補充財務資料 SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

以下公佈之資料為本簡明中期賬目之補 充資料,此等資料為未經審核之資料。 The following information is unaudited and disclosed as part of the accompanying information to this condensed interim accounts.

(一)資本充足及流動資金比率

1 Capital adequacy and liquidity ratios

		30/6/2005	31/12/2004
資本充足比率	Capital adequacy ratio	18.7%	20.5%
經調整資本充足比率	Adjusted capital adequacy ratio	18.6%	20.5%
			十日止六個月 nded 30 June 2004
流動資金比率	Liquidity ratio	47.8%	53.9%

資本充足比率指根據香港《銀行業條 例》第三附表所計算本行及由香港金 融管理局指定之若干附屬公司於二 〇〇五年六月三十日及二〇〇四年 十二月三十一日之綜合比率。

經調整資本充足比率指根據香港金 融管理局發出之「就市場風險維持充 足資本」指引所計算本行及由香港金 融管理局指定之若干附屬公司於二 〇〇五年六月三十日及二〇〇四年 十二月三十一日之綜合比率,此比 率已同時計及信貸風險及市場風險。

流動資金比率是根據香港《銀行業條 例》第四附表就本行及由香港金融管 理局指定之一間附屬公司在期內每 個曆月之綜合平均流動資金比率而 計算之簡單平均數。 The capital adequacy ratio represents the consolidated ratio of the Bank and certain subsidiaries, as specified by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority as at 30 June 2005 and 31 December 2004 computed in accordance with the Third Schedule of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance.

The adjusted capital adequacy ratio represents the consolidated ratio of the Bank and certain subsidiaries, as specified by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority as at 30 June 2005 and 31 December 2004 computed in accordance with the guideline of "Maintenance of Adequate Capital Against Market Risks" issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority taking into account both credit risk and market risk.

The liquidity ratio is calculated as the simple average of each calendar month's average consolidated liquidity ratio for the period calculated for the Bank and a subsidiary as specified by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority during the period in accordance with the Fourth Schedule of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance.

(二)資本基礎的組成部份減除扣減項目

用於計算上述二〇〇五年六月三十 日及二〇〇四年十二月三十一日資 本充足比率,並向香港金融管理局 申報的資本基礎的組成部份減除扣 減項目分析如下:

2 Components of capital base after deductions

The capital base after deductions used in the calculation of the above capital adequacy ratio as at 30 June 2005 and 31 December 2004 and reported to the Hong Kong Monetary Authority is analysed as follows:

厥 填日 万 忉 如 下 ·		30/6/2005 HK\$'000	31/12/2004 HK\$'000
核心資本:	Core capital:	1113.9 000	1113.9 000
繳足股款的普通股本	Paid up ordinary share capital	1,160,951	1,160,951
儲備	Reserves	5,817,746	5,782,946
		6,978,697	6,943,897
附加資本:	Supplementary capital:		
上地卫上地描光画店重什麽进	Reserves on revaluation of land and interests in land	824,416	824,416
土地及土地權益價值重估儲備 一般呆賬準備金	General provisions for doubtful debts		368,175
已減值資產之綜合減值準備及法	Collective impairment allowances for		,
定儲備	impaired assets and regulatory reserve	349,461	-
非持作買賣用途之投資證券之重	Reserves on revaluation of holding of		
估儲備	securities not held for trading purposes	61,914	45,916
附加資本總額	Gross value of supplementary capital	1,235,791	1,238,507
附加資本之合格值	Eligible value of supplementary capital	1,235,791	1,238,507
未減除扣減項目前之資本基礎總額	Total capital base before deductions	8,214,488	8,182,404
由資本基礎總額扣減之項目	Deductions from total capital base	(397,988)	(396,991)
減除扣減項目後的資本基礎總額	Total capital base after deductions	7,816,500	7,785,413

資本基礎的組成部份減除扣減項目 是根據香港《銀行業條例》第三附表 釐定,其數額包括本行及由香港金 融管理局指定之若干附屬公司。 The components of capital base after deductions include those of the Bank and certain subsidiaries, as specified by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, and are determined in accordance with the Third Schedule of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance.

