## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 賬項附註

### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of preparation of accounts

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with accounting standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These accounts also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The HKICPA has issued a number of new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") (collectively, "new HKFRSs") which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005.

The Group has not early adopted these new HKFRSs in the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2005. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new HKFRSs would have a significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.

#### (b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are consolidated from or to their effective dates of acquisition or disposal respectively. All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

#### (c) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is a company in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than half of the voting power or issued share capital or controls the composition of the board of directors. Subsidiaries are considered to be controlled if the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies, so as to obtain benefits from their activities. In the Company's balance sheet, interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary represents the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the Group's share of its net assets together with any unamortised goodwill or negative goodwill or goodwill/negative goodwill taken to reserves and which was not previously charged or recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account and any related accumulated exchange fluctuation reserve.

#### 主要會計政策 賬項的編製基準

本賬項是按照香港公認會計原則及香港會計師公會 頒布的會計準則及香港《公司條例》的披露要求而編 製。本賬項同時符合《香港聯合交易所有限公司證券 上市規則》內的披露規定。本賬項乃按歷史成本常規 編製。

香港會計師公會已頒布多項最新及經修訂的《香港財 務報告準則》及《香港會計準則》(統稱「新財報準 則」),該等新財報準則適用於二〇〇五年一月一日 或之後開始的會計期間。

本集團並未就其截至二〇〇五年三月三十一日止年 度的賬項提早採納該等新財報準則。本集團已開始 對該等新財報準則的影響進行評估,惟現階段尚未 能就該等新財報準則會否對其營業業績及財務狀況 構成重大影響而作出任何聲明。

#### 綜合之基準

綜合賬項包括本公司及其附屬公司之賬項。年內購 入或出售之附屬公司之業績自其被收購的生效日期 起或計至其出售的生效日期止列入綜合賬項內。集 團內公司間之重大交易及結餘均已於綜合賬項時抵 銷。

#### 附屬公司

附屬公司是指本公司直接或間接控制其過半數投票 權,或持有其過半數已發行股本,或控制其董事會 組成的公司。本公司有權直接或間接管轄其財務及 營業政策,以透過其活動而得益的附屬公司,均視 為受本公司控制。在本公司的資產負債表中,所佔 附屬公司權益均按成本值減去任何減值虧損後入 賬。

出售附屬公司之收益或虧損是指出售所得之收入與 集團應佔該公司資產淨值之差額,連同之前並未在 綜合損益賬內支銷或入賬之任何未攤銷商譽或負商 譽,或已在儲備記賬之商譽/負商譽,以及任何相 關之累積匯兑波動儲備。

## 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

### (d) Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price, any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. Expenditure incurred after fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of a fixed asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of that asset.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost less accumulated impairment losses of each asset over the following estimated useful lives:

Leasehold improvements	3 to 6 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 6 years
Motor vehicles	4 years

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of a fixed asset recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

#### (e) Impairment of assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the consolidated profit and loss account.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate used to determine the recoverable amount. A reversal of impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to the consolidated profit and loss account in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

#### (f) Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases net of any incentives received from the leasing company are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

#### 主要會計政策 續 固定資產及折舊

固定資產乃以成本值減除累計折舊及減值虧損後入 賬。資產之原值包括其購買價及將資產達至運作之 狀況及位置作其計劃之用途而產生之任何直接應佔 成本和拆除及移動該資產和還原其所在場地的最初 估計成本。固定資產開始運作後之支出(包括維修及 保養費用)通常於產生期間計入損益賬。若在可清 楚顯示該等費用引致未來使用固定資產時預期帶來 之經濟利益增加之情況下,該等費用則撥作資本, 作為固定資產的額外成本。

折舊乃按下列各類資產之估計可使用年期依直線法 撇銷其成本減累計減值入賬:

租賃物業裝修	3至6年
傢俬、裝置及設備	3至6年
汽車	4年

綜合損益賬中確認入賬之出售或棄用固定資產之盈 虧乃銷售所得款項淨額與有關資產的賬面數額之差 額。

#### 資產減值

本集團會在每個結算日審閱資產的賬面數額,以決 定有否出現任何減值跡象。如果有減值跡象,便會 估計可收回數額。每當賬面數額高於可收回數額 時,便會確認減值虧損。減值虧損在綜合損益賬內 確認為支出。

倘若用以釐定可收回數額的估計資料有變,便會將 減值虧損逆轉。所逆轉的減值虧損以假設沒有在往 年確認減值虧損而應已釐定的資產賬面金額為限。 所逆轉的減值虧損在確認逆轉的年度內計入綜合損 益賬。

#### 經營租賃

經營租賃是指擁有資產之風險及回報實質上由出租 公司保留之租賃。租賃款額在扣除自出租公司收取 之任何優惠後,於租賃期內以直線法在損益賬中支 銷。

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

#### (g) Inventories

Inventories comprise merchandises for resale and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis and includes all costs of purchases, costs of conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The amount of any write down or provision for inventories is recognised as an expense in the period the write down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write down or provision arising from an increase in net realisable value is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account in the year in which the reversal occurs.

#### (h) Trade receivables

Trade receivables, which generally have credit terms of less than 30 days, are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any amounts deemed uncollectible by the directors. A provision for doubtful debts is estimated when collection of the full amount is deemed no longer probable. Bad debts and provisions for doubtful debts are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account as incurred.

#### (i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, deposits held at call with banks, cash investments with a maturity of three months or less from date of investment and bank overdrafts.

