To the shareholders of Cathay Pacific Airways Limited (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the accounts on pages 41 to 85 which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The Hong Kong Companies Ordinance requires the Directors to prepare accounts which give a true and fair view. In preparing accounts which give a true and fair view it is fundamental that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently, that judgements and estimates are made which are prudent and reasonable and that the reasons for any significant departure from applicable accounting standards are stated.

It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's and the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance as to whether the accounts are free from material misstatement. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31st December 2005 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 8th March 2006

1. Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") (which include all applicable Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"), Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). These accounts also comply with the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

HKICPA has issued new and revised HKAS and HKFRS which became effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2005. The impact of new accounting standards which lead to changes in the accounting policies are set out in 2, 4, 6, 8 – 11 and 15.

The measurement basis used is historical cost modified by the use of fair value for certain financial assets and liabilities as explained in accounting policies 8, 10 and 12 below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions which affect the amounts of fixed assets, intangible assets, long-term investments, retirement benefit obligations and taxation included in the financial statements. These estimates and assumptions are continually re-evaluated and are based on management's expectations of future events which are considered to be reasonable.

2. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts incorporate the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st December together with the Group's share of the results and net assets of its associates. Subsidiaries are those entities in which the Group controls the composition of the board of directors, controls more than half the voting power or holds more than half of the issued share capital.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated profit and loss account. Where interests have been bought or sold during the year, only those results relating to the period of ownership are included in the accounts.

Goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of subsidiaries and associates over the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets at the date of acquisition. Goodwill arising on consolidation is recognised as an intangible asset. In previous years, goodwill was amortised on a straight line basis over its estimated useful economic life, not exceeding a period of 20 years. With the adoption of HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" and its transitional provisions, goodwill is no longer amortised and the accumulated amortisation brought forward from 2004 has been eliminated with a corresponding decrease in the cost of goodwill. The carrying amount of goodwill is reviewed annually and is written down should any impairment arise. The effect of this change in the 2005 results is set out in note 28 to the accounts.

On disposal of a subsidiary or associate, goodwill is included in the calculation of any gain or loss.

Minority interests in the consolidated balance sheet comprise the outside shareholders' proportion of the net assets of subsidiaries. With the adoption of HKAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", minority interests are now treated as a part of equity rather than as a deduction from net assets and in the profit and loss account, minority interests are now disclosed as an allocation of the profit for the year rather than a deduction from profit. This change has been applied retrospectively and 2004 comparatives have been restated accordingly.

In the Company's balance sheet investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment loss recognised. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

3. Associates

Associates are those companies, not being subsidiaries, in which the Group holds a substantial long-term interest in the equity share capital and over which the Group is in a position to exercise significant management influence.

The consolidated profit and loss account includes the Group's share of results of associates as reported in their accounts made up to 31st December. In the consolidated balance sheet investments in associates represent the Group's share of net assets and loans to those companies.

In the Company's balance sheet, investments in associates are stated at cost less any impairment loss recognised and loans to those companies.

4. Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions entered into during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the market rates ruling at the relevant transaction dates whilst the following items are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date:

- (a) foreign currency denominated financial assets and liabilities.
- (b) the balance sheets of foreign subsidiaries and associates.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of foreign currencies into Hong Kong dollars are reflected in the profit and loss account except that:

(a) unrealised exchange differences on foreign currency denominated financial assets and liabilities, as described in accounting policies 8, 9 and 10 below, that qualify as effective cash flow hedge instruments under HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are recognised directly in equity via the Statement of Changes in Equity. These exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account as an adjustment to revenue in the same period or periods during which the hedged item affects the profit and loss. (b) unrealised differences on net investments in foreign subsidiaries and associates (including intra-Group balances of an equity nature) and related long-term liabilities are taken directly to equity.

5. Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Depreciation of fixed assets is calculated on a straight line basis to write down cost over anticipated useful lives to estimated residual value as follows:

Passenger aircraft	over 20 years to residual value of between 0% to 10% of cost
Freighter aircraft	over 20 – 27 years to residual value of between 0% to 20% of cost
Other equipment	over 3 – 7 years to nil residual value
Buildings	over the lease term of the leasehold land to nil residual value

Major modifications to aircraft and reconfiguration costs are capitalised as part of aircraft cost and are depreciated over periods of up to 10 years.

The depreciation policy and the carrying amount of fixed assets are reviewed annually taking into consideration factors such as changes in fleet composition, current and forecast market values and technical factors which affect the life expectancy of the assets. Any impairment in value is recognised by writing down the carrying amount to estimated recoverable amount which is the higher of the value in use (the present value of future cash flows) and the net selling price.

6. Leased assets

Fixed assets held under lease agreements that give rights equivalent to ownership are treated as if they had been purchased outright at fair market value and the corresponding liabilities to the lessor, net of interest charges, are included as obligations under finance leases.

Amounts payable in respect of finance leases are apportioned between interest charges and reductions of obligations based on the interest rates implicit in the leases.

Operating lease payments and income are charged and credited respectively to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease.

With the adoption of HKAS 17 "Leases", leasehold land is now considered as being held under an operating lease rather than as a finance lease and this has resulted in a reclassification of leasehold land from fixed assets to other long-term receivables and investments and trade and other receivables. This change which has no impact on the profit and loss account of the Group has been applied retrospectively and 2004 comparatives have been restated accordingly. As at 31st December 2005, HK\$1,513 million (2004: HK\$1,549 million) of unamortised payments for leasehold land were included in other long-term receivables and investments and trade and other receivables.

7. Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise goodwill and expenditure on computer system development. The accounting policy for goodwill is outlined in accounting policy 2 on page 41.

Expenditure on computer system development which gives rise to economic benefits is capitalised as part of intangible assets and is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life not exceeding a period of four years.

8. Financial assets

Other long-term receivables, bank and security deposits, trade and other short-term receivables are categorised as loans and receivables and are stated at amortised cost less impairment loss.

Where long-term investments held by the Group are designated as available-for-sale financial assets, these investments are stated at fair value. Any change in fair value is recognised in the investment revaluation reserve. On disposal or if there is evidence that the investment is impaired, the cumulative gain or loss on the investment is transferred from the investment revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account.

Funds with investment managers and other liquid investments are designated as at fair value through profit and loss.

The accounting policy for derivative financial assets is outlined in accounting policy 10.

Financial assets are recognised or derecognised by the Group on the date when the purchase or sale of the assets occurs.

Interest income from financial assets is recognised as it accrues while dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

9. Financial liabilities

Long-term loans, finance lease obligations and trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost.

Where long-term liabilities have been defeased by the placement of security deposits, those liabilities and deposits (and income and charge arising therefrom) are netted off, in order to reflect the overall commercial effect of the arrangements. Such netting off occurs where there is a current legally enforceable right to set off the liability and the deposit and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the deposit and settle the liability simultaneously. For transactions

9. Financial liabilities (continued)

entered into before 2005, such netting off occurs where there is a right to insist on net settlement of the liability and the deposit including situations of default and where that right is assured beyond doubt, thereby reflecting the substance and economic reality of the transactions.

The accounting policy for derivative financial liabilities is outlined in accounting policy 10.

Financial liabilities are recognised or derecognised when the contracted obligations are committed or extinguished.

Interest expenses incurred under financial liabilities are calculated and recognised using the effective interest method.

10. Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used solely to manage exposures to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and jet fuel prices in accordance with the Group's risk management policies. The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

With the adoption of HKAS 39, all derivative financial instruments are now recognised at fair value in the balance sheet. Where derivative financial instruments are designated as effective hedging instruments under HKAS 39 and hedge exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, interest rates or jet fuel prices, any fair value change is accounted for as follows:

 (a) the portion of the fair value change that is determined to be an effective cash flow hedge is recognised directly in equity via the Statement of Changes in Equity and is included in the profit and loss account as an adjustment to revenue, net finance charges or fuel expense in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects the profit and loss. (b) the ineffective portion of the fair value change is recognised in the profit and loss account immediately.

Derivatives which do not qualify as hedging instruments under HKAS 39 are accounted for as held for trading financial instruments and any fair value change is recognised in the profit and loss account immediately.

In previous years, currency derivatives were stated at amortised cost and amounts receivable or payable under interest rate derivatives were accrued as interest expense or interest income. Jet fuel derivatives were not recognised in the balance sheet.

As a result of adopting the transitional provisions of HKAS 39, retained earnings brought forward from 2004 have been reduced by HK\$106 million being the restatement of derivative financial instruments. The effect of the change in the 2005 results is set out in note 28 to the accounts.

11. Fair value measurement

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is determined either by reference to quoted market values or by discounting future cash flows using market interest rates for similar instruments.

12. Retirement benefits

Arrangements for staff retirement benefits vary from country to country and are made in accordance with local regulations and customs.

The retirement benefit obligation in respect of defined benefit retirement plans refers to the obligation less the fair value of plan assets where the obligation is calculated by estimating the present value of the expected future payments required to settle the benefit that employees have earned using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses are not recognised unless their cumulative amounts exceeds either 10% of the present value of the defined benefit obligation or 10% of the fair value of plan assets whichever is greater. The amount exceeding this corridor is recognised on a straight line basis over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees participating in the plans.

13. Deferred taxation

Provision for deferred tax is made on all temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets relating to unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

In addition, where initial cash benefits have been received in respect of certain lease arrangements, provision is made for the future obligation to make tax payments.

14. Stock

Stock held for consumption is valued either at cost or weighted average cost less any applicable allowance for obsolescence. Stock held for disposal is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value represents estimated resale price.

15. Revenue recognition

Passenger and cargo sales are recognised as revenue when the transportation service is provided. The value of unflown passenger and cargo sales is recorded as unearned transportation revenue. Income from catering and other services is recognised when the services are rendered. Recoveries arising from surcharges or incidental activities are now treated as revenue rather than as a deduction from expenses. This change has been applied retrospectively and 2004 comparatives have been restated accordingly. Please refer to note 28 to the accounts for impact by line items.

16. Maintenance and overhaul costs

Replacement spares and labour costs for maintenance and overhaul of aircraft are charged to the profit and loss account on consumption and as incurred respectively.

17. Frequent-flyer programme

The Company operates a frequent-flyer programme called Asia Miles (the "programme"). The incremental cost of providing awards in exchange for redemption of miles earned by members is accrued as an operating cost and a liability after allowing for miles which are not expected to be redeemed. As members redeem their miles the liability is reduced to reflect the reduction in the outstanding obligation.

The Company sells miles to participating partners in the programme. That portion of revenue earned from miles sold which is expected to be redeemed on Cathay Pacific's flights is deferred and amortised to the profit and loss account over the expected redemption period.

18. Related parties

Related parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or entities.

