# ANNUAL REPORT

2013

www.kantone.com

Stock Code: 1059

# ABOUT **KANTONE** (STOCK CODE: 1059)

Kantone Holdings Limited ("Kantone") (www.kantone.com) is a leading provider of IT driven communications systems with a presence in over 50 markets. It has a proven track record of high reliability and high integrity products and systems established by its key subsidiary in Europe with over 75 years of extensive experience. Kantone is also a provider of software and technology infrastructure for onestop electronic lottery solutions complete with a secure e-commerce platform for global gaming and entertainment activities in China.

Throughout the years, Kantone builds on its long-time global client relationship to expand its business into a wide range of sectors for the consumer market, which cover both IT and culture-related technologies and investments. Currently the Group's focus is to take advantage of China's national policy to foster its culture industry and the rising interest in collectibles around the world to develop a range of related internet based solutions and services.

Kantone is listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and is a subsidiary of Champion Technology Holdings Limited, a global technology group.

#### 看通簡介

(股份代號:1059)

看通集團有限公司(「看通」)(www.kantone.com) 為資信科技通信解決方案之領先供應商,業務 遍及全球逾五十個市場。集團擁有良好佳績及 口碑,建基於其歐洲之主要子公司,後者擁有 建立高可靠性及高完整度通信網絡逾七十五年 之廣泛經驗。另外,看通於國內電子彩票管理 及銷售領域,專注開發相關軟件及提供備有安 全電子商貿功能的一站式解決方案,適用於博 彩及娛樂行業。

過去多年,看通利用其悠久的環球客戶關係擴 潤業務至消費市場多個領域,包括資信科技及 與文化相關的科技項目及投資。目前集團焦點 在於善用國家以促進文化產業為重點項目的政 策及全球對藏品之興趣不斷提高的有利環境, 開發一系列以互聯網為基礎的相關解決方案及 服務。

看通在香港聯合交易所有限公司的主板上市, 是冠軍科技集團有限公司之附屬公司。冠軍科 技乃環球科技集團。

# GONTENTE

- 2 Financial Highlights 財務撮要
- **3** Corporate Information
- 4 Chairman's Statement
- 5 Management Discussion and Analysis
- 8 Directors and Senior Management Profile
- 12 Directors' Report 董事會報告
- 20 Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
- 26 Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告
- **28** Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表
- 29 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
- 31 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合股本權益變動表
- 32 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流動表
- 33 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報告附註
- 89 Financial Summary 財務摘要
- 90 企業資信
- 91 主席報告
- 92 管理層討論及分析
- 94 董事及高層管理人員

Kantone's Global Footprint 看通之環球網絡

# **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

# 財務撮要

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Results	業績					
(for the year ended 30 June)	(截至六月三十日止年度)					
– Turnover	一營業額	1,953,394	1,429,281	1,341,006	1,289,616	1,299,684
<ul><li>Adjusted profit*</li></ul>	-溢利(經調整)*	240,544	184,353	150,040	165,909	265,306
- Adjusted EBITDA*	一未計入利息、税項、	768,285	614,273	598,043	547,778	601,623
	折舊及攤銷之盈利 (經調整)*					
– EBITDA	- 未計入利息、税項、	610,629	510,099	532,323	461,978	404,624
	折舊及攤銷之盈利					
<ul> <li>Attributable profit</li> </ul>	一應佔溢利	81,968	80,474	84,025	82,955	71,068
- Dividends	一股息	22,537	30,006	25,593	20,825	18,791
- Earnings per share (in HK cents)	-每股盈利 <i>(港仙)</i>	1.09	1.07	1.44	1.57	1.57
Financial Position (as at 30 June)	財務狀況 (於六月三十日)					
Cash and cash equivalents+	一現金及現金等額+	84,193	116,233	248,552	126,547	138,340
<ul><li>Total assets</li></ul>	- 資產總值	3,435,694	3,377,650	3,334,519	3,057,917	2,995,040
– Equity	一權益	3,264,744	3,209,635	3,156,748	2,872,938	2,789,377
Financial Ratios (as at 30 June)	財務比率 (於六月三十日)					
<ul> <li>Current assets/Current liabilities</li> </ul>	-流動資產/流動負債	16.18	9.79	6.52	6.72	7.34
- Assets/Equity	- 資產/權益	1.05	1.05	1.06	1.06	1.07
- Sales/Assets	- 營業額/資產	0.57	0.42	0.40	0.42	0.43
<ul><li>Gearing ratio</li></ul>	一貸款權益比率	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01
* Excluding impairment, fair valubond and other non-cash item  Excluding overdrafts		* 未計入滅 + 不包括透	值、可換股債券公 <sup>3</sup> 支	平價值變動及其他	非現金項目	

#### Earnings Profile (1996-2013)

(in HK\$ million)

#### 盈利摘錄(1996-2013)

(百萬港元)



#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Professor Paul KAN Man Lok (Chairman) LAI Yat Kwong (Acting Chief Executive Officer)

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Leo KAN Kin Leung Shirley HA Suk Ling

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Frank BLEACKLEY Professor Julia TSUEI Jo Miranda HO Mo Han

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Jennifer CHEUNG Mei Ha

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Miranda HO Mo Han (Committee Chairman) Leo KAN Kin Leung Frank BLEACKLEY Professor Julia TSUEI Jo

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
PO Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

#### **OPERATIONS CENTRES**

Asia

17°, Andar K Macau Finance Centre Nos.244–246, Rua De Pequim Macau

#### **Europe**

Multitone House Shortwood Copse Lane Kempshott, Basingstoke Hampshire, RG23 7NL United Kingdom

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICE IN HONG KONG

5th Floor, Kantone Centre 1 Ning Foo Street Chai Wan Hong Kong

#### REGIONAL OFFICE IN HONG KONG

7th Floor, St. John's Building 33 Garden Road Central Hong Kong

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of East Asia, Macau Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ DBS Bank, Macau HSBC, Macau Standard Chartered Bank, Macau

#### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants 35th Floor, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

The R&H Trust Co. Ltd. Windward 1 Regatta Office Park PO Box 897 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

#### **COMPANY HOMEPAGE/WEBSITE**

http://www.kantone.com

#### STOCK CODE

1059

#### **INFORMATION AND ENQUIRIES**

Investor Relations
Kantone Holdings Limited
Kantone Centre
1 Ning Foo Street
Chai Wan
Hong Kong

e-mail: ir@kantone.com

#### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Kantone Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2013.

The overall business environment has remained challenging, with China experiencing slower GDP growth amidst economic uncertainties in Europe and the US. In the markets in which we operate, tight controls continued to be exercised in public and private sector spending, thereby slowing the pace of growth. Even though economic data of Europe and the US released from time to time has shown signs of recovery, the numbers have not necessarily translated into any sustainable improvement.

Viewed against that background, we have achieved satisfactory results for the year ended 30 June 2013, Investment in innovative solutions continues to hold the key to maintaining the Group's momentum amid volatile market conditions. We have also demonstrated our clear focus in managing risks and finances during a difficult period.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

For the year ended 30 June 2013, the Group's financial performance is summarised below:

- Turnover rose 37% to HK\$1,953 million
- Profit for the year increased 3% to HK\$83 million
- Adjusted EBITDA (excluding impairment) went up 25% to HK\$768 million
- Profit attributable to owners of the Company grew 2% to HK\$82 million
- Earnings per share was HK1.09 cents

The Group maintains a positive financial position with net cash, adheres to a prudent financial management policy, and does not enter into speculative derivatives or structured product transactions.

#### FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK0.1 cent per share for the year ended 30 June 2013 by way of scrip dividend, with a cash alternative. Together with the interim dividend of HK0.2 cents per share, total dividend per share for the year would be HK0.3 cents, and total dividend for the year would be HK\$23 million.

#### **OUTLOOK**

There are signs that the global market conditions will turn more stable in the coming year. However, many challenges and uncertainties remain. The anticipated unwinding of the US stimulus policy, even at a more gradual pace than originally expected, and uncertainties in the Eurozone economies will continue to weigh on the pace of global recovery. The slowdown in China's economic growth also posts significant risks to the Group's business operations. At the same time, the markets for many of our products and services are characterised by rapidly changing technologies and evolving industry standards. Changes in market conditions caused by new technologies, emergence of new competitors, consolidations among our customers and competitors, as well as changes in regulatory requirements can bring volatilities to our businesses. Meeting all these challenges require consistent operational planning and shrewd execution and investment in innovative and enhanced product mix that serves the needs of our customers globally.

Going forward, the Group will continue its prudent approach in investing in complementary businesses that have good growth prospects. In addition to continuing investments in technologies and innovative solutions which are key to sustainable growth, the Group will expand its business in the culture sector, which is in line with China's national policy to promote its culture industry alongside its rise as an economic power.

#### **APPRECIATION**

I would like to take this opportunity to express our gratitude to the shareholders and business partners of the Company for their continued support, and our fellow directors and staff members for their hard work and valuable contribution.

**Professor Paul KAN Man Lok** 

Chairman

27 September 2013

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

For the year under review (the "Year"), the Group's turnover increased 37 percent to HK\$1,953 million from HK\$1,429 million in the previous year (the "Previous Year"). Profit for the Year was HK\$82.9 million, an increase of 3 percent compared with HK\$80.2 million for the Previous Year, and profit attributable to owners of the Company increased 2 percent to HK\$82.0 million as compared with HK\$80.5 million for the Previous Year. Earnings per share for the Year was HK1.09 cents (2012: HK1.07 cents). The Group's gross margin dropped to 20.4 percent (2012: 22.3 percent) as a result of change in product mix. EBITDA increased by 20 percent to HK\$611 million from HK\$510 million for the Previous Year. Faced with the ongoing uncertain economic environment and further delay in project implementation, the Group had taken prudent measures to recognise impairment losses of HK\$158 million (2012: HK\$104 million) for deposits and prepaid development costs for systems and networks. Excluding the impairment losses, adjusted EBITDA for the Year increased by 25 percent to HK\$768 million, compared with HK\$614 million for the Previous Year.

The Group continues to review and exercise cost control. Distribution costs remained stable at HK\$33.2 million (2012: HK\$33.6 million), while general and administrative expenses went up 26 percent to HK\$119.1 million (2012: HK\$94.2 million) as a result of increased spending in the new operating segment of cultural products. Staff costs increased slightly to HK\$93.2 million (2012: HK\$92.2 million) and research and development costs expensed decreased by 21 percent to HK\$10.9 million (2012: HK\$13.8 million). Amortisation and depreciation expenses rose 23 percent to HK\$526 million (2012: HK\$429 million) as a result of the continued roll-out of new projects.

Finance costs for the Year increased by 126 percent to HK\$1.8 million from HK\$0.8 million of the Previous Year as a result of the rise in interest rate.

#### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

In China, the economy remained positive despite lower economic growth and declining export performance. The Group's marketing and sales activities for customised solutions and products continued. Its product portfolio embraces a wide range of integrated wireless solutions and web-based monitoring systems mainly designed for remote management and security applications. For the Year, China sales rose 33 percent to HK\$1,295 million, compared with HK\$976 million for the Previous Year. The increase was attributable to enhancement of product mix, introduction of new solutions and services, as well as revenue generated from the sale of products related to cultural business.

In Europe, the unstable economic climate continued to affect the Group's trading position. The austerity measures adopted by governments across Europe slowed spending and delayed project rollout. There was little evidence of growth across the Eurozone, and in place was an increasing sense of adjustment fatigue in Europe, resulting in pressure on governments to relax their austerity programs. Against this background of an unsettled economy in Europe, the Group achieved satisfactory results for the Year, recording a turnover of HK\$492 million, an increase of 39 percent as compared with HK\$355 million for the Previous Year. The improvement was attributable to the Group's business in emergency services, NHS (National Health Services) projects and fire control sectors in the United Kingdom which picked up after several guarters of slowdown due to spending cuts. Sales in Germany were flat, but there was continuing demand for the Group's products in some European markets despite the weak economic fundamentals. In particular sales of the Group's patented personal security product registered double-digit growth year on year.

Elsewhere, the Group continued to record satisfactory growth from the Australasian and Middle East markets in sales of traditional systems products and personal security solutions. Significant opportunities also exist in the US for the Group's personal security solutions, and a demonstration system was successfully installed during the financial year. In anticipation of the increased demand, the Group's manufacturing facilities in Malaysia were revamped and a new production line was added during the Year.

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For e-gaming and online entertainment, the Group continued to provide integrated gaming technology solutions, online payment channels and sales networks, with revenue steadily increasing. In line with new legislations and provisions governing the operation of lottery on Mainland China, the Group adjusted its business model accordingly. Investments in the e-lottery project were subject to periodic review to determine if progress was in line with original plans, and if the anticipated benefits could be achieved.

# LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES Financial Position and Gearing

The Group maintained a positive financial position with low gearing throughout the Year. It financed its operation and business development with internally generated resources, capital markets instruments and banking facilities.

As at 30 June 2013, the Group had HK\$84 million (2012: HK\$116 million) liquid assets made up of deposits, bank balances and cash. Current assets were approximately HK\$1,393 million (2012: HK\$946 million) and current liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$86 million (2012: HK\$97 million). With net current assets of HK\$1,307 million (2012: HK\$849 million), the Group maintained a comfortable level of liquidity. The gearing ratio of the Group, defined as the Group's total borrowings of HK\$24.7 million (2012: HK\$28.9 million) to equity attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$3,265 million (2012: HK\$3,210 million), was 0.008 (2012: 0.009).

As at 30 June 2013, the Group's total borrowings mainly comprised bank loans of HK\$24.7 million (2012: HK\$28.9 million), with HK\$7.7 million repayable within one year, HK\$4.3 million repayable in the second year and HK\$12.7 million repayable in the third to fifth year. As at 30 June 2012, all the borrowings were repayable either on demand or within one year. As at 30 June 2013, bank loans of HK\$21.7 million (2012: HK\$25.9 million) were secured by the Group's land and buildings with a carrying value of HK\$7.9 million (2012: HK\$8.1 million). Finance costs for the Year increased 126 percent to HK\$1.8 million (2012: HK\$0.8 million).

#### **Treasury Policy**

The Group is committed to financial prudence and maintains a positive financial position with low gearing. It finances its operation and business development by a combination of internally generated resources, capital markets instruments and banking facilities.

All the borrowings were used by subsidiaries of the Company bearing interest at floating rates and were denominated in their local currencies. As such, the currency risk exposure associated with the Group's borrowings was insignificant.

The Group does not engage in any speculative derivatives or structured product transactions, interest rate or foreign exchange speculative activities. It is the Group's policy to manage foreign exchange risk through matching foreign exchange income with expense, and where exposure to foreign exchange is anticipated, appropriate hedging instruments will be used.

#### **Capital Commitments**

As at 30 June 2013, the Group's capital commitments authorised but not contracted for were approximately HK\$52 million (2012: HK\$69 million). The Group had set aside sufficient internally generated funds for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment, and development of systems and networks.

# HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2013, the Group employed about 650 staff around the globe. Staff costs for the Year were HK\$93 million (2012: HK\$92 million). Remuneration is determined with reference to market terms and the performance, qualifications and experience of the individual employee. Remuneration includes monthly salaries, performance-linked bonuses, retirement benefits schemes and other benefits such as medical scheme.

The Company has established a Human Resources and Remuneration Committee. In recommending the remuneration of the directors, the committee will consider factors such as the Company's operating results, individual performance, salaries paid by comparable companies and time commitment and responsibilities of the relevant director.

# FINAL DIVIDEND AND SCRIP DIVIDEND SCHEME

Subject to the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company on 28 November 2013, the Board has proposed a final dividend of HK0.1 cent per share for the year ended 30 June 2013 (2012: HK0.2 cents per share) to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 5 December 2013. Taking into account the interim dividend of HK0.2 cents (2012: HK0.2 cents) per share paid on 16 May 2013, total dividend per share for the year would be HK0.3 cents (2012: HK0.4 cents); and total dividend for the year would be HK\$23 million, compared with HK\$30 million of last year.

The final dividend will be satisfied by allotment of new shares of the Company, credited as fully paid, by way of scrip dividend, with an alternative to the shareholders to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof) in cash in lieu of such allotment (the "Scrip Dividend Scheme").

The Scrip Dividend Scheme is subject to the granting by the Listing Committee of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited of a listing of and permission to deal in the shares to be issued pursuant thereto. A circular setting out the details of the Scrip Dividend Scheme together with the form of election will be sent to the shareholders of the Company as soon as practicable.

It is expected that certificates for shares to be issued under the Scrip Dividend Scheme and dividend warrants will be despatched to those entitled thereto on or before 27 January 2014.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from 4 December 2013 to 5 December 2013, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be effected. In order to qualify for the above final dividend and the Scrip Dividend Scheme, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Branch Share Registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Secretaries Limited at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong no later than 4:30 p.m. on 3 December 2013.

#### DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Professor Paul KAN Man Lok, CBE, GCM, Comm OSSI, Chevalier de la Légion d'Honneur, SBS, JP, 66, is the founder and Chairman. He is also the Chairman and an executive director of both Champion Technology Holdings Limited ("Champion Technology"), the Company's holding company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Exchange"), and DIGITALHONGKONG.COM ("Digital HK"), a subsidiary of Champion Technology listed on the GEM Board of the Exchange. Professor Kan holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and an Honorary Doctor of Humane Letters Degree from the University of Northern Virginia, USA. He has over 40 years of experience in the computing and telecommunications industries. Prior to setting up the Champion Technology group in 1987, he was the general manager in charge of Asiadata Limited, a computing services subsidiary of Cable & Wireless PLC.

Professor Kan has received a number of prestigious awards from several governments and various local and international professional bodies in recognition of his contribution to the community and the industry. Government awards include Commander of the most Excellent Order of the British Empire (CBE) by Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II (2006); Commendatore dell'Ordine della Stella della Solidarietà Italiana by the Italian Prime Minister Hon. Romano Prodi (2006); the Hong Kong SAR Government's appointment as a Justice of the Peace (2006); Chevalier de l'Ordre de la Légion d'Honneur by the Government of France (2007); and Silver Bauhinia Star by the Hong Kong SAR Government (2009). In April this year, he was awarded the FUECH Grand Cross of Merit for Outstanding Consular Work by the Federation of European Associations of Honorary Consuls (FUECH). In July this year, he was appointed Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Hungary.

Professional awards include Governor's Award for Hong Kong Industries (1989); Young Industrialist Award (1992); Hong Kong Business Award-Enterprise Trophy (1993); Honorary Fellow of the Academy of Chinese Studies (2005); and Honorary Professor of Szent István University in Budapest, Hungary (2011).

In civic duties, Professor Kan is currently the Honorary President and former Chairman (2001-2011) of the Hong Kong Information Technology Industry Council, and Chairman of Hong Kong IT Alliance (1999-present). He is a member of the Council of The Chinese University of Hong Kong, and the Election Committee for the Hong Kong representatives of National People's Congress of China for three terms from 2002 to 2017. He was a member of HKSAR Chief Executive Election Committee for the IT sector for three consecutive terms from 1996 to 2012. He also served twice on the Exchange's Corporate Governance Working Group during 1994-1995 and 1999-2000, and was a member of the Listing Committee of the Exchange for the period 1999-2003. He was the Chairman of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council Information and Communications Technology Services Advisory Committee from 2006 to 2010 and ICT Working Group, Hong Kong - United Kingdom Business Partnership from 2004 to 2007. He had also served as a member of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council Electronics/Electrical Appliances Industry Advisory Committee for 10 years from 1997 to 2006.

Professor Kan had been an independent non-executive director of CLP Holdings Limited for 9 years from 2001 until he retired in 2010 to take up the additional responsibility as Honorary Consul of Hungary in Hong Kong and Macao from 2011.

LAI Yat Kwong, 64, is the Acting Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. He is also the Chief Financial Officer and an executive director of Champion Technology, as well as a non-executive director of Digital HK. He joined the Champion Technology group in March 1994 as Vice President of Internal Audit and Control. In July 1997, he took on responsibility as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and has over 41 years of experience in accounting, auditing and company secretarial matters. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (Practising). Since January 2013, he has been an independent non-executive director of Chinalco Mining Corporation International, shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Exchange. He was also an independent non-executive director of Trony Solar Holdings Company Limited from October 2011 to February 2013.

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Leo KAN Kin Leung, 57, has been a non-executive director of the Company since June 2001. He is the Chief Executive Officer and an executive director of Champion Technology, as well as a non-executive director of Digital HK. He and Professor Paul Kan, Chairman of the Company, are brothers. He is responsible for formulating the Champion Technology group's overall policy and development strategy as well as its global operations and management. Prior to joining the Champion Technology group in 1988, Mr. Kan held management positions in several international companies in Hong Kong. He holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from Dalhousie University in Canada and a Master's degree in Economics from the University of Alberta in Canada. In 2006, Mr. Kan completed the Oxford Advanced Management Programme at the Saïd Business School of the University of Oxford.

Mr. Kan is the Chairman of the Hong Kong Information Technology Industry Council, the Vice Chairman of Hong Kong IT Alliance as well as the Chairman of its IT Committee. He is a member of the CreateSmart Initiative Vetting Committee of the Hong Kong SAR Government, the Design Council of Hong Kong and the Consultative and Advisory Panel of the Hong Kong Internet Registration Corporation Limited. Mr. Kan is also an Executive Committee Member of the Hong Kong Information Technology Joint Council and a General Committee Member of the Federation of Hong Kong Industries.

Shirley HA Suk Ling, 57, has been a non-executive director of the Company since November 2004. She is the Chief Executive Officer and an executive director of Digital HK, as well as a non-executive director of Champion Technology. She joined Champion Technology in 1992 as its Executive Vice President with responsibility for its corporate development. She has over 25 years of business experience including 10 years in investment banking.

Ms. Ha holds a Bachelor's degree in Arts from the University of Hong Kong and a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. She is currently a member of the Personal Data (Privacy) Advisory Committee of the Office of the Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data; Digital 21 Strategy Advisory Committee; the Board of Review (Inland Revenue Ordinance); the Project Assessment Panel of the Small Entrepreneur Research Assistance Programme (SERAP); and the Advisory Group on Eliminating Discrimination Against Sexual Minorities. She is a General Committee Member of the Federation of Hong Kong Industries and Vice Chairman of the Hong Kong Information Technology Industry Council, Executive Committee Member of the Hong Kong Information Technology Joint Council and member of the Hong Kong Corporate Counsel Association. She also serves as Mentor under the Mentorship Programme of the Hong Kong Science and Technology Parks Corporation and is the Honorary Secretary of Hungarian - Hong Kong Innovative Business Council.

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Frank BLEACKLEY, 76, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since November 2001. He is also an independent non-executive director of Champion Technology. He was formerly the Managing Director of Chubb China Holdings Limited, a subsidiary of the former Chubb Security Group, a manufacturer and distributor of security and safety products and systems headquartered in the United Kingdom ("UK"). He has considerable experience in the management and business development of joint venture companies in East Asia.

#### DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE

Professor Julia TSUEI Jo, 86, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since October 2003. She has over 40 years of experience in medicine and biomedical research, in particular, Traditional Chinese Medicine. She had taught in the various medical schools in USA, Taiwan and China and is well-acclaimed in the Chinese community of biological medicine research. Her research achievements in bridging eastwest medicine also earned her much recognition in the international arena, as demonstrated by the numerous awards she received in the past. These include the Lifetime Achievement Award granted by the International Institute for Advanced Studies in Systems Research and Cybernetics, Baden-Baden, Germany in 2001; the Founding Patron and Lifetime Member conferred by the American Association of Acupuncture and Bio-energetic Medicine in 1991; Chairman of Acupuncture Research Foundation of the Acupuncture and Moxibustion Society of China during 1995-2005; as well as founder of the International Medical Science Research Foundation in the USA and Taiwan in 1988.

Professor Tsuei is presently President of Foundation for East-West Medicine, USA; Vice President of American Association of the Acupuncture and Bio-energetic Medicine USA; Professor Emeritus of School of Public Health, University of Hawaii, USA; Director of Clinic for East-West Medicine, Taiwan; Founding Director of Graduate Institute of Traditional Chinese Medicine, National Yang-Ming University, Taiwan; and Founding Board member of Chinese Bio-Electromagnetic Science Association.

Miranda HO Mo Han, 43, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since January 2008. She is also the Chairman of the audit committee of the Company. She is a director of Billy Ho and Associates CPA Limited and is a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants; a Fellow Member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors; and an Associate Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from Oklahoma City University, USA. Ms. Ho has participated in community services as a member of the Hong Kong Federation of Zhong Shan Unions & Association Limited for years.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Jennifer CHEUNG Mei Ha, 57, has been the Company Secretary since January 2005. She is a solicitor practising in Hong Kong. She is also the Company Secretary of Champion Technology and Digital HK.

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

FUNG Kin Leung, 52, is the Group's Head of Innovation with responsibilities for managing the Group's research and development capacity to facilitate its global operations. He is also a director of several of the Group's subsidiaries and a Senior Vice President of Microelectronics of Champion Technology. Mr. Fung has over 25 years' experience in software and product development. He joined the Champion Technology group in 1987 as Technical Manager, and was promoted through the ranks to his current position. In recent years, he has been focusing on the development of information delivery systems to enhance wireless internet applications. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Science and Electronics from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University and a Master's degree in Electronics Engineering from the University of Hong Kong. He is a Chartered Engineer as well as a member of the Institution of Electrical Engineers and the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers.

Stephen GENTRY, 57, is the Group's Head of International Businesses and the Chief Executive of Multitone Electronics Plc ("Multitone"), a member company of the Group, with responsibilities for formulating the overall policy and development strategy for the Group's international operations. He is also a director of several of the Group's subsidiaries. He joined the Group in 1988 as financial accountant of the UK operations, and has considerable experience working for the Group's various European and American operations. He was promoted to the position of Chief Executive of Multitone in 2003 and is a member of the Institute of Directors.

Frank ROTTHOFF, 50, is Managing Director of the Group's German operations. He joined the Group in 2008 and has extensive experience in sales and marketing management in the electronics industry. His earlier career covered international sales of industrial machinery and process technology before entering the semiconductor sector in 1989. He was responsible for the sales organisation of a leading European distributor of electronic components before joining the Group.

