2013 Annual Report

Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited



比控水務集團有限公司 BEIJING ENTERPRISES WATER GROUP LIMITED Stock Code: 371

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Honghai *(Chairman)* Mr. E Meng *(Vice Chairman)* Mr. Jiang Xinhao Mr. Hu Xiaoyong *(Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Zhou Min Mr. Li Haifeng Mr. Zhang Tiefu Ms. Qi Xiaohong Mr. Ke Jian Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric Mr. Li Li

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant Mr. Zhang Gaobo Mr. Guo Rui Ms. Hang Shijun Mr. Wang Kaijun Mr. Yu Ning

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant *(Chairman)* Mr. Guo Rui Mr. Zhang Gaobo

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhang Honghai *(Chairman)* Mr. Zhang Gaobo Mr. Guo Rui

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhang Gaobo *(Chairman)* Mr. Guo Rui Ms. Qi Xiaohong

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric

STOCK CODE

371

WEBSITE

www.bewg.com.hk

REGISTERED OFFICE

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

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PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

AUDITORS

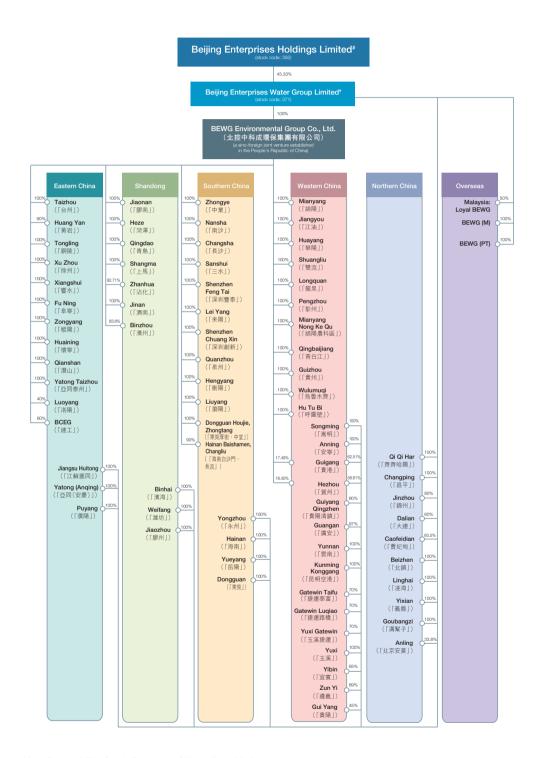
Ernst & Young

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

In Hong Kong: Agricultural Bank of China Ltd., Hong Kong Branch China Development Bank Corporation, Hong Kong Branch DBS Bank Ltd., Hong Kong Branch Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd., Hong Kong Branch Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Ltd Asian Development Bank

In Mainland China: Bank of Beijing Bank of China Bank of Communications The Industrial and Commercial Bank of China China Construction Bank

GROUP STRUCTURE 31 December 2013



Listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
 Note: The above group chart only lists out major subsidiaries and joint ventures



Zhang Honghai | Chairman

Dear Shareholders,

In 2013, changing from a stage of rapid growth, the global economy had entered into a period of transformation associated with in-depth adjustments amidst the complex international economic situation. The water environmental protection industry which had also developed rapidly, made the market competition more severe. Under these circumstances, Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited (the "Company" and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as the "Group" or "BEWG") adhered to its work deployments formulated in the beginning of 2013 and guided by the principles of corporate strategies and operational management, we had optimized our business structure and implemented various tasks in an orderly manner which helped the Group to achieve a rapid, healthy, and sustainable growth.

BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the revenue from the Group's principal business was HK\$6,406,455,000, representing a significant increase of 72% as compared to last year, and achieved net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company of HK\$1,084,257,000, representing an increase of 44% as compared to last year. Basic earnings per share for the year was HK13.98 cents. The Board of Directors resolved to pay a distribution of HK2.7 cents per share to the shareholders of the Company.

In 2013, the Group timely seized market opportunities and put more efforts in mergers and acquisitions within industry, and further facilitated the strategy of regional market penetration. During the year, the Company had completed certain major projects orderly such as the acquisition of seven water companies in Dongguan, the equity interests of BCEG Environment Development Co., Ltd.* (北京建工環境發展有限公司) and certain groups of companies held by Salcon Berhad. Meanwhile, the Group had breakthroughs to enhance markets in Beijing, Jiangsu, Hubei and several other provinces and municipalities. We have also obtained government approval to commence the preliminary stage of the millionton seawater desalination project which was designed to supply water to Beijing. In respect of overseas markets, we had completed the acquisition from Veolia Eau – Compagnie Générale des Eaux, S.C.A., its water company in Portugal. As at 31 December 2013, the Group had achieved an additional daily design water processing capacity of 6,213,700 tons/day.

* For identification purpose only

On the other hand, with respect to the water environment business investment, the Group had successfully moved forward to execute the contracts of the Nanming River project in Guiyang, the Eleventh Sewage Treatment Plant in Kunming, the low-income housing project in Lot A of Area 52, and the rainwater sewage pipeline project in Yuxi City. Moreover, it also had breakthroughs in the renovation projects for Chaohu Lake and made advance progress in the comprehensive water environmental renovation projects in Luoyang city, Southern China region, and Beijing area. The commencement and implementation of various water environmental renovation projects had made significant contributions to the completion of Group's 2013 objectives and tasks that will laid a solid foundation for its growth in operating results in the forthcoming year.

MANAGEMENT CONTROL OF THE COMPANY

In 2013, the Group had put forward the systematic operational management principle to improve management control and enhance its implementation. Based on the Group's existing organization concept namely, "five functional departments, three centers, and four divisions" as well as large scale business systems and complex management control structure, the Group will fully implement its operational management principles of "defining authority, identifying divisional approvals, having own responsibility, enhancing coordination and evaluating performance". Taking advantage of the centralization of strategic resources allocation and decision-making process for major issues, each operational unit could have more autonomy in its own management as a result of more efficient in authorization process and strengthening internal collaboration with further emphasis on the performance-oriented and results-oriented incentive mechanism.

The Group had carried out a great deal of works to implement its operation management principles thoroughly. We had set up the Group investment committee under the executive committee. The function of this committee is to perfect the investment management system and improve the efficiency of investment decision-making process. At the same time, it had been given further due authority to carry out surveillances and audits within the Group. We not only optimize the reward and incentive mechanism but also the overall remuneration structure and levels and build up a qualified and competent team. In addition, the Group had actively carried out studies on frontline management control and making continuous improvements to perfect management and control.

DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

In 2014, under the presumption of assurance of effective risk control and guided by the Group's development strategy, we will strategically position ourselves as the "leading integrated water environment provider" and focus on "fast development, management elevation and innovative reform" as a core principle to actively adjust our investment policies, steadily push forward various investment projects, and thus accelerate our core competitiveness and expedite the pace of mergers and acquisitions in order to promote the sustainable and healthy development in our core businesses.

While maintaining a rapid growth in the traditional water business by taking more efforts in the expansion and acquisition of this sector, the Group will explore ways to tap into market of the water environmental treatment in those economically developed areas, and maintain a good layout of these two principal businesses going forward hand in hand.

In respect of technical researches on sludge disposal and solid food waste treatment, the Group will put efforts onto such technical researches as well as strengthen the investment in this regard, in order to tap into this field which could form a new pillar business soonest possible.

The Group will actively push forward the seawater desalination project that is designed to supply water to Beijing and expand its leading edge in the industry by exploring the emerging desalination markets potential and making technical reserves.

The Group will explore water environmental protection projects with higher quality, controllable risks and strategic values among the overseas markets in order to further actively and steadily expand to the overseas markets.

In respect of development of engineering technical applications and design consulting services, we will speed up to explore the development of emerging water environment businesses so as to further improve the profitability from the technical services aspect.

Overall, the Group will maintain the rapid development of its core businesses under the current scale, and will put more efforts and resources to enhance its management and control. We will formulate plans and measures namely "strategic development plan", "corporate culture refinement and promotion", "optimization and implementation of management and control systems and mechanisms" for the purpose of moving forward the core business. We will accelerate the "establishment of a management system with self-evolving, closed-loop management and virtuous cycling".

FUTURE OUTLOOK

From a macro point of view, the central government in China attaches great importance to the nurturing of ecological culture and has placed the nurturing of ecological culture in a prominent position, in a bid to create a five-in-one overall layout of integrating economic construction, political construction, cultural construction, social construction, and ecological culture.

China's economy is still in its second stage of growth associated with adjustments in long run, thus it will be very favorable to the development of the water environmental protection industry in future under this macroeconomic situation. The China government promulgates supportive policies and continuously raises the requirements for sewage treatment which will lead to acceleration of perfection of the policies of traditional water industry, thereby emerging favorable conditions to the industry. There is not only a rapid growth in demand for water environment treatment market, but also a broad market in seawater desalination and an explosive market in the sludge solid waste treatment market as well. In addition, opportunities for the industrial wastewater market segment will surface, and more demanding requirements on water treatment standards will bring opportunities for membrane materials. As a result, the environmental protection and treatment derivative markets, including leachate, drainage network operation, water restoration, and food waste, are gradually becoming popular.

The release of in-depth environmental governance requirements will drive the comprehensive development of the environmental protection industrial chain that will bring tremendous development room for the water environmental protection industry, thereby heralding a new golden stage for the development of the water environmental protection industry.

In summary, the opportunities would outweigh the challenges in the forthcoming year. We strongly believe that it will be a year of harvest and growth for BEWG in 2014.

In 2014, the Group will not only strengthen the top-level management control mode, but also improve and optimize the foundation of management control systems. The Group further strengthens its support and resources for those key functional departments through reform and model innovations. The Group will continue to upgrade the management of each business segment and steadily advance the development of business in-depth, thereby sustaining the steady and healthy growth in the Group's performance.

Lastly, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to all shareholders, customers, staff and joint venture partners for their long-standing trust in and tremendous support for the Group.

Zhang Honghai Chairman

27 March 2014

The Group achieved a rapid growth in this year. Profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company increased by 44% to HK\$1,084.3 million. Revenue increased by 72% to HK\$6,406.5 million as a result of increase in revenue contribution from water treatment services and construction services for the water environmental renovation.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The analysis of the Group's financial results during the year is set out in details below:

		Revenue		Profit attribu shareholde the Comp	holders of Company	
	HK\$'M	%	%	HK\$'M	%	
Water treatment services Sewage and reclaimed water treatment services			_			
 Subsidiaries Joint ventures and associates 	2,140.9	33%	68%	992.9 4.7	48% 1%	
			L	997.6	49%	
Water distribution services – Subsidiaries – Joint ventures	383.7	6%	52%	151.8 74.4	7% 4%	
				226.2	11%	
Subtotal	2,524.6	39%		1,223.8	60%	
environmental renovation Construction services for comprehensive renovation projects – Project with completion rate		0/	0/			
 under 10% Project with completion rate more than 10%[§] 	- 2,881.9	-% 45%	-% 23%	- 499.3	-% 24%	
 Interest income 	_	-%	-%	177.9	9%	
Construction of water plants under	2,881.9	45%	23%	677.2	33%	
BOT contracts	882.4	14%	11%	68.0	3%	
Subtotal	3,764.3	59%	_	745.2	36%	
Technical services for the water environmental renovation	117.6	2%	85%	78.9	4%	
Business results	6,406.5	100%		2,047.9	100%	
Others#			_	(963.6)		
Total				1,084.3		

Others included head office and other corporate expenses, net, of HK\$69.7 million, equity-settled share option expense of HK\$105.8 million and finance costs of HK\$788.1 million.

Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company included share of profits of joint ventures and associates of HK\$28.5 million.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

The analysis of the Group's financial results during the last year is set out in details below:

	Revenı <i>HK\$'M</i>	le %	GP ratio %	Profit attribu shareholde the Comp HK\$'M	ers of
	111(\$ 111	,,,	70	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,
Water treatment services Sewage treatment and reclaimed water services					
 Subsidiaries Joint ventures and associates 	1,425.0	38%	63%	694.2 22.1	50% 2%
Water distribution services				716.3	52%
– Subsidiaries – Joint ventures	105.6	3%	44%	13.2 30.4	1% 2%
			_	43.6	3%
Subtotal	1,530.6	41%		759.9	55%
Construction services for comprehensive renovation projects – Project with completion rate under 10% – Project with completion rate	14.4	1%	0%	_	_
more than 10% [§] – Interest income	992.1 _	26% _	21%	214.5 177.5	16% 13%
Construction of water plants under	1,006.5	27%	21%	392.0	29%
Construction of water plants under BOT contracts	967.9	26%	11%	65.3	5%
Subtotal	1,974.4	53%		457.3	34%
Technical services for the water environmental renovation	222.4	6%	82%	150.8	11%
Business results	3,727.4	100%		1,368.0	100%
Others#			_	(617.5)	

[#] Others included head office and other corporate expenses of HK\$123.2 million and finance costs of HK\$494.3 million.

Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company included share of profits of joint ventures of HK\$2.1 million.

1.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued) The comparison of the Group's financial results for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012 is set out in details below:

	Revenue				to s		Profit attributable reholders of the Company	
	2013 <i>HK\$'M</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'M</i>	Increase/(D <i>HK\$'M</i>	ecrease) %	2013 <i>HK\$'M</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'M</i>	Increase/([<i>HK\$'M</i>	
Water treatment services Sewage and reclaimed water treatment services								
 Subsidiaries Joint ventures and associates 	2,140.9	1,425.0	715.9	50%	992.9 4.7	694.2 22.1	298.7 (17.4)	43% (79%)
GP ratio	68%	63%		5%	997.6	716.3	281.3	39%
Water distribution services – Subsidiaries – Joint ventures	383.7	105.6	278.1	263%	151.8 74.4	13.2 30.4	138.6 44.0	1,050% 145%
GP ratio	<i>52%</i>	44%		8%	226.2	43.6	182.6	419%
Subtotal	2,524.6	1,530.6	994.0	65%	1,223.8	759.9	463.9	61%
water environmental renovation Construction services for comprehensive renovation projects – Project with completion rate under 10%	_	14.4	(14.4)	(100%)	_	_	_	
 Project with completion rate more than 10% Interest income 	- 2,881.9 -	992.1	(14.4) 1,889.8 –	190%	- 499.3 177.9	- 214.5 177.5	- 284.8 0.4	_ 133% _
GP ratio	2,881.9 <i>23%</i>	1,006.5 <i>21%</i>	1,875.4	186% <i>2%</i>	677.2	392.0	285.2	73%
Construction of water plants under BOT contracts <i>GP ratio</i>	882.4 <i>11%</i>	967.9 <i>11%</i>	(85.5)	(9%)	68.0	65.3	2.7	4%
Subtotal	3,764.3	1,974.4	1,789.9	91%	745.2	457.3	287.9	63%
Technical services for the water environmental renovation GP ratio	117.6 <i>85%</i>	222.4 <i>82%</i>	(104.8)	(47%) <i>3%</i>	78.9	150.8	(71.9)	(48%)
Business results	6,406.5	3,727.4	2,679.1	72%	2,047.9	1,368.0	679.9	50%
Others				-	(963.6)	(617.5)	(346.1)	(56%)
Total					1,084.3	750.5	333.8	44%

2. BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal businesses of the Group includes operations in water treatment business, construction and technical services for the water environmental renovation. The coverage of the Group's water plants has extended to 21 provinces all across Mainland China.

2.1 Water treatment services

As at 31 December 2013, the Group enters into service concession arrangements for total of 282 water plants including 226 sewage treatment plants, 51 water distribution plants, 4 reclaimed water treatment plants and 1 seawater desalination plant. Total daily design capacity for new projects secured for this year was 6,538,700 tons including Build-Operate-Transfer ("BOT") projects of 544,500 tons, Transfer-Operate-Transfer ("TOT") projects of 246,000 tons, entrustment operation projects of 116,200 tons, and 5,632,000 tons through mergers and acquisitions including water projects of 1,290,000 tons acquired from Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited ("BEHL", a substantial shareholder of the Company), and 937,500 tons acquired from Beijing Construction Engineering Group Co., Ltd., 1,245,000 tons acquired from Salcon Berhad and 1,521,000 tons acquired from Standard Water Ltd..

During the year, the Group disposed the Inner Mongolia and Fuzhou projects with daily water supply capacity of 155,000 tons and daily sewage treatment capacity of 170,000 tons. The net increase in total daily design capacity for this year was 6,213,700 tons.

As at 31 December 2013, total daily design capacity was 16,708,150 tons, representing an increase of 59% as compared with the capacity of 10,494,450 tons as at 31 December 2012.

2. BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

2.1 Water treatment services (Continued) Analysis of projects on hand is as follows:

		Reclaimed			
	Sewage	water	Water	Seawater	
	treatment	treatment	distribution	desalination	Total
(Tons)					
China		410.000	0.750.000		0 407 750
In operation	6,259,750	418,000	2,750,000	_	9,427,750
Not yet start operation/					
Not yet transfer	3,900,200	182,500	3,089,200	50,000	7,221,900
	10,159,950	600,500	5,839,200	50,000	16,649,650
Overseas					
In operation	22,500	-	36,000	_	58,500
Tatal	10 192 450		E 97E 200	50,000	16 709 150
Total	10,182,450	600,500	5,875,200	50,000	16,708,150
(Number of water plants)					
(Number of water plants) China					
	120	4	10		150
In operation	130	4	18	_	152
Not yet start operation/	70				0.4
Not yet transfer	73	_	20	1	94
	203	4	38	1	246
0	205	4	30	1	240
Overseas	02		10		26
In operation	23		13	_	36
Total	226	4	51	1	282

2. BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

2.1 Water treatment services (Continued)

	Number of plants	Design capacity (Tons/Day)	Actual processing capacity during the year (Tons (M))	Revenue HK\$'(M)	Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company <i>HK\$'(M)</i>
Mainland China:					
Sewage and reclaimed					
water treatment services:					
 Southern China 	33	2,755,000	858.0	819.8	467.6
– Western China	39	1,651,500	444.6	451.9	209.5
– Shandong	10	452,000	132.0	227.1	100.8
– Eastern China	38	1,208,250	143.2	251.1	95.6
– Northern China	14	611,000	147.5	280.3	112.9
	134	6,677,750	1,725.3	2,030.2	986.4
Water distribution services	18	2,750,000	416.5	266.0	214.4
	152	9,427,750	2,141.8	2,296.2	1,200.8
Overseas	36	58,500	11.0	228.4	23.0
Total	188	9,486,250	2,152.8	2,524.6	1,223.8

2. BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

2.1 Water treatment services (Continued)

2.1.1 Water treatment services in Mainland China

2.1.1a Sewage and reclaimed water treatment services

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had 130 sewage treatment plants and 4 reclaimed water plants in operation in Mainland China. Total daily design capacity in operation of sewage treatment plants and reclaimed water plants reached 6,259,750 tons (31 December 2012: 4,777,250 tons) and 418,000 tons (31 December 2012: 387,000 tons) respectively. The average daily processing volume is 5,391,981 tons and average daily treatment rate is 81%. The actual average contracted tariff charge of water treatment was approximately HK\$1.22 per

ton for water plants. The actual aggregate processing volume for the year was 1,725.3 million tons, of which 1,540.5 million tons was contributed by subsidiaries recorded a revenue of HK\$2,030.2 million for the year, and 184.8 million tons was contributed by joint ventures. Net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$986.4 million, of which HK\$981.7 million was contributed by subsidiaries and HK\$4.7 million was contributed by joint ventures. The



information of sewage and reclaimed water treatment services in Mainland China is as follows:



Southern China

Plants in Southern China were mainly located in Guangdong Province, Hunan Province and Hainan Province. As at 31 December 2013, there were 33 sewage treatment plants with total daily design capacity of 2,755,000 tons, representing an increase of 790,000 tons per day or 40% as compared with last year. The actual aggregate processing volume for the year amounted to

858.0 million tons. The operating revenue and profit attributable to shareholders of the Company were HK\$819.8 million and HK\$467.6 million respectively during the year.

2. BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

2.1 Water treatment services (Continued)

2.1.1 Water treatment services in Mainland China (Continued)

2.1.1a Sewage and reclaimed water treatment services (Continued)

Western China

Plants in Western China were mainly located in Yunnan Province, Guangxi Province, Sichuan Province and Guizhou Province. As at 31 December 2013, there were 39 sewage treatment plants with total daily design capacity of 1,651,500 tons, representing an increase of 190,000 tons per day or 13% as compared with last year. The actual processing volume for the year was 444.6 million tons. The operating revenue of HK\$451.9 million was recorded during the year. Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company amounted to HK\$209.5 million.

Shandong

There were 10 plants in Shandong region. The total daily design capacity of Shandong region is 452,000 tons, representing an increase of 35,000 tons per day or 8% as compared with last year. The actual processing volume for the year was 132.0 million tons contributing operating revenue of HK\$227.1 million during the year. Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$100.8 million.

Eastern China

There were 38 water plants in Eastern China which were mainly located in Zhejiang, Jiangsu and Anhui Province. As at 31 December 2013, the total daily design capacity of Eastern China had increased by 627,500 tons to 1,208,250 tons or 108% as compared with last year. The actual processing volume for the year amounted to 143.2 million tons and operating revenue was HK\$251.1 million during the year. Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$95.6 million.

Northern China

Currently, the Group has 14 plants under operation in Northern China. They are mainly located in Liaoning Province and Beijing. The daily design capacity of Northern China had decreased by 129,000 tons to 611,000 tons or 17% as compared with last year. Decrease in daily design capacity was mainly due to the disposal of Inner Mongolia project. The projects achieved actual processing volume of 147.5 million tons



for the year. The operating revenue was HK\$280.3 million during the year. Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$112.9 million.

2. BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

2.1 Water treatment services (Continued)

2.1.1 Water treatment services in Mainland China (Continued)

2.1.1b Water distribution services in Mainland China

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had 18 water distribution plants in operation. Total daily design capacity in operation was 2,750,000 tons (31 December 2012: 2,130,000 tons). The plants were mainly located in Guizhou Province, Shandong Province, Henan Province and Guangxi Province. The actual average contracted tariff charge of water distribution is approximately HK\$2.49 per ton. The aggregate actual processing volume is 416.5 million tons, of which 119.0 million tons was contributed by subsidiaries, which recorded revenue of HK\$266.0 million, and 297.5 million tons was contributed by joint ventures. Imputed interest income of HK\$104.3 million was recognised for the receivables under service concession arrangement of Plant No. 9 in Beijing which was acquired from BEHL during this year. Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$214.4 million, of which profit of HK\$140.0 million was contributed by subsidiaries and a HK\$74.4 million in aggregate was incurred by joint ventures.

2.1.2 Water treatment services in Overseas

During the year, the Group acquired water projects in Portugal. As at 31 December 2013, the Group had 23 sewage treatment plants and 13 water distribution plants in Portugal. Total daily design sewage treatment and water distribution capacity in operation was 22,500 tons and 36,000 tons respectively. The aggregate actual processing volume for sewage treatment and water distribution is 4.1 million tons and 6.9 million tons respectively. Total revenue for the year was HK\$228.4 million. Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$23.0 million.



2. BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

2.2 Construction services for the water environmental renovation

2.2.1 Construction services for comprehensive renovation projects

The Group had nine comprehensive renovation projects under construction during the year. The projects located in Guangxi Guigang, Guangxi Beihai, Dalian Dashiqao, Yunnan Kunming, Beijing, Guizhou Nanminghe and Malaysia Pantai. Last year, the Group had five comprehensive renovation projects under construction which located in Guangxi Guigang, Dalian Dengshahe, Dalian Dashiqao, Guizhou Nanminghe and Malaysia Pantai.



Revenue from comprehensive renovation projects increased by HK\$1,875.4 million from last year of HK\$1,006.5 million to HK\$2,881.9 million this year. The increase was mainly due to the commencement of construction of Guangxi Beihai project and Kunming No. 11 water plant project contributing revenue of HK\$623.3 million and the increase in revenue from Guizhou Nanminghe project amounted to HK\$677.4 million compared to last year. On the other hand, after the additional certification by the customer of Kunming Jieyun projects, construction revenue from comprehensive renovation projects of HK\$22.2 million was recognised.

According to the construction contracts, the Group charges an interest on the trade receivables from the customers with reference to certain mark-up on The People's Bank of China's lending rate for the period from the completion of the construction to time of the receipt of the trade receivables. Interest income from water environmental renovation projects attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$177.9 million for this year (2012: HK\$177.5 million).

Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company for the comprehensive renovation projects increased by HK\$285.2 million from last year of HK\$392.0 million to HK\$677.2 million this year. The increase was mainly due to the commencement of construction of Guangxi Beihai project and Kunming No. 11 water plant project contributing profit of HK\$85.4 million and the increase in the progress of Guizhou Nanminghe project contributing profit of HK\$262.1 million during this year.

Trade and bills receivables of HK\$788.1 million (equivalent to RMB622.6 million) for construction of comprehensive renovation projects of Kunming Jieyun were received during the year. As at 31 December 2013, the accumulated receipts from Kunming projects was HK\$4,134.2 million (equivalent to RMB3,266.0 million). After the additional certification by the customer during the year, construction revenue of HK\$262.2 million (equivalent to RMB207.1 million) was recognised. As at 31 December 2013, the trade and bills receivables for these projects amounted to HK\$1,342.0 million (equivalent to RMB1,060.2 million).

2. BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

2.2 Construction services for the water environmental renovation (Continued)

2.2.2 Construction of water plants

The Group entered into a number of service concession contracts on a BOT basis in respect of its sewage treatment business. Under HK(IFRIC)-Int 12 *Service Concession Arrangements*, the Group recognises the construction revenue with reference to the fair value of the construction service delivered in the building phase. The fair value of such service is estimated on a cost-plus basis with reference to a prevailing market rate of gross margin at the inception date of service concession agreement. Construction revenue is recognised by using the percentage-of-completion method.

During the year, 32 water plants were under construction. These water plants were mainly located in Beijing, Sichuan, Henan, Shandong, Yunnan, Guangxi, Liaoning, and Hunan provinces. Total revenue for construction of water plants was HK\$882.4 million and profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$68.0 million. As at 31 December 2013, the total daily design capacity of these water plants in the construction stage was 4,190,700 tons, most of these projects are expected to commence operation in coming year.

2.3 Technical services for the water environmental renovation

The Group has couples of qualification in engineering for consultancy and design of water treatment plants. As an integrated water system solution provider, the Group has not only acquired extensive experience in bidding, building and operating sewage water treatment projects, but also successfully marketed its treatment technology and experience in construction services to other operators and constructors.

Revenue from the provision of technical services was HK\$117.6 million, representing 2% of the Group's total revenue. Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$78.9 million (2012: HK\$150.8 million).

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

3.1 Revenue

During the year, the Group recorded revenue of HK\$6,406.5 million (2012: HK\$3,727.4 million). The increase was mainly due to the increase in revenue from water treatment services and construction revenue for the water environmental renovation. Increase in revenue from water treatment services was mainly due to an increase in actual water processing capacity. Increase in construction revenue for the water environmental renovation was mainly due to the commencement of construction of Guangxi Beihai project and Kunming No. 11 water plant project and the increase in construction revenue for the Guizhou Nanminghe project during the year. For details, please refer to note 2.2 above.

3.2 Cost of sales

Cost of sales for the year amounted to HK\$3,900.9 million, compared to last year of HK\$2,290.4 million. The increase was mainly due to the increase in construction costs and operating costs amounted to HK\$1,353.5 million and HK\$280.0 million respectively. Cost of sales mainly included construction costs of HK\$3,012.2 million and operating costs of water plants of HK\$871.3 million. The construction costs mainly consisted of subcontracting charges. The increase in construction costs was mainly due to the increase in construction works for Guangxi Beihai, Kunming No. 11 water plant project and Guizhou Nanminghe projects. The operating costs of water plants, mainly included electricity charges of HK\$288.0 million, staff costs of HK\$141.1 million and major overhaul charges of HK\$68.7 million; while the increase in operating costs was mainly due to increase in actual water processing capacity. Major overhaul charges were the estimated expenditure to be incurred for the restoration of water plants before they are handed over to the grantor at the end of service arrangements. The amount was estimated based on discounted future cash outlays on major overhauls during the service concession periods.

3.3 Gross profit margin

During the year, gross profit margin has remained unchanged at 39%. The gross margin for sewage treatment services increased from last year of 63% to 68% this year. Gross margin for water distribution services increased from 44% last year to 52% this year as there was imputed interest income of HK\$104.3 million for the Plant No. 9. Excluding the imputed interest income of the Plant No. 9, gross margin for water distribution services was 34% which decreased compared to last year of 44%. The decrease was mainly due to a lower gross margin for Portugal water supply plants. Gross margin for construction services for water environmental renovation slightly increased from last year of 21% to 23% this year. Gross margin for the technical services for the water environmental renovation slightly increased from last year of 21% to 23% this year. Gross margin for the technical services for the water environmental renovation slightly increased from last year of 21% to 23% this year. Gross margin for the technical services for the water environmental renovation slightly increased from last year of 21% to 23% this year. Gross margin for the technical services for the water environmental renovation slightly increased from last year of 82% to 85% this year.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

3.4 Other income and gains, net

The Group recorded other income and gains, net of HK\$199.7 million during the year, compared to last year of HK\$193.9 million. The amount for this year included sludge treatment income of HK\$37.9 million, gains on disposal of a joint venture and subsidiaries of HK\$74.4 million, gains on bargain purchase of subsidiaries of HK\$25.3 million and fair value gain on investment property of HK\$17.0 million.

3.5 Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses for the year was HK\$774.6 million, compared to last year of HK\$439.6 million. The increase was mainly due to the increase in staff costs of HK\$141.7 million, business development expenses of HK\$49.6 million and equity-settled share option expense of HK\$105.8 million. Staff costs and business development expenses increased as a result of the business expansion during this year. Also, there was no equity-settled share option expenses as a result of the business expansion, the Group managed to control administrative expenses effectively. Excluded the equity-settled share option expense, the ratio of administrative expenses to total revenue decreased from 11.8% last year to 10.4% this year.

3.6 Other operating expenses, net

Other operating expenses increased from HK\$127.4 million last year to HK\$187.5 million this year. The amount included the exchange losses of HK\$40.0 million which mainly incurred for the RMB notes payable and corporate bonds as a result of the appreciation of RMB against HK\$ during the year.

3.7 Finance costs

Finance costs mainly represented interests on bank and other borrowings of HK\$460.6 million (2012: HK\$362.0 million) and interests on corporate bonds and notes payable of HK\$328.0 million (2012: HK\$141.0 million). The increase in finance costs was mainly due to the issuance of additional note payable of RMB800 million on 8 November 2013 and a corporate bond denominated in USD in a principal of US\$500 million on 6 May 2013. Also, there was an increase in interest rate as compared with last year.

3.8 Income tax

Income tax expense for the year included the current PRC income tax of HK\$351.8 million. The effective tax rate for the PRC operation was about 19% which was lower than the PRC standard income tax rate of 25% as some of the subsidiaries enjoyed tax concession benefit. Deferred tax charge for the year was HK\$109.6 million.

3.9 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment decreased by HK\$148.9 million which was mainly due to the disposal of 內蒙 古北控西部水業股份有限公司 (Inner Mongolia Beijing Enterprises Western Water Industry Co., Ltd^).

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

3.10 Investment property

Investment property represents a portion of a building located in Beijing which the Group held to earn rental income and reclassified from property, plant and equipment to investment property during the year. The investment property is stated at fair value. Fair value gain of HK\$17.0 million was recognised in profit or loss during the year. There was no such item in last year.

3.11 Goodwill

Increase in goodwill of HK\$750.7 million was mainly due to acquisition of seven companies in Dongguan and asset injection from BEHL. For details, please refer to "Significant Investments and Acquisitions" section.

3.12 Receivables

The Group's total receivables of HK\$20,364.8 million (2012: HK\$12,128.3 million) included:

			2013			2012	
		Non-current <i>HK\$'M</i>	Current <i>HK\$'M</i>	Total <i>HK\$'M</i>	Non-current <i>HK\$'M</i>	Current <i>HK\$'M</i>	Total <i>HK\$'M</i>
(i)	Amounts due from contract customers	5,360.7	27.0	5,387.7	2,762.0	31.6	2,793.6
(ii)	Receivables under service concession arrangements	11,779.1	1,106.9	12,886.0	6,469.5	382.5	6,852.0
(iii)	Trade and bills receivables	53.1	2,038.0	2,091.1	97.2	2,385.5	2,482.7
Tota	I	17,192.9	3,171.9	20,364.8	9,328.7	2,799.6	12,128.3

By accounting nature:

(i) Amounts due from contract customers of HK\$5,387.7 million represent the balances of accumulated construction costs incurred to date plus recognised accumulated gross profits exceeding progress billings arising from BOT projects and comprehensive renovation projects during the phase of construction. Total balance increased by HK\$2,594.1 million (non-current portion increased by HK\$2,598.7 million and current portion decreased by HK\$4.6 million), which was mainly due to the recognition of construction revenue for a water environmental renovation project in Guizhou Nanminghe, Guangxi Beihai Project and Kunming No. 11 water plant project;

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

3.12 Receivables (Continued)

- (ii) Receivables under service concession arrangements of HK\$12,886.0 million represent the fair value of the specified amount that the grantor contractually guarantees to pay under service concession contracts arising from BOT and TOT projects in operation. The increase in balance by HK\$6,034.0 million (non-current portion increased by HK\$5,309.6 million and current portion increased by HK\$724.4 million) was mainly due to the acquisition of water projects (including acquisition of TOT projects from local government and acquisition of water projects from Salcon Berhad and Beijing Construction Engineering Group Co., Ltd) which accounted for an increase in receivable balance of around HK\$4,084.6 million, and several BOT projects commenced its operation which accounted for an increase in receivable balance of around HK\$387.4 million, and purchase of a receivable under service concession arrangements related to No. 9 water plant in Beijing acquired from BEHL amounted HK\$1,000.0 million; and
- (iii) Trade and bills receivables of HK\$2,091.1 million mainly arose from the provision of construction services for comprehensive renovation projects, technical and consultancy services and sewage treatment equipment trading. The balance decreased by HK\$391.6 million (non-current portion decreased by HK\$44.1 million and current portion decreased by HK\$347.5 million), mainly due to settlement of receivables for construction services of comprehensive renovation projects in Kunming Jieyun.

By business nature:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'M	HK\$'M
Water treatment services by BOT and TOT projects	15,142.9	8,433.3
Construction services of comprehensive renovation projects	4,868.5	3,246.6
Technical and consultancy services and other businesses	353.4	448.4
Total	20,364.8	12,128.3

Total receivables, which relates to the BOT and TOT projects, recognised under the service concession agreements in accordance with the HK(IFRIC)-Int 12 *Service Concession Arrangements* were HK\$15,142.9 million (2012: HK\$8,433.3 million). Total receivables for the construction service of comprehensive renovation projects were HK\$4,868.5 million (2012: HK\$3,246.6 million). Total receivables for technical and consultancy services and other businesses were HK\$353.4 million (2012: HK\$448.4 million).

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

3.13 Operating concessions

Operating concessions represents rights that the Group can charge users under service concession contracts. It is a non-guarantee receipt right to receive cash because the chargeable amounts are contingent on the extent that the users use the service. The balance arises from BOT and TOT projects in operation. The balance increased by HK\$1,549.6 million mainly due to the acquisition of operating concessions in Portugal of HK\$1,045.8 million and Jilin of HK\$402.8 million during this year.

3.14 Investments in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures increased by HK\$580.3 million, mainly due to the acquisition of BJA Holdings Company Ltd. from BEHL. BJA Holdings Company Ltd. holds a joint venture namely 北京安菱水務科技有限 公司 (Beijing Anling Water Technology Company Limited^) which has a concession right for the Plant No. 10 in Beijing.

3.15 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables increased by HK\$553.9 million (non-current portion increased by HK\$626.2 million and current portion decreased by HK\$72.3 million), mainly due to the increase in advance payments to subcontractors and the investment deposit for the acquisition of subsidiaries from Standard Water Ltd..

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

3.16 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents increased by HK\$1,222.2 million. The increase was mainly due to the issuances of corporate bonds and note payable and placement of shares.

Under Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, part of the cash flows related to BOT, TOT and comprehensive renovation projects are classified as cash flows of operating activities. Such part of cash flows are adjusted and reclassified as cash flows of investing activities as follows:

	For the years ended 31 December			
	2013	2012		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Net cash flows used in operating activities per audited				
financial statements	(935,629)	(427,342)		
Net cash flows used in BOT projects	1,244,005	670,324		
Net cash flows used in TOT projects	353,496	803,390		
Net cash flows used in comprehensive renovation projects	737,164	219,350		
Net cash flows from operating activities per management	1,399,036	1,265,722		
Net cash flows used in investing activities per audited				
financial statements	(2,857,398)	(559,926)		
Net cash flows used in BOT projects	(1,244,005)	(670,324)		
Net cash flows used in TOT projects	(353,496)	(803,390)		
Net cash flows used in comprehensive renovation projects	(737,164)	(219,350)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities per management	(5,192,063)	(2,252,990)		
Net cash flows from financing activities per audited				
financial statements	5,425,001	2,623,214		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents per				
audited financial statements	1,631,974	1,635,946		

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

3.17 Other payables and accruals

Other payables and accruals increased by HK\$539.5 million (non-current portion increased by HK\$242.7 million and current portion increased by HK\$296.8 million). This increase was mainly due to the consideration payables of HK\$333.4 million for the acquisition of Jilin project, Salcon Group and seven companies in Dongguan and the increase in other payables to subcontractors of HK\$135.7 million.

3.18 Corporate bonds and notes payable

The increase in corporate bonds and notes payable was mainly due to the issuance of additional note payable of RMB800 million (equivalent to HK\$1,012.7 million) on 8 November 2013 and a corporate bond denominated in USD in a principal of US\$500 million (equivalent to HK\$3,876.9 million) on 6 May 2013.

3.19 Trade and bills payables

The increase in trade and bills payables by HK\$836.2 million was mainly due to increase in trade payables to subcontractors as a result of increase in subcontracting charges for new water environmental renovation projects.

3.20 Liquidity and financial resources

The Group adopts conservative treasury policies and controls tightly over its cash and risk management. The Group's cash and cash equivalents are held mainly in Hong Kong dollars, RMB and USD. Surplus cash is generally placed in short term deposits denominated in Hong Kong dollars, RMB and USD.

As at 31 December 2013, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to HK\$5,513.0 million (31 December 2012: HK\$4,290.9 million). For details of the currencies in which cash and cash equivalents are made, please refer to note 30(b) to the financial statements.

The Group's total borrowings amounted to HK\$19,296.4 million (31 December 2012: HK\$13,294.5 million) comprised bank and other borrowings of HK\$10,441.6 million (31 December 2012: HK\$9,403.7 million), finance lease payable of HK\$13.3 million (31 December 2012: HK\$19.7 million), notes payable of HK\$2,522.5 million (31 December 2012: HK\$1,476.6 million) and corporate bonds of HK\$6,319.0 million (31 December 2012: HK\$2,394.5 million). For details of the currencies in which borrowings are made, please refer to the notes 34(a), 35 and 36 to the financial statements. All the corporate bonds and notes payable bear interest at fixed rates. Over 80% of bank and other borrowings bear interest at floating rates.

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had banking facilities amounting to HK\$6.70 billion, of which HK\$1.74 billion have not been utilised. The banking facilities are of 1 to 5 years term.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

3.20 Liquidity and financial resources (Continued)

The Group's total equity amounted to HK\$15,924.4 million (2012: HK\$10,731.5 million). The increase was mainly due to the issuance of new shares during the year. During the year, the Company issued 776,810,838 new shares at HK\$1.62 per share to Beijing Enterprises Environmental Construction Limited ("BE Environmental"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, for the acquisition of assets from BEHL with total consideration of HK\$1.26 billion. For further details, please refer to the "Significant investments and acquisitions" section. Additionally, two share placements were held during this year. The total net proceeds from share placements amounted to HK\$2.29 billion. For further details, please refer to the "Share placements" section.

The gearing ratio as defined as sum of bank and other borrowings, finance lease payable, notes payable and corporate bonds, net of cash and cash equivalents, divided by the total equity was 0.87 as at 31 December 2013 (31 December 2012: 0.84). The increase in the gearing ratio as at 31 December 2013 was mainly due to the issuance of the note payable and corporate bond as detailed in section 3.18. The effect was partly offset by the increase in total equity. As such, the gearing ratio is managed to be slightly higher than last year. The proceeds from notes payable and corporate bonds were utilised for the acquisition of various water projects in the PRC and Portugal.

3.21 Capital expenditures

During the year, the Group's total capital expenditures were HK\$4,087.9 million (31 December 2012: HK\$1,580.6 million), of which HK\$54.7 million was paid for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets; HK\$1,148.3 million was spent on construction and acquisition of water plants and HK\$2,884.9 million represented the consideration for acquisition of equity interests in subsidiaries and joint ventures. The increase was mainly due to the increase in capital expenditure on the acquisition of equity interests in subsidiaries.

SHARE PLACEMENTS

On 26 September 2013, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Mount Reskit Investments Limited as the subscriber, pursuant to which the subscriber conditionally agreed to subscribe for and the Company conditionally agreed to issue the 400,000,000 new shares of the Company as the subscription shares at a price of HK\$2.95 per subscription share. The net proceeds are approximately HK\$1.18 billion which the Company has been using as its general working capital of the Group.

On 17 October 2013, BE Environmental, a controlling shareholder of the Company as the placing shareholder, the Company and Deutsche Bank AG, Hong Kong Branch as the placing agents, entered into a placing and subscription agreement pursuant to which the placing agent agreed to procure purchasers for, or failing which, to purchase, an aggregate of 350,000,000 existing shares of the Company which was beneficially owned by the placing shareholder and to be placed as the placing shares, on a fully underwritten basis at HK\$3.21 per placing share under the terms of the placing and subscription agreement, and the placing shareholder and the Company have conditionally agreed to enter into a Subscription Letter in relation to the subscription on the same date. The net proceeds are approximately HK\$1.12 billion which the Company has been using as its general working capital of the Group.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2013, the Group employed 4,280 employees. Total staff cost for the year ended 31 December 2013 was HK\$607,798,000 (2012: HK\$328,767,000). The Group's remuneration packages are generally structured by reference to market terms and individual merit. Salaries are normally reviewed on an annual basis based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors. For details of share option schemes, please refer to "Share option scheme" in the "Report of the Directors".

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND ACQUISITIONS

- (a) On 5 February 2013, the Group completed acquisitions of the following assets from BEHL and certain of its subsidiaries (the "Assets Vendors"):
 - (i) the estimated future net cash income (after deducting all state and local taxes in the PRC and operating costs) generated from the service concession arrangement on the water purification and treatment operation of the Phase 1 of No. 9 water treatment plant in Beijing for the six years ending 31 December 2018;
 - (ii) the entire equity interests in 濰坊北控水務有限公司 (Beijing Enterprises Water (Weifang) Company Limited^) which is engaged in a service concession arrangement on water supply in Shandong Province, the PRC; and
 - (iii) the entire beneficial shareholding interests in Beijing Enterprises Water Company Limited, an investment holding company holding an interest in a joint venture which is engaged in a service concession arrangement on water supply in Beijing.

The above acquisitions were made pursuant to a master agreement dated 26 September 2012 entered into between the Group and the Assets Vendors, and the total consideration of HK\$1,066,539,552 in respect of the above acquisitions was satisfied by way of the issuance of 658,357,748 ordinary shares of the Company at HK\$1.62 per share to BE Environmental, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BEHL.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND ACQUISITIONS (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

On 24 May 2013, the Group completed the acquisition of a 90% equity interest in 北控水務集團(海南)有限公司 (Beijing Enterprises Water Group (Hainan) Company Limited[^]), which is principally engaged in sewage treatment operation in Hainan Province, the PRC. The consideration of RMB157,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$191,894,006) was settled by way of the issuance of 118,453,090 ordinary shares of the Company at HK\$1.62 per share to BE Environmental.

