

(incorporated in Singapore with limited liability)

(Singapore Stock Code: 5EN) (Hong Kong Stock Code: 1021)







CORPORATE **STRUCTURE**

CORPORATE OFFICE

Chen Wei Ping, Executive Chairman Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick, Chief Executive Officer Wang Jiaxin, Deputy Chief Executive Officer Chan Chee Kin, Chief Financial Officer

Jilin Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd Wang Jiaxin, General Manager

Shanxi Wanshida Engineering Plastics Co., Ltd Ma Mingzhang, General Manager

Luoyang Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd Sun Qixiang, General Manager

Jilin Midas Light Alloy Co., Ltd Hou Tiemin, General Manager

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CORPORATE **PROFILE**

ncorporated on 17 November 2000 as an investment holding company, listed on 23 February 2004 on Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") and on 6 October 2010 on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"), Midas Holdings Limited (the "Company" or "Midas", together with its subsidiaries, referred to the "Group") has grown over the years to gain recognition as a leading manufacturer of aluminium alloy extrusion products for the rail transportation sector in the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

Under the Group are three business divisions, namely:

- (a) the Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division,
- (b) the PE Pipe Division, and
- (c) the Aluminium Alloy Plates and Sheets Division.

These three divisions are strategically located in the PRC to take on the opportunities as well as to capitalise on the potential benefits of the vast developments that are taking place in the infrastructure and rail transport sectors.



Besides our core business, we have a 32.5% stake in a metro train manufacturing company in the PRC, Nanjing SR Puzhen Rail Transport Co., Ltd. ("NPRT")

ALUMINIUM ALLOY EXTRUDED PRODUCTS DIVISION

Our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division consists of two whollyowned subsidiaries, namely, Jilin Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd ("Jilin Midas") and Luoyang Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd ("Luoyang Midas"). This division is a leading manufacturer of aluminium alloy extrusion products for the passenger rail transportation sector in the PRC. It is our principal business division and accounted for 95.7% of our total revenue for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 ("FY2013"). We are also one of the first and amongst the few in the PRC aluminium alloy extrusion industry to possess capabilities for the downstream fabrication of passenger train car body components. We have an established track record of supplying aluminium alloy extrusion products to many metro and high speed train projects in the PRC since 2003, representing a majority of the aluminium metro and high speed train projects in the PRC during this period.

Our customer base consists of major domestic train manufacturers including CNR Changchun Railway Vehicles Co., Ltd, CNR Tangshan Railway Vehicles Co., Ltd, NPRT, CSR Zhuzhou Electric Locomotive Co., Ltd., Bombardier Sifang (Qingdao) Transportation Ltd, and the top three global train manufacturers, namely, Alstom Transport ("Alstom"), Siemens AG ("Siemens") and Bombardier Inc. ("Bombardier").

Our large section aluminium alloy extrusion products are used in a variety of industries. They are utilised in the rail transportation industry to manufacture body frames of high-speed trains and metro trains. In addition, our aluminium alloy products are also used in power stations for power transmission purposes, electrical energy distribution, transmission cables as well as production of mechanical parts for industrial equipment.

Jilin Midas currently has five production lines, with annual production capacity of up to 50,000 tonnes and three downstream fabrication lines that are able to process train car body components for approximately 1,000 train cars.

In order to meet the increasing demand from our PRC passenger rail transportation customers, we are in the process of setting up a new production plant in Luoyang City, Henan Province. This is in line with our strategy to expand our aluminium extrusion capacity in a new geographic location beyond north-eastern PRC to be in closer proximity to our customers. The new plant is expected to commence commercial production in the second half of 2014 and we have entered into a master supply agreement with Luoyang CSR Mass Transit Vehicle Co., Ltd (洛陽南車城市軌道車輛有限公司) ("Luoyang CSR"). Under the terms of the



agreement, Luoyang CSR has agreed to procure 100% of its requirements for aluminium alloy extrusion products and fabricated parts from Luoyang plant on a "preferred supplier basis".

Since 2004, we have successfully exported/secured contracts to supply large section aluminium alloy profiles to manufacture body frames for metro train/high speed train projects in various countries, including Belgium, Singapore, Russia, Iran, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Malaysia, Turkey, Brazil, Switzerland, Norway, etc.

Moving forward, we aim to expand our international presence by capitalising on opportunities emanating from the overseas market.

We have participated in many metro train projects in the PRC since 2003 in cities including Changchun, Guangzhou, Hangzhou, Kunming, Nanjing, Ningbo, Shanghai, Shenzhen, Tianjin and Zhengzhou.

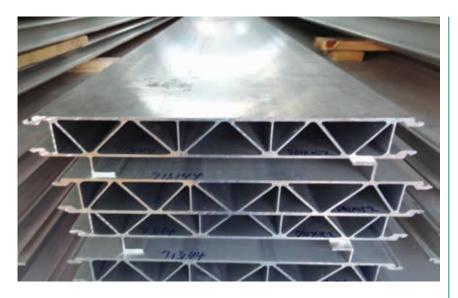
We are currently the market leader in supplying large section aluminium alloy profiles for the railway industry in the PRC. Significantly, we were appointed the supplier for some major high speed and inter-city train projects in the PRC,

including:

- Beijing to Tianjin High Speed Train Project
- Regional Line EMU Phase 1 Project
- CRH3-380 Project
- CRH3-300 Project
- · CRH5 EMU Project
- CRH1 EMU Project
- Pearl River Delta Inter-City Train Project (Dongguan – Shenzhen Section)
- Dongguan Huizhou Inter-City Train Project
- Nanjing-Gaochun Intercity Rail Project

We are a certified supplier for the world's top three renowned train manufacturers, which is a testimony and endorsement of the quality of our aluminium alloy extrusion products. This recognition given by Alstom, Siemens and Changchun Bombardier Railway Vehicles Co., Ltd ("CBRC") has provided us the platform to expand our business both in the PRC and the international export markets. CBRC is a joint venture between Bombardier, the world leader in rail cars manufacturing, and PRC's leading train manufacturer, CNR Changchun Railway Vehicles Co., Ltd.

CORPORATE **PROFILE**



In addition, Jilin Midas has entered into a Master Agreement with Siemens Aktiengesellschaft, Berlin und München, Sector Infrastructure & Cities, Division Rail Systems. Under this agreement, Siemens will engage Jilin Midas as a long term high technology supplier of aluminium alloy extrusion products in the context of long term partnership-based cooperation on a global basis.

The recognition for our manufacturing capability of aluminium alloy extrusion products positions us for greater growth in the PRC and international markets.

PE PIPE DIVISION

Our PE Pipe Division manufactures PE pipes for use in gas piping networks and water distribution networks.

Made of high density polyethylene, PE pipes are relatively light-weight and chemically inert. Considered as viable substitutes for traditional concrete and metal pipes, PE pipes are easier and safer to install, more durable and flexible. A proponent that is nontoxic in nature, our PE pipes are cost efficient and possess high resistance to corrosion.

Broadly categorised into two types of PE pipes, namely the Gas PE Pipes and the Water PE Pipes which are manufactured through the extrusion process. We manufacture the various parts required in a piping network, including pipes, joints and fittings.

Our PE Pipe Division accounted for 4.3% of our total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2013. As we consider our PE Pipe Division to be a non-core business, representing a relatively small portion of our Group's revenue, we currently do not have plans to further expand our PE Pipe business.

ALUMINIUM ALLOY PLATES AND SHEETS DIVISION

Our Aluminium Alloy Plates and Sheets Division will focus on manufacturing high precision, high specification aluminium alloy plates, sheets, strips and foils to further diversify our products. We will target a broader scope of transportation related industries, such as aviation, railway, automobile and shipbuilding. Commercial production is expected to commence in 2015 with a planned annual production capacity of up to 200,000 tonnes

ASSOCIATE

We have a 32.5% equity stake in a Sinoforeign joint venture, NPRT, which started commercial production in 2007. Many PRC cities have plans to build metro lines to facilitate urban transportation; we believe that NPRT will be a direct beneficiary of the high growth metro train industry in the PRC given the limited number of players in the market.

Since inception, NPRT, together with its consortium partners, has secured many high profile metro train projects in various cities in the PRC, including Dongguan, Hangzhou, Nanjing, Shanghai, Shenzhen, Suzhou and Wuxi.

MOVING FORWARD

Moving forward, we are committed to springboard towards greater expansion, growth value creation, as well as strengthen our key competencies.

MAJOR AWARDS AND CERTIFICATES

Since our inception, we have received the following major awards and certificates:

Awards/Certification	Awarding body	Year of Award/Certification
Winner of Most Transparent Company Award 2012 and 2013 for the Chemical & Resources Category	Securities Investors Association (Singapore)	2013 and 2012
Supplier of the Year Award (2011)	Bombardier Transportation ⁽²⁾	2012
Well-Known Trademark	Trademark Office of the State Administration for Industry & Commerce of the PRC	2010
Singapore Corporate Awards "Best Investor Relations Award (Gold)" in the category of "S\$300 million to less than S\$1 billion market capitalisation	The Business Times, supported by the Singapore Exchange Ltd. with various partners ⁽¹⁾	2010
IRIS Certificate – category of manufacturing and services of aluminium alloy car body profiles for rail cars	Bureau Veritas Certification (an IRIS approved certification body)	2009
Asia "Best Under A Billion" Enterprise	Forbes Asia	2009, 2008, 2007 and 2006
EN 15085-2 certification for the welding of railway vehicles and components	GSI SLV Duisburg	2009
"Leading Partners 150" Programme, a programme by Alstom to identify 150 suppliers globally as preferred suppliers for all projects undertaken with Alstom globally	Alstom ⁽²⁾	2008
Quality Focus Global Sourcing Grade "A" International Certification	Alstom ⁽²⁾	2007
2007 China's Top Brand	General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine of the PRC	2007
ISO 9001:2000 quality management standard	China Xin Shi Dai Certification Center, an accredited certification body by the International Organisation for Standardisation	2007
Certified supplier of aluminium alloy extrusion products	Changchun Bombardier ⁽²⁾	2005
Preferred long-term supplier of aluminium alloy products	Siemens ⁽²⁾	2005

Notes

- (1) The Singapore Corporate Awards are organised by The Business Times, supported by the Singapore Exchange Ltd. with the following partners: Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Singapore, Singapore Institute of Directors, Citigate Dewe Rogerson, i.MAGE, The Corporate Governance & Financial Reporting Centre of the NUS Business School, National University of Singapore, Aon Consulting and Egon Zehnder International. Supporting partners include Securities Investors Association (Singapore) and Investment Management Association of Singapore.
- (2) These awarding bodies are also our customers.



MESSAGE FROM THE EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board"), I present to you Midas Holdings Limited's annual report for FY2013.

THE REVIEW YEAR

In 2013, the PRC railway sector went through a strategic revamp: The former Ministry of Railways was abolished and split into two separate commercial and administrative arms. The newly-established China Railway Corporation ("CRC") took over the ministry's commercial operations while the administrative functions were merged into the Ministry of Transport.

Since its formation in March 2013, the CRC put 5,586 km of new rail lines into operation, and invested over RMB660 billion during the year in railway fixed-assets. This reflects the PRC government's continued support in developing PRC's rail network, which spells good news for industry players.

The review year also saw the resumption of high-speed rail tenders,

as the CRC called for two rounds of tenders. The first round conducted in August for trains, locomotives and supplementary equipment saw over RMB50 billion worth of contracts awarded; this was followed by a second round in late 2013, for 258 high-speed trains valued at over RMB44 billion.

RAMPING UP FOR GROWTH

The Group's Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division, operated under Jilin Midas was a direct beneficiary of the improving sentiment in the PRC railway industry. Jilin Midas secured a series of metro projects during the year as well as a RMB167.5 million contract for the supply of aluminium alloy extrusion profiles and certain fabricated parts for the manufacture of high speed trains.

The Group also actively seeks business opportunities across geographies and product segments. Such efforts have paid off, with order wins from Singapore, Russia and other European markets during the review year.

Construction progress at our joint-venture facility, Jilin Midas Light Alloy Co., Ltd ("JMLA") remains on track, with commercial production expected to start in 2015. This latest venture will enable Midas to target demand and opportunities in transportation related industries such as aviation, railway, automobile and shipbuilding. It will broaden our income base and reduce our dependency on the railway sector.

In October, the Group put in place a S\$500 million multicurrency medium term note ("MTN") programme, which would allow us to diversify our sources of funding and tap the bond markets based on our business needs.

LOOKING AHEAD

While the new year brings with it promises of growth and opportunities, we are wary of potential threats and challenges arising from the political tensions in the global arena, as well as expectations of higher interest rates

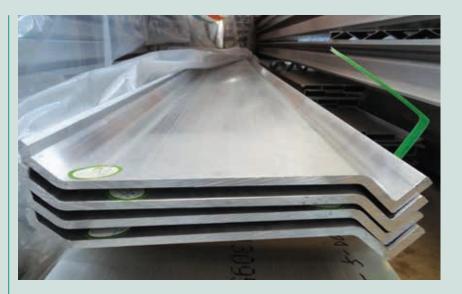
following US Federal Reserves' tapering measures.

Closer to home in PRC, concerns of a further slowdown in its economy have been abated with the PRC Government setting a stable GDP growth target of 7.5% for 2014. The government also reiterated its support to grow PRC's transportation network, a top-level decision which will see approximately RMB630 billion invested in railway fixed-assets in 2014. Accordingly, we expect these positive developments to benefit industry players and remain optimistic on the outlook of PRC's railway industry over the mid to long-term.

In view of the above, the Group will also continue to be prudent, and will leverage on our established track record, commitment to quality and strong network of domestic and international customers to achieve greater value for our shareholders.

DIVIDENDS

In appreciation of the support of our loyal shareholders, the Board is pleased to propose a final cash dividend of 0.25 Singapore cent per ordinary share. Together with the interim dividend of 0.25 Singapore cent paid earlier in the year, total dividend payout for FY2013 would amount to 0.5 Singapore cent per ordinary share.



APPRECIATION

Over the past decade, we have forged for Midas a recognised brand name synonymous with quality as a supplier of aluminium alloy extruded products. As we strive for greater growth, we also believe in adhering to the best practices in management and corporate governance. On this front, we are encouraged that Midas was once again conferred the "Most Transparent Company Award" at the Singapore Investors Association (Singapore) ("SIAS") Investors' Choice Awards 2013. This is the second consecutive year that Midas topped the list in corporate governance for the Chemical & Resources Category.

Our financial performance and achievements during the year would

have not been possible if not for the contributions of the Midas team and the support of all our stakeholders. On behalf of the Board, I take this opportunity to extend our greatest appreciation and gratitude to our investors, customers and business associates for your relentless support. To our management and staff, I must thank you for the hard work and commitment.

Let us work together to overcome any hurdles that may come our way as we forge an even better year for Midas!

CHEN WEI PING

Executive Chairman



MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

When I wrote to you a year ago, the Group was undergoing a period of extraordinary challenges, which stemmed from an unprecedented slowdown in the PRC railway sector. I am pleased to report that we have made good progress in overcoming these challenges in FY2013, backed by an industry recovery, the continued support of our customers and the effort of our team.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Group revenue rose 32.0% to RMB1.15 billion in FY2013, led by higher business volume from our core Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division, which recorded a 32.4% gain in revenue to RMB1.10 billion for FY2013, from RMB829.6 million in FY2012. The improved topline at the division was mainly a result of revenue contributions from the high-speed rail contracts secured in the second half of FY2013.

Within the division, the Rail Transport Industry, which included the supply of

aluminium alloy extrusion profiles for freight wagons, was the largest revenue contributor, accounting for 67.1% of the division's revenue. The "Others" segment, which included mainly the supply of aluminium alloy rods and other specialised profiles for industrial machinery, made up 25.8% of revenue to the Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division, while the Power Industry contributed the remaining 7.1%.

While operational performance has recovered, the Group's overall gross profit margin came in lower at 24.5% for FY2013, compared to 28.9% for FY2012. The Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division registered gross profit margin of 24.8% for FY2013, compared to 29.4% for FY2012. This was due to a change in product mix in FY2013, which included sales of aluminium alloy extrusion profiles for freight wagons, that typically command lower processing fees.

In line with the higher business volume, selling and distribution expenses rose 35.0% to RMB54.5 million in FY2013, up from RMB40.4 million in FY2012. This was a result of higher transportation and travelling expenses.

Approximately RMB57.8 million (FY2012: RMB25.9 million) of the interest on bank borrowings that were used to finance the construction of property, plant and equipment for the new production lines was capitalised.

Our associated company, NPRT, contributed RMB13.6 million in FY2013, reversing from its losses recorded in the previous year. NPRT's improved performance in FY2013 was backed by higher train car deliveries.

As a result, we recorded a 71.3% jump in net profit attributable to equity holders to RMB47.7 million in FY2013, compared to RMB27.8 million in the previous financial year.

AN EXPANDING FOOTPRINT

We are encouraged that customers continue to recognise and place their trust in Midas' ability as a preferred supplier. During the year, our order book was boosted by RMB812.5 million worth of contracts from both PRC and international customers.

These contract wins in FY2013 included our first high-speed train order since 2011, which accounted for RMB167.5 million, or approximately 20.6% of our order wins in FY2013. We also secured supply contracts from the PRC market for the following projects:

- Wuxi Metro Line 2 project
- Dongguan Rapid Railway R2 Line project
- Nanjing-Gaochun Intercity Rail project
- Hangzhou Metro Line 2 project
- Wuhan Metro Line project
- Changchun Metro Line 1 project
- Changchun Metro Line 2 project
- Shenzhen Metro Line 4 project
- Ningtian Intercity Line 1 project
- Nanjing Metro Line 4 project

International contracts accounted for approximately RMB412.5 million, or approximately 50.8% of total order wins in FY2013, underpinning the success of our efforts to diversify geographically. These orders included a contract from Ural Locomotives Limited Liability Company¹ for the supply of aluminium alloy extrusion profiles to the Russian railway market; contracts for the supply of train car body module components for new trains on the North East Line and Circle Line in Singapore; and a supply contract to two major train projects in Europe.

The strong order flow highlights our leadership position in the PRC as well as our growing participation in the international markets.

POSITIONING FOR GROWTH

On the industry front, the PRC metro sector is poised for sustained growth, as local bureaus of the National Development and Reform Commission have continued to fast-track approvals for new metro projects. A total of 36 Chinese cities have approved plans to build new subway lines and the total urban rail network is targeted to grow to 3,000 km by 2015, and 6,000 km by 2020. With the PRC government's commitment and continued efforts to develop and expand PRC's rail network, we are positive on the market opportunities in 2014. Our established track record gives us a strong competitive advantage to benefit from this infrastructural development to replenish and grow our order book.

Our second aluminium extrusion production facility, Luoyang Midas, which is located in Luoyang City, Henan Province, is expected to enter commercial production later this year. Besides enhancing our production capabilities, the establishment of a second facility is part of our longterm growth strategy to expand our operating base, bringing us closer to major customers in the PRC.

Meanwhile, the construction of our joint-venture 200,000 tonnes capacity aluminium cold rolling plant in Liaoyuan City, Jilin Province, PRC, is expected to commence commercial production in 2015. This would enable us to diversify into the manufacture of high precision, high specification aluminium alloy plates, sheets, strips and foil. Such products are used in various industries, positioning the Group even better to target opportunities beyond the railway sector.

APPRECIATION

We would like to extend our appreciation to all our shareholders who have stood by us through the difficult period. To all our customers and partners, I thank you for your support and continued trust in Midas. I am also grateful to my fellow Directors for their guidance and contributions. Last but not least, I must express my deepest gratitude to our management staff, your hard work and dedication in helping the Group to overcome the many challenges over the past two years did not go unnoticed.

CHEW HWA KWANG, PATRICK

Chief Executive Officer

¹ A joint-venture company between Siemens AG and Russia's Sinara Group

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



MR. CHEN WEI PING
EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN

Mr. Chen Wei Ping, aged 53, was appointed as our Director on 21 August 2002 and has been Executive Chairman of our Company since March 2003. Mr. Chen is instrumental in developing and steering our Group's corporate direction and strategies. Mr. Chen is responsible for the effective management of business relations with our strategic partners. In addition, Mr. Chen spearheaded the listing of our Company's shares on the SGX-ST on 23 February 2004 and on the SEHK on 6 October 2010. Mr. Chen has more than twenty years of management experience and holds a Bachelor Degree in Economics from Jilin Finance & Trade College (PRC)

as well as a Master Degree in Economics from Jilin University (PRC).



MR. CHEW HWA KWANG, PATRICK

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick, aged 51, is a founding member of our Group and is our Chief Executive Officer who is responsible for the overall operations and finance of our Group and its financial well-being. Mr. Chew is responsible for identifying future business opportunities and services which our Group may provide to drive future growth. Mr. Chew is also in charge of overseeing the day-to-day management of our Group as well as our Group's strategic and business development. Mr. Chew has served as our Executive Director since November 2000 and played a major role in the listing of our Company's shares on the SGX-ST on 23 February 2004 and on the SEHK on 6 October 2010. Mr. Chew has more than twenty years of management experience.