Ron WRAY, 52, is Technical Director with responsibilities for overseeing the Group's technical operations as well as developing the strategy for the Group's investment in research and development. He has over 25 years of experience in the radio and the electronics industry and the Royal Navy. He is an associate member of the Institute of Sales and Marketing Managers and a member of the Institute of Directors.

Philip LAWRENCE, 55, is Finance Director for the Group's European operations. He is a Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants and has worked in finance for over 30 years. He has worked in various companies ranging from large international company in the world to SMEs (small medium enterprises) covering engineering, fast moving consumer goods, power, transport, care, warehousing and distribution.

Clive McGOVERN, 51, is UK and International Sales Director for the Group having previously worked at a senior level for technology businesses both in Europe and America. He is a member of the Institute of Directors and the Chartered Institute of Marketing. He holds a Master's degree and a Bachelor's degree in Science. His business experience encompasses sales, marketing, support engineering, European patent law as well as accounting and finance.

**Helen BROWN**, 59, joined the Group in 1991 and is Head of Human Resources for the Group's international operations. She is qualified with the Institute of Personnel Development and has extensive experience covering employment legislation, industrial relations, change management, recruitment and human resources policy.

**Andrew Jones**, 50, joined the Group in 2010 and is Director of Marketing for the Group's European operations. He has an MBA and is a member of the Chartered Institute of Marketing. He has previously worked for a number of leading communication companies including Cable & Wireless and brings to the Group his significant experience in developing sales and marketing strategies within the UK and international markets.

Luiz Octavio VILLA-LOBOS, 52, is Managing Director of the Group's Brazilian operations with responsibility for running and developing business in South America. He is also Vice President of Interactive Knowledge Delivery for Champion Technology group's international operations, overseeing international clients' requirements for enterprise solutions. He joined the Group in 1997 and set up from its inception the business in Brazil. He holds a Master's degree in Aerospace Engineering from Sup'Aero in France and an MBA from the London Business School.

WANG Yu Peng, 48, was appointed as Chief Operating Officer, e-Lottery Business of the Company in September 2005. He is the founder of a member company of the Group which is a pioneer systems developer and service provider in paperless betting systems in China, and owns two invention patents in telephone betting systems. He is a graduate of Tsing Hua University in Computer Science.

Roy GOSS, 70, is Director of International Business, with responsibility for the Group's contract negotiation, licensee management, agency distribution and customer liaison. He is based in Macau and is also a director of several of the Group's subsidiaries. Mr. Goss is a seasoned expert in finance and telecommunications, having served in the Middle East and Macau with Cable & Wireless PLC for more than 17 years. He is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Prior to joining the Champion Technology group, he was the Finance Director of Macau Telecommunications Company, a subsidiary of Cable & Wireless PLC.

**SI Ya Qing**, 50, is Head of Systems Team for China operation, with responsibility for the Group's software project development in the region. He oversees outsourcing and distribution activities and manages customer and licensee relationship. He started working for the Group in 1985 after graduating from the Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications, where he majored in communication and computers. He has extensive experience in research and development of network and information security and communication.

**WAN Yan Chang**, 61, is Head of Administration and Accounting in China responsible for overseeing the day-to-day administrative procedures for the Group's quality control, assurance of logistics operations, as well as licensee and customer relationship in China. Ms. Wan joined the Group in 1993. She has extensive experience in China trade.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

## 董事會報告

The directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2013.

董事會同寅謹提呈截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度 之年報及經審核綜合財務報告。

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in sales of systems and licensing (including sales of systems products, software licensing and customisation, provision of services and leasing of systems products, provision of e-lottery services and development and provision of IT solutions for e-gaming, leisure and entertainment), sales of cultural products, and holding strategic investments in advanced technology product development companies and e-commerce projects.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2013 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 28 and in the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements. An interim dividend in scrip form equivalent to HK0.2 cents per share, with a cash option, was distributed to shareholders during the year. A final dividend in scrip form equivalent to HK0.1 cent per share, with a cash option, is proposed by the directors.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVE OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution represents the aggregate of dividend reserve, special reserve and retained profits of HK\$247,726,000 (2012: HK\$246,738,000).

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **DIRECTORS AND SERVICE CONTRACTS**

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive directors:**

Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok Mr. Lai Yat Kwong

#### Non-executive directors:

Mr. Leo Kan Kin Leung
Ms. Shirley Ha Suk Ling
Mr. Paul Michael James Kirby
(resigned with effect from 1 January 2013)

#### Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Frank Bleackley Prof. Julia Tsuei Jo Ms. Miranda Ho Mo Han

#### 主要業務

本公司乃一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司主要從事銷售系統及特許權(包括銷售系統產品、軟件特許權及訂製、提供服務及租賃系統產品、提供電子彩票服務與開發及提供電子遊戲、休閑及娛樂之資信科技解決方案),並於高科技產品開發公司及電子商貿項目持有策略性投資。

#### 業績及分配

本集團截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度之業績載於第28頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表及綜合財務報告附註內。相等於每股0.2港仙之中期股息已於本年度內按以股代息方式(可選擇現金)派發予股東。董事建議按以股代息方式派發相等於每股0.1港仙之末期股息(可選擇現金)。

#### 股本

本公司於本年度內之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報告 附註25。

#### 本公司之可分派儲備

本公司可供分派之儲備為股息儲備、特別儲備及保留溢利之總和247,726,000港元(二零一二年:246,738,000港元)。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度內有關物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情 載於綜合財務報告附註13。

#### 董事及服務合約

本年度及截至本報告刊發日期止,本公司之董事為:

#### 執行董事:

簡文樂教授 黎日光先生

#### 非執行董事:

簡堅良先生 夏淑玲女士

Paul Michael James Kirby先生 (於二零一三年一月一日起辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事:

Frank Bleackley先生 崔玖教授 何慕嫻女士

#### **DIRECTORS AND SERVICE CONTRACTS** – continued

In accordance with Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association, Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok, Ms. Shirley Ha Suk Ling and Prof. Julia Tsuei Jo will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Each of the non-executive directors has a service contract with the Company for a term of up to the date on which he/she shall retire by rotation in an annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. The executive directors do not have any service contract with the Company.

#### **CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE**

The Company confirms it has received from each of its independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), and considers that the independent non-executive directors are independent.

# SHARE OPTIONS AND DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Each of the Company, its ultimate holding company, Champion Technology Holdings Limited ("Champion"), and a fellow subsidiary, DIGITALHONGKONG.COM ("Digital HK"), has a share option scheme under which eligible persons, including directors of the Company, Champion, Digital HK or any of their respective subsidiaries, may be granted options to subscribe for shares of the Company, Champion and Digital HK respectively.

#### (i) The Company

On 29 November 2002, the Company adopted the share option scheme (the "Scheme"). The Scheme expired on 28 November 2012 and the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") on 30 November 2012. No option has been granted by the Company under the New Scheme. Particulars of the New Scheme are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 董事及服務合約-續

根據本公司組織章程細則第87條規定,簡文樂教授、夏淑玲女士及崔玖教授將於應屆股東週年大會上輪席退任,並符合資格及願意膺選連任。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概無訂立任 何本集團不能於一年內毋須作出補償(法定補償除外) 而終止之服務合約。

各非執行董事與本公司訂立服務合約,年期至彼根據 本公司組織章程細則於本公司股東週年大會當日輪值 退任為止。各執行董事並無與本公司訂立任何服務合 約。

#### 獨立性確認

本公司確認已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條發出之年度獨立性確認函,並認為該等獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

#### 購股權及董事購買股份或債券之權利

本公司、其最終控股公司冠軍科技集團有限公司(「冠軍」)及同系附屬公司數碼香港(「數碼香港」)各設有購股權計劃。據此,合資格人士(包括本公司、冠軍及數碼香港或其各自之任何附屬公司之董事)可獲授購股權以分別認購本公司、冠軍及數碼香港之股份。

#### (i) 本公司

於二零零二年十一月二十九日,本公司採納一項購股權計劃(「計劃」),計劃於二零一二年十一月二十八日屆滿。本公司於二零一二年十一月三十日採納新購股權計劃(「新計劃」)。本公司概無根據新計劃授出購股權。新計劃詳情載於綜合財務報告附註26。

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### 董事會報告

# SHARE OPTIONS AND DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES – continued

#### (ii) Champion

On 29 November 2002, Champion adopted a share option scheme (the "Champion Option Scheme"). The purpose of the Champion Option Scheme was to attract and to retain quality personnel and other persons and to provide them with incentive to contribute to the business and operation of Champion and its subsidiaries (the "Champion Group"). Under the Champion Option Scheme, the directors of Champion might grant options to any directors, employees, consultants, advisors in respect of business, operation. management, technology, legal, accounting and financial matters of Champion, its subsidiaries or affiliates or any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects included the aforesaid persons or a company beneficially owned by the aforesaid persons as well as customers and suppliers of the Champion Group, to subscribe for shares of Champion. The option granted by Champion was exercisable at any time for a period determined by its directors which should not be more than ten years from the date of grant. The exercise price per share (subject to adjustment as provided therein) of the option under the Champion Option Scheme was the highest of (i) the nominal value of the shares; (ii) the closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Exchange") on the date of grant, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant. The Champion Option Scheme expired on 28 November 2012 and Champion adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Champion Option Scheme") on 30 November 2012 on terms similar to the Champion Option Scheme. No option has been granted by Champion under the Champion Option Scheme and the New Champion Option Scheme since their adoption.

#### 購股權及董事購買股份或債券之權利

一續

#### (ii) 冠軍

於二零零二年十一月二十九日,冠軍採納一項 購股權計劃(「冠軍購股權計劃」)。冠軍購股 權計劃之目的在於吸引及留聘優秀人員及其 他人士,並為彼等提供獎勵,鼓勵彼等對冠軍 及其附屬公司(「冠軍集團」)之業務及營運作出 貢獻。根據冠軍購股權計劃,冠軍董事可向任 何涉及冠軍、其附屬公司或聯屬公司之業務、 營運、管理、技術、法律、會計及財務事宜之 任何董事、僱員、諮詢人、顧問,或就任何全 權信託而其受益人包括上述任何人士或其實益 擁有之公司,以及冠軍集團之客戶及供應商授 出購股權,以認購冠軍之股份。冠軍已授出之 購股權可於其董事所釐定之期間隨時行使,惟 所釐定之期間不可多於有關購股權授出日期起 計十年。根據冠軍購股權計劃所授出購股權之 每股行使價(可按其中之規定作出調整)為以(i) 股份面值;(ii)於授出日期(須為營業日)香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「交易所」)每日報價表所報 每股股份收市價;及(iii)緊接授出日期前五個 營業日交易所每日報價表所報每股股份平均收 市價,三者之最高者為準。冠軍購股權計劃於 二零一二年十一月二十八日屆滿,而冠軍於二 零一二年十一月三十日採納一項新購股權計劃 (「新冠軍購股權計劃」),其條款與冠軍購股權 計劃相似。自採納以來,冠軍概無根據冠軍購 股權計劃及新冠軍購股權計劃授出任何購股

# SHARE OPTIONS AND DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES – continued (iii) DIGITAL HK

On 29 November 2002, Digital HK adopted a share option scheme (the "DHK Option Scheme"). The purpose of the DHK Option Scheme was to attract and to retain quality personnel and other persons and to provide them with incentive to contribute to the business and operation of Digital HK and its subsidiaries (the "Digital HK Group"). Under the DHK Option Scheme, the directors of Digital HK might grant options to any directors, employees, consultants, advisors in respect of business, operation. management, technology, legal, accounting and financial matters of Digital HK, its subsidiaries or affiliates or any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects included the aforesaid persons or a company beneficially owned by the aforesaid persons as well as customers and suppliers of the Digital HK Group, to subscribe for shares of Digital HK. An option granted by Digital HK was exercisable at any time for a period determined by its directors which will be less than ten years from the date of grant. The exercise price per share (subject to adjustment as provided therein) of the option under the DHK Option Scheme is the highest of (i) the nominal value of the shares; (ii) the closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant. The DHK Option Scheme expired on 28 November 2012 and Digital HK adopted a new share option scheme (the "New DHK Option Scheme") on 30 November 2012 on terms similar to the DHK Option Scheme. No option has been granted by Digital HK under the DHK Option Scheme and the New DHK Option Scheme since their adoption.

Other than the share option schemes described above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company, any of its fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### 購股權及董事購買股份或債券之權利

一續

#### (iii) 數碼香港

於二零零二年十一月二十九日,數碼香港採納 一項購股權計劃(「數碼香港購股權計劃」)。數 碼香港購股權計劃之目的在於吸引及留聘優秀 人員及其他人士,並為彼等提供獎勵,鼓勵彼 等對數碼香港及其附屬公司(「數碼香港集團」) 之業務及營運作出貢獻。根據數碼香港購股權 計劃,數碼香港董事可向任何涉及數碼香港、 其附屬公司或聯屬公司之業務、營運、管理、 技術、法律、會計及財務事宜之任何董事、僱 員、諮詢人、顧問,或就任何全權信託而其受 益人包括任何上述人士或其實益擁有之公司, 以及數碼香港集團之客戶及供應商授出購股 權,以認購數碼香港之股份。數碼香港授出之 購股權可於其董事所釐定之期間隨時行使,惟 所釐定之期間不可多於授出日期起計十年。根 據數碼香港購股權計劃授出之購股權之每股行 使價(可按其中之規定作出調整)為以(i)股份面 值;(ii)於授出日期(須為營業日)交易所每日報 信表所報每股股份收市信;及(iii)緊接授出日期 前五個營業日交易所每日報價表所報每股股份 平均收市價,三者之最高者為準。數碼香港購 股權計劃於二零一二年十一月二十八日屆滿, 數碼香港於二零一二年十一月三十日採納新購 股權計劃(「新數碼香港購股權計劃」),其條款 與數碼香港購股權計劃相似。自採納以來,數 碼香港概無根據數碼香港購股權計劃及新數碼 香港購股權計劃授出任何購股權。

除上文所述之購股權計劃外,本公司、其控股公司、 其任何同系附屬公司或附屬公司在本年度內任何時間 均無參與任何安排,致使本公司董事可透過購入本公 司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益。

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### 董事會報告

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 30 June 2013, the interests of the directors of the Company in the shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, were as follows:

#### 董事之證券權益及淡倉

於二零一三年六月三十日,根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條規定本公司須予存置之登記冊所記錄,或根據《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》向本公司及交易所另行作出之通知,本公司董事在本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份中擁有之權益如下:

	Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of shares 股份數目	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital 佔已發行股本之概約比率
Securities of the Company	Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok	Corporate interest	Note 1	54.89%
本公司證券	簡文樂教授	公司權益	附註1	
Securities of Champion	Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok	Corporate interest	Note 2	27.72%
冠軍證券	簡文樂教授	公司權益	附註2	
Securities of Digital HK	Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok	Corporate interest	Note 3	74.48%
數碼香港證券	簡文樂教授	公司權益	附註3	

#### Notes:

- 4,125,813,235 shares of the Company were held by Champion. Lawnside International Limited ("Lawnside") is beneficially wholly owned by Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok. As at 30 June 2013, Lawnside had interest in approximately 27.72% of the entire issued share capital of Champion. Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok was deemed to have corporate interest in the shares of the Company held by Champion.
- 1,730,651,800 shares of Champion were held by Lawnside. Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok was deemed to have corporate interest in the shares of Champion held by Lawnside.
- 106,050,000 shares of Digital HK were held by Champion and 5,670,520 shares of Digital HK were held by Lawnside. Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok was deemed to have corporate interests in the shares of Digital HK held by Champion and Lawnside.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors or chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (as defined in Part XV of the SFO) as at 30 June 2013 as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers.

#### 附註:

- 1. 4,125,813,235股本公司股份由冠軍持有。Lawnside International Limited(「Lawnside」)由簡文樂教授實益全資擁有。於二零一三年六月三十日,Lawnside持有冠軍全部已發行股本約27.72%權益。簡文樂教授被視為於該等由冠軍持有之本公司股份中擁有公司權益。
- 1,730,651,800股冠軍股份由Lawnside持有。簡文樂 教授被視為於該等由Lawnside持有之冠軍股份中擁 有公司權益。
- 3. 106,050,000股數碼香港股份由冠軍持有,5,670,520 股數碼香港股份則由Lawnside持有。簡文樂教授被 視為於該等由冠軍及Lawnside持有之數碼香港股份 中擁有公司權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一三年六月三十日,根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定本公司須予存置之登記冊所記錄,或根據《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》向本公司及交易所另行作出之通知,本公司各董事或行政總裁概無在本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had the following transactions with Champion and its subsidiaries (other than the Group):

#### 各董事於合約及關連交易之權益

於本年度內,本集團與冠軍及其附屬公司(本集團除外)曾進行下列交易:

Nature of transactions	交易性質	HK\$'000 千港元
Fees paid by the Group to Champion for the provision of office premises and facilities, and management services, on cost basis	本集團向冠軍按成本基礎支付使用辦公室 及設備以及管理服務之費用	900
Fees paid by the Group to Champion for treasury services	本集團向冠軍支付財政服務之費用	682

In the opinion of the independent non-executive directors, the above transactions relating to Champion's provision of office premises and facilities, and management services to the Group pursuant to an agreement dated 5 January 2010 (the "Management Agreement") were carried out in the usual course of business and on normal commercial terms and are in accordance with the relevant agreement governing it on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

獨立非執行董事認為,上述有關冠軍根據於二零一零年一月五日之協議(「管理協議」)向本集團所提供之辦公室及設備以及管理服務之交易乃於日常業務中按一般商業條款進行,根據監管該等交易之相關協議,該等交易之條款屬公平合理,符合本公司股東整體利益。

Details of such connected transactions are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關關連交易之詳情載於綜合財務報告附註31。

The Management Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction under the Listing Rules exempt from the reporting, announcement and shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

管理協議根據上市規則構成持續關連交易,並獲豁免 遵守上市規則第14A章所載之申報、公告及股東批准 之規定。

Save as disclosed above, no contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無參 與在本年度結束時或在本年度內任何時間仍然有效且 本公司董事於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大合 約。

Save as disclosed above, there is no contract of significance between the Group and a controlling shareholder of the Company (as defined in the Listing Rules) or any of its subsidiaries, including the provision of services to the Group.

除上文所披露者外,本集團與本公司之控股股東(定義見上市規則)或其任何附屬公司並無訂立任何重大 合約(包括向本集團提供服務)。

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### 董事會報告

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 30 June 2013, the following persons (other than the directors or chief executive of the Company) had interests in the share capital of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

#### 主要股東

於二零一三年六月三十日,根據證券及期貨條例第 336條規定本公司須予存置之登記冊所記錄,下列人士(本公司董事或行政總裁除外)於本公司之股本中擁 有權益:

Name 名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of shares 股份數目	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital 佔已發行股本 之概約比率
Champion (Note 1) 冠軍(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	4,125,813,235	54.89%
Shanghai Industrial Investment (Holdings) Company Limited (Note 2) 上海實業(集團)有限公司(附註2)	Corporate interest 公司權益	554,740,000	7.38%

#### Notes:

- See Note 1 to the "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Securities" section above.
- Shanghai Industrial Investment (Holdings) Company Limited had interest in 554,740,000 shares of the Company through control over 100% interest in the shares of Shanghai Industrial Financial (Holdings) Company Limited, which had direct interest in 554,740,000 shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, no person had any interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company according to the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO as at 30 June 2013.

# CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES, OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR SIMILAR RIGHTS

The Company had no outstanding convertible securities, options, warrants or other similar rights as at 30 June 2013 and there had been no exercise of any convertible securities, options, warrants or similar rights during the year.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

#### 附註:

- 1. 參閱上文「董事之證券權益及淡倉」一節附註1。
- 2. 上海實業(集團)有限公司透過控制Shanghai Industrial Financial (Holdings) Company Limited(於554,740,000 股本公司股份中擁有直接權益)股份之全部權益而於554,740,000股本公司股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一三年六月三十日,根據本公司按證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置之登記冊,概無人士於本公司之股份或相關股份中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

#### 可換股證券、購股權、認股權證或類 似權利

本公司於二零一三年六月三十日並無任何尚未行使之 可換股證券、購股權、認股權證或其他類似權利,且 概無於本年度內行使任何上述權利。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖 回任何本公司之上市證券。

#### 優先購股權

本公司之組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無載有任何 優先購股權之條文,規定本公司須按比例向現有股東 提呈發售新股。

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The Group sells its products to customers who act as its distributors, and purchases materials and components from suppliers who act as its merchandisers.

For the year ended 30 June 2013, the aggregate amount of turnover and purchases attributable to the five largest ultimate customers and suppliers through these distributors and merchandisers respectively represented less than 30% of the Group's total turnover and purchases.

None of the directors, their associates or any shareholders, which to the knowledge of the directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had any interest in the share capital of the five largest customers or suppliers of the Company.

#### **REMUNERATION POLICY**

The remuneration of the employees of the Group is determined with reference to market terms and the performance, qualifications and experience of the individual employee.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are recommended by the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee of the Company after considering factors such as the Company's operating results, individual performance, salaries paid by comparable companies, and time commitment and responsibilities of the relevant director.

The Company has adopted the New Scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees. Details of the scheme are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

#### **AUDITOR**

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

By order of the Board

Paul KAN Man Lok
CHAIRMAN

Hong Kong 27 September 2013

#### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團向作為其分銷商之客戶銷售貨品,並從作為其 採購商之供應商購買原料及零件。

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度,本集團五大最終客戶及供應商透過該等分銷商及採購商所佔之營業總額及購貨總額分別佔本集團之營業總額及購貨總額不足30%。

概無任何董事、其聯繫人士或據董事所知擁有本公司 已發行股本5%以上之股東於本公司五大客戶或供應 商之股本中擁有任何權益。

#### 薪酬政策

本集團僱員之薪酬乃參考市場水平並按照各僱員之表現、資歷及經驗而釐定。

本公司董事之酬金乃由本公司之人力資源及薪酬委員會考慮本公司之經營業績、個人表現、可資比較公司支付之工資、以及相關董事所付出之時間及職責後作出建議。

本公司已採納新計劃,作為對董事及合資格僱員之獎勵,計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報告附註26。

#### 公眾持股量

根據本公司所得之公開資料及據董事所知,於本報告日期,股份之公眾持股量充足,符合上市規則不少於本公司已發行股份25%之規定。

#### 核數師

有關續聘德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行為本公司核數師之 決議案將於本公司之應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命

*主席* 簡文樂

香港 二零一三年九月二十七日

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 企業管治報告

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices. It met all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") in the year ended 30 June 2013.

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions on terms set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

The Company has made specific enquiry of all directors of the Company, and they have confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year ended 30 June 2013.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Company is governed by a board of directors (the "Board") which has the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company. The directors are collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the Group's affairs. The Board set strategies and directions for the Group's activities with a view to developing its business and enhancing shareholder value.

The Board held 7 meetings during the year ended 30 June 2013. All current directors attended these meetings. Mr. Paul Michael James KIRBY attended all the 3 meetings held during his term of office. The composition of the Board during the year was as follows:

#### **Executive directors**

Prof. Paul KAN Man Lok\* (Chairman)
Mr. LAI Yat Kwong (Acting Chief Executive Officer)

#### Non-executive directors

Mr. Leo KAN Kin Leung\*
Ms. Shirley HA Suk Ling
Mr. Paul Michael James KIRBY
(until 31 December 2012)

#### Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Frank BLEACKLEY Prof. Julia TSUEI Jo Ms. Miranda HO Mo Han

\* Prof. Paul KAN Man Lok and Mr. Leo KAN Kin Leung are brothers.

#### 企業管治常規

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治。於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,本公司遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14「企業管治守則((「守則1)所載之守則條文。

#### 董事的證券交易

本公司已根據上市規則附錄10所載的上市公司董事 進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)的條款,就董 事進行證券交易採納一套操守守則。

本公司已向本公司全體董事作出特定查詢,所有董事均已確認於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內均有遵守標準守則的規定標準。

#### 董事會

本公司受董事會(「董事會」)監管,彼等須負責領導及 監察本公司。董事負責指示及監控本集團之事務,共 同帶領本集團邁向成功。董事會製訂本集團業務之策 略及方向,使業務得以發展及提升股東價值。

董事會於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內共舉行7次會議,各現任董事均出席所有會議,而Paul Michael James KIRBY先生亦全部出席於其任內舉行之3次會議。董事會於年內之組成架構如下:

#### 執行董事

簡文樂教授\*(主席) 黎日光先生(署理行政總裁)

#### 非執行董事

簡堅良先生\* 夏淑玲女士

Paul Michael James KIRBY先生 (任期至二零一二年十二月三十一日)

#### 獨立非執行董事

Frank BLEACKLEY先生 崔玖教授 何慕嫻女士

\* 簡文樂教授及簡堅良先生為兄弟。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** – continued

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Company held 1 general meeting. All directors attended the meeting.

The Company is committed to arranging and funding suitable training to all directors for their continuous professional development. During the year ended 30 June 2013 and up to the date of this report, Prof. Paul KAN Man Lok, Mr. LAI Yat Kwong, Mr. Leo KAN Kin Leung, Ms. Shirley HA Suk Ling, Mr. Paul Michael James KIRBY, Mr. Frank BLEACKLEY, Prof. Julia TSUEI Jo and Ms. Miranda HO Mo Han engage in business activities in their respective fields as continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills so as to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Ms. Miranda HO Mo Han and Mr. LAI Yat Kwong have participated in continuous professional development programs required by The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The directors also participated in other trainings and professional developments such as attending or holding seminars, giving speeches or studying reading materials relating to the Group or its industries and businesses; rules and regulations; business management; or the roles, functions and duties of a listed company director.

#### CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company are separate and performed by different individuals with a clear division of responsibilities.

The Chairman is responsible for the leadership of the Board, ensuring its effectiveness in all aspects of its role and for setting its agenda and taking into account any matters proposed by other directors for inclusion in the agenda. Through the Board, he is responsible for ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are followed by the Group.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business.

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

The non-executive directors of the Company are appointed for a term of up to about 3 years ending on the date on which the directors shall retire by rotation at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the Code and the Articles of Association of the Company.

