,000 respectively for the year ended 30 September 2002; and as at 30 September 2002 the Company's total liabilities exceeded its total assets by HK\$85,648,000 while the Group's total liabilities exceeded its total assets by HK\$102,023,000. The ability of the Company and the Group to continue as a going concern will depend upon future funding being available.

3 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Hong Kong, and comply with statements of standard accounting practice ("SSAP") issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants ("HKSA"), the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

In the current year, the Group has adopted for the first time a number of new and revised SSAPs issued by HKSA. Adoption of these SSAPs has led to a number of changes in the Group's accounting policies and has affected the amounts reported for the current or prior periods. In addition, the new and revised SSAPs have introduced additional and revised disclosure requirements which have been adopted in these financial statements. Comparative amounts for the prior year have been restated in order to achieve a consistent presentation.

3 **PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

b) Basis of consolidation

The accounting period of the Company and its subsidiary companies in the Group ends on 30 September and the consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary companies, together with the Group's share of the results of its associated companies for the year ended 30 September 2002.

The results of subsidiary and associated companies acquired or disposed of during the financial year are included in or excluded from the Group financial statements from the effective dates of acquisition or disposal as applicable. All material intra-group transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the operating results and net assets of subsidiary companies.

c) Subsidiary companies

A subsidiary company is an enterprise in which the Company, directly or indirectly, holds more than half of the issued share capital or controls more than half of the voting power, or where the Company controls the composition of its board of directors or equivalent governing body.

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's balance sheet at cost less any identified impairment losses.

d) Assoicated companies

An associated company is an enterprise, not being a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the Group has a substantial long-term interest in the equity voting rights and over which the Group is in a position to exercise significant influence, including participation in financial and operating policy decisions.

The consolidated profit and loss account includes the Group's share of the post-acquisition results of associated companies. The Group's interests in associated companies are included in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of net assets using the equity method of accounting less any provision for diminutions in value other than those considered to be temporary in nature deemed necessary by the directors.

When the Group transacts with its associated companies, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associated company, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

e) Goodwill

The difference between the purchase consideration and the fair value ascribed to the Group's share of the separable net assets at the date of acquisition of subsidiary/associated companies represents goodwill or negative goodwill arising on acquisition as appropriate.

Goodwill/negative goowill on acquisition of subsidiary/associated companies occurring on or after 1 January 2001 is included as separate assets and is amortised over its estimated useful life in accordance with the provisions of the new SSAP 30 "Business Combinations". No retrospective adjustment to the goodwill/negative goodwill written off against/ taken directly to reserves is required for acquisitions occurring on or before 1 January 2001.

For the year ended 30 September 2002

3 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the asset has been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of the asset. Overhauling expenses to extend the useful lives of old assets are, therefore, capitalised and depreciated over the period of the extended useful lives.

Changes in the values of property, plant and equipment are dealt with as movements in the assets revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the consolidated profit and loss account to the extent of the deficit previously charged. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained earnings as movement in reserves.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or valuation of each asset over its estimated useful life on a straight-line basis at the following annual rates:

Buildings on freehold land	5%
Leasehold land and buildings	Over the term of the lease
Vessels, plant and machinery	10% - 33 ¼%
Furniture and fittings, office equipment	
motor vehicles and computer software	10% - 33 ¼ ₃ %

No depreciation is charged on freehold land.

The gain or loss arising from the disposal or retirement of the asset is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

g) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following basis:

- (i) revenue from construction contracts is recognised using the percentage of completion method when the contracts have progressed to a stage where a profitable outcome can be prudently foreseen and is measured by reference to the production of costs incurred for work performed to the balance sheet date as compared to the estimated total costs to completion. Anticipated losses on contracts are fully provided when identified.
- (ii) on the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided the company maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold.

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3 **PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

g) Revenue recognition (Continued)

- (iii) on the rendering of services, based on the stage of completion of the transaction, provided that this and the costs incurred as well as the estimated costs to completion can be measured reliably.
- (iv) interest income, on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.

h) Leases

(i) Finance leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group are accounted for as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the leases at the lower of the fair value of the leased assets or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the capital and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the capital balances outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in long term liabilities. The finance charges are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account over the lease periods.

Assets held under finance leases are included in fixed assets and amortized over the shorter of the lease terms and the useful lives of the assets.

(ii) Hire purchase contracts

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the company, together with a right to acquire legal title of assets, are accounted for as hire purchase contracts. Assets held under hire purchase contracts and the related contracted obligations are recorded in the balance sheet at the fair value of the hire purchased assets at the inception of the contracts. The amounts by which the hire purchase payments exceed the recorded contracted obligations are treated as hire purchase charges in the profit and loss account which are amortized over each lease term to give a constant rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligation. Assets held under hire purchase contracts are included in fixed assets and amortized over the useful lives of the assets.

(iii) Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals applicable to such operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

For the year ended 30 September 2002

3 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

i) Investments

(i) Long term investments

Investments in non-trading unlisted equity securities intended to be held on a long term basis are stated at their estimated fair values on an individual investment basis.

The gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of a security are dealt with as movements in the investment revaluation reserve, until the security is sold, collected, or otherwise disposed of, or until the security is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss derived from the security recognised in the investment revaluation reserve, together with the amount of any further impairment, is charged to the profit and loss account for the period in which the impairment arises. Where the circumstances and events which led to an impairment cease to exist and there is persuasive evidence that the new circumstances and events will persist for the foreseeable future, the amount of the impairment previously charged and any appreciation in fair value is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the amount previously charged.

