

KA SHU INTERNATIONAL Holdings Limited 嘉瑞國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 822



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DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Yuen Fat (Chairman)Dr. Keung Wing Ching (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)Mr. Wong Wing ChuenMr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John Mr. Andrew Look

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Dr. Keung Wing Ching Mr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan

COMPANY SECRETARY AND QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Mr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP Mr. Andrew Look

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John Mr. Andrew Look Dr. Keung Wing Ching

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John Mr. Andrew Look Dr. Keung Wing Ching

董事

執行董事
 李遠發先生(主席)
 姜永正博士
 (副主席兼行政總裁)
 黃永銓先生
 陳達昌先生

獨立非執行董事

孫啟烈先生BBS·太平紳士 盧偉國博士BBS·MH·太平紳士 姚和安先生 陸東先生

授權代表

姜永正博士 陳達昌先生

公司秘書及合資格會計師

陳達昌先生

審核委員會

姚和安先生 孫啟烈先生 BBS · 太平紳士 盧偉國博士 BBS · MH · 太平紳士 陸東先生

提名委員會

孫啟烈先生BBS·太平紳士 盧偉國博士BBS·MH·太平紳士 姚和安先生 陸東先生 姜永正博士

薪酬委員會

孫啟烈先生 BBS·★平紳士 盧偉國博士 BBS·MH·太平紳士 姚和安先生 陸東先生 姜永正博士



Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

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AUDITOR

RSM Nelson Wheeler

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

STOCK CODE

822

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主要往來銀行

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 恆生銀行有限公司 星展銀行(香港)有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

股份編號 822

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Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Ka Shui International Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present you the audited annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "the Group") for the year ended 31 December 2009.

The impact of the financial crisis, which began in 2008, continued into 2009 and prompted the global economy, including the PRC, to adjust amid the financial turmoil, leading to a 15.9% decrease in the total export of the PRC when compared with that of 2008. Under such tough business environment, the turnover of the Group was unavoidably affected and recorded a 7.5% decrease to HK\$633,832,000 (2008: HK\$685,134,000). However, the Group's gross profit managed to achieve a satisfactory growth of 35.9% to HK\$142,254,000 (2008: HK\$104,680,000) during the year under review. Profit attributable to owners of the Company also recorded a remarkable increase by 337.8% to HK\$37,800,000 (2008:

致各位股東:

本人謹代表嘉瑞國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)董 事會,欣然向 閣下提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統 稱為「本集團」)截至二零零九年十二月三十一日 止年度之經審核全年業績。

始於二零零八年的金融危機在二零零九年持續帶 來影響,全球經濟和中國經濟仍處於動盪中調 整的局面,導致中國之總出口較二零零八年下跌 15.9%。處於此困難之營商環境下,本集團之營 業額無可避免地受到影響,錄得7.5%之跌幅至 633,832,000港元(二零零八年:685,134,000港 元)。但是,本集團之毛利於回顧年度內取得令人 滿意的增長達35.9%至142,254,000港元(二零零 八年:104,680,000港元)。本公司權益持有人應 佔溢利也較去年顯著上升337.8%至37,800,000 港元(二零零八年:8,635,000港元)。儘管經濟環 HK\$8,635,000) as compared with that of last year. These growths, despite the weak economic environment, demonstrated the Group's resilience in the adverse operating environment as well as the effectiveness of its efforts in stringent cost controls and enhancing operational efficiencies.

The first phase of the industrial complex in Daya Bay, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, the PRC comprising gross floor area of 43,000 sq.m. was completed in April 2009 and operation had been officially commenced in June 2009. This new production facility manufactures zinc and aluminium alloy die casting components as well as plastic parts to cater for the business needs of our major customers. The Management believes that the expanded production capabilities following the operation of Daya Bay manufacturing plant will finally translate into a higher market share and larger business volume for the Group.

In view of the Company's continuing strong liquidity and equity base and also after due consideration of its future capital expenditure needs as well as an appropriate reserve for possible merge and acquisition opportunities arising after the financial tsunami, the Board of Directors therefore recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK1.1cents (2008: HK0.6 cents) per share for the year ended 31 December 2009. Together with the interim dividend of HK2.1 cents (2008: nil) per share paid in October 2009, the total dividends for the year will be HK3.2 cents (2008: HK0.6 cents) per share, which represent a total dividend payout ratio of 74.5%. This reflects the Group's long-term confidence in its future business prospects. Under prudent financial management principle, the Group will pursue a high dividend payout policy in the coming future in order to share the fruitful results of the Group with its shareholders.

It is expected that the market trend of the notebook computers to substitute the desktop computers will continue in the coming future. In view of this, the Group will devote more resources in the research and development on the application of new magnesium alloys for notebook computers as well as surface finishing technologies with an aim to increase its customer base and market share.

During the year under review, the research and development on the horizontal dual controlled die casting machine, which is one of the sponsored projects under the "Eleventh Five-Year Plan" of the PRC, was completed and is expected to become operational in year 2010. This machine has a unique feature of reducing or even eliminating the porosities in die casting components, especially parts with thick sections, thus leading to a higher yield rate and reduction of production costs. The Group intends to extend the use of this machine for the production of automobile parts with greater density in order to open up new revenue streams. 境疲弱,本集團仍然獲得此等增長,證明本集團 能克服逆境,並在嚴緊控制成本及提升營運效率 方面取得成效。

主席報告(續)

本集團位於中國惠州大亞灣佔地43,000平方米之 工業園第一期生產廠房的建築工程已經在二零零 九年四月完成,並在二零零九年六月正式投產。 此新生產設施用作生產鋅合金及鋁合金壓鑄件和 塑膠部件以迎合主要客戶之業務需求。管理層相 信,隨着大亞灣廠房投入運作,本集團之產能得 以擴大,最終為本集團帶來較大的市場份額及營 業額。

憑藉本集團持續雄厚之流動資金及資產基礎,以 及充分考慮未來資本開支需求,及為金融海嘯 後湧現之預期收購合併機會預留適當儲備,董事 會建議派付截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年 度每股1.1港仙之末期股息(二零零八年:0.6港 仙)。連同已於二零零九年十月支付的中期股息每 股2.1港仙(二零零八年:0.6港仙),總派息比 率為74.5%。此反映本集團對其未來業務抱有長 遠信心。在審慎的財務管理原則下,本集團於未 來將會致力維持高派息比率,與股東一起分享本 集團的盈利成果。

預期以筆記本電腦取代桌上電腦的市場趨勢仍然 持續,因此,本集團將繼續投放更多資源於研究 和開發新鎂合金在筆記本電腦上的應用和表面處 理技術,藉以擴大客戶基礎及增加市場份額。

於回顧年內,國家「第十一個五年計劃」資助項目 之一臥式鑄鍛雙控壓鑄機之開發已完成,並預期 於二零一零年可投入運作。此機器擁有一獨特功 能,可以減少或甚至消除壓鑄件(特別是厚的部 份)之沙孔(氣孔),從而達至較高之成品率及降低 生產成本。本集團將會把此機器之用途擴展至生 產較高密度之汽車零部件上,藉以開拓新收益來 源。 主席報告(續)

Looking ahead, it is expected that the business environment will improve gradually as macro-economic data indicates signs of revival in the global economy. With its extensive sales network, solid research and development foundation as well as advanced manufacturing facilities, the Group is fully equipped to meet the challenges ahead and capture new business opportunities. Furthermore, the Management will continue to explore suitable merger and acquisition opportunities with a prudent approach in order to ensure the Group can have a sustainable growth in its business. In conclusion, the Management is optimistic about the Group's prospect in the foreseeable future.

Finally, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to our shareholders, customers, financial institutions and suppliers for their continuing support; our fellow board members for their sense of direction; and our management and employees for their dedicated contribution towards the continual progress of the Group.

展望未來,隨着宏觀經濟數據顯示全球經濟有復 甦的跡象,預期經濟環境將會逐漸改善。憑藉其 廣闊的銷售網絡、穩固之研發基礎及先進的生產 設備,本集團已準備就緒,去迎接未來的挑戰及 把握新的商機。另外,管理層將繼續以審慎之態 度尋求合適之收購合併機遇,藉以為集團之業務 帶來持續增長。總而言之,在可見之未來,管理 層對本集團之前景充滿信心。

最後,本集團之持續進步全靠股東、客戶、金融 機構及供應商的不斷支持;我們董事會成員同仁 的方向領導;及管理層與員工的全情貢獻。本人 對以上人士表示萬分謝意。

Lee Yuen Fat Chairman

Hong Kong, 16 April 2010

李遠發 主席

香港,二零一零年四月十六日

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

(A) FINANCIAL REVIEW

The global financial crisis that broke out since September 2008 has affected the global economies. Governments around the world have swiftly responded with a series of economic stimulation policies to boost market demand and consumer confidence. However, as consumer sentiment was slow to recover and consequently imposed a negative impact on the overall sales of the Group. Nevertheless, the Group's turnover for the year 2009 only recorded a slight decrease of 7.5% to approximately HK\$633,832,000 (2008: HK\$685,134,000). In order to better deploy its resources, the Group also terminated the production of items with low profit margins which also led to a decline in its turnover. In account of concerted efforts, business started to gradually improve in the second half of the year and the Group's turnover rebounded with a strong momentum towards the end of 2009.

Despite a decrease in its turnover, the Group managed to achieve a substantial growth in its gross profit with an increase of 35.9% to HK\$142,254,000 (2008: HK\$104,680,000) together with a significant improvement in gross profit margin from 15.3% in the previous year to this year's 22.4%. This remarkable achievement was mainly attributable to exercising stringent cost control measures, terminating the production of items with low profit margins and enhancing manufacturing efficiency by the Group coupled with the turning around of the operating results of Wing Yu (Far East) Industries Company Limited ("Wing Yu") (a wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in surface finishing treatment). Wing Yu was loss making before wholly-owned by the Group in the beginning of 2008 and after the Group's effort in the restructuring of Wing Yu, its operating results began to break-even in the second half of year 2008 and then started to turn around successfully in the year under review. The Management is pleased with the results of Wing Yu and its substantially improved financial performance demonstrates the Group's expertise in management within the manufacturing environment with the ability to turn-around a loss-making company into a profit contributor. Given its proven management expertise and strong financial position, the Group will continue to seek similar opportunities in today's difficult operating environment which put tremendous pressure on the profit margins of small to medium sized manufacturers.

(A) 財務回顧

於二零零八年九月爆發的全球金融危機影響全球經濟。各國政府已迅速推出一系列 刺激經濟政策,以恢復市場需求及公眾信 心。由於消費意欲的復甦較為緩慢,令本 集團之整體銷售受到負面影響。儘管如 此,本集團之營業額只錄得7.5%之輕微 跌幅至633,832,000港元(二零零八年: 685,134,000港元)。為了善用其資源,本 集團終止低毛利之貨品生產,也導致營業額 下降。經過協調的努力,業務於下半年開始 逐步改善,直到二零零九年年底,本集團之 營業額以強勁的增長勢頭反彈。

儘管營業額下跌,本集團之毛利取得顯著的 增長達35.9%至142,254,000港元(二零零 八年:104,680,000港元)。與此同時,毛 利率由去年之15.3%大幅上升至22.4%。此 令人鼓舞的成績主要是由於本集團推行嚴謹 之成本控制措施、終止低毛利之貨品生產、 持續提升其生產效能以及永裕(遠東)實業 有限公司(「永裕」)(一間從事表面處理業務 之全資附屬公司)之業績轉虧為盈。於二零 零八年初成為本集團之全資附屬公司前,永 裕仍處於虧損狀態,在本集團對永裕進行重 組之努力後,永裕在二零零八年下半年已開 始達致收支平衡,並在回顧年度內成功轉虧 為盈。管理層對永裕的業績感到滿意,其顯 著改善的財務表現反映本集團有能力在製造 行業中運用其管理專業經驗,把虧損的公司 扭轉為盈利貢獻者。憑藉其具實戰經驗的管 理專業優勢及穩健之財務情況,本集團將在 現時中小型生產商飽受盈利壓力的困難經營 環境中,尋求類似的商機。

General and administrative expenses had increased by approximately HK\$11,307,000 or 15.0% as compared with that of last year. The increase was mainly caused by: (i) payment of land use tax amounting to approximately HK\$3,533,000 for the new plant at Daya Bay, Huizhou, the PRC; (ii) an exchange loss of HK\$550,000 was recorded in the year whereas an exchange gain of HK\$2,794,000 arose in the previous year mainly resulted from the appreciation of Renminbi against Hong Kong dollars/ US dollars in 2008. In 2009, Renminbi against Hong Kong dollars/US dollars was relatively stable and therefore no such exchange gain arose; and (iii) a provision of discretionary bonus in the sum of HK\$3,000,000 (no such provision in 2008 as a result of unsatisfactory profit gained by the Group) was made to reward our staff for their positive contributions made to the Group during the year under review.

In addition, the Group disposed its office premises located in Tsuen Wan in April 2009 recording a net gain of approximately HK\$1,715,000. Meanwhile, the Group rented an office premises in Kowloon Bay as its head office in Hong Kong. In June 2009, the Group acquired an office premises in Kowloon Bay at a consideration of HK\$18,998,000. The construction of the newly acquired property was completed in the fourth quarter of 2009. The Group intends to use this newly acquired property as the Group's head office.

Resulting from a substantial increase in gross profit, the profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year recorded a 337.8% increase to approximately HK\$37,800,000 as compared with that of last year (2008: HK\$8,635,000). Net profit margin for the year also rebounded from 1.3% in 2008 to 6.0% in 2009.

一般及行政開支相比去年增加約11,307,000 港元或15.0%。主要原因是(i)位於中國惠 州大亞灣新建廠房之土地使用税支付約 3,533,000港元;(ii)於年內錄得匯兑虧損 550,000港元,而在二零零八年,由於人民 幣兑港元/美元升值,產生了2,794,000港 元之匯兑收益。在二零零九年,人民幣兑 港元/美元相對穩定,因此沒有匯兑收益 產生;及(iii)為了獎勵員工於年內對集團的 正面貢獻,酌情花紅的撥備為3,000,000港 元(於二零零八年,由於本集團之盈利不理 想,所以沒有此撥備)。

另外,本集團在二零零九年四月出售位於荃 灣之寫字樓物業,獲淨利潤約1,715,000港 元。與此同時,本集團在九龍灣租用另一寫 字樓物業作為其在香港之總辦事處之用。在 二零零九年六月,本集團以18,998,000港 元購入一個位於九龍灣之寫字樓物業。此新 購入之物業已於二零零九年第四季落成。本 集團擬將此新購入之物業用作集團的總辦事 處。

由於毛利得到顯著改善,本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利相比去年同期大幅增加337.8%至 約37,800,000港元(二零零八年:8,635,000 港元)。純利率於年內亦由去年的1.3%反彈 至二零零九年的6.0%。

(B) BUSINESS REVIEW Zinc alloy die casting business

Affected by the impact of financial tsunami on the worldwide economy, customers were conscious to minimize their inventory level and became prudent in placing orders for products. As such, sales of zinc alloy die casting products in the year 2009 recorded a 14.1% decrease to HK\$328,989,000 (2008: HK\$382,797,000), representing 51.9% (2008: 55.9%) of the Group's turnover. The Group anticipates that the market demand for zinc alloy die casting products will be revitalized following the gradual recovery of the global economy. In addition, during the year under review, the Group had developed a thin wall zinc alloy die casting technology with an overseas alloy smelter. This new technology can manufacture ultra thin (0.35 micron) zinc alloy die casting components. The Group expects that this new technology can expand its business for 3C (communication, computer and consumer electronics) products. Thin wall zinc alloy die casting is more environmental friendly and fits in with the energy saving policy of the PRC as less raw materials are required during the production process.

Magnesium alloy die casting business

Benefiting from the rising trend of using notebook computers by consumers, the turnover of magnesium alloy die casting business achieved a growth of 9.0% to HK\$139,997,000 (2008: HK\$128,489,000) during the year under review. The proportion of which as represented in the Group's turnover also increased from approximately 18.8% in 2008 to 22.1% in 2009. Seizing the growing demand for magnesium alloy die casting components in the notebook computer market, the Group will actively continue its research and development on the application of new magnesium alloys with an aim to expand its customer base.

(B) 業務回顧 鋅合金壓鑄業務

受到金融海嘯對全球經濟的影響,客戶致力 把存貨水平減至最低,於下訂單時採取審慎 態度。因此,於二零零九年度,鋅合金壓鑄 產品銷售額下跌14.1%至328.989.000港元 (二零零八年:382,797,000港元),佔本集 團營業額51.9%(二零零八年:55.9%)。隨 着環球經濟復甦,本集團預期鋅合金壓鑄產 品的市場需求將會恢復增長。另外,本集團 於回顧年與一海外合金冶煉公司共同成功開 發薄壁鋅合金壓鑄技術,其特點為可以壓鑄 出超薄(0.35微米)鋅合金壓鑄件。本集團預 期此新技術將會擴大公司在3C(通訊、電腦 及消費者電子)產品方面的業務。由於在生 產過程中需要較少的材料,鋅合金薄壁壓鑄 更為環保及符合國家的節能政策。

镁合金壓鑄業務

受惠於消費者使用筆記本電腦的上升趨 勢, 鎂合金壓鑄業務於回顧年度內錄得 9.0%之升幅至139,997,000港元(二零零八 年:128,489,000港元),其佔本集團營業 額之比例亦由二零零八年的18.8%增加至 22.1%。本集團把握筆記本電腦市場對鎂合 金壓鑄件不斷上升的需求,積極繼續新鎂合 金應用之研發,以擴展其客戶基礎。



Aluminium alloy die casting business

The turnover of aluminium alloy die casting business was HK\$164,846,000 (2008: HK\$173,848,000), representing a 5.2% decrease as compared with the year of 2008. However, its contribution to the Group's turnover increased from approximately 25.3% in last year to 26.0%. Looking ahead, with the use of its newly developed horizontal dual controlled die casting machine, the Group can open up the market for aluminium alloy die casting products with larger size and greater density. Since the dual controlled die casting machine can manufacture larger die casting products with less tonnage than the conventional die casting machine, it can enhance energy saving in the production process. Aluminium alloy die casting products, in terms of global production tonnage, accounted for a substantial proportion of the total die casting output. Since our market share is relatively small at present, the Group anticipates that there will be ample room for further growth in this business segment.

鋁合金壓鑄業務

鋁合金壓鑄業務之營業額為164,846,000港 元(二零零八年下降5.2%,但是,其所佔本集 團營業額之比例則由去年的25.3%增加至 26.0%。展望來年,集團期望應用其新近研 發之臥式鑄鍛雙控壓鑄機去開發更多的大型 高密度鋁合金壓鑄件市場。由於鑄鍛雙控壓 鑄機能以噸數小於傳統的壓鑄機去生產出大 的鑄件,故此在生產過程中能够大大提升能 源節省。按全球壓鑄件生產噸位計算,鋁合 金壓鑄件的產量佔總產量極大的份額。由於 本集團現時在此部分的市場份額相對較少, 故預期此方面的業務將會有很大的增長空 間。 Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

管理層討論及分析(續)

Disposal of Ka Shui Yinguang

In order to open up the magnesium alloy die casting market in the central and western region in the PRC and facilitate the research and development of new magnesium alloys, the Group and Shanxi Wenxi Yinguang Meiye Group Limited Company ("Shanxi Yinguang"), a smelter for magnesium and magnesium alloys in the PRC, established Ka Shui Yinguang Technology (Wenxi) Limited, a sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise in Shanxi, the PRC, for the production of magnesium allov die castings and related products in February 2007. The Group owned 40% equity interest in this joint venture. However, the operation and business strategy of this joint venture had been changed and deviated from the initial plan and hence, the Group had finally decided to dispose its 40% equity interest back to Shanxi Yinguang at a consideration of RMB5,500,000 in May 2009. This disposal incurred a loss of approximately HK\$298,000 for the Group.

(C) PROSPECT

While recovery of the global economy and improvements in operating environment are expected to continue in 2010, there are still many uncertainties in the macro-economic environment. Nevertheless, in view of the strong and long-term relationships established with customers as well as its well diversified business, the Group is set to capture the opportunities arising in the recovering market.

The Group will continue to improve its operational efficiency through technological reform and constant upgrades of equipment. The Group will also exercise stringent cost control measures in order to lower its overall operating costs. In view of the increasing staff cost caused by shortage of labour, the Group will put every effort on production automation as a longterm strategy with an aim to reduce labour costs. During the year under review, certain automatic polishing machines had already been put into use so as to reduce the number of frontline workers, leading to a reduction in labour cost and enhancement of efficiency.

出售嘉瑞銀光

為了開闢中國中西部地區的鎂合金壓鑄件市 場及有助本集團開發新型鎂合金材料,本集 團於二零零七年二月與國內鎂及鎂合金冶煉 生產商一山西聞喜銀光鎂業(集團)有限公 司(「山西銀光」)於中國山西成立中外合資 企業嘉瑞銀光科技(聞喜)有限公司,生產 鎂合金壓鑄件及相關產品。本集團於此合資 企業持有40%權益。但是,由於此合資企 業之營運及業務策略有所變更並偏離集團之 原本計劃,因此本集團最後決定在二零零九 年五月把其所持有之40%權益售回予山西 銀光,作價為人民幣5,500,000。此出售為 本集團帶來約298,000港元之損失。

(C) 展望

二零一零年,全球經濟復甦及經營環境持續 改善,但是,宏觀經濟環境仍然存在頗多不 穩定因素。儘管如此,憑藉本集團與客戶所 建立的緊密及長遠關係,以及多元化的業 務,本集團已準備把握由市場復甦所帶來的 機會。

本集團將透過技術改革及定期提升設備去持 續改善其生產效能。本集團並推行嚴謹之成 本控制措施以降低其整體營運成本。鑑於由 勞工短缺所引發的工資成本增加,本集團竭 力把生產自動化作為一項長遠策略,以減低 勞工成本。於回顧年內,本集團已添置若干 自動打磨機並降低前線員工的數目,從而減 少勞工成本,並提升生產效率。





The construction of the first phase of the industrial complex in Daya Bay, Huizhou, the PRC comprising gross floor area of approximately 43,000 sq.m. was completed in April 2009 and the operation of this new production facility had officially commenced in June 2009 to manufacture mainly zinc alloy and aluminum alloy die casting components as well as parts with plastic contents. In this regard, the production capabilities of the Group can be therefore expanded in order to cater for the needs of our major customers and support the long-term business strategies of the Group.

Riding on the growth momentum of notebook computers, the Group is poised for further expansion in this aspect in the forthcoming future. In fact, the growing popularity of notebook computers seems to ensure its replacement of desktop computers in the long run. Given the low penetration rate of notebook computers in global markets, especially the Asia Pacific region, notebook computers have immense growth potential. In addition, the introduction of new computer operating systems will also prompt a drive for the replacement of traditional desktop computers. This trend is highly positive for our future business growth. In this regard, the Group will continue to put more emphasis on the research and development on the application of new magnesium alloys for notebook computers together with various surface finishing technologies with an aim to increase its market share.

To strengthen its market competitive edge and leading position, the Group expanded into plastics injection moulding business in late 2008, with an aim to become a vertically integrated onestop service provider. Since some of our finished products are composed of metal alloy and plastic components, customers can reduce their costs in logistics and quality control as they do not need to outsource the production of metal alloy and plastic components to various suppliers. This one-stop service model had been fully supported by our customers in return for more orders being placed to us for the manufacture of metal alloy and plastic components simultaneously during the year under review. In view of this, the Group will further promote its competitive advantages in this aspect and capture more business opportunities. 本集團位於中國惠州大亞灣佔地43,000平 方米之工業園第一期生產廠房的建築工程已 經在二零零九年四月完成,並在二零零九年 六月正式投產。此新生產設施用作生產鋅合 金及鋁合金壓鑄件和塑膠部件。本集團之生 產規模因此進一步擴大,以迎合主要客戶之 業務需求及支持本集團之長遠業務發展策 略。

把握筆記本電腦市場不斷增長的趨勢,本集 團於此方面之業務於未來可再邁進一步。 實上,筆記本電腦取代桌上電腦已是大勢所 趨,而目前全球特別是亞太區市場的筆記本 電腦滲透率仍然偏低,筆記本電腦市場擁有 巨大的增長潛力。另外,隨著新的電腦運作 系統推出,將會帶來取替桌上電腦的動力。 此趨勢對本集團的發展十分有利。本集團將 繼續專注研究和開發新鎂合金在筆記本電腦 上的應用及表面處理技術,以增加市場份 額。

為了加強其市場競爭力及領導地位,本集團 於二零零八年底發展塑膠注塑業務,致力成 為垂直整合一站式服務供應商。由於本集團 之部份最終製成品乃由金屬與塑膠部件組 成,客戶不需要將金屬及塑膠零部件之製造 分別外判給不同供應商,此舉可以減低其物 流及品質監控成本。此一站式服務模式相當 受客戶支持,於回顧年內,客戶同時向本集 團訂購更多金屬與塑膠部件。因此,本集團 將進一步推廣此方面之競爭優勢及把握更多 商機。 Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

During the year, the Group's previous plan to establish a joint venture with a PRC entity to develop rare earth magnesium alloys had been temporarily put on hold as it is expected that the demand for raw materials would decrease drastically following the outbreak of the financial tsunami. However, the Group has not discontinued the research and development on rare earth magnesium alloys. Preliminary results have showed that various rare earth magnesium alloys have distinct positive impacts on metal flow and mechanical properties and the salt spray test has also proved that the corrosion resistance of these magnesium alloys can be remarkably improved. The rare earth magnesium alloys can be well applied on the manufacture of notebook computer casings as they can enhance yield rate and in turn lower the production costs.

In 2009, the research and development on the horizontal dual controlled die casting machine, which is one of the sponsored projects under the "Eleventh Five-Year Plan" of the PRC, was completed and is expected to become operational in year 2010. This machine has a unique feature for reducing or even eliminating the porosities in die casting components, especially in the thick sections, thus leading to a higher yield rate and reduction of production costs. The Group intends to extend the use of this machine for the production of automobile parts with greater density in order to open up new revenue streams.

The impact of the financial tsunami had forced a large number of less competitive manufacturing corporations went out of business in 2009. In this regard, a massive consolidation has been undergoing for all the manufacturing industries in the PRC. The Group is in the view that some of these ailing corporations might be fundamentally sound but only be hindered by shortterm liquidity and management deficiencies. As such, the Group will actively seek for every possible merger and acquisition opportunity with a view to enhance its competitiveness and sustain long-term business growth.

