# **BALANCE SHEET**

At 30 June 2005

(Prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP and regulations)

			5 (unaudited)		2004 (audited)
ASSETS	Notes	Group <i>RMB</i>	Company <i>RMB</i>	Group <i>RMB</i>	Company <i>RMB</i>
CURRENT ACCETS:					
CURRENT ASSETS:  Bank balances and cash	5	006 602 072	672 252 754	207 426 250	220 202 224
Current investments	5 6	996,693,972	673,353,754	287,436,358	229,283,234
	7	6,511,699	6,161,699	6,282,021	5,862,011
Notes receivable	· ·	141,648,009	118,789,084	75,619,896	53,023,525
Accounts receivable	8	279,507,694	105,801,641	212,781,875	95,508,850
Other receivables	9	260,851,851	237,800,377	307,269,537	261,649,074
Prepayments	10	133,166,930	124,553,781	482,636,975	443,819,369
Inventories	11	2,948,215,346	2,813,614,999	2,925,770,949	2,798,163,949
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		4,766,595,501	4,080,075,335	4,297,797,611	3,887,310,012
TOTAL COMMENT ASSETS		4,700,333,301	4,000,073,333	4,231,131,011	3,007,310,012
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS:					
Long-term equity investments	12	10,000,000	436,229,947	10,000,000	227,142,741
FIXED ASSETS:					
Fixed assets - cost	13			11,704,787,915	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	13	5,508,891,158	5,390,981,740	5,274,519,995	5,169,429,540
E. I		6 402 575 026	5 050 407 530	6 420 267 020	6 002 470 524
Fixed assets - net	4.5	6,193,575,826	5,858,107,530	6,430,267,920	6,083,170,531
Less: Impairment	13	4,699,700	4,699,700	4,699,700	4,699,700
F. 1	4.2	6 400 076 406	F 0F2 407 020	6 425 560 220	6 070 470 024
Fixed assets - net book value	13	6,188,876,126	5,853,407,830	6,425,568,220	6,078,470,831
Fixed assets under construction	14	820,128,343	761,471,607	519,773,923	516,757,003
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS		7,009,004,469	6,614,879,437	6,945,342,143	6,595,227,834
TOTAL TIMED ASSETS		7,005,004,405	0,014,075,457	0,545,542,145	0,333,227,034
INTANGIBLE ASSETS					
AND OTHER ASSETS:					
Intangible assets	15	125,244,982	96,137,884	128,041,361	98,136,519
			,,	,,	,:,3.3
TOTAL ASSETS		11,910,844,952	11,227,322,603	11,381,181,115	10,807,817,106

# **BALANCE SHEET**

At 30 June 2005

(Prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP and regulations)

LIABULITIES AND			5 (unaudited)		2004 (audited)
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Notes	Group <i>RMB</i>	Company <i>RMB</i>	Group <i>RMB</i>	Company <i>RMB</i>
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	1.0	065 770 542	750 770 542	1 245 000 066	1 077 500 066
Short-term loans	16	965,778,543	750,778,543	1,345,090,866	1,077,590,866
Notes payable	17	4,980,000	4,980,000		
Accounts payable	18	312,551,129	237,717,704	264,335,988	233,201,334
Advances from customers		104,462,967	96,676,346	150,404,843	143,364,607
Salaries and wages payable		2,096,524		1,742,272	_
Employee benefits payable		1,318,646	395,164	1,294,535	378,650
Taxes payable	19	264,898,679	249,837,025	147,491,709	129,126,929
Other fees payable	20	32,675,914	32,630,832	34,739,290	34,581,170
Other payables	21	473,990,396	448,522,362	408,356,979	392,600,525
Accrued expenses	22	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Long-term liabilities due					
within one year	23	819,270,000	808,270,000	618,270,000	607,270,000
Total current liabilities		2,984,022,798	2,631,807,976	2,973,726,482	2,620,114,081
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:					
	2.4	4 022 740 000	4 044 740 000	2 001 710 000	2 000 710 000
Long-term loans	24	1,833,710,000	1,811,710,000	2,091,710,000	2,069,710,000
Long-term payables	25	38,366,000	38,366,000	39,301,000	39,301,000
Total long-term liabilities		1,872,076,000	1,850,076,000	2,131,011,000	2,109,011,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,856,098,798	4,481,883,976	5,104,737,482	4,729,125,081
MINORITY INTERESTS		314,821,354	_	199,601,038	_
CHARTIOI DEDC/ FOURTY					
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:	26	2 664 029 200	2 664 020 200	2 664 020 200	2 664 020 200
Paid-in capital	26	2,664,038,200		2,664,038,200	2,664,038,200
Capital reserves	27	1,378,347,042		1,378,147,042	1,378,147,042
Surplus reserves	28	1,009,807,299	1,005,631,939	1,009,807,299	1,005,631,939
Including: Statutory public					
welfare fund	28	203,765,455	201,710,102	203,765,455	201,710,102
Cash dividend proposed after					
the balance sheet date			_	319,684,584	319,684,584
Unappropriated profits		1,687,732,259	1,697,421,446	705,165,470	711,190,260
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		6,739,924,800	6,745,438,627	6,076,842,595	6,078,692,025
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
		11 010 044 053	11 227 222 602	11 201 101 115	10 007 017 100
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		11,910,844,952	11,227,322,003	11,381,181,115	10,807,817,106

The accompanying notes are part of the financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF INCOME AND PROFITS APPROPRIATION

For the period ended 30 June 2005 (Prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP and regulations)

		Si	x months perio	riod ended 30 June			
			<b>2005 (unaudited)</b> 2004 (unaudited)				
		Group	Company	Group	Company		
rs	Notes	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB		
ue	29	6,907,669,330	6,509,317,355	4,848,909,909	4,611,855,878		
Cost of Sales	30	5,167,050,162	4,837,638,338	4,025,670,608	3,825,165,503		
Sales tax	31	19,706,091	18,306,620	18,478,160	17,633,425		
profit		1.720.913.077	1.653.372.397	804.761.141	769,056,950		
•	32				190,126,642		
Operating expenses General and		41,066,751	23,997,909	32,514,015	23,452,059		
administrative expenses		178,748,447	165,455,602	139,661,121	131,221,510		
Financial costs	33	97,375,235	91,462,879	98,630,104	94,593,851		
from operation		1,170,956,177	1,156,977,139	726,860,391	709,916,172		
Investment (loss) income	34	(304,860)	8,675,593	(11,575,047)	2,622,109		
Non-operating income		1,412,635	1,385,969	210,870	210,870		
Non-operating expenses	35	10,417,301	10,219,866	26,975,628	26,965,628		
before tax		1.161.646.651	1.156.818.835	688.520.586	685,783,523		
Income tax	36				53,263,583		
Minority interests		7,638,328	<u> </u>	8,792,889			
rofit for the period		982,566,789	986,231,186	626,417,651	632,519,940		
Unappropriated profits at the beginning of the period		705,165,470	711,190,260	343,487,302	343,664,335		
	profit Other operating profit Operating expenses General and administrative expenses Financial costs  from operation Investment (loss) income Non-operating income Non-operating expenses  before tax Income tax Minority interests  rofit for the period Unappropriated profits at the	Cost of Sales 30 Sales tax 31  profit Other operating profit 32 Operating expenses General and administrative expenses Financial costs 33  from operation  Investment (loss) income 34 Non-operating income Non-operating expenses 35  before tax Income tax Income tax 36 Minority interests  rofit for the period  Unappropriated profits at the	TS Notes RMB  ue 29 6,907,669,330 Cost of Sales 30 5,167,050,162 Sales tax 31 19,706,091  profit 1,720,913,077 Other operating profit 32 (232,766,467) Operating expenses 41,066,751 General and administrative expenses 7,375,235  from operation 1,170,956,177  Investment (loss) income 34 (304,860) Non-operating expenses 35 10,417,301  before tax 1,161,646,651 Income tax 36 171,441,534 Minority interests 7,638,328  rofit for the period 982,566,789	Company   Comp	Notes   RMB   Company   Group   Group   Group   Group   Group   Group   RMB   RMB		

### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

at the end of the period

Six months period ended
30 June (unaudited)
2005 2004
Group and Company
RMB RMB

969,904,953

976,184,275

Gains (losses) on disposal of fixed assets 82,604 (15,958,992)

1,687,732,259 1,697,421,446

The accompanying notes are part of the financial statements.

# CASH FLOWS STATEMENT

For the period ended 30 June 2005 (Prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP and regulations)

2005 (unaudited) 2004 (una Group Company Group  Notes RMB RMB RMB  RMB		
	004 (unaudited)	
Notes <b>RMB</b> RMB RMB	Company	
	RMB	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from sales	057 777 704	
·	,857,777,784	
Other cash received relating	204 002 247	
to operating activities <b>59,531,986 27,524,300</b> 283,094,724	284,883,347	
Sub-total of cash inflows         8,865,470,926         8,061,310,552         6,622,344,319         6	,142,661,131	
Cash paid for goods and services <b>6,114,540,749 5,446,769,544</b> 5,029,385,293 4	,602,998,992	
Cash paid to and on behalf	, , ,	
of employees <b>175,058,453 167,247,167</b> 195,350,459	190,801,274	
Tax payments <b>458,983,226 455,876,248</b> 364,693,900	296,965,630	
Cash paid relating to other	, ,	
operating activities 37 <b>356,747,202 304,723,913</b> 343,357,614	342,043,335	
<b>Sub-total of cash outflows 7,105,329,630 6,374,616,872</b> 5,932,787,266 5	,432,809,231	
Net cash flows from		
<b>operating activities 1,760,141,296 1,686,693,680</b> 689,557,053	709,851,900	
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash received from disposal		
of investments 70,010 — —		
Cash received from return	_	
on investments 1,271 16,021,518 —	658,543	
Net cash receipts from disposal of fixed	030,343	
assets, intangible assets and		
other long-term assets 4,468,698 4,468,698 —	_	
Cash received relating to		
other investing activities — 4,530,699	4,530,699	
in the second se	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
<b>Sub-total of cash inflows 4,539,979 20,490,216</b> 4,530,699	5,189,242	
Cash paid to acquire fixed assets, intangible		
assets and other long-term assets <b>304,715,907 247,886,221</b> 216,615,522	214,620,116	
assets and other long-term assets 304,715,907 247,886,221 216,615,522 Cash paid to acquire investments 605,819 605,819 6,232,059	214,620,116 5,962,059	
assets and other long-term assets Cash paid to acquire investments Cash paid for acquisition subsidiaries  304,715,907 247,886,221 216,615,522 6,232,059 6,232,059	5,962,059	
assets and other long-term assets Cash paid to acquire investments Cash paid for acquisition subsidiaries and other operating units  304,715,907 247,886,221 216,615,522 605,819 605,819 6,232,059 605,819 6232,059 25,330,280		
assets and other long-term assets Cash paid to acquire investments Cash paid for acquisition subsidiaries  304,715,907 247,886,221 216,615,522 6,232,059 6,232,059	5,962,059	
assets and other long-term assets Cash paid to acquire investments Cash paid for acquisition subsidiaries and other operating units Cash paid for other investment activities  304,715,907 247,886,221 6,615,522 605,819 605,819 216,127,000 25,330,280 ————————————————————————————————————	5,962,059 35,000,000 —	
assets and other long-term assets Cash paid to acquire investments Cash paid for acquisition subsidiaries and other operating units  304,715,907 247,886,221 216,615,522 605,819 605,819 6,232,059 605,819 6232,059 25,330,280	5,962,059	

