



Notes to the Accounts

1. Principal accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these accounts are set out below:

(a) Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with accounting standards issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants ("HKSA"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that, as disclosed in the accounting policies below, certain investment properties, other properties and trading investments are stated at fair value.

In the current year, the Group adopted the Statement of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAP") 12 "Income Taxes" issued by the HKSA which is effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1st January 2003.

The change to the Group's accounting policy and the effect of adoption of the new SSAP 12 are set out in note 1(n) below.

(b) Consolidation

The consolidated accounts include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st December. Subsidiaries are those entities in which the Group, directly or indirectly, controls more than one half of the voting power; has power to govern the financial and operating policies; to appoint or remove the majority of the members of the board of directors; or to cast majority of votes at the meetings of the board of directors.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary represents the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the Group's share of its net assets together with any unamortised goodwill or negative goodwill or goodwill/negative goodwill taken to reserves which was not previously charged or recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the operating results and net assets of subsidiaries.

In the Company's balance sheet the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.



Notes to the Accounts

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(c) Jointly controlled entities

A jointly controlled entity is a joint venture under a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity which is subject to joint control and none of the participating parties has unilateral control over the economic activity.

The consolidated profit and loss account includes the Group's share of the results of jointly controlled entities for the year, and the consolidated balance sheet includes the Group's share of the net assets of the jointly controlled entities.

(d) Reserve arising on consolidation

Reserve arising on consolidation comprises:

(i) Capital reserve arising on shares exchange on merger

Capital reserve arising on shares exchange on merger which represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired and the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company as consideration therefor.

(ii) Goodwill/negative goodwill arising on acquisitions

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets of the acquired subsidiaries at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill on acquisitions occurring on or after 1st January 2001 is included in intangible assets and is amortised using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of not more than 20 years. Goodwill on acquisitions that occurred prior to 1st January 2001 was taken to reserve arising on consolidation.

Negative goodwill represents the excess of the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets acquired over the cost of acquisition.





Notes to the Accounts

- 1. Principal accounting policies (continued)
- (d) Reserve arising on consolidation (continued)
 - (ii) Goodwill/negative goodwill arising on acquisitions (continued)

For acquisitions after 1st January 2001, negative goodwill is presented in the same balance sheet classification as goodwill. To the extent that negative goodwill relates to expectations of future losses and expenses that are identified in the Group's plan for the acquisition and can be measured reliably, but which do not represent identifiable liabilities at the date of acquisition, that portion of negative goodwill is recognised in the profit and loss account when the future losses and expenses are recognised. Any remaining negative goodwill, not exceeding the fair values of the non-monetary assets acquired, is recognised in the profit and loss account over the remaining weighted average useful life of those assets; negative goodwill in excess of the fair values of those non-monetary assets is recognised in the profit and loss account immediately. For acquisitions prior to 1st January 2001, negative goodwill was taken directly to reserve arising on consolidation.

The gain or loss on disposal of an entity includes the unamortised balance of goodwill relating to the entity disposed of or, for pre 1st January 2001 acquisitions, the related goodwill/negative goodwill taken to capital reserve arising on consolidation to the extent it has not previously been realised in the profit and loss account.

Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of any intangible asset, including goodwill previously taken to reserve arising on consolidation, is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

(e) Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings in respect of which construction work and development have been completed and which are held for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length.

Investment properties held on leases with unexpired periods of greater than 20 years are valued at intervals of not more than three years by independent valuers; in each of the intervening years valuations are undertaken by professionally qualified executives of the Group. The valuations are on an open market value basis related to individual properties and separate values are not attributed to land and buildings. The valuations are incorporated in the annual accounts. Increases in valuation are credited to the investment properties revaluation reserve. Decreases in valuation are first set off against increases on earlier valuations on a portfolio basis and thereafter are debited to operating profit. Any subsequent increases are credited to operating profit up to the amount previously debited.



Notes to the Accounts

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investment properties (continued)

Investment properties held on leases with unexpired periods of 20 years or less are depreciated over the remaining portion of the leases.

Upon the disposal of an investment property, the relevant portion of the revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is released from the investment properties revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account.

(f) Other properties and fixed assets

Other properties are interests in land and buildings other than investment properties.

Effective from 31st December 2002, other properties are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined by the directors based on valuations undertaken by professional qualified executives of the Group which are performed every three years. In each of the intervening years, the directors review the carrying value of the other properties and adjustment is made where they consider that there has been a material change. Increases in valuation are credited to the other properties revaluation reserves. Decreases in valuation are first offset against increases on earlier valuations in respect of the same property and are thereafter debited to operating profit. Any subsequent increases are credited to operating profit up to the amount previously debited.

The cost of other property transferred from investment property was deemed to be the fair value at the date of change in use. Any difference at that date between the carrying amount of the property and its fair value is accounted for in the same way as a revaluation of an investment property as set out in note 1(e) above.

Other fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Leasehold land is depreciated over the period of the lease while other fixed assets are depreciated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less accumulated impairment losses over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives are summarised as follows:

Buildings50 yearsLeasehold improvements2 to 3 yearsFurniture and fixtures4 yearsOffice equipment4 yearsMotor vehicles4 years





Notes to the Accounts

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(f) Other properties and fixed assets (continued)

At each balance sheet date, both internal and external sources of information are considered to assess whether there is any indication that assets included in other properties and fixed assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and where relevant, an impairment loss is recognised to reduce the asset to its recoverable amount. Such impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss except where the asset is carried at valuation and the impairment loss does not exceed the revaluation surplus for that same asset, in which case it is treated as a revaluation decrease.

The gain or loss on disposal of a fixed asset, other than investment properties, is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account. Any revaluation reserve balance remaining attributable to the relevant asset is transferred to retained earnings and is shown as a movement in reserves.

(g) Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases net of any incentives received from the leasing company are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease periods.

(h) Investment securities

Investment securities are stated at cost less any provision for impairment losses.

The carrying amounts of individual investments are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether the fair values have declined below the carrying amounts. When a decline other than temporary has occurred, the carrying amount of such securities will be reduced to its fair value. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account. This impairment loss is written back to profit and loss account when the circumstances and events that led to the write-downs or write-offs cease to exist and there is persuasive evidence that the new circumstances and events will persist for the foreseeable future.

(i) Trading investments

Trading investments are bonds and listed shares which are carried at fair value. At each balance sheet date, the net unrealised gains or losses arising from the changes in fair value of trading investments are recognised in the profit and loss account. Profits or losses on disposal of trading investments, representing the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amounts, are recognised in the profit and loss account as they arise.



Notes to the Accounts

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(j) Accounts receivable

Provision is made against accounts receivable to the extent that they are considered to be doubtful. Accounts receivable in the balance sheet are stated net of such provision.