MR. CHAN SOO SEN
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE
DIRECTOR

Mr. Chan Soo Sen, aged 57, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 29 June 2006. Mr. Chan was a Minister of State and had served in several ministries including the Ministry of Education, Ministry of Trade and Industry and Ministry of Community Development, Youth and Sports. Before entering the political scene, Mr. Chan started up the China-Singapore Suzhou Industrial Park as the founding CEO in 1994, laying the foundation and framework for infrastructure and utilities development. Mr. Chan holds a Master of Management Science from the University of Stanford, United States of America and is a director of a few listed companies in Singapore and an Adjunct Professor in the Nanyang Technological University.



DR. XU WEI DONG
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE
DIRECTOR

Dr. Xu Wei Dong, aged 54, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 17 March 2010. Dr. Xu is currently a professor and a PhD supervisor of the School of Law, Jilin University (PRC). Dr. Xu graduated from the School of Law (formerly known as the Law Department), Jilin University (PRC) with a Bachelor Degree in 1982. He obtained a Master Degree in law in 1989 and a Doctoral Degree in economics in 2002, both from Jilin University (PRC). Between June 2000 and December 2004, Dr. Xu served as the Deputy Dean of the School of Law, Jilin University. He was promoted to become the Dean of the School of Law, Jilin University in December 2004 and held such position till December 2008. Dr. Xu concurrently holds senior positions in various law related institutions and organisations. Dr. Xu is the deputy chairman of Commercial Law Research Department of the China Law Society, executive director and secretary general of the Legal Education Research Department of the China Law Society, deputy chairman of the Jilin Province Law Society, executive director of Jilin Province's Intellectual Property Right Research Commission, an arbitrator with China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission, and a lawyer with the Changchun Branch of Dacheng Law Office. Dr. Xu is also a member and secretary general of the Legal Teaching Guidance Committee of the PRC Education Department; a member of the National Legal Profession Examination Coordination Committee; a member of the Advisory Committee of the Jilin Municipal Government; and a member of the Legislation Advisory Committee of the Heilongjiang Provincial Government. Dr. Xu is currently an independent nonexecutive director of a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.



MR. TONG DIN EU
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE
DIRECTOR
LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Mr. Tong Din Eu, aged 49, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of our Company on 8 August 2011. Mr. Tong holds a Bachelor Degree in Accountancy from the National University of Singapore and passed the examinations to be a CFA. Mr. Tong has many years of experience in corporate finance and had advised many regional initial public offerings and merger & acquisitions transactions.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

MR. WANG JIAXIN

AGED 58

Mr. Wang is the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Group and the General Manager of Jilin Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd. Mr. Wang assists the Chief Executive Officer in the overall management of our subsidiaries in PRC and is responsible for the business operations of our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division. Mr. Wang holds a Bachelor Degree in Mechanical Engineering from Jilin University (PRC). Mr. Wang joined our Group in January 2002.

MR. CHAN CHEE KIN

AGED 39

Mr. Chan is our Chief Financial Officer responsible for the financial management and reporting functions of our Group. Mr. Chan holds a Bachelor Degree in Accountancy (Second Upper Class Honours) from the Nanyang Technological University and is a member of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants (CA Singapore). Mr. Chan joined our Group in January 2003.

MR. MA MINGZHANG

AGED 6

Mr. Ma is the General Manager of Shanxi Wanshida Engineering Plastics Co., Ltd. Mr. Ma is responsible for the overall business operations of our PE Pipe Division. Mr. Ma holds a Bachelor Degree in Industrial Automation Instrument from Harbin Industry University (PRC) and a Master Degree in Science and Engineering from Chengdu Science and Technology University (PRC). Mr. Ma joined our Group in August 2001.

MR. SUN QIXIANG

AGED 51

Mr. Sun is the General Manager of Luoyang Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd, Mr. Sun holds a Bachelor Degree in Accountancy from Jilin Finance & Trade College (PRC). Mr. Sun joined our Group in April 2001.

MR. HOU TIEMIN

AGED 51

Mr. Hou is the General Manager of Jilin Midas Light Alloy Co., Ltd, Mr. Hou holds a Bachelor Degree from Jilin Province Economic Management Cadre College (PRC). Mr. Hou joined our Group in April 2011.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Wei Ping Executive Chairman

Mr. Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Chan Soo Sen Independent Non-executive Director

Dr. Xu Wei Dong Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Tong Din Eu Independent Non-executive Director Lead Independent Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Tong Din Eu, Chairman Mr. Chan Soo Sen

Dr. Xu Wei Dong

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Dr. Xu Wei Dong, Chairman

Mr. Tong Din Eu Mr. Chan Soo Sen

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Soo Sen, Chairman

Mr. Tong Din Eu

Dr. Xu Wei Dong

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Singapore: Ms. Tan Cheng Siew @ Nur Farah Tan, ACIS

Hong Kong: Ms. Mok Ming Wai

HONG KONG AUTHORISED **REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick Ms. Mok Ming Wai

REGISTERED OFFICE

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AUDITORS

MAZARS LLP

Public Accountants and Certified Public Accountants

133 Cecil Street

#15-02 Keck Seng Tower

Singapore 069535

Partner-in-charge: Mr. Chan Hock Leong

(Appointed with effect since financial

year ended 31 December 2013)

SINGAPORE PRINCIPAL SHARE **REGISTRAR**

BOARDROOM CORPORATE & ADVISORY SERVICES PTE. LTD.

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

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Jilin Province

PRC 136200

Luoyang Branch

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Luoyang City

Henan Province

PRC 471000

AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA

Liaoyuan City Branch

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Jilin Province

PRC 136200

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ASSOCIATE

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PRC 210031

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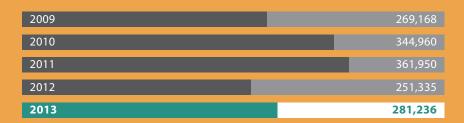
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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

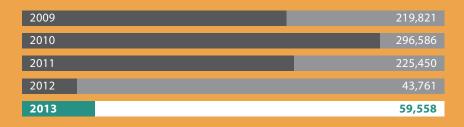
REVENUE (RMB'000)



GROSS PROFIT (RMB'000)



PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX (RMB'000)



PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS (RMB'000)

2009	176,024
2010	240,750
2011	187,358
2012	27,845
2013	47,711

FINANCIAL **HIGHLIGHTS**

	2013 RMB′000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2010 RMB'000	2009* RMB'000
Revenue	1,147,568	869,506	1,080,736	1,029,858	708,694
Gross profit	281,236	251,335	361,950	344,960	269,168
Profit before income tax	59,558	43,761	225,450	296,586	219,821
Profit attributable to equity holders	47,711	27,845	187,358	240,750	176,024
Shareholders' funds	2,968,657	2,963,463	2,973,652	2,854,023	1,561,093
Non current assets	3,580,828	2,811,264	2,393,723	1,783,312	1,268,920
Current assets	2,687,196	2,277,742	1,907,188	1,955,158	846,048
Current liabilities	2,501,666	1,366,434	1,141,770	582,393	470,821
Non current liabilities	518,169	474,691	185,489	302,054	83,054

^{*} Results (Revenue, Gross Profit, Profit before income tax) from continuing operations (Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division, Aluminium Alloy Plates and Sheets Division and PE Pipe Division) only. Agency and Procurement Division ceased trading operations in March 2009.

For the Year (RMB'000)	2013	2012	Change (%)
Revenue	1,147,568	869,506	32.0
Gross profit	281,236	251,335	11.9
Profit before income tax	59,558	43,761	36.1
Profit attributable to equity holders	47,711	27,845	71.3
At Year End (RMB'000)			
Shareholders' funds	2,968,657	2,963,463	0.2
Non-current assets	3,580,828	2,811,264	27.4
Current assets	2,687,196	2,277,742	18.0
Current liabilities	2,501,666	1,366,434	83.1
Non-current liabilities	518,169	474,691	9.2
Financial Ratios			
Net Assets per Share (RMB yuan)	2.44	2.43	0.4
Basic Earnings per Share (RMB fen)	3.92	2.29	71.2

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FINANCIAL REVIEW

BUSINESS MODEL AND STRATEGY

The Group seeks to capitalise and capture the vast opportunities available in the aluminium processed products sector, delivering quality and customized products to our customers on a timely basis. We believe in planning for the long term and make appropriate investments in machineries, technology and human capital so that we maintain the edge in our manufacturing capabilities and expertise. In furthering this objective, the Group is mindful of achieving good financial performance with proper risk diversification. Having entrenched our position in the PRC aluminium extruded products market for use in the rail transport industry, plans are being made for the longer term by researching and developing aluminium extruded products suitable for use in other industries such as oil and gas. At the same time, the Group is also venturing into the manufacture of other aluminium processed products as a lateral extension of this product diversification strategy. A new manufacturing facility capable of producing high precision, high specification aluminium rolled plates and sheets for use in industries such as aviation and automobile is being built and commercial production is expected to commence in 2015. We have also devoted more resources into establishing our global networks and links with existing and new international customers in a bid to diversify our geographical markets as compared to our current geographical concentration in the PRC.

REVENUE

Our Group's principal activities for FY2013 are as follows:

- manufacture of large section aluminium alloy extrusion products for use mainly in the following: a.
 - Rail Transport Industry We produce aluminium alloy profiles which are used to manufacture train car body frames for use by high-speed trains, metro trains and freight wagons;
 - Power Industry We produce aluminium alloy tubing which are used in power stations for power transmission purposes, electrical energy distribution and transmission cables; and
 - Others We produce aluminium alloy rods and other specialized profiles which are used in the production of mechanical parts for industrial machinery.
- h manufacture of PE pipes for gas piping networks and water distribution networks.

Our revenue by business activities is set out below:

Business segments (RMB'000)	FY2013	FY2012	Change	%
Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division	1,098,226	829,571	268,655	32.4
PE Pipe Division	49,342	39,935	9,407	23.6
Total	1,147,568	869,506	278,062	32.0

Our total revenue increased by about RMB278.1 million or 32.0% from RMB869.5 million in FY2012 to RMB1,147.6 million in FY2013. Revenue at our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division increased by approximately RMB268.7 million or 32.4% from RMB829.6 million in FY2012 to RMB1,098.2 million in FY2013. Our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division contributed approximately 95.7% of total revenue for FY2013 as compared to approximately 95.4% for FY2012.



The table below show the revenue segmentation in

Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division

	FY2013	FY2012
	%	%
Rail Transport Industry	67.1	57.1
Power Industry	7.1	7.4
Others	25.8	35.5
Total	100.0	100.0

Sales by end usage indicate that revenue contribution from the rail transport industry is still the major revenue contributor, contributing approximately 67.1% of the revenue for the Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division. "Others" segment included mainly revenue from the supply of aluminium alloy rods and other specialized profiles for industrial equipment.

Our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division is well placed to compete effectively, especially in supplying aluminium alloy profiles for use as train car body frames in the rail transport industry. In addition, our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division also has the capabilities to process car body components for train cars. Our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division is certified by the world's three leading train manufacturers, namely Alstom, Siemens and Changchun Bombardier. It was also awarded the EN 15085-2 certification for the welding of railway vehicles and components issued by GSI SLV Duisburg, one of the largest welding engineering institutes in Europe and the International Railway Industry Standard certification. We believe that such recognition would provide us the platform to expand our business both in the PRC and the international markets. We have demonstrated our capabilities in supplying aluminium alloy profiles of international standards and meeting the stringent requirements of our international customers by securing more contracts in the international markets.

In 2011, our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division commenced the setting up of a new production plant, Luoyang Midas, in Luoyang City, Henan Province. This is in line with our strategy to expand our aluminium extrusion capacity in a new geographic location beyond north-eastern PRC to be in closer proximity to our customers. The new plant is targeted to be completed in the second half of 2014.

PROFITABILITY

Our gross profit by business activities is set out below:

Business segments (RMB'000)	FY2013	FY2012	Change	%
Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division	272,139	244,262	27,877	11.4
PE Pipe Division	9,097	7,073	2,024	28.6
Total	281,236	251,335	29,901	11.9
Gross Profit Margin (%)	24.5	28.9		

Gross profit increased by approximately RMB29.9 million or 11.9% from RMB251.3 million in FY2012 to RMB281.2 million in FY2013. Gross profit margin for FY2013 was 24.5% versus 28.9% in FY2012. This was due to lower gross profit margin at our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division of 24.8% in FY2013 as compared to 29.4% in FY2012. The lower gross profit margin resulted from a change in product mix in FY2013, which included sales of aluminium alloy extrusion profiles for freight wagons, that typically command lower processing fees.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Our profitability by business activities is set out below:

(RMB'000)	FY2013	FY2012	Change	%
Segment results*				
Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division	148,419	157,589	(9,170)	(5.8)
PE Pipe Division	4,674	2,113	2,561	121.2
Aluminium Alloy Plates and Sheets Division	(10,842)	(8,442)	(2,400)	28.4
Unallocated corporate expenses	(20,076)	(27,788)	7,712	(27.8)
Finance costs	(76,248)	(73,979)	(2,269)	3.1
Share of profits/(losses) of an associate	13,631	(5,732)	NM	NM
Profit before income tax expense	59,558	43,761	15,797	36.1
Income tax expense	(16,733)	(18,148)	(1,415)	(7.8)
Profit for the financial year	42,825	25,613	17,212	67.2
*Segment results are derived after the following:				
Other operating income	12,587	12,492	95	0.8
Selling and distribution expenses	(54,501)	(40,381)	(14,120)	35.0
Administrative expenses	(117,147)	(99,974)	(17,173)	17.2

NM - Not meaningful

Other operating income comprised mainly government grants, interest income and income derived from the disposal of scrap materials at our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division.

Selling and distribution expenses increased by approximately RMB14.1 million in FY2013, driven mainly by higher transportation and travelling expenses as compared with FY2012, in line with the growth in business volume at our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division in FY2013.

Administrative expenses increased by about RMB17.2 million in FY2013 mainly due to higher start up staff costs at our new plants as compared with FY2012.

Finance costs comprised interest on bank borrowings, bank charges and financing costs relating to discounted notes receivables. Approximately RMB57.8 million (FY2012: RMB25.9 million) of the interest on bank borrowings in FY2013 that was used to finance the construction of property, plant and equipment for our new production lines was capitalised.

The Group's share of profit from its associated company, NPRT, was approximately RMB13.6 million in FY2013. This was due mainly to higher train cars deliveries made by NPRT during the year.

Income tax expense for FY2013 decreased by about RMB1.4 million mainly due to lower withholding tax paid. Jilin Midas was awarded with the approved High Technology Enterprise status and enjoyed a concessionary rate of 15% for the financial years 2011 to 2013.

FY2013 ended with profits of approximately RMB42.8 million which represented 67.2% increase over FY2012.



CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF THE GROUP

Loans

	As at 31 December 2013		As at 31 December 2012	
	Secured	Unsecured	Secured	Unsecured
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Amount repayable in one year or less, or on				
demand	1,175,581	906,000	220,100	779,200
Amount repayable after one year	248,990	267,039	330,550	142,000
Total	1,424,571	1,173,039	550,650	921,200

Details of collateral

The secured borrowings consist of bank loans that are provided to Jilin Midas and JMLA.

The bank loans to Jilin Midas are secured by the mortgage of land use rights, property, plant and equipment and various trade receivables with net book value of about RMB1,314.8 million (31 December 2012: RMB2,600.0 million). The bank loans to JMLA are guaranteed by the Company, Jilin Midas and Dalian Huicheng Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd (which is ultimately owned by Mr. Chen Wei Ping, who is the Executive Chairman of the Company). The bank loans to JMLA are also secured by future constructions and developments on the land including factory buildings, office buildings and workshops for auxiliary facilities, and two cold-rolling mills. The bank loans to Luoyang Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd. ("Luoyang Midas") are guaranteed by Jilin Midas.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximate their fair value and are denominated in the following currencies:

	FY2013	FY2012
The Group	RMB'000	RMB'000
Euro	4,131	3,012
Renminbi	1,026,246	510,620
Singapore dollar	2,251	32,862
Jnited States dollar	13,793	42
long Kong dollar	7	468
Others	28	29
	1,046,456	547,033

GROUP'S ORDER BOOK

The Group's order book in relation to our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division as at 31 December 2013 is approximately RMB959 million.

DIVERSIFICATION

FINANCIAL REVIEW

EMPLOYEES, REMUNERATION POLICY AND EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTIONS

As at 31 December 2013, there were 1,754 (2012: 1,491) employees in the Group. Staff remuneration packages are determined in consideration of market conditions and the performance of the individuals concerned, and are subject to review from time to time. The Group also provides other staff benefits including medical and life insurance, and grants share options to eligible staff based on their performance and contributions to the Group. As at 31 December 2013, there were unexercised share options for 4,750,000 unissued ordinary shares (2012: 5,100,000) under the "Midas Employees Share Option Scheme". These unexercised share options lapsed on 8 February 2014.

GEARING

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is derived by dividing total liabilities by total equity. Our gearing ratio was 93.0% as at 31 December 2013 and 56.7% as at 31 December 2012. If the gearing ratio were derived by dividing total interest bearing bank loans by total equity, the gearing ratio would be 80.0% as at 31 December 2013 and 45.3% as at 31 December 2012. Our gearing ratio increased from FY2012 to FY2013, mainly due to the drawdown on syndicated bank loan by JMLA for the construction of the new aluminium cold rolling plant.



Business Risk

Our revenue is mainly derived in the PRC from the sales of aluminium alloy extrusion products and PE pipes for the rail transport and infrastructure industries. We intend to further our growth opportunities by marketing our products overseas to minimise any over reliance on the local PRC markets. Since 2004, we have successfully exported or secured contracts to supply large section aluminium alloy profiles to manufacture body frames for metro train/high speed train projects in various countries, including Singapore, Russia, Iran, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Malaysia, Turkey, Brazil, Switzerland, Norway, etc.

The raw materials used in our manufacturing processes are plastic resins (for our PE Pipe Division) and aluminium alloy billets (for our Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division). Raw materials make up a significant component of the cost of sales. We are therefore vulnerable to fluctuations in the prices of these raw materials and components. We generally do not purchase or store raw materials in advance. Purchases of raw materials are generally made in response to customers' order. Our Group makes use of this natural hedge to minimise any impact of fluctuations in raw materials prices on our Group's profitability.

Interest Rate Risk

Our interest rate risk relates primarily to our restricted bank deposits, bank deposits and bank borrowings. We place our cash balances with reputable banks and financial institutions. Our policy is to obtain the most favourable rates available. We currently have not entered into interest rate swaps to hedge against our exposure to changes in fair values of our borrowings.

In addition, to the extent that we may need to raise debt financing in the future, upward fluctuations in interest rates will increase the cost of new debts. Fluctuations in interest rates can also lead to significant fluctuations in the fair values of our debt obligations. We currently do not use any derivative instruments to manage our interest rate. To the extent we decide to do so in the future, there can be no assurance that any future hedging activities will protect us from fluctuations in interest rates.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that we will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations. We are exposed to liquidity risk if we are unable to raise sufficient funds to meet our financial obligations as and when they fall due. To manage liquidity risk, we monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents considered adequate by our management to finance our operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flow. In doing so, our management monitors the utilisation of borrowings to ensure adequate unutilised banking facilities and compliance with loan covenants.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of our financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates and consequently affect our Group's financial results and cash flow. Certain of our bank accounts, deposits, receivables and payables are denominated in U.S. dollars and Euros, which are different from the respective functional currencies of those entities for which these balances reside in, which exposes us to foreign currency risk. Other than the aforementioned, most of our operating expenses and revenue are denominated in Renminbi and we do not expect a change in the way we operate. As a result, we do not believe we are exposed to significant foreign currency risk. However, our Company's cash flow is derived from dividend income from our subsidiaries in Singapore dollars. Hence, our Company would be exposed to foreign exchange risks when we receive dividends from our PRC subsidiaries in Renminbi. As we expand our operations, we may incur a certain portion of our cash flow in currencies other than Renminbi and, thereby, may increase our exposure to fluctuations on exchange rates. Our policy is not to take speculative positions through forward currency contracts and we have not engaged in any foreign currency hedging activities as at the date of this annual report.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit Risk

Our principal financial assets are trade and other receivables and bank balances, which represent our maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. Our credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables. In order to minimise credit risk, our management continuously monitors the level of our exposure to ensure that follow-up action is taken on a timely basis to recover overdue debts. In this regard, our Directors consider that our credit risk is significantly reduced. In addition, we review the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses, if necessary, are provided for irrecoverable amounts. The maximum exposure to credit risk in the event that the counterparties fail to perform their obligations as at end of the financial year in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets stated in the statements of financial position. The Group has a concentration of credit risk of the trade receivables due from the five largest debtors. As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, approximately 74% and 67% of total trade receivables respectively, were due from the five largest debtors. In addition, the credit risk on bank deposits and bank balances is limited because a majority of the counterparties are reputable banks and financial institutions.