#### (j) **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

## 主要會計政策 續

存貨

存貨包括作轉售的商品,按照成本值與可變現淨值 兩者中的較低數額報值。成本乃按照加權平均法計 算,包括所有購買成本,加工成本及將存貨付運至 現址及達至現狀之其它成本。可變現淨值是由估計 售價減任何估計必須成本而定。

存貨減值或撥備會確認為減值或損失發生期間的支 出。因可變現淨值增加而需撥回的任何減值或撥 備,會在出現撥回的期間在綜合損益賬確認。

#### 應收貿易賬項

應收貿易賬項(信貸期一般少於30天)乃按原發票額 減被董事視為不可收回的任何數額予以確認及列 賬。倘被視為不可能全數收回則須估計呆賬額撥 備。壞賬及呆賬撥備則於產生時於綜合損益賬內扣 除。

#### 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目按成本值在資產負債表內列 賬。就編製現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值項目 包括銀行存款及庫存現金、銀行通知存款、購入時 於三個月內到期的現金投資及銀行透支。

#### 撥備

倘本集團須就已發生的事件承擔法律或推定責任, 而且履行責任可能涉及經濟效益的流出,並可作出 可靠的估計,本集團會確認撥備。倘若本集團預計 某項撥備可獲償付回,例如有關保險合約,只有在 有關數額實際上獲確定可償付時才確認為一項獨立 資產。

#### >賬項附註

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

#### (k) Employee benefits

*(i) Employee leave entitlements* 

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Bonus plan

Provision for bonus plan due wholly within twelve months after balance sheet date is recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

*(iii)* Pension schemes

The Group operates the following principal pension schemes:

#### Defined contribution schemes

Contributions to the schemes are expensed as incurred and are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the schemes prior to vesting fully in the contributions. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

#### Mandatory provident funds

Contributions to the Mandatory Provident Fund as required under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account when incurred.

#### Defined benefit schemes

A branch of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company in Taiwan participates in a central defined benefit pension scheme providing benefits to all employees in accordance with the Labour Standards Law (as amended) in Taiwan. The Group has an obligation to ensure that there are sufficient funds in the scheme to pay the benefits earned. The branch currently contributes at two percent of the total salaries as determined and approved by the relevant government authorities. The assets of the scheme are held by the Central Trust of China.

#### **主要會計政策** 續 **僱員福利** *僱員應享假期*

僱員在年假之權利在僱員應享有時確認。本集團為 截至結算日止僱員已提供之服務而產生之年假之估 計負債作出撥備。

僱員之病假及產假不作確認,直至僱員正式休假為 止。

#### 獎金計劃

當本集團因僱員提供服務而產生現有法律或推定責 任,而責任金額能可靠地估算時,則將獎金計劃之 預計成本確認為負債入賬。獎金計劃之負債於結算 日後十二個月內償付,並根據在償付時預期會支付 之金額計算。

*退休金計劃* 本集團設有下列主要的退休金計劃:

界定供款計劃

本集團向該等計劃作出的供款均在產生時列支。倘 若部分僱員在可全數獲享集團供款的利益前退出計 劃,則被沒收的供款額會用作抵銷集團供款。該等 計劃的資產是透過獨立管理的基金持有且與本集團 的資產分開。

強制性公積金 根據香港《強制性公積金計劃條例》的規定作出的強 制性公積金供款,均於產生時在綜合損益賬列支。

#### 界定福利計劃

根據台灣之勞動基準法(經修訂),本公司在台灣之 全資附屬公司分行參與一中央界定福利退休金計 劃,以提供福利給所有在台灣的員工。本集團有責 任確定該計劃有足夠資金支付已賺取的福利。該分 行現行按有關政府當局所釐定及批准按員工總薪金 百分之二供款。該計劃內之資產是由中國中央信托 局所持有。

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

#### (k) Employee benefits continued

#### (iv) Equity compensation benefits

Share options are granted to certain Directors and employees. No compensation cost is recognised in the profit and loss account in connection with share options granted. When the share options are exercised, the proceeds received net of any transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

#### (I) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the accounts. Taxation rates enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date are used to determine deferred taxation.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred taxation is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

#### (m) Revenue recognition

- (i) Income from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to customers, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and title has passed.
- (ii) Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.
- (iii) Income from management services is recognised upon provision of services.
- (iv) Franchise fee income is recognised on an accrual basis.

**主要會計政策**續 僱員福利續 股份補償福利 本集團賦予部份董事及僱員認股權認購本公司之股 份。與賦予認股權相關的股份補償成本並無計算在 損益賬內。當認股權獲行使時,所收到的款項將撥 入股本(賬面值)及股本溢價賬。

#### 遞延税項

遞延税項採用負債法就資產及負債之税基與它們在 賬項之賬面值兩者之暫時性差額作全數撥備。遞延 税項採用在結算日前已頒布或實質頒布之税率釐 定。

遞延税項資產乃就有可能將未來應課税溢利與可動 用之暫時性差額抵銷而確認。

遞延税項乃就向附屬公司所作投資之暫時性差額而 撥備,但假若可以控制差額之撥回,並有可能在可 預見未來不會撥回則除外。

#### 收入確認

銷貨收益在擁有權之絕大部分風險及收益轉移給客 戶時確認,通常亦即為貨品付運予客戶及擁有權轉 讓時。

利息收入按時間比例並計及未償還本金及適用之實 際利率確認。

管理服務收入在提供服務時確認。

專利費收入採用應計基準確認。

#### >賬項附註

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

#### (n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in the consolidated profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalised as being directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

#### (o) Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the applicable rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the applicable rates of exchange ruling at that date, except for those monetary assets and liabilities hedged by forward foreign exchange contracts which are translated at the applicable contract rates. Exchange differences are dealt with in the consolidated profit and loss account.

Exchange gains or losses on forward foreign exchange contracts entered into to hedge against purchase commitments are not recognised in the commitment period but are deferred, together with the related discount or premium, until the contracts are closed.

On consolidation, the balance sheets of overseas subsidiaries denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the applicable rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date whilst the profit and loss account is translated at an average rate. Exchange differences are dealt with as a movement in the exchange fluctuation reserve.