(三)貨幣集中

3 Currency concentrations

本集團所有外幣持倉盤中,美元貨 幣持倉佔淨盤總額的百分之十或以 上,現以港幣等值列報如下: The US dollar net position constitutes 10% or more of the total net position in all foreign currencies and is reported in Hong Kong dollar equivalent as follows:

	30/6/2005 HK\$'000	31/12/2004 HK\$'000
Spot assets	17,383,899	18,430,386
Spot liabilities	(16,679,811)	(15,835,328)
Forward purchases	2,594,915	1,672,639
Forward sales	(1,986,562)	(1,798,838)
Net long position	1,312,441	2,468,859
Net structural position	68,619	67,635
	Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales Net long position	HK\$'000 Spot assets 17,383,899 Spot liabilities (16,679,811) Forward purchases 2,594,915 Forward sales (1,986,562) Net long position 1,312,441

(四)分類資料

4 Segmental information

甲、按行業分類之客戶貸款總額

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sectors

		30/6/2005 HK\$'000	31/12/2004 HK\$'000
在香港使用之貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong		
工商金融	Industrial, commercial and financial		
物業發展	Property development	2,515,397	1,934,882
物業投資	Property investment	6,756,750	5,849,464
金融企業	Financial concerns	331,734	276,292
股票經紀	Stockbrokers	783	3,828
批發及零售業	Wholesale and retail trade	394,671	425,941
製造業	Manufacturing	470,452	477,463
運輸及運輸設備	Transport and transport equipment	1,007,536	1,093,448
其他	Others	4,393,092	3,667,655
個人	Individuals		
購買「居者有其屋計劃」、	Loans for the purchase of flats in the		
「私人參建居屋計劃」與	Home Ownership Scheme, Private		
「租者置其屋計劃」樓宇	Sector Participation Scheme and		
之貸款	Tenants Purchase Scheme	2,409,361	2,292,527
	Loans for the purchase of other		
購買其他住宅物業的貸款	residential properties	10,404,729	9,744,431
信用卡貸款	Credit card advances	308,299	320,798
其他	Others	1,511,466	1,163,558
貿易融資	Trade finance	539,985	438,845
		31,044,255	27,689,132
在香港以外使用之貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	3,897,508	3,454,856
		34,941,763	31,143,988

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(四)分類資料(續)

4 Segmental information (continued)

乙、按區域分類之客戶貸款、逾期貸款 及已減值貸款/不履行貸款

以下按區域分類之客戶貸款、逾期 貸款及已減值貸款/不履行貸款是根 據交易對手之所在地作分析,並已 適當考慮有關貸款之風險轉移。

(b) Geographical analysis of gross advances to customers, overdue advances and impaired loans/non-performing loans

The following geographical analysis of gross advances to customers, overdue advances and impaired loans/non-performing loans is based on the location of the counterparty, after taking into account the transfer of risk in respect of such advances where appropriate.

		30/6/2005 HK\$'000	31/12/2004 HK\$'000
客戶貸款總額	Gross advances to customers		
香港	Hong Kong	32,962,448	29,769,742
其他區域	Other areas	1,979,315	1,374,246
		34,941,763	31,143,988
逾期貸款	Overdue advances		
香港	Hong Kong	164,516	172,083
已減值貸款	Impaired loans		
香港	Hong Kong	230,745	_
不履行貸款	Non-performing loans		
香港	Hong Kong		258,067

(四)分類資料(續)

丙、跨越邊界的申索

本集團以外地交易對手最終承擔風險之所在地,及根據交易對手經風險轉移後衍生出之區域,作為跨越邊界申索之分析。若一個交易對手之申索是由另一個在不同國家的人士作出保證或申索是對於一間銀行之外地分行,而其總公司是位於一個不同的國家,風險便確認為由一個國家轉移到另一個國家。該等區域佔跨越邊界申索總額的百分之十或以上如下:

4 Segmental information (continued)

(c) Cross-border claims

The Group analyses cross-border claims by exposures of foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. The transfer of risk from one country to another is recognised if the claims against a counterparty are guaranteed by another party in a different country or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in a different country. Those areas which contribute 10% or more of the aggregate cross-border claims are as follows:

		銀行及其他			
		金融機構			
		Banks and	公營機構		
		other	Public		
		financial	sector	其他	合計
		institutions	entities	Others	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二〇〇五年六月三十日	30 June 2005				
	Asia Pacific excluding				
亞太區(不包括香港)	Hong Kong	7,828,073	53,798	2,750,621	10,632,492
北美及南美	North and South America	2,060,955	2,156,090	2,039,216	6,256,261
歐洲	Europe	10,902,252	-	704,621	11,606,873
二〇〇四年十二月三十一日	31 December 2004				
	Asia Pacific excluding				
亞太區(不包括香港)	Hong Kong	11,481,596	53,795	2,353,573	13,888,964
北美及南美	North and South America	1,247,365	2,145,846	2,975,388	6,368,599
歐洲	Europe	12,706,818	-	399,918	13,106,736

(五)逾期及經重組資產

甲、逾期貸款

本集團之客戶逾期貸款分析 如下:

5 Overdue and rescheduled assets

(a) Overdue advances

The Group's overdue advances to customers are analysed as follows:

		30/6/2005 佔客戶貸款 總額之百分比 % of total advances to		佔客戶貸款 總額之百分比		2/2004 佔客戶貸款 總額之百分比 % of total advances to
		HK\$'000	customers	HK\$'000	customers	
貸款總額,其逾期超過:	Gross amount of advances which have been overdue for: Six months or less, but over					
三個月以上至六個月	three months One year or less, but over	70,071	0.20	61,219	0.20	
六個月以上至一年	six months	30,108	0.09	32,119	0.10	
一年以上	Over one year	64,337	0.18	78,745	0.25	
		164,516	0.47	172,083	0.55	
有抵押之逾期貸款	Secured overdue advances	103,973		116,175		
無抵押之逾期貸款	Unsecured overdue advances	60,543		55,908		
		164,516		172,083		
有抵押之逾期貸款所持 之抵押品市值	Market value of collateral held against the secured overdue advances	168,500		190,576		
已撥個別減值準備	Individual impairment allowances made	54,513		_		
已撥特殊準備	Specific provisions made	_		57,531		

於二〇〇五年六月三十日及二〇 〇四年十二月三十一日,同業貸 款中並無逾期三個月以上。 At 30 June 2005 and 31 December 2004, there were no advances to banks and other financial institutions which were overdue for over three months.

乙、其他逾期資產

本集團之其他逾期資產分析 如下:

(b) Other overdue assets

The Group's other overdue assets are analysed as follows:

хц Г. •		30/6, 商業票據 Trade bills HK\$'000	/2005 應計利息 Accrued interest HK\$'000	31/12 商業票據 Trade bills HK\$'000	2/2004 應計利息 Accrued interest HK\$'000
其他資產總額,其逾期超過:	Gross amount of other assets which have been overdue for: Six months or less, but over				
三個月以上至六個月	three months One year or less, but over	640	954	-	659
六個月以上至一年	six months	-	1,434	_	506
一年以上	Over one year		9,139		1,163
		640	11,527	_	2,328

(五)逾期及經重組資產(續)

丙、經重組貸款

本集團之經重組貸款(已減除逾 期超過三個月並在上述(甲)項內 列明之貸款)分析如下:

5 Overdue and rescheduled assets (continued)

(c) Rescheduled advances

The Group's rescheduled advances (net of those which have been overdue for over three months and reported in item (a) above) are as follows:

		30/6/2005		31/1	31/12/2004	
			佔客戶貸款		佔客戶貸款	
			總額之百分比		總額之百分比	
			% of total		% of total	
			advances to		advances to	
		HK\$'000	customers	HK\$'000	customers	
	Rescheduled advances to					
經重組客戶貸款	customers	165,120	0.47	268,599	0.86	

於二〇〇五年六月三十日及二〇 ○四年十二月三十一日,同業貸 款中並無經重組之貸款。

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At 30 June 2005 and 31 December 2004, there were no rescheduled advances to banks and other financial institutions.