(ii) Short term investments

Short term investments are investments in equity securities held for trading purposes and are stated at their fair values on the basis of their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date on an individual investment basis. The gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of a security are credited or charged to the profit and loss account for the period in which they arise.

j) Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of purchase of materials computed using the first-in, first-out formula, and in the case of work in progress and finished goods, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of production overheads. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the sales proceeds of items sold in the ordinary course of business after the balance sheet date less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

k) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at the current tax rate on differences arising from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements to the extent that a liability or asset is expected to be payable or receivable in the foreseeable future.

I) Translation of foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated into Hong Kong dollars, at the applicable rates of exchange ruling at that date. Foreign currency transactions during the year are recorded at the applicable rates ruling at the transaction dates. Profits and losses on exchange are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

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3 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I) Translation of foreign currencies (Continued)

On consolidation, the financial statements of overseas subsidiaries and associates are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the applicable rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Long term intercompany balances due from subsidiaries are deemed to form part of the equity. The resulting translation differences are included in the exchange fluctuation reserve.

m) Related parties

Two parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

n) Provision for dry-docking expenses

Dry-docking expenses are provided for annually based on an estimation of expenses to be incurred once in every two to five years, and are charged as operating expenses in each of the years preceding the next dry-docking date.

o) Construction contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the total value of work certified to date to the estimated total contract value for each contract. Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from contract customers. Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to contract customers.

p) Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amounts of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another SSAP, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that SSAP.

For the year ended 30 September 2002

3 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

p) Impairment (Continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, such that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another SSAP, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that SSAP.

q) Retirement benefits scheme costs

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement scheme for its employees. The assets of the defined contribution retirement schemes are held separately from the Group's assets and are administered by independent trustees.

Contributions to the defined contribution schemes are made by either the Group only or by both the Group and the related employees at rates based on certain per cent of the employees' basic salaries.

r) Cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash equivalents represent short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which were within three months of maturity when acquired, less advances from banks repayable within three months from the date of the advance. For the purpose of balance sheet classification, cash equivalents represent assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

4 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

SSAP 26 was adopted during the year. Segment information is presented by way of two segment formats: (i) on a primary segment reporting basis, by business segment; and (ii) on a secondary segment reporting basis, by geographical segment.

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's business segments represents a strategic business unit that offers:

- (a) investment in construction, equipment rental and services income;
- (b) investment in trading business;
- (c) investment in retail business;
- (d) investment in internet business; and
- (e) income derived from investment holding including listed securities trading.

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4 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Business segments

The following tables present revenue, profit and loss and certain asset, liability and expenditure information for the Group's business segments.

Group

30 September 2002

	Continuing operations				Discontinuing operations				
	Construction, equipment rental and services income <i>HK</i> \$000	Trading income HK\$000	Retail business HK\$000	Internet business HK\$000	Investment holding HK\$000	Construction, equipment rental and services income <i>HK</i> \$000	Trading income HK\$000	Investment holding HK\$000	Consolidated
Turnover	11,215	_	21,566	_	3,211	253,446	12,629	196	302,263
(Loss) Profit from operations	38		(536)	(307)	(72,358) (29,424)	(3,319)	4,068	(101,838)
Finance costs	(12)	_	_	· _ /	(3,308		(202)	,	(12,592)
Share of loss of an associate	_	_	_	_		_	_	(1,285)	
Loss before tax									(115,715)
Тах	_	_	_	_	_	133	_	_	133
Loss before minority interests									(115,582)
Minority interests	_	_	175	_	_	_	_	_	175
Net loss from ordinary activities attributable to shareholders	3								(115,407)
Segment assets	23,401	_	9,533	_	32,911	_	_	_	65,845
Segment liabilities	21,522	_	6,062	3,171	135,848	_	_	_	166,603
Other segment information:									
Depreciation	55	_	289	_	283	21,553	_	_	22,180
Amortisation of goodwill	415	_	343	_	-	_	_	-	758
Provision for permanent diminution in value of									
investments	—	—	-	38,000	15,000	_	-	-	53,000
Capital expenditure	723	_	453	_	367	2,465	_	-	4,008
Loss on revaluation of									
listed securities	_	_	_	_	4,889	_	-	-	4,889
Provison for foreseeable losses	3								
on contracts in progress	_	_	_	_	_	15,796	_	_	15,796
Provision for stock obsolescend	ce —	_	_	-	-	3,029	_	-	3,029
Provision for doubtful recovery									
of amount due from an associate	_	_	_	_	_	7,588	_	_	7,588

For the year ended 30 September 2002

4 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Business segments (Continued)