Further details of the acquisition transactions are set out in the Company's circular dated 30 November 2012 and announcements dated 5 February 2013 and 24 May 2013.

(b) On 6 February 2013, the Company and three independent third parties (collectively the "Dongguan Vendors") entered into an equity transfer agreement, pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to acquire, and the Dongguan Vendors conditionally agreed to sell, the entire equity interests in seven companies established in Mainland China and principally engaged in the sewage treatment operations in Dongguan City, Guangdong Province at an aggregate consideration of RMB509,232,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$644,597,000).

Further details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 6 February 2013.

(c) On 21 March 2013 the Company and Veolia Eau – Compagnie Générale des Eaux, S.C.A. ("Veolia Water") entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Company, or a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired from Veolia Water the entire share capital of Compagnie Générale des Eaux (Portugal) – Consultadoria e Engenharia, S.A., (a company incorporated and operating under the laws of Portugal) together with related quasicapital contributions and shareholder loan. The final aggregate consideration is €95,515,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,017,959,000).

Further details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 21 March 2013.

(d) On 28 June 2013, BEWG Environmental Group Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("BEWG Environmental") and an independent third party (the "BCEG vendor") entered into an equity transfer agreement, pursuant to which, BEWG Environmental has conditionally agreed to acquire, and the BCEG Vendor has conditionally agreed to sell, the 60% equity interest of BCEG Environment Development Co., Ltd^ (北京建工環境發展有限責任 公司) at a final consideration of RMB263,886,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$334,033,000).

Further details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 28 June 2013.

For identification purpose only

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND ACQUISITIONS (Continued)

(e) Pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement entered into between the Company, Standard Water Ltd. (the "Vendor"), Crystal Water Company Limited ("Crystal Water") and China Water Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("China Water Holdings") dated 6 September 2013, the Company agreed to acquire the entire equity interests in Crystal Water and China Water Holdings from the Vendor at a consideration of RMB1,350,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,697,760,000) in aggregate, subject to adjustments as stipulated in the sale and purchase agreement.

On 27 January 2014, the Company, the Vendor, Crystal Water and China Water Holdings entered into a supplementary agreement to, among other things, (1) reduce the consideration to RMB1,250,485,200 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,589,741,835); (2) revise the payment terms of the consideration; and (3) set out certain ancillary matters.

Further details of the acquisition transactions are set out in the Company's announcement dated 6 September 2013 and 27 January 2014.

As at the date of this report, the transaction has not been completed.

(f) On 12 September 2013, the Company, Salcon Berhad and Salcon Water (Asia) Limited (jointly the "Salcon Vendors") entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "First Agreement") pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to acquire, and the Salcon Vendors have conditionally agreed to sell the entire shareholding interest of Salcon Fujian (HK) Limited, Salcon Zhejiang (HK) Limited, Salcon Linyi (HK) Limited and Salcon Shandong (HK) Limited at an initial consideration of RMB648,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$814,924,800), subject to adjustments and upon and subject to the terms and conditions of the First Agreement. On the same day, the Company and Salcon Berhad also entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Second Agreement") pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to acquire, and Salcon Berhad has conditionally agreed to sell, the entire shareholding interest of Salcon Darco Environmental Pte. Ltd. and Salcon Jiangsu (HK) Limited at an initial consideration of RMB307,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$386,083,200), subject to adjustments and upon and subject to the terms and conditions of the Second Agreement. The transactions under the Second Agreement were completed in December 2013 and consideration was agreed at RMB321,069,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$406,417,000). As at the date of this report, the transactions under the First Agreement have not been completed.

Further details of the acquisition transactions are set out in the Company's announcement dated 12 September 2013.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no significant investments and acquisitions of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the year ended 31 December 2013.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

The secured bank and other borrowings, the US\$ Bonds, the notes payable and a finance lease payable of the Group as at 31 December 2013 are secured by:

- mortgages over certain sewage treatment and water distribution concession rights (comprising property, plant and equipment, operating concessions and receivables under service concession arrangements) which are under the management of the Group pursuant to the relevant service concession agreements signed with the grantors;
- (ii) guarantees given by the Company and/or its subsidiaries;
- (iii) pledges over certain of the Group's equity interests in subsidiaries; and/or
- (iv) pledges over certain of the Group's bank balances.

Save as disclosed above, at 31 December 2013, the Group did not have any charges on the Group's assets.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

Majority of the subsidiaries of the Company operates in the PRC with most of the transactions denominated and settled in RMB. Currently, the Group has not used derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risk.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition and Role

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Director(s)") of the Company currently consists of seventeen Directors: comprising eleven executive Directors, namely, Mr. Zhang Honghai *(Chairman)*, Mr. E Meng *(Vice Chairman)*, Mr. Jiang Xinhao, Mr. Hu Xiaoyong *(Chief Executive Officer)*, Mr. Zhou Min, Mr. Li Haifeng, Mr. Zhang Tiefu, Ms. Qi Xiaohong, Mr. Ke Jian, Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric and Mr. Li Li; and six independent non-executive Directors (the "INED(s)"), namely, Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant, Mr. Zhang Gaobo, Mr. Guo Rui, Ms. Hang Shijun, Mr. Wang Kaijun and Mr. Yu Ning. One of the INEDs namely, Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant, has the professional and accounting qualifications required by Rules Governing the Listing Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

The function of the Board is to formulate corporate strategy and business development. The Board has met regularly during the year to approve acquisition, material contracts, discloseable and/or connected transactions, director's appointment or reappointment, significant policy and monitoring the financial performance of the Group in pursuit of its strategic goals. Day to day operation of the Company is delegated to the chief executive officer and the management of the Company. There is no relationship among members of the Board in respect of financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship.

Newly appointed Director would receive a comprehensive induction package covering the statutory and regulatory obligations of a director of a listed company. The Company continuously updates Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has arranged trainings for Directors in the form of seminar and provision of training materials. Guidance notes and memorandum are issued to Directors where appropriate, to ensure awareness of best corporate governance practices.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Composition and Role (Continued)

According to the records maintained by the Company, the current Directors received the following training in respect of the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company in compliance with the requirement of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules on continuous professional development during the year ended 31 December 2013.

	Corporate Governance/ Updates on Laws, Rules & Regulations		Accounting/Financial/ Management or Other Professional Skills		
	Deed	Attended	Deed	Attended	
Name of Directors	Read Materials	Seminars/ Briefing	Read Materials	Seminars/ Briefing	
	Materials	Direting	Wateriais	Diteinig	
Executive Directors					
Mr. Zhang Honghai <i>(Chairman)</i>	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Mr. E Meng (Vice Chairman)	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Mr. Jiang Xinhao	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Mr. Hu Xiaoyong (Chief Executive Officer)	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Mr. Zhou Min	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Mr. Li Haifeng	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Mr. Hou Feng (resigned on 3 September 2013)	\checkmark				
Mr. Zhang Tiefu	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Ms. Qi Xiaohong	1	\checkmark			
Mr. Ke Jian	1	\checkmark			
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric	\checkmark	\checkmark	1		
Mr. Li Li (appointed on 26 February 2014)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
INEDs					
Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant	\checkmark	\checkmark	1	1	
Mr. Zhang Gaobo	\checkmark				
Mr. Guo Rui	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Ms. Hang Shijun	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Mr. Wang Kaijun	\checkmark		1	1	
Mr. Yu Ning	1			\checkmark	

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Board Meeting and General Meeting

The Company held four Board meetings and a general meeting during the financial year ended 31 December 2013. Directors present in those Board meetings were either in person or through electronic means of communication. Attendance records of the Board meetings and general meeting for the year ended 31 December 2013 are set out below:

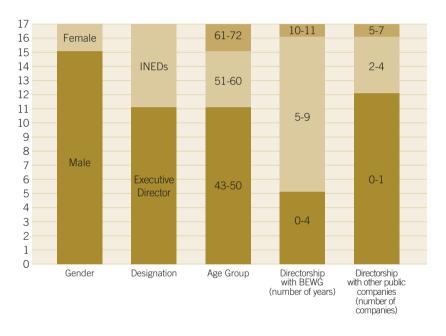
Name of Directors	Number of Board meetings attended/held	Number of general meetings attended/held
Executive Directors:		
Mr. Zhang Honghai <i>(Chairman)</i>	4/4	0/1
Mr. E Meng (<i>Vice Chairman</i>)	2/4	1/1
Mr. Jiang Xinhao	3/4	0/1
Mr. Hu Xiaoyong (Chief Executive Officer)	4/4	0/1
Mr. Zhou Min	4/4	1/1
Mr. Li Haifeng	4/4	0/1
Mr. Zhang Tiefu	4/4	0/1
Mr. Hou Feng (resigned on 3 September 2013)	4/4	0/1
Ms. Qi Xiaohong	4/4	0/1
Mr. Ke Jian	1/4	0/1
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric	4/4	1/1
Mr. Li Li (appointed on 26 February 2014)	N/A	N/A
INEDs:		
Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant	3/4	1/1
Mr. Zhang Gaobo	4/4	0/1
Mr. Guo Rui	4/4	0/1
Ms. Hang Shijun	2/4	0/1
Mr. Wang Kaijun	2/4	0/1
Mr. Yu Ning	3/4	0/1

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

During the year, the Board adopted a board diversity policy formulated by the Company in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules with effect from 1 September 2013. It aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Board endeavours to ensure that it has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives to the requirements of the Group's business. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

There are currently seventeen Directors with extensive experience and/or professional backgrounds to formulate and give direction of the Group's corporate strategy and business development. The composition, experience and balance of skills on the Board are regularly reviewed by a core of members with longstanding and deep knowledge of the Group alongside new Directors who bring fresh perspectives and diverse experiences to the Board. The process for the nomination of Directors is led by the Nomination Committee.

The name of the current Directors and their biographies (including their roles, function, terms of office, skills and experience) are set out in this annual report headed "Directors and Senior Management".



CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the positions of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company were held separately. The chairman of the Company is Mr. Zhang Honghai and the chief executive officer of the Company is Mr. Hu Xiaoyong. The segregation of duties of the chairman and the chief executive officer ensures a clear distinction in the chairman's responsibility to provide leadership for the Board and the chief executive officer's responsibility to manage the Company's business.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Board considers that the INEDs can provide independent advices on the Company's business strategies, results and management so as to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

All INEDs had entered into letters of appointment with the Company for a term of three years but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-Laws").

The Company has received, a written annual confirmation from each of the INEDs confirming his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the INEDs are independent.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct in respect of securities transactions of the Directors (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company has confirmed that all Directors have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions during the year under review.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three board committees to strengthen its functions and corporate governance practices, namely, audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"). The Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee perform their specific roles in accordance with their respective written terms of reference.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is composed of three INEDs namely, Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant (chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Zhang Gaobo and Mr. Guo Rui. The Audit Committee members performed their duties within written terms of reference formulated by the Company in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules from time to time.

The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for considering all relationships between the Company and the auditing firm (including the provision of non-audit services), monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements and issues arising from the audit, and the review of the Group's internal controls and risk management.

In addition, the Audit Committee had been delegated the responsibility to perform the corporate governance duties including:

- 1. to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the board;
- 2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Audit Committee (Continued)

3. to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;

- 4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

Summary of work done during the year: Reviewed the financial statements for the period from 1 January 2013 to 30 June 2013 and for the year ended 31 December 2013, considered and approved the audit work of the auditors, and reviewed the business and financial performance of the Company, the internal control system and risk management and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the financial year ended 31 December 2013 with an attendance rate of 100%.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises one executive director namely, Mr. Zhang Honghai (chairman of the Nomination Committee) and two INEDs namely, Mr. Zhang Gaobo and Mr. Guo Rui.

All new appointments and re-appointments to the Board are subject to the approval of the Board. The Nomination Committee members performed their duties within written terms of reference formulated by the Company in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules from time to time. The Nomination Committee is mainly responsible for formulating policy and making recommendations to the Board on nominations, appointment and re-appointment of Directors and board succession.

Summary of work done during the year: reviewed the size, structure and composition of the Board to complement the Group's corporate strategy, nominated candidates to fill the casual vacancy arising from the resigning director and made recommendation to the Board regarding the position of vice chairman in order to share part of the duties and responsibilities of the chairman of the Company.

The Nomination Committee held a meeting with an attendance rate of 100% and by way of unanimous written resolutions during the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises one executive Director namely, Ms. Qi Xiaohong and two INEDs namely, Mr. Zhang Gaobo (chairman of the Remuneration Committee) and Mr. Guo Rui.

The Remuneration Committee members performed their duties within written terms of reference formulated by the Company in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules from time to time. The Remuneration Committee adopted the operation model where it performs an advisory role to the Board and to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of Directors and senior management with the Board retaining the final authority to approve Directors' and senior management remuneration. It is the Company's policy to offer remuneration packages which are competitive and sufficient to retain such individuals and no director is involved in decision of his own remuneration.

Summary of work done during the year: reviewed the Directors' fee (including executive Directors and INEDs) in consideration of the increasingly level of duties and responsibilities and market conditions; reviewed and approved the details of implementation of the Share Option Scheme adopted on 28 June 2011 and approved the grant of housing allowance to chief executive officer of the Company, and approval of the remuneration incentive structure of the Group as a whole taking consideration of factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and their responsibilities.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee held a meeting with an attendance rate of 100% and by way of two unanimous written resolutions during the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The Audit Committee of the Company is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditors and reviewing the non-audit functions performed by the external auditors, including whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material adverse effect on the Company. During the year under review, external auditors' remuneration for audit services was approximately HK\$9.3 million and for non-audit service assignments was approximately HK\$2 million, which represented agreed-upon procedures engagement in connection with the Group's interim financial report, tax advisory and compliance services. The Audit Committee had satisfied that the non-audit services in 2013 did not affect the independence of the external auditors.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of internal controls systems of the Company. The Board is committed to implementing an effective and sound internal control system to safeguard the interest of shareholders and the Group's assets. The Board has delegated to the management the implementation of the system of internal controls and review of all relevant financial, operational, compliance controls and risk management functions within an established framework. The Board convenes meeting periodically to discuss financial, operational and risk management control.

INTERNAL CONTROLS (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Board reviewed the operational and financial reports, budgets and business plans provided by the management. The Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal controls of the Company.

In view of strengthening the internal control system to meet with the continuous corporate and business development of the Company, the Board will conduct an internal company-wide study to review and enhance the internal control system.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of accounts for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. In preparing the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2013, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards; made adjustments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and have prepared the accounts on a going concern basis. The Directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company.

The responsibility of Ernst & Young, the Company's external auditors, is set out on page 63 of the "Independent Auditors' Report" in this annual report.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening a special general meeting by shareholders ("SGM")

The Board shall on the written requisition of any two or more shareholders of the Company who hold at the date of the deposit of the requisition in aggregate not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company that carries the right of voting at the SGM, forthwith proceed duly to convene the SGM ("Requisition"). The Requisition, which may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists, must state the objects of the SGM and deposited at the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong.

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the Requisition proceed duly to convene a SGM, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a SGM in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which SGM may be convened by the Board, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the aforesaid date of the deposit of the Requisition.

All reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists as a result of the failure of the Board to convene such a SGM shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

Procedures for directing shareholders' enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries to the Board for the attention of the Secretary of the Company ("Company Secretary") via email (mailbox@bewg.com.hk) or directed to the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong at 66th Floor, Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

If a shareholder of the Company wishes to put forward proposals at the annual general meeting (the "AGM")/SGM which is to be held, such shareholder, who is duly qualified to attend and vote at such general meeting, shall follow the procedures as set out below which are required in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company ("Bye-laws") and the Listing Rules.

- 1. A shareholder shall validly serve on the Company Secretary his/her written and signed notice of intention to propose a resolution at the AGM/SGM.
- 2. The foregoing documents shall be lodged at the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong at 66th Floor, Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.
- 3. The period for lodgment of the foregoing notices required under the Bye-Laws shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the AGM/SGM and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of the AGM/SGM and such period shall be at least 7 days.
- 4. If the foregoing notices shall be received less than 10 business days prior to the date of such AGM/SGM, the Company needs to consider the adjournment of such AGM/SGM in order to allow shareholders of the Company 14 days' notice (the notice period must include 10 business days) of the proposal.
- 5. The foregoing notice of intention to propose a resolution will be verified by the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong (the "Branch Share Registrar"). Upon confirmation from the Branch Share Registrar, the Company Secretary will present to the board of Directors for their approval on the inclusion of the proposed resolutions in the AGM/SGM.

Shareholders may take reference to the procedures made available under headed the "About BEWG" and "Corporate Governance" section ("Procedure for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director") of the Company's website.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Communication with shareholders

The Board believes that effective and proper investor relations play an important role in creating shareholders' value, enhancing the corporate transparency as well as establishing market confidence.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Company has proactively taken the following measures to ensure effective shareholders' communication and enhance our transparency:

- 1. maintained frequent contacts with institutional shareholders and potential investors through various channels such as meetings, telephone and emails;
- 2. updated regularly the Company's news and developments through the "investor relations" section of the Company's website; and
- 3. arranged on-site visits to the Group's projects for investors and research analysts.

The above measures will be provided them with the latest development of the Group as well as the water industry.

Constitutional documents

There is no change on the constitutional documents of the Company since the amendments to the Bye-laws made on 22 March 2012. A consolidated version of the Memorandum of Association and Bye-Laws is available on both the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintain the quality of corporate governance so as to ensure better transparency of the Company, protection of shareholders' and stakeholders' rights and enhance shareholder value. In the opinion of the Board, the Company had complied with all code provisions set out in the CG Code during the financial year ended 31 December 2013 and up to the date of publication of this annual report except the Code Provision E.1.2 as follows.

The chairman of the Company was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 May 2013 (the "2013 AGM") and has appointed the vice chairman of the Company to attend on his behalf to chair the 2013 AGM. The chairman of each of remuneration and nomination committees was also unable to attend the 2013 AGM due to other business engagements and has appointed the other Directors of the Company to attend the 2013 AGM and to answer questions. Sufficient measures had been taken to ensure that the Company's corporate governance practices are no less exacting than those in the CG Code.

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Honghai ("Mr. Zhang"), aged 61, Senior Economist, was appointed as the chairman and an executive director of the Company in May 2008. Mr. Zhang is also the chairman of nomination committee of the Company. He serves as a vice chairman and an executive director of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited (stock code: 392), an executive director of Beijing Development (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 154) and chairman and an executive director of BEP International Holdings Limited (stock code: 2326). Mr. Zhang graduated from Peking University in 1982 and subsequently obtained a master's degree in business studies at the International Business School of Hunan University. Mr. Zhang graduated from the EMBA program of Guanghua School of Management, Peking University. Mr. Zhang has worked for the Beijing Municipal Government for many years. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Zhang was the director of the Foreign Affairs Office of the People's Government of Beijing Municipality and Hong Kong and Macao Affairs Office of the People's Government of Beijing Municipality and Hong Kong and Macao Affairs Office of the People's Government of Beijing Municipality and Hong Kong and Macao Affairs Office of the People's Government of Beijing International Trust Investment Limited during the period from 1990 to 1998. Mr. Zhang has accumulated extensive experience in corporate management.

Mr. E Meng, aged 55, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in February 2008 and vice chairman of the Company in April 2013. He serves as a vice general manager and the chief financial officer of Beijing Enterprises Group Company Limited. He is also an executive director and an executive vice president of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited (stock code: 392) and the chairman and an executive director of Beijing Development (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 154). Mr. E Meng also is an independent non-executive director of JLF Investment Company Limited (stock code: 472). Mr. E Meng graduated from China Science and Technology University with a master's degree in engineering and subsequently obtained an EMBA degree from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He is a PRC senior accountant with the qualifications of PRC certified accountant, asset appraiser, certified real estate appraiser and tax appraiser. From 1988 to 1997, he was the deputy director of Beijing New Technology Development Zone and concurrently acting as the director of the Department of Financial Auditing, the general manager of Investment Operation Company, the chief accountant of Beijing Tianping Accounting Firm and the deputy director of the State-owned Assets Management Office of Beijing Haidian District. Mr. E Meng has extensive experience in economics, finance and enterprise management.

DIRECTORS (Continued)

Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. Jiang Xinhao ("Mr. Jiang"), aged 49, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in June 2008. Mr. Jiang also serves as a vice general manager of Beijing Enterprises Group Company Limited, an executive director and vice president of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited (stock code: 392) and an executive director of Beijing Properties (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 925). Mr. Jiang graduated from Fudan University in 1987 with a bachelor's degree in law, and then in 1992 with a master's degree in law. Mr. Jiang was a lecturer at Peking University between 1992 and 1994. From 1995 to 1997, Mr. Jiang was a deputy general manager of Jingtai Finance Company in Hong Kong, and subsequently a director and vice president of BHL Industrial Investment Company. From 1997 to February 2005, Mr. Jiang was a director and the chief executive officer of Tramford International Limited, a public company listed on Nasdaq. Mr. Jiang was a manager of the investment development department of Beijing Holdings Limited and a general manager of Beijing BHL Investment Center between May 2000 and February 2005. He served as a policy analyst of the Chinese State Commission of Restructuring Economic System from 1987 to 1989. Mr. Jiang has many years of experience in economics, finance and corporate management.

Mr. Hu Xiaoyong ("Mr. Hu"), aged 49, was appointed as an executive director and the chief executive officer of the Company in August 2008. Mr. Hu graduated with an EMBA from the Tsinghua University. He was the vice chairman of the China Environmental Service Industry Association (全國工商聯環境服務業商會). Mr. Hu is currently the chairman of BEWG Environmental Group Co., Ltd.