The Group will continue to strengthen its organization and execution capabilities in pursuit of excellence in operational performance so as to create better returns for its shareholders and investors 年內,由於預期原材料之需求將因為金融海 嘯的發生而大幅減少,本集團原本籌劃成立 一間合營公司以發展稀土鎂合金之計劃已暫 時擱置。然而,本集團從未間斷稀土鎂合金 之科研。初步結果顯示多種稀土鎂合金對金 屬流動性及其機械性能有明顯的正面作用, 鹽霧測試也證實鎂合金之耐腐蝕性得到顯著 改善。把稀土鎂合金應用於生產筆記本電腦 外殼上,將有助提高成品率從而降低集團之 生產成本。

管理層討論及分析(續)

於二零零九年,國家「第十一個五年計劃」 資助項目之一臥式鑄鍛雙控壓鑄機之開發已 完成,並預期於二零一零年可投入運作。此 機器擁有一獨特功能,可以減少或甚至消除 壓鑄件(特別是厚的部份)之沙孔(氣孔), 從而達至較高之成品率及降低生產成本。本 集團將會把此機器之用途擴展至生產較高密 度之汽車零部件上,藉以開拓新收益來源。

受到金融海嘯的沖擊,大量處於競爭劣勢之 製造企業在二零零九年被逼結業。因此,中 國的製造工業進行了大規模的整頓。本集團 相信此等陷於困難的企業中,其中一部份之 基本因素可能良好,但只是受制於短期流動 資金需求及管理不善。故此,本集團會積極 尋求每個潛在收購合併機會,藉以增強其競 爭力及持續長遠業務發展。

本集團將繼續強化其組織和執行能力,追求 卓越的經營績效,為股東和投資者創造更大 價值。



(D) LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2009, the Group had bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$78,171,000 (31 December 2008: HK\$74,940,000), most of which were either denominated in US dollars, Renminbi or Hong Kong dollars.

Total interest-bearing borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2009 were approximately HK\$99,416,000 (31 December 2008: HK\$81,714,000), comprising bank loans and overdrafts of approximately HK\$40,046,000 (31 December 2008: HK\$25,439,000) repayable within one year or on demand, term loans of approximately HK\$35,179,000 (31 December 2008: HK\$24,346,000) with maturity of not more than four years and obligations under finance leases of approximately HK\$24,191,000 (31 December 2008: HK\$31,929,000). All of these borrowings were denominated in Hong Kong dollars to which the interest rates applied were primarily subject to floating interest rate.

As at 31 December 2009, the gearing ratio (a ratio of the sum of total interest-bearing borrowings and obligations under finance leases divided by total equity) of the Group was approximately 17.9 % (31 December 2008: 15.1%)

As at 31 December 2009, the net current assets of the Group were approximately HK\$169,824,000 (31 December 2008: HK\$177,824,000), which consisted of current assets of approximately HK\$339,951,000 (31 December 2008: HK\$313,056,000) and current liabilities of approximately HK\$170,127,000 (31 December 2008: HK\$135,232,000), representing a current ratio of approximately 2.0 (31 December 2008: 2.3).

(E) EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

Most of the Group's transactions were conducted in US dollars, Hong Kong dollars or Renminbi. As such, the Group is aware of the potential foreign currency risk that may arise from the fluctuation of exchange rates between US dollars, Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. During the year under review, the exchange rates between US dollars, Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi were fairly stable. The Group will closely evaluate the Group's foreign currency exposure on a continuing basis and take further actions to minimize its exposure whenever necessary.

(D) 流動資金及財務資源

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有 銀行及現金結餘約78,171,000港元(二零零 八年十二月三十一日:74,940,000港元), 當中大多數以美元、人民幣或港元計值。

本集團於二零零九年十二月三十一日的計息 借款總額約為99,416,000港元(二零零八年 十二月三十一日:81,714,000港元),包括 須於一年內或於要求時償還的銀行貸款及透 支約40,046,000港元(二零零八年十二月三 十一日:25,439,000港元)、到期期限不超 過四年的定期貸款約35,179,000港元(二零 零八年十二月三十一日:24,346,000港元) 及融資租約承擔約24,191,000港元(二零零 八年十二月三十一日:31,929,000港元)。 該等借款全部以港元計值,所採用的利率主 要為浮動利率。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團的資 產負債比率(以計息借款及融資租約承擔的 總和除以權益總額)約為17.9%(二零零八 年十二月三十一日:15.1%)。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團流動 資產淨值約為169,824,000港元(二零零八 年十二月三十一日:177,824,000港元), 包括流動資產約339,951,000港元(二零零 八年十二月三十一日:313,056,000港元) 及流動負債約170,127,000港元(二零零八 年十二月三十一日:135,232,000港元), 流動比率約為2.0(二零零八年十二月三十 一日:2.3)。

(E) 外匯風險承擔

本集團的大部分交易均以美元、港元或人民 幣進行。因此,本集團已注意到美元、港元 及人民幣匯率的波動可能引起的潛在外匯風 險。於回顧年內,美元、港元及人民幣匯率 相當穩定。本集團將繼續密切評估本集團之 外匯風險,並於有需要時採取進一步措施以 減低本集團之風險。 Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

管理層討論及分析(續)

(F) CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2009, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

(G) CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2009, the Group's banking facilities were secured by guarantees given by the following assets: (a) the Group's bank deposits; (b) lessors' title to the leased assets under finance leases; and (c) a property situated in Hong Kong owned by the Group.

(H) HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2009, the Group had approximately 3,400 full-time employees (31 December 2008: 2,200). The Group attributes its success to the hard work and dedication of its staff as a whole, therefore, they are deemed to be the most valuable assets of the Group. In order to attract and retain high caliber staff, the Group provides competitive salary package, including retirement scheme, medical benefit and bonus. The Group's remuneration policy and structure is determined based on market trends, the performance of individual staff as well as the financial performance of the Group. The Group has also adopted a share option scheme as incentive and reward for those qualifying staff who have made contribution to the Group.

The Group provides regular training courses for different level of staff and holds various training programs together with PRC institutes and external training bodies. Apart from academic and technical training, the Group also organizes different kinds of recreational activities, including New Year gathering, various sport competitions and interest groups. The aim is to promote interaction among staff, establish harmonious team spirit and promote healthy lifestyle.

(F) 或然負債

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 任何重大或然負債。

(G) 資產抵押

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團抵押 下列資產作為銀行借貸及信貸融資的擔保: (a)本集團之銀行存款:(b)出租人按融資租 約出租的資產業權;及(c)本集團擁有的香 港物業。

(H) 人力資源

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團約有 3,400名全職僱員(二零零八年十二月三十 一日:2,200名)。本集團之成功有賴全體 僱員的表現和責任承擔,故此本集團把僱員 視作為我們的核心資產。為了吸引及保留優 秀員工,本集團提供具競爭力的薪酬,包括 退休金計劃、醫療福利和花紅獎賞。本集團 之薪酬政策及結構乃根據市場趨勢、個人工 作表現以及本集團的財務表現而釐定。本集 團亦已採納認購股權計劃,旨在向合資格僱 員提供作為彼等對本集團所作出貢獻之鼓勵 及獎賞。

本集團定期舉辦多項針對不同階層員工的培 訓課程,並與多間國內專上學院及外間培訓 機構合辦各種培訓計劃。除學術和技術培訓 外,本集團舉辦了不同種類的文娛康樂活 動,其中包括新春聯誼活動、各種體育比賽 和興趣班等,目的為促進各部門員工之間的 關係,建立和諧團隊精神及提倡健康生活。



Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理人員

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lee Yuen Fat, aged 54, is the Chairman of the Board, an Executive Director of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lee is responsible for the formulation of the overall business strategies of the Group. He has over 30 years of experience in the die casting industry. Mr. Lee holds a master degree in engineering from the Yanshan University. He was conferred an award of Honorary Fellowship by the Professional Validation Council of Hong Kong Industries.

Mr. Lee was one of the founding members and was the Chairman of the Hong Kong Diecasting Association (now become the Hong Kong Diecasting and Foundry Association (the "HKDFA")) in 1989. He was elected as the first Chairman of the HKDFA in 2008. Mr. Lee is also the Honorary Chairman and Executive Vice Chairman of Federation of Hong Kong Machinery and Metal Industries, the Deputy Director of the Plasticity Engineering Branch of China Machinery Engineering Association, Director of the Guangdong Foundry Industry Association, the Vice-Director General of the Guangdong Mechanical Engineering Association Die Casting Branch, the Vice President of the Commerce Society of Pinghu, Shenzhen and General Chamber of Commerce of Longgang District, Shenzhen, the PRC. Mr. Lee is currently a member of Hunan Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, the Deputy Director of Sub-committee 4 on Die Casting of National Technical Committee 54 on Foundry of Standardization Administration of China, the Deputy Secretary General and member of Sub-committee 2 on Metal Hot-forming Branch of National Technical Committee 186 on Foundry Machinery of Standardization Administration of China, the Deputy Director of Die Casting Technical Committee, Foundry Institution, Chinese Mechanical Engineering Society and a member of the Co-operative Working Group of Magnesium in the Both Sides of Taiwan Strait and Hong Kong.

Dr. Keung Wing Ching, aged 58, is the Vice Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer, an Executive Director and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He is primarily responsible for the overall management, as well as supervision of the execution of the overall business strategies of the Group. Dr. Keung graduated from the National Taiwan University with a bachelor degree in mechanical engineering. He obtained his master degree and doctorate degree in mechanical engineering from the University of Birmingham, the United Kingdom. Dr. Keung has over 25 years of experience in the fields of metal forming, mechanical processing and information technology. He is a Chartered Engineer, a professional member of the Institute of Materials, Minerals & Mining (UK) and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers.

執行董事

李遠發先生,54歲,本公司董事會主席、執行董 事兼本公司若干附屬公司之董事。李先生負責制 定本集團整體業務策略。彼擁有逾30年壓鑄業經 驗,持有燕山大學工程碩士學位。此外,李先生 獲香港工業專業評審局頒授榮譽院士。

李先生為香港壓鑄學會(現時為香港壓鑄及鑄造業 總會)創辦人之一,及後於一九八九年出任該會會 長。彼於二零零八年被選為香港壓鑄及鑄造業總 會首任會長。李先生現為香港機械金屬業聯合總 會榮譽會長及常務副主席、中國機械工程學會塑 性工程分會副主任、廣東省鑄造行業協會理事、 廣東省機械工程學會壓鑄分會副理事長、中國深 圳市平湖商會及龍崗區總商會副會長。李先生現 擔任中國人民政治協商會議湖南省委員會成員、 全國鑄造標準化技術委員會壓力鑄造分技術委員 會(SAC/TC54/SC4)副主任委員、全國鑄造機械標 準化技術委員會金屬熱成形分技術委員會(SAC/ TC186/SC2)委員兼副秘書長、中國機械工程學會 鑄造分會壓鑄技術委員會副主任委員及海峽兩岸 及香港鎂合金開發工作組成員。

姜永正博士,58歲,本公司副主席兼行政總裁、 執行董事及本公司若干附屬公司之董事,主要負 責本集團的整體管理及監督整體業務策略的執 行。姜博士畢業於國立台灣大學,持有機械工程 學士學位,並在英國伯明翰大學取得機械工程碩 士及博士學位,擁有逾25年金屬成型、機械加工 及資訊科技經驗。姜博士為特許工程師、英國材 料、礦物及採礦學會專業會員以及香港工程師學 會資深會員。

董事及高級管理人員(續)

Prior to joining the Group in 2005, he worked with the Hong Kong Productivity Council for more than 25 years and his last position was the Branch Director, Information Technology and Services.

Dr. Keung is also the Permanent Honorary Chairman of the HKDFA, a committee member of the Magnesium Alloy Development Team for Taiwan, Mainland China and Hong Kong (which was established jointly by China Non-ferrous Metals Industrial Association, the Hong Kong Productivity Council and Taiwan Metal Industry Research and Development Centre), the Chairman of the board of directors of Hong Kong Critical Components Manufacturers Association, and a committee member of the Hong Kong Q Mark Council. Dr. Keung is currently an advisor of the Guangzhou Science & Technology Association and a member of Shandong Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. Dr. Keung is also currently an independent non-executive director of Fong's Industries Company Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Mr. Wong Wing Chuen, aged 48, is an Executive Director of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Joined the Group in 1988, Mr. Wong is now responsible for the Group's operations, development of new products and production technologies and manufacturing activities. Mr. Wong has over 20 years' experience in die design and manufacturing and the die casting industry. He is an Associate of the Professional Validation Council of Hong Kong Industries.

Mr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan, aged 49, is an Executive Director, Company Secretary and Qualified Accountant of the Company. He is primarily responsible for overseeing the Group's accounting and financial affairs. Prior to joining the Group in 2003, Mr. Chan held a senior financial position with a listed company in Hong Kong for over 8 years and has over 20 years' experience in accounting, auditing and financial management. Mr. Chan holds a bachelor degree in accounting and financial analysis from the University of Newcastle Upon Tyne, the United Kingdom. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. 於二零零五年加入本集團前,姜博士曾在香港生 產力促進局工作逾25年,離職前為該局副總裁, 負責資訊科技及服務。

姜博士亦為香港壓鑄及鑄造業總會永遠名譽主 席、台灣、中國大陸與香港鎂合金開發小組(原由 中國有色金屬工業協會、香港生產力促進局及台 灣金屬工業研究發展中心共同成立)委員會成員、 香港關鍵性零部件製造業協會理事會主席及香港 優質產品標誌局委員會成員。姜博士現時亦為廣 州市科學技術協會顧問及中國人民政治協商會議 山東省委員會成員。姜博士現為香港聯交所上市 公司立信工業有限公司的獨立非執行董事。

黃永銓先生,48歲,本公司執行董事及本公司若 干附屬公司之董事。黃先生於一九八八年加入本 集團,現負責本集團之營運、新產品及生產技術 的開發以及製造業務。黃先生擁有逾20年模具設 計與製造及壓鑄業經驗,為香港工業專業評審局 的副院士。

陳達昌先生,49歲,本公司執行董事、公司秘書 兼合資格會計師,主要負責監督本集團會計及財 務事宜。於二零零三年加入本集團前,陳先生曾 在一家香港上市公司擔任高級財務職位逾八年及 擁有逾20年會計、審計及財務管理經驗。陳先生 持有英國紐卡素大學會計及財務分析學士學位, 現為香港會計師公會資深會員及美國執業會計師 公會會員。



董事及高級管理人員(續)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP, aged 56, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 2 June 2007. He is the chairman of the remuneration committee as well as the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Sun is an associate of the Institute of Industrial Engineers of Ohio and has over 30 years of experience in the household products manufacturing industry. Mr. Sun was appointed the Justice of the Peace in July 2003 and was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star by the Hong Kong Government in July 2006. He is a member of the 10th Zhejiang Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and a member of the Standing Committee of the 13th Ningbo Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. He is currently the Chairman of the Federation of Hong Kong Industries, Honorary Chairman of The Hong Kong Exporters' Association, Honorary Chairman of the Hong Kong Q Mark Council and the President of the Hong Kong Plastics Manufacturers Association. Mr. Sun is currently an independent non-executive director of Ming Fai International Holdings Limited and a non-executive director of China South City Holdings Limited, all of which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP, aged 57, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 2 June 2007. Ir Dr. Lo holds a doctorate degree in engineering, master degrees in engineering and business administration respectively and a bachelor degree in engineering. He is a Chartered Mechanical Engineer and Fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Engineers. Ir Dr. Lo was awarded with the "Young Industrial Awards of Hong Kong" and the "Ten Outstanding Young Persons Selection" in 1992, the "Medal of Honour" of the Hong Kong Government in July 2001, and was appointed "Justice of the Peace" of the Hong Kong Government in July 2004. Ir Dr. Lo was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star by the Hong Kong Government in July 2009.

Ir Dr. Lo was appointed as the managing director of Surface Mount Technology (Holdings) Limited in December 2006, a company listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, and has over 30 years of experience in the electronic and power supply industry. He is an Adjunct Professor of the City University of Hong Kong and a Guest Professor of the University of Electronic Science and Technology Zhongshan College.

獨立非執行董事

孫啟烈先生 BBS·★平##±,56歲,於二零零七年六月 二日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼為本公 司薪酬委員會及提名委員會主席。孫先生為美國 俄亥俄州工業工程師學會會員,於家居用品製造 業擁有逾30年經驗。孫先生於二零零三年七月獲 頒太平紳士榮譽,並於二零零六年七月獲香港政 府頒發銅紫荊星章。彼為中國人民政治協商會 第十屆浙江省委員會委員及中國人民政治協商會 議第十三屆寧波市委員會常務委員。彼現時為香 港工業總會主席、香港出口商會名譽主席、香港 優質產品標誌局名譽主席及香港塑膠業廠商會會 長。孫先生現為香港聯交所上市之明輝國際控股 有限公司的獨立非執行董事及華南城控股有限公 司的非執行董事。

盧偉國博士BBS·MH·★平#±,57歲,於二零零七年 六月二日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。盧博 士持有工程學博士學位、工程及工商管理碩士學 位與工程學士學位,並為機械工程特許工程師及 香港工程師學會資深會員。盧博士為一九九二年 「香港青年工業家獎」及「十大傑出青年選舉」與 二零零一年七月香港政府「榮譽勳章」的得獎者, 更於二零零四年七月獲香港政府委任為「太平紳 士」。盧博士於二零零九年七月獲香港政府頒發銅 紫荊星章。

盧博士於二零零六年十二月獲委任為於新加坡證 券交易所有限公司上市的新進科技集團有限公司 的董事總經理,彼於電子及電力供應業積累超過 30年經驗。彼分別於香港城市大學與電子科技大 學中山學院出任兼任教授及客席教授。 Directors and Senior Management (Continued)

董事及高級管理人員(續)

Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John, aged 69, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 2 June 2007. He is the chairman of the audit committee of the Company. Mr. Yeow is a fellow member of both CPA Australia and the Hong Kong Institute of Company Secretaries, and a member of both the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. Yeow previously worked for Price Waterhouse & Co. in Australia from 1969 to 1974 and KPMG in Hong Kong from 1974 to 1976 and was the Chief Accountant of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council from 1976 to 1987. In 1988, Mr. Yeow joined the Hong Kong Productivity Council and became the general manager in finance until his retirement in 2005.

Mr. Andrew Look, aged 45, was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company on 16 December 2009. Mr. Look holds a bachelor of commerce degree from the University of Toronto and has over 20 years' experience in the equity investment analysis of Hong Kong and China stock markets. From 2000 to 2008, Mr. Look served in Union Bank of Switzerland ("UBS") as the head of Hong Kong research, strategy and product and he is now an external consultant to UBS. He was rated as the best Hong Kong strategist and best analyst by the Asiamoney magazine, a leading monthly financial and capital markets publication for corporate and finance readers and investors, in 2001, 2002, 2003, 2005, 2006 and 2007. Mr. Look is currently a director of Look's Capital Limited, a fund management company founded by him in April 2009.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Chan Sin Wing, aged 37, joined the Group in 2004 and is the director of sales and marketing of the Group. He is primarily responsible for overseeing the sales and marketing activities of the Group. Mr. Chan holds a master degree in industrial engineering and industrial management and a bachelor degree in engineering from the University of Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, he worked as a consultant of the Hong Kong Productivity Council for over 9 years.

Mr. Yoshihisa Suzuki, aged 53, joined the Group in 2008 and is the director of project development of the Group. He is primarily responsible for the new product business development of the Group. Mr. Suzuki holds a bachelor degree in mechanical engineering from Chiba Institute of Technology, Japan. Prior to joining the Group, he worked in the personal computer division of a reputable global integrated information technology products and business solutions provider for over 20 years.

姚和安先生,69歲,於二零零七年六月二日獲委 任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司審核委 員會主席。姚先生為澳洲會計師公會及香港公司 秘書公會資深會員,並為澳洲特許會計師公會及 香港會計師公會會員。

姚先生曾於一九六九年至一九七四年在澳洲羅兵 咸會計師事務所及於一九七四年至一九七六年在 香港畢馬威會計師事務所任職。於一九七六年至 一九八七年,姚先生擔任香港貿易發展局首席會 計師。一九八八年,姚先生加入香港生產力促進 局,擔任財務部總經理,直至二零零五年退休。

陸東先生,45歲,於二零零九年十二月十六日獲 委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。陸先生持有加拿 大多倫多大學商科學士學位,於香港及中國股票 市場資產投資分析累積逾二十年經驗。由二零零 零年至二零零八年,陸先生於瑞士銀行(「瑞士銀 行」)出任香港研究、策略及產品部主管,現時為 瑞士銀行外部顧問。陸先生曾於二零零一、二零 零二、二零零三、二零零五、二零零六及二零零 七年獲得《亞洲貨幣》雜誌(一本以企業及財經讀者 及投資者為對象之著名財經及資本市場月刊)頒發 「最佳策略員」及「最佳分析師」殊榮。陸先生現 為Look's Capital Limited (一間由彼於二零零九年 四月創立的基金管理公司)之董事。

高級管理人員

陳善榮先生,37歲,於二零零四年加入本集團, 為本集團銷售及市場推廣總監,主要負責監督本 集團的銷售及市場推廣工作。陳先生持有香港大 學工業工程及工業管理碩士學位和工程學士學 位。加入本集團前,陳先生曾任香港生產力促進 局顧問逾九年。

鈴木良久先生,53歲,於二零零八年加入本集 團,為本集團項目總監,主要負責本集團的新產 品業務開發。鈴木先生持有日本千業工業大學工 程學士學位。加入本集團前,彼曾於一間全球著 名資訊科技產品及商業方案供應商之個人電腦部 門任職逾20年。



董事及高級管理人員(續)

Mr. Ng Mang Nga, aged 44, joined the Group in 2003 and is the general manager of the Group's subsidiary, Wing Yu (Far East) Industries Company Limited. He is responsible for the overall supervision of the operation of the processing factory in the PRC and has over 15 years' experience in the field of manufacturing.

Ms. Chan So Wah, aged 51, joined the Group in 1999. She is the general manager of the Group's subsidiary, Ka Shui Manufactory Co., Limited and is responsible for its overall management. Ms. Chan has over 18 years' experience in sales and is the sister-in-law of Mr. Lee Yuen Fat.

Mr. Li Yuen Wah, aged 52, joined the Group in 2004 and is the manager in charge of information technology of the Group. Mr. Li is responsible for the administration and operation of the management information system of the Group. He is the younger brother of Mr. Lee Yuen Fat.

Mr. Li Liang Jin, aged 43, joined the Group in 1992 and is the sales engineering manager of the Group. Mr. Li holds a bachelor degree in mechanical engineering from the Guang Xi University and has over 15 years' experience in the field of engineering.

吳萌芽先生,44歲,於二零零三年加入本集團, 為本集團附屬公司永裕(遠東)實業有限公司總經 理,負責監督位於國內加工廠的整體營運,彼擁 有超過15年製造業經驗。

陳素華女士,51歲,於一九九九年加入本集團, 為本集團附屬公司嘉瑞製品有限公司總經理,負 責其整體管理,彼擁有逾18年銷售經驗,為李遠 發先生的弟婦。

李遠華先生,52歲,於二零零四年加入本集團, 為本集團資訊科技經理,負責本集團管理資訊系 統的行政及運作,為李遠發先生的胞弟。

李良進先生,43歲,於一九九二年加入本集團, 為本集團銷售工程經理。彼持有廣西大學機械工 程學士學位,擁有逾15年工程方面的經驗。 The directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of Ka Shui International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2009.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacture of zinc, magnesium and aluminium alloy die casting components which are mainly sold to customers engaging in the household products, 3C (communication, computer and consumer electronics) products and automotive parts industries. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 40.

The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK1.1 cents per share to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 3 June 2010.

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 1 June 2010 to Thursday, 3 June 2010, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 31 May 2010.

RESERVES

Movements in reserves during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 45.

As at 31 December 2009, the Company's reserve available for distribution amounted to approximately HK\$199,338,000.

董事會欣然提呈嘉瑞國際控股有限公司(「本公 司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零零九 年十二月三十一日止年度之董事會報告及經審核 綜合財務報表。

Directors' Report

主要業務

本集團以生產鋅、鎂及鋁合金壓鑄件為主,主要 售予從事家居用品、3C(通訊、電腦及消費者電 子)產品及汽車零部件業的客戶。附屬公司之主要 業務載於綜合財務報表附註17。

業績及分派

本集團於年內之業績載於第40頁之綜合損益表內。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)建議派付末期股息每股 1.1港仙予於二零一零年六月三日名列本公司股東 名冊之股東。

本公司將於二零一零年六月一日(星期二)至二零 一零年六月三日(星期四)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦 理股份過戶登記手續,於此期間將不會辦理股份 過戶登記。為符合資格獲派末期股息,所有股份 過戶文件連同有關股票及過戶表格須於二零一零 年五月三十一日(星期一)下午四時三十分前送交 本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登 記有限公司辦理登記手續,地址為香港皇后大道 東183號合和中心17樓1712至1716室。

儲備

本年度內,儲備之變動情況載於第45頁之綜合權 益變動表。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本公司之可供分派儲備約為199,338,000港元。



董事會報告(續)

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the percentage of the Group's major customers and suppliers attributable to the Group's total sales and total purchases were as follows:

Sales	銷售		
- the largest customer	36.31% -最大客戶		
 – five largest customers combined 	78.87% -五大客戶合計		
Purchases	採購		
– the largest supplier	15.39% -最大供應商		
 – five largest suppliers combined 	41.12% - 五大供應商合計		

None of the directors, their associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the Group's five largest customers

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

and suppliers.

A summary of the results of the Group for the past five financial years ended 31 December 2009 and assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009 are set out on page 120.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the year are shown in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association and the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

物業、機器及設備

本集團物業、機器及設備於本年度內之變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註15。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,本集團之主要客戶及供應商應佔總 營業額及總採購額之百分比如下:

銷售	
一最大客戶	36.31%
- 五大客戶合計	78.87%

採購	
一最大供應商	15.39%
一五大供應商合計	41.12%

概無任何本公司董事、聯繫人士或據董事所知擁 有本公司股本5%以上權益之任何股東於本集團首 五大客戶及供應商擁有權益。

財務概要

本集團於截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止過往 五個財政年度之業績以及本集團於二零零五年、 二零零六年、二零零七年、二零零八及二零零九 年年十二月三十一日之資產及負債的概要載於第 120頁。

股本

本公司之股本於本年度內之變動詳載於綜合財務 報表附註32。

股份優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則及開曼群島之公司法中並 無股份優先購買權之條文,規定本公司必須按比 例發售新股予現有股東。

董事會報告(續)

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities of the Company.

THE BOARD

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Yuen Fat *(Chairman)* Dr. Keung Wing Ching *(Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Wong Wing Chuen Mr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan Mr. Zhao Jian (resigned with effect from 16 July 2009)

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff _{BBS, JP} Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok _{BBS, MH, JP} Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John Mr. Andrew Look (appointed on 16 December 2009)

The biographical details of the directors are set out on pages 16 to 19 of this annual report.

