

2013 Annual Report 年報

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

TAI Tak Fung, Stephen (Chairman) WU Mei Yung, Quinly (Managing Director) MAN Wing Cheung, Ellis

YIP Wai Keung WU Wing Biu

NAM Chi Ming, Gibson

Independent Non-executive Directors

LEUNG Mei Han CHAN Yuk Sang, Peter Tsunao KIJIMA

COMPANY SECRETARY

NAM Chi Ming, Gibson

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

PLACE OF INCORPORATION

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Caledonian Trust (Cayman) Limited Caledonian House 69 Dr. Roy's Drive P.O. Box 1043 KY1-1102

George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

董事會

執行董事

戴德豐(主席) 胡美容(董事總經理) 文永祥 葉偉強 胡永標 藍志明

獨立非執行董事

梁美嫻 陳玉生 木島綱雄

公司秘書

藍志明

核數師

安永會計師事務所

註冊成立地點

開曼群島

主要股份過戶登記處

Caledonian Trust (Cayman) Limited Caledonian House 69 Dr. Roy's Drive P.O. Box 1043 KY1-1102 George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓



REGISTERED OFFICE

Caledonian House 69 Dr. Roy's Drive P.O. Box 1043 KY1-1102 George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Four Seas Group Building No. 1 Hong Ting Road Sai Kung Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Limited
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation
Mizuho Corporate Bank, Limited
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
Hang Seng Bank Limited
The Bank of East Asia, Limited

WEBSITE

http://www.fourseasgroup.com.hk

註冊辦事處

Caledonian House 69 Dr. Roy's Drive P.O. Box 1043 KY1-1102 George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港 西貢 康定路1號 四洲集團大廈

主要往來銀行

三菱東京UFJ銀行有限公司 日本三井住友銀行有限公司 瑞穗實業銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 東方匯理銀行 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司

網址

http://www.fourseasgroup.com.hk





Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the board of directors of Four Seas Mercantile Holdings Limited ("the Group"), I am pleased to present you the Group's annual results for the year ended 31 March 2013.

RESULTS

During the year, the Group's profit achieved a substantial growth. For the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group's sales reached HK\$2,899,647,000 (2012: HK\$2,789,334,000), representing an increase of 4% over the same period of last year. The profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company even increased significantly by 111% to HK\$110,779,000 (2012: HK\$52,581,000). The profit growth was derived from the increase in gross profit margin under the control of purchasing and production costs, coupled with the benefit of the depreciation of Japanese yen. Distribution of food products in Mainland China and Hong Kong is the Group's major business, among which Japanese products are one of the main kinds and the Japanese yen depreciation reduced the purchasing costs of the Group. Besides, the steady selling prices of the products carried by the Group were achieved due to the market recognition of the brand power of the Group which became a favourable factor for the increase in gross profit, leading to a substantial growth in profit.

TAI Tak Fung, Stephen, GBS, SBS, JP, *Chairman* 戴德豐 GBS SBS 太平紳士 *主席*

致各位股東:

本人謹代表四洲集團有限公司(「本集團」)董事會欣然提呈本集團截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之全年業績。

業績

年內,本集團溢利錄得重大增長。截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團營業額錄得2,899,647,000港元(二零一二年:2,789,334,000港元),較去年同期上升4%。本公司權益所有者應佔溢利更大幅上升111%至110,779,000港元(二零一二年:52,581,000港元)。本集團盈利增長主要來自毛利率提升,除了因為採購及生產成本控制得宜外,亦受惠於日圓貶值之趨勢。於中港兩地銷售代理食品是本集團的重要業務,其中日本商品為主要代理商品之一,因而日圓貶值減輕了本集團之採購成本。此外,本集團品牌價值在市場上獲得肯定,致使產品售價穩定,亦成為毛利上升之有利因素,盈利因而錄得可觀的增長。



新口味·新包裝 四洲香濃珈琲 現已隆重上市





During the year, the Group recorded a steady sales growth in Hong Kong and Mainland China. The sales derived from Hong Kong segment reached HK\$1,901,473,000 (2012: HK\$1,818,989,000), representing an increase of 5% over the same period of last year, and accounted for approximately 66% of the Group's total revenue. The sales in Mainland China was HK\$998,174,000 (2012: HK\$970,345,000), increased by 3% compared to the same period of last year, and accounted for approximately 34% of the Group's total revenue. The Group will continue to expand its presence in the market of Mainland China, in order to further increase its growth and establish a long-term brand image.

形象。

BUSINESS REVIEW

The year under review is a year for harvest of the Group. Despite of the fact that the global economy recovered slowly and the European sovereign-debt crisis was deteriorating during the year, the Group achieved astonishing and encouraging results with our pragmatic and prudent operational strategies. The Group's accomplishments rest on our business integrity and innovative business wisdom. These qualities demonstrate our ability to bring sustainable returns to shareholders.

Since its establishment in Hong Kong in 1971, the Group has strived for providing high-quality and luscious food for customers catering for different needs. The Group advocates a "Modern Delicacy Concept" leading to a high-quality life for the customers. With its long-standing history, rich experience and innovative spirit, the Group has developed into a leading enterprise of Hong Kong food industry. Last year, the Group was honored with "The China Securities Golden Bauhinia Awards: Listed Company with the Best Brand Value", in recognition of its achievements.

業務回顧

本回顧年度是本集團碩果豐盛的一年。儘管年內全 球經濟復甦緩慢,歐債危機反覆惡化,但憑著務實 及審慎的經營策略,本集團取得了令人鼓舞的業 績。本集團的卓越成就有賴於我們重視誠信及勇於 創新的商業智慧,充分表現出我們為股東帶來持續 回報的能力。

年內,香港及國內營業額錄得穩健增長,香港地區營業額為1,901,473,000港元(二零一二年:

1,818,989,000港元),比去年同期增長5%,佔總營

業額約66%;國內地區營業額為998,174,000港元(二

零一二年:970,345,000港元),比去年同期增長3%,

相應佔總營業額約34%。集團會繼往開來,不斷地

開拓中國內地市場,進一步增長和建立長期的品牌

本集團自一九七一年在香港成立以來,致力為不同 需要的客戶提供優質味美的食品,倡導「現代美食 觀念」,為消費者打造優質新生活。本集團憑藉著 悠久的歷史、豐富的經驗及勇於創新的精神,已發 展成為香港最大食品企業之一。本集團更於去年獲 頒「中國證券金紫荊獎-最具品牌價值上市公司」, 反映集團成就備受肯定。





『四洲粟米條』採用優質粟米粒烘焙而成。 不含基因改造。粒粒鬆脆可口。 是適合任何人士分享的健康小食!



主席報告



Distribution Business

Food distribution business has long been the core business of the Group and it has been developed steadily over the years. The internationally renowned brands of quality food products distributed by the Group suit the demands of different customers which include milk powder, snacks, health foods, wine, beverages, sauce, seasonings, ham and sausages, etc., importing from many countries such as Japan, Mainland China, Korea, Malaysia, Singapore, the United States and European countries, etc. The Group has a comprehensive distribution network and superb sales management forces. With its well established international network, the Group brings in high-quality food products from overseas. Recently, the Group successfully obtained the distributorship of YOKU MOKU, a famous Japanese food souvenir brand, broadening the variety of the Group's distributed products. The Group has attached great importance to the relationships with customers and suppliers. It heightened the brands' awareness as well as influence in order to strengthen the Group's leading position in the food industry.

Manufacturing Business

As the distribution business has become mature, the Group is gradually emphasizing the strategic focus of reinforcing of its own brand and has achieved great success. Being a pioneer in establishing its own brand name in Hong Kong, the Group has set up manufacturing plants to produce a variety of food products. As at 31 March 2013, the Group has a total of 20 manufacturing plants in Mainland China and Hong Kong. Products comprising "Four Seas Seaweed", "Four Seas Milk Drink", "Four Seas Biscuit Stick", "Four Seas Tsubu Tsubu Orange Drink", "Four Seas Coffee", "Four Seas Cracker", "Four Seas Chestnut", "Four Seas Potato Chip", "Four Seas Puff Snack Series", "Four Seas Sweet Corn", "Four Seas Bub Bub Candy", "Four Seas Instant Noodle", "Maid Brand Ham and Sausage Series" and "Cowboy Peanut" etc.

代理業務

食品代理作為集團的核心業務,多年來發展穩定。本集團目前代理之國際名牌優質食品,足以滿足不同客戶群的需要,當中涵蓋奶粉、零食、健康食品、酒類、飲品、醬油、調味料、火腿及香腸等多樣化產品,這些產品來自日本、中國、韓國、馬達的分銷網絡和優質的銷售團隊,藉著建立國際關係,不斷努力引進國外優質產品。近期,本業各等係網絡,不斷努力引進國外優質產品。近期,本業團、大學團代理產品種類覆蓋更廣潤之層面。本集團非常重視與客戶及供應商的合作關係,致力提升品牌知名度和影響力,鋭意加強本集團於食品行業的領導地位。

製造業務

隨著代理業務發展日趨成熟,本集團逐步將策略重心轉向加強自家品牌的發展並取得成功。作為香港自創品牌的先行者,本集團自設廠房生產多種特色食品。截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團於中港兩地共有二十間食品廠房。產品包括「四洲紫菜」、「四洲牛奶仔」、「四洲甘大滋」、「四洲粒粒橙」、「四洲咖啡」、「四洲梳打餅」、「四洲甘栗」、「四洲薯片」、「四洲膨化系列」、「四洲栗米條」、「四洲泡泡樂糖」、「四洲湯麵」、「金妹牌火腿香腸系列」和「牛仔花生」等,並贏得廣泛認同。

四洲甘栗

Four Seas Chestnut



百份百天然

粒粒精選

總代理:四洲貿易有限公司



In view of the well development of "Four Seas" brand and tremendous business opportunities in Mainland China, the Group has actively expanded its business under its own brand in the mainland market and took Guangdong province as a model market in Mainland China. In the development of the Group's Mainland China business, production-sales integration was emphasized to perfect every stage of the production flow. Also, the Group has actively established a variety of sales channels for both its own and franchised products. The one-stop platform for production and sales has effectively improved the production efficiency. The Group stipulated effective marketing strategies via the full control in inventory management and production capacity together with well understanding of market trend. Moreover, such integration is very conducive to food safety control. The Group always regards food safety as the conscience of a food enterprise. Over the years, the Group upholds the principles of total quality control and a well-developed system to ensure food safety starting from the source, which enhances the happiness and confidence of the consumers on our products.

Retail and Catering Businesses

The Group's retail business has been growing steadily. The Group's retail chain, namely "Okashi Land", has its foothold across Hong Kong and it is popular among the young consumers. "Okashi Land" was accredited with "QTS Merchant of the Quality Tourism Services" Scheme, "Hong Kong & Macau Merchants of Integrity Award", "The Most Popular Hong Kong and Macau Brands" and "The Most Popular Hong Kong Bright Consumer Brands". Under the leadership of "Okashi Land", the Group's retail business achieved encouraging development.

The Group's catering business in Mainland China and Hong Kong, including Japanese restaurants, Japanese fast food shops, sushi restaurant chains, high-end vegetarian restaurants, garden-style Chinese restaurants and light meal restaurants, has been developing during the year.

「四洲 | 品牌發展成熟,加上內地市場蘊藏巨大商 機,本集團於內地市場積極擴大自家品牌的業務, 並以廣東省作為集團發展內地之模範市場。在內 地業務的發展過程中,本集團由生產至銷售過程 均一絲不苟,主張生產銷售一體化。同時本集團積 極建立不同銷售渠道,售賣自產或代理產品。透過 生產及銷售一站式的平台,本集團有效地提升生產 效率, 並充份掌握庫存及生產線產能, 了解市場趨 勢,制定合適的市場營銷策略。同時,產銷一體化 對食品安全的控制十分有利。本集團一直視食品安 全為食品企業的良心所在,多年來秉持全程質量控 制理念,由源頭至銷售均實施嚴謹的品質管理程 序,使消費者食得開心和安心。

零售及餐飲業務

本集團之零售業務穩健發展。其中遍佈全港的「零食 物語」零食專門店,一直深受年輕消費者歡迎。「零 食物語」更成為「優質旅遊服務」計劃認可商戶、獲 得「港澳優質誠信商號」、「港澳信譽遊標誌」及「最 受歡迎香港亮麗消費品牌」等資格。在「零食物語」 品牌的帶領下,集團零售業務的發展蒸蒸日上。

本集團於中、港兩地之餐飲業務涵蓋日式餐廳、日 式快餐店、迴轉壽司店、素食高級食府、中式園林 酒家及輕食餐廳,於年內續有發展。



The Group's "Kung Tak Lam Shanghai Vegetarian Cuisine", providing healthy vegetarian diets with lofty style, is the first choice for many Hong Kong vegetarians. The Japanese-style "Restaurant Shiki", located in business district at Admiralty, offers delicious food for customers working in the vicinity. The Japanese fast food shop "Osaka Ohsho" is well received by customers and is expanding its branch network in Hong Kong.

The Group's "Panxi Restaurant", located in the sightseeing spot of Liwan district in Guangzhou, is one of the largest garden-style Chinese restaurants in Guangdong province. With its history of 66 years, "Panxi Restaurant" is famous for its Lingnan dishes. It is one of the few high-class Guangdong restaurants that is located in city centre with glittering lake and lush greenery, attracting a large number of celebrities. It has continued to perform satisfactorily during the year. The sushi restaurant chain, "Sushi Oh", also expanded its business to Guangzhou during the year. Moreover, "Mori Café", another new brand innovated by the Group, established its first restaurant in Guangzhou to furnish public with light meals during the year.

PROSPECTS

After 42 years of efforts, the Group has become the main pillar of Hong Kong food industry. Since 1971, the Group has been evolving from the business of importing snacks from Japan to an enterprise covering food processing and production, distribution, retail and catering businesses. The Group always strives for improving food quality, establishing high-quality brands and expanding its broad retail network, in order to consolidate the leading position of the Group in Hong Kong food industry.

Footing in Hong Kong and facing the huge market in Mainland China, the Group will proactively expand the Mainland China market. In face of the increasing consumption power, busy lifestyle and diversified leisure activities of the Mainland Chinese, there is a strong growth in Chinese leisure food market. Therefore, the Group will be further expanding its market share in Mainland China to seize the enormous business opportunities. With our efforts all over the years, the Group's business in Guangdong province has been mature; hence, the Group is going to take Guangdong province as a foundation to promote "Four Seas" brand products and other distributed products to different mainland cities stage by stage, in order to expand the sales network and increase the Group's penetration in the mainland market to strive for a better accomplishment.

本集團之「功德林上海素食餐廳」,提供健康素食,格調高尚,為香港不少素食愛好者之首選。位於香港金鐘商業區的「四季日本料理」專門店,替不少上班一族帶來美食。而「大阪王將」日本中華料理快餐店,受到不少消費者的歡迎,在香港正拓展其分店版圖。

本集團位處國內廣州荔灣區之「泮溪酒家」是廣東 省最大的園林酒家之一,以提供嶺南名菜美點而 著名,擁有六十六年歷史,是罕有位處鬧市中心而 擁有湖光瀲灩,綠榕掩映的高級廣東食府,不少中 外名人,均曾為其座上客,於年內繼續有滿意的表 現。而本集團之日式迴轉壽司店「壽司皇」,於年內 拓展其業務至廣州。另外,集團新近自家開發的另 一餐飲業務品牌「Mori Café」在廣州成立首家餐廳, 為大眾提供多款輕食。

展望

本集團經過四十二年的努力發展,已成為香港食品 行業的翹楚。本集團自一九七一年從事代理日本進 口零食業務開始,至今發展成一家集食品加工製 造、代理、零售、餐飲等業務的食品綜合企業,一 向以來,致力提高食品質量,建立優質品牌及擴大 銷售網絡,鞏固本集團在香港食品行業的領導地位。

本集團立足香港,面向國內龐大市場,將大力擴展內地市場。由於國內日益增強的消費能力、忙碌的生活方式和多樣的休閑活動,中國的休閑食品市場增長強勁。有見及此,本集團將進一步擴大內地市場份額以抓緊潛在的巨大商機。憑著本集團多年的努力,本集團於廣東省的業務發展已相當成熟,據此我們將以廣東省作為基礎,分階段將「四洲」品牌及其他代理產品進一步推廣到不同的內地城市,擴充銷售網絡,以增加本集團在內地市場的滲透率,爭取更佳業績。

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the board of directors, I would like to express our most sincere gratitude to the management team and all staff for their efforts and contribution made to the Group. I would also like to take this opportunity to thank all shareholders, customers and business partners for their confidence and continuous support to the Group. The Group will do its best to further enhance its business, and to grasp every opportunity to bring sustainable returns to shareholders.

TAI Tak Fung, Stephen, GBS, SBS, JP *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 27 June 2013

鳴謝

本人謹代表董事會,向為本集團作出努力及貢獻的 管理團隊及全體員工致以衷心感謝,本人亦藉此機 會向全體股東、客戶及業務夥伴對本集團的信賴及 鼎力支持表示謝意。本集團將繼續竭盡所能,使業 務更上一層樓,把握各項契機,力創佳績,為股東 帶來持續的回報。

戴德豐 GBS SBS 太平紳士 主席

香港,二零一三年六月二十七日

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本年度繼續榮獲多個嘉許及獎項

Continuous recognition & awards received during this year

四洲集團為全港最具規模的食品企業之一,代理來自世界各地的多個名牌食品,並致力打造百分百本地自家品牌,本年度獲獎無數,更成為家喻戶曉的優質品牌。

Four Seas Group is one of the leading food enterprises in Hong Kong, distributing various kinds of renowned food brands from around the world. The Group has been developing its own premium brand successfully, and has been highly recognised and accredited with various awards this year.



The following awards are granted to our Group's Chairman, Dr. Stephen Tai:



金紫荊星章 Gold Bauhinia Star (GBS)

銀紫荊星章 Silver Bauhinia Star (SBS)

亞太卓越企業家

《領袖人物》•年度人物大獎

食品安全管理先進個人榮譽証書

Honorary Certificate of "Distinguished Management Entrepreneur"

第六屆亞洲品牌年度人物大獎

Asia Brand Year Personality Award

全球傑出華人 ● 功在家國獎

2011南方●華人慈善盛典慈善人物獎

亞洲品牌十大商業領袖

Top 10 Business Leader of Asia Brand

頒發機構

Organiser

中華人民共和國香港特別行政區政府

The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China

百州人排

中華人民共和國香港特別行政區政府

The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China

全球商報聯盟、國務院發展研究中心、中華全國歸國華僑聯合會、中國國際貿易促進委員會聯合主辦

領袖人物月刊和華商門戶網

中國食品安全年會

China Food Safety Annual Conference

國際名優品牌認証監督管理中心聯合香港文匯報社、環球時報社、中日韓經濟發展協會、中國企業報社及中國國際青年交流中心聯合主辦

全球傑出華人協會及中國文獻出版社

廣東省人民政府僑務辦公室及廣東南方電視台

亞洲品牌協會、《環球時報》社、中日韓經濟發展協會、亞洲經濟雜誌社、國 家發改委中國經貿導刊雜誌社、國家發改委宏觀經濟管理雜誌社,及經濟日 報中國經濟訊息雜誌社聯合主辦















				千尺工	女类领
嘉許/獎項	獲獎單位/機構	頒發機構			(many)
Recognition/Award	Awardees	Organizer	1	THE RESERVE	Samuell
商界展關懷	四洲集團	香港社會服務聯會	1 Same	and the	1
Caring Company Award	Four Seas Group	Hong Kong Council of Social Services	-confiner-	******	
第七屆亞洲品牌盛典之「亞洲知名品牌獎」	四洲集團	亞洲品牌盛典組織委員會		20.00	A
"Well-known Brand Award in Asia" of Asia Brand	Four Seas Group	Asia Brand Ceremony Organizing	No.	-8-	48
Ceremony		Committee	222		ALC: UNKNOWN
香港最有價值企業2012	四洲集團	Mediazone Publishing			
Hong Kong's Most Valuable Companies 2012	Four Seas Group		1000		-
,	四洲集團	大公報	(500)		Co
中國證券金紫荊獎之「最具品牌價值上市公司」		人公報 Ta Kung Pao			
"Listed Company with the Best Brand Value" of The China Securities Golden Bauhinia Awards	Four Seas Group	ra Kung Pao	100	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	
	m叫作用	度川口却	100	(C)	CONTRACT
	四洲集團	廣州日報		(3)A	7
Hong Kong & Macau Merchants of Integrity Award 2011-2012	Four Seas Group	Guangzhou Daily	A STATE OF		_
	- VIII 15- FF		-		
香港品牌十年成就獎	四洲集團	香港品牌發展局/香港中華廠商聯合會			
Hong Kong Top Brand Ten Year Achievement Award	Four Seas Group	Hong Kong Brand Development Council	400		-
		and The Chinese Manufacturers'		1	1
		Association of Hong Kong			133
最佳合作夥伴2012	四洲集團	日本樂天	Individual Control	- 100	
The Best Partnership 2012	Four Seas Group	Lotte Japan	Transaction of the last	-	
香港最LIKE名品牌	四洲集團	騰訊•大粵網及南方都市報			
Hong Kong Famous Brand	Four Seas Group	Tencent Guangdong Network GD.QQ.COM/	Dr	1	
	·	FASHION/HK and the Nanfang Media Group		-	
人才企業嘉許計劃之「人才企業2013-2015」尊稱	四洲集團	僱員再培訓局	and a		(Section 1988)
"Manpower Developer 2013-2015" of Manpower	Four Seas Group	Employees Retraining Board	-	100	
Developer Award Scheme		, ,,		1	
商界展關懷	卡樂B四洲有限公司	香港社會服務聯會	- Marie Contract		385
Caring Company Award	Calbee Four Seas Company Limited	Hong Kong Council of Social Services	1		Ministration of the last
人才企業嘉許計劃之「人才企業2011-2013」尊稱		僱員再培訓局	232		sect-D
	卡樂B四洲有限公司 Calbee Four Seas Company Limited	MESCIS HATTY	the sile sile	CONTRACTOR .	Section of the last
"Manpower Developer 2011-2013" of Manpower Developer Award Scheme	Calbee Four Seas Company Limited	Employees Retraining Board			
ISO9001質量管理體系認證	上級10回201/112121/112121	中国既且到江中 /		(68)	-
	卡樂B四洲(汕頭)有限公司	中國質量認証中心 China Quality Contification Contra	**********	S 186	- 1000
ISO9001 Quality Management System Certificate	Calbee Four Seas (Shantou) Company Limited		_646544	18-	-confine
ISO22000食品安全管理體系認證	卡樂B四洲(汕頭)有限公司	中國質量認証中心	1	S States	-
ISO22000 Food Safety Management System Certificate	Calbee Four Seas (Shantou) Company Limited	•	9 25 0	200	1
有營食肆標誌	功德林上海素食	衛生署	*******	- A	工工生
EatSmart Restaurant	Kung Tak Lam Shanghai Vegetarian Cuisine	Department of Health	-		
「優質旅遊服務 認可商戶	功德林上海素食	香港旅遊發展局		Other Bree.	Otto Breez
"QTS Merchant" of the Quality Tourism Services Scheme	Kung Tak Lam Shanghai Vegetarian Cuisine	Hong Kong Tourism Board	2000	-	-
港澳信譽遊標誌	零食物語	中華傳媒	Marie Tonata	Salara Salara	STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
The Most Popular Hong Kong and Macau Brand	で民物品 Okashi Land	て羊身殊 China Media	100 A.A.	Total Indian	The same
	零食物語	香港旅遊發展局	-	= 10-	1
「優質旅遊服務」認可商戶 "QTS Merchant" of the Quality Tourism Services Scheme		台灣派班發展同 Hong Kong Tourism Board	200	200	A12.9
			-		
商界展開懷	零食物語	香港社會服務聯會		X	_
Caring Company Award	Okashi Land	Hong Kong Council of Social Services		(a)	
港澳優質誠信商號2011-2012	零食物語	廣州日報		W.	A -
Hong Kong & Macau Merchants of Integrity Award	Okashi Land	Guangzhou Daily	4000	(A)	
2011-2012			(6.3)	Selfon.	1940
最受歡迎香港亮麗消費品牌	零食物語	新城財經台及深圳電台	The second second	7.10	
The Most Popular Hong Kong Bright Consumer Brands	Okashi Land	Metro Broadcast and Shenzhen Radio	The same of		
我最喜愛『至啱買』商舗	零食物語	港鐵公司	A	_	-
The Most Comprehensive MTR Shops	Okashi Land	MTR Corporation	100		4.0
香港最優質名品牌	零食物語	騰訊•大粵網及南方都市報	1000		6
Hong Kong Famous Brand with Best Quality	Okashi Land	Tencent Guangdong Network GD.QQ.			
,		COM/FASHION/HK and the Nanfang Media			_ @
		Group	-		T. 100
健•美大賞之「最佳銷量零食」	四洲紫菜	萬寧中國	The second	Color	100 ES
Health & Beauty Awards	Four Seas Seaweed	Mannings China	2		100
超市名牌選舉之出類拔萃獎	四洲粒粒橙	惠康超級市場	_		
Outstanding Category Performance Award of the	Four Seas Tsubu Tsubu Orange	Wellcome Supermarket	-		*** 中心
Favourite Brands Awards			- A	102	
「Yahoo!感情品牌大獎2011-12-食品組」及	卡樂B	雅虎香港	-	12	NOW AND
「Yahoo!10年最具感情品牌大獎」	Calbee	Yahoo Hong Kong	74	113	0 to 18
Yahoo! Emotive Brand Award 2011-12 and 10 Years		· a· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	香港優買食品	6 5.4 5 6 6	WG PREMIL
Emotive Brand					
10大超市名牌選舉之「出類拔萃零食獎」	卡樂B	惠康超級市場		1000	
Outstanding Category Performance Award –	Calbee	Wellcome Supermarket		- CONT.	
Snacks of "Favourite Brands Awards"			CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	100 B	100
香港名牌標識 (TOP嘜)	金妹牌	香港品牌發展局/香港中華廠商聯合會	2013		ASSE
Hong Kong Top Brand Mark (Top Mark)	Maid Brand	Hong Kong Brand Development Council	Section Section	****	1
0 - 0 -k (k)		and The Chinese Manufacturers'	10		
		Association of Hong Kong	1/1		
香港Q嘜優質產品認證	金妹牌火腿	香港工業總會	/ C (EIII	100	
Hong Kong Q-Mark Licence	Maid Ham	The Federation of Hong Kong Industries	/ caring comp	Activity #7/	SHEENSAN.
, ,		0	11180	4	

部份嘉許/獎項只提供官方中文名稱。 Certain recognition/awards are only provided with official Chinese name.



Source Aqualagaal





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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務摘要

			Year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度	
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	(%)
Key income statement items	主要收益表項目			
Revenue	收入	2,899,647	2,789,334	+4.0
Gross profit EBITDA^	毛利 未計利息、所得税、折舊	885,627	785,168	+12.8
Profit attributable to	及攤銷前溢利 [^] 歸屬於本公司權益所有者溢利	205,166	129,823	+58.0
equity holders of the Company		110,779	52,581	+110.7

EBITDA refers to earnings before interest, income tax, depreciation and amortisation (excluding share of profits and losses of associates)

During the year, revenue of the Group has increased by 4% to HK\$2,899,647,000. Gross profit as a percentage of the revenue has increased from 28.1% in the previous year to 30.5% in the year. This has contributed to the increase of gross profit from HK\$785,168,000 in the previous year to HK\$885,627,000 in the year, representing an increase of HK\$100,459,000 which is equivalent to an increase of 12.8%. The increase in the gross profit was attributable to the well controlled production and purchasing costs. Such favourable factor is further enhanced by the depreciation in Japanese yen which is one of the major currencies for the purchase of imported items. With the improvement of gross profit, EBITDA and profit attributable to equity

holders of the Company also witnessed encouraging growth of 58.0%

and 110.7%, respectively.

木計利息、所得税、折舊及攤銷前溢利(不包括 應佔聯營公司溢利及虧損)

年內,本集團之收入上升4%至2,899,647,000港元。 毛利與收入之比例由去年之28.1%上升至本年之 30.5%,使賺取之毛利金額由去年之785,168,000 港元上升至本年之885,627,000港元,亦即上升 100,459,000港元,較去年上升12.8%。毛利之上 升,除了因為生產及採購成本控制得宜外,亦因為 日圓之貶值而受惠,慨因日圓為本集團採購進口產 品之一項重要貨幣。隨著毛利之增進,未計利息、 所得稅、折舊及攤銷前溢利及歸屬於本公司權益所 有者溢利亦得到令人鼓舞之升幅,分別上升58.0% 及110.7%。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

During the year, revenue of the Group has increased by 4.0% as compared with the previous year. Sales revenue of the major items are:

於年內,集團的收入與去年比較有4.0%的增長。主要產品之收入如下:

		Year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度		Change 同期比
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	(%)
		港幣千元	港幣千元	
Snack	小食	1,121,713	1,055,317	+6.3
Confectionery	糖果	488,756	469,145	+4.2
Ham and sausage	火腿及香腸	334,520	305,389	+9.5
Beverage and dairy products	飲料及乳製品	310,442	266,827	+16.3
Food materials/ingredients	食品原料/配料	235,905	224,853	+4.9

The sales of the major items of the Group have been growing steadily during the year. Snack items continue to be the major items carried by the Group with a growth of 6.3%. The launching of potato chips, prawn crackers and corn sticks under the brand of "Four Seas" in Mainland China has been carried out during the year. It has received good response from the market due to the brand power of "Four Seas" brand and is anticipated to bring sustainable growth of these products for the Group.

Sales of confectionery items increased by 4.2% during the year and continue to be well received by the market because many products of the Group are under very famous brands. Gift box confectionery enjoys very good sales during the festive seasons such as the Chinese New Year. The recent addition of YOKU MOKU, a famous Japanese food souvenir brand, to the Group's product portfolio will further enhance the sales growth of such gift box items.

Ham and sausage items are sold under "Maid" brand by the Group. "Maid" brand products are renowned for its historical brandname and good quality in Hong Kong market. Coupled with proper media advertising, "Maid" brand products have captured good market shares. Sales turnover of ham and sausage products have grown by 9.5% during the year.

Beverage and dairy products have enjoyed a satisfactory sales growth of 16.3% during the year. The increasing market demand for quality and safe products in both Hong Kong and Mainland China markets has brought about the growth of the beverage and dairy products business of the Group. Four Seas Milk Drink, an item produced by the Group's beverage factory in Suzhou, China, has been well-received by the consumers with good market potential.

Sales revenue of food materials/ingredients business has grown steadily by 4.9% during the year. Major customers of the business include restaurants, bakery and various kinds of food manufacturing plants.

集團的主要產品於年內均有穩健的銷售增長。小食繼續為集團之主要產品,銷售增長為6.3%。集團於年內在中國內地以「四洲」為品牌銷售薯片、蝦條及栗米條。受惠於「四洲」的品牌效應,市場反應良好,預計會為集團的小食類產品帶來持續的增長。

由於本集團之糖果產品有不少知名品牌,因此持續受到市場之歡迎,銷售金額上升4.2%。禮盒裝之糖果產品於節日(例如:農曆新年)特別受歡迎。新近加入成為本集團代理之著名日本手信品牌YOKU MOKU,將為集團之禮盒產品之銷售帶來更好之增長。

本集團之火腿及香腸產品以「金妹牌」為品牌,在香港市場以歷史悠久,品質優良見稱,再配以媒體廣告作為推動,獲得良好的市場份額,銷售額於年內錄得9.5%之增長。

飲料及乳製品於年內錄得16.3%的滿意銷售增長。中港兩地市場對優質及安全食品之追求,使集團之飲料及乳製品業務得以長足發展。集團於中國蘇州之飲料工廠所生產的「四洲牛奶仔」廣受消費者歡迎,為一個具有優厚潛質之產品。

食品原料業務之銷售於年內穩健地增長4.9%。業務的主要客戶包括餐飲企業、烘焙企業及各類食品生產企業。

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries and associates are set out in notes 19 and 20 to the financial statements, respectively. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2013 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 52 to 171.

An interim dividend of HK2.0 cents per share was paid by the Company on 10 January 2013. The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK5.0 cents per share in respect of the year to shareholders on the register of members on 3 September 2013. This recommendation has been incorporated in the financial statements as an allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the statement of financial position.

董事會謹提呈董事會報告以及本公司及本集團截至 二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報告。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。主要附屬公司及聯營公司之主要業務詳情分別載列於財務報告附註19 及20。本集團之主要業務於年內概無重大變動。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之溢利 及本公司與本集團於該日之財政狀況載列於財務報 告第52頁至第171頁之內。

本公司於二零一三年一月十日派發中期股息每股2.0 港仙。董事建議就本年度派發末期股息每股5.0港仙 予二零一三年九月三日名列股東名冊之股東。此項 建議已在財務報告的財務狀況表中列於權益項目下 保留溢利的分配。

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below:

財務資料概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績及資產和負債資料 由已公佈及經審核的財務報告中摘取,並在下方列 出:

Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

		俄里二月二十一日止年及				
		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		12 11 7 7 2		, , , -		
RESULTS	業績					
REVENUE	收入	2,899,647	2,789,334	2,561,847	2,347,582	2,290,626
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利	107,203	43,787	72,733	83,319	90,537
Attributable to: Equity holders of the	歸屬於: 本公司的權益					
Company	所有者	110,779	52,581	72,324	86,440	105,048
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(3,576)	(8,794)	409	(3,121)	(14,511)
		107,203	43,787	72,733	83,319	90,537
				As at 31 Mar		
				於三月三十一	- 目	
		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
TOTAL ASSETS	總資產	2,465,385	2,425,843	2,362,492	2,163,798	2,086,086
TOTAL LIABILITIES	總負債	(1,236,643)	(1,290,006)	(1,242,763)	(1,142,127)	(1,092,247)
		1,228,742	1,135,837	1,119,729	1,021,671	993,839
			1,122,037			

The information set out above does not form part of the audited financial statements.

此項概要並非構成經審核財務報告的一部份。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment, and an investment property of the Group during the year are set out in notes 14 and 15 to the financial statements, respectively. Further details of the Group's investment property are set out on page 172.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 33(b) to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 March 2013, the Company's reserves available for cash distribution and/or distribution in specie amounted to HK\$296,155,000, of which HK\$19,395,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year.

