I. GENERAL

The company is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 38.

IMPACT OF A REVISED HONG KONG STATEMENT OF STANDARD ACCOUNTING PRACTICE ("SSAP")

The revised SSAP 12 "Income taxes" is effective for the first time for the current year's financial statements and have had a significant impact thereon.

SSAP I2 (revised) prescribes the basis of accounting for income taxes payable or recoverable, arising from the taxable profit or loss for the current period (current tax); and income taxes payable or recoverable in future periods, principally arising from taxable and deductible temporary differences and the carryforward of unused tax losses (deferred tax).

The principal impact of the revision of this SSAP on these financial statements is described below:

Measurement and recognition:

- (a) deferred tax assets and liabilities relating to the differences between capital allowances for tax purposes and depreciation for financial reporting purposes and other taxable and deductible temporary differences are generally fully provided for, whereas previously the deferred tax was recognised for timing differences only to the extent that was probable that the deferred tax asset or liability would crystallise in the foreseeable future;
- (b) a deferred tax liability has been recognised on the revaluation of the group's land and buildings; and
- (c) a deferred tax asset has been recognised for tax losses arising in the current/prior periods to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient future taxable profits against which such losses can be utilised.

Disclosures:

- (a) deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented separately on the balance sheet, whereas previously they were presented on a net basis; and
- (b) the related note disclosures are now more extensive than previously. These disclosures are presented in notes 12 and 27 to the financial statements and include a reconciliation between the accounting profit and the tax expense for the year.

Further details of these changes and the prior year adjustments arising from them are included in the accounting policy for deferred tax in note 3 and in note 27 to the financial statements.

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified for the revaluation of investment properties, leasehold land and buildings, and investments in securities.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong SSAPs, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st March each year.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

All significant inter-company transactions and balances within the group have been eliminated on consolidation.

(b) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of a subsidiary at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiary is capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over 10 years and is presented separately in the balance sheet.

On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of unamortised goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

(c) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Service income arising from repairs, maintenance, installation and connection are recognised when the relevant services are rendered.

Rental income, including rentals invoiced in advance from properties let under operating leases, is recognised on a straight line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES — continued

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and amortisation and any identified impairment loss.

Land and buildings are stated in the balance sheet at their revalued amount, being the fair value on the basis of their existing use at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and amortisation and any subsequent impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the balance sheet date.

Any revaluation increase arising on revaluation of land and buildings is credited to the leasehold property revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation deficit of the same asset previously recognised as an expenses, in which case the surplus is credited to income statement to the extent of the deficit previously charged. A decrease in net carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings is charged as an expense to the extent that it exceeds the surplus, if any, held in the leasehold property revaluation reserve relating to previous revaluation of that particular property. On the subsequent sale of land and buildings, the attributable revaluation surplus not yet transferred to retained profits in prior years is transferred to retained profits.

The gain or loss arising from disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income statement.

Depreciation and amortisation are provided to write off the cost or valuation of items of assets over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land	Over the term of the lease
----------------	----------------------------

Buildings Over the shorter of the term of the lease

or 40 years

Office equipment 10% – 20%

Leasehold improvements 20%

Furniture and fixtures 10% – 20%

Computer equipment 331/3 %

Motor vehicles 20%

Moulds 20%

Plant and machinery 20%

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES — continued

(e)Investment properties

Investment properties are completed properties which are held for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length.

Investment properties are stated at their open market value based on independent professional valuations at the balance sheet date. Any revaluation surplus or deficit arising on revaluation of investment properties is credited or charged to the investment property revaluation reserve unless the balance of the reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, in which case the excess of the deficit over the balance of the investment property revaluation reserve is charged to the income statement. Where a deficit has previously been charged to the income statement and a revaluation surplus subsequent arises, this surplus is credited to the income statement to the extent of the deficit previously charged.

On subsequent disposal of an investment property, any revaluation surplus attributable to that property is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties which are held on leases with unexpired terms, including the renewable period, of more than twenty years.

(f) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is a company whose financial and operating policies the company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

(g) Investments in securities

Investments in securities are recognised on a trade-date basis and are initially measured at cost.

Investments other than held-to-maturity debt securities are classified as investment securities and other investments.

Investment securities, which are securities held for an identified long term strategic purpose, are measured at subsequent reporting dates at cost, as reduced by any impairment loss that is other than temporary.

Other investments are measured at fair value, with unrealised gains and losses included in net profit or loss for the year.

(h)Inventories

Inventories, representing merchandise held for resale, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES — continued

(i) Assets under finance leases

Assets held under finance leases are capitalised at their fair value at the date of acquisition. The corresponding liability to the lessor, net of interest charges, is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Finance costs, which represent the difference between the total leasing commitments and the fair value of the assets acquired, are charged to income statement as expense over the period of the relevant lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balances of the obligations for each accounting period.

(j) Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another SSAP, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation deficit under that SSAP.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, such that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another SSAP, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation surplus.

