

SinoCom Software Group Limited 中 訊 軟 件 集 團 股 份 有 限 公 司 (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)



Interim Report 2004

Contents

	Page(s)
Chairman's Statement	1-2
Condensed Consolidated Income Statement	3
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet	4
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes In Equity	5
Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	6
Notes to the Condensed Financial Statements	7-11
Management Discussion and Analysis	12-17

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of the Company, I am delighted to present the first interim report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") since the listing of the Company's shares on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 30 April, 2004. Turnover and net profit for the six months ended 30 June, 2004 (the "Period") were approximately HK\$81 million and HK\$25.4 million, surged 63% and 80% respectively over that of same period last year. Basic earnings per share for the Period were HK\$0.11, representing an increase of 57.1% compared with the same period of last year.

The directors ("Directors") do not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the Period (June, 2003: Nil).

During the Period, the Group continued to implement the strategy of strengthening its relationship with existing customers and broadening its customer base. This strategy has led the Group to success in the past and contributed to the substantial growth in sales. Net profit soared 80% compared with the same period of last year. The macroeconomic control in the PRC, which focused on reforming fiscal structure and the better use of capital, implemented during the Period had no significant impact on our business which has the strong ability to generate foreign income. Instead, outsourcing software development has been identified as a strategic industry by the Central Government of the PRC and measures are expected to be launched to promote the development of the industry and to create a favorable business environment for the industry.

We gained the trust from our customers by maintaining close business partner relationship with them persistently. This helps our Group's outsourcing business to be more focus on the long-term development projects with our stable customers. On the other hand, we have been actively broadening our clientele base in various geographical locations. To this end, we have added two well-known IT firms in the U.S. to our customer list.

On the front of technical support services, the Group recorded a growth rate of 14.6% over the same period in 2003. In order to extend the scope of our services, we planned to establish six additional service centres in the PRC in the first stage, which are expected to be in operation in the second half of the year.

In order to sustain a stable yet rapid growth for our business, our Group will also resort to strategic acquisitions. As such, we are in discussion with a Shanghai based outsourcing software development firm for an acquisition possibility. If realized, it will become our stepping board for developing our business in Shanghai. The Group is also considering to acquire a company in Beijing which has solid experience in provision of outsourcing software service to the U.S. companies in Mainland China. Negotiations are still at a preliminary stage and no legally binding agreements have been entered into. If such acquisitions shall materialize, the Group intends to finance the acquisition from its internal resources.

Human capital is the most important asset and a critical success factor for outsourcing software development business. We value every staff and provide them with professional training as well as opportunities for promotion. We also set up incentive bonus to reward outstanding project teams. Therefore, our senior and middle management staff has been extremely stable and our staff turnover rate has been maintained at a comparatively low level. This stable workforce provides the greatest support to the Group in achieving good performance.

Looking ahead, we expect the PRC government policy will contribute to the vivid growth of the industry. Being a forerunner in the outsourcing software development service industry, we are poised to be benefited. As we will continue to focus on our area of core competence, recruit more IT professionals, exert effective costs control, and strengthen our promotional activities abroad, we are optimistic with the outlook for the second half of the financial year.

I would like to take this opportunity to extend my gratitude to all investors for their support to the listing on the Stock Exchange. To this end, the Board will continue to contribute our best efforts to perform and to reward our shareholders with good return.

Wang Zhiqiang Chairman and CEO

Hong Kong, 16 August, 2004

	Notes	Six months er 2004 <i>HK\$</i> (Unaudited)	nded 30 June 2003 HK\$ (Unaudited)
Turnover	3	81,074,138	49,785,173
Cost of sales		(39,406,342)	(26,028,201)
Gross profit		41,667,796	23,756,972
Other operating income		174,829	302,854
Selling expenses		-	(22,375)
Administrative expenses		(12,987,584)	(7,831,757)
Profit before taxation	5	28,855,041	16,205,694
Taxation	6	(3,425,980)	(2,049,597)
Profit before minority interests		25,429,061	14,156,097
Minority interests		(72,771)	(63,600)
Net profit for the period		25,356,290	14,092,497
Dividend	7	9,970,539	_
Earnings per share – Basic	8	0.11	0.07