Midas Holdings Limited (the "Company") is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance and has established practices and procedures for compliance with the principles and code provisions set out in the revised Code of Corporate Governance 2012 (the "Singapore CG Code") and the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "HK CG Code") under Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK").

The Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the HK CG Code for the year ended 31 December 2013 save for the deviation from code provision A.4.1.

Under code provision A.4.1, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Currently, none of the existing Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company is appointed for a specific term. However, all directors of the Company (the "Directors") are subject to the retirement and re-election provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles"), which require that one third of the Board shall retire from office by rotation every year and the retiring Directors are eligible for re-election. In addition, each of the Directors appointed to fill a casual vacancy will be subject to election by the shareholders at the first general meeting after such appointment. In view of this, the Board considers that such requirements are sufficient to meet the underlying objective of the said code provision A.4.1 and, therefore, does not intend to take any remedial steps in this regard.

The main corporate governance practices that were in place since are set out below.

A BOARD MATTERS

Board's conduct of its affairs

The Board shall be responsible for the overall direction, supervision and control of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). The Board shall provide overall leadership in determining the Group's long-term strategic direction, approve the Group's overall business and commercial strategic plans, operating goals, operating budget and key performance indicators as well as to ensure that the necessary financial and human resources are in place for the Group to meet its objectives.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day management of the Company's business to the management and shall supervise the management of the business and affairs of the Group.

The Board is responsible for the Group's corporate governance policies and practices and approves the Group's appointment of Directors and key management personnel, major funding and investment proposals, and reviews the financial performance of the Group.

To assist the Board in the execution of its responsibilities, an Audit Committee ("AC"), a Remuneration Committee ("RC") and a Nominating Committee ("NC") have been established. Each of these committees has its own written terms of reference and whose actions are reported to and monitored by the Board.

The Company has adopted internal guidelines setting forth matters that require Board approval.

The types of material transactions that require the Board's approval under such guidelines include the following:

- Approval of quarterly results announcement;
- Approval of the annual reports and accounts;
- Declaration of interim dividends and proposal of final dividends;
- Convening of shareholders' meetings;
- Approval of broad policies, strategies and financial objectives of the Group and monitoring the performance of management;
- Oversight of the processes for evaluating the adequacy of internal controls, risk management, financial reporting and compliance;
- Approval of nominations of Directors;
- Approval of material acquisitions and disposals of assets; and
- Authorisation of major transactions.

The Board comprises business leaders and professionals with financial backgrounds. Profiles of our Directors can be found on pages 10 to 11 of this Annual Report.

The Board conducts scheduled meetings on a regular basis. Ad hoc meetings will be convened to deliberate on urgent substantive matters when necessary. Telephonic attendance and conference via audio-visual communications at Board meetings are allowed under the Company's Articles. The attendance of the Directors at meetings of the Board and Board committees, as well as the frequency of such meetings, is disclosed in Part H of this Corporate Governance Statement.

The Directors are provided with important and relevant information of the Company and the Group. In addition, they are also provided with the contact details of the Company's senior management and Joint Company Secretaries to facilitate access to the Group's information.

Newly appointed Directors are given an orientation on the Group's business strategies and operations, including plant visits to ensure their familiarity with the Group's operations and governance practices. In addition, the Company will also arrange plant visits for Directors to our various factory locations annually. A copy of "A Guide on Directors' Duties" published by the Hong Kong Companies Registry, "Guidelines for Directors" and "Guide for Independent Non-executive Directors" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors were provided to all Directors so that they could acquaint themselves with the general duties of Directors and the required standard of care, skill and diligence in the performance of their functions and exercise of their powers as Directors. The Company continuously updates Directors on the latest developments regarding the changes in the applicable laws, rules and regulations to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. Directors are also provided regular updates on the industry developments and assessments of the Group's performance.

Directors are welcome to request further explanations, briefings or informal discussions on any aspects of the Group's operations or business issues from the management. The Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") will make the necessary arrangements for the briefings, informal discussions or explanations required by the Directors.

Either one of the Joint Company Secretaries and/or their representative attend(s) all Board meetings and, together with the Directors, they are responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures are followed and that applicable rules and regulations are complied with. The Joint Company Secretaries and/or their representative administer(s), attend(s) and prepare(s) minutes of all Board and Board committee meetings.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in professional development programmes and/or activities to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Directors are requested to provide the Company with their respective training records pursuant to the HK CG Code. According to the records maintained by the Company, the current Directors have received the following training in compliance with the HK CG Code on continuous professional development during the year ended 31 December 2013:

	Type of Continuous Professional Development			
Name of Director	Sustainabi Corporate G	Plant Visits		
	Read Materials	Attend Briefings/ Seminars		
Chen Wei Ping	√	√	√	
Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	
Tong Din Eu	√	$\sqrt{}$	_	
Chan Soo Sen			_	
Xu Wei Dong				

Roles of Chairman and CEO

The roles of Chairman and CEO in the Company are separately assumed by Mr. Chen Wei Ping and Mr. Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick, respectively. As such, there is a clear division of responsibilities at the top of the Group. Mr. Chen bears responsibility for the effectiveness of the Board and ensures that the Group complies with the Singapore CG Code and HK CG Code. On the other hand, Mr. Chew bears executive responsibility for the Group's business.

As the Chairman is part of the executive management team and is not an independent Director, Mr Tong Din Eu was appointed as the lead independent Director on 14 November 2013 to ensure and strengthen the independence of the Board.

The lead independent Director will make himself available, where appropriate, to shareholders when they have concerns for which contact through the normal channels of the Chairman, the CEO or the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") have failed to resolve their concerns or are inappropriate. He will act as the leader of the independent Directors at Board meetings in raising queries and pursuing matters. He will also lead meetings of independent Directors, without the presence of executive Directors.

Nominating Committee

The NC comprises 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors:

- Dr. Xu Wei Dong, Chairman of the NC and Independent Non-Executive Director
- Mr. Chan Soo Sen, Independent Non-Executive Director
- Mr. Tong Din Eu, Independent Non-Executive Director

The principal functions of the NC are to:

• Review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board and make recommendations to the Board with regard to any adjustments that are deemed necessary and which would complement corporate strategy.

MOVING TOWARD
DIVERSIFICATION

- Identify suitable candidates and review all nominations for the appointment to the Board before making recommendations to the Board for appointment.
- Assess the independence of the Directors annually and is of the opinion that the Directors who have been classified as independent under the "Board of Directors" section are indeed independent.
- Decide whether or not a Director is able to and has been adequately carrying out his duties as a Director of the Company particularly where the Director has multiple board representations.
- Assess the effectiveness of the Board.
- To recommend Directors who are retiring by rotation to be put forward for re-election, having regard to their contribution and performance.
- To recommend to the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and CEO.

The terms of reference setting out the NC's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on the websites of Singapore Exchange Limited ("SGX"), the SEHK and our Company.

Board composition and balance

The Board comprises two Executive Directors and three Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Name of Director	Board Committee as Chairman or Member	Directorship: Date of first appointment/Date of last re-election	Board appointment: Executive or non-executive/ Independent	Due for re-election at next AGM
Chen Wei Ping	NA	21 August 2002/30 April 2012	Executive	Retirement pursuant to Article 91 of the Company's Articles
Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick	NA	17 November 2000/30 April 2013	Executive	NA
Tong Din Eu	Chairman of AC, Member of NC and RC	8 August 2011/30 April 2012	Independent	NA
Chan Soo Sen	Chairman of RC, Member of AC and NC	29 June 2006/30 April 2013	Independent	NA
Xu Wei Dong	Chairman of NC, Member of AC and RC	17 March 2010/30 April 2012	Independent	Retirement pursuant to Article 91 of the Company's Articles

The independence of each Independent Non-Executive Director is reviewed annually by the NC. The NC adopts the Singapore CG Code and HK CG Code's definition of what constitutes an Independent Non-Executive Director in its review, and the Company requires the Independent Non-Executive Directors to declare their independence annually. As a result of the review of the independence of each Director for the year and upon receipt of confirmation of independent pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules from each of the Independent Non-Executive Director, the NC is satisfied with the independence of all the Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Board Diversity

The Board adopted the "Board Diversity Policy" in August 2013 setting out the approach to diversity on the Board. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of diversity in the boardroom. A diverse board will steer the Company towards achieving its strategic objectives and sustainable development. An effective board should, amongst other qualities and capabilities, capitalize and leverage on the differences in the cultural and education background, race, gender, professional training, regional and industry experience, skills, knowledge and length of service of the Directors. These differences, coupled with the due consideration given to the Company's business model and its needs from time to time, will determine the optimum composition of the Board. Board appointments will be based on merit against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The NC will review the policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the policy.

The NC is of the view that the current Board comprises persons who as a group, provide core competencies necessary to meet the Company's targets and that the current Board size is adequate, taking into account the nature and scope of the Group's operations.

Key information on the individual Directors of the Company is set out on pages 10 to 11 of this Annual Report. Their shareholdings are also disclosed on page 41 of the Directors' Report. None of the Directors holds shares in the subsidiaries of the Company.

Board Performance

The NC will use its best efforts to ensure that Directors appointed to the Board possess the relevant background, experience and knowledge to enable balanced and well-considered decisions to be made. The performance criteria the NC will consider in relation to an individual Director include the Director's industry knowledge and/or functional expertise, contribution and workload requirements, sense of independence and attendance at the Board and Board committee meetings. One of the NC's responsibilities is to undertake a review of the Board's performance. The NC will consider practicable methods to assess the effectiveness of the Board.

During the year, the NC held one meeting to review and evaluate the performance of the Board, taking into consideration the attendance record at the meetings of the Board and the Board committees and also the contribution of each Director to the effectiveness of the Board. The NC also reviewed and confirmed the independence of the Independent Directors, and recommended Directors who were retiring by rotation to be put forward for re-election after considering their contribution and performance.

Where a Director has multiple board representations, the NC will evaluate whether or not the Director is able to carry out and has been adequately carrying out his/her duties as a director of the Company. As a guide, Directors should not have more than six listed company board representations.

For the year under review, the Board is satisfied that each Director has allocated sufficient time and resources to the affairs of the Company.

B REMUNERATION MATTERS

Remuneration Committee

The RC comprises 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors:

- Mr. Chan Soo Sen, Chairman of the RC and Independent Non-Executive Director
- 2. Mr. Tong Din Eu, Independent Non-Executive Director
- 3. Dr. Xu Wei Dong, Independent Non-Executive Director

The RC has adopted the operation model where it performs an advisory role to the Board, with the Board retaining the final authority to approve the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and key management personnel.

The principal functions of the RC are to:

- Review and recommend to the Board the framework or broad policy for the remuneration of the Company's Board and key management personnel, and to review and recommend specific remuneration packages for each Executive Director and CEO and such other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group.
- Make recommendations to the Board the fee of Non-Executive Directors, taking into account factors such as efforts, time spent and the responsibilities.
- Make recommendations on the targets for any performance related pay schemes operated by the Company, taking into account time commitment, responsibilities, pay and employment conditions within the industry and in comparable companies.
- Administer the Midas Employees Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme").

The terms of reference setting out the RC's authorities, duties and responsibilities are available on the websites of SGX, the SEHK and our Company.

The members of the RC do not have specialised knowledge in the field of executive compensation. However, they have gained experiences in this area via managing the business and/or the human resources aspects of the Group and companies outside the Group. The Company will ensure that the RC has access to expert advice on the human resource matter whenever there is a need to consult externally. In setting remuneration packages, the Group takes into account pay and employment conditions within the same industry and in comparable companies, as well as the Group's performance and individual's performance. No Director or management personnel will be involved in deciding his own remuneration.

The remuneration packages for our Executive Chairman and CEO include a basic salary component, a profit sharing component as well as share option elements, which are performance related. Both our Executive Chairman and CEO have respectively renewed their service agreements with the Group with effect from 1 January 2012 for a period of three years.

Independent and Non-Executive Directors do not have service contracts with the Company. Independent and Non-Executive Directors will receive Directors' fees, in accordance with their contributions, taking into factors such as effort and time spent, responsibilities of the Directors and the need to pay competitive fees to attract, retain and motivate the Directors. Directors' fees have been recommended by the Board for approval at the Company's Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

During the year, the RC held one meeting to discuss remuneration related matters and recommended to the Board the proposed quantum of Directors' fees for Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Disclosure on Remuneration

A breakdown of each individual Director's remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2013, is as follows:

	Fees S\$'000	Salary S\$'000	Other Benefits S\$'000	Total S\$'000
Chen Wei Ping	_	492	92	584
Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick	_	414	80	494
Chan Soo Sen	50	_	_	50
Xu Wei Dong	50	_	_	50
Tong Din Eu	60	_	_	60

The Directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at the AGM.

The table below sets out the range of gross remuneration received by the top five executives in the Company and its subsidiaries, but does not include associate during the financial year under review. The total remuneration in aggregate paid to these top five executives in the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 was \$\$1,083,000.

\$\$250,000 to \$\$499,999:		
Tan Kai Teck	– Chief Financial Officer (ceased employment on 21 August 2013)	
Below \$\$250,000:		
Wang Jiaxin	– Deputy CEO and General Manager of Jilin Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd.	
Chan Chee Kin	– Chief Financial Officer (appointed on 2 December 2013)	
Sun Qixiang	– General Manager of Luoyang Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd.	
Ma Mingzhang	– General Manager of Shanxi Wanshida Engineering Plastics Co., Ltd.	
Hou Tiemin	– General Manager of Jilin Midas Light Alloy Co., Ltd	

There are no persons occupying managerial positions in the Company who are related to a Director or substantial shareholder of the Company or any of its principal subsidiaries who earned more than \$\$50,000 per annum for the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

C ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Audit Committee

The AC comprises 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors:

- Mr. Tong Din Eu, Chairman of the AC and Independent Non-Executive Director
- Mr. Chan Soo Sen, Independent Non-Executive Director
- Dr. Xu Wei Dong, Independent Non-Executive Director

The principal functions of the AC are to:

- Review the audit plans of the Company's external auditors and to discuss with auditors the nature and scope of audit and reporting obligations before commencement.
- Review the external auditors' reports and to review external auditors' management letter and ensure that the Board has a timely response to issues raised.
- Review the financial statements of the Company and that of the Group before their submission to the Board, with particular focus on changes in accounting policies and practices, major judgemental areas, significant adjustments resulting from audit, going concern assumptions and any qualifications, compliance with accounting standards and compliance with applicable listing rules and legal requirements in relation to financial reporting.
- Be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditors and to review and recommend to the Board the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal.
- Review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices.
- Review the scope and results of the internal audit procedures.

The AC Charter setting out the AC's authorities, duties and responsibilities is available on the websites of SGX, the SEHK and our Company.

The Chairman of the AC, Mr. Tong Din Eu has many years of experience in the corporate finance and accounting profession. Mr. Chan Soo Sen and Dr. Xu Wei Dong have many years of experience in business and financial management. The AC members bring with them extensive managerial and financial expertise. They are also board members of various listed companies in Singapore and PRC. The AC meets at least 4 times a year, with additional meetings when circumstances require. The Board is of the view that the members of the AC have sufficient financial management expertise and experience to discharge the AC's functions.

The AC assists the Board to maintain a high standard of corporate governance, particularly in the areas of effective financial reporting and the adequacy of internal control systems of the Group.

The AC keeps abreast of changes to accounting standards and issues which have a direct impact on the financial statements by regular communication with the management, the external auditors and the internal auditors.

During the year, the AC reviewed and approved the audit plans submitted by both the internal and external auditors. The AC has also reviewed the findings and recommendations from the auditors and reviewed and discussed the announcements of the quarterly, half year and full year results.

The AC evaluates the assistance given by the management to the external auditors and also reviews any interested person transactions

The AC has full access to management and is given the resources required for it to discharge its functions. It has the full authority and discretion to invite any Director or executive officer to attend its meetings.

The AC meets with the external auditors and the internal auditors, without the presence of management, at least once a year.

The AC, having reviewed all non-audit services provided by the external auditors to the Group, is satisfied that the nature and extent of such services would not affect the independence of the external auditors. The Group has complied with Rules 712 and 715 of the Listing Manual in relation to its auditors and will continue to do so. The AC recommends Mazars LLP to the Board for re-appointment as external auditors of the Company. Except for the appointment of Mazars LLP as the external auditors since financial year ended 31 December 2012, there have been no changes in the auditors in the preceding three years.

Internal Audit

The internal audit function is outsourced to a firm of certified public accountants. The internal auditors report directly to the Chairman of the AC. The AC reviews and approves the annual internal audit plans and reviews the scope of internal audit procedures. The internal auditors will also report to the AC directly their significant findings and recommendations arising from the internal audit carried out by them.

D CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties as set out below:

- To develop and review Group's policies and practices on corporate governance.
- To review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management.
- To review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.
- To develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance applicable to employees and Directors.
- To review the Group's compliance with the Singapore CG Code and HK CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Statement.

The Board is cognizant of the need to stay abreast of developments and best practices, especially in areas where it will enable them to discharge their fiduciary duties more effectively. To that extent, the Board as a whole is encouraged to attend appropriate courses and/or seminars which are proposed either by the Directors or the Company. The Directors are required to keep the Board updated on a timely basis on the training they have received. The Board reviews and monitors the training and continuous professional development of the Directors on a periodic basis.

During the year, the Board reviewed the Group's corporate governance policies and practices and that such policies and practices are compliant with the Singapore CG Code and HK CG Code. The Board also reviewed the Group's compliance with the necessary disclosure requirements in the Corporate Governance Statement.

E RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board is responsible for overseeing the Group's system of risk management and internal controls and for reviewing its adequacy and effectiveness. The system of risk management and internal controls are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Group has established a risk identification and management framework. In the Group, the risks are proactively identified and addressed. The ownership of these risks lies with the respective business and corporate executive heads with stewardship residing with the Board. Action plans to manage the risks are continually monitored and refined by the management and the Board. Internal auditors conduct review on the effectiveness of the material internal control systems in the Group, including material financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls. Any material non-compliance or lapses in internal controls together with corrective measures are reported to the AC. The external auditors, in the course of their audit, consider internal controls relevant to the Group's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls. Any significant deficiencies noted during the course of the audit in such internal controls will be reported to the AC.

The Board has received assurance from the CEO and CFO that:

- the financial records of the Group have been properly maintained and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances; and
- (b) the system of risk management and internal controls in place within the Group is adequate and effective in addressing the material risks in the Group in its current business environment including material financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks. The CEO and CFO have obtained similar assurance from the business and corporate executive heads in the Group.

Based on the framework established and the reviews conducted, the Board opines pursuant to Rule 1207(10) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST, with the concurrence of the AC, that there are adequate internal controls in place within the Group addressing material financial, operational and compliance risks.

The Board notes that the system of risk management and internal controls established by the Company provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the Group will not be significantly affected by any event that can be reasonably foreseen as it strives to achieve its business objectives. However, the Board also notes that no system of risk management and internal controls can provide absolute assurance in this regard, or absolute assurance against poor judgment in decision making, human error, losses, fraud or other irregularities.

F COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Group is mindful of the obligation to provide regular, effective and fair communication with shareholders on a timely basis, without practising selective disclosure. The announcements of results are published through the websites of SGX, the SEHK and the Company and news releases. All information on the Company's and/or the Group's new initiatives are first disseminated via the websites of SGX, the SEHK and the Company followed by a news release. Results and annual reports are announced or issued within the mandatory period.

All shareholders of the Company receive the annual report, circulars and notices of the shareholders' meetings. The notices are also advertised in newspapers in Singapore. The Company encourages shareholders to attend the AGM to ensure a high level of accountability and to stay informed of the Group's strategies and goals. The notice of this AGM has been dispatched to the shareholders, at least 20 clear business days before the meeting. The Board welcomes questions from shareholders either formally or informally before or at the AGM.

The Company's Articles allow a shareholder of the Company to appoint more than one proxy to attend and vote in place of the shareholder.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

G SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures by Which Shareholders Can Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM")

Two or more members holding not less than 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) may call a general meeting of the Company. The Directors shall, on the requisition of members holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than 10% of such of the paid-up capital, immediately proceed duly to convene an EGM of the Company to be held as soon as practicable but in any case not later than 2 months after the receipt by the Company of the requisition. The requisition shall state the objects of the meeting and shall be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists. If the Directors do not within 21 days after the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than 50% of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves, in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings are to be convened by Directors convene a general meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of 3 months from that date.

Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists by reason of the failure of the Directors to convene a general meeting shall be paid to the requisitionists by the Company, and any sum so paid shall be retained by the Company out of any sums due or to become due from the Company by way of fees or other remuneration in respect of their services to such of the Directors as were in default. A general meeting at which a special resolution is to be proposed shall be deemed not to be duly convened by the Directors if they do not give such notice thereof as is required by Singapore Companies Act in the case of special resolutions.

