

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code: 320)





Computime focuses on research and development of green technologies and products based on 3Es strategy — Environmentally friendly, Easy to use and Energy efficient.

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Corporate Information

Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Auyang Ho (Chairman)

Dr. Owyang King (Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. Choi Po Yee, Alice

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony

Mr. Arvind Amratlal Patel

Mr. Wong Chun Kong

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Luk Koon Hoo

Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert

Mr. Steven Julien Feniger

Authorised Representatives under the Listing Rules

Mr. Auyang Ho

Ms. Choi Po Yee, Alice

Executive Committee

Mr. Auyang Ho (Chairman)

Dr. Owyang King

Ms. Choi Po Yee, Alice

Audit Committee

Mr. Luk Koon Hoo (Chairman)

Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert

Mr. Steven Julien Feniger

Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony

Mr. Arvind Amratlal Patel

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Auyang Ho (Chairman)

Mr. Luk Koon Hoo

Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert

Mr. Steven Julien Feniger

Registered Office

Cricket Square,

Hutchins Drive,

P.O. Box 2681.

Grand Cayman KY1-1111,

Cayman Islands

Head Office and Principal Place of Business

17th Floor, Great Eagle Centre,

23 Harbour Road,

Wanchai, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2260 0300

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Website

www.computime.com

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited

Butterfield House,

68 Fort Street,

P.O. Box 609.

Grand Cayman KY1-1107,

Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor,

Hopewell Centre,

183 Queen's Road East,

Wanchai,

Hong Kong

Corporate Information (continued)

Nomination Committee

Mr. Auyang Ho (Chairman)

Mr. Luk Koon Hoo

Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert

Company Secretary

Ms. Soon Yuk Tai

Investor Relations

17th Floor, Great Eagle Centre, 23 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

Email: ir@computime.com

Stock Code

320

Auditors

Ernst & Young

Legal Advisor

Richards Butler in Association with Reed Smith LLP

Principal Bankers

Hang Seng Bank Limited
DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
BNP Paribas Hong Kong Branch
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited
The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.

Chairman's Statement

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Computime Group Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the final results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2011 (the "Year").

During the Year, the Group's turnover increased by 21.6% to HK\$2,664,579,000. Tracking with the global economic recovery with increased customer's demand, the Group experienced sales improvements across all of its business segments during the Year. Even though the operating environment continued to be challenging with increased raw material prices, labour costs and overheads in Mainland China together with appreciation of the Renminbi ("RMB"), consolidated net profit attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$56,572,000 for the Year, representing a 62.3% increase. The increase was mainly driven by the increased turnover and the Group's continuation of stringent cost controls and improvements in operational efficiency.

Outlook

For the financial year 2012, the Group will continue to face more challenges. Although the global economy continues to improve, market conditions are still vulnerable. Both North American and European markets are subject to the uncertain impact of the sovereign debt crisis. The sustained trends of increasing material prices, labour and operating costs in Mainland China along with appreciation of RMB are expected to continue in the coming year. To cope with these broader macroeconomic trends, the Group will continue to enhance our competitive position by driving productivity and quality improvements and accelerating research and development. Furthermore, the Group is proceeding along with its plan to expand into the growing market in Mainland China in order to drive its business growth in the coming year.

Appreciation

I would like to express my gratitude to our customers, business partners and shareholders for their continuous support to the Group throughout the Year. I wish also to commend my fellow directors, our management and employees for dedication and efforts toward the continued success of the Group.

Auyang Ho

Chairman

Hong Kong, 27 June 2011

Management Discussion and Analysis

Summary of Results

The Group's turnover for the Year amounted to HK\$2,664,579,000, increasing by approximately 21.6% over last year. The consolidated net profit attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$56,572,000 for the Year compared to HK\$34,854,000 for the year ended 31 March 2010. Basic earnings per share for the Year amounted to 6.8 HK cents, compared to 4.2 HK cents in the prior year.

Financial Highlights

Turnover

Turnover of the Group amounted to HK\$2,664,579,000 for the Year, representing an increase of 21.6% over last year. The Group experienced sales gains across all of its business segments during the Year, mainly brought about by the global economic recovery with increased customer's demand.

Profitability and Margin

Consolidated net profit attributable to owners of the Company increased from HK\$34,854,000 to HK\$56,572,000 for the Year, representing an increase of 62.3%. The increase was mainly driven by the increased turnover and the Group's continuation of stringent cost controls and improvements in operational efficiency. Nevertheless, the operating environment during the Year continued to present challenges for manufacturers. Raw material prices continued to rise and delivery lead times were extended owing to supply shortages caused in part by fast paced recovery of market demand. Production costs and overhead costs continued to increase due to inflation and increases in labour costs in Mainland China together with appreciation of the RMB. As a result, gross profit margin decreased from 12.4% last year to 11.0% for the Year. Total operating expenses increased to HK\$252,442,000 from HK\$241,618,000 in last year, and this was generally brought about by the increased turnover and increase in the amortization of deferred expenditures resulting from new product launches. The Group recorded a net income tax credit of HK\$4,674,000 during the Year, primarily arising from an adjustment of HK\$13,241,000 in previous years' income taxes.

Business Review

Building and Home Controls Business

Sales in the Building and Home Controls business amounted to HK\$1,004,492,000 during the Year, representing approximately 37.7% of the Group's turnover. Sales in this business segment increased by 2.8% from last year, which was mainly driven by the recovery of the US market and successful launch of new products during the Year. Nevertheless, segment results decreased with a reduction in business margin to 1.1% for the Year. The decrease was mainly due to increased raw material prices and labour costs together with appreciation of the RMB.

Appliance Controls Business

Sales in the Appliance Controls business grew by 31.2% to HK\$1,226,471,000 during the Year, representing 46.0% of the Group's turnover. The increase was mainly due to continued improvement in the global economy as customers continued to restock certain product lines while spurring sales with the launch of other new products. Appliance Controls business results decreased during the Year to a segment margin of 2.1% with the decrease primarily due to increased raw material prices, labour costs and the appreciation of the RMB.

Commercial and Industrial Controls Business

Commercial and Industrial Controls business segment sales of HK\$433,616,000 were recorded during the Year, representing an increase of approximately 55.2% compared to last year. The increase was mainly attributable to increased demand and the successful launch of certain new products with better margin. This resulted in a fairly stable segment margin of 11.2% despite the challenging operating environment.

Outlook

Although the global economy continues to improve, market conditions are still uncertain and the operating environment for manufacturing sectors remains somewhat vulnerable. Raw material prices continue to increase due to increasing customer demand and inflation during economic recovery. Increases in labour wages and other operating costs in Mainland China together with appreciation of the RMB are expected to continue. Moreover, keen competition in the electronic manufacturing service industry will continue to constrain pricing and margin improvement. The Group will continue to mitigate those impacts through improvement in operational efficiency and productivity, focus on high margin orders and, where appropriate, product price adjustments to pass along the increased costs as much as competitive pressures allow. The Group is proceeding to realize its plan to expand into the growing market in Mainland China to drive its business growth in the coming year.

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

The Group maintained a sound financial and liquidity position in the Year. As at 31 March 2011, the Group maintained a balance of cash and cash equivalents of HK\$623,341,000, the majority of which were denominated either in US dollars or Hong Kong dollars and HK\$218,970,000 were denominated in RMB. The Group's current ratio remained strong at 1.9 times.

As at 31 March 2011, total interest-bearing bank and other borrowings were HK\$255,760,000, comprised primarily of bank loans and overdrafts repayable within one year. The majority of these borrowings were denominated either in US dollars, Hong Kong dollars or European currencies and the interest rates applied were primarily subject to floating rate terms. Net cash balances decreased by HK\$69,043,000 mainly because additional fundings were applied to finance the growth in business. Other payables and accrued liabilities increased from HK\$135,081,000 at 31 March 2010 to HK\$160,016,000 as at 31 March 2011, mainly due to increase in deposits received from customers and accrued expenses which were mainly due to the increase in turnover.

At 31 March 2011, total equity attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$1,015,587,000. The Group had a net cash balance of HK\$367,581,000, representing total cash and cash equivalents less total interest-bearing bank and other borrowings such that no gearing ratio applies.

Treasury Policies

The majority of the Group's sales and purchases are denominated in US dollars and Hong Kong dollars with Euro zone currencies comprising a lesser extent. Due to the fact that the Hong Kong dollar is pegged to the US dollar, the Group's exposure to this foreign exchange risk is low. Certain production and operating overheads of the Group's production facilities in Mainland China are denominated in RMB. As at 31 March 2011, the Group did not have any outstanding financial instruments entered into for hedging purpose. Nevertheless, the Group will closely monitor its overall foreign exchange exposure and interest rate exposure and will adopt a proactive but prudent approach to minimize the relevant exposures where necessary.

Capital Expenditure and Commitments

During the Year, the Group incurred total capital expenditures of approximately HK\$59,918,000 for the additions to property, plant and equipment as well as for deferred expenditure for the development of new products.

At 31 March 2011, the Group had contracted but not provided for capital commitments, mainly for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment, of HK\$148,000.

Contingent Liabilities

A subsidiary of the Company is involved in a dispute with a third party, who is alleging that the subsidiary has infringed patent and is seeking for value in dispute of EURO750,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$8,243,000). The decision of the relevant district court dated 22 December 2009 was favorable to our subsidiary and the third party has appealed the decision to the relevant higher regional court. Taking into consideration of the advice from the Group's lawyer, the directors consider that our subsidiary has valid defence against the claim and therefore no provision was made as at 31 March 2011.

Charges on Assets

As at 31 March 2011, no bank deposits and other assets had been pledged to secure the Group's banking facilities.

Employee Information

As at 31 March 2011, the Group had a total of approximately 4,200 full-time employees. Total staff costs for the Year amounted to HK\$242,562,000. Salaries and wages are generally reviewed on an annual basis in accordance with individual qualifications and performance, the Group's results and market conditions. The Group provides year-end double pay, discretionary bonus, medical insurance, provident fund, educational subsidy and training to its employees. The Company has also adopted a share option scheme under which the Company can grant options to, inter alia, employees of the Group to subscribe for shares of the Company with a view to rewarding those who have contributed to the Group and encouraging employees to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. Up to the date of this annual report, 9,716,000 share options remained outstanding under such share option scheme.

Use of Net Proceeds from the Company's Initial Public Offering

The proceeds from the Company's issue of new shares (including shares issued on the exercise of over-allotment option) for listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") in October 2006, after deduction of related expenses, amounted to approximately HK\$469,419,000. The Group intends to apply the net proceeds for the purposes as set out in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the prospectus of the Company dated 25 September 2006. As at 31 March 2011, approximately HK\$106,250,000 had been utilized for strategic business combination and acquisitions, approximately HK\$20,950,000 for the expansion of the distribution network, approximately HK\$44,176,000 for the repayment of bank borrowings and approximately HK\$44,176,000 for general corporate purposes, and the remaining balance of the net proceeds had been placed in certain financial institutions and licensed banks in Hong Kong as short-term deposits.

Corporate Social Responsibilities

As a responsible and caring corporate citizen, the Group has long been committed to giving back to the communities in which it conducts business. Whilst striving for business development, the Group also places high priority on supporting community affairs and environmental protection as well as sustaining fair employment practice to shoulder its social responsibilities.

Community

The Group proactively participates in community services to strengthen its ties with the society. Our community initiatives emphasize providing learning opportunities for young people and helping the underprivileged as we have done in the past. This year, the Group continued to collaborate with secondary schools and non-profit making organization, and offered training programs and internship for students. These programs, through experience gained and sharing with our employees, act as a channel for the youth to gain earlier exposure to the business world.

In caring for the needy, the Group has cooperated with various social institutes in organizing activities for minority groups. During the year, we have sponsored a group of children from the New Arrival Centre of H.K.S.K.H. St. Christopher's Home, together with our colleagues and their families for a visit to Noah's Ark, to share fun and love. The Group also participated in various fund raising programs organized by the Community Chest, staff strongly support and gave their enthusiastic response.

Environment

The Group spares no effort in environmental protection to aid the combat of global climate change. We uphold the high standards of our environmental policy across all facets of operations. We joined the WWF Low Carbon Manufacturing Programme (LCMP) organized by WWF Hong Kong and Hong Kong Productivity Council last year. The Group was successfully achieved the LCMP Silver Label which was an important recognition to us in manufacturing industry. Apart from conserving energy, preventing pollution and recycling reusable materials where practicable during the course of manufacturing and daily operation, the Group is dedicated to research and develop green technologies and solutions for applications which are environmentally friendly and energy efficient. The Group forms collaborative partnerships with universities and organizations globally and shares research results in renewable energy and environmental protection.

Employees

The Group recognizes that human capital is a key asset to the sustained growth and overall success of its business. In attracting and developing the right people, the Group places great emphasis on providing continuous training and personal development opportunities for our staff such that they are equipped with the professional skills and knowledge to carry out their responsibilities to the highest standards.

As an equal opportunity employer, the Group is committed to treating our employees with fairness and dignity as well as creating a harmonious work environment and healthy corporate culture that encourage open communication, teamwork and sense of belonging. The Group encourages our staff to achieve a healthy work-life balance through organizing various social and recreational activities.

Directors' and Senior Management's Profile

Directors

Executive Directors

Auyang Ho, aged 79

Mr. Auyang is an executive Director, Chairman of the Board and chairman of the executive committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Besides, Mr. Auyang is a director and a shareholder of Solar Power Group Limited, the controlling shareholder of the Company. He is an elder brother of Dr. Owyang King, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. He co-founded the Group in 1974. Mr. Auyang graduated from the South China Institute of Technology (now known as the South China University of Technology), where he studied structural engineering. Mr. Auyang has more than 30 years of experience in manufacturing operations, product management and development in the electronics industry. Prior to founding the Group, Mr. Auyang has been an engineer in the Ministry of Railways of the People's Republic of China. During the period from April 1965 to January 1973, he worked in the group of The Hong Kong Chiap Hua Manufactory Company, (1947) Limited (now known as "Chiaphua Limited") (this group is hereinafter referred to as "Chiap Hua Group"). He had served as an Assistant Plant Manager of the extrusion plant for The Hong Kong Chiap Hua Manufactory Company. (1947) Limited from April 1965 to December 1970. From January to September 1970, he acted as a Project Manager for International Containers Limited (a company formed by Chiap Hua Group and another party and has now been dissolved) and was responsible for supervising and co-ordinating the setting-up of a new manufacturing plant and all the facilities. In September 1970, he was formally promoted as the Plant Manager of International Containers Limited and held the position until he left Chiap Hua Group in January 1973. He then formed the Group and under his leadership, the Group received The Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong New Product Award in 1976. Mr. Auyang has been instrumental in spearheading the Group's expansion and has secured many key customers since 1980 up to 2003. He currently acts as an advisor to our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer and senior management and provides guidance on management issues.

