#### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these accounts are set out below:

### (a) Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with accounting standards issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants ("HKSA"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that, as disclosed in the accounting policies below, investment properties and leasehold land and buildings are stated at valuation.

In the current year, the Group adopted the following Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAPs") issued by the HKSA which are effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1st January 2002:

SSAP 1 (revised) : Presentation of financial statements

SSAP 11 (revised) : Foreign currency translation

SSAP 15 (revised) : Cash flow statements SSAP 34 : Employee benefits

The adoption of these revised standards has no significant impact to the accounts for the year except for the inclusion of the consolidated statement of changes in equity and other presentational changes.

#### (b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st July. All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

The results of subsidiaries, associated companies and jointly controlled entities acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary, an associated company or a jointly controlled entity represents the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the Group's share of its net assets together with any goodwill and negative goodwill not yet amortised or not previously charged or recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account together with any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (b) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the operating results and net assets of subsidiaries.

### (c) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are those entities in which the Company, directly or indirectly, control more than one half of the voting power; has the power to govern the financial and operating policies; or to appoint or remove the majority of the members of the board of directors. Investments in subsidiaries are stated in the Company's balance sheet at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

# (d) Jointly controlled entities

A jointly controlled entity is a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity which is subject to joint control and none of the participating parties has unilateral control over the economic activity.

The consolidated profit and loss account includes the Group's share of the results of jointly controlled entities, and the consolidated balance sheet includes the Group's share of the net assets of the jointly controlled entities together with the relevant goodwill and negative goodwill (net of amortisation) on acquisition.

## (e) Associated companies

Investments in associated companies, which are accounted for by the equity method of accounting, are companies over which the Group has an equity interest and over which the Group has significant influence.

The consolidated profit and loss account includes the Group's share of the results of associated companies, and the consolidated balance sheet includes the Group's share of the net assets of the associated companies together with the relevant goodwill and negative goodwill (net of amortisation) on acquisition.

### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (f) Goodwill and negative goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary, associated company and jointly controlled entity at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions occurring on or after 1st August 2001 is included under intangible assets and is amortised using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of five to ten years. Goodwill on acquisitions that occurred prior to 1st August 2001 was taken directly to reserves and such goodwill has not been retroactively capitalised and amortised.

Negative goodwill represents the excess of the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets acquired over the cost of acquisition. For acquisitions after 1st August 2001, negative goodwill is presented in the same balance sheet classification as goodwill. To the extent that negative goodwill relates to expectations of future losses and expenses that are identified in the Group's plan for the acquisition and can be measured reliably, but which do not represent identifiable liabilities at the date of acquisition, that portion of negative goodwill is recognised in the profit and loss account when the future losses and expenses are recognised. Any remaining negative goodwill, not exceeding the fair values of the non-monetary assets acquired, is recognised in the profit and loss account over the remaining weighted average useful life of those assets; negative goodwill in excess of the fair values of those non-monetary assets is recognised in the profit and loss account immediately. For acquisitions prior to 1st August 2001, negative goodwill was taken directly to reserves on acquisition and such negative goodwill has not been restated.

Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of goodwill, including goodwill previously taken directly to reserves, is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is charged to the profit and loss account.

# (g) Fixed assets

#### (i) Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings in respect of which construction work and development have been completed and which are held for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length.

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# 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (g) Fixed assets (Continued)

#### (i) Investment properties (Continued)

Investment properties held on leases with unexpired periods of more than 20 years carried at valuation by independent valuers on an open market value basis related to individual properties and separate values are not attributed to land and buildings. Increases in valuation are credited to the investment properties revaluation reserve. Decreases in valuation are first set off against increases on earlier valuations on a portfolio basis and thereafter are debited to operating profit. Any subsequent increases are credited to operating profit up to the amount previously debited.

Investment properties held on leases with unexpired periods of 20 years or less are depreciated over the remaining portion of the leases.

Upon the disposal of an investment property, the relevant portion of the revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is released from the investment properties revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account.

#### (ii) Leasehold land and buildings

Leasehold land and buildings are stated at valuation less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Valuation is determined by the directors based on independent valuations or with reference to selling price of similar properties in an arm's length transaction.

The directors review periodically the carrying value of leasehold land and buildings on an individual basis and adjustment is made where they consider that there has been a material change. Surplus on revaluation is credited to the revaluation reserve. Deficit is first set off against increases on earlier valuations in respect of the same property and is thereafter debited to operating profit. Any subsequent increases are credited to operating profit up to the amount previously charged.

Amortisation of leasehold land is calculated to write off their valuation over the unexpired period of the leases which range from 20 to 50 years.

Depreciation of leasehold buildings is calculated to write off their valuation over the unexpired period of the leases or their expected useful lives to the Group whichever is shorter. The principal annual rates range from 2% to 5%.

### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (g) Fixed assets (Continued)

#### (iii) Other fixed assets

Other fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation of other fixed assets is calculated to write off their cost less accumulated impairment losses on the straight line basis over their expected useful lives to the Group. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Leasehold improvements20 - 35%Office furniture and equipment20%Motor vehicles20 - 25%Computer equipment20 - 50%

Improvements are capitalised and depreciated over their expected useful lives to the Group.

### (iv) Impairment

At each balance sheet date, both internal and external sources of information are considered to assess whether there is any indication that fixed assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and where relevant, an impairment loss is recognised to reduce the asset to its recoverable amount. Such impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account except where the asset is carried at valuation and the impairment loss does not exceed the revaluation surplus for that same asset, in which case it is treated as a revaluation decrease.

# (v) Gain or loss on disposal of fixed assets

The gain or loss on disposal of a fixed asset is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account. Any relevant revaluation reserve (apart from revaluation reserve on investment properties as set out under note 1(g)(i)) is transferred directly to retained profits and is shown as a movement in reserves.

# 42 Notes to the accounts

### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (h) Assets under leases

#### (i) Finance leases

Leases that substantially transfer to the Group all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the leases at the lower of the fair value of the leased assets or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the capital and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the capital balances outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in long-term liabilities. The finance charges are charged to the profit and loss account over the lease periods.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease periods.

### (ii) Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases net of any incentives received from the leasing company are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease periods.

#### (i) Trade receivables

Provision is made against trade receivables to the extent they are considered to be doubtful. Trade receivables in the balance sheet are stated net of such provision.

### (j) Other investments

Other investments are carried at fair value. At each balance sheet date, the net unrealised gains or losses arising from the changes in fair value of other investments are recognised in the profit and loss account. Profits or losses on disposal of other investments, representing the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amounts, are recognised in the profit and loss account as they arise.

### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, cash investments with a maturity of three months or less from date of investment and bank overdrafts.

### (I) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where a provision is expected to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

## (m) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is accounted for at the current taxation rate in respect of timing differences between profit as computed for taxation purposes and profit as stated in the accounts to the extent that a liability or an asset is expected to be payable or recoverable in the foreseeable future.