Group

30 September 2001

		Continuing operations Discontinuing operations						erations	
	Construction, equipment rental and services income <i>HK</i> \$000	Trading income HK\$000	Retail business HK\$000	Internet business HK\$000	Investment holding HK\$000	Construction, equipment rental and services income <i>HK</i> \$000	Trading income HK\$000	Investment holding (<i>HK\$000</i>	Consolidated HK\$000
Turnover	_	133	_	333	5,930	423,963	11,468	_	441,827
(Loss) Profit from operations Finance costs Share of profit of an associate	-			(71,169)	(94,693) (2,843) —		2,919	(132,160) (5,547) 1,424	(317,631) (9,797) 1,424
Loss before tax Tax	_	_	_	_	_	(3,548)	_	_	(326,004)
Loss before minority interests Minority interests	_	_	_	301	_	_	_	_	(329,552)
Net loss from ordinary activities attributable to shareholders)								(329,251)
Segment assets	_	_	_	307	61,292	276,445	_	33,889	371,933
Segment liabilities	_	_	_	3,171	57,099	267,231	_	89	327,590
Other segment information: Depreciation Amortisation of goodwill				511 67,225	145 —	32,068 —			32,724 67,225
Provision for permanent diminution in value of investments	_	_	_	_	38,980	_	_	_	38,980
Provision for diminution in value in other investments	_	_	_	_	33,572	_	_	_	33,572
Provision for doubtful recovery of trade debtors	_	_	_	_	432	23,191	_	_	23,623
Provision for doubtful debts	_	_	_	_	16,428	_	_	_	16,428
Realisation of exchange fluctuation reserve on liquidation of a subsidiary company	_	_	_	_	27,992	_	_	_	27,992
Capital expenditure	_	_	_	_	339	10,540	_	_	10,879
Provison for foreseeable losses on contracts in progress	- -	_	_	_	_	79,927	_	_	79,927
Provision for stock obsolescend	се —	_	_	_	_	1,104	_	_	1,104

4 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Geographical segments

The following tables present revenue, profit and loss and certain asset and expenditure information for the Goup's geographical segments.

30 September 2002

	Continuing							
	operations			Discontinuing operations				
					Other			
	Hong Kong	Singapore	Malaysia	Mynamar	countries Co	onsolidated		
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000		
Segment revenue:								
Turnover	35,992	233,559	31,805	785	122	302,263		
Segment results	(73,164)	(28,379)	686	(1,005)	24	(101,838)		
Segment assets	65,849	_	_	_	_	65,849		
Capital expenditure	1,543	2,233	134	19	79	4,008		
30 September 2001								
Segment revenue:								
Turnover	6,396	433,184	_	2,101	146	441,827		
Segment results	(243,737)	(63,000)	(3,116)	(7,807)	29	(317,631)		
Segment assets	61,710	295,754	5,160	6,296	3,013	371,933		
Capital expenditure	339	10,457	13	23	47	10,879		

For the year ended 30 September 2002

5 TURNOVER AND OTHER REVENUE

Turnover represents an appropriate proportion of contract revenue of construction contracts; the value of services rendered; the rental income from equipment/marine vessels leasing; the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowance for returns and trade discounts; and securities trading, during the year.

The analysis of the Group's turnover by principal activities are as follows:

	Continuing operations		Discontinuing operations		Consolidated		
		Period from		Period from		Period from	
	Year ended 30	1 July 2000 to	Year ended 30	1 July 2000 to	Year ended	1 July 2000 to	
	September	30 September	September	30 September	30 September	30 September	
	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	
Construction, equipment							
rental and services income	11,215	_	253,446	423,963	264,661	423,963	
Trading income	_	133	12,629	11,468	12,629	11,601	
Internet business	_	333	_	_	_	333	
Retail business	21,566	_	_	_	21,566		
Investment holding	3,211	5,930	196		3,407	5,930	
	35,992	6,396	266,271	435,431	302,263	441,827	
Group							
Interest income	_	1,378	408	2,704	408	4,082	
Gain on disposal of							
fixed assets, net	_	_	_	2,268	_	2,268	
Gain on exchange difference	_	—	226	—	226	—	
Insurance claims	_	—	_	1,271	_	1,271	
Sale of used equipment	—	—	_	2,521	_	2,521	
Others	2,504	2,067	2,605	1,275	5,109	3,342	
	2,504	3,445	3,239	10,039	5,743	13,484	

6 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Included in staff costs is remuneration of the directors disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and section 161 of the Companies Ordinance as follows:

		Period from
	Year ended	1 July 2000 to
	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000
Fees	_	_
Other emoluments:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	1,673	1,296
Retirement scheme contributions	24	19
	1,697	1,315

Fees disclosed above include HK\$0 (30 September 2001: HK\$0) paid to independent non-executive and non-executive directors. There were no other emoluments paid to independent non-executive and non-executive directors. None of the directors have waived the right to receive their emoluments.

The remuneration of the directors falls within the following bands (HK\$):

		Period from
	Year ended	1 July 2000 to
3	0 September	30 September
	2002	2001
	Number of	Number of
	directors	directors
0 - 1,000,000	3	4
1,000,001 - 1,500,000	1	_
1,500,001 - 2,000,000	_	—
2,000,001 - 2,500,000	—	—
	4	4

For the year ended 30 September 2002

6 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

The five individuals whose remuneration were the highest in the Group for the year include four directors (30 September 2001: one director) whose remuneration is disclosed in the analysis presented above. The remuneration payable to the remaining one (30 September 2001: four) individuals during the year are as follows:

		Period from
	Year ended	1 July 2000 to
	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	262	4,897
	202	4,097
Performance related bonuses	—	_
Contributions to Singapore Central Provident Fund	_	139
	262	5,036

The remuneration falls within the following bands (HK\$):

		Period from
	Year ended	1 July 2000 to
30	September	30 September
	2002	2001
	Number of	Number of
	individuals	individuals
0 - 1,000,000	1	1
1,000,001 - 1,500,001	_	2
1,500,001 - 2,000,000	_	1
-		
_	1	4

