

CONTINENTAL HOLDINGS LIMITED 恒和珠寶集團有限公司

(Stock Code: 00513) (股份代號: 00513)

ANNUAL REPORT 2013 二 零 一 三 年 度 年 報

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(In the event of inconsistency, the English text shall prevail over the Chinese text) (中英文版本如有歧異,概以英文本為準)

Corporate Information ■ 公司資料

董事會

執行董事

陳聖澤博士,BBS·太平紳士(主席) 鄭小燕女士(董事總經理) 陳慧琪女士

陳偉立先生

非執行董事

方剛先生

獨立非執行董事

余嘯天先生,BBS,MBE,太平紳士

陳炳權先生

施榮懷先生,太平紳士

張志輝先生

公司秘書

許松林先生

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles, BBS, JP (Chairman) Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley (Managing Director)

Ms. Chan Wai Kei, Vicki Mr. Chan Wai Lap, Victor

Non-executive Director

Mr. Fang Gang

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yu Shiu Tin, Paul, BBS, MBE, JP

Mr. Chan Ping Kuen, Derek

Mr. Sze Irons, JP

Mr. Cheung Chi Fai, Frank

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Hui Chun Lam



註冊辦事處

香港 九龍紅磡 鶴園街11號 凱旋工商中心第三期 1樓M及N座

網址

http://www.continental.com.hk

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 香港 中環干諾道中111號 永安中心25樓

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

股份過户登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心46樓

REGISTERED OFFICE

Flats M & N, 1st Floor Kaiser Estate, Phase III 11 Hok Yuen Street Hunghom, Kowloon Hong Kong

WEBSITE

http://www.continental.com.hk

AUDITOR

BDO Limited 25th Floor, Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKER

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 46th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai Hong Kong







恒和珠寶集團有限公司(「本公司」) 為一間投資控股有限公司。其附屬 公司(本公司及附屬公司於下文統 稱「本集團」)之主要業務為設計、 製造、推廣及買賣珠寶首飾及鑽石 產品。此外,本集團亦持有投資組 合,包括物業投資及發展、礦業以 及其他行業。

本集團在中國設有生產廠房,無 論在珠寶設計、原石採購、寶石切 割、雕琢、鑄金及煉金各方面均具 備全面生產之能力。眾所周知,本 集團之管理層悉力以製造品質完成 之珠寶首飾產品為目標,而其製成 品實可充分體現此目標之精神。

本集團於中國設有全面整合之鑽石 切割及珠寶生產設備。本集團擁有 約825名熟手工匠,以鑽石切割手工 精細及產品多元化而享負盛名。 Continental Holdings Limited (the "Company") is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries (the Company and the subsidiaries are hereinafter referred to as the "Group") are the designing, manufacturing, marketing and trading of fine jewellery and diamonds. Also, the Group maintains an investment portfolio including property investment and development, mining and other industries.

On the manufacturing side, Continental Jewellery (Mfg.) Limited, the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary, mainly engages in the product development, manufacture and marketing of fine jewellery primarily for export and is regarded as one of the leaders in fine jewellery manufacturing. A substantial share of our jewellery products is currently directed at the middle to upper segments of the market. We specialize in manufacturing fine jewellery in precious metal set with diamond, ruby, emerald, sapphire, pearl and other semiprecious stones.

The Group has production plants in China with full capabilities in jewellery design, direct stone sourcing, stone cutting, lapidary, alloying and gold refining. The management of the Group is known for its commitment to quality, and its finished products are visible testaments to that commitment.

The Group has fully-integrated diamond cutting and jewellery production facilities in China. With around 825 skilled workers, our facilities are best known for their quality and ability to handle diamond cutting works on a wide range of products.









陳聖澤博士, BBS, 太平紳士 集團主席 Chan Sing Chuk, Charles, BBS, JP Group Chairman

本人欣然提呈恒和珠寶集團有限公 司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(「本集 團」)截至二零一三年六月三十日止 財政年度之年報。

Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

I am pleased to present the annual report of Continental

業務回顧及前景

於二零一三年之財政年度,本集 團錄得營業額949.2佰萬港元(二零 一二年:955.7佰萬港元)。本公司 擁有人應佔溢利85.8佰萬港元(二零 一二年:214.9佰萬港元),每股基本 盈利為1.68港仙(二零一二年:4.72 港仙)。溢利減少乃主要由於並無錄 得在上一財政年度內因收購於中華 人民共和國(「中國」)從事開採及勘 探礦產資源業務之附屬公司所產生 的一次過收益364.8佰萬港元所致。

於回顧年度內,國際與本地的消 費者動力依然疲弱。儘管美國經濟 逐步復甦,而歐洲亦有相當的貨幣 政策支持,然而,消費者信心仍有 待恢復,尤其是奢侈品市場。近年 來,零售商一直在削減其供應商基 礎;然而,本集團卻能保留席位,

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

During the fiscal year 2013, the Group achieved a turnover of HK\$949.2 million (2012: HK\$955.7 million). Profit attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$85.8 million (2012: HK\$214.9 million) and basic earnings per share was HK1.68 cent (2012: HK4.72 cent). Such decrease in profit is mainly attributable to the absence of an one-off gain of HK\$364.8 million arising from acquisition of subsidiaries engaging in mining and exploration of mineral resources in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") recorded in the last fiscal year.

During the year under review, the momentum in consumer spending remains weak both internationally and locally. Despite the gradual economic recovery in the USA and significant monetary support in Europe, the consumer confidence has yet to revive particularly for the luxury market. In recent years retailers are truncating their supplier base; however, our Group has upheld our position as a







成為本集團大部分客戶傾向選擇的供應商。在中國,本集團相信這及場地區有強大的內部增長潛力,本會。有鑑於消費者需求增加,有鑑於消費者需求增加,間內不可以對於一個人。本學的一個人。本學的一個人。本學的一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。本集團繼續一個人。

preferred supplier of choice with most of our customers. In China, we believe there are strong intrinsic growth potential and opportunities in this market region. In view of the growing consumer demand, the Group opened two retail outlets and an additional one by the end of 2013 in Guangdong Province of the PRC. The jewellery business has continued to bring steady income to the Group. With continual investment and expansion in potential markets, we are optimistic in the jewellery growth in the near term as the overseas markets start to pick up.

As for property investment, the Group is maintaining two development projects in Hong Kong and the PRC. In Hong Kong, the project is located at No. 236-242 Des Voeux Road Central and the foundation work is in progress. The project occupies a site area of approximately 302 sq. m., which will be developed into a multi-storey commercial, shop and retail premises with a gross floor area of approximately 4,527 sq. m. The main contract of the pile cap and superstructure has been confirmed and the completion is expected by the end of 2015. Attributed to the very thriving property market in Hong Kong, the fair value gains on the investment property amounted to HK\$84.8 million (2012: HK\$1.6 million).

在中國,本集團透過50%共同控制 實體持有兩幅位於中國上海楊浦區 的土地,總地盤面積約18,101平方 米,總建築面積約98,881平方的 土地將會發展為一個11層高場 當多用途物業,包括大型商場中 當多用途物業,包括大型商場 車場設大面積停車場設施。地基工程已經竣工,物業建造工程 進展良好。租務活動亦已經展開, 本集團的目標為於二零一四年年底 完成。 In the PRC, the Group has a 50% interest through a jointly controlled entity which holds two parcels of land with a total site area of approximately 18,101 sq. m and a gross floor area of approximately 98,881 sq. m. in Yangpu District of Shanghai (上海楊浦區) in the PRC. The land parcels will be developed into an eleven-floored mid-scale multipurpose property comprising of a large shopping mall, offices with substantial car parking facilities. Basement level and foundation works have been completed and the construction of the property is in good progress. Leasing activities have also begun and we are targeting completion by end of 2014.









業務展望

儘管珠寶首飾行業逐漸復甦,然 而,本集團繼續加強其市場地位。 透過產品創新、技術運用及建立品 牌,本集團得以維持及增強其競場 優勢。本集團繼續專注於與各地區 之主要客戶緊密合作,促進業務 展望未來,本集團將會在新市場發 掘更多機會,並專注於本集團在珠 寶首飾方面之核心競爭優勢。

本集團各物業項目均進展良好,預期於二零一四年年底將會為本集團帶來收入貢獻。採礦業務方面,本集團將會繼續在元嶺礦區進行試產活動及對識別到具有潛力的目標進行進一步研究及開發。

在未來一年,本集團預期,市場環境將會繼續充滿挑戰,經濟狀況亦將會維持疲軟。憑著本集團穩固的地位,品牌越來越得到肯定,我們相信,本集團將會成為業內的領導者。

For the mining sector, trial production continued in the Hong Zhuang Gold Mine in the fiscal year of 2013. Although all gold resources estimated under category PRC 122b of the Yuanling mine field had been exhausted (Please refer to table of Annual Update on Details of Resources and/or Reserves on page 13), the Board took notice of an encouraging indication that some old shafts with residue ore with economic value can continue to support trial production in the near term. Activities such as re-visiting some of the old shafts and feasibility study of developing new shafts are being conducted. Meanwhile, targets with potential ore resources at promising grades were identified and further studies will be required to confirm the mining design at both the Yuanling and Hong Zhuang mine field.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK

Despite gradual recovery for the jewellery industry, the Group continues to strengthen our positioning in the market. Through product innovation, technology deployment, as well as brand building, the Group is able to sustain and increase its competitive advantage. Our Group remains focus in working closely and growing its business with key customers in each region. Going forward, the Group will explore more opportunities in new markets and focus our core competitive advantage in the jewellery segment.

Our property projects are all in good progress and we expect to see revenue contributions to the Group by the end of 2014. As for mining, the Group will continue the trial production activities at the Yuanling mine field and further studies and developments on the identified targets with potential.

In the coming year, we expect the market continues to be challenging and the economic condition will remain soft. With our strong foothold and increasing brand recognition, we believe the Group will emerge as a market leader.

可供出售之金融資產減值虧損

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團持有Macarthur Minerals Limited (「MMS」)之股本權益。MMS為一家於加拿大多倫多證券交易所上市之澳洲公司。本集團持有MMS權益作長期投資用途,其作為非流動資產中「可供出售之金融資產」入賬。

由於最近商品價格波動,因此, MMS之公平值下降至二零一三年 六月三十日約7,992,000港元(二零 一二年:18,068,000港元),相當 於本年度公平值虧損為10,076,000 港元。由於MMS之股份價格大幅度 及長期下跌,該公平值虧損金額已 經重新分類為可供出售之金融資產 減值虧損。該減值虧損被視為特殊 項目,對本集團之現金流並無任何 影響。

IMPAIRMENT LOSS OF AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

At 30 June 2013, the Group held an equity interest in Macarthur Minerals Limited ("MMS"), MMS is an Australian company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange in Canada. The Group holds the interest in MMS as for long term investment and accounted for as a non-current asset "available-for-sale financial assets".

As a result of the recent fluctuation in commodities price, the fair value of MMS declined to approximately HK\$7,992,000 as at 30 June 2013 (2012: HK\$18,068,000), representing a fair value loss of HK\$10,076,000 for the year. This amount of fair value loss, was as an impairment loss of available-forsale financial assets due to the significant and prolonged decline in the share price of MMS. The impairment losses were considered to be an exceptional item and did not have any effect on the Group's cash flow.



根據上市規則第18.15條、第 18.17條及第18.18條有關資源量 及/或儲量之詳情之年度更新

本集團的資源量及/或儲量於本年 度內並無重大變動,截至二零一三 年六月三十日止,本集團的資源量 及/或儲量詳情載於下列表中:

ANNUAL UPDATE ON DETAILS OF RESOURCES AND/OR RESERVES UNDER RULES OF 18.15, 18.17 AND 18.18 OF THE LISTING RULES

There has been no material change on the resources and/or reserves of the Group during the year. The following table shows the details of resources and/or reserves of the Group as at 30 June 2013:

附屬公司 Subsidiary	礦區 Mine field	面積 (平方千米) Area (km²)	報告日期 Reporting date	礦山類型 Type of mining operation	黃金資源量 (噸) Gold resources (t)	報告準則 Reporting Standard	黄金品位 (克/噸) Gold grade (g/t)
河南八方礦業 有限公司	紅莊 Hong Zhuang	1.09	二零一三年 六月三十日	地下 Underground	10.73	中國標準122b PRC 122b	5.58
Henan Multi-Resources			30 June 2013		5.46	中國標準332 PRC 332	1.89
Mining Company Limited*					24.66	中國標準333 PRC 333	4.46
	元嶺 Yuanling	4.57	二零一三年 六月三十日	地下 Underground	-	中國標準122b PRC 122b	-
	J		30 June 2013	J	0.05	中國標準333 PRC 333	3.87

黃金品位、礦體厚度和礦脈形狀等 因素和假設是有應用於估算資源量 及/或儲量。有關估算資源量及/ 或儲量的進一步信息請參閱本公司 日期為二零一零年一月二十五日之 通函附錄七第8部份。

* 中文名稱之非正式英文翻譯或音譯 僅供識別 Factors and assumptions such as gold grade, ore body thickness and shape of vein were considered for estimating the resources and/or reserves. Please refer to Section 8 of Appendix VII of the circular of the Company dated 25 January 2010 for further information of the resources and/or reserves estimation.

* The unofficial English translations or transliterations of Chinese names are for identification purpose only

流動資金、財務資源及負債

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團 之資產負債比率(即借貸淨額除以總 權益加借貸淨額)為0.22(二零一二 年:0.21)。借貸淨額乃按銀行及 其他借貸減現金及現金等額計算。 現金及現金等額總額為37,911,000 港元(二零一二年: 85,236,000港 元),主要以港元、美元及英鎊計 值。而現金及現金等額總額減少乃 主要由於支付採礦許可證餘款及墊 款予共同控制實體所致。銀行貸款 為336,181,000港元(二零一二年: 324,172,000港元),主要以港元及 人民幣計值。其他借款乃可換股票 據、應付關連公司款項、控股股東 提供的貸款以及應付最終控股公司 款項約202,666,000港元(二零一二 年:209,421,000港元)。銀行貸款 以本集團之投資物業、若干租賃土 地及建築物之第一法定押記作抵押 以及本公司提供之公司擔保作出 擔保。

在分類為流動負債之銀行貸款總額336,181,000港元中,按揭貸款及建造銀行貸款192,500,000港元根據合約於報告日期起計十二個月之後到期償還。

依循本集團之審慎財務管理,董事 認為本集團有充裕營運資金以應付 其營運需要。

資產抵押

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團 之投資物業、若干租賃土地及建築 物以及土地使用權,其總賬面淨值 為564,334,000港元(二零一二年: 475,126,000港元),經已按予若干 銀行作為本集團所獲一般銀行信貸 融資之抵押。

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND GEARING

As of 30 June 2013, the Group had a gearing ratio of 0.22 (2012: 0.21), which is calculated on net debt divided by total equity plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as the sum of bank and other borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total cash and cash equivalents were HK\$37,911,000 (2012: HK\$85,236,000) which were mainly denominated in Hong Kong Dollar, US Dollar and British Pound. The decrease in total cash and cash equivalents is mainly attributable to settlement of balance payment of the mining licence and advance to a jointly controlled entity. While bank loans were HK\$336,181,000 (2012: HK\$324,172,000) which were mainly denominated in Hong Kong Dollar and Renminbi. Other borrowings in respect of convertible notes, amount due to related companies, loan from a controlling shareholder and amount due to ultimate holding company were approximately of HK\$202,666,000 (2012: HK\$209,421,000). The bank loans are secured by first legal charges over the Group's investment property, certain leasehold land and buildings, and guaranteed by corporate guarantees executed by the Company.

Among the total bank loan of HK\$336,181,000 classified as current liabilities, a mortgage loan and construction bank loan of HK\$192,500,000 are contractually due for repayment after twelve months from the reporting date.

In line with the Group's prudent financial management, the Directors considered that the Group has sufficient working capital to meet its operational requirements.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As of 30 June 2013, the Group's investment property, certain leasehold land and buildings and land use rights with an aggregate net carrying value of HK\$564,334,000 (2012: HK\$475,126,000) were pledged to certain banks to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.



資本結構

重大合約

- i) 於二零一二年十一月八日,本公司(作為擔保人之一)為一家銀行之利益訂立信貸融資協議,內容有關銀行向本公司之共同控制實體的全資附屬公司提供本金為人民幣470,000,000元(相等於約582,800,000港元)之有期貸款信貸融資。有關進一步詳情,載於「重大事項」一節內。
- 於二零一一年三月三十 ii) 日,本公司向Famous Kev Holdings Limited (Famous Kev」)發行本金約為 58,167,000港元之可換股票 據,本公司應於二零一三 年三月三十日到期日到期 償還。於二零一三年三月 十八日,Famous Key向本公 司發出「寬限函」,據此, Famous Kev同意向本公司承 諾,其不會要求於緊隨到 期日後起計18個月內償還 本金58,167,000港元。有關 進一步詳情載於財務報表 附註三十五內。

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

All the Group's borrowings are denominated in local Hong Kong Dollar and Renminbi. Interest is determined on the basis of Hong Kong Interbank Offering Rate or Prime Rate for Hong Kong Dollar borrowings, and the benchmark lending rate of the People's Bank of China for Renminbi borrowings. The Group also made use of foreign exchange forward contracts in order to minimise exchange rate risk as a result of fluctuation in British Pound. There was no change to the Group's capital structure during the year ended 30 June 2013. In light of the current financial position of the Group and provided there is no unforeseeable circumstance, the management does not anticipate the need to change the capital structure.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

- i) On 8 November 2012, the Company as one of the guarantors, entered into a facility agreement in favour of a bank in relation to the provision of a term loan facility in the principal amount of RMB470,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$582,800,000) by the bank to a wholly-owned subsidiary of a jointly controlled entity of the Company. Further details of which are set out in the section under "Significant Event".
- ii) The Company had issued a convertible note in the principal amount of approximately HK\$58,167,000 to Famous Key Holdings Limited ("Famous Key") on 30 March 2011 which should be due and payable by the Company on maturity date falling on 30 March 2013. On 18 March 2013, Famous Key has issued a "Letter of Indulgence" to the Company, pursuant to which, Famous Key agreed to undertake in favor of the Company that it would not demand the repayment of the principal amount of HK\$58,167,000 for another 18 months commencing immediately after the maturity date. Further details of which are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

控股股東提供的墊款

於二零一二年六月三十日,本公司 尚未償還陳聖澤博士(「陳博士」) 之貸款為105,000,000港元。貸款 為無抵押、按每年1.5%計算利息 及並無固定還款期。於日期為二零 一三年六月六日之補充貸款協議 後,本公司須於二零一五年六月 三十日或之前償還90,000,000港元 予陳博士及須按其酌情於任何時間 償還15,000,000港元。於二零一三 年六月十四日,本公司已經償還 5,000,000港元予陳博士。

根據二零一二年十月二十六日之另一項貸款協議,陳博士墊付予本公司一家全資附屬公司額外貸款人民幣4,000,000元(相等於約5,022,000港元),貸款為無抵押、免息及於兩年後到期償還。

於二零一三年六月三十日,本 集團尚未償還陳博士之金額為 105,022,000港元。

ADVANCE FROM A CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

As at 30 June 2012, the Company had outstanding loan of HK\$105,000,000 due to Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles ("Dr. Chan"). The loan is unsecured, interest-bearing at 1.5% per annum and has no fixed terms of repayment. Subsequent to a supplemental loan agreement dated 6 June 2013, the Company shall repay HK\$90,000,000 to Dr. Chan on or before 30 June 2015 and HK\$15,000,000 at any time under its discretion. The Company has made repayment to Dr. Chan on 14 June 2013 in the amount of HK\$5,000,000.

Pursuant to another loan agreement dated 26 October 2012, an additional loan amount of RMB4,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$5,022,000) is advanced from Dr. Chan to a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, the loan is unsecured, interest-free and repayable in two years.

As at 30 June 2013, an amount of HK\$105,022,000 remains outstanding owed by the Group to Dr. Chan.



或然負債

本公司就借予其附屬公司的銀行貸款提供528,381,000港元(二零一二年:487,500,000港元)之擔保。本公司就銀行授予本公司的共同控制實體之附屬公司之有期貸款信貸融資而給予銀行擔保為數人民幣235,000,000元(相等於約295,066,000港元)(二零一二年:無)。

資本承擔

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團 未償付之資本承擔約為304,165,000 港元(二零一二年:294,255,000港 元),其主要為共同控制實體所進行 分類為投資物業的發展中物業中本 集團應佔之資本承擔。

重大事項

於二零一二年十一月八日,本公司 (作為擔保人之一)為一家銀行之利 益訂立信貸融資協議,內容有關銀 行向本公司之共同控制實體的附屬 公司提供本金為人民幣470,000,000 元(相等於約582,800,000港元)之 有期貸款信貸融資(「信貸融資」)。 根據信貸融資,本公司向銀行作 出人民幣235,000,000元(相等於約 291,400,000港元),即信貸融資的 50%財務責任之還款擔保。信貸融 資將用作支付有關位於上海楊浦區 之建造地盤的建築成本、相關的專 業和咨詢費用(包括建築師和測量人 員費用)、市場營銷成本、其他合理 的相關的管理費用及税項等。有關 進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一二年十一月二十九日之通函內。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company has provided guarantees amounting to HK\$528,381,000 (2012: HK\$487,500,000) with respect to bank loans to its subsidiaries. A guarantee to the extent of RMB235,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$295,066,000) (2012: Nil) was given by the Company in favour of a bank in respect of a term loan facility granted to a subsidiary of a jointly controlled entity of the Company.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 30 June 2013, the Group had outstanding capital commitments of approximately HK\$304,165,000 (2012: HK\$294,255,000), which was mainly the capital commitments for the properties under development classified under investment property undertaken by jointly controlled entities attributable to the Group.

SIGNIFICANT EVENT

On 8 November 2012, the Company, as one of the guarantors, entered into a facility agreement in favour of a bank in relation to the provision of a term loan facility in the principal amount of RMB470,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$582,800,000) (the "Facility") by a bank to a subsidiary of a jointly controlled entity of the Company. Pursuant to the Facility, the Company entered into a repayment guarantee with the bank for financial obligations of RMB235,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$291,400,000), being 50% of the Facility. The Facility will be utilised for the payment of construction costs, associated professional and consulting fees (including architect's and surveyor's fees), marketing expenses, other reasonably related and overhead expenses and taxes in respect of the construction site located in Yangpu District of Shanghai (上海 楊浦區). Further details of which are set out in the circular of the Company dated 29 November 2012.

僱員人數、酬金政策及購股權 計劃

本集團合共聘用約1,020名僱員,當中大部分聘於中國。本集團主要按業內一般慣例釐定僱員之薪酬。本公司已於二零一零年七月十三日採納一項購股權計劃,據此本公司向合資格人士(包括董事及僱員)授出購股權。自採納購股權計劃後,並無根據該計劃授出購股權。

金融風險及相關對沖

股東週年大會

本公司股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)將於二零一三年十一月二十五日(星期一)舉行,股東週年大會通告將會於適當時候以香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)規定方式刊登及發送。

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES, REMUNERATION POLICIES AND SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

The Group employs a total of approximately 1,020 employees with the majority in the PRC. The Group's remuneration to its employees is largely based on common industrial practice. The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 13 July 2010, under which, the Company may grant options to eligible persons including directors and employees. No share option was granted pursuant to the scheme since its adoption.

EXPOSURE TO FINANCIAL RISK AND RELATED HEDGES

The Group utilises conservative strategies on its financial risk management and the market risk had been kept to minimum. With the exception of the UK subsidiaries, all transactions and the borrowings of the Group are primarily denominated in US Dollar, Hong Kong Dollar and Renminbi. The risk of foreign exchange fluctuation is minimal. During the year, the Group made use of foreign exchange forward contracts in order to minimise exchange rate risk as a result of fluctuation in British Pound. Management will continue to monitor the foreign exchange risk exposure and will take appropriate actions when necessary. As of 30 June 2013, the Group has entered into certain foreign exchange forward contracts.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") will be held on Monday, 25 November 2013 and the Notice of AGM will be published and despatched in the manner as required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") in due course.



暫停辦理股份過户登記

為釐定出席股東週年大會及於會上表決之權利,本公司之股份過十一月二十一月二十一日(星期四)至二零一三年十一月二十五日(星期四)至二零一三年十一月的董停辦理股轉讓。為會上表決領股東週年大會及於會及於會上表領別等。為會上表領別等。為會上表領別等。 轉讓文件連同有關股票務須於一三時三十分前處香港灣日(星期三之至時,送交本中、大學的過戶登記處香港灣子之一,大學的過戶發記處香港灣子。 有限公司(地址為香港灣子記道東183號合和中心17樓)進行登記。

致謝

本人謹代表董事會向本集團之管理人員及員工之竭誠服務及勤奮工作,客戶對本集團產品之信心及支持以及股東之信賴及支持致以衷心謝意。

承董事會命

主席 陳聖澤

香港,二零一三年九月三十日

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM, the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 21 November 2013 to Monday, 25 November 2013, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 20 November 2013.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to the Group's management and staff members for their dedication and hard work, our customers for their confidence and support for our products, and our shareholders for their trust and support.

On behalf of the Board

Chan Sing Chuk, Charles

Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 September 2013

本集團董事及高級管理人員之履歷 概要載列如下:

執行董事

陳聖澤博士,BBS,太平紳士,為本 集團主席兼創辦人。陳博士為本公 司之執行董事,亦為本公司多間附 屬公司之董事。彼負責本集團之策 略性規劃、企業發展及投資事宜。 陳博士在珠寶首飾業累積逾五十年 工作經驗。彼目前為香港珠寶玉石 廠商會理事長、香港科技大學顧問 委員會委任委員、香港貿易發展局 製造業拓展計劃委員會委員、香港 能源礦產聯合會會董,並出任其他 公職。在社會服務、慈善及政治方 面,陳博士為香港友好協進會永遠 名譽會董及東華三院歷屆主席會會 董。陳博士自二零零三年起出任中 國江門市政協常委; 自二零零六年 起出任江門市僑商總會永遠名譽會 長。

鄭小燕女士,為本集團之董事總 經理及創辦人之一,亦是本公司 執行董事及轄下多間子公司之董 事,專責日常行政及財務管理、企 業發展、銷售、市場推廣及本集團 之策略性規劃,在珠寶業界擁有超 過四十年豐富經驗,自集團創立至 今,一直活躍於珠寶行業。鄭女士 積極參與社會服務,她是「香港崇德 社」二零一二年至二零一四年之第一 副會長,亦是「香港各界婦女聯合協 進會」之執委會成員、名譽副會長及 女企業家委員會成員。鄭女士於二 零零六年獲選為「中國百名傑出女企 業家」。她曾出任中國江門市政協常 委。鄭女士乃陳聖澤博士之妻子。

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out as follows:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles, BBS, JP, is the Chairman and Founder of the Group. Dr. Chan is an Executive Director of the Company and holds directorship in various subsidiaries of the Company. He is responsible for strategic planning, corporate development and investment of the Group. Dr. Chan has over 50 years of experience in the jewellery industry. He is currently the President of the Hong Kong Jewellery & Jade Manufacturers Association; Appointed Member of the University Court of The HK University of Science & Technology; Member of Product Promotion Programme Committee of the HKTDC; Director of Hong Kong Energy and Minerals United Association; as well as a member of other trade associations. In community, charitable and political involvements, Dr. Chan is the Permanent Honorary Director of Friends of Hong Kong Association Ltd., and Member of The Association of Chairmen of The Tung Wah Group of Hospitals. Dr. Chan was appointed a committee member of the City of Jiangmen Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference since 2003; and the Permanent Honorary President of Jiangmen Overseas Chinese Enterprise Federation since 2006.

Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley, is the Managing Director and Co-Founder of the Group. Ms. Cheng is an Executive Director of the Company and holds directorship in various subsidiaries of the Company. She is responsible for the daily operations, financial management, corporate development, sales and marketing as well as strategic planning of the Group. Ms. Cheng has over 40 years of experience in the jewellery industry and has been actively involved in the business development of the Group since the beginning. Ms. Cheng also plays an active role in the community, currently 1st Vice President of Zonta Club of Hong Kong (2012-2014), and Executive Committee, Honorary Vice President and Council Member of the Hong Kong Federation of Women. In addition, she was awarded as one of the "100 Chinese Outstanding Women Entrepreneurs" in 2006 and was a committee member of the City of Jiangmen Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. Ms. Cheng is the wife of Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles.



陳偉立先生,於二零零零年加入本集團,目前管理本集團業務活動之日常運作。彼負責本集團之多個方面,例如銷售及市場推廣、產品開發及創新、投資活動、財務,以及公司及業務發展等。

陳先生擔任多項公職及名譽職位, 包括為創業家協會(香港分會及華 分會)創會主席:香港珠寶玉石廠 會理事會副會長:香港工業青年委 員會執行委員會創會主席:香港員 易發展局珠寶業諮詢委員會成員 及香港工業總會執行委員會成員。

陳先生加入本集團前,曾經在銀行業及製造業工作多年。彼畢業於美國麻省波士頓之Babson College,獲理學學士學位,主修企業學及財務學兩科。陳先生為陳聖澤博士之兒子。

非執行董事

Ms. Chan Wai Kei, Vicki, joined the Group in 1995. She is responsible for retail operation and the business administration functions in the Group. Ms. Chan graduated from University of California, Berkeley with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics. Ms. Chan is a Graduate Gemologist of the Gemological Institute of America. She is Charter President of Zonta Club of Hong Kong II, actively involved in the Zonta Community. She is the daughter of Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles.

Mr. Chan Wai Lap, Victor, joined the Group in 2000 and currently manages the daily operations of the Group activities. He is responsible in various aspects of the Group such as sales and marketing, product development and innovation, investment activities, finance, as well as corporate and business development, etc...

Mr. Chan holds a number of public and honorary positions, including as the Founder and President of Entrepreneurs' Organization (Hong Kong and China South Chapters); the Vice Chairman of The Hong Kong Jewellery & Jade Manufacturers Association; the Founding Chairman of the Youth Chapter of the Hong Kong Young Industrialists Council; Member of the Jewellery Advisory Committee of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council; and the Executive Committee member of Federation of Hong Kong Industries.

Prior to joining the group, Mr. Chan had worked in both banking and manufacturing industry for several years. He has a Bachelor of Science degree with double majors in Entrepreneurial Studies and Finance from Babson College in Boston, Massachusetts. Mr. Chan is the son of Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Fang Gang, was appointed as a Non-executive Director on 15 July 2010. Mr. Fang obtained his Bachelor's Degree from the School of Engineering, Xi'an Jiaotong University in 1982 and a Master's Degree from the School of Engineering, Xi'an Jiaotong University in 1988. He has over 20 years experience in the metallurgical industry. In 1988, Mr. Fang joined China Minmetals Corporation ("Minmetals"). From 1995 to 1999, Mr. Fang was with Minmetals Australia Pty Limited. Commencing July 1999, Mr. Fang is the General Manager of China National Metal Products Co Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Minmetals.

獨立非執行董事

陳炳權先生,於二零零八年三月七日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。陳先生於物流業擁有逾三十年經驗,並對分銷擁有豐富經驗。陳先生為多家物流公司之創辦人及董事。陳先生為一家從事物流及貨運業之私營公司之董事。

施榮懷先生,太平紳士,於二零零 八年十月二日獲委任為獨立非執行 董事。施先生於一九八五年畢業於 美國威斯康辛大學拉克羅斯分校, 取得理學士學位。施先生於投資及 企業管理方面擁有豐富經驗,現為 香港聯合交易所有限公司主板(「主 板」)上市公司中國織材控股有限公 司(股份代號:3778)之非執行董事 及私人公司恒通資源集團有限公司 之執行董事,並於多家私人公司出 任董事。施先生為中國人民政治協 商會議全國政協委員、北京市政協 常委,及現任香港中華廠商聯合會 會長。彼亦獲選為香港特別行政區 行政長官選舉委員會委員。施先生 於二零一一年獲香港特別行政區政 府委任為太平紳士。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yu Shiu Tin, Paul, BBS, MBE, JP was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 25 April 2005. Mr. Yu is a businessman who has been actively engaged in the construction business both in the public and private sectors in Hong Kong for the last 30 years. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers. Other than his working experience in managing a construction company, he has also actively involved in the community services of Hong Kong and has served several advisory bodies of Hong Kong Government for over 30 years. He was subsequently awarded as an unofficial Justice of the Peace by the Hong Kong Government in the year 1989 and awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in the year 2007.

Mr. Chan Ping Kuen, Derek, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 7 March 2008. Mr. Chan has more than 30 years' experience in logistics industry and possess extensive experience in distribution. Mr. Chan was a Founder and Director of various logistic companies. Mr. Chan is a Director of a private company engaging in logistics and forwarding.

Mr. Sze Irons, JP was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director on 2 October 2008. Mr. Sze graduated with a Bachelor's degree in Science from University of Wisconsin-La Crosse, United States in 1985. Mr. Sze has extensive experience in investment and corporate management and is currently a Non-executive Director of China Weaving Materials Holdings Limited (stock code: 3778), a Company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Main Board") and an Executive Director of a private company, Hang Tung Resources Holding Limited, and holds directorship in various private companies. Mr. Sze is a member of the National Committee and an executive member of the Beijing Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, and currently the President of the Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong. He is also elected as a member of Election Committee of the Chief Executive of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Mr. Sze was appointed the Justice of Peace by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2011.

張志輝先生,於二零一零年四月七日獲委任為董事會獨立非執行董事及審核委員會之成員,現時於主板上市公司中國織材控股有限公司(股份代號:3778)擔任財務總監及合司秘書。張先生於會計、金融及管理方國公司擔任重要職務。彼已取得澳洲悉尼科技大學工商管理の負責。

於二零零九年三月至二零一一年七月,彼於香港公開大學擔任兼職等師。於二零零四年三月至二零團有限公司(一間於聯交所上市之公司)之執行董事,亦於二零零七年三月至二零零八年二月擔任財務總監中月出任LJ International Inc.(一間於美國納斯達克股票市場上市之日於美國納斯達克股票市場上市之日於美國納斯達克股票市場上市之日日於美國納斯達克股票市場上市之日至二零零三年十二月,張先生擔任中上以 Corporation之附屬公司自由以 (Hong Kong) Limited之董事,負責香港、台灣及中國之通信增值服務

Mr. Cheung Chi Fai, Frank, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee of the Board on 7 April 2010. Mr. Cheung is currently the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of China Weaving Materials Holdings Limited (stock code: 3778), a Company listed on the Main Board. He has over 20 years of experience in accounting, finance and administration and has held senior positions in multinational companies. He obtained his MBA from University of Technology, Sydney, Australia and is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

From March 2009 to July 2011, he was a part-time tutor at the Open University of Hong Kong. From March 2004 to November 2007, Mr. Cheung was an Executive Director of Sun Innovation Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange, and was also the Chief Financial Officer from March 2007 to February 2008. He was an Independent Director of LJ International Inc., a company listed on NASDAQ from June 2007 to October 2007. From January 2001 to December 2003, Mr. Cheung was a Director of e-Lux (Hong Kong) Limited, a subsidiary of e-Lux Corporation, in charge of value-added telecommunications services in Hong Kong, Taiwan and China.

高級管理人員

蔡永昌先生(FGA,DGA,FGAHK),於一九八七年加入,為集團之營運主管。彼於珠寶首飾業的應用系統執行及供應鏈管理方面擁有逾二十年經驗。彼持有寶石鑑定師資歷,並為英國寶石學協會及香港寶石學協會專業會員。蔡先生現時負責監督本集團的日常營運,資訊科技,行政管理和人力資源。彼亦負責推行本集團之ISO品質管理體系。

李育強先生,於一九七六年加入, 為恒和珠寶首飾廠有限公司之營運 主管。李先生於管理珠寶首飾廠方 面擁有逾二十年經驗。彼在所有生 產環節以及物流管理上擁有豐富知 識。彼現時監督中國的珠寶首飾廠 之日常營運。

黃君挺先生,於一九九八年加入, 現為恒和珠寶首飾廠有限公司之 總經理。彼於珠寶首飾業的生產, 銷售市場事務及管理有逾三十年經 驗。彼現時負責本集團珠寶首飾業 務的整體發展及管理。

任達榮先生,於二零一一年獲委任 為業務發展及礦務總經理,最近亦 負責物業投資業務。任先生負責監 督所有礦務及物業投資營運及設計 企業策略。

於加入本集團前,任先生服務於香港警務處逾37年,在公共行政及危機管理方面經驗豐富。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Choi Wing Cheong, Eric (FGA, DGA, FGAHK), joined in 1987, is the Head of Group Operation. He has over 20 years of experience in application system implementation and supply chain management in the jewellery industry. He holds gemmologist qualification, and is a fellow of The Gemmological Association of Great Britain, and professional member of Gemmological Association of Hong Kong. Currently, Mr. Choi oversees the daily operation, information & technology, administration and human resources of the Group. He is also in charge the implementation of ISO Quality Management System.

Mr. Lee Yuk Keung, John, joined in 1976, is the Head of Operation of Continental Jewellery (Mfg.) Limited. Mr. Lee has over 20 years of experience in managing jewellery factories. He has extensive knowledge in all production aspects as well as in logistic management. Currently, he oversees the daily operations of the jewellery factories in China.

Mr. Wong Gwon Hing, Edward, joined in 1998, is currently the General Manager of Continental Jewellery (Mfg,) Limited. Mr. Wong has over 30 years experience in manufacturing, sales marketing and management in jewellery industry. Mr. Wong is responsible for overall development and management of Group's jewellery business.

Mr. Yam Tat Wing, Peter was appointed the General Manager – Business Development and Mining in 2011 and has recently assumed the role in Property Investment. Mr. Yam is responsible for overseeing all mining and property investment operations devising corporate strategy.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yam served in the Hong Kong Police Force for over 37 years and has extensive experience in public administration and crisis management.



本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治 常規。董事會認為良好之企業管治 能提高股東之利益。

「上市規則」附錄十四《企業管治守則》及《企業管治報告》(「守則」),由二零一二年四月一日起生效。於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,本公司已經遵守守則,惟與守則條文第A.2.1及第A.4.1條有所偏離,詳情於下文有關段落闡述。

企業管治原則及本公司之常規

A.1. 董事會

發行人應以一個行之有效的董事會 為首:董事會應負有領導及監控發行 人的責任,並應集體負責統管並監 督發行人事務以促使發行人成功。 董事應該客觀行事,所作決策須符 合發行人的最佳利益。

董事會應定期檢討董事向發行人履 行職責所需付出的貢獻,以及有關 董事是否付出足夠時間履行職責。 The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices. The Board considers shareholders can maximise their benefits from good corporate governance.

The Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules set out the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "Code") with effect from 1 April 2012. During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Company has complied with the Code, except for the deviations from Code Provisions A.2.1 and A.4.1 which are explained in the following relevant paragraphs.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES AND THE COMPANY'S PRACTICES

A.1. The Board

An issuer should be headed by an effective board which should assume responsibility for its leadership and control and be collectively responsible for promoting its success by directing and supervising its affairs. Directors should take decisions objectively in the best interests of the issuer.

The board should regularly review the contribution required from a director to perform his responsibilities to the issuer, and whether he is spending sufficient time preforming them.

董事會於截至二零一三年六月三十日止財政年度內舉行了六次會議。 截至二零一三年六月三十日止財政年度,董事會會議、董事會轄下其他委員會會議及本公司於二零一二年十二月十三日舉行之股東週年大會(「二零一二年股東週年大會」)中個別董事之出席情況如下: The Board held six meetings during the financial year ended 30 June 2013. Attendance of individual Director at the Board meetings, other Board Committee meetings and the annual general meeting of the Company held on 13 December 2012 ("2012 AGM") during financial year ended 30 June 2013 are as follows:

會議出席/舉行次數 Meetings Attended / Held

股東
田上十合
1年大會
2012
Annual
General
/leeting
1/1
1/1
1/1
1/1
1/1
1/1
1/1
1/1
1/1



董事會定期會議議程之事項,經諮詢董事後釐定。

召開董事會定期會議之日期至少在 十四日前安排,以讓全體董事皆有 機會騰空出席。至於所有其他董事 會會議,則會在合理時間內發出通 知召開。

董事會及轄下委員會的會議紀錄均 已備存。董事在發出合理通知後, 亦可於合理時段內查閱有關會議記 錄。

董事會及其轄下委員會的會議紀錄,已對會議上所考慮事項及達致的決定作足夠詳細的記錄,其中包括董事提出的任何疑慮或表達的反對意見。會議紀錄的初稿及最終定稿會發送全體董事,初稿供董事表達意見,最後定稿則作其紀錄之用。

倘董事需要獨立專業意見,董事會 將委任專業顧問提供意見,該等專 業服務之費用由本公司負責支付。

根據現行董事會慣例,任何涉及主要股東或董事利益衝突之重大交易,均由董事會於正式舉行之董事會會議上考慮及處理。於交易中並無重大利益之獨立非執行董事將列席會議。

本公司已安排為本公司董事及高級人員投保董事及高級人員責任保險。

Directors are consulted to include matters in the agenda for regular Board meetings.

Dates of regular Board meetings are scheduled at least 14 days in advance to provide sufficient notice to give all Directors an opportunity to attend. For all other Board meetings, reasonable notice will be given.