收回資產	(d) Repossessed assets	30/6/2005 HK\$'000	31/12/2004 HK\$'000
收回資產市值	Market value of repossessed assets	8,198	14,270

(六)風險管理

本集團已制定政策及程序,用以 識別、量度、控制及監管信貸、 流動資金、外匯、利率及市場風 險。常務董事會(簡稱「常董會」) 就此等風險管理政策及程序之充 分性及果效而作定期檢視;而稽 核部門亦會進行定期稽核及檢查, 以確保政策及程序得以遵從。

甲、 信貸風險管理

信貸風險指由於借款客戶或交易 對手不償還債務而引起之風險。 有關風險乃由於本集團從事借 貸、貿易融資、財資、衍生工具 及其他活動而引起。

本集團之信貸政策已釐定授出信 貸之標準、信貸批核、審閱及監 控程序、以及貸款分類及撥備之 系統。

6 **Risk management**

The Group has established policies and procedures for the identification, measurement, control and monitoring of credit, liquidity, foreign exchange, interest rate and market risks. The adequacy and effectiveness of risk management policies and procedures are regularly reviewed by the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Executive Committee"). The Internal Audit Department also performs regular audits to ensure compliance with policies and procedures.

(a) Credit risk management

Credit risk arises from the possibility that borrowing customers or counterparties in a transaction may default on their payment obligations. It arises from the lending, trade finance, treasury, derivatives and other activities undertaken by the Group.

The Group's credit policy defines credit extension criteria, the credit approval, review and monitoring processes, and the system of loan classification and provision.

(六)風險管理(續)

甲、信貸風險管理(續)

本集團按審慎之基礎管理所有信貸風險, 根據業務、金融、市場及業界評估及相 關之抵押品,評估不同類別客戶及交易 對方之信貸風險值。本集團在合適的情 況下需取得抵押品以減低此風險。無論 是否有抵押品作抵押,所有信貸均按客 戶或交易對手之償還能力而作出決定。

若市場上有新產品發展之機會,一個由 高級管理層及有關業務經理組成之委員 會將負責檢討產品風險之評估及計劃之 執行,該等檢討亦會需受內部稽核之檢 查。所有新產品均須由常董會批核。

為避免過於集中所引致之風險,各個客 戶、交易對手及業界之信貸風險均已設 定限額小心管理及監控。所有信貸風險 之限額由常董會批核,該會同時負責檢 討及批核大額授信及管理較高風險之集 中。信貸批核授權授信審核委員會及其 他信貸業務管理人員負責,實際信貸風 險、限額及資產質素均由管理層定期監 管及控制,並受內部稽核之審查。

乙、流動資金風險管理

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能以合理價 格完成交易或達到融資需求而對盈利或 資金造成之風險。本集團已定下政策及 制度以監察各項資產、負債及承擔之流 動性,確保本集團能應付所有到期債 項。如補充財務資料第一段所披露,期 內本集團之平均流動資金比率遠高於法 定最低要求的百分之二十五。

本集團有制定流動資金比率、貸存比率 及其他到期狀況之限額,以確保本集團 能應付其資金需求。所有限額由常董會 批核。實際風險水平與核定限額之比較 和監察,則由資產負債管理委員會執行。

本集團維持審慎水平的可變現流動資 產,以應付不能預計及重大的現金需 求。亦定時為本集團持有之流動資金水 平作出壓力測試。

6 Risk management (continued)

(a) Credit risk management (continued)

The Group manages all types of credit risk on a prudent basis by evaluating the creditworthiness of different types of customers and counterparties based on an assessment of business, financial, market and industry sector and collateral information applicable to the types of credit extended. To mitigate the risk, the Group obtains collateral where appropriate. All credit decisions, whether or not secured by collateral, are based on customers' or counterparties' repayment capacity.