	Note	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 US\$M	2004 US\$M
Turnover					
Passenger services		30,274	26,407	3,881	3,386
Cargo services		12,852	11,395	1,648	1,461
Catering, recoveries and other services		7,783	4,959	998	635
Total turnover	1	50,909	42,761	6,527	5,482
Expenses					
Staff		(9,025)	(8,842)	(1,157)	(1,134)
Inflight service and passenger expenses		(2,033)	(1,758)	(261)	(225)
Landing, parking and route expenses		(6,947)	(6,121)	(891)	(785)
Fuel		(15,588)	(9,321)	(1,999)	(1,195)
Aircraft maintenance		(4,527)	(3,784)	(580)	(485)
Aircraft depreciation and operating leases		(4,893)	(4,379)	(627)	(561)
Other depreciation and operating leases		(790)	(814)	(101)	(104)
Commissions		(555)	(529)	(71)	(68)
Others		(2,408)	(1,966)	(309)	(252)
Operating expenses		(46,766)	(37,514)	(5,996)	(4,809)
Operating profit	2	4,143	5,247	531	673
Finance charges		(1,605)	(1,628)	(206)	(209)
Finance income		1,161	1,045	149	134
Net finance charges	3	(444)	(583)	(57)	(75)
Share of profits of associates	11	269	298	35	38
Profit before tax		3,968	4,962	509	636
Taxation	4	(500)	(446)	(64)	(57)
Profit for the year		3,468	4,516	445	579
Profit attributable to					
Cathay Pacific shareholders	5	3,298	4,417	423	566
Minority interests		170	99	22	13
		3,468	4,516	445	579
Dividends					
Interim – paid	6	676	674	87	86
Final – proposed	6	947	1,520	121	195
		1,623	2,194	208	281
Earnings per share					
Basic	7	97.7¢	131.4¢	12.5¢	16.8¢
Diluted	7	97.4¢	130.7¢	12.5¢	16.8¢
Dividend per share	6	48.0¢	65.0¢	6.2¢	8.3¢

The accounts are prepared and presented in HK\$, the functional currency. The US\$ figures are shown only as supplementary information and are translated at HK\$7.8.

at 31st December 2005

	Note	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 US\$M	2004 US\$M
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Non-current assets and liabilities					
Fixed assets	8	50,156	50,259	6,430	6,443
Intangible assets	9	260	348	33	45
Investments in associates	11	1,731	1,743	222	223
Other long-term receivables and investments	12	5,453	5,589	699	717
		57,600	57,939	7,384	7,428
Long-term liabilities		(27,745)	(27,698)	(3,557)	(3,551)
Related pledged security deposits		8,853	10,036	1,135	1,287
Net long-term liabilities	13	(18,892)	(17,662)	(2,422)	(2,264)
Retirement benefit obligations	14	(72)	(102)	(9)	(13)
Deferred taxation	15	(6,460)	(7,280)	(828)	(934)
		(25,424)	(25,044)	(3,259)	(3,211)
Net non-current assets		32,176	32,895	4,125	4,217
Current assets and liabilities					
Stock		657	524	84	67
Trade and other receivables	16	6,538	5,347	838	686
Liquid funds	17	13,459	11,474	1,726	1,471
		20,654	17,345	2,648	2,224
Current portion of long-term liabilities		(4,849)	(7,096)	(622)	(910)
Related pledged security deposits		1,286	2,127	165	273
Net current portion of long-term liabilities	13	(3,563)	(4,969)	(457)	(637)
Trade and other payables	18	(7,625)	(7,163)	(978)	(919)
Unearned transportation revenue		(3,864)	(3,622)	(495)	(464)
Taxation		(2,527)	(1,497)	(324)	(192)
		(17,579)	(17,251)	(2,254)	(2,212)
Net current assets		3,075	94	394	12
Net assets		35,251	32,989	4,519	4,229
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Share capital	19	676	674	87	86
Reserves	20	34,292	32,181	4,396	4,126
Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders		34,968	32,855	4,483	4,212
Minority interests		283	134	36	17
Total equity		35,251	32,989	4,519	4,229

The accounts are prepared and presented in HK\$, the functional currency. The US\$ figures are shown only as supplementary information and are translated at HK\$7.8.

The notes on pages 54 to 85 form part of these accounts.

Christopher Pratt *Director* Hong Kong, 8th March 2006 Henry Fan Director

at 31st December 2005

	Note	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 US\$M	2004 US\$M
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Non-current assets and liabilities					
Fixed assets	8	41,680	41,701	5,343	5,346
Intangible assets	9	83	172	11	22
Investments in subsidiaries	10	11,360	13,108	1,456	1,680
Investments in associates	11	60	61	8	8
Other long-term receivables and investments	12	3,792	3,890	486	499
		56,975	58,932	7,304	7,555
Long-term liabilities		(25,503)	(26,040)	(3,269)	(3,338)
Related pledged security deposits		3,200	3,575	410	458
Net long-term liabilities	13	(22,303)	(22,465)	(2,859)	(2,880)
Retirement benefit obligations	14	(127)	(166)	(16)	(21)
Deferred taxation	15	(6,234)	(7,113)	(799)	(912)
		(28,664)	(29,744)	(3,674)	(3,813)
Net non-current assets		28,311	29,188	3,630	3,742
Current assets and liabilities					
Stock		643	509	82	65
Trade and other receivables	16	6,166	5,038	790	646
Liquid funds	17	4,887	3,244	627	416
		11,696	8,791	1,499	1,127
Current portion of long-term liabilities		(4,807)	(6,327)	(616)	(811)
Related pledged security deposits		400	769	51	98
Net current portion of long-term liabilities	13	(4,407)	(5,558)	(565)	(713)
Trade and other payables	18	(7,565)	(7,021)	(971)	(900)
Unearned transportation revenue		(3,864)	(3,622)	(495)	(464)
Taxation		(2,484)	(1,457)	(318)	(187)
		(18,320)	(17,658)	(2,349)	(2,264)
Net current liabilities		(6,624)	(8,867)	(850)	(1,137)
Net assets		21,687	20,321	2,780	2,605
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Share capital	19	676	674	87	86
Reserves	20	21,011	19,647	2,693	2,519
Total equity		21,687	20,321	2,780	2,605

The accounts are prepared and presented in HK\$, the functional currency. The US\$ figures are shown only as supplementary information and are translated at HK\$7.8.

The notes on pages 54 to 85 form part of these accounts.

Christopher Pratt *Director*

Hong Kong, 8th March 2006

Henry Fan Director

	Note	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 US\$M	2004 US\$M
Operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	21	8,706	10,595	1,116	1,359
Dividends received from associates	11	170	122	22	16
Interest received		163	59	21	8
Net interest paid		(671)	(786)	(86)	(101)
Tax paid		(971)	(785)	(125)	(101)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		7,397	9,205	948	1,181
Investing activities					
Receipts from disposal of an investment		117	-	15	-
Receipts from capital reduction, loan and disposal of associates		108	69	14	9
Sales of fixed assets		21	54	3	7
Payments for fixed and intangible assets		(4,354)	(4,064)	(558)	(521)
Net increase in long-term receivables and investments		(232)	(2,692)	(30)	(345)
Net (increase)/decrease in liquid funds other than cash and cash equivalents		(120)	884	(15)	113
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(4,460)	(5,749)	(571)	(737)
Financing activities					
New financing		5,486	1,746	703	224
Net cash benefit from financing arrangements		343	51	44	7
Shares issued	19	78	199	10	25
Loan and finance lease repayments		(4,807)	(6,247)	(616)	(801)
Security deposits placed		(91)	(94)	(11)	(12)
Dividends paid – to shareholders		(2,196)	(2,189)	(282)	(281)
 to minority interests 		(21)	(69)	(3)	(9)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(1,208)	(6,603)	(155)	(847)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,729	(3,147)	222	(403)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January		2,657	5,649	341	724
Effect of exchange differences		(119)	155	(16)	20
Cash and cash equivalents at 31st December	22	4,267	2,657	547	341

The accounts are prepared and presented in HK\$, the functional currency. The US\$ figures are shown only as supplementary information and are translated at HK\$7.8.

Attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders						Minority interests	Total equity		
				Non-dist	ributable				
	Share capital HK\$M	Retained profit HK\$M	Share premium HK\$M	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$M	Cash flow hedge reserve HK\$M	Capital redemption reserve and others HK\$M	Total HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
At 31st December 2004	674	25,496	7,455	493	(1,285)	22	32,855	134	32,989
Prior year adjustment for financial derivatives	_	(106)	_	-	_	_	(106)	_	(106)
At 1st January 2005	674	25,390	7,455	493	(1,285)	22	32,749	134	32,883
Changes in cash flow hedges									
- recognised during the year	-	-	-	-	1,212	-	1,212	-	1,212
 deferred tax recognised 	-	-	-	-	(165)	-	(165)	-	(165)
 transferred to profit for the year 	_	_	_	-	268	_	268	_	268
Revaluation deficit recognised during the year	_	_	_	(265)	_	_	(265)	_	(265)
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	(11)	(11)	-	(11)
Net (loss)/gain recognised directly in equity	_	_	_	(265)	1,315	(11)	1,039	_	1,039
Profit for the year	-	3,298	-	-	-	-	3,298	170	3,468
Total recognised profit/(loss) for the year	_	3,298	-	(265)	1,315	(11)	4,337	170	4,507
2004 final dividend	_	(1,520)	-	-	-	-	(1,520)	-	(1,520)
2005 interim dividend	-	(676)	-	-	-	-	(676)	-	(676)
Dividends paid to minority interests	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	(21)	(21)
Share options exercised	2	-	76	-	_	-	78	-	78
Total transactions with shareholders	2	(2,196)	76	-	-	-	(2,118)	(21)	(2,139)
At 31st December 2005	676	26,492	7,531	228	30	11	34,968	283	35,251

			Attributable	to Cathay Pac	ific sharehold	lers		Minority interests	Total equity
				Non-dist	ributable				
	Share capital HK\$M	Retained profit HK\$M	Share premium HK\$M	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$M	Cash flow hedge reserve HK\$M	Capital redemption reserve and others HK\$M	Total HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
At 31st December 2003	669	23,518	7,261	354	(770)	20	31,052	104	31,156
Prior year adjustment on Asia Miles	_	(250)	_	-	_	-	(250)	-	(250)
At 1st January 2004	669	23,268	7,261	354	(770)	20	30,802	104	30,906
Exchange differences on cash flow hedges – recognised during the year	_	-	-	-	(966)	-	(966)	_	(966)
 deferred tax recognised 	-	-	-	-	68	-	68	-	68
 transferred to profit for the year 	-	_	-	_	383	-	383	-	383
Revaluation surplus recognised during the year	_	-	_	139	_	_	139	_	139
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	15	15	-	15
Capital reserve written back on disposal of an associate	_	_	_	_	_	(13)	(13)	-	(13)
Net gain/(loss) recognised directly in equity	_	_	_	139	(515)	2	(374)	-	(374)
Profit for the year	-	4,417	-	-	-	-	4,417	99	4,516
Total recognised profit/(loss) for the year	-	4,417	-	139	(515)	2	4,043	99	4,142
2003 final dividend	_	(1,515)	_	_	_	_	(1,515)	_	(1,515)
2004 interim dividend	_	(674)	-	-	-	-	(674)	_	(674)
Dividends paid to minority interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(69)	(69)
Share options exercised	5	-	194	-	-	-	199	_	199
Total transactions with shareholders	5	(2,189)	194	-	_	-	(1,990)	(69)	(2,059)
At 31st December 2004	674	25,496	7,455	493	(1,285)	22	32,855	134	32,989

