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## Corporate Information

### **Board of Directors**

### **Executive Directors**

Wu Kai-Hsiung (Note 1) Han Min Tseng Yu-Ling

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Wu Kai-Yun (Chairman) (Note 2)

### **Independent non-executive Directors**

Kwok Kwan Hung FCPA (Practising), FCCA, B.S.C. (Hons), FHKIoD Hsu Wey-Tyng Lin Yen-Yu

### Registered office

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

# Head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong

20th Floor No. 168 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

### **Company secretary**

Chan Lai Yi, Karen FCPA, FCCA

### **Authorized representatives**

Wu Kai-Hsiung (Note 3) Chan Lai Yi, Karen FCPA, FCCA

#### Members of audit committee

Kwok Kwan Hung *(Chairman)* Hsu Wey-Tyng Lin Yen-Yu

### **Members of remuneration committee**

Hsu Wey-Tyng *(Chairman)* Lin Yen-Yu Kwok Kwan Hung

### Members of nomination committee

Lin Yen-Yu *(Chairman)* Kwok Kwan Hung Hsu Wey-Tyng

### **Auditor**

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

### **Legal Adviser**

PHILLIPS Solicitors

### **Principal bankers**

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

# Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office

Tricor Investor Services Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

#### Website

http://www.rmih.com

#### Notes

- 1 Re-designated to a non-executive director on 22 January 2013.
- 2 Re-designated to an executive director on 22 January 2013.
- 3 Changed to Wu Kai-Yun since 22 January 2013.

## Chairman's Statement

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Regent Manner International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), it is my pleasure to present to our shareholders the consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012.

2012 was a challenging operating year as prevailing economic headwinds led to delays in the mass production of our clients' new product lines. As one of the key suppliers in the control board and light bar supply chain of notable computer brands, the interruption has subsequently decreased the utilization rate of our production facilities during the year. Coupled with rising labour costs and production overheads, such factors combined have hence placed significant pressure on our gross profit margin, which declined to approximately 7.2% from approximately 8.3% last year. The Group has since adopted all necessary measures to strengthen its risk management and cost control, which included new machinery upgrades to automate production lines and a flexible components sourcing strategy. The Group's production facility in Qingdao has also been relocated and consolidated into our Hefei manufacturing base at the end of 2012, so as to further lower overall overhead costs and to better serve our key panel clients within the area. Such initiatives were crucial in sustaining our competitiveness during times of uncertainty.

The Board has resolved to recommend a final dividend of HK\$0.05 per share. Together with the interim dividend of HK\$0.05 per share paid to shareholders on 19 October 2012, the total dividend paid for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to HK\$0.1 per share, representing a dividend payout ratio of approximately 44.0% (2011: approximately 43.7%).

The Group's traditional product series, control boards for the thin-film transistor liquid crystal display ("TFT-LCD"), continued to register steady growth during the year given the Group's long-term relationship with reputable customers such as AU Optronics and Samsung. Sales of our control board for white appliance products, such as washing machines and refrigerators, is also gaining traction, thanks to the on-going rural subsidy programmes aimed to stimulate domestic consumption of electrical appliances nationwide.

Looking ahead, the management considers the outlook for fiscal year 2013 to be promising as the imminent roll-out of our clients' new products, namely tablet PCs, will be the core driver of our LED light bar segment for the year. Moreover, according to latest industry statistics, the tablet PC sales is forecasted to surpass the traditional PC sales in 2013, further highlighting the Group's growth prospects in this segment. The increasing penetration of touch panel capabilities on notebooks and monitors is also of note and will bring positive revenue driver for our new control board for touch panel products.

Baring any unforeseen circumstances, the Group believes that the above factors will bring sequential improvement in our gross profit margin and production scale in the foreseeable future. Supported by our all-rounded business scale, I am confident that the Group will continue to maintain its leading position in the industry's value chain and will achieve sustainable profitability for our shareholders.

### Chairman's Statement

### **Appreciation**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank our management team and employees for their dedication and contribution to the Group. In addition, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to our shareholders, customers and suppliers for their continual confidence and support.

#### Wu Kai-Yun

Chairman

18 March 2013

## Management Discussion and Analysis

### **Business and Financial Review**

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of integrated production solutions deploying surface-mount technology ("SMT") for manufacturers of thin-film transistor liquid crystal display ("TFT-LCD") panels and various electronic products, with an aim to become a specialized provider of electronic manufacturing services ("EMS"). The Group's integrated production solutions include materials procurement and management, process engineering design, SMT processing, quality assurance, logistics management and after-sales services.

#### **Turnover**

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group recorded a turnover of approximately US\$1,566,356,000 (for the year ended 31 December 2011: approximately US\$1,476,553,000) representing a growth of approximately 6.1% over the year. Increase in revenue during the year was primarily attributable to the increase of shipment of LED light bar.

### **Gross Profit**

The gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2012 was approximately US\$112,753,000 (for the year ended 31 December 2011: approximately US\$123,197,000, representing a decline of approximately 8.5% over the previous year.

The overall gross profit margin of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 reduced to approximately 7.2% from approximately 8.3% of last year. It was mainly due to (i) changes in the shipped product mix: increase in revenue was mainly contributed by the LED light bar which has a lower gross profit margin; (ii) delay in mass production of the new products of our customers has led to a decrease of utilization rate of our production facilities in some of the months during the year; and (iii) increase in staff cost, as well as other production overhead compared with the previous year.

#### **Net Profit**

Being affected by the decrease of gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2012, the net profit for the year reduced by approximately 25.7% to approximately US\$62,984,000 from approximately US\$84,786,000 for the year ended 31 December 2011.

Furthermore, in line with the decline of overall gross profit margin, the net profit margin for the year also reduced from approximately 5.7% in 2011 to approximately 4.0% in 2012.

### **Liquidity and Financial Resources**

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's net current assets was approximately US\$218,746,000 (31 December 2011: approximately US\$178,711,000) which consisted of current assets amounted to approximately US\$733,730,000 (31 December 2011: approximately US\$679,841,000) and current liabilities amounted to approximately US\$514,984,000 (31 December 2011: approximately US\$501,130,000). The current ratio, defined as current assets over current liabilities, was approximately 1.42 times as at 31 December 2012, which was higher than approximately 1.36 times as at 31 December 2011.

### Management Discussion and Analysis

As at 31 December 2012, the cash and bank balances amounted to approximately US\$150,612,000 (31 December 2011: approximately US\$148,898,000) while the unsecured bank borrowings within one year was approximately US\$20,439,000 (31 December 2011: approximately US\$57,716,000); and the bank borrowings beyond one year was approximately US\$41,200,000 (31 December 2011: approximately US\$27,700,000).

The gearing ratio, defined as total borrowings (other than payables in ordinary course of business) over total equity, as at 31 December 2012 was approximately 16% (31 December 2011: approximately 25%). The decrease of gearing ratio was mainly due to the decrease of bank borrowings in relation to the expansion of plant facilities.

The Board is in the opinion that the Group is in a strong and healthy financial position and has sufficient resources in support of its working capital requirement and meet its foreseeable capital expenditure.

### Treasury Policy and Exchange Risk Exposure

The Group centralizes funding for all of its operations at the Group level where foreign exchange exposure is reviewed and monitored. This policy allows the Group to better control its treasury operations and lower average cost of capital.

The Group's sales and procurements were mainly transacted in US dollars. The Group does not foresee significant exposure to exchange risk.

### **Capital Expenditure**

The Group invested approximately US\$43 million during the year ended 31 December 2012 for the acquisition of land use rights, construction of factory premises, purchase and installation of plant machinery, equipment and other tangible assets, as compared to approximately US\$61 million for the year ended 31 December 2011. These capital expenditures were fully financed by the internal resources of the Group and bank borrowings.

### **Capital Commitments and Contingent Liabilities**

As at 31 December 2012, the future capital commitments for which the Group had contracted but not provided for amounted to approximately US\$26,295,000 which relate mainly to the construction of plants in PRC regions. As at 31 December 2012, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities.

### **Human Resources and Remuneration Policies**

The Group offers competitive remuneration package to its employees in Hong Kong and in the PRC, including quality staff quarter, training and development opportunities, medical benefits, insurance coverage and retirement benefits in order to attract, retain and motivate employees. As at 31 December 2012, the Group had 10,302 employees (31 December 2011: 11,225 employees). Total wages and related cost for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to approximately US\$75,288,000 (for the year ended 31 December 2011: approximately US\$59,635,000)

### Management Discussion and Analysis

### **Prospects**

### **Products and business**

During the year of 2012, the sales orders for SMT production solutions applied to LED light bars for tablet computers and control boards for touch-panels keep surging. In the future, the above businesses, together with the business of SMT production solutions specialized for TFT-LCD products, will continue to be the main business of the Group. Since last year, the Group's new business in relation to the SMT production solutions for LED general lighting and white appliances has started to make contribution to the Group. The Group will keep developing new solutions for more advanced applications and other high-end electronic products in order to expand the source of income and enhance profitability.

#### **Customers**

The Group strives to become a leading EMS provider in the global TFT-LCD panel industry. In this regard, the Group intends to strengthen its relationships with leading TFT-LCD panel makers by continuously adopting co-location strategy. Furthermore, the Group will continue to maintain its focus on the global major players of TFT-LCD panel as well as touch-panel industry from China, Japan, Korea and Taiwan, the international brands of LED lighting equipment and white appliances manufacturers in the PRC, and will enlarge its customer base by exploring opportunity of business with other global manufacturers.

#### **Production capacity**

The Group will also expand its production capacity to cater for increasing demand from customers and to continuously invest in advanced production facilities to enhance production efficiency and quality. During the year of 2012, the Group has kept enhancing the production facilities of the plants in Xiamen and Suzhou respectively to cope with the new orders for manufacturers of touch-panels and control panels of advanced tablet-computers. Over the previous year, the Group has established 7 additional SMT production lines, making up 179 SMT production lines in total as at the end of 2012. The Group expects that 10 to 15 production lines will be built in 2013 mainly in Suzhou, Chongqing and Xiamen to cope with the increasing orders from customers in those regions. The Group will also consolidate the capacity of the factory that was running in low utilization rate in general in order to improve the overall utilization rate.

#### Industry

Moving forward, thanks to the government policies to promote energy-saving in many countries, technology evolution, as well as the increasing desire for advanced and energy-saving devices in the consumer market, particularly the common application of touch-panel. With those surging demand, the TFT-LCD industry is expected to show healthy growth driven by growing market demand for new generation of TFT-LCD products. Furthermore, the demand from the consumer and industrial and commercial market for energy-saving devices and LED lighting equipment is accelerating. It is favourable for the Group to expand its new business in those markets.

The Group will capture this business opportunity by working closely with its major customers to strive for promising operating results and enhance shareholders' value. With the positive momentum continuing since the beginning of 2013, the Group's management is confident that its business will continue to grow in the foreseeable future and generate good returns to the Company's shareholders.

## Directors' Profile

#### **Directors**

#### **Chairman and non-executive Director**

Wu Kai-Yun (伍開雲), aged 53, is the chairman of the Company (the "Chairman") and a non-executive Director. Mr. Wu is involved in the formulation of business strategies and corporate directions for the Group. He is also an executive director of the Company's ultimate holding company, Taiwan Surface Mounting Technology Corp. (the "TSMT Taiwan"), a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange. Prior to founding TSMT Taiwan in 1990, Mr. Wu has worked in Sampo Corporation (聲寶股份有限公司), whose principal activities are the manufacturing and sales of electrical home appliances, as an engineer since June 1982. He also worked in MiTAC International Corporation (神達電腦股份有限公司), which is principally engaged in the design and manufacturing of personal computers, server products and mobile communication products, as a supervisor for the department of engineering, research and development in May 1987, and then joined Efa Corp. (憶華科技股份有限公司), a company engaging in the manufacturing of electronic products and electronic games equipment, as an assistant manager for the manufacturing department in July 1988. Being the founder of the Group, Mr. Wu has more than 29 years of extensive experience in the electronics industry spanning from operations management, research and development, process engineering, procurement and logistics, to sales and marketing. In 2006, Mr. Wu obtained an executive master's degree in business administration from Fudan University in Shanghai. (Mr. Wu was appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company to replace Mr. Wu Kai-Hsiung and was re-designated as an executive Director with effect from 22 January 2013).

