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# **Chairman's Statement**

I am pleased to present to our shareholders the annual report of Broad Intelligence International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2008.

#### **RESULT**

The Group gained a satisfactory growth in sale in the first half of 2008. However, it was affected by the global economic downturn in the second half of 2008 with a decline in sale. Nevertheless, the whole-year sale maintained the same as compared to 2007. Sale in healthcare pharmaceutical products even achieved a significant growth, reflecting that it was a wise strategy for the Group to develop healthcare pharmaceutical products since 2005.

#### PROSPECT AND STRATEGY

The deepening plan for medical reform by State Council stated that from now on to 2011, amount of RMB850 billion will be injected to promote the five main fields of medical reform, namely medicare security, basic pharmaceutical, basic-level medical hygiene service system and basic public hygiene service. The plan proposed the achievement of "Medicare Security for Whole Nation" within three years and expected that all residents in rural areas or cities will get basic medicare security in 2011. Thus, pharmaceutical industry has a bright future. Since the Group's mission is to provide Chinese people with quality parenteral solution and healthcare pharmaceutical products, certainly it will benefit from this plan.

The Group has a foresight. Prior to this plan, it has established strategies to welcome the good prospect. In 2008, the Group optimized its production facilities and equipment and raise the popularity of its brand "Fujian Nanshaolin"(福建南少林) by advertisement, which laid a firm foundation on its production and sale. Admittedly, these strategies cost a lot, optimization of production facilities increased depreciation resulting in a higher cost of sale in the coming years and advertising activities also increase the selling expenses. Although profit for the current year will lower by these expenses immediately, the Group focuses on the long-term benefit rather than the short-term and dedicates to earning a long-lasting and favorable return for our shareholders.

# **Chairman's Statement**

## **PLACING UNLISTED WARRANTS**

To further explore its business, the Group made a placing of non-listed warrants on 21 April 2009. The net proceeds from warrant placing will be applied as the general working capital of the Group and any additional proceeds from issue of new shares upon the exercise of the subscription rights attaching to the warrants in future will be applied as the general working capital of the Group as well as the fund for the Group's future development. The Board considered placing shares as an opportunity for the Group to raise fund and to enlarge the Group's shareholder base and capital base, and through the activities, the liquidity of the shares would be improved.

#### **DIVIDENDS AND DIVIDEND POLICY**

In view of the cloudy economic situation, the Board considered that resources should be retained for contingent use. Therefore, the Board of Directors do not recommend the distribution of final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2008 (2007: nil).

#### **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my warmest thanks to the management and our employees for their unswerving dedications and significant contributions. I would also like to extend my sincere gratitude to all our shareholders and investors for their endless support. With the solid business base and the effort of all staff, the Group will strive for an outstanding result next year.

By Order of the Board **Zhong Houtai** Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 April 2009

# **Management Discussion and Analysis**

#### **RESULTS**

In 2008, the Group launched 21 healthcare pharmaceutical products (2007: 21) with turnover of approximately HK\$114 million, up approximately 37% as compared to HK\$83 million in 2007. We also launched 71 parenteral solution products (2007: 66) in 2008 with turnover of approximately HK\$308 million, down approximately 6% as compared to HK\$328 million in 2007. The healthcare pharmaceutical products and parenteral solution products accounted for 27% and 73% of the total turnover of the Group respectively.

For the year ended 31 December 2008, the consolidated turnover of the Group was approximately HK\$422 million, up 2% as compared to the turnover of same period last year of approximately HK\$412 million. Net profit after taxation was approximately HK\$24 million, down 74% as compared to same period last year of approximately HK\$91 million. Gross margin was approximately 26% (2007: 39%). Earnings per share of the Group in 2008 was HK5.07 cents (2007: HK20.49 cents).

#### **SALE OF PRODUCTS**

As at 31 December 2008, the Group offered 92 types of products in different package, which were all sold in the PRC and denominated in Renminbi. Customers of the Group mainly comprised licensed pharmaceutical distributors, hospitals and clinics in the PRC.

# Major Districts in the PRC For the year ended 31 December

	2004		2005		2006		2007		2008	
	HK\$'000	%								
Eastern Region (Shanghai, Zhejiang province, Jiangxi province and										
Fujina province)	134,153	57	158,081	61	225,172	66	273,433	66	257,582	61
Southwestern Region (Yunan Province, Guizhou Province and										
Chongqing)	37,084	16	33,646	13	47,694	14	53,463	13	61,802	14
Southern Region (Guangdong Province and Guangxi										
Autonomous Region)	44,094	19	49,159	19	57,379	16	70,532	17	80,046	19
Northern Region (Beijing										
and Henan Province)	14,761	6	14,340	5	5,665	2	3,992	1	11,738	3
Central Region (Anhui Province and										
Hunan Province)	3,805	2	4,606	2	6,322	2	10,570	3	11,153	3
Total	233,897	100	259,832	100	342,232	100	411,990	100	422,321	100

# **Management Discussion and Analysis**

**Type of Customers** For the Year ended 31 December

	2004		2005		2006		2007		2008	
	HK\$'000	%								
Distributors	185,896	79	197,246	76	234,941	69	315,591	77	339,975	81
Hospitals and Clinics	48,001	21	62,586	24	107,291	31	96,399	23	82,346	19
Total	233,897	100	259,832	100	342,232	100	411,990	100	422,321	100

#### **FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The Group had cash and bank balances totalling HK\$3.3 million as at 31 December 2008. As the Group had no outstanding bank loan, the gearing ratio was zero (2007: zero). The current and quick ratios in 2008 were 1.24 and 0.19 respectively (2007: 4.15 and 3.55). As at 31 December 2008, the debtors turnover, inventory turnover and creditors turnover were 3 days, 52 days and 5 days respectively (2007: 89 days, 34 days and 41 days respectively). Overall, the Group has a sound financial position to support its future development.

#### **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE**

During the year ended 31 December 2008, the Group acquired new property, plant and equipment totaling HK\$337 million.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2008, the Group and the Company did not have any significant contingent liability (2007: Nil).

#### **CHARGE ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS**

The Group had no charges on the assets as at 31 December 2008.

## CHANGES IN THE ORGANISATION OF THE GROUP

Since its listing and up to 31 December 2008, the Group did not acquire or dispose of any subsidiary.

# **Management Discussion and Analysis**

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The audit committee has three members, including the Company's three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Pei Renjiu, Mr. Li Kai Ming and Mr. Cheung Chuen. The duties of the audit committee are to review the Company's annual report and accounts, interim reports and to provide advice and comments thereon to the Board. In addition, the audit committee will consider any significant and unusual items that are, or may need to be reflected in such reports and accounts and must give due consideration to any matter that has been raised by the Company's qualified accountant, compliance officer and auditor. The audit committee is also responsible for reviewing and supervising the financial reporting process and the internal control system of the Group. Four meetings were held during the current financial year.

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

As at 31 December 2008, the Group had a total of 114 employees (December 2007: 134). The Group regularly reviews the remuneration and benefits of employees according to the relevant market practice and individual performance of the employees. In addition to basic salary, employees are entitled to other benefits including staff provident fund scheme and discretionary bonus scheme.

# **Corporate Information**

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhong Houtai, Chairman

Mr. Zhong Houyao

Mr. Chong Hoi Fung

Mr. Sun Daguan

## **Independent Non Executive Directors**

Mr. Pei Renjiu

Mr. Li Kai Ming

Mr. Cheung Chuen

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Chow Chi Wa ACIS, ACS, FCPA, FCCA, MCG

## PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China

Standard Chartered Bank

#### **AUDITOR**

CCIF CPA Limited

20/F Sunning Plaza

10 Hysan Avenue

Causeway Bay

Hong Kong

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited

**Butterfield House** 

68 Fort Street

P.O. Box 705

George Town

Grand Cayman

Cayman Islands

## HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE **REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE**

Tricor Standard Limited

26/F., Tesbury Centre

28 Queen's Road East

Wanchai

Hong Kong

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

PO Box 309

**Ugland House** 

Grand Cayman

KY1-1104

Cayman Islands

## **HEAD OFFICE AND** PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1903, Allied Kajima Building

138 Gloucester Road

Wan Chai

Hong Kong

## **DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhong Houtai (鍾厚泰), aged 52, is the Chairman of the Company. Mr. Zhong is a representative of the tenth provincial people's congress of Fujian. In June 2004, he was named as one of the "Top 100 Outstanding Entrepreneurs in China" by Wu Bangguo, chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress. Mr. Zhong was appointed as the deputy president of the Association of Sino-foreign Entrepreneurs of Fujian Province (福建省中外企業家聯誼會) and the Fuqian Society of Pharmacy (福清市藥學會) in 2001 and 2002 respectively. In August 2003, he was appointed as the deputy president of the Fujian Association of Pharmaceutical Profession (福建省醫藥行業協會). Mr. Zhong was accredited as New Long March Pioneer (新長征突擊手) by the Fuzhou Committee of the Communist Youth League of China in 1983 and Model Labour of Fuzhou (福州市勞動模範) by the People's Government of Fuzhou City in 2001. Over the years, Mr. Zhong has participated in healthcare-related business and has accumulated experience in production management for more than 8 years. He had also been engaged in various sectors including cultivation, food and agriculture before he founded the Group in 1996. Under the leadership of Mr. Zhong, Fujian Nansholin Pharmaceutical (formerly known as Fuqing Pharmaceutical) became the first enterprise in Fujian Province passing the national GMP certification in respect of its small volume parenteral solution workshop. Mr. Zhong Houtai is the brother of Mr. Zhong Houyao.

Mr. Zhong Houyao (鍾厚堯), aged 55, is a Director and the general manager of the Company. Mr. Zhong was qualified as a senior engineer by the Fujian Province Title Reform Committee (福建省職稱改革領導小組) in 2000. Mr. Zhong graduated from Fujian Normal University (福建師範大學) in 1982, majoring in chemistry. He taught in Fujian Qiaoxing Light Industry School (福建省僑興輕工學校) from 1982 to 1991 and was the leader of the Scientific Research Team and the head of the Food Industry Division there. During his service in the institute, Mr. Zhong coordinated the study on various topics including "alcohol extraction from cane juice" and "food preservation". From 1992 to 1993, Mr. Zhong studied food chemistry in Australia. Currently, Mr. Zhong is an executive of the Fujian Association of Pharmaceutical Profession(福建省醫藥行業協會). He joined the Group in 1996 and was one of the founders of the Group. Mr. Zhong Houyao is the brother of Mr. Zhong Houtai.

Mr. Chong Hoi Fung (莊海峰), aged 38, is a Director of the Company. He graduated from Xiamen University (廈門大學) in 1993 and obtained a bachelor degree in economics. He had worked as a deputy general manager of a real estate company in Fujian, the PRC for four years. He had also held a senior position in another property development company in the PRC for 2 years. Mr. Chong joined the Group in April 2003.

Mr. Sun Daquan (孫大銓), aged 69, is a Director of the Company. He graduated from Shanghai First Medical School (上海第一醫學院) in 1962, majoring in pharmacy. From 1979 to 1983, Mr. Sun held various senior positions in Industrial Chemistry Bureau of Xiamen City, Fujian. From 1983 to 1995, he was the deputy general manager of Pharmaceutical Company of Fujian (福建省醫藥總公司), presently known as Drug Administration of Fujian Province. In 1996, he became the chief commissioner of Food and Drug Administration of Fujian (福 建省醫藥管理局). He was qualified as an engineer in pharmacy by the People's Government of Xiamen City in 1981. Mr. Sun joined the Group in April 2003.

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Pei Renjiu (裴仁九), aged 43, graduated from Bangfu Academy of Medical Sciences (蚌阜醫學院) in 1990, majoring in pharmacology. Mr. Pei has been granted various awards. In 1997, one of Mr. Pei's theses was accredited with a first honours award by the chief logistic department of the People's Liberation Army (中國人民解放軍總後勤部)and in 1994 and 1995, two of Mr. Pei's theses were accredited with a third honours award by the logistic department of the Nanjing military zone of the People's Liberation Army (中國 人民解放軍南京軍區後勤部). He has been engaged in the field of pharmacy for more than 10 years. Mr. Pei was qualified as a deputy chief pharmacist by the Examination Board of Senior Technical Staff of Healthcare Professionals of the Nanjing military zone (南京軍區衛生系列高級專業技術職務評審委員會) in 1998. Mr. Pei was appointed as independent non-executive Director in April 2003.