When a new product development opportunity is identified, a committee comprising the senior management and the business managers concerned is organised to review the product risk assessment and implementation plan, which are also subject to internal audit checking. All new products are required to be approved by the Executive Committee.

To avoid concentration risk, credit exposures to individual customers, counterparties and industry sectors are carefully managed and monitored by the use of limits. All credit risk limits are approved by the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee is also responsible for the review and approval of the largest credit exposures and portfolio management of risk concentrations. Approval authorities are delegated to the Group's Credit Committee and other lending officers. Actual credit exposures, limits and asset quality are regularly monitored and controlled by management and subject to checks by the internal audit function.

(b) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk to earnings or capital due to failure of the Group to meet its funding requirements or to execute a transaction at a reasonable price. The Group has established policies and systems to monitor the liquidity of its assets, liabilities and commitments and to ensure that the Group maintains an assured capacity to meet all obligations as they fall due. As disclosed in note 1 of this supplementary financial information, the Group's average liquidity ratio for the period was well above the statutory minimum of 25%.

Limits for liquidity ratio, loan to deposit ratio and other maturity positions have been set to ensure that the Group is able to meet its funding requirements. All limits are approved by the Executive Committee. Actual positions are compared with the approved limits and monitored by the Asset and Liability Management Committee.

A prudent level of realisable liquid assets is also maintained by the Group to meet unexpected and material cash requirements. Stress testing on the Group's liquidity position is regularly performed.

(六)風險管理(續)

丙、外匯風險管理

外匯風險乃因匯率波動而對盈利或資金 造成之風險。本集團之外匯風險主要包 括財資部之外匯買賣及源自商業銀行業 務之貨幣兌換風險,此等風險每日均由 財資部按常董會核定之外匯持倉限額集 中管理。

由客戶交易而產生之外匯結餘(包括附 設在某些客戶存款內之貨幣期權), 一般會與其他客戶交易或市場交易對 銷。用以購買港元資產之外匯資金均會 採用掉期或遠期貨幣兌換合約對沖外匯 風險。

丁、利率風險管理

利率風險是指由於利率波動不定而對盈 利或資金造成之風險。本集團之利率風 險主要因持有資產、負債及資產負債表 以外項目之重訂息率有時間差異而引 起。本集團已定有政策及制度以監察其 較易受利率影響之倉盤及重訂息率淨差 距,以確保其在常董會所核定之限額以 內,妥善管理。實際持倉額會與核定限 額作比較並由風險管理委員會監察。

儘管利率風險管理之主要目的在於限制 利率變動對淨利息收入之潛在不利影 響,亦可在風險限額內增持利率倉盤以 提高收益。

戊、市場風險管理

市場風險是指由於市場利率及價格(例如息率、匯率及股票之價格)之變動所 引致資產、負債及承擔上之損失。本集 團之市場風險主要源自其外匯持倉及持 作買賣用途之證券及衍生工具。

買賣之金融工具包括債務、股權及其他 證券,以及資產負債表以外之衍生金融 工具。衍生工具是一項合約,其價值是 由合約內指定之一種或多種金融工具或 指數而確定。該等工具主要包括外匯、 利率及股權之遠期、期貨、掉期及期權 合約。

6 Risk management (continued)

(c) Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign exchange risk is the risk to earnings or capital arising from movement of foreign exchange rates. The Group's foreign exchange exposures mainly comprise foreign exchange dealing by the Treasury Department and currency exposures originated by its commercial banking businesses. All exposures are centrally managed by the Treasury Department on a daily basis within the foreign exchange position limits approved by the Executive Committee.

Foreign currency exposures arising from customer transactions, including currency options embedded in certain customer deposits, are normally offset against other customer transactions or transactions with the market. Foreign currency funding used to fund Hong Kong dollar assets is hedged using currency swaps or forward exchange contracts to mitigate the foreign exchange risk.