	Share capital HK\$M	Retained profit HK\$M	Share premium HK\$M	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$M		Capital redemption reserve HK\$M	Total equity HK\$M
At 31st December 2004	674	13,123	7,455	469	(1,421)	21	20,321
Prior year adjustment for financial derivatives	-	(106)	-	-	-	_	(106)
At 1st January 2005	674	13,017	7,455	469	(1,421)	21	20,215
Changes in cash flow hedges							
 recognised during the year 	-	-	-	-	1,210	-	1,210
 deferred tax recognised 	-	-	-	-	(165)	-	(165)
 transferred to profit for the year 	-	-	-	-	441	-	441
Revaluation deficit recognised during the year	-	-	-	(267)	-	-	(267)
Net (loss)/gain recognised directly in equity	-	-	-	(267)	1,486	-	1,219
Profit for the year	-	2,371	-	-	-	-	2,371
Total recognised profit/(loss) for the year	-	2,371	-	(267)	1,486	-	3,590
2004 final dividend	-	(1,520)	_	-	-	_	(1,520)
2005 interim dividend	-	(676)	_	-	-	_	(676)
Share options exercised	2	-	76	-	-	-	78
Total transactions with shareholders	2	(2,196)	76	-	-	-	(2,118)
At 31st December 2005	676	13,192	7,531	202	65	21	21,687

	Share capital HK\$M	Retained profit HK\$M	Share premium HK\$M	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$M	Cash flow hedge reserve HK\$M	Capital redemption reserve HK\$M	Total equity HK\$M
At 31st December 2003	669	11,781	7,261	349	(813)	21	19,268
Prior year adjustment on Asia Miles	_	(250)	_	-	_	-	(250)
At 1st January 2004	669	11,531	7,261	349	(813)	21	19,018
Exchange differences on cash flow hedges							
- recognised during the year	-	-	-	-	(1,058)	-	(1,058)
 deferred tax recognised 	-	-	-	-	68	-	68
- transferred to profit for the year	-	-	-	-	382	-	382
Revaluation surplus recognised during the year	_	-	_	120	_	_	120
Net gain/(loss) recognised directly in equity	_	_	_	120	(608)	_	(488)
Profit for the year	-	3,781	-	-	-	-	3,781
Total recognised profit/(loss) for the year	-	3,781	-	120	(608)	-	3,293
2003 final dividend	-	(1,515)	-	-	-	-	(1,515)
2004 interim dividend	-	(674)	-	-	-	-	(674)
Share options exercised	5	-	194	-	-	-	199
Total transactions with shareholders	5	(2,189)	194	_	_	_	(1,990)
At 31st December 2004	674	13,123	7,455	469	(1,421)	21	20,321

1. Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue from transportation services, airline catering, recoveries and other services provided to third parties. Recoveries have been included in the 2004 comparatives.

(a) Primary reporting by geographical segment

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Turnover by origin of sale:		
North Asia		
– Hong Kong and Mainland China	20,256	17,242
– Japan, Korea and Taiwan	8,432	7,346
South West Pacific and South Africa	3,747	3,215
Europe	6,150	5,100
South East Asia and Middle East	5,870	4,699
North America	6,454	5,159
	50,909	42,761

South West Pacific and South Africa includes Australia, New Zealand and Southern Africa. Europe includes Continental Europe, the United Kingdom, Scandinavia, Russia, Baltic and Turkey. South East Asia and Middle East includes Singapore, Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand, the Philippines, Vietnam, Indian sub-continent and Middle East. North America includes U.S.A., Canada and Latin America.

Analysis of turnover and profit by geographical segment:

The analysis of turnover by origin of sale is derived by allocating revenue to the area in which the sale was made. Management considers that it is not meaningful to allocate cost on this basis and accordingly segment results are not disclosed.

Analysis of net assets by geographical segment:

The major revenue earning asset is the aircraft fleet which is registered in Hong Kong and is employed across its worldwide route network. Management considers that there is no suitable basis for allocating such assets and related liabilities to geographical segments. Accordingly, segment assets, segment liabilities and other segment information is not disclosed.

1. Turnover (continued)

(b) Secondary reporting by business segment

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Revenue – external sales		
– Passenger services	30,274	26,407
– Cargo services	12,852	11,395
	43,126	37,802
Unallocated revenue		
– Catering, recoveries and other services	7,783	4,959
	50,909	42,761

The Group is engaged in two main business segments: in passenger business through the Company and in freight traffic through the Company and a subsidiary. Catering services, recoveries and other airline supporting services which supplement the Group's main operating business are included in unallocated revenue.

Analysis of net assets by business segment:

The major revenue earning asset is the aircraft fleet which is jointly used by the passenger services and cargo services segments. Management considers it is not appropriate to allocate such assets between the two segments as there is no suitable basis for so doing. Accordingly, analysis of net assets by business segment is not disclosed.

2. Operating profit

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Operating profit has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of fixed assets		
– Leased	1,853	1,855
– Owned	2,110	1,909
Amortisation of intangible assets	44	84
Operating lease rentals		
– Land and buildings	382	363
– Aircraft and related equipment	1,258	948
– Others	36	34
Operating lease income		
 Aircraft and related equipment 	(11)	(23)
Cost of stock expensed	1,427	1,224
Exchange differences	(156)	(199)
Auditors' remuneration	6	6
Income from unlisted investments	(119)	(103)
Income from listed investments	(6)	(3)
Share of associates' tax	50	58

3. Net finance charges

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Net interest charges comprise:		
- Obligations under finance leases	1,436	1,522
- Interest income on related security deposits, notes and bonds	(726)	(837)
	710	685
– Bank loans and overdrafts	117	92
- Other loans wholly repayable within five years	39	8
- Other loans not wholly repayable within five years	-	6
	866	791
Income from liquid funds:		
- Funds with investment managers and other liquid investments	(259)	(122)
– Bank deposits and other receivables	(169)	(86)
	(428)	(208)
Financial derivatives:		
– Interest income	(7)	-
– Interest expenses	13	-
	6	_
	444	583

Finance income and charges relating to defeasance arrangements have been netted off in the above figures.

4. Taxation

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Current tax expenses		
– Hong Kong profits tax	61	55
– Overseas tax	327	276
– (Over)/under provisions for prior years	(72)	24
Deferred tax		
- Origination and reversal of temporary differences	184	91
	500	446

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 17.5% (2004: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Overseas tax is calculated at rates of tax applicable in countries to which the Group is assessable for tax. Tax provisions are reviewed regularly to take into account changes in legislation, practice and status of negotiations.

4. Taxation (continued)

A reconciliation between tax charge and accounting profit at applicable tax rates is as follows:

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Consolidated profit before tax	3,968	4,962
Notional tax calculated at Hong Kong profits tax rate of 17.5% (2004: 17.5%)	(694)	(868)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(184)	(168)
Tax provisions over/(under) provided in prior years	72	(24)
Effect of different tax rates in overseas jurisdictions	294	432
(Unused tax losses not recognised)/tax losses recognised	(97)	63
Income not subject to tax	109	119
Tax charge	(500)	(446)

Further information on deferred tax is shown in note 15 to the accounts.

5. Profit attributable to shareholders

Of the profit attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders, a profit of HK\$2,371 million (2004: HK\$3,781 million) has been dealt with in the accounts of the Company.

6. Dividends

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
2005 interim dividend paid on 3rd October 2005 of HK¢20 per share (2004: HK¢20 per share)	676	674
2005 final dividend proposed on 8th March 2006 of HK¢28 per share		
(2004: HK¢45 per share)	947	1,520
	1,623	2,194

7. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders of HK\$3,298 million (2004: HK\$4,417 million) by the daily weighted average number of shares in issue throughout the year of 3,377 million (2004: 3,362 million) shares and 3,386 million (2004: 3,379 million) shares respectively with the latter adjusted for the effects of the share options.

	2005 Million	2004 Million
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	3,377	3,362
Deemed issue of ordinary shares for no consideration	9	17
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	3,386	3,379

8. Fixed assets

	Aircra related ed		Otl equip		Buildings	
	Owned HK\$M	Leased HK\$M	Owned HK\$M	Leased HK\$M	Owned HK\$M	Total HK\$M
Group						
Cost						
At 1st January 2005	29,557	43,181	2,304	547	4,522	80,111
Exchange differences	3	-	2	-	2	7
Additions	3,448	435	118	-	-	4,001
Disposals	(244)	-	(95)	-	(2)	(341)
Transfers	2,506	(2,506)	-	-	-	-
At 31st December 2005	35,270	41,110	2,329	547	4,522	83,778
At 31st December 2003	24,760	44,109	2,328	547	6,292	78,036
Reclassification of leasehold land	-	-	-	-	(1,767)	(1,767)
At 1st January 2004	24,760	44,109	2,328	547	4,525	76,269
Exchange differences	2	-	3	-	5	10
Additions	3,798	446	84	-	1	4,329
Disposals	(377)	-	(111)	-	(9)	(497)
Transfers	1,374	(1,374)	-	-	-	-
At 31st December 2004	29,557	43,181	2,304	547	4,522	80,111
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1st January 2005	13,833	12,942	1,556	258	1,263	29,852
Exchange differences	-	-	1	-	1	2
Charge for the year	1,805	1,830	144	23	161	3,963
Disposals	(99)	-	(94)	-	(2)	(195)
Transfers	2,286	(2,286)	-	-	-	-
At 31st December 2005	17,825	12,486	1,607	281	1,423	33,622
At 31st December 2003	11,591	12,055	1,517	234	1,282	26,679
Reclassification of leasehold land	-	-	-	-	(181)	(181)
At 1st January 2004	11,591	12,055	1,517	234	1,101	26,498
Exchange differences	-	-	2	-	2	4
Charge for the year	1,600	1,831	147	24	162	3,764
Disposals	(302)	-	(110)	-	(2)	(414)
Transfers	944	(944)	-	-	-	-
At 31st December 2004	13,833	12,942	1,556	258	1,263	29,852
Net book value						
At 31st December 2005	17,445	28,624	722	266	3,099	50,156
At 31st December 2004	15,724	30,239	748	289	3,259	50,259

8. Fixed assets (continued)

	Aircra related ec		Otł equip		Buildings	
	Owned HK\$M	Leased HK\$M	Owned HK\$M	Leased HK\$M	Owned HK\$M	Total HK\$M
Company						
Cost						
At 1st January 2005	22,240	44,238	787	547	399	68,211
Additions	3,674	-	65	-	-	3,739
Disposals	(240)	-	(79)	-	(2)	(321)
Transfers	2,913	(2,913)	-	-	-	-
At 31st December 2005	28,587	41,325	773	547	397	71,629
At 1st January 2004	19,054	46,007	850	547	408	66,866
Additions	1,641	-	45	-	-	1,686
Disposals	(224)	-	(108)	-	(9)	(341)
Transfers	1,769	(1,769)	-	-	-	-
At 31st December 2004	22,240	44,238	787	547	399	68,211
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1st January 2005	11,495	13,748	668	258	341	26,510
Charge for the year	1,650	1,874	50	23	22	3,619
Disposals	(99)	-	(79)	-	(2)	(180)
Transfers	2,286	(2,286)	-	-	-	-
At 31st December 2005	15,332	13,336	639	281	361	29,949
At 1st January 2004	9,232	12,774	718	234	320	23,278
Charge for the year	1,468	1,918	57	24	23	3,490
Disposals	(149)	-	(107)	-	(2)	(258)
Transfers	944	(944)	-	-	-	-
At 31st December 2004	11,495	13,748	668	258	341	26,510
Net book value						
At 31st December 2005	13,255	27,989	134	266	36	41,680
At 31st December 2004	10,745	30,490	119	289	58	41,701

8. Fixed assets (continued)

(a) Finance leased assets

Certain aircraft are subject to leases with purchase options to be exercised at the end of the respective leases. The remaining lease terms range from 1 to 12 years. Some of the rent payments are on a floating basis which are generally linked to market rates of interest. All leases permit subleasing rights subject to appropriate consent from lessors. Early repayment penalties would be payable on some of the leases should they be terminated prior to their specified expiry dates.