For the year ended 30 September 2002

7 LOSS FROM OPERATIONS

Loss from operations is arrived at after charging the following:

	Continuing operations		Discontinuin	g operations	Consolidated		
		Period from		Period from		Period from	
	Year ended 30	1 July 2000 to	Year ended 30	1 July 2000 to	Year ended	1 July 2000 to	
	September	30 September	September	30 September	30 September	30 September	
	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	
Group							
Depreciation:							
Owned fixed assets	602	656	21,554	29,505	22,156	30,161	
Leased fixed assets	24	_	_	2,563	24	2,563	
Operating lease rentals:							
Land and buildings	1,407	1,892	2,543	1,954	3,950	3,846	
Plant and machinery	_	_	_	3,213	_	3,213	
Auditors' remuneration	138	319	414	317	552	636	
Provision for doubtful recovery of							
trade debtors	_	432	3,141	23,191	3,141	23,623	
Provision for foreseeable losses							
on contracts in progress	_	_	15,796	79,927	15,796	79,927	
Provision for stock obsolescence	_	_	3,029	1,104	3,029	1,104	
Provision for dry-docking expenses	_	_	3,711	2,472	3,711	2,472	
Provision for permanent diminution							
in value of investments	53,000	38,980	_	_	53,000	38,980	
Provision for diminution in value							
in other investments	_	33,572	61	_	61	33,572	
Provision for doubtful debts	_	16,428	_	_	_	16,428	
Goodwill amortisation	758	_	_	_	758	_	
Goodwill on acquisition of a subsidiary							
company fully amortised	_	67,225	_	_	_	67,225	
Realisation of exchange fluctuation							
reserve on liquidation of							
a subsidiary company	_	27,992	_	_	_	27,992	
Exchange losses (exchange gain), net	621	3,523	_	(3,032)	621	491	
(Gain) loss on disposal of							
fixed assets, net	304	_	(1,293)	_	(989)	_	
Provision for doubtful recovery of							
amount due from an associate	_	_	7,588	_	7,588	_	
Loss on revaluation of listed securities	4,889	_	_	_	4,889	_	
Gain on disposal on							
major subsidiary group			(44,551)		(44,551)		

For the year ended 30 September 2002

8 FINANCE COSTS

	Period from
Year ended	1 July 2000 to
30 September	30 September
2002	2001
HK\$000	HK\$000
172	—
3,366	3,619
465	765
8,552	5,413
37	
12,592	9,797
	30 September 2002 <i>HK\$000</i> 172 3,366 465 8,552 37

9 TAXATION

		Period from
	Year ended	1 July 2000 to
	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000
Group		
Taxation charge comprises the following:		
Write-back of deferred overseas tax	922	—
Share of tax of overseas associated companies	(359)	—
Underprovision in prior years	(430)	3,548
	133	3,548
	133	3,

No provision for Hong Kong and overseas profits tax is required as both the Company and the Group incurred a loss for the year except for the discontinuing operations, for which provision has been calculated at the rates applicable in the countries in which the disposed group of subsidiary of companies operate.

10 LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the net loss of HK\$115,407,000 (30 September 2001: HK\$329,251,000) attributable to shareholders for the year divided by the weighted average number of 1,490,642,334 (30 September 2001: 1,039,188,365) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

11 DISCONTINUING OPERATIONS

Pursuant to the sale and purchase agreement dated 23 August 2002, the Group disposed of its entire interests in Sum Cheong Corporation Pte Limited ("Sum Cheong") which was engaged in the construction business in Singapore to management of Sum Cheong for a cash consideration of S\$1 (equivalent to HK\$4.5). The disposal of the above interests has resulted in a gain on disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$44.6 million.

The consolidated profit and loss account included the results of the discontinuing operations up to 30 September 2002 which are summarised below:

	Period from 1 October 2001
	to 30 September 2002
	HK\$000
Turnover	266,271
Cost of sales	(259,043)
Gross profit	7,228
Other revenue and gains	4,902
Administrative expenses	(30,270)
Other operating expenses	(33,698)
Staff costs	(21,387)
Operating loss from discontinuing operations	(73,225)

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group	Freehold land and buildings <i>HK\$000</i>	Leasehold land and buildings <i>HK\$000</i>	Vessels, plant and machinery <i>HK\$000</i>	Others HK\$000	Total HK\$000
Cost:					
At beginning of year	3,167	13,259	383,453	19,836	419,715
Due to acquisition of subsidiaries	_	2,327	496	3,526	6,349
Additions	79	_	978	2,951	4,008
Disposals:					
Arising from disposal of subsidiaries	(3,226)	(13,177)	(372,571)	(20,334)	(409,308)
Write-offs	—	—	(540)	(562)	(1,102)
Others	—	—	(8,662)	(961)	(9,623)
Foreign exchange realignment	(20)	(82)	(2,287)	(116)	(2,505)
At end of year		2,327	867	4,340	7,534
Accumulated depreciation:					
At beginning of year	171	11,894	272,547	13,325	297,937
Due to acquisition of subsidiaries	—	—	233	885	1,118
Charge for the year	69	324	20,307	1,480	22,180
Arising from disposal of subsidiaries	(231)	(12,136)	(284,473)	(13,380)	(310,220)
Write-offs	_	_	(170)	(260)	(430)
Others	_	_	(6,605)	(784)	(7,389)
Foreign exchange realignment	(9)	(73)	(1,574)	(78)	(1,734)
At end of year		9	265	1,188	1,462
Net book value:					
At 30 September 2002		2,318	602	3,152	6,072
At 30 September 2001	2,996	1,365	110,906	6,511	121,778

Included in other fixed assets are the net book value of assets held under finance leases and under term loan at 30 September 2002 amounted to HK\$205,280 (30 September 2001: HK\$16,442,000) and HK\$nil (30 September 2001: HK\$2,041,000) respectively.