# CASH FLOWS STATEMENT

For the period ended 30 June 2005 (Prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP and regulations)

		x months perionaudited)	d ended 30 June 2004 (unaudited)		
	Group Company <i>RMB RMB</i>		Group <i>RMB</i>	Company <i>RMB</i>	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Cash received from investors	118,263,000	_	60,000	_	
Including: Cash received from minority investors	118,263,000	_	60.000	_	
Cash received from borrowings	791,130,963	690,778,543	1,263,973,998	1,201,103,998	
Sub-total of cash inflows	909,393,963	690,778,543	1,264,033,998	1,201,103,998	
Repayments of borrowings Dividends paid, profit	1,227,443,286	1,074,590,866	1,181,644,365	1,147,774,365	
distributed or interests paid	431,117,612	413,747,013	421,069,837	415,938,281	
Including: dividends paid to minority shareholders in subsidiaries	10,681,012	_	822,348	_	
Cash payment relating to other financing activities	935,000	935,000	935,000	935,000	
Sub-total of cash outflows	1,659,495,898	1,489,272,879	1,603,649,202	1,564,647,646	
Net cash flows from financing activities	(750,101,935)	(798,494,336)	(339,615,204)	(363,543,648)	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	_	_	_	_	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	709,257,614	444,070,520	106,294,687	95,915,319	

# **CASH FLOWS STATEMENT**

For the period ended 30 June 2005 (Prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP and regulations)

		Six months period ended 30 June			
		naudited)	2004 (unaudited)		
	Group <i>RMB</i>	Company <i>RMB</i>	Group <i>RMB</i>	Company <i>RMB</i>	
Supplemental information					
Reconciliation of net profit to cash flows from operating activities:					
Net profit	982,566,789	986,231,186	626,417,651	632,519,940	
Add: Minority interests	7,638,328	_	8,792,889	_	
Impairment losses on assets	(19,265,611)	(16,438,799)	3,878,873	3,878,873	
Depreciation of fixed assets	237,245,337	224,426,374	241,528,719	232,996,465	
Amortization of intangible assets	2,796,379	1,998,635	1,998,634	1,998,634	
Amortization of long-term					
deferred expenses	_	_	1,007,623	_	
Increase (decrease) in accrued					
expenses	_	_	_	100,000	
Gains (losses) on disposal					
of fixed assets, intangible assets and other					
long-term assets	(82,604)	(82,604)	15,958,992	15,958,992	
Financial expenses	100,174,166	93,484,579	97,688,711	93,379,503	
Losses (gains) arising	100,174,100	33,404,373	37,000,711	55,575,505	
from investments	(1,271)	(8,981,724)	1,575,062	(12,622,094)	
Decrease (increase)	(1,=11,	(5,553,7523,	.,	(,,,	
in inventories	(22,444,397)	(15,451,050)	23,263,350	(26,379,206)	
Decrease (increase) in receivables					
under operating activities	282,705,541	283,800,865	(228,191,839)	(168,668,410)	
Increase (decrease) in payables					
under operating activities	188,808,639	137,706,218	(104,361,612)	(63,310,797)	
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,760,141,296	1,686,693,680	689,557,053	709,851,900	
- The cash hows from operating detivities	1,700,141,230	1,000,033,000	003,337,033	703,031,300	
Investing and financing activities that					
do not involve cash receipts and payments	200,000	200,000	_		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents					
Cash and cash equivalents					
at the end of the period	996,693,972	673,353,754	412,432,367	351,312,540	
Less: cash and cash equivalents					
at the beginning of the period	287,436,358	229,283,234	306,137,680	255,397,221	
Net increase in cash					
and cash equivalents	709,257,614	444,070,520	106,294,687	95,915,319	
and cash equivalents	703,237,014	444,070,320	100,294,007	פוכ,כוד,כד	

The accompanying notes are part of the financial statements.



FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005
(PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

#### 1. GENERAL

Jiangxi Copper Company Limited (the "Company") was established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") as a joint stock limited company on 24 January 1997 by Jiangxi Copper Corporation ("JCC"), International Copper Industry (China) Investment Limited, Shenzhen Baoheng (Group) Company Limited, Jiangxi Xinxin Company Limited and Hubei Sanxin Gold & Copper Company Limited. The Company's H Shares were listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK") and London Stock Exchange ("LSE") in June 1997. The Company has allotted 230,000,000 ordinary A shares of RMB1.00 each at the price of RMB2.27 per share on 21 December 2001 and were listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange ("SSE") on 11 January 2002. The Company's share capital increased to RMB2,664,038,200 after the issue of A shares.

The Company mainly engages in smelting, protracting and refining of non-ferrous metal mine, precious metal mine, non-metal mine, non ferrous metal and by-products; after-sale service for self-produced products and relevant consulting service.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

#### Accounting system and accounting standards adopted

The Company has adopted the "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises", the "Accounting System for Business Enterprises" and the supplementary regulations thereto.

#### Basis of accounting and principle of measurement

The Company has adopted the accrual basis of accounting and uses the historical cost convention as the principle of measurement.

#### **Accounting** year

The Company has adopted the calendar year as its accounting year, i.e. from 1 January to 31 December. The period of this financial statements is from 1 January 2005 to 30 June 2005.

#### **Recording currency**

The recording currency of the Company is the Renminbi ("RMB").

#### Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies (currencies other than the recording currency) are translated into Renminbi at the applicable rate of exchange ("market exchange rate") prevailing at the beginning of the month in which the transaction occurs. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Renminbi at the market exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses incurred on specific borrowing for the acquisition or construction of a fixed asset are capitalized as part of the cost of fixed asset; exchange gains or losses arising on the pre-operating period are recorded as long-term deferred expenses, other exchange gains or losses are dealt with as finance costs.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

#### Basis of consolidation

(1) Scope of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 30 June and 31 December each year. A subsidiary is an enterprise in which the Company, directly or indirectly, holds more than half of the equity, or whose operating activities are controlled by the Company through other mechanisms.

(2) Accounting for consolidation

The accounting policies used by subsidiaries conform to those used by the Company.

The operating results and cash flows of subsidiaries acquired during the year are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement respectively from the effective dates of acquisition, as appropriate.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are eliminated on consolidation.

#### Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk on change in value.

#### Accounting for bad debts

(1) Criteria for recognition of bad debts

The irrecoverable amount of a bankrupt debtor after pursuing the statutory procedures;

The irrecoverable amount of a debtor who has deceased and has insufficient estate to repay;

The amount owed by a debtor who is unable to repay the obligations after the debts fall due, and the amount is irrecoverable or unlikely to be recovered as demonstrated by sufficient evidence.

(2) Accounting treatment for bad debt losses

Bad debt is accounted for using the allowance method and provided according to the recoverability of receivables at the year-end. The appropriate percentages of provision for bad debts relating to significant receivable accounts are reasonably determined based on relevant information such as past experience, actual financial position and cash flows of the debtors, as well as other relevant information. General provision for the remaining receivables is estimated, based on aging analysis, as follows:

Age of Receivables	Percentage of bad debt provision
Within 1 year	_
1-2 years	20%
2-3 years	50%
Over 3 years	100%

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are initially recorded at cost. The cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Inventories mainly include raw materials, work in progress and finished goods.

Inventories are accounted for using the actual costing method. In determining the cost of inventories transferred out or issued for use, the actual costs are determined by the weighted average method.

When more than one finished product is abstracted from the mineral resource ("joint-product, major product and by-product"), their production costs are apportioned between resulting finished products by reference to their sales price at the point where those products become physically separated.

Low-value consumables are written-off in full when issued for use.

#### Provision for decline in value of inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value at the end of a period. Where the net realizable value is lower than the cost, the difference is recognized as a provision for decline in value. Provision for decline in value of inventories is made by comparing cost with net realizable value on an individual item basis.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to completion and the estimated expenses and the related taxes necessary to make the sale.

#### **Current investments**

A current investment is initially recorded at its cost of acquisition. The initial cost of an investment is the total price paid on acquisition, including incidental expenses such as tax payments and handling charges. However, cash dividends declared but unpaid or bonds interests due but unpaid that are included in the acquisition cost are accounted for separately as receivable items.

Cash dividends or interest on current investments, other than those recorded as receivable items as noted in the preceding paragraph, are offset against the carrying amount of investments upon receipt.

Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and market value at the end of each period. Where the market value is lower than cost, the difference is recognized as a provision for decline in value of current investments, which is calculated and determined on the basis of individual classes of investments.

On disposal of a current investment, the difference between the carrying amount of the investment and the sales proceeds actually received is recognized as an investment gain or loss in the current period.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

#### Long-term investments

(1) Accounting treatment for long-term equity investments:

A long-term investment is initially recorded at its cost on acquisition.

The cost method is used to account for a long-term equity investment when the Company does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investee enterprise. The equity method is used when the Company can control, jointly control or has significant influence over the investee enterprise.

When the cost method is adopted, the amount of investment income recognized is limited to the amount distributed out of accumulated net profits of the investee enterprise that has arisen after the investment was made. The amount of profits or cash dividends declared by the investee enterprise in excess of the above threshold is treated as return of investment cost, and the carrying amount of the investment is reduced accordingly.