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 30 June, 2004

	Notes	30/06/2004 <i>HK\$</i> (Unaudited)	31/12/2003 <i>HK\$</i> (Audited)
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment		7,830,079	7,222,661
Current assets			
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	9	19,455,057	24,331,739
Amounts due from related companies	10	5,405,055	8,578,550
Bank balances and cash		218,168,114	92,517,281
		243,028,226	125,427,570
Current liabilities			
Creditors, deposits received and accruals	11	14,540,268	13,054,165
Amounts due to related companies	12	50,187	6,670
Income tax payable		1,507,802	92,342
Other tax payable		2,622,130	3,661,646
		18,720,387	16,814,823
Net current assets		224,307,839	108,612,747
Total assets less current liabilities		232,137,918	115,835,408
Minority interests		(532,260)	(465,044)
		231,605,658	115,370,364
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	13	26,589,078	19,941,078
Reserves	14	205,016,580	95,429,286
		231,605,658	115,370,364

					General	Enterprise				
	Share	Share	Capital	Other	reserve	expansion	Shareholder's	Translation	Retained	
	Capital	premium	reserve	reserve	fund	fund	contribution	reserve	profits	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
At 1 January, 2003	17,645,000	-	10,657,000	-	3,827,702	1,250,161	2,725,949	(509,053)	21,616,220	57,212,979
Issue of shares	2,296,078	21,883,922	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,180,000
Exchange differences arising on translation of overseas operations not recognised										
in the income statement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,691	-	125,691
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,092,497	14,092,497
At 30 June, 2003 Capitalisation of reserves to	19,941,078	21,883,922	10,657,000	-	3,827,702	1,250,161	2,725,949	(383,362)	35,708,717	95,611,167
share capital in a subsidiary	-	-	-	5,077,863	(3,827,702)	(1,250,161)	-	-	-	-
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,759,197	19,759,197
Transfer	-	-	-	-	3,589,024	-	-	-	(3,589,024)	-
At 31 December, 2003	19.941.078	21,883,922	10,657,000	5.077.863	3,589,024	_	2.725.949	(383,362)	51 878 890	115,370,364
Issue of shares	6,648,000	107,697,600	10,057,000	5,017,005	5,505,024	_	2,123,545	(303,302)		114,345,600
Share issue expenses		(13,622,900)	_	_	_	_	_	_		(13,622,900)
Exchange differences arising on translation of overseas operations not recognised		(15,022,500)								(15,022,500)
in the income statement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126,843	-	126,843
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,356,290	25,356,290
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,970,539)	(9,970,539)
At 30 June, 2004	26,589,078	115,958,622	10,657,000	5,077,863	3,589,024	-	2,725,949	(256,519)	67,264,641	231,605,658

Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the six months ended 30 June, 2004

	Six months en 2004 <i>HK\$</i> (Unaudited)	ded 30 June 2003 HK\$ (Unaudited)
Net cash from operating activities Net cash used in investing activities Net cash from financing activities	36,604,608 (1,567,468) 90,613,693	8,990,419 (665,718) 18,343,836
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	125,650,833 92,517,281	26,668,537 48,148,813
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	218,168,114	74,817,350
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents Bank balances and cash	218,168,114	74,817,350

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 25 "Interim Financial Reporting".

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies adopted are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2003.

3. TURNOVER

	Six months er 2004 HK\$	nded 30 June 2003 HK\$
Revenue from outsourcing software development services Revenue from technical support services	79,814,585 4,879,996	47,401,168 4,257,091
Business tax and other government charges	84,694,581 (3,620,443)	51,658,259 (1,873,086)
	81,074,138	49,785,173

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(a) Business segment

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of outsourcing software development services and accordingly, no business segment analysis is presented.

(b) Geographical segment

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's sales by location of markets, irrespective of the origin of the services:

Income statement for the six months ended 30 June, 2003

	People's Republic of China ("PRC") HK\$	Japan <i>HK\$</i>	Consolidated <i>HK\$</i>
Turnover Cost of sales	4,044,236 (3,506,272)	45,740,937 (22,521,929)	
Segment results	537,964	23,219,008	23,756,972
Other operating income Unallocated corporate expenses			302,854 (7,854,132)
Profit before taxation Taxation			16,205,694 (2,049,597)
Profit before minority interests Minority interests			14,156,097 (63,600)
Net profit for the period			14,092,497

Income statement for the six months ended 30 June, 2004

	PRC HK\$	Japan <i>HK\$</i>	Consolidated <i>HK\$</i>
Turnover Cost of sales	4,635,903 (3,432,112)	76,438,235 (35,974,230)	81,074,138 (39,406,342)
Segment results	1,203,791	40,464,005	41,667,796
Other operating income Unallocated corporate expenses			174,829 (12,987,584)
Profit before taxation Taxation			28,855,041 (3,425,980)
Profit before minority interests Minority interests			25,429,061 (72,771)
Net profit for the period			25,356,290

5. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging (crediting):

	Six months ended 30 Jun	
	2004	2003
	HK\$	HK\$
Depreciation	1,037,242	819,913
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	6,115
Operating lease rentals in respect of rented premises	4,631,382	3,219,791
Allowance for (write-back of) bad and doubtful debts	132,370	(1,687)
Interest income	(93,192)	(36,254)
TAXATION		
	Six months en	ded 30 June
	2004	2003
	HK\$	HK\$
PRC income tax	2,709,799	1,570,693
Japan income tax	716,181	478,904
	3,425,980	2,049,597

Zhongxun Computer System (Beijing) Company Limited ("SinoCom Beijing"), a subsidiary of the Company, has been recognised as a technologically advanced enterprise by the relevant PRC government authorities since 26 September, 1995. Pursuant to the Income Tax Laws, on 18 November, 1996, the External Branch of State Tax Authority in Beijing granted approval to SinoCom Beijing to entitle the reduced state enterprise income tax rate of 15%. In addition, SinoCom Beijing is subject to a more favourable income tax rate of 10% as the annual export revenue of its software development business is more than 70% of SinoCom Beijing's total annual income pursuant to the relevant PRC regulations.

Taxation arising in Japan is calculated at a progressive statutory rate of 22% on the portion of taxable income not exceeding Yen8,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$588,000) and 30% on the portion of taxable income in excess of Yen8,000,000.

There are no significant temporary differences during the six months ended 30 June, 2004 or at the balance sheet dates.

7. DIVIDEND

6.

On 30 April, 2004, a dividend of HK5 cents per share (2002: Nil) was paid to shareholders as final dividend for the year ended 31 December, 2003.

The directors do not recommend the payment of an interim dividend.

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the six months ended 30 June, 2004 of HK\$25,356,290 (2003: profit of HK\$14,092,497) and the weighted average number of 221,692,540 shares (2003: 191,926,328 shares) in issue during the period.

No diluted earnings per share has been presented because the Company has no outstanding potential ordinary shares during the period or as at the balance sheet date.

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLE

The Group normally allows credit period of 30 to 45 days to trade customers.

The following is an aged analysis of trade debtors at the balance sheet date:

	30/06/2004	31/12/2003
	HK\$	HK\$
0-30 days	11,612,982	9,426,981
31-60 days	1,134,944	5,397,279
61-90 days	22,670	65,708
Over 90 days	79,293	43,774
Trade debtors	12,849,889	14,933,742
Other debtors, other receivable and prepayments	6,605,168	9,397,997
	19,455,057	24,331,739

10. AMOUNTS DUE FROM RELATED COMPANIES

The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

11. CREDITORS, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCRUALS

The following is an aged analysis of trade creditors at the balance sheet date:

	30/06/2004 HK\$	31/12/2003 HK\$
0-30 days	196,914	457,792
31-60 days	222,574	12,852
61-90 days	68,395	3,804
Over 90 days	476,671	18,743
Trade creditors	964,554	493,191
Other creditors, deposits received and accruals	13,575,714	12,560,974
	14,540,268	13,054,165

Notes to the Condensed Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June, 2004

12. AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED COMPANIES

The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

13. SHARE CAPITAL

	Notes	Number of shares	НК\$
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each			
Authorised: At 1 January, 2003, 31 December, 2003 and 30 June, 2004		1,000,000,000	100,000,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January, 2003 Issue of shares	1	176,450,000 22,960,782	17,645,000 2,296,078
At 31 December, 2003 Issue of shares	2	199,410,782 66,480,000	19,941,078 6,648,000
At 30 June, 2004		265,890,782	26,589,078

Notes:

- 1. The Group allotted and issued 22,960,782 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each to Legend New-Tech Investment Limited at a consideration of HK\$24,180,000 on 28 February, 2003.
- The Group issued 66,480,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each by way of placing and public offer for listing of shares on the Stock Exchange on 30 April, 2004.

14. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the balance sheet date, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

	30/06/2004 НК\$	31/12/2003 <i>HK</i> \$
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	3,394,578 2,679,691	6,136,870 4,882,648
	6,074,269	11,019,518

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for its office premises. Leases are negotiated for an average term of three years.