BORROWINGS

Details of the Group's bank borrowings as at the end of the reporting period are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

物業、廠房及設備及投資物業

本集團物業、廠房及設備及投資物業於年內之變動 詳情分別載列於財務報告附註14及15。本集團投資 物業之詳情載列於第172頁。

股本

於年內本公司之股本變動詳情載於財務報告附註31。

優先購股權

本公司之公司組織章程細則或開曼群島之法例,並 無規定本公司必須向其現有股東按持股比例發行新 股份之優先購買權。

儲備

於本年度內,本公司及本集團儲備之變動詳情分別 載於財務報告附註33(b)及綜合權益變動表。

可供分派儲備

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本公司可供以現金分派及/或實物分派之儲備為296,155,000港元,其中19,395,000港元已建議作為本年度的末期股息。

借款

本集團於報告期末之銀行借款詳情載列於財務報告 附註29。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year were:

Executive directors:

TAI Tak Fung, Stephen (Chairman)
WU Mei Yung, Quinly (Managing Director)
MAN Wing Cheung, Ellis
YIP Wai Keung
WU Wing Biu
NAM Chi Ming, Gibson

Independent non-executive directors:

LEUNG Mei Han CHAN Yuk Sang, Peter Tsunao KIJIMA

In accordance with article 119 of the Company's articles of association, Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly, Mr. Nam Chi Ming, Gibson and Ms. Leung Mei Han shall retire and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Ms. Leung Mei Han, Mr. Chan Yuk Sang, Peter and Mr. Tsunao Kijima pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") and still considers them to be independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the directors who is proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事

年內,本公司之董事芳名如下:

執行董事:

戴德豐(主席) 胡美容(董事總經理) 文永祥 葉偉強 胡永標 藍志明

獨立非執行董事:

梁美嫻 陳玉生 木島綱雄

根據本公司之組織章程細則第119條,胡美容女士、 藍志明先生及梁美嫻女士將於即將舉行之股東週年 大會告退,惟彼等均符合資格並願意膺選連任。

本公司已收到梁美嫻女士、陳玉生先生及木島綱雄 先生根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券 上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條有關其獨立性作出 的年度確認函,而本公司認為彼等均屬獨立人士。

董事服務合約

本公司並無與將於股東週年大會上擬重選連任之董事訂立任何在一年內不可在不予賠償(法定賠償除外)的情況下終止之服務合約。

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' remuneration is reviewed by the remuneration committee of the Group and determined by the Company's board of directors with reference to directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. Particulars of the duties and responsibilities of the remuneration committee are set out in "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2013, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in the ordinary shares of the Company:

Approximate Number of percentage of ordinary shares the Company's held/interested Name of director Capacity issued share capital 佔公司 普通股份 已發行股本 身份 概約百分比 董事名稱 持有/擁有數目 Tai Tak Fung, Stephen Interest of controlled corporations 259,478,000⁽ⁱ⁾ 66.89% 戴德豐 控制公司權益 Wu Mei Yung, Quinly Interest of spouse and interest of 259,478,000⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ 66.89% controlled corporations 胡美容 配偶權益及控制公司權益 Yip Wai Keung Beneficial owner 680,000 0.17% 葉偉強 實益擁有人

董事酬金

董事酬金乃由本集團薪酬委員會檢閱及由本公司董 事會根據各董事之職務、職責及表現及本集團之業 績釐定。薪酬委員會之職責及責任的詳細資料載於 本年報「企業管治報告 | 內。

董事於合約之權益

於年度內,各董事概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司 訂立任何對本公司業務而言屬重大之合約中直接或 間接擁有實益權益。

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份及相關股份中,擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條所存置之登記冊所記錄,或根據上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司普通股股份之好倉:

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (continued)

Notes:

- (i) Such shares comprise:
 - (a) 70,000,000 shares, representing 18.05% of the Company's issued share capital, are held by Careful Guide Limited ("CGL") which is wholly-owned by Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen;
 - (b) 74,250,000 shares, representing 19.14% of the Company's issued share capital, are owned by Special Access Limited ("SAL"), a company wholly owned by Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen, and his spouse, Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly. Accordingly, Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen and Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly are deemed to be interested in the 74,250,000 shares held by SAL; and
 - (c) 115,228,000 shares, representing 29.70% of the Company's issued share capital, are owned by Capital Season Investments Limited ("CSI"). CSI is wholly owned by Advance Finance Investments Limited ("AFI"), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hong Kong Food Investment Holdings Limited ("HKFH"). Accordingly, HKFH is deemed to be interested in 115,228,000 shares in the Company. HKFH is owned as to 0.07% by the Company, 2.59% by Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen, 20.38% by SAL, and as to 11.91% by CGL. As Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly is the spouse of Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen, Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly is deemed to be interested in the shares of Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen and vice versa. Therefore, Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen, and his spouse, Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly are considered to have deemed interests in the 115,228,000 shares of the Company by virtue of their interests in HKFH.
- (ii) As mentioned in note (i)(b) above, Ms Wu Mei Yung, Quinly and her spouse, Mr Tai Tak Fung, Stephen are deemed to be interested in the 74,250,000 shares held by SAL. In addition to the deemed interests of 115,228,000 shares in the Company's issued share capital as stated in note (i)(c) above, Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly is also deemed to be interested in the 70,000,000 shares through the interests of her spouse, Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen, in CGL.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2013, none of the directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉(續)

附註:

- (i) 有關股份包括:
 - (a) 70,000,000股股份(佔本公司已發行股本之18.05%)乃由Careful Guide Limited (「CGL」)擁有,該公司由戴德豐先生全資擁有;
 - (b) 74,250,000股股份(佔本公司已發行股本之19.14%)乃由Special Access Limited (「SAL」)擁有,該公司由戴德豐先生及其妻子胡美容女士全資擁有。因此,戴德豐先生及胡美容女士均被視為於SAL所持有之74,250,000股股份中擁有權益;及
 - 115,228,000股股份(佔本公司已發行股本 (c) 之29.70%) 乃由Capital Season Investments Limited (「CSI」) 擁有。CSI由Advance Finance Investments Limited(「AFI」)全資 擁有,而AFI則為香港食品投資控股有 限公司(「香港食品」)之全資附屬公司。 因此,香港食品被視為持有本公司股份 115,228,000股。香港食品分別由本公司擁 有0.07%, 戴德豐先生擁有2.59%, SAL擁 有20.38%,及CGL擁有11.91%。由於胡美 容女士為戴德豐先生之妻子,胡美容女士 被視為持有戴德豐先生之股份,反之亦 然。因此,戴德豐先生及其妻子胡美容女 士透過彼等於香港食品之權益被視為持有 本公司115,228,000股股份。
- (ii) 誠如上文附註(i)(b)所述,胡美容女士及其配偶戴 德豐先生均被視為於SAL所持有之74,250,000股股 份中擁有權益。除上文附註(i)(c)所述被視為於本 公司已發行股本之115,228,000股股份中擁有權益 外,胡美容女士亦透過其配偶戴德豐先生之權益 而被視為於CGL之70,000,000股股份中擁有權益。

除上述所披露者外,於二零一三年三月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份及相關股份中均無擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條所須存置之登記冊所記錄,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2013, none of the directors and chief executive of the Company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) had been granted or exercised, any rights to subscribe for shares in the Company required to be disclosed pursuant to the SFO.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any of the directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 March 2013, the following parties (other than the directors and chief executive of the Company as disclosed above) had interests of 5% or more in the shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

Long positions in the ordinary shares of the Company:

Number of percentage of Name of substantial ordinary shares the Company's issued share capital shareholder Capacity held/interested 佔公司已 發行股本 普通股份 主要股東名稱 身份 持有/擁有數目 概約百分比 SAL Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 19.14% 74,250,000 CGL Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 70,000,000 18.05% Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 CSI 115,228,000 29.70% AFI (i) Interest of controlled corporation 控制公司權益 115,228,000 29.70% HKFH 香港食品 (ii) Interest of controlled corporation 控制公司權益 115,228,000 29.70%

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉(續)

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,本公司董事及最高行政人員(包括彼等之配偶及未滿十八歲的子女)均無獲授予或行使任何權利藉以認購本公司股份,而須根據證券及期貨條例予以披露。

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除上文披露者外,年內,本公司並無授予權利給董 事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年之子女以透過購買本 公司之股份或債券而獲取利益或行使該等權利;本 公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公 司亦無訂立任何安排以致董事購入任何其他法人團 體之該等權利。

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉

於二零一三年三月三十一日,以下人士(上文所披露之本公司董事及最高行政人員除外)於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條之規定所須存置之登記冊所記錄擁有本公司股份5%或以上之權益:

Approximate

於本公司普通股股份之好倉:

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Notes:

- (i) AFI is deemed by virtue of its holding of the entire issued share capital of CSI to be interested in the shares of the Company held by CSI.
- (ii) HKFH is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by CSI by virtue of its holding in the entire issued share capital of AFI, which in turn wholly owns CSI.

Save as disclosed above, to the best knowledge of the directors of the Company, as at 31 March 2013, no persons (other than the directors and chief executive of the Company, whose interests are set out in the above section headed "Directors' and chief executive's interests and/or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or any associated corporation") had interests and/or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The share option scheme commenced on 17 September 2002 was terminated on 28 August 2012 (the "Terminated Scheme") and was replaced by a new share option scheme approved by the shareholders of the Company on 28 August 2012 (the "Scheme"). Details of the share option scheme are set out in note 32 to the financial statements.

There was no outstanding share option under the Terminated Scheme and/or the Scheme at the beginning and at the end of the year. During the year ended 31 March 2013, no share option under the Terminated Scheme and/or the Scheme was granted.

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份 之權益及/或淡倉(續)

附註:

- AFI被視為透過擁有CSI之全部已發行股份而持有 (i) CSI擁有的本公司的股份權益。
- 香港食品被視為透過擁有AFI之全部已發行股份, (ii) 即全權擁有CSI所持有本公司的股份權益。

除上述所披露者外,就本公司董事所深知,於二零 一三年三月三十一日,於本公司根據證券及期貨條 例第336條所須設置登記冊之記錄中,並無人士(本 公司董事及最高行政人員除外,彼等之權益載於上 文「董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團 股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉」一節)於本公司 股份或相關股份中擁有權益及/或淡倉。

購股權計劃

於二零零二年九月十七日開始並已於二零一二年八 月二十八日終止之購股權計劃(「終止計劃」)已由本 公司股東於二零一二年八月二十八日批准之新購股 權計劃(「計劃」)取代。有關購股權計劃之詳情載於 財務報告附註32。

於年初及年末,並無根據終止計劃及/或計劃之尚 未行使購股權。截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年 度,概無根據終止計劃及/或計劃授出任何購股權。

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive Directors

Dr. TAI Tak Fung, Stephen, GBS, SBS, JP, PhD (honoris causa), aged 65, has been an executive director of the Company since June 1993. Dr. Tai is the founder and chairman of the Group, in charge of corporate and policy planning. Apart from being awarded the Gold Bauhinia Star and Silver Bauhinia Star by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR"), Dr. Tai has also been appointed as Justice of the Peace. He holds the Visiting Professor of South China Normal University and South China Agricultural University, member of the Board of Trustees of Jinan University. He is a Standing Committee Member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and a Standing Committee Member of the Guangdong Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference ("CPPCC"). Dr. Tai holds several public positions, including the president of the Hong Kong Foodstuffs Association, the president of Hong Kong Japan Confectionery, Biscuit & Foodstuffs Association, the president of Friends of Hong Kong Association, the founding chairman of the Hong Kong CPPCC (Provincial) Members Association, the chairman of the Hong Kong Guangdong Chamber of Foreign Investors, the consultant of the China National Food Industry Association, Economic Adviser of Jilin City and a member of the Greater Pearl River Delta Business Council of the HKSAR. He received a number of awards and accolades, including the World Outstanding Chinese Award, the Philanthropist Award of the Grand Charity Ceremony 2011, the 30th Food Industry Distinguished Service Award, the Award of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries of Japan for the Overseas Promotion of Japanese Food, the Outstanding Contribution Award of the China National Food Industry, the China Food Safety Annual Conference Award of Distinguished Management Entrepreneur, the Social Responsibility Contribution Award, "Honourable Citizen of Shantou City", "Honourable Citizen of Guangzhou City" and "Honourable Citizen of Jilin City" in Mainland China. He is also the chairman of Hong Kong Food Investment Holdings Limited ("HKFH"), a substantial shareholder of the Company and the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, and a director of Careful Guide Limited and Special Access Limited, both of which are the substantial shareholders of the Company. Dr. Tai is the spouse of Dr. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly, the managing director and an executive director of the Company.

董事及高級管理人員履歷簡介

執行董事

戴德豐博士 GBS SBS 太平紳士,榮譽工商管理博 士,65歲,自一九九三年六月起出任為本公司執行 董事。戴博士為本集團之創辦人兼主席,掌管企業 及政策規劃。彼除獲香港特別行政區政府授予香港 金紫荊星章及銀紫荊星章、太平紳士,同時為華南 師範大學及華南農業大學客座教授、暨南大學校 董、中國人民政治協商會議全國委員會常務委員及 中國人民政治協商會議廣東省委員會常務委員外, 並出任多個社會公職,包括香港食品商會會長、港 日糖果餅乾食品業促進商會會長、香港友好協進會 會長、港區省級政協委員聯誼會創會會長、香港廣 東外商公會主席、中國食品工業協會顧問、吉林市 經濟顧問及香港特別行政區大珠三角商務委員會委 員。彼又曾榮獲多項殊榮,包括世界傑出華人獎、 2011南方•華人慈善盛典年度「慈善人物」獎、日本 第三十屆食品產業功勞賞、日本政府農林水產大臣 獎、中國食品工業傑出貢獻獎、中國食品安全年會 優秀管理企業家、社會責任貢獻獎、中國汕頭市榮 譽市民、廣州市榮譽市民及吉林市榮譽市民。戴博 士同時為香港食品投資控股有限公司(「香港食品」) 之主席,該公司為本公司主要股東及其股份於聯交 所主板上市。彼亦為Careful Guide Limited及Special Access Limited之董事,此兩間公司均為本公司之主 要股東。戴博士為本公司董事總經理兼執行董事胡 美容博士之配偶。

Executive Directors (continued)

Dr. WU Mei Yung, Quinly, PhD (honoris causa), aged 60, has been an executive director of the Company since June 1993. Dr. Wu is a co-founder and the managing director of the Group, responsible for the Group's strategic planning and operation policies, leading the Group's core business in congruence with its corporate development. She has more than 30 years' experience in the food and confectionery business. Dr. Wu is also a director of Careful Guide Limited and Special Access Limited, both of which are the substantial shareholders of the Company. She is the spouse of Dr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen, the chairman and an executive director of the Company. Dr. Wu is a sister of Mr. Wu Wing Biu, an executive director of the Company.

Mr. MAN Wing Cheung, Ellis, aged 57, has been an executive director of the Company since August 1999. Mr. Man is the finance director of the Group, responsible for corporate finance, accounting, information technology and project investments of the Group. Mr. Man has a Master of Commerce degree from the University of New South Wales in Australia. He is also a member of the CPA Australia and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has gained extensive experience in finance and accounting from overseas multinational corporations. Mr. Man joined the Group in 1992. He is also the managing director of HKFH.

Mr. WU Wing Biu, aged 54, has been an executive director of the Company since June 1993. Mr. Wu has extensive experience in sales, marketing and merchandising and is now responsible for product purchasing, merchandising, brand name development, and assisting in the establishment of close relationship with mainland Chinese and overseas suppliers. He has more than 30 years' experience in the food and confectionery industry. Mr. Wu joined the Group in 1978. He is a brother of Dr. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly, the managing director and an executive director of the Company.

Mr. YIP Wai Keung, aged 63, has been an executive director of the Company since June 1993. Mr. Yip is responsible for project development of the Group and liaising with joint venture partners. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yip was responsible for the sales and marketing activities in a Japanese food company in Hong Kong. He has more than 30 years' experience in sales development. Mr. Yip joined the Group in 1979. He is also an executive director of HKFH.

董事及高級管理人員履歷簡介(續)

執行董事(續)

胡美容博士,60歲,榮譽工商管理博士,自一九九三年六月起出任本公司之執行董事。胡博士為本集團之共同創辦人兼董事總經理,專責制訂集團之整體業務發展及營運方針、統籌及管理集團旗下公司之核心業務和規劃企業發展等。並於食品及糖果業擁有逾30年經驗。同時亦為Careful Guide Limited及Special Access Limited之董事。此兩間公司均為本公司之主要股東。彼為本公司主席兼執行董事戴德豐博士之配偶,亦為本公司執行董事胡永標先生之胞姊。

文永祥先生,57歲,自一九九九年八月起出任本公司之執行董事。文先生為本集團之財務董事,負責企業融資、會計、資訊科技及項目投資。文先生持有澳洲新南威爾斯大學之商科碩士學位,同時為澳洲會計師公會及香港會計師公會會員。彼曾於海外跨國企業服務,在財務及會計方面有廣泛之經驗。文先生於一九九二年加入本集團。彼同時亦為香港食品之董事總經理。

胡永標先生,54歲,自一九九三年六月起出任本公司之執行董事。胡先生於銷售、市務及採購均擁有豐富經驗,現負責集團之商品採購、產品代理及品牌發展,並協助集團與中國及海外供應商建立緊密聯繫。彼於食品及糖果業擁有超過30年經驗。彼於一九七八年加入本集團,為本公司董事總經理兼執行董事胡美容博士之胞弟。

葉偉強先生,63歲,自一九九三年六月起出任本公司之執行董事。葉先生負責本集團之項目發展及與合作公司之聯繫。彼曾在一間於香港之日本食品公司負責營銷及市場推廣,並擁有超過30年之銷售發展經驗。葉先生於一九七九年加入本集團。彼同時亦為香港食品之執行董事。

Executive Directors (continued)

Mr. NAM Chi Ming, Gibson, aged 52, has been an executive director of the Company since April 2010. Mr. Nam is responsible for managerial controls and company secretarial affairs. He holds a Master of Business Administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. Nam is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom and an associate of both the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. He has extensive financial and managerial experience. Mr. Nam worked in the Group from 1996 to 1999, and re-joined the Group in 2001.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Ms. LEUNG Mei Han, aged 54, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since December 1998. Ms. Leung holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of Queensland in Australia and is a fellow member of the CPA Australia. Ms. Leung has more than 20 years' experience in accounting, securities, corporate finance and related areas. Ms. Leung is an executive director of AMCO United Holding Limited. She is also an independent non-executive director of Bossini International Holdings Limited and Yue Da Mining Holdings Limited. The shares of these companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. CHAN Yuk Sang, Peter, aged 67, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since July 2000. Mr. Chan was the chairman of a company listed on the Stock Exchange until July 2002. He was a senior general manager of a local bank until November 1998. Mr. Chan was also a director of a listed company in Hong Kong from 1993 to 1995 and an executive director of a joint Chinese foreign bank in Shenzhen until 1995. He has more than 30 years' experience in the banking and finance industry. Mr. Chan is currently an independent non-executive director of GOME Electrical Appliances Holding Limited and Imagi International Holdings Limited, companies whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

董事及高級管理人員履歷簡介(續)

執行董事(續)

藍志明先生,52歲,自二零一零年四月起出任本公司之執行董事,藍先生負責集團管理控制及公司秘書工作。彼持有香港中文大學工商管理碩士學位。藍先生為香港會計師公會會員、英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員、香港特許秘書公會會員,以及英國特許秘書及行政人員公會會員。彼擁有豐富之財務及管理工作經驗。彼曾於一九九六年至一九九九年在本集團服務,並於二零零一年再次加入本集團。

獨立非執行董事

梁美嫻女士,54歲,自一九九八年十二月起出任本公司之獨立非執行董事。梁女士持有澳洲昆士蘭大學商科學士學位,彼為澳洲會計師公會資深會員。彼於會計、證券、企業融資及相關業務擁有20多年經驗。梁女士現任雋泰控股有限公司之執行董事,彼亦為堡獅龍國際集團有限公司及悦達礦業控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事。該等公司的股份均於聯交所主板上市。

陳玉生先生,67歲,自二零零零年七月起出任本公司之獨立非執行董事。陳先生曾為香港一家上市公司主席直至二零零二年七月。彼曾亦為本地銀行之高級總經理直至一九九八年十一月。一九九三年至一九九五年期間,陳先生為香港一家上市公司董事,且於一九九五年前,彼一直為深圳一家中外合資銀行之執行董事。彼於銀行及金融業擁有逾30年經驗。彼現為國美電器控股有限公司及意馬國際控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事,該等公司的股份均於聯交所主板上市。

Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Mr. Tsunao KIJIMA, aged 65, has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company since July 2011. Mr. Kijima holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from Keio University in Japan. He was the executive vice president of Mitsubishi Corporation and also the chief representative for China and Europe of Mitsubishi Corporation during different periods of time. Mr. Kijima has more than 35 years' experience of worldwide trading of processed foods, beverages, snack foods and other food products. Mr. Kijima served as a non-executive director of Lianhua Supermarket Holdings Co., Ltd., a company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from 2001 to 2006. He was an independent non-executive director of the Company from 1997 to 2006.

Senior Management

Mr. Kaoru ISHIKAWA, aged 57, is the general manager of the Group, responsible for planning and managing the Group's businesses in Mainland China. Before joining the Group, Mr. Ishikawa was the president of Calbee Four Seas Company Limited, a joint venture company of the Group and CALBEE, Inc. of Japan. He was later promoted to the position of an operating officer of CALBEE, Inc. of Japan and became the general manager of its West Japan Division, responsible for food production, sales and marketing. Mr. Ishikawa has more than 30 years' experience in the food industry and joined the Group in 2012.

Mr. TSE Siu Wan, aged 52, is a director and the general manager of Hong Kong Ham Holdings Limited ("HK Ham"), a whollyowned subsidiary of the Group, responsible for the overall strategic planning and production operation of the Group's ham manufacturing operations. He has extensive experience in the manufacturing of ham and ham related products. Mr. Tse joined HK Ham in 1980. He is also an executive director of HKFH.

Mr. LAI Yuk Fai, Patrick, aged 58, is the director of the Group's Hong Kong and Macau sales department, responsible for sales development and strategic management planning of Hong Kong and Macau markets. Mr. Lai has a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, he was the general manager of sales department of a multinational company. Mr. Lai joined the Group in 1998 and temporarily left in the latter part of 2007 and re-joined the Group in 2008.

董事及高級管理人員履歷簡介(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

木島綱雄先生,65歲,自二零一一年七月起出任本公司之獨立非執行董事。木島先生持有日本慶應大學之經濟文學士學位,彼曾為三菱商事株式會社副行政總裁及於不同時間出任三菱商事株式會社駐中國及歐洲首席代表。木島先生在加工食品、飲品、小食及其他食品之國際貿易方面擁有超過35年經驗。二零零一年至二零零六年間,木島先生曾出任聯華超市股份有限公司的非執行董事,該公司於聯交所主板上市。彼亦曾於一九九七年至二零零六年擔任本公司之獨立非執行董事。

高級管理人員

石川芳先生,57歲,本集團總經理,負責策劃及管理本集團在國內之業務。在加入本集團前,石川先生為卡樂B四洲有限公司(本集團與日本卡樂B株式會社之合資公司)之社長,其後晉升為日本卡樂B株式會社之執行役員,並任職為西日本事業本部長,負責食品生產、銷售及市務發展。彼於食品行業擁有逾30年經驗,並於二零一二年加入本集團。

謝少雲先生,52歲,為集團全資附屬機構香港火腿廠控股有限公司(「香港火腿廠」)之董事兼總經理, 負責管理本集團火腿產品之整體策略規劃及生產 運作。彼於火腿及有關火腿產品製造方面有豐富經驗。謝先生於一九八零年加入香港火腿廠。彼亦為香港食品之執行董事。

黎煜輝先生,58歲,本集團港澳區營業部董事,負 責香港及澳門之銷售業務發展、策略規劃及管理。 彼持有香港中文大學之工商管理學士學位。在加入 本集團前,彼曾為香港一家國際性跨國企業之營業 部總經理。黎先生於一九九八年加入本集團,於二 零零七年後期短暫離職,並於二零零八年再次加入 本集團。

Senior Management (continued)

Mr. FUNG Kwok Wing, Kenny, aged 52, is the associate director of the Group's internal audit department, responsible for internal audit function. Mr. Fung holds a Master of Business Administration degree, Master of Corporate Governance degree, Master of Finance degree and Master of Professional Accounting degree. He is also a member of various professional institutes, including the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and the Chartered Institute of Marketing in the United Kingdom. Mr. Fung has extensive experience in accounting and administration. He joined the Group in 1985 and temporarily left in the latter part of 2007 and re-joined the Group in 2008.

Ms. TAM Bo Yee, Joan, aged 35, is the financial controller of the Group, responsible for finance and accounting. She holds a degree of Bachelor of Business Administration in accountancy from the City University of Hong Kong and a Master of Business Administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. She is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Ms. Tam has extensive experience in finance and accounting profession. Prior to joining the Group, she was a manager of an international accounting firm. Ms. Tam joined the Group in 2008.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total sales for the year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total purchases for the year.

None of the directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

董事及高級管理人員履歷簡介(續)

高級管理人員(續)

馮國榮先生,52歲,本集團之審核部總監,負責內部審核工作。馮先生持有工商管理碩士、企業管治碩士、財務學碩士及專業會計碩士之學位。彼為香港會計師公會、英國特許秘書及行政人員公會和英國特許市務學會等多個專業學會之會員。彼擁有豐富之會計及行政工作經驗。馮先生自一九八五年加入本集團,於二零零七年後期短暫離職,並於二零零八年再次加入本集團。

譚寶儀小姐,35歲,本集團之財務總監,負責財務 及會計工作。彼持有香港城市大學之會計學工商管 理學士學位及香港中文大學工商管理碩士學位。彼 為香港會計師公會會員及特許公認會計師公會之資 深會員。譚小姐於財務及會計專業擁有豐富經驗。 加入本集團前,彼於一間國際會計師事務所擔任經 理,譚小姐於二零零八年加入本集團。

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年度內,本集團向五位最大客戶作出的銷售額佔本集團年度總銷售額少於30%。本集團向五位最大供應商進行之採購佔本集團年度總採購額少於30%。

本公司董事或彼等之任何關聯人士或任何股東(據董事所知,擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上者)概無於本集團五位最大客戶及供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group generally finances its operations with internally generated cash flows and facilities granted by its principal bankers. As at 31 March 2013, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of HK\$610,724,000. As at 31 March 2013, the Group had banking facilities of HK\$1,756,545,000 of which 49% had been utilised. The Group had a gearing ratio of 71% as at 31 March 2013. This is expressed as the total bank borrowings to equity attributable to equity holders of the Company. Bank borrowings of the Group, denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Japanese yen, Renminbi and United States dollars, mainly comprise trust receipt loans and bank loans (the "Interest-Bearing Bank Borrowings") at prevailing market interest rates. The Interest-Bearing Bank Borrowings which are classified as current liabilities are repayable on demand or within one year and the Interest-Bearing Bank Borrowings in non-current liabilities are repayable in the second to third years. Certain bank loans of a nonwholly-owned subsidiary are secured by the pledge of that nonwholly-owned subsidiary's certain leasehold land of HK\$1,474,000 and certain buildings of HK\$3,498,000. As at 31 March 2013, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities.

STAFF EMPLOYMENT

The total number of employees of the Group as at 31 March 2013 was approximately 4,100. Remuneration packages are generally structured by reference to market terms and individual qualifications. Salaries and wages are normally reviewed on an annual basis based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors.

流動資金及財政資源

本集團一般以內部流動現金及主要往來銀行授 出之信貸作為業務之融資。於二零一三年三月 三十一日,本集團擁有之現金及現金等值項目為 610.724.000港元。於二零一三年三月三十一日, 本集團擁有銀行信貸額共1.756.545.000港元,其中 49%經已動用。本集團於二零一三年三月三十一日 之負債資本比率為71%,亦即銀行借款總額與本公 司權益所有者應佔權益之比例。本集團之銀行借款 以港元、日圓、人民幣及美元為結算貨幣,並主要 為根據當時通行市場息率之信託收據貸款及銀行貸 款(「須繳付利息之銀行貸款」)。分類為流動負債 之須繳付利息之銀行貸款須按要求時或於一年內償 還,而分類為非流動負債之須繳付利息之銀行貸款 須於第二年至第三年償還。若干非全資擁有附屬公 司之銀行借貸分別以該非全資擁有附屬公司價值 約1,474,000港元之若干租賃土地及3,498,000港元之 若干樓宇作為抵押擔保。於二零一三年三月三十一 日,本集團並無重大或然負債。

員工聘用

本集團於二零一三年三月三十一日之聘用員工總數 約4,100人。僱員薪酬一般參考市場條款及個別資歷 而釐定。薪金及工資一般按表現及其他相關因素而 作每年檢討。

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year, the Company repurchased certain of its shares on the Stock Exchange. Together with 108,000 shares repurchased but not yet cancelled during the year ended 31 March 2012, all the repurchased shares were cancelled by the Company. The summary details of the repurchases by the Company on the Stock Exchange during the year ended 31 March 2013 were as follows:

本公司上市證券之購買、贖回或出售

年內,本公司於聯交所購回若干股份。連同本公司 於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度購回但尚未 註銷之108,000股股份,本公司已把所有購回股份註 銷。截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度內本公司 於聯交所所購回之詳情概述如下:

		Number of	Purchase pri 每股購	Total	
Month of repurchase	購回月份	shares repurchased 所購回股份數目	Highest 最高 <i>HK</i> \$ 港元	Lowest 最低 <i>HK</i> \$ 港元	price paid 已付總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
April 2012 December 2012	二零一二年四月 二零一二年十二月	2,286,000 404,000	2.51 2.28	1.88	5,180 864
		2,690,000			6,044

The issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these cancelled shares. The premium paid on the repurchase was charged to the share premium account. An amount equivalent to the par value of the ordinary shares cancelled was transferred from retained profits to the capital redemption reserve.

The repurchase of the Company's shares during the year was effected by the directors, pursuant to the mandates granted by shareholders at the annual general meetings held on 18 August 2011 and 28 August 2012 respectively, with a view to benefiting shareholders as a whole by enhancing the net asset value per share and earnings per share of the Group.

Except as disclosed above, neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

本公司之已發行股本已減去該等被註銷股份之面 值。購回之已付溢價乃從股份溢價扣除。被註銷普 通股份面值之相同款額已由保留溢利轉撥至資本贖 回儲備內。

年內,董事根據分別於二零一一年八月十八日及二 零一二年八月二十八日舉行之股東週年大會上股東 授予之授權購回本公司之股份,藉著增加本公司之 每股資產淨值及每股盈利,為股東締造整體利益。

除上文披露者外,本公司及其任何附屬公司於年內 概無購買、贖回或出售本公司任何上市證券。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Company and the Group had the following continuing connected transactions, certain details of which are disclosed in compliance with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

On 6 August 2012, the Company entered into a Master Supply Agreement with HKFH, a substantial shareholder of the Company, pursuant to which the Company agreed to supply or procure its subsidiaries to supply certain pre-packed food and beverage products to HKFH and its subsidiaries for their retail business in Mainland China. The Master Supply Agreement has a term commencing from the date of the signing of the Master Supply Agreement until 31 March 2015, further details of which are included in the Company's announcement dated 6 August 2012. For the year ended 31 March 2013, the sales of goods to a subsidiary of HKFH amounted to approximately HK\$3,113,000.

The independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the continuing connected transactions set out above and have confirmed that these continuing connected transactions were entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to independent third parties; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Ernst & Young, the Company's auditors, were engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and with reference to Practice Note 740 Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ernst & Young have issued their unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above by the Group in accordance with Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditors' letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

持續關連交易

年內,本公司及本集團進行下列持續關連交易,當中若干資料乃遵照上市規則第14A章之規定而作出披露。

於二零一二年八月六日,本公司與香港食品(本公司主要股東)訂立一份主供應協議。根據該協議本公司同意供應或促使其附屬公司供應若干預先包裝食品及飲料予香港食品及其附屬公司,以供其於中國大陸經營零售業務。主供應協議之年期由主供應協議之簽訂日期起至二零一五年三月三十一日止,其詳情刊載於本公司二零一二年八月六日之公告當中。截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,向香港食品之一間附屬公司銷售貨品金額約為3,113,000港元。

本公司獨立非執行董事已審閱上文所載之持續關連交易,並確認該等持續關連交易乃(i)屬本集團之日常業務;(ii)按一般商務條款或對本集團而言,該等交易的條款不遜於獨立第三方可取得之條款;及(iii)根據有關交易之協議條款進行,而有關條款屬公平合理,並符合本公司股東之整體利益。

本公司核數師安永會計師事務所已獲聘根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港鑒證業務準則第3000號「歷史財務資料審計或審閱以外的鑒證」及參照實務説明第740號「關於香港《上市規則》所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」報告本集團的持續關連交易。安永會計師事務所已根據上市規則第14A.38條發出無保留意見函件,當中載有核數師對本集團於上文所披露有關持續關連交易的發現及結論。本公司已將核數師函件副本送呈聯交所。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has an audit committee which was established in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules, for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over the Group's financial reporting process and internal controls. The audit committee comprises the independent non-executive directors of the Company.

The summary of duties and works of the audit committee is set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

TAI Tak Fung, Stephen, GBS, SBS, JP *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 27 June 2013

足夠之公眾持股量

根據本公司所得的公開資料及就董事所知,於本報告日期,本公司全部已發行股本總數中最少25%由公眾人士持有。

企業管治

本公司之企業管治常規之詳情載於本年報「企業管 治報告」內。

審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會乃按照上市規則第3.21條而設立,以審核並監督本集團之財務報告程序及內部監控。審核委員會由本公司之獨立非執行董事組成。

審核委員會之職責及工作之概要載於本年報「企業 管治報告」內。

核數師

安永會計師事務所任滿告退,惟本公司將於即將舉 行之股東週年大會上提呈決議案,續聘其為本公司 之核數師。

代表董事會

戴德豐 GBS SBS 太平紳士 主席

香港,二零一三年六月二十七日

36 Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 March 2013.

The Company's corporate governance policies and practices are applied and implemented in the manners as stated in the below Corporate Governance Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company and the management are committed to maintain a good corporate governance with an emphasis on the principles of transparency, accountability and independence to all shareholders. The Company believes that good corporate governance is essential to a continual growth and enhancement of shareholders' value. The Company periodically reviews its corporate governance practices with reference to the latest development of corporate governance. Throughout the year under review, the Company has applied the principles of and complied with most of the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules with the exception of code provisions A.4.1 and A.4.2 of the CG Code, details will be set out below.

The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are summarised as follows:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Responsibilities, Accountabilities and Contributions of the Board and Management

The role of the Board is to set up strategic goals, performance objectives and operational policies; establish a framework of prudent and effective controls which enables risk to be assessed and managed; delegate authorities to the management to manage and supervise the business of the Group; and ensure the management monitor performance against objectives being set.

The Company has formalised a written guideline for the division of responsibilities between the Board and the management. Certain responsibilities or functions have been delegated by the Board to the management which include the day-to-day business operation of the Group, execution of corporate strategies approved by the Board, business and financial plans and budgets approved by the Board and preparation of annual and interim financial statements. The Board has reserved for its decisions matters of the Group covering the approval of significant changes in accounting or capital structure; approval of public announcements and the financial statements; approval of major acquisitions, disposals and major capital projects; approval of material borrowings and any issuing or buying back of equity securities; approval of the annual budget and setting of the dividend policy.

本公司董事會(「董事會」) 欣然於本集團截至二零 一三年三月三十一日止年度的年報內呈報其企業管 治報告。

本公司之公司管治政策及常規乃根據下文之企業管治報告所載之方式應用及實行。

企業管治常規

本公司及管理層承諾維持良好的企業管治, 著重於對全體股東的透明度、問責性及獨立性 的原則。本公司相信,良好企業管治對達致持 續增長及提高股東回報實為重要。本公司參 考企業管治之最新發展定期審閱其企業管治 常規。本公司於整個回顧年度內已採用於上 市規則附錄14所載之企業管治守則(「企管守 則」)之原則,並已加以遵守其中大部份條文, 惟企管守則之守則條文第A.4.1條及A.4.2條除外,詳 情載列如下。

本公司的主要企業管治原則及常規概述如下:

董事會

董事會及管理層之責任、問責及貢獻

董事會的職責是制定策略性目標、表現目標及營運 政策;建立審慎且有效的監控框架以確保能評估及 管理風險;下放權力予管理層以管理及監察本集團 的業務;並確保管理層按所定目標監察表現。

本公司已制訂一套書面指引訂明董事會與管理層之間的職責分設。董事會已指派若干職責或職能予管理層,包括本集團的日常業務營運、執行經董事會批准的公司策略、業務和財務計劃及預算並編製全年和中期財務報告。董事會已保留其對本集團事宜的決定權,範圍涉及批准重大會計或資本架構變動;批准公告及財務報告;批准主要收購、出售及主要資本項目;批准重大借款及發行或購回任何權益證券;批准年度預算及制訂股息政策。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Board Composition

The Board of the Company comprises nine directors consisting of six executive directors and three independent non-executive directors.

The following chart shows the structure and membership of the Board and Board's Committees as at 31 March 2013:

董事會(續)

董事會組合

本公司董事會包括九名董事,其中包括六名執行董 事及三名獨立非執行董事。

截至二零一三年三月三十一日,董事會及董事委員 會的架構及成員載列於下表:

Board of Directors

董事會

Executive directors

執行董事

Tai Tak Fung, Stephen (Chairman)

戴德豐(主席)

Wu Mei Yung, Quinly (Managing Director)

胡美容(董事總經理)

Man Wing Cheung, Ellis

文永祥

Yip Wai Keung

葉偉強

Wu Wing Biu

胡永標

Nam Chi Ming, Gibson

藍志明

Independent non-executive directors

獨立非執行董事

Leung Mei Han

梁美嫻

Chan Yuk Sang, Peter

陳玉生

Tsunao Kijima

木島綱雄

Company Secretary 公司秘書

Nam Chi Ming, Gibson

藍志明

Executive Committee 執行委員會

Tai Tak Fung, Stephen (Chairman)

戴德豐(主席)

Wu Mei Yung, Quinly

胡美容

Man Wing Cheung, Ellis

文永祥

Yip Wai Keung

葉偉強

Audit Committee 審核委員會

Leung Mei Han

(Chairperson)

梁美嫻(主席)

Chan Yuk Sang, Peter

陳玉生

Tsunao Kijima

木島綱雄

Remuneration Committee

薪酬委員會

(Chairman)

陳玉生(主席)

Wu Mei Yung, Quinly

Chan Yuk Sang, Peter

胡美容

Leung Mei Han

梁美嫻

Nomination Committee 提名委員會

Tai Tak Fung, Stephen

(Chairman)

戴德豐(主席)

Leung Mei Han

梁美嫻

Chan Yuk Sang, Peter

陳玉生

Biographical information of the directors and relevant relationships among the directors are set out in the section headed "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" in the Report of the Directors of this Annual Report.

董事的履歷及有關關係載於本年報董事會報告所載 的「董事及高級管理人員履歷簡介」一節。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Board Meeting

Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance

The Board meets regularly throughout the year to discuss and formulate overall strategies for the Company, monitor financial performance and discuss the interim and annual results, as well as other significant matters.

The Board has convened four regular meetings during the year ended 31 March 2013 and the attendance record of each director at the said board meeting and the annual general meeting of the Company is set out below:

董事會(續)

董事會會議

會議次數及董事出席率

董事會於年內定期召開會議以討論及制訂本公司的 整體策略、監察財務表現及討論中期和全年業績, 以及其他重大事項。

董事會於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度共召 開四次定期會議,而各董事於所述之董事會及股東 週年大會的出席率記錄載列如下:

Number of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行會議次數

	H 184 0 1 3 4
Regular Board Meeting	Annual General Meeting
董事會定期會議	股東週年大會
4/4	1/1
4/4	1/1
4/4	1/1
4/4	1/1
4/4	1/1
4/4	1/1
4/4	1/1
4/4	1/1
4/4	0/1
	4/4 4/4 4/4 4/4 4/4 4/4

Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Notice of regular Board meetings is served to all directors at least 14 days before the meetings while reasonable notice is generally given for other Board meetings. For committee meetings, notices are served in accordance with the required notice period stated in the relevant terms of reference.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all directors or committee members at least 3 days before each Board meeting and each committee meeting to keep the directors or committee members apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. All directors are encouraged to take independent professional advice, at the Company's expense, upon the performance of their duties as and when deemed necessary. The Board and each director have separate and independent access to the senior management where necessary.

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會議常規及操守

定期董事會會議通告最少於會議前14日發送予全體董事,而就其他董事會會議一般均有合理的通知期。就委員會會議而言,通告乃根據有關職權範圍所規定之通知期發出。

董事會文件連同一切適當、完整及可靠資料最少於各董事會會議及各委員會會議前3日送呈全體董事會或委員會成員,以便令全體董事會或委員會成員知悉本公司之最新發展及財務狀況,確保彼等能作出知情決定。全體董事於彼等視為有需要時應就彼等履行職責取得獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。董事會及各董事於有需要時可個別及獨立地聯絡高級管理層。

企業管治報告

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Board Meeting (continued)

Practices and Conduct of Meetings (continued)

Minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary. Draft minutes are normally circulated to directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and final version is open for directors' inspection.

If a substantial shareholder or a director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered material by the Board, the matter will be dealt with in accordance with applicable rules and regulations and, if appropriate, an independent Board committee will be set up to deal with the matter.