#### 董事會-續

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,本公司共舉 行1次股東大會,所有董事均出席大會。

本公司致力就所有董事之持續專業發展安排合適的培訓並提供有關經費。於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內及截至本報告刊發日期,簡文樂教授、黎日光先生、簡堅良先生、夏淑玲女士、Paul Michael James KIRBY先生、Frank BLEACKLEY先生、崔玖教授及何慕嫻女士在彼等各自的商務活動範疇內參與持續專業發展,從而發展並更新其知識及技能,確保其能繼續具備所需資訊及適切地對董事會作出貢獻。何慕嫻女士及黎日光先生已按照香港會計師公傳,要求參與持續專業發展。董事亦參與其他培訓及專業發展,例如出席或主持研討會,發表演說或閱覽資料文條例;商業管理;或上市公司董事的角色、職能及責任等。

#### 主席及行政總裁

本公司主席及行政總裁之職務已予分開,由不同人士 履行,並清晰界定彼等之責任。

主席須負責領導董事會,確保董事會能有效益地履行 其各方面之職務,並須負責釐定議程,以及考慮將其 他董事所提出之事宜載入議程內。透過董事會,彼負 責確保本集團有遵守良好企業管治常規及程序。

行政總裁負責管理本集團之日常業務。

#### 非執行董事

本公司非執行董事之任期最長約為3年,於彼等按照 守則及本公司之組織章程細則於本公司之股東週年大 會上輪值退任時終止。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 企業管治報告

# HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Human Resources and Remuneration Committee (the "Remuneration Committee") has 5 members, comprising Ms. Miranda HO Mo Han, Mr. Frank BLEACKLEY and Prof. Julia TSUEI Jo (independent non-executive directors); and Mr. Leo KAN Kin Leung and Ms. Shirley HA Suk Ling (non-executive directors). The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Ms. Miranda HO Mo Han.

The Remuneration Committee has reviewed and approved the Group's remuneration policy, including that for the executive directors, and the levels of remuneration paid to executive directors and senior management of the Group. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee follow the guidelines set out in the Code and it is responsible for, among other things, making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management.

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Remuneration Committee held 2 meetings and work performed included reviewing the Group's remuneration policy for its executive directors and senior management and their levels of remuneration. All members attended these meetings.

The remuneration payable to the directors of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2013 is set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements. For the year ended 30 June 2013, the remuneration payable to 8 members of the senior management of the Company is within the range of HK\$0 to HK\$1,000,000; whereas the remuneration payable to 5 members of the senior management of the Company is within the range of HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000.

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee has 5 members, comprising Ms. Miranda HO Mo Han, Mr. Frank BLEACKLEY and Prof. Julia TSUEI Jo (independent non-executive directors); Ms. Shirley HA Suk Ling (non-executive director); and Prof. Paul KAN Man Lok (executive director). This Committee is chaired by Ms. Miranda HO Mo Han.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee have been determined with reference to the Code.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for identifying potential new directors and making recommendations to the Board for decision. A director appointed by the Board is subject to relection by shareholders at the first annual general meeting after his/her appointment. All directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every 3 years. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, one third of the directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by shareholders at each annual general meeting of the Company.

#### 人力資源及薪酬委員會

人力資源及薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)由5名成員組成,包括何慕嫻女士、Frank BLEACKLEY先生及崔玖教授(獨立非執行董事),以及簡堅良先生及夏淑玲女士(非執行董事)。何慕嫻女士為薪酬委員會之主席。

薪酬委員會審閱及批准集團(包括執行董事)之薪酬政策,及本集團執行董事及高層管理人員之薪酬水平。 本公司根據守則所載之指引制訂薪酬委員會之職權範圍,其職能之一為向董事會建議個別執行董事及高層管理人員的薪酬待遇。

薪酬委員會於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內共舉行2次會議;其工作包括審閱本公司執行董事及高層管理人員之薪酬政策及彼等之薪酬水平,各成員均出席所有會議。

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度,本公司應付之董事酬金載列於綜合財務報告附註9。截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度,本公司高層管理人員的酬金,介乎0港元至1,000,000港元的共8位,而介乎1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元的共5位。

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會由5名成員組成,包括何慕嫻女士、Frank BLEACKLEY先生及崔玖教授(獨立非執行董事), 夏淑玲女士(非執行董事),以及簡文樂教授(執行董 事)。何慕嫻女士為該委員會之主席。

本公司已參考守則釐訂提名委員會之職權範圍。

提名委員會負責物色有潛質成為新任董事之人士,並就董事會作出決定提供推薦建議。由董事會委任之董事須於其獲委任後之首個股東週年大會上經股東重選。所有董事須最少每3年輪值退任一次。同時,根據本公司之組織章程細則,本公司每屆股東週年大會上須有三分一董事輪值退任及經股東重選。

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE** – continued

Potential new directors are selected on the basis of their qualifications, skills and experience which the Nomination Committee considers will make a positive contribution to the performance of the Board.

The Nomination Committee will adopt a policy concerning diversity of Board members to comply with the recent amendment of the code provisions of the Code.

No new director was nominated for appointment during the year ended 30 June 2013.

The Nomination Committee held 2 meetings during the year ended 30 June 2013 and work performed included reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and the independence of the independent non-executive directors of the Company. All members attended these meetings.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS**

The Board has adopted the terms of reference for corporate governance functions set out in the Code and has delegated the Group's corporate governance functions to the Audit Committee.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee currently has 4 members, comprising Ms. Miranda HO Mo Han, Mr. Frank BLEACKLEY and Prof. Julia TSUEI Jo (independent non-executive directors); and Mr. Leo KAN Kin Leung (non-executive director). The Chairperson of this Committee is Ms. Miranda HO Mo Han. Mr. Paul Michael James KIRBY had been a member of this Committee until 31 December 2012. The Company and the Board would like to thank Mr. KIRBY for his valuable contribution to the Committee.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, with the inclusion of the corporate governance functions, follow the guidelines set out in the Code. The Audit Committee is responsible for, among other things, reviewing the Group's financial information and its financial reporting, corporate governance and internal control matters, including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function. The Audit Committee reports to the Board any significant issues relating to its terms of reference.

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Audit Committee held 2 meetings and work performed included reviewing the Group's interim and annual results as well as its internal control system and its corporate governance matters including reviewing the Corporate Governance Report for inclusion in the Company's Annual Report. All current members attended these meetings. There was 1 meeting held during the term of office of Mr. Paul Michael James KIRBY and he attended the meeting.

#### 提名委員會--續

挑選有潛質成為新任董事之人士時,提名委員會將以 該等人士之資歷、技能及經驗是否能對董事會之表現 帶來正面貢獻作為遴選基準。

提名委員會將制定及採納有關董事會成員多元化的政 策,以遵守守則內新近修訂之守則條文。

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,並無提名委 任新董事。

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,提名委員會 共舉行2次會議;其工作包括審閱董事會之架構、人 數及組成,以及本公司獨立非執行董事之獨立性,各 成員均出席所有會議。

#### 企業管治職能

董事會已採納守則所載有關企業管治職能之職權範圍,並已將集團之企業管治職能指派予審核委員會。

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會目前由4名成員組成,包括何慕嫻女士、Frank BLEACKLEY先生及崔玖教授(獨立非執行董事),以及簡堅良先生(非執行董事)。何慕嫻女士為該委員會之主席。Paul Michael James KIRBY先生擔任審核委員會成員至二零一二年十二月三十一日,彼對本委員會之寶貴貢獻,本公司及董事會深表感謝。

審核委員會之職權範圍(包括其企業管治職能)按照守則所載之指引制訂。審核委員會職能之一為審閱本集團之財務資料及其財務申報、企業管治及內部監控事宜,包括集團在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否足夠。審核委員會向董事會匯報任何跟其職權範圍相關之重要事宜。

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,審核委員會共舉行2次會議,其工作包括審閱本集團之中期及全年業績及內部監控系統,及其企業管治事宜包括審閱刊登於本公司年報內之企業管治報告,各現任成員均出席所有會議,而Paul Michael James KIRBY先生亦有出席於其任內舉行之1次會議。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 企業管治報告

#### **AUDITORS' REMUNERATION**

For the year ended 30 June 2013, the fee for the Company's external auditors for audit services was HK\$2,483,000 (2012: HK\$2,364,000) and that for non-audit services mainly relating to taxation matters was HK\$167,000 (2012: HK\$166,000).

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the accounts of the Company. As at 30 June 2013, the directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the directors have prepared the financial statements of the Company on a going-concern basis.

The responsibilities of the external auditors about their financial reporting are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report attached to the Company's Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2013.

The Board has, through the Audit Committee, conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system with an aim to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Company's assets in compliance with the provisions of the Code. The purpose is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatements, errors, losses or fraud, and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in achieving the Group's business objectives.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company engages Ms. Jennifer CHEUNG Mei Ha, a practising solicitor in Hong Kong, as its company secretary. Its primary corporate contact person at the Company is Mr. LAI Yat Kwong, the Acting Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

#### 核數師酬金

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度,本公司外聘核 數師之核數服務費用為2,483,000港元(二零一二年: 2,364,000港元),主要關於稅務事項之非核數服務費 用則為167,000港元(二零一二年:166,000港元)。

#### 問責及核數

董事明白彼等有編製本公司賬目的責任。於二零一三 年六月三十日,董事並不知悉任何可能會嚴重影響本 公司持續經營能力的重大不明朗事件或情況。因此, 董事已按持續經營基準編製本公司之財務報告。

外聘核數師對財務申報之責任載列於本公司截至二零 -三年六月三十日14年度之財務報告內之獨立核數師

董事會已按照守則條文,透過審核委員會對本集團內 部監控系統之效益進行檢討,以保障股東之投資及本 公司之資產。目的在於合理(而非絕對地)保證並無重 大失實陳述、錯誤、損失或欺詐,以及管理而非抵銷 未能達致本集團業務目標之風險。

#### 公司秘書

本公司委任香港執業律師張美霞女士為公司秘書,本 公司署理行政總裁黎日光先生為其與本公司內部之主 要聯絡人。

#### COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company maintains an on-going dialogue with its shareholders through various channels including announcements and annual and interim reports published on its website at http://www.kantone.com and the Company's general meetings. All shareholders are encouraged to attend general meetings and they may put to the Board any enquiries about the Group through its website at http://www.kantone.com or in writing sent to the principal office of the Company at 5th Floor, Kantone Centre, 1 Ning Foo Street, Chaiwan, Hong Kong. The directors, company secretary or other appropriate members of senior management respond to enquiries from shareholders promptly. The Chairman. the Acting Chief Executive Officer, chairmen of board committees (or their respective delegates) and external auditors attend the annual general meeting and are available to answer questions raised by shareholders. Shareholders may also access the Company's corporate website for the Group's information.

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Company's Articles of Association, two or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business (including any proposals) specified in such requisition, and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionists themselves may do so in the same manner.

#### **CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Company had amended its Articles of Association to remove the exemption which allowed a director of the Company to vote on any board resolution in respect of any contract or arrangement concerning a company in which the director together with any of his associates were not in aggregate beneficially interested in 5% or more of the issued shares or voting rights of any class of shares of such company in compliance with the new requirements of Rule 13.44 of the Listing Rules.

#### 股東通訊

根據本公司組織章程細則第58條,任何於呈遞要求日期持有不少於本公司實繳股本(附有於本公司股東大會投票權利)十分之一的兩位或以上股東,於任何時候有權透過向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明的任何事項(包括任何建議);該大會應於呈遞該要求後兩個月內舉行。倘呈遞後二十一日內董事會未有開始召集該大會,則呈遞要求人士可自行以同樣方式作出此舉。

#### 組織章程文件的變動

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內,本公司曾經修訂其組織章程細則,以取消本公司董事可就有關該董事及其任何聯繫人士並非合共實益擁有任何類別之已發行股份或投票權的5%或5%以上之公司之任何合約或安排的董事會決議進行表決的豁免,以遵守上市規則第13.44條的新規定。

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

# Deloitte.

# 德勤

#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF KANTONE HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Kantone Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 28 to 88, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

#### 致看通集團有限公司列位股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師行已完成審核載於第28頁至第88頁看通集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財務報告。綜合財務報告包括於二零一三年六月三十日之綜合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合股本權益變動表及綜合現金流動表,以及重大會計政策概要及其他説明附註。

#### 董事就綜合財務報告須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製及真實而公平地呈列綜合財務報告,及執行董事認為必需之內部監控,以使綜合財務報告不致因欺詐或錯誤而出現重大錯誤陳述。

#### 核數師之責任

本核數師行之責任乃根據本核數師行之審核而對該等 綜合財務報告作出意見,並按照雙方協定之委聘條款 僅向整體股東報告,除此以外,別無其他目的。本核 數師行概不就本報告內容對其他任何人士承擔任何責 任。本核數師行已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核 數準則進行審核。該等準則要求本核數師行遵守道德 規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定綜合財務報告 是否並無重大錯誤陳述。

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY** – continued

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 30 June 2013 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### 核數師之責任-續

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報告所載金額及披露資料之審核憑證。所選定之程序取決於核數師之判斷,包括評估因欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報告存有重大錯誤陳述之風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製及真實而公平地呈列綜合財務報告相關之內部監控,以設計適當之審核程序,但並非為對公司之內部監控效能發表意見。審核亦包括評估董事所採用會計政策之合適性及所作出會計估計之合理性,以及評估綜合財務報告之整體呈列方式。

本核數師行相信,我們所獲得之審核憑證充足和適當 地為本核數師行之審核意見提供基礎。

#### 意見

本核數師行認為,綜合財務報告已根據香港財務報告 準則真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零一三年六月 三十日之財務狀況及截至該日止年度之溢利及現金 流,並已按照香港公司條例之披露規定妥善編製。

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu** *Certified Public Accountants* 

Hong Kong

27 September 2013

德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行

*執業會計師* 香港

二零一三年九月二十七日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

			2013	2012
		Notes	二零一三年 HK\$'000	二零一二年 HK\$'000
_		附註	千港元 	千港元
Turnover Cost of sales	營業額 銷售成本	6	1,953,394 (1,555,802)	1,429,281 (1,110,903)
0031 01 34103	<b>射百风</b> 个		(1,333,002)	(1,110,300)
Gross profit	毛利總額		397,592	318,378
Other income	其他收入	7	7,930	8,175
Distribution costs	分銷成本		(33,173)	(33,578)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政支出		(119,085)	(94,218)
Impairment losses recognised for deposits	就按金及預付開發成本所確認	40	(4.57.050)	(404.474)
and prepaid development costs	之減值虧損	16	(157,656)	(104,174)
Research and development costs expensed Finance costs	研究及開發成本支出 財務成本	8	(10,883) (1,837)	(13,757) (814)
Tillance costs	划加风平		(1,007)	(014)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	9	82,888	80,012
Taxation credit	税項抵免	10	_	167
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		82,888	80,179
Other comprehensive income:  Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	項目:		1,813	1,149
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度公西山並納短		04 701	01 220
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		84,701	81,328
Profit for the year attributable to:	應佔本年度溢利:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		81,968	80,474
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		920	(295)
			82,888	80,179
		1		•
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:	應佔本年度全面收益 總額:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		83,323	81,664
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		1,378	(336)
			84,701	81,328
			,	- 7
Earnings per share – basic	每股盈利-基本	12	HK1.09 cents 港仙	HK1.07 cents 港仙

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

# 綜合財務狀況表

At 30 June 2013 於二零一三年六月三十日

			2013	2012
		Notes 附註	二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	44,773	46,773
Development costs for systems and networks		14	1,547,368	1,175,896
Goodwill  Deposits and prepaid development costs	商譽 按金及預付開發成本	15 16	36,795 413,904	36,795 1,172,316
Deposits and prepaid development costs	按並及原門用發风平	10	413,904	1,172,310
			2,042,840	2,431,780
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	17	24,523	20,608
Trade and other receivables	應收貿易及其他賬款	18	1,284,137	809,020
Taxation recoverable	可收回税項	10	1	9
Deposits, bank balances and cash	存款、銀行結餘及現金	19	84,193	116,233
			1,392,854	945,870
	流動負債	00	77 100	00.470
Trade and other payables Warranty provision	應付貿易及其他賬款 保養撥備	20 21	77,102 1,246	66,473 1.229
Bank borrowings – amount due within	銀行借貸一於一年內	21	1,240	1,229
one year	到期	22	7,719	28,870
			86,067	96,572
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		1,306,787	849.298
	///////////////////////////////////////		1,200,100	
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		3,349,627	3,281,078
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank borrowings – amount due after	<b>升加到负债</b> 銀行借貸一於一年後			
one year	到期	22	16,989	_
Retirement benefit obligations	退休福利承擔	23	46,133	50,389
			63,122	50,389
				-
Net assets	資產淨值		3,286,505	3,230,689

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

#### 綜合財務狀況表

At 30 June 2013 於二零一三年六月三十日

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	25	751,603 2,513,141	750,458 2,459,177
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔權益 非控股股東權益		3,264,744 21,761	3,209,635 21,054
			3,286,505	3,230,689

The consolidated financial statements on pages 28 to 88 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 September 2013 and are signed on its behalf by:

第28頁至第88頁所載之綜合財務報告已於二零一三年九月二十七日由董事會批核及授權刊發,並由下列董事代表簽署:

PAUL KAN MAN LOK 簡文樂 DIRECTOR 董事

LAI YAT KWONG 黎日光 DIRECTOR 董事

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

# 綜合股本權益變動表

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

	_	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔			_				
		Share capital	Share premium	Dividend reserve	Translation reserve	Retained profits	Total	Non- controlling interests 非控股	Total equity 股本權益
		<b>股本</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>股份溢價</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>股息儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>匯兑儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>保留溢利</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>合計</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>股東權益</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總額</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2011	於二零一一年七月一日	749,253	799,577	14,985	3,999	1,588,934	3,156,748	3,927	3,160,675
Profit for the year Exchange difference arising on translation of		-	-	-	-	80,474	80,474	(295)	80,179
foreign operations	匯兑差額 	_			1,190		1,190	(41)	1,149
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	_	-	1,190	80,474	81,664	(336)	81,328
Capital contributions from non-controlling shareholders Dividends for the year	非控股股東之 資本貢獻 本年度股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,463	17,463
– interim	一中期	-	-	14,997	_	(14,997)	-	_	-
– final	一末期	-	-	15,009	_	(15,009)	(00 777)	-	- (00 777)
Dividends paid Issue of shares as scrip dividend	已付股息 因以股代息而發行股份	1,205	_	(28,777) (1,205)	_	-	(28,777)	_	(28,777)
		1,205	-	24	-	(30,006)	(28,777)	17,463	(11,314)
At 30 June 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日	750,458	799,577	15,009	5,189	1,639,402	3,209,635	21,054	3,230,689
Profit for the year Exchange difference arising on translation of	本年度溢利 因國外業務換算所產生之	-	-	-	-	81,968	81,968	920	82,888
foreign operations	匯兑差額	_	-	_	1,355	-	1,355	458	1,813
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	-	_	1,355	81,968	83,323	1,378	84,701
Capital injection to a subsidiary Dividends for the year	向一間附屬公司注資 本年度股息	-	-	-	-	671	671	(671)	-
– interim	一中期	-	-	15,021	-	(15,021)	-	-	-
– final	一末期	-	-	7,516	-	(7,516)	(00.005)	-	(00.005)
Dividends paid Issue of shares as scrip dividend	已付股息 因以股代息而發行股份	- 1,145	-	(28,885) (1,145)	-	_	(28,885)	_	(28,885)
		1,145		(7,493)	_	(21,866)	(28,214)	(671)	(28,885)
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	751,603	799,577	7,516	6,544	1,699,504	3,264,744	21,761	3,286,505

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

# 綜合現金流動表

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

		2013	2012
		二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
		<b>十</b> 净九	一
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務之現金流	00.000	00.040
Profit before taxation Adjustments for:	除税前溢利 調整:	82,888	80,012
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and	調整・ 出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損		
equipment	(收益)	48	(8)
Interest income	利息收入	(5,021)	(4,875)
Interest on bank borrowings	銀行借貸之利息	1,837	814
Amortisation of development costs for systems and networks	系統及網絡開發成本之 攤銷	E14.40E	418,847
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	無期 物業、廠房及設備之折舊	514,495 11,409	10,426
Impairment losses recognised for deposits and	就按金及預付開發成本所確認	11,100	10,120
prepaid development costs	之減值虧損	157,656	104,174
Operating cash flows before movements in working	營運資金變動前之經營		
capital	現金流	763,312	609,390
(Increase) decrease in inventories Increase in trade and other receivables	存貨之(增加)減少 應收貿易及其他賬款之增加	(4,411) (476,078)	4,152 (350,889)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	應付貿易及其他賬款之增加(減少)	9,018	(12,799)
Decrease in warranty provision	保養撥備之減少	(20)	(42)
Net cash generated from operations	營運產生之現金淨額	291,821	249,812
Taxation in other jurisdiction refunded	其他司法地區之税項退款	8	_
Net cash from operating activities	經營業務所得之現金淨額	291,829	249,812
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動之現金流		
Deposits and prepayment paid in respect of	有關系統及網絡開發成本之	(22.1.222)	(470.040)
development costs for systems and networks  Additions to property, plant and equipment	已付按金及預付款項	(284,856)	(173,940) (10,360)
Interest received	添置物業、廠房及設備 已收利息	(10,306) 5,021	4,875
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備	0,021	1,070
equipment	所得款項	12	107
Additions to development costs for systems and	新增系統及網絡		
networks	開發成本	-	(168,792)
Capital contributions from non-controlling sharehold	ers 非控股股東之資本貢獻 ————————————————————————————————————		5,231
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所耗之現金淨額	(290,129)	(342,879)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流		
New bank loans raised	新增銀行貸款	24,708	1,000
Dividends paid Repayment of bank loans	已付股息 償還銀行貸款	(28,885)	(28,777)
Interest paid	恒爆越行具款 已付利息	(28,870) (1,837)	(4,353) (814)
t transfer	<u></u>	(.,557)	(0.1)
Net used in financing activities	融資活動所耗之現金淨額	(34,884)	(32,944)
Not decrease in each and each activishents	<b>田人工田人笠紹子法小河郊</b>	(00.404)	(100.011)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	現金及現金等額之減少淨額 年初現金及現金等額	(33,184) 116,233	(126,011) 243,064
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	年初祝並及祝並寺領 匯率變動之影響	1,144	(820)
			,
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年結現金及現金等額	84,193	116,233

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL

Kantone Holdings Limited (the "Company") is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (Revised) Chapter 22 of the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Exchange"). Its ultimate and immediate holding company is Champion Technology Holdings Limited ("Champion"), a company which was originally incorporated in the Cayman Islands but subsequently re-domiciled to Bermuda, and its shares are also listed on the Main Board of the Exchange. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information section of the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar because the Company is a public company with its shares listed on the Main Board of the Exchange. The functional currency of the Company is United States dollar.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 32.

# 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") has applied a number of amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") that are mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 July 2012.

Except as described below, the adoption of the amendments to HKFRSs has had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current and prior accounting periods.

#### 1. 簡介

看通集團有限公司(「本公司」)乃根據開曼群島之公司法(經修訂)第二十二章在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「交易所」)主板上市。本公司之最終直接控股公司冠軍科技集團有限公司(「冠軍」)亦為原先在開曼群島註冊成立,而其後已遷冊往百慕達之公司,其股份亦於交易所主板上市。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址已於年報企業資信一節中披露。

鑑於本公司為一間於交易所主板上市之公眾公司,故綜合財務報告乃以港元呈列,而美元則為本公司之功能貨幣。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司之主 要業務載於附註32。

#### 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

於本年度,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)已採用由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈於二零一二年七月一日開始之會計期間強制生效之若干「香港財務報告準則」修訂本。

除下文所述外,採納該等「香港財務報告準則」 之修訂本對本集團於本會計期間及過往會計期間之綜合財務報告並無重大影響。

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG 2. KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") – continued

#### **Amendments to Hong Kong Accounting Standard** ("HKAS") 1 Presentation of items of other comprehensive income

The amendments to HKAS 1 introduce new terminology for statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Upon application of HKAS 1, the Group's statement of comprehensive income is renamed as a statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. In addition, the amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive income section. such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis - the amendments do not change the existing option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax. The amendments have been applied retrospectively, and hence the presentation of items of other comprehensive income has been modified to reflect the changes.

#### 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 2. 準則(「香港財務報告準則 I) - 續

#### 香港會計準則(「香港會計準則 |) 第1 號其他全面收益項目呈報修訂本

香港會計準則第1號修訂本引入全面收益表及 收益表之新術語。應用香港會計準則第1號 後,本集團之全面收益表易名為損益及其他全 面收益表。此外,香港會計準則第1號修訂本 規定須於其他全面收益一節內作出額外披露, 以將其他全面收益項目劃分為兩類:(a)其後不 會劃分至損益之項目;及(b)其後若符合特定條 件時,可隨後劃分至損益之項目。其他全面收 益項目之所得税須按相同基準予以劃分一該等 修訂並無改變現時可選擇除税前或扣税後之方 式呈列其他全面收益項目之權利。該等修訂已 追溯應用,因此,其他全面收益項目之呈列方 式已作出修改以反映有關變動。

#### ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") – continued

The Group has not early applied the following new or revised standards, amendments and interpretation that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2009 to Amendments to HKFRSs

2011 cycle<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Disclosures - Offsetting financial assets

and financial liabilities1

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 and

and HKFRS 7 transition disclosures2

Amendments to HKFRS 10, Consolidated financial statements, joint HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12

arrangements and disclosure of interests in other entities: Transition

quidance1

Amendments to HKFRS 10. Investment entities3

HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 10 Consolidated financial statements<sup>1</sup>

HKFRS 11 Joint arrangements<sup>1</sup>

HKFRS 12 Disclosure of interests in other entities<sup>1</sup>

HKFRS 13 Fair value measurement1

Offsetting financial assets and financial Amendments to HKAS 32

liabilities3

Amendments to HKAS 36 Recoverable amount disclosures for non-

financial assets3

Amendments to HKAS 39 Novation of derivatives and continuation of

hedge accounting3

HKAS 19 (Revised 2011) Employee benefits<sup>1</sup>

HKAS 27 (Revised 2011) Separate financial statements<sup>1</sup>

HKAS 28 (Revised 2011) Investments in associates and joint

HK(IFRIC)\* - INT 20 Stripping costs in the production phase of

a surface mine1

HK(IFRIC) - INT 21 Levies3

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.
- IFRIC represents the IFRS Interpretations Committee.

