



HARMONY ASSET LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Stock Code : 428

TSX - Trading Symbol : HAR

2010
Annual Report

This annual report, in both English and Chinese versions, is available on the Company's website at www.harmonyasset.com.hk (the "Company Website").

Shareholders who have chosen or have been deemed consented to receive the corporate communications of the Company (the "Corporate Communications") via the Company Website and who for any reason have difficulty in receiving or gaining access to the annual report posted on the Company Website will promptly upon request be sent the annual report in printed form free of charge.

Shareholders may at any time change their choice of the means of receipt (either in printed form or via the Company Website) and/or language(s) (either English only or Chinese only or both languages) of Corporate Communications.

Shareholders may send their request to receive the annual report in printed form, and/or to change their choice of the means of receipt and/or language(s) of Corporate Communications by notice in writing to the branch share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong or by sending an email to the branch share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong at harmony.ecom@computershare.com.hk.

Shareholders who have chosen to receive printed copy of the Corporate Communications in either English or Chinese version will receive both English and Chinese versions of this annual report since both languages are bound together into one booklet.

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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Lee Fong Lit David (*Chairman*)

Chow Pok Yu Augustine
(*Chief Executive Officer*)

Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph
(*Qualified Accountant*)

Non-executive Director

Lam Andy Siu Wing, JP
(*Re-designated on 1st January, 2011*)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Tong Kim Weng Kelly

Ho Man Kai Anthony

Wong Yun Kuen

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Ho Man Kai Anthony (*Chairman*)

Wong Yun Kuen

Tong Kim Weng Kelly

BANKERS

Wing Hang Bank Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

The Hongkong and Shanghai
Banking Corporation Limited

Bank of Communications Co., Limited

AUDITOR

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

25th Floor, Wing On Centre

111 Connaught Road Central

Hong Kong

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Cheng Ming Shun

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mui Ngar May Joel

ASSISTANT COMPANY SECRETARY

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1902, Cheung Kong Center

2 Queen's Road Central

Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL REGISTRAR

HSBC Trustee (Cayman) Limited

P.O. Box 484 GT HSBC House

West Bay Road

Grand Cayman

KY1-1106

Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor

Services Limited

Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor

Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Wan Chai

Hong Kong

CANADIAN BRANCH REGISTRAR

Computershare Investor Services Inc.

100 University Ave., 9th Floor

Toronto, Ontario M5J 2Y1

Canada

STOCK CODE

Hong Kong Stock Exchange – 428

Toronto Stock Exchange – HAR

Chairman's Statement

The Board of Directors of Harmony Asset Limited takes pleasure in presenting the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2010.

BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended 31st December, 2010, the Group recorded turnover of HK\$40,628,394 as compared to HK\$6,089,942 in last year, representing a 567% increase. After taking into account of total turnover, other revenue and other gains and losses, the Group resulted in a gain of HK\$51,579,976 for the year ended 31st December, 2010 as compared to HK\$118,953,480 in last year, representing a 57% decrease.

The total operating expense for the year was HK\$18,130,747 (2009: HK\$19,445,616), while profit before income tax was HK\$33,449,229 as compared to HK\$99,507,864 in last year, representing a 66% decrease. The profit attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$35,274,924 as compared to HK\$84,954,963 in last year, representing a 58% decrease.

Lastly, we are pleased to report that our financial accounts remain healthy. The Group has net current assets of HK\$219,128,871, with no bank borrowings.

PROSPECTS AND FUTURE PLANS

The Group will continue to focus on core investments which include resources related businesses in Asia, real estate developments in the greater China Region, and may devote some assets in the near future to participate in financial projects with recurring income and fixed interest returns.

While profit as a whole decreased 58% when compared to HK\$84,954,963 earned last year, we are satisfied that the Group remained profitable in the face of a difficult year while others have reported substantial losses.

We are confident of the criteria established by our investment committee in choosing new investment opportunities which will enable us to take maximum advantage when the global economy eventually recovers. Prudence will be exercised in the aftermath of the dramatic earthquake and tsunami that has hit Japan badly. We are also cautious of the inflationary trends unfolding worldwide, as well as to the credit tightening effect brought on by the Chinese government to cool down properties prices in the country.

Notwithstanding the upheavals in the financial markets, the measures that have been adopted by the investment committee and the Board have enabled us to achieve a positive result as well as to enhance our future business prospects.

Chairman's Statement

DIVIDEND

The Board has recommended a final dividend out of the distributable reserve of the Company of HK15 cents (2009: HK10 cents) per share in respect of the year ended 31st December, 2010, totalling not less than HK\$5,858,792 (2009: HK\$3,905,861) which is subject to approval of shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on 31st May, 2011 and compliance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands.

If approved, the said final dividend will be paid on or about 28th June, 2011 to shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on 31st May, 2011.

The dividend proposed after the end of reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of reporting period.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from 25th May, 2011 to 31st May, 2011, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all completed transfer forms accomplished by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the branch share registrars of the Company either (i) the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong or (ii) the Canadian branch share registrar of the Company, Computershare Investor Services Inc., 100 University Ave., 9th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Y1, Canada not later than 4:00 p.m. on 24th May, 2011.

APPRECIATION

Lastly but not the least, I want to express my sincere appreciation and pay special tribute to the energy, skill and commitment of all our staff who have continued to deliver great performances in trying and challenging global markets.

This, together with recent investments, sales of some of our equity investments, reductions in our cost base and planned operational efficiencies, will provide a firm basis for a profitable future growth.

Lee Fong Lit David

Chairman

Hong Kong, 30th March, 2011

Management Discussion and Analysis

Turnover of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2010 was HK\$40,628,394 (2009: HK\$6,089,942) and the profit attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$35,274,924 (2009: HK\$84,954,963).

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and financial resources

The Group had available funds of HK\$141,083,888 which were mainly placed with banks as time deposits. Cash and bank balances held by the Group are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Canadian dollars.

The Group had shareholders' fund of HK\$309,289,512 at 31st December, 2010 compared to HK\$277,500,594 at 31st December, 2009, an 11% increase.

At present, the Group has unutilised banking facilities of HK\$20,000,000 and requires no significant funding for investment and capital expenditure commitments. The interest rate charged on the banking facilities is 3% per annum over the applicable Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate.

As at 31st December, 2010, the Group had no borrowing (2009: nil).

The Group did not have any capital expenditure commitment, except for leasehold improvements of HK\$883,384 as at 31st December, 2010.

Capital Structure

There was no significant change in the Group's capital structure for the year ended 31st December, 2010.

On 30th April, 2010, 988,000 share options granted to the directors and other employees were lapsed. During the year, no share options were granted, exercised or cancelled.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Significant investments held and their performance

For the year ended 31st December, 2010, due to the increase in the participation of secured financial projects, the Group received interest income in the aggregate amount of HK\$7,176,790 as compared to HK\$1,314,810 in last year, representing a 446% increase. Dividend income generated from the investments was HK\$33,451,604 as compared to HK\$4,775,132 in last year, representing a 601% increase. Turnover was HK\$40,628,394 for the year ended 31st December, 2010 as compared to HK\$6,089,942 in last year, representing a 567% increase. With the impact of uncertainty of the global economy, the Group recorded an unrealised loss of HK\$17,413,882 on trading securities as compared to an unrealised gain of HK\$21,695,001 in last year. The Group disposed of certain trading securities to obtain a realised gain of HK\$19,847,468 (2009: HK\$110,724,365). In addition to trading securities, the Group also disposed of some unlisted investments with a realised gain of HK\$13,555,482. Impairment losses of HK\$11,571,164 were made on certain unlisted investments by reference to the value of investee companies. Impairment losses on loans and receivables were HK\$1,922,160 as compared to HK\$14,729,472 in last year. Total revenue and net gains for the year ended 31st December, 2010 were HK\$51,579,976 as compared to HK\$118,953,480 in last year, representing a 57% decrease.

The profit before income tax was HK\$33,449,229 as compared to HK\$99,507,864 in last year, representing a 66% decrease. The profit attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$35,274,924 as compared to HK\$84,954,963 in last year, representing a 58% decrease.

As at 31st December, 2010, the Group's investments, which comprise available-for-sale financial assets ("AFS"), and loans and receivables, amounted to HK\$84,997,871 as compared to HK\$117,168,628 as at 31st December, 2009, representing a 27% decrease. Such decrease was mainly due to (1) net increase in fair value of HK\$419,855, (2) the investment of HK\$11,000,000 in an investee company by way of equity in the amount of HK\$5,000,000 and convertible bonds in the amount of HK\$6,000,000, (3) the disposals of seven equity investments with carrying value of HK\$29,098,678, (4) the conversion of convertible bonds, of which the debt element in AFS was HK\$14,863,057, (5) the advance to investee companies of HK\$788,000, (6) the repayment of loans of HK\$1,288,706, and (7) impairment losses of HK\$1,922,160 on loans and receivables.

As at 31st December, 2010, the accounts receivable were HK\$23,014,279 as compared to HK\$17,046,476 as at 31st December, 2009, representing a 35% increase. This increase was primarily the result of increase in interest-earning financial projects of HK\$3,572,916.

During the year, the Group had the following major trading transactions: (1) investments in HK\$127 million trading securities, (2) disposals of trading securities with carrying value of HK\$81 million, and (3) exercise of convertible bonds and warrants contributing a net realised gain of HK\$8,540,697.

Management Discussion and Analysis

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31st December, 2010, the Group employed a total of 9 full-time employees, including the executive directors of the Company. Employees' remuneration are fixed and determined with reference to the market remuneration.

The remuneration policy of the Company for non-executive directors is to ensure that they are sufficiently compensated for their efforts and time dedicated to the Company and that for the employees, including the executive directors and senior management, is to ensure that the remuneration offered is appropriate for the duties and in line with market practice. The remuneration policy is to ensure that the pay levels are competitive and effective in attracting, retaining and motivating employees. No director, or any of his associates and executive, is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

The key components of the Company's remuneration package include basic salary plus other allowances, discretionary cash bonus and mandatory provident fund. As a long-term incentive plan and with the aim at motivating employees in the continued pursuit of the Company's goal and objectives, the Company has granted share options to subscribe for the shares of the Company to the employees (including directors) of the Company based on their performance and contribution to the Company under the Company's share option scheme.

EXPOSURES TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES AND RELATED HEDGES

The Group has no significant exposures to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and, therefore, did not employ any financial instruments to hedge such exposures.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31st December, 2010, the Group has no significant contingent liabilities.

Report of the Directors

The directors submit their annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2010.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the year are investments in securities listed on recognised stock exchanges and unlisted investments with a potential for earnings growth and capital appreciation. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

The Group's turnover for the year comprised dividends from listed and unlisted investments, and interest earned from bank deposits and loans and receivables.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 28.

No interim dividend (2009: HK10 cents per share, totalling HK\$3,905,861) was paid during the year.

The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend out of the distributable reserve of HK15 cents (2009: HK10 cents) per share in respect of the year ended 31st December, 2010 which is subject to approval of shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in note 22 to the financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 21 to the financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31st December, 2010 according to the Company's Articles of Association amounted to HK\$209,606,865.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands.

Report of the Directors

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 104.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company did not redeem any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

SHARE OPTION

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") at its annual general meeting held on 28th June, 2005. The purposes of the Share Option Scheme are to provide participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company and to encourage participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

The details of the Share Option Scheme and movements of share options granted under the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 21(b) to the financial statements and pages 13 and 14 of this report.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Lee Fong Lit David
Chow Pok Yu Augustine
Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph
Lam Andy Siu Wing, *JP*
Tong Kim Weng Kelly
Ho Man Kai Anthony
Wong Yun Kuen

In accordance with the Company's Articles 98(b), Mr. Lee Fong Lit David, Mr. Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph and Mr. Tong Kim Weng Kelly shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Dr. Lam Andy Siu Wing, *JP*, has been re-designated from executive director to non-executive director with effect from 1st January, 2011.

Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony, Mr. Tong Kim Weng Kelly and Dr. Wong Yun Kuen are independent non-executive directors.

The Company has received annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive directors as regards their independence to the Company and considers that each of the independent non-executive directors is independent to the Company.

Report of the Directors

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with any member of the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Details of Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine's interest in contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business are set out in note 25 to the financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, no other contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of directors and senior management are set out below:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Lee Fong Lit David, aged 64, joined the Company in February 1998. He is also the Chairman of the Board of the Company. He obtained his BSc degree from McGill University in Montreal and his MBA degree from Columbia University, New York. Mr. Lee has over 29 years experience in the international finance and investment management industry. He is involved in investing in equity markets of Singapore, Malaysia and Hong Kong. Mr. Lee is a director of Harmony Asset Management Limited ("HAML"), the investment manager of the Company and also a director and a shareholder of Sino Path Consultants Limited ("Sino Path"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, whose interest in shares of the Company is disclosed in the section "Directors' Interests in Equity or Debt Securities".

Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine, aged 58, joined the Company in June 1996. He is also the Chief Executive Officer and a member of remuneration committee of the Company. He holds a MSc from London Business School and Ph.D from University of South Australia and Engineering Doctorate from City University of Hong Kong. Dr. Chow has vast experience in managing public listed companies that are involved in manufacturing, marketing and financial services and specialising in mergers and acquisitions. Dr. Chow is both director and shareholder of Sino Path and HAML respectively. He is also a non-executive director of Jian ePayment Systems Limited and an executive director of Kaisun Energy Group Limited, both public companies listed in Hong Kong. Dr. Chow is also a director of Celsion Corporation, a public listed company in USA and an independent director of Augyva Mining Resources Inc. a public listed company in Canada.