Minutes of the Board meetings and the Board Committee meetings are duly kept and such minutes are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

Minutes of the Board meetings and Board Committee meetings have recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered and decisions reached, including any concerns raised by Directors or dissenting views expressed. Draft and final versions of minutes are sent to all Directors for their comment and records respectively.

Should Directors need independent professional advice, the Board will appoint professional advisors to render the advice. The costs associated with such professional services will be borne by the Company.

According to the current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interest for a substantial shareholder or a Director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. Independent Non-executive Directors who have no material interest in the transaction will be present at such Board meeting.

The Company has arranged Directors and Officers Liability Insurance for the Directors and Officers of the Company.

A.2. 主席及行政總裁

每家發行人在經營管理上皆有兩大 方面一董事會的經營管理和業務的 日常管理。這兩者之間必須清楚區 分,以確保權力和授權分佈均衡, 不致權力僅集中於一位人士。

守則條文第A.2.1條訂明主席與行政 總裁之角色應清楚劃分,不應由一 人同時兼任。

鄭女士為本公司董事總經理,彼負 責本集團之日常管理及市場推廣業 務。鄭女士為陳博士之妻子。

雖然本公司未有設立行政總裁一職,董事會認為現行之職責分工已 足夠,足以確保權力及授權取得平 衡。

A.2. Chairman and Chief Executive

There are two key aspects of the management of every issuer – the management of the board and the day-to-day management of business. There should be a clear division of these responsibilities to ensure a balance of power and authority, so that power is not concentrated in any one individual.

Code Provision A.2.1 provides that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles ("Dr. Chan") is the Chairman of the Company. Dr. Chan oversees the direction of the Group and also provides leadership for the Board. He ensures that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibilities, and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner. Dr. Chan is also responsible to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and that all Directors receive adequate information, which must be complete and reliable, in a timely manner. Dr. Chan is the husband of Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley ("Ms. Cheng").

Ms. Cheng is the Managing Director of the Company. She is responsible for day-to-day management and the marketing activities of the Group. Ms. Cheng is the wife of Dr. Chan.

Although the Company does not have a post for Chief Executive, the Board considers that there is adequate segregation of duties within the Board to ensure a balance of power and authority.



A.3. 董事會組成

於二零一三年六月三十日,董事會包括四名執行董事,分別為陳寸、陳慧琪女士及陳慧琪女士及陳生,非執行董事,分別為余生、獨立非執行董事,分別懷先生。職先生、陳炳權先生、施濟大生,被露本生司通訊中,董大生、陳大生。在明祖,明確書分為對別,明確書分為對別,明確書分為對別,明確書分為對別,明確書,非執行董事及獨立非執行董事及獨立非執行董事及獨立非執行董事及獨立非執行董事

陳博士為鄭女士之丈夫,陳慧琪女士及陳偉立先生分別為陳博士及鄭女士之女兒及兒子。陳慧琪女士為陳偉立先生之胞姊。

董事會成員簡歷(包括董事之間之關係)已載於年報第20至23頁,當中 説明董事會成員具備之不同技能、 專業、經驗及資格。

載有董事姓名之名單與其角色和 職能載於聯交所網站及本公司網站 www.continental.com.hk。

A.3. Board Composition

The board should have a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate for the requirements of the issuer's business. It should ensure that changes to its composition can be managed without undue disruption. It should include a balanced composition of executive and non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) so that there is a strong independent element on the board, which can effectively exercise independent judgment. Non-executive directors should be of sufficient calibre and number for their views to carry weight.

As at 30 June 2013, the Board comprises four Executive Directors, namely Dr. Chan, Ms. Cheng, Ms. Chan Wai Kei, Vicki and Mr. Chan Wai Lap, Victor; Mr. Fang Gang as Non-executive Director; four Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yu Shiu Tin, Paul, Mr. Chan Ping Kuen, Derek, Mr. Sze Irons and Mr. Cheung Chi Fai, Frank. All Directors are expressly identified by categories of Executive Directors, Non-executive Director and Independent Non-executive Directors, in all corporate communications that disclose the names of Directors of the Company.

Dr. Chan is the husband of Ms. Cheng and Ms. Chan Wai Kei, Vicki and Mr. Chan Wai Lap, Victor are the daughter and son, respectively, of Dr. Chan and Ms. Cheng. Ms. Chan Wai Kei, Vicki is the sister of Mr. Chan Wai Lap, Victor.

Biographies which include relationships of Directors are set out in pages 20 to 23 of the annual report, which demonstrate a diversity of skills, expertise, experience and qualifications among members of the Board.

A list containing the names of the Directors and their roles and functions is published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company at www.continental.com.hk

A.4. 委任、重選及罷免

新董事的委任程序應正式、經審慎 考慮並具透明度,另發行人應設定 有秩序的董事繼任計劃。所有董事 均應每隔若干時距即重新選舉。發 行人必須就任何董事辭任或遭罷免 解釋原因。

守則條文第A.4.1條訂明非執行董事之委任應有指定任期,並須予重選。

本公司之非執行董事及獨立非執行董事並無指定任期,惟須根據本公司細則第一百一十五(A)條及第一百一十五(D)條最少每三年於本公司股東週年大會上輪值退任一次及膺選連任。由於非執行董事須最少每三年輪席退任一次及膺選連任,董事會認為偏離守則條文第A.4.1條之情況不算嚴重。

委任新董事須由本公司提名委員會 推薦或股東在股東大會上建議。股 東提名程序載於本公司網站www. continental.com.hk。獲董事會委任 的任何董事的任期在接受委任後的 首次股東大會上屆滿,並需接受股 東重選。所有候選人必須符合上市 規則第3.08及3.09條所載之標準。 獨立非執行董事之候選人亦須符合 上市規則第3.13條所載之獨立性要 求。為進一步提升問責,若獨立非 執行董事在任本公司董事會已過9 年,其是否獲續任將以獨立決議案 形式由股東審議通過。於二零一三 年六月三十日,概無獨立非執行董 事在任本公司董事會已過9年。

A.4. Appointment, Re-election and Removal

There should be a formal, considered and transparent procedure for the appointment of new directors. There should be plans in place for orderly succession for appointments. All directors should be subject to re-election at regular intervals. An issuer must explain the reasons for the resignation or removal of any director.

Code Provision A.4.1 provides that Non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to reelection.

Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company do not have a specific term of appointment but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's Annual General Meeting at least once every three years in accordance with articles 115(A) and 115(D) of the Articles of Association of the Company. The Board considers that the deviation from Code Provision A.4.1 is not material as Non-executive Directors are subjected to retirement by rotation at least once in every three years and re-election.

The appointment of a new Director is made on the recommendation by the Nomination Committee of the Company or by shareholders in a general meeting. The nomination procedures by shareholders are published on the website of the Company at www.continental.com.hk. Any Director who is appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the first general meeting after their appointment, and shall be subject to re-election by shareholders. All candidates must be able to meet the standards as set forth in Rules 3.08 and 3.09 of the Listing Rules. A candidate who is to be appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director should also meet the independent criteria set out in Rules 3.13 of the Listing Rules. To further enhance accountability, any further re-appointment of an Independent Nonexecutive Director who has served the Company's Board for more than 9 years will be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by shareholders. As at 30 June 2013, no Independent Non-executive Director has served the Company's Board for more than 9 years.



A.5 提名委員會

本公司已經成立提名委員會,其職權範圍包括守則條文第A.5.2(a)至(d),其載於聯交所網站及本公司規名委員會之職責為制定提名委員會之職者之提名與委任計劃向董事會之繼任計劃向董事會內提供充足資源以履行其職責會提供充足資源以履行其職責。

提名委員會之大部分成員均為獨 立非執行董事。委員會主席為陳博 士。其他成員為陳炳權先生及張志 輝先生。

A.6. 董事責任

每名董事須時刻瞭解其作為發行人董事的職責,以及發行人的經營方式、業務活動及發展。由於董事會本質上是個一體組織,非執行董事應有與執行董事相同的受信責任以及以應有謹慎態度和技能行事的責任。

A.5 Nomination Committee

The Company has established a Nomination Committee, with written terms of reference as set out in the Code Provisions A.5.2 (a) to (d) and are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The Nomination Committee is responsible for formulating nomination policy, and making recommendations to the Board on nomination and appointment of Directors and Board succession. The Committee will also review the size, structure and composition of the Board. The Committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to perform its duties.

The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

A majority of the members of the Nomination Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors. The Committee is chaired by Dr. Chan. The other members are Mr. Chan Ping Kuen, Derek and Mr. Cheung Chi Fai, Frank.

A.6. Responsibilities of Directors

Every director must always know his responsibilities as a director of an issuer and its conduct, business activities and development. Given the essential unitary nature of the board, non-executive directors have the same duties of care and skill and fiduciary duties as executive directors.

Every newly appointed Director of the Company is ensured to have a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Group and that he/she is fully aware of his/ her responsibilities under statue and common law, the Listing Rules, applicable legal and regulatory requirements and the business governance policies of the Group. The Directors are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments, business and strategic development of the Group to enable the discharge of their responsibilities.

各董事於截至二零一三年六月三十 日止年度所接受培訓之個別記錄如 下: The individual training record of each Director for the year ended 30 June 2013 is as follows:

董事	Directors	閱讀材料/ 有關監管的 更新資料# Reading materials/ regulatory updates#	研討會 Attending internal training
執行董事	Executive Directors		
陳聖澤博士,BBS,太平紳士	Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles, BBS, JP	\checkmark	\checkmark
鄭小燕女士	Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley	\checkmark	\checkmark
陳慧琪女士	Ms. Chan Wai Kei, Vicki	✓	\checkmark
陳偉立先生	Mr. Chan Wai Lap, Victor	\checkmark	\checkmark
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors		
方剛先生	Mr. Fang Gang	\checkmark	
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors		
余嘯天先生,BBS·MBE, 太平紳士	Mr. Yu Shiu Tin, Paul, ввs, мве, JP	\checkmark	✓
陳炳權先生	Mr. Chan Ping Kuen, Derek	✓	\checkmark
施榮懷先生,太平紳士	Mr. Sze Irons, JP	✓	\checkmark
張志輝先生	Mr. Cheung Chi Fai, Frank	\checkmark	\checkmark

- 閱讀有關企業管治常規之最新發展,法律及監管發展之材料。
- * 本公司於二零一三年四月十六日安 排由獨立專業機構為其董事提供內 部培訓,內容為「主板《上市規則》 的最新變動及《證券及期貨條例》 第XIVA部的推行」。

各董事須於首次接受委任及其後再次獲委任時向本公司披露其於公眾公司或組織擔任職位的數目及性質以及其他重大承擔,以及所涉及的時間。每當已披露職位及承擔有所改變時,董事亦須通知本公司。

- Reading materials concerning latest developments in corporate governance practices, relevant legal and regulatory developments.
- * The Company arranged an internal training session for its Directors conducted by independent professional body on 16 April 2013, with the topic "Updates of Changes of the Listing Rules of the Main Board and the Introduction of Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance".

At each Director's first appointment and subsequent reappointment, the Director is required to disclose to the Company the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations and other significant commitments as well as the time involved. The Directors are also required to notify the Company whenever there are changes to the offices and commitments already disclosed.



本公司之獨立非執行董事乃高技能 之專業人士,於會計、財務管理及 商業領域擁有專長及經驗。所有獨 立非執行董事均積極參與董事會會 議,對於涉及策略、政策、公司表 現、問責性、資源、主要委任及操 守準則等各方面事宜,給予獨立判 斷。彼等負責審查本公司之表現能 否達到既定之企業目標及目的,並 監察有關匯報公司表現的事宜。彼 等亦須於出現潛在利益衝突時發揮 牽頭引導作用,並出任審核、薪酬 及提名委員會成員。本公司已收到 所有獨立非執行董事就彼等之獨立 性出具之書面確認。董事會認為彼 等均為獨立。

每名董事知悉其應付出足夠時間及 精力以處理本公司之事務。

根據守則條文A.6.7,獨立非執行董事及非執行董事亦應出席股東大會,對公司股東的意見有公正的了解。所有董事均有出席本公司的二零一二年股東週年大會。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載 之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的 標準守則(「標準守則」),作為本公司董事進行證券交易之行為守則。 本公司經向全體董事作出具體查 後,所有董事已確認,於截至二等 一三年六月三十日止年度內,被 已遵守「標準守則」所載列之規定 標準。 The Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company are highly skilled professionals with expertise and experience in the field of accounting, financial management and business. All Independent Non-executive Directors take an active role in Board meetings to bring in independent judgment to bear on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conducts. They scrutinize the Company's performance in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and monitor the reporting of performance. They also take the lead where potential conflicts of interest arise and serve the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees. The Company has received written confirmation from all the Independent Non-executive Directors concerning their independence. The Board considers all of them are independent.

Every Director is aware that he/she should give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company.

Under the Code Provision A.6.7, Independent Non-executive Directors and Non-executive Directors should also attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. All the Directors have attended the 2012 AGM.

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transaction by Directors of the Company. The Company has made specific enquiry with all Directors and all of them have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the year ended 30 June 2013.

A.7. 資料提供及使用

董事應獲提供適當的適時資料,其 形式及素質須使董事能夠在掌握有 關資料的情況下作出決定,並能履 行其職責及責任。

就定期舉行的董事會會議而言,及 在切實可行情況下就所有其他會議 而言,本公司會將議程及相關會議 文件全部及時送交全體董事,並至 少在計劃舉行董事會會議或其轄下 委員會會議日期三天前發出。

公司秘書定期提醒管理層人員有責任及時向董事會及其轄下委員會提供充足資料,以讓董事能夠作出知情決定。管理層所提供之資料必須完整可靠。董事會及每名董事均可各自獨立聯絡本公司高級管理人員。

所有董事均有權查閱董事會文件、 會議紀錄及相關文件資料。董事如 有問題,本公司會採取步驟盡快及 盡量作出全面回應。

A.7. Supply of and Access to Information

Directors should be provided in a timely manner with appropriate information in the form and quality to enable them to make an informed decision and perform their duties and responsibilities.

In respect of regular Board meetings, and so far as practicable in all other cases, an agenda and accompanying Board papers are sent in full to all Directors in a timely manner and at least 3 days before the intended date of a Board or Board Committee meeting.

Management is regularly reminded by the Company Secretary that they have an obligation to supply the Board and Board Committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable it to make informed decisions. The information supplied must be complete and reliable. The Board and each Director shall have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management.

All Directors are entitled to have access to Board papers, minutes and related materials. Where queries are raised by Directors, steps are taken to respond as promptly and fully as possible.



B.1. 薪酬及披露的水平及組成

B.1. The Level and Make-up of Remuneration and Disclosure

發行人應披露其董事酬金政策及其 他與薪酬相關的事宜;應設有正規 而具透明度的程序,以制訂有關執 行董事酬金及全體董事薪酬待遇的 政策。所定薪酬的水平應足以吸引 及挽留董事管好公司營運,而又不 致支付過多的酬金。任何董事不得 參與訂定本身的酬金。 An issuer should disclose its directors' remuneration policy and other remuneration related matters. The procedure for setting policy on executive directors' remuneration and all directors' remuneration packages should be formal and transparent. Remuneration levels should be sufficient to attract and retain directors to run the company successfully without paying more than necessary. No director should be involved in deciding his own remuneration.

The Company has established a Remuneration Committee with specific written terms of reference as set out in Code Provisions B.1.2 (a) to (h) of the Code. The Remuneration Committee, with delegated responsibility, is responsible for annually reviewing the existing remuneration policy including the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management whereas the Board as a whole is responsible for determining the remuneration of Non-executive Directors with recommendations from the Remuneration Committee, if any. Terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

薪酬委員會大多數成員均為獨立非 執行董事。委員會由余嘯天先生擔 任主席,其他成員包括鄭女士、陳 炳權先生及施榮懷先生。 A majority of the members of the Remuneration Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors. This Committee is chaired by Mr. Yu Shiu Tin, Paul. The other members are Ms. Cheng, Mr. Chan Ping Kuen, Derek and Mr. Sze Irons.

薪酬委員會於截至二零一三年六月 三十日止年度內會晤一次,以討論 有關薪酬之事宜及檢討本集團之薪 酬政策。 The Remuneration Committee met once during the year ended 30 June 2013 to discuss remuneration related matters and review the remuneration policy of the Group.

高級管理人員於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度之薪酬組別如下:

The emoluments of the senior management by band for the year ended 30 June 2013 is set out below:

1 +

薪酬組別	人 <i>氨</i> Number of persons		
Emolument bands		2013	2012
零至1,000,000港元	Nil to HK\$1,000,000	2	2
1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1	2
2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	1	_

根據「上市規則」附錄十六須就董事酬金披露之進一步詳情,載於財務報告附註14。

Further particulars regarding Directors' emoluments as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

薪酬委員會於履行職責時已獲得充 分資源,包括認為有需要時獲取獨 立專業意見。 The Remuneration Committee is provided with sufficient resources, including access to independent professional advice, to perform its duties if considered necessary.

C.1. 財務匯報

C.1. Financial Reporting

董事會應平衡、清晰及全面地評核 公司的表現、情況及前景。 The board should present a balanced, clear and comprehensible assessment of the company's performance, position and prospects.

管理層已向董事會提供充分解釋及 足夠資料,以讓董事會可以就提呈 董事會審批之財務及其他資料,作 出知情評估。 Management has provided sufficient explanation and information to the Board as would enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval.

董事承認他們有責任保存正確之會計記錄,並編製各財務期間之財務報告,該等財務報告必須真實而公平地反映本集團之財務狀況及該段期間之業績及現金流量。於編製截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度之財務報告時,董事已作出審慎合理之判斷及估算,並以持續經營基準編製該等財務報告。

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for keeping proper accounting records and preparing financial statements of each financial period, which shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2013, the Directors have made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

核數師有關其責任之聲明,乃載於 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度 年報第57頁至第59頁之獨立核數師 報告內。 A statement by the auditor about its responsibilities is included in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 57 to 59 of the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2013.

有關本集團對長遠產生或保留價值 的基礎及實現所立目標的策略,敬 請參閱第5頁「公司簡介」及第7頁至 第16頁「主席報告」。 For the basis on which the Group generates or preserves values over the longer term and the strategy for delivering objectives, please refer to page 5 under Corporate Profile and pages 7 to 16 under Chairman's Statement.



董事會須平衡、清晰及明白地評審公司表現的責任,適用於年度及中期報告、其他涉及股價敏感資料之通告及根據上市規則規定須予披露之其他財務資料,以及向監管者提交之報告書以至根據法定規定須予披露之資料。

The Board's responsibility to present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment extend to annual and interim reports, other price-sensitive announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules, and reports to regulators as well as information required to be disclosed pursuant to statutory requirements.

C.2. 內部監控

董事會應確保發行人的內部監控系 統穩健妥善而且有效,以保障股東 的投資及發行人的資產。

董事會已透過審核委員會檢討本集團內部監控系統之有效性。董事會要求管理層設立及保持健全及有效性。大內部監控。本集團內部監控。本集團內部監控。本集團內部監控,營運及合規監控)與國對不同系統之內部監控將根據各業務及內部監控之風險評估有系統地科足之風險評估有系統地內部監控之風險評估有系統地與對下。董事會確認並無重大不足來,並已識別可予改進範疇及採取適當措施。

C.3. 審核委員會

董事會應就如何應用財務匯報及內部監控原則及如何維持與發行人核數師適當的關係作出正規及具透明度的安排。根據「上市規則」成立的審核委員會須具有清晰的職權範圍。

本公司已成立審核委員會,並以書面訂明其職權範圍,清晰列明其授權及職責。審核委員會之職權範圍包括守則之守則條文第C.3.3(a)至(n)條所載之職權,並經作出所需之適當修訂。載有審核委員會權力及其職責及責任之經修訂職權範圍,載於聯交所網站及本公司網站。

C.2. Internal Controls

The board should ensure that the issuer maintains sound and effective internal controls to safeguard shareholders' investment and the issuer's assets.

The Board has through the Audit Committee reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system. The Board requires management to establish and maintain sound and effective internal controls. Evaluation of the Group's internal controls covering financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions had been done on an ad hoc basis. Review of internal controls on different systems will be done on a systematic rotational basis based on the risk assessments of the operations and controls. The Board has confirmed that there was no significant weakness and area of improvement have been identified and appropriate measures taken.

C.3. Audit Committee

The board should establish formal and transparent arrangements to consider how it will apply the financial reporting and internal control principles and maintain an appropriate relationship with the issuer's auditor. The audit committee established under the Listing Rules should have clear terms of reference.

The Company has established an Audit Committee with specific written terms of reference which states clearly with its authority and duties. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee have included the duties set out in Code Provisions C.3.3 (a) to (n) of the Code, with appropriate modifications where necessary. The revised terms of reference setting out the Audit Committee's authority and its duties and responsibilities are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

審核委員會由本公司之四位獨立非 執行董事組成,由張志輝先生擔任 主席。審核委員會至少每年與外聘 核數師開會兩次。

管理層已處理審核委員會提出之全 部事宜。審核委員會之工作及調查 結果已向董事會作出匯報。年內, 就向管理層及董事會提出的事項, 概無任何重大事宜須於年報內作出 披露。

董事會同意審核委員會續聘香港立 信德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本 公司截至二零一四年六月三十日止 年度之獨立核數師之建議。

除於財務報告附註8披露之核數師酬金外,本集團於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內就非審計服務(包括税務及其他報告服務)支付的費用約為82,000港元。

審核委員會的完整會議紀錄由公司 秘書保存。審核委員會會議紀錄的 初稿及最後定稿在會議後一段合理 時間內先後發送審核委員會全體成 員,初稿供成員表達意見,最後定 稿作其紀錄之用。 As set out in the terms of reference, the Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the financial reporting system and internal control procedures, annual report, financial statements and interim report. As required by Code Provision C.3.7, the Audit Committee would review arrangements for employees to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The Audit Committee would ensure that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of these matters and for appropriate follow up action and acting as the key representation body for overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor.

The Audit Committee comprises four Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company and is chaired by Mr. Cheung Chi Fai, Frank. The Audit Committee meet with external auditor at least twice a year.

As issues raised by the Audit Committee have been addressed by management. The work and findings of the Audit Committee have been reported to the Board. During the year, no issues brought to the attention of management and the Board were of sufficient importance to require disclosure in the Annual Report.

The Board agrees with the Audit Committee's proposal for the re-appointment of BDO Limited as the Company's independent auditor for year ending 30 June 2014.

For the year ended 30 June 2013, save as the auditor's remuneration as disclosed in note 8 to the financial statements, the Group has paid approximately HK\$82,000 in relation to the non-audit services (including taxation and other reporting services).

Full minutes of Audit Committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary. Draft and final versions of minutes of the Audit Committee meetings are sent to all Audit Committee members for their comments and records, within a reasonable time after the meeting.



審核委員會並無包括本公司現任核 數師之前任合夥人。 The Audit Committee does not have a former partner of the Company's existing auditor.

審核委員會於履行其職責時已獲提 供足夠資源,包括獨立核數師之意 見。 The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources, including the advice of independent auditor, to perform its duties.

D.1. 管理職能

D.1. Management Functions

發行人應有一個正式的預定計劃, 列載特別要董事會批准的事項。董 事會應明確指示管理層哪些事項須 先經由董事會批准而後方可代表發 行人作出決定。 An issuer should have a formal schedule of matters specifically reserved for board approval. The board should give clear directions to management on the matters that must be approved by it before decisions are made on issuer's behalf.

董事會負責制定本集團之整體策略、監察及控制本集團之表現,而 管理層之責任為管理本集團之業務。 The Board is responsible for formulating overall strategy, monitoring and controlling the performance of the Group whilst managing the Group's business is the responsibility of the management.

當董事會將其管理及行政方面的權力轉授予管理層時,同時就管理層的權力,給予清晰的指引,特別是管理層應向董事會匯報以及在代表本公司作出任何決定或訂立任何承諾前應取得董事會批准等事宜方面。

When the Board delegates aspects of its management and administration functions to the management, it has given clear directions as to the powers of the management, in particular, where management shall report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company.

本公司已設定須予留待董事會決 定事項。董事會將定期檢討有關安 排,以確保能夠一直適當地符合本 集團需要。

The Company has established schedules of Matters Reserved to the Board for Decision. The Board shall review those arrangements periodically to ensure that they remain appropriate to the needs of the Group.

D.2. 董事會轄下各委員會

D.2. Board Committees

董事會轄下各委員會的成立應訂有 書面的特定職權範圍,清楚列載委 員會權力及職責。 Board committees should be formed with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties.

D.3 企業管治職能

本公司並無成立企業管治委員會, 因此董事會負責履行企業管治委員會 能,包括制定及檢討本公司的企業 管治政策及常規、董事及高級、 員的培訓及持續專業發展、 司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的 策及常規等。截至二零一三年次 策及常規等。 更十日止年度,董事會已 司企業管治政策及常規。

E.1. 有效溝通

董事會應負責與股東持續保持對話,尤其是藉股東週年大會或其他 全體會議與股東溝通及鼓勵他們的 參與。

在二零一二年股東週年大會上,主席已就每項獨立的事宜(包括重選董事)個別提出決議案。董事會會議、董事會委員會會議及二零一二年股東週年大會之出席記錄在第26頁披露。

The Board has established an Audit Committee (particulars are disclosed under C.3), a Remuneration Committee (particulars are disclosed under B.1) and a Nomination Committee (particulars are disclosed under A.5). Where Board Committees are established to deal with matters, the Board shall give them sufficiently clear terms of reference to enable them to perform their functions properly. The terms of reference of Board Committees shall require such Committees to report back to the Board on their decisions or recommendations, unless there are legal or regulatory restrictions on their ability to do so.

D.3 Corporate Governance Functions

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements etc. During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.

E.1. Effective Communication

The board should be responsible for maintaining an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, use annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with them and encourage their participation.

At the 2012 AGM, a separate resolution was proposed by the Chairman in respect of each separate issue, including the re-elections of Directors. The attendance records at Board meetings, Board Committee meetings and 2012 AGM are disclosed on page 26.



本公司股東週年大會為與其股東 溝通之其中一個主要渠道。根據慣 例,董事會主席及董事會委員會主 席以及外聘核數師會出席股東週 年大會回答股東提問。除於股東週 年大會上與股東直接互動外,本 公司已設立與其股東溝通的不同 渠道。本公司設有公司網站www. continental.com.hk,刊登其全年及 中期業績公告、財務報告、公告及 其他有關股東資料。本公司之公告 及最新的組織章程大綱與組織章程 細則載於聯交所網站及本公司網 站。根據守則條文E.1.3,就股東週 年大會而言,本公司安排在大會舉 行前至少足20個營業日向股東發送 通知。

The Company's AGM is one of the principal channels of communication with its shareholders. It has been the practice, the Chairman of the Board and the Chairmen of the Board Committees, together with the external auditor, shall attend the AGM to answer questions of shareholders. Apart from the direct interaction with the shareholders at the AGM, the Company has established different communication channels with its shareholders. We maintain a corporate website www.continental.com.hk to publish our final and interim results announcements, financial reports, public announcements and other relevant shareholder information. The announcements and an up-to-date version of the Memorandum and Articles of Association ("M&A") of the Company are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. Pursuant to Code Provision E.1.3, the Company arranges for the notice for AGM to be sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting.

E.2. 以投票方式表決

發行人應確保股東熟悉以投票方式 進行表決的詳細程序。

根據上市規則第13.39(4)條規定,除主席做出決定,容許純粹有關程序或行政事宜的決議案以舉手方式表決外,所有載於股東大會通告之決議案將以投票方式表決。

股東週年大會主席將於股東週年大會開始時詳細解釋進行表決之程序。

股東週年大會結束後,投票結果將 於股東週年大會後之營業日刊載於 香港交易及結算所有限公司之網站 及網站www.continental.com.hk上。

E.2. Voting by Poll

The issuer should ensure that shareholders are familiar with the detailed procedures for conducting a poll.

All the resolutions put to the vote of a general meeting will be taken by poll, except the Chairman decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands, pursuant to the requirement under Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules.

The Chairman of the AGM will explain the detailed procedures for conducting a poll at the commencement of the AGM.

After the conclusion of the AGM, the poll results will be published on the websites of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and at the website www.continental.com.hk on the business day following the AGM.

F. 公司秘書

公司秘書在支援董事會上擔當重要 角色,確保董事會成員之間資訊交 流良好,以及遵循董事會政策及程 序。公司秘書負責透過主席及/或 行政總裁向董事會提供管治事宜方 面意見,並安排董事的入職培訓及 專業發展。

股東權利

F. Company Secretary

The company secretary plays an important roles in supporting the board by ensuring good information flow within the board and that board policy and procedures are followed. The company secretary is responsible for advising the board through the chairman and/or the chief executive on governance matters and should also facilitate induction and professional development of directors.

The Company Secretary is an employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman and his/her appointment and removal is subject to Board approval. The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board for matters relating to Director's duties, such as by giving advice on corporate governance development and facilitating the professional development program of Directors. All Directors have access to the advice and service of the Company Secretary to ensure that Board procedures, and all applicable law, rules and regulations, are followed. During the fiscal year 2013, the Company Secretary has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

Shareholders' Rights

Pursuant to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, shareholders holding not less than one-twentieth of the paid up capital of the Company may call for an extraordinary general meeting and put forward agenda items by sending a written request to the Company Secretary at the Company's registered office. Shareholders representing not less than one-fortieth of the total voting rights of all shareholder or of not less than 50 in number holding shares in the Company on which there has been paid up to an average sum of not less than HK\$2,000 per shareholder, may put forward proposal for consideration at a general meeting of the Company by sending a written request to the Company Secretary at the Company's registered office. Procedures on how shareholders can propose a person for election as a Director are available at the Company's website for shareholders' information.



股東可以致函公司註冊地址,向公司秘書提出查詢。在適當的情況下,股東之查詢及意見將轉交董事會或相關之董事委員會以作解答。

Shareholders may send their enquiries by addressing them to the Company Secretary by post to the registered office. Shareholders' enquiries and concerns, where appropriate, will be forwarded to and answered by the Board or relevant Board Committees.

投資者關係

Investor Relations

於本年度內,本公司之組織章程大 綱與組織章程細則並無任何重大變 動。 There were no significant changes in the Company's M&A during the year.

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納 行為守則,其條款不比上市規則附 錄10所載上市發行人董事進行證券 交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)所載 之標準寬鬆。 The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.

本公司經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,所有董事確認,於截至二零一三年六月三十日止財政年度,彼等已遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

The Company has made specific enquiry with all Directors and all of them confirmed that, for the financial year ended 30 June 2013, they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

董事謹此欣然提呈本公司及本集團 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度 之報告書連同經審核財務報告。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。各主要附屬公司之主要業務載列於財 務報告附註19。

業績及分配

本集團於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度之溢利,以及本公司與本集團於該日之財務狀況,載於第60頁至第234頁之財務報告內。

董事不建議派付截至二零一三年六 月三十日止年度之股息。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備之變動詳 情載列於財務報告附註15。

投資物業

本集團投資物業之變動詳情載於財 務報告附註17。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證 券

本公司及其任何附屬公司於年內並 無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上 市證券。 The Directors are pleased to present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 30 June 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is an investment holding. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 19 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The Group's profit for the year ended 30 June 2013 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 60 to 234.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 30 June 2013.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Details of the movements in the investment property of the Group are set out in note 17 to the financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



股本及可換股票據

於本年度內,本公司股本及可換股票據之變動詳情分別載於財務報告 附許38及35。

儲備

本公司及本集團於本年度之儲備變動詳情分別載列於財務報告附註39及綜合權益變動表。

可供分派儲備

於二零一三年六月三十日,本公司根據香港公司條例第七十九B條計算之可供分派儲備為175,425,000港元(二零一二年:168,465,000港元)。

五年財務摘要

本集團過往五個財政年度之業績、 資產及負債之摘要載列於第236頁。

慈善捐款

本年度本集團之慈善捐款合共為 227,000港元。

SHARE CAPITAL AND CONVERTIBLE NOTES

Details of movements in the Company's share capital and convertible notes during the year are set out in notes 38 and 35 to the financial statements respectively.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 39 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 30 June 2013, the Company's reserves available for distribution, as computed in accordance with Section 79B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, amounted to HK\$175,425,000 (2012: HK\$168,465,000).

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 236.

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totaling HK\$227,000.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

主要客户及供應商

於回顧年度內,本集團五大客戶佔本年度銷售總額之62%,而其中最大客戶所佔銷售額為34%。最大及五大供應商分別佔本集團於本年度之採購總額之40%及78%。

據本公司董事所知,董事、彼等各自之聯繫人士或據董事所知擁有本公司5%以上已發行股本之任何股東,概無於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

董事

本年度及截至本報告日期本公司之 董事成員如下:

執行董事:

陳聖澤博士,BBS,太平紳士*(主席)* 鄭小燕女士*(董事總經理)*

陳慧琪女士 陳偉立先生

非執行董事:

方剛先生

獨立非執行董事:

余嘯天先生, BBS, MBE, 太平紳士

陳炳權先生

施榮懷先生,太平紳士

張志輝先生

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for 62% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 34%. The largest supplier and the five largest suppliers accounted for 40% and 78%, respectively, of the Group's total purchases for the year.

As far as the Directors of the Company are aware, neither the Directors, their respective associates nor any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles, BBS, JP (Chairman)
Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley (Managing Director)

Ms. Chan Wai Kei, Vicki

Mr. Chan Wai Lap, Victor

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Fang Gang

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Yu Shiu Tin, Paul, BBS, MBE, JP

Mr. Chan Ping Kuen, Derek

Mr. Sze Irons, JP

Mr. Cheung Chi Fai, Frank

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



依據本公司之公司章程細則第一百一十五(A)條及第一百一十五(D)條規定,鄭小燕女士、陳炳權先生及方剛先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任,彼等均符合資格可膺 選連任。 In accordance with Articles 115(A) and 115(D) of the Articles of Association, Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley, Mr. Chan Ping Kuen, Derek and Mr. Fang Gang shall retire from office by rotation and all of them are eligible for re-election at the AGM.

四位獨立非執行董事已向本公司提交各自根據上市規則第3.13條載列有關符合作為獨立非執行董事之規定提交之書面確認書。董事會認為四位獨立非執行董事均符合該等條件。

Each of the four Independent Non-executive Directors has submitted written confirmation in respect of the factors set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules concerning his independence. The Board considers each of the four Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

董事及高級管理人員之簡歷

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

本公司董事及本集團高級管理人員 之簡歷載列於年報第20頁至第24頁。 Biographical details of the Directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 20 to 24 of the annual report.

董事之服務合約

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

陳博士與本公司訂立無限期服務合 約,可由任何一方向另一方發出六 個月書面通知而予以終止。 Dr. Chan has a service contract with the Company for an indefinite period, which may be terminated by either party by giving six months' written notice.

除上文所披露者外,將於應屆股東 週年大會上獲提名重選之董事概無 與本公司訂立不可由本公司於一年 內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除 外)之服務合約。 Save as disclosed above, no Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

購股權計劃

本公司之購股權計劃詳情載列於財 務報告附註47。

根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條 作出之披露

以下董事之薪酬待遇於考慮其責任 及現行市場薪酬待遇後作出修改:

- 由二零一三年一月一日起,鄭小燕女士、陳慧琪女士及陳偉立先生之月薪分別修改為180,000港元、80,000港元及137,500港元。

董事之合約權益

除財務報告附註所披露者外,本年 度任何時間內,本公司或其任何附 屬公司並無任何董事於任何對本集 團業務屬重大之合約中擁有重大權 益。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Details of the share option scheme of the Company are set out in note 47 to the financial statements.

DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

The remuneration package of the following directors have been revised after taking consideration of their responsibilities and the prevailing market rates:

with effect from 1 January 2013, the monthly remuneration of Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley, Ms. Chan Wai Kei, Vicki and Mr. Chan Wai Lap, Victor have been revised to HK\$180,000, HK\$80,000 and HK\$137,500 respectively.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in notes to the financial statements, no Director had a material interest in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party at any time during the year.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



董事在競爭業務中的權益

根據《上市規則》第8.10條,於截至 二零一三年六月三十日止年度內及 於二零一三年六月三十日,本公司 董事在與本集團可能構成競爭的業 務中的權益如下:

本公司董事陳博士於在中國四川省 及印尼從事黃金開採活動的相同業 務之公司中擁有權益及擔任董事。 雖然該等公司所進行之部分業務與 本集團業務類似,但是其規模及地 點不同。因此,董事會認為,該等 公司之業務並無與本集團業務構成 競爭。

管理合約

年內並無簽訂或存有任何關於本集 團之整體或任何主要部分業務之管 理及行政管理之合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the Interests of Directors of the Company in businesses which might compete with the Group during the year ended 30 June 2013 and as at 30 June 2013 were as follows:

Dr. Chan, Director of the Company, has held interest and directorship in companies engaged in the same businesses of gold mining activities in Sichuan Province of the PRC and Indonesia. Although some of the businesses carried out by these companies are similar to those of the Group, they are of different scale and at different locations. Therefore, the Board is of the view that the businesses of those companies did not compete with the businesses of the Group.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or in existence during the year.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

董事於股份、相關股份及債券中 之權益及短倉

於二零一三年六月三十日,根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第十五部第三百五十二條而存置之登記名冊內記錄,董事及彼等之聯繫人士在本公司或其相聯法團(證券及期貨條例第十五部所界定者)之股份、相關股份及債券中之權益及短倉,或根據上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及短倉如下:

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2013, the interests and short positions of the Directors and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of Part XV of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") were as set out below:

本公司

佔本公司

		Number of	1港元之普通股數目 ordinary shares of ch in the Company 公司權益 Corporate	已發行 股本百分比 Percentage of the Company's issued share
董事姓名	Name of Directors	interest	interest	capital
陳聖澤	Chan Sing Chuk, Charles	_	5,063,395,220 (附註1)(Note 1)	99.08%
鄭小燕	Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley	-	5,063,395,220 (附註1)(Note 1)	99.08%
陳炳權	Chan Ping Kuen, Derek	200,000	_	0.004%
陳偉立	Chan Wai Lap, Victor	2,700,000	_	0.053%

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



董事於股份、相關股份及債券中之權益及短倉(續)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

(continued)

			貝惟起
			(本金額)
			公司權益
		個人權益	Debenture
		Personal	(principal amount)
董事姓名	Name of Directors	interest	Corporate interest
陳聖澤	Chan Sing Chuk, Charles	_	HK\$325 million
			(附註2)(Note 2)
鄭小燕	Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley	_	HK\$325 million
			(附註2)(Note 2)

- 附註1:該等權益由(i)陳博士與鄭小燕 女士全資擁有之一家公司Tamar Investments Group Limited (「Tamar Investments」)持有3,352,868,910 股股份,及(ii) Tamar Investments 持有1,710,526,310股股份,其為 於二零一一年十月十二日發行予 Tamar Investments之可換股票據 有關的換股股份之權益。本公司 董事陳博士及鄭小燕女士為Tamar Investments之董事。
- 附註2:該等權益由Tamar Investments以根據Big Bonus Limited及其附屬公司收購事項於二零一一年十月十二日發行之本金額為325,000,000港元之可換股票據持有。Tamar Investments由陳博士及鄭小燕女士全資擁有(如附註1所提述)。
- Note 1: Such interests are held as to (i) 3,352,868,910 shares by Tamar Investments Group Limited ("Tamar Investments"), which is a company wholly owned by Dr. Chan and Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley and (ii) 1,710,526,310 shares by Tamar Investments represent interest in the conversion shares under the convertible note issued to Tamar Investments on 12 October 2011. Dr. Chan and Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley, both being Directors, are the Directors of Tamar Investments.
- Note 2: Such interest is held by Tamar Investments in the convertible note in HK\$325,000,000 principal amount (issued on 12 October 2011 under the acquisition of Big Bonus Limited and its subsidiaries). Tamar Investments is wholly owned by Dr. Chan and Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley as referred in Note 1.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

董事於股份、相關股份及債券中 之權 益及短倉(續)

除上文所披露者外,於結算日,概 無董事或彼等之聯繫人士於本公司 或其任何相聯法團根據證券及期貨 條例第十五部第三百五十二條須載 入該條所述登記冊之股份、相關股份 份及債券中擁有個人、家屬、本守 則須通知本公司及聯交所於股份、 相關股份及債券中擁有之個人、 相關股份及債券中擁有之個人。 屬、公司或其他權益或短倉。

董事購買股份或債券之權利

董事或彼等之配偶或十八歲以下子女於年內任何時間概無獲授予權利以購買本公司之股份或債券之形式而獲益或行使任何有關權利:而本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內任何時間亦無參與任何安排,致使董事或彼等之配偶或十八歲以下子女於任何其他法人團體中獲取該等權利。

主要股東

於二零一三年六月三十日,除陳博士及鄭小燕女士之權益(載於上文「董事於股份、相關股份及債券中之權益及短倉」一節)外,按證券及期貨條例第三百三十六條所記錄,概無其他人士已登記擁有本公司已發行股本5%或以上之權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

(continued)

Except as disclosed above, at the reporting date, none of the Directors or their respective associates had any personal, family, corporate or other interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of Part XV of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year were the rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age to acquire such rights in any other corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

At 30 June 2013, no person, other than Dr. Chan and Ms. Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures" above, had registered an interest in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



財務資助

上市規則第13.20條及第13.22條 有關向聯屬公司提供財務資助的 持續披露規定

根據上市規則第13.20條及第13.22條之披露責任,本集團提供的財務資助於二零一三年六月三十日仍然存在。財務資助合共相當於上市規則第14.07(1)條所界定之資產比率約25.2%。

於二零一三年六月三十日,財務資 助之金額載列如下:

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER 13.20 AND 13.22 OF THE LISTING RULES IN RELATION TO FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO AFFILIATED COMPANIES

Based on the disclosure obligations under Rules 13.20 and 13.22 of the Listing Rules, the financial assistance, which was made by the Group, continued to exist as at 30 June 2013. The financial assistance, in aggregate, represent approximately 25.2% under the assets ratio as defined under Rule 14.07(1) of the Listing Rules.