Procedures by Which Proposals Could Be Put Forward At Shareholders' Meetings

The Company holds its AGM every year, and this is usually held at the end of April. Two or more members holding not less than 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) can submit a written request to move a resolution at the AGM. The written request must state the resolution signed by all the shareholders concerned and may consist of several documents in like form (which between them contains the signatures of all the shareholders concerned). The written request must be deposited at the registered office of the Company, for the attention of the Joint Company Secretaries not less than eight weeks before the meeting in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution. The request will be verified with the Company's Share Registrars and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Joint Company Secretaries will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the AGM. On the contrary, if the request has been verified as not in order, the shareholders concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, the proposed resolution will not be included in the agenda for the AGM.

If a shareholder wishes to propose a person other than a Director of the Company for election as a Director at the AGM, he/she can deposit a written notice to that effect at the registered office of the Company for the attention of the Joint Company Secretaries. In order for the Company to inform shareholders of that proposal, the written notice must state the full name of the person proposed for election as a Director, include the person's biographical details as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules, and be signed by the shareholder concerned and that person indicating his/her willingness to be elected. The period for lodgement of such a written notice will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice and end no later than seven days prior to the date of the AGM. If the notice is received less than 20 clear business days prior to the AGM, the Company will need to consider the adjournment of the AGM in order to allow shareholders to be given 21 days' notice of the proposal.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Procedures by Which Enquiries May be Put to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the Joint Company Secretaries whose contact details are as follows:

Singapore

Ms. Tan Cheng Siew @ Nur Farah Tan Intertrust Singapore Corporate Services Pte Ltd 3 Anson Road #27-01 Springleaf Tower Singapore 079909 Fax: 65 6438 6221 Email: christine.tan@intertrustgroup.com

Hong Kong

Ms. Mok Ming Wai KCS Hong Kong Limited 8th Floor Gloucester Tower The Landmark 15 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong Fax: 852 3589 8378

Email: mandy.mok@kcs.com

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

H OTHERS

Director's Attendance at Board & Board Committee Meetings and General Meetings

The number of Board and Board committee meetings and general meetings held in the year ended 31 December 2013 and the attendance at those meetings were as follows:

	Board	Audit Committee	Nominating Committee	Remuneration Committee	General Meetings
	Total no. of meetings held = 5	Total no. of meetings held = 4	Total no. of meetings held = 1	Total no. of meetings held = 1	Total no. of meetings held = 1
	No. of meetings attended				
Chen Wei Ping	5/5	NA	NA	NA	1/1
Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick	5/5	NA	NA	NA	1/1
Chan Soo Sen	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1
Xu Wei Dong	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1
Tong Din Eu	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Securities Trading

The Group has adopted a code of conduct rules regarding securities transactions by the Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") and in compliance with the best practices stipulated in Rule 1207(19) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual with respect to the dealings in securities for the guidance of Directors and officers. In addition, having made specific enquiry to all Directors, the Company understands that all Directors have compiled with the required standard set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions throughout the year 2013. In line with the guidelines, Directors and executive officers of the Group are not permitted to deal in the Company's shares on short-term consideration and during the period of 30 days immediately preceding the publication date of the quarterly results and half-year results or, if shorter, the period from the end of the quarterly or half-year period up to the publication date of the results; or during the period of 60 days immediately preceding the publication date of the annual results or, if shorter, the period from the end of financial year up to the publication date of the results; or when they are in possession of any unpublished inside information on the Group.

Interested Person Transactions Policy

The Group has adopted an internal policy in respect of any transactions with interested persons and has set out the procedures for periodic review and approval of these transactions by the AC.

Director's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for overseeing the preparation of financial statements for each financial period with a view to ensuring such financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. The Group's financial statements are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently; and that judgments and estimates made are prudent and reasonable. The statement of the independent auditors of the Company, Messrs. Mazars LLP, with regard to their reporting responsibilities on the Company's financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on page 48.

Whistle-Blowing Program

As a further enhancement to internal risk control processes, the Company has introduced and implemented the "Policy on Reporting Wrongdoing" across the Group. Under this "Whistleblowing" policy, all forms of "wrong-doings" can be reported to an investigation unit, with the "whistle-blower" being provided confidentiality protections. "Wrong-doings" can include fraud, theft, abuse of authority, breach of regulations or non-compliance with corporate policy such as improper banking or financial transactions.

Material Contracts

Save as disclosed, there are no other material contracts entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries involving the interest of the CEO, Director or controlling shareholder, which are either subsisting at the end of the financial year or, if not then subsisting, entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Auditors' remuneration

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the remuneration paid or payable to the Group's external auditors for providing the audit and other non-audit services is set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

Joint Company Secretaries

Ms. Tan Cheng Siew @ Nur Farah Tan is the Joint Company Secretary of the Company in Singapore. She is a practising chartered secretary and is an associate of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, United Kingdom. Ms. Mok Ming Wai is the Joint Company Secretary of the Company in Hong Kong. Ms. Mok is a director of KCS Hong Kong Limited. She is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries, and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in the United Kingdom. Both Ms. Tan and Ms. Mok assist the Board by ensuring good information flow within the Board and that Board policy and procedures including those on governance matters are followed. They report to Mr. Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick, CEO, who is also their primary corporate contact person at the Company.

In compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Ms. Mok has undertaken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2013.

Constitutional Documents

There was no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year.

The directors of the Company (the "Director(s)") present their report to the members together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2013.

1. Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company continues to be investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are manufacturing and sale of aluminium alloy extrusion products and polyethylene pipes. The principal activities and other particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. Results and appropriations

The results of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 and the state of the Group's and the Company's affairs as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 50 to 106.

Interim dividends of \$\$0.0025 per ordinary share, totalling \$\$3,044,045 (RMB10,993,000 equivalent) was paid during the financial year. The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend \$\$0.0025 per ordinary share, totalling \$\$3,044,045 (RMB14,813,000 equivalent), in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

3. Share capital

There was no change in share capital during the financial year.

4. Distributable reserves of the Company

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 December 2013 amounted to approximately RMB3,131,000.

Reserves

Details of the movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the financial year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and note 30 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

6. Fixed assets

Details of the acquisitions and other movements in the fixed assets, comprising property, plant and equipment and land use rights, of the Group and, where applicable, of the Company are set out in notes 16 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

7. Major customers and suppliers

The information in respect of the Group's sales and purchases attributable to the major customers and suppliers respectively during the financial year is as follows:

	Percentage of the Group's total		
	Sales	Purchases	
	%	%	
The largest customer	18.1	_	
Five largest customers in aggregate	51.5	_	
The largest supplier	_	34.7	
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	_	61.7	

At no time during the financial year have the Directors, and/or their associates had any interest in these major customers and suppliers.

8. Directors

The Directors during the financial year and up to date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Chen Wei Ping

Mr. Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Soo Sen

Mr. Tong Din Eu

Dr. Xu Wei Dong

The biographical details of the Directors and executive officers are set out under the section "Board of Directors" of this report.

In accordance with Article 91 of the Company's Articles, Mr. Chen Wei Ping and Dr. Xu Wei Dong shall retire from the Board of Directors by rotation and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

9. Arrangements to enable Directors to acquire shares and debentures

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object is to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, other than as disclosed under "Share options" of this report.

10. Directors' interests and short position in shares, underlying shares or debentures

According to the register of Directors' shareholding kept by the Company for the purpose of Section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act, Cap. 50 (the "Act") and Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"), the Directors who were holding office at the end of financial year had interest and short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its related corporations as detailed below:

	Di		nterest	Deemed	interest	
		At beginning of the financial		At beginning of the financial		Percentage of the issued
Name of Director	Capacity	year or date of appointment Number of or	At end of the financial year dinary shares	year or date of appointment Number of or	At end of the financial year dinary shares	share capital of the Company
The Company						
Mr. Chen Wei Ping	Beneficial owner	131,405,200	131,405,200	_	_	10.79%
Mr. Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick	Beneficial owner	121,711,800	121,711,800	-	-	10.00%
Mr. Tong Din Eu	Beneficial owner	749,000	749,000	_	-	0.06%

The percentage of the issued share capital of the Company is computed based on 1,217,617,800 issued voting shares (excluding 1,000,000 treasury shares).

In accordance with the requirements of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"), the Directors state that, according to the register of Directors' shareholdings, there was no other change in the Directors' interests as at 21 January 2014 in shares of the Company and its related corporations from those disclosed as at 31 December 2013.

As at 31 December 2013, the abovementioned interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) held by the Directors and chief executives of the Company which have been notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or have been entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise have been notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2013, none of the Directors, chief executive of the Company nor their associates had or was deemed to have any interests or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations.

10. Directors' interests and short position in shares, underlying shares or debentures (Continued)

According to the register of Directors' shareholdings, certain Directors holding office at the end of the financial year had interests in options to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company granted pursuant to the Scheme as set out below:

Name of Director	Exercise price per share	Exercise period	At beginning of the financial year	At end of the financial year
Options to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company				
Mr. Chan Soo Sen	S\$0.517	09.2.2010 to 08.2.2014	250,000	250,000

11. Corporate governance

The Board of Directors (the "Board") is committed to ensuring that the highest standards of corporate governance are practiced throughout the Group as a fundamental part of its responsibilities to protect and enhance shareholders' value and the financial performance of the Group.

12. Directors' contractual benefits

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit which is required to be disclosed under Section 201(8) of the Act, by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest, except for salaries, bonuses and other benefits as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

13. Directors' service contracts

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one financial year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

14. Share options

Midas Employee Share Options Scheme

The Scheme was approved by the shareholders of the Company at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 6 January 2004. The Scheme is administered by the Company's Remuneration Committee, comprising Mr. Tong Din Eu, Mr. Chan Soo Sen and Dr. Xu Wei Dong.

14. Share options (Continued)

Midas Employee Share Options Scheme (Continued)

Under the Scheme, an option entitles the option holder to subscribe for a specific number of new ordinary shares in the Company comprised in the option at a subscription price per share determined with reference to the market price of the share at the time of grant of the option. The Remuneration Committee may at its discretion, fix the subscription price at a maximum discount of 20% off the market price. Options granted with the subscription price set at the market price shall only be exercised after the first anniversary from the date of the grant of the option. Options granted with the market price set at a discount to the market price shall only be exercised after the second anniversary from the date of the grant of the option. The shares under option may be exercised in whole or in part thereof. Options granted will lapse when the option holder ceases to be a full-time employee of the Company or any company of the Group subject to certain exceptions at the discretion of the Company.

The number of shares available under the Scheme shall not exceed 15% of the issued share capital of the Company.

The Scheme became operative with options to subscribe for 2,500,000 ordinary shares of the Company being granted on 18 May 2005 ("2005 Options"). Particulars of the 2005 Options were set out in the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2005.

On 11 May 2006, option to subscribe for 4,950,000 ordinary shares of the Company at an exercise price of \$\$0.873 per share were granted ("2006 Options"). 3,000,000 2006 Options lapsed on 10 May 2011.

On 14 May 2007, options to subscribe for 4,600,000 ordinary shares of the Company at an exercise price of S\$1.992 per share were granted ("2007 Options"). 3,700,000 2007 Options lapsed on 13 May 2012.

On 9 February 2009, options to subscribe for 5,850,000 ordinary shares of the Company at an exercise price of S\$0.517 per share were granted ("2009 Options"). 4,750,000 2009 Options lapsed on 8 February 2014.

The details of options movement during the financial year were as follows:

Option participants	Granted in financial year ended 31.12.2013	Aggregate granted since commencement of scheme to 31.12.2013	Aggregate exercised or cancelled or expired since commencement of scheme to 31.12.2013	Aggregate outstanding as at 31.12.2013
Directors – Mr. Chan Soo Sen	_	550,000	(300.000)	250,000
Other executives (including resigned directors)		17,350,000	(12,850,000)	4,500,000
Total	_	17,900,000	(13,150,000)	4,750,000

During the financial year, there were no share options granted to controlling shareholders of the Company pursuant to the Scheme.

14. Share options (Continued)

Midas Employee Share Options Scheme (Continued)

No other key management or employee has received options of 5% or more of the total number of shares available under the Scheme during the financial year. No other Director or employee of the Group (as defined in the SGX-ST's Listing Manual) has received options of 5% or more of the total number of shares available to all Directors and employees of the Group under the Scheme during the financial year.

The number of unissued ordinary shares of the Company under options outstanding at the end of the financial year is as follows:

	Number		
	outstanding at		
Options relating to the Scheme	31.12.2013	Exercise price	Exercise period
2009 Options	4,750,000	S\$0.517	9.2.2010 to 8.2.2014

15. Substantial shareholders

As at 31 December 2013, to the best of the Directors' knowledge and belief, no persons (other than the Directors whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' interests and short position in shares, underlying shares or debentures" above), had or deemed or taken to have an interest and/or short position in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company, which would fail to be disclosed under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO.

16. Appointment of independent non-executive Directors

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules on the SEHK. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

17. Related party

Details of significant related party transactions of the Group are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

18. Emolument policy

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share options scheme as an incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of the Scheme is set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

19. Pre-emptive rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

20. Sufficiency of public float

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

21. Purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, neither the Company nor its subsidiary had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company.

22. Directors' interests in competing business

None of the Directors has any ownership in other businesses which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of our Group.

23. Compliance with the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuer

The Board has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing rules and its amendments from time to time as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. The Board confirms that, having made specific enquires with all Directors, throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2013, all Directors have complied with the required standards of the Model Code.

24. Audit committee ("AC")

In performing its functions, the AC met with the Company's external and internal auditors to discuss the scope of their work, the results of their examination and evaluation of the Company's internal accounting control system.

The AC of the Company is chaired by Mr. Tong Din Eu, an independent non-executive Director, and includes Mr. Chan Soo Sen and Dr. Xu Wei Dong, who are both independent non-executive Directors. The AC has met four times since the last AGM and has reviewed the following, where relevant, with the executive Directors and external and internal auditors of the Company:

- (a) the audit plans of the Company's external auditors and to discuss with the auditors the nature and scope of audit and reporting obligations before commencement;
- (b) the external auditors' report and their management letter;
- (c) the financial statements of the Company and that of the Group before their submission to the Board, with particular focus on changes in accounting policies and practices, major judgmental areas, significant adjustments resulting from audit, going concern assumptions and any qualifications, compliance with accounting standards and compliance with applicable listing rules and legal requirements in relation to financial reporting;

24. Audit committee ("AC") (Continued)

- (d) the quarterly, half-yearly and annual announcements as well as the related press releases on the results and financial position of the Company and that of the Group;
- (e) the co-operation and assistance given by the management to the Group's external auditors;
- (f) the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors, and considered and recommended the re-appointment of the external auditors of the Group to the Board;
- (g) the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices; and
- (h) the scope and results of the internal audit procedures.

The AC has reviewed the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

The AC has full access to and has the co-operation of the management and has been given the resources required for it to discharge its function properly. It also has full discretion to invite any Director and executive officer to attend its meetings. The external and internal auditors have unrestricted access to the AC.

The AC has recommended to the Directors the nomination of Mazars LLP for re-appointment as external auditors of the Group at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

25. Auditors

The auditors, Mazars LLP, have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

MR. CHEN WEI PING	MR. CHEW HWA KWANG, PATRICK

Director

Singapore 19 March 2014 Director

STATEMENT BY THE DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the Board,

- (a) the accompanying financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company are drawn up in accordance with the provision of the Singapore Companies Act, Cap. 50, applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2013, and of the results, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

On behalf of the Board

MR. CHEN WEI PING

Director

Singapore 19 March 2014 MR. CHEW HWA KWANG, PATRICK

Director



Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Midas Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") which comprise the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2013, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, Cap. 50 (the "Act"), applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair profit and loss accounts and balance sheets and to maintain accountability of assets.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Act, applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2013 and the results, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended on that date.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiaries incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors, have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

MAZARS LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore 19 March 2014

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Note	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Revenue	4	1,147,568	869,506
Cost of sales		(866,332)	(618,171)
Gross profit		281,236	251,335
Other operating income	6	12,587	12,492
Selling and distribution expenses		(54,501)	(40,381)
Administrative expenses		(117,147)	(99,974)
Finance costs	7	(76,248)	(73,979)
Share of profits/(loss) of an associate	19	13,631	(5,732)
Profit before income tax expense	9	59,558	43,761
Income tax expense	12	(16,733)	(18,148)
Profit for the financial year		42,825	25,613
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		(40.070)	0.002
Currency translation differences arising from consolidation		(12,372)	8,993
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		30,453	34,606
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		47,711	27,845
Non-controlling interests		(4,886)	(2,232)
		42,825	25,613
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		35,339	36,838
Non-controlling interests		(4,886)	(2,232)
		30,453	34,606
Basic earnings per share (RMB Fen)	15	3.92	2.29
Diluted earnings per share (RMB Fen)	15	3.92	2.29