(k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts.

(l) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the accounts. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, they will then be recognised as a provision.

(m) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity or paternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Retirement scheme obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the scheme by the Group and employees are calculated at rates specified in the rules of the scheme. The retirement scheme cost charged to the profit and loss account represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.





Notes to the Accounts

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(m) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Equity compensation benefits

Share options are granted to directors, full time employees and consultants. No compensation cost is recognised in the profit and loss account in connection with share options granted. When the share options are exercised, the proceeds received net of any transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

(n) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the accounts. The principal temporary differences arise from depreciation on fixed assets and tax losses carried forward; and, in relation to acquisitions, on the difference between the fair values of the net assets acquired and their tax bases. Tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date are used to determine deferred taxation.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred taxation is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

In prior years, deferred taxation was accounted for at the current taxation rate in respect of timing differences between profit as computed for taxation purposes and profit as stated in the accounts to the extent that a liability or an asset was expected to be payable or recoverable in the foreseeable future. The adoption of the new SSAP 12 represents a change in accounting policy, which has been applied retrospectively so that the comparatives presented have been restated to conform to the changed policy.

As detailed in note 22 to the accounts, opening retained earnings at 1st January 2003 and 2002 have been increased by HK\$9,431,000 and HK\$4,327,000, respectively, which represent the unprovided net deferred tax assets. This change has resulted in an increase in deferred tax assets and a decrease in deferred tax liabilities at 31st December 2002 by HK\$8,533,000 and HK\$898,000 respectively, and a decrease in loss attributable to shareholders for the year ended 31st December 2002 by HK\$5,104,000.

Notes to the Accounts

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(o) Translation of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising in these cases are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The balance sheets of subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities expressed in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date whilst the profit and loss accounts are translated at an average rate. Exchange differences are dealt with as a movement in reserves.

(p) Revenue recognition

Agency fee revenue from property broking and marketing services is recognised when the relevant agreement becomes unconditional or irrevocable.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the interest rates applicable.

Operating lease rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis.

Web advertising income and other services fee income including income from property valuation, other advertising and referral services are recognised when services are rendered.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(q) Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred.

(r) Segment reporting

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting the Group has determined that business segments be presented as the primary reporting format and geographical segments as the secondary reporting format.

Unallocated costs represent corporate expenses. Segment assets consist primarily of fixed assets, receivables and operating cash, and mainly exclude certain non-operating cash, corporate properties and trading investments. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and exclude items such as taxation and certain corporate borrowings. Capital expenditure comprises additions to fixed assets, including additions resulting from acquisitions through purchases of subsidiaries.





Notes to the Accounts

2. Turnover, revenues and segment information

(a) Turnover and revenues

The Group is principally engaged in property broking services. Revenues recognised during the year are as follows:

	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Turnover		
Agency fee revenue	1,179,963	911,711
Other revenues	2.424	4.500
Bank interest income	2,424	4,502
Bond interest income	_	121
Gross rental income from investment properties	2,070	2,468
Web advertising income	618	1,617
Other services fee income	1,417	3,126
	6,529	11,834
Total revenues	1,186,492	923,545
Total revenues	1,100,492	723,343

(b) Segment information

The Group is organised into three main business segments including residential property broking services, industrial and commercial property broking services and property leasing. Sales or transactions between the business segments are eliminated on presentation of segment information of the Group.

Other operations of the Group mainly comprise web advertising services, advertising services and valuation business.



Notes to the Accounts

2. Turnover, revenues and segment information (continued)

(b) Segment information (continued)

An analysis of the Group's segment information by business segments is as follows:

		Industrial	20	03		
	Residential property brokerage HK\$'000	and commercial property brokerage HK\$'000	Property leasing HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Inter- segment elimination HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Turnover						
External sales	1,053,336	126,627	-	-	-	1,179,963
Other revenues						
External sales	_	_	2,070	2,035	_	4,105
Inter-segment sales			9,204	2,926	(12,130)	
Segment revenues	1,053,336	126,627	11,274	4,961	(12,130)	1,184,068
Segment results	122,760	20,874	8,343	(5,306)	30,035	176,706
Unallocated costs						(28,319)
Operating profit before interest						
income and finance costs						148,387
Net finance income						1,302
Share of profits less losses of jointly controlled entities	(930)	_	_	2,726		1,796
J	,			,		
Profit before taxation						151,485
Taxation						(26,786)
Profit after taxation						124,699
Minority interests						(1,950)
Profit attributable to shareholders						122,749



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Notes to the Accounts

- 2. Turnover, revenues and segment information (continued)
- **(b)** Segment information (continued)

		In descript	20	03		
	Residential property brokerage HK\$'000	Industrial and commercial property brokerage HK\$'000	Property leasing HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Inter- segment elimination HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Segment assets	474,325	58,692	72,953	7,952		613,922
Investments in jointly controlled entities Unallocated assets	1,926	-	-	5,643		7,569 377,295
Total assets						998,786
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	321,095	37,783	829	1,011		360,718 66,569
Total liabilities						427,287
Capital expenditure	9,267	2,547	-	107		
Depreciation	9,187	613	3,422	417		
Impairment charges	1,003	-	-	_		
Other non-cash expenses/(income)	31,362	5,806	(670)	2		



Notes to the Accounts

2. Turnover, revenues and segment information (continued)

(b) **Segment information** (continued)

		Industrial	20 (rest	02 ated)		
	Residential property brokerage HK\$'000	and commercial property brokerage HK\$'000	Property leasing HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Inter- segment elimination HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Turnover						
External sales	829,074	82,637	_	-	_	911,711
Other revenues						
External sales	_	_	2,468	4,743	_	7,211
Inter-segment sales			11,948	3,605	(15,553)	
Segment revenues	829,074	82,637	14,416	8,348	(15,553)	918,922
Segment results	15,263	10,664	(59,149)	2,070	20,807	(10,345)
Unallocated costs						(62,498)
Operating loss before interest income and finance costs Net finance costs Share of profits of jointly						(72,843) (1,248)
controlled entities	31	-	-	3,181		3,212
Loss before taxation						(70,879)
Taxation						(1,919)
Loss after taxation						(72,798)
Minority interests						(927)
Loss attributable to shareholders						(73,725)



Midland Realty (Holdings) Limited

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Notes to the Accounts

- 2. Turnover, revenues and segment information (continued)
- **(b)** Segment information (continued)

		Industrial		02 rated)		
	Residential property brokerage HK\$'000	and commercial property brokerage HK\$'000	Property leasing HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Inter- segment elimination HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Segment assets	271,822	24,681	84,308	3,071		383,882
Investments in jointly	1.012			6 120		0.242
controlled entities Unallocated assets	1,813	_	_	6,430		8,243 282,196
Onanocated assets						
Total assets						674,321
Segment liabilities	148,435	13,145	1,016	718		163,314
Unallocated liabilities						62,427
Total liabilities						225,741
Capital expenditure	7,338	130	_	52		
Depreciation	10,850	663	4,541	517		
Impairment charges	4,699	-	-	_		
Amortisation of negative goodwill	_	_	_	(3,213)		
Other non-cash expenses	15,820	4,224	61,280	126		

No analysis of the Group's segment information by geographical segments is presented as less than 10% of the Group's activities and operations are attributable to markets outside Hong Kong.