The amounts of the Financial Assistance as at 30 June 2013 were set out below:

股東貸款

	1 >1< 112	カストーンへつハ		7/3 3/3 2 <-/3
	之應佔權益	或墊款		總額
實體名稱	Attributable	Shareholder's	公司擔保	Aggregate
Name of	interest held	loan or	Corporate	Financial
the entities	by the Group	Advances	Guarantee	Assistance
		港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Wealth Plus Developments Limited (「Wealth Plus」)及其附屬公司 Wealth Plus Developments Limited	50%	400,900,000 (附註1) (Note 1)	295,066,000 (附註2)	695,966,000
("Wealth Plus") and its subsidiary		(Note 1)	(Note 2)	

本集團持有

附註:

- 1. 授予股東貸款或墊款乃作為發展位於中國上海楊浦區之建築地盤的營運資金。尚未償還股東貸款或墊款為免息、無抵押及並無固定還款期。
- 2. 本公司就銀行授予Wealth Plus之附屬公司之有期貸款信貸融資而給予銀行擔保為數人民幣235,000,000元(相等於約295,066,000港元)。擔保期由提取日期起計為期五年。

Notes:

- 1. The shareholder's loan or advances had been granted as working capital for the development of the construction site located in Yangpu District, of Shanghai in the PRC. The outstanding shareholder's loan or advances is interest free, unsecured and has no fixed repayment term.
- A guarantee to the extent of RMB235,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$295,066,000) was given by the Company in favour of a bank in respect of a term loan facility granted to a subsidiary of Wealth Plus. The guarantee period last for five years from the date of drawdown.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

根據上市規則第13.22條之規定,根據其可得的最新財務報表,共同控制實體之合併財務狀況表及本集團在聯屬公司中應佔的權益載列如下:

In accordance with the requirement under Rule 13.22 of the Listing Rules, the combined statement of financial position of the jointly controlled entity and the Group's attributable interests in these affiliated companies based on their latest financial statements available are presented below:

		合併	本集團
		財務狀況表	應佔的權益
		Combined	Group's
		statement	attributable
		of financial position	interest
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets	1,340,244	670,122
流動資產	Current assets	30,730	15,365
流動負債	Current liabilities	(42,482)	(21,241)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(1,065,154)	(532,577)
資產淨值	Net assets	263,338	131,669

有關進一步詳情,載於財務報告附 註21。 Further details are set out in note 21 to the financial statements.

關連人士交易

關連人士交易(亦構成關連人士交易)之詳情載於財務報告附註。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得之資料及根據董事所知,於本報告日期,本公司已發行股本總額至少25%由公眾股東持有。

CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the connected party transactions, which also constituted as related party transactions are set out in notes to the financial statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



獨立性確認

根據《上市規則》第3.13條,本公司 已經收到各獨立非執行董事之每年 獨立性確認。董事會認為,各獨立 非執行董事確屬獨立人士。

審核委員會

本公司已根據上市規則之規定成立 審核委員會,以審閱並監察本集團 之財務申報程序及內部監控事宜。 審核委員會已就本集團所採納之會 計政策及基準、財務事宜及內部監 控程序進行商討,並已審閱中期及 年度財務報告。於本報告日期,審 核委員會由本公司四名獨立非執行 董事組成。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board is of the view that all Independent Non-executive Directors are independent.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has an Audit Committee which was established in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over the financial reporting process and internal controls of the Group. The Audit Committee has discussed the Group's accounting policies and basis adopted, the financial and internal control process of the Group and has reviewed the interim and annual financial statements. As of the date of this report, the Audit Committee comprises of the four Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

核數師

於本公司下次股東週年大會上,將提品決議案以重新委任本公司核數

提呈決議案以重新委任本公司核數 師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限 公司。 **AUDITOR**

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM of the Company to re-appoint the auditor, BDO Limited.

承董事會命

For and on behalf of the Board

主席

陳聖澤

香港,二零一三年九月三十日

Chan Sing Chuk, Charles

Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 September 2013





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恒和珠寶集團有限公司

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司) 全體股東:

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師 公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及 香港《公司條例》編制綜合財務報 表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實 公平的反映,及落實其認為編製宗 合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以 使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

To the shareholders of Continental Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Continental Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Group") set out on pages 60 to 234, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 30 June 2013, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of cash flows and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該 等綜合財務報表作出意見,並按照 香港《公司條例》第141條僅向整體 股東報告,除此之外本報告別無其 他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容 向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責 任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審計,以合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證 充足和適當地為我們的審計意見提 供基礎。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據《香港財務報告準則》真實而公平地反映貴公司及貴集團於二零一三年六月三十日的財務狀況及貴集團截至該日止年度的溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》妥為編製。

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 30 June 2013 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* 李穎賢

執業證書編號P05035

香港,二零一三年九月三十日

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Li Wing Yin

Practising Certificate Number P05035

Hong Kong, 30 September 2013

		附註 Notes	2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
收益	Revenue	6	949,215	955,712
銷售成本	Cost of sales		(828,895)	(821,120)
毛利	Gross profit		120,320	134,592
銷售及分銷成本	Selling and distribution costs		(17,527)	(18,521)
行政費用	Administrative expenses		(94,847)	(100,937)
其他經營收入/(費用)	Other operating income/(expenses)		2,768	(1,829)
投資物業公平值之改變	Change in fair value of investment			
	property	17	84,769	1,656
可供出售之金融資產減值	Impairment loss of available-for-sale			
虧損	financial assets	22(b)	(10,076)	(118,361)
出售可供出售之金融	Gain on disposal of available-for-sale			
資產的收益	financial assets		510	-
於收購附屬公司之可辨認	Excess of interest in the net fair value			
淨資產的淨公平值之權益	of the net identifiable assets over			
超過收購總成本的公平值	the fair value of the total cost of	4.4.4		264 707
的部分	acquisition of subsidiaries	44.1	-	364,797
財務擔保負債攤銷所產生 的收入	Income arising from amortising the	26	4.654	
以股份為基礎之報酬	financial guarantee liabilities Share-based compensation	36 40	1,654	(35,339)
融資成本	Finance costs	7	– (12,405)	(35,339)
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates	/	(12,405)	(252)
應佔共同控制實體業績	Share of results of jointly controlled		_	(232)
悠日六円江 10 11 12 12 12 12 12 12	entities		12,494	(1,352)
	entities		12,737	(1,552)
除所得税前溢利	Profit before income tax	8	87,660	215,020
所得税開支	Income tax expense	9	(1,303)	(2,494)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		86,357	212,526

		附註 Notes	2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
其他全面收益,扣除税項	Other comprehensive income,			
可重新分類至損益的項目:	after tax Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:			
可供出售之金融資產	Change in fair value of available-for-sa	ale		
之公平值變動,淨額	financial assets, net		(8,187)	(101,511)
於可供出售金融資產減值時由權益重新分類至損益	Reclassification from equity to profit or loss on impairment of			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	available-for-sale financial assets		10,076	118,361
換算海外業務、聯營公司 及共同控制實體之匯兑	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations, associates and			
差額	jointly controlled entities		39,478	11,734
年內其他全面收益 [,]	Other comprehensive income			
扣除税項	for the year, net of tax		41,367	28,584
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income			
	for the year		127,724	241,110
應佔年內溢利:	Profit for the year attributable to:			
本公司擁有人	Owners of the Company	10	85,847	214,894
非控制權益	Non-controlling interests		510	(2,368)
			86,357	212,526
應佔年內全面收益總額:	Total comprehensive income for			
	the year attributable to:			
本公司擁有人	Owners of the Company		127,214	243,478
非控制權益 ————————————————————————————————————	Non-controlling interests		510	(2,368)
			127,724	241,110
本公司擁有人應佔溢利	Earnings per share for profit			
之每股盈利	attributable to the owners		HK cent	HK cent
	of the Company	12	港仙	港仙
一基本	– Basic		1.68	4.72
	– Diluted		1.30	3.75

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position ■ 綜合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2013 於二零一三年六月三十日

總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		2,229,128	2,038,581
流動負債淨值	Net current liabilities		(88,724)	(120,588)
			(529,642)	(595,635)
税項撥備	Provision for tax		(8,114)	(10,411)
財務擔保負債	Financial guarantee liabilities	36	(2,481)	_
可換股票據	Convertible note	35		(54,889)
控股股東提供的貸款	Loan from a controlling shareholder	34	(10,000)	_
應付聯營公司款項	Due to an associate	20	(_,5_ :,	(111)
應付關連公司款項	Due to related companies	32	(2,321)	(04)
就具位員 本語 衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	31 27	(113)	(84)
銀行貸款 融資租賃承擔	Bank loans Obligation under a finance lease	30	(336,181)	(324,172)
其他應付款項及應計費用	Other payables and accruals	20	(32,300)	(72,802)
貿易應付款項	Trade payables	29	(138,132)	(133,166)
流動負債	Current liabilities			
			440,918	475,047
現金及現金等額	Cash and cash equivalents	28	37,911	85,236
應收一間共同控制實體款項	Due from a jointly controlled entity	21	139	139
· 資產 衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	27	38	11,090
以公平值計入損益之金融 資產	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	26	12,079	11,696
其他應收款項	receivables		13,781	11,614
預付款項、按金及	Prepayments, deposits and other			
貿易應收款項	Trade receivables	25	105,198	109,010
存貨	Inventories	24	271,772	257,352
流動資產	Current assets			
			2,317,852	2,159,169
<u> </u>	Deletten ray assers	37	6,109	6,093
可供出售之金融資產 遞延税項資產	Available-for-sale financial assets Deferred tax assets	22	27,497	37,136
於共同控制實體之權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	21	532,569	484,655
於聯營公司之權益	Interests in associates	20	-	-
採礦權	Mining right	18	1,050,495	1,020,524
投資物業	Investment property	17	543,500	453,500
土地使用權	Land use rights	16	41,440	41,824
非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備	Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	15	116,242	115,437
資產及負債	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
		Notes	#K\$ 000	HK\$ 000
		Notes	⊤ <i>л</i> ел. НК\$′000	T/€/L HK\$′000
		附註	2013 千港元	千港元
			2013	2012

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position ■ 綜合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2013 於二零一三年六月三十日



				2042
		7/ 1 ±÷	2013	2012 ~#=
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
融資租賃承擔	Obligation under a finance lease	31	(104)	_
應付關連公司款項	Due to related companies	32	(83,903)	(27,961)
應付最終控股公司款項	Due to ultimate holding company	33	(1,546)	(7,877)
控股股東提供的貸款	Loan from a controlling shareholder	34	(95,022)	(105,000)
可換股票據	Convertible note	35	(9,874)	(13,694)
財務擔保負債	Financial guarantee liabilities	36	(8,270)	-
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	37	(245,001)	(238,431)
			(443,720)	(392,963)
資產淨值	Net assets		1,785,408	1,645,618
權益	EQUITY			
股本	Share capital	38	51,107	51,107
儲備	Reserves	39	1,740,356	1,601,076
本公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity attributable to the owners			
	of the Company		1,791,463	1,652,183
非控制權益	Non-controlling interests		(6,055)	(6,565)
權益總額	Total equity		1,785,408	1,645,618

代表董事會

On behalf of the Board

陳聖澤

Chan Sing Chuk, Charles

董事

Director

鄭小燕 *董事* Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley

Director

Statement of Financial Position ■ 財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2013 於二零一三年六月三十日

		附註 Notes	2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
資產及負債	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
於附屬公司之權益	Interests in subsidiaries	19	1,106,390	1,087,004
於聯營公司之權益	Interests in associates	20	-	-
於共同控制實體之權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	21	12,405	
			1,118,795	1,087,004
流動資產	Current assets			
預付款項、按金及	Prepayments, deposits and other			
其他應收款項	receivables		367	319
應收附屬公司款項	Due from subsidiaries	19	89,239	99,178
以公平值計入損益之	Financial assets at fair value through			
金融資產	profit or loss	26	7	148
現金及現金等額	Cash and cash equivalents	28	33	117
			89,646	99,762
流動負債	Current liabilities			
其他應付款項及應計費用	Other payables and accruals		(932)	(1,417)
應付附屬公司款項	Due to subsidiaries	19	(18,813)	(7,426)
控股股東提供的貸款	Loan from a controlling shareholder	34	(10,000)	-
可換股票據	Convertible note	35	-	(54,889)
財務擔保負債	Financial guarantee liabilities	36	(2,481)	-
税項撥備	Provision for tax		(1,370)	(1,370)
			(33,596)	(65,102)
流動資產淨值	Net current assets		56,050	34,660
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		1,174,845	1,121,664

Statement of Financial Position ■ 財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2013 於二零一三年六月三十日



		2013	2012
	附註	千港元	千港元
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current liabilities			
	32	(53.346)	_
	34		(105,000)
Convertible note	35		(13,694)
Financial guarantee liabilities	36	(8,270)	_
		(161,490)	(118,694)
Net assets		1,013,355	1,002,970
EOUITY			
	38	51,107	51,107
Reserves	39	962,248	951,863
Total equity		1,013,355	1,002,970
	Net assets EQUITY Share capital Reserves	Non-current liabilities Due to a related company 32 Loan from a controlling shareholder 34 Convertible note 35 Financial guarantee liabilities 36 Net assets EQUITY Share capital 38 Reserves 39	Non-current liabilities Due to a related company 32 (53,346) Loan from a controlling shareholder 34 (90,000) Convertible note 35 (9,874) Financial guarantee liabilities 36 (8,270) Net assets 1,013,355 EQUITY Share capital 38 51,107 Reserves 39 962,248

代表董事會

On behalf of the Board

陳聖澤

Chan Sing Chuk, Charles

董事

Director

鄭小燕

Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley

董事

Director

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows ■ 綜合現金流量表

		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
經營業務現金流量	Cash flows from operating activities		
除所得税前溢利	Profit before income tax	87,660	215,020
已就下列項目調整:	Adjustments for:	·	,
融資成本	Finance costs	12,405	9,434
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates	· _	252
應佔共同控制實體業績	Share of results of jointly controlled entities	(12,494)	1,352
以股份為基礎之報酬	Share-based compensation		35,339
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7,714	7,632
土地使用權攤銷	Amortisation of land use rights	1,461	1,430
採礦權攤銷	Amortisation of mining right	668	316
存貨(撥回)/撥備	(Write back of)/Provision for		
	inventories	(3,804)	1,612
貿易應收款項撥備	Provision for trade receivables	123	756
於聯營公司之權益減值	Impairment loss on interest in		
虧損	associates	_	2,136
可供出售之金融資產減值	Impairment loss of available-for-sale		
虧損	financial assets	10,076	118,361
於收購附屬公司之可辨認	Excess of interest in the net fair value		
淨資產的淨公平值之權益	of the net identifiable assets over		
超過收購總成本的公平值	the fair value of the total cost of		
的部分	acquisition of subsidiaries	_	(364,797)
出售物業、廠房及設備之	Loss on disposal of property, plant		
虧損	and equipment	20	275
財務擔保負債攤銷所產生	Income arising from amortising the		
的收入	financial guarantee liabilities	(1,654)	_
出售可供出售之金融資產	Gain on disposal of available-for-sale		
的收益	financial assets	(510)	_
附屬公司撤銷註冊收益	Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries	-	(714)
投資物業公平值之改變	Change in fair value of investment property	(84,769)	(1,656)
長期應收款項撥備轉回	Reversal of provision for long-term receivables	(967)	(500)
應付關連公司款項初步確認	Imputed interest income arising from		
所產生的應歸利息收入	initial recognition of amount due to		
	a related company	-	(5,455)
可換股票據贖回選擇權之	Fair value loss on redemption options		
公平值虧損	of convertible notes	141	2,857
衍生金融工具公平值	Fair value (gain)/loss on derivative		
(收益)/虧損	financial instruments	(116)	286

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows ■ 綜合現金流量表



		附註	2013 <i>千港元</i>	2012 <i>千港元</i>
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
營運資金變動前之經營溢利	Operating profit before working		45.054	22.026
/= /	capital changes		15,954	23,936
存貨(增加)/減少 貿易應收款項減少	(Increase)/Decrease in inventories Decrease in trade receivables		(10,009)	8,865
員勿應收款項 <i>減少</i> 預付款項、按金及其他	(Increase)/Decrease in prepayments,		4,193	6,718
應收款項(增加)/減少	deposits and other receivables		(2,055)	245
以公平值計入損益之金融	(Increase)/Decrease in financial assets		(2,033)	243
資產(增加)/減少	at fair value through profit or loss		(524)	2,328
與聯營公司之結餘	(Increase)/Decrease in balances with		(52.)	2,320
(増加)/減少	associates		(111)	129
與共同控制實體之結餘	Increase in balances with jointly		` ′	
增加	controlled entities		_	(12)
貿易及其他應付款項及應計	Decrease in trade and other payables			
費用減少	and accruals		(36,665)	(10,369)
衍生金融工具增加	Increase in derivative financial			
	instruments		(6)	(76)
經營(所用)/產生之現金	Cash (used in)/generated from			
	operations		(29,223)	31,764
已付利息	Interest paid		(10,265)	(9,076)
已付中國企業所得税	PRC enterprise income tax paid		(457)	(559)
已付香港利得税	Hong Kong profits tax paid		(3,341)	(4,984)
經營業務(所用)/產生	Net cash (used in)/generated from			
之現金淨額	operating activities		(43,286)	17,145
投資活動現金流量	Cash flows from investing activities			
添置物業、廠房及設備	Additions to property, plant and			
	equipment	46	(5,494)	(10,449)
添置採礦權	Additions to mining right	-10	(1,808)	(10,1-15)
添置分類為投資物業之發展	Additions to property under		(1,000)	
中物業	development classified as			
	investment property		(852)	(1,009)
收購附屬公司(扣除已購	Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cash			
現金及現金等額)	and cash equivalents acquired)	44.1	-	(74,387)
出售物業、廠房及設備	Proceeds from disposal of property,			
所得款項	plant and equipment		35	105
出售可供出售金融資產的	Proceeds from disposal of			
所得款項	available-for-sale financial assets		3,110	_
購買可供出售金融資產	Purchase of available-for-sale financial			
	assets		(1,148)	(929)
	Receipt from long-term receivables		967	500
已收長期應收款項				
增加貸款予一間共同控制	Increase in loans to a jointly controlled		(0.400)	(61,500)
	Increase in loans to a jointly controlled entity		(9,100)	(61,500)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows ■ 綜合現金流量表

		2013 千港元 HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
融資活動現金流量	Cash flows from financing activities		
控股股東墊款	Advance from a controlling shareholder	5,022	110,000
償還控股股東	Repayment to a controlling shareholder	(5,000)	(5,000)
認購股份的所得款項	Proceeds from subscription of shares	-	37,000
償還融資租賃承擔	Repayment of obligation under finance lease	(208)	_
償還可換股票據票面利息	Repayment of coupon interest of convertible note	(4,341)	_
新增銀行貸款	New bank loans	37,450	118,000
償還銀行貸款	Repayment of bank loans	(25,785)	(29,178)
墊款自關連公司	Advance from related companies	2,321	_
償還應付關連公司款項	Repayment of amount due to		
	a related company	_	(2,267)
於完成收購附屬公司後償還	Repayment of an advance from		
關連公司提供的墊款	a related company upon completion		
	of acquisition of subsidiaries	-	(64,149)
融資活動產生現金淨額	Net cash generated from financing		
	activities	9,459	164,406
現金及現金等額之(減少)/	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and		
增加淨額	cash equivalents	(48,117)	33,882
年初之現金及現金等額	Cash and cash equivalents at		
	beginning of year	85,236	49,867
外幣匯率變動之影響,淨額	Effect of foreign exchange rate		
	changes, net	792	1,487
年終之現金及現金等額	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	37,911	85,236
現金及現金等額之結餘分析	Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents		
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	37,911	85,236

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity ■ 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



本公司擁有人應佔權益

	_	Equity attributable to the owners of the Company											
		已發行 股本 Issued capital <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	股份 溢價賬 Share	認股權證儲備	儲備 Non- distributable reserve 千港元	其他儲備 Other reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	Convertible note equity reserve 千港 $\bar{\pi}$	匯兑波動 儲備 Exchange fluctuation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	重估儲備 Investment revaluation reserve 千港元	保留溢利 Retained profits <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	非控制權益 Non- controlling interests <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	権益總額 Total equity チ港元 HK\$'000
			premium account 千港元 HK\$'000	Warrant reserve 千港元 HK\$'000									
於二零一一年七月一日之結餘	Balance at 1 July 2011	31,283	190,743	53,008	273,606	(5,397)	2,310	32,078	(16,127)	475,299	1,036,803	(3,665)	1,033,138
認購股份(附註38(b)) 收購附屬公司(附註44.1) 發行可換股票據(附註35) 以股份為基礎之報酬之確認	Shares subscription (note 38(b)) Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44.1) Issue of convertible note (note 35) Recognition of share-based	2,177 17,647 -	34,823 165,882 -	- - -	-	- - -	- - 116,034	- - -	- - -	- - -	37,000 183,529 116,034	-	37,000 183,529 116,034
(附註40) 附屬公司撤銷註冊(附註44.2)	compensation (note 40) Deregistration of subsidiaries (note 44.2)	-	-	35,339 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,339 -	(532)	35,339 (532)
與擁有人之交易	Transactions with owners	19,824	200,705	35,339	-	-	116,034	-	-	-	371,902	(532)	371,370
本年度溢利 其他全面收益: 折算海外業務、聯營公司及 共同控制實體財務報告 所產牛之僅兑差額	Profit for the year Other comprehensive income: Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations, associates and jointly	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	214,894	214,894	(2,368)	212,526
可供出售金融資產公平值	controlled entities Change in fair value of available-for-sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,734	-	-	11,734	-	11,734
之改變,浮額 於可供出售金融資產減值時 由權益重新分類至損益	financial assets, net Reclassification from equity to profit or loss on impairment of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(101,511)	-	(101,511)	-	(101,511)
	available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118,361	-	118,361	-	118,361
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,734	16,850	214,894	243,478	(2,368)	241,110
因非上市認股權證到期而轉往 保留溢利的金額	Amount transferred to retained profits as a result of expiration of unlisted warrants	-	-	(88,347)	-	-	-	-	-	88,347	-	-	_
於二零一二年六月三十日之結餘	Balance at 30 June 2012	51,107	391,448*	-	273,606*	(5,397)	118,344*	43,812*	723*	778,540*	1,652,183	(6,565)	1,645,618

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity ■ 綜合權益變動表

		本公司擁有人應佔權益											
	_	Equity attributable to the owners of the Company											
		已發行 股本 Issued capital 千港元 HK\$'000	股份	不可分派			可換股票據	匯兑波動	投資				權益總額 Total equity <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
			溢價賬 Share premium account 千港元 HK\$'000	e Non- n distributable t reserve 于 并流	其他儲備	出資儲備	權益儲備	儲備	重估儲備	保留溢利	總計	非控制權益	
						Capital contribution reserve 千港元 HK\$'000		Exchange	Investment			Non-	
					Other			fluctuation	revaluation	Retained		controlling interests 千港元 HK\$'000	
					reserve		reserve	reserve	reserve	profits	Total		
					千港元 HK\$'000					千港元	千港元 HK\$'000		
										HK\$'000			
於二零一二年七月一日之結餘	Balance at 1 July 2012	51,107	391,448	273,606	(5,397)	-	118,344	43,812	723	778,540	1,652,183	(6,565)	1,645,618
因債務清償而視作出資(附註35)	Deemed capital contribution arising from												
	debt extinguishment (note 35)	-	-	-	-	5,735	-	-	-	-	5,735	-	5,735
視作最終控股公司出資	Deemed capital contribution from												
(附註33)	ultimate holding company (note 33)	-	-	-	-	6,331	-	-	-	-	6,331	-	6,331
與擁有人之交易	Transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	12,066	-	-	-	-	12,066	-	12,066
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	85,847	85,847	510	86,357
其他全面收益:	Other comprehensive income:												
折算海外業務、聯營公司及	Exchange differences on translation of the												
共同控制實體財務報告所產生	financial statements of foreign operations,												
之匯兑差額	associates and jointly controlled entities	_	_	_	_	_	_	39,478	_	_	39,478	_	39,478
可供出售金融資產公平值	Change in fair value of available-for-sale							55,			55,		55,
之改變,淨額	financial assets. net	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(8,187)	_	(8,187)	_	(8,187
於可供出售金融資產減值時	Reclassification from equity to profit or								(0,107)		(0,107)		(0,107
由權益重新分類至損益	loss on impairment of available-for-sale												
四種皿主机の杯工択皿	financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,076	-	10,076	-	10,076
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,478	1,889	85,847	127,214	510	127,724
D=1600=1471M0=4+4.													
因可換股票據到期而轉往	Amounts transferred to retained profits												
保留溢利的金額(附註35)	as a result of expiration of												
	convertible note (note 35)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,310)	-	-	2,310	-	-	-
於二零一三年六月三十日之結餘	Balance at 30 June 2013	51,107	391,448*	273,606*	(5,397)	12,066*	116,034*	83,290*	2,612*	866,697*	1,791,463	(6,055)	1,785,408

^{*} 該等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況表中 之綜合儲備1,740,356,000港元(二 零一二年:1,601,076,000港元)。

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$1,740,356,000 (2012: HK\$1,601,076,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Notes to the Financial Statements ■ 財務報告附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



一、公司資料

恒和珠寶集團有限公司(「本公司」)乃一間於香港成立並以香港為註冊地之有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點的地址為香港九龍紅磡鶴園街十一號凱旋工商中心第三期一樓M及N座。本公司股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事以下業務:

- 一 設計、製造、推廣及買賣 珠寶首飾及鑽石
- 物業投資
- 採礦業務
- 投資

董事認為,本公司之最終控股公司為Tamar Investments Group Limited (「Tamar Investments」),一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司。

財務報告以港元(「港元」)呈報,即本公司的功能貨幣。

載列於第60頁至第234頁之綜合 財務報告乃根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈之香 港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」,該統稱包括所有適用 別之香港財務報告準則、香港會 計準則(「香港會計準則」)及香港公司條例編製。財務 報告亦包括香港聯合交易所有限 公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 之適用披露條文。

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年 度之財務報告已經由董事會於二 零一三年九月三十日批核發行。

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Continental Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Hong Kong. The address of the Company's registered office and principal place of business is Flats M & N, 1st Floor, Kaiser Estate, Phase III, 11 Hok Yuen Street, Hunghom, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange").

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in the following activities:

- Design, manufacturing, marketing and trading of fine jewellery and diamonds
- Property investment
- Mining operation
- Investment

In the opinion of the directors, the Company's ultimate holding company is Tamar Investments Group Limited ("Tamar Investments"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

The consolidated financial statements on pages 60 to 234 have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") which collective terms include all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs" as) and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The financial statements also include the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

The financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2013 were approved for issue by the board of directors on 30 September 2013.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二、採納香港財務報告準則

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財 務報告準則

於本年度,本集團首次採用由香港會計師公會頒佈 之以下修訂(「新香港財務報告準則」),均適用及生效於二零一二年七月一日開始之年度期間之本集團財務報表:

香港會計準則 其他全面收益 第1號的修訂 項目呈報 (經修訂)

香港會計準則第1號的修 訂(經修訂)「其他全面收 益項目呈報/

香港會計準則第1號的修訂(經修訂)要求本中呈別數本中呈別數本中呈別數不可則的項目分為將來可則的稅項至損益的項目的稅項須接。其他全面則稅項額。在財務可以者。其他全相則務不可則稅,本集團其他全相財務不可,以益基基報收出的稅,本集團其他全條以收入。

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following amendment ("the new HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA which is relevant to and effective for the Group's financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 July 2012:

Amendments to Presentation of Items of HKAS 1 (Revised) Other Comprehensive Income

Amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised) – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

These amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised) require the Group to separate items presented in other comprehensive income into those that may be reclassified to profit or loss in the future and those that may not. Tax on items of other comprehensive income is allocated and disclosed on the same basis. The Group's presentation of other comprehensive income in theses financial statements has been modified accordingly.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則

> 以下新訂/經修訂香港財 務報告準則已經頒佈但於 編製綜合財務報表有關的 財政年度尚未生效,其並 未獲本集團提早採納。

香港財務報告 香港財務報告準則 準則(修訂) 年度改進(二零零

九年至二零一一年循環)1

香港財務報告 投資實體2

準則第10號、 香港財務報告 準則第12號及

香港會計準則第 27號(二零一 年)(修訂)

香港財務報告 綜合財務報表、 準則第10號、 合營安排及披露於 香港財務 其他實體的權益: 報告準則第11號 過渡指引

及香港財務報告 準則第12號(修訂)

香港財務報告準則 披露一金融資產和 第7號(修訂) 金融負債的互相

抵銷1

香港會計準則 呈列一金融資產和 第32號(修訂) 金融負債的互相

抵銷2

香港會計準則 有關非金融資產可收 第36號(修訂) 回金額的披露²

香港會計準則 金融工具:確認和計 第39號(修訂) 量:衍生工具的

> 約務更替及套期會 計的持續²

香港財務報告準則 金融工具3

第9號

香港財務報告準則 綜合財務報表1

第10號

香港財務報告準則 合營安排1

第11號

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued, but are not yet effective in the financial year of which the consolidated financial statements were prepared, have not been early adopted by the Group.

HKFRSs (Amendments)

Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle¹

Amendments to HKFRS 10, Inve

HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011) Investment Entities²

Amendments to HKFRS 10, Consolidated Financial

HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 Statements, Joint Arrangements

and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition

Guidance¹

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Disclosures – Offsetting Financial

Assets and Financial Liabilities¹

Amendments to HKAS 32 Presentation – Offsetting Financial

Assets and Financial Liabilities²

Amendments to HKAS 36 Recoverable Amount Disclosures

for Non-Financial Assets²

Amendments to HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition

and Measurement – Novation of Derivatives and Continuation

of Hedge Accounting² Financial Instruments³

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments³

HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial

Statements¹

HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements¹

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

香港財務報告準則 披露於其他實體的

第12號 權益1

香港財務報告準則 公平值計量1

第13號

香港會計準則 獨立財務報告1

第27號 (二零一一年)

香港會計準則第28號 於聯營公司及合營

(二零一一年) 企業的投資1

香港(國際財務報告 露天礦場生產期的

詮釋委員會) 剝除成本1

詮釋第20號

香港(國際財務報告 徵費2

詮釋委員會) 詮釋第21號

- 1 於二零一三年一月一 日或其後開始之年度 期間生效
- 2 於二零一四年一月一 日或其後開始之年度 期間生效
- 3 於二零一五年一月一 日或其後開始之年度 期間生效

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in

Other Entities¹

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement¹

HKAS 27 (2011) Separate Financial Statements¹

HKAS 28 (2011) Investments in Associates and

Joint Ventures¹

HK(IFRIC) – Interpretation 20 Stripping Costs of the Production

Phase of a Surface Mine¹

HK(IFRIC) – Interpretation 21 Levies²

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015



二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則(修訂) 「年度改進(二零零九年至 二零一一年循環)」

> 改進作出以下有關本集團 財務報表的修訂:

(i) 香港會計準則第1號 「財務報表的列報」

> 修訂澄清,當實體追 溯應用會計政策或對 其財務報表項目作出 追溯重列或重新分類 而列報第三份綜合財 務狀況表的要求限於 對讓財務狀況表內 資料有重大影響時。 期初綜合財務狀況表 的日期為上一個期間 開始時,而並不是目 前最早比較期間開始 時。修訂亦澄清,除 香港會計準則第1號第 41段至第44段及香港 會計準則第8號要求的 披露外,無須列報第 三份綜合財務狀況表 的有關附註。只要有 關資料根據香港財務 報告準則編制,實體 可列報額外自願比較 資料。這可能包括一 份或多份報表而不是 一整套財務報表。每 份額外列報的報表均 需要有關附註。

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRSs (Amendments) – Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle

The improvements made amendments relevant to the Group's financial statements as follows:

(i) HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments clarify that the requirement to present a third consolidated statement of financial position when an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively or makes a retrospective restatement or reclassification of items in its financial statements is limited to circumstances where there is a material effect on the information in that consolidated statement of financial position. The date of the opening statement of financial position is the beginning of the preceding period and not, as at present, the beginning of the earliest comparative period. The amendments also clarify that, except for disclosures required by HKAS 1.41-44 and HKAS 8, the related notes to the third consolidated statement of financial position are not required to be presented. An entity may present additional voluntary comparative information as long as that information is prepared in accordance with HKFRSs. This may include one or more statements and not a complete set of financial statements. Related notes are required for each additional statement presented.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則(修訂) 「年度改進(二零零九年至 二零一一年循環)](續)

> (ii) 香港會計準則第16號 「物業、廠房及設備」

> > 修訂澄清了當備件、備用設備和維修。下海軍人,衛門設備和業、廠房,政衛的定義、廠等。於公司,該等。對應分類為存貨。

(iii) 香港會計準則第32號 「金融工具:列報」

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRSs (Amendments) – Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle (continued)

(ii) HKAS 16 Property, plant and equipment

The amendments clarify that items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognised as property, plant and equipment when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventory.

(iii) HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation

The amendments clarify that income tax relating to distributions to holders of an equity instrument and to transaction costs of an equity transaction should be accounted for in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes. Depending on the circumstances these items of income tax might be recognised in equity, other comprehensive income or in profit or loss.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則(修訂) 「年度改進(二零零九年至 二零一一年循環)」(續)

> (iv) 香港會計準則第34號 「中期財務報告」

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRSs (Amendments) – Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle (continued)

(iv) HKAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting

The amendments clarify that in interim financial statements, a measure of total assets and liabilities for a particular reportable segment needs to be disclosed when the amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and there has been a material change in the total assets and liabilities for that segment from the amount disclosed in the last annual financial statements.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第7號 (修訂)「披露-金融資產 和金融負債的互相抵銷」

> 香港財務報告準則第7號已經修訂,以引進有關第2號香港會計準則第32號互相抵消的所有確認金融為與以及受可強制執行的競談或類似安排協議或類似安排規會制入。 (不論是否根據香港會計準則第32號互相抵消)的金融工具的披露。

香港財務報告準則第9號 「金融工具」

二零零九年十一月發出 的香港財務報告準則第9 號作為整體替代香港會計 準則第39號「金融工具: 確認和計量 | 的綜合項目 的第一階段的第一步,關 注於金融資產的分類和計 量。金融資產不再分為四 類。企業應該根據企業管 理金融資產的商業模型和 該金融資產的合同現金流 特徵,將金融資產按其後 按攤銷成本或公平值計 量而進行分類。公平值損 益將會在損益中確認,惟 有關非交易權益性投資者 除外,企業將可選擇在其 他全面收益中確認有關損 益。這樣的目的是與香港 會計準則第39號相比在金 融資產分類和計量上有所 改進和簡化。

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 7 – Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

HKFRS 7 is amended to introduce disclosures for all recognised financial instruments that are set off under HKAS 32 and those that are subject to an enforceable master netting agreement or similar arrangement, irrespective of whether they are set off under HKAS 32.

HKFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in November 2009 is the first part of phase 1 of a comprehensive project to entirely replace HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. This phase focuses on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Instead of classifying financial assets into four categories, an entity shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value, on the basis of both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Fair value gains and losses will be recognised in profit or loss except for those nontrade equity investments, which the entity will have a choice to recognise the gains and losses in other comprehensive income. This aims to improve and simplify the approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of HKAS 39.



二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(續)

於二零一零年十一月,香 港會計師公會就金融負債 發出香港財務報告準則第 9號的新增規定(「新增規 定」),並將目前香港會計 準則第39號有關金融工具 的終止確認原則納入香港 財務報告準則第9號內。 大部分新增規定均承自香 港會計準則第39號而沒有 改變,但更改了使用公平 值選擇權(「公平值選擇 權」)對指定為以公平值計 量且變動計入損益的金融 負債的計量。有關該等公 平值選擇權負債,歸因於 信貸風險變動的負債公平 值變動金額,必須列於其 他全面收益(「其他全面收 益」)中。其餘公平值變動 金額列於損益,除非於其 他全面收益中就負債的信 貸風險列報公平值變動會 於損益中產生或擴大會計 差異,則作別論。然而, 新增規定的範圍並不包括 按公平值選擇權指定的貸 款承諾及財務擔保合同。

香港會計準則第39號將會被香港財務報告準則第9號全面替代。在此之前,香港會計準則第39號關於對沖會計和金融資產減值的規定繼續適用。本集團預計在二零一五年七月一日起採用香港財務報告準則第9號。

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 9 - Financial Instruments (continued)

In November 2010, the HKICPA issued additions to HKFRS 9 to address financial liabilities (the "Additions") and incorporated in HKFRS 9 the current derecognition principles of financial instruments of HKAS 39. Most of the Additions were carried forward unchanged from HKAS 39, while changes were made to the measurement of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option ("FVO"). For these FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. However, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts which have been designated under the FVO are scoped out of the Additions.

HKAS 39 is aimed to be replaced by HKFRS 9 in its entirety. Before this entire replacement, the guidance in HKAS 39 on hedge accounting and impairment of financial assets continues to apply. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 July 2015.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第10號 「綜合財務報表」

> 香港財務報告準則第10號 就所有被投資實體的綜合 處理引進單一控制模式。 當投資方具備對被投資方 的權力(不論該權力實際 上有否運用);對被投資 方的可變動報酬的暴露或 權利;以及使用其對被投 資方的權力以影響該等 報酬的能力,則投資方控 制了被投資方。香港財務 報告準則第10號載有關於 評估控制的詳細指導。例 如,準則引進「實際控制」 概念,據此,當投資方持 有被投資方少於50%的表 決權,當相對於其他個別 股東的表決權大小及分散 程度,投資方的表決權益 夠大,以致其具備對被投 資方的權力,投資方可控 制被投資方。在分析控制 時,潛在表決權只有在其 為實質性(即是,持有人 有實際能力可行使潛在表 決權)時方需要考慮。準 則明文要求評估具有決策 權的投資方作為委託人抑 或代理人行事,以及是否 有其他具有決策權的人作 為投資方的代理人行事。 代理人獲委託代表另一人 或為另一人的利益行事, 因此,其行使決策權時, 並不對被投資方具有控 制。實施香港財務報告準 則第10號可能導致被視為 受本集團控制的實體(其 因而綜合於財務報表內) 有所改變。現有香港會計 準則第27號內有關其他綜 合相關事宜的會計要求沿 用不變。除若干過渡性規 定外,香港財務報告準則 第10號追溯應用。

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements

HKFRS 10 introduces a single control model for consolidation of all investee entities. An investor has control when it has power over the investee (whether or not that power is used in practice), exposure or rights to variable returns from the investee and the ability to use the power over the investee to affect those returns. HKFRS 10 contains extensive guidance on the assessment of control. For example, the standard introduces the concept of "de facto" control where an investor can control an investee while holding less than 50% of the investee's voting rights in circumstances where its voting interest is of sufficiently dominant size relative to the size and dispersion of those of other individual shareholders to give it power over the investee. Potential voting rights are considered in the analysis of control only when these are substantive, i.e. the holder has the practical ability to exercise them. The standard explicitly requires an assessment of whether an investor with decision making rights is acting as principal or agent and also whether other parties with decision making rights are acting as agents of the investor. An agent is engaged to act on behalf of and for the benefit of another party and therefore does not control the investee when it exercises its decision making authority. The implementation of HKFRS 10 may result in changes in those entities which are regarded as being controlled by the Group and are therefore consolidated in the financial statements. The accounting requirements in the existing HKAS 27 on other consolidation related matters are carried forward unchanged. HKFRS 10 is applied retrospectively subject to certain transitional provisions.