In accordance with Article 108 and 111 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Lee Yuen Fat, Mr. Wong Wing Chuen, Mr. Sun Kai Lit, Cliff $_{BBS, JP}$ and Mr. Andrew Look will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for reelection.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting do not have any service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於本年度內,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

董事會

於本年度內及截至本報告日期止,本公司之董事 為:

執行董事

李遠發先生(主席) 姜永正博士 (*副主席兼行政總裁*) 黃永銓先生 陳達昌先生 趙健先生 (於二零零九年七月十六日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

孫啟烈先生_{BBS·太平卿士} 盧偉國博士_{BBS·MH·太平卿士} 姚和安先生 陸東先生 (於二零零九年十二月十六日獲委任)

董事之履歷詳情載列於本年報之第16至第19頁。

根據本公司組織章程細則第108及第111條,李 遠發先生、黃永銓先生、孫啟烈先生BBS·太平##士及 陸東先生於即將舉行之股東週年大會上退任,惟 彼等均符合資格並願意膺選連任。

董事之服務合約

擬於即將召開之股東周年大會上膺選連任之董 事,概無與本公司訂立本集團不可於一年內毋須 賠償(法定補償除外)而終止之服務合約。



DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed under the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" set out on page 32 and 33, there was no contract of significance, to which the Company, its holding company, any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

董事之合約權益

除列載於第32及第33頁之「持續關連交易」一節 所披露者外,本公司、其控股公司、其任何附屬 公司或同系附屬公司概無參與訂立本公司董事直 接或間接擁有重大權益,而於年內或年終仍屬有 效之重大合約。

管理合約

本年度內,本公司並無訂立或進行任何與本公司 全部或重要業務有關之管理及行政合約。

董事會報告(續)

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2009, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") in the Rules Governing the Listing on Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於本公司及其相 聯法團之股份、相關股份及債券的權 益及短倉

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及主 要行政人員,於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證 券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股 份、相關股份及債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益及短倉(包 括根據證券及期貨條例該等條文被當作或被視為 擁有之任何權益及短倉);或根據證券及期貨條例 第352條須記錄在該條所述登記冊之權益及短倉; 或根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)上市公 司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須 知會本公司及聯交所之權益及短倉如下:

股份之長倉

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of Shares 股份數目	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company 佔本公司權益 概約百分比
Executive Directors			
執行董事			
Mr. Lee Yuen Fat ("Mr. Lee") 李遠發先生(「李先生」)	Interest in controlled company ⁽¹⁾ 受控制公司權益 ⁽¹⁾	607,200,000	69%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,100,000 ⁽²⁾	0.24%
Dr. Keung Wing Ching	Beneficial owner	20,262,000	2.30%
姜永正博士	實益擁有人	1,460,000 ⁽²⁾	0.17%
Mr. Wong Wing Chuen	Beneficial owner	18,480,000	2.10%
黃永銓先生	實益擁有人	1,450,000 ⁽²⁾	0.16%
Mr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan	Beneficial owner	7,029,000	0.80%
陳達昌先生	實益擁有人	1,270,000 ⁽²⁾	0.14%
Independent Non-Executive	Directors		
獨立非執行董事			
Mr. Andrew Look	Beneficial owner	7,000,000	0.80%
陸東先生	實益擁有人		

Long Positions in the Shares

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Notes:

- Mr. Lee holds the entire issued share capital of Precisefull Limited ("Precisefull"). As such, Mr. Lee is deemed to have a controlling interest in Precisefull and is therefore deemed to be interested in the interests of Precisefull in the Company.
- 2. Such interest in shares was held pursuant to options granted under the pre-IPO share option scheme and share option scheme, details of which are described in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this report set out on pages 28 to 32.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2009, none of the directors and chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, pursuant to the Model Code in the Listing Rules. In addition, save as disclosed above, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2009 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

附註:

- 李先生持有 Precisefull Limited (「Precisefull」) 全部已發行股本。因此,李先生被視為擁有 Precisefull的控制性權益,並因此視為擁有 Precisefull所持有的本公司權益。
- 該等股份權益乃根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃 及購股權計劃所授出購股權持有,有關詳情載於 本報告第 28 至第 32 頁之「購股權計劃」一節。

除上文所披露者外,於二零零九年十二月三十一 日,概無本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司及 其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部) 之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有任何根據證券及 期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及 聯交所之權益或短倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條所述 包括彼等根求證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條所述 之登記冊之權益及短倉;或根據標準守則須知會 本公司及聯交所之權益及短倉。此外,除上述披 露外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零零九 年十二月三十一日止整年內概無訂立任何安排, 令本公司董事或彼等之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女 可藉購入本公司或其他法團之股份或債權證而獲 益。

Directors' Report (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS IN SHARES. UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE **COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS**

As at 31 December 2009, the following persons, other than the directors or chief executives of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or, who were, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company, or which were required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, were as follows:

主要股東於本公司及其相聯法團之股 份、相關股份及債券的權益及短倉

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,下列人士(本公司 董事或主要行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股 份中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3 分部須向本公司披露之權益或短倉,或直接或間 接擁有可於任何情況下在本公司股東大會投票之 任何類別股本面值5%或以上之權益或短倉,或擁 有根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄在該條所 述登記冊之權益或短倉:

Long Positions in the Shares

股份之長倉

附註:

1.

Name	Capacity	Number of Shares	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company 佔本公司權益
名稱	身份	股份數目	概約百分比
Precisefull	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	607,200,000 ⁽¹⁾	69%

Note:

1. Mr. Lee holds the entire issued share capital of Precisefull. As such, Mr. Lee is deemed to have a controlling interest in Precisefull and is therefore deemed to be interested in the interests of Precisefull in the Company.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year, the directors and the chief executive of the Company were aware of any other persons (other than the directors or chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or, who were, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company, or which were required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein.

除上文所披露者外,於本年度內,本公司董事及 主要行政人員並不知悉任何其他人士(本公司董事 或主要行政人員除外)於本公司之股份及相關股份 中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3 分部披露之權益或短倉,或直接及間接擁有可於 任何情况下在本公司股東大會投票之任何類別股 本面值5%或以上權益,或擁有根據證券及期貨條 例第336條須記錄在該條所述登記冊之權益或短 倉。

李先生持有 Precisefull 全部已發行股本。因此,

李先生被視為擁有 Precisefull 的控制性權益,並

因此視為擁有 Precisefull 所持有的本公司權益。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

1. Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

On 1 June 2007, an aggregate of 59 pre-IPO share options of 22,000,000 shares were granted to selected persons as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group. Details of the options granted under the pre-IPO share option scheme during the year were as follows:

購股權計劃

1. 首次公開發售前購股權計劃

於二零零七年六月一日, 合共59份有關 22,000,000股股份之首次公開發售前購股 權已授予選定人士, 作為彼等對本集團所作 出貢獻之獎勵或獎賞。於年內, 根據首次公 開發售前購股權計劃授出之購股權詳情如 下:

				Number of shares options 購股權數目			
Category of Grantee/ Name	Date of grant	Exercise Price (HK\$)	Exercise Period	As at 01/01/2009	Exercised during the year	Lapsed/ Cancelled during the year	Outstanding as at 31/12/2009 於二零零九年
承授人 類別 / 姓名	授出日期	行使價 (港元)	行使期	於二零零九年 一月一日	於年內 行使	於年內 失效/ 註銷	
Executive Directors 執行董事							
Mr. Lee 李先生	01/06/2007	0.81	27/06/2008 - 26/06/2011	1,320,000	_	-	1,320,000
Dr. Keung Wing Ching 姜永正博士	01/06/2007	0.81	27/06/2008 - 26/06/2011	880,000	-	-	880,000
Mr. Wong Wing Chuen 黃永銓先生	01/06/2007	0.81	27/06/2008 - 26/06/2011	880,000	-	-	880,000
Mr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan 陳達昌先生	01/06/2007	0.81	27/06/2008 - 26/06/2011	880,000	-	_	880,000
Mr. Zhao Jian ⁽¹⁾ 趙健先生 ⁽¹⁾	01/06/2007	0.81	27/06/2008 - 26/06/2011	880,000	-	880,000	-
Others 其他							
Employees 僱員	01/06/2007	0.81	27/06/2008 - 26/06/2011	15,070,000	-	1,628,000	13,442,000

Directors'	Report (Continued)
	董事會報告(續)

Note:

附註:

Mr. Zhao Jian's options lapsed after his resignation as an 1. executive director of the Company on 16 July 2009.

All grantees of the pre-IPO share options may only exercise the pre-IPO share options granted to them as follows:

- *詂健先生之*購股權於彼在二零零九年七月
- 1. 十六日辭任本公司執行董事後失效。

所有首次公開發售前購股權之承授人僅可按 以下方式行使首次公開發售前購股權:

Period 期間	Maximum aggregate percentage of shares that are issuable upon exercise of the pre-IPO share option granted to each grantee 各承授人行使獲授之首次公開 發售前購股權而可予發行的 股份總百分比上限
From 27 June 2007 (the "Listing Date") to the date immediately before the first anniversary (the "First Anniversary") of the Listing 二零零七年六月二十七日(「上市日期」)至上市日期起計滿一周年當日 (「一周年當日」)的前一日	0% Date
From the First Anniversary to the date immediately before the seconanniversary (the "Second Anniversary") of the Listing Date 一周年當日至上市日期起計滿兩周年當日(「兩周年當日」)的前一日	nd 30%
From the Second Anniversary to the date immediately before the third anniversary (the "Third Anniversary") of the Listing Date 兩周年當日至上市日期起計滿三周年當日(「三周年當日」)的前一日	60%
From the Third Anniversary to the date immediately before the fourth anniversary of the Listing Date 三周年當日至上市日期起計滿四周年當日的前一日	100%
Save as disclosed above, no further options were granted under the pre-IPO share option scheme.	除上文披露者外,概無根據首次公開發售前 購股權計劃進一步授出任何購股權。
Share Option Scheme 2 A share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted pursuant to the written resolutions passed by the shareholders of the Company on 2 June 2007. The purpose of	 購股權計劃 一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)於二零零 七年六月二日根據本公司股東通過之書面決 議案獲採納。購股權計劃旨在向選定人士提

the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to selected eligible persons for their contributions to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will remain valid until 1 June 2017 and each option will be granted at a consideration for HK\$10.

ş 夬 是 供作為彼等對本集團所作出貢獻之獎勵及獎 賞。購股權計劃將一直有效至二零一七年六 月一日及每一購股權將以代價10港元授出。



2.

董事會報告(續)

The participants of the Share Option Scheme may include directors, employees, consultants, professionals, customers, suppliers, agents, partners, advisors and contractors of the Group or a company in which the Group holds an interest or a subsidiary of such company.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and under any other share option scheme(s) adopted by the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the aggregate of the shares at the time of listing. In addition, the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes involving the issue or grant of share options by the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options already granted or to be granted to each participant under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company (including exercised and outstanding share options) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant should not exceed 1% aggregate of the shares in issue as at the date of such grant. Any grant of further options above this 1% limit shall be subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company at general meetings, with such participant and his associates abstaining from voting.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be 32,080,000 shares, representing approximately 3.64% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

The period within which the options must be exercised will be specified by the Board at the time of the offer of grant, and must expire no later than 10 years from the effective date of the Share Option Scheme. There is no general requirement on the minimum period for which an option must be held or the performance targets which must be achieved before an option can be exercised under the terms of the Share Option Scheme. 購股權計劃之參與者包括本集團或本集團持 有權益公司或該公司的附屬公司之董事、僱 員、顧問、專業人士、客戶、供應商、代理 商、合作夥伴、諮詢人及承辦商。

根據購股權計劃及本公司所採納之其他購股 權計劃將予授出之購股權獲悉數行使時可能 發行之股份數目,最高不得超過於上市時股 份總數之10%。此外,根據購股權計劃及 任何涉及發行或授出本公司購股權的購股權 計劃已授出但尚未行使或將予行使之購股權 獲行使時可能發行之股份數目,合共不得超 過本公司不時已發行股本之30%。

根據購股權計劃及本公司所採納之其他購股 權計劃向各參與者已授出或將予授出之購股 權(包括已行使及尚未行使之購股權)獲行 使而於任何12個月期間(包括授予當日)已 發行及將予發行之股份總數,不得超過授出 日期已發行股份總數之1%。任何進一步授 予超過1%上限之購股權必須於股東大會上 獲股東批准,而有關參與者及其聯繫人士須 放棄投票。

根據購股權計劃可能授出的購股權所涉及的 股份總數為32,080,000股,相當於本年報 日期本公司已發行股本約3.64%。

董事會將於授出購股權要約時指明購股權須 予行使的期限,必須不遲於購股權計劃生效 日期起計十年內屆滿。購股權計劃之條款下 並無有關必須持有購股權之最短期限或可行 使購股權而必須達到之表現目標之一般規 定。 The subscription price for any share under the Share Option Scheme will be a price determined by the Board and will be not less than the highest of:

- the closing price of a share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the relevant option, which must be a business day;
- an amount equivalent to the average closing price of a share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a share on the date of the grant.

On 13 March 2008, the Company granted 20,102,000 share options to the Group's employees under the Share Option Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$0.415 per share. A summary of movements of share options of the Company during the year is set out below:

購股權計劃項下股份的認購價將由董事會決 定,惟該價格不得低於以下最高者:

- (i) 授出有關購股權日期(須為營業日)聯 交所每日報價表所列股份收市價;
- (ii) 緊接授出有關購股權日期前五個營業日聯交所每日報價表所列股份平均收市價;及
- (iii) 授出日期股份之面值。

於二零零八年三月十三日,本公司根據購股 權計劃向本集團僱員授出20,102,000份購 股權,行使價為每股0.415港元。於本年度 內,本公司購股權之變動概述如下:

				Number of shares options 購股權數目				
Category of Grantee/ Name	Date of grant	Exercise Price (HK\$)	Exercise Period	As at 01/01/2009	Granted during the year	Exercised/ during the year	Lapsed/ Cancelled during the year	Outstanding as at 31/12/2009 於二零零九年 十二月
承授人類別/姓名	授出日期	行使價 (港元)	行使期	於二零零九年 一月一日	於年內 授出	於年內 行使	於年內 失效∕註銷	三十一日尚未行使
Executive Directors 執行董事 Mr. Lee 李先生	13/03/2008	0.415	13/03/2009 - 12/03/2018	780,000	-	-	-	780,000
Dr. Keung Wing Ching 姜永正博士	13/03/2008	0.415	13/03/2009 - 12/03/2018	580,000	-	-	-	580,000
Mr. Wong Wing Chuen 黃永銓先生	13/03/2008	0.415	13/03/2009 - 12/03/2018	570,000	-	-	-	570,000
Mr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan 陳達昌先生	13/03/2008	0.415	13/03/2009 - 12/03/2018	390,000	-	-	-	390,000
Mr. Zhao Jian ^⑴ 趙健先生 ^⑴	13/03/2008	0.415	13/03/2009 - 12/03/2018	510,000	-	-	510,000	-
Others 其他								
Employees 僱員	13/03/2008	0.415	13/03/2009 - 12/03/2018	13,960,000	-	-	1,602,000	12,358,000



Notes:

- 1. Mr. Zhao Jian's options lapsed after his resignation as an executive director of the Company on 16 July 2009.
- 2. The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
- The closing price of the share immediately before the date of grant was HK\$0.415.
- 4. The fair values of options granted during the year and the respective accounting policy adopted are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statement.

COMPETING BUSINESS

Each of Mr. Lee Yuen Fat and Precisefull has provided a written confirmation, which has been reviewed and confirmed by the independent non-executive directors of the Company, confirming that they have complied with the terms of a Deed of Non-competition entered into between them and the Company for the year ended 31 December 2009.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

On 2 June 2007, the Group entered into a purchase agreement with Chit Shun Machinery Limited ("Chit Shun") for a term of three years commencing from the Listing Date until 31 December 2009, in relation to the purchase of certain die casting machines and parts (together with the maintenance services). Chit Shun is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and beneficially owned by Mr. Lee and an independent third party, in equal share. Mr. Lee has nominated a director to the board of Chit Shun. Besides, Mr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan (as a representative of Mr. Lee) sits on the board of a wholly-owned subsidiary of Chit Shun established in the PRC. Since Mr. Lee is a director and controlling shareholder of Chit Shun, Chit Shun is a connected person of the Company (as defined in the Listing Rules). Accordingly, the transactions between the Group and Chit Shun constitute continuing connected transactions (the "Chit Shun Transactions") of the Group. The Stock Exchange has granted the Company a waiver from strict compliance with the announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for a period of three financial years ending 31 December 2009.

For the year ended 31 December 2009, Chit Shun Transactions totalled approximately HK\$8,021,000 (2008: HK\$6,708,000).

附註:

- 趙健先生之購股權於彼在二零零九年七月 十六日辭任本公司執行董事後失效。
- 購股權歸屬期間為自授出日期起至行使期 開始日期止。
- 在緊接購股權授出日期之前的收市價為 0.415港元。
- 於年內授出的購股權公平值及其採取之會 計政策載於綜合財務報表附註 34。

競爭業務

李遠發先生及Precisefull各自已提供書面確認,並 由本公司獨立非執行董事審閱及確認,彼等於截 至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度內已遵守本 公司與彼等所訂立之不可競爭契據之條款。

持續關連交易

於二零零七年六月二日,本集團與捷迅機械設備 有限公司(「捷迅」)就採購若干壓鑄機器與零部件 (連同維修服務)訂立購買協議,年期由上市日期 起至二零零九年十二月三十一日止,為期三年。 捷迅為香港註冊成立的有限公司,由李先生及一 名獨立第三方按等額權益實益擁有。李先生曾向 捷迅董事會提名董事人選。另外,陳達昌先生(李 先生的代表)為捷迅於中國成立的全資附屬公司 之董事。因李先生為捷迅之董事兼控權股東,故 捷迅為本公司的關連人士(定義見上市規則)。故 此,本集團與捷迅之交易構成本集團之持續關連 交易(「捷迅交易」)。聯交所已授予本公司豁免, 無須嚴格遵守上市規則第14A章有關公告及取得 獨立股東批准的規定,為期截至二零零九年十二 月三十一日止三個財務年度。

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度,捷迅 交易之總額約為8,021,000港元(二零零八年: 6,708,000港元)。 The auditors of the Company has performed certain agreed upon procedures in respect of the continuing connected transactions of the Group and reported to the Board that the Chit Shun Transactions:

- 1. have received the approval from the Board;
- 2. have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and
- 3. have not exceeded the caps as disclosed in the Company's prospectus dated 12 June 2007.

The independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the Chit Shun Transactions and confirmed that they have been entered into :

- 1. in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- 2. either on normal commercial terms or, if there are no sufficient comparables to judge whether they are on normal commercial terms, on terms no less favourable to the Company than terms available from other independent parties; and
- 3. in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float required under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Details of subsequent events are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR

RSM Nelson Wheeler shall retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment, and a resolution to this effect will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the Board Lee Yuen Fat Chairman

Hong Kong, 16 April 2010

本公司核數師就本集團之持續關連交易執行若干 協定程序,並已向董事會匯報捷迅交易:

Directors' Report (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

- 1. 已取得董事會批准;
- 2. 已按照監管有關交易的相關協議訂立;及
- 並無超逾本公司於二零零七年六月十二日所 刊發之招股章程所披露的上限。

本公司獨立非執行董事已審核捷迅交易並確認該 等交易:

- 1. 屬本集團的日常業務;
- 按照一般商務條款進行,或如可供比較的交易不足以判斷該等交易的條款是否一般商務 條款,則對本公司而言,該等交易的條款不 遜於獨立第三方所提供的條款;及
- 是根據監管該等交易之有關協議條款進行, 而交易條款公平合理,並且符合本公司股東 的整體利益。

公眾持股量

於本報告日,根據本公司可以得悉之公開資料及 本公司董事亦知悉之情況下,本公司已按上市規 則之要求,維持足夠公眾持股量。

結算日後事項

結算日後事項詳情載於綜合財務報告附註39。

核數師

中瑞岳華(香港)會計師事務所將退任,惟願意膺 選連任,而重聘彼等之有關決議案於即將舉行之 股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命 **李遠發** *主席*

香港,二零一零年四月十六日

業管治報告

The board of directors (the "Board") believes that good corporate governance practices are essential for promoting investors' confidence and maximizing shareholders' returns. The Board is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance and reviews its corporate governance practices on a regular basis.

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions as set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). During 2009, the Company is in compliance with all the code provisions of the CG Code.

THE BOARD

The Board is collectively responsible for formulating the Group's overall business strategies, monitoring and evaluating its operating and financial performance and reviewing the corporate governance standard of the Company. The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are led by the chief executive officer of the Company. The Board has also delegated a schedule of responsibilities to the senior management of the Company, which include the implementation of decisions of the Board, the co-ordination and direction of day-to-day operation and management of the Company in accordance with the management strategies and plans approved by the Board, formulating and monitoring the production and operating plans and budgets, and supervising and monitoring the control systems. The Board has the full support of the senior management to discharge its responsibilities.

The Board comprises eight directors, including four executive directors and four independent non-executive directors. Biographical details of the directors of the Company as at the date of this report are set out on pages 16 to 19 of this annual report.

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other.

Each of the independent non-executive directors has confirmed in writing his independence from the Company in accordance with the guidelines on director independence of the Listing Rules. On this basis, the Company considers all such directors to be independent.

All the independent non-executive directors were appointed for a specific term of two years and subject to retirement by rotation and reelection at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles of chairman and chief executive officer of the Company are segregated and are not performed by the same person. Mr. Lee Yuen Fat, the Chairman, is responsible for the leadership and effective running of the Board while Dr. Keung Wing Ching, the Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, is responsible for the overall management and supervision of the execution of the overall business strategies of the Group. 本公司董事會(「董事會」)相信良好之企業管治守 則對於提高投資者的信心和增加股東的回報至為 重要。董事會一向致力維持高水平的企業管治及 定期檢討本公司之企業管治守則。

本公司之企業管治守則乃以聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄十四《企業管治常規守則》(「企 業管治守則」)之原則及守則條文為基礎。於二零 零九年,本公司已遵守企業管治守則中的所有守 則條文。

董事會

董事會共同負責制訂本集團之整體業務策略,及 監管和評估本集團其營運與財務上之表現,並檢 討本公司之企業管治水平。本公司的日常管理、 行政及營運均由本公司行政總裁領導。董事會已 將一系列職責轉授予本公司高級管理層,包括執 行董事會的決策、依照董事會批准的管理策略及 計劃對本公司日常運作及管理作出協調及指揮、 制定及監察生產和營運計劃及預算,以及監督及 監察監控制度。董事會亦獲高級管理層全力支持 履行其職責。

董事會由八名董事組成,包括四名執行董事及四 名獨立非執行董事。於本報告日,本公司董事之 個人資料詳載於本年報第16至第19頁。

各董事會成員之間並沒有財務、業務、親屬或其 他重大或相關之關係。

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則的規定就其獨 立性以書面確認;因此,本公司認為該等董事確 屬獨立人士。

所有獨立非執行董事之指定任期為兩年。彼等須 按照本公司組織章程細則的條文在本公司之股東 週年大會上輪值告退及膺選連任。

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席及行政總裁之角色已分開及不是由同 一人出任。李遠發先生為本公司主席,負責領導 及有效地管理董事會;而姜永正博士為本公司副 主席兼行政總裁,負責本集團的整體管理及監督 整體業務策略的執行。 Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee in June 2007. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and approve the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group as well as to provide advice and comments to the Board. The Audit Committee comprises four independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John, Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP, Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP and Mr. Andrew Look and is chaired by Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John, a qualified accountant with extensive experience in financial reporting and controls.

During 2009, the Audit Committee held two meetings to review the financial statements of the Group with the external auditor and discussed on the internal control matters.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was set up in June 2007 and is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment of directors and the management of the Board succession. The members of the Nomination Committee are Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP, Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP, Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John, Mr. Andrew Look and Dr. Keung Wing Ching. Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

During the year, the Nomination Committee held two meetings to review the structure, size and the composition of the Board and make recommendation to the Board and reviewed the terms of employment on the appointment of a new independent non-executive director during the year.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Remuneration Committee in June 2007. The major duties of the Remuneration Committee include reviewing and determining the terms of remuneration packages, the award of bonuses and other compensation payable to directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee consists of Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP, Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP, Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann John, Mr. Andrew Look and Dr. Keung Wing Ching. The Chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Mr. Sun Kai Lit, Cliff BBS, JP, an independent non-executive director.

During 2009, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting and reviewed the remuneration of directors and senior management.

審核委員會

本公司於二零零七年六月成立審核委員會。審核 委員會之主要職責為審閲及批准本集團之財務報 告程序及內部監控系統,並向董事會提供建議及 意見。審核委員會由四名獨立非執行董事組成, 分別為姚和安先生、孫啟烈先生BBS·太平紳士、盧 偉國博士BBS·MH·太平紳士及陸東先生,而姚和安 先生為審核委員會之主席,彼為合資格會計師, 於財務報告及控制擁有豐富經驗。

於二零零九年,審核委員會與外聘核數師舉行了 兩次會議,審閱本集團之財務報表及討論內部監 控事項。

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零零七年六月成立,主要負責就 委任董事及管理董事會之繼任事項向董事會提供 意見。提名委員會之成員包括孫啟烈先生BBS·太 平紳士、盧偉國博士BBS·MH·太平紳士、姚和安先 生、陸東先生及姜永正博士,而孫啟烈先生BBS. 太平紳士為提名委員會之主席。

於本年度,提名委員會舉行了兩次會議,檢討董 事會之架構、規模及組成,並向董事會提出推薦 建議及檢討年內新委任之獨立非執行董事之聘任 條款。

薪酬委員會

本公司於二零零七年六月成立薪酬委員會。薪酬 委員會之主要職責包括檢討及釐定董事及高級管 理人員之薪酬待遇、花紅獎賞及其他報酬。薪酬 委員會由孫啟烈先生BBS·太平紳士、盧偉國博士 BBS·MH·太平紳士、姚和安先生、陸東先生及姜永 正博士組成。薪酬委員會之主席為獨立非執行董 事孫啟烈先生BBS·太平紳士。

於二零零九年,薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議,檢 討了董事及高級管理人員之薪酬。
企業管治報告(續)

ATTENDANCE OF MEETINGS

A summary of attendance of Board and Committee meetings in 2009 are detailed in the following table:

出席會議

席率摘要:

下表載列於二零零九年董事會及委員會會議之出

	Board meeting 董事會會議	Audit Committee meeting 審核委員會會議	Nomination Committee meeting 提名委員會會議	Remuneration Committee meeting 薪酬委員會會議
Executive Directors				
執行董事				
Mr. Lee Yuen Fat	6/6	-	-	-
李遠發先生				
Dr. Keung Wing Ching	6/6	_	2/2	1/1
姜永正博士				
Mr. Wong Wing Chuen	6/6	-	_	-
黃永銓先生				
Mr. Chan Tat Cheong, Alan	6/6	_	-	-
陳達昌先生				
Mr. Zhao Jian ⁽¹⁾	3/6	-	-	-
趙健先生 ⁽¹⁾				
Independent Non-Executive Dire	ctors			
非執行董事				
Mr. Sun Kai Lit, Cliff _{BBS, JP}	5/6	2/2	2/2	1/1
孫啟烈先生 BBS, 太平紳士				
Ir Dr. Lo Wai Kwok _{BBS, MH, JP}	6/6	2/2	2/2	1/1
盧偉國博士 BBS, MH, 太平紳士				
Mr. Yeow Hoe Ann, John	5/6	2/2	1/2	1/1
姚和安先生				
Mr. Andrew Look ⁽²⁾	0/6	0/2	0/2	0/1
陸東先生 ⁽²⁾				
Notes:		附註:		
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1. Mr. Zhao Jian, who resigned as an executive director for the Company with effect from 16 July 2009, attended all the board meetings during his office.