#### (n) Translation of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising in these cases are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The balance sheets of subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associated companies expressed in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date whilst the profit and loss is translated at an average rate. Exchange differences are dealt with as a movement in reserves.

In prior years, the profit and loss of foreign enterprises was translated at closing rate. This is a change in accounting policy, however, the translation of the profit and loss of foreign enterprises in prior years has not been restated as the effect of this change is not material to the current and prior years.

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### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (o) Revenue recognition

- (i) Revenue is recognised when the freight forwarding services are rendered, which generally coincides with the date of departure for outward freight and the date of arrival for inward freight.
- (ii) Revenues from the provision of trucking, warehousing, exhibition forwarding and household removal services are recognised when the services are rendered.
- (iii) Revenue from the provision of management services is recognised when the services are rendered.
- (iv) Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.
- (v) Revenue from the letting of property are recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.
- (vi) Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the interest rates applicable.

### (p) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave and long service entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service payments are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service payments as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

### (ii) Pension obligations

The Group operates a number of defined benefit and defined contribution pension schemes, the assets of which are generally held in separate trustee-administered funds. The pension schemes are generally funded by payments from employees and by the relevant Group companies, taking account of the recommendations of independent qualified actuaries.

### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (p) Employee benefits (Continued)

## (ii) Pension obligations (Continued)

The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement schemes are expensed as incurred and may be reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions.

For defined benefit pension scheme, pension costs are assessed using the projected unit credit method: the cost of providing pensions is charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the regular cost over the service lives of employees in accordance with the advice of the actuaries who carry out a full valuation of the pension scheme each year. The pension obligation is measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates with reference to the yields of government bonds. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised over the average remaining service lives of the employees.

## (q) Segment reporting

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting the Group has determined that geographical segments be presented as the primary reporting format and business as the secondary reporting format.

Segment assets consist primarily of fixed assets, receivables and operating cash and other investments, and mainly exclude goodwill. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and mainly exclude items such as current and deferred tax liabilities, amounts due to minority shareholders and minority interests. Capital expenditure comprises additions to fixed assets (note 11), including additions resulting from acquisitions through purchases of subsidiaries (note 11 and 24).

# 2 TURNOVER, REVENUES AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of freight forwarding services. Revenues recognised during the year are as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Turnaum		
Turnover		
Revenue from rendering freight forwarding services		
Air freight	1,372,197	985,285
Sea freight	862,366	223,007
Exhibition forwarding and household removal services	81,461	75,940
Trucking and warehousing services	65,916	30,601
	2,381,940	1,314,833
Other revenues		
Property letting	812	460
Management fee	269	428
Interest income	861	1,932
	1,942	2,820
Total revenues	2,383,882	1,317,653

# Primary reporting format — geographical segments

ŀ	Hong Kong	_	_			
	and	North	Southeast		-11 1 (1	_
Main	land China	America	Asia	-	Elimination	Group
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2003						
Turnover						
External	1,142,299	612,441	399,623	227,577	_	2,381,940
Inter-segment	327,577	77,966	84,223	10,693	(500,459)	
Total	1,469,876	690,407	483,846	238,270	(500,459)	2,381,940
Segment results	24,093	(11,244)	(6,139)	(5,039)		1,671
Net gain on disposal of associated companies (note 3)						21,493
companies (note 3)						
Operating profit						23,164
Finance costs	(897)	(329)	(680)	(95)		(2,001)
Share of profits less losses	of					
Jointly controlled entities	261	_	_	_		261
Associated companies	10,463	(128)	1,923	_		12,258
Profit before taxation						33,682
Taxation						(6,443)
Minority interests						(4,322)
Profit attributable to						
shareholders						22,917

**Primary reporting format** — geographical segments (Continued)

	Hong Kong					
	and	North	Southeast	_		_
	Mainland China	America	Asia	_	Elimination	Group
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2003						
Segment assets	458,129	139,756	139,487	68,886		806,258
Investments in jointly	<b>/</b>					
controlled entities	15,244	_	_	_		15,244
Investments in associ	iated					
companies	14,851	498	4,926	_		20,275
Unallocated assets						99,259
Total assets						941,036
Segment liabilities	226,502	62,737	86,367	60,189		435,795
Unallocated liabilities	S					3,079
Total liabilities						438,874
- 1. I	•					
Capital expenditure f	for					
Additions of	2 205	742	2 200	225		C 040
fixed assets Additions of fixed	2,385	743	3,386	335		6,849
assets through						
acquisition of						
subsidiaries	14,597	1,864	8,849	3,918		29,228
Depreciation	8,488	1,073	4,049	747		14,357
Impairment of	•	,	,			•
fixed assets	7,356	_	_	_		7,356
Amortisation of						
goodwill						7,150
Impairment of						
goodwill						2,859

# **Primary reporting format** — geographical segments (Continued)

I	Hong Kong					
	and	North	Southeast			
Main	land China	America	Asia	Europe	Elimination	Group
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2002						
Turnover						
External	821,583	328,294	164,956	_	_	1,314,833
Inter-segment	158,466 ————	56,460	45,340		(260,266)	
Total	980,049	384,754	210,296		(260,266)	1,314,833
Segment results	45,762	4,024	3,207			52,993
Finance costs	(593)	_	(279)	_		(872)
Share of profits less losses o	of					
Jointly controlled entities	309	_	_	_		309
Associated companies	12,348	83	1,293	_		13,724
Profit before taxation						66,154
Taxation						(5,367)
Minority interests						(4,960)
Profit attributable to						
shareholders						55,827
Sitateflolders						33,027

# **Primary reporting format** — geographical segments (Continued)

	Hong Kong					
	and	North	Southeast			
Main	land China	America	Asia	Europe	Elimination	Group
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2002						
Segment assets	368,356	83,246	49,596	_		501,198
Investments in jointly						
controlled entities	8,110	_	_	_		8,110
Investments in associated						
companies	48,002	498	3,853	_		52,353
Unallocated assets						33,161
Total assets						594,822
Segment liabilities	171,971	21,554	34,101	_		227,626
Unallocated liabilities						10,368
Total liabilities						237,994
Capital expenditure for						
Additions of fixed assets	49,955	595	1,981	_		52,531
Additions of fixed assets	45,555	333	1,501			32,331
through acquisition						
of subsidiaries	61	183		_		244
Depreciation	5,424	876	1,583	_		7,883
Amortisation of	5,724	0,70	1,505			7,005
goodwill						2,816
goodwiii						2,010

# **Primary reporting format** — geographical segments (Continued)

The analysis of turnover by geographical segments is based on the following criteria:

- (i) Revenues from the rendering of freight forwarding services are attributed to the origin of invoicing.
- (ii) Revenues from other services are attributed on the basis of where the services are performed.

