

U-RIGHT INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Provisional Liquidators Appointed)

佑威國際控股有限公司*

(已委任臨時清盤人)

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock code: 00627)

Annual Report 2013

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

JOINT AND SEVERAL PROVISIONAL LIQUIDATORS

Executive Directors:

TANG Kwok Hung

NG Cheuk Fan Keith

Independent Non-executive Directors:

CHUNG Wai Man

MAK Ka Wing Patrick

CHAN Chi Yuen

COMPANY SECRETARY

NG Cheuk Fan Keith

CHAN Chi Yuen (Committee Chairman)

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

CHUNG Wai Man

MAK Ka Wing Patrick

AUDITOR

ANDA CPA Limited

Unit D, 21st Floor

Max Share Centre

373 King's Road, North Point

Hong Kong

LAI Kar Yan Derek and

YEUNG Lui Ming

35th Floor, One Pacific Place

88 Queensway, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM11

Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF **BUSINESS IN HONG KONG**

35th Floor, One Pacific Place

88 Queensway, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL REGISTRAR (IN BERMUDA)

Codan Services Limited

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM11

Bermuda

BRANCH REGISTRAR

(IN HONG KONG)

Tricor Tengis Limited

26th Floor, Tesbury Centre

28 Queen's Road East

Wan Chai, Hong Kong

The directors (the "Directors") of U-RIGHT International Holdings Limited (Provisional Liquidators Appointed) (the "Company") are pleased to present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are wholesale and retail of fashion garments and trading of garment materials.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group's revenue was approximately HK\$392.64 million (2012: approximately HK\$397.94 million), representing a decrease of approximately 1.33% from the last financial year. The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 23.

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the Company and non-controlling interests amounted to approximately HK\$9.32 million for the year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: profit of approximately HK\$7.84 million). Earning per share was approximately 0.23 HK cents as compared with earning per share of approximately 0.19 HK cents for the preceding year.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: nil).

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND FUNDING

Bank and cash balances as at 31 March 2013 was approximately HK\$9.42 million (2012: approximately HK\$20.24 million). The Group's gearing ratio measured on the basis of the Group's borrowings net of bank and cash balances (net borrowing) related to the net asset value as at 31 March 2012 and 2013 is not applicable as the Group had net liabilities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Details of the capital structure of the Company are set out in notes 28, 30 and 32 to the financial statements.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

Most of the Group's transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the Group entities or United States dollars for Hong Kong dollars functional currency Group entities. Therefore, the Group believes it faces minimal foreign currency risk and thus has not undertaken any hedging activities.

WINDING-UP PETITION AND APPOINTMENT OF PROVISIONAL LIQUIDATORS

On 6 October 2008, Deutsche Bank A.G., Hong Kong Branch (the "Petitioner") presented petitions (the "Petitions" and each referred to as "Petition") to the High Court (the "High Court") of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") for the winding up of each of the Company and Uni-Capital Limited (In Liquidation) ("Uni-Capital"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Upon the application of the Petitioner, Messrs. LAI Kar Yan Derek and YEUNG Lui Ming, both of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, were appointed jointly and severally as provisional liquidators of the Company (the "Provisional Liquidators") and Uni-Capital pursuant to the orders both dated 6 October 2008 made by the High Court.

The hearing of the Petition against the Company was originally scheduled on 10 December 2008 and the High Court adjourned the hearing of the Petition against the Company to 30 September 2013. A winding up order against Uni-Capital was granted by the High Court on 9 November 2009.

RESTRUCTURING OF THE GROUP

On 16 May 2009, the Provisional Liquidators, Advance Lead International Limited (the "Investor"), the Company and an escrow agent entered into an escrow agreement (as supplemented by the five supplementary agreements and hereinafter collectively referred as the "Escrow Agreement" unless otherwise specified) in anticipation of the implementation of the restructuring proposal. Pursuant to the Escrow Agreement, the Provisional Liquidators granted the Investor an exclusivity for a period up to 30 September 2013 by undertaking not to offer to any other party the opportunity to negotiate any terms for the restructuring of the outstanding indebtedness and/or share capital of the Company and setting out certain key terms of the debt and capital restructuring of the Company.

With reference to the Company's announcement dated 26 April 2013, The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") decided to allow the Company to proceed with a revised resumption proposal submitted by the Company on 19 April 2013 ("Resumption Proposal"), subject to certain resumption conditions to be fulfilled by 31 July 2013 ("Resumption Conditions"), details of which are contained in the same announcement.

The Company will publish a separate announcement setting out the details of the transactions contemplated under the Resumption Proposal in due course.

PROSPECTS

The Company is confident that, with the Investor's strong support, the Group will be able to regain a strong foothold in its principal fashion garments business and achieve a substantial level of operations within a reasonable period of time after the resumption of trading in the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange.

It is anticipated that the financial position of the Group will be substantially improved upon the completion of the proposed restructuring of the Group (the "Completion") as contemplated under the Resumption Proposal. This is because all the liabilities arising from the creditors of the Company and creditors of its subsidiaries holding guarantees given by the Company will be discharged and released in full as against the Company through a scheme of arrangement (the "Scheme").

Upon the satisfaction of the Resumption Conditions, the Company's shares will resume trading on the Stock Exchange subject to the approval of the Stock Exchange.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

WARNING STATEMENT

Shareholders and potential investors of the Company should note that, (1) the Resumption Conditions may or may not be fulfilled within the time stipulated by the Stock Exchange; (2) the Stock Exchange may modify the Resumption Conditions if the Company's situation changes; and (3) the Scheme, which became effective on 11 November 2011, will terminate if any of the conditions precedent to the transactions contemplated in the restructuring proposal is not satisfied before 11 November 2015, being the day falling 4 years after the effective date of the Scheme.

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION

Most of the full-time employees of the Group were working in the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC. During the year under review, the total employees' costs including directors' remuneration were approximately HK\$9,272,000 (2012: HK\$5,134,000). It is the Group's policy that remuneration of the employees is in line with the market and commensurate with the level of pay for similar responsibilities within the industry. Discretionary year-end bonuses are payable to the employees based on individual performance. Other benefits to the employees include medical insurance, retirement schemes, training programmes and education subsidies.

CHARGES ON GROUP'S ASSETS

Details of charges on the Group's assets are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

CONVERTIBLE NOTES

Details of the convertible notes are set out in note 26 to the financial statements

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

On 1 October 2011, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Sino Hill Group Limited ("Sino Hill") at a consideration of HK\$40 million. Sino Hill and its subsidiaries engaged in the design, distribution, and sales of fashion apparel. The acquisition is for the purpose of extending existing principal business of the Group in relation to the wholesale and retail trading of fashion garments.

The consideration of the acquisition of Sino Hill was satisfied by advances from the Investor of HK\$20 million and a promissory note of HK\$20 million with a maturity date of 30 September 2013 or 12 months following the resumption of trading of shares of the Company, whichever earlier.

The acquisition of Sino Hill has strengthened the Group's performance by the contribution of Sino Hill in turnover and profit to the Group during 6-month period ended 31 March 2012 and the year ended 31 March 2013.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Up to the date of this Annual Report, the trading in the shares of the Company remains in suspension, the sufficiency of public float as required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") is not applicable.

REVIEW BY THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audited results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 have been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee"). The Audit Committee constitutes three independent non-executive Directors.

