

## 天津津燃公用事業股份有限公司 TIANJIN JINRAN PUBLIC UTILITIES COMPANY LIMITED

(formerly known as Tianjin Tianlian Public Utilities Company Limited)
(a joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)
Stock Code: 1265



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## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

# DIRECTORS Executive Directors

Jin Jian Ping (Chairman)
Dong Hui Qiang
Bai Shao Liang
Tang Jie
Zhang Tian Hua

#### **Non-executive Director**

Wang Zhi Yong

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Zhang Yu Li Luo Wei Kun Tam Tak Kei, Raymond

#### INDEPENDENT SUPERVISOR

Jiang Nian

# STAFF REPRESENTATIVE SUPERVISORS

Mr. Sun Xue Gang Ms. Hao Li

### SHAREHOLDERS REPRESENTATIVE SUPERVISOR

Mr. Cao Shu Jing

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Kwok Shun Tim CPA ACCA MSC LLM

# AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Dong Hui Qiang Kwok Shun Tim

## **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Jin Jian Ping

### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Audit Committee**

Zhang Yu Li *(Chairman)* Luo Wei Kun Tam Tak Kei, Raymond

#### **Nomination Committee**

Jin Jian Ping *(Chairman)* Zhang Yu Li Luo Wei Kun

#### **Remuneration Committee**

Jin Jian Ping Luo Wei Kun *(Chairman)* Tam Tak Kei, Raymond

#### **LEGAL ADDRESS**

Weishan Road Chang Qing Science, Industry and Trade Park Jinnan District, Tianjin

# PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

9th Floor, Ranqi Building 28 Si Ma Road, Nankai, Nankai District, Tianjin, PRC

#### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu 35/F, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

#### HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISER

Loong & Yeung Suites 2001-2005, 20th Floor Jardine House 1 Connaught Place Central, Hong Kong

#### SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 17M/F
Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL BANKER

Agricultural Bank of China Tianjin He Xi Sub-branch PRC

#### STOCK CODE

01265

# **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Revenue Gross profit Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company Equity attributable to owners of the Company Total assets	1,538,939 157,445 119,577 1,515,755 1,777,355	1,058,017 138,449 90,907 1,396,178 1,651,037
Earnings per share	2012 RMB (cents)	2011 RMB (cents) 5.5

## **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

To all the shareholders:

The performance of Tianjin Jinran Public Utilities Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") attained a good business development and gained a higher market share in year 2012. We believe that the Group will achieve a satisfactory result for our shareholders (the "Shareholders") in year 2013.

#### DEVELOPMENT OF THE PRC GAS SECTOR

Improving living standards and increasing environmental consciousness in the PRC helped spur the country's demand for natural gas. Production of natural gas in the PRC continued to grow strongly in 2012. Nonetheless, natural gas still plays a small role in the PRC's energy consumption structure. Presently, the PRC's annual per capita consumption of natural gas remained low comparing to global standard, but given the environmental benefits of using natural gas, the PRC has embarked on a major expansion of its gas infrastructure. We believe that the natural gas in the PRC will record a strong growth.

The fight against environmental pollution has topped the PRC's agenda for securing a sustainable economic growth. There has been high enthusiasm across the country to accelerate natural gas development. Piped natural gas is particularly the case given the strong growing demand in the PRC for a more convenient supply of clean fuel. As such, the piped natural gas market has entered into a stage of rapid growth.

In the Twelfth Five-Year Plan Program of National Economy and Social Development for the year 2011-2015, the PRC government has further emphasized the measures on environmental protection including the reduction of the release of pollutants. According to the Twelfth Five-Year Plan, full use of renewable energy shall be utilized and new source of natural gas shall be developed. The network of high-pressure gas pipe in Tianjin shall be developed into a transmission system in a "six-horizontal, four-vertical and seven-ring" manner. The planned heat source shall be mainly thermal power plants, gas, renewable energy and energy-saving and environmentally-friendly boiler rooms. The boiler rooms in the Central District and core area of Binhai New District in Tianjin shall be re-engineered in order to increase the proportion of clean energy and reduce carbon emission.

In the Twelfth Five-Year Plan, natural gas shall be the main source of energy in the future and shall lead the energy market in the future. Natural gas shall mitigate the energy shortage and environmental pollution of the PRC, and is an ideal energy for sustainable development.

All above factors provide the Group's core businesses with a strong impetus for further expansion, which in turn will enable the Group to enjoy a substantial share of the considerable gains to be made by the PRC's booming gas sector.

## **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

#### **BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT**

A huge development of the century, the "West to East Natural Gas Pipeline Project" is undoubtedly a strong propellant for the gas related industries to upgrade their facilities, expand their markets and improve their efficiencies. It is also an obvious propeller for the Group's business advancement. In the wake of an abundant supply of gas resources, local gas operators in the PRC are taking initiatives to find long-term partnerships with strong gas listing enterprises of well-established brand names in order to strengthen their own competitiveness and increase their market share. The Group is taking full advantage of its brand strength and management edge to uncover more acquisition and joint venture opportunities. These efforts will enable the Group to continuously expand its market share, further strengthen its brand name and maximize the returns for shareholders.

#### **PROSPECTS**

At present, the businesses of the Group located in Tianjin and Jining in the PRC. The economic conditions of these cities have been providing the chance of development for the Group's business.

With the full completion of West to East Natural Gas Pipeline Project and the implementation of specific projects like Natural Gas Supply from Sichuan to Eastern Part of China, Shaanxi to Beijing Gas Supply, East Ocean Gas Supply Onshore, Importation of Liquefied Natural Gas for Southern China, and the construction work of Russia Gas Supply to China to commence, natural gas market will develop rapidly all over the PRC.

It can be expected that the Group will continue to strengthen its piped gas business, consolidate its existing resources and further develop the natural gas pipelines market through mergers and acquisitions. The Group will also keep enhancing its corporate image as a comprehensive and professional gas services provider and increasing its core competitiveness in the gas sector.

#### APPRECIATION

I would like to take this opportunity to thank our shareholders, customers and business associates for their continual supports and our staff for their diligence and contribution during the past year. We are a company with a qualified and professional working team and I look forward to a more rewarding 2013 for our shareholders.

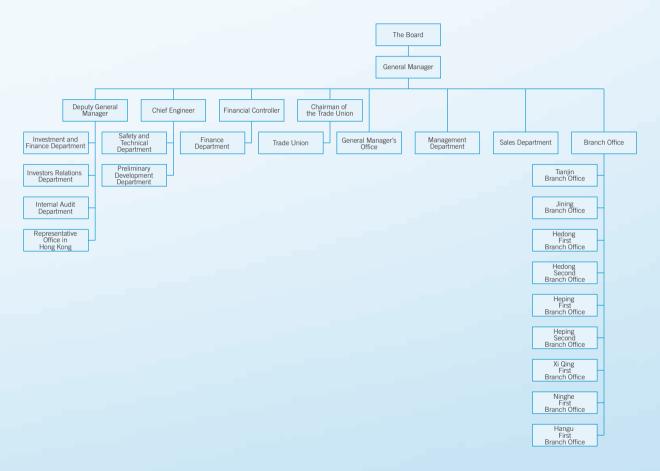
Jin Jian Ping Chairman

The PRC, 28 March 2013

The performance of the Company and the Group attained a good business development and gained a higher market share in year 2012. We believe that the Group will achieve a satisfactory result for our shareholders in year 2013.

#### MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

In order to facilitate the Group's constant expansion and improvement, the Group has its management structure, as set out below:



Since the listing of the H shares ("H Shares") of the Company on the Stock Exchange on 9 January 2004, the Group has been growing rapidly in terms of the business scope and market coverage of its products and services.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group reported a revenue of approximately RMB1,538,939,000, representing an increase of approximately 45.46% as compared with the previous year. The gross profit margin decreased from approximately 13% for the year ended 31 December 2011 to approximately 10% for the year ended 31 December 2012 mainly attributable to the decrease in the proportion of revenue generated from gas connection from approximately 14.48% for the year ended 31 December 2011 to approximately 10.79% for the year ended 31 December 2012. The profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to approximately RMB119,577,000 (2011: approximately RMB90,907,000) representing an increase of approximately 31.54%.

#### SEGMENTAL INFORMATION ANALYSIS

During the year, the Group has continued to implement its formulated development strategies to provide piped gas connections, to the users in the Group's operational locations in Tianjin City and Jining, Inner Mongolia. Sales of piped gas is the major source of income for the Group, which is followed by gas connection, construction of gas pipeline infrastructure, gas transportation, sales of gas appliances and mineral exploration.

## LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had no bank borrowings. The Group mostly uses Renminbi in its operation and it has not used any financial instrument for currency hedging purposes, as it considers that its exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates is only minimal.

The Group's gearing ratio (total liabilities to total asset rate) as at 31 December 2012 was approximately 0.15 (2011: approximately 0.15).

As at 31 December 2012, approximately 100% of the total amount of cash and cash equivalents of the Group was in Renminbi (31 December 2011: 100%).

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had no material contingent liabilities or guarantees.

#### STAFF AND EMOLUMENT POLICY

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had a workforce of 1,008 full-time employees.

Emoluments of employees were determined pursuant to the common practice of the industry as well as individual performance. In addition to regular salaries, the Group also paid discretionary bonus to eligible employees subject to the Group's operating results and individual performance. The Group also made contributions to medical welfare and retirement funds as well as provided other benefits to all employees.

# COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS

The following is the comparison of the actual business progress to the information provided under the section headed "Statement of Business Objective" in the circular of the Company dated 31 December 2010 in relation to the Assets Acquisition Agreement (the "Circular"). The Company was treated as a deemed new listing applicant as result of the acquisition, which was completed on 11 April 2011.

## For the period from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2012

	Business objectives stated in the Circular	Actual business progress
Expansion in existing Operational Locations	<ul> <li>To expand gas pipeline connections in the Group's existing Operational Locations</li> </ul>	The number of new connections in Xiao Hai Di of Hexi District, part of Jinnan District, Xiqing District, Hangu District and Ninghe District for the year ended 31
	<ul> <li>Estimated number of new connections of approximately</li> <li>10,000 users</li> </ul>	December 2012 was approximately 21,700 users.

	Business objectives stated in the Circular	Actual business progress
Expansion of gas pipelines network via acquisitions	<ul> <li>To expand gas pipeline connections in the new operational locations in Hedong District and Heping District in Tianjin City</li> <li>Estimated number of new</li> </ul>	For the year ended 31 December 2012, there were 27 gas pipeline connection projects and 24,350 newly connected users in Hedong and Heping Districts.
	connections of approximately 11,200 users	
Development of piped natural gas operations in Jining City	To make new connections within     Jining	For the year ended 31 December 2012, there were approximately 6,100 newly connected users in Jining City.
	<ul> <li>Estimated number of new connections of approximately 6,000 users</li> </ul>	connected decis in similing only.
Gas transportation via Gangnan Pipeline and Beihuan Pipeline	Transmit gas of approximately 1,550 million cubic meters	For the year ended 31 December 2012, gas transmission volume was approximately 290 million cubic meters, which was lower than expected. It was mainly attributable to the gas transmission to Tianjin Gas through the Gangnan Pipeline and Beihuan Pipeline, decreased as the demand for gas from the respective regions were low.
Expansion in Binhai New District	<ul> <li>Invest further capital of approximately RMB60 million in Binhai Gas</li> </ul>	The Company is considering alternative expansion plan in the Binhai New District.
Transfer of Listing	To complete	The Company has successfully listed on the Main Board on 18 October 2011.

## **PROSPECTS**

#### **Assets Transfer**

The acquisition of gas assets (which consist of part of the tangible assets and gas ancillary facilities held by the Hedong District Sales Offices and the Heping District Sales Offices of both Transmission Branch and First Sales Branch of Tianjin Gas, including outdoor pipelines, related machinery and electronic equipment and vehicles) (the "Transferred Assets") from Tianjin Gas was completed on 11 April 2011. After the completion, the Group has started to provide piped gas to the users connected by the Transferred Assets. It is expected that the Transferred Assets will continue to provide a stable revenue stream to the Group, mainly in form of sale of gas revenue.

#### **Development of the PRC Gas Sector**

With the growth of China's economy and the gradual increase of private investments, all the recent factors indicate that the growth of the energy industry in China remains strong. Combined with the special attention of the State on the West-to-East Pipeline Project and environmental protection measures, the gas industry in China is still growing rapidly. In view of environment protection and efficiency, the Chinese government plans to gradually reduce the use of coal and instead encourage the use of green fuels such as various natural gases.

Benefiting from the reformation of gas companies across China and the considerable demands, the Group expects to further increase its market share in its existing operational locations. The directors and management of the Company will try their best to bring satisfactory returns to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders").

The principal objectives of the Group are to expand its supply of natural gas business through expansion of its gas pipelines network and to maximize the returns for Shareholders. To achieve these objectives, the Group will pursue the strategies set out below.

- The Group will continue to supply piped natural gas to its existing operational locations in Tianjin City and will aim at expansion by constructing new pipelines and connecting to more users in its existing operational locations.
- The Group will seek to expand its gas pipelines network by mergers and acquisitions, if suitable assets or suitable targets are identified.
- Apart from its natural gas operation in Tianjin City, the Group will also continue to explore and develop its natural gas operation in Jining City.
- The Company will continue its expansion in Binhai New District.

The Group plans to further explore the following areas in the future:

- Focus on the balanced development of various gas-related businesses and make efforts to develop the piped
  gas market, including participating in the urban natural gas pipeline network projects in local areas by way
  of mergers or acquisitions.
- Continue to advance the research, evaluation, negotiation and other work related to existing projects, and ensure the fulfillment of the business objectives.
- Continue to strengthen the financial management of the Group. The Group also aims to continuously lower the operating costs and maximize the revenue from the operating projects.
- Further its efforts in personnel training and recruitment, facilitate the smooth operations and developments of the Group, develop positive corporate culture, and upgrade the management of the Company.

#### RENEWAL OF CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTION

On 31 December 2012, the Company and Tianjin Gas Heat Planning and Design Institute (天津市燃氣熱力規劃設計院) (the "Design Institute") entered into the pipeline design agreement (the "2013 Pipeline Design Agreement") in respect of the renewal of provision of pipeline design service by Design Institute to the Company for the three years ending 31 December 2015.

As each of the applicable percentage ratios for the caps of the transaction contemplated under the 2013 Pipeline Design Agreement for each of the twelve months ending 31 December 2013, 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015 is, on an annual basis, more than 0.1% but less than 5%, the 2013 Pipeline Design Agreement is exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirement and is only subject to the reporting and announcement requirements under Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 31 December 2012.

# PROPOSED JOINT VENTURE BETWEEN TIANJIN GAS AND CHINA RESOURCES GAS (HONG KONG) INVESTMENT LIMITED

On 2 November 2011, Tianjin Gas and China Resources Gas Group Limited ("China Resources Gas (HK)") entered into a joint venture agreement (the "Joint Venture Agreement") and a supplemental agreement (the "Supplemental Agreement") relating to, inter alia, the formation of a joint venture company (the "Proposed JV") in the PRC.

Pursuant to the Joint Venture Agreement, Tianjin Gas and China Resources Gas (HK) will set up the Proposed JV in the PRC. Tianjin Gas and China Resources Gas (HK) will own 51% and 49% respectively of the registered capital of the Proposed JV, which will be RMB5 billion. Tianjin Gas will contribute its share of registered capital of RMB2.55 billion by way of injection of its natural gas-related operational assets (which will not include the Domestic Shares held by Tianjin Gas) and China Resources Gas (HK) will contribute its share of registered capital of RMB2.45 billion by way of cash. It was further agreed that Tianjin Gas will inject its remaining natural gas-related assets to the Proposed JV with details to be determined by the parties by separate agreement(s).

Pursuant to the Supplemental Agreement, it is agreed that after establishment of the Proposed JV, all existing natural gas-related business of Tianjin Gas will be taken over by the Proposed JV, which will include, inter alia, the Domestic Shares held by Tianjin Gas.

On 6 November 2012, the Ministry of Commerce of The PRC approved the establishment of the Proposed JV.

It is the intention of Tianjin Gas and China Resources Gas (HK) that, subject to (i) compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations in the PRC and Hong Kong as well as the Listing Rules and the Code on Takeovers and merger; and (ii) receipt of all necessary approvals or consents from the relevant governmental and regulatory authorities in the PRC and Hong Kong, including (without limitation) the Securities and Futures Commission, following the Proposed JV's acquisition of Tianjin Gas's interest in the Company, the Proposed JV would combine and consolidate the respective assets and businesses of the Proposed JV and the Company such that the Company would become the listing vehicle for such assets and business. However, no concrete plan has been discussed or agreed between Tianjin Gas, China Resources Gas (HK) and/or the Company as at the date of this announcement. The Company would only acquire the assets or business of the Proposed JV or of Tianjin Gas in the future if the Directors are of the view that (1) the proposed transaction would be entered into on normal commercial terms; (2) the terms would be fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole; (3) the Company has the resources to settle the relevant consideration; and (4) the transaction would comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations, including but not limited to the Listing Rules.

For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 2 November 2011 and 13 November 2012.

Based on these achievements, the Group will further strengthen the operating management of existing businesses and input greater resources into the market development.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

I, on behalf of the Board, would like to thank all the staff for their diligence and perseverance during the year.