#### (p) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the accounts. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that the outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

#### **主要會計政策**續 借貸成本

除用作收購、建設或生產而需要相當時間才投入原 定用途或銷售的資產的直接借貸成本會撥作資產成 本外,其它的借貸成本均計算在產生期間的綜合損 益賬內。

#### 外幣換算

外幣交易以交易日的適用匯率折算為港幣。於結算 日以外幣結算之貨幣資產與負債按結算日之適用匯 率換算,而以外匯期貨合約作對沖之該等貨幣資產 與負債則以適用之合約匯率換算。匯兑差額則撥入 綜合損益賬內處理。

對沖購貨約定之外匯期貨合約上之匯兑盈虧,在約 定期內不會收歸入賬,而是與匯兑盈虧有關之折讓 或溢價一併遞延,直至合約結束為止。

於綜合賬項時,以外幣結算的海外附屬公司之資產 負債表以結算日之適用匯率換算為港幣,而損益賬 則以平均匯率換算。匯兑差額撥入匯兑波動儲備處 理。

#### 或然負債

或然負債指因已發生的事件而產生的可能責任,而 有關責任會否存在,須視乎日後一項或多項事件會 否出現,而出現與否非完全由集團控制;也可以是 因已發生的事件而產生的責任,但因為將來需要撥 出經濟資源履行責任的機會不大,或不能對所涉及 金額作可靠計量而未有入賬處理。

或然負債不予入賬,但會在賬目附註披露。若情況 有變以致將來可能需要撥出資源以履行責任,即以 撥備入賬。

## 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

#### (q) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products, or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting, the Group has chosen geographical segment information as the primary reporting format and business segment information as the secondary reporting format. No business segment analysis is provided as over 90% of the Group's turnover and profit contribution came from the retail business during the year.

Segment revenues, expenses, results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to that segment. Segment revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities are determined before intra-group balances and intra-group transactions are eliminated as part of the consolidation process, except to the extent that such intra-group balances and transactions are between group companies within a single segment. Inter-segment pricing is based on similar terms as those available to other external parties.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets that are expected to be used for more than one period.

#### (r) Related parties

For the purpose of these accounts, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

#### **主要會計政策** 續 分部匯報

分部是指集團屬下可明顯劃分,並且負責提供產品 或服務(業務分部),或在特定的經濟環境中提供產 品或服務(地域分部)的組成部分。每個分部所承受 的風險和所獲享的回報,均與其它分部有別。

按照本集團的內部財務匯報方式,本集團選擇首先 按地域分部作出資料匯報,其次才按業務分部作出 資料匯報。由於是年內超過90%以上的集團營業額 及盈利貢獻乃來自零售業務,因此並無提供業務分 部之分析。

分部的收入、支出、業績、資產及負債包含直接來 自某一分部,以及可以合理地分配至該分部的項 目。分部的收入、支出、資產及負債均未計須在綜 合計算的過程中抵銷的集團公司間的結存和交易; 但同屬一個分部的集團內公司間的結存及交易則除 外。分部之間的定價基準與提供予其他外界人士的 條款相若。

分部資本開支是指在期內購入預計可於超過一個會 計期間使用的分部資產所產生的成本總額。

#### 連繫人士

就本賬項而言,如果本集團能夠直接或間接監控另 一方人士或對另一方人士的財務及經營決策發揮重 大的影響力,或另一方人士能夠直接或間接監控本 集團或對本集團的財務及經營決策發揮重大的影響 力,或本集團與另一方人士均受制於共同的監控或 共同的重大影響下,有關人士即被視為本集團的連 繫人士。連繫人士可以是個別人士或其它實體。

> 賬項附註

TURNOVER, REVENUES AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 營業額、收入及分部資料 2. The Group is principally engaged in sales of designer fashion 本集團主要從事名牌時裝、化妝品及飾物銷售。年 garments, cosmetics and accessories. Revenues recognised 内收入確認如下: during the year are as follows:

Total revenues	收入總額	636,931	546,588
		3,866	2,677
Other revenues Interest income Sample and sundry sales Franchise fee income	其它收入 利息收入 樣辦及雜項銷售 專利權費用收入	3,507 131 228	2,135 380 162
Turnover	營業額	633,065	543,911
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

An analysis of the Group's turnover and segment information for 茲將本集團是年內按地域分部而劃分的營業額及分 the year by geographical segment is as follows: 部資料分析列述如下:

			<b>200</b> =00		
		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Taiwan 台灣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Others 其它 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Turnover	營業額	566,631	43,918	22,516	633,065
Operating profit/(loss) Borrowing costs	營業盈利/(虧損) 借貸成本	53,703	(681)	1,221	54,243 (84)
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前盈利 税項				54,159 7,000
Profit attributable to shareholders	股東應佔盈利				61,159
Segment assets Segment liabilities Segment capital expenditures Segment depreciation of fixed assets Segment impairment charge of	分部資產 分部負債 分部資本性開支 分部固定資產折舊 分部固定資產	528,238 146,208 26,363 11,490	26,344 16,777 2,095 3,187	781 1,747 – –	555,363 164,732 28,458 14,677
fixed assets	減值	2,844	293	-	3,137

#### TURNOVER, REVENUES AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 營業額、收入及分部資料 續 2. continued

			<b>200</b> 二○○		
		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Taiwan 台灣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Others 其它 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Turnover	營業額	464,451	69,868	9,592	543,911
Operating profit/(loss) Borrowing costs	營業盈利/(虧損) 借貸成本	41,372	(2,465)	(5,933)	32,974 (251)
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前盈利 税項				32,723 (2,400)
Profit attributable to shareholders	股東應佔盈利				30,323
Segment assets Segment liabilities Segment capital expenditures Segment depreciation of fixed assets Segment impairment charge of fixed assets	分部資產 分部負債 分部資本性開支 分部固定資產折舊 分部固定資產 減值	422,677 103,416 19,714 19,365 4,208	29,125 22,594 8,178 6,563 2,595	1,242 1,329 	453,044 127,339 27,892 25,928 6,803

There are no sales or other transactions between the 在地域分部之間並無進行任何銷售或其它交易。 geographical segments.

No business segment analysis is provided as over 90% of the 由於是年內超過90%以上的集團營業額及盈利貢獻 Group's turnover and profit contribution came from the retail 乃來自零售業務,因此並無提供業務分部之分析。 business during the year.