Mr. Li Kai Ming (李開明), aged 65, graduated from Jimei Light Industrial School (集美輕工業學校) in 1962, majoring in industry planning statistics. Mr. Li was the chief of Financial Bureau of Fuging (福清市財政局) from 1996 to 2002 and was appointed as visiting professor at China Management Institute (中國管理學院) in 2003. Mr. Li was also a researcher at World Economic Research Centre (世界經濟研究中心) in 2002. Mr. Li was qualified as an economist by the Fuzhou City Title Reform Committee (福州市職稱改革領導小組) in 1992. One of his essays was awarded "First Class Award for Excellent Management Essay in the PRC"(首屆中國優 秀領導管理藝術徵文一等獎)in 2000 and his another essay was awarded "Award for International Excellent Essay"(國際優秀論文獎) in 2001. Mr. Li was appointed as independent non-executive Director in July 2003.

Mr. Cheung Chuen (張全), aged 35, graduated from the accounting department of Hong Kong Shue Yan College (now known as Hong Kong Shue Yan University) in 1999 and obtained a Master degree in accounting from Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2004. Mr. Cheung is currently a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has more than 9 years' experience in accounting and auditing and is currently qualified to practise as a certified public accountant in the US and Hong Kong.

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Mr. Chow Chi Wa (周志華), aged 41, is the Financial Controller and Company Secretary of the Group. Mr. Chow holds a Master Degree in Corporate Governance. He is a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is also an associate of both The Hong Kong Institute of Company Secretaries and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. Mr. Chow has about 19 years of working experience related to finance and accounting. He joined the Group in March 2007 and is currently responsible for the financial, accounting and company secretarial functions of the Group.

Mr. Guo Wenjing (郭文璟), aged 65, is a deputy general manager of the Group responsible for production and equipment management. He graduated from East China University of Science and Technology (華東化 工學院) in 1968, majoring in chemical pharmacy. In 1997, he became the director of a medical industrial research centre in Fuzhou. Mr. Guo served as an executive of the third committee of the Society of Industrial Chemistry of Fujian (福建省化工學會), a managing executive of the third committee of Fujian Research Institute of Modern Economics and Management (福建省技術經濟與管理現代化研究會), an executive on the tenth committee of Fujian Branch of the PRC Pharmaceutical Society (中國藥學會福建分會) and a managing executive of the fifth committee of Pharmaceutical Society of Fuzhou City (福州市藥學會). Mr. Guo had also been appointed as a member in the second committee of Board of Medical Products of Fujian Province (福建 省藥品審評委員會) for three years from 1992, a member of Fujian Province Board of Technician in Medical Profession (福建省工程技術人員醫藥專業高級職務評審委員會) from December 1998 to December 1999 and a member of the second technical committee of Fujian Province Administration of Medicine (福建省醫藥 管理局第二屆技術委員會) for three years from 1994. In 2001, Mr. Guo was appointed as a member of the Committee of Experts of Investment Decision Expert Consultants of Fujian Industrial and Business Sector (福建 省工商領域投資決策諮詢專家庫專家委員會). He has been granted provincial outstanding new product class 2 award (福建省優秀新產品二等獎) by the Fujian Province Outstanding Products Awards Committee (福建省 優秀新產品獎評審委員會) in 1993. From 1987 to 1995, he was accredited several awards for his essays and he qualified as a licensed pharmacist in 1995. Mr. Guo joined the Group in April 2003.

Mr. Lin Xinlong (林新龍), aged 62, is a deputy general manager of the Group, responsible for the finance and administration divisions. He graduated from Shanghai First Medical School (上海第一醫學院) in 1970, majoring in medicine. Mr. Lin was an executive of the fifth committee of Medical Society of Fuzhou City (福州市醫學會). He is currently a managing member of the Magazine of Chinese Common Medical Science (中國普通醫藥雜誌). His thesis in relation to cancer has been awarded the Second Class Award of the Outstanding Academy Essay (優秀學術論文評選二等獎) by Scientific Technology Association of Fuqing City (福清市科學技術協會) in 2001. He has been accredited as "2002 International Talents of Century Creator" by IVB Network Conference. Mr. Lin joined the Group in January 2000.

**Mr. Ye Wenren** (葉文仁), aged 48, is a deputy general manager of the Group, responsible for the marketing division. Mr. Ye graduated from the People's Liberation Army Military Medical College of Fuzhou Military Area (中國人民解放軍福州軍區軍醫學校) in 1982, majoring in pharmacy. Mr. Ye was an executive of the fifth committee of Pharmacy Society of Quanzhou City(泉州市藥學會). Mr. Ye was qualified as chief pharmacist by the Fujian Branch of the PRC Pharmaceutical Society(中國藥學會福建分會) in 1994. Mr. Ye joined the Group in January 2000.

Mr. Jin Shushan (金樹山), aged 68, is the chief engineer of the Group. He was qualified as a chief pharmacist by the Examination Board of Middle Technical Staff of Healthcare Professionals of People's Liberation Army Fujian Military Zone (中國人民解放軍福建省軍區衛生系列中級專業技術職務評審委員會) in 1987. He graduated from Jinzhou School of Medicine (錦州醫學院) in 1962, majoring in pharmacy. Upon graduation, he joined the Hospital of Division 73301 of the People's Liberation Army (中國人民解放軍七三三零一部隊醫院) and became the supervisor of its department of medical equipment in 1985. In 1988, he was commissioned to establish military pharmaceutical production facilities (籌建部隊藥廠). Mr. Jin has been engaged in the field of medicine for more than 41 years. He joined the Group in December 1996.

**Mr. Huang Jinshu** (黃敬述), aged 35, is the production manager of the Group and a qualified pharmacist. He graduated from Fuzhou Wenjiao Vocational College (福州文教職業學校) in 1992, majoring in pharmacy. Mr. Huang continued his studies in Beijing Intelligence Development Correspondence School (北京智力開發函授學院) from 1993 to 1994, majoring in pharmacy. He joined the Group in December 1996.

Miss. Lin Aiping (林愛萍), aged 40, is the quality assurance manager of the Group and responsible for the central laboratory of the Group. She graduated from Fujian Medical University (福建醫科大學) in 1995, majoring in pharmacy. Before joining the Group in January 2000, she had worked in a quality management role in the pharmaceutical industry for more than 12 years.

Mr. Yu Xiangbin (余祥彬), aged 42, is the production manager of the technical department of the Group. He graduated from the People's Liberation Army Second Military Medical University (中國人民解放軍第二軍醫大學) with a Master degree in medicine in 1994. One of his essays was accredited with the Outstanding Essay Second Honours Award (優秀論文二等獎) by the medical department of Fuzhou Central Hospital of the Nanjing military zone (南京軍區福州總醫院醫務部) in 1997 and his thesis was accredited with Fourth Honours Award by the Logistic Unit of the People's Liberation Army of the Nanjing Military Zone (中國人民解放軍南京軍區聯勤部) in 1999. Mr. Yu joined the Group in January 2000.

**Mr. Chen Lunbin** (陳倫斌), aged 35, is the finance manager of the Group. Mr. Chen graduated from Fuzhou University (福州大學) in 1994, majoring in financial accounting. He joined the Group in December 1996.

Mr. Huang Chenglan (黃成蘭), aged 58, is the equipment manager of the Group. He graduated from Fuzhou Second Technical College (福州市第二技工學校) in 1970, majoring in mechanical engineering. He was a technician in a mechanics factory from 1971 to 1990 and a facility administrator and equipment maintenance officer in a packing company from 1993 to 1995. Mr. Huang joined the Group in December 1996.

#### **ADVISORY BOARD**

The Directors consider that the advisory board is critical to the product development of the Group. Members of the advisory board are experts in the medicine profession with substantial experience in various fields such as virology and pharmacy. Meeting of the board is held twice per year. The advisory board will also call extra meetings when necessary. During different stages of the research and development, members of the board will supervise staff of the Group and advise on the manufacturing and research and development progress. Upon request by management of the Group, the member of the board will visit the Group's customers and give professional advice in respect of the nature and effects of the Group's products to the end users such as hospitals and clinics. Details of members of the advisory board are summarized as follows:

Mr. Hou Yunde (侯雲德), aged 79, graduated from Medical School of Tongji University (同濟大學醫科學院) in 1955 and obtained his doctoral degree from Academy of Medical Sciences of the Soviet Union (蘇聯醫學科學院) in 1962. Mr. Hou, a molecular pathologist, is a fellow researcher at the Chinese Academy of Engineering (中國工程院) and a researcher at the Chinese Centre for Disease Control and Prevention Institute for Viral Disease Control and Prevention (中國疾病預防控制中心病毒病預防控制所). He became a fellow of the Chinese Academy of Engineering in 1994 and then became its deputy president in 1996. Mr. Hou has been engaged in the research in virology for 40 years and has made achievements in the research on interferon (干擾素) and the structure and function of virogene of vaccinia (痘苗病毒基因). He has published over 250 essays in his career so far, and has received several awards for his achievements.

Mr. Ma Yonghua (馬永華), aged 73, graduated from Nanjing Medical University (南京醫科大學) in 1959, majoring in medicine. Mr. Ma obtained his doctor degree of philosophy in pharmaceutical sciences from Toyama Medical and Pharmaceutical University in 1988. Mr. Ma previously held various positions in medical associations in the PRC. He was appointed as the president of the first executive committee of Natural Medical Society of Nanjing (南京自然醫學會) and managing executive of the fourth executive committee of the Society for the Integration of Chinese and Western Medical Science of Jiangsu Province (江蘇省中西醫結合學會). Mr. Ma was the deputy supervising member of the second committee of Society of Elderly Medical Profession (老年醫學專業委員會). Mr. Ma was prized for his contributions to the integration of the Chinese and Western medical science, scientific technology advancement and Dictionary of Chinese Pharmacy (中醫方劑大辭典).

Mr. Wang Faping (王法平), aged 43, graduated from Pharmacy College of Nanjing (南京藥學院) in 1986, majoring in pharmacology. He furthered his studies at the University of Toronto, Canada from 2000 to 2001. Mr. Wang is currently engaged in the research and development of medicines. Mr. Wang was awarded the finest in the profession (專業技術拔尖人材) by the Drug Administration of Shandong Province (山東省醫藥 管理局)in 1996. Mr. Wang was qualified as a senior engineer in pharmacy by the Board of Medical Profession of Shandong Province (山東省醫藥工程技術職務高級評審委員會) in 1997. He was also qualified as a deputy pharmacist by the Board of Medical Profession of Shandong Province(山東省醫藥專業職務高級評審委員會) in 1998.

Mr. Huang Ziqiang (黃自強), aged 68, graduated from Fujian Medical College (福建醫學院) in 1963, majoring in medicine, and remained as a tutor at the pharmacology department after his graduation. From 1985 to 1992, Mr. Huang was a supervisor of the pharmacology research centre (藥理教研室) at the college. From 1989 to 1992, Mr. Huang was also the deputy supervisor of Fundamental Medical Department (基礎醫 學部)of the college. From 1992 to 2001, he became the supervisor of Fundamental Medical Department of the college and he was promoted to be an instructor for doctoral students there in 1998. In addition to the several awards that Mr. Huang received in his career, he has published about 100 pieces of essays and several textbooks and medical manuals.

Mr. Xu Rongqing (徐榕青), aged 46, graduated from Shanghai Medical University (上海醫科大學) with a Master degree in pharmacy in 1988. Mr. Xu was appointed as a researcher in Medical science research centre of Fujian Province (福建省醫學科學研究所) in 2001 and has conducted different research projects which are related to public health issues and has published a number of academic writings and technology research results. Mr. Xu was awarded the "Award for Advancement in Medical Science in Fujian Province"(一九九四年 度省醫藥衛生科技進步一等獎) by the Hygiene Department of Fujian Province(福建省衛生廳) in 1995 and Third Honours Award by Fujian Province Award for Advancement in scientific technology committee (福建省科 學技術進步獎評審委員會辦公室) for his contributions to advance scientific technology in 1995. Mr. Xu's essay was also awarded the "Brilliant thesis award"(優秀學術論文) by Fujian division of the Society of Pharmacy of the PRC(中國藥學會福建分會) in 1997.