二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第11號 「合營安排」

> 香港財務報告準則第11號 的合營安排與香港會計準 則第31號的合營具有相同 的基本特徵。合營安排分 類為共同經營或合營。如 果本集團享有聯合安排資 產的權利並承擔其負債的 義務,則其被視為共同經 營者,並確認合營安排所 產生其於資產、負債、收 入及開支的權益。如果本 集團享有整體合營安排的 淨資產的權利,其被視為 於合營中擁有權益,並將 應用權益會計法。香港財 務報告準則第11號並不允 許比例綜合。有關通過特 別工具構成的安排,應考 慮所有有關事實及情況, 以決定安排各方是否享 有安排淨資產的權利。以 前,根據香港會計準則第 31號,存在分開的法律實 體是決定是否存在共同控 制實體的關鍵因素。香港 財務報告準則第11號將會 追溯應用,並有關於合營 的具體重列要求(由比例 綜合改為權益法)。

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements

Joint arrangements under HKFRS 11 have the same basic characteristics as joint ventures under HKAS 31. Joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. Where the Group has rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities of the joint arrangement, it is regarded as a joint operator and will recognise its interests in the assets, liabilities, income and expenses arising from the joint arrangement. Where the Group has rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement as a whole, it is regarded as having an interest in a joint venture and will apply the equity method of accounting. HKFRS 11 does not allow proportionate consolidation. In an arrangement structured through a separate vehicle, all relevant facts and circumstances should be considered to determine whether the parties to the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Previously, the existence of a separate legal entity was the key factor in determining the existence of a jointly controlled entity under HKAS 31. HKFRS 11 will be applied retrospectively with specific restatement requirements for a joint venture which changes from proportionate consolidation to the equity method.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第12號 「披露於其他實體的權益」

> 香港財務報告準則第12號整合有關附屬公司、聯國公司、聯國公司、聯國公司、聯國公司、聯國公司、聯國公司、聯國公司,與國際主任,與國際共和國的政策,包括有關,與國際共和國的政策,與國際共和國的政策,以及該等權益的性質,以及該等權益的影響,以及該等權益的影響,是實體財務報表的影響。

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

HKFRS 12 integrates and makes consistent the disclosures requirements about interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements. It also introduces new disclosure requirements, including those related to unconsolidated structured entities. The general objective of the standard is to enable users of financial statements to evaluate the nature and risks of a reporting entity's interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on the reporting entity's financial statements.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第13號 「公平價值計量」

> 香港財務報告準則第13 號就於其他準則要求或允 許公平價值時如何計量公 平價值提供單一指導來 源。準則適用於以公平價 值計量的金融及非金融項 目,並引進公平價值計量 層次。該計量層次中三個 層次的定義整體與香港財 務報告準則第7號「金融 工具:披露|互相一致。 香港財務報告準則第13號 將公平價值界定為在計量 日的有序交易中,市場參 與者之間出售一項資產所 能收到或轉移一項負債將 會支付的價格(即退出價 格)。準則取消了對於在 活躍市場上有報價的金融 資產和金融負債應分別採 用出價和要價這一要求。 取而代之的是,應採用買 賣價差範圍內最能代表有 關情況下的公平價值的價 格。其亦載有詳細披露要 求,讓財務報表使用者評 估計量公平價值時所用的 方法及輸入,以及公平價 值計量對財務報表的影 響。香港財務報告準則第 13號可提前採用,並應按 未來適用法應用。

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement

HKFRS 13 provides a single source of guidance on how to measure fair value when it is required or permitted by other standards. The standard applies to both financial and non-financial items measured at fair value and introduces a fair value measurement hierarchy. The definitions of the three levels in this measurement hierarchy are generally consistent with HKFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures". HKFRS 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price). The standard removes the requirement to use bid and ask prices for financial assets and liabilities quoted in an active market. Rather the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances should be used. It also contains extensive disclosure requirements to allow users of the financial statements to assess the methods and inputs used in measuring fair values and the effects of fair value measurements on the financial statements. HKFRS 13 can be adopted early and is applied prospectively.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二、採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 /經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會) 詮釋第20號「露 天礦場生產期的剝除成 本」

> 礦業牛產期所進行的剝除 活動可能帶來兩種利益: 可用來牛產存貨的可用礦 石以及方便在未來期間開 採更多物料時取得物料。 詮釋要求,有關剝除活動 的利益以所生產存貨的形 式的部分,剝除活動成本 應根據香港會計準則第2 號「存貨」的原則入脹。 以方便取得礦石的形式帶 來利益的剝除活動成本當 符合若干準則時確認為非 流動剝除活動資產。該資 產將作為現有資產的增加 或提升入賬,並根據其為 一部分的現有資產的性質 分類為有形或無形資產。 剝除活動資產初始按成本 計量,後續計量方式與其 為一部分的現有資產相 同。其有系統地在因剝除 活動而更容易取得的礦體 組成部分的預期使用年限 折舊或攤銷。詮釋應用於 最早列報期間開始後所發 生的生產剝除成本。在詮 釋條件的規限下,前剝除 活動資產結餘重新分類現 有資產的一部分。

> 本集團正評估新訂/經修 訂香港財務報告準則之潛 在影響,而董事尚未能量 化其對本集團財務報表的 影響。

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HK(IFRIC) Interpretation 20 – Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

Stripping activities carried out in the production phase of a surface mine may give rise to two benefits: usable ore that can be used to produce inventory and improved access to further quantities of material that will be mined in future periods. The Interpretation requires that costs of stripping activity are accounted for in accordance with the principles in HKAS 2 Inventories to the extent that the benefit from stripping activity is realised in the form of inventory produced. The costs of stripping activity that provide a benefit in the form of improved access to ore are recognised as a non-current stripping activity asset when certain criteria are met. This asset will be accounted for as an addition or enhancement to an existing asset and is classified as tangible or intangible according to the nature of the existing asset of which it forms part. The stripping activity asset is measured initially at cost and subsequently in the same way as the existing asset of which it forms part. It is depreciated or amortised on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the component of the ore body that becomes more accessible as a result of the stripping activity. The interpretation is applied to production stripping costs incurred after the beginning of the earliest period presented. Predecessor stripping activity asset balance is reclassified as a part of an existing asset subject to the conditions in the Interpretation.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the potential impact of these new/revised HKFRSs and the directors are not yet in a position to quantify the effects on the Group's financial statements.



三、重要會計政策概要

3.1 編製基準

編製此等財務報告所採用 之重要會計政策概述如 下。除另有指明外,該等 政策於所有呈列年度內貫 徹應用。

綜合財務報告按歷史成本 基準編製,惟投資物業及 若干金融資產及負債(以 公平值列賬)除外。計量 基準已於下列會計政策內 充分説明。

由於在編製綜合財務報告時已採用會計估計,儘管管理層已就其對當時的人行動所深知及判斷所深知及判斷等估計,惟實際計劃,惟實際計劃,對於政會與該等估計或更則對於報告屬重大之假對財務報告屬重大之假財務報告屬重大之假財務報告屬重大之假財務報告附註四披露。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Basis of preparation

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under historical cost basis except for investment property and certain financial assets and liabilities, which are stated at fair values. The measurement bases are fully described in the accounting policies below.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgement of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.2 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報告包括本公司 及其附屬公司之財務報 告。集團內公司間交易及 結餘及未變現盈虧於編全 綜合財務報告時予以全數 辦銷。未變現虧損亦將證 鎖,惟有關交易提供現現 額示所轉讓之資產出現關虧 有,在此情況下,有關虧 損於損益中確認。

於年內收購或出售之附屬 公司業績乃自收購生效日 期起或截至出售生效日期 止(如適用)計入綜合公司 的會計政策與集團內其他 成員採用的會計政策可 致,必要時已對附屬公司 的財務報表進行調整。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisition or up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.2 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購附屬公司或業務採用 收購法入賬。收購成本乃 按所轉讓資產、所產生負 債及本集團(作為收購方) 發行之股權於收購日期之 公平值總額計量。所收購 之可識別資產及所承擔負 債則主要按收購日期之公 平值計量。本集團先前所 持被收購方之股權按收購 日期之公平值重新計量, 而所產生之收益或虧損則 於損益中確認。本集團可 按每宗交易基準選擇按公 平值或按應佔被收購方可 識別資產淨值之比例計量 為目前於附屬公司的所有 者權益的非控制權益。所 有其他非控股權益均按公 平值計量,除非香港財務 報告準則要求另一種計 量基準,則作別論。所產 生之收購相關成本列作開 支,除非其在發行權益工 具時發生,在該情況下, 有關成本從權益中扣除。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Business combination and basis of consolidation (continued)

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-bytransaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.2 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Business combination and basis of consolidation (continued)

Contingent consideration balances arising from business combinations whose acquisition dates preceded 1 July 2010 (i.e. the date the Group first applied HKFRS 3 (2008)) have been accounted for in accordance with the transition requirements in the standard. Such balances are not adjusted upon first application of the standard. Subsequent revisions to estimates of such consideration are treated as adjustments to the cost of these business combinations and are recognised as part of goodwill.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interest are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.2 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購後,為目前於附屬公司的所有者權益的非控制權益賬面值為有關權益於初步確認時之金額,另加非控制權益其後應佔權益之變動。全面收益總額歸於非控制權益,即使會造成非控制權益產生虧絀結餘。

3.3 附屬公司

附屬公司乃指本公司可行 使控制權之實體。倘本公司 司有權直接或間接控制實 體之財務及營運政策藉以 從其業務取得利益,則獲 得控制權。於評定是否擁 有控制權時,會計及當前 可予行使之潛在投票權。

於附屬公司之權益已按成 本減減值虧損(如有)計 入本公司之財務狀況表。 附屬公司之業績由本公司 根據已收及應收股息之基 準列賬。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Business combination and basis of consolidation (continued)

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

3.3 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company is able to exercise control. Control is achieved where the Company, directly or indirectly, has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account.

In the Company's statement of financial position, interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.4 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團可對其 有重大影響力之實體(並 非附屬公司或共同控制實 體)。重大影響力指有權 參與接受投資公司之財務 及營運政策決定,而不是 控制或共同控制該等政 策。在綜合財務報表內, 聯營公司採用權益法入 賬,據此聯營公司按成本 初步予以確認,其賬面值 因應本集團所佔收購後聯 營公司淨資產之改變予以 調整,惟本集團於聯營公 司之權益差額未予以確認 除外,除非該等虧損可妥 善處理。

本集團與其聯營公司之間 交易產生之盈虧,只會於 聯營公司無相關投資者權 益,方予以確認。該等交 易產生之投資者所佔聯營 公司之利潤或虧損,與聯 營公司之賬面值對銷。

在本公司之財務狀況表, 聯營公司投資按成本減減 值虧損(如有)列賬。聯 營公司之業績根據年內已 收股息及應收款項由本公 司入賬。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.4 Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies. In consolidated financial statements, associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits or losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate and the entire carrying amount of the investment is subject to impairment test, by comparing the carrying amount with its recoverable amount, which is higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in associates are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any. The results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable during the year.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.5 共同控制實體

共同控制實體乃一項合約 安排,據此本集團及其他 人士進行受到共同控制之 經濟活動,而概無參與方 對經濟活動有單一控制 權。

本集團與其共同控制實體 間之交易所產生之未變現 溢利及虧損會以本集團於 該共同控制實體之權益為 限予以對銷,惟倘未變現 虧損提供已轉移資產減 值之證據除外,在該情況 下,其會即時於損益內確 認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.5 Jointly controlled entities

A jointly controlled entity is a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity which is subject to joint control and none of the participating parties has unilateral control over the economic activity.

Jointly controlled entities are accounted for using equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amounts are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the jointly controlled entities' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the jointly controlled entities are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its jointly controlled entities are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the jointly controlled entities, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are immediately recognised in profit or loss.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.6 外幣交易

按公平值以外幣計量之非 貨幣項目乃按釐定公平值 當日的匯率再換算,並呈 報為公平值盈虧之一部 分。按歷史成本以外幣計 量之非貨幣項目不可再換 算。

在出售海外業務時,截至 出售日期止就該業務在匯 兑儲備確認之累計匯兑差 額均重新分類至損益中, 作為出售損益的一部分。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.6 Foreign currency translation

In the individual financial statements of the consolidated entities, foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the individual entity using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the reporting date retranslation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined and are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

In the consolidated financial statements, all individual financial statements of foreign operations, originally presented in a currency different from the Group's presentation currency, have been converted into HK\$. Assets and liabilities have been translated into HK\$ at the closing rates at the reporting date. Income and expenses have been converted into HK\$ at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates, or at the average rates over the reporting period provided that the exchange rates do not fluctuate significantly. Any differences arising from this procedure have been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the exchange reserve in equity.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the exchange reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.7 商譽

商譽初始按成本確認,即 所轉讓的代價的總額超過 所取得的可辨認資產、負 債和或然負債的公平值的 部分。

倘可識別資產、負債及或 然負債之公平值超出已付 代價之公平值,則超出之 金額於重新評估後於收購 日期在損益確認。

就檢測減值而言,因收購產生之商譽會分配至各個預期可從收購之協同效益中獲利之相關現金產生單位。獲分配商譽之現金產生單位會每年檢測減值,並於有跡象顯示該單位可能已減值時檢測減值(附註3.12)。

3.8 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(在建 工程除外)乃按成本值 (包括購買價及將資產達 至運作狀況及運至工作地 點作其擬定用途而產生之 任何直接應佔成本)減累 計折舊及任何減值虧損列 賬(附註3.12)。與資產有 關的後續成本,只有當其 產生的未來經濟利益很可 能流入本集團並且該成本 可以可靠地計量時,才能 將其計入資產的賬面價值 或作為單獨的一項資產進 行確認(如適當)。所有其 他成本,如維修及保養, 均在發生時計入財務期間 的損益。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.7 Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost being the excess of the aggregate of consideration transferred over the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired.

Where the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceed the fair value of consideration paid, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating-units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired (note 3.12).

3.8 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress, are stated at cost, which comprise purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses (note 3.12). Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs such as repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.8 物業、廠房及設備(續)

除採礦建築外,折舊按資 產之估計可使用年期以直 線法撇銷其成本計算。所 用主要年率如下:

租賃土地 租賃期限

工廠大廈 租約期限或

25年估計

可用年限 (以較短者為準)

商業大廈 租約期限或

33年估計

可用年限

(以較短者為準)

租賃物業裝修租約

期限或4年估計可用年限

(以較短者為準)

廠房及機器 10%-33%

傢俬、裝置及設備 17%

汽車 25%

採礦建築之折舊乃按採用 生產單位法按礦石礦藏之 已探明及可能之礦藏儲備 總量撇銷採礦建築成本計 提。

3.8 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Other than mining structures, depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each asset over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land Over the lease terms

or estimated

useful lives of 25 years, whichever is shorter

leases or estimated useful lives of 33 years, whichever is shorter

leases or estimated useful lives of 4 years, whichever is shorter

Plant and machinery 10% – 33%

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 17%

Motor vehicles 25%

Depreciation on mining structures is provided to write off the cost of the mining structure using units-of-production method based on the total proven and probable mineral reserves of the ore mines.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.8 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊方法、資產之剩餘價 值及可使用年期於每個結 算日予以審核,並視需要 調整。物業、廠房及設備 之廢棄或出售之損益,釐 定為出售資產之所得款 與賬面值之差額,並於出 售時在損益內確認。

在建工程按成本減減值虧損列值。成本包括直接與安建造與安建造與安建造與安建的資本化的借款費用途內資本化的借款費用途內方,會所有所有所以不會所有所以不會所有所以不會的成立。在建工是使用的成分,不會計提任何折舊。

根據融資租賃持有的資產 按與自有資產相同的基準 在其預期可使用年期或有 關租賃期(如較短)折舊。

3.9 採礦權

採礦權乃按成本減累計攤 銷及任何減值虧損列賬, 並根據礦石礦藏之已探明 及可能之礦藏儲備總量以 生產單位法攤鎖。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.8 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The depreciation method, assets' residual values and useful lives, are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date. The gain or loss on retirement or disposal of an asset of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

Construction in progress is stated at cost less impairment losses. Cost comprises direct costs of construction as well as borrowing costs capitalised during the periods of construction and installation. Capitalisation of these costs ceases and the construction in progress is transferred to the appropriate class of property, plant and equipment when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the assets for their intended use are completed. No depreciation is provided for in respect of construction in progress until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

Assets held under finance lease are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owner assets, or where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

3.9 Mining right

Mining right is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses and are amortised on the units-of-production method based on the total proven and probable reserves of the ore mines.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.10 投資物業

投資物業乃指為獲取租金 收入及/或資本增值而以 租賃權益擁有或持有之土 地及/或樓宇,包括所持 有現時尚未釐定未來用途 之土地及在建或在開發作 未來投資用途之物業。

倘本集團以經營租約持有 物業權益以賺取租金收入 及/或資本增值,有關權 益會按每項物業之基準分 類及入帳為投資物業。已 分類為投資物業之任何物 業權益會以融資租約持有 之方式入帳。

投資物業公平值之變動或 銷售產生之盈虧於產生期 間計入損益。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.10 Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

When the Group holds a property interest under an operating lease to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, the interest is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis. Any such property interest which has been classified as an investment property is accounted for as if it were held under a finance lease.

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at fair value, unless it is still in the course of construction or development at the reporting date and its fair value cannot be reliably determined at that time. Fair value is determined by external professional valuers, with sufficient experience with respect to both the location and the nature of the investment property. The carrying amounts recognised in the reporting date reflect the prevailing market conditions at the reporting date.

Gains or losses arising from either changes in the fair value or the sale of an investment property are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.11 土地使用權

3.12 非金融資產減值

物業、廠房及設備、土地使用權、採礦權、於附屬公司、聯營公司及共同控制實體之權益須進行減值測試。其每當有跡象顯示資產賬面金額可能無法收回時進行減值測試。

無論是否有任何減值跡 象,商譽至少每年進行一 次減值測試。當出現跡象 顯示可能不會收回資產之 賬面值時,所有其他資產 均需進行減值測試。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.11 Land use rights

Land use rights represent up-front payments made to acquire land held under an operating lease. They are stated at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, if any. The determination if an arrangement is or contains a lease and the lease is an operating lease is detailed in note 3.18. Amortisation is calculated on a straight line basis over the term of the lease/right of use except where an alternative basis is more representative of the time pattern of benefits to be derived by the Group from use of the land.

3.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipment, land use rights, mining right, interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are subject to impairment testing. They are tested for impairment whenever there are indications that the assets' carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Goodwill is tested for impairment at least annually, irrespective of whether there is any indicator that they are impaired. All other assets are tested for impairment whenever there are indicators that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.12 非金融資產減值(續)

當資產之賬面值高於其可收回金額時,高出金額時,高出金額時,高出金額持被立即確認之額為減值虧損被立額為與回金額為減回。可收回金額為減回。可收回金額為減回。可收回金額為減回。於解不明值,所不可以與其一個人。於明明,以反映當前。對明明,以反映當前。對明明,以反映當前。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.12 Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs to sell, and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. Goodwill in particular is allocated to those cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from synergies of the related business combination and represent the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.12 非金融資產減值(續)

就已分配商譽之現金產生單位確認之減值虧損,首先計入商譽之賬面金額。除資產賬面值將不會調減至低於其個別公平值減銷售成本或使用價值(如可養定)外,任何剩餘減值虧損按比例自該現金產生單位之其他資產和除。

商譽之減值虧損不可於其 後之期間撥回。倘用以釐 定資產之可收回金額之估 計已出現變動,其他資產 之減值虧損予以撥回,惟 資產之賬面值不得超過倘 並無確認減值而釐定賬面 值(經扣除折舊或攤銷)。

於中期期間就商譽確認之 減值虧損不會於繼後期間 撥回。即使在僅於與中期 期間有關之財政年度年終 進行減值評估而不會確認 虧損或確認較少虧損之情 況下,亦會如此處理。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.12 Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

Impairment losses recognised for cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated, are credited initially to the carrying amount of goodwill. Any remaining impairment loss is charged pro rata to the other assets in the cash generating unit, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less cost to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

An impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. In respect of other assets, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 金融資產

本集團就除附屬公司、聯屬公司及共同控制實體之權益以外之金融資產之會計政策載於下文。

金融資產分為以下類別:

- 以公平值計入損益之金融資產
- 一 貸款及應收款項
- 可供出售之金融 資產

管理層釐定其金融資產分 類之初步確認時乃根據金 融資產被收購之目的,及 倘允許及適合,會於每一 結算日期重新評估該分 類。

倘收取投資產生之現金流量之權利屆滿或被轉讓, 且擁有權絕大部分風險及報酬已經轉移,即終止確認金融資產。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Financial assets

The Group's accounting policies for financial assets other than interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are set out below.

Financial assets are classified into the following categories:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- Loans and receivables
- Available-for-sale financial assets

Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition depending on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired and where allowed and appropriate, reevaluates this designation at each reporting date.

All financial assets are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases of financial assets are recognised on trade date. A regular way purchase is a purchase of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

Derecognition of financial assets occurs when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments expire or are transferred and substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 金融資產(續)

無論是否有客觀證據顯示 金融資產已經減值,均於 每個結算日評估減值。倘 有任何減值證據存在,減 值虧損按金融資產分類釐 定及確認。

(i) 以公平值計入損益之 金融資產

> 以公平值計入損益之 金融資產包括歸為持 作買賣之金融資產, 以及於初步確認時指 定為以公平值計入損 益之金融資產。

> 倘主出為金一示圖持工含為務列斯的或同具,近模賣包工對合質包工對合質的主題於金理資有出,於模賣包工對合作人。 於金理資有出,除獨)工,賣資短融之組證現則非立指具否。 是該管投並期式。括具沖約買 資短融之組證現則非立指具否。 之內產定之顯期為生內作財亦

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Financial assets (continued)

At each reporting date, financial assets are reviewed to assess whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such evidence exists, impairment loss is determined and recognised based on the classification of the financial asset.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term, or it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments or financial guarantee contracts.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 金融資產(續)

(i) 以公平值計入損益之 金融資產(續)

> 符合以下條件之金融 資產將在初始確認時 指定為以公平值計入 損益之金融資產:

- 一 此分類將消除或 明顯減少按不同 基準衡量資產或 確認其所產生之 損益所導致之不 一致處理:或
- 一 有關金融資產包含 需 要 分 別 記 賬 之 內含衍生工具。

初步確認後,歸入此類之 金融資產乃按公平值計 量,而公平值變動於損益 內確認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Financial assets (continued)

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Financial assets may be designated at initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the following criteria are met:

- the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; or
- the assets are part of a group of financial assets which are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy and information about the group of financial assets is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel; or
- the financial asset contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets included in this category are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

(ii) 貸款及應收款項

(iii) 可供出售之金融資產

可供出售之金融資產 包括非衍生金融資產 (被指定為該類別之 金融資產或不能列入 任何其他類別之金融 資產)。所有列入此 類別之金融資產其後 按公平值計量。除減 值虧損(見下文政策) 及貨幣資產外匯損益 外,公平值之改變產 生之收益或虧損(不 包括任何股息及利息 收入),直接於其他 全面收入確認,並於 權益之投資重估儲備 獨立累計,直至該金 融資產撤銷確認之時 止, 国時, 之前已於 權益內確認之累計收 益或虧損,會重新分 類至損益。按實際利 率法計算之利息於損 益表確認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Financial assets (continued)

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payment that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction cost.

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include non-derivative financial assets that are either designated to this category or do not qualify for inclusion in any of the other categories of financial assets. All financial assets within this category are subsequently measured at fair value. Gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value excluding any dividend and interest income is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the available-for-sale financial assets revaluation reserve in equity, except for impairment losses (see the policy below) and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, until the financial asset is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 金融資產(續)

(iii) 可供出售之金融資產 (續)

金融資產之減值

於各結算日,金融資產 (以公平值計入損益之金 融資產除外)將予以審 閱,以釐定有無任何客觀 之減值證據。

個別金融資產之客觀減值 跡象包括本集團注意到之 有關下列一項或多項虧損 事件之可觀察數據:

- 債務人遭遇重大 財務困難;
- 違約,如拖欠或 無法如期償還本 息;

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Financial assets (continued)

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets (continued)

For available-for-sale investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at each reporting date subsequent to initial recognition.

Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date, financial assets other than at fair value through profit or loss are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment.

Objective evidence of impairment of individual financial assets includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

- 債務人可能會宣告破產或進行其他財務重組:
- 技術、市場、經 濟或法律環境出 現對債務人有不 利影響之重大變 動;或
- 股本工具中一項 投資之公平值大 幅或長期下跌至 低於其成本。

有關某一組金融資產之虧損事件包括顯示該組金融資產之估計未來現金流量出現可計量跌幅之可觀察數據。該等可觀察數據包括但不限於組別內債與因不限於組別內債與組別內資產拖欠情況有關之可,以及與國家或當地經濟狀況出現不利變動。

3.13 Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economics or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

Loss events in respect of a group of financial assets include observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from the group of financial assets. Such observable data includes but not limited to adverse changes in the payment status of debtors in the Group and, national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the Group.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

若有任何該等證據存在, 則按以下方式計量及確認 減值虧損:

(i) 按已攤銷成本列值之 金融資產

> 倘額可後則值金當無本發調有確聯認得回超攤於面值有確性於面值之額損資之認與問責資之認與問責資之認與問責資之額與問責,產與通過對發中國超難於面值之額損減減擊之導減過銷幾中國超難於益時。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

If any such evidence exists, the impairment loss is measured and recognised as follows:

(i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the impairment occurs.

If, in subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that it does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset exceeding what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the impairment occurs.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

(ii) 可供出售之金融資產

當認產觀減益中該購金行該確計已可公證值移確金成償公資認完於供工據時除認額本還平產之內之少資金於值資除銷差已前何之少資金於值資除銷差已前何主金及產額損虧產任)額於值資內,損虧

3.13 Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

When a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial assets has been recognised directly in equity and there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, an amount is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss as impairment loss. That amount is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

Reversals in respect of investment in equity instruments classified as available-forsale are not recognised in profit or loss. The subsequent increase in fair value is recognised in other comprehensive income. Impairment losses in respect of debt securities are reversed if the subsequent increase in fair value can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. Reversal of impairment losses in such circumstances are recognised in profit or loss.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

(iii) 以成本列值之金融資 產

> 減值虧損金額乃以金融資產之賬面值與金融資產之估計可能與一個人。 後現金流按現時市市場的。 差額計算。該等減的 差額計算。該等減間 虧損並無於其後期間 撥回。

3.14 存貨

存貨乃以成本值及可變現 淨值之較低者列賬。成本 值乃按加權平均基準 定,而半製成品及製基 定,而半製成品及製技 以本值則包括直接 對工及按比例分 配之製造費用。可變現 值乃根據通常業務運作中 的估計售價減任何達致 成產品及出售而產生之估 計成本計算。

3.15 現金及現金等額

現金及現金等額包括銀行 現金及手頭現金。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(iii) Financial assets carried at cost

The amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses are not reversed in subsequent periods.

3.14 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

3.15 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and in hand.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

本集團之金融負債包括 貿易應付款項、其他應付 款項及應計費用、應付 類項及應計費項、應付關 學公司款項、應付關連 司款項、衍生金融工解 ,可換股票據、財務擔供 以 費 、融資租賃承擔以及銀 行貸款。

金融負債乃於本集團參與 訂立工具之合約條款時確認。所有利息相關開支 乃根據本集團借貸成本 之會計政策確認(見附註 3.24)。

金融負債於負債項下之責 任獲解除、取消或屆滿時 不再確認。

當現有金融負債由同一貸款方另一項條款顯著不同之金融負債取代,或現有負債條款經大幅修訂,有關更換或修訂被視為取消確認原有負債及確認新負債,各自賬面值之差額於損益確認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.16 Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and accruals, amount due to ultimate holding company, amount due to an associate, amounts due to related companies, derivative financial instruments, convertible notes, finance guarantee liabilities, loan from a controlling shareholder, obligation under a financial lease and bank loans.

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All interest related charges are recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 3.24).

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.16 金融負債(續)

(i) 銀行貸款

銀行貸款歸類為流動 負債,除非本集團擁 有無條件權利延遲至 結算日至少十二個月 後償債。

(ii) 可換股票據包含負債 及股本部份,及提早 贖回權衍生工具

> 由本集團發行包含負 倩、換股權及提早贖 回權(並非與主合約 有密切關係者)之可 換股票據,乃於初始 確認時獨立歸類至個 別項目。將以固定金 額之現金或其他金融 資產交換本公司固定 數目之股本工具方式 清償之換股權乃歸類 為股本工具。擁有同 類提早贖回權之同類 負債,其公平值於發 行日獲釐定(「合併金 融工具」)。可換股票 據之公平值與合併金 融工具之公平值之不 同,指持有人可換股 票據轉換成包括在可 換股票據內之權益之 轉換選擇權。負債成 份之初始賬面值,乃 自合併金融工具之公 平值中扣除提早贖回 權之公平值後確定。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.16 Financial liabilities (continued)

(i) Bank loans

Bank loans are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Bank loans are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Bank loans are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

(ii) Convertible notes contain liability and equity components, and early redemption options derivative

Convertible notes issued by the Group that contain liability, conversion option and early redemption option (which is not closely related to the host contract) are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of the Group's own equity instruments is classified as an equity instrument. At date of issue, the fair value of a similar liability with similar early redemption option is determined ("the combined instrument"). The difference between the fair value of the convertible notes and the fair value of the combined instrument representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the notes into equity is included in convertible note equity reserve. The initial carrying amount of the liability component is determined after deducting the fair value of the early redemption option from the fair value of the combined instrument.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.16 金融負債(續)

(ii) 可換股票據包含負債 及股本部份,及提早 贖回權衍生工具(續)

> 於往後期間,可換股 票據之負債部份以成 察利率法按攤銷回 列賬。提早贖回權 公平值計量,公平值 變動則於損益確認。

> 股本部份即可將負債 部份兑换為本公司普 通股之期權,將保留 於可換股票據權益儲 備,直至換股權獲行 使為止(在此情況下 可換股票據權益儲備 所列之結餘將轉至股 本溢價)。倘換股權 於屆滿日期仍未獲行 使,於可換股票據權 益儲備所列之結餘將 撥至保留盈利。換股 權兑換或屆滿時不會 於損益中確認任何盈 虧。

> 與關款配早益本除關損部計值年難發之項至贖部乃與交內有負並內,部國人主權的之權的之權,與交內有負並內,與交內有負並內,與多之權回即與易之股利關債於按下,與多益權的,與易之股利關人,與多益權的,與多之股利與為於實本。交份換際不可,以與多益權的,與多之股利,以與多數。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.16 Financial liabilities (continued)

(ii) Convertible notes contain liability and equity components, and early redemption options derivative (continued)

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible notes is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The early redemption option is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

The equity component, representing the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Group, will remain in the convertible note equity reserve until the embedded conversion option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in the convertible note equity reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in convertible note equity reserve will be released to the retained profits. No gain or loss is recognised in the profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability, equity and early redemption option components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the early redemption option are charged to profit or loss immediately. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.16 金融負債(續)

(iii) 融資租賃應付款項

融資租賃應付款項按 初始價值減租賃還款 的本金元素計量。

(iv) 其他金融負債

其他金融負債初步以 公平值確認,其後按 實際利率法計算以攤 銷成本值列賬。

3.17 衍生金融工具

於個別合約或與複合財務工具分開的衍生金融工具,乃於訂立衍生工具合約當日,初步按公平值等,而其後則按公平值重新計量。並非指定為大學工具之衍生工具乃入帳之至,在按公平值計入損益之平值,且變動產生之盈虧直接計入年內損益。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.16 Financial liabilities (continued)

(iii) Finance lease payables

Finance lease payables are measured at initial value less the capital element of lease repayments.

(iv) Other financial liabilities

They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

3.17 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments, in individual contracts or separated from hybrid financial instruments, are initially recognised at fair value on the date the derivative contract is entered into and subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives that are not designated as hedging instruments are accounted for as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are taken directly to profit or loss for the year.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.18 和賃

租予本集團的資產的分類

如果租賃實質上將與所有權有關的全部風險和報酬轉移予本集團,本集團根據租賃持有的資產分類為根據融資租賃持有。並無實質上將與所有權有關的所有風險和報酬轉移予本集團的租賃分類為經營租賃。

根據融資和賃收購的資產

當本集團以融資租賃獲得 資產的使用權,代表所租 賃資產公平值的金額或 (如較低)有關資產的最低 租賃付款額的現值計入固 定資產,相應負債(於扣 除融資費用後)記錄為融 資租賃承擔。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.18 Lease

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.

Assets acquired under finance lease

Where the Group acquires the use of assets under finance lease, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, of such assets is included in fixed assets and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, are recorded as obligations under finance leases.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.18 租賃(續)

根據融資租賃協議持有的 資產的後續會計處理與類 似收購資產所應用者相一 致。相應融資租賃負債會 按租賃付款額減融資費用 而減少。

租賃付款額隱含的融資費用在租賃期扣自損益,使各會計期間應付融資租賃款餘額承擔一個大致固定的利率。或然租金應在其發生的會計期間扣自損益。

根據經營租賃作為承租人租出的資產

根據經營租賃應付的總租 金按照直線法在有關租賃 期在損益中確認。收取的 租賃激勵措施作為所作出 的租賃付款額淨額總額的 整體部分在損益中確認。 或然租金應在其發生的會 計期間扣自損益。

預付款按照直線法在租賃 期攤銷,攤銷扣自損益。 收取的租賃激勵措施作為 租金費用總額的整體部分 在租賃期確認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.18 Lease (continued)

Subsequent accounting for assets under finance lease agreements corresponds to those applied to comparable acquired assets. The corresponding finance lease liability is reduced by lease payments less finance charges.

Finance charges implicit in the lease payments are charged to profit or loss over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period. Contingent rentals charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

Assets leased out under operating leases as the lessees

The total rental payable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payment made. Contingent rental are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The up-front payments are amortised over the lease period on a straight-line basis and the amortisation is charges to profit or loss. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integrated part of the total rental expense, over the term of the lease.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.19 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往之事件負 上現有法律或推定責任, 且可能須動用經濟利益流 出以履行責任並能對責任 金額作出可靠估計,則確 認撥備。倘金錢時間值屬 重大,則按預期履行有關 承擔所需開支之現值撥 備。

所有撥備於每一結算日檢 討及調整,以反映當時之 最佳估計。

或然負債於購買價分配至業務合併時所收購資產及負債之過程中確認。該等負債初步於收購日期按公平值計量,其後按上取接按企工可資比較撥備確認金額減任何違及初步確認金額減任何累別,以適用者為準)之較高者計量。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.19 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Contingent liabilities are recognised in the course of the allocation of purchase price to the assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination. They are initially measured at fair value at the date of acquisition and subsequently measured at the higher of the amount that would be recognised in a comparable provision as described above and the amount initially recognised less any accumulated amortisation, if appropriate.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.20 股本及股份溢價

普通股歸類為權益。股本 按已發行之股份面值釐 定。

股份溢價包括以高於面值 的價格發行股本所收取之 任何溢價。任何與發行股 份相關之交易成本從股份 溢價扣除(扣除任何相關 所得税收益),惟以股本 交易直接應佔增加成本為 限。

3.21 收益確認

收入包括貨品銷售已收或 應收代價之公平值,減回 扣及折扣。倘經濟利益將 可能流入本集團,且收入 及成本(如適用)能可靠 地計算,收入按以下方式 確認:

- (i) 貨擁險予集一關度出際一及時品有及買團般的,的的般客發的權回家已與管亦貨控於戶生,能有參再擁權物納客發戶無一關度出際一及時人,能有參再擁權物納
- (ii) 利息收入按時間 比例基準及實際 利率法計算;及
- (iii) 股息收入乃於股 東收取股息之權 利獲得確定時予 以確認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.20 Share capital and share premium

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Share premium includes any premiums received on the issuance of shares over the par value. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from share premium (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

3.21 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods, net of rebates and discounts. Provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised as follows:

- (i) sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold. This is usually taken at the time when the goods are delivered and the customer has accepted the goods;
- (ii) interest income, on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method; and
- (iii) dividend income, when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.22 僱員福利

退休福利

退休福利通過界定供款計 劃提供予僱員。

本集團已根據強制性公積 金計劃條例,為該等合資 格參與強制性公積金退休 福利計劃(「強積金計劃」) 之僱員設立界定供款強積 金計劃。有關供款乃根據 僱員有關收入之某百分比 計算,並根據強積金計劃 之規則在應付該等供款時 在損益中扣除。強積金計 劃之資產乃由獨立管理基 金持有,與本集團之該等 資產分開持有。本集團之 僱主供款乃於僱主向強積 金計劃作出供款時全數撥 歸僱員所有。

於強積金計劃生效前,本集團已為該等合資格名福員設立界定供款退休福利計劃(「前計劃」)。除僱員計劃(「前計劃」)。除僱與前計劃以致本集團應付之餘與前計劃下供款可扣減已沒收僱主供款之有關金額外,此項前計劃乃以類似強積金計劃之方式運作。

3.22 Employee benefits

Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits to employees are provided through defined contribution plans.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' relevant income and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Prior to the MPF Scheme becoming effective, the Group operated a defined contribution retirement benefits scheme (the "Prior Scheme") for those employees who were eligible to participate in this scheme. The Prior Scheme operated in a similar way to the MPF Scheme, except that when an employee left the Prior Scheme before his/her interest in the Group's employer contributions vested fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group were reduced by the relevant amount of the forfeited employer's contributions.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.22 僱員福利(續)

退休福利(續)

供款在年度內僱員提供服 務時在損益中確認為開 支。本集團於該等計劃的 責任限於應付該等計劃的 固定百分比供款。

短期僱員福利

僱員年假權利於應計予僱 員時確認,並就僱員於截 至結算日止提供服務而產 生之年假之估計負債作出 撥備。

非累計補假如病假及產假 於支取時方予確認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.22 Employee benefits (continued)

Retirement benefits (continued)

The employees of the subsidiaries which operate in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") except Hong Kong and Macau ("Mainland China") are required to participate in a retirement benefits scheme (the "RB Scheme") operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the RB Scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the RB Scheme is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the RB Scheme. Contributions under the RB Scheme are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the RB Scheme.

Contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as employees render services during the year. The Group's obligations under these plans are limited to the fixed percentage contributions payable to these plans.

Short-term employee benefits

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.23 以股份為基礎之報酬

於二零零二年十一月七日 後授予而於二零零五年一 月一日尚未歸屬的所有以 股份為基礎的支付安排均 在財務報表內確認。本 團為其僱員及其他合資格 參與者之酬金設有以股權 結算之以股份支付薪酬計 劃。

就授出任何以股份支付薪酬而獲得之所有僱員服務 均按其公平值計量,並以 所授出股本工具之價值問 接計算,而價值乃於授出 日期評估,及扣除任何非 市場歸屬條件之影響(例 如,盈利能力及銷售增長 目標)。

所有以股份為基礎之報酬 於歸屬期內在損益中確 認為開支,倘歸屬條件應 用,或於股本工具授出日 期全數確認為開支,則立 即歸屬,除非薪酬符合資 格可確認為資產,及其相 應增長金額於權益中確認 為購股權儲備。倘若應用 歸屬條件,則根據對可能 歸屬股本工具數目之最佳 可用估計,將該項開支按 歸屬期予以分配。非市場 歸屬條件計入預期有關將 予歸屬之股本工具數目之 假設。如其後有任何跡象 顯示預期歸屬之股本工具 數目與之前所估計數目不 同,則會修改有關估計。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.23 Share-based compensation

All share-based payment arrangements granted after 7 November 2002 and had not vested on 1 January 2005 are recognised in the financial statements. The Group operates equity-settled share-based compensation plans for remuneration of its employees and other eligible participants.

All employee services received in exchange for the grant of any share-based compensation are measured at their fair values. These are indirectly determined by reference to the equity instruments awarded. Their value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets).

All share-based compensation is recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the vesting period if vesting conditions apply, or recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the equity instruments granted vest immediately unless the compensation qualifies for recognition as asset, with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve in equity. If vesting conditions apply, the expense is recognised over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest. Estimates are subsequently revised, if there is any indication that the number of equity instruments expected to vest differs from previous estimates.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.23 以股份為基礎之報酬(續)

授予服務提供者以換取期 權乃按已接受服務之之之 值計量。當所獲服務之之之, 會採用所授予權益工平值不能可靠計算時 公平值。服務之公平值的 時確認為開支,除非該的 務合資格確認為資產。相 關調整已於權益表作出。

於購股權或認股權證獲行使時,先前於儲備內溢價。之數額將撥至股份溢價。於歸屬日期後,當已歸屬明賴,當已歸屬明權或期權其後被沒所,則先前於購股權一認股權一。以表前於購股權一。以表前於購股權一。以表前於購股權一。以表前於職人數額將撥至保留溢利。

3.24 借貸成本

收購、建設或生產任何合資格資產產生之借貸成本,於完成收購、建設或生產有關資產以作擬定用途之期間撥充資本。合資產為需要長時間籌備作擬定用途或銷售之資產。其他借貸成本於產生時列作開支。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.23 Share-based compensation (continued)

For warrants granted to service providers in exchange for services acquired, they are measured at the fair value of the services received. If the fair value of the services received cannot be measured reliably, the fair value of the equity instruments granted is used. Their fair values of the services are recognised as expense immediately, unless the services qualify for recognition as assets. Corresponding adjustments have been made to equity.

At the time when the share options or warrants are exercised, the amount previously recognised in reserve will be transferred to share premium. After vesting date, when the vested share options and warrants are later forfeited or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve/warrant reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

3.24 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the acquisition, construction or production of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. A qualifying asset is an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed when incurred.