NON-COMPLIANCE OF APPENDIX 16 "DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION" OF THE LISTING RULES

As the Directors have been unable to locate or to get access to the books and records of certain subsidiaries and noting the resignation of the major management personnel, the Directors do not have sufficient data (such data include but not limited to the opening balances and corresponding figures for the previous reporting periods, which also form the basis for disclaimer of opinion by the auditor of the Company) to compile the Annual Report so as to comply with the Appendix 16 "Disclosure of Financial Information" to the Listing Rules. Furthermore, the Directors are of the view that no direct confirmation of sufficient evidence are available to ascertain certain financial data of the Company, any comparison or analysis based upon these data may not be meaningful, may not give rise to a true and complete picture, and may even be misleading.

Since the Provisional Liquidators of the Company have been appointed, the Company has not complied with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. A separate Corporate Governance Report contained the information required under Appendix 23 to the Listing Rules has been omitted from this Annual Report.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Movements in share capital of the Company and details of share option scheme of the Company are set out in notes 28 and 30 to the financial statements.

INFORMATION ON SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operated a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest. As the Directors of the Company decided not to extend the Share Option Scheme nor adopt a new share option scheme for the Company, the operation of the Share Option Scheme was ceased from 17 July 2012.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 March 2013 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 25, and note 32 to the financial statements, respectively.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2013.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Details of the contingent liabilities of the Group as at 31 March 2013 are set out in

note 33 to the financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Sales to the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately

62.05% of the Group's total revenue for the year. In particular, sales to the largest

customer of the Group accounted for approximately 21.07% of the Group's total revenue

for the year.

Purchases from the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately

52.93% of the Group's total purchases for the year. In particular, purchases from the

Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 18.90% of the Group's total

purchases for the year.

As far as the Directors are aware, neither the Directors nor any of their associates

nor any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5%

of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in any of the Group's

five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. TANG Kwok Hung

Mr. NG Cheuk Fan Keith

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. CHUNG Wai Man

Mr. MAK Ka Wing Patrick

Mr. CHAN Chi Yuen

As at the date of this Annual Report, the number of independent non-executive

Directors reaches the minimum number required under Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

All Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting have entered into service contracts with the Company. However, none of the Directors has any fixed term of service with the Company and they will hold office until the next annual general meeting of the Company.

As at the date of this Annual Report, the emoluments of the Directors have not yet been determined. Their emoluments will be determined later with reference to their responsibilities, remuneration policy of the Company and prevailing market conditions.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2013, none of the Directors nor the chief executives nor their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or their respective spouses or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance, to which the Company, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE UNDER THE SFO

As at 31 March 2013, the interests or short positions of the substantial shareholders and other person (other than those Directors or chief executives of the Company disclosed above) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO") were as follows:

Long Position - Substantial shareholders

Name	Position	Type of interest	Number of shares	Approximate % of the Company's issued share capital
Mr. Leung Ngok	Long	Beneficial owner Founder of a discretionary trust	109,221,000 1,094,541,179 (Note 1)	3.06% 30.66%
ACE Target (PTC) Inc.	Long	Trustee	1,094,541,179 (Note 1)	30.66%
Trident Trust Company (B.V.I) Limited	Long	Trustee	1,094,541,179 (Note 1)	30.66%
Trident Corporate Services (B.V.I.) Limited	Long	Trustee	1,009,557,179 (Note 1)	28.28%
Ms. Yim Yuk Lam	Long	Interest of spouse	1,203,762,179 (Note 3)	33.72%
Kingston Securities Limited	Long	Other	1,203,762,179 (Note 2)	33.72%
Ms. Chu Yuet Wah	Long	Interest of corporation controlled by the substantial shareholder	1,216,614,179 (Note 2)	34.08%
Ms. Ma Siu Fong	Long	Interest of corporation controlled by the substantial shareholder	1,203,762,179 (Note 2)	33.72%

Notes:

- (1) These shares were owned by ACE Target (PTC) Inc. as trustee of The Target Unit Trust, a unit trust of which all of the units in issue are owned by Trident Trust Company (B.V.I.) Limited as trustee of The Leung Ngok Family Trust, a discretionary trust of which the objects include Mr. Leung Ngok's family members. Accordingly, Mr. Leung Ngok, as founder of The Leung Ngok Family Trust, was deemed to be interested in the shares owned by ACE Target (PTC) Inc. in its capacity as the trustee of The Target Unit Trust under Part XV of the SFO.
- (2) On 20 October 2008, Mr. Leung Ngok, the then executive Director and chairman of the Company, surrendered all his voting rights and other rights and powers attaching to 109,221,000 shares of the Company to Kingston Securities Limited; and Ace Target (PTC) Inc. surrendered all its voting rights and other rights and powers attaching to 1,094,541,179 shares of the Company to Kingston Securities Limited. Accordingly, Ms. Chu Yuet Wah and Ms. Ma Siu Fong, holding 51% and 49% interests respectively in Kingston Securities Limited, were deemed to retain the voting rights and other rights and powers surrendered by Mr. Leung Ngok and Ace Target (PTC) Inc. Ms. Chu Yuet Wah also owned the 12,852,000 shares of the Company through Best China Limited, a wholly controlled company of Ms. Chu Yuet Wah.
- (3) Ms. Yim Yuk Lam was deemed to be interested in the 1,203,762,179 shares of the Company through interest of her spouse, Mr. Leung Ngok.

Save as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other relevant interests or short positions in the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2013.

COMPLIANCE WITH RULES 3.10 AND 3.21 OF THE LISTING RULES

As at the date of this Annual Report, the board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") included two executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. Therefore, the requirements under Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules were met

CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has not complied with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 March 2013.

Arrangements will be made to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance Practices before the resumption of the trading in shares of the Company.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry to all Directors, they have confirmed that they complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 March 2013.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of significant events occurring after the reporting period are set out in note 36 to the financial statements.

AUDITOR

The accompanying financial statements have been audited by Messrs. ANDA CPA Limited who will retire and a resolution for their appointment as the auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board
U-RIGHT International Holdings Limited
(Provisional Liquidators Appointed)

TANG Kwok Hung

Director

Hong Kong, 14 June 2013

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. TANG Kwok Hung ("Mr. Tang"), aged 46, was the financial controller of a company whose parent company is a company listed on NASDAQ and the group finance manager of a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. He has over 20 years of experience in the strategic management, business development, corporate finance, and investment management in garment, retail, real estate development, hotel, high-tech business, logistics, international trade and manufacturing industries.

Mr. Tang holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from Manchester Business School (MBS) of the University of Manchester in the United Kingdom and a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a Certified Public Accountant of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a Certified Management Accountant of the Institute of Management Accountants in the United States of America, a member of Hong Kong Securities Institute and a member of Hong Kong Institute of Real Estate Administrators.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Tang does not have any interest in shares or underlying shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO nor does he have any relationship with any director, senior management, chief executive or substantial or controlling shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Tang did not hold any directorships in other listed companies in the past three years.

Mr. NG Cheuk Fan Keith ("Mr. Ng"), aged 52, was appointed as an executive Director and Company Secretary of the Company in January 2011.