Mr. Ding Jian (丁健), aged 55, graduated from Hyushi University, Japan in 1991, with a doctoral degree in medicine. Mr. Ding qualified as a researcher by Shanghai Institute of Masteria Medica of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (中國科學院上海藥物研究所) in 1995. He was appointed as a member of the second committee of National Professional Committee of New Drugs Research and Development (國家新藥研究方開發專家委員 會 ) in 1998 for three years and was also appointed as the leader of the Expert Team of Marine Biotechnology in Resource & Environmental Technology of the National 863 Program (國家八六三計劃資源環境技術領域海 洋生物技術主題專家組) by the Ministry of Science and Technology of the People's Republic of China from July 2002 to July 2004 and a member of the Ninth Expert Evaluation Committee of Department of Life Science of the National Natural Science Foundation of China (國家自然科學基金委員會第九屆生命科學部專家評審組) by the National Natural Science Foundation of China (國家自然科學基金委員會) for two years from 2002. He has been principally engaged in the research and development of anti-tumor drugs and has published several academic writings.

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2008.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 18 to the financial statements.

#### **RESULTS**

The Group's results for the year ended 31 December 2008 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 31 of this Annual Report.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

Due to the economic downturn of the world, the Board would retain the cash for operating purposes and therefore does not recommend payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2008 (2007: HK\$Nil). No interim dividend was declared for the six months ended 30 June 2008 (2007: Nil).

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in Note 14 to the financial statements.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in Note 26 to the financial statements.

#### **SHARE OPTIONS**

The Company has conditionally adopted the Share Option Scheme, the principal terms of which are set out in Note 28 to the financial statements. The share option scheme is effective for a term of ten years from 3 November 2003. The following table discloses movements in the Company's Share Option Scheme during the year:

	Number of share options								
Category of participant	Date of grant	Outstanding as at 1 Jan 2008	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding as at 31 Dec 2008	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share HK\$	Market value per share at date of grant of options HK\$
Consultant	14 May 2007	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	14 May 2007 to 13 May 2009	1.048	1.03
Total		1,000,000	0	0	-	1,000,000			

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's by-laws, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in Note 27 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The percentages of the Group's purchases and turnover attributable to major suppliers and customers are as follows:

	2008	2007
	%	%
Percentage of purchases:		
From the largest supplier	16	12
From the five largest suppliers	64	48
Percentage of turnover:		
From the largest customer	7	9
From the five largest customers	25	31

## **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

## **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhong Houtai, Chairman

Mr. Zhong Houyao

Mr. Chong Hoi Fung

Mr. Sun Daquan

#### **Independent Non Executive Directors**

Mr. Pei Renjiu Mr. Li Kai Ming Mr. Cheung Chuen

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Zhong Houtai, Mr. Pei Renjiu and Mr. Li Kai Ming will retire from office as directors at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial fixed term of 3 years commencing from 24 November 2003, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than 3 months' notice in writing served by either party on the other, which notice shall not expire until after the fixed term. Each of these executive Directors is entitled to the respective basic salary set out below (subject to an annual increment after the first anniversary of the commencement date of the respective service contracts at the discretion of the Directors of not more than 10% of the annual salary immediately prior to such increase). In addition, for the financial year ending 31 December 2003 and each of the financial years thereafter during the initial term, each of the executive Directors is also entitled to a discretionary bonus provided that the aggregate amount of the bonuses payable to all the executive Directors in respect of any financial year of the Company shall not exceed 5% of the audited net profit of the Company (or as the case may be, combined or, consolidated audited net profit of the Company and its subsidiaries (if any)) (after taxation but before extraordinary and exceptional items and payment of such bonuses) in respect of that financial year of the Company. An executive Director shall not vote on any resolution of the Directors regarding the amount of the discretionary bonus payable to him. The current basic annual salaries of the executive Directors are as follows:

Name	2008 Salary
Mr. Zhong Houtai	HK\$619,000
Mr. Zhong Houyao	HK\$36,000
Mr. Chong Hoi Fung	HK\$0
Mr. Sun Daquan	HK\$36,000

Save as aforesaid, none of the Directors has or is proposed to have a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than contracts expiring or determinable by the Company within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)).

The independent non-executive directors are not appointed for a specific term, but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Annual General Meeting in accordance with the Articles of the Company.

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment other than statutory compensation.

#### DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 8 to 13 of this Annual Report.

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS**

## **Directors' Interest in Share Capital**

As at 31 December 2008, the interests of the directors in the shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of the Securities (Disclosure of Interests) Ordinance ("SDI")) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 29 of the SDI were as follows:

Director	No. of shares Held	Percentage of Interest
	(Corporate interest (Note))	
Zhong Houtai	211,720,000	45.64%

#### Notes:

- 1. The shares are registered under the name of Elite Achieve Limited.
- 2. The entire issued share capital of Elite Achieve Limited is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. Zhong Houtai.
- 3. Under the SFO, Mr. Zhong Houtai is deemed to be interested in all the shares registered in the name of Elite Achieve Limited.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors or their associates had any personal, family, corporate or other interests in the equity or debt securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SDI.

## **DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

Apart from the details as disclosed under the section headed "Directors' Interests in Share Capital" above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

## **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

No director had a beneficial interest, either direct or indirect, in any significant contract to which the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party at the balance sheet date or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2008.

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2008, persons interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 16(1) of the Securities (Disclosure Of Interest) Ordinance were as follows:

Shareholder	Number of shares	Percentage hold
Elite Achieve Limited	211,720,000	45.64% (Note 1)
Zhong Houtai	211,720,000	45.64% (Note 1)
Katsomalos Nikolaos	113,580,000	24.48%

Note 1: The entire issued share capital of Elite Achieve Limited is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. Zhong Houtai.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2008, the Company is not aware of any person having interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were required to be recorded in the register kept by the Company under Part XV of section 336 of the SFO.

## **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or is existing during the year ended 31 December 2008.

#### CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2008, the Group had no transactions with related or connected parties.

#### **RETIREMENT SCHEME**

The Group provides retirement benefits to its staff. The retirement contributions paid by the Group are based on certain percentage of the relevant portion of the payroll of all qualifying employees in accordance with the relevant regulations in the PRC and are charged to the income statement as incurred. The contribution paid for the year ended 31 December 2008 was approximately HK\$805,000 (2007: HK\$802,000). The Group has made adequate provision in the financial statements in respect of the benefit schemes. In addition, the Group also provides housing and food allowance to this staff.

In Hong Kong, the Group has set up a retirement scheme in accordance with the mandatory provident fund requirements prescribed by the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong. All Hong Kong based employees and the Group are required to contribute 5% of their respective monthly wages (up to a maximum contribution of HK\$1,000 by each of the employee and the Group) on a monthly basis to the fund.

## COMPLIANCE WITH CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company adopted the Code on Corporate Governance Practices contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") as its code of conduct for corporate governance, the particulars of which are set out in section "Corporate Governance Report" in pages 21 to 28 of this Annual Report.

#### INDEPENDENT NON EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The Board considered that all non-executive directors to be independent in character and judgement. None of the non-executive directors have relationships or circumstances that are likely to effect their professional judgement and each non-executive director has provided confirmation of his independence to the Group.

Particulars of the independent non-executive directors are set out in the 2008 Annual Report of the Company.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Annual Report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2008 has been reviewed by the Audit Committee. Details on the composition of the Audit Committee are set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 21 to 28.

## **PUBLIC FLOAT**

As at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Company's directors.

## **AUDITOR**

CCIF CPA Limited retired and a resolution for their reappointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

## **Zhong Houtai**

Chairman

24 April 2009

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of all shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. Throughout the year ended 31 December 2008, the Group has applied the principles and complied with most of the code provisions and recommended best practices prescribed in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("CG Code") set out in the Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). This report describes its corporate governance practices, explains the applications of the principles of the CG Code and deviations, if any.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### The Composition of the Board of Directors

As at 31 December 2008, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises seven Directors, of whom four are executive Directors, namely Mr. Zhong Houtai, Chairman, Mr. Zhong Houyao, Mr. Chong Hoi Fung, Mr. Sun Daquan and, three are independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Cheung Chuen, Mr. Pei Renjiu, Mr. Li Kai Ming. The composition of the Board of Directors is well balanced with each Director having sound knowledge, experience and/or expertise relevant to the business of the Group. Each of the Directors' respective biographical details is set out in the "Directors, Senior Management and Staff" of this annual report. The Directors are aware of their collective and individual responsibilities to the Shareholders and have exercised their duties with care, skill and diligence, contributing to the successful performance of the Group for the year under review. Besides, to the best knowledge of the Company, there is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship between the Directors and each of the Directors also does not have any direct or indirect material relationship with the Group.

According to the code provision A2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer should be segregated. However, the Company has no chief executive officer currently. Mr. Zhong Houtai is the chairman and executive Director of the Company responsible for the Group's operations in the PRC. The responsibility of that of a chief executive officer is currently taken up by the chairman of the Company. If the Company can identify a suitable person with capable leadership, knowledge on medicines and relevant skills and experiences for the post from within the Group or outside, the Company may consider appointing a chief executive officer. Owing to the business nature and scope of the Company, a suitable person shall have profound understanding and experiences on medicines, therefore there is no definite timetable for the appointment of chief executive officer.

#### **Functions of the Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors has separate functions and duties from the managements. The functions and duties of the Board include convening the Shareholders' general meetings; making decisions on the Company's operational plans, financial accounts and profit distribution scheme; formulating merger, separation, dissolution proposals and significant acquisition or sale proposals; and implementing the resolutions passed at the Shareholders' general meetings. The management is accountable to the Board of Directors and responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group. Its main functions and duties include production and operation management, organization and implementation of the annual operational plans and investment proposals approved by the Board of Directors, and implementation of the resolutions passed by the Board of Directors. According to the code requirement of the CG Code, the Company should arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors. However, no insurance coverage has been purchased for any of the Directors as the Board does not foresee any contingent liabilities against the Group.

#### Directors' Appointment, Re-election and Removal

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial fixed term of 3 years commencing from 24 November 2003, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than 3 months' notice in writing served by either party on the other, which notice shall not expire until after the fixed term.

According to the code provision A4.1 of the CG Code, independent non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term of service. However, independent non-executive Directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term as required under the CG Code, but they are subject to retirement in rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company according to the Articles of the Company.

Save as aforesaid, none of the Directors has or is proposed to have a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than contracts expiring or determinable by the Company within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)).

According to the provisions of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), any Director appointed by the Board either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Furthermore, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation.

#### **Board meeting and Board Practices**

The Board of Directors holds meetings on a regular basis. If necessary, the Board of Directors will convene additional meetings. The Company Secretary is responsible for distributing detailed documents to Directors prior to the meetings of the Board of Directors to ensure that the Directors are able to make informed decisions regarding the matters discussed in the meetings. The Company Secretary is also responsible for ensuring the procedures of the Board meetings are observed and providing to the Board of Directors opinions on matters in relation to the compliance with the procedures of the Board meetings. In addition, to facilitate the decision-making process, the Directors are free to have access to the management for enquiries and to obtain further information, when required. The Directors can also seek independent professional advice, in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense in discharging their duties to the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2008, the Company held 4 Board meetings, and the Directors' attendance records for the meetings held are set out below.

## **Directors' Attendance at Board Meetings**

## Number of Board meeting attended/ Number of Board meeting held

Executive Directors	
Mr. Zhong Houtai (Chairman)	4/4
Mr. Zhong Houyao	4/4
Mr. Chong Hoi Fung	4/4
Mr. Sun Daquan	4/4
Independent non-Executive Directors	
Mr. Cheung Chuen	4/4
Mr. Pei Renjiu	4/4
Mr. Li Kai Ming	4/4

In compliance of Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules, there are three independent non-executive Directors representing over one-third of the Board of Directors. Amongst them, Mr. Cheung Chuen, who is currently a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has more than nine years' experience in accounting and auditing, has the appropriate professional qualifications required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. In addition, Mr. Chow Chi Wa, the Financial Controller is a qualified accountant responsible for oversight of the Group's financial reporting procedures, in compliance of Rule 3.21.