Owyang King, aged 65

Dr. Owyang is an executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a member of the executive committee of the Company. He is a younger brother of Mr. Auyang Ho, the Chairman of the Company. Dr. Owyang joined the Group in April 2010. He obtained a degree of Bachelor of Science in Physics and a degree of Doctor of Philosophy in the field of Materials Science from Massachusetts Institute of Technology, United States in 1968 and 1974, respectively. Dr. Owyang joined General Electric Company as a member of technical staff in 1974 and held various technical and managerial positions, including directing research and development activities for the Semiconductor Division. Dr. Owyang was responsible for developing many enabling semiconductor technologies, including the world's first 500V Power Integrated Circuit and Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor technologies. Dr. Owyang received the company's prestigious Outstanding Achievement Award in 1981. In 1988, Dr. Owyang joined Siliconix Incorporated in California as Vice President of Research and Development and directed the work of 70 scientists, engineers and technical staff in the area of electronic devices, circuits, processing technology and packaging development. He was promoted to Executive Vice President in 1992 and assumed additional responsibility for all Silicon Operations where he restructured the engineering resources and Wafer Fab Operations to enhance the technical capability and overall productivity. He turned the company from a technology follower and position-losing firm to a highly profitable company with industry leading products. In 1997, Dr. Owyang was promoted to the position of President and Chief Executive Officer. Under his leadership and management, the company has firmly established itself as the world leader in power switching and management products and its sales grew to a record level in 2008. Dr. Owyang is a recognized leader in the Power Metal-oxide Semiconductor Field-effect Transistor Industry. He has published over 20 technical papers and has been awarded more than 25 patents. He received the Industry IR100 Award in 1979 and 1983 based on his pioneering works in silicon power device technologies and products. Dr. Owyang has also been listed in the "National Register's WHO'S WHO in Executives and Professionals", which demonstrates his recognizable success in the field.

Choi Po Yee, Alice, aged 44

Ms. Choi is an executive Director, the Chief Operating Officer and a member of the executive committee of the Company. She is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. Choi is responsible for overseeing the entire operations and general management of the Group. She joined the Group in 2001 as the vice president of the corporate development and planning division. She served as the Chief Financial Officer from 2003 to 2005 and became the Chief Operating Officer and a director of the Group in April 2005 and May 2005, respectively. Ms. Choi graduated from The University of Hong Kong with a first class honors Bachelor's degree in Social Science and a Master's degree in Electronic Commerce and Internet Computing in 1989 and 2002, respectively. Ms. Choi is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Prior to joining the Group, she worked for an international accounting firm and several listed companies in Hong Kong.

Non-Executive Directors

Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony, aged 49

Mr. Kam is a non-executive Director and a member of the audit committee of the Company. Mr. Kam is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He holds a Bachelor's degree and a Master's degree in Mathematics from the University of Oxford in the United Kingdom. He qualified as a chartered accountant at one of the accounting firms in London and currently practises as a certified public accountant in Hong Kong. Mr. Kam has the suitable experience and qualifications to act as nominee for the implementation and administration of an individual voluntary arrangement under the bankruptcy regime in Hong Kong. Mr. Kam is also a member of the Panel of Adjudicators of the Obscene Articles Tribunal. Mr. Kam was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Group in November 1993.

Arvind Amratlal Patel, aged 70

Mr. Patel is a non-executive Director and a member of the audit committee of the Company. He was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Group in November 2005. Mr. Patel has retired with 40 years of experience with several U.S.-based public and private manufacturing companies. After earning his Bachelor's degree in Electrical Engineering from The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda in India, Mr. Patel immigrated to United States to pursue further studies. He began his professional career with Culligan International in 1966. After working with certain smaller companies, he returned to a management position at Culligan International in 1971 while simultaneously earning his Master's degree in Business Administration from Loyola University Chicago. He then joined Intermatic Incorporated, an international manufacturer of electrical and electronic products. During his 20 years at Intermatic Incorporated, Mr. Patel held several executive positions, including president and chief operating officer, until his retirement in 2005. In addition to the management positions, Mr. Patel was elected to the boards of Intermatic Incorporated and Intermatic-A.T.C., a manufacturing joint venture in China, from July 2000 until his retirement in December 2005. Since his retirement from full time business activities, Mr. Patel became a partner and a member of the board of directors of TADD LLC, a privately held company engaged in design, manufacture and distribution of LED retro-fit lighting products in U.S.A. In January 2011, Mr. Patel was elected to the board of directors of Rogan Corporation, a privately held company engaged in design, manufacture and distribution of sophisticated injection molded plastic components for industrial and consumer applications.

Wong Chun Kong, aged 50

Mr. Wong is a non-executive Director of the Company. He is a solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong and a Partner of Philip K H Wong, Kennedy Y H Wong & Co., Solicitors & Notaries. Mr. Wong was educated in both Hong Kong and England. He has substantial experience in civil litigation and deals mainly in commercial, personal injuries, banking and administrative law litigation, corporate acquisition, cross-border joint ventures etc.. He had served as a Deputy Adjudicator of the Small Claims Tribunal in 1998 and as an Adjudicator of the Registration of Persons Tribunal of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region during period from March, 2005 to February, 2011. Mr. Wong was a non-executive director of First China Financial Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange) in 2008. He is a member of the Passports Appeal Board of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and panel member of the Municipal Services Appeals Board of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Mr. Wong has been a non-executive Director of the Company since February 2008.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Luk Koon Hoo, aged 59, BBS, JP

Mr. Luk is an independent non-executive Director of the Company, the chairman of the audit committee and a member of both the remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. He is a retired banker, and has 30 years of comprehensive experience in accounting and financial management. He began at Hang Seng Bank in 1975 as a trainee officer. He was appointed as personal assistant to the deputy general manager and held that office from 1987 to 1989. Mr. Luk served as the head of financial control in 1989, as director and deputy chief executive in 1994 and as managing director and deputy chief executive from 1996 to his retirement in May 2005. Regarding Mr. Luk's other directorships, he is an independent non-executive director of China Properties Group Limited, Hung Hing Printing Group Limited and i-Cable Communications Limited (companies listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange) and is an independent nonexecutive director of Wharf T&T Limited, AXA General Insurance Hong Kong Limited and Octopus Cards Limited. He has ceased to be an independent non-executive director of Wheelock Properties Limited (a company delisted on the Stock Exchange on 22 July 2010). Mr. Luk also serves as a council member and the treasurer of The Chinese University of Hong Kong, a member of Town Planning Board and as a member of the Operations Review Committee of ICAC. Mr. Luk also served in the past on the Court and Council of Hong Kong Baptist University, the Advisory Committee on New Broadbased Taxes, the Personal Data (Privacy) Advisory Committee, the Central Policy Unit of the Hong Kong Government, the Statistics Advisory Board, the Broadcasting Authority, the Board of Trustees of the Sir Edward Youde Memorial Fund and the Advisory Committee, the Investor Education Advisory Committee of the Securities and Futures Commission and Barristers Disciplinary Tribunal Panel. He was an appointed member of the Hong Kong Legislative Council from 1992 to 1995, and also a member of the first Election Committee of the Legislative Council. He holds a Bachelor of Social Sciences Degree in Statistics from The University of Hong Kong and a Master of Business Administration Degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow of The Hong Kong Institute of Bankers. Mr. Luk is a Non-official Justice of the Peace and was awarded the honour of Bronze Bauhinia Star in 2004 in recognition of his contributions to public services. Mr. Luk was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Group in January 2006.

Patrick Thomas Siewert, aged 55

Mr. Siewert is an independent non-executive Director and a member of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. He has adopted "施維德" as his Chinese name. Mr. Siewert currently serves as a director for the Avery Dennison Corporation and on the audit and finance committees. He is also a senior director of The Carlyle Group. Prior to joining The Carlyle Group in April 2007, Mr. Siewert served as a senior advisor for The Coca-Cola Company and president and chief operating officer for its East, South Asia & Pacific Rim Group and president for its East and South Asia Group during the period from 2001 to 2007. From 1974 to 2001, Mr. Siewert held positions in sales management, marketing, finance, brand management, business planning and general management in various countries around the world including chairman, Greater China and senior vice president and president, Kodak Professional. He attended the Rochester Institute of Technology studying Imaging Science, Business and Service Management, and received a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration from Elmhurst College and a Master of Science degree in Service Management from Rochester Institute of Technology. He has previously served as a director of US-ASEAN Business Council, US-Hong Kong Business Council, The US-China Business Council and board of governors of The American Chamber of Commerce in Hong Kong. He is also a member of the Young Presidents' Organization, Hong Kong, World Presidents' Organization, Hong Kong and the CEO Organization. Mr. Siewert is a recipient of several diversity awards and a United Nations IPC Lifetime Achievement Award. Mr. Siewert currently serves as a non-executive director of Natural Beauty Bio-Technology Limited and C.P. Pokphand Co. Ltd., companies listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Siewert was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company in September 2006.

Steven Julien Feniger, aged 52

Mr. Feniger is an independent non-executive Director and a member of both the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Feniger has years of international experience in sourcing, manufacturing and retailing and is based in Hong Kong. At the end of February 2006, he resigned from his corporate career and set up his own business and is a director of 55Consulting, providing services to companies designed to enhance their ability to source in Asia. He is also the Chairman of Apparel Group (Hong Kong) Limited, a garment sourcing company. Mr. Feniger currently also serves as a director of SSPartners Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong, and as a non-executive director of Arc Capital Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Alternative Investment Market of the London Stock Exchange. Since 1 August 2007, Mr. Feniger become an independent non-executive director of Item Industries Limited. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Feniger served as a chief executive officer and an executive director of Linmark Group Limited and led the company to a successful initial public offering on the main board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in May 2002. Mr. Feniger was a former senior vice president of global sourcing at Warnaco Inc. from 1999 to 2001, where he led the strategic management of three standalone Asian operations (sourcing, manufacturing and retailing). He had served Marks & Spencer Plc for some years. Mr. Feniger holds a Bachelor's degree in Management Science from The University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology. Mr. Feniger was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company in September 2006.

Senior Management

B. Gene Patton, aged 59

Mr. Patton is the Chief Financial Officer of the Group. He is responsible for the overall management of the financial structure and treasury function of the Group while identifying, evaluating and negotiating worldwide acquisition activities. Mr. Patton is a fellow member of The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has over 25 years of experience in corporate finance, business development, and merger and acquisition activities and has held positions as controller and vice president of finance for a number of international publicly traded companies before joining us in March 2008. Mr. Patton obtained his Bachelor Degree in Accounting and Finance from The George Washington University in 1979.

Chan Chi Ming, aged 58

Mr. Chan is the President of the Control Solutions Division of the Group. He joined us in July 2005 and was responsible for the overall management of our appliance controls business. Since March 2008, Mr. Chan has taken up additional responsibilities for overseeing all of our Strategic Business Units, which include Appliance Controls, Building & Home Controls and Commercial & Industrial Controls. Mr. Chan has over 30 years of experience in sales and marketing and general management. He previously held a senior position at Emerson Electric and was responsible for sales and marketing and operations of a division in Asia. Mr. Chan obtained a Certificate in Executive Management from Stanford University, U.S. and National University of Singapore and a Diploma in Management and a Certificate in Mechanical Engineering from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

Ha Wai Leung, aged 52

Mr. Ha is the Executive Vice President of technologies of the Group, and also the President of Cincinnati Holdings Limited, a subsidiary of the Group. He is a chartered engineer and a member of the Institute of Measurement and Control, The Institution of Engineering and Technology as well as The Institution of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, with over 20 years of working experience in engineering and research and development. Prior to joining us in October 1998, he worked as senior management in research and development in various electronics companies in Hong Kong and Singapore, including China Aerospace International Holdings Limited. Mr. Ha obtained a Master's degree in Electronic Systems Design from the City University of Hong Kong, a Master's Degree in Engineering from The University of Hong Kong, and an Associateship and Higher Diploma in Electrical Engineering from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

Philip John Stevens Cox, aged 65

Mr. Cox joined us in 2001. He is Chairman of Salus Holdings Limited and responsible for leading our branded business teams across Europe, engaging directly with key customers and strategic partners in existing markets where SALUS operates. He is actively involved in identifying new countries to establish and grow SALUS' brand distribution business. He is also responsible for searching and assessing business opportunities that strengthen our global business strategies. Mr. Cox obtained his Bachelor's degree from The University of New South Wales, Australia in 1966. He is a recognized public speaker on global business and people skills. Mr. Cox's business career cuts across a range of vertical sectors including industrial, commercial and consumer markets, and has managed business units for multi-national companies in North America, Europe and Asia.

Wong Chet Yee, aged 61

Mr. Wong is the Vice President of operations at the production facilities of the Group in PRC. He joined us in 2010. Mr. Wong obtained a Master's degree in International Management from Golden Gate University, San Francisco and a Bachelor of Science Degree in Industrial and System Engineering from the San Jose State University, California. Prior to joining us, he was the Vice President China Operations/Global Supply Chain in GN Netcom for 3 years and General Manager/Asia Operations Director in Cooper Industries for 4 years. Mr. Wong has over 30 years of experience in production, engineering and supply chain management.

Leung Man Sze, Bendick, aged 55

Mr. Leung is the Vice President of quality of the Group. He joined us in 2010. Before joining us, he had been working as key positions in various business units in Philips for almost 20 years. He has extensive experience in quality management, process engineering, manufacturing operation as well as product design and supply base management. Mr. Leung obtained a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Open University of Hong Kong and a Bachelor of Science Degree in Mechanical Engineering from the University of Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

Lam Hin Chi, aged 47

Mr. Lam is the Vice President of finance. Mr. Lam is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, associate member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, in the U.K. and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Lam graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Professional Diploma in Management Accountancy and Bachelor of Arts (Honours) Degree in Accountancy. Mr. Lam has joined us since July 2007. He has over 22 years of experience in finance, auditing and accounting and had worked for an international accounting firm and several listed companies in Hong Kong.