Mr. Ng graduated from the University of Alberta, Canada with a Bachelor's degree in Commerce, majoring in Accounting. He also received a Master of Commerce degree in Professional Accounting from the University of New South Wales, Australia. Mr. Ng is a member of the CPA Australia and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. Ng has over 20 years of experience in corporate development, corporate restructuring, management and accounting. He is a managing director of China Fortune Financial Group Limited (stock code: 290). Mr. Ng was an independent non-executive director of The Hong Kong Building and Loan Agency Limited (stock code: 145) from 15 January 2010 to 3 August 2012 and an executive director of New Environmental Energy Holdings Limited (stock code: 3989) from 16 August 2010 to 26 May 2011 and Hao Tian Resources Group Limited (stock code: 474) from 1 September 2009 to 20 September 2011. All aforesaid companies are listed on main board of the Stock Exchange.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Ng does not have any interest in shares or underlying shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO nor does he have any relationship with any director, senior management, chief executive or substantial or controlling shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Ng did not hold any directorships in other listed companies in the past three years.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. CHUNG Wai Man ("Mr. Chung"), aged 55, holds a Diploma in Business Management and a Certificate of Bank of China Banking Course. He started working in The Kwangtung Provincial Bank in 1976, and his last position before leaving the bank in 1996 was a manager in charge of the Tai Po sub-branch. After leaving The Kwangtung Provincial Bank, Mr. Chung established "Raymond Chung Company", a finance and business consulting firm for corporations in Hong Kong and China. In 2004, he set up another consulting firm, Excel Linker Capital (Asia) Limited, which focused on providing financial services to corporations in China. Both Raymond Chung Company and Excel Linker Capital (Asia) Limited have been dissolved.

Mr. Chung is an independent non-executive director of FU JI Food and Catering Services Holdings Limited (stock code: 1175). He was appointed as independent non-executive director of China Kingston Mining Holdings Limited (stock code: 1380) on 6 February 2013.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Chung does not have any interest in shares or underlying shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO nor does he have any relationship with any director, senior management, chief executive or substantial or controlling shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Chung did not hold any directorships in other listed companies in the past three years.

Mr. MAK Ka Wing Patrick ("Mr. Mak"), aged 49, is a registered solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong and Managing Partner of Patrick Mak & Tse, Solicitors. Mr. Mak has over 10 years' legal experience as a practising solicitor. He was awarded the Common Professional Examination Certificate in Laws by the University of Hong Kong in 1995 and was awarded his Postgraduate Certificate in Laws (P.C.LL) by the University of Hong Kong in 1998.

Mr. Mak worked in Dublin, Ireland with Messrs. Donald T. McAuliffe & Co., Solicitors of Ireland from 1990 to 1991 and worked in London, England with Messrs. Sparrow & Trieu, Solicitors from 1991 to 1992.

Mr. Mak is an independent non-executive director of Karce International Holdings Company Limited (Stock Code: 1159) and a director of Asia Green Agriculture Corporation which was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada, USA. Mr. Mak was an independent non-executive director and non-executive director of China Kingston Mining Holdings Limited (Stock code: 1380) for the period from 6 February 2013 to 16 April 2013 and from 17 April 2013 to 13 June 2013 respectively.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Mak does not have any interest in shares or underlying shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO nor does he have any relationship with any director, senior management, chief executive or substantial or controlling shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Mak did not hold any directorships in other listed companies in the past three years.

Mr. CHAN Chi Yuen ("Mr. Chan"), aged 46, holds a Bachelor's degree with honours in Business Administration and a Master of Science degree in Corporate Governance and Directorship. He is a fellow of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and is an associate of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Chan is a practicing certified public accountant and has extensive experience in financial management, corporate finance and corporate governance.

Mr. Chan is currently an executive director and chairman of Kong Sun Holdings Limited (Stock code: 295). He is also an executive director and chief executive officer of Noble Century Investment Holdings Limited (formerly known as Sam Woo Holdings Limited) (Stock code: 2322) and an independent non-executive director of Asia Energy Logistics Group Limited (Stock code: 351), China Gamma Group Limited (Stock code: 164), Jun Yang Solar Power Investments Limited (formerly known as China Gogreen Assets Investment Limited) (Stock code: 397), China Sandi Holdings Limited (formerly known as China Grand Forestry Green Resources Group Limited) (Stock code: 910), Media Asia Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as Rojam Entertainment Holdings Limited) (Stock code: 8075), and New Times Energy Corporation Limited (Stock code: 166) (redesignated from non-executive director with effect from 18 May 2012).

Mr. Chan was an independent non-executive director of The Hong Kong Building and Loan Agency Limited (stock code: 0145) from October 2009 to February 2011, Richly Field China Development Limited (stock code: 0313) from February 2009 to August 2010 and Superb Summit International Timber Company Limited (stock code: 1228) from April 2007 to June 2010 (all the aforesaid companies are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, except for Media Asia Group Holdings Limited which is a company listed on the GEM board of the Stock Exchange).

As at the date of this report, Mr. Chan does not have any interest in shares or underlying shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO nor does he have any relationship with any director, senior management, chief executive or substantial or controlling shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Chan did not hold any directorships in other listed companies in the past three years.

The emoluments of Mr. Tang, Mr. Ng, Mr. Chung, Mr. Mak and Mr. Chan will be determined with reference to their responsibilities, remuneration policy of the Company and prevailing market conditions.

Neither Mr. Tang, Mr. Ng, Mr. Chung, Mr. Mak nor Mr. Chan has any fixed term of service with the Company and they will hold office until the next annual general meeting of the Company. In accordance with the bye-laws of the Company, they shall be eligible for re-election at that annual general meeting and shall retire from office by rotation at the subsequent annual general meetings of the Company.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

Pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed with the Company in writing his independence from the Company in accordance with the relevant guidelines. The Company therefore considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

On behalf of the Board
U-RIGHT International Holdings Limited
(Provisional Liquidators Appointed)

TANG Kwok Hung

Director

Hong Kong, 14 June 2013



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF U-RIGHT INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Provisional Liquidators Appointed) 佑威國際控股有限公司(已委任臨時清盤人)

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of U-RIGHT International Holdings Limited (Provisional Liquidators Appointed) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 23 to 63, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2013, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Except for the inability to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence as explained below, we conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. Because of the matters as described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion paragraphs, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion.

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

1. Opening balances and corresponding figures

Our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2012 (the "2012 Financial Statements"), which form the basis for the corresponding figures presented in the current year's consolidated financial statements, was disclaimed because of the significance of the possible effect of the limitations on the scope of our audit and the material uncertainty in relation to going concern, details of which are set out in our audit report dated 26 June 2012. Accordingly, we were then unable to form an opinion as to whether the 2012 Financial Statements gave a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2012 and of the Group's results and cash flows for the year then ended.

2. Deconsolidation of the subsidiaries

Certain subsidiaries of the Company were deconsolidated from the Group since 1 April 2008. No sufficient evidence has been provided to satisfy ourselves as to whether the Company had lost control of the subsidiaries since 1 April 2008 and throughout the year ended 31 March 2013.

Accordingly, no sufficient evidence has been provided to satisfy ourselves, in relation to the deconsolidated subsidiaries, as to the completeness of the transactions of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 and the Group's financial position as at that date.

3. Financial guarantee liabilities

No direct confirmation and other sufficient evidence have been received by us up to the date of this report in respect of the financial guarantee liabilities of approximately HK\$1,118,325,000 as at 31 March 2013 in the consolidated statement of financial position.

4 Due to deconsolidated subsidiaries

No direct confirmation and other sufficient evidence have been received by us up to the date of this report in respect of the amounts due to deconsolidated subsidiaries of approximately HK\$416,314,000 as at 31 March 2013 in the consolidated statement of financial position.

5. Commitments and contingent liabilities

No sufficient evidence has been provided to satisfy ourselves as to the existence and completeness of the disclosures of commitments and contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2013.

Any adjustments to the figures as described from points 1 to 5 above might have a significant consequential effect on the Group's results for the two years ended 31 March 2012 and 2013, the Group's cash flows for the two years ended 31 March 2012 and 2013 and the financial positions of the Group as at 31 March 2012 and 2013, and the related disclosures thereof in the consolidated financial statements.