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are being undertaken. Capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.25 所得税會計

所得税由即期税項及遞延 税項構成。

即期所得稅資產及/或負債包括本期或以往報告別處向稅務當局繳納稅金責任或來自稅務當局申之事(且於結算日尚未支付),乃根據年內應課稅溢適用稅方有關財政期間之適期稅之有關財政期間之適期稅之,所稅其資產或負債之變動均作為資產或負債之變動均作為領域,

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.25 Accounting for income taxes

Income tax comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting period, that are unpaid at the reporting date. They are calculated according to the tax rates and tax laws applicable to the fiscal periods to which they relate, based on the taxable profit for the year. All changes to current tax assets or liabilities are recognised as a component of tax expense in profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, tax losses available to be carried forward as well as other unused tax credits, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit, including existing taxable temporary differences, will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.25 所得税會計(續)

誊定計量遞延税項金額時 所採用的適當税率的一般 規定有一個例外情況,就 是當投資物業根據香港 會計準則第40號「投資物 業」按公平值列值時。除 非推定被推翻,否則,該 等投資物業的遞延税項 金額採用於報告日期按 其賬面金額出售該等投資 物業適用的税率計量。如 果投資物業是折舊性的並 且其相關的業務模式目的 是隨著時間的流逝通過使 用而非出售消耗該投資物 業包含的大致上所有經濟 利益,則上述推定將被推 翻。

倘商譽或初步確認(業務 合併除外)交易中之資產 及負債產生之暫時性差異 對應課税或會計損益無影 響,則不確認遞延税項資 產及負債。

遞延税項負債按於附屬公司、聯營公司及共同控制實體之權益所引致之應課稅臨時性差異而予以確認,惟本集團可控制撥回之臨時性差異及不大可能於可見將來撥回之臨時性差異則除外。

遞延税項乃不作貼現,按 預期於結清負債或變現資 產之期間之税率計算,惟 該等税率於結算日須為已 實施或大部分實施。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.25 Accounting for income taxes (continued)

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 "Investment Property". Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the reporting date. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences arising from goodwill or from initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither taxable nor accounting profit or loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply in the period the liability is settled or the asset is realised, provided they are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.25 所得税會計(續)

遞延税項資產或負債之變動於損益或其他全面收益內確認,或倘其與於其他全面收益內支銷或計入之項目有關,則直接於權益中確認。

即期税項資產與即期税項 負債只會於以下情況以淨 額呈列:

- (a) 本集團依法有強制執 行權可以將已確認金 額對銷;及
- (b) 計劃以淨額基準結算 或同時變現資產及清 償負債。

本集團僅會於以下情況以 淨額呈列遞延税項資產與 遞延税項負債:

(a) 該實體依法有強制執行權可以將即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債對銷;及

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.25 Accounting for income taxes (continued)

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognised in profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income or directly in equity if they relate to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are presented in net if, and only if,

- (a) the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- (b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group presents deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in net if, and only if,

(a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.25 所得税會計*(續)*

- (b) 遞延税項資產與 遞延税項負債是 關於同一税務機 關就以下任何一 項所徵收的所得 税:
 - (i) 同一應課税實 體;或

3.26 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約乃要求發行 人(或擔保人)就擔保受 益人(「持有人」)因特定 債務人未能根據債項工具 之條款於到期時付款而蒙 受的損失,向持有人支付 特定款項的合約。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.25 Accounting for income taxes (continued)

- (b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - (i) the same taxable entity; or
 - (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

3.26 Financial guarantee contract

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer (or guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of debt instrument.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.26 財務擔保合約(續)

最初確認為遞延收入之擔 保款額按擔保年期於損益 內攤銷為所發出之財務擔 保收入。此外,倘擔保持 有人有可能根據擔保向事 集團申索;及向本集團申索之款額預期超過現金集 動值(即最初確認之金額) 減累計攤銷(倘適用),則 根據附註3.19確認撥備。

3.27 政府撥款

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.26 Financial guarantee contract (continued)

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. Where the consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income.

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with note 3.19 if and when it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee and the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the current carrying amount, i.e. the amount initially recognised less accumulated amortisation, where appropriate.

3.27 Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.28 股息

董事建議派付之末期股息,分類為財務狀況表股 本及儲備部分中保留溢利 之獨立分配項目,直至獲 股東於股東大會批准為 止。此等股息獲股東批准 並宣派時確認為負債。

由於本公司之組織章程大綱及細則授予董事權力宣派中期股息,故中期股息同時獲建議及宣派。因此,中期股息於建議及宣派時,即時確認為負債。

3.29 分部呈報

本集團根據向主要營運決 策者(即執行董事)呈報 以供彼等就分配資源至本 集團業務部分及檢討該第 部分表現作出決定之定期 內部財務資料識別經營分 類及編製分類資料。向執 行董事呈報之內部財務資 料內之業務部分乃按本集 團主要業務類別釐定。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.28 Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the capital and reserves section of the statement of financial position, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

3.29 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the chief operating decision-maker i.e. the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined following the Group's major line of business.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.29 分部呈報(續)

本集團已識別以下可呈報 分類:

- 一 設計、製造、推 廣及買賣珠寶首 飾及鑽石
- 物業投資
- 採礦業務
- 投資

由於各產品及服務線需要 不同資源以及市場推廣方 法,故該等經營分類各自 獨立管理。所有分類間轉 讓(如有)乃按公平價格 進行。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.29 Segment reporting (continued)

The Group has identified the following reportable segments:

- Design, manufacturing, marketing and trading of fine jewellery and diamonds
- Property investment
- Mining operation
- Investment

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches. All inter-segment transfers, if any, are carried out at arm's length prices.

The measurement policies the Group uses for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs, except that expenses related to share of results of associates and jointly controlled entities accounted for using the equity method, income tax expenses and finance costs, corporate income and expenses which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment, are not included in arriving at the operating results of the operating segment.

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.29 分部呈報(續)

分部資產包括所有資產, 惟現金及現金等額、遞延 税項資產、於聯營公司及 共同控制實體之權益於 外。此外,公司資產不直 接歸屬任何營運分部之業 務活動不分配到某一分 部,並主要適用於本集團 總部。

分部負債不包括不直接歸屬任何營運業務活動之銀行貸款、應付最終控股公司款項、控股股東提供的貸款、財務擔保負債、税項撥備、遞延税項負債及公司負債。

3.30 關聯人士

- (a) 個人或與該個人關係 密切的家庭成員與本 集團相關聯,如果該 個人:
 - (i) 對本集團實施控 制或共同控制;
 - (ii) 對本集團實施重 大影響;或者
 - (iii) 是本集團或本公司母公司的關鍵 管理人員的成員。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.29 Segment reporting (continued)

Segment assets include all assets but cash and cash equivalents, deferred tax assets, interests in associates and interests in jointly controlled entities. In addition, corporate assets which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment are not allocated to a segment, which primarily applies to the Group's headquarter.

Segment liabilities exclude bank loans, amount due to ultimate holding company, loan from a controlling shareholder, financial guarantee liabilities, provision for tax, deferred tax liabilities and corporate liabilities, which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment.

3.30 Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.



三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.30 關聯人士(續)

- (b) 如果適用以下任何情 形,則某實體與本集 團相關聯:
 - (i) 該實體和本集團 是同一集團的 員(這意味的 司家實體公司司 。 同系附屬公司 相互關聯)。
 - (ii) 某一實體是另一 實體的聯營企業(或 另一實體所屬 期的一個成員 聯營企業或合營 企業)。
 - (iii) 兩家實體都是相 同第三方的合營 企業。
 - (iv) 某一實體是第三 方的合營企業並 且另一實體是該 第三方的聯營企 業。
 - (v) 該實體是為本集 團或與本集團關 聯的實體的僱員 福利而設的離職 後福利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所 述個人的控制或 共同控制。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.30 Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).

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三、重要會計政策概要(續)

3.30 關聯人士(續)

- (b) 如果適用以下任何情 形,則某實體與本集 團相關聯:(續)
 - (vii) (a)(i)項所述的個人 對該實體實施重 大影響或是該實 體(或其母公司) 的關鍵管理人員 的成員。

某人關係密切的家庭成員,是指在該個人處理與實體的交易時預期可能影響該個人或受該個人影響的家庭成員,包括:

- (i) 該個人的子女和 配偶或者家庭伴 侶:
- (ii) 該個人配偶或者 家庭伴侶的子女; 及
- (iii) 該個人、該個人 配偶或者家庭伴 侶贍養的人。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.30 Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply: *(continued)*
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.



四、關鍵會計估計及判斷

本集團會持續評估估計及判斷, 並以過往之經驗及其他因素為依據,包括在該等情況下合理相信 會發生之未來事件。

本集團就未來作出估計及假設。 該等會計估計顧名思義,難免偏 離實際的相關業績。以下所述為 涉及相當風險的估計及假設,可 導致須於下一個財政年度對資產 與負債之賬面值作重大調整:

對可供出售之金融資產之減值虧 損之估計

就可供出售之金融資產而言,公平值顯著或持續低於成本被視点之客觀證據。於釐定公平規斷。於作出此判斷時,市場須須運用對情況之過往數據及特定投度的事情別之過往數據及特定投度的場所,與對於其成本的時間及程度以與大人,與大學大學公司之財務資料。

投資物業公平值估計

本集團投資物業乃按照附註3.10 所列會計政策以公平值列賬。 投資物業之公平值載於財務報 表附註十七,乃由獨立專業估值 師利駿行測量師有限公司基於 野產定。該等估值乃基於明 大。於作出判斷時,主要基於明 大。於作出判斷時,主要基於 算日之市況之基本假設作為 處。該等估計乃定期以實際 處。該等估計乃定期以實際 數據及市場實際交易作比較。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Estimation of impairment losses of available-for-sale financial assets

For available-for-sale financial assets, a significant or prolonged decline in fair value below cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment. Judgement is required when determining whether a decline in fair value has been significant and/or prolonged. In making this judgement, the historical data on market volatility as well as the duration and extent to which the fair value of specific investment is less than its cost are taken into account. The Group also takes into account other factors, such as industry and sector performance and financial information regarding the issuer/investee.

Estimated fair value of investment property

Investment property of the Group is stated at fair value in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 3.10. The fair value of investment property, set out in note 17 to the financial statements, is determined by an independent professional valuer, LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited ("LCH"). Such valuation is made based on certain assumptions, which are subject to uncertainties and might materially differ from the actual results. In making the judgement, reasonable consideration has been given to the underlying assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the reporting date. These estimates are regularly compared to actual market data and actual transactions in the market.

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四、關鍵會計估計及判斷

應收賬款減值撥備

本集團之應收賬款減值撥備政策 根據對可收回性及賬目之賬齡分 析之評估以及管理層之判斷作 出。對該等應收款項之最終變現 之估計須作出大量判斷,包括每 名客戶現時之信譽、抵押品保障 及過往收款情況。於報告日期, 本集團管理層會重新評估估計。

當本集團管理層認為應收客戶款項不能收回,其會與所計提準備抵銷。倘本集團客戶(對其賬項已作減值撥備)之財務狀況已獲改善且未發現其還款能力受到損害,則須進行減值撥備撥回。

存貨撥備

於釐定陳舊及滯銷存貨之撥備金額時,本集團須評估存貨之賬齡 分析並將存貨之賬面值與其各自可變現淨值作比較。於釐定有關 撥備時須進行大量判斷。若影響 存貨可變現淨值之條件惡化,即 須作出額外撥備。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

Provision for impairment of receivables

The policy for the provision for impairment of receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness, the collateral security and the past collection history of each customer. The management of the Group reassesses the estimation at the reporting date.

When the Group's management determines the customers are uncollectable, they are written off against the provision made. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group, on whose account provision for impairment has been made, were improved and no impairment of their ability to make payments were noted, reversal of provision for impairment may be required.

Provision for inventories

In determining the amount of allowance required for obsolete and slow-moving inventories, the Group would evaluate ageing analysis of inventories and compare the carrying value of inventories to their respective net realisable value. A considerable amount of judgement is required in determining such allowance. If conditions which have impact on the net realisable value of inventories deteriorate, additional allowances may be required.



四、關鍵會計估計及判斷

採礦權估值

於每個報告日期,董事利用彼等 之判斷為本集團的採礦權選用 合適之估值技術,以評估是否在任何減值跡象。採礦權之公在 值,由獨立專業測計師以最近最近 中國大陸發生的可資比較交易最近 中國大陸發生的可資性較交易最 估計。經濟狀況及礦物價格的較 時可對採礦權公平值的估計 構成重大影響。

採礦權攤銷及採礦建築折舊

採礦權及採礦建築乃按根據礦石 礦藏之已探明及可能之礦藏儲備 總量以生產單位法計提攤銷/折 舊。本公司董事於估計礦石礦藏 之已探明及可能之儲備總量時會 作出判斷。

可換股票據估值

董事利用彼等之判斷為本集團並無在活躍市場報價之可換股票就選用合適之估值技術。所採用的话值技術。可換股債券之公平值,由實工,可以是不可以是不可以是不可以是不可以與不可以與不可以變。任何已採用之變數,可能會對可換股票數別,可能會對可換股票。因,可能會對可換股票。因,可能會對可換數票。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

Valuation of mining right

The directors use their judgement in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for the Group's mining right so as to assess whether there are any indicators of impairment at each reporting date. The fair value of the mining right is estimated by independent professional valuer based on recent comparable transactions undertaken in the Mainland China which generally represent the best estimate of the market value. Any changes in economic conditions and mineral prices and the availability of comparable transactions may materiality affect the estimation of the fair value of mining right.

Amortisation of mining right and depreciation of mining structures

Mining right and mining structures are amortised/ depreciated on the units of production method based on the total proven and probable mineral reserves of the ore mines. The directors of the Company exercised their judgement in estimating the total proven and probable reserves of the ore mines.

Valuation of convertible notes

The directors use their judgement in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for the Group's convertible note which is not quoted in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. The fair value of convertible note is estimated by independent professional valuer based on Binomial Option Pricing Model. The fair value of convertible note varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change in these variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of convertible note.

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四、關鍵會計估計及判斷

財務擔保合約估值

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止 年度內,本集團為其共同控制實 體的全資附屬公司提供財務擔保 合約,董事利用彼等之判斷選用 合適之估值技術以計量有關公平 值。財務擔保合約之公平值,由 獨立專業估價師根據借款人欠繳 的可能性而估計。

估計即期税項及遞延税項

本集團在不同司法權轄區繳納税項。釐定税項撥備之金額及支付相關稅項之時間須作出重大判斷。在通常業務運作中,有很多交易及計算的最終稅項釐定是不確定的。該等事項之最終稅項釐定是不確定的。該等事項之最終稅時,其差額將對作出該等釐定期間之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備產生影響。

有關若干暫時性差異的遞延稅項 資產會予以確認,因為管理層認 為很有可能有未來應課稅利潤抵 銷暫時性差異。如果預期與原估 計不同,有關差異會影響到更改 有關估計的期間遞延稅項資產及 所得稅開支的確認。其實際運用 結果可能不同。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

Valuation of financial guarantee contract

The directors use their judgement in selecting an appropriate valuation technique in order to measure the fair value of the provision of financial guarantee contract to the whollyowned subsidiary of its jointly controlled entity during the year ended 30 June 2013. The fair value of the financial guarantee contract is estimated by an independent professional valuer based on the probability of default of the borrower.

Estimate of current tax and deferred tax

The Group is subject to taxation in various jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the provision for taxation and the timing of payment of the related taxation. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the periods in which such determination are made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences are recognised as management considers it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and income tax expenses in the periods in which such estimate is changed. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

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五、分部資料

本集團按照主要營運決策者已審 閱之報告釐定其營運分部,該等 報告用於評估表現及分配資源。

主要營運決策者確定為本公司之 執行董事。執行董事已將本集團 四大業務類別定為營運分部,見 附註3.29內所進一步描述。

(a) 業務分部

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to assess performance and allocate resources.

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Company's executive directors. The executive directors have identified the Group's four business lines as operating segments as further described in note 3.29.

(a) Business segment

			及買賣 飾及鑽石 nufacturing,		投資	採礦	業務	投資	. Krink	綜	合	
		fine jewe	ellery and	Prop	perty							
		diam	onds	inves	stment	Mining o	peration	Investment Cons		Consol	olidated	
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
分部收入: 銷售予外界客戶/	Segment revenue: Sales to/revenue from											
收益自外界客戶	external parties	936,099	947,021	-	-	10,464	3,831	2,652	4,860	949,215	955,712	
分部業績	Segment results	24,740	28,206	84,659	1,613	(15,612)	355,509	(7,385)	(115,430)	86,402	269,898	
以股份為基礎之報酬 未分配開支	Share-based compensation Unallocated expenses									- (3,202)	(35,339) (8,642)	
財務擔保負債攤銷 所產生的收入	Income arising from amortising the financial guarantee liabilities									4 654		
融資成本	Finance costs									1,654 (9,688)	(9,293)	
應 化聯營公司業績 應 化共同控制	Share of results of associates Share of results of jointly									(3,000)	(252)	
實體業績	controlled entities									12,494	(1,352)	
除所得税前溢利	Profit before income tax									87,660	215,020	

五、分部資料(續)

5. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

(a) 業務分部(續)

(a) Business segment (continued)

		設計、 推廣首 珠寶首記 Design, man marketing an fine jewe diam 2013 千港元 HK\$'000	及買賣 施及鑽石 nufacturing, nd trading o	f Prop	投資 perty tment 2012 千港元 HK\$'000		operation 2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$*000	投注 Invest 2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000			除合 blidated 2012 千港元 HK\$*000
分部資產	Segment assets	436,918	428,105	543,604	453,672	1,161,620	1,127,358	39,814	48,919	2,181,956	2,058,054
於共同控制實體 之權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities									532,569	484,655
現金及現金等額	Cash and cash equivalents									37,911	85,236
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets									6,109	6,093
未分配公司資產	Unallocated corporate assets									225	178
資產總額	Total assets									2,758,770	2,634,216
分部負債	Segment liabilities	163,480	168,111	1,768	2,086	46,806	75,794	53,761	55,299	265,815	301,290
銀行貸款 應付最終控股公司	Bank loans Due to ultimate holding compar	ny								336,181	324,172
款項 控股股東提供	Loan from a controlling									1,546	7,877
的貸款	shareholder									105,022	105,000
財務擔保負債	Financial guarantee liabilities									10,751	-
税項撥備	Provision for tax									8,114	10,411
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities									245,001	238,431
未分配公司負債	Unallocated corporate liabilities									932	1,417
負債總額	Total liabilities									973,362	988,598

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五、分部資料(續)

5. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

(a) 業務分部(續)

(a) Business segment (continued)

	設計、 推廣]	製造、								
		佈及鑽石	物業	投資	採礦	業務	投資	Ť	綜	슴
		nufacturing,								
	marketing a									
	•	ellery and		perty						P. L. C. L.
		onds		tment		peration	Investi		Conso	
	2013 <i>千港元</i>	2012 <i>千港元</i>	2013 <i>千港元</i>	2012 千港元	2013 <i>千港元</i>	2012 <i>千港元</i>	2013 <i>千港元</i>	2012 <i>千港元</i>	2013 <i>千港元</i>	2012 <i>千港元</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	my ooo	711(\$ 000	1111.9000	111(\$ 000	1111.9 000	1110,000	11114 000	711(\$ 000	111000	1110000
其他分部資料: Other segment informat	ion:									
物業、廠房及設備 Depreciation of property										
折舊 plant and equipment	(5,975)	(6,480)	-	-	(1,739)	(1,152)	-	-	(7,714)	(7,632)
土地使用權攤銷 Amortisation of land use	e rights (110)	(109)	-	-	(1,351)	(1,321)	-	-	(1,461)	(1,430)
採礦權攤銷 Amortisation of mining	right -	-	-	-	(668)	(316)	-	-	(668)	(316)
投資物業之公平值 Change in fair value of										
變動 investment property	-	-	84,769	1,656	-	-	-	-	84,769	1,656
應付關連公司款項 Imputed interest income										
初步確認所產生 arising from initial										
的應歸利息收入 recognition of amoun										
due to a related comp	oany –	-	-	-	-	5,455	-	-	-	5,455
衍生金融工具之公平 Fair value gain/(loss) on										
值收益/(虧損) derivative financial										
instruments	116	(286)	-	-	-	-	-	-	116	(286)
按公平值計入損益之 Fair value gain/(loss) on										
金融資產公平值 financial assets at fair										
收益/(虧損) through profit or loss		-	-	-	-	-	524	(2,328)	524	(2,328)
於收購附屬公司之 Excess of interest in the	net									
可辨認淨資產的 fair value of the net	a									
淨公平值之權益 identifiable assets ove										
超過收購總成本的 fair value of the total						264 707				264 707
公平值的部分 of acquisition of subsi		-	-	-	-	364,797	-	-	-	364,797
可換股票據贖回選擇 Fair value loss on redem					(422)	(4.545)	(40)	(4.2.42)	(4.44)	(2.057)
權之公平值虧損 options of convertible		-	-	-	(122)	(1,515)	(19)	(1,342)	(141)	(2,857)
出售物業、廠房及設 Gain/(Loss) on disposal o		70			(20)	/2.45\			(20)	/275\
備之收益/(虧損) property, plant and ed	quipment -	70	-	-	(20)	(345)	-	-	(20)	(275)
出售可供出售金融 Gain on disposal of 資產的收益 available-for-sale finar	acial accete						E40		F40	
	ICIdi dssets –	-	_	-	-	-	510	-	510	-
可供出售之金融 Impairment loss of 資產減值虧損 available-for-sale finar	ncial accets						(10.076)	/110 261\	(10.076)	/110 261\
		_	_	-	-	_	(10,076)	(118,361)	(10,070)	(118,361)
長期應收款項 Reversal of provision for 撥備轉回 long-term receivables		500							967	500
貿易應收款項撥備 Provision for trade received		(756)		_	_			Ī	(123)	(756)
存貨撥回/(撥備) Write back of/(Provision		(750)		_	_	_		_	(123)	(750)
inventories	3,804	(1,612)		_			_	_	3,804	(1,612)
利息收入 Interest income	J,007	(1,012)		_	_	_	203	392	203	392
添置非流動分部 Additions to non-curren	t							33L		332
資產 segments assets	2,883	3,128	852	1,009	4,844	7,321	_	_	8,579	11,458
	-,	1.20		.,	7	,			.,	,

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

五、分部資料(續)

(b) 地區資料

本集團來自外界客戶之收 入及其非流動資產(金融工 具及遞延税項資產除外)劃 分為以下地域:

5. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

(b) Geographical information

The Group's segment revenue from external customers and its non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets) are divided into the following geographical areas.

來自外界客戶之收入

		Kevenu	e trom
		external c	ustomers
		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
昏港(主體所在地)	Hong Kong (place of domicile)	160,374	165,215
比美洲	North America	233,983	267,215
欧洲及中東	Europe and Middle East	527,675	507,973
其他地區	Other locations	27,183	15,309
計	Total	949,215	955,712

非流動資產

		אונט וכ	如头庄
		Non-curr	ent assets
		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
香港(主體所在地)	Hong Kong (place of domicile)	553,698	462,735
英國	United Kingdom	5,433	5,742
中國內地	Mainland China	1,725,043	1,647,360
其他地區	Other locations	72	103
合計	Total	2,284,246	2,115,940

以上收入資料是根據客戶 之地點而劃分。非流動資 產(金融工具及遞延稅項資 產除外)之地理位置是根據 資產實際所在地而劃分。

執行董事釐定本集團主體 所在地為香港,其為本集 團之總部所在地。 The revenue information above is based on the location of the customers. The geographical location of the non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets) is based on the physical location of the assets.

The executive directors determine the Group is domiciled in Hong Kong, which is the location of the Group's principal office.



五、分部資料(續)

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(b) 地區資料(續)

(b) Geographical information (continued)

主要客戶資料

Information about major customers

來自各主要客戶(佔總收入 10%或以上者)的收入載列 如下: Revenue from each of the major customers, which amounted to 10% or more of the total revenue, is set out below:

		2013	2012
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
		НК\$′000	HK\$'000
客戶甲*	Customer A *	320,541	234,120
客戶乙*	Customer B *	112,647	112,251
客戶丙*	Customer C *	不適用 N/A	98,271

* 來自該等主要客戶的 收入全部均得自設 計、製造、推廣及買 賣珠寶首飾及鑽石業 務分部。 * The revenue from these major customers was all derived by the business segment under design, manufacturing, marketing and trading of fine jewellery and diamonds.

六、收益

6. REVENUE

收益(即本集團之營業額)指經扣 除退貨及貿易折扣後已售出貨品 之發票淨額、利息收入及投資之 股息收入。

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns and trade discounts, interest income, and dividend income from investments.

本集團收益之分析如下:

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
銷售貨品	Sale of goods	936,099	947,021
銷售金礦	Sale of gold ores	10,464	3,831
利息收入	Interest income	203	392
投資之股息收入	Dividend income from investments	2,449	4,468
		949,215	955,712

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七、 融資成本

7. FINANCE COSTS

		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
利息開支:	Interest charges on:		
銀行貸款*	Bank loans*		
-須於五年內悉數	– wholly repayable within		
償還	five years	8,676	7,939
控股股東提供的貸款	Interest expenses on loan from		
的利息開支	a controlling shareholder	1,575	1,137
融資租賃承擔的	Finance charges on obligation under		
融資費用	a finance lease	14	-
應付關連公司款項所	Imputed interest expenses arising from		
產生的應歸利息開支	amounts due to related companies	2,717	141
可換股票據之應歸	Imputed interest expenses on		
利息開支	convertible notes (note 35)		
(附註三十五)		3,802	4,552
總借貸成本	Total borrowing costs	16,784	13,769
減:投資物業資本化	Less: Bank loan interest capitalised	10,70	13,703
之銀行貸款利息	in investment property (note 17)		
(附註十七)		(4,379)	(4,335)
		12,405	9,434

- * 指銀行貸款的融資成本,包括載有按要求隨時償還條文的定期貸款根據資款協議內所載協定預定還款日期者。於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,載有按要求隨時付還條文的銀行貸款的利息為數約8,676,000港元(二零一二年:7,939,000港元)。
- * This represents the finance costs on bank loans, including term loans which contain a repayment on demand clause in accordance with the agreed scheduled repayments dates set out in the loan agreements. For the year ended 30 June 2013, the interest on bank loans which contain a repayment on demand clause amounted to approximately HK\$8,676,000 (2012: HK\$7,939,000).

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2012

八、除所得税前溢利

8. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

2013

		<i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	千港元 HK\$'000
本集團除所得税前溢利 經扣除/(計入)以下 項目達致:	The Group's profit before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):		
已售出存貨成本 物業、廠房及設備折舊	Cost of inventories sold Depreciation of property, plant and	807,941	805,715
(附註十五) 土地使用權攤銷	equipment (note 15) Amortisation of land use rights (note 16)	7,714	7,632
(附註十六) 採礦權攤銷(附註十八) 根據經營租賃土地及	Amortisation of mining right (note 18) Minimum lease payments under operating	1,461 668	1,430 316
樓宇之最低租賃付款 核數師酬金	leases on land and buildings Auditor's remuneration	6,555 1,019	6,399 1,034
存貨(撥回)/撥備* 應付關連公司款項 初始確認所產生的	(Write back of)/provision for inventories* Imputed interest income arising from initial recognition of amount due to a related company	(3,804)	1,612
應歸利息收入 以公平值計入損益之	Fair value (gain)/loss on financial assets	-	(5,455)
金融資產的公平值 (收益)/虧損 可換股票據贖回	at fair value through profit or loss Fair value loss on redemption options	(524)	2,328
選擇權之公平值 虧損(附註三十五) 衍生金融工具公平值	of convertible notes (note 35) Fair value (gain)/loss on derivative	141	2,857
(收益)/虧損 一遠期貨幣合約	financial instruments – forward currency contracts	(116)	286
淨匯兑虧損 於聯營公司之權益	Net foreign exchange loss Impairment loss on interests in associates	980	3,076
減值虧損 出售物業、廠房及	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	2,136
設備之虧損 政府補助#	Government grants #	20 (446)	275 (132)
貿易應收款項撥備 長期應收款項撥備轉回	Provision for trade receivables Reversal of provision for long-term receivables	123 (967)	756 (500)
註銷附屬公司收益 (附註44.2)	Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries (note 44.2)	_	(714)

- * 年內之存貨(撥回)/撥備 乃計入綜合損益及其他全 面收益表之「銷售成本」內。
- # 政府補助乃收自江門市蓬 江區對外貿易經濟合作 局,此乃由於本集團一家 附屬公司在該區進行商業 活動。有關補助並無未履 行條件或或然事項。
- * (Write back of)/Provision for inventories for the year was included in "cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- # Government grants have been received from 江門市 蓬江區對外貿易經濟合作局 for one of the Group's subsidiaries in which its business activities carried on in this area. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies related to these grants.

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九、所得税開支

香港利得税乃以本年度於香港產生之估計應課税溢利按税率16.5%(二零一二年:16.5%)計算。其他地區應課税溢利之税項按本集團營運之個別司法地區現時適用之税率計算,並根據該等司法地區之現行法例、詮釋及慣例作出。

9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the applicable rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

2012

2012

		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
即期税項	Current tax		
香港	Hong Kong	2,217	3,528
中國	PRC	720	559
以往年度多計提	Over-provision in prior years	(1,436)	(4,714)
		1,501	(627)
遞延税項(附註三十七)	Deferred tax (note 37)		
本年度	Current year	(198)	3,121
所得税開支總額	Total income tax expense	1,303	2,494



九、所得税開支(續)

9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

所得税開支和會計溢利按適用税 率計算的對賬: Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
除所得税前溢利	Profit before income tax	87,660	215,020
除所得税前溢利税項按	Tax on profit before income tax,		
法定税率16.5%(二零	calculated at the statutory rate of		
一二年:16.5%)計算	16.5% (2012: 16.5%)	14,464	35,478
於其他司法權區營業之	Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries		
附屬公司不同税率	operating in other jurisdictions		
之影響		(774)	30,428
應佔聯營公司業績之	Tax effect of share of results of associates		
税務影響		-	42
應佔共同控制實體業績	Tax effect of share of results of		
之税務影響	jointly controlled entities	(2,062)	223
不可扣税支出之税務影響	Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	3,995	29,132
無須課税收入之税務影響	Tax effect of non-taxable income	(13,477)	(94,131)
今年已動用以往年度税務	Tax effect of prior years' tax losses		
虧損之税務影響	utilised this year	(371)	(375)
遞延税項資產移除	Derecognition of deferred tax assets	-	3,477
未確認税務虧損之	Tax effect of tax losses not recognised		
税務影響		964	2,934
以往年度多計提 ————————————————————————————————————	Over-provision in prior years	(1,436)	(4,714)
本年度所得税開支	Income tax expense for the year	1,303	2,494

十、本公司擁有人應佔溢利

本公司擁有人應佔綜合溢利 85,847,000港元(二零一二年: 214,894,000港元)中,本公司 財務報告中已處理之溢利為 4,650,000港元(二零一二年:虧 損136,175,000港元)。

10. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Of the consolidated profit attributable to the owners of the Company of HK\$85,847,000 (2012: HK\$214,894,000), a profit of HK\$4,650,000 (2012: a loss of HK\$136,175,000) has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

十一、股息

董事不建議派付截至二零一三年 六月三十日止年度之任何股息 (二零一二年:無)。

十二、每股盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤 薄盈利乃按下列數據計算:

11. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend any payment of dividends for the year ended 30 June 2013 (2012: Nil).

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company are based on the following data:

		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
本公司擁有人應佔 溢利	Profit attributable to the owners of the Company	85,847	214,894
可換股票據的應歸 利息開支	Imputed interest expenses on convertible notes	3,802	4,552
可換股票據嵌入期權 公平值虧損	Fair value loss on embedded options of convertible notes	141	2,857
未計可換股票據的應歸 利息開支及可換股 票據嵌入期權 公平值虧損前的 本公司擁有人 應佔溢利	Profit attributable to owners of the Company before imputed interest expenses on convertible notes and fair value loss on embedded options of the convertible notes	89,790	222,303
<u> </u>			222,303
			2012 份數目 er of shares
以計算每股基本盈利 之普通股加權平均數	Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	股	份數目
		股 Numb e	份數目 er of shares

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



十二、每股盈利(續)

附註:

(i) 於截至二零一三年六月 三十日止年度內,每股攤 薄盈利金額乃基於本公 司擁有人應佔年內溢利 85,847,000港元(二零一二 年:214,894,000港元)(經 調整以反映可換股票據的 應歸利息開支及可換股票 據嵌入期權公平值虧損(如 適用,經調整以反映可換 股票據視作行使或轉換的 影響89.790.000港元(二 零一二年:222,303,000 港元))及基於年度內經 調整普通股加權平均數 6,924,772,110股(二零 一二年:5,922,267,602 股)(即每股基本盈利計 算中所用的普通股加權平 均數5,110,656,270股(二 零一二年:4,551,252,566 股)並就年度內的現有 可換股票據視作行使或 轉換的影響而作出調整 1,814,115,840股(二零 一二年:1,371,015,036 股))。

(ii) 於截至二零一二年六月 三十日止年度內,每股攤 薄盈利的計算並無假設非 上市認股權證存在,原因 為非上市認股權證會帶來 反攤薄效應。

十三、僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金-附註 十四)

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

Notes:

(i) For the year ended 30 June 2013, diluted earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$85,847,000 (2012: HK\$214,894,000) and adjusted to reflect the imputed interest expenses on the convertible notes and fair value loss on the embedded options of convertible notes, where applicable, after adjustments to reflect the effect of deemed exercise or conversion of convertible notes, which was HK\$89,790,000 (2012: HK\$222,303,000) and on the adjusted weighted average of 6,924,772,110 (2012: 5,922,267,602) ordinary shares outstanding during the year, being the weighted average of number of ordinary shares of 5,110,656,270 (2012: 4,551,252,566) used in basic earnings per share calculation and adjusted for the effect of deemed exercise or conversion of convertible notes existing during the year of 1,814,115,840 (2012: 1,371,015,036).

(ii) For the year ended 30 June 2012, the computation of diluted earnings per share did not assume the exercise of the unlisted warrants as the exercise of the unlisted warrants was anti-dilutive.

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS – NOTE 14)

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
工資、薪金、津貼及	Wages, salaries, allowances and benefits in kind		
實物利益		86,628	78,881
退休計劃供款	Retirement scheme contributions	8,502	6,925
		95,130	85,806

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

十四、董事酬金及五位最高 薪人士之薪酬

依據上市規則及香港公司條例第 一百六十一條披露之董事酬金如 下:

14. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND EMOLUMENTS OF FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
袍金	Fees	300	350
薪金、津貼及實物利益	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	7,257	5,964
花紅	Bonus	1,550	770
退休計劃供款	Retirement scheme contributions	339	274
		9,446	7,358



十四、董事酬金及五位最高薪人士之薪酬(續)

14. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND EMOLUMENTS OF FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (continued)

(a) 董事薪酬

本年度,已付或應付各董 事之酬金如下:

(a) Directors' emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the directors during the year were as follows:

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

Year ended 30 June 2013

			薪金、津貼			
			及實物利益		退休	
			Salaries,		計劃供款	
			allowances		Retirement	
		袍金	and benefits	花紅	scheme	總計
		Fees	in kind	Bonus	contributions	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
執行董事:	Executive directors:					
陳聖澤	Chan Sing Chuk, Charles	_	3,600	300	174	4,074
鄭小燕	Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley	-	1,560	600	70	2,230
陳慧琪	Chan Wai Kei, Vicki	-	792	250	36	1,078
陳偉立	Chan Wai Lap, Victor	-	1,305	400	59	1,764
非執行董事:	Non-executive director:					
方剛	Fang Gang	100	-	-	-	100
獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive directors:					
余嘯天	Yu Shiu Tin, Paul	50	-	-	-	50
陳炳權	Chan Ping Kuen, Derek	50	-	-	-	50
施榮懷	Sze Irons	50	-	-	-	50
張志輝	Cheung Chi Fai, Frank	50	-	-	-	50
總計	Total	300	7,257	1,550	339	9,446

十四、董事酬金及五位最高薪人士之薪酬(續)

14. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND EMOLUMENTS OF FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (continued)

(a) 董事薪酬 (續)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度 Year ended 30 June 2012

		袍金 Fees <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	薪金、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千港元 HK\$'000	花紅 Bonus <i>千港元</i> HK\$*000	退休 計劃供款 Retirement Scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
執行董事:	Executive directors:					
陳聖澤	Chan Sing Chuk, Charles	_	3,540	380	165	4,085
鄭小燕	Cheng Siu Yin, Shirley	_	948	130	43	1,121
陳慧琪	Chan Wai Kei, Vicki	_	600	120	27	747
陳偉立	Chan Wai Lap, Victor	-	876	140	39	1,055
非執行董事:	Non-executive directors:					
曹貺予 (附註(i))	Cao Kuangyu (note (i))	50	-	-	-	50
方剛	Fang Gang	100	-	-	-	100
獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive directors:					
余嘯天	Yu Shiu Tin, Paul	50	-	-	-	50
陳炳權	Chan Ping Kuen, Derek	50	-	-	-	50
施榮懷	Sze Irons	50	-	-	-	50
張志輝	Cheung Chi Fai, Frank	50	-	-	-	50
總計	Total	350	5,964	770	274	7,358

於截至二零一三年六月 三十日止年度內,其中一 名董事方剛先生豁免其截 至二零一一年及二零一二 年六月三十日止年度的 酬,其為數約196,000港 元(二零一二年:無)。除 所披露者外,年內概無董 事放棄或同意放棄任何酬 金之其他安排。 During the year ended 30 June 2013, one of the directors, Fang Gang waived his emoluments for the years ended 30 June 2011 and 2012 which amounted to approximately HK\$196,000 (2012: Nil). Saved as disclosed, there was no other arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years.

年內,本集團並無向董事 支付任何酬金作為加入或 於加入本集團時之獎勵或 離職補償。 During the years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.



十四、董事酬金及五位最高薪人士之薪酬(續)

(a) 董事薪酬 (*續*)

附註:

(i) 曹貺予已辭任本公司非執行董事,由 二零一一年十二月 三十日起生效。

(b) 五位最高薪人士

年內五位最高薪人士包括 三名(二零一二年:兩名) 董事,其酬金詳情載於上 文。餘下兩名(二零一二 年:三名)並非董事之最 高薪人士之酬金詳情如 下:

14. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND EMOLUMENTS OF FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

Note:

 Cao Kuangyu resigned as a non-executive director of the Company with effective from 30 December 2011.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals during the year included three (2012: two) directors, details of whose emoluments are set out above. Details of the emoluments of the remaining two (2012: three) non-directors, highest paid individuals are as follows:

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000
薪金、津貼及	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind		
實物利益		3,204	4,045
花紅	Bonus	250	1,169
退休計劃供款	Retirement scheme contributions	30	389
		3,484	5,603

非董事之最高薪人士而酬 金之金額介乎下列範圍之 人數如下: The number of non-directors, highest paid individuals whose emoluments fell within the following bands is as follows:

		人員數日 Number of individuals	
		2013	2012
1,000,001港元至 1,500,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	1
1,500,001港元至 2,000,000港元	HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	_	1
2,000,001港元至 2,500,000港元	HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	1	1
		2	3

年內,本集團並無向兩名 (二零一二年:三名)最高 薪人士支付任何酬金作為 加入或於加入本集團時之 獎勵或離職補償。 During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the two (2012: three) highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

十五、物業、廠房及設備一 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – 本集團 GROUP

		租賃土地 Leasehold land 千港元 HK\$'000	樓宇及租賃 物業裝修 Buildings and leasehold improvements 千港元 HK\$'000	採礦建築 Mining structures 千港元 HK\$'000	廠房 及機器 Plant and machinery 千港元 HK\$'000	塚俬、裝置、 設備及汽車 Furniture, fixtures and equipment and motor vehicles ← 港元 HK\$'000	在建工程 Construction in progress 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於二零一一年七月一日	∃ At 1 July 2011							
成本 累計折舊及減值	Cost Accumulated depreciation and	6,160	83,183	-	60,582	55,054	-	204,979
☆川川白八/桃田 ―――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――	impairment	(2,714)	(48,430)	_	(53,744)	(47,793)	-	(152,681)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	3,446	34,753	-	6,838	7,261	-	52,298
截至二零一二年六月	Year ended 30 June 2012							
三十日止年度 年初賬面淨值 收購附屬公司 (附註44.1)	Opening net carrying amount Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44.1)	3,446 -	34,753 11,685	- 31,988	6,838 2,513	7,261 1,582	- 12,270	52,298 60,038
添置出售	Additions Disposals	-	1,695 (24)	-	247 (161)	2,385 (195)	6,122	10,449 (380)
轉入/(出)	Transfer in/(out)	- (4.02)	807	9,303	624	582	(11,316)	-
折舊 匯兑調整	Depreciation Exchange realignment	(102)	(3,502) 399	(13) 100	(1,452) 126	(2,563)	38	(7,632) 664
年末賬面淨值	Closing net carrying amount	3,344	45,813	41,378	8,735	9,053	7,114	115,437
於二零一二年六月	At 30 June 2012							
三十日 成本	Cost	6,160	96,358	41,391	59,812	56,431	7,114	267,266
累計折舊及減值	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(2,816)	(50,545)	(13)	(51,077)	(47,378)	_	(151,829)
 賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	3,344	45,813	41,378	8,735	9,053	7,114	115,437
截至二零一三年六月	Year ended 30 June 2013			,,,,,,	.,	.,		
三十日止年度		2.244	45.042	44 270	0.725	0.053	7444	445 427
年初賬面淨值 添置	Opening net carrying amount Additions	3,344	45,813 768	41,378 -	8,735 444	9,053 1,730	7,114 2,977	115,437 5,919
出售轉入/(出)	Disposals Transfer in/(out)	-	-	1,734	-	(55) 685	(2,419)	(55)
折舊 匯兑調整	Depreciation Exchange realignment	(102)	(3,423) 957	(28) 1,170	(1,378) 244	(2,783) 133	151	(7,714) 2,655
		2 2/12						
年末賬面淨值	Closing net carrying amount	3,242	44,115	44,254	8,045	8,763	7,823	116,242
於二零一三年六月 三十日 成本	At 30 June 2013							
成本 累計折舊及減值	Cost Accumulated depreciation and	6,160	98,801	44,294	61,512	59,587	7,823	278,177
水田 川田 八////山	impairment	(2,918)	(54,686)	(40)	(53,467)	(50,824)	-	(161,935)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	3,242	44,115	44,254	8,045	8,763	7,823	116,242



十五、物業、廠房及設備一 本集團(續)

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集 團賬面淨值總額約19,385,000港 元(二零一二年:20,141,000港 元)之若干租賃土地及樓宇被抵 押以擔保授予本集團之一般銀行 信貸(附註三十)。

於二零一三年六月三十日,包含於物業、廠房及設備內之本集團 賬面淨值為3,285,000港元(二零 一二年:3,388,000港元)之租賃 土地及樓宇位於香港並以中期租 賃持有。

於二零一三年六月三十日,汽車的賬面金額包括金額328,000港元(二零一二年:無)乃有關根據融資租賃持有的資產。

十六、土地使用權一本集團

本集團於土地使用權之權益為預 付經營租賃款項,其賬面淨值變 動分析如下:

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – GROUP (continued)

At 30 June 2013, the Group's certain leasehold land and buildings with aggregate net carrying amounts of approximately HK\$19,385,000 (2012: HK\$20,141,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 30).

