

FUJIAN HOLDINGS LIMITED 控 股 有 限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) (於香港註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 181)



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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive directors:

WANG Xiaowu (Chairman of the Board)
WANG Ruilian
LIU Xiaoting

Non-executive directors:

FENG Qiang YE Tao

Independent non-executive directors:

LAM Kwong Siu CHEUNG Wah Fung, Christopher LEUNG Hok Lim

COMPANY SECRETARY

CHAN Tao Ming

AUDIT COMMITTEE

LEUNG Hok Lim (Chairman of the Committee)
LAM Kwong Siu
CHEUNG Wah Fung, Christopher

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

LAM Kwong Siu (Chairman of the Committee)
LEUNG Hok Lim
CHEUNG Wah Fung, Christopher

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

CHEUNG Wah Fung, Christopher (Chairman of the Committee)
LEUNG Hok Lim
LAM Kwong Siu

董事會

執行董事:

汪小武(董事會主席) 王瑞煉 劉小汀

非執行董事:

馮強 葉濤

獨立非執行董事:

林廣兆 張華峰 梁學濂

公司秘書

陳道明

審核委員會

梁學濂*(委員會主席)* 林廣兆 張華峰

薪酬委員會

林廣兆(委員會主席) 梁學濂 張華峰

提名委員會

張華峰(*委員會主席*) 梁學濂 林廣兆

Corporate Information 公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank Limited
Chiyu Banking Corporation Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Unit 1216, 12th Floor, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre 168-200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

AUDITORS

Messrs. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Chartered Accountants Certified Public Accountants 31st Floor, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street, Central Hong Kong

SOLICITORS

Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker 22nd Floor, Bank of China Tower 1 Garden Road Hong Kong

SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Standard Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

00181

WEBSITE

www.fujianholdings.com

往來銀行

恒生銀行有限公司 集友銀行有限公司

註冊辦事處

香港中環干諾道中一六八至二百號信德中心招商局大廈 12樓1216室

核數師

國衛會計師事務所 國國特許會計師 香港 中環畢打街11號 置地廣場 告羅士打大廈31樓

律師

普衡律師事務所香港 花園道1號 中銀大廈22樓

股份過戶登記處

卓佳標準有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

股份代號

00181

網址

www.fujianholdings.com

Financial Summary 財務摘要

RESULTS

業績

		Year ended 31 December 2010 二零一零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Year ended 31 December 2009 二零零九年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Year ended 31 December 2008 二零零八年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Year ended 31 December 2007 二零零七年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Year ended 31 December 2006 二零零六年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	16,357	17,777	16,667	15,936	13,753
Profit before tax Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税開支	3,163 (536)	4,645 (420)	3,645 (29)	26,187 (221)	11,115 (1,039)
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	本公司持有人 應佔溢利	2,627	4,225	3,616	25,966	10,076
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (excluding extra-ordinary items)	本公司持有人 應佔溢利 (不包括非 經常性項目)	2,627	4,225	3,616	25,966	10,076

Financial Summary 財務摘要

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

		As at				
		31 December				
		2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
		二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零六年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Total assets	資產總值	147,824	144,774	141,871	139,410	148,578
Total liabilities	負債總值	(18,110)	(18,199)	(19,518)	(20,261)	(55,982)
Net assets	淨資產	129,714	126,575	122,353	119,149	92,596

PER SHARE DATA

每股數據

		As at				
		31 December				
		2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
		二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零六年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK Cents				
		港仙	港仙	港仙	港仙	港仙
Earnings per share (excluding extra-ordinary items)	每股盈利 (不包括非 經常性項目)	0.49	0.79	0.68	4.92	1.94
items)	經市任項目/ ———	0.49	0.79	0.00	4.92	1.94
Not hook value per chare	每股賬面淨值	24.28	23.76	22.97	22.36	17.81
Net book value per share	写 似	24.20	23.70	22.91	22.30	17.01

Financial Summary 財務摘要

PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY 本公司持有人應估溢利

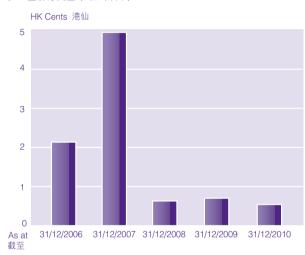
(excluding extra-ordinary items) (不包括非經常性項目)



EARNINGS PER SHARE

每股盈利

(excluding extra-ordinary items) (不包括非經常性項目)



NET BOOK VALUE PER SHARE 每股賬面淨值



Chairman's Statement 主席報告

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board" or "Directors") of the Company, I am pleased to present the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company together with our subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2010 ("2010" or the "current year" or "Reporting year" or the "year under review") to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders").

BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group consolidated revenue for the current year decreased 8% to approximately HK\$16.36 million (2009: approximately HK\$17.78 million). Net profit attributable to shareholders was approximately HK\$2.63 million (2009: HK\$4.23 million). Basic earnings per share were approximately 0.49 HK cent for the year ended 31 December 2010. Total assets less current liabilities increased by approximately 2.8%, a net increase by approximately HK\$3.9 million to approximately HK\$144.37 million as compared with HK\$140.49 million as at 31 December 2009. All of these achievements clearly demonstrated the persistent efforts made by the management and employees of the Group in developing its business.

DIVIDENDS

The Company did not propose any dividends for the year ended 31 December 2010. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2010.

PROSPECTS

Looking ahead, the overall operating environment contains many uncertainties, such as inflation pressure which resulted in rise in operation costs, especially material costs and labour costs, as well as market competition in hotel business was always keen. To meet the challenges arising from the overall operating environment, the Group will delicate efforts to develop our core business, as well as continue to adopt a prudent approach in our business development and financial strategy. Besides, the Group will review our existing businesses and update the business plans and strategies regularly. Our aim is to have better utilization of the Group's resource in order to maximize every shareholder's interest.

本人謹代表本公司董事會(「董事會」或「董事」)欣然提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止之財政年度(「二零一零年」或「本年度」或「本報告期」或「回顧期」)報告及經審核之綜合財務報表,以供本公司股東(「股東」)省覽。

業務回顧

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之年度綜合收入減少8%至約1,636萬港元(二零零九年:約1,778萬港元)。股東應佔純利約263萬港元(二零零九年:423萬港元)。截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,每股基本盈利0.49港仙。總資產減流動負債比截至二零零九年十二月三十一日14,049萬港元增加2.8%,淨增約為390萬港元,達至為14,437萬港元。以上業績均反映了本集團管理層及員工在業務發展方面的不懈努力。

股息

本公司並無宣派截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日年度任何股息。董事不建議派發 二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度任何股 息。

前景展望

展望未來,整體營商環境仍存在多項不明 朗因素,包括面對通脹導致運作成本,尤其是材料成本及勞工成本上升壓力,以及酒店業競爭依舊熾烈。為應對整體營商環境帶來之挑戰,本集團將致力發展其核心環務,以及繼續採納一貫的審慎業務發展其務,以及繼續採納一貫的審慎業務發展人業務,並更新業務計劃與策略。本集團之目標為更妥善運用其資源,為各股東締造最大之利益。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere gratitude to all shareholders, business partners and customers for their support, and to all our colleagues for their efforts, hard work and selfless dedication. Their hardwork represents the foundation for the Group's future business development.

Wang Xiaowu

Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 March 2011

致謝

本人謹此感謝各位股東、合作伙伴及客戶 對本集團的鼎力支持。本人亦藉此衷心感 謝集團全體員工的辛勤工作和無私奉獻, 他們的努力為集團未來業務的發展奠定了 堅實基礎。

汪小武

主席

香港,二零一一年三月二十四日

BUSINESS REVIEW

The turnover of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010 amounted to approximately HK\$16.36 million, representing an decrease by approximately 8% as compared to approximately HK\$17.78 million in the previous year. The decrease is mainly due to the hotel operator discontinued its Chinese catering operation and let out the correspondence restaurant at the end of 2009.

For the year ended 31 December 2010, the net profit attributable to shareholders was approximately HK\$2.63 million (2009: HK\$4.23 million) representing a decrease by 37.8% over the previous year. Basic earnings per share were approximately 0.49 HK cent for the year ended 31 December 2010 as compared to basic earnings per share of approximately 0.79 HK cent last year. The decrease in net profit and earnings per share is due to the waiver of other payable together with the gain in fair value decrease by approximately 60% to HK\$4.19 million (2009: HK\$10.4 million). For the year ended 31 December 2010, the gearing ratio (divided non-current liabilities by equity plus non-current liabilities multiple by 100 which results in percentage) of the Group was 10.2% (2009: 9.9%).

During the year under review, no impairment loss in respect of prepaid lease payment and property, plant and equipment is accounted for (2009: HK\$5.19 million).

OPERATIONAL REVIEW

A. Star-rated hotel operation

Star-rated hotel operation is the main source of revenue for the Group. For the year ended 31 December 2010, turnover of the hotel was approximately HK\$15.08 million (2009: HK\$16.41 million), representing an decrease of approximately 8% from the corresponding financial year.

For the year under review, the Occupancy Rate was approximately 56.1% (2009: 54.8%) representing an increase of 2.4% over the previous year. Average Daily Rate (ADR) was approximately RMB215 (2009: RMB205) representing an increase of 4.9% over the previous year.

業務回顧

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內,本集團營業額達1,636萬港元,與去年約1,778萬港元之數字比較,減少約8%。此乃因為於二零零九年底,酒店營運方停止中式餐飲服務及將相關之餐廳出租所致。

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內、股東應佔純利約263萬港元、(二零零九年:423萬港元)較上年減少37.8%。截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,每股基本盈利約為0.49港仙,去年度每股基本盈利約為0.79港仙。此乃由於回顧期內產生其他應付賬款之豁免及投資物業公平值收益減少約60%到419萬港元所致(二零零九年:1,040萬港元)。截至二零一零十二月三十一日止,本集團資本負債比率(非流動負債與股本權益總額加非流動負債之百份比)為10.2%(二零零九年:9.9%)。

於回顧期內,本集團並未有計提酒店業務 之預付租賃款項、物業、廠房及設備減值虧 損(二零零九年:519萬港元)。

營運回顧

A. 星級酒店營運

星級酒店經營是本集團主要收入來源。截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,酒店營業額約為1,508萬港元(二零零九年:1,641萬港元),較去年相應回顧期內減少約8%。

於回顧期內,平均入住率約為 56.1%,(二零零九年:54.8%),較去 年相應回顧期內加幅約2.4%。平均每 天房價則約為215元人民幣(二零零 九年:205元人民幣),較去年相應回 顧期內增加約4.9%。

The following table sets out the amount and percentage of contributions from different businesses of the star-rated hotel operation for the year ended 31 December 2010, together with comparative figures of 2009:

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止,本集團星級酒店營運於各分類業務的營業額及應佔營業額百分比與二零零九年同期比較如下:

			31 December 2010		per 2009
			二零一零年十二月三十一日		二月三十一日
		HK\$ in	% in	HK\$ in	% in
		thousand	turnover	thousand	turnover
			佔營業額		佔營業額
		千港元	百份比	千港元	百份比
Accommodation revenue	客房銷售收入	12,798	85%	11,908	73%
Catering revenue	餐飲服務收入	275	2%	3,116	19%
Rental revenue	出租收入	2,012	13%	1,385	8%
		15,085	100%	16,409	100%

Accommodation revenue

The gradual recovery of the global economy led to the rebound in tourism industry, coupled with the PRC Government's policy of expanding domestic demand, allowed the steady improvement in the operating environment of hotel industry during 2010. Despite the cost inflation during the year, the influence to the Group was limited as it focusing on containing costs and was able to share part of the rising costs with its customers. The accommodation revenue amounted to approximately HK\$12.80 million for the year under review, representing an increase of approximately 7.5% over the last year. Or slightly increase of 3.4% when the appreciation of Renminbi excluded.

客房銷售收入

全球經濟逐步復甦帶動旅遊業反彈,加上中國政府推出擴大內需政策,使酒店業之營商環境於二零一零年穩步改善。儘管年度內出現成本性通貨原人。 展,惟其對本集團之影響有限,原因是本集團專注於控制成本,並可將與因是本集團專注於控制成本,並可將其部份上升之成本與客戶互相分擔。於回顧期內客房銷售收入約為1,280萬港元,較去年同期增加7.5%。如撇除人民幣匯率上升的因素,則輕微增加3.4%。

Catering and rental revenue

In order to stabilized the income of hotel operation, at the end of 2009, the hotel operator let out the Chinese restaurant in the Group's Hotel. On the one hand, this contributed to approximately HK\$0.85 million in rental revenue during the year under review. On the other hand, there is no longer a corresponding catering income and the total catering revenue of the Group's Hotel dropped accordinaly.

In 2011, we will continue to strengthen cost management and risk control, optimize the resources and management flow of the hotel operation, improve its ability to respond to contingencies and enhance the overall economic efficiency.

B. Hong Kong properties held by the group

The occupancy rate for the properties of the Group nearly full during the year under review. It brought steady rental income to the Group. For the year ended 31 December 2010, the rental income of the properties in Hong Kong was approximately HK\$1.27 million, while last year's was approximately HK\$1.37 million. The decrease is due to the disposal of correspondence investment property at the end of 2009.

With the support of the strong local economy, we are confident in delivering continued revenue growth in 2011. Rental reversion and stable occupancy will drive revenue growth for the Group's properties.

During the year under review, no gain on disposal of investment property is accounted for (2009: HK\$1.41 million).

餐飲服務及出租收入

為保持穩定收入,於二零零九年底, 酒店營運方將本集團之酒店內中餐 廳出租。此舉,一方面為集團於期內 貢獻約85萬港元之出租收入;另一方 面,相關之餐飲收入因而消失及本集 團之酒店總餐飲收入亦同時減少。

於二零一一年,本集團將繼續強化成本管理和風險控制,優化酒店營運的資源和管理流程,增強應變能力,提高整體經濟效益。

B. 香港物業

於回顧期內,本集團物業之出租率接近完全租出,為本集團持續帶來穩定之租金收入。截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內,香港物業租金收入約為127萬港元,去年同期則約為137萬港元。此乃因為於二零零九底,出售相關之投資物業所致。

在本地強勁經濟的帶動下,我們有信 心在二零一一年度能取得持續的收益 增長。續租租金向上調整及穩定的租 用率將帶來持續的收益及收入增長。

於回顧期內,本集團並未有出售投資物業收益(二零零九年:141萬港元)。

C. Piano manufacturing

The Group diversified its business into the piano manufacturing sector by acquiring a 25% equity interest of Harmony Piano in 2005. This business interest brought steady profit to the Group for the year under review.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

Looking forward, despite the uncertainty will still remain in the global economy. However, it remains a year full of challenges and opportunities. The Group will continue to upholding a standardized and market-oriented operation model and well prepared for the challenges ahead. As always, the Group is improving profitability and generating good returns to our shareholders.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had a net cash balance of approximately HK\$37.91 million (2009: HK\$35.83 million). The Group's net asset value (assets less liabilities) was approximately HK\$129.71 million (2009: HK\$126.57 million), with a liquidity ratio (ratio of current assets to current liabilities) of 11.90 (2009: 8.97). This high level of liquidity and available funding will enable the Group to meet its expected future working capital requirements and to take advantage of growth opportunities for the business. During the year, there was no material change in the Group's funding and treasury policy. The Directors do not expect the Company to experience any problem with liquidity and financial resources in foreseeable future.

Charge on Assets

As at 31 December 2010, the Group has not charged any of its assets.

C. 鋼琴製造

本集團於二零零五年透過完成收購和 聲鋼琴25%股權而擴展業務至鋼琴製 造業。於回顧期內,此業務權益為本 集團帶來穩定之盈利。

未來發展

展望將來,儘管全球經濟狀況仍然未明朗,然而亦會是充滿挑戰及機遇的一年。集團將會堅持規範化和市場化的運作模式,準備面對未來之挑戰。一如既往,本集團定必提升盈利能力,為股東締造最佳回報。

財務回顧

流動資金及財務資源

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止,本集團之現金結餘淨額約為3,791萬港元(2009年:3,583萬港元)。本集團之資產淨值(資產減負債)約為12,971萬港元(2009年:12,657萬港元)。流動比率(流動資產與流動負債之比率)為11.90(2009年:8.97)。該高水平之流動性及可動用資金令本集團可應付未來營運資金及業務增長機會內下。於本年內,本集團之資金及財政政策並無重大改變。董事認為,本公司在可預見的未來並不會遇上任何資金流動性和財務資源上的問題。

資產抵押

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無就其任何資產作出抵押。

Capital Structure of the Group

The Group's monetary assets, liabilities and transactions are principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. Operating outgoings incurred by the Group's subsidiary in the mainland China are mainly denominated in RMB as well as its revenue. The management is of the opinion that the Group's exposure to foreign exchange rate risks is not significant and hedging through the use of derivative instruments is considered unnecessary. Any material fluctuation in the exchange rates of Hong Kong dollar or Renminbi may have an impact on the operating results of the Group.

The funding and treasury policies of existing subsidiaries of the Group are centrally managed and controlled by the Group's senior management in Hong Kong.

Substantial Disposal and Acquisitions

The Group had not participated in any substantial acquisition and disposal during the year under review.

Contingent Liability

Save as disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have any significant contingent liability during the year.

Human Resources

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had approximately 122 employees in Hong Kong and Xiamen. The remuneration package was determined with reference to performance and the prevailing market rate. The Group also provides employees with training, the opportunity to join its mandatory provident fund scheme and medical insurance cover.

本集團之資本架構

本集團之貨幣資產、負債及交易主要以港元及人民幣計值。本集團內地附屬公司之營運支出主要為人民幣,並常以人民幣收取收益。管理層認為本集團之外匯風險極低,並認為無須採用衍生工具進行對沖。倘若港元或人民幣之匯率出現任何重大波動,均可能對本集團之經營業績造成影響。

本集團之現有附屬公司之資金及財政政策均由香港之高級管理層集中管理及監控。

重大收購及出售事項

於回顧年度內,本集團並沒有參與任何重大收購及出售。

或然負債

除披露於綜合財務報表附註33外,本集團 於本年內並無任何重大或然負債。

人力資源

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團於香港及廈門擁有約122名僱員。酬金組合乃根據彼等之表現及市場價格釐定。本集團亦提供僱員培訓、參與強制性公積金計劃及醫療保險之機會。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. WANG Xiaowu, aged 53, is the Chairman of the Group, a director and Vice Chairman of HC Technology Capital Company Limited and Vice General Manager of Fujian Huamin Industrial Group Company Limited, the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Group. Mr. Wang joined the Group in December 2003 and is responsible for the overall strategic planning of the Group.

Mr. Wang has over 25 years' senior management experience including Assistant President and General Manager in the Treasury Department and International Finance Department in Fujian International Trust and Investment Corporation prior to joining the Group.

Mr. Wang acquired his Bachelor Degree in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering from Tsinghua University in the PRC and Master Degree in Business Administration from the University of Glasgow in the UK.

Mr. WANG Ruilian, aged 47, is the General Manager of the Group. Mr. Wang joined the Group in July 2006 and is responsible for the daily operations and execution of the strategies developed by the Board. Mr. Wang has over 20 years' experience in management and finance. Mr. Wang has previously been sent to overseas companies to take up a number of senior management posts, including a director and vice general manager of the Finance Department of Fujian Investment and Development Company Limited, and the managing director of Fujian Enterprises (Hungary) Co., Ltd.

Mr. Wang acquired his Bachelor Degree in Economics from Xiamen University in the PRC and Master Degree of International Management from Australian National University in Australia.

Mr. LIU Xiaoting, aged 45, is the Vice General Manager of the Group. Mr. Liu joined the Group in November 2004 and assists the General Manager for the daily operations. Mr. Liu has over 20 years' experience in finance management. Mr. Liu has taken up a number of management posts, included the related Department of Fujian Provincial People's Government; Director of Fujian Hua Min Import & Export Co., Ltd.; Assistant General Manager and the in charge of Finance Department of Fujian Industrial Company Limited; Financial Controller of trading firm in Hong Kong.

執行董事

汪小武先生,53歲,本集團主席,華晶科技 投資有限公司之董事兼副董事長,以及本 集團之最終控股公司福建華閩實業(集團) 有限公司之副總經理。汪先生於二零零三 年十二月加盟本集團,負責本集團之整體 策略性規劃。

汪先生於管理方面擁有超過25年經驗,於加盟本集團前,汪先生曾於福建國際信託 投資公司出任多個職位,包括總裁助理、資 金管理部總經理及國際金融部總經理。

汪先生持有中國清華大學電機工程系學士 學位及英國University of Glasgow工商管理 碩士學位。

王瑞煉先生,47歲,本集團總經理。王先生於二零零六年七月加盟本集團,負責日常營運及執行董事會之策略。王先生具有超過20年管理及金融財務經驗,曾派駐海外公司及出任多個高級管理職位,包括華閩投資發展有限公司之董事、金融財務部副總經理及華閩(匈牙利)有限公司之執行董事。

王先生持有中國廈門大學經濟學學士學位 及澳大利亞國立大學之國際管理碩士學 位。

劉小汀先生,45歲,本集團副總經理。劉先生於二零零四年十一月加盟本集團,負責協助總經理執行日常營運之事務。劉先生具有超過20年財務管理經驗,曾出任多個包括福建省有關政府部門之管理職位,福建華閩進出口公司董事,福建華閩實業有限公司財務部總經理助理、財務部負責人,香港貿易公司財務總監。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. FENG Qiang, aged 44, is the General Manager of Investment and Planning Department of Fujian Huamin Industrial Group Company Limited. Mr. Feng joined the Group in January 2005. He spent years of research in the Chinese Academy of Social Science at Fujian for corporate strategies and reforms. He also has practical experience in corporate investment planning, operational management and corporate restructuring during his service in the government of Fujian Province and its related companies. Mr. Feng has over 24 years' corporation and investment management experience.

Mr. Feng has a Bachelor Degree in Economics from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics.

Mr. YE Tao, aged 39, is the Deputy Managing Director of Sino Earn Holdings Limited. Mr. Ye joined the Group in September 2004. Mr. Ye has over 10 years' management experience. Save as disclosed herein, Mr. Ye did not held any directorship in other listed public companies within the past 3 years.

Mr. Ye graduated from Fuzhou University with a Bachelor Degree in Economics and acquired his Master Degree in Finance from Xiamen University.

非執行董事

馮強先生,44歲,福建華閩實業(集團)有限公司投資規劃部總經理。馮先生於二零零五年一月加盟本集團。馮先生曾長期在福建社會科學院從事企業發展戰略和企業改革的研究工作,並曾任職於福建省有關政府部門、企業,從事企業投資策劃、經營管理和企業重組的實務工作。馮先生於企業管理和投資管理方面擁有超過24年的經驗。

葉濤先生,39歲,葉先生為華鑫(香港)控股有限公司董事副總經理。葉先生於二零零四年九月加盟本集團。葉先生擁有超過10年管理經驗。除披露者外,葉先生於過去三年並無擔任其他上市公司董事之職。

葉先生持有福州大學投資經濟管理學士學位及廈門大學財政金融碩士學位。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lam Kwong Siu, S.B.S, aged 76, was the Delegate of the National People's Congress (10th Session), he is currently the Vice Chairman of BOC International Holdings Limited, the Honorary Chairman of Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Association. the Honorary President of Supervision of Hong Kong Fukien Chamber of Commerce, the Vice Chairman of Fujian-Hong Kong Economic Cooperation, the Life Honorary Chairman of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce and the Consultant of the Hong Kong Chinese Enterprises Association, the Honorary President of Chinese Bankers Club, Hong Kong, Mr. Lam is also the Independent Non-executive Director of Bank of China International Limited, CITIC International Financial Holdings Limited (was withdrawn of its listing on 5 November 2008), Citic Bank International Limited (formerly known as Citic Ka Wah Bank Limited), China Overseas Land & Investment Limited, Yuzhou Properties Company Limited and Xinyi Glass Holdings Limited. Mr. Lam was awarded the HKSAR Silver Bauhinia Star in 2003.