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The Group's leasehold land and building is situated in Hong Kong. The leasehold land and building is held under medium term lease. At 30 September 2002, the leasehold land and building was pledged to secure bank loan granted to a sudsidiary.

Company	Furniture and fittings <i>HK\$000</i>	Office equipment <i>HK\$000</i>	Motor vehicle HK\$000	Total HK\$000
Cost:				
At beginning of year	36	138	38	212
Additions	65	302	—	367
Disposals	(101)	(424)	(38)	(563)
At end of year		16		16
Accumulated depreciation:				
At beginning of year	23	84	5	112
Charge for the year	18	122	13	153
Written back on disposals	(41)	(201)	(18)	(260)
At end of year		5		5
Net book value:				
At 30 September 2002		11		11
At 30 September 2001	13	23	64	100

For the year ended 30 September 2002

13 SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001
Company	HK\$000	HK\$000
Unlisted shares, at cost	160,371	455,775
Less: Provision for permanent diminution in value	(119,508)	(395,105)
	40,863	60,670
Amounts due from subsidiary companies	245,479	397,644
Less: Provisions for doubtful recovery	(245,479)	(272,578)
		125,066
Amounts due to subsidiary companies	(40,863)	(44,439)
		141,297

Amounts due from(to) subsidiary companies are non-trade related, interest-free, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayments.

Particulars of the principal subsidiary companies are as follows:

			Place of	Nominal value	
	Attributable	e interest	incorporation/	of issued/	
	To the	To the	registration	registered	Principal
Name of company	Company	Group	and operations	share capital	activities
	%	%			
Orient Prize Holdings Limited	100	_	British Virgin Islands/	US\$100	Investment Holding
			Hong Kong		
Gain Source Ltd	100		British Virgin Islands/	US\$1	Investment Holding
			Hong Kong		
Denton Capital Limited	100	_	British Virgin Islands/	US\$100	Securities trading
			Hong Kong		
Diamond Pearl Limited	100	—	British Virgin Islands/	US\$1	Investment holding
			Hong Kong		
Total Power Trading Limited	100	_	British Virgin Islands/	US\$1	Investment holding
			Hong Kong		

For the year ended 30 September 2002

	Attributable	e interest	Place of incorporation/	Nominal value of issued/	
	To the	To the	registration	registered	Principal
Name of company	Company	Group	and operations	share capital	activities
	%	%			
* Fine Lord Constructions Company Limited	—	100	Hong Kong	HK\$13	Provision of engineering works
* Marcello Foods Limited	—	70	Hong Kong	HK\$3,400,000	Trading
* Marcello (Tax Free) Internationa Department Store Corporation Limited		60	Hong Kong	HK\$2,000,000	Trading

13 SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (Continued)

* Not audited by John K.H. Lo & Co. Control of 100% equity interest in Fine Lord Constructions Company Limited was exercised on 25 June 2002 while 70% and 60% equity interest in Marcello Foods Limited and Marcello (Tax Free) International Department Store Corporation Limited respectively were exercised on 27 June 2002 during the year. The operating results of all three subsidiaries acquired during the year were accounted for in the consolidated financial statements from 1 July 2002 to 30 September 2002. Cost of acquisition and details of purchase consideration paid are stated in Note 30.

14 ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	Group		Company	
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Unlisted shares, at cost	_	_	_	6
Share of net assets	_	1,431	_	_
		1,431	_	6
Less: provision for diminution in value	_	_	_	(6)
	_	1,431	_	_
Amounts due from associated companies		8,973		20
		10,404		20

The Group's share of the post-acquisition profits of its associated companies as at 30 September 2002 is nil (30 September 2001: profit of HK\$993,000).

For the year ended 30 September 2002

15 LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

	Group		Company	
	30 September 30 September		30 September	30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Unlisted equity investments, at fair value		64,124		37,979

16 LONG TERM RECEIVABLES

	Gro	Group		any
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Loan receivable	_	40,875	_	_
Less: Provision for doubtful recovery		(40,875)		
Amount receivable from PTJSI	_	58,708	_	_
Less: Provision for doubtful recovery		(42,405)		
		16,303		
Loan to SSTD		5,397		
	_	21,700	_	_
Less: Portion classified as current assets under debtors, deposits and				
prepayments		(16,303)		
		5,397		

17 STOCKS

	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001
Group	НК\$000	HK\$000
Materials	_	16,848
Spare parts	_	2,531
Equipment	_	2,484
Finished goods	4,925	
	4,925	21,863

18 CONTRACTS IN PROGRESS

	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001
Group	HK\$000	HK\$000
Contract costs incurred plus attributable profits	111,643	986,933
Less: Progress billings	(114,342)	(927,624)
	(2,699)	59,309
Less: Provision for foreseeable losses to date		(77,643)
	(2,699)	(18,334)
Representing:		
Gross amount due from contract customers	3,093	32,400
Gross amount due to contract customers	(5,792)	(50,734)
	(2,699)	(18,334)

Included in contract costs is depreciation of property, plant and equipment of HK\$10,826 (30 September 2001: HK\$465,000) incurred during the year.

