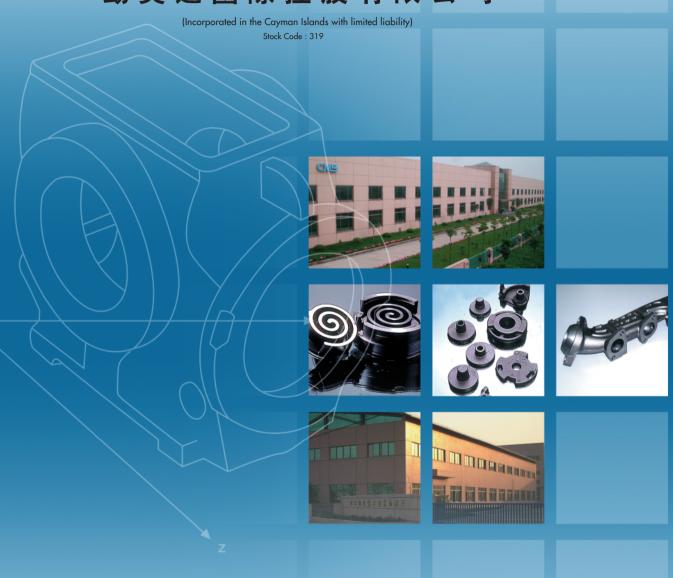


CHINA METAL INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS INC. 勤美達國際控股有限公司



ANNUAL REPORT 2013

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

KING Fong-Tien (Chairman) TSAO Ming-Hong (Vice Chairman) WU Cheng-Tao CHEN Shun-Min HO Pei-Lin

Non-Executive Director

Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN

Independent Non-Executive Directors

LAM Ting Lok CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen)

COMPANY SECRETARY

TSE Kam Fai, FCIS, FCS, MHKIOD

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

CHEN Shun-Min TSE Kam Fai, *FCIS, FCS, MHKIoD*

AUDIT COMMITTEE

LAM Ting Lok (Chairman) CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) (Chairman) CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen) KING Fong-Tien

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

KING Fong-Tien (Chairman) CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

KING Fong-Tien (Chairman) TSAO Ming-Hong WU Cheng-Tao CHEN Shun-Min HO Pei-Lin TSE Kam Fai

AUDITOR

KPMG Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clifton House 75 Fort Street P.O. Box 1350 GT George Town, Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1502, 15th Floor The Chinese Bank Building 61-65 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Appleby Corporate Services (Cayman) Ltd. Clifton House 75 Fort Street P.O. Box 1350 GT George Town, Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17/F Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Agricultural Bank of China Tianjin TEDA Branch International Development Building Tianjin Economic Development Area Tianjin, The PRC

China Construction Bank Suzhou High and New Technology Industrial Development Zone Branch No.27, Shi Shan Road Suzhou New District Suzhou, Jiangsu Province The PRC

Bank Sinopac No. 1, Lane 236 Section 1, Tun Hua S. Road Taipei 106, Taiwan

Taipei Fubon Bank 6/F., No. 169 Section 4, Jen-Ai Road Taipei 106, Taiwan

STOCK CODE

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WEBSITE

http://www.hkstockinfo.com/china_metal

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the Board, I would like to present to the shareholders the annual results and audited consolidated financial statements of China Metal International Holdings Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2013.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

In the beginning of the year 2013, the Group has set its management target for the year as "Rewarding Growth". Upon the effort to effectively raise the Group's efficiency, costs and expenses control, although there is only a 7.3% increase in revenue, the Group recorded profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to US\$41,117,000, representing a growth of 34% as compared with US\$30,694,000 of last year. This is the most rewarding year since the formation of the Company! We have issued the positive profit alert on 16 July 2013.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group's revenue was US\$321,239,000 and the profit attributable to shareholders was US\$41,117,000.

Management Upgrade

In order to upgrade the accuracy and effectiveness of the Group's management, we have started renewing our ERP system. This project started in mid-2013 to infiltrate gradually into each plant and we expect the management structure of every plant will be on the same platform by the end of the year 2014. Thereafter, not only the management could have the most immediate and accurate information but also create healthy competition on every production line of all plants. We believe this new system could raise the Company's management to a new level.

New Mission begins to roll

The set up of the new plant of CMB forms the major capital expenses of the Group. The two principal production lines of this plant was completed in 2013 and the associated equipment will be in place in the first half of 2014. Different from the production condition of other plants of the Group, the business direction of CMB and its management thereafter are the new challenge of Group. We hope that the new CMB plant could achieve balance of payments by the end of 2014.

Business Review

Although the Group has record-breaking profits in 2013, our opinion is that we still have rooms for substantial growth in revenue especially the vehicles market is a major market of our products and it is no doubt that the trend of vehicles industry in China shows steady growth. We will continue picking the right market with care so as to increase the value of our products and at the same time continue our good services to customers to further strengthen the Company's brand in the market.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors recommend to the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 9 May 2014 a final dividend of US cent 0.88 per share (equivalent to HK cents 6.82) and a special dividend of US cent 0.99 per share (equivalent to HK cents 7.67), for the year ended 31 December 2013 to be paid on Wednesday, 28 May 2014 to the shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Thursday, 15 May 2014.

APPRECIATION

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to the contributions by all our Directors, management team and all staff to the Group. Also thanks for the support from our business partners, investors and shareholders throughout all these years.

King Fong-Tien Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2014

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group recorded revenue of US\$321,239,000 for the year 2013 and this constitute a slight increase of 7.3% comparing to that of the year 2012. Sales of automobile parts and components has increased about 8.9% and expect to have further improvement due to recovery of the market segment in the year 2014. Sales of mechanical parts increased about 6.9% due to increase of market demand. Sales of compressor parts nearly remain the same.

Gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to approximately US\$77,925,000 (2012: US\$62,586,000), representing a gross profit margin of 24.3% (2012: 20.9%).

Profit from operations for the year ended 31 December 2013 was approximately US\$48,040,000 (2012: US\$38,853,000) or 15.0% (2012: 13.0%) of recorded turnover. Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to US\$41,117,000 (2012: US\$30,694,000), representing a significant growth of 34%.

Administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to US\$15,806,000 (2012: US\$13,848,000), representing an increase of about 14.1%, as of starting operation of new CMB. Administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue increased to 4.9% as compared to 4.6% of the last corresponding period.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group remains a sound financial position. At 31 December 2013, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to US\$30,384,000 (2012: US\$43,342,000). At 31 December 2013, the Group had a total banking facilities of approximately US\$121,481,000 (2012: US\$100,000,000) which were utilised to the extent of US\$58,484,000 (2012: US\$61,600,000). Unsecured bank loans amounted to US\$10,532,000 were repayable within 1 year, US\$10,000,000 were repayable after 1 year but within 2 years and US\$33,250,000 were repayable after 2 years but within 5 years respectively (2012: US\$3,118,000, nil and US\$55,000,000).

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Company's issued share capital as at 31 December 2013 was HK\$10,043,320 divided into 1,004,332,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.

The Group adopts a prudent financial policy, and its current ratio as at 31 December 2013 is 2.9 (2012: 3.8). The gearing ratio (a ratio of total loans to total assets) as at 31 December 2013 was 12% (2012: 14%). The Group continued to monitor debt collection policy so as to minimise the risks of sales on credit and to ensure that funds are timely collected.

As at 31 December 2013, earnings per share was US cents 4.09 compared to US cents 3.06 in the year 2012.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 28 March 2013, the Company entered into the acquisition agreement with the then non-controlling shareholder of CMB (Hong Kong) Company Limited ("CMB(HK)") to acquire the 49% interests in CMB(HK) at an aggregate consideration of US\$9,700,000. The acquisition was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting held on 10 May 2013. Upon the completion of the acquisition on 7 June 2013, CMB(HK) became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

Details of the acquisition are set out in the circular of the Company dated 24 April 2013.

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

Details of segmental information of the Group as at 31 December 2013 are set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the average number of employees of the Group was 3,818 (2012: 3,944). The Group's staff costs (excluding Directors' fees) amounted to US\$35,809,000 (2012: US\$28,115,000). The remuneration policy of the Company is reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee and is in line with the prevailing market practice. On 3 January 2011, options in an aggregate of 22,300,000 shares were granted to the eligible participants under the share option scheme of the Company adopted on 8 December 2004.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed social welfare scheme operated by the local government of the PRC. Under the scheme, the Group provides retirement, medical, employment injury, unemployment and maternity benefits to its employees in the PRC in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations. The Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of their payroll costs to the social welfare scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the social welfare scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The Directors and all members of the senior management of the Group, being non-PRC citizens, are not entitled to the state-managed social welfare scheme operated by the local government in the PRC. However, the senior management of the Group, being non-PRC citizens, has been provided a defined-benefit retirement scheme which is administrated by China Metal Products Company Limited ("CMP") in Taiwan during the year. During the year under review, the Group reimbursed US\$175,000 to CMP as the Group's share of contribution to such retirement scheme (2012: US\$157,000). The Group is not obliged to incur any liability beyond the contribution.

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2013, bank deposits of US\$1,801,000 (2012: US\$3,017,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Although the Group has record-breaking profits in 2013, our opinion is that we still have rooms for substantial growth in revenue especially the vehicles market is a major market of our products and it is no doubt that the trend of vehicles industry in China shows steady growth. We will continue picking the right market with care so as to increase the value of our products and at the same time continue our good services to customers to further strengthen the Company's brand in the market.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Continuing investment through the Group's prudent assessment is the key to outperform the competitors in the ironcasting industry. The two new main molding lines have just been set up in CMB in 2013, the Group will soon have state of the art annexed equipment/robots to be installed in 2014 to meet the challenge of ever increasing labor costs in China. Through more automation to replace labor intensive hand job operation, the Group's commitment for the future is very obvious.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

Most of the sales made to overseas customers are denominated in United States dollars. As the Group focuses on developing an international customer base and its export sales are expected to grow, the Group may be exposed to higher currency risk in relation to sales denominated in United States dollars, Euros and other currencies and the profitability of the Group may be affected by significant currency rates fluctuation.

The Renminbi currently is not a freely convertible currency. A portion of the Group's Renminbi revenue or profit may be converted into other currencies to meet foreign currency obligations of the Group such as the payment of dividends, if declared.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments in respect of purchase of property, plant and equipment outstanding and not provided for in the financial statements of the Group as at 31 December 2013 amounted to US\$2,421,000 (2012: US\$38,459,000).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2013, the Group has no material contingent liabilities.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors resolved to recommend to the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 9 May 2014 ("AGM") a final dividend of US cent 0.88 per share (equivalent to HK cents 6.82) and a special dividend of US cent 0.99 per share (equivalent to HK cents 7.67), for the year ended 31 December 2013 to be paid on Wednesday, 28 May 2014 to the shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Thursday, 15 May 2014.

The Company is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standard and procedures to ensure the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure in order to enhance the shareholders' value.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Company has all along committed to fulfilling its responsibilities to its shareholders by ensuring that the proper processes for supervision and management of the Group's businesses are duly operated and reviewed and that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established throughout the year ended 31 December 2013.

The Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") as its own code of corporate governance.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Company was in compliance with all code provisions set out in the CG Code except for the deviations as explained below:

- under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the role of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual, but the Company has not appointed a chief executive and the role and functions of chief executive have been performed by all the executive Directors, including the Chairman, collectively.
- under code provision D.1.4 of the CG Code, the Company should have formal letters of appointment for directors setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. The Company did not have formal letters of appointment for Directors except Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang, who was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director of the Company on 15 May 2012, Ms. Chen Shun-Min, who was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 28 March 2013, and Mr. Lam Ting Lok, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 7 August 2013. However, all Directors shall be subject to retirement in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles"). In addition, the Directors are required to refer to the guidelines set out in "A Guide on Directors' Duties" issued by the Companies Registry and "Guidelines for Directors" and "Guide for Independent Non-executive Directors" (if applicable) published by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors in performing their duties and responsibilities as Directors. Besides, the Directors are required to comply with the requirements under statue and common law, the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements and the Company's business and governance policies. Subsequently on 26 March 2014, the Company entered into service agreement with each of Mr. King Fong-Tien, Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong, Ms. Chen Shun-Min and Ms. Ho Pei-Lin; and appointment letter with each of Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen and Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu.
- under code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, the non-executive director should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. Mr. Christian Odgaard Pederson, the non-executive Director, and Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu, an independent non-executive Director, were not appointed for a specific term. However, all the non-executive Directors are subject to the retirement by rotation at least once every three years in accordance with the Articles. Following the signing of the appointment letters issued by the Company by Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen and Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu on 26 March 2014, all the non-executive Directors were appointed for a specific term.

Save as those mentioned above and in the opinion of the Directors, the Company has met the code provisions set out in the CG Code during the year ended 31 December 2013.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

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The Company confirms that, having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2013.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company, and is responsible for setting up the overall strategy as well as reviewing the operation and financial performance of the Group. The Board reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering overall Group strategy, major acquisitions and disposals, annual budgets, annual and interim results, recommendations on Directors' appointment or reappointment, approval of major capital transactions and other significant operational and financial matters. The management was delegated the authority and responsibility by the Board for the daily management of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees. Further details of these committees are set out in this report.

The Board currently consists of nine Directors including five executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. KING Fong-Tien (Chairman) Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong (Vice-Chairman) Mr. WU Cheng-Tao Ms. CHEN Shun-Min Ms. HO Pei-Lin

Non-executive Director

Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. LAM Ting Lok Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen)

Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao and Ms. Ho Pei-Lin are spouse. Save as aforesaid, the Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board. The composition of the Board reflects the balanced skills and experience for effective leadership. The biographical information of the Directors are set out on pages 24 to 26 under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management".