Mr. CHEUNG Wah Fung Christopher, JP, aged 59, joined the Group in December 2003. He is the Chairman of Christfund Securities Limited, Christfund Futures Limited, Christfund Finance Limited and Christfund Corporate Finance Limited, a Nonexecutive Director of Tongda Group Holdings Limited. He serves as a Member of the People's Political Consultative Conference of PRC, the Honorary President of Hong Kong Securities Association Limited, chairman of the Council Member of the Chinese Overseas Friendship Association, Deputy Secretary of the Friends of Hong Kong Association, a Council Member (1997-2000) of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and a Director (1998-2000) of the Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited, Committee Member of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, the Honorary President of Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Association and Member of the Standing Committee of the Federation of Commerce and Industry of Guangdong Province and Mr. Cheung acquired his Master Degree in MBA from City University of Hong Kong and was appointed as Justice of Peace by the Chief Executive of the HKSAR Government in 2000.

獨立非執行董事

Mr. LEUNG Hok Lim, FCPA (Aust.), CPA (Macau), FCPA (Practising), aged 75, joined the Group in September 2004. He is the founder and Senior Partner of PKF. Mr. Leung, is a Non-executive Director of Beijing Hong Kong Exchange of Personnel Centre Limited, an Independent Non-executive Director of a number of listed companies namely Yangtzekiang Garment Ltd., YGM Trading Ltd., S E A Holdings Ltd., High Fashion International Ltd. and Phoenix Satellite Television Holdings Ltd..

梁學濂先生,FCPA (Aust.), CPA (Macau), FCPA Practising),75歲,於二零零四年九月加盟本集團。梁先生為PKF大信梁學濂(香港)會計師事務所之創辦人及高級合伙人。梁先生為京港人才交流中心有限公司之非執行董事,並為多間上市公司,即長江製衣有限公司、YGM貿易有限公司、爪哇控股有限公司、達利國際集團有限公司及鳳凰衛視控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事。

The directors present the directors' report and the consolidated audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010.

董事會謹此提呈截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止年度之董事報告和經審核綜合 財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activities of the Company are hotel business and property investment and those of its subsidiaries are disclosed in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's revenue and contribution to results by principal activities and geographical area of operation for the year ended 31 December 2010 is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results and cash flow of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010 and the state of affairs of the Group and the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010 are set out in the financial statements on pages 47 to 138.

DIVIDENDS

The Company did not propose any dividends for the year ended 31 December 2010. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2010.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the statement of net assets/liabilities of the Group for the last financial years is set out on pages 4 to 6.

主要業務及經營地區分析

本公司主要從事酒店業務及物業投資,其 附屬公司之業務已於綜合財務報表附註18 披露。

本集團截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止 年度按主要業務及經營地區劃分之營業額 及業績貢獻分析載於綜合財務報表附註6。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度之業績及現金流量,以及本集團及本公司於二零一零年十二月三十一日年度財務狀況載於財務報表第47至138頁。

股息

本公司並無宣派截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止年度任何股息。董事會不建議 派發二零一零年十二月三十一日年度任何 股息。

財務摘要

本集團於過往財政年度之業績及淨資產/ 負債報表之概要載於第4至6頁。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate turnover attributable to the Group's five largest customers and the Group's largest customer accounted for 25.9% and 6.5% (2009: 16.8% and 4%) respectively of the Group's total turnover for the year. The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers and the Group's largest supplier accounted for 40.6% and 19.8% (2009: 54.6% and 15.7%) respectively of the Group's total purchase for the year.

None of the Directors, their associates, or shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers and customers during the year.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010 are set out on page 49 and in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

Details of the movements in prepaid lease payments of the Group are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

At 31 December 2010, the investment properties of the Group were revalued by an independent firm of professional surveyor and property valuer on an open market value basis at HK\$28.68 million. Details of these and other movements during the year in the investment properties of the Group are set out in pages 139 to 140 and note 17 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

主要客戶及供應商

本集團五大客戶及最大客戶的總營業額分別佔本集團年內總營業額的25.9%及6.5%(2009年: 16.8%及4%)。本集團五大供應商及最大供應商的總採購額分別佔本集團年內總採購額的40.6%及19.8%(2009年: 54.6%及15.7%)。

年內,概無董事、其聯繫人或就董事所知擁 有本公司股本5%以上的股東擁有本集團五 大供應商及客戶任何實際權益。

儲備

本集團及本公司於二零一零年十二月 三十一日年度之儲備變動載於第49頁及綜 合財務報表附註26。

預付租賃款項

本集團之預付租賃款項變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註16。

投資物業

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團之 投資物業經獨立專業測量師及物業估值師 按公開市值基準重估為2,868萬港元。本集 團之投資物業詳情及於年內其他變動詳情 分別載於第139頁至第140頁及綜合財務報 表附註17。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries and associates for the year ended 31 December 2010 are set out in notes 18 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

BANK LOAN AND OTHER

There were no outstanding bank loan and other borrowings by the Company and the Group at 31 December 2010.

CAPITALISED BORROWING COSTS

No borrowing costs were being capitalised during the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: Nil).

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註15。

附屬公司及聯營公司

本公司截止二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度之附屬公司及聯營公司詳情載於綜合財務報表附註18及19。

股本

本公司之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註25。

銀行貸款及其他借款

本公司及本集團於二零一零年十二月 三十一日並無銀行貸款及其他借貸。

借貸成本資本化

於二零一零年十二月三十一日年度概無借 貸成本資本化(二零零九年:無)。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010 are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements. The Directors of the Company (including our independent executive Directors) believe that the related party transactions set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements are carried out in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms.

For the purpose of the related party transactions set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements, the Board of the Company confirms that, none of them constituted non-exempt continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

Transactions listed in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements do not constitute discloseable connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the year ended 31 December 2010 and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors:

Mr. WANG Xiaowu (Chairman)

Mr. WANG Ruilian Mr. LIU Xiaoting

Non-executive directors:

Mr. FENG Qiang Mr. YE Tao

關連交易

本集團截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度的關聯方交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。本公司董事(包括本公司獨立執行董事)認為,根據綜合財務報表附註32所載的各項關聯方交易乃於日常及一般業務中按一般商業條款進行。

就綜合財務報表附註32所載的關聯方交易 而言,本公司董事會已確認,概無任何該等 交易構成上市規則項下的非豁免之持續關 連交易。

載於綜合財務報表附註32所列的交易並非根據上市規則第14A章須予披露的關聯交易。

董事

於二零一零年十二月三十一日年度及截至 本報告刊發日期止之在任董事名單如下:

執行董事:

汪小武先生(主席) 王瑞煉先生 劉小汀先生

非執行董事:

馮強先生 葉濤先生

Independent Non-executive directors:

Mr. LAM Kwong Siu

Mr. CHEUNG Wah Fung, Christopher

Mr. LEUNG Hok Lim

(re-appointed on 24 September 2010)

In accordance with article 101 of the Company's Articles of Association, one third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one third shall retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company and shall be eligible for re-election.

Mr. Leung Hok Lim has since 24 September 2004 been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company with tenure of two years and was reappointed at most two times with tenure of two years and expired on 23 September 2010, and was reappointed again with tenure of two years, expiring on 23 September 2012. Mr. Lam Kwong Siu and Mr. Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher have been Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company since 11 December 2003 with tenure of two years and were reappointed at most two times with tenure of two years and expired on 10 December 2009 and were reappointed on 11 December 2009 with tenure of two years, expiring on 10 December 2011.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting have a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHY

Biography of the Company's directors is set out on pages 14 to 17.

獨立非執行董事:

林廣兆先生張華峰先生

梁學濂先生

(於二零一零年九月二十四日重新委任)

遵照本公司之公司組織章程細則第101條之 規定,三分之一之現任董事(或倘董事人數 並非三位或三之倍數,則為最接近三分之 一之人數)任期將於應屆股東週年大會屆 滿,惟彼等具備資格膺選連任。

梁學濂先生自二零零四年九月二十四日為來公司獨立非執行董事,其任期為期兩年不及已重新委任兩次,其任期已於二零一年九月二十三日屆滿。並於二零一年九月二十三日屆滿。近於二零一二年九月二十三日屆滿。上生為本公司獨立非執行董事,其並任明為期兩年,及已重新委任兩次,其於任期為期兩年,及已重新委任兩屆滿。任期為期兩年二月十一日獲重新委任,其並任期為期兩年至二零一一年十二月十日屆滿。

董事服務合約

於即將舉行之股東週年大會上膺選連任之 董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立 僱用公司不可於一年內終止而毋須作出補 償(法定補償除外)之服務合約。

董事簡歷

本公司董事簡歷載於第14至第17頁。

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS BY DIRECTORS

As at 31 December 2010, the interests of the Directors in the shares, underlying shares, and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")), which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Listing Rules (the "Model Code") were as follows:

Long position in shares and underlying shares of the company

		Number of issued	Number of	
	Type of	ordinary	underlying	Percentage
Director	interests	shares held	shares held	of interest
		所持已發行	所持相關	權益
董事	權益類別	普通股數目	股份數目	百分比
Wang Xiaowu	Personal	1,040,000	_	0.27%
汪小武	個人			

董事權益披露

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,董事於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(按香港法例第571章)(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份及相關股份擁有(a)須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部通知本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益(包括根據證券及期貨條例之該等條文董事被當作或被視作享有之條之之。 (包括根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定存置之登記冊之權益;或(c)須根據上市規則所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)通知本公司及聯交所之權益如下:

本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Note:

These interests represent the interests in underlying shares in respect of share options granted by the Company to Mr. Wang Xiaowu as beneficial owners, the details of which are set out in the Section "Share Options" below.

Save as disclosed above, during the year, none of the directors of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (as defined in Part XV of the SFO) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

At no time during the year was the Company or its subsidiaries engaged in any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company or their respective spouses or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

During the year, none of the directors of the Company nor their respective associates had any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with any business of the Group.

INTERESTS IN ASSETS OF THE GROUP

During the year, none of the directors of the Company had any direct or indirect interests in any assets which have been acquired or disposed of, or leased to, or which are proposed to be acquired or disposed of or leased to, the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

附註:

該等權益指有關本公司授予汪小武先生作為實 益擁有人之購股權之相關股份權益,有關詳情載 於下文「購股權」一節。

除上文所披露外,於本年間,董事概無於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有或被視為擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所(包括根據證券及期貨條例之該等條文被當作或視為擁有之權益或淡倉);或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條之規定須載入該條文所述之登記冊內之任何權益或淡倉;或(iii)須根據標準守則,須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

本公司或其附屬公司在本年間任何時間概 無參與任何安排,致使董事或彼等各自之配 偶或未滿18歲之子女可透過購入本公司或 任何其他法團之股份或債券而獲取利益。

於競爭業務中之權益

於本年間,董事或彼等各自之聯繫人士概 無直接或間接擁有與本集團任何業務競爭 或可能競爭之任何業務。

於本集團資產中之權益

於本年間,董事概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司已收購或出售或承租,或建議收購或出售或承租之任何資產中擁有任何直接 或間接權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

None of the directors of the Company was materially interested in any contract or arrangement subsisting during or at the end of the year which is significant in relation to the business of the Group.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2010, as far as is known to the directors of the Company and the Company, and as confirmed upon reasonable enquiry, the register maintained by the Company under section 336 of the SFO shows that the following persons (not being directors and employees of the Company) had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which are required to be disclosed to the Company or the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or who were, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other member of the Company or had an option in respect of such capital were as follows:

Long positions in the shares of the company

董事之合約權益

董事概無於本年間或至本年底存在而就本 集團業務而言屬重大之任何合約或安排中 擁有重大權益。

主要股東

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止,就本公司董事及本公司所知,或於彼等作出合理查詢後所能確定,按照本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊所記錄,下列人士(並非本公司之董事及僱員)擁有或被視為擁有本公司股份或相關股份部,或被證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部,直接或間接擁有附帶權利可於所有情況會直接或間接擁有附帶權利可於所有情況。下上投票之任何類別股本面值5%以上,或擁有該等股本之購股權:

本公司股份之好倉

Name of Shareholders 股東名稱	Number of shares of the Company held 所持本公司 股份數目	% of total issued shares of the Company 佔已發行本公司 股份總額百分比
HC Technology Capital Company Limited ("HC Technology") 華晶科技投資有限公司 (「華晶科技」)	279,241,379 (a)	52.3
Fujian Investment and Development Company Limited ("FIDC") 華閩投資發展有限公司 (「華閩投發」)	279,241,379 (a)	52.3
Fujian Huamin Industrial Group Company Limited ("FHIG") 福建華閩實業(集團)有限公司(「福建華閩實業(集團)」)	279,241,379 (a)	52.3
Sino Earn Holdings Limited ("Sino Earn") 華鑫 (香港) 控股有限公司 (「華鑫」)	72,553,382 (b)	13.6
Fujian Huaxing Trust & Investment Company ("FHTI") 福建華興信託投資公司 (「華興信託」)	72,553,382 (b)	13.6
Fujian Huaxing Industrial Company ("FHIC") 福建華興實業公司 (「華興實業」)	72,553,382 (b)	13.6

Notes:

- (a) HC Technology beneficially holds 279,241,379 shares in the Company. Pursuant to the SFO, FHIG is deemed to be interested in the 279,241,379 shares by virtue of its being beneficially interested in 100% of the issued share capital of FIDC and FIDC is deemed to be beneficially interested in 100% of the issued share capital of HC Technology. FHIG is a state-owned corporation of the PRC.
- (b) Sino Earn beneficially holds 72,553,382 shares in the Company. Pursuant to the SFO, each of FHTI and FHIC is deemed to be interested in the 72,553,382 shares by virtue of their being beneficially interested in 30% and 70% of the issued share capital of Sino Earn respectively. Both FHTI and FHIC are state-owned corporations of the PRC.

Save as disclosed herein, as at 31 December 2010, the directors of the Company and the Company, as confirmed upon reasonable enquiry made by them and as indicated in the register maintained by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, were not aware of any other persons (other than directors and employees of the Company) had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares (including any interests in options in respect of such capital), which are required to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who owned any interests or short positions to be recorded in the register under Section 336 of the SFO; or who was, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other member of the Company or had any option in respect of such capital.

附註:

- (a) 華晶科技實益持有279,241,379股本公司股份。根據證券及期貨條例,鑑於福建華閩實業(集團)實益擁有華閩投發已發行股本之100%權益及華閩投發實益擁有華晶科技已發行股本之100%權益,因此被視為擁有279,241,379股股份權益。福建華閩實業(集團)為中國之國有企業。
- (b) 華鑫實益持有72,553,382股本公司 股份。根據證券及期貨條例,鑑於華 興信託及華興實業分別實益擁有華 鑫已發行股本之30%及70%權益, 因此各自被視為擁有72,553,382股 股份權益。華興信託及華興實業均 為中國之國有企業。

除本文所披露者外,於二零一零年十二月 三十一日,董事及本公司或於彼等作出合 理查詢後所能確定,按照本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊所記錄 均未獲悉任何其他人士(本公司之董事及 僱員除外)於股份及相關股份(包括該等股 本之任何購股權權益)中擁有或被視為擁 有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3 分部之條文向本公司及聯交所披露之權益 或淡倉,或概無任何其他人士佔有根據證 券及期貨條例第336條,列入該條例所述之 登記冊內之權益或淡倉;或直接或間接擁 有附帶權利可於所有情況下於本公司任何 其他成員公司之股東大會上投票之任何類 別股本之面值5%或以上,或擁有該等股本 之任何購股權。

SHARE OPTIONS SCHEME

On 22 January 1997, the Company approved a share option scheme (the "Existing Scheme") under which the Directors may, at their discretion, invite any employee or executive directors of the Company and the Group to take up options to subscribe for shares in the capital of the Company at any time during the ten years from the date of offer. The subscription price of the Company's shares shall be referred to the average closing price of the Company's shares as quoted on the main board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") for five dealings days immediately preceding the offer date. The maximum number of shares on which options may be granted may not exceed 10% of the ordinary share capital of the Company in issue from time to time. No options of the Company were being granted or outstanding since the year ended 2002.

On 23 August 2001, the Stock Exchange introduced changes to the provisions of the Chapter 17 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") in relation to share option schemes which came into effect on 1 September 2001. As a result of the amendments to the Listing Rules, the Board has not been able to grant options under the Existing Scheme. In compliance with the amendments to the Listing Rules, by an ordinary resolution passed on 10 May 2004, the Company terminated the Existing Scheme and adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme").

Purpose of the share options scheme

The purpose of the share options scheme is to provide participants of the same with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company and to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

購股權計劃

於一九九七年一月二十二日,本公司批准一項購股權計劃(「現行計劃」),據此,董事會可酌情邀請本公司及本集團任何僱員或執行董事接納購股權,可於要約日期之股份。可服份之認購價為緊接要約日期前五日限份之認購價為緊接要約日期前五日限份之可限份在香港聯合交易所有出限分之平均收市價。所授出可認購本公司股份之數目,最多不可能與不公司被無批授任何購入。自二零二年起,本公司並無批授任何購稅權或購股權未獲行使。

於二零零一年八月二十三日,聯交所擬就證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第17章有關購股權計劃之條文實行若干修訂,該等修訂於二零零一年九月一日生效。基於上市規則之修訂,董事會未能按現行計劃批授購股權。為遵守上市規則之修訂,本公司於二零零四年五月十日通過普通決議案,藉以終止現行購股權計劃及採納新購股權計劃 (「新計劃」)。

購股權計劃之目的

本計劃之目的,乃向計劃參與者提供於本公司購買專有權益之機會,鼓勵彼等致力提高本公司及其股份之價值,為本公司及其股東爭取整體利益。

Eligible participants of the share options scheme

(i) any executive, non-executive or independent non-executive director of any member of the Group or an entity in which the Group holds an interest ("Affiliate"); (ii) any employee or officer (whether full time or part time)("Employee") of the Group or an Affiliate; (iii) any shareholder of any member of the Group or an Affiliate who has, in the opinion of the Board, contributed or may contribute to the development and growth of the Group; (iv) any customer, supplier, agent, partner, consultant or adviser of or contractor to any member of the Group or an Affiliate; or (v) the trustee of any trust the beneficiary of which or any discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include any director, Employee, customer, supplier, agent, partner, consultant or adviser of or contractor to any member of the Group or an Affiliate; or (vi) a company beneficially owned by any director, Employee, consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner or adviser of or contractor any member of the Group or an Affiliate.

Total number of securities issuable

The maximum number of shares which may be granted under the share options scheme and any other schemes involving the issue or grant of options or similar rights over shares or other securities by the Company shall not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of shares in issue as at the date of approval of the share options scheme.

Maximum entitlement of each participant

Unless approved by the shareholders, no option may be granted to any eligible participants which if exercised in full would result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options already granted or to be granted to such eligible participant under the share options scheme (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such new grant exceeding 1% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of such new grant.

購股權計劃之合資格參 與者

(i)本集團任何成員公司或本集團持有權益 之實體(「聯屬公司」)之執行董事、非執行 董事或獨立非執行董事; (ji)本集團或聯屬 公司之僱員或行政人員(不論全職或兼職) (「僱員」); (iii)董事會認為本集團發展或增 長帶來貢獻之本集團任何成員公司或聯屬 公司之股東; (iv)本集團任何成員公司或聯 屬公司之客戶、供應商、代理、夥伴、顧問 或諮詢人或承辦商;或(v)信託之信託人或 酌情信託之信託對象,包括本集團任何成 員公司或聯屬公司之任何董事、僱員、客 戶、供應商、代理、夥伴、顧問或諮詢人或 承辦商;或(vi)本集團任何成員公司或聯屬 公司之董事、僱員、顧問、客戶、供應商、代 理、夥伴或諮詢人或承辦商所實益擁有之 公司。

可發行證券之總數

購股權計劃及其他計劃批授之股份總數(包括本公司發行或批授購股權或股份或其他證券之類似權利),最高合共不得超過購股權計劃批准日期已發行股份之10%。

各參與人之最高配額

除股東批准外,向任何合資格參與者批授 購股權後,該等購股權獲悉數行使後之已 發行股份總數,以及根據購股權計劃已批 授或將會批授之購股權(包括已行使、註銷 及未行使購股權)獲行使後將予發行之股 份總數,於截至新批授日期(包括當日)止 十二個月期間不得超過本公司於新批授日 期已發行股本之1%。

Period to take up share options and minimum period to hold before exercise

There is no minimum period within which the shares option must be taken up or for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised.

Amount payable to take up share options and time to accept offer

An offer for the granting of share options under the share options scheme shall be accepted within 28 days from the offer date and by way of payment of a consideration of HK\$1.

Maximum period for exercising on option

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the share options scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Board of Directors to each participant, which period may commence on the date on which the offer for the grant of options is made but shall end in any event not more than 10 years from the date of grant of the option.

Exercise price

The exercise price shall be a price determined by the Board of Directors of the Company and shall not be less than the highest of:

- (i) the closing price of a share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the relevant option, which must be a business day;
- (ii) an amount equivalent to the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a share.

認購購股權之期間及行使前 最短持有期間

購股權並無必須認購或必須於行使前持有 之最短期間之規定。

認購購股權之應付款項及接 納建議之時間

根據購股權計劃批授購股權之建議,須自 建議日期起計二十八日內以支付代價1港元 之方式接納。

行使購股權之最長期間

購股權可根據購股權計劃條款於董事會將 釐訂及知會各承授人之期間內隨時行使, 該期間可於購股權批授建議日期開始,惟 於任何情況下不得遲於購股權批授日期起 計十年後結束。

行使價

行使價乃本公司董事會將會釐訂之價格, 惟不得少於下列三者之最高者:

- (i) 於有關購股權批授日,聯交所日報表 所報之股份收市價(當日必須為營業 日):
- (ii) 緊接有關購股權批授日前五個營業日,聯交所日報表所報股份平均收市價之同等金額;及
- (iii) 股份面值。

Life of the share options scheme

The share options scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of two years commencing on the date of adoption of the share options scheme.

The details of share options outstanding as at 31 December 2010 as granted under the New Scheme adopted by the Company's shareholders on 10 May 2004 are as follows:

購股權計劃之有效期

購股權計劃於其採納日期起計兩年內有效 及生效。

根據由本公司股東於二零零四年五月十日 採納的新計劃授出而於二零一零年十二月 三十一日尚未行使之購股權股份詳細如 下:

	Date of grant	Options held as at 1 January 2010 於二零一零年 一月一日	Options exercised during the Period 於期內	Options lapsed during the Period 於期內	Options held as at 31 December 2010 於二零一零年 十二月三十一日	Nature of interests	Exercise price	Exercise period	% of existing Shares 佔現有
	授出日期	持有之購股權	行使之 購股權	失效之 購股權	持有之 購股權	權益 性質	行使價 HK\$ 港元	行使期	股份之 百分比
Wang Xiaowu 汪小武	3 June 2004 二零零四年 六月三日	1,040,000	(1,040,000)	-	-	Personal 個人	0.184	3 June 2004- 2 June 2014 二零零四年 六月三日至 二零一四年 六月二日	0.20
Chen Danyun 陳丹雲	3 June 2004 二零零四年 六月三日	420,000	(420,000)	-	_	Personal 個人	0.184	3 June 2004- 2 June 2014 二零零四年 六月三日至 二零一四年 六月二日	0.08
		1,460,000	(1,460,000)	-					

The consideration to be paid upon acceptance of the options by each of the grantees is HK\$1.