By Order of the Board

Tianjin Jinran Public Utilities Company Limited

Jin Jian Ping

Chairman

The PRC, 28 March 2013

#### **DIRECTORS**

As at the date of this report, the Company has five executive Directors, one non-executive Director, and three independent non-executive Directors. Their details are set out below:

#### **Executive Directors**

**Mr. Jin Jian Ping** (金建平), aged 54, is an executive Director and the chairman of the Board. Mr. Jin graduated from the School of Architecture of the University of Tianjin (天津大學建築分校) in 1983. Mr. Jin has obtained the qualification of senior engineer in 2002. He joined Tianjin Gas in August 1983. He is also the party secretary and chairman of the board of directors of Tianjin Gas. Mr. Jin was appointed as an executive Director on 4 January 2006 and is responsible for management of operation and safety management of the Company.

**Mr. Dong Hui Qiang** (董惠強), aged 59, is an executive Director. Mr. Dong is a graduate of the postgraduate course for investment management organized by Chinese Academy of Social Sciences in 2000. Mr. Dong worked in Tianjin Water Works Group Company Limited (天津自來水集團有限公司) from 1975 to 2003 and has acted as, among others, the deputy general manager and chief economist. Mr. Dong joined Tianjin Gas in June 2004 and is currently working as the chief economist. Mr. Dong is also a director of Tianlian Investment Company Limited (天津天聯投資有限公司), a subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Dong was appointed as an executive Director on 4 January 2006 and is responsible for designing yearly and medium-to-long term investment plan of the Company.

Mr. Bai Shao Liang (白少良), aged 53, is an executive Director. Mr. Bai has obtained a master degree in business administration from Nan Kai University (南開大學) in 2005. Mr. Bai has been the chairman of the board of directors and general manager of Wanshun Real Estate, a substantial shareholder of the Company, since 1993. Mr. Bai Shao Liang holds 76% interests in Wanshun Real Estate Company Limited (天津市萬順置業有限公司) ("Wanshun Real Estate"). Under the Securities and Future Ordinance (the "SFO"), Mr. Bai Shao Liang is taken to be interested in all the Shares held by Wanshun Real Estate. Mr. Bai was appointed as an executive Director on 26 May 2006. Mr. Bai is responsible for making material decisions of the Company.

**Ms. Tang Jie** (唐潔), aged 45, is an executive Director. Ms. Tang graduated from the Tianjin Institute of Finance (天津財經學院) (now known as the Tianjin University of Finance and Economics (天津財經大學)), majoring in accounting, in 1991. Ms. Tang is one of the promoters of the Company and had been working for the Company as an accountant and deputy general manager in the account department since December 1998. She had been appointed as a deputy general manager of the Company in 2001. Ms. Tang was appointed as an executive Director on 28 December 2001 and is responsible for making material decisions of the Company.

**Mr. Zhang Tiian Hua**(張天華), aged 49, is an executive Director. He is a senior engineer, graduated from the Faculty of Energy and Chemical of Huadong Chemical College (華東化工學院) in 1984 and obtained a master's degree in Business Administration for Senior Management from Nankai University (南開大學) in 2009. From 1994 to 2000, he had been the deputy head of First Coal Gas Factory of Tianjin (天津市第一煤氣廠) and First Coal Gas Factory of Tianjin Coal Gas Group (天津市煤氣集團第一煤氣廠). Prior to joining Tianjin Gas as a deputy chief engineer and the head of technology and equipment department in 2001, Mr. Zhang had been the manager of Tianjin Shanjin Mass Transit of Natural Gas Company Limited (天津市陝津天然氣集輸有限公司) from 2000 to 2001. From 2002 to 2011, he had been the chief engineer and the deputy general manager of Tianjin Gas. In 2007, Mr. Zhang was awarded special subsidy by the State Council. Mr. Zhang is also the general manager of Tianjin Gas. Mr. Zhang was appointed as an executive Director on 23 September 2011.

#### Non-executive Director

Mr. Wang Zhi Yong (王志勇), aged 40, obtained a bachelor degree in economics in July 1994 and a master degree in world economics in June 2009 at Nankai University (南開大學). Since November 2010, Mr. Wang has been the party committee member and deputy general manager of Tianjin Jinlian Investment Holdings Company Limited (天津津聯投資控股有限公司). Since April 2010, Mr. Wang has been the deputy general manager, party committee member and director of Jinlian Group Company Limited (津聯集團有限公司). Since October 2009, Mr. Wang has been the executive Director of Tianjin Development Holdings Limited (天津發展控股有限公司) (Stock Code: 882), whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Since May 2010, Mr. Wang has also been the deputy general manager of Tianjin Development Holdings Limited (天津發展控股有限公司). During September 2009 to July 2010, Mr. Wang was the assistant to general manager, and the general manager of finance market department of Jinlian Group Company Limited (津聯集團有限公司). During July 1998 to July 2010, he was the manager, deputy general manager and general manager of Jinlian Group (Tianjin) Asset Management Company Limited (津聯集團(天津)資產管理有限公司). During July 1994 to June 1998, he was the head of the international trading department of Northern International Trust Investment Company Limited (北方國際信託投資有限公司). Mr. Wang was appointed as an executive Director on 20 June 2012.

## **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Professor Zhang Yu Li (張玉利), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 25 June 2007. Professor Zhang is a graduate of the Nan Kai University (南開大學) in the PRC. He received a bachelor's degree in economic management in 1987, a master's degree in corporate management in 1990, and was awarded a doctorate in economics, majoring in corporate management in 1996. Professor Zhang had been the associate dean of the School of Business of Nan Kai University (南開大學), the PRC. He has been the head of the Entrepreneurship Management Studies Centre (創業管理研究中心) of the School of Business of Nan Kai University (南開大學), the PRC since 2008. He is currently the dean of the school of Business of Nan Kai University, the PRC.

Mr. Luo Wei Kun (羅維崑), aged 73, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 28 October 2002. Mr. Luo graduated from the Tsinghua University (清華大學) in the PRC with a bachelor's degree in civil architecture in 1964. He started his postgraduate studies in civil engineering in the same year and was subsequently awarded a postgraduate diploma in 1967. He was a technician in the Wuhan Branch of the China National Pharmaceutical Industry Corporation (中國醫藥工業公司武漢分公司) (now known as China National Pharmaceutical Industry Corporation Limited) (中國醫藥工業有限公司)) in 1968. He worked in the State Ministry of Medicine-Hubei Medical Manufactory Branch (國家醫葯總局湖北製藥製劑分廠) from 1969 to 1985 and successively held various positions, including deputy chief engineer. He worked as an engineer, section head and assistant to factory manager in Tianjin Second Coal Gas Factory (天津市第二煤氣廠) from 1986 to 1992. He was the deputy chief engineer in Tianjin Public Utility Bureau (天津市公用局) since 1992 and up to his retirement in March 2000. Mr. Luo acted as a consultant in Tianjin City Gas Administrative Office (天津市燃氣管理處) since 2000, and had been a committee member of Urban Coal Gas Association of Civil Engineering Association in China (中國土木工程學會城市煤氣學會理事會), a member of the technical consultant committee in the Planning Office of Tianjin City(天津市建設管理委員會技術顧問委員會). Mr. Luo is currently an independent non-executive Director of China Leason CBM & Shale Gas Group Company Limited (中國聯盛煤層氣頁岩氣產業集團有限公司) formerly known as China Leason Investment Group Co., Limited (中國聯盛投資集團有限公司) (Stock Code: 8270), whose shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange ("GEM").

Mr. Tam Tak Kei, Raymond (譚德機), aged 50, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 15 February 2011. Mr. Tam holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Accounting with Computing from University of Kent at Canterbury, England and is a an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He is also an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Currently, Mr. Tam is the financial controller of an international law firm and has over 20 years of professional accounting experience. He is also an independent non-executive director of Sun Innovation Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 547), Vision Fame International Holding Limited (Stock Code: 1315) and Sunley Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1240), whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, and Zebra Strategic Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8260), whose shares are listed on the GEM.

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#### **SUPERVISORS**

The Company has established a supervisory committee ("Supervisory Committee") whose primary duty is to supervise the discharge of the duties of the senior management of the Company, including the Board, managers and senior officers. The function of the Supervisory Committee is to ensure that the senior management of the Company acts in the interests of the Company, its shareholders and employees and does not perform acts which violate PRC laws or the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association"). The Supervisory Committee reports to the shareholders in general meetings. The Articles of Association provides the Supervisory Committee with the right to investigate the Company's financial affairs, to carry out supervision to ensure that the Directors, managers and other senior management personnel of the Company do not act in contravention of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association in the performance of their duties, to request that any activities harmful to the interests of the Company or the Directors, managers or other senior management of the Company be corrected, to propose the convening of extraordinary general meetings of shareholders; to exercise other powers of office stipulated in the Articles of Association, and in appropriate cases, to appoint on behalf of the Company solicitors, certified public accountants or certified practicing auditors to provide assistance when the Supervisory Committee exercise its power. Professor Qi Yin Feng, who had been an independent supervisor of the Company, passed away on 28 August 2012. Pursuant to the Articles of Association, the supervisory committee of the Company shall consist of five members and two of which shall be independent supervisors, who shall be elected at general meeting. Following the pass away of Professor Qi, the Company only has one independent supervisor. The Board is looking for a suitable candidate and will appoint sufficient numbers of independent supervisor in accordance with the Articles of Association.

The Supervisory Committee currently comprises of four members, two of whom are representatives of the employees. The members of the Supervisory Committee currently are:

## **Shareholders Representative Supervisor**

**Mr. Cao Shu Jing** (曹書經), aged 61, was appointed as a shareholders representative supervisor on 4 January 2006. Mr. Cao graduated from the Management Institute of Tianjin City (天津市管理幹部學院), majoring in corporate ideological and political work in 1985, and subsequently in administration of commerce and industry management in 1990. Mr. Cao joined Tianjin Gas in March 1973. Mr. Cao had been qualified senior political officer, and the deputy general manager of Tianjin Gas. Mr. Cao retired from his post in Tianjin Gas on 22 March 2012.

## **Independent Supervisor**

Mr. Jiang Nian (姜念), aged 58, is a supervisor and a senior engineer. He graduated from Tianjin Technology University in July 1983 with a bachelor degree in Chemical Engineering. Mr. Jiang had been the process engineer of Tianjin First Coal Gas Factory, the deputy head of safety and technology in Nankai District of Tianjin Gas, the head of technical equipment in Second Sales Company of Tianjin Gas, the field director of Nankai Distribution Command Center for the Project of importing natural gas from Shanganning oil field of Tianjin Gas, the chief engineer of Second Sales Company of Tianjin Gas, and the manager of Third Sales Company of Tianjin Gas. He currently is the chief engineer of Tianjin Gas, responsible for planning and design, technical development, product specification and pipeline networks operation.

#### **Staff Representative Supervisors**

Mr. Sun Xue Gang (孫學剛), aged 37, is a supervisor and a deputy general manager of the Company. Mr. Sun graduated from the Tianjin Institute of Finance (天津財經學院) (now known as the Tianjin University of Finance and Economics (天津財經大學)), the PRC, majoring in economic information management, in 1997. Between 1997 and 2006, he worked for Tianjin Water Works Group Company Limited (天津市自來水集團有限公司) and had successively been a management cadre in the human resources department and a vice party secretary, and had been a deputy manager of Tianjin Water Works Group Company Limited (天津市自來水集團有限公司) retail branch in the northern part of Tianjin. He was appointed as a deputy general manager of the Company in 2006 and has been appointed as a Supervisor on 25 June 2007. Mr. Sun is responsible for corporate investment and financing, investor relationship and internal audit of the Company. He is also responsible for organising feasibility study and application for approval in relation to the investment projects of the Company and managing the Jining Branch.

**Ms. Hao Li**(郝力), aged 43, is a supervisor. Ms. Hao graduated from the School of Tianjin Committee of the Communist Party (中共天津市委黨校), majoring in economics and management, in 2005. She worked in the planning department of Tianjin Gas from 1988 to 2005, and subsequently joined the Company and worked in the management department. She was appointed as a Supervisor on 25 June 2007.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Kwok Shun Tim (郭純恬), aged 38, Mr. Kwok holds a master of science in China Business Studies from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and a master of laws (International Economic Law) from the City University of Hong Kong and a Bachelor Degree of Business Administration in Accounting from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He is an associate member of Hong Kong Society of Accountants (currently known as Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants), an ordinary member of Hong Kong Securities Institute, a full member of IT Accountants Association and a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Kwok is currently a member of Guangdong Province Zhaoqing City Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商會議廣東省肇慶市委員會), a director of Yan Oi Tong for the year 2013/2014, the deputy chief supervisor of Hong Kong Road Safety Patrol and a school manager of C.C.C. Kwei Wah Shan College. Mr. Kwok is currently an executive director of Computech Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8081), China Leason CBM & Shale Gas Group Company Limited (Stock Code: 8270) companies whose shares are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, and an independent non-executive director both of Modern Education Group Limited (Stock Code: 1082), a company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, and Longlife Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8037), a company whose shares are listed on the GEM. Mr. Kwok is a licensed person for Type 4 and Type 9 regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO").

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#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Zheng Tai Qi**(鄭太琪), aged 60, is a graduate of the Tianjin Institute of Financial (天津財經學院) (now known as the Tianjin University of Finance and Economics (天津財經大學), the PRC, in 1987. Mr. Zheng is a senior engineer. He joined Tianjin Gas in August 1974. Mr. Zheng was a deputy manager of the First Sales Branch of Tianjin Gas, and has been the general manager of the Company since December 2004. Mr. Zheng is responsible for the management of the production and operation of the Company, formulating and implementing annual operation plan of the Company, formulating internal control procedures and organising on-the-job training of employees of the Company.

Ms. Zhang Zhi Hua (張芷華), aged 53, graduated from the School of Architecture of the University of Tianjin (天津大學建築分校), the PRC, in 1984. She is a senior engineer. She joined Tianjin Gas in August 1983. She was the section head of the measurement technical section of the First Sales Branch of Tianjin Gas, and the chief engineer of Heping District Sales Offices. She has been the chief engineer of the Company since April 2008.

**Mr. Sun Xue Gang** (孫學剛), aged 37, is a deputy general manager of the Company. His biographical details are set out above under the paragraph headed "Staff Representative Supervisors" above.

Ms. Wang Li Ping (王莉萍), aged 47, graduated from Tianjin Institute of Finance (天津財經學院) (now known as the Tianjin University of Finance and Economics (天津財經大學)), the PRC in 1985. She is an accountant. She was the deputy head of the Financial Department of Tianjin Gas from 2004 to 2005, and has been the manager of the Finance Department of the Company thereafter. Ms. Wang is currently the financial controller of the company.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE

The Company recognises the value and importance of achieving high corporate governance standards to enhance corporate performance, transparency and accountability, earning the confidence of shareholders and the public. The Board strives to adhere to the principles of corporate governance and adopt sound corporate governance practices to meet the legal and commercial standards by focusing on areas such as internal control, fair disclosure and accountability to all shareholders.

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the code provisions as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The Company had complied with all the code provisions as set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") contained in the former Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules during the period from 1 January 2012 to 31 March 2012, and all the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Revised Code") contained in the revised Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules during the period from 1 April 2012 to 31 December 2012.

Details of the Company's corporate governance are summarized as below.

# KEY CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES AND THE COMPANY'S PRACTICES

#### The Board

#### Roles of Directors

The Board assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for appointing and supervising senior management to ensure that the operations of the Group are conducted in accordance with the objectives of the Group. The principal roles of the Board are:

- to lay down the Group's objectives, strategies, policies and business plan;
- to monitor and control operating and financial performance through the determination of the annual budget; and
- to set appropriate policies to manage risks in pursuit of the Group's strategic objectives.

The Board is directly accountable to the shareholders and is responsible for preparing the accounts.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day management responsibility to the management staff under the instruction/ supervision of General Manager and various Board committees. All Board members have separate and independent access to the Company's management to fulfill their duties, and upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice under appropriate circumstances and at the Company's expenses. All Directors also have access to the company secretary who is responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed. Meeting agenda accompanied by relevant Board/committee papers are distributed to the Directors/committee members with reasonable notice in advance of a Board meeting. Minutes of board meetings and meetings of board committees, which recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and decisions reached thereat, including any concerns raised or dissenting views expressed by any Director, are kept by the company secretary and open for inspection by the Directors.

During the period from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2012 (the "Period"), the Board maintained a high level of independence, with one-third of the Board comprised of independent non-executive Directors, who had exercised independent judgments. The independent non-executive Directors are expressly identified in all corporate communications whenever the names of the Directors are disclosed.

#### **Board of Directors**

#### Composition of the Board

As at the date of this report, the Board consists of 9 members, comprising 5 executive Directors namely Mr. Jin Jian Ping (Chairman), Mr. Dong Hui Qiang, Mr. Bai Shao Liang, Ms. Tang Jie and Mr. Zhang Tian Hua, 1 non-executive Director namely Mr. Wang Zhi Yong, and 3 independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. Zhang Yu Li, Mr. Luo Wei Kun and Mr. Tam Tak Kei, Raymond. One of the independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Tam Tak Kei, Raymond is a qualified accountant with substantial experience in accounting and financial matters. Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management" on page 13 to page 18 of this report.

The composition of the Board is well balanced. Each of the Directors has relevant expertise and extensive corporate and strategic planning experiences that may contribute to the business of the Group. The Company has complied with the requirements under Rule 3.10(1) and (2) of the Listing Rules for the Period. All independent non-executive Directors also meet the guidelines for assessment of their independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

During the Period, the Board maintained a high level of independence, with one-third of the Board comprised of independent non-executive Directors, who had exercised independent judgments.

#### Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

As at the date of this report, Mr. Jin Jian Ping serves as the Chairman of the Company. The Company does not have a chief executive officer. The General Manager (currently Mr. Zheng Tai Qi) acts as the leading officer of the Group in executing the business and other policies and strategies laid down by the Board.

#### Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

The Company has established the Nomination Committee on 29 March 2012. The Nomination Committee has from time to time identified individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and make recommendations to the Board. The main consideration in selecting candidates for directorships is whether their characters, qualifications and experience are appropriate for the businesses of the Group.

Each of the executive Directors, non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 20 June 2012 and may be terminated by either party by giving at least three months' written notice.

All independent non-executive Directors and non-executive Director have been appointed for a fixed term. Every Director is subject to re-election on retirement by rotation in accordance with the Articles of Association.

#### Board Meetings and Procedures

The proceedings of the Board are well defined and follow all the code provisions of the Code.

Board members were provided with complete, adequate and timely information to allow them to fulfill their duties properly. In compliance with code provision A.1.3 of the Revised Code, at least 14 days' notice has been given for a regular Board meeting to give all Directors an opportunity to attend. Notice, agenda and board papers of regular Board meetings are sent to all Directors within reasonable time and at least 3 days prior to the meetings.

All Directors also have access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed. Meeting agenda accompanied by relevant Board/committee papers are distributed to the Directors/committee members with reasonable notice in advance of a Board meeting. Minutes of board meetings and meetings of board committees, which recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and decisions reached thereat, including any concerns raised or dissenting views expressed by any Director, are kept by the Company Secretary and open for inspection by the Directors.

Regular Board meetings are held normally every 3 months, with additional meetings arranged, if and when required. 4 Board meetings were held in 2012 and the average attendance rate was 100%. Individual attendance records are set out below.

## **Board Meetings and General Meetings Attendance**

	No. of board meetings attended by each Director during the year 2012	No. of general meetings attended by each Director during the year 2012
	2012	2012
Executive Directors		
Jin Jian Ping (Chairman)	4/4	2/2
Dong Hui Qiang	4/4	2/2
Bai Shao Liang	4/4	2/2
Tang Jie	4/4	2/2
Zhang Tian Hua (Note 4)	3/4	0/2
Non-executive Directors		
Gong Jing (Note 1 and 4)	1/1	0/2
Wang Zhi Yong (Note 2)	3/3	0/0
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Zhang Yu Li	4/4	2/2
Luo Wei Kun	4/4	2/2
Chan Shun Kuen, Eric (Note 3 and 4)	1/1	0/2
Tam Tak Kei, Raymond (Note 4)	4/4	0/2

Note 1: Mr. Gong resigned as a non-executive Director on 20 June 2012 and 1 Board meeting and 2 general meetings were held prior to his resignation.

Note 2: Mr. Wang has been appointed as a non-executive Director with effect from 20 June 2012 and 3 Board meetings and no general meeting were held after his appointment.

Note 3: Mr. Chan resigned as an independent non-executive Director on 20 June 2012 and 1 Board meeting and 2 general meetings were held prior to his resignation.

Note 4: Certain Directors were not able to attend the general meetings held in 2012 due to their unavoidable business engagements.

Directors are free to contribute alternative views at meetings and major decisions would only be taken after deliberation at Board meetings. Directors who are considered having conflict of interests or material interests in the proposed transactions or issues to be discussed would not be counted in the quorum of meeting and would abstain from voting on the relevant resolution. Minutes of the Board and committee meetings are prepared after the meetings and are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by the Directors.

All Directors have access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures are complied with, and advising the Board on compliance matters.

#### **Directors' Duties**

Every Director is kept abreast of his responsibilities as a director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company:

- A comprehensive director's handbook is issued to every Director, which sets out guidelines on conduct by
  making reference to the relevant sections of the statutes or the Listing Rules, and reminds Directors of their
  responsibilities in making disclosure of their interests and potential conflict of interests.
- Orientation programmes are organised for providing induction to new Directors to help them familiarise with the Company's management, business and governance practices.
- Management provides appropriate and sufficient information to Directors and the committee members in a
  timely manner to keep them apprised of the latest development of the Group and enable them to discharge
  their responsibilities. Directors also have independent and unrestricted access to senior executives of the
  Company.

### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions set out in code provision D.3.1 of the Revised Code. As at the date of this report, the Board has reviewed and monitored: (a) the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, (b) training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, (c) the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, (d) the Company's code of conduct and (e) the Company's compliance with the Revised Code disclosures requirements.

#### **Conduct on Share Dealings**

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors and supervisors ("Supervisors") of the Company on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings as referred to in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

The Company, having made specific enquiries to its Directors and Supervisors, confirms that, throughout the the Period, all Directors and Supervisors met the criteria laid down in the said code for securities transactions by Directors and Supervisors.

### **Independent non-executive Directors**

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent to the Company.

### **Directors' Induction and Continuous Professional Development**

All newly appointed Directors received comprehensive, formal training on the first occasion of their appointments and were ensured to have a proper understanding of the businesses and development of the Group and that they were fully aware of their responsibilities under statutes, laws, rules and regulations, the Listing Rules, applicable legal requirements and other regulatory requirements and the business and governance policies of the Company.

Pursuant to code provision A.6.5 of the Revised Code, which has come into effect from 1 April 2012, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company updates the Directors on the latest development regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements from time to time, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

During the Period, the Company has also organized briefing sessions conducted by the Hong Kong Legal Adviser to the Company for the Directors. The briefing sessions covered topics including the Corporate Governance Code, listed company regulations and disclosure obligations in Hong Kong, discloseable transactions and connected transactions etc.

According to the records provided by the Directors, a summary of training received by the directors since 1 April 2012 up to 31 December 2012 is as follows:

No of briefing sessions attended by each Director during the year 2012

#### **Executive Directors** Jin Jian Ping (Chairman) 1 Dong Hui Qiang 1 Bai Shao Liang 1 Tang Jie 1 Zhang Tian Hua 1 Non-executive Director 1 Wang Zhi Yong Independent Non-executive Directors Zhang Yu Li 1 Luo Wei Kun 1 Tam Tak Kei, Raymond 1

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#### **Board Committees**

The Board is supported by three committees as at the date of this report, namely the Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Audit Committee. Each of them has defined terms of reference covering its duties, powers and functions.

The Board and the committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties including, retention of outside advisers, if necessary, at the cost of the Company, to provide advice on any specific matter.

All committees comprise non-executive Directors. The chairmen of the respective committees report regularly to the Board, and, as appropriate, make recommendations on matters discussed. The governance structure and meetings attendance record of the Committees are set out below.

	Major roles and functions	Composition during 2012	Attendance in 2012
Audit Committee	<ul> <li>To make recommendation to the Board on the appointment,</li> </ul>	Zhang Yu Li (Chairman)	100%
	reappointment and removal of	Luo Wei Kun	100%
	external auditor	Chan Shun Kuen, Eric (note 1)	100%
	<ul> <li>To review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards</li> </ul>	Tam Tak Kei, Raymond	100%
	<ul> <li>To develop and implement policy on the engagement of an external auditor to supply non- audit services and monitor the</li> </ul>		
	integrity of financial statements of the Company and the Company's annual report and accounts, half- year report and significant financial reporting judgments contained in		

Total number of meetings held in 2012: 2

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee was revised on 29 March 2012 and is available on the website of the Stock Exchange to comply with the Revised Code.

	Major roles and functions	Composition during 2012	Attendance in 2012
Remuneration	<ul> <li>To consult the chairman of the</li> </ul>	Jin Jian Ping	100%
Committee	Board about their remuneration	Luo Wei Kun	100%
	proposals for other executive	(Chairman)	
	Directors	Chan Shun Kuen, Eric	100%
		(note 2)	
	To make recommendation to	Tam Tak Kei, Raymond	100%
	the Board on the Company's		
	remuneration policy and structure		
	for all Directors' and senior		
<ul> <li>To determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration</li> </ul>	management		
	C		
	To determine, with delegated		
	packages of individual executive		
	Directors and senior management		
	Sirectore and comer management		

Total number of meetings held in 2012: 2

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee was revised on 29 March 2012 and is available on the website of the Stock Exchange to comply with the Revised Code.

Nomination Committee	<ul> <li>To review the structure, size and composition (including the skills,</li> </ul>	Jin Jian Ping <i>(Chairman)</i>	100%
	knowledge and experience) of the	Zhang Yu Li	100%
	Board on a regular basis	Luo Wei Kun	100%
	To identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board member		
	and assess the independence		
	of independent non-executive		
	Directors		

Total number of meetings held in 2012: 2

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee was revised on 29 March 2012 and is available on the website of the Stock Exchange to comply with the Revised Code.

Note 1: Mr. Chan resigned from office as an independent non-executive Director on 20 June 2012. Prior to that date, 1 Audit Committee meeting had been held and Mr. Chan had attended 1 meeting.

Note 2: Mr. Chan resigned from office as an independent non-executive Director on 20 June 2012. Prior to that date, 1 Remuneration Committee meeting had been held and Mr. Chan had attended 1 meeting.

#### **Audit Committee**

During 2012, the Audit Committee met 2 times and performed the major works as below:

- 1. reviewed the annual financial results and report for the year ended 31 December 2011 and interim financial results and report for the six months ended 30 June 2012;
- 2. reviewed the internal audit department's report regarding the reviewing and procedures of the internal control and risk management of the Company.

The Audit Committee had also reviewed this annual report, and confirmed that this annual report complies with the applicable standard, the Listing Rules and other applicable legal requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made. There is no disagreement between the Directors and the Audit Committee regarding the selection and appointment of the external auditors.

#### Remuneration Committee

During 2012, the Remuneration Committee met 2 times and performed the major works as below:

- 1. reviewed and discussed the remuneration policy and structure of the Company and the remuneration and performance of duties of the executive Directors and senior management in the year under review;
- 2. determine the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management.

#### Nomination Committee

During 2012, the Nomination Committee met 2 times and performed the major works as below:

- examined the structure, size and composition of the Board, to ensure the Directors have the expertise, skills and experience required to meet the Company's business; assessed the independency of all independent non-executive Directors;
- 2. reviewed and discussed the nomination of Wang Zhi Yong as a Director and made recommendations to the Board in this regard.

### **Remuneration of Directors and Senior Management**

The Group paid or accrued total Directors' remuneration amounts of approximately RMB50,000, RMB50,0

Directors' remuneration is determined based on a variety of factors such as market conditions and responsibilities assumed by each Director. As at 31 December 2012, there was no arrangement in which the Directors waived their remuneration.

Details of remuneration paid to members of senior management falls within the following bands:

	Nulliber of
	Individuals:
RMB100,000 or below	2
RMB100,000 to RMB500,000	2

### **Company Secretary**

The Company does not engage an external service provider as its company secretary. Mr. Kwok Shun Tim, being the Company Secretary of the Company, has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2012 and has complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules in relation to the professional training requirements.

The Company Secretary reports directly to the Board. All the Directors have easy access to the Company Secretary and responsibility of the Company Secretary is to ensure the board meetings are properly held and are in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations. The Company Secretary is also responsible for giving advices with respect to the Directors' obligations on securities interest disclosure, disclosure requirements of discloseable transactions, connected transactions and price-sensitive information. The Company Secretary shall provide advices to the Board with respect to strict compliance with the laws, requirements and the Company's articles of association at appropriate times. As the Company's principal channel of communication with the Stock Exchange, the Company Secretary assists the Board in implementing and strengthening the Company's corporate governance code so as to bring the best long term value to shareholders. In addition, the Company Secretary also provides relevant information updates and continuous professional development to the Directors with respect to legal, supervisory and other continuous obligations for being a director of a listed company at appropriate times. The Company Secretary is also responsible for supervising and managing the Group's relationship with investors.

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### **Accountability and Audit**

#### Financial Reporting

The Directors are responsible for overseeing the preparation of the annual accounts which give a true and fair view of the Group's state of affairs of the results and cash flow for the year. In preparing the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2012, the Directors have:

- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; and
- made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and ensured the accounts are prepared on the going concern basis.

The Company recognises that high quality corporate reporting is important in reinforcing the trustworthy relationship with the Company's stakeholders and aims at presenting a balanced, clear and comprehensible assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects in all corporate communications. The annual and interim results of the Company are announced in a timely manner within the required limits after the end of the relevant periods.

A statement by the auditors about their reporting responsibilities is included in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 55 to page 56. There are no material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Internal Control

The Board, through the Audit Committee, has reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's system of internal control over financial, operational and compliance issues for the year 2012. The Audit Committee concluded that, in general, the Company has set up a sound control environment and installed necessary control mechanisms to monitor and correct non-compliance. The Board, through the review of the Audit Committee, is satisfied that the Group in 2012, fully complied with the code provisions on internal controls as set forth in the Code or the Revised Code (as appropriate).

#### **External Auditors**

The Group's external auditors are Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. The Audit Committee is mandated to ensure continuing auditors' objectivity and safeguard independence of the auditors, and it has:

- determined the framework for the type and authorisation of non-audit services for which the external auditors may provide. In general, the engagement of the external auditors to perform non-audit services is prohibited except for tax-related services; and
- agreed with the Board on the policy relating to the hiring of employees or former employees of the external auditors and monitored the applications of such policy.

During 2012, the fees paid to the Company's external auditors for audit services amounted to approximately RMB1,100,000 and for non-audit related activities (which are account review fees) amounted to approximately RMB298,000.

The Group has not employed any staff who was formerly involved in the Group's statutory audit.

#### **Investor Relations**

The Company places great emphasis on its relationship and communication with investors. In order to keep shareholders well informed of the business activities and direction of the Group, information about the Group has been provided to the shareholders through financial reports and announcements. The Company has established its own corporate website http://www.hklistco.com/1265 as a channel to facilitate effective communication with its shareholders and the public.

During the Period, the Company has made changes to its constitutional documents. For details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 29 March 2012, 22 May 2012, 20 June 2012 (in relation to the poll results of the extraordinary general meeting held on 20 June 2012) and 20 June 2012 (in relation to the poll results of the annual general meeting held on 20 June 2012) and the Company's circulars dated 30 April 2012, 4 May 2012 and 24 May 2012.

#### **Communications with Shareholders and Investors**

The Company endeavors to maintain an on-going dialogue with the Shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with the Shareholders and encourage their participation.

The Company's annual general meeting allows the Directors to meet and communicated with shareholders. The Company ensures that shareholders' views are communicated to the Board. The Chairman of the annual general meeting proposes separate resolutions for each issue to be considered.

# PROCEDURES FOR DIRECTING SHAREHOLDERS' ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders can make enquiries directly to the Company through the following e-mail: Jinrangongyong@163.com, or may send written enquiries or requests in respect of their rights to the following principal place of business of the Company:

#### Address:

9th Floor, Ranqi Building 28 Si Ma Road, Nankai, Nankai District Tianjin, PRC

Tel No.: (86) 022-87569854 Fax No.: (86) 022-87569856

# PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING

Pursuant to Article 53(3) of the Articles of Association, where shareholders holding an aggregate of 10 percent or more of the issued shares of the Company vested with voting rights request in writing to convene an extraordinary general meeting, the board of directors shall convene an extraordinary general meeting within two months thereof.

Pursuant to Article 74 of the Articles of Association, Shareholders who request to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' meeting shall follow the procedures below:

- (1) Shareholder(s) who hold(s) in aggregate 10 per cent or more of the shares vested with voting rights in such a meeting may sign one or several written requisitions in the same form requesting the board of directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' meeting, and the subject matter of the meeting shall be specified. Upon receipt of the said written requisitions, the board of directors shall convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' meeting as soon as possible. The calculation of the number of shares held as aforesaid shall be made as at the date of the written requisitions.
- (2) If the board of directors fails to give notice of meeting within 30 days of the receipt of the aforesaid written requisitions, the shareholders making such requests may convene a meeting within four months of the receipt of the said requisitions by the board of directors. The procedure for convening the meeting shall, as far as possible, be the same as those for convening a shareholders' meeting by the board of directors.

All reasonable expenses incurred in convening and holding a meeting by the shareholders as a result of the failure of the board of directors to convene such meeting upon the aforesaid requisitions shall be borne by the Company and the same shall be deducted from outstanding payments due to the directors who are in default.

# PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' ENQUIRES TO BE PUT TO THE BOARD

Pursuant to Article 46 of the Articles of Association, among others, a holder of ordinary shares of the Company shall enjoy the following rights:

- to supervise and manage the business, operation and activities of the Company, and to make proposals or enquiries in relation thereto;
- to receive information in accordance with provisions of the Articles of Association, including:
  - A. the Articles of Association upon payment of the cost thereof;
  - B. upon payment of reasonable charges, be entitled to inspect and copy:
    - (i) all parts of the register of shareholders;
    - (ii) personal particulars of the directors, supervisors, managers and other senior management officers of the Company, including (a) present and former names and aliases; (b) principal address (domicile); (c) nationality; (d) full-time occupation and all other part-time occupations or positions; and (e) identification document and the number thereof.
    - (iii) the share capital of the Company;
    - (iv) a report on the total nominal value, number, highest and lowest prices and all payments made by the Company in respect of each class of its shares repurchased since the last financial year;
    - (v) minutes of shareholders' meetings.

Pursuant to Article 79 of the Articles of Association, a shareholder shall be entitled to inspect copies of minutes of meeting(s) free of charge during office hours of the Company. Upon the request of any shareholder for a copy of the relevant minutes of meeting, the Company shall send out the copy of the minutes so requested within seven days of the receipt of the reasonable payment therefore.