The Board decides on corporate strategies, approves overall business plans and evaluates the Group's financial performance and management. Specific tasks that the Board delegates to the Group's management include the implementation of strategies approved by the Board, the monitoring of operating budgets, the implementation of internal controls procedures, and the ensuring of compliance with relevant statutory requirements and other rules and regulations.

Directors' Training

According to the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant. The CG Committee is delegated the responsibility by the Board of reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management.

All Directors have participated in continuous professional development and provided a record of training they received for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 to the Company. In addition to their own participation in professional training, relevant training was provided to the Directors by the Company in the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

The Company has also continuously updated Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

The individual training record of each Director received for the year ended 31 December 2013 is set out below:

Name of Director

Mr. KING Fong-Tien Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong Mr. WU Cheng-Tao Ms. CHEN Shun-Min Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN Mr. LAM Ting Lok Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang Attending or participating in seminars/ workshops or working in technical committee relevant to the Group's business/directors' duties

All the Directors also understand the importance of continuous professional development and are committed to participate in suitable training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

Chairman and Chief Executive

Up to the date of this report, the Company has not appointed a chief executive and the role and functions of chief executive have been performed by all the executive Directors, including the Chairman, of the Company collectively. The Board considered this has the advantages of allowing contributions from all executive Directors with different expertise.

Non-executive Directors

The non-executive Director and the three independent non-executive Directors are persons of high calibre, with academic and professional qualifications in the fields of accounting, financial management, securities investment and consultancy. With their experience gained from various sectors, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board. Each independent non-executive Director gives an annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company, and the Company considers them to be independent under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Each of Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang and Mr. Lam Ting Lok, independent non-executive Directors of the Company appointed on 15 May 2012 and 7 August 2013 respectively, has signed an appointment letter issued by the Company for a term of three years commencing from 15 May 2012 and 7 August 2013 respectively. Pursuant to the Articles, Mr. Chen and Mr. Lam shall retire and be eligible for re-election at the next general meeting after his appointment, and thereafter, they are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once every three years.

Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERDEN, the non-executive Director of the Company, and Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu, an independent non-executive Director of the Company, were not appointed for a specific term, but they are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Articles. Following the signing of the appointment letters issued by the Company by Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen and Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu on 26 March 2014, all non-executive Directors were appointed for a specific term.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy on 12 August 2013 (the "Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company recognises that increasing diversity at the Board level will support the attainment of the Company's strategic objectives and sustainable development. The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Company will also take into consideration its own business model and specific needs from time to time in determining the optimum composition of the Board.

Board Meetings

The Board has four scheduled meetings a year at quarterly interval and additional meetings will be held as and when required. The four scheduled Board meetings for a year are planned in advance. During the regular meetings of the Board, the Board reviewed the operation and financial performance and reviewed and approved the annual and interim results.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Board held 5 meetings. All Directors are given an opportunity to include any matters in the agenda for regular Board meetings, and are given sufficient time to review documents and information relating to matters to be discussed in Board meetings in advance.

Name of Directors

Number of attendance

Mr. KING Fong-Tien	
Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong	
Mr. WU Cheng-Tao	
Ms. CHEN Shun-Min (Note 1)	
Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN	
Mr. LAM Ting Lok (Note 2)	
Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu	
Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang	
Dr. WONG Tin Yau, Kelvin (Note 3)	

Notes: 1. Ms. CHEN Shun-Min was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 28 March 2013 and 4 Board meetings were held after her appointment.

- 2. Mr. LAM Ting Lok was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 7 August 2013, and 2 Board meetings were held after his appointment.
- 3. Dr. WONG Tin Yau, Kelvin resigned as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 12 July 2013, and 2 Board meetings were held before his resignation.

Board minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by the Directors. Every Board member is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, and has the liberty to seek external professional advice if so required.

Appropriate insurance cover has been arranged in respect of relevant actions against its Directors.

GENERAL MEETINGS

During the year ended 31 December 2013, 2 general meetings of the Company, being the 2013 annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting, were both held on 10 May 2013.

Name of Directors	Number of attendance
Mr. KING Fong-Tien Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong Mr. WU Cheng-Tao Ms. CHEN Shun-Min <i>(Note 1)</i> Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN Mr. LAM Ting Lok <i>(Note 2)</i> Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang	2/2 2/2 2/2 2/2 2/2 2/2 2/2 N/A 2/2 2/2 2/2
Dr. WONG Tin Yau, Kelvin <i>(Note 3)</i>	2/2

Notes: 1. Ms. CHEN Shun-Min was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 28 March 2013 and 2 general meetings were held after her appointment.

- Mr. LAM Ting Lok was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 7 August 2013, and no general meeting was held after his appointment.
- 3. Dr. WONG Tin Yau, Kelvin resigned as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 12 July 2013, and 2 general meetings were held before his resignation.

The Board is responsible for maintaining an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, uses annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with them and encourage their participation. Mr. KING Fong-Tien, being the Chairman of the Board and the chairman of the Nomination Committee and the CG Committee, and Dr. WONG Tin Yau, Kelvin, being the chairman of the Audit Committee, attended the above general meetings to answer questions and collect views of shareholders.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

In considering the nomination of new Directors, the Board will take into account the qualification, ability, working experience, leadership and professional ethics of the candidates, especially their experience in the metals casting industry and/or other professional area.

The Company established the Nomination Committee, with written terms of reference, on 28 March 2012 and currently consists of one executive Director, namely Mr. KING Fong-Tien (as chairman) and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu and Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang.

The terms of reference adopted by the Nomination Committee is aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code, and is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The Nomination Committee is mainly responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the group's strategies, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular Chairman and chief executive.

The Board delegated certain duties under the Policy to the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee will discuss and review the measurable objectives for implementing the Policy from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and the progress made towards achieving those objectives will be ascertained.

The Nomination Committee will review the Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its continued effectiveness from time to time.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Nomination Committee held 2 meetings to (1) review the Board composition, (2) assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, (3) consider the reelection of retiring Directors, and (4) consider the nomination of Directors.

Nomination Committee members

Mr. KING Fong-Tien Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsana

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company established the Remuneration Committee, with written terms of reference, on 8 December 2004 and currently consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (as chairman) and Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang, and one executive Director, namely Mr. KING Fong-Tien.

The terms of reference adopted by the Remuneration Committee is aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code and is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The functions of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure on the remuneration packages for all Directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for development remuneration policy.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Remuneration Committee held 2 meetings for reviewing the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management and making recommendation on the remuneration of new Directors.

Remuneration Committee members	Number of attendance
Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu	1/2
Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang	2/2
Mr. KING Fong Tien	2/2

The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 8 December 2004. The purpose of the share option scheme is to enable the Board to grant options to selected eligible participants to motivate them and to optimize their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group. Details of the share option scheme are set out in the Report of the Directors.

The emolument payable to Directors and senior management will depend on their respective contractual terms under the employment agreements, if any, and is fixed by the Board with reference to the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, the performance of the Group and the prevailing market conditions. Details of the remuneration of the Directors and senior management are set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the audit committee (the "Audit Committee") on 8 December 2004. The Audit Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. LAM Ting Lok (as chairman), Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu and Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang.

The terms of reference adopted by the Audit Committee are aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code, and is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditors and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditors; reviewing the quarterly, interim and annual reports and accounts of the Group; and overseeing the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedures.

Number of attendance

2/2 1/2 2/2

The Audit Committee meets the external auditors at least two times a year to discuss any area of concern during the audit or review. The Audit Committee reviews the interim and annual reports before submission to the Board. The Audit Committee focuses not only on the impact of the changes in accounting policies and practices but also on the compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the legal requirements in the review of the Company's interim and annual report. The Audit Committee reviewed annually the existing internal control system of the Group.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Audit Committee held 4 meetings.

Audit Committee member

Mr. LAM Ting Lok (Note 1) Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang Dr. WONG Tin Yau, Kelvin (Note 2)

- Mr. LAM Ting Lok was appointed as a member of the Audit Committee on 7 August 2013, and 2 Audit Committee Notes: 1. meetings were held after his appointment.
 - 2 Dr. WONG Tin Yau, Kelvin ceased to act as a member of the Audit Committee on 12 July 2013, and 2 Audit Committee meetings were held before his cessation.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The Company established the CG Committee, with written terms of reference, on 28 March 2012. The CG Committee currently comprises five executive Directors, namely Mr. KING Fong-Tien (as chairman), Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong, Mr. WU Cheng-Tao, Ms. Chen Shun-Min and Ms. Ho Pei-Lin, and the Company Secretary of the Company, Mr. TSE Kam Fai.

Terms of reference adopted by the CG Committee is aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code.

The functions of the CG Committee are to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance to comply with the CG Code and other legal or regulatory requirements and make recommendations to the Board; to oversee the Company's orientation program for new Director; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and to review the Company's disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the CG Committee held 1 meeting to review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; to review the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; and to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code.

CG Committee member	Number of attendance
Mr. KING Fong-Tien	1/1
Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong	1/1
Mr. WU Cheng-Tao	1/1
Ms. CHEN Shun-Min	1/1
Mr. TSE Kam Fai	1/1

Note: Ms. Ho Pei-Lin was appointed as an executive Director and a member of the CG Committee on 26 March 2014. Therefore, she did not participate in the above meeting held in 2013.

Number of attendance

1/2

3/4

4/4

2/2

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AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year under review, the remuneration paid/payable to the Company's auditors, KPMG, is set out below:

Services rendered	Fee paid/payable
	RMB\$'000
Audit services	2,100
Non-audit services	1,450
	3,550

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company engaged an external professional company secretarial services provider, Uni-1 Corporate Services Limited ("Uni-1"), to provide compliance and full range of company secretarial services to the Group in order to assist the Group to cope with the changing regulatory environment.

Mr. TSE Kam Fai ("Mr. Tse"), the representative of Uni-1, was appointed as the named Company Secretary of the Company.

Ms. CHEN Shun-Min, an executive Director and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, is the primary point of contact at the Company for the Company Secretary.

According to the requirements of Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Tse, being a person who was a company secretary of an issuer before 31 December 1994, will take no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training for the financial year commencing on 1 January 2017.

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting.

Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Shareholders may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company according to the provisions as set out in the Articles and The Companies Law (2011 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The procedures shareholders can use to convene an extraordinary general meeting are set out in the document entitled "Procedures for a Shareholder to Propose a Person for Election as a Director", which is currently available on the Company's website.

Putting enquiries by shareholders to the Board

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

Procedures for putting forward proposals by shareholders at shareholders' meeting

Shareholders should follow the procedures set out in the sub-section headed "Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting" above for putting forward proposals for discussion at general meeting.

VOTING BY POLL

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands. As such, all the resolutions to be set out in the notice of 2014 AGM will be voted by poll.

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. Mr. King Fong-Tien, being the Chairman of the Board and the chairman of the Nomination Committee and the CG Committee, and Dr. Wong Tin Yau, Kelvin, being the former chairman of the Audit Committee, attended the general meetings of the Company held on 10 May 2013. The annual report together with the relevant circular are distributed to all the shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the annual general meeting.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company is committed to a policy of open and regular communication and reasonable disclosure of information to its shareholders. Information of the Company is disseminated to the shareholders in the following manner:

- Delivery of annual and interim results and reports to all shareholders;
- Publication of announcements on the annual and interim results on the website of The Stock Exchange and the Company's website, and issue of other announcements and shareholders' circulars in accordance with the continuing disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and
- The general meeting of the Company is also an effective communication channel between the Board and shareholders.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Company's financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013, the Board has selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the accounts on a going concern basis. The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

INTERNAL CONTROL

Management had implemented a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Group's assets are safeguarded, proper accounting records are maintained, appropriate legislation and regulations are complied with, reliable financial information are provided for management and publication purpose and investment and business risks affecting the Group are identified and managed.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Board has conducted a review of the system of internal control to ensure the effectiveness and adequacy of the system. The Board shall conduct such review at least once annually.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company is pleased to submit their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company and the subsidiaries are principally engaged in design, development, manufacture and sale of customized metal castings for use in various industries. As part of its integrated services, the Group also provides moulding, machining and coating services to its customers.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2013 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 28 to 81.

An interim dividend of US cent 0.95 (equivalent to HK cents 7.33) per ordinary share was paid to the shareholders during the year. The Directors recommend to the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 9 May 2014 ("2014 AGM") a final dividend of US cent 0.88 per share (equivalent to HK cents 6.82) and a special dividend of US cent 0.99 per share (equivalent to HK cents 7.67) for the year ended 31 December 2013 to be paid on Wednesday, 28 May 2014 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Thursday, 15 May 2014.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For determining the identity of the shareholders to attend and vote at the 2014 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 7 May 2014 to Friday, 9 May 2014, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2014 AGM, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 5 May 2014.

For determining the entitlement of the shareholders to the proposed final and special dividends, the register of members of the Company will be closed on Thursday, 15 May 2014, no transfer of shares will be registered on that date. In order to qualify for the proposed final and special dividends, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 14 May 2014.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital for the year ended 31 December 2013 are set out in note 25(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles") or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2013.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2013, the Company's reserves available for distribution to the shareholders amounted to approximately US\$181,067,000 (2012: US\$158,825,000).

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. KING Fong-Tien (Chairman) Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong (Vice Chairman) Mr. WU Cheng-Tao Ms. CHEN Shun-Min Ms. HO Pei-Lin

(appointed on 28 March 2013) (appointed on 26 March 2014)

Non-executive Director

Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. LAM Ting Lok Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu *(also known as Mary Lin Chiu)* Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang *(also known as Angus P.T. Chen)* Dr. WONG Tin Yau, Kelvin (appointed on 7 August 2013)

(resigned on 12 July 2013)

In accordance with Article 108(a) of the Articles, Mr. King Fong-Tien, Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao and Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen will retire by rotation at the forthcoming 2014 AGM, Mr. King Fong-Tien and Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao confirmed that he will not offer himself for re-election at the 2014 AGM.