(b) Operating leased assets

Certain aircraft, buildings and other equipment are under operating leases.

Under the operating lease arrangements for aircraft, the lease rentals are fixed and subleasing is not allowed. At 31st December 2005, three B747-400s (2004: three), four A340-300s (2004: four), three A340-600s (2004: three) and three A330-300s (2004: nil), all with purchase options, held under operating leases were not capitalised. The estimated capitalised value of these leases being the present value of the aggregate future lease payments is HK\$2,347 million (2004: HK\$1,315 million).

Operating leases for buildings and other equipment are normally set with fixed rental payments with options to renew the leases upon expiry at new terms.

The future minimum lease payments payable under operating leases committed as at 31st December 2005 for each of the following periods are as follows:

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Aircraft and related equipment:		
– within one year	941	1,144
– after one year but within five years	3,880	1,883
– after five years	4,706	389
	9,527	3,416
Buildings and other equipment:		
– within one year	232	261
– after one year but within five years	339	418
– after five years	129	175
	700	854
	10,227	4,270

 (c) Advance payments are made to manufacturers for aircraft and related equipment to be delivered in future years. Advance payments included in owned aircraft and related equipment amounted to HK\$2,036 million (2004: HK\$2,698 million) for the Group and HK\$222 million (2004: HK\$197 million) for the Company. No depreciation is provided on these advance payments.

(d) Security, including charges over the assets concerned and relevant insurance policies, is provided to the leasing companies or other parties that provide the underlying finance. Further information is provided under note 13 to the accounts.

9. Intangible assets

		Group	Company	
	Goodwill HK\$M	Computer systems HK\$M	Total HK\$M	Computer systems HK\$M
Cost				
At 31st December 2004	358	640	998	617
Elimination of accumulated amortisation	(182)	-	(182)	-
At 1st January 2005	176	640	816	617
Additions	-	61	61	60
Disposals	-	(119)	(119)	(119)
At 31st December 2005	176	582	758	558
At 1st January 2004	362	665	1,027	642
Additions	-	27	27	27
Disposals	(4)	(52)	(56)	(52)
At 31st December 2004	358	640	998	617
Accumulated amortisation				
At 31st December 2004	182	468	650	445
Elimination of accumulated amortisation	(182)	-	(182)	-
At 1st January 2005	-	468	468	445
Charge for the year	-	44	44	44
Disposals	-	(14)	(14)	(14)
At 31st December 2005	-	498	498	475
At 1st January 2004	169	453	622	431
Charge for the year	17	67	84	66
Disposals	(4)	(52)	(56)	(52)
At 31st December 2004	182	468	650	445
Net book value				
At 31st December 2005	176	84	260	83
At 31st December 2004	176	172	348	172

10. Subsidiaries

	C	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Unlisted shares at cost	214	214
Net amounts due (to)/from subsidiaries		
– Loan accounts	(4,327)	(6,318)
– Current accounts	253	530
Other investments	15,220	18,682
	11,360	13,108

Principal subsidiaries are listed on page 84.

11. Associates

	Group		Company	
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Hong Kong listed shares at cost (Market value: HK\$2,716 million, 2004: HK\$1,913 million)	-	_	52	52
Unlisted shares at cost	-	-	17	26
Share of net assets				
– listed in Hong Kong	975	863	-	-
– unlisted	755	773	-	-
	1,730	1,636	69	78
Less: Impairment loss	-	-	(9)	(17)
Loans to associates	1	107	-	-
	1,731	1,743	60	61
Share of profits of associates				
– listed	170	120	-	-
– unlisted	99	178	-	-
	269	298	-	-
Dividends received and receivable from associates	170	122	63	97
			2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Summarised financial information of associates:				
Assets			16,615	16,413
Liabilities			(8,913)	(9,213)

Liabilities(6,913)Equity7,702Turnover14,092Profit for the year1,101

7,200

11,710

1,230

Principal associates are listed on page 85.

12. Other long-term receivables and investments

		Group		ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Staff housing loans and other receivables	506	403	500	395
Investments at fair value				
– listed in Hong Kong	2,489	2,891	2,311	2,715
– listed outside Hong Kong	-	51	-	49
– unlisted	981	731	981	731
Leasehold land rental prepayments	1,477	1,513	-	-
	5,453	5,589	3,792	3,890

Leasehold land is held under medium-term leases in Hong Kong with a total unamortised value of HK\$1,513 million (2004: HK\$1,549 million).

13. Long-term liabilities

			2005		2004
	Note	Current HK\$M	Non-current HK\$M	Current HK\$M	Non-current HK\$M
Group					
Long-term loans	(a)	1,652	4,611	1,229	2,765
Obligations under finance leases	<i>(b)</i>	1,911	14,281	3,740	14,897
		3,563	18,892	4,969	17,662
Company					
Long-term loans	(a)	1,388	3,648	478	1,514
Obligations under finance leases	(b)	3,019	18,655	5,080	20,951
		4,407	22,303	5,558	22,465

13. Long-term liabilities (continued)

(a) Long-term loans

	Group		Сс	Company	
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	
Bank loans					
- secured	3,416	2,328	2,255	673	
– unsecured	1,423	894	1,423	894	
Other loans					
- secured	309	425	309	425	
– unsecured	1,115	347	1,049	-	
	6,263	3,994	5,036	1,992	
Amount due within one year included under current liabilities	(1,652)	(1,229)	(1,388)	(478)	
	4,611	2,765	3,648	1,514	
Repayable as follows:					
Bank loans					
– within one year	1,556	846	1,324	409	
– after one year but within two years	299	1,376	205	1,137	
- after two years but within five years	1,561	528	1,135	11	
– after five years	1,423	472	1,014	10	
	4,839	3,222	3,678	1,567	
Other loans					
– within one year	96	383	64	69	
– after one year but within two years	69	74	69	74	
- after two years but within five years	1,259	266	1,225	233	
– after five years	_	49	-	49	
	1,424	772	1,358	425	
Amount due within one year included under current liabilities	(1,652)	(1,229)	(1,388)	(478)	
	4,611	2,765	3,648	1,514	

Borrowings other than bank loans are repayable on various dates up to 2010 at interest rates between 0% and 7% per annum while bank loans are repayable up to 2018.

Long-term loans and other liabilities of the Group and the Company not wholly repayable within five years amounted to HK\$2,707 million and HK\$2,040 million respectively (2004: HK\$999 million and HK\$279 million).

As at 31st December 2005, the Group and the Company had long-term liabilities which were defeased by funds and other investments totalling HK\$19,873 million (2004: HK\$23,234 million). Accordingly, these liabilities and the related funds, as well as related expenditure and income, have been netted off in the accounts.

13. Long-term liabilities (continued)

(b) Obligations under finance leases

The Group has commitments under finance lease agreements in respect of aircraft and related equipment expiring during the years 2006 to 2017. The future payments under these finance leases are as follows:

		Group	Сс	ompany	
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	
Within one year	4,029	6,899	4,170	6,826	
After one year but within two years	4,097	3,892	4,152	4,212	
After two years but within five years	9,758	9,498	11,638	11,162	
After five years	16,056	19,015	14,893	19,679	
Total future payments	33,940	39,304	34,853	41,879	
Interest charges relating to future periods	(7,609)	(8,504)	(9,579)	(11,504)	
Present value of future payments	26,331	30,800	25,274	30,375	
Security deposits, notes and zero coupon bonds	(10,139)	(12,163)	(3,600)	(4,344)	
Amounts due within one year included					
under current liabilities	(1,911)	(3,740)	(3,019)	(5,080)	
	14,281	14,897	18,655	20,951	

The present value of future payments is repayable as follows:

		Group		ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Within one year	3,197	5,867	3,419	5,849
After one year but within two years	3,261	3,054	3,445	3,426
After two years but within five years	7,658	7,405	9,529	9,050
After five years	12,215	14,474	8,881	12,050
	26,331	30,800	25,274	30,375

As at 31st December 2005, the Group and the Company had obligations under finance leases which were defeased by funds and other investments amounting to HK\$8,507 million and HK\$1,080 million respectively (2004: HK\$8,735 million and HK\$1,556 million). Accordingly these liabilities and the related funds, as well as related expenditure and income, have been netted off in the accounts.

(c) Long-term liabilities by currency at the year end are summarised below:

	Group		Company	
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
US dollar	16,045	11,030	19,145	15,204
Euro	2,746	5,733	3,459	6,623
Hong Kong dollar	1,457	1,094	1,424	894
Singapore dollar	1,049	360	1,049	360
Pound sterling	688	990	688	990
Japanese yen	470	1,808	945	2,336
Others	-	1,616	-	1,616
	22,455	22,631	26,710	28,023

Further information on long-term liabilities is shown in note 27 to the accounts.

14. Retirement benefits

The Group operates various defined benefit and defined contribution retirement schemes for its employees in Hong Kong and in certain overseas locations. The assets of these schemes are held in funds administered by independent trustees. The retirement schemes in Hong Kong are registered under and comply with the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance and the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance ("MPFSO"). Most of the employees engaged outside Hong Kong are covered by appropriate local arrangements.

The Group operates the following principal schemes:

(a) Defined benefit retirement schemes

The Swire Group Retirement Benefit Scheme ("SGRBS") in Hong Kong, in which the Company and Cathay Pacific Catering Services (H.K.) Limited ("CPCS") are participating employers, provides resignation and retirement benefits to its members, which include the Company's cabin attendants who joined before September 1996 and other locally engaged employees who joined before June 1997, upon their cessation of service. The Company and CPCS meet the full cost of all benefits due by SGRBS to their employee members who are not required to contribute to the scheme.

Staff employed by the Company in Hong Kong on expatriate terms before April 1993 were eligible to join another scheme, the Cathay Pacific Airways Limited Retirement Scheme ("CPALRS"). Both members and the Company contribute to CPALRS.

The latest actuarial valuation of CPALRS was completed by a qualified actuary, Watson Wyatt Hong Kong Limited ("Wyatt"), as at 31st December 2005 using the projected unit credit method. Wyatt completed their most recent actuarial valuation of the portion of SGRBS funds specifically designated for the Company's employees as at 31st December 2003. The figures for SGRBS disclosed as at 31st December 2005 were provided by Cannon Trustees Limited, the administration manager. The Group's obligations are 101% (2004: 96%) covered by the plan assets held by the trustees.

	2005		20	004
	SGRBS	CPALRS	SGRBS	CPALRS
The principal actuarial assumptions are:				
Discount rate used	4.25%	4%	3.75%	2.75%
Expected return on plan assets	6%	6%	6%	6%
Future salary increases	2 – 5%	2 – 5%	2 – 5%	2 – 5%

		Group	С	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Net liability recognised in the balance sheet:				
Present value of funded obligations	7,341	7,227	6,818	6,825
Fair value of plan assets	(7,387)	(6,933)	(6,833)	(6,415)
	(46)	294	(15)	410
Net unrecognised actuarial gains/(losses)	118	(192)	142	(244)
	72	102	127	166

14. Retirement benefits (continued)

		Group	Co	Company	
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	
Movements in net retirement benefit liability comprise:					
At 1st January	102	181	166	224	
Movements for the year					
 net expenses recognised in the profit and loss account 	267	380	246	373	
 – contributions paid 	(297)	(459)	(285)	(431)	
At 31st December	72	102	127	166	
			2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	
Net expenses recognised in the Group profit and	d loss account:				
Current service cost			382	454	
Interest on obligations			297	287	
Expected return on plan assets			(411)	(361)	
Actuarial gain recognised			(1)	-	
Total included in staff costs			267	380	
Actual return on plan assets			590	845	

The difference between the fair value of the schemes' assets and the present value of the accrued past services liabilities at the date of an actuarial valuation is taken into consideration when determining future funding levels in order to ensure that the schemes will be able to meet liabilities as they become due. The contributions are calculated based upon funding recommendations arising from actuarial valuations.