# PROCEDURES FOR PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS AT GENERAL MEETINGS BY SHAREHOLDERS

Pursuant to Article 51(17) of the Articles of Association, the shareholders' general meeting shall exercise its power to review any motion put forward by shareholders representing in aggregate 5 percent or more of the voting rights of the Company

Pursuant to Article 55 of the Articles of Association, when the Company convenes an annual general meeting, shareholder(s) who holds 5 percent or more of the voting rights of the Company shall be entitled to propose new motions in writing to the Company. The Company shall include those motions falling within the scope of responsibility of the shareholders' general meeting into the agenda of such meeting, but such motions shall be sent to the Company within 30 days after the issue of the aforesaid notice of meeting.

Pursuant to Article 89 of the Articles of Association, the procedures for shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as a Director are set out below.

- Starting from the second day upon the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for the election of Director by the Company, a Shareholder is entitled to lodge a notice in writing to the Company to propose a person for election as a Director.
- The minimum length of the period, during which the aforesaid notice in writing is lodged with the Company, shall be at least seven days.
- In any event, the aforesaid period shall end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting.
- In the aforesaid period of notice, such proposed Director shall give notice to the Company stating his/her willingness to be elected.

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are the operation and management of gas pipeline infrastructure and the sale and distribution of piped gas. One of the subsidiaries, 烏盟乾生天聯公用事業有限責任公司 (Kin Sang Tianlian Public Utilities Company Limited) is dormant. The other subsidiary 天津天聯投資有限公司 (Tianjin Tianlian Gas Company Limited) is engaged in investment activities. The Group completed the acquisition of the additional 39% equity interests of 貴州津維礦業投資有限公司 (Guizhou Jinwei Mining Investment Company Limited) ("Guizhou Jinwei") and Guizhou Jinwei completed its acquisition of 70% equity interest in 貴州省台江縣國新鉛鋅選礦有限 責任公司 (Guizhou Province Taijiang County New Lead and Zinc Mineral Extraction Company Limited) ("Guizhou County New") on 30 June 2012. Guizhou County New owns a mining right of a lead-zinc mine located in Taijiang County, Guizhou Province and the Group commenced the mining and trading of lead and zinc during the year.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDEND**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 57 of this annual report.

The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of RMB0.016 per share of the Company (2011: nil) to all shareholders of the Company based on the total number of shares of 1,839,307,800 shares of the Company as at 31 December 2012, with the total amount of dividend to be paid be RMB29,428,924.80, subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting to be convened and held. The date of annual general meeting, the book closing period, the record date for dividend payment, dividend payment procedures and payment date will be notified separately.

### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group is set out on page 3 of the annual report.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the Company's share capital are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **RESERVES**

The reserve available for distribution to shareholders is the amount which is the lesser of the accumulated profits carried forward at the balance sheet date after deduction of the current year's appropriations to the statutory surplus reserve determined under PRC accounting standards and that determined under general accepted accounting principles of Hong Kong.

As at 31 December 2012, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders, comprised the retained profits determined under PRC accounting standards of approximately RMB475 million (2011: RMB370 million).

### TRANSFERS TO RESERVES

Profits attributable to shareholders before dividends of RMB13,567 million (2011: RMB11,540 million) have been transferred to reserves. Other movements in the reserves are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group was entered into or existed during the year.

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Company for the last five financial years is set out on page 126.

### **DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS**

The Directors and Supervisors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. Jin Jian Ping (Chairman)

Mr. Dong Hui Qiang

Mr. Bai Shao Liang

Ms. Tang Jie

Mr. Zhang Tian Hua

### **Non-executive Director:**

Mr. Gong Jing (Note 1) (resigned)

Mr. Wang Zhi Yong (Note 2)

## **Independent Non-executive Directors:**

Professor Zhang Yu Li

Mr. Luo Wei Kun

Mr. Chan Shun Kuen, Eric (Note 3) (resigned)

Mr. Tam Tak Kei, Raymond

## **Staff Representative Supervisors:**

Mr. Sun Xue Gang

Ms. Hao Li

## **Shareholders Representative Supervisor:**

Mr. Cao Shu Jing

## **Independent Supervisors:**

Professor Qi Yin Feng (Note 4) (deceased)

Mr. Sha Jin Cheng (Note 5) (resigned)

Mr. Jiang Nian

#### Note:

- 1. Mr. Gong resigned as a non-executive Director with effect from 20 June 2012.
- 2. Mr. Wang has been appointed as a non-executive Director with effect from 20 June 2012.
- 3. Mr. Chan resigned as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 20 June 2012.
- 4. Professor Qi passed away on 28 August 2012.
- 5. Mr. Sha resigned as an independent supervisor with effect from 20 June 2012.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive directors their respective confirmation of independence pursuant to the Listing Rules and considers that they remain independent.

### DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of three years.

Each of the Supervisors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors nor Supervisors has a service contract with the Company or its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

### TERM OF APPOINTMENT OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The appointment of all non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are for three years.

## POLICY FOR DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration of the Directors is determined by the Remuneration Committee with reference to the directors' respective qualifications and experiences. During the Period, there was no arrangement in which Directors waived their remuneration.

# DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND SUPERVISORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2012, the interests and short positions of the Directors, chief executive and Supervisors in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which are required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors and Supervisors of the Company as referred to in the Listing Rules to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

## **Long Position**

Domestic Shares of RMB0.1 each in the capital of the Company

			Approximate
			percentage of
			interests
		Number of	in the Company/
		Domestic	<b>Domestic Shares</b>
Name of Director/Supervisor	Capacity	Shares held	of the Company
Ms. Tang Jie	Beneficial owner	41,700,000	2.27%/3.11%
Mr. Bai Shao Liang	Held by controlled	235,925,000	12.83%/17.62%
(please see Note 3 under	corporation		
the section "Substantial			
Shareholders")			

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, none of the Directors, chief executive and Supervisors had interest in any securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which are required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors and Supervisors as referred to in the Listing Rules to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER SHAREHOLDERS

So far as known to the Directors, as at 31 December 2012, the following, not being a Director or Supervisor, have interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

### **Long Position**

Domestic Shares of RMB0.1 each in the capital of the Company

			Approximate percentage of interests
		Number of	in the Company/
Name of shareholder	Capacity	Domestic Shares held	Domestic Shares of the Company
Tianjin Beacon Coatings Co., Ltd 天津燈塔塗料有限公司 (Note 1)	Beneficial owner	118,105,313	6.42%/8.82%
Tianjin Gas Group Company Limited 天津市燃氣集團有限公司 ("Tianjin Gas")	Beneficial owner	943,517,487	51.30%/70.45%
Tianjin Wanshun Real Estate Company Limited 天津市萬順置業有限公司	Beneficial owner	235,925,000	12.83%/17.62%
Ms. Li Sha (Note 2)	Family	235,925,000	12.83%/17.62%

Note 1: 天津燈塔塗料有限公司 (Tianjin Beacon Coatings Co., Ltd), formerly known as Tianjin Tsinlien Investment & Trade Company Limited (天津津聯投資貿易有限公司), is wholly owned by Tianjin Taida Investment Holdings Company Limited (天津泰達投資控股有限公司), which is State-owned company wholly owned by Tianjin Municipal People's Government (天津市人民政府).

Note 2: As at 31 December 2012, Mr. Bai Shao Liang held 76% interests in 天津市萬順置業有限公司 (Tianjin Wanshun Real Estate Company Limited) and is a director of such company. Ms. Li Sha is the wife of Mr. Bai Shao Liang. Under the SFO, Mr. Bai Shao Liang and Ms. Li Sha are taken to be interested in all the Domestic Shares held by Tianjin Wanshun Real Estate Company Limited.

### **OTHER SHAREHOLDERS**

# **Long Position**

H Shares of RMB0.1 each in the capital of the Company

			Approximate percentage of interests in the Company/
		Number of	H Shares
Name of shareholder	Capacity	H Shares held	of the Company
Liu Hei Wan	Interests held jointly with another person (note 1)	14,500,000	0.79%/2.90%
	Held by controlled corporation (note 2)	30,000,000	1.63%/6.00%
Law Suet Yi	Interests held jointly with another person (note 1)	14,500,000	0.79%/2.90%
	Interest of spouse (note 3)	30,000,000	1.63%/6.00%
The Waterfront Development Group Limited	Beneficial owner (note 2)	30,000,000	1.63%/6.00%

#### Notes:

- 1. Mr. Liu Hei Wan and Ms. Law Suet Yi jointly held the 14,500,000 H shares of the Company.
- 2. The Waterfront Development Group Limited is wholly owned by Mr. Liu Hei Wan and thus a controlled corporation by Mr. Liu Hei Wan. Mr. Liu Hei Wan is deemed, or taken to be, interested in the 30,000,000 shares which are beneficially owned by The Waterfront Development Group Limited for the purpose of the SFO.
- 3. Ms. Law Suet Yi is the spouse of Mr. Liu Hei Wan and therefore, Ms. Law Suet Yi is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the shares in which Mr. Liu Hei Wan is interested for the purpose of SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, the Directors are not aware of any person, not being a Director, Chief Executive or Supervisor, have interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

No contract of significance to which the Company or its subsidiary was a party and in which a Director or supervisor of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the period or at any time during the period.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2012, neither the Company nor its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

### COMPLIANCE WITH NON-COMPETE UNDERTAKING

On 9 December 2003, Tianjin Gas has entered into a non-competition agreement with the Company. Under the non-competition agreement, save for Tianjin Gas's then existing piped gas operations in Tianjin City, which is outside the scope of operation of the Group in Tianjin at that time (the "Previous Operational Locations"), Tianjin Gas has irrevocably undertaken and covenanted with the Company that, except with the Company's prior written consent, it would not and would procure that its subsidiaries should not, carry on for their own accounts or for any other persons to carry on and/or have an interest in, any business of which is or may be in competition with the Group's business within the Previous Operational Locations or outside its existing operating district in Tianjin City.

On 28 December 2010, Tianjin Gas further enters into the supplemental non-competition agreement (the "Supplemental Non-Competition Agreement") to supplement certain terms of the non-competition agreement dated 9 December 2003, pursuant to which the meaning of "subsidiary(ies)" as mentioned in the above-mentioned undertaking has been amended to include "associates" under the definition of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on Growth Enterprise Market (the "GEM Listing Rules") and the Previous Operational Locations have been amended to cover the operational locations of the Group (i.e. Xiao Hai Di (小海地) of Hexi District (河西區), part of Jinnan District (津南區), Xiqing District (西青區), Hangu District (漢沽區) and Ninghe County (寧河縣)) which have been served by the Group's pipelines as well as Hedong District (河東區) and Heping District (和平區) after completion of the Proposed Assets Transfer which are served by the Transferred Assets.

Furthermore, pursuant to the Supplemental Non-Competition Agreement, Tianjin Gas further undertakes that (A) where business opportunities which may compete with the business of the Group arises, or if Tianjin Gas desires to sell any of its existing piped gas business or the underlying assets for the piped gas business in Tianjin, Tianjin Gas shall give the Company's notice in writing and the Company shall have a right of first refusal to take up such business opportunities. The Company shall only exercise the right of first refusal upon the approval of all the independent non-executive Directors (who do not have any interest in such proposed transactions); and (B) regarding the assets which have not yet been transferred to the Company by Tianjin Gas in Hedong District, Heping District, Xiqing District, Hangu District and Ninghe County, the Company has the right to require Tianjin Gas to sell these assets to the Company at any time, subject to compliance with the applicable requirements under the relevant PRC laws as well as the Listing Rules, at a price that is fair and reasonable, and acceptable to the independent non-executive Directors (who do not have any interest in such proposed transaction).

Pursuant to the non-competition agreement and the Supplemental Non-Competition Agreement (together, the "Non-compete Undertaking"), the independent non-executive Directors are responsible for reviewing and considering whether or not to exercise such rights and are entitled, on behalf of the Company, to review the information provided by Tianjin Gas in respect of the compliance and enforcement of the Non-compete Undertaking at least on an annual basis. During the period, the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the implementation of the Non-compete Undertaking and have confirmed that Tianjin Gas has been in full compliance with the Non-compete Undertaking and there was no breach by Tianjin Gas.

Also, the Company has received from Tianjin Gas an annual declaration on compliance with the Non-compete Undertaking and considers Tianjin Gas has complied with the Non-compete Undertaking.

### ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the period was the Company or its subsidiary a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors and supervisors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### **COMPETING INTERESTS**

Mr. Jin Jian Ping (an executive Director and the chairman of the Company) and Mr. Zhang Tian Hua and Mr. Dong Hui Qiang (both of whom are executive Directors) holds positions with Tianjin Gas. They do not have any equity interest in Tianjin Gas nor the Company. Save as their positions with Tianjin Gas, each of the Directors and their respective associates has confirmed that he/she does not have any interest in a business which competes or may compete with the business of the Group.

In the wholesale distribution of natural gas, no competition between Tianjin Gas and the Group exists given the fact that the Group only supplies natural gas to end users but is not engaged in wholesale distribution business. In the provision of piped natural gas to end users, Tianjin Gas and the Group are not competing with each other due to the nature of the piped gas supply business, which required fixed pipelines be installed and connected to the customers' pipelines, it is practically infeasible for more than one set of pipelines connecting to the same customer's pipeline. Besides, pursuant to the Non-Compete Undertaking, Tianjin Gas undertakes not to compete with the Group. Given the terms of the Non-Compete Undertaking given by Tianjin Gas and the inherent nature of pipe gas supply business, the Directors are of the view that Tianjin Gas does not compete with the Group's operations in the provision of piped natural gas. For details of the Non-Compete Undertaking, please refer to the paragraph headed "Compliance with Non-Compete Undertaking" above.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, the Directors are not aware of any business or interest of the Directors, the controlling shareholders of the Company and their respective associates, that competes or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group.

# CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Company had adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in the Listing Rules. The Company had also made specific enquiry with all Directors and the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the required standard of dealings and its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors.

### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the Period, the Group has the following continuing connected transactions (the "Connected Transactions") and the Company has fully complied with the announcement, reporting and/or independent shareholders' approval requirements under the GEM Listing Rules or the Listing Rules (where applicable):

### (1) Gas Transportation Transaction

On 28 October 2011, Tianjin Gas and the Company entered into a gas transportation agreement (the "2012 Gas Transportation Contract"). Pursuant to the 2012 Gas Transportation Contract, the Company agreed to allow Tianjin Gas to transmit natural gas to end users via the gas pipelines owned and managed by the Company. In return, Tianjin Gas paid to the Company the gas transportation fees (the "2012 Gas Transportation Fees"). The annual caps for the 2012 Gas Transportation Fees in respect of the three years ending 31 December 2014 were RMB19,520,000, RMB32,480,000 and RMB36,272,000, respectively (the "2012 Annual Caps").

Tianjin Gas is one of the promoters of the Company and as at the date of this report held 943,517,487 domestic shares of the Company, representing approximately 51.30% shareholding of the Company. Therefore, Tianjin Gas is a controlling shareholder of the Company and a connected person of the Company.

The entering into the 2012 Gas Transportation Contract constituted a continuing connected transaction of the Company and was subject to the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules. This transaction was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company in December 2011.

For details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 28 October 2011 and 27 March 2012 and the Company's circular dated 25 November 2011.

In light of the lower than expected volume of gas transmitted through the high pressure gas pipeline extending from the cross point of Dong Jin Road (東金路) and Yang Bei Road (楊北公路) in Dongli District (東麗區), Tianjin to the cross point of Xin Gang No. 8 Road (新港八號路) and Yue Jin Road (躍 進路)in Tanggu District(塘沽區), Tianjin (the "Beihuan Pipeline"), and hence a lower than expected gas transportation fee generated from the Beihuan Pipeline since 1 October 2011, the Company has entered into a supplemental agreement (the "Supplemental Agreement") with Tianjin Gas on 27 March 2012, pursuant to which the Company and Tianjin Gas have agreed, inter alia, that (i) the natural gas transportation fees payable by Tianjin Gas for the Beihuan Pipeline for a particular month will be fixed at RMB500,000 (the "Fixed Minimum Amount") in the event that the actual gas transportation fees payable by Tianjin Gas for the Beihuan Pipeline under the 2012 Gas Transportation Contract calculated based on the actual volume of natural gas and actual distance transmitted at RMB0.8 per 1,000 cubic metres per kilometer (the "Formula") for that month is lower than RMB500,000. However, if the actual gas transportation fees payable by Tianjin Gas for the Beihuan Pipeline for a particular month is equal to or more than RMB500,000, the fee payable by Tianjin Gas to the Company shall remain unchanged under the 2012 Gas Transportation Contact (i.e. calculated based on the Formula); (ii) Tianjin Gas will pay to the Company the shortfall (the "Shortfall") between the monthly actual gas transportation fees for the Beihuan Pipeline and the Fixed Minimum Amount for the period commencing from 1 October 2011 to 27 March 2012 within five business days after 27 March 2012.

The amount of transactions made between Tianjin Gas and the Company for the Period in respect of gas transportation pursuant to the 2012 Gas Transportation Contract (as supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement) amounted to approximately RMB10,442,000 (excluding tax), and which were within the relevant annual cap approved by the Shareholders.