When the equity method is adopted, the investment income for the current period is recognized according to the attributable share of the net profit or loss of the investee enterprises. The attributable share of net losses incurred by the investee enterprise is recognized to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to zero. If the investee enterprise realizes net profits in subsequent periods, the carrying amount of the investment is resumed by the excess of the Company's attributable share of profits over the share of unrecognized losses.

When a long-term equity investment is accounted for using the equity method, the difference between the initial investment cost of the Company and its share of owners' equity of the investee enterprise is accounted for as "equity investment difference". An excess of the initial investment cost over the Company's share of owners' equity of the investee enterprise is debited to "long-term equity investment - equity investment difference" and amortised on a straight-line basis and charged to the income statement accordingly. The amortization period is the investing period if it is stipulated in the investment contract. Otherwise, it is amortized over a period of not more than 10 years. A shortfall of the initial investment cost below the Company's share of owners' equity of the investee enterprise arising before the issuance of Caikuai [2003] 10, is credited to "long-term equity investment - equity investment difference", and amortized on a straight-line basis and charged to the income statement accordingly. The amortization period is the investing period if it is stipulated in the investment contract. Otherwise, it is amortized over a period of not less than 10 years. The shortfall of the initial investment cost below the Company's share of owners' equity of the investee enterprise arising after the issuance of Caikuai [2003] 10 is credited to "capital surplus - provision for equity investment".

(2) Accounting treatment for long-term debt investments:

A long-term debt investment is initially recorded at its investment cost which is the actual total price paid less any interest receivable due but unpaid. The difference between the actual cost of a long-term bond investment (as reduced by any bond interest due but unpaid and accrued bond interest and any related taxes included therein) and the par value of the bond is treated as investment premium or discount. The premium or discount is amortized using the straight-line method over the period between the acquisition date and the maturity date, and charged to the income statement in the period when the relevant bond interest is recognized as income.

Interest income on long-term debt investments is calculated periodically. Interest income on long-term bond investments is calculated according to the par value and the coupon rate and recognized as income after adjusting for the amortization of the premium or discount.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

#### Long-term investments (continued)

#### (3) Impairment of long-term investments

At the end of each period, the Company determines whether an impairment loss should be recognized for a long-term investment by considering the indications that such a loss may have occurred. Where the recoverable amount of any long-term investment is lower than its carrying amount, an impairment loss on the long-term investment is recognized for the difference.

#### Recoverable amount

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price, and the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

#### Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are tangible assets that, (a) are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes; (b) have a useful life of more than one year; and (c) have a relatively high unit price.

The cost of used fixed assets acquired from shareholders, when the Company was established and acquired from Wushan Mine, are stated at replacement net value and depreciated over remaining useful lives which are both provided by an independent valuer. The remaining useful life of used fixed assets should not exceed its original useful life.

Fixed assets acquired by the Company are stated at actual cost. Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of each category of fixed assets over their estimated useful lives from the month after they reach work condition for their intended use, using the straight-line method. The estimated residual value, useful life and annual depreciation rate of each category of fixed assets are as follows:

Categories of fixed assets	Residual value	Useful life	Annual depreciation rate
Buildings	10%	12-40	2.25-7.50%
Equipment and machinery	10%	10-25	3.60-9.00%
Vehicles	10%	10-12	7.50-9.00%

### Impairment of fixed assets

At the end of each period, the Company determines whether an impairment loss should be recognized for a fixed asset by considering the indications that such a loss may have occurred. Where the recoverable amount of any fixed asset is lower than its carrying amount, an impairment loss on fixed asset is recognized for the difference.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

#### Fixed assets under construction

Fixed assets under construction are recorded at the actual cost incurred for the construction.

Cost includes all expenditures incurred for construction projects, capitalized borrowing costs incurred on a specific borrowing for the construction of fixed assets before it has reached the working condition for its intended use, and other related expenses. A fixed asset under construction is transferred to fixed assets when it has reached the working condition for its intended use. No depreciation is provided for fixed assets under construction.

Where the work on a fixed asset under construction has been suspended for a long period of time and is not expected to re-commence within three years; or it is technically and physically obsolete and its economic benefits to the Company is uncertain; or there is other evidence indicating a decline in value of the fixed asset under construction, an impairment loss is recognized for the shortfall of the recoverable amount of the fixed asset under construction below its carrying amount.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded at the actual cost of acquisition. For a purchased intangible asset, the actual cost is the actual purchase price.

Land use rights purchased or acquired by payment of land transfer fees before the adoption of the "Accounting System for Business Enterprises", are accounted for as intangible assets and are amortized over the periods as stated below. Those purchased or acquired after the adoption of the "Accounting System for Business Enterprises", are accounted for as intangible assets before construction work for own-use purpose or development commences and are amortized over the periods as stated below. Upon using the land to construct fixed assets for own use, the carrying amount of the land use right is transferred to the cost of fixed assets under construction.

The cost of an intangible asset is amortized evenly over its expected useful life from the month in which it is obtained.

#### Impairment loss on intangible assets

At the end of each period, the Company determines whether an impairment loss should be recognized for an intangible asset by considering the indications that such a loss may have occurred. Where the recoverable amount of any intangible asset is lower than its carrying amount, an impairment loss on the intangible asset is recognized for the difference.

#### Long-term deferred expenses

Unless related to the acquisition or construction of fixed assets, all expenditure incurred during the pre-operating period is recognized as an expense in the month in which the enterprise commences operation.

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs comprise interest incurred on borrowings, amortization of discounts or premiums, ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings, and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings. Borrowing costs incurred on a specific borrowing for the acquisition or construction of a fixed asset, are capitalized as the cost of the fixed asset to the extent that they are incurred before the fixed asset has reached the working condition for its intended use and limited to the amount calculated by applying the capitalization rate to the weighted average amount of accumulated expenditure for the fixed asset. Other borrowing costs are recognized as expenses and included as finance costs in the period in which they are incurred.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

#### Government grant

Special government grant relating to assets should be recognized as government grant payable when it is received. The portion of government grant, which is used to construct long-term assets, can be transferred to capital surplus at actual cost when relevant project is completed. The portion of government grant that should be returned to government, deduct the liability balance when repayment made.

### Revenue recognition

Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue is recognized when the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods, it retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company, and the relevant amount of revenue and costs can be measured reliably.

Revenue from rendering of services

When the provision of services is started and completed within the same accounting year, revenue is recognized at the time of completion of the services. When the provision of services is started and completed in different accounting years and the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue is recognized at the balance sheet date by the use of the percentage of completion method. Revenue is otherwise recognized at the balance sheet date only to the extent of the costs incurred that are recoverable and service costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. If the service costs incurred are not expected to be recovered, revenue is not recognized.

Interest income

Interest income is measured based on the length of time for which the Company's cash is used by others and the applicable interest rate.

#### Leasing

The Company as lessee under operating leases

Lease payments under operating leases are recognized as an expense in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company as lessor under operating leases

Lease income from operating leases is recognized as income using the straight-line method over the lease term.

#### Forward contract transaction

Gains and losses arising from forward sales contracts are included in sales revenue when the forward sales are delivered. Gains or losses arising from forward sales contracts settled before the maturity date are credited or charged to other operating revenue or other operating expense of the income statement respectively.

Gains and losses arising from forward buy contracts for imported materials purchase cost for the Group's production are included as part of purchase cost when the forward purchase is delivered. Gains or losses arising from forward buy contracts settled before the maturity date are credited or charged to other operating revenue or other operating expense of the income statement respectively.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

#### Income tax

Income tax is provided under the tax payable method. Income tax provision is calculated based on the accounting profit for the year as adjusted in accordance with the relevant tax laws.

#### 3. TAXATION

#### Value added tax

Output value added tax ("VAT") is calculated at 17% on revenue from principal operations except gold (free of VAT) and sulphuric concentrate (13% on revenue), and paid after deducting input VAT on purchases.

#### Income tax

#### 1. Company income tax

Pursuant to circulars of Guo Shui Fa [1999] No.172 issued by the State Tax Bureau and Gan Guo Shui Han [2004] No.349 issued by the State Tax Bureau, the Company was recognized as a foreign investment enterprise build in Midwest region of PRC. As such, the Company can enjoy 15% income tax rate for three years starting from year 2005 to year 2007. This year is the first year of the tax relief period with effective tax rate of 15%.

Pursuant to a notice issued jointly by the Ministry of Finance and the State Tax Bureau regarding income tax exemption for foreign investment enterprises which purchase domestic machinery and equipment (Cai Shui Zi [2000] No.49), the Company is entitled to a tax benefit ("Tax Benefit"), which is calculated as 40% of the current year's purchase of PRC produced plant and equipment for production use. The Tax Benefit is, however, limited to the amount of increase in enterprise income tax for the current year in which the plant and equipment are acquired as compared with the tax amount of the proceeding year. The portion of the Tax Benefit that is not utilized in the current year can be carried forward for future application for a period of not more than five years.

#### 2. Subsidiary Income Tax

The income tax rate for the Company's subsidiaries are from 17.5% to 33%.

#### **Business tax**

Business tax is calculated and paid at 5% of operating income.