每位承授人在每次接納購股權時所付之代 價為港幣1元。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

On 4 March 2008, Xiamen Plaza entered into a management contract ("Management Contract") with Friendship International in relation to the appointment of Friendship International to manage the daily operations of the Hotel for a period of five years. Friendship International has paid RMB5 million as security deposit to Xiamen Plaza, which is refundable upon expiry of the Management Contract.

The Hotel remains the property of the Group at all times under the Management Contract. Xiamen Plaza is entitled to receive income from Friendship International which is calculated in accordance with the terms of the Management Contract.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the plans are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees.

The employees of the Group's subsidiary in China are members of a state-managed retirement benefit plan operated by the government of the PRC. The subsidiary is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit plan is to make the specified contributions.

管理合約

於二零零八年三月四日,東酒與敦睦訂立 有關委聘敦睦作為集團之酒店日常營運管 理合同為期五年。敦睦已向本公司支付人 民幣5,000,000元作為保證按金,並可於管 理合同到期後退還。

根據管理合同,酒店保持為本集團物業。東酒有權自敦睦收取一筆按管理合同條款計算之費用。

退休福利計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為其所 有香港僱員設立一項強積金計劃。計劃中 的資產與本集團資本分開,並受信託公司 監管。

本集團於中國大陸之附屬公司遵照中國之 適用規則,參與一項國家管理由當地政府 經營的退休福利計劃。附屬公司須按工資 成本的指定百分比比率向退休福利計劃供 款。本集團就退休福利計劃之唯一責任作 出指定供款。

PURCHASES, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries, had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2010.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Directors consider that throughout the year ended 31 December 2010, the Company has complied with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("Code on Corporate Governance") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules. The Company had received from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors a verbal confirmation of his independence.

The Company has adopted the Code on Corporate Governance. The Company had made specific enquiries to all Directors regarding any non-compliance with the Code on Corporate Governance during the year ended 31 December 2010, and had received confirmations from all Directors that they had fully complied with the required standard set out in the Code on Corporate Governance during the year ended 31 December 2010.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Group has adopted Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, the Model Code, as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiry has been made with all Directors and the Directors have complied with the requirements set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2010.

購買、出售或贖回本公司 之上市證券

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司或其附屬公司均無購買、出售及贖 回任何本公司之上市證券。

企業管治

董事認為,本公司於二零一零年十二月 三十一日年度一直遵守上市規則附錄十四 所載之企業管治常規守則(「企業管治守 則」)。本公司已收到每一位獨立非執行董 事就有關彼等之獨立性發出的口頭確認。

本公司已採納企業管治守則。本公司已向 全體董事為於二零一零年十二月三十一日 年度有否違反標準守則一事作出特定查 詢,而彼等均確認已於二零一零年十二月 三十一日年度完全遵從企業管治守則之有 關規定。

董事進行證券交易之標準 守則

本集團已採納載於上市規則附錄十有關董事進行證券交易之標準守則,作為董事買賣證券之標準守則。經向所有董事作出特定查詢後,各董事於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內,一直遵守標準守則之規定。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Group was established in 1999. Currently, it comprises three members, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Leung Hok Lim who possesses professional accounting qualification, Mr. Lam Kwong Siu and Mr. Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher. Mr. Leung Hok Lim is the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee adopted the term of reference in accordance with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices issued by the Stock Exchange. The principal duties of the Audit Committee include the review and supervision of the Group's financial reporting process and internal controls. Two meetings have been held by the Audit Committee during the year. Each Committee meeting was provided with necessary financial information of the Group for consideration, review and assessment of major issues.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee is responsible for recommending candidates to fill vacancies in the Board based on their qualifications, abilities and potential contribution to our Company and to ensure fair and transparent procedures for the appointment, re-election and removal of directors to the Board. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on our Company's website.

The Nomination Committee was formed by the Group in March 2005. The Committee currently comprises three members, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors namely Mr. Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher, Mr. Leung Hok Lim and Mr. Lam Kwong Siu, whereas Mr. Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher was nominated as the Chairman of the committee.

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the members of the Nomination Committee met once and resolved to propose the reappointment of our one independent non-executive Director for a term of two years from 24 September 2010 to 23 September 2012 and submitted the same to the Board for approval.

審核委員會

提名委員會

提名委員會負責根據獲提名人選的資歷、才能及對本公司的潛在貢獻,向董事會推薦 人選填補董事會空缺及確保董事之委聘、重 選及罷免的程序符合公平及透明之原則。 提名委員會的職權範圍載於本公司網站。

本集團於二零零五年三月成立提名委員會。現時委員會由三名成員組成,彼等為獨立非執行董事,包括張華峰先生、梁學濂先生及林廣兆先生,張華峰先生為提名委員會主席。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日年度,提名委員會舉行一次會議,決議通過由二零一零年九月二十四日至二零一二年九月二十三日繼續聘任本公司一位獨立非執行董事,任期兩年,並提交董事會審批。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Group established its Remuneration Committee in March 2005. The Committee currently comprises three members, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lam Kwong Siu, Mr. Leung Hok Lim and Mr. Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher. Mr. Lam Kwong Siu is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The Remuneration Committee adopted the term of reference in accordance with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices issued by the Stock Exchange. The Remuneration Committee met once during the year as to review the emolument policy and the benefits of the Executive Directors.

The Remuneration Committee shall consult the Chairman and/or the General Manager of the Group about their proposals relating to remuneration package and other human resources issues of the Directors and senior management of the Group. The emoluments of Directors are based on each Director's skill, knowledge and involvement in the Group's affairs, the Group's performance and profitability, remuneration benchmark in the industry and the prevailing market conditions.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as of the date of this report.

AUDITORS

Messr. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng were appointed as the auditors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010 and have audited the accompanying financial statements. A resolution will be submitted by the Board of Directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messr. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng as the Company's auditors for the year ending 31 December 2011.

On behalf of the Board

Wang Xiaowu

Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 March 2011

薪酬委員會

本集團於二零零五年三月成立薪酬委員會,現時委員會由三名成員組成,彼等為獨立非執行董事,包括林廣兆先生、梁學濂先生及張華峰先生。林廣兆先生為薪酬委員會的主席。薪酬委員會之職權範圍乃遵從聯交所簽發之企業管治原則及常規,薪酬委員會於年度期間舉行一次會議,審閱執行董事之薪酬政策及待遇。

薪酬委員會須就本集團董事及高級管理人員之薪酬建議及其他人力資源問題諮詢本集團主席及/或總經理。董事酬金根據個別董事之技能、知識水平及對本集團事務之投入程度,並參照本集團之業績與盈利狀況、同業酬金水平及市場環境而釐定。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所獲提供資料及據董事所知悉,於本報告日期,公眾人士最少持有本公司已發行股本總額25%。

核數師

國衛會計師事務所獲委聘擔任本公司截至 二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度核數師,並已對隨附的財務報表進行了審計。董事會在即將召開的股東週年大會上將提呈重新委聘國衛會計師事務所擔任本公司截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度的核數師的決議案。

代表董事會

汪小武

主席

香港,二零一一年三月二十四日

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Adapting and adhering to recognized standards of corporate governance principles and practices has always been one of the top priorities of the Company. The Board of Directors (the "Board") believes that good corporate governance is one of the areas that lead to the success of the Company and in balancing the interests of shareholders, customers and employees, and the Board is devoted to ongoing enhancements of the efficiency and effectiveness of such principles and practices.

The Directors consider that throughout the year ended 31 December 2010, the Company has complied with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("Code on Corporate Governance") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). The Company had received a verbal confirmation of independence from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors.

BOARD COMPOSITION AND BOARD PRACTICES

The Board is principally responsible for the management and operations of the Group. The Board also reviews the overall strategic development and monitors the financial performance of the Group. The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities in reviewing the reports of the Group for the year covered by this annual report.

The Board comprises a total of eight Directors, three of which are Executive Directors, two Non-executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors. One of the Independent Non-executive Directors has appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

Board composition review will be made regularly to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and expertise appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Group. In accordance with article 101 of the Company's Articles of Association, one third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and shall be eligible for re-election.

企業管治常規守則

配合及遵循企業管治原則及常規之公認標準一貫為本公司最優先原則之一。董事會(「董事會」)認為良好的企業管治是帶領本公司邁向成功及平衡股東、客戶及僱員之間利益之因素之一,董事會致力於持續改善該等原則及常規之效率及有效性。

董事認為,本公司於二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治常規守則(「企業管治守則」)。本公司已收到每一位獨立非執行董事就有關彼等之獨立性發出的口頭確認。

董事會組成及董事會常規

董事會主要負責管理及經營本集團,董事 會亦檢討整體策略發展,並監管本集團的 財務表現。董事知悉彼等之責任為審閱本 集團於本年報所涵蓋年度之報告。

董事會由合共八名董事組成,當中三名為 執行董事、兩名為非執行董事、及三名為獨 立非執行董事。其中一名獨立非執行董事 擁有適當之專業資格,或具備會計或相關 財務管理專長。

本公司將定期檢討董事會之組成,確保其 具備適當及所需之專長、技能及經驗以應 付本集團業務之需求。根據本集團之公司 組織章程細則第101條之規定,三分之一之 現任董事(或倘董事人數並非三位或三之 倍數,則為最接近三分之一之人數),任期 將於應屆股東週年大會屆滿,惟彼等具備 資格膺選連任。

CHAIRMAN'S ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY

The Chairman of the Board ("Chairman") and the Group General Manager are separate individuals, to maintain segregation of duties between the management of the Board and the day-to-day management of the Group's business. One important role of the Chairman is to provide leadership for the Board. The Chairman has to ensure that the Board works effectively, discharges responsibilities, and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner. All Directors are consulted about matters proposed for inclusion in the agenda. The Chairman has delegated to the Company Secretary the responsibility for drawing up the agenda for each Board meeting.

The Group supports the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures. The Group General Manager has been delegated such authority. The Board always acts in the best interests of the Group, and all Directors have made full and active contribution to the affairs of the Board. Meeting between the Chairman and the Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors) without the presence of Executive Directors has been scheduled as at least once a year.

A package of orientation materials setting out the duties and responsibilities of Directors under the Listing Rules, related ordinances and relevant regulatory requirements of Hong Kong is provided to each newly appointed Director. Orientation meeting for briefing on business and operations of the Group will be held with the Directors concerned.

主席的角色及責任

董事會主席(「主席」)及集團總經理之職務由不同人士擔任,使董事會管理及本集團業務之日常管理得以有效區分。主席之其中一項主要職能為領導董事會。主席須確保董事會有效運作及履行職責,並就各項重要及適當事務進行適時討論。所有董事均經諮詢以提出任何商討事項列入會議議程。主席已委派公司秘書負責擬定每次董事會會議之議程。

本集團支持制定良好之企業常規管治守則及程序。集團總經理已獲授有關授權。董事會一直以符合本集團最佳利益之方式行事,所有董事均全力投入董事會事務。主席與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)至少每年一次在執行董事並不出席之情況下舉行會議。

各新任董事於就任時均獲提供詳盡資料, 載列上市規則、相關法例及香港有關監管 規例所訂之董事職責及責任。本公司亦就 新任董事就任時安排會議,就本集團之業 務及運作向有關董事作出簡介。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board meets regularly. For the year ended 31 December 2010, it held four meetings. Regular Board meetings of the year are scheduled in advance. All notices of the meeting of the Board will be made to various directors at least 14 days prior to the meeting, the Company Secretary will assist the Chairman in preparing the memorandum of the meeting as to give all Directors an opportunity to attend. Board papers are circulated not less than three days before the Board meetings, to enable the Directors to make informed decisions on matters to be raised at the Board meetings and to offer them sufficient time to review the documents. The Company Secretary and the Qualified Accountant normally attend all regular Board meetings, to advise on corporate governance, statutory compliance, accounting and financial matters when necessary, as to ensure the compliance and maintenance of sound corporate governance practice. The Company Secretary shall prepare minutes and keep record of matters discussed and decisions resolved at all Board meetings.

There is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships) among members of the Board. All of them are free to exercise their independent judgment. The Company has received annual written confirmations from all independent non-executive Directors in respect of their independence during the year pursuant to the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The directors have overall responsibility for the establishment, maintenance and review of the Group's system of internal control. For the year ended 31 December 2010, the directors periodically reviewed its internal control system to ensure its effectiveness and adequacy, which embraced financial, operational and risk management control.

董事會

董事會定期開會。截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止年度,合共召開四次會議。每年 定期召開之董事會會議均預定有關舉行日 期。所有董事會會議的通知將於會議舉行 最少十四天前發出予各董事,公司秘書協 助主席預備會議議程,使各董事有充裕時 間及機會出席。為確保董事會會議之討論 事項具備充份資料以作出決定及使各董事 有時間審閱該等文件,會議文件均於會議 召開前不少於三天送交全體董事。公司秘 書及合資格會計師均出席各董事會定期會 議,於有需要時就企業管治、法定管治、會 計及財務等事宜向董事會提供意見,以確 保本公司遵守及維持良好企業管治常規。 於董事會會議上經討論及議決之事項均由 公司秘書詳細記錄及存檔。

董事局成員之間並無任何關係(包括財務、 業務、家庭或其他重大/相關關係)。彼等 全部均可自由行使其獨立判斷權。於本年 度,本公司已接獲所有獨立非執行董事根 據上市規則規定就彼等獨立性發出之書面 年度確認書。本公司認為,根據上市規則所 載之獨立性指引,所有獨立非執行董事均 屬獨立人士。

內部監控

董事對建立、維持及檢討本集團之內部監控制度具有整體責任。截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,董事定期檢討其內部監控制度,以確保其有效及足夠,涉及範圍包括財務、經營及風險管理控制。

For the year ended 31 December 2010, the Board met four times and the Directors' attendance at the Board Meeting is as follows:

於二零一零年十二月三十一日年度,董事 會舉行四次會議,董事出席情況如下:

Director		Attendance
董事		出席次數
Chairman	主席	
WANG Xiaowu	汪小武	3
Executive Directors	<i>執行董事</i>	
WANG Ruilian	王瑞煉	4
LIU Xiaoting	劉小汀	3
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
FENG Qiang	馮強	4
YE Tao	芙 濤	0
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
LAM Kwong Siu	林廣兆	3
CHEUNG Wah Fung, Christopher	張華峰	2
LEUNG Hok Lim	梁學濂	4

Records of Board meetings are kept by the Company Secretary, and submitted to each Director for filing and made available to them for their inspection.

Insurance policy has been arranged to safeguard the interests of the Directors in case of legal proceedings.

Non-executive directors

Mr. Ye Tao and Mr. Feng Qiang were appointed as Non-executive Directors on 24 September 2004 and 27 January 2005 respectively and without a specific term, but are subject to retirement by rotation at the Annual General Meeting in compliance with the Company's Articles of Association.

董事會會議記錄乃由公司秘書保存,並會送 呈各董事作為記錄及會公開讓董事查閱。

已安排適當保險,使董事面對法律訴訟時得到保障。

非執行董事

葉濤先生及馮強先生分別於二零零四年九月二十四日及二零零五年一月二十七日, 獲委任為非執行董事,其委任均無指定任期,惟須按照本集團之公司組織章程細則 之規定,於股東週年大會屆滿輪席告退并 鷹撰連任。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each Independent Non-executive Director has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all Independent Non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines.

Mr. Leung Hok Lim has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company with tenure of two years and was reappointed at most two times with tenure of two years and expired on 23 September 2010 and was reappointed on 24 September 2010 with tenure of two years, expiring on 23 September 2012. Mr. Lam Kwong Siu and Mr. Cheung Wah Fung have been Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company with tenure of two years and was reappointed at most two times with tenure of two years and expired on 10 December 2009 and were reappointed on 11 December 2009 with tenure of two years, expiring on 10 December 2011. However, their tenure is subject to retirement by rotation at the Annual General Meeting in compliance with the Articles of Association of the Company and the Code on Corporate Governance, under which they have to retire by rotation and make themselves eligible for re-election.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have selected appropriate accounting policies, applied them consistently, made judgments and estimation that are prudent, fair and reasonable, ensured all applicable accounting standards are followed and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Directors are also responsible for ensuring that the Group keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and which enable the preparation of financial statements in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable accounting standards.

獨立非執行董事之獨立性 確認書

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13 條之規定提交確認其符合獨立性之確認 書。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事皆符 合載於上市規則第3.13條獨立性指引,並根 據該指引條文屬獨立人士。

董事於綜合財務報表之 責任

董事負責編製每一財務期間之財務報表。財務報表應真實公平地反映本集團狀況及期間之業績和現金流。編製財務報表時,董事選用適當之會計原則並貫徹執行,作所審慎、公平及合理之判斷及估計,採用所有適用之會計準則並採取持續經營基準編製財務報表。董事亦須負責確保本集團保事計記錄,該等記錄須於任何時間合理推確地披露本集團之財務狀況,並可據此務電港公司條例及適用之會計準則編製財務報表。

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Group has adopted Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, the Model Code, as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiry has been made with all Directors and the Directors have complied with the requirements set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2010.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Name of member

The Audit Committee of the Group was established in 1999. Currently, it comprises three members, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Leung Hok Lim who possesses professional accounting qualification, Mr. Lam Kwong Siu and Mr. Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher. Mr. Leung Hok Lim is the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee adopted the term of reference in accordance with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices issued by the Stock Exchange. The principal duties of the Audit Committee include the review and supervision of the Group's financial reporting process and internal controls. Two meetings have been held by the Audit Committee during the year. Each Committee meeting was provided with necessary financial information of the Group for consideration, review and assessment of major issues.

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the members of the Audit Committee met twice and their attendance is as follows:

董事進行證券交易之標準 守則

本集團已採納載於上市規則附錄十有關董事進行證券交易之標準守則,作為董事買賣證券之標準守則。經向所有董事作出特定查詢後,各董事於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內,一直遵守標準守則之規定。

審核委員會

本集團於一九九九年設立審核委員會。現時委員會由三名成員組成,彼等均為獨立非執行董事,包括梁學濂先生(具備專業學計師資格)、林廣兆先生及張華峰先生。審核委員會主席。審核委員會主席。審核委員會主席。審核委員會之主要聯於之職權範圍。審核委員會之主要職務包括審閱及檢討本集團之財務申報程行,不會議。每次委員會會議均獲提供必到許多。本集團財務資料,供成員考慮、檢討及評審工作中涉及之重大事宜。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日年度,審核委員會舉行兩次會議,成員出席情況如下:

Attendance 出席次數

成員名稱

The Audit Committee has reviewed the interim and final financial results for the year 2010. The Audit Committee considers the financial statement to be complied with the appropriate financial standards and the law regulations and with enough disclosure has been made.

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零一零年中期及全年度財務業績。審核委員會認為,該等報表符合適用會計準則及法律規定且已作出足夠披露。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee is responsible for recommending candidates to fill vacancies in the Board based on their qualifications, abilities and potential contribution to our Company and to ensure fair and transparent procedures for the appointment, re-election and removal of directors to the Board. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on our Company's website.

The Nomination Committee was formed by the Group in March 2005. The Committee currently comprises three members, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors namely Mr. Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher, Mr. Leung Hok Lim and Mr. Lam Kwong Siu, whereas Mr. Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher was nominated as the Chairman of the committee.

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the members of the Nomination Committee met once and resolved to propose the reappointment of our one Independent Non-executive Directors for a term of two year from 24 September 2010 to 23 September 2012 and submitted the same to the Board for approval. Their attendance is as follows:

提名委員會

提名委員會負責根據獲提名人選的資歷、才能及對本公司的潛在貢獻,向董事會推薦 人選填補董事會空缺及確保董事之委聘、重 選及罷免的程序符合公平及透明之原則。 提名委員會的職權範圍載於本公司網站。

本集團於二零零五年三月成立提名委員會。現時委員會由三名成員組成,彼等為獨立非執行董事,包括張華峰先生、梁學濂先生及林廣兆先生,張華峰先生為提名委員會主席。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日年度,提名委員會舉行一次會議,決議通過由二零一零年九月二十四日至二零一二年九月二十三日繼續聘任本公司一位獨立非執行董事及續聘書,任期兩年,並提交董事會審批。成員出席情況如下:

Name of member成員名稱出席次數CHEUNG Wah Fung, Christopher (Chairman)張華峰(主席)1LEUNG Hok Lim梁學濂1LAM Kwong Siu林廣兆1

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Group established its Remuneration Committee in March 2005. The Committee currently comprises three members, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lam Kwong Siu, Mr. Leung Hok Lim and Mr. Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher. Mr. Lam Kwong Siu is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The Remuneration Committee adopted the term of reference in accordance with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices issued by the Stock Exchange. The Remuneration Committee met once during the year as to review the emolument policy and the benefits of the Executive Directors.

薪酬委員會

本集團於二零零五年三月成立薪酬委員會,現時委員會由三名成員組成,彼等為獨立非執行董事,包括林廣兆先生、梁學濂先生及張華峰先生。林廣兆先生為薪酬委員會的主席。薪酬委員會之職權範圍乃遵從聯交所簽發之企業管治原則及常規,薪酬委員會於年度期間舉行一次會議,審閱執行董事之薪酬政策及待遇。

The Remuneration Committee shall consult the Chairman and/or the General Manager of the Group about their proposals relating to remuneration package and other human resources issues of the Directors and senior management of the Group. The emoluments of Directors are based on each Director's skill, knowledge and involvement in the Group's affairs, the Group's performance and profitability, remuneration benchmark in the industry and the prevailing market conditions.

薪酬委員會須就本集團董事及高級管理人員之薪酬建議及其他人力資源問題諮詢本集團主席及/或總經理。董事酬金根據個別董事之技能、知識水平及對本集團事務之投入程度,並參照本集團之業績與盈利狀況、同業酬金水平及市場環境而釐定。

For the year ended 31 December 2010, the members of the Remuneration Committee met once and their attendance is as follows:

於二零一零年十二月三十一日年度,薪酬委員會舉行一次會議,成員出席情況如下:

		Attendance
Name of member	成員名稱	出席次數
LAM Kwong Siu (Chairman)	張華峰 <i>(主席)</i>	1
LEUNG Hok Lim	梁學濂	1
CHEUNG Wah Fung, Christopher	林廣兆	1

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The Audit Committee has reviewed a service plan from Messr. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng regarding their independence and objectivity and had a meeting with HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng, the external auditors of the Company, to discuss the scope of their audit and approve the scope.

The Audit Committee also makes recommendations to the Board on the appointment and retention of the external auditors.

For the year ended 31 December 2010, the Company paid Messr. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng, the external auditors of the Company, HK\$460,000 as audit fees (2009: HK\$460,000).

The auditors' reporting responsibility is set out on pages 45 to 46 of this annual report.

外部核數師

審核委員會已審閱國衛會計師事務所確認 其獨立性及客觀性之服務計劃,並與本公 司之外部核數師國衛會計師事務所舉行會 議,討論及批准其審核範圍。

審核委員會亦就委聘及挽留外部核數師向 董事會提供建議。

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司向外部核數師國衛會計師事務所支付審計費用460,000港元(二零零九年:460,000港元)。

核數師之申報職責載於本年報第45至46 頁。

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's management believes that risk management is an essential component of the Group's administrative structure. The management assists the Board in evaluating material risk exposure existing in the Group's business, including investment risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk etc, and participates in designing and formulating appropriate risk management and internal control measures, and to ensure its implementation in daily operational management.

The management considers that the investment risk management measures provide guarantee to the Group through its way of seeking new development opportunities, as to secure reasonable return in every investment, to reduce investment risks and to avoid possible loss attributable to investments.

The Group's risk management towards liquidity aims to ensure that under all circumstances there exists sufficient capital to fulfill repayment obligations of all debts due, to maintain good creditworthiness, to finance reasonable investment opportunities and to fuel business development. The Group's accounting department is responsible for daily financial activities and monitors liquidity position from time to time to cope with business operation of the Company.