Lam Shuk Yin, aged 47

Ms. Lam is the Vice President of Supply Base Management of the Group. Ms. Lam joined us in 1997 as marketing manager and was promoted as general manager of the Appliance Controls Division in 2004. She began handling our corporate programs including lean manufacturing and supply chain information technology improvement program in January 2006. Ms. Lam has more than 19 years of experience in business management, manufacturing engineering, operation management and supplier & material management. She obtained a Master's degree in Business Administration from the University of Western Sydney, Australia in 2004.

Soon Yuk Tai, aged 45

Ms. Soon was appointed as the Secretary of the Company in April 2007. She is a director of the Corporate Services Division of Tricor Services Limited, a global professional services provider specializing in integrated business, corporate and investor services. Ms. Soon is a Chartered Secretary and an Associate of both the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in United Kingdom and the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. Apart from the Company, Ms. Soon has been providing professional secretarial services to many listed companies.

Report of the Directors

The Board is pleased to present this report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2011.

Principal Activities and Geographical Analysis of Operations

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The subsidiaries of the Company are primarily engaged in research and development, design, manufacture and trading of electronic control products. There was no significant change in the Group's principal activities during the year.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by business and geographical segments is set out in note 4 to the financial statements.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2011 and state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at that date are set out in the sections headed "Consolidated Income Statement", "Statement of Financial Position" and "Consolidated Statement of Financial Position" respectively in this annual report.

The Board has resolved to recommend to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Monday, 5 September 2011 (the "2011 AGM") a final dividend of 3.1 HK cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2011 (the "Proposed Final Dividend") to be paid on or about Thursday, 13 October 2011 to those Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Wednesday, 14 September 2011.

Closure of Register of Members

(a) Entitlement to attend and vote at the 2011 AGM

The 2011 AGM is scheduled to be held on Monday, 5 September 2011. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the 2011 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 1 September 2011 to Monday, 5 September 2011, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2011 AGM, unregistered holders of shares of the Company should ensure that all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 31 August 2011.

(b) Entitlement to the Proposed Final Dividend

The Proposed Final Dividend is subject to the approval of the Shareholders at the 2011 AGM. For determining the entitlement to the Proposed Final Dividend, the register of members of the Company will also be closed from Friday, 9 September 2011 to Wednesday, 14 September 2011, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for entitlement to the Proposed Final Dividend, unregistered holders of shares of the Company should ensure that all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 8 September 2011.

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in the section headed "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity" in this annual report and note 30 to the financial statements respectively.

Donations

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to approximately HK\$51,000.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

Share Capital

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

Distributable Reserves

Distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 March 2011, calculated in accordance with statutory provisions applicable in the Cayman Islands, amounted to HK\$833,127,000 (not taking into account the Proposed Final Dividend of HK\$25,730,000).

Bank Borrowings

Particulars of the bank borrowings of the Group as at 31 March 2011 are set out in note 25 to the financial statements.

Pension Scheme

The pension scheme contributions are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Pre-emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association (the "Articles of Association") or the laws of Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing Shareholders.

Financial Summary

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the previous financial years is set out in the section headed "Financial Summary" in this annual report.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2011.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Auyang Ho (Chairman)

Dr. Owyang King (Chief Executive Officer) (appointed on 30 April 2010)

Ms. Choi Po Yee, Alice

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony

Mr. Arvind Amratlal Patel

Mr. Wong Chun Kong

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Luk Koon Hoo

Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert

Mr. Steven Julien Feniger

Pursuant to article 87 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Auyang Ho, Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony and Mr. Steven Julien Feniger shall retire from office by rotation at the 2011 AGM and they are eligible for re-election by the Shareholders at the 2011 AGM. It is noted that Mr. Auyang Ho and Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony will offer themselves for re-election whereas Mr. Steven Julien Feniger will not offer himself for re-election and he will therefore retire at the 2011 AGM.

Independence Confirmation

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Mr. Luk Koon Hoo, Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert and Mr. Steven Julien Feniger pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange. The Company considers all of these independent non-executive directors remain independent as at the date of this report.

Directors' Service Contracts

None of the directors being proposed for re-election at the 2011 AGM has a service agreement with the Company, which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Save as disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements, no contract of significance in relation to the Group's businesses to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and holding companies was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Biographical details of directors and senior management are set out under the section headed "Directors' and Senior Management's Profile" in this annual report. The directors' biographies are also available on the Company's website.

Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments

A summary of the directors' and senior management's remuneration is set out in notes 8 and 34(d) to the financial statements respectively.

Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company and its Associated Corporations

As at 31 March 2011, the interests or short positions of the directors of the Company in the shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"); or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in the Listing Rules were as follows:

(1) Long position/Short position in the shares of the Company

Name of director	Capacity	Long Position/ Short Position	Number of ordinary shares involved	*Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital
Mr. Auyang Ho	Interest of a controlled corporation	Long Position	352,500,000 (Note)	42.46%
	Short position of a controlled corporation	Short Position	128,000,000 <i>(Note)</i>	15.42%

Note: The long/short positions in the shares were held by Solar Power Group Limited ("SPGL"). SPGL is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and wholly owned by Mr. Auyang Ho.

(2) Long position in the underlying shares of the Company – physically settled unlisted equity derivatives

Name of director	Capacity	Number of underlying shares in respect of the share options granted	*Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital
Dr. Owyang King	Beneficial owner	8,000,000	0.96%

Details of the above share options as required to be disclosed by the Listing Rules are disclosed in note 29 to the financial statements.

^{*} The percentage represents the number of ordinary shares involved in the long/short positions divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 March 2011.

^{*} The percentage represents the number of underlying shares interested divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 March 2011.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2011, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares

Save as disclosed in note 29 to the financial statements about the Company's share option scheme, at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and holding companies a party to any arrangement to enable the Company's directors, their respective spouse, or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in the Company or any other body corporate.

Substantial Shareholders' Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

As at 31 March 2011, the following persons (other than the directors and chief executives of the Company) had interests of 5% or more or short positions in the shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

*Approximate

Long position/Short position in the shares of the Company

Name of substantial shareholder	Capacity	Long position/ Short position	Number of ordinary shares involved	percentage of the Company's issued share capital
SPGL	Beneficial owner	Long position	352,500,000 (Note 1)	42.46%
	Beneficial owner	Short position	128,000,000 (Note 1)	15.42%
Ms. Tse Shuk Ming	Interest of spouse	Long position	352,500,000 (Note 2)	42.46%
ivis. 13e shak iviling	Short position of spouse	Short position	128,000,000 (Note 2)	15.42%
		·	, , , , ,	
Crystalplaza Limited	Beneficial owner	Long position	133,500,000 (Note 3)	16.09%
Little Venice Limited	Beneficial owner	Long position	76,704,000 (Note 3)	9.24%
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Ms. Leung Yee Li, Lana	Interest of controlled	Long position	210,204,000 (Note 3)	25.33%
	corporations			
Mr. Heung Lap Chi, Eugene	Interest of spouse	Long position	210,204,000 (Note 4)	25.33%
<i>y</i> , , <i>y</i>	'	31	, , , , ,	
Martin Currie (Holdings)	Interest of controlled	Long position	51,296,000 (Note 5)	6.18%
Limited	corporations			
Platinum Investment	Investment manager	Long position	44,862,000	5.41%
Management Limited	J	5 .		

Report of the Directors (continued)

Notes:

- 1. The interest/short position of SPGL are also disclosed as the interest/short position of Mr. Auyang Ho in the above section headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company and its Associated Corporations".
- 2. Ms. Tse Shuk Ming was deemed to be interested in 352,500,000 shares (long position) and 128,000,000 shares (short position) of the Company through the interest of her spouse, Mr. Auyang Ho.
- 3. These shares were owned by Crystalplaza Limited (as to 133,500,000 shares) and Little Venice Limited (as to 76,704,000 shares), both companies were wholly-owned by Ms. Leung Yee Li, Lana.
- 4. Mr. Heung Lap Chi, Eugene was deemed to be interested in 210,204,000 shares of the Company through the interest of his spouse, Ms. Leung Yee Li, Lana.
- 5. These shares were held by Martin Currie Inc. (as to 22,098,000 shares) and Martin Currie Investment Management (as to 29,198,000 shares), both were controlled corporations of Martin Currie Ltd., which in turn was a controlled corporation of Martin Currie (Holdings) Limited.
- * The percentage represents the number of ordinary shares involved divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 March 2011.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2011, no person, other than the directors of the Company whose interests/short position are set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company and its Associated Corporations" above, had an interest or a short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

Share Option Scheme

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 15 September 2006. Details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

Particulars of the movements in share options of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2011 are set out in the table below.

		Number of share options							
Category of participants	As at 1 April 2010	Granted during the year ⁽²⁾	Exercised during the year	Cancelled during the year	Lapsed/ forfeited during the year	As at 31 March 2011	Date of grant of share options ⁽¹⁾	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price per share HK\$
Senior management and other	802,000	-	-	-	(190,000)	612,000	27 September 2007	From 31 August 2008 to 30 August 2017	1.75
employees in aggregate	802,000	-	-	-	(190,000)	612,000	27 September 2007	From 31 August 2009 to 30 August 2017	1.75
	802,000	_	-	-	(190,000)	612,000	27 September 2007	From 31 August 2010 to 30 August 2017	1.75
	2,406,000	_	-	-	(570,000)	1,836,000			
Director Dr. Owyang King	-	2,400,000	-	-	-	2,400,000	30 April 2010	From 30 April 2011 to 29 April 2020	1.05
	-	2,400,000	-	-	-	2,400,000	30 April 2010	From 30 April 2012 to 29 April 2020	1.05
	-	3,200,000	-	-	-	3,200,000	30 April 2010	From 30 April 2013 to 29 April 2020	1.05
	-	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000			
Total	2,406,000	8,000,000	-	-	(570,000)	9,836,000			

Notes:

- 1. The vesting period of the share options granted is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
- 2. 8,000,000 share options were granted to a director of the Company under the Share Option Scheme on 30 April 2010. The closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date of grant on 30 April 2010 was HK\$0.98.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Management Contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

Major Customers and Suppliers

The percentages of sales for the year ended 31 March 2011 attributable to the Group's major customers are as follows:

Sales

the largest customer: 16%

five largest customers combined: 47%

None of the Company's directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major customers noted above.

The aggregate percentage of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers in the year was less than 30% of the Group's purchases.

Directors' Interest in Competing Business

As at 31 March 2011, to the best knowledge of the directors, none of the directors and their respective associates was considered to have any interests in businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, other than those businesses where the directors were appointed as directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or the Group.

Corporate Governance

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" in this annual report.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Company, which comprises the three independent non-executive directors of the Company, namely, Mr. Luk Koon Hoo (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert and Mr. Steven Julien Feniger and two non-executive directors of the Company, namely, Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony and Mr. Arvind Amratlal Patel, has reviewed the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2011 and discussed with the management and the auditors of the Company on the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and internal controls and financial reporting matters.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Connected Transaction

Details of the connected transaction (regarding the termination agreement and consultancy agreement with Mr. Auyang Pak Hong, Bernard, a former director of the Group) are set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float.

Auditors

Ernst & Young will retire and a resolution for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the 2011 AGM.

Changes in Information of Directors

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of directors of the Company are set out below:

From 1 April 2011, annual remuneration of Mr. Auyang Ho and Ms. Choi Po Yee, Alice, executive directors of the Company, amount to HK\$1,820,000 and HK\$3,419,000 respectively, with bonus which will be payable according to the terms of the relevant entitlement scheme of the Company.

Appreciation

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my gratitude to our management and staff for their dedication and contribution to the Group throughout the year.

By Order of the Board

Auyang Ho *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 27 June 2011

Corporate Governance Report

The Board is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report in the Company's annual report for the year ended 31 March 2011.

Corporate Governance Principles and Practices of the Company

The Board believes that good corporate governance practices are important for enhancing corporate value and investors' confidence and interests. The Company has taken a proactive approach in strengthening corporate governance practices in accordance with the needs of the business of the Group, the cornerstone of which is to have an experienced and committed Board and an effective internal control and to enhance its transparency and accountability to shareholders.

The Company has applied the principles set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2011, except for the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code during the period from 1 April 2010 to 29 April 2010 as explained below. To go further, the Company has also complied with certain recommended best practices set out in the CG Code during the said year.

The Board will continue to enhance the corporate governance practices and standards of the Company appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business and to review such practices and standards regularly to ensure that they comply with the statutory and professional standards and align with the latest developments. The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are summarized as follows:

A. The Board

A.1 Responsibilities and Delegation

The overall management and control of the Company's business are vested in its Board. The Board is responsible for establishing policies, strategies and plans, providing leadership in the attainment of the objective of creating value to shareholders, and, on behalf of the shareholders, overseeing the Company's financial performance. All directors carry out their duties in good faith and in compliance with the standards of applicable laws and regulations, take decisions objectively and act in the interests of the Company and its shareholders at all times.

The Board reserves for its decisions all major matters of the Company, including the approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

All directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the senior management, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Each director is normally able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expenses, upon reasonable request made to the Board.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are led by the Executive Committee and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Board has also delegated a schedule of responsibilities to the senior management of the Company, which include the implementation of decisions of the Board, the co-ordination and direction of day-to-day operation and management of the Company in accordance with the management strategies and plans approved by the Board, formulating and monitoring the production and operating plans and budgets, and supervising and monitoring the control systems. The Board has the full support of the senior management to discharge its responsibilities.

The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the foregoing officers and senior management.

A.2 Board Composition

The Board currently comprises nine members in total, with three executive directors, three non-executive directors and three independent non-executive directors. The Board has at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one independent non-executive director possessing appropriate professional qualifications and accounting and related financial management expertise. The Company has also adopted the recommended best practices under the CG Code for having one-third of its Board members being independent non-executive directors and maintaining on its website an updated list of its directors identifying their roles and functions.

The list of all directors (by category) is set out under the section headed "Corporate Information" in this annual report and is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time. The independent non-executive directors are expressly identified in all corporate communications of the Company.

The relationships among the members of the Board are disclosed under the section headed "Directors' and Senior Management's Profile" in this annual report.

The composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Group and for the exercise of independent judgement. Each executive director supervises specific areas of the Group's business in accordance with his/her expertise. The non-executive directors are of sufficient calibre and number for their views to carry weight and they bring a wide range of business and financial expertise, experiences and independent judgement to the Board. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflicts of interests and serving on Board committees, the non-executive directors have made various contributions to the effective direction of the Company.