## Secondary reporting format — business segments

	Turnover	Segment results	Total assets	Capital expenditure
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2003				
Air freight	1,372,197	12,612	440,658	9,492
Sea freight	862,366	(18,446)	220,986	12,730
Exhibition forwarding and				
household removal services	81,461	7,602	47,179	1,257
Trucking and warehousing services	65,916	(97)	53,777	12,598
	2,381,940	1,671	762,600	36,077
Net gain on disposal of				
associated companies (note 3)		21,493		
Operating profit		23,164		
Investments in jointly controlled entities			15,244	
Investments in associated companies			20,275	
Unallocated			142,917	
Total assets			941,036	

Secondary reporting format — business segments (Continued)

	Turnover	Segment results	Total assets	Capital expenditure
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2002				
Air freight	985,285	35,343	313,038	23,047
Sea freight	223,007	10,353	79,381	9,155
Exhibition forwarding and household removal services	75.040	4 704	E2 740	14 454
Trucking and warehousing services	75,940 30,601	4,794 2,503	52,740 26,745	14,454 1,496
Trucking and wateriousing services		2,303		
	1,314,833		471,904	48,152
Operating profit		52,993		
. 5.				
Investments in jointly controlled entities			8,110	
Investments in associated companies			52,353	
Unallocated			62,455	4,623
				52,775
Total assets			594,822	
NET GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF ASSOCIAT	ED COMPANIES			
			2002	2002
			2003 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000
			1110	1112
Disposal of associated companies				
Gain			25,359	_
Loss			(3,866)	
Net gain on disposal of associated compa	nies		21,493	_

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# 3 NET GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

The gain arose from the disposal of Wilson Freight (Far East) Limited and Wilson (F.E.) Limited, both of which are 49.5% owned associated companies of the Group.

The loss arose from the disposal of Vectra Group Limited, a 20% owned associated company of the Group, together with its wholly owned subsidiary, Dispatch Services Logistics Air Limited.

## 4 OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after crediting and charging the following:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Crediting		
Net exchange gains		957
Charging		
Amortisation of goodwill	7,150	2,816
Auditors' remuneration		
	3,088	1,426
Bad debts written off	9,110	_
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	13,810	7,524
Depreciation of leased fixed assets	547	359
Impairment of goodwill	2,859	_
Impairment of fixed assets	7,356	_
Net exchange losses	1,063	_
Net loss on disposals of fixed assets	625	231
Operating leases rental in respect of land and buildings	27,138	12,595
Provision for doubtful debts	19,682	173
Decrease in valuation of fixed assets	7,334	_
Staff costs (note 9)	192,364	109,950

## 5 FINANCE COSTS

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	2003 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	1,896	787
Interest element of finance leases	105	85
	2,001	872
TAXATION		
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong profits tax		
Provision for the year	4,287	5,660
Over provision in prior years	(1,376)	(2,158)
Overseas taxation credit	(666)	(34)
Deferred taxation (note 23)	1,442	19
	3,687	3,487
Share of taxation attributable to:		
Jointly controlled entities	190	4
Associated companies	2,566	1,876
	6,443	5,367

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for at the rate of 17.5% (2002: 16%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

### **6 TAXATION** (Continued)

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Deferred taxation for the year has not been (credited)/charged to the consolidated profit and loss account in respect of the following:

		2003	2002
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Tax losses	(12,056)	(1,616)
	Accelerated depreciation allowances	(831)	(9)
	Other timing differences	(10,022)	1,033
		(22,909)	(592)
•	DIVIDENDS		
		2003	2002
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Interim, paid, of HK3.0 cents (2002: HK3.0 cents) per share	9,045	7,197
	Final, proposed, of HK10.0 cents (2002: HK10.0 cents) per share (note)	30,150	24,120
		39,195	31,317

Note: At a meeting held on 25th November 2003, the directors declared a final dividend of HK10.0 cents per share.

This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these accounts, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained profits for the year ending 31st July 2004.

#### 8 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$22,917,000 (2002: HK\$55,827,000) and the weighted average of 271,433,053 (2002: 239,936,975) shares in issue during the year.

There is no potential dilutive shares in existence for the year ended 31st July 2003 and therefore, no diluted earnings per share was presented. The diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31st July 2002 was calculated based on 239,987,036 shares which was the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year plus the weighted average of 50,061 diluted potential shares under the Company's share option scheme.

### 9 STAFF COSTS

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Wages and salaries	182,273	104,572
Termination benefits	2,122	104
Pension costs — defined contribution pension schemes	7,502	5,274
Pension costs — defined benefit pension scheme (note 22)	467	_
	192,364	109,950

Defined contribution pension schemes include forfeited contributions totalling HK\$499,000 (2002: HK\$515,000) were utilised during the year leaving HK\$72,000 (2002: HK\$33,000) available at the year-end to reduce future contributions.

## 10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) The aggregate amounts of emoluments to directors of the Company during the year are as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Fees	150	120
Basic salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	5,012	5,758
Contributions to pension schemes	30	41
	5,192	5,919

Directors' fees represent the amount paid to independent non-executive directors.

During the year, no share options were granted to or exercised by the directors of the Company.

## 10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

The emoluments of the directors fell within the following bands:

**Emolument bands** 

	Numbe	Number of directors	
	2003	2002	
Nil — HK\$1,000,000	4	4	
HK\$1,500,001 — HK\$2,000,000	1	2	
HK\$2,500,001 — HK\$3,000,000	1	1	

No directors waived or agreed to waive their emoluments in respect of the years ended 31st July 2002 and 2003.

(b) The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include two (2002: two) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2002: three) individuals during the year are as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Basic salaries, allowances and other benefits in kind	5,662	6,305
Contributions to pension schemes	52	52
Performance bonuses		
Provision for the year	2,036	675
Underprovision in prior year	_	3,745
	7,750	10,777

# 10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Their emoluments fell within the following bands:

Emolument bands

	Number of individual	
	2003	2002
HK\$1,500,001 — HK\$2,000,000	1	1
HK\$2,000,001 — HK\$2,500,000	1	_
HK\$2,500,001 — HK\$3,000,000	1	_
HK\$3,500,001 — HK\$4,000,000	_	1
HK\$5,000,001 — HK\$5,500,000	<u> </u>	1