Notes to the Accounts

3. Operating profit/(loss)

Operating profit/(loss) is stated after crediting and charging the following:

	2003 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Crediting		
Amortisation of negative goodwill (note 12)	_	3,213
Net realised gains on disposal of trading investments	1,517	93
Charging		
Auditors' remuneration	1,200	1,144
Depreciation	13,639	16,571
Impairment of goodwill (note 12)	1,003	4,699
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	314	7,741
Net unrealised losses on trading investments	2	1,098
Operating leases in respect of land and buildings	85,015	90,854
Outgoings in respect of investment properties	72	3
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	37,170	20,170

4. Staff costs

Staff costs (including directors' emoluments as disclosed in note 11) represents:

	2003 HK\$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Salaries and allowances Commissions Retirement benefit costs (note 10)	287,771 366,062 17,384	272,768 260,359 19,389
	671,217	552,516

The above staff costs did not include the benefits in kind arising from exercise of share options by a director and employees of the Group.





Notes to the Accounts

5. Finance costs

	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts Interest on convertible note	1,122	3,765 2,106
	1,122	5,871

6. Taxation

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2002: 16%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. In 2003, the government enacted a change in the profits tax rate from 16% to 17.5% for the fiscal year 2003/2004. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

The amount of taxation charged to the consolidated profit and loss account represents:

	2003 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000 (restated)
Company and subsidiaries		
Current taxation		
Hong Kong profits tax	28,249	9,260
Overseas taxation	168	113
Over provision in prior years	(1,430)	(3,718)
Deferred taxation relating to the origination and		
reversal of temporary differences (note 24)	78	(4,250)
Deferred taxation resulting from an increase in tax rate (note 24)	(792)	
	26,273	1,405
Share of taxation attributable to jointly controlled entities	513	514
Taxation charge	26,786	1,919



Notes to the Accounts

6. Taxation (continued)

The taxation on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of the home country of the Company as follows:

	2003 HK\$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Profit/(loss) before taxation	151,485	(70,879)
Calculated at a taxation rate of 17.5% (2002: 16%)	26,510	(11,341)
Effect of different taxation rates in other countries	(55)	(44)
Income not subject to taxation	(699)	(940)
Expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	1,934	14,236
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	(4,519)	(14)
Increase in opening net deferred tax assets resulting from		
an increase in tax rate	(792)	_
Temporary differences unrecognised	391	(40)
Tax losses not recognised	5,355	2,948
Others	(1,339)	(2,886)
Taxation charge	26,786	1,919

7. Profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders

The profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders for the year includes a profit of the Company to the extent of HK\$1,390,000 (2002: HK\$256,961,000).





Notes to the Accounts

8. Dividends

	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Interim, paid, of HK\$0.015 (2002: HK\$0.005) per ordinary share Final, proposed of HK\$0.05 (2002: HK\$0.005) per ordinary share (<i>note</i>) 30th anniversary special cash bonus, proposed, of HK\$Nil (2002: HK\$0.050)	10,547 35,220	2,998 3,446
per ordinary share Adjustment to prior years' final dividends		34,463 (14)
	45,767	40,893

Note: At a meeting held on 30th March 2004, the directors declared a final dividend of HK\$0.05 per ordinary share. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these accounts, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending 31st December 2004.

9. Earnings/(loss) per share

The calculation of basic earnings/(loss) per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$122,749,000 (2002: loss attributable to shareholders of HK\$73,725,000 as restated) and the weighted average number of 691,464,000 (2002: 600,290,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31st December 2003 was based on the profit of HK\$122,749,000 and 695,137,000 ordinary shares which are the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year plus the weighted average of 3,673,000 ordinary shares deemed to be issued at no consideration if all outstanding warrants and options had been exercised.

The diluted loss per share for the year ended 31st December 2002 was not presented as the conversion of warrants, options and convertible note was anti-dilutive.

10. Retirement benefit costs

The Group did not operate any retirement scheme up to 30th November 2000. With effect from 1st December 2000, a mandatory provident fund ("MPF") scheme is set up which is available to eligible employees of the Group, including executive directors. Contributions to the MPF scheme by the Group and employees are calculated at rates specified in the rules of the MPF scheme. The assets of the MPF scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.



Notes to the Accounts

10. Retirement benefit costs (continued)

The MPF scheme cost charged to the consolidated profit and loss account represents contributions payable by the Group to the fund. Contributions totalling HK\$2,919,000 (2002: HK\$1,818,000) which are payable to the fund are included in accounts payable as at 31st December 2003.

The Group also contributes to employee retirement schemes established by municipal governments in respect of certain subsidiaries in the People's Republic of China. The municipal governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the Group. Contributions to these schemes are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account as incurred.

11. Directors' and senior management's emoluments

(a) Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments payable to directors of the Company during the year are as follows:

	2003 HK\$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Fees	240	240
Basic salaries, housing allowances and other allowances Benefits in kind (note) Discretionary bonuses Contributions to MPF scheme for directors	18,361 1,076 8,726 48	17,236 - 69 48
	28,451	17,593

Note: On 30th September 2003, Mr CHEUNG Kam Shing, a director of the Company, in aggregate, exercised options for 825,000 shares at an exercise price of HK\$0.496 per share. The difference between the aggregate value of the Company's shares issued upon the exercise of these options at the exercise price of HK\$0.496 per share and the market price of the Company's shares on 30th September 2003 of HK\$1.8 per share amounted to HK\$1,076,000 has been included in the benefits in kind.

Directors' fees disclosed above are payable to independent non-executive directors.

Certain directors and senior management have been granted options to acquire ordinary shares of the Company under the Company's share option scheme. Details of which are set out in note 21(c).