In accordance with Article 112 of the Articles, Mr. Lam Ting Lok and Ms. Ho Pei-Lin, who were appointed as Directors of the Company after the 2013 annual general meeting, is subject to re-election at the 2014 AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

INDEPENDENCE CONFIRMATION

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Director of the Company, an annual confirmation of the independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules"). The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 8 December 2004. The purpose of the Scheme is to enable the Board to grant options to the selected eligible participants (as defined in the prospectus of the Company dated 20 December 2004 (the "Prospectus")), to motivate them and to optimize their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group, and attract and retain or otherwise maintain on-going business relationship with the eligible participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

The principal terms of the Scheme are summarized as follows:

(1) The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme and under any other share option scheme of the Company must not exceed 10% of total issued shares of the Company in issue immediately following completion of the share offer and capitalisation issue as referred to in the prospectus, being 100,000,000 shares, unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from the shareholders, and which must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.

As at the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the scheme is 87,300,000 shares, which represents approximately 8.69% of the total existing issued shares.

(2) The total number of shares which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to each eligible participant in any 12-month period up to date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the issued shares as at the date of grant.

(3) The exercise price shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, but will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

- (4) An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time after the date the option is deemed to be granted and accepted and prior to the expiry of 10 years from that date. The period during which an option may exercise will be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted.
- (5) Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant.
- (6) Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, the Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption, i.e. 8 December 2004.

Details of the Scheme are set out in the Prospectus.

Details of the movement in the share options granted under the Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2013 are as follows:

				Number of share options		
Grantees	Date of grant of share options	Exercisable period	Exercise price of share options (HK\$)	Outstanding at 1 January 2013	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31 December 2013
Directors						
Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 <i>(Note 1)</i>	2.52	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Mr. WU Cheng-Tao	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 <i>(Note 1)</i>	2.52	600,000	-	600,000
Ms. CHEN Shun-Min	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 (Note 1)	2.52	900,000	-	900,000
Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 <i>(Note 1)</i>	2.52	300,000	-	300,000
Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 (Note 1)	2.52	300,000	-	300,000
Sub-total				3,100,000		3,100,000
Former Director						
Dr. WONG Tin Yau, Kelvin (Note 2)	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 <i>(Note 1)</i>	2.52	300,000	(300,000)	-
Employees						
In aggregate	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 <i>(Note 1)</i>	2.52	11,800,000	(2,200,000)	9,600,000
Total				15,200,000	(2,500,000)	12,700,000

Notes:

- 1. 40% of the above share options are exercisable from 3 January 2014; 30% of the share options are exercisable from 3 January 2015; and the remaining 30% of the share options are exercisable from 3 January 2016.
- Dr. Wong Tin Yau, Kelvin resigned as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 12 July 2013 and the 300,000 share options were lapsed on 12 August 2013.

Save as aforesaid, there was no further movement in the share options during the year ended 31 December 2013.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of Mr. King Fong-Tien, Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong, Ms. Chen Shun-Min and Ms. Ho Pei-Lin entered into service agreement with the Company on 26 March 2014 for a term of three years commencing from 26 March 2014 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 15 May 2012, signed an appointment letter issued by the Company for a term of three years commencing from 15 May 2012 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Mr. Lam Ting Lok, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 7 August 2013, signed an appointment letter issued by the Company for a term of three years commencing from 7 August 2013 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Each of Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen and Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu signed an appointment letter issued by the Company for a term of three years commencing from 26 March 2014 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Save as aforesaid, none of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the 2014 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No Director had a significant beneficial interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At 31 December 2013, the interest or short positions of the Directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the stock exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provision of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for securities transactions by Directors of Listed Issuer ("Model Code"), were set out below:

Interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name of Directors	Type of Interests	Long position/ Short position	Number of ordinary shares of the Company held	Approximate percentage of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company
Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong	Beneficial interest	Long position	7,373,766 (Note 1)	0.73%
	Family interest	Long position	166,386 (Note 2)	0.02%
Mr. WU Cheng-Tao	Beneficial interest	Long position	5,661,435 (Note 3)	0.56%
	Family interest	Long position	783,193 (Note 4)	0.08%
Ms. CHEN Shun-Min	Beneficial interest	Long position	5,595,320 (Note 5)	0.56%
Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN	Beneficial interest	Long position	1,800,000 <i>(Note 6)</i>	0.18%
Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu	Beneficial interest	Long position	300,000 (Note 6)	0.03%
Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang	Beneficial interest	Long position	212,000	0.02%

Notes:

- 1. Included interest in 1,000,000 shares derived from the share options granted by the Company, details are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme".
- 2. Pursuant to section 316 of the SFO, Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong is deemed to be interested in 166,386 shares held by his spouse, Ms. Lin Hsiu Man.
- 3. Included interest in 600,000 shares derived from the share options granted by the Company, details are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme".
- 4. Pursuant to section 316 of the SFO, Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao is deemed to be interested in 783,193 shares held by his spouse, Ms. Ho Pei-Lin.
- 5. Included interest in 900,000 shares derived from the share options granted by the Company, details are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme".
- 6. Included interest in 300,000 shares derived from the share options granted by the Company, details are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme".

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS/OTHER PERSONS RECORDED IN THE REGISTER KEPT UNDER SECTION 336 OF THE SFO

At 31 December 2013, so far as is known to the Directors and chief executives of the Company, the interests or short positions of substantial shareholders/other persons in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Interests and short positions of substantial shareholders in shares and underlying shares of the Company

		Long position/	Number of ordinary shares of the	Approximate percentage of the issued ordinary share capital
Name	Capacity	Short position		the Company
China Metal Products Company Limited ("CMP")	Controlled corporation	Long position	514,352,059	51.24%
United Elite Agents Limited ("UEA") <i>(Note)</i>	Beneficial interest	Long position	514,352,059	51.24%
Vald Birns Holding A/S	Beneficial interest	Long position	102,298,922	10.19%
Delta Lloyd Asset Management NV	Investment manager	Long position	65,202,000	6.49%

Note: UEA is wholly and beneficially owned by CMP, a company incorporated in Taiwan whose shares are listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation.

Save as disclosed above, no other parties were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO as having interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as at 31 December 2013.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions as set out in the Model Code in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Save as aforesaid, the Company confirms that, having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2013.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group has the following connected transactions:

Continuing Connected Transactions

The following continuing connected transactions (as defined in the Listing Rules) for the Company are exempt from independent shareholders' approval requirement under Rule 14A.34 of the Listing Rules:

 On 28 March 2011, the Company and China Metal Automotive International Co., Limited ("CMAI"), a nonwholly owned subsidiary of CMP, entered into a services agreement ("CMAI Services Agreement"). Pursuant to the CMAI Services Agreement, the Group has continued to appoint CMAI to provide logistic agency services to the Group for its sales in US, Canada and Europe with retrospective effect from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2013.

The annual cap for the fees payable by the Group to CMAI pursuant to the CMAI Services Agreement for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 is US\$2,600,000.

2.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the aggregate fees paid by the Group to CMAI pursuant to the CMAI Services Agreement amounted to US\$1,105,525.

On 28 March 2011, the Company and China Metal Japan Co., Ltd. ("CMJ"), a non-wholly owned subsidiary of CMP, entered into a services agreement ("CMJ Services Agreement"). Pursuant to the CMJ Services Agreement, the Group has continued to appoint CMJ to provide logistic agency services to the Group for its sales in Japan with retrospective effect from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2013.

The annual cap for the fees payable by the Group CMJ pursuant to the CMJ Services Agreement for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 is US\$1,100,000.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the aggregate fees paid by the Group to CMJ pursuant to the CMJ Services Agreement amounted to US\$422,194.

3. On 28 March 2011, CMB (Hong Kong) Company Limited ("CMB (HK)"), a then 51% subsidiary of the Company, entered into a master supply agreement ("2011 Master Supply Agreement") with Vald. Birn A/S ("Birn"), a then 49% shareholder of CMB (HK), pursuant to which, CMB (HK) shall supply to Birn the Relevant Products (as defined in the 2011 Master Supply Agreement) on a long-term and ongoing basis with retrospective effect from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2013.

The annual cap for sale of the Relevant Products to Birn for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 is US\$4,200,000.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the sale of the Relevant Products to Birn amounted to US\$662,347.

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that the transactions have been entered into:

- 1. in the ordinary and usual course of the Group's business;
- 2. on normal commercial terms; and
- 3. have been carried out in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements governing such transactions that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Directors have requested the auditors of the Company to perform certain agreed upon procedures on the continuing connected transactions and have received a letter from the Company's auditors stating their findings that the continuing connected transactions:

- (i) had received the approval of the Board of Directors;
- (ii) were charged at prices consistent with the prices charged for comparable transactions that were identified by management;
- (iii) have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the continuing connected transactions; and
- (iv) had not exceeded the annual cap amount as set out in the relevant announcements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group focuses on developing an international customer base which mainly includes air conditioner manufacturers and air conditioner compressor manufacturers, refrigerator compressor manufacturer, automobile manufacturers and automobile part and component manufacturers; and other industrial manufacturers. Most of the suppliers of the Group were located in the PRC. During the year, the Group did not enter into any long-term procurement contract with its suppliers.

During the year, the percentage of sales attributable to the largest customer and the five largest customers of the group is 15.5% and 49.2% respectively.

The largest supplier and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 8.0% and 28.6% of the total purchases of the Group respectively.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules during the year and up to the date of this report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee on 8 December 2004 with written terms of reference, which was revised on 28 March 2012 to comply with the relevant code provisions set out in the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lam Ting Lok (as chairman), Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu and Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang. The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited annual financial report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the 2014 AGM for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board China Metal International Holdings Inc. King Fong-Tien Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2014

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BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. King Fong-Tien, aged 66, was appointed as the Chairman and an executive Director of the Company on 14 October 2011. He is the chairman of the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the corporate governance committee (the "CG Committee") and a member of the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") of the Company. Mr. King graduated from National Chiao Tung University with a Master Degree. He has extensive experience in management. Mr. King was appointed as a director of China Metal Products Company Limited ("CMP"), the controlling shareholder of the Company and a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, in May 2008 and was appointed as the president in September 2011 and mainly responsible for the overall business management of CMP, and a director of China Metal Automotive International Co., Limited ("CMAI"), a 94% subsidiary of CMP. Mr. King was a vice president of Grant Unique-Trader & Co., Ltd., a company specializing in export business in Taiwan, during the period from 1986 to 1989, the founder and president of Xer International Inc., a company selling home appliances in Taiwan, during the period from 1986 to 1989, the founder and president of Xer International Inc., a company Limited, a company specializing in research and selling of audio-visual products in Taiwan. He is currently an assistant professor of the Institute of Business & Management in National Chiao Tung University.

Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong, aged 65, was appointed as the vice-chairman and an executive Director of the Company on 8 December 2004. He is a member of the CG Committee. Mr. Tsao is responsible for the supervision of the execution of the overall business strategies of the Group. Mr. Tsao graduated from World College of Journalism in Taiwan, majoring in journalism administration in July 1969. Mr. Tsao has more than 38 years of experience in casting industry. He joined the Group in 1994. He is currently a director of each of Tian Jin CMT Industry Company Limited ("CMT"), Suzhou CMS Machinery Company Limited ("CMS"), CMW (Tianjin) Industry Company Ltd. ("CMVT") and Suzhou CMB Machinery Co., Limited ("CMB"), all are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company. He is also the vice chairman of CMP, a director of China Metal Japan Co., Ltd., ("CMJ"), a 55% subsidiary of CMP and a director of CMAI.

Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao, aged 47, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 8 December 2004. He is a member of the CG Committee. Mr. Wu is responsible for the supervision of the execution of the overall business strategies of the Group. Mr. Wu graduated from National Central University in Taiwan with a bachelor degree in business administration in 1993 and from Troy State University in the US with an executive master degree in business administration in 2002. Mr. Wu is currently working on his Doctoral degree in management in University of Maryland. Mr. Wu worked in China Motor Corporation from June 1993 to March 1995 and in M.A. Cargill Trading Co., Ltd. from July 1995 to October 1999. Mr. Wu joined the Group in October 1999 and is currently a director of CMP and CMWT, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and CMAI, Far Hsing Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("Far Hsing") and a supervisor of CMJ, all of them are non-wholly owned subsidiaries of CMP. Mr. Wu also is the Chairman of the board of Samuel (Cayman) Co., Ltd., a partially owned company of Far Hsing.

Ms. Chen Shun-Min, aged 54, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 28 March 2013, She is the Chief Financial Officer and executive vice general manager of the Company. She was appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company in 2005. Ms. Chen is a member of the CG Committee. Apart from leading the finance and accounts functions of the Group, Ms. Chen is also responsible for the supervision of the operating plants in the PRC. Ms. Chen graduated from Chihlee Institute of Technology in Taiwan, majoring in international business in 1981. She joined the Group in 1994 and still holds position as the special assistant to chairman of CMP. She is also a supervisor of CMAI and Far Hsing.