Report of the Directors

Mr. Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph, aged 64, joined the Company in December 2006. He is also the qualified accountant of the Company. He obtained his MBA degree from Heriot-Watt University, Edinburgh Business School, Scotland, UK. Mr. Chan has over 30 years of accounting and management experience in the fields of industrial manufacturing, service industry, academic and Government. Professionally, Mr. Chan is an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, a Fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, and the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants, as well as a member of the Certified General Accountants Association of Canada. Mr. Chan is an independent director of Champion Minerals Inc., a public listed company in Canada.

Non-executive Director:

Dr. Lam Andy Siu Wing, *JP*, aged 60, joined the Company in August 1999 and was appointed as executive director in March 2004. He resigned as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company and was re-designated as non-executive director with effect from 1st January, 2011. He has involved in strategic investment and planning for listed and unlisted companies over 21 years. He holds a doctoral degree from the University of Bolton and an MBA degree from Oklahoma City University. Professionally, Dr. Lam is an American Certified Public Accountant, a Certified Fraud Examiner, a Chartered Secretary and a Chartered Marketer. He also has served on a number of government committees, boards, and tribunals in Hong Kong and was appointed as a Justice of the Peace on 1st July, 2001. Dr. Lam is an independent non-executive director of Tanrich Financial Holdings Limited, a public listed company in Hong Kong.

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony, aged 59, joined the Company in September 2004. He is also the Chairman of the audit committee and remuneration committee. He graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a BBA degree, an MBA degree from the University of East Asia, Macau and a Master of Professional Accounting Degree from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Ho has over 30 years' experience in management accounting, corporate administration and financial management. He held management positions before with Gammon-Swire Joint Venture, Drageges et Travaux Publics, Mass Transit Railway Corporation and The Hong Kong Jockey Club. He is a Fellow Professional National Accountant of the National Institute of Accountants in Australia and a Fellow Member of The Hong Kong Taxation Institute.

Mr. Tong Kim Weng Kelly, aged 62, joined the Company in November 1998. He is also a member of the audit committee of the Company. He holds degrees in Political Science BA (Hons) and Public Policy (Master of Public Policy) from Victoria University, New Zealand. He was a former senior officer in the New Zealand Trade Department. After leaving the public sector, he served in various capacities as a consultant involved in marketing and business development, IT and the financing services, sourcing and arranging private equity for a variety of projects.

Report of the Directors

Dr. Wong Yun Kuen, aged 53, joined the Company in September 2004. He is also a member of the audit committee and remuneration committee. He received a Ph.D. degree from Harvard University, and was a “Distinguished Visiting Scholar” in finance at Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania. Dr. Wong has worked in financial industries in the United States and Hong Kong for many years, and has considerable experience in corporate finance, investment and derivative products. He is a member of Hong Kong Securities Institute. Dr. Wong is an executive director of UBA Investments Limited, and the independent non-executive director of Bauhaus International (Holdings) Limited, China Grand Forestry Green Resources Group Limited, Climax International Company Limited, Golden Resorts Group Limited, Hua Yi Copper Holdings Limited, Kaisun Energy Group Limited, Kong Sun Holdings Limited, China Yunnan Tin Minerals Group Company Limited, New Island Printing Holdings Limited and ZMAY Holdings Limited. Dr. Wong was also independent non-executive director of Grand Field Group Holdings Limited from September 2004 to September 2009, China E-Learning Group Limited from August 2007 to June 2010, and Superb Summit International Timber Company Limited from April 2007 to June 2010, and the chairman and executive director of Green Energy Group Limited from December 2009 to May 2010. All the companies mentioned above are listed companies in Hong Kong.

Chief Financial Officer:

Mr. Cheng Ming Shun, aged 55, joined the Company in July 1998 as manager responsible for the Group’s accounting and financial reporting. He also acts as an alternate authorised representative of the Company under the requirement of the listing rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. He is a fellow member of Institute of Financial Accountants, United Kingdom. He holds a Bachelor degree in Business Administration with Honours from The University of Bolton (formerly known as Bolton Institute). Mr. Cheng has over 20 years of experience in management accounting, corporate administration and financial management.

Report of the Directors

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN EQUITY OR DEBT SECURITIES

At 31st December, 2010, the interests of the directors and chief executive in the shares of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (“SFO”)), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “Model Code”) in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “Listing Rules”) were as follows:

(a) Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each in the Company

Name of directors	Capacity	Number of shares				Percentage of issued share capital as at 31st December, 2010
		Personal interests	Family interests	Corporate interests	Other interests	
Lee Fong Lit David	Interest of controlled corporation	-	-	7,200,315 (Note)	-	18.43%
Ho Man Kai Anthony	Beneficial owner	60,000	-	-	-	0.15%

Note: These 7,200,315 shares are held by Sino Path Consultants Limited in the capacity of beneficial owner, a company which is held 70% by Mr. Lee Fong Lit David and 30% by Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine. Mr. Lee Fong Lit David and Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine are executive directors of the Company.

(b) Share options of the Company

The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 28th June, 2005. The particulars of the share option scheme are set out in note 21(b) to the financial statements. At 31st December, 2010, a total of 522,047 shares of the Company (representing approximately 1.337% of the existing issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report) may be issued upon exercise of all options which had been granted and yet to be exercised under the share option scheme and a total of 3,900,261 shares, as refreshed at the annual general meeting on 27th May, 2009 (representing approximately 9.986% of the existing issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report), may be issued upon exercise of all options which may be granted under the share option scheme.

Report of the Directors

The movements of the share options granted to directors and employees during the year ended 31st December, 2010 are as follows:

	Date of grant	Exercise period	Number of options			Exercise price HK\$	Percentage of issued share capital as at 31 December, 2010
			Outstanding as at 1st January, 2010	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding as at 31st December, 2010		
Directors							
Lee Fong Lit David	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	(28,000)	-	4.29	-
Chow Pok Yu Augustine	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	(28,000)	-	4.29	-
Lam Andy Siu Wing, JP	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	292,000	(292,000)	-	4.29	-
Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	(28,000)	-	4.29	-
Tong Kim Weng Kelly	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	(28,000)	-	4.29	-
Sub-total			404,000	(404,000)	-		
Other employees							
in aggregate	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	584,000	(584,000)	-	4.29	-
	18/8/2008	18/8/2008-17/8/2011	522,047	-	522,047	5.10	1.34%
Sub-total			1,106,047	(584,000)	522,047		
Grand total			1,510,047	(988,000)	522,047		

Notes:

- (1) 988,000 share options were lapsed and expired during the year ended 31st December, 2010.
- (2) These options representing personal interest were held by the grantees as beneficial owners.
- (3) No options were granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled during the year except above mentioned.

Save as disclosed herein, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company had any interest in the equity or debt securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO.

At no time during the year did the directors and chief executive (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) have any interest in, or been granted, or exercised, any rights to subscribe for shares or warrants of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO).

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Report of the Directors

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31st December, 2010, the persons (other than those of the directors and chief executive as disclosed above) interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of SFO were as follows:

Name of shareholders	Capacity	Number of issued ordinary shares held	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31st December, 2010
ABC Dirt-Cheap Stock Fund	Beneficial Owner	4,042,500	10.35%
Dynamic Global Value Class Fund	Beneficial Owner	2,339,500	5.99%

Saved as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other interests or short positions in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company, representing 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31st December, 2010.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Details of significant management contracts in relation to the Company's business are set out in note 25 to the financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, no other contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group is an investment holding company. In the opinion of the directors, it is therefore of no value to disclose details of the Group's customers and suppliers.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Significant related party transactions entered by the Group during the year ended 31st December, 2010 which also constitute connected transactions under the Listing Rules, are disclosed in note 25 to the financial statements.

Opinion from the independent non-executive directors on the continuing connected transactions

Pursuant to Rule 14A.37 of the Listing Rules in relation to management fees and incentive fee payable by the Company to HAML, the independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and opined that the management fees and the incentive fee paid by the Company to HAML for the year ended 31st December, 2010 were:

- (a) entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;

Report of the Directors

- (b) entered into on normal commercial terms; and
- (c) entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Report from the auditor on the continuing connected transactions

Pursuant to Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules in relation to the management fees and incentive fee payable by the Company to HAML, the Board of Directors of the Company engaged the auditor of the Company to report on the above continuing connected transactions as identified by the management for the year ended 31st December, 2010 in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 “Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information” and with reference to Practice Note 740 “Auditor’s Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing the findings and conclusions in respect of the above continuing connected transactions in accordance with 14A.38 of the Listing Rules.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee provides an important link between the Board and the Company’s auditor in matters coming within the scope of the Group’s audit. It also reviews the Company’s financial statements and the effectiveness of the internal controls and risk evaluation. The Committee now comprises three independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony, Dr. Wong Yun Kuen and Mr. Tong Kim Weng Kelly. Four meetings of the audit committee were held during the current financial year. The annual results for the year ended 31st December, 2010 were reviewed by the Audit Committee.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company’s issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint the auditor, BDO Limited.

By order of the Board
Harmony Asset Limited
Lee Fong Lit David
Chairman

Hong Kong, 30th March, 2011

Corporate Governance Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Maintaining high standards of corporate governance in everything we do.

Sound corporate governance practices are crucial to the smooth, effective and transparent operation of a company and its ability to attract investment, protect rights of shareholders and stakeholders, and enhance shareholder value. The Company is committed to high standards of corporate governance with a view to being transparent, open and accountable to our shareholders.

The Company adopted all the code provisions in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (“the Code”) contained in appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”) as its own code on corporate governance practices.

The Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the Code during the year ended 31st December, 2010.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

The Board of Directors of the Company currently comprises three executive directors. Mr. Lee Fong Lit David acts as Chairman of the Board. Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine is Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Other executive director is Mr. Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph. Dr. Lam Audy Siu Wing was re-designated as non-executive director with effect from 1st January, 2011. The Company has three independent non-executive directors, Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony, Mr. Tong Kim Weng Kelly and Dr. Wong Yun Kuen. One of whom namely, Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony has appropriate professional accounting experience and expertise.

All directors have distinguished themselves in their field of expertise, and have exhibited high standards of personal and professional ethics and integrity. The biographical details of each director are disclosed in pages 10 to 12 of this Annual Report.

Each independent non-executive director has pursuant to the rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, confirmed that he is independent of the Company and the Company also considers that they are independent.

There is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material relationship) among members of the Board.

Pursuant to the articles of association of the Company, the directors shall hold office subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company at least once every three years and eligible for re-election.

Corporate Governance Report

The term of office of each non-executive director (including independent non-executive director) is for a period of 1 year from 1st January, 2011 to 31st December, 2011, subject to retirement by rotation.

Function

The Board of Directors, headed by the Chairman, is responsible for formulation and approval of the Group's development and business strategies and policies, approval of annual budgets and business plans, recommendation of dividend, and supervision of management in accordance with the rules governing the meeting of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer's working guides, articles of association and rules governing the meeting of shareholders.

The executive directors are responsible for day-to-day management of the Company's operations. These executive directors conduct regular meetings with the management of the Company and its subsidiaries and associated companies, at which operational issues and financial performance are evaluated.

The Company views well-developed and timely reporting systems and internal controls are essential, and the Board of Directors plays a key role in the implementation and monitoring of internal financial controls.

The Board of Directors has established schedule of matters specifically reserved to the Board for its decision and those reserved for the management. The Board of Directors reviews this schedule on a periodic basis to ensure that it remains appropriate to the needs of the Company.

The Board of Directors has established procedure to enable directors, upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

The articles of association of the Company contain description of responsibilities and operation procedures of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors holds regular meeting and listens to the operating reports of the Company and makes policies. Significant operating policies of the Company have to be discussed and passed by the Board of Directors. Board meetings include regular meetings and irregular meetings. The Board of Directors meets formally at least 4 times a year.

Besides regular and irregular meetings, the Board of Directors obtains adequate information through working meetings, presided by the Chairman in a timely manner, to monitor objectives and strategies of the management, financial conditions and operating results of the Company and provisions of significant agreements.

Corporate Governance Report

During 2010, the Board of Directors held 4 regular Board meetings at approximately quarterly interval and other irregular Board meetings which were convened when deemed necessary. Due notice and Board papers of regular Board meetings were given to all directors prior to the meeting in accordance with the Company's articles of association and the Code. Details of individual attendance of directors at regular Board meetings in 2010 are set out below:

Attendance of individual directors at regular Board meetings in 2010

	No. of regular Board Meeting attended
Executive Directors	
Mr. Lee Fong Lit David	4
Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine	4
Mr. Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph	4
Non-executive Director	
Dr. Lam Andy Siu Wing, JP	4
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony	4
Mr. Tong Kim Weng Kelly	3
Dr. Wong Yun Kuen	4

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The role of the Chairman, Mr. Lee Fong Lit David is separated from that of the Chief Executive Officer, Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine. Such division of responsibilities allows a balance of power between the Board of Directors and the management of the Group, and ensures their independence and accountability.