The Company has received a written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of its independent non-executive directors independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

A.3 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

There are two key aspects of the management of the Company — the management of the Board and the day-to-day management of the Group's business. The Company fully supports that there should be a clear division of these responsibilities at the Board level to ensure a balance of power and authority, so that power is not concentrated in any one individual.

The code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Auyang Ho, the Chairman of the Board, has taken up the office of Acting Chief Executive Officer of the Company upon the resignation of Mr. Auyang Pak Hong, Bernard, the then Chief Executive Officer of the Company, with effect from 1 November 2009. Subsequently on 30 April 2010, the Company appointed Dr. Owyang King as an executive director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and by then, the Company has duly complied with the said code provision A.2.1.

Currently, Mr. Auyang Ho, who is the Chairman of the Board, takes up the responsibility of the management of the Board whereas Dr. Owyang King, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business. The respective responsibilities between the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer have been clearly established and set out in writing and have also been stated in the Company's Corporate Governance Report for the year ended 31 March 2007.

A.4 Appointment and Re-Election of Directors

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of directors are laid down in the Articles of Association. The Company has established a Nomination Committee, which is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of directors, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of directors and assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors. Additional information on such Nomination Committee is set out in the "Board Committees" section below.

Each of the executive directors of the Company is engaged on a service contract with the Company for a term of three years. The Company has also issued respective letters of appointment to its non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors specifying their term of appointment. The current term of appointment of all the non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors is 2 years.

In addition, in accordance with the Articles of Association, all the directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the first general meeting after his/her appointment.

A.5 Induction and Continuing Development for Directors

Each newly appointed director of the Company receives an induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements. Such induction is normally supplemented with visits to the Group's key plant sites and/or meetings with the senior management of the Company.

Directors of the Company are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments, and the business and market changes to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. In addition, the Company has sent the latest version of "A Guide on Directors' Duties" published by the Hong Kong Companies Registry to its directors and encourages them to read such Guide in order to acquaint themselves with the general duties of directors and the required standard of care, skill and diligence in the performance of his/her functions and exercise of his/her powers as directors.

Besides, continuing briefings and professional development for directors will be arranged whenever necessary.

A.6 Board Meetings

A.6.1 Board Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Schedules for regular Board meetings are normally agreed with the directors in advance in order to facilitate them to attend. In addition to the above, notice of at least 14 days is given of a regular Board meeting. For other Board meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

Draft agenda of each Board meeting is usually sent to all directors together with the notice in order to give them an opportunity to include any other matters in the agenda for discussion in the meeting.

Board papers together with appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting to keep the directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Group, when necessary, and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary.

The Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer and other relevant senior management normally attend regular Board meetings and, where necessary, other Board meetings to advise on business developments, financial and accounting matters, statutory compliance, corporate governance and other major aspects of the Group.

The Company Secretary is responsible to keep minutes of all Board meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to directors for comments within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for directors' inspection.

According to current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interest for a substantial shareholder or a director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Articles of Association contain provisions requiring directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

A.6.2 Directors' Attendance Records in Board Meetings

During the year ended 31 March 2011, six Board meetings were held for reviewing and discussing on the financial and operating performance of the Group and other related matters. The attendance records of each director at these six Board meetings are set out below:

Name of Director	Attendance/Number of Meetings		
Executive directors			
Mr. Auyang Ho	6/6		
Dr. Owyang King (Note)	5/5		
Ms. Choi Po Yee, Alice	6/6		
Non-executive directors			
Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony	4/6		
Mr. Arvind Amratlal Patel	6/6		
Mr. Wong Chun Kong	6/6		
Independent Non-executive directors			
Mr. Luk Koon Hoo	6/6		
Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert	4/6		
Mr. Steven Julien Feniger	4/6		

Note: Dr. Owyang King was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 30 April 2010. One Board meeting was held from 1 April 2010 to the date of his appointment.

A.7 Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct (the "Own Code") regarding dealings in the securities of the Company by the directors, senior personnel and certain employees of the Group (who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company or its securities) on terms no less exacting than the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Each director has been given a copy of the Own Code. The Company will notify its directors and relevant employees in advance in respect of the restricted period on dealings in the Company's securities, if the period is known to the Company.

Specific enquiry has been made of the Company's directors and all of them have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and the Own Code throughout the period from 1 April 2010 to the date of this report.

In addition, no incident of non-compliance of the Own Code by the employees of the Group was noted for the period from 1 April 2010 to the date of this report.

B. Board Committees

The Board has established four Board committees, namely, the Remuneration Committee, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Executive Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which are posted on the Company's website "www.computime.com" and are available to shareholders upon request. All the Board committees should report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made.

The practices, procedures and arrangements in conducting meetings of Board committees follow in line with, so far as practicable, those of the Board meetings set out in A.6.1 above.

All Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

B.1 Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises a total of four members, being one executive director, namely, Mr. Auyang Ho and three independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Luk Koon Hoo, Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert and Mr. Steven Julien Feniger. Accordingly, a majority of the members are independent non-executive directors. The chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Mr. Auyang Ho.

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations to the Board on the Company's remuneration policy and structure and the remuneration packages of directors and members of senior management. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration, which remuneration will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions.

The Human Resources Department is responsible for collection and administration of the human resources data and making recommendations to the Remuneration Committee for consideration. The Remuneration Committee consults with the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company about these recommendations on remuneration policy and structure and remuneration packages.

During the year ended 31 March 2011, the Remuneration Committee has met three times and performed the following works:

- Review and recommendation of the remuneration packages of directors of the Company and senior management of the Group;
- Review and recommendation of performance-based remuneration and bonus to the directors of the Company and senior management of the Group;
- Review and recommendation of the terms of the directors' service contracts and letters of appointment; and
- Review and recommendation of the remuneration package regarding the appointment of Dr.
 Owyang King as an executive director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

Details of the remuneration of each director of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2011 are set out in note 8 to the financial statements contained in this annual report.

The attendance records of the above three Remuneration Committee meetings are set out as follows:

Mr. Auyang Ho (Chairman) Mr. Luk Koon Hoo Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert Mr. Steven Julien Feniger Attendance/Number of Meetings Attendance/Number of Meetings 3/3 Mr. Auyang Ho (Chairman) 3/3 Mr. Steven Julien Feniger

B.2 Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises a total of five members, being the three independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Luk Koon Hoo, Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert and Mr. Steven Julien Feniger and two non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony and Mr. Arvind Amratlal Patel. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Mr. Luk Koon Hoo who possesses the appropriate accounting and financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the Company's existing external auditors.

The main duties of the Audit Committee are reviewing the financial information and reports of the Group and considering any significant or unusual items raised by the financial officers of the Group or external auditors before submission to the Board; reviewing the relationship with and the terms of appointment of the external auditors and making the relevant recommendation to the Board; and reviewing the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system.

During the year ended 31 March 2011, the Audit Committee met five times together with the Company's external auditors and/or the senior management and performed the following major works:

- Review of the financial statements, results announcements and reports for the year ended 31
 March 2010 and for the six months ended 30 September 2010, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the relevant audit findings;
- Review and discussion with the auditors of a report on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures; and
- Consideration of the internal audit plan and report.

There are no material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditors.

The attendance records of the above five Audit Committee meetings are set out as follows:

Mr. Luk Koon Hoo (Chairman) Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert Mr. Steven Julien Feniger Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony Mr. Arvind Amratlal Patel Attendance/Number of Meetings 5/5 Mr. Luk Koon Hoo (Chairman) 5/5 Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert 5/5

B.3 Nomination Committee

Pursuant to the recommended best practice of the CG Code, the Company has established a Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee comprises a total of three members, being one executive director, namely, Mr. Auyang Ho and two independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Luk Koon Hoo and Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert. Accordingly, the Company has complied with the recommended best practice of the CG Code in having a majority of the Committee members being independent non-executive directors. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr. Auyang Ho.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee are reviewing and giving recommendation on the composition of the Board, formulating relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of directors, identifying qualified individuals to become members of the Board, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of directors, and assessing the independence of the independent non-executive directors.

The Company has adopted a memorandum of directors' nomination criteria, procedure and process for providing a formal, considered and transparent procedure to the Board for evaluating and selecting candidates for directorships. Where vacancies on the Board exist, the Board will carry out the selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. The Human Resources Department of the Company will assist and an external recruitment agency may be engaged in carrying out the recruitment and selection process where necessary.

During the year ended 31 March 2011, the Nomination Committee has met twice and performed the following major works:

- Recommendation on the appointment of Dr. Owyang King as an executive director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company;
- Review and discussion of the existing structure, size and composition of the Board to ensure that it
 has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to the requirements for the business of
 the Group;
- Assessment of the independence of the existing independent non-executive directors; and
- Recommendation on the re-appointment of retiring directors at the 2010 annual general meeting of the Company.

Pursuant to article 87 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Auyang Ho, Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony and Mr. Steven Julien Feniger shall retire from office by rotation at the 2011 AGM and they are eligible for reelection by the Shareholders at the 2011 AGM. It is noted that Mr. Auyang Ho and Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony will offer themselves for re-election whereas Mr. Steven Julien Feniger will not offer himself for re-election and he will therefore retire at the 2011 AGM.

The Nomination Committee recommended the re-appointment of these two retiring directors at the 2011 AGM. The Company's circular, sent together with this annual report, contains detailed information of these retiring directors pursuant to the Listing Rules requirements.

The attendance records of the above two Nomination Committee meetings are set out as follows:

Mr. Auyang Ho (Chairman) Mr. Luk Koon Hoo Mr. Patrick Thomas Siewert Attendance/Number of Meetings Attendance/Number of Meetings

B.4 Executive Committee

The Executive Committee comprises all the executive directors of the Company with the Chairman of the Board, Mr. Auyang Ho, acting as the Chairman of such Committee. The Executive Committee operates as a general management committee under the direct authority of the Board to increase the efficiency for the business decision. It monitors the execution of the Company's strategic plans and operations of all business units of the Group and discusses and makes decisions on matters relating to the management and day-to-day operations of the Group.

C. Directors' Responsibilities for Financial Reporting in respect of the Financial Statements

The directors have acknowledged their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2011.

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, price sensitive announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements. The management has provided such explanation and information to the Board as necessary to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial information and position of the Group put forward to the Board for approval.

D. Internal Controls

The Board has overall responsibility for the internal control system of the Company and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Board is also responsible for maintaining an adequate and effective internal control system to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the assets of the Company. The Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2011. The review covered financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

During the year under review, the Audit Committee has discussed with the external auditors and the senior management and internal audit team of the Group on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system and made recommendations to the Board to ensure reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, to identify and manage potential risks and to safeguard assets of the Group. The internal audit team reviews and evaluates the control process and monitors any risk factors on a regular basis and reports to the Audit Committee and the Board on any findings and measures to address the variances and identified risks.

E. External Auditors and Auditors' Remuneration

The statement of the external auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011 is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditors' Report" in this annual report.

A summary of audit and non-audit services provided by the external auditors for the year ended 31 March 2011 and their corresponding remuneration is as follows:

Nature of services	Amount
	HK\$'000
Audit services	1,692
Non-audit services	
	221
()	221
(ii) Services rendered in connection with the Company's interim report	132

F. Communications with Shareholders and Investors

The Board believes that a transparent and timely disclosure of the Group's information will enable shareholders and investors to make the best investment decision and to have better understanding on the Group's business performance and strategies. It is also vital for developing and maintaining continuing investor relations with the Company's potential and existing investors.

The Company maintains a website at "www.computime.com" as a communication platform with shareholders and investors, where information and updates on the Group's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access. Shareholders and investors may write directly to the Company's principal place of business at 17th Floor, Great Eagle Centre, 23 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong or via email to "hq@computime.com" for any inquiries. Inquiries are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

The Board also considers that general meetings of the Company provide a useful forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The Chairman of the Board as well as the chairmen and/or other members of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee normally attend the annual general meetings and other shareholders' meetings of the Company to answer questions raised. At the 2010 annual general meeting, all of the afore-mentioned chairmen were present. The 2010 annual general meeting of the Company was held on 6 September 2010 and the notice of such meeting was sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting.

The Company continues to enhance communications and relationships with its investors. Designated senior management maintains regular dialogue with institutional investors and analysts to keep them abreast of the Group's developments.

G. Shareholders' Rights

As one of the measures to safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors, for shareholders' consideration and voting.

All resolutions proposed at shareholder meetings will be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll voting results will be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.computime.com) immediately after the relevant general meetings.