Ms. Ho Pei-Lin, aged 42, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 26 March 2014. She is a member of the CG Committee, She has over 10 years' experience in finance and derivative instruments. She graduated from the Department of Business Administration of Soochow University in 1993. She has been the trader of bonds, head of capital movement and the training speaker of Grand Cathay Securities Corporation during the period from 1993 to 1997. She has been the vice president of JP Morgan Chase Bank in charge of the forex, design and trading of derivative financial instrument during the period from 1997 to 2003. During the period from 2003 to 2012, she was a volunteer of Da Ai Tsu Chi for the public relation and human education.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen, aged 67, was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company on 8 December 2004. Mr. Pedersen graduated from Arhus School of Business with a diploma in business administration in 1973. Mr. Pedersen is currently managing director of Vald. Birn Holding A/S and the chairman of the Vald. Birn Foundation. Mr. Pedersen is a board member of each of Jysk-Fynsk Kapitalanlag A/S and Nupark Innovation A/S and the chairman of Danspin A/S. Mr. Pedersen is also the vice chairman of the Faerch Foundations.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lam Ting Lok, aged 41, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and the chairman of the audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") on 7 August 2013. Mr. Lam has over 15 years' experience in the accounting and financial industry. He has extensive experience in IPO, M&A, fund raising and corporate advisory. He started his career in KPMG from 1995 to January 2000. He then moved on to the investment banking division of ICEA Capital Limited from February 2000 to October 2004, and worked at REXCAPITAL (Hong Kong) Limited as a corporate finance manager from April 2006 and as an associate director from October 2007 to December 2010. He is now the managing director of Amasse Capital Limited. He has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of each of Enterprise Development Holdings Limited (HKSE Stock Code: 1808) since March 2011 and Wonderful Sky Financial Group Holdings Limited (HKSE Stock Code: 1260) since March 2012. Mr. Lam has been an independent non-executive director of EPI (Holdings) Limited (HKSE Stock Code: 689) during the period between April 2013 and January 2014. He has been appointed as the Company Secretary of Asian Capital Resources (Holdings) Limited (HKSE Stock Code: 8025) since April 2012. Mr. Lam holds a bachelor's degree in Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a charterholder of the Chartered Financial Analyst.

Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu), aged 66, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 8 December 2004. She is a chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee. Mrs. Chiu graduated from National Taiwan University with a bachelor degree of law in 1969 and from University of San Francisco with a master degree of public administration in 1986. Mrs. Chiu is currently the responsible person of Jiu Mau Management Consulting Co., Ltd. Mrs. Chiu is a licensed realtor in California, the USA.

Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen), aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 15 May 2012. He is a member of each of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Chen graduated from the Department of Management Science of National Chiao Tung University with a Bachelor Degree in 1976 and the University of California, Los Angeles in United States with a Master Degree of Business Administration in 1981. Mr. Chen has almost 30 years' experience in financial industry. Mr. Chen worked at Citibank National Association, Taiwan Branch ("Citybank, Taipei") and served as the assistant manager, manager, assistant vice president and vice president during the period from 1981 to 1989. He was a member of the founding team of Bank Sinopac ("BSP"), participated in the establishment preparation since 1989, Mr. Chen served as the manager, the vice president and the senior vice president of BSP since its incorporation in January 1992, and responsible for credit risk management, e-commerce, human resources, general administration, legal affairs and premises security. He served as the president of BSP during the period from October 2001 to May 2009. Mr. Chen was also acted as the director of Far East National Bank, the subsidiary of BSP in America, and promoted as the chairman since the end of year 2008. After his retirement since year 2009, Mr. Chen founded Jada Investment limited. He also joined Ming Capital Ltd., a company mainly participated in overseas investment, as a director in year 2010 and representing Ming Capital Ltd. to act as a director of NIT Education group. Mr. Chen founded 中華樹和教育文化協會 (China Shuhe Education and Cultural Association), a non-profit organization devoted to promote the cultural exchange between the college students of Mainland China and Taiwan, at the end of year 2010, and elected as the chairman.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Ho Ming-Shiann, aged 67, is the general manager of the Company and a founder of the Group. He is responsible for the formulation of the overall business strategies of the Group. Mr. Ho graduated from World College of Journalism in Taiwan, majoring in journalism administration in July 1969. Mr. Ho has more than 40 years of experience in casting industry. He is currently the chairman of CMP, a director of each of Capital Charm Associates Limited, CMP (Hong Kong) Industry Company Limited, CMW (Cayman Islands) Co., Ltd., CMWT, CMT, CMS, CMB and CMB (Hong Kong) Company Limited, all are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, as well as the chairman of Far Hsing Enterprise Co., Ltd. Mr. Ho is also a committee member of Taiwan Casting Industry Association and a member of Taiwan Foundry Society.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Yen Fu-Shan, aged 52, is the vice president of CMS and CMB. He is responsible for the execution of the overall business and the management of the production operations of the CMS and CMB. Mr. Yen graduated from Shu-tech Junior Technology College in Taiwan, majoring in industrial engineering in 1988. Mr. Yen has more than 19 years of experience in casting industry. Mr. Yen joined the Group in 1996 and had held the position of the manager of the administration division of CMT. He was appointed as the director of the administration division of CMT in 2002. He was also appointed as the director of the administration division of CMS in 2009. He was appointed as the vice president of CMB in 2011.

Mr. Chang Shih-Chuan, aged 59, is the vice president of CMT. He is responsible for the execution of the overall business and the management of the production operations of the CMT. Mr. Chang graduated from National Taipei University of Technology in Taiwan, majoring in mining and metallurgical engineering. Mr. Chang has more than 27 years of experience in casting industry. Mr. Chang joined the Group in 2005 and held the position of assistant manager of the casting division of CMT and CMS. He was appointed as the director of the casting division of CMT in 2006. He was appointed as the vice president of CMT in 2009. He was appointed as the vice president of CMT in 2011.

Mr. Wang Kuo-Nien, aged 44, is the vice president of CMW. He is responsible for the execution of the overall business and the management of the production operations of the CMW. Mr. Wang graduated from National Taipei University of Technology with a diploma in mining and metallurgical engineering in June 1992. Mr. Wang joined the Group in 2000 and had held the position of assistant manager of the administration division of CMT and CMS. He was appointed as the manager of the production management division of CMS in November 2006. He was appointed as the vice president of CMW in 2012.

Mr. Lee Chun-Chang, aged 53, is the director of the sales and marketing division of CMS and CMB. He is responsible for the administration and supervision of overall sales and marketing activities of CMS. Mr. Lee graduated from Chung Yuan Christian University, majoring in mechanical engineering in 1984. Mr. Lee joined the Group in 1998 and had held the position of manager of the sales and marketing division of CMT. He was appointed as the manager of the sales and marketing division of CMT. He was then appointed as the director of the sales and marketing division of CMS and CMB in May 2013.

Mr. Lee Hsiu-Hu, aged 61, is the director of the casting division of CMS and CMB. He is responsible for the operations of the casting division of CMS and CMB and participates in the construction and maintenance of new foundry. Mr. Lee graduated from Oriental Institute of Technology, majoring in electrical and mechanical studies in 1975. He has more than 27 years of experience in casting industry. Mr. Lee joined the Group in 1993 and had held the position of manager of the engineering division of CMS. He was appointed as the manager of the casting division of CMS in 2007. He was appointed as the director of the casting division of CMS in 2012, and the director of the casting division of CMB in 2013.

Mr. Wu Chin-Hsiu, aged 52, is the manager of the machining division of CMS. He is responsible for the operations of the production and technology R&D of the machining division of CMS. Mr. Wu joined the Group in 1999 and had held the position of assistant manager of the machining division of CMT and CMS. He was appointed as the manager of the machining division of CMS in 2002.

Mr. Lu Jui-Pin, aged 60, is the director of the R&D and production technology division of CMS. He is responsible for the administration and supervision of the R&D and production technology division of CMS. Mr. Lu graduated from Oriented Institute of Technology in Taiwan, majoring in industrial management. Mr. Lu has more than 22 years of experience in casting industry. Mr. Lu joined the Group in 2000 and held the position of assistant manager of the casting division of CMS and CMS. He was appointed as the manager of the casting division of CMS in 2002. Mr. Lu is a quality control engineer as certified by Chinese Society for Quality Control. He was appointed as the manager of the quality assurance division of CMS in 2007. He was appointed as the director of the R&D and production technology division of CMS in 2012.

Mr. Lin Yu-Chieh, aged 33, is the manager of sales and marketing division of CMT and CMWT. He is responsible for management and supervision of the overall sales and marketing business of CMT and CMWT. Mr. Lin graduated from Southern Taiwan University of Science and Technology with a bachelor degree of Computer Science and Information Engineering in June 2003, and graduated from William Woods University with a Master of Business Administration in July 2007. Mr. Lin joined the Group in 2007 as the assistant manager of the sales and marketing division of CMT. He was appointed as the manager of the sales and marketing division of CMT in 2012, and was then appointed as the director of the sales and marketing division of CMT and CMWT in 2013.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of China Metal International Holdings Inc. (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Metal International Holdings Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 28 to 81, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2013 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

26 March 2014

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

2012 \$'000

299,332

(236,746)

62,586

9,018

(18,944)

(13, 848)

38,853

38,113

(4,213)

33,900

30,694 3,206

33,900

3.06

3.06

(740)

41

2013

(Expressed in United States dollars)

			2013
		Note	\$'000
	Turnover	3	321,239
Ň	Cost of sales		(243,314)
7	Gross profit		77,925
	Other revenue	4(i)	7,232
	Other net income	4(ii)	131
	Selling and distribution costs		(21,442)
	Administrative expenses		(15,806)
	Profit from operations		48,040
	Finance costs	5(a)	(561)
	Profit before taxation	5	47,479
	Income tax	6	(6,451)
	Profit for the year		41,028
	Attributable to:		
	Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	10	41,117 (89)
	Profit for the year		41,028
	Earnings per share	11	
	Basic (cents)		4.09
	Diluted (cents)		4.09

The notes on pages 34 to 81 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 25(b).

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars)

٨	lote	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
Profit for the year		41,028	33,900
Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax and reclassification adjustment):			<u>Q</u> C
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	9	9,100	1,866
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	50,128	35,766
Attributable to:			
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests		49,726 402	32,327 3,439
Total comprehensive income for the year		50,128	35,766

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2013

	(Expressed in United States dollars)			
			2013	2012
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
	Non-current assets			
	Property, plant and equipment	12	191,220	156,151
	Lease prepayments	12	8,335	7,026
\sim	Construction in progress Other financial assets	13 15	30,825 37	37,809 72
1 20				
5			230,417	201,058
	Current assets			
	Inventories	16(a)	57,042	52,253
	Trade and other receivables Amounts due from related companies	17 28(b)	129,637 618	114,720 1,348
	Pledged bank deposits	19	1,801	3,017
	Cash and cash equivalents	18	30,384	43,342
			219,482	214,680
	Current liabilities			
	Trade and other payables	19	61,477	45,390
	Bank loans Amounts due to related companies	20 28(c)	10,532 137	3,118 3,988
	Current taxation	23(a)	4,492	3,581
			76,638	56,077
	Net current assets		142,844	158,603
	Total assets less current liabilities		373,261	359,661
	Non-current liabilities			
	Long-term loans Deferred tax liabilities	20 23(b)	43,250 _	55,000 107
		20(.0)		
			43,250	55,107
	NET ASSETS		330,011	304,554
	CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
	Share capital	25(c)	1,291	1,291
	Reserves		328,720	291,927
	Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company		330,011	293,218
	Non-controlling interests		_	11,336
	TOTAL EQUITY		330,011	304,554

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 March 2014.

King Fong-Tien Director Chen Shun-Min Director

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Expressed in United States dollars)

		2013	2012	
	Note	\$′000	\$'000	
Non-current assets				
Investments in subsidiaries	14	165,910	156,210	6
				e
Current assets				
Inventories	16(a)	14,451	9,570	
Trade and other receivables	17	31,625	32,549	
Amounts due from subsidiaries	24	77,122	73,530	
Amounts due from related companies	28(b)	998	1,344	
Cash and cash equivalents	18	5,433	15,244	
		129,629	132,237	
Current liabilities				
	19	0.507	1.024	
Trade and other payables Bank loans	20	2,527 10,532	1,836 3,118	
Amounts due to subsidiaries	20	56,772	68,211	
Amounts due to related companies	28(c)	100	166	
	(-)			
		69,931	73,331	
Net current assets		59,698	58,906	
Total assets less current liabilities		225,608	215,116	
Non-current liabilities				
Long-term loans	20	43,250	55,000	
NET ASSETS		182,358	160,116	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Share capital	25(c)	1,291	1,291	
Reserves	25(a)	181,067	158,825	
TOTAL EQUITY		182,358	160,116	

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 March 2014.