Pursuant to the Supplemental Agreement dated 27 March 2012, Tianjin Gas has paid a sum of RMB1,500,000 to the Company for the shortfall between the monthly actual gas transportation income for the Beihuan Pipeline and the Fixed Minimum Amount for the period between 1 October 2011 and 31 December 2011. The actual gas transportation income for the year ended 31 December 2011 pursuant to the gas transportation agreement entered into between Tianjin Gas and the Company dated 2 July 2009 (the "2009 Gas Transportation Agreement"), aggregating with the said RMB1,500,000, was within the relevant annual cap under the 2009 Gas Transportation Agreement.

### (2) Gas Purchase Contracts

On 28 October 2011, Tianjin Gas and the Company entered into three conditional gas supply contracts (the "New Gas Supply Contracts") in respect of the supply of natural gas by Tianjin Gas to the Company for the 12 months ended/ending 31 December 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios as defined under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules for the annual caps for the New Gas Supply Contracts of RMB1,430 million for the year ended 31 December 2012, RMB1,508 million for the year ending 31 December 2013 and RMB1,560 million for the year ending 31 December 2014 exceed 5%, the New Gas Supply Contracts were subject to, inter alia, the independent Shareholders' approval, reporting, annual review and announcement requirements under the Listing Rules.

The New Gas Supply Contracts were duly approved by the independent Shareholders in an extraordinary general meeting in December 2011.

For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 28 October 2011 and Company's circular dated 25 November 2011.

During the Period, the Company had purchased natural gas of approximately RMB1,138,218,000 (excluding tax) from Tianjin Gas which transaction amount was within the relevant annual cap approved by the Shareholders.

# (3) Pipeline Design Agreement

On 27 October 2009, the Company and Design Institute entered into the 2010 Pipeline Design Agreement (as defined in the Company's announcement dated 27 October 2009) in respect of renewal of provision of pipeline design service by Design Institute to the Company for the period from 1 January 2010 to 31 December 2012, with an annual cap of RMB4,400,000, RMB5,280,000 and RMB6,330,000 respectively.

Tianjin Gas is one of the promoters of the Company and as at the date of this report held 943,517,487 domestic shares of the Company, representing approximately 51.30% shareholding of the Company. Therefore, Tianjin Gas is a controlling shareholder of the Company and a connected person of the Company.

The annual caps under the 2010 Pipeline Design Agreement fell under the exemptions under the GEM Listing Rules and thus the 2010 Pipeline Design Agreement was exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirement and was only subject to the reporting and announcement requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

For details, please refers to the Company's announcements dated 27 October 2009.

During the Period, the Company had paid a design fee of approximately RMB2,297,000 to the Design Institute which transaction amount was within the relevant annual cap under the Pipeline Design Agreement.

The Company has rented a premises in the PRC from Tianjin Gas, the controlling shareholder of the Company and thus a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules, during the Period and the aggregate rent paid by the Group to Tianjin Gas amounted to RMB700,000 for the Period. The aforesaid transaction constitutes continuing connected transaction for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules but as the transaction was on normal commercial terms and each of the applicable percentage ratios is on an annual basis less than 5% and the annual consideration is less than HK\$1,000,000, it was exempt from the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Rule 14A.33 of the Listing Rules.

In accordance with the provisions of the Listing Rules, the independent non-executive directors have reviewed the Connected Transactions. In their opinion, the Connected Transactions were:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) either on normal commercial terms or, if there are not sufficient comparable transactions to judge whether they are on normal commercial terms, on terms no less favourable than terms available to or from independent third parties;
- (iii) in accordance with relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- (iv) on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors consider that those material related party transactions disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements did not fall under the definition of "connected transactions" or "continuing connected transactions" (as the case may be) in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which are required to comply with any of the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

In addition, the Company's auditors have also confirmed in writing to the Board (copied to the Stock Exchange), the above Connected Transactions:

- (1) have received the approval of the Company's board of directors:
- (2) nothing had come to their attention which caused them to believe that:
  - the Connected Transactions had not been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and
  - the Connected Transactions had not been entered into in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group if the transactions involve provision of goods or services by the Group; and
  - the transaction amount occurred in 2012 for each of the Connected Transactions was not within the respective cap amount for the financial year ended 31 December 2012 as disclosed in the Company's announcement on 27 October 2009, 28 October 2011 and 27 March 2012.

### RENEWAL OF CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

On 31 December 2012, the Company and Tianjin Gas Heat Planning and Design Institute (天津市燃氣熱力規劃設計院) (the "Design Institute") entered into the pipeline design agreement (the "2013 Pipeline Design Agreement") in respect of the renewal of provision of pipeline design service by Design Institute to the Company for the three years ending 31 December 2015.

As each of the applicable percentage ratios for the caps of the transaction contemplated under the 2013 Pipeline Design Agreement for each of the twelve months ending 31 December 2013, 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015 is, on an annual basis, more than 0.1% but less than 5%, the 2013 Pipeline Design Agreement is exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirement and is only subject to the reporting and announcement requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### STAFF AND EMOLUMENT POLICY

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had a workforce of 1,008 full-time employees, among which 99.9% were working in mainland China.

Emoluments of employees were determined pursuant to the common practice of the industry as well as individual performance. In addition to regular salaries, the Group also paid discretionary bonus to eligible employees subject to the Group's operating results and individual performance. The Group also made contributions to medical welfare and retirement funds as well as provided other benefits to all employees.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of RMB0.016 per share of the Company (2011: nil) to all shareholders of the Company based on the total number of shares of 1,839,307,800 shares of the Company as at 31 December 2012, with the total amount of dividend to be paid be RMB29,428,924.80, subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting to be convened and held. The date of annual general meeting, the book closing period, the record date for dividend payment, dividend payment procedures and payment date will be notified separately.

## **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The five largest customers of the Group together accounted for approximately 44% of the Group's total turnover for the year, with the largest customer accounted for approximately 19%. The five largest suppliers of the Group together accounted for approximately 100% of the Group's total purchases for the year, with the largest supplier accounted for 99%.

Except Tianjin Gas, a controlling shareholder of the Company, is a major supplier of the Group, at no time during the year did a director, an associate of a director or a shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) have an interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established an audit committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the audit committee are to review and to provide supervision over the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group. The audit committee comprises the three independent non-executive directors, Professor Zhang Yu Li, Mr. Luo Wei Kun and Mr. Tam Tak Kei, Raymond. The Audit Committee has reviewed the report and the results for the year.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the PRC, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

### **AUDITOR**

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the auditor of the Company.

### MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this report, no contract of significance has been entered into during the reporting period between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling shareholder or its subsidiaries.

# APPOINTMENT AND RESIGNATION OF DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS

Mr. Gong Jing (the then non-executive Director) and Mr. Chan Shun Kuen, Eric (the then independent non-executive Director) retired from office as Directors on 20 June 2012 due to the increasing commitments of Mr. Gong and Mr. Chan to their other professional and personal affairs.

Mr. Sha Jin Cheng (the then independent Supervisor) retired from office as independent Supervisor on 20 June 2012 as he has reached the age of retirement.

The proposed appointments of Mr. Wang Zhi Yong to be a non-executive Director and Mr. Jiang Nian to be an independent Supervisor have been approved by the Shareholders at the general meeting on 20 June 2012.

# CHANGE OF CHAIRMAN OF REMUNERATION COMMITTEE AND ESTABLISHMENT OF A NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Jin Jian Ping ceased to be the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and Mr. Luo Wei Kun has been appointed as chairman of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 29 March 2012. The members of the Remuneration Committee remain unchanged.

On 29 March 2012, the nomination committee of the Company ("Nomination Committee") has been established. As at the date of this report, the chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr. Jin Jian Ping (executive Director and Chairman) and other members include Mr. Zhang Yu Li (independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Luo Wei Kun (independent non-executive Director). The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying individual suitably qualified to become Board members, selecting or making recommendation to the Board on selection of individuals nominated for directorship, assessing the independence of independent non-executive Director and making recommendation to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

### **CHANGE OF COMPANY NAME**

As announced by the Company on 20 June 2012, the special resolution regarding the Change of Company Name was passed by the Shareholders on 20 June 2012. The name of the Company has been changed from "天津天聯公用事業股份有限公司 Tianjin Tianlian Public Utilities Company Limited to 天津津燃公用事業股份有限公司 Tianjin Jinran Public Utilities Company Limited". A new business license bearing the new name of the Company in Chinese was issued by the Tianjin Administration of Industry and Commerce Bureau (天津市工商行政管理局) on 17 August 2012. The Certificate of Registration of Change of Corporate Name of Non-Hong Kong Company was issued by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong on 12 September 2012 certifying that the new names of the Company have been registered in Hong Kong under Part XI of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

Following the Change of Company Name, the stock short name of the Company for trading in the H Shares on the Stock Exchange has been changed from "TIANJINTIANLIAN" to "TIANJINJINRAN" in English and from "天津天 聯公用" to "天津津燃公用" in Chinese with effect from 21 September 2012 at 9:00 a.m.. The stock code of the Company remains unchanged.

On behalf of the Board

Tianjin Jinran Public Utilities Company Limited

Jin Jian Ping

Chairman

28 March 2013

# SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE'S REPORT

To All Shareholders:

During the period of this report, all members of the Supervisory Committee have faithfully discharged their supervisory duties vested in them by the Articles of Association of the Company in compliance with the provisions of the Company Law of the People's Republic of China and the Articles of Association of the Company to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders and abiding by the principle of good faith in performing its work prudently and diligently. Our major functions comprised: exercising supervision over the Board to ensure that they are performing effectively, supervision of the major policies and decisions of the Company's management to determine their consistency with the law and regulations of the State, the Articles of Association of the Company and the interests of the shareholders of the Company, and making recommendations on the development strategy of the Group.

The Supervisory Committee has reviewed the accounting evidence, books and records, statements and other accounting information of the Company. We are of the opinion that the Company's financial statements have been properly prepared, and that the auditing work and financial management of the Company are in compliance of the relevant regulations. We have found nothing contained therein to be doubtful.

The Supervisory Committee has also carefully reviewed the Directors' Report, the audited financial statements and the proposed profit appropriation plan to be submitted by the Board to the forthcoming annual general meeting. We are of the opinion that the directors, general manager and other senior management staff of the Company have strictly adhered to the principle of good faith and sincerely acted in the best interests of the Company when they exercised their power. They have not committed any acts in violation of any laws or regulations or Articles of Association, nor have they been provided in any acts of abuse of power or infringement of the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

In 2013, the Supervisory Committee will continue faithfully to perform its duties and work diligently to safeguard the interests of all of the Company's investors.

By order of the Supervisory Committee **Cao Shu Jing** *Chairman of the Supervisory Committee*The PRC

28 March 2013

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# **Deloitte.**

# 德勤

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

#### TIANJIN JINRAN PUBLIC UTILITIES COMPANY LIMITED

天津津燃公用事業股份有限公司

(A joint stock company with limited liability established in the People's Republic of China)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tianjin Jinran Public Utilities Company Limited (formerly known as Tianjin Tianlian Public Utilities Company Limited) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 57 to 125, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2012, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu**Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 28 March 2013

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	NOTES	Year ended 31 December 2012 RMB'000	Year ended 31 December 2011 RMB'000
Revenue Cost of sales	5	1,538,939 (1,381,494)	1,058,017 (919,568)
Gross profit Other income Other gains and losses Selling expenses Administrative expenses Finance costs Share of profit of associates	7a 7b	157,445 12,520 7,491 (54) (22,422) - 3,681	138,449 10,243 (2,944) (135) (29,315) (168) 4,453
Profit before tax Income tax expense	8	158,661 (39,473)	120,583 (29,676)
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	9	119,188	90,907
Profit (loss) for the year and total comprehensive income (expense) for the year attributable to:  Owners of the Company  Non-controlling interests		119,577 (389) 119,188	90,907 - 90,907
Earnings per share  – basic (RMB cents)	11	6.5	5.5

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# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

At 31 December 2012

		The (	Group	The Co	mpany
		31 December 2012	31 December 2011	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
	NOTES	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-current Assets					
Property, plant and equipment	13	317,291	306,194	310,867	306,157
Prepaid lease payments	14	7,822	8,024	7,822	8,024
Intangible assets	15	716,512	738,582	701,124	738,582
Investments in subsidiaries	16	-	-	20,000	20,000
Interests in associates	17	22,767	26,167	8,778	8,778
Prepayment		84	110	84	110
Deferred tax assets	27	164	2,389	164	2,389
Deposit for acquisition of additional	01		F 000		
interest in an associate	21	-	5,000	_	
		1,064,640	1,086,466	1,048,839	1,084,040
Current Assets					
Inventories	18	1,184	922	684	922
Trade receivables	19	307,481	266,554	307,340	266,004
Prepayment and other receivables	19	29,446	20,646	26,209	20,646
Amount due from an associate	20	-	1,490	-	-
Held for trading investments	22	2,193	2,046	-	-
Bank balances and cash	23	372,411	272,031	371,624	268,771
		712,715	563,689	705,857	556,343
Current Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	24	148,641	143,216	142,187	143,003
Dividend payable		9,118	9,118	9,118	9,118
Income tax payable	20	12,472	9,238	12,472	9,125
Amount due to a shareholder Amount due to a related party	20 20	85,396 2,297	83,861 1,116	85,396 2,297	83,861 1,116
Amount due to a related party	20	2,297	1,110	2,237	1,110
		257,924	246,549	251,470	246,223
Net Current Assets		454,791	317,140	454,387	310,120
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		1,519,431	1,403,606	1,503,226	1,394,160
				, ,	

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

At 31 December 2012

		The Group		The Company	
		31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
		2012	2011	2012	2011
	NOTES	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Capital and Reserves					
Share capital	25	183,931	183,931	183,931	183,931
Share premium and reserves	26	1,331,824	1,212,247	1,319,295	1,202,801
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		1,515,755	1,396,178	1,503,226	1,386,732
Non-controlling interests		3,676	-	-	<i>y</i>
					94
Total Equity		1,519,431	1,396,178	1,503,226	1,386,732
Non-current Liability					
Amount due to a shareholder	20	-	7,428	-	7,428
		1,519,431	1,403,606	1,503,226	1,394,160

The consolidated financial statements on pages 57 to 125 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2013 and are signed on its behalf by:

Dong Hui Qiang
DIRECTOR

Jin Jian Ping
DIRECTOR

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

For the year ended 31 December 2012

Attributable to	owners of	the Co	mpany
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					•			
	Share capital RMB'000	Share premium RMB'000	Statutory surplus reserve RMB'000 (note i)	Enterprise expansion fund RMB'000 (note i)	Accumulated profits RMB'000	<b>Total</b> RMB'000	Non- Controlling interests RMB'000	<b>Total</b> RMB'000
At 1 January 2011	114,960	267,672	29,640	9,402	293,595	715,269		715,269
Profit and total comprehensive	114,500	207,072	23,040	5,402	233,333	715,205		713,203
income for the year		_	_	_	90,907	90,907	_	90,907
Issue of Domestic Shares (note ii)	68,971	521,031	_	_	-	590,002	_	590,002
Appropriation	-	-	7,693	3,847	(11,540)	-	_	-
At 31 December 2011	183,931	788,703	37,333	13,249	372,962	1,396,178	-	1,396,178
Profit (loss) and total comprehensive income								
(expense) for the year	_	_	_	_	119,577	119,577	(389)	119,188
Appropriation	_	_	9,045	4,522	(13,567)		_	_
Acquisition of a subsidiary								
(note 31)	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,065	4,065
At 31 December 2012	183,931	788,703	46,378	17,771	478,972	1,515,755	3,676	1,519,431

Notes:

#### (i) Basis of appropriations reserves

Prior to August 2007, the Company's and each of its subsidiaries' Articles of Association require the appropriation of 10% its profit after tax determined under the People's Republic of China ("PRC") accounting standards each year to the statutory surplus reserve until the balance reaches 50% of the share capital. The statutory surplus reserve shall only be used for making up losses, capitalisation into share capital and expansion of the production and operation. After transformation to a foreign invested joint stock company in June 2007, the transfers to statutory surplus reserve fund is based on the profit after tax stated in the financial statements prepared under the PRC accounting standards at the discretion of the board of directors.

As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations for foreign investment enterprises in the PRC, the PRC subsidiaries are required to maintain an enterprise expansion fund. Enterprise expansion fund are non– distributable. Appropriations to such reserves are made out of net profit after tax annually of the PRC subsidiaries at the discretion of its board of directors. The enterprise expansion fund is used for expanding the capital base of the PRC companies by means of capitalisation issue.

(ii) Pursuant to the announcement of the Company dated 5 October 2009 and the circular of the Company dated 31 December 2010 in relation to the very substantial acquisition, the Company entered into the Assets Acquisition Agreement with 天津市燃氣集團有限公司 ("Tianjin Gas"), pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to acquire from Tianjin Gas part of the tangible assets gas ancillary facilities (including outdoor pipelines) and the right for distribution of gas (the "Transferred Assets") held by the Hedong District Sales Offices and the Heping District Sales Offices of both the Transmissions Branch and the First Sales Branch of Tianjin Gas (both branches of Tianjin Gas). To satisfy the consideration, the Company issued, in aggregate, 689,707,800 Domestic Shares to Tianjin Gas on 7 April 2011 and the transaction was completed on 11 April 2011.