#### **Executive Directors**

Wu Kai-Hsiung (伍開雄), aged 43, is an executive Director, the chief executive officer (the "CEO") of the Company, and the general manager of Suzhou plant. Mr. Wu is responsible for the overall management of the Group, as well as assisting the chairman in the formulation of corporate strategies and policies. Mr. Wu worked as an engineer for TSMT Taiwan from 1992 to 1995, after which he joined Arkino Technology Corp. (台灣旭邦科技股份有限公司), a company principally engaged in the design and manufacturing for computer peripherals, including card-readers and networking products, as an assistant manager in September 1995 to enrich his overall management skills. From 1997 to 2006, Mr. Wu worked as an assistant manager and subsequently as a manager for TSMT Taiwan. Mr. Wu also founded the Group's operations in Dongguan and served as the plant manager thereof from 1997 to 2006, during which he also established Ningbo plant in 2006. Mr. Wu has more than 20 years of experience in the electronics industry in respect of operations management, procurement, sales and marketing. On 5 March 2007, Mr. Wu resigned as a director of TSMT Taiwan to concentrate on the business management of the Company. In 2005, Mr. Wu obtained an executive master's degree in business administration from the California University of Technology. Mr. Wu is a brother of Mr. Wu Kai-Yun. (Mr. Wu resigned as CEO and was re-designated as a non-executive Director with effect from 22 January 2013).

**Han Min (韓敏),** aged 36, is an executive Director, the Chief Marketing Officer (the "CMO") of the Company, and the deputy general manager of Suzhou plant. Ms. Han is currently responsible for the overall operation and management of Regent Electron (Suzhou), as well as the development and relations maintenance of certain major customers. From 1997 to 1998, she rendered her services as supervisor of the production management and sales department of Dongguan plant. From 1999 to 2001, Ms. Han was responsible for the initial production management and sales activities of Suzhou plant. From 2002 to 2004, she served as assistant manager of Suzhou plant and was promoted as manager of the marketing and procurement department of Suzhou plant in 2005. Starting from 2006, Ms. Han held the position as head of the operation, equipment and materials department, mainly responsible for customer development, equipment and materials operation and supply chain management. Since 2010 to date, Ms. Han is deputy general manager of Suzhou plant. She completed the courses of EMBA administration in the school of management in Fudan University between 2006 and 2007 and received a university diploma with a bachelor degree in arts in Business English from Beijing Foreign University (beiwai online) in 2010.

### Directors' Profile

**Tseng Yu-Ling (**曾玉玲), aged 35, is an executive Director and chief financial officer (the "CFO") of the Company. Ms. Tseng graduated from the Department of Accountancy of National Taiwan University. She joined the Group in February 2003 as manager in the financial department. She was advanced to the position of vice-president in June 2005, and is in charge of the financial control and management of the Group. Before joining the Group in 2003, Ms. Tseng worked at KMPG from 1999 to 2002 and gained extensive experience in accounting and finance. She is a fellow member of Taiwan Provincial Certified Public Accountant Association. Ms. Tseng worked in the accounting department of Guang Fai Electronic Company from 2002 to 2003.

#### **Independent non-executive Directors**

**Kwok Kwan Hung (郭君雄),** aged 47, is an independent non-executive Director. Mr. Kwok is a certified public accountant and accomplished a bachelor degree in Science from The University of London. He is currently an executive director and was previously an independent non-executive director of Sage International Group Limited (formerly known as Info Communication Holdings Limited), a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Mr. Kwok was also an independent non-executive director (from September 2004 to August 2006) and an executive director (from August 2006 to April 2008) of Nam Hing Holdings Limited (now known as China Environmental Energy Investment Limited), the shares of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, and an independent non-executive director of Sun International Group Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange, from August 2006 to December 2008. He is an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

Hsu Wey-Tyng (徐蔚婷), aged 39, is an independent non-executive Director. Ms. Hsu holds a Bachelor of Science in Economics from the National Taiwan University. She also received a Master Degree of Information Systems Management in Carnegie Mellon University and a Master Degree of Business Administration in Finance in National Taipei University. Ms. Hsu started her career with Citibank N.A. Corporate Banking as Senior Assistant Manager in 2003 and resigned from her last position as Relationship Manager in Global Relationship Banking division in 2008. Besides, she has been acting as a specialist in General Management Office in Silan Corporation and as a project manager specialized in E-commerce in ECBYTE Co. Ltd. in Taiwan during 1998 to 2001.

Lin Yen-Yu (林晏瑜), aged 39, is an independent non-executive Director. Ms. Lin was a doctorate candidate in Business School of Kai-Nan University, she also accomplished a master degree in Business Administration of International Business from The University of Akron and a bachelor degree in History from National Taiwan University. Ms. Lin is currently the Asia Sourcing Manager of Gex pro. She was the General Manager of Supply Chain & Procurement of Ryerson China Limited from January to September 2011, and was the Asia Supplier Development Manager of Supply Technologies from 2004 to 2011, and was the International Sales Manager/Project Manager of National Aerospace Fastener Corp from 1997 to 2003.

### **Corporate Governance Practices**

The Group is committed to ensure high standard of corporate governance in the interest of its shareholders. The directors of the Company (the "Directors") confirm, to the best of their knowledge, during the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group has complied with the applicable code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practice (effective until 31 March 2012) and the Corporate Governance Code (effective from 1 April 2012) as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

### Directors' securities transactions

The Company has adopted the code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code throughout the year of 2012.

### **Composition of the Board of Directors**

The Board comprises three executive directors, one non-executive director and three independent non-executive directors. The biographical details of all directors are set out on pages 8 to 9 of this annual report. The composition of the Board is well balanced with directors having sound knowledge and skill on different areas of the Company's business. Details of composition and their respective area of responsibilities are set out in the table on page 14 of this annual report.

The independent non-executive Directors will provide independent views and share their knowledge and experience with the other members of the Board. The Company has received, from each independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

#### **Functions of the Board**

The Board is responsible for (i) the formulation of operational and strategic direction of the Group; (ii) monitoring the financial performance of the Group; (iii) overseeing the performance of management; (iv) ensure that the business and operation of the Group are managed by properly authorized and competent management; (v) maintaining effective system of internal control; (vi) formulating policies and performing functions of corporate governance.

### Meetings of the Board

The Board held four regular Board meetings at approximately quarterly interval during the year of 2012. Additional board meetings were held when necessary. At least 14 days notice of regular Board meetings is given to all Directors and they can include matters for discussion in the agenda as they think fit. Minutes of every Board meeting are kept by the secretary of the Company at the registered office and Board members are also entitled to have full access to the Board minutes and related materials so that they are able to make an informed decision and to discharge their duties and responsibilities. Details of individual attendance of Directors are set out in the table on page 14 of this annual report.

### Directors' continuous professional development

During the year, all Directors were provided with continuous updates on applicable legal and regulatory requirements. Individual Directors also participated in courses relating to the roles, functions and duties of a listed company director or further enhancement of their professional development by way of reading the relevant materials. Particularly in 2012, in response to the Corporate Governance Code (effective from 1 April 2012) and the new amendments to associated Listing Rules, the Group has organized a briefing session for the Directors on 11 May 2012 for the updates on the relevant new amendments. Internal guidance notes were also issued to Directors to enhance their understanding of the new requirements.

In addition, every newly appointed Director will receive an induction on the first occasion of his appointment, so as to ensure that he has a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Company, and his responsibilities under laws, regulations and especially the governance policies of the Company.

Trainings received by each of the Directors during the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out in the table on page 14 of this annual report.

### Chairman and chief executive officer

To ensure a balance of power between the Board and the management of the Company, the role of the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer are segregated and are not exercised by the same individual. Wu Kai-Yun is the Chairman who is responsible for the effectiveness of operation of the Board and Wu Kai-Hsiung is the CEO who is responsible for the management of the Group's business in all aspects effectively and the implementation of the strategies approved by the Board.

### Relationship of the Board members

None of the Directors has any financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships among members of the Board except that Wu Kai-Yun and Wu Kai-Hsiung are brothers.

#### **Directors' interest in contract**

Before each Board meeting, the Directors have to declare for their interests in the subject matter to be considered in the relevant Board meeting. Any director who or whose associates have any material interest in any proposed Board resolutions will not be counted as a quorum in the relevant Board meeting nor vote for the Board resolutions. The independent non-executive Directors who and whose associates have no material interest in the matter will attend the meeting to deal with the matter if it is considered appropriate. During the year, seven independent board meetings were held and the attendance of each director is set out in the attendance table on page 14 of this annual report.

#### Non-executive Director and Chairman

The non-executive Director and Chairman, Wu Kai-Yun has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 10 July 2007 and thereafter shall continue for a further successive period of one year each, subject to termination by the Company giving not less than two month's advance written notice and subject to re-election at forthcoming annual general meetings in accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association") adopted on 19 June 2007 and the relevant letter of appointment.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Company has established a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance of the Corporate Governance Code. The Remuneration Committee comprises all of the independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Hsu Wey-Tyng. The Remuneration Committee meeting shall be held at least once a year to determine the remuneration policy for Directors and senior management. During the year, two remuneration committee meetings were held and the attendance of each member is set out in the attendance table on page 14 of this annual report.

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include reviewing the remuneration policy, making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package of the Directors and the senior management and reviewing performance-based remuneration and the annual share option scheme in order to ensure that the remuneration offered to Directors and senior management is appropriate.

### Appointment, re-election and removal of Directors

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years and renewable automatically for successive terms of one year each thereafter, subject to termination by either party giving to the other not less than two months' prior notice in writing.

The non-executive Director and Chairman has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years and thereafter shall continue for further successive periods of one year each, subject to termination by the Company giving not less than two month's advance written notice.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company. Each appointment letter is for a term of three years, and renewable thereafter.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, all Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

The appointment, re-appointment and removal of Directors are recommended by the nomination committee, and decided by the Board.

### **Nomination Committee**

The Company has established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance of the Corporate Governance Code. The Nomination Committee comprises all of the independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Lin Yen-Yu. The Nomination Committee meeting shall be held at least once a year. During the year, two remuneration committee meetings were held and the attendance of each director is set out in the attendance table on page 14 of this annual report.

The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include making recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment of Directors of the Group.

### **Audit Committee**

The Company has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code. The Audit Committee will meet at least four times each year with the main duties of providing an independent review of the effectiveness of the Group's financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems. The Audit Committee comprises all of the independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Kwok Kwan Hung. During the year, five audit committee meetings were held and the attendance of each Director is set out in the attendance table on page 14 of this annual report.

The principle responsibilities of the Audit Committee include (i) reviewing the financial information and accounting policies of the Company; (ii) overseeing the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedure; and (iii) assisting the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor; (iv) to comply other duties as set out in the Corporate Governance Code.

### **Corporate Governance Function**

The Board is collectively responsible for performing the corporate governance duties including:

- (a) to develop, review and update the Company's policy and practices on corporate governance;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors;
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report; and
- (f) to perform such other corporate governance duties and functions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (as amended from time to time) for which the Board is responsible.

### Attendance of meetings and training records of Directors

				Att	tendance out of n	umber of meetii	etings			
Name of director	Position	Mode of continuous professional development	Board	Independent Board	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	Audit Committee	Annual General Meeting		
Executive Directors										
Wu Kai-Hsiung	CEO	A,B	9/9					1/1		
Han Min	CMO	A,B	9/9					1/1		
Tseng Yu-Ling	CFO	A,B	9/9					1/1		
Non-executive Director										
Wu Kai-Yun	Chairman	A,B,D,E	9/9					1/1		
Independent non-executive Director	S									
Kwok Kwan Hung		A,B	7/9	7/7	2/2	2/2	5/5	1/1		
Lin Yen-Yu		A,B	7/9	7/7	2/2	2/2	5/5	1/1		
Hsu Wey Tyng		A,B	7/9	7/7	2/2	2/2	5/5	1/1		

A: reading materials relating to the economy, general business, electronic industry or Directors' duties and responsibilities, etc.

- B: attending courses, seminars, conferences or forums
- C: giving talks at seminars or conferences or forums
- D: attending corporate events or visits
- E: Hosting shareholders' visits

### **Auditor's remuneration**

An analysis of the remuneration of the Company's auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, for the year ended 31 December 2012 set out below:

Fee paid/payable Approximately US\$'000

Service rendered	
Audit fee for 2012 annual audit	145
Non audit service	18
Total	163

### **Accountability of the Board**

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Group, so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position, results and cash flow of the Group and presenting the interim and annual reports and announcements to shareholders. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012, the Directors have adopted suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgements and estimations that are prudent and reasonable and have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

### **Communication with shareholders**

The Company has established and maintained various channels of communication with the Company's shareholders and the public to ensure that they are provided of the Company's latest news and business development.