>賬項附註

## **3. OPERATING PROFIT** Operating profit is arrived at:

## 營業盈利

營業盈利的計算:

		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二〇〇四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
after charging:	已扣除:		
Cost of inventories (including provision for inventories)	存貨成本(包括存貨撥備)	299,927	265,598
Impairment charge of fixed assets	固定資產減值	3,137	6,803
Provision for onerous lease contract	回足員座, M 值 虧損性租賃合約撥備	5,157	4,057
Depreciation of fixed assets	固定資產折舊	 14,677	25,928
Operating lease rentals for land	土地及樓宇之	14,077	20,920
and buildings	經營租賃租金	99,232	90,325
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	638	570
Provision for unfulfilled purchase	未履行採購承諾的撥備	000	010
commitment (note 22)	(附註22)	23,919	_
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	出售固定資產虧損		223
Staff costs (including directors'	職工成本(包括董事		220
remuneration (note 5))	酬金一附註5)		
Wages and salaries	工資及薪酬	84,972	76,950
Pension costs – defined	退休金成本	,	,
contribution schemes	一界定供款計劃	2,812	4,211
Less: Forfeited contributions	減:沒收之供款	(90)	(243)
Net pension contributions	退休金供款淨額	2,722	3,968
		87,694	80,918
and after crediting:	及已計入:		
Realised exchange gains on forward	外匯期貨合約的已變現		
foreign exchange contracts	外匯收益	2,029	13,629
Write back of over-provision for	零售店舖重組成本過剩撥備回撥		
restructuring costs of retail shops	(包括存貨撥備		
(including provision for inventories of	港幣1,508,000元		
HK\$1,508,000 (2004: HK\$3,700,000))	(二〇〇四年:港幣3,700,000元))	1,605	5,541
Write back of over-provision for	虧損性租賃合約過剩		
onerous lease contract	撥備回撥	2,784	—
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	出售固定資產盈利	6	_
Net exchange gains	匯兑收益淨額	709	407

#### **BORROWING COSTS** 4.

#### 借貸成本

		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	銀行貸款及透支之利息	84	251

#### DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID 5. **EMPLOYEES**

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments payable to directors of 年內本公司應付的董事酬金總額分述如下: the Company during the year are as follows:

### 董事酬金及五位最高薪酬僱員

#### 董事酬金

		Group 集團	
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Fees	袍金	-	_
Other emoluments: Salaries, allowances, share options and benefits in kind	其它報酬: 薪金、津貼、認股權及 實物福利	8,468	7,007
Pension scheme contributions Discretionary bonuses and/or performance-related bonuses	退休金計劃供款 非硬性及/或按業績而定 的花紅	118 1,775	118
		10,361	7,125
		10,361	7,125

#### >賬項附註

#### 5. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES continued

#### 董事酬金及五位最高薪酬僱員 續

(a) **Directors' emoluments** continued The remuneration of the directors fell within the following bands:

## 董事酬金 續

酬金在以下級別內之董事人數如下:

			Number of directors 董事人數		
Bands	級別	<b>2005</b> 二〇〇五年	<b>2004</b> 二〇〇四年		
Nil	無	11	12		
HK\$1 to HK\$1,000,000	1港元至1,000,000港元	1	_		
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	-	1		
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	1		
HK\$6,500,001 to HK\$7,000,000	6,500,001港元至7,000,000港元	1	_		
		14	14		

Emoluments paid to an independent non-executive director during the year amounted to HK\$15,000 (2004: Nil).

年內已付獨立非執行董事的酬金為港幣15,000元 (二〇〇四年:無)。

#### (b) Five highest paid employees

The five highest paid employees during the year included 2 (2004: 2) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 5(a) above. The details of the remuneration of the remaining 3 (2004: 3) highest paid employees are as follows:

#### 五名最高薪酬僱員

年內五名最高薪酬之僱員包括兩名(二〇〇四年:兩 名)董事,其酬金詳情已載於上文附註5(a)。其餘三 名(二〇〇四年:三名)最高薪酬僱員之酬金如下:

		Group 集團	
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries, allowances, share options	薪金、津貼、認股權及		
and benefits in kind	實物福利	5,059	3,633
Pension scheme contributions Discretionary bonuses and/or	退休金計劃供款 非硬性及/或按業績	166	168
performance-related bonuses	而定的花紅	1,398	_
		6,623	3,801

#### **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID** 5. **EMPLOYEES** continued

### 董事酬金及五位最高薪酬僱員 續

Five highest paid employees continued (b) The remuneration of the highest paid employees fell within the following bands:

#### 五名最高薪酬僱員 續 最高薪酬僱員之酬金級別如下:

				Number of employees 僱員人數		
Bands	級別		<b>2005</b> 二〇〇五年	<b>2004</b> 二〇〇四年		
HK\$1 to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	1港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500, 1,500,001港元至2,000, 4,000,001港元至4,500,0	000港元	- 2 - 1	2 - 1 -		
			3	3		
Other than disclosed above, no emolu the Group to the Directors or the five hig inducement to join or upon joining the for loss of office during the years ended	phest paid individuals as an Group or as compensation	月三十一日 五名最高薪	☆外,於截至二○○四 ☆小,於截至二○○四 ↓止年度期間,本集團 ☆酬僱員支付酬金作為 *獎勵,或作為離任 ジ	国並無向任何董事。 時彼等加入或於加2		

No Directors or the five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2004: Nil).

#### 6. TAXATION

(a)

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group has unutilised tax losses brought forward to offset current year's assessable profit (2004: Nil).