BUSINESS REVIEW Operating results for the Period

Turnover

Turnover of the Group for the Period amounted to approximately HK\$81 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$31.3 million, or 63%, over the same period in 2003. Revenue was derived from outsourcing software development services and from technical support services, which accounted for approximately 94% and 6% of the total revenue respectively. Market segments remained unchanged. Outsourcing software development services and technical support services were provided solely to customers located in Japan and Mainland China respectively during the Period. Increase in turnover was mainly derived from sales in Japan. Revenue from customers located in Mainland China recorded a steadily growth at approximately 15% over the same period in 2003.

Turnover grew from expanded business volume with existing customers. The largest five customers for the year ended 31 December, 2003 are still the largest five customers for the Period and accounted for approximately 90% of the total revenue. It is the Group's strategy to increase the cooperation with existing customers in order to work with them for long term stable projects which offer higher return and project team stability. To this end, the Group focused on these projects and selectively declined small project orders. During the Period, the two largest customers increased their business volume with the Group by approximately 95% and 158% respectively over the same period in 2003.

Gross profit and cost of sales

Gross profit of the Group for the Period amounted to approximately HK\$41.7 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$17.9 million or 75%, over that for the same period in 2003. Gross profit margin during the Period was approximately 51.4%, representing an increase of approximately 3.7 percentage point over the 47.7% recorded for the same period last year.

Corresponding cost of sales increased to approximately HK\$39.4 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$13.4 million or 51% compared to the same period in 2003. Percentage increase in cost of sales is lower than that of turnover contributed to the increase in gross profit margin. Employee costs consisted of basic salary, welfare and project bonus were the largest components of the cost of sales, which accounted for approximately 36.4% of the total turnover or approximately 74.8% of the total cost of sales. The number of employees of the Group increased by approximately 55% from 587 as at 30 June, 2003 to 909 as at 30 June, 2004, representing an addition of 322 headcount. Associated employee costs increased by approximately HK\$10.2 million or 52.6% as compared to the same period in 2003. Basic salaries to engineers increased by approximately 24.9% due to addition of both headcounts and salaries. However, the average engineer salary was lower than that in the same period of last year due to the recruitment of more new engineers and fresh graduates at lower salary range that has weighted down the average salary. Provision of project bonus as an incentive to the engineers accounted mainly for the rest of the increase in employee costs.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses during the Period increased to approximately HK\$13 million, representing an increase of approximately 65.8% over the same period in 2003. The increase was slightly higher than the increase in turnover. Provision has been made to the bonus payable to the Company's Directors in accordance with the terms of Directors' service agreements. Payment of such bonus will be subject to the Group's whole year audited results and approval by the Board.

Profit before taxation, taxation, and net profit

Profit before taxation for the Period amounted to approximately HK\$28.9 million, representing an increase of HK\$12.6 million or 78% over the same period in 2003.

Effective tax rate for the Period was 11.9%, slightly lower than the 12.6% in the corresponding period last year.

Net profit for the Period amounted to approximately HK\$25.4 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$11.3 million or 80% over the same period in 2003. Net profit margin was 31.3%, increased by approximately 3 percentage point over that in the same period in 2003 as a result of economy of scale in long term stable large projects.

Outlook

In the first half of 2004, the trend of software outsourcing from Japan to Mainland China continued to grow. Directors believe that this trend is at its start up stage since it was the common consensus reached by Japanese software developers that Mainland China is the best place for software development for Japanese software in 2002. More Japanese customers are exploring to outsource software development work in Mainland China. The Group signed up fundamental contracts with two renowned Japanese customers at the end of 2003, however, it does not expect large business volume from them in 2004 for two reasons. Firstly, the Group's human resources are being nearly fully utilized and are reserved for its existing customers. Secondly, it is the Japanese customers' business practice to outsource small scale projects to new contractors in order to test their service level and work quality. Large scale projects will be outsourced when they have obtained satisfactory results from these new contractors. The Group is currently working for their small scale projects and the Directors are confident that the Group will gain customers' confidence and large scale projects orders in the near future.

Given the strong demand and the Group's operating scale, the Directors believe that it is a seller's market in which the Group is able to select long term large scale projects which offer higher return and project team stability. The only constraint to growth is the Group's human resources capacity. Notwithstanding the supply of fresh graduates is abundant in Mainland China, organic growth in human resources will be around 30% to 50% depending on the Group's ability to recruit experienced engineers, in particular, those with working experience in Japan to lead newly recruited junior engineers. Other than to grow organically, the Group is actively seeking opportunities to acquire companies engaged in Japan outsourcing software development in both Mainland China and Japan. Recently, the Group is considering to acquire a software development company in Mainland China, which has operations in both Shanghai and Japan and has about 100 employees. Negotiations are still at a preliminary stage and no legally binding agreements have been entered into. If such acquisition shall materialize, the Group intends to finance the acquisition from its internal resources.