Information relating to the Company's financial information and corporate details and major events are disseminated on timely basis through publications of interim and annual reports, announcements, circulars, press release etc. The Company will maintain regular communication with institutional investors or analysts to address their enquiries on the Group's strategic plans, operations and management.

Shareholders are provided with contact details of the Company, such as telephone hotline, fax number, email address and postal address, on the website of the Company http://www.rmih.com in order to enable them to make any query that they may have with respect to the Company. They can also send their enquiries to the Board through these means. In addition, shareholders can contact the share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, if they have any enquiries about their shareholdings and entitlements to dividend.

Pursuant to the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code, in respect of each substantially separate issue at a general meeting, a separate resolution should be proposed by the chairman of that meeting. The chairman of the Board and each respective committee, as well as the external auditor, should attend the annual general meeting to answer questions at the meeting. The chairman of the independent Board committee should also be available to answer questions at any general meeting to approve a connected transaction or any other transaction that is subject to independent shareholders' approval.

The Company would arrange for the notice to shareholders to be sent in the case of annual general meetings at least 20 clear business days before the meeting and to be sent at least 10 clear business days in the case of all other general meetings. The chairman of a meeting should at the commencement of the meeting ensure that an explanation is provided of the detailed procedures for conducting a poll and then answer any questions from shareholders regarding voting by way of a poll.

Subject to the provision of the Company's Articles of Association, any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.

The requisition must state the proposal(s) of the meeting, and must be signed by the relevant shareholder(s) and deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong at the attention of the Company Secretary.

There is no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year.

#### Internal control

The Board has established an on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group and this process includes updating the system of internal controls when there are changes to business environment or regulatory guidelines.

The Board is of the view that the system of internal controls in place for the year under review and up to the date of the issuance of the annual report and financial statements is sound and is sufficient to safeguard the interests of shareholders and employees, and the Group's assets.

The Directors have the pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Group are set out in note 1 to the financial statements and the Group is principally engaged in the provision of integrated SMT production solutions for manufacturers of TFT-LCD panels and various electronics products. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

### **Segment information**

For management purpose, the Group is organised into one operating segment – electronic products. Management monitors the results of this segment in making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment.

The Group's revenue is substantially derived from its external customers in overseas and majority of the goods sold are transported directly to the external customers' subsidiaries located in the PRC. The Group's operating assets are substantially located in the PRC.

Accordingly, no segment analysis by operating and geographical segments is provided for the year ended 31 December 2012.

#### Results and dividends

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 34 of this annual report.

During the year, the directors of the Company proposed and declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.05 per ordinary share, totalling HK\$107,488,273 (equivalent to approximately US\$13,857,000) for the six months ended 30 June 2012 (for the six months ended 30 June 2011: approximately US\$18,239,000).

The Board has proposed a final dividend of HK\$0.05 per share for the year ended 31 December 2012 based on 2,149,765,464 ordinary shares in issue, totalling HK\$107,488,273 (equivalent to approximately US\$13,861,000). The final dividend is subject to the approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 27 May 2013 and is expected to be paid on or about 26 June 2013 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on 5 June 2013.

Total dividend for the year amounted to approximately US\$27,718,000 (2011: approximately US\$37,047,000). The details of dividends proposed for the year are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

### **Closure of Register of Members**

For determining entitlement to attend the annual general meeting of the Company, the register of members will be closed from 23 May 2013 to 27 May 2013, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify to attend the annual general meeting of the Company, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 26/F., Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on 22 May 2013.

For determining entitlement to the final dividend, the register of members will be closed from 4 June 2013 to 5 June 2013, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 26/F., Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on 3 June 2013. Dividend warrants are expected to be dispatched on or about 26 June 2013.

### Financial summary

A summary of the published consolidated results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out on page 98 of this annual report. The summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

### Major customers and suppliers

During the year, revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers and the Group's largest customer were 63% and 19% of the total revenue of the Group respectively. The percentage of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers and the Group's largest supplier were 43% and 18% respectively.

None of the Directors, or any of their associate(s) or any shareholders of the Company (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

### Property, plant and equipment and land use rights

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment and land use rights of the Group during the year are set out in notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements, respectively.

### Share capital

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

### Reserves

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and in note 16 to the financial statements, respectively.

### Distributable reserves

As at 31 December 2012, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders comprised the retained profits amounted to approximately US\$375,000 and the share premium of the Company amounted to approximately US\$84,070,000. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

#### **Directors**

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Wu Kai-Yun (Chairman) (since 22 January 2013) Wu Kai-Hsiung (up to 22 January 2013) Han Min Tseng Yu-Ling

#### **Non-executive Director:**

Wu Kai-Yun (Chairman) (up to 22 January 2013) Wu Kai-Hsiung (since 22 January 2013)

#### **Independent non-executive Directors:**

Kwok Kwan Hung Hsu Wey-Tyng Lin Yen-Yu

In accordance with the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at least once every three year, and each director appointed to fill a casual vacancy during the year shall be subject to re-election at forthcoming annual general meeting.

Details of emoluments of Directors on a named basis are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

### **Biographical details of Directors**

Brief biographical details of Directors are set out on page 8 to 9 of this annual report.

### **Independent non-executive Directors**

Pursuant to Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors. The Company confirms that it has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

### **Audit Committee**

The Company has established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph C3 of the Corporate Governance Code. The Audit Committee will meet at least four times each year with the main duties of providing an independent review of the effectiveness of the Group's financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems. The Audit Committee comprises all of the independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Kwok Kwan Hung. The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited consolidated results, including accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012.

### **Directors' service contracts**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years and renewable automatically for successive terms of one year each thereafter, subject to termination by either party giving to the other not less than two month's prior notice in writing. The non-executive Director has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years and thereafter shall continue for further periods of one year each, subject to termination by the Company giving not less than two months' prior notice in writing.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company. Each appointment letter is for a term of three years and renewable for successive terms thereafter.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, all Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

### **Share Option Scheme**

In accordance with the Company's share option scheme adopted on 19 June 2007 (the "Share Option Scheme"), the board of the directors may grant options to eligible participants, including employees and directors, of the Company and any of its subsidiaries to subscribe for shares of the Company. The number of shares, which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted under the Share Option Scheme and other schemes adopted by the Group, is not permitted to exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and other schemes adopted by the Group in aggregate is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the adoption date. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual is not permitted to exceed 1% of the share of the Company in issue at any 12-month period. Consideration of HK\$1 is payable by the grantee on the acceptance of option granted. Option may be exercised from the date of acceptance of the offer of such option to the earlier of the date on which such option lapses and 10 years from the offer date of that option. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the higher of the closing prices of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of the grant of the options, the average of the closing prices of the shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the grant of the options and the nominal value of the shares.

The Share Option Scheme is valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing from the adoption date after which no further options may be issued.

As approved by the Board meeting on 11 December 2012, 13,000,000 share options were granted to the Directors and certain employees at an exercise price of HK\$1.41 per share. Details and movement of share options are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

Other than the share option schemes disclosed above, at no time during the year was the company, its subsidiaries, its associated companies, its fellow subsidiaries or its parent company a party to any arrangement to enable the directors and chief executives of the company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) to hold any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares in, or debentures of, the company or its associated corporation.

# Directors' interests and short position in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporations

As at 31 December 2012, the interests and short positions of the existing Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which the Directors and chief executives of the Company were deemed or taken to have under such provisions of the SFO), or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

#### Interests in shares

					Percentage of	
		Number	of ordinary sh	nares held	interest in the	
	Company/name of	Personal	Family		relevant issued	Number of
Name of Director	associated corporation	interest	interest	Total	share capital	share options
			(Note 1)			
Wu Kai-Yun	the Company	6,872,628		6,872,628	0.32%	600,000
Wu Kai-Hsiung	the Company	3,927,216		3,927,216	0.18%	350,000
vvu Kal-HSlulig	the Company	3,927,210		3,927,210	0.1670	330,000
Han Min	the Company	_		_	0.00%	500,000
Tseng Yu-Ling	the Company	992,682		992,682	0.05%	350,000
L'a Va a V	the Comme				0.000/	200 000
Lin Yen-Yu	the Company	_		_	0.00%	300,000
Kwok Kwan Hung	the Company	50,000		50,000	0.00%	300,000
Hsu Wey-Tyng	the Company	0			0.00%	300,000
	/		Σ\\	\		
Wu Kai-Yun	TSMT Taiwan	8,993,333	11,142,731	20,136,064	7.83%	
Wu Kai-Hsiung	TSMT Taiwan	599,906	222,454	822,360	0.32%	
	\	\\-		1-0/11		
Tseng Yu-Ling	TSMT Taiwan	93,429		93,429	0.04%	
				\		
Hsu Wey-Tyng	TSMT Taiwan	1,058,829		1,058,829	0.41%	

Name of Director	Company/name of associated corporation	Nature of interest	Number and class of securities	Percentage of interest in the relevant issued share capital
Wu Kai-Yun	Note 2	Personal & Family <i>Note 1</i>	Note 3	Note 3
Wu Kai-Hsiung	Note 2	Personal & Family Note 1	Note 3	Note 3
Tseng Yu-Ling	Note 2	Personal	Note 3	Note 3

#### Notes:

- 1. The relevant shares were held by the spouse and/or children aged under 18 of the relevant Directors.
- 2. Subsidiaries of TSMT Taiwan:

Taiwan Surface Mounting Technology (B.V.I.) Co., Limited Taiwan Surface Mounting Technology Co. Limited Taiwan Surface Mounting Technology (U.S.A.) Co., Limited High-Toned Opto Technology Corporation High-Toned Opto Technology (Suzhou) Limited Hitop Communications Corporation Gene Han (Shenzhen) Limited Tai Ming Green Power Co., Limited

Associated companies of TSMT Taiwan: Uniflex Technology (Jiangsu) Limited Uniflex Technology Inc.

 The Relevant Directors are deemed to be interested in these associated corporations by virtue of their interests in TSMT Taiwan.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, none of the Directors or their associate(s) had an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation which had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of SFO (including interests and short positions of the SFO), or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

# Substantial shareholders' interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares

So far as is known to any Director, as at 31 December 2012, shareholders (other than the interest disclosed above in respect of the Directors or the chief executives of the Company) who had interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

### Interests in shares

Name	Nature of interest	Number of shares	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company
TSMT BVI	Beneficial owner	1,587,355,634	73.84%
TSMT Taiwan	Interest of a controlled corporation	1,587,355,634	73.84%

Note: TSMT BVI is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of TSMT Taiwan and, therefore, TSMT Taiwan is deemed or taken to be interested in the Company's shares which are beneficially owned by TSMT BVI for the purpose of the SFO. TSMT Taiwan is a company listed on the GreTai Securities Market in Taiwan

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, there was no person (other than the interest disclosed above in respect of the Directors or the chief executives of the Company) who (i) had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which (a) would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or (b) were required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred therein; or (ii) were, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying the right to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company or any options in respect of such capital.

### **Continuing Connected Transactions**

Certain related party transactions as disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements constituted continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules, required to be disclosed in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

- (1) On 6 April 2011, the Group entered into an agreement (the "2012-2014 Purchase Agreement") to extend a purchase agreement with TSMT Taiwan regarding the Group's purchase of finished goods from TSMT Taiwan and its subsidiary other than the Group (the "TSMT Taiwan Group") for another three years ending 31 December 2014. The annual caps for the transaction amount of the purchase of finished goods from TSMT Taiwan Group for each of the three years ending 31 December 2014 are US\$12.0 million, US\$12.0 million and US\$12.0 million respectively. The transaction contemplated under the 2012-2014 Purchase Agreement have been disclosed in the announcement dated 7 April 2011. For the year ended 31 December 2012, the actual transaction amount was approximately US\$820,000.
- (2) On 6 April 2011, the Group entered into an agreement (the "2012-2014 Procurement Agreement") to extend a procurement agreement with TSMT Taiwan regarding the Group's purchase of raw materials and components from TSMT Taiwan Group for another three years ending 31 December 2014. The annual caps for the transaction amount of the procurement of raw materials and components from TSMT Taiwan Group for each of the three years ending 31 December 2014 are US\$30.0 million, US\$30.0 million and US\$30.0 million respectively. The transactions contemplated under the 2012-2014 Procurement Agreement have been disclosed in the announcement dated 7 April 2011. For the year ended 31 December 2012, the actual transaction amount was approximately US\$23,461,000.
- (3) On 6 April 2011, the Group entered into an agreement (the "2012-2014 Supply Agreement") to extend a supply agreement with TSMT Taiwan regarding the Group's sales of finished goods to TSMT Taiwan for another three years ending 31 December 2014. The annual caps for the transaction amount of the sales of finished goods to TSMT Taiwan for each of the three years ended 31 December 2014 are US\$60.0 million, US\$60.0 million and US\$60.0 million respectively. The transactions contemplated under the 2012-2014 Supply Agreement have been disclosed in the announcement dated 7 April 2011 and were approved by the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") at the extraordinary shareholders' meeting (the "EGM") held on 13 May 2011. For the year ended 31 December 2012, the actual transaction amount was approximately US\$36,779,000.