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATING TO THE GOING CONCERN BASIS

In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements which explains that a proposal for the resumption of trading in the Company's shares and the restructuring of the Group (the "Resumption Proposal") is in the process of being implemented.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the assumption that the proposed restructuring of the Company will be successfully completed, and that, following the restructuring, the Group will continue to meet in full its financial obligations as they fall due in the foreseeable future. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from a failure to complete the restructuring. We consider that the disclosures are adequate. However, in view of the extent of the uncertainty relating to the completion of the restructuring, we disclaim our opinion in respect of the material uncertainty relating to the going concern basis.

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

Because of the significance of the matters described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion paragraphs and the material uncertainty relating to the going concern basis as described above, we do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as to whether they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2013 and of the Group's results and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards. In all other respects, in our opinion the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

ANDA CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants
Sze Lin Tang
Practising Certificate Number P03614
Hong Kong, 14 June 2013

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Revenue	8	392,644	397,937
Cost of sales		(349,448)	(363,508)
Gross profit		43,196	34,429
Other income	9	977	1,781
Selling and distribution costs		(9,273)	(6,519)
Administrative expenses		(16,921)	(13,558)
Profit from operations		17,979	16,133
Finance cost	11	(4,564)	(4,788)
Profit before tax		13,415	11,345
Income tax expense	12	(4,095)	(3,501)
Profit for the year	13	9,320	7,844
Other comprehensive income: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		455	435
Total comprehensive income for the year		9,775	8,279
Profit for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		8,333	6,890
Non-controlling interests		987	954
		9,320	7,844
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		8,696 1,079	7,315 964
		9,775	8,279
Earning per share attributable to owners of the Company Basic (HK cents per share)	15	0.23	0.19
Diluted (HK cents per share)		N/A	N/A

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	17	1,207	949
Goodwill	18	14,202	14,202
		15,409	15,151
Current assets			
Inventories	19	13,004	17,711
Trade and bill receivables	20	62,753	52,212
Prepayments, deposits and other red		20,236	9,571
Bank and cash balances	21	9,424	20,237
		105,417	99,731
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	22	32,411	31,643
Accruals and other payables		13,787	14,264
Due to deconsolidated subsidiaries	23	416,314	416,314
Due to the Investor	24	11,300	20,000
Financial guarantee liabilities	25	1,118,325	1,118,325
Convertible notes	26	78,367	75,539
Promissory note	27	19,091	_
Current tax liabilities		10,375	10,361
		1,699,970	1,686,446
Net current liabilities		(1,594,553)	(1,586,715)
Total assets less current liabilities	3	(1,579,144)	(1,571,564)
Non-current liabilities			
Promissory note	27		17,355
NET LIABILITIES		(1,579,144)	(1,588,919)
Canital and reserves			
Capital and reserves Share capital	28	356,936	356,936
Deficiency	20	(1,939,386)	(1,948,082)
Equity attributable to owners of the Non-controlling interests	Company	(1,582,450) 3,306	(1,591,146) 2,227
TOTAL EQUITY		(1,579,144)	(1,588,919)
Approved by:	TANG Kwok Hung Director	NG Cheuk F	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Attributable	to	owners	0f	the	Company
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		Share			Share-based	Foreign currency	Retained profits/		Non-	
	Share	premium	Statutory	Capital	compensation	translation	(accumulated		controlling	Total
	capital	account	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses)	Total	interests	equity
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2011 Total comprehensive	356,936	614,493	220	3,020	1,904	146	(2,575,180)	(1,598,461)	1,263	(1,597,198)
income for the year						425	6,890	7,315	964	8,279
At 31 March 2012	356,936	614,493	220	3,020	1,904	571	(2,568,290)	(1,591,146)	2,227	(1,588,919)
At 1 April 2012 Total comprehensive	356,936	614,493	220	3,020	1,904	571	(2,568,290)	(1,591,146)	2,227	(1,588,919)
income for the year Transfer upon forfeiture	-	-	-	-	-	363	8,333	8,696	1,079	9,775
of share options					(1,904)		1,904			
At 31 March 2013	356,936	614,493	220	3,020	_	934	(2,558,053)	(1,582,450)	3,306	(1,579,144)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before tax		13,415	11,345
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation		387	126
Impairments on inventories		77	87
Finance cost		4,564	4,788
Interest income	-	(40)	(12)
Operating cash flows before working			
capital changes		18,403	16,334
Change in inventories		4,630	(1,411)
Change in trade and bill receivables		(10,541)	(11,220)
Change in prepayments, deposits and			
other receivables		(10,665)	(2,449)
Change in trade payables		768	10,691
Change in accruals and other payables		(477)	(9,555)
Change in due to deconsolidated subsidiaries	-		(9)
Cash generated from operations		2,118	2,381
Tax paid		(4,081)	(2,032)
Interest received	-	40	12
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from			
operating activities	_	(1,923)	361

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(641)	(597)
Net cash inflow from acquisition of a subsidiary	31		9,938
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from			
investing activities		(641)	9,341
Cash flows used in financing activities			
Repayment to the Investor		(8,700)	(4,800)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(8,700)	(4,800)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and			
cash equivalents		(11,264)	4,902
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		451	535
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		20,237	14,800
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		9,424	20,237
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents			
Bank and cash balances		9,424	20,237

For the year ended 31 March 2013

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

U-RIGHT International Holdings Limited (Provisional Liquidators Appointed) (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda. The principal place of business is 35th Floor, One Pacific Place, 88 Queensway, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and have been suspended for trading since 17 September 2008.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group's principal activities are trading and retailing of fashion garments, textiles and leathers.

2. WINDING-UP PETITION AND APPOINTMENT OF PROVISIONAL LIQUIDATORS

On 6 October 2008, Deutsche Bank A.G., Hong Kong Branch (the "Petitioner") presented petitions (the "Petitions" and each referred to as "Petition") to the High Court (the "High Court") of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") for the winding up of each of the Company and Uni-Capital Limited (In Liquidation) ("Uni-Capital"), an indirectly whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, as the Company and Uni-Capital could not meet demands made against the Company and Uni-Capital for the repayment of outstanding debts. Upon the application of the Petitioner, Messrs. LAI Kar Yan Derek and YEUNG Lui Ming, both of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu were appointed jointly and severally as provisional liquidators of the Company (the "Provisional Liquidators") and Uni-Capital pursuant to the orders both dated 6 October 2008 made by the High Court.

After the appointment of the Provisional Liquidators on 6 October 2008, the then management of the Company together with the Provisional Liquidators used their best endeavours to maintain the business of the Group both in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). Notwithstanding the subsequent changes in personnel as the Provisional Liquidators gradually replaced the management team, the total revenue achieved by the Group according to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 was approximately HK\$392.64 million.

The hearing of the Petition against the Company was originally scheduled on 10 December 2008 and the High Court adjourned the hearing of the Petition against the Company to 30 September 2013. A winding up order against Uni-Capital was granted by the High Court on 9 November 2009.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Suspension of trading in shares of the Company

At the request of the Company, trading in shares of the Company had been suspended since 17 September 2008.

On 6 October 2008, the Petitioner petitioned for the winding-up of the Company as the Company could not meet demands for the repayment of outstanding debts. Upon the application of the Petitioner, on 6 October 2008, the Provisional Liquidators were appointed.