CORPORATE CORRESPONDENCE

The Company commits to report to the shareholders of the Company the Group's corporate information in a timely and punctual way through notifying or mailing to all shareholders via press release, Interim Report and Annual Report. The circular of the Annual General Meeting will be distributed to all shareholders of the Company at least 21 days prior to the meeting, which set out the requirements and the procedure of the vote and the relevant details of other proposed resolutions. The printed copies of the Group's Annual Report and Interim Report have been dispatched to all the shareholders.

The Company also maintains a corporate website on which comprehensive information about the Group is provided.

The Company is committed to ensuring that it is fully compliant with disclosure obligations stipulated under the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations, and that all shareholders and potential investors have an equal opportunity to receive and obtain externally available information that is released by the Group.

風險管理

公司管理層相信風險管理是本集團管治架 構中重要的組成部分。管理層協助董事會 評估本集團業務中存在的主要風險,包括 投資風險、利率風險、流動資金風險等,參 與設計和制訂合適的風險管理及內部監控 措施,並在日常經營管理中落實執行。

管理層認為投資風險管理之措施可以令集 團在尋找新的發展機會中得到保障,使每 一項投資都能得到合理的回報,減低投資 風險、避免投資可能會帶來的損失。

本集團對流動資金的風險管理,旨在確保在任何情況下,仍能以充足的資金履行所有到期債務的償還責任,保持良好的信譽;能在適當的投資機會中提供所需資金,以擴大業務發展。集團會計部負責日常的財務活動並不時監察流動資金狀況,以應付公司的經營運作。

企業通訊

本公司依時向股東匯報本集團之企業資料,並透過刊發新聞稿、中期報告及年報等方式,通知和寄發予所有股東,而有關股東週年大會的通函於大會舉行前最少二十一天寄發予所有股東,通函載列要求及舉行票選的程序及其他建議的議案的有關資料。本集團的年報及中期報告之印刷本已寄發予所有股東。

本公司亦設有公司網站·提供有關本集團 之全面資料。

本公司致力確保全面遵守上市規則及其他 適用法例與法規訂明之披露責任,而全體 股東及潛在投資者均同樣可獲得及取得本 集團公佈之外界資料。

CORPORATE MONITOR

The Board is responsible for monitoring the Group's overall corporate reporting process and control system, while the corporate reporting standard is handled by the accounting department, which makes regular review of resources allocation and financial reporting system properly. Compliance with Code on Corporate Governance Practices, the Listing Rules, SFO and other applicable laws and regulations are handled by the Company Secretary. The Company's management meets with the Executive Directors regularly to review and brief the reporting system, and the Audit Committee annually to review and brief the reporting system.

A package of detailed materials setting out the duties and responsibilities of the Directors of the Company is provided to each newly appointed Director of the Company, in which it is especially specified the applicable rules and regulations (including the Listing Rules) that the first time appointed Directors of the Company shall notice and understand.

In respect of the securities transactions made by Directors and relevant employee, the Company has adopted Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, the Model Code, as its own of conduct regarding the standard for securities transactions. Printed copies of the Model Code have been distributed to each Director and relevant employee of the Group as stipulated therein. All the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the standards set out therein.

Employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price-sensitive information about the Group are also subject to compliance with guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code.

On behalf of the Board

Wang Xiaowu

Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 March 2011

企業監控

董事會有責任監察本集團整體企業匯報過程及控制系統,企業匯報標準已交予會計部負責,由會計部適當地定期檢討資源認配及財務匯報系統。企業管治常規,以及符合上市規則、證券及期貨條例及其他適時法規等事宜,已交予公司秘書負責。本公司司法規等事宜,已交予公司秘書負責。本報報、亦每年與審核委員會檢討及簡述匯報系統。

本公司每位新委任董事均獲發一份詳盡資料,當中詳述作為本公司董事之責任及職責,並特別註明首次獲委任本公司董事須留意及知悉之適用規則及規例(包括上市規則)。

本公司就本集團董事及相關僱員之證券交易,採納載於上市規則附錄十有關董事進行證券交易標準之行為守則。公司守則之印刷本已分發予本公司守則內規定須獲提供之本集團每位董事及相關僱員。所有董事已確認,彼等已遵守本公司之守則內所載標準。

該等有可能獲得有關本集團未經刊發股價 敏感資料之僱員亦須遵守條款內容不比標 準守則寬鬆之指引。

代表董事會

汪小武

主席

香港,二零一一年三月二十四日

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告



Chartered Accountants
Certified Public Accountants

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF FUJIAN HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Fujian Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 47 to 138, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2010, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

31/F, 香港 Gloucester Tower 中環

The Landmark 舉打街11號 11 Pedder Street 置地廣場 Central 告羅士打大廈

Hong Kong 31樓

致閩港控股有限公司股東

(於香港註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第47至138頁閩港控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一零年十二月三十一日的綜合及公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公平的反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合財務報表作出意見,並按照香港《公司條例》第141條僅向整體股東報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何賃金我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審計,以合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2010 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng

Chartered Accountants
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 24 March 2011

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足 和適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據《香港財務報告準則》真實而公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零一零年十二月三十一日的事務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的利潤及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》妥為編製。

國衛會計師事務所

英國特許會計師香港執業會計師

香港,二零一一年三月二十四日

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

	-, -, , , ,			
		Notes 附註	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Revenue	收益	5	16,357,222	17,776,714
Other income	其他收入	7	4,179,078	5,575,800
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	8	3,515,075	3,885,848
Employee benefits expense	員工福利支出	10	(6,447,114)	(6,966,881)
Depreciation	折舊	15	(3,198,191)	(3,325,820)
Amortisation of prepaid lease payment	預付租賃款項攤銷	16	(1,874,007)	(2,009,302)
Share of profit of an associate	應佔聯營公司之溢利		900,072	780,443
Other operating expenses	其他經營費用		(10,269,497)	(11,071,490)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		3,162,638	4,645,312
Income tax expense	所得税開支	9	(536,121)	(420,471)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	10	2,626,517	4,224,841
Other comprehensive income Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	其他全面收益 換算海外業務產生 之匯兑差額		244,114	(3,908)
Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度其他全面收益		244,114	(3,908)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		2,870,631	4,220,933
Earnings per share	每股盈利			
Basic (HK cents per share)	基本(每股港仙)	13	0.49	0.79
Diluted (HK cents per share)	攤薄(每股港仙)	13	0.49	0.79

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 於二零一零年十二月三十一日 (以港元列示)

		Notes 附註	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Prepaid lease payment Investment properties Interest in an associate	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 預付租賃款項 投資物業 聯營公司權益	15 16 17 19	40,096,323 27,953,930 28,675,000 10,038,350	42,088,434 29,827,937 25,560,000 8,791,378
			106,763,603	106,267,749
Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Time deposits Bank balances and cash	流動資產 存貨 貿易及其他應收賬款 定期存款 銀行結餘及現金	20 21 22 22	143,036 3,002,037 - 37,914,888	100,813 2,573,664 18,584,280 17,247,800
			41,059,961	38,506,557
Current liabilities Trade and other payables	流動負債 貿易及其他應付賬款	23	3,450,697	4,282,181
Net current assets Total assets less current liabilities	流動資產淨值		37,609,264 144,372,867	34,224,376
Capital and reserves	・		144,072,007	140,432,120
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Reserves	本公司持有人應佔權益 股本 儲備	25	66,780,000 62,933,868	66,597,500 59,977,097
Total equity	股本權益總額		129,713,868	126,574,597
Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Trade and other payables	非流動負債 遞延税項負債 貿易及其他應付賬款	24 23	8,764,649 5,894,350	8,246,665 5,670,863
			14,658,999	13,917,528
			, ,	, , 20

The consolidated financial statements on pages 47 to 138 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 March 2011 and are signed on its behalf by:

董事會於二零一一年三月二十四日已批准 並授權刊發及簽署之綜合財務報表中第47 頁至138頁:

汪小武 **Wang Xiaowu** 董事 *Director* 王瑞煉 **Wang Ruilian** *董事 Director*

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司持有人應佔

		本公司持有人應佔					
		Share capital 股本 (Note 25)	Share premium 股份溢價 (Note 26)	Translation reserve 換算儲備	Share-based compensation reserve 以股份為 支付基礎的 酬金儲備 (Note 26)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Total 合計
		(附註25)	(附註26)		(附註26)		
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	66,597,500	576,304,933	(7,518,189)	268,640	(513,299,220)	122,353,664
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	-	4,224,841	4,224,841
Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度其他全面收益	-	-	(3,908)	-	_	(3,908)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		_	(3,908)		4,224,841	4,220,933
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	66,597,500	576,304,933	(7,522,097)	268,640	(509,074,379)	126,574,597
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	本年度溢利 本年度其他全面收益	-	-	-	-	2,626,517	2,626,517
for the year		_	-	244,114	=	_	244,114
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	_	244,114	-	2,626,517	2,870,631
Issue of ordinary shares under employee share option plan	根據僱員購股權計劃 發行普通股	182,500	354,780	-	(268,640)	· · ·	268,640
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	66,780,000	576,659,713	(7,277,983)	-	(506,447,862)	129,713,868

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務之現金流量		
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	2,626,517	4,224,841
Adjustments for:	調整項目:		
Income tax expense	所得税開支	536,121	420,471
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	(362,639)	(244,784)
Share of profit of an associate	應佔聯營公司之溢利	(900,072)	(780,443)
Amortisation of prepaid lease payment	預付租賃款項攤銷	1,874,007	2,009,302
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	1,01 1,001	2,000,002
plant and equipment	小次	3,198,191	3,325,820
Gain arising on change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平值 收益	(3,115,000)	(7,993,544)
Gain on disposal of	出售投資物業收益	, , , ,	
investment property Loss on disposal and write-off of	出售及撇銷物業、廠房及	-	(1,411,049)
property, plant and equipment	設備之虧損確認	4,787	309,844
Impairment loss recognised	預付租賃款項之減值		
on prepaid lease payment	虧損確認	-	2,153,459
Impairment loss recognised	物業、廠房及設備之減值		0.004.400
on property, plant and equipment	虧損確認 変数 表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表	_	3,034,190
Impairment loss recognised	應收賬款之減值虧損確認	04.454	10
on trade receivables	甘州廃此馬勃之河店	64,154	12
Impairment loss recognised on other receivables	其他應收賬款之減值 虧損確認	69 004	60 700
Waiver of other payable	斯 損 唯 祕 其 他 應 付 賬 款 之 豁 免	68,994 (1,078,405)	68,788 (2,152,804)
vvalver of other payable	共他應內廠款之酯先	(1,076,405)	(2,102,004)
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之經營現金		
movements in working capital		2,916,655	2,964,103
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少	(42,223)	4,704
(Increase)/decrease in trade and	貿易及其他應收賬款	• • •	
other receivables	(增加)/減少	(579,659)	521,463
Increase in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款增加	246,921	396,469
Cash generated from operations	經營業務現金流入	2,541,694	3,886,739
Interest received	已收利息	362,639	244,784
Not each generated by	狐		
Net cash generated by operating activities	經營業務現金流入淨額	2,904,333	4,131,523
		•	<u> </u>

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) 綜合現金流量表 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Cash flows from investing activities	投資業務之現金流量		
Purchase of property,	購置物業、廠房及設備	(4.000.407)	(000,000)
plant and equipment Decrease/(increase) in time deposits	減少/(增加)定期存款	(1,082,487) 18,584,280	(932,628) (18,584,280)
Proceeds from disposal of	來自出售投資物業之所得款項	10,504,200	(10,364,260)
investment property		_	2,754,593
Net cash generated from/(used in)	投資業務之現金		
investing activities	流入/(所用)淨額	17,501,793	(16,762,315)
	副次迁科之明		
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares	融資活動之現金流量 來自發行普通股	268,640	
Proceeds from Issue of Ordinary Shares	不日 段11 自 旭 収	200,040	
Net cash generated from financing	融資動用之現金流入淨額		
activities		268,640	_
Net increase/(decrease) in	現金及現金等值		
cash and cash equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額	20,674,766	(12,630,792)
Cash and cash equivalents	年初之現金及現金等值		
at the beginning of the year		17,247,800	29,899,372
Effects of foreign exchange	匯率變動影響		
rate changes		(7,678)	(20,780)
Cash and cash equivalents at the	年結之現金及現金等值即銀行		
end of the year, representing	結餘及現金		
bank balances and cash		37,914,888	17,247,800

Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表

At 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 於二零一零年十二月三十一日(以港元列示)

		Notes	2010	2009
		附註	二零一零年	二零零九年
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	146,953	61,337
Investment properties	投資物業	17	28,675,000	25,560,000
Interests in subsidiaries	附屬公司權益	18	765,300	6,309,307
			29,587,253	31,930,644
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款	21	1,040,651	1,438,788
Time deposits	定期存款	22	_	18,584,280
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	22	37,267,428	16,050,777
			38,308,079	36,073,845
	法私名 库			
Current liabilities Trade and other payables	流動負債 貿易及其他應付賬款	23	967,586	610,218
Trade and Other payables	其勿及共祀應刊縣級	20	907,380	010,210
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		37,340,493	35,463,627
Total assets less current				
liabilities	總資產減流動負債		66,927,746	67,394,271
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Equity attributable to	本公司持有人			
owners of the Company	應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	25	66,780,000	66,597,500
Reserves	儲備	26	(1,689,129)	(516,278)
Total equity	股本權益總額		65,090,871	66,081,222
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	24	1,836,875	1,313,049
			66,927,746	67,394,271

汪小武 **Wang Xiaowu** *董事 Director* 王瑞煉 **Wang Ruilian** *董事 Director*

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

1. GENERAL

Fujian Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its immediate holding company is HC Technology Capital Company Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and its ultimate holding company is 福建華閩實業 (集團)有限公司, a state-owned corporation in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company is Unit 1216, 12/F., China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is same as the functional currency of the Company.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are investment holding, property investment in Hong Kong and hotel operations in the PRC.

1. 一般

閩港控股有限公司(「本公司」)為一。 家於香港註冊成立之公開上市公司」的 其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公公司 (「聯交所」)上市。其直接控股 為華晶科技投資有限公司,乃其 基本群島成立之中國企業及其集團 股公司,乃中國之國有企業。 是一百六十八號至二百 這一一百六十八號至二百 信德中心招商局大厦12樓1216室。

綜合財務報表以本公司之功能貨幣 港元呈列。

本公司及其附屬公司(綜稱為「本集團」)主要從事投資控股、位於香港之物業投資及位於中國之酒店業務。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

2. 應用新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告進則

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") have been applied by the Group in these consolidated financial statements. The application of these new and revised Standards and Interpretations has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior years but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

本集團之綜合財務報告表已應用由 香港會計師公會頒佈之以下新訂及 經修訂準則及詮釋。該等新訂及經修 訂準則及詮釋對本集團當期或過往 會計期間之綜合財務報表並無造成 重大影響,但可能影響到未來之交易 或安排之會計方法。

HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 28 (Revised)	Investments in Associates
HKAS 39 (Amendments)	Eligible Hedged Items
HKFRS 1 (Amendments)	First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters
HKFRS 2 (Amendments)	Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Amendment to HKFRS 5 as part of Improvements to HKFRSs 2008

綜合及獨立財務報表 香港會計準則 第27號(經修訂) 香港會計準則 投資聯營公司 第28號(經修訂) 香港會計準則 合資格對沖項目 第39號(修訂本) 香港財務報告 首次採納香港財務報告 準則第1號 準則一給予首次採 (修訂本) 納者的額外豁免

Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owner Presentation of Financial

Statements -

Clause

Classification by the

Borrower of a Team Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand 香港財務報告準則 集團以現金結算之股份 第2號(修訂本) 形式付款交易

業務合併

香港財務報告準則

第3號(經修訂) 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第5 (修訂本) 號之修訂本為二零 零八年頒佈之香港 財務報告準則改進 項目之一部份

二零零九年頒佈之香港 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本) 財務報告準則之改 淮項目 香港(國際財務報告 向擁有人分派非現金資 詮釋委員會) 產

一詮釋第17號 香港詮釋第5號 財務報表之呈列一借款 人對包含隨時要求 償還條文之定期貸 款之分類

HKFRSs (Amendments)

HK (IFRIC) - Int 17

HK - Int 5

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

2. 應用新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則 (續)

委員會)

一詮釋第19號

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised Standards and Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈惟未生效之新訂及經修訂準則及詮釋。

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2010 except for the amendments to HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008), HKFRS 7, HKAS 1 and HKAS 28 ⁷	香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	二零一零年頒佈之香港 財務報告準則多報告 項目第3號(於二) 等川年經修訂),第 等川年經修訂),第 港財務報告 港財務報告 港財第 號,香港會計準則 1號及香 第28號/
HKFRS 1 (Amendments)	Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 Disclosures for First- time Adopters ²	香港財務報告準則 第1號(修訂本)	對首次採納者涉及香港 財務報告準則第7號 比較數字披露之有限 豁免 ²
HKFRS 1 (Amendments)	Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters ⁴	香港財務報告準則 第1號(修訂本)	嚴重高通脹及剔除首次 採納者之固定日期"
HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets⁴	香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)	披露-轉讓金融資產4
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ⁵	香港財務報告準則 第9號	金融工具⁵
HKAS 12 (Amendments)	Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets ⁶	香港會計準則 第12號 (修訂本)	遞延税項:收回 相關資產6
HKAS 24 (as revised in 2009)	Related Party Disclosures ³	香港會計準則 第24號 (二零零九年 經修訂)	關連方披露3
HKAS 32 (Amendments)	Classification of Rights Issues ⁷	香港會計準則 第32號 (修訂本)	供股分類7
HK (IFRIC) – Int 14 (Amendments)	Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement ³	香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委 員會)一詮釋 第14號 (修訂本)	最低資金要求之 預付款 ³
HK (IFRIC) - Int 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity	香港(國際財務 報告詮釋	以股本工具抵銷金融 負債 ²

Instruments²

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

- 2. 應用新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則 (續)
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010 or 1 January 2011, as appropriate.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010.

HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* (as issued in November 2009) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* (as revised in November 2010) adds requirements for financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Under HKFRS 9, all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods.

- 1 適用於二零一零年七月一日及二零 一一年一月一日或以後開始之年度 期間生效。(如適用)
- ² 適用於二零一零年七月一日或以後 開始之年度期間生效。
- 3 適用於二零一一年一月一日或以後 開始之年度期間生效。
- 4 適用於二零一一年七月一日或以後 開始之年度期間生效。
- 5 適用於二零一三年一月一日或以後 開始之年度期間生效。
- 6 適用於二零一二年一月一日或以後 開始之年度期間生效。
- 7 適用於二零一零年二月一日或以後 開始之年度期間生效。

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 (於二零零九年十一月頒佈)引入金融資產分類及計量之新規定。香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(二零一零年十一月經修訂)增加有關金融負債之規定及終止確認規定。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

In relation to financial liabilities, the significant change relates to financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Specifically, under HKFRS 9, for financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the presentation of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Previously, under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted.

The directors anticipate that HKFRS 9 that will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for financial year ending 31 December 2013 and that the application of the new Standard may have a significant impact on amounts reported in respect of the Groups' financial assets. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則 (續)

就金融負債而言,該準則之重 大變動乃有關指定為按公平 值計入損益之金融負債。特別 是根據香港財務報告準則第9 號,就指定為按公平值計入損 益之金融負債而言,該負債信 貸風險變動應佔之金融負債公 平值變動金額於其他綜合收入 呈列,除非在其他綜合收入呈 列該負債之信貸風險變動影響 會導致或擴大損益上之會計錯 配。金融負債信貸風險應佔之 公平值變動其後不會重新分類 至損益。此前,根據香港會計準 則第39號,指定為按公平值計 入損益之金融負債之公平值變 動全部金額於損益內呈列。

香港財務報告準則第9號於二零一三年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效,並可提前應用。

董事預期本集團將就自二零一三年一月一日開始之年度期間之綜合財務報表採用香港財務報告準則第9號,應用該新增準則可能會對本集團金融資產之呈報金額產生重大影響。不過,在完成詳細審閱之前,無法就有關影響作出合理估計。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

The amendments to HKFRS 7 titled *Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets* increase the disclosure requirements for transactions involving transfers of financial assets. These amendments are intended to provide greater transparency around risk exposures when a financial asset is transferred but the transferor retains some level of continuing exposure in the asset. The amendments also require disclosures where transfers of financial assets are not evenly distributed throughout the period.

The directors do not anticipate that these amendments to HKFRS 7 will have a significant effect on the Group's disclosures regarding transfers of trade receivables previously affected. However, if the Group enters into other types of transfers of financial assets in the future, disclosures regarding those transfers may be affected.

HKAS 24 Related Party Disclosures (as revised in 2009) modifies the definition of a related party and simplifies disclosures for government-related entities.

The disclosure exemptions introduced in HKAS 24 (as revised in 2009) do not affect the Group because the Group is not a government-related entity.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)披露一轉讓金融資產增加涉及金融資產增加涉及金融資產轉讓的交易的披露規定。該等修訂旨在就於轉讓金融資產而轉讓人保留該資產一定程度的持續風險承擔時,提高風險承擔的透明度。該等修訂亦要求於該期間內金融資產的轉讓並非均衡分佈時作出披露。

董事預期香港財務報告準則第7號的該等修訂不會對本集團先前轉讓貿易應收款項相關的披露有重大影響。 然而,倘本集團日後進行其他類型金融資產轉讓,則可能會影響該等轉讓相關的披露。

香港會計準則第24號關連人士的披露(2009年經修訂)修改關連人士的 定義並簡化政府相關實體的披露。

香港會計準則第24號(2009年經修訂)引入的披露豁免對本集團並無影響,乃由於本集團並非政府相關實體。

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

The amendments to HKAS 32 titled *Classification of Rights Issues* address the classification of certain rights issues denominated in a foreign currency as either an equity instrument or as a financial liability. To date, the Group has not entered into any arrangements that would fall within the scope of the amendments. However, if the Group does enter into any rights issues within the scope of the amendments in future accounting periods, the amendments to HKAS 32 will have an impact on the classification of those rights issues.

HK(IFRIC)-Int 19 provides guidance regarding the accounting for the extinguishment of a financial liability by the issue of equity instruments. To date, the Group has not entered into transactions of this nature. However, if the Group does enter into any such transactions in the future, HK(IFRIC)-Int 19 will affect the required accounting. In particular, under HK(IFRIC)-Int 19, equity instruments issued under such arrangements will be measured at their fair value, and any difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the fair value of equity instruments issued will be recognised in profit or loss.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港會計準則第32號之修訂本供股分類將若干以外幣計值的供股分類為股權工具或作為金融負債。至今,本集團並無訂立任何將屬於該準則範圍的任何安排。然而,倘本集團於日後會計期間確實進行任何該準則範圍內的供股,則香港會計準則第32號之修訂本將影響該等供股的分類。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公 會頒佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此 外,綜合財務報表包括香港聯合交易 所有限公司證券上市規則及香港公 司條例規定之適用披露。

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製,惟若干金融工具乃按公平值計量(如下文會計政策所闡釋)。歷史成本一般按資產交換之代價之公平值計算。

合併基準

綜合財務報表載入本公司及其附屬 公司的財務報表。獲得控制權就本公 司可於某實體行使監管其財務及營 運決策權以達致獲取其業務之利益。

本年度已收購或已出售附屬公司的 業績由收購生效日期起及截至出售 生效日期止在適當情況下列入綜合 全面收益表。

附屬公司的財務報表於有需要時作 出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團其 他成員公司所採納者一致。

所有集團成員公司之間的交易、結 餘、收入及開支於合併時全部撇銷。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity in which the Company, directly and indirectly, controls the composition of the board of directors, controls more than half of the voting power or holds more than half of the issued share capital. Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any identified impairment losses. The results of the subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Investment in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of an associate are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

附屬公司之投資

附屬公司指本公司因直接或間接控制其董事會之組成或控制半數以上投票權或已發行股本之實體。投資附屬公司以成本減值撥備計入。本公司按已收及應收之股息計算附屬公司之業績。

聯營公司之投資

聯營公司指集團對其有重大影響力, 而非附屬公司或合營權的一切實體。 重大影響力即在投資對象公司作出 財務及營運決定時,本集團有權力參 與,但不擁有控制權。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investment in an associate (Continued)

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. The goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment separately. Instead, the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment as a single asset. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment in the associate. Any reversal of impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

聯營公司之投資(續)

收購成本超過本集團應佔於收購日期已確認之聯營公司可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公平淨值之任何數額確認為商譽。商譽乃計入聯營公司權益之賬面值,並有分別進行減值則試。相反,所有聯營公司權益之之間,所有聯營公司權益之之。任何資產建行減值測試。任何,包括本集團應佔該等聯營公司提供回並未本集團應佔該等聯營公司損失之包括本集團應合該等投資之可收回金額上升。

本集團應佔可識別資產、負債及或然 負債之公平淨值之權益超逾收購成 本之差額在重新評估後即時在盈利 或虧損內確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investment in an associate (Continued)

From 1 January 2010 onwards, upon disposal of an associate that results in the Group losing significant influence over that associate, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when it loses significant influence over that associate.