Independent Auditors' Report



To the shareholders of Computime Group Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Computime Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 38 to 111, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2011, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person, for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independent Auditors' Report (continued)

To the shareholders of Computime Group Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2011, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

18th Floor Two International Finance Centre 8 Finance Street, Central Hong Kong 27 June 2011

Consolidated Income Statement

Year ended 31 March 2011

		2011	2010
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
REVENUE	5	2,664,579	2,191,984
Cost of sales		(2,370,721)	(1,919,231)
Gross profit		293,858	272,753
Other income and gain	5	12,764	12,327
Selling and distribution costs		(79,484)	(70,575)
Administrative expenses		(173,886)	(164,062)
Other operating income/(expenses), net		5,133	(3,697)
Finance costs	6	(4,205)	(3,284)
Share of losses of associates		(2,292)	(1,256)
Share of loss of a jointly-controlled entity		-	(240)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	7	51,888	41,966
Income tax expense	10	4,674	(7,124)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		56,562	34,842
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:			
Owners of the Company	11	56,572	34,854
Non-controlling interests		(10)	(12)
-			
		56,562	34,842
FARMINGS DED CHARE ATTRIBUTARIES TO CHARLEDS OF THE COMPANY	12		
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	13		
Basic		6.8 HK cents	4.2 HK cents
Diluted		6.8 HK cents	4.2 HK cents
Diluteu		0.0 HK Cents	4.Z ITK CEITES

Details of the dividends proposed for the year are disclosed in note 12 to the financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	56,562	34,842
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	9,562	2,590
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	66,124	37,432
Attributable to:		
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	66,134 (10)	37,444 (12)
	66,124	37,432

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2011

		31 March	31 March	1 April
		2011	2010	2009
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(Restated)	(Restated)
NON CURRENT ACCETC				
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	1.1	120.050	144 105	167 757
Property, plant and equipment	14	129,058	144,105	167,757
Goodwill	15	36,420	36,420	38,164
Club debenture	1.0	705	705	705
Intangible assets	16	44,102	46,614	45,302
Interests in associates	18	2,311	6,154	9,610
Interest in a jointly-controlled entity	27	_	-	3,143
Deferred tax assets	27		500	700
Total non-current assets		212,596	234,498	265,381
CURRENT ASSETS				
Inventories	19	517,263	468,528	412,608
Trade receivables	20	519,748	382,566	355,978
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	21	33,652	41,212	40,259
Tax recoverable		1,282	904	1,307
Cash and cash equivalents	22	623,341	614,407	569,292
Total current assets		1,695,286	1,507,617	1,379,444
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade and bills payables	23	464,450	448,190	328,157
Other payables and accrued liabilities	24	160,016	135,081	99,775
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	25	255,760	177,783	260,571
Amounts due to associates	34	62	1,555	2,073
Amount due to a jointly-controlled entity	3,	_	-	1,639
Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders		160	160	160
Tax payable		4,003	8,657	9,429
Total current liabilities		884,451	771,426	701,804
NET CURRENT ASSETS		810,835	736,191	677,640
TOTAL ACCETC LECC CLIDDENT LIABILITIES (4- 1	uad)	4 022 424	070.000	042.024
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES (to be contin	uea)	1,023,431	970,689	943,021

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2011

31 March 2011 HK\$'000 1,023,431 - 7,000	31 March 2010 HK\$'000 (Restated) 970,689	1 April 2009 HK\$'000 (Restated) 943,021 74 9,129
1,023,431 - 7,000	HK\$'000 (Restated) 970,689	HK\$'000 (Restated) 943,021
1,023,431 - 7,000	(Restated) 970,689 –	(Restated) 943,021 74
7,000	970,689	943,021 74
7,000	<u> </u>	74
-	- 7,629	
-	- 7,629	
-	- 7,629	
-	7,629	9,129
7,000		
7,000	7,629	9,203
-	7,023	3,203
1,016,431	963,060	933,818
83,000	83,000	83,000
932,587	879,206	849,952
1,015,587	962,206	932,952
844	854	866
	963.060	933,818
	932,587	932,587 879,206 1,015,587 962,206 844 854

Auyang Ho *Director*

Dr. Owyang King

Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Attributable to	owners	of the	Company
ALLI IDULADIE LO	OWITCIS	OI LIIC	CUIIIDAIIV

	Notes	Issued capital HK\$'000 (note 28)	Share premium* HK\$'000	Contributed surplus* HK\$'000 (note 30(a))	Share option reserve* HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve* HK\$'000	Retained profits* HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 April 2009		83,000	386,419	1,879	1,308	20,690	439,656	932,952	866	933,818
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Exchange differences on translation of		-	-	-	-	-	34,854	34,854	(12)	34,842
foreign operations		_	-	-	-	2,590	-	2,590	-	2,590
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	2,590	34,854	37,444	(12)	37,432
Equity-settled share option arrangements Final 2009 dividend paid	29 12	-	-	- -	110 -	-	(8,300)	110 (8,300)	- -	110 (8,300
At 31 March 2010 and 1 April 2010		83,000	386,419	1,879	1,418	23,280	466,210	962,206	854	963,060
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Exchange differences on translation of		-	-	-	-	-	56,572	56,572	(10)	56,562
foreign operations		-	-	-	-	9,562	-	9,562	-	9,562
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	9,562	56,572	66,134	(10)	66,124
Equity-settled share option arrangements Transfer of share option reserve upon	29	-	-	-	2,187	-	-	2,187	-	2,187
the lapse/ forfeiture of share options Final 2010 dividend paid	12	-	-	-	(241)	-	241 (14,940)	- (14,940)	-	(14,940
At 31 March 2011		83,000	386,419	1,879	3,364	32,842	508,083	1,015,587	844	1,016,431

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$932,587,000 (2010: HK\$879,206,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	N/-+	2011	2010
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax		E4 000	41.066
		51,888	41,966
Adjustments for:	Г	(2.057)	(1.196)
Bank interest income	5	(2,857)	(1,186)
Finance costs	6	4,205	3,284
Depreciation	7	35,648	39,905
Amortisation of deferred expenditure	7	43,573	34,485
Write-down of inventories to net realisable value	7	14,978	10,318
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	7	257	838
Impairment of trade receivables	7	5,098	1,132
Impairment of an interest in an associate	7	1,551	2,070
Impairment of goodwill	7	_	1,744
Equity-settled share option expenses	7	2,187	110
Gain on disposal of a jointly-controlled entity	7	_	(254)
Share of losses of associates		2,292	1,256
Share of loss of a jointly-controlled entity		_	240
		158,820	135,908
Increase in inventories		(63,713)	(66,238)
Increase in trade receivables		(142,280)	(27,720)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables		7,560	(953)
Increase in trade and bills payables		16,260	120,033
Increase in other payables and accrued liabilities		24,935	35,306
Decrease in amounts due to associates		(1,493)	(518)
Decrease in an amount due to associates Decrease in an amount due to a jointly-controlled entity		(1,493)	(1,639)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		3,015	1,423
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, fiet		3,015	1,423
Cash generated from operations		3,104	195,602
Hong Kong profits tax refunded/(paid)		3,903	(5,618)
Overseas tax paid		(4,390)	(3,175)
Dividends paid		(14,940)	(8,300)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities (to be continued)		(12,323)	178,509

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

	Notes	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities (continued)		(12,323)	178,509
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		2,857	1,186
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment	14	(18,857)	(16,608)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment		925	298
Additions to deferred expenditure	16	(41,061)	(35,797)
Dividend received from an associate		_	130
Proceed from disposal of a jointly-controlled entity			3,157
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(56,136)	(47,634)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
New bank loans		76,026	_
Increase/(decrease) in import loans		11,361	(70,221)
Repayment of bank loans		(9,336)	(12,542)
Capital element of finance lease rental payments		(74)	(99)
Interest paid	6	(4,202)	(3,221)
Interest element of finance lease rental payments	6	(3)	(63)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		73,772	(86,146)
Tee cash nows from/asea in/ infancing activates		73,772	(00,140)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		5,313	44,729
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		614,407	569,292
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		3,621	386
CASH AND CASH FOLIN/ALENTS AT END OF VEAD		622 241	614 407
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		623,341	614,407
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and bank balances	22	83,178	162,521
Time deposits with original maturity of less than		22,110	,
three months when acquired	22	540,163	451,886
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of			
financial position and the consolidated statement of cash flows		623,341	614,407

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2011

		2011	2010
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
NON CURRENT ACCET			
NON-CURRENT ASSET Interests in subsidiaries	17	617 500	E22 E02
Interests in subsidiaries	17	617,599	523,592
CURRENT ASSETS			
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	21	210	234
Tax recoverable		330	_
Cash and cash equivalents	22	302,169	335,441
Total current assets		302,709	335,675
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other payables and accrued liabilities	24	817	871
Tax payable	24	017	49
Tax payable			
Total current liabilities		817	920
NET CURRENT ASSETS		301,892	334,755
Net		040 404	050 247
Net assets		919,491	858,347
EQUITY			
Issued capital	28	83,000	83,000
Reserves	30(b)	836,491	775,347
Total equity		919,491	858,347

Auyang Ho *Director*

Dr. Owyang King

Director

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2011

1. Corporate Information

Computime Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 23 June 2006 under the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands.

The registered office of the Company is located at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and the principal place of business is located at 17/F, Great Eagle Centre, 23 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group is principally engaged in research and development, design, manufacture and trading of electronic control products.

2.1 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. They are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2011. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full.

Basis of consolidation from 1 April 2010

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to the consolidated income statement or retained profits, as appropriate.

2.1 Basis of Preparation (continued)

Basis of Consolidation (continued)

Basis of consolidation prior to 1 April 2010

All of the above-mentioned requirements for consolidation from 1 April 2010 have been applied on a prospective basis. The following differences, however, are carried forward in certain instances from the previous basis of consolidation:

- Losses incurred by the Group were attributed to the non-controlling interest (formerly known as minority interest) until the balance was reduced to nil. Any further excess losses were attributable to the Company, unless the non-controlling interest had a binding obligation to cover these. Losses prior to 1 April 2010 were not reallocated between non-controlling interest and the Company's shareholders.
- Upon loss of control, the Group accounted for the investment retained at its proportionate share of net asset value at the date control was lost. The carrying amount of such investment at 1 April 2010 has not been restated.

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements. Except for in certain cases, giving rise to new and revised accounting policies and additional disclosures, the adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs has had no significant effect on these financial statements.

HKFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards
HKFRS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters
HKFRS 2 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment – Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 32 Amendment	Amendment to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation – Classification of Rights Issues
HKAS 39 Amendment	Amendment to HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Eligible Hedged Items
HK(IFRIC)-Int 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners
HKFRS 5 Amendments included in <i>Improvements to HKFRSs</i> issued in October 2008	Amendments to HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations – Plan to sell the controlling interest in a subsidiary
Improvements to HKFRSs 2009	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in May 2009
HK Interpretation 4 Amendment	Amendment to HK Interpretation 4 Leases – Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases
HK Interpretation 5	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures (continued)

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of HK Interpretation 5, the adoption of the new and revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

HK Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

The interpretation requires a loan that contains a clause that gives the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time shall be classified in total by the borrower as current in the statement of financial position. This is irrespective of whether a default event has occurred and notwithstanding any other terms and maturity stated in the loan agreement. Prior to the adoption of this interpretation, certain of the Group's bank loans were classified in the statement of financial position as non-current liability based on the maturity dates of repayment. Upon the adoption of the interpretation, these bank loans have been reclassified as a current liability. The interpretation has been applied by the Group retrospectively and comparative amounts have been reclassified. In addition, as a result of this change and as required by HKAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statement*, these financial statements also include a consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 April 2009. Further details of the bank loans are disclosed in note 25 to the financial statements.

The above change has had no effect on the consolidated income statement. The effect on the consolidated statement of financial position is summarised as follows:

	31 March 2011 HK\$'000	31 March 2010 HK\$'000	1 April 2009 HK\$'000
CURRENT LIABILITIES Increase in interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	9,336	18,672	28,008
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Decrease in interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	(9,336)	(18,672)	(28,008)

There was no impact on the net assets of the Group.

2.3 Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

HKFRS 1 Amendment Amendment to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial

Reporting Standards – Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7

Disclosures for First-time Adopters 1

HKFRS 1 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial

Reporting Standards – Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates

for First-time Adopters 3

HKFRS 7 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Transfers of

Financial Assets 3

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments 5

HKAS 12 Amendments Amendments to HKAS 12 Income Taxes – Deferred Tax: Recovery of

Underlying Assets 4

HKAS 24 (Revised) Related Party Disclosures ²

HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 Amendments Amendments to HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 Prepayments of a Minimum Funding

Requirement ²

HK(IFRIC)-Int 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments ¹

Apart from the above, the HKICPA has issued *Improvements to HKFRSs 2010* which sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. The amendments to HKFRS 3 and HKAS 27 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010, whereas the amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKAS 1, HKAS 34 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 13 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 although there are separate transitional provisions for each standard.

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012
- ⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have a significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realised upon its dissolution. The profits or losses from the joint venture's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

A joint venture is treated as:

- (a) a jointly-controlled entity, if the Group does not have unilateral control, but has joint control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture; or
- (b) an associate, if the Group does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture.

Jointly-controlled entity

A jointly-controlled entity is a joint venture that is subject to joint control, resulting in none of the participating parties having unilateral control over the economic activity of the jointly-controlled entity.

The Group's interest in a jointly-controlled entity is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of the jointly-controlled entity is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its jointly-controlled entity are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the jointly-controlled entity, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary or a jointly-controlled entity, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates is included as part of the Group's interests in associates and is not individually tested for impairment.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations from 1 April 2010

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value as at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability will be recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it shall not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Business combinations from 1 April 2010 (continued)

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other terms is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Business combinations prior to 1 April 2010 but after 1 April 2005

In comparison to the above-mentioned requirements which were applied on a prospective basis, the following differences applied to business combinations prior to 1 April 2010:

Business combinations were accounted for using the purchase method. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition formed part of the acquisition costs. The non-controlling interest was measured at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Business combinations achieved in stages were accounted for as separate steps. Any additional acquired share of interest did not affect previously recognised goodwill.

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Business combinations prior to 1 April 2010 but after 1 April 2005 (continued)

When the Group acquired a business, embedded derivatives separated from the host contract by the acquiree were not reassessed on acquisition unless the business combination resulted in a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modified the cash flows that otherwise would have been required under the contract.

Contingent consideration was recognised if, and only if, the Group had a present obligation, the economic outflow was more likely than not and a reliable estimate was determinable. Subsequent adjustments to the contingent consideration were recognised as part of goodwill.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, goodwill and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group; (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is an associate;
- (c) the party is a jointly-controlled entity;
- (d) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group;
- (e) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (d);
- (f) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (d) or (e); or
- (g) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold improvements Over the shorter of the lease term and 10%

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 10% - 33.3%Tools and machinery 10% - 33.3%Motor vehicles 10% - 33.3%

Moulds and tooling 20%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Deferred expenditure

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Deferred expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Deferred expenditure is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised using the straight-line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying products of three years, commencing from the date when the products are put into commercial production.

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land leases payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the income statement so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms

Assets acquired through hire purchase contracts of a financing nature are accounted for as finance leases, but are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

The Group's financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as loans and receivables. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance income in the income statement. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the income statement in finance costs.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the income statement.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as loans and borrowings. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and bills payables, other payables, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, amounts due to associates and non-controlling shareholders.

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and a jointly-controlled entity, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

• where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and

Income tax (continued)

• in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and a jointly-controlled entity, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) engineering, handling and testing fee income, when the underlying services have been rendered; and
- (c) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

Share-based payment transactions (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a trinomial model, further details of which are given in note 29 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph. All cancellations of equity-settled transaction awards are treated equally.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Other employee benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Other employee benefits (continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Impairment of assets

The Group has to exercise judgement in determining whether an asset is impaired or the event previously causing the asset impairment no longer exists, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred that may affect the asset value or such event affecting the asset value has not been in existence; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset or derecognition; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management to determine the level of impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment testing.

3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are disclosed below.