King Fong-Tien Director Chen Shun-Min Director

At 31 December 2013

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Expressed in United States dollars)

Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company Capital Capital Non-Statutory Exchange reserve-Share Share redemption surplus fluctuation Other controlling share Retained capital premium reserve profits reserve reserve option reserve Sub-total interests Total Note \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 43,484 Balance at 1 January 2012 1,291 42 16,176 37,666 723 18,036 154,277 271,695 7,897 279,592 Changes in equity for 2012: Profit for the year 30,694 30,694 3.206 33,900 _ _ 9 Other comprehensive income 1,633 1,633 233 1,866 -_ _ _ _ 1,633 3,439 Total comprehensive income 30,694 32,327 35,766 _ _ Dividends approved in respect of the previous year 25(b)(ii) (5,629) (5,629) (5,629) Transfer to statutory surplus 3,471 (3,471) reserve _ _ Equity settled share-based transactions 242 242 242 22(c) _ Dividends approved in respect of the current year 25(b)(i) (5,417) (5,417) (5,417) _ Balance at 31 December 2012 1,291 43,484 42 19,647 39,299 965 18,036 170,454 293,218 11,336 304,554

			Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company									
	Note	Share capital \$'000	Share re premium \$'000	Capital edemption reserve \$'000	Statutory surplus reserve \$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve \$'000	Capital reserve- share option \$'000	Other reserve \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Sub-total \$'000	Non- controlling interests \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 1 January 2013		1,291	43,484	42	19,647	39,299	965	18,036	170,454	293,218	11,336	304,554
Changes in equity for 2013: Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income	e 9					_ 			41,117	41,117 8,609 49,726	(89) 491 402	41,028 9,100 50,128
Ioldi complehensive income						0,009			41,117	47,720	402	50,120
Dividends approved in respect of the previous year Transfer to statutory surplus reserve	25(b)(ii)				- 3,534				(5,824) (3,534)	(5,824) -		(5,824) -
Acquisition of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary Equity settled share-based	28							2,038		2,038	(11,738)	(9,700)
transactions	22(c)						368			368		368
Dividends approved in respect of the current year	25(b)(i)								(9,515)	(9,515)		(9,515)
Balance at 31 December 2013	}	1,291	43,484	42	23,181	47,908	1,333	20,074	192,698	330,011		330,011

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars)

	Note	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
Operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	18(b)	53,956	48,726
Tax paid: - Income tax paid		(6,479)	(3,348)
- Tax refund received		644	
Net cash generated from operating activities		48,121	45,378
Investing activities			
Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment		(6,780)	(4,028)
Payment for construction in progress		(28,252)	(38,697)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Payment for purchase of shares from non-controlling interests		1,138 (9,700)	68
Proceeds from sales of unquoted equity securities		35	40
Interest received		1,757	282
Net cash used in investing activities		(41,802)	(42,335)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from new bank loans		85,421	143,584
Repayment of bank loans		(89,887)	(117,617)
Decrease in pledged bank deposits		1,216	13
Interest paid		(1,331)	(740)
Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the Company		(15,339)	(11,046)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities		(19,920)	14,194
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(13,601)	17,237
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		43,342	25,989
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		643	116
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	18(a)	30,384	43,342

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

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These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 1(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis.

The functional currencies of the Company, its subsidiaries in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and a subsidiary in Hong Kong are United States dollars, Renminbi and Hong Kong dollars respectively. For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the Group adopted United States dollars as its presentation currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 2.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued a number of new HKFRSs and amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Of these, the following developments are relevant to the Group's financial statements:

- Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements Presentation of items of other comprehensive income
- HKFRS 10, Consolidated financial statements
- HKFRS 12, Disclosure of interests in other entities
- HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement
- Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009–2011 Cycle
- Amendments to HKFRS 7, Disclosures Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements – Presentation of items of other comprehensive income

The amendments require entities to present separately the items of other comprehensive income that would be reclassified to profit or loss in the future if certain conditions are met separately from those that would never be reclassified to profit or loss. The presentation of other comprehensive income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in these financial statements has been modified accordingly. In addition, the Group has chosen to use the new titles "statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income" as introduced by the amendments in these financial statements.

HKFRS 10, Consolidated financial statements

HKFRS10 replaces the requirements in HKAS 27, Consolidated and separate financial statements relating to the preparation of consolidated financial statements and HK-SIC 12 Consolidation – Special purpose entities. It introduces a single control model to determine whether an investee should be consolidated, by focusing on whether the entity has power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and the ability to use its power to affect the amount of those returns.

As a result of the adoption of HKFRS 10, the Group has changed its accounting policy with respect to determining whether it has control over an investee. The adoption does not change any of the control conclusions reached by the Group in respect of its involvement with other entities as at 1 January 2013.

HKFRS 12, Disclosure of interests in other entities

HKFRS 12 brings together into a single standard all the disclosure requirements relevant to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities. The disclosures required by HKFRS 12 are generally more extensive than those previously required by the respective standards. To the extent that the requirements are applicable to the Group, the Group has provided those disclosures in note 14.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement

HKFRS 13 replaces existing guidance in individual HKFRSs with a single source of fair value measurement guidance. HKFRS 13 also contains extensive disclosure requirements about fair value measurements for both financial instruments and non-financial instruments. The adoption of HKFRS 13 does not have any material impact on the fair value measurements of the Group's assets and liabilities.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle

This cycle of annual improvement contains amendments to five standards with consequential amendments to other standards and interpretations. Among them, HKAS 34 has been amended to clarify that total assets for a particular reportable segment are required to be disclosed only if the amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) and only if there has been a material change in the total assets for that segment from the amount disclosed in the last annual financial statements. The amendment also requires the disclosure of segment liabilities if the amounts are regularly provided to the CODM and there has been a material change in the amounts compared with the last annual financial statements. In respect of this amendment, the Group has continued to disclose segment assets and segment liabilities in note 3.

Amendments to HKFRS 7, Disclosures - Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The amendments introduce new disclosures in respect of offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. Those new disclosures are required for all recognised financial instruments that are set off in accordance with HKAS 32, *Financial instruments: Presentation* and those that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that covers similar financial instruments and transactions, irrespective of whether the financial instruments are set off in accordance with HKAS 32.

The adoption of the amendments does not have an impact on these financial statements because the Group has not offset financial instruments, nor has it entered into master netting arrangement or similar agreement which is subject to the disclosures of HKFRS 7 during the periods presented.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and noncontrolling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 1(e)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or jointly venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(i)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

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(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Investments in equity securities

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The Group's and the Company's policies for investments in equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, are as follows:

Investments in equity securities are initially stated at fair value, which is their transaction price unless it is determined that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. Cost includes attributable transaction costs.

Investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

Investments are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investments or they expire.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see note 1(t)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 35 years after the date of completion.

Lease prepayments	50 years
Buildings	20 – 35 years
Leasehold improvements	2 – 10 years
Machinery and equipment	6 - 14 years
Motor vehicles	5 – 6 years
Office equipment, furniture and fixtures	5 years

Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents fixed assets under construction and equipment pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(i)). Cost comprises direct costs of construction as well as interest charges during the year of construction and installation. Capitalisation of these costs ceases and the construction in progress is transferred to fixed assets when the asset is substantially ready for its intended use, notwithstanding any delays in the issue of the relevant commissioning certificates by the relevant authorities in the PRC.

No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress until it is substantially complete and ready for its intended use.

(h) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.

(ii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Impairment of assets

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(i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables

Investments in equity securities and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
 - a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

- For investments in subsidiaries, the impairment loss is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment with its carrying amount in accordance with note 1(i)(ii). The impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount in accordance with note 1(i)(ii).
- For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities carried at cost are not reversed.
- For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables (continued)

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables and bills receivable included whithin trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivables and bills receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- lease prepayments;
- construction in progress; and
- investments in subsidiaries.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

- Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of an asset in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (i) Impairment of assets (continued)
 - (iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 1 (i)(i) and (ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of unquoted equity securities carried at cost are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

(j) Inventories

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Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the writedown or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 1(i)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

(I) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

(m) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(p) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Income tax (continued)

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Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences or include those that will arise from the expected reversal of the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary differences or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and the movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(q) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax ("VAT") or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(ii) Dividends

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to received payment is established.

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(iv) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

(s) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss, except those arising from foreign currency borrowings used to hedge a net investment in a foreign operation which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(s) Translation of foreign currencies (continued)

The results of foreign operations are translated into United States dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into United States dollars at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

Borrowing costs

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Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(u) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(v) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

Note 22 and 26 contain information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to valuation of fair value of share options granted and financial instruments. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

(a) Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives, after taking into account the estimated residual value. The management reviews annually the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any. The depreciation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(b) Valuation of inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value at the end of the reporting period. Net realisable value is determined on the basis of the estimated selling price less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The management estimates the net realisable value for finished goods and work-in-progress based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions.

(c) Allowance for impairment of doubtful debts

Allowance for impairment of doubtful debts is assessed and provided based on the management's regular review of ageing analysis and evaluation of collectibility. A considerable level of judgement is exercised by the management when assessing the credit worthiness and past collection history of each individual customer. Any increase or decrease in the allowance for impairment of doubtful debts would affect profit or loss in future years.

(d) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Fixed assets are assessed at each reporting period to identify indications that they may be impaired. Such indications include physical damage of an item of fixed assets and a decrease in the revenue derived from an item of fixed assets. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of that fixed asset item is estimated. Changes in facts and circumstances may result in revisions to the conclusion of whether an indication of impairment exists and revised estimates of recoverable amounts, which would affect profit or loss in future years. The recoverable amount of a fixed asset item is based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on reasonable assumptions that represent management's best estimate of the range of economic conditions that will exist over the remaining useful life of the asset.

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(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 **ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES** (CONTINUED)

(e) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in various jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are transactions during the ordinary course of business, for which calculation of the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the year in which such determination is made.

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Turnover

The principal activities of the Group are design, development, manufacture and sale of customised metal castings for use in various industries.

Turnover represents the sales value of casting products to customers after allowances for goods returned, excludes VAT and is after the deduction of any trade discounts.

The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised in turnover during the year is as follows:

	2013 \$'000	2012 \$´000
Sales of: - Automobile parts and components - Mechanical parts - Compressor parts	209,405 81,426 30,408	192,351 76,140 30,841
	321,239	299,332

The Group's customer base is diversified and includes only three customers with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenues. In 2013 revenues from sales of automobile parts and components to these customers, including sales to entities which are known to the Group to be under common control with these customers, amounted to approximately \$50 million, \$38 million and \$34 million (2012: \$39 million, \$32 million and \$29 million) in the United States, Japan and the PRC respectively. Details of concentrations of credit risk arising from these customers are set out in note 26(a).

Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed below:

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses according to the manufacturing source of its products, i.e. its operating subsidiaries in the PRC, which are engaged in the design, development, manufacture and sale of customised metal casting. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following four reportable segments:

- Tianjin CMT Industry Company Limited ("CMT")
- Suzhou CMS Machinery Company Limited ("CMS")
- CMW (Tianjin) Industry Company Limited ("CMWT")
- Suzhou CMB Machinery Company Limited ("CMB")

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible assets, lease prepayments and current assets with the exception of corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables attributable to the operating activities of the individual segments and bank borrowings managed directly by the segments.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profits is "adjusted EBITDA" i.e. "adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation", where "interest" is regarded as including investment income and "depreciation and amortisation" is regarded as including impairment losses on non-current assets. To arrive at adjusted EBITDA, the Group's earnings are further adjusted for items not specially attributed to individual segments, such as directors' and auditor's remuneration and other head office or corporate administrative costs.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning adjusted EBITDA, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue (including inter-segment sales), interest income and expense from cash balances and borrowings managed directly by the segments, depreciation, amortisation and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations. Inter-segment sales are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar orders.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012 is set out below:

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

- (b) Segment reporting (continued)
 - (i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

	CM	ЛТ	CM	IS	CM	WT	CN	/B	TO	AL
	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	72,060 105	63,676 1,039	120,585 822	114,735 3,392	125,913 456	118,836 447	2,681 3,128	2,085 2,046	321,239 4,511	299,332 6,924
Reportable segment revenue	72,165	64,715	121,407	118,127	126,369	119,283	5,809	4,131	325,750	306,256
Reportable segment profit (adjusted EBITDA)	14,959	7,586	24,824	25,930	26,564	17,735	3,099	8,637	69,446	59,888
Interest income from bank deposits	767	75	893	123	54	59	43	25	1,757	282
Interest expense	(270)	(440)	(291)	(300)		-	-	-	(561)	(740)
Depreciation and amortisation for the year	(2,875)	(3,453)	(7,093)	(5,937)	(10,355)	(9,842)	(2,400)	(1,989)	(22,723)	(21,221)
Reportable segment assets	79,398	75,981	104,433	100,389	167,247	166,810	94,157	54,448	445,235	397,628
Additions to non-current segment assets during the year	285	598	4,496	3,132	1,838	1,158	39,738	36,706	46,357	41,594
Reportable segment liabilities	11,067	11,490	15,980	12,400	31,134	25,579	7,522	5,368	65,703	54,837

