

中國長遠控股有限公司 China Fortune Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability, carrying on business in Hong Kong as CFH Limited) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司,以CFH Limited之名稱於香港進行業務) Stock Code 股份代號: 0110



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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Chairman and Executive Director Mr. Lau Siu Ying Executive Directors Mr. Luo Xi Zhi Mr. Wang Yu Non-executive Director Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Chen Yi Gang

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lam Man Kit

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor *(Committee Chairman)* Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor *(Committee Chairman)* Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lau Siu Ying *(Committee Chairman)* Mr. Wang Yu Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Chen Yi Gang

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda.

董事會

主席兼執行董事

劉小鷹先生

執行董事

羅習之先生 王愚先生

非執行董事

馮靄業先生

獨立非執行董事

鄭永勝先生 黃烈初先生 陳亦剛先生

公司秘書

林文傑先生

審核委員會

鄭永勝先生*(委員會主席)* 黃烈初先生 馮靄業先生

薪酬委員會

鄭永勝先生*(委員會主席)* 黃烈初先生 馮靄業先生

提名委員會

劉小鷹先生*(委員會主席)* 王愚先生 鄭永勝先生 黃烈初先生 陳亦剛先生

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda.

Corporate Information 公司資料

HONG KONG HEAD OFFICE

Room 1505-07, Tower A, Regent Centre, 63 Wo Yi Hop Road, Kwai Chung, Hong Kong.

CHINA HEAD OFFICE

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SHANGHAI OFFICE

Room 328, Xin Mao Lou, 2 Tai Zhong Nan Lu, Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone, Shanghai, PRC.

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited 6 Front Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda.

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Abacus Limited 26/F., Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

AUDITOR

BDO Limited

LEGAL ADVISOR

Conyers Dill & Pearman

PRINCIPAL BANKER

China Merchants Bank

CORPORATE WEBSITES

www.fortunetele.com www.chinafortune.com

STOCK CODE

110

香港總辦事處

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中國總辦事處

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上海辦事處

中國 上海外高橋保税區 台中南路2號新貿樓328室

主要股份登記及過戶處

HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited 6 Front Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda.

股份登記及過戶處香港分處

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 香港 灣仔皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

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法律顧問

Conyers Dill & Pearman

主要往來銀行

招商銀行

公司網站

www.fortunetele.com www.chinafortune.com

股份代號

110

Corporate Profile 公司簡介

China Fortune Holdings Limited ("China Fortune" or the "Group"), formerly named Fortune Telecom Holdings Limited, mainly distributes mobile phones and digital products in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The Group was established in Hong Kong in 1992. It was first listed on the GEM Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock code: 8040) on 16th February, 2000, and then successfully shifted to the Main Board (Stock code: 110) on 26th January, 2004. The Group has a strong shareholder background and well operational and professional management team.

The Group is the sole Nokia fulfillment distributor for all Nokia Stores in the PRC. Besides, the Group owns a retail chain in Zhuhai, the PRC for selling mobile phones and telecommunication equipments.

In 2009, the Group acquired a Strontium mining site in the PRC, as its first step in entering the natural resource industry.

The corporate culture of the Group rests on the integration of the West and the East, modern and traditional management philosophy, with an aim to build up a "Continuous Learning Enterprise". The corporate spirit of China Fortune focuses on "Human Enterprise". Under the leadership of its aspiring and energetic management, China Fortune's staff will team up and move towards the Group's goal of ranking as one of the largest and best wireless communication and data products and services providers in the region.

曺 鳴 達

REMINDA

Subsidiary:

附屬公司:

移動電話零售連鎖

Mobile Phone Retail Chain

中國長遠控股有限公司(「中國長遠」或「本集 團」)(前稱長遠電信網絡集團有限公司)主要 在中華人民共和國(「中國」)分銷移動電話和 數碼產品。本集團於一九九二年在香港成立,首 先於二零零零年二月十六日在香港聯合交易所 有限公司創業板上市(股份代號:8040),及後 於二零零四年一月二十六日成功轉至主板上市 (股份代號:110)。本集團擁有強大之股東背景 及盡職之專業管理團隊。

本集團為所有諾基亞專賣店之唯一諾基亞配送 貨運分銷商。此外,本集團亦於中國珠海擁有一 間零售連鎖店,銷售移動電話及電訊設備。

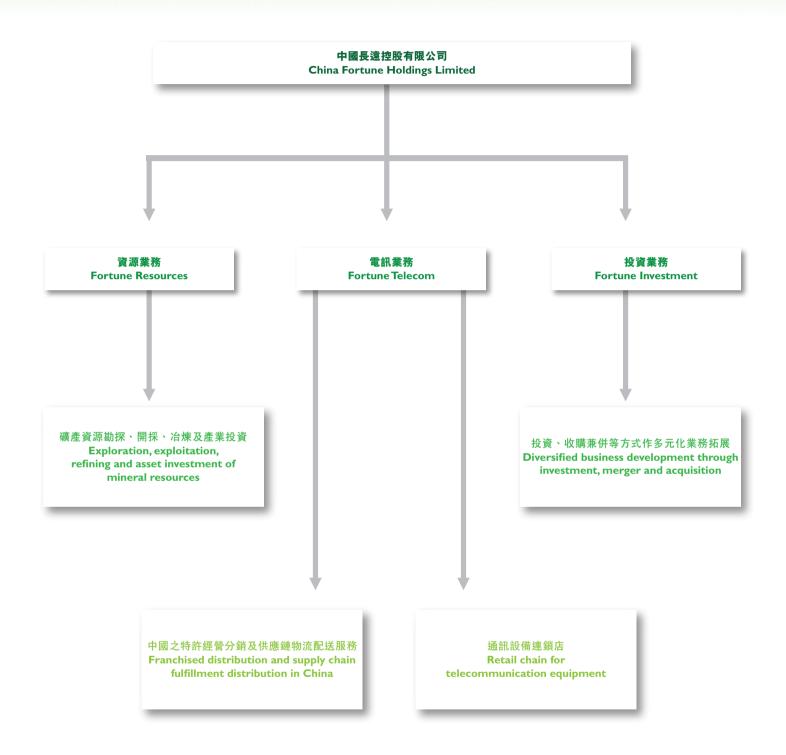
二零零九年,本集團收購了中國一家鍶礦場,作 為其涉足天然資源行業之第一步。

揉合中西文化、兼收傳統及現代之管理哲學,乃 本集團之企業文化,以達致「注重長遠,天天進 步」之宗旨。「人為本,企業為家」乃中國長遠之 企業精神。在有幹勁及魄力之管理層領導下,中 國長遠全體員工定將團結一致,實踐本集團之 目標,成為區內最大及最佳之無線通訊及數據 產品服務供應商之一。

Major Business Partner: 主要業務夥伴:



Business Structure 業務架構



Corporate Milestones 企業里程

1992

The former trading arm of the Group - Express Fortune Limited ("EFL") was founded by Mr. Lau Siu
Ying and his brothers in Hong Kong.
劉小鷹先生及其兄弟於香港創立長遠有限公司(「長遠」)-本集團前身之貿易旗艦。

1992-94

EFL became one of Nokia's earliest authorised distributors in the PRC. 長遠成為諾基亞最早中國指定代理商之一。

1997

Commenced Fortune Telecom Group's franchise retail business in the PRC. 於中國開展長遠電信集團之專營權零售業務。

2000

2.16	Listed on the GEM Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock code: 8040). 於香港聯交所創業板上市 (股份代號: 8040)。
4.5	

12A US\$12 million syndicated loan was successfully arranged.
成功安排一項12,000,000美元之銀團貸款。

2001

7	Completed the acquisition of 51% shareholdings of Synergy Pacific (Holding) Limited ("Synergy
	Pacific").
	完成收購長遠智揚(控股)有限公司(「長遠智揚」)之51%股權。

2002

5	Fortune Shanghai was acknowledged by Shanghai Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone Management Committee as one of the best enterprises for commodity sales. 長遠上海獲上海外高橋保税區管理委員會譽為商品銷售額績優企業之一。
9	A HK\$160 million syndicated loan was successfully arranged. 成功安排一項160,000,000港元之銀團貸款。
2003	
3	The Group has achieved a record annual sale of 2.1 million sets of mobile phones and a record net profit over HK\$60 million. 本集團創下年銷二百一十萬台移動電話和超過六千萬港元純利的紀錄。
6	For a consecutive year, Fortune Shanghai was again acknowledged by Shanghai Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone Management Committee as one of the best enterprises for commodity sales. 連續第二年,長遠上海再度獲上海外高橋保税區管理委員會譽為商品銷售額績優企業之一。

Corporate Milestones 企業里程

2004	
1.26	Listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock code: 110). 於香港聯交所主板上市 (股份代號 : 110)。
2005	
9	A US\$16 million syndicated loan was successfully arranged. 成功安排一項16,000,000美元之銀團貸款。
11	Fortune Shanghai increased its share capital from US\$6 million to US\$25 million. 長遠上海將其股本由6,000,000美元增加至25,000,000美元。
12	Successfully completed the acquisition of 100% shareholdings of Synergy Technologies (Asia) Limited, and the disposal of 46% shareholdings of Synergy Pacific. 成功完成收購Synergy Technologies (Asia) Limited之100%股權及出售長遠智揚之46%股權。
2006	
1	Newly obtained the nationwide distributorship of Samsung mobile phones. 新取得三星移動電話之全國分銷權。
9	Successfully obtained the Fulfillment Distributorship for all Nokia Stores in the PRC. 成功取得中國所有諾基亞專賣店之配送貨運分銷權。
2007	
2	Contracted to acquire 51% stake in Zhuhai Reminda Telecom Equipment Company Limited (珠海市雷鳴達通訊設備有限公司) and completed the acquisition in October 2007. 訂約收購珠海市雷鳴達通訊設備有限公司之51%股權,並於二零零七年十月完成收購。
9	Formed a joint venture with TeleChoice International Limited for the Nokia fulfillment business. 與TeleChoice International Limited成立一間合營公司,從事諾基亞配送貨運業務。
10.18	Name changed to China Fortune Holdings Limited. 更名為中國長遠控股有限公司。
2009	
12.23	Completed the acquisition of 50.8% interest in Sifa Mining which has the right to conduct mining activities in a Celestite (Strontium), Zinc and Lead mining site situated in the Hubei Province, the PRC. 成功收購有權於中國湖北省一個天青石(鍶)、鋅及鉛礦場進行採礦活動的鍶發礦業共50.8%股權。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書



Lau Siu Ying 劉小鷹 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer 主席兼首席執行官

Dear shareholders,

REVIEW

The fulfillment distribution business for Nokia Stores, contributing to more than 90% of the Group's revenue, continued to make significant contribution to the overall performance of the Group during the year. On 11th February, 2011, Nokia and Microsoft announced their partnership plan to combine assets and develop innovative mobile products on an unprecedented scale. We believe this move of Nokia can further enhance its competitiveness in the industry. Besides, the mining business is now developing a new mining site exploitation system which is expected to be completed before the end of year 2013, and further exploitation can commence the soonest at the end of 2012.

各位股東:

回顧

諾基亞專賣店配送貨運分銷業務於年內為本集 團貢獻超過90%收益,繼續為本集團年內之整 體表現作出重大貢獻。於二零一一年二月十一 日,諾基亞與微軟發佈合作計劃將資產合併,以 前所未有之規模開發創新流動產品。本集團相 信,諾基亞將可藉此進一步提升其於業內之競 爭力。此外,採礦業務正發展一套全新礦地開採 系統,預期系統將於二零一三年年底前完成,並 預期最快約於二零一二年年尾將可開始進一步 開採。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES

The world becomes even more and more challenging nowadays, so as the mobile phone industry in the PRC. The PRC is one of the strongest countries in terms of economic performance, and with its huge internal consumption and room for expansion. Though with keen competition, development potential is still enormous. The Group will continue to strengthen our existing relationship with the leading manufacturer to look for further cooperation opportunities.

With a view to diversify the business of the Group, the Group is actively looking for opportunities which will further enhance the shareholders' value.

APPRECIATION

Finally, I wish to sincerely thank our employees and business partners for their continued dedication and commitment to the Group, and I would like to express my appreciation to our financial institutions, shareholders and investors for their continuing supports and trust towards the Group.

Lau Siu Ying Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 30th March, 2012

機會與挑戰

現時,全球經濟和中國移動電話市場所面對的困 難日益加劇。中國擁有龐大內部消費和增長空 間,是世界經濟強國之一,即使競爭十分激烈, 仍有巨大發展潛力。本集團會不斷加強與領先 製造商的現有關係,爭取更多合作機會。

本集團正積極物色可進一步提升股東價值之商 機,使業務更多元化發展。

致謝

最後,本人謹藉此機會,衷心感謝各僱員及業務 夥伴一直對本集團傾力襄助,並謹此就各財務 機構、股東及投資者對本集團之鼎力支持及信 賴致謝。

劉小鷹 主席兼首席執行官

香港,二零一二年三月三十日

REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

Financial Review

In an industry like the current telecommunication one with such an increasing velocity of change and fierce competitions, being a fulfillment distributor for Nokia Stores in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") since 2006, we have to adjust our business strategy in order to go along with Nokia and keep us valuable and competitive. In the current year, we accepted a lower turnover level in the Nokia fulfillment distribution business for the sake in obtaining a better gross margin, and as a result, the Group made a net profit of HK\$11 million in this year, as compared to last year of HK\$15.6 million. Although the net profit dropped in this year, the segment profit of our mobile phone business increased from HK\$27.7 million in last year to HK\$35 million in the current year.

For our mining business which was undergoing the development and construction of a new mining exploitation system throughout the year, no exploitation of minerals was made. The revenue in the current year represented selling out the inventories previously exploited which was limited in volume and as a result, this segment revenue dropped and recorded a loss in the year.

Owing to the above factors, the Group recorded a drop in the consolidated revenue from HK\$2,544.1 million in last year to HK\$1,765.9 million in this year. The gross profit amounted to HK\$61.3 million, a slight decrease when compared to the last year of HK\$64.8 million. However, the gross margin percentage during the year was 3.5% which was higher than the last year of 2.5% due to the improved gross margin achieved in the fulfillment distribution business in this year.

Included in the other gains and losses in last year was a oneoff write back of HK\$7.9 million from an amount due to a noncontrolling shareholder of Sifa Mining. The post-tax net effect of this write back in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income was HK\$5.9 million. No such write-back was recognised in this year.

回顧及前景

財務回顧

本集團自二零零六年起作為諾基亞專賣店在中 華人民共和國(「中國」)之配送貨運分銷商,在 現今變化日益迅速、競爭日趨激烈的電信行業 之中,本集團必需調整業務策略,方可配合諾 基亞之發展步伐,以及維持本身之價值及競爭 力。本集團於本年度為了提高毛利率而接受縮 減諾基亞配送貨運分銷業務之營業額,因此, 本年度錄得純利11,000,000港元,而上年度則 為15,600,000港元。儘管本年度純利下跌,本 集團移動電話業務之分部溢利則由上年度之 27,700,000港元增至本年度之35,000,000港 元。

本集團之採礦業務於年內一直在發展及建設新 礦地開採系統,並無開採任何礦產。本年度之收 益來自出售過往開採之存貨,由於數量有限,故 此分部之收益於年內下跌並錄得虧損。

基於上述因素,本集團之綜合收益由上 年度之2,544,100,000港元下跌至本年度 之1,765,900,000港元。毛利由上年度之 64,800,000港元輕微下跌至61,300,000港元。 然而,年內之毛利率由上年度之2.5%上升至 3.5%,此乃由於本年度配送貨運分銷業務之毛 利率改善所致。

上年度其他收益及虧損中包括一次過回撥來 自應付鍶發礦業一名非控制性股東之款項 7,900,000港元。此項回撥之税後影響淨額於綜 合全面收入表入賬為5,900,000港元。本年度並 無錄得如此的回撥。

The selling and distribution costs amounted to HK\$14.9 million when compared to the last year of HK\$22.5 million as the overall revenue achieved during the year was comparably lower than the last year in the fulfillment distribution business for Nokia Stores. The administrative expenses amounted to HK\$31.8 million, an increase when compared to the last year of HK\$27.3 million mainly due to higher staff costs incurred and majorities of expenses driven up by the appreciation of Renminbi and inflation throughout the year.

As far as the mobile phone retail chain business in Zhuhai was concerned, the revenue achieved during the year amounted to HK\$43.6 million, increased by 6.6% as compared with last year of HK\$40.9 million. However, the Group shared a loss from it during this year. In view of the fierce competitive business environment this retail chain facing, the Group took a more prudence and conservative view when in evaluating the carrying value of the goodwill in this retail chain, and provided a full-sum impairment over it in this year.

The Group shared net gains of HK\$5,000 from the result of an associate during the year as compared to HK\$0.4 million in last year.

The finance costs decreased from HK\$11.7 million in last year to HK\$6.5 million in this year due to the decrease in the level of bank and other borrowings.

The net asset value of the Group attributable to owners of the Company as at 31st December, 2011 amounted to HK\$314.8 million or HK\$0.38 per share when compared to HK\$283.6 million or HK\$0.35 per share as at 31st December, 2010. The basic earnings per share was 1.94 Hong Kong cents as compared to 1.82 Hong Kong cents in last year.

As at 31st December, 2011, the Group's aggregate bank and other borrowings amounted to HK\$15.3 million when compared to HK\$50 million as at 31st December, 2010, which was a result of the intention to reduce the burden in finance cost of the Group over the year.

年內,銷售及分銷成本為14,900,000港元,而上 年度則為22,500,000港元,此乃由於諾基亞專 賣店配送貨運分銷業務之整體收益較上年度減 少。行政費用為31,800,000港元,較上年度之 27,300,000港元增加,主要由於員工成本上漲, 加上年內人民幣升值及通脹推高各項主要開支 所致。

有關珠海移動電話零售鏈業務方面,於年 內錄得收益為43,600,000港元,較上年度之 40,900,000港元上升6.6%,惟本集團本年內需 攤分其虧損。鑑於是項零售鏈業務面對著激烈 競爭環境,本集團在評估此零售鏈之商譽賬面 值時,已採較為審慎保守之態度,並於本年度就 其作出全額減值撥備。

本集團本年度分佔一家聯營公司業績之淨收益 5,000港元,而上年度則為400,000港元。

本年度之融資成本由上年度之11,700,000港元 減至6,500,000港元,此乃由於銀行及其他借貸 水平減少所致。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本公司擁有人 應佔本集團資產淨值達314,800,000港元或每股 0.38港元,而於二零一零年十二月三十一日則 為283,600,000港元或每股0.35港元。年內每股 基本盈利為1.94港仙,而上年度則為1.82港仙。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行 及其他借貸總額為15,300,000港元,而於二零 一零年十二月三十一日則為50,000,000港元, 此乃由於本集團有意於年內減輕融資成本負擔 所致。

The gearing ratio of the Group, defined as the ratio of the total long term liabilities to the shareholder's equity, was 0.35 as compared to 0.37 as at 31st December, 2010.

The total cash and cash equivalents amounted to HK\$78.4 million as at 31st December, 2011 without any deposit pledged to banks. The Group is financed by a combination of its equity capital, cash flow generated from its operation and bank borrowings. During the year, there was no material change in the funding and treasury policy of the Group. The Group considers there is no material potential currency exposure as the majority of its revenue and expenses are derived and incurred all in Renminbi in the PRC. It is the treasury policy of the Group to manage its foreign currency exposure whenever its financial impact is material to the Group.

The inventories of the Group as at 31st December, 2011 amounted to HK\$132.4 million, when compared to HK\$187.2 million as at 31st December, 2010, mainly since less inventories from the fulfillment distribution business for Nokia Stores as driven by a lower turnover volume in the year. The inventory turnover period was 34 days in this year when compared to 26 days of last year. The Group will continue to apply strict policy in inventory control in the future.

The amount of trade and other receivables as at 31st December, 2011 was HK\$59.9 million, when compared to HK\$173.2 million as at 31st December, 2010. Trade receivables mainly comprised receivables from the fulfillment distribution business for Nokia Stores. In order to minimize the credit risk for the trade receivables, the Group has implemented strict control on the determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the revenue generated from the fulfillment distribution business for Nokia Stores is mainly on cash basis which further reduces the credit risk of the Group.

On 4th January, 2010, the Company issued and allotted a total of 142,857,142 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the Company upon exercise in full by the holders of the convertible loan notes issued as a part of consideration in the acquisition of our mining business.

本集團本年度負債資產比率(長期負債總額對 股東權益之比率)為0.35,而於二零一零年十二 月三十一日為0.37。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日之現金及現金等 價物總額為78,400,000港元,並無任何存款質 押予銀行。本集團同時透過股本、經營業務所得 現金流及銀行借貸等方式籌集資金。年內,本集 團融資及庫務政策並無重大轉變。本集團認為, 由於本集團收益及支出大部分來自中國並均以 人民幣作出,故此並無潛在重大貨幣風險。本集 團之庫務政策為管理對本集團有重大財務影響 之外幣風險。

本集團於二零一一年十二月三十一日之存貨金 額為132,400,000港元,而於二零一零年十二月 三十一日則為187,200,000港元,主要由於年內 營業額下降促使諾基亞專賣店配送貨運分銷業 務之存貨減少。本年度之存貨周轉期為34天,而 上年度則為26天。本集團日後將繼續實施嚴格 存貨控制政策。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,應收貿易賬款 及其他應收賬款為59,900,000港元,而於二零 一零年十二月三十一日則為173,200,000港元。 應收貿易賬款主要包括諾基亞專賣店配送貨運 分銷業務之應收賬款。為降低應收貿易賬款之 信貸風險,本集團一直嚴格控制信貸限額之釐 定、信貸額之批核及設有其他監管程序,以確保 能跟進追討過期債務。此外,諾基亞專賣店之配 送貨運分銷業務所得收益主要以現金結算,可 進一步降低本集團之信貸風險。

二零一零年一月四日,於可換股貸款票據持有 人全數行使作為收購本集團採礦業務部分代價 而發行之可換股貸款票據後,本公司發行及配 發合共142,857,142股每股面值0.10港元之本公 司普通股。

As at 31st December, 2011, the Group had in total 224 employees as compared to 234 employees as at 31st December, 2010. Employees were remunerated according to the nature of their job duties and market trend. The Group provided staff welfare and fund contribution to its employees in accordance with the prevailing regulations in the PRC and Hong Kong. There was no material change in the remuneration policy, bonus scheme and share option scheme during the year. The Group has a share option scheme under which the Company may grant share options to the participants, including directors and employees, to subscribe for shares of the Company.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW

Market Overview

According to the statistics released by the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the People's Republic of China ("MII"), there were more than 996 million subscribers to mobile phone services in the PRC as at the end of January 2012, equivalent to a penetration rate of 73.6 users per 100 persons. The low penetration rate in the rural market, where more than half of the population in the PRC resides, together with the 3G services and the continued economic growth in the PRC, mean that the PRC market still has a lot of untapped potential.

While there are continuing intense competitions among the big mobile phone manufacturers in the PRC, they are trying to cut the distribution layers by directly supplying to the provincial distributors and leading retailers with a view to increase their profitability. Because of this, leading vendors have developed multi-channel distribution models which include "national distribution", "provincial distribution", "direct to retail" and "direct to operator".

As one of the integrated fulfillment distributors in the PRC, the Group provides all necessary services, which include but not limited to transaction handling, credit financing, delivery, rebate execution, stock buffering and B2B system integration, etc. In return, the Group receives a contractual margin, as well as various rebates as its service income. This business model is more transparent, allowing the buyers, the suppliers and the Group to share common information and enhances the efficiency of all the activities of the value chain.

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團共聘用 224名僱員,而於二零一零年十二月三十一日則 有234名僱員。僱員薪酬按彼等之職責性質及市 場趨勢而定。本集團根據中國及香港之適用規 例向僱員提供員工福利及退休金供款。年內, 薪酬政策、花紅計劃及購股權計劃並無重大變 更。本集團已制訂購股權計劃,據此,本公司可 向參與者(包括董事及僱員)授出可認購本公司 股份之購股權。

營運回顧

市場概覽

根據中華人民共和國工業和信息化部(「工業 和信息化部」)發佈之統計數據,於二零一二 年一月底,中國之移動電話服務用戶人數超過 996,000,000人,普及率為每100人有73.6名用 戶。人口佔中國居民五成以上之郊區市場普及 率較低,加上3G服務及中國經濟持續增長,反 映中國市場仍有龐大發展潛力。

隨著競爭不斷加劇,中國各大移動電話製造商正 試圖通過直接向省級分銷商及主要零售商供貨 而減少分銷層數,以增強盈利能力。因此,大廠 商已創出多渠道分銷模式,包括「全國分銷」、 「省級分銷」、「直達零售」及「直達營運商」。

作為中國綜合配送貨運分銷商之一,本集團提 供一切必要服務,包括但不限於交易處理、信貸 融資、付運、回扣執行、庫存緩轉和B2B系統集 成等。本集團會收取約定利潤及多種回扣作為 服務收入。該業務模式透明度較高,讓買家、供 應商與本集團可共享資訊及提高價值鏈內所有 業務之效率。

Business Review

The fulfillment distribution business for Nokia Stores, contributing to more than 90% of the Group's revenue, continued to make significant contribution to the overall performance of the Group during the year. On 11th February, 2011, Nokia and Microsoft announced their partnership plan to combine assets and develop innovative mobile products on an unprecedented scale. We believe this move of Nokia can further enhance its competitiveness in the industry. Besides, the mining business is now developing a new mining site exploitation system which is expected to be completed before the end of year 2013, and further exploitation can commence in year 2012 when about half of the new exploitation system is established. The management is exploring all commercially viable opportunities to maximize the return from this investment including but not limited to improvement of infrastructure and expansion into processing of the ore, subject to feasibility study and availability of funding.