The Chairman is the leader of the Board and he oversees the Board so that its acts in the best interests of the Group. The Chairman is responsible for deciding the agenda of each Board meeting, taking into account, where appropriate, matters proposed by other directors for inclusion in the agenda. The Chairman has overall responsibility for providing leadership, vision and direction in the development of the business of the Company.

Corporate Governance Report

The Chief Executive Officer, assisted by other executive directors, is responsible for the day-to-day management of the business of the Group, attends to formulation and successful implementation of policies, and assumes full accountability to the Board for all operations of the Group. Working with the Chairman and the executive management team of each core business division, he ensures smooth operations and development of the Group. He maintains continuing dialogue with the Chairman and all directors to keep them fully informed of all major business developments and issues. He is also responsible for building and maintaining an effective executive team to support him in his role.

Responsibilities

In the course of discharging their duties, the directors act in good faith, with due diligence and care, and in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. Their responsibilities include:

- Attending regular board meetings focusing on business strategy, operational issues and financial performance.
- Active participation on the boards of subsidiaries.
- Approval of annual budgets for each operating company covering strategy, financial and business performance, key risks and opportunities.
- Monitoring the quality, timeliness, relevance and reliability of internal and external reporting.
- Monitoring and managing potential conflicts of interest of management, Board members and shareholders, including misuse of corporate assets and abuse in related party transaction.
- Ensuring processes are in place to maintain the overall integrity of the Company, including financial statements, relationships with other stakeholders, and compliance with all laws and ethics.

To enable the Company's directors to meet their obligations, an appropriate organisational structure is in place with clearly defined responsibilities and limits of authority.

Board Committees

A number of Board Committees, including Audit Committee, Investment Committee, Disclosure Committee and Remuneration Committee, have been established by the Board of Directors to strengthen its functions and to enhance its expertise. These committees have been formed with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with the committees' authority and duties.

Corporate Governance Report

Investment Committee

The Board has established an Investment Committee comprising two executive directors, Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine and Dr Lam Andy Siu Wing, *JP*. By the board resolution on 31st December, 2010, Mr. Lee Fong Lit David replaced Dr. Lam Andy Siu Wing, *JP* as a member of Investment Committee with effect from 1st January, 2011 following the re-designation of Dr. Lam as a non-executive Director. It remains chaired by Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine.

The terms of reference of the Investment Committee have been approved and adopted by the board of directors of the Company.

The Investment Committee considers, evaluates, reviews and recommends to the Board the proposed major investments, acquisitions and disposals, conducts post-investment evaluation of the investment projects, reviews and considers the overall strategic direction and business developments of the Company.

Disclosure Committee

The Board has established a Disclosure Committee comprising three executive directors, namely Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine, Dr. Lam Andy Siu Wing, *JP* and Mr. Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph and an independent non-executive director, Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony, for the purpose of compliance with the Canadian Securities Laws. By the board resolution on 31st December, 2010, Mr. Cheng Ming Shun (appointed as Chief Financial Officer with effect from 1st January, 2011) replaced Dr. Lam to become a member of Disclosure Committee with effect from 1st January, 2011 following the re-designation of Dr. Lam as a non-executive Director. It remains chaired by Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine.

The terms of reference of the Disclosure Committee have been approved and adopted by the board of directors of the Company.

Remuneration Committee

The Board has established a Remuneration Committee comprising one executive director, Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine and two independent non-executive directors, Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony and Dr. Wong Yun Kuen. It is chaired by Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee have been reviewed with reference to the Code.

The Remuneration Committee's responsibilities are to review and consider Company's policy for remuneration of directors and employees, to determine remuneration packages of executive directors and employees including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, and to recommend to the Board of Directors on remuneration of independent non-executive directors.

Corporate Governance Report

Set out below is the summary of work of the Remuneration Committee done in 2010:

- review of the remuneration policy for 2010/2011; and
- review and make recommendation of the remuneration of the directors (including independent non-executive directors) and employees.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during 2010. Details of individual attendance of its members are set out in the table below:

Attendance of individual members of Remuneration Committee in 2010

Names	No. of meeting attended
Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine	1
Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony (<i>Chairman</i>)	1
Dr. Wong Yun Kuen	1

Audit Committee

The Company's Audit Committee is composed of three independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony, Mr. Tong Kim Weng Kelly and Dr. Wong Yun Kuen. It is chaired by Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony. It reports directly to the Board of Directors and reviews matters within the scope of audit, such as financial statements and internal controls, to protect the interests of the Company's shareholders.

The Audit Committee meets regularly with the Company's external auditors to discuss audit process and accounting issues, and reviews effectiveness of internal controls and risk evaluation. Written terms of reference, which describes the authority and duties of the Audit Committee are regularly reviewed and updated by the Board.

Set out below is the summary of work done in 2010:

- review of the financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2009, for the three months ended 31st March, 2010, for the six months ended 30th June, 2010 and for the nine months ended 30th September, 2010;
- review of effectiveness of the internal control system;

Corporate Governance Report

- review of independent auditor’s report and management letter; and
- consideration and approval of 2010 audit fees and audit work and recommendation of the re-appointment of auditor.

The Audit Committee held four meetings during the year. Details of individual attendance of its members are set out in the table below:

Attendance of individual members of Audit Committee in 2010

Names	No. of meeting attended
Mr. Ho Man Kai Anthony (<i>Chairman</i>)	4
Mr. Tong Kim Weng Kelly	3
Dr. Wong Yun Kuen	4

Nomination of Directors

The Board of Directors has not established a nomination committee. According to the articles of association of the Company, the Board has the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. In assessing nomination of new directors, the Board has taken into consideration of the candidate’s qualification, ability and potential contributions to the Company. There was no appointment, removal or resignation of director during the year.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that in respect of the year ended 31st December, 2010, all Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code of the Company.

The Company has also established written guidelines regarding securities transactions on no less exacting terms of the Model Code for specific individual who may have access to price sensitive information in relation to the securities of the Company.

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The Audit Committee reviews engagement letter and report from the external auditor of the Company, BDO Limited, Certified Public Accountants (“BDO”), confirms their independence, approves their appointment, discusses the scope of their audit, approves their fees, and the scope and appropriate fees for any non-audit services requested to be provided by them.

Corporate Governance Report

BDO provided annual audit services in respect of the Company's consolidated financial statements prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards for the year ended 31st December, 2010. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules.

During the year, the fees to BDO in respect of audit services were HK\$700,000. In respect of non-audit services, the fees to BDO were HK\$127,000.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Company places great importance on internal control and risk management. The Company is making comprehensive improvements to its internal control system and will implement a stricter and more regulated internal control system in the new financial year.

The Company encourages a risk aware and control conscious environment throughout the Company. The Board, either directly or through its committees, sets objectives, performance targets and policies for management of key risks facing the Company. These include strategic planning, political and regulatory, acquisitions, investments, expenditure control, treasury and environment.

During the year, the Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and risk management of the Company and its subsidiaries pursuant to the Code including consideration of the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

GOING CONCERN

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATION

The objective of shareholder communication is to provide our shareholders with detailed information about the Company so that they can exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner.

The Company uses a range of communication tools to ensure its shareholders are kept well informed of key business imperatives. These include annual general meeting, annual report, interim report, quarterly results announcement, various notices, announcements and circulars. During 2010, procedure for conducting a poll has been explained by the Chairman at annual general meeting and extraordinary general meeting.

Corporate Governance Report

At the 2010 annual general meeting, a separate resolution was proposed by the Chairman in respect of each separate issue, including re-election of Directors. The Chairman of the Board of Directors and a member of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee attended the 2010 annual general meeting to answer questions of shareholders. The Chairman of the Board of Directors and members of independent Board committee attended an extraordinary general meeting held in 2010 to answer questions of shareholders.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibilities in preparing the financial statements. The statement of the Independent Auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 26 and page 27.

Independent Auditor's Report



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF HARMONY ASSET LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Harmony Asset Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 28 to 103, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31st December, 2010, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditor's Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial positions of the Group and of the Company as at 31st December, 2010 and of the Group's financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Wong Chi Wai

Practising Certificate Number P04945

Hong Kong, 30th March, 2011

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 31st December

	Note	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Turnover	5	40,628,394	6,089,942
Other revenue	5	120,014	273,134
Other gains and losses	5	10,831,568	112,590,404
		51,579,976	118,953,480
Employee benefits expenses		(2,989,275)	(2,842,510)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		(316,324)	(115,724)
Other operating expenses		(14,825,148)	(16,487,382)
Profit before income tax	6	33,449,229	99,507,864
Income tax credit (expenses)	7	1,825,695	(14,552,901)
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	9	35,274,924	84,954,963
Other comprehensive income:			
Gains on fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets		2,404,173	12,891,490
Transfer of fair value gains to profit or loss upon disposals of available-for-sale financial assets		(13,555,482)	(222,002)
Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets recognised in profit or loss		11,571,164	–
Other comprehensive income for the year		419,855	12,669,488
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company		35,694,779	97,624,451
Earnings per share	10		
Basic		HK\$0.90	HK\$2.18
Diluted		HK\$0.90	HK\$2.17

Details of dividend paid to owners of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 11.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31st December

	Note	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	1,160,398	1,465,162
Available-for-sale financial assets	14	60,201,831	110,854,493
Loans and receivables	15	24,796,040	6,314,135
Deferred tax assets	16	4,002,372	–
		90,160,641	118,633,790
Current assets			
Accounts receivable and prepayments	17	25,089,549	17,810,465
Trading securities	18	65,956,302	44,930,302
Derivative financial instruments	19	758,330	21,322,735
Bank balances and cash		141,083,888	98,065,356
		232,888,069	182,128,858
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals	20	6,809,600	1,249,956
Amount due to a related company	25(c)	3,928,169	6,028,948
Tax payable		3,021,429	13,569,202
		13,759,198	20,848,106
Net current assets		219,128,871	161,280,752
Total assets less current liabilities		309,289,512	279,914,542
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	16	–	2,413,948
Net assets		309,289,512	277,500,594
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	21	39,058,615	39,058,615
Reserves	22	270,230,897	238,441,979
Total equity		309,289,512	277,500,594
Net asset value per share	23	HK\$7.92	HK\$7.10

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30th March, 2011

LEE Fong Lit David
Director

CHOW Pok Yu Augustine
Director

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31st December

	Note	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	1,160,398	1,465,162
Interests in subsidiaries	13	19,464,561	19,074,817
Available-for-sale financial assets	14	7,950,000	48,165,351
Loans and receivables	15	5,543,256	–
Deferred tax assets	16	4,002,372	–
		38,120,587	68,705,330
Current assets			
Accounts receivable and prepayments	17	22,768,450	17,792,408
Trading securities	18	63,466,082	40,983,079
Derivative financial instruments	19	758,330	21,322,735
Bank balances and cash		138,378,807	97,806,340
		225,371,669	177,904,562
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals	20	6,049,236	995,321
Amount due to a related company	25(c)	3,928,169	6,028,948
Tax payable		2,817,691	9,487,014
		12,795,096	16,511,283
Net current assets		212,576,573	161,393,279
Total assets less current liabilities		250,697,160	230,098,609
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	16	–	2,413,948
Net assets		250,697,160	227,684,661
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	21	39,058,615	39,058,615
Reserves	22	211,638,545	188,626,046
Total equity		250,697,160	227,684,661

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30th March, 2011

LEE Fong Lit David

Director

Chow Pok Yu Augustine

Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the years ended 31st December, 2010 and 2009

	Share capital HK\$	Share Premium HK\$	Fair value reserve HK\$	Share option reserve HK\$	Proposed dividend HK\$	Retained profits (accumulated losses) HK\$	Total HK\$
At 1st January, 2010	39,058,615	162,768,326	18,310,881	1,034,156	3,905,861	52,422,755	277,500,594
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	35,274,924	35,274,924
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	419,855	-	-	-	419,855
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	419,855	-	-	35,274,924	35,694,779
Transfer to retained profits upon lapse of share options	-	-	-	(721,116)	-	721,116	-
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	(3,905,861)	-	(3,905,861)
Proposed dividend (<i>note 11</i>)	-	-	-	-	5,858,792	(5,858,792)	-
At 31st December, 2010	39,058,615	162,768,326	18,730,736	313,040	5,858,792	82,560,003	309,289,512
At 1st January, 2009	39,002,615	170,354,945	5,641,393	1,350,000	-	(32,807,189)	183,541,764
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	84,954,963	84,954,963
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	12,669,488	-	-	-	12,669,488
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	12,669,488	-	-	84,954,963	97,624,451
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	56,000	225,103	-	(40,863)	-	-	240,240
Transfer to retained profits upon lapse of share options	-	-	-	(274,981)	-	274,981	-
Interim dividend paid (<i>note 11</i>)	-	(3,905,861)	-	-	-	-	(3,905,861)
Proposed dividend (<i>note 11</i>)	-	(3,905,861)	-	-	3,905,861	-	-
At 31st December, 2009	39,058,615	162,768,326	18,310,881	1,034,156	3,905,861	52,422,755	277,500,594

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31st December

	Note	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	24	5,059,496	123,372,669
Income tax paid		(15,138,398)	(4,047,413)
Net cash (used in) from operating activities		(10,078,902)	119,325,256
Investing activities			
Interest received		5,722,788	225,033
Dividend received from available-for-sale financial assets		32,896,453	4,636,000
Advances to investee companies		(6,788,000)	(3,120,000)
Repayments from investee companies		1,288,706	2,207,900
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(11,560)	(1,444,000)
Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets		(5,244,458)	(31,504,073)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		–	10,000
Proceeds from disposal of an associate		–	100,000
Proceeds from disposals of available-for-sale financial assets		29,098,678	1,000,002
Net cash from (used in) investing activities		56,962,607	(27,889,138)
Financing activities			
Dividend paid		(3,865,173)	(3,863,787)
Proceeds from issue of shares		–	240,240
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,865,173)	(3,623,547)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		43,018,532	87,812,571
Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January		98,065,356	10,252,785
Cash and cash equivalents at 31st December		141,083,888	98,065,356
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents			
Bank balances and cash		141,083,888	98,065,356

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

1. GENERAL

Harmony Asset Limited is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business of the Company has been changed from Room 1101, St. George's Building, 2 Ice House Street, Central, Hong Kong to Room 1902, Cheung Kong Center, 2 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong since 11th January, 2011. Its shares are dual listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX").