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment 16 3,032,823 2,249,418 Land use rights 17 318,285 325,252 Interest in an associate 19 192,539 197,032 Available-for-sale financial assets 20 2,000 2,000 Prepaid rental 21 9 106 Restricted bank deposits 22 35,082 37,456 Restricted bank deposits 23 628,933 700,783 Trade and other receivables 23 628,933 700,782 Inventories 23 628,933 700,782 Income tax recoverable 23 628,933 700,782 Cash and cash equivalents 25 1,046,455 547,033 Income tax recoverable 2 480,455 547,033 Cash and cash equivalents 2 480,455 547,033 Back and their payables 2 480,455 547,033 Back borrowings 2 2,016,655 3,364,44 Bank borrowings 2 516,02		Note	2013 RMB′000	2012 RMB'000
Land use rights 17 318,285 325,252 Interest in an associate 19 192,339 197,032 Available For-sale financial assets 20 2,000 2,000 Prepaid rental 21 99 106 Restricted bank deposits 22 35,082 37,456 Every control 23 35,082 37,456 Tuento fise 23 628,933 700,783 Trade and other receivables 24 999,602 1,007,627 Income tax recoverable 24 999,602 1,007,627 Cash and cash equivalents 24 999,602 1,007,627 Cash and cash equivalents 24 499,602 1,007,627 Cash and cash equivalents 2 4,064,55 547,033 Bank borrowings 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 26 420,084 367,134 Total assets less current liabilities 27 516,028 372,572 Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,501	Non-current assets			
Propest of an associate 19	Property, plant and equipment	16	3,032,823	2,249,418
Available-for-sale financial assets 20 2,000 2,000 Prepaid rental 21 99 106 Restricted bank deposits 28 35,80,828 37,456 Current assets 3,580,828 2,811,264 Inventories 23 628,933 700,783 Trade and other receivables 24 99,602 1,007,627 Income tax recoverable 25 1,046,456 547,038 Income tax recoverable 25 1,046,456 547,038 Each and cash equivalents 25 1,046,456 547,038 Tade and other payables 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 2,501,666 1,366,434 Net current assets 3,766,358 3,722,572 Non-current liabilities 27 2,501,666 1,366,434 Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Rest assets 28 2,141 2,141 Pareaury shares	Land use rights	17	318,285	325,252
Prepaid rental 21 99 106 Restricted bank deposits 22 35,082 37,456 Current assets Use of the position of the payables Trade and other receivables 24 999,602 1,007,627 Income tax recoverable 24 999,602 1,007,627 Cash and cash equivalents 25 1,265 22,299 Cash and cash equivalents 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 2,811,582 999,300 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 372,572 Non-current liabilities 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 29 2,166,575 2,166,575 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Treasury shares	Interest in an associate	19	192,539	197,032
Restricted bank deposits 2 35,082 37,456 Current assets 35,808,28 2,811,264 Inventories 3 628,933 700,783 Irade and other receivables 24 999,602 1,007,627 Income tax recoverable 12,205 22,299 Cash and cash equivalents 25 1,046,456 547,033 Cash and cash equivalents 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 26 420,084 366,438 Bank borrowings 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 516,028 372,572 Board Lurent assets 27 516,028 372,572 Board Survey 27 516,028 472,550 Board Survey 27 516,028 372,811 Board Lurent liabilities 27 516,028 372,811 Board Survey 27 516,028 372,811 Board Survey 28 2,141	Available-for-sale financial assets	20	2,000	2,000
Current assets 3,880,828 2,811,264 Inventories 23 628,933 700,783 Trade and other receivables 12,025 2,299 Income tax recoverable 12,025 2,299 Losh and cash equivalents 25 1,046,456 547,033 Cash and cash equivalents 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 26 420,884 367,134 Bank borrowings 26 420,884 367,134 Net current assets 18,550,30 91,306 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,338 372,257 Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 29 3,24,781 3,24,781 Share capital 29 4,250,1 4,76,91 Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests 29 2,166,575 2,166,575 Chare capital 29 2,20 <td< td=""><td>Prepaid rental</td><td>21</td><td>99</td><td>106</td></td<>	Prepaid rental	21	99	106
Current assets Inventories 23 628,933 700,783 Trade and other receivables 24 999,602 1,007,627 Income tax recoverable 12,205 22,299 Cash and cash equivalents 25 1,046,456 547,033 Cash and cash equivalents 25 1,046,456 547,033 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 2,081,582 999,300 Net current assets 3,766,358 3,722,572 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,572 Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Seferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,145 Net assets 29 3,248,189 3,247,881 Share capital 29(3) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(9) 2,501,657 2,166,575 Foreign currency translation reserve <td< td=""><td>Restricted bank deposits</td><td>22</td><td>35,082</td><td>37,456</td></td<>	Restricted bank deposits	22	35,082	37,456
Inventories 23 628,933 700,783 Trade and other receivables 24 999,602 1,007,627 Income tax recoverable 12,205 22,299 Cash and cash equivalents 25 1,046,456 547,033 Cash and cash equivalents 26 420,084 367,134 Trade and other payables 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 2,081,582 999,300 Trade and steer payables 28 2,501,666 1,366,434 Net current assets 185,530 911,308 Total assets less current liabilities 2 516,028 3,722,572 Non-current liabilities 2 2,141 2,151 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 3,248,189 3,248,181 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) Share options reserve </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>3,580,828</td> <td>2,811,264</td>			3,580,828	2,811,264
Trade and other receivables 24 999,602 1,007,627 Income tax recoverable 12,205 22,299 Cash and cash equivalents 25 1,046,456 547,033 Current liabilities 2 420,084 367,134 Trade and other payables 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 26 42,581,822 999,300 Net current assets 185,530 911,308 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 372,572 Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 29 518,169 474,691 Net assets 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Share capital 29(a) 2,501 66 7,502 Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,70) (1,598) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,70) (1,598) Retained earnings 33 2,740 2,958 R	Current assets			
Income tax recoverable 12,205 22,299 Cash and cash equivalents 2 1,046,456 547,033 Current liabilities 2 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 2,081,582 999,300 Net current assets 3,766,358 3,722,752 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,752 Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Potester de tax liability 28 2,141 2,146 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Net assets 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) 1,2501 1,2501 Foreign currency translation reserve 31 1,32,00 1,2501 Foreign currency translation reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Share options reserve 33	Inventories	23	628,933	700,783
Cash and cash equivalents 25 1,046,456 547,031 Current liabilities 2 2,687,196 2,277,742 Trade and other payables 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 2,081,582 999,300 Net current assets 185,530 911,308 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,572 Non-current liabilities 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,146 Peterred tax liability 28 2,141 2,146 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Net assets 29 2,166,575 2,166,575 Texpital and reserves and non-controlling interests 29 2,166,575 2,166,575 Texpital properties and properties interested 31 (1,390) (1,590) Foreign currency translation reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Foreign currency translation reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740	Trade and other receivables	24	999,602	1,007,627
Current liabilities 2,687,196 2,277,42 Trade and other payables 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 2,081,582 999,300 Net current assets 185,530 911,308 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,572 Non-current liabilities 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Peferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,146 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Net assets 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Texpital and reserves and non-controlling interests 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Texpital and reserves and non-controlling interests 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) Foreign currency translation reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562	Income tax recoverable		12,205	
Current liabilities Trade and other payables 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 2,081,582 999,300 Net current assets 185,530 911,308 Non-current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,572 Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Peferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 3248,189 3,247,881 Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Cash and cash equivalents	25	1,046,456	547,033
Trade and other payables 26 420,084 367,134 Bank borrowings 27 2,081,582 999,300 Post current assets 185,530 911,308 Net current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,572 Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Post assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Net assets 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) 2,501 (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 113,970 (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 229,532 284,418			2,687,196	2,277,742
Bank borrowings 27 2,081,582 999,300 Net current assets 185,530 911,308 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,572 Non-current liabilities 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 3248,189 3,247,881 Net assets 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 33 2,740 2,958 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Current liabilities			
Net current assets 2,501,666 1,366,434 Net current assets 185,530 911,308 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,572 Non-current liabilities 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Poeferred tax liability 3,248,189 3,247,881 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Trade and other payables	26	420,084	367,134
Net current assets 185,530 911,308 Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,572 Non-current liabilities 27 516,028 472,550 Bank borrowings 28 2,141 2,141 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Net assets 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 31 (13,970) (1,590) PRC statutory reserve 31 (13,970) (1,590) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 2279,532 284,118	Bank borrowings	27	2,081,582	999,300
Total assets less current liabilities 3,766,358 3,722,572 Non-current liabilities 27 516,028 472,550 Bank borrowings 28 2,141 2,141 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Net assets 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) For eign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 229,532 284,418			2,501,666	1,366,434
Non-current liabilities Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests Share capital 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Net current assets		185,530	911,308
Bank borrowings 27 516,028 472,550 Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests Share capital 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Total assets less current liabilities		3,766,358	3,722,572
Deferred tax liability 28 2,141 2,141 Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests 3,248,189 3,247,881 Share capital 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Non-current liabilities			
Net assets 518,169 474,691 Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests 3,248,189 3,247,881 Share capital 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Bank borrowings	27	516,028	472,550
Net assets 3,248,189 3,247,881 Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests 5 (2)(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Share capital 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Deferred tax liability	28	2,141	2,141
Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests Share capital 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418			518,169	474,691
Share capital 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Net assets		3,248,189	3,247,881
Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501) (2,501) Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Capital and reserves and non-controlling interests			
Foreign currency translation reserve 31 (13,970) (1,598) PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Share capital	29(a)	2,166,575	2,166,575
PRC statutory reserve 32 142,016 134,467 Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Treasury shares	29(b)	(2,501)	(2,501)
Share options reserve 33 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Foreign currency translation reserve	31	(13,970)	(1,598)
Retained earnings 673,797 663,562 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 2,968,657 2,963,463 Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	PRC statutory reserve	32	142,016	134,467
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 2,968,657 2,963,463 279,532 284,418	Share options reserve	33	2,740	2,958
Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Retained earnings		673,797	663,562
Non-controlling interests 279,532 284,418	Equity attributable to owners of the Company		2,968,657	2,963,463
Total equity 3,248,189 3,247,881				
	Total equity		3,248,189	3,247,881

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

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Note 2013 2012 RMB'000 RMB'000 Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment 16 2,454 163 Interests in subsidiaries 18 1,909,143 2,028,147 Interest in an associate 19 142,198 151,547 2,053,795 2,179,857 **Current assets** Other receivables 24 10,192 685 Cash and cash equivalents 25 15,960 33,289 33,974 26,152 **Current liabilities** Other payables 26 2,529 1,402 2,529 1,402 **Net current assets** 32,572 23,623 Total assets less current liabilities 2,077,418 2,212,429 **Capital and reserves** Share capital 29(a) 2,166,575 2,166,575 Treasury shares 29(b) (2,501)(2,501)(92,527) Foreign currency translation reserve 30, 31 43,908 30, 33 Share options reserve 2,740 2,958 Retained earnings 30 1,489 3,131 **Total equity** 2,212,429 2,077,418

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	■ Attributable to the owner of the Company ■							-	
	Share Capital (note 29(a)) RMB'000	Treasury shares (note 29(b)) RMB'000	Foreign currency translation reserve (note 31) RMB'000	PRC statutory reserve (note 32) RMB'000	Share option reserve (note 33) RMB'000	Retained earnings RMB'000	Total RMB′000	Non- controlling interests RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2012	2,166,575	(2,501)	(10,591)	126,811	10,913	682,445	2,973,652	-	2,973,652
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income:	_	-	-	-	-	27,845	27,845	(2,232)	25,613
Foreign currency reserve	_	_	8,993	_	_	_	8,993	_	8,993
Total comprehensive income for the financial year Deemed disposal of interest in subsidiary without	-	-	8,993	-	-	27,845	36,838	(2,232)	34,606
a change of control (note 18) Transfer to PRC statutory reserve Transfer of option reserve to	-	-	-	- 7,656	-	(1,274) (7,656)	(1,274) -	286,650 -	285,376 -
retained earnings Dividends (note 14)					(7,955)	7,955 (45,753)	- (45,753)		(45,753)
Balance at 31 December 2012	2,166,575	(2,501)	(1,598)	134,467	2,958	663,562	2,963,463	284,418	3,247,881
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income:	_	-	-	-	-	47,711	47,711	(4,886)	42,825
Foreign currency reserve	_	_	(12,372)	_	_	_	(12,372)	_	(12,372)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year Transfer to PRC statutory reserve Transfer of option reserve to	-	-	(12,372)	- 7,549	-	47,711 (7,549)	35,339 -	(4,886) -	30,453 -
retained earnings Dividends (note 14)					(218)	218 (30,145)	(30,145)		(30,145)
Balance at 31 December 2013	2,166,575	(2,501)	(13,970)	142,016	2,740	673,797	2,968,657	279,532	3,248,189

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Note	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before income tax expense	59,558	43,761
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	128,662	114,930
Amortisation of prepaid rental and land use rights	6,974	5,693
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	846	1,038
Share of (profits)/loss of an associate	(13,631)	5,732
Interest expenses Interest income	69,765	67,231
	(2,299)	(4,762)
Operating profit before changes in working capital	249,875	233,623
Changes in working capital:		
Inventories	71,850	(222,340)
Trade and other receivables	(24,981)	(310,001)
Trade and other payables	52,950	135,054
Cash generated/(used in) operations	349,694	(163,664)
Interest paid	(69,765)	(67,231)
Interest received	2,299	4,762
Income tax paid	(6,638)	(20,081)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	275,590	(246,214)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	40,297	231
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(862,353)	(401,320)
Net decrease in restricted bank deposits	2,374	37,204
Purchase of land use rights	_	(94,931)
Interest paid and capitalised	(57,848)	(25,903)
Net cash used in investing activities	(877,530)	(484,719)
Cash flows from financing activities	(22.4.7)	(15.750)
Dividends paid	(30,145)	(45,753)
Proceeds from bank borrowings	2,441,000	1,848,350
Repayment of bank borrowings Proceeds arising from issuance of shares of subsidiary to	(1,315,240)	(1,469,500)
non-controlling interests	_	285,376
Net cash from financing activities	1,095,615	618,473
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	493,675	(112,460)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year	547,033	660,753
Net effect of exchange rate changes in cash and cash equivalents	5,748	(1,260)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year 25	1,046,456	547,033

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

1. General

Midas Holdings Limited (the "Company") (Registration Number: 200009758W) is a public limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Singapore with its registered office and principal place of business at No. 4 Shenton Way, #18-03 SGX Centre 2, Singapore 068807. The Company is listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The principal activity of the Company is that of an investment holding.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements relate to the Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter known as the "Group") and the Group's interest in an associate.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, Cap. 50 (the "Act"), the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the rules governing the listing of securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") including related Interpretations of FRS ("INT FRS") issued by the Singapore Accounting Standards Council. The consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

Subsequent to the Hong Kong Listing during the financial year 2011, the Company submitted its application to ACRA to prepare its consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). At the same time, the Company also made further enquiries with the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited with regard to whether the Company should adopt IFRS or FRS. The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited has agreed to accept that the Group's financial statements could be prepared in accordance with FRS, on the condition that the Company would include in its financial reports a reconciliation of its consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, with a narrative description of the major differences between the two position and standards, in a form that facilitates investors' understanding of the Company's financial performance.

The Company informed ACRA of the outcome of their enquiry with the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and did not obtain approval from ACRA on the Company's application to prepare its consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS. Therefore, the Company continues to prepare the current set of consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 in accordance with FRS and the Company has included a reconciliation of its financial statements in accordance with IFRS in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements which will contain a narrative description of the major differences between the two standards if any, that is relevant to the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group, in a form that facilitates investors' understanding of the Company's financial position and performance.

The individual financial statements of each Group entity are measured and presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The functional currency of the Company is Singapore dollar ("S\$"). The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values presented are rounded to the nearest thousand ("RMB'000"), unless otherwise stated.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with FRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

In the current financial year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised FRS and INT FRS that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current financial year. The adoption of these new/revised FRS and INT FRS does not result in changes to the Group's accounting policies and has no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior years.

FRS and INT FRS issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following FRS and INT FRS that may be relevant to the Group have been issued but not yet effective:

Effective date

		(annual periods beginning on or after)
FRS 27 Separa	ite financial statements	1 January 2014
FRS 28 Investr	ments in associates and joint ventures	1 January 2014
	dments to FRS 32 – Offsetting of financial assets and ncial liabilities	1 January 2014
	dments to FRS 36: Recoverable amount disclosures non-financial assets	1 January 2014
FRS 110 Consol	lidated financial statements	1 January 2014
	dments to FRS 110, FRS 111, FRS 112, FRS 27 (2011) and FRS 28 1): Mandatory effective date	1 January 2014
FRS 110, Amend FRS 111 & FRS 112	dments to FRS 110, FRS 111 and FRS 112: Transition guidance	1 January 2014
FRS 111 Joint a	rrangements	1 January 2014
FRS 110, Amend FRS 112 & FRS 27	dments to FRS 110, FRS 112 and FRS 27: Investment entities	1 January 2014
FRS 112 Disclos	sure of interests in other entities	1 January 2014
INT FRS 121 Levies		1 January 2014

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

FRS and INT FRS issued but not yet effective (Continued)

Consequential amendments were also made to various standards as a result of these new/revised standards.

The management anticipates that the adoption of the above FRS in future periods will not have a material impact on the financial statements of the Group in the period of their initial adoption.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies are eliminated in full on consolidation.

On acquisition of subsidiaries, the assets and liabilities of the relevant subsidiaries are measured at their fair values at the date of acquisition. Non-controlling interests are identified separately from the Group's equity therein. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, non-controlling interests may be initially measured either at fair value or at their proportionate share of the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity. Losses in the subsidiary are attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any differences between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in the relative interests in the subsidiary and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the financial year are included in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisition or up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as that of the Company, using consistent accounting policies.

2.3 Business Combinations

Business combinations from 1 January 2010

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under FRS 103 are recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held-for-sale in accordance with FRS 105 Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, which are recognised and measured at the lower of cost and fair value less costs to sell.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.3 Business Combinations (Continued)

Business combinations from 1 January 2010 (Continued)

Where a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held interests in the acquired entity are remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date the Group attains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss, where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under FRS 103 are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with FRS 12 *Income Taxes* and FRS 19 *Employee Benefits* respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to the replacement by the Group of an acquiree's share-based payment awards are measured in accordance with FRS 102 Share-based Payment; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held-for-sale in accordance with FRS 105 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* are measured in accordance with that Standard.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see below), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

The measurement period is the period from the date of acquisition to the date the Group obtains complete information about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date, and is subject to a maximum of one year.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised as an asset at the acquisition date and is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer previously held equity interest (if any) in the entity over net acquisition-date fair value amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.3 Business Combinations (Continued)

Business combinations from 1 January 2010 (Continued)

Measurement of non-controlling interest

The measurement option is elected for each individual business combination and does not constitute an accounting policy choice for similar transactions. Selecting the option will require management to carefully consider their future intentions regarding transactions with non-controlling interest, since the two options, combined with the revisions to accounting for changes in ownership interest of a subsidiary will potentially result in significantly different amounts of goodwill and equity.

Business combinations before 1 January 2010

In comparison to the above mentioned requirements, the following differences applied:

Business combinations were accounted for by applying the purchase method. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition formed part of the acquisition costs. The non-controlling interest (formerly known as minority interest) was measured at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Business combinations achieved in stages were accounted for as step acquisitions. Adjustments to those fair values relating to previously held interests were treated as a revaluation and recognised in equity.

When the Group acquired a business, embedded derivatives separated from the host contract by the acquiree were not reassessed on acquisition unless the business combination resulted in a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modified the cash flows that would otherwise be required under the contract.

Contingent consideration was recognised if, and only if, the Group had a present obligation, the economic outflow was probable and a reliable estimate was determinable. Subsequent measurements to the contingent consideration affected goodwill.

2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses

The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any direct attributable cost of bringing the property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for its intended use. Dismantlement, removal or restoration costs are included as part of the cost of property, plant and equipment if the obligation for dismantlement, removal or restoration is incurred as a consequence of acquiring or using the asset.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.4 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the depreciable amount of property, plant and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method on the following bases:

	Annual depreciation rates
Buildings and improvements	3% to 5%
Plant, equipment and mould	3% to 20%
Motor vehicles	10% to 20%
Office equipment	10%

Construction-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment losses. Cost comprises direct costs of construction as well as borrowing costs capitalised during the periods of construction and installation. Capitalisation of these costs ceases and the construction-in-progress is transferred to the appropriate class of property, plant and equipment when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the assets for their intended use are completed. No depreciation is provided for in respect of construction-in-progress until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at the end of each financial year.

On disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Fully depreciated items are retained in the financial statement until they are no longer in use.

2.5 Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Company has power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanied by a shareholding giving rise to a majority of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company controls another entity.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the statements of financial position of the Company less any accumulated impairment losses.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.6 Associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence, but not control, and generally accompanied by a shareholding giving rise to between and including 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associate are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associate, less any impairment in the value of individual investments. Losses of an associate in excess of the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate) are not recognised, unless the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. The goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed for impairment as part of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after assessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where a Group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared as of the same reporting date as the Company.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investment in associate is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

2.7 Land use right

Land use right is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of land use right over the lease terms.

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- land use right; and
- interests in subsidiaries and an associate.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

If any such indication of impairment loss exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Recoverable amount is determined for individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset or cash-generating unit in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less costs of disposal. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life, discounted at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of the money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Cost includes all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less all estimated cost of completion and cost to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

2.10 Financial instruments

Financial instruments (financial assets and financial liabilities) are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets

All financial assets are recognised on a trade date where the purchase of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus transaction costs, except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value.

The Group classifies its financial assets as loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of these financial assets, which are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.10 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables

These assets, including trade receivables, loans and other receivables, are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (trade receivables), and also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

Available-for-sale financial assets

These assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not included in other categories of financial assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income until the financial asset is derecognised, except for impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments, which are recognised in profit or loss.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses.

Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group assesses, at the end of each reporting period, whether there is any objective evidence that financial asset is impaired. Financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- granting concession to a debtor because of the debtor's financial difficulty; or
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial restructuring.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.10 Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

For loans and receivables

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of a financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When any part of a financial asset is determined as uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for the relevant financial asset.

Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods when an increase in the asset's recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to a restriction that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

For available-for-sale financial assets

Where a decline in the fair value constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

Any impairment losses on available-for-sale debt investments are subsequently reversed in profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

For available-for-sale equity investment, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

For available-for-sale equity investment that is carried at cost, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss shall not be reversed.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities include trade and other payables and bank borrowings. They are initially recognised at fair value, net of directly attributable transaction costs incurred and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.10 Financial instruments (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant periods. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

Equity instruments and treasury shares

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

When shares recognised as equity are reacquired, the amount of consideration paid is recognised directly in equity. Reacquired shares are classified as treasury shares and presented as a deduction from total equity. No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, sale issue or cancellation of treasury shares.

When treasury shares are subsequently cancelled, the cost of treasury shares is deducted against the share capital account if the shares are purchased out of capital of the Company, or against the accumulated profits of the Company if the shares are purchased out of profits of the Company.

When treasury shares are subsequently sold or reissued pursuant to the employee share options scheme, the cost of treasury shares is reversed from the treasury share account and the realised gain or loss on sale or reissue, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and related income tax, is recognised in the capital reserve of the Company.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds receivables.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount and consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of each reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Changes in the estimated timing or amount of the expenditure or discount rate are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

2.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Interest income is accrued on time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

2.14 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.15 Operating leases

Leases of assets in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases, if any, are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When an operating lease is terminated before the lease period has expired, any payment required to be made to the lessor by way of penalty is recognised as an expense in the period in which termination takes place.

2.16 Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contributions to the Central Provident Fund ("CPF") Scheme in Singapore, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to national pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

Pursuant to the relevant regulations of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") government, the subsidiaries in the PRC have each participated in a local municipal government retirement benefits scheme (the "Scheme"), whereby the subsidiaries in the PRC are required to contribute a certain percentage of the basic salaries of its employees to the Scheme to fund their retirement benefits. The local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefits obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the subsidiaries in the PRC. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Scheme is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the Scheme mentioned above.

Contributions under the Scheme are recognised as an expense as incurred. There is no provision under the Scheme whereby forfeited contributions may be used to reduce future contributions.

(ii) Share-based payment

The Group operates an equity-settled share-based compensation plan.

Where share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to profit or loss with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve over the vesting period. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at the end of each reporting period so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition.

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2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.16 Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Share-based payment (Continued)

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also recognised as an expense over the remaining vesting period.

Where equity instruments are granted to persons other than employees, the fair value of goods and services received is recognised in profit or loss unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as an asset.

Fair value is measured using the Hull-White pricing model. Under this pricing model, the fair value takes into account the impact of events, such as the early exercise of options by employees or employee exit rates after vesting, which occur during the term of the option. The exit rate is defined as the probability that an employee will leave the Company during the vesting period. The Hull-White model also incorporates the employee's early exercise strategy or possibility of the employee's termination after the vesting period. It assumes that early exercise may occur when the stock price is a certain multiple of the exercise price. The exercise multiple is defined as the average ratio of the stock price to the exercise price at the time of exercise.