Mr. Zhou Min ("Mr. Zhou"), aged 50, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in August 2008. Mr. Zhou graduated with an EMBA from the Tsinghua University and is the vice chairman of Mianyang Zhejiang Chamber of Commerce (綿陽市浙江商會). Mr. Zhou previously worked in the People's Bank of China, Yongkang Branch of Zhejiang Province (浙江省人民銀行永康支行), the Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, Yongkang Branch of Zhejiang Province (浙江省工商銀行永康支行), and was the chairman of Beijing Jingsheng Investment Company Limited (北京景盛投資有限公司). Mr. Zhou is now a director and the chief financial officer of BEWG Environmental Group Co., Ltd.

Mr. Li Haifeng ("Mr. Li"), aged 43, was appointed as an executive director and a vice president of the Company in August 2008. Mr. Li graduated with a bachelor's degree in Laws from the Peking University. He was an assistant to president of Founder Group (方正集團) and the executive vice president of Founder Xintiandi Software Technology Co. Ltd. (方正新天 地軟件科技有限公司). Mr. Li is now the chairman of the Supervisory Committee of BEWG Environmental Group Co., Ltd., responsible for exploring business opportunities in water market in the PRC. He is currently the chairman and an executive director of Carry Wealth Holdings Limited (stock code: 643). During the period from April 2010 to April 2013, Mr. Li was an independent non-executive director of Simsen International Corporation Limited (stock code: 993). Both Carry Wealth Holdings Limited.

DIRECTORS (Continued)

Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. Zhang Tiefu, aged 51, was appointed as an executive director and a vice president of the Company in April 2009. He graduated from Jilin Industrial Institute with a bachelor's degree of engineering in 1983. He further studied business administration in the University of International Business and Economics in 1998. He has been awarded the titles of senior engineer and senior international finance manager. He served as the senior manager in China Nation Printing Materials Corporation (中國印刷物資總公司) in 1986. He joined Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited as manager in 2001, and is concurrently acting the director and a general manager of Beijing Bei Kong Water Production Co., Ltd. (北京北控制水 有限公司) and a director of Beijing Yanjing Beer Co., Ltd. (北京燕京啤酒有限公司). He has extensive experiences in economics, market development and corporate management. He joined the Group in April 2009.

Ms. Qi Xiaohong ("Ms. Qi"), aged 46, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in May 2008 and a member of remuneration committee of the Company. Ms. Qi graduated from Capital Normal University with a bachelor's degree in legal studies and subsequently obtained a master degree in economic management at Capital University of Economics and Business. She has worked for the Beijing Municipal Government for many years. She joined Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited in 1997 and is now a vice president of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited (stock Code: 392), responsible for corporate administration and human resources management.

Mr. Ke Jian ("Mr. Ke"), aged 45, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in June 2011 and is the vice president of Beijing Enterprises Holding Limited (Stock code: 392) and an executive director of Beijing Development (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 154). Mr. Ke is a PRC Senior Accountant, Certified Tax Agent and Senior International Finance Manager. Mr. Ke received a bachelor's degree in economics from Beijing College of Finance and Commerce and a MBA degree from Murdoch University, Australia. Mr. Ke has extensive experience in finance and corporate administration.

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric ("Mr. Tung"), aged 43, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in August 2011. Mr. Tung is the chief financial officer and company secretary of the Company. Mr. Tung is also the assistant president and general manager of the finance department of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited (stock code: 392), a company listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), the company secretary of Biosino Bio-Technology and Science Incorporation* (stock code: 8247), a company listed on growth enterprise market of the Stock Exchange and an independent non-executive director of South China Financial Holdings Limited (stock code: 619) and GR Properties Limited (stock code: 108), both of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Tung graduated from York University, Toronto, Canada with a bachelor's honours degree in administrative studies. He is a Hong Kong Certified Public Accountant and a U.S. licensed practice Certified Public Accountant.

Mr. Li Li, aged 48, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in February 2014, he is a Senior Engineer and qualified Senior Project Manager. Mr. Li Li joined the Company in October 2010 and is currently an executive vice president of the Company. Mr. Li Li graduated from Xian Jiaotong University in mechanical engineering and is currently undertaking PhD study in engineering at School of Environment, Tsinghua University. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Li Li was a senior engineer, a technical quality director and vice president of the First Design & Research Institute. Mr. Li Li served as various key positions of 北京桑德環保集團有限公司 (Beijing Sound Environmental Group Company Limited*) from 2001 to 2010. He has extensive experience in investment, construction and operation in water industry.

DIRECTORS (Continued)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant ("Mr. Shea"), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in April 2002. He is also the chairman of audit committee of the Company. Mr. Shea graduated from Monash University of Australia with a bachelor's degree in business and later graduated from Jinan University of China with a master degree in Public Finance (Taxation). He is also a fellow member of CPA Australia, a member of Chartered Institute of Management Accountants of United Kingdom, Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountant, Chartered Global Management Accountant and Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Also, Mr. Shea is a Certified Tax Adviser of Hong Kong. Mr. Shea currently serves as financial controller of a main board listed company in Hong Kong. Mr. Shea has been working as a company secretary and qualified accountant in various Hong Kong main board listed companies for many years. He has substantial experience as a financial controller of listed companies.

Mr. Zhang Gaobo, aged 49, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in May 2008. He is also a member of each of the audit committee and the nomination committee and chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company. He obtained a bachelor's degree in science from Henan University in 1985 and later graduated from Peking University with a master's degree in Economics in 1988. From 1988 to 1991, he was a deputy chief of the policy division of the Hainan Provincial Government. From 1991 to 1993, he was the deputy chief of Financial Markets Administration Committee of PBOC Hainan Branch. From 1992 to 1994, he was the chairman of Hainan Stock Exchange Centre. Since 1993, he has been a founding partner and chief executive officer of Oriental Patron Financial Group and is responsible for its overall general management and business development. He is also an executive director and the chief executive officer of OP Financial Investments Limited (stock code: 1140), a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and a non-executive director of Vimetco N.V., a company listed on the London Stock Exchange.

Mr. Guo Rui ("Mr. Guo"), aged 46, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in May 2008. He is also a member of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Guo is the president of Paragon Investment Co. Ltd., an investment management organisation that invests in real estate, clean energy, healthcare and pharmaceutics, biotechnology, financial institutes, mining and manufacturing sectors. Mr. Guo was a former senior consultant of Arthur Andersen LLC from 1999 to 2001. Mr. Guo holds a bachelor's degree of computer science (or engineering) from Peking University and a master degree of computer engineering from Northwestern University, U.S.A.

Ms. Hang Shijun ("Ms. Hang"), aged 72, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in August 2008. She graduated from the Beijing Industrial University majored in Water Supply and Drainage in 1963 and then worked in Beijing Municipal Planning Authority (北京市規劃管理局) from 1963 to 1965. During the period from 1983 to 1985, Ms. Hang studied in department of environmental & sanitary engineering, graduate school of engineering (currently known as department of environmental engineering, graduate school of engineering) in Kyoto University in Japan. Ms. Hang has been working in the Beijing General Municipal Engineering Design & Research Institute Co., Ltd. (北京市市政工程設計研究總院有限公司) since 1966, served as various positions such as head of design department, chief engineer of design department and vice chief engineer of the institute, and is now the chief technology officer of its project center. Ms. Hang is an expert in sewage treatment, solid wastes treatment and disposal as well as recycled water (reused water) technology and project.

DIRECTORS (Continued)

Independent non-executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. Wang Kaijun ("Mr. Wang"), aged 53, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in August 2008. Mr. Wang holds a Doctor degree from the Environmental Technology Department of the Wageningen Agricultural University in the Netherlands. Mr. Wang was previously appointed as the chief engineer of Beijing Municipal Environmental Protection Technology Research Centre (北京市環境保護科學研究院). He is now working as a professor in School of Environment, Tsinghua University (清華大學環境學院), a member of Committee of Science and Technology Management and Evaluation. Mr. Wang has been engaged and experienced in the relevant research, development and industrialisation of sewage pollution control technologies and the evaluation of policy-making over the years. Mr. Wang has unique and innovative opinions on the academic study and has made many achievements and demonstration cases on the hydrolysis-aerobic process theory, aerobic and anaerobic reactor theory and design, development and application of sewage sludge treatment and disposal technologies, planning and management of state environment protection administration system, etc. Mr. Wang also developed the research fields on municipal sewage hydrolysis-aerobic treatment process, high performance anaerobic reactors, sewage sludge treatment and disposal, livestock dejection treatment and rural environmental protection in mainland China.

Mr. Yu Ning ("Mr. Yu"), aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in December 2012. Mr. Yu is a qualified PRC lawyer. Mr. Yu graduated from the law department of Peking University with a bachelor degree in 1983 and obtained a master degree specialising in economic law from the law department of Peking University in 1996. Mr. Yu is a member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. Mr. Yu was previously the president of All China Lawyers Association. Mr. Yu served as principal lawyer at Beijing Times Highland Law Firm, part-time professor at Peking University and mentor of master postgraduates at the Law School of Tsinghua University. He is an independent director of each of Bank of Beijing Co., Ltd. (Stock Code: 601169) and China CSSC Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 600150), and was an independent director of Sinolink Securities Co., Ltd. (Stock Code 600109), all of which are listed on The Shanghai Stock Exchange. He is also an independent director of each of United Mechanical and Electrical Co., Ltd. (Stock Code: 000925) and BOE Technology Group Co., Ltd. * (Stock Code: 000725), both of which are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange. Mr. Yu is also an independent non-executive director of Intime Retail (Group) Company Limited (formerly known as Intime Department Store (Group) Company Limited) (Stock Code: 1833) and was an independent non-executive director of Huaneng Power International, Inc. (Stock Code: 902), both are companies listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

^{*} For identification purpose only

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is engaged in investment holding, and the principal subsidiaries are engaged in, where applicable, the construction of sewage and reclaimed water treatment and seawater desalination plants, and provision of construction services for comprehensive renovation projects in China and Malaysia; provision of sewage and reclaimed water treatment services in China and Portugal; distribution and sales of piped water in China and Portugal; the provision of technical and consultancy services that are related to sewage treatment and construction comprehensive renovation projects in China; and the licensing of technical know-how that is related to sewage treatment in China. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 20 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2013 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 65 to 206. An interim distribution of HK2.5 cents per ordinary share was paid on 11 October 2013. The Board recommended to make final distribution of HK2.7 cents per share out of the contributed surplus of the Company to shareholders of the Company for their continuous supports to the Company. This recommendation is subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The final distribution will be paid on or around 11 June 2014.

CLOSURES OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For Annual General Meeting

The register of members will be closed from Wednesday, 21 May 2014 to Friday, 23 May 2014 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 23 May 2014, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, 26/F., Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong ** for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 20 May 2014.

For Entitlement to Proposed Final Distribution

The register of members will be closed from Thursday, 29 May 2014 to Friday, 30 May 2014 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for entitlement to the proposed final distribution, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, 26/F., Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong** for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 28 May 2014. Subject to the approval of shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the proposed final distribution will be paid on or around 11 June 2014.

** The address of Tricor Tengis Limited will be changed to Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong with effect from 31 March 2014.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results, assets and liabilities and equity of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2013, is set out on pages 207 to 208. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totalling RM125,000 and RMB605,000, equivalent to approximately HK\$1,074,000 in aggregate.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the five largest customers of the Group together accounted for 42% of the Group's revenue and aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 43% of the Group's total purchases for the year. Sales to the largest customer accounted for 19% of the Group's revenue and purchases from the largest supplier accounted for 20% of the Group's purchases.

During the year, none of the Directors, an associate of the Director or a shareholder of the Company which (to the best knowledge of the Directors) owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital, had a beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year, together with the reasons therefor, are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 33(b) to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

At 31 December 2013, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders amounted to HK\$7,887,614,000.

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the Company's contributed surplus account is available for distribution to the shareholders of the Company. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of these reserves if:

- (a) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (b) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Honghai (*Chairman*)
Mr. E Meng (*Vice Chairman*)
Mr. Jiang Xinhao
Mr. Hu Xiaoyong (*Chief Executive Officer*)
Mr. Zhou Min
Mr. Li Haifeng
Mr. Zhang Tiefu
Mr. Hou Feng (*resigned on 3 September 2013*)
Ms. Qi Xiaohong
Mr. Ke Jian
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric
Mr. Li Li (*appointed on 26 February 2014*)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant Mr. Zhang Gaobo Mr. Guo Rui Ms. Hang Shijun Mr. Wang Kaijun Mr. Yu Ning

In accordance with Bye-law 99(B), Mr. Zhou Min, Mr. Zhang Tiefu, Ms. Qi Xiaohong, Mr. Ke Jian, Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant and Mr. Zhang Gaobo shall retire by rotation from office as directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

In accordance with Bye-law 91, Mr. Li Li shall retire from office as director at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, offer himself for re-election.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from each of the INEDs, and as at the date of this report still considers them to be independent.

BOARD CHANGES

Since the date of the Interim Report 2013 of the Company and up to the date of this annual report, there have been changes to the Board as follow:

Mr. Hon Feng resigned as an executive director of the Company with effect from 3 September 2013.

Mr. Li Li was appointed as an executive director of the Company with effect from 26 February 2014.

CHANGE IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Change in information on Directors since the date of the Interim Report 2013 of the Company and up to the date of this annual report, which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, is set out below:

Mr. Zhang Honghai was appointed as an executive director and the chairman of BEP International Holdings Limited (stock code: 2326) on 30 October 2013 and 28 February 2014 respectively. He ceased to serve as a director of Beijing Enterprises Group Company Limited in December 2013.

Mr. Ke Jian was appointed as an executive director of Beijing Development (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 154) on 29 August 2013.

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric was appointed as an independent non-executive director of GR Properties Limited (stock code: 108) on 17 February 2014.

Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant graduated from Jinan University of China with a master degree in Public Finance (Taxation) in 2013.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of the directors and the senior management of the Company are set out on pages 41 to 45 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

As from 1 April 2012, all Directors (including executive directors and INEDs) had entered into letters of appointment with the Company for a term of three years but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the byelaws of the Company.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Company's board of directors with reference to directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group as well as the recommendation of the remuneration committee.

Further details of the Company's remuneration committee are set out in the corporate governance report on page 37 of this annual report.

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

Directors' Interests in Shares, Underlying Shares or Debentures of the Company and its Associated Corporations As at 31 December 2013, the interests and short positions of the Directors in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Part XV of the SFO or the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers under the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

Long positions in the shares and/or underlying shares of the Company

Name of Directors	Personal interest	Family interest	Corporate interest	Other interest	Total	Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital (Note 2)
Mr. Hu Xiaoyong	100,000	-	618,012,566 <i>(Note 1)</i>	-	618,112,566	7.33%
Mr. Zhou Min	300,000	-	(Note 1) 618,012,566 (Note 1)	-	618,312,566	7.33%
Mr. Li Haifeng	400,000	_	-	-	400,000	0.0047%

Notes:

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1. Messrs. Hu Xiaoyong and Zhou Min, both being executive Directors at the date of this annual report, are interested in Tenson Investment Limited ("Tenson") as to 50.20% and 49.80%, respectively. Tenson holds 618,012,566 shares. The Company noted from the website of the Stock Exchange that BEHL and Tenson entered into a share charge agreement whereby Tenson agreed to charge mortgaged shares of 391,155,200 ordinary shares of the Company ("Mortgaged Shares") beneficially owned by Tenson in favour of BEHL as security for the provision of guarantee entered into by BEHL in favour of DBS Bank Ltd., Hong Kong Branch ("DBS") in respect of a loan facility granted to Tenson by DBS ("Guarantee").

2. The percentage represented the number of shares over the total issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2013 of 8,435,981,324 shares.

The interests of the Directors in the share options of the Company are separately disclosed in the section "Share Option Scheme" below.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2013, there were no interest or short position of the directors or chief executives of the Company in the shares, the underlying shares or debentures of the Company and any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), that are required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code or the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 28 June 2011, a new share option scheme (the "Scheme") is adopted by the shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company and terminated the old share option scheme adopted by the Company on 20 March 2002. The purpose of the Scheme is to provide incentives to the eligible participants to use their best endeavours in assisting the growth and the development of the Group and continue to attract human resources that are valuable to the growth and the development of the Group as a whole. The Scheme became effective on 28 June 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is 685,013,469, being an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue at the date of passing the resolution which the Scheme was adopted. The maximum number of ordinary shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's ordinary shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The Scheme does not specify a minimum period for which an option must be held nor a performance target which must be achieved before an option can be exercised. However, the directors of the Company may, at their discretion, fix any minimum period for which an option must be held, any performance targets that must be achieved and/or any other conditions (including the subscription price) that must be fulfilled before any option can be exercised.

The subscription price payable on exercise of share options is determinable by the Directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's ordinary share on the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's ordinary shares. The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meeting. The share options are nontransferable and lapsed when expired or the grantee ceased to be an employee of the Group pursuant to the terms of the Scheme.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

On 24 April 2013, the Company has granted certain eligible participants (the "Grantees") 400,000,000 share options (the "Share Options") to subscribe for an aggregate of 400,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the share capital of the Company under the Scheme. Movements of the Share Options under the Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2013 and up to the date of this annual report are as follows:

			Number of Sha	re Options					
Name/ Category of Participants	As at 1 January 2013	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	Cancelled	As at 31 Dec 2013	Grant Date	Exercisable Period	Exercise Price HK\$
Directors									
Hu Xiaoyong	-	12,800,000	-	-	-	12,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	_	12,800,000	_	-	-	12,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	12,800,000	_	-	-	12,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	12,800,000	_	-	-	12,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	_	12,800,000	-	-	-	12,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
		64,000,000	_	_	_	64,000,000			
Zhou Min	-	11,200,000	-	-	-	11,200,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	11,200,000	-	-	-	11,200,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	11,200,000	-	-	-	11,200,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	11,200,000	-	-	-	11,200,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
		11,200,000	-	-	-	11,200,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
		56,000,000	-	_	_	56,000,000			

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

_			Number of Sha	re Options					
Name/ Category of Participants	As at 1 January 2013	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	Cancelled	As at 31 Dec 2013	Grant Date	Exercisable Period	Exercise Price HK\$
Li Haifeng	-	5,800,000	-	_	-	5,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	5,800,000	-	-	-	5,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	5,800,000	-	-	-	5,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	5,800,000	-	-	-	5,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
_	-	5,800,000	-	-	-	5,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
-	-	29,000,000	_	_	_	29,000,000			
Hou Feng (resigned on 3 September 2013)	-	6,400,000	-	-	-	6,400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	6,400,000	-	-	-	6,400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	6,400,000	-	-	-	6,400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	6,400,000	-	-	-	6,400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
_	-	6,400,000	-	-	-	6,400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
-	_	32,000,000	_	_	-	32,000,000			
Tung Woon Cheung Eric	-	1,800,000	_	-	-	1,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	1,800,000	_	-	-	1,800,000	24/4/2013	23/4/2023 24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	1,800,000	_	-	-	1,800,000	24/4/2013	23/4/2023 24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	1,800,000	-	_	-	1,800,000	24/4/2013	23/4/2023 24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
-	-	1,800,000	-	-	-	1,800,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	_	9,000,000	-	_	-	9,000,000			

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

_			Number of Sha	re Options					
Name/ Category of	As at 1 January					As at 31 Dec		Exercisable	Exercise Price
Participants	2013	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	Cancelled	2013	Grant Date	Period	HK\$
Li Li (appointed on 26 February 2014)	-	3,840,000	-	-	-	3,840,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
,	-	3,840,000	_	-	-	3,840,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	3,840,000	_	-	-	3,840,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	3,840,000	_	-	-	3,840,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
_	-	3,840,000	-	-	-	3,840,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
-	-	19,200,000	-	-	-	19,200,000			
Shea Chun Lok Quadrant	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
_	-	400,000	-	-	_	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
_	-	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000			
Zhang Gaobo	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
_	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	_	2,000,000	-	_	_	2,000,000			

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

			Number of Sha	re Options					
Name/ Category of Participants	As at 1 January 2013	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	Cancelled	As at 31 Dec 2013	Grant Date	Exercisable Period	Exercise Price HK\$
Guo Rui	-	400,000	-	_	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	_	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	_	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
		400,000	_	_	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
		2,000,000	_	_	-	2,000,000			
Hang Shijun	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
		2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000			
Wang Kaijun	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	_	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	_	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	_	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
		2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000			
Sub-total		219,200,000	-	-	-	219,200,000			

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

			Number of Shar	e Options					
Name/ Category of Participants	As at 1 January 2013	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	Cancelled	As at 31 Dec 2013	Grant Date	Exercisable Period	Exercise Price HK\$
Employees									
In aggregate	-	36,160,000	-	-	-	36,160,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2014 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	36,160,000	-	-	-	36,160,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2015 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	36,160,000	-	-	-	36,160,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2016 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	36,160,000	-	-	-	36,160,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2017 – 23/4/2023	2.244
	-	36,160,000	-	-	-	36,160,000	24/4/2013	24/4/2018 – 23/4/2023	2.244
		180,800,000	_	-	-	180,800,000			
Sub-total		180,800,000	_	_	_	180,800,000			
Total	-	400,000,000	-	-	-	400,000,000			

The Directors have estimated the values of the Share Options using the Black-Scholes model which is a generally accepted method of valuing options. The measurement date used in the valuation calculations was the date on which the Share Options were granted. Further details of the Share Options are disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements.