The independent non-executive Directors have participated in Board meetings as well as its various Board committees, and have given their opinions on the decision-making on significant matters by making use of their professional knowledge and experience. They have conscientiously examined the connected transactions and capital dealings with connected parties to ensure fairness and impartiality, expressing their independent opinions and performing their duties independently. The Board considered that all non-executive Directors to be independent in character and judgement. None of the independent non-executive Directors have relationships or circumstances that are likely to affect their professional judgement and the independent non-executive Directors have made active contribution to protect the interests of the Company as a whole and the legal rights of all of shareholders of the Company, as well as promoting the healthy development of the Company.

Three independent non-executive Directors separately submitted their confirmation letters on their independence, confirming that they had strictly observed the requirements for independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules during the year under review. Independent non-executive Directors are independent persons of the Company.

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Board has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code for securities transactions by Directors. During the accounting period covered by this annual report, the Company had complied with the Model Code. After making inquiry of the Directors, the Company confirmed that the Directors had complied with the provisions of the Model Code.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Audit Committee**

The Company established an audit committee on 3 November 2003 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The audit committee has three members, including the Company's three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Pei Renjiu, Mr. Li Kai Ming and Mr. Cheung Chuen. Mr. Cheung Chuen is the chairman of the committee. The duties of the audit committee are to review the Company's annual report and accounts, interim reports and to provide advice and comments thereon to the Board. In addition, the audit committee will consider any significant and unusual items that are, or may need to be reflected in such reports and accounts and must give due consideration to any matter that has been raised by the Company's qualified accountant, compliance officer and auditor. The audit committee is also responsible for reviewing and supervising the financial reporting process and the internal control system of the Group. Besides, the audit committee will make recommendations to the Board on matters regarding the appointment of external auditors and auditing fee etc. The external auditors of the Group may request a meeting of the Audit Committee to be convened if they consider that it is necessary. 4 meetings were held during the current financial year. The attendance records for the audit committee meetings are set out below:

#### Number of audit committee meeting attended/ Members of the audit committee Number of audit committee meeting held Mr. Cheung Chuen 4/4 Mr. Pei Renjiu 4/4 Mr. Li Kai Ming 4/4

#### **Nomination Committee**

According to the CG Code, the Company shall set up a nomination committee with a majority of the members thereof being independent non-executive Directors. However, the Company did not establish a nomination committee.

The process and criteria adopted by the Board to select and recommend candidates for directorship are based on assessment of their professional qualifications and experience. The Company is responsible for determining the independence of each Director and conducting formal assessment of the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the contribution of each Director to the effectiveness of the Board. During the year, no Director has been newly appointed.

#### Remuneration Committee

The Company established a remuneration committee on 5 August 2005. The remuneration committee is led by Mr. Li Kai Ming, an independent non-executive Director. Other members of the remuneration committee include Mr. Pei Renjiu and Mr. Cheung Chuen, both are independent non-executive Directors. The remuneration committee meets at least once a year. The remuneration committee has adopted a defined terms of reference in consistence with the CG Code and it is available from the Company Secretary at any time.

The duties of the remuneration committee includes making recommendations with respect to the remuneration of the executive Directors for approval by the Board, reviewing and recommending salaries, bonuses, merit plans, reward and recognition strategies, including the appropriation of funds for incentive awards for Directors, and administering and making determinations with regard to the Company's share option scheme.

The attendance record of individual committee members is set out below:

# Members of the remuneration committee Number of remuneration committee meeting attended/ Number of remuneration committee meeting held Mr. Li Kai Ming Mr. Cheung Chuen 1/1 Mr. Pei Renjiu Number of remuneration committee meeting held 1/1

#### Remuneration package for executive Directors

Each of these executive Directors is entitled to the respective basic salary which is reviewed annually. In addition, for the financial year ending 31 December 2003 and each of the financial years thereafter during the initial term, each of the executive Directors is also entitled to a discretionary bonus provided that the aggregate amount of the bonuses payable to all the executive Directors in respect of any financial year of the Company shall not exceed 5% of the audited net profit of the Company (or as the case may be, combined or, consolidated audited net profit of the Company and its subsidiaries (if any)) (after taxation but before extraordinary and exceptional items and payment of such bonuses) in respect of that financial year of the Company. An executive Director shall not vote on any resolution of the Directors regarding the amount of the discretionary bonus payable to him.

In order to attract, retain and motivate executives and key employees serving any member of the Group or other persons contributing to the Group, the Company has conditionally adopted the Share Option Scheme, the principal terms of which are set out in note 28 to the financial statements on pages 75 to 78 of this annual report. Such incentive schemes enable the eligible persons to obtain an ownership interest in the Company and thus will motivate them to optimize their contributions to the Group. The Group also provides retirement benefits to its employees. The retirement contributions paid by the Group are based on certain percentage of the relevant portion of the payroll of all qualifying employees in accordance with the relevant regulations in the PRC and are charged to the income statement as incurred. In Hong Kong, the Group has set up a retirement scheme in accordance with the mandatory provident fund requirements prescribed by the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong. All Hong Kong based employees and the Group are required to contribute 5% of their respective monthly wages (up to a maximum contribution of HK\$1,000 each of the employee and the Group) on a monthly basis to the fund. In addition, the Group provides housing allowances and meal allowances to its employees.

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

## Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. In preparing the financial statements, the generally accepted accounting standards in Hong Kong have been adopted, appropriate accounting policies have been used and applied consistently, and reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made.

Having made appropriate enquiries, the Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Board has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### Internal controls

The Board through the audit committee is responsible for maintaining proper internal controls within the Group.

The internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance of the Company's assets, safeguarding them against unauthorised use or disposition by making sure transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and that the accounting records are reliable for the preparation of financial information used for the business and publication. The Company has adopted proper procedures with duly assigned levels of authority in areas of financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management to ensure the Company's assets and resources are safeguarded.

During the year, the Board has engaged CCIF Corporate Consultancy Limited to perform internal control review to assist the Board in reviewing the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group. The Board and the audit committee are satisfied that, based on information furnished to it and on its own observations, the present internal controls of the Group are satisfactory and will make further improvements.

#### **Auditor's Remuneration**

During the year ended 31 December 2008, the fees paid/payable to CCIF CPA Limited ("CCIF"), the auditor of the Company, in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by CCIF to the Group were as follows:

	2008
	HK\$'000
Audit services	550,000
Non-audit services	
Taxation advisory services	_
Review on 2008 interim results	150,000
Other services	15,000
Total:	715,000

## INVESTOR RELATIONSHIP AND COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board of Directors recognizes the importance of maintaining clear, timely and effective communication with shareholders of the Company and investors. To promote investor relations and communications, meeting with fund managers and potential substantial investors are held frequently. The Company acknowledges that its Annual General Meeting is an important channel for having direct communication with shareholders of the Company. At the meeting, the Directors and key executives of the Group will answer and explain to shareholders issues relating to the Group's business strategies and financial results.

The Company is dedicated to providing quality and timely disclosure of information to enhance transparency. The Company is committed to providing clear and full performance information of the Group to shareholders through the publication of interim and annual reports. The Company has also maintained a website at http://www.broadintelligence.com.hk which enables shareholders, investors and the general public to have access to the information of the Company on a timely basis.

# **Independent Auditor's Report**



20/F Sunning Plaza 10 Hysan Avenue Causeway Bay Hong Kong

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BROAD INTELLIGENCE INTERNATIONAL PHARMACEUTICAL HOLDINGS LIMITED (INCORPORATED IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS WITH LIMITED LIABILITY)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Broad Intelligence International Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited (the "Company") set out on pages 31 to 83, which comprise the consolidated and Company balance sheets as at 31 December 2008, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2008 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **CCIF CPA Limited**

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 24 April 2009

#### Chan Wai Dune, Charles

Practising Certificate Number P00712

# **Consolidated Income Statement**

For the year ended 31 December 2008

	Note	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Turnover	4	422,321	411,990
Cost of sales		(312,307)	(252,187)
Gross profit		110,014	159,803
Other revenue Selling and distribution expenses General and administrative expenses	4	6,310 (51,797) (32,460)	7,394 (28,138) (30,046)
Profit before taxation Income tax	5 6	32,067 (8,534)	109,013 (18,268)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company  Dividends	7 8	23,533	90,745
Earnings per share  – Basic and diluted	9	HK5.07 cents	HK20.49 cents

# **Balance Sheets**

At 31 December 2008

		The G	roup	The Company		
		2008	2007	2008	2007	
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Property, plant and equipment	14	569,903	245,461	11	85	
Prepaid lease payments	15	2,294	2,262	-	_	
Prepayments	16	17,100	70,630	-	_	
Intangible assets	17	91,904	78,689	_	-	
Investment in subsidiaries	18	_		134,065	134,065	
	_	681,201	397,042	134,076	134,150	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Inventories	19	60,113	38,140	_	_	
Trade and other receivables	20	6,175	101,618	73,728	73,429	
Tax recoverable	23	1,660	_	_	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	21	3,314	123,827	2,384	10,959	
	_	71,262	263,585	76,112	84,388	
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Trade and other payables	22	57,422	58,702	558	587	
Tax payable	23	_	4,808	_		
	_	57,422	63,510	558	587	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	_	13,840	200,075	75,554	83,801	
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Other payable	25	42,541	_	_		
NET ASSETS		652,500	597,117	209,630	217,951	
Represented by:						
SHARE CAPITAL	26	46,390	46,390	46,390	46,390	
RESERVES	27	606,110	550,727	163,240	171,561	
TOTAL EQUITY	-	652,500	597,117	209,630	217,951	

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 April 2009.

On behalf of the board

Zhong Houtai	Sun Daquan			
Director	Director			

# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the year ended 31 December 2008

							Share		
	Share	Share	Statutory	General	Special	Exchange	option	Retained	
	capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	profits	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at 1 January 2007	40,000	27,944	9,906	24,757	19,608	15,929	491	297,861	436,496
Issue of shares	6,190	50,176	-	-	-	-	_	-	56,366
Issue of ordinary shares upon									
exercise of share option	200	1,471	-	-	-	_	(491)	-	1,180
Share issuance expenses	-	(1,597)	-	-	_	-	-	-	(1,597)
Profit attributable to equity holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,745	90,745
Transfer to reserve	-	-	10,510	5,255	-	-	-	(15,765)	-
Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements									
of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	30,360	-	-	30,360
Recognition of equity-settled share-									
based payment	-	_	-	_	-	_	287	-	287
Dividend paid		_	_	_	-	_	_	(16,720)	(16,720)
As at 31 December 2007 and									
1 January 2008	46,390	77,994	20,416	30,012	19,608	46,289	287	356,121	597,117
Profit attributable to equity holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	23,533	23,533
Transfer to reserve	_	_	-	3,943	_	_	-	(3,943)	_
Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements									
of foreign operations		_	_	-	_	31,850	-	-	31,850
As at 31 December 2008	46,390	77,994	20,416	33,955	19,608	78,139	287	375,711	652,500