(k) Income tax expense

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the income statement or in equity if it relates to items that are recognised in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences:

- (a) except where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- (b) in respect of taxable temporary difference associated with interests in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES — continued

(k)Income tax expense - continued

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised:

- (a) except where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an assets or liability and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- (b) in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Conversely, previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

(I) Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

(m)Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are translated at the rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are re-translated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising on exchange are dealt with in the income statement.

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of the group's overseas subsidiaries are translated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. All exchange differences arising on consolidation are dealt with in the translation reserve. Such translation differences are recognised as income or as expenses in the period in which the operation is disposed of.

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES — continued

(n) Retirement benefits scheme

Payment to the Mandatory Provident Fund scheme and other state-managed retirement benefits schemes are charged as expenses as they fall due.

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the group's cash management.

4. TURNOVER

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Tumover:		
Sale of goods	924,827	789,072
Repair service	12,217	14,877
Maintenance service	9,111	9,891
Installation service	3,533	3,403
Connection service	1,171	1,817
Rental income	3,278	2,345
	954,137	821,405

5. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS

Business segments

For management purposes, the group is currently organised into five operating divisions – sales of mobile phones, sales of business solutions, connection services, property investment, and provisions of installation, repair and maintenance services. These divisions are the basis on which the group reports its primary segment information.

Segment information about these business is presented below:

For the year ended 31st March 2004:

	Sales of	Sales of			Installation, repair and		
	mobile phones HK\$'000	business solutions HK\$'000	Connection services HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000		Eliminations HK\$'000	
REVENUE							
External sales Inter-segment sales	879,878 62,539	44,949 2,703	1,171 	3,278 1,960	24,861	(67,202)	954,137
Total revenue	942,417	47,652	1,171	5,238	24,861	(67,202)	954,137
RESULT							
Segment result	2,263	(3,565)	365	2,177	2,520		3,760
Interest income from bank deposits							299
Unallocated other revenue							848
Loss on disposal of investment							
properties Amortization of goodwill	-	-	-	(2,053)) –	-	(2,053)
arising on acquisition of subsidiaries	-	(429)	_	-	-	-	(429)
Profit from operations Finance costs							2,425 (864)
Profit before taxation Tax expense							1,561 (1,340)
Profit before minority interests							221
Minority interests							302
Net profit attributable to shareholders							523

5. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS — continued

Business segments — continued

At 31st March 2004:

Balance sheet

	Sales of mobile phones HK\$'000	Sales of business solutions HK\$'000	Connection services HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000	Installation, repair and maintenance services HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
ASSETS						
Segment assets Unallocated corporate assets	77,941	61,545	372	77,578	9,354	226,790 49,702
Consolidated total assets						276,492
LIABILITIES						
Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	32,851	7,786	-	236	1,693	42,566 38,428
Consolidated total liabilities						80,994
OTHER INFORMATION						
Capital expenditure Depreciation and amortisation Loss on disposal of investment properties Amortization of goodwill arising on acquisition	1,334 1,096 –	2,864 1,545 –	- - -	- 102 2,053	107 1,145 –	4,305 3,888 2,053
of subsidiaries	-	429	-	-	-	429

5. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS — continued

Business segments — continued

For the year ended 31st March 2003:

	Sales of mobile phones HK\$'000	Sales of business solutions HK\$'000	Connection services HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000		Eliminations HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000 (Restated)
REVENUE							
External sales Inter-segment sales	758,477 64,453	30,595 4,310	1,817 	2,345 1,980	28,171	(70,743	821,405
Total revenue	822,930	34,905	1,817	4,325	28,171	(70,743	821,405
RESULT							
Segment result	6,731	778	189	1,608	6,160		15,466
Interest income from bank deposits Unallocated other revenue Impairment loss on investments in securities	-	(2,000)	-	-	-		265 489 (2,000)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of goodwill	_	(471)	_	_	_	_	(471)
Profit from operations Finance costs		()					13,749 (267)
Profit before taxation Tax expense							13,482 (2,708)
Profit before minority interests Minority interests							10,774
Net profit attributable to sh	hareholders						10,867

5. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS — continued

Business segments - continued

At 31st March 2003:

Balance sheet

	Sales of mobile phones HK\$'000	Sales of business solutions HK\$'000	Connection services HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000		Consolidated
ASSETS						
Segment assets Unallocated corporate assets	84,733	45,642	2,479	85,993	19,411	238,258 38,722
Consolidated total assets						276,980
LIABILITIES						
Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	37,569	6,280	-	206	254	44,309 39,319
Consolidated total liabilities						83,628
OTHER INFORMATION						
Capital expenditure Depreciation and amortisation Impairment loss recognised	2,886 1,859 —	1,288 848 2,471	- - -	50,636 128 -	14 27 -	54,824 2,862 2,471

Geographical segments

During the years ended 31st March, 2003 and 2004, more than 90% of the group's turnover, profit from operations, assets and liabilities were derived from and located in Hong Kong and, therefore, no geographical segments are presented in the financial statements.

6. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest income from bank deposits	299	265
Sundry income	848	489
	1,147	754

7. IMPAIRMENT LOSS RECOGNISED IN RESPECT OF INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

The directors of the company have reviewed the carrying amounts of the assets of the group as at 31st March 2004 and have determined that no impairment loss to be provided against the investments in securities. (2003: impairment loss of HK\$2,000,000 had been made as the investee continued to make loss).

8. PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit from operations has been arrived at after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	398	593
	370	373
Depreciation and amortisation	20/2	2.02/
– owned assets	3,862	2,836
– assets under finance leases	26	26
	3,888	2,862
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	963	_
Rental payments in respect of properties under		
operating leases	11,959	10,004
Staff costs inclusive of directors' emoluments	44,103	44,233
Retirement benefits scheme contribution	2,182	2,410
Total staff costs	46,285	46,643
Total stall Costs	=====	10,013
and after crediting:		
Gross rental income from properties under operating		
leases after outgoings of HK\$143,000		
	3,135	2.297
(2003: HK\$48,000)	3,135	,
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		<u>=====</u>

9. FINANCE COSTS

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest on:		
 Bank borrowings wholly repayable within 		
five years	23	40
 Bank borrowings with instalments repayable 		
after five years	834	220
- Interest on obligations under finance leases	7	7
	864	267

10.DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Directors' fees to independent non-executive directors	40	60
Other emoluments to executive directors: Salaries and other benefits Bonus Retirement benefit schemes contributions	4,668 1,167 55	3,870 1,314 62
	5,890	5,246
Total directors' emoluments	5,930	5,306

10. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS — continued

The remunerations of the directors were within the following bands:

	2004	2003
	Number of	Number of
	directors	directors
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	8	9
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	-	I
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	1	_
	10	

There was no compensation for loss of office paid to directors.

II.EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Nil to HK\$1,000,000

The five highest paid individuals of the group included four directors (2003: four directors), details of whose emoluments are included in the amounts disclosed in note 10 above. The emoluments of the remaining highest paid employee, other than directors of the company, are as follows:

2004	2003
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
496	130
144	441
12	12
652	583
2004	1
	2003
Number of	Number of
employees	employees
	HK\$'000 496 144 12 652 2004 Number of

12.TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2003: 16%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. The increased Hong Kong profits tax rate became effective from the year of assessment 2003/04, and so is applicable to the assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the whole of the year ended 31st March 2004. Taxes on profits assessable in elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in those places in which the group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current – Hong Kong		
Charge for the year	1,442	2,950
Overprovision in respect of prior years	(354)	(346)
Current – Elsewhere		
Charge for the year	139	-
Underprovision in respect of prior years	32	_
Deferred tax (note 27)	81	104
Total tax expense for the year	1,340	2,708

12. TAX EXPENSE — continued

The charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated income statement as follows:

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit before taxation	1,561	13,482
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 17.5% (2003: 16%)	273	2,157
Overprovision of profits tax for the year	28	381
Overprovision of profits tax in prior years	(321)	(346)
Effect on opening deferred tax resulting from an increase in tax rate	62	-
Tax effect of income not taxable	(45)	(42)
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in		
determining taxable income	672	537
Effect on unrecognised tax losses	1,400	396
Tax losses utilised from previous year	(312)	(1)
Effect of different tax rates in other jurisdiction	(146)	(82)
Others	(271)	(292)
Tax expense for the year	1,340	2,708

In addition to the amount charged to the consolidated income statement, deferred tax relating to the revaluation of the company's leasehold land and buildings has been charged directly to equity.

13. NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLETO SHAREHOLDERS

The net consolidated profit attributable to shareholders includes a profit of HK\$9,601,000 (2003: HK\$9,252,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the company.

14. DIVIDEND

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Final dividend for the year 2003 of HK\$0.01 per ordinary share (2003: final dividend for the year 2002 of HK\$0.02 per ordinary share)	4,348	8,660

The final dividend of HK\$0.01 per ordinary share for the year ended 31st March 2004 has been proposed by the directors and is subject to the approval by the shareholders in general meeting.

15.EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

	THE C	THE GROUP	
	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		(Restated)	
Net profit attributable to shareholders	523	10,867	
	Number	Number	
	of shares	of shares	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic earnings per share	442,757,574	434,020,171	
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:			
Options	2,118,002	346,091	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for			
the purposes of diluted earnings per share	444,875,576	434,366,262	

16. GOODWILL

THE GROUP

	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Cost		
At 1st April	471	_
Arising on capital injection in a subsidiary Arising on acquisition of subsidiaries during the year	4,288	471
At 31st March	4,759	471
Amortisation and impairment		
At 1st April	471	_
Impairment losses recognised during the year Charge for the year	429	471
At 31st March	900	471
Carrying amount		
At 31st March	3,859	

85,338

For the year ended 31st March 2004

17.INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

At 31st March

	THE GROUP		
	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
VALUATION			
At 1st April	85,338	32,760	
Additions	_	50,601	
Disposal	(8,900)	_	
Transfer from/(to) property, plant and equipment	(1,259)	5,818	
Surplus/(deficit) arising on revaluation	<u>767</u>	(3,841)	

The group's investment properties comprise:

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Property in Hong Kong		
– Long lease	75,186	75,858
– Medium-term lease	760	9,480
	75,946	85,338

All of the investment properties of the group were revalued at 31st March 2004 by LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited, an independent firm of professional property valuer, on an open market value existing use basis. The resulting surplus arising on revaluation, which amounted to HK\$767,000 (2003: deficit of HK\$3,841,000), has been credited to the investment property revaluation reserve.