- (4) On 6 April 2011, the Group entered into an agreement (the "2012-2014 New Supply Agreement") to extend a new supply agreement with TSMT Taiwan regarding the Group's sales of finished goods to TSMT Taiwan Group for another three years ending 31 December 2014. The annual caps for the transaction amount of the sales of finished goods to TSMT Taiwan Group for each of the three years ending 31 December 2014 are US\$66.0 million, US\$72.6 million and US\$80.0 million respectively. The transactions contemplated under the 2012-2014 New Supply Agreement have been disclosed in the announcement dated 7 April 2011 and were approved by the Shareholders at the EGM held on 13 May 2011. For the year ended 31 December 2012, the actual transaction amount was approximately US\$39,353,000.
- (5) On 6 April 2011, the Group entered into an agreement (the "2012-2014 Product Development Service Agreement") to extend a product development service agreement with TSMT Taiwan regarding the provision of product development service by TSMT Taiwan Group to the Group for another three years ending 31 December 2014. The annual caps for the transaction amount of the provision of product development service by TSMT Taiwan Group for each of the three years ending 31 December 2014 are US\$2.4 million, US\$2.4 million and US\$2.4 million respectively. The transactions contemplated under the 2012-2014 Product Development Service Agreement have been disclosed in the announcement dated 7 April 2011. For the year ended 31 December 2012, the actual transaction amount was approximately US\$1,336,000.
- (6) On 6 April 2011, the Group entered into an agreement (the "2012-2014 Machinery and Equipment Purchase Agreement") to extend a purchase agreement with TSMT Taiwan regarding the Group's purchase of machinery and equipment from TSMT Taiwan Group for another three years ending 31 December 2014. The annual caps for the transaction amount of the acquisition of machinery and equipment from TSMT Taiwan Group for each of the three years ending 31 December 2014 are US\$1.5 million, US\$1.5 million and US\$1.5 million respectively. The transactions contemplated under the 2012-2014 Machinery and Equipment Purchase Agreement have been disclosed in the announcement dated 7 April 2011. For the year ended 31 December 2012, the actual transaction amount was approximately US\$66,000.

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that the transactions were entered into: (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Company than terms available from independent third parties; (iii) in accordance with each of the relevant agreements governing them on the terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2012 as disclosed above in accordance with paragraph 14A.38 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

### Non-competition undertakings

The Company has confirmed that the undertakings contained in the deed of non-competition dated 19 June 2007 (the "Non-Competition Deed") given by TSMT Taiwan in favour of the Company have been complied with and enforced. The Company has received a declaration made by TSMT Taiwan that TSMT Taiwan has complied with the terms of the Non-Competition Deed during the year ended 31 December 2012.

### **Directors' interests in contracts**

Save as disclosed above in this directors' report, no contracts of significance, to which the Company, its holding companies, its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

### Directors' interests in competing business

Save as disclosed above in this directors' report, in so far as the Directors were aware, none of the Directors or their associates had any interest in a business that compete with the business of the Group.

### **Pre-emptive rights**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders under the Company's Articles of Association although there are no restrictions against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands.

### **Directors' securities transactions**

The Company has adopted the code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions as set out in the Model Code contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the year of 2012.

### Sufficiency of public float

Based on the information that is publicly available to and within the knowledge of the Directors, it is confirmed that there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares at the date of this report.

### Purchase, sale or redemption of shares

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

### **Auditor**

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

By order of the Board

Wu Kai-Yun

Chairman

Hong Kong, 18 March 2013

# Independent Auditor's Report



羅兵咸永道

### To the shareholders of Regent Manner International Holdings Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Regent Manner International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 31 to 97, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### **Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F, Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

### Independent Auditor's Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2012 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 18 March 2013

# Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2012

	As at 31 December 201		
		2012	2011
	Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	205,622	186,527
Land use rights	7	5,690	6,311
Prepayments for land use rights	7	557	1,695
Deferred tax assets	20	1,061	-1
		212,930	194,533
		212,000	104,000
Ourself and the			
Current assets	0	71 022	00 714
Inventories	9	71,022 461,750	83,714 394,717
Trade receivables	10		
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	11	33,711	31,798
Due from related companies	12	1,634	8,318
Due from the ultimate holding company	12	15,001	12,396
Cash and bank balances	13	150,612	148,898
		733,730	679,841
Total assets		946,660	874,374
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company			
Share capital	14	1,379	1,337
Share premium	14	84,070	70,277
Other reserves	16		
- Proposed final dividend		13,861	18,808
- Others		285,487	250,126
Total equity		384,797	340,548
Total equity		304,737	540,540

## Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2012

	As at 31 December 2012			
	Nata	2012	2011	
	Note	US\$'000	US\$'000	
LIABILITIES				
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings	19	41,200	27,700	
Deferred tax liabilities	20	5,679	4,996	
		46,879	32,696	
			<u> </u>	
Current liabilities				
Trade payables	17	439,561	402,545	
Accruals and other payables	18	22,693	22,128	
Borrowings	19	20,439	57,716	
Due to the ultimate holding company	21	7,530	3,976	
Due to related companies	21	4,328	248	
Current income tax liabilities		20,433	14,517	
		514,984	501,130	
Total liabilities		561,863	533,826	
Total equity and liabilities		946,660	874,374	
Net current assets		218,746	178,711	
			// =	
Total assets less current liabilities		431,676	373,244	

The notes on pages 37 to 97 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Wu Kai-Yun Wu Kai-Hsiung
Director Director

# Company Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2012

		As at 31 [	December
		2012	2011
	Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
	Note	03\$ 000	03\$ 000
ACCETO			
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	8	123,978	109,963
Current assets			
Other receivables		645	
Cash and bank balances	13	668	1 011
Cash and bank balances	13	000	1,211
		1,313	1,211
Total		405.004	111 171
Total assets		125,291	111,174
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company			
Share capital	14	1,379	1,337
	14		
Share premium		84,070	70,277
Other reserves	16	40.004	10.000
- Proposed final dividend		13,861	18,808
- Others		25,934	20,705
Total equity		125,244	111,127
Total oquity		120,244	111,127
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accruals and other payables	18	47	47
Total equity and liabilities		125,291	111,174
Net current assets		1,266	1,164
110t Gair Gilt Goodes		1,200	1,104
Total assets less current liabilities		125,244	111,127

The notes on pages 37 to 97 are an integral part of this financial statement.

Wu Kai-Yun Wu Kai-Hsiung
Director Director

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2012

		For the year ended 31 December		
	Note	2012	2011	
		US\$'000	US\$'000	
Revenue	5	1,566,356	1,476,553	
Cost of sales	23	(1,453,603)	(1,353,356)	
Gross profit		112,753	123,197	
Selling and distribution costs	23	(3,012)	(2,326)	
Administrative expenses	23	(32,914)	(25,162)	
Other gains – net	22	950	2,875	
Operating profit		77,777	98,584	
Finance income	25	3,386	3,783	
Finance costs	25	(1,118)	(401)	
Finance income, net	25	2,268	3,382	
IY I'm				
Profit before income tax		80,045	101,966	
Income tax expense	26	(17,061)	(17,180)	
Profit for the year attributable to				
equity holders of the Company		62,984	84,786	
			- ///	
Other comprehensive income:				
Currency translation differences		76	1,936	
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company		63,060	86,722	
and an analysis of the company		55,555	00/.22	
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the				
equity holders of the Company during the year				
- basic	28	US\$0.0297	US\$0.0416	
- diluted	28	US\$0.0297	US\$0.0416	
Dividends	29	27,718	37,047	

The notes on pages 37 to 97 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2012

				lders of the Con	npany
		Share	Share	Other	
	NI.	capital	premium	reserves	Total
	Note	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2011		1,302	56,709	218,660	276,671
Comprehensive income					
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income		-	-	84,786	84,786
- Currency translation differences	_	_	-	1,936	1,936
		_	_	86,722	86,722
	_				) )
Transaction with owners Proceeds from warrants issued		_		38	38
2010 final dividends		_	_	(18,247)	(18,247)
2011 interim dividends	29	_	_	(18,239)	(18,239)
Shares issued under scrip dividend scheme	_0	35	13,568	-	13,603
	_				
	_	35	13,568	(36,448)	(22,845)
Balance at 31 December 2011	_	1,337	70,277	268,934	340,548
Balance at 1 January 2012		1,337	70,277	268,934	340,548
Comprehensive income					
Profit for the year		-	-	62,984	62,984
Other comprehensive income  - Currency translation differences		-	_	76	76
		-	-	63,060	63,060
Transaction with owners					
Employees share option scheme  - Value of directors and employee services	15			19	19
2011 final dividends	29	_	_	(18,808)	(18,808)
2012 interim dividends	29	_	_	(13,857)	(13,857)
Shares issued under scrip dividend scheme	14	42	13,793	(13,037)	13,835
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
		42	13,793	(32,646)	(18,811)
Balance at 31 December 2012		1,379	84,070	299,348	384,797
		,	,	,	

The notes on pages 37 to 97 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2012

		For the year ended 31 December		
		2012	2011	
	Note	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash generated from operations	30(a)	96,676	100,238	
Interest paid		(1,118)	(401)	
Income tax paid		(11,523)	(11,754)	
Net cash generated from operating activities		84,035	88,083	
The country will be a second to the control of the country will be a second to the country wil		04,000	00,000	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(42,842)	(60,312)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	30(b)	399	146	
Payment for land use rights	00(6)	(650)	(1,036)	
(Increase)/decrease in time deposits with initial terms		(000)	(1,7000)	
of more than three months		(14,727)	6,076	
Interest received		2,705	1,395	
Net cash used in investing activities		(55,115)	(53,731)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from borrowings		260,789	374,077	
Proceeds from warrants issued		_	38	
Repayments of borrowings		(284,337)	(324,883)	
Dividends paid		(18,837)	(22,883)	
			_// 📦	
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities		(42,385)	26,349	
			7 m	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(13,465)	60,701	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	13	133,291	70,200	
Exchange differences		452	2,390	
			/	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	13	120,278	133,291	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		120,210	30,201	

The notes on pages 37 to 97 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 1 General information

Regent Manner International Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 9 August 2006. The registered office of the Company is located at 20th Floor, No. 168 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

The Company's shares have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 10 July 2007. The Company together with its subsidiaries are hereinafter collectively referred to as the Group. The Group is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of electronic products and the provision of related subcontracting services.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollar ("US\$") unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 18 March 2013.

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

## 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

# **2.1** Basis of preparation (continued)

(a) Amended standard and amendments adopted by the Group

The following amended standard is mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2012.

Amendment to HKFRS 7 "Disclosures -Transfers of financial assets" is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011. This amendment promotes transparency in the reporting of transfer transactions and improve users' understanding of the risk exposures relating to transfers of financial assets and the effect of those risks on an entity's financial position, particularly those involving securitisation of financial assets. The adoption of this amendment will result in additional disclosures where necessary.

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2012 but not currently relevant to the Group (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events)

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

HKFRS 1 (Amendment) Severe hyperinflation and removal 1 July 2011

of fixed dates for first - time adopters

HKAS 12 (Amendment) Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets 1 January 2012

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

# **2.1** Basis of preparation (continued)

(c) New standards, amendments and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2012 and have not been early adopted

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

		Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Presentation of financial statements	1 July 2012
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	'First time adoption', on government loans	1 January 2013
HKFRSs 10, 11 and 12 (Amendment)	Transition guidance	1 January 2013
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements	1 January 2013
HKAS 27 (Revised 2011)	Separate financial statements	1 January 2013
HKFRS 11	Joint arrangements	1 January 2013
HKAS 28 (Revised 2011)	Associates and joint ventures	1 January 2013
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of interests in other entities	1 January 2013
HKFRS 13	Fair value measurements	1 January 2013
HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Employee benefits	1 January 2013
HKFRS 7 (Amendment)	Financial instruments: Disclosures – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities	1 January 2013
HKFRIC 20	Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine	1 January 2013
HKAS 32 (Amendment)	Financial instruments: Presentation – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities	1 January 2014
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2015
HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9 (Amendments)	Mandatory effective date and transition disclosures	1 January 2015

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

# **2.1** Basis of preparation (continued)

(c) New standards, amendments and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2012 and have not been early adopted (continued)

Apart from the above, the HKICPA has issued the annual improvements project (2011) which addresses several issues in the 2009-2011 reporting cycle, and includes changes to the following standards. The Group has not applied the following revised HKFRSs published in the annual improvements project.