(a) Write-down of inventories to net realisable value

Write-down of inventories to net realisable value is made based on the ageing and estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the write-down amount requires management's estimates and judgements. Where the actual outcome or expectation in the future is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the carrying value of inventories and the write-down/write-back of inventories in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

(b) Useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment

In determining the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment, the Group has to consider various factors, such as technical or commercial obsolescence arising from changes or improvements in production, or from a change in the market demand for the product or service output of the asset, expected usage of the asset, expected physical wear and tear, the care and maintenance of the asset, and legal or similar limits on the use of the asset. The estimation of the useful life of the asset is based on the experience of the Group with similar assets that are used in a similar way. Additional depreciation is made if the estimated useful lives and/or the residual values of items of property, plant and equipment are different from previous estimation. Useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end date based on changes in circumstances.

(c) Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. A change in the estimated future cash flows and/or the discount rate applied will result in an adjustment to the estimated impairment provision previously made. The carrying amounts of goodwill at 31 March 2011 was HK\$36,420,000 (2010: HK\$36,420,000). Further details are given in note 15 to the financial statement.

4. Operating Segment Information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the building and home controls segment engages in the research and development, design, manufacture, trading and distribution of building and home control products;
- (b) the appliance controls segment engages in the research and development, design, manufacture, trading and distribution of appliance control products; and
- (c) the commercial and industrial controls segment engages in the research and development, design, manufacture, trading and distribution of commercial and industrial control products.

Management monitors the results of its operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that other income and gain, finance costs, share of losses of associates, share of loss of a jointly-controlled entity as well as corporate and unallocated expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude property, plant and equipment, club debenture, cash and cash equivalents, deferred tax assets and corporate and other unallocated assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, deferred tax liabilities and corporate and other unallocated liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

4. Operating Segment Information (continued)

Building and home controls						Total	
2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
4 004 402	077 500	4 225 474	025.064	422.546	270 220	2 664 570	2 404 004
1,004,492	977,590	1,226,4/1	935,064	433,616	2/9,330	2,664,579	2,191,984
11,333	20,953	25,252	31,170	48,482	32,813	85,067	84,936
						2,857	1,186
						9,907	11,141
						(39,446)	(50,517)
(2,292)	(1,256)	-	-	-	-	(2,292)	(3,284) (1,256)
-	(240)	-	-	-	-	_	(240)
						51,888	41,966
						4,674	(7,124)
						56 562	34,842
	2011 HK\$'000 1,004,492 11,333	controls 2011 2010 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 1,004,492 977,590 11,333 20,953 (2,292) (1,256)	controls Appliance 2011 2010 2011 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 1,004,492 977,590 1,226,471 11,333 20,953 25,252	Controls 2011 2010 2011 2010 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 1,004,492 977,590 1,226,471 935,064 11,333 20,953 25,252 31,170 (2,292) (1,256) - - -	controls Appliance controls industria 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 1,004,492 977,590 1,226,471 935,064 433,616 11,333 20,953 25,252 31,170 48,482	Controls industrial controls 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 1,004,492 977,590 1,226,471 935,064 433,616 279,330 11,333 20,953 25,252 31,170 48,482 32,813 (2,292) (1,256) - - - - -	controls industrial controls To 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 Propried of the pr

4. Operating Segment Information (continued)

	Building and home controls Appliance controls		Commercial and industrial controls		Total			
	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Assets and liabilities								
Segment assets	340,881	350,930	496,304	413,103	131,679	58,493	968,864	822,526
Interests in associates	2,311	6,154	-	-	-	-	2,311	6,154
Corporate and other unallocated	_,5	0,131					2,511	0,131
assets							936,707	913,435
Total assets							1,907,882	1,742,115
10(a) assets							1,307,002	1,742,113
Segment liabilities	22,290	20,349	19,107	22,209	2,907	689	44,304	43,247
Corporate and other unallocated								
liabilities							847,147	735,808
Total liabilities							891,451	779,055
Other segment information:								
Capital expenditure*							59,918	52,405
Depreciation							35,648	39,905
Loss on disposal of items of								
property, plant and equipment							257	838
Amortisation of deferred								
expenditure	34,169	25,253	6,984	6,094	2,420	3,138	43,573	34,485
Impairment of trade receivables	5,098	1,132	-	-	-	-	5,098	1,132
Impairment of an interest in an								
associate	1,551	2,070	-	-	-	_	1,551	2,070
Impairment of goodwill	-	1,744	_	-	_	-	-	1,744
Write-down of inventories to net								
realisable value	4,918	6,447	8,153	2,964	1,907	907	14,978	10,318

^{*} Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

4. Operating Segment Information (continued)

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers

	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
The America	1,213,581	1,030,651
Europe	1,132,192	889,327
Asia	301,270	257,905
Other regions	17,536	14,101
	2,664,579	2,191,984

The revenue information above is based on the location of the customers.

(b) Non-current assets

	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
The America	4,188	7,429
Europe	2,102	2,295
Asia	205,601	223,569
	211,891	233,293

The non-current asset information above is based on the location of assets and excludes club debenture and deferred tax assets.

Revenues from customers individually amounting to 10% or more of the Group's total revenue:

In 2011, approximately 15.7% of the Group's revenue was derived from sales to a major customer, primarily in the appliance control segment. In 2010, approximately 14.9% and 12.1% of the Group's revenue were derived from sales to two major customers, primarily in the building and home controls segment and appliance controls segment, respectively.

5. Revenue and Other Income and Gain

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns and trade discounts.

An analysis of other income and gain of the Group is as follows:

	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Bank interest income	2,857	1,186
Engineering fee income	7,475	6,907
Handling and testing fee income	850	1,182
Sale of materials	808	848
Sundry income	774	2,204
	12,764	12,327

6. Finance Costs

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

	Group		
	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	
Interest on: Bank loans and overdrafts wholly repayable within five years Finance leases	4,202 3	3,221 63	
	4,205	3,284	

7. Profit Before Tax

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	Notes	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Cost of inventories sold* Depreciation*	14	2,355,743 35,648	1,908,913 39,905
Research and development costs: Amortisation of deferred expenditure^ Current year expenditure	16	43,573 27,351	34,485 16,032
		70,924	50,517
Minimum lease payments under operating leases of land and buildings Auditors' remuneration Employee benefit expense* (including directors' remuneration – note 8):		33,046 1,692	33,677 1,467
Wages, salaries and other benefits Pension scheme contributions Provision/(write-back of provision) for untaken paid leave Equity-settled share option expenses		238,926 1,077 372 2,187	208,093 1,086 (927) 110
		242,562	208,362
Foreign exchange differences, net# Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment# Gain on disposal of a jointly-controlled entity Impairment of an interest in an associate# Impairment of goodwill# Impairment of trade receivables# Write-down of inventories to net realisable value	15 20	(12,026) 257 - 1,551 - 5,098 14,978	(2,034) 838 (254) 2,070 1,744 1,132 10,318

^{*} Employee benefit expense of HK\$156,835,000 (2010: HK\$126,094,000) and depreciation of HK\$22,632,000 (2010: HK\$23,416,000) are included in "Cost of inventories sold" above.

At 31 March 2011, the Group had no forfeited contribution available to reduce its contributions to the pension schemes in future years (2010: Nil).

[^] The amortisation of deferred expenditure for the year is included in "Administrative expenses" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

[#] Included in "Other operating income/(expenses), net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

8. Directors' Remuneration

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

	Group		
	2011	2010	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Fees	1,028	942	
Other emoluments:			
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	9,883	10,013	
Bonuses	3,698	2,050	
Equity-settled share option expenses	2,225	-	
Pension scheme contributions	12	19	
	16,846	13,024	

During the year, a director was granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 29 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options which has been recognised in the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' remuneration disclosures.

8. Directors' Remuneration (continued)

The remuneration of each of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2011 is set out below:

		Salaries, allowances and benefits		Equity- settled share option	Pension scheme	
	Fees	in kind	Bonuses	-	contributions	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors						
Mr. Auyang Ho	_	1,490	700	-	-	2,190
Dr. Owyang King	_	5,247	2,148	2,225	_	9,620
Ms. Choi Po Yee, Alice		3,146	850	_	12	4,008
	_	9,883	3,698	2,225	12	15,818
Non-executive directors						
Mr. Wong Chun Kong	145	_	_	_	_	145
Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony	159	_	_	_	_	159
Mr. Arvind Amratlal, Patel	185	_	-	_	-	185
	489	-	-	_		489
Independent non-executive directors						
Mr. Luk Koon Hoo	195	_	_	_	_	195
Mr. Patrick Thomas, Siewert	185	_	_	_	_	185
Mr. Steven Julien, Feniger	159	_	-	_	_	159
	539	-	_	-	_	539
	1,028	9,883	3,698	2,225	12	16,846

8. Directors' Remuneration (continued)

The remuneration of each of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2010 is set out below:

		Salaries, allowances and benefits		Pension scheme	
	Fees	in kind	Bonuses	contributions	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors					
Mr. Auyang Ho	_	1,430	700	_	2,130
Mr. Auyang Pak Hong, Bernard	_	5,723#	700	7	6,430
Ms. Choi Po Yee, Alice	_	2,860	650	12	3,522
	_	10,013	2,050	19	12,082
Non-executive directors					
Mr. Wong Chun Kong	135	_	_	_	135
Mr. Kam Chi Chiu, Anthony	146	_	_	_	146
Mr. Arvind Amratlal, Patel	159	_	_	_	159
	440		_		440
Independent non-executive directors					
Mr. Luk Koon Hoo	169	_	_	_	169
Mr. Patrick Thomas, Siewert	169	_	_	_	169
Mr. Steven Julien, Feniger	164	_	_		164
	502	-	_	_	502
	942	10,013	2,050	19	13,024

[#] Includes compensation for non-compete undertaking of HK\$3,060,000 as further detailed in note 34(a).

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2010: Nil).

9. Five Highest Paid Employees

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2010: two) directors, details of whose emoluments are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining two (2010: three) non-director, highest paid employees for the year are as follows:

	Group		
	2011	2010	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	4,487	6,477	
Equity-settled share option expense	(7)	16	
Pension scheme contributions	24	36	
	4,504	6,529	

The number of non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

	Number of employees			
	2011 201			
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	- 2	1 2		
	2	3		

In prior years, share options were granted to non-director, highest paid employees in respect of their services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 29 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised to the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director, highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

10. Income Tax Expense

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2010: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

Under the Corporate Income Tax Law (the "New CIT Tax Law") of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), which became effective from 1 January 2008, enterprises are subject to corporate income tax ("CIT") at a rate of 25%. Under the New CIT Tax Law, for those enterprises benefiting from lower preferential tax rates, such preferential rates will be gradually phased out by increasing them to 25% over five years.

10. Income Tax Expense (continued)

	Group		
	2011	2010	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Current – Hong Kong			
Charge for the year	4,982	5,717	
Overprovision in prior years	(13,241)	(592)	
Current – Mainland China and other regions	3,714	3,299	
Deferred (note 27)	(129)	(1,300)	
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year	(4,674)	7,124	

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the jurisdictions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates, are as follows:

	Hong Kong HK\$′000	2011 Mainland China and other regions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Profit before tax	36,269	15,619	51,888
Tax at the statutory tax rates	5,984	3,905	9,889
Differential tax rates for specific jurisdictions	_	191	191
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous periods	(13,241)	_	(13,241)
Losses attributable to associates	378	_	378
Net profits from operation not subject to tax	(2,931)	_	(2,931)
Income not subject to tax	(952)	(4,183)	(5,135)
Expenses not deductible for tax	2,520	1,326	3,846
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	(198)	_	(198)
Tax losses not recognised	52	2,475	2,527
Tax charge/(credit) at the Group's effective rate	(8,388)	3,714	(4,674)

10. Income Tax Expense (continued)

	Hong Kong HK\$′000	2010 Mainland China and other regions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
		,	
Profit/(loss) before tax	42,420	(454)	41,966
-	6.000	(4.4.4)	6.005
Tax at the statutory tax rates	6,999	(114)	6,885
Differential tax rates for specific jurisdictions	_	(2,181)	(2,181)
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous periods	(592)	_	(592)
Losses attributable to a jointly-controlled entity and			
associates	247	_	247
Net profits from operation not subject to tax	(4,847)	_	(4,847)
Income not subject to tax	(480)	_	(480)
Expenses not deductible for tax	2,434	1,920	4,354
Tax losses not recognised	64	3,674	3,738
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	3,825	3,299	7,124

11. Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2011 includes a loss of HK\$1,103,000 (2010: loss of HK\$474,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 30(b)).

12. Dividends

Dividends paid during the year

	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Final in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2010 –		
HK\$0.018 per ordinary share (2010: final dividend of HK\$0.01 per ordinary share, in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2009)	14,940	8,300
Proposed final dividends		
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Final – HK\$0.031 (2010: HK\$0.018) per ordinary share	25,730	14,940

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

13. Earnings Per Share Attributable to Owners of the Company

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$56,572,000 (2010: HK\$34,854,000) and 830,000,000 ordinary shares in issue (2010: 830,000,000 ordinary shares) during the year.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 March 2011 and 2010 in respect of a dilution as the exercise price of the share options of the Company outstanding during the two years was higher than the average market price of the Company's ordinary shares and, accordingly, such share options held have no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per ordinary shares.