No provision for overseas profits tax has been made as the Group has no estimated assessable profit in current year (2004: Nil).

profit and loss account represents:

無)。 The amount of taxation credited/(charged) to the consolidated

間,並無任何董事或五名最高薪酬僱員放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金(二〇〇四年:無)。

#### 税項

由於本集團已使用税項虧損結轉抵銷本年度應課税 盈利,因此並無就香港利得税作出任何撥備(二〇〇 四年:無)。

由於本集團於年內並無任何估計應課税海外盈利, 因此並無就海外利得税作出任何撥備(二〇〇四年:

從綜合損益賬內計入 /(扣除)的税項金額為:

		Group 集團		
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Recognition of deferred tax assets in respect of tax losses Deferred taxation relating to	就税項虧損而確認的 遞延税項資產 有關撥回暫時性差額的	7,000	_	
the reversal of temporary differences	遞延税項	_	(2,625)	
Deferred taxation resulting from an increase in tax rate	税率上調所產生之 遞延税項	-	225	
		7,000	(2,400)	

> 賬項附註

#### **TAXATION** continued 6.

The taxation on the Group's profit before taxation differs from 本集團有關除税前盈利之税項與採用香港利得税税 (b) the theoretical amount that would arise using the Hong Kong 率而計算之理論税額之差額如下: profits tax rate as follows:

#### 税項續

		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Profit before taxation	除税前盈利	54,159	32,723
Calculated at a taxation rate	按17.5%(二〇〇四年:17.5%)		
of 17.5% (2004: 17.5%)	税率計算之税項	9,478	5,727
Effect of different taxation rate in	其它國家不同税率之		
other country	影響	(56)	(878)
Expenses not deductible for	不可扣税之支出	454	0.001
taxation purpose		154	3,691
Income not subject to taxation	無須課税之收入	(2,671)	(6,338)
Deferred tax assets recognised	是年內確認之遞延		
in current year	税項資產	(7,000)	-
Deferred tax assets not recognised	未確認之遞延税項資產	-	3,162
Utilisation of unrecognised tax	使用前年度未有確認之		
losses of previous years	應課税虧損	(7,514)	(2,739)
Increase in opening deferred	税率上調所產生之		
tax assets resulting from	期初遞延税項資產		
increase in profits tax rate		-	(225)
Others	其它	609	_
Taxation (credit)/charge	税項(計入)/支出	(7,000)	2,400

#### **PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS** 7.

#### 股東應佔盈利

The profit attributable to shareholders is dealt with in the accounts 股東應佔盈利港幣61,752,000元(二〇〇四年: 虧損 of the Company to the extent of HK\$61,752,000 (2004: loss of 港幣2,632,000元)已計入本公司賬項內。 HK\$2,632,000).

#### 8. **DIVIDEND**

	<u> </u>

		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Final, proposed, of 2.0 cents (2004: Nil) per ordinary share	末期,擬派股息一普通股每股2.0仙 (二〇〇四年:無)	32,396	-

At a meeting held on 30 June 2005, the directors of the Company proposed a final dividend of 2.0 cents per ordinary share. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these accounts, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained profits for the year ending 31 March 2006.

#### 9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to shareholders for the year of HK\$61,159,000 (2004: HK\$30,323,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,609,016,000 (2004:1,602,165,000) shares in issue during the year.

No diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2005 have been presented as exercise of the Company's outstanding options would be anti-dilutive.

For the year ended 31 March 2004, the diluted earnings per share for the year is based on 1,602,165,000 ordinary shares which is the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year plus the weighted average number of 2,992,000 ordinary shares deemed to be issued at no consideration if all outstanding options had been exercised.

## 每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃按是年股東應佔盈利港幣 61,159,000元(二〇〇四年:港幣30,323,000元)及 是年內已發行的普通股加權平均數1,609,016,000股 (二〇〇四年:1,602,165,000股)而計算。

於二〇〇五年六月三十日舉行之會議上,董事會建

議派發末期股息普通股每股2.0仙。此項擬派股息並 未於本賬項內當作應付股息,惟將呈列為截至二〇

〇六年三月三十一日止年度之保留溢利分配。

2005

2004

由於本公司的尚未行使的認股權若被行使時會出現 反攤薄的效果,因此截至二〇〇五年三月三十一日 止年度並無呈報攤薄盈利。

截至二〇〇四年三月三十一日止年度,每股攤薄盈 利乃按是年內已發行的普通股加權平均數 1,602,165,000股普通股及被當作並無收取任何代價 (倘全部尚未行使的認股權皆已被行使)而發行的 2,992,000股普通股加權平均數計算。

>賬項附註

### 10. FIXED ASSETS

#### 固定資產

		Group 集團 Furniture,			
		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 港幣千元	fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cost: At 1 April 2004 Additions Disposals/write-off Exchange adjustments	成本值: 二〇〇四年四月一日 添置 出售/撒銷 滙兑調整	96,498 10,996 (51,333) 837	66,324 17,186 (4,814) 230	1,435 276 (428) 12	164,257 28,458 (56,575) 1,079
At 31 March 2005	二〇〇五年三月三十一日	56,998	78,926	1,295	137,219
Accumulated depreciation and impairment: At 1 April 2004 Charge for the year Impairment charge Disposals/write-off Exchange adjustments	累計折舊及 減值: 二〇〇四年四月一日 本年度折舊 減值支出 出售/撒銷 滙兑調整	79,065 6,783 1,296 (51,321) 641	51,226 7,630 1,841 (4,812) 153	792 264 (428) 12	131,083 14,677 3,137 (56,561) 806
At 31 March 2005	二〇〇五年三月三十一日	36,464	56,038	640	93,142
Net book value: At 31 March 2005	賬面淨值: 二〇〇五年三月三十一日	20,534	22,888	655	44,077
At 31 March 2004	二〇〇四年三月三十一日	17,433	15,098	643	33,174

The directors have reviewed the carrying value of the assets and impairment charge of HK\$3,137,000 (2004: HK\$6,803,000) was made against the fixed assets of certain retail shops with reference to their operating results. 董事已對資產的賬面值進行評估並以零售店舖的營 運業績作為參考,因此為若干零售店舖的固定資產 作出減值為港幣3,137,000元(二〇〇四年:港幣 6,803,000元)。

#### **10. FIXED ASSETS** continued

### 固定資產 續

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cost: At 1 April 2004 Additions Disposals/write-off	成本值: 二〇〇四年四月一日 添置 出售/撇銷	10,037 1,754 -	15,570 235 –	1,061 (1,061)	26,668 1,989 (1,061)
At 31 March 2005	二〇〇五年三月三十一日	11,791	15,805	_	27,596
Accumulated depreciation: At 1 April 2004 Charge for the year Disposals/write-off	累計折舊: 二〇〇四年四月一日 本年度折舊 出售/撇銷	2,389 1,833 –	13,132 1,871 –	458 62 (520)	15,979 3,766 (520)
At 31 March 2005	二〇〇五年三月三十一日	4,222	15,003	_	19,225
Net book value: At 31 March 2005	賬面淨值: 二〇〇五年三月三十一日	7,569	802	_	8,371
At 31 March 2004	二〇〇四年三月三十一日	7,648	2,438	603	10,689

## 11. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS 訂金、預付費用及其它資產

		Gro 集	
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Rental deposits Deposits, prepayments and other assets	租賃按金 訂金、預付費用及其它資產	25,902 7,912	23,755 6,954
		33,814	30,709
Less: Current portion	減:本期部分	(13,006)	(10,120)
Long-term portion	長期部分	20,808	20,589

### >賬項附註

13.