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 13.

2. ADOPTION OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs")

(a) Adoption of new or revised IFRSs – effective 1st January, 2010

IFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to IFRSs
Amendments to IAS 39	Eligible Hedged Items
Amendments to IFRS 2	Share-based Payment – Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions
IAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
IFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations
IFRIC – Interpretation 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners

The adoption of these new or revised IFRSs has no significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

(b) New or revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new or revised IFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group.

IFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to IFRSs 2010 ^{1&2}
IFRIC – Interpretation 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments ¹
IAS 24 (Revised)	Related Party Disclosures ²
Amendments to IFRS 7	Disclosure – Transfers of Financial Assets ³
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments ⁴

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

2. ADOPTION OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“IFRSs”) (continued)

(b) New or revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2010
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2011
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2011
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2013

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the potential impact of these new or revised IFRSs and the directors so far concluded that the application of these new or revised IFRSs will have no material impact on the Group’s financial statements except for IFRS 9.

IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” replaces those parts of IAS 39 relating to the classification and measurement of financial assets. Under IFRS 9, financial assets are classified into financial assets measured at fair value or at amortised cost depending on the entity’s business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Fair value gains or losses will be recognised in profit or loss except for those non-trade equity investments, which the entity will have an irrevocable election in initial recognition, on an investment-by-investment basis, to recognise the gains and losses in other comprehensive income. There is no recycling of such fair value gains or losses to profit or loss. IFRS 9 carries forward the recognition and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from IAS 39, except for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, IFRS 9 retains the requirements in IAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. The directors are in process of assessing the impacts on the application of this new IFRS and currently not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “Listing Rules”).

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except that, as disclosed in the summary of significant accounting policies in note 4, available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value.

(c) Use of estimates and judgements

In the application of the Group’s accounting policies, which are described in note 4, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are disclosed in note 29.

(d) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st December each year.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

All intra-group transactions and balances, and any unrealised profit arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in full on consolidation. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Investments in subsidiaries are stated in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses as set out in note 4(e) below. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company to the extent of dividends received and receivable.

(c) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost being the excess of the aggregate of consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests over the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired.

Where the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the fair value of consideration paid, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill is allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Goodwill (continued)

For goodwill arising from an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill is allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses as stated in note 4(e) below. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition and location for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are normally expensed in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The annual rate used is 20%.

The useful life of an asset, its residual value, and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use of an asset. The fair value less costs to sell is the amount that could be obtained from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties less the costs of disposal, while value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

If the recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit, is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, which is restricted to the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(f) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, comprising financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial assets. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. The accounting policies adopted in respect of each category of financial assets are set out below.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss represent financial assets held for trading if:

- they have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- they are part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- they are derivative that are not designated and effective as a hedging instruments.

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts are separated from the relevant hosts and deemed as held-for-trading when the economic characteristic and risks of the embedded derivatives are not closely related to those of the host contracts, and the combined contracts are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including accounts receivable, loans receivable and bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or loans and receivables. The Group designates certain listed and unlisted investments and debt host element of convertible bonds as available-for-sale financial assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in fair value reserve within equity, until the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is reclassified from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

The fair value of listed available-for-sale investments is based on their quoted market prices at the end of reporting period, without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

For available-for-sale equity investments which are not traded in an active market, fair value is estimated based upon an analysis of the respective investee's financial position and results, risk profile, nature of business, prospects, other factors and assumptions not supported by observable market data as well as reference to market valuations for similar entities quoted in an active market, current fair value of comparable investments or applicable price/earning ratios for comparable listed companies adjusted to reflect the circumstances of the investee.

When the fair value of unlisted available-for-sale equity investments and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unlisted equity instruments cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

Impairment loss on financial assets

Objective evidence that the asset is impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group includes the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor or counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- granting concession to a debtor because of the debtors' financial difficulty;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- a significant decline or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost.

For loans and receivables

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When any part of financial asset is determined as uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for the relevant financial asset.

Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods when an increase in the asset's recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to a restriction that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

Impairment loss on financial assets (continued)

For available-for-sale financial assets

Where a decline in the fair value constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is reclassified from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

Any impairment losses recognised in profit or loss on available-for-sale debt investments are subsequently reversed if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

For available-for-sale equity investment, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

For available-for-sale equity investment that is carried at cost, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss shall not be reversed.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of a group entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include accounts payable, accruals and amount due to a related company which are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (continued)

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Consideration paid to reacquire the Company's own equity instruments are deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowings for the proceeds received.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case they are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria is adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Income taxes (continued)

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities if, and only if, the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Translation of foreign currencies

Items included in the financial statements of each of the group entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “functional currency”). Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into functional currency at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into functional currency using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated into functional currency using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

The results of foreign operations are translated into presentation currency at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Items in statement of financial position are translated into presentation currency at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the amount of the cumulative exchange differences in equity which relates to that foreign operation is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

(i) Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognised when the Group or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Expenditures for which a provision has been recognised are charged against the related provision in the year in which the expenditures are incurred. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount provided is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the possibility of an outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(j) Revenue recognition

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

Income from provision of other services is recognised when the related services are rendered.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

(k) Operating leases

Leases of assets under which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

(l) Employee benefits

(i) *Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plan*

Salaries, annual leave and other benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

The Group has only one defined contribution plan and the assets of which are held in separate trustee – administered funds. The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement scheme for all of its eligible employees are expensed as incurred. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the retirement scheme in accordance with the rules of the retirement scheme.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(1) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) *Share-based payments*

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a share option reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using generally accepted option pricing models by taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the share options, the total estimated fair value of the share options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed, any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to share option reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to share option reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in share option reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

Where equity instruments are granted to persons other than employees for services rendered in connection with issue of equity instruments, the fair value of services received is charged to profit or loss with corresponding increase in share option reserve.

For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability is recognised at the fair value of the goods or services received. At the end of each reporting period, the liability is remeasured at its fair value until the liability is settled, with any changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals (being members of key management personnel, significant shareholders and/or their close family members) or other entities and include entities which are under the significant influence of related parties of the Group where those parties are individuals, and post-employment benefit plans which are for the benefit of employees of the Group or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

(n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits with banks, and short-terms, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

(o) Dividends

Interim dividends are recognised directly as a liability when they are proposed and declared by the directors.

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within capital and reserves in the statement of financial position. Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

5. TURNOVER, OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER GAINS AND (LOSSES)

The Group principally invests in securities listed on recognised stock exchanges and unlisted securities, including equity securities and convertible bonds issued by corporate entities. Turnover, other revenue and other gains and losses recognised during the year are as follows:

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Turnover:		
Interest income from:		
– bank deposits	408,441	61,993
– loans receivable and convertible bonds not impaired	6,768,349	1,032,807
– impaired loans receivable	–	220,010
Dividend income from:		
– listed investments	555,151	139,132
– unlisted investments	32,896,453	4,636,000
	40,628,394	6,089,942
Other revenue:		
Service fee income	120,014	273,134
Other gains and (losses):		
Fair value changes on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
– trading securities	(17,413,882)	21,695,001
– derivative financial instruments	–	5,375,317
Net realised gain on disposals of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
– trading securities	19,847,468	110,724,365
– derivative financial instruments	6,998,729	–
	9,432,315	137,794,683
Impairment losses on accounts receivable	–	(18,807,483)
Impairment losses on loans and receivable	(1,922,160)	(14,729,472)
Recovery of impairment loss on loans and receivables previously recognised	–	54,000
Recovery of impairment loss on accounts receivable	113,999	8,000,000
	(1,808,161)	(25,482,955)
Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets:		
– equity investments	(11,571,164)	–
– deposits on investments written off	(244,458)	(600,000)
Net realised gain on disposals of available-for-sale financial assets	13,555,482	222,002
	1,739,860	(377,998)
Net exchange gain on financial instruments not at fair value through profit or loss	1,467,554	546,674
Gain on disposal of an associate	–	100,000
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	–	10,000
	10,831,568	112,590,404

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

5. TURNOVER, OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER GAINS AND (LOSSES) (continued)

For management purposes, the Group's business activity is organised into one main operating segment, investment holding.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's turnover, other revenue, other gains and losses by geographical location which is based on the domicile country or listing of the investees or counterparties as appropriate.

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Hong Kong	36,976,859	111,277,059
Canada	16,593,118	7,522,087
Other countries	(1,990,001)	154,334
	51,579,976	118,953,480

During the year, dividend income from two (2009: one) unlisted investments accounted for 75% (2009: 74%) of the Group's turnover.

6. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

Profit before income tax has been arrived at after charging the following:

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Auditor's remuneration	700,000	780,000
Management fees (note 25(a))	4,417,468	3,473,236
Incentive fee (note 25(a))	3,928,169	6,028,948
Contributions to defined contribution plan*	73,894	84,537
Operating leases in respect of land and buildings	2,175,278	2,109,360

* There was no forfeited contribution in respect of the defined contribution plan available at 31st December, 2010 and 2009 to reduce future contributions. There was no outstanding contribution to the plan at 31st December, 2010 and 2009.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

7. INCOME TAX (CREDIT) EXPENSES

- (a) Provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made at 16.5% (2009:16.5%) of the Group's estimated assessable profits for the year.

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Current tax		
Hong Kong Profits Tax:		
Current year	4,322,474	15,599,334
Under (over) provision in prior years	268,151	(808,639)
	4,590,625	14,790,695
Deferred taxation (note 16)		
Current year	(5,047,777)	(635,252)
(Over) under provision in prior years	(1,368,543)	397,458
	(6,416,320)	(237,794)
	(1,825,695)	14,552,901

The directors consider the Group has no income subject to taxation in other jurisdictions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

7. INCOME TAX (CREDIT) EXPENSES (continued)

(b) Reconciliation between income tax (credit) expenses and the Group's profit before income tax at applicable tax rate is set out below:

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Profit before income tax	33,449,229	99,507,864
Notional tax on profit before income tax, calculated at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2009: 16.5%)	5,519,123	16,418,798
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(9,007,698)	(2,620,504)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	2,729,178	5,013,849
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	–	(4,051,513)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	10,710	18,597
Tax effect of other temporary differences not recognised	23,384	93,323
Under (over) provision in current tax in prior years	268,151	(808,639)
(Over) under provision of deferred tax in prior years	(1,368,543)	397,458
Others	–	91,532
Income tax (credit) expenses	(1,825,695)	14,552,901

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

8. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) Details of directors' remuneration are as follows:

	2010				
	Salaries, allowances and benefits		Discretionary bonuses (note iii)	Contributions to defined contribution plan	Total
	Fees	in kind			
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Executive directors:					
Lee Fong Lit David	-	-	-	-	-
Chow Pok Yu Augustine (note ii)	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Lam Andy Siu Wing, JP*	-	582,400	44,800	26,880	654,080
Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph	-	314,600	24,200	14,520	353,320
Independent non-executive directors:					
Tong Kim Weng Kelly	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Ho Man Kai Anthony	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Wong Yun Kuen	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
	200,000	897,000	69,000	41,400	1,207,400
2009					
	Salaries, allowances and benefits		Discretionary bonuses (note iii)	Contributions to defined contribution plan	Total
	Fees	in kind			
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
	Executive directors:				
Lee Fong Lit David	-	-	-	-	-
Chow Pok Yu Augustine (note ii)	40,000	-	-	-	40,000
Lam Andy Siu Wing, JP*	-	555,100	64,050	25,620	644,770
Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph	-	252,800	34,500	11,490	298,790
Independent non-executive directors:					
Tong Kim Weng Kelly	40,000	-	-	-	40,000
Ho Man Kai Anthony	40,000	-	-	-	40,000
Wong Yun Kuen	40,000	-	-	-	40,000
	160,000	807,900	98,550	37,110	1,103,560

* Lam Andy Siu Wing, JP is re-designated as a non-executive director effective from 1st January, 2011.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

8. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(a) Details of directors' remuneration are as follows: (continued)

Note:

- (i) There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.
- (ii) In addition to the directors' remuneration disclosed above, Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine received emoluments from a related company, namely Harmony Asset Management Limited, which amounted to HK\$1,040,000 (2009: HK\$1,040,000), in respect of his services provided to the Company and its subsidiaries as mentioned in note 25(a).
- (iii) Discretionary bonuses are related to the performance of the Group and are determined by the Remuneration Committee.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include two (2009: two) directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 8(a) above. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2009: three) individuals during the year are as follows:

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Basic salaries, other allowances and benefits in kind	1,090,700	958,800
Discretionary bonuses	83,900	199,750
Contributions to defined contribution plan	50,340	47,940
	1,224,940	1,206,490

Note: The emoluments of the three (2009: three) individuals are within the band from nil to HK\$1,000,000.

9. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company includes a profit of HK\$33,129,638 (2009: HK\$91,986,522) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company amounting to HK\$35,274,924 (2009: HK\$84,954,963) and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 39,058,614 (2009: 39,024,093) in issue during the year.

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share for the year is the same as the basic earnings per share as the effect of the assumed conversion of the outstanding share options is anti-dilutive.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31st December, 2009 is based on the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company amounting to HK\$84,954,963 and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 39,063,878 calculated as follows:

	2009
<hr/>	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	39,024,093
Effect of deemed issue of shares under the Company's share option scheme	39,785
<hr/>	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	39,063,878
<hr/>	

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

11. DIVIDENDS

Dividends paid or payable to owners of the Company attributable to the year are as follows:

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Interim dividend paid – nil (2009: HK10 cents) per share	–	3,905,861
Proposed dividend – HK15 cents (2009: HK10 cents) per share (<i>note</i>)	5,858,792	3,905,861
	5,858,792	7,811,722

Note:

The Board of Directors has recommended a final dividend out of the distributable reserve of the Company of HK15 cents (2009: HK10 cents) per share in respect of the year ended 31st December, 2010 totalling not less than HK\$5,858,792 (2009: HK\$3,905,861) which is subject to approval of shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on 31st May, 2011 and compliance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands.

The dividend proposed after the end of reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Group				Total HK\$
	Leasehold improvements HK\$	Office equipment HK\$	Furniture and fixtures HK\$	Motor vehicle HK\$	
	Cost				
At 1st January, 2009	917,606	453,996	423,022	528,200	2,322,824
Addition	–	–	–	1,444,000	1,444,000
Disposal	–	–	–	(528,200)	(528,200)
At 31st December, 2009	917,606	453,996	423,022	1,444,000	3,238,624
Addition	–	11,560	–	–	11,560
At 31st December, 2010	917,606	465,556	423,022	1,444,000	3,250,184
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1st January, 2009	840,054	417,433	400,251	528,200	2,185,938
Provided for the year	40,753	14,400	12,438	48,133	115,724
Written back on disposal	–	–	–	(528,200)	(528,200)
At 31st December, 2009	880,807	431,833	412,689	48,133	1,773,462
Provided for the year	11,222	11,652	4,650	288,800	316,324
At 31st December, 2010	892,029	443,485	417,339	336,933	2,089,786
Carrying amount					
At 31st December, 2010	25,577	22,071	5,683	1,107,067	1,160,398
At 31st December, 2009	36,799	22,163	10,333	1,395,867	1,465,162

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	Company				Total HK\$
	Leasehold improvements HK\$	Office equipment HK\$	Furniture and fixtures HK\$	Motor vehicle HK\$	
Cost					
At 1st January, 2009	917,606	420,591	423,022	528,200	2,289,419
Addition	–	–	–	1,444,000	1,444,000
Disposal	–	–	–	(528,200)	(528,200)
At 31st December, 2009	917,606	420,591	423,022	1,444,000	3,205,219
Addition	–	11,560	–	–	11,560
At 31st December, 2010	917,606	432,151	423,022	1,444,000	3,216,779
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1st January, 2009	840,054	384,028	400,251	528,200	2,152,533
Provided for the year	40,753	14,400	12,438	48,133	115,724
Written back on disposal	–	–	–	(528,200)	(528,200)
At 31st December, 2009	880,807	398,428	412,689	48,133	1,740,057
Provided for the year	11,222	11,652	4,650	288,800	316,324
At 31st December, 2010	892,029	410,080	417,339	336,933	2,056,381
Carrying amount					
At 31st December, 2010	25,577	22,071	5,683	1,107,067	1,160,398
At 31st December, 2009	36,799	22,163	10,333	1,395,867	1,465,162

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

13. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Unlisted shares, at cost	16,718,596	16,718,596
Impairment losses on investments in subsidiaries	(16,718,580)	(16,718,580)
	16	16
Amounts due from subsidiaries (<i>note a</i>)	71,575,466	81,950,331
Allowance for impairment losses on amounts due from subsidiaries	(52,110,921)	(62,875,530)
	19,464,545	19,074,801
	19,464,561	19,074,817

The below table reconciled the allowance for impairment losses on amounts due from subsidiaries for the year.

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
At 1st January	62,875,530	75,094,568
Impairment loss recognised for the year	–	2,753,263
Reversal of impairment losses previously recognised	(10,764,609)	(14,972,301)
At 31st December	52,110,921	62,875,530

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

13. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Note:

- (a) The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and not expected to be realised within one year from the end of reporting period.
- (b) The following is a list of subsidiaries at 31st December, 2010:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital	Interest held
Plowright Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%*
IT Star Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%*
Powercell Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%
Quickrise Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%
Wingo Venture Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%
Datacom Venture Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%
Gwynneth Gold Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%
Goal Vision Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%
Techlink Venture Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%
IT Technology Centre Limited	Hong Kong	Inactive	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%

* Shares held directly by the Company

None of the subsidiaries issued any debt securities at the end of reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

14. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Unlisted equity securities (<i>note a</i>)	49,676,691	74,066,951	–	12,547,809
Equity securities listed outside Hong Kong	2,575,140	1,170,000	–	–
Unlisted convertible debt securities (<i>note b</i>)	–	14,477,542	–	14,477,542
Club debentures	2,950,000	2,950,000	2,950,000	2,950,000
Total available-for-sale financial assets, at fair value	55,201,831	92,664,493	2,950,000	29,975,351
Unlisted equity security, at cost (<i>notes a and c</i>)	5,000,000	–	5,000,000	–
Deposits for investments, at cost (<i>note d</i>)	–	18,190,000	–	18,190,000
	60,201,831	110,854,493	7,950,000	48,165,351
Market value of equity securities listed outside Hong Kong	2,575,140	1,170,000	–	–

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

14. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

Notes:

- (a) As at 31st December, 2010, details of major equity securities included in available-for-sale financial assets are as follows:

Name of investee company	Place of incorporation	Principal activities	As at 31st December	Proportion of investee's capital owned	Investment cost thereto HK\$'000	Fair value of investment HK\$'000	Dividend income received during the year HK\$'000	Dividend cover	Net assets (liabilities) attributable to the investment HK\$'000	Accumulated fair value gains (losses) on investment recognised in the financial statements HK\$'000	Accumulated impairment losses on investment recognised in the financial statements HK\$'000
Mainco Limited	British Virgin Islands	Manufacturing and trading of electrical wires	2010 2009	30% 30%	19,021 19,021	26,845 16,468	1,500 4,500	3.30 1.06	19,408 16,468	7,824 (2,553)	- -
Glory Wing International Limited [#] (note c)	British Virgin Islands	Exploitation and sale of mineral products	2010 2009	2.5% -	5,000 -	N/A -	- -	- -	(610) -	- -	- -
One.Tel Holding Limited	British Virgin Islands	Tele-communications	2010 2009	20% 20%	3,240 3,240	6,558 6,968	- -	- -	6,558 6,968	3,318 3,728	- -
Eastern Hero Investments Limited	Hong Kong	Real-estate development	2010 2009	10% -	1,145 -	6,256 -	- -	- -	6,256 -	5,111 -	- -

Unless otherwise specified, all investments are indirectly held by the Company through its subsidiaries.

[#] Directly held by the Company

The equity investments in the above companies with interests being held at 20% or more are not classified as investments in associates as the Group does not participate in their operations and has no significant influence over their management.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

14. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (b) The Group acquired convertible bonds (the “Kaisun Convertible Bonds”) issued by Kaisun Energy Group Limited (“Kaisun”) with principal amount of HK\$18,200,000 and 50,000,000 ordinary shares of Kaisun on 2nd September, 2009 at an aggregate consideration of HK\$50,000,000. Kaisun is a public limited company with its shares listed on the Growth Enterprise Market Board of the Stock Exchange. The Kaisun Convertible Bonds carry interest at 3.75% per annum with maturity on 10th June, 2013. The Group can exercise the conversion option at conversion price of HK\$0.7 per share at anytime until the maturity date.

The purchase consideration of HK\$50,000,000 to the extent of HK\$28,441,278 had been allocated to the Kaisun Convertible Bonds with the residual amount of HK\$21,558,722 allocated to the 50,000,000 ordinary shares of Kaisun. The Kaisun Convertible Bonds had been split between a debt component and an embedded derivative (i.e. conversion option). The Group designated the debt component of the Kaisun Convertible Bonds as available-for-sale financial assets. The embedded derivative is accounted for as derivative financial instrument. The initial carrying amount of the debt element of the Kaisun Convertible Bonds was the residual amount after separating the embedded derivative. The Group engaged an independent valuer, RHL Appraisal Limited, to assess the fair value of the debt component and the embedded derivative, which were determined in accordance with the discounted cash flows and Binomial Model respectively.

During the year, the Group had exercised in full the conversion option of the Kaisun Convertible Bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

14. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) (continued)

The movements of the fair values of the components of the Kaisun Convertible Bonds are set out below:

	Group and Company		
	Debt element HK\$	Conversion option element HK\$	Total HK\$
At the date of initial recognition			
on 2nd September, 2009	13,314,073	15,127,205	28,441,278
Change in fair value	1,163,469	3,009,809	4,173,278
As at 31st December, 2009	14,477,542	18,137,014	32,614,556
Change in fair value	385,515	1,611,762	1,997,277
Exercised during the year	(14,863,057)	(19,748,776)	(34,611,833)
As at 31st December, 2010	–	–	–

The fair value of the debt component was calculated based on the present value of contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the required yield, which was determined with reference to the credit rating of the issuer of the Kaisun Convertible Bonds and remaining time to maturity. The details of the fair value of the conversion option element are set out in note 19(a).

- (c) The directors consider the fair value of the investment cannot be reliably measured and therefore the investment is stated at cost less any impairment loss.
- (d) The deposits for investments were interest free and placed with the investee companies for conversion to respective unlisted equity interests.

During the year, the deposits for investments were converted into respective unlisted equity interests and loans and receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

15. LOANS AND RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Loans to investee companies (<i>note a</i>)	53,953,973	39,093,164	–	–
Convertible bonds issued by an investee company (<i>note b</i>)	5,543,256	–	5,543,256	–
Less: Allowance for impairment losses (<i>note c</i>)	(34,701,189)	(32,779,029)	–	–
	24,796,040	6,314,135	5,543,256	–

Notes:

- (a) The loans to investee companies are unsecured, interest free and not expected to be realised within one year from the end of reporting period. Imputed interest income of HK\$1,266,415 (2009: nil) on certain loans with carrying amount of HK\$15,361,515 (2009: nil) as at 31st December, 2010 had been recognised during the year. The effective interest rate per annum is 15% (2009: nil).
- (b) During the year, the Group subscribed for HK\$6,000,000 out of an aggregate principal amount of HK\$70,000,000 convertible bonds (the “Glory Wing Convertible Bonds”) issued by an investee company of the Group, Glory Wing International Limited (“Glory Wing”). The Glory Wing Convertible Bonds carry interest at 3% coupon rate per annum with date of maturity on 9th April, 2013 and are secured by the entire issued share capital of Glory Wing. The Glory Wing Convertible Bonds may be converted into shares of Glory Wing equal to 35% of its enlarged share capital after the conversion, of which approximately 3% is attributable to the Group. The Glory Wing Convertible Bonds may be converted into shares of Glory Wing at any time after the issue date but before the maturity date. The issuer shall have the right to redeem the Glory Wing Convertible Bonds at any time after the issue date but before the maturity date and on the maturity date at the redemption amount of 108% and 103% of outstanding principal with accrued interest respectively.

The investment in the Glory Wing Convertible Bonds has been split between a debt component and embedded derivative (i.e. conversion option). The Group accounted for the debt component as loan and receivable and the conversion option as derivative financial instrument (note 19(a)). The initial carrying amount of the conversion option of HK\$758,330 is the residual amount after separating the debt component of HK\$5,241,670 at initial recognition. The debt component is initially recognised at the sum of contractual stream of future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate of similar bonds without the conversion option, and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

15. LOANS AND RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (c) Movement of allowance for impairment losses:

	Group	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Balance at 1st January	32,779,029	61,093,720
Impairment losses recognised	1,922,160	14,729,472
Recovery of impairment loss previously recognised	–	(54,000)
Written off	–	(42,990,163)
Balance at 31st December	34,701,189	32,779,029

The Group recognised impairment loss on individual assessment of loans and receivables based on the accounting policy stated in note 4(f).