Prospect and Outlook

The continued economic growth in the PRC is fuelled by a high internal consumption. As the world's biggest handset market, there were more than 996 million handset subscribers in the PRC with an annual growth rate of around 16% in terms of new subscribers and replacements. There were over 13% 3G users out of the total subscribers, and forecasted to increase much further in the near future. On the other hand, there were more than 320 million mobile Internet users which implies that there are huge business opportunities in both mobile application and mobile commerce. Nokia, whilst maintaining its lead in middle and lower range handsets market, is also moving to strengthen its presence in the higher end smartphone segment by upgrading the Symbian platform and by forming collaboration with Microsoft Windows Mobile. Its coming highended handsets with Windows 8 system are highly anticipated. In the longer term, the pass away of Steve Jobs and the acquisition of Motorola Inc. by Google Inc. will potentially change the competitive profile in the market. We believe that Nokia will remain as one of the leaders of global mobile phone industry.

業務回顧

諾基亞專賣店配送貨運分銷業務於年內為本集 團貢獻超過90%收益,繼續為本集團年內之整 體表現作出重大貢獻。於二零一一年二月十一 日,諾基亞與微軟發佈合作計劃將資產合併,以 前所未有之規模開發創新流動產品。本集團相 信,諾基亞將可藉此進一步提升其於業內之競 爭力。此外,採礦業務正發展一套全新礦地開採 系統,預期系統將於二零一三年年底前完成,並 預期當新礦地開採系統之建設於二零一二年約 完成大概一半時,將可開始進一步開採。管理層 正發掘一切可行商機於是項投資中取得最大回 報,包括(但不限於)改善基建設施及將業務擴 展至礦石加工,惟須視符可行性研究結果及能 否取得資金。

前景及展望

龐大之內銷市場為中國經濟帶來持續增長動 力。作為全球最大移動電話市場,中國移動電 話用戶人數超過996,000,000人,按新用戶及更 換手機量計算,年增長率約為16%。用戶總數 中逾13%為3G用戶,且預料將於不久將來進一 步大幅增長。另一方面,移動電話互聯網用戶 人數超過320,000,000人,反映移動電話應用 程式及移動商務市場商機龐大。諾基亞於中低 端移動電話市場保持領先,同時亦致力透過提 升Symbian平台及與微軟之Windows Mobile合 作,鞏固於高端智能移動電話市場之地位。市場 對預載Windows 8系統之高端移動電話充滿期 待。史蒂夫 • 喬布斯(Steve Jobs)去世及谷歌公 司收購摩托羅拉公司長遠可能改寫市場競爭版 圖。本集團相信,諾基亞將仍可於全球移動電話 行業保持其中一領導席位。

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. LAU Siu Ying, aged 48, is the founder, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since 1992. Mr. Lau has extensive working experiences in the telecommunications industry for over 20 years and has established solid business contacts in both Hong Kong and the PRC. Mr. Lau is responsible for directing the Group's overall business policy and strategies as well as overseeing the Group's business development in Hong Kong and the PRC. Prior to setting up his business, Mr. Lau worked for Hutchison Whampao Group for approximately 5 years, in charge of the business development of the telecommunications in the PRC. Mr. Lau holds a bachelor degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and a Master of Science degree in Information Technology from the National University of Ireland, Dublin.

Mr. Lau is currently the trustee in New Asia College of The Chinese University of Hong Kong, the Board Councilor of China Mobile Communications Association and the executive chairman of Chinese Chamber of Information and Communication Technologies. In the aspects of social and economic activities, Mr. Lau is devoted to promoting economic and educational development. He served as the vice president of the Hong Kong Association of Jieyang, the honorary president of Shanghai Chaoshan Chamber of Commerce, the committee member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference in Yunfu city, Guangdong province of the PRC, Hong Kong and Macau Director of the Dongguan City Youth Federation and the vice president of Hong Kong Island Chaoren Association Limited.

Mr. LUO Xi Zhi, aged 54, joined the Group in October 1995 and was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in September 2002. Mr. Luo is also the Financial Controller of the Group's PRC operation. Mr. Luo holds a certificate in Accounting from the Finance Academy of Jiangxi Province. Mr. Luo has over 20 years of financial and accounting experience in the PRC. Prior to joining the Group in 1995, Mr. Luo was the chief accountant for Zhaoqing Sz Di Telecom Co., Ltd.

董事

執行董事

劉小鷹先生,48歲,自一九九二年起為本公司 創辦人、主席兼首席執行官。劉先生已從事電信 行業逾20年,於行內取得豐富經驗,且於香港及 中國建立穩固業務聯繫。劉先生負責制定本集 團之整體業務政策及策略,並監督本集團於香 港及中國之業務發展。劉先生在建立其個人事 業之前,曾於香港和記黃埔集團工作約5年,主 要負責於中國電信市場之業務發展。劉先生持 有香港中文大學工商管理學士學位及位於都柏 林的愛爾蘭國立大學資訊科技碩士學位。

劉先生現任香港中文大學新亞書院之校董,並 為中國移動通訊聯合會常務理事和中華資訊科 技商會執行主席。在社會和經濟活動方面,劉先 生熱心推動經濟及教育發展;他歷任香港揭陽 同鄉會副會長、上海潮汕商會名譽會長、中國人 民政治協商會議廣東雲浮市委員、東莞市青年 聯合會港澳常委及香港區潮人聯會副會長。

羅習之先生,54歲,於一九九五年十月加盟本集 團,於二零零二年九月獲委任為本公司執行董 事。羅先生亦為本集團中國業務之財務總監。羅 先生持有江西省財經學院之會計學證書。羅先 生於中國財務及會計方面擁有逾20年之經驗。 羅先生於一九九五年加入本集團前為肇慶斯迪 通訊有限公司首席會計師。

Mr. WANG Yu, aged 46, joined the Group in April 2006 and was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in November 2009. Mr. Wang is the General Manager of a subsidiary of the Company and in-charge of the mining business segment of the Company. Mr. Wang graduated from Xi'an Jiaotong University with a master degree and a bachelor degree in Computer Science. Mr. Wang has more than 10 years working experiences in channel and distribution management on computer products and mobile phones with local and multinational companies in the PRC. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Wang was a General Manager of a listed company in the PRC focusing on IT business.

Non-executive Director

Mr. FUNG Oi Ip, Alfonso, aged 55, is a Law Costs Draftsman approved by Law Society of Hong Kong. His firm, Alfonso Fung & Co., is a leading law costs draftsmen practice specializing in taxation proceedings in all levels of courts in Hong Kong. A pioneer in his profession, Mr. Fung taught himself computer programming, developed and published a specialist law costing software as early as 1986. The software was subsequently licensed to the Hong Kong Government for use in the Legal Aid Department. Mr. Fung is also a developer of mobile applications and he takes a keen interest in developing internet related business. Mr. Fung is an Accredited Mediator, having been accredited by the Hong Kong Mediation Centre since 2009. Mr. Fung was appointed Non-executive Director of the Company in October 1999. **王愚先生**,46歲,於二零零六年四月加盟本集團,並於二零零九年十一月獲委任為本公司執 行董事。王先生為本公司一附屬子公司之總經 理,負責本公司之採礦業務。王先生畢業於西安 交通大學,持有電腦科學碩士及學士學位。王先 生在中國之本地及跨國公司之電腦產品及移動 電話渠道分銷管理方面積逾10年工作經驗。於 加盟本集團前,王先生曾在中國一間上市公司 出任總經理,主要負責資訊科技業務。

非執行董事

馮靄業先生,55歲,為香港律師會認可的訟費員。其屬下公司Alfonso Fung & Co.,是行內首屈 一指的訟費員公司,專業處理香港各級法院的 訟費程序。馮先生是業內先鋒,自學編寫電腦程 式,並早於一九八六年開發及出版了一套專業 訟費計算軟件,該軟件其後獲香港政府法律援 助署採用。馮先生亦開發手機軟件及發展互聯 網相關業務。彼自二零零九年起成為香港和解 中心認可和解員。馮先生於一九九九年十月獲 委任為本公司之非執行董事。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. CHANG Wing Seng, Victor, aged 74, last held the position of Managing Director of APCG Business Pte. Limited. Prior to this, Mr. Chang was the Managing Director of Singapore Technologies Telecommunications (Beijing) Pte. Ltd. based in Beijing for 2 years. Mr. Chang had held various senior management positions over 25 years with the Singapore Technologies Group, mainly as the Director of Finance. Mr. Chang was a graduate in Accounting from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology, Melbourne, Australia and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia. Mr. Chang had also completed the Program for Management Development at the Harvard University Graduate School of Business Administration. Mr. Chang was a certified public accountant in both Singapore and Australia. Mr. Chang was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in October 1999.

Mr. WONG Lit Chor, Alexis, aged 53, graduated from the University of Toronto, Canada in 1981 with a bachelor degree in Arts majoring in economics and commerce and has obtained a master degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1987. Mr. Wong has over 25 years of banking, investment, corporate finance and securities dealing experience gained from working as a senior executive in a number of listed local and PRC financial services companies. Mr. Wong is also an independent non-executive director of a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong. Mr. Wong was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in September 2006.

Mr. CHEN Yi Gang, aged 59, graduated from Shaoxing Institute of Administration, majoring in Corporate Management. Mr. Chen was a senior executive in a number of PRC telecommunication companies and senior management in a number of large IT enterprises. Mr. Chen has over 30 years of experience in the field of telecommunication. Mr. Chen was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in February 2007.

獨立非執行董事

鄭永勝先生,74歲,上一份工作職位為 APCG Business Pte. Limited董事總經理。 鄭先生之前為北京Singapore Technologies Telecommunications (Beijing) Pte. Ltd.的 董事總經理達2年。鄭先生於Singapore Technologies Group工作超過25年,曾擔任不 少高級管理層職位(主要為財務總監)。鄭先 生畢業於澳洲墨爾本Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology及澳洲Institute of Chartered Accountants會計系。鄭先生已完成哈佛大學商 學院之管理發展課程。鄭先生前為新加坡及澳 洲執業會計師。鄭先生於一九九九年十月獲委 任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。

黃烈初先生,53歲,於一九八一年在加拿大多 倫多大學畢業,持有經濟及商貿學學士,並於 一九八七年在香港中文大學取得工商管理碩士 學位。黃先生曾於數家香港及中國的上市金融服 務公司出任高級行政人員,於銀行業務、投資、 企業融資及證券交易等方面擁有逾25年經驗。 黃先生亦為香港聯合交易所一間主板上市公司 之獨立非執行董事。黃先生於二零零六年九月 獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。

陳亦剛先生,59歲,於紹興行政學院企業管理 專科畢業。陳先生曾於多家中國電信公司出任 高級行政人員,及於多家大型資訊科技企業出 任高級管理人員。陳先生於電信方面擁有逾30 年之經驗。陳先生於二零零七年二月獲委任為 本公司之獨立非執行董事。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. LAM Man Kit, aged 36, was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company in February 2010. Mr. Lam is also the Financial Controller of the Group and the authorised representative of the Company. Mr. Lam graduated with a bachelor degree of Business Administration from the University of Hong Kong and is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Prior to joining the Group in January 2007, Mr. Lam has years of financial and audit experiences in Hong Kong and the PRC.

公司秘書

林文傑先生,36歲,於二零一零年二月獲委任為 本公司之公司秘書。林先生並為本集團之財務 總監及本公司之授權代表。林先生於香港大學 畢業,持有工商管理學士學位,並為特許公認會 計師公會之資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。 林先生於二零零七年一月加盟本集團前,在香 港及中國擁有多年財務及核數經驗。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance with a view to assuring the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure to protect the interests of all shareholders. The Company has applied the principles and complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") for the year ended 31st December, 2011, except for the deviations as stated in paragraph headed "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer" and "Re-election of Directors".

The Board will continuously review and improve the corporate governance practices and standards of the Company to ensure the business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules for securities transactions by Directors of the Company during the year under review.

Having made specific enquiry with all Directors, each of whom has confirmed that he has complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31st December, 2011. The Model Code also applies to other specified senior management of the Group.

企業管治常規

董事會致力維持高度企業管治,務求確保所披露 資料之完整性、透明度及質素,從而保障所有股 東之利益。截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止 年度,本公司一直應用有關原則及遵循香港聯 合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 附錄14所載企業管治常規守則(「該守則」)之所 有適用守則條文,惟與「主席及首席執行官」及 「重選董事」兩段有所偏離。

董事會將不斷檢討及改善本公司之企業管治常 規及標準,確保業務運作及決策程序獲得適當 及審慎規管。

董事之證券交易

回顧年內,本公司已就其董事進行之證券交易 採納上市規則附錄10所載上市發行人董事進行 證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)。

向全體董事作出特定查詢後,各董事已確認於 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度內一直 遵守標準守則所載之規定準則。本集團其他指 定高級管理人員亦適用標準守則。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition and role

The Board of Directors of the Company comprises:

董事會

組成及職能

本公司董事會成員包括:

Executive Directors:	Mr. Lau Siu Ying <i>(Chairman)</i> Mr. Luo Xi Zhi Mr. Wang Yu	執行董事:	劉小鷹先生 <i>(主席)</i> 羅習之先生 王愚先生
Non-executive Director:	Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso	非執行董事:	馮靄業先生
Independent Non-executive Directors:	Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Chen Yi Gang	獨立非 執行董事:	鄭永勝先生 黃烈初先生 陳亦剛先生

The Board comprises three Executive Directors (including the Chairman), one Non-executive Director and three Independent Non-executive Directors of which the number of Independent Non-executive Directors represents more than one-third of the Board. The Directors are, collectively and individually, aware of their responsibilities to the shareholders, for the manner in which the affairs of the Company are managed and operated. The Directors' biographical information is set out under the heading "Directors and Senior Management Profile" in this annual report.

The Board, headed by Mr. Lau Siu Ying, is responsible for the overall strategic development of the Group, the monitoring of the financial performance and the internal controls of the Group's business operations. All Directors and Board Committees have access to external legal counsel and other professionals for independent advice at the Group's expense if necessary.

董事會成員包括三位執行董事(包括主席)、壹 位非執行董事及三位獨立非執行董事,其中獨 立非執行董事佔董事會三分之一以上人數。董 事深明彼等須共同及個別就管理及營運本公司 事務之方式而對股東負責。董事之資歷載於本 年報「董事及高級管理人員簡介」一節。

董事會由劉小鷹先生領導,負責本集團之整體 策略發展及監管本集團各項營運業務之財務表 現及內部監控。如有需要,所有董事及董事會轄 下各委員會可向外界律師及其他專業人士徵詢 獨立意見,有關費用由本集團承擔。

Three Board Committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee (established on 27th February, 2012) and the Remuneration Committee, have been established to oversee particular aspects of the Group's affairs. The Board has delegated the day-to-day management and operations of the Group's business to the management of the Company and its subsidiaries. Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to the management include the preparation of the financial statements for the Board's approval, the execution of business strategies approved by the Board, the implementation of internal controls system and risk management procedures, and the compliance with relevant statutory requirements and other rules and regulations.

To the best knowledge of the Company, there is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among the members of the Board.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Provision A.2.1 of the Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual but Mr. Lau Siu Ying currently assumes both roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

Provision A.4 of the Code states that all directors should be subject to re-election at regular intervals. However, Mr. Lau Siu Ying, being the Chairman of the Board, does not need to retire by rotation.

Mr. Lau Siu Ying has been in charge of the overall management of the Company since its incorporation. As a result, although he does not need to retire by rotation and assumes both roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, the Board considers that such arrangement at the Group's current stage of development can facilitate the execution of the Group's business strategies and maximize the effectiveness of its operations. Nevertheless, through the supervision from the Board including the Independent Non-executive Directors, the interests of the shareholders should be adequately and fairly considered. 董事會轄下三個委員會,分別為審核委員會、提 名委員會(成立於二零一二年二月二十七日)與 薪酬委員會,其成立旨在監督本集團特定事務 範疇。董事會已任命本公司及其附屬公司之管 理層負責本集團業務之日常管理及營運。董事 會特定任命管理層處理之主要公司事宜包括編 製財務報表以待董事會批准、執行經董事會批 准之業務策略、實行內部監控制度及風險管理 程序,以及遵循有關法定規定及其他規則與條 例。

據本公司所深知,董事會成員之間並無財務、業 務、家屬或其他重大/相關關係。

主席及首席執行官

該守則第A.2.1條規定主席及首席執行官之職能 應予區分,不應由同一人兼任,惟劉小鷹先生現 時兼任本公司主席及首席執行官之職銜。

該守則第A.4條訂明所有董事須定期重選連任。 然而,董事會主席劉小鷹先生不必輪流退任。

劉小鷹先生自本公司註冊成立以來一直負責本 公司之整體管理。因此,儘管劉小鷹先生不需 輪流退任,並兼任本公司主席及首席執行官兩 職,惟董事會認為此安排於本集團現發展階段 可配合本集團業務策略之執行,並可將業務發 揮至最大效益。然而,在董事會(包括獨立非執 行董事)之監察下,股東利益應已充分及公平地 考慮。

RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

All Non-executive Directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term as stipulated under the provision A.4.1 of the Code but are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws. In accordance with the relevant provisions in the Bye-laws of the Company, if the appointment of Directors is made by the Board, the Directors so appointed must stand for election by the shareholders at the first annual general meeting following their appointments and all Directors, except the Chairman, must stand for re-election by the shareholders by rotation.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Non-executive Directors, including the Independent Nonexecutive Directors, are all seasoned individuals from diversified background and industries and at least one member has an appropriate accounting qualification or related financial management expertise as required by the Listing Rules. With their expertise, they bring independent judgement on issues of strategic direction, development, performance and risk management through their contributions at Board meetings and Committee's works.

The Independent Non-executive Directors also act as a balance between the interests of the minority shareholders and the Company as a whole. The Board considers that each Independent Non-executive Director is independent in character and judgement and that they all meet the specific independence criteria as required by the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each Independent Non-executive Director an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of Chapter 3 of the Listing Rules and the Company still considers such Directors to be independent. The Independent Non-executive Directors are explicitly identified in all corporate communications.

重選董事

本公司所有非執行董事之委任並無根據該守則 第A.4.1條之規定指定任期,惟彼等須根據本公 司之公司細則輪流退任。根據本公司之公司細 則相關條文,倘董事由董事會委任,則獲委任之 董事必須於獲委任後首屆股東週年大會上由股 東推選,而除主席外,所有董事必須輪流由股東 重選一次。

非執行董事

非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)為來自不同 背景及行業之各界人士,而根據上市規則之規 定,最少一名成員須具備適當會計資歷或相關 財務管理專業知識。憑藉彼等之專業知識,彼等 可透過董事會會議及委員會工作而對決策、發 展、表現及風險管理之事項作出獨立判斷。

獨立非執行董事亦平衡少數股東與本公司之間 的權益。董事會認為各獨立非執行董事均有獨 立角色及判斷,而彼等均符合上市規則所規定 之特定獨立標準。本公司已收到各獨立非執行 董事根據上市規則第3章第3.13條就其獨立性所 發出之年度確認書,且本公司仍然認為該等董 事均具獨立地位。獨立非執行董事在所有公司 通信中均明確識別。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledged the responsibilities for preparing the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiaries. The auditors are responsible to form an independent opinion, based on their audits, on the Group's financial statements and express their opinions.

BOARD MEETINGS

The Board had held two meetings this year to review the financial performance of the Group and other major issues. The views of the Independent Non-executive Directors were actively solicited by the Group if they were unable to attend the meetings of the Board.

The names of the Directors and the individual attendance of each Director during the year are as follows:

董事對財務報表之責任

董事了解本身須負責編製真實及公平地反映本 公司及其附屬公司財務狀況的財務報表。核數 師負責基於彼等之審核而對本集團財務報表發 表獨立意見及表達彼等之意見。

董事會會議

董事會本年度召開兩次會議,檢討本集團之財 務表現及其他主要事項。倘獨立非執行董事不 能出席會議,本集團會主動徵集彼等之意見。

年內,董事之姓名及每位董事之個別出席率載 列如下:

Attendance

		出席率
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Lau Siu Ying <i>(Chairman)</i>	劉小鷹先生 <i>(主席)</i>	2/2
Mr. Luo Xi Zhi	羅習之先生	2/2
Mr. Wang Yu	王愚先生	2/2
Non-executive Director	非執行董事	
Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso	馮靄業先生	2/2
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor	鄭永勝先生	2/2
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	黄烈初先生	2/2
Mr. Chen Yi Gang	陳亦剛先生	2/2

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established Board Committees, namely Audit Committee, Nomination Committee (established on 27th February, 2012) and Remuneration Committee to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs and to assist in the execution of the Board's responsibilities.

董事會轄下之委員會

董事會已成立董事會轄下各委員會,分別為審 核委員會、提名委員會(成立於二零一二年二月 二十七日)及薪酬委員會,以監察本公司特定之 業務範疇及協助董事會履行職責。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has formulated written terms of reference for the Audit Committee in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules and its current members comprise:

Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor – *Committee Chairman* Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso

Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor and Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis are Independent Non-executive Directors and Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso is a Non-executive Director. The Board considers that each Audit Committee member has broad commercial experiences and there is a suitable mix of expertise in business, accounting and financial management on the Audit Committee. The composition and members of the Audit Committee comply with the requirements under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee's primary responsibilities include reviewing the reporting of financial and other information to the shareholders, the system of internal controls, risk management and the effectiveness and objectivity of the audit process. The Audit Committee also provides an important link between the Board and the Company's auditors in matters coming within the scope of its terms of reference and keeps under review the independence and objectivity of the auditors.

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including reviews of the half-year and full year accounts for the year ended 31st December, 2011. Each member of the Audit Committee has unrestricted access to the auditors and all senior staff of the Group.

Individual attendance of each Audit Committee member during the year is as follows:

審核委員會

本公司已根據上市規則之規定訂明審核委員會 之書面權責範圍,審核委員會現任成員包括:

鄭永勝先生*-委員會主席* 黃烈初先生 馮靄業先生

鄭永勝先生及黃烈初先生為獨立非執行董事, 而馮靄業先生則為非執行董事。董事會認為各 審核委員會成員均具備廣泛商務經驗,而審核 委員會已具備所需的商業、會計及財務管理合 適專才。審核委員會之組成及成員均已遵守上 市規則第3.21條之規定。

審核委員會之主要職責包括審閱向股東呈報之 財務及其他資料、檢討內部監控制度、風險管理 及審核程序之有效性及客觀性。審核委員會亦 為董事會與本公司核數師之重要聯繫,以處理 其權責範圍以內之事項,並檢討核數師之獨立 性及客觀性。

審核委員會已與管理層審閲本集團所採納之會 計政策及慣例,並已討論內部監控及財務申報 事宜,包括審閲截至二零一一年十二月三十一 日止年度之半年及全年賬目。各審核委員會成 員可無限制地與核數師及本集團所有高級職員 接洽。

年內,各審核委員會成員之個別出席率載列如 下:

		Attendance
		出席率
Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor	鄭永勝先生	2/2
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	黃烈初先生	2/2
Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso	馮靄業先生	2/2

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company did not have a nomination committee during the year and up to 27th February, 2012. The Nomination Committee was established on 27th February, 2012.

The Company has formulated written terms of reference for the Nomination Committee in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules and its current members comprise:

Mr. Lau Siu Ying *– Committee Chairman* Mr. Wang Yu Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Chen Yi Gang

Mr. Lau Siu Ying and Mr. Wang Yu are Executive Directors and Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor, Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis and Mr. Chen Yi Gang are Independent Non-executive Directors. The main responsibility of the Nomination Committee is to ensure a fair and transparent process of Board appointments, and in particular to assist the Board to identify suitably qualified candidates and make recommendations for consideration of the Board and shareholders. While considering suitable candidates of directors, the Nomination Committee would consider professional knowledge, industry experience, personal skills, ethics and integrity as well as the ability to contribute sufficient time to the Board. The Nomination Committee held its first meeting on 30th March, 2012, with all members attended.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company has formulated written terms of reference for the Remuneration Committee in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules and its current members comprise:

Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor – *Committee Chairman* Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso

Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor and Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis are Independent Non-executive Directors and Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso is a Non-executive Director. The Remuneration Committee is responsible for ensuring that formal and transparent procedures for developing remuneration packages of directors and senior management. In determining the emolument payable to directors, it takes into consideration factors such as remuneration paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and the desirability of performance based remuneration.