On 16 May 2009, the Provisional Liquidators, Advance Lead International Limited (the "Investor"), the Company and an escrow agent, entered into an escrow agreement (as supplemented by the five supplementary agreements and hereinafter collectively referred as to the "Escrow Agreement", unless otherwise specified) for the implementation of the restructuring proposal. Pursuant to the Escrow Agreement, the Provisional Liquidators granted the Investor an exclusive right for a period up to 30 June 2010 (as subsequently extended to 30 September 2013) to negotiate a legally binding restructuring agreement for the implementation of the restructuring proposal.

On 30 July 2009, the Stock Exchange issued a letter to place the Company in the second stage of the delisting procedures under Practice Note 17 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

On 26 February 2010, the Company was placed in the third stage of the delisting procedures pursuant to Practice Note 17 of the Listing Rules and that the Company was required to submit a viable resumption proposal which demonstrates its compliance with the requirements stipulated under Rule 13.24 of the Listing Rules.

On 6 August 2010, a directly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, UR Group Limited ("UR Group") and the Investor entered into a secured loan facility agreement, pursuant to which the Investor agreed to provide a working capital facility up to HK\$15,000,000 to UR Group. The advance of HK\$4,800,000 has already been received from the Investor prior to the date of the said agreement. On the same day, a directly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Alfreda Limited ("Alfreda") and the Investor entered into another secured loan facility agreement, pursuant to which the Investor agreed to provide a facility up to HK\$20,000,000 to Alfreda as part of the consideration of the acquisition (the "Acquisition") of the entire interest in Sino Hill Group Limited ("Sino Hill"). Three advances of HK\$10,000,000, HK\$5,000,000 and HK\$5,000,000 were drawn down from the Investor on 15 September 2010, 31 January 2011 and 30 September 2011 respectively in respect of the second loan facility agreement.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Suspension of trading in shares of the Company (continued)

On 9 August 2010, an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Right Season Limited ("Right Season"), entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "S&P Agreement") for the Acquisition, at a consideration of HK\$40,000,000 by way of cash and the promissory note. Details of the S&P Agreement are set out in the Company's announcement dated 31 August 2010. The Acquisition was completed on 1 October 2011.

On 9 August 2010, the Provisional Liquidators, with the assistance of the financial advisor of the Company, Veda Capital Limited, submitted the resumption proposal to the Stock Exchange.

By an order of the High Court dated 22 March 2013, the hearing of the Petition to the High Court for the winding-up of the Company was further adjourned to 30 September 2013.

After the revised resumption proposal of the Company was submitted to the Stock Exchange on 19 April 2013, the Stock Exchange decided to allow the Company to proceed with the resumption proposal subject to the resumption conditions to be fulfilled by 31 July 2013. Details of the resumption conditions were set out in the Company's announcement dated 26 April 2013.

Going concern basis

As at 31 March 2013 the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$1,594,553,000 (2012: HK\$1,586,715,000) and net liabilities of approximately HK\$1,579,144,000 (2012: HK\$1,588,919,000) respectively. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

To address the issues above, the Provisional Liquidators are in the process of implementing a capital restructuring, a debt restructuring and certain fund raising exercises.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the assumption that the proposed restructuring of the Company will be successfully completed, and that, following the restructuring, the Group will continue to meet in full its financial obligations as they fall due in the foreseeable future.

Should the Group be unable to achieve a successful restructuring as mentioned above, or alternatively under other available options of restructuring, and therefore be unable to continue its business as a going concern, adjustments might have to be made to the carrying amounts of the Group's assets to state them at their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities to current assets and liabilities, respectively.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 April 2012. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards; Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years.

The Group has not applied the new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosures required by the Listing Rules and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the management of the Group ("Management") to exercise its judgments in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving critical judgments and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these financial statements, are disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 March. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group has control.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling interests and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combination and goodwill

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of a subsidiary in a business combination. The cost of acquisition is measured at the acquisition-date fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred and contingent consideration. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary in the acquisition are measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase which is attributed to the Company.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in consolidated profit or loss. The fair value is added to the cost of acquisition to calculate the goodwill.

If the changes in the value of the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary were recognised in other comprehensive income (for example, available-for-sale investment), the amount that was recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised on the same basis as would be required if the previously held equity interest were disposed of.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The method of measuring impairment losses of goodwill is the same as that of other assets as stated in the accounting policy "Impairment of assets" below. Impairment losses of goodwill are recognised in consolidated profit or loss and are not subsequently reversed. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition for the purpose of impairment testing.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances in financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- (i) Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rate is as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	18-33%
Leasehold improvement	20-45%
Machinery	9%
Motor vehicle	12.5-18%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

Operating leases

Leases that do not substantially transfer to the Group all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as operating leases. Lease payments (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting charges. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment. An allowance for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the receivables' carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition. The amount of the allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods and recognised in profit or loss when an increase in the receivables' recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to the restriction that the carrying amount of the receivables at the date the impairment is reversed shall not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Financial guarantee contract liabilities

Financial guarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair values and are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- (a) the amount of the obligations under the contracts, as determined in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"; and
- (b) the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation recognised in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the terms of the guarantee contracts.

Convertible notes

Convertible loans which entitle the holder to convert the loans into a fixed number of equity instruments at a fixed conversion price are regarded as compound instruments consist of a liability and an equity component. At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible debt. The difference between the proceeds of issue of the convertible bonds and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the embedded option for the holder to convert the loans into equity of the Group, is included in equity as capital reserve. The liability component is carried as a liability at amortised cost using the effective interest method until extinguished on conversion or redemption.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible loans based on their relative carrying amounts at the date of issue. The portion relating to the equity component is charged directly to equity.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Convertible notes (continued)

If the loans are converted, the capital reserve, together with the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of conversion, is transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the bond is redeemed, the capital reserve is released directly to retained profits.

Convertible loans which entitle the holder to convert the loans into equity instruments, other than into a fixed number of equity instruments at a fixed conversion price, are regarded as combined instruments consist of a liability and a derivative component. At the date of issue, the fair value of the derivative component is determined using an option pricing model; and this amount is carried as a derivative liability until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the liability component and is carried as a liability at amortised cost using the effective interest method until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The derivative component is measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised in profit or loss.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and derivative components of the convertible loans based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and derivative components on initial recognition.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown, net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts allowed and after eliminating sales within the Group. Revenue is recognised as follows:

- (a) Revenues from the sales of goods are recognised on the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered and the title has passed to the customers.
- (b) Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(b) Pension obligations

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme ("MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a ceiling of monthly relevant income of HK\$25,000 (before 1 June 2012: HK\$20,000) and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The Group also participates in a defined contribution retirement scheme organised by the government in the PRC. The Group is required to contribute a specific percentage of the payroll of its employees to the retirement scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the retirement scheme. No forfeited contributions may be used by the employers to reduce the existing level of contributions.

(c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowing costs (continued)

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (B) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A).
 - (vii) A person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purpose of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of the Group's various lines of business.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of productions processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets except inventories and receivables to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when material.

6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, Management had made the following judgement that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

(a) Going concern basis

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the Group being able to achieve a successful restructuring and continue its business. Details are explained in note 3 to the financial statements.