2.17 Tax expense

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are not taxable or tax deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted in countries where the Company and subsidiaries operate by the end of the financial year.

Deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and are accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised on taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.17 Tax expense (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each financial year and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset realised based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the financial year and based on the tax consequence that will follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the financial year, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities except for the investment properties where investment properties measured at fair value are presented to be recovered entirely through sale. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when they relate to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where they arise from the initial accounting for a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in calculating goodwill or determining the excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost.

Sales tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

- when the sales tax that is incurred on purchases is not recoverable from the tax authorities, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

2.18 Dividends

Dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim dividends are recorded in the financial year in which they are declared payable. Final dividends are recorded in the financial year in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders.

Dividends proposed or declared after the end of each reporting period, are not recognised as a liability at the end of each reporting period.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.19 Foreign currencies

Transactions entered into by Group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of the financial year. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, the results of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of the financial year. The exchange differences arising on the translation are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated as foreign currency translation reserve. Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to the foreign currency translation reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

2.20 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is recognised as deferred capital grant on the statement of financial position and is amortised to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalment.

2.21 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the group of executive directors and the chief executive officer who make strategic decisions.

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3. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Group made judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that were not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions were based on historical experience and other factors that were considered to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

3.1 Critical judgements made in applying the accounting policies

(i) Impairment of financial assets

The Group follows the guidance of FRS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" in determining whether a financial asset is impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. The Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of a financial asset is less than its cost and the financial health of and near-term business outlook for the financial asset, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow.

(ii) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

When value in use calculations are undertaken, management estimates the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(i) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these assets to be within 5 to 30 years. The carrying amounts of the Group's and Company's property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2013 were approximately RMB3,032,823,000 (2012: RMB2,249,418,000) and RMB2,454,000 (2012: RMB163,000) respectively. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised.

3. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(ii) Income taxes

The Group has exposure to income taxes in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and Singapore. Due to its inherent nature, judgement is involved in determining the Group's provisions for income taxes.

The Group recognised liabilities for expected tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provision in the financial year in which such determination is made. The income tax expense incurred during the financial year was RMB16,733,000 (2012: RMB18,148,000).

(iii) Equity-settled share-based payments

The charge for equity-settled share-based payment is calculated in accordance with estimates and assumptions which are described in note 2.16(ii) and note 33 to the consolidated financial statements. The option valuation model used requires highly subjective assumptions to be made including the future volatility of the Company's share price, expected dividend yields, risk-free interest rates and expected staff turnover. The management draws upon a variety of external sources to aid them in determination of the appropriate data to use in such calculations. The carrying amounts of share options reserves for the Group and the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 were RMB2,740,000 (2012: RMB2,958,000).

2013

2012

4. Revenue

Revenue of the Group is as follows:

	RMB'000	RMB'000
Sales of aluminium extrusion products	1,098,226	829,571
Sales of polyethylene pipes	49,342	39,935
	1,147,568	869,506

5. Segment information

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions.

All the segments are managed separately as each business offers different products and services and requires different business strategies. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

- Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division manufacturing and sale of aluminium alloy extrusion products;
- Polyethylene Pipe Division manufacturing and sale of polyethylene pipes; and
- Aluminium Alloy Plates and Sheets Division manufacturing and sales of aluminium alloy plates and sheets.

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5. Segment information (Continued)

All the divisions are located and operating in People's Republic of China.

Central revenue and expenses are not allocated to the operating segments as they are not included in the measure of the segments' profit that is used by the chief operating decision-makers for assessment of segment performance.

	Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division RMB'000	Polyethylene Pipe Division RMB'000	Aluminium Alloy Plates and Sheets Division RMB'000	Unallocated RMB'000	Total RMB′000
2013 Revenue	1,098,226	49,342	_	_	1,147,568
Results Segment results Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs Share of profit of an associate	148,419 - (76,190)	4,674 - (2)	(10,842) - (17)	(20,076) (39) 13,631	142,251 (20,076) (76,248) 13,631
Profit before income tax expense	72,229	4,672	(10,859)	(6,484)	59,558
Other information Additions of property, plant and equipment and land use rights Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of land use rights and prepaid rental	609,945 124,303 3,149	119 3,665 86	340,407 247 3,739	2,736 447 	953,207 128,662 6,974
	Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division RMB'000	Polyethylene Pipe Division RMB'000	Aluminium Alloy Plates and Sheets Division RMB'000	Unallocated RMB'000	Total RMB'000
2012 Revenue	829,571	39,935	_	_	869,506
Results Segment results Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs Share of loss of an associate Profit before income tax expense	157,589 - (73,967) - 83,622	2,113 - (2) - 2,111	(8,442) - (8) - (8,450)	(27,788) (2) (5,732) (33,522)	151,260 (27,788) (73,979) (5,732) 43,761
Other information					
Additions of property, plant and equipment and land use rights Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of land use rights and prepaid rental	357,768 111,070 3,149	109 3,736 85	164,251 24 2,459	26 100 –	522,154 114,930 5,693

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5. Segment information (Continued)

	Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division RMB'000	Polyethylene Pipe Division RMB'000	Aluminium Alloy Plates and Sheets Division RMB'000	Unallocated RMB'000	Total RMB′000
2013					
Assets					
Segment assets	4,527,257	110,187	1,409,324	28,717	6,075,485
Interest in an associate				192,539	192,539
	4,527,257	110,187	1,409,324	221,256	6,268,024
Liabilities					
Segment liabilities	2,224,749	4,224	788,209	2,653	3,019,835
2012					
Assets					
Segment assets	4,058,517	145,859	653,327	34,271	4,891,974
Interest in an associate				197,032	197,032
	4,058,517	145,859	653,327	231,303	5,089,006
Liabilities					
Segment liabilities	1,831,119	5,141	21,353	1,512	1,841,125

The following is an analysis of the Group's major customers which contributed at least 10% of the Group's revenue during the respective financial years. These revenue are attributable to the Aluminium Alloy Extruded Products Division.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, there were 2 such customers which generated revenue of RMB207,764,000 and RMB152,905,542 respectively.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2012, there were 2 such customers which generated revenue of RMB107,899,000 and RMB104,595,000 respectively.

2013

2012

6. Other operating income

	RMB'000	RMB'000
Foreign exchange gain (net)	1,834	1,846
Income from disposal of scrap materials	2,767	2,875
Interest income	2,299	4,762
Government subsidy	3,202	1,311
Sundry income	2,485	1,698
	12,587	12,492

7. **Finance costs**

	2013	2012
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Interest on bank borrowings		
Wholly repayable within five years	98,079	81,283
Not wholly repayable within five years	22,802	5,176
	120,881	86,459
Bank charges	6,483	6,748
Interest on discounted notes receivables	6,732	6,675
Total borrowing costs	134,096	99,882
Less: Amount capitalised (Note i)	(57,848)	(25,903)
	76,248	73,979

Note:

Staff costs 8.

	2013	2012
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) comprise:		
Salaries, allowance and bonuses	94,792	93,281
Contribution to defined contributions plans	8,874	13,806
	103,666	107,087

9. Profit before income tax expense

Profit before income tax expense is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Audit fees		
– Auditor of the Company	1,523	2,203
– Other auditors	598	564
Non-audit fees:		
– Auditor of the Company	285	_
Amortisation of prepaid rental and land use rights	6,974	5,693
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	846	1,038
Operating lease rentals – properties	1,416	1,725

⁽i) Borrowing costs capitalised during the financial years arose from the specific and general borrowing pools. The borrowing costs capitalised which arose from the general borrowing pools were calculated by applying a capitalisation rate of 6.18% (2012: 6%) to expenditure on qualifying assets for the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

10. Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of Directors' emoluments are as follows:

	Fee RMB′000	For the financia Retirement benefits scheme contribution RMB'000	Other	Equity-settled share-based payment expenses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Executive Directors					
Chen Wei Ping	_	41	2,831	_	2,872
Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick	_	41	2,388	-	2,429
Independent non-executive					
Directors					
Tong Din Eu	295	-	_	-	295
Chan Soo Sen	246	_	-	-	246
Xu Wei Dong	246				246
	787	82	5,219		6,088
		For the financia	al year ended 31 Other	December 2012	
		Retirement	emoluments	Equity-settled	
		benefits	(mainly basic	share-based	
		scheme	salaries and	payment	
	Fee	contribution	allowances)	expenses	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive Directors					
Chen Wei Ping	_	38	2,908	_	2,946
Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick	_	42	2,453	_	2,495
Independent non-executive		12	2,100		2,100
Directors					
Tong Din Eu	252	_	_	_	252
Chan Soo Sen	252	_	_	_	252
Xu Wei Dong	252	_	_	_	252
J	756	80	5,361	_	6,197

There were no amounts paid to the Directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. Also, there was no arrangement under which a Director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the financial year.

2012

2012

11. Five highest paid individuals

Of the five highest paid individuals, Chen Wei Peng and Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick are Directors whose emoluments are set out in note 10 above. The emoluments paid or payable to the remaining individuals for the financial year are as follows:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Salaries, allowance and benefits in kind	3,218	2,956
Performance related bonuses	929	630
Contribution to defined contribution plans	118	158
Share-based payment expense		
	4,265	3,744

An analysis of their emoluments by number of employee and emolument range is set out below:

	2013	2012
HK\$1,000,000 – HK\$1,500,000	2	1
HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	_	2
HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000	1	_

12. Income tax expense

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Current – Singapore		
Withholding tax arising from dividends declared by PRC's subsidiaries	2,682	3,449
Under provision for income tax in prior financial years	4	44
Current – PRC		
Provision for income tax for the financial year	13,871	14,005
Under provision for income tax in prior years	176	650
Income tax expense	16,733	18,148

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12. Income tax expense (Continued)

Reconciliation of effective tax rate is as below:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Profit before income tax expense	59,558	43,761
Income tax calculated at statutory tax rate of 17% (2012:17%)	10,125	7,439
Effect of different tax rates of overseas operations	5,283	5,943
Tax effect of share of (profits)/losses of an associate	(2,317)	974
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	9,252	8,300
Effect of tax concession of a subsidiary	(8,469)	(8,620)
Singapore statutory stepped income exemption	(3)	(77)
Permanent difference not recognised		46
Provision for income tax for the financial year	13,871	14,005
Withholding tax arising from dividends declared by PRC's subsidiaries	2,682	3,449
Under provision for income tax in prior financial years	180	694
Income tax expense	16,733	18,148

The Company is incorporated in Singapore and accordingly, is subject to income tax rate of 17% (2012: 17%).

Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations of the PRC, PRC subsidiaries are liable to PRC enterprise income tax at a rate of 25% during the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: 25%) except for the following:

· Jilin Midas was awarded with the approved High Technology Enterprise status (高新技術企業) and is entitled to enjoy a concessionary tax rate of 15% for the financial years from 2011 to 2013.

Under the PRC tax law, dividends received by foreign investors from their investment in Chinese enterprises in respect of their profits earned since 1 January 2008 are subject to withholding tax at a rate of 10% unless reduced by treaty. Pursuant to a tax arrangement between the PRC and Singapore, the investment holding companies established in Singapore are subject to a reduced withholding tax rate of 5% on dividends they received from their PRC subsidiaries.

13. Profit for the financial year

The consolidated profit for the financial year includes a profit of RMB31,569,000 (2012: RMB31,416,000) which has been included in the financial statements of the Company.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

14. Dividends

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Final dividend of S\$0.0025 per share paid in respect of the financial year 2012 under the exempt-1-tier system	15,152	_
2013 Interim tax-exempt dividends of S\$0.0025 per ordinary share under the exempt-1-tier system	14,993	_
Final dividend of S\$0.005 per share paid in respect of the financial year 2011 under the exempt-1-tier system	_	30,440
2012 tax-exempt dividends of S\$0.0025 per ordinary share under the exempt-1-tier system		15,313
	30,145	45,753

Subsequent to the end of the financial year, the Board proposed a final tax-exempt dividend* of \$\$0.0025 (2012: \$\$0.0025) per ordinary share, amounting to \$\$3,044,000 (2012: \$\$3,044,000) under the exempt-1-tier system. The proposed final dividends had not been recognised as a liability at the end of reporting period.

15. Earnings per share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Earnings		
Earnings for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share, being profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	47,711	27,845
Number of shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share ('000)	1,217,618	1,217,618
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:		
Effects of dilution – share options		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	1,217,618	1,217,618

With effect from 1 January 2003, Singapore has adopted a one-tier corporate tax system under which tax paid by a resident company on its chargeable income is a final tax. All dividends paid are tax exempt in the hands of its shareholders. There is no withholding tax on dividend payments to all shareholders.

15. Earnings per share (Continued)

	2013	2012
	RMB Fen	RMB Fen
Basic earnings per share	3.92	2.29
Diluted earnings per share	3.92	2.29

A batch of 4,750,000 (2012: 5,100,000) share options did not have dilutive effect on the Group's earnings per share because the average market price per ordinary share of the Company during the financial year was below the exercise price of the share option granted.

16. Property, plant and equipment

	Buildings and improvements	Plant, equipment and mould	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Construction- in-progress	Total
The Group	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cost						
Balance at 1 January 2013	653,632	1,080,345	20,224	11,044	876,370	2,641,615
Additions	78,227	100,448	7,522	7,265	759,745	953,207
Transfers	202,580	13,405	-	-	(215,985)	-
Disposals	(25,111)	(19,913)	(1,643)	(154)	-	(46,821)
Foreign currency realignment	(11)			(16)		(27)
Balance at 31 December 2013	909,317	1,174,285	26,103	18,139	1,420,130	3,547,974
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss						
Balance at 1 January 2013	67,023	310,035	6,360	8,779	-	392,197
Depreciation for the						
financial year	22,754	102,237	2,359	1,312	-	128,662
Disposals	(1,453)	(3,295)	(795)	(135)	-	(5,678)
Foreign currency realignment	(14)		(5)	(11)		(30)
Balance at 31 December 2013	88,310	408,977	7,919	9,945		515,151
Carrying amount						
At 31 December 2013	821,007	765,308	18,184	8,194	1,420,130	3,032,823

The additions include construction-in-progress items which were prepaid in the prior financial year of approximately RMB33,006,000.

16. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The Group	Buildings and improvements RMB'000	Plant, equipment and mould RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Office equipment RMB'000	Construction- in-progress RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost						
Balance at 1 January 2012	631,482	967,429	18,010	10,165	631,862	2,258,948
Additions	_	64,537	2,506	943	359,237	427,223
Transfers	22,141	92,588		_	(114,729)	_
Disposals	_	(1,723)	(292)	(74)	_	(2,089)
Written off	_	(42,486)	_	_	_	(42,486)
Foreign currency realignment	9			10		19
Balance at 31 December 2012	653,632	1,080,345	20,224	11,044	876,370	2,641,615
Accumulated depreciation						
and impairment loss Balance at 1 January 2012	47,058	261,063	4,526	7,916	_	320,563
Depreciation for the						
financial year	19,961	92,133	1,914	922	_	114,930
Disposals	_	(675)	(80)	(65)	_	(820)
Written off	_	(42,486)	-	_	_	(42,486)
Foreign currency realignment	4_			6		10
Balance at 31 December 2012	67,023	310,035	6,360	8,779		392,197
Carrying amount						
At 31 December 2012	586,609	770,310	13,864	2,265	876,370	2,249,418

16. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, certain property, plant and equipment, with carrying amount of approximately RMB943,854,000 and RMB1,762,000,000 respectively were pledged as securities for bank borrowings (note 27). The borrowing costs of RMB57,848,000 (2012: RMB25,903,000) had been capitalised into construction-in-progress for the year ended 31 December 2013.

	Buildings and improvements RMB'000	Office equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicle RMB'000	Total RMB'000
The Company				
Cost Balance at 1 January 2013	196	240		436
Additions	599	10	2,127	2,736
Foreign currency alignment	(12)	(15)		(27)
Balance at 31 December 2013	783	235	2,127	3,145
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance at 1 January 2013	127	146	-	273
Depreciation for the financial year	226	39	182	447
Foreign currency alignment	(14)	(10)	(5)	(29)
Balance at 31 December 2013	339	175	177	691
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2013	444	60	1,950	2,454
Cost				
Balance at 1 January 2012	187	203	_	390
Additions	_	27	_	27
Foreign currency alignment	9	10		19
Balance at 31 December 2012	196	240		436
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance at 1 January 2012	68	97	_	165
Depreciation for the financial year	55	43	_	98
Foreign currency alignment	4	6		10
Balance at 31 December 2012	127	146		273
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2012	69	94	_	163

2012

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2012

17. Land use rights

The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Cost		
Balance at beginning of the financial year	339,838	244,907
Additions		94,931
Balance at end of the financial year	339,838	339,838
Accumulated amortisation		
Balance at beginning of the financial year	14,586	8,900
Amortisation for the financial year	6,967	5,686
Balance at end of the financial year	21,553	14,586
Carrying amount		
At end of the financial year	318,285	325,252

The amount represents costs of the land use rights in respect of lands located in the PRC under medium term leases ranging from 39 to 50 years, where certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment and properties under development are built on.

As at 31 December 2013, land use rights with carrying amount of approximately RMB112,178,000 (2012: RMB114,852,000) were pledged as securities for bank borrowings (note 27).

18. Interests in subsidiaries

	2013	2012
The Company	RMB'000	RMB'000
Unquoted equity shares, at cost	363,225	404,322
Amounts due from subsidiaries	1,545,918	1,623,825
	1,909,143	2,028,147

The amounts due from subsidiaries form part of the Company's net investments in certain subsidiaries. They are interest-free, unsecured and settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future.

Amounts due from subsidiaries are denominated in the following currencies:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Singapore dollar	1,424,204	1,473,263
United States dollar	121,447	150,278
Renminbi	267	284
	1,545,918	1,623,825

18. Interests in subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiaries	Effec equity i	ctive nterest	Issued/ Registered and paid up capital	Country of incorporation/operations	Principal activities
	2013 %	2012 %			
North East Industries Pte Ltd (1)	100	100	2 ordinary shares ⁽⁵⁾	Singapore	Investment holding
Green Oasis Pte Ltd (1)	100	100	2 ordinary shares ⁽⁵⁾	Singapore	Investment holding
Midas Ventures Pte Ltd (1)	100	100	2 ordinary shares ⁽⁵⁾	Singapore	Inactive
Midas Trading (Beijing) Co., Ltd ⁽⁴⁾	*	100	Registered and paid up capital of USD2.1 million	PRC	Inactive
Jilin Midas Light Alloy Co., Ltd (2)	55	55	Registered and paid up capital of USD100 million	PRC	Sale of aluminium plates and sheets products
Subsidiary of North East Industries Pte Ltd Jilin Midas Aluminium Industries Co.,Ltd (2)(4)	100	100	Registered and paid up capital of USD187.5 million	PRC	Manufacture and sales of aluminium alloy extrusion products
Subsidiary of Jilin Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd Luoyang Midas Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd (2)(4)	100	100	Registered and paid up capital of RMB330.6 million	PRC	Manufacture of high precision, high specifications aluminium
Subsidiary of Green Oasis Pte Ltd Shanxi Wanshida Engineering Plastics Co., Ltd (3)(4)	100	100	Registered and paid up capital of USD6 million	PRC	Manufacture and sales of polyethylene pipes

⁽¹⁾ Audited by Mazars LLP, Singapore

Audited by an overseas member firm of Mazars for consolidation purposes

Reviewed by an overseas member firm of Mazars for consolidation purposes

These entities are wholly foreign owned enterprises established in the PRC

Total issued and paid up share capital of the entity is S\$2 only

^{*} Midas Trading (Beijing) Co., Ltd has deregistered during the financial year.

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18. Interests in subsidiaries (Continued)

The following table shows the effects of changes in Groups' ownership interest in a subsidiary, Jilin Midas Light Alloy Co., Ltd in 2012, that did not result in loss of control on equity attributable to owners of the Company.