Effective for annual periods

		beginning on or after
HKFRS 1	First time adoption	1 January 2013
HKAS 1	Financial statement presentation	1 January 2013
HKAS 16	Property plant and equipment	1 January 2013
HKAS 32	Financial instruments: Presentation	1 January 2013
HKAS 34	Interim financial reporting	1 January 2013

The Group has assessed HKFRS 10's full impact and concluded there is no significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. The Group intends to adopt HKFRS 10 in the accounting period beginning on 1 January 2013.

The Group is in the process of making assessment of the impact of these new or revised HKFRSs upon initial adoption.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation

#### (a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the statement of comprehensive income.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the board of directors that makes strategic decisions.

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in US\$, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains – net'.

#### (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## **2.4** Foreign currency translation (continued)

- (c) Group companies (continued)
  - (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of the gain or loss on sale.

#### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced plant is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### **Annual Depreciation Rate**

Buildings	4.5%
Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of the lease terms and 20%
Plant and machinery	9%
Furniture and office equipment	18%
Vehicles	18%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.7).

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

# 2.5 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other gains – net' in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Construction-in-progress ("CIP") represents buildings, plant and machinery under construction or pending installation and is stated at cost less impairment, if any. Cost includes the costs of construction of buildings, costs of plant and machinery, and interest charges arising from borrowings used to finance these assets during the period of construction or installation and testing. No provision for depreciation is made on CIP until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. When the assets concerned are brought into use, the costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

#### 2.6 Land use rights

All land in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") is state-owned and no individual land ownership right exists. The Group acquired the right to use certain land. The premiums paid for such right are treated as prepayment for operating lease and recorded as land use rights, which are amortised over the lease periods using the straight-line method. The land use rights are stated at historical cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment.

# 2.7 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example goodwill, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.8 Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are loans and receivables.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date, which are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise "trade receivables", "deposits and other receivables", "due from related companies", "due from the ultimate holding company" and "cash and bank balances" in the balance sheet (Notes 10, 11, 12 and 13 respectively).

Loans and receivables are initially recognised at fair value and then subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

A financial asset is derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred the control of the asset.

#### 2.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.10 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in the normal operating cycle of the business, they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that trade and other receivables is impaired. Trade and other receivables is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the trade and other receivables that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between trade and other receivables' carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the trade and other receivables' original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of trade and other receivables is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

# 2.12 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares, options or warrants are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 2.13 Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less in the normal operating cycle of the business. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# 2.14 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.15 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.16 Employee benefits

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employee to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF"), a defined contribution plan. Under the MPF, the Group and its Hong Kong employee make monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employee's earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation, subject to a cap of HK\$2,500 per month, and any excess contributions are voluntary.

In accordance with the rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group has arranged for its PRC employees to join defined contribution plans, including pension, medical, housing and other welfare benefits, organised by the PRC government. According to the relevant regulations, the monthly contributions that should be borne by the PRC subsidiaries of the Company are calculated based on percentages of the total salary of employees, subject to a certain ceiling. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in independent funds managed by the PRC government.

The Group has no further payment obligations once the above contributions have been paid. The Group's contributions to these plans are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

#### 2.17 Share-based payments

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plans, under which the entity receives services from directors and employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Company. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions;
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and an employee remaining on service of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

Non-market performance and service vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

# 2.17 Share-based payments (continued)

At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing performance and service vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity on the Company's financial statements.

#### 2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

# 2.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

# (a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a Group's entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

# (b) Subcontracting service income

Subcontracting service income is recognised when the subcontracting services have been rendered and it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the relevant fees can be measured reliably.

#### (c) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income.

# (d) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.20 Government grant

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

# 2.21 Research and development expenses

All research costs are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate probable future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

# 2.22 Operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## 2.23 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

#### 2.24 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors as appropriate.

#### 2.25 Earnings per share

#### Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, as adjusted to reflect the rights issue (if any) during the year.

# Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 3 Financial risk management

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial market and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### (a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

As majority of sales, purchases and financing activities of the Group is carried out in US\$, foreign exchange risk arises from sales or purchases by operating units in currencies other than US\$, which are mainly denominated in Renminbi (the "RMB") and Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$") (pegged with US\$). The Group has not hedged its foreign exchange rate risk because the exposure is not significant.

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, if US\$ had strengthened/weakened by 10% against RMB with all other variables held constant, the pre-tax profit for each year would have been decreased/increased by US\$5,290,000 and US\$6,820,000 respectively, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of RMB denominated cash and bank balances, trade receivables, other receivables, trade payables, other payables and borrowings.

#### (ii) Interest-rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. Borrowings obtained at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings obtained at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. Details of the Group's borrowings have been disclosed in Note 19.

The Group historically has not used any financial instruments to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

As at 31 December 2012, if interest rates on borrowings had been 100 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the pre-tax profit for the year would have been approximately US\$357,000 lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expenses on floating rate borrowings.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# **3** Financial risk management (continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

The carrying amounts of cash and bank balances, due from related companies and the ultimate holding company, trade receivables and other receivables represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. It has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history.

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, all cash and bank balances were deposited in reputable financial institutions and were hence without significant credit risk. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

Credit sales are made to selected customers with good credit history. The Group has policies in place to ensure that trade receivables are followed up on a timely basis. The Group has arrangements with banks to discount certain of its trade receivables (non-recourse) to minimise its credit risk. At the balance sheet date, the Group has significant concentration of credit risk that may arise from the exposure to five debtors which accounted for approximately 60% (31 December 2011: 62%) of the Group's total trade receivables as at 31 December 2012.

# (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. The Group's objective is to maintain adequate committed credit lines to ensure sufficient and flexible funding is available to the Group.

Details of unsecured bank loan facilities granted by certain banks that have not been utilised by the Group are described in Note 19.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group held cash and bank balances of US\$150,612,000 (31 December 2011: US\$148,898,000) (Note 13) and trade receivables of US\$461,750,000 (31 December 2011: US\$394,717,000) (Note 10) that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 3 Financial risk management (continued)

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year US\$'000	Between 1 and 2 years US\$'000	Between 2 and 5 years US\$'000
As at 31 December 2012			
Borrowings and interests payable (i)	21,186	18,898	23,500
Trade payables	439,561	-	-
Other payables	11,612	-	-
Due to the ultimate holding company	7,530	-	-
Due to related parties	4,328	-	-
As at 31 December 2011			
Borrowings and interests payable (i)	58,279	4,143	24,871
Trade payables	402,545	_	-
Other payables	13,192	_	-
Due to the ultimate holding company	3,976	_	/-
Due to related parties	248	-	11 =

<sup>(</sup>i) The interest on borrowings is calculated based on borrowings held as at 31 December 2012 and 2011 without taking account of future issues.

## 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total bank borrowings (Note 19) divided by total equity.

The gearing ratio at 31 December 2012 is of 16.0% (at 31 December 2011:25.1%).

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# **3** Financial risk management (continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying value of trade and other receivables less impairment, trade and other payables, due from/to related companies and ultimate holding company, current borrowings are assumed to approximate their fair values. For non-current borrowings, the fair value is disclosed in Note 19.

# 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal to the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### (a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previous estimation, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned.

#### (b) Current tax and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in different jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised as management considers it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and taxation in the periods in which such estimate is changed.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

#### (c) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to industry cycles. Management reassesses the estimates at each balance sheet date.

# (d) Provision for impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables based on the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. Management reassesses the provision at each balance sheet date.

# 5 Revenue and segment information

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents (i) the net invoiced value or contracted value of goods sold upon dispatch of goods, after allowances for returns, trade discounts and sales tax, where applicable; and (ii) the value of subcontracting services rendered. An analysis of revenue is as below:

Fo	r th	ie year
ended	31	December

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
1,559,066	1,470,696
7,290	5,857
1,566,356	1,476,553

Sales of goods Subcontracting service income

Total revenue

For the year ended 31 December 2012

For the year

2011

# 5 Revenue and segment information (continued)

For management purpose, the Group is organised into one operating segment – electronic products. Management monitors the results of this segment in making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment.

The Group's revenue is substantially derived from its external customers in overseas and majority of the goods sold are transported directly to the external customers' subsidiaries located in the PRC. The Group's operating assets are substantially located in the PRC.

Accordingly, no segment analysis by operating and geographical segments is provided for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Revenue derived from single external customers that each amount to more than 10 percent of the Group's revenue is listed as below:

December	ended 31 I
	2012
USS	US\$'000

	US\$'000	US\$'000
Company A	300,079	284,062
Company B	293,236	240,891
Company C	221,739	221,288
	815.054	746.241

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# Property, plant and equipment - Group

/ / / /	//			Furniture			
		Leasehold	Plant and	and office		Construction	
	Buildings	improvements	machinery	equipment	Vehicles	in progress	Total
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
At 1 January 2011							
Cost	17,838	2,385	133,051	12,816	1,683	20,467	188,240
Accumulated depreciation and	17,000	2,000	100,001	12,010	1,000	20,707	100,240
impairment	(2,959)	(879)	(34,067)	(4,764)	(773)	_	(43,442)
impairment	(2,000)	(070)	(04,007)	(4,704)	(110)		(40,442)
Net book amount	14,879	1,506	98,984	8,052	910	20,467	144,798
Year ended 31 December 2011							
	14.070	1 500	00.004	0.052	010	20.467	144 700
Opening net book amount	14,879	1,506	98,984	8,052	910	20,467	144,798
Additions	-	2,887	14,441	5,362	617	37,029	60,336
Disposals	-	-	(1,509)	(355)	(6)	(50.007)	(1,870)
Transfers	35,015	-	15,272	- (0.050)	(0.50)	(50,287)	- (40.000)
Depreciation (Note 23)	(1,107)	(1,381)	(12,870)	(2,650)	(352)	-	(18,360)
Exchange differences	341	24	1,149	98	11	-	1,623
Closing net book amount	49,128	3,036	115,467	10,507	1,180	7,209	186,527
At 31 December 2011							
Cost	53,258	5,285	157,633	16,597	2,192	7,209	242,174
Accumulated depreciation and							
impairment	(4,130)	(2,249)	(42,166)	(6,090)	(1,012)	-	(55,647)
Net book amount	49,128	3,036	115,467	10,507	1,180	7,209	186,527
Year ended 31 December 2012							
	40 120	2 026	115 467	10 507	1 100	7 200	106 527
Opening net book amount	49,128	3,036	115,467	10,507	1,180	7,209	186,527
Additions	-	1,472	(540)	1,823	453	38,886	42,634
Disposals	2.005	(32)	(519)	(632)	(30)	- /47.005\	(1,213)
Transfers	2,885	322	14,678	- (0.000)	- (400)	(17,885)	(00.407)
Depreciation (Note 23)	(2,405)	(1,697)	(14,850)	(3,033)	(422)	-	(22,407)
Exchange differences	17	2	56	5	1	-	81
Closing net book amount	49,625	3,103	114,832	8,670	1,182	28,210	205,622
A. 04 D I 0040							
At 31 December 2012	EC 405	0.007	100 744	15 400	0.400	20.040	27.200
Cost	56,165	6,337	168,744	15,490	2,422	28,210	277,368
Accumulated depreciation and	(a = :a)	(0.004)	(F0.040)	(0.000)	14.0451		/ma mas)
impairment	(6,540)	(3,234)	(53,912)	(6,820)	(1,240)	-	(71,746)
Net book amount	49,625	3,103	114,832	8,670	1,182	28,210	205,622

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 6 Property, plant and equipment – Group (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2012, depreciation expenses have been charged in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

For th	ne year
ended 31	December

Cost of sales	
Selling and distribution costs	
Administrative expenses	

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
18,852	15,968
913	296
2,642	2,096
22,407	18,360

# 7 Land use rights - Group

The Group's interests in land use rights represent the prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analysed as follows:

In the PRC, held on lease of	50	years
Cost		
Accumulated amortisation		

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
6,273	6,766
(583)	(455)
5,690	6,311

As at 31 December

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 7 Land use rights – Group (continued)

# Opening Additions Transfer to other receivables (Note a) Amortisation (Note 23) Exchange differences

ended 31	December
2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
6,311	4,623
650	1,776
(1,163)	_
(137)	(124)

29

5,690

36

6,311

For the year

#### Note:

- (a) During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group entered into an agreement with the local government authority to return the land use right of a subsidiary to the authority or certain third party company introduced by the authority. The land use right with net book amount of USD1,163,000 is expected to be recovered within 12 months after 31 December 2012 and is transferred to other receivables accordingly.
- (b) As at 31 December 2012, the Group is in the process of applying for land use right certificates from the relevant PRC government authorities for certain parcels of land in use. The net book value of the underlying land use rights was US\$708,000 as at 31 December 2012 (as at 31 December 2011: US\$722,000).