- (d) The loans and receivables after impairment losses can be analysed as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Balances neither past due nor impaired (note i)	22,765,739	3,756,868	5,543,256	–
Balances not past due but impaired (note ii)	2,030,301	2,557,267	–	–
	24,796,040	6,314,135	5,543,256	–

Notes:

- (i) At the end of reporting period, there are no events of default in repayment of these loans which relate to a number of loans made to investees. The directors consider the investees should be able to meet their obligations to repay the debts taking into account their financial position and business prospect.
- (ii) At the end of reporting period, the Group takes into consideration the likelihood of collection and the financial position of the investees. Specific allowance is made for loans that are unlikely to be collected and is recognised based on the estimation of the present value of the future cash flows expected to be received by the Group discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

16. DEFERRED TAX (ASSETS) LIABILITIES

The movements in the deferred tax (assets) liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	Net unrealised gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss HK\$	Allowance for impairment losses on accounts receivable HK\$	Total	Net unrealised gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss HK\$
At 1st January, 2009	3,049,200	(397,458)	2,651,742	-
(Credit) charge to profit or loss	(635,252)	397,458	(237,794)	2,413,948
At 31st December, 2009	2,413,948	-	2,413,948	2,413,948
(Credit) charge to profit or loss	(6,416,320)	-	(6,416,320)	(6,416,320)
At 31st December, 2010	(4,002,372)	-	(4,002,372)	(4,002,372)

At the end of reporting period, the Group had estimated unutilised tax losses of HK\$4,779,640 (2009: HK\$6,390,548) available for offsetting against future assessable profits. However, no deferred tax assets in respect of the tax losses had been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses can be carried forward indefinitely. The decrease in tax losses during the year is mainly due to cessation of business of a subsidiary.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

17. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND PREPAYMENTS

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Accounts receivable	1,907,250	1,000	1,000	1,000
Loans receivable, secured (<i>note a</i>)	16,666,666	15,000,000	16,666,666	15,000,000
Interests receivable	824,127	792,808	824,127	792,808
Other receivables	3,616,236	1,252,668	3,616,236	1,242,667
Receivables after allowance for impairment losses	23,014,279	17,046,476	21,108,029	17,036,475
Deposits	1,511,689	606,883	1,511,321	606,833
Prepayments	563,581	157,106	149,100	149,100
	25,089,549	17,810,465	22,768,450	17,792,408

Notes:

- (a) As at 31st December, 2010, loan receivable of HK\$6,666,666 was secured by a borrower's certain listed equity securities with fair value of approximately HK\$32,700,000. The loan carried interest at annual fixed rate of 19% and was repayable on 15th December, 2010. Subsequent to the end of reporting period, the loan was repaid in full.

Another loan receivable of HK\$10,000,000 was secured by a guarantor's certain listed equity securities with fair value of approximately HK\$15,600,000. The loan carried interest at annual fixed rate of 26.6% and was repayable on 31st December, 2010. Subsequent to the end of reporting period, HK\$3,000,000 had been repaid. The directors consider that the remaining loan balance should be fully recoverable.

As at 31st December, 2009, the loan was secured by a guarantor's certain equity investments. The loan carried interest at annual fixed rate of 25% and was repayable on 11th January, 2010. The loan was fully repaid in January, 2010.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

17. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (b) The ageing analysis of the receivables (after allowance for impairment losses) based on due date is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Balances neither past due nor impaired Current (note c)	5,575,928	17,046,476	3,669,678	17,036,475
Balances past due between 1 to 180 days but not impaired (note d)	17,438,351	–	17,438,351	–
Balances not impaired and receivables after allowance for impairment losses	23,014,279	17,046,476	21,108,029	17,036,475

- (c) The balances that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a number of borrowers for whom there was no recent history of default.
- (d) The balances that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of borrowers. Based on the assessment of these borrowers' financial position and circumstances, the directors consider that the receivables should be fully recoverable.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

17. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(e) The below table reconciled the allowance for impairment losses on receivables for the year.

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
At 1st January	4,896,909	2,578,519	3,294,939	–
Impairment losses recognised for the year	–	18,807,483	–	3,910,139
Recovery of impairment loss	(113,999)	(8,000,000)	–	–
Bad debts written off against the corresponding receivables	–	(8,489,093)	–	(615,200)
At 31st December	4,782,910	4,896,909	3,294,939	3,294,939

18. TRADING SECURITIES

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Current assets:				
Equity securities held for trading at market value				
– Listed in Hong Kong	53,415,100	29,186,839	53,415,100	29,186,839
– Listed outside Hong Kong	12,541,202	15,743,463	10,050,982	11,796,240
	65,956,302	44,930,302	63,466,082	40,983,079

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

18. TRADING SECURITIES (continued)

Listed equity securities

As at 31st December, 2010, details of major listed equity securities are as follows:

Name of investee company	Place of incorporation	As at 31st December	Proportion of investee's capital owned	Cost HK\$'000	Market value HK\$'000	Dividend income received during the year HK\$'000	Dividend cover	Net assets attributable to the investment HK\$'000	Accumulated fair value gains (losses) on investment recognised in the financial statements HK\$'000
Listed in									
Hong Kong:									
Kaisun Energy Group Limited ("Kaisun") (note i)	Cayman Islands	2010 2009	0.90% 1.44%	24,817 11,211	9,354 23,660	- -	- -	22,095 9,601	(15,463) 12,449
Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing Limited ("HKEx") (note ii)	Hong Kong	2010 2009	0.01% -	16,214 -	15,867 -	125 -	1.63 -	602 -	(347) -
Standard Chartered PLC ("SCB") (note iii)	England	2010 2009	0.001% -	7,047 -	6,354 -	54 -	4.43 -	3,383 -	(693) -
Hang Seng Bank Limited ("HSB") (note iv)	Hong Kong	2010 2009	0.004% -	7,352 -	8,690 -	300 -	2.07 -	2,284 -	1,338 -
Upbest Group Limited ("Upbest") (note v)	Cayman Islands	2010 2009	0.30% 0.30%	1,249 1,249	3,960 4,120	80 139	3.55 2.57	3,292 3,091	2,711 2,871
Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited ("Kingdee") (note vi)	Cayman Islands	2010 2009	0.07% -	5,910 -	5,930 -	- -	- -	982 -	20 -
Listed outside									
Hong Kong:									
Sage Gold Inc ("Sage Gold") (note vii)	Ontario	2010 2009	7.25% -	3,693 -	3,775 -	- -	- -	8,973 -	82 -

All of the above investments are directly held by the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

18. TRADING SECURITIES (continued)

Listed equity securities (continued)

Notes:

- (i) Kaisun is engaged in the mining, sales and processing of coking coal in the People's Republic of China.
- (ii) HKEx owns and operates the stock exchange and futures exchange in Hong Kong and their related clearing houses.
- (iii) SCB is engaged in the business of retail and commercial banking, and the provision of other financial services.
- (iv) HSB is engaged in the provision of banking and related financial services.
- (v) Upbest is principally engaged in securities broking, futures broking, securities margin financing, money lending, corporate finance advisory, assets management, precious metal trading and property investment.
- (vi) Kingdee is a software company in the People's Republic of China specialising in delivering enterprise management software and middleware in the Asia Pacific region. It also provides online management and e-commerce services.
- (vii) Sage Gold is a Canada-based company engaged in the business of acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties.

The above information is based on the latest published financial statements and information of the investees.

19. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	Group and Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Conversion option embedded in convertible bonds (<i>note a</i>)	758,330	18,137,014
Investment in warrants (<i>note b</i>)	–	3,185,721
	758,330	21,322,735

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

19. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Notes:

- (a) As at 31st December, 2010, conversion option embedded in convertible bonds represented the conversion option element of the Glory Wing Convertible Bonds as mentioned in note 15(b). As the conversion option embedded in the Glory Wing Convertible Bonds is linked to and must be settled by delivery of Glory Wing's shares whose fair value cannot be reliably measured as mentioned in note 14(c), it is measured at cost less any impairment loss.

As at 31st December, 2009, conversion option embedded in convertible bonds represented the conversion option element of the Kaisun Convertible Bonds. As mentioned in note 14(b), the Group acquired the Kaisun Convertible Bonds in 2009. HK\$15,127,205 was recognised as conversion option embedded in the Kaisun Convertible Bonds upon the acquisition which was measured at fair value at initial recognition and changes in fair value were directly recognised in profit or loss in subsequent period.

Binomial model was used for valuation of the conversion option embedded in the Kaisun Convertible Bonds. The inputs into the model of the Kaisun Convertible Bonds as at date of acquisition and as at 31st December, 2009 were as follows:

	At date of acquisition of	
	2nd September, 2009	31st December, 2009
Stock price	HK\$0.79	HK\$0.9
Conversion price	HK\$0.7	HK\$0.7
Volatility	78.564%	82.825%
Dividend yield	–	–
Option life (years)	3.773	3.444
Risk free rate	1.310%	3.108%

Volatility of the stock price was estimated by the average annualised standard deviations of the continuously compounded rates of return on the stock price of Kaisun.

Net gain on the conversion option embedded in the Kaisun Convertible Bonds of HK\$1,611,762 (2009: HK\$3,009,809) had been recognised in profit or loss. The conversion option had been exercised during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

19. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (b) In 2009, the Group acquired 2,000,000 units of warrants (the “Warrants”) issued by Champion Minerals Inc. (“Champion”) and 2,000,000 ordinary shares of Champion on 14th September, 2009 at an aggregate consideration of CAD500,000. Champion is a public limited company with its shares listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange Venture. Each of the Warrants entitled the holder to purchase one ordinary share of Champion at a price of CAD0.5 per share at any time on or before 14th March, 2011. If the average closing price of the ordinary shares of Champion is over CAD0.75 for a period of 20 consecutive business days (commencing from the expiry of the lock-up period on 15th January, 2010), the Warrants must be exercised within ten business days of receiving written notice from Champion or they are to be terminated. All ordinary shares resulted from the exercise of the Warrants were not permitted to be traded before 15th January, 2010.

The Group had engaged an independent valuer, RHL Appraisal Limited, to assess the fair value of the Warrants.

Trinomial model was used for valuation of the Warrants. The inputs into the model of the Warrants as at date of acquisition and as at 31st December, 2009 were as follows:

	At date of acquisition of	
	14th September, 2009	31st December, 2009
Stock price	CAD0.27	CAD0.65
Exercise price	CAD0.5	CAD0.5
Volatility	105.18%	109.41%
Dividend yield	–	–
Warrant life (years)	1.50	1.20
Risk free rate	0.891%	0.899%

Net gain on the Warrants of HK\$5,379,951 (2009: HK\$2,365,508) had been recognised in profit or loss. The Warrants had been exercised during the year.

20. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Accruals and other payables	6,652,308	1,133,352	5,891,944	878,717
Unclaimed dividend payable	157,292	116,604	157,292	116,604
	6,809,600	1,249,956	6,049,236	995,321

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

20. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS (continued)

The aging analysis of accounts payable is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Current	6,735,070	1,175,426	5,974,706	920,791
Over 1 year	74,530	74,530	74,530	74,530
	6,809,600	1,249,956	6,049,236	995,321

21. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Amount HK\$
Authorised:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each at 1st January, 2009, 31st December, 2009, and 31st December, 2010	100,000,000	100,000,000
Issued and fully paid:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each at 1st January, 2009	39,002,614	39,002,615
Issue of shares of HK\$1 each during the year (<i>note a</i>)	56,000	56,000
Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each at 31st December, 2009 and 2010	39,058,614	39,058,615

Notes:

(a) **Exercise of share options**

On 14th August, 2009, certain directors of the Company exercised 56,000 share options granted at exercise price of HK\$4.29 per share which resulted in 56,000 new shares of HK\$1 each issued by the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

21. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) Share option scheme

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the “Share Option Scheme”) at its annual general meeting held on 28th June, 2005. The purposes of the Share Option Scheme are to provide participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company and to encourage participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

All directors (including executive directors, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries and consultants, advisors, agents, customers, service providers, contractors, business partners of any member of the Group or any member of it has a shareholding interest, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed to the Group or any member of it are eligible to participate in the Share Option Scheme.

The total number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not in aggregate exceed 3,900,261 shares of the Company, being approximately 10% of the issued shares of the Company at the date of refreshment of mandate limit of the Share Option Scheme at the annual general meeting held on 27th May, 2009.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted to each eligible participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company in any twelve-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued shares of the Company. Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective associates, would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any twelve-month period up to the date of grant should not exceed 0.1% of the issued shares of the Company or an aggregate value of HK\$5,000,000.

An option may be exercised at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not be more than ten years from the date of grant of the option subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

Unless otherwise determined by the Board at its sole discretion, the Share Option Scheme does not require a minimum period for which an option must be held nor a performance target which must be achieved before an option can be exercised.

Upon acceptance of the options, the grantee shall pay HK\$1 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

21. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) Share option scheme (continued)

The subscription price for the shares of the Company (the subject of an option) shall be no less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company on the date of grant. The subscription price will be determined by the Board at the time the option is offered to the relevant participant.

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years from 28th June, 2005.

No share options were granted by the Company during the years ended 31st December, 2010 and 2009.