The Group	2012 RMB′000
Proceeds received on changes in ownership interest in a subsidiary	285,376
Non-controlling interests acquired	(286,650)
Difference recognised in equity	(1,274)

19. Interest in an associate

Details of the associate are as follows:

Name of associate		ctive interest	Issued/Registered and paid up capital	Country of incorporation/ operations	Principal activities
	2013	2012			
	%	%			
Nanjing SR Puzhen Rail Transport Co., Ltd (1)(2)	32.5	32.5	Registered and paid up capital	PRC	Manufacture and sale of metro
			of RMB500 million		trains, bogies and
					their related parts

Audited by an overseas member firm of Mazars for equity accounting purpose

This entity is a sino-foreign investment joint enterprise in the PRC

The Group	2013 RMB′000	2012 RMB'000
Unquoted equity investment, share of net assets		
Balance at beginning of the financial year	197,032	192,559
Dividend receivable	(8,775)	_
Share of profit/(loss)	13,631	(5,732)
Exchange difference	(9,349)	10,205
Balance at end of the financial year	192,539	197,032
	2013	2012
The Company	RMB'000	RMB'000
Unquoted equity investment, at cost		
Balance at beginning of the financial year	151,547	144,268
Exchange difference	(9,349)	7,279
Balance at end of the financial year	142,198	151,547

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Unquoted equity investment, at cost

19. Interest in an associate (Continued)

The Group's associate, Nanjing SR Puzhen Rail Transport Co., Ltd was incorporated on 18 October 2006 and commenced its commercial operations with effect from January 2007. The summary of the financial information as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

	2013 RMB′000	2012 RMB'000
Total assets	2,679,911	2,080,000
Total liabilities	2,144,023	1,532,000
Revenue	2,235,053	1,372,000
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	45,672	(17,637)
Available-for-sale financial asset		
The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000

The available-for-sale financial asset is denominated in Renminbi.

As at 31 December 2013, the unquoted equity investment with an aggregate carrying amount of RMB2,000,000 (2012: RMB2,000,000) was stated at cost because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors are of the opinion that its fair value cannot be measured reliably.

2,000

21. Prepaid rental

20.

The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Cost		
Balance at beginning and end of the financial year	193	193
Accumulated amortisation		
Balance at beginning of the financial year	87	80
Amortisation for the financial year	7	7
Balance at end of the financial year	94	87
Carrying amount		
At end of the financial year	99	106

22. **Restricted bank deposits**

As at 31 December 2013, non-current restricted bank deposits represented deposits placed in certain banks mainly for securing the issuance of letters of credit amounted to RMB35,082,000 (2012: RMB37,456,000). The restricted bank deposits bear interest at effective rate ranging from 0.005% to 0.35% (2012: 0.005% to 0.35%) per annum respectively and for a tenure ranging between 1 year to 3 years (2012: 1 year to 3 years).

The carrying amounts of restricted bank deposits approximate their fair values and are denominated in the following currencies:

	2013	2012
The Group	RMB'000	RMB'000
Euro	572	4,466
United States dollar	_	1,180
Renminbi	34,510	31,810
	35,082	37,456

23. **Inventories**

	2013	2012
The Group	RMB'000	RMB'000
Raw materials	223,798	501,300
Work-in-progress	102,335	12,784
Finished goods	302,800	186,699
	628,933	700,783

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in "cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income amounted to RMB610,877,000 (2012: RMB428,935,000).

24. Trade and other receivables

The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Trade receivables – third parties	700,857	734,493
Trade receivables – associate	59,685	34,466
	760,542	768,959
Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	(1,832)	(1,832)
	758,710	767,127
Deposits and prepayments	137,378	191,514
Notes receivables	42,617	651
Amount due from an associate – non-trade	8,332	_
Others – non-trade	52,565	48,335
	999,602	1,007,627
The Company	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB′000
Deposits and prepayments	1,694	608
Others – non-trade	166	77
Amount due from an associate – non-trade	8,332	
	10,192	685

Trade receivables due from third parties are non-interest bearing and are generally on 90 to 120 days credit terms.

Notes receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally settled on terms of 6 months.

Trade amounts due from an associate is non-interest bearing and is generally on 90 days credit term. The non-trade amount due from an associate relates to dividend receivable from the associate and was unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

The Group and Company recognised impairment loss on individual assessment of customers based on the accounting policy stated in note 2.10.

As at 31 December 2013, certain trade receivables with carrying values of approximately RMB258,800,000 (2012: RMB757,614,000) were pledged as securities for bank borrowings (note 27).

24. Trade and other receivables (Continued)

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables at the reporting date is as follows:

	2013	2012
The Group	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 90 days	373,806	265,679
Over 90 days and within 120 days	130,211	61,290
Over 120 days and within 6 months	117,871	99,105
Over 6 months and within 1 year	88,348	256,628
Over 1 year and within 2 years	48,199	85,663
Over 2 years	2,107	594
	760,542	768,959

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables past due but not impaired at the reporting date is as follows:

The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Over 90 days and within 120 days	130,211	61,290
Over 120 days and within 6 months	117,871	99,105
Over 6 months and within 1 year	88,348	256,628
Over 1 year	46,961	84,425
Over 2 years	1,513	
	384,904	501,448

The balances that are past due but not impaired relate to a number of customers that have good track records with the Group. Based on their past experience, the management estimated that the carrying amounts could be fully recovered.

Movements in allowance for doubtful trade receivables are as follows:

	2013	2012
The Group	RMB'000	RMB'000
Balance at beginning and end of the financial year	1,832	1,832

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

The Group	2013 RMB′000	2012 RMB′000
Euro	36,224	26,585
Renminbi	959,534	980,349
Singapore dollar	3,707	693
Hong Kong dollar	137	
	999,602	1,007,627

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24. Trade and other receivables (Continued)

	2013	2012
The Company	RMB'000	RMB'000
Singapore dollar	1,646	685
Renminbi	8,409	-
Hong Kong dollar	137	
	10,192	685

25. Cash and cash equivalents

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Euro	4,131	3,012
Renminbi	1,026,246	510,620
Singapore dollar	2,251	32,862
United States dollar	13,793	42
Hong Kong dollar	7	468
Others	28	29
	1,046,456	547,033
The Company	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Euro	15	16
Renminbi	3	8
Singapore dollar	2,151	32,751

13,756

7

28 15,960 17

468

33,289

29

26. Trade and other payables

United States dollar

Hong Kong dollar

Others

The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Trade payables	186,966	177,994
Notes payable	115,000	106,000
Other payables and accruals	114,017	67,760
Advance from third parties customers	4,101	15,380
	420,084	367,134

26. Trade and other payables (Continued)

	2013	2012
The Company	RMB'000	RMB'000
Other payables and accruals	2,529	1,402

These amounts are non-interest bearing. Trade payables are normally settled on 30 to 90 days terms while other payables have an average term of 30 days.

Notes payable have an average maturity period of 6 months and are non-interest bearing.

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables at the reporting date is as follows:

	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 90 days	100,382	105,636
Over 90 days and within 6 months	4,760	13,259
Over 6 months and within 1 year	50,524	12,160
Over 1 year	31,300	46,939
	186,966	177,994

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Singapore dollar	2,653	1,474
Renminbi	417,431	365,660
	420,084	367,134
The Company	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Singapore dollar	2,529	1,402

27. Bank borrowings

The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Secured bank borrowings (note i)	1,424,571	550,650
Unsecured bank borrowings	1,173,039	921,200
	2,597,610	1,471,850
Carrying amount repayable:		
Within one financial year	2,081,582	999,300
Between one to two financial years	194,262	225,230
Between two to five financial years	258,258	197,670
More than five financial years	63,508	49,650
	2,597,610	1,471,850
Less: Amounts due within one financial year shown under current liabilities	(2,081,582)	(999,300)
	516,028	472,550

The effective interest rates, which are also equal to contracted interest rates, per annum are as follows:

	2013	2012
	%	%
Short-term loans	5.60 - 7.40	4.92 – 8.52
Long-term loans	6.55 – 7.40	6.55 – 7.40

All bank borrowings are variable-rate borrowings, and these borrowings carried interest at rates ranging from 70% to 120% (2012: 70% to 135%) of the benchmark interest rate as quoted by The People's Bank of China.

Bank borrowings are all denominated in Renminbi as at the reporting date.

Included in the secured bank borrowings repayable within one financial year as of 31 December 2013 are RMB760 million arising from a subsidiary's drawdown on a syndicated bank loan. The loan is subject to repayment on demand clause as it gives the lenders the unconditional right to recall the loan at any time and is hence classified as a current liability as of 31 December 2013. The table below sets out the agreed scheduled repayments set out in the loan agreements.

2012

	RMB'000
Carrying amount repayable:	
Within one financial year	-
Between one to two financial years	20,000
Between two to five financial years	330,000
More than five financial years	410,000
	760,000

Notes:

(i) The bank borrowings were secured by certain property, plant and equipment, land use rights and various trade receivables owned by the Group as set out in notes 16, 17 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

28. Deferred tax liability

Details of the deferred tax liability recognised and movements during the financial year are as follows:

The Group	RMB'000
Deferred tax liability	
At 1 January 2012	2,179
Exchange difference	(38)
At 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013	2,141
Exchange difference	
At 31 December 2013	2,141

During the financial year ended 31 December 2008, an inter-company loan within the Group had been capitalised that gave rise to an exchange difference of approximately \$\$1,635,000 (RMB7,411,000 equivalent) which was credited to the foreign currency translation reserve at the Group level.

This exchange difference had also given rise to a future tax obligation of approximately \$\$419,000 (RMB1,899,000 equivalent) which was recognised as a deferred tax liability on the consolidated statement of financial position with a corresponding entry to the foreign currency translation reserve as at 31 December 2008.

Under the New Law of PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 amounting to approximately RMB757,000,000 and RMB725,000,000 respectively as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

29. Share capital and treasury shares

(a) Share capital

	The Group and the Company				
	2013	2012			
	Number of or	dinary shares	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Issued and fully paid					
Balance at beginning and end					
of the financial year	1,218,617,800	1,218,617,800	2,166,575	2,166,575	

⁽i) The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carries a right to dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restrictions and have no par value.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

29. Share capital and treasury shares (Continued)

(b) Treasury shares

The Group and the Company				
2013	2012	2013	2012	
Number of ord	dinary shares	RMB'000	RMB'000	
1,000,000	1,000,000	2,501	2,501	
	Number of ord	2013 2012 Number of ordinary shares	2013 2012 2013 Number of ordinary shares RMB'000	

The Company acquired 1,000,000 of its own shares through purchases on the Singapore Stock Exchange during the financial year ended 31 December 2008. The total amount paid to acquire the shares was \$\$518,000 (RMB2,501,000 equivalent) and has been deducted from shareholders' equity.

Foreign

30. Reserves

Balance at 1 January 2013 (2,501) 43,908 2,958 1,489 45,854 Total comprehensive income for the financial year - (136,435) - 31,569 (104,866) Dividends (note 14) - - - (30,145) (30,145) Transfer of option reserve to retained earnings - - - (218) 218 - Balance at 31 December 2013 (2,501) (92,527) 2,740 3,131 (89,157) Balance at 1 January 2012 (2,501) (62,497) 10,913 7,871 (46,214) Total comprehensive income for the financial year - 106,405 - 31,416 137,821 Dividends (note 14) - - - (45,753) (45,753) Transfer of option reserve to retained earnings - - - (7,955) 7,955 - Balance at 31 December 2012 (2,501) 43,908 2,958 1,489 45,854	The Company	Treasury shares (note 29(b)) RMB'000	currency translation reserve (note 31) RMB'000	Share options reserve (note 33) RMB'000	Retained earnings RMB'000	Total RMB′000
for the financial year - (136,435) - 31,569 (104,866) Dividends (note 14) - - - - (30,145) (30,145) Transfer of option reserve to retained earnings - - - (218) 218 - Balance at 31 December 2013 (2,501) (92,527) 2,740 3,131 (89,157) Balance at 1 January 2012 (2,501) (62,497) 10,913 7,871 (46,214) Total comprehensive income for the financial year - 106,405 - 31,416 137,821 Dividends (note 14) - - - (45,753) (45,753) Transfer of option reserve to retained earnings - - - (7,955) 7,955 -	Balance at 1 January 2013	(2,501)	43,908	2,958	1,489	45,854
to retained earnings — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	for the financial year Dividends (note 14)	- -	(136,435) -	- -	•	
Balance at 1 January 2012 (2,501) (62,497) 10,913 7,871 (46,214) Total comprehensive income for the financial year - 106,405 - 31,416 137,821 Dividends (note 14) - - - (45,753) Transfer of option reserve to retained earnings - - (7,955) 7,955 -				(218)	218	
Total comprehensive income for the financial year - 106,405 - 31,416 137,821 Dividends (note 14) - - - (45,753) Transfer of option reserve to retained earnings - - (7,955) 7,955 -	Balance at 31 December 2013	(2,501)	(92,527)	2,740	3,131	(89,157)
Dividends (note 14) - - - (45,753) Transfer of option reserve to retained earnings - - (7,955) 7,955 -	,	(2,501)	(62,497)	10,913	7,871	(46,214)
Transfer of option reserve to retained earnings	for the financial year	_	106,405	_	31,416	137,821
to retained earnings	Dividends (note 14)	_	-	-	(45,753)	(45,753)
Balance at 31 December 2012 (2,501) 43,908 2,958 1,489 45,854	'			(7,955)	7,955	
	Balance at 31 December 2012	(2,501)	43,908	2,958	1,489	45,854

31. Foreign currency translation reserve

The Group and the Company

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency. Movements in the Group's foreign currency translation reserve are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

32. PRC statutory reserve

The Group

PRC statutory reserve represents the amounts transferred from profit after income tax of the subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC in accordance with the PRC statutory requirements. The PRC statutory reserve cannot be reduced except where approval is obtained from the relevant PRC authority to apply the amount either in setting off the accumulated losses or increasing share capital. Movement in this account is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

33. Share options reserve

The Group and the Company

Share options reserve represents the equity-settled share options granted to employees. The reserve is made up of the cumulative value of services received from employees recorded on grant of equity-settled share options. Movement in this account is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Equity-settled share options scheme

The Company has a share options scheme known as Midas Employee Share Options Scheme (the "Scheme") for all employees of the Group. Under the Scheme, an option entitles the option holder to subscribe for a specific number of new ordinary shares in the Company comprised in the option at a subscription price per share determined with reference to the market price of the share at the time of grant of the option.

Options granted with the subscription price set at the market price shall only be exercisable after the first anniversary from the date of grant of the option. Options granted with the subscription price set at a discount to the market price shall only be exercisable after the second anniversary from the date of the grant of the option. The shares under option may be exercised in whole or in part thereof.

Options granted will lapse when the option holder ceases to be a full-time employee of the Group subject to certain exceptions at the discretion of the Company.

33. Share options reserve (Continued)

The Group and the Company (Continued)

Equity-settled share options scheme (Continued)

Details of the share options outstanding during the financial year are as follows:

The Group and the Company	Balance at beginning of the financial year	Granted during the financial year	Cancelled/ expired during the financial year	Balance at end of the financial year	Exercise price
At 31 December 2013 2009 options	5,100,000		(350,000)	4,750,000	S\$0.517
Exercisable at 31 December 2013				4,750,000	
At 31 December 2012 2007 options 2009 options	3,700,000 5,100,000		(3,700,000)	5,100,000	S\$1.992 S\$0.517
	8,800,000		(3,700,000)	5,100,000	
Exercisable at 31 December 2012				5,100,000	

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised, expired or cancelled in the financial year ended 31 December 2013 and 2012 were \$\$0.517 and \$\$0.517 respectively. The options outstanding as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.2 year and 1.2 years respectively. The fair values for the above share options granted in previous financial years were calculated using the Hull-White option pricing model.

There were no shares options granted for the financial years ended 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012.

34. Operating lease commitments

As at reporting date, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

The Group	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Within one year	1,407	1,155
After one year but within five years	1,684	2,356
Total	3,091	3,511

The Group leases a number of properties under operating leases. Leases are negotiated for an average term of 3 to 5 years and rentals are fixed for an average of 3 to 5 years. These leases have no escalation clauses, restriction and do not provide contingent rents.

35. Capital commitments

	2013	2012
The Group	RMB'000	RMB'000
Commitments for the acquisition and construction of property,		
plant and equipment:		
 Contracted but not provided for 	565,093	511,472

36. Significant related party transaction

A related party is defined as follows:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group and Company if that person:
 - (i) Has control or joint control over the Company;
 - (ii) Has significant influence over the Company; or
 - (iii) Is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group and the Company if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Company is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Company.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Associates are related parties and include those that are associates of the holding and/or related companies.

Many of the Group's and Company's transactions and arrangements are with related parties and the effect of these on the basis determined between the parties is reflected in these financial statements. The balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand unless otherwise stated.

36. Significant related party transaction (Continued)

In addition to the information disclosed in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements, significant related party transactions between the Group and its related parties during the financial year were as follows:

Related party relationship Type of transaction		2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Associate	Sales of goods	109,746	73,267
Associate	Dividend income	8,775	_

Compensation of key management personnel

Remuneration of key management personnel of the Group, including certain amounts paid or payable to the Company's Directors as disclosed in note 10 to the consolidated financial statement, for the financial year is as follows:

	2013	2012
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	10,412	9,665
Post-employment benefits – CPF contribution	210	241
Directors fees	787	756
	11,409	10,662

37. Financial risk and capital management

37.1 Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to capital risk, credit risk, market risk (including interest rate risk and foreign currency risk), and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management strategy seeks to minimise adverse effects from the volatility of financial markets on the Group's financial performance.

The Board of Directors is responsible for setting the objectives and underlying principles of financial risk management for the Group. The Group management then establishes the detailed policies such as risk identification and measurement, exposure limits and hedging strategies, in accordance with the objectives and underlying principles approved by the Board of Directors.

The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes or to hedge against fluctuation, if any, in interest rates and foreign exchange rates. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 201

37. Financial risk and capital management (Continued)

37.1 Financial risk management (Continued)

(a) Credit risk

The Group places its bank balances and restricted bank balances with approved credit worthy financial institutions which are regulated. The Group performs ongoing credit evaluation of its customers' financial condition and generally does not require collateral. The Group assesses the customers' credibility and performs periodic reviews of the credit limits granted to the latter based on the findings from such assessments.

The maximum exposure to credit risk in the event that the counterparties fail to perform their obligations as at end of the financial year in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets stated in the statements of financial position.

The Group has a concentration of credit risk of the trade receivables due from the five largest debtors. As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, approximately 74% and 67% of total trade receivables respectively, were due from the five largest debtors.

(b) Market risk

(i) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates relates primarily to interest-earning financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities. Interest rate risk is managed by the Group on an ongoing basis with the primary objective of limiting the extent to which net interest expense could be affected by an adverse movement in interest rates.

The following tables set out the respective carrying amounts, by maturity, of the Group's financial instruments as at end of the financial year, that are exposed to interest rate risk.

	_	d average nterest rate	Carrying	amount
	2013	2012	2013	2012
The Group	%	%	RMB'000	RMB'000
Variable rate instruments				
Financial assets				
Restricted bank deposits	0.30	0.30	35,082	37,456
Cash and cash equivalents	0.35	0.33	1,046,456	547,033
			1,081,538	584,489
Financial liabilities				
Interest-bearing				
bank borrowings	6.36	6.32	2,597,610	1,471,850

37. Financial risk and capital management (Continued)

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37.1 Financial risk management (Continued)

- **(b) Market risk** (Continued)
 - (i) Interest rate risk (Continued)

		d average nterest rate	Carrying	j amount
	2013	2012	2013	2012
The Company	%	%	RMB'000	RMB'000
Variable rate instruments				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	0.20	0.20	15,960	33,289

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rate risk for financial instruments as at reporting date. For floating rate assets and liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of assets and liabilities outstanding at reporting date was outstanding for the whole year. The sensitivity analysis assumes an instantaneous 100 basis point ("bp") change in the interest rates from the reporting date, with all other variables held constant.

Impact to profit before

	impact to profit before		
	income tax expense		
	100 bp	100 bp	
	increase	decrease	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
The Group			
At 31 December 2013			
Cash and cash equivalents	10,465	(10,465)	
Restricted bank deposits	351	(351)	
Bank borrowings	(25,976)	25,976	
	(15,160)	15,160	
At 31 December 2012			
Cash and cash equivalents	5,470	(5,470)	
Restricted bank deposits	375	(375)	
Bank borrowings	(14,719)	14,719	
	(8,874)	8,874	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

37. Financial risk and capital management (Continued)

37.1 Financial risk management (Continued)

(b) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Foreign currency risk

The Group has foreign currency exposures arising from transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of Group entities, primarily Renminbi. As at the reporting date, the Group and the Company do not have significant foreign currency risk exposure except for the financial assets denominated in Euro and United States dollar. The Company does not have significant foreign currency risk exposure except for the financial assets denominated in United States dollar and Renminbi. It is not the Group's policy to enter into any financial derivatives to hedge its exchange risks.

The following table sets out the carrying amount of monetary assets and liabilities of the Group in their respective currencies:

	Assets		Liabil	ities
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Euro	40,927	34,063	_	-
Renminbi	1,993,205	1,515,369	2,900,041	1,731,510
Singapore dollar	5,616	33,478	2,653	1,474
United States dollar	13,793	1,222	_	_
Hong Kong dollar	106	468	_	_
Other	28	29		
	2,053,675	1,584,629	2,902,694	1,732,984

37. Financial risk and capital management (Continued)

37.1 Financial risk management (Continued)

- **(b) Market risk** (Continued)
 - (ii) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit to a reasonably possible 10% change in exchange rate of Euro and United States dollar against the respective functional currencies of the Group entities, with all other variables held constant.