(b) Financial results of Xiamen U-Right Garment Co. Ltd. (the "EJV")

In accordance with an agency agreement, the sales and purchase transactions of the EJV were carried out on the EJV's behalf by 石獅市意利王製衣發展有限公司 (for identification purpose, Shishi City Yiliwang Clothes Development Co., Ltd.) ("Shishi Yiliwang") and 廈門大騰工貿有限公司 (for identification purpose, Xiamen Dateng Industry Trade Limited) ("Xiamen Dateng"). Each of them holds 10% of the ownership interest in the EJV. The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that those sales and purchases for the year ended 31 March 2013 have been included in the Group's current year results. In view of the various terms stipulated in the agency agreement, the Directors regard such accounting treatments as appropriate.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Financial guarantee liabilities

The determination of the financial guarantee liabilities involves Management's estimation. The Group assesses the probability and magnitude of the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligations and if the expectation differs from the original estimate, such a difference may impact the carrying amount of the financial guarantee liabilities as at 31 March 2013.

(b) Impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts

The Group makes impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts based on assessments of the recoverability of the trade and other receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

(c) Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(d) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expense. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions. The Group will reassess the estimates by the end of each reporting period.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives and residual values are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

(f) Impairment of goodwill

Management reviews and determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. The carrying amount of goodwill at the end of the reporting period was approximately HK\$14,202,000. No impairment loss was recognised during the year ended 31 March 2013.

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The major financial instruments of the Group include trade and other receivables, bank and cash balances, trade payables, financial guarantee liabilities, convertible notes and promissory note. The activities of the Group expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Risk management is carried out by the Directors under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Directors identify, evaluate and hedge financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the Group entities or United States dollars for Hong Kong dollars functional currency Group entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Interest rate risk

As at 31 March 2013, the Group did not have significant interest rate risk.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk mainly in relation to its trade and other receivables, cash deposits with banks and maximum exposure of credit risk is equal to the carrying amounts of these financial assets. Cash and bank transactions counterparties are limited to financial institutions with good credit rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had certain concentration of credit risk as approximately 20% (2012: 26%) and approximately 66% (2012: 57%) of the Group's trade receivables were due from the Group's largest trade debtor and the five largest trade debtors, respectively. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. The Group reviews the recoverable amount of the trade and other receivables on a regular basis and provision for doubtful debts is made in accordance with the Group's policies. In addition, the Management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt regularly to ensure that adequate impairment losses are recognised for irrecoverable debts. In this regard, the Management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its current obligations when they fall due.

The Management has given careful consideration on the measures currently undertaken in respect of the Group's liquidity position. The Management believes that the Group will be able to meet in full its financial obligations as they fall due upon the completion of the proposed restructuring of the Company, as further explained in note 3 to the financial statements.

(d) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

8. REVENUE

Revenue represents the invoiced value of goods sold, less value-added tax, goods returns and trade discounts during the year.

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Sales of fashion garments and textiles	392,644	397,937

For the year ended 31 March 2013

9. OTHER INCOME

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest income	40	12
Net foreign exchange gain	_	13
Reimbursement of restructuring expenses from the Investor	910	1,749
Others	27	7
	977	1,781

10. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012, no operating segment information is presented as the Group has only one operating segment of fashion garments, textile and leathers business.

Geographical information:

The Group's revenue analysed by geographical location and information about its noncurrent assets by geographical location are detailed below:

	Revenue		Non-current assets		
	Year ended	Year ended 31 March		As at 31 March	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Mainland China	143,861	142,041	1,207	949	
The Philippines	93,459	93,171	_	_	
United Arab Emirates	155,324	162,725			
Consolidated total	392,644	397,937	1,207	949	

In presenting the geographical information, revenue is based on the locations of the customers.

Information about major customers:

Revenue from major customers, each of whom accounted for 10% or more of the total revenue is set out below:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Customer A	82,745	100,193
Customer B	72,579	62,532
Customer C	44,990	*
Customer D	*	46,084

^{*} Less than 10% of total revenue of the Group

For the year ended 31 March 2013

11. FINANCE COST

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Interest expenses on borrowings wholly repayable		
	2 929	3,962
- promissory note (Note 27)	1,736	826
	4,564	4,788
INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax		
Provision for the year	581	1,399
Provision for the year	3,514	2,102
	4,095	3,501
	within five years - convertible notes (Note 26) - promissory note (Note 27) INCOME TAX EXPENSE Current tax - Hong Kong Profits Tax	Interest expenses on borrowings wholly repayable within five years - convertible notes (Note 26) - promissory note (Note 27) INCOME TAX EXPENSE 2013 HK\$'000 Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax Provision for the year Current tax – the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Provision for the year 3,514

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year. Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of subsidiaries of the Company in the PRC is 25% for both years.

Tax charges on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.

The reconciliation between the income tax and profit before tax multiplied by the Hong Kong profits tax rate is as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Profit before tax	13,415	11,345
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%)	2,214	1,872
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in	968	876
other jurisdictions	913	753
	4,095	3,501

For the year ended 31 March 2013

13. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

The Group's profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost of inventories sold	349,448	363,508
Depreciation	387	126
Impairment on inventories	77	87
Staff costs (including Directors' remuneration):		
 salaries, bonuses and allowances 	8,543	4,650
- retirement benefits scheme contributions	729	484
	9,272	5,134
Auditor's remuneration	780	699
Net foreign exchange loss/(gain)	4	(13)
Operating lease charges on land and buildings	1,645	1,008

14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

None of the Directors received any remuneration for the two years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

Details of the aggregate emoluments for the five employees whose emoluments were the highest in the Group are as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Salaries, allowances and benefit-in-kind Retirement benefit costs	1,071 40	932 13
	1,111	945

The number of employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands are as follows:

	Number of I	Number of Individual		
	2013	2012		
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	5	5		

Based on the audited results of the Group for the two years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012, the Directors were not entitled to any of the performance-based discretionary bonus during the years.

No emoluments had been paid by the Group to the Directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

15. EARNING PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Basic earning per share

The calculation of basic earning per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$8,333,000 (2012: HK\$6,890,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 3,569,364,916 (2012: 3,569,364,916) in issue during the year.

Diluted earning per share

No diluted earning per share for the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012 is presented as the effects of all convertible notes are anti-dilutive for the years.

16. DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012.

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Machinery HK\$'000	Motor vehicle HK\$'000	Leasehold improvement HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Cost:					
At 1 April 2011	_	-	_	35	35
Acquisition of subsidiaries	67	72	_	301	440
Additions	-	350	183	64	597
Exchange differences	1	1		3	5
At 31 March 2012 and					
1 April 2012	68	423	183	403	1,077
Additions	_	_	533	108	641
Exchange differences	1	3	2	3	9
At 31 March 2013	69	426	718	514	1,727
Accumulated depreciation:					
At 1 April 2011	_	_	_	2	2
Charge for the year	13	25	17	71	126
At 31 March 2012 and					
1 April 2012	13	25	17	73	128
Charge for the year	23	72	137	155	387
Exchange differences		2	1	2	5
At 31 March 2013	36	99	155	230	520
Carrying amount:					
At 31 March 2013	33	327	563	284	1,207
At 31 March 2012	55	398	166	330	949

For the year ended 31 March 2013

18. GOODWILL

HK\$'000	1
1.202 14.202	
	4,202 HK\$'000

The Group acquired 100% equity interest of Sino Hill on 1 October 2011. This transaction has been accounted for by the acquisition method of accounting.

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash generating units ("CGUs") that are expected to benefit from that business combination. Before recognition of impairment losses, the carrying amount of goodwill had been allocated to the Sino Hill cash generating unit.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined from value in use calculation.

The key assumptions for the value in use calculation are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and budgeted gross margin and turnover during the period. The Group estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The growth rates are based on long-term average economic growth rate of the geographical area in which the businesses of the CGUs operate. Budgeted gross margin and turnover are based on past practices and expectations on market development.

The Group prepares cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by the Directors for the next five years with the residual period using the growth rate of 5%. This rate does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant markets.