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

Revenue325,750306,256Elimination of inter-segment revenue321,239299,332Consolidated turnover (note 3(a))21,239299,332201320123000Profit69,44659,888Reportable segment profit69,44659,888Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer580799Elimination of inter-segment profit69,44659,888Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Finance costs69,382 (644)60,074 (613)Depreciation and amortisation Unallocated head office and corporate expenses69,382 (561) (740)60,074 (21,221)Consolidated profit before taxation47,479 (38,113)381,133Reportable segment assets Elimination of inter-segment receivables445,235 (3,636)397,628 (3,636)Non-current financial assets Unallocated head office and corporate assets445,235 (3,636)397,628 (3,636)Non-current financial assets Unallocated head office and corporate assets445,235 (3,636)397,628 (3,636)			2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000	Q
Elimination of inter-segment revenue(4,511)(6,924)Consolidated turnover (note 3(a))321,239299,33220132012\$'000Profit69,44659,888Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer69,44659,888Elimination of inter-segment profit69,44659,888Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer580799Elimination of inter-segment profit6444(613)Reportable segment profit69,38260,074Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Finance costs Unallocated head office and corporate expenses69,38260,074Consolidated profit before taxation47,47938,1132013 \$'000\$'000Assets 	evenue		6		
ProfitReportable segment profit69,44659,888Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer580799Elimination of inter-segment profits6444)(613)Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers69,38260,074Depreciation and amortisation interest income Finance costs69,382(60,074)Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(22,723) (21,221)(21,221) (740)Consolidated profit before taxation47,47938,1132013 \$ 00002012 \$ 00002012 \$ 0000Assets445,235 (2,125)397,628 (3,636) (3,636)Non-current financial assets3772					
S'000S'000Profit69,446Reportable segment profit69,446Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer580Elimination of inter-segment profits6444(644)(613)Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers69,382Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Finance costs69,382Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(561)Consolidated profit before taxation47,47938,1132012 \$'000S'000\$'000Assets445,235 (2,125)Reportable segment assets Elimination of inter-segment receivables397,628 (3,636)Non-current financial assets3772	onsolidated turnover (note 3(a))		321,239	299,332	
Reportable segment profit Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer69,44659,888Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer580799Elimination of inter-segment profits644)(613)Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers69,38260,074Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Finance costs(22,723)(21,221)Interest income Finance costs1,757282Consolidated profit before taxation47,47938,113Q013 \$'0002012 \$'0002013 \$'000Assets445,235 (2,125)397,628 (3,636) (3,636)Reportable segment assets Elimination of inter-segment receivables445,235 (2,125)397,628 (3,636)Non-current financial assets3772					
Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer580 (644)799 (613)Elimination of inter-segment profits69,382 (644)60,074 (613)Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers69,382 (22,723)60,074 (21,221)Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Finance costs1,757 (261)282 (740)Unallocated head office and corporate expenses66,014 (22,723)2012 (21,221)Consolidated profit before taxation47,479 (376)38,113 (2012)Consolidated profit before taxation47,479 (376)38,113 (2012)Assets445,235 (3,636)397,628 (3,636)Reportable segment assets Elimination of inter-segment receivables445,235 (3,636)397,628 (3,636)Non-current financial assets337 72	ofit				
Elimination of inter-segment profits(644)(613)Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers69,38260,074Depreciation and amortisation Interest income(22,723)(21,221)Interest income Finance costs1,757282Consolidated head office and corporate expenses(376)(282)Consolidated profit before taxation47,47938,1132013 \$'0002012 \$'0002012 \$'000Assets445,235 (2,125)397,628 (3,636)Reportable segment assets445,235 (2,125)397,628 (3,636)Elimination of inter-segment receivables443,110 393,992Non-current financial assets3772		nter-segment	69,446	59,888	
external customers 69,382 60,074 Depreciation and amortisation (22,723) (21,221) Interest income 1,757 282 Finance costs (561) (740) Unallocated head office and corporate expenses (376) (282) Consolidated profit before taxation 47,479 38,113 2013 2012 \$'000 Assets 2013 2012 Reportable segment assets 445,235 397,628 Elimination of inter-segment receivables 443,110 393,992 Non-current financial assets 37 72					
Depreciation and amortisation Interest income(22,723) 1,757(21,221) 282Finance costs Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(561) (740) (376)(740) (282)Consolidated profit before taxation47,47938,1132013 \$'0002012 \$'0002012 \$'000Assets445,235 (2,125)397,628 (3,636)Reportable segment assets445,235 (3,636)393,992 72Non-current financial assets3772		the Group's	(0.000	(0.074	
Interest income1,757282Finance costs(561)(740)Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(376)(282)Consolidated profit before taxation47,47938,113201320123000\$'000Assets20132012Reportable segment assets445,235397,628Elimination of inter-segment receivables(376)(3636)Non-current financial assets3772					
Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(376)(282)Consolidated profit before taxation47,47938,1132013 \$'0002012 \$'0002012 \$'000Assets445,235 (2,125)397,628 (3,636)Reportable segment assets445,235 (2,125)397,628 (3,636)Elimination of inter-segment receivables443,110 393,992 72					
2013 2012 \$'000 \$'000 Assets 445,235 397,628 Elimination of inter-segment receivables (2,125) (3,636) Non-current financial assets 37 72		expenses			
\$'000 \$'000 Assets 445,235 397,628 Reportable segment assets 445,235 397,628 Elimination of inter-segment receivables 443,110 393,992 Non-current financial assets 37 72	onsolidated profit before taxation		47,479	38,113	
Reportable segment assets445,235397,628Elimination of inter-segment receivables(3,636)443,110393,992Non-current financial assets37					
Elimination of inter-segment receivables(2,125)(3,636)443,110393,992Non-current financial assets3772	ssets				
443,110 393,992 Non-current financial assets 37 72			445,235	397,628	
Non-current financial assets 37 72	mination of inter-segment receivables	6	(2,125)	(3,636)	
			443,110	393,992	
Unallocated head office and corporate assets 6.752 21.674					
	nallocated head office and corporate	e assets	6,752	21,6/4	
Consolidated total assets 449,899 415,738	onsolidated total assets		449,899	415,738	

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities (continued)

9.9 Har	2013 \$'000	2012 \$´000
Liabilities		
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment payables	65,703 (2,125)	54,837 (3,613)
Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	63,578 56,310	51,224 59,960
Consolidated total liabilities	119,888	111,184

(iii) Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of the Group's revenue from external customers. The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the goods delivered.

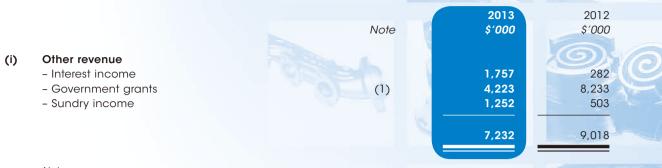
		Revenue from external customers		
	2013	2012		
	\$'000	\$'000		
The PRC	160,801	144,022		
United States	114,614	109,446		
Japan	27,468	29,085		
Other countries	18,356	16,779		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total	321,239	299,332		

Most of the Group's property, plant and equipment and construction in progress ("specified non-current assets") are located in the PRC. Accordingly, no geographical segment analysis based on the location of specified non-current assets is presented.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

4 OTHER REVENUE AND NET INCOME



Note:

(1) Pursuant to an acquisition and compensation agreement signed between CMB and the Management Committee of Suzhou National High-Tech Industrial Development Zone on 31 December 2010, CMB returned its current land use right certificates to the government in June 2013 and relocated to a new site for continuous production, and an aggregate amount of RMB103,742,264 was granted to CMB as compensation for the relocation by installments upon achievements of different milestones as specified in the agreement. The grant was intended to cover CMB's relocation expenses and loss of revenue and was recognised as revenue in profit or loss over a period of two years beginning July 2011. Based on the progress of the relocation, a government grant for a total amount of RMB25,935,566 was recognised in 2013.

		2013 \$′000	2012 \$´000
)	Other net income Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain Net gain/(loss) on sale of property, plant and equipment	(565) 696	95 (54)
		131	41

5 **PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION**

(ii)

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging:

	\$′000	\$′000
(a) Finance costs: Interest on bank advances wholly repayable within five years Less: Interest expense capitalised into construction in progress*	1,331 (770)	740
	561	740

The borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of 0.95% - 1.93% per annum (2012: Nil).

2013

2012

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (CONTINUED)

5

(b) Staff costs:	
	28,115
Contributions to retirement benefit schemes 3,165	2,840
Equity settled share-based payment expenses (note 22) 368	242
39,342	31,197
(c) Other items:	
Amortisation of lease prepayments 561	775
Depreciation 21,582	19,647
Operating lease charges: minimum lease payments	
(including property rentals) 330	377
Auditors' remuneration 341	301

6 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

	2013 \$′000	2012 \$´000
Current tax		
Provision for income tax for the year Over-provision in respect of prior years	7,168 (610)	4,237 (24)
	6,558	4,213
Deferred tax		
Reversal of temporary differences	(107)	
	6,451	4,213

(i) Overseas income tax

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands, the Company and CMW (Cayman Islands) Co., Ltd. ("CMW(CI)") are not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands.

(ii) Hong Kong Profits Tax

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is made for the year as the Group did not generate any income subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax during the years presented.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

6 **INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS** (CONTINUED)

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents: (continued)

(iii) PRC Corporate income tax

Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations of the PRC, the provision for PRC Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") of the Group is calculated based on the following rates:

	Notes	2013	2012	2
CMT CMS CMWT CMB	(1) (1) (2)	15% 15% 15% 25%	15% 15% 15% 12.5%	/ 0 / 0

Notes:

- (1) In December 2008, CMS and CMT were granted the status of "Advanced and New Technology Enterprise" ("ANTE") that entitled them to a preferential CIT rate of 15% for the three-year period ended 31 December 2011. CMS and CMT renewed and obtained the ANTE certificates in September 2011 and October 2011, respectively, and are entitled to a preferential CIT rate of 15% for a period of threeyear from 2012 to 2014.
- (2) In May 2013, CMWT was granted the status of ANTE that entitled it to a preferential CIT rate of 15% for the three-year period ended 31 December 2014.

In addition, pursuant to CIT Law effective on 1 January 2008 and Implementation Rules to the CIT Law, dividends payable by subsidiaries in the PRC to foreign investors are subject to a 10% withholding tax, which may be reduced if the foreign jurisdiction of incorporation has a tax treaty with the PRC that provides for a different withholding arrangement. Pursuant to the tax treaty between the PRC and Hong Kong, the holding companies of CMB, CMT and CMS are established in Hong Kong, and therefore, provided these companies meet the criteria for "beneficial owner" set out in the relevant PRC tax circular, dividends payable by CMB, CMT and CMS are subject to a reduced withholding tax rate of 5%.

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

	2013 \$'000	2012 \$´000
Profit before taxation	47,479	38,113
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to profits in the tax jurisdictions concerned Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and non-taxable income Tax effect of distributed profits of subsidiaries Over-provision in prior years Tax effect of tax concessions	10,147 (303) 1,319 (610) (4,102)	8,010 (1,832) - (24) (1,941)
Actual tax expense	6,451	4,213

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

7

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

	Directors' fees \$'000	allowances	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes \$'000 (note 28(a))	Bonuses \$'000	Share-based payments (note) \$´000	2013 Total \$'000
Executive directors						
Mr. King Fong-Tien	57	20		9		86
Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong	57	52		13	29	151
Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao	57				17	74
Ms. Chen Shun-Min	57	56		29	26	168
Non-executive director Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen	31				9	40
Independent non-executive directors						
Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu	29				9	38
Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang	29					29
Mr. Wong Tin-Yau	11					11
Mr. Lam Ting-Lok	16					16
Total	344	128		51	90	613

	Directors' fees \$'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind \$'000	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes \$'000 (note 28(a))	Bonuses \$`000	Share-based payments (note) \$'000	2012 Total \$*000
Executive directors						
Mr. King Fong-Tien	52	20	-	11	-	83
Mr. Guu Herng-Chang	-	32	-	271	-	303
Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong	52	51	-	15	37	155
Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao	52	-	-	-	22	74
Non-executive director Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen	26	-	_	_	11	37
Independent non-executive directors						
Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu	21	-	-	-	11	32
Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang	21	-	-	-	-	21
Mr. Wong Tin-Yau	21				11	32
Total	245	103		297	92	737

Note: These represent the estimated fair value of share options granted to the directors under the Company's share option scheme. The value of these share options is measured according to the Group's accounting policies for sharebased payment transactions as set out in note 1(o)(ii). The details of these benefits in kind, including the principal terms and number of options granted, are disclosed under the paragraph "Share option scheme" in the report of the directors and note 22.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

8 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2012: one) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 7. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other three (2012: four) individuals are as follows:

	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Bonuses Share-based payments	238 143 61	309 190 34
	442	533

The emoluments of the three (2012: four) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

	2013 Number of individuals	2012 Number of individuals
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 (US\$128,926 equivalent) HK\$1,000,001 (US\$128,926 equivalent) to HK\$1,500,000	-	2
(US\$193,389 equivalent)	3	2
	3	4

9 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	2013 Tax			2012 Tax			
	Before-tax amount \$'000	(expense)/ benefit \$'000	Net-of-tax amount <i>\$'000</i>	Before-tax amount \$'000	(expense)/ benefit \$'000	Net-of-tax amount \$'000	
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	9,100		9,100	1,866	-	1,866	

10 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company includes a profit of \$37,213,000 (2012: \$3,560,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

Details of dividends paid and payable to equity shareholders of the Company are set out in note 25(b).

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

11 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to the Company's ordinary equity shareholders of \$41,117,000 (2012: \$30,694,000) and the weighted average number of 1,004,332,000 (2012: 1,004,332,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

(b) Diluted earnings per share

There were no dilutive potential shares for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012, and diluted earnings per share are the same as basic earnings per share for the share options granted by the Company as the average market price of ordinary shares is below the exercise price of the share options for the year ended 31 December 2013, the share options are not considered as dilutive potential ordinary shares at 31 December 2013.

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12 FIXED ASSETS

The Group

					Office			
			Machinery		equipment,			
		Leasehold	and	Motor	furniture		Lease	Total
	Buildings ir	nprovements	equipment	vehicles	and fixtures	Sub-total	prepayments	fixed assets
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cost:								
At 1 January 2013	55,245	4,900	228,136	2,580	13,662	304,523	9,897	314,420
Exchange adjustments	1,692	150	7,732	79	419	10,072	261	10,333
Additions	157	610	3,933	73	311	5,084	1,696	6,780
Transfer from construction in								
progress (note 13)	9,165	-	37,154	227	1,151	47,697	-	47,697
Disposals	(1,916)	(1,388)	(2,629)	(398)	(858)	(7,189)	(1,870)	(9,059)
At 31 December 2013	64,343	4,272	274,326	2,561	14,685	360,187	9,984	370,171
Accumulated amortisation								
and depreciation:		(0.005)	(100.050)	(3 (3 ()	(10.000)	(1 (0 070)	(0.071)	(151.0.(0)
At 1 January 2013	(14,115)	(2,305)	(120,253)	(1,676)	(10,023)	(148,372)	· · ·	(151,243)
Exchange adjustments	(451)	(90)	(4,840)	(55)	(324)	(5,760)	. ,	(5,847)
Charge for the year	(2,063)	(1,070)	(17,058)	(270)	(1,121)	(21,582)	(561)	(22,143)
Written back on disposals	1,916	1,388	2,321	347	775	6,747	1,870	8,617
At 31 December 2013	(14,713)	(2,077)	(139,830)	(1,654)	(10,693)	(168,967)	(1,649)	(170,616)
Carrying amount:								
At 31 December 2013	49,630	2,195	134,496	907	3,992	191,220	8,335	199,555

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The Group (continued)

			Page 1		Office				
			Machinery		equipment,		a		
		Leasehold	and	Motor	furniture		Lease	Total	
	Buildings im		equipment	vehicles	and fixtures		prepayments	fixed assets	1
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Cost:									
At 1 January 2012	54,970	5,691	224,079	2,807	13,190	300,737	7,016	307,753	
Exchange adjustments	275	23	1,260	19	64	1,641	52	1,693	
Additions	-	650	41	136	372	1,199	2,829	4,028	
Transfer from construction in									
progress (note 13)	_	-	3,199	94	366	3,659		3,659	
Disposals	_	(1,464)	(443)	(476)	(330)	(2,713)		(2,713)	
2.000000									
At 31 December 2012	55,245	4,900	228,136	2,580	13,662	304,523	9,897	314,420	
Accumulated amortisation and depreciation:									
At 1 January 2012	(11,782)	(2,586)	(105,161)	(1,689)	(9,134)	(130,352)	(2,080)	(132,432)	
Exchange adjustments	(11,702)	(2,000) (18)	(798)	(1,007)	(54)	(130,332)	(2,000)	(132,432)	
Charge for the year	(2,255)	(1,165)	(14,696)	(391)	(1,140)	(19,647)	(775)	(20,422)	
Written back on disposals	(2,200)	1,464	402	(391)	305	2,590	(775)	2,590	
withen back on disposals		1,404	402	419		2,390		2,390	
At 31 December 2012	(14,115)	(2,305)	(120,253)	(1,676)	(10,023)	(148,372)	(2,871)	(151,243)	
Carrying amount:									
At 31 December 2012	41,130	2,595	107,883	904	3,639	156,151	7,026	163,177	

Pursuant to CMB's relocation plan as disclosed in the Company's 2011 annual report, CMB returned its current land use right to the government and relocate to a new land for continuous production, and an aggregate amount of RMB103,742,264 was granted to CMB as compensation for the relocation.