Technical support services to Sun Microsystems continue to grow. Directors expect the growth will continue and service points in additional six cities in Mainland China were set up to expand the Group's existing service network in July 2004.

The Group also developed business relations with U.S. companies in Mainland China. During the Period, the Group has signed up supplier agreements with two multinational I.T. companies for outsourcing software development. However, considering that profit contributions generated by the Group's engineers working for Japanese customers are more than that for the U.S. customers, the Group will, therefore, continue to concentrate its resources on the Japanese market. In order to

cater for the business demand from the new U.S. customers in Mainland China, the Group is currently considering to acquire a company in Beijing which has solid experience in provision of outsourcing software service to U.S. companies in Mainland China. Negotiations are still at a preliminary stage and no legally binding agreements have been entered into. If such acquisition shall materialize, the Group intends to finance the acquisition from its internal resources.

Liquidity and financial resources

Net assets

As at 30 June, 2004, the Group recorded total assets of approximately HK\$250.9 million which were financed by liabilities of HK\$18.7 million, minority interests of HK\$0.5 million and equity of HK\$231.6 million. The Group's net assets value as at 30 June, 2004 increased by 100.7% to approximately HK\$231.6 million as compared to approximately HK\$115.4 million as at 31 December, 2003.

Liquidity

The Group had a total cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$218.2 million as at 30 June, 2004 (as at 31 December, 2003: approximately HK\$92.5 million). There was neither bank borrowing nor non-current liability and hence the Group is at a nil gearing position. As at 30 June, 2004, the current ratio was increased to 13 from 7.5 as at 31 December, 2003.

Treasury policies

The Group has a strong cash generating capacity and generally finances its operations with internally generated cash without bank borrowings. Surplus cash, which is, mainly in Hong Kong dollars, Japanese Yen, and Renminbi ("RMB") is deposited with licensed banks in Hong Kong, Japan and Mainland China.

Foreign exchange exposure

The Group mainly earns revenue in Japanese Yen and incurs costs in RMB. Any depreciation of Japanese Yen against RMB will result in decrease in the income of the Group, which will have an adverse impact on the Group's profitability. To minimize exposure on foreign exchange fluctuations, the Group will from time to time review its foreign exchange position and adopt appropriate measures. The Group is working with international banks for appropriate hedging tools suitable for the Group's foreign exchange cash flow pattern.

Employee and remuneration policies

As at 30 June, 2004, the Group employed approximately 909 full time employees in Mainland China and Japan. Employees are remunerated based on their performance, work experience and the prevailing market rates. Performance related bonuses are granted on a discretionary basis. Other employee benefits include pension fund, insurance and medical coverage, training programs and participation in the Group's share option scheme.

Director's interest in securities

As at 30 June, 2004, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO") as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies were as follows:

(a) Interests in the Company

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of interest	No. of shares of the Company	Note	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Mr. Wang Xubing	Interest of a controlled corporation	149,750,000(L)	1	56.32%
Mr. Wang Zhiqiang	Interest of a controlled corporation	149,750,000(L)	2	56.32%
Mr. Jun Otaka	Beneficial owner	500,000(L)		0.19%
Dr. Shi Chongming	Beneficial owner	1,010,800(L)	3	0.38%
Mr. Siu Kwok Leung	Beneficial owner	1,070,000(L)	4	0.40%

Notes:

- These shares are beneficially owned by China Way International Limited ("China Way"). By virtue of his 51% shareholding interest in China Way, Mr. Wang Xubing is deemed or taken to be interested in the 149,750,000 shares of the Company owned by China Way for the purpose of the SFO.
- These shares are beneficially owned by China Way. By virtue of his 49% shareholding interest in China Way, Mr. Wang Zhiqiang is deemed or taken to be interested in the 149,750,000 shares of the Company owned by China Way for the purpose of the SFO.
- 3. These shares are held by Pure Finance Limited as trustee for Dr. Shi Chongming and are beneficially owned by Dr. Shi Chongming.
- These shares are held by Pure Finance Limited as trustee for Mr. Siu Kwok Leung and are beneficially owned by Mr. Siu Kwok Leung.
- 5. The letter "L" denotes a long position in shares.