提名委員會

本公司於年內及直到二零一二年二月二十七日 並無提名委員會。提名委員會成立於二零一二 年二月二十七日。

本公司已根據上市規則之規定,制訂提名委員 會之書面權責範圍,現任成員包括:

劉小鷹先生*-委員會主席* 王愚先生 鄭永勝先生 黃烈初先生 陳亦剛先生

劉小鷹先生及王愚先生為執行董事,而鄭永勝 先生、黃烈初先生及陳亦剛先生為獨立非執行 董事。提名委員會之主要職責為確保董事會之 委任公平且具透明度,特別是協助董事會物色 合適的合資格人選及作出推薦,以供董事會及 股東考慮。在考慮合適的董事人選時,提名委員 會將考慮專業知識、行業經驗、個人技能、道德 水平和誠信,以及為董事會付出足夠時間之能 力。提名委員會於二零一二年三月三十日舉行 其首次會議,全體成員均有出席。

薪酬委員會

本公司已根據上市規則之規定,制訂薪酬委員 會之書面權責範圍,現任成員包括:

鄭永勝先生*-委員會主席* 黃烈初先生 馮靄業先生

鄭永勝先生及黃烈初先生為獨立非執行董事, 而馮靄業先生則為非執行董事。薪酬委員會負 責確保制訂董事與高級管理人員之薪酬組合之 程序均為正規及具有透明度。在釐定應付予董 事之酬金時,該委員會所考慮的因素包括同類 公司所支付之薪酬、董事所投放的時間及職責、 本集團其他僱用條件,以及按表現釐定之薪酬 是否可取。

Individual attendance of each Remuneration Committee member during the year is as follows:

年內,各薪酬委員會成員之個別出席率載列如 下:

> Attendance 出席率

> > 1/1 1/1 1/1

Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor	鄭永勝先生
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	黃烈初先生
Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso	馮靄業先生

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

BDO Limited was re-appointed as the Company's external auditors by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting on 25th May, 2011, until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting. They are primarily responsible for providing audit services in connection with the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2011. During the year, the fees charged to the accounts of the Group for BDO Limited's statutory audit services amounted to HK\$819,000 (2010: HK\$780,000).

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibility for the system of internal controls of the Company and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Board is committed to implementing an effective and sound internal controls system to safeguard the interest of shareholders and the Group's assets. The Board has delegated to the management the implementation of the system of internal controls and the review of all relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management function within an established framework. The Board has confirmed with the management that there was no change in the internal control system of the Group.

核數師酬金

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司已於二零 一一年五月二十五日舉行之股東週年大會上獲 股東續聘為本公司外聘核數師,任期至下屆股 東週年大會結束為止。香港立信德豪會計師事 務所有限公司主要負責就本集團截至二零一一 年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報表提供核數 服務。年內,就香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限 公司之法定核數服務而在本集團賬目中扣除之 費用為819,000港元(二零一零年:780,000港 元)。

內部監控

董事會全面負責本公司之內部監控制度並檢討 其效能。董事會致力實行有效及完善之內部監 控制度以保障股東利益及本集團資產。董事會 已任命管理層實行內部監控制度,並在既定之 範圍內檢討各項有關財務、營運及合規之監控 及風險管理。董事會已向管理層確認,本集團之 內部監控制度概無重大變更。

INVESTOR RELATIONSHIP AND COMMUNICATION

The Company endeavours to maintain a high level of transparency in the communication with the shareholders and the investors. In order to ensure effective, clear and accurate communications with the investors and analysts, all corporate communications are arranged and handled by the executive Directors and the designated section executives according to established practices and procedures of the Company.

The Company has announced its annual results and interim results in a timely manner during the year under review. The Company's Annual General Meeting provides a platform for shareholders to have a direct dialogue with the Board. Shareholders are encouraged to attend the Annual General Meeting and the Chairman and other members of the Board or their duly appointed delegates are available to answer questions from the shareholders. The Company has also maintained a wed site at http://www.fortunetele.com which enables shareholders, investors and the general public to have access to the information of the Company. Financial information and all shareholder corporate communications of the Company are made available on the Company's website, which is to be updated regularly.

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company is committed to high standard of business ethics and integrity. A code of conduct is enforced on all employees of the Group. The employees at all levels are expected to act in an honest, diligent and responsible manner. No personal gifts or other forms of advantages from any person or organization doing business with the Group can be accepted by any employee. Business partners and customers are reminded from time to time that our policy forbids any employee or agent of the Group from accepting any gift from them.

投資者關係及溝通

本公司致力在與股東及投資者溝通方面維持高 透明度。為確保有效、清楚及準確地與投資者及 分析員溝通,所有公司通訊均由執行董事及指 定之高級行政人員根據本公司既定慣例及程序 作出安排及處理。

本公司已於回顧年度內適時公佈其全年業績及 中期業績。本公司之股東週年大會為股東提供 直接與董事會對話之平台。為鼓勵股東出席股 東週年大會,主席及董事會其他成員或彼等正 式委任之代表均會即場解答股東之提問。本公 司亦設有網頁http://www.fortunetele.com可讓 股東、投資者及普羅大眾讀取本公司資料。本公 司之財務資料及所有股東之公司通訊均可在本 公司網頁中查閱,並會定期更新。

行為守則

本公司致力維持高度廉正之業務操守,並對本 集團全體僱員實施行為守則,冀各級僱員以誠 懇、勤奮及負責任之態度工作。任何僱員一概不 得接受任何與本集團業務有往來之人士或機構 之個人禮品或其他形式之利益。業務夥伴及客 戶應不時緊記,本公司之政策禁止本集團任何 僱員或代理接受彼等之任何禮品。

The directors present their annual report and audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries and principal associate are set out in notes 40 and 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2011 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 40 of the annual report.

No interim dividend was declared during the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements during the year in the plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

In the opinion of the directors, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31st December, 2011 and 31st December, 2010 consisted of contributed surplus and accumulated profits were nil. 董事謹提呈截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止 年度之年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司,其主要附屬公司及主 要聯營公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註 40及41。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度 之業績載於本年報第40頁之綜合全面收入報 表。

年內概無宣派任何中期股息。董事並不建議派 付末期股息。

廠房及設備

本集團年內廠房及設備之變動詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註16。

股本

本公司之股本詳情載於綜合財務報表附註30。

本公司之可供分派儲備

董事認為,本公司於二零一一年十二月三十一 日及二零一零年十二月三十一日可用以分派予 股東之儲備(包括實繳盈餘及累計溢利)為零。

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- (a) it is, or would after payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (b) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors:

Mr. Lau Siu Ying *(Chairman)* Mr. Luo Xi Zhi Mr. Wang Yu

Non-executive director:

Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso

Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Chen Yi Gang

In accordance with clause 87 of the Company's byelaws, Messrs. Wang Yu and Chen Yi Gang shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

None of the directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂),本公 司之實繳盈餘(如有)可用以分派。然而,在下 列情況下,本公司不得以實繳盈餘宣派或派發 股息或作出分派:

- (a) 於付款後無法或將無法支付到期之負債; 或
- (b) 資產之可變現價值因而少於負債與已發行 股本及股份溢價賬之總和。

董事

本公司於本年度及直至本報告書刊發日期止之 董事如下:

執行董事:

劉小鷹先生(*主席)* 羅習之先生 王愚先生

非執行董事:

馮靄業先生

獨立非執行董事:

鄭永勝先生 黃烈初先生 陳亦剛先生

根據本公司之公司細則第87條,王愚先生及陳 亦剛先生將於應屆股東週年大會上任滿告退, 惟合乎資格並願重選連任。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選連任之董事概無 與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立於一年內不可 由本集團毋須補償(法定補償除外)而終止之服 務合約。

The term of office of each of the non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors is the date up to his retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's byelaws.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

At 31st December, 2011, the interests and short positions of the directors, the chief executive and their associates in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance ("SFO")), which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

(a) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之任期直至根 據本公司之公司細則須輪席告退之日止。

董事及行政總裁於股份及相關股份之 權益

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,董事、行政總裁 及彼等聯繫人於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部) 之股份及相關股份中擁有須根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第7及第8分部知會本公司及香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)的權益及淡倉(包 括彼等根據證券及期貨條例有關條文而當作或 視作擁有之權益及淡倉)或須記入本公司根據 證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊的權益 及淡倉:或須根據有關上市公司董事進行證券 交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)知會本公司及聯 交所的權益及淡倉如下:

(a) 本公司每股面值0.10港元之普通股

			Percentage of
		Number of	the issued share
		issued ordinary	capital of
Name of director	Capacity	shares held	the Company
		所持已發行	佔本公司已發行
董事姓名	身份	普通股數目	股本百分比
Mr. Lau Siu Ying ("Mr. Lau") 劉小鷹先生(「劉先生」)	Held by a discretionary trust (Note 1) 全權信託持有 (附註1)	188,300,013	22.92%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	259,996,285	31.64%
		448,296,298	54.56%

Number of

3,950,000

(b) Share options

(b) 購股權

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of options held 所持購股權數目	underlying shares 相關股份數目
Mr. Lau	Beneficial owner	2,000,000	2,000,000
劉先生	實益擁有人		
	Held by spouse (Note 2) 配偶持有 (附註2)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Mr. Luo Xi Zhi	Beneficial owner	100,000	100,000
羅習之先生	實益擁有人		
Mr. Wang Yu	Beneficial owner	300,000	300,000
王愚先生	實益擁有人		
Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso	Beneficial owner	150,000	150,000
馮靄業先生	實益擁有人		
Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor	Beneficial owner	200,000	200,000
鄭永勝先生	實益擁有人		
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	Beneficial owner	100,000	100,000
黄烈初先生	實益擁有人		
Mr. Chen Yi Gang	Beneficial owner	100,000	100,000
陳亦剛先生	實益擁有人		

Notes:

- These shares are held by Future 2000 Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands which in turn is held by a discretionary trust, the beneficiaries of which include Mr. Lau, his spouse and his children.
- 2. Mr. Lau is deemed to be interested in 1,000,000 options to acquire shares of the Company, being the interests held beneficially by his spouse.

The interest disclosed above represents long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors, chief executives nor their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares or underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SFO at 31st December, 2011.

附註:

該等股份由在英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司Future 2000 Limited持有,而該公司由受益人為劉先生、其配偶及其子女的全權信託持有。

3,950,000

 劉先生視為持有1,000,000份可認購本公司 股份之購股權的權益,即其配偶實益持有 之權益。

上文所披露權益指本公司或相聯法團之股 份及相關股份的好倉。

除上文披露者外,董事、高級行政人員或彼 等聯繫人於二零一一年十二月三十一日概 無擁有本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例)任何股份或相關股份之 權益或淡倉。

SHARE OPTIONS

Particulars of the Company's share option scheme are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements. The following table discloses movements in the Company's share options during the year:

購股權

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註31。下表披露本公司購股權年內之變動:

	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise price 行使價 HK\$ 港元	Outstanding at beginning of the year 年初尚未行使	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Outstanding at end of the year 年終尚未行使
Category I – Directors 第I類-董事					
Mr. Lau	7.5.2007	1.29	2,000,000	_	2,000,000
劉先生 Mr. Luo Xi Zhi	7.5.2007	1.29	100,000	_	100,000
羅習之先生 Mr. Wang Yu	7.5.2007	1.29	300,000	_	300,000
王愚先生 Mr. Fung Oi Ip, Alfonso	7.5.2007	1.29	150,000	-	150,000
馮靄業先生 Mr. Chang Wing Seng, Victor	7.5.2007	1.29	200,000	_	200,000
鄭永勝先生 Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	7.5.2007	1.29	100,000	_	100,000
黃烈初先生 Mr. Chen Yi Gang 陳亦剛先生	7.5.2007	1.29	100,000	_	100,000
Total for directors 董事總計			2,950,000	_	2,950,000
Category II – Employees 第II類-僱員					
Employees 僱員	7.5.2007	1.29	1,546,000	(200,000)	1,346,000
Category III – Consultants 第Ⅲ類-顧問					
Consultants 顧問	7.5.2007	1.29	3,950,000	-	3,950,000
Total for all categories 所有類別總計			8,446,000	(200,000)	8,246,000

ARRANGEMENT TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the share option scheme disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate. None of the directors, their spouses or children under the age of 18 had any rights to subscribe for the securities of the Company or had exercised any such rights during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

No connected transactions nor contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

購買股份或債券之安排

除上文披露之購股權計劃外,於年內任何時間 本公司、其控股公司或任何附屬公司概無參與 任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉購入本公司或 任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益。董事、 彼等之配偶或未滿18歲之子女於年內概無擁有 任何可認購本公司證券之權利,亦不曾行使任 何該等權利。

董事於重大合約及關連交易之權益

本公司董事概無於本公司、其控股公司或任何 附屬公司於年終或年內任何時間已訂立之關連 交易及重大合約中擁有直接或間接重大權益。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO shows that, as at 31st December, 2011, the following shareholders had notified the Company of relevant interests in the issued share capital of the Company.

(a) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

主要股東

按照本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條所設 置之主要股東名冊列示,於二零一一年十二月 三十一日,本公司獲悉下列股東在本公司已發 行股本中擁有相關權益。

(a) 本公司每股面值0.10港元之普通股

Name of substantial shareholder 主要股東姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of issued ordinary shares held 所持已發行 普通股數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本之百分比
Mr. Lau 劉先生	Held by a discretionary trust (Note 1) 全權信託持有 (附註1) Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	188,300,013 259,996,285	22.92% 31.64%
		448,296,298	54.56%
Mr. Lee Wai, Timothy 李偉先生	Held by controlled entity (Note 2) 受控制寘體持有 (附註2)	188,300,013	22.92%
Ms. Lei Yuting 雷雨亭小姐	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	51,000,000	6.21%

(b) Share options

(b) 購股權

Name of substantial shareholder 主要股東姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of options held 所持購股權數目	Number of underlying shares 相關股份數目
Mr. Lau 劉先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,000,000	2,000,000
	Held by spouse (Note 3) 配偶持有 (附註3)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Mr. Lee Wai, Timothy 李偉先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	100,000	100,000
		3,100,000	3,100,000

Notes:

- 1. These shares are held by Future 2000 Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands which in turn is held by a discretionary trust. The beneficiaries of the discretionary trust include Mr. Lau, his spouse and his children.
- 2. Under the SFO, Mr. Lee Wai, Timothy is deemed to have interests in the shares of the Company as he is entitled to exercise more than one-third of the voting power at general meetings of Future 2000 Limited.
- 3. Mr. Lau is deemed to be interested in 1,000,000 options to acquire shares of the Company, being the interests held beneficially by his spouse.

APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received, from each of the independent nonexecutive directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

附註:

- 該等股份由在英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司Future 2000 Limited持有,而該公司由 一全權信託持有。該全權信託之受益人包括劉先生、其配偶及其子女。
- 根據證券及期貨條例,由於李偉先生有權 於Future 2000 Limited之股東大會行使三 分之一以上投票權,故視為擁有本公司股 份權益。
- 劉先生視為擁有1,000,000份可認購本公司 股份之購股權權益,即其配偶實益持有之 權益。

委任獨立非執行董事

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事按照聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條就其獨立性 而提交之年度確認函。本公司認為,所有獨立非 執行董事均屬獨立人士。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例並無有關本公 司須按比例向現有股東發售新股的優先購買權 條文。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於年內,本公司及其附屬公司概無購買、出售或 贖回本公司任何上市證券。

Directors' Report 董事會報告書

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31st December, 2011:

- The aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers and the largest customer represent approximately 19.1% and 5.0%, respectively, of the Group's total revenue;
- (2) The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers and the largest supplier represent approximately 98.8% and 97.7%, respectively, of the Group's total purchase.

At no time during the year did a director, an associate of a director or a shareholder of the Company which to the knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had a beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers and customers.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Save as disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 19 to 27 of this annual report, the Company has complied throughout the year with the Code on Corporate Governance Practice as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules which were then in force.

Detailed information on the Company's corporate governance practices is also set out in the Corporate Governance Report.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度:

- (1) 本集團向五大客戶及最大客戶所作出之銷 售總額分別約佔本集團收入總額之19.1% 及5.0%;
- (2)本集團向五大供應商及最大供應商所作出 之採購總額分別約佔本集團採購總額之 98.8%及97.7%。

於年內任何時間,董事、其聯繫人或據董事所 知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上之本公司股 東,概無擁有本集團五大供應商及客戶之實益 權益。

企業管治

除本年報第19至第27頁之企業管治報告書所披 露者外,本公司於年內一直遵從當時有效之上 市規則附錄14所載之企業管治常規守則。

本公司企業管治守則之詳細資料亦載於企業管 治報告書內。

酬金政策

本集團之僱員酬金政策由薪酬委員會設立,以 僱員之表現、資歷及才幹為基準。

本公司董事之酬金由薪酬委員會根據本公司之 經營業績、個人表現及同類市場數據釐定。

Directors' Report 董事會報告書

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme is set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31st December, 2011.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

No material significant events occurred after the reporting period.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint BDO Limited as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board Lau Siu Ying CHAIRMAN

Hong Kong, 30th March, 2012

本公司已採納一項購股權計劃作為給予董事及 合資格僱員之獎勵,計劃詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註31。

足夠公眾持股量

本公司於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度內一直維持足夠的公眾持股量。

申報期後事項

於申報期後沒有發生重大事項。

核數師

本公司將於股東週年大會上提呈續聘香港立信 德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數師之 決議案。

代表董事會 劉小鷹 主席 香港,二零一二年三月三十日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



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25th Floor Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA FORTUNE HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Fortune Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 40 to 130, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31st December, 2011, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

致中國長遠控股有限公司列位股東

香港

干諾道中111號 永安中心25樓

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師行已完成審核載列於第40頁至第130 頁中國長遠控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬 公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,包括於 二零一一年十二月三十一日之綜合及公司財務 狀況表、截至該日止年度之綜合全面收入表、綜 合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會 計政策概要及其他説明資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露 要求編製及真實公允地列報該等綜合財務報 表,及落實其認為編製該等綜合財務報表所必 要的內部監控,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

本行的責任是根據本行的審核對該等綜合財務 報表發表意見,並按照百慕達《公司法》第90條 僅向全體股東報告。除此以外,本行的報告書別 無其他目的。本行概不就本報告的內容,對任何 其他人士負上或承擔責任。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31st December, 2011 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants Ng Wai Man Practising Certificate Number: P05309 30th March, 2012 本行乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則進行審核工作。該等準則要求本行遵守道德 規範,規劃及執行審核,以合理確定該等綜合財 務報表是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。

審核工作包括執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報 表所載數額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的 程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐 或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述 的風險。評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司 編製及真實公允地列報綜合財務報表相關的內 部監控,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非對該公 司內部監控的效能發表意見。審核亦包括評價 董事所採用的會計政策是否合適及所作出的會 計估計是否合理,以及評價綜合財務報表的整 體列報方式。

本行相信,本行所獲得的審核憑證充足及適當 地為本行的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

本行認為,該等綜合財務報表根據香港財務報 告準則真實公允反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二 零一一年十二月三十一日的財務狀況及截至該 日止年度 貴集團的溢利及現金流量,並按照 香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥善編製。

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* **伍惠民** 執業證書號碼:P05309 二零一二年三月三十日

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 综合全面收入表

		Notes 附註	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷售成本	7	1,765,862 (1,704,539)	2,544,120 (2,479,356)
Gross profit Other income Other gains and losses Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Finance costs Gain on disposal of a subsidiary Share of result of an associate	毛利 其他收入 其他收益及虧損 銷售及分銷成本 行政費用 融資成本 出售一家附屬公司之收益 分佔一家聯營公司之業績	8 9 33 19	61,323 7,069 (4,016) (14,885) (31,823) (6,535) 2 5	64,764 4,668 9,280 (22,450) (27,308) (11,658) – 444
Profit before income tax Income tax credit/(expense)	除所得税前溢利 所得税抵免/(支出)	10	11,140 15	17,740 (2,104)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	11	11,155	15,636
Other comprehensive income Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Translation reserve released upon deregistration of a subsidiary	其他全面收入 因海外業務換算而產生之 匯兑差異 撤銷註冊一家附屬公司時 解除之換算儲備		22,022 	20,931 (3,941) 16,990
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面總收入		33,177	32,626
Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔年度溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控制性權益		15,922 (4,767)	14,875 761
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	應佔全面總收入: 本公司擁有人		21,155	15,636
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	半公司擁有入非控制性權益		31,169 2,008 33,177	24,989 7,637 32,626
EARNINGS PER SHARE basic and diluted	每股盈利 基本及攤薄	15	1.94cents仙	1.82cents仙

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31st December, 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-Current Assets	非流動資產			
Plant and equipment	介加到員座 廠房及設備	16	9,861	8,680
Mining right	採礦權	10	452,060	433,683
Goodwill	商譽	18	-	2,910
Investment in an associate	一家聯營公司之投資	19	3,800	4,463
Available-for-sale investment	可供出售投資	21	69	69
Club memberships	會所會籍	22	1,263	1,376
·				
			467,053	451,181
			. ,	
Current Assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	23	132,365	187,155
Trade and other receivables	應收貿易賬款及		,	- ,
	其他應收賬款	24	59,894	173,150
Bills receivable	應收票據		1,476	7,056
Amounts due from related parties	應收關連人士之款項	25	3,590	3,172
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	26	78,370	45,667
			275,695	416,200
Current Liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及			
	其他應付賬款	27	105,876	203,873
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連人士之款項	25	25,369	8,770
Taxation payables	應付税項		6,462	6,782
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	28	15,250	50,030
Promissory notes	承兑票據	29	-	45,796
			152,957	315,251
Net Current Assets	流動資產淨值		122,738	100,949
Total Assets less Current	總資產減流動負債			
Liabilities			589,791	552,130

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 综合財務狀況表

At 31st December, 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital and Reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	82,166	82,166
Reserves	儲備		232,614	201,445
	オハヨ佐七-佐ル博光			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益		314,780	283,611
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		164,703	162,695
C C				
			479,483	446,306
Non-current Liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	32	110,308	105,824
			589,791	552,130

On behalf of the Board 代表董事會

Lau Siu Ying	Luo Xi Zhi
劉小鷹	羅習之
CHAIRMAN	DIRECTOR
主席	董事

Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表

At 31st December, 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-Current Assets Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 附屬公司之投資	20	52,721	50,577
Current Assets Other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 其他應收賬款 應收附屬公司款項 現金及現金等價物	20	277 - 5	273 - 5
			282	278
Current Liabilities Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Amount due to a related party Promissory notes	流動負債 其他應付賬款 應付附屬公司款項 應付一名關連人士之款項 承兑票據	20 25 29	1,199 30,225 22,977 –	1,148 6,520 8,037 45,796
			54,401	61,501
Net Current Liabilities	流動負債淨額		(54,119)	(61,223)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	總資產減流動負債		(1,398)	(10,646)
Capital and Reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	30 39	82,166 (83,564)	82,166 (92,812)
			(1,398)	(10,646)

On behalf of the Board

代表董事會

Lau Siu Ying 劉小鷹 CHAIRMAN 主席

Luo Xi Zhi 羅習之 DIRECTOR 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 综合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔									
		Share capital	Share premium	Special reserve	Translation reserve	Statutory funds	Share option reserve 購股權	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests 非控制性	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	特別儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 <i>(Note i)</i> <i>(附註i)</i>	換算儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	法定基金 HK\$'000 千港元 <i>(Note ii)</i> <i>(附註ii)</i>	儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累積虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	總額 HK\$'000 千港元	權益 HK\$'000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1st January, 2010 Profit for the year Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign	於二零一零年一月一日 年度溢利 因海外業務換算而產生之 匯兑差異	67,881 _	306,879 -	2,481 -	49,047 -	30,132 -	4,483 _	(302,649) 14,875	158,254 14,875	155,058 761	313,312 15,636
operations Translation reserve released upon deregistration of	加約220 撤銷註冊一家附屬公司時 解除之換算儲備	-	-	-	14,055	-	-	-	14,055	6,876	20,931
a subsidiary		-	-	-	(3,941)	-	-	-	(3,941)	-	(3,941)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面總收入		-	-	10,114	-	-	14,875	24,989	7,637	32,626
Transfer of reserve upon forfeiture of share options	於購股權失效時轉撥儲備	-	-	-	-	-	(55)	55	-	-	-
Issue of shares upon conversion of convertible loan notes	於變換可換股貸款票據時 而發行股份	14,285	86,083	-	-	-	-	-	100,368	-	100,368
At 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日	82,166	392,962	2,481	59,161	30,132	4,428	(287,719)	283,611	162,695	446,306
Profit for the year Exchange differences arising	年度溢利 因海外業務換算而產生之	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,922	15,922	(4,767)	11,155
on translation of foreign operations	匯兑差異	-	-	-	15,247	-	-	-	15,247	6,775	22,022
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面總收入	-	-	-	15,247	-	-	15,922	31,169	2,008	33,177
Transfer of reserve upon forfeiture of share options	於購股權失效時轉撥儲備	-	-	-	-	-	(105)	105	-	-	
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日	82,166	392,962	2,481	74,408	30,132	4,323	(271,692)	314,780	164,703	479,483

Notes:

- (i) The special reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for their acquisition at the time of the group reorganisation in 1999.
- (ii) The statutory funds are reserves required by the relevant laws applicable to the Group's subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and can be utilised to offset the prior years' losses of the PRC subsidiaries.