Notes to the Accounts

11. Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

The emoluments of the directors fell within the following bands:

Emoluments bands	Number o	of directors
HK\$	2003	2002
$\begin{array}{rcrrr} 0 & - & 1,000,000 \\ 1,000,001 & - & 1,500,000 \\ 1,500,001 & - & 2,000,000 \\ 2,000,001 & - & 2,500,000 \\ 5,000,001 & - & 5,500,000 \\ 11,500,001 & - & 12,000,000 \\ 18,500,001 & - & 19,000,000 \end{array}$	4 - 1 1 1 - - 1	4 1 1 1 - 1 - 8

No directors waived their emoluments in respect of the years ended 31st December 2003 and 2002.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include four (2002: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining one (2002: one) individual during the year are as follows:

	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Basic salaries, housing allowances and other allowances Benefits in kind (note) Discretionary bonus Contributions to MPF scheme	875 4,305 3,300 9	1,110 - - 12
	8,489	1,122

Note: An employee of the Group in aggregate exercised options for 6,500,000 shares at an exercise price of HK\$0.53 per share. The difference between the aggregate value of the Company's shares issued upon the exercise of these options at the exercise price and the market price of the Company's shares amounted to HK\$4,305,000 has been included in the benefits in kind.



Notes to the Accounts

11. Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals (continued)

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

Emoluments bands	Number of individuals	
HK\$	2003 200)2
1,000,001 – 1,500,000 8,000,001 – 8,500,000	1	1

12. Intangible assets

		Group	
	Goodwill HK\$'000	Negative goodwill HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Year ended 31st December 2003			
Opening net book amount Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 25(c)) Impairment charge (note 3)	1,003 (1,003)	- - -	1,003 (1,003)
Closing book amount			
At 31st December 2003 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	5,702 (5,702)	(3,213)	2,489 (2,489)
Net book amount	_	_	
At 31st December 2002 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses Net book amount	4,699 (4,699) —————	(3,213) 3,213	1,486 (1,486)



Notes to the Accounts

13. Fixed assets

	Group							
	Investment properties in Hong Kong HK\$'000	Investment properties outside Hong Kong HK\$'000	Other properties in Hong Kong HK\$'000	Leasehold improve- ments HK\$'000	Furniture and fixtures HK\$'000	Office equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Tota <i>HK</i> \$'000
Cost or valuation:								
At 1st January 2003	14,140	8,300	117,183	56,545	15,925	93,806	2,487	308,38
Additions	_	_	_	6,188	1,581	4,005	_	11,77
Acquisition of a subsidiary	-	-	_	_	147	_	-	14
Transfer from other properties	1,690	-	(1,703)	-	-	-	-	(1
Disposals	(2,100)	-	(16,998)	(4,653)	(936)	(6,716)	(31)	(31,43
Revaluation surplus/(deficits)	770	(100)						67
At 31st December 2003	14,500	8,200	98,482#	58,080	16,717	91,095	2,456	289,53
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:								
At 1st January 2003	-	-	-	52,897	13,702	81,850	2,287	150,73
Charge for the year	-	-	3,421	3,721	737	5,657	103	13,63
Reclassification	-	-	(13)	-	-	-	-	(1
Disposals			(69)	(4,467)	(897)	(6,076)	(5)	(11,51
At 31st December 2003			3,339	52,151	13,542	81,431	2,385	152,84
Net book value:								
At 31st December 2003	14,500	8,200	95,143	5,929	3,175	9,664	71	136,68
At 31st December 2002	14,140	8,300	117,183	3,648	2,223	11,956	200	157,65

^{*} The carrying cost of other properties in Hong Kong at 31st December 2003 of HK\$98,482,000 (2002: HK\$117,183,000) includes an amount of HK\$8,394,000 (2002: HK\$11,898,000) transferred from investment properties.



Notes to the Accounts

13. Fixed assets (continued)

The analysis of the cost or valuation at 31st December 2003 and 2002 of the above assets is as follows:

	Group							
	Investment properties in Hong Kong HK\$'000	Investment properties outside Hong Kong HK\$'000	Other properties in Hong Kong HK\$'000	Leasehold Improve- ments HK\$'000	Furniture and fixtures HK\$'000	Office equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
At 31st December 2003:								
At cost	_	_	_	58,080	16,717	91,095	2,456	168,348
At 2002 professional valuation	-	-	98,482	· –	_	-	_	98,482
At 2003 professional valuation	14,500	8,200						22,700
	14,500	8,200	98,482	58,080	16,717	91,095	2,456	289,530
At 31st December 2002:								
At cost	-	-	_	56,545	15,925	93,806	2,487	168,763
At 2002 professional valuation	14,140	8,300	117,183					139,623
	14,140	8,300	117,183	56,545	15,925	93,806	2,487	308,386

The Group's interests in investment properties and other properties at their net book values are analysed as follows:

	G	roup
	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 HK\$'000
In Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	62,138	74,510
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	47,505	56,813
Outside Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	8,200	8,300
	117,843	139,623





Notes to the Accounts

13. Fixed assets (continued)

Investment properties were revalued at 31st December 2003 on the basis of their open market value carried out by Mr Ronald Y.F. CHEUNG, a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors employed by the Group. The surplus arising on revaluation of investment properties at 31st December 2003 amounted to HK\$670,000 was credited to the consolidated profit and loss account. The deficit of arising on revaluation of investment properties at 31st December 2002 amounted to HK\$3,160,000 was charged to the consolidated profit and loss account.

Other properties were revalued at 31st December 2002 on the basis of their open market value carried out by Mr Ronald Y.F. CHEUNG, the deficit arising on revaluation of other properties as at 31st December 2002 amounted to HK\$100,100,000 was first offset against the other properties revaluation reserve of HK\$220,000 and the remaining balance of HK\$99,880,000 was charged to the consolidated profit and loss account. The directors reviewed the carrying value of the Group's other properties as at 31st December 2003 and are of the opinion that the fair value of other properties is not materially different from the carrying amount.

Other properties in Hong Kong are held by the Group for its own use.

The carrying amount of the other properties would have been HK\$178,894,000 (2002: HK\$216,665,000) had they been stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At 31st December 2003, the net book value of investment properties and other properties pledged as security for the Group's long-term bank loans amounted to HK\$109,643,000 (2002: HK\$131,323,000) (note 23).

14. Investments in subsidiaries

	Con	Company	
	2003 HK\$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000	
Unlisted shares, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries Amounts due to subsidiaries	108,501 860,985 (465,129)	108,501 855,818 (491,785)	
	504,357	472,534	

The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Details of principal subsidiaries are set out in note 31 to the accounts.



Notes to the Accounts

15. Investments in jointly controlled entities

	Gı	roup
	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Share of net assets Amount due from a jointly controlled entity	6,372 1,197	8,089 154
	7,569	8,243

The amount due from a jointly controlled entity is unsecured, interest free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

Details of the jointly controlled entities are set out in note 31 to the accounts.

16. Investments in securities

	Group and Company		
	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000	
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong:			
At cost	2,184		
At market value	3,755		

Subsequent to 31st December 2003, the Group further acquired, in aggregate, 66,258,000 shares of Chun Wo Holdings Limited ("Chun Wo"), a company incorporated in Bermuda and listed in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") for a total consideration of HK\$72,180,500. Taking into account 7,664,000 shares of Chun Wo held by the Group at 31st December 2003, the Group held in aggregate 73,922,000 shares of Chun Wo, representing approximately 10.20% of issued capital of Chun Wo.