 Mr. Andrew Look was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 16 December 2009. The Board and all Committees did not hold any meeting for the period from 16 December 2009 to 31 December 2009. 趙健先生於二零零九年七月十六日辭任本公司執 行董事一職。彼於任職期間出席所有董事會會議。

 陸東先生於二零零九年十二月十六日獲委任為獨 立非執行董事。由二零零九年十二月十六日至二 零零九年十二月三十一日期間,董事會及所有委 員會沒有舉行任何會議。

企業管治報告(續)

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all directors, all directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2009. The statement of the external auditor of the Company in relation to their reporting responsibility on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on page 38 and 39.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system of the Group in order to safeguard the Group's assets and shareholders' investments. There is currently an internal audit department within the Group. Its duties are to review the systems of internal controls covering all relevant financial, operational and compliance control functions within an established framework. Reports prepared by this department are submitted to the Audit Committee of the Company for review to ensure that an effective and adequate internal control system has been in place.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Total auditor's remuneration in relation to statutory audit work and non-audit services of the Group is set out as follows:

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之標準守則。 經向全體董事作出具體查詢後確認,彼等於年內 一直全面遵守標準守則所載規定準則。

董事就財務報表所承擔之責任

董事確認其對編制本公司截至二零零九年十二月 三十一日止年度財務報表之責任。本公司之外聘 核數師就其對本集團財務報表之申報責任而發出 之聲明,載於第38及第39頁之獨立核數師報告 內。

內部監控

董事會全權負責維持本集團健全和有效的內部監 控系統,以保障本集團資產及股東之投資。現時 集團有一內部審核部門,其職責為檢討內部監控 系統,包括已建立的架構內的所有相關財務、營 運及依從規例監控效能。該部門所編製之報告會 提呈本公司之審核委員會審閱,以確保有效及足 夠之內部監控系統經已存在。

核數師之酬金

1.

本集團付予有關法定審核及非審核服務的核數師 酬金如下:

(In HK\$'000)	(以港幣千元為單位)	2009 2008	8
Statutory audit Non-audit services ⁽¹⁾	法定審核 非審核服務 ^①	880 800 366 175	
Total	總數	1,246 975	5
Note:	附註:		

1. Non-audit services mainly include interim review and tax advisory service.

非審核服務主要包括中期審閱及税務咨詢服務。



Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

RSM. Nelson Wheeler 中瑞岳華(香港)會計師事務所

Certified Public Accountants

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF KA SHUI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Ka Shui International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 40 to 119, which comprise the consolidated and Company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2009, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

致嘉瑞國際控股有限公司 全體股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第40 至第119頁的嘉瑞國際控股有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)綜合財務報表, 其中包括於二零零九年十二月三十一日的綜合 及 貴公司財務狀況表、截至該日止年度的綜合 損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜 合現金流量表以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註 解釋。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the HKICPA. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

董事就財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會(「香港會 計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及《香港公 司條例》披露規定,編製及真實公平地列報該等財 務報表。該責任包括設計、實施及維護與編製及 真實公平地列報財務報表相關的內部控制,以使 財務報表不存在因欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述;選擇並應用適當的會計政策;及按情況作 出合理的會計估計。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核結果,就該等財務 報表發表意見,並僅向全體股東報告。除此之 外,本報告不可用作其他用途。我們不會就本報 告內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。我 們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》 進行審核。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並 計劃及執行審核,以合理確定該等財務報表是否 不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。 Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2009 and of the Group's results and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. 審核範圍包括進行程序以獲取有關財務報表所載 金額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序取決 於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該 等風險時,核數師考慮與 貴公司編製及真實公 平地列報財務報表相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審核程序,但並非為對 貴公司的內部控制的 效能發表意見。審核亦包括評估董事所採用的會 計政策的適當性及所作出的會計估計的合理性, 以及評估財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證乃充足及適 當,可為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據《香港財務報 告準則》真實公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二 零零九年十二月三十一日的財務狀況,及 貴集 團於截至該日止年度的業績及現金流量,並已按 照《香港公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

RSM Nelson Wheeler Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong

16 April 2010

中瑞岳華(香港)會計師事務所 執業會計師 香港

二零一零年四月十六日



Consolidated Income Statement

綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Turnover Cost of sales	<mark>營業額</mark> 銷售成本	6	633,832 (491,578)	685,134 (580,454)
Gross profit Other income Selling and distribution expenses General and administrative expenses	<mark>毛利</mark> 其他收入 銷售及分銷開支 一般及行政開支	7	142,254 3,742 (7,577) (86,472)	104,680 4,710 (9,654) (75,165)
Profit from operations Finance costs Loss on disposal of a jointly controlled	<mark>經營溢利</mark> 融資成本 出售共同控制	9	51,947 (1,610)	24,571 (2,449)
entity Share of loss of a jointly controlled entity Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets	實體虧損 分佔共同控制實體虧損 可供出售金融資產之 減值虧損	18 18	(298) - -	- (1,292) (6,303)
Profit before tax Income tax expense	<mark>除税前溢利</mark> 所得税開支	10	50,039 (12,239)	14,527 (5,892)
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔年內溢利	11	37,800	8,635
			HK Cents 港仙	HK Cents 港仙
Earnings per share Basic	<mark>每股盈利</mark> 基本	14	4.30	0.98
Diluted	攤薄		N/A	N/A

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Profit for the year	年內溢利	37,800	8,635
Other comprehensive income, net of tax: Exchange differences on translating foreign operations Less: Reclassification adjustments for exchange differences to profit or loss upon disposal of a jointly controlled entity	除税後其他全面 收益: 換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額 扣除:於出售共同控制 實體時計入損益賬的 匯兑差額再分類調整	33 (922)	13,230
		(889)	13,230
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司權益持有人應佔年內 全面收益總額	36,911	21,865

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

综合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2009 於二零零九年十二月三十一日

			2009	2008
		Note	二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	15	355,626	323,326
Prepaid land lease payments	預付土地租金	16	48,435	35,625
Club membership	會所會藉		718	718
Investment in a jointly controlled entity	對共同控制實體的投資	18	-	7,470
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	19	-	-
Deposits paid for acquisition of property,	預付購買物業、機器及設備			
plant and equipment and prepaid	及預付土地租金之按金			
land lease payments		20	18,484	30,090
			423,263	397,229
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	21	130,533	125,116
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	22	111,755	97,445
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及		111,100	07,110
other receivables	其他應收款項		15,662	10,155
Current tax assets	即期税項資產		1,600	1,118
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	23	2,230	4,282
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	23	78,171	74,940
			339,951	313,056
Current liabilities			000,001	010,000
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	24	59,260	53,306
Deposits received	已收按金	2,	1,012	2,578
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用		36,880	27,134
Due to a related company	應付關連公司款項	25	2,422	792
Financial liabilities at fair value through	按公平值計入損益賬的	20	_,	
profit or loss	金融負債	26	_	3,047
Short term borrowings	短期借款	27	40.046	25,439
Current portion of long term borrowings	長期借款的即期部份	28	11,300	9,263
Current portion of obligations under	融資租約承擔的		,	-,
finance leases	即期部份	29	12,275	13,207
Current tax liabilities	即期税項負債		6,932	466
			170,127	135,232
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		169,824	177,824
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		593,087	575,053

綜合財務狀況表(續)

At 31 December 2009 於二零零九年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Long term borrowings	長期借款	28	23,879	15,083
Obligations under finance leases	融資租約承擔	29	11,916	18,722
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	31	1,608	1,608
			37,403	35,413
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		555,684	539,640
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	32	88,000	88,000
Reserves	儲備	33	467,684	451,640
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		555,684	539,640

Approved by the Board of Directors on 16 April 2010

董事會於二零一零年四月十六日批准

Lee Yuen Fat 李遠發 Director 董事

Keung Wing Ching 姜永正 Director 董事



Statement of Financial Position

財務狀況表

At 31 December 2009 於二零零九年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	17	10,000	10,000
Current assets Prepayments, deposits and	<mark>流動資產</mark> 預付款項、按金及其他			
other receivables	應收款項		229	296
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	17	315,157	314,157
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	23	75	118
			315,461	314,571
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用		18	-
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	17	24,753	_
			24,771	-
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		290,690	314,571
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		300,690	324,571
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	32	88,000	88,000
Reserves	儲備	33	212,690	236,571
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		300,690	324,571

Approved by the Board of Directors on 16 April 2010

董事會於二零一零年四月十六日批准

Lee Yuen Fat 李遠發 Director 董事

Keung Wing Ching 姜永正 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔權益								
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	Foreign currency translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	Tota equity 權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 Japuary 2000	於二零零八年一月一日	88.000	100 500	213.807	8.036	(0.001)	9.069	4 007	7.666	
At 1 January 2008	☆_~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	88,000	198,589	213,807	8,030	(9,931)	9,069	4,327	7,000	519,560
Total comprehensive income for the year	中内王叫收益 總額			8,635			13,230			21,86
Recognition of share-based	縮領確認以股權	-	-	0,000	-	-	10,200	-	-	21,000
payments	唯心以及權 結算之款項							6,132	_	6,132
Dividend paid	記弁之款項 已付股息	_	_	(7,920)	_			0,102	_	(7,92)
				(1,020)						(1,02)
At 31 December 2008 and	於二零零八年十二月三十一日									
1 January 2009	及二零零九年一月一日	88,000	198,589	214,522	8,036	(9,931)	22,299	10,459	7,666	539,640
Total comprehensive income for	年內全面收益									
the year	總額	-	-	37,800	-	-	(889)	-	-	36,91
Recognition of share-based	確認以股權									
payments	結算之款項	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,893	-	2,89
Dividends paid	已付股息	-	-	(23,760)	-	-	-	-	-	(23,76
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	88,000	198,589	228,562	8,036	(9,931)	21,410	13,352	7,666	555,68



綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務所得 現金淨額	35(a)	76,335	53,883
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Decrease in pledged bank deposits Acquisition of a subsidiary Interest received Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment and prepaid land	投資活動之 現金流量 已抵押銀行存款減少 收購一附屬公司 已收利息 出售物業、機器及設備及 預付土地租金所得款項	35(b)	2,052 72 178	3,120 (1,551) 2,661
lease payments Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、機器及設備		5,709 (53,814)	37 (71,495)
Purchase of prepaid land lease payments Deposit paid for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment (Payment for)/proceeds from loss on financial liabilities at fair value through	預付物業、機器及設備之 按金 按公平值計入損益賬的		(14,119) (3,511)	- (23,558)
profit or loss Proceeds from disposal of a jointly controlled entity	金融負債(付款)/收益 出售共同控制實體 款項		(3,808) 6,250	4,837
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所耗現金淨額		(60,991)	(85,949)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid Net short term bank loans raised/(net repayment of short term bank loans) Repayment of obligations under	融資活動之現金流量 已付股息 新增短期銀行貸款淨額╱ (償還短期銀行貸款淨額) 償還融資租約承擔		(23,760) 15,000	(7,920) (45,010)
finance leases Repayment of long term borrowings Long term borrowings raised	償還長期借款 新增長期借款		(13,826) (11,167) 22,000	(14,107) (6,180) 16,000
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所耗現金淨額		(11,753)	(57,217)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	現金及等同現金項目增加/ (減少)淨額 於一月一日的現金及等同		3,591	(89,283)
1 JANUARY Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	<mark>現金項目</mark> 匯率變動影響		74,501 33	166,039 (2,255)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER	於十二月三十一日的現金及 等同現金項目		78,125	74,501
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Bank and cash balances Bank overdraft	<mark>現金及等同現金項目分析</mark> 銀行及現金結餘 銀行透支	27	78,171 (46)	74,940 (439)
			78,125	74,501

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, P.O. Box 1350 GT, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is Room 1210, Exchange Tower, 33 Wang Chiu Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 17 to the financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, as at 31 December 2009, Precisefull Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, is the ultimate parent and Mr. Lee Yuen Fat ("Mr. Lee") is the ultimate controlling party of the Company.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 January 2009. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"); Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years except as stated below.

1. 一般資料

本公司根據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊 成立為受豁免有限公司。其註冊辦事處地 點為Clifton House,75 Fort Street, P.O. Box 1350 GT, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands。其主要營業地點為香港九 龍九龍灣宏照道33號國際交易中心1210室。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。其附屬公司的 主要業務載於本財務報表附註17。

本公司董事認為,於二零零九年十二月三十 一日,Precisefull Limited(一間於英屬處女 群島註冊成立的公司)為最終母公司,李遠 發先生(「李先生」)為本公司的最終控股方。

採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則

於本年度,本集團已採納適用於本身營運, 由香港會計師公會所頒佈及於其二零零九年 一月一日開始的會計年度生效的所有新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告 準則」)。香港財務報告準則包括香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)、香港會計 準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋。除下列註 明外,採納該等新訂及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則並未使本集團的會計政策、本集團財 務報表的呈報方式及本年度與以往年度呈報 的金額出現重大變動。



For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG 2. KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

a. Presentation of Financial Statements

HKAS 1 (Revised) "Presentation of Financial Statements" affects certain disclosures and presentation of the financial statements. The balance sheet is renamed as the statement of financial position and the cash flow statement is renamed as the statement of cash flows. All income and expenses arising from transactions with non-owners are presented in the income statement and statement of comprehensive income, and the total carried to the statement of changes in equity. The owner changes in equity are presented in the statement of changes in equity. HKAS 1 (Revised) also requires disclosures of the reclassification adjustments and tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income for the year. HKAS 1 (Revised) has been applied retrospectively.

b. Operating Segments

HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance. Previously, HKAS 14 "Segment Reporting" required an entity to identify two sets of segments (business and geographical), using a risks and rewards approach, with the entity's 'system of internal financial reporting to key management personnel' serving as the starting point for the identification of such segments. HKFRS 8 has had no impact on the reported results or financial position of the Group. The primary segments reported under HKAS 14 are the same as the segments reported under HKFRS 8. HKFRS 8 has been applied retrospectively.

The segment accounting policies under HKFRS 8 are stated in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group has not applied the new HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new HKFRSs but is not yet in position to state whether these new HKFRSs would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position.

採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

a. 呈列財務報表

香港會計準則(經修訂)第1號「財務 報表呈報」對若干披露事項及財務報 表之呈列方式構成影響。資產負債表 重新命名為財務狀況報表,而現金流 量表(cash flow statement)則重新命 名為現金流量表(statement of cash flows)。與非權益持有人進行交易所 產生一切收入及開支均呈列於損益表 及全面收益表,而總額在權益變動表 列賬。權益持有人於權益之變動呈列 於權益變動表。香港會計準則(經修 訂)第1號亦要求披露於年內與每個其 他全面收入項目有關的再分類調整及 税務影響。香港會計準則(經修訂)第 1號已獲追溯應用。

b. 經營分部

香港財務報告準則第8號「經營分部」 規定經營分部須根據有關本集團各部 分之內部報告予以識別,該等部分乃 由主要經營決策人定期審閱,以分配 資源至有關分部並評估其表現。香港 會計準則第14號「分部呈報」過往規 定實體須採用風險及回報法識別兩組 分部(業務分部及地區分部),而該實 體之「向主要管理人員提交之內部財 務呈報系統」作為識別有關分部之起 點。香港財務報告準則第8號並無對 本集團之呈報業績或財務狀況構成影 響。根據香港會計準則第14號呈報之 主要分部與根據香港財務報告準則第 8號呈報之分部相同。香港財務報告 準則第8號已獲追溯應用。

香港財務報告準則第8號項下之分部 會計政策列於綜合財務報表附註8。

本集團並未採納已頒佈但未開始生效的新訂 香港財務報告準則。本集團已開始評估該等 新訂香港財務報告準則的影響,但未能對該 等新訂香港財務報告準則是否對本集團的業 績及財務狀況產生重大影響作出結論。

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain investments and derivatives which are carried at their fair values.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the directors to exercise its judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving critical judgements and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these financial statements, are disclosed in note 4 to the financial statements.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below.

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group has control.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

3. 主要會計政策

財務報表乃根據香港財務報告準則、香港普 遍採納的會計原則及香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則及香港公司條 例所規定的適用披露事項編製。

除以公平值入賬的若干投資及衍生工具須作 調整外,財務報表乃按歷史成本作為編製基 準。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報表須使 用若干主要假設及估計,亦需要董事於應用 會計政策的過程中作出判斷。涉及關鍵判斷 的範疇與對該等財務報表屬重大的假設及估 計的範疇於財務報表附註4中披露。

編製該等財務報表所採用的主要會計政策載 列如下:

(a) 綜合賬目

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公 司截至十二月三十一日止的財務報 表。附屬公司為本集團擁有控制權的 實體。控制權指有能力監控一家實體 的財務及經營政策,並從其業務獲取 利益。現時可行使或可兑換的潛在投 票權的存在及影響將於評估本集團有 否控制權時予以考慮。

附屬公司於控制權轉移至本集團當日 全面綜合計算,並於控制權終止當日 不再作綜合處理。

集團間的交易、結餘及未變現溢利會 予以對銷。未變現虧損亦會予以對 銷,除非交易有證據顯示所轉讓資產 出現減值則除外。附屬公司的會計政 策已於有需要時作出變動,以確保與 本集團所採納的政策貫徹一致。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 3 (Continued)

(a) Consolidation (Continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less allowance for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

(b) Business combination and goodwill

The purchase method is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiary in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The method of measuring impairment losses of goodwill is the same as that of other assets as stated in the accounting policy (t) below. Impairment losses of goodwill are recognised in consolidated profit or loss and are not subsequently reversed. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition for the purpose of impairment testing.

(c) Joint venture

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control over the economic activity when the strategic financial and operating decisions relating to the activity require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control (the "venturers").

主要會計政策(續)

(a) 综合賬目(續) 在本公司之財務狀況表中,於附屬公司之投資以成本減除減值虧損撥備入 賬。本公司按已收及應收的股息作為 基準把附屬公司之業績列賬。

(b) 業務合併及商譽

本集團收購附屬公司時採用購買會計 處理法入賬。收購成本按交易當日所 給予之資產、所發行之股本工具及所 產生或承擔之負債,另加收購所引致 的直接成本計量。所收購之附屬公司 之可識別資產、負債及或然負債,均 以收購日之公平值計量。

收購成本高於本集團應佔可識別資 產、負債及或然負債之公平淨值之金 額記錄為商譽。本集團應佔被收購公 司之可識別資產、負債及或然負債之 公平淨值高於收購成本之金額於綜合 損益內確認。

商譽每年進行減值測試,倘環境或情況改變顯示商譽可能減值時,則商譽 或更頻繁作減值測試。商譽乃按成本 減累計減值虧損計量。計量商譽減值 虧損的方法與下文會計政策(t)所載述 計量其他資產的方法相同。商譽的減 值虧損於綜合損益確認,其後不會撥 回。為了減值測試之用,商譽乃分配 予預期將從收購而產生協同效應的現 金產生單位。

(c) 合營公司

合營公司是指本集團與其他團體在共 同控制下而進行經濟活動的合約安 排。共同控制乃按合約同意分享經濟 活動的控制權,而與該活動有關的策 略財務及營運決定必須獲得共享控制 權的各方(「合營伙伴」)一致同意時方 可執行。

For the vear ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 3. (Continued)

(c) Joint venture (Continued)

A jointly controlled entity is a joint venture that involves the establishment of a separate entity in which each venturer has an interest.

Investment in a jointly controlled entity is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the jointly controlled entity in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the jointly controlled entity's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group's share of a jointly controlled entity's postacquisition profits or losses is recognised in consolidated profit or loss, and its share of the post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in the consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in a jointly controlled entity equals or exceeds its interest in the jointly controlled entity, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the jointly controlled entity. If the jointly controlled entity subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a jointly controlled entity represents the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the Group's share of its carrying amount together with any remaining goodwill relating to the jointly controlled entity and also any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

主要會計政策(續)

合營公司(續) (c)

共同控制實體為各合營伙伴另行成立 並擁有權益的合營公司。

於合營公司的投資乃按權益法記入綜 合財務報表,並初步以成本值入賬。 共同控制實體於收購日期收購的可識 別資產、負債及或然負債按其公平值 計量。收購成本高於本集團應佔共同 控制實體的可識別資產、負債及或 然負債的公平淨值的差額已記錄為商 譽。該商譽已計入投資的賬面值,並 在有客觀證據證明投資已減值時,於 每個報告期間完結時就減值及投資進 行測試。任何本集團應佔可識別資 產、負債及或然負債的公平淨值高於 收購成本的差額已於綜合損益確認。

本集團應佔收購後共同控制實體的盈 虧於綜合損益中確認,而應佔收購 後的儲備變動於綜合儲備中確認。收 購後的累積變動於投資的賬面值作調 整。倘本集團應佔共同控制實體的虧 損等於或超逾其佔共同控制實體的權 益(包括任何其他無抵押應收款項), 則本集團不確認進一步的虧損,除非 本集團代共同控制實體承擔責任或支 付款項。倘共同控制實體其後錄得盈 利,本集團只會於其應佔盈利等於應 佔虧損未確認後才會確認其應佔盈 利。

出售共同控制實體所產生的收益或虧 損指出售所得款項與本集團應佔其賬 面值的差額,連同之前任何有關共同 控制實體的剩餘商譽,以及任何累計 匯兑儲備。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要 (Continued)

(c) Joint venture (Continued)

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its jointly controlled entities are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the jointly controlled entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of jointly controlled entities have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(d) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

主要會計政策(續)

(c) 合營公司(續)

本集團與共同控制實體之間的交易產 生的未變現收益,按本集團在共同 控制實體的權益抵銷。除非交易提供 證據證明所轉移的資產出現減值,否 則未變現虧損亦予以被抵銷。共同控 制實體的會計政策已在需要時作出改 變,以確保與本集團採納的政策貫徹 一致。

(d) 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務報表所納 入的項目乃按實體經營業務所 在主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能 貨幣」)計算。綜合財務報表以 港元呈列,而港元為本公司的 功能及呈列貨幣。

(ii) 各實體財務報表內的交易及
 結餘

外幣交易以交易日期適用的匯 率換算為基本確認之功能貨 幣。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及 負債按每個報告期間完結時適 用的匯率換算。該換算政策所 產生的溢利及虧損列入損益內。

按公平值以外幣計算的非貨幣 項目以決定公平值當天之匯率 換算。

當非貨幣項目的收益或虧損於 全面收益中確認,任何該收益 或虧損之匯兑部份於其他全面 收益中確認。當非貨幣項目的 收益或虧損於損益中確認,任 何該收益或虧損之匯兑部份於 損益中確認。

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要會計政策(續) (Continued)

(d) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. (d) 外幣換算(續)

- (iii) 综合賬目時的換算 集團內所有功能貨幣與本公司 呈列貨幣有別的實體,其業績 及財務狀況乃按下列方式換算 為本公司的呈列貨幣:
 - 各財務狀況表所呈列的資 產及負債均按結算日的收 市匯率換算;
 - 各損益表內的收入及開支 按平均匯率換算(除非該 平均匯率並非為交易日期 的適用匯率累計影響的合 理約數,在該情況下,收 入及開支按交易日期的匯 率換算);及
 - 所產生的全部匯兑差額於
 匯兑儲備內確認。

綜合賬目時,換算海外實體投 資淨額及借貸所產生的匯兑差 額於匯兑儲備內確認。當海外 業務被出售,匯兑差額於綜合 損益中確認為出售溢利或虧損 的一部分。

收購海外實體所產生的商譽及 公平值調整被視作海外實體的 資產及負債,並按收市匯率換 算。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 3. (Continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	over the unexpired term of lease
Leasehold	shorter of 5 years and the
improvements	unexpired term of lease
Plant and machinery	5 to 10 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Furniture, fixtures and	5 years
office equipment	
Motor vehicles	5 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Construction in progress represents buildings under construction and plant and machinery pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses. Depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

主要會計政策(續)

物業、機器及設備 (e) 所有物業、機器及設備按成本減累計 折舊及減值虧損列賬。

其後成本僅於與該項目有關的未來經 **濟利益可能流入本集團**,而該項目的 成本能可靠計量時,方列入資產的賬 面值或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。所 有其他維修及保養於產生期間內的損 益支銷。

物業、機器及設備的折舊,按足以撇 銷其成本減剩餘價值的比率,於估計 可使用年期內使用直線法計算,主要 可使用年期如下:

樓宇	按租約尚餘年期
租賃物業裝修	5年或租約尚餘年期
	(以較短者為準)
機器及設備	5至10年
電腦設備	5年
傢俬、固定	5年
裝置及	
辦公室設備	
汽車	5年

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法於 每個報告期間完結時進行檢討及作出 調整(如適用)。

在建工程指興建中的租賃樓宇及待安 装的機器及設備,並按成本扣除減值 虧損列賬。有關資產可供使用後方才 計算折舊。

出售物業、機器及設備的收益或虧損 指出售所得款項淨額與有關資產賬面 值兩者間的差額,並於損益內確認。

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要會計政策(續) (Continued)

(f) Leases

(i) Operating leases

Leases that do not substantially transfer to the Group all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as operating leases. Lease payments (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognised as an expense on a straightline basis over the lease term.

(ii) Finance leases

Leases that substantially transfer to the Group all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as finance leases. At the commencement of the lease term, a finance lease is capitalised at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease.

The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as finance lease payable. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Assets under finance leases are depreciated the same as owned assets.

(g) Club membership

Club membership with indefinite useful life is stated at cost less any impairment losses. Impairment is reviewed annually or when there is any indication that the club membership has suffered an impairment loss.