#### Resource tax

Resource tax is calculated and paid according to the quantity of extracted and consumed copper ore. The resource tax rate is respectively levied at RMB1.05 per ton in Wushan Copper Mine, RMB0.98 per ton in Yongping Copper Mine, RMB0.91 per ton in Dexing Copper Mine and Diaoquan Silver and Copper respectively.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

## 4. SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Name of subsidiary	Place of registration	Registered Capital RMB	Equity directly held by the company	Equity indirectly held by the Company	Principal Business	Type of enterprise	Consolidated or not
Xiaoshan Tongda Chemical Limited ("Xiaoshan Tongda")	Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province	1,000,000	60		Sales of sulphuric acid	Company Limited	Yes
Jiangxi Copper Products Company Limited ("JCPC")	Guixi, Jiangxi Province	225,000,000	60	_	Produce and protracting of copper industrial materials	Company Limited	Yes
Sichuan Kangxi Copper Company Limited ("Kangxi Copper")	Xichang, Sichuan	100,000,000	40	-	Sales of copper materials, precious metal materials and sulphuric acid	Company Limited	Yes
Shanxi Diaoquan Silver and Copper Mining Company Limited ("Diaoquan Silver and Copper")	Diaoquan, Shanxi	76,157,900	45.957	_	Sales of copper materials precious metal materials and sulphuric concentrate powder	Company Limited	Yes
Xichang Anning Metal Reclaiming Company Limited ("Anning Metal")	Xichang, Sichuan	300,000	-	80	Reclaim and sales of scrap iron and copper	Company Limited	Yes
Sure Spread Limited ("Sure Spread")	Hong Kong	53,140,000	55	_	Import and export trading and related technique services	Company Limited	Yes
Jiangxi Copper Alloy Materials Company Limited ("JCAC")	Guixi, Jiangxi Province	199,500,000	60	_	Manufacture sales of copper and copper alloy rods and wires	Company Limited	Yes
Jiangxi Jiangtong-Wengfu Chemical Industry Company Limited ("Wengfu Chemical")	Guixi, Jiangxi Province	181,500,000	70	_	Manufacture sales of sulphuric acid and sales and lay product	Company Limited	Yes

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005
(PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

### 4. SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION AND SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The above subsidiaries have been included in the scope of consolidation.

In September 2003, the Company bought 40% interest (RMB40,000,000) in Sichuan Kangxi Copper Company Limited ("Kangxi Copper") from third parties. This interest of Kangxi Copper which the Company owned is less than 50%, but the Company made an agreement with another investor that the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of Kangxi Copper. Thus, Kangxi Copper is included in the scope of consolidation.

In June 2004, the Company bought 45.957% interest (RMB35,000,000) in Shanxi Diaoquan Silver and Copper Mining Company Limited ("Diaoquan Silver and Copper"). This interest of Diaoquan Silver and Copper which the Company owned is less than 50%, but the Company made an agreement with another investor that the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of Dianquan Silver and Copper. Thus, Diaoquan Silver and Copper is included in the scope of consolidation.

In January 2005, the Company invested jointly HKD50,000,000 to establish Sure Spread Limited ("Sure Spread") with Silver Grand International Industry Ltd. and Huagan Enterprise Co., Ltd., in which the Company contributed HKD27,500,000, representing 55% of registered capital. Sure Spread mainly engages in impart and export trading and related technique services.

In February 2005, the Company invested jointly RMB199,500,000 to establish Jiangxi Copper Alloy Materials Company Limited ("JCAC") with JCC, in which the Company should contribute RMB119,700,000, representing 60% of registered capital. By the end of 30 June 2005, the Company actually invested RMB59,850,000 to JCAC. JCAC mainly engages in manufacturing and selling copper and copper alloy rods and wires, and related technique consulting services. By the end of 30 June 2005, JCAC was still in construction period.

In May 2005, the Company invested jointly RMB181,500,000 to established Jinagxi Jiangtong-Wengfu Chemical Industry Company Limited ("Wengfu Chemical") with Guizhou Hongfu Industry and Commerce Development Corporation Limited, in which the Company contributed RMB127,050,000, representing 70% of the registered capital. Wengfu Chemical mainly engaged in manufacturing and selling sulphuric acid and related by products. By the end of June 2005, Wengfu Chemical was still in construction period.

Sure Spread, JCAC and Wengfu Chemical are new subsidiaries established and included in the scope of consolidation this period.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

## 5. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

		Group 30 June 2005			Group 31 December 2004			
	Foreign	Exchange	RMB	Foreign	Exchange	RMB		
	currency	Rate	Equivalent	currency	Rate	Equivalent		
Cash on hand								
RMB	_	_	85,473	_	_	108,035		
USD	509	8.2765	4,213	1,432	8.2765	11,854		
YEN	2,270	0.0751	171	_	_	_		
HKD	435	1.0649	463	_	_	_		
POUND	1	14.9544	15	_	_	_		
Cash in bank								
RMB	_	_	872,438,026	_	_	285,657,049		
HKD	3,430,588	1.0649	3,653,233	808,334	1.0637	859,825		
USD	14,560,790	8.2765	120,512,378	96,610	8.2765	799,595		
Total			996,693,972			287,436,358		

## 6. CURRENT INVESTMENT

	Group 30 June 2005			Group 31 December 2004		
	Cost RMB	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Cost RMB	Provision for impairment RMB	Net value RMB
Stock investments Bond investment	6,777,404 1,000,000	1,265,705 —	5,511,699 1,000,000	6,241,595 1,000,000	959,574 —	5,282,021 1,000,000
	7,777,404	1,265,705	6,511,699	7,241,595	959,574	6,282,021

Stock investments are the shares with market value of RMB5,511,699 on 30 June 2005.

The market value is calculated based on closing price of stock exchange on 30 June 2005.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

## 7. NOTES RECEIVABLE

	Group	Group
	30 June 2005	31 December 2004
	RMB	RMB
Bank-accepted notes - unpledged	141,648,009	75,619,896

The Group's balance due from shareholder who holds more than 5% shares of the Company is nil on 30 June 2005.

## 8. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The aging analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:

	Group				Group 31 December 2004			
	30 June 2005							
			Bad debt	Net			Bad debt	Net
	Amount		Provision	book value	Amount		Provision	book value
	RMB	(%)	RMB	RMB	RMB	(%)	RMB	RMB
Within 1 year	273,670,061	77.2	_	273,670,061	206,656,321	67.9	_	206,656,321
1 to 2 years	6,332,584	1.8	1,266,517	5,066,067	6,872,293	2.3	1,374,460	5,497,833
2 to 3 years	1,543,131	0.4	771,565	771,566	1,255,442	0.4	627,721	627,721
Over 3 years	73,015,063	20.6	73,015,063	_	89,633,965	29.4	89,633,965	
	354,560,839	100.0	75,053,145	279,507,694	304,418,021	100.0	91,636,146	212,781,875
		Cor	mpany			Co	ompany	
		30 Ju	ine 2005			31 Dec	ember 2004	
			Bad debt	Net			Bad debt	Net
	Amount		Provision	book value	Amount		Provision	book value
	RMB	(%)	RMB	RMB	RMB	(%)	RMB	RMB
Within 1 year	99,964,008	55.3	_	99,964,008	89,383,296	47.7	_	89,383,296
1 to 2 years	6,332,584	3.5	1,266,517	5,066,067	6,872,293	3.7	1,374,460	5,497,833
2 to 3 years	1,543,131	0.9	771,565	771,566	1,255,442	0.7	627,721	627,721
Over 3 years	73,015,063	40.3	73,015,063	_	89,633,965	47.9	89,633,965	
	180,854,786	100.0	75,053,145	105,801,641	187,144,996	100.0	91,636,146	95,508,850

A lawsuit about collection of RMB16,843,691 from a debtor which is due more than three years, has finished and the Company received the amount totally in current period. As such, a full of bad debt provision was reversed on the balance.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

## **8. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE** (continued)

Five largest debtors are as follows:

Total amount of five largest debtors	Percentage in total accounts receivable
RMB	%
248,603,447	70.1

The Group's balance due from shareholder who holds more than 5% shares of the Company is as follow:

Shareholder	30 June 2005	31 December 2004
JCC	4,581,429	3,072,788

#### 9. OTHER RECEIVABLES

The aging analysis of other receivables is as follows:

Group 30 June 2005				Group 31 December 2004			
Amount		Provision	book value	Amount		Provision	book value
RMB	(%)	RMB	RMB	RMB	(%)	RMB	RMB
253,167,631	91.1	_	253,167,631	300,302,614	91.8	_	300,302,614
9,156,911	3.3	1,831,382	7,325,529	8,371,152	2.6	1,674,230	6,696,922
717,381	0.3	358,690	358,691	540,002	0.2	270,001	270,001
14,687,756	5.3	14,687,756	_	17,922,338	5.4	17,922,338	_
277,729,679	100.0	16,877,828	260,851,851	327,136,106	100.0	19,866,569	307,269,537
	253,167,631 9,156,911 717,381 14,687,756	Amount <i>RMB</i> (%)  253,167,631 91.1 9,156,911 3.3 717,381 0.3 14,687,756 5.3	30 June 2005  Rad debt Provision RMB  (%)  253,167,631  91.1  9,156,911  3.3  1,831,382  717,381  0.3  358,690  14,687,756  5.3  14,687,756	30 June 2005  Bad debt Net Provision book value RMB (%) RMB RMB  253,167,631 91.1 — 253,167,631 9,156,911 3.3 1,831,382 7,325,529 717,381 0.3 358,690 358,691 14,687,756 5.3 14,687,756 —	30 June 2005    Bad debt   Net	30 June 2005         31 Dec           Amount RMB         Provision book value RMB         Amount RMB         RMB         RMB         RMB         RMB         (%)           253,167,631         91.1         —         253,167,631         300,302,614         91.8         91.8         9,156,911         3.3         1,831,382         7,325,529         8,371,152         2.6         717,381         0.3         358,690         358,691         540,002         0.2         14,687,756         —         17,922,338         5.4	30 June 2005         31 December 2004           Amount RMB         Provision (%)         Net RMB         Amount RMB         Amount RMB         Provision RMB         Amount RMB         Provision RMB           253,167,631         91.1         —         253,167,631         300,302,614         91.8         —           9,156,911         3.3         1,831,382         7,325,529         8,371,152         2.6         1,674,230           717,381         0.3         358,690         358,691         540,002         0.2         270,001           14,687,756         5.3         14,687,756         —         17,922,338         5.4         17,922,338

	Company				Company				
		30 Ju	ine 2005		31 December 2004				
			Bad debt	Net			Bad debt	Net	
	Amount		Provision	book value	Amount		Provision	book value	
	RMB	(%)	RMB	RMB	RMB	(%)	RMB	RMB	
Within 1 year	230,116,157	90.4	_	230,116,157	254,895,791	91.5	_	254,895,791	
1 to 2 years	9,156,911	3.6	1,831,382	7,325,529	8,326,202	3.0	1,665,240	6,660,962	
2 to 3 years	717,381	0.3	358,690	358,691	184,642	0.1	92,321	92,321	
Over 3 years	14,687,756	5.7	14,687,756	_	15,282,196	5.4	15,282,196	_	
	254,678,205	100.0	16,877,828	237,800,377	278,688,831	100.0	17,039,757	261,649,074	

The Group's balance of forward contracts deposits is RMB172,991,883 (31 December 2004: RMB198,724,812).