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For the year ended 31 December 2012

Note	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Operating activities		
Profit before tax	158,661	120,583
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	54,415	38,383
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	202	202
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	13,142	8,793
Finance costs	-	168
Interest income	(1,839)	(2,473)
Share of results of associates	(3,681)	(4,453)
(Gain) loss on fair value changes of		
investments held for trading	(177)	1,106
(Reversal of allowances for) allowance for		
bad and doubtful debts	(7,314)	1,838
Loss on disposal of property,		
plant and equipment	9	45
Operating cash flows before movements	012.410	164 100
in working capital	213,418	164,192
Increase in inventories Increase in trade receivables	(262)	(99)
	(40,182)	(219,846)
Increase in deposits, prepayments and other receivables	(8,526)	(8,984)
(Decrease) increase in amount due to a shareholder	(5,893)	99,118
(Decrease) increase in held for trading investments	30	(692)
Increase in trade and other payables	3,831	112,833
Increase (decrease) in amount due to a related party	1,181	(182)
more deed (deed edge) in dimedial edge to different party	1,101	(102)
Net cash generated from operations	163,597	146,340
Interest paid	_	(168)
Income tax paid	(34,014)	(25,309)
	, ,	
Net cash generated from operating activities	129,583	120,863

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Investing activities			
Payment for construction of infrastructure for service			
concession arrangement		(15,579)	(6,029)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(13,164)	(29,148)
Deposit for acquisition of a subsidiary		_	(5,000)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	31	(2,474)	_
Repayment from (advance to) an associate		170	(1,490)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		5	3
Decrease in short-term bank deposits with			
original maturity more than three months		-	2,060
Interest received		1,839	2,473
Net cash used in investing activities		(29,203)	(37,131)
Financing activities			
Dividend paid		-	(625)
Repayment of borrowings		-	(40,000)
Net cash used in financing activities		-	(40,625)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		100,380	43,107
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January 2012		272,031	228,924
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 2012,		270 411	070.001
represented by Bank balances and cash		372,411	272,031

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 1. GENERAL

The Company was established at Weishan Road, Chang Qing Science, Industry and Trade Park, Jinnan District, Tianjin, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") as a joint stock limited company. Its ultimate and immediate holding company is 天津市燃氣集團有限公司 ("Tianjin Gas"). The Company's overseas listed foreign shares ("H Shares") were listed on the Growth Enterprises Market (the "GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 9 January 2004. In June 2007, the Company transformed to a foreign invested joint stock limited company. The Company's listing was transferred from GEM to the main board of the Stock Exchange since 18 October 2011. On 20 June 2012, the Company changed its name from Tianjin Tianlian Public Utilities Company Limited (天津天聯公用事業股份有限公司) to Tianjin Jinran Public Utilities Company Limited (天津津燃公用事業股份有限公司). A new business license under the new name of the Company was issued by the Tianjin Administration of Industry and Commerce Bureau (天津市工商行政管理局) on 17 August 2012.

The principal activities of the Company are the operation and management of gas pipeline infrastructure and the sale and distribution of piped gas. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are disclosed in note 35.

The Group's principal operations are conducted in the PRC. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the functional currency of the Company.

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Amendments to HKAS 12
Amendments HKFRS 7

Deferred Tax – Recovery of Underlying Assets
Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Transfers of Financial
Assets

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

The Group and the Company has not early applied the following new or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRSs
Amendments HKFRS 7

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and

HKFRS 7

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27

HKFRS 9

HKFRS 10

HKFRS 11

HKFRS 12

HKFRS 13

Amendments to HKAS 1

HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011)

HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)

Amendments to HKAS 32

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Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle<sup>1</sup>

Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities<sup>1</sup> Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and Transition Disclosure<sup>2</sup>

Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance<sup>1</sup> Investment Entities<sup>4</sup>

Financial Instruments<sup>2</sup>

Consolidated Financial Statements<sup>1</sup>

Joint Arrangements<sup>1</sup>

Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities<sup>1</sup>

Fair Value Measurement<sup>1</sup>

Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income<sup>3</sup>

Employee Benefits<sup>1</sup>

Separate Financial Statements<sup>1</sup>

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures<sup>1</sup>
Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities<sup>4</sup>

Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine<sup>1</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012
- <sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

# Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 – 2011 Cycle issued in June 2012

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 – 2011 Cycle include a number of amendments to various HKFRSs. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. Amendments to HKFRSs include the amendments to HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and the amendments to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

The amendments to HKAS 16 clarify that spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment should be classified as property, plant and equipment when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment in HKAS 16 and as inventory otherwise.

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify that income tax on distributions to holders of an equity instrument and transaction costs of an equity transaction should be accounted for in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes.

The directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments will have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

#### **HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments**

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 amended in 2010 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

• All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

#### **HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments** (continued)

• Comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015, with earlier application permitted.

The directors anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future may have impact on the results and the financial position of the Group. Regarding the Group's financial assets, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that impact until a detailed review has been completed.

# New and revised Standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures

In June 2011, a package of five standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures was issued, including HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12, HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011).

Key requirements of these standards relevant to the Group are described below.

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that deal with consolidated financial statements and HK (SIC)-Int 12 Consolidation Special Purpose Entities will be withdrawn upon the effective date of HKFRS 10. Under HKFRS 10, there is only one basis for consolidation, that is, control. In addition, HKFRS 10 includes a new definition of control that contains three elements: (a) power over an investee, (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Extensive guidance has been added in HKFRS 10 to deal with complex scenarios.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

# New and revised Standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures (continued)

HKFRS 12 is a disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 12 are more extensive than those in the current standards.

In July 2012, the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 were issued to clarify certain transitional guidance on the application of these five HKFRSs for the first time.

These standards, together with the amendments relating to the transitional guidance, are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 with earlier application permitted provided that all of these standards are applied at the same time. The directors anticipate that the application of these five standards will not have a material impact on the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements but will lead to more extensive disclosures.

### **HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement**

HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad; it applies to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except in specified circumstances. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 13 are more extensive than those in the current standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy currently required for financial instruments only under HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures will be extended by HKFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

HKFRS 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted. The directors anticipate that the application of the new standard may result in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

The directors anticipate that the application of other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinances.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instrument, that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

Allocation of total comprehensive income to non-controlling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any identified impairment loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, investments in associates are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount, Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group' consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### Gas connection contracts

When the outcome of a fixed price gas connection contract can be estimated reliably and the stage of completion at the end of the reporting date can be measured reliably, construction contract revenue from gas connection contracts is recognised based on the percentage of completion method, as measured by reference to the proportion that the cost of work carried out during the year bear to the estimated total contract costs.

When the outcome of a gas connection contract cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is only recognised to the extent of contract cost incurred that it is probable to be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from construction of gas pipeline infrastructure under gas supply service concession arrangements

Revenue from providing construction services under the gas supply service concession arrangements are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the concession arrangements at the end of reporting period, as measured by contract cost incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract cost. Operation or service revenue is recognised in the year in which the services are provided by the Group.

#### Others

Sales of gas and gas distribution income are recognised when gas is supplied to customers while sales of gas appliances and lead and zinc are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipt through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

# Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including leasehold land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes other than construction in progress, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purpose are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as leasee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

#### Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Leasing (continued)

Leasehold land and building (continued)

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. When the lease payment cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a financial lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

#### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (RMB) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period.

### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

#### Retirement benefit costs

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit schemes are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expenses represent the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Taxation** (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extend that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the assets is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

# **Intangible assets**

Intangible assets acquired separately and with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effective of any changes in estimates being accounted for on a prospective basis. (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets below).

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#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Intangible assets** (continued)

The Group as a gas supply operator has access to operate the gas pipeline infrastructure to provide public service on behalf of the grantor in accordance with the terms specified in the service concession arrangement. When the Group has a right to charge for usage of concession infrastructure (as consideration for providing construction service in a service concession arrangement), it recognises an intangible asset at fair value upon initial recognition. The intangible asset is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss in period when the asset is derecognised.

#### Mining right

Mining rights is recognised at its fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as its cost) less subsequent accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Mining rights are amortised over its license period of 6 years using the straight-line method.

# Impairment loss on tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sales.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statements of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (financial assets held for trading) and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial assets, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carring amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Financial asses at FVTPL include financial assets held for trading.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 22.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade receivables, other receivables, amount due from an associate, bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy in impairment loss on financial assets below).

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets, the estimate future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

For loans and receivables, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest and principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 90 days and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables and other receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable or other receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written-off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measure at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decreases can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued)

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimate future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discount) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables, dividend payable, amount due to a related party and a shareholder are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Share-based payment transactions**

Shares issued in exchange for goods or services are measured at the fair values of the goods or services received, unless the fair value cannot be measured reliably, in which case the goods or services received are measured by reference to the fair value of the shares issued. The fair values of goods or services received are recognised as expenses, with a corresponding increase in equity when the Group obtains the goods or services, unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets.

#### 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to makes judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future period.

The key source of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that has a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is declosed below.

#### Recognition of sales of gas

Revenue for sales of gas includes an estimation of the gas supplied to the customers for each of the month end. The estimation is done mainly based on the past consumption records and recent consumption pattern of individual customers which are updated periodically to reflect latest information. Notwithstanding that the directors review and revise the estimate, the actual consumption may be higher or lower than the estimates and this will affect the revenue recognised.

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#### 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

#### Estimated impairment of trade receivables

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of trade receivable is RMB178,040,000 net of allowance for doubtful debts of RMB7,198,000) (31 December 2011: carrying amount of RMB115,494,000, net of allowance for doubtful debts of RMB14,512,000).

#### Estimated impairment of right for distribution of gas

Determining whether right for distribution of gas are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which right for distribution of gas have been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of right for distribution gas is RMB701,124,000 (2011: RMB738,582,000).

# Estimated impairment of mining right

Determining whether the mining right is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which mining right has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of mining right is RMB15,388,000 (2011:Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 5. REVENUE

Revenue represents revenue from sales of piped gas, construction contract revenue from gas connection contracts and construction of gas pipeline infrastructure, gas transportation revenue, revenue from sales of gas appliances and lead and zinc, net of discount and sales related tax, during the year.

As disclosed in note 31, the Group completed the acquisition of the additional 39% equity interests of 貴州津維礦業投資有限公司(「貴州津維」) and 「貴州津維」 completed its acquisition of 70% equity interest in 貴州省台江縣國新鉛鋅選礦有限責任公司(「貴州國新」) on 30 June 2012. 貴州國新 owns a mining right of a lead-zinc mine located in Taijiang County, Guizhou Province and the Group commenced the mining and trading of lead and zinc during the year.

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue for its major products and services:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Sales of piped gas	1,337,106	890,472
Gas connection income	166,079	153,208
Gas transportation income	11,942	3,763
Sales of gas appliances	7,646	4,545
Sales of lead and zinc	587	
Revenue from construction of gas pipeline infrastructure	15,579	6,029
	1,538,939	1,058,017

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is divided into five divisions as follow:

- 1. Sales of piped gas sales of piped gas to industrial and residential users
- 2. Gas connection provision of piped gas connection services
- 3. Gas transportation transportation of gas to Tianjin Gas
- 4. Sales of gas appliances
- 5. Mineral exploration mining, processing and trading of lead and zinc

These divisions are the basis on which the Group reported its segment information, based on the financial information prepared on the PRC generally accepted accounting principles (which is consistent with the accounting policies set out in note 3) reported to board of directors of the Company, the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. The construction of gas pipeline infrastructure operation is not reported to the board of directors of the Company (being the chief operating decision maker).

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Information regarding the above five divisions constitute the five operating segments is reported below.

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating segment for the year under review:

#### Year ended 31 December 2012

	Sales of piped gas RMB'000	Gas connection RMB'000	Gas transportation RMB'000	Sales of gas appliances RMB'000	Mineral exploration RMB'000	Segment total RMB'000
Segment revenue from external customers	1,337,106	166,079	11,942	7,646	587	1,523,360
Segment profit (loss)	40,744	110,581	4,725	703	(724)	156,029

## **Reconciliation of segment revenue**

	RMB'000
Total segment revenue  Revenue from construction of gas pipeline infrastructure	1,523,360 15,579
Revenue	1,538,939

# Reconciliation of segment profit

	RMB'000
Total segment profit	156,029
Profit from construction of gas pipeline infrastructure	1,416
Share of result of associates	3,681
Other income	12,520
Other gains and losses	7,491
Corporate expenses	(22,476)
Profit before tax	158,661

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

	Sales of piped gas RMB'000	Gas connection RMB'000	Gas transportation RMB'000	Sales of gas appliances RMB'000	Mineral exploration RMB'000	Segment total RMB'000
Segment revenue from external customers	890,472	153,208	3,763	4,545	N/A	1,051,988
Segment profit	31,478	104,337	1,239	836	N/A	137,890

# Reconciliation of segment revenue

		RMB'000
Total segment re	venue onstruction of gas pipeline infrastructure	1,051,988 6,029
Revenue		1,058,017

# Reconciliation of segment profit

	RMB'000
Total segment profit	137,890
Profit from construction of gas pipeline infrastructure	559
Share of result of associates	4,453
Other income	10,243
Other gains and losses	(2,944)
Corporate expenses	(29,450)
Finance costs	(168)
Profit before tax	120,583
	The second secon

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies. Segment profit/loss represents the profit/loss earned by each segment without allocation of other income, other gains and losses, share of result of associates, corporate expenses and finance costs. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

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#### 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

#### Other segment information

	Sales of	piped gas	Gas con	nection	Gas trans	portation	Mineral ex	xploration	Total for al	segments	Adjust	ments	To	tal
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of intangible assets Amortisation of prepaid lease payment	3,740	2,938	-	-	6,816	2,400	132	-	10,688	5,338	2,454	3,455	13,142	8,793
	53,037	38,383	-	-	-	-	1,378	-	54,415	38,383	-	-	54,415	38,383
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	202	202	202	202

Note 1: Adjustments represent corporate expenses not allocated to the measurement of segment profit.

During the current year, the Group had carried out gas connection contract work with revenue of approximately RMB57,600,000 (2011: RMB6,983,000) in certain areas in Tianjin, in which the gas supply is being separately provided by Tianjin Gas, a substantial shareholder of the Company, to its own customers.

No analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating segment is disclosed as they are not regularly provided to the board of directors of the Company for review.

# **Geographical information**

The Group's operations are all located in the PRC and all its revenue are earned from customers located in the PRC. Accordingly, no geographical information is presented.

# Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Customer A <sup>1</sup> Customer B <sup>1</sup>	287,010 N/A²	152,477 109,985

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Revenue from sales of piped gas.

The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total sales of the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 7a. OTHER INCOME

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Value added tax refund Bank interest income Others	10,681 1,839 -	7,220 2,473 550
	12,520	10,243

# 7b. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Net gain (losses) on fair value change of held for trading investments	177	(1,106)
Reversal of allowance for (allowance for) bad and doubtful debts	7,314	(1,838)
	7,491	(2,944)

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For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
The charge comprises: PRC Enterprise Income Tax Deferred tax (note 27)	37,248 2,225	30,071 (395)
	39,473	29,676

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate of 25% for the year (2011: 25%).

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group's income neither arises in, nor is derived from, Hong Kong.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Profit before tax	158,661	120,583
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 25%  Tax effect of share of profit of associates	39,665 (920)	30,146 (1,113)
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	544	514
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised  Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(80)	129
Income tax expenses for the year	39,473	29,676

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 9. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

2012	2011
RMB'000	RMB'000
13,142	8,793
54,415	38,383
67,557	47,176
1,100	1,100
80,880	53,209
9	45
202	202
1,296	464
1,144,849	756,791
	13,142 54,415 67,557 1,100 80,880 9 202 1,296

# 10. DIVIDEND

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Final dividend proposed, RMB0.016 per share (financial year ended 31 December 2011: Nil)	29,429	1.

A final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2012 of RMB0.016 (2011: Nil) per share has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Earnings Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	119,577	90,907
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share ('000)	1,839,308	1,657,905

No diluted earnings per share have been presented as the Company had no potential ordinary shares outstanding during both year.