(b) Interests in shares of associated corporations of the Company

Name of associated corporation	Name of Director	Capacity/ Nature of Interest	Number of ordinary shares of US\$1.00 each	Approximate percentage of shareholding
China Way	Mr. Wang Xubing	Interest of a controlled corporation	51(L)	51%
China Way	Mr. Wang Zhiqiang	Interest of a controlled corporation	49(L)	49%

Note: The letter "L" denotes a long position in shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June, 2004, there was no other Director or chief executive of the Company who had any interest or short position in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO) which were recorded in the register maintained by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies.

Directors' rights to acquire shares

As at 30 June, 2004, no option was granted to Directors to acquire shares in the Company. At no time during the Period were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement that enabled any Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Substantial shareholders

As at 30 June, 2004, the following parties (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) were recorded in the register kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO as being directly or indirectly interested, or had short positions, in the shares and underlying shares of the Company.

Name of shareholder	Capacity/Nature of interest	No. of shares of the Company	Note	Approximate percentage of shareholding
China Way	Beneficial owner	149,750,000(L)		56.32%
Legend New-Tech Investment Limited	Beneficial owner	22,960,782(L)		8.64%
Right Lane Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	22,960,782(L)	1	8.64%
Legend Holdings Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	22,960,782(L)	2	8.64%
Chinese Academy of Sciences Holdings Co., Ltd.	Interest of a controlled corporation	22,960,782(L)	3	8.64%
Employee's Stock Society of Legend Holdings Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	22,960,782(L)	4	8.64%
Madam Zhang Yue	Interest of spouse	149,750,000(L)	5	56.32%
Madam Yuan Yue Ling	Interest of spouse	149,750,000(L)	6	56.32%

Notes:

- 1. Right Lane Limited is beneficially interested in the entire issued share capital of Legend New-Tech Investment Limited ("Legend New-Tech"). By virtue of its 100% interest in Legend New-Tech, Right Lane Limited is deemed or taken to be interested in the 22,960,782 shares beneficially owned by Legend New-Tech.
- 2. Legend Holdings Limited is beneficially interested in the entire issued share capital of Right Lane Limited. By virtue of its 100% interest in Right Lane Limited, Legend Holdings Limited is deemed or taken to be interested in the 22,960,782 shares beneficially owned by Legend New-Tech.

- 3. Chinese Academy of Sciences Holdings Co., Ltd. is beneficially interested in a 65% equity interest in Legend Holdings Limited. By virtue of its interest in Legend Holdings Limited, Chinese Academy of Sciences Holdings Co., Ltd. is deemed or taken to be interested in the 22,960,782 shares beneficially owned by Legend New-Tech.
- 4. Employee's Stock Society of Legend Holdings Limited is beneficially interested in 35% equity interest in Legend Holdings Limited. By virtue of its interest in Legend Holdings Limited, Employee's Stock Society of Legend Holdings Limited is deemed or taken to be interested in the 22,960,782 shares beneficially owned by Legend New-Tech.
- 5. Madam Zhang Yue is the wife of Mr. Wang Xubing and is deemed to be interested in the 149,750,000 shares in which Mr. Wang Xubing is deemed or taken to be interested for the purposes of the SFO.
- 6. Madam Yuan Yue Ling is the wife of Mr. Wang Zhiqiang and is deemed to be interested in the 149,750,000 shares in which Mr. Wang Zhiqiang is deemed or taken to be interested for the purposes of the SFO.
- 7. The letter "L" denotes a long position in shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June, 2004, there was no other person (not being a Director or a chief executive of the Company) who had any interest or short position in shares or underlying shares of the Company which were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

Purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's securities

During the Period, neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities.

Review by audit committee

The audit committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group. The audit committee has also discussed auditing, internal control and financial reporting matters with the management and reviewed the unaudited interim financial statements of the Group set out in this interim report.

The code of best practice

None of the Directors of the Company is aware of any information that would reasonably indicate that the Company is not, or was not for any part of accounting period covered by this interim report, in compliance with the Code of Best Practice as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

Adoption of the model code

The Company has adopted the Model Code (the "Model Code") for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (as may be amended from time to time by the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules) as the Company's code of conduct and rules governing dealings by all Directors in the securities of the Company.

All Directors had complied with the required standard regarding Directors' securities dealings set out in the Model Code during the six months' period ended 30 June, 2004.