The values of Share Options calculated using the Black-Scholes model are subject to certain fundamental limitations, due to the subjective nature of and uncertainty relating to a number of assumptions of the expected future performance input to the model, and certain inherent limitations of the model itself. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change to the variables used may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of an option.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any of the directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES

Save as disclosed under the heading "Directors' Interests in Shares, Underlying Shares or Debentures of the Company and its Associated Corporations", at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debenture of the Company granted to any director or their respective spouse or children under the age of 18, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors of the Company to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2013, so far as was known to the directors or chief executives of the Company, the following persons (not being a director or chief executive of the Company) had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

Long position in the shares and/or underlying shares of the Company

Name of Shareholders	Capacity in which shares were held	Long position in the shares	Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital (Note 5)
Beijing Enterprises Group	Interest of controlled corporation	3,824,367,831	45.33%
Company Limited <i>(Notes 1, 2 & 3)</i>	Security Interest	391,155,200	4.64%
BEHL (Notes 1, 2 & 3)	Interest of controlled corporation	3,824,367,831	45.33%
	Security Interest	391,155,200	4.64%
Tenson (Notes 2 & 4)	Beneficial owner	618,012,566	7.33%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

(Continued)

Long position in the shares and/or underlying shares of the Company (Continued) Notes:

1. Beijing Enterprises Group Company Limited is deemed to be interested in 3,824,367,831 shares as a result of its indirect holding of such shares through the following entities including its wholly-owned subsidiaries:-

Name	Long position in shares
BE Environmental	3,824,367,831
BEHL	3,824,367,831
Beijing Enterprises Group (BVI) Company Limited	3,824,367,831
Beijing Enterprises Group Company Limited	3,824,367,831

BE Environmental beneficially holds 3,824,367,831 shares of the Company. BE Environmental is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BEHL, which is in turn directly held as to approximately 40.10% by Beijing Enterprises Group (BVI) Company Limited, and which is in turn held as to 100% by Beijing Enterprises Group Company Limited.

- 2. The Company noted from the website of the Stock Exchange that BEHL and Tenson entered into a share charge agreement whereby Tenson agreed to charge the Mortgaged Shares beneficially owned by Tenson in favour of BEHL as security for the provision of the Guarantee.
- 3. The long positions held by Beijing Enterprises Group Company Limited and BEHL include: (i) the 3,824,367,831 Shares as described in Note 1 above; and (ii) 391,155,200 Mortgaged Shares as described in Note 2 above. Beijing Enterprises Group Company Limited is deemed to be interested in 391,155,200 Mortgaged Shares as its indirect holding of shares of BEHL as described in Note 1 above.
- 4. The share capital of Tenson is beneficially owned as to approximately 50.20% by Mr. Hu Xiaoyong and as to approximately 49.80% by Mr. Zhou Min, both being executive Directors at the date of this report.
- 5. The percentage represented the number of shares over the total issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2013 of 8,435,981,324 shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2013, the Company had not been notified by any persons (other than the directors or the chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

PURCHASE, SALE AND REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2013, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument of each of Directors and the employees of the Group is on the basis of their merit, qualification, competence and experience in the industry, the profitability of the Group as well as remuneration benchmarks from other local and international companies and prevailing market conditions. Directors and employees also participate in bonus arrangements which are determined in accordance with the performance of the Group and the individual's performance.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group entered into certain activities with parties regarded as "Related Parties" under applicable accounting principles. These mainly relate to the activities in the ordinary course of the Group's business and were negotiated on normal commercial terms and an arm's length basis. Certain transactions set out in note 50 to the financial statements are connected transactions as defined under the Listing Rules and were exempt and complied with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Rule 14A.45 of the Listing Rules are provided in the paragraph headed "Connected Transactions" as identified below.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

On 26 September 2012, the Company, along with its certain of its subsidiaries (the "Purchasers") entered into the master agreement ("Master Agreement") with BEHL and certain of its subsidiaries (the "Vendors") in respect of acquisitions of the following assets namely, (i) the estimated future net cash income (after deducting all state and local taxes in the PRC and operating costs) generated from the service concession arrangement on the water purification and treatment operation of the Phase 1 of No. 9 water treatment plant in Beijing for the six years ending 31 December 2018; (ii) the entire equity interest in 濰坊北控水務有限公司 (Beijing Enterprises Water (Weifang) Company Limited*) which is engaged in a service concession arrangement on water supply in Shandong Province, the PRC; (iii) the entire equity interest in Beijing Enterprises Water Company Limited, an investment holding company holding an investment in a joint venture which is engaged in a service concession arrangement on water supply in Beijing (asset (i), (ii) & (iii) hereinafter collectively referred as to "Proposed Assets Injection"); and (iv) a 90% equity interest in 北控水務集團 (海南)有限公司 (Beijing Enterprises Water Group (Hainan) Company Limited*), which is principally engaged in sewage treatment operation in Hainan Province, the PRC (hereinafter referred as to "Proposed BE Water (Hainan) Transfer"). The total consideration of HK\$1,258,433,558 in respect of the above acquisitions was satisfied by way of the issuance of 776,810,838 ordinary shares of the Company at HK\$1.62 per share to BE Environmental, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BEHL.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Since the Vendors are connected persons of the Company as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and the Master Agreement and the Proposed Asset Injection and Proposed BE Water (Hainan) Transfer contemplated therein constitute connected transactions of the Company and are subject to the reporting and announcement requirements and the independent shareholders' approval requirement pursuant to the Listing Rules. This transaction had been approved by independent shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting held on 18 December 2012, details of which are disclosed in compliance with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and can be found on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Under the Master Agreement, as consideration for the Proposed Asset Injection, 658,357,748 shares at HK\$1.62 per share were allotted and issued to BE Environmental upon the completion took place on 5 February 2013. As consideration for the Proposed BE Water (Hainan) Transfer, 118,453,090 shares at HK\$1.62 per share were allotted and issued to BE Environmental upon its completion took place on 24 May 2013.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS ON CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

As at the date of this report, details of the agreements (the "Agreement(s)") with covenants relating to specific performance of the controlling shareholder which constitute disclosure obligation pursuant to Rules 13.18 and 13.21 of the Listing Rules are as follows:

		Aggregate amount		Specific performance
Date of the Agreement(s)	Nature of the Agreement(s)	(million)	Final Maturity	obligations
28 March 2011	Term loan facility with a syndicate of banks	HK\$1,300	March 2016	Note 1
18 April 2011	Term loan facility with a syndicate of banks	HK\$700	March 2016	Note 1
24 June 2011	Subscription agreement for issuance of bonds Subscription agreement for issuance of bonds	RMB1,000 RMB450	June 2014 June 2016	Note 2 Note 2
8 September 2011	Term loan facility with a bank	HK\$250	September 2015	Note 1
30 September 2011	Subscription agreement for issuance of bonds Subscription agreement for issuance of bonds	RMB450 RMB50	June 2014 June 2016	Note 2 Note 2

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS ON CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER (Continued)

Date of the Agreement(s)	Nature of the Agreement(s)	Aggregate amount (million)	Final Maturity	Specific performance obligations
1 March 2012	Term loan facility with a bank	RMB950	March 2015	Note 1
21 December 2012	Term loan facility with a bank	US\$175	December 2017	Note 1
26 April 2013	Subscription agreement for issuance of bonds	US\$500	May 2018	Note 2
8 November 2013	Note purchase agreement with an institutional investor	RMB2,000	November 2022	Note 2

Notes:

1. BEHL owns, directly or indirectly, at least 35% of the beneficial shareholding carrying at least 35% of voting rights in the Company.

2. (i) BEHL owns or controls more than 35% of the voting rights of the issued share capital of the Company, whether directly or indirectly, and whether obtained by ownership of share capital, the possession of voting rights, contract or otherwise; (ii) BEHL supervises the Company; (iii) BEHL is directly or indirectly, the single largest shareholder of the Company; and/or (iv) the nominees of BEHL comprise the majority of the members of the Board.

According to the respective terms and conditions of the Agreements, breach of the above specific performance obligations will constitute events of default. If an event of default occurs, (a) the bank or syndicate of banks may declare any commitment under the Agreements to be cancelled and/or declare all outstanding amounts together with interest accrued thereon and all others sums to be immediately due and payable or payable on demand; or (b) holders of the bonds or notes will have right at their options to require the Company to redeem all but not some only of that holders' bonds or notes at 101% of their respective principal amounts together with accrued interest.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining the quality of corporate governance so as to ensure better transparency of the Company, protection of shareholders' and stakeholders' rights and enhance shareholder value. In the opinion of the board of directors of the Company, the Company had complied with all code provisions set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix 14 of Rules Governing the Listing Rules during the financial year ended 31 December 2013 and up to the date of publication of this annual report, except as disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of the directors, all of the directors have complied with, for any part of the accounting period covered by this annual report, the required standard set out in the Model Code.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of the significant events after the reporting period of the Group are set out in note 53 to the financial statements.

APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 were approved by the board of directors on 27 March 2014.

On behalf of the Board

Zhang Honghai CHAIRMAN

Hong Kong 27 March 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



Ernst & Young 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong

安永會計師事務所 香港中環添美道1號 中信大廈22樓 Tel 電話: +852 2846 9888 Fax 傳真: +852 2868 4432 ey.com

To the shareholders of Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 65 to 206, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2013, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2013, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 27 March 2014

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

Year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
REVENUE	6	6,406,455	3,727,379
Cost of sales		(3,900,867)	(2,290,350)
Gross profit		2,505,588	1,437,029
Interest income	6	434,427	467,546
Other income and gains, net	6	199,727	193,877
Administrative expenses		(774,576)	(439,575)
Other operating expenses, net		(187,525)	(127,396)
PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	7	2,177,641	1,531,481
Finance costs	8	(788,111)	(494,290)
Share of profits and losses of:			
Joint ventures	21(e)	84,515	56,011
Associates	22(c)	23,115	(1,409)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		1,497,160	1,091,793
Income tax	11	(351,762)	(224,643)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1,145,398	867,150
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:			
Shareholders of the Company	12	1,084,257	750,474
Non-controlling interests		61,141	116,676
		1,145,398	867,150
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY	14		
Basic and diluted		HK13.98 cents	HK10.86 cents

Details of the cash distributions out of contributed surplus account declared and proposed for the year are disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year ended 31 December 2013

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	1,145,398	867,150
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)		
Item to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods – Exchange		
differences on translation of foreign operations	315,486	(5,588)
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
 Share of other comprehensive income of a joint venture 	11,636	6,973
- Fair value gain on revaluation of a portion of a building upon transfer to		
investment property, net of deferred tax of HK\$4,996,000	14,989	
Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in	00.005	6 0 7 0
subsequent periods	26,625	6,973
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TAX	342,111	1,385
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	1,487,509	868,535
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:		
Shareholders of the Company	1,351,534	751,350
Non-controlling interests	135,975	117,185
	1,487,509	868,535

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
ASSETS			
Non-current assets:			
Property, plant and equipment	15	378,641	527,549
Investment property	16	52,152	-
Goodwill	17	2,512,862	1,762,151
Operating concessions	18	2,522,985	973,357
Other intangible assets	19	25,787	17,295
Investments in joint ventures	21	2,898,072	2,317,740
Investments in associates	22	126,700	100,867
Available-for-sale investments	23	3,039	7,094
Amounts due from contract customers	26	5,360,692	2,761,981
Receivables under service concession arrangements	18	11,779,143	6,469,498
Trade and bills receivables	27	53,090	97,225
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	28	3,173,449	2,547,230
Deferred tax assets	40	87,818	28,690
Total non-current assets		28,974,430	17,610,677
Current assets:			
Land held for sale	24	1,091,317	1,077,403
Inventories	25	55,355	30,453
Amounts due from contract customers	26	26,970	31,637
Receivables under service concession arrangements	18	1,106,884	382,464
Trade and bills receivables	27	2,037,987	2,385,500
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	28	5,323,645	5,395,988
Restricted cash and pledged deposits	30	57,047	84,892
Cash and cash equivalents	30	5,513,035	4,290,866
Total current assets		15,212,240	13,679,203
TOTAL ASSETS		44,186,670	31,289,880

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company			
Issued capital	31	843,598	690,917
Reserves	33(a)(i)	12,454,033	7,776,207
		13,297,631	8,467,124
Non-controlling interests		2,626,811	2,264,369
TOTAL EQUITY		15,924,442	10,731,493
Non-current liabilities:			
Other payables and accruals	42	475,919	233,217
Bank and other borrowings	34	8,294,065	6,593,424
Corporate bonds	35	4,486,411	2,394,530
Notes payable	36	2,522,527	1,476,567
Finance lease payable	37	5,862	12,928
Provision for major overhauls	38	197,760	221,643
Deferred income	39	66,684	80,785
Deferred tax liabilities	40	562,172	287,010
Total non-current liabilities		16,611,400	11,300,104
Current liabilities:			
Trade and bills payables	41	2,755,396	1,919,238
Other payables and accruals	42	4,565,940	4,269,166
Income tax payables		342,038	252,802
Bank and other borrowings	34	2,147,521	2,810,313
Corporate bonds	35	1,832,540	-
Finance lease payable	37	7,393	6,764
Total current liabilities		11,650,828	9,258,283
TOTAL LIABILITIES		28,262,228	20,558,387
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		44,186,670	31,289,880

Zhang Honghai Director Hu Xiaoyong Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2013

	Attributable to shareholders of the Company													
		Issued capital	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Share option	Capital	Property revaluation	Defined benefit plan	Exchange fluctuation	PRC reserve funds	Retained profits	Total	Non- controlling interests	Tota equity
	Notes	сарітаї <i>НК\$'000</i>	account <i>HK\$'000</i>	surpius HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000 (note 33(a)(ii))	reserve <i>HK\$'000</i>	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	HK\$'000 (note 33(a)(iii))	pronts <i>HK\$'000</i>	iotai HK\$'000	HK\$'000	equity HK\$'000
At 1 January 2012		690,917	5,809,534	(400)	-	(256,351)	-	(7,370)	487,447	191,874	1,166,338	8,081,989	1,628,892	9,710,881
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year: Exchange differences on translation of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	750,474	750,474	116,676	867,150
foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,097)	-	-	(6,097)	509	(5,588
a joint venture		_	-	-	-	-	_	6,973	-	_	-	6,973	_	6,973
Total comprehensive income/(loss)														
for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	6,973	(6,097)	-	750,474	751,350	117,185	868,535
Reduction of share premium account	33(b)(ii)	-	(5,809,534)	5,570,203	-	-	-	-	-	-	239,331	-	-	
Acquisition of subsidiaries	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	502,376	502,376
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	(10,348)	-	-	-	-	-	(10,348)	(13,465)	(23,813
Capital contributions from														
non-controlling equity holders		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,233	31,233
Share of reserves of joint ventures		-	-	-	-	(10,409)	-	-	-	-	-	(10,409)	-	(10,409
Dividend paid to a non-controlling														
equity holder		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,852)	(1,852
Final 2011 cash distributions		-	-	(207,275)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(207,275)	-	(207,275
Interim 2012 cash distributions		-	-	(138,183)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(138,183)	-	(138,183
Transfer to reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58,564	(58,564)	-	-	-
At 31 December 2012		690,917	_*	5,224,345*	_*	(277,108)*	_*	(397)*	481,350*	250,438*	2,097,579*	8,467,124	2,264,369	10,731,493

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2013

		Attributable to shareholders of the Company												
	-		Share		Share		Property	Defined	Exchange	PRC			Non-	
	Notes	Issued capital <i>HK\$'000</i>	premium account <i>HK\$'000</i>	Contributed surplus <i>HK\$'000</i>	option reserve HK\$'000 (note 33(a)(ii))	Capital reserve <i>HK\$'000</i>	revaluation reserve <i>HK\$'000</i>	benefit plan reserve <i>HK\$'000</i>	fluctuation reserve <i>HK\$'000</i>	reserve funds <i>HK\$'000</i> (<i>note 33(a)</i> (iii))	Retained profits <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>	controlling interests <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total equity <i>HK\$'000</i>
														A
At 1 January 2013		690,917	-	5,224,345	-	(277,108)	-	(397)	481,350	250,438	2,097,579	8,467,124	2,264,369	10,731,493
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,084,257	1,084,257	61,141	1,145,398
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	240,652	-	-	240,652	74,834	315,486
a joint venture Fair value gain on revaluation of a portion of a building upon transfer to		-	-	-	-	-	-	11,636	-	-	-	11,636	-	11,636
investment property		-	-	-	-	-	14,989	-	-	-	-	14,989	-	14,989
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	14,989	11,636	240,652	-	1,084,257	1,351,534	135,975	1,487,509
Equity-settled share option arrangements	32	-	-	-	105,764	-	-	-	-	-	-	105,764	-	105,764
Share placements	31(b)	75,000	2,221,645	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	2,296,645	-	2,296,645
Acquisition of a receivable	31(a)(i)	60,660	939,803	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,463	-	1,000,463
Acquisition of subsidiaries	31(a)(ii), 44	17,021	413,344	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	430,365	587,928	1,018,293
Acquisition of a non-controlling interest		-	-	-	-	(7,391)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,391)	(266,082)	(273,473
Disposal of subsidiaries	45	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	(123,567)	(123,567
Deregistration of a subsidiary Capital contributions from		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,407)	(5,407)
non-controlling equity holders		-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,595	33,595
Share of reserves of joint ventures		-	-	_	-	(1,003)	_	-	-	-	-	(1,003)		(1,003)
Final 2012 cash distributions		-	-	(153,720)	-	(21000)	_	-	-	-	-	(153,720)	-	(153,720)
Interim 2013 cash distributions		_	_	(192,150)	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	(192,150)	-	(192,150)
Transfer to reserves		-	=	-	-	-	=	-	-	125,873	(125,873)	-	-	-
At 31 December 2013		843,598	3,574,792*	4,878,475*	105,764*	(285,502)*	14,989*	11,239*	722,002*	376,311*	3,055,963*	13,297,631	2,626,811	15,924,442

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$12,454,033,000 (2012: HK\$7,776,207,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year ended 31 December 2013

2013 Notes HK\$'000 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax 1.497.160 Adjustments for: Bank interest income 6 (42, 193)Imputed interest income on trade and bills receivables with 6 (110.840)extended credit periods Interest income from non-controlling equity holders of subsidiaries 6 (47, 998)Interest income on loans to joint ventures 6 (2,901)Interest income on loans to government authorities 6 (230, 495)in Mainland China Imputed interest income on an interest-free loan to a joint venture partner 6 Fair value gain on investment property 6 (16, 962)Gains on bargain purchase of subsidiaries 6 (25,321) Gains on disposal of interests in subsidiaries 6 (64,707) Gains on disposal of joint ventures 6 (9,735)Gain on remeasurement of a pre-existing interest in a joint venture 6 Gain on disposal of land held for sale 67777 (5.564)Loss/(gain) on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment, net (62) 33.983 Depreciation Amortisation of operating concessions 87.044 Amortisation of other intangible assets 1,226 Impairment of receivables under service 7777 concession arrangements, net 32,936 Impairment of trade and bills receivables, net 6.011 Impairment of other receivables, net 75.565 Impairment of an amount due from a contract customer 25,401 7 Write-off of an amount due from a related party 38 Provision for major overhauls 68,683 Write-back of provision for major overhauls arising from 38 (172, 345)a change in accounting estimate 32 105,764 Equity-settled share option expense Finance costs 8 797,331 21 Share of profits and losses of joint ventures (84,515) Share of profits and losses of associates 22 (23, 115)1.894,351 Operating profit before working capital changes Decrease in land held for sale 17,937 (4,740) Increase in inventories Increase in amounts due from contract customers (2,536,564)(1,079,124)Increase in receivables under service concession arrangements (917,551) (1, 192, 950)Decrease in trade and bills receivables 714,355 Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables (1,327,879) 73,446 Increase/(decrease) in trade and bills payables 690,539 Increase/(decrease) in other payables and accruals (690, 631)Cash used in operations (758, 858)

Mainland China income tax paid (153, 880)(67, 683)Malaysia corporate tax paid (10,445) (2,930)(12, 446)Portugal corporate tax paid Net cash flows used in operating activities (935, 629)(427, 342)

2012

HK\$'000

1.091.793

(34, 911)

(129.021)

(68.036)

(12, 522)

(212,707)

(10, 349)

(12.692)

(23, 484)

25.232

43.524

10,063

1.772

1.608

9.523

49,343

509,115

(56,011) 1,409

(5, 106)

1,185,223

1,666,996

(162,283)

558,394

(356, 729)

_

589

985

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF **CASH FLOWS**

Year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment Purchases of operating concessions Purchases of other intangible assets Acquisition of subsidiaries Disposal of subsidiaries Investment deposits paid for the acquisition of subsidiaries Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of and increase in investments in joint ventures Increase in investments in associates Acquisition of a non-controlling interest Increase in loans to a joint venture Decrease/(increase) in time deposits with maturity of more than three months when acquired Decrease in restricted cash and pledged deposits	15 18 19 44 45	(41,898) (18,518) (9,274) (2,105,663) (92,790) (489,496) 6,972 (63,291) (2,532) (53,383) (16,672) (40,891) 27,845	(38,449) (62,487) (7,980) (134,111) - (248,625) (100,000) (23,813) (6,400) 19,553 7,475
Interest received Net cash flows used in investing activities		42,193 (2,857,398)	34,911 (559,926)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions from non-controlling equity holders Issue of a note payable Repayment of a note payable Issue of a corporate bond New Ioans Repayment of Ioans Proceeds from issue of new ordinary shares Capital element of finance lease rental payments Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments Distributions paid Dividend paid to a non-controlling equity holder Decrease/(increase) in bank deposits that require approval of a bank for any withdrawal in excess of a threshold	31(b) 30(c)	33,595 2,534,885 (1,513,948) 3,856,556 1,994,374 (3,179,522) 2,296,645 (6,764) (788,556) (1,077) (345,870) – 544,683	31,233 1,476,567 - 4,025,803 (1,406,686) (502,944) (1,167) (345,458) (1,852) (645,966)
Net cash flows from financing activities		5,425,001	2,623,214
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		1,631,974 3,639,962 93,987	1,635,946 1,923,277 80,739
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		5,365,923	3,639,962
 ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position Less: Time deposits with maturity of more than three months when acquired Less: Bank deposits that require approval of a bank for any withdrawal in excess of a threshold 	30 30(c)	5,513,035 (45,829) (101,283)	4,290,866 (4,938) (645,966)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of cash flows		5,365,923	3,639,962

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
ASSETS			
Non-current assets: Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries Investments in joint ventures Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	15 20 21 28	589 10,066,122 1,282,778 1,570,295	808 8,659,389 1,282,778 1,100,577
Total non-current assets		12,919,784	11,043,552
Current assets: Trade and bills receivables Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	27 28 30	22,104 7,588,294 1,806,617	21,432 4,221,141 384,397
Total current assets		9,417,015	4,626,970
TOTAL ASSETS		22,336,799	15,670,522
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity: Issued capital Reserves	31 33(b)	843,598 7,993,378	690,917 5,025,899
TOTAL EQUITY		8,836,976	5,716,816
Non-current liabilities: Bank and other borrowings Corporate bonds Notes payable	34 35 36	3,631,253 629,855 -	3,393,136 2,394,530 1,476,567
Total non-current liabilities		4,261,108	7,264,233
Current liabilities: Trade payables Other payables and accruals Bank and other borrowings Corporate bonds	41 42 34 35	398 7,250,701 155,076 1,832,540	388 1,336,789 1,352,296
Total current liabilities		9,238,715	2,689,473
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,499,823	9,953,706
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		22,336,799	15,670,522

Zhang Honghai Director Hu Xiaoyong Director

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1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda and shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

During the year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") were involved in the following principal activities:

- construction of sewage and reclaimed water treatment and seawater desalination plants, and provision of construction services for comprehensive renovation projects in mainland ("Mainland China") of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Malaysia
- provision of sewage and reclaimed water treatment services in Mainland China and the Portuguese Republic ("Portugal")
- distribution and sale of piped water in Mainland China and Portugal
- provision of technical and consultancy services that are related to sewage treatment and construction services for comprehensive renovation projects in Mainland China
- licensing of technical know-how that is related to sewage treatment in Mainland China

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Basis of presentation

Despite that the Group had capital commitments of approximately HK\$9.7 billion (comprising the Group's capital commitments and the Group's share of the joint ventures' and associates' own capital commitments) in aggregate as at 31 December 2013 as detailed in note 49 to the financial statements, the directors consider that the Group will have adequate funds available to enable it to operate as a going concern, based on the Group's profit forecast and cash flow projection which, inter alia, take into account the historical operating performance of the Group and the following:

- (a) the existing banking facilities available to the Group as at the date of approval of these financial statements and on the assumption that such facilities will continue to be available from the Group's bankers;
- (b) Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited ("BEHL"), a substantial beneficial owner of the Company, has the intention to maintain directly or indirectly of not less than 40% equity interest in the Company in the foreseeable future; and
- (c) certain of the above-mentioned total capital commitments are expected to be fulfilled by the Group after 2014 with reference to the terms of respective agreements and the current status of the projects.

