

管理層討論及分析

業務回顧

本集團回顧

截至二零零六年六月三十日止六個月期間,本集團錄得營業至531,400,000港元(二零零五年年496,100,000港元),較去年同期上升7.1%。本期間之虧損為18,500,000港元,而去年同期自治利24,000,000港元。租金高高企仍為令本集團表現欠佳之主營業和分益從零售專門店租金對營業五年主2.7%)可見一斑。另一方面,毛利率較去年同期之43.0%下降至36.9%。

零售及批發部

截至二零零六年六月三十日止六個月,零售及批發部之營業額錄得8.6%之溫和增長,上升至495,200,000港元(二零零五年:456,000,000港元)。本期間內,其等門店數目維持於31間,其有兩間結業,而另外兩間則為新開業。隨著經濟穩步增長,零售市場之整體氣氛稍為好轉。

競爭激烈令零售之毛利率於二零零五年下半年大幅下滑。本集團已即時針對採購及營業等各個主要範疇採取補救措施,以扭轉劣勢。因此,零售毛利率已由二零零五年年底之29.5%上升至二零零六年六月之35.0%。期內之平均毛利率為32.3%。

由於市值租金於期內轉趨穩定,故本公司之租金成本並未有如二零五年般大幅上升。一間美容院已般遷至原為零售專門店之位置。由於該零售專門店原本無利可圖,故此舉使本集團整體租金之成本效益得以提升。

來自中國之旅客人數持續穩定增加。儘管增幅未如過往年度般顯著,惟該市場層分仍為香港整體零售市場增長之重要支柱。事實上, 不少中國旅客於年內多次訪港,而並非集中於長假期來港。

總括而言,儘管零售及批發部於該 六個月期間錄得虧損12,900,000港 元,惟該分部之盈利能力已於期內 逐漸回復正常,其中,大部分虧損 乃於第一季出現。

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Operation Review

Group Review

For the six months period ended 30 June 2006, our Group recorded a turnover of HK\$531.4 million (2005: HK\$496.1 million), representing an increase of 7.1% compared to the corresponding period last year. The loss for the current period was HK\$18.5 million while there was a profit of HK\$24.0 million for the corresponding period last year. High rental cost was still the major factor contributed to the poor performance of the Group and it can be reflected by the sharp increase in ratio of shop rentals to turnover 15.4% (2005: 12.7%). On the other hand, gross profit margin dropped to 36.9% compared to 43.0% of the corresponding period last year.

Retail and Wholesale Division

For the six months period ended 30 June 2006, the retail and wholesale division recorded a moderate turnover growth of 8.6% to HK\$495.2 million (2005: HK\$456.0 million). The number of retail outlets was maintained at 31, while two retail outlets were closed and two new ones were opened during the period. As the economy has been steadily growing, the overall sentiment of retail market is slightly improved.

The retail gross margin deteriorated drastically in the second half of 2005 because of severe competition. We have taken immediate remedy actions in all key aspects including the procurement as well as the operation in order to reverse the trend. As a result, the retail gross margin has increased from 29.5% in late 2005 to 35.0% in June 2006. The average gross margin for the period was 32.3%.

As the market rental has become rather stable in the period, the rental cost of the Company has not increased sharply as in 2005. One beauty salon was relocated to a location which originally was a retail outlet. As this retail outlet originally was not profitable, the group's overall rental cost effectiveness has increased.

The number of visitors from China continues to grow steadily. Though the growth will not be as significant as in previous years, this market segment still constitutes a key support to the growth of overall retail market in Hong Kong. In fact, a lot of the visitors from China visit Hong Kong frequently throughout the year, instead of coming mainly in long holidays.

In summary, the retail and wholesale division profitability was gradually back to normal during the period, despite the fact that the retail and wholesale division recorded a loss of HK\$12.9 million for the six months period. Most of the loss was actually occurred in the first quarter.



業務回顧(續)

電子零售店回顧

美容服務部回顧

一間全新美容中心於六月開幕,為 客戶呈獻全新主題系列。根據會計 準則,本集團於翻新期內仍需為租 金開支撥款,令行政開支亦有所增 加,而日常業務收益之增加並未能 彌補有關增幅。

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Operation Review (continued)

E-Shop Review

It was a period with encouraging progress and the online sales had been growing at a reasonable rate. There was a 120% increase of sales comparing previous half year. The page viewed data showed a 30% monthly growth. One third of the turnover came from Mainland Chinese customers while local customers generated another one third of turnover. The remaining one third of turnover derived from overseas countries, such as U.S.A., Canada, Australia, Germany, Finland, Singapore, Malaysia, Taiwan, U.K., New Zealand and Korea. The revamp version together with a new VIP program for another round of new VIP member enrolment was launched in June. There had been more than 30,000 new VIP members registered online.