(d) Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk is the risk to earnings or capital arising from movement in interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk mainly arises from the timing differences in the repricing of interest bearing assets, liabilities and off balance sheet positions. The Group has established policies and systems to monitor its interest-sensitive positions and net repricing gap to ensure that they are all properly managed under the limits approved by the Executive Committee. Actual positions are compared with the approved limits and monitored by the Risk Management Committee.

While the primary objective of interest rate risk management is to limit potential adverse effects of interest rate movements on net interest income, interest rate positions may be taken for yield enhancement within the risk limits.

(e) Market risk management

Market risk is the risk of loss in assets, liabilities and commitments arising from the net effect of changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Group's market risk primarily arises from its positions in foreign exchange, securities and derivatives in its trading book.

Financial instruments traded include debt, equity and other securities and certain off balance sheet derivative financial instruments. Derivative instruments are contracts whose value is derived from one or more underlying financial instruments or indices defined in the contract. They mainly include forwards, futures, swaps and options in foreign exchange, interest rate and equity contracts.

(六)風險管理(續)

戊、市場風險管理(續)

作為資產負債管理程序之一部份,本集團亦有 利用金融工具管理市場風險。本集團所用衍生 工具主要為利率及外幣匯率有關之合約,大部 份為通過櫃台交易之衍生工具。本集團亦有參 與在交易所買賣之衍生工具;而本集團之衍生 工具持倉盤,大部份是為應客戶需求並作為對 沖此等客戶盤及其他買賣持倉盤而持有。

常董會透過制定各項交易限額以管理本集團從 不同活動而面對之市場風險。風險乃以合約或 名義數值、未償還結餘及止蝕限額之基準衡量 及監察。財資部每日均會按市價估值、監察及 管理所有與市場風險有關之交易持倉。獨立監 察、檢查及確認交易均由另一與財資部分離之 獨立部門進行,而本集團之稽核部門亦會定時 進行審核及檢查,以確保能遵照既定之風險限 額進行交易。所有超出限額項目須由有關之管 理層及常董會審核及批准。實際持倉由風險管 理委員會監察。

本行及旗下數間附屬公司在截至二〇〇五年六 月三十日止六個月內,從與市場有關活動所賺 取之每日平均收入(包括與買賣有關之淨利息 收入或其他收入)為港幣五十萬零三千元(二〇 〇四年六月三十日為港幣四十六萬四千元)。 該等每日平均收入之標準差為港幣一百二十四 萬九千元(二〇〇四年六月三十日為港幣一百 三十五萬一千元)。

6 Risk management (continued)

(e) Market risk management (continued)

Financial instruments are also used to manage the Group's own exposures to market risk as part of its asset and liability management process. The principal derivative instruments used by the Group are interest and foreign exchange rate related contracts, which are primarily over-thecounter derivatives. The Group also participates in exchange traded derivatives. Most of the Group's derivative positions have been entered to meet customer demand and to hedge these and other trading positions.

The Group's market risk exposures in different activities are managed by way of limits established by the Executive Committee. Exposures are measured and monitored on the basis of contractual or notional amount, outstanding balances and stop-loss limits. All market risk trading positions are subject to daily mark-to-market valuation, monitored and managed by the Treasury Department. Independent monitoring, checking and trade confirmation are undertaken by a separate department independent of the Treasury Department. Regular checking and reviews are also conducted by the Group's internal audit function to ensure compliance with risk limits. All exceptions are reviewed and approved by the appropriate level of management and the Executive Committee. Actual positions are monitored by the Risk Management Committee.

The average daily revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2005 earned from market risk-related activities by the Bank and certain subsidiaries, including trading-related net interest income and other revenue was HK\$503,000 (30 June 2004: HK\$464,000). The standard deviation of this daily revenue was HK\$1,249,000 (30 June 2004: HK\$1,351,000).