Notes to the Accounts

17. Accounts receivable

The accounts receivable represents principally agency fee receivable from customers whereby no general credit facilities is available. The customers are obliged to settle the amounts due upon the completion of the relevant agreements. At 31st December 2003, the ageing analysis of the Group's accounts receivable is as follows:

	Gi	roup
	2003 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Not yet due Within 30 days 31 – 60 days 61 – 90 days Over 90 days	284,100 66,569 41,943 13,115 18,510	142,360 30,919 11,203 10,506 6,479
	424,237	201,467

18. Other receivables, prepayments and deposits

Included in other receivables, prepayments and deposits of the Group is a loan due from an officer as follows:

Name	Terms of the loan	Maximum amount outstanding during the year HK\$'000	Amount outstanding at 31st December 2003 HK\$'000	Amount outstanding at 31st December 2002 HK\$'000
KWOK Ying Lung	Unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand	194	194	194

No provision has been made against the loan due from an officer together with any interest due as disclosed in the above.

Notes to the Accounts

19. Trading investments

	G	roup	Company		
	2003 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 HK\$'000	
Corporate bonds – listed outside Hong Kong	-	31,487	-	-	
Equity securities – listed in Hong Kong	11	13	11	13	
At market value of listed trading investments	11	31,500	11	13	

20. Accounts payable

The accounts payable represents principally the commissions payable to property consultants and cooperative estate agents, and are due for payment only upon the receipt of corresponding agency fees from customers. As at 31st December 2003, the accounts payable included HK\$41,133,000 (2002: HK\$18,734,000) commissions payable which were due for payment within 30 days. All the remaining accounts payable were not yet due.





Notes to the Accounts

21. Share capital

(a) Share capital

	Compa	any
	Ordinary sl HK\$0.10 No. of shares	
Authorised:		
At 31st December 2003 and 2002	1,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:		
At 31st December 2001	595,689,000	59,569
Exercise of warrants	20,064,000	2,006
Cancellation of purchased shares	(6,306,000)	(630)
At 31st December 2002	609,447,000	60,945
At 31st December 2002	609,447,000	60,945
Exercise of warrants	81,224,000	8,122
Exercise of share options	13,825,000	1,383
Cancellation of purchased shares	(1,406,000)	(141)
At 31st December 2003	703,090,000	70,309

Notes to the Accounts

21. Share capital (continued)

(b) Purchase of shares

During the year, the Company purchased a total of 620,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company through the Stock Exchange. Details of the purchases are as follows:

Month of purchase	Number of shares		se price share Lowest paid <i>HK</i> \$	Aggregate consideration paid including expenses HK\$'000
January 2003	620,000	0.55	0.54	339

During the year, 1,406,000 shares were cancelled subsequent to purchase of shares by the Company comprising (i) 786,000 shares purchased by the Company at an aggregate consideration paid including expenses of HK\$416,000 in December 2002; and (ii) the above 620,000 shares purchased in January 2003. The issued capital of the Company was diminished by the nominal value of those shares. The premium payable on purchase was charged against the share premium account. An amount equivalent to the nominal value of the shares cancelled was transferred from retained profits to capital redemption reserve (*note* 22).

(c) Share options

The Company has a share option scheme which was adopted on 12th May 1995 ("1995 Share Option Scheme"). The 1995 Share Option Scheme was terminated on 30th April 2002 without prejudice to the rights and benefits of and attached to those options granted thereunder which were outstanding as at 30th April 2002.





Notes to the Accounts

21. Share capital (continued)

(c) Share options (continued)

At the special general meeting of the Company held on 30th April 2002, an ordinary resolution was duly passed under which a new Share Option Scheme ("2002 Share Option Scheme") was adopted and approved by the shareholders of the Company. Under the terms of the 2002 Share Option Scheme, the board of directors may, at their discretion, grant to any eligible persons including directors, employees, customers, consultants, advisors or agents to and of any member of the Group or any invested entity, share options to subscribe for Company's share at the subscription price not less than the highest of (i) closing price of the shares as stated in daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the offer date; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company. Upon acceptance of the offer, the grantee shall pay HK\$1 to the Company as consideration for the grant.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the 2002 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group (including the 1995 Share Option Scheme) shall not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2002 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes shall not exceed 59,618,900 shares, representing 8.46% of the shares in issue as at the date of this report.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the 2002 Share Option Scheme at any time during a period, in relation to relevant option, to be notified by the directors to the grantee, such period not earlier than the commencement date and not more than 10 years from the commencement date.

The 2002 Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on the adoption date.

Movements in the number of share options outstanding during the year are as follows:

	Number of	options
	2003	2002
At the beginning of the year	6,468,000	9,884,000
Granted (note (i))	13,000,000	_
Exercised (note (ii))	(13,825,000)	_
Lapsed (note (iii))	(4,343,000)	(3,416,000)
At the end of the year (note (iv))	1,300,000	6,468,000



Notes to the Accounts

21. Share capital (continued)

(c) Share options (continued)

Notes.

(i) In 2003, share options were granted on 9th June 2003 under the 2002 Share Option Scheme at the exercise price of HK\$0.53 per share. Consideration of HK\$1 was received from each grantee in respect of the share options granted. All of the respective share options were exercised as at 31st December 2003 (note (ii)).

No share options were granted under 1995 Share Option Scheme and the 2002 Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31st December 2002.

The share options granted are not recognised in the accounts until they are exercised. Rule 17.08 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange states that the listed issuer is encouraged to disclose in its annual report and interim report the value of share options granted to participants as referred to in (i) to (v) of Rule 17.07 during the financial year/period. The directors consider that it is not appropriate to value the share options on the ground that certain crucial factors for such valuation are variables which cannot be reasonably determined at this stage. Any valuation of the share options based on speculative assumptions in respect of such variables would not be meaningful and the results thereof may be misleading to the shareholders.