The rate used to discount the forecasted cash flows from the Sino Hill cash generating unit is 10%.

19. INVENTORIES

2013	2012
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
13,081	17,798
(77)	(87)
13,004	17,711
	13,081 (77)

For the year ended 31 March 2013

20. TRADE AND BILL RECEIVABLES

Other than cash sales, invoices are normally payable within 30 to 90 days of issuance. Trade and bill receivables are recognised and carried at their original invoiced amounts less allowance for impairment when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off as incurred.

At the end of the reporting period, the aging analysis of the trade and bill receivables is as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
1-30 days	27,167	29,267
31-60 days	12,240	10,153
61-90 days	12,486	6,094
91-120 days	4,481	2,961
Over 120 days	6,379	3,737
Less: Impairments		
	62,753	52,212

At the end of the reporting period, the trade and bill receivables with the carrying amounts of approximately HK\$10,860,000 (2012: HK\$6,698,000) were past due but not impaired. Approximately HK\$4,481,000 and HK\$6,379,000 (2012: approximately HK\$2,961,000 and HK\$3,737,000) of which were falling within the ageing band from 91 to 120 days and over 120 days respectively.

The gross amounts of the Group's trade and bill receivables were denominated in the following currencies:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
USD	32,680	21,983
RMB	30,073	30,229
	62,753	52,212

For the year ended 31 March 2013

21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Deposit		13,487	3,540
Prepayments		480	3
Other receivables		5,825	5,590
Due from deconsolidated subsidiaries	(a)	444	438
		20,236	9,571

Notes(a): The advances are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed repayment terms.

22. TRADE PAYABLES

At the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of the trade payables is as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1-30 days	18,328	12,036
31-60 days	11,409	11,646
61-90 days	2,181	7,085
91-120 days	56	156
Over 120 days	437	720
	32,411	31,643

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables were denominated in the following currencies:

2013	2012
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
24,565	18,415
7,846	13,228
32,411	31,643
	HK\$'000 24,565

For the year ended 31 March 2013

23. DUE TO DECONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES

The amounts due to deconsolidated subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed repayment terms.

24. DUE TO THE INVESTOR

On 6 August 2010, a directly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, UR Group and the Investor entered into a secured loan facility agreement, pursuant to which the Investor agreed to provide a working capital facility up to HK\$15,000,000 to UR Group. The advance of HK\$4,800,000 has already been received from the Investor prior to the date of the said agreement. This advance is non-interest bearing, secured by the entire issued share capital of an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, U-RIGHT Trading Development Limited. The advance was repaid during last year.

On 6 August 2010, a directly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Alfreda and the Investor entered into another secured loan facility agreement, pursuant to which the Investor agreed to provide a facility up to HK\$20,000,000 to Alfreda as part of the consideration of the Acquisition. Three advances of HK\$10,000,000, HK\$5,000,000 and HK\$5,000,000 were drawn down from the Investor on 15 September 2010, 31 January 2011 and 30 September 2011 respectively in respect of the second loan facility agreement. These advances are non-interest bearing, secured by the entire issued share capital of an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Right Season, and repayable on 31 December 2013. An amount of HK\$8,700,000 was repaid to the Investor during the year.

25. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE LIABILITIES

The Company has provided corporate guarantees for certain bank loans of its subsidiaries which had been deconsolidated from the consolidated financial statements of the Group since 1 April 2008. At the end of the reporting period, it is probable that the Company will be liable to the potential claims under any of these guarantees. Accordingly, a provision for financial guarantee liabilities of approximately HK\$1,118,325,000 as at 31 March 2013 (2012: HK\$1,118,325,000) for the Company has been made against the probable uncovered exposures to be borne by the Company under those guarantees at the end of the reporting period.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

26. CONVERTIBLE NOTES

Pursuant to a subscription agreement dated 5 October 2006, the Company issued zero coupon convertible notes with principal value of HK\$60,000,000 on 19 October 2006 ("CN1"). The holders of CN1 are entitled to convert any part of the principal amount into new ordinary shares of the Company at a conversion price of HK\$0.288 each, subject to adjustments, at any time between the date of issue of CN1 and 19 October 2011. Any convertible notes not converted before 19 October 2011 would be redeemed at 137.69 per cent of its principal amount on 19 October 2011. During the year ended 31 March 2008, part of the CN1 with principal value of HK\$30,000,000 have been converted into ordinary shares of the Company.

Pursuant to a subscription agreement dated 23 October 2007, the Company issued convertible notes with principal value of HK\$24,000,000 on 15 November 2007 ("CN2"). The holders of CN2 are entitled to convert any part of the principal amount into new ordinary shares of the Company at a conversion price of HK\$0.341 each, subject to adjustments, at any time between the date of issue of CN2 and 15 November 2010. Any convertible notes not converted before 15 November 2010 would be redeemed at 135.00 per cent of its principal amount on 15 November 2010. CN2 bears interests at 6 months HIBOR plus 1% per annum payable semi-annually until their settlement date.

During the year ended 31 March 2009, an event of default occurred in respect of the convertible notes with liability component totaling approximately HK\$65,098,000 as at 31 March 2009 and such amounts have become repayable on demand. The liability component of convertible notes, together with the corresponding finance cost, was therefore reclassified as a current liability.

The liability component of convertible bonds recognised at the end of the reporting period is analysed as follows:

	CN1	CN2	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Liability component at 1 April 2011	39,177	32,400	71,577
Interest charged (Note 11)	3,071	891	3,962
Liability component at 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012	42,248	33,291	75,539
Interest charged (Note 11)	2,169	659	2,828
Liability component at 31 March 2013	44,417	33,950	78,367

The interest charged for the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012 for CN1 and CN2 are calculated with reference to the terms of the convertible notes and taking into consideration that the convertible notes were in default.

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27. PROMISSORY NOTE

On 1 October 2011, Right Season, one of the subsidiaries of the Company issued a promissory note of HK\$20,000,000 (the "Promissory Note") as part of the consideration for the Acquisition of Sino Hill. The Promissory Note bears no interest and has a maturity date of 30 September 2013 or 12 month's period following the resumption of trading in the shares of the Company whichever is earlier. The redemption is at par at maturity date.

	HK\$'000
The fair value of the Promissory Note on issuance	16,529
Effective interest charged to profit or loss (Note 11)	826
At 31 March 2012	17,355
Effective interest charged to profit or loss (Note 11)	1,736
At 31 March 2013	19,091

The effective interest rate of the Promissory Note is 10%.

28. SHARE CAPITAL

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Authorised: 5,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	500,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid: 3,569,364,916 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	356,936	356,936

a) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the payment of dividends, issue new shares, buy-back shares, raise new debts, redeem existing debts or sell assets to reduce debts. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

29. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During last year, an advance of HK\$5,000,000 was drawn down from the Investor on 30 September 2011 and was paid to the vendor of Sino Hill as part of the consideration to acquire 100% equity interest of Sino Hill.

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Equity-settled share option scheme

The share option scheme of the Company (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted at the special general meeting of the Company on 9 July 2002 for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest (the "Invested Entity"). Eligible participants of the Share Option Scheme include the directors and employees of the Company, its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity, suppliers and customers of the Group or any Invested Entity, any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the Group or any Invested Entity, and any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity. The Share Option Scheme should, unless otherwise terminated or amended, remain in force for 10 years from 17 July 2002.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares in issue from time to time. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options granted and to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue on 31 August 2007 (i.e. not exceeding 351,191,691 shares of the Company). Share options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the 10% limit.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Equity-settled share option scheme (continued)

The Company may seek approval of the shareholders in the general meeting for refreshing the 10% limit under the Share Option Scheme save that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company under the limit as refreshed shall not exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of approval of the limit as refreshed. Share options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company (including share options outstanding, cancelled, lapsed or exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the limit as refreshed. The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted to each eligible participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the Directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of the offer of the share options which must be trading day; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

At 31 March 2012, the total number of the Company's shares currently available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 351,191,691, representing 9.8% of the issued share capital of the Company shares after the refreshment of the scheme mandate limit.