14.

### **12. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

## 所佔附屬公司權益

		Company 公司		
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Unlisted shares, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries Amounts due to subsidiaries	非上市股份,按成本值 應收附屬公司款項 應付附屬公司款項	130,079 551,318 (203,428)	40,079 576,973 (207,079)	
Provisions for amounts due from	應收附屬公司款項撥備	477,969	409,973	
subsidiaries	<i>添水的面</i> 4 时外究饭用	(167,019)	(167,019)	
		310,950	242,954	
The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest- free, and have no fixed terms of repayment.		應收/應付附屬公司款項乃無抵押、免息及無固定 還款期。		
The underlying value of investment in s opinion of the Directors, is not less than at 31 March 2005.		董事認為,所佔附屬公司之權益 於其在二〇〇五年三月三十一日		
Details of principal subsidiaries at 31 M page 95.	larch 2005 are shown on	於二〇〇五年三月三十一日各主要附屬公司之有關 資料已詳列於第95頁。		
<b>INVENTORIES</b> The amount of inventories carried at n March 2005 is HK\$21,255,000 (2004: H		<b>存貨</b> 於二〇〇五年三月三十一日按可 貨為港幣21,255,000元(二 25,629,000元)。		
<b>TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLE</b> Included in trade and other receivable with an ageing analysis at 31 March 20	es are trade receivables	<b>貿易及其它應收賬項</b> 於二〇〇五年三月三十一日的貿 所包括之應收貿易賬項及其賬齡		
		Grou	ıp	

		集團		
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Within 30 days Between 31 to 60 days Between 61 to 90 days	三十日內 三十一日至六十日 六十一日至九十日	28,045 - 6	14,832 566 6	
		28,051	15,404	

### 15. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

#### 應付貿易賬項及應付票據

		Grc 集	
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	200→ 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千疗
Due within 30 days Due between 31 to 60 days Due between 61 to 90 days Due after 90 days	三十日內到期 三十一日至六十日到期 六十一日至九十日到期 九十日以上到期	52,202 5,502 1,771 1,173	31,11( 8,24) 3,14 1,03
		60,648	43,533

### 16. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS

#### 短期銀行貸款

股本

		Gro 集	
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trust receipt loans, secured Bank loans, secured	有抵押信託收據貸款 有抵押銀行貸款	-	1,137 4,118
		-	5,255

## **17. SHARE CAPITAL**

		Number of shares 股份數目	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each Balance at 31 March 2004 and 2005	法定: 每股面值港幣0.10元之普通股 二〇〇四年及二〇〇五年 三月三十一日結存	3,000,000,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each Balance at 31 March 2004 Issue of new shares upon exercise of share options	已發行及繳足: 每股面值港幣0.10元之普通股 二〇〇四年三月三十一日結存 因行使認股權而 發行新股	1,603,800,000 16,000,000	160,380 1,600
Balance at 31 March 2005	二〇〇五年三月三十一日結存	1,619,800,000	161,980

# 17. SHARE CAPITAL continued Share options

On 23 September 1997, the Company's shareholders passed a resolution approving the adoption of a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") for the executive directors and employees of the companies comprising the Group. The Share Option Scheme will remain in force until 22 September 2006. On 3 December 2004, 16,000,000 (2004: 3,800,000) share options, which were brought forward from prior years, were exercised by a director and an employee at HK\$2,976,000 (2004: HK\$706,800). The closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the day of exercise of options was HK\$0.42 per share. There were no outstanding options as at 31 March 2005 (2004: 16,000,000 shares). During the year, no options were granted to directors or employees and no options lapsed upon the expiration of share options under the Share Option Scheme.

During the year, the Company's shareholders passed a resolution approving the adoption of a new executive share incentive scheme (the "New Scheme") for the executive directors and employees of the companies comprising the Group, pursuant to which the Company may, following the adoption of the New Scheme, grant them options under the New Scheme to subscribe for shares of the Company, subject to a maximum aggregate of 156,580,000 shares of the Company. The New Scheme will remain in force for the period from 27 August 2004 to 26 August 2014. Pursuant to a decision of the Share Option Committee, under the Board of Directors, dated 1 September 2004, total options of 19,500,000 shares, which are exercisable at the subscription price of HK\$0.405 per share during the period from 1 September 2005 to 31 August 2009, both days inclusive, were granted to 23 employees of the Company for a nominal consideration of HK\$10 per grant of option in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme.

As at 31 March 2005, the Company had 19,500,000 outstanding share options. The exercise in full of such options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 19,500,000 (2004: 16,000,000) additional ordinary shares for aggregate proceeds, before related issue expenses, of HK\$7,897,500 (2004: HK\$2,976,000).