附註:

- (i) 特別儲備指所收購附屬公司之股份面值與本公司於一九九九年進行集團重組時就收購所發行之股份面值間之差額。
- (ii) 法定基金指適用於本集團在中華人民共和國 (「中國」)成立之附屬公司之有關法例所規定之 儲備,並可用於抵銷該等中國附屬公司過往年 度之虧損。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動			
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利		11,140	17,740
Adjustments for:	調整:			
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一家附屬公司之收益		(2)	_
Interest expenses	利息開支		6,535	11,658
Interest income	利息收入		(1,385)	(317)
Reversal of impairment loss	就應收貿易賬款及其他			
recognised in respect of trade	應收賬款確認之			
and other receivables	減值虧損撥回		(641)	(397)
Allowance for trade and	就應收貿易賬款及其他應收			
other receivables	賬款之撥備		-	2,852
Impairment loss recognised	就商譽確認之減值虧損			
in respect of goodwill			2,910	-
Impairment loss recognised	就一家聯營公司投資確認之			
in respect of investment	減值虧損			
in an associate			-	900
Adjustment to estimated	估計賣方賠償金額之調整			
compensation by the vendors		29	-	(109)
Share of result of an associate	分佔一家聯營公司之業績		(5)	(444)
Write down of inventories	存貨撇減		5,944	9,486
Reversal of write down of	存貨撇減撥回			
inventories			(6,162)	(2,871)
Depreciation of plant and	廠房及設備之折舊			
equipment			1,896	1,831
Write back of amount due to	撥回應付一家附屬公司			
a non-controlling shareholder	一名非控制性股東之金額			
of a subsidiary			-	(7,862)
Loss on disposal/write-off of	出售/撇銷廠房及設備之			
plant and equipment	虧損		950	2
Amortisation of mining right	採礦權攤銷		-	533
Impairment loss/(reversal of	就會所會籍確認之減值虧損			
impairment loss) recognised in	/(減值虧損撥回)			
respect of club memberships			122	(11)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 综合現金流量表

	Notes 附註	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Decrease/(increase) in inventories營運資金變動前之 經營現金流量 存貨減少/(増加) 應收貿易賬款及其他	應收賬款	21,302 55,008	32,991 (20,757)
other receivables 減少/(增加) Decrease/(increase) in bills receivable 應收票據減少/(增 Increase in amounts due from 應收關連人士款項增		97,951 5,580	(85,464) (7,056)
related parties (Decrease)/increase in trade and 應付貿易賬款及其他 other payables (減少)/增加	應付賬款	(418) (99,250)	- 106,517
Cash generated from operations 經營業務所得現金 PRC Enterprise Income Tax (已繳)//退回中國企 (paid)/refunded 所得税	業	80,173 (305)	26,231
NET CASH GENERATED FROM 經營活動所得現金淨 OPERATING ACTIVITIES	額	79,868	28,307
INVESTING ACTIVITIES 投資活動 Decrease in other assets 其他資產減少		-	1,542
Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment 出售廠房及設備之所 Disposal of a subsidiary, 出售一家附屬公司,	己減	112	-
net of cash disposed 所出售之現金 Interest received 已收利息 Repayment from non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries 還款	33 東之	(505) 700 –	- 317 4,571
Purchase of plant and equipment 購買廠房及設備 NET CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED 投資活動 (所用)/		(3,846)	(3,568)
FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 所得現金淨額		(3,539)	2,862

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

	Notes 附註	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Bank and other borrowings raised Repayment to a director Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid	融資活動 已籌集之銀行及其他借貸 一名董事之還款 償還銀行及其他借貸 已付利息	24,600 (15,429) (59,380) (1,380)	182,900 (18,922) (147,500) (4,264)
NET CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES) 融資活動 (所用) /所得 現金淨額	(51,589)	12,214
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物增加淨額	24,740	43,383
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	年初之現金及現金等價物	45,667	7,264
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動之影響	7,963	(4,980)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年終之現金及現金等價物	78,370	45,667

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL

The Company is an exempted company with limited liability incorporated in Bermuda under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended). The shares of the Company are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its parent and ultimate holding company is Future 2000 Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section to the annual report.

The functional currency of the Company is Renminbi ("RMB"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") for the convenience of the shareholders, as the Company is listed in Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are distribution and trading of mobile phones and related accessories, development of marketing and after-sales service network and mining and processing of celestite, zinc and lead minerals. The activities of its principal subsidiaries and principal associate are set out in Notes 40 and 41, respectively.

1. 一般事項

本公司為根據百慕達一九八一年公司法 (經修訂)在百慕達註冊成立之受豁免有限 公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)上市。本公司之母公司及最終 控股公司為於英屬處女群島註冊成立的公 司Future 2000 Limited。本公司註冊辦事 處及主要營業地點之地址在年報「公司資 料」一節內披露。

本公司之功能貨幣為人民幣(「人民幣」)。 由於本公司於香港上市,為方便股東,故綜 合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬 公司(「本集團」)之主要業務為分銷及買賣 移動電話及相關配件、發展市場推廣及售 後服務網絡,以及天青石、鋅及鉛礦石的開 採及加工業務。主要附屬公司及主要聯營 公司之業務分別載於附註40及41。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – effective on 1st January, 2011 **HKFRSs** Improvements to HKFRSs 2010 (Amendments) Amendments to Classification of Rights Issues HKAS 32 Amendments to Prepayments of a Minimum HK(IFRIC) -Funding Requirement Interpretation 14 HK(IFRIC) -Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments Interpretation 19 HKAS 24 (Revised) Related Party Disclosures - 弗24號(經修訂)

Except as explained below, the adoption of these new/revised HKFRSs has no significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL

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HKFRS 3 (Amendments) – Business Combinations

As part of the Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2010, HKFRS 3 has been amended to clarify that the option to measure non-controlling interests ("NCI") at either fair value or the NCI's proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets is limited to instruments that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets in the event of liquidation. Other components of NCI are measured at their acquisition date fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. The Group has amended its accounting policies for measuring NCI but the adoption of the amendment has had no impact on the Group's financial statements as there is no business acquisition during the year.

2. 採用香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則))

(a) 採用新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則一於二零一一年一月一日生效

香港財務報告準則	二零一零年香港
(修訂本)	財務報告準則
	之改進
香港會計準則	供股之分類
第32號之修訂本	
香港(國際財務	預付最低資金
報告詮釋委員會)	要求
一詮釋第14號之	
修訂本	
香港 (國際財務	以股本工具撇減
報告詮釋委員會)	財務負債
一詮釋第19號	
香港會計準則	關連人士之披露
第24號(經修訂)	

除下文所闡釋者外,採納此等新訂/ 經修訂香港財務報告準則對本集團之 財務報表並無重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本) -業務合併

作為於二零一零年所頒佈香港財務報 告準則之改進之一部分,香港財務報 告準則第3號已予修訂,以澄清按公 平值或非控制性權益(「非控制性權 益」)在被收購方可識別資產淨值之已 確認金額所佔之比例份額來計量非控 制性權益之選擇權,僅限於屬於目前 擁有權權益並賦予持有人在清盤時於 被收購方資產淨值中享有比例份額之 工具。非控制性權益之其他組成部分 乃按其收購日期之公平值計量,除非 香港財務報告準則規定按另一項計量 基準,則作別論。本集團已修訂其就計 量非控制性權益所採用之會計政策, 惟採用此項修訂對本集團之財務報表 並無影響,因本年度並無業務收購。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

- 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)
 - (a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs effective on 1st January, 2011 (Continued)

HKAS 24 (Revised) - Related Party Disclosures

HKAS 24 (Revised) amends the definition of related party and clarifies its meaning. This may result in changes to those parties who are identified as being related parties of the reporting entity. The Group has reassessed the identification of its related parties in accordance with the revised definition and no material impact has been noted for comparative period's disclosure. The adoption of HKAS 24 (Revised) has no impact on the Group's reported profit or loss, total comprehensive income or equity for comparative period presented.

HKAS 24 (Revised) also introduces simplified disclosure requirements applicable to related party transactions where the Group and the counterparty are under the common control, joint control or significant influence of a government, government agency or similar body. These new disclosures are not relevant to the Group because the Group is not a government related entity.

- 採用香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)(續)
 - (a) 採用新訂/經修訂香港財務報告
 準則-於二零--年-月-日生效
 (續)

香港會計準則第24號(經修訂)一關 連人士之披露

香港會計準則第24號(經修訂)對關 連人士之釋義作出修訂並釐清其涵 義。有關修訂可能會造成被辨識為報 告實體之關連人士之該等人士變動。 本集團已根據經修訂釋義對其關連人 士之識別重新評估,惟對比較期間之 披露並無重大影響。採用香港會計準 則第24號(經修訂)對本集團於呈列 比較期間所申報之損益、全面收入或 權益總額並無影響。

香港會計準則第24號(經修訂)亦引 進適用於關連人士交易之簡化披露規 定,當中本集團與對手方受政府、政府 代理機構或類似法團之共同控制、聯 手控制或重大影響。由於本集團並非 政府關連實體,故該等新披露與本集 團並不相關。

			採用香港財務報告準則(「香港則 務報告準則」) <i>(續)</i>	オ		
	(b)	New/revised HKFRS are not yet effective	Ss that have been issued but		(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂 香港財務報告準則	
		to the Group's finance	vised HKFRSs, potentially relevant cial statements, have been issued, ective and have not been early p.		本集團並無提早採用下列已頒佈但 未生效並可能與本集團財務報表相 之新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準則	關
		Amendments to HKFRS 7 Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets ¹ Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ³		 香港財務報告準則 披露一財務資產 第7號之修訂本 之轉撥1 香港財務報告準則 披露一抵銷財養 第7號之修訂本 資產及財務 負債³ 	
		Amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income ²		香港會計準則 呈列其他全面 第1號之修訂本 收入項目 ² (經修訂)	
		Amendments to HKAS 32	Presentation – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ⁴		香港會計準則 呈列-抵銷財 第32號之修訂本 資產及財務 負債 ⁴	僗
		HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ⁵		香港財務報告 財務工具⁵ 準則第9號	
		HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements ³		香港財務報告 綜合財務報表 ³ 準則第10號	3
		HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities ³		香港財務報告 披露於其他實 準則第12號 之權益 ³	醴
		HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement ³		香港財務報告 公平值計量 ³ 準則第13號	
		HKAS 27 (2011)	Separate Financial Statements ³		香港會計準則 獨立財務報表 ³ 第27號 (二零一一年)	-
		HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures ³		香港會計準則 於聯營公司及 第28號 合資企業之 (二零一一年) 投資 ³	
		¹ Effective for annu July, 2011	al periods beginning on or after 1st		1 於二零一一年七月一日或其後開始 年度期間生效	Ż
		² Effective for annu July, 2012	ual periods beginning on or after 1st		2 於二零一二年七月一日或其後開始 年度期間生效	Ż
		³ Effective for annu January, 2013	ual periods beginning on or after 1st		3 於二零一三年一月一日或其後開始 年度期間生效	Ż
		January, 2014	ual periods beginning on or after 1st		4 於二零一四年一月一日或其後開始 年度期間生效	
		⁵ Effective for annu January, 2015	al periods beginning on or after 1st		5 於二零一五年一月一日或其後開始 年度期間生效	Ż

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 7 – Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets

The amendments to HKFRS 7 improve the disclosure requirements for transfer transactions of financial assets and allow users of financial statements to better understand the possible effects of any risks that may remain with the entity on transferred assets. The amendments also require additional disclosures if a disproportionate amount of transfer transactions are undertaken around the end of a reporting period.

Amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised) – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised) require the Group to separate items presented in other comprehensive income into those that may be reclassified to profit and loss in the future (e.g. revaluations of available-for-sale financial assets) and those that may not (e.g. revaluations of property, plant and equipment). Tax on items of other comprehensive income is allocated and disclosed on the same basis. The amendments will be applied retrospectively. 採用香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂本-披露-財務資產之轉撥

香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂本改 進財務資產轉讓交易之披露規定,使 財務報表使用者更能了解實體於所轉 讓資產之任何風險之可能影響。該等 修訂亦規定在呈報期末前後進行之轉 讓交易所涉數額比例不均時須作出額 外披露。

香港會計準則第1號之修訂本(經修 訂)一呈列其他全面收入項目

香港會計準則第1號之修訂本(經修 訂)規定本集團將呈列於其他全面收 入之項目,分為該等可能於日後重新 分類至損益之項目(例如可供出售財 務資產之重估)及該等未必會重新分 類至損益之項目(例如物業、廠房及 設備之重估)。其他全面收入項目所繳 納之税項會按相同基準進行分配及披 露。有關修訂將追溯應用。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

Under HKFRS 9. financial assets are classified into financial assets measured at fair value or at amortised cost depending on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Fair value gains or losses will be recognised in profit or loss except for those non-trade equity investments, which the entity will have a choice to recognise the gains and losses in other comprehensive income. HKFRS 9 carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. 採用香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號一財務工具

根據香港財務報告準則第9號,財務 資產分類為按公平值或按攤銷成本計 量之財務資產,視乎實體管理財務資 產之業務模式及財務資產之合約現金 流量特點而定。公平值之收益或虧損 將於損益中確認,惟對於若干非買賣 股本投資,實體可選擇於其他全面收 入中確認收益及虧損。香港財務報告 準則第9號貫徹香港會計準則第39號 有關財務負債之確認、分類及計量規 定,惟就指定為按公平值計入損益之 財務負債而言,因該負債之信貸風險 變動而引致之公平值變動金額乃於其 他全面收入中確認,除非此舉將產生 或擴大會計錯配。此外,香港財務報告 準則第9號保留香港會計準則第39號 有關終止確認財務資產及財務負債之 規定。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements

HKFRS 10 introduces a single control model for consolidation of all investee entities. An investor has control when it has power over the investee (whether or not that power is used in practice), exposure or rights to variable returns from the investee and the ability to use the power over the investee to affect those returns. HKFRS 10 contains extensive guidance on the assessment of control. For example, the standard introduces the concept of "de facto" control where an investor can control an investee while holding less than 50% of the investee's voting rights in circumstances where its voting interest is of sufficiently dominant size relative to the size and dispersion of those of other individual shareholders to give it power over the investee. Potential voting rights are considered in the analysis of control only when these are substantive, i.e. the holder has the practical ability to exercise them. The standard explicitly requires an assessment of whether an investor with decision making rights is acting as principal or agent and also whether other parties with decision making rights are acting as agents of the investor. An agent is engaged to act on behalf of and for the benefit of another party and therefore does not control the investee when it exercises its decision making authority. The implantation of HKFRS 10 may result in changes in those entities which are regarded as being controlled by the Group and are therefore consolidated in the financial statements. The accounting requirements in the existing HKAS 27 on other consolidation related matters are carried forward unchanged. HKFRS 10 is applied retrospectively subject to certain transitional provisions.

 採用香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號一綜合財務 報表

香港財務報告準則第10號就綜合計算 所有被投資實體引入單一之控股權模 式。投資者有權控制被投資方(不論 實際上有否行使該權力)、對來自被投 資方之浮動回報享有之承擔或權利以 及能運用對被投資方之權力以影響該 等回報時,投資者即擁有控制權。香 港財務報告準則第10號載有評估控制 權之詳細指引。例如,該準則引入 [實 際」控制權之概念,即倘相對其他個人 股東之表決權益之數量及分散情況, 投資者之表決權益數量足夠佔優,使 其獲得對被投資方之權力,即使持有 被投資方表決權少於50%之投資者仍 可控制被投資方。潛在表決權僅在實 質存在(即持有人有實際能力可行使 該等表決權)時於分析控制權時獲考 慮。該準則明確要求評估具有決策權 之投資者是以委託人或代理人身份行 事,以及具有決策權之其他各方是否 以投資者之代理人身份行事。代理人 獲委聘以代表另一方及為另一方之利 益行事,故在其行使其決策權限時並 不控制被投資方。實施香港財務報告 準則第10號可能導致該等被視為受本 集團控制並因此在財務報表中綜合入 賬之實體出現變動。現有香港會計準 則第27號有關其他綜合計算相關事項 之會計規定貫徹不變。香港財務報告 準則第10號已追溯應用,惟須受限於 若干過渡性條文。

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2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

HKFRS 12 integrates and makes consistent the disclosure requirements about interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements. It also introduces new disclosure requirements, including those related to unconsolidated structured entities. The general objective of the standard is to enable users of financial statements to evaluate the nature and risks of a reporting entity's interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on the reporting entity's financial statements.

HKFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement

HKFRS 13 provides a single source of guidance on how to measure fair value when it is required or permitted by other standards. The standard applies to both financial and non-financial items measured at fair value and introduces a fair value measurement hierarchy. The definitions of the three levels in this measurement hierarchy are generally consistent with HKFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures". HKFRS 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price). The standard removes the requirement to use bid and ask prices for financial assets and liabilities quoted in an active market. Rather the price within the bidask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances should be used. It also contains extensive disclosure requirements to allow users of the financial statements to assess the methods and inputs used in measuring fair values and the effects of fair value measurements on the financial statements. HKFRS 13 can be adopted early and is applied prospectively.

 採用香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第12號一披露於其 他實體之權益

香港財務報告準則第12號整合有關於 附屬公司、聯營公司及合營安排之權 益之披露規定,並使有關規定貫徹一 致。該準則亦引入新披露規定,包括有 關非綜合計算結構實體之披露規定。 該準則之一般目標是令財務報表使用 者可評估呈報實體於其他實體之權益 之性質及風險及該等權益對呈報實體 之財務報表之影響。

香港財務報告準則第13號一公平值計 量

香港財務報告準則第13號提供有關 如何在其他準則要求或准許時計量公 平值之單一指引來源。該準則適用於 按公平值計量之財務項目及非財務項 目, 並引入公平值計量等級。此計量 等級中三個層級之定義一般與香港財 務報告準則第7號「財務工具:披露」 一致。香港財務報告準則第13號將公 平值界定為在市場參與者於計量日期 進行之有序交易中就出售資產所收取 或就轉讓負債所支付之價格(即平倉 價)。該準則撤銷以買入價及賣出價釐 定於交投活躍市場掛牌之財務資產及 負債之規定,轉而採用買賣差價中在 該等情況下最能代表公平值之價格。 該準則亦載有詳細之 披露規定, 讓財 務報表使用者可評估計量公平值所採 用之方法及輸入數據以及公平值計量 對財務報表之影響。香港財務報告準 則第13號可提早採用,現已按未來適 用基準應用。

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- 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)
 - (b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the potential impact of these new/revised HKFRSs and the directors so far concluded that the application of these new/revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the Group's financial statements.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except that certain financial instruments are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. In addition, these financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

- 採用香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第13號一公平值計 量(續)

本集團正評估該等新訂/經修訂香港 財務報告準則之潛在影響,董事目前 為止之結論為,應用該等新訂/經修 訂香港財務報告準則將不會對本集團 之財務報表產生任何重大影響。

3. 主要會計政策

該等財務報表根據歷史成本基準編製,惟 如以下會計政策所闡釋,若干財務工具按 公平值計量。

該等財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒 佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此外,該等 財務報表載有聯交所證券上市規則及香港 《公司條例》規定之適用披露事項。

業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司之 財務報表。集團內部公司間之交易及結餘 及未變現溢利於編製綜合財務報表時悉數 抵銷。除非交易提供所轉讓資產之減值證 明,否則未變現虧損亦予抵銷,在此情況 下,虧損於損益確認。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisition or up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the noncontrolling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiaries either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併及綜合基準(續)

年內收購或出售之附屬公司之業績由收購 生效日期起或至出售生效日期止(視適用 情況而定)列入綜合全面收入表內。於有需 要之情況下,附屬公司之財務報表會作出 調整,使有關會計政策與本集團其他成員 公司所採用者一致。

收購附屬公司或業務採用收購法入賬。收 購成本按本集團(作為收購方)所轉讓資 產、所產生負債以及所發行股本權益於收 購日之公平值總額計量。收購之可識別資 產及承擔之負債主要按於收購日之公平值 計量。本集團以往持有被收購方之股本權 益按收購日之公平值重新計量,並將因此 而產生之溢利或虧損於損益確認。本集團 可 撰 擇 因 應 每 項 交 易,按 公 平 值 或 應 佔 之 被收購方可識別資產淨值比例來計量非控 制性權益(即現時於附屬公司之擁有權權 益)。除非香港財務報告準則規定按另一計 量基準計量外,否則所有其他非控制性權 益按公平值計量。收購所產生之相關成本 列作支出,除非有關成本因發行股本工具 而產生,在此情況下,成本於權益中扣除。

由收購方將予轉讓之任何或然代價按收購 日之公平值確認,其後對代價之調整僅於 調整源自於計量期間(最長為收購日期起 12個月)內所取得有關於收購日之公平值 之新資料時,方於商譽確認。分類為資產或 負債之或然代價之所有其他其後調整,均 於損益確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

Contingent consideration balances arising from business combinations whose acquisition dates preceded 1st January, 2010 (i.e. the date the Group first applied HKFRS 3 (2008)) have been accounted for in accordance with the transition requirements in the standard. Such balances are not adjusted upon first application of the standard. Subsequent revisions to estimates of such consideration are treated as adjustments to the cost of these business combinations and are recognised as part of goodwill.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interest are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any noncontrolling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of noncontrolling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購日期為二零一零年一月一日(即本集 團首次應用香港財務報告準則第3號(二零 零八年)之日)前之業務合併所產生之或然 代價結餘已根據該準則之過渡規定入賬。 有關結餘於首次應用該準則時並未作調 整。其後對有關代價估計之修訂視作對該 等業務合併成本之調整,並被確認為商譽 之一部分。

本集團於附屬公司權益之變動如不導致喪 失控制權,會入賬列為權益交易。本集團權 益及非控制性權益之賬面值會作調整,以 反映各自之附屬公司權益之變動。非控制 性權益之調整金額與所付或所收代價公平 值間之任何差額,直接於權益確認,並計入 本公司擁有人。

如本集團喪失附屬公司控制權,出售溢利 或虧損為以下兩者之差額:(i)已收代價公 平值與任何保留權益公平值之總額;及(ii) 資產(包括商譽)過往賬面值與附屬公司及 任何非控制性權益負債之總額。至於以往 於其他全面收入確認而與附屬公司有關之 金額,入賬方式與在相關資產或負債已經 出售之情況下所用者相同。

收購後,非控制性權益(即目前於附屬公司 之擁有權權益)之賬面值為初步確認之金 額,另加該非控制性權益其後之應佔權益 變動。即使全面收入總額計入有關非控制 性權益造成負結餘,全面收入總額仍然計 入非控制性權益。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company is able to exercise control. Control is achieved where the Company, directly or indirectly, has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost being the excess of the aggregate of consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests over the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired.

Where the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceed the fair value of consideration paid, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cashgenerating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

附屬公司

附屬公司乃指本公司可行使控制權之公 司。控制權乃指本公司直接或間接擁有權 力管理一家實體之財務及經營之決策,以 於其業務中獲取利益。於評估控制權時,會 計及當前可行使之潛在投票權。

於本公司財務狀況表內,於附屬公司之投 資按成本減減值虧損(如有)列賬。附屬公 司之業績由本公司按已收及應收股息入 賬。

商譽

商譽初步按成本確認,而商譽即所轉移代 價與就非控制性權益確認之金額總額超出 所收購可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公 平值之部分。

倘可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公平值 高於所付代價之公平值,則超出部分於重 估後確認為收購日之損益。

商譽乃按成本減減值虧損計量。就減值測 試而言,收購產生之商譽分配予預期會受 惠於收購協同效益之各相關現金產生單 位。獲分配商譽之現金產生單位會每年及 於有跡象顯示該單位可能出現減值時進行 減值測試。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Goodwill (Continued)

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent period.