# **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

For the year ended 31 December 2008

Adjustment for:		2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Adjustment for: Interest income (754) (1,54 Amortisation of prepaid lease payments 109 10 Amortisation of intangible assets 15,530 12,28 Depreciation 27,888 13,81 Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments 7,888 13,81 Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments 7,888 13,81 Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments 7,888 13,248 Share-based payment expenses 7,288 Operating profit before working capital changes 78,088 133,81 Increase in inventories (21,973) (27,12 Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables 95,443 (85,60) Decrease in prepayments 95,433 (85,60) Decrease/(increase) in trade and other payables (1,280) 7,92 Increase in other payable 42,541  Cash generated from operation 246,349 29,01 PRC enterprise income tax paid (15,187) (17,75 Net cash generated from operating activities 231,162 11,26  Investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment (337,332) (100,02 Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments 7,54 1,54 Net cash used in investing activities Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments 7,54 1,54 Net cash used in investing activities 7,54 Proceeds from sisue of shares 9,754 1,54 Net cash used in investing activities 7,54 Proceeds from sisue of shares 7,54 Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme 7,18 Share issuance expenses 7	Cash flows from operating activities		
Interest income         (754)         (1,54)           Amortisation of prepaid lease payments         109         10           Amortisation of intangible assets         15,530         12,28           Depreciation         27,888         13,81           Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments         -         (13           Impairment loss on intangible assets         3,248           Share-based payment expenses         -         28           Operating profit before working capital changes         78,088         133,81           Increase in inventories         (21,973)         (27,12           Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables         95,443         (85,60           Decrease in prepayments         (53,530)         7,92           (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables         (1,280)         7,92           Increase in other payable         42,541         29,01           Cash generated from operation         246,349         29,01           PRC enterprise income tax paid         (15,187)         (17,75           Net cash generated from operating activities         231,162         11,26           Investing activities         231,162         11,26           Purchase of intangible asset         (27,360)         (7,360)	Profit before taxation	32,067	109,013
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments Amortisation of intangible assets 15,530 12,28 13,81 Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments Impairment loss on intangible assets Share-based payment expenses Poercaase/increase) in trade and other receivables Poercease/increase) in trade and other receivables Poercease in interpayments Sayson (Decrease) in trade and other payables Increase in other payable Increase in other payable RC enterprise income tax paid  Net cash generated from operation Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible asset Purchase of intangible asset Purchase of intangible asset Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Ret cash used in investing activities Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from sisue of shares Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Share issuance expenses Dividend paid  Ret cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	Adjustment for:		
Amortisation of intangible assets         15,530         12,28           Depreciation         27,888         13,81           Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments         –         (13           Impairment loss on intangible assets         3,248         Share-based payment expenses         –         28           Operating profit before working capital changes         78,088         133,81           Increase in inventories         (21,973)         (27,12           Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables         95,443         (85,60           Decrease in prepayments         53,530         (00,022           (Decrease) in prepayments         53,530         7,92           Increase in other payable         42,541         7,92           Increase in other payable         42,541         7,92           Cash generated from operation         246,349         29,01           PRC enterprise income tax paid         (15,187)         (17,75           Net cash generated from operating activities         231,162         11,26           Investing activities         231,162         11,26           Purchase of property, plant and equipment         (337,332)         (100,02           Purchase of intangible asset         –         1,32 <td< td=""><td>Interest income</td><td>(754)</td><td>(1,545)</td></td<>	Interest income	(754)	(1,545)
Depreciation         27,888         13,81           Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments         -         (13           Impairment loss on intangible assets         3,248           Share-based payment expenses         -         28           Operating profit before working capital changes         78,088         133,81           Increase in inventories         (21,973)         (27,12           Decrease/increase) in trade and other receivables         95,443         (85,60           Decrease/increase in trade and other payables         (1,280)         7,92           Increase in other payable         42,541         42,541           Cash generated from operation         246,349         29,01           PRC enterprise income tax paid         (15,187)         (17,75           Net cash generated from operating activities         231,162         11,26           Investing activities         337,332         (100,02           Purchase of property, plant and equipment         (337,332)         (100,02           Purchase of intangible asset         (27,360)         (27,360)           Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments         -         1,32           Interest received         754         1,54           Net cash used in investing activities         - <td>Amortisation of prepaid lease payments</td> <td>109</td> <td>101</td>	Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	109	101
Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments Impairment loss on intangible assets Share-based payment expenses Operating profit before working capital changes Nare-based payment expenses Operating profit before working capital changes Narease in inventories National of trade and other receivables Decrease in prepayments Operase in prepayments Operase in trade and other payables National of trade and other payables National other payabl	Amortisation of intangible assets	15,530	12,281
Impairment loss on intangible assets Share-based payment expenses Coperating profit before working capital changes Reflect of foreign exchange rate changes Share-based payment expenses Coperating profit before working capital changes Coperating profit before working capital changes Reflect of foreign exchange rate changes  3,248 3,288 3,288 3,288 3,288 3,288 3,288 3,288 3,288 3,381 133,81 13,81 13,81 133,81 133,81 133,81 133,81 133,81 133,81 133,81 133,81 133,	Depreciation	27,888	13,814
Share-based payment expenses  Operating profit before working capital changes  78,088  133,81  Increase in inventories  Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables  Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables  Decrease/increase in trade and other payables  (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables  (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables  (I1,280)  Type  Increase in other payable  Cash generated from operation  PRC enterprise income tax paid  Investing activities  Purchase of property, plant and equipment  Purchase of intangible asset  Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments  Interest received  Total  Net cash used in investing activities  Proceeds from insue of shares  Proceeds from issue of shares  Proceeds from financing activities  Ashare issuance expenses  Interest received  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  12,263  14,44	Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments	-	(136)
Operating profit before working capital changes  Increase in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables Decrease/(increase) in trade and other payables (Decrease)/(increase in other payable (Decrease)/(increase in other payable (Decrease)/(increase in trade and other payables (Decrease in cash and equipment and trade and other payables (Decrease)/(increase in trade and other payables (Decrease)/(increase	Impairment loss on intangible assets	3,248	_
Increase in inventories  Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables  Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables  Decrease in prepayments  (Decrease) in prepayments  (Decrease) in trade and other payables  (L280)  Type  Cash generated from operation  PRC enterprise income tax paid  (Sash generated from operating activities  Purchase of property, plant and equipment  Purchase of property, plant and equipment  Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments  Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments  Interest received  Total  Net cash used in investing activities  Proceeds from issue of shares  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme  Proceeds from financing activities  Proceeds from financing activities  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme  All 1, 18  Share issuance expenses  Dividend paid  Cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  12,263  14,44	Share-based payment expenses		287
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables  Decrease in prepayments  Decrease in prepayments  Decrease in prepayments  Decrease in trade and other payables  Decrease in other payable  Cash generated from operation  PRC enterprise income tax paid  Decrease in cash generated from operating activities  Purchase of property, plant and equipment  Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments  Decrease in investing activities  Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments  Decrease in other payable  Cash generated from operating activities  Purchase of intangible asset  Purchase of intangible asset  Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments  Decrease in investing activities  Proceeds from financing activities  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme  Share issuance expenses  Dividend paid  Dividend paid  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  (85,60  Refect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  Decrease in cash and other payable  Test, 23,530  Test, 246,349  29,01  Test, 29,01  Test, 29,01  Test, 337,332  Test, 347,34	Operating profit before working capital changes	78,088	133,815
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables95,443(85,60)Decrease in prepayments53,5307,92(Decrease) in conterpayables(1,280)7,92Increase in other payable42,54129,01Cash generated from operation246,34929,01PRC enterprise income tax paid(15,187)(17,75Net cash generated from operating activities231,16211,26Investing activities(27,360)1,32Purchase of property, plant and equipment(337,332)(100,02Purchase of intangible asset21,32Interest received7541,54Net cash used in investing activities(363,938)(97,15Cash flows from financing activities363,938)(97,15Cash flows from financing activities-56,36Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme-1,18Share issuance expenses-(1,59Dividend paid-(16,72Net cash generated from financing activities-39,22Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents(132,776)(46,66Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year123,827156,03Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net12,26314,44	Increase in inventories	(21,973)	(27,124)
Decrease in prepayments (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables (1,280) 7,92 Increase in other payable 42,541  Cash generated from operation 246,349 29,01 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (17,75 (15,187) (17,75 (17,75 (17,187) (17,75 (17,75 (17,187) (17,75 (17,187) (17,75 (17,187) (17,75 (17,187)			(85,605)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables(1,280)7,92Increase in other payable42,5417Cash generated from operation246,34929,01PRC enterprise income tax paid(15,187)(17,75Net cash generated from operating activities231,16211,26Investing activities(337,332)(100,02Purchase of property, plant and equipment(337,332)(100,02Purchase of intangible asset(27,360)Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments–1,32Interest received7541,54Net cash used in investing activities(363,938)(97,15Cash flows from financing activities–56,36Proceeds from issue of shares–56,36Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme–1,18Share issuance expenses–(1,59Dividend paid–(16,72Net cash generated from financing activities–39,22Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents(132,776)(46,66Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year123,827156,03Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net12,26314,44			_
Increase in other payable  Cash generated from operation PRC enterprise income tax paid  (15,187)  Net cash generated from operating activities  Net cash generated from operating activities  Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received  Net cash used in investing activities  Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from sale of shares Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Share issuance expenses Dividend paid  Net cash generated from financing activities  Net cash generated from financing activities  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Share issuance expenses Dividend paid  Net cash generated from financing activities  Peter cash generated from financing activities  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  123,827  156,03			7,927
PRC enterprise income tax paid  (15,187) (17,75  Net cash generated from operating activities  Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received  Proceeds from investing activities  Proceeds from financing activities  Cash flows from financing activities  Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Proceeds from financing activities  Proceeds from financing activities  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Proceeds from financing activities  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Analysis  Proceeds from financing activities Analysis  Proceeds from financing a	· ·		-
PRC enterprise income tax paid  (15,187) (17,75  Net cash generated from operating activities  Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received  Proceeds from financing activities  Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Proceeds from financing activities  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Proceeds from financing activities  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Proceeds from share issued under s	Cash generated from operation	246,349	29,013
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible asset Purchase of intangible asset Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received Proceeds from financing activities  Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Share issuance expenses Dividend paid Proceeds from financing activities Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Share issuance expenses Financial state of the state of t		(15,187)	(17,750)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible asset Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received Proceeds in investing activities  Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Share issuance expenses Dividend paid Potential of the pear in the proceeds in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  (100,02 (27,360) (27,360) (337,332) (100,02 (27,360) (27,360) (363,938) (97,15 (363,9	Net cash generated from operating activities	231,162	11,263
Purchase of intangible asset Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received Proceads from investing activities Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Proceeds from financing activities Proceeds from financing activities Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from	Investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments Interest received  Net cash used in investing activities  Cash flows from financing activities  Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Share issuance expenses Dividend paid  Net cash generated from financing activities  Net cash generated from financing activities  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  1,32 1,32 1,32 1,32 1,32 1,32 1,32 1,3	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(337,332)	(100,027)
Interest received 754 1,54  Net cash used in investing activities (363,938) (97,15  Cash flows from financing activities  Proceeds from issue of shares - 56,36  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme - 1,18  Share issuance expenses - (1,59)  Dividend paid - (16,72)  Net cash generated from financing activities - 39,22  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (132,776) (46,66)  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 123,827 156,03  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net 12,263 14,44	Purchase of intangible asset	(27,360)	_
Net cash used in investing activities  Cash flows from financing activities  Proceeds from issue of shares  Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme  Share issuance expenses  Dividend paid  Net cash generated from financing activities  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  (363,938)  (97,15)  (1,59)  (1,59)  (1,59)  (16,72)  (16,72)  (16,72)  (16,72)  (16,72)  (16,72)  (16,72)  (16,72)  (16,72)  (17,72)  (17,72)  (18,776)  (18,776)  (19,72)  (19,7	Proceeds from sale of prepaid lease payments	_	1,329
Cash flows from financing activities  Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme Share issuance expenses Dividend paid  Net cash generated from financing activities  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  123,827  14,44	Interest received	754	1,545
Proceeds from issue of shares – 56,36 Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme – 1,18 Share issuance expenses – (1,59 Dividend paid – (16,72  Net cash generated from financing activities – 39,22  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (132,776) (46,66  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 123,827 156,03  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net 12,263 14,44	Net cash used in investing activities	(363,938)	(97,153)
Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme  Share issuance expenses Dividend paid  Net cash generated from financing activities  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  (132,776)  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  1,18  - (1,59  - (16,72  10,66  - 39,22  123,827  156,03	Cash flows from financing activities		
Share issuance expenses Dividend paid  - (1,59 Dividend paid - (16,72  Net cash generated from financing activities - 39,22  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  (132,776)  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net  12,263  14,44	Proceeds from issue of shares	_	56,366
Dividend paid-(16,72)Net cash generated from financing activities-39,22Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents(132,776)(46,66)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year123,827156,03Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net12,26314,44	Proceeds from share issued under share option scheme	_	1,180
Net cash generated from financing activities-39,22Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents(132,776)(46,66Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year123,827156,03Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net12,26314,44	·	_	(1,597)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (132,776) (46,66)  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 123,827 156,03  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net 12,263 14,44	Dividend paid	_	(16,720)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 123,827 156,03  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net 12,263 14,44	Net cash generated from financing activities	_	39,229
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net 12,263 14,44	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(132,776)	(46,661)
	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	123,827	156,039
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (Note 21)  3,314  123,82	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	12,263	14,449
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (Note 21)	3,314	123,827

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the year ended 31 December 2008

#### 1. **GENERAL**

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 16 April 2003 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (2002 Revision) of the Cayman Islands and its shares have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited with effect from 24 November 2003. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section of the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

The principal activities of the Group are manufacture, sale, research and development of pharmaceutical products and investment holding.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

In the current year, the Group has where applicable applied the following amendments and interpretations ("new HKFRS") issued by the HKICPA which are or have become effective.