Beauty Services Division Review

The beauty service division's turnover (service redemption) decreased 9.7% to HK\$36.2 million (2005: HK\$40.1 million). In order to increase the long-term profitability, one beauty salon was renovated to become the second foot massage center "Top Comfort". Another beauty salon was relocated to a location which originally was a retail outlet. These changes inevitably required temporary shutdown of operation and led to a drop in turnover. The sale of packages also decreased in the same proportion during the period. In addition, there was a loss on disposal of fixed assets as a result of the changes. However, such strategic moves have increased the profitability in the long run. The Group will save more than HK\$3 million a year on rental cost.

The newly relocated beauty salon was launched with a brand new thematic look named "About Beauty" and equipped with the most advanced equipment and accessories targeting the high-end market. A comprehensive nail bar service was also introduced in this new salon as well as other existing salons to let our beauty service range wider than ever. The market response to our new look and nail bar services was very positive. By the end of the period, the turnover and sale of package has gone back to the level before renovation.

One new beauty salon was opened in June presenting the new thematic line. As we had to apportion rental expense even in the renovation period based on accounting standards, this has caused an increase in administration expenses, which could not be matched by an increase in revenue as in normal operation.



業務回顧(續)

美容服務部回顧(續)

「水云莊」之品牌名稱已在市場上確立。首間水云莊美容中心之營業額按月穩步上揚。第二間水云莊所吸納之客戶及所產生之收入亦足以令其自開業第一個月起即產生溢利。

展望

零售及批發部

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Operation Review (continued)

Beauty Services Division Review (continued)

The market competition for beauty services has become very severe as more and more market players entered the market in the past several years. While the increase in demand of beauty service could not match the increase in supply, some market players were driven out of the market. As this trend continues, the market has become comparatively more rational than previous years. This has been noticeable in the advertising media as fewer competitors are willing to put huge amount of resources on advertising, while this was a very common phenomenon one or two years ago. Consequently, the advertising expense was reduced significantly during the period.

The "Top Comfort" brand name is well established in the market. The turnover of the first Top Comfort salon gradually increased month by month. Even for the second Top Comfort salon, we were able to attract enough customers and generate sufficient income to make the new salon profitable starting from the first month operation.

Outlook

Retail and Wholesale Division

The Group has taken immediate actions in many aspects in order to meet the challenges and difficulties that we are now facing. These actions were shown to be effective as the retail and wholesale division's profitability has turned around by the end of the period, even though we recorded a loss for the whole six-month period. The gross margin has increased by more than 5% since the beginning of the year. As the economy is likely to stay at its present course with steady growth, we can be quite confident that the turnover for the second half of the year will not deviate much from that of last year. We expect there will be a moderate growth in turnover in the second half, as it was in the first half of the year. While maintaining the gross margin in June, the retail and wholesale division will be profitable in the second half.

The Group will continuously review the situation and take whatever actions feasible to further improve the profitability without committing extra operating costs. To improve the gross margin further, more and more higher margin products will be introduced to replace lower margin products. Our procurement team constantly negotiates with suppliers to lower the purchase costs or simply shifts to new suppliers with lower costs. As what we achieved in the first six months, the effect of these actions will gradually emerge later on.



展望(續)

零售及批發部(續)

電子零售店

英文版將於下半年準備就緒,可登 載於網站內。本集團繼續致力於網 上市場推廣活動,可涵蓋大部分海 外國家之市場。透過密集式網上推 廣活動,如電子訊息市場推廣、網 上推廣優惠、尋求電子業務夥伴、 搜尋器服務等,網上銷售可望於來 年有所增加。本集團將確保為客戶 維持最具競爭力之定價政策。除上 述各項外,本集團將引入更多物流 夥伴,以期減低運貨成本及縮短付 運交貨期。全球運貨網絡將由35個 國家擴展至47個。本集團會將更多 獨有產品放置上網,以配合全球之 龐大購買潛力。本集團之目標為將 電子零售店發展為網上化粧品百貨 公司,為客戶提供全面之化粧品產 品。

美容服務部

與零售及批發部相似,美容服務部亦曾進入重整期。儘管有關過程導致營業額暫時滑落,惟美容服務部之表現已於完成重整後有所改善。本集團預期有關表現將於下半年持續改善。

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Outlook (continued)

Retail and Wholesale Division (continued)

For rental cost, we continue to take actions to cut down this main cost component. Extra shop space will be leased out, or diversified for other business use other than retail. Shops which are unprofitable will be closed down when the leases are expired. As these actions can be taken only when opportunities available or when the leases are expired, the effect of these actions will be noticeable in one to two years' time. Currently, the rental market has come down from the peak and become much more rational. So we expect that the rental cost will not increase sharply in the medium term and erode our profit as what had happened in these two years.