14. Property, Plant and Equipment

Group

	Nata	ments	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	Tools and machinery	Motor vehicles	Moulds and tooling	Total
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 31 March 2011							
At 31 March 2010 and							
at 1 April 2010:							
Cost		56,313	108,903	251,761	3,218	12,657	432,852
Accumulated depreciation		(36,953)	(83,158)	(157,617)	(1,702)	(9,317)	(288,747)
Net carrying amount		19,360	25,745	94,144	1,516	3,340	144,105
At 1 April 2010, net of		10.260	25.745	04.144	1 516	2.240	144 105
accumulated depreciation Additions		19,360 1,359	25,745 8,434	94,144 6,247	1,516 539	3,340 2,278	144,105 18,857
Disposals and write-offs		1,559	(53)	(922)	(207)	2,270	(1,182)
Depreciation provided during			(55)	(322)	(201)		(1,102)
the year	7	(4,838)	(8,243)	(21,145)	(369)	(1,053)	(35,648)
Exchange realignment		284	551	2,066	25	-	2,926
At 31 March 2011, net of							
accumulated depreciation		16,165	26,434	80,390	1,504	4,565	129,058
At 31 March 2011:		F0 220	111 721	250,260	2.100	14.024	447.220
Cost Accumulated depreciation		59,230 (43,065)	111,721 (85,287)	258,268 (177,878)	3,186 (1,682)	14,934 (10,369)	447,339 (318,281)
Accumulated depreciation		(43,003)	(03,287)	(1//,0/8)	(1,002)	(10,509)	(310,281)
Net carrying amount		16,165	26,434	80,390	1,504	4,565	129,058
		.,	.,	, , , , , ,	,	,	.,

14. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Group

	Leasehold	Furniture,			Moulds	
	improve-	fixtures and	Tools and	Motor	and	
	ments	equipment	machinery	vehicles	tooling	Total
Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	69,358	103,048	259,647	3,644	10,667	446,364
	(44,826)	(74,561)	(149,298)	(1,467)	(8,455)	(278,607)
	24,532	28,487	110,349	2,177	2,212	167,757
	24,532	28,487	110,349	2,177	2,212	167,757
	2,322	6,192	6,105	-	1,989	16,608
	_	(119)	(758)	(259)	_	(1,136)
7	(7,577)	(9,011)	(22,049)	(407)	(861)	(39,905)
	83	196	497	5	_	781
	19,360	25,745	94,144	1,516	3,340	144,105
	=====					
	•	•		•		432,852
	(36,953)	(83,158)	(157,617)	(1,702)	(9,317)	(288,747)
	19,360	25,745	94,144	1,516	3,340	144,105
		improve- ments Note HK\$'000 69,358 (44,826) 24,532 24,532 27 7 (7,577) 83 19,360 56,313 (36,953)	improve-ments equipment Note HK\$'000 HK\$'000 69,358 103,048 (44,826) (74,561) 24,532 28,487 24,532 28,487 2,322 6,192 — (119) 7 (7,577) (9,011) 83 196 19,360 25,745 56,313 108,903 (36,953) (83,158)	improve—fixtures and ments equipment machinery Note HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 69,358 103,048 259,647 (44,826) (74,561) (149,298) 24,532 28,487 110,349 24,532 28,487 110,349 2,322 6,192 6,105 — (119) (758) 7 (7,577) (9,011) (22,049) 83 196 497 19,360 25,745 94,144 56,313 108,903 251,761 (36,953) (83,158) (157,617)	Improvements ments fixtures and equipment ments Tools and equipment machinery vehicles Motor vehicles 69,358 103,048 259,647 3,644 (44,826) (74,561) (149,298) (1,467) 24,532 28,487 110,349 2,177 2,322 6,192 6,105 - (119) (758) (259) 7 (7,577) (9,011) (22,049) (407) 83 196 497 5 19,360 25,745 94,144 1,516 56,313 108,903 251,761 3,218 (36,953) (83,158) (157,617) (1,702)	Improvements ments fixtures and equipment ments Tools and machinery vehicles Motor tooling 69,358 103,048 259,647 3,644 10,667 (44,826) (74,561) (149,298) (1,467) (8,455) 24,532 28,487 110,349 2,177 2,212 24,532 28,487 110,349 2,177 2,212 2,322 6,192 6,105 — 1,989 — (119) (758) (259) — 7 (7,577) (9,011) (22,049) (407) (861) 83 196 497 5 — 19,360 25,745 94,144 1,516 3,340 56,313 108,903 251,761 3,218 12,657 (36,953) (83,158) (157,617) (1,702) (9,317)

At 31 March 2010, the net carrying amount of the Group's property, plant and equipment held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts included in the total amount of motor vehicles amounted to HK\$145,000.

15. Goodwill

	Group		
	2011	2010	
Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
At 1 April:			
Cost	38,164	38,164	
Accumulated impairment	(1,744)	_	
Net carrying amount	36,420	38,164	
At beginning of the year, net of accumulated impairment	36,420	38,164	
Impairment during the year 7	-	(1,744)	
At 31 March, net of accumulated impairment	36,420	36,420	
At 31 March:			
Cost	38,164	38,164	
Accumulated impairment	(1,744)	(1,744)	
Net carrying amount	36,420	36,420	

Impairment testing of goodwill

Included in the balance was mainly the goodwill acquired through business combination of Asia Electronics HK Technologies Limited and Asia Electronics Technologies (Dongguan) Co. Ltd. (the "Asia Electronics Entity"), which has been regarded as one cash-generating unit for impairment testing.

The recoverable amount of the Asia Electronics Entity has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by senior management, with cash flows beyond the five-year period being extrapolated. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 5%.

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the Asia Electronics Entity was HK\$34,136,000 (2010: HK\$34,136,000) as at 31 March 2011.

15. Goodwill (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (continued)

Certain key assumptions were used in the value in use calculation of the Asia Electronics Entity for 31 March 2011. Management determined the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins based on the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, adjusted for expected efficiency improvements. Changes in revenue and costs are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market. The discount rate used is before tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant unit.

16. Intangible Assets

Group

		Deferred expenditure	
		2011	2010
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April:			
Cost		235,256	199,459
Accumulated amortisation		(188,642)	(154,157)
Net carrying amount		46,614	45,302
At beginning of year, net of accumulated amortisation		46,614	45,302
Additions		41,061	35,797
Amortisation provided during the year	7	(43,573)	(34,485)
At 31 March, net of accumulated amortisation		44,102	46,614
At 31 March:			
Cost		276,317	235,256
Accumulated amortisation		(232,215)	(188,642)
Net carrying amount		44,102	46,614

17. Interests in Subsidiaries

	Company	
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted investments, at cost	353,435	353,435
Due from subsidiaries	264,164	170,157
	617,599	523,592

At 31 March 2011, the amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and are not repayable within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

At 31 March 2010, except for the amount of HK\$64,949,000 due from a subsidiary which bore interest at rates mutually agreed by the parties with reference to the market rates, the amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and are not repayable within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	Principal activities
Computime International Limited ("CIL")	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$400	100%	Investment holding
Computime Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2,000,000	100%	Investment holding, research and development, design, manufacture and trading of electronic control products
Seccom Technologies Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	100%	Trading of electronic control products

17. Interests in Subsidiaries (continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	Principal activities
金寶通電子(深圳)有限公司 Computime Electronics (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd.*#	PRC/Mainland China	US\$14,000,000	100%	Manufacture and trading of electronic control products
Clovis Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Trading of electronic control products
Computime (N.A.) Technology Centre, Inc.*	United States of America	N/A	100%	Provision of administrative customer service, engineering and research and development support services
Salus Controls Plc*	United Kingdom	GBP1,000,000	100%	Distribution and trading of electronic control products
Salus Controls GmbH*	Germany	EURO25,000	100%	Distribution and trading of electronic control products
Asia Electronics HK Technologies Limited ("AEHK")	Hong Kong	HK\$23,250,000	100%	Trading of electronic control products
Asia Electronics Technologies (Dongguan) Co. Ltd. ("AEDG")*#	PRC/Mainland China	US\$3,000,000	100%	Manufacture of electronic control products

^{*} Not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network

Except for CIL, all the above subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

^{*} Registered as a wholly-owned foreign enterprise under the PRC law

18. Interests in Associates

	Group	
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Share of net assets	5,887	8,179
Goodwill on acquisition	1,558	1,558
	7,445	9,737
Provision for impairment*	(5,134)	(3,583)
	2,311	6,154

^{*} An impairment was recognised for the interest in an associate because the recoverable amount of the interest in the associate was lower than the carrying amount as it has been loss-making for some time. The directors assessed the recoverable amount of the interest in the associate and considered that a provision for impairment of HK\$1,551,000 (2010: HK\$2,070,000) should be made for the interest in the associate during the year.

The Group's trade receivable balances with the associates are disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

Particulars of the principal associate are as follows:

Name	Particulars of issued shares held	Place of incorporation	ownership interest attributable to the Group	Principal activity
Braeburn Systems LLC*	N/A	United States of America	27%	Trading of electronic products

^{*} Not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network

The above table lists the associate of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

The financial years of the Group's associates are not coterminous with that of the Group and have financial years ending 31 December. The consolidated financial statements are adjusted for the material transactions between the associates and the Group between 1 January and 31 March.

Percentage of

18. Interests in Associates (continued)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's associates extracted from their management accounts:

	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets	81,062	72,661
Liabilities	65,437	48,547
Revenue	85,813	77,301
Loss	(8,489)	(4,654)

19. Inventories

	Group	
	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Raw materials	312,042	275,777
Work in progress	46,764	55,927
Finished goods	158,457	136,824
	517,263	468,528

20. Trade Receivables

	Group	
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	532,084	389,804
Impairment	(12,336)	(7,238)
	519,748	382,566

20. Trade Receivables (continued)

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit. The credit period granted to customers generally ranges from one to three months. The Group maintains strict credit control over its customers and outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at end of the reporting period, based on the payment due date and net of provisions, is as follows:

	Group	
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 1 month	489,806	353,712
1 to 2 months	20,418	23,302
2 to 3 months	4,775	2,283
Over 3 months	4,749	3,269
	519,748	382,566

The movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	Group	
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April	7,238	6,106
Impairment losses recognised (note 7)	5,098	1,132
At 31 March	12,336	7,238

Included in the above provision for impairment of trade receivables is a provision for individually impaired trade receivables of HK\$12,336,000 (2010: HK\$7,238,000) with a carrying amount before provision of HK\$17,120,000 (2010: HK\$16,653,000). The individually impaired trade receivables relate to balances that were in disputes. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

20. Trade Receivables (continued)

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

	Group	
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Neither past due nor impaired	441,065	308,264
Less than 1 month past due	47,032	37,605
1 to 3 months past due	24,270	24,263
Over 3 months past due	2,597	3,019
	514,964	373,151

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

Included in the Group's trade receivables are amounts due from the Group's associate of HK\$10,209,000 (2010: HK\$3,366,000) which are repayable on similar credit terms to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

21. Prepayments, Deposits and Other Receivables

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances related to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

22. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Group		Company	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash and bank balances	83,178	162,521	267	357
Time deposits	540,163	451,886	301,902	335,084
	623,341	614,407	302,169	335,441

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's cash and bank balances denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to HK\$218,970,000 (2010: HK\$60,784,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under the Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

23. Trade and Bills Payables

An aged analysis of trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the payment due date, is as follows:

	Group	
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 1 month	432,430	431,131
1 to 2 months	14,823	6,823
2 to 3 months	2,433	1,964
Over 3 months	14,764	8,272
	464,450	448,190

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and generally have payment terms ranging from one to three months.

24. Other Payables and Accrued Liabilities

The Group's and the Company's other payables and accrued liabilities are non-interest-bearing and have payment terms ranging from one to three months.

25. Interest-Bearing Bank and Other Borrowings

Group

	31 March 2011		3.	1 March 2010			1 April 2009		
	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	HK\$'000	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	HK\$'000 (Restated)	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	HK\$'000 (Restated)
Current									
Finance lease payables (note 26)	_	_	_	3.25 – 4.25	2010	74	3.50 – 6.25	2009	99
Bank loans – unsecured	0.48 - 1.52	2011	94,698	0.45 – 2.16	2010	28,008	0.70 - 6.36	2009	40,550
Import loans	0.80 - 1.90	2011	161,062	0.80 – 1.54	2010	149,701	1.05 – 5.73	2009	219,922
			255,760			177,783			260,571
Non-current Finance lease payables (note 26)	-	-		+	-		3.05 – 6.25	2010	74
			255,760			177,783			260,645

25. Interest-Bearing Bank and Other Borrowings (continued)

	31 March 2011 HK\$'000	31 March 2010 HK\$'000	1 April 2009 HK\$'000
Analysed into:			
Bank loans repayable:			
Within one year or on demand*	255,760	177,709	260,472
Finance leases repayable: Within one year or on demand (note 26) In the second year (note 26)	- -	74 -	99 74
	-	74	173
	255,760	177,783	260,645

^{*} As further explained in notes 2.2 and 37 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of HK Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause in the current reporting period, the Group's bank loans in the amount of HK\$9,336,000 (2010: HK\$18,672,000) containing a repayment on demand clause have been reclassified as current liabilities. For the purpose of the above analysis, these bank loans are included within current interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and analysed into bank loans within one year or on demand.

Based on the maturity terms of the bank loans, the amounts repayable in respect of the bank loans are: HK\$246,424,000 (2010: HK\$159,037,000) payable with one year or on demand; HK\$9,336,000 (2010: HK\$9,336,000) payable in the second year; and Nil (2010: HK\$9,336,000) payable in the third to fifth years, inclusive.

Other interest rate information:

	Fixed rate		Floating rate	
	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Finance lease payables	_	74	_	_
Bank loans – unsecured	_	_	255,760	177,709

Except for an unsecured bank loans of approximately HK\$37,553,000 and HK\$38,473,000 denominated in Great British Pound ("GBP") and Euro, respectively (2010: approximately HK\$1,487,000 denominated in the United States dollars) at 31 March 2011, all other borrowings were denominated in Hong Kong dollars at 31 March 2011.

At 31 March 2011, the Company has executed guarantees in respect of borrowing facilities granted to certain of the Company's subsidiaries (note 33(a)).

26. Finance Lease Payables

The Group leases certain of its tools and machinery, motor vehicles and office equipment. These leases are classified as finance leases and have remaining lease terms of one year for the year ended 31 March 2010.

At 31 March 2011, the total future minimum lease payments under finance leases and their present values were as follows:

Group

	Minimum lea	se payments	Present v	
	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
A va a v va ta v va a v va la la v	3334 333		11114 000	1114 000
Amounts repayable: Within one year In the second year	_	77	_	74
·		77		7.4
Total minimum finance lease payments	_	77		74
Future finance charges	_	(3)		
Total net finance lease payables	-	74		
Portion classified as current liabilities (note 25)	_	(74)		
Long term portion (note 25)	_	_		

27. Deferred Tax

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and asset during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities Group

	Provision against inventories HK\$'000	Depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation HK\$'000	Deferred expenditure HK\$'000	Net deferred tax liabilities HK\$'000
	, , , , ,	,	,	,
At 1 April 2009	(834)	4,901	5,062	9,129
Deferred tax credited to the income statement during the year (note 10)	-	(1,195)	(305)	(1,500)
At 31 March 2010 and 1 April 2010	(834)	3,706	4,757	7,629
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement during the year (note 10)	_	(664)	35	(629)
At 31 March 2011	(834)	3,042	4,792	7,000

27. Deferred Tax (continued)

Deferred tax asset **Group**

	Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits HK\$'000
At 1 April 2009	(700)
Deferred tax charged to the income statement during the year (note 10)	200
At 31 March 2010 and 1 April 2010	(500)
Deferred tax charged to the income statement during the year (note 10)	500
At 31 March 2011	_

The Group has unrecognised tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$3,192,000 (2010: HK\$2,877,000) and in other region of HK\$39,210,000 (2010: HK\$29,309,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

At 31 March 2011, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately HK\$32,816,000 at 31 March 2011 (2010: HK\$27,895,000).