- (f) 租約
 - (i) 經營租約

將資產擁有權的所有風險及回 報不會大部份轉移至本集團的 租約,分類為經營租約。租約 款項在扣除自出租人收取的任 何獎勵金後,於租約期內以直 線法確認費用。

(ii) 融資租約

將資產擁有權的所有風險及回 報大部份轉移至本集團的租 約,分類為融資租約。融資租 約在開始時按租賃資產的公平 值及最低租賃款項現值(兩者均 於租賃開始時釐定)的較低者入 賬。

出租人的相應債務於財務狀況 表中列作應付融資租約。租約 款項按比例分配為融資費用及 削減未付債務。融資費用於各 租期內分攤,以便為債務結餘 得出一個貫徹的定期利率。

於融資租約下的資產與自置資 產以同樣方法計算折舊。

(g) 會所會籍

具無限可使用年期的會所會籍按成本 減任何減值虧損列賬。會所會籍每年 及當有跡象顯示出現減值虧損時進行 減值檢討。



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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (Continued)

(h) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting charges. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(i) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

(j) Investments

Investments are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

主要會計政策(續)

(h) 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中的較 低者入賬。成本乃按加權平均基準計 量。製成品及在製品的成本包括原材 料、直接勞工及所有生產經常性開支 及分包開支(如適用)。可變現淨值按 一般業務過程中的估計銷售價格減去 估計完成成本及估計銷售所需費用計 算。

(i) 確認及終止確認金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於本集團成為工 具合約條文的訂約方時,於財務狀況 表內確認。

倘從資產收取現金流的合約權利已到 期,或本集團已將其於資產擁有的絕 大部份風險及回報轉移,或本集團並 無轉移及保留其於資產擁有權的絕大 部份風險及回報但保留對資產的控制 權,則金融資產將被終止確認。於終 止確認金融資產時,資產的賬面值與 已收及應收代價及已直接於其他全面 收益內確認的累計盈虧兩者總和的差 額,將於損益內確認。

倘於有關合約的特定責任獲解除、取 消或到期,則金融負債將被終止確 認。終止確認的金融負債的賬面值與 已付代價的差額於損益內確認。

) 投資

投資乃按交易日基準(即購買或出售 投資之合約條款所規定及經由所屬市 場設定的時限交付該項投資之日)確 認及終止確認,並初步按公平值加上 直接應佔交易成本計量,惟按公平值 計入損益賬的金融資產則除外。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要會 (Continued)

(j) Investments (Continued)

Investments are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or available-for-sale financial assets.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are either investments classified as held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. These investments are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of these investments are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets not classified as trade and other receivables, held-to-maturity investments or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Availablefor-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of these investments are recognised in other comprehensive income, until the investments are disposed of or there is objective evidence that the investments are impaired, at which time the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are recognised in profit or loss. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for equity investments classified as available-for-sale financial assets are not subsequently reversed through profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for debt instruments classified as available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently reversed and recognised in profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the instruments can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss. **3.** 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 投資(續)

投資分類為按公平值計入損益賬的金 融資產或可供出售金融資產。

(i) 按公平值計入損益賬的金融 資產

> 初步確認時,按公平值計入損 益賬的金融資產均為持作買賣 或指定為按公平值計入損益賬 的投資。此等投資隨後按公平 值計量。此等投資公平值變動 引起的損益均在損益確認。

(ii) 可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產指並非歸類 為貿易及其他應收款項、持至 到期日投資或按公平值計入損 益賬的金融資產的非衍生金融 資產。可供出售金融資產其後 按公平值計量。該等投資公平 值變動產生的盈虧,在其他全 面收益確認,直至該等投資 出售或確定已減值為止。屆時, 先前在其他全面收益中確認。按 實際利率法計算的利息在損益 確認。

股本投資(歸類為可供出售金融 資產)已在損益確認的減值虧 損,其後不會在損益撥回。倘 債務工具(歸類為可供出售金融 資產)的公平值增加客觀上與 確認減值虧損後發生的事項相 關,則就該等工具已在損益確 認的減值虧損會於其後撥回並 在損益中確認。



For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要 (Continued)

(k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment. An allowance for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the receivables' carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition. The amount of the allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods and recognised in profit or loss when an increase in the receivables' recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to the restriction that the carrying amount of the receivables at the date the impairment is reversed shall not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

主要會計政策(續)

(k) 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易及其他應收款項為無活躍市場報 價,惟具固定或可釐定付款的非衍生 金融資產,初步按公平值確認,其後 以實際利率法按攤銷成本並減除任何 減值撥備計量。貿易及其他應收款項 的減值撥備於出現客觀證據顯示本集 團無法按應收款項原有條款收回所有 到期金額時確認。撥備金額為應收款 項的賬面值與估計未來現金流量現值 (按初步確認時計算的實際利率貼現 計量)間的差額。撥備金額於損益確 認。

當應收款項的可收回金額增加客觀上 與於確認減值後發生的事件有關時, 減值虧損應於其後期間撥回並在損益 確認,惟應收款項於減值被撥回日期 的賬面值不得超過如並無確認減值時 的攤銷成本值。

(I) 現金及等同現金項目 就現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金

項目指銀行及手頭現金、存於銀行及 其他金融機構的活期存款,及可隨時 轉換為已知數額現金且沒有重大價值 變動風險的短期及高度流通投資。應 要求償還及構成本集團現金管理一個 完整部份的銀行透支亦列入現金及等 同現金項目。 Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the vear ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 主要會計政策(續) 3. 3. (Continued)

(m) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

(i) **Borrowings**

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

(ii) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(iii) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(n) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenues from the sales of manufactured goods and trading of raw materials are recognised on the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered and the title has passed to the customers.

(m) 金融負債及股本工具

金融負債及股本工具乃根據所訂立的 合約安排的性質及根據香港財務報告 準則對金融負債及股本工具的定義而 分類。股本工具為證明於本集團經扣 除其所有負債後的資產中所剩餘權益 的任何合約。就特定金融負債及股本 工具而採納的會計政策載於下文。

(i) 借貸

借貸初步按公平值扣除所產生 的交易成本確認,其後則以實 際利率法按攤銷成本值計量。

除非本集團擁有無條件權利, 可將負債的償還日期遞延至報 告期間完結後至少十二個月, 否則借貸被分類為流動負債。

- (ii) 貿易及其他應付款項 貿易及其他應付款項初步按公 平值列賬,其後則以實際利 率法按攤銷成本值計量,貼現 影響微少則作別論,在該情況 下,則按成本值列賬。
- (iii) 股本工具 本公司發行的股本工具按已收 的所得款項,扣除直接發行費 用列賬。

收益確認 (n) 收益乃按已收或應收代價的公平值計 量,並於經濟利益有可能流入本集團 日收益金額能可靠計量時確認。

銷售生產的貨品及原材料貿易的收益 於擁有權的大部分風險及回報轉讓時 確認。所有權轉讓通常與貨品交付及 業權轉讓予客戶的時間相同。

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要 (Continued)

(n) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment are established.

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

主要會計政策(續)

(n) 收益確認(續)
 利息收入按時間比例用實際利息法確認。

股息收入於股東收取款項之權利成立 時確認。

租金收入按租賃期內以直線法確認。

(o) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員享有的假期

僱員年假及長期服務假於僱員 享用時確認。已就僱員因截至 報告期間完結時止所提供服務 享有的年假及長期服務假的估 計負債作出撥備。

僱員病假及產假於放假時始確 認。

(ii) 退休金承擔

本集團向定額供款退休金計劃 作出供款,全體僱員均可參 與該計劃。供款由本集團及僱 員按僱員基本薪金的百分比作 出。自損益扣除的退休福利計 劃成本指本集團應向該基金支 付的供款。

(iii) 離職福利 本集團明確就終止僱用作出承 擔或因在一項實際上不可能退 出的詳細正式計劃下僱員自願 離職而提供利益(及僅在上述情 況下),則可確認離職福利。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要會計政策(續) (Continued)

(p) Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain employees. Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value (excluding the effect of non market-based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non market-based vesting conditions.

(q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(p) 以股權結算之款項

本集團向若干僱員發行以股權結算以 股份支付的款項。按股權結算以股份 支付的款項乃於授出當日按股本工具 的公平值(不包括非市場歸屬條件的 影響)計量。於按股權結算以股份支 付的款項授出當日釐定的公平值,根 據本集團所估計最終就非市場歸屬條 件歸屬及調整的股份,按歸屬期以直 線法支銷。

(q) 借貸成本

直接源自收購、建造或生產合資格資 產,而有關資產需要一段長時間方可 供作擬定用途或出售的借貸成本會撥 充該等資產成本部分,直至該資產大 致上可供作擬定用途或出售為止。尚 未用於合資格資產的特定借貸作短期 投資賺取的投資收入,於合資格資本 化的借貸成本中扣除。

對於一般性借入資金用於獲取一項合 資格的資產,可予資本化的借貸成本 乃以在該資產的支出應用一個資本化 比率釐定。資本化比率為期內適用於 本集團尚未償還借款(用於獲取一項 合資格的資產的借貸除外)的借貸成 本的加權平均值。

所有借貸成本乃於其產生期間在損益 中確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主 (Continued)

(r) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

. 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 税項

所得税為即期税項與遞延税項的總 和。

即期税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計 算。應課税溢利與損益中所確認的溢 利不同,因應課税溢利不包括在其他 年度應課税收入或可扣減開支項目, 而且不包括永遠毋須課税及不可扣税 項目。本集團的即期税項負債乃按報 告期間完結前已頒佈或實質頒佈的税 率計算。

遞延税項乃就財務報表中資產及負債 的賬面值與用作計算應課税溢利的相 應税基間的差額確認。遞延税項負債 通常會就所有應課税暫時差異確認, 遞延税項資產僅於可能會有應課税溢 利而動用暫時性差異、未動用税項資 產可予以抵銷時方 予以確認。於一項交易中,倘因商譽 或其他資產及負債之初步確認(業務 合併除外)而產生的暫時差異且不影 響應課税溢利及會計溢利時,則該等 資產及負債不會予以確認。

遞延税項負債乃就投資於附屬公司及 合營公司而產生的應課税暫時差異 及於聯營公司中的權益予以確認,惟 倘本集團能控制撥回暫時差異以及暫 時差異在可見將來不會被撥回則作別 論。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期間 完結時均會作出檢討,並在預期不再 有足夠應課税溢利可令全部或部份資 產變現時作出相應減值。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要會計政策(續) (Continued)

(r) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(s) Related parties

A party is related to the Group if:

- directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the party controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group; has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or has joint control over the Group;
- (ii) the party is an associate;
- (iii) the party is a joint venture;
- (iv) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or its parent;
- (v) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (i) or (iv);
- (vi) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (iv) or (v); or

(r) 税項(續)

遞延税項乃以預期於償還負債或變現 資產即期應用的稅率並基於報告期間 完結前頒佈或實質頒佈的稅率計算。 遞延稅項會乃於損益中確認,惟遞延 稅項與已於其他全面收益中或直接於 權益中確認的相關聯者則除外,在此 情況下,遞延税項亦會於其他全面收 益中或直接於權益中確認。

倘有法定可行使權利可以即期税項資 產抵銷即期税項負債,且彼等為關乎 同一税務機構徵收的所得税,且本集 團擬按淨額基準結算即期税項資產及 負債,則遞延税項資產與負債會予以 抵銷。

(s) 關連人士

任何一方如屬以下情況,即視為本集 團的關連人士:

- () 該方透過一家或多家中介公司,直接或間接控制本集團、 受本集團控制或與本集團受同 一方控制;於本集團擁有權 益,並可藉著該權益對本集團 行使重大影響力;或共同控制 本集團;
- (ii) 該方為聯營公司;
- (iii) 該方為合營公司;
- (iv) 該方為本公司或其母公司的主要管理人員其中一名成員;
- (v) 該方為(i)或(iv)所述的任何人士 的家族近親;
- (vi) 該方為一家實體,直接或間接受(iv)或(v)所述的任何人士控制 或共同控制,或(iv)或(v)所述之 任何人士直接或間接對該實體 行使重大影響力或擁有重大投 票權;或

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主 (Continued)

(s) Related parties (Continued)

(vii) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

(t) Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets except investments, inventories and receivables to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

主要會計政策(續)

- (s) 關連人士(續) (vii) 該方為終止僱用後福利計劃, 乃為本集團或屬於其關連人士 的任何實體的僱員福利而設。
- (t) 資產減值 於各報告期間完結時,本集團均會審

閱其有形及其中無形資產(投資、存 貨及應收款項除外)的賬面值,以釐 定是否有任何跡象顯示資產已出現減 值虧損。如有任何減值情況,則會估 計資產的可收回金額,以釐定減值虧 損的程度。如不可能估計個別資產的 可收回金額,則本集團會估計資產所 屬現金產生單位的可收回金額。

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與使 用價值兩者中的較高者。於評估使用 價值時,估計未來現金流量乃以税前 貼現率貼現至現值,以反映市場現時 所評估的款項時間價值及資產的特定 風險。

倘資產或現金產生單位的可收回金額 估計少於其賬面值,則資產或現金 產生單位的賬面值會減少至其可收回 金額。減值虧損會即時於損益確認, 惟有關資產乃按重估數額列賬則作別 論,在該情況下,減值虧損被視為重 估減少處理。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產或現金 產生單位的賬面值會增至經修訂的預 計可收回金額,惟調高後的賬面值不 會超逾過往年度並無就資產或現金產 生單位確認減值虧損應予釐定的賬面 值(扣除攤銷或折舊後計)。減值虧損 回撥會即時被確認為損益,惟有關資 產按重估金額列賬,則減值虧損撥回 會作重估增加處理。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要會計政策(續) (Continued)

(u) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(v) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when material.

(u) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件承擔現有法定或 推定責任而可能需要流出經濟溢利 履行有關責任並可作出可靠估計,便 會就無確定時間或金額的負債確認撥 備。倘款項的時間價值重大,撥備會 以履行責任預期所需開支的現值列 報。

倘不大可能需要經濟利益流出,或有 關款額不能可靠估量,有關責任則按 或然負債披露,除非導致經濟利益流 出的可能性極低,則作別論。可能承 擔的責任(其存在與否僅藉一項或多 項未來事件的發生與否而確定)亦按 或然負債披露,除非導致經濟利益流 出的可能性極低,則作別論。

(v) 報告期間完結後事項

提供本集團於報告期間完結時狀況的 額外資料或顯示持續經營假設並不 適當的報告期間完結後事項為調整事 項,並反映於財務報表。非調整事項 的報告期間完結後事項,倘屬重大 時,則於財務報表附註內披露。

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4. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

(a) In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Legal titles of certain land and buildings

As stated in notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements, the titles of two parcels of land and one property were not transferred to the Group as at 31 December 2009. Despite the fact that the Group has not obtained the relevant legal titles, the directors determine to recognise their costs as prepaid land lease payments and property, plant and equipment, on the grounds that they expect the transfer of legal titles in future should have no major difficulties and the Group is in substance controlling those land and buildings.

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(i) Allowances for inventories

The directors identify obsolete and slow-moving inventory items that are no longer suitable for use in production at the end of each reporting period. The directors estimate the net realisable value for such inventories based primarily on the latest selling prices and costs of completion and selling expenses estimated at current operation conditions. The directors carry out an inventory review on a productby-product basis at the end of each reporting period and makes allowance for obsolete items.

Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the carrying value of inventories and allowance/write-back in the period in which such estimates have been changed.

4. 關鍵判斷及估計

(a) 應用會計政策時的關鍵判斷 於應用會計政策過程中,董事已作出 以下對財務報表中所確認金額具有重 大影響的判斷。

若干土地及樓宇的法定業權

誠如綜合財務報表附註15及16所述, 兩幅土地及一項物業的業權於二零零 九年十二月三十一日尚未轉讓予本集 團。儘管本集團尚未獲得有關法定業 權,但由於董事預期未來轉讓法定業 權應無重大困難且本集團實質上控制 該等土地及該物業,因此董事決定於 二零零九年十二月三十一日將該等業 權確認為預付土地租金及物業、機器 及設備。

(b) 估計不明朗因素的主要來源

下文討論有關未來之主要假設及於報 告期間完結時之其他主要不確定估計 來源,而該等假設及不確定估計可能 導致下一個財政年度資產及負債賬面 值須作出重大調整之重大風險。

(i) 存貨撥備

董事於各報告期間完結時識別 一些不再適合生產的過時及滯 銷存貨項目。董事主要根據最 新售價及現時經營狀況下的預 計完成成本及銷售開支估計該 等存貨的可變現淨值。董事於 每個報告期間完結時對存貨逐 一進行檢查,並對過時項目作 出撥備。

倘實際結果或日後預期與原定 估計有差異,則該等差異將影 響存貨賬面值及期間的撥備/ 撥回值。

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4. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES 4. 關鍵 (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(ii) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

The Group determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or nonstrategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

(iii) Impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts

The Group makes impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts based on assessments of the recoverability of the trade and other receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

(iv) Share-based payment expenses

The fair value of the share options granted to the directors and employees determined at the date of grant of the respective share options is expensed over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to the Group's share option reserve. In assessing the fair value of the share options, the Black-Scholes option pricing model (the "Black-Scholes Model") was used. The Black-Scholes Model is one of the generally accepted methodologies used to calculate the fair value of the share options. The Black-Scholes Model requires the input of subjective assumptions, including the expected dividend yield and expected life of options. Any changes in these assumptions can significantly affect the estimate of the fair value of the share options.

. 關鍵判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

(ii) 物業、機器及設備以及折舊 本集團釐定其物業、機器及設備的估 計可使用年限及相關折舊開支。是項 估算乃根據類似性質及功能的物業、 機器及設備的實際可使用年期的過往 經驗作出。當可使用年限與先前估算 的年限不同時,本集團將修訂折舊開 支或將已棄用或出售在技術上過時或 屬非策略性的資產撇銷或撇減。

(iii) 呆壞賬的減值虧損

本集團根據對貿易及其他應收款項的 可收回性評估(包括各債務人的現時 信譽及過往還款記錄)就呆壞賬作出 減值虧損。減值於發生事件或情況出 現轉變,顯示或不能夠收回結餘時產 生。識別呆壞賬須運用判斷及估計。 倘實際結果有別於原先估計,則有關 差異將會影響年內貿易及其他應收款 項以及呆賬開支的賬面值。

(iv) 以股權結算之款項開支 授予董事及僱員的購股權的公平值 (於各購股權授出日期釐定)於歸屬期 間支銷,並於本集團的購股權儲備作 出相應調整。本集團採用柏力克-舒 爾斯期權定價模式(「柏力克-舒爾斯 模式」)評估購股權的公平值。柏力 克-舒爾斯模式為用於計算購股權公 平值的公認方法之一。柏力克-舒爾 斯模式要求輸入主觀假設,包括預期 股息率及預期購股權年期。該等假設 的任何變動均可對購股權的公平值估 計造成重大影響。



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4. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES 4. (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(v) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has certain exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in HK\$, United States dollars ("USD") and Renminbi ("RMB"). The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

關鍵判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

- (v) 所得税
 - 本集團於多個司法權區須繳納所得 税。於釐定所得税撥備時需要作出重 大估計。於日常業務過程中大量交易 及計算之最終税項均屬不確定。倘若 該等事項之最終税項結果與初步記錄 之金額不同,該差異將影響該決定作 出期間之所得税及遞延税項撥備。

5. 財務風險管理

本集團因經營業務而承受多項財務風險:外 匯風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及利率風 險。本集團的整體風險管理計劃集中在金融 市場的不可預測性,故務求降低本集團財務 表現所受到的潛在負面影響。

(a) 外匯風險

由於本集團大部分商務交易、資產及 負債主要以港元、美元(「美元」)及人 民幣(「人民幣」)列值,故本集團面對 若干外匯風險。本集團現時並無就外 匯交易、資產及負債採取外匯對沖政 策。本集團將密切監察其外匯風險, 並將考慮於需要時對沖重大外匯風 險。

5.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the vear ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 5. (a) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

At 31 December 2009, if the HK\$ had weakened 1 per cent against the USD with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$1,091,000 (2008: HK\$2,363,000) higher, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gain on trade receivables denominated in USD (2008: foreign currency forward contracts and trade receivables denominated in USD). If the HK\$ had strengthened 1 per cent against the USD with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$1,091,000 (2008: HK\$9,180,000) lower, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange loss on trade receivables denominated in USD (2008: foreign currency forward contracts and trade receivables denominated in USD).

At 31 December 2009, if the HK\$ had weakened 3 per cent (2008: 10 per cent) against the RMB with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax would have been approximately HK\$2,003,000 (2008: HK\$8,108,000) higher, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gain on trade payables of subsidiaries in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") denominated in HK\$ (2008: foreign currency forward contracts). If the HK\$ had strengthened 3 per cent (2008: 10 per cent) against the RMB with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax would have been approximately HK\$2,003,000 (2008: HK\$11,540,000) lower, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange loss on trade payables of the subsidiaries in the PRC denominated in HK\$ (2008: foreign currency forward contracts).

(b) Credit risk

The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history.

The carrying amount of the trade and other receivables and bank and cash balances included in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

財務風險管理(續)

(a) 外匯風險(續) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日,倘港 元兑美元貶值1%,而其他所有變數 維持不變,則年內除税後綜合溢利 將增加約1.091.000港元(二零零八 年:2,363,000港元),主要由於以美 元計值的貿易應收款項產生外匯收益 所致(二零零八年:以美元計值的遠 期外滙合約及貿易應收款項)。倘港 元兑美元升值1%,而其他所有變數 維持不變,則年內除税後綜合溢利將 減少約1,091,000港元(二零零八年: 9,180,000港元),主要由於以美元計 值的貿易應收款項產生外匯虧損所致 (二零零八年:以美元計值的遠期外

滙合約及貿易應收款項)。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,倘 港元兑人民幣貶值3%(二零零八 年:10%),而其他所有變數維持 不變,則年內除税後綜合溢利將增 加約2,003,000港元(二零零八年: 8.108.000港元),主要由於於中華 人民共和國(「中國」)之附屬公司以 港元計值之貿易應付款項產生之外匯 收益所致(二零零八年:遠期外匯合 約)。倘港元兑人民幣升值3%(二零 零八年:10%),而其他所有變數維 持不變,則年內除税後綜合溢利將減 少約2,003,000港元(二零零八年: 11,540,000港元),主要由於於中國 之附屬公司以港元計值之貿易應付款 項產生之外匯虧損所致(二零零八年: 遠期外匯合約)。

信貸風險 (b)

本集團訂有政策,以確保只向信貸記 錄良好的客戶銷售產品。

本集團就其金融資產所承受最高信貸 風險乃為計入綜合財務狀況表的貿易 及其他應收款項賬面值以及銀行及現 金結餘。



For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

The percentage of trade receivables due from the Group's largest customer and due from the Group's five largest customers in aggregate to the Group's total trade receivables are as follows:

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

本集團最大客戶及五大客戶的貿易應 收款項總值佔本集團貿易應收款項總 額的百分比如下:

		2009 二零零九年 % 百分比	2008 二零零八年 % 百分比
Due from the Group's largest customer Due from the Group's five largest customers	應收本集團最大 客戶款項 應收本集團五大 客戶款項	18 73	18 52

The credit risk on pledged bank deposits, bank and cash balances and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high creditratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. 由於交易對手方均為國際信貸評級機 構評定具有高信貸評級的銀行,故已 抵押銀行存款、銀行及現金結餘及衍 生金融工具的信貸風險有限。

(c) 流動資金風險

本集團策略為定期監督現時及預期的 流動資金需求,以確保維持充足現金 儲備,應付其短期及長期流動資金需 求。

本集團金融負債的到期分析如下:

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

5. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

The maturity analysis of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

		Less than 1 year 少於一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩年至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日				
Long term borrowings	長期借款	12,051	8,049	10,624	6,577
Obligations under finance leases	融資約承擔	12,661	9,069	3,018	-
Short term borrowings	短期借款	40,106	-	-	-
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	36,880	-	-	-
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	59,260	-	-	-
Due to a related company	應付關連公司款項	2,422	-	-	-
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日				
Long term borrowings	長期借款	9,877	8,093	7,553	-
Obligations under finance leases	融資租約承擔	14,174	10,883	8,505	-
Short term borrowings	短期借款	25,514	-	-	-
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	27,134	-	-	-
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	53,306	-	-	-
Due to a related company	應付關連公司款項	792	-	-	-
Financial liabilities at fair value	按公平值計入				
through profit or loss	損益賬的金融負債	3,047	-	-	-

(d) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises from its bank deposits, short term and long term borrowings and obligations under finance leases. These deposits and borrowings bear interests at variable rates varied with the then prevailing market condition.

At 31 December 2009, if interest rates at that date had been 10 basis points lower with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$17,000 (2008: HK\$7,000) higher, arising mainly as a result of lower interest expenses on bank and other borrowings but partly offset by lower interest income on bank and cash balances. If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher, with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$168,000 (2008: HK\$68,000) lower, arising mainly as a result of higher interest expenses on bank and other borrowings but partly offset by higher interest income on bank and cash balances.

(d) 利率風險

本集團的利率風險來自其銀行存款、 短期及長期借款以及融資租約承擔。 該等存款及借款按跟隨當時市場狀況 而變動的不同利率計息。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,倘當 日的利率下跌10個基點,而其他所 有變數維持不變,則年內除税後綜 合溢利將增加約17,000港元(二零零 八年:7,000港元),主要由於銀行及 其他借款的利息開支減少所致,惟部 份影響會由銀行及現金結餘的利息收 入減少所抵銷。倘利率上升100個基 點,而其他所有變數維持不變,則年 內除税後綜合溢利將減少約168,000 港元(二零零八年:68,000港元),主 要由於銀行及及其他借款的利息開支 增加所致,惟部份影響會由銀行及現 金結餘的利息收入增加所抵銷。


For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- (e) Categories of financial instruments at 31 December 2009
- 5. 財務風險管理(續) (e) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日金
 - - 融工具之分類

			2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>
	l assets: d receivables (including nd cash equivalents)	金融資產: 貸款及應收款項(包括現金及 等同現金項目)	200,940	181,795
Financial through	I liabilities: liabilities at fair value n profit or loss: r trading	金融負債: 按公平值計入損益賬的 金融負債: 持作買賣		2.047
	liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計算之金融負債	- 173,787	3,047 131,017
financial li statement respective f	g amounts of the Group's fi abilities as reflected in t of financial position at	the consolidated oproximate their measurements use	財務狀況表反映 各自之公平值。	產及金融負債於綜合 之賬面值概若相等於 公平值等級架構披露 中包括三層:
Level 1:	quoted prices (unad markets for identical ass	· · ·		資產及負債之活躍市 賈(未經調整)。
Level 2:	inputs other than quote within Level 1 that are asset or liability, eithe prices) or indirectly (prices).	observable for the er directly (i.e. as	外,译 格)或	層所包括之報價以 資產及負債直接(即價 間接(即從價格推算) 引出之輸入資料。
Level 3:	inputs for the asset or I based on unobserva (unobservable inputs).	•	而得時	拫據可觀察市場數據 出之資產或負債輸入 無法觀察輸入)∘

(f)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

5. 財務風險管理(續)

Fair values (Continued) (f)

(f) 公平值(續)

Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 31 December 2008:

公平值等級架構於二零零八年十二月 三十一日之各層披露如下:

Description	項目	第1層 Level 1 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 <i>HK</i> \$'000	第3層 Level 3 HK\$'000 千港元	二零零八年 2008 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Derivatives	按公平值計入損益賬的 金融負債 衍生工具	_	3.047	_	3,047
The total gains or losses re including those for liabilities he is presented in the income sta	ecognised in profit or loss eld at end of reporting period			確認之收益或 收益表呈列之	ᡭ虧損包括於報 所持負債。
TURNOVER The Group is principally engaged in zinc, magnesium and aluminium allo		f ;	<mark>營 業額</mark> 本集團主要從事 壓鑄零部件業務		辛、鎂及鋁合金
Turnover represents the net amou	nts received and receivable)	營業額指於年內	銷售貨品的E	已收及應收款項

Turno for goods sold, net of returns and allowances to customers during the year.

淨額(已扣除退貨及給予客戶的折扣)。

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
Sales of goods	銷售貨品	633,832	685,134



6.

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

7. OTHER INCOME

7. 其他收入

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Interest Income	利息收入	178	2,661
Rental income	租金收入	171	68
Sales of scrap materials	廢料銷售	641	1,272
Product development fee income	產品開發費用收入	-	24
Compensation from insurance	保險賠償	180	_
Gain on disposal of listed securities	出售上市證券收益	-	2
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、機器及		
equipment	設備收益	1,665	_
Others	其他	907	683
		3,742	4,710

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group's operation is currently categorised into three operating divisions – zinc, magnesium and aluminium alloy die casting components. These divisions are the basis of the Group's three reportable segments. The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and different cost measurement.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. Segment profits or losses do not include interest income, corporate income, gain or loss from derivative instruments, corporate expenses, finance costs and income tax expense. Segment assets do not include current tax assets, corporate assets, club membership and derivative instruments. Segment liabilities do not include corporate liabilities, derivative instruments, borrowings, obligations under finance leases, dividend payables, current tax liabilities and deferred tax liabilities.