Details of the share options granted, lapsed and exercised under the Share Option Scheme during the years ended 31st December, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Date of grant	Exercise period	Number of options		Exercise price HK\$	
			Outstanding as at 1st January, 2010	Lapsed during the year		
2010						
Director						
Lee Fong Lit David	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	(28,000)	-	4.29
Chow Pok Yu Augustine	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	(28,000)	-	4.29
Lam Andy Siu Wing, JP	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	292,000	(292,000)	-	4.29
Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	(28,000)	-	4.29
Tong Kim Weng Kelly	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	(28,000)	-	4.29
Sub-total			404,000	(404,000)	-	
Other employees						
in aggregate	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	584,000	(584,000)	-	4.29
	18/8/2008	18/8/2008-17/8/2011	522,047	-	522,047	5.10
Sub-total			1,106,047	(584,000)	522,047	
Grand-total			1,510,047	(988,000)	522,047	

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

21. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) Share option scheme (continued)

2009	Date of grant	Exercise period	Number of options			Outstanding as at 31st December, 2009	Exercise price HK\$	Share price at exercise date of 14th August, 2009 HK\$
			Outstanding as at 1st January, 2009	Lapsed during the year	Exercised during the year			
Director								
Lee Fong Lit David	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	-	-	28,000	4.29	
Chow Pok Yu Augustine	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	-	-	28,000	4.29	
Lam Andy Siu Wing, JP	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	292,000	-	-	292,000	4.29	
Chan Shuen Chuen Joseph	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	-	-	28,000	4.29	
Tong Kim Weng Kelly	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	-	-	28,000	4.29	
Ho Man Kai Anthony	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	-	(28,000)	-	4.29	4.94
Wong Yun Kuen	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	28,000	-	(28,000)	-	4.29	4.94
Sub-total			460,000	-	(56,000)	404,000		
Other employees in aggregate								
	30/4/2007	30/4/2007-29/4/2010	584,000	-	-	584,000	4.29	
	18/8/2008	18/8/2008-17/8/2011	522,047	-	-	522,047	5.10	
Sub-total			1,106,047	-	-	1,106,047		
Other parties								
Maison Placements Canada Inc.	18/6/2007	18/6/2007-17/6/2009	290,000	(290,000)	-	-	6.03	
CanCap Advisory Services Ltd	18/8/2008	18/8/2008-17/8/2011*	50,000	(50,000)	-	-	5.10	
			340,000	(340,000)	-	-		
Grand-total			1,906,047	(340,000)	(56,000)	1,510,047		

* The lapse of the share options was due to the termination of service contract with the Company during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

21. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(c) Capital management

The Company's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. It is the Company's policy to finance its operations merely by internal funding and raising capital from shareholders. Therefore, the Group has no or insignificant borrowings. No changes were made in the objectives or policies during the year.

22. RESERVES

	Group					Total HK\$
	Share premium HK\$	Fair value reserve HK\$	Share option reserve HK\$	Proposed dividend HK\$	Retained profits (accumulated losses) HK\$	
At 1st January, 2010	162,768,326	18,310,881	1,034,156	3,905,861	52,422,755	238,441,979
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	35,274,924	35,274,924
Gains on fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets recognised in equity	-	2,404,173	-	-	-	2,404,173
Transfer to profit or loss upon disposals of available-for-sale financial assets	-	(13,555,482)	-	-	-	(13,555,482)
Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets recognised in profit or loss	-	11,571,164	-	-	-	11,571,164
Transfer to retained profits upon lapse of share options	-	-	(721,116)	-	721,116	-
Dividend paid	-	-	-	(3,905,861)	-	(3,905,861)
Proposed dividend (note 11)	-	-	-	5,858,792	(5,858,792)	-
At 31st December, 2010	162,768,326	18,730,736	313,040	5,858,792	82,560,003	270,230,897

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

22. RESERVES (continued)

	Group					Total HK\$
	Share premium HK\$	Fair value reserve HK\$	Share option reserve HK\$	Proposed dividend HK\$	Retained profits (accumulated losses) HK\$	
At 1st January, 2009	170,354,945	5,641,393	1,350,000	–	(32,807,189)	144,539,149
Profit for the year	–	–	–	–	84,954,963	84,954,963
Gains on fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets recognised in equity	–	12,891,490	–	–	–	12,891,490
Transfer to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	–	(222,002)	–	–	–	(222,002)
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	225,103	–	(40,863)	–	–	184,240
Transfer to retained profits upon lapse of share options	–	–	(274,981)	–	274,981	–
Interim dividend paid (<i>note 11</i>)	(3,905,861)	–	–	–	–	(3,905,861)
Proposed dividend (<i>note 11</i>)	(3,905,861)	–	–	3,905,861	–	–
At 31st December, 2009	162,768,326	18,310,881	1,034,156	3,905,861	52,422,755	238,441,979

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

22. RESERVES (continued)

	Company					
	Share premium	Fair value reserve	Share option reserve	Proposed dividend	Retained profits (accumulated losses)	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
At 1st January, 2010	162,768,326	7,929,918	1,034,156	3,905,861	12,987,785	188,626,046
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	33,129,638	33,129,638
Losses on fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets recognised in equity	-	(12,162,293)	-	-	-	(12,162,293)
Transfer to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	-	(1,548,985)	-	-	-	(1,548,985)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets recognised in profit or loss	-	7,500,000	-	-	-	7,500,000
Transfer to retained profits upon lapse of share options	-	-	(721,116)	-	721,116	-
Dividend paid	-	-	-	(3,905,861)	-	(3,905,861)
Proposed dividend (<i>note 11</i>)	-	-	-	5,858,792	(5,858,792)	-
At 31st December, 2010	162,768,326	1,718,640	313,040	5,858,792	40,979,747	211,638,545

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

22. RESERVES (continued)

	Company					Total HK\$
	Share premium HK\$	Fair value reserve HK\$	Share option reserve HK\$	Proposed dividend HK\$	Retained profits (accumulated losses) HK\$	
At 1st January, 2009	170,354,945	1,268,640	1,350,000	-	(79,273,718)	93,699,867
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	91,986,522	91,986,522
Gains on fair value changes on available-for-sale financial assets recognised in equity	-	6,661,278	-	-	-	6,661,278
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	225,103	-	(40,863)	-	-	184,240
Transfer of retained profits upon lapse of share options	-	-	(274,981)	-	274,981	-
Interim dividend paid (<i>note 11</i>)	(3,905,861)	-	-	-	-	(3,905,861)
Proposed dividend (<i>note 11</i>)	(3,905,861)	-	-	3,905,861	-	-
At 31st December, 2009	162,768,326	7,929,918	1,034,156	3,905,861	12,987,785	188,626,046

The nature and purpose of the reserves are as follows:

Share premium represents the amount by which the issue price of shares exceeds the par value of those shares and is distributable to shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Fair value reserve represents the cumulative net change in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets held at the end of reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies in note 4(f).

Share option reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Company and other parties recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in note 4(l)(ii).

23. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

The calculation of net asset value per share is based on the Group's net assets of HK\$309,289,512 (2009: HK\$277,500,594) divided by the Company's 39,058,614 (2009: 39,058,614) ordinary shares in issue as at 31st December, 2010.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

24. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations:

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Operating activities		
Profit before income tax	33,449,229	99,507,864
Interest income	(7,176,790)	(1,314,810)
Dividend income from available-for-sale financial assets	(32,896,453)	(4,636,000)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	316,324	115,724
Fair value changes on trading securities	17,413,882	(21,695,001)
Fair value changes on derivative financial instruments	–	(5,375,317)
Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets:		
– equity investments	11,571,164	–
– deposits on investments written off	244,458	600,000
Gain on disposals of available-for-sale financial assets	(13,555,482)	–
Reversal of impairment loss upon disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	–	(222,002)
Impairment losses on loans and receivables	1,922,160	14,729,472
Impairment losses on accounts receivable	–	18,807,483
Recovery of impairment loss on loans and receivables previously recognised	–	(54,000)
Recovery of impairment loss on accounts receivables	(113,999)	(8,000,000)
Gain on disposal of an associate	–	(100,000)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	–	(10,000)
Profit before working capital changes	11,174,493	92,353,413
(Increase) decrease in trading securities	(23,576,825)	49,661,328
Decrease (increase) in derivative financial instruments	21,322,735	(15,947,418)
Increase in accounts receivable and prepayments	(7,279,084)	(8,144,829)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accruals	5,518,956	(578,773)
(Decrease) increase in amount due to a related company	(2,100,779)	6,028,948
Cash generated from operations	5,059,496	123,372,669

Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31st December, 2010, additions to loans and receivables and unlisted equity securities included HK\$14,095,100 and HK\$4,094,900, respectively, which were transferred from deposits for investments (note 14).

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) The Company has entered into an investment management agreement with Harmony Asset Management Limited (“HAML”), a company which is wholly-owned by a director of the Company, Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine. Under the investment management agreement together with a supplemental agreement entered into between the Company and HAML on 17th May, 2007 (the “Original Investment Management Agreement”), HAML has agreed to assist the Board with the day-to-day management of the Group for three years until 31st May, 2010.

On 8th April, 2010, the Company entered into a new investment management agreement (the “New Investment Management Agreement”) with HAML as detailed in the circular dated on 29th April, 2010 where by HAML has agreed to provide the management service for additional three years until 31st May, 2013. In accordance with the New Investment Management Agreement, HAML is entitled to a monthly management fee calculated at 1.5% per annum on the net asset value of the Group of the preceding month and an incentive fee calculated at 10% of the audited net profit of a financial year (before accrual of the incentive fee) subject to an aggregate cap of HK\$9,057,158 for the period from 1st June, 2010 to 31st December, 2010.

The calculations of monthly management fees and incentive fee in accordance with the Original Investment Management Agreement, which expired on 31st May, 2010, were same as the New Investment Management Agreement while the caps of the management fees and the incentive fee under the Original Investment Management Agreement for the five months ended 31st May, 2010 were HK\$4,042,670 and HK\$2,729,170 respectively.

Dr. Chow Pok Yu Augustine, being a beneficial shareholder of HAML, is interested in these agreements during the years ended 31st December, 2010 and 2009. The management fees and incentive fee paid and payable to HAML are as follows:

	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Management fees	4,417,468	3,473,236
Incentive fee	3,928,169	6,028,948
	8,345,637	9,502,184

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) (continued)

In the opinion of the Company's independent non-executive directors, the transactions have been entered into on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company. The independent non-executive directors also consider that the transactions are conducted in accordance with the terms of the Original Investment Management Agreement and the New Investment Management Agreement that are fair and reasonable, and in the interests of the Company's shareholders as a whole.

The above transactions are continuing connected transactions, in respect of which the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

- (b) Remuneration of key management personnel of the Group representing amounts paid to the Company's directors is disclosed in note 8(a).
- (c) The amount due to a related company as at 31st December, 2010 and 2009 represents incentive fee payable to HAML which is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

26. OPERATING LEASES

The Group leases an office under operating leases. The leases typically run from an initial period of three years, with an option to renew the lease after that date at which time all terms are renegotiated.

At 31st December, 2010, the Group and the Company had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings as follows:

	Group and Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Within one year	2,497,796	615,230
In the second to fifth years inclusive	5,554,224	–
	8,052,020	615,230

27. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	Group and Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Commitments for leasehold improvements		
Contracted but not provided for	883,384	–

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's and the Company's financial instruments as at 31st December, 2010 and 2009 are categorised as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Available-for-sale financial assets	60,201,831	110,854,493	7,950,000	48,165,351
Loans and receivables				
Amounts due from subsidiaries	–	–	19,464,545	19,074,801
Loans and receivables	24,796,040	6,314,135	5,543,256	–
Accounts receivable	23,014,279	17,046,476	21,108,029	17,036,475
Bank balances and cash	141,083,888	98,065,356	138,378,807	97,806,340
	188,894,207	121,425,967	184,494,637	133,917,616
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Trading securities	65,956,302	44,930,302	63,466,082	40,983,079
Derivative financial instruments	758,330	21,322,735	758,330	21,322,735
	66,714,632	66,253,037	64,224,412	62,305,814
Total financial assets	315,810,670	298,533,497	256,669,049	244,388,781
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Accounts payable and accruals	6,809,600	1,249,956	6,049,236	995,321
Amount due to a related company	3,928,169	6,028,948	3,928,169	6,028,948
Total financial liabilities	10,737,769	7,278,904	9,977,405	7,024,269

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The board of directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

(i) Market risk

– Foreign exchange risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the exchange rate of Hong Kong ("HK") dollar against Canadian dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.

As substantial amount of the Group and the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in HK dollar, the directors consider that the Group's foreign exchange risk is merely limited to the carrying amount of those bank balances and cash, accounts and other receivables, trading securities and derivative financial instruments denominated in Canadian dollar. Their carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Accounts and other receivables	5,470,364	–	3,564,114	–
Trading securities	10,050,982	11,796,240	10,050,982	11,796,240
Derivative financial instruments	–	3,185,721	–	3,185,721
Bank balances and cash	23,019,050	808,887	23,019,050	808,887
	38,540,396	15,790,848	36,634,146	15,790,848

The Group does not use any derivative contracts to hedge foreign exchange exposure. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(i) Market risk (continued)

– Foreign exchange risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following sensitivity analysis on foreign exchange risk only represents the aforementioned financial assets that are denominated in Canadian dollar. The following table indicates the approximate effect on the profit after tax in the next accounting period at one year after the end of reporting period in response to reasonably possible changes in an exchange rate to which the Group and the Company has significant exposure at the end of reporting period.

	Group		Company	
	2010 Effect on profit after tax HK\$	2009 Effect on profit after tax HK\$	2010 Effect on profit after tax HK\$	2009 Effect on profit after tax HK\$
CAD to HK\$:				
Appreciates by 6% (2009: 6%)	2,312,423	947,451	2,198,048	947,451
Depreciates by 6% (2009: 6%)	(2,312,423)	(947,451)	(2,198,048)	(947,451)

– Price risk

The Group is exposed to price risk of equity securities which are classified on the Group and the Company's statements of financial positions either as available-for-sale financial assets or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about their future prices. Such risk is managed through diversification of investment portfolio.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(i) Market risk (continued)

– Price risk (continued)

The sensitivity analysis on equity price risk represents the Group and the Company's financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss which fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in their corresponding or underlying asset's equity price. The below analysis in respect of those financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at the end of reporting period is estimated based on the historical correlation (one year is used by the Company) between Hang Seng Index, Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") Index and Toronto Stock Exchange Venture ("TSX Venture") Composite Index and the respective stock prices assuming all other variables remain constant.