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

### **9. OTHER RECEIVABLES** (continued)

Five largest debtors are as follows:

Total amount of five largest debtors  RMB	Percentage in total accounts receivable %
197,011,440	70.9
The Group's balance due from shareholder who holds more than 5%	shares of the Company is as follow:

JCC **608,372** 192,126

30 June 2005

31 December 2004

#### 10. PREPAYMENTS

Shareholder

The aging analysis of prepayment is as follows:

	Group 30 June 20	05	Group 31 December 2004		
	RMB	%	RMB	%	
Within 1 year	97,622,265	73.3	458,564,627	95.0	
1 to 2 years	35,544,665	26.7	24,072,348	5.0	
	133,166,930	100.0	482,636,975	100.0	

The Group's prepayments to shareholder who holds more than 5% shares of the Company is as follow:

Shareholder	30 June 2005	31 December 2004
JCC	131,321	198,187

The balances with aging over one year are mainly prepayments for uncompleted purchased contracts.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

### 11. INVENTORIES

		Group		Group				
		30 June 2005		31	31 December 2004			
		Provision for	Net		Provision for	Net		
	Cost	impairment	value	Cost	impairment	value		
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB		
Raw material	411,964,995	751,102	411,213,893	458,375,225	751,102	457,624,123		
Work in progress	2,328,252,373	_	2,328,252,373	2,088,275,188	_	2,088,275,188		
Finished goods	208,749,080		208,749,080	379,871,638	_	379,871,638		
	2,948,966,448	751,102	2,948,215,346	2,926,522,051	751,102	2,925,770,949		

The inventories as at 30 June 2005 included the finished goods amounting RMB18,216,455 pledged for short-term loan (31 December 2004: RMB25,803,560).

## 12. LONG-TERM EQUITY INVESTMENTS

		Group		Group				
		30 June 2005		3.	31 December 2004			
		Provision for			Provision for			
Items	Amount	impairment	Net value	Amount	impairment	Net value		
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB		
Stock investment	5,610,000	5,610,000	_	5,610,000	5,610,000	_		
Other equity								
investment	10,000,000	_	10,000,000	10,000,000	_	10,000,000		
Equity investment								
difference	4,942,676	4,942,676	_	4,942,676	4,942,676	_		
Total	20,552,676	10,552,676	10,000,000	20,552,676	10,552,676	10,000,000		

#### (1) Detail of long-term stock investment is as follows:

Name of Investee	Number of shares	Share in theregistered capital of the investee RMB	Initial cost of investment RMB	Impairment Ioss RMB	Net book value RMB
Kebang Telecom (Group) Company Limited	2,000,000	0.4%	5,610,000	(5,610,000)	

Above stock held by the Company is unlisted.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

## 12. LONG-TERM EQUITY INVESTMENTS (continued)

(2) Detail of other equity investment is as follows:

		Share in the registered capital of the investee	Initial		
Name of Investee	Number of shares	through subsidiary RMB	cost of investment	Impairment loss	Net book value RMB
Liangshan Mining Company Limited	10,000,000	6.67%	10,000,000	_	10,000,000

Above stock held by the Company's subsidiary, Kangxi Copper, is promoter shares.

(3) Detail of equity investment difference is as follows:

		Amortization period	30 June	2005 and 31 Decem	nber 2004	
Name of investee	Initial cost of investment	of equity investment difference RMB	Book value RMB	Impairment Ioss RMB	Net book value RMB	Cause
Kangxi Copper	3,677,424	10 years	3,401,618	(3,401,618)	_	Equity Purchasing
Diaoquan Silver and copper	1,541,058	_	1,541,058	(1,541,058)	_	Equity Purchasing
	5,218,482		4,942,676	(4,942,676)	_	

The unamortized debit difference of equity investment arising from acquisition of Kangxi Copper was RMB3,401,618, which was provided full impairment since it was immaterial.

The debit balance of equity investment arising from acquisition of Diaoquan Silver and Copper was RMB1,541,058, which was provided full impairment since it was immaterial.



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## 12. LONG-TERM EQUITY INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### **Company**

30 June 2005			31 December 2004			
		Provision for			Provision for	
Items	Amount <i>RMB</i>	impairment <i>RMB</i>	Net value <i>RMB</i>	Amount <i>RMB</i>	impairment <i>RMB</i>	Net value <i>RMB</i>
Stock investment (Note)	5,610,000	5,610,000	_	5,610,000	5,610,000	_
Subsidiaries Equity investment	436,229,947	-	436,229,947	227,142,741	_	227,142,741
difference (Note)	4,942,676	4,942,676	_	4,942,676	4,942,676	
Total	446,782,623	10,552,676	436,229,947	237,695,417	10,552,676	227,142,741

Note: The figure of Company level is in accordance with that of group level.

Detail of investments in subsidiaries is as follows:

		Cos	t			Adjustment	of investment	gain or loss		Book	value
							Dividends				
	31	Addition	Deduction		31	Gain or	received			31	
	December	during	during	30 June	December	loss during	during	Recovery of	30 June	December	30 June
Name of Investee	2004	the period	the period	2005	2004	the period	the period	investments	2005	2004	2005
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
JCPC	135,000,000	_	_	135,000,000	19,906,976	2,681,062	(15,925,581)	_	6,662,457	154,906,976	141,662,457
Xiaoshan Tonda	1,082,289	_	(48,240)	1,034,049	5,896	41,801	(95,937)	48,240	_	1,088,185	1,034,049
Kangxi Copper	36,322,576	_	_	36,322,576	3,800,328	3,137,707	_	_	6,938,035	40,122,904	43,260,611
Dianquan											
Silver and Copper	33,458,942	_	_	33,458,942	(2,434,266)	927,203	_	_	(1,507,063)	31,024,676	31,951,879
Sure Spread	_	29,227,000	_	29,227,000	_	2,193,951	_	_	2,193,951	_	31,420,951
ICAC	_	59,850,000	_	59,850,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	59,850,000
Wenfuhua	_	127,050,000	_	127,050,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	127,050,000
	205,863,807	216,127,000	(48,240)	421,942,567	21,278,934	8,981,724	(16,021,518)	48,240	14,287,380	227,142,741	436,229,947

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## 13. FIXED ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

		Group			
		Equipment			
	Buildings	and machinery	Vehicles	Total	
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	
Cost					
1 January 2005	4,337,064,257	6,431,107,780	936,615,878	11,704,787,915	
Additions during the period	428,977	2,266,203	266,780	2,961,960	
Transfer from fixed					
assets under construction	169,332	1,742,473	65,572	1,977,377	
Disposals	_	(3,167,515)	(4,092,753)	(7,260,268)	
30 June 2005	4,337,662,566	6,431,948,941	932,855,477	11,702,466,984	
Accumulated depreciation					
1 January 2005	1,277,769,299	3,472,967,321	523,783,375	5,274,519,995	
Charge for the period	64,506,936	146,845,831	25,892,570	237,245,337	
Eliminated on disposal	_	(692,652)	(2,181,522)	(2,874,174)	
30 June 2005	1,342,276,235	3,619,120,500	547,494,423	5,508,891,158	
Impairment loss					
1 January 2005 and 30 June 2005	_	4,699,700	_	4,699,700	
Net value					
At 1 January 2005	3,059,294,958	2,953,440,759	412,832,503	6,425,568,220	
At 30 June 2005	2,995,386,331	2,808,128,741	385,361,054	6,188,876,126	
Including:					
Fixed assets pledged as					
collateral at					
30 June 2005 - net	_	14,407,898	_	14,407,898	
JO JUITE ZOOJ - HEL	<del>-</del>	17,707,030		17,407,030	

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## 14. FIXED ASSETS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

			(	Group			
		At 31 December		Transfer to	At 30 June	% of	
Construction name	<b>Budget</b> <i>RMB</i>	<b>2004</b> <i>RMB</i>	Additions RMB	fixed assets RMB	<b>2005</b> <i>RMB</i>	completion RMB	Sources of funds
Guixi Smelter Phase III	1,065,000,000	9,769,023	2,211,705	_	11,980,728	100%	Loan and self-funding
Project of 150,000 Ton copper wire per year	161,509,700	2,874,812	1,617,504	_	4,492,316	100%	Loan and self-funding
Fujiawu Mine Development and Construction Project	871,540,000	118,312,500	59,953,914	_	178,266,414	20%	Proceeds, loan and self-funding
Fujiawu Mining Right Project	181,000,000	131,782,994	_	_	131,782,994	73%	Loan and self-funding
Extension of Open-pitting Mining project	109,400,000	85,588,837	2,237,519	_	87,826,356	80%	Loan and self-funding
Copper Re-cycling from Waste of Sparking Stove Mining Project	137,110,000	31,320,253	62,760,698	_	94,080,951	69%	Loan and self-funding
Acquisition of land in Guixi	37,986,300	31,878,820	_	_	31,878,820	84%	Loan and self-funding
Others	_	108,246,684	173,550,457	(1,977,377)	279,819,764	_	Loan and self-funding
Total		519,773,923	302,331,797	(1,977,377)	820,128,343		
Including: Capitalized							
borrowing cost		3,953,717	577,850		4,531,567		

The rate for calculating interest capitalized amount in this period is 5.64%.

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## 15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		Group	
	Trademarks	Mining right	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB
Cost:			
1 January 2005 and 30 June 2005	51,683,900	107,142,939	158,826,839
Accumulated amortization:			
1 January 2005	13,760,000	17,025,478	30,785,478
Charge for the period	860,000	1,936,379	2,796,379
30 June 2005	14,620,000	18,961,857	33,581,857
Carrying amount:			
1 January 2005	37,923,900	90,117,461	128,041,361
30 June 2005	37,063,900	88,181,082	125,244,982
Including:			
Intangible assets pledged as			
collateral at 30 June 2005- net	_	29,107,098	29,107,098
Acquired method	Transfer	Transfer	
Remaining of period	21.5 years	14.1-46.5 years	

#### 16. SHORT-TERM LOANS

Category	Group 30 June 2005 <i>RMB</i>	Group 31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>
Guaranteed loans		
— RMB	150,000,000	_
Secured loans	130,000,000	
— RMB	52,000,000	109,500,000
Credit loans		,
— RMB	383,000,000	1,028,680,000
— USD	380,778,543	206,910,866
	965,778,543	1,345,090,866

The principal of USD credit loans amounted to USD46,000,000.