8. 分部資料

為方便管理,本集團現時業務分為三個營運 部門 — 鋅、鎂及鋁合金壓鑄件。該等部門 是本集團呈報主要分部資料的基準。本集團 之呈報分部為提供不同產品之的策略業務單 位。由於有關業務需要不同技術及有不同成 本計量方式,故該等分部乃獨立管理。

經營分部之會計政策與綜合財務報表附註3 所載的相同。分部溢利或虧損不包括利息收 入、企業收益、來自衍生工具之損益、企業 開支、融資成本及所得税開支。分部資產不 包括即期税項資產、企業資產、會所會籍及 衍生工具。分部負債不包括企業負債、衍生 工具、借款、融資租約承擔、應付股息、即 期税項負債及遞延税項負債。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

呈報分部溢利或虧損、資產及負債之資料如

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

下:

SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 8.

liabilities:

Information about reportable segment profit or loss, assets and

8. 分部資料(續)

		Zinc alloy die casting components 鋅合金壓鑄件 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Magnesium alloy die casting components 鎂合金壓鑄件 <i>HK\$'</i> 000 <i>千港元</i>	Aluminium alloy die casting components 鋁合金壓鑄件 <i>HK\$'</i> 000 <i>千港元</i>	Total 總數 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Year ended 31 December 2009	截至二零零九年十二月三十一日 止年度				
Revenue from external customers	來自外來客戶的收益	328,989	139,997	164,846	633,832
Segment profit	分部溢利	23,887	36,877	9,150	69,914
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	13,552	12,633	10,626	36,811
Additions to segment non-current assets	分部非流動資產之增加	30,011	4,943	7,302	42,256
As at 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日				
Segment assets	分部資產	250,282	179,601	130,132	560,015
Segment liabilities	分部負債	50,182	22,871	24,645	97,698

		Zinc alloy die casting components 鋅合金壓鑄件 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	Magnesium alloy die casting components 鎂合金壓鑄件 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Aluminium alloy die casting components 鋁合金壓鑄件 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	Total 總數 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Year ended 31 December 2008	截至二零零八年十二月三十一日 止年度				
Revenue from external customers	來自外來客戶的收益	382,797	128,489	173,848	685,134
Segment profit	分部溢利	22,841	14,051	4,171	41,063
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	11,933	9,439	9,684	31,056
Additions to segment non-current	分部非流動資產之增加				
assets		21,641	36,433	13,207	71,281
As at 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日				
Segment assets	分部資產	213,629	155,075	120,440	489,144
Segment liabilities	分部負債	50,032	14,016	18,804	82,852



For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

8. 分部資料(續)

對賬:

呈報分部收益、溢利或虧損、資產及負債之

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Revenue	收益		
Total revenue of reportable segments	呈報分部之總溢利	633,832	685,134
Unallocated amounts	不分類數目	-	
Consolidated revenue	綜合收益	633,832	685,134
Profit or loss	溢利或虧損		
Total profit or loss of reportable	呈報分部總溢利或虧損		
segments		69,914	41,063
Unallocated amounts:	不分類數目:		
Interest income	利息收入	178	2,661
Corporate income	企業收益	2,073	26
Loss on financial liabilities at fair value	按公平值計入損益賬的		
through profit or loss	金融負債虧損	(761)	(1,487)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale	可供出售金融資產之減值虧損		
financial assets		-	(6,303)
Corporate expenses	企業開支	(19,755)	(18,984)
Finance costs	融資成本	(1,610)	(2,449)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(12,239)	(5,892)
Consolidated profit for the year	年內綜合溢利	37,800	8,635

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities (Continued):

8. 分部資料(續)

呈報分部收益、溢利或虧損、資產及負債之 對賬(續):

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元
Assets Total assets of reportable segments Unallocated amounts:	<mark>資產</mark> 呈報分部總資產 不分類數目:	560,015	489,144
Current tax assets Corporate assets Club membership Investment in a jointly controlled entity	印期税項資產 企業資產 會所會籍 對共同控制實體之投資	1,600 200,881 718 –	1,118 211,835 718 7,470
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產	763,214	710,285
Liabilities Total liabilities of reportable segments Unallocated amounts:	<mark>負債</mark> 呈報分部總負債 不分類數目:	97,698	82,852
Corporate liabilities	企業負債	1,876	958
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Short term borrowings Long term borrowings Obligations under finance leases Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	按公平值計入損益賬的 金融負債 短期借款 長期借款 融資租約承擔 即期税項負債 遞延税項負債	- 40,046 35,179 24,191 6,932 1,608	3,047 25,439 24,346 31,929 466 1,608
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債	207,530	170,645
Other material items – depreciation and amortisation Total depreciation and amortisation of reportable segments Unallocated amounts: Depreciation of property, plant and	其他重大項目-折舊及攤銷 呈報分部總折舊及攤銷 不分類數目: 企業用物業、機器及設備折舊	36,811	31,056
equipment for corporate use Consolidated depreciation and amortisation	綜合折舊及攤銷	2,662 39,473	1,451
Other material items – additions to non-current assets Total additions to non-current assets of reportable segments Unallocated amounts:	其他重大項目一非流動資產增加 呈報分部總非流動資產增加 不分類數目:	42,256	71,281
Additions to non-current assets for corporate use	企業用非流動資產增加	35,276	59,220
Consolidated additions to non-current assets	綜合非流動資產增加	77,532	130,501

Apart from the above, the totals of other material items disclosed in the segment information are the same as the consolidated totals.

除上述外,於分部資料披露的其他重大項目 的總數與綜合總數相同。

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8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

8. 分部資料(續) 地區資料:

Geographical information:

			Revenue 收益		nt assets 資產
		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Hong Kong	香港	344,842	413,821	22,790	5,723
PRC except Hong Kong	中國(香港除外)	59,625	78,943	400,473	391,506
Japan	日本	113,226	90,934	-	-
Others	其他	116,139	101,436	-	-
Consolidated total	綜合總數	633,832	685,134	423,263	397,229

In presenting the geographical information, revenue is based on the locations of the customers. 呈列地區資料時,收益是以客戶的地區為基 準。

Revenue from major customers:

來自主要客戶之收益:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> *000 <i>千港元</i>
Zinc alloy die casting components segment	鋅合金壓鑄件分部		
Customer a	客戶a	121,024	124,672
Customer b	客戶b	126,882	80,827
Magnesium alloy die casting components segment	鎂合金壓鑄件分部		
Customer a	客戶a	5,946	7,862
Customer c	客戶c	112,483	90,120
Aluminium alloy die casting componen segment	nts 鋁合金壓鑄件分部		
Customer a	客戶a	103,200	84,453

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9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 融資成本

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 千港元
Interest expenses on bank overdraft	銀行透支及貸款利息開支		
and loans		942	1,333
Finance lease charges	融資租約支出	668	1,116
		1,610	2,449

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

10. 所得税開支

	2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax即期税項一香港利得税Provision for the year本年度撥備Over-provision in prior years過往年度超額撥備Current tax – PRC enterprise income tax即期税項一中國企業所得税	1,752 (49)	5,290 (69)
Provision for the year 本年度撥備 Deferred tax <i>(note 31)</i> 遞延税項 <i>(附註31)</i>	10,536 _	191 480
Income tax expense	12,239	5,892

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at a rate of 16.5% (2008: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits of Hong Kong incorporated subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2009. Two of the Hong Kong incorporated subsidiaries, Ka Fung Metal Manufactory Company Limited and Wing Yu (Far East) Industries Company Limited, are within the scope of the Departmental Interpretation Practice Note No. 21 issued by the Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong, that they conducted their manufacturing operations by entering into processing arrangements within the processing factories in the PRC, and hence 50% of the adjusted profits were treated as offshore and not taxable in Hong Kong. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is required for Ka May Metal Manufactory Company Limited and Ka Shui Technology Limited since they have no assessable profit for the year.

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度之香 港利得税根據香港註冊附屬公司之估計應課 税溢利以税率16.5%(二零零八年:16.5%) 作出撥備。兩間香港註冊附屬公司嘉豐金屬 製品廠有限公司及永裕(遠東)實業有限公 司乃藉與中國的加工廠訂立加工安排進行生 產業務,生產模式屬香港税務局頒佈的税務 局釋義及執行指引第21號界定的範圍,故 其經調整溢利50%視為離岸溢利,毋須在 香港納税。由於嘉美金屬製品有限公司及嘉 瑞科技有限公司於年內沒有應課税溢利,所 以不需要為此兩間公司作出香港利得税撥 備。

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10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

The new PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") law passed by the Tenth National People's Congress on 16 March 2007 introduces various changes which include the unification of the EIT rate for domestic and foreign enterprises at 25%. The new tax law was effective from 1 January 2008. This tax rate is applicable to Ka Yi Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited.

According to 國發[2007]第39號 (Guofa [2007]39) issued by the State Council dated 26 December 2007 regarding enterprises established and operating in Shenzhen Special Economic Zone, the applicable EIT rates are as follow:

10. 所得税開支(續)

於二零零七年三月十六日第十屆全國人民代 表大會上通過之新中國企業所得税(「企業 所得税」)法引進多項變動包括統一內外資 企業之企業所得税率為25%。新税法於二 零零八年一月一日起生效。此税率適用於嘉 宜科技(惠州)有限公司。

根據國務院於二零零七年十二月二十六日就 於深圳經濟特區成立及經營之企業頒佈之國 發[2007]第39號,適用之企業所得税率如 下:

年份	EIT rate 企業所得税率
二零零八年	18%
二零零九年	20%
二零一零年	22%
二零一一年	24%
二零一二年	25%
	二零零八年 二零零九年 二零一零年 二零一一年

MG Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited is an enterprise established and operating in Shenzhen Special Economic Zone, and hence, it would have to file its quarterly EIT returns at 20% EIT rate in 2009.

Ka Shui Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited, Ka Fung Industrial Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited and Ample Wealth Property Developments (Huizhou) Limited have no assessable profits since their establishment and hence no provisions were made during the year.

No provision for income tax in jurisdiction other than Hong Kong and the PRC has been made as the Group has no assessable profit subject to overseas income tax for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: Nil). 由於創金美科技(深圳)有限公司於深圳經 濟特區成立及營運之企業,因此它於二零零 九年須按20%企業所得税率申報季度企業 所得税。

嘉瑞科技(惠州)有限公司、嘉豐工業科技 (惠州)有限公司及富豐物業開發(惠州)有 限公司自成立以來並無應課税溢利,故於本 年度並無相關税務撥備。

由於本集團於截至二零零九年十二月三十一 日止年度並無海外所得税規限之應課税溢利 (二零零八年:無),故毋須於香港及中國以 外地區之司法管轄區就所得税作出撥備。

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10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

10. 所得税開支(續)

The reconciliation between the income tax expense and the product of profit before tax multiplied by the Hong Kong profits tax rate is as follows:

所得税開支與除税前溢利乘以香港利得税税 率計算所得結果的對賬如下:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	50,039	14,527
Tax at Hong Kong profits tax rate at 16.5% (2008: 16.5%)	按香港利得税税率16.5% (二零零八年:16.5%) 計算的税項	8,256	2,397
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible Tax effect of income that is not taxable	不可扣税開支的 税務影響	2,682	3,169
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	毋須課税收入的税務影響 未確認暫時差異的税務 影響	(830) 3,946	(106) 2,632
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised Over-provision in previous year	過往未確認利用税項虧損之 税務影響 過往年度超額撥備	(748) (49)	_ (69)
Over/(under)-provision for current year Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	本年度超額撥備/(撥備不足) 3 附屬公司税率不同的税務影響	183 (1,201)	(574) (1,557)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	12,239	5,892



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11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO 11. 本公司權益持有人應佔年內溢利 OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The Group's profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

本集團年內之溢利已扣除/(計入)下列各 項:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Allowance for doubtful debts	呆賬撥備	2,715	224
Allowance for inventories (included in	存貨撥備(包含在已售		
cost of inventories sold)	存貨成本中)	4,732	1,108
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	871	752
Bad debts written off	壞賬撇銷	-	867
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debts		628	_
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本	451,768	523,172
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、機器及設備		
and equipment	折舊	39,473	32,507
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、機器及設備及		
plant and equipment and prepaid	預付土地租金之(收益)/		
land lease payments	虧損	(1,665)	74
Loss on financial liabilities at fair value	按公平值計入損益賬的		
through profit or loss	金融負債虧損	761	1,487
Impairment loss on available-for-sale	可供出售金融資產的		
financial assets	減值虧損	-	6,303
Net exchange loss/(gain)	匯兑虧損/(收益)	550	(2,794)
Operating lease charges in respect of	土地及樓宇經營租約		
land and buildings	租金	3,404	2,316
Research and development expenditure	研發開支	2,517	6,717
Staff costs:	員工成本:		
Directors' emoluments (note 12(a))	董事酬金(<i>附註12(a))</i>	8,742	9,594
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金	130,242	124,007
Equity-settled share based payments	以股權結算以股份		
(excluding directors)	支付的款項(不包括董事)	2,213	4,725
Others staff benefits	其他員工福利	8,578	4,279
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions (excluding directors)	(不包括董事)	2,920	5,689
		152,695	148,294

Cost of inventories sold includes staff costs, depreciation and operating lease charges of approximately HK\$138,776,000 (2008: HK\$128,230,000), which are included in the amounts disclosed separately.

Research and development expenditure includes staff costs of approximately HK\$1,471,000 (2008: HK\$2,580,000), which are included in the amounts disclosed separately.

已售存貨成本包括員工成本、折舊及經營租 約租金約138,776,000港元(二零零八年: 128,230,000港元),彼等已各自分別披露。

研發開支中包括獨立披露的員工成本約 1,471,000港元(二零零八年:2,580,000港 元)。

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12. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS (KEY 12. 董事(主要管理人員)酬金及最高 MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL) AND HIGHEST 薪僱員 **PAID EMPLOYEES** (a) 董事(主要管理人員)酬金

(a) Emoluments of directors (key management personnel)

各董事的酬金如下:

The emoluments of each director were as follows:

Name of director		Fees	Salaries and allowances	Discretionary bonus	Share-based payments	Retirement benefit scheme contributions	Total
董事姓名		袍金 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	薪金及津貼 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	酬情花紅 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	<u>以股權結算</u> 之款項 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	退休福利 計劃供款 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	總計 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Year ended 31 December	截至二零零九年						
2009 Executive directors	十二月三十一日 執行董事						
Mr. LEE Yuen Fat	₩11 里争 李遠發先生	_	2,313	171	198	12	2,694
Dr. KEUNG Wing Ching	姜永正博士		1,893	143	130	12	2,034
Mr. WONG Wing Chuen	黄永銓先生	-	1,022	76	134	12	1,244
Mr. CHAN Tat Cheong, Alan	陳達昌先生	_	1,262	95	126	12	1,495
Mr. ZHAO Jian	趙健先生	-	570	-	87	7	664
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. SUN Kai Lit, Cliff BBS, JP	孫啟列先生BBS, JP	150	-	-	-	-	150
Ir Dr. LO Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP	盧偉國博士BBS, MH, JP	150	-	-	-	-	150
Mr. YEOW Hoe Ann, John	姚和安先生	150	-	-	-	-	150
Mr. Andrew LOOK	陸東先生	12	-	-	-	-	12
Total for 2009	二零零九年總計	462	7,060	485	680	55	8,742
Year ended 31 December 2008 Executive directors	截至二零零八年 十二月三十一日 執行董事						
Mr. LEE Yuen Fat	₩1」 里争 李遠發先生	_	2,491	_	384	12	2,887
Dr. KEUNG Wing Ching	姜永正博士	_	1,988	_	260	12	2,007
Mr. WONG Wing Chuen	黄永銓先生	-	962	_	260	12	1,234
Mr. CHAN Tat Cheong, Alan	陳達昌先生	_	1,300	_	247	12	1,559
Mr. ZHAO Jian	趙健先生	-	939	-	256	9	1,204
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. SUN Kai Lit, Cliff _{BBS, JP}	孫啟列先生BBS, JP	150	-	-	-	-	150
Ir Dr. LO Wai Kwok BBS, MH, JP		150	-	-	-	-	150
Mr. YEOW Hoe Ann, John	姚和安先生	150	-	-	-	-	150
Total for 2008	二零零八年總計	450	7,680	_	1,407	57	9,594

There were no arrangements under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2008: Nil).

年內概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬 金的安排(二零零八年:無)。



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12. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS (KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL) AND HIGHEST 薪僱員(續) **PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)**

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included 4 (2008: 5) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining individual for the year ended 31 December 2009 are set out below:

12. 董事(主要管理人員)酬金及最高

(b) 五名最高薪人士

本集團的五名最高薪人士包括4名(二 零零八年:5名)董事,有關酬金詳情 载於上文的分析。於截至二零零九年 十二月三十一日止年度餘下最高薪人 士的酬金如下:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> *000 <i>千港元</i>
Basic salaries and allowances Discretionary bonus	基本薪酬及津貼 酬情花紅	912 68	-
Share-based payments Retirement benefit scheme	以股權結算之款項 退休福利計劃供款	178	_
contributions		12	_
		1,170	-

The emoluments fell within the following band:

酬金介乎以下範圍:

		Number of i 人學	
		2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	_

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

年內,本集團並無向董事或最高薪人 士支付任何作為加盟本集團時或之後 的獎勵或離職的補償之酬金。

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13. DIVIDENDS

13. 股息

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Interim of HK\$0.021 (2008: Nil) per ordinary share paid	已付每股普通股0.021港元 (二零零八年:無)之中期股	18,480	-
Proposed final of HK\$0.011 (2008: HK\$0.006) per ordinary share	每股普通股0.011港元 (二零零八年:0.006港元) 之建議末期股息	9,680	5,280
		28,160	5,280

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basis earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2009 is based on the profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$37,800,000 (2008: HK\$8,635,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 880,000,000 (2008: 880,000,000) in issue during the year.

Diluted earnings per share

No diluted earnings per share are presented as the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary share during the two years ended 31 December 2009 and 2008.

14. 每股盈利 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據截至二零零九年十 二月三十一日止年度本公司權益持有人 應佔的溢利約37,800,000港元(二零零八 年:8,635,000港元)及年內已發行的加權 平均普通股880,000,000股(二零零八年: 880.000.000股)計算。

每股攤薄盈利

由於本公司在截至二零零八年及二零零九年 十二月三十一日止之兩個年度內並無潛在攤 薄股份,故沒有呈列每股攤薄盈利。



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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、機器及設備

		Group 本集團							
		Buildings	Leasehold improvements	Plant and machinery	Computer equipment	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、固定 裝置及	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Tota
		樓宇 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	機器及設備 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	電腦設備 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	辦公室設備 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	汽車 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	在建工程 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	總 言 HK\$'00 <i>千港注</i>
Cost	成本								
At 1 January 2008 Acquisition of a subsidiary	於二零零八年一月一日 購入一間附屬公司	57,462	3,949	205,588	6,468	7,610	7,229	27,046	315,35
(note 35(b))	(附註35(b))	2,825	1,138	5,686	118	71	38	-	9,87
Additions	添置	2,990	1,716	47,010	477	22	1,296	55,422	108,93
Disposal	出售	-	_	(4,106)	(1,169)	(3,599)	(350)	-	(9,22
Exchange difference	四日 匯兑差額	2,967	-	9,207	28	171	271	2,486	15,13
At 31 December 2008 and 1 January 2009	於二零零八年 十二月三十一日及								
Acquisition of a subsidiary	二零零九年一月一日 購入一間附屬公司	66,244	6,803	263,385	5,922	4,275	8,484	84,954	440,06
(note 35(b))	(附註35(b))	-	-	-	-	-	168	-	16
Transfer	轉移	75,044	7,994	957	-	-	-	(83,995)	
Additions	添置	6,655	16,454	42,652	287	1,552	2,066	5,353	75,01
Disposal	出售	(2,828)	(287)	(1,388)	(34)	(808)	(907)	-	(6,25
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日	145,115	30,964	305,606	6,175	5,019	9,811	6,312	509,00
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊								
At 1 January 2008	於二零零八年一月一日	8,039	2,161	67,663	2,953	6,241	3,715	-	90,77
Charge for the year	年內扣除	3,480	1,382	24,591	1,385	532	1,137	-	32,50
Disposal	出售	-	-	(4,106)	(1,169)	(3,560)	(278)	_	(9,11
Exchange difference	西日 匯兑差額	500	-	1,843	21	112	99	-	2,5
At 31 December 2008 and 1 January 2009	於二零零八年 十二月三十一日及								
	二零零九年一月一日	12,019	3,543	89,991	3,190	3,325	4,673	-	116,74
Charge for the year	年內扣除	4,768	2,762	29,030	1,301	489	1,123	-	39,47
Disposal	出售	(318)	(255)	(1,193)	(9)	(603)	(460)	-	(2,83
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日	16,469	6,050	117,828	4,482	3,211	5,336	-	153,37
Carrying amount At 31 December 2009	<mark>賬面值</mark> 於二零零九年 十二月三十一日	128,646	24,914	187,778	1,693	1,808	4,475	6,312	355,62
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年 十二月三十一日	54,225	3,260	173,394	2,732	950	3,811	84,954	323,32

综合財務報表附註(續)

For the vear ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、機器及設備(續) (Continued)

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment pledged as security for the Group's banking facilities amounted to approximately HK\$5,588,000 (2008: HK\$2,527,000).

The Group leases plant and machinery and motor vehicles under finance leases expiring from 3 to 5 years. None of the leases include contingent rentals.

The net carrying amount of plant and machinery and motor vehicles held by the Group under finance leases amounted to approximately HK\$37,201,000 (2008: HK\$45,283,000).

Included in buildings was a property of approximately HK\$5,588,000 of which the title has not been transferred to the Group as certain legal processes necessary for the acquisition have not been completed.

賬面值約為5,588,000港元(二零零八年: 2,527,000港元)的物業、機器及設備已經 抵押,作為本集團的銀行信貸擔保。

本集團按融資租約租用機器及汽車,為期三 至五年。租約並不包括或然租金。

本集團按融資租約所持機器及汽車的賬 面值約為37,201,000港元(二零零八年: 45,283,000港元)。

樓宇包括一個約值5,588,000港元之物業, 由於在購買時所需要的法律程序未完成,所 以其擁有權尚未轉移至本集團。

16. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

16. 預付土地租金

		Grou 本集[
		2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January Additions	於一月一日 添置	35,625 14,119	33,893 -
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments Disposal	預付土地租金攤銷 出售	(679) (630)	(269) _
Exchange difference At 31 December	匯兑差額 於十二月三十一日	- 48,435	2,001 35,625



For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS (Continued)

16. 預付土地租金(續)

The Group's prepaid land lease payments are analysed as follows:

本集團預付土地租金分析如下:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
In Hong Kong: Medium-term leases	香港境內: 中期租賃	14,044	634
Outside Hong Kong: Medium-term leases	香港境外: 中期租賃	34,391	34,991
		48,435	35,625

The carrying amount of prepaid land lease payments pledged as security for the Group's banking facilities amounted to approximately HK\$14,044,000 (2008: HK\$634,000).

Included in prepaid land lease payments is one (2008: two) parcel of land amounted to approximately HK\$7,286,000 (2008: HK\$24,493,000) of which the Group is in the process of applying for the land use right certificate, which has not yet been issued by the relevant government authority in the PRC.

Included in prepaid land lease payments is one (2008: Nil) parcel of land amounted to approximately HK\$14,044,000 of which the title has not been transferred to the Group as certain legal processes necessary for the acquisition have not been completed.

賬面值約為14,044,000港元(二零零八年: 634,000港元)的預付土地租金已經抵押, 作為本集團所獲銀行信貸的擔保。

預付土地租金包括一幅(二零零八年:兩幅) 金額合共為7,286,000港元(二零零八年: 24,493,000港元)之土地,本集團正在為其 申請土地使用權證書,惟該等證書尚未獲有 關中國政府機關發出。

預付土地租金包括一幅(二零零八年:無) 約值14,044,000港元之土地,由於在購買 時所需要的若干法律程序未完成,所以其擁 有權尚未轉移至本集團。

17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 對附屬公司的投資

		Compa 本公言	
		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted investment, at cost	非上市投資(按成本計算)	10,000	10,000

The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interestfree and have no fixed terms of repayment. 應收/應付附屬公司款項為無抵押、免息及 並無固定還款期。

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17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

17. 對附屬公司的投資(續)

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2009 are as follows:

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,附屬公司詳 情如下:

Name 名稱	Place and date of incorporation 註冊成立地點及日期	Issued and fully paid up share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本	Percentage of own interest/votin power/profit sha 應佔權益/投票/ 溢利百份比 Direct 直接	ig aring	Principal activities 主要業務
Ka Shui (Holdings) Company Limited 嘉瑞集團(控股)有限公司	British Virgin Islands ("BVI") 英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)	369,093 ordinary shares of US\$0.1 each 369,093股每股面值 0.1美元之普通股	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Ample Wealth Developments Limited 富豐發展有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股每股面值1美元之普通股	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Ka Fung Metal Manufactory Company Limited 嘉豐金屬製品廠有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股每股面值 1港元之普通股	-	100%	Manufacture of zinc alloy die casting products and components 生產鋅合金壓鑄產品 及零部件
Ka Shui Manufactory Co., Limited 嘉瑞製品有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	100 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each 100股每股面值 100港元之普通股	-	100%	Sale of zinc, magnesium and aluminium alloy die casting products and components 銷售鋅、鎂及鋁合金壓鑄 產品及零部件
MG Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited 創金美科技(深圳)有限公司	The PRC 中國	Registered capital HK\$150,000,000 註冊資本150,000,000港元	-	100%	Sale and manufacture of magnesium and aluminium alloy die casting products and components 銷售及生產鎂及鋁合金 壓鑄產品及零部件
Ka Shui Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited 嘉瑞科技(惠州)有限公司	The PRC 中國	Registered capital HK\$110,000,000 註冊資本110,000,000港元	-	100%	Inactive 暫無業務



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17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 17. 對附屬公司的投資(續)

Name	Place and date of incorporation	Issued and fully paid up share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 計皿溶本	Percentage of ov interest/voti power/profit sl 應佔權益/投票 溢利百份比	ing haring Į權/	Principal activities 主要業務
名稱	註冊成立地點及日期	註冊資本	应利日切口 Direct 直接	t Indirect 間接	土安耒肦
Elegant Shine Investments Limited 雅輝投資有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股每股面值1美元之普通股	-	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Ample Wealth Property Developmen (Huizhou) Limited 富豐物業開發(惠州)有限公司	ts The PRC 中國	Registered capital HK\$6,800,000 註冊資本6,800,000港元	-	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Ka Shui Technology Limited 嘉瑞科技有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股每股面值 1港元之普通股	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Wing Yu (Far East) Industries Company Limited 永裕(遠東)實業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	100,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 100,000股每股面值 1港元之普通股	-	100%	Provision of surface finishir treatment services 提供表面處理服務
Ka Yi Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited 嘉宜科技(惠州)有限公司	The PRC 中國	Registered capital HK\$20,000,000* 註冊資本20,000,000港元*	-	100%	Sale and manufacture of zinc and aluminium alloy die casting products and components 銷售及生產鋅及鋁合金 壓鑄產品及零部件
Ka May Metal Manufactory Company Limited 嘉美金屬製品有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each 1股每股面值1港元之普通股	-	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Ka Fung Industrial Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited 嘉豐工業科技(惠州)有限公司	The PRC 中國	Registered capital HK\$2,000,000 註冊資本2,000,000港元	-	100%	Sale and manufacture of products and componen with plastic contents 銷售及生產含塑膠部件之 產品及零部件

As at 31 December 2009, only HK\$12,000,000 had been paid up.