All the investment properties of the group are rented out under operating leases.

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold land and buildings HK\$'000	Office equipment, leasehold improvements, and furniture and fixtures	Computer equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Moulds HK\$'000	Plant and machinery HK\$*000	Total HK\$'000
THE GROUP							
Cost or valuation							
At 1st April 2003 Acquisition of subsidiaries Currency realignment Additions Disposals Transfer from investment	43,262 - 89 -	19,673 189 101 1,207 (1,451)	4,639 72 54 407	1,889 113 25 371	- 800 - 1,333 -	- - - 987 -	69,463 1,174 269 4,305 (1,451)
properties Surplus on revaluation	1,259 1,774	- -	- -	_ _	-	- -	1,259 1,774
At 31st March 2004	46,384	19,719	5,172	2,398	2,133	987	76,793
Comprising: At cost At valuation	- 46,384 	19,719	5,172 - - 5,172	2,398 - 2,398	2,133 –	987 	30,409 46,384 76,793
Accumulated depreciation and amortisation	10,301		5,772	2,370	2,133		70,775
At 1st April 2003 Currency realignment Acquisition of subsidiaries Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals Eliminated on revaluation At 31st March 2004	_ 20 - 718 - (738)	14,539 76 43 1,665 (485) 15,838	3,172 55 26 841 - - 4,094	1,282 25 2 215 - - 1,524	252 - - 252	- - 197 - - 197	18,993 176 71 3,888 (485) (738) 21,905
Net book value At 31st March 2004	46,384	3,881	1,078	874	1,881	790	54,888
At 31st March 2003	43,262	5,134	1,467	607			50,470

All of the leasehold land and buildings of the group were revaluated at 31st March 2004 by LCH (Asia Pacific) Surveyors Limited, an independent firm of professional property valuer, on an open market value existing use basis. The resulting surplus arising on revaluation, which amounted to HK\$2,512,000 (2003: HK\$307,000) has been credited to the leasehold property revaluation reserve.

At 31st March 2004, had all the leasehold land and buildings been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortisation, the carrying value of these properties would have been stated at HK\$14,381,000 (2003: HK\$16,725,000).

18.PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT — continued

The group's leasehold land and buildings comprise:

	2004	2003
	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Properties held under long leases		
– in Hong Kong	42,904	39,842
- overseas	3,480	3,420
	46,384	43,262
The net book value of office equipment, and		
furniture and fixtures held under finance		
leases	198	216

19.INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

THE COMPANY

	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries	163,654 35,370	163,654
	199,024	186,693

The amounts due from subsidiaries are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no fixed terms for repayment.

Particulars of the subsidiaries at 31st March 2004 are set out in note 38.

20. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

2004 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 H	2003 (\$'000
HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 H	<u>(\$'000</u>
THE GROUP	
Shares listed in Hong Kong,	
at cost 2,753 2,753 Unlisted investment, at cost - 4,000	4,000
ING China WTO guaranteed	1,000
fund, at cost 3,887 3,887	_
Impairment loss recognised	
on unlisted shares (2,000)	(2,000)
6,640 2,000 - - 6,640 Unlisted debt securities - - 3,862 7,741 3,862	2,000 7,741
Offisted debt securities	7,7 1
Total	9,741
Carrying amount analysed	
for reporting purposes as	
Non-current 6,640 2,000 - - 6,640	2,000
Current 3,862 7,741 3,862	7,741
2000 2000 7741 10 500	0.741
<u>6,640</u> <u>2,000</u> <u>3,862</u> <u>7,741</u> <u>10,502</u>	9,741
Market value of listed shares	
THE COMPANY	
Unlisted debt securities	
Current	7,741

The debt securities represent the certificates of deposit issued by a bank.

The group has pledged its investment in guaranteed fund to secure general banking facilities granted to the group.

At 31st March 2003, the unlisted shares represented the group's 5% equity interest in HKC Technology Limited. During the year, the group's equity interest in this investee was increased to 100%. Accordingly, this investee is a wholly owned subsidiary of the group.

21.INVENTORIES

	THE GROUP		
	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Inventories	51,689	65,645	

The cost of inventories recognised in the consolidated income statement during the year amounted to HK\$872,038,000 (2003: HK\$728,653,000).

The amount of inventories carried at net realisable value is HK\$4,379,000 (2003: HK\$4,951,000).

22.DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

The group has a policy of allowing average credit period ranging from 2 weeks to one month to its trade customers. In addition, for certain customers with long-established relationship and good past repayment histories, a longer credit period may be granted.