Directors' Appointment and Re-election

The Board is empowered under the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association") from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional member of the Board. Appointments are first considered by the Nomination Committee and recommendations of the Nomination Committee are then put to the Board for decision. Details in respect of the process and criteria for the Nomination Committee to select and recommend candidates for directorship are provided in the section headed "Nomination Committee".

In accordance with the Articles of Association, one-third of the directors for the time being or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation for re-election by shareholders at annual general meeting, such that every director is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Under the code provision A.4.1, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Currently, all independent non-executive directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association. As such, the Board considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that the Company's corporate governance practices are no less exacting than those in the CG Code.

董事會(續)

董事會會議(續)

會議常規及操守(續)

所有董事會會議及委員會會議的會議記錄乃由公司 秘書保存。草稿會議記錄一般於各會議後之一段合 理時間內予董事傳閱以供彼等提出意見,而最終的 會議記錄可供董事查閱。

倘主要股東或董事於董事會認為重大的事宜中存 有利益衝突,則有關事宜將根據適用規則及規例處 理,並將於適當情況下,成立獨立董事委員會處理 有關事宜。

董事委任及重選

董事會根據本公司之組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)獲授權可不時及隨時委任任何人士出任董事以填補董事會臨時空缺或作為新增成員。提名委員會首先商議有關委任,然後向董事會提交推薦建議,以作出決定。有關提名委員會挑選及推薦董事候選人之程序及準則載於「提名委員會」一節。

根據組織章程細則,其時三分之一的董事(或其數目並非為三或三的倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分之一的人數)須於股東週年大會上輪席告退並由股東重選,而各董事須最少每三年輪席告退一次。

根據守則條文第A.4.1條,非執行董事應有特定委任期,並須膺選連任。現時,本公司所有獨立非執行董事之委任並無特定任期,惟須根據組織章程細則於本公司股東週年大會上輪席告退及膺選連任。因此,董事會認為已採取足夠措施確保本公司的企業管治常規不低於企管守則之有關規定。

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Directors' Appointment and Re-election (continued)

Under the code provision A.4.2, all directors appointed to fill a casual vacancy should be subject to election by shareholders at the first general meeting after their appointment. Every director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. In accordance with the Articles of Association, any director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election. The Board considers that such a deviation is not material as casual vacancy seldom appears and interval between the appointment made to fill casual vacancy and the immediate following annual general meeting is short.

Directors' Continuous Professional Development

Each newly appointed director receives a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure proper understanding of the operations and business of the Company and full awareness of director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

All directors have complied with the code provision in relation to continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The board of directors of the Company comprising Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen, Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly, Mr. Man Wing Cheung, Ellis, Mr. Yip Wai Keung, Mr. Wu Wing Biu and Mr. Nam Chi Ming, Gibson as executive directors and Ms. Leung Mei Han, Mr. Chan Yuk Sang, Peter and Mr. Tsunao Kijima as independent non-executive directors, all of them have attended a briefing during a board meeting of the Company held during the year, with relevant reading materials given to directors, on corporate governance, regulatory developments and changes of accounting standards. In addition, relevant reading materials on the abovementioned topics or other topics relevant to the Company's business and director's duties and responsibilities have been given to the directors of the Company from time to time during the year ended 31 March 2013.

The Company continuously updates the directors on developments in the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities.

董事會(續)

董事委任及重選(續)

根據守則條文第A.4.2條,所有獲委任以填補臨時空缺之董事應由股東於彼等委任後首次股東大會上推選。每名董事(包括有特定委任期者)應至少每三年輪席告退一次。根據組織章程細則,任何獲委任以填補臨時空缺之董事將留任至下屆股東週年大會,其後將合資格膺選連任。董事會認為,由於鮮有出現臨時空缺,加上委任人選填補臨時空缺與緊隨下屆股東週年大會相隔時間甚短,故有關偏離事項不屬重大。

董事之持續專業發展

各新委任的董事於其首次獲委任後獲得全面、正式 及度身訂造的講解,以確保妥為認識本公司的營運 和業務,並全面瞭解在上市規則及有關規管規定下 的董事責任及職責。

全體董事已遵守有關持續專業發展之守則條文, 以提高及更新彼等之知識及技能。本公司董事會成 員,包括執行董事戴德豐先生、胡美容女士、文永 祥先生、葉偉強先生、胡永標先生及藍志明先生以 及獨立非執行董事梁美嫻女士、陳玉生先生、木 編雄先生參加了一個於年內本公司董事會舉行期間 之簡報會,就企業管治、法規發展及會計標準之改 變進行了講解及相關閱讀資料已給予董事。與此同 時,本公司之董事於截至二零一三年三月三十一日 止年度內,不時收到有關上述議題及其他有關本公 司業務以及董事職能及職責議題之閱讀資料。

本公司一直向董事發放有關法定及監管制度以及營商環境之最新資料,以促使彼等履行職責。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Chairman and Managing Director

Currently, Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen and Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly hold the positions of Chairman and Managing Director respectively. Their respective responsibilities are clearly defined and set out in writing.

The Chairman provides leadership for the Board and is responsible for the effective functioning of the Board in accordance with good corporate governance practice. With the support of the executive directors and senior management, the Managing Director is responsible for managing the Group's business, including implementation of objectives, policies and major strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board. She is also in charge of the Company's day-to-day operation in accordance with the instructions from the Board.

Independent Non-executive Directors

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least 3 independent non-executive directors, representing one-third of the Board, with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rules 3.10(1) and (2), and 3.10A of the Listing Rules. The Company has received a written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive director of his/her independence and the Company considers the existing independent non-executive directors to be independent under the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules up to the date of this Annual Report.

董事會(續)

主席及董事總經理

現時,戴德豐先生及胡美容女士分別擔任主席及董 事總經理職務。彼等各自的責任已清楚界定並以書 面列明。

主席領導董事會,並負責根據良好企業管治慣例令董事會有效地執行職能。在執行董事及高級管理層的支持下,董事總經理負責管理本集團的業務,包括實行董事會所採納的目標、政策、主要策略和措施。彼亦根據董事會的指示負責本公司的日常營運。

獨立非執行董事

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,董事會於任何時間均達致上市規則有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會成員三分之一,且其中最少需要一名需具備上市規則第3.10(1)及(2)以及3.10A條所要求之合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專門知識之規定。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事就其獨立性發出之年度確認書,而本公司認為,根據上市規則第3.13條所載指引,截至本年報日期止,現有的獨立非執行董事均為獨立。

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BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established four committees, namely the Executive Committee, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which are available to shareholders upon request. The terms of reference of the Board committees, except those of Executive Committee, are also available for viewing on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee was established with specific written terms of reference and all of its members are executive directors.

The primary duties of the Executive Committee include approval and execution of the corporate guarantees to be provided by the Company to individual bankers in respect of the banking facilities granted to any member of the Group, including wholly-owned subsidiaries, non-wholly-owned subsidiaries and associated corporations within the meaning of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established with specific written terms of reference and all of its members are independent non-executive directors, one of them possesses the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Audit Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive directors, namely Ms. Leung Mei Han (Chairperson of the Audit Committee), Mr. Chan Yuk Sang, Peter and Mr. Tsunao Kijima.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group, to monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements and financial reporting, to maintain an appropriate relationship with the Company's auditors, and to oversee the audit process.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 March 2013 to review the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discuss internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2012 and the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012 of the Company. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2013 of the Group.

董事委員會

董事會已成立四個委員會,分別為執行委員會、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,以監察本公司特定方面的事務。本公司所有董事委員會均以書面的特定職權範圍成立,該等職權範圍可應要求供股東查閱。有關董事委員會之職權範圍(執行委員會除外)亦可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

執行委員會

執行委員會已成立,並以書面訂明具體的職權範圍,其所有成員均為執行董事。

執行委員會的主要職責包括批准及簽立本公司就本 集團任何成員公司(包括根據香港公司條例所定義 的全資附屬公司、非全資附屬公司及相聯法團)獲 提供的銀行融資向個別銀行提供的公司擔保。

審核委員會

審核委員會已成立,並以書面訂明具體的職權範圍,其所有成員均為獨立非執行董事,其中一名成員具備適當的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。審核委員會現時包括三名獨立非執行董事,計為梁美嫻女士(審核委員會主席)、陳玉生先生及木島綱雄先生。

審核委員會之主要職責為檢討及監管本集團之財務 申報程序及內部監控制度、監察本公司財務報告及 財務滙報之完整性、與本公司核數師保持合適關係 及監察審計程序。

審核委員會於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度曾舉行兩次會議,以審閱本集團所採納的會計政策及慣例,並討論內部監控及財務報告事宜,包括審閱本公司截至二零一二年九月三十日止六個月的中期財務報告,以及截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度的年度財務報告。審核委員會亦已審閱本集團截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之年度業績。

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BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Audit Committee (continued)

The attendance records of the Audit Committee during the year are set out below:

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

審核委員會年內的出席記錄載列如下:

Name of committee member	委員會成員名稱	Number of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行會議次數
Leung Mei Han (Chairperson of Audit Committee)	梁美嫻(審核委員會主席)	2/2
Chan Yuk Sang, Peter	陳玉生	2/2
Tsunao Kijima	木島綱雄	2/2

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established with specific written terms of references and is currently constituted by two independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Chan Yuk Sang, Peter (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee) and Ms. Leung Mei Han and an executive director, namely Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly.

The Company has adopted the model where the Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration of all directors and senior management and the remuneration packages of individual directors and senior management of the Company.

The Remuneration Committee has convened one meeting during the year to review, inter alia, the Group's remuneration policy and structure, and the remuneration of all directors for the year under review. Details of the emoluments of each director of the Company are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

The attendance records of the Remuneration Committee during the year are set out below:

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會已成立,並以書面訂明具體的職權範圍,現時成員包括兩名獨立非執行董事陳玉生先生(薪酬委員會主席)及梁美嫻女士以及一名執行董事胡美容女士。

本公司採納就薪酬委員會對個別執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇向董事會提出建議之模式。薪酬委員會之主要職責為就全體董事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策及架構,以及本公司個別執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇向董事會提出建議。

薪酬委員會年內曾召開一次會議,以審閱(其中包括)於回顧年度內本集團的薪酬政策和結構以及全體董事的薪酬。本公司各董事的酬金詳情載述於本財務報告附註8。

薪酬委員會於年內的出席記錄載列如下:

Name of committee member	委員會成員名稱	Number of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行會議次數
Chan Yuk Sang, Peter	陳玉生	
(Chairman of Remuneration Committee)	(薪酬委員會主席)	1/1
Wu Mei Yung, Quinly	胡美容	1/1
Leung Mei Han	梁美嫻	1/1

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BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Remuneration Committee (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the remuneration of the members of the senior management, not being the directors of the Company, by band is set out below:

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度非任職董事之 高級管理人員之薪酬組別如下:

Remuneration band (HK\$)	薪酬組別 (港元)	Number of persons 人數
Nil to 1,000,000 2,000,001 to 2,500,000	零至1,000,000 2,000,001至2,500,000	4

Further particulars regarding the directors' and chief executive's emoluments and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 of the Listing Rules are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the financial statements.

根據上市規則附錄16須就董事及最高行政人員之酬 金以及五位薪酬最高僱員披露之進一步詳情載於財 務報告附註8及9。

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established with specific written terms of reference and currently comprises an executive director, namely Mr. Tai Tak Fung, Stephen (Chairman of the Nomination Committee) and two independent non-executive directors, namely Ms. Leung Mei Han and Mr. Chan Yuk Sang, Peter.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of directors, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of directors and assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors.

The Nomination Committee also would carry out the selection process when there were vacancies on the Board, by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements.

The Nomination Committee has convened one meeting during the year under review, inter alias, the Board's structure, size and composition to ensure that it had a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Company.

提名委員會

提名委員會已成立,並以書面訂明具體的職權範圍,現時由一名執行董事戴德豐先生(提名委員會主席)及兩名獨立非執行董事梁美嫻女士及陳玉生先生組成。

提名委員會之主要職責為檢討董事會之成員組合、 發展及制定提名及委任董事之有關程序、監察董事 委任及續任計劃,以及評估獨立非執行董事之獨立 性。

提名委員會亦於董事會出現空缺時參考建議候選人 之技能、經驗、專業知識、個人誠信及時間承諾、 本公司之需要及其他相關法定要求進行篩選程序。

提名委員會於回顧年度曾舉行一次會議,以審閱(其中包括)董事會架構、人數及組成,以確保適合本公司業務所需之專業知識、技能及經驗取得平衡。

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Nomination Committee (continued)

The attendance records of the Nomination Committee during the year are set out below:

董事委員會(續)

提名委員會(續)

提名委員會年內之出席記錄載列如下:

		Number of meetings attended/held
Name of committee member	委員會成員名稱	出席/舉行會議次數
Tai Tak Fung, Stephen	戴德豐	
(Chairman of Nomination Committee)	(提名委員會主席)	1/1
Leung Mei Han	梁美嫻	1/1
Chan Yuk Sang, Peter	陳玉生	1/1

Corporate Governance Functions

For corporate governance, the Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code.

The Board reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out on Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as the Company's code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors of the Company (the "Code of Conduct"). Having made specific enquiry of all directors of the Company, the directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Code of Conduct throughout the year ended 31 March 2013.

The Company has also established the Code for Securities Transaction by the Relevant Employees (the "Employees Code") on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for securities transactions by the employees who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company. No incident of non-compliance of the Employees Code by the employees was noted by the Company throughout the year ended 31 March 2013.

企業管治職能

就企業管治而言,董事會須負責履行企管守則守則 條文第D.3.1條所載之職能。

董事會已審閱本公司之企業管治政策及慣例、董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業發展、本公司遵守法律及監管規定之政策及慣例、遵守上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)之情況及本公司遵守企管守則之情況及在企業管治報告之披露。

證券交易標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則,作為本公司董事進行證券交易之本公司操守守則(「操守守則」)。經向本公司全體董事作出特定查詢後,董事們確認,彼等於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度內一直遵守操守守則所規定之買賣標準。

本公司亦已按可能擁有本公司內幕消息之有關僱員 進行不遜於證券交易之標準守則之條款訂定有關僱 員進行證券交易守則(「僱員守則」)。據本公司所 知,於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度內,並 無僱員未有遵守僱員守則之情況。

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ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2013. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013, appropriate accounting principles and policies are selected and applied consistently; judgments and estimates made are appropriate and reasonable; and these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The senior management of the Company provides the Board with such information and explanations as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial information and position, which are put to the Board for approval.

The Board is also responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of both annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The responsibilities of the Company's external auditor, Messrs. Ernst & Young ("E&Y"), are set out in the Independent Auditors' Report of this Annual Report.

There are no material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

External Auditor's Remuneration

E&Y have been re-appointed as the Company's external auditor by shareholders at the 2012 annual general meeting until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting. They are primarily responsible for providing audit services in connection with the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, E&Y received approximately HK\$2,480,000 (2012: HK\$2,250,000) for audit and related services and HK\$519,000 (2012: HK\$456,000) for other non-audit services which include the taxation services.

問責及審核

財務報告

董事 明悉彼等編製本公司截至二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度之財務報告之責任。在編製截至二 零一三年三月三十一日止年度之財務報告時,適當 的會計原則及政策已予選擇及貫徹應用;適當地和 合理地作出判斷及估算;及該等財務報告已按持續 經營基準編製。

本公司高級管理層會向董事會提供所需資料及解釋,以使彼等對提交董事會以供批准之本公司財務 資料及狀況作出知情評估。

董事會亦負責對年度財務報告及中期財務報告、對 內幕消息之公佈以及上市規則及其他監管規定所規 定之其他披露事宜作出平衡、清晰及可理解的評估。

本公司外聘核數師安永會計師事務所(「安永」)的職 責載於本年報之獨立核數師報告。

本公司概無有關事件或情況之重大不明朗因素可能 對持續經營之能力構成重大疑問。

外聘核數師酬金

安永已於二零一二年股東週年大會上獲股東續聘 為本公司之外聘核數師,任期直至下屆股東週年大 會止。安永主要負責提供關於截至二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度財務報告的審核服務。

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,安永就審核及相關服務收取約2,480,000港元(二零一二年:2,250,000港元),並就其他非審核服務(包括稅務服務)收取519,000港元(二零一二年:456,000港元)。

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board is responsible for maintaining an adequate internal control system to safeguard shareholders investments and the Company's assets and reviewing its effectiveness. The system has been designed to manage the risk of failure to achieve corporate objectives rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the business objective. Therefore, it can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud. The Board has delegated to the management the implementation of the strategies and policies on internal controls and risk management adopted by the Board and the review of relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures.

During the year under review, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the internal controls of the Group including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function and their training programmes and budget.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Nam Chi Ming, Gibson, an executive director of the Company, is the company secretary. During the year under review, Mr. Nam undertook more than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

內部監控

董事會負責維持足夠的內部監控系統,以保障股東 投資及本公司資產,並審閱其成效。有關系統的設 計旨在管理未能達致企業目標的風險,而非消除 未能達致業務目標的風險。因此,內部監控只能合 理地而非絕對地確保避免重大錯誤陳述、損失或欺 詐。董事會已委任管理層實行董事會所採納的內部 監控及風險管理策略和政策,以及審閱有關財務、 營運及規章監控及風險管理程序指派予管理層。

於回顧年度內,董事會已審閱本集團內部監控的成效,包括本集團在會計及財務申報職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受之培訓課程及有關預算是否充足。

公司秘書

本公司執行董事藍志明先生為公司秘書。於回顧年 度期間,藍先生已接受超過15小時之相關專業培訓。

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SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening of Extraordinary General Meeting by Shareholders

Pursuant to Article 73 of the Articles of Association of the Company, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. General meetings shall also be convened on the written requisition of shareholders holding at the date of deposit not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right to vote at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists.

If the Board does not within 30 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed to convene the general meeting, the requisitionists themselves may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may convened by the Board, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

Proposing a Person for Election as a Director

The procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director of the Company are available for viewing on the Company's website at www.fourseasgroup.com.hk.

Shareholders' Enquiries and Proposals

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests for putting forward proposals at shareholders' meetings to the Company's principal place of business at Four Seas Group Building, No. 1 Hong Ting Road, Sai Kung, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會

根據本公司組織章程細則第73條,董事會可於其認為適合時召開股東特別大會。股東大會亦可應股東書面要求召開,彼等須於遞交請求書當日持有不少於附帶投票權的本公司已繳股本十分之一,並向本公司之香港主要辦事處遞交請求書,當中列明召開該大會的目的並由提出要求的人士簽署。

倘若董事會於接獲請求書日期起計30日內未有召開 股東大會,則提出要求人士本身可按由董事會召開 大會的相同方式或最接近的方式召開股東大會,而 提出要求人士因董事會未有召開大會而產生的一切 合理開支將由本公司向彼等作出彌償。

提名人選參選為董事

有關股東提名人選參選為本公司董事之程序可於本公司網站www.fourseasgroup.com.hk查閱。

股東查詢及建議

股東可將擬於股東大會上提呈建議之查詢或要求發 送至本公司之主要營業地點,地址為香港西貢康定 路1號四洲集團大廈,註明公司秘書收啟。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

On 1 April 2012, the Board adopted a Shareholders' Communication Policy reflecting mostly current practices of the Company for communication with its shareholders. Such policy aims at disseminating information in relation to the Group to shareholders in a timely manner through a number of formal channels, which include interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars, and is reviewed regularly by the Board to ensure its effectiveness.

The Company maintains a website at www.fourseasgroup.com.hk as a communication platform with shareholders and investors, where information and updates on the Company's announcements, business developments/operations and other information are available for public access.

The Company's annual general meeting provides a forum for communication between the Board and the shareholders. The chairman of the Board and Board committees actively participate in the annual general meeting and answer questions from the shareholders. Notice of the annual general meeting is sent to the shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting. All resolutions put forward at shareholder meetings including the annual general meeting will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll results will be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company after each shareholder meeting.

During the year under review, the Company has not made any changes to the Articles of Association. A consolidated version of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

與股東之溝通

於二零一二年四月一日,董事會採納股東溝通政策 以反映本公司目前與股東溝通之慣例。此政策旨在 透過多項正式渠道及時向股東傳達有關本公司之資 料,包括中期及年度報告、公佈及通函,而董事會 定期進行檢討以確保成效。

本公司設立其網站於www.fourseasgroup.com.hk,作為與股東及投資者溝通的平台,公眾可於此網站獲取有關本公司的公佈、業務發展/經營狀況的最新資料及其他資料。

本公司的股東週年大會為董事會與股東之間的溝通 平台。董事會主席及董事委員會積極參與股東週年 大會及回答股東的提問。股東週年大會通告最少於 大會前20個營業日發送予股東。根據上市規則,於 股東大會(包括股東週年大會)上提呈之所有決議案 將以投票方式表決,而投票結果將於各股東大會後 刊載於聯交所及本公司網站內。

於回顧年度,本公司並無更改組織章程細則。本公司組織章程大綱及章程細則之綜合版本可於本公司 及聯交所網站查閱。

型 ERNST & YOUNG 安 永

To the shareholders of Four Seas Mercantile Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Four Seas Mercantile Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 52 to 171, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2013, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Ernst & Young

22/F CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong

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致四洲集團有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

我們已審核載於第52頁至171頁的四洲集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報告包括二零一三年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表及公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策摘要和其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報告須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編製綜合 財務報告使其真實而公允地列報,以及制定董事認 為必要的相關的內部控制,以使綜合財務報告不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財務報告 作出意見。我們的報告僅為全體股東編製,而不可 作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容對其他任何 人士負責或承擔責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審核準則的 規定執行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守職業道德規 範,並規劃及執行審核,從而獲得合理確定此等綜 合財務報告是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

型 ERNST & YOUNG 安 永

To the shareholders of Four Seas Mercantile Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2013, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致四洲集團有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

核數師的責任(續)

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報告所載金額及披露資料的審核證據。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報告存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製真實及公允地列報綜合財務報告相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非對公司的內部控制的有效性發表意見。審核亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性及作出的會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務報告的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核證據充足且適當地為 我們的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報告已根據香港財務報告 準則真實而公允地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零 一三年三月三十一日的財務狀況及 貴集團截至該 日止年度的溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條 例的披露規定妥為編製。

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 27 June 2013 安永會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港 二零一三年六月二十七日

Consolidated Income Statement 52

綜合收益表 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Notes	— ₹ — <u>=</u> ∓ HK\$'000	→◆ → → HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
REVENUE	收入	5	2,899,647	2,789,334
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(2,014,020)	(2,004,166)
Gross profit	毛利		885,627	785,168
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	5	46,478	13,722
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷費用		(495,545)	(460,828)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(255,755)	(237,559)
Other operating expenses	其他營運開支		(30,732)	(25,904)
Finance costs	融資成本	6	(18,577)	(16,808)
Share of profits and losses of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利及虧損		9,244	9,741
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	7	140,740	67,532
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	(33,537)	(23,745)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		107,203	43,787
Attributable to:	歸屬於:			
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益所有者	11	110,779	52,581
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(3,576)	(8,794)
			107,203	43,787
			HK cents	HK cents
			港仙	港仙
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF	本公司普通權益所有者 應佔每股盈利			
THE COMPANY - Basic and diluted	-基本及攤薄	13	28.5	13.5
- Dasic and unuted	坐个从牌份	1.3	20.5	13.3

Details of the dividends paid and proposed for the year are disclosed in note 12 to the financial statements.

有關本年度已付股息及建議股息的詳情載於附註12 內。

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 53

綜合全面收益表 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		107,203	43,787
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)	其他全面收益/(虧損)			
Available-for-sale investments: Changes in fair value Reclassification adjustments for gains/losses included in the	可供出售投資: 公平值變動 綜合收益表之收益/ 虧損之重新分類		13,994	(25,039)
consolidated income statement – gain on disposal – impairment losses Income tax effect	調整 一出售之收益 一減值虧損 所得税影響	5 7	(8,655) 13,627	(5,109) 11,051
			18,966	(19,097)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates Release of exchange fluctuation reserve	應佔聯營公司其他全面收益 於出售附屬公司時實現之		870	3,417
upon disposal of subsidiaries Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	匯兑波動儲備 換算海外業務的滙兑差額	34	(4,639) 13,213	- 14,944
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE	年內其他全面收益/(虧損) 除税後	,		
YEAR, NET OF TAX			28,410	(736)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內總全面收益		135,613	43,051
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	歸屬於: 本公司權益所有者 非控股權益	11	138,519 (2,906)	50,953 (7,902)
			135,613	43,051

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 54 綜合財務狀況表 31 March 2013 於二零一三年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 港幣千元
				_
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	563,834	569,189
Investment property	投資物業	15	19,998	19,669
Prepaid land lease payments	預付土地租賃款項	16	113,146	116,164
Goodwill	商譽	17	36,809	38,177
Non-current livestock	非當期禽畜	18	-	119
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	20	158,698	151,289
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	21	77,533	93,208
Deposits	訂金	25	18,092	20,715
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	30	1,576	1,281
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		989,686	1,009,811
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Due from associates	應收聯營公司	20	15	561
Current livestock	當期禽畜	22	179	3,647
Inventories	存貨	23	253,094	218,220
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	24	502,953	525,978
Prepayments, deposits	預付款項、訂金及		002,200	020,570
and other receivables	其他應收款項	25	94,798	110,028
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		1,924	5,451
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值透過損益			2,123
through profit or loss	入賬之金融資產	26	12,012	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	27	610,724	552,147
Total current assets	流動資產總值		1,475,699	1,416,032
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables, other payables	應付貿易賬款、其他應付			
and accruals	款項及應計負債	28	335,484	316,683
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	須繳付利息之銀行貸款	29	781,630	862,868
Tax payable	應付税項		26,745	20,909
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		1,143,859	1,200,460
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨額		331,840	215,572
TOTAL ASSETS LESS	總資產減流動負債			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,321,526	1,225,383

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表 31 March 2013 於二零一三年三月三十一日

		二零一三年	一声 一片
		$\neg \neg \neg \bot$	二零一二年
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
非流動負債			
須繳付利息之銀行貸款	29	74,533	71,724
遞延税項負債	30	18,251	17,822
非流動負債總值		92,784	89,546
資產淨額		1,228,742	1,135,837
權益			
歸屬於本公司權益			
所有者的權益			
已發行股本	31	38,790	39,070
儲備	33(a)	1,146,540	1,047,376
建議末期股息	12	19,395	19,416
		1,204,725	1,105,862
非控股權益		24,017	29,975
權益總值		1,228,742	1,135,837
	須遞延 非 資 權 歸 已 儲 達 於 有 段 樹 麗 本 者 股 樹 麗 本 春 股 樹 麗 所 發 備 議 末 投 股 權 益 雅 整 股 權 益 # 控 股 權 益 # 控 股 權 益	#流動負債 須繳付利息之銀行貸款 29 遞延税項負債 30 非流動負債總值 資產淨額 權益 歸屬於本公司權益 所有者的權益 已發行股本 31 儲備 33(a) 建議末期股息 12	非流動負債 29 74,533 遞延税項負債 30 18,251 非流動負債總值 92,784 資產淨額 1,228,742 權益 厨房於本公司權益 所有者的權益 33(a) 1,146,540 建議末期股息 12 19,395 非控股權益 24,017

TAI Tak Fung, Stephen 戴德豐 Director 董事

YIP Wai Keung 葉偉強 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 56

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 歸屬於本公司權益所有者

							即胸水	平公り惟盆門	17111						
				١.,				Available- for-sale							
			Issued capital	Share premium account	Reserve funds	Revaluation reserve	Capital reserve	investment revaluation reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Retained profits	Proposed final dividend	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		Notes 附註		股份 溢價賬 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 33(a)) (附註33(a))		重估儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	資本儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 33(a)) (附註33(a))	可供出售 投資重估 儲 HK\$'000 港幣千元	資本顧回 儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	匯兑波動 儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	保留溢利 HK\$'000 港幣千元	建議末期 股息 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	非 拴股 權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	權益總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2011	於二零一一年四月一日		39,070	222,482	6,138	24,938	750	4,757	886	87,056	676,922	19,535	1,082,534	37,195	1,119,729
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year: Changes in fair value of available-for-sale	年內溢利 年內其他全面 收益/(虧損): 可供出售投資之公平值 變動,除稅後		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	52,581	-	52,581	(8,794)	43,787
investments, net of tax Share of other comprehensive	應佔聯營公司其他		-	-	-	-	-	(19,097)	-	-	-	-	(19,097)	-	(19,097)
income of associates Exchange differences on translation of foreign	全面收益 換算海外業務的 匯兑差額		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,417	-	-	3,417	-	3,417
operations	NG 70 21. 194									14,052			14,052	892	14,944
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內總全面收益		=	=	-	=	-	(19,097)	-	17,469	52,581	-	50,953	(7,902)	43,051
Contribution by	非控股權益注資													1764	1.764
non-controlling interests Dividend paid to	已付予非控股權益股息		-	-	=	-	-	-	-	=	-	=	-	1,764	1,764
non-controlling interests Repurchase of shares not	購回股份尚未註銷		-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,884)	(1,884)
yet cancelled	点彩一声	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	(212)	-	-	(10.525)	(212)	-	(212)
Final 2011 dividend declared Interim 2012 dividend	宣派二零一一年末期股息 二零一二年中期股息	12	-	-	=	-	=	-	-	-	(7,814)	(19,535)	(19,535) (7,814)	-	(19,535) (7,814)
Proposed final 2012 dividend	二零一二年建議末期股息		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	(19,416)	19,416	(7,014)	_	(7,014)
Transfer to reserve funds	轉撥至儲備金		_	_	401	_	_	_	_	_	(401)		_	_	_
Disposal of an interest in a subsidiary	出售附屬公司之權益		=	=	-	-	=	=	=	=	(64)	=	(64)	802	738
Release of revaluation reserve on	租賃土地及樓字之														
leasehold land and buildings to retained profits	重估儲備解除至 保留溢利		=			(535)				=	535	=	=	=	
At 31 March 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一	П	39,070	222,482*	6,539	* 24,403*	750*	(14,340)	* 674*	104,525*	702,343*	19,416	1,105,862	29,975	1,135,837

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company

歸屬於本公司權益所有者

							即陶水	平公可惟盆門	1711						
		Available-													
			Issued	Share premium	Reserve	Revaluation	Capital	for-sale investment revaluation	Capital redemption	Exchange fluctuation	Retained	Proposed final		Non- controlling	Total
			capital	account	funds	reserve	reserve	reserve 可供出售	reserve	reserve	profits	dividend	Total	interests	equity
		Notes 附註		股份 溢價賬 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 33(a)) (附註33(a))		重估儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	資本儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 33(a)) (附註33(a))	投資重估 儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	資本順回 儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	匯兑波動 儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	保留溢利 HK\$'000 港幣千元	建議末期 股息 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	非控股 權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	權益總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日		39,070	222,482	6,539	24,403	750	(14,340)	674	104,525	702,343	19,416	1,105,862	29,975	1,135,837
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year: Changes in fair value of available-for-sale	年內溢利 年內其他全面 收益/(虧損): 可供出售投資之公平值 變動,除稅後		=	=	=	=	=	-	=	-	110,779	-	110,779	(3,576)	107,203
investments, net of tax	康 化		-	-	-	-	-	18,966	-	-	-	-	18,966	-	18,966
Share of other comprehensive income of associates Release of exchange fluctuation reserve upon disposal	應佔聯營公司之其他 全面收益 出售附屬公司時實現之 匯兑波動儲備		=	=	=	=	=	=	=	870	-	-	870	=	870
of subsidiaries Exchange differences on translation of foreign	換算海外業務的 匯兑差額		=	=	=	=	=	-	-	(4,639)	=	=	(4,639)	=	(4,639)
operations	匹 龙 帜									12,543			12,543	670	13,213
Total comprehensive	年內總全面收益														
income for the year Acquisition of	收購非控股權益		-	-	-	-	-	18,966	-	8,774	110,779	-	138,519	(2,906)	135,613
non-controlling interests Contribution by non-controlling interests	非控股權益注資		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,848	(8,284)	-	(6,436)	(5,285)	3,087
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	已付予非控股權益股息		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	(854)	
Repurchase of shares	購回股份	31	(280)	(5,976)	-	-	-	_	492	-	(280)	-	(6,044)	(034)	(854)
Final 2012 dividend declared	宣派二零一二年末期股息	JI	(400)	(3,710)	-	_	-	-	472	=	(200)	(19,416)	(19,416)	_	(19,416)
Interim 2013 dividend	二零一三年中期股息	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	(7,760)	(19,410)	(7,760)	_	(7,760)
Proposed final 2013 dividend	二零一三年建議末期股息		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	(19,395)	19,395	(1,100)	_	(1,700)
Transfer to reserve funds	轉撥至儲備金	12	-	-	654	-	_	=	-	=		17,373	_	_	-
Release of revaluation reserve on leasehold land and buildings	租賃土地及樓宇之 重估儲備解除至		-	_	034	-	_	_	-	-	(654)		_		-
to retained profits	保留溢利					(535)	-		-		535				
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一	Ħ	38,790	216,506*	7,193*	23,868*	750*	4,626*	1,166*	115,147*	777,284*	19,395	1,204,725	24,017	1,228,742

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$1,146,540,000 (2012: HK\$1,047,376,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬為計入綜合財務狀況表中之綜合儲備 1,146,540,000港元(二零一二年:1,047,376,000港元)。