#### 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則 |) - 續

本集團並無提早採納已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 及經修訂準則、修訂本及詮釋。

香港財務報告準則之修訂本 二零零九年至二零一一年周期

之香港財務報告準則年度改

進1

披露一抵鎖金融資產及金融負 香港財務報告準則第7號修訂本

倩1

香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第7號修訂本 香港財務報告準則第10號、香港 綜合財務報告、聯合安排及披

財務報告準則第11號及香港

香港財務報告準則第9號之強制 生效日期及過渡性披露2 露於其他實體之權益:過渡

財務報告準則第12號修訂本 性指引1

香港財務報告準則第10號、香港 投資實體3

財務報告準則第12號及香港 會計準則第27號修訂本

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具2 香港財務報告準則第10號 綜合財務報告1 香港財務報告準則第11號 聯合安排1

香港財務報告準則第12號 披露於其他實體之權益1 香港財務報告準則第13號 公平價值計量1 香港會計準則第32號修訂本 抵銷金融資產及金融負債3

香港會計準則第36號修訂本 披露非金融資產之可收回金額3

香港會計準則第39號修訂本 衍生工具之變更及套期會計之

延續3

僱員福利1 香港會計準則第19號

(二零一一年經修訂)

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報告1

(二零一一年經修訂)

香港會計準則第28號 於聯營公司及合營企業之投資1

(二零一一年經修訂)

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會\* 露天礦場生產過程之開採成本1

- 詮釋第20號

香港(國際財務報告詮釋 徴費3

委員會)計釋第21號

於二零一三年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間生

- 於二零一五年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間生
- 於二零一四年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間生 效。
- 國際財務報告詮釋委員會指國際財務報告詮釋

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") – continued

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures

In June 2011, a package of five standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures was issued, including HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12, HKAS 27 (Revised 2011) and HKAS 28 (Revised 2011).

Key requirements of these five standards are described below.

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" that deal with consolidated financial statements and HK(SIC) – INT 12 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities. HKFRS 10 includes a new definition of control that contains three elements: (a) power over an investee, (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Extensive guidance has been added in HKFRS 10 to deal with complex scenarios.

HKFRS 11 replaces HKAS 31 "Interests in Joint Ventures" and HK(SIC) – INT 13 "Jointly Controlled Entities – Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers." HKFRS 11 deals with how a joint arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control should be classified. Under HKFRS 11, joint arrangements are classified as joint operations or joint ventures, depending on the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangements. In contrast, under HKAS 31, there are three types of joint arrangements: jointly controlled entities, jointly controlled assets and jointly controlled operations.

In addition, joint ventures under HKFRS 11 are required to be accounted for using the equity method of accounting, whereas jointly controlled entities under HKAS 31 can be accounted for using the equity method of accounting or proportionate accounting.

HKFRS 12 is a disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 12 are more extensive than those in the current standards.

In July 2012, the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 were issued to clarify certain transitional guidance on the application of these five HKFRSs for the first time.

#### 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則 1) - 續

有關綜合賬目、聯合安排、聯營公司 及披露之新訂及經修訂準則

於二零一一年六月,綜合頒佈五項有關綜合賬目、聯合安排、聯營公司及披露之準則,包括香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第11號、香港會計準則第27號(二零一一年經修訂)及香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年經修訂)。

該五項準則之主要規定概述如下。

香港財務報告準則第10號取代香港會計準則第27號[綜合及獨立財務報告]有關處理綜合財務報告之部分,以及香港(詮釋常務委員會)一詮釋第12號綜合賬目一特殊目的之實體。香港財務報告準則第10號載有控制權之新定義,包括三項元素:(a)對投資對象之權力:(b)參與投資對象之業務所得可變回報之風險或權利:及(c)對投資對象行使其權力以影響投資者回報金額之能力。香港財務報告準則第10號已新增多項指引以處理複雜情況。

香港財務報告準則第11號取代香港會計準則第31號「於合營企業之權益」及香港(詮釋常務委員會)一詮釋第13號「共同控制企業一合營方提供之非金額出資」。香港財務報告準則第11號處理對兩個或以上投資者均擁有共同稅報告之聯合安排應如何分類。根據香港財務報告準則第11號,聯合安排視乎各投資者於安排中之權利及責任而分類為共同營運或合營企業。相反,香港會計準則第31號則訂下三個不同種類之聯合安排:共同控制企業、共同控制資產及共同控制營運。

此外,香港財務報告準則第11號要求合營企業 以會計權益法列賬,而香港會計準則第31號項 下之共同控制企業可用會計權益法或比例合併 法列賬。

香港財務報告準則第12號為一項披露準則,適用於對附屬公司、聯合安排、聯營公司及/或未經綜合賬目之結構實體擁有權益之實體。一般而言,香港財務報告準則第12號之披露規定較現行準則更全面。

於二零一二年七月,香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第11號及香港財務報告 準則第12號發出修訂本,闡明首次應用此五項 香港財務報告準則之若干過渡性指引。

# 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") – continued

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures

- continued

These five standards, together with the amendments relating to the transitional guidance, are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. Earlier application is permitted provided that all of these five standards are applied early at the same time.

The directors of the Company anticipate that these five standards will not have significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements, but will result in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

#### HKAS 19 (Revised 2011) employee benefits

The amendments to HKAS 19 change the accounting for defined benefit plans and termination benefits. The most significant change relates to the accounting for changes in defined benefit obligations and plan assets. The amendments require the recognition of changes in defined benefit obligations and in the fair value of plan assets when they occur, and hence eliminate the 'corridor approach' permitted under the previous version of HKAS 19. The amendments require all actuarial gains and losses to be recognised immediately through other comprehensive income in order for the net pension asset or liability recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position to reflect the full value of the plan deficit or surplus.

The amendments to HKAS 19 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and require retrospective application with certain exceptions. The directors anticipate that the amendments to HKAS 19 will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 July 2013 and that the application of the amendments to HKAS 19 may have impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's defined benefit plan. However, the directors are in the process of assessing the impact of the application of the amendments and hence have not yet quantified the extent of the impact.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of the other new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則 |) - 續

有關綜合賬目、聯合安排、聯營公司 及披露之新訂及經修訂準則-續

該五項準則連同與上述過渡性指引有關之修訂,將於二零一三年一月一日或以後開始之年 度期間生效,並准許提早應用,惟須同時提早 應用該五項準則。

本公司董事預期,該五項準則將不會對本集團 綜合財務報告構成重大影響,惟將導致須於綜 合財務報告作出更廣泛披露。

#### 香港會計準則第19號(二零一一年經 修訂)僱員福利

香港會計準則第19號之修訂本改變定額福利計劃及終止福利之會計處理方式。最重大轉變與定額福利責任及計劃資產變動之會計處理方式有關。該等修訂本規定於定額福利責任及計劃資產公平價值出現轉變時予以確認,因此取消香港會計準則第19號過往版本允許之「緩衝區法」。該等修訂本規定所有精算盈虧須即時透過其他全面收益確認,令該等於綜合財務狀況表確認之退休金資產或負債淨額充份反映計劃虧絀或盈餘。

香港會計準則第19號之修訂本於二零一三年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間生效,並須追溯應用,惟若干例外情況除外。董事預期將於二零一三年七月一日開始之年度期間於本集團之綜合財務報告中採納香港會計準則第19號之修訂本,而應用香港會計準則第19號之修訂本或對本集團就定額福利計劃所呈報之數額有所影響。然而,董事現在評估應用該等修訂本之影響,故未能確定影響程度。

本公司董事預期應用其他新訂及經修訂準則、 修訂本及詮釋不會對綜合財務報告造成重大影 響。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

# Allocation of total comprehensive income to non-controlling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

# Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

# 3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報告乃按香港會計師公會頒佈之香港 財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務報告亦載 入按交易所證券上市規則及香港公司條例所規 定之適用披露資料。

綜合財務報告乃根據歷史成本基準編製。歷史 成本一般按換取貨品所付代價之公平價值計 量。

主要會計政策載列如下。

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報告併入本公司及受其控制之實體 (其附屬公司)之財務報告。當本公司有權控制 該實體之財務及經營決策而從其業務中獲得利 益時,即視為擁有其控制權。

年內收購或出售之附屬公司之業績按適當情況 由收購生效日期起或直至出售生效日期止,計 入綜合損益及其他全面收益表內。

如有需要,附屬公司之財務報告會作出調整, 以使其會計政策與本集團其他成員公司所用者 一致。

所有集團內部之交易、結餘、收入及支出乃於 綜合賬目時全數對銷。

於附屬公司之非控股股東權益與本集團之相關 股本權益均獨立呈列。

#### 全面收益總額分配至非控股股東權益

附屬公司之全面收益及支出總額歸屬於本公司 擁有人及非控股股東權益,儘管此舉將導致非 控股股東權益產生虧絀結餘。

#### 本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權益 之變動

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權權益之變動(並不導致本集團失去該附屬公司之控制權)將列作權益交易。本集團之權益及非控股股東權益之賬面值將予調整,以反映彼等於該附屬公司之相關權益變動。非控股股東權益之經調整數額與已付或已收代價之公平價值之間之任何差額,乃直接於股本權益中確認並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cashgenerating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Income from licensing is recognised when the relevant softwares are delivered and title has passed.

Service income relating to sales of systems products, software licensing and customisation is recognised when services are rendered.

Rental income, including rental invoiced in advance from assets under operating leases, is recognised on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease term.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

# 3. 主要會計政策-續

#### 商譽

收購業務所產生之商譽按成本減任何累計減值 虧損(如有)列賬,並於綜合財務狀況表中獨立 呈列。

就減值測試而言,收購所產生之商譽乃被分配 到各預期可受惠於收購所產生協同效應之相關 變現單位或多組變現單位。獲分配商譽之變現 單位須每年及有關單位有跡象可能出現減值 進行減值測試。就於某個財政年度之收購所產 生之商譽而言,獲分配商譽之變現單位於立之 收回金額少於該單位之賬面值,則減值虧損先 分配至該單位之商譽賬面值,其後則按該單位 內各項資產賬面值之比例分配至接於損益內 資產。商譽之減值虧損於其後期間不予撥回。

倘出售相關變現單位,計算出售之損益金額時 會計入已撥充資本之商譽之應佔金額。

#### 收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平價值計量,即相 當於日常業務中售出貨品及提供服務之應收賬 款減去折扣及銷售相關税項後之金額。

出售貨品之收入乃於貨品已交付及其所有權已 轉讓時確認。

源自特許權之收入乃於有關軟件已交付及相關 權利已轉讓時確認。

與銷售系統產品、軟件特許權及訂製相關之服 務收入乃於提供服務時確認。

租金收入(包括來自經營租賃項目下資產之預 收租金)乃根據直線法在相關租賃期內確認。

金融資產之利息收入乃於經濟利益將可能流入 本集團且收入金額能可靠地計量時確認。金融 資產之利息收入乃參考未償還本金額及適用之 實際利率(即於金融資產預計有效年期內將估 計未來現金收款完全貼現至該資產於初始確認 時訂定之賬面淨值之比率)並以時間基準計算。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Freehold land Nil
Buildings on freehold land 50 years

Leasehold land and buildings Over the shorter of the remaining unexpired terms of the relevant

leases or 50 years

Plant and machinery and 10% – 50%

telecommunications networks

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases, in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is released over the lease term on a straightline basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

#### 3. 主要會計政策-續

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括用於生產或供應貨品 或服務或作行政用途之土地及樓宇)乃按成本 減除其後之累計折舊及累計減值虧損後於綜合 財務狀況表列賬。

各物業、廠房及設備項目之成本值扣除餘額以 直線法按其估計可使用年期及以下年率予以折 舊:

 永久業權土地
 無

 永久業權樓宇
 50年

按契約持有之土地及樓宇 按有關契約之尚餘年期

或50年攤分,以較短

者為準

廠房、機器及電信網絡 10%-50%

各物業、廠房及設備項目會在出售或預期繼續使用該資產亦不會帶來未來經濟利益時解除確認。出售或廢除物業、廠房及設備項目產生之任何盈虧乃按銷售所得款項與該資產賬面值之差額計算並於損益確認。

#### 按契約持有之土地及樓宇

倘一項租賃同時包括土地及樓宇部分,則本集團會分別依照各部分擁有權隨附之絕大部分風險及回報是否已轉移至本集團,評估各部分分類應被獨立分類為融資或經營租賃,除非兩個部分被清楚確定為經營租賃,在此情況下,整項租賃分類為經營租賃。具體而言,最低租賃款項(包括任何一筆過支付之預支款項)會按初訂租賃時租賃土地部分與樓宇部分契約權益之相關公平價值,按比例於土地與樓宇部分之間分配。

倘能可靠地分配租賃款項,則入賬列為經營租 賃之契約土地權益將於綜合財務狀況表內列作 「預付租賃款項」,並於租賃期內以直線法攤分 入賬。倘未能可靠地於土地及樓宇部分之間分 配租賃款項,則整項租賃一般會分類為融資租 賃,並入賬列作物業、廠房及設備。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued Impairment (other than goodwill, development costs for systems and networks and financial assets)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

#### Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

# 3. 主要會計政策 - 續

減值(商譽、系統及網絡開發成本以 及金融資產除外)

於報告期完結時,本集團會審閱其資產之賬面 值,以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產出現 減值虧損。倘出現任何該等跡象,則會估計該 資產之可收回金額以確定其減值虧損程度(如 有)。倘未能估計個別資產之可收回金額,則 本集團會估計資產所屬變現單位之可收回金額。倘可確定合理及一貫之分配基準,公司資 產亦可分配至個別變現單位,或另行將其分配 至可確定合理及一貫分配基準之變現單位最小 組別。

可收回金額乃公平價值減銷售成本與使用價值 兩者中之較高者。評估使用價值時,估計未來 現金流採用可反映當前市場所評估之現金時值 及尚未調整之估計未來現金流之資產特定風險 之稅前貼現率,貼現至其現值。若資產之可收 回金額(或變現單位)估計少於其賬面值,則該 資產(或變現單位)之賬面值將減至其可收回金 額。減值虧損隨即於損益中確認。

倘其後撥回減值虧損,該資產之賬面值會調高 至其重新估計之可收回金額,惟已增加之賬面 值不會高於該資產於過往年度並無確認減值虧 損而原應釐定之賬面值。所撥回之減值虧損隨 即確認為收入。

#### 租賃

凡租賃條款將擁有權之所有風險及回報大致轉 移至承租人,該等租賃均列作融資租賃。所有 其他租賃均列作經營租賃。

#### 本集團作為出租人

經營租賃之租金收入於有關租賃期內按直線法 在損益內確認。商討及安排經營租賃產生之初 始直接成本會加入所租賃資產之賬面值,並於 租賃期內按直線法確認為支出。

#### 本集團作為承租人

經營租賃付款乃按有關租賃之年期以直線法確認為支出。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued Deposits and prepaid development costs and development costs for systems and networks

Deposits and prepaid development costs represent the development costs for systems and networks projects under construction by the system developers. Deposits and prepaid development costs are transferred to development costs for systems and networks when it is implemented for its intended use, and are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Development costs are recognised only if all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the asset;
- how the asset will generate probable future economic benefits. Among other things, the entity can demonstrate the existence of a market for the output of the asset or the asset itself or, if it is to be used internally, the usefulness of the asset;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the asset during its development.

Development costs that do not fulfill the above conditions are recognised as expenses in the period in which it is incurred.

Development costs for systems and networks, which are implemented for its intended use, are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. The amortisation is calculated based on straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, subject to a maximum of five years.

Where the recoverable amount of development costs for systems and networks has declined below their carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to reflect the decline in value. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

An item of development costs for systems and networks is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

#### 3. 主要會計政策-續

按金及預付開發成本以及系統及網絡 開發成本

按金及預付開發成本指由系統開發商正在建設 之系統及網絡項目之開發成本。按金及預付開 發成本於其擬定用途實施時會轉撥至系統及網 絡開發成本,並按成本減其後累計減值虧損列 賬。

開發成本僅於下列所有條件達成時方會確認:

- 擁有使資產完成以供使用或銷售之技術可行性;
- 擁有使資產完成並予以使用或銷售之意向:
- 擁有使用或銷售資產之能力;
- 一 資產將如何帶來可能未來經濟利益。除 其他事項外,實體可展示資產出品或 資產本身存有市場,或倘資產供內部使 用,則展示資產之可用性;
- 具備充裕技術、財務及其他資源以完成 開發及使用或銷售該資產;及
- 他可靠地計量資產於其開發期間應佔之 開支。

未能滿足上述條件之開發成本,會於產生期間 確認為支出。

可作擬定用途之系統及網絡開發成本,以成本減其後累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列值。攤銷以直線法按其估計可使用年期(最多五年)予以計算。

倘系統及網絡開發成本之可收回金額減至低於 其賬面值,則扣減其賬面值以反映有關減值。 當減值虧損其後撥回,該資產之賬面值會增至 其經修訂之估計可收回金額,惟賬面值之增加 不會超過該資產在過往年度並無確認減值虧損 而原應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損之撥回數額隨 即確認為收入。

系統及網絡開發成本項目會在出售或預期繼續使用該資產不會帶來未來經濟利益時解除確認。解除確認該資產所產生之任何盈虧(按出售所得款項淨額與該項目賬面值之差額計算)在項目解除確認之期間計入損益。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued Research expenditures

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified as loans and receivables. The accounting policies adopted in respect of financial assets are set out below.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, deposits, bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

#### 3. 主要會計政策-續

#### 研究開支

研究活動開支於其產生期間內獲確認為開支。

#### 金融工具

當集團實體成為有關工具合約條款之訂約方時,金融資產及金融負債會在綜合財務狀況表確認。

金融資產及金融負債在初始確認時會以公平價值計量。直接歸屬於購置或發行金融資產及金融負債(按公平價值計入損益之金融資產及金融負債除外)之交易成本,在初始確認時按適用情況計入或扣自金融資產或金融負債之公平價值。

#### 金融資產

本集團之金融資產劃分為貸款及應收賬款。就 金融資產所採納之會計政策載列如下。

#### 實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融資產之攤銷成本及按有關期間攤分利息收入之方法。實際利率乃將估計未來現金收入(包括所支付或收取能構成整體實際利率之所有費用及點子、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)按金融資產之預計年期或較短年期(如適用)實際貼現至初始確認時之賬面淨值之利率。

債務工具之利息收入乃按實際利率基準確認。

#### 貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款指並非於活躍市場報價而具有固定或可確定付款之非衍生金融資產。於初始確認後,貸款及應收賬款(包括應收貿易及其他賬款、存款、銀行結餘及現金)乃按使用實際利率法之攤銷成本減任何已識別之減值虧損列賬(有關金融資產減值之會計政策見下文)。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments – continued

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counter party; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments and an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial assets original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

# 3. 主要會計政策 - 續 金融工具 - 續

金融資產之減值

金融資產會於報告期完結時評估有否出現減值 跡象。當有客觀證據顯示金融資產之預期未來 現金流,因初始確認金融資產後所發生之一項 或多項事件而受到影響時,金融資產即被視為 減值。

#### 減值之客觀證據包括:

- 發行人或交易對方出現重大財政困難; 或
- 未能繳付或延遲償還利息或本金;或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或財務重組。

就若干金融資產類別(如應收貿易賬款)而言,該等被評估為不作個別減值之資產,會一併彙集以作出減值評估。應收賬款組合出現減值之客觀證據可包括本集團過往收款經驗及超過平均信貸期之組合出現延遲付款次數增加。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,減值虧損 金額乃按資產之賬面值與按金融資產原有實際 利率貼現估計未來現金流之現值之差額確認。

所有金融資產之賬面值均直接減去其減值虧損,惟應收貿易賬款除外,其賬面值乃透過使用撥備賬作出扣減。撥備賬之賬面值變動於損益中確認。倘應收貿易賬款被視為不可收回,則於撥備賬中撇鎖。

就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而言,倘減值虧損金額其後有所減少,而有關減少在客觀上與確認減值虧損後發生之事件有關,則先前已確認之減值虧損將於損益中予以撥回,惟該資產於減值被撥回當日之賬面值不得超過倘未確認該項減值之攤銷成本。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### Financial instruments – continued

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies in respect of financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables and bank borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Derecognition

The Group derecognised financial assets only when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognised a financial liability when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid or payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3. 主要會計政策 - 續 金融工具 - 續

#### 金融負債及權益工具

集團實體發行之金融負債及權益工具,根據所 訂立合約安排之實質內容與金融負債及權益工 具之定義分類為金融負債或權益。

權益工具指在扣除合約之所有負債後為本集團 資產帶來剩餘權益之任何合約。有關金融負債 及權益工具之會計政策載列如下。

#### 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融負債之攤銷成本及按有關期間攤分利息支出之方法。實際利率乃於初始確認時將估計未來現金付款按金融負債之預計使用年期,或較短年期(如適用)實際貼現至賬面淨值之利率。

利息支出乃按實際利率基準確認。

#### 金融負債

金融負債包括應付貿易及其他賬款以及銀行借 貸,乃其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

#### 權益工具

本公司發行之權益工具乃按實收所得款項(扣 除直接發行成本)入賬。

#### 解除確認

當從資產收取現金流之合約權利屆滿時,或當本集團轉讓金融資產並大致轉讓該等資產擁有權之所有風險及回報時,本集團方會解除確認該項金融資產。

全面解除確認一項金融資產後,該資產之賬面 值,與已收及應收代價以及已在其他全面收益 中確認並累計至權益之累計盈虧之總和,兩者 之差額會在損益中確認。

只有當本集團之承擔獲解除、取消或到期時,本集團方會解除確認金融負債。解除確認之金融負債之賬面值與已付或應付代價間之差額會 在損益中確認。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued Provision

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect is material).

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method.

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable and deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

# 3. 主要會計政策-續

#### 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而出現現有承擔,且本集團很可能須履行該項承擔,並能可靠地估計該項承擔之數額時,則會確認撥備。撥備乃計及該項承擔之風險及不確定因素,於報告期完結時對履行現有承擔所需代價之最佳估算計量。倘撥備乃按履行現有承擔之估計現金流計量,其賬面值則為其影響重大之現金流之現值。

# 存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者入 賬。成本按先入先出法計算。

#### 借貸成本

直接用於收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即需要相當時間始能達到其擬定用途或出售之資產)之借貸成本會計入該等資產之成本,直至該等資產實際達到擬定用途或出售。

所有其他借貸成本均於其產生期間於損益中確 認。

#### 税項

所得税支出指即期應付税項與遞延税項之總 和。

即期應付税項乃按本年度應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與綜合損益及其他全面收益表所呈報溢利不同,此乃由於前者不包括於其他年度應課稅或可扣稅之收入或支出項目,並且進一步併除永不課稅及永不可扣稅之項目。本集團之即期稅項負債乃按報告期完結前已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率計算。

遞延税項按綜合財務報告內資產及負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所用之相應稅基之臨時差額確認。遞延稅項負債一般就所有應課稅臨時差額確認。遞延稅項資產一般就所有可扣稅臨時差額確認,直至應課稅溢利可用作抵銷該等可動用之可扣稅臨時差額為止。若商譽或於一項交易中(業務合併除外)初始確認之其他資產及負債而引致之臨時差額既不影響應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利,則不會確認該等資產及負债。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### **Taxation** – continued

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in its functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

# 3. 主要會計政策-續

#### 税項-續

有關於附屬公司之投資之應課稅臨時差額確認 為遞延稅項負債,除非本集團能夠控制臨時差 額之撥回而臨時差額極可能將不會在可見將來 被撥回則除外。與該等投資有關之可扣稅臨時 差額所產生之遞延稅項資產僅會在極可能有充 足應課稅溢利以抵銷動用臨時差額之利益且預 期於可見將來可予撥回時予以確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於報告期完結時作檢 討,並扣減直至再無可能有足夠應課税溢利復 原全部或部分資產價值為止。

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據報告期完結時已頒 佈或實質上已頒佈之税率(及稅務法例),按預 期於償還負債或收回資產期間適用之稅率計 量。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映本集團於報告期完結時,預期對收回或償還其資產及負債賬面值之方式所產生之稅務後果。即期及遞延稅項會於損益中確認,惟倘與即期及遞延稅項相關之項目乃在其他全面收益或直接在權益中確認則除外。在此情況下,即期及遞延稅項亦分別在其他全面收益或直接在權益確認。

#### 外幣

編製各集團實體之財務報告時,以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之交易,乃按交易當日之當前匯率以功能貨幣(即該實體經營所在主要經濟環境之貨幣)列賬。於報告期完結時,以外幣列值之貨幣項目乃按當日之當前匯率重新換算。以外幣按歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目不作重新換算。

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目所產生之匯 兑差額乃於產生期間在損益內確認。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### Foreign currencies – continued

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the group entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (the translation reserve). Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

#### Retirement benefit cost

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to contributions.

For the Group's defined benefit retirement benefit scheme, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuation being carried out every three years and updated annually at the end of the reporting period. Actuarial gains and losses which exceed 10% of the greater of the present value of the Group's defined benefit obligations and the fair value of scheme assets at the end of the previous reporting period are amortised over the expected average remaining working lives of the participating employees. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the amended benefits become vested.

The amount recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised actuarial gains and losses and unrecognised past service cost, and as reduced by the fair value of scheme assets. Any assets resulting from this calculation is limited to unrecognised actuarial losses and past service cost, plus the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contribution to the scheme.

# 3. 主要會計政策-續

#### 外幣-續

為呈列綜合財務報告,集團實體之資產及負債乃按於報告期完結時之當前匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即港元),而集團實體之收入及支出乃按照年度平均匯率換算,除非期內匯率大幅波動,於該情況下,則使用交易當日之當前匯率。所產生之匯兑差額(如有)乃於其他全面收益確認及於權益(換算儲備)累計。海外業務被出售時匯兑差額會在該會計期間之損益中確認。

#### 退休福利成本

定額供款退休福利計劃之供款於僱員提供服務 令其合資格享有供款時確認為支出。

就本集團定額福利之退休福利計劃而言,提供福利之成本乃以預計單位貸記法釐定,每三年進行一次精算估值並於報告期完結時進行年度更新。精算收益及虧損如超出本集團於上個報告期完結時定額福利承擔之現值或計劃資產之公平價值(以較高者為準)10%,則會按參與計劃僱員之預期平均餘下服務年期予以攤銷。過往之服務成本乃即時確認,惟以經已歸屬之福利為限,否則會於平均年期按直線法攤銷,直至經修訂之福利歸屬為止。

於綜合財務狀況表確認之金額指定額福利承擔 之現值,並經未確認之精算盈虧及未確認之過 往服務成本作出調整,及已扣減計劃資產之公 平價值。按此計算產生之任何資產只限於未確 認精算虧損及過往服務成本,另加可動用退款 及對計劃之未來供款扣減之現值。

# 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### **Estimated impairment of trade receivables**

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 30 June 2013, the carrying amount of trade receivables is HK\$460,680,000 (2012; HK\$374.118.000).