The Company did not have any outstanding share options granted under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2012.

As the Directors decided not to extend the Share Option Scheme nor adopt a new share option scheme for the Company, the operation of the Share Option Scheme was ceased from 17 July 2012.

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31. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARY – SINO HILL

On 1 October 2011, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Sino Hill at a consideration HK\$40,000,000 satisfied by advances from the Investor of HK\$10,000,000 and HK\$5,000,000 paid in year 2011 as a deposits, an advance from the Investor of HK\$5,000,000 paid last year and the Promissory Note of HK\$20,000,000 (fair value of approximately HK\$16,529,000). Sino Hill was engaged in the design, distribution and sales of fashion during the year. The Acquisition is for the purpose of extending existing principal business of the Group in relation to the wholesale and retail trading of fashion garments.

The fair value of the total consideration mentioned above was HK\$36,529,000. The goodwill arising from the acquisition was HK\$14,202,000.

The carrying amount of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Sino Hill acquired as at the date of Acquisition is the same as their fair values, which are disclosed as follows:

	Carrying
	amount and
	fair values
	HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	440
Inventories	14,092
Trade receivables	6,898
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	588
Cash and cash equivalents	9,938
Trade payables	(137)
Accruals and other payables	(2,604)
Tax payable	(6,888)
Net assets	22,327
Goodwill	14,202
	36,529
Satisfied by:	
Advances from the Investor	20,000
Issue of Promissory Note	16,529
	36,529
Net cash inflow arising on Acquisition:	
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	9,938

The goodwill arising on the Acquisition of Sino Hill is attributable to the Sino Hill cash generating unit.

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32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY AND RESERVES

a) Statement of financial position of the Company

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Non-current assets		
Investments in subsidiaries	_	-
Current assets		
Due from deconsolidated subsidiaries	444	438
Due from subsidiaries	315	7
Bank balances	6,919	6,984
-	7,678	7,429
Current liabilities		
Accruals and other payables	8,892	7,540
Due to deconsolidated subsidiaries	268,189	268,189
Financial guarantee liabilities	1,118,325	1,118,325
Convertible notes	78,367	75,539
-	1,473,773	1,469,593
Net current liabilities	(1,466,095)	(1,462,164)
Total assets less current liabilities	(1,466,095)	(1,462,164)
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	356,936	356,936
Deficiency	(1,823,031)	(1,819,100)
TOTAL EQUITY	(1,466,095)	(1,462,164)

For the year ended 31 March 2013

32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY AND RESERVES (continued)

b) Reserves of the Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Share-based compensation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits/ (accumulated losses) HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2011 Total comprehensive loss for the year	614,493	40,358	3,020	1,904	(2,474,089) (4,786)	(1,814,314) (4,786)
At 31 March 2012	614,493	40,358	3,020	1,904	(2,478,875)	(1,819,100)
At 1 April 2012 Total comprehensive loss for the year Transfer upon forfeiture of	614,493	40,358	3,020	1,904	(2,478,875) (3,931)	(1,819,100) (3,931)
share options				(1,904)	1,904	
At 31 March 2013	614,493	40,358	3,020		(2,480,902)	(1,823,031)

c) Nature and purpose of reserves of the Group

(i) Share premium account

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Act of Bermuda.

(ii) Statutory reserve

In accordance with the relevant regulations of the PRC, the subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC are required to transfer a certain percentage of the profit after tax, if any, to a statutory reserve. Subject to certain restrictions as set out in the relevant regulations, the statutory reserve may be used to offset the accumulated losses, if any, of the subsidiaries.

(iii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents the unexercised equity component of convertible notes issued by the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible notes in note 5 to the financial statements.

(iv) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities at 31 March 2013 and 2012.

34. COMMITMENTS

Lease commitments

As at 31 March 2013, the total future minimum lease payments of the Group under noncancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Future aggregate minimum lease payments under operating leases in respect of land and buildings		
- within one year	894	1,281
- in the second to fifth years inclusive	1,244	340
	2,138	1,621

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its offices and shop. Leases are negotiated for an average term of 2 years and rentals are fixed over the lease terms and do not include contingent rentals.

35. CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Management fee paid to Shishi Yiliwang	2,679	2,500
Management fee paid to Xiamen Dateng		273

The above connected transactions do not constitute related party transactions under HKAS 24.

36. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 26 April 2013, the Stock Exchange decided to allow the Company to proceed with the resumption proposal subject to the resumption conditions to be fulfilled by 31 July 2013. Details of the resumption conditions were set out in the Company's announcement dated 26 April 2013.

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37. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Name of the subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration/	Issued and paid-up/ registered capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group 2013 2012		Principal activities
Direct subsidiaries:					
Lucky Formosa International Group Limited	British Virgin Islands	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%	Investment holding
UR Group Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
Alfreda Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Inactive
Indirect subsidiaries:					
Nano Garment Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1	100%	100%	Inactive
U-RIGHT Trading Development Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1	100%	100%	Trading of fashion garments and textiles
Fame Ace Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Inactive
Right Season Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
Xiamen U-Right Garment Co., Ltd.	The PRC	US\$240,000	80%	80%	Retailing of fashion garments and trading of textiles and leathers
Sino Hill Group Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
Stand Fancy Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	Investment holding
立宜服裝 (深圳) 有限公司	The PRC	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%	Design, distribution and sale of fashion apparel

Note: Xiamen U-Right Garment Co. Ltd. is a sino foreign joint venture established in the PRC.

立宜服裝 (深圳) 有限公司 is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise established in the PRC.

38. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 14 June 2013.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited consolidated financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out below.

	For the years ended 31 March				
	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2009 HK\$'000
RESULTS					
Turnover	392,644	397,937	331,084	92,305	124,377
Profit/(loss) before tax	13,415	11,345	4,196	(430)	(3,078,321)
Income tax expenses	(4,095)	(3,501)	(1,754)	(161)	
Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income	9,320 455	7,844 435	2,442 146	(591)	(3,078,321)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	9,775	8,279	2,588	(591)	(3,078,321)
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	8,696	7,315	1,885	(660)	(3,078,321)
Non-controlling interests	1,079	964	703	69	
	9,775	8,279	2,588	(591)	(3,078,321)
	As at 31 March				
	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000	2009 HK\$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Non-current assets	15,409	15,151	33	_	_
Current assets Current liabilities	105,417 (1,699,970)	99,731 (1,686,446)	72,351 (1,669,582)	19,951 (1,620,228)	6,627 (1,606,313)
Non-current liabilities	(1,099,970)	(17,355)	(1,009,382)	(1,020,228)	(1,000,313)
Net assets/(liabilities)	(1,579,144)	(1,588,919)	(1,597,198)	(1,600,277)	(1,599,686)
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	(1,582,450)	(1,591,146)	(1,598,461)	(1,600,346)	(1,599,686)
Non-controlling interests	3,306	2,227	1,263	69	
Total equity	(1,579,144)	(1,588,919)	(1,597,198)	(1,600,277)	(1,599,686)