	Group and Company	
	2010 Effect on profit after tax HK\$	2009 Effect on profit after tax HK\$
Hang Seng Index		
Increase by 20% (2009: 20%)	5,768,000	276,000
Decrease by 20% (2009: 20%)	(5,768,000)	(276,000)
GEM Index		
Increase by 25% (2009: 25%)	1,116,000	4,904,000
Decrease by 25% (2009: 25%)	(1,116,000)	(4,904,000)
TSX Venture Composite Index		
Increase by 25% (2009: 25%)	3,611,000	786,000
Decrease by 25% (2009: 25%)	(3,611,000)	(786,000)

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(i) Market risk (continued)

– Price risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis on equity price of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss listed in overseas stock exchanges other than TSX Venture has not been presented as the reasonably possible changes in their prices will have insignificant impact on the financial statements.

As mentioned in note 4(f), the directors estimate the fair value of those available-for-sale equity instruments which are not traded in an active market by analysis of respective investee's circumstances on case by case basis. Majority of these investments' fair value have been estimated by the directors based on unobservable market data. Accordingly, the directors consider it is not meaningful to present sensitivity analysis resulted from reasonably possible changes in prices of these investments.

– Interest rate risk

The Group's fair value interest rate risk from financial assets merely arises from the loans and receivables as shown in note 15 which are not expected to be demanded by the Group for repayment within one year. As the Group has the right to demand repayment of substantial amount of the loans and receivables, which have no fixed repayment terms, as necessary, the directors consider the exposure of fair value interest rate risk from these loans and receivables is insignificant.

The Group and the Company also expose to interest rate risk from bank balances and cash, and accounts receivable as shown in note 17. The directors consider the fair value interest rate risk from accounts receivable and bank balances and cash is insignificant due to their short maturity. Moreover, a reasonably possible change in interest rate will not have material impact on the Group and the Company's profit or equity.

The Group does not use any derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk. However, management will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(ii) Credit risk

Counter parties and cash transactions are limited to those debtors, borrowers and investees considered by directors having a good credit standing and business prospect. The Group and the Company regard the maximum credit risk exposure limited to the carrying amounts of the “loans and receivables” shown in note 28(a) as at 31st December, 2010.

The bank balances and cash are placed with financial institutions that have a high credit rating and therefore the Group considers the credit risk on bank deposits to be insignificant.

The Group and the Company have concentration of credit risk as the Group’s loans to its five (2009: five) investees account for 94% (2009: 81%) of the total carrying amount of the loans and receivables as at 31st December, 2010. The Group’s and Company’s loan to one of its borrowers accounts for 66% (2009: 88%) and 73% (2009: 88%) of the Group’s and Company’s total carrying amount of accounts receivable respectively. Taking into account the financial position and business prospect of these investees and borrowers, the directors consider the borrowers should be able to meet their obligations to repay the debts (after impairment loss recognised by the Group). As the aforementioned borrowers are the Group’s investees or potential investees, the Group is in a better position to assess the recoverability of the loans, recognise adequate impairment losses and enforce the repayment of loans. In this regard, the directors consider the exposure from concentration of credit risk is reduced to an acceptable level.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk the Group is unable to meet its current obligations when they fall due.

Management of the Group aims to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents or have available funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet its investment commitments and daily operation.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group and the Company's financial liabilities approximate the aggregate carrying amount of the accounts payable and accruals and amount due to a related company as shown in note 28(a) which are payable within one year, as the impact of discounting is insignificant.

(b) Fair value estimation

Effective from 1st January, 2009, the Group adopted the amendment to IFRS 7 for financial instruments that are measured in the statement of financial position at fair value. This requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Fair value estimation (continued)

The following table presents the Group's and Company's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31st December, 2010.

	Group			
	2010			
	Level 1 HK\$	Level 2 HK\$	Level 3 HK\$	Total HK\$
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Unlisted equity securities at fair value	–	–	49,676,691	49,676,691
Equity securities listed outside Hong Kong at fair value	–	2,575,140	–	2,575,140
Club debentures	–	2,950,000	–	2,950,000
	–	5,525,140	49,676,691	55,201,831
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities held for trading at market value listed in Hong Kong	53,415,100	–	–	53,415,100
Equity securities held for trading at market value listed outside Hong Kong	12,541,202	–	–	12,541,202
	65,956,302	–	–	65,956,302
Total financial assets at fair value	65,956,302	5,525,140	49,676,691	121,158,133

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Fair value estimation (continued)

	Group			
	2009			
	Level 1 HK\$	Level 2 HK\$	Level 3 HK\$	Total HK\$
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Unlisted equity securities at fair value	–	–	74,066,951	74,066,951
Equity securities listed outside				
Hong Kong at fair value	–	1,170,000	–	1,170,000
Unlisted convertible debt securities	–	14,477,542	–	14,477,542
Club debentures	–	2,950,000	–	2,950,000
	–	18,597,542	74,066,951	92,664,493
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities held for trading				
at market value listed in Hong Kong	29,186,839	–	–	29,186,839
Equity securities held for trading				
at market value listed outside				
Hong Kong	15,743,463	–	–	15,743,463
Conversion options embedded in				
convertible bonds	–	18,137,014	–	18,137,014
Investment in warrants	–	3,185,721	–	3,185,721
	44,930,302	21,322,735	–	66,253,037
Total financial assets at fair value	44,930,302	39,920,277	74,066,951	158,917,530

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Fair value estimation (continued)

	Company			
	2010			
	Level 1 HK\$	Level 2 HK\$	Level 3 HK\$	Total HK\$
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Club debentures	–	2,950,000	–	2,950,000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities held for trading at market value listed in Hong Kong	53,415,100	–	–	53,415,100
Equity securities held for trading at market value listed outside Hong Kong	10,050,982	–	–	10,050,982
	63,466,082	–	–	63,466,082
Total financial assets at fair value	63,466,082	2,950,000	–	66,416,082

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Fair value estimation (continued)

	Company			
	2009			
	Level 1 HK\$	Level 2 HK\$	Level 3 HK\$	Total HK\$
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Unlisted equity securities at fair value	–	–	12,547,809	12,547,809
Unlisted convertible debt securities	–	14,477,542	–	14,477,542
Club debentures	–	2,950,000	–	2,950,000
	–	17,427,542	12,547,809	29,975,351
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities held for trading at market value listed in Hong Kong	29,186,839	–	–	29,186,839
Equity securities held for trading at market value listed outside Hong Kong	11,796,240	–	–	11,796,240
Conversion options embedded in convertible bonds	–	18,137,014	–	18,137,014
Investment in warrants	–	3,185,721	–	3,185,721
	40,983,079	21,322,735	–	62,305,814
Total financial assets at fair value	40,983,079	38,750,277	12,547,809	92,281,165

There have been no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Fair value estimation (continued)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments of the Group and the Company during the year.

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
At 1st January	74,066,951	63,242,932	12,547,809	7,500,000
Gains on fair value changes transferred to profit or loss upon disposals	(12,006,497)	(222,002)	(1)	–
Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets recognised in profit or loss	11,571,164	–	–	–
Gains (losses) on fair value changes recognised in other comprehensive income	613,518	11,044,021	(12,547,808)	5,047,809
Transfer from deposits to investments	4,094,900	–	–	–
Purchases	–	780,000	–	–
Disposals	(28,663,345)	(778,000)	–	–
At 31st December	49,676,691	74,066,951	–	12,547,809

There have been no transfers into or out of level 3 during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Fair value estimation (continued)

The amount of total gains or losses for the year included in profit or loss and other comprehensive income that are attributable to gains or losses relating to those level 3 financial assets held at the end of reporting period are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
Net gain (loss) for the year on available-for-sale financial assets held at the end of reporting period recognised in:				
– profit or loss	(1,682,245)	–	–	–
– other comprehensive income	18,338,315	10,302,871	–	5,047,809
	16,656,070	10,302,871	–	5,047,809

For level 3 financial assets, changing one or more of the inputs to reasonably possible alternative assumptions would not change their fair values significantly at the end of reporting period.

The directors consider all the financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are carried at amounts in the statements of financial position not materially different from their fair values except for the unlisted equity securities of Glory Wing and the conversion option embedded in the Glory Wing Convertible Bonds of which their fair values cannot be reliably measured.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

29. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(a) Fair value of unlisted equity investments

As described in note 4(f), the directors use their judgement in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for equity investments not quoted in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied as appropriate.

The fair value of the Group's unlisted equity investments with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$49,676,691 (2009: HK\$74,066,951) as shown in note 14 are estimated based upon an analysis of respective investee's financial position and results, risk profile, nature of business, prospects, other factors and assumptions not supported by observable market data, as well as reference to market valuations for similar entities quoted in an active market, current fair value of comparable investments or applicable price/earning ratios for comparable listed companies adjusted to reflect the circumstances of the investee, as appropriate.

Based on the directors' analysis on each of these unlisted investments, the directors consider it is appropriate to estimate the fair values of majority of these investments based on their net asset value attributable to the Group or discounted cash flows. During the year, the directors had obtained more reliable information of an unlisted equity investment, Mainco Limited (note 14), and considered it is more appropriate to use the valuation technique of discounted cash flows rather than the net asset value to estimate the fair value of the investment. At the end of reporting period, the carrying amount of this investee is HK\$26,845,000 (2009: HK\$16,468,000). The details of estimation of fair values of these investments are set out in note 28(b).

(b) Fair value of derivative financial instruments

Determining the fair values of the Group's derivative financial instruments which comprise the conversion option embedded in the convertible bonds and the investment in warrants requires estimation on the assumptions used in Binomial model and Trinomial model respectively. Both models require to estimate volatilities of the underlying share price and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the fair values. As at 31st December, 2010, the fair value of conversion option embedded in the Glory Wing Convertible Bonds cannot be measured reliably and therefore it was stated at cost less any impairment loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

29. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

(b) Fair value of derivative financial instruments (continued)

As at 31st December, 2009, the fair values of conversion option embedded in the Kaisun Convertible Bonds and investment in warrants were HK\$18,137,014 and HK\$3,185,721 respectively.

The assumptions used in valuation of conversion option embedded in the Kaisun Convertible Bonds are set out in note 19(a). As at 31st December, 2009, a reasonably possible increase in volatility by 10% and other inputs kept constant, the fair value of the conversion option would increase by HK\$950,000. If there was reasonably possible increase in stock price by 10% and other inputs kept constant, the fair value of the conversion option would increase by HK\$2,534,000.

The assumptions used in valuation of the investment in warrants are set out in note 19(b). As at 31st December, 2009, if there was a reasonably possible increase in volatility by 10% and other inputs kept constant, the fair value of the warrants would increase by HK\$80,000. If there was reasonably possible increase in stock price by 10% and other inputs kept constant, the fair value of the warrants would increase by HK\$641,000.

(c) Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets

The Group has available-for-sale financial assets which were stated at their fair values at the end of reporting period, on an individual basis. Any gains or losses are recognised on other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity (i.e. fair value reserve) until the asset is derecognised or until the asset is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss. Management has to assess whether objective evidence of impairment exists in order to determine whether it is appropriate to reclassify the cumulative losses to profit or loss. In making its judgement, management considers (i) the future prospect of the underlying assets; (ii) the underlying financial position of the assets; and (iii) significant or prolonged decline in the fair values below the respective costs of the assets. Management considers that objective evidence of impairment exists and the cumulative losses of HK\$11,571,164 (2009: nil) for the year was charged to profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2010

29. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

(d) Impairment of loans and receivables made to investees and accounts receivable

Management regularly reviews the recoverability of loans and receivables made to investees and accounts receivable. Appropriate impairment for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the amounts are not recoverable. In determining whether allowances for impairment loss is required, management takes into consideration the aged status and likelihood of collection as well as the financial position of the counterparties. Specific allowance is made for receivables that are unlikely to be collected and is recognised based on the estimation of the present value of the future cash flows expected to be received by the Group discounted at the original effective interest rate. During the year, impairment losses on loans and receivables amounting to HK\$1,922,160 (2009: HK\$14,729,472) and accounts receivable amounting to nil (2009: HK\$18,807,483) were recognised in profit or loss.

Five Year Financial Summary

	Year ended 31st December,				
	2006 HK\$	2007 HK\$	2008 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Results:					
Profit (loss) attributable to shareholders	10,685,282	50,907,356	(88,590,514)	84,954,963	35,274,924

	As at 31st December,				
	2006 HK\$	2007 HK\$	2008 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Assets and liabilities:					
Current assets	82,862,358	182,709,708	102,532,756	182,128,858	232,888,069
Total assets	197,995,480	300,342,663	190,806,081	300,762,648	323,048,710
Current liabilities	7,550,961	12,295,568	4,612,575	20,848,106	13,759,198
Total liabilities	7,550,961	12,295,568	7,264,317	23,262,054	13,759,198
Shareholders' funds	190,444,519	288,047,095	183,541,764	277,500,594	309,289,512