(按照香港會計原則編制) (Prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in Hong Kong)

對遞延所得税資産,除對其中將於近期 轉回時有足够的應納税所得可以抵減時 予以確認外,其餘的均在發生當期視同 永久性差異處理。 A deferred tax asset is recognised as permanent difference and not recognised unless the related benefits are expected to crystallise in the foreseeable future.

按照現行所得税法,納税人發生的壞賬 損失於符合一定條件後可申報有關税務 機關作税前抵扣。於二零零一年度,本集 團及本公司已向有關税務機關申請於應 納税所得額中抵扣合計約19.830,000元 的壞賬資產損失,而有關可減少將來税 負的影響約2.975.000元已於二零零一年 年末確認爲遞延税項資產。但截至二零 零二年十二月三十一日,此項壞賬損失 之抵扣仍未獲有關税務機關批復,故管 理層認爲這項遞延税項資產未必能於可 見將來實現並按會計谨慎原則於本年度 撥回。

#### (b) 增值税

根據《中華人民共和國企業增值税暫行 條例》,本集團按產品銷售收入的17%的 增值税率繳納銷項增值税,購買原材料 及輔助材料等時所繳付的進項增值税可 用於抵扣銷售貨物時的銷項增值税。另 外,本集團按照應繳增值税額的7%和3%, 分别計繳城市維護建設税和教育費附加。

### (c)消費税

根據中國財政部、國家税務總局頒佈了 《關於調整酒類產品消費税政策的通知 (財税[2001]84號)》規定每噸啤酒出廠 價格(含包裝物及包裝物押金)在3,000元 以上的,單位消費税額爲每噸250元。其 它啤酒之銷售,仍按每噸220元繳納消費 税。 According to the current EIT Regulations, taxpayers can apply to the relevant tax bureaus to claim deduction of bad debt expense for EIT assessment when certain criteria are fulfilled. For the year ended 31st December 2001, the Group had applied to the relevant tax bureaus to claim a deduction of bad debt expenses of approximately RMB19,830,000 against their assessable income, and approximately RMB2,975,000 of the related tax effect was recognised as a deferred tax asset. As at 31st December 2002, the claim had not yet been approved by the relevant tax bureaus and management considered the related deferred tax asset would not be likely to crystallise in the foreseeable future, accordingly, the associated deferred tax asset was reversed in current year.

#### (b) Value-added tax

According to the PRC value-added tax temporary regulations ("VAT Regulations"), the Group is subject to output value-added tax ("output VAT") which is calculated at 17% of the sales of tangible goods. The Group pays VAT on its purchases of raw materials and auxiliary materials ("input VAT") which is deducted against output VAT in arriving at the net VAT amount payable to the PRC Government. In addition, the Group accrues and pays city construction tax ("CCT") and educational surcharge ("ES") based on 7% and 3% of net VAT amount payable, respectively.

### (c) Consumption tax

The Ministry of Finance of the PRC and the SAT issued the "Notice for changes in consumption tax for alcoholic products" (Caishui [2001] No. 84), which states that for beers with an factory price (including packaging materials and related deposits) of RMB3,000 or above per ton, the consumption tax is RMB250 per ton. For all other beers sold below that price, the consumption tax is RMB220 per ton. (按照香港會計原則編制) (Prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in Hong Kong)

# 10.股東應佔盈利

# 10. Profit attributable to shareholders

在綜合損益表上的股東應佔盈利的全額已 包括本公司本年度之盈利約爲217,307,000 元(二零零一年:200,490,000元)。 The consolidated profit attributable to shareholders includes profit of approximately RMB217,307,000 (2001 : RMB200,490,000) which has been dealt with in the accounts of the Company.

## 11.股息

#### 11. Dividends

		2002	2001
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
已派發股息	Dividends paid:		
每股人民幣十一仙	RMB0.11 per share (2001 : RMB0.10 per share)	110,000	100,000
(二零零一年:			
每股人民幣十仙 <b>)</b>			
建議派發之股息	Dividends proposed:		
二零零二年期末股息每股	Final dividends for year 2002 of RMB0.22 per share	220,000	110,000
人民幣二十二仙	(2001 final dividend : RMB0.11 per share)		
(二零零一年期末股息:			
每股人民幣十一仙)			

於二零零三年四月二日之董事會,董事 會建議派發末期股息每股二十二仙 。此 擬派股息並未於應付股利中反映,唯將 於二零零三年度列作保留盈餘分派。

### 12. 每股盈利

## 12. Earnings per share

earnings for the year ending 31st December 2003.