#### Estimated impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 30 June 2013 and 2012, the carrying amount of goodwill was HK\$36,795,000. Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in note 15.

# Development costs for systems and networks and deposits and prepaid development costs

#### (1) Estimated useful life

The estimated useful life of the assets reflects the directors' estimate of the periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of the development. Where the actual useful life is less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

# 4. 估計不確定性之主要來源

以下為有關未來之主要假設,以及於報告期完 結時對估計不確定之其他主要來源,此等假設 及來源或會導致資產及負債之賬面值於下一個 財政年度出現重大調整之重大風險。

#### 應收貿易賬款之估計減值

倘有客觀證據顯示已出現減值虧損,本集團會考慮對未來現金流作出估計。減值虧損數額乃根據資產賬面值與以金融資產原實際利率(即於初始確認時計算之實際利率)貼現之估計未來現金流(不包括尚未出現之未來信貸虧損)之現值兩者間之差額計量。倘實際未來現金流少於預期,則可能會產生重大減值虧損。於二零一三年六月三十日,應收貿易賬款之賬面值為460,680,000港元(二零一二年:374,118,000港元)。

#### 商譽之估計減值

釐定商譽是否減值須對獲分派商譽之變現單位之使用價值作出估計。計算使用價值時,本集團須估計預期產生自變現單位之未來現金流及以適合貼現率計算現值。倘實際未來現金流少於預期,則可能會產生重大減值虧損。於二零一三年及二零一二年六月三十日,商譽之賬面值為36,795,000港元。可收回金額計算方法之詳情載於附計15。

#### 系統及網絡開發成本與按金及預付開 發成本

#### (1) 估計可使用年期

資產之估計可使用年期反映董事估計本 集團擬自使用開發項目獲得未來經濟 利益之年期。倘實際可使用年期較預期 短,則可能會產生重大減值虧損。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY – continued

Development costs for systems and networks and deposits and prepaid development costs – continued

#### (2) Estimated impairment

Determining whether development costs for systems and networks, and deposits and prepaid development costs are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use on a project-by-project basis. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flow expected to arise from the continuing use of the assets or since successful launch of technology projects and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. The Group estimates its cash flow projection covering a period of up to five-year period based on financial budgets approved by management and a discount rate of ranging from 10% to 20% (2012: 10% to 20%) per annum.

The directors also consider the revenue and operating costs of the technology projects in the coming years will be in line with the Group's budgets, taking into account of current economical factors. In the event that the technology projects are not expected to be well received by the market, these deposits and prepaid development costs may not be fully recovered and impairment loss may arise. In the event that the developers fail to perform their obligations to develop the technologies as required, the Group will estimate the future cash flows from recovering the deposits and prepaid development costs from developers. As at 30 June 2013, the carrying amounts of development costs for systems and networks and deposits and prepaid development costs were HK\$1,547,368,000 (2012: HK\$1,175,896,000) and HK\$413,904,000 (2012: HK\$1,172,316,000) respectively. Impairment loss has been recognised with details set out in note 16.

As at 30 June 2013, the aged analysis of the deposits and prepaid development costs comprised of balance less than one year of HK\$200,460,000 (2012: HK\$173,940,000), balance between one to two years of HK\$173,940,000 (2012: HK\$647,400,000) and balance over two years of HK\$39,504,000 (2012: HK\$350,976,000).

As at 30 June 2013, the deposits paid to the largest developer and the deposits paid for the largest project under development accounted for 52% (2012: 57%) and 48% (2012: 55%) of the total deposits and prepaid development costs respectively.

# 4. 估計不確定性之主要來源-續

系統及網絡開發成本與按金及預付開發成本-續

#### (2) 估計減值

釐定系統及網絡開發成本與按金及預付開發成本是否需要減值,須按各項目之使用價值作出估計。計算使用價值時,本集團須估計自持續使用資產或自成功開展科技項目後預期產生之未來現金流及以適當貼現率計算現值。本集團根據經管理層審批之財務預算按每年10%至20%之貼現率(二零一二年:10%至20%)對涵蓋五年期間之現金流預測作出估算。

於二零一三年六月三十日,按金及預付開發成本之賬齡分析包括少於一年之結餘為200,460,000港元(二零一二年:173,940,000港元)、一年至兩年之結餘為173,940,000港元(二零一二年:647,400,000港元)及兩年以上之結餘為39,504,000港元(二零一二年:350,976,000港元)。

於二零一三年六月三十日,支付予最大開發商之按金及就最大發展中項目所支付之按金分別佔按金及預付開發成本總額之52%(二零一二年:57%)及48%(二零一二年:55%)。

# 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY – continued

#### Recoverability of advance to suppliers

As at 30 June 2013, the Group has advance to suppliers of HK\$790,547,000 (2012: HK\$406,526,000). The advance was purchase deposits paid to suppliers of system products and cultural products.

As at 30 June 2013, the advance paid to the largest supplier accounted for 38% (2012: 30%) of the total advance to suppliers.

The directors of the Company consider the advance paid to suppliers can be recovered on the assumption of realisation of subsequent sales of related products. In the event that the relevant products are not well received by the market as anticipated and no subsequent sales are realised, the advance to suppliers may not be fully recovered and impairment loss may arise.

# 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Categories of financial instruments

# 4. 估計不確定性之主要來源-續

#### 收回預繳供應商款項之可能性

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團之預繳供應商款項為790,547,000港元(二零一二年:406,526,000港元)。預繳款項為購買系統產品及文化產品已付供應商之按金。

於二零一三年六月三十日,已付最大供應商之 預繳款項佔預繳供應商款項總額之38%(二零 一二年:30%)。

本公司董事認為,假設按其後有關產品之銷售 變現,將可收回已付供應商之預繳款項。倘有 關產品並未如預期中受市場歡迎及其後並無銷 售變現,則或會無法全數收回預繳供應商款項 並產生減值虧損。

# 5. 金融工具 金融工具類別

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets Loans and receivables (including deposits, bank balances and cash)	金融資產 貸款及應收賬款 (包括存款、銀行結餘及現金)	1,368,330	925,253
Financial liabilities Amortised cost	金融負債	66,394	59,437

The loans and receivables as at 30 June 2012 have been restated to include the advance to suppliers.

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

二零一二年六月三十日之貸款及應收賬款已重 列以計及預繳供應商款項。

#### 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括應收貿易及其他賬款、存款、銀行結餘及現金、應付貿易及其他 賬款以及銀行借貸。該等金融工具之詳情於其 各自附註內披露。與該等金融工具相關之風險 及如何減低該等風險之政策載於下文。管理層 管理及監控該等風險,以確保可適時並有效採 取適當措施。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued

# Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

#### Credit risk

As at 30 June 2013, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counter parties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk in relation to trade receivables, the management of the Group will only allow customers with good credit history to pay on credit. In addition, the management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period, taking into account of future discounted cash flows, to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on trade receivables is concentrated on a few distributors. Receivables from top five distributors represented approximately 94% (2012: 88%) of trade receivables in system sales and licensing at the end of the reporting period. Also, advances to suppliers included in other receivables are all concentrated on a few suppliers. The management considers that there are no significant credit risks on the distributors and suppliers due to the long and good credit history of these counter parties.

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of borrowings and the compliance of loan covenants.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

# 5. 金融工具—續 財務風險管理目標及政策—續

#### 信貸風險

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團因交易對方若未能履行責任導致本集團產生財務損失而須承受之最大信貸風險,乃由綜合財務狀況表所列個別已確認金融資產之賬面值產生。

為盡量減低有關應收貿易賬款之信貸風險,本 集團管理層僅向具有良好信貸記錄之客戶提供 信貸。此外,管理層於報告期完結時審閱各個 別貿易債項之可收回金額,並計及貼現未來現 金流,確保已就不可收回金額作出足夠減值虧 損。據此,本公司董事認為本集團之信貸風險 已大幅降低。

應收貿易賬款之信貸風險集中於少數分銷商。 五大分銷商之應收賬款佔報告期完結時系統銷 售及特許權之應收貿易賬款約94%(二零一二 年:88%)。此外,計入應收其他賬款之預繳 供應商款項全部集中於少數供應商。管理層認 為,由於該等交易對方具有悠久歷史及良好信 貸記錄,故該等分銷商及供應商並無重大信貸 風險。

#### 流動資金風險

就流動資金風險管理而言,本集團監控及維持 現金及現金等額至管理層認為充裕之水平,以 作為本集團營運之用並減低現金流波動所帶來 之影響。管理層監察借款之運用及確保其遵守 相關貸款契約。

下表詳列本集團之金融負債按所協定償還條款之剩餘合約年期。列表乃按本集團最早可被要求償還之金融負債未貼現現金流列示。列表包括利息及本金之現金流。

#### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies continued

#### Liquidity risk – continued

To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount of interest payment is estimated based on the interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

#### 5. 金融工具-續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

#### 流動資金風險-續

按浮動利率計算之利息乃根據報告期完結時之 利率估計未貼現利息付款金額。

		Effective interest rates	On demand or less than 6 months	7–12 months	1–2 years	2–5 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount at 30 June 2013 於
		實際利率 % 百分比	按通知 或少於 6個月 HK\$'000 千港元	7至12 個月 HK\$'000 千港元	1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	未貼現 現金流 總額 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一三年 六月三十日 之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
2013 Trade and other payables Bank borrowings	二 <b>零一三年</b> 應付貿易及其他賬款 銀行借貸	3.0	41,686 5,412	- 2,395	- 4,507	- 14,354	41,686 26,668	41,686 24,708
			47,098	2,395	4,507	14,354	68,354	66,394

		Effective interest rates	On demand or less than 6 months	7–12 months	1–2 years	2–5 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount at 30 June 2012
		實際利率 % 百分比	按通知 或少於 6個月 HK\$'000 千港元	7至12 個月 HK\$'000 千港元	1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	未貼現 現金流 總額 HK\$'000 千港元	於 二零一二年 六月三十日 之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
2012 Trade and other payables Bank borrowings	二零一二年 應付貿易及其他賬款 銀行借貸	- 2.3	30,567 5,206	- 24,102	- -	- -	30,567 29,308	30,567 28,870
			35,773	24,102	-	-	59,875	59,437

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank deposits, bank balances and bank borrowings. The Group does not enter into any arrangement to hedge cash flow interest rate risk. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arises.

The Group cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of sterling base rates arising from the Group's Pound Sterlings denominated borrowings.

倘浮息利率變動有別於報告期完結時釐定之利 率估計, 上述就非衍生金融負債之浮息利率工 具所載列之金額將出現變動。

#### 利率風險

本集團面對有關浮息銀行存款、銀行結餘及銀 行借貸之現金流利率風險。本集團並無訂立任 何安排以對沖現金流利率風險。然而,管理層 會密切監控利率風險,並在需要時將考慮對沖 重大利率風險。

本集團之現金流利率風險主要集中於本集團以 英鎊計值之借貸產生之英鎊基本利率波動。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued

# Financial risk management objectives and policies

- continued

Interest rate risk - continued

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for variable-rate deposits, bank balances and bank borrowings at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming that the amount of balances outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 10 basis points (2012: 10 basis points) increase or decrease represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 10 basis points (2012: 10 basis points) higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 30 June 2013 would increase or decrease by approximately HK\$58,000 (2012: increase or decrease by HK\$87,000).

#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk refers to the risk that movement in foreign currency exchange rate which will affect the Group's financial results and its cash flows. Certain trade receivables and deposits and bank balances of the Group and intra-group current accounts are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group does not engage in any foreign currency hedging instruments. It is the Group's policy to manage foreign exchange risk through matching foreign currency income with expense, and where exposure to foreign exchange is anticipated, appropriate hedging instruments will be used.

Several subsidiaries of the Company have foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk.

# 5. 金融工具—續 財務風險管理目標及政策—續

#### 利率風險一續

敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析根據於報告期完結時之浮息存款、銀行結餘及銀行借貸所面對之利率風險而作出。此分析乃假設於報告期完結時未償還之結餘為全年均未償還金額編製。利用10點子(二零一二年:10點子)之增減,代表管理層對利率之合理可能變動作出之評估。

倘利率上升或下跌10點子(二零一二年:10點子)而所有其他可變因素維持不變,本集團截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度之溢利會增加或減少約58,000港元(二零一二年:增加或減少87,000港元)。

#### 外幣風險

外幣風險指影響本集團財務業績及其現金流之 外幣匯率變動風險。本集團若干應收貿易賬 款、存款及銀行結餘以及集團內成員公司間之 對賬戶口乃以外幣計值。本集團並無涉及任何 外幣對沖工具。本集團一貫政策是透過配對外 幣收入及支出管理其外匯風險,當預期要面對 外匯風險時,將採用合適之對沖工具。

本公司多家附屬公司持有以外幣計值之貨幣資 產及負債,令本集團面對外幣風險。

#### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued

# Financial risk management objectives and policies

- continued

Foreign currency risk - continued

The carrying amounts of the group entities' foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including intra-group current accounts) at the reporting date are as follows:

#### 5. 金融工具-續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

#### 外幣風險一續

集團各實體以外幣計值之貨幣資產及貨幣負債 (包括集團內成員公司間之對賬戶口)於報告日 期之賬面值如下:

					12 -二年
		Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
		資產	負債	資產	負債
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Euro	歐元	6,217	102	2,803	346
Hong Kong dollar	港元	3,901	73	3,426	72
Pound Sterling	英鎊	941	-	2,632	-
Macau Pataca	澳門幣	358	42	745	16
United States dollar	美元	254	2,562	1,183	2,548

#### Sensitivity analysis

The group entities are mainly exposed to foreign currency risk in Euro, Pound Sterling and United States dollar. Under the pegged exchange rate system, the financial exposure on exchange rate fluctuation between Hong Kong dollar and United States dollar is considered insignificant by the directors and therefore no sensitivity analysis has been prepared.

The following table details the group entities' sensitivity to a 5% (2012: 5%) increase and decrease in Euro and Pound Sterling against each group entity's functional currency. 5% (2012: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% (2012: 5%) change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit before taxation where Euro and Pound Sterling strengthen 5% (2012: 5%) against each group entity's functional currency. For a 5% (2012: 5%) weakening of Euro and Pound Sterling against each group entity's functional currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit.

#### 敏感度分析

本集團實體主要承擔之外幣風險來自歐元、英 鎊及美元。在聯繫匯率制度下,董事認為,港 元與美元匯率波動之財務風險極微,因此並無 編製敏感度分析。

下表詳述集團實體對歐元及英鎊兑各集團實體之功能貨幣之匯率上調及下調5%(二零一二年:5%)之敏感度。5%(二零一二年:5%)乃為在集團內部向主要管理人員報告外幣風險時所採用之敏感度比率,其代表管理層對外匯匯率合理可能變動之評估。敏感度分析僅包括以外幣計值之未結付貨幣項目,並因外匯匯率的對為%(二零一二年:5%)對其於年終之換算作出調整。以下正值顯示若歐元及英鎊兑各集團實體功能貨幣升值5%(二零一二年:5%)時會令除稅前溢利上升。倘歐元及英鎊兑各集團實體功能貨幣貶值5%(二零一二年:5%),則會對溢利構成相同及相反影響。

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Euro	歐元	306	123
Pound Sterling	英鎊	47	132

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued

# Financial risk management objectives and policies

- continued

Foreign currency risk – continued

Sensitivity analysis - continued

In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

# Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flows analysis.

The directors consider the carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### 6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### (a) Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts received and receivable for goods sold and services provided by the Group to external customers, licensing fees and leasing income received and receivable during the year.

The turnover of the Group comprises the following:

# 5. 金融工具—續 財務風險管理目標及政策—續

外幣風險一續

敏感度分析一續

管理層認為, 敏感度分析並未能代表固有外匯 風險, 乃由於年終風險並不反映年內風險。

#### 金融資產及金融負債之公平價值

金融資產及金融負債之公平價值乃按公認定價模式根據貼現現金流分析釐定。

董事認為按攤銷成本於綜合財務報告列賬之金 融資產及負債之賬面值與其公平價值相若。

# 6. 營業額及分類資料

#### (a) 營業額

營業額指年內本集團就向外界顧客出售 產品及提供服務之已收及應收款項、已 收及應收特許權費用及租賃收入。

本集團之營業額包括下列各項:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of systems and products Licensing fees Rendering of services Leasing of systems products Sales of cultural products	銷售系統及產品 特許權費 提供服務 租賃系統產品 銷售文化產品	746,965 618,542 87,663 24,806 475,418	744,800 512,412 62,618 23,222 86,229
		1,953,394	1,429,281

#### 6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

continued

#### (b) Segment information

The operating segments have been identified on the basis of internal management reports prepared in accordance with accounting policies conforming to HKFRSs, that are regularly reviewed by the executive directors of the Company, for the purpose of allocating resources to segments and assessing their performance.

The Group was previously organised into two operating segments, namely "systems sales, licensing and others" and "leasing of systems products". These segments were the basis on which the Group reported its segment information. During the year, the executive directors of the Company reviewed separately the financial results of sales of cultural products which were previously reported under "systems sales, licensing and others", for resources allocation and performance assessment of the Group. Accordingly, three operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 Operating Segments are identified as follows:

- Systems sales and licensing
- includes income from sales of systems products, software licensing and customisation and provision of related services
- Leasing of systems products
- includes income from leasing of systems products
- Sales of cultural products includes income from trading of cultural products

The segment revenue and result in respect of "systems sales, licensing and others" for the year ended 30 June 2012 have been re-presented to conform with the current year's segment reporting.

The accounting policies of the operating and reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment results represent the profit (loss) before taxation earned by each segment, excluding interest income, finance costs, unallocated income and expenses such as central administration costs and directors' salaries. This is the measure reported to the executive directors of the Company, the chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

#### 6. 營業額及分類資料-續

#### (b) 分類資料

經營分類乃根據符合香港財務報告準則 之會計政策而制定之內部管理報告識 別,並由本公司執行董事定期審閱以分 配資源予各分類並評估其表現。

本集團以往劃分兩個經營分類,即「系統銷售、特許權及其他」以及「租賃系統產品」。此等分類乃本集團呈報其分類資料之基準。年內,本公司執行董事已獨立審閱以往歸納於「系統銷售、特許權及其他」內呈報之銷售文化產品之財務業績,以作本集團資源分配及表現評估之用。因此,根據香港財務報告準則第8號「經營分類」,三個可報告及經營分類現識別及劃分如下:

- 系統銷售及特 包括銷售系統產品、 許權 軟件特許權與訂製 以及提供相關服務 之收入
- 租賃系統產品 包括租賃系統產品之 收入
- 銷售文化產品 包括文化產品貿易之 收入

截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度之 「系統銷售、特許權及其他」分類收入及 業績已作重列以符合本年度之分類報 告。

經營及可報告分類之會計政策與附註3 所述之本集團會計政策相同。分類業績 指各分類所賺取之除稅前溢利(虧損), 不包括利息收入、財務成本、及未分配 之收入與開支(如中央行政成本及董事 薪酬等)。此乃向本公司執行董事一主 要經營決策者一報告之計量方式,以供 其作出資源分配及分類表現評估。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

# 6. 營業額及分類資料-續

continued

# (b) Segment information - continued

Information regarding the above segments is reported

# (b) 分類資料-續

有關上述分類資料呈報如下:

		Systems sales and licensing 系統銷售 及特許權 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasing of systems products 租賃系統 產品 HK\$'000	Sales of cultural products 銷售文化 產品 HK\$'000	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 30 June 2013	截至二零一三年 六月三十日止年度				
TURNOVER External and total revenue	營業額 對外銷售及總收入	1,453,170	24,806	475,418	1,953,394
RESULTS Segment result	業績 分類業績	57,138	1,260	32,885	91,283
Interest income Finance costs Unallocated expenses, net	利息收入 財務成本 未分配開支-淨額				5,021 (1,837) (11,579)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利				82,888
Year ended 30 June 2012	截至二零一二年 六月三十日止年度				
TURNOVER External and total revenue	營業額 對外銷售及總收入	1,319,830	23,222	86,229	1,429,281
RESULTS Segment result	業績 分類業績	90,376	1,503	(1,789)	90,090
Interest income Finance costs Unallocated expenses, net	利息收入 財務成本 未分配開支-淨額				4,875 (814) (14,139)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利				80,012

# 6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 6. 營業額及分類資料-續

continued

# (b) Segment information – continued

# (b) 分類資料-續

		Systems sales and licensing 系統銷售 及特許權 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasing of systems products 租賃系統 產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Sales of cultural products 銷售文化 產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 30 June 2013	截至二零一三年 六月三十日止年度				
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss:	用於計量分類溢利或 虧損之金額:				
Amortisation and depreciation Impairment losses recognised for deposits and prepaid	攤銷及折舊 就按金及預付開發 成本所確認之 減值虧損	522,964	2,940	-	525,904
development costs Loss on disposal of	出售物業、廠房及	157,656	-	-	157,656
property, plant and equipment	設備之虧損	48	-	_	48
Year ended 30 June 2012	截至二零一二年 六月三十日止年度				
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss:	用於計量分類溢利或 虧損之金額:				
Amortisation and depreciation Impairment losses	攤銷及折舊 就按金及預付開發	427,849	1,424	_	429,273
recognised for deposits and prepaid development costs	成本所確認之 減值虧損	104,174	_	_	104,174
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備之收益	(8)	-	-	(8)

No assets and liabilities are included in segment reporting as they are not regularly reviewed by the executive directors of the Company.

由於本公司執行董事未有就資產及負債 作出定期審閱,故未有將其納入於分類 報告內計量。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 6. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### continued

# (c) Geographical information

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue and non-current assets by location of customers and by location of assets respectively:

# 6. 營業額及分類資料-續

# (c) 地區資料

本集團分別按客戶及資產所在地劃分之 收入及非流動資產分析載列於下表:

		Revenue 收入			ent assets 助資產
		Year ende		As at 3	
		截至六月三 2013	十日止年度 2012	於六月 <b>2013</b>	二十月 2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	— ₹ <u>—</u> † HK\$'000	HK\$'000	— ₹ <u>—</u> † HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), including	中華人民共和國 (「中國」),包括				
Hong Kong and Macau	香港及澳門	1,295,357	976,362	1,999,847	2,386,689
Europe (mainly United	歐洲(主要為英國				
Kingdom and Germany)	及德國)	491,769	354,546	41,212	43,046
Others	其他	166,268	98,373	1,781	2,045
		1,953,394	1,429,281	2,042,840	2,431,780

#### 7. OTHER INCOME

Included in other income is interest income of HK\$5,021,000 (2012: HK\$4,875,000).

# 7. 其他收入

其他收入包括利息收入5,021,000港元(二零 一二年:4,875,000港元)。

#### 8. FINANCE COSTS

# 8. 財務成本

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank borrowings and overdrafts wholly repayable within five years	須於五年內悉數償還之 銀行借貸及透支之利息	1,837	814

# 9. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

# 9. 除税前溢利

	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after		
Directors' remuneration 董事酬金	3,377	3,434
Staff costs 僱員成本	83,125	85,054
Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利計劃供款		
other than directors' (董事除外)	6,661	3,693
Total staff costs 僱員成本總額	93,163	92,181
Total staff Costs	93,103	32,101
Amortisation on development costs for systems and 系統及網絡開發成本之攤銷 networks, included in cost of sales (計入銷售成本內)	514,495	418,847
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, 物業、廠房及設備之折舊		
included in general and administrative expenses (計入一般及行政支出內)	11,409	10,426
Total amortisation and depreciation 攤銷及折舊總額	525,904	429,273
Auditor's remuneration 核數師酬金	2,483	2,364
Auditor's remuneration 核數師酬金 Cost of inventories recognised as expense 已確認為支出之存貨成本	988,084	575,242
Minimum lease payments paid under operating 按照經營租賃已付之	000,001	070,212
leases in respect of: 最低租賃付款額包括:		
Rented premises                  租賃物業	2,638	2,613
Motor vehicles 汽車 Net foreign exchange loss 匯兑虧損淨額	3,247 641	3,355 892
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment 出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	48	092
Loos on stopoods of proporty, plant and oquipmont 山口切木 刷历及欧阳之崖原	40	
and after crediting: 及已計入:		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	-	8

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 9. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION – continued

Information regarding directors', chief executive's and employees' emoluments:

#### **Directors**

Year ended 30 June 2013

# 9. 除税前溢利-續

有關董事、主要行政人員與僱員酬金之資料:

董事

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HKS'000 千港元	Performance related incentive payments 按工作表現 發放之獎金 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total directors' emoluments 董事 酬金總額 HKS'000 千港元
Executive directors Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok Mr. Lai Yat Kwong	<b>執行董事</b> 簡文樂教授 黎日光先生	- -	57 57	2,500 –	- 3	2,557 60
Non-executive directors Mr. Leo Kan Kin Leung Mr. Frank Bleackley Prof. Julia Tsuei Jo Ms. Miranda Ho Mo Han Mr. Paul Michael James Kirby	非執行董事 簡堅良先生 Frank Bleackley先生 崔玖教授 何慕嫻女士 Paul Michael James Kirby先生	5 50 50 50	20 50 50 50	- - - -	- - - -	25 100 100 100
(resigned with effect from 1 January 2013) (Note b) Ms. Shirley Ha Suk Ling	(其辭任於二零一三年一月一日 起生效)(附註b) 夏淑玲女士	25 5 185	390 15 689	2,500	- - 3	415 20 3,377

Year ended 30 June 2012

截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HK\$*000 千港元	Performance related incentive payments 按工作表現 發放之獎金 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total directors' emoluments 董事 酬金總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok	<b>執行董事</b> 簡文樂教授		57	2,500	2	2,559
Mr. Lai Yat Kwong	黎日光先生	_	57	2,500	3	60
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Mr. Leo Kan Kin Leung	簡堅良先生	5	20	-	-	25
Mr. Frank Bleackley	Frank Bleackley先生	50	50	-	-	100
Prof. Julia Tsuei Jo	崔玖教授	50	50	-	-	100
Ms. Miranda Ho Mo Han	何慕嫻女士	50	50	-	-	100
Mr. Paul Michael James Kirby	Paul Michael James Kirby先生	50	420	-	-	470
Ms. Shirley Ha Suk Ling	夏淑玲女士	5	15	-	-	20
		210	719	2,500	5	3,434

#### 9. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION – continued

#### **Directors** – continued

Note a: The performance related incentive payment is discretionary as recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company having regard to the Group's financial results and the performance of the directors.