As at 31 December 2012, the Group has entered into contracts with relevant PRC government authorities for acquiring certain parcels of land located in the PRC with the prepayments of US\$557,000 as at 31 December 2012 (as at 31 December 2011: US\$1,695,000). The prepayments for land use rights are not subject to amortisation.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 8 Investments in subsidiaries - Company

# (a) Investments in subsidiaries

Unlisted investments, at cost
Capital contribution relating to share-based payment

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
123,963	109,963
15	
123,978	109,963

As at 31 December

The capital contribution relating to share based payment refers to 10,100,000 share options granted by the Company to employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group. Refer to note 15 for further details on the Group's share option schemes.

#### (b) Details of subsidiaries

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2012:

	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued and fully paid-up share/	equity at	tage of tributable Company	
Name	and operations	registered capital	Direct	Indirect	Principal activities
		US\$'000	%	%	
Regent Manner (BVI) Limited ("Regent BVI")	British Virgin Islands	84,630	100	-	Investment holding
Regent Manner Limited ("Regent HK")	Hong Kong	123,963	-	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products, provision of subcontracting services and investment holding
Regent Electron (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Ningbo")	The People's Republic of China (the "PRC")	20,000	_	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services
Regent Electron (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Suzhou")	The PRC	27,500	-	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services
Regent Electron (Xiamen) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Xiamen")	The PRC	20,000	_	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 8 Investments in subsidiaries – Company (continued)

# (b) Details of subsidiaries (continued)

	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued and fully paid-up share/	equity at	ntage of stributable Company	
Name	and operations	registered capital	Direct %	Indirect %	Principal activities
Regent Electron (Foshan) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Foshan")	The PRC	2,500	-	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services
Regent Electron (Langfang) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Langfang")	The PRC	2,000	-	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services
Taiwan Surface Mounting Technology (Suzhou) Electronic Co.,Ltd. ("TSMT Suzhou")	The PRC	35,000	-	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services
Regent Electron (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Chengdu")	The PRC	7,440	-	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services
Regent Electron (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Dongguan")	The PRC	20,000	-	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services
Ningbo Yongfu Trade Co., Ltd. ("Ningbo Yongfu")	The PRC	5,300		100	Wholesale of electronic and other products; Imports and exports activities
Regent Electron (Qingdao) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Qingdao")	The PRC	17,000		100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services
Regent Electron (Hefei) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Hefei")	The PRC	15,000	-	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services
Regent Electron (Chongqing) Co., Ltd ("Regent Chongqing")	. The PRC	12,000	٠	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products and provision of subcontracting services

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 8 Investments in subsidiaries – Company (continued)

## (b) Details of subsidiaries (continued)

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the immediate holding company and the ultimate holding company of the Company are Taiwan Surface Mounting Technology (B.V.I.) Co. Limited ("TSMT BVI") and Taiwan Surface Mounting Technology Corp. ("TSMT Taiwan"), which are incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and Taiwan, respectively. TSMT Taiwan is listed on the Main Board Securities Market in Taiwan.

Pursuant to the resolution of the board of directors of Regent Electron (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. ("Regent Tianjin", a subsidiary of the Company) dated 30 January 2012, Regent Tianjin had been dissolved as at 31 December 2012.

# 9 Inventories - Group

# inventories – Group

Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
48,958	62,263
477	2,918
21,587	18,533

83,714

71,022

As at 31 December

The cost of inventories recognised as expenses and included in cost of sales amounted to US\$1,454,730,000 (for the year ended 31 December 2011: US\$ 1,354,069,000) for the year ended 31 December 2012.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 10 Trade receivables - Group

# As at 31 December

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
463,695	394,782
(1,945)	(65)
461,750	394,717

Trade receivables

Less: Provision for impairment

Trade receivables, net

The carrying amounts of trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

#### As at 31 December

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
65,141	40,096
398,554	354,686
463,695	394,782

RMB US\$

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit terms granted to customers range from 30 days to 120 days. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing.

The ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the balance sheet date, based on the invoice date, was as follows:

As at 31 December

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
379,753	285,936
80,168	106,987
3,126	1,722
648	137
463,695	394,782

Within 90 days Between 91 days to 180 days Between 181 days to 365 days Over 365 days

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 10 Trade receivables - Group (continued)

As of 31 December 2012, trade receivables of US\$11,729,000 (31 December 2011: US\$19,420,000) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

Within 90 days
Between 91 days to 180 days
Between 181 days to 365 days
Over 365 days

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
1,892	1,270
6,653	16,356
3,079	1,722
105	72
11,729	19,420

As at 31 December

As of 31 December 2012, trade receivables of US\$5,107,000 (31 December 2011: US\$65,000) were impaired and provided for. The amount of the provision was US\$1,945,000 as of 31 December 2012 (2011: US\$65,000). The individually impaired receivables mainly relate to customers, which are in unexpectedly difficult economic situations and are therefore provided for. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

Within 90 days
Between 91 days to 180 days
Between 181 days to 365 days
Over 365 days

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
1,361	_
3,156	
47	_
543	65
5,107	65

As at 31 December

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 10 Trade receivables – Group (continued)

Movements on the Group's provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	ended 31 December	
	2012	2011
	US\$'000	US\$'000
At 1 January	65	193
Provision for impairment	1,880	_
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible	-	(128)
At 31 December	1,945	65

For the year

The provision for impaired receivables has been included in general and administrative expenses. Amounts charged to the allowance account are written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

# 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables – Group

	As at 31 December	
	2012	2011
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Receivable from banks in respect of non-recourse		
discounted trade receivables (Note a)	13,025	13,304
Prepaid Value Added Tax and Hong Kong profits tax	5,375	7,324
Prepayments	1,882	1,329
Rental and other deposits	3,636	3,288
Receivables of government grant (Note b)	4,729	4,716
Others	5,064	1,837
	33,711	31,798

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables – Group (continued)

- (a) The Group entered into agreements with various banks and discount the trade receivables due from certain customers to these banks without recourse. The balances of these receivables are neither past due nor impaired, and there were no history of default related to these receivables.
- (b) The Group entered into agreements with various local governments for the establishment of the production plants in these cities. According to the agreements, the local governments agreed to refund part of the payment for the land use rights to the Group as investment incentive. As of 31 December 2012, payment for the land use rights amounting to US\$4,729,000 (31 December 2011: US\$4,716,000) is expected to be refunded in the next 12 months and is recorded in other receivables accordingly.

# 12 Due from related companies and the ultimate holding company – Group

·	As at 31 December	
	2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
Trade receivables due from:		
(i) Related companies: Hitop Communications Corporation (controlled by the		- Q1
same ultimate holding company: TSMT Taiwan) Gene Han (Shenzhen) Limited (controlled by the same	907	7,648
ultimate holding company: TSMT Taiwan)  High-Toned Opto Technology Corporation (controlled by	317	510
the same ultimate holding company: TSMT Taiwan)	251	_
High-Toned Opto Technology (Suzhou) Limited (controlled by the same ultimate holding		
company: TSMT Taiwan)	159	160
	1,634	8,318
(ii) The ultimate holding company: TSMT Taiwan	15,001	12,396

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, the amounts due from related companies and the ultimate holding company are within 90 days, based on the invoice date.

Trade receivables due from related companies and the ultimate holding company are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 13 Cash and bank balances

	As at 31 December			
	Group		Com	pany
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Cash on hand	81	93	-	_
Cash at bank, unrestricted	120,197	133,198	668	1,211
Cash and cash equivalents	120,278	133,291	668	1,211
Time deposits with initial term of				
more than three months	30,334	15,607	_	_
	150,612	148,898	668	1,211

The effective weighted average annual interest rate on cash at bank was 1.80% for the year ended 31 December 2012 (for the year ended 31 December 2011: 0.94%).

The carrying amounts of cash and bank balances are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 31 December			
	Group		Company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
RMB	72,291	49,767	_	// =
US\$	77,071	98,163	630	901
HK\$	676	880	38	310
Others	574	88	-	
	150,612	148,898	668	1,211

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks to conduct foreign exchange transactions.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 14 Share capital and share premium

Group & Company				
	Number of			
Number of	issued and		Amount	
authorised	fully paid	Ordinary	Share	
shares	shares	shares	premium	Total
′000	′000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
10,000,000	2,084,461	1,337	70,277	71,614
_	65,304	42	13,793	13,835
10,000,000	2.149.765	1.379	84.070	85,449

As at 31 December 2012, the par value of authorised and issued ordinary shares was HKD0.005 per share. The authorised share capital of the Company was HKD50,000,000 divided into 10,000,000,000 ordinary shares, among which, 2,149,765,464 ordinary shares were issued and fully paid.

As described in Note 29, on 26 June 2012, 65,303,994 ordinary shares were issued pursuant to the scrip dividend scheme.

## 15 Share-based payment

At 31 December 2011

Shares issued under scrip dividend scheme

At 31 December 2012

As approved by the Board meeting on 11 December 2012, 13,000,000 share options were granted to the directors and certain employees at an exercise price of HK\$1.41 per share. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash. The options are exercisable during the following periods:

- (a) up to 30% on or after 11 December 2013;
- (b) up to 40% on or after 11 December 2014;
- (c) all the remaining options on or after 11 December 2015;

and in each case, not later than 10 December 2016.

In December 2012, all the directors and employees accepted the share options.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 15 Share-based payment (continued)

Movement in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices for the year ended 31 December 2012 was as follows:

	For the	year
	ended 31 Dec	ember 2012
	Average	
	exercise price	Number of
	in HK\$	options
At 1 January	_	_
Granted	1.41	13,000,000
At 31 December	1.41	13,000,000

Share options outstanding at 31 December 2012 have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

Expiry date	Exercise price (HK\$ per share)	Number of options
10 December 2016	1.41	13,000,000

The weighted average fair value of options granted in 2012 determined by using the Binomial Model was HK\$0.32 per option. The significant inputs into the model were share prices at the grant date, the exercise price shown above, volatility of 46.23%, dividend yield of 5.5%, and annual risk-free interest rate of 0.226%. The volatility measured at the standard deviation of the underlying stock over a time period corresponding to the remaining option life of the share options.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 16 Other reserves

			Group			
;	Share-based					
Statutory	payment	Merger	Translation	Retained		
reserves	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Others	Total
US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
18,810	842	39,363	2,011	207,870	38	268,934
	10					40
-	19	-	-		-	19
2.044	_	-	-	Ť	-	62,984
3,041		-				- 76
-		_				(18,808)
-	-	_	_			(13,857)
				(13,037)		(13,057)
21,851	861	39,363	2,087	235,148	38	299,348
14,527	842	39,363	75	163,853		218,660
-	-	-	-	84,786	-	84,786
4,283	-	-	-	(4,283)	- 1	<b>-</b>
-	-	-	1,936	-	-	1,936
-	-	-	-	-	38	38
-	-	-	-	(18,247)	-	(18,247)
-	_	-	_	(18,239)	-	(18,239)
18,810	842	39,363	2,011	207,870	38	268,934
	Statutory reserves US\$'000  18,810	reserves US\$'000  18,810  842  - 19 3,041	Statutory reserves         payment reserve reserve         Merger reserve           US\$'000         US\$'000         US\$'000           18,810         842         39,363           -         19         -           -         -         -           3,041         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           4,283         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -	Statutory reserves         payment reserve         Merger reserve         Translation reserve           US\$'000         US\$'000         US\$'000         US\$'000           18,810         842         39,363         2,011           -         19         -         -           -         -         -         -           3,041         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           21,851         861         39,363         2,087           14,527         842         39,363         75           -         -         -         -           4,283         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -	Share-based   Statutory   payment   Merger   Translation   Retained   earnings   US\$'000   US\$	Share-based   Statutory   payment   reserve   reserve   reserve   reserve   reserve   earnings   Others

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 16 Other reserves (continued)

			Company		
	Share-based payment	Merger	Retained	044	Total
	reserve US\$'000	reserve US\$'000	earnings US\$'000	Others US\$'000	Total US\$'000
At 1 January 2012 Employees share option scheme - Value of directors and	-	39,363	112	38	39,513
employee services	19	-	-	-	19
Profit for the year	-	-	32,928	-	32,928
2011 final dividend	-	-	(18,808)	-	(18,808)
2012 interim dividend	-	-	(13,857)	-	(13,857)
At 31 December 2012	19	39,363	375	38	39,795
At 1 January 2011	-	39,363	562	_	39,925
Profit for the year	_	_	36,036	_	36,036
Proceeds from warrants issued	_	_	_	38	38
2010 final dividend	_	_	(18,247)	_	(18,247)
2011 interim dividend		_	(18,239)	_	(18,239)
At 31 December 2011	_	39,363	112	38	39,513

#### (a) Statutory reserve

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC and the articles of association of the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC, each of these subsidiaries is required to set aside 10% of its statutory net profit for the year, after offsetting any prior years' accumulative losses as determined in accordance with the audited statutory financial statements, to the statutory reserve before distributing their net profit. When the balance of this reserve of each PRC subsidiary reaches 50% of its share capital, any further appropriation is optional. The statutory reserve can be utilised to offset prior year's losses or to issue bonus shares. However, such statutory reserve must be maintained at a minimum of 25% of the PRC subsidiary's share capital after such utilisation.