# 11 FIXED ASSETS

# Group

	Investment properties in	Leasehold land and	Leasehold	Office furniture and	Motor	Computer	
	Hong Kong		improvements	equipment	vehicles	equipment	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost or valuation							
At 1st August 2002	4,623	103,947	8,759	14,169	7,178	7,351	146,027
Acquisition of subsidiaries							
(note 24(d))	_	_	35,553	20,308	6,894	41,808	104,563
Additions	_	_	1,557	1,836	1,499	1,957	6,849
Disposals	_	_	(1,993)	(1,502)	(4,508)	(3,188)	(11,191)
Revaluation	(553)	(12,078)	_	_	_	_	(12,631)
Exchange adjustment			353	93	77	280	803
At 31st July 2003	4,070	91,869	44,229	34,904	11,140	48,208	234,420
Accumulated depreciation							
and impairment							
At 1st August 2002	_	4,993	2,603	8,857	5,273	5,284	27,010
Acquisition of subsidiaries							
(note 24(d))	_	_	32,748	14,787	4,762	23,038	75,335
Depreciation charge	_	2,366	2,454	2,809	1,474	5,254	14,357
Impairment charge	_	753	_	_	_	6,603	7,356
Disposals	_	_	(1,623)	(1,269)	(3,304)	(2,361)	(8,557)
Revaluation	_	(5,297)	_	_	_	_	(5,297)
Exchange adjustment	_	_	262	56	35	190	543
At 31st July 2003		2,815	36,444	25,240	8,240	38,008	110,747
Net book value							
At 31st July 2003	4,070	89,054	7,785	9,664	2,900	10,200	123,673
At 31st July 2002	4,623	98,954	6,156	5,312	1,905	2,067	119,017

## 11 FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

			Office			Investment
			furniture		Leasehold	properties
	Computer	Motor	and	Leasehold	land and	in
Total	equipment	vehicles	equipment	improvements	buildings	Hong Kong
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000

The analysis of the cost or valuation at 31st July 2003 of the above assets is as follows:

At cost	_	_	44,229	34,904	11,140	48,208	138,481
At 2003 directors'		0.030					0.030
valuation At 2003 professional	_	8,939	_	_	_	_	8,939
valuation	4,070	82,930					87,000
		04.040		24.004		40.000	
	4,070	91,869	44,229	34,904	11,140	48,208	234,420

The analysis of the cost or valuation at 31st July 2002 of the above assets is as follows:

At cost	_	_	8,759	14,169	7,178	7,351	37,457
At 2002 directors'							
valuation	_	103,947	_	_	_	_	103,947
At 2002 professional							
valuation	4,623	_	_	_	_	_	4,623
	4,623	103,947	8,759	14,169	7,178	7,351	146,027

- (i) Investment properties and leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong were revalued on 31st July 2003 on the basis of their open market value by an independent professional valuer, Chesterton Petty Limited.
- (ii) Investment properties and leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate net book value of HK\$87,000,000 (2002: HK\$96,417,000) have been pledged to banks to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 26).

## 11 FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

(iii) The Group's interests in investment properties and leasehold land and buildings at their net book values are analysed as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
In Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	37,000	41,349
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	50,000	55,068
Outside Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	1,084	1,104
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	5,040	6,056
	93,124	103,577

- (iv) The carrying amount of leasehold land and buildings would have been HK\$112,874,000 (2002: HK\$116,463,000) had they been stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.
- (v) At 31st July 2003, net book value of fixed assets held by the Group under finance leases amounted to HK\$2,272,000 (2002: HK\$848,000).

## 12 GOODWILL

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Opening net book amount	33,161	_
Exchange adjustment	(13)	37
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 24(d))	75,154	34,049
Acquisition of business	1,322	1,891
Adjustment of goodwill (note 13(b))	(356)	_
Amortisation charge (note 4)	(7,150)	(2,816)
Impairment charge (note 4)	(2,859)	_
Closing net book amount	99,259	33,161
Representing:		
Cost	112,060	35,940
Exchange adjustment	24	37
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(12,825)	(2,816)
	99,259	33,161

### 13 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	C	Company	
	2003	2002	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Unlisted shares, at cost	208,129	46,896	
Loan to a subsidiary	31,500	36,638	
	239,629	83,534	
	<del></del>		

The loan to a subsidiary is unsecured, interest bearing at prevailing market rate and not repayable within the next twelve months.

Details of principal subsidiaries of the Group are set out in note 29(a) to the accounts.

### 13 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(a) In October 2000, the Group acquired an additional 20% equity interests in Fondair Express (HK) Limited ("Fondair") at a consideration of HK\$19,276,000. The consideration for the acquisition will be adjusted in favour of the vendors in the event that 20% of the profit after taxation as shown in the audited accounts of Fondair for the four consecutive financial years ending on 31st July 2004 exceeds HK\$18 million in aggregate. Each of the two vendors will then be entitled to a total of 25% of the cumulative excess, subject to a maximum amount of HK\$15 million for each of the vendors (note 27(b)).

The vendors also undertake to pay to the Group for any shortfall in profit, in the event that 20% of the profit after taxation as shown in the audited accounts of Fondair for each of the four financial years ending on 31st July 2004 is less than HK\$3,825,000 or if 20% of the aggregate profit after taxation as shown in the audited accounts of Fondair for the four consecutive financial years ending on 31st July 2004 is less than HK\$18 million. The shortfall received by the Group during the year was HK\$2,521,000, which was credited to reserves to net off against goodwill taken directly to reserves in the year of acquisition (note 20).

(b) In November 2001, the Group acquired 100% equity interests in Corporate Century Company Limited ("Corporate Century") which in turn holds 70% equity interests in BALtrans Logistics (Canada) Limited ("BALtrans Canada") at a consideration of C\$6,440,000 with contingent consideration payable in 2007 and 2008. An initial consideration of C\$3,864,000 was paid upon completion of the acquisition. The remaining consideration of C\$2,576,000 (approximately HK\$12,674,000) (note 21) is payable by four equal annual instalments commencing in 2003. The contingent consideration payable in 2007 and 2008 shall be one half of the amount, if any, by which net profit after tax of BALtrans Canada for each of the financial years ending on 31st October 2006 and 31st October 2007 exceeds C\$1,840,000 (note 27(b)).

The vendors undertake to pay to the Group in respect of each of the financial years ending on 31st October in 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 an amount equal to any amount by which 70% of the net profit after tax for that financial year is less than C\$1,288,000 but provided that in no event shall the aggregate amount of all payments under this profit guarantee arrangement exceeds C\$5,152,000. The shortfall received by the Group during the year was HK\$356,000, which was applied to reduce the goodwill arising from the acquisition (note 12).

(c) On 10th January 2003, the Group increased its interest in Supreme Airfreight Company Limited ("Supreme") from 74% to 86.5% by acquiring 12.5% from a minority shareholder at a consideration of HK\$8,230,000. This amount will, however, be subject to adjustment in accordance with the earnings of the business for the period from 1st August 2002 and 31st July 2005 but provided that in no event shall the adjustment exceeds HK\$9,999,999 (note 27(b)).