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2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Basis of presentation (Continued)

Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes, among other things, the realisation of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

3.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investment property which has been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2013. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the shareholders of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described in the accounting policy for subsidiaries below. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

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3.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

HKFRS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong
	Financial Reporting Standards – Government Loans
HKFRS 7 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments:
	Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and	Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12
HKFRS 12 Amendments	– Transition Guidance
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement
HKAS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
	– Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income
HKAS 19 (2011)	Employee Benefits
HKAS 27 (2011)	Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
HK(IFRIC)-Int 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine
Annual Improvements	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in June 2012
2009-2011 Cycle	

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of HKFRS 12, HKFRS 13, HKAS 1 Amendments and certain amendments included in *Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle*, the adoption of the new and revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

The principal effects of adopting these new and revised HKFRSs are as follows:

(a) HKFRS 12 sets out the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities previously included in HKAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*, HKAS 31 *Interests in Joint Ventures* and HKAS 28 *Investments in Associates*. It also introduces a number of new disclosure requirements for these entities. Details of the disclosures for subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are included in notes 20, 21 and 22 to the financial statements.

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3.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

- (b) HKFRS 13 provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across HKFRSs. The standard does not change the circumstances in which the Group is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how fair value should be applied where its use is already required or permitted under other HKFRSs. HKFRS 13 is applied prospectively and the adoption has had no material impact on the Group's fair value measurements. Additional disclosures required by HKFRS 13 for the fair value measurements of investment property and financial instruments are included in notes 16 and 51 to the financial statements.
- (c) The HKAS 1 Amendments change the grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income. Items that could be reclassified (or recycled) to profit or loss at a future point in time (for example, exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net movement on cash flow hedges and net loss or gain on available-for-sale financial assets) are presented separately from items which will never be reclassified (for example, the revaluation of land and buildings). The amendments have affected the presentation only and have had no impact on the financial position or performance of the Group. The consolidated statement of comprehensive income has been restated to reflect the changes. In addition, the Group has chosen to use the new title "statement of profit or loss" as introduced by the amendments in these financial statements.
- (d) Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle issued in June 2012 sets out amendments to a number of standards. There are separate transitional provisions for each standard. While the adoption of some of the amendments may result in changes in accounting policies, none of these amendments have had a significant financial impact on the Group. Details of the key amendments most applicable to the Group are as follows:
 - HKAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*: Clarifies the difference between voluntary additional comparative information and the minimum required comparative information. Generally, the minimum required comparative period is the previous period. An entity must include comparative information in the related notes to the financial statements when it voluntarily provides comparative information beyond the previous period. The additional comparative information does not need to contain a complete set of financial statements.

In addition, the amendment clarifies that the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period must be presented when an entity changes its accounting policies; makes retrospective restatements or makes reclassifications, and that change has a material effect on the statement of financial position. However, the related notes to the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period are not required to be presented.

• HKAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation:* Clarifies that income taxes arising from distributions to equity holders are accounted for in accordance with HKAS 12 *Income Taxes.* The amendment removes existing income tax requirements from HKAS 32 and requires entities to apply the requirements in HKAS 12 to any income tax arising from distributions to equity holders.

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3.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements:

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ³
HKFRS 9, HKFRS 7 and HKAS 39 Amendments	Hedge Accounting and amendments to HKFRS 9, HKFRS 7 and HKAS 39 ³
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011) Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011) – Investment Entities ¹
HKAS 19 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 19 Employee Benefits Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions²
HKAS 32 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 32 <i>Financial Instruments: Presentation</i> – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ¹
HKAS 36 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 36 <i>Impairment of Assets</i> – <i>Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets</i> ¹
HKAS 39 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 39 <i>Financial Instruments: Recognition and</i> <i>Measurement – Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of</i> <i>Hedge Accounting</i> ¹
HK(IFRIC)-Int 21	Levies ¹
Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in January 2014 ²
Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in January 2014 ²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

³ No mandatory effective date yet determined but is available for adoption

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

(a) HKFRS 9 issued in November 2009 is the first part of phase 1 of a comprehensive project to entirely replace HKAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. This phase focuses on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Instead of classifying financial assets into four categories, an entity shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value, on the basis of both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. This aims to improve and simplify the approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of HKAS 39.

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3.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(Continued)

(a) (Continued)

In November 2010, the HKICPA issued additions to HKFRS 9 to address financial liabilities (the "Additions") and incorporated in HKFRS 9 the current derecognition principles of financial instruments of HKAS 39. Most of the Additions were carried forward unchanged from HKAS 39, while changes were made to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option ("FVO"). For these FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in other comprehensive income. The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. However, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts which have been designated under the FVO are scoped out of the Additions.

HKAS 39 is aimed to be replaced by HKFRS 9 in its entirety. Before this entire replacement, the guidance in HKAS 39 on impairment of financial assets continues to apply. The previous mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 was removed by the HKICPA in December 2013 and a mandatory effective date will be determined after the entire replacement of HKAS 39 is completed. However, the standard is available for application now. The Group will quantify the effect in conjunction with other phases, when the final standard including all phases is issued.

- (b) The HKAS 32 Amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right to set off" for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. The amendments also clarify the application of the offsetting criteria in HKAS 32 to settlement systems (such as central clearing house systems) which apply gross settlement mechanisms that are not simultaneous. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 January 2014.
- (c) The HKAS 36 Amendments remove the unintended disclosure requirement made by HKFRS 13 on the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit which is not impaired. In addition, the amendments require the disclosure of the recoverable amounts for the assets or cash-generating units for which an impairment loss has been recognised or reversed during the reporting period, and expand the disclosure requirements regarding the fair value measurement for these assets or units if their recoverable amounts are based on fair value less costs of disposal. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 January 2014.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's profit or loss to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

The Group's investments in associates and joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures is included in the consolidated profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates or joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of joint ventures are included in the Company's profit or loss to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in joint ventures are treated as non-current assets and are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person (i) has control or joint control over the Group; (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a holding company of the Group; or
- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a holding company of the entity).

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of HKAS 39 is measured at fair value with changes in fair value either recognised in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of HKAS 39, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate HKFRS. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 30 June (2012: 30 November). For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

31 December 2013

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment property at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

31 December 2013

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fair value measurement (Continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1	_	based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2	_	based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
Level 3	_	based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

31 December 2013

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its estimated residual value over its estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of different categories of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Leasehold land	Over the lease terms
Buildings	20 to 30 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the lease terms or 5 years, whichever is shorter
Machinery	5 to 10 years
Sewage and water pipelines	10 to 20 years
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	5 to 10 years
Motor vehicles	3 to 10 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the period the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction or installation, and construction materials. Construction in progress is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises direct costs of construction, installation and testing as well as capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction or installation. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Investment property

Investment property is an interest in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/ or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investment property (Continued)

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of an investment property are included in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

When a property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property at the date of change in use is accounted for as follows:

- (a) any resulting decrease in the carrying amount of the property is recognised in profit or loss in the period the change in use takes place.
- (b) any resulting increase in the carrying amount is credited to profit or loss, to the extent that the increase reserves a previous impairment loss for that property, or restores the carrying amount of the property to an amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the property in prior periods; and any remaining part of the increase in the carrying amount is credited directly to equity in the property revaluation reserve. On subsequent disposal of the property, the relevant portion of the property revaluation reserve realised is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases are included in non-current assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to profit or loss so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases, net of any incentives received from the lessor, are charged to profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Service concession arrangements

Consideration given by the grantor

A financial asset (receivable under a service concession arrangement) is recognised to the extent that (a) the Group has an unconditional right to receive cash or another financial asset from or at the direction of the grantor for the construction services rendered and/or the consideration paid and payable by the Group for the right to charge users of the public service; and (b) the grantor has little, if any, discretion to avoid payment, usually because the agreement is enforceable by law. The Group has an unconditional right to receive cash if the grantor contractually guarantees to pay the Group (a) specified or determinable amounts or (b) the shortfall, if any, between amounts received from users of the public service and specified or determinable amounts, even if the payment is contingent on the Group ensuring that the infrastructure meets specified quality of efficiency requirements. The financial asset (receivable under service concession arrangement) is accounted for in accordance with the policy set out for loans and receivables under "Investments and other financial assets" below.

An intangible asset (operating concession) is recognised to the extent that the Group receives a right to charge users of the public service, which is not an unconditional right to receive cash because the amounts are contingent on the extent that the public uses the service. The intangible asset (operating concession) is accounted for in accordance with the policy set out for "Intangible assets (other than goodwill)" below.

If the Group is paid partly by a financial asset and partly by an intangible asset, in which case, each component of the consideration is accounted for separately and the consideration received or receivable for both components shall be recognised initially at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Construction or upgrade services

Revenue and costs relating to construction or upgrade services are accounted for in accordance with the policy set out for "Construction contracts" below.

Operating services

Revenue relating to operating services are accounted for in accordance with the policy for "Revenue recognition" below. Costs for operating services are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Contractual obligations to restore the infrastructure to a specified level of serviceability

The Group has contractual obligations which it must fulfil as a condition of its licence, that is (a) to maintain the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution plants it operates to a specified level of serviceability and/or (b) to restore the plants to a specified condition before they are handed over to the grantor at the end of the service concession arrangement. These contractual obligations to maintain or restore the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution plants, except for upgrade element, are recognised and measured in accordance with the policy set out for "Provisions" below.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value as at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cashgenerating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the period the intangible asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant intangible asset.

Operating concessions

Operating concessions represent the rights to operate sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution plants are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is provided on the straight-line basis over the respective periods of the operating concessions granted to the Group of 20 to 40 years.

Patents

Purchased patents are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is provided on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10 years.

Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of 5 to 10 years, as appropriate.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (Continued) Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products or technical know-how is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than goodwill, deferred tax assets, financial assets, land held for sale, inventories and amounts due from contract customers), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of a non-financial asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and receivables and available-for-sale investments, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

(a) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in "Revenue" or "Interest income", as appropriate, in profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised as other operating expenses in profit or loss.

(b) Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivative financial assets in unlisted equity investments that are designated as available for sale. After initial recognition, the available-for-sale investments are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses as the fair value of the unlisted investments cannot be reliably measured, which is because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for these investments or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value.

31 December 2013

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Impairment

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

(a) Loans and receivables

For loans and receivables, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for those that are individually significant, or collectively for those that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed item of loans and receivables, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of loans and receivables with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to other operating expenses in profit or loss.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Impairment (Continued)

(b) Available-for-sale investments

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on the unlisted equity investment that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the assets. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred assets to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial liabilities (loans and borrowings)

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are all classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Land held for sale and inventories

Land held for sale and inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are determined on the weighted average basis. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Construction contracts

Contract revenue comprises (i) the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments in respect of the construction services for comprehensive renovation projects and (ii) construction revenue recognised under Build-Operate-Transfer ("BOT") contracts. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from the construction services for comprehensive renovation projects is recognised on the percentage-ofcompletion method, measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Revenue from the construction of sewage and reclaimed water treatment plants and a seawater desalination plant (which is carried out by a joint venture of the Group) under the terms of BOT contracts (service concession agreements) is estimated on a cost-plus basis with reference to a prevailing market rate of gross margin at the date of the agreement applicable to similar construction services rendered in similar location, and is recognised on the percentage-of-completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from contract customers.

Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to contract customers.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Contracts for services

Contract revenue on the rendering of services comprises the agreed contract amount. Costs of rendering services comprise labour and other costs of personnel directly engaged in providing the services and attributable overheads.

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised based on the percentage of completion of the transaction, provided that the revenue, the costs incurred and the estimated costs to completion can be measured reliably. The percentage of completion is established by reference to the costs incurred to date as compared to the total costs to be incurred under the transaction. Where the outcome of a contract cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent that the expenses incurred are eligible to be recovered.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from contract customers.

Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to contract customers.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

A contingent liability recognised in a business combination is initially measured at its fair value. Subsequently, it is measured at the higher of (i) the amount that would be recognised in accordance with the general guidance for provisions above; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the guidance for revenue recognition.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

31 December 2013

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to profit or loss by way of a reduced depreciation/amortisation charge.

For government loans granted with no or at a below-market rate of interest for the construction of a qualifying asset received after 1 January 2009, the initial carrying amount of the government loans is determined using the effective interest rate method, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Financial liabilities (loans and borrowings)" above. The benefit of the government loans granted with no or at a below-market rate of interest, which is the difference between the initial carrying value of the loans and the proceeds received, is treated as a government grant and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

For government loans granted with no or at a below-market rate of interest for the constructions of qualifying assets received prior to 1 January 2009, the benefits of the government loans granted are not quantified by the imputation of interest and the balances recognised were equivalent to the amounts of proceeds received.

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3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from construction services, on the percentage-of-completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction contracts" above;
- (b) from the rendering of services, on the percentage-of-completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Contracts for services" above;
- (c) from the sale of water and goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the water and goods sold;
- (d) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (e) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and
- (f) dividend income, when the equity holders' right to receive payment has been established.

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial option pricing model, further details of which are given in note 32 to the financial statements.

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31 December 2013

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Share-based payments (Continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefit expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

Upon the exercise of share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded by the Company as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price per share over the nominal value of the shares is recorded by the Company in the share premium account. In addition, at the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in the share option reserve will be transferred to the share premium account.

Options which are cancelled prior to their exercise date or lapse are deleted from the register of outstanding options. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in the share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

31 December 2013

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China and Malaysia are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the local governments, the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group. Contributions are made by the subsidiaries based on a percentage of the participating employees' salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension schemes. The employer contributions vest fully once made.

The Group also operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme in Hong Kong (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Defined benefit plan

Employees of a joint venture can enjoy other retirement benefits after retirement such as supplementary medical reimbursement, allowance and beneficiary benefits pursuant to a defined benefit plan of the joint venture. These benefits are unfunded. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method and is charged to profit or loss so as to spread the costs over the average service lives of the relevant employees in accordance with the actuarial report which contains valuation of the obligations for the year. The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows using the interest rates of the PRC government bonds which have terms similar to those of related liabilities. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income immediately when they arise.

The past service costs are recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. If the benefits are already vested immediately following the introduction of, or changes to, the pension plan, past service costs are recognised immediately.

The defined benefit asset or liability comprises the present value of the defined benefit obligation less past service costs not yet recognised and less the fair value of plan assets out of which the obligations are to be settled.

31 December 2013

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date of the relative was measured. The gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currency of certain Mainland China and overseas subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss and statements of comprehensive income are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of the exchange fluctuation reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

31 December 2013

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition date are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of certain Mainland China and overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of these subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

The major judgements, estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements and have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are set out below:

Percentage of completion of construction work and service contracts

The Group recognises revenue for construction work and service contracts according to the percentage of completion of the individual contract of construction or service work. The Group's management estimates the percentage of completion of construction and service work based on the actual cost incurred over the total budgeted cost, where corresponding contract revenue is also estimated by management. Because of the nature of the activity undertaken in construction and service contracts, the date at which the activity is entered into and the date when the activity is completed usually fall into different accounting periods. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of both contract revenue and contract costs in the budget prepared for each construction contract and service contract as the contract progresses.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Classification between operating concessions and receivables under service concession arrangements As explained in note 3.4 to the financial statements, if the Group is paid for the construction services partly by a financial asset and partly by an intangible asset, it is necessary to account separately for each component of the operator's consideration. The consideration received or receivable for both components shall be recognised initially at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

The segregation of the consideration for a service concession arrangement between the financial asset component and the intangible asset component, if any, requires the Group to make an estimate of a number of factors, which include, inter alia, the expected future sewage and reclaimed water treatment volume of the relevant sewage and reclaimed water treatment volume of the relevant sewage and reclaimed water treatment plant over its service concession period, future guaranteed receipts and unguaranteed receipts, and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amounts of the operating concessions and receivables under service concession arrangements carried as assets in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013 were HK\$2,522,985,000 (2012: HK\$973,357,000) and HK\$12,886,027,000 (2012: HK\$6,851,962,000), respectively. Further details of which are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

Determination of fair value of contract revenue in respect of the construction services rendered

Revenue from the construction of sewage and reclaimed water treatment and seawater desalination plants under the terms of a BOT contract is estimated on a cost-plus basis with reference to a prevailing market rate of gross margin at the date of agreement applicable to similar construction services rendered in a similar location, and is recognised on the percentage-of-completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

The construction margin is determined based on the gross profit margins of market comparables by identifying relevant peer groups, which are listed on various stock exchanges in the world. Criteria for selection include:

- (i) the peer firm must be in the field of the construction of infrastructure, majoring in sewage and reclaimed water treatment and seawater desalination facilities in the PRC; and
- (ii) information of the peer firm must be available and from a reliable source.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Estimate of water consumption

Determination of the revenue for the distribution and sale of water may include an estimation of the water supplied to customers for whom actual meter reading is not available. The estimation is done mainly based on the past consumption records and the recent consumption pattern of individual customers.

The actual consumption could deviate from those estimates.

Provision for major overhauls of sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution plants to a specified level of serviceability

The Group has contractual obligations which it must fulfil as a condition of its licence and is the obligations require the Group (a) to maintain the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution plants it operates to a specified level of serviceability and/or (b) to restore the plants to a specified condition before they are handed over to the grantor at the end of the service concession arrangement. These contractual obligations to maintain or restore infrastructure, except for any upgrade element, are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, i.e., at the best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The estimation of the expenditure requires the Group to estimate the expected future cash outlays on major overhauls of the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution plants over the service concession periods and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group's management reassessed the provision for major overhauls on the basis of management forecast of the expenditures incurred or to be incurred for major overhauls throughout the periods of the service concession arrangements, which is the aggregate amounts of the estimated replacement costs of infrastructures of the service concession arrangements and the estimated repair and maintenance expenditures throughout the periods of service concession arrangements to enable the service concession infrastructures maintain at a specified level of serviceability at end of the service concession period. The management forecast is prepared by internal experts with application of their technical operational experiences and with reference to historical operational data on major overhauls. Based on the results of the reassessment, a write-back of provision for major overhauls of RMB136,153,000 (equivalent to HK\$172,345,000) was credited to "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2013.

The carrying amount of the provision for major overhauls carried as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013 was HK\$197,760,000 (2012: HK\$221,643,000), further details of which are set out in note 38 to the financial statements.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets (other than goodwill) The Group's management determines the useful lives, residual values and related depreciation/amortisation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will increase the depreciation/amortisation charges where useful lives or residual values are less than previously estimated, or it will write off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable/amortisable lives and therefore depreciation/amortisation in the future periods. The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets (other than goodwill) carried as assets in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013 were HK\$378,641,000 (2012: HK\$527,549,000) and HK\$2,548,772,000 (2012: HK\$990,652,000) in aggregate, respectively. Further details of which are set out in notes 15, 18 and 19 to the financial statements.