Note b: The director fee of Mr. Paul Michael James Kirby was for services rendered by him as the director before his resignation. The salaries and other benefits include the consultancy fee for his services rendered during the years.

Mr. Lai Yat Kwong is the Chief Executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the Chief Executive.

#### **Employees**

The five highest paid individuals of the Group include one (2012: one) director of the Company. Details of the emoluments of that director for the year ended 30 June 2013 are set out above. The aggregate emoluments of the remaining four (2012: four) highest paid employees of the Group, not being directors of the Company, are as follows:

# 9. 除税前溢利-續

#### 董事-續

所註a: 按工作表現發放之獎金屬酌情性質,由本公司之薪酬委員會建議,並參考本集團業績及董事工作表現而釐定。

附註b: Paul Michael James Kirby先生之董事袍金乃 就彼於辭任董事前所提供服務之付款。該等 薪金及其他福利包括彼於過往年份所提供服 務之顧問費。

黎日光先生為本公司行政總裁,其上述披露之酬金包括其履行行政總裁職務之薪酬。

#### 僱員

本集團五名最高薪人士當中包括一名(二零一二年:一名)本公司董事。該名董事於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度之酬金詳情載於上文。本集團其餘四名(二零一二年:四名)最高薪僱員(並非本公司董事)之酬金總額如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits Performance related incentive payments Retirement benefit scheme contributions	薪金及其他福利 按工作表現發放之獎金 退休福利計劃供款	5,151 697 541	5,172 439 388
		6,389	5,999

Emoluments of these employees were within the following bands:

此等僱員之酬金介乎下列範圍:

		Number of employee(s) 僱員人數		
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	
HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000	1,000,001港元-1,500,000港元 1,500,001港元-2,000,000港元	1 3	3 1	

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 10. TAXATION CREDIT

# 10. 税項抵免

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
The credit comprises:	税項抵免包括:		
Deferred taxation (note 24)	遞延税項(附註24)	_	(167)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits derived from Hong Kong. No provision for taxation has been made as the Group's income neither arises in, nor is derived from Hong Kong. Taxation in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

The low effective tax rate is attributable to the fact that a substantial portion of the Group's profit neither arises in, nor is derived from, Hong Kong and is accordingly not subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax and such profit is either exempt from Macau income tax or not subject to taxation in any other jurisdictions.

The tax credit for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

香港利得税乃以源自香港之估計應課税溢利按 16.5%(二零一二年:16.5%)之税率計算。由 於本集團之收入既非於香港賺取,亦非源自香 港,故並未作出税項撥備。其他司法地區之税 項乃按個別司法地區各自採用之税率計算。

實際税率偏低之原因為本集團大部分溢利既非於香港賺取,亦非源自香港,故毋須繳納香港利得稅,而此等溢利已獲豁免於澳門所得稅或毋須於其他司法地區繳納任何稅項。

本年度之税項抵免與綜合損益及其他全面收益 表之除税前溢利對賬如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	82,888	80,012
Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%)	按香港利得税率16.5% (二零一二年:16.5%) 計算之税項	13,676	13,202
Tax effect of profit exempted or not subject to taxation in other jurisdictions  Tax effect of income not taxable for	於其他司法地區獲豁免繳稅或 毋須課稅溢利之稅務影響 毋須就稅務目的繳稅之收入	(39,297)	(14,290)
tax purposes Tax effect of expenses not deductible for	之税務影響 不可就税務目的扣減之開支	(2,168)	(2,123)
tax purposes Utilisation of tax loss previously not recognised Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	之税務影響 動用過往未確認之税項虧損 未確認之税項虧損之税務影響	27,056 (519) 1,252	1,909 (109) 1,244
Taxation credit for the year	本年度之税項抵免	-	(167)

#### 11. DIVIDENDS

#### 11. 股息

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
2013 final dividend proposed in scrip form equivalent to HK0.1 cent (2012: HK0.2 cents) per share, with a cash option 2013 interim dividend paid in scrip form equivalent to HK0.2 cents (2012: HK0.2 cents) per share,	按以股代息方式派發相等於每股 0.1港仙(二零一二年:0.2港仙) 之二零一三年度擬派末期股息, 可選擇現金 按以股代息方式派發相等於每股 0.2港仙(二零一二年:0.2港仙) 之二零一三年度已付中期股息,	7,516	15,009
with a cash option	可選擇現金	15,021	14,997
		22,537	30,006

The proposed final dividend for 2013 is calculated on the basis of 7,516,029,531 shares (2012: 7,504,575,951 shares) in issue on 30 June 2013.

#### 12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$81,968,000 (2012: HK\$80,474,000) and on the weighted average number of shares of 7,507,641,000 shares (2012: 7,495,929,000 shares) in issue.

No diluted earnings per share is presented for the years ended 30 June 2013 and 2012 as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue during both years.

二零一三年度擬派末期股息乃按二零一三年六月三十日之已發行股份7,516,029,531股(二零一二年:7,504,575,951股)計算。

#### 12. 每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本年度本公司擁有人應佔溢利81,968,000港元(二零一二年:80,474,000港元)及已發行之加權平均股份數目7,507,641,000股(二零一二年:7,495,929,000股)計算。

由於兩年內並無潛在攤薄普通股,因此於截至 二零一三年及二零一二年六月三十日止年度內 並未呈列經攤薄每股盈利。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery and telecommunications networks 廠房與機器 及電信網絡 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST At 1 July 2011 Currency realignment Additions Disposals	成本值 於二零一一年七月一日 匯兑調整 添置 出售	20,172 (673) –	333,376 (10,938) 10,360 (623)	353,548 (11,611) 10,360 (623)
At 30 June 2012 Currency realignment Additions Disposals	於二零一二年六月三十日 匯兑調整 添置 出售	19,499 (412) - -	332,175 (7,305) 10,306 (487)	351,674 (7,717) 10,306 (487)
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	19,087	334,689	353,776
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT At 1 July 2011 Currency realignment Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals	折舊及減值 於二零一一年七月一日 匯兑調整 年內撥備 出售時撇除	5,546 (251) 435 –	299,446 (9,742) 9,991 (524)	304,992 (9,993) 10,426 (524)
At 30 June 2012 Currency realignment Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals	於二零一二年六月三十日 匯兑調整 年內撥備 出售時撇除	5,730 (140) 418	299,171 (6,740) 10,991 (427)	304,901 (6,880) 11,409 (427)
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	6,008	302,995	309,003
CARRYING VALUES At 30 June 2013	賬面值 於二零一三年六月三十日	13,079	31,694	44,773
At 30 June 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日	13,769	33,004	46,773

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

# 13. 物業、廠房及設備-續

continued

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
The carrying values of the Group's property interests comprise:	本集團之物業權益賬面值 包括:		
Freehold properties held outside Hong Kong Properties held outside Hong Kong under	於香港以外地區持有永久業權 之物業 於香港以外地區持有長期契約	12,939	13,586
long leases (Note)	之物業(附註)	140	183
		13,079	13,769

Note: Owner-occupied leasehold land is included in property, plant and equipment as the allocations between the land and buildings elements cannot be made reliably.

附註: 由於土地及樓宇成分不能可靠地劃分,擁有 人佔用之租賃土地已計入物業、廠房及設備。

At 30 June 2013, certain land and buildings of the Group with a carrying value of HK\$7,871,000 (2012: HK\$8,128,000) were pledged to a bank as security for banking facilities granted to the Group.

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團賬面值為 7.871.000港元(二零一二年:8.128.000港元) 之若干土地及樓宇已抵押予銀行,作為本集團 獲得銀行融資之擔保。

The Group leased equipment to customers on operating lease terms. The carrying value of such equipment, which was included in plant and machinery and telecommunications networks, was as follows:

本集團按經營租賃方式租賃設備予客戶。有關 設備之賬面值已計入廠房與機器及電信網絡 內,現載列如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer equipment at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	客戶設備,按成本值 減:累計折舊	75,236 (74,339)	77,109 (76,084)
Carrying value	賬面值	897	1,025

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 14. DEVELOPMENT COSTS FOR SYSTEMS AND 14. 系統及網絡開發成本 NETWORKS

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本值		
At beginning of the year	年初	3,702,006	3,132,564
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	439	(22)
Additions	添置	-	181,024
Transferred from deposits and	撥自按金及		
prepaid development costs	預付開發成本	885,612	388,440
At end of the year	年結	4,588,057	3,702,006
AMORTISATION	攤銷		
At beginning of the year	年初	2,526,110	2,107,263
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	84	_
Provided for the year	年內撥備	514,495	418,847
At end of the year	年結	3,040,689	2,526,110
CARRYING VALUE	<b>賬面值</b>	1 547 000	1 175 000
At end of the year	年結	1,547,368	1,175,896

Development costs for systems and networks include all direct costs incurred in setting up and development of systems and networks. The Group's development costs for systems and networks are amortised over the estimated economic useful lives of a maximum of five years.

During the year, the management conducted a review of the Group's development costs for systems and networks in light of the current market condition. The value in use was determined based on the estimated future cash flows discounted at a rate ranging from 10% to 20% (2012: 10%) per annum. No impairment was recognised after management's assessment on individual systems and networks for both years.

系統及網絡開發成本包括設立及開發系統及網絡之所有直接成本。本集團之系統及網絡之開發成本按估計可使用年期(最多五年)予以攤銷。

年內,管理層基於當前市況對本集團之系統及網絡開發成本進行審閱。使用價值乃根據估計未來現金流按年利率介乎10%至20%(二零一二年:10%)貼現後釐定。管理層對該兩個年度內之個別系統及網絡進行評估後並無確認減值。

#### 15. GOODWILL

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the following cash generating unit ("CGU"):

#### 15. 商譽

業務合併所收購之商譽乃於收購時分配至下列 變現單位(「變現單位」):

> 2013 & 2012 二零一三年及 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元

Provision of e-lottery services (included in the systems sales and licensing segment)

提供電子彩票服務 (已計入系統銷售及特許權分類)

36,795

For each of the years ended 30 June 2013 and 2012, management of the Group determines that there was no impairment of its CGU containing goodwill.

The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined from value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rate, growth rate and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the period. Management estimates discount rate using pre-tax rate that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU. The growth rate is based on industry growth forecasts. Changes in selling prices and direct costs are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market.

During the year, the Group performed impairment review for goodwill based on cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets and projected for the next three (2012: three) years based on remaining life of respective license, taken into account renewed license period, and discounted at a rate of 20% (2012: 20%) per annum which reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU. Since the recoverable amount of CGU exceeded the carrying amount, no impairment loss was considered necessary.

# 16. DEPOSITS AND PREPAID DEVELOPMENT COSTS

During the year, the management conducted a review of the Group's deposits and prepaid development costs in light of the delayed commencement of certain Technology Projects and determined that certain deposits and prepaid development costs were impaired based on the estimated recoverable amounts with reference to their values in use. The values in use were determined based on the estimated future cash flows discounted at a rate at 20% (2012: 10% to 20%) per annum. Based on the value in use estimation, management has determined an impairment loss of HK\$157,656,000 (2012: HK\$104,174,000) to be recognised during the year.

截至二零一三年及二零一二年六月三十日止各年度,本集團管理層確定,其任何包含商譽之 變現單位並無減值。

變現單位之可收回金額乃以使用價值計算方法 釐定。使用價值計算法之主要假設涉及期內之 貼現率、增長率以及售價及直接成本之預期變 動。管理層使用可反映當前市場所評估之現金 時值及變現單位之特定風險之稅前利率對貼現 率作出估算。增長率以行業增長預測為基準。 售價及直接成本之變動以過往慣例及預期之未 來市場變動為基準。

年內,本集團源自管理層最近期財務預算並根據有關特許權剩餘年期(計及特許期後續訂更新)所估計之未來三年(二零一二年:三年)現金流預測,並使用可反映當前市場評估之現金時值及變現單位特定風險每年20%(二零一二年:20%)之貼現率,對商譽進行減值審閱。由於變現單位之可收回金額高於其賬面值,本集團認為毋須作出減值虧損。

#### 16. 按金及預付開發成本

年內,管理層因應若干科技項目延遲開展而對本集團之按金及預付開發成本進行審閱,並按參考其使用價值估計之可收回金額釐定若干按金及預付開發成本出現減值。使用價值乃根據估計未來現金流按年率20%(二零一二年:10%至20%)貼現釐定。根據使用價值預測,管理層認為於年內確認之減值虧損為157,656,000港元(二零一二年:104,174,000港元)。

# 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 17. INVENTORIES

# 17. 存貨

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	原料 在製品 製成品	11,957 4,909 7,657	12,907 2,443 5,258
		24,523	20,608

#### 18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 18. 應收貿易及其他賬款

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Advances to suppliers Other receivables	應收貿易賬款 預繳供應商款項 應收其他賬款	460,680 790,547 32,910	374,118 406,526 28,376
		1,284,137	809,020

The Group maintains a well-defined credit policy regarding its trade customers depending on their credit worthiness, nature of services and products, industry practice and condition of the market with credit period ranging from 30 days to 180 days. The advances to suppliers and other receivables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and refundable, and are expected to be realised in the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

The aged analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本集團就其貿易客戶實行明確之信貸政策。根據彼等之信用、服務及貨品之性質、行內規範及市場情況而給予客戶介乎30日至180日之信貸期。預繳供應商款項及應收其他賬款並無抵押、不計息及可退還,並預計於報告期完結後十二個月內兑現。

應收貿易賬款於報告期完結時根據發票日期之 賬齡分析呈列如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 60 days 61 – 90 days 91 – 180 days	0-60日 61-90日 91-180日	293,309 91,953 75,418	157,067 118,731 98,320
		460,680	374,118

#### 18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – continued

Before accepting any new customer, the Group's finance and sales management team would assess the potential customer's credit quality and define credit limits for the customers. Limits attributable to customers are reviewed regularly with reference to past settlement history. The Group's finance and sales management team considers trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired to be of a good credit quality as continuous repayments have been received.

#### 19. DEPOSITS, BANK BALANCES AND CASH

The deposits, bank balances and cash comprises short-term deposits with maturity of three months or less and cash held by the Group. The deposits and bank balances carry interest at an average rate of 0.45% (2012: 0.40%) per annum.

Certain bank balances and cash of HK\$17,846,000 (2012: HK\$7,422,000) were denominated in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is not freely convertible currency in the international market. The exchange rate of RMB is determined by the Government of the PRC and the remittance of these funds out of the PRC is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the Government of the PRC.

#### 20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

As at 30 June 2013, the balance of trade and other payables included trade payables of HK\$12,191,000 (2012: HK\$9,737,000). The aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

#### 18. 應收貿易及其他賬款 - 續

於接納任何新客戶前,本集團之財務及銷售管理團隊會評估潛在客戶之信貸質素,並界定客戶之信貸額。賦予客戶之信貸額會參考過往結算記錄定期進行審閱。因客戶持續償還款項,本集團之財務及銷售管理團隊認為未逾期或未減值之應收貿易賬款具備良好信貸質素。

#### 19. 存款、銀行結餘及現金

存款、銀行結餘及現金包括到期日為三個月或 以內之短期存款及本集團持有之現金。存款及 銀行結餘按平均年利率0.45厘(二零一二年: 0.40厘)計息。

為數17,846,000港元(二零一二年:7,422,000港元)之若干銀行結餘及現金乃以人民幣(「人民幣」)計值,而人民幣並非可於國際市場自由兑換之貨幣。人民幣匯率由中國政府釐定,由中國匯出該等資金須受中國政府實施之外匯管制所規限。

#### 20. 應付貿易及其他賬款

於二零一三年六月三十日,應付貿易及其他賬款之結餘包括12,191,000港元(二零一二年:9,737,000港元)之應付貿易賬款。應付貿易賬款於報告期完結時根據發票日期之賬齡分析呈列如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 60 days 61 – 90 days 91 – 180 days > 180 days	0 - 60日 61 - 90日 91 - 180日 > 180日	11,906 71 4 210	9,454 90 73 120
		12,191	9,737

The credit period for purchases of goods ranged from 30 days to 60 days.

Other payables mainly represent receipt in advance and accruals.

購買貨品之信貸期介乎30日至60日。

應付其他賬款主要為預收款項及預提費用。

#### 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 21. WARRANTY PROVISION

#### 21. 保養撥備

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July Currency realignment Provided during the year Utilised during the year	於七月一日 匯兑調整 年內撥備 年內已動用	1,229 37 1,083 (1,103)	1,445 (174) 1,136 (1,178)
At 30 June	於六月三十日	1,246	1,229

The warranty provision represents the management's best estimate of the Group's liability under 12-month warranties granted on manufactured products, based on prior experience and industry average for defective products.

保養撥備指管理層根據過往經驗及業內對有瑕 疵產品之慣常做法,就給予製成品十二個月保 養期而對本集團責任承擔作出之最佳評估。

#### 22. BANK BORROWINGS

#### 22. 銀行借貸

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank borrowings comprise the following:	銀行借貸包括:		
Bank loans Secured (Note) Unsecured	銀行貸款 已抵押(附註) 無抵押	21,708 3,000	25,870 3,000
		24,708	28,870

Note: The bank loans are secured by the Group's land and buildings with carrying value of HK\$7,871,000 (2012: HK\$8,128,000).

附註:銀行貸款以本集團賬面值為7,871,000港元 (二零一二年:8,128,000港元)之土地及樓宇 作抵押。

#### 22. BANK BORROWINGS - continued

The above bank loans bear variable interest ranging from 2.3% to 3.0% (2012: 1.3% to 3.2%) per annum.

#### 22. 銀行借貸-續

上述銀行貸款按介乎2.3厘至3.0厘(二零一二年:1.3厘至3.2厘)之浮動年利率計息。

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount repayable:	須償還賬面值:		
On demand or within one year After one year but within two years After two years but within five years	按通知或一年內 一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內	7,719 4,247 12,742	28,870 - -
Less: Amount due within one year included in current liabilities	減:計入流動負債之一年內 到期金額	24,708 (7,719)	28,870 (28,870)
Amount due after one year	一年後到期金額	16,989	(20,0.0)

As at 30 June 2013 and 2012, a corporate guarantee was provided by Champion to a bank in respect of banking facilities granted to the Group.

於二零一三年及二零一二年六月三十日,冠軍 就本集團所獲授銀行融資向銀行作出公司擔 保。

#### 23. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

#### **Defined contribution scheme**

Certain subsidiaries of the Company participate in a retirement benefit scheme covering a portion of their employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of independent trustees.

Commencing from December 2000, the Group enrolled all eligible employees in Hong Kong into a mandatory provident fund (the "MPF") scheme. The retirement benefit cost of the MPF scheme charged to the profit or loss represents contributions to the MPF scheme by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the MPF scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of government-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the respective local government in the PRC. The Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

During the year, retirement benefit scheme contributions paid for the above scheme amounted to HK\$685,000 (2012: HK\$609,000).

# 23. 退休福利計劃 定額供款計劃

本公司旗下若干附屬公司為部分僱員設立退休 福利計劃。該項計劃之資產與本集團之資產分 開持有,並存於由獨立受託人控制之基金內。

自二零零零年十二月起,本集團規定所有香港 合資格僱員參與強制性公積金(「強積金」)計 劃。於損益扣除之強積金計劃退休福利成本指 本集團按強積金計劃規則指定之比率對強積金 計劃作出之供款。

本集團於中國之附屬公司僱員均為由中國各地 方政府運行之政府管理退休福利計劃成員。本 集團須向退休福利計劃作出指定百分比之薪金 成本供款以撥付福利所需。本集團就退休福利 計劃之唯一責任為作出指定供款。

年內,就上述計劃已支付之退休福利計劃供款 為685,000港元(二零一二年:609,000港元)。

#### 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 23. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES – continued Defined benefit scheme

Certain subsidiaries of the Company operate a selfadministered and funded pension scheme. The scheme provides defined pension benefits with reference to the final salary of the members at retirement and their length of service. The scheme is closed to new members.

The contributions which are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit credit method are charged to the profit or loss. Under the scheme, the employees are entitled to a pension between 1.67% and 2.50% of final salary for each year of pensionable service at an age of 65. No other post-retirement benefits are provided. The most recent actuarial valuations of scheme assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligations were carried out at 31 December 2011 by Ms. Alison Bostock, Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries, and were updated to 30 June 2013 by Mr. Adam Stanley for the accounting reporting purpose. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments and the rates of increase in salaries, pensions and share dividends.

The main actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

#### **23.** 退休福利計劃 — 續 定額福利計劃

本公司旗下若干附屬公司設立自行管理之退休 金計劃。上述計劃按僱員於退休時之最終薪金 及其服務年期所提供之定額退休福利。此計劃 不接受新成員參與。

根據合資格精算師每三年按預計單位貸記法估值釐定之供款於損益扣除。根據該計劃,僱員一般於年滿65歲時,就每年提供可獲退休金之服務獲得介乎最終薪金1.67%至2.50%之退休金。本集團並無提供其他退休後福利。最近之計劃資產精算估值及定額福利承擔現值於二零一一年十二月三十一日由精算學會資深會士Alison Bostock女士進行,並已於二零一三年六月三十日由Adam Stanley先生更新,以便進行會計申報事宜。對估值結果最具影響之假設為有關投資回報率及薪金、退休金與股息之升幅。

所用主要精算假設如下:

		At 30 June 2013 於二零一三年 六月三十日	At 30 June 2012 於二零一二年 六月三十日
Discount rate	貼現率	4.60%	4.30%
Expected return on scheme assets	預期計劃資產回報	6.50%	5.60%
Expected rate of salary increase	預期薪金升幅	3.40%	2.90%
Future pension increases	未來退休金升幅	3.20%	2.90%

The actuarial valuation updated to 30 June 2013 by Mr. Adam Stanley showed that the market value of the scheme assets was HK\$289,929,000 (2012: HK\$284,899,000) and that the actuarial value of these assets represented 76% (2012: 72%) of the benefits that had accrued to members. A shortfall of HK\$9,269,000 (2012: HK\$20,739,000) in 2013, which was the excess of net unrecognised actuarial losses over the greater of 10% of the fair value of scheme assets and 10% of the present value of funded obligations, is to be cleared over the estimated remaining service period of current membership of 10 years.

根據Adam Stanley先生更新至二零一三年六月三十日之精算估值顯示,計劃資產之市值為289,929,000港元(二零一二年:284,899,000港元),而該等資產之精算價值為參與僱員應得福利之76%(二零一二年:72%)。於二零一三年為數9,269,000港元(二零一二年:20,739,000港元)之缺額,即未確認精算虧損淨額高於計劃資產公平價值之10%或資金承擔現值之10%(以較高者為準)之數額,於現職僱員之預計剩餘服務年期(以10年估計)內清還。

#### **23. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES** – continued

#### **Defined benefit scheme** – continued

Amounts recognised in profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit pension scheme are as follows:

#### 23. 退休福利計劃-續

定額福利計劃-續

就定額福利退休計劃於損益中確認之金額如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current service cost Interest on obligation Expected return on scheme assets Net actuarial loss	現行服務成本 承擔之利息 計劃資產之預期回報 精算虧損淨額	2,013 17,064 (15,885) 2,787	2,941 19,055 (18,907)
		5,979	3,089

The charge for the year has been included in cost of sales.

本年度支出已計入銷售成本。

The amount included in the consolidated statement of financial position arising from the Group's obligations in respect of its defined benefit pension scheme is as follows:

因本集團之定額福利退休計劃承擔而產生之金額已計入綜合財務狀況表,載述如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value of scheme assets Present value of funded obligations Net unrecognised actuarial loss	計劃資產之公平價值 資金承擔之現值 未確認之精算虧損淨額	289,929 (383,701) 47,639	284,899 (395,585) 60,297
		(46,133)	(50,389)

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

定額福利承擔之現值變動如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of the year	年初	395,585	354,616
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	(9,417)	(12,242)
Service cost	服務成本	2,013	2,941
Interest cost	利息成本	17,064	19,055
Actuarial (gain) loss	精算(收益)虧損	(10,091)	43,486
Contributions	供款	1,670	1,347
Benefits paid	所付福利	(13,123)	(13,618)
At end of the year	年結	383,701	395,585

#### 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 23. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES – continued

#### **Defined benefit scheme** – continued

Movements in the fair value of scheme assets are as follows:

#### 23. 退休福利計劃—續 定額福利計劃—續 計劃資產之公平價值變動如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of the year Currency realignment Expected return on scheme assets Actuarial gain Contributions	年初 匯兑調整 計劃資產之預期回報 精算收益 供款	284,899 (7,332) 15,885 1,571 8,029	273,552 (8,993) 18,907 1,384 13,667
Benefits paid  At end of the year	所付福利 年結	(13,123)	(13,618)

The fair value of the scheme assets and the expected rate of return at the end of the reporting period is analysed as follows:

計劃資產於報告期完結時之公平價值及預期回報率分析如下:

			ate of return 回報率 2012 二零一二年		i plan assets 2公平價值 2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity instruments Debt instruments Other assets	權益工具 債務工具 其他資產	6.50% 3.50% 0.50%	5.90% 2.90% 0.50%	255,773 31,407 2,749	251,497 32,265 1,137
				289,929	284,899

The overall expected rate of return of assets held is 6.1% (2012: 5.6%). The overall expected rate of return is a weighted average of the expected returns of the various categories of scheme assets held. The assumptions used in determining the overall expected return of the scheme have been set with reference to yields available on government bonds and appropriate risk margins.

The actual return on scheme assets was HK\$17,456,000 (2012: HK\$20,291,000).