(ii) In 2003, options exercised on the following dates resulted in 13,825,000 shares being issued yielding the following proceeds:

	2003 HK\$000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$000
Ordinary share capital – at par Share premium	1,383 5,917	
Proceeds	7,300	

	Number of shares issued	Market price of shares HK\$	Fair value of shares HK\$'000
Fair value of share issued at exercise price of HK\$0.53 at the fol	lowing exercise date of:		
5th August 2003 11th August 2003 21st August 2003 22nd August 2003 25th August 2003 1st September 2003 3rd September 2003 15th September 2003 16th September 2003 24th September 2003 25th September 2003	1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	0.78 0.79 0.98 1.05 1.02 1.00 1.03 1.12 1.27 1.38 1.76 1.82	780 790 980 1,050 1,020 1,000 1,030 1,120 2,540 2,760 880 910
	_13,000,000		14,860
Fair value of shares issued at exercise price of HK\$0.496 at the f	following exercise date of:		
30th September 2003	825,000	1.80	1,485
	13,825,000		16,345





Notes to the Accounts

21. Share capital (continued)

(c) Share options (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (iii) During the year, 4,343,000 (2002: 3,416,000) share options were lapsed in accordance with the terms of the 1995 Share Option Scheme.
- (iv) Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following terms:

	Exercise price	2003	2002	2003	2002
Expiry Date	HK\$	Number	of options	Vested percentage	
Directors					
15th May 2003	0.5312	_	1,300,000	_	100%
19th October 2004	0.496	_	412,500	_	100%
14th May 2005	0.5088	500,000*	500,000	100%	100%
19th October 2005	0.496	_	412,500	_	100%
14th May 2006	0.5088	500,000*	500,000	100%	-
		1,000,000	3,125,000		
Continuous contract employees					
1st March 2003	1.30	-	1,443,000	_	100%
21st June 2003	0.86	_	1,600,000	_	100%
17th February 2004	0.71	150,000**	150,000	100%	100%
17th February 2005	0.71	150,000**	150,000	100%	100%
		300,000	3,343,000		
Total for directors and continuous contract	employees	1,300,000	6,468,000		

^{*} Share options were exercised on 26th January 2004.

No share options were cancelled during the year (2002: Nil).

^{**} Share options were exercised on 21st January 2004.



Notes to the Accounts

21. Share capital (continued)

(d) Warrants

In January 2003, 81,224,000 warrants were exercised, resulting in the issue of 81,224,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each by the Company at the subscription price of HK\$0.50 per share. The subscription right attaching to the outstanding 2,820,000 warrants has been expired and lapsed on 13th January 2003.

On 8th April 2003, the directors proposed to make a bonus issue of warrants to shareholders of the Company whose names are recorded on the register of members of the Company as at the close of business on 21st May 2003 (other than shareholders whose address are outside Hong Kong). The resolution of the proposed bonus warrant issue was not approved by the shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting held on 21st May 2003. As the proposed bonus issue of warrants was conditional upon the passing of an ordinary resolution by the shareholders of the Company, the proposed bonus issue of warrants did not proceed.



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Notes to the Accounts

22. Reserves

				Gr	oup			
-	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption HK\$'000	Arising on consolidation HK\$'000	Warrants HK\$'000	Other properties revaluation HK\$'000	Exchange difference HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st January 2002 as								
previously reported	66,908	1,307	(36,995)	21,824	220	(583)	406,569	459,250
Change in accounting policy							4,327	4,327
At 1st January 2002, as restated	66,908	1,307	(36,995)	21,824	220	(583)	410,896	463,577
Exchange differences	_	_	_	_	_	129	_	129
Loss for the year	_	-	_	_	_	-	(73,725)	(73,725
Reserves transferred to consolidate profit and loss account upon	d							
revaluation of other properties	_	_	_	_	(220)	_	_	(220
2001 final dividend paid	_	_	_	_	_	_	(10,722)	(10,722
2002 interim dividend paid (note 8)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,998)	(2,998
Adjustment to prior years' final								
dividends (note 8)	_	-	_	_	_	-	14	14
Purchase of own shares	(2,851)	-	_	_	_	-	_	(2,851
Transfer from retained earnings	_	630	_	-	_	-	(630)	_
Exercise of warrants	12,232			(4,206)				8,026
At 31st December 2002	76,289	1,937	(36,995)	17,618		(454)	322,835	381,230
Representing:								
Reserves	76,289	1,937	(36,995)	17,618	_	(454)	284,926	343,321
2002 final dividend proposed			·					
(note 8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,446	3,446
Special cash bonus proposed								
(note 8)							34,463	34,463
At 31st December 2002	76,289	1,937	(36,995)	17,618		(454)	322,835	381,230
Company and subsidiaries	76,289	1,937	(36,995)	17,618		298	317,806	376,953
Jointly controlled entities		-	-	-	_	(752)	5,029	4,277
At 31st December 2002	76,289	1,937	(36,995)	17,618		(454)	322,835	381,230
At 51st December 2002	70,289	1,937	(30,993)	17,618		(454)	322,833	381,23



Notes to the Accounts

22. Reserves (continued)

				Group			
_	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption HK\$'000	Arising on consolidation HK\$'000	Warrants HK\$'000	Exchange difference HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Tota <i>HK</i> \$'00
At 1st January 2003 as							
previously reported	76,289	1,937	(36,995)	17,618	(454)	313,404	371,79
Change in accounting policy	_	_	_	_	_	9,431	9,43
At 1st January 2003, as restated	76,289	1,937	(36,995)	17,618	(454)	322,835	381,23
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	111	_	11
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	122,749	122,74
2002 final dividend paid (note 8)	_	_	_	_	_	(3,446)	(3,44
2002 special cash bonus paid						(, ,	
(note 8)	_	_	_	_	_	(34,463)	(34,46
2003 interim dividend paid						, , ,	
(note 8)	_	_	_	_	_	(10,547)	(10,54
Purchase of own shares	(614)	_	_	_	_	_	(6
Transfer from retained earnings	_	141	_	_	_	(141)	•
Exercise of share options	5,917	-	_	_	_	_	5,9
Exercise of warrants	49,516	-	_	(17,027)	_	_	32,4
Release of warrants reserve upon							
expiry of warrants				(591)			(59
At 31st December 2003	131,108	2,078	(36,995)		(343)	396,987	492,83
Representing:							
Reserves	131,108	2,078	(36,995)	_	(343)	361,767	457,6
2003 final dividend proposed	,	,	, ,		,	,	,
(note 8)	_	-	_	_	_	35,220	35,2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
At 31st December 2003	131,108	2,078	(36,995)	_	(343)	396,987	492,8
•	,				()	,	
Company and subsidiaries	131,108	2,078	(36,995)	_	409	393,675	490,2
Jointly controlled entities	-	2,576	(50,555)	_	(752)	3,312	2,5
-							
At 31st December 2003	131,108	2,078	(36,995)	_	(343)	396,987	492,8
1 5 13t December 2003	131,100	2,070	(30,773)		(373)	370,701	172,0