Where a group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate is recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the course of the ordinary activities, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

聯營公司之投資(續)

2010年1月1日起,倘出售聯營公司 會導致本集團失去對該聯營公司的 重大影響力,則任何保留投資會按當 日之公平值計量,並以其根據香港會 計準則第39號首次確認為金融資產 之公平值作其公平值。先前已保留權 益應佔聯營公司賬面值與其公平值之 間的差額,乃計入出售該聯營公司之 損益。此外,本集團將先前在其他全 面收入就該聯營公司確認之所有金 額入賬,基準與該聯營公司直接出售 相關資產或負債的基準相同。因此, 倘該聯營公司先前已認其他全面收 入之損益,則會於出售相關資產或負 債時重新分類至損益,當本集團失去 對該聯營公司之重大影響力時,本集 團將收益或虧損由權益重新分類至 損益(作為重新分類調整)。

倘一集團實體與其聯營公司交易,與 該聯營公司交易所產生之損益只會 在有關聯營公司之權益與本集團無 關的情況下,才會在本集團之綜合財 務報表確認。

收益確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公允價值 計量,即於日常業務過程中就提供貨 品及服務應收金額,扣除折扣及銷售 相關税項之淨額。

經營租賃之租金收入按租約年期以 直線法確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from hotel operations is recognised when services are provided.

Income from granting the management right of the Group's hotel is recognised in accordance with the terms of the contract.

Management fee income is recognised on quarterly basis for the fixed portion and yearly basis for floating portion over the terms of contract.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

酒店業務之收益乃於提供該等服務時確認入賬。

將本集團酒店管理權授出所產生之 收入按合約年期確認。

管理費收入按合約年期就固定費用 按季度及就浮動費用按年度基準確 認。

倘金融資產之利息的經濟利益將流入集團及有關之收益能可靠被計算, 利息收入按未償還本金額及適用之 實際利率以時間比例確認。有關利率 按金融資產之估計未來現金流入預 計可使用期內折現至資產賬面淨值 之利率計算。

租賃

倘租賃期條款將所有權絕大部分風險及回報轉讓予承租人,則租賃被分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃被分類 為經營租賃。

本集團作為出租人

經營租約之租金收入會以直線法按 有關租約年期確認。磋商及安排經營 租約時產生之初步直接成本會加入 租賃資產之賬面值,並以直線法按租 約年期確認為開支。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leasing (Continued)

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

Leasehold land for own use

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

和賃(續)

本集團作為承租人

經營租約租金按有關租期以直線法確認為一項開支·除非另有系統基準 更能代表租賃資產使用經濟利益之 時間模式則除外。經營租約所產生之 或然租金於產生期間確認為開支。

倘訂立經營租約時收取租賃優惠,則 有關優惠確認為負債。優惠總利益以 直線法確認為租金開支減少,除非另 有系統基準更能代表租賃資產使用 經濟利益之時間模式則除外。

作為自用之土地租賃

倘能可靠分配租賃款項,作為經營租 賃入賬的租賃土地權益於綜合財務 狀況表內呈列為「預付租賃款項」並 按直線法於租賃期內攤銷。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on that date. Nonmonetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of the Company's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, such exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income in the consolidated financial statements and will be reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the foreign operation. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣

於編製每間個別集團實體的財務報表時,倘交易的貨幣(外幣)與實體的功能貨幣不同,則以其功能貨幣(實體經營業務的主要經濟環境)按交易日期適用的匯率換算入賬。於每個面值的貨幣項目按結算日適用的匯率換算。惟外幣列值以歷史成本入賬的非貨幣項目則不予換算。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees in an equitysettled share-based payment transaction

For grants of share options that are conditional upon satisfying specified vesting conditions, the fair value of services received is determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date and is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share-based compensation reserve). At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share-based compensation reserve.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

退休福利成本

向界定供款之退休福利計劃支付之 供款於僱員提供服務而使其符合領 取供款資格時確認為開支。

以股份支付之交易

以股權結算並以股份支付之交易 中授予僱員之購股權

就授出須達成指定歸屬條件之購股權而言,參照授出當日已授出購股權而言,參照授出當日已授出購股在之公平值而釐定已收取服務之公而釐定已收取服務之前,於歸屬期間按直線法支銷,儲備則則相應增加。於報告期間末期最終的間末屬之結構的則是以對預期最終的,並對以股份為支付基礎的酬金儲備作出相應調整。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Share-based payment transactions (Continued)

Share options granted to employees in an equity-settled share-based payment transaction (Continued)

For share options that are vested immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to share premium. When share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

以股份支付之交易 (續)

以股權結算並以股份支付之交易 中授予僱員之購股權(續)

就於授出日期已歸屬之購股權而言, 已授出購股權之公平值隨即於損益 內支銷。

購股權行使時,先前於以股份為支付 基礎的酬金儲備中確認之金額會轉撥 至股份溢價。當購股權於歸屬日期後 被沒收或到屆滿日期仍未被行使,先 前於以股份為支付基礎的酬金儲備 中確認之金額會轉撥至保留盈利/ 累計虧損。

税項

所得税開支指本年度應付税項及遞 延税項的總和。

現時應付税項乃按本年應課税溢利計算。應課税溢利因應其他年度的應課税或應扣減之收入或開支項目及從未課税或可扣税之項目有所不同,故與綜合全面收益表所列溢利不同。本集團本期税項負債乃按已於年度報表結算日實施或大致實施之税率計算。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and an associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延稅項以綜合財務報表內資產及 負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢到稅 債一般就所有應課稅暫時差額確認 過延稅項資產則按可能出應稅 項資產則按可能出應與稅 期可扣減暫時差額可以 利而予以確認。倘若暫時差應由稅 或由初次確認一項不影響應自 利或會計溢利之其他資產及負債。 關資產及負債。

遞延稅項負債就與附屬公司之投資相關之應課稅暫時差額予以確認,相關之應課稅暫時差額回及差額有四度制其撥回則除外。可見將來撥回則除外。暫內資產生之遞延稅項資產僅對所產生足夠應課稅溢利以動用時可時產生足夠應課稅溢可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於每報告期間末作檢討,並於可能無足夠應課稅 溢利恢復全部或部份資產價值時作 調減。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including hotel property held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost or fair value at the date of revaluation less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Hotel Property held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any. Freehold land is stated at revalued amount, being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent impairment losses, if any. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amounts do not differ materially from those that would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延稅項資產及負債以變現資產或 清償負債期間預期之適用稅率計算, 根據於報告期間末已實施或實質上 已實施之稅率(及稅法)計算。遞 所得稅負債和資產之計量反映在報 告期間末本集團預期將來能收回或 支付有關資產和負債賬面金額之稅 務影響。

本期或本年遞延税項於損益確認,惟 當與在其他全面收益中確認之項目 相關或直接與權益相關,則本期或遞 延税項亦分別於其他全面收益或直 接於權益中確認。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備,包括酒店物業以 用作生產或提供服務或管理目的,如 有,乃按成本值或於重估日之公平值 減其後的累積折舊及其後的累積減 值虧損列賬於綜合財務狀況表內。

酒店物業作生產或提供服務或管理目的時,會以重估值列賬於財務稅狀況表內,即於重估日之公平值減累積減值虧損,如有。自由之之別重估值列賬,即重估日之公五值減累積減值虧損,如有。重估乃五度與於報告期間末之公平價值並無重大差額。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is recognised in other comprehensive income, and accumulated under the heading of properties revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously expensed. A decrease in the carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued property, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the properties revaluation reserve is transferred directly to retained earnings.

Hotel property is interests in buildings and their integral fixed plant which are collectively used in the operations of the hotel, and are stated at cost less subsequent depreciation and impairment losses. The related repairs and maintenance attributable to hotel property are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period which they are incurred. The costs of significant improvements are capitalised.

Depreciation of the hotel property is calculated on the straight-line basis to write-off the cost of the hotel property over the remaining lease terms.

Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is recognised so as to write-off the cost over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the reducing balance method at a principal annual rate of 20%.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備 (續)

因重估土地及樓宇而產生之盈餘確認為其它全面收益,及累積於物裝重估儲備。除非有關資產於過往曾別時之重估虧絀而在綜合收益表中確認,則起過以往之累計虧絀。因重估土地於過時之其賬面淨值減少至超過結構結餘(每)時,差額計入綜合收益表中。經重估物業於日後出售,其於物業合份配重估盈餘乃轉入保留溢利中。

酒店物業乃指於樓宇權益與經營酒店時運用之整體固定設施,按成本值扣除累計折舊及累計減值虧損列賬,如有。酒店物業相關修葺及維修於其產生期間計入綜合全面收益表。其主要修建成本已被撥作資本。

酒店物業乃以直線法計算折舊,并按 酒店物業之成本除以剩餘租賃年期 計算撇銷。

折舊以其他物業、廠房及設備餘額遞減法,按預計本集團可使用年期撇銷 其成本值,以主要年率20%計算。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rental and/ or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at cost including transaction costs directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備 (續)

於物業、廠房及設備出售後或當預計不會因持續使用資產而產生未來經濟效益時,該項物業、廠房及設備解除確認。因出售或棄用而任何物業、廠房及設備而確認之任何盈虧按該項資產之出售所得款項淨額及賬面值之差額計算,確認計入損益內。

投資物業

投資物業於首次確認時按成本(包括 所有有關的直接支出)計量。於首次 確認後,投資物業按公平值入賬。公 平值變動所產生的收益或虧損於產 生期間直接確認於損益內。

當投資物業出售,或當永久停止使用該投資物業,或繼續使用該投資物業 不會為將來帶來經濟利益,該項投資物業不再確認。因不再確認而得的收益或虧損(按出售該項資產的淨所得款項及其賬面值的差額計算)於該期間的損益內入賬。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of tangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

除了商譽外的有形資產 減值虧損

可收回金額乃公平值減銷售成本與使用價值之較高者。在評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量使用稅前貼現率貼現至其現值,該貼現率反映貨幣時間價值之當前市場估計及未來現金流量預期未經調整之資產有關風險。

倘估計資產之可收回金額少於其賬面值,資產之賬面值被削減至其可收回金額。減值虧損於損益中即時確認。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則該資產之賬面值將增至重新估計之可收回款項,但所增加之賬面值不得超過資產於過去數年若未確認減值虧損所釐定之賬面值,而減值虧損撥回會即時於損益確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較 低者入賬。成本按先入先出法計算。

撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而須承擔現有 法律責任或推定責任,且本集團很可 能須履行該責任,並能可靠地估計所 須承擔之金額,則須確認撥備。

確認為撥備之金額乃對於報告期間末履行現時責任所需代價作出之最佳估計,並計及有關責任之風險及不確定因素。倘撥備按履行現時責任估計所需之現金流量計量,則其賬面值為有關現金流量之現值(如金錢的時間價值影響重大)。

當結算撥備所需之部份或全部經濟 利益預期可自第三方收回時,倘大致 確定將可獲償付及應收款項金額可 作可靠估算,則將應收款項確認為資 產。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determinated at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具

財務資產及財務負債於一家集團公司成為工具合約條文之一方確認。

財務資產及財務負債初步按公平值 計量。收購或發行財務資產及財務負 債直接應佔之交易成本(經損益賬按 公平值入賬之財務資產及財務負債 除外)乃於初步確認時按適當情況加 入或從財務資產或財務負債之公平 值扣除。

財務資產

財務資產分類為貸款及應收款項。有關分類取決於金融資產之性質及目的及按交易日之基準解除確認。所有正常購買或銷售之金融資產,按交易日之基準確認及不予確認。正常購買或銷售之財務資產是指按照市場提定或慣例須在一段期限內進行資產交付之財務資產買賣。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務工具之攤銷成本及按有關期間攤分利息收入之方法。實際利率乃將估計日後現金收入(包括所有支付或收取構成整體實際利率之費用及利率差價、交易成本及其他所有溢價或折價)按債務工具之預期使用年期,或較短期間(倘合適)準確折讓至初步確認時之賬面淨值之利率。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Effective interest method (Continued)

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, time deposits and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

實際利率法(續)

收入按債務工具之實際利率基準確認,惟指定於收益賬按公允值計量。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為附帶固定或可釐定 付款之非衍生金融資產。貸款及應收 款項乃按實際利息法計算之攤銷成 本減任何已識別減值虧損列賬,(包 括貿易及其他應收賬款、定期存款, 銀行結存及現金)。

利息收入透過採用實際利率確認,如 短期應收款項之利息確認金額不大 則另作處理。

財務資產減值

財務資產(在損益中以公平價值處理 之財務資產除外)會於每年度報表結 算日評定是否有減值跡象。於有客觀 證據顯示投資之預期未來現金流量 因於初步確認該財務資產後發生之 一項或多項事件而受到影響時,便對 財務資產考慮作出減值。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值(續)

對於所有其他財務資產,減值之客觀 證據可包括:

- 發行人或對手方出現重大財政 困難;或
- 違反合約,如未能繳付或延遲 償還利息或本金;或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或財務 重組;或
- 因出現財政困難導致該金融資產失去活躍市場。

對於若干類別之財務資產,例如應收貿易賬款,評定為不會單獨作出減值 之資產會於其後彙集一併評估減值。 應收賬款組合減值之客觀證據,可包 括本集團過往收款記錄及拖欠款項 的次數增加、全國或局部地區經濟狀 況出現與應收賬款的拖欠具有關連 的明顯變化。

就以攤銷成本列賬之財務資產而言, 倘客觀證據顯示相關財務資產減值, 減值虧損於損益中確認。減值金額為 資產賬面值與估計未來現金流量之現 值(按財務資產之原實際利率折讓) 之間之差額。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值(續)

按成本列賬之財務資產之減值虧損 金額按資產之賬面值與就換取類似 財務資產以現行市場利率貼現估計 未來現金流量現值間之差額計算。有 關減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。

就所有財務資產而言,減值虧損會直接於財務資產之賬面值中作出扣減,惟貿易應收賬款除外,其賬面值會透過撥備賬作出扣減。倘撥備賬之賬面值有所改變,其改變會於損益中電認。當貿易應收賬款被視為不可收回時,其將於撥備賬內撇銷。其後做回先前註銷之金額計入撥備賬。撥備賬內之賬面值變動會於損益中確認。

就以攤銷成本計量之財務資產而言, 倘減值虧損額於往後期間減少,且該 減少與於確認減值後所發生之事件 存在客觀關係,則之前確認之減值虧 損會於損益中撥回,惟於減值被撥回 當日該投資之賬面值不得超過倘無 確認減值之已攤銷成本。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instrument issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including trade and other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務負債及股本權益工具

由集團實體發行之債務及股本權益 工具乃根據合同安排之性質以及財 務負債及股本權益工具之定義分類 為財務負債或股本權益。

股本權益工具

股本權益工具為證明實體資產經扣 除其全部負債後尚有殘餘利益之任 何合約。本集團之財務負債一般分類 為按攤銷成本之財務負債。由本集團 發行之股本工具按已收所得款項(扣 除直接發行成本)確認。

本公司購回本身股本工具於權益中確認,並直接於權益中扣除。就購買、出售、發行或註銷本公司本身股本工具而言,並無於損益賬確認之收益或虧損。

其他財務負債

其他財務負債包括貿易及其他應付 賬款,初步按公平價值計量,而其後 則使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Other financial liabilities (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis other than financial liabilities classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

其他財務負債(續)

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務工具之攤銷成本及於相關期間分配利息支出之方法。實際利率乃按財務負債之估計可使用年期或適用之較短期間,將估計日後現金付款(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部份之一切已付或已收利率差價費用、交易成本及其他溢價及折讓)準確折讓至初步確認時之賬面淨值之利率。

利息開支按實際利率基準確認,惟按 公平值計入損益之財務負債除外,其 利息開支計入收益或虧損。

終止確認

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition (Continued)

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety (e.g. when the Group retains an option to repurchase part of a transferred asset or retains a residual interest that does not result in the retention of substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and the Group retains control), the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair value of those parts.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

終止確認(續)

終止確認財務資產時,資產賬面值與 已收及應收代價以及累計損益(已於 其他全面收益確認並於權益累積)總 和間之差額,於損益確認。

除全面終止確認外(即本集團保留購 回部份已轉讓資產之選擇權或保留 不會導致保留擁有權絕大部份風險 及回報之餘下權益,及本集團保留控 制權),於終止確認金融資產時,本 集團將金融資產之過往賬面值在其 仍確認為繼續參與之部份及不再確 認之部份之間,按照該兩者於轉讓日 期之相關公平值作出分配。不再確認 部份獲分配之賬面值與該部份已收 代價及其已於其他綜合收入確認獲 分配之任何累計收益或虧損之總和 間的差額,乃於損益內確認。已於其 他綜合收入確認之累計收益或虧損 乃按繼續確認部份及不再確認部份 之相關公平值在該兩者間作出分配。

本集團只有在責任獲免除、取消或終 止時,方會終止確認財務負債。獲終 止確認之財務負債之賬面值與已付 及應付代價間差額會於損益確認。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Investment properties

Investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by independent professional valuers. In determining the fair value, the valuers have based on a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. In relying on the valuation report, the directors of the Company have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions and underlying assumptions adopted for capitalisation of the income derived from the existing tenancies with due provision for the reversionary income potential of the property interests.

Estimated impairment of assets

The Group assesses annually whether assets have any indication of impairment, in accordance with the relevant accounting policies. Where an indication of impairment is noted, the recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment will be estimated based on value-inuse calculations or scrap value. These calculations and valuations require the use of judgement and estimates on future operating cash flows and discount rates adopted and estimated market value of the scraps.

4. 重要會計判斷及估計 未明朗因素的主要來 源

採用本集團的會計政策,在附註3中的描述,管理層須就資產和負債的面 賬值進行評估,預計和假設。預計和 有關的假設仍基於其過往經驗和其他被認為相關的因素。實際結果與預計可能出現誤差。

預計和潛在性假設將不斷進行修訂。 會計預計中的修訂只影響在該修訂 期間,或如現時或將來的修訂,將影 響現時或將來之期間。

投資物業

投資物業之公平價值乃根據獨立專 業評估師釐定,在釐定公平價值內 評估師己包含若干假設來計分 方法中。在依賴評估報告時,本 古 事已作充份判斷和滿意此和 話已完全反映現時市場條件和 行 假設而實施從現時租賃帶來的資 性收入。同時,仍為樓宇權益之收 帶來可行性的收入回撥。

資產的減值估計

本集團根據相關的會計政策而每年 評估資產是否有減值指標。減值指標 將按可收回物業,廠房及設備的價值 按其可使用價值和凈殘值計算。此等 計算和評估,須按末來現金流程和實 施的貼現率進行判斷和估計,和估計 其殘值的市場價值。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar natures and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write-off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

Impairment losses on trade and other receivables

The policy for doubtful receivables of the Group is based on the ongoing evaluation of the collectability and aging analysis of the trade and other receivables and on the management's judgement. Considerable judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including creditworthiness, the past collection history of each debtor and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate. If the financial conditions of the Group's debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their abilities to make payments, additional impairment losses of trade and other receivables may be required.

4. 重要會計判斷及估計 未明朗因素的主要來 源(續)

物業、廠房及設備的估計 可用年期

本集團的管理層釐定物業、廠房及設備的估計可用年期及相關的折舊支出。這估計乃根據過往類別與功能類同的物業、廠房及設備的經驗而釐定。創新科技可將其大大改變。管理層會因應與先前估計不乎的可會把過時及廢棄或已變賣的資產撇除或減值。

貿易及其他應收賬款的 減值虧損

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and other jurisdictions. Judgment is required in certain provision for income taxes for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for potential tax exposures based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amount that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Recognition of deferred tax assets, which principally relate to tax losses, depends on management's expectation of future taxable profits that will be available against which tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their utilisation may be different.

4. 重要會計判斷及估計 未明朗因素的主要來 源(續)

所得税

本集團須繳納香港及其它司法權區之所得稅。當釐定所得稅撥備時,其最終稅項結果於日常業務過程中中能準確釐定時需要作出判斷。本基基可能所得稅責任之負債是否需要額外稅項之估計。倘若額外稅項之估計。倘若額內之時,則有關差異將會於作出過延所得稅撥備。

主要涉及税項虧損之遞延税項資產 是按管理層預期未來有可能出現應 課税溢利用作抵銷税項虧損時確認。 該等抵銷與最終結果可能會有所差 異。

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5. REVENUE

5. 收益

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Gross rental income from letting of	出租投資物業 租金收入總額	1 070 700	1 267 220
investment properties Revenue from hotel operations	酒店業務收益	1,272,720 15,084,502	1,367,820 16,408,894
		16,357,222	17,776,714

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the Board of Directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resources allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of services provided.

The Group's operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

Property investment - the rental of investment

properties

Hotel operations – the operation of hotel

6. 分類資料

就資源分配及分類表現評估向本公司董事局(即主要經營決策者)所呈報之資料,側重於交付或提供之服務 之類型。

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第8號 設定之經營及可申報分類如下:

物業投資 一 出租投資物業

酒店業務 一 酒店營運

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments:

6. 分類資料(續)

分類收益及業績

本集團按可申報分類劃分之收益及 業績分析如下:

		Property investment 物業投資		Hotel operations 酒店業務		Consolidated 綜合	
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
REVENUE	收益						
Revenue from external customers	外部客戶收益	1,272,720	1,367,820	15,084,502	16,408,894	16,357,222	17,776,714
RESULT	業績						
Segment result before other gains Gain arising on change	未計其他收益的分類業績 投資物業公平值收益	753,354	1,045,150	3,728,362	3,546,202	4,481,716	4,591,352
in fair value of investment properties	山牟机次临类此关	3,115,000	7,993,544	-	-	3,115,000	7,993,544
Gain on disposal of investment property	出售投資物業收益	-	1,411,049	-	-	-	1,411,049
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備減值之 虧損確認	_	_	_	(3,034,190)	_	(3,034,190)
Impairment loss on prepaid lease payment	預付租賃款項減值之虧損 確認	-	-	_	(2,153,459)	_	(2,153,459)
Segment result	分類業績	3,868,354	10,449,743	3,728,362	(1,641,447)	7,596,716	8,808,296
Unallocated income Central administration costs Share of profit of an associate	未攤分收入 中央行政成本 應佔聯營公司之溢利					362,639 (5,696,789) 900,072	296,336 (5,239,763) 780,443
Profit before tax Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税開支					3,162,638 (536,121)	4,645,312 (420,471)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利					2,626,517	4,224,841

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no intersegment sales in the current year (2009: nil).