The aged analysis of trade debtors of HK\$30,786,000 (2003: HK\$29,444,000) which are included in the group's debtors, deposits and prepayments is as follows:

	THE GROUP	
	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	18,276	17,527
31 – 60 days	2,769	2,808
61 – 90 days	2,457	2,866
91 – 120 day	597	140
Over 120 days	6,687	6,103
	30,786	29,444

23. AMOUNTS DUE FROM RELATED COMPANIES

THE GROUP:

Particulars of the amounts due from related companies are as follows:

Maximum amount outstanding

			•
Name of related entity	2004	2003	during the year
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HKC Technology Limited	-	6,051	6,051
BIA Technology Limited	809	_	809
Hong Kong Communications Computer			
Company Limited	-	140	140
Hong Kong Communications Holdings			
Limited	1,016	_	1,016
	1,825	6,191	
		=======================================	

The directors' interests in the above-named companies are set out in note 37.

The amounts due from related companies were unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

During the year, the amount of HK\$6,000,000 due from HKC Technology Limited "HKCT" was capitalised as investment cost of the group in HKCT. During the year, HKCT became the wholly owned subsidiary of the group.

24. CREDITORS AND ACCRUED CHARGES

The aged analysis of trade creditors of HK\$37,563,000 (2003: HK\$37,081,000) which are included in the group's creditors and accrued charges is as follows:

THE	GR	\mathbf{O}	IP

		_
	2004	2003
<u> </u>	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	34,996	37,057
31 – 60 days	365	24
61 – 90 days	2,202	_
	37,563	37,081

25.OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

THE GROUP

			Presen	t value of
	Minimum le	ase payments	minimum le	ase payments
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amounts payable under finance leases				
Within one year	54	51	47	44
More than one year but not				
exceeding two years	4	55	4	49
	58	106	51	93
Less: Future finance charges	(7)	(13)		
Present value of finance leases	51	93		
Less: Amount due for				
settlement within one				
year shown under				
current liabilities			(47)	(44)
Amount due for settlement after or	ne year		4	49

26. BANK BORROWINGS

THE GROUP

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Bank borrowings comprise:		
Bank overdraft (unsecured)	56	-
Bank loans (secured)	30,349	33,406
	30,405	33,406

The maturity of the bank borrowings is as follows:

THE GROUP

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Due within one year	3,187	3,098
Due more than one year, but not exceeding two years	3,147	3,404
Due more than two years, but not exceeding five years	9,441	9,769
Due more than five years	14,630	17,135
	30,405	33,406
Less: Amount due within one year shown under		
current liabilities	3,187	3,098
Amount due after one year	27,218	30,308
·		

27.DEFERRED TAX

The followings are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

Deferred tax liabilities:

THE	GR	OL	JP
-----	----	----	----

	Revaluation		
Accelerated	of leasehold		
tax depreciation	properties	Tax losses	Total
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
_	_	_	_
9) 554	4,843		5,397
554	4 843	_	5,397
	1,015		3,377
		(2.42)	
364	_	(260)	104
	(253)		(253)
918	4,590	(260)	5,248
ated			
254	_	(115)	139
	867		867
1,172	5,457	(375)	6,254
	tax depreciation HK\$'000 9) 554 554 ne 364 918 lated 254	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000 HK\$'000	Accelerated of leasehold tax depreciation properties HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 -

27. DEFERRED TAX — continued

Deferred tax assets:

	THE GROUP Deductible
	temporary
	differences
	HK\$'000
At 1st April 2002, 31st March 2003 and 1st April 2003	_
Credited to consolidated income statement	58
At 31st March 2004	58

At the balance sheet date, the group has unused tax losses of HK\$14,203,000 (2003: HK\$3,216,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$2,147,000 (2003: HK\$1,625,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$12,056,000 (2003: HK\$1,591,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

At the balance sheet date, the company has unused tax losses of HK\$1,784,000 (2003: HK\$1,124,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

The tax losses can be carried forward to offset against the taxable profits of subsequent years for up to 20 years from the year in which they were incurred or there is no restriction on their expiry, depending on the tax jurisdiction concerned.

28.SHARE CAPITAL

	Number	of shares	Amount	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each				
Authorised:				
At beginning of the year				
and at end of the year	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	20,000	20,000
Issued and fully paid:				
At beginning of the year	434,825,306	433,000,000	4,348	4,330
Issued pursuant to scrip				
dividend scheme for				
2002 final dividend	-	1,825,306	-	18
2003 final dividend	14,812,297	_	148	-
At end of the year	449,637,603	434,825,306	4,496	4,348

29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted by a written resolution passed on 23rd October 2001 for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to selected participants for their contribution to the group. Under the Scheme, the directors may, at their discretion, invite any person belonging to any of the following classes of participants, to take up options to subscribe for shares of the company.

- (i) any eligible employee of the company, any of its subsidiaries or any entity ("Invested Entity");
- (ii) any non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- (iii) any supplier of goods or services to any member of the group or any Invested Entity;
- (iv) any customer of the group or any Invested Entity;
- (v) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the group or any Invested Entity;
- (vi)any shareholder of any member of the group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the group or any Invested Entity; and
- (vii)any other group or classes of participants from time to time determined by the director as having contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the group.

and for the purposes of the Scheme, the options may be granted to any company wholly-owned by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of participants. For the avoidance of doubt, the grant of any options by the company for the subscription of shares of the company or other securities of the group to any person who fall within any of the above classes of participants shall not, by itself, unless the directors otherwise determined, be construed as a grant of option under the Scheme.