Notes to the Accounts

22. Reserves (continued)

	Company						
	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption HK\$'000	Warrants HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000	
At 1st January 2002	66,908	1,307	21,824	108,001	18,934	216,974	
Profit for the year	_	, <u> </u>	_	,	256,961	256,961	
2001 final dividend paid	_	_	_	_	(10,722)	(10,722)	
2002 interim dividend paid (note 8)	_	_	-	_	(2,998)	(2,998)	
Adjustment to prior years' final							
dividends (note 8)	_	_	_	-	14	14	
Purchase of own shares	(2,851)	_	-	-	_	(2,851)	
Transfer from retained earnings	-	630	-	-	(630)	_	
Exercise of warrants	12,232		(4,206)			8,026	
At 31st December 2002	76,289	1,937	17,618	108,001	261,559	465,404	
Representing:							
Reserves	76,289	1,937	17,618	108,001	223,650	427,495	
2002 final dividend proposed (note 8)	_	, <u> </u>	_	,	3,446	3,446	
Special cash bonus proposed (note 8)	_	-	-	-	34,463	34,463	
At 31st December 2002	76,289	1,937	17,618	108,001	261,559	465,404	



Notes to the Accounts

22. Reserves (continued)

	Company						
	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption HK\$'000	Warrants HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	
At 1st January 2003	76,289	1,937	17,618	108,001	261,559	465,404	
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	1,390	1,390	
2002 final dividend paid (note 8)	_	_	_	_	(3,446)	(3,446)	
2002 special cash bonus paid (note 8)	_	_	_	_	(34,463)	(34,463)	
2003 interim dividend paid (note 8)	_	_	_	_	(10,547)	(10,547)	
Purchase of own shares	(614)	_	_	_	_	(614)	
Transfer from retained earnings	_	141	_	_	(141)	_	
Exercise of share options	5,917	_	_	_	_	5,917	
Exercise of warrants	49,516	_	(17,027)	_	_	32,489	
Release of warrants reserve upon							
expiry of warrants			(591)			(591)	
At 31st December 2003	131,108	2,078		108,001	214,352	455,539	
Representing:							
Reserves	131,108	2,078	_	108,001	179,132	420,319	
2003 final dividend proposed					35,220	35,220	
At 31st December 2003	131,108	2,078		108,001	214,352	455,539	

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange for the issued ordinary shares of Astra Profits Limited and the value of net assets of underlying subsidiaries acquired as at 12th May 1995. The contributed surplus as stated in the Company's balance sheet is distributable to the shareholders. In the Group accounts, the contributed surplus is reclassified into its components of reserves of the underlying subsidiaries.



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Notes to the Accounts

23. Long-term bank loans – secured

	Gı	oup
	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Secured bank loans – wholly repayable within five years	32,440	60,526
Current portion of long-term bank loans	(11,796)	(16,067)
	20,644	44,459

At 31st December 2003, the Group's bank loans and overdrafts were repayable as follows:

		Group			
	Bank	Bank overdrafts Ba		nk loans	
	2003	2002	2003	2002	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Within one year	14,629	29,369	11,796	16,067	
In the second year	· –	, _	11,797	16,155	
In the third to fifth year			8,847	28,304	
	14,629	29,369	32,440	60,526	



Notes to the Accounts

24. Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation are calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a principal taxation rate of 17.5% (2002: 16%).

The movement on the deferred taxation account is as follows:

	Deferred tax (asset 2003 200 HK\$'000 HK\$'00	
At 1st January Deferred taxation credited to profit and loss account (note 6)	(8,450) (714)	(4,200) (4,250)
At 31st December	(9,164)	(8,450)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry forwards to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognised tax losses of HK\$33,279,000 (2002: HK\$30,318,000) to carry forward against future taxable income; these tax losses have no expiry date.

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year is as follows:

Deferred tax assets

	n		•	rment of				
	2003	visions 2002	2003	2002	2003	losses 2002	2003	otal 2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1st January Charged/(credited) to profit and	(572)	(568)	(5,596)	(1,097)	(2,365)	(2,740)	(8,533)	(4,405)
loss account	(1,985)	(4)	(954)	(4,499)	1,674	375	(1,265)	(4,128)
At 31st December	(2,557)	(572)	(6,550)	(5,596)	(691)	(2,365)	(9,798)	(8,533)





Notes to the Accounts

24. **Deferred taxation** (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities

		erated tax reciation
	2003 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000
At 1st January Charged/(credited) to profit and loss account	83 551	205 (122)
At 31st December	634	83

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated balance sheet:

	2003 HK\$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	(9,798) 634	(8,533)
	(9,164)	(8,450)
The amounts shown in the balance sheet include the following: Deferred tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months Deferred tax liabilities to be settled after more than 12 months	(9,102) 218	(6,543)



Notes to the Accounts

25. Consolidated cash flow statement

(a) Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to cash generated from operations

	2003 HK\$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Operating profit/(loss)	150,811	(68,220)
Depreciation	13,639	16,571
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	314	7,741
(Surplus)/deficits on revaluation of investment properties and other properties	(670)	103,040
Reserve transferred to consolidated profit and loss account upon		
expiry of warrants	(591)	_
Impairment of goodwill	1,003	4,699
Amortisation of negative goodwill	_	(3,213)
Interest income	(2,424)	(4,623)
Net realised and unrealised (gains)/losses on trading investments	(1,515)	1,005
Operating profit before working capital changes (Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable, other receivables,	160,567	57,000
prepayment and deposits	(199,141)	11,844
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable, other payables and accrued charges	205,329	(24,101)
Cash generated from operations	166,755	44,743





Notes to the Accounts

25. Consolidated cash flow statement (continued)

(b) Analysis of change in financing during the year

	Dividend payable HK\$'000	Share capital, share premium, share options and warrants HK\$'000	Bank loans HK\$'000	Convertible note HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000
At 1st January 2002	_	148,301	125,815	70,000	18,248
Minority interests' share of profits	_	_	_	_	927
Acquisition of additional interest					
in subsidiaries	-	_	_	-	(12,770)
Cash (outflows)/inflows	(13,706)	6,551	(65,289)	(70,000)	_
Dividends	13,706				
At 31st December 2002	_	154,852	60,526		6,405
At 1st January 2003	_	154,852	60,526	_	6,405
Minority interests' share of profits	_	_	_	_	1,950
Cash (outflows)/inflows	(48,456)	47,156	(28,086)	_	_
Release of warrant reserve after					
the expiry of warrants	-	(591)	_	_	-
Dividends	48,456				
At 31st December 2003	_	201,417	32,440		8,355



Notes to the Accounts

25. Consolidated cash flow statement (continued)

(c) Acquisition of a subsidiary

	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Net assets acquired		
Fixed assets	147	894
Accounts and other receivables	665	6,554
Bank balances and cash	175	2,729
Accounts and other payables	(1,704)	(13,716)
	(717)	(3,539)
Goodwill	1,003	4,699
	286	1,160
Satisfied by:		
Cash	286	1,160

The subsidiary acquired during the year contributed HK\$45,000 in respect of the Group's net operating cash flows. The subsidiary acquired in 2002 utilised HK\$170,000 in respect of the Group's net operating cash flows and HK\$533,000 for investing activities.