#### 股本 續 認股權

於一九九七年九月二十三日,本公司之股東通過一 項決議案,批准為組成本集團之各公司之執行董事 及僱員採納一項認股權計劃(「認股權計劃」)。此認 股權計劃有效期至二〇〇六年九月二十二日。於二 〇〇四年十二月三日,一名董事及一名僱員以港幣 2,976,000元(二〇〇四年:港幣706,800元)行使其 承轉自以往年度的16,000,000股(二〇〇四年: 3,800,000股)認股權。於行使認股權前一天的公司 股份收市價為每股港幣0.42元。截至二〇〇五年三 月三十一日,並無尚未行使的認股權(二〇〇四年: 16,000,000股)。是年內並無董事或僱員按照認股權 計劃獲賦授認股權及無股份之認股權因到期而作 廢。

是年內,本公司股東通過了一項決議案,批准為組 成本集團之各公司之執行董事及僱員採納一項新行 政人員股份獎勵計劃(「新計劃」),在採納新計劃 後,本公司可根據新計劃向彼等賦授認股權,以認 購最多合共156,580,000股本公司股份。新計劃有 效期由二〇〇四年八月二十七日至二〇一四年八月 二十六日。依照在董事會下的認股權委員會於二〇 〇四年九月一日作出之決定,根據新計劃按象徵式 代價每批認股權港幣10元向本公司23名僱員賦授可 於由二〇〇五年九月一日至二〇〇九年八月三十一 日(包括首尾兩天)期間內按認購價每股港幣0.405元 行使之合共19,500,000股股份之認購權。

於二〇〇五年三月三十一日,本公司尚未行使的認股權為數19,500,000股。按本公司現時之股本結構,倘該等認股權獲悉數行使,將發行19,500,000股(二〇〇四年:16,000,000股)額外普通股股份及產生所得款項總額(未扣除發行支出)港幣7,897,500元(二〇〇四年:港幣2,976,000元)。

## 18. RESERVES

RESERVES			傐	皆備			
				Group 集團			
		Share premium account 股份溢價賬 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Capital surplus 資本盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	( Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑 波動儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated losses)/ retained profits 累積(虧損) / 盈利 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2003	二〇〇三年四月一日	327,279	76	500	(7,776)	(185,141)	134,938
lssue of new shares upon exercise of share options Exchange differences Net profit for the year	因行使認股權而 發行新股 匯兑差額 是年度盈利淨額	327	- - -	- - -	(263) 	- - 30,323	327 (263) 30,323
At 31 March and 1 April 2004	二〇〇四年三月三十一日 及四月一日	327,606	76	500	(8,039)	(154,818)	165,325
Issue of new shares upon exercise of share options Elimination of accumulated losses as at 31 March 2004	因行使認股權而 發行新股 因削減股份溢價以抵銷 於二〇〇四年 二月二十一日止的	1,376	-	-	-	-	1,376
against share premium account (note (a)) Transfer to contributed	三月三十一日止的 累計虧損(附註(a)) 轉賬至繳入盈餘	(188,910)	-	-	-	188,910	-
surplus (note (a))	(附註(a))	(138,696)	-	138,696	-	-	-
Exchange differences Net profit for the year	匯兑差額 是年度盈利淨額	-	-	-	791	61,159	791 61,159
At 31 March 2005	二〇〇五年三月三十一日	1,376	76	139,196	(7,248)	95,251	228,651

>賬項附註

#### 18. **RESERVES** continued

**儲備** 續

		Share premium account 股份溢價賬 HK\$1000 港幣千元		かかり 公司 (Accumulated losses)/ retained profits 累積 (虧損) / 盈利 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2003 Issue of new shares upon	二〇〇三年四月一日 因行使認股權而	327,279	20,679	(186,278)	161,680
exercise of share options Net loss for the year	發行新股 是年度虧損淨額	327	-	(2,632)	327 (2,632)
At 31 March and 1 April 2004 Elimination of accumulated losses as at 31 March 2004 against share premium	二○○四年三月三十一日 及四月一日 因削減股份溢價以抵銷於 二○○四年三月三十一日止 的累計虧損(附註(a))	327,606	20,679	(188,910)	159,375
account (note (a)) Transfer to contributed surplus	轉賬至繳入盈餘	(188,910)	-	188,910	_
(note (a))	(附註(a))	(138,696)	138,696	_	_
Issue of new shares upon exercise of share options	因行使認股權而 發行新股	1,376	-	-	1,376
Net profit for the year	是年度盈利淨額	_	_	61,752	61,752
At 31 March 2005	二〇〇五年三月三十一日	1,376	159,375	61,752	222,503

(a) Pursuant to a special resolution passed at an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 23 March 2005, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the reduction of the share premium account of the Company by reducing the amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company as at 31 March 2004 in the sum of HK\$327,606,000 to offset the accumulated losses of the Company as at 31 March 2004 in the sum of HK\$188,910,000 in full and the remaining balance of HK\$138,696,000 to be credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company. 按照二〇〇五年三月二十三日在股東特別大會上通 過之特別決議,本公司董事會已批準削減本公司於 二〇〇四年三月三十一日的股份溢價賬進賬額 港幣327,606,000元,而由此產生的進賬額部份 以用作抵銷本公司於二〇〇四年三月三十一日 港幣188,910,000元的累計虧損,進賬餘額港幣 138,696,000元已撥入本公司的繳入盈餘賬。

#### **18. RESERVES** continued

(b) The Group's contributed surplus includes HK\$500,000 which represents the excess of the nominal value of the subsidiaries' shares acquired over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor during the group reorganisation in 1990. The remaining balance of HK\$138,696,000 was credited from the share premium account pursuant to a special resolution passed on 23 March 2005 as set out in note (a) above.

The Company's contributed surplus includes HK\$138,696,000 which was credited from the share premium account and HK\$20,679,000 which represents the excess of the fair value of the subsidiaries' shares acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation in 1990 over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

- (c) At 31 March 2005, the Company had reserves of HK\$61,752,000 available for distribution. The Company's share premium account, in the amount of HK\$1,376,000, may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.
- (d) After the balance sheet date, the directors proposed a final dividend of 2.0 cents per share (2004: Nil) amounting to HK\$32,396,000 (2004: Nil). The dividend has not been recognised as a liability at the balance sheet date.

#### **19. DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred taxation is calculated on temporary differences under the liability method using a principal taxation rate of 17.5% (2004: 17.5%).