For the year ended 30 September 2002

19 DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	Gro	Group		any
	30 September	30 September 30 September		30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Current to 30 days	8,212	1,410	_	_
31 to 60 days	4,370	4,713	_	_
61 to 90 days	352	3,447	_	_
Over 90 days	398	58,062		
	13,332	67,632		

(a) Included in debtors, deposits and prepayments are trade debtors with their age analysis as follows:

The Group has a general credit policy of 30 days.

- (b) Sum Cheong Corporation Pte Ltd ("Sum Cheong") issued an exchangeable note for US\$4.5 million to the Company during the year. The principal terms of the note is interest free and the Company has the right to exchange the amount outstanding in the note into 50% equity interest in CP-Sum Cheong (China) Pte. Ltd, an associated company of Sum Cheong, if no repayment of the principal is made by Sum Cheong to the Company after the maturity date in October 2003. Provision of HK\$2,730,000 was made as at 30 September 2002 for the impairment of the value of the above note.
- (c) As at 30 September 2002, the retention receivable for contracts in progress amounting to approximately HK\$5,315,000
 (30 September 2001: HK\$13,026,000) has been included in trade debtors. Retention money receivables in respect of construction are settled in accordance with the terms of respective contracts.

20 SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001
Group	HK\$000	HK\$000
Listed securities, at market value - Hong Kong	230	7.150

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21 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Gro	oup	Comp	any
30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
2002	2001	2002	2001
HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
4,774	13,883	229	499
	724		
4,774	14,607	229	499
	6,631		
4,774	21,238	229	499
	30 September 2002 <i>HK\$000</i> 4,774 4,774 	2002 2001 HK\$000 HK\$000 4,774 13,883 — 724 4,774 14,607 — 6,631	30 September 30 September 30 September 2002 2001 2002 HK\$000 HK\$000 HK\$000 4,774 13,883 229 — 724 — 4,774 14,607 229 — 6,631 —

22 LOANS AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

	Gro	oup	Comp	any
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Current portion of bank loans and				
other borrowings, unsecured (note 24)	95	515	—	—
Current portion of finance lease				
obligations (note 25)	48	4,844	—	—
	143	5,359		

23 CREDITORS AND ACCRUED CHARGES

(a) Included in creditors and accrued charges are trade creditors with their ageing analysis as follows:

	Group		Comp	any
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Current to 30 days	10,914	21	_	_
31 to 60 days	8,903	340	—	—
61 to 90 days	3	6,262	—	—
Over 90 days	1,788	169,122		
	21,608	175,745		

(b) At 30 September 2002, retention money held from subcontractors for contracts in progress amounting to HK\$nil (30 September 2001: HK\$21,010,000) has been included in trade creditors.

(c) Included in creditors and accrued charges was balance due to a director amounting to HK\$5,614,820 (2001: Nil). The balance is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

For the year ended 30 September 2002

24 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

30 September	30 September
2002	2001
HK\$000	HK\$000
118,199	515
(95)	(515)
118,104	
117,203	_
320	_
581	
118,104	_
	2002 <i>HK\$000</i> 118,199 (95) 118,104 117,203 320 581

25 FINANCE LEASE OBLIGATIONS

	30 September 2002		30 September 2001	
	Minimum	Present value	Minimum	Present value
	payments	of payments	payments	of payments
Group	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Within one year (note 22)	51	48	5,467	4,844
After 1 year but within 2 years	106	96	2,385	2,109
After 2 years but within 5 years			762	655
	157	144	8,614	7,608
Future finance charges on finance leases	(13)		(1,006)	
Present value of finance lease obligations	144	144	7,608	7,608

26 DEFERRED TAXATION

The principal component of deferred taxation in prior year was depreciation allowances in excess of related depreciation charges relating to Sum Cheong group. Due to the disposal of Sum Cheong group, the Group has not provided any deferred tax during the year.

27 ISSUED CAPITAL

	30 September 2002		30 September 2001	
	Number of	Nominal	Number of	Nominal
	shares	value	shares	value
	(thousand)	HK\$000	(thousand)	HK\$000
Authorised:				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.40 each				
Balance brought forward	4,000,000	1,600,000	1,000,000	400,000
Increase during year/period			3,000,000	1,200,000
Balance carried forward	4,000,000	1,600,000	4,000,000	1,600,000
Issued and fully paid:				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.40 each				
Balance brought forward	1,490,642	596,257	831,261	332,504
Allotment during year/period	—	—	162,500	65,000
Rights share issue during year/period	—	—	124,220	49,689
Bonus share issue during year/period			372,661	149,064
Balance carried forward	1,490,642	596,257	1,490,642	596,257

Share options

Under a share option scheme adopted on 7 March 2002, the directors may grant options to any employee of the Company or the Group, including executive directors, to subscribe for shares in the Company. The subscription price shall be the higher of a price being not less than 80% of the average of the closing prices of the shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on the five trading days immediately preceding the offer date and the nominal value of the shares. The maximum aggregate number of shares issued and to be issued on the exercise of options shall be shares representing 10% of the total number of shares in issue from time to time excluding any shares issued under the option scheme.