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,只有 12,000,000 港元已繳付。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

MG Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited, Ka Shui Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited, Ample Wealth Property Developments (Huizhou) Limited, Ka Yi Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited and Ka Fung Industrial Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited are wholly-foreign owned enterprises established in the PRC.

17. 對附屬公司的投資(續)

創金美科技(深圳)有限公司、嘉瑞科技(惠 州)有限公司、富豐物業開發(惠州)有限公 司、嘉宜科技(惠州)有限公司及嘉豐工業 科技(惠州)有限公司為於中國成立之外商獨 資企業。

18. INVESTMENT IN A JOINTLY CONTROLLED 18. 對共同控制實體的投資 ENTITY

		Grouj 本集團	
		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Unlisted investment Share of net assets	非上市投資 應佔資產淨值	_	7,470

Details of the jointly controlled entity at 31 December 2009 are as follows:

於二零零九年十二月三十一日本集團之共同 控制實體詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of registration 註冊地點	Issued and paid up capital 已發行及繳足資本	Percentage of ownership interest/ profit sharing 應佔權益/ 溢利百份比	Principal activities 主要業務
Ka Shui Yinguang Technology (Wenxi) Limited 嘉瑞銀光科技(聞喜)有限公司	The PRC 中國	Registered capital of RMB20,000,000 註冊資本人民幣 20,000,000元	40%	Manufacture of magnesium alloy die casting products and components 生產鎂合金壓鑄件 及零部件

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18. INVESTMENT IN A JOINTLY CONTROLLED 18. 對共同控制實體的投資(續) ENTITY (Continued)

The following amounts are the Group's share of assets, liabilities, turnover and expenses of the jointly controlled entity that are accounted for and included in the Group's financial statements using equity method of accounting. 以下為本集團分佔該共同控制實體的資產、 負債、營業額及開支之數額,乃按權益會計 法在本集團財務報表內列賬。

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		
Current assets	流動資產	-	2,798
Non-current assets	非流動資產	-	5,386
Current liabilities	流動負債	-	(714)
Net assets	資產淨值	-	7,470
Year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Turnover	營業額	-	2,818
Other income	其他收入	-	34
Expenses	開支	-	4,144
Group's share of loss of the	本集團分佔共同控制實體之		
jointly controlled entity for the year	年內虧損	-	(1,292)

The Group disposed the investment in a jointly controlled entity during the year ended 31 December 2009 at a consideration of RMB5,500,000. This disposal incurred a loss of approximately HK\$298,000 for the Group.

本集團於截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止 年度內以人民幣5,500,000作價出售對共同 控制實體的投資。此出售為本集團帶來約 298,000港元之損失。

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19. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS 19. 可供出售金融資產

Unlisted equity is carried at cost as it does not have a quoted market price in an active market and the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that its fair value cannot be reliably measured. 由於非上市股本並無活躍市場報價,而合理 公平值估計的範圍又太大,本公司董事認為 其公平值不能準確計算,故非上市股本投資 乃按成本入賬。

20. DEPOSITS PAID FOR ACQUISITION OF 20. 預付購 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND 付土地 PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

At 31 December 2009, included in deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and prepaid land lease payments was a deposit of approximately HK\$9.7 million (2008: HK\$9.8 million) paid to a related company, Chit Shun Machinery Limited, for the acquisition of machinery.

20. 預付購買物業、機器及設備及預 付土地租金之按金

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,就預付購買 物業、機器及設備及預付土地租金之按金包 括就購買機器而向一間關連公司捷迅機械 設備有限公司支付之按金約9,700,000 港元 (二零零八年:9,800,000 港元)。

21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

			Group 本集團	
		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	
Raw materials Consumables supplies and spare parts Work in progress Finished goods	原材料 消耗品及備用零部件 在製品 製成品	64,435 8,554 34,714 27,562	62,831 6,070 26,719 30,604	
Less: Allowance for inventories	減:存貨撥備	135,265 (4,732) 130,533	126,224 (1,108) 125,116	



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22. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group's trading terms with customers are mainly on credit. The credit terms generally ranged from 30 to 90 days (2008: 30 to 90 days). Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the directors. The ageing analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date, and net of allowance, is stated as follows:

22. 貿易應收款項

本集團與客戶之交易大部分以信貸方式進 行。信貸期通常為30日至90日不等(二零 零八年:30日至90日)。各客戶均有最高 信貸限額。本集團致力嚴格控制其未收取之 應收款項。董事對逾期欠款進行定期檢查。 基於發票日期之貿易應收款項(扣除折扣) 之賬齡分析如下:

		Grou 本集團	
		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
0 to 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days Over 180 days	零至30日 31日至60日 61日至90日 91日至180日 180日以上	69,725 24,522 13,454 3,376 678	52,245 21,572 13,983 9,084 561
		111,755	97,445

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

貿易應收款項賬面值乃以下列貨幣為單位:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
HK\$	港元	29,565	10,289
USD	美元	73,788	69,248
RMB	人民幣	7,599	16,194
Others	其他	803	1,714
		111,755	97,445

At 31 December 2009, an allowance was made for estimated irrecoverable trade receivables of approximately HK\$3,204,000 (2008: HK\$1,053,000).

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,已就估計 無法收回之貿易應收款項作出的撥備約 3,204,000港元(二零零八年:1,053,000港 元)。

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22. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

22. 貿易應收款項(續)

Reconciliation of allowance for trade receivables:

貿易應收款項撥備之對賬:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January	於一月一日	1,053	803
Allowance for the year	本年度撥備	2,715	224
Reversal	回撥	(628)	_
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	64	26
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	3,204	1,053

At 31 December 2009, trade receivables of approximately HK\$13,241,000 (2008: HK\$38,609,000) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables, based on the due date, is as follows:

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,約 13,241,000港元(二零零八年:38,609,000 港元)的貿易應收款項為逾期但無減值撥 備。該等款項與眾多最近並無拖欠紀錄的獨 立客戶有關。逾期貿易應收款項根據到期日 的賬齡分析如下:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Up to 3 months	3個月以內	12,532	34,861
4 to 6 months Over 6 months	4至6個月 6個月以上	709	2,655 1,093
		13,241	38,609

23. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND BANK AND **CASH BALANCES**

The Group's pledged bank deposits represented deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group as set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements. The deposits were denominated in HK\$ and arranged at floating interest rate ranging from 0.1% to 1.0% per annum (2008: 2.0% to 2.8% per annum) and therefore are subject to cash flow interest rate risk.

23. 已抵押銀行存款與銀行及現金結 餘

本集團已抵押銀行存款指載於綜合財務報表 附註30有關本集團為取得銀行信貸而抵押 予銀行的存款。該等存款以港元為單位,以 年利率0.1%至1.0%(二零零八年:2.0%至 2.8%)的浮動利率計息,故須承受現金流量 利率風險。



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23. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND BANK AND 23 CASH BALANCES (Continued)

Bank and cash balances amounted to approximately HK\$62,948,000 (2008: HK\$25,944,000) were denominated in RMB. Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sales and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

The carrying amounts of bank and cash balances are denominated in the following currencies:

23. 已抵押銀行存款與銀行及現金結 餘(續)

銀行及現金結餘約62,948,000港元(二零零 八年:25,944,000港元)以人民幣為單位。 人民幣兑換外幣受中國外匯管理條例及結 匯、售匯及付匯管理規定所限制。

銀行及現金結餘之賬面值以下列貨幣為單 位:

			Company 本公司		up 画
		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'0</i> 00 <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2009 二零零九年 HK\$ [°] 000 <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
HK\$ USD RMB Others	港元 美元 人民幣 其他	75 - -	118 - - -	2,637 12,301 62,948 285	34,570 13,618 25,944 808
		75	118	78,171	74,940

The bank and cash balances earned interest at floating interest rate ranging from 0.01% to 0.4% per annum (2008: 0.01% to 2.8% per annum).

銀行及現金結餘以浮動利率由年利率0.01% 至0.4%賺取利息(二零零八年:年利率 0.01%至2.8%)。

24. TRADE PAYABLES

The ageing analysis of trade payables, based on the date of receipt of goods, is as follows:

24. 貿易應付款項

貿易應付款項按收貨日期計算的賬齡分析如 下:

			Group 本集團		
		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>		
0 to 30 days	零至30日	32,061	26,826		
31 to 60 days	31至60日	19,569	16,343		
61 to 90 days	61日至90日	2,037	7,180		
91 to 180 days	91日至180日	2,994	1,306		
Over 180 days	180日以上	2,599	1,651		
		59.260	53.306		

Chit Shun Machinery Limited 捷迅機械設備有限公司

The amount due to a related company is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. Mr. Lee has significant influence in the related company.

應付關連公司的款項為無抵押、免息及須在 要求時即期償還。李先生在關連公司擁有重 大影響力。

千港元

2.422

26. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE 26. 按公平值計入損益賬的金融負債 THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	Group 本集團	
	2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
Foreign currency forward contracts 遠期外匯合約	-	3,047

25. DUE TO A RELATED COMPANY

follows:

Particulars of the amount due to a related company are as

25. 應付關連公司款項

應付關連公司款項詳情如下:

Included in trade payables is an amount of Nil (2008:
HK\$804,000) due to a jointly controlled entity.

59,260 53,306

港元

美元

其他

人民幣

貿易應付款項包括應付共同控制實體0港元 (二零零八年:804,000港元)。

> Group 本集團 2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000

24. TRADE PAYABLES (Continued)

HK\$

USD

RMB

Others

24. 貿易應付款項(續)

For the vear ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables are	Э
denominated in the following currencies:	

,	Nev 1 J WY. X V	mer /	
貿易層	医付款項賬面的	百以下列貨幣為5	單位

2009 二零零九年

> HK\$'000 千港元

> > 13,819

40,745

2,946

1,750

÷

二零零八年

6,206

6,483

39,126

1,491

HK\$'000

792

		$(\bigcirc$.
INOTES TO	Consolidated Financial Statements (Continuea,)

综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE 26. 按 THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued) (編

The carrying amount of the above financial liabilities is classified as held for trading.

The investments included above represent investments in derivatives that offer the Group the opportunity for return through fair value gains. The underlying currency is USD and RMB. The notional amounts of foreign currencies to be acquired or sold under contracts are set out below:

26. 按公平值計入損益賬的金融負債 (續)

上述金融負債賬面值列為持作買賣類別。

上述投資代表衍生工具投資而提供本集團取 得公平值升值回報之機會。相關貨幣為美元 及人民幣。根據合約將收購或出售之外幣名 義金額載列如下:

)09 零九年	200 二零零	
	Notional amount 名義金額	HK\$ equivalent 港元等值	Notional amount 名義金額	HK\$ equivalent 港元等值
Sales of HK\$ in exchange for USD 出售	港元換取美元 –	-	USD18 million 18,000,000美元	140.4 million 140,400,000元
Sales of USD in exchange for HK\$ 出售	美元換取港元 –	-	USD34 million 34,000,000美元	265.2 million 265,200,000元
Sales of USD in exchange for RMB 出售	美元換取人民幣 –	-	USD39 million 39,000,000美元	304.2 million 304,200,000元
Sales of RMB in exchange for USD 出售,	人民幣換取美元 –	-	USD2 million 2,000,000美元	15.6 million 15,600,000元

The foreign currency forward contracts have no fixed coupon rate and have maturity of approximately 1 year. The fair values of the derivatives are determined by reference to the market exchange rate at year end and the forward rates stated in the contracts. 遠期外匯合約並無固定票息率,並約於1年 到期。衍生工具之公平值以年終的市場匯率 及合約訂明的遠期匯率釐定。

27. SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

27. 短期借款

			Group 本集團	
		2009 二零零九年 二零 <i>HK\$'000 H</i> <i>千港元</i>		
Factoring loan <i>(note 30)</i> Short term bank loans <i>(note 30)</i> Bank overdraft <i>(note 30)</i>	應收賬款貸款(附註30) 短期銀行貸款(附註30) 銀行透支(附註30)	5,000 35,000 46	- 25,000 439	
		40.046	25.439	

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

28. 長期借款

27. SHORT TERM BORROWINGS (Continued)

Short term bank loans were arranged at floating interest rates ranging from 1.6% to 2.3% per annum (2008: 1.9% to 2.3% per annum) and exposed the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Short term bank loans were secured by the Group's fixed deposits, properties as well as corporate guarantees provided by the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Company.

The carrying amount of the short term bank loans are denominated in HK\$.

27. 短期借款(續)

短期銀行貸款的浮動年利率分別為1.6% 至2.3%(二零零八年:年利率為1.9%至 2.3%),故本集團須承擔現金流量利率風 險。短期銀行貸款以本集團的定期存款、物 業及本公司及其若干附屬公司提供的公司擔 保作為抵押。

短期銀行貸款賬面值以港元為單位。

28. LONG TERM BORROWINGS

Group 本集團 2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 Secured bank loans (note 30) 有抵押銀行貸款(附註30) 35.179 24,346 Current portion of long term borrowings 長期借款的即期部份 (11, 300)(9,263) 23,879 15,083

The carrying amounts of the Group's long term borrowings are denominated in HK\$.

本集團長期借款賬面值以港元為單位。

The bank loans are repayable as follows:

銀行貸款的還款期如下:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
On demands or within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive After 5 years	於要求時即時償還或一年內 第二年 第三至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年之後	11,300 7,550 10,046 6,283	9,263 7,750 7,333 –
		35,179	24,346

At 31 December 2009, long term borrowings were arranged at floating interest rates ranging from 1.9% to 3.1% per annum (2008: 2.9% to 3.1% per annum) and exposed the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

Long term bank loans were secured by the Group's fixed deposits, properties, corporate guarantees provided by the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Company.

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,長期借款的 浮動年利率為1.9%至3.1%(二零零八年: 年利率為2.9%至3.1%),故本集團須承擔 現金流量利率風險。

長期銀行貸款以本集團的定期存款、物業、 本公司及其若干附屬公司提供的公司擔保作 為抵押。

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29. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

Obligations under finance leases are repayable as follows:

29. 融資租約承擔

融資租約承擔的還款期如下:

	Group 本集團			
	Minimum paymo 最低租 2009	ents 賃款 2008	Present v minimum payme 最低租賃 2009	n lease ents 款現值 2008
	二零零九年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	二零零九年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Within one year 一年內 In the second to fifth years, 第二年至第五年	12,661	14,174	12,275	13,207
inclusive (包括首尾兩年)	12,087 24,748	19,388 33,562	11,916 24,191	18,722 31,929
Less: Future finance lease 減:未來融資 charges 租約支出	(557)	(1,633)	N/A	N/A
Present value of lease obligations 租約承擔現值	24,191	31,929	24,191	31,929
Less: Amount due for settlement 減:12個月內到期 within 12 months (shown 結算款項 under current liabilities) (列為流動負債)			(12,275)	(13,207)
Amount due for settlement 12個月後到期結算款項 after 12 months			11,916	18,722

It is the Group's policy to lease certain of its plant and machinery and motor vehicles under finance leases. The average lease term is 3 to 5 years.

At 31 December 2009, leases of approximately HK\$161,000 (2008: HK\$575,000) were arranged at fixed interest rates and exposed the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The remaining borrowings were arranged at floating rates, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

本集團的政策是以融資租約方式租賃其若干 機器設備及汽車,平均租賃年期為3至5年。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,約161,000 港元(二零零八年:575,000港元)的租約按 固定利率計息,故本集團須承擔公平值利率 風險。其他借款按浮動利率計息,故本集團 須承擔現金流量利率風險。

The interest rates are analysed as follows:

利率分析如下:

		2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年
Fixed rate leases	固定利率租約	7.0%	4.8% to 9.9%
Floating rate leases	浮動利率租約	1.8% to 5.7%	2.8% to 7.0%

All leases are on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments.

全部租約均有固定還款期且並無訂立任何或 然租金安排。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

29. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES 29. 融資租約承擔(續) (Continued)

All obligations under finance leases are denominated in HK\$.

The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets.

30. BANKING FACILITIES

As at 31 December 2009, the Group had available banking facilities of approximately HK\$250 million (2008: HK\$269 million), which were utilised to the extent of approximately HK\$93 million (2008: HK\$67 million). These banking facilities were secured by the following:

- (a) corporate guarantees provided by the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Company;
- (b) the Group's bank deposits of approximately HK\$2 million (2008: HK\$4 million);
- (c) a property situated in Hong Kong owned by the Group; and
- (d) lessors' title to the leased assets under finance leases.

31. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group, and the movements thereon, during the year:

全部融資租約承擔均以港元計算。

本集團的融資租約承擔以出租人的租賃資產 所有權作為擔保。

30. 銀行信貸

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團可 動用的銀行信貸約為250,000,000港元(二 零零八年:269,000,000港元),而已動用 的數額約為93,000,000港元(二零零八年: 67,000,000港元)。此等銀行信貸以下列項 目作為抵押:

- (a) 本公司及本公司某些附屬公司提供的 公司擔保;
- (b) 本集團的銀行存款約2,000,000港元 (二零零八年:4,000,000港元);
- (c) 本集團擁有的一項香港物業;及
- (d) 出租人擁有融資租約出租的資產所有 權。

31. 遞延税項負債

以下為本集團於年內已確認的主要遞延税項 負債及資產與相關變動:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2008	於二零零八年一月一日	1,128
Charge to profit or loss for the year (note 10)	自年內損益扣除(附註10)	480
At 31 December 2008 and 2009	於二零零八及二零零九年十二月三十一日	1,608



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31. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences in respect of the pre-operating expenses of the PRC subsidiaries of approximately HK\$7,592,000 (2008: HK\$9,600,000) and HK\$11,025,000 (2008: Nil) available for offset against future profits respectively. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of these tax losses and deductible temporary differences (2008: Nil) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$2,452,000 (2008: Nil) that will expire in 2014. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely. The unrecognised deductible temporary differences can be carried forward for five years since the commencement date of the operation of these PRC subsidiaries.

At the end of the reporting period, the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with undistributed earnings of subsidiaries for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised is approximately HK\$36,204,000 (2008: Nil). No liability has been recognised in respect of these differences because the Group is in a position to control the timing of reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

31. 遞延税項負債(續)

於報告期間完結時,本集團有未動用税項虧 損及就中國附屬公司之開業前費用有可扣除 臨時差額分別約7,592,000港元(二零零八 年:9,600,000港元)及11,025,000港元(二 零零八年:無)可供抵銷未來溢利。並無就 該等税項虧損及可扣除臨時差額確認遞延税 項資產(二零零八年:無),原因為未能確 定未來溢利流入。未確認税項虧損包含虧 損約2,452,000港元(二零零八年:無)將於 二零一四年到期。其他税項虧損可無限期結 轉。未確認可扣除臨時差額可由此等中國附 屬公司開業日期起結轉五年。

於報告期間完結時,與附屬公司未分派盈利 有關而未確認遞延税項負債之臨時差額合共 約36,204,000港元(二零零八年:無)。並 無就此等差額確認負債,原因為本集團能控 制臨時差額的回撥,而該差額將不可能於可 見未來回撥。

32. SHARE CAPITAL

32. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each At 1 January 2008, 31 December 2008 and 31 December 2009	法定: 每股面值0.1港元的普通股 於二零零八年一月一日、 二零零八年十二月三十一日及 二零零九年十二月三十一日	5,000,000,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each At 1 January 2008, 31 December 2008 and 31 December 2009	已發行及繳足: 每股面值0.1港元的普通股 於二零零八年一月一日、 二零零八年十二月三十一日及 二零零九年十二月三十一日	880,000,000	88,000

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32. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained earnings. The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a semi-annual basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt. The Group has a target gearing ratio of not more than 30% determined as the proportion of net debt to equity.

32. 股本(續)

本集團管理其資本以確保本集團將可持續經 營,而持份者亦可透過優化債務及權益結餘 取得最大回報。本集團的整體策略與去年無 異。

本集團的資本架構包括現金及等同現金項目 及本公司權益持有人應佔權益,包括已發行 股本、儲備及保留盈利。本公司董事每半年 檢討一次資本架構。於進行檢討時,董事考 慮資本成本及有關各類資本的風險。根據董 事的建議,本集團將透過派付股息、發行新 股及購回股份以及發行新債項或贖回現有債 項,藉以平衡整體資本架構。本集團的目標 資本負債比率(即債務淨額與權益的比率) 為不超逾30%。

於年終的資本負債比率如下:

The gearing ratio at the year end was as follows:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Debt (a)	負債(a)	99,416	81,714
Less: Bank and cash balances	減:銀行及現金結餘	(78,171)	(74,940)
Net debt	負債淨額	21,245	6,774
Equity (b)	權益(b)	555,684	539,640
Net debt to equity ratio	債務淨額與權益比率	3.8%	1.3%

 (a) Debt is defined as short term and long term borrowings and obligations under finance leases, as detailed in notes 27 to 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Group.

The only externally imposed capital requirement is that for the Group to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares.

- (a) 債務乃界定為短期及長期借款及融資 租約承擔,有關詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註27至29。
- (b) 權益包括本集團所有資本及儲備。

本集團唯一向外承擔之資本規定為保持其於 聯交所之上市地位而具有公眾持股量相當於 股份至少25%。

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33. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein are presented in the consolidated statements of changes in equity.

(b) Company

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總數 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2008	於二零零八年一月一日	198,589	4,327	(17,254)	185,662
Recognition of share-based	確認以股權結算之款項		0.100		0.400
payments		-	6,132	-	6,132
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	52,697	52,697
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	-	(7,920)	(7,920)
At 31 December 2008	二零零八年				
	十二月三十一日	198,589	10,459	27,523	236,571
At 1 January 2009 Recognition of share-based	於二零零九年一月一日 確認以股權結算之款項	198,589	10,459	27,523	236,571
payments		-	2,893	-	2,893
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	_	(3,014)	(3,014)
Dividends paid	已付股息	-	_	(23,760)	(23,760)
At 31 December 2009	二零零九年 十二月三十一日	198,589	13,352	749	212,690

33. 儲備

(a) 本集團

(b) 本公司

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium account

Share premium represents premium arising from the issue of shares at a price in excess of their par value per share. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(c) 儲備之性質及目的

(i) 股份溢價賬 股份溢價乃指因按高於每股面 值的價格發行股份而產生的溢 價。根據開曼群島公司法,本 公司的股份溢價賬的資金乃可 分派予本公司的股東,惟緊隨 股息建議分派之日後,本公司 須有能力償還於日常業務過程 中到期的債務。

合權益變動表呈列。

本集團的儲備款項及相關變動均於綜

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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33. RESERVES (Continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(ii) Merger reserve

The merger reserve represents the aggregate of (i) the nominal value of the shares issued by Ka Fung Metal Manufactory Company Limited on 18 January 2005 in exchange for the business of Ka Fung Metal Manufactory, an unincorporated partnership established in Hong Kong and controlled by Mr. Lee; (ii) the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange for the entire shareholdings of Ka Shui (Holdings) Company Limited.

(iii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents the amount of minority interests in Ka Fung Metal Manufactory Company Limited and Ka Fung Metal Manufactory acquired by the Group.

(iv) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations as well as the effective portion of any foreign exchange differences arising from hedges of the net investment in these foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 3(d)(iii) to the financial statements.

(v) Share option reserve

The share option reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity-settled share-based payments in note 3(p) to the financial statements.

33. 儲備(續)

(c) 儲備之性質及目的(續) (ii) 合併儲備

合併儲備指以下兩項的總和:() 嘉豐金屬製品廠有限公司於二 零零五年一月十八日為換取嘉 豐金屬製品廠(一間非按公司法 註冊成立的合夥公司,在香港 成立,並由李先生控制)之業務 而發行的股份面值;及(ii)本公 司為換取嘉瑞集團(控股)有限 公司的全部股權而發行的股份 面值。

(iii) 資本儲備

資本儲備指本集團收購嘉豐金 屬製品廠有限公司及嘉豐金屬 製品廠少數股東權益的款額。

(iv) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括來自換算海外業 務財務報表時產生的所有匯兑 差額及對沖海外業務投資淨額 時產生的任何匯兑差額的有效 部份。該等儲備根據財務報表 附註3(d)(iii)所示會計政策處理。

(v) 購股權儲備 購股權儲備指根據綜合財務報 表附註3(p)所載按股權結算以 股份支付的款項而採納的會計 政策確認的授予本集團僱員的 未行使購股權的實際或估計數 目的公平值。

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33. **RESERVES (Continued)**

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(vi) Statutory reserve

The statutory reserve comprises the PRC statutory reserve fund which is non-distributable.

As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations for foreign investment enterprises in the PRC, the Company's PRC subsidiaries are required to transfer 10% of their profit after taxation calculated under PRC accounting rules and regulations to the statutory reserve fund, until the accumulated total of the statutory reserve fund reaches 50% of their registered capital. The statutory surplus reserve fund can be used to make up prior year losses or applied in conversion into capital.

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Equity-settled share option scheme

(a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

The Company operates a pre-IPO share option scheme (the "Pre-IPO Share Options Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants include the employees of the Group and executive directors of the Company. Share options under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme were granted to 59 grantees on 1 June 2007. The exercise of these share options would entitle these grantees to an aggregate of 22,000,000 shares.