	Impact to profit		
	before income tax		
	Strengthened	Weakened	
	by 10%	by 10%	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
The Group			
At 31 December 2013			
Euro	4,093	(4,093)	
United States dollar	1,379	(1,379)	
	5,472	(5,472)	
At 31 December 2012			
Euro	3,406	(3,406)	
United States dollar	122	(122)	
	3,528	(3,528)	

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk in which the Group encounters difficulties in meeting its short-term obligations. Liquidity risk is managed by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents considered adequate by our management to finance our operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flow. In doing so, the management monitors the utilisation of borrowings to ensure adequate unutilised banking facilities and compliance with loan covenants.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial instruments. The table has been drawn up using undiscounted cash flows of financial instruments based on the earlier of the contractual date or when the Group is expected to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

37. Financial risk and capital management (Continued)

37.1 Financial risk management (Continued)

(c) **Liquidity risk** (Continued)

		Total		After one	Due five
		contractual		year but	or more
	Carrying	undiscounted	Within	less than	than
The Group	amount	cash flow	one year	five years	five years
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 31 December 2013					
Financial assets					
Available-for-sale					
financial assets	2,000	2,000	_	2,000	_
Restricted bank deposits	35,082	35,082	_	35,082	_
Trade and other receivables	970,137	970,137	970,137	_	_
Cash and cash equivalents	1,046,456	1,046,456	1,046,456		
	2,053,675	2,053,675	2,016,593	37,082	
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	420,084	420,084	420,084	-	-
Bank borrowings	2,597,610	2,808,669	2,229,782	544,463	34,424
	3,017,694	3,228,753	2,649,866	544,463	34,424
At 31 December 2012					
Financial assets					
Available-for-sale					
financial assets	2,000	2,000	_	2,000	_
Restricted bank deposits	37,456	37,456	_	37,456	_
Trade and other receivables	998,139	998,139	998,139	_	_
Cash and cash equivalents	547,033	547,033	547,033		
	1,584,628	1,584,628	1,545,172	39,456	_
Financial liabilities		_	_		_
Trade and other payables	367,134	367,134	367,134	_	_
Bank borrowings	1,471,850	1,610,152	1,062,249	495,355	52,548
	1,838,984	1,977,286	1,429,383	495,355	52,548

37. Financial risk and capital management (Continued)

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37.1 Financial risk management (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

		Total	
		contractual	
	Carrying	undiscounted	Within
The Company	amount	cash flow	one year
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 31 December 2013			
Financial assets			
Other receivables	9,813	9,813	9,813
Cash and cash equivalents	15,960	15,960	15,960
	25,773	25,773	25,773
Financial liabilities			
Other payables	2,529	2,529	2,529
	2,529	2,529	2,529
At 31 December 2012			
Financial assets			
Other receivables	607	607	607
Cash and cash equivalents	33,289	33,289	33,289
	33,896	33,896	33,896
Financial liabilities			
Other payables	1,402	1,402	1,402
	1,402	1,402	1,402

Total

The Group's operations are financed mainly through equity, retaining earnings and bank borrowings. Adequate lines of credits are maintained to ensure the necessary liquidity is available when required.

As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, the Company has a net current assets position of RMB23,623,000 and RMB32,572,000 respectively. The Company's cash flow obligations are supported by dividend income and management fee income derived from its subsidiaries and associate.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

37. Financial risk and capital management (Continued)

37.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising share capital, treasury shares, foreign currency translation reserve, PRC statutory reserve, share options reserve and retained earnings as disclosed in notes 29 to 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt to equity ratio. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities divided by equity. Total liabilities are the sum of "current liabilities" and "non-current liabilities" as shown on the consolidated statement of financial position and equity is "capital and reserves" as shown on the consolidated statement of financial position. The strategy remained unchanged from 2012.

The debt-equity ratio as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	2013	2012
The Group	RMB'000	RMB'000
Total liabilities	3,019,835	1,841,125
Equity	3,248,189	3,247,881
Debt to equity ratio (times)	0.93	0.57

As disclosed in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements, all PRC subsidiaries of the Group are required by the Foreign Enterprise Law of the PRC to contribute to and maintain a non-distributable statutory reserve fund whose utilisation is subject to approval by the relevant PRC authorities.

The Group is in compliance with the externally imposed capital requirement for the financial years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.

38. Fair values

The carrying amounts of the current financial assets and financial liabilities in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values due to the relative short term maturity of these financial instruments.

As disclosed in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements, the available-for-sale financial asset of the Group is not stated at fair value but at cost less any accumulated impairment losses because its fair value cannot be reasonably assessed and therefore, no disclosure of its fair values is made.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

39. Properties of the Group

Location	Description	Existing use	Tenure	Unexpired lease term (years)	Site area ('000 sqm)	Gross floor area ('000 sqm)
No. 108 Yongle South Road, Hi-tech Development Zone, Ruicheng Country, Shanxi Province, PRC	Industrial complex	Office building, workshop, warehouse staff dormitory and other ancillary facilities	Leasehold	36	28.7	10.8
Industrial Development Zone, Liaoyuan City, Jilin Province, PRC	Industrial complex	Office building, workshops and portion of the property under development	Leasehold	38 – 46	374.8	81.8
188 Fuzhen Road Liaoyuan City, Jilin Province, PRC	Industrial complex	Office building, workshop and other uses	Leasehold	38 – 43	81.8	48.5
New Zone, Louyang City, He Nan Province, PRC	Industrial complex	Office building, workshops and portion of the property under development	Leasehold	48	389	72.1
Industrial Development Zone, You Yi Village, Liaoyuan City, Jilin Province, PRC	Industrial complex	Office building, workshops and portion of the property under development	Leasehold	48	386	90

40. Reconciliation between Singapore Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

For the financial year ended 31 December 2013, there were no material differences between the consolidated financial statements of the Group prepared under Singapore Financial Reporting Standards and IFRS (which include all IFRS, International Accounting Standards and Interpretations).

41. Events subsequent to the reporting date

On 3 February 2014, the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of \$\$85 million 5.75% fixed rate notes due 2017 (the "Notes") under the \$\$500,000,000 Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme established by the Company on 2 October 2013. The corresponding interest for the issued Notes will be payable semi-annually in arrears. The net proceeds from the issue (after deducting issue expenses) will be used for refinancing of existing borrowings and financing of acquisitions, investments and working capital, as well as to meet capital expenditure requirements of the Issuer or the Group.

42. Authorisation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and statement of financial position of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 19 March 2014.

STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

	NO. OF		NO. OF	
SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS	SHAREHOLDERS	%	SHARES	%
1 – 999	7	0.04	689	0.00
1,000 - 10,000	7,852	46.96	53,050,757	4.36
10,001 - 1,000,000	8,816	52.72	479,703,689	39.40
1,000,001 AND ABOVE	47	0.28	684,862,665	56.24
TOTAL	16,722	100.00	1,217,617,800	100.00

Number of issued shares : 1,218,617,800

Number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) : 1,217,617,800

Number/Percentage of Treasury Shares : 1,000,000 (0.08%)

Class of shares : ordinary shares

Voting rights : one vote per share

As at 13 March 2014, approximately 78.87% of the Company's ordinary shares were held in the hands of the public. Accordingly, the Company has complied with Rule 723 of the Listing Manual by the Stock Exchange Securities Trading Limited and Rule 8.08 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

NO.	NAME	NO. OF SHARES	%
1	HSBC (SINGAPORE) NOMINEES PTE LTD	93,544,658	7.68
2	DBS NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	81,345,115	6.68
3	CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	73,167,647	6.01
4	THE BANK OF EAST ASIA (NOMINEES) PRIVATE LIMITED	62,000,000	5.09
5	CHEN WEIPING	51,405,200	4.22
	CHEW HWA KWANG PATRICK	31,411,800	2.58
7	UNITED OVERSEAS BANK NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	27,105,704	2.23
3	PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD	24,624,500	2.02
)	DBS VICKERS SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD	20,029,000	1.64
0	OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED	19,899,000	1.63
1	DBSN SERVICES PTE. LTD.	19,859,444	1.63
2	SING INVESTMENTS & FINANCE NOMINEES (PTE) LTD	18,000,000	1.48
3	CITIBANK CONSUMER NOMINEES PTE LTD	16,652,000	1.37
4	UOB KAY HIAN PRIVATE LIMITED	14,321,000	1.18
5	HKSCC NOMINEES LIMITED	13,026,236	1.07
6	RAFFLES NOMINEES (PTE) LIMITED	12,521,430	1.03
7	MAYBANK KIM ENG SECURITIES PTE. LTD.	12,403,000	1.02
8	BANK OF SINGAPORE NOMINEES PTE. LTD.	11,016,000	0.90
9	CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.	10,214,000	0.84
0	OCBC NOMINEES SINGAPORE PRIVATE LIMITED	9,872,000	0.81
	TOTAL	622,417,734	51.11

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As shown in the Register of Substantial Shareholders

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No. of Shares

Name of Shareholders		Direct Interest	Deemed Interest	
1	CHEN WEIPING	131,405,200	_	
2	CHEW HWA KWANG, PATRICK	121.711.800	_	

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

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MIDAS HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Company Registration No.: 200009758W) (Incorporated in Singapore with limited liability) (Singapore Stock Code: 5EN) (Hong Kong Stock Code: 1021)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirteenth Annual General Meeting of Midas Holdings Limited (the "Company") will be held at NTUC Centre, 1 Marina Boulevard Level 7, Room 701, Singapore 018989 on Wednesday, 30 April 2014 at 10:00 a.m. to transact the following business:

AS ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 together with the Auditors' Report thereon. [Resolution 1]
- 2. To declare a Final Dividend of 0.25 Singapore cents per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: 0.25 Singapore cents). [Resolution 2]
- 3. To approve the Directors' fees of S\$160,000 for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: S\$150,000/-). [Resolution 3]
- 4. To re-elect the following Directors retiring pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association:-
 - (i) Dr. Xu Wei Dong (Article 91)

[Resolution 4]

(ii) Mr. Chen Wei Ping (Article 91)

[Resolution 5]

- 5. To re-appoint Messrs. Mazars LLP, as the Company's Auditors and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. [Resolution 6]
- 6. To transact any other ordinary business which may properly be transacted at an Annual General Meeting.

AS SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Ordinary Resolutions with or without any modifications:-

7. Authority to allot and issue shares up to 20% of the total number of issued shares

"THAT pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, Cap. 50 and subject to Rule 806 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") and Rule 13.36(2) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK"), authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to issue shares or convertible securities in the capital of the Company (whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise) or to grant any offers, agreements or options which would or might require securities to be issued, allotted or disposed of at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit provided that:—

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- i. the aggregate number of shares and convertible securities to be issued pursuant to this Resolution does not exceed 20 per cent (20%) of the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii) below);
- ii. (subject to such manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the SGX-ST and the SEHK), for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (i) above, the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares shall be based on the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares in the capital of the Company at the time this Resolution is passed, after adjusting for:
 - a. new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities;
 - b. new shares arising from exercising share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding or subsisting at the time this Resolution is passed; and
 - c. any subsequent consolidation or subdivision of shares;
- iii. in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST and SEHK as amended from time to time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST and the SEHK) and the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company; and
- iv. unless revoked or varied by the Company in a general meeting, the authority conferred by this Resolution shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier."

[Resolution 7]

[See Explanatory Note]

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD MIDAS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Tan Cheng Siew @ Nur Farah Tan Company Secretary

Singapore, 28 March 2014

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

CLOSURE OF REGISTERS OF MEMBERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the share transfer books and register of members of the Company will be closed on 20 May 2014 on which day no share transfer will be effected.

Duly completed registrable transfers received by the Company's share registrar in Singapore, Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd., 50 Raffles Place, #32-01 Singapore Land Tower, Singapore 048623 up to the close of business at 5.00 p.m. on 19 May 2014 will be registered to determine Singapore shareholders' entitlements to the final dividend.

In respect of ordinary shares in securities accounts with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"), the final dividend will be paid by the bank to CDP which will, in turn, distribute the dividend to holders of the securities accounts.

Duly completed registrable transfers accompanied with the relevant share certificates received by the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, at 31/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong by no later than 4.30 p.m. on 19 May 2014 will be registered to determine Hong Kong shareholders' entitlements to the final dividend.

Payment of the dividend, if approved by the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 30 April 2014, will be made on 4 June 2014.

Notes:

- 1. A member is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote in his place. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. Members wishing to vote by proxy at the meeting may use the proxy form enclosed. The completed proxy form must be lodged at the registered office of the Company at 4 Shenton Way, #18-03 SGX Centre 2, Singapore 068807 (for Singapore shareholders), or at the Hong Kong share registrar of the Company, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, at 31/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong, together with the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed (or a notarially certified copy thereof) (for Hong Kong shareholders), not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the above meeting.
- 2. In respect of proposed Resolutions 4 and 5, the Board of Directors, in consultation with the Nominating Committee, recommends to members the re-election of Dr. Xu Wei Dong and Mr. Chen Wei Ping.

As at the date of this notice, each of the following Directors, save as disclosed herein, did not have any other interest in shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance in Hong Kong.

Save as disclosed herein, each of the following Directors does not hold any other position with the Company or any other member of the Company's group (the "Group"), nor has any directorships in other listed public companies in the last three years, and no Director has any relationship with any other Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders (as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the SEHK (the "Listing Rules")) of the Company.

Save as disclosed herein, there is no other matter in relation to the following Directors that needs to be brought to the attention of the shareholders and there is no other information relating to the following Directors which is required to be disclosed pursuant to any of the requirements of Rule 13.51(2)(h) to (v) of the Listing Rules.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Dr. Xu Wei Dong, aged 54, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 17 March 2010. Dr. Xu is currently a professor and a PhD supervisor of the School of Law, Jilin University (PRC). Dr. Xu graduated from the School of Law (formerly known as the Law Department), Jilin University (PRC) with a Bachelor Degree in 1982. He obtained a Master Degree in Law in 1989 and a Doctoral Degree in Economics in 2002, both from Jilin University (PRC). Between June 2000 and December 2004, Dr. Xu served as the Deputy Dean of the School of Law, Jilin University. He was promoted to become the Dean of the School of Law, Jilin University in December 2004 and held such position till December 2008. Dr. Xu concurrently holds senior positions in various law related institutions and organisations. Dr. Xu is the deputy chairman of Commercial Law Research Department of the China Law Society, executive director and secretary general of the Legal Education Research Department of the China Law Society, deputy chairman of the Jilin Province Law Society, executive director of Jilin Province's Intellectual Property Right Research Commission, an arbitrator with China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission, and a lawyer with the Changchun Branch of Dacheng Law Office. Dr. Xu is also a member and secretary general of the Legal Teaching Guidance Committee of the PRC Education Department; a member of the National Legal Profession Examination Coordination Committee; a member of the Advisory Committee of the Jilin Municipal Government; and a member of the Legislation Advisory Committee of the Heilongjiang Municipal Government. Dr. Xu is currently an independent non-executive director of a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

There is no service contract entered into between Dr. Xu and the Company, but his appointment will be subject to the rotation and retirement requirements in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

Dr. Xu is entitled to receive an annual director's fee of \$\$50,000 per annum as determined by the Board with reference to his experience and responsibility with the Company, the remuneration benchmarks in the industry and the prevailing market situation.

Dr. Xu Wei Dong will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as a member of the Audit Committee, and will be considered independent for the purpose of Rule 704(8) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST and Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Mr. Chen Wei Ping, aged 53, was appointed as our Director on 21 August 2002 and has been Executive Chairman of our Company since March 2003. Mr. Chen is instrumental in developing and steering our Group's corporate directions and strategies. Mr. Chen is responsible for the effective management of business relations with our strategic partners. In addition, Mr. Chen spearheaded the listing of our Company's shares on the SGX-ST on 23 February 2004 and on the SEHK on 6 October 2010. Mr. Chen has more than twenty years of management experience and holds a Bachelor Degree in Economics from Jilin Finance & Trade College (PRC) as well as a Master Degree in Economics from Jilin University (PRC).

Mr. Chen has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 1 January 2012 which may be terminated by either party thereto giving to the other party not less than six months' prior notice in writing.

Mr. Chen is entitled to receive a monthly salary of \$\$41,000, a monthly transport allowance of \$\$7,000 and a bonus equivalent to a percentage of the audited consolidated profit before taxation and before profit sharing (excluding gains on exceptional items and extraordinary items) but after minority interest of our Group for the relevant year or up to three months salary.

As at the date of this notice, Mr. Chen had an interest in 131,405,200 shares of the Company.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

EXPLANATORY NOTE ON SPECIAL BUSINESS TO BE TRANSACTED:

The Ordinary Resolution 7 proposed in item (7), if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company from the date of the above meeting until the date of the next Annual General Meeting, to allot and issue new shares in the Company (whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise). The number of shares which the Directors may issue under this Resolution shall not exceed 20% of the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares in the capital of the Company. This authority will, unless previously revoked or varied at a general meeting, expire at the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

As at the date of this notice, the issued share capital of the Company comprised 1,217,617,800 shares (excluding 1,000,000 treasury shares). Subject to the passing of ordinary resolution no. 7 and on the basis that no further shares are issued or repurchased after the date of this notice and up to the Annual General Meeting, the Company will be allowed to issue a maximum of 243,523,560 shares

As at the date of this notice, the executive directors of the Company are Mr. Chen Wei Ping and Mr. Chew Hwa Kwang, Patrick; and the independent non-executive directors of the Company are Mr. Chan Soo Sen, Dr. Xu Wei Dong and Mr. Tong Din Eu.



MIDAS HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Company Registration No.: 200009758W)

(Singapore Stock Code: 5EN) (Hong Kong Stock Code: 1021)

Signature(s) of Member(s) or

Common Seal of Corporate Shareholder

PROXY FORM

I/We ___

Important

- For investors who have used their CPF monies to buy shares of Midas Holdings Limited, the Annual Report 2013 is forwarded to them at the request of their CPF Approved Nominees and is sent solely FOR INFORMATION ONLY.
- 2. This Proxy Form is not valid for use by CPF Investors and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by them.

Name		Address	NRIC/Passport No.	Proportion of Shareholdings(%)	
and/o	r (delete as appropriate)				
s on n ingapo no sp	ny/our behalf at the Thirteenth ore 018989 on 30 April 2014 at	e Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), a AGM of the Company to be held at N 10:00 a.m. and at any adjournment th given, the proxy/proxies may vote or AGM.	NTUC Centre, 1 Marina Bounereof.	ulevard Level 7, Room 7	
No.	Resolutions		No. of Votes For	No. of Votes Agains	
1.	To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 together with the Auditors' Report thereon.				
2.	To approve payment of propo	To approve payment of proposed final dividend.			
3.	To approve payment of Directors' fees of S\$160,000/				
4.	To re-elect Dr. Xu Wei Dong as	a Director.			
5.	To re-elect Mr. Chen Wei Ping as a Director.				
6.	To re-appoint Messrs. Mazars LLP as the Company's Auditors and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.				
7.	Authority to allot and issue sha	ares.			
igned	this day of	2014			
			Total No. of Shares in:	No. of Shares	
		1			
			1) CDP Register		

Notes:

- 1. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint more than one proxy to attend and vote in his stead. Such proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. Where a member appoints more than one proxy, the appointments shall be deemed to be in the alternatives unless he specifies the proportion of his shareholding (expressed as a percentage of the whole) to be represented by each proxy.
- 3. The instrument appointing a proxy must be signed by the appointor or his duly authorised attorney or if the appointor is a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal or signed by its attorney or a duly authorised officer of the corporation.
- 4. A corporation which is a member may also appoint by resolution of its directors or other governing body such person as it thinks fit to act as an authorised representative or representatives in accordance with its Articles of Association and Section 179 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore, to attend and vote on its behalf.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies (together with the power of attorney, if any, under which it is signed or a certified copy thereof), must be deposited at the registered office of the Company, 4 Shenton Way, #18-03 SGX Centre 2, Singapore 068807 (for Singapore shareholders), or at the Hong Kong share registrar of the Company, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, at 31/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong (for Hong Kong Shareholders) at least 48 hours before the time fixed for holding the Annual General Meeting.
- 6. A member should insert the total number of Ordinary Shares held. If the member has Ordinary Shares entered against his name in the Depository Register (as defined in Section 130A of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore), he should insert that number of Ordinary Shares. If the member has Ordinary Shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert that number of Ordinary Shares. If the member has Ordinary Shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as well as Ordinary Shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert the aggregate number of Ordinary Shares. If no number is inserted, this form of proxy will be deemed to relate to all the Ordinary Shares held by the member.
- 7. The Company shall be entitled to reject this instrument of proxy if it is incomplete, improperly completed or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in this instrument of proxy. In addition, in the case of a member whose Ordinary Shares are entered in the Depository Register, the Company shall be entitled to reject this instrument of proxy which has been lodged if such member is not shown to have Ordinary Shares entered against his name in the Depository Register at least 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the Annual General Meeting as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.