# 12. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND GENERAL MANAGER'S REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

# Directors, supervisors and general manager

Details of remuneration paid to the directors, supervisors and general manager during the year are as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Fees	800	850
Salaries and other benefits	478	474
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	25	23
	1,303	1,347

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 12. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND GENERAL MANAGER'S REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

(continued)

## Directors, supervisors and general manager (continued)

Fees of directors, supervisors and general manager analysed into:

#### Year ended 31 December 2012

	Fees RMB'000	Basic salaries RMB'000	Performance related incentive payment RMB'000	Retirement benefit scheme contributions RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Executive directors					
Bai Shaoliang	50	_	_	_	50
Dong Huiqiang	50	_	-	_	50
Jin Jianping	50	-	-	-	50
Tang Jie	50	-	-	-	50
Zhang Tianhua	50	-	-	-	50
	250	-	-	-	250
Non-executive directors					
Gong Jing (note 1)	25	_	_	_	25
Wang Zhiyong (note 2)	25	-	-	-	25
	50	-	-	-	50
Independent non-executive directors					
Chan Shun Kuen, Eric (note 3)	50	-	-	-	50
Luo Weikun	50	-	-	_	50
Tam Tak Kei, Raymond	100	-	-	-	100
Zhang Yuli	50	-	-	_	50
	250	-	-	-	250

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 12. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND GENERAL MANAGER'S REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

(continued)

#### Directors, supervisors and general manager (continued)

	Fees RMB'000	Basic salaries RMB'000	Performance related incentive payment RMB'000	Retirement benefit scheme contributions RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Supervisors					
Cao Shujing	50	_	_	_	50
Hao Li	50	42	5	_	97
Jiang Nian (note 4)	25	_	_	_	25
Qi Yinfeng (note 5)	50	-	-	_	50
Sha Jincheng (note 6)	25	-	-	-	25
Sun Xuegang	50	107	15	25	197
	250	149	20	25	444
General Manager					
Zheng Taiqi (note 7)	-	272	37	_	309
	800	421	57	25	1,303

- Note 1: Mr. Gong Jing resigned as non-executive director of the Group on 20 June 2012.
- Note 2: Mr. Wang Zhiyong was appointed as non-executive director of the Group on 20 June 2012.
- Note 3: Mr. Chan Shun Kuen, Eric resigned as independent non-executive director of the Group on 20 June 2012.
- Note 4: Mr. Jiang Nian was appointed as supervisor of the Group on 20 June 2012.
- Note 5: Mr. Qi Yinfeng passed away on 28 August 2012 and the Group paid whole year remuneration to his family.
- Note 6: Mr. Sha Jincheng resigned as supervisor of the Group on 20 June 2012.
- Note 7: The Company does not have any officer with the title of "chief executive officer" or "chief executive", but the duties of a chief executive officer have been carried out by Mr. Zheng Tai Qi, the general manager of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 12. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND GENERAL MANAGER'S REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

(continued)

# **Directors, supervisors and general manager** (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

			Performance	Retirement	
			related incentive	benefit scheme	
	Fees	Basic salaries	payment	contributions	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
For a self-or allow at a man					
Executive directors	F0				F0.
Bai Shaoliang	50	_	_		50
Dong Huiqiang	50	_		_	50
Jin Jianping	50	_	-	_	50
Tang Jie	50	-	-	- L	50
Zhang Tianhua (note 8)	12	_	.77		12
	212	_	FF-		212
Non-executive directors					
Gong Jing	50	-/			50
Sun Boquan (note 9)	38	_	/ -	<u> </u>	38
	88		/ / -		88
Independent non-					
executive directors					
Chan Shun Kuen, Eric	100	_	/		100
Luo Weikun	50	/ =2			50
Tam Tak Kei,					
Raymond (note 10)	100		_		100
Zhang Yuli	50		7	11	50
Zhang Tuli	30			///	30
	300		7	1-12	300

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 12. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND GENERAL MANAGER'S REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

(continued)

## **Directors, supervisors and general manager** (continued)

			Performance	Retirement	
			related incentive	benefit scheme	
	Fees	Basic salaries	payment	contributions	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Supervisors					
Cao Shujing	50	_	_	_	50
Hao Li	50	38	13	_	101
Qi Yinfeng	50	_	_	_	50
Sha Jincheng	50	_	_	_	50
Sun Xuegang	50	99	19	23	191
	250	137	32	23	442
General Manager					
Zheng Taiqi (note 7)	_	272	33	_	305
	850	409	65	23	1,347

Note 8: Mr. Zhang Tianhua was appointed as executive director of the Group on 23 September 2011.

Note 9: Mr. Sun Boquan resigned as non-executive director of the Group on 25 July 2011.

Note 10: Mr. Tam Tak Kei, Raymond was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 13 February 2011.

Performance related incentive payment is determined based an individual performance of the director.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 12. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND GENERAL MANAGER'S REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

(continued)

#### **Employees**

The five highest paid employees in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 included one director, two supervisors and the general manager (2011: one director, two supervisors and the general manager) whose emoluments are included in the above disclosures. The remuneration of the remaining highest paid employee for the year is as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme contributions	146 -	177 -
	146	177
Their emoluments are within the following band:		
	2012	2011
Nil-RMB810,800 (2011: Nil to RMB810,700) (equivalent to Nil to HK\$1,000,000)	1	1

For the year ended 31 December 2012 and 2011, no directors, supervisors, general manager or the remaining highest paid employee waived or agreed to waive any emoluments and no incentive was paid to them as an induction to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

#### The Group

	Leasehold land and buildings RMB'000	Pipelines RMB'000	Machinery RMB'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Mining structures RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	<b>Total</b> RMB'000
	KWID 000	TOTAL DOOD	KWB 000	THIND GOO	TIME 000	TOTAL DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	TAME GOO	TOTAL DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE
COST								
At 1 January 2011	36,134	66,606	37,314	3,032	4,947	-	130,967	279,000
Additions	-	-	1,042	737	1,524	-	30,040	33,343
Acquisition of								
Transferred Assets	-	-	20,607	177	1,901	-	-	22,685
Reclassification	1,396	153,026	-	-	-	-	(154,422)	-
Disposal	-	-	(19)	-	(72)	_	-	(91)
At 31 December 2011	37,530	219,632	58,944	3,946	8,300	_	6,585	334,937
Additions (note a)	6,569	_	2,236	568	981	_	9,379	19,733
Reclassification	429	_	598	_	_	3,890	(4,917)	_
Acquisition of a								
subsidiary (note 31)	_	_	802	6	127	1,338	2,247	4,520
Disposal	-	-	-	-	(172)	-	-	(172)
At 31 December 2012	44,528	219,632	62,580	4,520	9,236	5,228	13,294	359,018
DEPRECIATION								
At 1 January 2011	5,368	3,956	5,553	1,798	3,318	_	_	19,993
Provided for the year	851	3,777	2,938	485	742	_		8,793
Disposal	-	-	(1)	-	(42)	_	-	(43)
At 31 December 2011	6,219	7,733	8,490	2,283	4,018			28,743
Provided for the year	891	6,816	3,740	385	1,178	132	_	13,142
Disposal	-	- 0,010	5,740	-	(158)	-	-	(158)
At 31 December 2012	7,110	14,549	12,230	2,668	5,038	132	_	41,727
CARRYING VALUES								
At 31 December 2011	31,311	211,899	50,454	1,663	4,282	-	6,585	306,194
At 31 December 2012	37,418	205,083	50,350	1,852	4,198	5,096	13,294	317,291
	,		,-50	-,	.,	-,-50	,	,201

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

#### The Company

	Leasehold land and buildings RMB'000	Pipelines RMB'000	<b>Machinery</b> RMB'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	<b>Total</b> RMB'000
COST							1//
At 1 January 2011	36,134	66,606	37,314	2,975	4,947	130,967	278,943
Additions	-	-	1,042	737	1,524	30,040	33,343
Acquisition of			,		, ,		
Transferred Assets	-	-	20,607	177	1,901	- 1	22,685
Reclassification	1,396	153,026	-	-	-	(154,422)	- 1
Disposal	-	-	(19)	-	(72)	<i>                                      </i>	(91)
At 31 December 2011	37,530	219,632	58,944	3,889	8,300	6,585	334,880
Additions (note a)	6,569	-	2,204	545	644	7,616	17,578
Reclassification	429	-	597	-	<i>-</i>	(1,026)	-
Disposal			-	-//	(172)	- / -	(172)
At 31 December 2012	44,528	219,632	61,745	4,434	8,772	13,175	352,286
At 01 December 2012		213,002	01,740	1,101	0,772	10,170	
DEPRECIATION							
At 1 January 2011	5,368	3,956	5,553	1,788	3,318	_	19,983
Provided for the year	851	3,777	2,938	475	742		8,783
Disposal	-	-	(1)	-9	(42)		(43)
At 31 December 2011	6,219	7,733	8,490	2,263	4,018	-	28,723
Provided for the year	891	6,816	3,662	373	1,112	-//	12,854
Disposal		./\	-	<u>( )</u>	(158)		(158)
At 31 December 2012	7,110	14,549	12,152	2,636	4,972	-////-	41,419
CARRYING VALUES							
At 31 December 2011	31,311	211,899	50,454	1,626	4,282	6,585	306,157
AL 21 D	07.410	005.000	40.500	1.700	2.000	10.175	210.007
At 31 December 2012	37,418	205,083	49,593	1,798	3,800	13,175	310,867

Note a: The additions represented two properties received from one debtor for settlement of trade receivable of RMB6,569,000 as disclosed in note 19.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are depreciated, after taking into accounts their residual value on a straight-line basis at the following rate per annum:

Leasehold land and buildings	Over the shorter of the term of lease or 40 years
Pipelines	25 – 30 years
Machinery	10 – 25 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 – 8 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Mining structures	6 years

The leasehold land and buildings are situated in the PRC and are situated on land held under medium-term land use rights.

At 31 December 2012, the Group is in the process of applying title certificates for certain leasehold land and buildings with a carrying value of approximately RMB9,678,000 (31.12.2011: RMB2,826,000).

#### 14. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

The Group's and the Company's prepaid lease payments comprise:

	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
Leasehold land in the PRC:  Medium-term lease	8,037	8,239
Analysed for reporting purpose as:  Current portion (included in prepayment and other receivables)  Non-current portion	215 7,822	215 8,024
	8,037	8,239

The cost of prepaid lease payments is amortised over 40 to 50 years on a straight-line basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### The Group

	Right for distribution of gas	Mining right	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Note a)	(Note b)	
COST			
At 1 January 2011	251,630	_	251,630
Acquisition of Transferred Assets	567,317	_ 37	567,317
Additions under service concession arrangement	6,029	_//	6,029
At 31 December 2011	824,976		824,976
Acquisition of a subsidiary		16,766	16,766
Additions under service concession arrangement	15,579	_	15,579
	-		
At 31 December 2012	840,555	16,766	857,321
	- 41	A 100 March	
AMORTISATION			
At 1 January 2011	48,011	/ / - /	48,011
Provided for the year	38,383	-/	38,383
	7.7		
At 31 December 2011	86,394	F 315 -	86,394
Provided for the year	53,037	1,378	54,415
At 31 December 2012	139,431	1,378	140,809
OARRYING VALUE			
CARRYING VALUES	720 500		700 E00
At 31 December 2011	738,582		738,582
At 21 December 2012	701 104	15 200	71C E10
At 31 December 2012	701,124	15,388	716,512

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

The Company

	distribution of gas RMB'000 (Note a)
0007	
COST At 1 January 2011	251,630
Acquisition of Transferred Assets	567,317
Additions under service concession arrangement	6,029
At 31 December 2011	824,976
Additions under service concession arrangement	15,579
At 31 December 2012	840,555
AMORTISATION	
At 1 January 2011	48,011
Provided for the year	38,383
At 31 December 2011	86,394
Provided for the year	53,037
At 31 December 2012	139,431
CARRYING VALUES	
At 31 December 2011	738,582
At 31 December 2012	701,124

Right for

- Note a: The Group has the right for distribution of gas (including the service concession arrangement by operating gas pipeline infrastructure) in certain districts in the PRC. Such rights have finite useful lives and are amortised on a straight-line basis over a period of 25 years. The price of selling the gas is regulated by the PRC Government price bureau.
- Note b: The Group completed its acquisition of the additional 39% equity interest of 貴州津維 and 貴州津維 completed its acquisition of 70% equity interest of 貴州國新 on 30 June 2012. 貴州國新 owns the mining right of the lead-zinc mine located in Taijiang Country, Guizhou Province of PRC. The fair value of the mining right is RMB16,766,000 upon completion of the acquisition. The mining rights represent the rights to conduct mining activities in the lead and zinc mine.

The mining rights are amortised over mining right license period of 6 years (2011: Nil) from September 2012 to July 2018 using the straight-line method.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 16. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The	e C	nm	na	nv
			μu	,

	The Company	
	31 December	31 December
	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Unlisted shares, at cost	20,000	20,000

## 17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	The C	Group	The Company		
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Cost of investment in associates – unlisted	8,778	16,483	8,778	8,778	
Share of post-acquisition profits	13,989	9,684	_	-	
	22,767	26,167	8,778	8,778	

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, the Group had interests in the following associates:

Name of entity	Form of entity	Place of registration/ Principal place of operation	Class of shares held	Propor nominal issued held by t	value of	Proport voting po		Principal activity
				2012	2011	2012	2011	
貴州津維 (note i)	Incorporated	PRC	Ordinary	-	49%	-	49%	Mining business
天津市濱海燃氣有限公司 (note ii)	Incorporated	PRC	Ordinary	30.55%	30.55%	30.55%	30.55%	Gas supply

Note i: The Group completed its acquisition of the additional 39% equity interest of 貴州津維 on 30 June, 2012. After the completion of the acquisition, the Group's interest in 貴州津維 was increased from 49% to 88% and 貴州津維 became a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group. Details for the acquisition are described in note 31.

Note ii: 天津市濱海燃氣有限公司 is directly owned by the company.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Included in the cost of investment in associates is goodwill of RMB3,597,000 (31.12.2011: RMB3,597,000) arising on acquisition of 天津市濱海燃氣有限公司.

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates in set out below:

=1'-''-'''-	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
Total assets Total liabilities	305,598 242,848	299,502 235,084
Net assets	62,750	64,418
Group's share of net assets of associates	19,170	22,570
	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Total revenue	179,904	162,735
Total profit for the year	12,784	14,528
Group's share of result of associates for the year	3,681	4,453

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 18. INVENTORIES

#### The Group

	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
Cas appliances	123	314
Gas appliances		
Gas	197	173
Spare parts and consumables	403	435
Lead and zinc	461	//==
	1,184	922

#### The Company

	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
Gas appliances Gas Spare parts and consumables	123 197 364	314 173 435
	684	922

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# 19. TRADE RECEIVABLES/PREPAYMENT AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

REGERALDEES		
	The C	Group
	31 December	31 December
	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade receivables	185,238	130,006
Note receivables	129,441	151,060
Less: impairment loss recognised	(7,198)	(14,512)
Net trade receivables	307,481	266,554
Other receivables	30,279	20,477
Less: impairment loss recognised	(2,285)	(2,655)
Total other receivables	27,994	17,822
Prepayment	1,452	2,824
	29,446	20,646
	The Co	mpany
	31 December	31 December
	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade receivables	185,097	129,456
Note receivables	129,441	151,060
Less: impairment loss recognised	(7,198)	(14,512)
Net trade receivables	307,340	266,004
Other receivables	27,042	20,477
Less: impairment loss recognised	(2,285)	(2,655)
	ν=,===	(=,100)
Total other receivables	24,757	17,822
Prepayment	1,452	2,824
	26,209	20.646
	20,209	20,646

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 19. TRADE RECEIVABLES/PREPAYMENT AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Movement in impairment loss recognised:

The	Group	and	the	Company	
HIE	Group	anu	une	COIIIDAIIV	

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Trade receivables:		
Balance at beginning of the year	14,512	12,674
Impairment losses recognised on receivables	1,412	4,730
Amounts recovered during the year (note)	(8,726)	(2,892)
Balance at end of the year	7,198	14,512
Other receivables:		
Balance at beginning of the year	2,655	2,655
Amounts written off as uncollectible	(370)	
Balance at end of the year	2,285	2,655

Note: During the year, the Company received two properties from one of the debtors for settlement of impaired receivables of RMB6,569,000. The fair value of the two properties is approximately to RMB6,569,000.

Included in the Group and the Company's carrying amount of trade and other receivables as at 31 December 2012 was accumulated impairment loss of RMB7,198,000 (31.12.2011: RMB14,512,000) and RMB2,285,000 (31.12.2011: RMB2,655,000) for trade receivables and other receivables respectively, most of which was past due for over one year as at the end of the reporting period and with no subsequent settlement records.

The Group has a policy of allowing an average credit period of 90 days to its customers. For certain customers with long-established relationship and good repayment histories, a longer credit period up to 180 days may be granted. The following is an aged analysis of trade and note receivables presented based on the date of services/construction services are provided/goods are delivered at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the respective revenue recognition dates.

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For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 19. TRADE RECEIVABLES/PREPAYMENT AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The aged analysis of trade and note receivables net of allowance is as follows:

•	П	е	G	rc	ou	p

	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
0 – 90 days	181,378	173,138
91 – 180 days	87,520	76,909
181 – 270 days	19,970	2,341
271 – 365 days	_	185
Over 365 days	18,613	13,981
	307,481	266,554

#### The Company

	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
0 – 90 days	181,237	172,588
91 – 180 days	87,520	76,909
181 – 270 days	19,970	2,341
271 – 365 days	_	185
Over 365 days	18,613	13,981
	307,340	266,004

Before accepting any new customer, the Group will assess credit worthiness by customer in considering the customer's quality and determine the credit terms for that customer. In addition, the Group has reviewed the repayment history of receivables by each customer with reference to the payment terms stated in contracts to determine the recoverability of a trade receivable. In the opinion of the directors, receivables neither past due nor impaired have good settlement records and no default history at the end of the reporting date.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

# 19. TRADE RECEIVABLES/PREPAYMENT AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Included in the Group's and the Company's trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of RMB39 million (2011: RMB17 million) which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group and the Company has not provided for impairment loss because there is no significant change in credit quality of those customers and the amounts are still considered recoverable. The Group and the Company do not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances nor does it have a legal right of offset against any amounts owed by the Group and the Company to the counterparty.

Aging of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired:

#### The Group and the Company

	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
181 – 270 days 271 – 365 days Over 365 days	19,970 - 18,613	2,341 185 13,981
	38,583	16,507

# 20. AMOUNTS DUE FROM (TO) A SHAREHOLDER/A RELATED PARTY/AN ASSOCIATE

## The Group and the Company

The amounts were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand except for an amount due to a shareholder of RMB7,428,000 which is payable in October 2013 as detailed in note 32(2). All of the amount due to a shareholder (other than RMB7,428,000 which is payable in October 2013) and the amount due to a related party were aged within 90 days at the end of the reporting date. Details of the balances are set out in note 34 (a).