#### (a) Deferred tax assets recognised:

The components of deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated balance sheet and the movements during the year are as follows:

#### 儲備 續

本集團之繳入盈餘包括於一九九〇年集團重組時所購入之附屬公司之股份面值超出公司所發行以作交換之股份面值之金額港幣500,000元。根據二〇〇五年三月二十三日在股東特別大會上通過之特別決議(詳列於以上附註(a)),進賬餘額港幣138,696,000元乃來自股份溢價賬。

本公司之繳入盈餘包括來自股份溢價賬的進賬額港幣138,696,000元及於一九九〇年集團重組時收購 附屬公司之公允價超出本公司所發行以作交換之股 份面值之金額港幣20,679,000元。

於二〇〇五年三月三十一日,本公司可用作分派之 儲備為港幣61,752,000元。本公司可以繳足紅股方 式分派之股份溢價賬則為港幣1,376,000元。

於結算日後董事會建議派發末期股息每股2.0仙(二 〇〇四年:無),派息總額港幣32,396,000元(二〇 〇四年:無)。該項股息於結算日並不確認為負債。

#### 遞延税項

遞延税項採用負債法就暫時性差額按主要税率 17.5%(二〇〇四年:17.5%)作撥備。

#### 已確認之遞延税項資產:

綜合資產負債表內遞延税項資產的組成及年內之變 動如下:

		<b>Group</b> 集團 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Deferred tax assets arising from tax losses:	因税項虧損而產生的遞延税項:	
At 1 April 2003 Charged to consolidated profit and loss account (note 6)	二〇〇三年四月一日 於綜合損益賬記賬列支(附註6)	2,400 (2,400)
At 31 March 2004 and 1 April 2004 Credited to consolidated profit and loss account (note 6)	二〇〇四年三月三十一日及四月一日 於綜合損益賬計入(附註6)	7,000
At 31 March 2005	二〇〇五年三月三十一日	7,000

> 賬項附註

### **19. DEFERRED TAXATION** continued

#### Deferred tax assets not recognised: (b)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable.

The Group has unrecognised tax losses of HK\$185,886,000 (2004: HK\$265,930,000) to carry forward against future taxable income, HK\$29,420,000 of which will expire in or before 2009 (2004: HK\$26,527,000 of which will expire in or before 2008). There is no expiry period for other tax losses.

The Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of 本集團未確認遞延税項資產列述如下: the following:

### 遞延税項 續 未確認之遞延税項資產:

遞延所得税資產乃因應相關税務利益有機會透過未 來應課税溢利變現而就所結轉之税務虧損作確認。

本集團為數港幣185.886.000元(二〇〇四年:港幣 265.930.000元)的未確認税務虧損可結轉以抵銷未 來應課税收入;其中為數港幣29,420,000元的税務 虧損將於二〇〇九年或以前屆滿(二〇〇四年:港幣 26.527.000元將於二〇〇八年或以前屆滿)。其它税 務虧損並無期限。

		Gro 集	
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Future benefit of tax losses Accelerated depreciation Other timing differences	税項虧損所產生之未來税務利益 加速折舊 其它暫時差異	34,736 1,093 (2,103)	48,527 1,730 6,246
		33,726	56,503

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same tax authority.

當法律上有權執行將現有之税項資產用作抵銷現有 之税項負債及當遞延税項是與同一税務機構有關 時,遞延税項資產及負債即可予抵銷。

#### **20. COMMITMENTS**

#### (a) Operating lease commitments

承擔 經營租賃承擔

At 31 March 2005, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

於二〇〇五年三月三十一日,本集團根據不可撤銷 的經營租賃而應付之未來最低租賃付款總額如下:

		Gro 集	oup 團
		2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Land and buildings:	土地及樓宇:		
Not later than one year	第一年內 第二至第五年內	87,235	80,136
Later than one year and not later than five years	<b>第</b> —王弟五十内	94,085	128,936
		181,320	209,072

Payment obligations in respect of operating leases with rentals varied with gross revenues are not included as future minimum lease payment.

有關與總收入掛鈎的租賃合約支付責任並不計入未 來最低租賃支出。

#### (b) Forward exchange contracts

#### Group 集團 2005 2004 二〇〇四年 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣千元 港幣千元 尚未結算的 Forward foreign exchange contracts 外匯期貨合約 outstanding 135,019 140,164

#### (c) Capital commitments

At 31 March 2005, the Group and the Company had no significant capital commitments (2004: Nil).

#### **21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

There were contingent liabilities in respect of guarantees given by the Company on behalf of subsidiaries relating to bank facilities up to HK\$288,418,000 (2004: HK\$350,418,000).

#### 資本承擔

外匯期貨合約

於二〇〇五年三月三十一日,本集團及本公司概無 任何屬重大之資本承擔(二〇〇四年:無)。

#### 或然負債

本公司為附屬公司就有關銀行信貸之保證為港幣 288,418,000元(二〇〇四年:港幣350,418,000 元)。

>賬項附註

#### 22. PROVISION FOR UNFULFILLED PURCHASE COMMITMENT

During the year, the Group received a vendor claim in respect of unfulfilled purchase commitment. The Group is in the process of discussing the matter with the vendor for an amicable arrangement. The Group estimates that the potential exposure on the reparation for the unfulfilled purchase commitment is approximately HK\$23,919,000.

#### 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Significant related party transactions, which were carried out in 本集團所參與之與連繫人士的重大交易乃於正常業 the normal course of the Group's business, are as follows:

### 未履行採購承諾的撥備

是年內,本集團接獲供應商就一項未履行採購承諾 所提出的補償。本集團正與該供應商進行磋商,以 取得妥善的協議。本集團估計可能涉及的補償約為 港幣23.919.000元。

#### 與連繫人士的交易

務運作情況下進行並分述如下:

			Gro 集	
			2005 二〇〇五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2004 二○○四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Rental expenses paid to fellow subsidiaries (Note)	已支付予同系附屬公司的 租金支出(附註)		4,961	2,809
Note: The rental expenses related to the were based on estimated open n	0	附註:	有關租賃若干零售場所的利 開市場租金而計算。	团金支出,乃按估計公

### 24. APPROVAL OF THE ACCOUNTS

The accounts were approved by the board of directors on 30 本賬項已於二〇〇五年六月三十日經董事會通過。 June 2005.

#### 賬項通過