#### 13 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(d) On 30th January 2003, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Jardine Logistics Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("JL Group") which engages in the freight forwarding business worldwide. In accordance with the sale and purchase agreement, the Company issued 60,300,100 new shares, representing the then 20% of the enlarged issued share capital of the Company, to the vendors. Subject to the completion accounts of JL Group, if the net assets of JL Group on the completion date are less than HK\$90 million, the vendors will contribute the amount of the shortfall in cash to JL Group. If the net assets are higher, JL Group will issue a promissory note to the vendors to repay the excess balance. The promissory note is unsecured, interest free and repayable within one year. Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No.30 "Business Combinations" requires the fair value of the consideration shares for accounting purpose be determined at the completion date. The mid-market price of the shares in the Company was HK\$2.60 on that date and accordingly, the fair value of the share consideration for this purpose was HK\$156,780,000. The total cost of acquisition was HK\$161,232,000, including direct expenses on acquisition of HK\$4,452,000, resulting in goodwill from the acquisition of HK\$71,232,000. Subsequent to the completion of the acquisition, certain issues were raised with the vendor which may have an impact on the consideration. The Group is hopeful that the matter can be resolved amicably. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the potential outcome from such discussion will not have any material negative impact on the financial position of the Group.

The JL Group contributed turnover of HK\$894,264,000 and loss before taxation of HK\$40,689,000 to the Group for the period since acquisition. The aggregate net asset value of JL Group as at 31st July 2003 was HK\$50,630,000.

#### 14 INVESTMENTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted investments		
Share of net assets	13,244	8,110
Loan to a jointly controlled entity	2,000	_
	15 244	0.110
	15,244	8,110
Investments at cost	15,890	10,309

Loan to a jointly controlled entity is unsecured, interest free and is not repayable within the next twelve months.

Details of principal jointly controlled entities are set out in note 29(b) to the accounts.

## 15 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted investments		
Share of net assets	20,275	52,353
Investments at cost	8,386	14,565

Details of principal associated companies are set out in note 29(c) to the accounts.

# 16 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Due from:				
Subsidiaries	_	_	51,284	51,588
A jointly controlled entity	7,253	7,532	_	_
Associated companies	5,831	5,760	_	_
Related companies	11,878	1,203	_	_
Trade receivables	417,877	187,832		
	442,839	202,327	51,284	51,588
Deposits and prepayments	111,092	51,422	140	133
	553,931	253,749	51,424	51,721

The credit terms given to trade customers are determined on an individual basis, with credit period ranging from one month to three months.

# 16 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The ageing analysis of trade receivables including amounts due from a jointly controlled entity, associated companies and related companies was as follows:

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
30 days or below	214,615	119,453
31 — 60 days	91,479	53,295
61 — 90 days	77,122	22,995
Over 90 days	59,623	6,584
	442,839	202,327

## 17 OTHER INVESTMENTS

	Group
2003	2002
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Debt securities, listed outside Hong Kong, at market value	4,304
<del></del>	= =====================================

## 18 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		c	Company	
	2003	2002	2003	2002	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Due to:					
A subsidiary	_	_	1,859	_	
Jointly controlled entities	3,594	5,569	_	_	
Associated companies	6	156	_	_	
Trade payables	186,851	88,821			
	190,451	94,546	1,859	_	
Accrued charges and other payables	151,365	81,346	1,621	1,615	
	341,816	175,892	3,480	1,615	

# 18 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

The ageing analysis of the trade payables including amounts due to jointly controlled entities and associated companies was as follows:

			Group
		2003	2002
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
30 days or b	elow	121,235	71,289
31 — 60 day	'S	24,800	12,793
61 — 90 day	'S	9,988	1,144
Over 90 days		34,428	9,320
		190,451	94,546
19 SHARE CAPI	TAL		
		No. of shares	HK\$'000
Authorised:			
Ordinary sl	hares of HK\$0.10 each		
At 31st	July 2001, 2002 and 2003	500,000,000	50,000
Issued and fu	ılly paid:		
Ordinary sl	hares of HK\$0.10 each		
At 31st .	July 2001	239,050,400	23,905
Exercise	of options	2,150,000	215
At 31st .	July 2002	241,200,400	24,120
Issue of	new shares	60,300,100	6,030
At 31st .	July 2003	301,500,500	30,150

60,300,100 new shares of HK\$2.6 each were issued on 30th January 2003 at a premium of HK\$2.5 each as consideration for the acquisition of subsidiaries (note 13(d)). HK\$150,750,000 was credited to share premium (note 20).

#### 19 SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

### 1992 Share Option Scheme

In 1992, a share option scheme was approved at a special meeting of the Company under which the directors may, at their discretion, invite full time employees including executive directors of the Group to take up options to subscribe for shares of the Company subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein.

On 13th March 1997, nine senior management of the Group were offered options to subscribe a total of 3,900,000 shares at a fixed price of HK\$0.8336 per share. Half of the allocation may be exercised after 30th June 1998 and the remainder after 31st December 2000. The options are valid until 12th March 2003.

The movement of share options granted pursuant to the Company's share option scheme are as follows:

Date of grant	Subscription price per share	Exercisable period	Options outstanding at 1st August 2002	Options lapsed during the year	Options outstanding at 31st July 2003
	HK\$				
13th March 1997	0.8336	1st July 1998 to 12th March 2003	50,000	(50,000)	_
13th March 1997	0.8336	1st January 2001 to 12th March 2003	50,000	(50,000)	=
			100,000	(100,000)	

## 2001 Share Option Scheme

On 28th December 2001, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Option Scheme"), pursuant to which the Company may grant options without initial payment to (i) any director, employee or consultant of the Group or a company in which the Group holds an equity interest or a subsidiary of such company ("Affiliate"); or (ii) any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects include any director, employee or consultant of the Group or an Affiliate; or (iii) a company beneficially owned by any director, employee or consultant of the Group or an Affiliate; or (iv) any customer, supplier or adviser whose service to the Group or business with the Group contributes or is expected to contribute to the business or operation of the Group as may be determined by the Directors from time to time to subscribe for shares of the Company. The subscription price of the shares under the New Option Scheme will be the highest of (i) the nominal value of the Shares; (ii) the closing price per Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the Date of Grant; and (iii) the average closing price per Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the Date of Grant of (where applicable) such price as from time to time adjusted pursuant to the Scheme. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the New Option Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the share capital of the Company in issue.

No share option had been granted under the New Option Scheme since its adoption.