The relocation was completed at the end of June 2013 and the related land use rights, buildings and non-moveable machinery were disposed of upon the completion of relocation.

13 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

	The Group			
	2013	2012		
	\$'000	\$′000		
Cost:				
At 1 January	37,809	3,875		
Exchange adjustments	1,136	27		
Additions	39,577	37,566		
Transfer to fixed assets (note 12)	(47,697)	(3,659)		
At 31 December	30,825	37,809		

Included in the construction in progress as at 31 December 2013 is capital expenditure incurred for new equipment under installation and buildings which are scheduled to be completed in 2014.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The Con	npany
2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
165,910	156,210

Unlisted shares, at cost

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets and liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

		Particulars of	01	Proportion of wnership inter		
Name of company	Place of Incorporation/ operation	issued and paid up capital/ registered capital	Group's effective interest %	Held by the Company %	Held by subsidiary %	Principal activity
Capital Charm Associates Limited	British Virgin Islands/Taiwan	\$162	100	100	-	Investment holding
CMB (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Hong Kong/ Taiwan	HK\$93,600,000	100	100	-	Investment holding and trading of casting products
CMP (Hong Kong) Industry Company Limited	Hong Kong/ Taiwan	HK\$162,203,000	100	-	100	Investment holding
Tianjin CMT Industry Company Limited	PRC	\$30,000,000	100	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of casting products
Suzhou CMS Machinery Company Limited	PRC	\$24,000,000	100	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of casting products
CMW (Cayman Islands) Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands/ Taiwan	\$50,000,000	100	100	-	Investment holding and trading of casting products
CMW (Tianjin) Industry Co., Ltd.	PRC	\$32,000,000	100	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of casting products
Suzhou CMB Machinery Co., Ltd.	PRC	\$69,500,000	100	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of casting products

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

15 OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

		The Group		
		2013 \$′000	2012 \$'000	
Unquoted equity securities outside Hong Kong, at cost Less: impairment loss		186 (149)	221 (149)	
	0	37	72	

There is no quoted market price for the unquoted equity securities outside Hong Kong held by the Group and accordingly a reasonable estimate of the fair value could not be made without incurring excessive costs.

As at 31 December 2013, the Group's unquoted equity securities were individually determined to be impaired on the basis of a material decline in their estimated future cash flows which indicated that the cost of the Group's investment in them may not be entirely recovered. There is no additional impairment loss recognised during the year of 2013.

16 INVENTORIES

(a) Inventories in the statement of financial position comprise:

	The G	roup	The Company		
	2013 \$′000	2012 \$'000	2013 \$′000	2012 \$´000	
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods Others	6,415 9,483 37,152 3,992	9,608 8,771 29,168 4,706	- - 14,451 -	- 9,570 	
	57,042	52,253	14,451	9,570	

(b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

	The Group	
	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
Carrying amount of inventories sold Write down of inventories Reversal of write-down of inventories	243,314 (300)	236,746 300
	243,014	237,046

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	The Gr	oup	The Cor	mpany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$′000	\$'000	\$′000	\$'000
Trade receivables	113,057	95,861	30,851	26,694
Bills receivable	2,844	4,598		-
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	13,736	14,261	774	5,855
	129,637	114,720	31,625	32,549

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

Included in trade receivables are amounts due from related companies of \$1,221,000 (2012: \$2,874,000), details of which are disclosed in note 28(b).

(a) Ageing analysis

As of 31 December 2013, the ageing analysis of trade receivables and bills receivable (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on the invoice date and net of allowance for doubtful debts, is as follows:

	The G	The Group		npany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000	\$´000
Within 3 months	108,869	95,919	26,677	25,053
3 to 12 months	6,436	4,396	4,052	1,617
12 to 24 months	534	132	69	12
Over 24 months	62	12	53	12
	115,901	100,459	30,851	26,694

Trade receivables and bills receivable are due within 60 to 120 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 26(a).

(b) Impairment of trade receivables and bills receivable

Impairment losses in respect of trade receivables and bills receivable are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade receivables and bills receivable directly (see note 1(i) (i)).

No additional allowance for doubtful debts was provided during the year.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(c) Trade receivables and bills receivable that are not impaired

The ageing analysis of trade receivables and bills receivable that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

	The Group		The Company		
	2013 \$′000	2012 \$'000	2013 \$′000	2012 \$'000	
Neither past due nor impaired	100,827	88,386	20,546	17,211	
Less than 3 months past due	8,963	9,780	6,131	7,842	
3 to 12 months past due	5,514	2,191	4,052	1,617	
12 to 24 months past due	534	89	69	12	
Over 24 months past due	63	13	53	12	
	15,074	12,073	10,305	9,483	
	115,901	100,459	30,851	26,694	

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

	The G	The Group		mpany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000
Cash at bank and in hand	22,944	28,527	5,433	5,244
Deposits with banks	7,440	14,815	-	10,000
	30,384	43,342	5,433	15,244

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:

	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
Profit before taxation	47,479	38,113
Adjustments for: Amortisation of lease prepayments Depreciation (Gain)/loss on disposal of fixed assets	561 21,582 (696)	775 19,647 54
Interest income Finance costs Foreign exchange loss Equity settled share-based payment expenses	(1,757) 561 3,153 368	(282) 740 41 242
Changes in working capital (Increase)/decrease in inventories (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables Decrease in amounts due from related companies Decrease in amounts due to related companies Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	(4,789) (19,954) 730 (3,851) 10,569	1,581 1,416 945 (87) (14,459)
Cash generated from operations	53,956	48,726

19 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The G	The Group		npany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$′000	\$'000	\$′000	\$´000
Trade payables	33,271	23,183	-	-
Bills payable	5,195	8,940	-	-
Other payables	23,011	13,267	2,527	1,836
	61,477	45,390	2,527	1,836

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled within one year.

Bills payable of \$5,195,000 (2012: \$8,940,000) as at 31 December 2013 were secured by bank deposits of \$1,801,000 (2012: \$3,017,000).

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade payables and bills payable (which are included in trade and other payables), based on the invoice date, is as follows:

The G	roup
2013	2012
\$′000	\$′000
15 503	10.007
15,507	13,997
15,652	11,943
7,074	6,156
233	27
38,466	32,123

Within 1 month
1 to 3 months
3 to 6 months
Over 6 months

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

20 BANK LOANS

At 31 December 2013, unsecured bank loans were repayable as follows:



At 31 December 2013, the Group had banking facilities totalling \$121,481,000 (2012: \$100,000,000) which were utilised to the extent of \$58,484,000 (2012: \$61,600,000).

21 RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group participates in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes (the "Schemes") organised by the relevant local government authorities in Tianjin and Suzhou whereby the Group is required to make contributions to the Schemes at the rate of 20% of the eligible employees' salaries. The local government authorities are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees.

Employees engaged by the Group in Taiwan are covered by the retirement schemes in Taiwan which are administered by CMP. As disclosed in note 28(a), CMP is responsible for the retirement liability of these persons and the Group is not obliged to incur any liability beyond the contribution.

The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of pension benefits beyond the annual contributions described above.

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(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

(a)

22 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

The Company granted to eligible participants on 3 January 2011 a total of 22,300,000 share options to subscribe for ordinary shares of nominal value of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company under the Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 8 December 2004.

The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

000	Number of share involved in the option	Vesting conditions	Contractual life of options
Options granted to directors:			
– on 3 January 2011	4,800,000	 (i) 40% on the third anniversary of the date of grant; (ii) 30% on the fourth anniversary of the date of grant; (iii) 30% on the fifth anniversary of the date of grant 	10 years
Options granted to employees:			
- on 3 January 2011	17,500,000	 (i) 40% on the third anniversary of the date of grant; (ii) 30% on the fourth anniversary of the date of grant; (iii) 30% on the fifth anniversary of the date of grant 	10 years
Total share options	22,300,000		

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

	2013 Weighted average exercise price	Number of options (thousand)	201 Weighted average exercise price	2 Number of options (thousand)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year Granted during the year Lapsed during the year	HK\$2.52 - HK\$2.52	15,200 - (2,500)	HK\$2.52 _ HK\$2.52	19,800 - (4,600)
Outstanding at the end of the year	HK\$2.52	12,700	HK\$2.52	15,200
Exercisable at the end of the year	-		-	

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

22 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(c) Fair value of share options and assumptions:

All options are to be settled by physical delivery of shares.

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is based on the fair value of share options at grant date, measured using the binomial lattice model, with following inputs:

Fair value at measurement date	HK \$1.02
Share price	HK \$2.52
Exercise price	HK \$2.52
Expected volatility	55.83%
Option life	10 years
Expected dividends	3.477%
Risk-free interest rate (based on Hong Kong Exchange Fund Notes Rate)	2.821%

The expected volatility is estimated taking into account historic average share price volatility. Expected dividends are based on the Company's historical dividend.

Share options were granted under a service condition. This condition has not been taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services received. There were no market conditions associated with the share option grants.

An expense of \$368,000 was charged to administrative expenses in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: \$242,000).

23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

	The Gro	up
	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
At 1 January	3,581	2,666
Provision for income tax for the year	6,558	4,213
Income tax paid	(6,479)	(3,348)
Income tax refund	644	-
Exchange adjustments	188	50
At 31 December	4,492	3,581

(b) Deferred tax liabilities recognised:

The deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	2013 \$′000	2012 \$'000
At 1 January Credited to profit or loss	107 (107)	107
At 31 December		107

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

(c) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

At 31 December 2013, deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised in respect of temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounting to \$111,147,715 (2012: \$91,147,397). Deferred tax liabilities of \$6,865,084 (2012: \$5,459,373) have not been recognised in respect of the withholding tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and the directors consider it probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

24 AMOUNTS DUE FROM/TO SUBSIDIARIES

The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

	Share premium \$'000 (note 25(d)(i))	Capital redemption reserve \$'000 (note 25(d)(ii))	Capital reserve- share option \$'000	Contributed surplus \$'000 (note 25(d)(vi))	Retained profits \$'000	Total \$'000
At 1 January 2013 Dividends approved in	43,484	42	965	74,653	39,681	158,825
respect of the previous year Profit for the year Equity settled share-based	-	-	-	-	(5,824) 37,213	(5,824) 37,213
transactions Dividends declared in	-	-	368	-	-	368
respect of the current year					(9,515)	(9,515)
At 31 December 2013	43,484	42	1,333	74,653	61,555	181,067
At 1 January 2012 Dividends approved in	43,484	42	723	74,653	47,167	166,069
respect of the previous year Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	(5,629) 3,560	(5,629) 3,560
Equity settled share-based transactions Dividends declared in	-	-	242	-	-	242
respect of the current year					(5,417)	(5,417)
At 31 December 2012	43,484	42	965	74,653	39,681	158,825

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

(b) Dividends

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year

	ľ	2013 \$'000	2012 \$`000
Interim dividend declared and paid of 0.95 cent (2012: 0.54 cent) per ordinary share	1	9,515	5,417
Final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of 0.88 cent (2012: 0.58 cent) per ordinary share		8,838	5,824
Special dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of 0.99 cent (2012: nil) per ordinary share	2	9,943	E 110 am a
		28,296	11,241

The final and special dividends proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

	2013 \$`000	2012 \$′000
Final dividend in respect of previous financial year, approved and paid during the year of 0.58 cent (2012: 0.56 cent) per ordinary share	5,824	5,629

(c) Share capital

	2013 Number of shares (thousand)	\$′000	2012 Number of shares (thousand)	\$'000
Authorised:				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	10,000,000	12,853	10,000,000	12,853
Issued:				
At 1 January and 31 December	1,004,332	1,291	1,004,332	1,291

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of the business.

(ii) Capital redemption reserve

Capital redemption reserve represents the nominal value of the shares repurchased which has been paid out of the distributable reserves of the Company.

(iii) Statutory surplus reserve

The subsidiaries in the PRC are required to transfer 10% of their net profit, as determined in accordance with the PRC accounting rules and regulations, to statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of their respective registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of a dividend to shareholders.