E-Shop

The English version is ready for online in second half of the year. The Group will continuously focus on online marketing activities covering the market of most overseas countries. It is expected that the online sales will elevate in coming year by intensive online promotional activities, such as e-news marketing, online promotional offers, seeking e-business partners, searching engine services. The Group would assure customers to maintain the most competitive pricing policy. Apart from the aforementioned, the Group will introduce more logistics partners for the purpose of lowering the delivery cost and shortening the lead time of delivery. The worldwide delivery network will be expanded from 35 to 47 countries. More unique products will be online in order to cater for the huge buying potential worldwide. It is our target to develop the E-Shop to be an online cosmetics department store with full range of cosmetics products.

Beauty Services Division

Like the retail and wholesale division, the beauty services division also went through a period of consolidation. Although the process has induced a temporary drop of turnover, the performance of the beauty services division has improved after the process was completed. We expect the improvement will continue in the second half of the year.



展望(續)

美容服務部(續)

Beauty Services Division (continued)

Outlook (continued)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Basically, the improvement mainly comes from our broader range of services provided, including the foot massage centre "Top Comfort" which opened last year and the new nail bar services introduced in April this year. Given the successful experience of the first "Top Comfort", we transformed one under-performed beauty salon to become the second "Top Comfort". Likewise, the new nail bar service is well received by the market. Therefore, we will also seek opportunity to expand this new line of service in the coming months. Apart from these two new lines of business, we will continue to expand our services to new areas that with market potential. This certainly will give us additional advantages for competing in this highly competitive market.

財務回顧

流動資金及財務資源

於二零零六年六月三十日,本集團之現金及銀行存款為17,200,000港元(二零零五年十二月三十一日:38,400,000港元)。本集團於二零零六年六月三十日之銀行借款為15,900,000港元(二零零五年十二月三十一日:10,800,000港元),其中15,300,000港元(二零零五年十二月三十一日:10,100,000港元)須於12個月內償還。

本集團於二零零六年六月三十日之流動比率為0.87(二零零五年十二月三十一日:0.99)。本集團於二零零六年六月三十日之資產負債比率為0.29(二零零五年十二月三十一日:0.15),該比率乃根據本集團之銀行借款及股東資金54,900,000港元(二零零五年十二月三十一日:73,100,000港元)計算。

本集團主要透過營運所得現金履行 其債務,而董事會相信本集團為其 營運及未來擴展備有充裕營運資 金。

Financial Review

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 30 June 2006, the Group's cash and bank deposits amounted to HK\$17.2 million (31 December 2005: HK\$38.4 million). The Group's bank borrowings as at 30 June 2006 were HK\$15.9 million (31 December 2005: HK\$10.8 million), out of which, HK\$15.3 million (31 December 2005: HK\$10.1 million) were repayable within 12 months.

The current ratio of the Group as at 30 June 2006 was 0.87 (31 December 2005: 0.99). The Group's gearing ratio as at 30 June 2006 date was 0.29 (31 December 2005: 0.15), and was calculated based on the Group's bank borrowings and shareholders' fund of HK\$54.9 million (31 December 2005: HK\$73.1 million).

The Group services its debt primarily through the cash earned from its operation and the Board believes that the Group has maintained sufficient working capital for its operation and future expansion.



財務回顧(續)

股本架構

期內股本並無變動,而於二零零六年六月三十日,本公司之已發行普通股為225,608,000股。

外匯波動風險

或然負債

於二零零六年六月三十日,本集團 之或然負債合共為2,200,000港元 (二零零五年十二月三十一日: 1,000,000港元),即銀行就應付業 主之租金作出之擔保。

銀行信貸

於二零零六年六月三十日,本集團 之銀行信貸合共約87,000,000港元 (二零零五年十二月三十一日: 103,400,000港元),以本公司之公 司擔保及本集團所持租賃土地及樓 宇之第一法定押記作擔保。

集團資產抵押

於二零零六年六月三十日,本集團若干賬面淨值約2,100,000港元(二零零五年十二月三十一日:2,100,000港元)之資產經已抵押,以取得授予本集團之銀行信貸。

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Financial Review (continued)

Capital Structure

There was no movement of share capital during the period and the Company had in issue 225,608,000 ordinary shares as at 30 June 2006.