# 20 RESERVES

# Group

		Exchange		
	Share	fluctuation	Retained	
	premium	reserve	profits	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1st August 2002	84,900	(808)	227,538	311,630
Premium on issue of shares (note 19)	150,750	_	_	150,750
Exchange differences	_	(537)	_	(537)
Profit guarantee received in relation to goodwill previously written off				
against retained profits (note 13(a))	_	_	2,521	2,521
Goodwill released upon liquidation				
of a subsidiary and disposal of				
associated companies	_	_	2,808	2,808
Profit for the year	_	_	22,917	22,917
2002 final dividend paid	_	_	(24,120)	(24,120)
2003 interim dividend paid			(9,045)	(9,045)
At 31st July 2003	235,650	(1,345)	222,619	456,924
Representing:				
2003 proposed final dividend			30,150	
Others			192,469	
			222,619	
Retained by:				
Company and subsidiaries	235,650	(1,093)	213,124	447,681
Jointly controlled entities	_	(14)	(2,632)	(2,646)
Associated companies		(238)	12,127	11,889
	235,650	(1,345)	222,619	456,924

# **20 RESERVES** (Continued)

# Group

	Share	Exchange fluctuation	Retained	
	premium	reserve	profits	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1st August 2001	83,323	(809)	201,711	284,225
Premium on issue of new shares	1,577	_	_	1,577
Exchange differences	_	1	_	1
Profit guarantee received in relation to goodwill previously written off				
against retained profits	_	_	1,102	1,102
Profit for the year	_	_	55,827	55,827
2001 final dividend paid	_	_	(23,905)	(23,905)
2002 interim dividend paid	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(7,197)	(7,197)
At 31st July 2002	84,900	(808)	227,538	311,630
Representing:				
2002 proposed final dividend			24,120	
Others			203,418	
			227,538	
Retained by:				
Company and subsidiaries	84,900	(546)	191,687	276,041
Jointly controlled entities	_	_	(2,199)	(2,199)
Associated companies		(262)	38,050	37,788
	84,900	(808)	227,538	311,630

# 20 RESERVES (Continued)

# Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st August 2002 Premium on issue of new shares (note 19) Profit for the year 2002 final dividend paid 2003 interim dividend paid	84,900 150,750 — — —	31,896 — — — — —	25,403 — 39,693 (24,120) (9,045)	142,199 150,750 39,693 (24,120) (9,045)
At 31st July 2003	235,650	31,896	31,931	299,477
Representing: 2003 proposed final dividend Others			30,150 1,781 31,931	
At 1st August 2001 Premium on issue of shares Profit for the year 2001 final dividend paid 2002 interim dividend paid	83,323 1,577 — — —	31,896 — — — — —	24,602 — 31,903 (23,905) (7,197)	139,821 1,577 31,903 (23,905) (7,197)
At 31st July 2002	84,900	31,896	25,403	142,199
Representing: 2002 proposed final dividend Others			24,120 1,283 25,403	

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### 20 RESERVES (Continued)

- (a) The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the capitalisation amount of the Company's shares issued in exchange for the issued shares of BALtrans International (BVI) Limited and the value of net assets of the underlying subsidiaries acquired as at 6th April 1992.
- (b) Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to the shareholders subject to a solvency test. Accordingly, at 31st July 2003, the distributable reserves of the Company available for distribution, net of dividends paid and proposed, amounted to HK\$33,677,000 (2002: HK\$33,179,000).
- (c) As at 31st July 2003, goodwill arising from acquisitions prior to 1st August 2001, which were included in retained profits, amounted to HK\$85,506,000 (2002: HK\$90,835,000).

#### 21 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

		Group
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Deferred consideration payable (note 13(b))	10,780	12,674
Amounts due to minority shareholders (note a)	1,912	1,552
Obligations under finance leases (note b)	1,667	466
Secured bank loan not wholly repayable within five years (note c)	21,340	25,336
	35,699	40,028
Current portion of long-term liabilities		
— deferred consideration payable	(3,594)	(3,169)
— obligations under finance leases	(868)	(217)
— bank loan	(3,996)	(3,996)
	(8,458)	(7,382)
	27,241	32,646

(a) The amounts due to minority shareholders are unsecured, interest-free and not repayable within the next twelve months.

## 21 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(c)

(b) Minimum lease payments for finance leases

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	981	257
In the second year	672	100
In the third to fifth year	182	170
After the fifth year	38	
	1,873	527
Future finance charges	(206)	(61)
Present value of finance leases	1,667	466
Representing:		
Within one year	868	217
In the second year	597	87
In the third to fifth year	165	162
After the fifth year	37	
	1,667	466
At 31st July 2003, the Group's bank loan was repayable as follows:		
		Group
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	3,996	3,996
In the second year	3,996	3,996
In the third to fifth year	11,988	11,988
After the fifth year	1,360	5,356
	21,340	25,336

### 22 PENSION LIABILITIES

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Present value of funded obligations	5,350	_
Fair value of plan assets	(3,514)	
	1,836	_
Unrecognised actuarial losses	(1,028)	
Liability in the balance sheet	808	

The Group's defined benefit pension scheme is in Taiwan.

The pension scheme is a defined benefit pension scheme based on salary upon retirement. The assets of the funded plan are held independently of the Group assets in separate trustee administered funds. The Group's pension scheme is valued by Watson Wyatt Taiwan Branch, a qualified actuary, annually using the projected unit credit method.

The amounts recognised in the profit and loss account were as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current service cost	416	_
Interest cost	104	_
Expected return on plan assets	(56)	_
Net actuarial losses recognised	3	_
Total, included in staff costs (note 9)	467	

The actual return on plan assets was HK\$29,000.

## 22 PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

Movements in the pension liabilities are as follows:

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At the beginning of the year	_	_
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 24(d))	2,293	_
Benefit payments	(1,761)	_
Pension costs for the year (note 9)	467	_
Contributions paid	(212)	_
Exchange differences	21	
At the end of the year	808	
The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:		
	2003	2002
	%	%
Discount rate	3.25	_
Expected rate of return on plan assets	3.25	_
Expected rate of future salary increases	0.5	

## 23 DEFERRED TAXATION

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At the beginning of the year	230	197
Transferred to profit and loss account (note 6)	1,442	19
Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 24(d))	(1,201)	8
Translation adjustments	(56)	6
At the end of the year	415	230
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Provided for in respect of:		
Accelerated depreciation allowances	415	230
The potential deferred tax assets not accounted for in the accounts amount	s to:	
Tax losses	16,197	4,141
Accelerated depreciation allowances	876	45
Other timing differences	10,878	856
	27,951	5,042

# 24 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

# (a) Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash (used in)/flows generated from operations

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Operating profit	23,164	52,993
Interest income	(861)	(1,932)
Amortisation of goodwill	7,150	2,816
Impairment of goodwill	2,859	_
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	13,810	7,524
Depreciation of leased fixed assets	547	359
Impairment of fixed assets	7,356	_
Decrease in valuation of fixed assets	7,334	_
Net gain on disposal of associated companies	(21,493)	_
Loss on disposals of fixed assets	625	231
Exchange differences on retranslation of deferred		
consideration payable	1,275	
Operating profit before working capital changes	41,766	61,991
Increase in trade and other receivables	(13,234)	(76,799)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(31,586)	24,718
Decrease in pension liabilities	(1,485)	
Net cash (used in)/flows generated from operations	(4,539)	9,910