綜合現金流量表 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

Mark				2013	2012
Ray			N 7 .	二零一三年	二零一二年
ACHYITIES					港幣千元
Profit before tax	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	無營業務所 復			
Profit before tax					
Share of profits and losses of associates Bank interest income Divided income from listed Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments at fair value through profit or loss bancrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to physical change on non-current livestock Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net Gain on disposal of subsidiares Depreciation Recognition of prepaid land lease payments Amortisation of non-current livestock Impairment of available-for-sale investments property Impairment of frade receivables Impairment of fonon-current livestock Impairment of fonon-current livestock Impairment of slow-mowing inventories Impairment of goodwill Impairment of non-current livestock Decrease in non-current livestock Decrease in unrent livestock Decrease (increase) in prepayments Amortisation of non-current livestock Impairment of rada receivables Impairment of rom-current livestock Impairment of rom-current livestock Impairment of rom-current livestock Impairment of rom-current livestock Decrease (increase) in prepayments Amortisation of non-current livestock Impairment of solow-mowing inventories Impairment of rom-current livestock Impairment of solow-mowing inventories Impairment of solow-mowing inventories Decrease (increase) in repayments, deposits and other receivables Impairment property Decrease in current livestock Decrease in current livestock Decrease (increase) in repayments, deposits and other receivables Impairment of poodwill Impairment of the payables, other Decrease in current livestock D				140,740	67,532
Bank interest income	Adjustments for:				
Dividend income from listed available for-sale investments Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments at fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss increase in fair value (less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to physical change on non-current livestock Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Depreciation Recognition of prepaid land lease payments Amortisation of non-current livestock Impairment of trade receivables Impairment of slow-moving inventories Impairment of slow-moving inventories Impairment of non-current livestock Imp					(9,741)
### Right ###			5	(1,215)	(1,085)
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss flucrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to physical change on non-current livestock Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs (gain) on disposal/write-off of tiems of property, plant and equipment, net Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Depreciation Recognition of prepaid land lease payments amplified in the payments of trade receivables Impairment of solow-moving inventories Impairment of solow-moving inventories Impairment of solow-moving inventories Impairment of solow-moving inventories Impairment of non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in interval tivestock Encrease in inventories (fair value) and the value of the			~	(6.045)	(1.0(6)
investments			5	(6,815)	(1,866)
Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to physical change on non-current livestock Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to physical change on non-current livestock Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Depreciation Recognition of prepaid land lease payments Amortisation of non-current livestock Impairment of available-for-sale investments Impairment of trade receivables Impairment of goodwill Impairment of non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decreases in interval livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value, gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value, gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value, gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property	-		5	(8 655)	(5 109)
ar fair value through profit or loss Increase in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to physical change on non-current livestock Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Coss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Depreciation Recognition of prepaid land lease payments Amortisation of non-current livestock Impairment of available-for-sale investments Impairment of flow on current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decreases in inventories Decreases/(increase) in rade receivables Decreases/(increase) in trade receivables Decreases/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Decreases/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Decreases/(increase) in trade payables, other payables and accruals September 20 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (1			3	(0,033)	(3,109)
Increase in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to physical change on non-current livestock Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net Cain on disposal of subsidiaries Depreciation Ecopyrition of prepaid land lease payments Perception of non-current livestock Impairment of available-for-sale investments Impairment of trade receivables Impairment of slow-moving inventories Impairment of goodwill Impairment of non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in inventories Decrease in inventories Decrease in inventories Decrease in inventories Decreases in current livestock Fair value gain on an investment of goodwill Ecopy for the payables and accruals Decrease in non-current livestock Pair value gain on an investment gas possible state of the payables, other payables and accruals Decrease for mon-current livestock Pair value gain on an investment of gas			5	(2.827)	_
point-of-sale costs attributable to physical change on non-current livestock Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Depreciation Recognition of prepaid land lease payments Amortisation of non-current livestock Impairment of savailable-for-sale investments Impairment of trade receivables Impairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Impairment of property Pairment			J	(2,027)	
physical change on non-current livestock Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net (收益), 淨額 7 (12,504) 1,035 (26,204) 1,035	point-of-sale costs attributable to				
Decrease in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net def	-				
point-of-sale costs attributable to price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net (收益),淨額 7 (12,504) 1,035			7	(8)	(15)
price change on non-current livestock Finance costs Finance costs Coss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net (收益), 淨額 7 (12,504) 1,035 Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 出售所屬公司之收益 5 (4,724)					
Finance costs	•				
Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, net (收益),澤額 7 (12,504) 1,033 (4,724) 5				1	2
items of property, plant and equipment, net (收益),淨額 7 (12,504) 1,033 (36 in on disposal of subsidiaries 出售附屬公司之收益 5 (4,724) 5- 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51,810 51,933 (27 51			6	18,577	16,808
equipment, net	-				
日本			7	(12.504)	1 022
Depreciation 打舊 7					1,033
Recognition of prepaid land lease payments Amortisation of non-current livestock Impairment of available-for-sale investments Impairment of rade receivables Impairment of slow-moving inventories Impairment of solw-moving inventories Impairment of solw-moving inventories Impairment of on-current livestock Impairment of non-current livestock Impairment of non-current livestock Pair value gain on an investment Property Decrease in non-current livestock Pair salue gain on an investment Property Decrease (increase) in amounts due Entre					- 51 027
Payments	*		/	31,010	31,937
Amortisation of non-current livestock Impairment of available-for-sale investments Impairment of trade receivables Impairment of slow-moving inventories Impairment of slow-moving inventories Impairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Impairment of non-current livestock 非當期禽畜滅值 7 1,942 1,94			7	3.281	3.272
Impairment of available-for-sale investments Impairment of trade receivables Impairment of slow-moving inventories Impairment of slow-moving inventories Impairment of goodwill Impairment of non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Decrease in inventories Impairment of non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Decrease in inventories Impairment of goodwill Impairment of non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Decrease in non-current livestock Decrease in inventories Impairment of goodwill Inpairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Inpairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Inpairment of 66 Inpairment of 66 Inpairment of constantion Inpairment of cons					15
Investments			,	_	10
Impairment of trade receivables 應收貿易賬款減值 7 1,035 3,680 滞銷存貨減値 7 1,942			7	13,627	11,051
Impairment of goodwill Impairment of non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property	Impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減值	7		3,680
Impairment of non-current livestock Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from associates Decrease in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Increase in trade payables, other payables and accruals Cash generated from operations Hong Kong profits tax paid Overseas taxes paid Impairment of non-current livestock # 當期禽畜之減少	Impairment of slow-moving inventories		7	618	1,275
Fair value gain on an investment property Decrease in non-current livestock Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from associates Decrease in current livestock			7	1,942	_
Decrease in non-current livestock 非當期禽畜之減少			7	66	_
Decrease in non-current livestock 非當期禽畜之減少		投資物業之公平值收益	_		
Decrease in non-current livestock Decrease/(increase) in amounts due 應收聯營公司之減少/(增加) from associates Decrease in current livestock 當期禽畜之減少 Fecrease in current livestock 當期禽畜之減少 Fecrease in inventories Decrease in inventories Everoase/(increase) in trade receivables Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, 在 Live of Live o	property		5		(1,824)
Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from associates Decrease in current livestock 當期禽畜之減少				185,707	136,965
Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from associates Decrease in current livestock 當期禽畜之減少	Decrease in non-current livestock	非営期食畜シ減少		58	321
from associates Decrease in current livestock Increase in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Increase in trade payables, other payables and accruals Cash generated from operations Hong Kong profits tax paid Overseas taxes paid Eina in trade payables and accruals Eina in trade payables an				30	321
Decrease in current livestock 當期禽畜之減少	,			546	(119)
Increase in inventories 存貨之增加 Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables 應收貿易賬款之減少/(增加) Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, 預付款項、訂金及其他 deposits and other receivables Increase in trade payables, other payables and accruals Cash generated from operations Hong Kong profits tax paid Overseas taxes paid Increase in inventories Ew 收貿易賬款之減少/(增加) Ew 收敦項之減少/(增加) Ew 收敦項之減少/(增加) Ew 收敦項之減少/(增加) Ew 收敦項之減少/(增加) Increase in trade payables, other payables and accruals Ew 投資易賬款、其他應付 款項及應計負債之增加 Increase in trade payables, other payables and accruals Ew 投資場別報 Ew 養務所得之現金 Ev 投資機構 Ev 投資 Ev 投資 Ew 表別符之現金 Ev 表別符 Ev 表別		當期禽畜之減少			387
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments,	Increase in inventories				(10,841)
e 收款項之減少/(增加) 19,560 (6,162 me 枚款項之減少/(増加) 19,560 (6,162 me 付貿易賬款、其他應付 mayables and accruals 無付貿易賬款、其他應付 款項及應計負債之増加 14,314 2,288 me 2 m	Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款之減少/(增加)		28,300	(26,241)
Increase in trade payables, other payables and accruals 應付貿易賬款、其他應付 款項及應計負債之增加 14,314 2,289 Cash generated from operations Hong Kong profits tax paid Overseas taxes paid D付香港利得税 D付其他税項 (8,250) Net cash flows from operating 經營業務所得之現金流入淨額	Decrease/(increase) in prepayments,				
payables and accruals 款項及應計負債之增加 14,314 2,289 Cash generated from operations 經營業務所得之現金 215,565 96,599 Hong Kong profits tax paid 已付香港利得税 (16,452) (13,284 Overseas taxes paid 已付其他税項 (8,250) (2,556) Net cash flows from operating 經營業務所得之現金流入淨額				19,560	(6,162)
Cash generated from operations 經營業務所得之現金 215,565 96,599 Hong Kong profits tax paid 已付香港利得税 (16,452) (13,284 Coverseas taxes paid 已付其他税項 (8,250) (2,556 Net cash flows from operating 經營業務所得之現金流入淨額					
Hong Kong profits tax paid 已付香港利得税 (16,452) (13,284 Overseas taxes paid 已付其他税項 (8,250) (2,556 Net cash flows from operating 經營業務所得之現金流入淨額	payables and accruals	款項及應計負債之增加		14,314	2,289
Hong Kong profits tax paid 已付香港利得税 (16,452) (13,284 Overseas taxes paid 已付其他税項 (8,250) (2,556 Net cash flows from operating 經營業務所得之現金流入淨額	Cash generated from operations	經營業務所得之現全		215 565	96 500
Overseas taxes paid 已付其他税項 (8,250) (2,556) Net cash flows from operating 經營業務所得之現金流入淨額				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(13,284)
Net cash flows from operating 經營業務所得之現金流入淨額					(2,556)
				(0,200)	(2,000)
activities - page 59 - 59百 100 863 80 750					
170,000	activities – page 59	- 59頁		190,863	80,759

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 59

綜合現金流量表 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 港幣千元
		附註	港幣千元	
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營業務所得之現金流入淨額			
- page 58	- 58頁		190,863	80,759
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務之現金流量			
Bank interest received	已收銀行利息		1,215	1,085
Dividends received from listed investments	上市投資之股息收入		6,815	1,866
Dividends received from associates	收取聯營公司股息		3,601	2,919
Purchases of items of property, plant	購入物業、廠房及			
and equipment	設備項目		(54,486)	(52,552)
Proceeds from disposal of items	出售物業、廠房及設備			
of property, plant and equipment	項目所得款項		15,944	125
Proceeds from disposal of	出售可供出售投資			
available-for-sale investments	所得款項		43,954	28,079
Proceeds from disposal of financial	出售按公平值透過損益入賬之			
assets at fair value through profit or loss	金融資產所得款項		4,902	_
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	34	(194)	_
Proceed from disposal of an interest	出售附屬公司權益所得款項			
in a subsidiary	田口山河口 14 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		_	738
Capital contributions to an associate	注資予聯營公司		_	(3,108)
Purchases of available-for-sale	購入可供出售投資			(5,100)
investments	MI/ CINE LIVE		(14,285)	(67,475)
Purchases of financial assets at fair	購入按公平值透過損益		(14,203)	(07,173)
value through profit or loss	入賬之金融資產		(14,087)	_
value through profit of loss	八水~亚麻貝庄			
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資業務之現金流出淨額		(6,621)	(88,323)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動之現金流量			
New bank and trust receipt loans	新增銀行貸款及信託			
tiew bank and trast receipt found	收據貸款		1,651,664	1,549,804
Repayment of bank and trust receipt loans	銀行貸款及信託收據貸款		1,051,004	1,517,001
Repayment of bank and trust receipt loans	之還款		(1,730,499)	(1,526,262)
Interest paid	已付利息		(18,577)	(16,808)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	收購非控股權益		(123)	(10,000)
Contribution by non-controlling interests	非控股權益注資		3,087	1,764
Dividends paid	已付股息		(27,176)	(27,349)
Dividends paid to non-controlling	已付予非控股股東股息		(27,170)	(21,349)
shareholders	2月19年度成成本成志		(854)	(1,884)
Repurchase of shares	購回股份		(6,044)	(212)
reparenase of snares	SET IT UX IV		(0,044)	(212)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動之現金流出淨額		(128,522)	(20,947)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 60 **綜合現金流量表** Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目 增加/(減少)淨額		55,720	(28,511)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	年初之現金及現金等值項目 匯率變動影響,淨額		552,147 2,857	576,424
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年終之現金及現金等值項目		610,724	552,147
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired	現金及現金等值項目結存 之分析 現金及銀行結存 原有到期日少於三個月 之定期存款	27 27	371,467 239,257	287,900 264,247
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position and the consolidated statement of cash flows	綜合財務狀況表及 綜合現金流量表 所示之現金及 現金等值項目		610,724	552,147

Statement of Financial Position

財務狀況表 31 March 2013 二零一三年三月三十一日

			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	19	93,108	93,108
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	21	148	152
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		93,256	93,260
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司	19	649,707	615,653
Prepayments	預付款項	25	139	46
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	27	804	463
Total current assets	流動資產總值		650,650	616,162
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司	19	406,723	369,600
Accruals	應計負債	28	1,059	1,097
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		407,782	370,697
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨額		242,868	245,465
Net assets	資產淨額		336,124	338,725
EQUITY	權益			
Issued capital		31	38,790	39,070
Reserves	儲備	33(b)	277,939	280,239
Proposed final dividend	建議末期股息	12	19,395	19,416
Total equity	權益總值		336,124	338,725

TAI Tak Fung, Stephen 戴德豐

Director 董事

YIP Wai Keung 葉偉強

Director 董事

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Four Seas Mercantile Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The registered office of the Company is located at the offices of Caledonian Trust (Cayman) Limited, Caledonian House, 69 Dr. Roy's Drive, P.O. Box 1043 KY1-1102, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands.

During the year, the Group is principally engaged in investment holding, manufacturing and trading of snack foods, confectionery, beverages, frozen food products, noodles, poultry products, ham and ham-related products, and the operations of restaurant.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain noncurrent livestock, an investment property, certain properties classified as property, plant and equipment, derivative financial instruments, a club debenture, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and certain available-for-sale investments, which have been measured at valuation or fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2013. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full.

1. 公司資料

四洲集團有限公司為一家於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處為Caledonian Trust (Cayman) Limited之辦公室,地址為 Caledonian House, 69 Dr. Roy's Drive, P.O. Box 1043 KY1-1102, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands。

年內,本集團之主要業務為投資控股、製造及 銷售零食、糖果、飲料、冷凍食品、麵食、家 禽產品、火腿及火腿有關產品,以及經營餐廳。

2.1編製基準

本財務報告乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」),(當中包 括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則」)和詮釋)、香港普遍採納之會計 原則及香港公司條例之披露規定而編製。除 干非當期禽畜、投資物業、若干歸入物業考 房及設備之物業、衍生金融工具、會所債券,按 公平值透過損益入賬的金融資產及若干可供 告乃根據歷史成本慣例編製。財務報告以港元 (「港幣」)呈列,除另有註明者外,所有數值均 進位至最接近千位數。

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報告包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之財務報告。附屬公司與本公司之財務報告的報告期間相同,並採用一致會計政策編製。附屬公司之業績由收購日期(即本集團取得控制權之日)起綜合入賬,並繼續綜合入賬至該等控制權終止之時為止。集團內公司間之交易所引致之所有結餘、交易及未實現盈虧及股息均於綜合賬目內全數抵銷。

財務報告附註

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Total comprehensive income within a subsidiary is attributed to the non-controlling interest even if it results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

HKFRS 1 Amendments

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters

HKFRS 7 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial

 ${\it Instruments: Disclosures-Transfers}$

Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time

of Financial Assets

HKAS 12 Amendments Amendments to HKAS 12 Income Taxes –

Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying

Assets

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of amendments to HKAS 12, the adoption of the revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合賬目基準(續)

歸屬於非控股權益之附屬公司之總全面收益按 其份額分攤,即使此舉引致虧絀結餘。

一間附屬公司之所有權權益發生變動(並未失 去控制權),則按權益交易入賬。

倘本集團失去對一間附屬公司之控制權,則其 取消確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負 債、(ii)任何非控股權益之賬面值及(iii)於權益 內記錄之累計換算差額;及確認(i)所收代價之 公平值、(ii)所保留任何投資之公平值及(iii)損 益賬中任何因此產生之盈餘或虧損。先前於其 他全面收益表內確認之本集團應佔部份重新分 類為損益或保留溢利(視何者屬適當)。

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已於本年度之財務報告首次採納以下經 修訂之香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第1號 香港財務報告準則第1號之修訂

(修訂本) 首次採納香港財務報告準則-

嚴重惡性通脹及剔除首次採納

者之固定日期

香港財務報告準則第7號 香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂

(修訂本) 金融工具:披露-轉讓金融

資產

香港會計準則第12號 香港會計準則第12號之修訂

(修訂本) 所得税-遞延税項:收回相關

資產

除下文就香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)之影響 所進一步闡釋外,採納該等經修訂香港財務報 告準則並無對該等財務報告產生重大財務影響。

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The HKAS 12 Amendments clarify the determination of deferred tax for investment property measured at fair value and introduce a rebuttable presumption that deferred tax on investment property measured at fair value should be determined on the basis that its carrying amount will be recovered through sale. Furthermore, the amendments incorporate the requirement previously in HK(SIC)-Int 21 Income Taxes – Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciable Assets that deferred tax on non-depreciable assets, measured using the revaluation model in HKAS 16, should always be measured on a sale basis.

The presumption that deferred tax on investment property measured at fair value should be determined on the basis that its carrying amount will be recovered through sale has been rebutted by the Group as the Group's investment property is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. Accordingly deferred tax has been determined on the basis of recovery through use. The adoption of the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)闡明如何釐定按公平值計量之投資物業之遞延稅項。該等修訂引入可推翻之推定,訂明按公平值計量之投資物業之遞延稅項應按其賬面值將透過銷售收回之基準釐定。此外,該等修訂納入香港(常務詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21號所得稅一已重估非折舊資產之收回早前所載規定,即按香港會計準則第16號之重估模式計量之非折舊資產之遞延稅項應按銷售基準計量。

本集團已推翻按公平值計量的投資物業之遞延 税項應按其賬面值將會透過銷售收回的基準釐 定的假設,因本集團持有之投資物業乃以隨時 間而消耗投資物業內在幾乎全部經濟利益為目 的之商業模式(而非透過出售投資物業)而持 有。據此,遞延税項按透過使用而收回之基準 釐定。採納本修訂對本集團之財務狀況或表現 無任何影響。

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS**

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

HKFRS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time
TIKI'KS I Amendments	Adoption of Hong Kong Financial
	1 0 0 0
	Reporting Standards – Government Loans ²
HIVEDO 7 A 1	
HKFRS 7 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial
	Instruments: Disclosures – Offsetting
	Financial Assets and Financial
	Liabilities ²
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ⁴
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements ²
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements ²
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities ²
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and	Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11
HKFRS 12 Amendments	and HKFRS 12 - Transition Guidance ²
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and	Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12
HKAS 27 (2011)	and HKAS 27 (2011) - Investment
Amendments	Entities ³
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement ²
HKAS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of
	Financial Statements - Presentation of
	Items of Other Comprehensive Income ¹
HKAS 19 (2011)	Employee Benefits ²
HKAS 27 (2011)	Separate Financial Statements ²
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and
HKAS 26 (2011)	Joint Ventures ²
THE A C 22 A 1	
HKAS 32 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 32 Financial
	Instruments: Presentation – Offsetting
	Financial Assets and Financial
	Liabilities ³
HK(IFRIC)-lnt 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of
	a Surface Mine ²
Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle	a Surface Mine ² Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in June 2012 ²

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

2.3 已頒佈但未生效之香港財務報告

本集團並未於本財務報告中應用以下已頒佈但 未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第	1號(修訂本)	香港財務報告準則第1號

之修訂首次採納香港財

務報告準則-政府貸款2

香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則第7號

之修訂金融工具:

披露-抵銷金融資產

及金融負債2

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具 4 香港財務報告準則第10號 綜合財務報表2 香港財務報告準則第11號 共同安排2

香港財務報告準則第12號 於其他實體之權益之披露2 香港財務報告準則第10號、

香港財務報告準則第11號及 香港財務報告準則第12號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第10 號、香港財務報告準則 第11號及香港財務報告 準則第12號之修訂本-過渡指引2

香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第27號

(二零一一年)(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第10 號、香港財務報告準則 第12號及香港會計準則 第27號(二零一一年)之

修訂本-投資實體3 公平值計量2

香港財務報告準則第13號 香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第1號 之修訂財務報表之呈列

-其他全面收入項目

之星列1

僱員福利2

香港會計準則第19號(二零一一年) 香港會計準則第27號(二零一一年)

香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年)

獨立財務報表2 於聯營公司及合營公司

之投資2

香港會計準則第32號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第32號 之修訂金融工具:

呈列-抵銷財務資產及

財務負債3

香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)-詮釋第20號

二零零九年至二零一一年週期之

年度改進

露天採礦場生產階段之 剝採成本2

二零一二年六月頒佈之 多項香港財務報告準則 之修訂2

- 於二零一二年七月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
 - 於二零一三年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
 - 於二零一四年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
 - 於二零一五年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

The HKFRS 7 Amendments require an entity to disclose information about rights to set-off and related arrangements (e.g. collateral agreements). The disclosures would provide users with information that is useful in evaluating the effect of netting arrangements on an entity's financial position. The new disclosures are required for all recognised financial instruments that are set off in accordance with HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation. The disclosures also apply to recognised financial instruments that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement, irrespective of whether they are set off in accordance with HKAS 32. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 April 2013.

HKFRS 9 issued in November 2009 is the first part of phase 1 of a comprehensive project to entirely replace HKAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. This phase focuses on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Instead of classifying financial assets into four categories, an entity shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value, on the basis of both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. This aims to improve and simplify the approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of HKAS 39.

2.3 已頒佈但未生效之香港財務報告 準則(續)

預期將對適用於本集團的香港財務報告準則之 進一步資料如下:

香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)規定,實體 須披露有關抵銷權及相關安排(例如抵押品協 議)之資料。該等披露將為使用者提供評估淨 額結算安排對實體財務狀況之影響之有用資 料。所有根據香港會計準則第32號金融工具; 呈列抵銷之已確認金融工具須作出該等新被 露。該等披露亦適用於受限於可執行之總淨額 結算安排或類似協議之已確認金融工具,本集團 其是否根據香港會計準則第32號抵銷。本集團 預期於二零一三年四月一日起採納該等修訂。

二零零九年十一月頒佈的香港財務報告準則第9號為完全取代香港會計準則第39號金融工具:確認及計量的全面計劃的第一階段的第一部份。該階段重點為金融資產的分類及計量。金融資產不再分為四類,而應根據實體管理金融資產的業務模式及金融資產合同現金流量特徵,於後續期間按攤銷成本或公平值計量。此舉旨在改進和簡化香港會計準則第39號規定的金融資產分類與計量方式。

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

In November 2010, the HKICPA issued additions to HKFRS 9 to address financial liabilities (the "Additions") and incorporated in HKFRS 9 the current derecognition principles of financial instruments of HKAS 39. Most of the Additions were carried forward unchanged from HKAS 39, while changes were made to the measurement of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option ("FVO"). For these FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. However, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts which have been designated under the FVO are scoped out of the Additions.

HKAS 39 is aimed to be replaced by HKFRS 9 in its entirety. Before this entire replacement, the guidance in HKAS 39 on hedge accounting and impairment of financial assets continues to apply. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 April 2015. The Group will quantify the effect in conjunction with other phases, when the final standard including all phases is issued.

HKFRS 10 establishes a single control model that applies to all entities including special purpose entities or structured entities. It includes a new definition of control which is used to determine which entities are consolidated. The changes introduced by HKFRS 10 require management of the Group to exercise significant judgement to determine which entities are controlled, compared with the requirements in HKAS 27 and HK(SIC)-Int 12 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities. HKFRS 10 replaces the portion of HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements. It also addresses the issues raised in HK(SIC)-Int 12. Based on the preliminary analyses performed, HKFRS 10 is not expected to have any impact on the currently held investments of the Group.

2.3 已頒佈但未生效之香港財務報告 準則(續)

於二零一零年十一月,香港會計師公會就金融 負債頒佈香港財務報告準則第9號之新增規定 (「新增規定」),並將香港會計準則第39號金融 工具之現有取消確認原則納入香港財務報會 則第9號內,大部份新增規定沿用看達 則第39號,惟指定為按公平值遷擇(「公平 金融負債之計量將透過公平值選擇(「云中 達」)計算。就該等公平值選擇(「一言,額 類於其他全面收益(「其他全面收益」))中 質風險變動而產生的負債公平值變動。 質於其他全面收益中就負債之信 質於其他全面收益中就負債之信變 列公平值變動,會於損益中產生或擴大列。 是 到公平值變動金額於損益呈列。 是 到公平值變動金額於損益是列。 是 到、否則其餘公平值變動金額於損益是列。 是 ,新增規定並不涵蓋按公平值選擇納入之貸 款承諾及財務擔保合約。

香港財務報告準則第9號旨在全面取代香港會計準則第39號。於全面取代前,香港會計準則第39號於對沖會計及金融資產之減值方面的指引繼續適用。本集團預期自二零一五年四月一日起採納香港財務報告準則第9號。於涵蓋所有階段之最終標準頒佈時,本集團將連同其他階段量化其影響。

香港財務報告準則第10號建立適用於所有實體(包括特殊目的實體或結構性實體)之單一控制模式。該準則包括控制之新定義,用於確定需要綜合的實體。與香港會計準則第27號及香港(常設詮釋委員會)一詮釋第12號綜合一特殊目的實體之規定相比,香港財務報告準則第10號引入的變動規定本集團管理層須作出重新發展告之財務報表包括綜合財務報告之會計處理部分,亦包括香港(常設詮釋委員會)一詮釋第12號提出之問題。基於已作出之初步分析,預期香港財務報告準則第10號將不會對本集團現時持有之投資構成任何影響。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

HKFRS 11 replaces HKAS 31 *Interests in Joint Ventures* and HK(SIC)-Int 13 *Jointly Controlled Entities – Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers*. It describes the accounting for joint arrangements with joint control. It addresses only two forms of joint arrangements, i.e., joint operations and joint ventures, and removes the option to account for joint ventures using proportionate consolidation.

HKFRS 12 includes the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities previously included in HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures and HKAS 28 Investments in Associates. It also introduces a number of new disclosure requirements for these entities.

In July 2012, the HKICPA issued amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 which clarify the transition guidance in HKFRS 10 and provide further relief from full retrospective application of these standards, limiting the requirement to provide adjusted comparative information to only the preceding comparative period. The amendments clarify that retrospective adjustments are only required if the consolidation conclusion as to which entities are controlled by the Group is different between HKFRS 10 and HKAS 27 or HK(SIC)-Int 12 at the beginning of the annual period in which HKFRS 10 is applied for the first time. Furthermore, for disclosures related to unconsolidated structured entities, the amendments will remove the requirement to present comparative information for periods before HKFRS 12 is first applied.

The amendments to HKFRS 10 issued in December 2012 include a definition of an investment entity and provide an exception to the consolidation requirement for entities that meet the definition of an investment entity. Investment entities are required to account for subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with HKFRS 9 rather than consolidate them. Consequential amendments were made to HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011). The amendments to HKFRS 12 also set out the disclosure requirements for investment entities. The Group expects that these amendments will not have any impact on the Group as the Company is not an investment entity as defined in HKFRS 10.

2.3 已頒佈但未生效之香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第11號取代香港會計準則第31號於合營公司的權益及香港(常設詮釋委員會)一詮釋第13號共同控制實體一合營方作出之非貨幣出資,說明共同控制之合營安排之會計處理。該準則僅指明兩種形式之合營安排,即共同經營及合營公司,並取消了採用按比例綜合法就合營公司入賬之選擇。

香港財務報告準則第12號包括附屬公司、共同 安排、聯營公司及結構性實體之披露規定,該 等規定以往包括在香港會計準則第27號綜合及 獨立財務報表、香港會計準則第31號於合營公司的權益及香港會計準則第28號於聯營公司的 投資之內。該準則亦引入了該等實體之多項新 披露規定。

於二零一二年七月,香港會計師公會頒佈香港 財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第11 號及香港財務報告準則第12號之修訂以供供 港寬免,免除該等準則之完全追溯應用 步寬免,免除該等準則之完全追溯應用 處就上個比較期間提供經調整比較資料。該首 懂就上個比較期間提供經調整比較資料的號 修應用之年度期間開始時,香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計準則第27號或香港(常嗣 釋委員會)— 詮釋第12號有關本集團所控調整 之綜合結論有所不同,方須進行追溯露而 之結構性實體之披露而 對等修訂將移除首次應用香港財務報告準則 該等修訂將移除首次應用香港財務報告準則 12號前之期間須呈列比較資料之規定。

於二零一二年十二月頒佈之香港財務報告準則第10號之修訂包括投資實體之定義,並提供豁免符合投資實體定義之實體綜合入賬之規定。根據香港財務報告準則第9號,投資實體須定。在據香港財務報告準則第12號及香港會計準則第27號(二零一一年)已作出後續修訂。香港財務報告準則第12號之修訂亦載列投資實體之披露規定。由於本公司並非香港財務報告準則第10號所界定之投資實體,故本集團預期該等修訂將不會對本集團造成任何影響。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Consequential amendments were made to HKAS 27 and HKAS 28 as a result of the issuance of HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12, HKAS 27 (2011), HKAS 28 (2011), and the subsequent amendments to these standards issued in July and December 2012 from 1 April 2013.

HKFRS 13 provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across HKFRSs. The standard does not change the circumstances in which the Group is required to use fair value, but provides guidance on how fair value should be applied where its use is already required or permitted under other HKFRSs. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 13 prospectively from 1 April 2013.

The HKAS 1 Amendments change the grouping of items presented in OCI. Items that could be reclassified (or recycled) to profit or loss at a future point in time (for example, net gain on hedge of a net investment, exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net movement on cash flow hedges and net loss or gain on available-for-sale financial assets) would be presented separately from items which will never be reclassified (for example, actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit plans and revaluation of land and buildings). The amendments will affect presentation only and have no impact on the financial position or performance. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 April 2013.

HKAS 19 (2011) includes a number of amendments that range from fundamental changes to simple clarifications and rewording. The revised standard introduces significant changes in the accounting for defined benefit pension plans including removing the choice to defer the recognition of actuarial gains and losses. Other changes include modifications to the timing of recognition for termination benefits, the classification of short-term employee benefits and disclosures of defined benefit plans. The Group expects to adopt HKAS 19 (2011) from 1 April 2013.

2.3 已頒佈但未生效之香港財務報告 準則(續)

因頒佈香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第11號及香港財務報告準則第12號,香港會計準則第27號及香港會計準則第28號須予進行後續修訂。本集團預期自二零一三年四月一日起採納香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第11號、香港財務報告準則第12號、香港會計準則第27號(二零一一年)、香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年)及於二零一二年七月及十二月頒佈該等準則之後續修訂。

香港會計準則第13號規定了公平值之精確定義、公平值計量的單一來源及在香港財務報告準則範圍內使用的披露規定。該準則並不改變本集團需要使用公平值之情況,但為在其他香港財務報告準則已規定或允許使用公平值之情況下,應如何應用公平值提供了指引。本集團預期自二零一三年四月一日起採用香港財務報告準則第13號。

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)改變在其他全面 收益呈列之項目之分組。在未來某個時間(例 如對沖投資淨額之收益淨額、換算海外業務之 滙兑差額、現金流量對沖之變動淨額及可供出 售金融資產之淨虧損或收益)可重新分類(或重 新使用)至損益之項目將與不得重新分類之項 目(例如有關界定福利計劃及重估土地及樓字 之精算收益及虧損)分開呈列。該等修訂僅等 經呈列,並不會對財務狀況或表現構成影響。 本集團預期自二零一三年四月一日起採用此等 修訂。

香港會計準則第19號 (二零一一年) 載有若干修訂,由基本轉變以至簡單的闡釋及改寫。經修訂準則引入界定福利退休計劃的會計處理方法的重大變動,包括刪除遞延精算盈虧的確認的選擇。其他變動包括修訂確認終止福利的時間、短期僱員福利的分類及界定福利計劃的披露。本集團預期自二零一三年四月一日起採納香港會計準則第19號 (二零一一年)。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

The HKAS 32 Amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right to setoff" for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. The amendments also clarify the application of the offsetting criteria in HKAS 32 to settlement systems (such as central clearing house systems) which apply gross settlement mechanisms that are not simultaneous. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 April 2014.

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle issued in June 2012 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 April 2013. There are separate transitional provisions for each standard. While the adoption of some of the amendments may result in changes in accounting policies, none of these amendments are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group. Those amendments that are expected to have a significant impact on the Group's policies are as follows:

(a) HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Clarifies the difference between voluntary additional comparative information and the minimum required comparative information. Generally, the minimum required comparative period is the previous period. An entity must include comparative information in the related notes to the financial statements when it voluntarily provides comparative information beyond the previous period. The additional comparative information does not need to contain a complete set of financial statements.

In addition, the amendment clarifies that the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period must be presented when an entity changes its accounting policies; makes retrospective restatements or makes reclassifications, and that change has a material effect on the statement of financial position. However, the related notes to the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period are not required to be presented.

2.3 已頒佈但未生效之香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港會計準則第32號(修訂本)為抵銷金融資產 及金融負債釐清「目前具有合法可行使執行抵 銷權利」之釋義。該等修訂亦釐清香港會計準 則第32號之抵銷標準可應用於結算系統(例如 中央結算所系統),而該系統乃採用非同步之 總額結算機制。本集團將於二零一四年四月一 日起採納該等修訂,預期該等修訂將不會對本 集團之財務狀況或表現構成任何影響。

於二零一二年六月頒佈之二零零九年至二零一一年週期之香港財務報告準則之年度改進載列多項對香港財務報告準則之修訂。本集團預期於二零一三年四月一日起採納該等修訂。各項準則均設有過渡性條文。雖然採納部分修訂可能導致會計政策變動,但預期該等修訂概不會對本集團構成重大財務影響。該等預期將對本集團政策構成重大影響之修訂如下:

(a) 香港會計準則第1號財務報表之呈列: 釐 清自願性額外比較資料與最低規定比較資 料之間之差異。一般而言,最低規定比較 期間為上個期間。當實體自願提供上個期 間以外之比較資料時,其須於財務報告之 相關附註中載入比較資料。額外比較資料 毋須包含完整財務報告。

此外,該修訂釐清,當實體改變其會計政策、作出追溯重列或進行重新分類,而有關變動對財務狀況表構成重大影響,則須呈列上個期間開始時之期初財務狀況表。然而,上個期間開始時之期初財務狀況表之相關附註則毋須呈列。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

(b) HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation: Clarifies that income taxes arising from distributions to equity holders are accounted for in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes. The amendment removes existing income tax requirements from HKAS 32 and requires entities to apply the requirements in HKAS 12 to any income tax arising from distributions to equity holders.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's investments in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates is included as part of the Group's investments in associates and is not individually tested for impairment.

2.3 已頒佈但未生效之香港財務報告 準則(續)

(b) 香港會計準則第32號金融工具:呈列:釐 清向股份持有人作出分派所產生之所得稅 須按香港會計準則第12號所得稅入賬。該 修訂移除香港會計準則第32號之現有所得 稅規定,並要求實體就向股份持有人作出 分派所產生之任何所得稅須應用香港會計 準則第12號之規定。

2.4 主要會計政策摘要

附屬公司

附屬公司乃本公司直接或間接控制其財務及營 運政策,以從其業務中獲取利益之實體。

附屬公司之業績計入本公司收益表內,惟以已 收及應收之股息為限。本公司於附屬公司之投 資乃按成本扣除任何減值虧損列賬。

聯營公司

聯營公司乃指非附屬公司,本集團長期擁有其 一般不少於20%之股份投票權益,且本集團可 對其行使重大影響力之實體。

本集團於聯營公司之投資以權益法扣除任何減值虧損後於綜合財務狀況表內列為本集團應佔之資產淨值。本集團所佔聯營公司之收購後 績及儲備分別列入綜合收益表及綜合儲備。本集團與其聯營公司之間交易所產生之未變題 盈餘及虧損已予撤銷,程度限於本集團於聯營公司之投資,惟若未變現虧損乃顯示資產產減值 已予轉讓之證據。該等於收購聯營公司投資之部份內,且不會獨立推行減值測試。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of HKAS 39 is measured at fair value with changes in fair value either recognised in profit or loss or as a change in other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of HKAS 39, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate HKFRS. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

業務合併及商譽

業務合併乃以購買法入賬。轉讓之代價乃以收 購日期的公平值計算,該公平值為本集團轉 的資產於收購日期的公平值、本集團自被收購 方之前度擁有人承擔的負債,及本集團發行以 換取被收購方控制權的股本權益的總和。於 業務合併中,若於被收購方的非控股權益 時擁有權權益並賦予擁有人權利在清盤時 明分配實體的淨資產,本集團可選擇以公 對 或按比例應佔被收購方可識別資產淨值計量非 控股權益。一切其他非控股權益部份乃按公平 值計量。收購相關成本於產生時支銷。

當本集團收購一項業務時,會根據合約條款、 於收購日期的經濟環境及相關條件,評估將承 接的金融資產及負債,以作出適合的分類及標 示,其中包括將被收購方主合約中的嵌入式衍 生工具進行分離。

倘企業合併分階段進行,先前持有的股權按收 購公平值重新計量,任何收益或虧損於損益表 確認。

任何將由收購方轉讓之或然代價乃於收購日期 按公平值確認。分類為屬金融工具並屬於香港 會計準則第39號範圍內之資產或負債之或然代 價按公平值計量,公平值變動則在損益確認認 確認為其他全面收益之變動。倘或然代價不屬 於香港會計準則第39號範圍內,其會按照適用 之香港財務報告準則計量。分類為權益之或然 代價不會重新計量,其後結算於權益內入賬。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

商譽起初按成本計量,即已轉讓總代價、已確 認非控股權益及本集團先前由持有的被收購方 股權的公平值總額,超逾與所收購可識別資產 淨值及所承擔負債的差額。如總代價及其他項 目低於所收購資產淨值的公平值,於評估後其 差額將於損益內確認為議價收購收益。

於初始確認後,商譽按成本減任何累計減值虧損計量。商譽須每年作減值測試,若有事件發生或情況改變顯示賬面值有可能減值時,則自與密地進行檢討。本集團於三月三十一日實行商譽之年度減值測試。為進行減值測試,因業務合併而購入的商譽自購入之日被分配至預期可從合併產生的協同效益中獲益的本集團各關現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別,前等單位或集團其他資產或負債是否已分配予該等單位或單位組別。

減值乃通過評估與商譽有關的現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別)的可收回金額釐定。當 現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)的可收回 金額低於賬面金額時,減值虧損便予以確認。 已就商譽確認的減值虧損不得於未來期間撥回。

倘商譽分配至現金產生單位(或現金產生單位 組別)而該單位的部份業務已出售,則在釐定 出售的收益或虧損時,與所出售業務相關的商 譽會計入該業務的賬面值。在該情況下出售的 商譽,乃根據所出售業務的相對價值及現金產 生單位的保留份額進行計量。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets, livestock, financial assets, an investment property and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

非金融資產減值

倘有顯示出現減值,或當需要對資產(存貨、 遞延稅項資產、禽畜、金融資產、投資物業及 商譽除外)作每年減值測試,則須估計資產之 可收回價值。資產之可收回價值按資產或現金 產出單元之使用價值,以及其公平值減出售成 本之較高者計算,並就各個別資產而釐訂,除 非資產並未能在大致獨立於其他資產或組別資 產之情況下賺取現金流入,在此情況下,須釐 訂資產所屬的現金產生單位之可收回金額。

減值虧損只於資產之賬面值超過其可收回數額 時確認。於評估使用價值時使用反映當時市場 對貨幣時間值以及與資產相關的特定風險的除 税前貼現率貼現出估計未來現金流量之現值。 減值虧損於其產生之期間在收益表中支銷,除 非資產乃按估值列賬,則減值虧損乃根據該項 重估資產的有關會計政策入賬。

於各報告期末,將評估是否有顯示之前確認之減值虧損已不會出現或可能已減少。倘出現有關顯示,則須估計可收回之金額。之前確認之資產(商譽除外)減值虧損只能於用以釐訂之釐可收回數額之估計出現變動始能撥回,惟有之可收回數額之估計出現變動始能撥回,惟有確認減值虧損而予以釐訂之賬面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。該撥回之減值虧損乃於其產生之期間計入收益表,除非該資產仍按重估資產的有關會計政策入賬。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity or of a parent of the entity.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

關連人士

在下列情況下,一方將被視為與本集團有關:

- (a) 該方為任何人士或其家族的親密成員,而 該人士;
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團施以重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團之母公司的主要管 理層成員;

或

- (b) 該方為符合下列任何條件的實體:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團的成員公司;
 - (ii) 一個實體為另一實體(或另一實體的 母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司) 的聯營公司或合營企業;
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方的合營 企業;
 - (iv) 一個實體為第三方實體的合營企業, 而另一實體為第三方實體的聯營公司;
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關連的 實體就僱員福利設立的離職福利計 割;
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所定義人士控制或受其共 同控制;及
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所定義人士對該實體有重大影響力或屬該實體或該實體的母公司管理層其中一名主要成員。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Property, plant and equipment carried at revalued amounts in the financial statements relating to periods ended before 30 September 1995 are not required to be regularly revalued when the Group does not revalue their property, plant and equipment subsequent to 1995. An annual transfer from the revaluation reserve to retained profits is made for the difference between the depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of an asset and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

物業、廠房及設備及折舊

除在建工程外,物業、廠房及設備乃按成本或估值扣除累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備之成本值包括其購入價及令資產達致符合預計用途之操作狀況及運到使用地點之任何直接應計費用。在物業、廠房及設備項目投產後產生之開支,例如維修及保養認得常在產生之期間從收益表扣除。如達致確認標準,大型檢修開支將當作更換進行資本化,列入資產之賬面值。在物業、廠房及設備之重要部份需要定期更換時,本集團會將這些部份作為具有特定可使用期限及隨之折舊之個別資產進行確認。

於截至一九九五年九月三十日止期間前按重估 值於財務報告列賬之物業、廠房及設備,當本 集團於一九九五年之後並無重估彼等之物業、 廠房及設備時,則毋須定期重估。基於資產經 重估賬面值之折舊與基於該項資產原始成本之 折舊之差額部份,每年會由重估儲備轉撥至保 留溢利。於出售經重估之資產時,因早前估值 而產生的相關資產重估儲備部份乃當作一項儲 備變動,調撥往保留溢利。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost or valuation of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land under finance leases	Over the lease terms
Buildings	2% - 10%
Leasehold improvements	10% - 20%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10% - 25%
Plant and machinery	10% - 20%
Motor vehicles	15% - 30%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost or valuation of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents a building under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

物業、廠房及設備及折舊(續)

折舊乃以直線法計算,並按各物業、廠房及設備項目之估計可使用期限撤銷其成本值或估值 至其餘值。所採用之主要折舊年率如下:

根據融資租賃之租賃土地	按租賃年期
樓宇	2%至10%
租賃樓宇裝修	10%至20%
傢俬、裝置及設備	10%至25%
廠房設備及機器	10%至20%
汽車	15%至30%

倘物業、廠房及設備項目之各部分有不同之可 使用年期,此項目各部分成本或價值將按合理 之基礎分配,而每部分將作個別折舊。餘值、 可使用年期及折舊法乃最少於各財政年度結算 日予以檢討,並在有需要時作出調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目及已初步確認之任何重 要部份於出售或當預期不會從其使用或出售獲 取未來經濟利益時取消確認。物業、廠房及設 備出售或報廢所產生之收益或損失按售出淨額 減去該等資產賬面淨值後之差額確認於本年度 收益表中。

在建工程指興建中的樓宇,乃按成本值扣減任 何減值虧損列賬,且並無折舊。成本包括建築 期內直接建築成本,在建工程會於竣工時及可 供使用時重新分類至物業、廠房及設備項目之 合適類別中。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment property

An investment property is an interest in land and building (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the investment property is stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investment property are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of the investment property are recognised in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the income statement so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資物業

投資物業為於持作賺取租金收入及/或資本增值(而非用於生產或供應貨品或服務或行政目的)或作日常業務過程中出售的土地及樓宇之權益(包括就原應符合投資物業定義之物業根據經營租賃而持有之租賃權益)。該等物業初始以成本(包括交易成本)列賬。於初次確認後,投資物業以反映於報告期末之市況之公平值列賬。

投資物業之公平值變動之盈虧,計入所產生年 度之收益表。

報廢或出售投資物業之任何盈虧,於報廢或出 售年度在收益表中確認。

租賃

融資租約指資產擁有權(除法定業權外)所涉 之絕大部份回報及風險屬於本集團之租約。於 融資租約開始時,租賃資產之成本按最低租 之現值撥充資本,並連同債務(不包括利息部 份)記錄,以反映採購及融資。根據已撥充 公融資租約所持有之資產(包括融資租約 本之融資租約所持有之資產(包括融資租約 本之融資租約所持有之資產(包括融資租約 本之融資租約所持有之資產(包括融資租約 本之融資租約所持有之資產(包括融資租約 本之融資租約一個個定定期扣除率。 以為租約年期內提供一個固定定期扣除率。

經營租賃乃資產擁有權之絕大部份回報及風險仍保留在出租人之租約。當本集團為出租人時,由本集團以經營租賃出租之資產包括在非流動資產,而經營租賃之應收租金按租賃年期以直線法計入收益表內。當本集團為承租人時,經營租賃的應付租金按租賃年期以直線法於收益表扣除。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial investments or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include the financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments as defined by HKAS 39.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

租賃(續)

根據經營租賃之預付土地租賃款項,初步以成本列賬,並隨後於租約期內以直線法確認。倘租賃款項不能可靠地分配至土地及樓宇元素,則整筆租賃款項將計入土地及樓宇成本,作為物業、廠房及設備之融資租賃。

投資及其他金融資產

初步確認及計量

香港會計準則第39號範疇下的金融資產,歸入 按公平值透過損益入賬之金融資產、貸款及應 收款項及可供出售之金融投資、或於有效對沖 中指定為對沖工具之衍生工具(如適用)。本集 團於初步確認時釐定其金融資產之分類。金融 資產初步確認時以公平值加上交易成本計算, 惟按公平值透過損益列賬之金融資產除外。

所有定期購買及出售金融資產乃按交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出售資產之日)基準確認。 定期購買或出售金融資產乃指於市場上按規則 或慣例設定之時間框架內完成資產交易。

後續計量

金融資產之後續計量取決於其如下分類:

按公平值透過損益入賬的金融資產

按公平值透過損益入賬的金融資產包括持作買賣之金融資產於初始確認為按公平值透過損益入賬之指定金融資產。倘購入金融資產乃旨在短期內出售,則分類為持作買賣。衍生工具(包括個別嵌入式衍生工具)亦分類為持作買賣用途,惟被指定為實際對沖工具(定義見香港會計準則第39號)者除外。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value presented as other income and gains and in the income statement. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends or interest earned on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

Financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria under HKAS 39 are satisfied.