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the investor has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associates, less any identified impairment loss. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate, the Group discontinues recognised its share of further losses. An additional share of losses is provided for and a liability is recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

商譽(續)

就於財政年度內進行收購所產生之商譽而 言,獲分配商譽之現金產生單位會於該財 政年度結束前進行減值測試。如現金產生 單位之可收回金額少於該單位之賬面值, 減值虧損會首先分配以撇減該單位獲分配 之任何商譽之賬面值,繼而基於該單位內 每項資產之賬面值之比例分配至該單位之 其他資產。商譽之任何減值虧損於損益確 認,而不會於往後期間撥回。

於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司指投資者可行使重大影響力之實 體,且該實體並非附屬公司亦非合營企業 權益。重大影響力指參與被投資方的財務 及經營決策但並非控制或共同控制該等政 策的權力。

聯營公司之業績、資產及負債按權益會計 法計入綜合財務報表內。根據權益法,於 聯營公司之投資按成本(已就本集團分佔 聯營公司之資產淨值於收購後之變動作調 整)減任何已識別減值虧損列於綜合財務 狀況表。如本集團分佔聯營公司之虧損等 同或超過所持該聯營公司權益,本集團終 止確認所分佔之進一步虧損。額外分佔虧 損會計提撥備及確認為負債,惟僅以本集 團有法定或推定責任者或代表該聯營公司 支付之款項為限。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments in associates (Continued)

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. The goodwill included within the carrying amount of the investment is not tested for impairment separately. Instead, the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment as a single asset. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment in the associate. Any reversal of impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Service income is recognised when services are provided.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司之投資(續)

收購成本超出本集團應佔聯營公司於收購 日期確認之可識別資產、負債及或然負債 公平淨值之任何差額,一概確認為商譽。有 關商譽列入該投資的賬面值內,且不進行 單獨減值測試,相反,投資的全部賬面值作 為單一資產進行減值測試。任何已確認之 減值虧損不會分配至構成於聯營公司之投 資的其中部分賬面值之資產(包括商譽)。 任何減值虧損撥回按其後增加的投資可收 回金額確認。

如集團實體與本集團聯營公司進行交易, 損益會互相抵銷,惟數額以本集團所佔有 關聯營公司之權益為限。

收益確認

收益按已收或應收代價之公平值計量,指 日常業務過程中就已售出貨品及已提供服 務應收之款項,並已扣除折扣及銷售相關 税項。

銷售貨品之收益於貨品交付及擁有權轉移 時確認入賬。

服務收入於服務提供時確認。

利息收入根據未償還本金按時間基準及適 用利率累計。

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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 3

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual values, using the straight-line method. The principal annual rates used for the current year are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	5%-20% or over the term of the relevant leases, whichever is	租賃裝修	5%-20%或有關租期 (以較短者為準)
	shorter		
Furniture, fixtures and	20%-33%	傢俬、裝置及	20%-33%
equipment		設備	
Motor vehicles	20%-25%	汽車	20%-25%

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is recognised.

Construction in progress represents plant and equipment under construction or pending installation and is stated at cost less any impairment losses. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. Construction in progress is classified to the appropriate category of plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

廠房及設備

廠房及設備(在建工程除外)按成本減其後 累計折舊及累計減值虧損列賬。

廠房及設備項目之折舊根據其估計可使用 年期及計入估計剩餘價值後,以直線法撇 銷其成本。本年度所用的主要年率如下:

	(以較短者為準)
傢俬、裝置及 設備	20%-33%
汽車	20%-25%
廠房及設備項目放	
產不會產生未來經	經濟利益時停止確認。終

終 止確認資產時所產生之任何盈虧(按出售 所得款項淨額與項目賬面值之間的差額計 算)計入確認項目期間的損益。

在建工程指興建中或待安裝之廠房及設 備,並按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。在建工 程直至相關資產落成及可作擬定用途前不 作折舊撥備。在建工程於完成及可供使用 時歸類至廠房及設備之適當類別。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible asset

Club memberships

Club memberships with indefinite life are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Mining right

Mining right is stated at cost less subsequent accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss. Mining right is amortised using the units of production method based on the proven and probable mineral reserves.

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have reduced. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. In addition, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

無形資產

會所會籍

永久會所會籍按成本減任何其後累計減值 虧損入賬。

採礦權

採礦權按成本減其後累計攤銷及累計減值 虧損列賬。採礦權使用生產單位法按探明 及推定礦產儲量攤銷。

有形及無形資產(商譽除外)之減值虧損

本集團於呈報期結算日審閱其有形及無形 資產之賬面值以確定是否有任何跡象顯示 該等資產存在減值虧損或先前確認之減值 虧損不再存在或可能經已減少。倘出現任 何該等跡象,則會估計資產之可收回金額, 以釐定減值虧損之程度(如有)。此外,使 用年期不確定之無形資產須每年及在其出 現可能減值之跡象時進行減值測試。倘預 計一項資產之可收回金額低於其賬面值, 則該項資產之賬面值會扣減至其可收回金 額。減值虧損會立即確認為支出。

倘減值虧損於日後撥回,則該項資產之賬 面值會增至其可收回金額之已修訂後估 值,惟所增加之賬面值不得超過在該項資 產於過往年度未確認減值虧損之情況下所 釐定之賬面值。撥回之減值虧損即時確認 為收入。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Provision for close down and restoration costs

Close down and restoration costs are provided in the accounting period when the obligation arising from the related disturbance occurs, whether this occurs during mine development or during the production phase, based on the net present value of estimated future costs. The cost is capitalised where it gives rise to future benefits, whether the rehabilitation activity is expected to occur over the life of the operation or at the time of close down. The capitalised cost is amortised over the life of the operation and the increase in the net present value of the provision is included in borrowing costs. Where there is a change in the expected decommissioning and restoration costs, an adjustment is recorded against the carrying value of the provision and related assets, and the effect is then recognised in the profit or loss on a prospective basis over the remaining life of the operation. Provision for close down and restoration costs does not include any additional obligations which are expected to arise from future disturbance. The cost estimates are reviewed and revised at the end of each reporting period to reflect changes in conditions.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, which comprises all costs of purchase and, where applicable, cost of conversion and other costs that have been incurred in bringing the materials and supplies to their present location and condition, is calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

關閉及復墾成本撥備

關閉及復墾成本於有關干擾引起之責任產 生之會計期間,按估計未來成本之淨現值 計提撥備,而不論該責任是否在煤礦開發 期間或在生產階段產生。有關成本於可產 生未來利益時資本化,而不論復墾活動預 計會在經營期限內或是在關閉時產生。資 本化成本按經營期限攤銷而撥備淨現值之 增加則計入借貸成本。如預計停用及復墾 成本出現變動,撥備及相關資產賬面值 約 個別方按預測基準於損益確認。關閉及復 趣之任何額外責任。成本估計於各呈報期 結算日審閱及修正,以反映情況變化。

存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值之較低者列賬。 成本包括所有購買成本及(如適用)將物資 及補給品安置在目前位置及環境所產生的 轉換成本及其他成本,並按先入先出法計 算。可變現淨值指以正常業務過程中的估 計售價減去完成生產及銷售所需的估計成 本後所得之金額。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價 物包括手頭現金及活期存款,以及高流通 性短期投資(即可隨時轉換為已知現金金 額、價值變動風險不大及期限較短(一般為 購買後三個月內)之投資),減去須應要求 償還並為本集團現金管理之整體部分之銀 行透支。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等價物包 括手頭現金及銀行存款,而銀行存款包括 用途不受限制,且性質與現金相近之資產。

租賃

如租約條款將擁有權之絕大部分風險及回 報轉予承租人,該租約分類為融資租約。所 有其他租約均分類為經營租約。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約付款於有關租期內按直線基準確 認為開支。作為吸引訂立經營租約而已收 及應收利益,亦按租期以直線基準確認為 租金支出之扣減。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (the translation reserve).

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the translation reserve.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣

編製各個集團實體之財務報表時,以該實 體之功能貨幣以外的貨幣(外幣)進行之交 易,按交易日期之匯率以各功能貨幣(即該 實體經營業務所在主要經濟環境之貨幣) 列賬。於呈報期結算日,以外幣結算之貨幣 項目按該結算日之匯率重新換算。按過往 成本以外幣計算之非貨幣項目不會重新換 算。

結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目產生之匯兑 差額於產生期間在損益確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團實體之 資產及負債均按呈報期結算日之匯率換算 為本集團之呈列貨幣(即港元),而收入及 開支項目則按年度平均匯率換算,除非期 內匯率大幅波動,則採用交易日之匯率。所 產生之匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面收入中 確認及累計至權益(匯兑儲備)。

收購海外業務所產生的商譽及所收購之可 識別資產公平值的調整,視為該海外業務 的資產及負債,並按呈報期結算日的現行 匯率重新換算。產生之匯兑差額於匯兑儲 備確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme and other PRC state-managed retirement benefit schemes are charged as expenses when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

借貸成本

收購、建設或生產合資格資產(即需要長時 間準備方可作擬定用途或銷售之資產)直 接應佔之借貸成本加入該等資產之成本, 直至該等資產已大致可作擬定用途或銷售 為止。特定借貸用作合資格資產開支之前 暫時投資所賺得之投資收入,會自可撥作 資本的借貸成本扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間在損益確認。

政府補助

倘可合理確定能夠收取政府補助且本集團 能夠滿足該政府補助所附帶之條件,則會 確認政府補助。補貼本集團開支之補助於 開支產生之同一期間以系統化方式於損益 確認為收益。補貼本集團資產成本之補助 於相關資產賬面值中扣除,其後於該項資 產之可使用年期內以經調低折舊開支之方 式於損益實際確認。

退休福利成本

向強制性公積金計劃及其他中國國家管理 之退休福利計劃作出之付款於僱員因提供 服務而可享有供款時列作開支。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be recognised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項

所得税支出指現時應付税項及遞延税項之 總額。

現時應付税項按本年度應課税溢利計算。 應課税溢利與綜合全面收入表中所報之溢 利不同,因其不包括其他年度之應課税或 可扣税收支項目,並且不包括毋須課税或 扣税之項目。本集團之現時税項負債採用 於呈報期結算日已頒行或實際已頒行之税 率計算。

遞延税項乃就綜合財務報表資產及負債賬 面值與計算應課税溢利所採用的相應税基 間之差額而確認。通常會就所有應課税暫 時差額確認遞延税項負債,而遞延税項資 產僅在極可能有應課税溢利用以確認該等 可扣減暫時差額時,方會就所有可扣減暫 時差額加以確認。如於一項交易(業務合併 除外)中,因商譽或首次確認其他資產及負 債而引致之暫時差額既不影響應課税溢利 亦不影響會計溢利,則不會確認該等資產 及負債。

遞延税項負債會就於附屬公司及聯營公司 之投資引致之應課税暫時差額而確認,惟 倘本集團可控制暫時差額撥回且暫時差額 不大可能會於可見將來撥回則除外。至於 與該等投資及權益相關之可扣税暫時差額 所產生之遞延税項資產,僅會於極可能有 足夠應課税溢利可以使用暫時差額之益處 且預計於可見將來可以撥回時確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is recognised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於呈報期結算日檢 討,並扣減至再無足夠應課税溢利可供收 回全部或部分資產為止。

遞延税項資產及負債基於呈報期結算日已 頒佈或實質頒佈的税率(及税法)按清償負 債或確認資產期間的預期適用税率計量。 遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映本集團預 期於呈報期結算日收回或結算資產及負債 賬面值的方式所產生的税務影響。遞延税 項於損益確認,惟倘遞延税項與於其他全 面收入確認或直接於權益確認的項目有 關,則遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收入確 認或直接於權益確認。

財務工具

如集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂約方, 財務資產及財務負債於綜合財務狀況表確 認。財務資產及財務負債初步按公平值計 量。因購置或發行財務資產及財務負債直 接應佔之交易成本乃於初步確認時加入或 扣自財務資產或財務負債之公平值(視情 況而定)。購置透過損益按公平值入賬之財 務資產或財務負債直接應佔之交易成本即 時於損益確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and recognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, bills receivable, amounts due from related parties, cash and cash equivalents) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments, which are recognised in profit or loss.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of other reporting period subsequent to initial recognition (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產

本集團之財務資產分類為貸款及應收賬款 以及可供出售財務資產。所有按正常途徑 買賣之財務資產均按交易日基準確認。正 常途徑買賣指買賣該等財務資產須按市場 規則或慣例於既定時限內交付資產。

貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款為在活躍市場上並無報價 而具有固定或可釐定付款之非衍生財務資 產。於初步確認後,貸款及應收賬款(包括 應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款、應收票據、 應收關連人士之款項、現金及現金等價物) 以實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何已識別減 值虧損(見下文有關財務資產減值虧損之 會計政策)列賬。

可供出售財務資產

可供出售財務資產屬非衍生工具,而不論 是否指定或劃分為透過損益按公平值計量 之財務資產、貸款及應收賬款或持至到期 之投資。於初步確認後,此類資產按公平 值列值,公平值變動則於其他全面收入確 認,惟減值虧損及貨幣工具之匯兑收益及 虧損則於損益確認。

就在活躍市場並無市場報價且不能可靠計 量公平值之可供出售股本投資而言,於初 步確認後,在其他呈報期結算日按成本減 任何已識別減值虧損(見下文有關財務資 產減值虧損之會計政策)計量。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- granting concession to a debtor because of debtor's financial difficulty; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

Where a decline in the fair value constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

Any impairment losses on available-for-sale debt investments are subsequently reversed in profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

For available-for-sale equity investment, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具 (續)

財務資產減值

於呈報期結算日評定財務資產有否減值跡 象。倘有客觀證據顯示財務資產之估計未 來現金流量因於初步確認該財務資產後發 生之一項或多項事件而受到影響,則該財 務資產會作減值。

對於所有其他財務資產,減值之客觀證據 包括:

- 發行人或對手方出現重大財政困難; 或
- 未能繳付或拖欠償還利息或本金;或
- 由於債務人出現財務困難而對債務人 作出寬限;或
- 借款人極有可能面臨破產或財務重 組。

倘公平值下跌構成客觀減值證據,虧損金 額將從權益扣除,並於損益確認。

如投資公平值之增加客觀上與確認減值虧 損後發生之事件相關,則可供出售債務投 資之任何減值虧損其後會從損益中撥回。

就可供出售股本投資而言,減值虧損後公 平值之任何增加均於其他全面收入確認。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For available-for-sale equity investment that is carried at cost, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss is not reversed.

Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and other payables, amounts due to related parties, bank and other borrowings and promissory notes are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具 (續)

財務資產減值(續)

至於按成本列賬之可供出售股本投資,減 值虧損金額按資產賬面值與按同類財務資 產現行市場回報率折現之估計未來現金流 量現值間的差額計量。減值虧損不會撥回。

財務負債

本集團視乎財務負債產生之目的將其分 類。按公平值計入損益之財務負債初步按 公平值計量,而按攤銷成本計算之財務負 債初步按公平值減所產生之直接應佔成本 計量。

按攤銷成本計算之財務負債

按攤銷成本計算之財務負債(包括應付貿 易賬款及其他應付賬款、應付關連人士款 項、銀行及其他借貸及承兑票據)其後採用 實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。有關利息開 支會於損益確認。

負債終止確認或進行攤銷時,收益或虧損 於損益確認。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算財務資產或財務負債之 攤銷成本及攤分有關期間利息收入或利息 開支的方法。實際利率指準確折現財務資 產或負債於整段估計可用年期或(倘適用) 較短期間的估計未來現金收入或現金支出 的利率。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the share options granted vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve).

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

終止確認

財務資產於自有關資產獲取現金流之權利 屆滿時,或有關財務資產被轉讓且本集團 已轉移有關財務資產所有權之絕大部分風 險及回報時終止確認。於終止確認財務資 產時,該項資產之賬面值與已收及應收代 價總額間之差額於損益確認。

財務負債於有關合約規定之承擔解除、撤 銷或到期時終止確認。財務負債之賬面值 與已付及應付代價間之差額於損益確認。

以股份為基礎付款之交易

以股權結算以股份為基礎付款之交易

授予僱員之購股權

倘所授出購股權即時歸屬,參考所授出購 股權於授出日期之公平值而釐定之所獲服 務的公平值,於授出日期全數確認為開支, 並於權益作相應增加(購股權儲備)。

購股權獲行使時,過往於購股權儲備中確 認之數額會轉撥至股份溢價。倘購股權失 效或於屆滿日仍未獲行使,則過往於購股 權儲備中確認之數額會轉撥至累計虧損。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Share-based payment transactions (Continued)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions (Continued)

Share options granted to consultants

Share options issued in exchange for goods or services are measured at the fair values of the services received, unless that fair value cannot be reliably measured, in which case the services received are measured by reference to the fair value of the share options granted. The fair values of the services received are recognised as expenses immediately, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve) when the Group obtains the goods or when the counterparties render services, unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets.

Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).

3. 主要會計政策(續)

以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

以股權結算以股份為基礎付款之交易 (續)

授予顧問之購股權

為換取貨品或服務而發行之購股權按所獲 服務之公平值計量,惟倘公平值不能可靠 計量,則所獲服務參考所授購股權之公平 值計量。當本集團取得貨品或交易對手提 供服務時,所獲服務之公平值即時確認為 開支,權益(購股權儲備)亦相應增加,惟 貨品或服務符合資格確認為資產則除外。

關連人士

- (a) 在下列情況下,一名人士或其近親即 與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共同控制 權;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公司主要管 理人員之人士。
- (b) 符合下列條件之實體即與本集團有關 連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團為同一集團之 成員公司(即各母公司、附屬公 司及同系附屬公司彼此互有關 連)。
 - (ii) 其中一方為另一方之聯營公司或
 合營企業(或其中一方為另一方
 所屬集團之聯營公司或合營企業)。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply: *(Continued)*
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

關連人士(續)

- (b) 符合下列條件之實體即與本集團有關 連: (續)
 - (iii) 雙方均為同一第三方之合營企
 業。
 - (iv) 其中一方為第三方實體之合營企 業,而另一方為該第三方實體之 聯營公司。
 - (v) 該實體乃為本集團或與本集團有 關之實體之僱員福利而設之退休 福利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)段所識別人士控制或 共同控制。
 - (vii) (a)(i)段所識別並對實體有重大影響力或為該實體(或該實體母公司)主要管理人員之人士。

一名人士之近親家屬成員指預期可影響該 人士與實體進行買賣或於買賣時受該人士 影響之有關家屬成員,並包括:

- (i) 該名人士之子女及配偶或家庭夥伴;
- (ii) 該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴之子女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或該名人士之配偶或家庭夥(iii) (iii) (i

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4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源

於應用附註3所載之本集團會計政策時,本 公司董事須對無法依循其他途徑即時得知 之資產及負債賬面值作出估計及假設。該 等估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及認為 相關之其他因素而作出。實際結果或會與 該等估計不同。

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。會計估計之 修訂於修訂估計之期間(倘修訂僅影響該 期間),或修訂期間及未來期間(倘修訂影 響本期間及未來期間)確認。

下文載列有關未來主要假設以及於呈報期 結算日估計之不確定因素其他主要來源, 該等假設及估計很可能導致下一個財政年 度之資產賬面值須作出重大調整。

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4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Mining right

The mining right represents the right of Sifa Mining to conduct mining activities in the location of Huangshi in Hubei in the PRC. The mining right is amortised using the units of production method based on the proven and probable mineral reserves. However, the mining operating permit issued to the Group by the Department of Land and Resources of Hubei Province(湖北省國土資源廳) is only for a term of 5 years from 25th September, 2007 to 25th September, 2012, though it is eligible for renewal thereafter. In the opinion of the directors, the application for renewal is procedural and the Group should be able to renew its mining operation permit without significant costs, until all the proven and probable minerals have been mined. In case the mining operating permit cannot be renewed, the Group may suffer a loss on its remaining investment in the mining right.

Production capacity assumption

The mining operation permit mentioned above limits the production capacity to 100,000 tons per year. In the opinion of the directors, the application for increasing the production capacity is procedural and the Group should be able to obtain a mining operation permit with higher production capacity without significant costs. In case the production capacity limit cannot be increased, the carrying amount of the mining right may be affected.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源(續)

採礦權

採礦權指鍶發礦業於中國湖北省黃石的採 礦權,乃基於已探明及推定礦產儲量以單 位產量法攤銷。然而,儘管湖北省國土資 源廳所發出的採礦許可證僅為期5年,自二 零零七年九月二十五日至二零一二年九月 二十五日止,惟其後可續期。董事認為,申 請續期僅須完成相關程序,故本集團可以 續期採礦許可證而毋須重大成本,直至所 有探明及推定的礦藏已全被開採為止。倘 採礦許可證不獲續期,本集團於採礦權的 餘下投資或會有虧損。

產能假設

上述採礦許可證將年產能限制為100,000 噸。董事認為,申請增加產能僅須完成相關 程序,故本集團可以獲得較高產能之採礦 許可證而毋須重大成本。倘無法增加產能 上限,對採礦權賬面值可能產生影響。

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4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Reserves estimates

Reserves are estimates of the amount of products that can be economically and legally extracted from the Group's properties. In order to calculate reserves, estimates and assumptions are required about a range of geological, technical and economic factors, including quantities, grades, production techniques, recovery rates, production costs, transport costs, commodity demand and commodity prices.

Estimating the quantity and/or grade of reserves requires the size, shape and depth of ore bodies or fields to be determined by analysing geological data such as drilling samples. This process may require complex and difficult geological judgments and calculations to interpret the data.

Because the economic assumptions used to estimate reserves change from period to period, and because additional geological data is generated during the course of operations, estimates of reserves may change from period to period. Changes in reported reserves may affect the Group's financial results and financial position in a number of ways, including the following:

- Asset carrying values may be affected due to changes in estimated future cash flows.
- (ii) Depreciation, depletion and amortisation charged to profit or loss may change where such charges are determined by the units of production basis, or where the useful economic lives of assets change.
- (iii) Decommissioning, site restoration and environmental provisions may change where changes in estimated reserves affect expectations about the timing or cost of these activities.
- (iv) The carrying value of deferred tax may change as a result of changes in the asset carrying values as discussed above.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源(續)

儲量估計

儲量乃可以合符經濟原則之方法合法地自 本集團礦區取得之估計產品數量。為計算 儲量,須就地質、技術及經濟因素範疇作出 估計及假設,其中包括數量、品位、生產技 術、採收率、生產成本、運輸成本、商品需 求及商品價格。

估計儲量之數量及/或品位時,須按鑽探 採樣等地質數據分析,釐定礦體或礦場之 規模、形狀及深度。此工序或涉及繁複艱鉅 之地質判斷及計算以分析有關數據。

由於估計儲量所用經濟假設會隨著不同的 期間而改變,而營運過程中會額外產生地 質數據,故儲量估算或會隨不同期間而有 所變動。呈報儲量的變動可循不同方法影 響本集團的財務業績及財務狀況,其中包 括下列各項:

- (i) 因估計未來現金流量的變動可影響資 產賬面值。
- (ii) 倘折舊、耗減及攤銷支出按生產單位 為基準予以釐定,或資產的可使用經 濟年限有所變動,於損益內扣除的折 舊、耗減及攤銷可能有所變動。
- (iii) 倘估計儲量的變動影響拆撤、礦場復 墾及環保工作預期的時間表或成本, 拆撤、礦場復墾及環保撥備或會出現 變動。
- (iv) 遞延税項之賬面值或因上文所討論的 資產賬面值變動而有所改變。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Provision for close down and restoration costs

The provision for close down and restoration costs is determined by management based on their past experience and best estimation of future expenditures, after taking into account the existing relevant regulations in the PRC. However, in so far as the effect on the land and the environment from current mining activities becomes apparent in future years, the estimate of the associated costs may be subject to revision from time to time. The aggregate carrying value of provision was approximately HK\$1,171,000 (2010: HK\$562,000).

Estimated impairment of trade and other receivables

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31st December, 2011, the carrying amount of trade and other receivables was approximately HK\$59,894,000 net of allowance for doubtful debts of approximately HK\$17,213,000 (2010: HK\$173,150,000 net of allowance for doubtful debts of approximately HK\$17,718,000).

Estimated allowance for inventories

Management reviews the inventories listing at the end of each reporting period, and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified. Allowance was made by reference to the latest market value for those inventories identified. Where the net recognised value is less than the cost, a material write down may arise. As at 31st December, 2011, the carrying amount of inventories (net of allowances) was approximately HK\$132,365,000 (2010: approximately HK\$187,155,000).