## 24 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

# (b) Analysis of changes in financing during the year

							Loans	and		
	Share	capital	Div	vidend	Mir	nority	obligatio	ns under		
	including	premium	pa	yable	interests		interests financ		ance leases	
	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
At the beginning of										
the year	109,020	107,228	_	_	21,078	17,737	29,126	1,175		
Net cash inflow/(outflow)										
from financing	_	1,792	(33,165)	(31,102)	(7,152)	(2,799)	(6,855)	27,018		
Issue of shares	156,780	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Interest charged to profit										
and loss account	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,001	872		
Minority interests' share										
of profit	_	_	_	_	4,322	4,960	_	_		
Minority interests' share										
of goodwill released										
upon disposal of										
associated companies	_	_	_	_	1,000	_	_	_		
Dividends	_	_	33,165	31,102	_	_	_	_		
Inception of finance leases	_	_	_	_	_	_	182	61		
Acquisition of subsidiaries										
(note 24(d))	_	_	_	_	(4,117)	1,180	44,035	_		
Exchange differences	_				(43)			_		
At the and of the year	265 000	100.020			15.000	21.070	60 400	20.126		
At the end of the year	265,800	109,020			15,088	21,078	68,489	29,126		

# (c) Major non-cash transactions

During the year, the Group acquired 100% of JL Group by issuing of 60,300,100 shares to Jardine Pacific Holdings Limited (note 13(d)) as the consideration.

# 24 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

# (d) Acquisition of subsidiaries

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net assets acquired		
Fixed assets	29,228	244
Investments in jointly controlled entities	7,280	_
Trade and other receivables	286,308	8,653
Cash and bank balances	32,771	899
Trade and other payables	(198,510)	(5,125)
Taxation payable	(656)	(270)
Bank overdrafts	(21,103)	_
Bank loans and obligations under finance leases	(44,035)	_
Deferred taxation	1,201	(8)
Pension liabilities	(2,293)	_
Minority interests	(191)	(1,180)
	90,000	3,213
Interest originally held by a minority shareholder	4,308	
Interest originally held by the Group as an associated company		(1,174)
	94,308	2,039
Goodwill (note 12)	75,154	34,049
Cost of acquisitions	169,462	36,088
Less: direct expenses on acquisitions	(4,452)	_
Less: deferred consideration payable		(12,674)
Purchase consideration	165,010	23,414
Satisfied by		
Allotment of new shares	156,780	_
Cash	8,230	23,414
	165,010	23,414

### 24 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

## (d) Acquisition of subsidiaries (Continued)

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Analysis of the net cash outflow in respect of the purchase of subsidiar	ries:	
Cash paid for direct expenses on acquisition	4,452	_
Cash consideration	8,230	23,414
Cash and bank balances in hand of subsidiaries acquired	(32,771)	(899)
Bank overdrafts of subsidiaries acquired	21,103	
Net cash outflow in respect of acquisition of subsidiaries	1,014	22,515

The subsidiaries acquired during the year contributed HK\$12,083,000 to the Group's net operating cash flows, utilised HK\$1,037,000 for investing activities and paid HK\$289,000 in respect of financing activities.

## 25 COMMITMENTS

## (a) Capital commitments

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contracted but not provided for	4,737	7,223

The Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement for joint ventures in Qingdao and Xiamen. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group is committed to pay a total consideration of HK\$4,737,000.

## **25 COMMITMENTS** (Continued)

# (b) Operating lease commitments

The Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings as follows:

2002
(\$'000
6,501
2,386
58
8,945

## (c) Future operating lease receivables

The Group had future aggregate minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Not later than one year	86	517
Later than one year and not later than five years	_	137
	86	654

### (d) Other commitments

		Group
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Foreign exchange forward contract		15,618

#### **26 BANKING FACILITIES**

	2003 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Banking facilities granted	336,859	96,799
Banking facilities utilised		
Bank overdrafts, secured	15,673	9,824
Short term bank loans	43,570	1,772
Long term bank loans	21,340	25,336
	80,583	36,932
Bank guarantees to third parties	62,434	24,762
	143,017	61,694

At 31st July 2003, the Group's banking facilities are secured by the following:

- (i) fixed deposits of HK\$2,450,000 (2002: HK\$2,272,000) of the Group;
- (ii) first legal charges on the investment properties and leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong held by the Group;
- (iii) corporate guarantee from the Company; and
- (iv) a negative pledge by a subsidiary, in which the subsidiary will not pledge its assets to other parties unless it obtains the approval from the bank.

## **27 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

- (a) At 31st July 2003, the Group has provided guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to an associated company and a jointly controlled entity amounting to HK\$26.3 million (2002: HK\$7.5 million) of which HK\$21.4 million (2002: HK\$1.5 million) was utilised.
  - At 31st July 2003, the Group has provided guarantees to an airline company for credit facilities of a third party amounting to HK\$1.0 million (2002: HK\$1.0 million) which was fully utilised.
- (b) The Group has contingent consideration payable in relation to the acquisition of interests in subsidiaries as described in note 13.

### 28 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had the following material related party transactions carried out in the normal course of the Group's business:

Jointly controlled entities  Forwarding income received (a) 20,134 3,94	No	<b>2003</b> te <b>HK\$'000</b>	2002 HK\$'000
Forwarding income received  (a) 20,134 3,94  Forwarding costs paid  (a) 35,933 14,86	NO	.е пкъ ооо	HK\$ 000
Forwarding costs paid (a) <b>35,933</b> 14,86	controlled entities		
	arding income received (a,	<b>20,134</b>	3,946
Associated companies	arding costs paid (a,	<b>35,933</b>	14,867
Associated companies			
	ted companies		
Forwarding income received (a) 42,231 54,57	arding income received (a,	42,231	54,570
Forwarding costs paid (a) 13,510 11,01	arding costs paid (a,	13,510	11,016
Management fee received (b) 99 22	gement fee received (b)	99	222
Warehousing income received (b) <b>2,621</b> 4,62	housing income received (b)	2,621	4,628
Related companies	companies		
Forwarding income received (a) 44,524 7,89	arding income received (a,	44,524	7,892
Forwarding costs paid (a) <b>6,385</b> 5,93	arding costs paid (a,	6,385	5,935

- (a) These transactions were conducted at terms similar to those applicable to transactions with unrelated parties.
- (b) Management fee income and warehousing income were mainly from Wilson Freight (Far East) Limited and were charged at agreed rates.