所持資產之整體預期回報率為6.1%(二零一二年:5.6%)。整體預期回報率為所持有不同類別之計劃資產預期回報之加權平均數。用於釐定計劃之整體預期回報之假設乃參照政府債券之收益率及適當風險限額設定。

計劃資產之實際回報為17,456,000港元(二零 一二年:20,291,000港元)。

#### 23. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES – continued

**Defined benefit scheme** – continued

The history of the scheme for the current and prior periods is as follows:

# **23.** 退休福利計劃 - 續 定額福利計劃 - 續

此計劃於本期間及過往期間之記錄如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of scheme assets	定額福利承擔 之現值 計劃資產之公平價值	383,701 (289,929)	395,585 (284,899)	354,616 (273,552)	328,404 (223,371)	303,635 (210,234)
Deficit	虧絀	93,772	110,686	81,064	105,033	93,401
Experience adjustments on scheme liabilities	計劃負債之過往調整	(10,091)	43,486	(4,510)	40,440	11,059
Experience adjustments on scheme assets	計劃資產之過往 調整	(1,571)	(1,384)	20,834	16,112	(16,964)

#### 24. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following is the deferred taxation liability recognised and movement thereon:

#### 24. 遞延税項

已確認之遞延税項負債及其變動載列如下:

		加速税 2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000	二零一三年	
Balance at beginning of the year Currency realignment	年初結餘 匯兑調整	千港元 - -	千港元 169 (2)	
Credit to profit or loss  Balance at end of the year	計入損益 年結結餘		(167)	

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$54,556,000 (2012: HK\$50,108,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. These tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於報告期完結時,本集團有未動用之稅項虧損約54,556,000港元(二零一二年:50,108,000港元),可用作抵銷日後之溢利。由於未能預計日後之溢利來源,故並無確認遞延稅項資產。此等稅項虧損可無限期承前結轉。

#### 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 25. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 25. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目 '000 以千股計	<b>Amount</b> <b>金額</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised share capital of HK\$0.1 each:	每股面值0.1港元之法定股本:		
Balance at 1 July 2011, 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2013	於二零一一年七月一日、 二零一二年六月三十日及 二零一三年六月三十日之結餘	12,000,000	1,200,000
Issued and fully paid share capital of HK\$0.1 each:	每股面值0.1港元之已發行及 繳足股本:		
Balance at 1 July 2011	於二零一一年七月一日之結餘	7,492,523	749,253
Issue of shares as 2011 final scrip dividend Issue of shares as 2012	以股代息發行股份作為 二零一一年末期股息 以股代息發行股份作為	6,208	621
interim scrip dividend	二零一二年中期股息	5,845	584
Balance at 30 June 2012 and 1 July 2012 Issue of shares as 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日及 二零一二年七月一日之結餘	7,504,576	750,458
final scrip dividend  Issue of shares as 2012	以股代息發行股份作為 二零一二年末期股息 以股代息發行股份作為	5,978	598
interim scrip dividend	二零一三年中期股息	5,475	547
Balance at 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日之結餘	7,516,029	751,603

During the year, the following changes in the share capital of the Company took place:

- (a) In February 2013, 5,977,859 shares of HK\$0.1 each were issued at a price of HK\$0.1 per share upon election by shareholders to receive shares in the Company in lieu of the 2012 final dividend in cash, pursuant to the scrip dividend scheme as detailed in a circular dated 11 January 2013; and
- (b) In May 2013, 5,475,721 shares of HK\$0.1 each were issued at a price of HK\$0.1 per share upon election by shareholders to receive shares in the Company in lieu of the 2013 interim dividend in cash, pursuant to the scrip dividend scheme as detailed in a circular dated 16 April 2013.

All shares issued rank pari passu with the then existing shares in issue in all respects.

年內,本公司之股本變動載於下文:

- (a) 於二零一三年二月,股東選擇按日期為 二零一三年一月十一日之通函所詳述之 以股代息計劃,以本公司股份代替現金 收取二零一二年末期股息後,本公司按 每股0.1港元之價格發行5,977,859股每 股面值0.1港元之股份;及
- (b) 於二零一三年五月,股東選擇按日期為 二零一三年四月十六日之通函所詳述之 以股代息計劃,以本公司股份代替現金 收取二零一三年中期股息後,本公司按 每股0.1港元之價格發行5,475,721股每 股面值0.1港元之股份。

所有據此發行之股份在各方面與當時現有已發 行股份享有同等權益。

#### **26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

Each of the Company, Champion, and a fellow subsidiary, DIGITALHONGKONG.COM ("Digital HK"), has a share option scheme under which eligible persons, including directors of the Company, Champion, Digital HK or any of their respective subsidiaries, may be granted options to subscribe for shares of the Company, Champion and Digital HK respectively.

#### (i) The Company

On 29 November 2002, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme"). The purpose of the Scheme was to attract and to retain quality personnel and to provide them with incentive to contribute to the business and operation of the Group. The Scheme expired on 28 November 2012 and the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") on 30 November 2012 on terms similar to the Scheme. Under the New Scheme, the directors of the Company may grant options to any eligible persons of the Group, including directors, employees, consultants, advisors in respect of business and operation of the Company, its subsidiaries or affiliates or any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects include the aforesaid persons or a company beneficially owned by the aforesaid persons as well as customers and suppliers of the Group, to subscribe for shares of the Company. An option granted is exercisable at any time for a period determined by the directors of the Company which should not be more than ten years from the date of grant, where the acceptance date should not be later than 21 days after the date of offer.

The exercise price per share (subject to adjustment as provided therein) of the option granted under the New Scheme is equal to the highest of (i) the nominal value of the shares; (ii) the closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant. The maximum number of shares in respect of which the options may be granted under the New Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of approval of the New Scheme. The total maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options must not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any one grantee in any 12-month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue on the last date of such 12-month period, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. No option under the Scheme and the New Scheme has been granted since their adoption.

#### 26. 購股權計劃

本公司、冠軍及同系附屬公司數碼香港(「數碼香港」)各設有購股權計劃,據此,合資格人士(包括本公司、冠軍、數碼香港或其各自之任何附屬公司之董事)可獲授購股權以分別認購本公司、冠軍及數碼香港之股份。

#### (i) 本公司

於二零零二年十一月二十九日,本公司 採納一項購股權計劃(「計劃」)。計劃之 目的在於吸納及留聘優秀人員,並獎勵 彼等對本集團業務及營運作出之貢獻。 該計劃於二零一二年十一月二十八日屆 滿及本公司於二零一二年十一月三十日 採納另一項購股權計劃(「新計劃」),其 條款與計劃相近。根據新計劃,本公司 董事可向本集團任何合資格人士授出購 股權,包括向涉及本公司、其附屬公司 或聯屬公司業務及營運之董事、僱員、 顧問、諮詢人,或任何全權信託而其受 益人包括任何上述人士,或由上述人士 實益擁有之公司,以及本集團之客戶及 供應商授出購股權,以認購本公司股 份。本公司已授出之購股權可於董事所 釐定期間之任何時間行使,惟所釐定之 期間將自有關購股權授出日期起計不多 於十年,而接納日期須不遲於要約日期 後21日。

根據新計劃授出之購股權之每股行使價 (可按當中規定作出調整)相等於(i)股份 面值;(ii)於授出日期(須為營業日)交易 所每日報價表所報之每股股份收市價; 或(iii)緊接授出日期前之五個營業日交易 所每日報價表所報之每股股份平均收市 價,三者以最高者為準。根據新計劃授 出之購股權所涉及股份數目上限不得超 過本公司於新計劃批准當日已發行股本 10%。因行使全部未行使購股權而可予 發行之股份總數上限不得超出本公司不 時已發行股本30%。在未經本公司股東 事先批准之情况下,於任何十二個月期 間內,向任何單一承授人授出購股權所 涉及之股份數目,不得超過在該十二個 月期間內最後一日本公司已發行股份之 1%。自採納至今,本公司並無根據計 劃及新計劃授出任何購股權。

#### 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME - continued

#### (ii) Champion

On 29 November 2002, Champion adopted a share option scheme (the "Champion Option Scheme"). The purpose of the Champion Option Scheme was to attract and to retain quality personnel and other persons and to provide them with incentive to contribute to the business and operation of Champion and its subsidiaries (the "Champion Group"). Under the Champion Option Scheme, the directors of Champion might grant options to any directors, employees, consultants, advisors in respect of business and operation of Champion, its subsidiaries or affiliates or any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects included the aforesaid persons or a company beneficially owned by the aforesaid persons as well as customers and suppliers of the Champion Group, to subscribe for shares of Champion. An option granted by Champion was exercisable at any time for a period determined by the directors of Champion which should not be more than ten years from the date of grant, where the acceptance date should not be late than 21 days after the date of offer.

The exercise price per share (subject to adjustment as provided therein) of the option granted under the Champion Option Scheme equal to the highest of (i) the nominal value of the shares; (ii) the closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant. The Champion Option Scheme expired on 28 November 2012 and Champion adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Champion Option Scheme") on 30 November 2012 on terms similar to the Champion Option Scheme. No share option has been granted by Champion under the Champion Option Scheme and the New Champion Option Scheme since their adoption.

#### 26. 購股權計劃-續

#### (ii) 冠軍

於二零零二年十一月二十九日,冠軍 採納一項購股權計劃(「冠軍購股權計 劃」)。該計劃之目的在於吸引及留聘優 秀人員及其他人士,並獎勵彼等對冠軍 及其附屬公司(「冠軍集團」)業務及營運 作出之貢獻。根據冠軍購股權計劃,冠 軍董事可向任何涉及冠軍、其附屬公司 或聯屬公司業務及營運之董事、僱員、 顧問、諮詢人,或任何全權信託而其受 益人包括任何上述人士或由上述人士實 益擁有之公司,以及冠軍集團之客戶及 供應商授出購股權,以認購冠軍之股 份。冠軍已授出之購股權可於其董事所 釐定期間之任何時間行使,惟所釐定之 期間將自有關購股權授出日期起計不多 於十年,而接納日期須不遲於要約日期 後21日。

# 26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME – continued (iii) DIGITAL HK

On 29 November 2002, Digital HK adopted a share option scheme (the "DHK Option Scheme"). The purpose of the DHK Option Scheme was to attract and to retain quality personnel and other persons and to provide them with incentive to contribute to the business and operation of Digital HK and its subsidiaries (the "Digital HK Group"). Under the DHK Option Scheme, the directors of Digital HK might grant options to any directors, employees, consultants, advisors in respect of business and operation of Digital HK, its subsidiaries or affiliates or any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects included the aforesaid persons or a company beneficially owned by the aforesaid persons as well as any person or entity as may be determined by the directors of Digital HK from time to time of the Digital HK Group, to subscribe for shares of Digital HK. An option granted by Digital HK was exercisable at any time for a period should be not more than ten years from the date of grant, where the acceptance date should not be late than 21 days after the date of

The exercise price per share (subject to adjustment as provided therein) of the option granted under the DHK Option Scheme was equal to the highest of (i) the nominal value of the shares; (ii) the closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average closing price per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant. The DHK Option Scheme expired on 28 November 2012 and Digital HK adopted a new share option scheme (the "New DHK Option Scheme") on 30 November 2012 on terms similar to the DHK Option Scheme. No option has been granted by Digital HK under the DHK Option Scheme and the New DHK Option Scheme since their adoption.

#### 26. 購股權計劃-續

#### (iii) 數碼香港

於二零零二年十一月二十九日,數碼香 港採納一項購股權計劃(「數碼香港購 股權計劃」)。該數碼香港購股權計劃之 目的在於吸引及留聘優秀人員及其他人 士,並獎勵彼等對數碼香港及其附屬公 司(「數碼香港集團」)業務及營運作出之 貢獻。根據數碼香港購股權計劃,數碼 香港董事可向任何涉及數碼香港、其附 屬公司或聯屬公司業務及營運之任何董 事、僱員、顧問、諮詢人,或任何全權 信託而其受益人包括任何上述人士,或 由上述人士實益擁有之公司,以及數碼 香港集團之數碼香港董事可不時釐定之 任何人士或實體授出購股權,以認購數 碼香港之股份。數碼香港已授出之購股 權可於其董事所釐定期間之任何時間行 使,惟所釐定之期間將自有關購股權授 出日期起計不多於十年,而接納日期須 不遲於要約日期後21日。

#### 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 27. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 30 June 2012, capital contributions from non-controlling shareholders of a subsidiary in form of systems and networks amounted to HK\$12,232,000 (2013: nil).

#### 28. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a bi-annual basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

#### 27. 重大非現金交易

截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度,非控股股 東以提供系統及網絡形式向一間附屬公司注資 總額為12,232,000港元(二零一三年:無)。

#### 28. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團內各實體將 能夠以持續經營方式營運,同時亦透過達致負 債與股本之最佳平衡為持份者爭取最高回報。 本集團之整體策略與上年度一致。

本集團之資本結構由本公司擁有人應佔權益組成,當中包括已發行股本、儲備及保留溢利。

本公司董事每半年審閱資本結構。作為審閱之一部分,董事會考慮資本成本及各股本類別之相關風險。根據董事建議,本集團將透過發行新股份、回購股份及發行新債或贖回現有負債,以平衡整體資本結構。

#### 29. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

#### 29. 資本承擔

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital expenditure in respect of property, plant and equipment and development costs for systems and networks authorised but not contracted for	已授權但未訂約之有關物業、 廠房及設備之資本開支與 系統及網絡開發成本	51,636	68,796

#### **30. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS**

#### The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had future minimum lease payments payable under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises and motor vehicles which fall due as follows:

#### 30. 經營租賃安排

#### 本集團作為承租人

於報告期完結時,本集團多項有關租用物業與 汽車之不可註銷經營租賃之日後最低應付租賃 款額到期情況如下:

		2013 二零一三 Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	年 Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一 <u>-</u> Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	
Operating leases which expire:	於下列年期屆滿之 經營租賃:				
Within one year In the second to fourth year	一年內 第二年至第四年	1,036	2,385	1,742	2,220
inclusive	內	5,125	4,035	57	2,823
		6,161	6,420	1,799	5,043

Leases are negotiated for terms of one to four years and rentals are fixed for terms of one to four years.

#### The Group as lessor

At the end of the reporting period, the Group contracted with lessees in respect of leasing of plant and machinery and telecommunications networks which fall due as follows:

經磋商後之租賃年期介乎一年至四年, 而租金 乃按一年至四年之年期釐定。

#### 本集團作為出租人

於報告期完結時,本集團就租賃廠房與機器以及電信網絡與租戶訂立合約,其到期情況如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	一年內 第二年至第五年內	514 13,578	1,276 15,840
		14,092	17,116

#### 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### 31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### 31. 關連人士交易

During the year, the Group had the following transactions with Champion:

年內,本集團與冠軍曾進行下列交易:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Nature of transactions	交易性質		
Fees paid by the Group to Champion for the provision of office premises and facilities, and management services, on cost basis Fees paid by the Group to Champion for	本集團按成本向冠軍支付提供 辦公室物業及設備以及 管理服務之費用 本集團向冠軍支付財政服務	900	900
treasury services	之費用	682	-

These transactions were carried out after negotiation between the Group and Champion. The fees paid for the provision of office premises and facilities, and management services were in accordance with the management agreement entered into with Champion dated 20 December 1996, which was renewed on 5 January 2010.

As at 30 June 2013 and 2012, a corporate guarantee was provided by Champion to a bank in respect of banking facilities granted to the Group.

The key management personnel of the Group are the executive directors of the Company and the five highest paid individuals. The aggregate amount paid to them was HK\$9,006,000 (2012: HK\$8,618,000) details of which are set out in note 9.

該等交易經本集團與冠軍磋商後進行。就提供 辦公室物業及設備以及管理服務所支付之費用 乃根據與冠軍所訂立日期為於一九九六年十二 月二十日之管理協議支付,該協議已於二零一 零年一月五日重續。

於二零一三年及二零一二年六月三十日,冠軍 就本集團所獲授銀行融資向銀行作出公司擔 保。

本集團主要管理人員為本公司執行董事及五 名最高薪人士。彼等已獲支付之酬金總額為 9,006,000港元(二零一二年:8,618,000港 元),有關詳情載於附註9。

#### 32. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

#### 32. 主要附屬公司

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 30 June 2013 and 30 June 2012 are as follows:

於二零一三年六月三十日及二零一二年六月 三十日,本公司各主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/ 經營地點	Nominal issued sha registere 已發行股 註冊	held by the 本公司應 股本面	are capital e Company 佔已發行 值比例	Principal activities 主要業務	
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	
Aspire Management Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$2,636,320 普通股 2,636,320美元	Ordinary US\$2,200,000 普通股 2,200,000美元	77.2%	72.7%	Investment holding 投資控股
Bingo Profits Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
China Sports Network Limited 中體網絡有限公司	Samoa 薩摩亞群島	Ordinary US\$1,000,000 普通股 1,000,000美元	Ordinary US\$1,000,000 普通股 1,000,000美元	100%	100%	Development of gaming software, sports contents, sports websites and sports network systems 遊戲軟件、體育資料、體育網 站及體育網絡系統開發業務
Good Holdings Limited*	Republic of Seychelles 塞席爾共和國	Ordinary US\$50,000 普通股 50,000美元	Ordinary US\$50,000 普通股 50,000美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Kantone (UK) Limited	United Kingdom 英國	Ordinary £5,500,000 普通股 5,500,000英鎊	Ordinary £5,500,000 普通股 5,500,000英鎊	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Keen Pacific Limited*	Samoa 薩摩亞群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	100%	100%	Provision of treasury services 提供財政服務
Kontone Development Limited* 港通發展有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股2港元	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股2港元	100%	100%	Provision of treasury services 提供財政服務
M.C. Holdings Limited*	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	Ordinary £5,500,002 普通股 5,500,002英鎊	Ordinary £5,500,002 普通股 5,500,002英鎊	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Multitone Electronica Limitada	Brazil 巴西	Ordinary R\$300,000 普通股 300,000雷亞爾	Ordinary R\$300,000 普通股 300,000雷亞爾	100%	100%	Distribution of communication systems and equipment 分銷通信系統及設備
Multitone Electronics PLC	United Kingdom 英國	Ordinary £3,830,107 普通股 3,830,107英鎊	Ordinary £3,830,107 普通股 3,830,107英鎊	100%	100%	Investment holding, design and manufacture of communication systems and equipment 投資控股、設計及生產通信系統及設備
Multitone Electronics Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia 馬來西亞	Ordinary MR285,000 普通股 285,000馬來西亞元	Ordinary MR285,000 普通股 285,000馬來西亞元	100%	100%	Manufacturing of communication systems and equipment 生產通信系統及設備

## 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

#### **32. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** – continued

#### 32. 主要附屬公司-續

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/ 經營地點	Nominal issued sha registere 已發行股 註冊 2013 二零一三年	issued sh held by the	佔已發行	Principal activities 主要業務	
Multiton Elektronik GmbH	Germany 德國	Ordinary €1,022,584 普通股 1,022,584歐元	Ordinary €1,022,584 普通股 1,022,584歐元	100%	100%	Distribution of communication systems and equipment 分銷通信系統及設備
Peak Vantage Limited*	British Virgin Islands/ Macau 英屬維爾京群島/ 澳門	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	100%	100%	Provision of treasury services 提供財政服務
Pearl Delta Inc*	Samoa/Macau 薩摩亞群島/澳門	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	100%	100%	Provision of treasury services 提供財政服務
Shenzhen Hengyu Science and Technology Company Limited* 恒譽科技(深圳)有限公司*	PRC 中國	Registered capital RMB24,000,000 註冊資本 人民幣24,000,000圓	Registered capital RMB24,000,000 註冊資本 人民幣24,000,000圓	77.2%	72.7%	Investment holding 投資控股
Silverstand Investments Limited*	Samoa 薩摩亞群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Smart Delta Inc*	Samoa 薩摩亞群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	100%	100%	Provision of treasury services 提供財政服務
Smart (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited 佳盛(澳門離岸商業服務) 有限公司	Macau 澳門	Ordinary M0P100,000 普通股 澳門幣100,000圓	Ordinary M0P100,000 普通股 澳門幣100,000圓	100%	100%	Provision of services, software licensing and trading in communication systems and equipment 提供服務、軟件特許權及買賣通信系統及設備
Success (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited 成功(澳門離岸商業服務) 有限公司	Macau 澳門	Ordinary M0P100,000 普通股 澳門幣100,000圓	Ordinary M0P100,000 普通股 澳門幣100,000圓	100%	100%	Provision of consulting services, research and development, and trading of cultural products 提供顧問服務、研究及開發以及買賣文化產品
Wollaston Limited*	Samoa 薩摩亞群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Zonal Care Incorporated*	British Virgin Islands/ Macau 英屬維爾京群島/ 澳門	Ordinary US\$2 普通股2美元	Ordinary US\$2 普通股2美元	100%	100%	Strategic investments in advanced technology and e-commerce projects, and provision of treasury services 於高科技及電子商貿項目之策略性投資,及提供財政服務

<sup>\*</sup> Directly held by the Company.

Wholly owned foreign enterprise for a term of 20 years commencing 17 October 2003.

<sup>\*</sup> 由本公司直接持有。

<sup>#</sup> 全資外國企業,年期由二零零三年十月十七 日起計二十年。

#### **32. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** – continued

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results of the year or constituted a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities subsisting at 30 June 2013 and 30 June 2012 or at any time during the year.

# 33. FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

#### 32. 主要附屬公司-續

上表所列本公司附屬公司乃董事認為對本年度 業績有重大影響或構成本集團資產淨值重大比 重之附屬公司。董事認為,倘將其他附屬公司 之詳情一併列出,則會令資料過於冗長。

各附屬公司於二零一三年六月三十日及二零 一二年六月三十日或年內任何時間均無任何債 務證券。

#### 33. 本公司之財務資料

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益	1,765,019	1,711,506
Other receivables  Bank balances and cash	應收其他賬款 銀行結餘及現金	450 35,329	455 86,581
24.1.24.4.1035 4.1.4 040.1	数   1 M M M / A / O M	00,020	00,00.
Total assets	資產總值	1,800,798	1,798,542
Other payables	應付其他賬款	1,754 2	1,631 2
Dividend payables  Amount due to a subsidiary	應付股息 應付附屬公司之款項	136	136
,			
Total liabilities	負債總額	1,892	1,769
Net assets	資產淨值	1,798,906	1,796,773
	00 1 77 04/44		
Capital and reserves Share capital	股本及儲備 股本	751,603	750,458
Reserves (Note)	放平 儲備(附註)	1,047,303	1,046,315
()	100 (114 Pale)	,. ,	,,
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	1,798,906	1,796,773

## 綜合財務報告附註

For The Year Ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

# 33. FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY – continued

#### 33. 本公司之財務資料-續

Note: Movements of the Company's reserves during the current and prior years are as follows:

附註:本公司於本年度及過往年度之儲備變動如下:

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Special reserve 特別儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Dividend reserve 股息儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2011	於二零一一年七月一日	799,577	195,874	14,985	34,801	1,045,237
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	本年度溢利及 全面收益總額	_	-	-	31,060	31,060
Dividends for the year  - interim  - final Dividends paid Issue of shares as scrip dividend	本年度股息 一中期 一末期 已付股息 因以股代息而發行股份	- - - -	- - -	14,997 15,009 (28,777) (1,205)	(14,997) (15,009) —	- (28,777) (1,205)
		_	_	24	(30,006)	(29,982)
At 30 June 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日	799,577	195,874	15,009	35,855	1,046,315
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	本年度溢利及 全面收益總額	_	_	_	31,018	31,018
Dividends for the year  - interim  - final Dividends paid Issue of shares as scrip dividend	本年度股息 一中期 一末期 已付股息 因以股代息而發行股份	- - - -	- - - -	15,021 7,516 (28,885) (1,145)	(15,021) (7,516) —	- (28,885) (1,145)
		_	_	(7,493)	(22,537)	(30,030)
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	799,577	195,874	7,516	44,336	1,047,303

# **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

# 財務摘要

**RESULTS** 業績

		2013 二零一三年					十日止年度 2008 二零零八年	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年 .	2005 二零零五年	2004 二零零四年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
TURNOVER	營業額	1,953,394	1,429,281	1,341,006	1,289,616	1,299,684	1,613,048	1,426,505	1,346,894	1,127,326	1,014,640
PROFIT FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Continuing operations excluding other	除税前日常業務 溢利 未計其他經營支出 之持續經營業務		'	'						'	
operating expenses Other operating expenses	其他經營支出	240,544 (157,656)	184,186 (104.174)	149,907 (65,720)	166,030 (85,800)	266,368 (196,999)	473,710 (334,904)	466,036 (55,781)	389,774 (58.104)	276,349 (7,997)	204,049 (48,840)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TAXATION	除税前溢利	82,888	80,012	84,187	80,230	69,369	138,806	410,255	331,670	268,352	155,209
TAXATION	税項 	-	167	133	(121)	(1,062)	(1,842)	(1)	(115)	(424)	(257)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度溢利	82,888	80,179	84,320	80,109	68,307	136,964	410,254	331,555	267,928	154,952
ATTRIBUTABLE TO: OWNERS OF THE COMPANY NON-CONTROLLING	應佔: 本公司擁有人 非控股股東	81,968	80,474	84,025	82,955	71,068	143,010	412,018	332,700	267,928	154,867
INTERESTS	權益	920	(295)	295	(2,846)	(2,761)	(6,046)	(1,764)	(1,145)		85
		82,888	80,179	84,320	80,109	68,307	136,964	410,254	331,555	267,928	154,952
DIVIDENDS	股息	22,537	30,006	25,593	20,825	18,791	51,723	120,023	93,043	49,755	28,731

#### **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

#### 資產及負債

		At 30 June 於六月三十日									
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2006 二零零六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總值	3,435,694	3,377,650	3,334,519	3,057,917	2,995,040	2,545,463	2,405,056	1,923,147	1,393,256	1,064,397
TOTAL LIABILITIES	負債總額	149,189	146,961	173,844	181,652	199,517	256,808	265,643	238,316	310,423	237,257
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	股東資金	3,286,505	3,230,689	3,160,675	2,876,265	2,795,523	2,288,655	2,139,413	1,684,831	1,082,833	827,140
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPAN	非控股股東	3,264,744	3,209,635	3,156,748	2,872,938	2,789,377	2,279,155	2,124,524	1,668,550	1,082,740	827,046
INTERESTS	權益	21,761	21,054	3,927	3,327	6,146	9,500	14,889	16,281	93	94
		3,286,505	3,230,689	3,160,675	2,876,265	2,795,523	2,288,655	2,139,413	1,684,831	1,082,833	827,140