Exposure to Fluctuation in Foreign Exchange

The Group has little exposure to foreign fluctuations as most of its assets, receipts and payments are principally denominated in Hong Kong dollar, Chinese Renminbi and US dollar. As at 30 June 2006, none of the Group's bank borrowings was in foreign currency. The Group's bank borrowings were on floating rate basis at either bank prime rate or short-term inter-bank offer rates. The Group will continue to monitor its foreign exchange position and, if necessary, will hedge its foreign exchange exposure by forward foreign exchange contracts.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 30 June 2006, the Group's had contingent liabilities totaling HK\$2.2 million (31 December 2005: HK\$1.0 million) which represent guarantee given by bank for rental payment to landlord.

Banking Facilities

As at 30 June 2006, the Group's banking facilities totalling approximately HK\$87.0 million (31 December 2005: HK\$103.4 million) were secured by corporate guarantee of the Company and a first legal charge over leasehold land and buildings held by the Group.

Charge on Group Assets

As at 30 June 2006, certain of the Group's assets with a net book value of approximately HK\$2.1 million (31 December 2005: HK\$2.1 million) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.



財務回顧(續)

重大投資

截至二零零六年六月三十日止六個 月,本集團並無任何重大投資。

重大收購或出售附屬公司及聯營公 司

截至二零零六年六月三十日止六個 月,本集團概無重大之收購或出售 附屬公司及聯營公司。

現金流量

本期間營運所產生現金流出淨額為 15,300,000港元(二零零五年: 12,300,000港元)。現金流出主要 由於除税前虧損22,100,000港元所 致。非現金項目總額為13,500,000 港元(主要為物業、廠房及設備之 折舊支出)。該項目受營運資金增 加淨額4,100,000港元所抵銷。

本期間投資活動所產生現金流出淨額為13,200,000港元(二零零五年:16,700,000港元),主要為期內開業之零售專門店及纖體美容中心之資本開支。

本期間融資活動所產生現金流出淨額為12,000,000港元(二零零五年:12,100,000港元),主要為期內償還銀行借款淨額。

人力資源

於二零零六年六月三十日,約970名 於香港及澳門兩地共聘有約970名 (二零零五年:920名) 全工 東門兩地共聘有約及 東門兩地共聘有約及 東四顧期間之員工成 東四顧期間之員工成 東四金)為81,700,000港元) 東西金)為81,700,000港元) 東西金)為81,700,000港元) 東西金)為81,700,000港元) 東西金)為81,700,000港元) 東西金),到了 東西金),到了 東西金),到了 東西金),到了 東西金),到了 東西金), 東西金, 東西

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Financial Review (continued)

Significant Investments

During the six months period ended 30 June 2006, the Group did not have any significant investments.

Material Acquisition or Disposal of Subsidiaries and Associated Companies

There was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies during the six months period ended 30 June 2006.

Cash Flow

Net cash outflow from operations for the period was HK\$15.3 million (2005: HK\$12.3 million). The cash outflow was mainly due to HK\$22.1 million loss before taxation. The total amount of non-cash items amounting to HK\$13.5 million (mainly depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment) was net off with a net increase in working capital of HK\$4.1 million.

Net cash outflow from investing activities for the period was HK\$13.2 million (2005: HK\$16.7 million) which mainly represented capital expenditures on retail shops and beauty salons opened in the period.

Net cash outflow from financing activities for the period was HK\$1.2 million (2005: HK\$12.1 million) which mainly represented a net repayment on bank borrowings in the period.

Human Resources

As at 30 June 2006, the Group had approximately 970 (2005: 920) full-time and part-time employees in both Hong Kong and Macau. Staff costs for the period under review were HK\$81.7 million (2005: HK\$72.3 million). The Group values its human resources and recognizes the importance of attracting and retaining qualified staff for its continuing success. Remuneration packages are generally structured by reference to market terms and individual qualifications. In addition, share options and discretionary bonuses are also granted to eligible employees based on individuals' performances. The Group also provides mandatory provident fund schemes, medical insurance schemes, staff purchases discounts and training programs for our employees.