As at 30 September 2002, there were no share options outstanding.

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28 ACCUMULATED LOSSES

	Group		Company	
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Balance brought forward	(876,103)	(547,312)	(764,460)	(551,212)
Transfer from profit and loss account	(115,407)	(329,251)	(217,494)	(213,248)
Transfer from capital reserve on disposal				
of fixed assets previously revalued		460		
Balance carried forward	(991,510)	(876,103)	(981,954)	(764,460)

29 RESERVES

	Gro	up	Comp	any
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Capital redemption reserve:				
Balance brought forward and carried forward	976	976	976	976
Share Premium:				
Balance brought forward	299,073	448,137	448,137	448,137
Bonus share issue		(149,064)	(149,064)	(149,064)
	299,073	299,073	299,073	299,073
Capital reserve:				
Balance brought forward	(11,933)	(11,933)	—	—
Transfer to profit and loss accounts upon				
disposal of major subsidiary group				
of companies	11,933	—	—	—
Goodwill reserve arising from acquistion				
of subsidiaries	(6,819)			
Balance carried forward	(6,819)	(11,933)		

For the year ended 30 September 2002

29 RESERVES (Continued)

	Gro	oup	Comp	any
3	0 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Asset revaluation reserve:				
Balance brought forward	15,485	15,945	—	_
Transfer to accumulated losses on disposal				
of fixed assets previously revalued	—	(460)	—	_
Transfer to profit and loss accounts upon				
disposal of major subsidiary group				
of companies	(15,485)			
Balance carried forward		15,485		
Investment revaluation reserve:				
Balance brought forward	(12,192)	(12,192)	—	—
Transfer to profit and loss accounts upon				
disposal of major subsidiary group				
of companies	12,192			
Balance carried forward		(12,192)		
Exchange fluctuation reserve:				
Balance brought forward	32,780	5,947	—	_
Adjustment on exchange translation	—	(1,159)	—	_
Transfer to profit and loss account on liquidation				
of a subsidiary company	_	27,992	_	—
Transfer to profit and loss accounts upon				
disposal of major subsidiary group				
of companies	(32,780)			
Balance carried forward		32,780		
Total	293,230	324,189	300,049	300,049

For the year ended 30 September 2002

30 ACQUISITION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

		30 September	30 September
		2002	2001
		HK\$000	HK\$000
(a)	Acquisition of subsidiary companies		
	Net assets acquired:		
	Fixed assets	5,268	797
	Stock	3,764	
	Debtors, deposits and prepayments	27,387	2,711
	Cash and bank balances	5,463	293
	Creditors and accrued charges	(34,403)	(2,725)
	Bank loan - secured	(1,117)	_
	Tax payable	(502)	
		5,860	1,076
	Minority interest	(1,436)	(301)
		4,424	775
	Goodwill on acquisition	7,576	67,225
		12,000	68,000
	Satisfied by:		
	Cash	_	3,000
	Term loans	1,200	—
	Issue of promissory notes	10,800	—
	Issue of shares at HK\$0.4 each		65,000
		12,000	68,000
	Cash flow on acquisition net of cash acquired:		
	Cash consideration	_	3,000
	Cash and bank balances acquired	5,463	(293)
	Bank loans	(1,117)	
		4,346	2,707

The subsidiaries acquired during the year contributed approximately HK\$32,781,000 to the Group's turnover and a loss of approximately HK\$1,234,000 to the Group's loss for the year. Net liabilities sustained in the subsidiaries acquired during the year as at 30 September 2002 was approximately HK\$6,791,000.

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30 ACQUISITION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

		30 September	30 September
		2002	2001
		HK\$000	HK\$000
(b)	Disposal of subsidiary companies		
(2)	Net assets disposed of:		
	Fixed assets	98,810	_
	Long term investments	23,308	_
	Inventory and work in progress	24,067	_
	Debtors, deposits and prepayments	112,315	_
	Cash and bank balances	8,196	_
	Creditors and accrued charges	(192,855)	_
	Taxation	(1,006)	_
	Deferred tax	(14,501)	_
	Hire purchase and lease creditors	(2,792)	_
	Long term creditors	(26,326)	_
		29,216	—
	Capital reserve realised on disposal	(3,306)	—
	Translation reserve realised on disposal	(33,387)	
	Prior year adjustment	(4,677)	—
	US\$4.5 million exchangeable note issued by SCC	(34,633)	—
	Cost in relation to disposal	2,236	
		(44,551)	_
	Gain on disposal of subsidiary company	44,551	_
	Satisfied by:		
	Cash consideration (S\$1.00)	_	_
	Cash flow on disposal net of cash disposed of:		
	Cash and bank balances disposed of	8,196	
		8,196	

The subsidiaries disposed of during the year contributed approximately HK\$266,271,000 to the Group's turnover and a loss of approximately HK\$83,649,000 to the Group's loss for the year.

For the year ended 30 September 2002

31 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000
Cash at banks and in hand	4,774	13,883
Unpledged fixed deposits		724
	4,774	14,607

32 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

	Gro	Group		Company	
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September	
	2002	2001	2002	2001	
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	
Guarantee facilities	_	81,722	_	153,567	
Performance bonds	_	40,613	—	—	
Guarantee for promissory notes	_	—	10,941	—	
	—	122,335	10,941	153,567	

The Company is the guarantor for promissiory notes issued by its subsidiary amounting to HK\$10,941,000 including interest. One of the terms of the promissory notes is that first repayment of half of the principal plus interest accrued should be made to the Noteholder in December 2002. Extension for repayment has been granted to 26 June 2004.