The eligibility of any of the above class of participants to the grant of any options shall be determined by the directors from time to time.

29.SHARE OPTION SCHEME — continued

An option may be accepted by a participant upon payment of HK\$1 per option and within such time as may be specified in the offer for grant of the option, which shall not be later than 21 days of the date of the offer. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the directors at the time of such grant to each grantee, which period may commence on the date of acceptance of the offer for the grant of option but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the option subject to the provisions of early termination thereof. The subscription price for shares under the Scheme shall be a price determined by the directors, but shall not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of shares as stated in daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of the offer for grant; (ii) the average closing price of shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the group must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the relevant class of securities of the company (or any of its subsidiaries) in issue from time to time. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme and any other share option of the group shall not exceed 10% of the shares of the company in issue as at the date of which dealing in the shares of the company on the Stock Exchange in time, without prior approval from the company's shareholders. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any participant in any 12 month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the company's shareholders. Options granted to directors, chief executives or substantial shareholders of the company or any of their respective associates (as defined under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") must be approved by independent non-executive directors of the company (excluding any independent non-executive director who is the grantee of the options). Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent nonexecutive directors or any of their respective associates in the 12 month period up to and including the date of such grant in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the company in issue and with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the company's shareholders.

At 31st March 2004, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted under the scheme was 13,300,000 (2003: 23,600,000), representing 3% (2003: 5%) of shares of the company in issue at that date.

No charge is recognised in the consolidated income statement in respect of the value of option granted in the year.

29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME — continued

The directors are of the view that the value of the theoretical value of the share options granted during the year depends on a number of variables which are either difficult to ascertain or can only be ascertained on a number of theoretical basis and speculative assumptions. Accordingly, the directors believed that any calculation of the value of options will not be meaningful and may be misleading to shareholders in the circumstances.

Movements in the options to subscribe for shares for the year ended 31st March 2004 are as follows:

Exercise

		Exercise				
	Exercisable	price per	Outstanding at	Lapsed	Granted	Outstanding a
	period	share	Ist April 2003	during the year	during the year	31st March 200
		HK\$				
Directors:						
Chan Chung Yee,	21.2.2003 –	0.17	4,300,000	-	-	4,300,00
Hubert	20.2.2005					
Chan Chung Yin,	21.2.2003 –	0.17	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,00
Roy	20.2.2005					
Chan Man Min	21.2.2003 –	0.17	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,00
	20.2.2005					
Chan Ming Him,	21.2.2003 -	0.17	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Denny	20.2.2005					
Kwok Cheuk Tim,	21.2.2003 -	0.17	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,00
Rockie	20.2.2005					
Tsui Hon Wing	21.2.2003 -	0.17	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
	20.2.2005					
Wu Kwok Lam	21.2.2003 –	0.17	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,00
	20.2.2005					
Yeh Yui Fong	21.2.2003 -	0.17	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
	20.2.2005					
			13,300,000	-	-	13,300,00
Employees	23.5.2002 -	0.38	3,800,000	(3,800,000)	-	
	23.11.2003					
Customers	23.5.2002 -	0.38	6,500,000	(6,500,000)	-	
	30.6.2003					
			23,600,000	(10,300,000)		13,300,00

29.SHARE OPTION SCHEME — continued

Movements in the options to subscribe for shares for the year ended 31st March 2003 are as follows:

	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share HK\$	Outstanding at Ist April 2002	Lapsed during the year	Granted during the year	Outstanding at 31st March 2003
Directors:						
Chan Chung Yee, Hubert	23.5.2002 – 22.11.2002	0.38	4,300,000	(4,300,000)	-	-
	21.2.2003 – 20.2.2005	0.17	-	-	4,300,000	4,300,000
Chan Chung Yin, Roy	23.5.2002 – 22.11.2002	0.38	1,800,000	(1,800,000)	-	-
	21.2.2003 – 20.2.2005	0.17	_	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
Chan Man Min	23.5.2002 – 22.11.2002	0.38	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-
	21.2.2003 – 20.2.2005	0.17	_	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Chan Ming Him, Denny	23.5.2002 – 22.11.2002	0.38	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	_
	21.2.2003 – 20.2.2005	0.17	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Kwok CheukTim, Rockie	23.5.2002 – 22.11.2002	0.38	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-
	21.2.2003 – 20.2.2005	0.17	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
Tsui Hon Wing	23.5.2002 – 22.11.2002	0.38	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	_
	21.2.2003 – 20.2.2005	0.17	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Wu Kwok Lam	23.5.2002 – 22.11.2002	0.38	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	_
	21.2.2003 – 20.2.2005	0.17	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Yeh Yui Fong	23.5.2002 – 22.11.2002	0.38	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-
	21.2.2003 – 20.2.2005	0.17			1,000,000	1,000,000
			12,100,000	(12,100,000)	13,300,000	13,300,000
Employees	23.5.2002 – 23.11.2003	0.38	3,800,000	-	-	3,800,000
Customers	23.5.2002 – 30.6.2003	0.38	6,500,000			6,500,000
			22,400,000	(12,100,000)	13,300,000	23,600,000

30. RESERVES

THE GROUP

The amounts of the group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 21 of the financial statements.