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源(續)

關閉及復墾成本撥備

關閉及復墾成本撥備由管理層考慮現有有 關中國的法規後,根據過往經驗和對未來 支出的最佳估計而釐定。然而,在目前的 採礦活動於未來數年對土地及環境的影 響變得明顯的情況下,有關成本的估計可 能須不時修訂。有關撥備的賬面總值約為 1,171,000港元(二零一零年:562,000港 元)。

估計應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款減值

倘存在減值虧損之客觀證據,則本集團 考慮估計未來現金流量。減值虧損之金 額按資產賬面值與以財務資產原實際利 率(即首次確認時計算之實際利率)貼現 之估計未來現金流量(不包括未引致之未 來信貸虧損)現值的差額計算。倘實際未 來現金流量少於預期金額,則可能產生重 大減值虧損。於二零一一年十二月三十一 日,應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款之賬 面值約為59,894,000港元(已扣除呆賬撥 備約為17,213,000港元)(二零一零年: 173,150,000港元(已扣除呆賬撥備約為 17,718,000港元))。

估計存貨撥備

管理層檢討各呈報期結算日所列之存貨, 並對已識別之陳舊及滯銷存貨進行撥備。 撥備乃參考該等已識別存貨的最近期市值 釐定。倘確認淨值低於成本,則會作出重大 撇減。於二零一一年十二月三十一日,存貨 賬面值(已扣除撥備)約為132,365,000港 元(二零一零年:約187,155,000港元)。

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5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while recognised the return to shareholders through the recognised of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes bank and other borrowings and promissory notes as disclosed in Notes 28 and 29 respectively, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and various reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associates thereto. The Group has a target gearing ratio of nil-30% determined as the proportion of net debt to equity. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will maintain its gearing ratio through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

The gearing ratio at the end of reporting period was as follows:

5. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本以確保本集團各實體之持 續經營能力,同時透過確認債務及權益平 衡,確認股東回報。本集團整體策略與往年 相比並無變動。

本集團資本架構包括債務(包括附註28及 29分別披露之銀行及其他借貸及承兑票 據)、現金及現金等價物及本公司擁有人應 佔權益(包括已發行股本及各項儲備)。

本公司董事定期檢討資本架構。檢討時, 董事考慮資本成本及相關風險。本集團之 目標資本負債比率為零至30%,按債務淨 額對權益之比例釐定。根據董事之推薦建 議,本集團將透過派發股息、發行新股及發 行新債務或償還現有債務維持其資本負債 比率。

於呈報期結算日之資本負債比率如下:

2011	2010
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
15,250	95,826
(78,370)	(45,667)
Nil零	50,159
479,483	446,306
Nil零	11%

Debt	債務
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物
Net debt	債務淨額
Equity	權益
Net debt to equity ratio	債務淨額對權益比率

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

6. 財務工具

(a) Categories of financial instruments

(a) 財務工具類別

		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	財務資產		
Loans and receivables	貸款及應收賬款(包括		
(including cash and cash	現金及現金等價物)		
equivalents)		111,716	83,783
Available-for-sale investment	可供出售投資	69	69
Financial liabilities	財務負債		
Financial liabilities measured at	按攤銷成本計量之		
amortised cost	財務負債	52,123	126,477

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets included in trade and other receivables, bills receivable, amounts due from related parties, cash and cash equivalents; financial liabilities included in trade and other payables, bank and other borrowings, amounts due to related parties and promissory notes. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risk

(i) Currency risk

Several subsidiaries in the Group are exposed to foreign currency risk primarily arising from foreign currency bank deposits, other receivables and trade and other payables.

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要財務工具包括計入應收貿 易賬款及其他應收賬款、應收票據、 應收關連人士之款項、現金及現金等 價物之財務資產:計入應付貿易賬款 及其他應付賬款、銀行及其他借貸、 應付關連人士款項及承兑票據之財務 負債。此等財務工具詳情於相關附註 披露。有關該等財務工具之風險包括 市場風險(外幣風險及利率風險)、信 貸風險及流動資金風險。下文載列減 低此等風險之政策。管理層會管理及 監控該等風險,確保及時與有效採取 適當措施。

市場風險

(i) 貨幣風險

本集團多間附屬公司面對外幣風 險,主要源自外幣銀行存款、其 他應收賬款及應付貿易賬款及其 他應付賬款。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(i) Currency risk (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's significant monetary assets and liabilities which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant group entities at the end of reporting period are as follows:

6. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險(續)

截至呈報期結算日,本集團以相 關集團實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣 計值之重大貨幣資產及負債之賬 面值如下:

Liabi	lities	Assets			
負	債	資產			
2011	2010	2011	2010		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
24,201	48,351	14	124		

HK\$

The Group is mainly exposed to the fluctuation of HK\$. The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2010: 5%) appreciation and depreciation in the functional currency of the relevant subsidiaries (RMB) against the above foreign currency. 5% (2010: 5%) represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of reporting period for a 5% (2010: 5%) change in the exchange rates. A strengthening of the functional currency of the relevant subsidiaries against the above foreign currency would give rise to the following impact to the Group's pre-tax results for the year and vice versa.

港元

本集團主要面對港元之匯率波動 風險。下表詳列本集團相關附屬 公司功能貨幣(人民幣)兑上述 外幣升值及貶值5%(二零一 年:5%)之敏感度。5%(二零一 零年:5%)為管理層對外匯匯率 可能出現合理變動之評估。敏常 值貨幣項目,並於各呈報期結算 日以匯率5%(二零一零年:5%) 之變動調整換算。倘相關附屬公 司功能貨幣兑上述外幣升值,將 對年度除税前業績產生以下影 響,反之亦然。

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6.	FINANCIAL	INSTRUMENTS	(Continued)

6. 財務工具(續)

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - 市場風險(續)
 - (i) 外幣風險(續)

2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,209	2,411

管理層認為,由於年末所面對之 風險並不反映本年度所面對之風 險,故上述敏感度分析並不代表 固有外幣風險。

(ii) 利率風險

由於定息借貸(詳情見附註28) 以攤銷成本列值,故本集團毋須 就其定息借貸承擔公平值利率風 險。本集團現時並無利率對沖政 策。然而,管理層監控利率風險 並會在需要時考慮對沖重大利率 風險。

由於借貸之利率為固定利率,故 本集團並無任何現金流量利率風 險(詳情見附註28)。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(i) Currency risk (Continued)

Improvement in results	年度業績上升
for the year	
– HK\$	一港元

In the management's opinion, the above sensitivity analysis is not necessarily representative of the inherent foreign currency risk as the exposure at year end does not reflect the exposure during the year.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is not exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to its fixed-rate borrowing (see Note 28 for details) as they are carried at amortised cost. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group is not exposed to cash flow interest rate risk as the interest rate of borrowing is fixed (see Note 28 for details).

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

At 31st December, 2011, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the Group's profit for the year and decrease/ increase accumulated losses by approximately HK\$380,000 (2010: HK\$110,000).

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for the Group's variable-rate bank balances at the end of reporting period (2010: the exposure to interest rates for the Group's variable-rate bank balances and variable-rate borrowings). The analysis is prepared assuming these financial instruments outstanding at the end of reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. The 50 basis point increase/decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual reporting date. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2010.

6. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

於二零一一年十二月三十一日, 倘利率整體上調/下調50點子, 而所有其他變數維持不變,估 計本集團年內溢利將會增加/ 減少及累計虧損將會減少/增 加約380,000港元(二零一零年: 110,000港元)。

上述敏感度分析已按本集團於呈 報期結算日之浮息銀行結餘(二 零一零年:須就本集團之浮息銀 行結餘及浮息借貸承擔利率風 險)而釐定。編製該分析時假設該 等於呈報期結算日尚未行使之財 務工具於整個年度均尚未行使。 50點子的上調/下調乃管理層對 直至下一年報日期止期間的合理 可能利率變動評估。二零一零年 之分析乃採用相同基準進行。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

6. 財務工具(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables, amounts due from related parties and bank balances. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customers as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customers operate. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of trade customers. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

In addition to credit risk on trade and other receivables, the Group is also exposed to concentration of credit risk through advances to related parties of HK\$3,590,000 (2010: HK\$3,172,000). Because of its significance, management has regular liaison with the counterparty to understand its financial position and to identify any early sign of potential problems. Should any potential default risk arise, the Group's management will take prompt actions to safeguard the Group's assets.

In addition, the Group had concentration of credit risk on its liquid funds as 99% (2010: 99%) of bank balances were placed with five (2010: five) banks. However, the credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要來自其應收貿 易賬款及其他應收賬款、應收關連人 士款項及銀行結餘。管理層已採取信 貸政策,持續監察本集團所承擔之有 關信貸風險。

就應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款而 言,所有信貸額超過一定金額之客戶 均需接受個別信貸評估。有關評估集 中於客戶支付到期款項之往績及現時 付款之能力,以及考慮客戶之具體資 料及客戶營運所在地之經濟環境。本 集團會就貿易客戶之財務狀況進行持 續信貸評估。本集團通常不會向客戶 收取抵押品。

除應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款之 信貸風險外,本集團亦因向關連人士 墊款3,590,000港元(二零一零年: 3,172,000港元)而面對集中信貸風 險。由於事關重大,故管理層定期與交 易對手聯繫以了解其財務狀況及識別 有否潛在問題的預兆。倘發生任何潛 在拖欠情況,則本集團管理層會即時 採取行動保障本集團資產。

此外,由於本集團99%(二零一零年: 99%)銀行存款存放於五間(二零一零 年:五間)銀行,故本集團面對集中流 動資金信貸風險。然而,由於交易對手 為國際信貸評級機構評為良好信貸評 級之銀行,故流動資金之信貸風險有 限。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the recognised of borrowings as well as the cash flows from operating activities.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

THE GROUP

Liquidity table

6. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

管理流動資金風險時,本集團監控並 維持管理層視為足夠為本集團營運提 供資金之現金及現金等價物,並減輕 現金流量波動的影響。管理層監控借 貸之確認情況以及經營業務之現金流 量。

下表載列本集團非衍生財務負債及衍 生財務負債之剩餘合約的到期詳情。 該表根據本集團可能須償還之最早日 期的財務負債之未貼現現金流量編 製,包括利息及本金之現金流量。

本集團

流動資金表

		Weighted	On			Tabl	Carrying
		average	demand or			Total	amount
		effective	less than	1 – 3	3 months	undiscounted	as at
		interest rate	1 month	months	to 1 year	cash flows	31.12.2011
							於
							二零一一年
			按要求或			未貼現	十二月
		加權平均	少於	1至3	3個月至	現金	三十一日
		實際利率	1個月	個月	1年	流量總額	之賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		,.	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			17870	17870	17870	17870	17870
2011	二零一一年						
Non-derivative financial liabilities	マー						
	應付貿易賬款及其他應付賬款		11 071	100	205	11 504	11 504
Trade and other payables		-	11,071	128	305	11,504	11,504
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連人士款項						
- Amount due to an associate	-應付一家聯營公司款項	-	500	-	-	500	500
 Amount due to a director 	-應付-名董事款項	-	24,869	-	-	24,869	24,869
Secured other borrowing	有抵押其他借貸						
 fixed rate 	一定息	8.47	-	-	16,542	16,542	15,250
			36,440	128	16.847	53,415	52.123

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

6.	FIN	NANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)	6. 財	務工具	(續)		
	(b)	Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)	(b)	財務風際	鐱 <i>管理目れ</i>	嫖及政策 (續)
		Liquidity risk (Continued)		流動資金	金風險(續	賣)	
		THE GROUP (Continued)		本集團	(續)		
		Liquidity table (Continued)		流動資金	金表 (續)		
		Weighted average effective interest rate	On demand or less than 1 month 按要求或	1 – 3 months	3 months to 1 year	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現	Carrying amount as at 31.12.2010 於 二零一零年 十二月
		加權平均	少於	1至3	3個月至	現金	三十一日

		實際利率 %	1個月 HK\$'000 千港元	個月 HK\$'000 千港元	1年 HK\$'000 千港元	流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
2010 Non-derivative financial liabilities	二零一零年 非衍生財務負債						
Trade and other payables Amounts due to related parties	應付貿易賬款及其他應付賬款 應付關連人士款項	-	14,841	159	3,704	18,704	18,704
 Amount due to related parties Amount due to an associate 	一應付一家聯營公司款項	_	500	_	_	500	500
- Amount due to a director	一應付一名董事款項	-	8,270	-	-	8,270	8,270
Secured other borrowing	有抵押其他借貸						
 fixed rate 	一定息	8.47	-	-	15,869	15,869	14,630
Unsecured bank borrowings	無抵押銀行借貸						
- variable rate	一浮息	7.79	11,824	-	12,427	24,251	23,600
Unsecured other borrowing	無抵押其他借貸						
- fixed rate	一定息	15.60	-	-	12,360	12,360	11,800
Promissory notes	承兑票據						
- current	一即期	8.72	-	-	49,691	49,691	45,796
			35,435	159	94,051	129,645	123,300

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

6.	FIN	NANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)	6.	財務工具 (續)		
	(b)	Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)		(b)	<u>財務風險管理目標及政策(續)</u>	
		Liquidity risk (Continued)			流動資金風險(續)	
		THE COMPANY			本公司	
		Liquidity table			流動資金表	

		Weighted average effective interest rate	On demand or less than 1 month	1 – 3 months	3 months to 1 year	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount as at 31.12.2011
		加權平均 實際利率 %	按要求或 少於 1個月 HK\$'000 千港元	1至3 個月 HK\$'000 千港元	3個月至 1年 HK\$'000 千港元	未貼現 現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	於 二零一一年 十二月 三十一日 之賬, ³ 000 千港元
2011 Non-derivative financial liabilities Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Amount due to a director	二零一一年 非衍生財務負債 其他應付賬款 應付附屬公司款項 應付一名董事款項	- -	1,199 30,225 22,977 54,401	-	-	1,199 30,225 22,977 54,401	1,199 30,225 22,977 54,401

-零-零年

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

6.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)			6. 則	6. 財務工具(續)			
	(b)	<i>b) Financial risk management objectives and policies</i> (Continued)) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)			
		Liquidity risk (Continued)			流動資金	Ն風險 (編	賣)	
		THE COMPANY (Continued)			本公司(〔續〕		
		Liquidity table (Continued)			流動資金	&表 (續)		
		ir	Weighted average effective iterest rate	On demand or less than 1 month	1 – 3 months	3 months to 1 year	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount as at 31.12.2010 於

		加權平均 實際利率 %	按要求或 少於 1個月 HK\$'000 千港元	1至3 個月 HK\$'000 千港元	3個月至 1年 HK\$'000 千港元	未貼現 現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	— +二月 三十一日 之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	
2010 Non-derivative financial liabilities Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Amount due to a director Promissory notes	二零一零年 非衍生財務負債 其他應付賬款 應付附屬公司款項 應付一名董事款項 承兑票據	-	1,148 6,520 8,037	-	-	1,148 6,520 8,037	1,148 6,520 8,037	
- current	一即期	8.72	-	-	49,691	49,691	45,796	
			15,705	-	49,691	65,396	61,501	
Finance guarantees issued – maximum amount guaranteed	已發出財務擔保 一最高擔保額		11,824	-	12,427	24,251		

(c) Fair values

6

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

(c) 公平值

本公司董事認為,財務資產及財務負 債於綜合財務報表內按攤銷成本計量 之該等賬面值與其公平值相若。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(a) Reportable segments and reconciliation of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-makers (the "CODM") that are used to make strategic decisions.

During the year ended 31st December, 2011, the Group has two reportable segments. The segments are managed separately as each business offers different products and services and requires different business strategies. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

- Mobile phone business
- Mining business

Inter-segment transactions are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar order. Corporate expenses, corporate assets and corporate liabilities are not allocated to the reportable segments as they are not included in the measure of the segments' profit, segments' assets and segments' liabilities that are used by the CODM for assessment of segment performance.

7. 分部資料

(a) 可呈報分部及可呈報分部收益、損 益、資產及負債之調節

本集團基於由作出策略決定之主要營 運決策者(「主要營運決策者」)審閲 之報告釐定其營運分部。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團擁有兩個可呈報分部。由於 各業務提供不同產品以及服務,並且 需要採取不同的業務策略,故此各分 部乃分開管理。以下概要描述本集團 各個可呈報分部之營運:

- 移動電話業務
- 採礦業務

分部間交易之價格乃參考就類似訂單 向外部人士收取之價格釐定。由於企 業支出、企業資產及企業負債並沒有 包括計入主要營運決策者評估分部表 現時使用之分部溢利、分部資產及分 部負債內,故並沒有被分配至各可呈 報分部。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

7. 分部資料(續)

- (a) Reportable segments and reconciliation of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities (Continued)

(a) 可呈報分部及可呈報分部收益·損

益·資產及負債之調節(續)

For the year ended 31st December, 2011

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度

		Mobile		
		phone	Mining	
		business	business	Total
		移動電話	Dusiness	Total
		業務	採礦業務	總計
		乘	小 ····································	₩© ח HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		丁准儿	干危儿	干准九
Reportable segment revenue	來自外界客戶			
from external customers	可呈報分部收益	1,764,271	1,591	1,765,862
Reportable segment profit/(loss)	可呈報分部溢利			
hepolitable segment pront/(1883)	/(虧損)	34,951	(6,651)	28,300
	/ (准])只/	04,001	(0,001)	
	山东하던고한件구한면			
Loss on disposal of plant	出售廠房及設備之虧損		0.40	
and equipment		2	948	950
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	1,228	655	1,883
Write down of inventories	存貨撇減	5,944	-	5,944
Reversal of write down of	存貨撇減撥回			
inventories		(6,162)	-	(6,162)
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分部資產	269,673	466,251	735,924
Additions to non-current assets	非流動資產添置	229	3,574	3,803
Reportable segment liabilities	可呈報分部負債	(87,852)	(142,222)	(230,074)

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

(a)	Reportable segments and reconciliation of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, asse and liabilities (Continued)	報分部收益 · 損 調節 (續)	
			2011 HK\$'000 千港元
	Revenue Reportable segment revenue and consolidated revenue	收益 可呈報分部收益及綜合收益	1,765,862
	Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	
	Reportable segment profit Interest income Impairment loss recognised in respect of goodwill Miscellaneous loss Corporate expenses Gain on disposal of a subsidiary Share of result of an associate Finance costs	可呈報分部溢利 利息收入 就商譽確認之減值虧損 雜項虧損 企業支出 出售一家附屬公司之收益 分佔一家聯營公司之業績 融資成本	28,300 1,385 (2,910) (245) (8,862) 2 5 (6,535)
	Consolidated profit before income tax	除所得税前綜合溢利	11,140
	Assets	資產	
	Reportable segment assets Unallocated corporate assets – Investment in an associate – Others	可呈報分部資產 未分配企業資產 一一家聯營公司之投資 一其他	735,924 3,800 3,024
	Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值	742,748
	Liabilities	負債	
	Reportable segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	可呈報分部負債 未分配企業負債	230,074 33,191
	Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額	263,265

7. 分部資料(續)

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

7.	SEGMENT INFORMATION (Contin	nued)	7.	分部資料(續)				
		reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets			(a) 可呈報分部及可呈報分部收益、損益、資產及負債之調節(續)				
	For the year ended 31st Decem	For the year ended 31st December, 2010			-零年十二月	三十一日止年			
				Mobile					
				phone	Mining				
				business 移動電話	business	Total			
				業務	採礦業務	總計			
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
				千港元	千港元	千港元			
	Reportable segment revenue fror								
	external customers	分部收益	_	2,528,868	15,252	2,544,120			
	Reportable segment profit	可呈報分部溢利	_	27,710	6,150	33,860			
	Loss on write-off of plant and equipment	撇銷廠房及設備之虧損		2		2			
	Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷		1,058	1,156	2,214			
	Allowance for trade and other	應收貿易賬款及其他		1,000	1,100	2,214			
	receivables	應收賬款之撥備		_	2,852	2,852			
	Write down of inventories	存貨撇減		9,486		9,486			
	Reversal of write down of	存貨撇減撥回		-,		-,			
	inventories			(2,871)	-	(2,871)			
	Reportable segment assets	可呈報分部資產		407,642	452,394	860,036			
	Additions to non-current assets	非流動資產添置		3,429	139	3,568			
	Reportable segment liabilities	可呈報分部負債		(225,115)	(133,752)	(358,867)			

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

7.	SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)	7. 分部資料(續)	
	(a) Reportable segments and reconciliation reportable segment revenue, profit or l and liabilities (Continued)		
			2010 HK\$'000 千港元
	Revenue	收益	
	Reportable segment revenue and consolidated revenue	可呈報分部收益及綜合收益	2,544,120
	Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	
	Reportable segment profit Interest income	可呈報分部溢利 利息收入	33,860 317
	Miscellaneous income	雜項收入	4,462
	Corporate expenses	企業支出	(9,685)
	Share of result of an associate	分佔一家聯營公司之業績	444
	Finance costs	融資成本	(11,658)
	Consolidated profit before income tax	除所得税前綜合溢利	17,740
	Assets	資產	
	Reportable segment assets	可呈報分部資產	860,036
	Unallocated corporate assets	未分配企業資產	
	- Investment in an associate	家聯營公司之投資	4,463
	– Others	一其他	2,882
	Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值	867,381
	Liabilities	負債	
	Reportable segment liabilities	可呈報分部負債	358,867
	Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配企業負債	
	 Promissory notes 	一承兑票據	45,796
	– Others	一其他	16,412
	Consolidated total liabilities	综合負債總額	421,075

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Geographical information

During 2011 and 2010, the Group's operations and non-current assets are situated in the PRC in which all of its revenue was derived.

(c) Information about major customer

During 2011 and 2010, there was no customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue.

8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

7. 分部資料(續)

(b) 地域資料

於二零一一年及二零一零年,本集團 之業務及非流動資產均位於中國,而 全部收益皆來自中國。

(c) 有關主要客戶之資料

於二零一一年及二零一零年,並無客 戶之交易佔本集團收益超過10%。

8. 其他收益及虧損

	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
	1,0,0	17070
White book of amount due to a new 路回應什 _ 字咁屬公司		
Write back of amount due to a non- 撥回應付一家附屬公司		
controlling shareholder of a subsidiary 非控制性股東款項	-	7,862
Translation reserve released upon 撤銷註冊一家附屬公司時		
deregistration of a subsidiary 解除之換算儲備	-	3,941
Exchange loss 匯兑虧損	(675)	(77)
Reversal of impairment loss recognised in 就應收貿易賬款及其他	· · ·	
respect of trade and other receivables 應收賬款確認之減值		
	0.44	007
虧損撥回	641	397
(Impairment loss)/reversal of impairment 就會所會籍確認之		
loss recognised in respect of club (減值虧損)/減值		
memberships	(122)	11
Allowance for trade and other receivables 應收貿易賬款及其他應收		
· 派引和 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	(2,852)
	_	(2,002)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of 就商譽確認之減值虧損		
goodwill	(2,910)	-
Loss on disposal/write-off of plant and 出售/撇銷廠房及設備		
equipment 之虧損	(950)	(2)
	(4.04.0)	0.000
	(4,016)	9,280

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 融資成本

		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Interests on:	利息有關:		
Bank and other borrowings wholly	須於五年內悉數償還之		
repayable within five years	銀行及其他借貸	2,624	6,141
Promissory notes	承兑票據	3,895	4,263
Bills discounting	票據貼現	16	1,192
Convertible loan notes	可換股貸款票據	-	62
		6,535	11,658

10. INCOME TAX CREDIT/EXPENSE

10. 所得税抵免/支出

	2011	2010
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
The amount of income tax (credit)/expense综合全面收入表之所得税		
in the consolidated statement of (抵免)/支出金額指:		
comprehensive income represents:		
Current tax – PRC Enterprise Income Tax 即期税一中國企業所得税		
("EIT"): (「企業所得税」):		
- provision for the year - 年度撥備	-	2,237
- over provision in respect of prior year 0 一過往年度超額撥備	(15)	-
Deferred tax (Note 32) 遞延税項(附註32)	-	(133)
Income toy (gradit)(gypapage)	(1 5)	0 104
Income tax (credit)/expense 所得税(抵免)/支出	(15)	2,104

Fortune (Shanghai) International Trading Co., Ltd ("Fortune Shanghai") and 上海遠嘉國際貿易有限公司 ("Shanghai Yuanjia") were established in Shanghai Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone, the PRC; and 珠海市雷鳴達通訊設備有限公司 ("Zhuhai Reminda") was established in Zhuhai Special Economic Zone, the PRC. Accordingly, for the year ended 31st December, 2011, these PRC subsidiaries were entitled to a preferential EIT rate of 24% (2010: 22%). 黃石鍶發礦 業有限公司 ("Sifa Mining") was established in the PRC and subject to the EIT rate of 25% (2010: 25%).

長遠(上海)國際貿易有限公司(「長遠上海」)及上海遠嘉國際貿易有限公司(「上海 遠嘉」)於中國上海外高橋保税區成立,及 珠海市雷鳴達通訊設備有限公司(「珠海雷 鳴達」)於中國珠海經濟特區成立。因此, 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度, 該等中國附屬公司可享有優惠企業所得税 税率24%(二零一零年:22%)。黃石鍶發 礦業有限公司(「鍶發礦業」)於中國成立, 須按25%(二零一零年:25%)之企業所得 税税率納税。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

10. INCOME TAX CREDIT/EXPENSE (Continued)

No provision has been made for income tax as the Group did not have any estimated assessable profits during the year.

The income tax (credit)/expense for the year can be reconciled to the profit before income tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

10. 所得税抵免/支出(續)

由於本集團於本年度並無任何估計之應課 税溢利,故並無就所得税提供撥備。

本年度之所得税(抵免)/支出與綜合全面 收入表之除所得税前溢利對賬如下:

		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	11,140	17,740
Tax charge at the domestic income tax rate of 24% (2010: 22%) (Note)	按本地所得税税率24% (二零一零年 : 22%)		
Tax effect of share of result of an associate	計算之税項支出(附註) 分佔一家聯營公司業績之	2,674	3,903
	7 面 家咖園公司朱鹮之 税務影響	(1)	(98)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	不可扣税開支之税務影響		
for tax purpose		3,414	4,428
Tax effect of income not taxable	毋須課税收入之税務影響	(105)	
for tax purpose	十两河形石虎拐力形攻刺鄉	(165)	(1,757)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	3,693	1,539
Utilisation of deductible temporary differences and tax losses previously	動用過往未確認之可扣税 暫時差額及税項虧損		
not recognised		(10,505)	(6,016)
Over-provision in respect of prior year	過往年度超額撥備	(15)	_
Effect of different tax rates of group	其他司法權區營運之		
entities operating in other jurisdictions	集團實體不同税率之影響	890	238
Tax (credit)/expense for the year	年度税項(抵免)/支出	(15)	2,237

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

10. INCOME TAX CREDIT/EXPENSE (Continued)

At the end of reporting period, the Group had estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$247,231,000 (2010: HK\$231,727,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the estimated unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$150,303,000 (2010: HK\$132,262,000) that may be carried forward for a period of five years from their respective year of origination. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At the end of reporting period, the Group also had deductible temporary differences of approximately HK\$25,241,000 (2010: HK\$69,612,000). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Note: The domestic income tax rate represents the preferential PRC EIT rate where the Group's operations are substantially based.