HKAS 39 & HKFRS 7	Reclassification on Financial Assets
(Amendments)	
HK(IFRIC) – Int 11	HKFRS 2: Group and Treasury Share Transactions
HK(IFRIC) – Int 12	Service Concession Arrangements
HK(IFRIC) – Int 14	HKAS 19 – The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding
	Requirements and their interaction

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (a) Statement of compliance (Continued)

The application of the new HKFRSs had no material effect on how the results and financial position for the current or prior accounting periods have been prepared and presented. Accordingly, no prior year adjustment is required.

The Group has not early applied any of the new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations which have been issued but are not yet effective for the current accounting period (see note 34).

### (b) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "Group").

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except as otherwise set out in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in note 3.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (c) **Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable are taken into account.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances and transactions and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

In the Company's balance sheet, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any (see note 2(g)).

#### (d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (see note 2(g)), if any.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Buildings situated on leasehold land Over the shorter of the term of the lease or 20 years Leasehold improvement 20%

Plant and machinery 10% Office and other equipment 20% Motor vehicles 10%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in income statement on the date of retirement or disposal.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (e) Intangible Asset

### **Patents**

Purchased patents are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is other than indefinite) and any identified accumulated impairment losses (see note 2(g)). Patents are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of five to ten years. Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

### (f) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

### (i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases, with the following exceptions;

- property held under operating leases that would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property is classified as an investment property on a property-byproperty basis and, if classified as investment property, is accounted for as if held under a finance lease; and
- land held for own use under an operating lease, the fair value of which cannot be measured separately from the fair value of a building situated thereon at the inception of the lease, is accounted for as being held under a finance lease, unless the building is also clearly held under an operating lease. For these purposes, the inception of the lease is the time that the lease was first entered into by the Group, or taken over from the previous lessee.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (f) Leased assets (Continued)

#### (ii) Assets acquired under finance leases

Where the Group acquires the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments of such assets are included in fixed assets and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, are recorded as obligations under finance leases. Depreciation is provided at rates which write off the cost or valuation of the assets over the term of the relevant lease or, where it is likely the Group will obtain ownership of the asset, the life of the asset. Impairment losses are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 2(g). Finance charges implicit in the lease payments are charged to income statement over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period. Contingent rentals are charged to income statement in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

#### (iii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to income statement in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in income statement as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to income statement in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straightline basis over the period of the lease term except where the property is classified as an investment property.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (g) Impairment of assets

### (i) Impairment of receivables

Current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the technological market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where financial asset carried at amortised cost share similar risk characteristics such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective Group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through income statement. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (q) Impairment of assets (Continued)

### (i) Impairment of receivables (Continued)

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivable included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in the income statement.

#### (ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- prepaid lease payments;
- intangible assets; and
- investments in subsidiaries.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for intangible assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

### Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e., a cash-generating unit).

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (g) Impairment of assets (Continued)

### Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

### Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to income statement in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

### (h) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted-average cost formula and comprises direct materials and, where appropriate, direct labour costs and those overhead that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less expected costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### (i) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts, except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial in such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 2(g)).

#### Trade and other payables (i)

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### (k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement.

#### **(I) Employee benefits**

### (i) Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (I) Employee benefits (Continued)

### (ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in share option reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the share options, the total estimated fair value of the share options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to income statement for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the share option reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

## (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)** 2.

### (m) **Share-based payment transactions**

### Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

The accounting policy is set out in note 2 (I)(ii).

Share options granted to suppliers/consultants

Share options issued in exchange for goods or services are measured at the fair values of share options granted. The fair values of the goods or services received are recognised as expenses immediately, unless the goods or services quality for recognition as assets. A corresponding adjustment is made to equity (share option reserve).

#### (n) **Income Tax**

- Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the income statement except to the extent that they relate to items recognised directly in equity, in which case they are recognised in equity.
- ii) Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.
- iii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (n) Income Tax (Continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination) and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

### (n) **Income Tax (Continued)**

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - the same taxable entity; or
  - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (o) Provision and Contingencies

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

### (p) Revenue Recognition

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in income statement as follows:

### (i) Sales of goods

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

### (ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the interest rates applicable.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (q) Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the income statement as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the projects are clearly defined; the expenditure is separately identified and can be measured reliably; there is reasonable certainty that the projects are technically feasible; and the products have commercial value. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Product development costs are amortised using the straight-line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying products not exceeding five years, starting from the time when the product is put into commercial production.

### (r) **Foreign Currency Translation**

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the income statement.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Nonmonetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

The results of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong Dollar at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Balance sheet items are translated into Hong Kong Dollar at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. The resulting exchange differences are recognised directly in a separate component of equity.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognised in equity which relate to that foreign operation is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (s) Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (i) the party has the ability, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, to control the Group or exercise significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating policy decisions, or has joint control over the Group;
- (ii) the Group and the party are subject to common control;
- (iii) the party is an associate of the Group or a joint venture in which the Group is a venturer;
- (iv) the party is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent, or a close family member of such an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- (v) the party is a close family member of a party referred to in (i) or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- (vi) the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the Group or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (t) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting system, the Group has chosen business segment information as the primary reporting format and geographical segment information as the secondary reporting format for the purposes of these financial statements.

Segment revenue, expenses, results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to that segment. For example, segment assets may include inventories, trade receivables and property, plant and equipment. Segment revenue, expenses, assets, and liabilities are determined before intra-group balances and intra-group transactions are eliminated as part of the consolidation process, except to the extent that such intra-group balances and transactions are between group entities within a single segment. Inter-segment pricing is based on similar terms as those available to other external parties.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets (both tangible and intangible) that are expected to be used for more than one period.

Unallocated items mainly comprise financial and corporate assets, interest-bearing loans, borrowings, tax balances, corporate and financing expenses.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The estimates and assumptions that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements are disclosed below.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

### a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry activities. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

### b) Impairment of intangible assets

The policy for impairment of intangible assets of the Group is based on an evaluation of their recoverable amount with reference to expected future cash flows based on management's estimation. A considerable amount of judgement is required in estimating the expected future cash flows from the Group's pharmaceutical products acquired. If the recoverable amounts are less than the carrying amounts of the intangible assets, impairment may be required.

### c) Estimated provision for impairment of trade receivables and other receivables

The Group makes provision for doubtful debts based on an assessment of the recoverability of trade receivables and other receivables. Provisions are applied to trade receivables and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates based on the credit history of the customers and the current market conditions. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact carrying value of receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)** 3.

#### d) Estimated net realisable value of inventories

The Group writes down for slow-moving or obsolete inventories based on an assessment of the net realizable value of the inventories. Written down to the inventories where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the net realisable value is less than cost. The determination of net realisable value requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact carrying value of the inventories and written down of inventory expenses in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

#### TURNOVER AND OTHER REVENUE 4.

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods sold after deducting goods returned, trade discount and sale tax.

Turnover and other revenue consisted of:

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Turnover		
Sales of pharmaceutical products	422,321	411,990
Other revenue and net income		
Bank interest income	754	1,545
Total interest income on financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss  Net exchange gain  Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments	754 5,556 –	1,545 5,713 136
	6,310	7,394
Total revenue	428,631	419,384

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 5. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

The profit before taxation are stated after charging the following:

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amortisation of intangible assets	15,530	12,281
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	109	101
Auditor's remuneration	595	580
Cost of inventories#	312,307	252,187
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment#	27,888	13,814
Impairment loss on intangible assets	3,248	_
Research and development costs	75	56
Writing off deposit paid on registration of trademark	60	_
Share-based payment expenses	_	287
Staff costs (including directors' remuneration)#		
Salaries and allowance	5,354	5,149
Contributions to retirement scheme	841	802
	6,195	5,951
Operating lease payment in respect of premises	1,059	587

Notes: \* Cost of inventories includes HK\$27,332,000 (2007: HK\$14,254,000) relating to staff costs and depreciation, which amount is also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above.

### 6. INCOME TAX

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current tax – PRC enterprise income tax		
Provision for the year	8,534	18,268

(i) Fujian Nanshaolin Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., a wholly foreign owned enterprise, was subject to PRC enterprise income tax at a rate of 18% (2007:15%) applicable to the company on the assessable profits for the year.

On 16 March 2007, the PRC promulgated the Law of the PRC on Enterprise income tax (the "New Law") by order no. 63 of the president of the PRC. On 6 December 2007, the State Council of the PRC issued Implementation Regulation of the New Law. Under the New Law and Implementation Regulation, the Enterprise income tax rate of the Group's subsidiary in the PRC was increased from 15% to 18% progressively from 1 January 2008 onwards.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### **INCOME TAX (Continued)** 6.

- (ii) No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits for the year (2007: Nil).
- (iii) The Group had no significant unprovided deferred tax assets or liabilities at 31 December 2008 (2007: Nil).

Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit before taxation	32,067	109,013
Notional tax on profit before tax, calculated at the rates		
applicable to profits in the jurisdictions concerned	5,858	16,272
Tax effect of non-taxable income	(786)	(409)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	2,455	928
Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised	1,007	1,477
Actual tax expense	8,534	18,268

### **7.** PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of the Company includes a loss of approximately HK\$8,321,000 (2007: a loss of HK\$8,429,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 8. DIVIDENDS

## a) Dividend payable attributable to the year

The directors do not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year (2007: Nil).

b) Dividend payable attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year:

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year		
during the year HKNil (2007: HK3.8) cents per share	_	16,720

### 9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

## (a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the year is based on the consolidated profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of approximately HK\$23,533,000 (2007: HK\$90,745,000) and the weighted-average of 463,899,000 ordinary shares (2007: 442,922,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year.

### Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	2008	2007
	′000	′000
Issued ordinary shares at 1 January	463,899	400,000
Issue of shares through placing (note 26(i) and (iii))	-	41,843
Exercise of share option (note 26(ii))		1,079
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
at 31 December	463,899	442,922

### (b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share equal to basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2008 as the exercise price of the Company's outstanding share options was higher than the average market price for shares for the years and therefore it is anticipated that no share option to subscribe for the Company's shares will be exercised.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 10. STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Group has arranged its Hong Kong employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan managed by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the Group (the employer) and its employees makes monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. The contributions from each of the employer and employees are subject to a cap of HK\$1,000 per month and thereafter contributions are voluntary. Contributions to plan vest immediately.

The employees of the Group's subsidiary in the PRC are members of a state-sponsored retirement plan, which is a defined contribution retirement plan operated by the local government in the PRC and this subsidiary makes mandatory contributions to the state-sponsored retirement plan to fund the employees retirement benefits. The retirement contributions paid by the PRC subsidiary are based on certain percentage of the relevant portion of the payroll of all qualifying employees in accordance with the relevant regulations in the PRC and are charged to the income statement as incurred. The Group discharges its retirement obligations upon payment of the retirement contributions to the statesponsored retirement plan operated by the local government in the PRC. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of retirement benefits associated with the schemes beyond the contribution described above.

The contributions paid for the year were approximately HK\$841,000 (2007: HK\$802,000). As at 31 December 2008, there were no material forfeitures available to offset the Group's future contributions (2007: Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 11. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

		-	ended 31 De	cember 2008	
		Salaries allowance		Retirement	
	Directors'	and benefits		scheme	
	fees	in kind	Bonuses	contributions	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors					
Zhong Houtai	_	619	18	32	669
Zhong Houyao	_	36	_	_	36
Chong Hoi Fung	_	_	_	_	_
Sun Daquan	-	36	-	-	36
Independent non-executive directors					
Pei Renjiu	30	_	-	_	30
Li Kai Ming	30	_	-	_	30
Cheung Chuen	45	-	_	-	45
	105	691	18	32	846
		For the year	ended 31 Dec	ember 2007	
		Salaries			
		allowance		Retirement	
	Directors'	and benefits		scheme	
	fees	in kind	Bonuses	contributions	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors					
Zhong Houtai	-	550	31	31	612
Chai Chung Wai	-	228	-	3	231
Zhong Houyao	-	46	-	_	46
Chong Hoi Fung	_	_	_	-	-
Sun Daquan	-	46	-	-	46
Independent non-executive directors					
Pei Renjiu	30	_	-	_	30
Li Kai Ming	30	_	-	_	30
Cheung Chuen	45	_	_	_	45
	405	070	24	2.4	4 0 4 0

No directors waived any remuneration during the year (2007: Nil).