#### (b) Merger reserve

Merger reserve of the Group represents the difference in nominal value of share capital issued by the Company to acquire Regent HK (through Regent BVI) and the issued share capital of Regent HK pursuant to a reorganisation completed in 2007.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 17 Trade payables – Group

The ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the balance sheet date, based on the invoice date, was as follows:

Within 90 days
Between 91 days to 180 days
Between 181 days to 365 days
More than 365 days

As at 31 I	December
2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
291,447	257,779
145,306	143,702
2,114	657
694	407
439,561	402,545

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 150 days.

### 18 Accruals and other payables

Accrued wages, salaries and staff welfare
Payables for insurance, maintenance, package and utilities
Payables for purchases of consumables
Payables for purchases of property, plant and equipment and construction in process
Accrued expenses
Others

7.0 4.7 0.1 2 0000111201						
Gro	oup	Com	pany			
2012	2011	2012	2011			
US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000			
10,640	7,648	_	_			
4,039	4,063	_	_			
1,918	4,606	_				
2,721	2,929	_	- I			
441	1,288	_	Y			
2,934	1,594	47	47			
22,693	22,128	47	47			

As at 31 December

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 19 Borrowings - Group

	2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
Non-current		
Bank borrowings, unsecured	41,200	27,700
Current  Bank borrowings, unsecured  Current portion of long-term bank borrowings, unsecured	16,839 3,600	57,716 -
	20,439	57,716
	61,639	85,416

The Group's bank borrowings mature until 2016 and bear interest at rates ranging from 0.90% to 1.80% (as at 31 December 2011: 0.75% to 2.65%) per annum as at 31 December 2012.

The exposure of the Group's borrowings with floating interest rate to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

As at 31	December
----------	----------

As at 31 December

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
44,800	27,700

6 months or less

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 19 Borrowings – Group (continued)

The carrying amounts and fair value of the non-current borrowings are as follows:

	As at 31 December		
	2012		2011
	US\$'000		US\$'000
Carrying amount	41,200		27,700
Fair value	39,872		27,124

The fair values are based on cash flows discounted using a rate based on the borrowing rate of 2.86% (31 December 2011: 2.86%).

The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 31 December	
	2012	2011
	US\$'000	US\$'000
US\$	61,639	79,767
Japanese Yen	_	5,649
	61,639	85,416

As at 31 December 2012, total unsecured bank loan facilities granted by certain banks that have not been utilised by the Group amounted to US\$221,361,000 (as at 31 December 2011: US\$173,584,000) and will expire between April 2013 and October 2016.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 20 Deferred tax - Group

The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

	As at 31 December	
	2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
Deferred tax assets  - Deferred income tax assets to be recovered		
within 12 months	(1,061)	_
Deferred tax liabilities		
<ul> <li>Deferred income tax liability to be settled after more than 12 months</li> </ul>	5,538	4,875
<ul> <li>Deferred income tax liability to be settled within 12 months</li> </ul>	141	121
	5,679	4,996
	3,310	.,500
Deferred tax liabilities, net	4,618	4,996

The gross movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
Beginning of the year (Credited)/charged to the consolidated statement of	4,996	3,229
comprehensive income (Note 26)	(378)	1,767
End of the year	4,618	4,996

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### **20** Deferred tax – Group (continued)

The movement of the deferred tax assets is as follows:

	Write down of	Disposal		
	inventories to	of property,	Impairment	
	net realisable	plant and	of trade	
	value	equipment	receivables	Total
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
At 1 January 2011	_	30	-	30
Charged to the consolidated statement of				
comprehensive income		(30)		(30)
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	-	_	-	-
Credited to the consolidated statement of				
comprehensive income	568	23	470	1,061
At 31 December 2012	568	23	470	1,061

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of USD\$1,552,500 (2011: USD \$821,750) in respect of losses amounting to USD \$6,210,000 (2011: USD \$3,287,000) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. Losses amounting to USD\$1,004,000, USD\$2,283,000 and USD\$2,923,000 will expire in 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 20 Deferred tax – Group (continued)

The movement of the deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

	differences related to depreciation of property, plant and	Withholding	
	equipment	tax provided	Total
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
At 1 January 2011	802	2,457	3,259
(Credited)/charged to the consolidated			
statement of comprehensive income	(30)	1,767	1,737
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	772	4,224	4,996
(Credited)/charged to the consolidated	772	7,227	4,000
statement of comprehensive income	(62)	745	683
At 31 December 2012	710	4,969	5,679

**Taxable** 

As at 31 December 2012, deferred tax liabilities of US\$7,346,000 (31 December 2011: US\$5,367,000) have not been recognised for the withholding tax that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain PRC subsidiaries. Such amounts are expected to be permanently reinvested in the PRC. Unremitted earnings totalled US\$73,460,000 at 31 December 2012 (31 December 2011: US\$53,670,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 21 Due to related companies and the ultimate holding company - Group

	As at 31 December	
	2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
Trade payables to:		
(i) Related companies:		
Uniflex Technology Inc. (associate of the ultimate		
holding company: TSMT Taiwan)	4,325	_
Hitop Communications Corporation	-	136
High-Toned Opto Technology (Suzhou) Limited	-	112
High-Toned Opto Technology Corporation	2	(T) -)
Uniflex Technology (Jiangsu) Limited (associate of the		
ultimate holding company: TSMT Taiwan)	1	
	4,328	248
(ii) The ultimate holding company:		
TSMT Taiwan	7,530	3,976

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, trade payables to related companies and the ultimate holding company aged less than 180 days. They are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

### 22 Other gains - net

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
(814)	(1,724)
1,026	2,725
738	1,874

950

For the year ended 31 December

Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	nent
Foreign exchange gain, net	
Others	

2,875

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 23 Expenses by nature

For the year	
ended 31 December	r

2011

2012

		2011
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Employee benefit expenses (Note 24)	75,288	59,635
Material and consumables costs	1,359,443	1,265,202
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	449	7,411
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	22,407	18,360
Reversal of provision for write-down of inventories	(1,127)	(713)
Amortisation of land use rights (Note 7)	137	124
Provision for impairment of receivables (Note 10)	1,880	_
Utilities	8,122	6,811
Research and development expenses	2,873	2,254
Real estate tax, stamp duty and other taxes	3,034	4,291
Operating lease rental	1,610	1,957
Bank charges	425	646
Auditor's remuneration	144	133
Other expenses	14,844	14,733
Total cost of sales, selling and distribution costs and		
administrative expenses	1,489,529	1,380,844

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 24 Employee benefit expenses – Group

The aggregate amounts of staff costs including directors' emoluments are as follows:

# For the year ended 31 December

Fair value of employee share options granted
Wages, salaries and bonus
Social security and benefits
Staff welfare

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
19	_
69,213	54,809
5,426	4,430
630	396
75,288	59,635

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

# For the year ended 31 December

	2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
<ul><li>Fees</li><li>Basic salaries, housing allowances,</li></ul>	186	185
other allowances and benefits-in-kind  - Bonuses  - Share options granted	414 104 4	374 187 -
	708	746

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 24 Employee benefit expenses – Group (continued)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

The emoluments received/receivable by individual directors are as follows:

(i) For the year ended 31 December 2012:

	i	Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances, and benefits-in-kind US\$'000	Bonuses US\$'000	Fair value of share options granted US\$'000	Total US\$'000
Executive directors					
– Mr. Wu Kai-Hsiung (CEO) (note a)	40	80	16	1	137
– Ms. Han Min	23	41	6	1	71
- Ms. Tseng Yu-Ling, Kelly	23	47	9	1	80
Non-executive director					
– Mr. Wu Kai-Yun (note b)	47	246	73	1	367
Independent non-executive directors					
– Mr. Kwok Kwan-Hung	23	-	-	-	23
- Ms. Hsu Wey-Tyng	15	-	-	-	15
- Ms. Lin Yen-Yu	15	-	-	-	15
	186	414	104	4	708

#### Notes:

- (a) Mr. Wu Kai-Hsiung resigned as the chief executive officer and was re-designated from an executive director to a non-executive director on 22 January 2013.
- (b) Mr. Wu Kai-Yun was appointed as the chief executive officer and was re-designated from a nonexecutive director to an executive director on 22 January 2013.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 24 Employee benefit expenses - Group (continued)

- (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)
  - (ii) For the year ended 31 December 2011:

		Basic		
		salaries,		
		housing		
		allowances,		
		other		
		allowances,		
		and benefits-		
	Fees	in-kind	Bonuses	Total
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Executive directors				
– Mr. Wu Kai-Hsiung (CEO)	39	80	20	139
- Ms. Han Min	23	35	13	71
- Ms. Tseng Yu-Ling, Kelly	23	41	13	77
Non-executive director				
– Mr. Wu Kai-Yun	46	218	141	405
Independent non-executive directors				
– Mr. Kwok Kwan-Hung	23	-	-	23
– Mr. Wang Mie-Nan (note a)	3	_	-	3
<ul> <li>Ms. Hsu Wey-Tyng (note b)</li> </ul>	13	_	-	13
- Ms. Lin Yen-Yu	15	-	-	15
			4.05	
	185	374	187	746

#### Notes:

- (a) Mr. Wang Mie-Nan resigned as independent non-executive director on 28 February 2011.
- (b) Hsu Wey-Tyng was appointed as independent non-executive director on 1 March 2011.

For the year ended 31 December 2012 and 2011, no directors of the Company waived any emoluments and no emoluments were paid by the Company to any of the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 24 Employee benefit expenses – Group (continued)

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 include three directors (for the year ended 31 December 2011: three directors) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two individuals (for the year ended 31 December 2011: two individuals) for the year ended 31 December 2012 is as follows:

## For the year ended 31 December

2012	2011	
US\$'000	US\$'000	
132	133	
20	21	
1	_	
153	154	

Number of individuals

For the year ended 31 December

 Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances and benefits-in-kind

- Bonuses
- Fair value of employee share options granted

The emoluments of the non-director, highest paid employees fell within the following bands:

**2012** 2011

- Nil to HK\$1,000,000 **2** 2

#### (c) Senior management

- Fees
<ul> <li>Basic salaries, housing allowances,</li> </ul>
other allowances and benefits-in-kind
- Bonuses
<ul> <li>Share options granted</li> </ul>

2012	2011
US\$'000	US\$'000
86	85
168	156
31	46
3	

287

288

For the year ended 31 December 2012

Number of individuals

For the year

### 24 Employee benefit expenses - Group (continued)

### (c) Senior management (continued)

The emoluments of senior management fell within the following bands:

	2012	2011
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	2	2
HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000	1	1

### 25 Finance income and costs

	ended 31 December	
	2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
Interest expense  - bank borrowings	(1,118)	(399)
- others	-	(2)
Finance costs	(1,118)	(401)
Interest income on bank deposits  Net foreign exchange gains	2,705 681	1,395 2,388
Finance income	3,386	3,783
Net finance income	2,268	3,382

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 26 Income tax expense

The major components of income tax expense are as follows:

Current income tax
- Hong Kong profits tax
– PRC enterprise income tax
Deferred income tax (Note 20)

ended 31 December		
2012	2011	
US\$'000	US\$'000	
513	3,231	
16,926	12,182	
(378)	1,767	
17,061	17,180	

For the year

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Company Law of the Cayman Islands and, accordingly, is exempted from payment of the Cayman Islands income tax.