(b) Defined contribution retirement schemes

Staff employed by the Company in Hong Kong on expatriate terms are eligible to join a defined contribution retirement scheme, the CPA Provident Fund 1993. All staff employed in Hong Kong are eligible to join the CPA Provident Fund.

Under the terms of these schemes, other than the Company contribution, staff may elect to contribute from 0% to 10% of the monthly salary. During the year, the benefits forfeited in accordance with the schemes' rules amounted to HK\$12 million (2004: HK\$11 million) which have been applied towards the contributions payable by the Company.

A mandatory provident fund ("MPF") scheme was established under the MPFSO in December 2000. Where staff elect to join the MPF scheme, both the Company and staff are required to contribute 5% of the employees' relevant income (capped at HK\$20,000). Staff may elect to contribute more than the minimum as a voluntary contribution.

Contributions to defined contribution retirement schemes charged to the Group profit and loss account are HK\$386 million (2004: HK\$351 million).

15. Deferred taxation

	Group		Co	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Deferred tax assets:				
– Retirement benefits	(15)	(23)	(24)	(34)
– Provisions	(19)	(15)	(19)	(14)
– Tax losses	(307)	(125)	(219)	(43)
– Cash flow hedges	-	(158)	-	(158)
Deferred tax liabilities:				
 Accelerated tax depreciation 	1,311	949	1,006	710
– Cash flow hedges	7	-	7	-
Provision in respect of certain lease arrangements	5,483	6,652	5,483	6,652
	6,460	7,280	6,234	7,113

		Group		ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Movements in deferred taxation comprise:				
At 1st January	7,280	7,762	7,113	7,617
Movements for the year				
- transfer from profit and loss account				
– deferred tax expenses (note 4)	184	91	125	69
– operating expenses	173	163	173	163
 transferred to cash flow hedge reserve 	165	(68)	165	(68)
 initial cash benefit from lease arrangements 	343	-	343	-
Current portion of provision in respect of certain lease arrangements included under				
current liabilities – taxation	(1,685)	(668)	(1,685)	(668)
At 31st December	6,460	7,280	6,234	7,113

The Group has certain tax losses which do not expire under current tax legislation, a deferred tax asset has been recognised to the extent that recoverability is considered probable.

The provision in respect of certain lease arrangements equates to payments which are expected to be made during the years 2007 to 2016 (2004: 2006 to 2014) as follows:

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
After one year but within five years	3,444	4,548
After five years but within ten years	1,770	2,104
After ten years	269	-
	5,483	6,652

16. Trade and other receivables

	Group		С	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Trade debtors	3,448	3,151	3,304	2,999
Derivative financial assets	886	-	886	-
Other receivables and prepayments	2,192	2,185	1,976	2,039
Due from associates	12	11	-	-
	6,538	5,347	6,166	5,038

As at 31st December 2005, derivative financial assets of the Group and the Company accounted for as held for trading amounted to HK\$119 million.

	Group		C	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Analysis of trade debtors by age:				
Current	3,408	3,108	3,277	2,979
One to three months overdue	38	37	26	20
More than three months overdue	2	6	1	-
	3,448	3,151	3,304	2,999

17. Liquid funds

	Group		C	Company	
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	
Short-term deposits and bank balances	4,321	2,687	3,761	2,023	
Short-term deposits maturing beyond three months when placed	557	691	547	676	
Funds with investment managers					
 debt securities listed outside Hong Kong 	6,036	6,035	-	-	
– bank deposits	713	208	-	-	
Other liquid investments					
– debt securities listed outside Hong Kong	55	54	-	-	
– bank deposits	1,777	1,799	579	545	
	13,459	11,474	4,887	3,244	

Included in other liquid investments are bank deposits of HK\$1,754 million (2004: HK\$1,799 million) and debt securities of HK\$55 million (2004: HK\$54 million) which are pledged as part of long-term financing arrangements. The arrangements provide that these deposits and debt securities must be maintained at specified levels for the duration of the financing. Other than Hong Kong dollars, liquid funds were mainly denominated in US dollars and Renminbi of HK\$8,993 million and HK\$1,178 million respectively.

18. Trade and other payables

	Group		C	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Trade creditors	3,019	2,447	2,802	2,252
Derivative financial liabilities	313	-	313	-
Other payables	3,937	4,308	4,106	4,391
Due to associates	211	265	204	258
Due to other related companies	91	113	91	113
Bank overdrafts – unsecured	54	30	49	7
	7,625	7,163	7,565	7,021

As at 31st December 2005, derivative financial liabilities of the Group and the Company accounted for as held for trading amounted to HK\$66 million.

	Group		C	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Analysis of trade creditors by age:				
Current	2,421	1,956	2,226	1,779
One to three months overdue	463	396	449	382
More than three months overdue	135	95	127	91
	3,019	2,447	2,802	2,252

19. Share capital

	2005		2004		
	Number of shares	HK\$M	Number of shares	HK\$M	
Authorised (HK\$0.20 each)	3,900,000,000	780	3,900,000,000	780	
Issued and fully paid (HK\$0.20 each)					
At 1st January	3,370,215,348	674	3,343,515,048	669	
Share options exercised	10,417,000	2	26,700,300	5	
At 31st December	3,380,632,348	676	3,370,215,348	674	

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 10th March 1999 for the purpose of providing flight deck crew with an incentive to contribute towards the Company's results. All participants of the Scheme were flight deck crew who paid HK\$1 each on acceptance of their share options and were granted options to subscribe for shares of the Company at a price not less than the higher of 80% of the average of the closing prices of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant, and the nominal value of the shares. The Scheme had been closed and no share options were available for issue under the Scheme during the year. The entitlement of each participant has not exceeded 0.32% of the maximum aggregate number of shares in respect of which options have been granted under the Scheme.

Options to subscribe for a total of 68,327,000 shares at the exercise price of HK\$7.47 per share were granted under the Scheme on the date of grant 15th March 1999. Other than in limited circumstances, the options in relation to 50% of the shares became exercisable on 15th March 2002, and the balance on 15th March 2004. The options will, except in limited circumstances, be exercisable until 14th March 2009.

HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" does not apply to this Scheme as share options were granted before 7th November 2002.

Upon exercise of share options, equity is increased by the number of options exercised at the exercise price.

	2005 Number of shares	2004 Number of shares
Movements in options outstanding comprise:		
At 1st January	26,494,500	53,194,800
Options exercised	(10,417,000)	(26,700,300)
At 31st December	16,077,500	26,494,500
Options vested at 31st December	16,077,500	26,494,500

No option was granted under the Scheme during the year.

	2005	2004
Details of share options exercised during the year:		
Exercise date	7/1/05 – 25/11/05	6/1/04 – 31/12/04
Proceeds received (HK\$)	77,814,990	199,451,241
Weighted average closing share price immediately before the exercise date (HK\$)	14.46	15.07

20. Reserves

	Group		C	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Retained profit	26,492	25,496	13,192	13,123
Share premium	7,531	7,455	7,531	7,455
Investment revaluation reserve	228	493	202	469
Cash flow hedge reserve	30	(1,285)	65	(1,421)
Capital redemption reserve and others	11	22	21	21
	34,292	32,181	21,011	19,647

Investment revaluation reserve relates to changes in the fair value of long-term investments.

Capital redemption reserve and others include the capital redemption reserve of HK\$21 million (2004: HK\$21 million) and exchange differences arising from revaluation of foreign investments.

The cash flow hedge reserve relates to the effective portion of the cumulative net change in fair values of hedging instruments and exchange differences on borrowings and lease obligations which are arranged in foreign currencies such that repayments can be met by anticipated operating cash flows.

The cash flow hedge reserve is expected to be credited/(charged) to operating profit as noted below when the hedged transactions affect the profit and loss account.

	Total HK\$M
2006	63
2007	66
2008	(43)
2009	(59)
2010	3
	30

The actual amount ultimately recognised in operating profit will depend upon the fair values of the hedging instruments at the time that the hedged transactions affect the profit and loss account.

21. Reconciliation of operating profit to cash generated from operations

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Operating profit	4,143	5,247
Depreciation	3,963	3,764
Amortisation of intangible assets	44	84
Loss on disposal of fixed assets and intangible assets	230	29
Profit on disposal of an investment	(66)	-
Currency adjustments and other items not involving cash flows	373	437
Increase in stock	(133)	(126)
Increase in trade debtors, other receivables and prepayments	(1,190)	(557)
(Decrease)/increase in net amounts due to related companies and associates	(77)	115
Increase in trade creditors and other payables	514	1,488
Increase in unearned transportation revenue	242	783
Non-operating movements in debtors and creditors	663	(669)
Cash generated from operations	8,706	10,595

22. Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Short-term deposits and bank balances	4,321	2,687
Bank overdrafts	(54)	(30)
	4,267	2,657

23. Directors' and executive officers' remuneration

(a) Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules is as follows:

		Cash		Non-cash				
	Basic salary/ Directors' fee* HK\$'000	Bonus HK\$'000	Allowances & benefits HK\$'000	Contributions to retirement schemes HK\$'000	Bonus paid into retirement schemes HK\$'000	Housing benefits HK\$'000	2005 Total HK\$'000	2004 Total HK\$'000
Executive Directors								
David Turnbull	1,193	739	20	250	234	836	3,272	11,302
Robert Atkinson	1,740	1,060	209	365	626	1,984	5,984	5,894
Philip Chen	3,400	3,409	2,124	359	-	-	9,292	9,186
Derek Cridland	1,786	1,317	320	12	-	985	4,420	4,435
Tony Tyler	2,850	1,942	222	599	735	2,185	8,533	7,663
Non-Executive Directors								
Martin Cubbon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Henry Fan	160*	-	-	-	-	-	160	160
James Hughes-Hallett	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vernon Moore	310*	-	-	-	-	-	310	310
Raymond Yuen	900	660	806	95	-	-	2,461	1,992
Carl Yung	160*	-	-	-	-	-	160	160
Zhang Xianlin	160*	-	-	-	-	-	160	160
Independent Non-Executive Directors								
Peter Lee	360*	-	-	-	-	-	360	360
Raymond Or	310*	-	-	-	-	-	310	310
Jack So	310*	-	-	-	-	-	310	310
Tung Chee Chen	210*	-	-	-	-	-	210	210
Total	13,849	9,127	3,701	1,680	1,595	5,990	35,942	42,452

For Directors employed by the Swire group, the remuneration disclosed represents the amount charged to the Company. Bonus is related to services for 2004 but paid and charged to the Company in 2005. Allowances and benefits of Philip Chen and Raymond Yuen include housing allowances of HK\$2,040,000 and HK\$300,000 respectively.