33 COMMITMENTS

Commitments outstanding at 30 September 2002 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

	Group		Company	
3	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
Capital commitments:				
Contracted for	—	23,850	—	—
Authorised but not contracted for	40			
	40	23,850	_	_
Annual commitments under Non-cancellable operating leases: Land and buildings expiring:				
Within one year	985	456	30	—
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	1,296	3,979	10	311
Other equipment expiring in				
the second to fifth years, inclusive		126		
	2,281	4,561	40	311

In addition to the events described above, the Group and the Company had no significant commitments at the balance sheet date.

For the year ended 30 September 2002

34 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

(a) The board of directors announced on 19 December 2002 that proposals would be put forward to the shareholders for share consolidation and capital reduction (collectively as "Capital Reorganisation"). The share consolidation will be made whereby every ten shares of HK\$0.40 each in the issued and unissued share capital of the Company will be consolidated into one consolidated share of HK\$4.00 each and fractions of a consolidated share will not be issued. After the share consolidation, the nominal value of the issued and unissued consolidated shares will be reduced from HK\$4.00 to HK\$0.01 each pursuant to the capital reduction.

Circular dated 13 January 2003 containing details of the Capital Reorganisation were sent to shareholders. The Capital Reorganisation is conditional upon: 1) the passing of an ordinary resolution to approve the share consolidation at the extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") which was held on 6 February 2003 and; 2) the passing of a special resolution to approve the capital reduction at the EGM and; 3) the passing of an ordinary resolution to approve the increase of capital at the EGM and; 4) the confirmation by the court of the capital reduction and the registration by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong of an office copy of the Court order and the minute containing the particulars required under section 61 of the Companies Ordinance; and 5) the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting (either unconditionally or subject to conditions to which the Company shall not reasonably object) listing of, and permission to deal in, the new shares.

The resolutions as stated above were passed during the EGM held on 6 February 2003.

(b) The board of directors announced on 14 January 2003 that it was informed by Sum Cheong that Sum Cheong Corporation Pte Ltd. ("Sum Cheong") entered into a Call Option Agreement together with Favour Smart Ltd ("FSL") and C&P China Pte. Ltd. ("CP China") on 9 January 2003 whereby FSL, in consideration of the receipt of the call option fee of US\$415,000 (or equivalent to approximately HK\$3.2 million), has conditionally agreed to grant the rights to CP China to require FSL to sell to CP China all of the call option shares and assign and transfer to CP China all its rights, title, benefits and interests in respect of the loans owing to Sum Cheong by CP-Sum Cheong (China) Pte. Ltd. ("CP Sum Cheong") at exercise price of US\$3,735,000 (or equivalent to approximately HK\$29.1 million) payable in cash upon completion.

As detailed in the announcement made by the Company dated 23 August 2002 in respect of the manangement buy-out of 100% interest in Sum Cheong, the Exchangeable Note with a principal amount of US\$4.5 million (or equivalent to approximately HK\$35.1 million) can be exchanged by the Company for 50% equity interest in CP Sum Cheong mandatorily at any time within 12 months from the date of the issue of the Exchangeable Note.

After the shareholders' approval of the transactions contemplated under the Call Option Agreement is obtained at the EGM, FSL is entitled to be registered as the holder of the Call Option Shares. The directors intend to exchange the Exchangeable Note for 50% equity interest in CP Sum Cheong holding through FSL on the completion date immediately after FSL having been registered as the holder of the call option shares. If the call option is exercised by CP China the Company exchanges the Exchangeable Note for the call option shares, the call option shares and the loans (as stated above) will be sold and assigned to CP China by the group on the completion date at a total cash consideration (comprising the call option fee and the exercise price) of US\$4,150,000 (or equivalent to approximately HK\$32.4 million).

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34 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS (Continued)

Circular dated 13 January 2003 had been sent to shareholders for the major terms and conditions of the Call Option Agreement. Completion is subject to 1) the approval by the shareholders at the EGM in respect of the transactions contemplated under the Call Option Agreement on or before 28 February 2003 and, 2) CP China exercises the call option within the period which is at any time commencing from the date of the Call Option Agreement and ending on the date falling one month after 28 February 2003 which may be extended for an additional two months from the expiry of the one month period at the option of CP China.

The resolution as stated above had been passed during the EGM held on 10 February 2003.

35 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Other than normal trading transactions between the Company and its subsidiary companies, there are no related party transactions during the year.

36 LITIGATION

On 4 May 2001, Guido Giacometti, a trustee for the estate of Sukamto Sia fka Sukarman Sukamto, a former Director and substantial shareholder of the Company, commenced proceedings against the Company in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court in the District of Hawaii claiming against the Company, among other things, the sum of US\$590,000 together with attorneys' fees and costs. The Company received the summon and the related documents on 21 September 2001, and the Company is seeking legal advice in connection with the matter. The Company has made provision of HK\$5,000,000 in connection with the claim.

37 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Comparative figures are for the period from 1 July 2000 to 30 September 2001. Due to the adoption of new/revised SSAPs during the current year, the presentation of the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and certain supporting notes have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

38 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 13 February 2003.