At 30 June 2013, the Group's leasehold land and buildings, included in property, plant and equipment, with a net carrying amount of HK\$3,285,000 (2012: HK\$3,388,000) are situated in Hong Kong and are held under a mediumterm lease.

At 30 June 2013, the carrying amount of a motor vehicle includes an amount of HK\$328,000 (2012: Nil) in respect of an asset held under a finance lease.

16. LAND USE RIGHTS - GROUP

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and the movements in their net carrying amounts are analysed as follows:

		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
年初賬面淨值	Opening net carrying amount	41,824	3,813
收購附屬公司	Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44.1)		-,-
(附註44.1)		-	39,319
年內攤銷費用	Amortisation charge for the year	(1,461)	(1,430)
匯兑調整 ————————	Exchange realignment	1,077	122
年末賬面淨值	Closing net carrying amount	41,440	41,824

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

十六、土地使用權-本集團

16. LAND USE RIGHTS – GROUP (continued)

(續)

本集團土地使用權權益賬面淨額 根據租賃期作出的分析如下: The analysis of the net carrying amounts of the Group's interests in land use rights according to lease periods are as follows:

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於香港以外持有: 五十年以上長期租期 十年至五十年中期租期	Outside Hong Kong, held on: Long-term lease of over 50 years Medium-term lease of between 10 to 50 years	246 41,194	250 41,574
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	41,440	41,824

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團賬面值總額約1,449,000港元(二零一二年:1,485,000港元)之若干土地使用權被抵押以擔保授予本集團之一般銀行信貸(附註三十)。

At 30 June 2013, the Group's certain land use rights with aggregate carrying amounts of HK\$1,449,000 (2012: HK\$1,485,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 30).

十七、投資物業-本集團

本集團以經營租賃方式持有,以 賺取租金或資本增值目的或在建 或在開發作未來投資物業用途之 所有物業權益,均採用公平值模 型按投資物業歸類及入賬。

列入綜合財務狀況表之賬面值變 動概述如下:

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTY - GROUP

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals, for capital appreciation purposes or property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment property.

Movements of the carrying amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position can be summarised as follows:

		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於年初之賬面值 添置 資本化之銀行貸款利息(附註七) 投資物業公平值之改變	Carrying amount at beginning of the year Additions Bank loan interest capitalised (note 7) Change in fair value of investment property	453,500 852 4,379 84,769	446,500 1,009 4,335 1,656
於年終之賬面值	Carrying amount at end of the year	543,500	453,500



十七、投資物業-本集團

於二零一三年六月三十日,計入投資物業之資本化利息為22,889,000港元(二零一二年:18,510,000港元)。

於二零一三年六月三十日,本 集團賬面金額為543,500,000港 元(二零一二年:453,500,000港 元)的投資物業已經抵押,以取 得授予本集團的銀行借款(附註 三十)。

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集 團之投資物業位於香港,並以長 期租賃持有。

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTY – GROUP

(continued)

As at 30 June 2013, included in investment property was interest capitalised of HK\$22,889,000 (2012: HK\$18,510,000).

Investment property was valued at 30 June 2013 by LCH, an independent firm of chartered surveyors, at HK\$543,500,000 (2012: HK\$453,500,000) on redevelopment basis by adopting the residual site method. The residual site method is determined by deducting the estimated total cost of the development including costs of construction, professional fee, finance cost, associated costs and an allowance for developer's risk and profit from the gross development value. A fair value gain on revaluation of HK\$84,769,000 (2012: HK\$1,656,000) arising therefrom was credited to profit or loss for the year.

As at 30 June 2013, the Group's investment property with a carrying amount of HK\$543,500,000 (2012: HK\$453,500,000) was pledged to secure a bank borrowing granted to the Group (note 30).

At 30 June 2013, the Group's investment property is situated in Hong Kong and is held under long-term lease.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

十八、採礦權-本集團

18. MINING RIGHT – GROUP

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
F 17 05 7 70 /+		<u> </u>	
年初賬面淨值 收購附屬公司	Opening net carrying amount Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44.1)	1,020,524	-
(附註44.1)	, require of substances (note 1 117)	_	1,017,663
增加	Addition	1,808	_
年內攤銷費用	Amortisation charge for the year	(668)	(316)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	28,831	3,177
年末賬面淨值	Closing net carrying amount	1,050,495	1,020,524
賬面總值	Gross carrying amount	1,051,490	1,020,840
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortisation	(995)	(316)
	Net carrying amount	1,050,495	1,020,524



十九、於附屬公司之權益— 19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES — 本公司 COMPANY

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
非上市股份,按成本 推定出資 構成附屬公司淨投資	Unlisted shares, at cost Deemed capital contribution Loan form part of the net investment	122,076 173,710	122,076 173,710
一部分的貸款* 減值撥備	in subsidiaries * Provision for impairment	424,148 (30,237)	424,148 (30,237)
		689,697	689,697
應收附屬公司款項# 分類為非流動資產之	Due from subsidiaries # Provision against amounts due from	518,693	499,307
應收附屬公司款項 之撥備	subsidiaries classified as non-current assets	(102,000)	(102,000)
		416,693	397,307
		1,106,390	1,087,004
分類為流動資產之 應收附屬公司款項#	Due from subsidiaries classified as current assets #	212,461	212,303
分類為流動資產之應收 附屬公司款項之撥備	Provision against amounts due from subsidiaries classified as current assets	(123,222)	(113,125)
		89,239	99,178
分類為流動負債之 應付附屬公司款項#	Due to subsidiaries classified as current liabilities#	(18,813)	(7,426)

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

十九、於附屬公司之權益一 本公司(續)

應收附屬公司款項減值撥備之變 動如下:

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)

The movement on the provision for impairment of amounts due from subsidiaries are as follows:

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000
於年初之餘額 已確認減值虧損	Balance at beginning of the year Impairment losses recognised	215,125 10,097	102,000 113,125
於年末之餘額	Balance at end of the year	225,222	215,125

- * 本公司可酌情要求償還貸款,但並無計劃須在可見將來償還貸款,在可見將來償還貸款的可能性亦不大。因此,有關款項視為附屬公司淨投資一部分處理。
- # 各附屬公司之結餘乃無抵押、免息,以及毋須於結算日起計未來十二個月內償還,惟不包括通知時即須償還應收附屬公司之款項為數89,239,000港元(二零一二年:99,178,000港元)及應付附屬公司款項18,813,000港元(二零一二年:7,426,000港元)。
- * The loan is repayable at the discretion of the Company but the repayment of the loan is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future. Therefore, the amount is treated as part of the net investment in subsidiaries.
- # The balances with subsidiaries are unsecured, interestfree and not repayable within the next twelve months from the reporting date, except for amounts due from subsidiaries of HK\$89,239,000 (2012: HK\$99,178,000) and amounts due to subsidiaries of HK\$18,813,000 (2012: HK\$7,426,000) which are repayable on demand.

註冊成立/

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



十九、於附屬公司之權益-本公司(續)

於二零一三年六月三十日,主要 附屬公司之詳情如下:

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)

已繳足註冊/

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 30 June 2013 are as follows:

名稱 Name	登記及經營地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行股本面值 Nominal value of paid-up registered/issued share capital	權益 Percen equity at	司應佔 百分比 tage of tributable Company 間接 Indirect	主要業務 Principal activities
萬高首飾製造廠有限公司 Amco Jewelry Limited	香港 Hong Kong	2股每股面值10港元之普通股 2 ordinary shares of HK\$10 each	100	-	鑽石貿易及打磨 Diamond trading and polishing
Brangredi Limited	香港 Hong Kong	1股每股面值1港元之普通股 1 ordinary share of HK \$ 1 each	-	100	珠寶首飾貿易 Jewellery trading
C.J. (UK) Limited*	英國 United Kingdom	1,000股每股面值1英鎊之普通股 1,000 ordinary shares of GBP1 each	-	100	珠寶首飾批發 Jewellery wholesaling
恒和鑽石有限公司 Conti Diamond Limited	香港 Hong Kong	100股每股面值1港元之普通股 100 ordinary shares of HK \$ 1 each	-	100	鑽石貿易 Diamond trading
Continental Investment Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	100,000股每股面值1港元之普通股 100,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100	-	投資控股 Investment holding
恒和珠寶(江門)有限公司。	中國 Mainland China	已繳股本35,000,000港元 Paid up capital of HK\$35,000,000	-	100	珠寶首飾製造 Jewellery manufacturing
恒和珠寶首飾廠有限公司 Continental Jewellery (Mfg.) Limited	香港 Hong Kong	10,000,000股每股面值1港元之普通股 10,000,000 ordinary shares of HK \$ 1 each	100	-	珠寶首飾製造及批發 Jewellery manufacturing and wholesaling
恒和地產有限公司 Continental Property Holdings Limited	香港 Hong Kong	2股每股面值1港元之普通股 2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	-	100	物業投資 Property investment

十九、於附屬公司之權益— 19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES — COMPANY (continued)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 登記及經營地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已繳足註冊/ 已發行股本面值 Nominal value of paid-up registered/issued share capital	equity at		主要業務 Principal activities
Continental Universe Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	2股每股面值1美元之普通股 2 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100	-	投資控股 Investment holding
DCGS Management Service Limited	香港 Hong Kong	10,000,000股每股面值1港元之普通股 10,000,000 ordinary shares of HK \$ 1 each	-	100	投資控股/提供管理服務 Investment holding/providing management services
恒寶珠寶有限公司 Diamond Creation Limited	香港 Hong Kong	50,000股每股面值10港元之普通股 50,000 ordinary shares of HK\$10 each	100	-	投資控股 Investment holding
Golden Creation Jewellery Limited	香港 Hong Kong	5股每股面值1港元之普通股 5 ordinary shares of HK \$1 each	-	80	珠寶首飾貿易 Jewellery trading
明秀鑽石廠有限公司 Ming Xiu Diamond Cutting Factory Limited	香港 Hong Kong	600,000股每股面值10港元之普通股 600,000 ordinary shares of HK\$10 each	100	-	投資控股 Investment holding
河南八方礦業有限公司	中國 Mainland China	已繳股本21,000,000美元 Paid up capital of US\$21,000,000	-	100	開採及勘探礦產儲備 Mining and exploration of mineral reserves
明秀鑽石(廣州)有限公司#	中國 Mainland China	已繳股本11,000,000港元 Paid up capital of HK\$11,000,000	-	100	鑽石貿易及打磨 Diamond trading and polishing
江門市恒立珠寶有限公司	中國 Mainland China	已繳股本4,280,400元人民幣 Paid up capital of RMB4,280,400	-	100	珠寶首飾批發 Jewellery wholesaling



十九、於附屬公司之權益-本公司(續)

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 登記及經營地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已繳足註冊/ 已發行股本面值 Nominal value of paid-up registered/issued share capital	本公司權益召 Percent equity att to the C 直接 Direct	百分比 tage of tributable	主要業務 Principal activities
Patford Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	100股每股面值100港元之普通股 100 ordinary shares of HK \$ 100 each	-	100	物業投資 Property investment
Realford Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	100股每股面值100港元之普通股 100 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each	-	100	物業投資 Property investment
佳誼投資有限公司 Well Friendship Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	1股每股面值1港元之普通股 1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	-	100	物業投資 Property investment
Yett Holdings Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	100股每股面值1美元之普通股 100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100	-	投資控股 Investment holding
Master Gold Development Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	1股每股面值1美元之普通股 1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	-	100	投資控股 Investment holding

- * 於中國內地註冊之外商獨資企業。
- * 非由香港立信德豪會計師 事務所有限公司(「立信德 豪」)或立信德豪之其他成 員公司核數。非由立信德 豪核數之附屬公司資產淨 值總額約佔本集團資產淨 值總額3%。
- # Wholly foreign-owned enterprise registered in the Mainland China.
- * Not audited by BDO Limited ("BDO") or other BDO member firms. The aggregate net assets of these subsidiaries not audited by BDO amounted to approximately 3% of the Group's total net assets.

董事認為,上表列示本公司之附屬公司乃主要影響本年度之業績或組成本集團資產淨值之絕大部分。董事認為提供其他附屬公司之詳情將會導致篇幅過份冗長。

於二零一三年及二零一二年六月 三十日,並無附屬公司發行任何 債務證券。 The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

As at 30 June 2013 and 2012, none of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities.

二十、於聯營公司之權益-本集團及本公司

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES – GROUP AND COMPANY

		本集團		本公司	
		Gre	oup	Company	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
北上主即仏 校式木	Unlisted aboves at seat			0.205	0.205
非上市股份、按成本 應佔資產淨值	Unlisted shares, at cost Share of net assets	6,034	6,034	9,385	9,385
減值撥備	Provision for impairment	(6,034)	(6,034)	(9,385)	(9,385)
		-	_	-	-

聯營公司之結餘

Balances with associates

		本集團 Group		·	公司 ipany
		2013 千港元 HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
應收聯營公司款項 減值撥備	Due from associates Provision for impairment	1,259 (1,259)	1,259 (1,259)	- -	_ _ _
		-	-	-	_
應付聯營公司款項	Due to an associate	-	(111)	-	-

截至二零一三年及二零一二年六 月三十日止各年度並無應收聯營 公司款項減值虧損變動。

各聯營公司之結餘乃無抵押、免 息及於通知時即須償還。 There was no movement in impairment loss in respect of amounts due from associates during the years ended 30 June 2013 and 2012.

The balances with associates are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.



二十、於聯營公司之權益一本集團及本公司(續)

摘錄自該等管理賬目之本集團主 要聯營公司之財務資料概述如 下:

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The summarised financial information of the Group's principal associate extracted from their management accounts are as follows:

		2013	2012
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
資產總值	Total assets	12,797	1/1 101
		•	14,101
負債總額	Total liabilities	(581)	(3,366)
收益	Revenue	7,015	12,823
年內溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(Loss) for the year	1,155	(435)

於二零一三年六月三十日,主要 聯營公司之詳情如下: Particulars of the principal associate as at 30 June 2013 are as follows:

	已繳註冊資本/	註冊成立/	本集團應佔	
	已發行股本面值	登記及經營地點	所持權益百分比	
	Nominal value of	Place of incorporation/	Percentage of	
名稱	paid-up registered/	registration	ownership interest	主要業務
Name	issued share capital	and operations	attributable to the Group	Principal activities
上海吉利首飾有限公司*	已繳股本人民幣9,093,244	元 中國內地	36	珠寶首飾製造及批發
General Jewellery	Paid up capital of	Mainland China		Jewellery manufacturing
(Shanghai) Company	RMB9,093,244			and wholesaling
Limited*				

* 非由立信德豪或立信德豪之其他成員公司核數。

* Not audited by BDO or other BDO member firms.

董事認為,上表列示本公司之聯 營公司乃主要影響本年度應佔聯 營公司之業績或組成本集團應佔 聯營公司資產淨值之絕大部分。 董事認為提供其他聯營公司之詳 情將會導致篇幅過份冗長。 The above table lists the associates of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the share of associates' results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the share of net assets of the associates by the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二十一、於共同控制實體之 權益-本集團及本 公司

21. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES – GROUP AND COMPANY

		本:	集團	本公司		
		Gr	oup	Company		
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	119,264	92,855	-	_	
視作對共同控制 實體出資#	Deemed capital contribution to a jointly controlled					
	entity#	12,405	-	12,405	-	
墊予一間共同控制	Loan to a jointly					
實體之貸款	controlled entity	400,900	391,800	-	_	
		532,569	484,655	12,405	_	

墊予一間共同控制實體之貸款乃 無抵押、免息及毋須於結算日起 計十二個月內償還。

金額為視作對共同控制實體 的全資附屬公司出資,其為 本公司就該公司訂立的銀行 融資(附註三十六)向銀行提 供財務擔保合約的公平值。 The loan to a jointly controlled entity is unsecured, interestfree and not repayable within twelve months from the reporting date.

* The balance represented the deemed capital contribution to a wholly-owned subsidiary of a jointly controlled entity, representing the fair value of the financial guarantee contract provided by the Company to a bank for the banking facility entered by that company (note 36).

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二十一、於共同控制實體之權益一本集團及本 公司(續)

21. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES – GROUP AND COMPANY

(continued)

本集團

Group

2013 *千港元*

139

2012

139

HK\$'000

HK\$'000

有關款項乃無抵押、免息及於通

應收一間共同控制實體款項

知時即須償還。

The amount due is unsecured, interest-free and repayable

on demand.

Due from a jointly controlled entity

於二零一三年六月三十日,主要 共同控制實體之詳情如下: Particulars of the principal jointly controlled entities as at 30 June 2013 are as follows:

註冊成立/ 本集團應佔 登記及經營地點 所持權益百分比 Place of Percentage of 已發行股本面值 incorporation/ ownership interest 名稱 Nominal value of registration attributable to 主要業務 issued share capital **Principal activities** Name and operations the Group 50,000股每股面值1美元之 英屬處女群島 50 投資控股 Wealth Plus Developments Limited 普通股 British Virgin Islands Investment holding 50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each 恒礦資源有限公司 礦石貿易 10,000股每股面值1港元之普通股 香港 50 Multi-Minerals Limited 10,000 ordinary shares Trading of mineral ores Hong Kong of HK\$1 each

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二十一、於共同控制實體之 權益-本集團及本 公司(續)

已計入本集團綜合財務報告之本 集團應佔共同控制實體之總額如 下:

21. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES – GROUP AND COMPANY

(continued)

The aggregate amounts relating to the jointly controlled entities attributable to the Group that have been included in the Group's consolidated financial statements are as follows:

		2013	2012
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets	670,122	500,911
流動資產	Current assets	15,365	28,189
		685,487	529,100
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(532,577)	(420,834)
流動負債	Current liabilities	(21,241)	(15,411)
		(553,818)	(436,245)
資產淨值	Net assets	131,669	92,855
收入	Income	24,705	5,606
開支	Expenses	(12,211)	(6,958)
年內溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(Loss) for the year	12,494	(1,352)



二十二、可供出售之金融資 產-本集團

22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS – GROUP

		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
上市股本投資,按公平值:	Listed equity investments, at fair value:		
香港	Hong Kong	13,559	13,077
其他地區(附註(a))	Elsewhere (note (a))	9,707	19,828
		23,266	32,905
非上市股本投資,按成本	Unlisted equity investments, at cost	11,339	11,339
(附註(c))	(note (c))		
減值撥備	Provision for impairment	(7,108)	(7,108)
		4,231	4,231
總計	Total	27,497	37,136
上市投資之市值	Market value of listed investments	23,266	32,905

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二十二、可供出售之金融資 產一本集團(續)

附註:

(a) 於二零一零年六月三日, 本公司一家間接全資附 屬公司佳勵控股有限公 司(「佳勵 |) 與Famous Kev Holdings Limited (Famous Key」)(一家於英屬處女 群島註冊成立之有限 公司,由本公司執行董 事陳聖澤博士(「陳博 士」)全資擁有)訂立買 賣協議,以向Famous Key 收購合共2,239,873股 Macarthur Minerals Limited (「MMS」)股份。於同 日, 佳勵亦與Minmetals Mining Corporation Limited (「Minmetals」)(一家於香 港註冊成立之有限公司)訂 立另一份買賣協議,以向 Minmetals收購3,144,654股 MMS股份。Minmetals董事 方剛先生亦為本公司非執 行董事。於達成上述協議 之條款及條件後,於二零 --年三月三十日,透過 向Famous Key及Minmetals 發行可換股票據完成以市 價3.05加元(相等於24.354 港元)收購5.384.527股 MMS股份,有關詳情請參 閲附註三十五。MMS為一 家於加拿大多倫多證券交 易所上市之澳洲公司,其 主要業務為於澳洲西部勘 探及開發具廣闊前景之鐵

礦石地區。

22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS – GROUP (continued)

Notes:

On 3 June 2010, Trade Bloom Holdings Limited ("Trade (a) Bloom"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Famous Key Holdings Limited ("Famous Key"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and wholly-owned by Dr. Chan Sing Chuk, Charles, ("Dr. Chan"), executive director of the Company, to acquire an aggregate of 2,239,873 shares of Macarthur Minerals Limited ("MMS") from Famous Key. On the same date, Trade Bloom also entered into another sale and purchase agreement with Minmetals Mining Corporation Limited ("Minmetals"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability, to acquire 3.144.654 shares of MMS from Minmetals. Mr. Fang Gang, a director of Minmetals, is also a nonexecutive director of the Company. Having satisfied the terms and conditions of the aforesaid agreements, the acquisitions of the 5,384,527 shares of MMS were completed on 30 March 2011 at the market price of Canadian dollars 3.05 (equivalent to HK\$24.354) by the issue of convertible notes to Famous Key and Minmetals as detailed in note 35. MMS is an Australian company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange in Canada and its principal activity is exploration and development of an area with significant prospective iron-ore located in Western Australia.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



二十二、可供出售之金融資 產一本集團(續)

附註:(續)

- (b) 海外(二零一二年:香港及海外)的上市股本投資市值於年內大幅下跌。董事認為,有關下跌表示上市股本投資已減值,並已於本年度損益賬中確認減值虧損10,076,000港元(二零一二年:118,361,000港元)。

22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS – GROUP (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (b) There was a significant decline in the market values of listed equity investments in overseas (2012: Hong Kong and overseas) during the year. The directors consider that such a decline indicates that the listed equity investments have been impaired and an impairment loss of HK\$10,076,000 (2012: HK\$118,361,000) has been recognised in profit or loss for the year.
- (c) The unlisted equity investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment as they do not have quoted market prices in an active market and the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant and the probability of the various estimates is significant. Accordingly, the directors are of the opinion that the fair value cannot be reliably measured. There was no movement in provision for impairment in respect of unlisted equity investments at cost during the years ended 30 June 2013 and 2012.

二十三、長期應收款項-本 集團及本公司

23. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES – GROUP AND COMPANY

			本红	集 團	本2	公司
			Gre	oup	Company	
			2013	2012	2013	2012
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
承兑票據 其他長期應收款項	Promissory notes Other long-term	(a)	11,449	11,449	5,743	5,743
六個女別感化例次	receivables	(b)	1,700	2,667	-	-
減值撥備	Provision for		13,149	14,116	5,743	5,743
//% IE 11x ITT	impairment		(13,149)	(14,116)	(5,743)	(5,743)
			-	-	_	_

長期應收款項減值撥備之變動如下:

The movement on the provision for impairment of long-term receivables are as follows:

			本	集團	本:	公司
			Gre	oup	Company	
			2013	2012	2013	2012
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於年初之餘額	Balance at beginnir	na				
N I IN L MIN HA	of the year	'9	14,116	14,616	5,743	5,743
轉回減值虧損	Impairment losses					
	reversed	(b)	(967)	(500)	-	
於年末之餘額	Balance at end					
水十水 人	of the year		13,149	14,116	5,743	5,743

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



二十三、長期應收款項-本 集團及本公司(續)

附註:

- (a) 於二零一三年六月三十日 為數11,449,000港元(二 零一二年:11,449,000港 元)之承兑票據中,其中 7,828,000港元(二零一二 年:7,828,000港元)為有 抵押、免息及須由二零零 一年十月一日起分十五年 攤還。其餘3,621,000港元 (二零一二年:3,621,000港 元) 為無抵押、免息及須由 二零零三年三月十五日起 分十三年攤還。鑒於拖欠 償還承兑票據,已於過去 年度作出全面減值。
- 於二零一三年六月三十 (b) 日,該等結餘為墊予一 間接受投資公司之一項 1,700,000港元(二零一二 年:2,667,000港元)之股東 貸款,該項數額為免息、 無抵押及須於二零一五年 六月三十日償還。鑒於接 受投資公司的財務表現 不理想,已於過去年度作 出全面減值。於截至二零 一三年六月三十日止年度 內,接受投資公司已經償 還967,000港元(二零一二 年:500,000港元),並且 在損益中確認長期應收款 項減值撥備轉回967,000港 元(二零一二年:500,000 港元)。

23. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

Notes:

- (a) Out of the promissory notes of HK\$11,449,000 as at 30 June 2013 (2012: HK\$11,449,000), HK\$7,828,000 (2012: HK\$7,828,000) is secured, interest-free and repayable by 15 annual instalments commencing on 1 October 2001. The remaining balance of HK\$3,621,000 (2012: HK\$3,621,000) is unsecured, interest-free and repayable by 13 annual instalments commencing on 15 March 2003. In view of default in repayment of the promissory notes, a full impairment was made in prior years.
- (b) As at 30 June 2013, the balance represents a shareholder's loan of HK\$1,700,000 (2012: HK\$2,667,000) advanced to an investee company which is interest-free, unsecured and repayable on 30 June 2015. In view of poor financial performance of the investee company, a full impairment was made in prior years. An amount of HK\$967,000 (2012: HK\$500,000) was repaid by the investee company and a reversal of provision for impairment of long term receivables of HK\$967,000 (2012: HK\$500,000) is recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2013.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二十四、存貨-本集團

24. INVENTORIES - GROUP

		2013 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000
原材料 半製成品 製成品	Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	138,058 5,050 128,664	128,044 8,752 120,556
		271,772	257,352

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,撥回存貨3,804,000港元乃由於若干產品的售價上升。

Write back of inventories of HK\$3,804,000 during the year ended 30 June 2013 was due to increased in selling prices of certain products.

二十五、貿易應收款項-本集團

25. TRADE RECEIVABLES - GROUP

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
貿易應收款項 減:應收款項減值撥備	Trade receivables Less: provision for impairment of receivables	133,023 (27,825)	136,712 (27,702)
貿易應收款項-淨額	Trade receivables – net	105,198	109,010



二十五、貿易應收款項一本集團(續)

本集團一般按照行業慣例及考慮客戶之信譽、還款記錄及經營年期後釐訂客戶之信貸條款。每名客戶均有最高信貸額。本集團現正對其未償還應收款項維持嚴格控制。逾期款項由高級管理層定期進行審閱。

於結算日,按銷售確認日期之扣 除撥備後貿易應收款項之賬齡分 析如下:

25. TRADE RECEIVABLES – GROUP (continued)

The Group normally grants credit terms to its customers according to industry practice together with consideration of their creditability, repayment history and years of establishment. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are regularly reviewed by senior management.

An ageing analysis of trade receivables, net of provision, as at the reporting date, based on the date of recognition of the sale, is as follows:

		2013	2012
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0-30日	0 – 30 days	30,808	51,172
31-60目	31 – 60 days	24,194	29,340
61-90目	61 – 90 days	23,400	18,345
90日以上	Over 90 days	26,796	10,153
		105,198	109,010

除附註48.3內所披露者外,由於本集團大多數客戶分散於世界各地,就貿易應收款項而言,並無集中信貸風險。

Saved as disclosed in note 48.3, there is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the Group has a large number of customers which are internationally dispersed.

本集團(續)

二十五、貿易應收款項一 25. TRADE RECEIVABLES - GROUP (continued)

本集團於結算日之貿易應收款項 按逾期日及扣除撥備後之賬齡分 析如下:

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables as at the reporting date, based on due date and net of provision, is as follows:

		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
未逾期及未減值	Neither past due nor impaired	67,183	66,389
逾期0-30日	0 – 30 days past due	11,131	19,778
逾期31-60日	31 – 60 days past due	10,763	9,463
逾期61-90日	61 – 90 days past due	6,327	5,126
逾期91-180日	91 – 180 days past due	8,222	7,693
逾期181-360日	181 – 360 days past due	884	291
逾期360日以上	Over 360 days past due	688	270
		105,198	109,010

概無逾期或減值之貿易應收款項 與眾多並無近期欠款記錄之客戶 有關。

已逾期但無減值之貿易應收款項 與多名客戶有關,該等客戶在本 集團之信貸記錄良好。根據過往 經驗,管理層認為,該等結餘毋 需作出減值撥備,因為信貸質素 並無重大變動,且結餘仍被視作 可全數收回。本集團並無就逾期 惟並無減值之貿易應收款項持有 任何抵押品作為抵押或其他信用 增級。

Trade receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a large number of diversified customers that had a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group did not hold any collateral as security or other credit enhancements in respect of trade receivables that are past due but not impaired.



二十五、貿易應收款項一本集團(續)

貿易應收款項之減值虧損使用撥 備賬記錄,除非本集團認為某款 項可收回之機會渺茫,在此情況 下,減值虧損會就貿易應收款項 直接撇銷。貿易應收款項減值撥 備之變動如下:

25. TRADE RECEIVABLES – GROUP (continued)

Impairment losses in respect of trade receivables are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade receivables directly. The movement in the provision for impairment of trade receivables is as follows:

		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於年初之餘額 已確認減值虧損 撇賬	Balance at beginning of the year Impairment losses recognised Amount written off	27,702 123 -	27,000 756 (54)
於年末之餘額	Balance at end of the year	27,825	27,702

於各結算日,本集團之貿易應收 款項按個別及整體基準釐定減 值。個別減值之貿易應收款項與 拖欠或逾期付款之客戶有關。

本公司董事認為,於結算日,預期於一年內收回的貿易應收款項的公平值與其賬面金額並無重大差異,因為該等結餘於短時間內到期。

At each reporting date, the Group's trade receivables were individually and collectively determined to be impaired. The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in default or delinquency in payments.

The directors of the Company consider that the fair values of trade receivables which are expected to be recovered within one year are not materially different from their carrying amounts because these balances have short maturity periods on their inception at the reporting date.

二十六、以公平值計入損益 之金融資產-本集 團及本公司

26. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS – GROUP AND COMPANY

		本集團		本公司	
		Gr	oup	Com	npany
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
香港上市股本證券,	Listed equity securities				
按市值	in Hong Kong,				
	at market value	12,072	11,548	-	-
可換股票據之贖回	Redemption option of				
選擇權	convertible notes				
(附註三十五)	(note 35)	7	148	7	148
		12,079	11,696	7	148

上市股本證券之公平值乃經參考 結算日在活躍市場所報之買入價 釐定。

以公平值計入損益之金融資產於 綜合現金流量表內在經營活動一 節內呈列為營運資金變動之部 分。

以公平值計入損益之金融資產公 平值變動計入損益表內之其他經 營收入/(開支)。 Fair value of the listed equity securities have been determined by reference to their quoted bid prices at the reporting date in an active market.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are presented within the section on operating activities as part of changes in working capital in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in other operating income/ (expenses) in profit or loss.



二十七、衍生金融工具-本集團

27. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – GROUP

		2013		2012	
		資產	負債	資產	負債
		Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
遠期貨幣合約*	Forward currency contracts*	38	-	_	84

- * 遠期貨幣合約以英鎊計值,到 期日少於一年(二零一二年:少 於一年)。
- * The forward currency contracts are denominated in British Pounds with maturity less than one year (2012: less than one year).

二十八、現金及現金等額-本集團及本公司

現金及現金等額包括以下部分:

28. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – GROUP AND COMPANY

Cash and cash equivalents include the following components:

		本集團 Group		本公司	
				Company	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	37,911	85,236	33	117

銀行現金按照每日銀行存款利率賺取浮動利息。

本公司董事認為,銀行現金的公 平值與其賬面金額並無重大差 異,因為其於短時間內到期。 Cash at banks earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

The directors of the Company considered that the fair values of the cash at banks are not materially different from their carrying amounts because of the short maturity period on their inception.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

二十八、現金及現金等額一本集團及本公司

於二零一三年六月三十日,本 集團有以人民幣(「人民幣」)為 單位的現金及銀行結餘為數約 6,638,000港元(二零一二年: 12,038,000港元),其已存入中 國之銀行或在手上持有。人民幣 不可自由兑換。根據中國外匯管 制條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理 規定,本集團可通過獲授權開展 外匯業務之銀行進行外匯業務。

二十九、貿易應付款項-本 集團

28. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

As at 30 June 2013, the Group had cash and bank balances denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounting to approximately HK\$6,638,000 (2012: HK\$12,038,000), which were deposits with banks in Mainland China or held in hand. RMB is not a freely convertible currency. Under the Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement and Sales and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for foreign currencies through banks that are authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

29. TRADE PAYABLES - GROUP

		2013	2012
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
貿易應付款項	Trade payables	138,132	133,166

貿易應付款項的信貸條款因應與 不同供應商所協定的條款而不 同。於結算日,本集團貿易應付 款項根據發票日期之賬齡分析如 下: The credit terms of trade payables vary according to the terms agreed with different suppliers. The ageing analysis of trade payables of the Group as at the reporting date, based on the invoice dates, is as follows:

		2013	2012
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0-30日	0 – 30 days	49,041	88,451
31-60⊟	31 – 60 days	25,636	21,171
61-90日	61 – 90 days	24,932	11,839
90日以上	Over 90 days	38,523	11,705
		138,132	133,166

貿易應付款項屬短期性質,因此,董事認為,貿易應付款項的 賬面金額與其公平值相若。 Trade payables are short term in nature and hence, the directors consider the carrying amount of trade payables are considered to approximate to their fair values.



三十、銀行貸款-本集團 30. BANK LOANS - GROUP

銀行貸款賬面值之分析如下:

要求還款條文之影響。

The analysis of the carrying amount of bank loans is as follows:

			2013	2012
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
流動負債	Current liabilities			
須於一年內償還之		banks due for repayment		
銀行貸款部分	within one year	barnes due for repayment		
一有擔保	– Guaranteed		53,681	30,441
一有抵押及有擔保	Secured and gua	ranteed	90,000	292,500
133-431 % (13 3) 14 14 1				
			143,681	322,941
須於一年後償還並載有	Portion of loans from	banks due for repayment		
按要求還款條文之		ch contain a repayment on		
銀行貸款部分	demand clause			
一有擔保	Guaranteed		_	1,231
一有抵押及有擔保	 Secured and gua 	ranteed	192,500	_
			336,181	324,172
於二零一三年六月三十	日,銀行	At 30 June 2013, the	bank loans were	scheduled to
貸款到期償還如下:	H MIJ	repayment as follows:	Zariik idanis ivere	50644.64
			2013	2012
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
銀行貸款:	Bank loans:			
或11頁款· 須於一年內償還	Repayable within one	. voar	143,681	322,941
須於 平内資壓 須於第二年償還	• •	•	192,500	
次水布—十貝及	Repayable in the seco	ond year	192,300	1,231
			336,181	324,172
	1+2+4 CC +D			
到期金額乃建基於貸款 之計劃還款日期且不計		The amounts due are b		

of any repayment on demand clause.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

三十、銀行貸款-本集團(續)

於二零一三年及二零一二年六月 三十日,本集團之銀行貸款由以 下作抵押/擔保:

- (a) 本集團賬面值約為 543,500,000港元(二零 一二年:453,500,000港 元)的投資物業的法定押 記(附註十七);
- (b) 本集團賬面值約為 19,385,000港元(二零 一二年:20,141,000港 元)的租賃土地和樓宇的 法定押記(附註十五);
- (c) 本 集 團 賬 面 值 約 為 1,449,000港元(二零一二 年:1,485,000港元)的土 地使用權的法定押記(附 註十六);
- (d) 本公司作出之公司擔保;
- (e) 本公司間接全資附屬公司 之普通股份;及
- (f) 特別貸款擔保項下來自香港特別行政區政府之擔保。

本集團以港元計值之銀行貸款323,731,000港元(二零一二年:311,961,000港元)之浮動年利率為1.67%至2.9%(二零一二年:1.45%至2.90%)。人民幣銀行貸款12,450,000港元(二零一二年:12,211,000港元)之浮動年利率為7%至8.54%(二零一二年:7.56%至8.14%)。

30. BANK LOANS – GROUP (continued)

At 30 June 2013 and 2012, the Group's banking facilities were secured/quaranteed by the followings:

- (a) legal charges over the Group's investment property with carrying values of approximately HK\$543,500,000 (2012: HK\$453,500,000) (note 17);
- (b) legal charges over the Group's leasehold land and buildings with carrying values of approximately HK\$19,385,000 (2012: HK\$20,141,000) (note 15);
- (c) legal charges over the Group's land use rights with carrying values of approximately HK\$1,449,000 (2012: HK\$1,485,000) (note 16);
- (d) corporate guarantees executed by the Company;
- (e) ordinary shares of an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; and
- (f) guarantees from the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, under the Special Loan Guarantee.

The bank loans of the Group denominated in HK\$ of HK\$323,731,000 (2012: HK\$311,961,000) have floating interest rates ranging from 1.67% to 2.9% (2012: 1.45% to 2.90%) per annum. The RMB bank loans of HK\$12,450,000 (2012: HK\$12,211,000) have floating interest rates ranging from 7% to 8.54% (2012: 7.56% to 8.14%) per annum.



三十一、融資租賃承擔-本集團

本集團為其正常經營業務租賃汽車。於二零一三年六月三十日, 按照融資租賃的未來最低租賃款 總額及其現值如下:

31. OBLIGATION UNDER A FINANCE LEASE – GROUP

The Group leases a motor vehicle for its normal operating business. As at 30 June 2013, the total future minimum lease payments under finance leases and their present values were as follows:

		2013		2	2012	
		最低	最低	最低	最低	
		租賃款	租賃款	租賃款	租賃款	
		現值	總額	現值	總額	
		Present		Present		
		value		value		
		of the	Total	of the	Total	
		minimum	minimum	minimum	minimum	
		lease	lease	lease	lease	
		payments	payments	payments	payments	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
一年內	Within one year	113	120	-	-	
一年後但兩年內	After one year but within two years	104	106	_		
		217	226	-	-	
減:未來利息 開支總額	Less: Total future interest expenses	-	(9)	-	_	
租賃合同現值	Present value of lease obligations	217	217	_	_	

三十二、應付關連公司款項一本集團及本公司

32. DUE TO RELATED COMPANIES – GROUP AND COMPANY

		本	集團	本公司		
		Gı	roup	Con	npany	
		2013 2012		2013	2012	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
流動負債	Current liabilities					
應付關連公司款項	Due to related companies					
(附註(a))	(note (a))	2,321	-	-	-	
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities					
應付關連公司款項	Due to related companies					
(附註(b))	(note (b))	83,903	27,961	53,346	-	

附註:

(a) 應付關連公司款項439,000 港元為無抵押、免息及於 二零一四年四月二十一日 到期償還。另一筆應付關 連公司款項1,882,000港元 為無抵押、免息及於二零 一四年五月二十六日到期

償還。

(b) 有關應付關連公司款項的 賬面金額30,557,000港元 為無抵押、免息及於二零 一五年五月三十一日到期 償還。其賬面金額乃以市 場利率每年6.15%計算。

> 有關應付關連公司款項的 賬面金額53,346,000港元 為無抵押、免息及於二零 一四年九月三十日到期付 還,其乃因附註三十五內 所進一步詳述債項清償而 出現。其賬面金額乃以市 場利率每年7.17%計算。

本公司執行董事陳博士亦為該等 關連公司的實益擁有人。

Notes:

- (a) An amount due to a related company of HK\$439,000 is unsecured, interest-free and due for repayment on 21 April 2014. Another amount due to a related company of HK\$1,882,000 is unsecured, interest-free and due for repayment on 26 May 2014.
- (b) The carrying amount of the amount due to a related company of HK\$30,557,000 is unsecured, interest-free and due for repayment on 31 May 2015. Its carrying amount was calculated using a market interest rate of 6.15% per annum.

The carrying amount of the amount due to a related company of HK\$53,346,000 is unsecured, interest-free and due for repayment on 30 September 2014 which arise from the debt extinguishment as further detailed in note 35. Its carrying amount was calculated using a market interest rate of 7.17% per annum.

Dr. Chan, an executive director of the Company, is also a beneficial owner of these related companies.