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the fair value less costs of disposal of the relevant business units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the fair value less costs of disposal requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill carried as an asset in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013 was HK\$2,723,338,000 (2012: HK\$1,971,881,000) in aggregate, details of which are set out in notes 17 and 21 to the financial statements.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets (other than goodwill)

The carrying amounts of items of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amounts may not be recoverable in accordance with the accounting policy as disclosed in note 3.4 to the financial statements. The recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, and calculations of which involve the use of estimates. In estimating the recoverable amounts of assets, various assumptions, including future cash flows to be associated with the non-current assets and discount rates, are made. If future events do not correspond to such assumptions, the recoverable amounts will need to be revised, and this may have an impact on the Group's results of operations or financial position.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Impairment of receivables under service concession arrangements, amounts due from contract customers, trade and bills receivables, and other receivables

The policy for provision for impairment of receivables under service concession arrangements, amounts due from contract customers, trade and bills receivables, and other receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's estimation. A considerable amount of estimation is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. If the financial conditions of debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required. The carrying amounts of receivables under service concession arrangements, amounts due from contract customers, trade and bills receivables, and other receivables carried as assets in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013 were HK\$12,886,027,000 (2012: HK\$6,851,962,000), HK\$5,387,662,000 (2012: HK\$2,793,618,000), HK\$2,091,077,000 (2012: HK\$2,482,725,000) and HK\$8,452,123,000 (2012: HK\$7,914,428,000), respectively. Further details of which are set out in notes 18, 26, 27 and 28 to the financial statements.

Defined benefit plan

The present value of the retirement benefit obligation under the defined benefit plan of a joint venture depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. Any changes in these assumptions will impact on the carrying amount of the retirement benefit obligation. Key assumptions for the obligation are based in part on the current market conditions. The carrying amount of the obligation carried as a liability in the statement of financial position of the joint venture as at 31 December 2013 was HK\$268,889,000 (2012: HK\$283,312,000) and the Group's share of which, amounting to HK\$121,000,000 (2012: HK\$127,490,000), has been reflected in the Group's investments in joint ventures.

Current tax and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong, Mainland China, Portugal and Malaysia. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of its transactions in accordance with prevailing tax regulations and makes tax provision accordingly. However, judgement is required in determining the Group's provision for income taxes as there are many transactions and calculations of which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact on the income tax and deferred tax provision in the periods in which such determination is made. The carrying amount of current tax payable carried as liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013 was HK\$342,038,000 (2012: HK\$252,802,000).

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Current tax and deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised as management considers that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Where the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and deferred tax in the periods in which such estimates have been changed. The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets and liabilities carried as assets and liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013 were HK\$87,818,000 (2012: HK\$28,690,000) and HK\$562,172,000 (2012: HK\$287,010,000), respectively, details of which are set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's operating segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other operating segments. Particulars of the Group's reportable operating segments are summarised as follows:

- (a) the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and construction services segment engages in the construction and operation of sewage and reclaimed water treatment plants, the construction of a seawater desalination plant, and the provision of construction services for comprehensive renovation projects;
- (b) the water distribution services segment engages in the distribution and sale of piped water and the provision of related services; and
- (c) the technical and consultancy services segment engages in the provision of consultancy services that are related to sewage treatment and construction services for comprehensive renovation projects, and the licensing of technical know-how that is related to sewage treatment.

Management monitors the results of its operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company, which is a measure of adjusted profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company. The adjusted profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Group's profit attributable to shareholders of the Company except that interest income on loans to joint ventures and related companies, interest income from non-controlling equity holders of subsidiaries, gains on bargain purchase of subsidiaries and a joint venture, gains on disposal of subsidiaries and a giont venture, fair value gain on investment property, finance costs, as well as head office and corporate income and expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude corporate and head office assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Year ended 31 December 2013

	Sewage and reclaimed water treatment and construction services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Water distribution services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Technical and consultancy services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Segment revenue Cost of sales	5,905,149 (3,699,198)	383,690 (184,376)	117,616 (17,293)	6,406,455 (3,900,867)
Gross profit	2,205,951	199,314	100,323	2,505,588
Segment results: The Group Share of profits and losses of: Joint ventures	2,113,342 10,084	165,944 74,431	91,029	2,370,315 84,515
Associates	23,115		_	23,115
	2,146,541	240,375	91,029	2,477,945
Corporate and other unallocated income and expenses, net Finance costs				(192,674) (788,111)
Profit before tax Income tax			_	1,497,160 (351,762)
Profit for the year				1,145,398
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company: Operating segments	1,742,805	226,164	78,936	2,047,905
Corporate and other unallocated items				(963,648)
			-	1,084,257
Segment assets: Operating segments	36,231,778	4,967,650	863,581	42,063,009
Corporate and other unallocated items				2,123,661
				44,186,670

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5. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Year ended 31 December 2013 (Continued)

	Sewage and reclaimed water treatment and construction services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Water distribution services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Technical and consultancy services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Other segment information: Capital expenditure* – Operating segments – Amount unallocated	19,366	24,877	46	44,289 25,401
Depreciation – Operating segments – Amount unallocated	13,024	4,715	2,004	69,690 19,743 14,240
Amortisation of operating concessions	83,710	3,334	_	33,983
Amortisation of other intangible assets – Operating segments – Amount unallocated	77	-	319	396 830
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of segment assets, net**	136,882	2,358	673	1,226
Provision for major overhauls	68,345	338	-	68,683
Write-back of provision for major overhauls arising from a change in accounting estimate	(170,770)	(1,575)	_	(172,345)

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Year ended 31 December 2012

	Sewage and reclaimed water treatment and construction services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Water distribution services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Technical and consultancy services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Segment revenue Cost of sales	3,399,365 (2,191,423)	105,602 (58,613)	222,412 (40,314)	3,727,379 (2,290,350)
Gross profit	1,207,942	46,989	182,098	1,437,029
Segment results: The Group Share of profits and losses of: Joint ventures	1,457,552	20,854	178,809	1,657,215 56,011
Associates	25,637 (1,409)	30,374		(1,409)
	1,481,780	51,228	178,809	1,711,817
Corporate and other unallocated income and expenses, net Finance costs				(125,734) (494,290)
Profit before tax Income tax			_	1,091,793 (224,643)
Profit for the year				867,150
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company: Operating segments	1,173,565	43,615	150,839	1,368,019
	1,173,303	45,015	150,839	
Corporate and other unallocated items			-	(617,545)
			-	750,474
Segment assets: Operating segments	25,682,292	2,464,787	646,251	28,793,330
Corporate and other unallocated items				2,496,550
			_	31,289,880

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Year ended 31 December 2012 (Continued)

	Sewage and reclaimed water treatment and construction services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Water distribution services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Technical and consultancy services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Other segment information: Capital expenditure* – Operating segments	74,737	7,650	1,194	83,581
– Amount unallocated	,	.,	_,	25,335
				108,916
Depreciation – Operating segments – Amount unallocated	10,963	609	1,026	12,598 12,634
				25,232
Amortisation of operating concessions	32,086	11,438	-	43,524
Amortisation of other intangible assets – Operating segments – Amount unallocated	11	72	248	331 654
				985
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of segment assets, net**	14,964	458	(1,979)	13,443
Provision for major overhauls	49,020	323	_	49,343

* Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment, operating concessions and other intangible assets, excluding assets from the acquisition of subsidiaries.

** These amounts are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and included impairment/(reversal of impairment) against receivables under service concession arrangements, an amount due from a contract customer, trade and bills receivables and other receivables.

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical information

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue from external customers:	
Mainland China	5,405,040
Malaysia	668,571
Elsewhere	332,844
	6,406,455
Non-current assets:	
Mainland China	7,445,479
Portugal	1,031,204
Elsewhere	40,516
	8,517,199

The revenue information is based on the locations of the customers; while the non-current assets information shown above is based on the location of assets and excludes financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

Geographical information for the year ended 31 December 2012 is not presented since over 90% of the Group's revenue from external customers is generated in Mainland China and over 90% of the assets of the Group are located in Mainland China. Accordingly, in the opinion of the directors, the presentation of geographical information would provide no additional useful information to the users of these financial statements.

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about major customers

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group had transactions with two (2012: one) external customers of the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and construction services segment which contributed over 10% of the Group's total revenue for the year. A summary of revenue from each of these major external customers is set out below:

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Customer 1	1,200,579	523,071
Customer 2	666,239	N/A*
	1,866,818	523,071

* The corresponding revenue of this customer is not disclosed as it did not contribute over 10% of the Group's total gross revenue for the prior year.

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6. REVENUE, INTEREST INCOME, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents: (1) an appropriate proportion of contract revenue of construction contracts and service contracts relating to sewage and reclaimed water treatment, net of value-added tax and government surcharges; (2) an appropriate proportion of contract revenue of other construction contracts, net of business tax and government surcharges; (3) the aggregate of the invoiced value of water sold and the estimated value of unbilled water distributed based on the consumption recorded by water meter readings, net of value-added tax and government surcharges; (4) an appropriate proportion of contract revenue of technical and consultancy services contracts, net of business tax, value-added tax and government surcharges; and (5) the imputed interest income on service concession arrangements.

An analysis of the Group's revenue, interest income, other income and gains, net, is as follows:

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue		
Sewage and reclaimed water treatment services*	2,140,852	1,424,987
Construction services	3,764,297	1,974,378
Water distribution services*	383,690	105,602
Technical and consultancy services	117,616	222,412
	6,406,455	3,727,379

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6. REVENUE, INTEREST INCOME, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
	ΠΚֆ ΟΟΟ	ΠΛΦ ΟΟΟ
Interest income		
Bank interest income	42,193	34,911
Imputed interest income on trade and bills receivables with extended		,
credit periods	110,840	129,021
Interest income from non-controlling equity holders of subsidiaries [®]	47,998	68,036
Interest income on loans to joint ventures [™]	2,901	12,522
Interest income on loans to government authorities in Mainland China ⁵	230,495	212,707
Imputed interest income on an interest-free loan to a joint venture partner	-	10,349
	434,427	467,546
Other income Gross rental income [#]	7 5 2 9	5 6 1 (
	7,528 13,293	5,619
Government grants [§]	37,873	126,257 6,202
Sludge treatment income		
Others	18,682	19,623
	77,376	157,701
Gains, net		
Fair value gain on investment property (note 16)	16,962	-
Gains on bargain purchase of subsidiaries (note 44)	25,321	12,692
Gains on disposal of interests in subsidiaries (note 45)	64,707	-
Gains on disposal of joint ventures	9,735	-
Gain on disposal of land held for sale (note 24)	5,564	-
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	62	-
Gain on remeasurement of a pre-existing interest in		
a joint venture (<i>note 44(b)(ii)</i>)	_	23,484
	122,351	36,176
Other income and gains, net	199,727	193,877

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6. REVENUE, INTEREST INCOME, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

- Imputed interest income under service concession arrangements amounting to HK\$700,941,000 (2012: HK\$417,857,000) is included in the revenue derived from "Sewage and reclaimed water treatment services" and "Water distribution services" above.
- The interest income recognised during the year was derived from (i) a loan to a non-controlling equity holder of a subsidiary as further detailed in note 29(i) to the financial statements; and (ii) a non-controlling equity holders of China International Construction Investment Holding (Hong Kong) Limited ("CICI", a 70% owned subsidiary of the Group). Pursuant to two loan agreements both dated 30 December 2011 entered into between the Company, CICI and the non-controlling equity holders of CICI, the non-controlling equity holders of CICI shall pay interest to the Company at the PRC 1-year bank loan rate per annum in respect of an interest-free loan of RMB716,428,000 provided by the Company to CICI.
- The interest income recognised during the year represented the interest income of RMB2,292,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,901,000) (2012: RMB2,347,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,897,000)) on a loan to Aqualyng-BEWG China Desalination Company Limited ("ABCD"), a joint venture of the Group, as further detailed in note 21(c) to the financial statements. The interest income recognised during the year ended 31 December 2012 also comprised the interest income of RMB7,797,000 (equivalent to HK\$9,625,000) on a loan of RMB170,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$209,877,000) provided to 成都北控蜀都投資有限公司 ("Beikong Shudu"), a then joint venture of the Group, which was fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2012.
- ⁵ Apart from the interest income on the loans as detailed in note 28(a)(ii) of RMB139,295,000 (equivalent to HK\$176,323,000) (2012: RMB109,412,000 (equivalent to HK\$135,077,000)) in aggregate, interest income of RMB42,796,000 (equivalent to HK\$54,172,000) (2012: RMB62,880,000 (equivalent to HK\$77,630,000)) in aggregate was recognised during the year in respect of certain other loans (the "Other Loans") provided by the Group to certain government authorities in Yunnan Province, the PRC during the year ended 31 December 2012. The Other Loans and respective interest receivables were fully settled during the year.
- The Group leased a portion of its office premises and certain areas of buildings, which form part of the operating assets transferred to the Group by the grantors in respect of the Group's sewage and reclaimed water treatment operations, to third parties under operating lease arrangements and accordingly, earned rental income therefrom for the year. Further details of the operating lease arrangements are set out in note 48(a) to the financial statements.
- [§] The government grants recognised during the year represented subsidies received from certain government authorities in respect of the fulfilment of certain specific duties by the Group under the relevant service concession agreements. The government grants recognised during the year ended 31 December 2012 also comprised (i) an incentive of RMB94,344,000 (equivalent to HK\$116,474,000) provided by a local government in Liaoning Province, the PRC, for an investment by the Group in the region; and (ii) an incentive of RMB4,268,000 (equivalent to HK\$5,269,000) provided by a local government in Yunnan Province, the PRC, for the Group's act to withhold for the local tax bureau the business tax and surcharges levied on income of certain subcontractors for their services on certain construction contracts of the Group.

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7. PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

The Group's profit from operating activities is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	Notes	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Cost of sewage and reclaimed water treatment services rendered		603,249	504,151
Cost of construction services		3,012,239	1,658,737
Cost of water distribution services		181,042	43,624
Cost of technical and consultancy services rendered		17,293	40,314
Depreciation	15	33,983	25,232
Amortisation of operating concessions*	18	87,044	43,524
Amortisation of other intangible assets*	19	1,226	985
Minimum lease payments under operating leases:			
Land and buildings		10,508	9,196
Plant and machinery		905	290
Auditors' remuneration		9,300	7,200
Employee benefit expense (including directors' remuneration <i>(note 9)</i>):			
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind		426,489	267,766
Equity-settled share option expense	32	105,764	-
Net pension scheme contributions		30,717	20,972
Welfare and other expenses		44,828	40,029
		607,798	328,767
Loss/(gain) on disposal of items of property, plant and			
equipment, net		(62)	589
Impairment of receivables under service			
concession arrangements, net	18(b)	32,936	10,063
Impairment of an amount due from a contract customer	26	25,401	-
Impairment of trade and bills receivables, net	27(c)	6,011	1,772
Impairment of other receivables, net	28(c)	75,565	1,608
Write-off of an amount due from a related party		_	9,523
Provision for major overhauls	38	68,683	49,343
Write-back of provision for major overhauls arising			
from a change in accounting estimate	38	(172,345)	_
Foreign exchange differences, net		39,993	73,449
Rental income on investment property less direct		-	-
operating expenses of HK\$600,000		(4,191)	_

* The amortisations of operating concessions and other intangible assets for the year are included in "Cost of sales" and "Administrative expenses" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss, respectively.

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8. **FINANCE COSTS**

	Group		
	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Interest on bank loans and other loans wholly repayable			
within five years	452,398	351,883	
Interest on other loans	8,204	10,091	
Interest on corporate bonds	226,820	104,459	
Interest on notes payable	101,134	36,511	
Interest on a finance lease	1,077	1,167	
Total interest expense	789,633	504,111	
Increase in discounted amounts of provision for major	7 600	F 004	
overhauls arising from the passage of time (note 38)	7,698	5,004	
Total finance costs	797,331	509,115	
Less: Interest included in cost of construction services	(9,220)	(14,825	
	788,111	494,290	

9. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

	Group		
	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Fees	3,220	2,692	
Other emoluments:			
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	13,002	11,724	
Equity-settled share option expense	56,348	_	
Pension scheme contributions	45	42	
	69,395	11,766	
	72,615	14,458	

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9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Continued)

An analysis of the directors' remuneration, on a named basis, is as follows:

	Fees <i>HK\$'000</i>	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind <i>HK\$'000</i>	Equity-settled share option expense <i>HK\$'000</i>	Pension scheme contributions <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total remuneration <i>HK\$'000</i>
Year ended 31 December 2013					
Executive directors:					
Mr. Zhang Honghai <i>(Chairman)</i>	130	-	-	-	130
Mr. E Meng (Vice Chairman)	120	-	-	-	120
Mr. Jiang Xinhao	120	-	-	-	120
Mr. Hu Xiaoyong (Chief Executive					
Officer)	415	4,100	18,032	15	22,562
Mr. Zhou Min	415	2,539	15,778	15	18,747
Mr. Li Haifeng	415	2,342	8,171	15	10,943
Mr. Zhang Tiefu	120	1,733	-	-	1,853
Mr. Hou Feng (resigned on					
3 September 2013)	80	2,288	9,016	-	11,384
Ms. Qi Xiaohong	120	-	-	-	120
Mr. Ke Jian	120	-	-	-	120
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric	415	_	2,536	_	2,951
	2,470	13,002	53,533	45	69,050
Independent non-executive directors:					
Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant	120	-	563	-	683
Mr. Zhang Gaobo	150	-	563	-	713
Mr. Guo Rui	120	-	563	-	683
Ms. Hang Shijun	120	-	563	-	683
Mr. Wang Kaijun	120	-	563	-	683
Mr. Yu Ning	120	_		_	120
	750	_	2,815	_	3,565
Total	3,220	13,002	56,348	45	72,615

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9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Continued)

	Fees <i>HK\$'000</i>	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind <i>HK\$'000</i>	Equity-settled share option expense <i>HK\$'000</i>	Pension scheme contributions <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total remuneration <i>HK\$'000</i>
Year ended 31 December 2012					
Executive directors:					
Mr. Zhang Honghai (Chairman)	_	_	_	_	-
Mr. E Meng (Vice Chairman)	100	-	-	-	100
Mr. Jiang Xinhao	100	_	-	_	100
Mr. Hu Xiaoyong (Chief Executive					
Officer)	401	3,293	-	14	3,708
Mr. Zhou Min	401	2,708	-	14	3,123
Mr. Li Haifeng	401	2,073	-	14	2,488
Mr. Zhang Tiefu	100	1,568	-	-	1,668
Mr. Hou Feng	100	2,082	-	-	2,182
Ms. Qi Xiaohong	100	-	-	-	100
Mr. Ke Jian	100	-	-	-	100
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric	401	_		_	401
	2,204	11,724		42	13,970
Independent non-executive directors:					
Mr. Shea Chun Lok Quadrant	68	_	-	_	68
Mr. Zhang Gaobo	120	-	-	-	120
Mr. Guo Rui	100	-	-	-	100
Ms. Hang Shijun	100	-	-	-	100
Mr. Wang Kaijun	100	-	-	-	100
Mr. Yu Ning	_	-		_	
	488	-	-	-	488
Total	2,692	11,724	_	42	14,458

Notes:

(a) Certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Company during the year, details of which are set out in note 32 to the financial statements. The fair values of such options, which have been recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period, were determined at the date of grant and the amounts included in the financial statements for the current year are included in the above directors' remuneration disclosures.

(b) There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2012: Nil).

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10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012 were all directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above.

11. INCOME TAX

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the year ended 31 December 2013 as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2012: Nil).

The income tax provisions in respect of operations in Mainland China, Portugal and Malaysia are calculated at the applicable tax rates on the estimated assessable profits for the year based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof. In accordance with the relevant tax rules and regulations of Mainland China, a number of the Company's subsidiaries enjoy income tax exemptions and reductions, by reasons that (1) these companies are engaged in the operations of sewage and reclaimed water treatment; and/or (2) they have operations in the Western region of Mainland China that are qualified for a 15% concessionary corporate income tax rate for a prescribed period of time pursuant to the "Circular of the State Council on Policies and Measures Concerning the Large-scale Development of China's Western Regions" (Guo Fa [2000] No. 33) issued by the State Council of Mainland China.

	Group	
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current – PRC:		
Hong Kong	-	-
Mainland China	241,893	165,334
Overprovision in prior years	(13,178)	(112)
Current – Malaysia	10,445	2,930
Current – Portugal	3,021	_
Deferred (note 40)	109,581	56,491
Total tax expense for the year	351,762	224,643

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11. INCOME TAX (Continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense/(credit) applicable to profit/(loss) before tax at the statutory rates for the jurisdictions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates, and a reconciliation of the applicable rates (i.e., the statutory tax rates) to the effective tax rates, are as follows:

Group – Year ended 31 December 2013

	Hong Kong and overseas		Mainland Ch	vina	Total	
	HK\$'000	:d5 %	HK\$'000	1111d %	HK\$'000	%
	111.4 000	70	1114 000	70	<i>IIIQ</i> 000	70
Profit/(loss) before tax	(489,381)		1,986,541		1,497,160	
Tax expense/(credit) at the statutory tax rate	(74,646)	15.3	496,635	25.0	421,989	28.2
Lower tax rates of specific provinces or						
enacted by local authorities	-	-	(77,618)	(3.9)	(77,618)	(5.2)
Tax concession enjoyed	-	-	(90,369)	(4.5)	(90,369)	(6.0)
Adjustments in respect of current tax of						
previous periods	-	-	(13,178)	(0.7)	(13,178)	(0.9)
Profits and losses attributable to joint						
ventures and associates	(7,105)	1.5	(20,582)	(1.0)	(27,687)	(1.9)
Income not subject to tax	(26,327)	5.4	(8,814)	(0.4)	(35,141)	(2.3)
Expenses not deductible for tax	117,763	(24.2)	46,649	2.3	164,412	10.9
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	-	-	(5,165)	(0.3)	(5,165)	(0.3)
Tax losses not recognised as deferred						
tax assets	3,781	(0.8)	10,738	0.5	14,519	1.0
Tax expense at the Group's effective tax rate	13,466	(2.8)	338,296	17.0	351,762	23.5

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11. INCOME TAX (Continued)

Group – Year ended 31 December 2012

	Hong Kon	-				
	and overse		Mainland Ch		Total	
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
Profit/(loss) before tax	(305,150)		1,396,943		1,091,793	
Tax expense/(credit) at the statutory tax rate	(49,289)	16.2	349,236	25.0	299,947	27.5
Lower tax rates of specific provinces or						
enacted by local authorities	-	-	(58,797)	(4.2)	(58,797)	(5.4)
Tax concession enjoyed	_	-	(54,465)	(3.9)	(54,465)	(5.0)
Adjustments in respect of current tax of						
previous periods	_	-	(112)	-	(112)	-
Profits and losses attributable to joint						
ventures and associates	1,148	(0.4)	(15,390)	(1.1)	(14,242)	(1.3)
Income not subject to tax	(4,754)	1.6	(17,377)	(1.2)	(22,131)	(2.0)
Expenses not deductible for tax	52,882	(17.4)	10,229	0.7	63,111	5.8
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	_	-	(6,275)	(0.4)	(6,275)	(0.6)
Tax losses not recognised as deferred						
tax assets	2,943	(1.0)	14,664	1.0	17,607	1.6
Tax expense at the Group's effective tax rate	2,930	(1.0)	221,713	15.9	224,643	20.6

12. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to shareholders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2013 includes a loss of HK\$367,207,000 (2012: a loss of HK\$303,875,000), which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 33(b)).