THE COMPANY

			Retained profits/	
	Share	Special	(accumulated	
	premium	reserve	losses)	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1st April 2002	26,900	163,453	(184)	190,169
Shares issued pursuant to scrip				
dividend scheme	339	_	_	339
Net profit for the year	_	-	9,252	9,252
Dividend paid			(8,660)	(8,660)
At 31st March 2003	27,239	163,453	408	191,100
Shares issued pursuant to scrip				
dividend scheme	2,296	_	_	2,296
Net profit for the year	_	-	9,601	9,601
Dividend paid			(4,348)	(4,348)
At 31st March 2004	29,535	163,453	5,661	198,649

30.RESERVES — continued

The special reserve of the company represents the difference between the aggregate net assets of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group Reorganisation over the nominal value of the company's shares issued for the acquisition prior to the listing of the company's shares in 2001.

The company's reserves available for distribution represent the share premium, special reserve and retained profits. Under the Companies Laws of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the company is available for paying distributions or dividends to shareholders subject to the provisions of Memorandum and Articles of Association and provided that immediately following the distribution or dividend the company is able to pay its debt as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The company's reserves available for distributions to shareholders as at 31st March 2004 amounted to HK\$198,649,000 (2003: HK\$191,100,000).

31.CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	THE C	GROUP	THE COMPANY	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements: - acquisition of property,				
plant and equipment	170	435	-	_
investment in a subsidiary				1,623
	170	435		1,623

32. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The group as lessee:

At the balance sheet date, the group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

THE GROUP		
2004	2003	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
1,258	7,833	
753	672	
2,011	8,505	
	2004 HK\$'000 1,258 753	

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the group for certain of its office premises. Leases are negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years.

The group as lessor:

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$3,278,000 (2003: HK\$2,345,000). The properties held have committed tenants in the range from one to three years.

At the balance sheet date, the group had contracted with tenants for the following minimum lease receivable under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	736	1,962
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	619	126
	1,355	2,088

33.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(a) Acquisition of subsidiaries:

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net liabilities acquired:		
Fixed assets	1,104	_
Inventories	2,183	-
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	976	_
Amounts due from related companies	1,150	_
Cash and cash equivalents	611	_
Creditors and accrued charges	(7,892)	_
Bank borrowings	(88)	_
Taxation payable	(32)	_
	(1,988)	_
Goodwill on acquisition	4,288	_
'		
	2,300	_
	=====	
Satisfied by:		
Cash consideration	300	_
Reclassification from investments in		
securities	2,000	
	2,300	
Analysis of net inflow of cash and cash equivalents		
in respect of the acquisition of subsidiaries is as follows:		
Cash consideration	(300)	_
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	611	_
Bank borrowings acquired	(88)	_
Dank Dorrowings acquired		
	223	

b) Non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31st March 2003, the group entered into finance lease arrangements in respect of assets with a total capital value at the inception of the contract of HK\$190,000. However, no such finance lease arrangement was made by the group during the year ended 31st March 2004.

34. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

	THE	GROUP	THE COMPANY	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Banking facilities to				
subsidiaries in respect				
of which guarantees				
were given	_	_	96,740	86,470
Credit facilities from third				
parties in respect of which				
guarantees were given	40,000	31,000	-	_
Corporate guarantee to an				
independent landlord in				
respect of shop premises				
leased to a subsidiary	_	_	600	_
	40,000	31,000	97,340	86,470

35.PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At 31st March 2004, certain leasehold land and buildings and investment properties with aggregate carrying values of HK\$4,170,000 (2003: HK\$4,220,000) and HK\$55,000,000 (2003: HK\$54,400,000) respectively were pledged to banks to secure general banking facilities granted to the group. In addition, the group's bank deposits of HK\$280,000 (2003: HK\$Nil) were pledged to banks to secure the performance bonds.

36.RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

- (a) The subsidiary in Singapore participates in the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the government of Singapore, whereby the group is required to contribute to the scheme to fund the retirement benefits of the eligible employees. Contributions made to the scheme are calculated based on 16% of the applicable payroll costs. The only obligation of the group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.
- (b) The subsidiary in Thailand participates in the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the government of Thailand, whereby the group is required to contribute to the scheme to fund the retirement benefits of the eligible employees. Contributions made to the scheme are calculated based on 5% of the applicable payroll costs. The only obligation of the group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.
- (c) Employees which are employed by subsidiaries in the PRC are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute 36.5% of payroll costs to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.
- (d) The group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme "MPF scheme" for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The group is required to contribute 5% to 10%, while the employees are required to contribute 5% of their salaries to the MPF scheme.