(d) Analysis of the net cash (outflow)/inflow in respect of the acquisition of a subsidiary

	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Bank balances and cash in hand acquired Cash consideration	175 (286)	2,729 (1,160)
	(111)	1,569





Notes to the Accounts

26. Future lease rental payments receivable

At 31st December 2003, the Group had future minimum lease rental payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Gı	roup
	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years	2,028 1,079	1,066
	3,107	1,813

27. Commitments under operating leases

At 31st December 2003, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of office and shop premises as follows:

	Gı	roup
	2003 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2002 HK\$'000
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years	67,952 36,864	62,395 28,710
	104,816	91,105

At 31st December 2003, the Company did not have any significant commitments (2002: Nil).

28. Pending litigations

The Group has been involved in certain litigations in respect of property broking services. After seeking legal advice, the directors are of the opinion that adequate provision has been made in the accounts to cover any potential liabilities arising from the litigations.



Notes to the Accounts

29. Contingent liabilities

During the years ended 31st December 2003 and 2002, the Company executed corporate guarantee as part of the securities for general banking facilities granted to certain wholly-owned subsidiaries. In addition, the Company guaranteed the payment of operating lease rentals in respect of certain premises for its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

30. Approval of accounts

The accounts were approved by the board of directors on 30th March 2004.

31. List of principal subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities at 31st December 2003:

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital	Interest held %
Subsidiaries				
- directly held by the Company				
Astra Profits Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	4 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100
- indirectly held by the Company				
Atomic Resources Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 Ordinary share of US\$1	100
Best Chance Realty Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment in Hong Kong	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Cyber Leader Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of referral services in Hong Kong	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100



Notes to the Accounts

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital	Interest held %
Subsidiaries (continued)				
- indirectly held by the Company	(continued)			
Grand World Advertising Company Limited	Hong Kong	Marketing and advertising management in Hong Kong	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Great Solution Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 Ordinary share of US\$1	100
Harvest Time Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 Ordinary share of US\$1	100
Hong Kong Property Services (Agency) Limited (formerly known as Hong Kong Property Services (Investment) Limited)	Hong Kong	Property agent in Hong Kong	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Hong Kong Property Services (IC&I) Limited (note c)	Hong Kong	Property agent in Hong Kong	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Merit Marketing Specialist Limited	Hong Kong	Marketing services in Hong Kong	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Midland Auctioneers Limited (formerly known as Midland Realty (LKW) Limited)	Hong Kong	Property Auctioneers in Hong Kong	500,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100



Notes to the Accounts

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital	Interest held
Subsidiaries (continued)				λί
– indirectly held by the Company	(continued)			
Midland (China) Property Development Limited	Hong Kong	Property agent and investment holding in Hong Kong	5,000,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Midland CyberNet Limited	Hong Kong	An operator of an internet website in Hong Kong	39,100,000 Ordinar shares of HK\$1 each	y 100
Midland CyberNet (Strategic) Limited	Cayman Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	100,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	100
Midland HKP Services (Administration) Limited (formerly known as Hong Kong Property Services (Agency) Limited)	Hong Kong	Administration and management in Hong Kong	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Midland Professional Consulting Services Limited (formerly known as Midland Realty (North Point) Limited)	Hong Kong	Immigration consultancy in Hong Kong	500,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Midland Property (China) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding in Hong Kong	500,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Midland Property Consultants Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding in Hong Kong	100 Ordinary shares of HK\$1,000 each	





Notes to the Accounts

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital	Interest held %
Subsidiaries (continued)				
- indirectly held by the Company	(continued)			
Midland Realty (Aberdeen) Limited	Hong Kong	Property agent in Hong Kong	500,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	80
Midland Realty (China) Limited (note b)	The People's Republic of China (as a wholly foreign- owned enterprise)	Property agent in the People's Republic of China	US\$1,000,000	100
Midland Realty (China) Limited (formerly known as Midland Realty Property Management Limited)	Hong Kong	Property agent in Hong Kong	500,000 Ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100
Midland Realty Consultancy (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. (note b)	The People's Republic of China (as a wholly foreign- owned enterprise)	Property agent in the People's Republic of China	US\$1,000,000	100
Midland Realty (Comm. & Ind.) Limited (formerly known as Midland Realty (Ind.) Limited)	Hong Kong	Property agent in Hong Kong	500,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Midland Realty International Limited	Hong Kong	Property agent in Hong Kong	1,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$10 each	100
Midland Realty (Kln Res.) Limited	Hong Kong	Property agent in Hong Kong	800,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	90



Notes to the Accounts

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital	Interest held %
Subsidiaries (continued)				
- indirectly held by the Compan	y (continued)			
Midland Realty (Strategic) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding in Hong Kong	10,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 2,000,000 Non-voting Deferred shares of HK\$1 each	100
Midland Surveyors Limited	Hong Kong	Property valuer in Hong Kong	1,000,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Perfect Tower Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment in the People's Republic of China	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Power Concord Limited	Hong Kong	Credit and collection management in Hong Kong	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Real Gain Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment in Hong Kong	10,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100
Worldboss Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment in Hong Kong	2 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100





Notes to the Accounts

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital	Interest held %
Subsidiaries (continued)				
- indirectly held by the Company	(continued)			
美聯物業代理 (深圳) 有限公司(note b)	The People's Republic of China (as a wholly foreign- owned enterprise)	Property agent in the People's Republic of China	US\$1,000,000	100
Beijing Midland Property Agency Company Limited (notes a and b)	The People's Republic of China (as a wholly foreign- owned enterprise)	Property agent in the People's Republic of China	US\$150,000	100
Midland Realty (Su Zhou Industrial zone) Consultancy Limited (notes b and c)	The People's Republic of China (as a wholly foreign- owned enterprise)	Property agent in the People's Republic of China	US\$13,000	100
重慶美聯營銷策劃 有限公司(notes b and c)	The People's Republic of China (as a wholly foreign- owned enterprise)	Property agent in the People's Republic of China	US\$40,000	100



Notes to the Accounts

Name		Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and place of operation	Percentage of interest in ownership/voting power/ profit sharing		
Jointly	y controlled entities					
– indir	ectly held by the Company					
	nd (Guangzhou) Real Estate sultants Ltd. (note b)	The People's Republic of China (as a cooperative joint venture)	Property agent in the People's Republic of China	70%/50%/70%		
mRefe	rral Corporation Limited <i>e b)</i>	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	33.33%/33.33%/33.33%		
Notes:						
(a)	The Group acquired the entire equity interest in this subsidiary on 1st October 2003.					
(b)	These subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities are not audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.					
(c)	These subsidiaries were set up during the year.					