105

870

31

34

1,040

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 12. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, one (2007: two) is director whose emoluments are disclosed in note 11. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other four individuals (2007: three) are as follows:

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Basic salaries and allowances	923	600
Bonuses	23	26
Contributions to retirement scheme	45	27
	991	653

The emoluments of the four individuals with the highest emoluments are each below RMB877,000 (equivalent of HK\$1,000,000).

During the year, no emoluments had been paid by the Group to the directors or any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office (2007: Nil).

### 13. SEGMENT REPORTING

More than 95% of the operating profits and assets are attributable to the Group's operations, manufacturing and sales of pharmaceutical products in the PRC. Accordingly, no analysis by geographical and business segment is presented here.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

# 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group

				Office and		
		Leasehold	Plant and	other	Motor	
	Buildings	improvement	machinery	equipment	vehicles	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost or valuation						
At 1 January 2007	107,377	289	61,166	3,162	1,370	173,364
Exchange adjustments	7,759	-	4,421	218	99	12,497
Additions	82,190	-	17,837	-	-	100,027
At 31 December 2007 and						
1 January 2008	197,326	289	83,424	3,380	1,469	285,888
Exchange adjustments	12,462	_	5,268	205	93	18,028
Additions	-	-	310,645	24,992	1,695	337,332
At 31 December 2008	209,788	289	399,337	28,577	3,257	641,248
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 January 2007	9,347	174	13,438	766	649	24,374
Exchange adjustments	916	-	1,205	67	51	2,239
Charge for the year	6,640	58	6,471	517	128	13,814
At 31 December 2007 and						
1 January 2008	16,903	232	21,114	1,350	828	40,427
Exchange adjustments	1,234	-	1,636	102	58	3,030
Charge for the year	9,275	57	16,898	1,383	275	27,888
At 31 December 2008	27,412	289	39,648	2,835	1,161	71,345
Net book value						
At 31 December 2008	182,376	-	359,689	25,742	2,096	569,903
At 31 December 2007	180,423	57	62,310	2,030	641	245,461

For the year ended 31 December 2008

# 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The Company

	Office	
Leasehold	and other	
improvement	equipment	Total
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
289	134	423
	12	12
289	146	435
173	81	254
58	26	84
231	107	338
58	28	86
289	135	424
_	11	11
58	27	85
	improvement HK\$'000  289  289  173 58 231 58 289	Leasehold improvement       and other equipment         HK\$'000       HK\$'000         289       134         -       12         289       146         173       81         58       26         231       107         58       28         289       135         -       11

## 15. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

	The Group	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 January	2,262	3,315
Exchange adjustments	141	241
Additions	_	_
Disposal	_	(1,193)
Amortisation	(109)	(101)
At 31 December	2,294	2,262

All the prepaid lease payments are for land situated in the PRC under medium-term leases.

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## 16. PREPAYMENTS

	The Gro	up
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Prepaid for		
- the acquisition of property, plant and equipment	_	33,101
– the acquisition of intangible assets	17,100	37,529
	17,100	70,630

## 17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	The Group		
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Patents			
Cost			
At beginning of the year	109,802	102,401	
Exchange adjustments	6,934	7,401	
Additions	27,360		
At end of the year	144,096	109,802	
Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss			
At beginning of the year	31,113	17,149	
Exchange adjustments	2,301	1,683	
Amortisation	15,530	12,281	
Impairment loss	3,248		
At end of the year	52,192	31,113	
Net book value			
At end of the year	91,904	78,689	

### Notes:

The amortisation charge for the year is included in "general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated 1) income statement.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

2) The Group assessed the recoverable amount of intangible assets. The recoverable amount of intangible assets has been determined on the basis of value in use calculations. The recoverable amount is based on certain similar key assumptions. All value in use calculations use cash flow projections based on the financial budgets approved by the management covering a seven-year period, which represents the management's best estimate of future cash flow from the intangible assets and a discount rate of approximately 8% (2007: 8%). Another key assumption is the budgeted revenue, which is determined based on the intangible assets estimated future economic benefit and management's expectations for the market development. Management believe that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amount of the intangible assets to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of the intangible asset.

Based on this assessment, the carrying amount of the intangible asset was written down by HK\$3,248,000 (2007: Nil) and included in general and administrative expenses.

### 18. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

	The Company	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost	134,065	134,065
Due from subsidiaries (Note 20)	73,066	72,236

Amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

# 18. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Details of subsidiaries as at 31 December 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

Name	Country of incorporation/ operations	Class of shares held	lssued/ registered and paid-up capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued/registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
				Directly	Indirectly	
Long Master International Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Ordinary	US\$10,000	100%	-	Investment holding
Fujian Nanshaolin Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Fujian Nanshaolin")*	PRC/PRC	Ordinary	RMB38,981,232	-	100%	Manufacture, sale, research and development of pharmaceutical products

<sup>\*</sup> Fujian Nanshaolin was incorporated in the PRC on 30 December 1996 as a domestic enterprise with a registered capital of RMB8,000,000. Effective from 16 November 1999, Fujian Nanshaolin was changed from a domestic enterprise to a wholly-foreign owned enterprise. Fujian Nanshaolin has an operating period from 30 December 1996 to 30 October 2022.

### 19. INVENTORIES

	The Gro	The Group	
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Raw materials	30,945	17,542	
Work in progress	22,921	14,304	
Finished goods	6,247	6,294	
Total	60,113	38,140	

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expenses is as follows:

	The Grou	The Group		
	2008	2007		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Carrying amount of inventory sold	312,307	252,187		

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	The Group		The Co	mpany
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	3,745	100,420	-	_
Due from subsidiaries		_	73,066	72,236
Loans and receivables	3,745	100,420	73,066	72,236
Prepayments and deposits	2,430	1,198	662	1,193
	6,175	101,618	73,728	73,429

The amount of the Group's and the Company's deposits, prepayments and loans and receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

#### The ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows: (a)

	The Grou	The Group		
	2008	2007		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Not yet due	3,745	100,420		

Trade receivables are due within 90 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 29(b).

#### (b) Trade receivables that are not impaired

The ageing analysis of trade receivables that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

	The Grou	The Group		
	2008	2007		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Neither past due nor impaired	3,745	100,420		

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

# 21. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	The Group		The Co	ompany
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	3,314	123,827	2,384	10,959

## 22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The Group		The Con	npany
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade payables	3,432	29,112	-	_
Accrued and other payables	53,988	29,062	558	587
Amount due to a director (Note 24)	2	528	_	_
Financial liabilities measured				
at amortised cost	57,422	58,702	558	587

The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables as at the balance sheet date:

	The Grou	The Group	
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
0 to 30 days	3,432	29,112	

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## 23. INCOME TAX IN THE BALANCE SHEET

	The Group		
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
As at 1 January	4,808	3,984	
Provision for PRC enterprise income tax for the year	8,534	18,268	
PRC enterprise income tax paid	(15,187)	(17,750)	
Exchange adjustments	185	306	
As at 31 December	(1,660)	4,808	

## 24. AMOUNT DUE TO A DIRECTOR

The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

## 25. OTHER PAYABLE

The Group		
2008	2007	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
42,541	_	
2008	2007	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
42,541	-	
	2008 HK\$'000 42,541 2008 HK\$'000	

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## 25. OTHER PAYABLE (Continued)

Construction work payable is unsecured and interest free. On 26 September 2008, the Group's subsidiary, Fujian Nanshaolin, entered into an agreement with 福建省東昇建設工程公司 (the "Contractor"), an independent third party, to construct plants and machineries in Fuqing, the PRC, for consideration of RMB96,000,000.

On 12 December 2008, Fujian Nanshaolin and the Contractor entered into a supplementary repayment agreement (the "Agreement"). Pursuant to the Agreement, the outstanding construction work payable of RMB40,000,000 will be repaid by 30 June 2010.

Pursuant to the valuation report issued by an independent valuer in Hong Kong, the construction work payable as at 31 December 2008 has been discounted to present value at an effective interest rate of 4.75%.

### 26. SHARE CAPITAL

### The Company

	Number	of shares	Amount		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	′000	′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Authorised	2,000,000	2,000,000	200,000	200,000	
Issued and fully paid	463,899	400,000	46,390	40,000	
As at 1 January					
Issue of shares through placing					
(Note 26(i))	_	40,000	_	4,000	
Exercise of share option (Note 26(ii))	_	2,000	_	200	
Issue of shares through placing					
(Note 26(iii))		21,899	_	2,190	
As at 31 December	463,899	463,899	46,390	46,390	

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## 26. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

### The Company (Continued)

- On 14 February 2007, Elite Achieve Limited ("the Seller"), a company wholly and beneficially (i) owned by Mr. Zhong Houtai, an executive Director and the chairman of the Board entered into (i) the Placing Agreement with the Company and Galaxy China Opportunities Fund, ("the Purchaser"), a third party independent of the Company and connected persons of the Company, pursuant to which the Seller agreed to sell and the Purchaser agreed to buy 40,000,000 shares of the Company ("the Sale Shares") at the price of HK\$0.88 per Sale Share and (ii) the Subscription Agreement with the Company and the Purchaser, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue 40,000,000 new Shares to the Seller at the price of HK\$0.88 per Subscription Share. The net proceeds of the placement of HK\$35,200,000 was used for additional working capital of the Group.
- On 18 June 2007, options were exercised to subscribe for 2,000,000 ordinary shares in the (ii) Company at a consideration of HK\$1,180,000 of which HK\$200,000 was credited to share capital and the balance of HK\$980,000 was credited to the share premium account. HK\$491,000 has been transferred from the share option reserve to the share premium account.
- On 8 August 2007, Elite Achieve Limited ("the Seller"), a company wholly and beneficially (iii) owned by Mr. Zhong Houtai, an executive Director and the chairman of the Board entered into (i) the Placing Agreement with the Company and DKR SoundShore Oasis Holding Fund Ltd., ("the Purchaser"), a third party independent of the Company and connected persons of the Company, pursuant to which the Seller agreed to sell and the Purchaser agreed to buy 21,899,000 shares of the Company ("the Sale Shares") at the price of HK\$0.97 per Sale Share and (ii) the Subscription Agreement with the Company, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue 21,899,000 new shares to the Seller at the price of HK\$0.97 per Subscription Share. The net proceeds of the placement of HK\$21,242,030 will be applied to build factory and purchase equipment for refinery and storage purposes within the scope of pharmaceutical business of the Company.

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## 27. RESERVES

## (a) The Group

						Share		
	Share	Statutory	General	Special	Exchange	option	Retained	
	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	profit	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				(note c)				
As at 1 January 2007	27,944	9,906	24,757	19,608	15,929	491	297,861	396,496
Issue of shares	50,176	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,176
Issue of ordinary shares upon								
exercise of share option	1,471	-	-	-	_	(491)	_	980
Share issuance expenses	(1,597)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,597)
Profit attributable to equity holders	-	-	-	-	-	_	90,745	90,745
Transfer to reserve	-	10,510	5,255	-	-	_	(15,765)	-
Exchange differences arising on								
translation of								
financial statements of								
foreign operations	_	-	-	-	30,360	_	_	30,360
Recognition of equity-settled								
share-based payment	_	-	-	-	_	287	_	287
Dividend paid		-	-	-	-	-	(16,720)	(16,720)
As at 31 December 2007 and								
1 January 2008	77,994	20,416	30,012	19,608	46,289	287	356,121	550,727
Profit attributable to equity holders	_	_	-	_	_	_	23,533	23,533
Transfer to reserve	_	_	3,943	_	_	_	(3,943)	_
Exchange differences arising on								
translation of								
financial statements of								
foreign operations		-	-	-	31,850	-	-	31,850
As at 31 December 2008	77,994	20,416	33,955	19,608	78,139	287	375,711	606,110

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## 27. RESERVES (Continued)

### (b) The Company

			Share		
	Share	Contributed	option	(Accumulated	
	premium	surplus	reserve	losses)	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at 1 January 2007	27,944	133,865	491	(15,436)	146,864
Issue of shares	50,176	_	-	_	50,176
Issue of ordinary shares					
upon exercise of share option	1,471	_	(491)	_	980
Share issuance expenses	(1,597)	_	-	_	(1,597)
Loss attributable to equity holders	_	_	-	(8,429)	(8,429)
Recognition of equity-settled					
share-based payment	_	_	287	_	287
Dividend paid	_	_	_	(16,720)	(16,720)
As at 31 December 2007 and					
1 January 2008	77,994	133,865	287	(40,585)	171,561
Loss attributable to equity holders	_	_	_	(8,321)	(8,321)
As at 31 December 2008	77,994	133,865	287	(48,906)	163,240

### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves

### (i) Share premium

Under the Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Island, the share premium account of the Company is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts and they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

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## 27. RESERVES (Continued)

### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

### (ii) Statutory reserve

Fujian Nanshaolin, a wholly-foreign-owned enterprise in The People's Republic of China, is required to appropriate at least 10% of after-tax profit (after offsetting prior year losses) to a statutory reserve until the balance of the reserve reaches 50% of its share capital and thereafter any further appropriation is optional. The statutory reserve can be utilised to offset prior year losses, or for the issuance of bonus shares on the condition that the statutory reserve shall be maintained at a minimum of 25% of the share capital after such issuance.