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

28. Share Capital

Share

	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Authorised: 5,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	500,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid:		
830,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	83,000	83,000

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share options issued under the scheme are included in note 29 to the financial statements.

29. Share Option Scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operation. Eligible participants of the Scheme include directors (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors) and employees of the Group, any advisors, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters or service providers of any member of the Group. The Scheme was adopted on 15 September 2006 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of shares to be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue at any time. The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued under share options to each eligible participant under the Scheme (including both exercised and outstanding options) within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, is subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors of the Company. In addition, any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue and with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, is subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

29. Share Option Scheme (continued)

As at the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme is 70,284,000, representing approximately 8.5% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this report.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, which may commence from the date of offer of the share options, and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of offer of the share options.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of offer of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

	weighted average exercise price HK\$ per share	Number of options
A. 4 A. 'I 2000	4.75	2 770 000
At 1 April 2009	1.75	2,778,000
Lapsed/forfeited during the year	1.75	(372,000)
At 31 March 2010 and 1 April 2010	1.75	2,406,000
Granted during the year	1.05	8,000,000
Lapsed/forfeited during the year	1.75	(570,000)
At 31 March 2011	1.18	9,836,000

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29. Share Option Scheme (continued)

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

2011

Number of options	Exercise price* HK\$ per share	Exercise period
612	1.75	31 August 2008 to 30 August 2017
612	1.75	31 August 2009 to 30 August 2017
612	1.75	31 August 2010 to 30 August 2017
2,400	1.05	30 April 2011 to 29 April 2020
2,400	1.05	30 April 2012 to 29 April 2020
3,200	1.05	30 April 2013 to 29 April 2020
9,836		

2010

Exercise period	Exercise price* HK\$ per share	Number of options '000
31 August 2008 to 30 August 2017	1.75	802
31 August 2009 to 30 August 2017	1.75	802
31 August 2010 to 30 August 2017	1.75	802
		2,406

^{*} The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

The fair value of the share options granted during the year was HK\$4,171,000 (HK\$0.52 each) (2010: Nil). The Group recognised a share option expense of HK\$2,187,000 (2010: HK\$110,000) during the year ended 31 March 2011.

29. Share Option Scheme (continued)

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year was estimated as at the date of grant, using a trinomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

	2011
Exercise price (HK\$)	1.05
Dividend yield (%)	2.68
Expected volatility (%)	55.69
Historical volatility (%)	55.69
Risk-free interest rate (%)	2.88
Expected life of options (years)	10

The expected life of the options is based on the contractual life and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

On 30 April 2010, a total of 8,000,000 share options were granted to a director of the Company in respect of his service to the Group in the forthcoming years. 2,400,000, 2,400,000 and 3,200,000 of these share options vest on 30 April 2011, 30 April 2012 and 30 April 2013, respectively, and have an exercise price of HK\$1.05 per share and an exercise period ranging from 30 April 2011 to 29 April 2020. The price of the Company's shares at the date of grant was HK\$1.05 per share.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 9,836,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme which represented approximately 1.19% of the Company's shares. The exercise in full of the remaining share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 9,836,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$984,000 and share premium of HK\$10,629,000 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 9,716,000 share options outstanding under the scheme, which represented approximately 1.17% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

2011

30. Reserves

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

The Group's contributed surplus represents (i) the excess of the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the reorganisation of certain subsidiaries of the Group which took place in a prior year, over the nominal value of CIL's shares issued in exchange therefor; and (ii) the excess of the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

(b) Company

	Note	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Share option reserve	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2009		386,419	353,435	1,308	42,849	784,011
Equity-settled share option arrangements Total comprehensive loss for the		-	-	110	-	110
year		-	-	-	(474)	(474)
2009 final dividends declared and paid	12		_	_	(8,300)	(8,300)
At 31 March 2010 and 1 April 2010		386,419	353,435	1,418	34,075	775,347
Equity-settled share option arrangements Transfer of share option reserve		-	-	2,187	-	2,187
upon forfeiture of share option		_	_	(241)	241	_
Total comprehensive income for the year 2010 final dividends declared and		-	-	-	73,897*	73,897
paid paid	12	-	-	-	(14,940)	(14,940)
At 31 March 2011		386,419	353,435	3,364	93,273	836,491

^{*} The balance includes dividend from a subsidiary of HK\$75,000,000.

The Company's contributed surplus represents the excess of the fair value of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

31. Operating Lease Arrangements

The Group leases certain of its office properties, warehouses, factories and staff quarters under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to ten years (2010: one to ten years).

At 31 March 2011, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive After five years	20,620 39,338 277	21,936 40,743 -
	60,235	62,679

32. Commitments

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 31 above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

	Group	
	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Contracted, but not provided for:		
Leasehold improvements Plant and machinery	28 120	316 1,775
Others	_	93
	148	2,184

At the end of the reporting period, the Company did not have any significant commitments.

33. Contingent Liabilities

At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

(a) Banking facilities

	Group		Com	pany
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Corporate guarantees given to banks in respect of facilities granted to subsidiaries	-	-	749,256	776,046
Amount of bank facilities guaranteed by the Company and utilised by subsidiaries	_	_	255,760	177,709

(b) A subsidiary of the Company is involved in a dispute with a third party, who is alleging that the subsidiary has infringed patent and is seeking for value in dispute of EURO750,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$8,243,000). The decision of the relevant district court dated 22 December 2009 was favourable to the subsidiary and the third party has appealed the decision to the relevant higher regional court. Taking into consideration of the advice from the Group's lawyer, the directors consider the subsidiary has valid defence against the claim and therefore no provision was made as at 31 March 2011.

34. Related Party and Connected Transaction

In addition to the transactions and balances set out elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following significant related party transactions during the year.

(a) The Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

		Gro	up
		2011	2010
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Associates			
Sales of finished goods	<i>(i)</i>	48,416	39,523
A former director			
Consultancy fee	(ii)	1,190	850
Compensation for non-compete undertaking	(iii)	_	3,060

Notes:

- (i) The sales were made with reference to the prices and conditions offered to the major customers of the Group.
- (ii) The consultancy fee was paid to Whalley Holdings Limited, which is wholly-owned by Mr. Auyang Pak Hong, Bernard ("Bernard"), a former director of the Group and the son of Mr. Auyang Ho, who is the major beneficial shareholder, a director and the Chairman of the Company, who resigned on 1 November 2009, for the advisory services provided to the Group at a monthly fee of HK\$170,000 for the period from 1 November 2009 to 31 October 2010. The agreement constituted a connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules
- (iii) Upon the resignation of Bernard in 2009, as referred to note (ii) above, the Company and Bernard signed a termination agreement including a non-compete undertaking at a consideration of HK\$3,060,000 for 18 months from 1 November 2010 to 30 April 2012. The agreement constitutes a connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(b) Transactions with a connected person

Details of consultancy fee paid to Bernard are set out in note 34(a)(ii) above.

34. Related Party and Connected Transaction (continued)

(c) Outstanding balances with related parties

		Group	
		2011	2010
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balances due to associates	<i>(i)</i>	(62)	(1,555)

Note:

(d) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Short term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	25,238 219	27,139 192
	25,457	27,331

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

⁽i) The balances with associates are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and have no specific terms of repayment. Details of the Group's trade balances with its associates as at the end of the reporting period are disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

35. Financial Instruments by Category

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Group

Financial assets

	Loans and receivables	
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	519,748	382,566
Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	6,655	9,281
Cash and cash equivalents	623,341	614,407
	1,149,744	1,006,254

Financial liabilities

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	
	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade and bills payables	464,450	448,190
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	54,538	43,503
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	255,760	177,783
Amounts due to associates	62	1,555
Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders	160	160
	774,970	671,191

All the Company's financial assets as at 31 March 2010 and 2011, including amounts due from subsidiaries, deposits and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents, are categorised as loans and receivables.

All the Company's financial liabilities as at 31 March 2010 and 2011, including other payables, are categorised as financial liabilities at amortised cost.

36 Fair Value

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments approximate to their fair values.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The fair values of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, balances with subsidiaries, cash and cash equivalents, trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, and balances with associates and non-controlling shareholders approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

37. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise bank loans, finance leases, cash and bank balances and time deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and other receivables, deposits, and trade, bills and other payables and accruals, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Management meets periodically to analyse and formulate measurements to manage the Group's exposure to financial risks. Generally, the Group employs a conservative strategy regarding its risk management.

(i) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The interest rates and the terms of repayment of the Group's bank and other borrowings are disclosed in note 25. The Group did not use any derivative instruments to hedge against its exposure to interest rate risk.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on interest-bearing bank borrowings and bank deposits) and the Group's equity.

(i) Interest rate risk (continued)

	Increase/ (decrease) in basis points	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax HK\$'000	Increase/ (decrease) in equity HK\$'000
2011			
Hong Kong dollar	50	(845)	(845)
United States dollar	50	1,855	1,855
Hong Kong dollar	(50)	845	845
United States dollar	(50)	(1,855)	(1,855)
2010			
Hong Kong dollar	50	(703)	(703)
United States dollar	50	2,465	2,465
Hong Kong dollar	(50)	703	703
Hong Kong dollar	(50)		
United States dollar	(50)	(2,465)	(2,465)

(ii) Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market rate relates primarily to the Group's sales and purchases which are mainly denominated in United States dollar and, to a lesser extent, Euro zone currencies. Certain production and operating overheads of the Group's production facilities in Mainland China are denominated in RMB. Due to the fact that the Hong Kong dollar is pegged to the United States dollar, the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk regarding United States dollar is low.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of certain trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, bank and other borrowings and trade and other payables which are denominated in RMB and Euro at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the respective exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax and equity (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities, including trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and trade and other payables).

(ii) Foreign currency risk (continued)

	Increase/ (decrease) in RMB/Euro rate %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax HK\$'000	Increase/ (decrease) in equity HK\$'000
2011 If Hong Kong dollar weakens against RMB If Hong Kong dollar weakens against Euro	5	9,943	8,784
	5	308	397
If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against RMB	(5)	(9,943)	(8,784)
If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against Euro	(5)	(308)	(397)
2010 If Hong Kong dollar weakens against RMB If Hong Kong dollar weakens against Euro	5 5	2,273 2,137	1,304 2,097
If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against RMB If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against Euro	(5)	(2,273)	(1,304)
	(5)	(2,137)	(2,097)

(iii) Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. Outstanding receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis. In addition, the Group had no significant historical bad debt record in prior years. Accordingly, the Group's exposure to credit risk is not significant.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents and other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

Since the Group trades only with creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentrations of credit risk are managed by customer/counterparty, by geographical region and by industry sector. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk with the Group as the customer bases of the Group's trade receivables were widely dispersed in different sectors and industries.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

(iv) Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts, loans and finance leases. In addition, banking facilities have been put in place for contingency purposes.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

Group

2011

	Within 1 year/ On demand HK\$'000
Trade and bills payables	464,450
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	54,538
Amounts due to associates	62
Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders	160
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings*	255,760
	774,970

Group

2010

	Within 1 year/ On demand HK\$'000
Trade and bills payables	448,190
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	43,503
Amounts due to associates	1,555
Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders	160
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings*	177,783
	671,191

^{*} Included in interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are bank loans of HK\$9,336,000 (2010: HK\$18,672,000) containing a repayment on demand clause giving the lender the unconditional right to call the loans at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, these amounts are classified as "on demand".

(iv) Liquidity risk (continued)

Notwithstanding the above repayment on demand clause, the directors do not believe that the bank loans will be called in their entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the bank loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the respective agreements. This evaluation was made tailoring into consideration the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments of principal amounts on time. In accordance with the terms of the bank loans, the maturity amounts at 31 March 2011 is HK\$9,336,000 in 2012, HK\$9,336,000 in 2011, HK\$9,336,000 in 2012, and HK\$9,336,000 in 2013).

Company

	2011	2010
	Within	Within
	one year/	one year/
	On demand	On demand
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Other payables	406	472
Guarantee given to banks in connection with		
facilities granted to subsidiaries	255,760	177,709
	256,166	178,181

(v) Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2011 and 2010.

The Group's capital comprises all components of equity. As at 31 March 2011, the Group had net cash of HK\$367,581,000 (2010: HK\$436,624,000), representing total cash and cash equivalents less total interest-bearing bank and other borrowings.

The Group is subject to capital requirements imposed by various banks for banking facilities granted. During the year, the Group has complied with the capital requirements imposed by these banks.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2011

38. Comparative Information

As further explained in note 2.2 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of new and revised HKFRSs during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items and balances in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified and restated to conform with the current year's presentation and accounting treatment, and a third statement of financial position as at 1 April 2009 has been presented.

39. Approval of the Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 June 2011.

Financial Summary

Results

	Year ended 31 March				
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
DEVENUE	2 664 570	2 404 004	2 205 005	2 274 075	2 002 002
REVENUE	2,664,579	2,191,984	2,395,805	2,274,075	2,003,003
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	51,888	41,966	24,438	117,000	170,288
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	4,674	(7,124)	(3,915)	(11,695)	(12,101)
-		,			
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	56,562	34,842	20,523	105,305	158,187
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:					
Owners of the Company	56,572	34,854	20,548	105,351	153,185
Non-controlling interests	(10)	(12)	(25)	(46)	5,002
	56,562	34,842	20,523	105,305	158,187
		<u> </u>			
Assets, Liabilities and Minorit	ty Interests				
			4 24 Manul		
	2011	2010	s at 31 March 2009	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
TOTAL ASSETS	1,907,882	1,742,115	1,644,825	1,802,493	1,585,346
TOTAL LIABILITIES	(891,451)	(779,055)	(711,007)	(872,704)	(722,861)
NIET ACCETC	4.046.424	063.060	022.010	020 700	062.405
NET ASSETS	1,016,431	963,060	933,818	929,789	862,485
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO					
OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	1,015,587	962,206	932,952	928,898	861,167
2 2	1,012,207	332,230	-552,552	323,33	23.,.07
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	844	854	866	891	1,318
TOTAL EQUITY	1,016,431	963,060	933,818	929,789	862,485