三十三、應付最終控股公司 款項-本集團

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,應付最終控股公司款項的賬面金額約6,331,000港元獲最終控股公司豁免。上述金額在綜合權益變動表內作為股東出資確認。

該款項為無抵押、免息及毋須於 結算日起計未來十二個月內償 環。

三十四、控股股東提供的貸 款-本集團及本公 司

33. DUE TO ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY – GROUP

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the carrying amount of the amount due to ultimate holding company of approximately HK\$6,331,000 was waived by the ultimate holding company. The said amount was recognised as a capital contribution from shareholder in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The amount due is unsecured, interest-free and not repayable within the next twelve months from the reporting date.

34. LOAN FROM A CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER – GROUP AND COMPANY

	本集團	4	本公司 Company		
	Group	Co			
2013	2013 2012		2012		
<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元	千港元		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		

流動負債 控股股東提供 的貸款	Current liabilities Loan from a controlling shareholder	10,000	-	10,000	
非流動負債 控股股東提供 的貸款	Non-current liabilities Loan from a controlling shareholder	95,022	105,000	90,000	105,000

於二零一三年六月三十日,貸款100,000,000港元由陳博士墊付,其為無抵押、按每年1.5%的利率計算利息及於二零一五年六月三十日到期償還要,惟金額10,000,000港元須按民幣4,000,000元(相等於5,022,000港元)亦由陳博士墊付,其為無抵押、免息及於二零一四年十月二十五日到期償還。

As at 30 June 2013, a loan of HK\$100,000,000 is advanced from Dr. Chan and is unsecured, interest-bearing at 1.5% per annum and due for repayment on 30 June 2015 except for an amount of HK\$10,000,000 which is repayable on demand. Another loan of RMB4,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$5,022,000) is also advanced from Dr. Chan and is unsecured, interest-free and due for repayment on 25 October 2014.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

三十四、控股股東提供的貸款-本集團及本公司(續)

於二零一二年六月三十日,貸款 由陳博士墊付,其為無抵押、按 每年1.5%的利率計算利息及毋 須於結算日起計未來十二個月內 償還。

三十五、可換股票據 - 本集 團及本公司

誠如附註二十二所詳述,本公司透過於二零一一年三月三十日分別向Famous Key(「可換股票據A」)及Minmetals(「可換股票據B」)發行本金額約相等於58,170,000港元及81,667,000港元之可換股票據償付收購MMS股份之代價。可換股票據A及可換股票據B乃以零票息按每股轉換股份換股價0.42港元發行,並於發行日期起計兩年屆滿當日到期。

就所有於截至二零一一年六月 三十日止年度內發行之可換股票 據而言,票據持有人有權於可換 股票據到期日前任何時間內以每 股0.42港元將可換股票據本金額 之全部(而非部份)轉換為本公司 普通股份。於發行所有可換股票 據日期後及到期日前5個營業日 前的任何時間內,本公司可按相 等於可換股票據全數本金額面值 100%的價格贖回所有可換股票 據。

34. LOAN FROM A CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

As at 30 June 2012, the loan was advanced from Dr. Chan and was unsecured, interest-bearing at 1.5% per annum and not repayable within the next twelve months from the reporting date.

35. CONVERTIBLE NOTES – GROUP AND COMPANY

As detailed in note 22, the consideration in relation to the acquisition of the shares of MMS was satisfied by the issuance of convertible notes to Famous Key ("Convertible Note A") and Minmetals ("Convertible Note B") of principal amount equivalent to approximately HK\$58,170,000 and HK\$81,667,000 respectively on 30 March 2011 by the Company. The Convertible Note A and Convertible Note B are issued at a zero coupon rate and at a conversion price of HK\$0.42 per conversion share which will be mature two years from the date of the issue.

In respect of all the convertible notes issued during the year ended 30 June 2011, the noteholders had the right to convert, the whole but not in part, of the principal amount of the convertible notes into the ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.42 each at any time prior to the maturity date of the convertible notes. At any time after the date of the issue of all the convertible notes and before the fifth business days before the date of maturity, the Company may redeem all of the convertible notes at a price being equal to 100% of the face value of the full principal amount of the convertible notes.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



三十五、可換股票據一本集 團及本公司(續)

於發行可換股票據B前,本集團已分別向Minmetals及獨立律師交付20,000,000港元及61,667,000港元按金,作為可換股票據B之擬定贖回金代價。儘管於二零一一年三月三十日發行可換股票據B,董事認為,收購3,144,654股MMS股份實際上乃以現金代價償付。因此,收購MMS股份被視為以發行可換股票據A及現金代價81,667,000港元償付。

於二零一一年三月三十日,本公司向Famous Key發行公平值為50,518,000港元之零票息可換股票據A,作為收購2,239,873股MMS股份之代價。可換股票據A於二零一一年三月三十日之公平值乃由獨立專業估值師利駿行進行估值。

負債部分於二零一一年三月三十日之公平值乃由利駿行採用現金流量貼現方法計算。衍生部分之公平值乃由利駿行於收購MMS股份之日期及年結日採用二項期權定價模式計算。於收購MMS股份之日,可換股票據A轉換為及平值間之差額計入將選擇權益列作可換股票據權益儲備。

可換股票據A衍生工具部分公平 值於截至二零一二年六月三十日 止年度的變動導致公平值虧損 1,342,000港元,其於截至二零 一二年六月三十日止年度在損益 中確認。

35. CONVERTIBLE NOTES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

Prior to the issue of the Convertible Note B, the Group had deposited a sum of HK\$20,000,000 and a sum of HK\$61,667,000 to Minmetals and an independent lawyer respectively which served as the intended redemption of the Convertible Note B. Despite of the issuance of the Convertible Note B on 30 March 2011, the directors considered that, in substance, the acquisition of 3,144,654 shares of MMS was indeed settled by cash consideration. Therefore, the acquisition of shares of MMS was deemed to be satisfied by the issuance of the Convertible Note A and cash consideration of HK\$81,667,000.

On 30 March 2011, the Company issued a zero coupon Convertible Note A with fair value of HK\$50,518,000 to Famous Key as the consideration of the acquisition of 2,239,873 shares of MMS. The fair value of the Convertible Note A as at 30 March 2011 was valued by an independent professional valuer, LCH.

The fair value of the liability component as at 30 March 2011 was calculated using discounted cash flow method by LCH. The fair value of the derivative component was calculated using Binomial Option Pricing Model on the acquisition date of the shares of MMS and as at year end date by LCH. As at the acquisition date of shares of MMS, the difference between the fair value of the Convertible Note A and the fair value of the combined instrument, representing conversion option for the holder to convert the Convertible Note A into equity, was included in shareholders' equity as convertible note equity reserve.

The change in the fair value of the derivative component of the Convertible Note A during the year ended 30 June 2012 resulted in a fair value loss of HK\$1,342,000 which was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2012.

三十五、可換股票據一本集 團及本公司(續)

可換股票據A之衍生部分、負債部分及權益部分之賬面值如下:

35. CONVERTIBLE NOTES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The carrying values of the derivative component, liability component and equity component of the Convertible Note A are as follow:

		贖回選擇權 Redemption option <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$*000</i>		及本公司 d Company 權益部分 Equity component 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於二零一一年 七月一日之 賬面淨值 應歸利息開支 公平值變動	Net carrying amounts at 1 July 2011 Imputed interest expenses Fair value change	1,361 – (1,342)	(50,802) (4,087) –	(2,310) - -	(51,751) (4,087) (1,342)
於二零一二年 六月三十日及 二零一二年 七月一日之	Net carrying amounts at 30 June 2012 and 1 July 2012				
賬面淨值		19	(54,889)	(2,310)	(57,180)
應歸利息開支	Imputed interest expenses	-	(3,281)	-	(3,281)
公平值變動 於到期時轉往	Fair value change Transferred to retained	(19)	-	-	(19)
保留溢利	profits upon expiration	-	-	2,310	2,310
換作新貸款 因債務清償而 視作出資	Exchange for new loan Deemed capital contributio arising from debt	– n	52,435	-	52,435
- DUITH 9	extinguishment	-	5,735	-	5,735
於二零一三年 六月三十日之 賬面淨值	Net carrying amounts at 30 June 2013	_	_	_	_

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



三十五、可換股票據一本集 團及本公司(續)

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,應歸利息開支約3,281,000港元(二零一二年:4,087,000港元)已經在損益內確認,並透過對可換股票據A之負債部分施用8.05%的實際年利率採用實際利率法計算。

根據可換股票據A的條款,可換股票據A的尚未償還本金(為數約58,170,000港元)於二零一三年三月三十日到期,本集團須予支付。於到期日,Famous Key同意不會要求於緊隨到期日後起計十八個月內償還可換股票據A本金58,170,000港元。於二零一三年三月三十日,Famous Key豁免可換股票據A的換股權。

於二零一三年三月三十日終止確認可換股票據本金58,170,000港元及換作公平值為52,435,000港元的新的普通債項導致債項清償收益5,735,000港元。上述金額的債項清償收益當時視作Famous Key出資處理,而Famous Key最終由控股股東陳博士持有。可換股票據A衍生工具部分的公平值虧損19,000港元其後在損益中確認。

35. CONVERTIBLE NOTES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

Imputed interest expenses of approximately HK\$3,281,000 (2012: HK\$4,087,000) had been recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2013 and are calculated using the effective interest method by applying the effective interest rate of 8.05% per annum to the liability component of the Convertible Note A.

Pursuant to the terms of Convertible Note A, the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Note A, which amounting to approximately HK\$58,170,000 would be due and payable by the Group on the maturity date falling on 30 March 2013. On the maturity date, Famous Key agreed not to demand the repayment of the principal amount of the Convertible Note A of HK\$58,170,000 for another 18 months commencing immediately after the maturity date. The conversion option of the Convertible Note A was waived by Famous Key on 30 March 2013.

Gain on the debt extinguishment of HK\$5,735,000 was resulted from derecognition of the principal amount of convertible note of HK\$58,170,000 and exchange of a new straight debt of a fair value of HK\$52,435,000 on 30 March 2013. The gain on debt extinguishment of the said amount was then treated as a deemed capital contribution from Famous Key, which is ultimately held by Dr. Chan, the controlling shareholder. The fair value loss of the derivative component of the Convertible Note A of HK\$19,000 was then recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

三十五、可換股票據一本集團及本公司(續)

於二零零九年十一月二十日, 本公司與Benefit Well Investments Limited(「Benefit Well」)(一家於 英屬處女群島註冊成立之有限公 司,其由陳博士間接全資擁有) 訂立買賣協議(「買賣協議」), 以收購Big Bonus Limited及其 附屬公司(統稱為「Big Bonus集 團」)(其主要業務為在中國開採 及勘探礦產)的100%已發行股 本及Benefit Well提供的股東貸 款。根據買賣協議及日期為二 零零九年十一月三十日的補充 協議,上述收購事項的總代價 為738,000,000港元,其將以現 金代價113,000,000港元及透過 發行本金為325,000,000港元的 可換股票據(「可換股票據C」) 及發行合共1,764,705,880股本 金為300,000,000港元的代價股 份支付。於二零零九年十一月 三十日,本公司與Benefit Well訂 立補充協議(「補充協議」),以 修訂及澄清若干條款及條件, 包括發行可換股票據C予Tamar Investments而非Benefit Well(詳 載於補充協議)。

35. CONVERTIBLE NOTES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

On 20 November 2009, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement ("S & P Agreement") with Benefit Well Investments Limited ("Benefit Well"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and indirectly wholly-owned by Dr. Chan, to acquire 100% of the issued share capital of Big Bonus Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively "Big Bonus Group"), which are principally engaged in mining and exploration of mineral reserves in the Mainland China, and the shareholder's loan from Benefit Well. Pursuant to the S & P Agreement and the supplemental agreement dated 30 November 2009, the total consideration for the aforesaid acquisition is HK\$738,000,000 which is to be satisfied by cash consideration of HK\$113,000,000, issuance of convertible note with principal amount of HK\$325,000,000 ("Convertible Note C") and issuance of a total of 1,764,705,880 consideration shares with principal amount of HK\$300,000,000. On 30 November 2009, the Company entered a supplemental agreement ("Supplemental Agreement") with Benefit Well to amend and clarify certain terms and conditions, including issuing the Convertible Note C to Tamar Investments instead of Benefit Well, as detailed in the Supplemental Agreement.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



三十五、可換股票據一本集團及本公司(續)

於二零一一年十月十二日,本公司向Tamar Investments發行公平值為127,619,000港元之可換股票據C,作為收購Big Bonus集團之部分代價。可換股票據C於二零一一年十月十二日之公平值乃由獨立專業估值師中和邦盟評估有限公司(「中和邦盟」)進行估值。

可換股票據C負債部分於二零 一一年十月十二日之公平值乃由 中和邦盟採用現金流量貼現方法 計算。衍生部分之公平值乃由中 和邦盟於收購Big Bonus集團之日 期及報告日期採用二項期權定 模式計算。可換股票據C之之差 值與負債部分之公平值間之差額 (即票據持有人將可換股票據C 轉換為股票之轉換選擇權)計入 服東權益列作可換股票據權益儲 備。

35. CONVERTIBLE NOTES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The Convertible Note C was issued at interest rate of 1.5% per annum, payable in arrears on 30 June in each year, at a conversion price of HK\$0.19 per conversion share ("Conversion Shares") which will be mature 3 years from the date of the issue. At any time after the date of the issue of the Convertible Note C and before the fifth business day before the date of maturity, the Company may redeem all or part of the Convertible Note C at a price being equal to 100% of the face value of the part of the principal amount of the Convertible Note C proposed to be redeemed together with interest accrued thereon up to and excluding the date of redemption. If and to the extent that there shall be any outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Note C at the date of maturity, the Convertible Note C is deemed to be automatically converted into the Conversion Shares.

On 12 October 2011, the Company issued the Convertible Note C with fair value of HK\$127,619,000 to Tamar Investments as part of the consideration of the acquisition of Big Bonus Group. The fair value of Convertible Note C as at 12 October 2011 was valued by an independent professional valuer, BMI Appraisals Limited ("BMI").

The fair value of the liability component of the Convertible Note C as at 12 October 2011 was calculated using discounted cash flow method by BMI. The fair value of the derivative component was calculated using Binomial Option Pricing Model on the acquisition date of Big Bonus Group and as at reporting date by BMI. The difference between the fair value of the Convertible Note C and the fair value of the liability component, represented the conversion option for the holder to convert Convertible Note C into equity, was included in shareholders' equity as convertible note equity reserve.

三十五、可換股票據一本集團及本公司(續)

可換股票據C之衍生部分、負債部分及權益部分之賬面值如下:

35. CONVERTIBLE NOTES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The carrying values of the derivative component, liability component and equity component of the Convertible Note C are as follow:

			本集團	及本公司	
			Group and	d Company	
		贖回選擇權	負債部分	權益部分	
		Redemption	Liability	Equity	總計
		option	component	component	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
初步確認之	Net carrying amounts on				
賬面淨值	initial recognition	1,644	(13,229)	(116,034)	(127,619)
應歸利息開支	Imputed interest expenses		(465)	_	(465)
公平值變動	Fair value change	(1,515)	_	-	(1,515)
於二零一二年	Net carrying amounts				
六月三十日及	at 30 June 2012				
二零一二年	and 1 July 2012				
七月一日之					
馬面淨值		129	(13,694)	(116,034)	(129,599)
應歸利息開支	Imputed interest expenses	_	(521)	_	(521)
本年度還款	Repayment during the year	_	4,341	_	4,341
公平值變動	Fair value change	(122)	_	_	(122)
於二零一三年	Net carrying amounts				
六月三十日之	at 30 June 2013				
賬面淨值		7	(9,874)	(116,034)	(125,901)



12 October 2011

三十五、可換股票據一本集團及本公司(續)

可換股票據C的公平值乃以二項 式期權定價模式計算,有關主要 輸入如下:

	二零一一年
	十月十二日
股價	0.104港元
預期額外收益差幅	5%
預計波幅	77.76%
預計年期	3年
無風險利率	0.44%
預期股息率	2.66%

根據《上市規則》,上述交易構成非常重大的收購事項及關連交易。更多詳情在本公司日期為二零一零年一月二十五日的通函及本公司分別於二零一零年四月三十日、二零一零年十一月十九日及二零一一年十月十二日發出的各公告內披露。

35. CONVERTIBLE NOTES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The fair value of Convertible Note C was calculated using Binomial Option Pricing Model with major inputs as follows:

Share price	HK\$0.104
Expected additional yield spread	5%
Expected volatility	77.76%
Expected life	3 years
Risk-free rate	0.44%
Expected dividend yield	2.66%

The above transaction constituted a very substantial acquisition and connected transaction under the Listing Rules. More details were disclosed in the Company's circular dated 25 January 2010 and in various Company's announcement made on 11 February 2010, 30 April 2010, 19 November 2010, 19 May 2011 and 12 October 2011.

三十六、財務擔保負債-本 集團及本公司

36. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE LIABILITIES – GROUP AND COMPANY

		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
流動負債	Current liabilities		
一財務擔保負債	– Financial guarantee liabilities	2,481	-
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities		
一財務擔保負債	– Financial guarantee liabilities	8,270	
		10,751	-

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

三十六、財務擔保負債 - 本 集團及本公司(續)

於二零一二年十一月八日,本公司就共同控制實體的全資附屬公司所訂立本金為人民幣470,000,000元(相等於約582,800,000港元)的銀行融資,訂立協議向銀行提供財務擔保合約。擔保期由銀行貸款授出日期起計合共為期五年。該項交易構成本公司須予披露及主要交易,有關進一步詳情根據二零一二年十一月八日的公告內披露。

有關上述就共同控制實體的全資附屬公司償還貸款而授予銀行的財務擔保,已經就財務擔保合約於結算日的公平值約為人民幣9,879,000元(相等於12,405,000港元)(相當於視作對共同控制實體出資(附註二十一))調整於期間控制實體之權益的賬面金額狀況表內確認為財務擔保負債。於銀行貸款授出日期後,財務擔保負債會在銀行貸款擔保期攤銷至收入。

36. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE LIABILITIES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

On 8 November 2012, the Company, entered into an agreement in favour of a bank in relation to the provision of a financial guarantee contract of a banking facility in a principal amount of RMB470,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$582,800,000) entered by a whollyowned subsidiary of a jointly controlled entity. The guarantee period lasts for a total of five years from the date of grant of the bank loan. This transaction constituted a disclosure and major transaction of the Company and further details was disclosed in the announcement dated 8 November 2012.

In relation to the aforesaid financial guarantee granted to a bank over the repayment of a loan by a wholly-owned subsidiary of a jointly controlled entity, the fair value of the financial guarantee contract at the reporting date approximately RMB9,879,000 (equivalent to HK\$12,405,000), representing a deemed capital contribution to a jointly controlled entity (note 21), has been adjusted to the carrying amount of the interests in jointly controlled entities and simultaneously, the said amount was recognised as financial guarantee liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position. Subsequent to the grant date of the bank loan, the financial guarantee liabilities were amortised to income over the bank loan quarantee period.



三十七、遞延税項資產/ (負債)-本集團及 本公司

以下為於報告日期已確認之主要 遞延税項(資產)/負債,以及於 本年度及過往年度之變動:

37. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) – GROUP AND COMPANY

The following are major deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised at the reporting date and the movements during the current and prior years:

		初耒、敝房及			
		構、土地使用權及 1000年11月2日			
	採研	寶權的公平值調整 			
		Fair value			
		adjustment			
		on property,			
		plant and			
		equipment,	加速税項折舊	應收款項撥備	
		land use	Accelerated	Provision	
本集團		rights and	tax	for	總計
Group		mining right	depreciation	receivables	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一一年七月一日	Balance at 1 July 2011				
之結餘	balance at 1 July 2011		16	(0.226)	(0.210)
火	Acquisition of	_	10	(9,326)	(9,310)
(附註44.1)	subsidiaries (note 44.1)	237,784			237,784
匯兑調整		743	_	_	743
	Exchange realignment	/43	_	_	/43
於該年損益表	(Credited)/Charged to profit or	(05)	(260)	2.477	2 424
(抵免)/扣除 ————————————————————————————————————	loss for the year	(96)	(260)	3,477	3,121
於二零一二年六月三十日	Balance at 30 June 2012				
及二零一二年七月一日	and 1 July 2012				
之結餘	,	238,431	(244)	(5,849)	232,338
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	6,752	_	-	6,752
於該年損益表抵免	Credited to profit or	-,,			-,
2 (p/ 1)/ mr p()=4/0	loss for the year	(182)	(16)	-	(198)
於二零一三年六月三十日	Balance at 30 June 2013				
之結餘	23.5	245,001	(260)	(5,849)	238,892

物業、廠房及

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

三十七、遞延税項資產/ (負債)-本集團及 本公司(續)

下列金額在計入適當抵銷後釐 定,並於綜合財務狀況表內列 賬:

37. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated statement of financial position:

		本集團	
		Group	
		2013 2	
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	245,001	238,431
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	(6,109)	(6,093)
			222 222
		238,892	232,338

本集團共有税損約97,148,000港元(二零一二年:85,379,000港元),該等税損可抵銷引致該等税損之公司未來應課税溢利。鑑於該等未動用税損不大可能用於抵銷未來應課税溢利,因此並未就該等税損確認為遞延税項資產。未動用稅損44,677,000港元(二零一二年:26,297,000港元)將於二零一八年(包括該年)之不同日期到期。其他未動用稅損可無限期結轉。

本公司

於二零一三年六月三十日,本公司並無任何重大未撥備遞延税項 負債(二零一二年:無)。 The Group has tax losses of approximately HK\$97,148,000 (2012: HK\$85,379,000) that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies which incurred the losses. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these unused tax losses can be utilised. Unused tax losses of HK\$44,677,000 (2012: HK\$26,297,000) will expire in various dates up to and including 2018. Other unused tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

Company

As at 30 June 2013, the Company did not have any significant unprovided deferred tax liabilities (2012: Nil).

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



三十八、股本

38. SHARE CAPITAL

已發行普通股本於本年度內的變 動如下: The movements in the issued ordinary share capital during the year are as follows:

		2013				2012	
			普通股數目		普通股數目		
			Number		Number		
		附註	of ordinary	千港元	of ordinary	千港元	
		Notes	shares	HK\$'000	shares	HK\$'000	
法定股本 : 每股面值0.01港元	Authorised: Ordinary shares						
之普通股	of HK\$0.01 each		35,000,000,000	350,000	35,000,000,000	350,000	
已發行及繳足股本:	Issued and fully paid:						
於七月一日 於收購附屬公司時 發行股份 (附註44.1)	At 1 July Shares issued upon acquisition of subsidiaries		5,110,656,270	51,107	3,128,303,340	31,283	
	(note 44.1)	(a)	-	-	1,764,705,880	17,647	
認購股份	Subscription of shares	(b)	-	-	217,647,050	2,177	
於六月三十日	At 30 June		5,110,656,270	51,107	5,110,656,270	51,107	

附註:

- (a) 於二零一一年十月十二日,已發行股本因按每股0.104港元的價格發行1,764,705,880股每股面值0.01港元的普通股而增加。發行新股份乃用作收購Big Bonus集團100%股本權益的部分代價,詳情請見附註44.1。
- (b) 於二零零九年十一月 二十三日,本公司立 名獨三第三方意認購協議,同意認購協議,同意認購協議,同意認購通 每股0.17港元認購通股的 217,647,050股新普通股的認購已經 新普通股的認購已經 實賣協議及補充協於 三十五。

Notes:

- (a) On 12 October 2011, the issued share capital was increased by the issue of 1,764,705,880 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each at the price of HK\$0.104 per share. The issuance of new shares is used as part of the consideration for acquisition 100% equity interest in Big Bonus Group as detailed in note 44.1.
- (b) On 23 November 2009, a subscription agreement was entered between the Company and an independent third party which agreed to subscribe for an aggregate of 217,647,050 new ordinary shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.17 each. The subscription of the new ordinary shares was completed on 12 October 2011 upon the satisfaction of the purchases S & P Agreement and Supplemental Agreement as detailed in note 35.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

三十九、儲備-本集團及本 公司

本集團

本年度及以往年度本集團儲備及 有關變動之金額在綜合權益變動 表呈列。

其他儲備為就於附屬公司之額外權益而支付之代價與於收購非控制權益當日於綜合財務狀況表所示非控制權益應佔之資產與負債之差額。

39. RESERVES - GROUP AND COMPANY

Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Other reserve represents the difference between the consideration paid for the additional interest in the subsidiaries and the non-controlling interest's share of the assets and liabilities reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position at the dates of the acquisitions of the non-controlling interests.



三十九、儲備一本集團及本公司(續)

39. RESERVES – GROUP AND COMPANY(continued)

本公司

Company

		股份溢價賬 Share premium account 千港元 HK\$'000	認股權證 儲備 Warrant reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	不可分派 儲備 Non- distributable reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	可換股票據 權益儲備 Convertible note equity reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	出資儲備 Capital contribution reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	保留溢利 Retained profits <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於二零一一年七月一日 之結餘	Balance at 1 July 2011	190,743	53,008	273,606	2,310	-	216,293	735,960
認購股份(附註三十八(b)) 收購附屬公司(附註44.1)	Shares subscription (note 38(b)) Acquisition of subsidiaries	34,823	-	-	-	-	-	34,823
	(note 44.1)	165,882	-	-	-	-	-	165,882
發行可換股票據 (附註三十五) 以股份為基礎之報酬	Issue of convertible note (note 35) Recognition of share-based	-	-	-	116,034	-	-	116,034
之確認	compensation	-	35,339	-	-	-	-	35,339
與擁有人之交易 本年度淨虧損	Transactions with owners Net loss for the year	200,705	35,339 -	-	116,034 -	-	(136,175)	352,078 (136,175)
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(136,175)	(136,175)
因非上市認股權證到期 而轉往保留溢利的金額	Amount transferred to retained profits as a result of expiration of unlisted warrants	-	(88,347)	-	-	-	88,347	
於二零一二年六月三十日 及二零一二年七月一日 之結餘	Balance at 30 June 2012 and 1 July 2012	391,448	-	273,606	118,344	-	168,465	951,863
因債務清償而視作出資 (附註三十五)	Deemed capital contribution arising from debt extinguishment (note 35)	-	-	-	-	5,735	-	5,735
與擁有人之交易	Transaction with owners	-	-	-	-	5,735	-	5,735
本年度純利	Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-		4,650	4,650
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	r –	-	-	-	-	4,650	4,650
因可換股債券到期而轉往 保留溢利的金額 (附註三十五)	Amount transferred to retained profits as a result of expiration of convertible notes (note 35)	-	-	-	(2,310)	-	2,310	-
於二零一三年六月三十日 之結餘	Balance at 30 June 2013	391,448	-	273,606	116,034	5,735	175,425	962,248

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三十九、儲備一本集團及本公司(續)

不可分派儲備指於一九九四年本公司之普通股面值由每股2.50港元削減至0.10港元所產生之溢價。

四十、非上市認股權證-本 集團及本公司

於二零零九年十二月四日,本 公司分別與Digichina Trading Limited及Paramount Ability Corporation (「顧問」)(均為獨立 第三方)訂立服務協議(「服務協 議」),聘請彼等為顧問,以提供 業務發展、策略及諮詢服務,包 括尋求發展及多元化本公司業 務的合適業務項目以及就項目 融資為本公司物色合適業務夥 伴/投資者。根據與各顧問訂立 之服務協議,本公司同意以每股 0.173港元之價格(共計約等於本 金總額86,250,000港元),向彼 等各自發行249,277,456份非上 市認股權證股份(「非上市認股權 證」)。

服務協議將自發行非上市認股權 證之日(二零一零年一月十八日) 起生效,此後將持續二十四個 月。各顧問向本公司承諾,彼等 將不會以每股0.173港元行使超 過本金額25,875,000港元(等於 149,566,474份非上市認股權證) 的非上市認股權證所附帶的任何 認購權,除非買賣協議達成及完 成(詳見附註三十五)。倘上述買 賣協議並未正式完成,則有關顧 問行使超過本金額25,875,000港 元之非上市認股權證之權利將失 效。非上市認股權證附帶權利, 可於二零一零年四月一日起至 非上市認股權證發行之日(二零 一零年一月十八日)後二十四個 月期間內任何日期(包括首尾兩 日),以每股0.173港元認購本公 司新普通股。每份認股權證附帶 認購一股本公司新股之權利。

39. RESERVES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

Non-distributable reserve represents the premium arising on the reduction of the par value of ordinary shares of the Company from HK\$2.50 to HK\$0.10 per share in 1994.

40. UNLISTED WARRANTS – GROUP AND COMPANY

On 4 December 2009, the Company entered into service agreements (the "Service Agreements") with Digichina Trading Limited and Paramount Ability Corporation (the "Consultants"), independent third parties, respectively to engage them as consultants for the provision of business development, strategies and advisory services including seeking suitable business projects for the development or diversification of the business of the Company and suitable business partners/investors from China for the Company for fund raising projects. Under each of the Service Agreements with the Consultants, the Company agreed to issue to each of them 249,277,456 units of unlisted warrants shares (the "Unlisted Warrants") at the price of HK\$0.173 per share where in aggregate equivalent to a total principal amount of HK\$86,250,000.

The Service Agreements shall come into force from the date of the issue of the Unlisted Warrants on 18 January 2010 and shall continue for a period of twenty-four months therefrom. Each of the Consultants undertakes to the Company that they will not exercise any of the subscription rights attached to the Unlisted Warrants beyond the principal amount of HK\$25,875,000, equivalent to 149,566,474 units of Unlisted Warrants at HK\$0.173 per share, until and unless the satisfaction and completion of the S & P Agreement as detailed in note 35. If the aforesaid S & P Agreement is not duly completed, the relevant Consultants' rights to exercise the Unlisted Warrants beyond the principal amount of HK\$25,875,000 shall lapse. The Unlisted Warrants conferred the rights to subscribe for new ordinary shares of the Company at HK\$0.173 per share for a period from 1 April 2010 to the day falling twenty-four months after the date of issue of the Unlisted Warrants on 18 January 2010 (both dates inclusive). Each warrant carried the right to subscribe for one new share of the Company.



四十、非上市認股權證-本集團及本公司(續)

鑒於本公司授出非上市認股權證 作為對顧問提供之服務之代價, 發行非上市認股權證乃以股權為 結算之交易。發行非上市認股權 證之確認及計量應遵守香港財務 報告準則第2號以股份支付。

所有非上市認股權證均將以股權 結算。本公司並無回購或償清非 上市認股權證之法律或推定義務 (誘過發行本公司普通股除外)。

下表詳細披露顧問於截至二零 一二年六月三十日止年度內持有 之本公司非上市認股權證及有關 持倉變動:

40. UNLISTED WARRANTS – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The issue of the Unlisted Warrants was an equity-settled transaction given that the Company granted Unlisted Warrants as considerations for services rendered by the Consultants. The recognition and measurement of the issue of the Unlisted Warrants should follow HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment.

All the Unlisted Warrants will be settled in equity. The Company has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the Unlisted Warrants other than by issuing the Company's ordinary shares.

The following table discloses details of the Company's Unlisted Warrants held by the Consultants and movement in such holdings during the year ended 30 June 2012:

2012

201	12
非上市認股	加權平均
權證數量	行使價
Number of	Weighted
unlisted	average
warrants	exercise price
	港元
	HK\$
498,554,912	0.173
(498,554,912)	0.173

失效 ————————————————————————————————————	Lapsed	(498,554,912)	0.173
於七月一日未行使	Outstanding at 1 July	498,554,912	0.173

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四十、非上市認股權證-本集團及本公司(續)

本公司非上市認股權證行使期如下:

40. UNLISTED WARRANTS – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The exercisable periods of the Unlisted Warrants of the Company were as follows:

2012

非上市認股 加權平均 權證數量 行使價 Number of Weighted Unlisted average Warrants exercise price 港元

HK\$

行使期:	Exercisable periods:		
二零一零年四月一日至	1 April 2010 to 17 January 2012#		
二零一二年一月十七日#		299,132,948	0.173
二零一零年四月一日至	1 April 2010 to 17 January 2012*		
二零一二年一月十七日*		199,421,964	0.173

- # 該299,132,948份非上市 認股權證於授予日期立即 歸屬,其亦為服務開始日 期,而有關以股份為基礎 之報酬53,008,000港元已 經在截至二零一零年六月 三十日止年度的損益中確 認。
- * 該等餘下的非上市認股權 證之行使受限制於買廣協 議及補充協議之完成, 情載於附註三元。。 情載於附註三一五。 於199,421,964份非上 。 於199,421,964份非上 。 有關以股份為基礎之即歸屬報 。 有關以股份為基礎經之 至二零一二年六月三。 止年度的損益中確認。

非上市認股權證的公平值乃利用 二項式期權定價模式釐定。

- The 299,132,948 Unlisted Warrants vested immediately on the grant date which was also the start of the date of services and the respective share-based compensation of HK\$53,008,000 was recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 30 June 2010.
- * The exercise of these remaining Unlisted Warrants was subject to the completion of the S & P Agreement and Supplemental Agreement as detailed in note 35. In the opinion of the directors, the completion of these agreements were completed in prior year and therefore, the remaining 199,421,964 Unlisted Warrants vested immediately. The respective share-based compensation of HK\$35,339,000 was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2012.

The fair value of the Unlisted Warrants was determined by using the Binomial Option Pricing Model.



四十、非上市認股權證-本集團及本公司(續)

下表列出二項式期權定價模式的 輸入資料,用於計算於截至二零 一零年六月三十日止年度授出之 非上市認股權證之公平值。

40. UNLISTED WARRANTS – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The following table lists the inputs to the Binomial Option Pricing Model used for calculating the fair value of the Unlisted Warrants granted during the year ended 30 June 2010:

二零一零年一月十八日

	Date of grant	18 January 2010
股價	Share price	HK\$0.35港元
行使價	Exercise price	HK\$0.173港元
預計波幅(附註(a))	Expected volatility (note (a))	83.88%
非上市認股權證之預計年期 (附註(b))	Expected life of the Unlisted Warrants (note (b))	2年years
無風險利率(附註(c))	Risk-free rate (note (c))	0.435%
預期股息率	Expected dividend yield	3.53%

授予日期

附註:

- (a) 預期波幅:約等於緊接服務起始日期前過往兩年內本公司股份收市價的歷史波幅。
- (b) 非上市認股權證之預計年 期:非上市認股權證之有 效期間,來自預期行使時 間框架之估計。
- (c) 無風險利率:約等於香港外 匯基金票據之到期收益率。

截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度,與發行非上市認股權證相關之以股份償付費用35,339,000港元已於損益確認,相應金額已計入認股權證儲備。由於為以股份償付交易,因此概無確認任何負債。

Notes:

- (a) Expected volatility: being the approximate historical volatility of closing prices of the shares of the Company in the past 2 years immediately before the date of start of services.
- (b) Expected life of the Unlisted Warrants: being the effective life of the Unlisted Warrants estimated from the expected exercising time frame.
- (c) Risk-free rate: being the approximate yields to maturity of Hong Kong Exchange Fund Note.

For the year ended 30 June 2012, HK\$35,339,000 of share-based compensation expenses in relation to the issue of the Unlisted Warrants had been recognised in profit or loss and the corresponding amount of which had been credited to the warrant reserve. No liabilities were recognised due to share-based payment transactions.

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四十一、或然負債-本集團 及本公司

於報告期末,財務報表中未計提 的或然負債如下:

41. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES – GROUP AND COMPANY

At end of the reporting periods, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statement were as follows:

		本集團		本公司	
		Gr	Group Company		npany
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
為下列公司獲得	Guarantees given to banks				
銀行貸款而向	in connection with				
銀行作出擔保:	banking facilities				
	granted to:				
一附屬公司	Subsidiaries	_	_	528,381	487,500
一共同控制實體	 Jointly controlled entity 	295,066	-	295,066	-
		295,066	-	823,447	487,500

根據擔保,倘銀行未能收回有關 貸款,本集團/本公司須承擔向 銀行還款之責任。於結算日,由 於董事認為不會出現未能償還該 筆貸款之情況,因此並無就本集 團/本公司於擔保合約項下之責 任作出撥備。 Under the guarantees, the Group/Company would be liable to pay the banks if the banks are unable to recover the loans. At the reporting date, no provision for the Group/Company's obligation under the guarantee contracts have been made as the directors considered that it was not probable that the repayment of the loans would be in default.



四十二、資本承擔

42. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

本集團

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集 團有下列未償付之資本承擔:

Group

At 30 June 2013, the Group had outstanding capital commitments as follows:

		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
已訂約但未撥備:	Contracted but not provided for:		
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	1,698	1,114
投資物業項下分類	Properties under development classified under		
為發展中物業	investment property	13,752	13,752
投資物業項下分類為	Properties under development classified under		
發展中物業,由共同	investment property undertaken by a jointly		
控制實體進行,	controlled entity attributable to the Group	288,715	279,389
本集團應佔部分			
		304,165	294,255

本公司

Company

於二零一三年及二零一二年六月 三十日,本公司並無任何重大資 本承擔。 The Company did not have any significant capital commitments as at 30 June 2013 and 2012.

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四十三、經營租賃承擔

本集團

本集團以經營租賃安排租入若干商舖、辦公室物業及員工宿舍。租金(包括或然租金)按固定息率或參考業務水平磋商,租期由一年至三年不等,並可選擇於到期日或本集團與各有關業主相互協定的日期續訂租賃及重新磋商條款。

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集 團不可撤銷經營租賃之未來應付 租賃付款最低總額及相關期限如 下:

43. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

Group

The Group leases certain shops, office properties and staff quarters under operating lease arrangements. Leases (including contingent rental) are negotiated at fixed rate or with reference to level of business and terms ranging from one to three years, with an option to renew the leases and renegotiate the terms at the expiry date or at dates as mutually agreed between the Group and respective landlords.

As at 30 June 2013, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling were due as follows:

		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	2,538	2,027
第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	In the second to fifth year, inclusive	1,434	1,488
		3,972	3,515

本公司

於二零一三年及二零一二年六月 三十日,本公司並無不可撤銷經 營租賃之最低租賃款。

四十四、業務合併/出售附 屬公司

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止 年度內,本集團並無任何業務合 併及出售附屬公司事項。

於截至二零一二年六月三十日止 年度內,本集團有以下業務合併 及出售附屬公司事項。

Company

The Company did not have any minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as at 30 June 2013 and 2012.

44. BUSINESS COMBINATION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Group did not have any business combination and disposal of subsidiaries.

During the year ended 30 June 2012, the Group had the following business combination and disposal of subsidiaries.



四十四、業務合併/出售附屬公司(續)

44.1 業務合併:

收購日Big Bonus集團的可 辨認資產和負債的公平值 如下:

44. BUSINESS COMBINATION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

44.1 Business combination:

On 12 October 2011, the Group acquired 100% of the share capital of Big Bonus Limited and the shareholder's loan from Benefit Well having satisfied the terms and conditions of the S & P Agreement and Supplemental Agreement. The acquisition was made as the Group's strategy is to capture the substained growth in global demand for natural resources. The acquired business contributed revenue of HK\$3,831,000 and loss after tax of HK\$6,292,000 to the Group from date of acquisition to 30 June 2012.

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Big Bonus Group as at the date of acquisition were as follows:

2012 公平值 Fair value *千港元 HK\$'000*

採礦權	Mining right	1,017,663
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	60,038
土地使用權	Land use rights	39,319
預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	2,020
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	38,613
應付關連公司款項	Due to a related company	(35,542)
其他應付款項	Other payables	(95,382)
Benefit Well提供的股東貸款	Shareholder's loan from Benefit Well	(150,400)
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	(237,784)
已收購資產淨值	Net assets acquired	638,545

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四十四、業務合併/出售附屬公司(續)

44.1 業務合併:(續)

44. BUSINESS COMBINATION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

44.1 Business combination: *(continued)*

2012 *千港元* HK\$'000

		111000
購買代價:	Purchase consideration:	
一已付現金	– Cash paid	113,000
一可換股票據C的公平值	- Fair value of the Convertible Note C (note 35)	115,000
(附註三十五)	- Tail value of the Convertible Note C (note 33)	127,619
一發行股份的公平值	Fair value of shares issued (note 38(a))	127,019
	- Fall value of strates issued (flote 50(a))	102 520
(附註三十八(a))		183,529
總購買代價	Total purchase consideration	424,148
上文所示已收購可辨認淨資產的	Fair value of 100% of net identified assets	,
100%的公平值	acquired as shown above	(638,545)
Benefit Well提供的股東貸款	Shareholder's loan from Benefit Well	(150,400)
於收購附屬公司之可辨認淨	Excess of interest in the net fair value of	
資產的淨公平值之	the net identifiable assets over the	
權益超過收購總成本的	fair value of the total cost of acquisition	
公平值的部分	of subsidiaries	(364,797)

於收購日期其他應收款項之公平值達432,000港元。 其他應收款項之總合約金額達432,000港元,預期可全數收回。

本集團就此收購事項發生交易費用55,000港元。於截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度內,交易費用已經在損益中確認,在綜合損益及其他全面收益表內包括在行政費用。

The fair value of other receivables as at the date of acquisition amounted to HK\$432,000. The gross contractual amounts of other receivables were HK\$432,000 which was expected to be collected in full.

The Group incurred transaction costs of HK\$55,000 for this acquisition. These transaction costs had been recognised in the profit or loss and included under administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the year ended 30 June 2012.