Statutory surplus reserve can be used to make good previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by the issue of new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholding or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by them, provided that the balance of the reserve after such issue is not less than 25% of their registered capital.

(iv) Exchange fluctuation reserve

The exchange fluctuation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1(s).

(v) Other reserve

Other reserve represents the difference between the contributed capital of the subsidiaries acquired over the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange.

(vi) Contributed surplus

Pursuant to the reorganisation in 2004, the Company became the holding company of the Group on 8 December 2004. The excess of the consolidated net assets represented by the shares acquired over the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange under the reorganisation was transferred to contributed surplus.

(vii) Distributability of reserves

As at 31 December 2013, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company was \$181,067,000 (2012: \$158,825,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

(e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of an adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total debt (which includes interest-bearing loans and borrowings) less cash and cash equivalents.

The adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio at 31 December 2013 and 2012 was as follows:

	Note	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
Current liabilities			
Bank loans Trade and other payables	20 19	10,532 61,477	3,118 45,390
		72,009	48,508
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term loans	20	43,250	55,000
Total debts Less: Cash and cash equivalents	18	115,259 (30,384)	103,508 (43,342)
Adjusted net debt		84,875	60,166
Total equity		330,011	304,554
Adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio		26%	20%

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity and interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

Credit risk

(a)

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. These receivables are due within 60 to 120 days from the date of billing except for receivables related to moulds development which are not due until the mass production of related products. Debtors with balances that are more than 3 months past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

Cash and cash equivalents are normally placed with licensed banks that have a credit rating. Given their high credit ratings, management does not expect any licensed bank to fail to meet its obligations.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, the Group had a certain concentration of credit risk as 43% (2012: 40%) of the total trade and other receivables was due from the Group's five largest customers.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position. The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group or the Company to credit risk.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in note 17.

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. The Company also monitors closely the cash flows of its subsidiaries. Generally, the Company's subsidiaries are required to obtain the Company's approval for activities such as investment of surplus cash, raising of loans and fixed asset acquisitions beyond certain limits.

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For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's and the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group and the Company can be required to pay:

The Group

		Contr	actual undiscou	nted cash flow	V		
		More than	More than				
	Within 1	1 year but	2 years but	More		Carrying	
	year or	less than	less than	than		amount a	
	on demand	2 years	3 years	3 years	Total	31 De	
	\$'000	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000	\$′00	
nk loans	11,529	10,796	10,635	23,755	56,715	53,78	
ide and other payables	61,477				61,477	61,47	
	73,006	10,796	10,635	23,755	118,192	115,25	
			2012				
		Contractual undiscounted cash flow					

		Contractual undiscounted cash flow					
		More than	More than				
	Within 1	1 year but	2 years but	More		Carrying	
	year or	less than	less than	than		amount at	
	on demand	2 years	3 years	3 years	Total	31 Dec	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Bank loans	4,001	882	10,775	46,263	61,921	58,118	
Trade and other payables	45,390	-		-	45,390	45,390	
	49,391	882	10,775	46,263	107,311	103,508	

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The Company

		Contr More than	2013 actual undiscou More than	inted cash flow	,		
U .~	Within 1 year or on demand \$'000	1 year but less than 2 years \$'000	2 years but less than 3 years \$'000	More than 3 years \$'000	Total \$'000	Carrying amount at 31 Dec \$'000	
Bank loans Trade and other payables	11,529 2,527	10,796 -	10,635 	23,755	56,715 2,527	53,782 2,527	
EL M H H H H H H	14,056	10,796	10,635	23,755	59,242	56,309	
		2012 Contractual undiscounted cash flow					
	Within 1 year or on demand	More than 1 year but less than 2 years	More than 2 years but less than 3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Carrying amount at 31 Dec	

	on demand <i>\$`000</i>	2 years \$'000	3 years \$'000	3 years \$'000	Total \$'000	31 Dec <i>\$'000</i>
Bank loans Trade and other payables	4,001	882	10,775	46,263	61,921 1,836	58,118 1,836
	5,837	882	10,775	46,263	63,757	59,954

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from interest-bearing borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively.

The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below.

For the year ended 31 December 2013

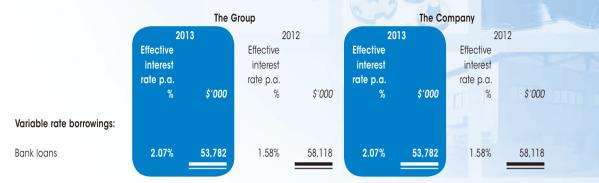
(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Interest rate risk (continued)

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's borrowings at the end of the reporting period:



(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2013, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately \$268,910 (2012: \$290,590).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for non-derivative financial instruments in existence at that date. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2012.

(d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales, borrowings and bank deposits that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollars, Euros, Japanese Yen, Hong Kong Dollars and Taiwan Dollars.

In respect of trade receivables, payables and bank loans held in currencies other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate, the Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level, by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates where necessary to address short-term imbalances.

Renminbi is not a freely convertible currency and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange restriction imposed by the PRC government. As at 31 December 2013, the Group had bank deposits denominated in Renminbi, amounted to \$19,233,453 (2012: \$20,426,544).

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Currency risk (continued) (d)

(i)

Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group and the Company's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate.

The Group

	United States Dollars \$'000	Euros \$'000	2013 Japanese Yen \$'000	Hong Kong Dollars \$'000	Taiwan Dollars \$'000	United States Dollars \$'000	Euros \$'000	2012 Japanese Yen \$'000	Hong Kong Dollars \$'000	Taiwan Dollars \$'000
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Inter-company receivable/ (payable) within the Group Bank loans	650 10,338 21,201 	355 850 61 (3,782)	93 142 	- 55 - -	100 42 (2) 	513 2,654 (15,275)	188 181 716 (3,118)	84 456 	_ 28 	55 (17)
Net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	32,189	(2,516)	235	55	140	(12,108)	(2,033)	540	28	38

The Company

Trade and other receivab Cash and cash equivaler Inter-company receivable (payable) within the Gr Bank loans

Net exposure arising from recognised assets and

		20	13			201	2	
			Hong				Hong	
		Japanese	Kong	Taiwan	J	apanese	Kong	Taiwan
	Euros	Yen	Dollars	Dollars	Euros	Yen	Dollars	Dollars
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
ıbles	355	93		-	182	84	-	-
ents le/	80	126	55	42	116	445	28	55
Group	(866)			(2)	(75)	87	-	(17)
·	(3,782)			-	(3,118)			
m								
d liabilities	(4,213)	219	55	40	(2,895)	616	28	38

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Currency risk (continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits that would have arisen if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

	2013		2012		
	Increase/	Effect on	Increase/	Effect on	
	(decrease)	profit after	(decrease)	profit after	
	in foreign	tax and	in foreign	tax and	
	exchange	retained	exchange	retained	
	rates	profits	rates	profits	
		\$′000		\$'000	
United States Dollars	5%	1,609	5%	(605)	
	(5)%	(1,609)	(5)%	605	
Euros	5%	(126)	5%	(102)	
	(5)%	126	(5)%	102	
Japanese Yen	5%	12	5%	27	
	(5)%	(12)	(5)%	(27)	

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on the profit after tax and retained profit of each entity of the Group measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into United States dollars at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk as at the end of the reporting period, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2012.

(e) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price changes arising from investments in unquoted equity securities held for long term strategic purpose. All of the Group's unquoted investments are held for long term strategic purposes. Their performance is assessed at least bi-annually, based on the limited information available to the Group, together with an assessment of their relevance to the Group's long term strategic plans.

(f) Fair values

All financial instruments are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2013 and 2012.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

27 COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments

Capital commitments, representing purchase of property, plant and equipment, not provided for in the financial statements are as follows:

	The Group		
	2013	2012	
	\$′000	\$'000	
Contracted for	2,421	35,835	
Authorised but not contract for		2,624	
	2,421	38,459	

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2013, transactions with the following parties are considered as related party transactions.

Name of party

China Metal Products Company Limited ("CMP") TRAS Shokai Co., Ltd. ("TRAS") Dairitsu Industry Company Limited ("Dairitsu") Vald. Birn A/S ("Birn") Yanmar Co., Ltd. ("Yanmar") China Metal Japan Company Limited ("CMJ") China Metal Automotive International Co., Limited ("CMAI")

Shareholder of the Company Affiliated company Affiliated company

Relationship

The Company purchased 49% of equity interest of CMB (Hong Kong) Company Limited ("CMB(HK)") from non-controlling interests shareholder on 7 June 2013 for a cash consideration of \$9,700,000. CMB(HK) became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company upon the completion of the transaction (31 December 2012: 51%). The transaction was accounted for as an equity transaction, whereby the difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the non-controlling interests amounting to \$2,038,000 was dealt with in the shareholder's equity and therefore no gain or loss was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from this transaction.

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) Recurring transactions

Particulars of significant transactions between the Group and the one of the above related parties during the year are as follows:

during me year die as lonows.				(C
		2013	2012	
		\$′000	\$'000	
		10		
Sales of goods to – Yanmar		17,561	20,973	
– Birn		662	1,233	
– TRAS		520	393	
		18,743	22,599	
			_	
Commission to				
- CMAI		1,106	883	
- CMJ		422	496	
		1,528	1,379	
			1,077	
Reimbursement of expenses to				
– CMAI		7,781	6,143	
- CMP		279	269	
		8,060	6,412	
Loan repaid to		2 200		
– Birn		3,800		
	N (112 112			
Purchase of equity interest of CMB(HK – Birn	.) trom	9,700	_	
- 500		9,700	_	

Included in the reimbursement of expenses to CMP is the Group's share of contributions to retirement schemes of certain eligible employees in Taiwan of \$175,000 (2012: \$157,000) for the year ended 31 December 2013. The schemes are administered by CMP. Based on an agreement between the Group and CMP, CMP is responsible for the retirement liability of these employees. The Group is not obliged to incur any liability beyond the contribution.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) Recurring transactions (continued)

In addition, remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 7 and certain of highest paid employees as disclosed in note 8, is as follows:

	2013 \$'000	2012 \$′000
Short-term employee benefits Equity settled share-based transactions	3,735 368	4,433
	4,103	4,675

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see note 5(b)).

(b) Amounts due from related companies

	The G	roup	The Company		
	2013 2012		2013	2012	
	\$′000	\$'000	\$′000	\$'000	
Trade					
– Yanmar	1,142	2,114	1,142	2,114	
– TRAS	79	35	79	35	
– Birn	-	725	-	-	
	1,221	2,874	1,221	2,149	
Non-trade					
- CMAI	618	1,348	998	1,344	
	1,839	4,222	2,219	3,493	

All the other amounts due from related companies are unsecured, interest-free and are expected to be recovered within one year. There was no provision made against these amounts at 31 December 2013.

(c) Amounts due to related companies

	The G	roup	The Cor	The Company		
	2013 \$'000	2012 \$´000	2013 \$′000	2012 \$´000		
Non-trade						
– CMP	2	23	2	23		
– CMJ	49	94	27	72		
– Dairitsu	71	71	71	71		
– Birn		3,800				
	137	3,988	100	166		

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and are expected to be settled within one year.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(d) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

The related party transactions with CMAI, CMJ and Birn above constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules are provided in the Report of the Directors.

29 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

After the end of the reporting period the directors proposed final and special dividends. Further details are disclosed in note 25(b).

30 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 December 2013, the directors consider the immediate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group to be United Elite Agents Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and China Metal Products Company Limited, a company listed and incorporated in Taiwan respectively. The ultimate controlling party produces financial statements available for public use.

31 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a few amendments and a new standard which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2013 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group:

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

Amendments to HKAS 32, Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities HKFRS 9, Financial instruments No

1 January 2014 Not yet established by HKICPA

For the year ended 31 December 2013

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

	FIVE YEARS SUMMARY Year ended 31 December 2013						
	(Expressed in United States dollars)						
		2009 \$ <i>`000</i>	2010 \$′000	2011 \$′000	2012 \$′000	2013 \$′000	
	Results						
\bigcirc	Turnover	152,226	244,290	307,000	299,332	321,239	
No.	Profit from operations Finance costs	22,923	35,282 (232)	36,630 (430)	38,853 (740)	48,040 (561)	
	Profit before taxation	22,923	35,050	36,200	38,113	47,479	
	Income tax	(1,620)	(3,848)	(3,092)	(4,213)	(6,451)	
	Profit for the year	21,303	31,202	33,108	33,900	41,028	
	Assets and liabilities						
	Non-current assets Net current assets	169,448 77,182	170,397 78,025	179,308 120,391	201,058 158,603	230,417 142,844	
	Total assets less current liabilities	246,630	248,422	299,699	359,661	373,261	
	Non-current liabilities	(107)	(107)	(20,107)	(55,107)	(43,250)	
	NET ASSETS	246,523	248,315	279,592	304,554	330,011	
	Share capital	1,291	1,291	1,291	1,291	1,291	
	Reserves	227,526	241,191	270,404	291,927	328,720	
	Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	228,817	242,482	271,695	293,218	330,011	
	Non-controlling interests	17,706	5,833	7,897	11,336		
	TOTAL EQUITY	246,523	248,315	279,592	304,554	330,011	
	Attributable to:						
	Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	20,022	30,612 590	31,389 1,719	30,694 3,206	41,117 (89)	
	Profit for the year	21,303	31,202	33,108	33,900	41,028	
	Earnings per share						
	Basic (cents)	1.99	3.05	3.13	3.06	4.09	
	Diluted (cents)	N/A	N/A	3.13	3.06	4.09	

Note: The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 5 August 2004 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The Company became the holding company of the Group through the reorganisation on 8 December 2004.