截至二零零二年十二月三十一日止年 度之每股盈利乃按除税後綜合盈利約 222,545,000元(二零零一年:83,512,000 元)除以本年度已發行股數及上年度之加 權平均數計算。截至二零零二年十二月 三十一日止已發行股數爲1,000,000,000 股(二零零一年:加權平均數爲982,192,000 股)。 The calculation of earnings per share for the year ended 31st December 2002 is based on the consolidated profit attributable to shareholders of approximately RMB222,545,000 (2001 : RMB83,512,000), divided by the 1,000,000,000 number of shares outstanding during the current year (2001 : weighted average number of shares is 982,192,000).

At a shareholders' meeting held on 2nd April 2003, the directors proposed a

final dividend of RMB0.22 per share. This proposed dividends have not

been reflected as dividends payable in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained 賬目附注 (續) Notes To The Accounts (Cont'd)

(按照香港會計原則編制) (Prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in Hong Kong)

由於本公司並無任何潛在攤薄股份,因 此並未計算全面攤薄每股盈利。 Diluted earnings per share have not been presented as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding.

# 13.與關聯企業的交易

當企業能直接或間接地對另一企業的財 務或經營決策作出控制或重大影響,該 等企業將被視爲關聯企業。當兩間企業 同時接受另一企業共同的控制或重大影 響時,該等企業亦被視爲關聯企業。 Parties are considered to be related if one company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other company or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

(a)截至二零零二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團與關聯企業的主要的交易如下:

(a) For the year ended 31st December 2002, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties:

		2002	2001
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
銷售予聯營公司	Sales to associated companies	-	5,593
向聯營公司購貨	Purchases from an associated company	-	743
向關聯企業 <b>(</b> 少數股東或相	Purchases from related companies (minority	28,199	3,819
同大股東)購貨	shareholders or companies with the same		
	ultimate shareholder)		
由關聯企業(相同大股東)	Advertising services provided by a related company	36,078	8,893
提供廣告服務	(company with the same ultimate shareholder)		
由關聯企業(相同大股東)	Equipment installation services provided by a related	I -	323
提供設備安裝工程服務	company (company with the same ultimate shareh	older)	

13. Related party transactions

本公司董事會認爲與關聯企業之交易均 屬正常業務往來,並按本公司及關聯企 業雙方議定的條件進行。 The directors of the Company considered that all transactions with related parties were made during the ordinary course of business and they were transacted based on terms agreed by both parties. (按照香港會計原則編制) (Prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in Hong Kong)

(b)截至二零零二年十二月三十一日止, 本集團及本公司與關聯企業的往來賬年 末餘額如下: (b) As at 31st December 2002, the Group and the Company had the following significant current account balances with related parties:

		集團 Group			公司		
					Company		
		2002年之最大餘額	2002年年末	2001 年年末	2002年之最大餘額	2002年年末	2001年年末
		Maximum balance	End of	End of	Maximum balance	End of	End of
		outstanding during	year 2002	year 2001	outstanding during	year 2002	year 2001
		the year of 2002			the year of 2002		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
包括於:	Included in:						
應收賬款及其它長期資	Accounts receivable and other						
産内 <b>(e)</b>	long-term assets accounts(e)						
- 控股子公司	- Subsidiaries of the Group	-	-	-	96,231	96,231	78,484
- 其它關聯公司	- Other related parties	115,103	105,050	113,925	115,103	105,050	113,925
保證金及預付賬款	Deposits and Prepayments						
- 其它關聯公司	- Other related parties	211	-	211	-	-	
其它應收款内	Other receivables						
·青島啤酒集團有限公司	- Tsingtao Brewery Group Comp	any					
	Limited	22,138	-	22,138	22,138	-	22,138
·青島啤酒集團有限公司	- Subsidiaries held by Tsingtao E	Brewery					
控股子公司	Group Company Limited	80,869	40,038	44,368	80,869	40,038	44,022
- 控股子公司	- Subsidiaries of the Group	-	-	-	866,058	494,185	866,058
- 其它關聯公司	- Other related parties	248,201	77,247	79,566	303,028	303,028	73,232
包括於:	Included in:						
預收貨款内	Advances from customers						
·控股子公司	- Subsidiaries of the Group		-	-		2,460	
其它應付款内	Other payables						
·青島啤酒集團有限公司	- Tsingtao Brewery Group Company Limited		2,580	-		2,580	
·青島啤酒集團有限公司	- Subsidiaries held by Tsingtao E	Brewery					
控股子公司	Company Limited		976	1,816		9	520
· 控股子公司	- Subsidiaries of the Group		-	-		21,726	17,932
·其它關聯公司	- Other related parties		27,500	33,073		-	
應付賬款内	Accounts payable						
- 青島啤酒集團有限公司	Subsidiaries held by Tsingtao Br	ewery					
控股子公司	Company Limited		953	4,573		632	1,900
- 控股子公司	- Subsidiaries of the Group		-	-		6,108	
- 其它關聯公司	- Other related parties		283	4,633			