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of bank interest income and other unallocated income, central administration costs including directors' remuneration, share of profit of an associate and income tax expense. This is the measurement reported to the chief operating decision marker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

上文所報之分類收益指來自外部客 戶之收益。本年內並無分類間銷售額 (二零零九年:無)。

可申報分類之會計政策與附註3所述 之本集團會計政策相同。分類溢利指 各分類賺取之溢利,惟並無分配銀行 利息收入及其它未攤分收入,中央行 政成本包括董事酬金、應佔聯營公司 之溢利及所得税開支。此計量方法呈 報予主要經營決策者作為資源分配 及評估分類表現之用。

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

6. 分類資料(續)

Segment assets and liabilities

分類資產及負債

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segments:

本集團按可申報分類劃分之資產及 負債分析如下:

		Property investment Hotel opera 物業投資 酒店業別		Hotel op	erations	Conso	lidated
				業務		合	
		2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
		二零一零年	二零零九年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零一零年	二零零九年
ASSETS	資產						
Segment assets	分類資產	67,130,032	61,695,182	70,652,604	74,284,117	137,782,636	135,979,299
Interest in an associate	聯營公司權益					10,038,350	8,791,378
Unallocated corporate assets	未攤分公司資產					2,578	3,629
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產					147,823,564	144,774,306
LIABILITIES	負債						
Segment liabilities	分類負債	(967,587)	(610,218)	(8,362,460)	(9,336,826)	(9,330,047)	(9,947,044)
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未攤分公司負債	(***)***)	(, -,	(3)33 / 33/	(1,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,	(8,779,649)	(8,252,665)
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債					(18,109,696)	(18,199,709)
Other segment information	其他分類資料		00.000		0.40.000		
Capital additions	資本增加 物業、廠房及設備之折舊	125,440	20,000	957,047	912,628	1,082,487	932,628
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	初耒、	39,824	22,476	3,158,367	3.303.344	3,198,191	3.325.820
Amortisation of prepaid lease	預付租賃款項攤銷	39,024	22,470	3,130,307	3,303,344	3,190,191	3,323,020
payment	IN LITTER WAY WERE	_	_	1,874,007	2,009,302	1,874,007	2,009,302
Gain arising on change in fair value	投資物業公平值收益			.,,	_,,,,,,,	,, ,,	_,,,,,,,
of investment properties		(3,115,000)	(7,993,544)	-	-	(3,115,000)	(7,993,544)
Gain on disposal of investment	出售投資物業收益						
property		-	(1,411,049)	-	-	-	(1,411,049)
Impairment loss on prepaid	預付租賃款項減值虧損						
lease payment	確認	-	_	-	2,153,459	-	2,153,459
Loss on disposal and write-off of property, plant and equipment	出售及撇銷物業、廠房及 設備之虧損確認		30,236	4,787	279,608	4,787	309,844
Impairment loss on trade	應收賬款之減值虧損確認	_	30,230	4,707	219,000	4,707	309,044
receivables	心不及以外之》。但在江京唯即	_	_	64,154	12	64,154	12
Impairment loss on other	其他應收賬款之減值			,		,	- 2
receivables	虧損確認	-	-	68,994	68,788	68,994	68,788
Impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備之減						
plant and equipment	值虧損確認	-	-	-	3,034,190	-	3,034,190
Waiver of other payable	其他應付賬款之豁免	-	-	(1,078,405)	(2,152,804)	(1,078,405)	(2,152,804)

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

All assets are allocated to reportable segments other than certain bank balances and interest in an associate.

All liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than certain balances of current liabilities and deferred tax liabilities.

Geographical information

The Group operates in two principal geographical areas – the People's Republic of China (excluding Hong Kong) (the "PRC") and Hong Kong.

The Group's revenue from external customers and information about its non-current assets by geographical location are detailed below:

6. 分類資料(續)

分類資產及負債(續)

為監控分類表現及分類間之資源 配置:

除某些銀行結餘及聯營公司權益之 外,所有資產均已分配至可申報分 類。

除某些流動負債結餘及遞延税項負 債外,所有負債均已分配至可申報分 類。

地區資料

本集團之業務經營於兩個主要地區 區域一中國(香港除外)(「中國」) 及香港。

本集團來自外部客戶之收益及有關 按地區劃分之非流動資產資料詳情 如下:

		external o	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶之收益		ent assets 動資產
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
PRC Hong Kong	中國香港	15,084,502 1,272,720	16,408,894 1,367,820	77,941,650 28,821,953	80,646,412 25,621,337
		16,357,222	17,776,714	106,763,603	106,267,749
	· ·				

No external customers of the Group contributed over 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2010 and 2009.

本集團於二零一零年及二零零九年 度並沒有外部客戶向集團貢獻超過 10%之集團收益。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

7. OTHER INCOME

7. 其他收入

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Income from granting the management right of the Group's hotel	將本集團酒店管理權授予 管理代理所產生之收入		
(notes (i), (ii) and (iii))	(附註(i),(ii)及(iii))	2,698,392	3,097,965
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	362,639	244,784
Waiver of other payable	其他應付賬款之豁免	1,078,405	2,152,804
Others	其他	39,642	80,247
		4,179,078	5,575,800

Notes:

- (i) On 4 March 2008, Yan Hei Limited ("Yan Hei"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and Xiamen South East Asia Company Limited ("Xiamen Plaza"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Yan Hei Limited, entered into an agreement with Fujian Sunshine Group Limited ("Sunshine Group") and 廈門 敦睦酒店管理有限公司 (Xiamen Friendship International Co., Ltd) ("Friendship International"). Pursuant to the agreement, Sunshine Group agreed to transfer the management right of Xiamen South East Asia Hotel (the "Hotel"), a hotel owned by Xiamen Plaza to Friendship International.
- (ii) On 4 March 2008, Xiamen Plaza entered into a management contract ("Management Contract") with Friendship International in relation to the appointment of Friendship International to manage the daily operation of the Hotel for a period of five years. Friendship International has paid RMB5 million as security deposit to Xiamen Plaza, which is refundable upon expiry of the Management Contract.
- (iii) The Hotel remains the property of the Group at all time under the Management Contract and there will not be a transfer of ownership of the Hotel at or after the completion of the Management Contract. Xiamen Plaza is entitled to receive income from Friendship International which is calculated in accordance with the terms of the Management Contract.

附註:

- (i) 於二零零八年三月四日本公司全資 附屬公司仁禧有限公司(「仁禧」) 及仁禧有限公司全資附屬公司廈 門東南亞大酒店有限公司(「東酒」) 與福建陽光集團有限公司(「陽光 集團」)及廈門敦睦酒店管理有限公司(「敦睦」)訂立一項協議。據此, 陽光集團承諾轉移由東酒擁有之廈 門東南亞大酒店(「酒店」)承包管 理權予敦睦。
- (ii) 於二零零八年三月四日,東酒與敦 睦訂立有關委聘敦睦作為本集團 之酒店日常營運管理合同為期五 年。敦睦已向本公司支付人民幣 5,000,000元作為保證按金,並可 於管理合同到期後退回。
- (iii) 根據管理合同,酒店將保持為本集 團物業,酒店業權不會在管理合同 完時或之後轉讓。仁禧有權自敦睦 收取一筆按管理合同條款計算之費 用。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

8. 其他收益及虧損

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Gain arising on change in fair value of	投資物業公平值收益		
investment properties		3,115,000	7,993,544
Impairment loss recognised on property,	物業、廠房及設備之減值	-, -,	, , , , , ,
plant and equipment	虧損確認	_	(3,034,190)
Impairment loss recognised on prepaid	預付租賃款項之減值		
lease payment	虧損確認	-	(2,153,459)
Impairment loss recognised on trade	應收賬款之減值虧損確認		
receivables		(64,154)	(12)
Impairment loss recognised on other	其他應收賬款之減值		
receivables	虧損確認	(68,994)	(68,788)
Loss on disposal and write-off of	出售及撇銷物業、廠房及		
property, plant and equipment	設備之虧損	(4,787)	(309,844)
Net foreign exchange gains	淨外匯收益	538,010	47,548
Gain on disposal of investment property	出售投資物業收益	_	1,411,049
		3,515,075	3,885,848

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

9. 所得税開支

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Current tax:	即期税項:		
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	中國企業所得税	18,137	_
Deferred tax:	遞延税項:		
Current year	本年度	(80,550)	(362,148)
Attributable to a change in tax rate	應佔税率改變	598,534	782,619
		517,984	420,471
		536,121	420,471

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2009: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements as the Company had agreed losses brought forward to set off against the assessable profits and its Hong Kong subsidiaries did not have any assessable profits for the year (2009: Nil).

The provision for PRC Enterprise Income Tax is calculated at 22% (2009: 20%) on the assessable profit of the Group's PRC subsidiary as determined in accordance with the relevant income tax rules and regulations in the PRC.

Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the Enterprise Income Tax Rate of the Group's PRC subsidiary was increased from 15% to 25% progressively from 1 January 2008 onwards. The deferred tax balance has been adjusted to reflect the tax rates are expected to apply to the respective periods when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.

香港利得税按以上年內估計應課税 溢利16.5%(二零零九年:16.5%) 計算。

由於本公司有確認之承前稅務虧損 抵銷估計應課稅溢利,及其香港附屬 公司並無估計應課稅溢利,故並無於 財務報表內就香港利得稅計提撥備 (二零零九年:無)。

其中國附屬公司的企業所得稅撥備是 根據中國相關之所得稅法則及稅率 22%(二零零九年:20%)而釐定。

根據中華人民共和國企業所得稅法 (「所得稅法」)及所得稅法實施條例,自二零零八年一月一日起中國附屬公司之所得稅稅率會由15%逐步增加至25%。遞延稅項結餘已作調整,以反映預期於有關資產變現或有關負債清償時的相關期間適用的有關稅率。

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9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

The tax charge/(credit) for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

9. 所得税開支(續)

於本年度的税項支出/(抵免)與綜合全面收益表所載溢利對賬如下:

2010

二零一零年

		Hong Kong	%	PRC	%	Total	%
		香港	百份比	中國	百份比	總額	百份比
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	1,469,925		1,692,713		3,162,638	
Tax at applicable tax rates	按適用税率計算税款	242,537	16.50	372,396	22.00	614,933	19.44
Tax effect of expenses not deduct	ible 不可扣税項目之税務影響						
for tax purpose		721,136	49.05	1,775,185	104.87	2,496,321	78.93
Tax effect of income not	無須課税項目之税務影響						
taxable for tax purpose		(1,278,462)	(86.97)	(1,699,292)	(100.39)	(2,977,754)	(94.15)
Effect on opening deferred tax	適用税率增加導致年初						
resulting from an increase	遞延税項資產之影響						
in applicable tax rate		-	-	598,534	35.36	598,534	18.93
Tax effect of tax losses not	未確認税務虧損之						
recognised	税務影響	838,615	57.05	-	-	838,615	26.52
Utilisation of tax losses	動用先前未經確認之						
previously not recognised	税項虧損	-	-	(1,034,528)	(61.12)	(1,034,528)	(32.71)
Tax charge at effective	年內税務開支及						
tax rate for the year	實際税率	523,826	35.64	12,295	0.73	536,121	16.95

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

9. 所得税開支(續)

2009

二零零九年

		Hong Kong	%	PRC	%	Total	%
		香港	百份比	中國	百份比	總額	百份比
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/(虧損)	5,355,682		(710,370)		4,645,312	
Tax at applicable tax rates	按適用税率計算税款	883,688	16.50	(142,074)	20.00	741,614	15.96
Tax effect of expenses not deduct	ible 不可扣税項目之						
for tax purpose	税務影響	155,801	2.91	469,800	(66.13)	625,601	13.47
Tax effect of income not	無須課税項目之						
taxable for tax purpose	税務影響	(182,739)	(3.41)	(1,055,113)	148.53	(1,237,852)	(26.64
Effect on opening deferred tax	適用税率增加導致年初						
resulting from an increase	遞延税項資產之影響						
in applicable tax rate		_	-	782,619	(110.17)	782,619	16.85
Tax effect of tax losses	未確認税務虧損之						
not recognised	税務影響	456,299	8.52	_	_	456,299	9.82
Utilisation of tax losses	動用先前未經確認之						
previously not recognised	税項虧損	-	-	(947,810)	133.42	(947,810)	(20.40
Tax charge/(credit) at effective	年內税務開支/(抵免)						
tax rate for the year	及實際税率	1,313,049	24.52	(892,578)	125.65	420,471	9.06

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

10. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

10. 本年度溢利

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):	本年度溢利已扣除/ (計入):		
Gross rental income from investment properties Less: Direct operating expenses from investment properties that generated rental income during the year	投資物業租金收入總額 減:本年從投資物業收取 之租金收入而產生 直接經營成本	(1,272,720)	(1,367,820)
during the year		84,365	122,958
		(1,188,355)	(1,244,862)
Employee benefits expense (including directors' remunerations): Salaries and other benefits Contributions to retirement benefit	員工福利支出 (包括董事酬金): 薪金和其他福利 退休計劃供款	6,006,721	6,571,749
schemes		440,393	395,132
		6,447,114	6,966,881
Depreciation of hotel property Depreciation of other property,	酒店物業之折舊 其他物業、廠房及	2,449,064	2,638,848
plant and equipment	設備之折舊	749,127	686,972
Amortisation of prepaid lease payment	預付租賃款項攤銷	3,198,191 1,874,007	3,325,820 2,009,302
Total depreciation and amortisation	總折舊和攤銷	5,072,198	5,335,122
Auditors' remuneration Cost of inventories recognised as other	核數師酬金 存貨成本確認為其他	460,000	460,000
operating expenses	經營費用	68,980	1,742,667
Share of tax of an associate (included in share of profit of an associate)	應佔聯營公司税項 (包括在應佔聯營 公司溢利內)	322,586	270,415

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11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

11. 董事酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2009: eight) directors were as follows:

期內應付本公司8位(二零零九年:8位)董事酬金總數如下:

Name of directors		Fees	Salaries and other benefits	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	Total
董事姓名		袍金	薪金及 其他福利	退休計劃供款	總額
2010	二零一零年				
Executive directors Wang Xiaowu Wang Ruilian Liu Xiaoting	<i>執行董事</i> 汪小武 王瑞煉 劉小汀	-	650,000 520,000 455,000	-	650,000 520,000 455,000
Non-executive directors Feng Qiang Ye Tao	非執行董事 馮強 葉濤	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
Lam Kwong Siu Cheung Wah Fung,	林廣兆 張華峰	100,000	-	-	100,000
Christopher Leung Hok Lim	梁學濂	100,000 100,000	Ī	_	100,000 100,000
Total emoluments	總酬金	300,000	1,625,000	-	1,925,000
2009	二零零九年				
Executive directors Wang Xiaowu Wang Ruilian Liu Xiaoting	<i>執行董事</i> 汪小武 王瑞煉 劉小汀	- - -	650,000 538,000 470,000	- - -	650,000 538,000 470,000
Non-executive directors Feng Qiang Ye Tao	非執行董事 馮強 葉濤	- -	- -	- -	- -
Independent	獨立非執行董事				
non-executive directors Lam Kwong Siu	林廣兆 張華峰	100,000	_	_	100,000
Cheung Wah Fung, Christopher Leung Hok Lim	xx 華峰 梁學濂	100,000 100,000	- -	- - -	100,000
Total emoluments	總酬金	300,000	1,658,000	-	1,958,000

There were no arrangements under which the directors of the Company have waived or agreed to waive any remuneration.

本公司董事未有安排免除或同意免 除任何酬金。

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12. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2009: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosure in note 11 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2009: two) individuals were as follows:

12. 僱員酬金

在五名最高薪僱員中,三名(二零零九年:三名)為董事,彼等之酬金已計入附註11之董事酬金內。其餘兩名(二零零九年:兩名)人士之薪酬如下:

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Salaries and other benefits Contributions to retirement	薪金及其他福利 退休計劃供款	602,950	601,950
benefit schemes	,	21,875	21,875
		624,825	623,825

Their emoluments were all within HK\$1,000,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2010, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, including the directors of the Company, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2009: Nil).

酬金於1,000,000港元之內。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日年度 期間,並無董事獲支付酬金作為吸引 加入或加入本集團時之獎金或作為 離職補償(二零零九年:無)。

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13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

13. 每股盈利

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據以下本公司持有人應佔溢利數據計算:

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Earnings	盈利		
Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share (profit for the year attributable to owners	盈利計算以每股基本 盈利(本年度本公司 持有人應佔溢利)		
of the Company) Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares	普通股潛在攤薄之影響	2,626,517 -	4,224,841
Earnings for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	盈利計算每股攤薄盈利	2,626,517	4,224,841
Number of shares	股票數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of	普通股加權平均數計算 每股盈利		
basic earnings per share Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:	本公司已發行之購股權對普通股	533,708,000	532,780,000
Share options issued by the Company	可能攤薄之影響	365,578	974,871
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	普通股加權平均數計算 每股盈利攤薄	534,073,578	533,754,871

14. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The loss attributable to the owner of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of HK\$1,258,991 (2009: profit of HK\$9,892,365).

14. 本公司持有人應佔 虧損

本公司持有人應佔虧損1,258,991港元(二零零九年:溢利9,892,365港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、廠房及設備

Group 本集團

		Hotel property 酒店物業	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置	Leasehold improvements 物業裝修	Plant, machinery and equipment 廠房、機器及設備	Total 總額
COST	按成本					
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	93,000,000	3,538,509	6,223,415	4,434,749	107,196,673
Additions	添置	-	20,000	-	912,628	932,628
Disposals	出售	(608,538)	(39,709)	-	(203,927)	(852,174)
Exchange adjustments	匯率差額	_	11,169	19,427	13,362	43,958
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年					
At 31 December 2009	十二月三十一日	92,391,462	3,529,969	6,242,842	5,156,812	107,321,085
Additions	一刀一 日	92,091,402	43,183	101,260	938,044	1,082,487
Disposals	出售	_	(830,808)	(105,956)	(1,757,837)	(2,694,601)
Exchange adjustments	匯率差額		137,964	241,852	199,184	579,000
			107,304	241,002	199,104	379,000
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年					
	十二月三十一日	92,391,462	2,880,308	6,479,998	4,536,203	106,287,971
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT	折舊及減值					
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	48,286,344	3,467,105	3,397,124	4,229,137	59,379,710
Provided for the year	本年度折舊	2,638,848	27,931	566,494	92,547	3,325,820
Impairment losses	減值虧損確認		,	,	,	
recognised		2,814,269	3,168	152,716	64,037	3,034,190
Eliminated on disposals	出售時對銷及撇銷	(328,930)	(39,709)	_	(173,691)	(542,330)
Exchange adjustments	匯率差額		10,968	11,213	13,080	35,261
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年					
At 31 December 2009	十二月三十一日	53,410,531	3,469,463	4,127,547	4,225,110	65.232.651
Provided for the year	本年度折舊	2,449,064	24,075	464,876	260,176	3,198,191
Eliminated on disposals	出售時對銷及撤銷	2,449,004	(828,858)	(105,956)	(1,755,000)	(2,689,814)
Exchange adjustments	正 至 至 至 差額	_	136,120	152,675	161,825	450,620
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日	55,859,595	2,800,800	4,639,142	2,892,111	66,191,648
	1 = /1 = 1 H		2,000,000	4,000,142	2,092,111	00,191,040
CARRYING AMOUNTS	賬面值					
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日	36,531,867	79,508	1,840,856	1,644,092	40,096,323
	1-n-1 H		19,500		1,044,032	
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年					
	十二月三十一日	38,980,931	60,506	2,115,295	931,702	42,088,434

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

15. 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

本公司

Company

		Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置	Leasehold improvements 物業裝修	Office equipment 辦公室設備	Total 總額
COST	按成本				
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	9,180	105,956	191,036	306,172
Additions	添置	20,000	_	_	20,000
Disposals	出售			(88,410)	(88,410)
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	29,180	105,956	102,626	237,762
Additions	添置	15,480	101,260	8,700	125,440
Disposals	出售	_	(105,956)	_	(105,956)
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	44,660	101,260	111,326	257,246
DEPRECIATION AND	折舊及減值				
IMPAIRMENT At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	8,822	105,956	97,345	212,123
Provided for the year	本年度折舊	3,738	100,900	18,738	22,476
Eliminated on disposals	出售時對銷及撇銷	0,700		10,700	22,410
and write-off	田口心到如人心知	_	_	(58,174)	(58,174)
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	12,560	105,956	57,909	176,425
Provided for the year	本年度折舊	5,130	25,315	9,379	39,824
Eliminated on disposals	出售時對銷及撇銷		(105,956)		(105,956)
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	17,690	25,315	67,288	110,293
CARRYING AMOUNTS	賬面值				
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	26,970	75,945	44,038	146,953
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	16,620	-	44,717	61,337

The hotel property is situated in the PRC and held under medium-term lease.

位於中國之酒店物業乃按中期租約 持有。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of the assets including property, plant and equipment and leasehold land used in the Group's hotel segment. In performing impairment testing, the directors of the Company reviewed the carrying amounts of these assets by reference to a valuation performed by Norton Appraisals Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group. Norton Appraisals Limited is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors. The recoverable amount of this cash-generating unit ("CGU") is determined based on a value in use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period and a discount rate of 10.29% per annum. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation are those regarding the discount rate, growth in revenue, direct and other operating costs during the period. The management estimates discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU.

In the opinion of the directors, the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment is considered to be less than its carrying amount as at 31 December 2009, and due to strong competition with other hotels established near the Hotel in Xiamen, an impairment loss of HK\$3,034,190 in respect of the Group's property, plant and equipment has been recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2009. There was no impairment for the year ended 31 December 2010.

15. 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

於報告期間末,本集團對資產進行可 收回價值之審閱包括用作酒店業務 之物業、廠房及設備及預付土地租賃 款項。當進行減值測試時,本公司董 事於審閱資產之賬面值時已參考普 敦國際評估有限公司之估值。普敦國 際評估有限公司為獨立專業評估師 和香港測量師學會會員及與本集團 沒有關連。該可收回價值之現金產生 單位(「現金產生單位」)是根據經管 理層所批准之五年內財務預算為基 礎之現金流預測及每年10.29%折現 率之可用價值計算。可用價值的主要 假設為期內折現率、收入增長、直接 及其它經營成本。管理層估計之折現 率已反映現時市場評估之金錢的時 間價值及現金產生單位之特定風險。

董事認為,由於物業、廠房及設備於二零零九年十二月三十一日之可收回金額比賬面值較少,及與廈門鄰近之其他酒店存在強烈競爭,因此於截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止之之合全面收益表上確認3,034,190港元有關物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損。截至二零一零年十二月三十一日,並無減值虧損確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

16. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENT

16. 預付租賃款項

Group	本集團	
COST	按成本	
At 1 January 2009, 31 December 2009	於二零零九年一月一日、二零零九年	
and 31 December 2010	十二月三十一日及二零一零年	
	十二月三十一日	86,000,000
AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	攤銷及減值	
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	52,009,302
Amortisation for the year	本年度之攤銷	2,009,302
Impairment loss recognised	減值虧損確認	2,153,459
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	56,172,063
Amortisation for the year	本年度之攤銷	1,874,007
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	58,046,070
CARRYING AMOUNT	賬面值	
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	27,953,930
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	29,827,937

Notes:

- pursuant to the terms of the joint venture agreement signed between the Xiamen Railway Department Company Limited ("Railway Department") and Yan Hei, both parties have agreed to establish a Sino-foreign co-operative joint venture enterprise known as Xiamen Plaza, an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company to operate and manage the Hotel. The land use rights of the Hotel have been granted to the joint venture partner and Xiamen Plaza is vested with the land use rights of the Hotel throughout the operation period of Xiamen Plaza.
- (ii) The Group's prepaid lease payment is a leasehold land situated in the PRC and held under medium-term lease.