23. Directors' and executive officers' remuneration (continued)

(b) Executive Officers' remuneration disclosed as recommended by the Listing Rules is as follows:

	Cash			Non-cash				
	Basic salary HK\$'000	Bonus HK\$'000	Allowances & benefits HK\$'000	Contributions to retirement schemes HK\$'000	Bonus paid into retirement schemes HK\$'000	Housing benefits HK\$'000	2005 Total HK\$'000	2004 Total HK\$'000
James Barrington	1,289	663	701	271	498	1,246	4,668	4,141
William Chau	1,348	1,103	600	222	-	-	3,273	3,169
Quince Chong (from July 2004)	1,248	920	600	125	-	-	2,893	1,276
Ronald Mathison (from June 2004)	1,113	562	284	233	428	949	3,569	1,874
Edward Nicol	1,394	976	328	293	620	1,936	5,547	5,282
Nick Rhodes	1,363	886	866	286	540	1,348	5,289	4,838
Augustus Tang	1,706	1,322	600	281	-	-	3,909	3,658
Robert Cutler (up to July 2004)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,753
Total	9,461	6,432	3,979	1,711	2,086	5,479	29,148	27,991

Bonus disclosed is related to services for 2004 and paid in 2005.

24. Employee information

- (a) The five highest paid individuals of the Company included three Directors (2004: four) and two Executive Officers (2004: one), whose emoluments are set out in note 23 above.
- (b) The table below sets out the number of individuals, including those who have retired or resigned during the year, in each employment category whose total remuneration for the year fell into the following ranges:

	2005			2004			
HK\$'000	Director	Flight staff	Other staff	Director	Flight staff	Other staff	
0 – 1,000	11	7,337	7,189	11	6,719	7,124	
1,001 - 1,500	-	443	175	-	388	185	
1,501 - 2,000	-	487	78	1	398	59	
2,001 - 2,500	1	183	18	-	130	19	
2,501 - 3,000	-	156	7	-	173	9	
3,001 - 3,500	1	134	7	-	133	9	
3,501 - 4,000	-	40	4	-	36	4	
4,001 - 4,500	1	4	3	1	4	3	
4,501 - 5,000	-	1	1	-	3	1	
5,001 - 5,500	-	-	1	-	-	2	
5,501 - 6,000	1	-	1	1	-	-	
7,501 – 8,000	-	-	-	1	-	-	
8,501 - 9,000	1	-	-	-	-	-	
9,001 - 9,500	1	-	-	1	-	-	
11,001 – 11,500	-	-	-	1	-		
	17	8,785	7,484	17	7,984	7,415	

25. Related party transactions

(a) Material transactions between the Group and associates and other related parties which were carried out in the normal course of business on commercial terms are summarised below:

	20	05	2004		
	Associates HK\$M	Other related parties HK\$M	Associates HK\$M	Other related parties HK\$M	
Turnover	103	-	92	-	
Aircraft maintenance costs	967	-	886	-	
Route operating costs	183	-	227	-	
Dividends received	(170)	-	(122)	-	
Fixed assets purchase	5	-	31	-	

(b) Other transactions with related parties

(i) The Company had an agreement for services ("JSSHK Services Agreement") with JSSHK. Under the JSSHK Services Agreement, the Company paid fees and reimbursed costs to JSSHK in exchange for services provided. Service fees calculated at 2.5% of the Group's profit before tax, results of associates, minority interests, and any profits and losses on disposal of fixed assets were paid annually. Service fees paid for the year ended 31st December 2005 were HK\$101 million (2004: HK\$124 million) and expenses of HK\$106 million (2004: HK\$115 million) were reimbursed at cost; in addition, HK\$47 million (2004: HK\$51 million) in respect of shared administrative services were reimbursed.

Transactions under the JSSHK Services Agreement are continuing connected transactions, in respect of which the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. For definition of terms, please refer to Directors' Report on page 26.

(ii) The Company had certain agreements for maintenance services ("Old Agreements") with HAECO. Under the Old Agreements, the Company paid fees to HAECO in exchange for maintenance services provided to the Company's aircraft fleet. The Old Agreements were terminated on 31st December 2005 and were replaced by the New Agreements which took effect from 1st January 2006. Service fees paid to HAECO for the year ended 31st December 2005 were HK\$949 million (2004: HK\$869 million).

Transactions under the Old Agreements were not connected transactions or continuing connected transactions which gave rise to any disclosure or other obligations under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. For definition of terms, please refer to Directors' Report on page 27.

(iii) The Company received agency commission and service fees from Dragonair. Service fees were received in respect of computer support, engineering, station and ground services provided to Dragonair. All these transactions were conducted in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms. A total of HK\$215 million was received from Dragonair for these transactions in 2005 (2004: HK\$180 million). Dragonair is also a partner of the Asia Miles frequent-flyer programme.

25. Related party transactions (continued)

- (c) Amounts due from and due to associates and other related companies at 31st December 2005 are disclosed in notes 16 and 18 to the accounts. These balances arising in the normal course of business are non-interest bearing and have no fixed repayment terms.
- (d) Guarantees given by the Company in respect of bank loan facilities held by an associate at 31st December 2005 are disclosed in note 26 to the accounts.
- (e) There were no material transactions with Directors and Executive Officers except for those relating to shareholdings (Directors' Report and Corporate Governance). Remuneration of Directors and Executive Officers is disclosed in note 23 to the accounts.

26. Commitments and contingencies

(a) Outstanding commitments for capital expenditure authorised at the year end but not provided for in the accounts:

	Group		Co	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Authorised and contracted for	16,724	7,218	1,958	1,193
Authorised but not contracted for	1,034	9	1,032	-
	17,758	7,227	2,990	1,193

Operating lease commitments are shown in note 8 to the accounts.

(b) Guarantees in respect of lease obligations, bank loans and other liabilities outstanding at the year end:

	Group		C	ompany
	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Subsidiaries	-	-	2,311	1,523
Associate	18	20	18	20
Staff	200	415	200	400
	218	435	2,529	1,943

- (c) The Company has under certain circumstances undertaken to maintain specified rates of return within the Group's leasing arrangements. The Directors do not consider that an estimate of the potential financial effect of these contingencies can practically be made.
- (d) The Company files tax returns in many jurisdictions and in certain of these the returns have remained in dispute for a number of years. Provisions have been made to cover the expected outcome of the disputes to the extent that outcomes are likely and reliable estimates can be made. However, the final outcomes are subject to uncertainties and resulting liabilities may exceed provisions.

27. Financial risk management

In the normal course of business, the Group is exposed to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and jet fuel prices. These exposures are managed, sometimes with the use of derivative financial instruments, by the Treasury Department of Cathay Pacific in accordance with the policies approved by the Finance Committee.

Derivative financial instruments are used solely for financial risk management purposes and the Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. Derivative financial instruments which constitute a hedge do not expose the Group to market risk since any change in their market value will be offset by a compensating change in the market value of the hedged items. Exposure to foreign exchange rates, interest rates and jet fuel price movements are regularly reviewed and positions are amended in compliance with internal guidelines and limits.

(a) Credit risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. The Group normally grants a credit term of 30 days to customers or follows the local industry standard with the debt in certain circumstances being partially protected by bank guarantees or other monetary collateral.

Trade debtors mainly represented passenger and freight sales due from agents and amounts due from airlines for interline services provided. The majority of the agents are connected to the settlement systems operated by the IATA which is responsible for checking the credit worthiness of such agents and collecting bank guarantees or other monetary collateral according to local industry practice. In most cases amounts due from airlines are settled on net basis via an IATA clearing house. The credit risk with regard to individual agents and airlines is relatively low.

To manage credit risk, derivative financial transactions, deposits and funds are only carried out with financial institutions which have high credit ratings and all counterparties are subject to prescribed trading limits which are regularly reviewed. Risk exposures are monitored regularly by reference to market values.

At the balance sheet date there was no significant concentration of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset, including derivative financial instruments, in the balance sheet and the amount of guarantees granted as disclosed in note 26 to the accounts. Collateral and guarantees received in respect of credit terms granted as at 31st December 2005 is HK\$2,602 million.

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to monitor liquidity and compliance with lending covenants, so as to ensure sufficient liquid funds and adequate funding lines from financial institutions to meet liquidity requirements in both the short and long term. The payment profile of financial liabilities is outlined in notes 13 and 18 to the accounts. Settlement of these liabilities as they fall due will primarily be through liquid funds being funds generated from operations.

(c) Foreign currency risk

As an international airline, the Group's revenue streams are denominated in a number of foreign currencies resulting in exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuations. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily Japanese Yen, Euros, Taiwanese dollars and Australian dollars. To manage this exposure assets are, where possible, financed in those foreign currencies in which net operating surpluses are anticipated, thus establishing a natural hedge. In addition, the Group uses currency derivatives to reduce anticipated foreign currency surpluses. The use of foreign currency borrowings and currency derivatives to hedge future operating revenues is a key component of the financial risk management process, as exchange differences realised on the repayment of financial commitments are effectively matched by the change in value of the foreign currency earnings used to make those repayments.

27. Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate swaps are used to manage the interest rate profile of interest-bearing financial liabilities on a currency by currency basis to maintain an appropriate fixed rate and floating rate ratio.

The table below indicates the effective interest rates of interest-bearing financial liabilities and interest-earning financial assets as at the balance sheet date and the period in which they are repriced or mature whichever is earlier:

				2005			
	Fixed/ Floating	Effective interest rate (%)	Within one year HK\$M	After one year but within two years HK\$M	After two years but within five years HK\$M	After five years HK\$M	Total HK\$M
Group							
Bank loans	Floating	3.20 - 5.28	(4,839)	-	-	-	(4,839)
Other loans	Fixed	0 - 7.00	(32)	-	(1,083)	-	(1,115)
Other loans	Floating	2.68 - 2.83	(309)	-	-	-	(309)
Obligations under finance leases	Fixed	1.64 - 8.75	(422)	(1,305)	(2,918)	(10,659)	(15,304)
Obligations under finance leases	Floating	1.77 – 5.33	(11,027)	-	-	-	(11,027)
Pledged security deposits	Fixed	3.25 - 8.75	570	811	1,307	7,347	10,035
Pledged security deposits	Floating	4.07	104	-	-	-	104
Currency swap	Floating	1.29 – 9.12	1,098	(78)	(411)	(398)	211
Interest rate swap	Fixed	3.45 - 6.43	1,860	(702)	(773)	(385)	-
Liquid funds	Fixed	2.27	-	-	23	-	23
Liquid funds	Floating	0 - 7.45	13,436	-	-	-	13,436
Bank overdrafts	Floating	0 – 9.25	(54)	-	-	-	(54)

				2004			
	Fixed/ Floating	Effective interest rate (%)	Within one year HK\$M	After one year but within two years HK\$M	After two years but within five years HK\$M	After five years HK\$M	Total HK\$M
Group							
Bank loans	Floating	0.71 – 5.07	(3,222)	-	-	-	(3,222)
Other loans	Fixed	0 - 7.00	(314)	-	(33)	-	(347)
Other loans	Floating	2.71 – 2.73	(425)	-	-	-	(425)
Obligations under finance leases	Fixed	1.29 - 10.65	(732)	(406)	(3,305)	(13,567)	(18,010)
Obligations under finance leases	Floating	1.80 – 6.77	(12,790)	-	-	-	(12,790)
Pledged security deposits	Fixed	3.25 - 10.10	1,109	622	1,469	8,696	11,896
Pledged security deposits	Floating	1.95 – 2.85	267	-	-	-	267
Interest rate swap	Fixed	2.28 - 8.16	1,731	(362)	(385)	(984)	-
Liquid funds	Floating	0 - 6.43	11,474	-	-	-	11,474
Bank overdrafts	Floating	0	(30)	-	-	-	(30)

27. Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Interest rate risk (continued)