The Group evaluates its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) to assess whether the intent to sell them in the near term is still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to sell them in the foreseeable future significantly changes, the Group may elect to reclassify them. The reclassification from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets or held-to-maturity investments depends on the nature of the assets. This evaluation does not affect any financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option at designation, as these instruments cannot be reclassified after initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in the income statement. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in other operating expenses in the income statement.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

後續計量(續)

按公平值透過損益入賬的金融資產(續)

按公平值透過損益入賬之金融資產按公平值於 財務狀況表入賬,而公平值淨變動則於收益表 列作其他收入及收益。該等公平值淨值變動不 包括金融資產所賺取之任何股息或利息,股息 或利息按照下面「收入確認」載列的政策予以確 認。

只有符合香港會計準則第39號之條件,於始初確認日才能被界定為始初確認按公平值透過損益入賬之金融資產。

本集團透過評估按公平值透過損益入賬之金融 資產(持作買賣用途)以確定近期銷售金融資產 之意向是否仍然恰當。倘因市場不活躍及管理 層於可見將來將之出售之意向出現重大變理 層於可見將來將之出售之意向出現重大變理 一大能買賣該等金融資產,則本集團將會選擇 實施等金融資產,則本集團將會 是之性質,按公平值透過損益入賬之金融資產 或持有至到期投資。由於該等工具於初步確認 後不可重新分類,因此該項評估對任何指定按 公平值透過損益入賬之金融資產並無影響。

貸款與應收款項

貸款與應收款項為有固定或可釐定付款且沒有 在活躍市場上報價的非衍生金融資產。於初步 計量後,此等資產其後以實際利率法按攤銷成 本扣除任何減值撥備後計量。攤銷成本乃考慮 收購時之任何折讓或溢價後計算,並包括屬實 際利率之一個主要部分之費用或成本。實際利 率攤銷計入收益表之其他收入及收益內。減值 產生之虧損於收益表確認為其他經營開支。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity investments and a club debenture. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or loss.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised as other comprehensive income in the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the income statement in other income, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve to the income statement in other operating expenses. Interest and dividends earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial investments are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognised in the income statement as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to do so significantly changes in the foreseeable future, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets. Reclassification to loans and receivables is permitted when the financial assets meet the definition of loans and receivables and the Group has the intent and ability to hold these assets for the foreseeable future or to maturity. Reclassification to the held-to-maturity category is permitted only when the Group has the ability and intent to hold until the maturity date of the financial asset.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

後續計量(續)

可出售金融投資

可出售金融投資乃於上市及非上市股本投資之 非衍生金融資產以及會所債券。列為可出售之 股本投資乃既未分類為持作買賣用途亦未指定 為按公平值透過損益入帳之股本投資。

於初步確認後,可出售金融投資隨後按公平值計量,未變現盈虧於該投資取消確認時於可出售投資重估儲備內確認為其他全面收入,屆時累計盈虧乃於損益表內確認為其他收入,或時累計盈虧由可供出售發重估儲備重新分類至損益表之其他經營開支。所持有可供出售金融投資所賺取之利息及股息分別作為利息收入和股息收入呈報,按照下文「收入確認」所載政策在損益表確認為其他收入。

當(a)該項投資合理之公平值之估計範圍存在重 大可變性或(b)在一定範圍內各種估計之可能性 不能合理評估並用於估算公平值,故非上市股 本投資之公平值不能可靠計量,則有關投資以 成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Available-for-sale financial investments (continued)

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-forsale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortised cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the maturity amount is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the income statement.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
 or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

後續計量(續)

可出售金融投資(續)

對於重新分類劃出可出售類別之金融資產,其 於重新分類日期之公平值賬面額乃成為其新攤 銷成本,並已於權益內確認資產之任何過往盈 虧將使用實際利率法按投資之剩餘年限於損益 內攤銷。任何新攤銷成本與到期金額間之差額 亦將使用實際利率法按該項資產之剩餘年限攤 銷。倘該資產隨後確認為減值,則權益內計入 之金額將重新分類至損益表。

取消確認金融資產

金融資產(或倘適用,作為金融資產或類似金融資產組別一部份)在下列情況取消確認:

- 從資產收取現金流之權利已屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓從資產收取現金流之權利,或已承擔根據「過賬」安排而在沒有重大時差下悉數將已收取之現金流支付有關第三者之責任;及(a)本集團已將資產的絕大部份有風險及回報轉讓,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留資產的絕大部份風險及回報,但已轉讓資產之控制權。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

取消確認金融資產(續)

倘本集團已轉讓其收取從該項資產所得的現金 流量之權利或已訂立過賬安排,其將評估其是 否保留該項資產之擁有權的風險及回報以及保 留之程度。當其並無轉讓或保留資產的絕大部 份風險及回報,亦無轉讓資產之控制權,資產 乃按本集團於資產之持續參與而確認。於該情 況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉讓資產及 相關負債乃按反映本集團保留之權利及義務之 基準計量。

持續參與倘屬就所轉讓資產提供擔保,則以資 產之原賬面值以及本集團可能須償還之代價最 高金額之較低者計量。

金融資產減值

本集團於各報告期末評估是否有任何客觀證據 表明某項金融資產或某組金融資產出現減值。 只有在於初步確認某項或某組金融資產後雙生 一項或多項事件(一項已發生的「虧損事件」)導 致存在客觀減值證據,而該項虧損事件對該項 或該組金融資產的估計未來現金流量所造成之 影響乃能夠可靠地估計,則該項或該組金融一 產會被視作減值。減值證據可包括一名或一群 債務人正面臨重大經濟困難、違約或未能償還 利息或本金、彼等有可能破產或進行其他財務 重組,以及有可觀察得到之數據顯示估計未來 現金流量出現可計量之減少,例如欠款數目變 動或出現與違約相關的經濟狀況。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the income statement.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

就以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,本集團首 先會按個別基準就個別屬重大之金融資產,個別 組合基準就個別不屬重大之金融資產,個別 估是否存在客觀減值證據。倘本集團認定按個 別基準經評估之金融資產(無論是否屬重大)並 無客觀證據顯示存有減值,則該項資產會財並 無客觀證據顯示存有減值,則該項資產內,並 共同評估該組金融資產是否存在減值。經經 評估減值之資產,其減值虧損會予確認或繼續 確認入賬,而不會納入綜合減值評估之內。

倘有客觀證據顯示出現減值虧損,則虧損金額 按該資產賬面值與估計未來現金流量(不包括 並未產生之未來信貸虧損)現值之差額計量。 估計未來現金流量之現值以金融資產之初始實 際利率(即初次確認時計算之實際利率)折現。 倘貸款之利率為浮動利率,則計量任何減值虧 損之折現率為當前實際利率。

該資產之賬面值會通過使用備抵賬而減少,而 虧損於收益表確認。利息收入於減少後之賬面 值中持續產生,且採用計量減值虧損時用以折 現未來現金流量之利率累計。若日後收回不可 實現,則撇清貸款及應收款項連同任何相關撥 備,及變現所有抵押品或轉移至本集團。

倘若在其後期間估計減值虧損金額由於確認減 值之後發生之事項增加或減少,則透過調整撥 備抵賬增加或減少先前確認之減值虧損。倘於 其後收回未來搬銷,該項收回將計入收益表內。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the income statement, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the income statement.

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the income statement - is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the income statement. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

按成本列值之資產

倘有客觀證據顯示,因未能可靠計量公平值而 未按公平值列值之非上市股權工具出現減值虧 損,則虧損金額按該資產之賬面值與估計未來 現金流量之現值(按類似金融資產之現行市場 回報率折現)之差額計量。該等資產之減值虧 損不予撥回。

可出售金融投資

就可出售金融投資而言,本集團會於各報告期 末評估有否客觀證據顯示一項投資或一組投資 出現減值。

當可出售資產減值時,其成本(扣除任何本金付款和攤銷)和其現有公平值,扣減之前曾被確認在損益表之任何減值虧損之差額,將自其他全面收益移除,並在損益表中確認。

倘股本投資被列作可出售類別,則客觀證據將包括該項投資之公平值大幅或長期跌至低於其成本值。釐定「大幅」或「長期」時需要判斷「大幅」是相對於投資之原始成本評估,而「表期」則相對於公平值低於原始成本之時期開估。倘出現減值證據,則累計虧損(按收購益本與現時公平值之差額減該項投資先前在投資之之,在對於損益表內確認之任何減值虧損計量)將從其他全可收益中移除,並於損益表內確認。歸類為益表接回,而其公平值於減值後的增加部份會直接於其他全面收益中確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and interest-bearing bank borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the income statement.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融負債

初步確認與計量

根據香港會計準則第39號,金融負債被分類為按公平值透過損益入賬之金融負債、貸款及借貸或於有效對沖中指定為對沖工具之衍生工具(如適用)。本集團在初始確認時決定其金融負債之分類。

所有金融負債初步按公平值確認及倘為貸款及 借貸,則應扣除直接應佔交易成本。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項及計息銀行借貸。

後續計量

金融負債按其分類之後續計量如下:

貸款及借貸

於初步確認後,計息貸款及借貸其後按實際利率法以攤銷成本計量,惟倘折算之影響並不重 大則以成本列賬。盈虧乃當負債取消被確認, 並在按實際利率進行攤銷程序時在收益表確認。

攤銷成本於計及收購事項任何折讓或溢價及屬 實際利率不可或缺一部份之費用或成本後計 算。實際利率攤銷計入收益表之融資成本內。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融負債(續)

財務擔保合約

本集團發行之財務擔保合約即要求發行人作出 特定付款以償付持有人因特定債務人未能根據 債務工具之條款償還到期款項而招致損失之合 約。財務擔保合約初步按其公平值確認為一項 負債,並就作出該擔保直接產生之交易成本作 出調整。於初步確認後,本集團按(i)報告期末 之現有責任所需開支之最佳估計金額;及(ii)初 步確認之金額減(如適用)累計攤銷(以較高者 為準)計量財務擔保合約。

取消確認金融負債

倘負債下之責任獲履行或註銷或屆滿,金融負 債取消確認。

當現有金融負債被同一貸款人以明顯不同之條 款提供之另一金融負債取代,或現有負債之條 款大幅修訂,例如交換或修訂,則被視為取消 確認原負債而確認新負債,而相關之賬面金額 之差額則在收益表確認。

金融工具的抵銷

倘在現行可予執行之法律權利以抵銷已確認金 額及有意按淨額基準償付,或變現資產與清還 負債同時進行,則抵銷金融資產及金融負債及 於財務狀況表內呈報淨金額。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments where there is no active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis; and option pricing models.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group invests in certain derivative financial instruments, such as currency-linked deposits, to enhance its investment return. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the income statement.

Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in the income statement on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration is recognised in equity.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融工具之公平值

於活躍市場買賣之金融工具之公平值參照市場報價或交易商之報價表(好倉買入價及淡倉賣出價)而釐定,並且不會扣除任何交易成本。就無活躍市場之金融工具而言,使用合適估值技術釐定公平值。該等技術包括使用近期公平市場交易;參照大致相同之另一工具目前市值;折算現金流量分析;及期權定價模式。

衍生金融工具

本集團持有衍生金融工具(例如貨幣掛鈎存款),以提升其投資回報。該等衍生金融工具初步按訂立衍生合約當日之公平值確認,其後則按公平值再次計量。倘公平值為正數,衍生工具以資產入賬,而公平值倘為負數,則以負債入賬。衍生工具之公平值變動所產生之盈虧,直接計入收益表。

庫存股份

購回本集團之股權工具(庫存股份)按成本值確認,並於權益中扣除。本集團購買、出售、發行或註銷本身之股權工具所得收益或虧損將不計入收益表。賬面值與代價之差額於權益中確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Livestock

Livestock are stated at fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs, except where the fair value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. The fair value of livestock is determined based on market prices of livestock of similar age, breed and genetic merit.

Net increments or decrements in the fair value of livestock are included in the income statement, and are determined as:

- (a) the difference between the total fair value of the livestock recognised at the beginning of the financial year and the total fair value of the livestock recognised at the end of the financial year; and
- (b) the costs incurred, during the financial year the livestock are acquired and bred.

Non-current livestock stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses, represent breeder peafowls and are amortised over ten years using the sum-of-digits method.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of work in progress and self-produced finished goods, cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overhead. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

禽畜

禽畜乃以公平值減預計出售時成本列賬,當公 平值未能可靠衡量,將以成本減累計攤銷及減 值虧損入賬。禽畜之公平值乃基於市場上相似 之生長期、品種及遺傳質量優劣而釐定。

禽畜之公平值之增長或縮減淨值已計入收益 表,並取決於:

- (a) 於財務年度初禽畜之總公平值及於財務年 度末禽畜之總公平值之差價;及
- (b) 於財務年度內收購及繁殖禽畜之成本。

非當期禽畜,即育種孔雀,按其成本減累計攤 銷及減值虧損入賬,惟攤銷以十年期年數合計 法計算。

存貨

存貨按成本值及可變現淨值二者之較低者入 賬。成本以加權平均法計算,包括購貨之所有 成本、轉換成本、將存貨運至現時地點及達致 目前狀態所產生之其他成本。於半成品及自製 產成品方面,成本包括直接材料、直接人工及 適量之經常費用分配。可變現淨值乃將估計售 價減去預期於製成及出售時引致之額外成本計 算。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

現金及現金等值項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值項目 指手頭現金及活期存款與短期及高流動性投 資,而該等投資可隨時轉換為已知數額之現 金。其價值變動風險影響不大,且該等投資於 購入時之到期時限不超過三個月,再扣減必須 於要求時償還之銀行透支,並為本集團現金管 理之組成部分。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等值項目乃手 頭現金及銀行現金,包括並無限制用途之定期 存款。

所得税

所得税包括當期税項及遞延税項。與於損益賬 外確認之項目有關之所得稅於損益賬外之其他 全面收益或直接於權益確認。

當期及過往期間之當期稅項資產及負債,乃根據已實施或於報告期末已大致實施之稅率(及稅法),並考慮本集團業務所在國家之現有詮釋及慣例,按預期將從稅務局收回或將支付予稅務局之金額計量。

遞延税項就於報告期末資產及負債之税項基準 及其於賬目中之賬面值之所有暫時性差額以負 債法作出準備。

所有應課税暫時性差額均被確認為遞延税項負 債,惟:

- 當初次確認商譽或一項交易而該交易並非 為商業合併之資產或負債而產生,及於進 行交易時,不會對會計溢利或應課稅溢利 或虧損構成影響之遞延稅項負債除外;及
- 有關可控制撥回暫時性差額之時間及暫時 性差額於可預見之將來極不可能撥回之附 屬公司與聯營公司之投資之應課稅暫時性 差額除外。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

所得税(續)

所有可被扣減之暫時性差額、未使用之稅項資 產及任何未使用稅務虧損之結轉均被確認為遞 延稅項資產,惟僅限於可能有應課稅溢利以對 銷可扣減暫時差額、未使用之稅項資產及未使 用稅務虧損才予確認,惟:

- 當初次確認一項交易而該交易並非為商業 合併之資產或負債而產生,及於進行交易 時不會對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損構 成影響之遞延稅項資產除外;及
- 有關於附屬公司與聯營公司之投資所產生 之可扣減暫時性差額,遞延稅項資產以可 能出現之暫時性差額於可預見未來可撥回 及可能有足夠可動用應課稅溢利抵扣所動 用暫時性差額時予以確認。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於每個報告期末檢討, 並扣減至當不再可能有足夠應課稅溢利讓所有 或部份遞延稅項資產被動用為止。未被確認之 遞延稅項資產會於每個報告期末重新評估,並 在可能有足夠應課稅溢利讓所有或部份遞延稅 項資產被動用時才予以確認。

遞延稅項資產及負債以當資產被變現或負債被 清還時預期之適用稅率衡量,並根據於報告期 末已制定或實際會制定之稅率及(稅務法例)計 算。

倘有合法可執行權利將當期稅項資產及當期稅 項負債抵銷,且遞延稅項資產與同一應課稅公 司及同一稅務機關有關,則遞延稅項資產可與 遞延負債互相抵銷。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset;
- (c) dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established;
- (d) management fee income, in the period in which services are rendered; and
- (e) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms.

Employee benefits

Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

收入確認

倘收入會為集團帶來經濟利益並能可靠地衡量 時,方按下列基準予以確認:

- (a) 於銷售貨品時,擁有權之重大風險及收益 已轉予買方,惟本集團須不再牽涉擁有權 相關之管理事宜,亦不再對出售之貨品有 任何實際控制權;
- (b) 利息收入按累計基準利用實際利率法計算,所採用之利率為用於按金融工具預計年期或較短年期(如適合)將估計未來現金收入準確貼現至金融資產賬面淨值之利率;
- (c) 股息,當股東獲派股息之權利已確定時;
- (d) 管理收入,按提供服務之期間;及
- (e) 租金收入,按租約年期以時間比例計算。

僱員福利

退休保障計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金條例,為若干符合資格的僱員設立定額供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「該計劃」)。供款乃根據有關僱員之基本薪金百分比計算,根據該計劃之規則於團之時計入收益表。該計劃之資產乃與本集團之僱主自願性供款部份外,本集團之僱主供款權益於供款時即時歸屬於有權獲得全數僱主自願性供款前離職,則本集團可收回該供款之未歸屬僱員部份。

財務報告附註

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Pension schemes (continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute 10% to 22% of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model or the Black-Scholes model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

僱員福利(續)

退休保障計劃(續)

本集團於中國大陸營運之附屬公司的僱員均須 參加由地方市政府設立之中央退休保障計劃。 該等附屬公司須按其工資成本的10%至22%向 該中央退休保障計劃作出供款。根據該中央退 休保障計劃的規定,供款於應付時在收益表內 扣除。

以股份為基礎之付款

本公司設有一項購股權計劃,旨在給予為本集 團業務成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者鼓勵及獎 勵。本集團僱員(包括董事)按以股份付款形式 收取酬金,而僱員則提供服務作為權益工具之 代價(「股本結算交易」)。

於二零零二年十一月七日授出與僱員之權益結 算交易之成本,參考購股權授出之日之公平值 計算。公平值由外部估值師利用二項模式及柏 力克-舒爾斯訂價模式釐訂。

股本結算交易之成本在表現及/或服務條件獲達成期間,連同股本之相應升幅一併確認。就 股本結算交易於各報告期末至歸屬日期間確認 之累計開支,反映過去歸屬期以及本集團就最 終歸屬之股本工具之數目之最佳估計。期內在 收益表扣除或計入收益表之金額,指於該段期 初及期終所確認之累計開支變動。

最終未能歸屬之獎勵,不會確認開支,除非股本結算交易為根據市場或非歸屬條件而歸屬者,而在此情況下,該等獎勵不論市場或非歸屬條件是否獲達成,仍被視為歸屬,但必須符合所有其他表現及/或服務條件。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the statement of financial position, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

僱員福利(續)

退休保障計劃(續)

當股本結算獎勵的條款修訂時,會確認最少的 開支,猶如條款並無修訂一般(倘若獎勵之原 定條款獲達成)。此外,倘若按修訂日期的計 量,任何修訂導致以股份支付的總公平值有所 增加,或對僱員帶來其他利益,則應就該等修 訂確認開支。

當股本結算獎勵註銷時,會視作獎勵已於註銷當日經已歸屬,而獎勵尚未確認的任何支出會即時確認。是項包括非歸屬條件於本集團或僱員控制範圍內未能達成之任何獎勵。然而,倘註銷的獎勵有任何替代的新獎勵,並指定為授出當日的替代獎勵,則該項註銷及新獎勵會如上段所述被視為原有獎勵的修訂般處理。

尚未行使購股權之攤薄影響,於計算每股盈利 時,被反映為額外股份攤薄。

股息

董事建議之末期股息於財務狀況表內列於權益 中另列為保留溢利分配,直至其於股東大會上 獲股東批准為止。於此等股息獲股東批准及宣 派後,即確認為負債。

中期股息將同時建議及宣派,因本公司之公司 組織章程大綱及細則授予董事權力可宣派中期 股息。因此,中期股息將於其建議及宣派後隨 即確認為負債。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the income statement.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the income statement.

2.4主要會計政策摘要(續)

外幣

財務報告乃以港元(即本公司之功能及呈報貨幣)呈列。本集團內各公司釐訂本身之功能貨幣,而計入各公司財務報告之項目乃利用該功能貨幣而計量。本集團實體記錄之外幣交易初步以交易日期彼等各自之功能貨幣匯率記錄。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及負債,按報告期末之匯率換算為功能貨幣。結算或兑換貨幣項目所產生之差額均計入收益表。

以外幣歷史成本計算之非貨幣項目按初次交易當日之匯率換算。以外幣公平值計算之非貨幣項目按釐定公平值當日之匯率換算。換算按公平值計量之非貨幣項目產生的盈虧,按確認該項目的公平值變動的盈虧一致的方法處理(即某項目其公平值盈虧於其他全面收入或損益確認的,其換算差額亦分別於其他全面收入或損益確認)。

若干海外附屬公司及聯營公司之功能貨幣並非 港元。於報告期末,該等公司之資產及負債按 報告期末之匯率換算為本公司之呈列貨幣,而 其收益表乃按年內之加權平均匯率換算為港元。

所得出匯兑變動於其他全面收益確認,並於匯 兑波動儲備累計。出售海外公司時,有關該特 定外國業務相關之其他全面收益部份在收益表 中確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgement

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Impairment of assets

In determining whether an asset is impaired or the event previously causing the impairment no longer exists, the Group has to exercise judgement in the area of asset impairment, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred that may affect the asset value or such event affecting the asset value has not been in existence; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset or derecognition; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management to determine the level of impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

外幣(續)

因收購海外業務而產生之商譽,以及收購所產 生之資產及負債之賬面值進行公平值調整,則 列作海外業務之資產及負債,並於結算日換算。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之現金 流量按現金流量當日之匯率換算為港元。海外 附屬公司之全年經常性現金流量則按年內之加 權平均匯率換算為港元。

3. 主要會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報告須要管理層對所報告之收 入、支出、資產及負債之金額以及彼等之相關 披露,以及或然負債之披露作出判斷、估計及 假設。有關該等假設及估計之不確定因素可能 導致日後需要對受影響之資產或負債之賬面值 作出重大調整。

判斷

在採用本集團會計政策之過程中,除涉及估計 者外,管理層已作出下列對財務報告已確認之 金額產生最重大影響之判斷:

資產減值

釐定資產有否出現減值或過往導致減值之情況 不再存在時,本集團須就資產減值範圍作出判 斷,特別是評估(1)有否出現可能影響資產價值 之事件或影響資產價值之該等事件已不存在 (2)資產賬面值是否獲得日後現金流量現值 支持,而日後現金流量按持續使用資產所 關於確認估計;及(3)編製現金流量預測所用 適主要假設包括現金流量預測是否以合適 的管理層所選用以決定減值水平之 可 有變,當中包括現金流量預測所用折算率或增 長率假設,或對減值檢測所用現值淨額構成重 大影響。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Changes to these key judgement and estimates could materially affect the determination of whether there is an impairment and the related amounts. If there are significant adverse changes in the aforementioned judgement and estimates, it may be necessary to record significant additional impairment charge in future periods. The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 March 2013 was HK\$36,809,000 (2012: HK\$38,177,000). Further details are given in note 17.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不明朗因素

對下一個財政年度內之資產及負債之賬面值構 成重大調整風險之未來及其他主要假設及於報 告期末之估計之不明朗因素主要來源載列如下。

商譽減值

本集團最少每年一次釐定商譽有否減值。此須估計獲分配商譽之現金產生單位之使用價值。 本集團估計使用價值需要估計現金產生單位之 預期未來現金流量,亦須挑選合適之貼現率 以計算該等現金流量之現值。該等主要判斷及 估計之變動可能對是否存在減值及相關金額 之釐定造成重大影響。倘上述判斷及估計和銀 大不利變動,則可能有需要於未來期間記錄重 大不利變動,則可能有需要於未來期間記錄重 大不利變動,則可能有需要於未來期間記錄重 大的額外減值支出。於二零一三年三月三十一 日,商譽之賬面值為36,809,000港元(二零一二 年:38,177,000港元)。詳情已載於附註17。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The carrying value of deferred tax assets relating to recognised tax losses at 31 March 2013 was HK\$415,000 (2012: HK\$415,000). The amounts of unrecognised tax losses for subsidiaries situated in Hong Kong and Mainland China at 31 March 2013 were HK\$128,513,000 (2012: HK\$113,678,000) and HK\$175,529,000 (2012: HK\$176,688,000), respectively. Further details of the Group's deferred tax are contained in note 30 to the financial statements.

Impairment of available-for-sale investments

The Group classifies certain assets as available for sale and recognises movements of their fair values in equity. When the fair value declines, management makes assumptions about the decline in value to determine whether there is an impairment that should be recognised in the income statement. During the year, impairment losses of HK\$13,627,000 (2012: HK\$11,051,000) have been recognised for available-for-sale investments. The carrying amount of available-for-sale investments was HK\$77,533,000 (2012: HK\$93,208,000).

Impairment of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables

The Group conducts impairment reviews of financial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. The Group makes its estimates based on the ageing of its trade receivable balances, customers' creditworthiness, and historical write-off experience. If the financial condition of its customers was to deteriorate so that the actual impairment loss might be higher than expected, the Group would be required to revise the basis of making the allowance and its future results would be affected. At 31 March 2013, an aggregate impairment of trade receivables of HK\$6,454,000 (2012: HK\$6,196,000) has been made and the carrying amounts of trade receivables were HK\$502,953,000 (2012: HK\$525,978,000). At 31 March 2013, the carrying amounts of deposits and other receivables were HK\$73,409,000 (2012: HK\$81,251,000) and no impairment loss was made.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不明朗因素(續)

遞延税項資產

在很有可能將有足夠的應課稅溢利來抵扣稅務虧損的限度內,應就未利用的稅務虧損確認遞延稅項資產。這需要管理層作出重大判斷來估計未來應課稅溢利發生的時間和金額,結合未來稅務規劃策略,以決定應確認稅項資產的金額。於二零一三年三月三十一日,與已確認稅項虧損相關的遞延稅項資產的賬面值為415,000港元(二零一二年出5,000港元)。位於香港及中國大陸的附別公司於二零一三年三月三十一日的未確認稅項虧損分別為128,513,000港元(二零一二年:113,678,000港元)及175,529,000港元(二零一二年:176,688,000港元)。有關於本集團遞延稅項之進一步詳情載於財務報告附註30。

可供出售投資減值

本集團將若干資產列為可供出售資產,並於權益確認其公平值之變動。倘公平值下降, 管理層須就下降的金額作出評估,以釐定是 否應在收益表中確認減值。於年內,可供出售 投資確認減值虧損13,627,000港元(二零一二 年:11,051,000港元)。可供出售投資之賬面值 為77,533,000港元(二零一二年:93,208,000港元)。

應收貿易賬款、訂金及其他應收款項減值

本集團會對金融資產進行減值審閱,以了解是否有事件或情況變動顯示金融資產之賬面值按照相關會計準則為不可收回。本集團乃根據其應收貿易賬款結餘之賬齡、客戶之信譽及過往之撤銷經驗作出估計。倘其客戶之財政狀況轉壞而導致實際減值虧損可能較預期為高,本集團須更改撥備之基準且其未來業績亦會受影響。於二零一三年三月三十一日,應收貿易賬款之減值合共6,454,000港元(二零一二年6,196,000港元),而應收貿易款項之賬面值為502,953,000港元(二零一二年:525,978,000港元)。於二零一三年三月三十一日,訂金及其他應收款項之賬面值為73,409,000港元(二零一二年:81,251,000港元),並無作出減值虧損。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on geographical areas and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- (i) the Hong Kong segment is engaged in the manufacturing and trading of snack foods, confectionery, beverages, frozen food products, ham and ham-related products, noodles and the retailing of snack foods, confectionery and beverages, and the operations of restaurants; and
- (ii) the Mainland China segment is engaged in the manufacturing and trading of snack foods, confectionery, beverages, frozen food products, poultry products, and ham and ham-related products, noodles and the operations of restaurants.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/ (loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax. The adjusted profit/(loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, dividend income and unallocated gains, impairment of available-for-sale investments, finance costs, share of profits and losses of associates and corporate and other unallocated expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude available-for-sale investments, deferred tax assets, tax recoverable, investments in associates, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and cash and cash equivalents as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude interest-bearing bank borrowings, tax payable and deferred tax liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

4. 經營分部資料

就管理而言,本集團根據其客戶所在區域而劃 分業務單位,並有以下兩個須予報告之經營分 部:

- (i) 香港分部從事製造及銷售小食、糖果、飲料、冷凍食品、火腿及火腿類產品、麵食、及零售小食、糖果及飲料,以及經營餐廳;及
- (ii) 中國大陸分部從事製造及銷售小食、糖果、飲料、冷凍食品、家禽產品、火腿及 火腿類產品、麵食、以及經營餐廳。

管理層獨立監察本集團之經營分部業績,以決定資源分配及評估表現。分部表現根據須予報告分部溢利/(虧損)評估,而可報告分部溢利/(虧損)為經調整除稅前溢利/(虧損)之計算方式。經調整除稅前溢利/(虧損)之計算方法與本集團之除稅前溢利一致,惟利息收入、股息收入及未分配收益、可供出售投資減值、融資成本、應佔聯營公司溢利及虧損以及公司及其他未分配開支則不撥入該項計算中。

分部資產不包括可供出售投資、遞延税項資 產、可收回税項、於聯營公司之投資、按公平 值透過損益入賬的金融資產以及現金及現金等 值項目,此乃由於該等資產作為整體資產進行 管理。

分部負債不包括須繳付利息之銀行貸款、應付 税項及遞延税項負債,此乃由於該等負債作為 整體負債進行管理。

各分部間之銷售及轉讓乃經參考與第三方交易 時之售價,按當時現行市價進行交易。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT **INFORMATION** (continued)

Geographical segments

區域分部

4. 經營分部資料(續)

Group 集團			Kong 港	Mainlan 中國			tal 計
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分部收入: 銷售予外界客戶 內部銷售	1,901,473 3,594 	1,818,989 2,029 ————————————————————————————————————	998,174 222,861 ————————————————————————————————————	970,345 216,508 ————————————————————————————————————	2,899,647 226,455 ———————————————————————————————————	2,789,334 218,537
Reconciliation: Elimination of intersegment sales Revenue	<u>對賬:</u> 內部銷售抵銷 收入	-, -, -, -	,,,,,,,,,	3,,,	,,,,	(226,455)	(218,537)
Segment results	分部業績	136,140	100,906	25,652	(3,091)	161,792	97,815
Reconciliation: Interest income Dividend income and unallocated gains	<u>對賬:</u> 利息收入 股息收入及未分配 收益					1,215 18,514	1,085 2,634
Impairment of available-for-sale investments Finance costs	可供出售投資之減值融資成本					(13,627) (18,577)	(11,051) (16,808)
Share of profits and losses of associates Corporate and other unallocated	應佔聯營公司溢利 及虧損 公司及其他未分配開支					9,244	9,741
expenses Profit before tax	除税前溢利					(17,821) ————————————————————————————————————	67,532

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical segments (continued)

4. 經營分部資料(續)

區域分部(續)

Group		Hong Kong		Mainland China		Total	
集團		香	港	中國	大陸	維	計
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Segment assets	分部資產	976,543	1,017,090	829,972	786,137	1,806,515	1,803,227
Reconciliation:	對賬:						
Elimination of intersegment receivables	內部應收款項抵銷					(203,597)	(180,760)
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資					158,698	151,289
Corporate and other unallocated	公司及其他未分配資產					150,090	131,209
assets	公司及 於他小刀 能 頁 庄					703,769	652,087
Total assets	資產總值					2,465,385	2,425,843
Segment liabilities	分部負債	248,781	230,141	290,300	267,302	539,081	497,443
Reconciliation:	<i>對賬:</i>						
Elimination of intersegment payables	內部應付款項抵銷					(203,597)	(180,760)
Corporate and other unallocated	公司及其他未分配負債						
liabilities						901,159	973,323
Total liabilities	負債總值					1,236,643	1,290,006
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:						
Impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減值	_	3,414	1,035	266	1,035	3,680
Impairment of slow-moving	滯銷存貨減值						
inventories		60	431	558	844	618	1,275
Depreciation and amortisation***	折舊及攤銷***	19,125	17,067	35,966	38,142	55,091	55,209
Capital expenditure*	資本開支*	22,916	15,457	31,570	37,095	54,486	52,552
Non-current assets**	非流動資產**	205,869	206,499	527,918	540,125	733,787	746,624

^{*} Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment, prepaid land lease payments and investment property.