10. 所得税抵免/支出(續)

於呈報期結算日,本集團估計可用作 抵扣未來溢利之尚未動用税項虧損 約為247,231,000港元(二零一零年: 231,727,000港元)。由於無法確定未來溢 利來源,故並無就所估計之尚未動用之税 項虧損確認遞延税項資產。計入未確認税 項虧損之虧損約為150,303,000港元(二零 一零年:132,262,000港元),可自產生各 年度起結轉五年。其他虧損可無限期結轉。

於呈報期結算日,本集團亦有可扣税暫 時差額約25,241,000港元(二零一零年: 69,612,000港元)。由於不大可能產生可 扣税暫時差額用以抵銷應課税溢利,故並 無就該等可扣税暫時差額確認遞延税項資 產。

附註:本地所得税税率指本集團大部分業務適 用之優惠中國企業所得税税率。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

11. 年度溢利

		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:	年度溢利已扣除:		
Auditor's remuneration Cost of inventories recognised as expense Write down of inventories Reversal of write down of inventories Depreciation of plant and equipment Amortisation of mining right Staff costs – directors' emoluments (Note 12) – other staff costs – retirement benefit scheme contributio (excluding directors)	存貨撇減 存貨撇減撥回 廠房及設備之折舊 採礦權攤銷 員工成本 一董事酬金(附註12) 一其他員工成本	855 1,704,539 5,944 (6,162) 1,896 - 3,975 13,762 2,581	821 2,479,356 9,486 (2,871) 1,831 533 3,658 11,606 2,390
		20,318	17,654
and after crediting:	及已計入:		
Service income from provision of logistics and promotion services Interest income Government grants	提供物流及宣傳服務之 服務收入 利息收入 政府補助	3,919 1,385 1,183	3,118 317 –

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12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the seven (2010: eight) directors were as follows:

12. 董事酬金

已付或應付予七位(二零一零年:八位)董 事各自之酬金如下:

						Chang	Wong			
		Lau		Fung	Lo	Wing	Lit			
		Siu Ying	Luo	Oi Ip,	Wing	Seng,	Chor,	Chen Yi		
		("Mr. Lau")	Xi Zhi	Alfonso	Yat	Victor	Alexis	Gang	Wang Yu	Total
		劉小鷹								
		(「劉先生」)	羅習之	馮靄業	盧永逸	鄭永勝	黃烈初	陳亦剛	王愚	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
					(Note i)					
					(附註i)					
2011	二零一一年									
Fees	袍金	-	-	100	-	100	100	80	-	380
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	1,667	172	-	-	-	-	-	866	2,705
Performance related incentive	表現相關獎勵花紅									
bonuses (Note ii)	(附註ii)	750	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	833
Retirement benefit scheme	退休福利計劃供款									
contribution		2	18	-	-	-	-	-	37	57
Total emoluments	酬金總額	2,419	273	100	-	100	100	80	903	3,975
	HU TO MO HA	2,110	2.0	100		100	100			0,010
2010	二零一零年									
Fees	_		_	100	37	100	100	80		417
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	1,698	143	100	- 57	100	100	- 00	725	2,566
Performance related incentive	新並及伴知 表現相關獎勵花紅	1,090	140	-	-	-	-	-	120	2,000
	表現相關與圖化紅 (附註ii)	000	04							004
bonuses (Note ii)		600	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	664
Retirement benefit scheme	退休福利計劃供款									
contribution		2	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Total emoluments	酬金總額	2,300	216	100	37	100	100	80	725	3,658

Notes:

(i) Lo Wing Yat was resigned on 30th September, 2010.

(ii) The performance related incentive bonuses for 2011 and 2010 was determined with reference to performance of the Group. 附註:

(i) 盧永逸於二零一零年九月三十日辭任。

(ii) 二零一一年及二零一零年年度之表現相關 獎勵花紅經參考本集團業績釐定。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

13. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Salaries and allowances

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2010: two) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in Note 12 above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2010: three) individuals were as follows:

13. 僱員酬金

本集團五位最高薪人士中,其中兩位(二 零一零年:兩位)為本公司董事,其酬金載 於上文附註12所披露之資料內。餘下三位 (二零一零年:三位)人士之酬金如下:

2011	2010
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,724	1,737
(63)	165
1,661	1,902

Their emoluments were within the following band:

Retirement benefit scheme contribution

該等僱員之酬金介乎下列範圍:

		2011	2010
		Number of	Number of
		employees 僱員數目	employees 僱員數目
Up to HK\$1,000,000	1,000,000港元以內	3	3

薪金及津貼

退休福利計劃供款

None of the five highest paid individuals waived any emoluments in current and prior years.

During the years ended 31st December, 2011 and 2010, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, including directors, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. 於本年度及往年內,五位最高薪人士概無 放棄收取任何酬金。

截至二零一一年及二零一零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團概無向五位最高 薪人士(包括董事)支付任何酬金,作為招 攬彼等加入或在加入本集團時之酬金或作 為離職補償。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

14. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed during current and prior years, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of reporting period (2010: Nil).

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of earnings per share for the year is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$15,922,000 (2010: HK\$14,875,000) and the weighted average number of 821,663,442 shares in issue during the year (2010: 820,489,274 shares in issue).

The computation of diluted earnings per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options as the exercise price of those options is higher than the average market price for shares for both 2011 and 2010.

14. 股息

於本年度及往年內,概無派付或擬派股息, 自呈報期結算日以來亦無擬派任何股息 (二零一零年:無)。

15. 每股盈利

年內每股盈利乃根據年內本公司擁有人之 應佔溢利15,922,000港元(二零一零年: 14,875,000港元)及年內已發行股份之加 權平均數821,663,442股(二零一零年: 820,489,274股已發行股份)計算。

由於二零一一年及二零一零年購股權之行 使價高於股份平均市價,故計算每股攤薄 盈利時並無假設行使本公司未行使之購股 權。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 廠房及設備

			Furniture,	The Group 本集團		
		Leasehold	fixtures and	Motor	Construction	
		improvements	equipment 傢俬、	vehicles	in progress	Total
		租賃裝修	裝置及設備	汽車	在建工程	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
COST	成本					
At 1st January, 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	7,405	3,375	1,684	-	12,464
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	291	97	-	-	388
Additions	增加	745	285	2,538	-	3,568
Write-off	撇銷	(298)	(9)	-	-	(307)
At 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	8,143	3,748	4,222	-	16,113
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	288	108	108	_	504
Additions	增加	939	681	593	1,633	3,846
Disposals	出售	(1,373)	(44)	_	-	(1,417)
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	7,997	4,493	4,923	1,633	19,046
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	累計折舊					
At 1st January, 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	2,510	1,678	1,575	_	5,763
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	99	40	5	_	144
Provided for the year	年度撥備	892	660	279	-	1,831
Eliminated on write-off	撇銷時報廢	(298)	(7)	-	-	(305)
At 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	3,203	2,371	1,859	_	7,433
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	125	63	23	-	211
Provided for the year	年度撥備	749	525	622	_	1,896
Eliminated on disposal	出售時報廢	(319)	(36)	-	-	(355)
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	3,758	2,923	2,504	_	9,185
CARRYING VALUE At 31st December, 2011	賬面值 於二零一一年十二月三十一日	4,239	1,570	2,419	1,633	9,861
At 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	4,940	1,377	2,363	-	8,680

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17. MINING RIGHT

17. 採礦權

		The Group 本 集團 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本	
At 1st January, 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	415,840
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	18,400
At 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	434,240
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	18,400
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	452,640
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	累計攤銷及減值	
At 1st January, 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	_
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	24
Amortisation provided for the year	年內計提攤銷	533
At 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	557
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	23
Amortisation provided for the year	年內計提攤銷	
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	580
CARRYING VALUE	賬面值	
At 31st December, 2011	於 二零一一年十二月三十一日	452,060
At 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	433,683

The mining right represents the right of Sifa Mining to conduct mining activities in the location of Huangshi in Hubei in the PRC. The mining right is amortised using the units of production method based on the proven and probable mineral reserves. However, the mining operating permit issued to the Group by Department of Land and Resources of Hubei Province (湖北省國土資源廳) is only for a term of 5 years from 25th September, 2007 to 25th September, 2012, though it is eligible for renewal thereafter. In the opinion of the directors, the application for renewal is procedural and the Group should be able to renew its mining operation permit without significant costs, until all the proven and probable minerals have been mined.

採礦權指鍶發礦業於中國湖北省黃石的採 礦權,乃基於已探明及推定礦產儲量的生 產方法作為單位攤銷。然而,儘管湖北省國 土資源廳所發出的採礦許可證為期5年,由 二零零七年九月二十五日起至二零一二年 九月二十五日止,惟其後可續期。董事認 為,申請續期僅須完成相關程序,故本集 團可以續期採礦許可證而毋須重大成本, 直至所有已探明及推定礦藏已全被開採為 止。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

17. MINING RIGHT (Continued)

The exploitation on the first phase was completed in 2010. In current year, Sifa Mining is moving to a next phase in development of another mining site exploitation system and then further exploitation is expected. The management is exploring all commercially viable opportunities to maximise the return from this investment including but not limited to improvement of infrastructure and expansion into processing of the ore, subject to feasibility study and availability of funding.

The directors have carefully reviewed the recoverable amount of the mining right by reference to the professional valuation as at 31st December, 2011, performed by LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited ("LCH"). The recoverable amount of the mining right was determined by LCH based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period, and a discount rate of 16% (2010: 15%). The cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a steady 3.2% (2010: 2.9%) growth rate. The key assumptions adopted in the value in use calculation relate to the renewal of mining operation permit, estimated reserves, estimated productivity and the estimated prices of mineral resources.

Based on the above review, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the recoverable amount of the mining right is higher than the carrying value of the mining right as at 31st December, 2011.

At 31st December, 2011, 100,000 tons (2010: 100,000 tons) minerals included in the underlying reserves were pledged as security for the other borrowings (Note 28).

17. 採礦權(續)

第一階段的開採工作經已於二零一零年完 成。於本年度, 鍶發礦業現正邁向下一階 段,發展另一礦地開採系統, 之後可預期進 一步開採。管理層正開拓所有在商業層面 可行的機遇以儘量提高投資回報, 包括但 不限於改善基建及擴充業務至礦石加工, 惟須視乎可行性研究及可用資金而定。

董事已根據利駿行測量師有限公司(「利駿 行」)於二零一一年十二月三十一日進行的 專業估值對採礦權的可收回金額作仔細審 查。採礦權的可收回金額由利駿行根據使 用價值計算。有關計算使用經管理層批准 之五年期財政預算及按16%(二零一零年 15%)之貼現率所計出之現金流量預測。五 年期後之現金流量按3.2%(二零一零年: 2.9%)之穩定增長率推算。計算使用價值 時採用之主要假設乃關於重續採礦許可 證、礦物資源估計儲量、估計生產率及估計 價格。

基於上述審查,本公司董事認為,採礦權於 二零一一年十二月三十一日的可收回金額 高於其賬面值。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,相關儲備 中有100,000噸(二零一零年:100,000噸) 礦產已作為其他借貸(附註28)之抵押擔 保。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

18. GOODWILL

18. 商譽

		The Group
		本集團
		HK\$'000
		千港元
COST	成本	
At 1st January, 2010, 31st December, 2010 and	於二零一零年一月一日、	
	二零一零年十二月三十一日及	
31st December, 2011		
	二零一一年十二月三十一日	192,355
IMPAIRMENT	減值	
At 1st January, 2010 and 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年一月一日及	
	二零一零年十二月三十一日	189,445
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	2,910
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	—	
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	192,355
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
CARRYING AMOUNT	賬面值	
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	
At 013t December, 2011		
At 21st December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	0.010
At 31st December, 2010		2,910

At 31st December, 2010, the carrying amount of the Group's goodwill was attributable to the Group's mobile phone retail business in the PRC. The recoverable amount of this cash generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period, and a discount rate of 10%. The key assumption for the value in use calculation relates to the forecast mobile phones sales. In determining the forecast mobile phones sales, the directors took into account the effects of the keen competition and the slower growth in the mobile phone retail business of the Group in current year, and extrapolated no growth (i.e. zero growth rate) in the five-year financial budgets and thereafter.

The directors reassessed the recoverable amount of goodwill as at 31st December, 2011 by reference to the value in use calculation with the above estimations and were of the opinion that the goodwill arising from the acquisition of mobile phone retail business was not recoverable. Accordingly, the goodwill was fully impaired and charged to the profit or loss during the year ended 31st December, 2011.

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團商 譽之賬面值來自本集團於中國之移動電話 零售業務。該現金產生單位之可收回金額 按使用備計算法釐定。該計算使用經管 理層批准之五年期財政預算及按10%之貼 現率所計出之現金流量預測。計算使用 值之主要假設關於移動電話銷量預測。於 釐定移動電話銷量預測時,董事已考慮近 年來本集團移動電話零售業務之激烈競爭 及較慢增長之影響,預計於五年期財政預 算及其後推斷並無增長(即零增長率)。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,董事經參 考使用價值計算及上述估計,重估商譽之 可收回金額,並認為收購移動電話零售業 務之商譽無法收回。因此,於二零一一年 十二月三十一日,商譽已全數減值並已從 損益中扣除。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

19. 一家聯營公司之投資

		The Group 本集團	
		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in an unlisted associate	於非上市聯營公司之投資 成本	3,341	4,009
Share of post-acquisition reserves	應佔收購後儲備	459	454
		3,800	4,463

Particulars of the associate as at 31st December, 2011 and 2010 are set out in Note 41.

Included in the cost of investment in an associate is goodwill of HK\$2,067,000 (2010: HK\$2,735,000) arising on acquisition of the associate in 2007, which is net of impairment recognised and adjustment to the investment cost in accordance with profit guarantee provided by the vendor for the years ended 31st December, 2009 and 2010.

During the year, the Group is entitled to receive a compensation of HK\$668,000 (2010: HK\$900,000) in cash from the vendor in an acquisition of an associate, Artchief Industries Limited ("Artchief"), carried out in 2007. The compensation represents the shortfall of the profit guarantee of Artchief for the year ended 31st December, 2010 (2010: year ended 31st December, 2009). The compensation was set off with the corresponding goodwill arising on the acquisition.

於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一 日之聯營公司詳情載於附註41。

於二零零七年收購一家聯營公司所產生之 商譽為2.067.000港元(已扣除已確認減值 及根據賣方於截至二零零九年及二零一零 年十二月三十一日止年度所提供之溢利保 證所作之投資成本調整)(二零一零年: 2,735,000港元),已計入於聯營公司之投 資成本。

年內,本集團有權就二零零七年收購-家 聯營公司藝捷實業有限公司(「藝捷」)-事向賣方收取668,000港元(二零一零年: 900.000港元)現金補償。有關補償指藝 捷截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度(二零一零年:截至二零零九年十二月 三十一日止年度)溢利保證的不足差額,已 經與收購所產生的相應商譽抵銷。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

19. 一家聯營公司之投資(續)

The summarised financial information in respect of the associate held by the Group at the end of reporting period is set out below:

於呈報期結算日,本集團所持聯營公司之 財務資料概要如下:

		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets	資產總值	4,055	5,018
Total liabilities	負債總額	(589)	(1,562)
Net assets	資產淨值	3,466	3,456
Group's share of net assets of associate	本集團應佔聯營公司 資產淨值	1,733	1,728
Revenue	收益	27,844	37,611
Profit for the year	年度溢利	10	887
Group's share of result of an associate for the year	本集團應佔一家聯營公司 年度業績	5	444

20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

20. 附屬公司權益

		2011	2010
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份,按成本	52,721	50,577
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	620,870	640,337
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	(30,225)	(6,520)
		643,366	684,394
Less: allowance of impairment	減:減值撥備	(620,870)	(640,337)
		22,496	44,057

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interestfree and repayable on demand. Accumulated allowance of impairment for amounts due from subsidiaries of HK\$620,870,000 (2010: HK\$640,337,000) had been recognised up to 31st December, 2011 because the related recoverable amounts were estimated to be less than their respective carrying amounts.

The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interestfree and repayable on demand.

Details of principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 40.

21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENT

Available-for-sale investment comprises:

20. 附屬公司權益(續)

應收附屬公司款項為無抵押、不計息及須 按要求償還。由於相關可收回金額估計為 少於其各自的賬面值,應收附屬公司款項 的累計減值撥備620,870,000港元(二零一 零年:640,337,000港元)已於二零一一年 十二月三十一日確認。

應付附屬公司款項為無抵押、不計息及須 按要求償還。

> The Group 本集團

> > 2010

HK\$'000

千港元

69

2011

HK\$'000

千港元

69

主要附屬公司詳情載於附註40。

21. 可供出售投資

可供出售投資包括:

Unlisted securities:	非上市證券:	
Equity securities	股本證券	
Equity securities	股本證券	

This represents a 1.21% (2010: 1.21%) interest in unlisted equity securities issued by a private entity incorporated in Hong Kong, which is engaged in provision of computer technology services in Hong Kong. This investment is measured at cost less impairment at the end of reporting period because the range of reasonable fair values estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that its fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not intend to dispose of it in the near future. 此乃一家於香港註冊成立之私人實體所發 行非上市股本證券之1.21%(二零一零年: 1.21%)權益。該實體在香港提供電腦技術 服務。該等投資於呈報期結算日按成本扣 除減值計算,原因是估計合理公平值之幅 度頗大,本公司董事認為公平值不能可靠 計量。本集團無意於近期內將其出售。

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22. CLUB MEMBERSHIPS

22. 會所會籍

The Group

		The Group
		本集團
		HK\$'000
		千港元
COST	成本	
At 1st January, 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	1,371
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	9
	-	
At 31st December, 2010 and 1st January, 2011	於二零一零年十二月三十一日及	
, coroc 2000, 2010 and 100 bandary, 2011	二零一一年一月一日	1,380
Exchange adjustments	正·	9
At 21st December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	1 000
At 31st December, 2011		1,389
	\+ H	
IMPAIRMENT	減值	
At 1st January, 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	13
Reversal of impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損撥回	(11)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	2
At 31st December, 2010 and 1st January, 2011	於二零一零年十二月三十一日及	
	二零一一年一月一日	4
Impairment loss recognised for the year	年度確認減值之虧損	122
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	126
	-	
CARRYING AMOUNT	賬面值	
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	1,263
	-	
At 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	1,376
		1,070

Club memberships are stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. For the purpose of impairment testing on club memberships, the recoverable amount has been determined based on fair value less costs to sell. The fair value less costs to sell is the second-hand market price less cost of disposal. 會所會籍按成本減任何已識別減值虧損列 賬。檢測會所會籍有否減值時,可收回金額 按公平值減銷售成本釐定。公平值減銷售 成本為二手市場價減出售成本。

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23. INVENTORIES

23. 存貨

Inventories comprise finished goods in:

Mobile phones business

Mining business

存貨包括製成品:

	The C 本集	
	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
移動電話業務 採礦業務	132,365	185,404 1,751
	132,365	187,155

Included in the cost of inventories sold for the year ended 31st December, 2011 are write down of inventories with an aggregate balance of HK\$5,944,000 (2010: HK\$9,486,000), and reversal of write down of inventories of HK\$6,162,000 (2010: HK\$2,871,000) which was caused by the increase in the estimated realisable value.

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之 存貨銷售成本包括總結餘為5,944,000港元 (二零一零年:9,486,000港元)之存貨撇 減,以及由於估計可變現價值增加而撥回 之存貨撇減6,162,000港元(二零一零年: 2,871,000港元)。

24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

24. 應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款

			The Group 本集團	
		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元	
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	30,066	19,583	
Less: accumulated allowance	減:累計撥備	(14,083)	(14,713)	
		15,983	4,870	
Value-added-tax receivables	應收增值税	2,756	6,238	
Rebates receivable	應收回扣款項	11,988	66,126	
Prepayments to suppliers	預付供應商款項	16,335	71,332	
Other receivables and deposits	其他應收賬款及按金	15,962	27,589	
Less: accumulated allowance	減:累計撥備	(3,130)	(3,005)	
Trade and other receivables	應收貿易賬款及 其他應收賬款	59,894	173,150	

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24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The Group generally requests for full prepayment from its trade customers but it also allows certain trade customers a credit period of 30 to 90 days. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables (net of allowance) presented based on the invoice date at the end of reporting period:

24. 應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款(續)

本集團一般要求貿易客戶預付全數款項, 但亦給予若干貿易客戶三十至九十日之信 貸期。於呈報期結算日之應收貿易賬款(已 扣除撥備)按發票日期作出之賬齡分析如 下:

The Group

		本	東團
		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days 31 to 90 days Over 90 days	零至三十日 三十一至九十日 超過九十日	11,412 2,438 2,133	3,320 1,423 127
		15,983	4,870

Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines its credit limits. Limits attributed to customers are reviewed periodically. Majority of the trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have no default payment history and good credit rating under the Group's internal credit assessment. 接納任何新客戶前,本集團會評估潛在客 戶之信貸質量,然後界定信貸限額,定期檢 討授予客戶之限額。根據本集團內部信貸 評估,大部分既未過期亦未減值之應收貿 易賬款並無拖欠紀錄且信用等級良好。

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24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The Group does not hold any collateral over its trade debts. It is the Group's policy that trade debts over 180 days are fully provided for because historical experience is such that debts that are past due beyond 180 days are generally not recoverable. The following is an aged analysis of the carrying amounts of trade debts that were past due at the end of reporting period but for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss because management are of the opinion that the fundamental credit quality of the customers has not deteriorated:

24. 應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款(續)

本集團並無就貿易債款持有任何抵押品。 本集團的政策為就超過180日之貿易債款 作出足額撥備,原因是過往經驗證明過期 180日以上之債務通常無法收回。以下為於 呈報期結算日已過期但因管理層認為客戶 之基本信貸質素並未惡化而本集團並無作 出減值虧損撥備的貿易債款之賬面值賬齡 分析:

		The Group 本集團	
		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Over 90 days but less than 180 days past due	逾期九十日但未超過 一百八十日	2,133	127

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts in respect of trade and other receivables

有關應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款呆賬撥 備之變動

		The Group 本集團	
		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at beginning of year Exchange adjustments Impairment losses recognised for the year Amounts written off as uncollectible Amounts recovered during the year	年初結餘 匯兑調整 年度確認之減值虧損 撇銷為無法收回賬款 年內收回之賬款	17,718 136 - - (641)	28,127 336 2,852 (13,200) (397)
Balance at end of year	年終結餘	17,213	17,718

At 31st December, 2011, the Group's trade and other receivables of approximately HK\$17,213,000 (2010: HK\$17,718,000) were individually determined to be impaired.

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團之應 收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款約17,213,000 港元(二零一零年:17,718,000港元)個別 釐定為予以減值。

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25. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/(TO) RELATED PARTIES

25. 應收/(應付)關連人士款項

		The Group 本集團		The Company 本公司	
		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts due from: – non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries	應收之款項: 一附屬公司非控制性股東	3,590	3,172	_	_
Amounts due to: – Mr. Lau – an associate	應付之款項: -劉先生 -一家聯營公司	24,869 500	8,270 500	22,977 -	8,037
		25,369	8,770	22,977	8,037

The balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

26. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at banks earns interest at floating bank deposit rates.

The cash and cash equivalents of the Group are mainly denominated in RMB and HK\$, which are the functional currency of the relevant entities of the Group. Included in cash and cash equivalents at 31st December, 2011 was an amount in RMB of approximately RMB63,185,000 (2010: RMB37,701,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies.

結餘為無抵押、不計息及須按要求償還。

26. 現金及現金等價物

銀行現金按浮動銀行存款利率賺取利息。

本集團之現金及現金等價物主要以本集 團有關實體之功能貨幣人民幣及港元計 值。於二零一一年十二月三十一日,現 金及現金等價物包括人民幣金額約人民 幣63,185,000元(二零一零年:人民幣 37,701,000元)。人民幣不得自由兑換為其 他貨幣。

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27. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

27. 應付貿易賬款及其他應付賬款

The following is an aged analysis of the trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of reporting period: 於呈報期結算日之應付貿易賬款按發票日 期作出之賬齡分析如下:

		The Group 本集團	
		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables: 0 to 30 days 31 to 90 days Over 90 days	應付貿易賬款: 零至三十日 三十一至九十日 超過九十日	1,463 128 305	3,704 159 599
Rebates payable Prepayments from customers Other payables and accruals	應付回扣款項 客戶預付款項 其他應付賬款及應計費用	1,896 76,291 9,615 18,074	4,462 116,190 62,379 20,842
		105,876	203,873

28. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

28. 銀行及其他借貸

		The Grou 本集團	The Group 本集團	
		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元	
Bank loans Other borrowings	銀行貸款 其他借貸	- 15,250 15,250	23,600 26,430 50,030	
Secured Unsecured	有抵押 無抵押	15,250 - 15,250	14,630 35,400 50,030	

定息借貸 浮息借貸

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

28. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

At the end of reporting period, all the Group's borrowings were repayable within one year. All bank loans were guaranteed by the Company.

28. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

於呈報期結算日,本集團所有借貸須於一 年內償還。全部銀行貸款由本公司擔保。

2011	2010
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
15,250	26,430
-	23,600
15,250	50,030
8.47%	11.65%
n/a不適用	5.58% - 10%

Effective interest rate (per annum)	實際年利率
- fixed-rate borrowings	- 定息借貸
- variable-rate borrowings	一浮息借貸

At 31st December, 2011, the Group had total banking facilities of approximately HK\$24,600,000 (2010: HK\$23,600,000) of which had not been utilised (2010: HK\$23,600,000 were utilised) and were guaranteed by the Company.

Other borrowing of HK\$15,250,000 (2010: HK\$14,630,000) was secured by a pledge of 100,000 tons of minerals reserve as at the end of reporting period.

29. PROMISSORY NOTES

Fixed-rate borrowings

Variable-rate borrowings

As part of the consideration for the acquisition of Sifa Mining, on 23rd December, 2009, the Company issued 2 tranches of the promissory notes in the principal sum of approximately HK\$89.7 million in aggregate, all of which are interest-free. Other particulars of the promissory notes are as follows:

1. First tranche promissory note

This carries a principal sum of HK\$40,000,000 and it is non-transferable and will mature at the end of the twelve months after issue.

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團 總銀行融資約24,600,000港元(二零一零 年:23,600,000港元),有關銀行融資尚未 動用(二零一零年:23,600,000港元已動 用)並由本公司擔保。

於呈報期結算日·其他借貸15,250,000 港元(二零一零年:14,630,000港元)以 100,000噸礦產資源作擔保抵押。

29. 承兑票據

二零零九年十二月二十三日,本公司發行 兩批本金總額合共約89,700,000港元的承 兑票據,作為收購鍶發礦業的部分代價。該 等承兑票據免息,有關其他詳情如下:

1. 第一批承兑票據

該批承兑票據的本金總額為 40,000,000港元為不可轉讓,將於發 行後第十二個月結束時到期。

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29. PROMISSORY NOTES (Continued)

fourth month after issue.

2. Second tranche promissory note

This carries a principal sum of HK\$49,691,000. It is

transferable and will mature at the end of the twenty-

The movement of the 2 tranches of promissory notes and

the respective effective interest rate are set out as below:

29. 承兑票據(續)

2. 第二批承兑票據

該批承兑票據的本金總額為 49,691,000港元,為可轉讓,將於發 行後第二十四個月結束時到期。

兩批承兑票據及各自實際利率的變動載列 如下:

		First tranche	Second tranche	Total
		第一批	第二批	總計
		异一 <u>机</u> HK\$'000	ァー110 HK\$'000	総司 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1st January, 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	7,549	42,130	49,679
Interest charge	利息費用	597	3,666	4,263
Adjustment to estimated compensation	估計賣方賠償金額之			
by the vendors	調整	(109)	_	(109)
Transfer to amount due to note holder,	轉撥至應付票據持有人			
Mr. Lau (Note i)	劉先生之金額(附註i)	(8,037)	_	(8,037)
As at 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年			
	十二月三十一日	-	45,796	45,796
Interest charge	利息費用	-	3,895	3,895
		_	49,691	49,691
Transfer to amount due to note holder	; 轉撥至應付票據持有人			
Mr. Lau (Note ii & Note 42)	劉先生之金額			
х, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(附註ii及附註42)	_	(49,691)	(49,691)
As at 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年			
	十二月三十一日	_	_	_
Effective interest rate	實際利率	8.13%	8.72%	
	貝际们平	0.1370	0.1270	

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

29. PROMISSORY NOTES (Continued)

Notes:

- On 22nd December, 2010, the maturity date of the first (i) tranche of promissory notes, the note holder, Mr. Lau, agreed to transfer the outstanding balance of approximately HK\$8,037,000 to the amount due to him with the terms of unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (ii) On 22nd December, 2011, the maturity date of the second tranche of promissory notes, the note holder, Mr. Lau, agreed to transfer the outstanding balance of approximately HK\$49,691,000 to the amount due to him with the terms of unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

30. SHARE CAPITAL

29. 承兑票據(續)

附註:

- 於二零一零年十二月二十二日,第一批承 (i) 兑票據的到期日,票據持有人劉先生同意 按無抵押、不計息及須按要求償還條款將 未清賬款餘額約8,037,000港元轉撥至應付 劉先生的款項。
- (ii) 於二零一一年十二月二十二日,第二批承 兑票據的到期日[,]票據持有人劉先生同意 按無抵押,不計息及須按要求償還條款將 未清賬款餘額約49,691,000港元轉撥至應 付劉先生的款項。

30.股本

		Number of				
		ordinary	/ shares	Share capital		
		普通別	殳 數 目	股	本	
		2011	2010	2011	2010	
		'000	'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千股	千股	千港元	千港元	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	每股面值0.10港元之普通股					
Authorised	法定股本	1,000,000	1,000,000	100,000	100,000	
Issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足股款股本					
At beginning of year	年初	821,663	678,806	82,166	67,881	
Issue of shares upon conversion of	於變換可換股貸款票據時					
convertible loan notes	發行股份	-	142,857	-	14,285	
At end of year	年末	821,663	821,663	82,166	82,166	

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31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 14th January, 2004 (the "Scheme") which was effective on 26th January, 2004 and will expire on 26th January, 2014. The primary purpose of the Scheme is to provide incentives to directors, eligible employees and other qualified persons who in the opinion of the board of directors has made or will make contributions which are or may be beneficial to the Group as a whole.

Under the Scheme, the directors of the Company may, subject to certain conditions, grant to any directors, employees, suppliers, agents, customers, distributors, business associates or partners, professionals or other advisors of, or consultants or contractors to, any members of the Group or any associated companies who in the opinion of the board of directors has made or will make contributions which are or may be beneficial to the Group as a whole, options to subscribe for shares in the Company at any price but not less than the higher of (i) nominal value of a share, (ii) the closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the day of grant, and (iii) the average of the closing prices of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options, subject to a maximum of 10% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

Without prior approval from the Company's shareholders, (i) the total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, and (ii) the number of shares issued and to be issued in respect of which options granted and may be granted to any individual in any 12-month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time.

Options granted must be taken up within the time period set out in the offer letter and upon payment of HK\$1 for each lot of share option granted.

31. 以股份為基礎付款之交易

本公司於二零零四年一月十四日採納一項 購股權計劃(「計劃」),該計劃於二零零四 年一月二十六日生效並將於二零一四年一 月二十六日屆滿。計劃之主要目的為向董 事會認為對本集團整體利益曾作出或將作 出屬於或可能屬於貢獻之董事、合資格僱 員及其他合資格人士給予獎勵。

根據計劃,在若干條件之限制下,本公司董 事可向董事會認為對本集團整體利益曾作 出或將作出屬於或可能屬於貢獻之本集團 任何成員公司或任何聯營公司之董事、僱 員、供應商、代理、客戶、分銷商、業務聯 繫人或夥伴、專業顧問或其他顧問、諮詢人 或承辦商授予可按任何價格認購本公司股 份之購股權,惟認購價格不得少於(i)股份面 值、(ii)股份於授出日期在聯交所之收市價 及(iii)股份於緊接購股權授出日期前五個交 易日在聯交所之平均收市價之較高者,而 授出之購股權可認購之股份數目最多以本 公司不時已發行股本之10%為限。

未經本公司股東事先批准前,(i)根據計劃可 能授出購股權之相關股份總數,不得超出 本公司任何時間已發行股份之10%,及(ii) 向任何個人於十二個月期間內已授出及將 授出購股權之相關已發行及將發行股份數 目,不得超出本公司任何時間已發行股份 之1%。

購股權須於要約函件內所列之期間內予以 接納,並須於接納時就授出之購股權每手 支付1港元之費用。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

At 31st December, 2011, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme was 8,246,000 (2010: 8,446,000), representing 1% (2010: 1%) of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

The following table discloses movement of the Company's share options held by employees and consultants (including directors) during the years ended 31st December, 2011 and 2010:

31. 以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,根據計 劃已授出但仍然尚未行使購股權之相關 股份數目為8,246,000股(二零一零年: 8,446,000股),佔本公司於該日已發行股 份之1%(二零一零年:1%)。

下表披露截至二零一一年及二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度僱員及顧問(包括 董事)所持本公司購股權之變動:

Name	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share	Outstanding at 1.1.2010 於二零一零年	Forfeited during the year	Outstanding at 31.12.2010 於二零一零年 十二月	Forfeited during the year	Outstanding at 31.12.2011 於二零一一年 十二月
名稱	授出日期	行使期	每股 行使價 HK\$ 港元	一月一日 尚未行使	於年內失效	三十一日 尚未行使	於年內失效	三十一日 尚未行使
Category I: 第一類:								
第一朔 · - Directors - 董事	7.5.2007 二零零七年 五月七日	7.5.2007 to 6.5.2012 二零零七年五月七日至 二零一二年五月六日	1.29	3,050,000	(100,000)	2,950,000	-	2,950,000
Category II: 第二類:								
与炽: - Employees - 僱員	7.5.2007 二零零七年 五月七日	7.5.2007 to 6.5.2012 二零零七年五月七日至 二零一二年五月六日	1.29	1,552,000	(6,000)	1,546,000	(200,000)	1,346,000
Category III:								
第三類 : - Consultants (Note) - 顧問 (附註)	7.5.2007 二零零七年 五月七日	7.5.2007 to 6.5.2012 二零零七年五月七日至 二零一二年五月六日	1.29	3,950,000	-	3,950,000	-	3,950,000
Total for all categories 所有類別總計				8,552,000	(106,000)	8,446,000	(200,000)	8,246,000
Exercisable at the end of the year 於年末可行使						8,446,000		8,246,000
Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價				HK\$1.29 1.29港元	HK\$1.29 1.29港元	HK\$1.29 1.29港元	HK\$1.29 1.29港元	HK\$1.29 1.29港元

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Note:

The Group granted share options to the consultants in return for their provision of management consultancy services to the Group.

No option was granted during each of the two years ended 31st December, 2011 and 2010.

32. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The following are the deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

31. 以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

附註:

本集團授予顧問之購股權,作為彼等向本集團 提供管理諮詢服務的回報。

截至二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一日 止兩個年度各年並無授出購股權。

32. 遞延税項負債

下表為於本年度及上年度已確認之遞延税 項負債及其變動:

		Revaluation of mining right arising from acquisition 因收購引致的 採礦權重估 HK\$'000 干港元
At 1st January, 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	101,473
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	4,484
Credit to profit or loss	計入損益	(133)
At 31st December, 2010 and 1st January, 2011	於二零一零年十二月三十一日及	
	二零一一年一月一日	105,824
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	4,484
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	110,308

Under the EIT Law of PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1st January, 2008 onwards. Deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$54,375,000 (2010: HK\$18,413,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. 根據中國企業所得税法,自二零零八年一 月一日起,以中國附屬公司所賺取溢利宣 派的股息須繳交預扣税。由於本集團有能 力控制中國附屬公司累計溢利的相關暫 時差額約54,375,000港元(二零一零年: 18,413,000港元)的撥回時間,且不大可能 於可見未來撥回暫時差額,故並無於綜合 財務報表就該等暫時差額計提遞延税項撥 備。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

33. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 1st August, 2011, the Group disposed of a subsidiary, YAL Technology International Company Limited, which was dormant, at HK\$1 consideration.

The net liabilities of YAL Technology International Company Limited at the date of disposal were as follows:

33. 出售附屬公司

於二零一一年八月一日,本集團以1港元之 代價出售一間暫停業務活動之附屬公司悦 爾科技國際有限公司。

悦爾科技國際有限公司於出售日期之負債 淨額如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Net liabilities disposed of: Cash and cash equivalents Other payable and accrual Amount due to a director	所出售負債淨額: 現金及現金等價物 其他應付賬款及應計費用 應付一名董事款項	505 (7) (500)
Gain on disposal	出售之收益	(2)
Total consideration	總代價	
Net cash outflow arising on disposal: Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	出售產生之現金流出淨額: 出售之現金及現金等價物	(505)

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34. OPERATING LEASES

The Group as lessee

During the year, the Group made minimum lease payments of approximately HK\$5,931,000 (2010: HK\$5,834,000) under operating leases.

At the end of reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

34. 經營租約

本集團作為承租人

年內,本集團根據經營租約支付之最低租 賃款項約為5,931,000港元(二零一零年: 5,834,000港元)。

於呈報期結算日,本集團根據不可撤回租 約而就於下列期間到期之租賃物業須支付 的未來最低租金承擔如下:

		2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive	一年內 第二年至第五年	3,666	4,420
	(包括首尾兩年)	3,326	5,452
Over five years	五年以上	1,221	1,553
		8,213	11,425

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office properties and retail shops. Leases are negotiated and rentals are fixed for terms ranging from one to eight years.

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 31st December, 2011, the Company had provided guarantee to a bank in respect of credit facilities granted to its subsidiary of approximately HK\$24,600,000 (2010: HK\$23,600,000) of which had not been utilised (2010: HK\$23,600,000 were utilised).

In the opinion of the directors, no material liabilities will arise from the above corporate guarantee which arose in the ordinary course of the business.

At 31st December, 2011 and 2010, the Group had no contingent liabilities.

經營租約租金指本集團就若干辦公室物業 及零售店應付之租金。租約及租金均按一 至八年之年期磋商及釐定。

35. 或然負債

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本 公司已就其附屬公司獲得之信貸融 資約24,600,000港元(二零一零年: 23,600,000港元)向一間銀行提供擔保, 有關信貸融資尚未動用(二零一零年: 23,600,000港元已動用)。

董事認為,於一般業務過程中產生之上述 公司擔保將不會產生任何重大負債。

於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一 日,本集團並無任何或然負債。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

36. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 31st December, 2011 and 2010, the Group and the Company did not have any significant capital commitments.

37. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "Scheme") for all its qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. Under the rules of the Scheme, the employer and its employees are required to make contributions to the Scheme at rates specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Scheme is to make the required contributions under the Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the government of the PRC. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a fixed rate of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

36. 資本承擔

於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一 日,本集團及本公司並無任何重大資本承 擔。

37. 退休福利計劃

本集團為所有香港合資格僱員管理強制性 公積金計劃(「計劃」)。有關計劃的資產 由受託人控制之基金與本集團資產分開持 有。根據計劃之規則,僱主及其僱員須按規 則指定之比率向計劃供款。本集團對計劃 之唯一責任為根據計劃作出規定供款。

本集團在中國之附屬公司僱員均為中國政 府管理之國家管理退休福利計劃成員。該 等附屬公司須按薪金成本之固定比例向該 退休福利計劃供款,為各項福利提供資金。 本集團對該退休福利計劃之唯一責任為作 出指定供款。

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38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Short-term benefits

Post-employment benefits

- (a) Details of the Group's outstanding balances with related parties at the end of reporting period are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and Note 25.
- (b) During the year, the Group disposed of a subsidiary to a director of the Company. Details of disposal are set out in Note 33.
- (c) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of the Group's key management during the year was as follows:

38. 關連人士之披露

- (a) 於呈報期結算日,本集團與關連人士
 之未清償結餘詳情載於綜合財務狀況
 表及附註25。
- (b) 年內,本集團向一名本公司董事出售 一家附屬公司。有關出售詳情載於附 註33。
- (c) 主要管理人員之薪酬
 - 年內董事及本集團其他主要管理人員 之酬金如下:

2011	2010
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
5,568	5,385
(45)	176
5,523	5,561

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management was determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

短期褔利

退休後福利

 (d) During the year, the Group received management fee income amounting to HK\$272,000 (2010: HK\$480,000) from Synergy Technologies (Asia) Limited of which Mr. Lau was the common director. 董事及其他主要管理人員之酬金由薪 酬委員會考慮個別人士表現及市場趨 勢後釐定。

 (d) 年內,本集團向Synergy Technologies
 (Asia) Limited (劉先生當時為該公司 董事)收取272,000港元(二零一零 年:480,000港元)管理費收入。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

39. RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

39. 本公司儲備

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note) (附註)	Translation reserve 換算儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累積虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1st January, 2010	於二零一零年 一月一日	306,879	40,948	40,696	4,483	(570,346)	(177,340)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	-	-	-	-	594	594
Exchange differences arising on translation	因換算而產生之匯兑差異	-	-	(2,149)	-	-	(2,149)
Transfer of reserve upon forfeiture of share options	於購股權失效時轉換儲備	-	-	-	(55)	55	-
Issue of shares upon conversion of convertible loan notes	於變換可換股貸款 票據時發行股份	86,083	_	_	_		86,083
At 31st December, 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日	392,962	40,948	38,547	4,428	(569,697)	(92,812)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	-	-	-	-	10,336	10,336
Exchange differences arising on translation	因換算而產生之 匯兑差異	-	-	(1,088)	-	-	(1,088)
Transfer of reserve upon forfeiture of share options	於購股權失效時轉換儲備	_	-	-	(105)	105	
At 31st December, 2011	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日	392,962	40,948	37,459	4,323	(559,256)	(83,564)

Note: The contributed surplus represents the difference between the consolidated shareholder's funds of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were acquired by the Company, and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the group reorganisation less the amount applied to pay up the 1,000,000 shares at the time of the group reorganisation. 附註: 實繳盈餘為有關附屬公司被本公司收購 當日之綜合股東資金與本公司於集團重 組時就上述收購而發行股份之面值減用 以繳足於集團重組時發行1,000,000股股 份股款之款項兩者之差額。

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40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries, all of which are incorporated with limited liability, at 31st December, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

40. 主要附屬公司資料

於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一 日之本公司主要附屬公司(均為註冊成立 的有限公司)詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司所持已發行股本 註冊資本面值之比例		Principal activity 主要業務
			2011	2010	
Express Fortune Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary US\$100	100%	100%	Investment holding
holdings Limited	英屬處女群島	普通股100美元			投資控股
Express Fortune Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$10 Non-voting deferred	100%	100%	Maintaining the corporate office
長遠有限公司	香港	HK\$5,000,000 (Note) 普通股10港元 無投票權 遞延股份 5,000,000港元 (附註)			保修企業辦公室
Fortune Shanghai	Wholly foreign owned enterprise established in the PRC	US\$28,100,000	100%	100%	Trading in mobile phones
長遠上海	在中國成立之 外商獨資企業	28,100,000美元			買賣移動電話
Fortune Telecom International Company Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Investment holding
長遠電信國際有限公司	香港	普通股10,000港元			投資控股

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

40. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

(Continued)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司所持已發行股本/ 註冊資本面值之比例		Principal activity 主要業務
			2011	2010	
Sifa Mining	Sino-foreign equity joint ventures established in the PRC	RMB1,000,000	50.8%	50.8%	Exploration and extraction of mining resources
鍶發礦業	在中國成立之中外合資企 業	≥ 人民幣1,000,000元			勘探及開採礦產資源
Telefortune (China) Investments Limited 長遠新科 (中國)投資 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$40,000,000 普通股 40,000,000港元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Top Emperor Investments Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Investment holding
凱皇投資有限公司	香港	普通股10,000港元			投資控股
Zhuhai Reminda	Sino-foreign equity joint ventures established in the PRC	RMB10,000,000	51%	51%	Trading in mobile phones
珠海雷鳴達	在中國成立之 中外合資企業	人民幣 10,000,000元			買賣移動電話

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40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Note:

The deferred shares carry practically no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the respective company or to participate in any distribution on winding up.

The Company directly holds the interest in Express Fortune Holdings Limited. All other interests shown above are indirectly held by the Company.

The principal activities are carried out in the place of incorporation/establishment except for Express Fortune Holdings Limited which mainly carries out its business in the PRC.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities subsisting at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

40. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

附註:

遞延股份並無權收取股息、各公司任何股東大 會通告或出席或於會上投票或於清盤時獲得任 何分派。

本公司直接持有Express Fortune Holdings Limited權益,而上文所示所有其他權益均 由本公司間接持有。

除Express Fortune Holdings Limited主要 在中國從事業務外,上述主要業務均於註 冊成立/成立地點經營。

各附屬公司於年終或年內任何時間均無任 何債務證券。

上表所列者乃董事認為會影響本集團業績 或資產淨值的本公司主要附屬公司。董事 認為,載列其他附屬公司之詳情會令有關 資料過於冗長。

For the year ended 31st December, 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

41. PARTICULARS OF ASSOCIATE

Details of the Company's associate at 31st December, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

Name of associate	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation/ operation
聯營公司名稱	業務結構形式	註冊成立/ 經營地點
Artchief	Incorporated	Hong Kong
藝捷	註冊成立	香港

42. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Major non cash transactions

During the year, other than the transfer of HK\$49,691,000 principle sum of second tranche promissory note as set out in Note 29, certain other receivables of HK\$17,163,000 were settled through the current account with Mr. Lau and had no cash impact to the Group.

43. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30th March, 2012.

41. 聯營公司資料

於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一 日之本公司聯營公司詳情如下:

of issued of	nominal value apital held the Company	Principal activity		
本公司間接持有 已發行股本面值百分比		主要業務		
2011	2010			
50%	50%	Trading in electronic products 買賣電子產品		

42. 綜合現金流量表附註

主要非現金交易

年內,除轉撥之本金總額為49,691,000港 元之第二批承兑票據(見附註29)外,若干 其他應收賬款17,163,000港元已透過劉先 生之往來賬戶結清,且對本集團並無現金 影響。

43. 批准財務報表

財務報表已於二零一二年三月三十日獲董 事會批准及授權刊發。

Financial Summary 財務概要

RESULTS

業績

		Year ended 31st December, 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2007 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 HK\$'000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷售成本	2,744,597 (2,838,162)	2,097,593 (2,063,001)	2,124,237 (2,084,030)	2,544,120 (2,479,356)	1,765,862 (1,704,539)
Gross profit/(loss) Other income Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses – share-based payment expenses	毛利/(損) 其他收入 銷售及分銷成本 行政費用 一以股份為基礎支付	(93,565) 17,791 (50,623)	34,592 11,262 (23,092)	40,207 12,144 (24,064)	64,764 16,403 (22,450)	61,323 5,322 (14,885)
 other administrative expenses Loss on disposal of subsidiaries Allowance for trade and other receivables 	之費用 一其他行政費用 出售附屬公司之虧損 應收貿易賬款及其他	(14,816) (31,490) –	_ (29,090) _	- (24,493) (4,974)	_ (27,308) _	- (31,823) -
Impairment loss recognised in respect of available-for-sale investment Impairment loss recognised in respect of	應收賬款之撥備 就可供出售投資確認之 減值虧損 就商譽確認之減值虧損	(46,379)	(47,364) (632)	(994) (217)	(2,852) –	-
goodwill Impairment loss recognised in respect of interests in associates	№ 向管 唯 № 之 № 值 座 19 就聯營公司權益確認之 減值虧損	- (18,193)	(5,105) (5,725)	(184,340) _	-	(2,910) _
Fair value gain on an investment property Fair value gain on an embedded non-option derivative	一項投資物業之公平值收益 嵌入式非期權衍生工具之 公平值收益	2,240	5,538	-	-	-
Fair value loss on convertible loan notes Gain on disposal of an associate Gain on disposal of a subsidiary Reversal of impairment loss of trade and	可換股貸款票據之公平值虧損 出售一家聯營公司之收益 出售一家附屬公司之收益 應收貿易賬款及其他		- 104 -	(326) 1,437 -		- - 2
other receivables Share of results of associates Finance costs	應收賬款之減值虧損撥回 分佔聯營公司之業績 融資成本	- (2,125) (26,350)	- (4,036) (11,837)	14,916 732 (2,330)	397 444 (11,658)	641 5 (6,535)
Profit/(loss) before income tax Income tax (expense)/credit	除所得税前溢利/(虧損) 所得税(支出)/抵免	(263,510) (3,337)	(75,385) (3,459)	(172,302) (127)	17,740 (2,104)	11,140 15
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度溢利/(虧損)	(266,847)	(78,844)	(172,429)	15,636	11,155
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔: 本公司擁有人 非控制性權益	(266,679) (168)	(78,719) (125)	(171,983) (446)	14,875 761	15,922 (4,767)
		(266,847)	(78,844)	(172,429)	15,636	11,155

Financial Summary 財務概要

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

		At 31st December, 於十二月三十一日				
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Total assets	資產總值	520,982	385,332	698,937	867,381	742,748
Total liabilities	負債總額	(260,843)	(190,552)	(385,625)	(421,075)	(263,265)
		260,139	194,780	313,312	446,306	479,483
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益					
the Company		255,063	189,498	158,254	283,611	314,780
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	5,076	5,282	155,058	162,695	164,703
		260,139	194,780	313,312	446,306	479,483



中國長遠控股有限公司 China Fortune Holdings Limited