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四十四、業務合併/出售附屬公司(續)

44.1 業務合併:(續)

有關收購Big Bonus集團的 現金及現金等額淨流出的 分析如下:

44. BUSINESS COMBINATION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

44.1 Business combination: (continued)

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of Big Bonus Group was as follows:

2012 *千港元* HK\$'000

收購產生之現金流出淨額:

已付現金代價

已收購附屬公司之現金及 銀行結餘 Net cash outflow arising on the acquisition:

Cash consideration paid

(113,000)

Cash and bank balances in subsidiaries acquired

38,613

(74,387)

於收購附屬公司之可辨認淨資產的淨公平值之權益超過收購總成本的由於可由於內地益乃主要的於票據及代價股份於賣數以來值較買數的的分數的分數。

If the acquisition had occurred on 1 July 2011, the Group's revenue and profit after tax would have been HK\$955,712,000 and HK\$204,712,000 respectively, for the year ended 30 June 2012. This pro forma information was for illustrative purposes only and was not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would had been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 July 2011, nor was it intended to be a projection of future results.

The gain on excess of interest in the net fair value of the net identifiable assets over the fair value of the total cost of acquisition of subsidiaries was mainly attributed by the decrease in the fair values of the convertible note and consideration shares at the acquisition date as compared to that on the contract date of the S & P Agreement.

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四十四、業務合併/出售附屬公司(續)

44.2 出售附屬公司:

於截至二零一二年六月 三十日止年度內,本集團 已註銷若干附屬公司,有 關出售之淨負債載列如下:

44. BUSINESS COMBINATION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

44.2 Disposal of subsidiaries:

The Group had deregistered several subsidiaries during the year ended 30 June 2012 and the net liabilities being disposed of were as follows:

2012

千港元
HK\$'000預付款項、按金及其他應收款項Prepayments, deposits and other receivables95其他應付款項及應計費用Other payables and accruals(277)非控制權益Non-controlling interests(532)註銷附屬公司收益Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries(714)

四十五、關連人士交易

除於綜合財務報告其他部分所披露者外,本集團於年內有下列關連人士交易。

- (a) 於截至二零一三年六月 三十日止年度內,就可 換股票據C發生應歸利 息開支521,000港元(二 零一二年:465,000港元),其已付/應付Tamar Investments,其則由陳博 士實益擁有。
- (b) 於截至二零一三年六月 三十日止年度內,發生應 歸利息開支2,717,000港元 (二零一二年:141,000港 元),其乃支付陳博士為董 事及主要管理人員的關連 公司。
- (c) 於截至二零一三年六月 三十日止年度內,就控 股股東提供的貸款已付 /應付陳博士利息開支 1,575,000港元(二零一二 年:1,137,000港元)。

45. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group entered into the following related party transactions.

- (a) During the year ended 30 June 2013, imputed interest expenses of HK\$521,000 (2012: HK\$465,000) were incurred and paid/payable to Tamar Investments, which is beneficially owned by Dr. Chan, in relation to the Convertible Note C.
- (b) During the year ended 30 June 2013, imputed interest expenses of HK\$2,717,000 (2012: HK\$141,000) were incurred to a related company of which Dr. Chan is a director and key management personnel.
- (c) During the year ended 30 June 2013, interest expenses of HK\$1,575,000 (2012: HK\$1,137,000) were paid/payable to Dr. Chan in relation to the loan from a controlling shareholder.



四十五、關連人士交易(續)

45. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(continued)

(d) 主要管理人員福利

列入僱員福利開支之主要 管理人員福利包括下列類 別: (d) Compensation of key management personnel

Included in employee benefit expenses are key management personnel compensation and comprise the following:

		2013 <i>千港元</i>	2012 <i>千港元</i>
		#K'000	Т/€/L НК\$′000
短期僱員福利	Short term employee benefits	13,624	11,289
離職後福利	Post-employment benefits	425	351
		14,049	11,640

- (e) 於截至二零一二年六月 三十日止年度內,已付 3,203,000港元分包費用予 若干聯營公司。分包費用 經本集團與聯營公司彼此 磋商達成。
- (e) During the year ended 30 June 2012, subcontracting fees of HK\$3,203,000 were paid to certain associates. The subcontracting fees were mutually negotiated between the Group and the associates.
- (f) 於截至二零一二年六月 三十日止年度內,收購Big Bonus集團之詳情載於附註 三十五及附註44.1。
- (f) During the year ended 30 June 2012, the acquisition of Big Bonus Group as detailed in note 35 and note 44.1.

有關上述附註四十五(a)、四十五(b)、四十五(c)及四十五(f)的關連人士交易亦構成上市規則第十四A章定義的關連交易。

The related party transaction in respect of note 45(a), 45(b), 45(c) and 45(f) also constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

四十六、綜合現金流量表附 註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年 度,本集團有下列主要非現金交 易:

本集團訂立融資租賃安排,有關 資產於租賃開始日的總資本值為 425,000港元。

46. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Group had the following major non-cash transactions:

The Group entered into finance lease arrangements in respect of an asset with a total capital value at the inception of the lease of HK\$425,000.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

四十六、綜合現金流量表附 註(續)

截至二零一二年六月三十日止年 度,本集團有下列主要非現金交 易:

如附註44.1詳述·收購Big Bonus 集團一事通過發行公平值為 127,619,000港元之可換股票據C 及發行合共1,764,705,880股股份 (公平值為183,529,000港元)支 付。

四十七、以股份為基礎之報 酬計劃

本公司之購股權計劃(「該計劃」) 由本公司股東於二零一零年七月 十三日批准。該計劃有效期為十 年。

董事會(「董事會」)可酌情邀請任何下列合資格人士接受購股權以認購本公司之股份。

(i) 本公司之任何僱員(無論是 全職或兼職)、高級行政人 員或主管、經理、董事(包 括執行、非執行及獨立非 執行董事)或顧問;已經或 將會對本集團之增長及發 展作出貢獻之任何本集團 附屬公司或任何接受投資 公司(由董事會釐訂);或

46. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

During the year ended 30 June 2012, the Group had the following major non-cash transactions:

As detailed in note 44.1, the acquisition of Big Bonus Group was satisfied by issuing the Convertible Note C with fair value of HK\$127,619,000 and the issue of a total of 1,764,705,880 shares with fair value of HK\$183,529,000.

47. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION SCHEME

The share option scheme of the Company (the "Scheme") was approved by the shareholders of the Company on 13 July 2010. The Scheme would be valid for a period of ten years.

The board of directors ("Board") may in its discretion, invite any following eligible person to take up the options to subscribe for shares of the Company.

(i) any employee (whether full time or part time), senior executive or officer, manager, director (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive director) or consultant of the Company; any of its subsidiaries or any investee who, as determined by the Board, have contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group; or

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



四十七、以股份為基礎之報酬計劃(續)

(ii) 任何接受投資公司。

認購價至少須為以下之最高者: (i)本公司股份於授出購股權日期 (必須為營業日)在聯交所每日報 價表所報之收市價;(ii)本公司股 份緊接授出購股權日期前五(5)個 營業日在聯交所每日報價表所報 之平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份 之面值。

合資格人士必須於建議授出日期。 起十個營業日內接納建議授出日期。 於接納購股權時,承授人須信 行使根據該計劃所授出之全部 行使根據該計劃所授出之全超 (i)採納日期本公司已發行股份 (i)採納日期本公司不時已發行股份 本之30%。除非取得本公司於 日12個月期間,授予每名尚未 於股東大會上批准,否則於任 之購股權(包括已行使及發行及 財務行之股份總數不可超逾本 之時已發行股本之1%。

購股權期限須由董事會於授出各項購股權時知會各承授人,惟該期限不得早於建議授出日期而又不超過由建議授出日期起計十年之日期開始。該計劃自獲採納以來並未根據該計劃授出任何購股權。

47. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION SCHEME (continued)

(ii) any investee.

The subscription price must be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company.

The eligible person must accept any such offer notified to him or her within ten business days from the offer date. Upon acceptance of the offer, the grantee shall pay HK\$1 to the Company as consideration for the grant. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme must not in aggregate exceed (i) 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the adoption date; or (ii) 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each participant in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the share capital of the Company then in issue unless approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meetings.

The option period shall be notified by the Board to each grantee upon grant of each option, provided that it shall commence on a date not earlier than the offer date and not be more than ten years from the offer date. No share option was granted pursuant to the Scheme since its adoption.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

四十八、財務風險管理目標 及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括股 本投資、墊予共同控制實體之貸 款、貿易應收款項、其他應收款 項、可換股票據贖回選擇權、現 金及現金等額、貿易應付款項、 其他應付款項及應計費用、銀行 貸款、與附屬公司、聯營公司及 共同控制實體之結餘、衍生金融 工具、應付最終控股公司款項、 融資租賃承擔、應付關連公司款 項、控股股東提供的貸款、財務 擔保負債及可換股票據。該等金 融工具詳情在相關附註披露。與 該等金融工具有關的風險及減低 該等風險的政策載於下文。管理 層會控制及監察該等風險,以確 保能適時及有效地推行適當措 施。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include equity investments, loans to a jointly controlled entity, trade receivables, other receivables, redemption options of convertible notes, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables, other payables and accruals, bank loans, balance with subsidiaries, an associate and jointly controlled entities, derivative financial instruments, amount due to ultimate holding company, obligation under a finance lease, amounts due to related companies, loan from a controlling shareholder, financial guarantee liabilities and convertible notes. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.1 金融資產及金融負債分類

綜合財務狀況表內所列的 賬面值乃有關以下金融資 產及金融負債分類。參見 附註3.13及3.16以瞭解金 融工具的分類如何影響彼 等的隨後計量。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

木隹園

48.1 Categories of financial assets and financial liabilities

The carrying amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position relate to the following categories of financial assets and financial liabilities. See notes 3.13 and 3.16 for explanations about how the category of financial instruments affects their subsequent measurement.

木小司

		平集團		本公司 Company	
		Group 2013 2012 2013			pany 2012
		2013 <i>千港元</i>		2013 <i>千港元</i>	
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
金融資產	Financial assets				
非流動資產	Non-current assets				
可供出售之金融	Available-for-sale financial				
資產	assets	27,497	37,136	-	_
貸款及應收款項:	Loans and receivables:				
- 墊予一間共同	– Loans to a jointly				
控制實體之貸款	controlled entity	400,900	391,800	-	-
一應收附屬公司款項	– Due from subsidiaries	-	-	416,693	397,307
		428,397	428,936	416,693	397,307
流動資產	Current assets				
以公平值計入損益之	Financial assets at fair value				
金融資產	through profit or loss	12,079	11,696	7	148
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial				
	instruments	38	-	-	-
貸款及應收款項:	Loans and receivables:				
一貿易應收款項	 Trade receivables 	105,198	109,010	-	-
一其他應收款項	 Other receivables 	4,575	3,761	367	319
一應收附屬公司款項	 Due from subsidiaries 	-	-	89,239	99,178
一應收一間共同控制	– Due from a jointly				
實體款項	controlled entity	139	139	-	-
一現金及現金等額 ————————————————————————————————————	– Cash and cash equivalents	37,911	85,236	33	117
		159,940	209,842	89,646	99,762
		588,337	638,778	506,339	497,069

四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.1 金融資產及金融負債分類 (續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.1 Categories of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

		本集團 Group		本公司 Company	
		2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	- 2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2013 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	2012 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
金融負債	Financial liabilities				
流動負債	Current liabilities				
以攤銷成本計量之	Financial liabilities measured				
金融負債:	at amortised cost:	(420 422)	(122.166)		
一貿易應付款項 一其他應付款項	Trade payablesOther payables and	(138,132)	(133,166)	_	_
及應計費用	accruals	(32,300)	(72,802)	(932)	(1,417)
一應付聯營公司款項	– Due to an associate	(32,300)	(111)	(332)	(1,417)
-應付關連公司款項	 Due to related companies 	(2,321)	-	_	_
-應付附屬公司款項	– Due to subsidiaries	_	_	(18,813)	(7,426)
一銀行貸款	– Bank loans	(336,181)	(324,172)		_
一控股股東提供的	– Loan from a controlling				
貸款	shareholder	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-
一可換股票據	 Convertible note 	-	(54,889)	-	(54,889)
一融資租賃承擔	– Obligation under a				
	finance lease	(113)	-	-	
一財務擔保負債	– Financial guarantee liabilities	(2,481)	-	(2,481)	-
以公平值計入損益之	Financial liabilities at fair value				
金融負債:	through profit or loss:				
一衍生金融工具	– Derivative financial				
	instruments	-	(84)	-	
		(521,528)	(585,224)	(32,226)	(63,732)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities				
以攤銷成本計量之	Financial liabilities measured at				
金融負債:	amortised cost:				
一應付關連公司款項	 Due to related companies 	(83,903)	(27,961)	(53,346)	-
一應付最終控股公司	– Due to ultimate holding				
款項	company	(1,546)	(7,877)	-	-
一控股股東提供的	– Loan from a controlling	(05 022)	(105,000)	(00,000)	(105.000)
貸款 一可換股票據	shareholder – Convertible note	(95,022)	(105,000) (13,694)	(90,000)	(105,000)
一可換放宗像 一融資租賃承擔	 Convertible note Obligation under a finance lease 	(9,874) (104)	(13,094)	(9,874)	(13,694)
一財務擔保負債	Financial guarantee liabilities	(8,270)	-	(8,270)	_
		(198,719)	(154,532)	(161,490)	(118,694)
		(720,247)	(739,756)	(193,716)	
		(120,241)	(153,150)	(193,710)	(182,426)



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.2 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

本集團

外匯風險涉及因外匯匯率 之變動導致金融工具之公 平值或未來現金流量出現 波動之風險。本集團主要 在香港、英國及中國經營 業務,大部分交易分別以 港元、美元(「美元」)、英 鎊、加拿大元(「加元」)及 人民幣列值及結算。並無 就以人民幣列值之金融資 產及金融負債承受外匯風 險,而人民幣為與該等交 易有關之中國附屬公司之 功能貨幣。本集團之外匯 風險主要來自若干金融工 具,包括可供出售之金融 資產、貿易應收款項、現 金及現金等額、貿易應付 款項及衍生金融工具,乃 以美元、歐元、英鎊、加 元及菲律賓披索列值。年 內,本集團並無外幣對沖 政策,但管理層會持續監 察外匯風險。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.2 Market risk

(i) Foreign currency risk

Group

Foreign currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong, the United Kingdom and the Mainland China with most of the transactions denominated and settled in HK\$, United States dollars ("US\$"), British Pounds, Canadian Dollars ("CAD") and RMB. No foreign currency risk has been identified for the financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in RMB, which is the functional currencies of the subsidiaries in Mainland China to which these transactions relate. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk primarily arises from certain financial instruments including available-for-sale financial assets, trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables and derivative financial instruments which are denominated in US\$, Euro, British Pounds, CAD and Philippines Pesos. During the years, the Group did not have foreign currency hedging policy but management continuously monitors the foreign exchange exposure.

四十八、財務風險管理目標 及政策(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.2 市場風險(續)

(i)

本集團(續)

外匯風險(續)

下表概述於二零一三年及 二零一二年六月三十日以 本集團各成員公司功能貨 幣外之其他貨幣列值之主 要金融資產及負債。

48.2 Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Group (continued)

The following table summarises the Group's major financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group companies as at 30 June 2013 and 2012.

以千港元列示

		Expressed in HK\$'000				
		美元	歐元	英鎊	加元	菲律賓披索
				British		Philippines
		US\$	Euro	Pounds	CAD	Pesos
二零一三年 六月三十日	At 30 June 2013					
可供出售之金融資產	Available-for-sale financial assets	-	_	_	7,992	1,715
貿易應收款項	Trade receivables	89,932	763	13,730	-	-
現金及現金等額	Cash and cash equivalents	18,937	957	6,980	96	-
貿易應付款項	Trade payables	(126,290)	(222)	(611)	-	-
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	38	-	
整體淨風險	Overall net exposure	(17,421)	1,498	20,137	8,088	1,715
二零一二年 六月三十日	At 30 June 2012					
可供出售之金融資產	Available-for-sale financial assets	_	_	_	18,068	1,760
貿易應收款項	Trade receivables	95,097	1,752	11,752	-	-
現金及現金等額	Cash and cash equivalents	47,391	576	11,200	1,018	-
貿易應付款項	Trade payables	(118,923)	(186)	(638)	-	-
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	(84)	_	
整體淨風險	Overall net exposure	23,565	2,142	22,230	19,086	1,760



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.2 市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

本集團(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.2 Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Group (continued)

As US\$ is pegged to HK\$, the Group does not expect any significant movements in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rates. No sensitivity analysis in respect of the Group's financial assets and liabilities denominated in US\$ is disclosed as in the opinion of directors, such sensitivity analysis does not give additional value in view of insignificant movement in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rates as at reporting date. The following table indicates the approximate change in the Group's profit for the year and equity in response to reasonably possible changes in the foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the reporting date.

四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.2 市場風險(續)

48.2 Market risk (continued)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

(i) Foreign currency risk (continued)

本集團(續)

Group (continued)

			201	3		2012	
		外匯匯率	對年內		外匯匯率	對年內	
		上升/	溢利之		上升/	溢利之	
		(下降)	影響	權益	(下降)	影響	權益
		Increase/	Effect		Increase/	Effect	
		(Decrease)	on		(Decrease)	on	
		in foreign	profit for		in foreign	profit for	
		exchange	the year		exchange	the year	
		rates		Equity	rates		Equity
			千港元	千港元		千港元	千港元
			HK'000	HK\$'000		HK'000	HK\$'000
歐元	Euro	+5%	75	75	+5%	107	107
	Luio	-5%	75 (75)	75 (75)	+3 % -5%	(107)	(107)
英鎊	British Pounds	-5 <i>%</i> +5%	1,117	(1,117)	+5%	1,364	1,364
大奶	DITUSTI FOUTIUS	+5 % -5%	1,117	(1,117)	+5 % -5%	(1,196)	(1,196)
加元	CAD	+5%	404	404	+5%	51	903
NH / L	CAD	-5%	(404)	(404)	-5%	(51)	(903)
菲律賓披索	Philippines Pesos	-5 <i>%</i> +5%	(404)	86	+5%	(51)	(903)
2F IF 및 以示	Timppines Tesos	-5%	-	(86)	- 5%	-	(88)



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.2 市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

本集團(續)

敏感度分析乃假設外幣匯 率於結算日出現變動而釐 定,而所有其他變量乃保 持不變。

列出之變動指管理層評估 外匯匯率於期內至下一個 年度結算日可能出現之合 理變動。

本集團自過往年度以來一 直遵守管理外幣風險之政 策,並認為該等政策有效。

本公司

本公司無須承受外匯風險。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.2 Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Group (continued)

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in foreign exchange rates had occurred at the reporting dates and that all other variables remain constant.

The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in foreign exchange rates over the period until the next annual reporting date.

The policies to manage foreign currency risk have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective.

Company

The Company did not expose to foreign currency risk.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.2 市場風險(續)

(ii) 股本價格風險

於二零一三年六月三十日,倘股本價格上升/(下跌)10%而所有其他變數維持不變,則:

- 本集團年內溢利將增加/(減少)約 1,207,000港元(二零 一二年:增加/(減少)約1,155,000港元)。此乃主要由於按公平值計入損益之金融資產變動所致;及

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.2 Market risk (continued)

(ii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk related to the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of change in market price (other than changes in interest rate and foreign exchange rate). The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed equity securities which are classified as at fair value through profit or loss, or available-for-sale. The board of directors manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

At 30 June 2013, if equity prices had increased/(decreased) by 10% and all other variables were held constant:

the Group's profit for the year would increase/(decrease) by approximately HK\$1,207,000 (2012: increase/(decrease) by approximately HK\$1,155,000). This is mainly due to the changes in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; and



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.2 市場風險(續)

(ii) 股本價格風險(續)

- 由於列入本集團之可 供出售之金融資產之 上市股本投資之公平 值發生變動,本集團 之股本(保留溢利除 外)將增加/(減少) 約2,327,000港元(二 零一二年:增加/(減 少)3,291,000港元)。

上述敏感度分析乃假設於 結算日出現價格變動而釐 定,並已應用至本集團於 該日之投資。

本集團自過往年度以來一 直遵守管理股本價格風險 之政策,並認為該等政策 有效。

(iii) 利率風險

現時,本集團並無利率對 沖政策,但管理層會監察 利率風險,並將於需要時 考慮對沖重大利率風險。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.2 Market risk (continued)

(ii) Equity price risk (continued)

the Group's equity other than retained profits would increase/(decrease) by approximately HK\$2,327,000 (2012: increase/(decrease) by approximately HK\$3,291,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of listed equity investments included in the Group's available-for-sale financial assets.

This sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the price change had occurred at the reporting dates and has been applied to the Group's investment on that date.

The policies to manage equity price risk have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective.

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk primarily arising from bank balances and bank borrowings. Majority of the bank borrowings are arranged at variable rates which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The interest rates and repayment terms of the bank borrowings outstanding at reporting dates are disclosed in note 30.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

四十八、財務風險管理目標 及政策(續)

48.2 市場風險(續)

(iii) 利率風險(續)

下表闡述自年初起計,年內除税後溢利及保留溢利對出現±100基點(二零一二年:±100基點)利率變動之敏感度。此乃根據本集團於各結算日持有之銀行結餘及計息銀行借貸計算(受浮動利率變動影響)。所有其他變數維持不變。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.2 Market risk (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the profit after tax for the year and retained profits to a change in interest rates of +100 basis point and -100 basis point (2012: +100 basis point and -100 basis point) with effect from the beginning of the year. The calculations are based on the Group's bank balances and interest bearing bank borrowings held at each reporting date which are subject to variable interest rates. All other variables are held constant.

2013

2012

		2013	2012
		千港元	千港元
		HK'000	HK\$'000
倘利率上升100基點	If interest rates were 100 basis point		
(二零一二年:100基點)	(2012: 100 basis point) higher		
年內純利及保留溢利	Net profit for the year and retained		
減少	profits decrease by	(1,067)	(469)
倘利率下降100基點	If interest rates were 100 basis point		
(二零一二年:100基點)	(2012: 100 basis point) lower		
年內純利及保留溢利	Net profit for the year and retained		
增加	profits increase by	1,067	469

本集團自過往年度以來一 直遵守管理利率風險之政 策,並認為該等政策有效。 The policies to manage interest rate risk have been followed by the Group since prior years are considered to be effective.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.3 信貸風險

信貸風險指金融工具之交 易對方未能根據金融工具 之條款履行其責任,令本 集團蒙受財務損失之風 險。為減低信貸風險,高 級管理層制定信貸及風險 管理政策,以審批信貸限 額及就是否追收拖欠應收 款項作出決定。此外,本 集團於各結算日檢討各項 獨立應收款項的可收回金 額,以確保已就不可收回 數額計算足夠減值虧損。 就此而言,董事會認為本 集團已有效控制及大幅減 低信貸風險。

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團有信貸風險集中的情況,因為本集團49%(二零一二年:48%)的貿易應收款項乃應收本集團設計、製造、推廣及買賣珠寶首飾及鑽石分部最大客戶之一。

本集團的信貸風險分散於 多名交易對手及客戶。因 此,本集團並無涉及單一 交易對手的重大集中信貸 風險。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.3 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instruments and cause a financial loss to the Group. In order to minimise the credit risk, the senior management compiles the credit and risk management policies, to approve credit limits and to determine any debt recovery action on those delinquent receivables. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount for each individual account receivables at each reporting date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the board of directors considers that the Group's credit risk is effectively controlled and significantly reduced.

As at 30 June 2013, the Group had concentration of credit risk as 49% (2012: 48%) of the Group's trade receivables which were due from one of the Group's largest customers within the design, manufacturing, marketing and trading of the jewellery and diamonds segment.

The Group's credit risk exposure is spread over a number of counterparties and customers. Hence, it has no significant concentration of credit risk by a single counterpart.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

四十八、財務風險管理目標 及政策(續)

48.3 信貸風險(續)

現金及銀行結餘之信貸風 險因現金為存入於高信貸 評級的銀行而得以減低。

有關本集團就長期及貿易 應收款項之信貸風險所 承擔之風險之進一步量化 數據分別於財務報告附註 二十三及二十五中披露。

除附註二十三(a)詳細披露之長期應收款項外,本集團之金融資產概無以附屬抵押品或其他信貸升級形式作為抵押。

本公司面臨的最大信貸風 司面臨的最大信貸 京東中的 京項、其他應收款項及與 財務報告附註四十一同 對務報告附屬公司及共同 對實體的全資附屬公司 財務擔保合約有關的或然 負債。

本集團自過往年度以來一 直遵守信貸政策,並認為 已將本集團面臨之信貸風 險有效限制至令人滿意水 平。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.3 Credit risk (continued)

Credit risk on cash and bank balances is mitigated as cash is deposited in banks of high credit rating.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group' exposure to credit risk arising from long term and trade receivables are disclosed in notes 23 and 25 to the financial statements respectively.

Save as the long-term receivables as detailed in note 23(a), none of the Group's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is primarily attributable to amounts due from subsidiaries, other receivables and contingent liabilities in relation to the financial guarantee contracts granted to the subsidiaries and a whollyowned subsidiary of a jointly controlled entity as detailed in note 41 to the financial statements.

The credit policies have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to have been effective in limiting the Group's exposure to credit risk to a desirable level.



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.4 流動資金風險

本集團自過往年度以來一 直遵守流動資金政策,並 認為該等政策有效管理流 動資金風險。

下表列出本集團金融負債 期出本集團金融負債 期期限。該表格按基本 可能被要求償付的是 日的合為未折現現為利 (包括以合約根 (如果是浮動利率)根 報告日期當時的利 報告日期當時的利息付款)。

其中,有關載有銀行可全權的情行使的銀行貨款, 有關不的現金流出了 有關示的現金流出付的 實體可能被要求償付的 早期間,即是如果貸款的 長引其即時召回貸款的無 條件權利。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk related to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligation associated with its financial liabilities. In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows in the short and long term. Management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The liquidity policies have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to have been effective in managing liquidity risk.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the reporting date of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the reporting date) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

Specifically, for bank loans which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the bank's sole discretion, the analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the entity can be required to pay, that is if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect.

四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.4 流動資金風險(續)

48.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

本集團

Group

			合約未折現			
			現金流量		1 年以上	
			總額	1 年內或	但少於2年	
			Total	按要求償還	More than	
		賬面值	contractual	Within	1 year but	2 年以上
		Carrying	undiscounted	1 year or	less than	More than
		amount	cash flow	on demand	2 years	2 years
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000
於二零一三年六月三十日	As at 30 June 2013					
非衍生金融負債:	Non-derivative financial liabilities:					
貿易應付款項	Trade payables	138,132	138,132	138,132	_	_
其他應付款項及應計費用	Other payables and accruals	32,300	32,300	32,300	_	_
融資租賃承擔	Obligation under a finance lease	217	217	113	104	_
可換股票據	Convertible note	9,874	11,126	4,875	4,875	1,376
財務擔保負債	Financial guarantee liabilities	10,751	10,751	2,481	2.481	5.789
應付最終控股公司款項	Due to ultimate holding company	1,546	1,546	1,546	2,401	J,103 _
銀行貸款	Bank loans	336,181	336,181	336,181		
應付關連公司款項	Due to related companies	86.224	94,706	2,321	92,385	_
控股股東提供的貸款					•	_
在	Loan from a controlling shareholder	105,022	105,022	10,000	95,022	
		720,247	729,981	527,949	194,867	7,165
所發出之財務擔保:	Financial quarantee issued:					
最大擔保金額	Maximum amount guarantee	-	95,662	95,662	-	-

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.4 流動資金風險(續)

48.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

本集團(續)

Group (continued)

As at 30 June 2012 Derivative financial liabilities: Derivative financial instruments	84	84	84	_	_
	739,672	750,773	594,871	117,752	38,150
Loan from a controlling shareholder	105,000	106,575	1,575	105,000	-
Due to a related company	27,961	33,275	-	-	33,275
Bank loans	324,172	324,172	324,172	-	-
Due to associates	111	111	111	-	-
Due to ultimate holding company	7,877	7,877	-	7,877	-
Convertible notes	68,583	72,795	63,045	4,875	4,875
Other payables and accruals	72,802	72,802	72,802	-	-
Trade payables	133,166	133,166	133,166	-	-
As at 30 June 2012 Non-derivative financial liabilities:					
	71K 000	1111 000	111000	TIK 000	1111 000
					1 Æ7€ HK'000
				•	2 years <i>千港元</i>
	, ,				More than
					2年以上
	服盂店				2年以上
			4 F		
		四人法目		4/E N. I	
	Non-derivative financial liabilities: Trade payables Other payables and accruals Convertible notes Due to ultimate holding company Due to associates Bank loans Due to a related company Loan from a controlling shareholder As at 30 June 2012 Derivative financial liabilities:	Non-derivative financial liabilities: Trade payables 133,166 Other payables and accruals 72,802 Convertible notes 68,583 Due to ultimate holding company 7,877 Due to associates 111 Bank loans 324,172 Due to a related company 27,961 Loan from a controlling shareholder 105,000 As at 30 June 2012 Derivative financial liabilities:	Carrying amount cash flow 子港元 HK′000 HK′	機額 1年內或 接要求償還 振面値 contractual Within Carrying undiscounted amount cash flow on demand 千港元 千港元 千港元 HK'000	機額 1年內或 但少於2年 Total 按要求償還 More than 脹面値 contractual Within 1 year or less than amount cash flow on demand 2 years ### 子港元

四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.4 流動資金風險(續)

48.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

本公司

Company

			A //4 + 1/ TB			
			合約未折現			
			現金流量		1 年以上	
			總額	1 年內或	但少於2年	
			Total	按要求償還	More than	
		賬面值	contractual	Within	1 year but	2 年以上
		Carrying	undiscounted	1 year or	less than	More than
		amount	cash flow	on demand	2 years	2 years
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000
於二零一三年六月三十日	As at 30 June 2013					
		022	022	022		
其他應付款項及應計費用	Other payables and accruals	932	932	932	-	-
應付附屬公司款項	Due to subsidiaries	18,813	18,813	18,813	-	-
可換股票據	Convertible note	9,874	11,126	4,875	4,875	1,376
財務擔保負債	Financial guarantee liabilities	10,751	10,751	2,481	2,481	5,789
控股股東提供的貸款	Loan from a controlling shareholder	100,000	100,000	10,000	90,000	-
應付關連公司款項	Due to a related company	53,346	58,170	-	58,170	
		193,716	199,792	37,101	155,526	7,165
所發出之財務擔保	Financial guarantee issued					
最大擔保金額	Maximum amount guaranteed	-	431,843	431,843	-	-



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.4 流動資金風險(續)

40.4 加到貝亚瓜欧(海

48.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

本公司(續)	Comp	Dany (contin 合約未折現	ued)			
			現金流量		1年以上	
			總額	1年內或	但少於2年	
			Total	按要求償還	More than	
		賬面值	contractual	Within	1 year but	2年以上
		Carrying	undiscounted	1 year or	less than	More than
		amount	cash flow	on demand	2 years	2 years
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000	HK'000
¥						
於二零一二年六月三十日	As at 30 June 2012					
其他應付款項及應計費用	Other payables and accruals	1,417	1,417	1,417	-	-
應付附屬公司款項	Due to subsidiaries	7,426	7,426	7,426	-	-
可換股票據	Convertible notes	68,583	72,795	63,045	4,875	4,875
控股股東提供的貸款	Loan from a controlling shareholder	105,000	106,575	1,575	105,000	
		182,426	188,213	73,463	109,875	4,875
所發出之財務擔保	Financial guarantee issued					
最大擔保金額	Maximum amount guaranteed	-	324,172	324,172	-	-

本集團

下表概述載有按要求隨時 付還條文的銀行貸款的到 期日分析,其乃基於貸款 協議內所載的協定預定還 款。金額包括以合約利率 計算的利息付款。因此, 該等金額大於下文所示到 期日分析中[1年內或按要 求償還」時間所披露的金 額。考慮到本集團的財務 狀況,董事認為銀行不大 可能會行使其要求立即償 還的酌情權。董事相信, 有關銀行貸款將會根據貸 款協議內所載的預定還款 日期償還。

Group

The table that follows summarises the maturity analysis of bank loans with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the loan agreements. The amounts include interest payments computed using contractual rates. As a result, these amounts were greater than the amounts disclosed in the "within 1 year or on demand" time band in the maturity analysis shown below. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not consider that it is probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to demand immediate repayment. The directors believe that such bank loans will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

四十八、財務風險管理目標 及政策(續)

48.4 流動資金風險(續)

本集團(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES** (continued)

48.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

Group (continued)

到期日分析-載有按要求隨時付還條文的銀行貸款,根據預定還款日期 Maturity analysis - Bank loans subject to repayment on demand

clause based on scheduled repayment dates

一	1 年以上 內或 但少於 2 年	
	內或 但少於2年	
Total 按要求	償還 More than	
賬面值 contractual W	ithin 1 year but	2 年以上
Carrying undiscounted 1 ye	ar or less thar	More than
amount cash flow on der	nand 2 years	2 years
千港元 千港元 千	港元 千港元	千港元
HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK	\$'000 HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一三年六月三十日 As at 30 June 2013		
17 (7 (1))	3,034 196,254	<u> </u>
於二零一二年六月三十日 As at 30 June 2012		
銀行貸款 Bank loan 324,172 332,471 33	1,217 1,254	-



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.5 於財務狀況表確認之公平 值計量

此架構根據計量此等金融 資產及負債之公平值所使 用之主要輸入之相對可靠 性,將金融資產及負債劃 分為三層之組別。公平值 架構分為以下各層:

- 第1層:相同資產於 活躍市場之報價(未 經調整);
- 第2層:就工具而直接(即價格)或間接(即從價格推衍)可觀察之輸入(不包括第1層所包含之報價);及
- 第3層:並非根據可 觀察之市場數據而有 關工具之輸入(無法 觀察之輸入)。

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.5 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position

The hierarchy groups financial assets and liabilities into three levels based on the relative reliability of significant inputs used in measuring the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the instruments, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the instruments that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the financial assets and liabilities is categorised in its entirety is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position/ statement of financial position are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as follows:

四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.5 於財務狀況表確認之公平 值計量(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.5 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (continued)

			本纬	美 團	
		第 1 層	Gro 第2層	oup 第3層	總計
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
		/附註(a))	/附註 (b))	(附註(c))	ПК\$ 000
		(note (a))	(note (b))	(note (c))	
於二零一三年六月三十日 可供出售之金融資產	As at 30 June 2013 Available-for-sale financial assets				
一在香港上市之股本證券	Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	13,559	_	_	13,559
-在海外上市之股本證券	Equity securities listed in overseas	9,707	-	-	9,707
持作買賣之上市證券:	Listed securities held for trading:				
-在香港上市之股本證券	– Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	12,072	-	-	12,072
可換股票據之贖回選擇權	Redemption options of convertible note	-	-	7	7
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	38	-	38
		35,338	38	7	35,383
於二零一二年六月三十日	As at 30 June 2012				
可供出售之金融資產	Available-for-sale financial assets				
-在香港上市之股本證券	– Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	13,077	-	-	13,077
一在海外上市之股本證券	– Equity securities listed in overseas	19,828	-	-	19,828
持作買賣之上市證券:	Listed securities held for trading:				
一在香港上市之股本證券	- Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	11,548	-	-	11,548
可換股票據之贖回選擇權	Redemption options of convertible notes	-	_	148	148
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	(84)	-	(84)
		44,453	(84)	148	44,517



四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.5 於財務狀況表確認之公平 值計量(續)

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.5 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (continued)

		本公司			
		Company			
		第1層	第2層	第3層	總計
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(附註 (a))	(附註 (b))	(附註 (c))	
		(note (a))	(note (b))	(note (c))	
於二零一三年六月三十日	As at 30 June 2013				
可換股票據之贖回選擇權	Redemption options of convertible note	-	-	7	7
於二零一二年六月三十日	As at 30 June 2012				
可換股票據之贖回選擇權	Redemption options of convertible notes	-	-	148	148

用於計量公平值之方法及 估值技術與以往之報告期 間相比並無改變。

the purpose of measuring fair value are unchanged compared to the previous reporting periods.

附註:

- (a) 上市股本證券之公平 值乃經參考結算日所 報之買入價釐定並已 按報告期末即期外匯 貨幣匯率兑換(倘適 當)。
- (b) 衍生金融工具之公平 值乃使用活躍市場類 似工具之報價釐定, 或使用估值技術,其 中所有重要輸入均直 接或間接基於可觀察 市場數據。

Notes:

(a) Fair values of listed equity securities have been determined by reference to their quoted bid prices at the reporting date and have been translated using the spot foreign currency rates at the end of the reporting period where appropriate.

The methods and valuation techniques used for

(b) Fair values of derivative financial instruments are measured using quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments, or using valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly based on observable market data.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

四十八、財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

48.5 於財務狀況表確認之公平 值計量(續)

附註:(續)

(c) 歸類為第3層之本集團 金融工具乃使用建基 於並非以可觀察市場 數據為基準之重要輸 入之估值技術。

於本年度內,第3層公平值 計量的變動如下:

48. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

48.5 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(c) The Group's financial assets classified in Level 3 use valuation technique based on significant inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The movements in fair value measurements in Level 3 during the year are as follows:

本集團及本公司

		Group and Company	
		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
可換股票據之贖回選擇權	Redemption options of convertible notes		
於年初	At beginning of the year	148	1,361
增加	Additions	-	1,644
公平值變動(附註三十五)	Fair value change (note 35)	(141)	(2,857)
於年末	At end of the year	7	148

於年內,並無第1層與第2 層間的公平值計量轉撥, 亦無任何資產轉入或轉出 第3層(二零一二年:無)。 During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2012: Nil).

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度



四十九、資本管理

本集團資本管理的首要目標為維 持穩健之信貸評級及資本比率, 為支持其業務及使股東價值最大 化。

本集團管理其資本架構,並視乎 經濟狀況的變動作出調整。為維 持或調整資本架構,本集團可調 整向股東支付的股息、向股東 退還資本或發行新股份。於本年 度及上一年度,本集團並無對目 標、政策或程序作出改變。

本集團通過使用資本負債比率監 控資本,資本負債比率界定為淨 負債除以權益總額加淨負債。 負債以綜合財務狀況表所列示之 銀行及其他借貸金額減現金和第金等額計算。本集團旨在將資 金等額計算。本集團旨在將董 員債比率維持在合理水平。於結算日,本集團資 債比率維持在合理水平。於結算 日的資產負債比率如下:

49. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous years.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debts divided by total equity plus net debts. Net debts are calculated as the sum of bank and other borrowings less cash and cash equivalents as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group aims to maintain the gearing ratio at a reasonable level and the directors are of the opinion that the Group's gearing ratio was maintained at reasonable level at the reporting date. The gearing ratios as at the reporting date were as follows:

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

四十九、資本管理(續)

49. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (continued)

			本集團
		2042	Group
		2013	2012
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>
		HK'000	HK\$'000
流動負債	Current liabilities		
銀行貸款	Bank loans	336,181	324,172
可換股票據	Convertible note	_	54,889
應付關連公司款項	Due to related companies	2,321	_
控股股東提供的貸款	Loan from a controlling shareholder	10,000	_
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities		
可換股票據	Convertible note	9,874	13,694
應付關連公司款項	Due to related companies	83,903	27,961
應付最終控股公司款項	Due to ultimate holding company	1,546	7,877
控股股東提供的貸款	Loan from a controlling shareholder	95,022	105,000
債務總額	Total debts	538,847	533,593
減:現金及現金等額	Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(37,911)	
淨負債	Net debts	500,936	448,357
7) A A	TVCC GCS CS	300,330	4-10,337
權益總額	Total equity	1,785,408	1,645,618
權益總額及淨負債	Total equity and net debts	2,286,344	2,093,975
資本負債比率	Gearing ratio	21.9%	21.4%



物業詳情

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY

於二零一三年六月三十日

as at 30 June 2013

投資物業

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

			本集團應佔權益
			Attributable
位置	用途	租期	interest
Location	Use	Lease term	of the Group
德輔道中236-242號	商業	長期	100%
236-242 Dex Voeux Road Central	Commercial	Long	

五年財務摘要

以下為本集團過去五個財政年度業績及 資產、負債與非控制權益之摘要,摘錄 自相關已刊發之經審核財務報告並按情 況重新分類列出。該摘要並不構成經審 核財務報告之一部分。

業績

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the respective published audited financial statements and restated as appropriate, is set out as below. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

RESULTS

		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收益	Revenue	949,215	955,712	973,501	1,031,708	1,189,622
除所得税前溢利	Profit before income tax	87,660	215,020	35,387	11,189	71,142
所得税(開支)/抵免	Income tax (expense)/credit	(1,303)	(2,494)	(5,646)	(6,594)	1,130
年度溢利	Profit for the year	86,357	212,526	29,741	4,595	72,272
非控制權益	Non-controlling interests	(510)	2,368	3,712	217	(10)
本公司擁有人	Net profit attributable to					
應佔純利	the owners of the Company	85,847	214,894	33,453	4,812	72,262

資產、負債及非控制權益

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
資產總值	Total assets	2,758,770	2,634,216	1,528,734	1,399,111	2,013,672
負債總額	Total liabilities	(973,362)	(988,598)	(495,596)	(391,595)	(967,771)
非控制權益	Non-controlling interests	6,055	6,565	3,665	(1,057)	(1,274)
		1,791,463	1,652,183	1,036,803	1,006,459	1,044,627