^{**} Non-current assets exclude financial instruments, deferred tax assets and investments in associates.

^{***} Depreciation and amortisation exclude amortisation of non-current livestock.

^{*} 資本開支包括添置物業、廠房及設備、預付土 地租賃款項及投資物業。

^{**} 非流動資產不包括金融工具、遞延税項資產及 於聯營公司之投資。

^{***} 折舊及攤銷不包括非當期禽畜之攤銷。

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the invoiced value of goods sold, net of discounts and returns. An analysis of revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

5. 收入、其他收入及收益

收入即本集團之營業額,指除去折扣及退貨後 售出貨品之發票價值。收入、其他收入及收益 之分析如下:

		Group 集團		
		Notes 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	收入		2,899,647	2,789,334
Other income Bank interest income Dividend income from listed	其他收入 銀行利息收入 可供出售上市投資之		1,215	1,085
available-for-sale investments Management fee income Rental income	股息收入 管理費收入 租金收入		6,815 - 1,900	1,866 162 1,873
Others	其他		7,621	6,144
			17,551	11,130
Gains Investment gains/(losses), net* Fair value gain on an investment property Fair value gains: Available-for-sale investments	收益 投資收益/(虧損),淨額* 投資物業公平值收益 公平值收益: 出售可供出售投資之收益	15	217	(4,341) 1,824
(transfer from equity on disposal) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(出售時自權益轉撥) 按公平值透過損益入賬之 金融資產		8,655 2,827	5,109
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment, net Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售物業、廠房及設備項目 之收益,淨額 出售附屬公司之收益	34	12,504 4,724	
			28,927	2,592
			46,478	13,722

^{*} Investment gains/(losses), net comprise net gains from currency-linked deposits of HK\$45,000 (2012: losses of HK\$2,995,000) and net exchange gain on cash and cash equivalents of HK\$172,000 (2012: loss of HK\$1,346,000).

^{*} 投資收益/(虧損),淨額包括貨幣掛鈎存款 淨收益45,000港元(二零一二年:虧損2,995,000 港元)及現金及現金等值項目之淨匯兑收益 172,000港元(二零一二年:虧損1,346,000港 元)。

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6. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

6. 融資成本

融資成本分析如下:

		Grou 集團	•
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 港幣千元
Interest on bank and trust receipt loans wholly repayable within five years	須於五年內全數償還之銀行貸款及 信託收據貸款利息	18,577	16,808

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

7. 除税前溢利

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

本集團之除税前溢利已扣除/(計入):

		Group 集團		
			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨之成本		2,013,336	2,002,891
Depreciation Depreciation	折舊	14	51,810	51,937
Amortisation of prepaid land lease	預付土地租賃款項		21,010	31,737
payments	之攤銷	16	3,281	3,272
Amortisation of non-current livestock	非當期禽畜攤銷	18	2	15
Minimum lease payments under operating	土地及樓宇經營租賃之			
leases in respect of land and buildings	最低租金		148,691	134,328
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		3,226	2,813
Employee benefit expense (excluding	僱員福利開支(不包括董事			
directors' and chief executive's	及最高行政人員酬金			
remuneration (note 8)):	(附註8)):			
Wages, salaries, allowances and	工資、薪金、津貼及			
benefits in kind	實物福利		275,443	243,052
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款		15,527	12,910
Less: Forfeited contributions	減:收回供款			(561)
Net pension scheme contributions**	退休金計劃供款淨額**		15,527	12,349
			290,970	255,401

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7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (continued)

7. 除税前溢利(續)

		Group 集團		
			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off	出售/撤銷物業、廠房			
of items of property, plant	及設備項目之虧損/			
and equipment, net	(收益),淨額		(12,504)	1,033
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兑差異,淨額		2,585	(4,299)
Rental income on an investment property	投資物業之租金收入減			
less direct operating expenses of	直接營運開支646,000港元	î.		
HK\$646,000 (2012: HK\$629,000)	(二零一二年:629,000港)	元)	(1,254)	(1,244)
Impairment of available-for-sale investments*	可供出售投資之減值*		13,627	11,051
Decrease/(increase) in fair value less	公平值減少/(增加)減預言	t		
estimated point-of-sale costs	出售時之成本價			
attributable to:	歸屬於:			
 physical change on non-current 	- 非當期禽畜之數目			
livestock	變動	18	(8)	(15)
- price change on non-current livestock	- 非當期禽畜之價格變動	18	1	2
Impairment of trade receivables*	應收貿易賬款減值*	24	1,035	3,680
Impairment of slow-moving inventories***	滯銷存貨減值***		618	1,275
Impairment of goodwill*	商譽減值*	17	1,942	_
Impairment of non-current livestock***	非當期禽畜減值***	18	66	-

- * The impairment of available-for-sale investments, goodwill and trade receivables are included in "Other operating expenses" in the consolidated income statement.
- ** During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group had forfeited contributions of HK\$561,000 available to reduce its contributions to the pension scheme in future years.
- *** The impairment of slow-moving inventories and non-current livestock is included in "Cost of sales" in the consolidated income statement.

- * 可供出售投資、商譽及應收貿易賬款之減值已 包括於綜合收益表上之「其他營運開支」內。
- ** 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 之收回供款561,000港元可用作減低未來年度退 休金計劃供款。
- *** 滯銷存貨減值及非當期禽畜減值已包括於綜合 收益表上之「銷售成本」內。

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8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") and the disclosure requirements of Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

8. 董事及最高行政人員酬金

年內董事及最高行政人員酬金按香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)及香港公司條例第161條之披露規定作如 下披露:

Graun

		集團		
		2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	
Fees	袍金	720	740	
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:			
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	8,078	7,724	
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃之供款	213	218	
		8,291	7,942	
		9,011	8,682	

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內已給予獨立非執行董事之袍金如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Leung Mei Han	梁美嫻	80	80
Chan Yuk Sang, Peter	陳玉生	80	80
Hiroshi Zaizen	財前宏	_	40
Tsunao Kijima	木島綱雄	80	60
		240	260

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2012: Nil).

年內並無其他酬金應給予獨立非執行董事 (二零一二年:無)。

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8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors and the chief executive

8. 董事及最高行政人員酬金(續)

(b) 執行董事及最高行政人員

			Salaries,		
			allowances	Pension	
			and benefits	scheme	Total
		Fees	in kind	contributions	remuneration
			薪金、津貼	退休金	
		袍金	及實物利益	計劃之供款	薪酬總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
2013	二零一三年				
Tai Tak Fung, Stephen	戴德豐	80	3,840^	4	3,924
Wu Mei Yung, Quinly#	胡美容#	80	1,440*	63	1,583
Man Wing Cheung, Ellis	文永祥	80	_	4	84
Yip Wai Keung	葉偉強	80	722	40	842
Wu Wing Biu	胡永標	80	1,008**	51	1,139
Nam Chi Ming, Gibson	藍志明	80	1,068***	51	1,199
		480	8,078	213	8,771
2012	二零一二年				
Tai Tak Fung, Stephen	戴德豐	80	3,840^	4	3,924
Wu Mei Yung, Quinly#	胡美容#	80	1,170*	63	1,313
Man Wing Cheung, Ellis	文永祥	80	_	4	84
Yip Wai Keung	葉偉強	80	722	40	842
Wu Wing Biu	胡永標	80	924**	50	1,054
Nam Chi Ming, Gibson	藍志明	80	1,068***	* 57	1,205
		480	7,724	218	8,422

- Included in the above salaries, allowances and benefits in kind is an estimated rental of HK\$3,840,000 (2012: HK\$3,840,000) for a director's quarter owned by the Group.
- * Included in the above salaries, allowances and benefits in kind is a discretionary bonus of approximately HK\$270,000 (2012: Nil). Effective 1 April 2013, total annual remuneration, excluding discretionary bonus, is HK\$1,313,000.
- ** Included in the above salaries, allowances and benefits in kind is a discretionary bonus of HK\$60,000 (2012: Nil). Effective 1 April 2013, total annual remuneration, excluding discretionary bonus, is HK\$1,120,000.
- *** Included in the above salaries, allowances and benefits in kind is a discretionary bonus of HK\$120,000 (2012: HK\$120,000). Effective 1 April 2013, total annual remuneration, excluding discretionary bonus, is HK\$1,120,000.
- * Ms. Wu Mei Yung, Quinly is also the chief executive of the Group.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2012: Nil).

- 个包括於上述薪金、津貼及實物利益乃本 集團擁有及為一名董事提供之宿舍單位 之估計租金3,840,000港元(二零一二年: 3,840,000港元)。
- * 包括於上述薪金、津貼及實物利益乃酌情 花紅約為270,000港元(二零一二年:無)。 從二零一三年四月一日開始,每年薪酬總 額(不包括酌情花紅)為1,313,000港元。
- ** 包括於上述薪金、津貼及實物利益乃酌情 花紅60,000港元(二零一二年:無)。從二 零一三年四月一日開始,每年薪酬總額 (不包括酌情花紅)為1,120,000港元。
- *** 包括於上述薪金、津貼及實物利益乃酌情 花紅120,000港元(二零一二年:120,000港 元)。從二零一三年四月一日開始,每年 薪酬總額(不包括酌情花紅)為1,120,000 港元。
- # 胡美容女士亦為本集團之最高行政人員。

年內,各董事或最高行政人員概無根據 任何安排放棄或同意放棄領取酬金(二零 一二年:無)。

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9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included four (2012: four) directors which included the chief executive, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining one (2012: one) highest paid employee who is neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

9. 五位薪酬最高僱員

年內,五位薪酬最高僱員包括四位董事(包括 最高行政人員)(二零一二年:四位),該等董事 之酬金詳載於上文附註8。其餘一位(二零一二 年:一位)薪酬最高僱員(並非本公司董事及最 高行政人員)於本年度之酬金詳情如下:

			Group 集團		
		2013	2012		
		二零一三年	二零一二年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		港幣千元	港幣千元		
	龙	2.026	1 015		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	2,039			
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃之供款	90	51		
		2,129	1,066		

The highest paid non-director and non-chief executive employee whose remuneration fell within the band of HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 (2012: HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000).

薪酬最高非董事僱員及非最高行政人員之酬金介乎2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元之組別(二零一二年:1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元)。

10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries/jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

10. 所得税

香港利得税乃按年內於香港所產生之估計應課 税溢利按16.5%(二零一二年:16.5%)之税率作 出撥備。其他地區之應課税溢利乃根據本集團 經營業務之國家/司法管轄區之現行稅率計算。

			Group 集團	
		2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	
Current – Hong Kong	當期-香港			
Charge for the year	本年度税項	27,734	17,523	
Current – Elsewhere	當期-其他地區			
Charge for the year	本年度税項	6,166	6,648	
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度過度撥備	(292)	(9)	
Deferred (note 30)	遞延(附註30)	(71)	(417)	
Total tax charge for the year	本年度之總税項支出	33,537	23,745	

10. INCOME TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the countries/jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rate, and a reconciliation of the applicable rate (i.e., the statutory tax rate) to the effective tax rate, are as follows:

10. 所得税(續)

按採用本公司及其主要附屬公司所在國家/司 法管轄區之法定税率計算且適用於除税前溢利 之税項支出及以實際税率計算之税項支出對 賬,以及適用税率(即法定税率)與實際税率之 對賬如下:

Group 集團

		- -	2013 二零一三年	=	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	%	HK\$'000 港幣千元	%
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	140,740		67,532	
Tax at applicable tax rates Adjustments in respect of current	按適用税率計算之税項前期之税項在當期	21,724	15.4	10,073	14.9
tax of previous periods	調整	(292)	(0.2)	(9)	_
Profits and losses attributable	應佔聯營公司溢利				
to associates	及虧損	(1,902)	(1.4)	(1,840)	(2.7)
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税之收入	(3,120)	(2.2)	(3,183)	(4.7)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可用作税項扣減之支出	2,826	2.0	2,551	3.8
Effect of withholding tax of 5% on distributable profits of the Group's	預扣税5%對本集團 之中國附屬公司之				
subsidiaries in Mainland China	可供分派溢利之影響	43	-	_	_
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	動用過往期間之税項虧損	(7,371)	(5.2)	(2,609)	(3.9)
Deferred tax assets not recognised	未確認之遞延税項資產	16,444	11.7	14,803	21.9
Others	其他	5,185	3.7	3,959	5.9
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實際税率計算				
	之税項	33,537	23.8	23,745	35.2

The share of tax attributable to associates amounting to HK\$3,110,000 (2012: HK\$3,576,000) is included in "Share of profits and losses of associates" in the consolidated income statement.

Certain subsidiaries of the Group in Mainland China are entitled to preferential tax rates granted by relevant authorities to these subsidiaries. 應佔聯營公司之税項共3,110,000港元 (二零一二年:3,576,000港元)已包括於綜合收益表之「應佔聯營公司溢利及虧損」內。

本集團於中國大陸之若干附屬公司可享有相關 機構授予優惠稅率。

財務報告附註

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

11. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2013 includes a profit for the year of HK\$30,623,000 (2012: HK\$27,750,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 33(b)).

11.本公司權益所有者應佔溢利

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之本公司權益所有者應佔綜合溢利包括30,623,000港元 (二零一二年:27,750,000港元),已計入本公司之財務報告(附註33(b))。

12. DIVIDENDS

12. 股息

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	一· 一· 一· HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interim – HK2.0 cents	中期-每股普通股2.0港仙		
(2012: HK2.0 cents) per ordinary share Proposed final – HK5.0 cents	(二零一二年:2.0港仙) 建議末期-每股普通股5.0港仙	7,760	7,814
(2012: HK5.0 cents) per ordinary share	(二零一二年:5.0港仙)	19,395	19,416
		27,155	27,230

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. 本年度之建議末期股息須於應屆股東週年大會 上獲本公司股東批准後方可作實。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of basic earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012 in respect of a dilution as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during those years.

13. 本公司普通權益所有者應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本年度本公司普通權益所 有者應佔溢利及年內已發行普通股之加權平均 數計算。

由於本集團於截至二零一三年及二零一二年三 月三十一日止年度均無具攤薄潛力之已發行普 通股,因此並無就攤薄事項對該等年度所呈列 之每股基本盈利作出調整。

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (continued)

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

13.本公司普通權益所有者應佔每股盈利(續)

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據下列基準計算:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Earnings	盈利		
Profit attributable to ordinary equity	計算每股基本及攤薄盈利		
holders of the Company, used in the	所使用之本公司普通股權益		
basic and diluted earnings per share	所有者應佔溢利		
calculation		110,779	52,581
		- 1 0	r of shares
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
Shares	股份		
Weighted average number of ordinary	計算每股基本及攤薄盈利所使用		
shares in issue during the year used	之年度已發行普通股之加權		
in the basic and diluted earnings per	平均數		
share calculation		388,308,330	390,706,456

財務報告附註 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

14.物業、廠房及設備

Group

集團

			Leasehold	Furniture,				
		Land and	improve-	fixtures and	Plant and	Motor	Construction	
		buildings	ments	equipment	machinery	vehicles	in progress	Total
		土地	租賃樓宇	傢俬、	廠房設備		1 .6	
		及樓宇	装修	装置及設備	及機器	汽車	在建工程	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
31 March 2013	二零一三年三月三十一日							
At 31 March 2012 and	於二零一二年三月三十一日及							
at 1 April 2012:	二零一二年四月一日:							
Cost or valuation	成本或估值	479,080	124,842	108,930	233,646	44,926	6,419	997,843
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(127,017)	(44,666)	(78,556)	(147,780)	(30,635)		(428,654)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	352,063	80,176	30,374	85,866	14,291	6,419	569,189
At 1 April 2012, net of	於二零一二年四月一日,							
accumulated depreciation	已扣除累計折舊	352,063	80,176	30,374	85,866	14,291	6,419	569,189
Additions	添置	1,355	29,926	5,698	6,212	6,549	4,746	54,486
Disposals/write-off	出售/撤銷	(7,365)	(3,549)	(2,150)	(10)	(292)	-	(13,366)
Depreciation provided	年內已撥備	(1)===)	(*)* **)	(-) *)	()	(-/ -)		(,)
during the year	之折舊	(12,480)	(14,680)	(8,634)	(11,273)	(4,743)	_	(51,810)
Transfers	轉移	9,875	-	-	-	-	(9,875)	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	2,847	1,143	451	623	164	107	5,335
At 31 March 2013, net of	於二零一三年三月三十一日,							
accumulated depreciation	已扣除累計折舊	346,295	93,016	25,739	81,418	15,969	1,397	563,834
At 31 March 2013:	於二零一三年三月三十一日:							
Cost or valuation	成本或估值	480,428	143,211	107,863	215,525	47,027	1,397	995,451
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(134,133)	(50,195)	(82,124)	(134,107)	(31,058)		(431,617)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	346,295	93,016	25,739	81,418	15,969	1,397	563,834
Analysis of cost or valuation:	成本或估值分析:							
At cost	按成本	395,428	143,211	107,863	215,525	47,027	1,397	910,451
At 31 March 1994 valuation	於一九九四年三月三十一日	270,120	- 10,211	237,000	-10,010	17,027	1,077	710,101
It 31 March 1991 valuation	之估值	85,000	_					85,000
		480,428	143,211	107,863	215,525	47,027	1,397	995,451

財務報告附註 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

14.物業、廠房及設備(續)

集團

Group

			Leasehold	Furniture,				
		Land and	improve-	fixtures and	Plant and	Motor	Construction	
		buildings	ments	equipment	machinery	vehicles	in progress	Tota
		土地	租賃樓宇	傢俬、	廠房設備			
		及樓宇	裝修	装置及設備	及機器	汽車	在建工程	總記
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千万
31 March 2012	二零一二年三月三十一日							
At 1 April 2011:	於二零一一年四月一日:							
Cost or valuation	成本或估值	460,404	81,924	102,557	225,088	40,415	28,581	938,96
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(113,462)	(37,813)	(69,347)	(133,264)	(27,422)		(381,30
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	346,942	44,111	33,210	91,824	12,993	28,581	557,66
At 1 April 2011, net of	於二零一一年四月一日,							
accumulated depreciation	已扣除累計折舊	346,942	44,111	33,210	91,824	12,993	28,581	557,66
Additions	添置	6,556	27,177	6,399	4,401	5,929	2,090	52,55
Disposals/write-off	出售/撤銷	(67)	(659)	(226)	(93)	(113)	_,0,0	(1,15
Depreciation provided	年內已撥備	(**)	(***)	(==+)	(/-/)	()		(-,
during the year	之折舊	(12,946)	(11,233)	(9,870)	(13,178)	(4,710)	_	(51,93
Transfers	轉移	5,654	19,597	=	_	-	(25,251)	(- ,
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	5,924	1,183	861	2,912	192	999	12,07
At 31 March 2012, net of	於二零一二年三月三十一日,							
accumulated depreciation	己扣除累計折舊	352,063	80,176	30,374	85,866	14,291	6,419	569,18
At 31 March 2012:	於二零一二年三月三十一日:							
Cost or valuation	成本或估值	479,080	124,842	108,930	233,646	44,926	6,419	997,84
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(127,017)	(44,666)	(78,556)	(147,780)	(30,635)		(428,65
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	352,063	80,176	30,374	85,866	14,291	6,419	569,18
Analysis of cost or valuation:	成本或估值分析:							
At cost	按成本	394,080	124,842	108,930	233,646	44,926	6,419	912,84
At 31 March 1994 valuation	於一九九四年三月三十一日		',' '-	0,/20	,	,,,=0	0,117	, 12,01
	之估值	85,000	_			_		85,00
		479,080	124,842	108,930	233,646	44,926	6,419	997,84

財務報告附註

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Group's leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong and buildings in Mainland China included above are held under medium term leases and are situated in:

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

上述本集團於香港之租賃土地及樓宇以及於中國大陸之樓宇按中期租約持有並位於以下地方:

		At cost 按成本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	At valuation 按估值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
31 March 2013	二零一三年三月三十一日			
Hong Kong Mainland China	香港 中國大陸	130,042 265,386	85,000	215,042 265,386
		395,428	85,000	480,428
31 March 2012	二零一二年三月三十一日			
Hong Kong Mainland China	香港 中國大陸	130,042 264,038	85,000	215,042 264,038
		394,080	85,000	479,080

Certain of the Group's buildings, which are situated in Hong Kong, were revalued at 15 July 1993, by C.Y. Leung & Company Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers. The leasehold land and buildings were revalued at open market value, based on their existing use. Since the year ended 31 March 1994, no further revaluations of the Group's leasehold land and buildings have been carried out, as the Group has relied upon the exemption granted under the transitional provisions in paragraph 80A of HKAS 16 from the requirement to carry out future revaluations of its property, plant and equipment which were stated at valuation at that time.

At 31 March 2013, certain buildings of a non-wholly-owned subsidiary with a net carrying amount of approximately HK\$3,498,000 (2012: HK\$3,875,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to that non-wholly-owned subsidiary (note 29).

本集團部份位於香港之樓宇,乃於一九九三年七月十五日由獨立專業合資格估值師梁振英測量師行有限公司作出估值。租賃土地及樓宇乃按現行用途之公開市場基準作出估值。自截至一九九四年三月三十一日止年度起,由於本集團依據香港會計準則第16號80A段之過渡條款允許豁免日後對物業、廠房及設備進行定期重估,故並無對本集團之租賃土地及樓宇進行進一步重估。

於二零一三年三月三十一日,一間非全資擁有 附屬公司若干樓宇物業淨賬面值約3,498,000港元(二零一二年:3,875,000港元)已予抵押,以 取得該非全資擁有附屬公司之一般銀行融資額 度(附註29)。

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

15. 投資物業

		集團		
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Carrying amount at beginning of year Gain from a fair value adjustment Exchange realignment	年初之賬面值 公平值調整之收益 匯兑調整	19,669	17,223 1,824 622	
Carrying amount at end of year	年終之賬面值	19,998	19,669	

The Group's investment property is situated in Mainland China and is held under a medium term lease.

The Group's investment property was revalued on 31 March 2013 by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, at RMB16,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$19,998,000) on an open market, existing use basis. The investment property is leased to an associate of the Group under an operating lease, further summary details of which are included in notes 36(a) and 38(a)(iv) to the financial statements.

Further particulars of the Group's investment property are included on page 172 of the annual report.

本集團之投資物業位於中國大陸,並按中期租 約持有。

Group

本集團之投資物業,於二零一三年三月三十一日由獨立專業合資格估值師戴德梁行有限公司作出估值。投資物業乃按現行用途之公開市場基準作出估值人民幣16,000,000元(等值19,998,000港元)。投資物業以經營租約形式租赁予本集團之聯營公司,詳情附載於財務報告附註36(a)及38(a)(iv)。

本集團投資物業之其他詳情載於年報第172頁。

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財務報告附註

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

Group

16. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

16. 預付土地租賃款項

		集團		
		2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	
Carrying amount at beginning of year	於年初之賬面值	119,472	118,621	
Disposal during the year	年內出售	(1,672)	_	
Recognised during the year	年內確認	(3,281)	(3,272)	
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1,939	4,123	
Carrying amount at end of year	於年終之賬面值	116,458	119,472	
Current portion included in prepayments,	包括在預付款項、訂金及			
deposits and other receivables	其他應收款項之流動部分	(3,312)	(3,308)	

The Group's prepaid land lease payments above relate to leasehold land which is held under medium term leases and is situated in Mainland China.

Non-current portion

非流動部分

During the year ended 31 March 2007, the Group acquired 廣州 市泮溪酒家有限公司 ("GZ Panxi"), which operates restaurants on a piece of land (the "Land") in Liwan District, Guangzhou, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). At 31 March 2013, the carrying value of the Land was HK\$46,682,000 (2012: HK\$47,296,000). In the opinion of the directors, based on the advice from the Group's external legal advisors, GZ Panxi has the right to use the Land and occupy the buildings for its restaurant operations, and upon the payment of the land premium for the Land, the Group can obtain the land use right certificate for the Land.

At 31 March 2013, certain leasehold land of a non-whollyowned subsidiary with a net carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,474,000 (2012: HK\$1,522,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to that non-wholly-owned subsidiary (note 29).

本集團於上述之預付土地租賃款項與租賃土地 有關,按中期租約持有,並位於中國大陸。

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截至二零零七年三月三十一日止年度內,本集 團收購了廣州市泮溪酒家有限公司(「廣州泮 溪」)。廣州泮溪在中華人民共和國(「中國」) 廣州荔灣區一幅土地(「該土地」)經營酒家, 於二零一三年三月三十一日,該土地之賬面值 為46,682,000港元 (二零一二年:47,296,000港 元)。根據本集團所聘之法律顧問意見,董事 認為,廣州泮溪有權使用該土地並佔用該樓房 作經營酒家之用,以及於支付該土地之土地溢 價後,本集團可獲取該土地之土地使用權證。

於二零一三年三月三十一日,一間非全資擁有 附屬公司若干租賃土地賬面淨值約1,474,000港 元(二零一二年:1,522,000港元)已予抵押,以 取得該非全資擁有附屬公司之一般銀行融資額 度(附註29)。

財務報告附註 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

17. GOODWILL

17. 商譽

Group

		集團 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2011:	於二零一一年四月一日:	
Cost	成本	38,340
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(1,350)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	36,990
Cost at 1 April 2011, net of accumulated	於二零一一年四月一日之成本,	
impairment	已扣除累計減值	36,990
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1,187
At 31 March 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	38,177
At 31 March 2012:	於二零一二年三月三十一日:	
Cost	成本	39,527
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(1,350)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	38,177
Cost at 1 April 2012, net of accumulated	於二零一二年四月一日之成本,	
impairment	已扣除累計減值	38,177
Impairment during the year (note 7)	年內減值(附註7)	(1,942)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	574
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	36,809
At 31 March 2013:	於二零一三年三月三十一日:	
Cost	成本	40,101
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(3,292)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	36,809

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Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

17. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the cash-generating units is as follows:

17. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試

分配至現金產生單位之商譽之賬面值載列如 下:

Trading business 貿易業務		GZ Panxi operation 廣州泮溪業務		Poultry business 家禽業務		Others 其他		Total 總計	
2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
17,806	17,513	12,795	12,584	4,227	4,157	1,981	3,923	36,809	38,177
_									

Carrying amount of goodwill 商譽之賬面值

GZ Panxi operation and trading business cash-generating units

During the year, the recoverable amount of the GZ Panxi operation cash-generating unit and trading business cash-generating unit have been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a tenyear period approved by senior management. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 7%.

Assumptions were used in the value in use calculation of the GZ Panxi operation cash-generating unit and trading business cash-generating unit for the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill:

Budgeted gross margins – The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvements.

Discount rates – The discount rates used are before tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant units.

Purchase price inflation – The basis used to determine the value assigned to inventory price inflation is the forecast price indices during the budget year from where inventories are sourced.

The values assigned to the key assumptions on expected efficiency improvements, discount rates and purchase price inflation are consistent with external information sources.

廣州泮溪業務及貿易業務現金產生單位

年內,廣州泮溪業務現金產生單位及貿易業務 現金產生單位之可收回款項乃根據使用價值釐 訂。使用價值按照高級管理層所批准涵蓋十年 之財政預算運用現金流預測計算。現金流預測 所使用之貼現率為7%。

就計算截至二零一三年及二零一二年三月 三十一日止年度之廣州泮溪業務現金產生單位 及貿易業務現金產生單位之使用價值已採納假 設。以下描述管理層於作出現金流預測時採納 之各主要假設以進行商譽減值測試:

預算毛利率-用以釐定預算毛利率之價值之基 準為緊接預算年度前一年取得之平均毛利率, 並會因應預計效率提升而增加。

贴現率-所採用之貼現率為除税前,且反映與 相關單位有關之個別風險。

採購價格上漲-存貨價格上漲之決定基準乃按 預算年度內存貨來源地之預測價格指標。

對預期效益改進、貼現率及採購價格上漲之主 要假設之價值與外部資料來源相符一致。

財務報告附註

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

17. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (continued)

Poultry business cash-generating unit

The recoverable amount of the poultry business cash-generating unit was based on fair value less costs to sell. Certain assets of the poultry business cash-generating unit were valued on 31 March 2013 by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, on an opening market, existing use basis.

During the year, the Group recognised impairment of goodwill of HK\$1,942,000 (2012: Nil) for certain cash-generating units classified as "Others" in the above because of the deteriorating operating results in these cash-generating units and their carrying amounts exceed their recoverable amounts.

17. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

家禽業務現金產生單位

家禽業務現金產生單位之可收回款項乃根據公 平值減銷售成本計算。家禽業務現金產生單位 之若干資產已於二零一三年三月三十一日由獨 立專業合資格估值師戴德梁行有限公司根據現 有用途按公開市場基準進行估值。

年內,本集團就上述分類為「其他」之若干現 金產生單位確認商譽減值1,942,000港元(二零 一二年:無),乃由於該等現金產生單位之營運 業績轉差及彼等之賬面值超過其可收回款項。

Group

18. NON-CURRENT LIVESTOCK

18. 非當期禽畜

			集團
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Livestock:	禽畜:		
At fair value	公平值	_	113
At cost less accumulated amortisation	成本減累計攤銷及		
and impairment losses	減值虧損		6
			119
Physical quantity of peafowls:	孔雀數目:		
Number of day-old peafowls	成長孔雀數目	403	783
Number of breeder peafowls	育種孔雀數目	3,539	5,649
		3,942	6,432

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Group 集團

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

18. NON-CURRENT LIVESTOCK (continued)

The Group's non-current livestock comprises breeder and day-old peafowls owned by a subsidiary. The day-old peafowls are raised for sale and are valued at fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs and any impairment losses. The breeder peafowls are held to produce further day-old peafowls. Breeder peafowls are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses as no active or ready markets exist for these breeder peafowls and their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

The movements in non-current livestock at fair value are as follows:

at fair value

18. 非當期禽畜(續)

本集團之非當期禽畜包括育種及成長孔雀,並 由一間附屬公司擁有。成長孔雀作出售用途, 及以公平值減預計出售時之成本價及任何減 值虧損入賬。育種孔雀則用作生產成長孔雀幼 鶵。因育種孔雀並無活躍或流通市場而未能可 靠釐定其公平值,故按其成本減累計攤銷及減 值虧損入賬。

非當期禽畜公平值之變動如下:

HK\$'000 港幣千元

		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Balance at 1 April 2011, at fair value	於二零一一年四月一日之結餘,按公平值	379
Increase/(decrease) in fair value less estimated	公平值增加/(減少)減預計出售時成本	
point-of-sale costs attributable to:	歸屬於:	
physical change	- 數目變動	15
– price change	- 價格變動	(2)
Decrease due to harvest	因收成而減少	(296)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	17
Balance at 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012,	於二零一二年三月三十一日及二零一二年	
at fair value	四月一日之結餘,按公平值	113
Increase/(decrease) in fair value less estimated	公平值增加/(減少)減預計出售時成本	
point-of-sale costs attributable to:	歸屬於:	
– physical change	- 數目變動	8
– price change	-價格變動	(1)
Decrease due to harvest	因收成而減少	(54)
Impairment during the year (note 7)	年內減值(附註7)	(66)
Balance at 31 March 2013,	於二零一三年三月三十一日之結餘,	

按公平值

財務報告附註

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

18. NON-CURRENT LIVESTOCK (continued)

Particulars of the gross carrying amount and the accumulated amortisation of breeder peafowls, which are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses, are as follows:

18. 非當期禽畜(續)

以成本減累計攤銷及任何減值虧損列賬之育種 孔雀之賬面總值及累計攤銷詳情如下:

> Group 集團 HK\$'000 港幣千元

		一
31 March 2013	二零一三年三月三十一日	
At 1 April 2012:	於二零一二年四月一日:	
Cost	成本	2,854
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	累計攤銷及減值虧損	(2,848)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	6
At 1 April 2012, net of accumulated	於二零一二年四月一日,	
amortisation and impairment losses	已扣除累計攤銷及減值虧損	6
Decrease due to harvest	因收成而減少	(4)
Amortisation provided during the year	年內已撥備之攤銷	(2)
At 31 March 2013, net of accumulated	於二零一三年三月三十一日,	
amortisation and impairment losses	已扣除累計攤銷及減值虧損	
At 31 March 2013:	於二零一三年三月三十一日:	
Cost	成本	2,854
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	累計攤銷及減值虧損	(2,854)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	
31 March 2012	二零一二年三月三十一日	
At 1 April 2011:	於二零一一年四月一日:	
Cost	成本	3,863
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	累計攤銷及減值虧損	(3,817)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	46
At 1 April 2011, net of accumulated amortisation	於二零一一年四月一日,	
and impairment losses	已扣除累計攤銷及減值虧損	46
Decrease due to harvest	因收成而減少	(25)
Amortisation provided during the year	年內已撥備之攤銷	(15)
At 31 March 2012, net of accumulated	於二零一二年三月三十一日,	
amortisation and impairment losses	已扣除累計攤銷及減值虧損	6
At 31 March 2012:	於二零一二年三月三十一日:	
Cost	成本	2,854
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	累計攤銷及減值虧損	(2,848)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	6

財務報告附註

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

19.於附屬公司之投資

Company 公司

93,108	93,108
HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年

Unlisted shares, at cost

非上市股份,按成本值

The amounts due from/to subsidiaries included in the Company's current assets and current liabilities respectively are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

分列於公司流動資產及流動負債內之應收/應 付附屬公司款項並無抵押、免息,且須按通知 還款。

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and operations 註冊成立/登記及經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/registered and fully paid-up capital 已發行普通股/註冊及繳足股本面值	Per Direct 直接	rcentage of equity attributable to the Company Indirect 本公司應佔權益 百分比 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Cowboy Food Company Limited 牛仔食品有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$6,000,000 6,000,000港元	-	85.0	Manufacturing of peanut products 花生食品製造
Crowne Profits Limited*	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100.0	Investment holding 投資控股
E-Options Technology Limited*	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 !美元	-	100.0	Property holding 物業控股
Eat & International (H.K.) Co., Limited* 大阪王將有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$7,000,000 (2012: HK\$700,000) 7,000,000港元 (二零一二年: 700,000港元)	-	51.0	Restaurant operations 餐廳經營
Ever Media Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元		100.0	Investment holding 投資控股
Fancy Talent Limited* 零食物語有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100,000,000 100,000,000港元		100.0	Marketing of snack foods 小食之市場 推廣

財務報告附註 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下:(續)

19.於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

	centage of equity	Perc	Nominal value of	Place of	
	attributable to		issued ordinary/	incorporation/	
D 1 4.44	the Company	D' (registered and fully	registration	N
Principal activities	Indirect	Direct	paid-up capital	and operations	Name
	本公司應佔權益	,	已發行	25 m 42. /	
主要業務	百分比 間接	直接	普通股/註冊 及繳足股本面值	註冊成立/ 登記及經營地點	夕·兹
		且按	人級足权平田但	生化及經貨地湖	名稱 ————————————————————————————————————
Investment holding	_	100.0	US\$20,000	British Virgin	Four Seas Enterprises
投資控股			20,000美元	Islands	(BVI) Limited*
				英屬處女群島	
Investment holding	_	100.0	HK\$10,000	Hong Kong	Four Seas Investment
投資控股			10,000港元	香港	Holdings Limited
V-7. (11.0)					四洲投資控股有限公司
Investment holding	100.0	_	US\$1,000,000	British Virgin	Four Seas China
投資控股	1000		1,000,000美元	Islands	Holdings Limited*
W.K.L.W.			1,000,000,00	英屬處女群島	四洲中國投資有限公司*
				X/M/SX HI LIV	FWIT BASKING A
Trading in snack	100.0	_	(i) Ordinary HK\$200	Hong Kong	Four Seas Mercantile Limited
foods, confectionery			(ii) Non-voting deferred	香港	四洲貿易有限公司
and beverages			HK\$20,000,000		
小食、糖果及			(i)普通股200港元		
飲品之貿易			(ii)無投票權		
			遞延股份		
			20,000,000港元		
Investment holding	100.0	-	HK\$50,000,000	Hong Kong	Four Seas Property
投資控股			50,000,000港元	香港	Holdings Limited
					四洲物業有限公司
Manufacturing	100.0	_	HK\$23,320,000	PRC/	Four Seas Confectionery
of cakes			(2012: HK\$14,320,000)	Mainland China	(Shantou) Company
蛋糕製造			23,320,000港元	中國/中國大陸	Limited* ^
			(二零一二年:		汕頭四洲製果有限公司* ^
			14,320,000港元)		
Manufacturing	100.0	_	US\$16,500,000	PRC/	Four Seas (Suzhou)
of beverages			(2012: US\$11,000,000)	Mainland China	Food Co., Ltd. *^
飲品製造			16,500,000美元	中國/中國大陸	四洲(蘇州)食品有限公司* ^
			(二零一二年:		

財務報告附註 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

19.於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Place of	Nominal value of				
•	·				
and operations	ns paid-up capital	Direct Indirect		Principal activities	
註冊成立/ 登記及經營地點	已發行 普通股/註冊 及繳足股本面值	直接	公司應佔罹益 百分比 間接	主要業務	
PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$30,500,000 30,500,000港元	-	100.0	Property holding 物業控股	
PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$20,000,000 20,000,000港元	-	100.0	Property holding 物業控股	
PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$96,000,000 96,000,000港元	-	100.0	Trading in confectionery and food products 糖果及食品 之貿易	
PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$24,000,000 24,000,000港元	-	100.0	Processing of chestnuts 栗子加工	
Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200,000 200,000港元	-	100.0	Provision of transportation services 運輸服務	
Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100.0	Investment holding 投資控股	
	incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 登記及經營地點 PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 Hong Kong 香港	incorporation/ registration and operations and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊成立/ 整記及經營地點 PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$20,000,000 And and and China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$96,000,000 第一 PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$24,000,000 24,000,000港元 中國/中國大陸 HK\$200,000 香港 200,000港元	incorporation/ registration and operations and operations paid-up capital 已發行 注册成立/ 普通股/註册 登記及經營地點 及繳足股本面值 直接 PRC/ HK\$30,500,000 — Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$90,000,000 — Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$96,000,000 — Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$96,000,000 — Alianland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$96,000,000 — Alianland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$24,000,000 — Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$24,000,000 — Alianland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$24,000,000 — Alianland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$24,000,000 — Alianland China 中國/中國大陸 Hong Kong 香港 200,000港元 — Hong Kong Arianland HK\$10,000 — HK\$10,000 —	incorporation/ registration and operations and operations paid-up capital 已發行 注册成立/ 普通股/註册 登記及整管地點 及缴足股本面值 PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸 PRC/ HK\$24,000,000 - 100.0 Aline Al	