33. 儲備(續)

(c) 儲備之性質及目的(續) (vi) 法定儲備

(VI) 法定储備 法定儲備包括不可分派的中國 法定儲備基金。

> 中國規管外商投資企業的相關 法律及條例規定,本公司的中 國附屬公司須將根據中國會計 法例及條例計算的除税後溢利 10%轉撥至法定儲備基金,直 至累計法定儲備基金總額達到 註冊資本的50%為止。法定盈 餘儲備基金可用來填補過往年 度虧損或撥入資本。

34. 以股權結算之款項 以股份支付之購股權計劃

(a) 首次公開售股前購股權計劃 本公司設立首次公開售股前購股權計 劃(「首次公開售股前購股權計劃」), 目的在於向對本集團成功經營作出貢 獻的合資格參與者提供獎勵及回報。 合資格參與者包括本集團僱員及本公 司執行董事。首次公開售股前購股權 計劃下的購股權已於二零零七年六月 一日授予59位承授人。承授人行使此 等購股權將可獲合共22,000,000股股 份。

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34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued) Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

34. 以股權結算之款項(續)

(a) **Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (Continued)** Details of the specific categories of options are as follows:

以股份支付之購股權計劃(續) (a) 首次公開售股前購股權計劃(續)

購股權的具體類別詳情如下:

Category of grantee 承授人類別	Date of grant 授出日期	Vesting date 歸屬日期	Exercise period 行使期	Fair value at grant date 於授出日期 之公平值 <i>HK</i> \$ 港元	Exercise price 行使價 <i>HK</i> \$ 港元	Number of share options outstanding 尚餘 購股權數目
Executive directors 執行董事	1 June 2007 二零零七年 六月一日	27 June 2008 二零零八年 六月二十七日	27 June 2008 to 26 June 2011 二零零八年六月二十七日至 二零一一年六月二十六日	0.59	0.81	1,188,000
Executive directors 執行董事	1 June 2007 二零零七年 六月一日	27 June 2009 二零零九年 六月二十七日	27 June 2009 to 26 June 2011 二零零九年六月二十七日至 二零一一年六月二十六日	0.61	0.81	1,188,000
Executive directors 執行董事	1 June 2007 二零零七年 六月一日	27 June 2010 二零一零年 六月二十七日	27 June 2010 to 26 June 2011 二零一零年六月二十七日至 二零一一年六月二十六日	0.63	0.81	1,584,000
Senior staff 高級職員	1 June 2007 二零零七年 六月一日	27 June 2008 二零零八年 六月二十七日	27 June 2008 to 26 June 2011 二零零八年六月二十七日至 二零一一年六月二十六日	0.59	0.81	3,689,400
Senior staff 高級職員	1 June 2007 二零零七年 六月一日	27 June 2009 二零零九年 六月二十七日	27 June 2009 to 26 June 2011 二零零九年六月二十七日至 二零一一年六月二十六日	0.61	0.81	3,689,400
Senior staff 高級職員	1 June 2007 二零零七年 六月一日	27 June 2010 二零一零年 六月二十七日	27 June 2010 to 26 June 2011 二零一零年六月二十七日至 二零一一年六月二十六日	0.63	0.81	4,919,200
Junior staff 初級職員	1 June 2007 二零零七年 六月一日	27 June 2008 二零零八年 六月二十七日	27 June 2008 to 26 June 2011 二零零八年六月二十七日至 二零一一年六月二十六日	0.55	0.81	343,200
Junior staff 初級職員	1 June 2007 二零零七年 六月一日	27 June 2009 二零零九年 六月二十七日	27 June 2009 to 26 June 2011 二零零九年六月二十七日至 二零一一年六月二十六日	0.59	0.81	343,200
Junior staff 初級職員	1 June 2007 二零零七年 六月一日	27 June 2010 二零一零年 六月二十七日	27 June 2010 to 26 June 2011 二零一零年六月二十七日至 二零一一年六月二十六日	0.63	0.81	457,600


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34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued) Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

(a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The share options (to the extent not already exercised) shall lapse at the expiry of the option period on 26 June 2011 or otherwise in the following manner:

- the share option shall lapse automatically upon the death of the grantee;
- the share options (to the extent not already exercised) shall lapse automatically on the last date of the grantee's employment with the Group, no matter how the cessation of employment arises; and
- (iii) if the grantee breaches any term or condition of the share options as described in the offer letter in relation thereto, the options (to the extent not already exercised) shall lapse automatically (unless otherwise directed by the Board of Directors in writing in its absolute discretion).

During the year, no share options were granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme.

The fair values of the options were determined at the dates of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

The following assumptions were used to calculate the fair values of shares options:

Exercise price	HK\$0.81
Expected life	2.5-3.5 years
Expected volatility	46.94%
Dividend yield	1.70%
Risk-free interest rate	4.38%

34. 以股權結算之款項(續) 以股份支付之購股權計劃(續)

(a) 首次公開售股前購股權計劃(續) 尚未行使的購股權將於購股權有效期 屆滿日(二零一一年六月二十六日)或 因以下原因告失效:

- (i) 購股權於承授人身故後自動失效;
- (ii) 尚未行使的購股權於承授人任 職本集團的最後一日自動失 效,而不論因任何原因終止僱 用;及
- (iii) 倘承授人違反有關購股權要約 函件所載購股權的條款或條 件,則尚未行使的購股權會自 動失效,惟董事會以書面形式 全權酌情另行指示者則除外。
- 年內,概無根據首次公開售股前購股 權計劃授出任何其他購股權。
- 購股權的公平值於授出日期使用柏力 克-舒爾斯期權定價模式釐定。

下列假設用於計算購股權公平值:

0.81港元
2.5-3.5年
46.94%
1.70%
4.38%

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34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued) Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

(b) Share Option Scheme

Pursuant to written resolutions of all the shareholders passed on 2 June 2007, a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was approved. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to recognise and acknowledge the contributions that eligible participants had made or may make to the Group. Eligible participants include (i) employees, directors, consultants, professionals, customers, suppliers, agents, partners or advisors of or contractors to the Group or a company in which the Group holds an interest or a subsidiary of such company ("Affiliate"), or (ii) companies beneficially owned by any director, employee, consultant, professional, customer, supplier, agent, partner, adviser of or contractor to the Group or an Affiliate. The Share Option Scheme became effective on 2 June 2007 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme or any other schemes involving the grant of options over shares of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue at anytime. The maximum umber of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Share Option Scheme within any 12 month period, is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at anytime. Any further grant of shares options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

34. 以股權結算之款項(續) 以股份支付之購股權計劃(續)

(b) 購股權計劃

根據本公司全體股東於二零零七年六 月二日通過的書面決議案,購股權計 劃(「購股權計劃」)已獲採納。購股權 計劃目的在於認可或酬謝合資格參與 者已經或可能對本集團作出的貢獻。 合資格參與者包括(i)本集團或本集團 持有權益公司或該公司之附屬公司 (「聯屬公司」)的僱員、董事、顧問、 專業人士、客戶、供應商、代理商、 夥伴或諮詢人或承包商,或(ii)由本 集團或聯屬公司的任何董事、僱員、 顧問、專業人士、客戶、供應商、代 理商、夥伴、諮詢人或承包商實益擁 有的公司。購股權計劃於二零零七年 六月二日起生效,除非另行註銷或修 訂,購股權計劃將自該日起十年內有 效。

因行使所有根據購股權計劃或任何其 他涉及授出本公司股份期權的計劃已 授出而尚未行使購股權而可發行的最 高股份數目,合共不得超過本公司不 時已發行股份30%。根據購股權計 劃,於任何十二個月期間,可發行予 該購股權計劃各合資格參與者的最高 股份數目上限為本公司不時已發行股 份的1%。進一步授出超過該上限的 購股權須獲股東於股東大會上批准。

向本公司董事、行政總裁或主要股東 或彼等各自的任何聯繫人士授出購股 權,須待獨立非執行董事事先批准後 方可進行。此外,於任何十二個月期 間內向本公司主要股東或獨立非執行 董事或彼等的任何聯繫人士授予的任 何購股權,倘超過本公司不時已發行 股份的0.1%或總值(按授出日期本公 司股份收市價計算)超過5,000,000港 元者,須待股東於股東大會上批准後 方可進行。

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34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued) Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

(b) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The offer of a grant of share options shall remain open for acceptance by the eligible participant concerned for a period of not less than three business days from the date of offer, except for any offer which is made within the last three business days of the life of this scheme, the offer shall remain open for acceptance on a business day by the eligible participant concerned for a period of not longer than the remaining life of this scheme. An offer cannot be accepted by an eligible participant who ceases to qualify as an eligible participant after the offer has been made. No offer shall be capable of or open for acceptance after the expiry of 10 years for the effective date of this scheme.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$10 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and commences after a certain vesting period as determined by directors at each grant and ends on a date which is not later than ten years from the date of the offer of the share options.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the date of the offer.

Share options do not confer rights on the holder to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

Share options under the Share Option Scheme were granted to 212 grantees on 13 March 2008. The exercise of these share options would entitle these grantees to an aggregate of 20,102,000 shares.

34. 以股權結算之款項(續) 以股份支付之購股權計劃(續)

(b) 購股權計劃(續) 授出購股權的邀約須於邀約日期起計

不少於三個營業日的期限內可供合 資格參與者接納,惟於該計劃年期的 最後三個營業日內作出的任何邀約除 外,邀約須於不超過該計劃餘下年期 期限內可供合資格參與者於任何營業 日接納。作出邀約後,不再為合資格 參與者的參與者不得接納該項邀約。 於該計劃生效日期10年屆滿後,不得 提出邀約,亦不可供接納邀約。

承授人支付合共10港元的象徵式代 價後,授出購股權的要約便屬獲得接納。獲授購股權的行使期由董事釐 定,並於由董事於各授出日期釐定的 若干歸屬期後開始,而屆滿日期不得 遲於提出購股權要約日期起計10年。

購股權的行使價由董事釐定,且不得 低於(i)提出購股權邀約之日本公司股 份在聯交所的收市價:(ii)緊接邀約日 期前五個營業日本公司股份在聯交所 的平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份於邀 約日期的面值(以較高者為準)。

購股權持有人無權獲派股息或於股東 大會上投票。

購股權計劃下的購股權已於二零零 八年三月十三日授予212位承授人。 承授人行使此等購股權將可獲合共 20,102,000股股份。

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34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued) Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

34. 以股權結算之款項(續)

以股份支付之購股權計劃(續) (b) 購股權計劃(續)

(b) Share Option Scheme (Continued) Details of the specific categories of options are as follows:

購股權的具體類別詳情如下:

Category of grantee 承授人類別	Date of grant 授出日期	Vesting date 歸屬日期	Exercise period 行使期	Fair value at grant date 於授出日期 之公平值 <i>HK</i> \$ <i>港元</i>	Exercise price 行使價 <i>HK</i> \$ 港元	Number of share options outstanding 尚餘 購股權數目
Executive directors 執行董事	13 March 2008 二零零八年 三月十三日	13 March 2009 二零零九年 三月十三日	13 March 2009 to 12 March 2018 二零零九年三月十三日至 二零一八年三月十二日	0.13	0.415	928,000
Executive directors 執行董事	13 March 2008 二零零八年 三月十三日	13 March 2010 二零一零年 三月十三日	13 March 2010 to 12 March 2018 二零一零年三月十三日至 二零一八年三月十二日	0.13	0.415	696,000
Executive directors 執行董事	13 March 2008 二零零八年 三月十三日	13 March 2011 二零一一年 三月十三日	13 March 2011 to 12 March 2018 二零一一年三月十三日至 二零一八年三月十二日	0.13	0.415	696,000
Senior staff 高級職員	13 March 2008 二零零八年 三月十三日	13 March 2009 二零零九年 三月十三日	13 March 2009 to 12 March 2018 二零零九年三月十三日至 二零一八年三月十二日	0.13	0.415	2,980,400
Senior staff 高級職員	13 March 2008 二零零八年 三月十三日	13 March 2010 二零一零年 三月十三日	13 March 2010 to 12 March 2018 二零一零年三月十三日至 二零一八年三月十二日	0.13	0.415	2,235,300
Senior staff 高級職員	13 March 2008 二零零八年 三月十三日	13 March 2011 二零一一年 三月十三日	13 March 2011 to 12 March 2018 二零一一年三月十三日至 二零一八年三月十二日	0.13	0.415	2,235,300
Junior staff 初級職員	13 March 2008 二零零八年 三月十三日	13 March 2009 二零零九年 三月十三日	13 March 2009 to 12 March 2018 二零零九年三月十三日至 二零一八年三月十二日	0.11	0.415	1,962,800
Junior staff 初級職員	13 March 2008 二零零八年 三月十三日	13 March 2010 二零一零年 三月十三日	13 March 2010 to 12 March 2018 二零一零年三月十三日至 二零一八年三月十二日	0.12	0.415	1,472,100
Junior staff 初級職員	13 March 2008 二零零八年 三月十三日	13 March 2011 二零一一年 三月十三日	13 March 2011 to 12 March 2018 二零一一年三月十三日至 二零一八年三月十二日	0.12	0.415	1,472,100



For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued) Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

(b) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The fair values of the options were determined at the dates of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

The following assumptions were used to calculate the fair values of shares options:

34.	以股權結算之款項(續)
	以股份支付之購股權計劃(續)

(b) 購股權計劃(續) 購股權的公平值於授出日期使用柏力 克-舒爾斯期權定價模式釐定。

下列假設用於計算購股權公平值:

Exercise price	HK\$0.415	行使價	0.415港元
Expected life	3.5-6.5 years	預計年期	3.5-6.5年
Expected volatility	55.42%	預計波幅	55.42%
Dividend yield	5.25%	股息回報率	5.25%
Risk-free interest rate	2.005%-2.176%	無風險利率	2.005% –2.176%

Details of the share options outstanding under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and Share Option Scheme during the year are as follows: 年內於首次公開售股前購股權計劃及購股權 計劃下之尚未行使購股權詳情如下:

		2009 二零零九年		2009 200 二零零 九年 二零零	
			Weighted		Weighted
		Number of	average	Number of	average
		share	exercise	share	exercise
		options	price	options	price
			加權平均		加權平均
		購股權數目	行使價	購股權數目	行使價
			HK\$		HK\$
			港元		港元
Outstanding at the beginning	年初未行使				
of the year	千7/J不1] 反	36,700,000	0.629	21,120,000	0.81
Granted during the year	年內授出		-	20,102,000	0.415
Forfeited during the year	年內沒收	(4,620,000)	0.629	(4,522,000)	0.521
		(1,020,000)	0.020	(1,022,000)	0.021
Outstanding at the end of	年終未行使	00.000.000	0.000	00 700 000	0.000
the year		32,080,000	0.629	36,700,000	0.629
Exercisable at the end of	年終可行使				
the year		16,312,400	0.668	5,973,000	0.81

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued) Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of share prices of comparable companies with shares listed on the Stock Exchange and engaged in the similar business of the Group. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on the Group's best estimate, for the effects of non transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

The fair value of the options will be amortised over the vesting period on a straight-line basis and expensed in the profit or loss.

No share option had been exercised during the year (2008: Nil). The options outstanding at the end of the year have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 4.9 years (2008: 5.6 years).

Save as disclosed above, no further options were granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and Share Option Scheme.

34. 以股權結算之款項(續) 以股份支付之購股權計劃(續)

預計波幅乃透過計算股份於聯交所上市且所 從事業務與本集團類似的可比較公司的股價 的過往波幅釐定。就非轉讓性、行使限制及 行為考慮而言,根據本集團的最佳估計,使 用該模式的預計年期已作出調整。

購股權公平值將以直線方式於歸屬期內攤 銷,並於損益內列作支出。

年內概無購股權獲行使(二零零八年:無)。 年終未行使購股權的加權平均剩餘合約年期 為4.9年(二零零八年:5.6年)。

除上文所披露者外,概無根據首次公開售股 前購股權計劃及購股權計劃授出任何其他購 股權。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

35. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) CASH FLOWS

(a) Cash flow from operating activities

(a) 經營業務所得現金流量

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Profit from operations	經營溢利	51,947	24,571
Adjustments for:	已作出下列調整:		
Interest income	利息收入	(178)	(2,661)
Reversal of allowance for	呆賬撥備回撥		
doubtful debts		(628)	-
Bad debts written off	壞賬撇銷	-	867
Allowance for doubtful debts	呆賬撥備	2,715	224
Allowance for inventories	存貨撥備	4,732	1,108
Loss on financial liabilities at	按公平值計入損益賬的	761	1 407
fair value through profit or loss Equity-settled share-based	金融負債虧損 以股權結算以股份支付的	701	1,487
payments	以 版 催 知 异 以 胶 历 义 的 的 款 項	2,893	6,132
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property,		2,090	0,102
plant and equipment	(收益)/虧損	(1,665)	74
Depreciation on property, plant	物業、機器及設備折舊	(1,000)	, ,
and equipment		39,473	32,507
Amortisation of prepaid land lease	預付土地租金攤銷		- ,
payments		679	269
	十計炒定次人線和台站		
Operating profit before movements in working capital	未計營運資金變動前的 經營溢利	100,729	64,578
Increase in inventories	存貨增加	(10,149)	(1,694)
(Increase)/decrease in trade	留易應收款項(增加)/減少	(10,149)	(1,094)
receivables	員勿愿牧派項(省加)/ 减少	(16,397)	21,867
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及其他應收	(10,001)	21,001
deposits and other receivables	款項(增加)/減少	(5,507)	2,136
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables		5,954	(13,060)
Increase/(decrease) in deposits	已收按金、其他應付款項及		
received, other payables and	應計費用增加/(減少)		
accruals		7,940	(4,961)
Increase/(decrease) in due to	應付關連公司款項增加/		
a related company	(減少)	1,630	(14)
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	84,200	68,852
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(6,255)	(12,520)
Interest paid	已付利息	(942)	(1,333)
Finance lease charges paid	已付融資租約支出	(668)	(1,116)
Net cash generated from	經營業務所得現金淨額		
operating activities		76,335	53,883

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

35. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(b) Acquisition of a subsidiary

On 1 April 2009, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Ample Wealth Developments Limited which was wholly owned by Mr. Lee for a cash consideration of approximately HK\$169,000. Ample Wealth Developments Limited was inactive during the year.

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Ample Wealth Developments Limited acquired as at its date of acquisition, which has no significant difference from its carrying amount, is as follows:

(b) 收購附屬公司

於二零零九年四月一日,本集團收購 由李先生全資擁有之富豐發展有限 公司全部已發行股本,現金代價約 169,000港元。富豐發展有限公司於 年內暫無業務。

於收購日, 富豐發展有限公司之可識 別資產及負債之公平值與賬面值無重 大差別, 乃載列如下:

		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Net assets acquired:	已收購淨資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	168
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	241
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(240)
Satisfied by:	以下列方式償付:	
Cash	現金	169
Net cash inflow arising on acquisition:	收購產生之現金流出淨額	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	(169)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	已收購現金及等同現金項目	241
		72

Ample Wealth Developments Limited did not contribute any turnover to the Group but increased the Group's profit for the year by approximately HK\$88,000 for the period between the date of acquisition and 31 December 2009.

If the acquisition had been completed on 1 January 2009, the total Group's turnover would remain unchanged, and profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$37,060,000. The proforma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of the turnover and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2009, nor is intended to be a projection of future results.

富豐發展有限公司並無對本集團之營 業額作出任何貢獻,但增加由收購日 期至二零零九年十二月三十一日期間 本集團年內之溢利約88,000港元。

倘收購於二零零九年一月一日完成, 本集團總營業額將維持不變,而年內 之溢利將為約37,060,000港元。備考 資料僅供説明之用,並不代表倘若本 集團於二零零九年一月一日完成收購 實際可取得之營業額及經營業績,亦 並非旨在作為未來業績之預測。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

35. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(b) Acquisition of a subsidiary (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2008, one of the subsidiaries of the Company, Ka Shui (Holdings) Company Limited entered into a sales and purchase agreement with the remaining shareholders of Wing Yu (Far East) Industries Company Limited, pursuant to which Ka Shui (Holdings) Company Limited agreed to acquire the remaining equity interest of 60% in Wing Yu (Far East) Industries Company Limited for a cash consideration of approximately HK\$1,797,000. The acquisition was effective on 1 January 2008.

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Wing Yu (Far East) Industries Company Limited acquired as at its date of acquisition, which has no significant difference from its carrying amount, is as follows:

(b) 收購附屬公司(續)

截至二零零八年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司其中一間附屬公司嘉瑞集 團(控股)有限公司與永裕(遠東)實 業有限公司餘下之股東訂立買賣協 議,據此嘉瑞集團(控股)有限公司同 意收購永裕(遠東)實業有限公司餘下 60%股權,現金代價約為1,797,000 港元。收購於二零零八年一月一日生 效。

已收購之永裕(遠東)實業有限公司於 收購日期可識別資產及負債之公平值 與其賬面值並無重大差異,乃如下所 列:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets acquired:	已收購淨資產:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	9,876
Inventories	存貨	6,186
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	4,912
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	1,326
Due from a shareholder	應收股東款項	4,246
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	1,069
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	957
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	(4,985)
Deposits received	已收按金	(90)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(3,974)
Due to a shareholder	應付股東款項	(14,335)
Short term borrowings	短期借款	(1,455)
Obligations under finance leases	融資租約承擔	(110)
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	(711)
		2,912
Share of net assets in previous year	應佔以往年度淨資產	(1,115)
Satisfied by:	以下列方式償付:	
Cash	現金	1,797
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	收購產生之現金流出淨額:	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	1,797
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	已收購現金及等同現金項目	(246)
		1,551

For the vear ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

35. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) **CASH FLOWS (Continued)**

(b) Acquisition of a subsidiary (Continued)

Wing Yu (Far East) Industries Company Limited contributed approximately HK\$12,469,000 to the Group's turnover and decreased the Group's profit after tax by approximately HK\$9,976,000 for the period between the date of acquisition and 31 December 2008.

(c) Maior non-cash transaction

- During the year, the Group had entered into finance (i) leases in respect of property, plant and equipment with total capital values at the inception of the leases of approximately HK\$6,088,000 (2008: HK\$35,448,000).
- Included in the addition of property, plant and (ii) equipment was an amount of approximately HK\$15,117,000 (2008: HK\$1,990,000) which was transferred from deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and prepaid land lease payments.
- During the year ended 31 December 2008, (iii) prepayments to financial institution of approximately HK\$648,000 were set off against the obligations under finance leases.

36. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS The Group as lessee

At 31 December 2009, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

收購附屬公司(續) (b) 永裕(遠東)實業有限公司由收購日 期至二零零八年十二月三十一日止 之期間對本集團之營業額貢獻約為 12,469,000港元,並減少本集團除税 後溢利約9.976,000港元。

(c) 主要非現金交易

- 年內,本集團就物業、機器及 (i) 設備訂立融資租約,於訂立租 約時之資本總值約為6,088,000 港元(二零零八年:35,448,000 港元)。
- 計入添置物業、機器及設備約 (ii) 為15.117.000港元(二零零八 年;1,990,000港元),乃由收 購物業、機器及設備及預付土 地租金之按金所轉入。
- (iii) 於截至二零零八年十二月三十 一日止年度內,預付款項予金 融機構約648,000港元已與融 資租約承擔抵銷。

36. 經營租約承擔 本集團作為承租人

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團根據 不可撤銷經營租約而於下列期間到期的未來 最低租賃款總額如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2009 200 二零零九年 二零零八4 HK\$'000 HK\$'00 千港元 千港方	
Within one year In the second to fifth year, inclusive After five years	一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	3,602 6,404 41,318	2,014 6,620 42,619
		51,324	51,253



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36. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS 36. 經營租約承擔(續) (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its staff quarters, warehouse and leasehold land for factory. Leases for staff quarters and warehouse are negotiated, and rentals are fixed, for an average term of 1 to 2 years. Lease for leasehold land are fixed with a term of 40 years.

37. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group's capital commitments in respect of purchase and construction of property, plant and equipment at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

本集團作為承租人(續)

經營租約付款指本集團須就若干員工宿舍、 貨倉及工廠租賃土地支付的租金。員工宿舍 及貨倉的租約經協商而訂立,租金為固定而 租期平均為1至2年。租賃土地的租約協定 的年期為40年。

37. 資本承擔

於報告期間完結日,本集團有關購買及建造 物業、機器及設備的資本承擔詳情如下:

			Group 本集團	
		2009	2008	
		二零零九年	二零零八年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Contracted but not provided for	已訂約但未撥備	9,098	19,653	

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to those related party translations and balances disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with its related parties during the year:

38. 關連人士交易

(a) 除於財務報表其他部份所披露的關連 人士交易及結餘外,年內本集團曾與 關連人士進行以下交易:

		2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$</i> *000 <i>千港元</i>
Purchase of raw material from a	向共同控制實體購買原材料		
jointly controlled entity		-	1,805
Purchase of machinery from an	向被投資公司購買機器(附註())		
investee company (note (i))		-	11,364
Purchase of machinery, machinery	向關連公司捷迅機械設備有限		
parts and maintenance cost from	公司購買機器、機器零部件		
a related company, Chit Shun	及維修成本(<i>附註(ii)</i>)		
Machinery Limited (note (ii))		6,766	2,931
Deposit paid to a related company,	向關連公司捷迅機械設備有限		
Chit Shun Machinery Limited	公司支付按金(附註20)		
(note 20)		1,255	3,777

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

8.	REI (a)		ED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued) htinued)	38.	<mark>關道</mark> (a)	<mark>■人士</mark> (續)	=交易(續)	
		Note	S:			附註	:	
		(i)	The investment in the investee company is classified as available-for-sale financial assets.			(i)	對被投資公司之投資被分類為可供 出售金融資產。	
		(ii)	Mr. Lee has significant influence in the related company.			(ii)	李先生對此關連公司有重大影響 力。	
	(b)	The above transactions were entered with the related parties on terms mutually agreed by individual parties. In the opinion of the directors of the Group, these related party transactions were conducted on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary and usual course of the Group's business.			(b)	(b) 上述交易均與關連人士按照各方互協定的條款進行。本集團董事認為該等關連交易乃根據一般商業條款本集團日常業務過程中進行。		
	(C)	com	ing the year, the key management personnel pensation paid by the Group was disclosed in note o the financial statements.		(C)		,本集團已付主要管理人員酬金 綜合財務報表附註12披露。	
9	SUI	BSF		39	结管	гни	终重百	

On 16 April 2010, the Company proposed to declare a final dividend of HK\$0.011 (2008: HK\$0.006) per ordinary share to its shareholders, as further detailed in note 13 to the financial statements.

40. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 16 April 2010.

39. 結算日後爭坦

於二零一零年四月十六日,本公司建議宣派每股0.011港元(二零零八年:每股0.006 港元)之末期普通股股息,其詳情載於財務 報表附註13。

40. 批准財務報表 本財務報表已於二零一零年四月十六日獲董 事會批准並授權刊發。



財務概要

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度						
		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2006 二零零六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>		
RESULTS	業績							
Turnover	營業額	348,377	645,588	752,749	685,134	633,832		
Profit before tax Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税開支	15,111 (2,001)	122,759 (11,339)	67,724 (10,179)	14,527 (5,892)	50,039 (12,239)		
Profit for the year	年內溢利	13,110	111,420	57,545	8,635	37,800		
Attributable to – Owners of	以下人士應佔權益: 一本公司權益							
the Company	持有人	13,031	109,562	57,492	8,635	37,800		
– Minority interests	一少數權益持有人	79 13,110	1,858 111,420	53 57,545	- 8,635	- 37,800		

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日							
		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2006 二零零六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2007 二零零七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2008 二零零八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2009 二零零九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>				
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債									
Total assets	總資產	296,948	422,109	718,396	710,285	763,214				
Total liabilities	總負債	(174,986)	(203,739)	(198,833)	(170,645)	(207,530)				
Net assets	淨資產	121,962	218,370	519,563	539,640	555,684				

The results and summary of assets and liabilities for each of the two years ended 31 December 2006 are extracted from the Company's prospectus dated 12 June 2007 which have been prepared on a combined basis to indicate the results of the Group as if the group structure, at the time when the Company's shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, had been in existence throughout those years.

截至二零零六年十二月三十一日止兩年各年的業 績及資產負債概要乃摘錄自本公司於二零零七年 六月十二日的招股章程,已按合併基準編製以顯 示本集團的業績(假設本公司的股份在香港聯合交 易所有限公司上市時的集團架構在該等年度一直 存在)。



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