# 企業資信

#### 執行董事

簡文樂教授(主席) 黎日光(署理行政總裁)

#### 非執行董事

簡堅良 夏淑玲

#### 獨立非執行董事

Frank BLEACKLEY 崔玖教授 何慕嫻

#### 公司秘書

張美霞

#### 審核委員會

何慕嫻*(委員會主席)* 簡堅良 Frank BLEACKLEY 崔玖教授

#### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
PO Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

#### 營運中心

**亞洲** 澳門 新口岸北京街244-246號 澳門金融中心 17樓K座

#### 歐洲

Multitone House Shortwood Copse Lane Kempshott, Basingstoke Hampshire, RG23 7NL United Kingdom

#### 香港主要辦事處

香港 柴灣 寧富街1號 看通中心5樓

#### 香港區域辦事處

香港 中環 花園道33號 聖約翰大廈7樓

#### 主要往來銀行

澳門東亞銀行 三菱東京UFJ銀行 澳門星展銀行 澳門匯豐銀行 澳門渣打銀行

#### 核數師

德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師 香港 金鐘道88號 太古廣場1座35樓

#### 主要股份過戶登記處

The R&H Trust Co. Ltd. Windward 1 Regatta Office Park PO Box 897 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

#### 股份過戶登記香港分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

#### 企業網址

http://www.kantone.com

#### 股份代號

1059

#### 查詢或索取資料

看通集團有限公司 投資關係部 香港 柴灣 寧富街1號 看通中心

電子郵件:ir@kantone.com

# 主席報告

#### 致各位股東:

本人謹代表看通集團有限公司(「本公司」)之董事會(「董事會」)欣然呈報本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度之至年業績。

鑑於歐洲及美國的經濟持續存在不確定性,中國國內生產總值的增長放緩,整體經營環境仍充滿挑戰。於集團所處之營商環境,公營及商業機構客戶均繼續嚴格控制開支,導致市場增長緩慢。儘管歐洲及美國不時公佈之經濟數據已顯示復甦跡象,惟這些數字並不等同持續改善。

縱使處於此不穩定環境,集團於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度仍然錄得滿意的業績。在動盪的市場情況下,由於持續投資於創新解決方案,集團仍能保持動力。集團亦於此困難時期展現其管理風險及財務之明確目標。

#### 財務摘要

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度,本集團之財務表現摘要如下:

- 營業額為十九億五千三百萬港元,上升百分之三十七
- 本年度溢利為八千三百萬港元,上升百分之三
- 經調整之未計入利息、税項、折舊及攤銷之盈利(不包括減值)為七億六千八百萬港元,上升百分之二十五
- 本公司擁有人應佔溢利為八千二百萬港元,上升百分之二
- 每股盈利為1.09港仙

本集團財務狀況正面,維持淨現金狀況。集團一直遵從審慎理財守則,並無進行有關投機性衍生工具或結構性 產品之交易。

#### 末期股息

董事會建議按以股代息派發截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度之末期股息每股0.1港仙,亦可以現金替代。連同中期股息每股0.2港仙後,全年派發之總股息預計為0.3港仙;全年派息總額預計為二千三百萬港元。

#### 展望

種種跡象顯示,來年的環球市場狀況會漸趨穩定。然而市場仍然充斥著很多挑戰及不明朗因素。美國預期減少刺激經濟的措施,縱使幅度較原先預料溫和,以及歐元區經濟的不穩定,將繼續拖累全球經濟復甦的步伐。國內的經濟增長放緩亦對集團的業務營運構成重大風險。同時,科技瞬息萬變及行業標準不斷演變乃集團眾多產品及服務之市場特色。新科技及新競爭者的湧現、客戶與競爭對手之合併整固、以及不斷演變的規管條例造成之市場轉變,均對集團業務帶來波動。為迎接此等挑戰,集團必須擁有貫徹的規劃與睿智的執行,並需投資於創新及優化的產品組合,以滿足環球廣大客戶的需求。

展望未來,集團將保持審慎態度,繼續投資於有良好增長前景的互補業務。除了致力投資於科技及創新解決方案以維持增長,隨著中國經濟的崛起,中央已定下振興文化產業為重點項目,因應國家政策,本集團將繼續擴展其文化領域的業務。

#### 致謝

本人謹此對本公司股東及業務夥伴之鼎力支持,以及各董事與僱員之努力及寶貴貢獻致以衷心感謝。

#### 主席

#### 簡文樂教授

二零一三年九月二十七日

# 管理層討論及分析

#### 財務業績

回顧年度(「回顧年度」),營業額上升百分之三十七至 十九億五千三百萬港元,去年同期(「去年同期」)之 比較數字為十四億二千九百萬港元。回顧年度之溢利 為八千二百九拾萬港元,上升百分之三,去年同期之 比較數字為八千零二拾萬港元;本公司擁有人應佔溢 利為八千二百萬港元,去年同期之比較數字為八千 零五拾萬港元,上升百分之二;回顧年度每股盈利 為1.09港仙(二零一二年:1.07港仙);本集團毛利率 下降至百分之二十點四(二零一二年:百分之二十二 點三),此乃由於產品組合改變所致。回顧年度之 未計入利息、税項、折舊及攤銷之盈利上升百分之 二十至六億一千一百萬港元,去年同期之比較數字為 五億一千萬港元。面對仍然不明朗的經濟環境及產品 實施延遲,本集團採取審慎措施,就系統及網絡之按 金及預付開發成本確認一億五千八百萬港元(二零一二 年:一億零四百萬港元)之減值虧損。不包括減值虧損 後,經調整之未計入利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷之盈利 上升百分之二十五至七億六千八百萬港元,去年同期 之比較數字為六億一千四百萬港元。

集團持續檢討及執行成本控制,分銷成本為三千三百二拾萬港元(二零一二年:三千三百六拾萬港元),保持平穩;一般及行政支出上升百分之二十六至一億一千九百一拾萬港元(二零一二年:九千四百二拾萬港元),此乃由於增加開銷於新經營分類一文化產品一所致。僱員成本輕微上升至九千三百二拾萬港元(二零一二年:九千二百二拾萬港元);研究及開發成本支出下降百分之二十一至一千零九拾萬港元(二零一二年:一千三百八拾萬港元)。攤銷及折舊支出上升百分之二十三至五億二千六百萬港元(二零一二年:四億二千九百萬港元),此乃由於持續推出新項目所致。

回顧年度之財務成本由去年八拾萬港元上升百分之 一百二十六至一百八拾萬港元,此乃由於利息上升所 致。

#### 業務回顧

儘管國內經濟增長放緩及出口表現下調,中國經濟依然樂觀。集團繼續為其訂製解決方案及產品進行銷售與推廣活動。其產品組合涵蓋一系列綜合無線電解決方案及網上監控系統,主要用於遠端管理及保安應用項目。於回顧年度,中國市場之銷售額為十二億九千五百萬港元,較去年同期之九億七千六百萬港元上升百分之三十三,增長乃由於集團提升產品組合、推出新服務和方案、以及來自銷售與文化業務相關產品的收入。

集團於歐洲的銷售狀況持續受到該區不穩定經濟氣候所影響。歐洲多國政府紛紛採取緊縮措施,削減開克延緩推出項目。目前整個歐元區經濟未有跡象顯克經長,然而歐洲越見成效不彰之經濟調整政策,已等各國政府相繼受壓以放鬆其緊縮計劃。面對歐洲此等不穩定的環境,集團於回顧年度之業績滿意,近等額為得四億九千二百萬港元,較去年同期三億五至國際人們在國際,與國國家健康服務處(National Health Services)項目及消防界別),經過數個季度因制減支出而放緩後,已逐漸恢復並得以改善。德國市場較淡靜,銷售並無增長。儘管歐洲的經濟基礎依然與,集團產品於某些歐洲市場仍有持續需求。均轉長。

另一方面,集團固有的系統產品及個人保安方案,於澳紐及中東市場之銷售繼續錄得滿意增長。集團的個人保安方案在美國亦出現可觀商機,於財政年度內已成功安裝一套演示系統。在預期需求增加下,集團位於馬來西亞的生產設施於回顧年度內亦已翻新,並加設新生產線。

於電子彩票及網上娛樂方面,集團繼續提供整合博彩技術解決方案、線上付款渠道及銷售網絡,收入穩步上升。為配合國內有關彩票營運的新法例及規定,集團已相應調整其業務模式,並會定期檢討該等電子彩票相關投資項目,以決定進度是否合乎原定計劃發展,同時能否達到預期效益。

#### 現金流動性及財務資源

#### 財務狀況及借貸

集團回顧年度內財務狀況維持正面,貸款權益比率處 於低水平。集團主要透過內部營運資源、資本市場財 務工具及銀行借貸作為營運及業務開發資金。

於二零一三年六月三十日,集團包括存款、銀行結餘及現金之流動資金總額為八千四百萬港元(二零一二年:一億一千六百萬港元)。流動資產約為十三億九千三百萬港元(二零一二年:九千七百萬港元)。集團保持良好財務流動性,流動資產淨額為十三億零七百萬港元(二零一二年:八億四千九百萬港元)。按集團貸款總額二千四百七拾萬港元(二零一二年:二千八百九拾萬港元)除以本公司擁有人應佔權益三十二億六千五百萬港元(二零一二年:三十二億一千萬港元)計算,集團之貸款權益比率為0.008(二零一二年:0.009)。

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團總貸款主要包括銀行貸款二千四百七拾萬港元(二零一二年:二千八百九拾萬港元),銀行貸款中七百七拾萬港元須於一年內償還,四百三拾萬港元須於第二年內償還。於二零一二年五百九拾萬港元(二零一三年:二千五百九拾萬港元)之銀行貸款以本集團版面值為七百九拾萬港元(二零一二年:八百一拾萬港元)之土地及樓字作抵押。回顧年度內之財務成本上升百分之一百二十六至一百八拾萬港元(二零一二年:八百十拾萬港元)。

#### 庫務政策

集團一直遵從審慎理財守則,財務狀況維持正面,貸款權益比率處於低水平。集團主要透過內部營運資源、資本市場財務工具及銀行借貸作為營運及業務開發資金。

所有借貸均由本公司附屬公司運用,按浮動利率計息,並均以當地貨幣計值,本集團有關借貸之外匯風 險不大。

集團並無進行任何有關投機性衍生工具或結構性產品之交易、利率或匯率之投機買賣活動。集團之一貫政策是透過配對外幣收入及支出直接管理外匯風險;假如預計可能出現外匯風險,集團將運用合適之對沖工具。

#### 資本承擔

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團已授權但未簽署 合約之資本承擔約為五千二百萬港元(二零一二年: 六千九百萬港元)。該等資本承擔乃預留作購入物業、 廠房與設備,以及發展系統及網絡之用。

#### 人力資源及薪酬政策

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團於全球聘用約 六百五十名員工。回顧年度內之僱員成本為九千三百 萬港元(二零一二年:九千二百萬港元)。集團乃參考 市場水平,並按照僱員本身之表現、資歷及經驗而釐 定薪酬。薪酬包括月薪、與表現相關之獎金、退休福 利計劃,以及其他福利如醫療計劃。

本公司已成立人力資源及薪酬委員會。在建議董事的 薪酬組合時,委員會將考慮之因素包括本公司之經營 業績、個人表現、可資比較公司所支付的薪酬、及有 關董事須付出的時間及職責等。

#### 末期股息及以股代息計劃

董事會建議向於二零一三年十二月五日名列本公司股東名冊之股東派發截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度之末期股息每股0.1港仙(二零一二年:每股0.2港仙),惟須待股東於二零一三年十一月二十八日本公司即將召開之股東週年大會上通過方可作實。計入二零一三年五月十六日派發之中期股息每股0.2港仙(二零一二年:每股0.2港仙)後,全年股息預計為每股0.3港仙(二零一二年:每股0.4港仙);全年派息總額預計為二千三百萬港元,去年之比較數字為三千萬港元。

該等末期股息將會根據以股代息之方法,以入賬列作 繳足股款之本公司新股向股東配發;股東亦可選擇收 取現金作為全部或部分股息以代替上述獲配發之股份 (「以股代息計劃」)。

以股代息計劃須獲香港聯合交易所有限公司上市委員會批准按該計劃而發行的股份上市並准予買賣後,方可作實。載有以股代息計劃詳情之通函及選擇表格將在實際可行情況下儘快寄予本公司股東。

按照以股代息計劃發行之股票及股息權證預期將於二零一四年一月二十七日或之前送達合資格股東。

#### 暫停股份過戶登記

本公司之股份過戶登記處將於二零一三年十二月四日 起至二零一三年十二月五日(包括首尾兩日)止期間暫 停辦理本公司股份過戶及登記手續。為符合獲派上述 末期股息及以股代息計劃之資格,所有股份過戶文件 連同有關股票,須於二零一三年十二月三日下午四時 三十分前送達本公司在香港之股份過戶登記分處卓佳 秘書商務有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓。

93

# 董事及高層管理人員

#### 執行董事

簡文樂教授 CBE, GCM, Comm OSSI, Chevalier de la Légion d'Honneur, SBS, JP,66歲,本公司創辦人及主席。彼亦為於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「冠軍科技」)及創業板上市之冠軍科技集團有限公司(「冠軍科技」)及創業板上市公司數碼香港(「數碼香港」)之主席及執行董事,冠軍科技為本公司控股公司,數碼香港則為冠軍科技附屬公司。彼持有香港中文大學工商管理碩士學位及美國北維珍尼亞大學(UNVA)人文科學榮譽博士,於電腦及電信業累積逾40年經驗。於1987年成立冠軍科技集團以前,彼曾任英國大東電報局的電腦附屬公司亞洲電腦有限公司之總經理。

彼曾獲外國及香港政府頒授勳章,亦獲授多個本地及國際工業及企業家獎,以表揚其對社會及業界之貢獻。政府勳章包括英女王授予英帝國司令勳章(CBE)(2006)、意大利總理普羅迪頒發意大利仁惠之星司令勳章(Commendatore dell'Ordine della Stella della Solidarietà Italiana)(2006)、香港特別行政區政府委任為太平紳士(2006)、法國政府頒發法國榮譽軍團騎士勳章(Chevalier de l'Ordre de la Légion d'Honneur)(2007)以及香港特別行政區政府授予銀紫荊星章(2009)。於本年四月,彼榮獲歐盟名譽領事總會(Federation of European Associations of Honorary Consuls "FUECH")頒授卓越領事成就大十字勳章。於本年七月,彼獲委任為匈牙利特命全權大使(Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Hungary)。

專業獎項包括總督工業獎(1989)、青年工業家獎(1992)、香港商業成就獎之傑出企業獎(1993)、中國文化研究院榮譽院士(2005)及匈牙利布達佩斯聖伊士特國王大學名譽教授(2011)。

在公職方面,彼目前為香港資訊科技業協會名譽會長及前任主席(2001-2011)、香港資訊科技聯盟主席(1999起)、香港中文大學校董及三屆(2002-2017)中華人民共和國香港特別行政區全國人民代表大會代表選舉會議成員。彼曾連續三屆(1996-2012)為香港特別行政區行政長官選舉委員會(資訊科技界)委員、並先後兩次參與交易所之公司管治工作小組(1994-1995及1999-2000),亦曾為交易所上市委員會成員(1999-2003)。此外,彼亦曾於2006至2010年出任香港貿易發展局資訊及通訊科技服務業諮詢委員會主席及於2004至2007年出任香港一英國商業合作協會資訊科技會主席;並於1997至2006年10年內為香港貿易發展局電子及電器業諮詢委員會委員。

由2001年起彼曾出任中電控股有限公司獨立非執行董事長達9年,於2010年退任,於2011年起出任匈牙利駐香港及澳門名譽領事。

黎日光,64歲,本公司署理行政總裁及財務總監。彼亦為冠軍科技財務總監及執行董事,以及數碼香港非執行董事。彼於1994年3月加入冠軍科技集團,出任內部審計及監管副總裁:1997年7月兼任本公司財務總監。彼持有香港中文大學工商管理學士學位,擁有逾41年之會計、審核及公司秘書事務經驗。彼乃香港會計師公會執業資深會計師及英國特許會計師公會資深會員。彼自2013年1月起出任交易所主板上市之中鋁礦業國際獨立非執行董事:亦曾於2011年10月至2013年2月期間出任創益太陽能控股有限公司獨立非執行董事。

#### 非執行董事

簡堅良,57歲,自2001年6月起出任本公司非執行董事。彼為冠軍科技行政總裁及執行董事,以及數碼香港非執行董事。彼與本公司主席簡文樂教授為兄弟。彼負責制定及監控冠軍科技集團之整體政策、發展策略以及全球營運及管理事宜。彼於1988年加入冠軍科技之前,曾於香港多間國際公司擔任管理要職,持有加拿大Dalhousie University工商管理碩士學位及加拿大University of Alberta經濟學碩士學位。於2006年,彼完成英國牛津大學Saïd Business School之管理深造課程(Oxford Advanced Management Programme)。

簡先生目前為香港資訊科技業協會主席、亦為香港資訊科技聯盟副主席及該會之資訊科技委員會主席。 彼為香港特別行政區政府創意智優計劃審核委員會成 員、香港設計委員會成員、香港互聯網註冊管理有限 公司諮詢委員會成員、香港資訊科技聯會委員及香港 工業總會理事。

夏淑玲,57歲,自2004年11月起出任本公司非執行董事。彼為數碼香港行政總裁及執行董事,及冠軍科技非執行董事。彼於1992年加入冠軍科技出任執行副總裁,負責企業發展事宜。彼於商業界擁有逾25年經驗,當中10年曾任職於投資銀行界。

彼持有香港大學文學士學位及香港中文大學工商管理碩士學位。目前為個人資料私隱專員公署之個人資料(私隱)諮詢委員會成員、「數碼21」資訊科技策略諮詢委員會委員、稅務上訴委員會委員、小型企業研究資助計劃項目評審小組成員及消除歧視性小眾諮詢小組成員。彼亦為香港工業總會理事及旗下香港資訊科技業協會副主席、香港資訊科技聯會委員及Hong Kong Corporate Counsel Association會員。此外,夏小姐亦為香港科技園公司之科培輔導計劃栽培對象之輔導顧問及匈牙利一香港創新商務促進會之義務秘書。

#### 獨立非執行董事

Frank BLEACKLEY,76歲,自2001年11月起出任本公司獨立非執行董事,彼亦為冠軍科技獨立非執行董事。彼曾為前集寶保安集團(Chubb Security Group)旗下附屬公司集寶中國控股有限公司(Chubb China Holdings Limited)之董事總經理;集寶保安集團為英國公司,專門製造及分銷保安產品及系統。彼在業務開拓及管理位於東亞地區之合營公司方面擁有豐富經驗。

**崔玖教授**,86歲,自2003年10月起出任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼在醫藥、生物醫學研究方面擁有逾40年經驗,尤其於傳統中醫藥。彼曾於美國、台灣及中國多所醫藥學院任教,於華人及國際生物醫藥研究領域享負盛名。彼於結合中西醫藥研究之卓越成就屢獲殊榮,並獲得全球認同。當中包括於2001年在德國國際系統研究及電腦學年會獲頒終身成就獎,於1991年在夏威夷成立美洲針灸生物能醫學學會,於1995至2005年任中華醫藥針灸科學研究基金會董事長,並於1988年在美國及台灣創立財團法人國際醫學科學研究基金會。

崔教授目前為財團法人國際醫學科學研究基金會董事長、台灣國際花精學會榮譽董事長、美國夏威夷大學 永久教授、台灣新圓山診所負責人、台灣陽明大學傳 統醫學研究所創始所長及中華生命電磁學會創始董事。

何慕嫻,43歲,自2008年1月起出任本公司獨立非執行董事,亦為審核委員會主席。彼乃何耀明會計師事務所有限公司董事,及香港執業會計師,亦是香港董事學會資深會員,及美國註冊會計師公會會員(Associate Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants)。 彼 持 有 美 國 Oklahoma City University工商管理碩士學位。何女士致力參與社區服務,多年以來服務香港中山社團聯合會。

#### 公司秘書

**張美霞**,57歲,自2005年1月起出任本集團公司秘書。彼為香港執業律師,亦為冠軍科技及數碼香港之公司秘書。

#### 高層管理人員

馮建良,52歲,本集團創新科技總監,負責監控集團之研究及開發,以支援環球營運。彼亦為本集團數家附屬公司之董事及冠軍科技微型電子高級副總裁,在軟件及產品開發方面擁有逾25年經驗,於1987年加入冠軍科技集團出任技術經理,其後逐步晉升至現有職位。近年,彼專注於開發信息傳送系統,以作無線互聯網應用。彼持有香港理工大學理學及電子學學士學位,以及香港大學電子工程學碩士學位。彼為註冊工程師,並為電子工程師學會及香港工程師學會會員。

Stephen GENTRY,57歲,本集團國際業務總監及成員公司無敵通之行政總裁,負責制定本集團國際業務之整體政策及發展策略。彼亦為本集團數家附屬公司之董事,於1988年加入本集團,擔任英國業務營運之財務會計師,在本集團多個歐洲及美國業務營運上擁有豐富經驗。彼於2003年獲晉升為無敵通行政總裁,現為Institute of Directors會員。

Frank ROTTHOFF,50歲,本集團德國業務營運之董事總經理。彼於2008年加入本集團,於電子行業之銷售及市場管理方面擁有廣泛經驗。彼於1989年加入半導體行業前曾擔任工業機械及製程技術之國際銷售工作。加入本集團前,彼曾負責一家歐洲主要電子零件分銷商之銷售機構。

Ron WRAY,52歲,技術總監,負責本集團之技術運作,並為集團研究及發展方面制定策略。彼在無線電及電子工業界及英國皇家海軍擁有逾25年工作經驗,現為Institute of Sales and Marketing Managers及Institute of Directors會員。

Philip LAWRENCE, 55歲, 本集團歐洲營運財務總監。彼為英國特許管理會計師協會資深會員, 擁有逾30年之財務經驗。彼曾任職於多家大小型公司,包括國際大型企業,其工作涵蓋工程、快速消費品、電力、運輸、護理、倉庫及分銷等範疇。

Clive McGOVERN,51歲,本集團英國及國際銷售總監,曾於歐洲及美洲多家科技機構擔任要職。彼持有理學碩士及理學學士學位,現為Institute of Directors及 Chartered Institute of Marketing會員。彼於銷售、市場推廣、支援工程、歐洲專利法、以及會計財務方面擁有豐富經驗。

#### 董事及高層管理人員

Helen BROWN,59歲,於1991年加入本集團,現為國際營運之人力資源總監。彼獲得Institute of Personnel Development認可,並在僱傭法例、勞資關係、變革管理、招聘及人力資源政策方面擁有豐富經驗。

Andrew Jones,50歲,於2010年加入本集團,為歐洲營運市場推廣總監。彼持有工商管理碩士學位,現為Chartered Institute of Marketing會員。彼曾任職於多家主要的通信公司,包括英國大東電報局,為本集團帶來彼在英國及國際市場於開發銷售及營銷策略方面的重要經驗。

Luiz Octavio VILLA-LOBOS, 52歲, 本集團巴西業務董事總經理,負責運作、管理以及開拓南美業務。彼亦為冠軍科技集團國際營運之互動知識傳遞副總裁,按環球客戶之需要制定企業方案。彼於1997年加入本集團,由起始建立集團於巴西之業務。彼持有由法國Sup'Aero頒發之航空工程學碩士學位、以及倫敦大學商科學院工商管理碩士學位。

王宇鵬,48歲,於2005年9月加入本公司成為電子彩票營運總監。彼乃本集團成員公司之創辦人,該公司為國內一所無紙化電子彩票系統開發商及服務供應商,持有兩項電話投注系統發明專利。彼畢業於清華大學電腦科學學系。

Roy GOSS,70歲,國際商貿總監,並駐澳門負責本集團之合約磋商、特許經銷商管理、代理分銷及客戶聯繫事宜。彼亦為本集團數家附屬公司之董事。彼在財務及電信方面擁有各類貼合需要之專業經驗,曾在中東及澳門服務英國大東電報局集團逾17年。彼為英國及威爾斯特許會計師公會資深會員。在加入冠軍科技集團之前,彼為英國大東電報局附屬公司澳門電信有限公司之財務總監。

司亞清,50歲,中國系統部總監,負責本集團區內之 軟件項目開發,監察外判及分銷活動,並維繫客戶與 特許經銷商之聯繫。彼1985年畢業於北京郵電大學, 主修電腦及通信;同年即加入本集團。彼於網絡及資 信保安及通信之研究及發展擁有豐富經驗。

萬燕嫦,61歲,中國行政及會計總監,負責本集團國內之後勤調配,採購及物流營運事宜之日常行政及維繫特許經銷商與客戶之關係。彼於1993年加入本集團,在中國貿易方面擁有豐富經驗。

# **KANTONE'S GLOBAL FOOTPRINT**

♦ OPERATIONS CENTRES AND MAJOR REGIONAL OFFICES

O OTHER REGIONAL OFFICES

**△** DISTRIBUTORS

# THE AMERICAS

Rio de Janeiro Washington São Paulo SP

Maine

New Jersey St Johns Montreal Toronto

Stockholm Trondheim Zagreb Utrecht St Georges Soissons Poitiers Prague Nantes Paris Oslo Copenhagen La Rochelle De Weert Geneva Cyprus Dublin Malta Barcelona Stuttgart Munchen Brussels Lothian Athens Leipzig Wien Hampshire Düsseldorf EUROPE Hannover Budapest Frankfurt Norfolk Hagen Berlin

**AFRICA** 

**ASIA-PACIFIC** 

Beijing

Muscat Kenya Libya

Shenzhen

Shanghai

Malacca

Macau

Iran Guangzhou Abu Dhabi Chengdu Auckland Hawalli Dubai Hong Kong

Kuala Lumpur Melbourne Singapore Sydney Safat



# 看通集團有限公司 二零一三年年報

www.kantone.com

股份代號:1059