				2005			
	Fixed/ Floating	Effective interest rate (%)	Within one year HK\$M	After one year but within two years HK\$M	After two years but within five years HK\$M	After five years HK\$M	Total HK\$M
Company							
Bank loans	Floating	4.08 - 5.28	(3,678)	-	-	-	(3,678)
Other loans	Fixed	3.06	-	-	(1,049)	-	(1,049)
Other loans	Floating	2.68 - 2.83	(309)	-	-	-	(309)
Obligations under finance leases	Fixed	1.64 – 11.19	(650)	(1,305)	(3,628)	(9,418)	(15,001)
Obligations under finance leases	Floating	1.77 – 5.33	(10,273)	-	-	-	(10,273)
Pledged security deposits	Fixed	3.79 – 8.75	188	811	757	1,844	3,600
Currency swap	Floating	1.29 – 9.12	1,098	(78)	(411)	(398)	211
Interest rate swap	Fixed	3.45 - 6.43	1,860	(702)	(773)	(385)	-
Liquid funds	Fixed	2.27	-	-	23	-	23
Liquid funds	Floating	0 - 7.45	4,864	-	-	-	4,864
Bank overdrafts	Floating	0 – 9.25	(49)	-	-	-	(49)

				2004			
	Fixed/ Floating	Effective interest rate (%)	Within one year HK\$M	After one year but within two years HK\$M	After two years but within five years HK\$M	After five years HK\$M	Total HK\$M
Company							
Bank loans	Floating	0.71 – 5.07	(1,567)	-	-	-	(1,567)
Other loans	Floating	2.71 – 2.73	(425)	-	-	-	(425)
Obligations under finance leases	Fixed	1.29 – 11.19	(798)	(604)	(3,205)	(12,928)	(17,535)
Obligations under finance leases	Floating	1.80 – 6.77	(12,840)	-	-	-	(12,840)
Pledged security deposits	Fixed	3.79 – 9.19	386	266	840	2,852	4,344
Interest rate swap	Fixed	2.28 - 8.16	1,731	(362)	(385)	(984)	-
Liquid funds	Floating	0 - 6.43	3,244	-	-	-	3,244
Bank overdrafts	Floating	0	(7)	-	-	-	(7)

27. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fuel price risk

Exposure to fluctuations in the fuel price is managed by the use of fuel derivatives. The Group's policy is to reduce exposure by hedging a percentage of its anticipated fuel consumption. Around 26.3% of the anticipated fuel consumption for 2006 and 1.8% for 2007 were hedged at the balance sheet date.

(f) Fair values

The fair values of the following financial instruments differ from their carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet:

	Carrying amount 2005	Fair value 2005	Carrying amount 2004	Fair value 2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
Group				
Bank loans	4,839	4,909	3,222	3,273
Other loans	1,424	1,434	772	783
Obligations under finance leases	26,331	27,463	30,800	32,863
Pledged security deposits	(10,139)	(10,992)	(12,163)	(13,485)
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	amount	value	amount	value
	2005	2005	2004	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
Company				
Bank loans	3,678	3,720	1,567	1,586
Other loans	1,358	1,369	425	436
Obligations under finance leases	25,274	28,730	30,375	35,216
Pledged security deposits	(3,600)	(4,119)	(4,344)	(5,038)

The carrying amounts of other financial assets and liabilities are considered to be reasonable approximations to their fair values.

28. Impact of new accounting standards

With the adoption of the new and revised HKAS and HKFRS and their transitional provisions as described in accounting policies 2, 6, 10, and 15, the consolidated profit and loss account for 2005 and 2004 has been affected as follows:

		2005			
	HKFRS3 HK\$M	HKAS39 HK\$M	HKAS1 HK\$M	Total HK\$M	HKAS1 HK\$M
Turnover					
Passenger services	-	(20)	-	(20)	-
Cargo services	-	(4)	-	(4)	-
Catering, recoveries and other services	-	-	6,446	6,446	3,696
Total turnover	-	(24)	6,446	6,422	3,696
Expenses					
Staff	-	-	-	-	-
Inflight service and passenger expenses	-	-	(250)	(250)	(192)
Landing, parking and route expenses	-	-	(970)	(970)	(797)
Fuel	-	(107)	(3,948)	(4,055)	(1,485)
Aircraft maintenance	-	-	-	-	-
Aircraft depreciation and operating leases	-	-	(11)	(11)	(23)
Other depreciation and operating leases	17	-	-	17	-
Commissions	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	251	(1,267)	(1,016)	(1,199)
Operating expenses	17	144	(6,446)	(6,285)	(3,696)
Operating profit	17	120	-	137	-
Finance charges	-	72	-	72	_
Finance income	-	7	-	7	-
Net finance charges	-	79	_	79	-
Share of profits of associates	-	-	(50)	(50)	(58)
Profit before tax	17	199	(50)	166	(58)
Taxation	-	-	50	50	58
Profit for the year	17	199	-	216	-
Profit attributable to					
Cathay Pacific shareholders	17	199	-	216	-
Minority interests	-	-	-	-	-
	17	199	-	216	-
Earnings per share					
Basic	0.5¢	5.9¢	-	6.4¢	-
Diluted	0.5¢	5.9¢	_	6.4¢	-

29. Impact of further new accounting standards

HKICPA has issued new and revised HKAS and HKFRS which become effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2006 and which are not adopted in these financial statements. The following new accounting standards are relevant to the Group:

- (a) HKFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" will become effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2007. Adoption of this new accounting standard will result in different disclosures with respect to financial instruments and financial risks. The accounting standard will have no impact on either the results or financial position of the Group.
- (b) Amendment to HKAS 19 Employee Benefits "Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures" will become effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2006. The amendment introduces an additional option to recognise all actuarial gains and losses arising in post-employment defined benefit plans as they occur, outside the profit or loss in a statement of recognised income and expense. The Group is in the process of making an assessment on the impact of this additional option on both the results and the financial position of the Group.

at 31st December 2005

Subsidiaries

Cubolalarioo				
	Place of incorporation and operation	Principal activities	Percentage of issued capital owned	lssued and paid up share capital and debt securities
Abacus Distribution Systems (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	Computerised reservation systems and related services	53	15,600,000 shares of HK\$1
AHK Air Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	Cargo airline	60*	54,402,000 A shares of HK\$1 36,268,000 B shares of HK\$1
Airline Property Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment	100	2 shares of HK\$10
Airline Stores Property Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment	100	2 shares of HK\$10
Airline Training Property Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment	100	2 shares of HK\$10
Cathay Holidays Limited	Hong Kong	Travel tour operator	100	5,000 shares of HK\$100
Cathay Pacific Aero Limited	Hong Kong	Financial services	100	1 share of HK\$10
Cathay Pacific Aircraft Acquisition Limited	Isle of Man	Aircraft acquisition facilitator	100	2,000 shares of US\$1
Cathay Pacific Aircraft Services Limited	Isle of Man	Aircraft acquisition facilitator	100	10,000 shares of US\$1
Cathay Pacific Catering Services (H.K.) Limited	Hong Kong	Airline catering	100	600 shares of HK\$1,000
Cathay Pacific Loyalty Programmes Limited	Hong Kong	Travel reward programme	100	2 shares of HK\$1
CLS Catering Services Limited	Canada	Airline catering	60*	330,081 shares of no par value
CPA Finance (Cayman) Limited	Cayman Islands	Issuer of SGD note	100	1 share of US\$1 SGD 225,000,000 note 3.0575% due 2010
Global Logistics System (H.K.) Company Limited	Hong Kong	Computer network for interchange of air cargo related information	95	100 shares of HK\$10
Guangzhou Guo Tai Information Processing Company Limited	People's Republic of China	Information processing	100*	Paid up registered capital HK\$7,000,000 (wholly foreign equity enterprise)
Hong Kong Airport Services Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of ground and ramp handling services	70	100 shares of HK\$1
Snowdon Limited	Isle of Man	Financial services	100*	2 shares of GBP1
Troon Limited	Bermuda	Financial services	100	12,000 shares of US\$1
Vogue Laundry Service Limited	Hong Kong	Laundry and dry cleaning	100	3,700 shares of HK\$500

Principal subsidiaries and associates are those which materially affect the results or assets of the Group.

* Shareholding held through subsidiaries.

Associates

	Place of incorporation and operation	Principal activities	Percentage of issued capital owned
Cathay Kansai Terminal Services Company Limited	Japan	Ground handling	48
Cebu Pacific Catering Services Inc.	Philippines	Airline catering	40*
Ground Support Engineering Limited	Hong Kong	Airport ground engineering support and equipment maintenance	50*
Hong Kong Aircraft Engineering Company Limited	Hong Kong	Aircraft overhaul and maintenance	27
Hong Kong Dragon Airlines Limited	Hong Kong	Airline	18*#
VN/CX Catering Services Limited	Vietnam	Airline catering	40*

* Shareholding held through subsidiaries.

Together with shareholdings held through long-term investments, the Group holds a 22% interest and has significant influence.

		2005	2004
Consolidated profit and loss summary	HK\$M		
Passenger services		30,274	26,407
Cargo services		12,852	11,395
Catering and other services		1,337	1,263
Turnover net of recoveries		44,463	39,065
Net operating expenses		(40,320)	(33,818)
Operating profit/(loss)		4,143	5,247
Net finance charges		(444)	(583)
Profit on sale of investments		-	-
Share of profits of associates		269	298
Profit/(loss) before tax		3,968	4,962
Taxation		(500)	(446)
Profit/(loss) for the year		3,468	4,516
Profit attributable to minority interests		(170)	(99)
Profit/(loss) attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders		3,298	4,417
Dividends paid		(2,196)	(2,189)
Retained profit/(loss) for the year		1,102	2,228
Consolidated balance sheet summary	HK\$M		
Fixed and intangible assets		50,416	50,607
Long-term receivables and investments		7,184	7,332
Borrowings		(22,455)	(22,631)
Liquid funds less bank overdrafts		13,405	11,444
Net borrowings		(9,050)	(11,187)
Net current liabilities (excluding liquid funds and bank overdrafts)		(6,767)	(6,381)
Retirement benefit obligations		(72)	(102)
Deferred taxation		(6,460)	(7,280)
Net assets		35,251	32,989
Financed by:			
Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders		34,968	32,855
Minority interests		283	134
Total equity		35,251	32,989
Per share			
Shareholders' funds	HK\$	10.34	9.75
EBITDA	HK\$	2.49	2.79
Earnings/(loss)	HK cents	97.7	131.4
Dividend	HK cents	48.0	65.0
Ratios			
Profit/(loss) margin	%	7.4	11.3
Return of average shareholders' funds	%	9.7	13.8
Dividend cover	Times	2.0	2.0
Interest cover	Times	9.3	9.0
Gross debt/equity ratio	Times	0.64	0.69
Net debt/equity ratio	Times	0.26	0.34