附註:

- (i) 根據廈門鐵路開發公司(「鐵路局」)與本公司附屬公司仁禧簽定一項合資協議之條款,雙方同意成立合作共同控制個體廈門東南亞大酒店有限公司(「東酒」),本公司之間接全資附屬公司,負責營運及管理廈門東南亞大酒店(「酒店」)。酒店土地使用權已授予合資夥伴,而東酒經營期間酒店之土地使用權屬東酒所有。
- (ii) 位於中國之本集團預付土地租賃款 項乃按中期租約持有。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

16. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENT (CONTINUED)

Notes (Continued):

At the end of the reporting period, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of its leasehold land. The leasehold land is used in the Group's hotel segment. In performing impairment testing, the directors of the Company reviewed the carrying amount of the leasehold land by reference to a valuation performed by Norton Appraisals Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group. Norton Appraisals Limited is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors. The recoverable amount of this CGU is determined based on a value in use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period and a discount rate of 10.29% per annum. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation are those regarding the discount rate, growth in revenue, direct and other operating costs during the period. The management estimates discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU.

In the opinion of the directors, the recoverable amount of prepaid lease payment is considered to be less than its carrying amount as at 31 December 2009, and due to strong competition with other hotels established near the Hotel in Xiamen, an impairment loss of HK\$2,153,459 has been recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2009.

16. 預付租賃款項(續)

附註(續):

於報告期間末,本集團對用作酒店 業務之預付十地租賃款項進行可 收回價值之審閱。當進行減值測試 時,本公司董事於審閱預付土地租 賃款項之賬面值時已參考普敦國際 評估有限公司之估值。普敦國際評 估有限公司為獨立專業評估師和 香港測量師學會會員及與本集團沒 有關連。該可收回價值之現金產生 單位是根據經管理層所批准之五年 內財務預算為基礎之現金流預測及 每年10.29%折現率之可用價值計 算。可用價值的主要假設為期內折 現率、收入增長、直接及其它經營 成本。管理層估計之折現率已反映 現時市場評估之金錢的時間價值及 現金產生單位之特定風險。

董事認為,由於預付土地租賃款項於二零零九年十二月三十一日之可收回金額比賬面值較少,及與廈門鄰近之其他酒店存在強烈競爭,因此於截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止之綜合全面收益表上確認2,153,459港元有關預付土地租賃款項之減值虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

17. 投資物業

Group and Company

本集團及本公司

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
FAIR VALUE	公平值		
Balance at beginning of year	年初結餘	25,560,000	18,910,000
Disposal	出售	_	(1,343,544)
Net increase in fair value	淨公平值增加	3,115,000	7,993,544
Balance at end of year	年底結餘	28,675,000	25,560,000

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2010 and 2009 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at that date by Norton Appraisals Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group. Norton Appraisals Limited is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, and has appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The valuation, which conforms to the HKIS Valuation Standards, was arrived on the open market value basis.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

根據經營租賃持有以賺取租金之本集 團所有物業權益乃採用公平值模式 計量,並分類及入賬列作投資物業。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

17. 投資物業(續)

The carrying amount of investment properties shown above are situated on:

上述投資物業之位置包括:

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Land and building in Hong Kong:	位於香港:		
Long-term lease	長期租約	5,300,000	4,200,000
Medium-term lease	中期租約	23,375,000	21,360,000
		28,675,000	25,560,000

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

18. 附屬公司權益

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Unlisted shares, at cost Less: Accumulated impairment	非上市股份,按成本 減:累計減值	588,543 (2,365)	588,543 (2,365)
		586,178	586,178
Loans to subsidiaries Less: Accumulated impairment	給予附屬公司之貸款 減:累計減值	114,184,931 (114,005,809)	119,728,938 (114,005,809)
		179,122	5,723,129
		765,300	6,309,307

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

應收附屬公司款項乃無抵押,免息及沒有特定的還款期。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

18. 附屬公司權益(續)

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the Company had interests in the following subsidiaries:

本公司於二零一零年十二月三十一日及二零零九年十二月三十一日所 持有之主要附屬公司權益詳情如下:

	Place of establishment/ incorporation and principal place of	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Nominal value of issued share capital/registered		
Name of subsidiaries	operations 設立/註冊 成立及主要	2010 本公司應佔ē 註冊資本面	2009 3發行股本/ 值之百分比	capital 已發行股本/	Principal activities	
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	二零一零年	二零零九年 %	註冊資本面值	主要業務	
Direct subsidiaries: 直屬附屬公司:						
Ming Chuen Construction Company, Limited	Hong Kong	100	100	Ordinary HK\$100,000	Investment holding	
明川建築有限公司	香港			普通股 100,000港元	投資控股	
Yan Hei Limited ("Yan Hei")	Hong Kong	100	100	Ordinary HK\$10,000 and Deferred (note i) HK\$10,000	Investment holding	
仁禧有限公司	香港			普通股10,000港元及 遞延股份(附註(j)) 10,000港元	投資控股	
Indirect subsidiary: 間接附屬公司:						
Xiamen South East Asia Hotel Company, Limited ("Xiamen Plaza") (notes ii)	PRC	100	100	Registered capital US\$5,000,000	Hotel operations	
廈門東南亞大酒店有限公司 (「東酒」)(附註(ii))	中國			註冊資本 5,000,000美元	酒店業務	

Notes:

- (i) The deferred shares carry no rights to dividends and no rights to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the company. In the winding-up of the company, holders of the deferred shares are entitled to receive half of the amounts paid-up or credited as paid-up on shares after the holders of the ordinary shares of the company have received a total return of HK\$10,000,000 per share.
- 附註:
- (i) 遞延股份無權獲派股息,亦無權收取本公司任何股東大會之通告或出席股東大會或於會上投票。在公司進行清盤時,遞延股份持有人須待公司普通股持有人獲合共退還每股10,000,000港元,方有權收取已就股份繳付或入賬列作繳足之半數款項。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

18. 附屬公司權益(續)

Notes (Continued):

(ii) Xiamen Plaza was established as a Sino-foreign cooperative joint venture company under the laws of the PRC and is currently wholly owned by Yan Hei.

附註(續):

(ii) 東酒乃根據中國法律成立之中外合作共同控制個體,並由仁禧全資擁有。

19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

Details of the Group's interest in an associate are as follows:

19. 聯營公司權益

本集團之聯營公司詳情如下:

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Cost of investment in an associate, unlisted Share of post-acquisition results	聯營公司投資成本, 非上市 應佔收購後溢利	5,877,362 4,160,988	5,877,362 2,914,016	-	-
		10,038,350	8,791,378	-	_

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (CONTINUED)

19. 聯營公司權益(續)

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the Group had interest in the following associate:

於二零一零年十二月三十一日及二 零零九年十二月三十一日本集團之 聯營公司詳情如下:

	Place of establishment/ incorporation and principal place of	nominal registere	rtion of value of d capital he Group	Nominal value of issued registered	
Name of associate	operation	2010	2009	capital	Principal activities
		本集團	團應佔		
	成立及主要	註冊資本面	值之百分比	已發行之	
聯營公司名稱	營業地點	二零一零年	二零零九年	註冊資本面值	主要業務
		%	%		
Fuzhou Harmony Piano Co., Ltd. ("Harmony Piano")	PRC	25	25	Registered capital US\$2,000,000	Design, manufacturing and distribution of piano and related
福州和聲鋼琴有限公司	中國			註冊資本 2,000,000美元	products 設計、製造及分 銷鋼琴及相關產品

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (CONTINUED)

19. 聯營公司權益(續)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate is set out below:

本集團聯營公司之財務資料概述如 下:

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Total assets Total liabilities	總資產	82,832,074	75,305,798
	總負債	(42,678,675)	(40,140,286)
Net assets	資產淨值	40,153,399	35,165,512
Revenue Profit for the year	收益	64,554,218	53,281,807
	本年度溢利	3,600,287	3,121,772

20. INVENTORIES

20. 存貨

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Consumables	易損耗品	143,036	100,813

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

21. 貿易及其他應收賬款

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Trade receivables Less: Allowance	應收貿易賬款 減:呆賬撥備	952,053	994,419	1,000	-
for doubtful debts		(160,430)	(92,595)	-	-
		791,623	901,824	1,000	-
Other receivables, utility deposits and	其他應收款項、公用設施 按金及預付款項				
prepayments		14,608,840	13,533,766	1,039,651	1,438,788
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	減:呆賬撥備	(12,398,426)	(11,861,926)	-	-
		2,210,414	1,671,840	1,039,651	1,438,788
Total trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款總額	3,002,037	2,573,664	1,040,651	1,438,788
Other receivables		0,002,007	2,070,004	1,040,031	1,400,700

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

An aged analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for doubtful debts at the end of reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

21. 貿易及其他應收賬款 (續)

據發票日,於年度報表結算日已扣除 呆賬撥備之應收貿易賬款之賬齡分 析如下:

Group 本集團	Company 本公司
2010 二零一零年 二零零	2009 2010 2009 九年 二零一零年 二零零九年
Current to six months 即期至六個月 791,623 901 Over six months and within one 六個月以及一年內	,824 1,000 –
year -	
Over one year 超過一年 -	
791,623 901	1,000 –

The average credit period on rendering services is 45 days.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate amount of HK\$NiI (2009: HK\$8,769) which are past due as the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 45 days (2009: 45 days).

信貸期平均四十五日。

於報告期間末,本集團並未擁有過期但無減值之貿易應收款項(二零零九年:8,769港元)。本集團並未對有關款項擁有任何擔保。信貸期平均四十五天(二零零九年:四十五天)。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

21. 貿易及其他應收賬款 (續)

An aged analysis of trade receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

未計入減值之應收貿易賬款之賬齡 分析如下:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Neither past due nor impaired	未過期及無減值	791,623	893,055	1,000	-
Past due but not impaired Current to six months Over six months and within	過期但無減值 即期至六個月 六個月以上及一年以內	-	8,769	-	-
one year Over one year	超過一年	-	-	-	-
		791,623	901,824	1,000	_
	·				

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

未過期及無減值之應收賬款屬於多個近期沒有拖欠記錄的客戶。

過期但無減值之應收賬款是本集團 擁有良好記錄的獨立客戶。根據過往 經驗,本公司董事認為無需為此等結 餘作減值撥備,因信貸質量皆沒有重 大改變及能悉數收回。集團並未為該 等結餘作出任何擔保及信貸提升。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

21. 貿易及其他應收賬款 (續)

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts on trade receivables is as follows:

貿易應收賬款呆賬撥備之變動如下:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Balance at beginning of the year	年初結餘	92,595	1,025,453	_	_
Impairment loss recognised Amounts written off during the	減值虧損確認 於年內因無法收回而	64,154	12	-	-
year as uncollectible Foreign exchange translation gains	撇銷之金額 匯兑收益	3,681	(933,164)	-	_
Balance at end of	年底結餘	3,001	201		
the year		160,430	92,595	-	_

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts on other receivables is as follows:

其他應收賬款呆賬撥備之變動如下:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Balance at beginning of the year	年初結餘	11,861,926	11,755,738	_	_
Impairment loss recognised Foreign exchange translation	減值虧損確認 匯兑收益	68,994	68,788	-	-
gains		467,506	37,400	-	
Balance at end of the year	年底結餘	12,398,426	11,861,926	-	_

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Included in the allowances for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables and other receivables with balances of HK\$160,430 and HK\$12,398,426 (2009: HK\$92,595 and HK\$11,861,926) respectively. The individually impaired receivables related to customers that were in financial difficulties or in dispute and the management assessed that the recovery of the amounts is doubtful. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

An aged analysis of impaired trade and other receivables is as follows:

21. 貿易及其他應收賬款 (續)

呆賬撥備中包括個別減值之貿易及 其他應收賬款分別為結餘160,430港 元及12,398,426港元(二零零九年: 92,595港元及11,861,926港元)。個 別減值應收款項與出現財政困難或 糾紛之客戶有關及管理層懷疑可否 收回該等款項。本集團為該等結餘無 作出任何擔保。

已減值貿易及其他應收賬之賬齡分析如下:

	Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Current to six months 即期至六個月 Over six months and within one 六個月以上及一年內	1,933	-	-	_
year	22,974	_	_	_
Over one year 超過一年	12,533,949	11,954,521	-	-
	12,558,856	11,954,521	-	_

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

22. TIME DEPOSITS/BANK BALANCES AND CASH

22. 定期存款/銀行結餘 及現金

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Cash at bank and in hand	銀行及手頭現金	3,327,278	3,455,914	2,679,818	2,258,891
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款	34,587,610	13,791,886	34,587,610	13,791,886
		37,914,888	17,247,800	37,267,428	16,050,777

Bank balances carry interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The short-term bank deposits carry fixed interest rates which range from 0.05% to 1.875% (2009: 0.02% to 1.71%) per annum.

The time deposits of HK\$18,584,280 carried fixed interest rates which range from 0.02% to 1.98% per annum for the year ended 31 December 2009.

At 31 December 2010, the time deposits, bank balances and cash of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to approximately HK\$22,815,891 (2009: HK\$16,624,000). The remittance of these funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange control restrictions imposed by the government of the PRC.

銀行結餘按每日銀行存款浮動利率 計算。短期銀行存款之現行年利率由 0.05厘至1.875厘之固定利率計算。 (二零零九年:年利率0.02厘至1.71 厘)。

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日定期 存款18,584,280港元之現行年利率 由0.02厘至1.98厘之固定利率計算。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團定期存款、銀行結餘及現金為人民幣(「人民幣」)金額大約港幣22,815,891(於二零零九年:16,624,000港元)。中國之貨幣實行外匯監控。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 23. 貿易及其他應付賬款

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Trade payables Other payables	貿易應付賬款 其他應付賬款	1,309,843 8,035,204	943,236 9,009,808	8,500 959,086	- 610,218
Total trade and other payables Less: Other payables classified as non-current liabilities	貿易及其他應付賬款總額減:其他應付賬款分類為非流動負債之部份	9,345,047	9,953,044	967,586	610,218
(note)	(附註)	(5,894,350)	(5,670,863) 4,282,181	967,586	610,218

Note:

Pursuant to the Management Contract, Friendship International paid RMB5 million, equivalent to HK\$5,894,350 (2009: HK\$5,670,863), as security deposit to Xiamen Plaza, which is refundable upon expiry of the Management Contract. The expiry date of the Management Contract is 9 March 2013 and, accordingly, the balance of security deposit is classified as non-current liabilities.

An aged analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

附註:

根據管理合同·敦睦已向東酒支付人民幣 5,000,000元·相等於5,894,350港元(二 零零九年:5,670,863港元)作為保證按 金·該保證按金可於管理合同到期後退 回。管理合同之到期日為二零一三年三月 九日·因此·該保證按金分類列作非流動 負債。

應付貿易賬款於年度報表結算日之 賬齡分析如下:

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Current to six months Over six months and within	即期至六個月 六個月以上及一年以內	734,704	878,428	8,500	-
one year	却证——在	467,288	48,686	-	-
Over one year	超過一年	1,309,843	16,122 943,236	8,500	
		1,309,843	943,236	8,500	

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

24. DEFERRED TAXATION

24. 遞延税項

The following are the major deferred tax balances recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior year:

以下為本集團於本年度及過往年度 確認之主要遞延稅項結餘及其變動:

Group

本集團

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延税項負債

		Accelerated		
		tax	Fair value	
		depreciation	gain	Total
		加速税項折舊	公平值收益	總額
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	7,831,892	1,888,571	9,720,463
(Credit)/charge to profit	於損益中(抵免)/支出			
or loss (note 9)	(附註9)	(1,679,686)	1,317,538	(362,148)
Effect of change in tax rate	税率改變之影響	782,619	_	782,619
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年			
	十二月三十一日	6,934,825	3,206,109	10,140,934
(Credit)/charge to profit	於損益中(抵免)/支出			
or loss (note 9)	(附註9)	(594,525)	513,975	(80,550)
Effect of change in tax rate	税率改變之影響	598,534	_	598,534
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年			
	十二月三十一日	6,938,834	3,720,084	10,658,918

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

		Tax losses 税項虧損
At 1 January 2009,	於二零零九年一月一日、	
31 December 2009 and	二零零九年十二月三十一日及	
31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	1,894,269

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

24. DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

24. 遞延税項(續)

Company

本公司

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延税項負債

	Accelerated		
	tax	Fair value	
	depreciation 加速税項折舊	gain 公平值收益	Total 總額
於二零零九年一月一日 於損益中(抵免)/支出	5,698	1,888,571	1,894,269
(附註9)	(4,489)	1,317,538	1,313,049
於二零零九年			
十二月三十一日	1,209	3,206,109	3,207,318
於損益中支出(附註9)	9,851	513,975	523,826
於二零一零年			
十二月三十一日	11,060	3,720,084	3,731,144
	於損益中(抵免)/支出 (附註9) 於二零零九年 十二月三十一日 於損益中支出(附註9)	大二零零九年一月一日 於損益中(抵免)/支出 (附註9)5,698於二零零九年 十二月三十一日 於損益中支出(附註9)(4,489)於二零零九年 十二月三十一日 於損益中支出(附註9)1,209於損益中支出(附註9)9,851	於二零零九年一月一日 於損益中(抵免)/支出 (附註9)5,698 (4,489)1,888,571於二零零九年 十二月三十一日 於損益中支出(附註9)1,209 9,8513,206,109於二零零年1,209513,975

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

Tax losses

		税項虧損
At 1 January 2009,	於二零零九年一月一日、	
31 December 2009	二零零九年十二月三十一日及	
and 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	1,894,269

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

24. DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated and company statements of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

24. 遞延税項(續)

就綜合及公司財務狀況表之列表要求,某些遞延税項資產及負債互相抵消,就財務報表要求之遞延税項結餘分析如下:

Group 本集團		·	
2010	2009	2010	2009
二零一零年	二零零九年	二零一零年	二零零九年
1,894,269	1,894,269	1,894,269	1,894,269
(10,058,918)	(10,140,934)	(3,731,144)	(3,207,318)
(8,764,649)	(8,246,665)	(1,836,875)	(1,313,049)
	本 2010 二零一零年 1,894,269 (10,658,918)	本集團 2010 2009 二零一零年 二零零九年 1,894,269 1,894,269 (10,658,918) (10,140,934)	本集團 本位 2010 2009 2010 二零一零年 二零零九年 二零一零年 1,894,269 1,894,269 (10,658,918) (10,140,934) (3,731,144)

At 31 December 2010, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$139,952,543 (2009: HK\$138,083,275) available for offset against future taxable profits that may be carried forward indefinitely, except the amount of HK\$Nil (2009: HK\$4,526,294) arising in the PRC which is due to expire within one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits of the subsidiary operating in the PRC in which the losses arose. At 31 December 2010, deferred tax assets have been recognised in respect of tax losses of HK\$11,480,421 (2009: HK\$11,480,421). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining tax losses of HK\$128,472,122 (2009: HK\$126,602,854) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團有139,952,543港元(二零零九年:138,083,275港元)之累計税項虧損可無限期結轉,惟無累計(國家學之虧損可供抵銷該等之虧損可供抵銷該等之虧損可供抵銷該等之虧損可供抵銷該等之下。於二零產生之虧損可供抵銷該等過少一年到五年內到期。於二零經過之所屬公司的稅項虧損為11,480,421港元(二零零九年:11,480,421港元的未能預計日後之溢利,故年期就128,472,122港元(二零計税項虧損 記28,472,122港元(二零計税項虧損 確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

25. SHARE CAPITAL

25. 股本

		2010 二零一零年		20 二零零	
		Number of shares 股票數目	HK\$ 港元	Number of shares 股票數目	HK\$ 港元
Authorised	法定股本				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.125 each	每股面值0.125港元之 普通股	3,040,000,000	380,000,000	3,040,000,000	380,000,000
Issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足股本				
At beginning of year Exercise of share options under the Company's employee	年初結餘 行使僱員購股權計劃 (附註30)	532,780,000	66,597,500	532,780,000	66,597,500
share option plan (Note 30)	(1,460,000	182,500	-	_
At end of year	於年終	534,240,000	66,780,000	532,780,000	66,597,500

During the year ended 31 December 2010, 1,460,000 share options were exercised at a subscription price of HK\$0.184 per share, resulting in the issue of 1,460,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.125 each in the capital of the Company and giving a total cash consideration of approximately HK\$268,640.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,1,460,000股每股面值0.125港元之普通股已根據按每股0.184港元之換股價行使。總現金代價約268,640港元。

26. RESERVES

(A) Group

Details of changes in reserves of the Group are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 49.

26. 儲備

(A) 本集團

本集團儲備變動之詳情載於第 49頁之綜合權益變動表。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

26. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

26. 儲備(續)

(B) Company

(B) 本公司

			Share-based		
		Share premium	compensation reserve 以股份為 支付基礎的	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價 Note (i) 附註(i)	酬金儲備	累計虧損	合計
At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year	於二零零九年一月一日 本年度溢利	576,304,933	268,640	(586,982,216)	(10,408,643)
Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度其他全面收益	-	-	9,892,365	9,892,365
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	-	9,892,365	9,892,365
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	576,304,933	268,640	(577,089,851)	(516,278)
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度溢利本年度其他全面收益	-	-	(1,258,991)	(1,258,991)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	_	_	(1,258,991)	(1,258,991)
Issue of ordinary shares under employee share option plan	根據僱員購股權計劃發行普通股	354,780	(268,640)		86,140
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	576,659,713	-	(578,348,842)	(1,689,129)

Notes:

- (i) The application of share premium is governed by Section 48B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.
- (ii) At 31 December 2010, no distributable reserve of the Company was available for distribution as dividends (2009: Nil).

附註:

- (i) 股份溢價之運用受香港公司條例第 48B條所監管。
- (ii) 於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本 公司概無可供分派儲備作股息分派 (二零零九年:無)。

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27. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts (including trade and other payables), cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure regularly. As a part of this review, the management of the Group considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends and the issue of new shares as well as the issue of new debts.

27. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團旗 下實體將能繼續持續經營業務,同時 透過優化債務及股本結餘為股東帶 來回報。本集團之整體策略與去年一 致。

本集團之資本架構包括負債(包括貿易及其他應付賬款)、現金及現金等值項目以及本公司持有人應佔權益,包括已發行股本及儲備。

本集團管理層定期地審閱資本架構。 本集團管理層會考慮資本成本及各 級資本之關聯的風險作為審閱的其 中部份。本集團會憑藉派發股息、發 行新股及發行新的債務以平衡整體 資本架構。

Gearing ratio

負債比率

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Debt (note i) Cash and cash equivalents	債項(附註i) 現金及現金等值項目	3,450,697 (37,914,888)	4,282,181 (17,247,800)
Net debt	債款淨額	(34,464,191)	(12,965,619)
Equity (note ii)	股本權益(附註ii)	129,713,868	126,574,597
Net debt to equity ratio	淨債項與股本權益比率	N/A	N/A

Notes:

- (i) Debt comprises trade and other payables as detailed in note 23.
- (ii) Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Group.