Regent BVI was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands under the International Business Companies Acts of the British Virgin Islands and is exempted from payment of the British Virgins Islands income tax.

In accordance with Departmental Interpretation and Practice Note 21 (Revised) paragraph 16 published by the Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong, the directors of the Company considered that Regent HK, a wholly owned subsidiary with Hong Kong manufacturing business involved in the manufacturing activities in the PRC, is entitled to 50:50 apportionment of profits generated from the sale of goods manufactured in the PRC. As a result, Regent HK provided for Hong Kong profits tax at 8.25% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2012 (for the year ended 31 December 2011: 8.25%).

Regent HK operates through a subcontracting factory in Dongguan, the PRC. The factory is subject to the PRC corporate income tax at a rate of 25% on the deemed profit generated in the PRC. The deemed profit is calculated at a rate of 7% on the total deemed revenue which is determined by applying 7% mark-up on the total processing costs incurred by the subcontracting factory.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### **26** Income tax expense (continued)

Other PRC subsidiaries are subject to the PRC Corporate Income Tax. The New Corporate Income Tax Law, which became effective on 1 January 2008, introduced the unification of the income tax rate for domestic-invested and foreign-invested enterprises at 25%. Grandfather provisions are available to certain subsidiaries including Regent Ningbo and Regent Xiamen, which are entitled to full exemption from the Corporate Income Tax for the first and second profit-making years, or for the first and second year since 1 January 2008, where this is a shorter period, and further 50% exemption for the succeeding three years.

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using applicable tax rates applicable to profits of the consolidated companies as follows:

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2012	2011
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Profit before income tax	80,045	101,966
Tay adjoulated at applicable statutory toy rates		
Tax calculated at applicable statutory tax rates in respective regions	19,560	22,246
Effect of different tax rates and tax exemption	(4,186)	(7,402)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	211	124
Effect of withholding tax on the distributable profits		
of the Group's PRC subsidiaries	745	1,767
Unrecognised tax losses	731	445
Income tax expense	17,061	17,180

The weighted average applicable tax rates were 21.3% (for the year ended 31 December 2011: 16.8%) for the year ended 31 December 2012.

#### 27 Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company

The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of US\$32,928,000 (for the year ended 31 December 2011: US\$ 36,036,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 28 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average numbers of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The Company has three categories of dilutive potential ordinary shares, one is the warrants mentioned below, one is the scrip dividend scheme mentioned in Note 29, and the other is the employees share option scheme mentioned in Note 15.

On 10 January 2011, the Company entered into a placing agreement with the placing agent to place warrants to no less than six places, who are independent institutions or private investors determined solely by the placing agent. The issue price per warrant was HKD0.03 and the subscription price per new share was HKD5.40 (subject to adjustment). Upon the exercise of the subscription rights attaching to the warrants in full, a maximum of 10,000,000 new shares would be issued and allotted. The subscription period ends in one year from the date of issue of the warrants. In accordance with the terms of the instruments constituting the warrants, the exercise price of share issuable under such warrants was adjusted from HKD5.40 per share to HKD2.70 per share while the number of new shares to be issued and allotted was adjusted from 10,000,000 new shares to 20,000,000 new shares, as a result of subdivision of shares approved in the extraordinary general meeting held on 25 February 2011. As at 31 December 2012, the warrants have expired and there were no new shares issued or allotted.

For the warrants, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average market share price of the Company's shares during the period when the warrant is outstanding) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding warrants. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the warrants. The result of the comparison is anti-dilutive and therefore does not result in dilutive ordinary shares for the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2012.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### **28** Earnings per share (continued)

For the scrip dividend scheme, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average market share price of the Company's shares during the period when the scrip dividend scheme is outstanding) based on the declared 2011 final dividend amount as mentioned in Note 29. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming all shareholders of the Company elect to receive the 2011 final dividend in the form of new shares in lieu of cash in respect of all of such dividend. The result of the comparison is anti-dilutive and therefore does not result in dilutive ordinary shares for the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2012.

For the employees share option scheme, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average market share price of the Company's shares during the period when the options are outstanding) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the options. The result of the comparison is anti-dilutive and therefore does not result in dilutive ordinary shares for the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2012.

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2012	2011
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (US\$'000)	62,984	84,786
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	2,118,184	2,039,997
Basic and diluted earnings per share (US\$ per share)	0.0297	0.0416

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 29 Dividends

Interim dividend declared of HK\$0.05 (2011:HK\$0.07) per ordinary share based on 2,149,765,464 (2011: 2,030,000,000) ordinary shares in issue

Proposed final dividend of HK\$0.05 (2011:HK\$ 0.07) per ordinary share based on 2,149,765,464 (2011: 2,084,461,470) ordinary shares in issue

2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
13,857	18,239
13,861	18,808

On 12 March 2012, the directors of the Company proposed and declared a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2011 of HKD0.07 per ordinary share, totalling HKD145,912,303 (equivalent to approximately US\$18,808,000).

On 31 May 2012, the Company issued a circular regarding scrip dividend scheme in relation to the final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2011. The final dividend would be payable in cash but shareholders were given the option of electing to receive the final dividend in the form of new shares in lieu of cash in respect of part or all of such dividend.

On 15 June 2012, the result of election was summarised after receipt of forms of election. 1,533,711,115 out of 2,084,461,470 ordinary shares elected for such scrip dividend and 65,303,994 new ordinary shares were issued pursuant to the scrip dividend scheme on 26 June 2012. HKD38,552,525 (equivalent to approximately US\$4,968,000) was paid on 26 June 2012 to shareholders, holding 550,750,355 ordinary shares, that did not elect for such scrip dividend.

On 22 August 2012, the directors of the Company proposed and declared an interim dividend of HKD0.05 per ordinary share, totalling HKD107,488,273 (equivalent to approximately US\$13,857,000) for the six months ended 30 June 2012 (for the six months ended 30 June 2011: approximately US\$18,239,000). Such interim dividend was paid on 19 October 2012.

The proposed final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2012 of HKD0.05 (for the year ended 31 December 2011:HKD0.07) per ordinary share, amounting to a total dividend of HKD107,488,273 (equivalent to approximately US\$13,861,000) is based on 2,149,765,464 ordinary shares (2011: 2,084,461,470 ordinary shares) in issue, subject to the approval of the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

For the year ended 31 December

**US\$'000** US\$'000

2012

(2,605)

37,016

773

3,554

4,080

19

(267)

96,676

2011

(3,245)

78,931

4,185

(565)

172

277

100,238

### 30 Cash generated from operations

holding company

- Increase in trade payables

- Translation reserve

Cash generated from operations

- Increase in accruals and other payables

ultimate holding company

- Increase/(decrease) in amount due to the

- Increase in amount due to related parties

- Employees share option scheme (Note 24)

### (a) Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations

	OO\$ 000	Ο Ο Φ Ο Ο Ο
Profit before income tax	80,045	101,966
Adjustments for:		
- Depreciation of property, plant and		
equipment (Note 23)	22,407	18,360
- Amortisation of land use rights (Note 23)	137	124
<ul> <li>Loss on disposals of property,</li> </ul>		
plant and equipment (Note 22)	814	1,724
- Provision for impairment of receivables (Note 23)	1,880	_
- Reversal of provision for write-down of		
inventories to net realisable value (Note 23)	(1,127)	(713)
- Net foreign exchange gains	(681)	(2,388)
- Interest expense (Note 25)	1,118	401
- Interest income (Note 25)	(2,705)	(1,395)
- Decrease/(increase) in inventories	13,819	(24,313)
<ul> <li>Increase in trade receivables</li> </ul>	(68,913)	(54,679)
<ul> <li>Decrease/(increase) in prepayments,</li> </ul>		
deposits and other receivables	628	(10,325)
- Decrease/(increase) in amount due		
from related parties	6,684	(8,279)
- Increase in amount due from the ultimate		

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### **30 Cash generated from operations** (continued)

(b) Reconciliation of proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment In the cash flow statement, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:

	2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
Net book amount (Note 6)  Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,213	1,870
(Note 22)	(814)	(1,724)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	399	146

### 31 Commitments

### (a) Capital commitments

Contracted but not provided for: Construction of plants Purchase of machineries

2011
US\$'000
1,916
184
2,100

As at 31 December

For the year ended 31 December

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### **31 Commitments** (continued)

#### (b) Commitments under operating leases

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

Not later than one year
Later than one year but not later than five years

As at 31 December		
2012	2011	
US\$'000	US\$'000	
274	146	
29	96	
303	242	

### 32 Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

# (a) Information on related parties and their relationships with the Group are as follows:

Name of related party	Relationship
TSMT Taiwan	Ultimate holding company
High-Toned Opto Technology Corporation	Controlled by the same ultimate holding company
High-Toned Opto Technology (Suzhou) Limited	Controlled by the same ultimate holding company
Hitop Communications Corporation	Controlled by the same ultimate holding company
Gene Han (Shenzhen) Limited	Controlled by the same ultimate holding company
Tai Ming Green Power Co., Ltd.	Controlled by the same ultimate holding company
Uniflex Technology (Jiangsu) Limited	Associate of the ultimate holding
	company
Uniflex Technology Inc.	Associate of the ultimate holding company

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### **32** Related party transactions (continued)

#### (b) Signifcant related party transactions

Other than the related party transactions disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, significant related party transactions of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2012 also include:

For the year

		ended 31 December	
		2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
(1)	Sales of goods to  - Hitop Communications Corporation  - TSMT Taiwan  - High-Toned Opto Technology Corporation  - Gene Han (Shenzhen) Limited	39,099 36,779 251 3	33,880 37,108 - 1,339
(2)	Sales of raw materials to  – Hitop Communications Corporation  – Gene Han (Shenzhen) Limited	76,132 1,107 1	72,327 305 –
		1,108	305
(3)	Purchase of raw materials from  - TSMT Taiwan  - Uniflex Technology Inc.  - Hitop Communications Corporation  - Tai Ming Green Power Co., Ltd.  - High-Toned Opto Technology Corportation  - Uniflex Technology (Jiangsu) Limited	13,707 9,504 220 27 2	15,289 - 357 - - -
		23,461	15,646
(4)	Purchase of goods from  - TSMT Taiwan  - High-Toned Opto Technology (Suzhou) Limited  - Tai Ming Green Power Co., Ltd.	569 248 3	3,141 512 
		820	3,653

For the year ended 31 December 2012

For the year

#### **32** Related party transactions (continued)

#### (b) Signifcant related party transactions (continued)

		ended 31 December	
		2012 US\$'000	2011 US\$'000
(5)	Purchase of machinery from  – High-Toned Opto Technology (Suzhou) Limited	66	<u> </u>
(6)	Product development service fee charged by – TSMT Taiwan	1,336	640
(7)	Sub-contracting fee received/receivable from  - High-Toned Opto Technology (Suzhou) Limited  - Hitop Communications Corporation  - Uniflex Technology (Jiangsu) Limited	260 73 27	26 - -
		360	26
(8)	Rental fee received/receivable from - High-Toned Opto Technology (Suzhou) Limited	98	235

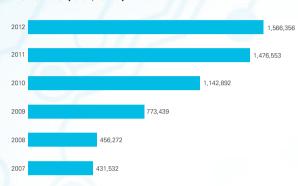
The directors of the Company consider that the selling prices and the purchase prices of raw materials and goods are determined according to the terms mutually agreed by the relevant parties.

Key management includes executive and non-executive directors. The compensation paid or payable to key management is shown in Note 24(a).

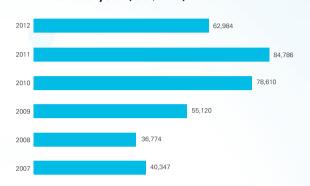
Mr. Wu Kai-Yun, a director of the Company, provided an undertaking to the Group to agree to compensate the Group for certain potential PRC individual income tax liabilities amounting to approximately US\$1,721,000 in respect of certain of the Group's expatriates for the period up to 31 December 2008. Accrual of US\$1,721,000 for these liabilities have been recorded in the Group's financial statements as at 31 December 2012.

# Financial Summary

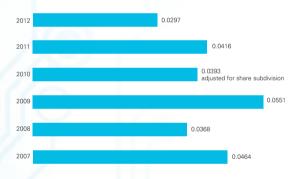
#### Revenue (US\$'000)



#### Profit for the year (US\$'000)



### Earnings per share (basic and diluted) (US\$)



#### Net Assets (US\$'000)