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the group had the following transactions, which were conducted in the ordinary course of the group's business, with its related companies:

Name	Notes	Nature of transactions	2004	2003
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HKC Intown Limited	(i)	Sales of goods to	-	П
	(i)	Internet access fee payable	80	79
Hong Kong Communications	(i)	Computer software maintenance fee		
Computer Company Limited		and purchase of computer hardwares	502	1,038
	(ii)	Rental income receivable	221	250
	(iii)	Repairs and maintenance fees payable	10	215
BIA Technology Limited	(i)	Purchase of goods from	1,695	-
(Formerly known as Hong	(i)	Sales of goods to	32	-
Kong Communications	(ii)	Rental income receivable	36	-
Industrial Company	(iv)	Purchase of plant and machinery	987	-
Limited)				
Webradio Limited	(ii)	Rental income	-	72
	(i)	Commission income		

Messrs. Chan Chung Yee, Hubert, Chan Chung Yin, Roy and Chan Man Min, directors of the company, have beneficial interests in all the above-named companies.

Messrs. Tsui Hon Wing and Yeh Yui Fong, directors of the company, have beneficial interests in BIA Technology Limited.

Details of balances with related companies are set out in note 23 to the financial statements.

Notes:

- (i) The transactions are based on cost plus a percentage of profit mark-up.
- (ii) Rental income was charged based on the area used, which management considered to be an appropriate basis of allocation.
- (iii) Repairs and maintenance fees are based on actual cost incurred.
- (iv) The consideration is determined on the basis of the net book value of the relevant fixed assets.

38.SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries at 31st March 2004 are as follows:

	Place of	Principal	Issued and	Percentage of	
	incorporation/	place of	fully paid	issued/registered	
Name	registration	operation	share capital	capital held	Principal activities
HKC Group Limited	The British	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	100%	Investment holding
	Virgin Islands		US\$100,000		
HKC Properties	The British	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	100%	Investment holding
Limited	Virgin Islands	0 0	US\$30		Č
	Ü				
Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	100%	Sales and distribution
Communications			HK\$10,560		of mobile phones
Equipment Company					and business
Limited					solutions
Circle Mobile	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	100%	Sales of mobile phones
Communications			HK\$1,000,000		and other electronic
Limited					products
Generalvestor (H.K.)	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	100%	Property investment
Limited			HK\$10,000,000		
HKC International	Thailand	Thailand	Ordinary shares	100%	Sales and distribution of
	IIIalialiu	Hallallu	THB3,000,000	100/0	
(Thailand) Limited			וחסי,טטט,טסט		mobile phones
Singapore	The Republic	Singapore	Ordinary shares	100%	Sales and distribution
Communications	of Singapore		\$\$160,000		of business
Equipment Ca (Pte) Ltd.					solutions

38. SUBSIDIARIES — continued

	Place of	Principal	Issued and	Percentage of	
	incorporation/	place of	fully paid	issued/registered	
Name	registration	operation	share capital	capital held	Principal activities
上海希華通訊科技有	PRC	PRC	Contributed	100%	Sales of business
限公司 (Note I)			capital		solutions
HKC Technology			US\$300,000		
(Shanghai) Limited					
(formerly, BIA					
Technology (Shanghai)					
Company Limited)					
HKC Technology	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	100%	Research and
Limited (Note 2)			HK\$6,000,100		development
Circle Communication	United	United States of	Contributed	100%	Sales and distribution
Products, Inc.	States of America	America	capital of		of telecommunication
			US\$ 15,000		products
Superior Charm Limited	The British	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	100%	Investment holding
	Virgin Islands		US\$ 1,200		
亞衛通智能系統	PRC	PRC	Registered capital	80%	Development
(上海) 有限公司 (Note 3)			US\$610,000		and sales of
(ASCT Technology Ca Ltd.)					telecommunication
					system and other
					high-tech products

The company directly holds the interest in HKC Group Limited. All other interests shown above are indirectly held by the company.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities subsisting at 31st March 2004 or at any time during the year.

Note 1: The subsidiary is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise.

Note 2: At 31st March 2003, the group had owned 5% equity interest in HKC Technology Limited During the year, the group acquired additional 95% equity interest in HKC Technology Limited for HK\$300,000, satisfied in cash. As a result, the group's profit for the year and the net assets as at 31st March 2004 have both been decreased by HK\$1,424,676.

Note 3: The subsidiary is a sino-foreign owned enterprise.

39.COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AND PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS

Due to the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) in the current year, prior period adjustments were made to recognise the deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The effects of the adjustments to these financial statements are summarised as follows:

Increase/	(decrease)
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	As at 1.4.2003	As at 1.4.2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Consolidated balance sheet		
Deferred tax liabilities	5,248	5,397
Leasehold property revaluation reserve	(4,590)	(4,843)
Retained profits	(658)	(554)

Increase/(decrease)

	For the year ended 31.3.2004	For the year ended 31.3.2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Consolidated income statement Deferred tax	81	104
Net profit attributable to shareholders	(81)	(104)

As further explained in note 2 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) during the current year, the presentation of certain items and balances in the financial statements has been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.