Particulars of principal subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associated companies of the Group at 31st July 2003 are as follows:

# (a) Principal subsidiaries

	Name	Place of incorporation	Principal activities	Particulars of issued capital	effe	ective est held 2002
	Held directly:					
	BALtrans International (BVI) Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	US\$130,000	100%	100%
	Jardine Logistics Holdings Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	HK\$120,500,611	100%	_
	Held indirectly:					
*	BALtrans (Australia) Pty. Limited	Australia	Freight forwarding	A\$10,000	75%	75%
	BALtrans (BVI) Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Freight forwarding agency	US\$10,000	100%	100%
	BALtrans (China) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding	HK\$2,000,000	100%	100%
*	BALtrans UK Limited	United Kingdom	Freight forwarding	£100,000	100%	100%
	BALtrans Logistics Pte. Limited	Singapore	Freight forwarding	S\$250,000	100%	100%
*	BALtrans Logistics (Canada) Limited	Canada	Freight forwarding	C\$100	70%	70%
	BALtrans International Moving Limited	Hong Kong	Household removal services	HK\$500,000	70%	70%

				effe	oup's ective
Name	Place of incorporation	Principal activities	Particulars of issued capital	intere 2003	2002
Held indirectly:					
BALtrans Logistics Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and freight forwarding	HK\$5,000,000	100%	100%
* BALtrans Ocean Inc.	United States of America	Freight forwarding	US\$1,000	100%	100%
BALtrans Logistics Inc.	United States of America	Freight forwarding	US\$1,000	100%	100%
Carmen Services Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Freight forwarding agency	US\$10,000	87%	74%
Supreme Airfreight Company Limited	Hong Kong	Freight forwarding	HK\$1,500,000	87%	74%
Supreme Airfrt Investment Company Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%
Supreme Freight Consolidators (Ocean) Limited	Hong Kong	Freight forwarding	HK\$200,000	87%	74%
Zimbery Limited	Hong Kong	Property holding	HK\$10,000	100%	100%
BALtrans Exhibition & Removal Limited	Hong Kong	Exhibition forwarding services	HK\$1,000,000	60%	60%

	Place of		Particulars of	effe	oup's ective est held
Name	incorporation	Principal activities	issued capital	2003	2002
Held indirectly:					
Supreme Logistics Limited	Hong Kong	Warehousing and container drayage	HK\$500,000	87%	74%
* BALtrans (Macau) Limited	Macau	Freight forwarding	MOP1,000,000	70%	70%
Radical Services Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Freight forwarding agency	US\$10,000	89%	87%
Fond Express Logistics Limited	Hong Kong	Freight forwarding	HK\$1,000,000	89%	87%
BALtrans Global Logistics Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Freight forwarding agency	US\$500,000	100%	100%
World Connect Limited	Hong Kong	Freight forwarding	HK\$2,500,000	70%	70%
Fond Express Logistics Inc.	United States of America	Freight forwarding	US\$80,000	89%	87%
* Fond Express International (SFO) Inc.	United States of America	Freight forwarding	US\$70,000	89%	87%
* Helu-Trans (S) Pte. Limited	Singapore	Household and exhibition removal	S\$250,000	60%	60%
BALtrans Logistics (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Freight forwarding	M\$600,000	100%	100%

					oup's ective
Name	Place of incorporation	Principal activities	Particulars of issued capital	intere 2003	st held 2002
Name	incorporation	Frincipal activities	issueu capitai	2003	2002
Held indirectly:					
Muragawa Logistics Limited	Hong Kong	Freight forwarding	HK\$1,500,000	52%	44%
Win Profit Corporation Limited	Hong Kong	Property holding	HK\$10,000	100%	100%
BALtrans Macao Commercial Offshore Limited	Macau	Freight forwarding agency	MOP100,000	100%	_
Jardine Logistics Services (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding	HK\$100	100%	_
Jardine Logistics Services (HKG) Limited	Hong Kong	Freight forwarding services	HK\$1,000,000	100%	-
Jardine Transport Services (China) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and freight forwarding services	HK\$2,000,000	100%	_
Jardine Transport (Shenzhen) Company Limited	People's Republic of China	Freight forwarding	HK\$2,500,000	100%	_
Jardine Logistics Services (Shanghai) Company Limited	People's Republic of China	Warehousing, distribution and logistics services	US\$200,000	100%	-

		Place of		Particulars of	Gro effec interes	tive t held
	Name	incorporation	Principal activities	issued capital	2003	2002
	Held indirectly:					
	Jardine Logistics Services (Taiwan) Limited	Taiwan	Freight forwarding	NT\$12,500,000	100%	-
	Jardine Logistics (Singapore) Pte Limited	Singapore	Freight forwarding	\$\$600,002	100%	_
	Ingram (Mauritius) Limited	Mauritius	Investment holding	US\$100	100%	_
	Jardine Logistics Services Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Freight forwarding	M\$500,000	100%	_
*	Logistics Support Services Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Staff support services	M\$2	100%	_
	Jardine Logistics Services (Thailand) Limited	Thailand	Freight forwarding	Baht5,880,000	100%	_
	PT Jaringan Logistik Semesta	Indonesia	Freight forwarding	Rp1,550,000,000	100%	_
	JTS (UK) Holdings Limited	United Kingdom	Investment holding	£1,000	100%	_
	Jardine Freight Services International Limited	United Kingdom	Freight forwarding	£30,000	75%	_

# (a) Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

					Gro effe	•
		Place of		Particulars of	interes	st held
	Name	incorporation	Principal activities	issued capital	2003	2002
	Held indirectly:					
	Jardine Transport Services (Delaware) Limited	United States of America	Investment holding	US\$2,800,000	100%	_
	Freight Solutions International, LLC	United States of America	Freight forwarding	US\$2,794,702	100%	_

The companies within the Group operate principally in their respective places of incorporation, except Jardine Transport Services (China) Limited, which also provides services in the PRC.

# (b) Principal jointly controlled entities

		Incorporated/	Place of operation/	Principal	Grou effect interest	ive
	Name	unincorporated	incorporation	activities	2003	2002
	Held indirectly:					
*	Shanghai BALtrans Exhibition & Removal Limited	Incorporated	People's Republic of China	Household and exhibition removal	29%	29%
*	BALtrans International Cargo Limited	Incorporated	People's Republic of China	Freight forwarding	50%	40%
	United Asia Terminals (Yantian) Limited	Incorporated	People's Republic of China	Warehousing, distribution and logistics services	40%	_

# (b) Principal jointly controlled entities (Continued)

	Incorporated/	Place of operation/	Principal	Gro effe	ctive
Name	unincorporated	incorporation	activities	2003	2002
Held indirectly:					
Jardine-CCTA Logistics Services Limited	Incorporated	People's Republic of China	Freight forwarding	45%	_

## (c) Principal associated companies

				Group's effective	
		Place of		interest l	held
	Name	incorporation	Principal activities	2003	2002
	Held indirectly:				
*	BALtrans Logistics (Thailand) Co., Limited	Thailand	Freight forwarding	49%	49%
*	Korchina Logistics (HK) Limited (formerly Korchina Freight Limited)	Hong Kong	Freight forwarding	50%	50%
*	BAL CAN Forwarding Inc.	Canada	Freight forwarding	49%	49%
*	Korchina Freight Pte Ltd.	Singapore	Freight forwarding	50%	50%
*	PT i-Logistics BALtrans Indonesia	Indonesia	Freight forwarding	40%	40%

<sup>\*</sup> Companies not audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers.

### 30 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures are reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

### 31 APPROVAL OF ACCOUNTS

The accounts were approved by the board of directors on 25th November 2003.