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

19.於附屬公司之投資(續)

	entage of equity	Per	Nominal value of	Place of	
	attributable to		issued ordinary/	incorporation/	
5	the Company	D1 /	registered and fully	registration	N.
Principal activities	Indirect	Direct	paid-up capital	and operations	Name
	本公司應佔權益		已發行	4. m 4.	
), m; #8 76	百分比	-t- 18	普通股/註冊	註冊成立/	<i>के चे</i> र्फ
主要業務	間接	直接	及繳足股本面值	登記及經營地點	名稱
Manufacturing	80.0	_	HK\$7,000,000	PRC/	Four Seas Confectionery
of snack foods			7,000,000港元	Mainland China	(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.* ^
小食製造				中國/中國大陸	四洲製果(深圳)有限公司* ^
Property holding	100.0	_	HK\$20,000,000	PRC/	Four Seas (Qingyuan) Tourism
and restaurant			20,000,000港元	Mainland China	Development Company
operations			, ,	中國/中國大陸	Limited* ^
物業持有及				1 1 7 1 1 7 1 1 2	四洲(清遠)旅游發展
餐廳經營					有限公司* ^
Trading in	100.0	_	RMB20,300,000	PRC/	Guang Dong Fourseas
frozen food	100.0		(2012: RMB10,300,000)	Mainland China	Frozen Food Products
products and			人民幣20,300,000元	中國/中國大陸	Co., Ltd.* ^
snack foods			(二零一二年:	个四/个四八性	廣東四洲冷凍食品
冷凍食品及					有限公司* ^
			人民幣10,300,000元)		有限公司" ^
小食之貿易					
Restauran	100.0	_	HK\$2,500,000	PRC/	Guangzhou Four Seas Catering
operations	(2012: Nil)		2,500,000港元	Mainland China	Co., Ltd.* ^
餐廳經營	(二零一二: 無)			中國/中國大陸	廣州市四洲飲食有限公司* ^
_				77.01	
Restauran	33.2**	_	HK\$6,000,000	PRC/	Guangzhou Sushi Oh Catering
operations	(2012: Nil)		6,000,000港元	Mainland China	Co., Ltd.* ^
餐廳經營	(二零一二: 無)			中國/中國大陸	廣州壽司皇飲食有限公司* ^
Investment holding	100.0	_	HK\$7,000,000	Hong Kong	Hong Kong Confectionery
投資控股			7,000,000港元	香港	Company Limited
					香港糖果有限公司
Manufacturing	100.0	-	HK\$20	Hong Kong	Hong Kong Ham Holdings
and packaging			20港元	香港	Limited
of ham and					香港火腿廠控股有限公司
ham-related					
products					
製造及包裝					
火腿及有關					
火腿類產品					

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19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

19.於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

	Place of incorporation/registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered and fully	Per	attributable to	
Name	and operations 註冊成立/	paid-up capital 已發行 普通股/註冊	Direct	Indirect 本公司應佔權益 百分比	Principal activities
名稱	登記及經營地點	及繳足股本面值	直接	間接	主要業務
Hong Kong Biscuit (International) Limited* 香港餅乾(國際)有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$40,000,000 40,000,000港元	-	99.3	Investment holding 投資控股
Homeright Properties Limited* 家權產業有限公司*	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100.0	Holding of trademarks 持有商標
IFSCO Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$57,200,000 57,200,000港元	100.0	-	Investment holding 投資控股
J.P. Inglis Company Limited 英利士洋行有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	-	100.0	Trading in food materials 食品原料貿易
KTC Corporation* 鹿兒島商事株式會社*	Japan 日本	JPY10,000,000 10,000,000日圓	-	100.0	Trading in cakes 蛋糕貿易
Kanro Four Seas Foods Company Limited 甘樂四洲食品有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$50,550,000 50,550,000港元	-	82.5	Investment holding 投資控股
Kanro Four Seas Foods (Shantou) Co., Ltd.* ^ 甘樂四洲食品(汕頭) 有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$50,203,380 50,203,380港元	-	82.5	Manufacturing of candies 糖果製造
Kung Tak Lam Shanghai Vegetarian Cuisine Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$3,660,000 3,660,000港元	-	99.0	Restaurant operations 餐廳經營
功德林上海素食有限公司					
Li Fook (Qingdao) Foods Co., Ltd.* ^ 利福(青島)食品 有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	US\$3,970,000 (2012: US\$3,320,000) 3,970,000美元 (二零一二年: 3,320,000美元)		100.0	Manufacturing of noodles 麵食製造

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19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

19.於附屬公司之投資(續)

	Place of	Nominal value of	Per	centage of equity	
	incorporation/	issued ordinary/	attributable to		
Name	registration and operations	registered and fully paid-up capital 已發行	Direct	the Company Indirect 本公司應估權益	Principal activities
名稱	註冊成立/ 登記及經營地點	普通股/註冊 及繳足股本面值	直接	百分比間接	主要業務
Luck Healthy Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100.0	Property holding 物業控股
Matchless Bakery Company Limited* 美奇思麵包西餅有限公司*	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	HK\$20,000,000 20,000,000港元	-	100.0	Investment holding 投資控股
More Ways Industrial Limited 多威實業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	66.7	Investment holding 投資控股
Men Taishou Co., Ltd. 麵大將有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100.0	Restaurant operations 餐廳經營
Namtien Noodle Limited* 南天製麵有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000 1,000港元	-	51.0	Manufacturing of noodles 麵食製造
New Kondo Trading Company Limited 近藤貿易有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	-	100.0	Trading in Japanese food materials 日本食品 原料貿易
Nico Four Seas (Shantou) Co., Ltd.* ^ 你口四洲(汕頭)有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$28,000,000 28,000,000港元	-	51.0	Manufacturing of seaweed products 紫菜食品製造
Nico-Nico Four Seas Co., Ltd. 你口四洲有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$28,000,000 28,000,000港元	-	51.0	Investment holding 投資控股

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19.於附屬公司之投資(續)

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

	Place of	Nominal value of		age of equity	
Name	incorporation/ issued ordinary/ registration registered and fully	issued ordinary/		ttributable to	
	and operations	paid-up capital	Direct	the Company Indirect	Principal activities
	and operations	paid-up capital 已發行		marrect 公司應佔權益	Principal activities
	註冊成立/	普通股/註冊	本2	マロ 感 伯 催 盆 百 分 比	
名稱	登記及經營地點	及繳足股本面值	直接	間接	主要業務
Okashi Land (Macau)	Macau	MOP500,000	_	100.0	Retailer of
Company Limited*	澳門	500,000澳門圓			snack foods
菓子(澳門)有限公司*					小食之零售
Papochou Holdings Limited*	British Virgin	HK\$15,000,000	_	100.0	Investment holding
百寶洲集團有限公司*	Islands	15,000,000港元			投資控股
	英屬處女群島				
Restaurant Shiki Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$3,200,000	_	100.0	Restaurant operations
	香港	3,200,000港元			餐廳經營
Shenzhen Matchless Food	PRC/	HK\$12,300,000	-	100.0	Bakery and factory
Co., Ltd.* ^	Mainland China	12,300,000港元			operations
深圳美奇思食品 有限公司* ^	中國/中國大陸				麵飽西餅店及 工廠之營運
Sushi Pro Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$9,000,000	_	100.0	Investment holding
壽司皇有限公司	香港	9,000,000港元			投資控股
Shousihuang Restaurant	PRC/	HK\$7,300,000	_	100.0	Restaurant operations
(Shenzhen)	Mainland China	7,300,000港元			餐廳經營
Company Limited* ^	中國/中國大陸				
壽司皇餐廳(深圳) 有限公司* ^					
Tohato Four Seas	Hong Kong	HK\$7,000,000	_	80.0	Investment holding
Company Limited	香港	7,000,000港元			投資控股
東鳩四洲有限公司					
Tsun Fat (Huizhou)	PRC/	HK\$13,000,000	-	99.3	Manufacturing
Biscuit Factory Limited* ^	Mainland China	13,000,000港元			of biscuits
駿發(惠州)餅乾廠 有限公司* ^	中國/中國大陸				餅乾製造

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19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

19.於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

	Place of incorporation/	Nominal value of issued ordinary/	Per	centage of equity	
	registration registered and fully and operations paid-up capital		the Company Direct Indirect		
Name		paid-up capital			Principal activities
	24. mr.42. /	已發行		本公司應佔權益	
名稱	註冊成立/ 登記及經營地點	普通股/註冊 及繳足股本面值	直接	百分比 間接	主要業務
T & M Advertising Company Limited 德美廣告有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$20 20港元	-	100.0	Advertising agency 廣告代理
上海升誠貿易有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB500,000 人民幣500,000元	-	100.0	Trading in confectionery and food products 糖果及 食品之貿易
四洲食品(河源)有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	-	100.0	Manufacturing of snack foods 小食製造
東莞四洲肉類製品有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$37,000,000 37,000,000港元	_	100.0	Manufacturing and packaging of ham and ham-related products 製造及包裝 火腿及有關 火腿類產品
新興縣多威實業有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$8,000,000 8,000,000港元	-	66.7	Poultry business 家禽業務
廣州市泮溪酒家有限公司* ^^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB73,959,210 人民幣73,959,210元	-	99.0#	Restaurant operations 餐廳經營
廣州市英吉利孔雀有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB6,500,000 人民幣6,500,000元	-	100.0	Raising and sale of peafowls 飼養及銷售 孔雀業務

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19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

19.於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered and fully		atage of equity attributable to the Company	
Name	and operations 註冊成立/	paid-up capital 已發行 普通股/註冊	Direct 本	Indirect 公司應佔權益 百分比	Principal activities
名稱	登記及經營地點	及繳足股本面值	直接	間接	主要業務
恭道貿易(深圳)有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$5,600,000 (2012: HK\$3,200,000) 5,600,000港元 (二零一二年: 3,200,000港元)	-	100.0	Trading in food materials 食品物料之貿易
廣州市天賞貿易有限公司* ^	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	65.0	Trading in snack foods 小食之貿易

- * Not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network
- ** Guangzhou Sushi Oh Catering Co., Ltd. is a subsidiary of a nonwholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and, accordingly, is accounted for as a subsidiary by virtue of the Company's control over it.
- ^ These subsidiaries are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under PRC law.
- ^^ This subsidiary is registered as a Sino-foreign co-operative joint venture under PRC law.
- ** Pursuant to the stock purchase agreement entered into by the Group and 廣州市荔灣區人民政府國有資產監督管理局 (the "Vendor") for the acquisition of GZ Panxi, the Vendor retains 1% shareholding in GZ Panxi and is not entitled to any share of the profit or loss in GZ Panxi nor has the right to participate in the operation or management of GZ Panxi but has the veto right in the following:
 - the alteration of the tax registration of GZ Panxi in Liwan District, Guangzhou, the PRC;
 - the alteration of the use of the building occupied by GZ Panxi other than the Cantonese style restaurant operation; and
 - the use of the trademark of GZ Panxi.

- * 並非由香港安永會計師事務所或安永全球網絡 其他成員公司審核
- ** 廣州壽司皇飲食有限公司為本公司一家非全資 附屬公司之附屬公司,因此透過本公司對其之 控制權被列作附屬公司。
- ^ 該等附屬公司乃按中國法律註冊為全資外商投 資企業。
- ^^ 該附屬公司乃按中國法律註冊為中外合作企業。
- # 根據本集團與廣州市荔灣區人民政府國有資產 監督管理局(「賣方」)就收購廣州泮溪訂立之購 股協議,賣方保留1%之廣州泮溪持股權,但無 權分享廣州泮溪之任何溢利或虧損,亦無權參 與廣州泮溪之經營或管理,惟對下列各項擁有 否決權:
 - 變更廣州泮溪於中國廣州市荔灣區之稅務 登記;
 - 將廣州泮溪所佔用之樓房變更為粵菜酒家 經營以外之用途;及
 - 廣州泮溪商標之使用。

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19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

During the year, the Group acquired the remaining 40% equity interest of a non-wholly-owned subsidiary for a cash consideration of HK\$123,000, and the economic benefit attributable to the former non-controlling shareholder on the disposal of property, plant and equipment of that non-wholly-owned subsidiary.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

20. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

19.於附屬公司之投資(續)

年內,本集團收購一間非全資擁有附屬公司餘下之40%權益,代價為現金123,000港元,以及歸屬於前非控股股東自出售該非全資擁有附屬公司的物業、廠房及設備的經濟利益。

董事認為以上所述為於年內對集團之業績有重 大影響或佔集團之重大部分淨資產之主要附屬 公司,董事認為如詳列餘下附屬公司會使篇幅 過份冗長。

20. 於聯營公司之投資

Group 集團

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Goodwill on acquisition Share of net assets	因收購產生之商譽 應佔資產淨值	477 158,221	477 150,812
		158,698	151,289

The amounts due from the associates included in the Group's current assets are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The Group's trade receivable and payable balances with the associates are disclosed in notes 24 and 28 to the financial statements, respectively.

列於集團流動資產內之應收聯營公司欠款並無 抵押、免息,且須按通知還款。

本集團與聯營公司之應收及應付貿易賬款結餘 已分別載列於財務報告附註24及28。

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20. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

20. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

聯營公司詳情如下:

Name	Particulars of issued shares held	Place of incorporation/registration	Percentage of equity attributable to the Group	Principal activities
名稱	持有已發行 股份詳情	註冊成立/ 登記地點	本集團應佔權益百分比	主要業務
Calbee Four Seas Company Limited 卡樂B四洲有限公司	Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 每股面值1港元 之普通股	Hong Kong 香港	50.0	Manufacturing of snack foods 小食製造
Calbee Four Seas (Shantou) Company Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾ 卡樂B四洲 (汕頭) 有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	Paid-up capital 繳足股本	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	50.0	Manufacturing of snack foods 小食製造
Guangzhou Meiji Confectionery Company Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ 廣州明治製果有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	Paid-up capital 繳足股本	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	30.0	Manufacturing of snack foods and confectionery 小食及糖果製造
Guangdong M&F-Yantang Dairy Products Company Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾ 廣東四明燕塘乳業有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	Paid-up capital 繳足股本	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	21.0	Manufacturing of ice-cream and dairy products 雪糕及乳類 產品製造
Meiji-Four Seas Company Limited ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ 明治四洲有限公司 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 每股面值1港元 之普通股	Hong Kong 香港	30.0	Investment holding 投資控股
MFD Holding Company Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾ 四明乳業有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 每股面值1港元 之普通股	Hong Kong 香港	30.0	Investment holding 投資控股
Want Want Four Seas Company Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ 旺旺四洲有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 每股面值1港元 之普通股	Hong Kong 香港	30.0	Trading in snack foods 小食貿易
Lotte Four Seas Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ 樂天四洲有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 每股面值1美元 之普通股	Hong Kong 香港	30.0	Investment holding 投資控股
Thai Okashi Land Holdings Ltd. (i)(ii)	Ordinary shares of THB10,000 each 每股面值10,000泰銖 之普通股	Thailand 泰國	14.7 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	Investment holding 投資控股
Thai Okashi Land Ltd. (i)(ii)	Ordinary shares of THB10,000 each 每股面值10,000泰銖 之普通股	Thailand 泰國	22.2 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	Retailer of snack foods 小食之零售

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20. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Notes:

- Not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network.
- (ii) The financial years of these associates are not coterminous with that of the Group and have financial year ending 31 December. These associates use 31 December as their financial year end date to conform with their holding companies' reporting date or statutory requirements.
- (iii) Thai Okashi Land Holdings Ltd. and Thai Okashi Land Ltd. are subsidiaries of Lotte Four Seas Limited and, accordingly, are accounted for as associates by virtue of the Group's significant influence through the Group's shareholding in Lotte Four Seas Limited.

The financial years of above associates are coterminous with that of the Group, except for associates as mentioned in note (ii) above, for which the consolidated financial statements are adjusted for the material transactions between their financial year end date and the Group's year end date.

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group disposed of its 30% of equity interest in Cadbury Four Seas Company Limited, at a cash consideration of HK\$1. Cadbury Four Seas Company Limited was engaged in the trading in confectionery.

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's associates extracted from their management accounts:

20. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

附註:

- (i) 並非由香港安永會計師事務所或安永全球網絡 其他成員公司審核。
- (ii) 該等聯營公司的財政年度結算日與本集團的不同,其財政年度結算日為十二月三十一日。該 等以十二月三十一日為其財政年度結算日之聯 營公司與其控股公司之呈報日期或法定要求相 符。
- (iii) Thai Okashi Land Holdings Ltd.及Thai Okashi Land Ltd.均為Lotte Four Seas Limited之附屬公司,因此透過本集團於Lotte Four Seas Limited之股權所擁有之重大影響力而列作聯營公司。

上述聯營公司之財政年度與本集團財政年度如 出一轍,惟上文附註(ii)項所述之聯營公司除 外。綜合財務報告就彼等及本集團於財政年度 結算日之間之重大交易作出調整。

於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團已出售吉百利四洲有限公司之30%股權,現金代價為1港元。吉百利四洲有限公司主要從事糖果貿易。

下表闡述本集團聯營公司之財務資料概要,乃 摘錄自彼等之管理賬目:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Assets	資產	509,694	466,017
Liabilities	負債	83,626	70,612
Revenue	收入	518,490	460,913
Profit	溢利	33,398	28,210

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21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

21. 可供出售投資

		Gr	oup	Com	pany
		集	團	公司	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Listed equity investments	香港上市權益投資,				
in Hong Kong, at fair value	按公平值	74,473	90,148	148	152
Club debenture, at fair value Unlisted equity investments,	會所債券,按公平值 非上市權益投資,	327	327	-	_
at cost	按成本	2,733	2,733		
		77,533	93,208	148	152

During the year, the net gain in respect of the Group's available-for-sale investments recognised in other comprehensive income amounted to HK\$13,994,000 (2012: net loss of HK\$25,039,000), of which a gain of HK\$8,655,000 (2012: HK\$5,109,000) was reclassified from other comprehensive income to the income statement for the year.

The above investments consist of investments in equity securities which were designated as available-for-sale financial assets and have no fixed maturity date or coupon rate.

There was a significant decline in the market value of certain listed equity investments during the year. The directors consider that such a decline indicates that the listed equity investments have been impaired and an impairment loss of HK\$13,627,000 (2012: HK\$11,051,000), which included a reclassification from other comprehensive income of HK\$13,627,000 (2012: HK\$11,051,000), has been recognised in the income statement for the year.

As at 31 March 2013, certain unlisted equity investments with a carrying amount of HK\$2,733,000 (2012: HK\$2,733,000) were stated at cost less impairment because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors are of the opinion that their fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not intend to dispose of them in the near future.

年內,本集團於其他全面收入確認之可供出售 投資淨收益為13,994,000港元(二零一二年:淨 虧損25,039,000港元),而其中8,655,000港元之 收益(二零一二年:5,109,000港元)已於本年度 從其他全面收入重新分類至收益表。

上述投資包括於權益證券之投資,其指定為可供出售金融資產,且無固定到期日或票面息率。

年內,若干上市權益投資之市值重大下跌。董事認為,有關下跌顯示上市權益投資出現減值,而減值虧損為13,627,000港元(二零一二年:11,051,000港元),當中包括其他全面收益之重新分類13,627,000港元(二零一二年:11,051,000港元),並已於本年度在收益表內確認。

於二零一三年三月三十一日,賬面值為 2,733,000港元(二零一二年:2,733,000港元)之 若干非上市權益投資乃以成本減減值列賬,此 乃由於合理公平值估計之範圍太大,董事認為 其公平值不能可靠地計量。本集團無意於近期 出售上述投資。

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22. CURRENT LIVESTOCK

22. 當期禽畜

			Group 集團
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Breeder chicks Hatchable eggs Day-old chicks	育種雞隻 種蛋 雞苗	- - 179	1,829 406 1,412
			3,647

Due to the generally short breeding and raising cycle of the chicks and because an active market does not exist, these livestock are classified as current assets and are stated at cost less any impairment and a reconciliation of changes in the carrying amount of biological assets between the beginning and the end of the current financial year is not presented.

由於雞苗之一般繁殖期及飼養周期較短,及並 無活躍市場,故把此類禽畜歸類為流動資產, 並按其成本減任何減值後入賬,及本財政年度 初至年終之賬面價值變動之對賬未作出呈列。

23. INVENTORIES

23. 存貨

			Group	
			集團	
		2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	
Raw materials	原料	54,293	53,212	
Work in progress	半成品	10,443	10,251	
Finished goods	產成品	188,358	154,757	
		253,094	218,220	

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Group

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES

24. 應收貿易賬款

		集	B
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	509,407	532,174
Impairment	減值	(6,454)	(6,196)
		502,953	525,978

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period is generally for a period of one to three months, extending up to four to five months for major customers. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivables. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provisions, is as follows:

本集團與客戶之貿易賬期以信貸為主,惟新客戶一般需要預先付款。信貸期一般為一至三個月,就主要客戶而言,可延長至四至五個月。每個客戶均有信貸額上限。本集團力求嚴格控制其尚未收取之應收款項,藉此將信貸風險降至最低。高級管理層會定期檢討逾期結餘。鑒於上述措施,以及本集團之應收貿易賬款與眾分多多元化的客戶有關,因此並無重大信貸提升。應收貿易賬款乃免息。

於報告期末,根據發票日期及扣除撥備之應收 貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

Group 集團

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元
Within 1 month	1個月內	192,727	212,549
1 to 2 months	1至2個月	91,457	98,603
2 to 3 months	2至3個月	97,863	71,614
Over 3 months	3個月以上	120,906	143,212
		502,953	525,978

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24. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The movements in provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

24. 應收貿易賬款(續)

應收貿易賬款之減值撥備之變動情況如下:

			Group
			集團
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
At beginning of year	於年初	6,196	3,364
Impairment losses recognised (note 7)	已確認減值虧損(附註7)	1,035	3,680
Amount written off as uncollectible	列作無法收回之撤銷款項	(777)	(848)
At end of year	於年終	6,454	6,196

Included in the above provision for impairment of trade receivables is a provision for individually impaired trade receivables of HK\$6,454,000 (2012: HK\$6,196,000) with a gross carrying amount before provision of HK\$6,454,000 (2012: HK\$6,196,000). The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in default or delinquency in payments and are not expected to be recovered.

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

上述應收貿易賬款之減值撥備包括就撥備前總賬面值為6,454,000港元(二零一二年:6,196,000港元)之個別應收貿易賬款作出減值撥備6,454,000港元(二零一二年:6,196,000港元)。有關於客戶之個別已減值之應收貿易賬款乃為違約或拖欠還款,並被視為不可收回。

視為未減值之應收貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

Group

			集團	
		2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	
Neither past due nor impaired	並無逾期或減值	485,218	505,237	
Less than 1 month past due	逾期少於一個月	11,554	10,375	
1 to 3 months past due	逾期一至三個月	4,740	4,404	
Over 3 months past due	逾期三個月以上	1,441	5,962	
		502,953	525,978	

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default. 並無逾期或減值之應收款項涉及近期無違約記 錄之大量不同客戶。

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24. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

Included in trade receivables are amounts due from the Group's associates of HK\$1,567,000 (2012: HK\$1,600,000) and a subsidiary of Hong Kong Food Investment Holdings Limited ("HKFH"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, of HK\$181,000 (2012: Nil), which are repayable on similar credit terms to those offered to the major customers of the Group. The trade receivables due from the subsidiary of HKFH are in accordance with the master supply agreement entered into between HKFH and the Company, details of which are included in the Company's announcement dated 6 August 2012.

24. 應收貿易賬款(續)

已逾期但並未減值之應收款項涉及本集團若干還款紀錄良好之客戶。根據過往經驗,本公司董事認為,由於該等結餘之信貸質素並無重大變動,該等結餘仍被認為可全數收回,故無須作出減值撥備。

應收貿易賬款包括本集團聯營公司結欠之款項 1,567,000港元(二零一二年:1,600,000港元)及 本公司一名主要股東香港食品投資控股有限公司(「香港食品」)的一間附屬公司結欠之款項 181,000港元(二零一二年:無),而還款期與本 集團授予其主要客戶之信貸賬期類同。香港食品該附屬公司結欠之應收貿易賬款乃根據香港 食品與本公司訂立之主供應協議,其詳情刊載 於本公司二零一二年八月六日之公告當中。

25. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

25. 預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項

		Group 集團		Company 公司	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Prepayments Deposits and other receivables	預付款項 訂金及其他應收款項	39,481 73,409	46,184 84,559	139	46
Less: Deposits classified	減:劃分為非流動	112,890	130,743	139	46
as non-current assets	資產之訂金	(18,092)	(20,715)		
Current portion	流動部分	94,798	110,028	139	46

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

上述資產並無逾期或減值。上述結餘包括的金 融資產乃近期無違約記錄之應收款項。

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26. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

26. 按公平值透過損益入賬之金融資產

	Group
	集團
2013	2012
二零一三年	二零一二年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元
12,012	

Listed equity investments in Hong Kong, at market value 香港上市股本投資,按市值

The above equity investments at 31 March 2013 were classified as held for trading and were, upon initial recognition, designated by the Group as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

上述股本投資於二零一三年三月三十一日被分類為持作買賣,及本集團於初始確認後指定為按公平值透過損益入賬之金融資產。

27. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

27. 現金及現金等值項目

		Group 集團		Company 公司	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
	电人及组织处方	251 465	207.000	904	462
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存	371,467	287,900	804	463
Time deposits	定期存款	239,257	264,247		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	610,724	552,147	804	463

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to HK\$154,519,000 (2012: HK\$109,757,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣(「人民幣」)列 值之現金及銀行結存為154,519,000港元(二零 一二年:109,757,000港元)。人民幣不得自由 兑換為其他貨幣,但根據中國大陸外匯管理條 例和結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准 透過獲認可進行外匯兑換業務之銀行將人民幣 兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行現金按每日銀行存款利率以浮動利率賺取 利息。短期定期存款乃按介乎一日至三個月之 不同期間作出,視乎本集團之即時現金需求, 並按照各自之短期定期存款利率賺取利息。銀 行結存乃存於近期並無違約記錄而具有良好信 譽之銀行。

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28. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

28. 應付貿易賬款、其他應付款項及 應計負債

		Gr	Group 集團		Company	
		集			司	
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	187,862	173,596	-	_	
Other payables	其他應付款項	56,783	56,909	-	_	
Accruals	應計負債	90,839	86,178	1,059	1,097	
		335,484	316,683	1,059	1,097	

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

於報告期末,根據發票日期之應付貿易賬款之 賬齡分析如下:

Group

			集團		
		2013	2012		
		二零一三年	二零一二年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		港幣千元	港幣千元		
Within 1 month	1個月內	119,485	111,997		
1 to 2 months	1至2個月	38,376	37,734		
2 to 3 months	2至3個月	14,681	9,264		
Over 3 months	3個月以上	15,320	14,601		
		187,862	173,596		

Included in the trade payables are trade payables of HK\$41,733,000 (2012: HK\$49,599,000) due to associates, which are normally settled on 30-day to 60-day terms.

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 30-day to 60-day terms. Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of three months.

應付貿易賬款已包括結欠聯營公司之應付貿易 賬款41,733,000港元 (二零一二年:49,599,000 港元),彼等一般按30至60日期限結付。

應付貿易賬款為免息及一般按30至60日期限結 付。其他應付款項乃免息,信貸期平均為三個 月。

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29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK **BORROWINGS**

29. 須繳付利息之銀行貸款

		2013 二零一三年			2012 二零一二年	
Group 集團	Effective interest rate 實際利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 港幣千元	Effective interest rate 實際利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current 流動						
Trust receipt loans – unsecured 無抵押信托收據貸款	0.7%-2.4%	Within 12 months 12個月內	143,064	0.8%-2.7%	Within 12 months 12個月內	162,192
Bank loans – unsecured 無抵押銀行貸款	0.7%-6.7%	Within 12 months or on demand 12個月內 或按要求	628,567	1.3%-8.2%	Within 12 months or on demand 12個月內 或按要求	688,383
Bank loans – secured 抵押銀行貸款	7.8%	Within 12 months 12個月內	9,999	6.1%	Within 12 months 12個月內	12,293
			781,630			862,868
Non-current 非流動						
Bank loans – unsecured 無抵押銀行貸款	0.9%-2.4%	2014-2015 二零一四年 至二零一五年	74,533	1.0%	2013-2014 二零一三年 至二零一四年	71,724
			856,163			934,592

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29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

29. 須繳付利息之銀行貸款(續)

Group
集團

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Bank loans:	銀行貸款:		
Within one year or on demand	第一年內或按要求	781,630	862,868
In the second year	第二年內	71,669	60,000
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至五年內,包括首尾兩年	2,864	11,724
		856,163	934,592

Notes:

- (a) Certain bank loans of a non-wholly-owned subsidiary are secured by the pledge of that non-wholly-owned subsidiary's certain leasehold land of HK\$1,474,000 (2012: HK\$1,522,000) and buildings of HK\$3,498,000 (2012: HK\$3,875,000).
- (b) All the bank and trust receipt loans bear interest at floating interest rates.
- (c) Except for the bank loans denominated in Japanese yen equivalent to HK\$370,813,000 (2012: HK\$304,288,000), the bank loans denominated in RMB equivalent to HK\$99,117,000 (2012: HK\$130,060,000) and the bank loan denominated in United States dollars equivalent to HK\$3,298,000 (2012: HK\$3,095,000), all bank borrowings at the end of the reporting period were in Hong Kong dollars.

Ignoring the effect of any repayment on demand clause and based on the maturity terms of the bank loans and trust receipt loans, the amounts repayable in respect of the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings are: within one year or on demand HK\$763,630,000 (2012: HK\$862,868,000); in the second year HK\$89,669,000 (2012: HK\$42,000,000); and in the third to fifth years, inclusive HK\$2,864,000 (2012: HK\$29,724,000).

附註:

- (a) 若干非全資擁有附屬公司之銀行借貸分別以該 非全資擁有附屬公司價值約1,474,000港元(二零 一二年:1,522,000港元)之租賃土地及3,498,000 港元(二零一二年:3,875,000港元)之樓宇作為 抵押擔保。
- (b) 所有銀行及信托收據貸款均以浮動利率計息。
- (c) 除相等於370,813,000港元(二零一二年:304,288,000港元)以日圓列賬之銀行貸款、相等於99,117,000港元(二零一二年:130,060,000港元)以人民幣列賬之銀行貸款及相等於3,298,000港元(二零一二年:3,095,000港元)以美元列賬之銀行貸款外,所有銀行貸款於報告期末均為港元。

撤除任何按要求償還條款之影響並根據銀行貸款及信托收據貸款之到期條款,本集團須繳付利息之銀行借貸之應付款項為:763,630,000港元(二零一二年:862,868,000港元)須於一年內或按要求償還;89,669,000港元(二零一二年:42,000,000港元)須於第二年償還;及2,864,000港元(二零一二年:29,724,000港元)須於第三年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)償還。

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30. DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax liabilities

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

Group - 2013

於年內遞延税項負債及資產之變動如下:

集團-二零一三年

遞延税項負債

30. 遞延税項

		Accelerated tax depreciation	Fair value adjustment arising from acquisition of subsidiaries 因收購附屬	Revaluation of properties	Withholding taxes	Total
		加速税項 折舊 HK\$'000 港幣千元	公司而產生 之公平值調整 HK\$'000 港幣千元	物業重估 HK\$'000 港幣千元	預扣税 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	564	13,077	3,980	201	17,822
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement during the year (note 10)	本年度於收益表內扣除/(計入) 之遞延税項(附註10)	957	(642)	(91)	_	224
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	-	205	-	-	205
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	1,521	12,640	3,889	201	18,251

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30. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Group - 2012

Deferred tax liabilities

30. 遞延税項(續)

集團-二零一二年

遞延税項負債

			Fair value			
			adjustment			
		Accelerated	arising from			
		tax	acquisition of	Revaluation	Withholding	
		depreciation	subsidiaries	of properties	taxes	Total
			因收購附屬			
		加速税項	公司而產生			
		折舊	之公平值調整	物業重估	預扣税	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 April 2011	於二零一一 年四月一日	412	13,018	4,071	201	17,702
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement	本年度於收益表內扣除/ (計入)之遞延税項					
during the year (note 10)	(附註10)	152	(478)	(91)	_	(417)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		537			537
At 31 March 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	564	13,077	3,980	201	17,822

集團 Group

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

		Decelerated tax	Losses available for offsetting against future		
		depreciation 減慢税項	taxable profits 可用以與將來 應課税溢利	Others	Total
		折舊 HK\$'000 港幣千元	抵銷之虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	其他 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2011, 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012	於二零一一年四月一日、 二零一二年三月三十一日 及二零一二年四月一日	5	415	861	1,281
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the income statement	本年度於收益表內計入/ (扣除)之遞延税項		413		
during the year (note 10)	(附註10)	(2)	<u> </u>		295
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	3	415	1,158	1,576

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

30. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$128,513,000 (2012: HK\$113,678,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also has tax losses arising in Mainland China of approximately HK\$175,529,000 (2012: HK\$176,688,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profit. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as, in the opinion of the directors, it is uncertain whether sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

At 31 March 2013, except for the deferred tax recognised for a PRC subsidiary that will distribute dividend, no other deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China that are subject to withholding taxes. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately HK\$45,486,000 at 31 March 2013 (2012: HK\$38,148,000).

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

30. 遞延稅項(續)

本集團有自香港產生之稅項虧損約為 128,513,000港元(二零一二年:113,678,000港元)可無限期用作抵扣該等出現虧損之公司之 未來應課稅溢利。本集團亦有自中國大陸產生 將於一至五年到期之稅項虧損約為175,529,000 港元(二零一二年:176,688,000港元),可用作 抵扣日後之應課稅溢利。該等稅項虧損並無確 認為遞延稅項資產,因董事認為未能確定是否 有足夠未來應課溢利可供抵扣稅務虧損。

根據中國企業所得稅法,於中國大陸成立之外 商投資企業向境外投資者宣派之股息須徵收 10%預扣稅。該規定由二零零八年一月一日起 生效,並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日後 之盈利。若該境外投資者所屬司法權區與中國 大陸訂有稅務條約,其適用預扣稅率可予調 低。就本集團而言,適用稅率為5%。因此,本 集團就於中國大陸成立之附屬公司由二零零八 年一月一日起產生之盈利所分派之股息繳付預 扣稅。

於二零一三年三月三十一日,除就一間將予分派股息之中國附屬公司確認遞延稅項外,並無就本集團於中國大陸成立之附屬公司應付之未匯出盈利所產生之預扣稅確認其他遞延稅項。董事認為,該等附屬公司於可見將來不大可能分派有關盈利。於二零一三年三月三十一日,與於中國大陸之附屬公司之投資有關之未確認遞延稅項負債之暫時性差額約為45,486,000港元(二零一二年:38,148,000港元)。

本公司派發股息予股東之付款並沒有附帶所得稅影響。

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31. SHARE CAPITAL

Shares

31. 股本

股份

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Authorised: 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	法定: 1,000,000,000股每股面值 0.10港元之普通股	100,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid: 387,909,640 (2012: 390,707,640) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 (2012: HK\$0.10) each	已發行及繳足: 387,909,640股(二零一二年: 390,707,640股)每股面值0.10港元 (二零一二年:0.10港元)之普通股	38,790	39,070

During the year, the Company repurchased a total of 2,690,000 (2012: 108,000) of its own shares on the Stock Exchange for an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$6,044,000 (2012: HK\$212,000). The 2,690,000 shares that were repurchased during the year ended 31 March 2013, together with 108,000 shares that repurchased during the year ended 31 March 2012, were cancelled before 31 March 2013. Accordingly, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these cancelled shares. The premium paid on the repurchase was charged to the share premium account. An amount equivalent to the par value of the ordinary shares cancelled was transferred from retained profits to the capital redemption reserve as set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Company repurchased a total of 108,000 of its own shares on the Stock Exchange for an aggregate consideration of HK\$212,000. The repurchased shares were not cancelled as at 31 March 2012 and the consideration paid on the repurchase was debited to the capital redemption reserve.

The directors considered that, as the Company's shares are trading at a discount to the expected net asset value per share, the repurchase of shares would be beneficial to the Company.

年內,本公司於聯交所購回合共2,690,000股(二零一二年:108,000股)股份,總代價約為6,044,000港元(二零一二年:212,000港元)。截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度購回之2,690,000股股份連同於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度購回之108,000股股份已於二零一三年三月三十一日之前註銷。因此,本公司之已發行股本已減去該等被註銷股份之面值。購回之已付溢價乃從股份溢價扣除。根據綜合權益變動表所載,被註銷普通股份面值之相同款額已由保留溢利轉撥至資本贖回儲備內。

截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度期間,本公司於聯交所購回合共108,000股其股份,總代價為212,000港元。所購回股份並未於二零一二年三月三十一日註銷,購回之已付代價已從資本贖回儲備扣除。

董事認為,由於本公司之股份以預期每股資產 淨值之折讓進行買賣,購回股份將對本公司有 利。

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31. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

A summary of the repurchase of shares is as follows:

31. 股本(續)

購回股份概述如下:

		Number of	Price	per share	Total
		shares repurchased	Highest	Lowest	price paid
		所購回股份數目	每股	購買價格	已付總額
Month of repurchase	購回月份		最高	最低	
			HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000
			港元	港元	港幣千元
31 March 2013	二零一三年三月三十一日				
April 2012	二零一二年四月	2,286,000	2.51	1.88	5,180
December 2012	二零一二年十二月	404,000	2.28	2.03	864
		2,690,000			6,044
31 March 2012	二零一二年三月三十一日				
March 2012	二零一二年三月	108,000	1.96	1.94	212

A summary of the transactions during the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012 with reference to the movements in the Company's issued ordinary share capital is as follows:

經參考本公司於截至二零一三年及二零一二年 三月三十一日止年度已發行普通股本變動之交 易概要載列如下:

		Number of ordinary shares in issue	Issued capital	Share premium account	Total
		已發行 普通股數目	已發行股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股份溢價賬 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2011, 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012 Repurchase and cancellation of shares	於二零一一年四月一日、 二零一二年三月三十一日及 二零一二年四月一日 購回及註銷股份	390,707,640 (2,798,000)	39,070 (280)	222,482 (5,976)	261,552
At 31 March 2013	二零一三年三月三十一日	387,909,640	38,790	216,506	255,296

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32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the scheme include the Company's directors, including independent non-executive directors, other employees of the Company, and any executive director or employee of any of the Company's subsidiaries and any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest.