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# 21. DEPOSIT FOR ACQUISITION OF ADDITIONAL INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

## The Group

天津天聯投資有限公司(「天聯投資」), a subsidiary of the Group entered into an agreement to acquire additional 39% equity interest in貴州津維 at consideration of RMB8,000,000 from its equity owners and RMB5,000,000 had been paid as deposit as at 31 December 2011. This transaction has been completed on 30 June 2012 as disclosed in note 31.

#### 22. HELD FOR TRADING INVESTMENTS

#### The Group

Held for trading investments represent investments in equity securities listed in the PRC and stated at quoted market bid price.

#### 23. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

## The Group and the Company

Bank balances carry interest at market rate at 0.35% (31.12.2011: 0.5%) per annum.

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## 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Included in trade and other payables are trade payables with an aged analysis based on invoice date as follows:

	The Group		
	31 December	31 December	
	2012	2011	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		11	
0 – 90 days	18,532	21,655	
91 – 180 days	-	804	
181 – 270 days	303	101	
271 – 365 days	220	40	
Over 365 days	912	475	
	19,967	23,075	
Advance from customers	86,534	89,996	
Value-added tax payable and other tax payables	24,038	16,657	
Accrued staff cost and pension	11,043	9,022	
Accrued expense	3,386	4,090	
Others	3,673	376	
	128,674	120,141	
	148,641	143,216	

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## 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

	The Company	
	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
0 – 90 days 91 – 180 days 181 – 270 days 271 – 365 days Over 365 days	17,971 - 303 220 912	21,655 804 101 40 475
	19,406	23,075
Advance from customers  Value-added tax payable and other tax payables  Accrued staff cost and pension  Accrued expense  Others	84,534 24,038 10,661 3,265 283	89,996 16,657 9,022 4,090 163
	122,781	119,928

142,187

143,003

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#### 25. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of	Registered, issued and fully paid Share Capital	
	Domestic Shares	H Shares	RMB'000
Shares of RMB0.1 each			
As at 1 January 2011 Issued as consideration for the acquisition of	649,540,000	500,060,000	114,960
assets (note)	689,707,800	-	68,971
As at 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012	1,339,247,800	500,060,000	183,931

Note: Pursuant to the announcement of the Company dated 5 October 2009 and the circular of the Company dated 31 December 2010 in relation to the very substantial acquisition, the Company entered into the Assets Acquisition Agreement with Tianjin Gas, pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to acquire from Tianjin Gas the Transferred Assets with fair value of approximately RMB590,002,000. The fair value of shares was based on the valuation of Transferred Assets performed by Assets Appraisal Limited. To satisfy the consideration, the Company issued, in aggregate, 689,707,800 Domestic Shares to Tianjin Gas on 7 April 2011 and the transaction was completed on 11 April 2011. The H shares and Domestic Shares rank pari passu in all respects.

#### 26. SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES

#### The Company

#### Attributable to owners of the Company

	Share premium RMB'000	Statutory surplus reserves RMB'000	Enterprise expansion fund RMB'000	Accumulated profits RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2011 Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for	267,672	29,640	9,402	287,809	594,523
the year Issue of Domestic Shares Appropriation	521,031 -	- - 7,693	- - 3,847	87,247 - (11,540)	87,247 521,031 -
At 31 December 2011 Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for	788,703	37,333	13,249	363,516	1,202,801
the year Appropriation		- 9,045	- 4,522	116,494 (13,567)	116,494
At 31 December 2012	788,703	46,378	17,771	466,443	1,319,295

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#### 27. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following is the major deferred taxation recognised and movements thereon during the year:

		The Group and the Company				
	Provision for bad and doubtful debts RMB'000	Accelerated tax depreciation RMB'000	Service concession arrangement RMB'000	<b>Total</b> RMB'000		
At 1 January 2011 (Credit) charge for the year	(2,811) (460)	391 (24)	426 89	(1,994) (395)		
At 31 December 2011 (Credit) charge for the year	(3,271) 1,921	367 (24)	515 328	(2,389) 2,225		
At 31 December 2012	(1,350)	343	843	(164)		

At the end of reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of RMB1,254,000 (31 December 2011: RMB516,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses due to unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of RMB1,058,000 (31 December 2011: Nil) and RMB196,000 (31 December 2011: RMB516,000) that will be expired in 2017 and 2016 respectively.

#### 28. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting date, the Group and the Company had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

#### The Group as lessee

	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
Within one year In the second year	1,160 1,117	403 -
	2,277	403

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#### 28. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS (continued)

## The Company as lessee

31 December	31 December
2012	2011
RMB'000	RMB'000
1,144	403
1,117	<i></i>
	1 1
2,261	403
	2012 RMB'000 1,144 1,117

The leases are negotiated for an average term of one to two years with fixed monthly rentals.

#### 29. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group and the Company manage its capital to ensure that entities in the group entities will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's and the Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group and the Company consist of cash and cash equivalents, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated profits.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure regularly. The Group considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital, and will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the raise of borrowings, if needed.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### a. Categories of financial instruments

	The Group		The Co	ompany
	<b>31 December</b> 31 December		31 December	31 December
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial assets				
Loans and receivables				
(including cash and				
cash equivalents)	707,886	556,587	703,721	552,777
Held for trading investments	2,193	2,046	_	_
Financial liabilities				
Amortised cost	242,066	240,649	235,733	240,436

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial instruments include trade receivables, other receivables, held for trading investment, trade and other payables, amounts due from an associate, amount due to a shareholder/a related party, dividend payable and bank balances. The Company's principal financial instruments include trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, amounts due to a shareholder and a related party and bank balances. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The directors manage and monitor these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

The Group's activities expose to the financial risks included interest rate risk and other price risk.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

#### (i) Interest rate risk

The Group and the Company is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk due to the fluctuation of the prevailing market interest rate on bank deposits.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Market risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

No sensitivity analyses have been prepared as the management considers that such exposure for variable-rate bank deposits is limited.

#### (ii) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed equity securities. The Group has appointed a team to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting date.

If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 10% (2011: 10%) higher/lower, post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2012 would increase/decrease by RMB164,000 (2011: RMB154,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of the held-fortrading investments.

#### Credit risk

The Group's and the Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables. In order to minimise the credit risk, the directors of the Company continuously monitor the level of exposure to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group and the Company is exposed to some concentration of credit risk on trade receivables. At 31 December 2012, the five largest trade debtor accounted for approximately RMB195,515,000 (64%) (2011: RMB187,728,000 (70%)), of the Group's total trade and note receivables. The Group delegate a team for determining the credit limits, credit approval and other monitoring procedures on customers, the Group had also explored new markets and new customers in order to minimise the concentration of credit risk.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The table below shows the carrying amount of 5 largest trade debtors of the Group and the Company at the end of reporting date:

		31 December	31 December
		2012	2011
Counterparty	Location	Carrying amount	Carrying amount
		RMB'000	RMB'000
Company A (note 1)	The PRC	63,355	64,279
Company B (note 2)	The PRC	61,142	31,369
Company C (note 1)	The PRC	34,260	44,768
Company D (note 1)	The PRC	18,514	(note 3)
Company E (note 2)	The PRC	18,244	(note 3)
Company F (note 2)	The PRC	(note 4)	15,066
Company G (note 1)	The PRC	(note 4)	32,246

#### Notes:

- 1. The corresponding carrying amount is balance of note receivables.
- 2. The corresponding carrying amount is balance of trade receivables.
- 3. The corresponding carrying amount did not contribute to 5 largest trade debtors of the Group in 2011.
- 4. The corresponding carrying amount did not contribute to 5 largest trade debtors of the Group in 2012.

The above debtors were all industrial users for piped gas which engaged in manufacturing business. The balance due from the respective debtors was within the credit limit granted by the Group and the Company and the debtors received good internal credit rating assessed by the Group and the Company.

The credit risk on bank balances and cash is limited because majority of the counterparties are stateowned banks with good reputation or banks with good credit rating.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds and certain trade receivables, the Group and the Company does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk. The remaining trade receivables consist of a large number of customers which spread across diverse industries.

The Group's and the Company's geographical concentration of credit risk is from customers located in Tianjin, PRC as at 31 December 2012 and 2011.

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group and the Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves of cash and bank balance and by continuously monitoring forecast, actual cash flows and the maturity profiles of financial liabilities.

The Group's holdings of cash and short-term deposits, together with net cash flow from operations, are expected to be sufficient to cover the operating cost of the Group in the next financial year. The directors consider that the Group expects to have adequate source of funding to finance the Group and manage the liquidity position.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturity for the financial liabilities of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2012 and 2011 based on the contractual repayment terms. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group and the Company can be required to pay.

#### The Group

	On demand or			Total	
	less than	3 months	1 year	undiscounted	Carrying
	3 months	to 1 year	to 2 year	cash flows	amount
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
As at 31 December 2012					
Trade and other payables	145,255	_	-	145,255	145,255
Dividend payables	9,118	-	-	9,118	9,118
Amount due to a shareholder	77,968	7,428	-	85,396	85,396
Amount due to a related party	2,297	-	-	2,297	2,297
	234,638	7,428	-	242,066	242,066
	/ 7	1914	1 7	/ / /	
As at 31 December 2011					
Trade and other payables	139,126	-	_	139,126	139,126
Dividend payables	9,118	/ - ·		9,118	9,118
Amount due to a shareholder	83,861		7,428	91,289	91,289
Amount due to a related party	1,116	-	_	1,116	1,116
	233,221	1/ -	7,428	240,649	240,649

## 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

#### The Company

	On demand or			Total	
	less than	3 months	1 year	undiscounted	Carrying
	3 months	to 1 year	to 2 year	cash flows	amount
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
No. declaration for exact the latter of					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
As at 31 December 2012					
Trade and other payables	138,922	-	-	138,922	138,922
Dividend payables	9,118	-	-	9,118	9,118
Amount due to a shareholder	77,968	7,428	_	85,396	85,396
Amount due to a related party	2,297	-	-	2,297	2,297
	228,305	7,428	-	235,733	235,733
As at 31 December 2011					
Trade and other payables	138,913	_	_	138,913	138,913
Dividend payables	9,118	-	_	9,118	9,118
Amount due to a shareholder	83,861	-	7,428	91,289	91,289
Amount due to a related party	1,116	-	-	1,116	1,116
	233,008	_	7,428	240,436	240,436

#### 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### c. Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices, respectively; and
- the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated and Company statement of financial position approximate their fair values at the end of the reporting date.

Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### c. Fair value (continued)

	31 December 2012				
	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 2 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000	Total RMB'000	
Financial assets at FVTPL Held for trading investments	2,193	-	-	2,193	
		31 Decemb	per 2011		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Financial assets at FVTPL	0.046			0.046	
Held for trading investments	2,046	_	_	2,046	

# 31. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 26 January 2011, 天聯投資, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into a share transfer agreement with Mr. Yang Jiaping and Mr. Liu Xiaoming, independent third parties, to acquire the additional 39% equity interest in its associate 貴州津維 at a cash consideration of RMB8,000,000. In addition, on the same date, 貴州津維 entered into a share transfer agreement with Mr. Yang Jiaping and Mr. Liu Xiaoming to acquire the 70% equity interest in 貴州國新, at a cash consideration of RMB2,000,000.

On 30 June 2012, the Group completed its acquisition of the additional 39% equity interest of 貴州津維 and 貴州津維 completed its acquisition of 70% equity interest of 貴州國新 (the "Acquisition"). After the completion of the Acquisition, the Group's interest in 貴州津維 increased from 49% to 88% and 貴州津維 and 貴州國新 both became non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group. The Acquisition was accounted for as acquisition of assets and liabilities as 貴州津維 and 貴州國新 have not commenced any operation and therefore not constitute as a business.

# 31. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

The fair values of net assets acquired in the transaction are as follows:

	RMB'000
Bank balance and cash	526
Other receivables	248
Property, plant and equipment	4,520
Intangible assets	16,766
Other payables	(1,594)
Amount due to a related party	(1,320)
	19,146
Non-controlling interest	(4,065)
Total consideration	15,081
Satisfied by:	
Cash consideration (including deposit paid of RMB5,000,000 as of 31 December 2011)	8,000
Carrying amount of previously held interest in an associate (note)	7,081
	15,081
Note: The fair value of the previously held interest in an associate approximates to its carrying amount.	
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	
	RMB'000
Cash consideration paid	2 000
Cash consideration paid  Less: Bank balance and cash acquired	3,000 (526)
	2,474

#### 32. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

(1) At the end of the reporting date, the Group and the Company has the following commitments:

	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000
Capital expenditure in respect of the acquisition of property, plant and equipment contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements	1,506	_
Capital expenditure authorised but not contracted for in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment	-	3,501
Capital expenditure in respect of the acquisition of additional interest of an associate	-	3,000

Pursuant to the conditional entrusted construction agreement dated 6 October 2008 entered between the Company and Tianjin Gas, in relation to the entrustment of Tianjin Gas for the construction of pipelines projects in Tianjin, with total consideration not exceeding RMB224,500,700 (include entrustment fee RMB6,538,700), this transaction has been approved by the shareholders in March 2009 and the Group has paid construction fee and entrustment fee amounted to RMB23,323,000 to Tianjin Gas during the year ended 31 December 2011. The construction has been completed in October 2011 and the total construction cost including entrustment fee was RMB219,632,000. The remaining balance of RMB7,428,000 which is 5% of the total contract sum will be paid on the second anniversary of the date of completion of construction.

#### 33. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

As stipulated in the rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group contributes to the retirement benefit scheme managed by a local social security bureau in the PRC. The Group contributes a certain percentage of basic salaries of its employees to the retirement plan, and has no further obligation for the actual payment of the previous or post retirement benefit. The retirement benefit scheme is responsible for the entire present obligation to retired employees.

During the year, the retirement benefit scheme contributions amounted to RMB16,956,000 (year ended 31.12.2011: RMB9.926,000).

## 34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/BALANCES

(a) During the year, the following related party transactions/balances took place:

			The Group and the Company		
Name of related party	Relationship	Nature of transactions	31 December 2012 RMB'000	31 December 2011 RMB'000	
Tianjin Gas	Holding company	Purchase of gas Construction fee Entrustment fee Gas distribution income Rental Expenses	1,138,218 - - 11,942 700	749,774 22,829 494 3,763	
天津市煤氣工程 設計院 (Note)	Fellow subsidiary	Construction design fee	2,297	1,116	
Name of related party	Relationship	Nature of balances	The Group and 31 December 2012 RMB'000	d the Company 31 December 2011 RMB'000	
Tianjin Gas	Holding company	Amount due to a shareholder – current – non-current	(85,396) -	(83,861) (7,428)	
			(85,396)	(91,289)	
天津市煤氣工程 設計院 (Note)	Controlled by the same ultimate holding company	Amount due to a related party	2,297	1,116	
貴州津維	Associate	Amount due from an associate	-	1,490	

Note: Amount due to 天津市煤氣工程設計院 which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Tianjin Gas is of construction design fee nature and is aged within 90 days.

### 34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/BALANCES (continued)

(a) During the year, the following related party transactions/balances took place: (continued)

#### Other PRC government-related entities

The Group operates in an economic environment currently predominated by entities directly or indirectly owned or controlled, jointly controlled or significant influenced by the Chinese Mainland government ("government-related entities"). Apart from the transactions with the holding company and its fellow subsidiaries which have been disclosed in other notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Group also conducts business with other government-related entities directly or indirectly controlled, jointly controlled or significant influenced by the Chinese Mainland government in the ordinary course of business. The directors consider those government-related entities are independent third parties so far as the Group's business transactions with them are concerned.

The Group provides gas connection services and sales of piped gas and gas appliance to certain companies which are government-related entities. In addition, the Group has entered into various banking transactions with certain banks and financial institutions, which are government-related entities including deposits placements. The Group has also entered into various transactions, including other operating expenses with other government-related entities which individually and collectively were insignificant during the year.

## (b) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors, general manager, supervisors and other members of key management during the year were as follows:

	The Group		
	2012	2011	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Short-term benefit	1,424	1,501	
Post employment benefit	25	23	
	1,449	1,524	

### 35. SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

Name	Place of registration and operation	registration Registered		Proportion of registered capital held directly by the Company	
			2012	2011	į.
烏盟乾生津燃公用事業 有限責任公司 (note i)	PRC	RMB1,000,000	60%	60%	Dormant
天聯投資	PRC	RMB20,000,000	100%	100%	Investment
貴州津維	PRC	RMB26,000,000	88%	note ii	Mining business
貴州國新	PRC	RMB5,000,000	70%	note ii	Mining business

#### Note:

- (i) The subsidiary is dormant and has commenced the procedure of deregistration. Up to the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements, the above deregistration has not been finished.
- (ii) These companies became subsidiaries of the Group in the current year (see note 31).
- (iii) All subsidiaries of the Company are limited liability companies established in the PRC.
- (iv) None of subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

# **FIVE YEAR SUMMARY**

## **RESULTS**

#### For the year ended 31 December

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2010 RMB'000	2009 RMB'000	2008 RMB'000
Revenue	1,538,939	1,058,017	383,631	317,992	217,169
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	119,118	90,907	76,707	66,367	60,340
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of					
the Company	119,577	90,907	76,707	66,367	60,475

# **ASSET AND LIABILITIES**

#### As at 31 December

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2010 RMB'000	2009 RMB'000	2008 RMB'000
Current assets	712,715	563,689	306,473	265,140	377,500
Non-current assets	1,064,640	1,086,466	495,513	470,793	295,997
Current Liabilities	257,924	246,549	85,900	96,558	83,341
Non-current liability	1,519,431	1,403,606	716,086	639,375	590,156
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	1,515,755	1,396,178	715,269	638,562	589,439