Annual interest rate ranges from 3.52% to 6.14%. For the loans guaranteed by JCC refer to Note 38(5)(c). For the categories and amount of the assets pledged for the secured loans, refer to Note 11 and 13.



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#### 17. NOTES PAYABLE

	Group	Group
	30 June 2005	31 December 2004
	RMB	RMB
Bank-accepted notes payable within one year	4,980,000	

#### 18. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

The Group's balance due to shareholder who holds more than 5% shares of the Company is as follow:

Shareholder	30 June 2005	31 December 2004
	RMB	RMB
JCC	4,581,429	12,000

#### 19. TAXES PAYABLE

	Group 30 June 2005 <i>RMB</i>	Group 31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>
Income tax	168,601,502	63,292,534
Value added tax	90,915,140	75,261,472
Business tax	3,173	5,162
Resource tax	1,257,356	1,671,300
Others	4,121,508	7,261,241
	264,898,679	147,491,709

#### 20. OTHER FEES PAYABLE

	Group 30 June 2005 <i>RMB</i>	Group 31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>
Compensation fee for mineral resources Others	32,630,832 45,082	34,581,170 158,120
	32,675,914	34,739,290

Compensation fee for mineral resources is collected in accordance with Order No.150 issued by the State Council and Order No.35 issued by government of Jiangxi Province.

Compensation fee = sales of mineral products x compensation rate x extracting coefficient rate.

Extracting coefficient rate = approved extracting rate/actual extracting rate

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## 21. OTHER PAYABLES

In Group's balance of other payables, the balance due to shareholder who holds more than 5% of the Company is as follow:

Shareholder	30 June 2005 <i>RMB</i>	31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>
JCC	27,499,607	149,253,266

#### 22. ACCRUED EXPENSES

	Group 30 June 2005 <i>RMB</i>	Group 31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>	Reason for not settled
Professional service fee	2,000,000	2,000,000	Not paid as invoice not received

#### 23. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group 30 June 2005 <i>RMB</i>	Group 31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>
Long-term loans due within one year (Note 24) Long-term payables	817,400,000	616,400,000
due within one year (Note 25)	1,870,000	1,870,000
	819,270,000	618,270,000

### 24. LONG-TERM LOANS

	Group 30 June 2005 <i>RMB</i>	Group 31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>
Credit loans Guaranteed loans Pledged loans	2,618,110,000 — 33,000,000	2,548,400,000 126,710,000 33,000,000
Total Less: Amount due within one year	2,651,110,000 817,400,000	2,708,110,000 616,400,000
Amount due after one year	1,833,710,000	2,091,710,000



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## 24. LONG-TERM LOANS (continued)

Bank name	<b>30 June 2005</b> <i>RMB</i>	Period	Annual Rate	Terms
Industrial and Commercial	35,000,000	2000.07.28-2005.07.27	5.58%	Credit
Bank of China, Yingtan Branch	35,000,000	2000.07.28-2005.07.27	5.58%	Credit
Jiangtong Office	8,400,000	2000.07.28-2005.07.28	5.58%	Credit
	30,000,000	2002.09.26-2005.09.25	5.49%	Credit
	32,000,000	2002.10.29-2005.10.28	5.49%	Credit
	18,000,000	2002.10.29-2005.10.28	5.49%	Credit
	40,000,000	2002.12.10-2005.12.09	5.49%	Credit
	40,000,000	2002.12.12-2005.11.12	5.49%	Credit
	30,000,000	2002.12.16-2005.12.15	5.49%	Credit
	30,000,000	2002.12.18-2005.12.17	5.49%	Credit
	60,000,000	2003.08.06-2006.08.05	4.94%	Credit
	20,000,000	2003.11.27-2006.11.23	4.94%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.12.09-2006.12.07	4.94%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.12.10-2006.12.09	4.94%	Credit
	15,000,000	2001.11.19-2006.09.29	5.58%	Credit
	40,000,000	2002.08.16-2007.09.29	5.58%	Credit
	30,000,000	2002.10.29-2007.10.28	5.58%	Credit
	20,000,000	2002.11.15-2007.11.14	5.58%	Credit
	30,000,000	2002.11.18-2007.11.17	5.58%	Credit
	15,000,000	2002.12.06-2007.12.05	5.58%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.01.09-2008.01.08	5.58%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.02.13-2008.02.12	5.58%	Credit
	20,000,000	2003.03.11-2008.03.10	5.58%	Credit
	10,000,000	2003.04.10-2008.04.09	5.58%	Credit
	15,000,000	2003.06.27-2008.06.26	5.58%	Credit
	15,000,000	2003.08.11-2008.08.10	5.58%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.10.09-2008.10.08	5.58%	Credit
	45,000,000	2004.12.08-2007.12.07	5.30%	Credit
	40,000,000	2004.12.10-2007.12.09	5.30%	Credit
	10,000,000	2004.11.29-2009.11.28	5.85%	Credit
Bank of China,	20,000,000	2002.09.27-2005.09.26	5.05%	Credit
Yingtan Branch	30,000,000	2002.12.18-2005.12.17	5.05%	Credit
	20,000,000	2003.03.25-2006.03.25	5.05%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.12.24-2006.12.24	4.94%	Credit

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## 24. LONG-TERM LOANS (continued)

Bank name	<b>30 June 2005</b> <i>RMB</i>	Period	Annual Rate	Terms
China Construction Bank,	109,710,000	1997.02.18-2008.12.30	5.76%	Credit
Tongjidi Branch	210,000,000	1999.02.25-2009.11.30	5.76%	Credit
	217,000,000	1999.09.15-2009.09.14	5.76%	Credit
	50,000,000	2000.06.22-2006.06.21	5.76%	Credit
	73,000,000	2003.03.28-2006.03.27	4.94%	Credit
	20,000,000	2003.12.16-2006.12.15	4.94%	Credit
	15,000,000	2001.10.29-2007.04.28	5.76%	Credit
	35,000,000	2001.12.11-2007.04.28	5.76%	Credit
	45,000,000	2002.07.08-2007.04.28	5.58%	Credit
	60,000,000	2002.09.18-2008.03.17	5.76%	Credit
	30,000,000	2002.12.05-2008.06.04	5.76%	Credit
	30,000,000	2002.12.13-2008.06.12	5.76%	Credit
	20,000,000	2003.01.16-2008.07.15	5.76%	Credit
	20,000,000	2003.02.19-2008.08.18	5.76%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.06.10-2008.06.09	5.58%	Credit
	40,000,000	2003.07.07-2008.07.06	5.58%	Credit
	15,000,000	2003.09.10-2008.09.09	5.58%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.11.05-2008.11.04	5.58%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.12.03-2008.12.02	5.58%	Credit
	10,000,000	2004.10.13-2009.10.12	5.58%	Credit
Guixi Country Credit Union	10,000,000	2003.07.23-2006.07.22	4.94%	Credit
Agriculture Bank, Guixi	60,000,000	2002.09.10-2005.09.09	5.04%	Credit
Tongcheng Branch	20,000,000	2002.09.27-2005.09.26	5.04%	Credit
	90,000,000	2002.10.10-2005.10.09	5.04%	Credit
	30,000,000	2002.12.13-2005.12.12	5.04%	Credit
	50,000,000	2003.01.21-2006.01.20	5.04%	Credit
	15,000,000	2003.02.11-2006.02.10	5.04%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.11.05-2006.11.04	4.94%	Credit
	30,000,000	2003.12.09-2006.12.09	4.94%	Credit
	10,000,000	2003.12.15-2006.12.15	4.94%	Credit
	100,000,000	2003.12.29-2006.12.29	4.94%	Credit
China Minsheng Bank Corp Ltd. Fuzhou Branch	50,000,000	2003.04.21-2006.04.21	4.94%	Credit
China Merchants Bank,	50,000,000	2003.12.29-2006.12.29	4.94%	Credit
Nanchang Branch	50,000,000	2004.06.23-2007.06.22	4.94%	Credit
Industrial and Commercial	22,000,000	2000.02.23-2007.02.18	7.49%	Pledged
Bank of China, Datong Branch	11,000,000	2000.02.23-2005.02.18	7.49%	Pledged
Total	2,651,110,000			

For the categories and amount of assets pledged for the secured loans, please refer to Note 15 for detail.



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#### 25. LONG-TERM PAYABLES

Items	Group 30 June 2005 <i>RMB</i>	Group 31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>
Long-term payables Less: Long-term payable due within 1 year	40,236,000 1,870,000	41,171,000 1,870,000
Long-term payables due after 1 year	38,366,000	39,301,000

The amount represents the balance due to JCC as the consideration for the transfer of the mining rights. The amount is repayable in 30 annual installments of RMB1,870,000 each year and subject to payment of interest at a rate equal to the state-lending rate for a one-year fixed term loan up to a maximum of 15% on annual installment starting from 1 January 1998.

#### 26. PAID-IN CAPITAL

The change of share capital of the Company from 1 January to 30 June 2005 is as follows:

Non-trading shares Promoters shares — Domestic state-owned legal person shares	
Promoters shares	
Domestic state-owned legal person shares	
Domestic state officer regai person shares	1,275,556,200
Domestic other legal person shares	2,000,000
otal non-trading shares	1,277,556,200
rading shares	
— H shares	1,156,482,000
— A shares	230,000,000
otal trading shares	1,386,482,000
otal share capital	2,664,038,200
	otal non-trading shares  rading shares  – H shares  – A shares  otal trading shares

No changes of share capital of the Company during year 2004. The face value of the above shares is RMB1.00.

Group

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## 27. CAPITAL RESERVES

The change of capital reserves from 1 January to 30 June 2005 is as follows:

	Group		
	1 January 2005	Additions	30 June 2005
	RMB	RMB	RMB
Share premium	1,292,633,979	_	1,292,633,979
Revaluation reserve	113,063	_	113,063
Specific government grant			
transferred in (note 1)	84,000,000	_	84,000,000
Other transfer (note 2)	1,400,000	200,000	1,600,000
	1,378,147,042	200,000	1,378,347,042

The change of capital reserves from 1 January to 31 December 2004 is as follows:

	Group		
			31 December
	1 January 2004	Additions	2004
	RMB	RMB	RMB
Share premium	1,292,633,979	_	1,292,633,979
Revaluation reserve	113,063	_	113,063
Specific government grant			
transferred in (note 1)	84,000,000	_	84,000,000
Other transfer (note 2)	_	1,400,000	1,400,000
	1,376,747,042	1,400,000	1,378,147,042

Note 1: Amount represents government grant reclassified when Guixi phase III project is completed.