2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996
18,663	22,376	20,580	22,878	18,979	18,532	21,851	23,680
9,913	9,387	8,343	10,136	8,391	6,955	7,712	6.797
1,002	1,327	1,513	1,509	1,332	1,123	1,014	1,037
29,578	33,090	30,436	34,523	28,702	26,610	30,577	31,514
(27,353)	(28,340)	(29,604)	(29,234)	(25,891)	(27,281)		(27,738)
						(28,537)	
2,225	4,750	832	5,289	2,811	(671)	2,040	3,776
(620)	(743)	(571)	(367)	(918)	(311)	(335)	(384)
-	-	452	-	482	185	-	559
126	269	153	245	93	149	261	304
1,731	4,276	866	5,167	2,468	(648)	1,966	4,255
(384)	(273)	(167)	(76)	(204)	127	(246)	(425)
1,347	4,003	699	5,091	2,264	(521)	1,720	3,830
(44)	(20)	(42)	(86)	(84)	(35)	(40)	(17)
1,303	3,983	657	5,005	2,180	(556)	1,680	3,813
(1,035)	(701)	(1,915)	(1,585)	(339)	(694)	(1,817)	(1,455)
268	3,282	(1,258)	3,420	1,841	(1,250)	(137)	2,358
50,176	48,905	50,456	47,264	46,800	46,216	40,026	36,703
4,473	4,783	4,787	5,414	5,253	5,376	4,481	3,736
(26,297)	(22,810)	(24,024)	(20,838)	(24,783)	(27,198)	(23,122)	(26,043)
15,186	13,164	9,746	10,952	11,567	12,240	14,327	20,178
(11,111)	(9,646)	(14,278)	(9,886)	(13,216)	(14,958)	(8,795)	(5,865)
(4,439)	(3,896)	(1,728)	(2,715)	(3,908)	(3,942)	(2,644)	(2,903)
(181)	(346)	-	-	-	-	-	-
(7,762)	(7,614)	(7,836)	(7,146)	(6,714)	(6,359)	(5,802)	(5,359)
31,156	32,186	31,401	32,931	28,215	26,333	27,266	26,312
01.050	00.115	01 000	00.000	00 100	00.005	07 100	00.004
31,052	32,115	31,308	32,832	28,129	26,225	27,162	26,234
104	71	93	99	86	108	104	78
31,156	32,186	31,401	32,931	28,215	26,333	27,266	26,312
9.29	9.63	9.40	9.80	8.31	7.75	8.02	7.63
1.85	2.68	1.62	2.68	2.05	0.89	1.45	2.03
39.0	119.5	19.7	148.4	64.4	(16.4)	49.1	119.7
48.0	44.0	17.5	65.0	30.0	10.0	29.0	53.0
40.0	44.0	17.5	00.0	30.0	10.0	20.0	55.0
4.4	12.0	2.2	14.5	7.6	(2.1)	5.5	12.1
4.1	12.6	2.0	16.4	8.0	(2.1)	6.3	17.8
0.8	2.7	1.1	2.3	2.1	(1.6)	1.7	2.1
3.6	6.4	1.5	14.4	3.1	(2.2)	6.1	9.8
0.85	0.71	0.77	0.63	0.88	1.04	0.85	0.99
0.36	0.30	0.46	0.30	0.47	0.57	0.32	0.22

		2005	2004
Operating summary (Cathay Pacific)			
Kilometres flown	Million	317	285
Block hours	'000 Hours	431	386
Aircraft departures	'000	84	77
Available tonne kilometres	Million	17,751	15,794
Revenue tonne kilometres	Million	12,813	11,459
Available seat kilometres	Million	82,766	74,062
Revenue passengers carried	<i>'000</i>	15,438	13,664
Revenue passenger kilometres	Million	65,110	57,283
Revenue load factor	%	75.2	74.8
Passenger load factor	%	78.7	77.3
Cargo carried	'000 Tonnes	1,118	972
Cargo and mail tonne kilometres	Million	6,618	6,007
Cargo and mail load factor	%	67.0	68.7
Excess baggage carried	Tonnes	2,489	2,530
Mail carried	Tonnes	20,676	17,997
Length of scheduled routes network	'000 Kilometres	403	386
Destinations at year end	Number	92	90
Staff number at year end	Number	15,806	15,054
ATK per staff	'000	1,147	1,066
On-time performance	%	96.1	00.2
Departure (within 15 minutes)	%	86.1	90.3
Average aircraft utilisation	Hours per day		
A330-300		10.8	10.1
A340-200		-	-
A340-300		15.1	13.6
A340-600		15.3	13.6
B747-200/300		-	-
B747-400		14.7	13.9
B747-200F		11.8	13.3
B747-400F		16.1	16.3
B777-200/300		9.1	8.8
L1011		-	-
Fleet average		12.6	12.0
Fleet profile (Cathay Pacific)			
Aircraft operated by Cathay Pacific:			
A330-300		26	23
A340-200			
A340-300		15	15
A340-600		3	3
B747-200/300		5	-
B747-400		22	21
B747-200F		7	7
B747-200F		7	5
B777-200		5	5
B777-300		5 11	10
L1011		-	-
Sub-total		96	89
Aircraft not operated by Cathay Pacific:			
B747-200/300		_	_
B747-200F		_	_
Total number of aircraft		96	89
		50	09

2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996
238	237	224	219	202	202	193	182
322	322	307	296	273	271	254	244
65	68	65	63	58	59	56	55
13,355	12,820	11,827	11,630	10,867	10,857	10,399	10,018
9,371	9,522	8,201	8,650	7,768	7,213	7,331	7,072
59,280	63,050	62,790	61,909	58,114	60,295	57,104	54,306
10,059	12,321	11,269	11,864	10,516	10,299	10,018	10,985
42,774 71.1	49,041 75.9	44,792 70.4	47,153 75.2	41,502 71.5	40,679 67.1	38,962 69.5	40,185 72.6
71.1	75.9	70.4	76.2	71.5	67.5	68.2	72.0
875	851	704	769	672	580	635	568
5,299	4,854	3,938	4,161	3,817	3,339	3,621	3,244
68.7	71.2	67.3	72.5	71.5	65.2	72.9	66.9
2,190	2,401	2,270	3,489	3,376	3,375	3,301	4,133
14,279	11,082	8,684	8,927	7,094	6,775	10,831	13,719
377	374	341	363	346	338	309	296
87	62	51	51	49	49	48	45
14,673	14,649	14,473	14,328	13,159	13,971	15,747	15,757
903	885	810	843	807	739	663	651
91.0	90.7	82.9	84.0	83.5	80.3	81.8	78.0
	40.4		0.5		0.5	0.5	
9.2	10.1	9.4	9.5	9.0	9.5	8.5	8.9
- 12.4	- 13.3	- 13.4	14.7	- 14.9	- 15.8	12.8 15.9	14.7 16.4
12.4	6.3	13.4	14.7	-	- 15.0	- 15.9	10.4
-	-	_	_	7.7	7.0	7.1	7.6
12.8	14.1	14.4	15.1	14.4	15.3	15.4	15.3
13.3	13.6	12.2	13.6	14.1	13.6	14.2	13.8
16.4	15.4	14.3	15.8	15.8	15.6	15.3	15.2
8.7	9.4	9.6	9.7	8.9	8.9	7.9	7.0
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.8
11.4	12.1	12.1	12.9	12.4	12.2	11.8	11.4
23	20	20	12	12	12	11	10
- 15	- 15	- 15	- 14	- 14	- 11	- 6	2
3	2	15	14	14	-	0	5
-	ے _	_	_	_	6	13	13
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	3	2	2	2	2
5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
9	7	7	7	7	4	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85	79	75	64	62	62	59	59
			0	10	7		
- 1	- 1	6 3	8 3	12 3	7 3	- 3	- 3
	•						
86	80	84	75	77	72	62	62

HK\$ 3.0

2.5

2.0

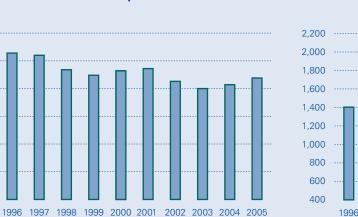
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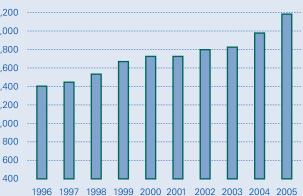
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Cost per ATK









	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996
Productivity										
Cost per ATK HK\$	2.19	2.07	2.00	2.13	2.36	2.32	2.24	2.34	2.60	2.64
ATK per HK\$'000 staff cost Unit	2,183	1,978	1,825	1,798	1,725	1,725	1,669	1,533	1,446	1,403
Aircraft utilisation Hours per day	12.6	12.0	11.4	12.1	12.1	12.9	12.4	12.2	11.8	11.4
Share prices HK\$										
High	15.1	16.4	15.5	13.6	14.3	17.6	16.8	8.9	16.4	14.9
Low	12.0	12.5	8.4	9.9	6.1	10.3	7.4	4.7	5.4	10.6
Year-end	13.6	14.7	14.8	10.7	10.0	14.4	13.9	7.7	6.3	12.2
Price ratios (Note) Times										
Price/Earnings	13.9	11.2	37.9	9.0	50.8	9.7	21.6	(46.9)	12.8	10.2
Market capitalisation/ Funds attributable to										
Cathay Pacific shareholders	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.7	1.0	0.8	1.6
Price/Cash flow	5.3	4.5	7.8	3.8	7.2	5.9	7.0	6.4	4.5	6.1

Note: Based on year end share price, where applicable.

1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005

Aircraft utilisation



Terms

Borrowings Total borrowings (loans and lease obligations) less security deposits, notes and zero coupon bonds.

Net borrowings Borrowings and bank overdrafts less liquid funds.

Available tonne kilometres ("ATK") Overall capacity, measured in tonnes available for the carriage of passengers, excess baggage, cargo and mail on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

Available seat kilometres ("ASK") Passenger seat capacity, measured in seats available for the carriage of passengers on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

Revenue passenger kilometres ("RPK") Number of passengers carried on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

Revenue tonne kilometres ("RTK") Traffic volume, measured in load tonnes from the carriage of passengers, excess baggage, cargo and mail on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

On-time performance Departure within 15 minutes of scheduled departure time.

EBITDA Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.

Recoveries Cost recoveries from surcharges and incidental activities.

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Net borrowings Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders

Revenue passenger kilometres/Cargo and mail tonne kilometres Available seat kilometres/ Available cargo and mail tonne kilometres

Total passenger, cargo and mail traffic revenue

Maximum possible revenue at current yields and capacity

A theoretical revenue load factor at which the traffic

revenue equates to the net operating expenses.

Passenger turnover/ Cargo and mail turnover

Revenue passenger kilometres/ Cargo and mail tonne kilometres

Total net operating expenses of Cathay Pacific ATK of Cathay Pacific

Ratios

Earnings/(loss)	_	Profit/(loss) attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	Net debt/ equity ratio
per share		Weighted average number of shares (by days) in issue for the year	
Profit/(loss) margin	_	Profit/(loss) attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	Passenger/Cargo and mail load factor
Trong (1033) margin	_	Turnover net of recoveries	
Shareholders'	_	Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	
funds per share	_	Total issued and fully paid shares at end of the year	Revenue load facto
Return on average	_	Profit/(loss) attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	
shareholders' funds	-	Average funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	Breakeven load factor
Dividend cover	_	Profit/(loss) attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	Passenger/Cargo
		Dividends	and mail yield
Interest source		Operating profit/(loss)	
Interest cover	=	Net finance charges	
Gross debt/	_	Borrowings	Cost per ATK
equity ratio	_	Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	COST PELATIK

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Cathay Pacific Airways Limited is incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability.

Investor relations

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Depositary

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Financial calendar

Year ended 31st December 2005Annual report sent to shareholders7th April 2006Shares traded ex-dividend3rd May 2006Share register closed5th – 10th May 2006Annual General Meeting10th May 20062005 final dividend payable2nd June 2006

Six months ending 30th June 2006 Interim results announcement Interim dividend payable

August 2006 October 2006

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