On 28 August 2012, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") to replace the share option scheme which was commenced on 17 September 2002 and was terminated on 28 August 2012 (the "Terminated Scheme"). The Scheme is valid and effective for a period of 10 years up to 27 August 2022, after which no further share options will be granted but the provisions of the Scheme shall remain in full force and effect in all other respects. Share options complying with the provisions of the Listing Rules which are granted during the duration of the Scheme and those remain unexercised immediately prior to the end of the 10-year period shall continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of grant as within the share option period for which such share options are granted, notwithstanding the expiry of the Scheme.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 38,831,364 ordinary shares, being 10.0% of the shares of the Company in issue as of 28 August 2012. As at the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme is 38,831,364 ordinary shares, representing 10.01% of the existing issued share capital of the Company. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

32. 購股權計劃

本公司設有購股權計劃藉此鼓勵及回饋對本集 團營運業績有寶貴貢獻之合資格參與者。計劃 之合資格參與者包括本公司之董事(包括獨立 非執行董事)、其他僱員及本公司附屬公司及 本集團擁有任何股份權益之實體之執行董事或 僱員。

於二零一二年八月二十八日,本公司採納一項 購股權計劃(「計劃」),以取代於二零零二年九 月十七日開始並於二零一二年八月二十八日終 止之購股權計劃(「終止計劃」)。計劃之有效期 為10年,至二零二二年八月二十七日為止。其 後將不會再授出任何購股權,但計劃之條款在 所有其他方面仍然生效及有效。所有在符合上 市規則條例下,並於計劃10年有效期內授出, 但在計劃期屆滿前仍未被行使之購股權,仍可 按該購股權授出時之條件行使,並不受計劃期 滿之影響。

目前根據計劃容許授出之尚未行使購股權之最高數目為38,831,364股普通股,相等於本公司在二零一二年八月二十八日已發行股份之10.0%。於本報告簽發日期,根據計劃可供發行之股份數目為38,831,364股普通股,相等於本公司現已發行股本之10.01%。在任何十二個月期間內,根據計劃可向計劃內之每名合資格參與者發行之最高股份數目不得超逾本公司在任何時間之已發行股份之1%。任何進一步授出超逾此限額之購股權,則須在股東大會上取得股東批准。

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32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

Share options granted to a director or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors of the Company (excluding an independent non-executive director who is a grantee of the share options). In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of each grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of offer, upon receipt of the duplicate offer letter comprising acceptance of the offer duly signed by the grantee with the number of shares in respect of which the offer is accepted clearly stated therein, together with payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 by the grantee to the Company provided that no offer shall be open for acceptance after the expiry of the Scheme or after the Scheme has been terminated. The terms and conditions of the share options granted are determinable by the directors on a case-by-case basis. Such terms and conditions may include, but are not limited to (i) the subscription price; (ii) the period within which the Company's shares must be taken up under the share option, which must not be more than 10 years from the offer date; (iii) the minimum period, if any, for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised; and (iv) the performance target, if any, that must be achieved before the share option can be exercised.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors in their absolute discretion at the time of the making of the offer which shall be stated in the letter containing the offer, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

32. 購股權計劃(續)

授予本公司董事、主要股東或彼等之任何聯繫人士之購股權,須事先取得本公司獨立非執行董事之批准(任何獲授予購股權之獨立非執行董事不計算在內)。此外,在任何十二個月期間內授予本公司之主要股東或獨立非執行董事,或彼等之任何聯繫人士之任何購股權超逾本公司於任何時間之已發行股份之0.1%及其總值(按授出購股權當日之股份收市價計算)超逾5百萬港元者,則須事先在股東大會上取得股東批准。

授出購股權之建議須於授出購股權建議之日期起計28日內獲接納,承授人亦須就此繳交已簽署的授出購股權建議書的副本,其中須設出購股權建議書的副本,其中須護司,接納購股權之數目,連同合共1港元之代價予公司,惟購股權之建議,將不能在購股權之間,以條件由董事按個別情況决定,有關條數及條件由董事按個別情況决定,有關條數及條件包括但不限於(i)股份認購價;(ii)購股權之行使期,期限不能遲於購股權授出日期限之行使期,期限不能遲於購股權授出日期起計十年;(iii)購股權最短須持有多久才可行使(如有);及(iv)表現目標,參與者於行使購股權前須達至之表現目標(如有)。

購股權之行使價由董事决定,有關的認購價須於授出購股權建議中註明,惟不得低於以下較高者(i)本公司股份於建議授出購股權當日(須為交易日)在聯交所每日報價表所報之收市價;(ii)本公司股份於緊接授出購股權建議日期前五個交易日在聯交所每日報價表所報的平均收市價(以聯交所每日報價表所載者為準);及(iii)本公司股份之面值。

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於股東大會 上投票之權力。

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32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

During the year, no share option (2012: Nil) was granted to directors and other employees of the Company or employees of any of the Company's subsidiaries and any entities in which the Group holds any equity interests.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had no share option outstanding under the Terminated Scheme and/or the Scheme (2012: Nil).

33. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 56 to 57 of the financial statements.

The Group's share premium account includes (i) the credit of HK\$19,900,000 which represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital issued by the Company and the aggregate nominal value of the share capital of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation in 1993; and (ii) the debit of HK\$23,684,000 arising from the cancellation of the repurchased shares during the years ended 31 March 2013, 2011 and 2010.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for Foreign Investment Enterprises, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries and the Group's associates operating as Foreign Investment Enterprises in Mainland China has been transferred to the reserve funds. The reserve funds are non-distributable in nature and can be utilised to offset the losses incurred.

The capital reserve represents the Group's share of capitalisation of retained profits by an associate.

32. 購股權計劃(續)

年內,概無授出購股權(二零一二年:無)予本公司董事及本公司其他僱員或本公司任何附屬公司及本集團持有任何權益之實體之僱員。

於報告期末,本公司於終止計劃及/或計劃並 無尚未行使購股權(二零一二年:無)。

33. 儲備

(a) 集團

本集團在年內及過往年度之儲備及其變動 在財務報告第56頁及57頁之綜合權益變動 表內呈列。

本集團股份溢價賬包括:(i)為數19,900,000 港元之進賬額,乃本公司已發行股本面值 與根據一九九三年集團重組而收購之附 屬公司之股本面值總額兩者間之差額;及 (ii) 23,684,000港元之扣賬額,乃於截至二 零一三年、二零一一年及二零一零年三月 三十一日止年度註銷已購回股份而產生。

根據有關外商投資企業的法例和規則,由本集團於中國大陸以外商投資企業方式經營之附屬公司及聯營公司已按法定的比例 撥備溢利為不可分派的儲備金,並可用作 抵銷所產生之虧損。

股本儲備指本集團所佔一聯營公司之資本 化保留溢利。

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33. RESERVES (continued)

(b) Company

33. 儲備(續)

(b) 公司

				Available-					
				for-sale					
			Share	investment	Capital				
			premium	revaluation	redemption	Retained			
					account	reserve	reserve	profits	Total
				可供出售					
				投資重估	資本				
			股份溢價賬	儲備	贖回儲備	保留溢利	總計		
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元		
At 1 April 2011	於二零一一年四月一日之結餘		256,301	96	886	22,727	280,010		
Total comprehensive	年內總全面收益/(虧損)								
income/(loss) for the year			_	(79)	_	27,750	27,671		
Repurchase of shares not yet	購回尚未註銷股份								
cancelled			_	_	(212)	_	(212)		
Interim 2012 dividend	二零一二年中期股息	12	-	_	_	(7,814)	(7,814)		
Proposed final 2012 dividend	二零一二年建議末期股息	12				(19,416)	(19,416)		
At 31 March 2012 and	於二零一二年三月三十一日及								
at 1 April 2012	二零一二年四月一日		256,301	17	674	23,247	280,239		
Total comprehensive	年內總全面收益/(虧損)								
income/(loss) for the year			-	(4)	-	30,623	30,619		
Repurchase of shares	購回股份		(5,976)	=	492	(280)	(5,764)		
Interim 2013 dividend	二零一三年中期股息	12	-	_	_	(7,760)	(7,760)		
Proposed final 2013 dividend	二零一三年建議末期股息	12				(19,395)	(19,395)		
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日		250,325	13	1,166	26,435	277,939		

The Company's share premium account includes (i) the credit of HK\$53,719,000 which represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital issued by the Company and the combined net assets of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation in 1993; and (ii) the debit of HK\$23,684,000 arising from the cancellation of the repurchased shares during the years ended 31 March 2013, 2011 and 2010. Under the Company Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands, a distribution may be made from the share premium account in certain circumstances.

The difference between the share premium account of the Company and that of the Group represents the difference between the aggregate nominal value of the share capital of the subsidiaries and their combined net assets acquired, pursuant to the group reorganisation in 1993, as detailed above.

本公司股份溢價賬包括(i)為數53,719,000港元之進賬額,乃本公司已發行股本之面值與根據一九九三年集團重組所收購之附屬公司之合併資產淨值兩者間之差額;及(ii)23,684,000港元之扣賬額,乃於截至二零一三年、二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日止年度註銷已購回股份所產生。根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂),在若干情況下可從股份溢價賬中進行股息分派。

本公司與本集團股份溢價之差額乃根據 一九九三年集團重組,如上文所述,為收購之 附屬公司之股本面值總額與彼等之合併資產淨 值兩者間之差額。

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34. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

34. 出售附屬公司

		Note 附註	二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Net assets disposed of:	出售之淨資產:		
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		194
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應言	十負債	(279)
			(85)
Exchange reserve realised upon disposal	於出售附屬公司時實理	見	
of subsidiaries	之匯兑波動儲備		(4,639)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	5	4,724
			港元
Satisfied by cash	現金收款		1
An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash respect of the disposal of subsidiaries is as follow	щ	售附屬公司之現金及現金 如下:	等值項目淨流出分
			HK\$'000
			港幣千元
Cash consideration	現金代價		_
Cash and bank balances disposed of	出售之現金及銀行結餘	\$	(194)
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents	出售附屬公司之現金及	及現金等	
in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries	值項目淨流出		(194)

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35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

35.或然負債

於報告期末,並未於財務報告中作出準備之或 然負債如下:

		Group 集團		Company 公司	
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Bank guarantees given in lieu of utility and property rental deposits	就公用事業及租務 保證金作出之 銀行擔保	-	387	-	_
Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries Guarantees given to third parties	就附屬公司之銀行 信貸向銀行 提供擔保 就一間附屬公司	-	-	1,665,591	1,688,737
in connection with lease payments for lease agreements entered into by a subsidiary	已訂租約之租賃 款項向第三者 作出之擔保			38,672	45,354
			387	1,704,263	1,734,091

As at 31 March 2013, the banking facilities granted to subsidiaries subject to guarantees given to banks by the Company were utilised to the extent of approximately HK\$820,781,000 (2012: HK\$887,488,000).

於二零一三年三月三十一日,附屬公司獲得的銀行信貸額在本公司給予銀行的擔保下,已動用之金額約為820,781,000港元(二零一二年:887,488,000港元)。

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36. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment property (note 15) to an associate under an operating lease arrangement, with a lease negotiated for a term of two years.

At 31 March 2013, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under a non-cancellable operating lease with its associate falling due as follows:

36. 經營租約安排

(a) 作為出租人

本集團按經營租賃安排出租集團之投資物業(附註15)予一所聯營公司。經磋商之租 約年期為兩年。

於二零一三年三月三十一日,根據與聯營 公司訂立之不可撤銷經營租賃,本集團未 來於下列期限可收取之最低租金總額如 下:

Gre	oup
集	團

			水 岡
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Within one year	一年內	254	1,000
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年,包括首尾兩年		250
		254	1,250

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36. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (continued)

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain land and buildings under operating lease arrangements. Leases are negotiated for terms ranging from one to fifty years. The Group has the option of extending the leases by up to three years in certain operating lease arrangements.

At 31 March 2013, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

36. 經營租約安排(續)

(b) 作為承租人

本集團按經營租賃安排租賃若干土地及樓 宇。經磋商之租約年期由一年至五十年不 等。於若干經營租賃安排,本集團有權選 擇延長租賃期達三年。

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團根據 未來不可撤銷之經營租約而於下列期限應 付之最低租約款項如下:

Group 集團

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive After five years	一年內 第二至第五年,包括首尾兩年 第五年後	116,896 103,220 45,794	98,351 95,052 33,366
		265,910	226,769

The operating lease rentals of certain retail shops are based on the sales of those shops. In the opinion of the directors, as the future sales of those retail shops could not be accurately estimated at the end of the reporting period, the relevant rental commitments have not been included above.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company did not have any future minimum lease receivables or payments under noncancellable operating leases (2012: Nil). 若干零售店舖之經營租賃租金乃按該等店 舖之銷售額計算。董事認為,由於難以於 報告期末準確估計該等零售店舖日後之銷 售額,故以上並無包括有關之租金承擔。

於報告期末,本公司在不可撤銷經營租賃下, 並無任何日後最低租賃應收款項或付款(二零 一二年:無)。

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37. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 36(b) above, the Group had capital commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment at the end of the reporting period:

37. 承擔

除上文附註36(b)詳述之經營租約承擔外,本集 團於報告期末就物業、廠房及設備之資本承擔 如下:

			Group	
			集團	
		2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	
Contracted, but not provided for	已訂約但未撥備	513	4,657	

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had no significant commitments (2012: Nil).

於報告期末,本公司無重大承擔(二零一二年: 無)。

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with its related parties during the year:

38. 關連人士交易

(a) 除此等財務報告其他地方所詳述之交易及 結餘外,年內本集團與其關連人士訂立下 列重大交易:

		Notes 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Purchases of goods from associates	向聯營公司採購	(i)	353,760	339,156
Sales of goods to associates	向聯營公司銷售	(ii)	12,312	13,453
Promotion expenses reimbursed	聯營公司退還宣傳開支			
by associates		(iii)	19,315	18,039
Rental income from an associate	來自聯營公司之租金收入	(iv)	1,045	989
Sales of goods to a subsidiary	向本公司主要股東之	, ,		
of a substantial shareholder	附屬公司銷售貨品			
of the Company	14 / V - V - V - M - M - M - M - M - M - M -	(v)	3,113	
or the Company		(v)	3,113	

財務報告附註

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) (continued)

Notes:

- The cost of purchases from associates was made at predetermined prices agreed between the parties.
- (ii) The selling prices of the goods sold to associates were determined by reference to prices and conditions similar to those offered to other major customers.
- (iii) The promotion expenses reimbursed by associates were determined by reference to the costs incurred by the Group.
- (iv) The rental income from an associate was determined between the Group and the associate.
- (v) The selling prices of the goods sold were determined by reference to prices and conditions similar to those offered to other major customers.

(b) Outstanding balances with related parties:

- (i) Details of the amounts due from associates to the Group at the end of the reporting period are included in note 20 to the financial statements.
- (ii) Details of the Group's trade balances with its associates at the end of the reporting period are disclosed in notes 24 and 28 to the financial statements.

(c) Commitments with related parties

On 1 July 2011, a subsidiary of the Group entered into a two-year agreement with an associate, to lease the Group's investment property to that associate. Details of the operating lease commitment are disclosed in note 36(a) to the financial statements.

38. 關連人士交易(續)

(a) (續)

附註:

- (i) 向聯營公司採購之成本乃根據訂約方預先 議定之價格而釐定。
- (ii) 向聯營公司銷售之售價乃參照向其他主要 客戶提出之類似價格及條件釐定。
- (iii) 聯營公司退還宣傳開支乃根據實際交易成 本釐定。
- (iv) 來自聯營公司之租金收入乃由本集團與聯 營公司釐定。
- (v) 銷售貨品之售價乃經參考給予其他主要股 東之類似價格及條款後釐定。

(b) 與關連人士之尚未償還結餘:

- (i) 於報告期末,聯營公司結欠本集團之 款項詳情,載於財務報告附註20。
- (ii) 於報告期末,本集團與其聯營公司之 貿易結餘詳情於財務報告附註24及28 披露。

(c) 與關連人士之承擔

於二零一一年七月一日,本公司一間附屬公司與一間聯營公司訂立兩年期協議,以出租本集團投資物業予該聯營公司。有關經營租賃承擔之詳情已於財務報告附註36(a)披露。

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38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(d) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

38. 關連人士交易(續)

(d) 本集團主要管理人員之報酬:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	二零一二年 HK\$'000
Short term employee benefits Pension scheme contributions	短期僱員福利 退休金計劃供款	18,585 750	
		19,335	18,950

Further details of directors' and the chief executive's emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

The related party transactions set out in note 38(a)(v) also constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

董事及最高行政人員酬金之進一步詳情載 於財務報告附註8。

上文附註38(a)(v)項所述之關連人士交易亦構成 上市規則第14A章所界定之持續關連交易。

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39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

39. 金融工具之分類

於報告期末,各類金融工具之賬面值如下:

Group – 2013 Financial assets 集團-二零一三年 金融資產

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 按公平值透過	Loans and receivables	Available- for-sale financial assets	Tota	
		損益入賬之 金融資產 HK\$'000 港幣千元	貸款及 應收款 HK\$'000 港幣千元	可供出售 之金融資產 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	_	_	77,533	77,533	
Due from associates	應收聯營公司	_	15	_	15	
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	_	502,953	_	502,953	
Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and	包括於預付款項、 訂金及其他應收					
other receivables	賬款之金融資產	_	73,409	_	73,409	
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值透過損益					
through profit or loss	入賬之金融資產	12,012	_	_	12,012	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目		610,724		610,724	
		12,012	1,187,101	77,533	1,276,646	

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39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY **CATEGORY** (continued)

Group – 2012 Financial assets

39. 金融工具之分類(續)

集團-二零一二年 金融資產

		Available-	
		for-sale	
	Loans and	financial	
	receivables	assets	Total
	貸款及	可供出售	
	應收款	之金融資產	總額
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
可供出售投資	_	93,208	93,208
應收聯營公司	561	_	561
應收貿易賬款	525,978	_	525,978
包括於預付款項、			
訂金及其他應收賬款			
之金融資產	81,251	_	81,251
現金及現金等值項目	552,147		552,147
	1,159,937	93,208	1,253,145
	應收聯營公司 應收貿易賬款 包括於預付款項、 訂金及其他應收賬款 之金融資產	receivables 貸款及應收款 應收款 HK\$'000 港幣千元 一 應收聯營公司 561 應收貿易賬款 525,978 包括於預付款項、 訂金及其他應收賬款 之金融資產 81,251 現金及現金等值項目 552,147	Loans and receivables assets 貸款及 可供出售 使敬款 之金融資產 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 日本

Group Financial liabilities 集團 金融負債

		2013 二零一三年 Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本入賬 的金融負債 HK\$'000	2012 二零一二年 Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本入賬 的金融負債 HK\$'000
Financial liabilities included in trade payables, other payables and accruals Interest-bearing bank borrowings	包括於應付貿易賬款、 其他應付款項及應計 負債之金融負債 須繳付利息之銀行貸款	港幣千元 309,794 856,163	港幣千元 284,422 934,592
		1,165,957	1,219,014

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39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY **CATEGORY** (continued)

Company

Financial assets

39. 金融工具之分類(續)

公司 金融資產

		2013			2012	
		二零一三年			二零一二年	
		Available-			Available-	
	Loans and	for-sale		Loans and	for-sale	
	receivables	financial assets	Total	receivables	financial assets	Total
	貸款及	可供出售		貸款及	可供出售	
	應收款	之金融資產	總額	應收款	之金融資產	總額
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
可供出售投資	_	148	148	_	152	152
	649,707	_	649,707	615,653	_	615,653
現金及銀行結餘	804		804	463		463
	650,511	148	650,659	616,116	152	616,268
	可供出售投資 應收附屬公司 現金及銀行結餘	receivables 貸款及 應收款 應收款 HK\$'000 港幣千元 一 可供出售投資 - 應收附屬公司 649,707 現金及銀行結餘 804	Compared Compared	二零一三年 Available- Loans and for-sale receivables financial assets 貸款及 可供出售 應收款 之金融資產 總額 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000	二零一三年 Available- Loans and for-sale financial assets Loans and receivables 貸款及 可供出售 應收款 之金融資產 總額 所收款 2金融資產 總額 應收款 應收款 形K\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 可供出售投資	二零一三年 Available- Loans and receivables financial assets Total financial assets Loans and receivables financial assets 貸款及 可供出售 貸款及 可供出售 應收款 之金融資產 總額 應收款 之金融資產 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 可供出售投資 - 148 148 - 152 應收附屬公司 649,707 - 649,707 615,653 - 現金及銀行結餘 804 - 804 463 -

Company Financial liabilities

公司 金融負債

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		Financial	Financial
		liabilities at	liabilities at
		amortised cost	amortised cost
		按攤銷成本入賬	按攤銷成本入賬
		的金融負債	的金融負債
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Due to subsidiaries Financial liabilities included in	應付附屬公司 應付貿易賬款、其他應付	406,723	369,600
trade payables, other payables and accruals	款項及應計負債 之金融負債	1,059	1,097
		407,782	370,697

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40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

40. 公平值及公平值架構

本集團及本公司金融工具之賬面值及公平值載 列如下:

			Gre 集	oup 團	
		Carrying amounts 賬面值		Fair values 公平值	
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets	金融資產				
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through	現金及現金等值項目 按公平值透過損益	610,724	552,147	610,724	552,147
profit or loss Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and	入賬之金融資產 預付款項、訂金及 其他應收款項之	12,012	-	12,012	-
other receivables	金融資產	73,409	81,251	73,409	81,251
Trade receivables	應收貿易款項	502,953	525,978	502,953	525,978
Due from associates	應收聯營公司款項	15	561	15	561
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	74,800	90,475	74,800	90,475
		1,273,913	1,250,412	1,273,913	1,250,412
		Carrying			values 平值
		賬百			
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		—◆一三年 HK\$'000	→◆一→年 HK\$'000	—◆一三年 HK\$'000	→◆一→午 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Financial liabilities	金融負債				
Financial liabilities included in trade payables, other payables	應付貿易賬款、其他 應付款項及應計負債				
and accruals	之金融負債	309,794	284,422	309,794	284,422
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	須繳付利息之銀行貸款	856,163	934,592	856,163	934,592
		1,165,957	1,219,014	1,165,957	1,219,014

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40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (continued)

40.公平值及公平值架構(續)

Company
$\mathbf{v} \rightarrow$

		公旦				
		Carrying	amounts	Fair v	alues	
		賬面值		公平值		
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
Financial assets	金融資產					
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	148	152	148	152	
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司	649,707	615,653	649,707	615,653	
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	804	463	804	463	
		650,659	616,268	650,659	616,268	
		Carrying	amounts	Fair v	alues	
		賬百	f值	公平值		
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
Financial liabilities	金融負債					
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司	406,723	369,600	406,723	369,600	
Accruals	應計負債	1,059	1,097	1,059	1,097	
		107 511				
		407,782	370,697	407,782	370,697	

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40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The Group and the Company use the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair values of financial instruments:

Level 1: fair values measured based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which any inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

Assets measured at fair value:

As at 31 March 2013

40. 公平值及公平值架構(續)

公平值架構

本集團及本公司以下列架構釐定及披露金融工 具之公平值:

第一層:根據相同資產或負債在活躍市場之報 價(未經調整)而計量公平值

第二層:根據所有對已列賬公平值有重要影響 而直接或間接可觀察的資料輸入的估 值方法而計量公平值

第三層:並非根據可觀察的市場數據(非可觀 察資料輸入)而對已列賬公平值有重 要影響之所有資料輸入的估值方法而 計量公平值

按公平值計量之資產:

於二零一三年三月三十一日

		Level 1 第一層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Group 集團 Level 2 第二層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Company 公司 Level 1 第一層 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Available-for-sale investments: Listed equity investments Unlisted club debenture Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	可供出售投資: 上市權益投資 非上市會所債券 按公平值透過損益 入賬之金融資產	74,473 - 12,012	327	74,473 327 12,012	148 -
		86,485	327	86,812	148

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40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Assets measured at fair value: (continued)

As at 31 March 2012

40. 公平值及公平值架構(續)

公平值架構(續)

按公平值計量之資產:(續)

於二零一二年三月三十一日

		Group 集團			Company 公司
		Level 1 第一層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第二層 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元	Level 1 第一層 <i>HK\$'000</i> 港幣千元
Available-for-sale investments: Listed equity investments Unlisted club debenture	可供出售投資: 上市權益投資 非上市會所債券	90,148	327	90,148	152
		90,148	327	90,475	152

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 in the Group and the Company (2012: Nil).

The Group and the Company did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 March 2013 (2012: Nil).

年內,本集團及本公司之第一層及第二層之間 並無轉移公平值計量,而第三層並無轉入或轉 出之情況(二零一二年:無)。

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團及本公司 並無任何按公平值計算之金融負債(二零一二 年:無)。

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise interestbearing bank borrowings and cash and short term deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as available-for-sale investments, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, trade receivables, other receivables, trade payables and other payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and equity price risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括須繳付利息之銀行貸款及現金及短期定期存款。該等金融工具之主要用途乃為本集團之營運融資。本集團擁有可供出售投資、按公平值透過損益入賬之金融資產、應收貿易賬款、其他應收款項、應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項等各種其他金融資產及負債,乃由其經營直接產生。

因本集團之金融工具而產生之主要風險為利率 風險、外匯風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及 股權價格風險。董事會覆核及同意管理各項該 等風險之議定政策概述如下。

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's short and long term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Group's policy is to manage its interest cost using variable rate debts, which is regularly reviewed by senior management.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings) and the Group's equity. There is no impact on the Company's equity.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險

本集團須承擔市場利率變化之風險主要與本集團以浮動利率計息之短期及長期債務責任有關。

本集團政策是使用浮動利率的債務管理利息成 本,而由高級管理層定期檢查。

下表載列集團之除稅前溢利(透過浮息借款的 影響)及本集團權益對利率之合理可能變動(所 有其他因素維持不變)之敏感度。利率風險對 本公司之股權並無影響。

			Group 集團	
			Increase/	
		Increase/	(decrease)	Increase/
		(decrease) in	in profit	(decrease)
		basis points	before tax	in equity*
		基點	除税前溢利	權益*
		增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			<i>港幣千元</i> ————	港幣千元
2013	二零一三年			
Hong Kong dollar	港元	25	(1,100)	_
Japanese yen	日圓	25	(844)	_
RMB	人民幣	25	(286)	-
Hong Kong dollar	港元	(25)	1,100	_
Japanese yen	日圓	(25)	844	-
RMB	人民幣	(25)	286	-
2012	二零一二年			
Hong Kong dollar	港元	25	(1,342)	_
Japanese yen	日圓	25	(617)	_
RMB	人民幣	25	(335)	-
Hong Kong dollar	港元	(25)	1,342	
Japanese yen	日圓	(25)	617	1 - 1
RMB	人民幣	(25)	335	-

^{*} Excluding retained profits

^{*} 不包括保留溢利

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES**

(continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from sales or purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currency.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the Japanese yen and RMB exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities) and the Group's equity (due to changes in fair value of forward currency contracts). There is no impact on the Company's equity.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外匯風險

Increase/

本集團要面對交易貨幣風險。該等風險乃因為 經營單位以單位之功能貨幣以外之貨幣進行買 賣而產生。

下表顯示在所有其他變量均保持不變之情況 下,本集團除稅前溢利(由於貨幣資產及負債 的公平值變動所致)及本集團權益(由於遠期貨 幣合約的公平值變動所致)於報告期末對日圓 及人民幣匯率合理可能波動之敏感度。外滙風 險對本公司之權益並無影響。

Increase/

(decrease)

Increase/

		Ilici case/	(ueci ease)	IIICI case/	
		(decrease) in	in profit	(decrease)	
		rate	before tax	in equity* 權益* 增加/(減少)	
		匯率	除税前溢利		
		增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)		
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		70	港幣千元	港幣千元	
			在市 1 儿	一	
2013	二零一三年				
If Hong Kong dollar weakens	若港元兑日圓弱勢				
against Japanese yen		1	(3,193)	_	
If Hong Kong dollar weakens	若港元兑人民幣弱勢				
against RMB		1	620	_	
If Hong Kong dollar strengthens	若港元兑日圓強勢	-	V2 V		
against Japanese yen	410/0/19 644/	(1)	3,193	_	
If Hong Kong dollar strengthens	若港元兑人民幣強勢	(1)	3,173		
against RMB		(1)	(620)		
against KMD		(1)	(020)	_	
2012	二零一二年				
If Hong Kong dollar weakens	若港元兑日圓弱勢				
against Japanese yen	H 187978 11 14 14 77	1	654	_	
If Hong Kong dollar weakens	若港元兑人民幣弱勢	•			
against RMB	4 18/8/20/10 49/3/	1	722		
If Hong Kong dollar strengthens	若港元兑日圓強勢	1	122	_	
	有他儿儿日圆烛旁	(1)	(654)		
against Japanese yen	专进二节 日 敞 冷 葱	(1)	(654)		
If Hong Kong dollar strengthens	若港元兑人民幣強勢				
against RMB		(1)	(722)		

Excluding retained profits

^{*} 不包括保留溢利

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy customers. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, available-for-sale investments, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, amounts due from associates and deposits other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments. The Group is also exposed to credit risk through the granting of financial guarantees, further details of which are disclosed in note 35 to the financial statements.

Since the Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy customers, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentrations of credit risk are managed by customer/counterparty, by geographical region and by industry sector. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group as the customer bases of the Group's trade receivables are widely dispersed in different sectors and industries.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements.

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g. trade receivables) and projected cash flows from operations. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of interest-bearing bank borrowings.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

本集團僅與獲公認兼信譽可靠之客戶進行交易。按照本集團之政策,所有擬按信貸期進行交易的客戶,必須先通過信貸核實程序。此外,本集團持續監察應收結餘之情況,而本集團之壞賬風險並不重大。

本集團包括現金及現金等值項目、可供出售投資、按公平值透過損益入賬之金融資產、應收聯營公司款項以及按金及其他應收款項之其他財務資產之信貸風險源自對方違約,最大風險相等於該等工具之賬面值。本集團因授出金融擔保而承受信貸風險,進一步詳情於財務報告附註35中披露。

由於本集團僅與獲認可兼信譽可靠的客戶進行 交易,故不需要任何抵押。重大信貸風險集中 的情況按客戶/交易對方、地區及行業進行管 理。鑒於本集團之貿易應收賬款之客戶基礎廣 泛分佈於各個領域及行業,故本集團內並無重 大信貸集中風險。

本集團源自應收貿易賬款之信貸風險之詳細數 據披露於財務報告附註24。

流動資金風險

本集團透過採用經常性流動資金計劃工具,監察資金短缺風險。此工具會考慮其金融工具及金融資產(如應收貿易賬款)的到期日及來自經營業務的預期現金流量。本集團的目標在於透過運用須繳付利息之銀行貸款,保持資金持續性與靈活性的平衡。

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

根據已訂約未貼現賬款,以下載列本集團於報 告期末之財務負債到期日:

Group 集團

			米団	
			2013	
			二零一三年	
		On demand		
		or less than	1 to 5	
		12 months	years	Total
		按要求或少於	1至5年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
		12個月償還 HK\$'000		
		港幣千元		
Trade payables and other payables	應付貿易賬款及			
Trade payables and other payables	其他應付款項	309,794	_	309,794
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	須繳付利息之銀行貸款	785,398	74,667	860,065
	原飙自刊心之蚁门 頁			
		1,095,192	74,667	1,169,859
			2012	
			二零一二年	
		On demand		
		or less than	1 to 5	
		12 months	years	Total
		按要求或少於		
		12個月償還	1至5年	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Trade payables and other payables	應付貿易賬款及			
Trace payables and other payables	其他應付款項	284,422	_	284,422
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	須繳付利息之銀行貸款	869,796	71,853	941,649
Bank guarantees given in lieu	就公用事業及租務保證金		. 1,000	711,017
of utility and property rental deposits	作出之銀行擔保	387	-	387
		1,154,605	71,853	1,226,458
		1,134,003	71,033	1,220,430

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Group

As at 31 March 2013, the Group's term loan with on demand clause in the amount of HK\$18,000,000 (2012: Nil) was repayable over one year in accordance with the terms of the loan. The loan agreement contained a repayment on demand clause giving the bank the unconditional right to call in the loan at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the total amount was classified as "on demand".

Notwithstanding the above clause, the directors do not believe that these bank loans will be called in its entirety within 12 months, and they consider that these borrowings will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the loan agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time.

Company

At the end of the reporting period, the amounts due to subsidiaries of HK\$406,723,000 (2012: HK\$369,600,000), guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries of HK\$820,781,000 (2012: HK\$887,488,000) utilised by the subsidiaries and guarantees given to third parties in connection with lease payments for lease agreements entered into by a subsidiary of HK\$38,672,000 (2012: HK\$45,354,000) are repayable on demand.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

集團

於二零一三年三月三十一日,根據貸款之條款,本集團具有按要求償還條款之有期貸款 18,000,000港元(二零一二年:無)可於一年後 償還。貸款條款含可隨時要求償還條款,賦予 銀行無條件權利隨時要求償還貸款,因此,就 上述到期狀況而言,該等總額已分類為「按要求」。

儘管載有上述條款,惟董事相信該等銀行貸款 將不會於12個月內全數催繳,故彼等認為該等 借貸將會按照貸款協議所載之到期日償還。於 作出有關評估時已考慮下列因素:本集團於財 務報告獲批准當日之財務狀況、本集團遵守貸 款契諾之情況、並無違約事件及本集團過往一 向準時按期還款。

公司

於報告期末,應付附屬公司款項406,723,000港元(二零一二年:369,600,000港元)、就附屬公司所動用之獲授融資而向銀行提供之擔保820,781,000港元(二零一二年:887,488,000港元)及就一間附屬公司訂立之租賃協議有關之租賃付款向第三方作出之擔保38,672,000港元(二零一二年:45,354,000港元)為按要求償還。

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from individual equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments (note 21) and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 26) as at 31 March 2013.

If the prices of the respective listed equity investments had been 3% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's and the Company's available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve would have increased/decreased by approximately HK\$2,234,000 (2012: HK\$2,704,000) and HK\$4,000 (2012: HK\$5,000), respectively, at 31 March 2013 as a result of the changes in the fair value of the Group's and the Company's certain available-for-sale investments, and the Group's profit after tax for the year would have increased/decreased by approximately HK\$360,000 (2012: Nil) as a result of the changes in the fair value of the Group's held-for-trading investments.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

股票價格風險

股票價格風險是指因股權指數水平及個別證券之價值變動而致權益證券公平值降低之風險。 於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團承受因列 作可供出售投資(附註21)及按公平值透過損益 入賬之金融資產(附註26)之個別權益投資而引 致股權價格風險。

倘各上市股本投資之價格增加/減少3%,其他變數維持不變,於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團及本公司之可供出售投資重估儲備將因本集團及本公司若干可供出售投資之公平值變動而分別增加/減少約2,234,000港元(二零一二年:2,704,000港元)及4,000港元(二零一二年:5,000港元),而本集團之本年度除稅後溢利將因本集團持作買賣投資之公平值變動而增加/減少約360,000港元(二零一二年:無)。

財務報告附註

Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or repurchase shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2013 and 31 March 2012.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is interest-bearing bank borrowings divided by equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The gearing ratio is regularly reviewed by senior management. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資本管理

本集團之主要資本管理目標為確保本集團有能 力按持續經營業務之原則營運及維持健康資本 比率以支持其業務並最大化股東價值。

本集團根據經濟條件之變化及管理資本結構並 加以調整。為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可 調整對股東之派息、向股東退回資本、發行新 股或購回股份。於截至二零一三年三月三十一 日及二零一二年三月三十一日止年度內,資本 管理之目標、政策或流程並無出現變動。

本集團使用負債資本比率以監控資本,相等於 須繳付利息之銀行貸款除以本公司權益所有者 應佔權益所得比率。負債資本比率由高級管理 層定期檢查。於報告期末,負債資本比率如下:

Group 集團

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	須繳付利息之銀行貸款	856,163	934,592
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	歸屬於本公司權益 所有者的權益	1,204,725	1,105,862
Gearing ratio	負債資本比率	71 %	85%

42. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 June 2013.

42. 財務報告之批准

本財務報告已於二零一三年六月二十七日獲董事會批准並授權刊發。

Particulars of Property 物業詳情 Year ended 31 March 2013 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度 172

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

投資物業

			Percentage of attributable interest of the Group 本集團應佔 權益百分比
Location	Use	Tenure 年期	
位置	用途		
Levels 1 and 2 (west portion)	Industrial	Medium	100
of Four Seas Group Guangdong		term lease	
Headquarter Building Complex,			
Yuepu South Industrial Zone,			
Shantou, Guangdong Province,			
The People's Republic of China			
中華人民共和國	工業	中期租約	100
廣東省汕頭市月浦南工業區			
四洲集團廣東省總部			
綜合大樓一樓及二樓(西側)			