Note 2: Amount represents government grant reclassified when specific environment protection projects are completed.

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#### 28. SURPLUS RESERVES

The change of surplus reserves of the Company from 1 January to 30 June 2005 is as follows:

		Gro	up	
	Statutory surplus	Discretionary surplus	Statutory public	
	reserve	reserve	welfare fund	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
At 1 January 2005				
and 30 June 2005	266,287,688	539,754,156	203,765,455	1,009,807,299

The change of surplus reserves of the Company from 1 January to 31 December 2004 is as follows:

		Gro	up	
	Statutory surplus	Discretionary surplus	Statutory public	
	reserve	reserve	welfare fund	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
At 1 January 2004	149,750,619	280,081,326	117,836,691	547,668,636
Current year's				
appropriations	116,537,069	229,070,168	116,531,426	462,138,663
Current year's usage of statutory public welfare				
fund (Note)		30,602,662	(30,602,662)	
At 31 December 2004	266,287,688	539,754,156	203,765,455	1,009,807,299

Note: The utilization of statutory public welfare fund represents the capital expenditure on staff welfare facilities.

Statutory surplus reserve can be used to make up future losses, to expand operations or to increase share capital by means of conversion. Statutory public welfare fund can be utilized for staff welfare.

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## 29. REVENUE

2,782,480,386

Six months 2005 RMB	Group period ended 30 June 2004 RMB
2	2
2,914,085,570	2,429,041,897
874,126,485	507,400,338
2,199,924,728	1,453,372,597
783,002,623	409,375,951
136,529,924	49,719,126
6,907,669,330	4,848,909,909
	Group
Six months	period ended 30 June
	2004
RMB	RMB
6 491 827 452	4,562,890,216
	138,439,298
	130,433,230
	_
	_
	_
	89,786,457
_	56,263,205
492,853	1,530,733
C 007 CC0 330	4 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
6,907,669,330	4,848,909,909
	Percentage in total sales
	2,914,085,570 874,126,485 2,199,924,728 783,002,623 136,529,924 6,907,669,330 Six months 2005 RMB 6,491,827,452 364,256,386 16,590,884 16,319,954 16,080,352 2,101,449 — 492,853 6,907,669,330

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## 30. COST OF SALES

	Gro	up
	Six months period ended 30 June	
	2005	
	RMB	RMB
Cost of domestic sales	4,892,625,269	3,761,882,608
Cost of export sales	274,424,893	263,788,000
	5,167,050,162	4,025,670,608

## 31. SALES TAXES

	Group		
	Six months p	Six months period ended 30 June	
	2005		
	RMB	RMB	
Resource tax	18,269,422	17,633,425	
City construction tax and education fee	1,436,669	844,735	
	19,706,091	18,478,160	
	15,700,051	10,470,100	

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## 32. OTHER OPERATING PROFIT

		Group	
	Six months period ended 30 June		
	2005	2004	
	RMB	RMB	
Sales of auxiliary materials and spare parts			
— Revenue	59,532,565	43,418,924	
— Expenses	(59,451,549)	(43,553,321)	
	81,016	(134,397)	
Sales of water and electricity			
— Revenue	27,956,249	24,345,064	
— Expenses	(29,078,360)	(26,311,613)	
	(1,122,111)	(1,966,549)	
(Loss) gain on forward contract	(248,276,970)	182,722,894	
Others	16,551,598	12,282,542	
	(232,766,467)	192,904,490	

## 33. FINANCIAL COSTS

	Group Six months period ended 30 June	
	2005	
	RMB	RMB
Interest expenses	100,174,166	97,688,711
Less: interest income	4,445,575	1,602,249
Exchange loss	177,937	545,384
Others	1,468,707	1,998,258
	97,375,235	98,630,104



FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

## 34. INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)

	Six months 2005 <i>RMB</i>	Group period ended 30 June 2004 RMB
Short-term investment income:  — Loss on share investment	(304,860)	(757,873)
Long-term investment income  — Amortization of long-term equity investment difference  — Impairment loss on long-term	_	(264,498)
investment	_	(10,552,676)
	(304,860)	(11,575,047)
	Six months 2005 <i>RMB</i>	Company period ended 30 June 2004 RMB
Short-term investment income:  — Loss on share investment Long-term investment income	(306,131)	(757,873)
<ul> <li>Share of investee's profit recognized under equity method</li> </ul>	8,981,724	14,197,156
<ul> <li>— Amortization of long-term equity</li> <li>investment difference</li> <li>— Impairment loss on long-term</li> </ul>	_	(264,498)
investment	_	(10,552,676)
	8,675,593	2,622,109

#### 35. NON-OPERATING EXPENSES

	Group		
	Six months	Six months period ended 30 June	
	2005	2004	
	RMB	RMB	
Education fee	7,853,002	6,814,781	
Donation	1,681,458	<del>_</del>	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	643,415	15,958,992	
Others	239,426	4,201,855	
	10,417,301	26,975,628	

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#### **36. INCOME TAX**

	Group	
	Six months period ended 30 June	
	2005	2004
	RMB	RMB
Income tax for the period (Note 1)	170,587,649	103,859,031
Additional tax paid in respect of		
the prior year (Note 2)	_	1,125,223
Income tax deductible (Note 3)	_	(51,720,672)
Income tax of subsidiaries	853,885	46,464
	171,441,534	53,310,046

Note 1: The income tax of RMB170,587,649 which is calculated based on taxable income.

Note 2: By the end of 30 June 2005, tax verification report for the year ended 31 December 2004 is not issued by the local tax bureau.

Note 3: Pursuant to a notice issued jointly by the Ministry of Finance and the State Tax Bureau (Cai Shui Zi [2000] No.49) and written approval from the state tax bureau of Jiangxi Province, the unutilized tax benefit in respect to the purchase of domestic machinery and equipment for the year 2002, 2003 and 2004 was fully utilized by 31 December 2004. No addition in the tax benefit was noted in current period.

#### 37. CASH PAID RELATING TO OTHER OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	Group Six months period ended 30 June	
	2005	
	RMB	RMB
Amount paid in respect of operating expenses		
and general and administrative expenses	177,016,862	144,221,517
Non-operating expenses paid	9,773,886	15,805,760
Other expenses paid	169,956,454	183,330,337
	356,747,202	343,357,614

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## 38. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Related parties who can exercise control over the Company (except subsidiary companies mentioned in note (4))

Name	Registered address	Principal operations	Relationship with the Company	Nature of ownership	Legal representative
JCC	Guixi, Jiangxi Province	Colored metal non-metal mining, smelting, refining and protracting colored metal	Holding Company	State-owned	He Changming

(2) Status and changes of paid-in capital owned by related parties who can exercise control over the Company

Name	30 June 2005 and 31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>
JCC	3,896,060,000

(3) For the related parties where a control relationship exists, the proportion of equity interest held by the related party and changes therein are as follows:

	30 June 2005 and 31 Dec	30 June 2005 and 31 December 2004	
Name	RMB	%	
JCC	1,275,556,200	47.9	

(4) Nature of relationship with related parties where a control relationship does not exist:

Name	Relationship with the Company
Jiangxi Xinxin Company Ltd. ("Jiangxi Xinxin")	Promoter shareholder
Hubei Sanxin Gold & Copper Company Ltd. ("Hubei Sanxin")	Promoter shareholder

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### **38. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (continued)

## (5) Significant transactions between the Company above and related parties in current period:

(A) Significant transaction entered with the Company and (i) JCC and its affiliates, (ii) Jiangxi Xinxin and Hubei Sanxin in current period:

Group

	Group				
	Six months p	eriod ended 30 June			
	2005	2004			
	RMB'000	RMB'000			
Transactions with ICC and its affiliates.					
Transactions with JCC and its affiliates:					
Tolling fee and sales fee charged by the					
Group (note (c))	4,956	3,363			
Sale of copper cathode and sulphuric					
acid by the Group (note(a))	170,936	116,792			
Sales of auxiliary industrial					
products by the Group (note(a))	42,496	46,244			
Sale of waste, filter residue and black					
cement copper by the Group (note(a))	49,880	3,791			
Purchase of copper concentrates					
by the Group (note(a) )	200,974	63,854			
Purchase of scrap copper					
by the Group (note(b))	328,803	455,943			
Purchase of auxiliary industrial					
products by the Group (note(a))	127,692	120,621			
License fee on railway transportation					
charged to the Group (note(b))	_	3,600			
Railway transportation services					
provided to the Group (note(a))	8,137	5,664			
Rentals for land use rights charged to					
the Group (note(c))	7,500	7,500			
Rentals for office premises charged					
to the group (note(c))	1,155	1,534			
Rentals for housing for the employees		·			
and use of common facilities charged					
to the Group (note(b))	6,549	3,355			
Repair and maintenance service		·			
provided to the Group (note(a))	39,008	49,156			
Construction services provided to		·			
the Group (note(a))	23,483	20,309			
Vehicle transportation services					
provided to the Group (note(a))	54,857	33,167			
Supply of water and transmission					
of electricity by the Group (note(b))	25,889	23,727			
Electricity supply		•			
provided to the Group (note (b))	3,912	2,165			
Industrial water supplied	•	•			
to the Group(note(b))	8,843	9,215			
Brokerage agency services		,			
provided to the Group (note (a))	3,563	4,459			
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•				



FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

### 38. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

## (5) Significant transactions between the Company above and related parties in current period: (continued)

(A) Significant transaction entered with the Company and (i) JCC and its affiliates, (ii) Jiangxi Xinxin and Hubei Sanxin in current period: (continued)