附註:

- (i) 債項包括貿易及其他應付款,詳情 載於附註23。
- (ii) 股本權益包括本集團所有資本及儲 備。

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28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

28. 金融工具

(A) Categories of financial instruments

(A) 金融工具分類

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Financial assets	財務資產		
Loans and receivables - Trade and other receivables - Time deposits - Bank balances and cash	貸款及應收款項 一貿易及其他應收賬款 一定期存款 一銀行結餘及現金	1,837,541 - 37,914,888	1,193,823 18,584,280 17,247,800
		39,752,429	37,025,903
Financial liabilities	財務負債		
Amortised cost - Trade and other payables	攤銷成本 一貿易及其他應付賬款	8,730,525	9,433,410

(B) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, time deposits, bank balances and cash, and trade and other payables. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

There has been no change to the types of the Group's exposure in respect of financial instruments or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk

(B) 金融風險管理目標和 政策

本集團金融工具或有關之管理 及監控形式並沒有改變。

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28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(B) Financial risk management (B) 金融風險行 objectives and policies 政策(續)

Market risk

Foreign currency risk management

Substantial revenue and cost of the Group are denominated in the functional currency of the group entities. Certain other receivables, bank balances and cash, and other payables are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy, as the management considers the exposure to foreign currency risk is insignificant to the Group. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Interest rate risk management

The Group is not exposed to significant fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

Price risk

As the Group has no significant investments, the Group is not subject to significant price risk.

(B) 金融風險管理目標和

市場風險

28. 金融工具(續)

外幣風險管理

本集團主要收益及成本是以相關公司功能貨幣計值。惟若干其他應收賬款,銀行結餘及現他應付賬款則以外幣為貨幣單位。本集團現時並無任何外匯貨幣對沖工具。但管理層會密切監管其外幣風險,並要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

利率風險管理

本集團並沒有重大的利率風險 及現金流量利率風險本集團並 無任何利率對沖工具,但管理 層將監察利率風險及會於必要 時考慮對沖重大利率風險。

價格風險

因為本集團並沒有重大投資,所以並沒有重大的價格風險。

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28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(B) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

28. 金融工具(續)

(B) 金融風險管理目標和 政策(續)

信貸風險

因交易對手未能履行義務,而 導致本集團所承受將對集團造 成財務損失之最大信貸風險乃 由綜合財務狀況表所列確認該 等財務資產之賬面值所產生。

由於對方為具有高信貸評級之 銀行,故有關流動資金之信貸 風險有限。

除存放於高信用等級銀行內之 流動資金存在集中性之信貸風 險外,本集團並沒有其它重大 之集中性信貸風險。

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28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

28. 金融工具 (續)

(B) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk management

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

Liquidity tables

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities which are included in the maturity analysis provided internally to the key management personnel for the purpose of managing liquidity risk. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

(B) 金融風險管理目標和 政策(續)

流動資金風險管理

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團監督及維持現金及等同現金項目處於管理層認為充足之水平以支持本集團之營運及減低現金流量波動之影響。管理動用借貸之情況,並確保遵守貸款契諾。

流動資金附表

下表詳列本集團財務負債之餘下合約到期情況,該等因素是別人向內部主要管理人員提供管理流動資金風險用途之到規情況分析。該等附表反映根期情況分析。該等附表反映根據本集團被要求還款之最早日期而釐定之非折現現金流量。

		On demand or less than one month 按要求或 少於一個月	1 to 3 months 一至三個月	3 months to 1 year 三個月至一年	1 to 5 years 一年至五年	Over 5 years 超過五年	Total undiscounted cash flows 非折現現金流	Total carrying amount 面值
2010	二零一零年							
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	121,914	1,300,687	909,783	6,398,141	-	8,730,525	8,730,525
2009	二零零九年							
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	3,539,830	157,909	64,808	5,670,863	-	9,433,410	9,433,410

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28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

28. 金融工具(續)

(C) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- (i) The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions traded in active market are determined with reference to quoted market bid and ask prices respectively.
- (ii) The fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using quoted prices. Where such prices are not available, a discounted cash flow analysis is performed using the applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments for non-optional derivatives, and option pricing models for optional derivatives. Foreign currency forward contracts are measured using quoted forward exchange rates and yield curves derived from quoted interest rates marching maturities of the contracts. Interest rate swaps are measured at the present value of future cash flows estimated and discounted based on the applicable yield curves derived from quoted market prices.
- (iii) The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding those described above) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

(C) 金融工具之公平值

金融資產及金融負債之公平值 按以下方式釐定:

- (i) 具標準條款及條件並在活 躍市場買賣之金融資產及 金融負債之公平值乃分別 參考市場所報之買入價及 賣出價而釐定:及
- (iii) 其他金融資產及金融負債 之公平值乃根據一般採納 之定價模式、基於貼現現 金流量分析而釐定。

本公司董事認為綜合財務報表 所記錄之財務資產及財務負債 賬面值與其公平值相若。

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29. OPERATING LEASES

29. 經營和賃安排

The Group as lessee

本集團為承租人

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Minimum lease payments paid under operating leases during the year:	本年度根據經營租賃繳付 之最低付款額;		
Premises	物業	562,172	542,880

At the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

於年度報表結算日,本集團及本公司 承諾及不可取消之經營租賃承擔最 低付款額如下:

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	於一年內 於二至五年內	587,136 195,712	497,640
		782,848	497,640

At 31 December 2010, operating leases related to office premises with a lease terms of two years. The Group does not have an option to purchase the leased assets at the expiry of the lease period.

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,有關辦公室的經營租賃期為兩年。本集團於租賃期滿後對租賃資產並沒有認購權。

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29. OPERATING LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$1,272,720 (2009: HK\$1,367,820). All of the Group's investment properties are held for rental purposes. The Group leases its investment properties under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to four years (2009: 1 to 7 years).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

29. 經營租賃安排(續)

本集團為出租人

於年內賺取之物業租金收入約 為1,272,720港元(二零零九年: 1,367,820港元),本集團之投資物業 皆持有作出租用途。本集團以經營租 賃安排出租物業。所持物業之所有租 戶承擔租用年期均為一至四年(二零 零九年:一至七年)。

於年度報表結算日,本集團及本公司 與承租人簽定經營租賃合約最低付 款額如下:

	Group 本集團			pany 公司
	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Within one year — 年內 In the second to — 兩年至五年內	3,162,084	3,169,703	495,480	1,228,920
fifth years inclusive	5,111,473	5,289,575	182,200	370,880
	8,273,557	8,459,278	677,680	1,599,800

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS

(A) Employee share-based compensation benefits

Employee share-based compensation benefits represent the fair value of employee services estimated to be received in exchange for the grant of the relevant options over the relevant vesting periods, the total of which is based on the fair value of the options at grant date. The amount for each period is determined by spreading the fair value of the options over the relevant vesting periods and is recognised as employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in the employee share-based compensation reserve.

(B) Share options

Purpose of the share options scheme

The purpose of the share options scheme is to provide participants of the same with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company and to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

30. 以股份為基礎之交易

(A) 以股份為基礎之僱員 薪酬福利

(B) 購股權

購股權計劃之目的

本計劃之目的,乃向計劃參與 者提供於本公司購買專有權益 之機會,鼓勵彼等致力提高本 公司及其股份之價值,為本公 司及其股東爭取整體利益。

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30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(B) Share options (Continued)

Eligible participants of the share options scheme

(i) any executive, non-executive or independent non-executive director of any member of the Group or an entity in which the Group holds an interest ("Affiliate"); (ii) any employee or officer (whether full time or part time)("Employee") of the Group or an Affiliate; (iii) any shareholder of any member of the Group or an Affiliate who has, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, contributed or may contribute to the development and growth of the Group; (iv) any customer, supplier, agent, partner, consultant or adviser of or contractor to any member of the Group or an Affiliate; or (v) the trustee of any trust the beneficiary of which or any discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include any director, employee, customer, supplier, agent, partner, consultant or adviser of or contractor to any member of the Group or an Affiliate; or (vi) a company beneficially owned by any director, employee, consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner or adviser or contractor of any member of the Group or an Affiliate.

Total number of securities issuable

The maximum number of shares which may be granted under the share options scheme and any other schemes involving the issue or grant of options or similar rights over shares or other securities by the Company shall not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of shares in issue as at the date of approval of the share options scheme.

30. 以股份為基礎之交易 (續)

(B) 購股權(續)

購股權計劃之合資格參與者

(i)本集團任何成員公司或本集 團持有權益之實體(「聯屬公 司」)之執行董事、非執行董 事或獨立非執行董事; (ii)本集 團或聯屬公司之僱員或行政 人員(不論全職或兼職)(「僱 員」); (iii)董事會認為本集團 發展或增長帶來貢獻之本集團 任何成員公司或聯屬公司之股 東; (iv)本集團任何成員公司或 聯屬公司之客戶、供應商、代 理、夥伴、顧問或諮詢人或承辦 商;或(v)信託之信託人或酌情 信託之信託對象,包括本集團 任何成員公司或聯屬公司之任 何董事、僱員、客戶、供應商、 代理、夥伴、顧問或諮詢人或承 辦商;或(vi)本集團任何成員公 司或聯屬公司之董事、僱員、顧 問、客戶、供應商、代理、夥伴 或諮詢人或承辦商所實益擁有 之公司。

可發行證券之總數

購股權計劃及其他計劃批授之股份總數(包括本公司發行或批授購股權或股份或其他證券之類似權利),最高合共不得超過購股權計劃批准日期已發行股份之10%。

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30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(B) Share options (Continued)

Maximum entitlement of each participant

Unless approved by the shareholders, no option may be granted to any eligible participants which if exercised in full would result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options already granted or to be granted to such eligible participant under the share options scheme (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such new grant exceeding 1% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of such new grant.

Period to take up share options and minimum period to hold before exercise

There is no minimum period within which the shares option must be taken up or for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised.

Amount payable to take up share options and time to accept offer

An offer for the granting of share options under the share options scheme shall be accepted within 28 days from the offer date and by way of payment of a consideration of HK\$1.

Maximum period for exercising on option

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the share options scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Board of Directors to each participant, which period may commence on the date on which the offer for the grant of options is made but shall end in any event not more than 10 years from the date of grant of the option.

30. 以股份為基礎之交易 (續)

(B) 購股權(續)

各參與人之最高配額

除股東批准外,向任何合資格 參與者批授購股權後,該行使 後之已發行使後之已權 份總數,以及根據購及權 (包括已行使、註銷及未行之 (包括已行使後將予發行 股權)獲行使後將予發 份總數,於截至新批授日期間不 因 超過本公司於新批授日期已發 行股本之1%。

認購購股權之期間及行使前 最短持有期間

購股權並無必須認購或必須於 行使前持有之最短期間之規 定。

認購購股權之應付款項及接 納建議之時間

根據購股權計劃批授購股權 之建議,須自建議日期起計 二十八日內以支付代價1港元之 方式接納。

行使購股權之最長期間

購股權可根據購股權計劃條款 於董事會將釐訂及知會各承授 人之期間內隨時行使,該期間 可於購股權批授建議日期開 始,惟於任何情況下不得遲於 購股權批授日期起計十年後結 束。

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30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(B) Share options (Continued)

Exercise price

The exercise price shall be a price determined by the Board of Directors of the Company and shall not be less than the highest of:

- the closing price of a share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the relevant option, which must be a business day;
- (ii) an amount equivalent to the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a share.

Life of the share options scheme

The share options scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of two years commencing on the date of adoption of the share options scheme.

30. 以股份為基礎之交易 (續)

(B) 購股權(續)

行使價

行使價乃本公司董事會將會釐 訂之價格,惟不得少於下列三 者之最高者:

- (i) 於有關購股權批授日,聯 交所日報表所報之股份 收市價(當日必須為營業 日):
- (ii) 緊接有關購股權批授日前 五個營業日,聯交所日報 表所報股份平均收市價之 同等金額;及
- (iii) 股份面值。

購股權計劃之有效期

購股權計劃於其採納日期起計 兩年內有效及生效。

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30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(B) Share options (Continued)

Life of the share options scheme (Continued)

The following tables disclose the movement of the Company's share options held by directors and employees for the year ended 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2009:

2010

Outstanding Granted Exercised Forfeited Expired Outstanding during during during during 1/1/2010 the year the year the year the year 31/12/2010 於二零一零年 於二零一零年 一月一日 十二月三十一日 尚未行使 於本年授出 於本年行使 於本年放棄 於本年到期 尚未行使 認股權數 1.460.000 No. of share options (1.460.000)行使價 Exercise price HK\$0.184 HK\$0.184

2009					二零零九年	Ŧ	
		Outstanding at 1/1/2009 於二零零九年 一月一日	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	Expired during the year	Outstanding at 31/12/2009 於二零零九年 十二月三十一日
		尚未行使	於本年授出	於本年行使	於本年放棄	於本年到期	尚未行使
No. of share options	認股權數量	1,460,000	-	-	-	-	1,460,000
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.184	-	-	-	-	HK\$0.184

The 1,460,000 share options exercised during the year ended 31 December 2010 resulted in the issue of 1,460,000 ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of HK\$182,500 and share premium of HK\$86,140 (before issue expenses). as further detailed in Note 25 to the financial statements.

The closing price per share immediately before the date on which the option for 1,460,000 shares was exercised on 14 May 2010 was HK\$0.64

30. 以股份為基礎之交易 (續)

(B) 購股權(續)

購股權計劃之有效期(續)

於截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止及二零零九年十二 月三十一日止授予董事及員工 之購股權之變動如下:

二零一零年

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止 年度,本公司有1,460,000份購股權 行使。據此,本公司發行1,460,000 股普通股,總股本為182,500港元及 相關之溢價為86,140港元(於相關發 行費用前),於本財務報表附註25進 一步細節化。

於緊接二零一零年五月十四日行使 1,460,000份購股權前之每股股票價 值為0.64港元。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(B) Share options (Continued)

Life of the share options scheme (Continued)

The following table discloses the Company's share options held by directors and employees as at 31 December 2009:

2009

30. 以股份為基礎之交易 (續)

(B) 購股權(續)

購股權計劃之有效期(續)

於二零零九年十二月三十一日 止授予董事及員工之購股權之 價值如下:

二零零九年

Name of director/ Category	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price per share	Number of share options outstanding and exercisable 未行使及 可行使之
董事名稱/分類	批出日期	行使期	每股行使價	購股權數目
Director 董事 Mr. Wang Xiaowu 汪小武	3 June 2004	3 June 2004 – 2 June 2014	HK\$0.184	1,040,000
Employee 僱員	3 June 2004	3 June 2004 – 2 June 2014	HK\$0.184	420,000
Total 總額				1.460.000

Notes:

- (i) No options were granted under the share options scheme and none of the share options expired during the year ended 31 December 2010 and 2009.
- (ii) None of the directors and employees exercised their share options during the year ended 31 December 2009.
- (iii) The exercise in full of the outstanding vested options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of additional 1,460,000 ordinary shares.

附註:

- (i) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日及 二零零九年十二月三十一日年度期 間,並無根據購股權計劃下批出購 股權。同時,並無購股權屆滿。
- (ii) 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日年 度期間董事和僱員並無行使購股 權。
- (iii) 賦予未行使的所有批出購股權將構成現時資本性結構,該等購股權會構成增加發行1,460,000普通股。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

31. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the plans are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees.

The employees of the Group's subsidiary in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit plan operated by the government of the PRC. The subsidiary is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit plan is to make the specified contributions.

The total expense recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of HK\$440,393 (2009: HK\$395,132) represents contributions payable to these plans by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the plans. There was no outstanding contribution as at 31 December 2010 and 2009 respectively.

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group entered into the following significant transactions with related parties:

31. 退休福利計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例 為其所有香港僱員設立一項強積金 計劃。計劃中的資產與本集團資本分 開,並受信託公司監管。

本集團於中國大陸之附屬公司遵照 中國之適用規則,參與一項國家管理 由當地政府經營的退休福利計劃。附 屬公司須按工資成本的指定百分比 比率向退休福利計劃供款。本集團就 退休福利計劃之唯一責任作出指定 供款。

所有支出入賬於綜合全面收益表為 440,393港元(二零零九年:395,132 港元)已代表本集團根據條例計劃中 供款之指定比率。分別於二零一零年 十二月三十一日及二零零九年十二 月三十一日分別並無欠供款金額。

32. 關連人士之交易

本集團於本年度已訂立下列關連人 十之交易:

Related parties 關連人士	Nature of transactions 交易種類	Note 附註	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Fellow subsidiaries 同系附屬公司	Office, directors' and staff quarters rental 寫字樓、董事及僱員宿租金	(i)	226,200	542,880
	Building management fee 樓宇管理費	(i)	43,674	104,818

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 32. 關連人士之交易(續) (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- Office, directors' and staff quarters rental, and building management fee paid to fellow subsidiaries are based on rates mutually agreed between the parties involved.
- (ii) Extension of operating period of Xiamen Plaza

Pursuant to an agreement entered into by Yan Hei and Railway Department on 1 October 1985 for cooperation on the construction and operation of Xiamen Plaza and as supplemented and amended subsequently on 18 December 1987 and 21 January 1992 (the "CJV Agreement"), the operating period for Xiamen Plaza will end on 11 December 2015. On 6 June 2005 and 20 July 2005, the Company announced that, Yan Hei entered into an extension agreement with Railway Department, and Fujian Enterprises (Holdings) Company Limited ("Fujian Enterprises") (as a guarantor) on 9 May 2005 ("Extension Agreement"), in which, amongst others, the operation period of Xiamen Plaza will be extended for an additional 10 years up to 31 December 2025 and a change in the terms of the CJV Agreement in respect of the annual amounts to be distributed by Yan Hei to Railway Department. Pursuant to the terms of the Extension Agreement, Yan Hei has agreed to pay annual distributions to Railway Department during the operating period of Xiamen Plaza up to year 2025 as set out below:

2005 to 2006: US\$70,000 per year

2007 to 2011: US\$100,000 per year

2012 to 2025: US\$200,000 per year

附註:

- 前 本集團向本公司之同系附屬公司支付之租賃寫字樓、董事及員工宿舍租金及大廈管理費乃以雙方同意下釐定。
- (ii) 延長東酒之經營期

根據仁禧與鐵路局於一九八五 年十月一日訂立以合作興建 及經營該酒店之正式及具法 律約束力之協議(其後曾於 -九八十年十二月十八日及 一九九二年一月二十一日補充 及修訂)(「作協議」),東酒之 經營期將於二零一五年十二月 十一日終止。於二零零五年六 月六日及二零零五年七月二十 日,本公司宣佈,仁禧與鐵路局 及華閩(集團)有限公司(「華 閩集團」)(作擔保人)已於二 零零五年五月九日訂立延長協 議(「延長協議」)。酒店合營 企業之經營期將於二零一五年 十二月十一日結束。延長協議 訂明(其中包括)額外延長酒店 合營企業之經營期十年至二零 二五年十二月三十一日,並更 改有關每年由仁禧分派予鐵路 局之數額之合作協議條款。根 據延長協議條款,仁禧已同意 於東酒經營期間直至二零二五 年支付分派予鐵路局,其數額 列載如下:

二零零五年至二零零六年:每年70,000美元

二零零七年至二零一一年:每年100,000美元

二零一二年至二零二五年:每年200,000美元

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 32. 關連人士之交易(續) (CONTINUED)

Notes: (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future distributions under the Extension Agreement which fall due as follows:

附註:(續)

於年度報表結算日,本集團經營租 約之未來分配總額如下:

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Within one year	一年內	778,217	775,477
In the second to fifth years inclusive	兩年至五年內	6,225,736	5,428,339
Over five years	超過五年	15,564,340	17,060,494
		22,568,293	23,264,310

In addition, Fujian Enterprises irrevocably undertakes to Railway Department that it will guarantee performance by Yan Hei of its obligations under the CJV Agreement (as amended and extended).

Railway Department is the joint venture partner of Xiamen Plaza and is beneficially owned by the State Railway Department. To the best knowledge, information and belief of directors of the Company, having made all reasonable enquiries, Railway Department is considered as an independent third party as despite being a joint venture partner, it has no effective interest in the operations of Xiamen Plaza.

Fujian Enterprises is a trading conglomerate incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability, and under administration of Fujian Provincial State-owned Asset Administration Commission of the PRC. Both Fujian Enterprises and the Company are ultimately owned by Fujian provincial government of the PRC. There are no common directors among Fujian Enterprises and any member of the Group.

此外,華閩集團向鐵路局作出不可撤回承諾,承諾其將保證仁禧履行 其根據合作協議(經修訂及延長) 之責任。

鐵路局為東酒之合營企業伙伴,其 實益擁有人為國家鐵道部。據董事 於作出一切合理查詢後所知、得悉 及相信,儘管鐵路局為合營企業之 合作伙伴,惟其於經營東酒中並無 實際權益,故視為獨立第三方。

華閩集團乃一家於香港註冊成立之 企業集團式貿易有限公司,由中國 福建省國有資產管理委員會管理。 華閩集團及本公司均由中國福建省 政府最終擁有。華閩集團與本集團 任何成員公司並無任何共同董事。

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日年度(以港元列示)

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

32. 關連人士之交易(續)

Compensation of key management personnel

主要管理人員之補償

		2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年
Short-term employee benefits	短期員工福利	1,925,000	1,958,000

33. PENDING LITIGATION

At 31 December 2010, Xiamen Plaza is a defendant in a pending litigation arising from the balance due and interest payable to Fujian Sunshine Group Limited of RMB268,716 (equivalent to approximately HK\$317,000). The directors of the Company consider that Xiamen Plaza has a good defence against such claims and no provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

33. 未了結之官司

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,東酒作為被告於未了結之官司上應欠福建陽光集團有限公司結餘及利息為268,716元人民幣(折合約317,000港元)。董事認為東酒對有關之索賠有良好的辯護因而並沒有於綜合財務報表上作出撥備。

Particulars of Property Interests 物業權益詳情

Particulars of investment property interests held by the Group at 31 December 2010 are as follows:

本集團於二零一零年十二月三十一日所持 有之物業權益詳情如下:

Inve	estment properties	Leasehold expiry	Gross floor area (square feet) 總樓面面積	Year of completion	Group's attributable interest 本集團
投資	貨物業	租約屆滿日期	(平方呎)	落成年份	應佔權益
Hor 香港	ng Kong				
• • • •	mmercial 引物業				
1.	Shop Nos. 1, 3 and 4 on Ground Floor together with open yard adjoining thereto and the whole of First and Second Floors, Sun Ming Court, Nos. 84-90 Castle Peak Road, Sham Shui Po, Kowloon.	2047	10,464	1981	50%
1.	九龍深水埗 青山道84-90號 新明閣 地下1、3及4號 店舗及相連 之天井以及一樓 及二樓全層	二零四七年	10,464	一九八一年	50%
2.	Shop Nos. 50, and 65 on Ground Floor, Shaukiwan Centre, No. 407 Shau Kei Wan Road, Hong Kong	2859	876	1982	100%
2.	香港筲箕灣道407號 筲箕灣中心 地下50及65號店舖	二八五九年	876	一九八二年	100%

Particulars of Property Interests 物業權益詳情

Inve	estment properties	Leasehold expiry	Gross floor area (square feet) 總樓面面積	Year of completion	Group's attributable interest 本集團
投資	登物業	租約屆滿日期	(平方呎)	落成年份	應佔權益
Oth 其他	ners 也				
1.	Motor cycle parking space Nos. 54, 55, 56, 57 and 58 of Yuet Ming Building, No. 52 Yuet Wah Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon.	2047	_	1975	100%
1.	九龍觀塘 月華街52號 月明樓 第54、55、56、57及 58號電單車泊位	二零四七年	-	一九七五年	100%
		Expiry of		Gross floor	Group's
		joint venture	Site area	area	attributable
Hot	tel property	period	(square feet) 地盤面積	(square feet) 總樓面面積	interest
酒店	吉物業	合營屆滿日期	(平方呎)	(平方呎)	本集團
PR(中國					
1.	Xiamen Plaza 908 Xiahe Road, Kaiyuan District, Xiamen, Fujian Province, The People's Republic of China.	2025	60,381	225,827	100%
1.	廈門東南亞大酒店 中華人民共和國 福建省 廈門市開元區 廈禾路908號	二零二五年	60,381	225,827	100%