#### (iii) General reserve

General reserve represents enterprise expansion fund which is non-distributable. Appropriations to such reserve is made out of net profit after taxation of the statutory financial statements of the PRC subsidiary while the amount and allocation basis are decided by its board of directors annually. The enterprise expansion fund is used for expanding the capital base of the PRC subsidiary by means of capitalisation issue.

#### (iv) Special reserve

The special reserve of the Group represents the differences between the nominal value and premium of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the reorganisation.

#### (v) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2(r).

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 27. RESERVES (Continued)

#### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

#### (vi) Share option reserve

The share option reserve of the Company and the Group arising on the grant of share options of the Company and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2(m).

#### (vii) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus represents the difference between the nominal value of the ordinary shares issued by the Company and the net asset value of subsidiaries acquired through an exchange of shares pursuant to the group reorganisation prior to listing of the Company's shares in 2003.

#### Distributable reserves of the Company (d)

Under the Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands, share premium and contributed surplus are distributable to shareholders, subject to the condition that the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of share premium, capital redemption reserve and contributed surplus if (i) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due, or (ii) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its share capital account.

As at 31 December 2008, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders amounted to approximately HK\$162,953,000 (2007: HK\$171,274,000) computed in accordance with the Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands and the Company's articles of association. This includes the Company's share premium of HK\$77,994,000 (2007: HK\$77,994,000) and contributed surplus of HK\$133,865,000 (2007: HK\$133,865,000), less accumulated losses of HK\$48,906,000 (2007: HK\$40,585,000), which is available for distribution provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

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## 27. RESERVES (Continued)

### (e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, and to generate sufficient profit to maintain growth and provide a satisfactory return to its shareholders.

The management actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure through the amount of dividend payment to shareholders or raise new debt financing. No change were made in the objectives or policies during the year.

Consistent with industry practice, the management monitors the Group's capital structure on the basis of a debt-to-equity ratio. For this purpose the Group defines debt as total debt (which includes interest-bearing loans and borrowings and trade and other payables) plus unaccrued proposed dividends.

During 2008, the Group's debt-to-equity ratio increased as a result of increase in other payable of the Group.

The debt-to-equity ratio at 31 December 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current liabilities:				
Trade and other payables	57,420	58,174	558	587
Amount due to a director	2	528	-	-
Non-current liabilities:				
Other payable	42,541	_	_	
Total debt	99,963	58,702	558	587
Total equity	652,500	597,117	209,630	217,951
Debt-to-equity ratio	15.32%	9.83%	0.27%	0.27%

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

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## 28. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 3 November 2003. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to selected participants as incentives and/or rewards for their contribution and support to the Company. Under the Share Option Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant options to the following eligible participants:

- (i) any employee (whether full time or part time, including any executive director but excluding any non-executive director) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries and any entity ("Invested Entity") in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest;
- (ii) any non-executive director (including independent non-executive director) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries and any Invested Entity;
- (iii) any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (iv) any customer of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (v) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (vi) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued or proposed to be issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and
- (vii) any adviser (professional or otherwise) or consultant to any area of business or business development of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity.

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## 28. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue from time to time. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any participant is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue during the twelve-month period before the date of grant, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders.

HK\$1 per option is payable on the acceptance of an option offer. Options may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme and expiring in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme or the expiry of the tenth anniversary of the Share Option Scheme, whichever is the earlier.

The exercise price is determined by the Board of Directors, and shall not be less than the highest of (i) the official closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant; (ii) the average official closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Company's share.

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on 3 November 2003.

(a) The terms and conditions of the grants that existed during the years are as follows, whereby all options are settled by physical delivery of shares:

	Number of		
	shares issuable	Vesting	Contractual
	under option	conditions	life of options
Option granted to consultants:			
– On 14 September 2006	2,000,000	No vesting	2 years
		conditions	
– On 14 May 2007	1,000,000	No vesting	2 years
		conditions	
Total share options	3,000,000		

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## 28. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

	200	08	200	7
	Weighted		Weighted	
	average		average	
	exercise	Number	exercise	Number
	price	of option	price	of option
		′000		′000
Outstanding at the beginning of				
the year	HK\$1.048	1,000	HK\$0.59	2,000
Exercised during the year	-	_	HK\$0.59	(2,000)
Granted during the year		_	HK\$1.048	1,000
Outstanding at the end of				
the year	HK\$1.048	1,000	HK\$1.048	1,000
Exercisable at the end of				
the year	HK\$1.048	1,000	HK\$1.048	1,000

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year ended 31 December 2007 was HK\$0.59.

The option outstanding at 31 December 2008 had an exercise price of HK\$1.048 (2007: HK\$1.048) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.37 year (2007: 1.37 years).

#### Fair value of share options and assumptions (c)

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimate of the fair value of the share options granted is measured based on a binomial (Cox. Ross. Rubinstein) option pricing model ("Binomial Model") for the year ended 31 December 2007. The contractual life of the share option is used as an input into this model. Expectations of early exercise are incorporated into the Binomial Model.

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## 28. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

## (c) Fair value of share options and assumptions (Continued)

# Fair value of share options exercisable from 14 May 2007 to 13 May 2009 and assumption

	2007
Fair value per share at measurement date	HK\$0.287
Market value per share at the date of grant of options	HK\$1.03
Exercise price per share	HK\$1.048
Expected volatility based on past two years historical price	
volatility of the Company	46%
Option life (expressed as weighted average life used	
in the modelling under Binomial Model)	2 years
Expected dividends	Nil
Risk-free interest rate (based on Exchange Fund Notes)	3.95%

The expected volatility is based on the historic volatility (calculated based on the weighted average remaining life of the share options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information. Expected dividends are based on historical dividends.

Share options were granted under a service condition. This condition has not been taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services received. There were no market conditions associated with the share options granted.

### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. These risks are limited by the Group's financial management policies and practices described below.

#### (a) Fair values

All financial instruments are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2008 and 2007 because of the short maturity of these instruments.

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## 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 90 days from the date of billing. Debtors with balances that are more than 3 months past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk but to a lesser extent. At the balance sheet date, the Group has certain concentration of credit risk as 0% (2007: 13.68%) and 10.27% (2007: 49.26%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet after deducting any impairment allowance. The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group or the Company to credit risk.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in note 20.

#### (c) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk only to the extent that it earns interest on bank deposits.

The Group currency does not use any derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk. However, the management of the Company will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arises.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

### Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2008, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately HK\$33,140 (2007: HK\$1,238,000). Other components of equity would not be affected (2007: HK\$Nil) by the changes in interest rates.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the balance sheet date and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for financial instruments in existence at that date. The 100 basis point increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual balance sheet date. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2007.

### (d) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to board approval. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants to ensure that it maintains sufficient amount of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following liquidity table set out the remaining contractual maturities at the balance sheet date of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the balance sheet date) and the earliest date the Group and the Company required to pay:

			20	008			2007	
	Weighted		Total				Total	
	average		contractual	Within			contractual	Within
	effective	Carrying	undiscounted	1 year or	1 – 2	Carrying	undiscounted	1 year or
	interest rate	amount	cash flow	on demand	years	amount	cash flow	on demand
		HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$'000	HK\$000	HK\$000	HK\$000
The Group								
Trade and other payables		57,420	57,420	57,420	-	58,174	58,174	58,174
Amount due to a director		2	2	2	-	528	528	528
Other payable	4.75%	42,541	45,600	-	45,600	-	-	_
		99,963	103,022	57,422	45,600	58,702	58,702	58,702
The Company								
Trade and other payables		558	558	558	-	587	587	587

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (e) **Currency risk**

Presently, there is no hedging policy with respect to the foreign exchange exposure. The Group's transactional currency is Renminbi as substantially all the turnover are in Renminbi. The Group's transactional foreign exchange exposure was insignificant.

### 30. COMMITMENTS

#### (a) **Capital commitments**

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2008 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

	The Group		
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Authorised and contracted for			
- the acquisition of property, plant and equipment	-	16,621	
– the acquisition of intangible assets	5,700	9,650	
	5,700	26,271	

#### (b) **Operating lease commitments**

As at 31 December 2008, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments in respect of properties under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

2008	2007
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1,046	1,046
	1,037
1,046	2,083
	HK\$'000 1,046 

Significant leasing arrangements in respect of land held under operating leases are described in note 15.

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## 31. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions.

#### Key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel are executive directors of the Company. Remuneration for key management personnel is disclosed in note 11.

## 32. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

On 21 April 2009, the Company entered into the Warrant Placing Agreement with the Placing Agent, a third party independent of the Company, whereby the Company appointed the Placing Agent as the sole and exclusive placing agent to procure not less than six Placees to subscribe for up to 92,000,000 Warrants, on the best effort basis, at the Warrant Issue Price of HK\$0.02 per Warrant.

The Warrants entitle the Placees to subscribe for a maximum of 92,000,000 New Shares at an initial subscription price of HK\$0.415 per New Share (subject to adjustment) for a period of 12 months commencing from (and inclusive of) the date of issue of the Warrants. Each Warrant initially carries the right to subscribe for one New Share.

### 33. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

With a view of financial statements presentation, certain items in the financial statements were reclassified which would result in a more appropriate presentation of events or transactions. Accordingly comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 34. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR **ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008**

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued the following, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2008 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements.

HKFRSs (Amendments) Improvements to HKFRSs<sup>1</sup>

Presentation of Financial Statements<sup>2</sup> HKAS 1 (Revised)

HKAS 23 (Revised) Borrowing Cost<sup>2</sup>

HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements<sup>3</sup>

HKAS 32 and HKAS 1 Puttable Financial instruments and Obligations Arising on

(Amendments) Liquidation<sup>2</sup>

HKAS 39 (Amendment) Eligible Hedged Items<sup>3</sup>

HKFRS 1 and HKAS 27 Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or

(Amendments)

HKFRS 1 (Revised) First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards<sup>3</sup> HKFRS 2 (Amendment) Share-based Payment Vesting Conditions and Cancellations<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 3 (Revised) Business Combinations<sup>3</sup> HKFRS 8 Operating Segments<sup>2</sup>

HK(IFRIC) - Int 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes<sup>4</sup>

HK(IFRIC) - Int 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate<sup>2</sup> HK(IFRIC) - Int 16 Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation<sup>5</sup>

HK(IFRIC) - Int 17 Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners<sup>3</sup>

HK(IFRIC) - Int 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers<sup>6</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009 except for the amendment to HKFRS 5, effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 October 2008
- Effective for transfers of assets from customers received on or after 1 July 2009

The application of HKFRS 3 (Revised) may affect the accounting for business combination for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first reporting period beginning on or after 1 July 2009.

HKAS 27 (Revised) will affect the accounting treatment for changes in a parent's ownership interest in a

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new or revised standards, amendments and Interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group and the Company.

# Financial summary

## **RESULTS**

	For the year ended 31 December				
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				(restated)	
Turnover	422,321	411,990	342,232	259,832	233,897
Profit before taxation	32,067	109,013	100,318	79,202	81,076
Taxation	(8,534)	(18,268)	(16,391)	(13,198)	(13,448)
Net profit for the year	23,533	90,745	83,927	66,004	67,628

## **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

	At 31 December				
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				(restated)	
Total assets	752,463	660,627	491,255	386,235	300,840
Total liabilities	(99,963)	(63,510)	(54,759)	(45,982)	(31,448)
Shareholders' equity	652,500	597,117	436,496	340,253	269,392