	Group		
	Six months p	period ended 30 June	
	2005	2004	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Environmental greenery services			
provided to the Group (note(b))	3,604	3,028	
Rentals for office premises received			
by the group (note (c))	28	28	
Processing fee of blister(scrap) copper			
charged by the Group (note (c))	81,115	16,077	
Sales of raw copper sulphate by the			
Group (note (c))	5,590	20,070	
Sales of low oxygen copper rods and wires and			
processing of copper cathode into low oxygen			
copper rods and wires by the Group(note (c))	12,651	15,422	
Purchase of gold and silver bearing	42.667	10.451	
materials by the Group(note (c))	13,667	10,451	
Operation management services expenses provided by the Group (note (c))	807	709	
Sales of gases by the Group (note (a))	2,399	1,204	
Agency fee for development	2,333	1,204	
and sales of gases paid by the Group (note (c))	_	1,612	
Social welfare and support services		1,012	
provided to the Group(note(b))			
— welfare and medical services	18,476	18,924	
<ul> <li>primary and secondary education services</li> </ul>	6,022	5,132	
<ul> <li>technical education services</li> </ul>	_	2,392	
<ul> <li>internal telecommunications services</li> </ul>	654	2,800	
— use of representative offices	_	484	
Transactions with other two			
promoter shareholder			
Sales of copper cathode to			
Jiangxi Xinxin (note(a))	174,484	129,364	
Sales of low oxygen copper rods and wires to	045	4.050	
Jiangxi Xinxin (note(a))	915	4,069	
Tolling fee received from	F 776	2.720	
Hubei Sanxin (note(a)) Purchase of copper concentrates	5,776	2,729	
from Hubei Sanxin (note(a))	13,626	12,186	
Interest income from Hubei Sanxin (note (a))	332	725	
interest income nom nuber sankin (note (a))	332	723	

#### Notes:

- (a) The pricing of the transactions was determined with reference to comparable market prices.
- (b) The pricing of the transactions was determined with reference to actual costs.
- (c) The pricing of the transactions was determined with reference to the terms of lease agreements.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

### **38. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (continued)

## (5) Significant transactions between the Company above and related parties in current period: (continued)

#### (B) Amount due from or to related parties

Account	Name of related parties	30 June 2005 <i>RMB</i>	31 December 2004 <i>RMB</i>
Accounts receivable	JCC and its affiliates	9,727,889	4,590,209
Other receivables	JCC and its affiliates	12,298,570	20,604,543
Prepayments	JCC and its affiliates Hubei Sanxin	20,985,255 —	14,473,133 8,683,367
		43,011,714	48,351,252
Accounts payable	JCC and its affiliates	14,031,179	24,249,585
Advance from customers	JCC and its affiliates Jiangxi Xinxin Hubei Sanxin	42,289,350 5,772,785 2,215,084	4,870,579 11,263 —
Other payables	JCC and its affiliates	29,936,725	153,008,653
Long-term payables within one year(Note)	JCC and its affiliates	1,870,000	1,870,000
Long-term payables(Note)	JCC and its affiliates	38,366,000	39,301,000
		134,481,123	223,311,080

Note: Please refer to Note 25 for details on long-term payables and long-term payables due within one year.

Except items with specific notes, all payables are free of interest with no fixed payment schedule.

#### (C) Guarantee

Up to 30 June 2005, the Company has short-term bank loan of RMB150,000,000 guaranteed by JCC (31 December 2004: Nil).

#### (D) Others

In accordance with an agreement signed between the Company and JCC, JCC manages a defined contribution pension scheme on behalf of the Company. The Company makes contribution to the scheme through JCC. From January to June 2005, the total cost charged to the income statement is approximately RMB20,546,000 (January to June 2004: RMB19,466,000).

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

#### 39. COMMITMENTS

### (1) Capital commitments

	30 June 2005 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2004 <i>RMB'000</i>
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements:  — Commitment for acquisition of assets  — Commitment for investments(Note)	275,289 100,000	192,296 —
Total	375,289	192,296

Note: On 3 June 2005, the Company entered into an agreement with JCC and its affiliates and Bank of China Group Investment Ltd ("BOCGI") for the establishment of the JCC Financial Co., Ltd. ("JCFC"). Pursuant to the agreement, total paid-in capital of JCFC will be RMB300,000,000, among which RMB140,000,000 or 46.7% will be contributed by JCC and its affiliates, RMB100,000,000 or 33.3% will be contributed by the Company and RMB60,000,000 or 20% will be contributed by BOCGI. JCFC will mainly engage in providing financial services to JCC and its affiliates and the Company. By the end of 30 June 2005, JCFC has not yet established.

#### (2) Lease commitments

At the balance sheet date, the Company had outstanding commitments under non-cancelable operating leases with a term of more than one year which fall due as follows:

	30 June 2005 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2004 <i>RMB'000</i>
The minimum lease payments under		
non-cancelable operating leases:		
Within one year	15,806	15,806
In the second year	15,806	15,806
In the third year	15,806	15,806
Over three years	312,567	320,470
Total	359,985	367,888

The amount represents the balance due to JCC and Land & Resources Bureau of Jiangxi Province as the consideration for the rental of land use rights. The amount includes rental of land use right of Wushan Mine repayable in 50 annual installments of RMB806,136 each starting from year 2002 to year 2052. The other portion is repayable in 30 annual installments of RMB15,000,000 each starting from year 1997 to year 2027.

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2005 (PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

#### 40. FORWARD CONTRACTS

At the balance sheet date, the unrealized loss on the outstanding forward copper contracts amounted to approximately RMB95,505,000 (31 December 2004: RMB105,396,000).

## 41. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

According to the approval of the Company's general meeting of shareholders held on 20 May 2005, the Company will place no more than 231,000,000 Placing Shares to the companies applying the IPO regulation set by Shanghai Stock Exchange and Hong Kong Stock Exchange, and to HK & International organization and professional investors having no relationship with the Company. According to the Placing Agreement signed with Citigroup Global Markets Hong Kong Futures and Securities Limited ("CGM HK") on 25 July 2005, CGM HK will place the placing shares to no less than six independent placees with the placing price determined at HK\$ 3.813 per placing share. The net proceeds of the placing is estimated to be approximately HK\$ 856 million after deducting the commission and expenses of the placing. The net proceeds of the placing will be used for any of expansion of production capacity of copper cathode of the company, technological renovation of mining technology and the development of the processed copper products.

(END OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRC GAAP AND REGULATIONS)

# SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

For the period ended 30 June 2005 (Prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP and regulations)

# 1. DIFFERENCE BETWEEN INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS") AND PRC GAAP

These financial statements are prepared according to PRC GAAP, which are different from these prepared according to IFRS.

At balance sheet date, net profit and net assets were RMB982,567,000 and RMB6,739,925,000 respectively according to PRC GAAP. These figures can be reconciled to that under IFRS as follows:

For the	Net profit ne period ended 30 June 2005 RMB'000	Net assets at 30 June 2005 RMB'000
Per PRC GAAP Adjustment according to IFRS:  - Specific accounts payable transferred to capital reserves which cannot booked under IFRS and	982,567	6,739,925
the relevant effect on fixed assets depreciation  – Unrealized loss on forward copper contracts which should	3,000	(76,600)
be booked in other operating profit under IFRS  Per IFRS	974,551	(52,379) 6,610,946

## 2. WEIGHTED AVERAGE AND FULLY DILUTED RETURN ON NET ASSETS AND EARNING PER SHARE

From 1 January to 30 June 2005

Reporting profit	Return on r	net assets (%)	Earning per share (RMB)			
	Fully diluted	Weighted average	Fully diluted	Weighted average		
Profit from principal operations	25.53	26.20	0.65	0.65		
Operating profits	17.37	17.83	0.44	0.44		
Net profit	14.58	14.96	0.37	0.37		
Net profit excluding non-recurring items	14.42	14.80	0.36	0.36		

# SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

For the period ended 30 June 2005 (Prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP and regulations)

## 3. IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON ASSETS AT 30 JUNE 2005

	At 1 Jar	nuary 2005	Additions	W	rite-back	Wri	te-off	At 30 J	une 2005
			Group and						
Item	Group	Company	Company	Group	Company	Group	Company	Group	Company
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Bad debt provision     Including: Accounts	111,502,715	108,675,903	260,690	(19,832,432)	(17,005,620)	_	-	91,930,973	91,930,973
receivable	91,636,146	91,636,146	260,690	(16,843,691)	(16,843,691)	_	_	75,053,145	75,053,145
Other receivables	19,866,569	17,039,757	_	(2,988,741)	(161,929)	_	_	16,877,828	16,877,828
Impairment loss     on short-term									
investments	959,574	959,574	306,131	_	_	_	_	1,265,705	1,265,705
Including: Stock investment	s 959,754	959,574	306,131			_		1,265,705	1,265,705
3. Impairment loss on inventor	ry 751,102	751,102	_	_	_	_	_	751,102	751,102
Including: Raw material	751,102	751,102	_	_	_	_	_	751,102	751,102
4. Impairment loss on									
long-term investment	10,552,676	10,552,676	_	_	_	_	_	10,552,676	10,552,676
Including: Stock investment	5,610,000	5,610,000	_	_	_	_	_	5,610,000	5,610,000
Equity investment difference	4,942,676	4,942,676	_		_	_	_	4,942,676	4,942,676
5. Impairment loss on									
fixed assets	4,699,700	4,699,700	_	_	_	_	_	4,699,700	4,699,700
Including: Buildings	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Equipment and machinery	4,699,700	4,699,700	_	_	_	_	_	4,699,700	4,699,700
Vehicles									



For the period ended 30 June 2005 (Prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP and regulations)

4. THE EXPLANATIONS TO THE ITEMS IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHOSE FLUCTUATION RANGE IS OVER 30% (INCLUDING 30%) AND COVER THE TOTAL ASSETS OF BALANCE SHEET DATE OVER 5% (INCLUDING 5%) OR COVER THE TOTAL PROFIT IN THIS YEAR OVER 10% (INCLUDING 10%) AREAS FOLLOWS:

Items in statement of balance sheet:

Tax payable:

The amount of current period increased a lot compared with that of same period of prior year, which was due to the large amount of VAT-out caused by the great increase of sales volume.

Items in statement of income and profits appropriation:

Sales:

The amount of current period increased a lot compared with that of same period of prior year, which was mainly due to the great increase of sales volume and unit price of copper in the market.

General and administrative expense:

The amount of current period increased a lot compared with that of same period of prior year, which was mainly due to the increase of salary expense, environmental expenses and compensation fee for mineral resources.