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2013

13. CASH DISTRIBUTIONS

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Interim – HK2.5 cents (2012: HK2 cents) per ordinary share	192,150	138,183
Proposed final – HK2.7 cents (2012: HK2 cents) per ordinary share (note (a))	233,702	153,720
	425,852	291,903

Notes:

- (a) The amount of the proposed final cash distribution for the year ended 31 December 2013 is estimated based on the number of issued and fully paid ordinary shares of the Company of 8,655,615,659 as at the date of approval of these financial statements, taking into account the issuance of 219,634,335 new ordinary shares of the Company subsequent to the reporting period as further detailed in note 53 to the financial statements.
- (b) The proposed final cash distribution out of contributed surplus account for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount for the year ended 31 December 2013 is based on the profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company, and the weighted average number of 7,755,621,562 (2012: 6,909,170,486) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amounts presented for these years in respect of a dilution as the impact of the share options outstanding during the year ended 31 December 2013 had no diluting effect on the basic earnings per share amount presented; and the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2012.

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group

	Land and buildings <i>HK\$'000</i>	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Machinery, and sewage and water pipelines <i>HK\$'000</i>	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment <i>HK\$'000</i>	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Construction in progress HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Year ended 31 December 2013							
At 1 January 2013:							
Cost	266,610	44,152	208,258	48,644	62,256	17,323	647,243
Accumulated depreciation	(30,218)	(3,222)	(42,321)	(19,160)	(24,773)		(119,694)
Net carrying amount	236,392	40,930	165,937	29,484	37,483	17,323	527,549
Net carrying amount:							
At 1 January 2013	236,392	40,930	165,937	29,484	37,483	17,323	527,549
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44)	23,637	_	65,637	11,236	4,521	147	105,178
Additions	3,735	_	7,614	9,849	19,236	1,464	41,898
Fair value gain on revaluation upon	,		,	,	,	,	,
transfer to investment property (note)	19,985	_	_	-	_	_	19,985
Transfer to investment property							
(note and note 16)	(34,321)	-	_	-	-	-	(34,321)
Depreciation provided during the year	(9,801)	(2,243)	(4,192)	(9,023)	(8,724)	_	(33,983)
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 45)	(78,255)	_	(152,342)	(1,023)	(2,612)	(17,761)	(251,993)
Disposals	-	(2,367)	(2,318)	(299)	(1,926)	_	(6,910)
Exchange realignment	6,523	1,057	1,669	1,089	461	439	11,238
At 31 December 2013	167,895	37,377	82,005	41,313	48,439	1,612	378,641
At 31 December 2013:							
Cost	214,991	41,915	116,764	107,430	94,867	1,612	577,579
Accumulated depreciation	(47,096)	(4,538)	(34,759)	(66,117)	(46,428)	-	(198,938)
Net carrying amount	167,895	37,377	82,005	41,313	48,439	1,612	378,641

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Group (Continued)

	Land and buildings	Leasehold improvements	Machinery, and sewage and water pipelines	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year ended 31 December 2012							
At 1 January 2012:							
Cost	143,056	33,583	8,934	30,662	43,465	4,152	263,852
Accumulated depreciation	(442)	(1,095)	(2,542)	(9,826)	(16,671)		(30,576)
Net carrying amount	142,614	32,488	6,392	20,836	26,794	4,152	233,276
Net carrying amount:							
At 1 January 2012	142,614	32,488	6,392	20,836	26,794	4,152	233,276
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44)	101,729	-	156,626	1,385	4,480	17,323	281,543
Additions	-	6,417	4,146	15,056	12,830	_	38,449
Depreciation provided during the year	(7,805)	(2,127)	(1,232)	(7,503)	(6,565)	_	(25,232)
Disposals	(144)	-	11	(346)	(110)	-	(589)
Transfers	-	4,152	-	-	-	(4,152)	-
Exchange realignment	(2)	-	(6)	56	54	-	102
At 31 December 2012	236,392	40,930	165,937	29,484	37,483	17,323	527,549
At 31 December 2012:							
Cost	266,610	44,152	208,258	48,644	62,256	17,323	647,243
Accumulated depreciation	(30,218)	(3,222)	(42,321)	(19,160)	(24,773)		(119,694)
Net carrying amount	236,392	40,930	165,937	29,484	37,483	17,323	527,549

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Company

		Furniture,		
	Leasehold	fixtures and office	Motor	
	improvements	equipment	vehicles	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year ended 31 December 2013				
At 1 January 2013:				
Cost	946	207	490	1,643
Accumulated depreciation	(268)	(77)	(490)	(835)
Net carrying amount	678	130	-	808
Net carrying amount:				
At 1 January 2013	678	130	_	808
Additions		10	_	10
Depreciation provided during the year	(189)	(40)	-	(229)
At 31 December 2013	489	100	-	589
At 31 December 2013:				
Cost	946	217	490	1,653
Accumulated depreciation	(457)	(117)	(490)	(1,064)
Net carrying amount	489	100	_	589

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Company (Continued)

		Furniture, fixtures		
	Leasehold	and office	Motor	
	improvements	equipment	vehicles	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year ended 31 December 2012				
At 1 January 2012:				
Cost	946	207	490	1,643
Accumulated depreciation	(79)	(35)	(490)	(604)
Net carrying amount	867	172	_	1,039
Net carrying amount:				
At 1 January 2012	867	172	_	1,039
Depreciation provided during the year	(189)	(42)	-	(231)
At 31 December 2012	678	130	_	808
At 31 December 2012:				
Cost	946	207	490	1,643
Accumulated depreciation	(268)	(77)	(490)	(835)
Net carrying amount	678	130	_	808

A portion of a building of the Group was leased to an independent third party for rental income and hence was reclassified from property, plant and Note: equipment to investment property during the year ended 31 December 2013. The difference of HK\$19,985,000 (before deferred tax charge of HK\$4,996,000) between the aggregate carrying amount of the property at the date of change in use of HK\$14,336,000 and its then fair value of HK\$34,321,000, which was valued by Asset Appraisal Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, on the open market value basis, was credited directly to equity in the property revaluation reserve.

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16. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012
	ΠΝֆ 000	HK\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 January	_	_
Transfer from property, plant and equipment (note 15)	34,321	_
Fair value gain on revaluation	16,962	_
Exchange realignment	869	
Carrying amount at 31 December	52,152	_

Notes:

- (a) The Group's investment property is an office building situated in Mainland China and is held under a long term lease.
- The investment property is leased to a third party under an operating lease arrangement, further summary details of which are included in note (b) 48(a) to the financial statements.
- The Group's investment property was revalued on 31 December 2013 based on valuation performed by Asset Appraisal Limited, independent (c) professionally qualified valuers, at HK\$52,152,000. Each year, the Group's senior management decides to appoint which external valuers to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's property. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. Each year, the Group's senior management has discussions with the valuers on the valuation assumptions and valuation results.

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16. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy disclosure

The fair value of the Group's investment property was measured using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 of fair value hierarchy). During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3.

Below is a summary of the valuation technique used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment property:

Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Range (weighted average)
Income capitalisation method	Estimated rental value (per s.q.m. and per month)	RMB37,000 to RMB45,000
	Rent growth	3% every three years
	Discount rate	12.3%

Under the income capitalisation method, fair value is estimated using assumptions regarding the benefits and liabilities of ownership over the asset's life including an exit or terminal value. This method involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a property interest. A market-derived discount rate is applied to the projected cash flow in order to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the asset. The exit yield is normally separately determined and differs from the discount rate.

The duration of the cash flows and the specific timing of inflows and outflows are determined by events such as rent reviews, lease renewal and related reletting, redevelopment or refurbishment. The appropriate duration is driven by market behaviour that is a characteristic of the class of property. The periodic cash flow is estimated as gross income less operating and management expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

A significant increase/(decrease) in the estimated rental value and the market rent growth rate per annum in isolation would result in a significant increase/(decrease) in the fair value of the investment property. Generally, a change in the assumption made for the estimated rental value is accompanied by a directionally similar change in the rent growth per annum and the discount rate.

31 December 2013

17. GOODWILL

	Group		
	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Cost and net carrying amount:			
At 1 January	1,762,151	1,643,719	
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44)	744,812	118,432	
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 45)	(1,793)	-	
Exchange realignment	7,692		
At 31 December	2,512,862	1,762,151	

Impairment testing of goodwill

The carrying amount of the goodwill acquired through acquisitions of subsidiaries and non-controlling interests has been allocated to the relevant business units of the individual operating segments of the Group for impairment testing, which is summarised as follows:

	Group	0
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Sewage and reclaimed water treatment and construction services segment	2,088,228	1,364,190
Water distribution services segment	65,394	38,721
Technical and consultancy services segment	359,240	359,240
	2,512,862	1,762,151

The recoverable amounts of the relevant business units in each of the above operating segments have been determined by reference to business valuations performed by Greater China Appraisal Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, on fair value less costs of disposal estimations using cash flow projections which are based on financial forecast approved by senior management covering a period of 10 years and based on the assumption that the sizes of the operations remain constant perpetually. The discount rates applied to the cash flow projections for the first 10-year period ranged from 13.04% to 14.38% (2012: 12.84%) for the business units of the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and construction services segment and the water distribution services segment, and 13.04% (2012: 12.71%) for the business unit of the technical and consultancy services segment, which are determined by reference to the average rates for similar industries and the business risks of the relevant business units. A growth rate of 3% (2012: 3%) is used for the perpetual period.

Based on the results of the impairment testing of goodwill, in the opinion of the directors, no impairment provision is considered necessary for the Group's goodwill as at 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil).

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17. GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (Continued)

Key assumptions used in fair value less costs of disposal estimations

The following describes each key assumption adopted by management in the preparation of the cash flow projections for the purpose of impairment testing of goodwill:

Budgeted turnover

- in respect of the revenue from the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and construction services segment and the water distribution services segment, the budgeted turnover is based on the projected sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution volume, and the latest sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water selling prices up to the date of valuation.
- in respect of the revenue from the technical and consultancy services segment, the budgeted turnover is based on the expected growth rate of the market.

Budgeted gross margins

 the basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvements.

Business environment

- There have been no major changes in the existing political, legal and economic conditions in Mainland China.
- Under the service concession arrangements, the Group has been granted with priority for renewal of operating rights of its sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution plants. Given its historical performance record and its long-established relationship with the grantors, the Group has key advantages over other operators. In addition, the high investment cost has also created an entry barrier for new competitors. Therefore, in the opinion of the directors, the operating rights of sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water treatment and water distribution plants shall be renewed upon expiry, and therefore the sizes of the operations of the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution plants shall be renewed upon expiry, and therefore the sizes of the operations of the sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution are expected to remain constant perpetually which enables the Group to generate income perpetually.

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18. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Group has entered into a number of service concession arrangements with certain governmental authorities in Mainland China and Portugal on a BOT or a Transfer-Operate-Transfer ("TOT") basis in respect of its sewage and reclaimed water treatment, water distribution and seawater desalination services. These service concession arrangements generally involve the Group as an operator (i) constructing sewage and reclaimed water treatment plants, water distribution facilities and a seawater desalination plant (collectively, the "Facilities") for those arrangements on a BOT basis; (ii) paying a specific amount for those arrangements on a TOT basis; and (iii) operating and maintaining the Facilities at a specified level of serviceability on behalf of the relevant governmental authorities for periods ranging from 20 to 40 years (the "Service Concession Periods"), and the Group will be paid for its services over the relevant periods of the service concession arrangements at prices stipulated through a pricing mechanism. The Group is generally entitled to use all the property, plant and equipment of the Facilities, however, the relevant governmental authorities as grantors will control and regulate the scope of services that the Group must provide with the Facilities, and retain the beneficial entitlement to any residual interest in the Facilities at the end of the term of the Service Concession Periods. Each of these service concession arrangements is governed by a contract and, where applicable, supplementary agreements entered into between the Group and the relevant governmental authority in Mainland China and Portugal that set out, inter alia, performance standards, mechanisms for adjusting prices for the services rendered by the Group, specific obligations levied on the Group to restore the Facilities to a specified level of serviceability at the end of the Service Concession Periods, and arrangements for arbitrating disputes.

At 31 December 2013, the Group had 185, 6, 46 and 1 service concession arrangements on sewage treatment, reclaimed water treatment, water distribution and seawater desalination, respectively, with various governmental authorities in Mainland China and Portugal and a summary of the major terms of principal service concession arrangements are set out as follows:

No.	Name of company as operator	Name of plant	Location	Name of grantor	Type of service concession arrangement	Practical processing capacity m ³ /day	Service concession period
Subsi	diaries:						
1.	綿陽中科成污水淨化 有限公司	綿陽市塔子壩污水 處理廠一期	Mianyang, Sichuan Province, the PRC	綿陽市人民政府	TOT on sewage treatment	100,000	30 years from 2002 to 2032
2.	長沙中科成污水淨化 有限公司	長沙市金霞污水 處理廠	Changsha, Hunan Province, the PRC	長沙市公用事業 管理局	TOT on sewage treatment	180,000	20 years from 2004 to 2024
3.	廣州中業污水處理 有限公司	廣州市花都區新華 污水處理廠一期	Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, the PRC	廣州市花都區市政 園林管理局	BOT on sewage treatment	100,000	25 years from 2008 to 2033
4.	深圳北控創新投資 有限公司	深圳市龍崗區橫嶺 污水處理廠二期	Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, the PRC	深圳市水務局	TOT on sewage treatment	400,000	20 years from 2011 to 2031

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18. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

No.	Name of company as operator	Name of plant	Location	Name of grantor	Type of service concession arrangement	Practical processing capacity m³/day	Service concession period
Subsic	liaries: (Continued)						
5.	深圳北控豐泰投資 有限公司	深圳市龍崗區橫嶺 污水處理廠一期	Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, the PRC	深圳市龍崗區人民 政府	BOT on sewage treatment	200,000	25 years from 2003 to 2028
6.	成都青白江中科成污水 淨化有限公司	成都市青白江區 污水處理廠	Chengdu, Sichuan Province, the PRC	成都市青白江區人 民政府	TOT on sewage treatment	100,000	25 years from 2009 to 2034
7.	齊齊哈爾市北控污水 淨化有限公司	齊齊哈爾市 富拉爾基區 污水處理廠	Qi Qi Har, Heilongjiang Province, the PRC	齊齊哈爾市環境保 護局	BOT on sewage treatment	100,000	28 years from 2012 to 2040
8.	錦州市北控水務 有限公司	錦州市一期污水 處理廠	Jinzhou, Liaoning Province, the PRC	錦州市公用事業與 房產局	TOT on sewage treatment	100,000	30 years from 2009 to 2039
9.	錦州市北控水務 有限公司	錦州市二期污水 處理廠	Jinzhou, Liaoning Province, the PRC	錦州市公用事業與 房產局	BOT on sewage treatment	100,000	30 years from 2011 to 2040
10.	錦州市小淩河北控水務 有限公司	錦州市三期污水 處理廠	Jinzhou, Liaoning Province, the PRC	錦州市人民政府	TOT on sewage treatment	100,000	30 years (Not yet started)
11.	錦州市北控水務 有限公司	錦州市再生水項目	Jinzhou, Liaoning Province, the PRC	錦州市公用事業與 房產局	BOT on reclaimed water treatment	180,000	30 years from 2010 to 2040
12.	玉溪北控城投水質淨化 有限公司	玉溪市污水處理廠	Yuxi, Yunnan Province, the PRC	玉溪市住房和 城鄉建設局	TOT on sewage treatment	100,000	30 years from 2010 to 2041
13.	廣西貴港北控水務 有限公司	貴港市城西污水 處理廠	Guigang, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, the PRC	貴港市市政管理局	BOT on sewage treatment	100,000	30 years from 2008 to 2038
14.	廣西貴港北控水務 有限公司	南江水廠	Guigang, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, the PRC	貴港市市政管理局	BOT on water distribution	100,000	30 years from 2008 to 2038
15.	Zunyi BEWG Co., Ltd.	遵義市青山供水廠	Zunyi, Guizhou Province, the PRC	遵義市供排水 有限責任公司	BOT on water distribution	100,000	25 years (Not yet started)

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18. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

No.	Name of company as operator	Name of plant	Location	Name of grantor	Type of service concession arrangement	Practical processing capacity m³/day	Service concession period
Subsid	liaries: (Continued)						
16.	衡陽市海朗水務 有限公司	衡陽市珠暉自來水 制水廠	Hengyang, Hunan Province, the PRC	衡陽市建設局	BOT on water distribution	200,000	30 years (Not yet started)
17.	廣安北控廣和水務 有限公司	廣安新橋園區 供水廠(一期)	Guangan, Sichuan Province, the PRC	廣安市人民政府	BOT on water distribution	100,000	30 years (Not yet started)
18.	廣安北控廣和水務 有限公司	廣安新橋園區 供水廠(二期)	Guangan, Sichuan Province, the PRC	廣安市人民政府	BOT on water distribution	100,000	30 years (Not yet started)
19.	昆明空港北控城投水質 淨化有限公司	昆明空港經濟區 污水處理廠 (二期)	Kunming, Yunnan Province, the PRC	昆明市人民政府	BOT on sewage treatment	130,000	20 years (Not yet started)
20.	成都北控蜀都投資 有限公司	成都合作污水 處理廠	Chengdu, Sichuan Province, the PRC	成都市郫縣水務局	TOT on sewage treatment	100,000	25 years from 2012 to 2037
21.	北京稻香水質淨化 有限公司	海澱區稻香湖再生 水廠項目	Beijing Haidian, the PRC	北京市海澱區 水務局	BOT on reclaimed water	160,000	30 years (Not yet started)
22.	東莞市石排偉通水務 有限公司	東莞市南畬朗污水 處理廠	Dongguan, Guangdong Province, the PRC	東莞華態園管理 委員會	BOT on sewage treatment	200,000	25 years from 2009 to 2034
23.	東莞市德高水務 有限公司	東莞市橫瀝東坑 合建污水處理廠	Dongguan, Guangdong Province, the PRC	高埗鎮人民政府	BOT on sewage treatment	120,000	25 years from 2008 to 2033
24.	北控水務集團(海南) 有限公司	白沙門污水處理廠	Haikou, Hainan Province, the PRC	海口市水務局	BOT on sewage treatment	200,000	25 years from 2010 to 2035
25.	德清達闊制水有限公司	德清縣乾元淨水廠 項目	Deqing, Zhejiang Province, the PRC	德清縣建設局	BOT on water distribution	100,000	30 years from 2007 to 2032
Joint v	entures:						
26.	Aqualyng Caofeidian Seawater Desalination Co. Ltd. ("ACSD")	曹妃甸海水淡化廠	Caofeidian, Hebei Province, the PRC	曹妃甸工業區 管委會	BOT on seawater desalination	50,000	30 years (Not yet started)
27.	Guiyang BEWG Co. Ltd. ("Guiyang BEWG")	貴陽市城市供水廠	Guiyang, Guizhou Province, the PRC	貴陽市城市管理局	BOT on water distribution	1,000,000	30 years from 2011 to 2041

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18. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

The above table lists the service concession arrangements of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other service concession arrangements would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Pursuant to the service concession agreements entered into by the Group, the Group are granted the rights to use the property, plant and equipment of the Facilities and related land, which are generally registered under the names of the relevant companies in the Group, during the Service Concession Periods, but the Group is generally required to surrender these property, plant and equipment to the grantors at a specified level of serviceability at the end of the respective Service Concession Periods. At 31 December 2013, the Group was in the process of applying for the change of registration of the title certificates with respect to certain land use rights and buildings of certain Facilities to which the Group's service concession arrangements relate. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group is entitled to the lawful and valid occupation or use of these buildings and land to which the above-mentioned land use rights relate, and that the Group would not have any legal barriers in obtaining the proper title certificates.

At 31 December 2013, certain sewage treatment and water distribution concession rights of the Group (comprising operating concessions and receivables under service concession arrangements) with a then aggregate net carrying amount of HK\$7,182,730,000 (2012: HK\$3,574,879,000) were pledged to secure certain bank loans granted to the Group (note 34(b)(i)).

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18. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

As further explained in the accounting policy for "Service concession arrangements" set out in note 3.4 to the financial statements, the consideration paid by the Group for a service concession arrangement is accounted for as an intangible asset (operating concession) or a financial asset (receivable under a service concession arrangement) or a combination of both, as appropriate. The following is the summarised information of the intangible asset component (operating concession) and the financial asset component (receivables under service concession arrangements) with respect to the Group's service concession arrangements:

Operating concessions

		Group)
		2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January:			
Cost		1,211,134	957,634
Accumulated amortisation		(237,777)	(194,253)
Net carrying amount		973,357	763,381
Net carrying amount:			
At 1 January		973,357	763,381
Acquisition of subsidiaries	44	1,602,048	191,013
Additions		18,518	62,487
Amortisation provided during the year		(87,044)	(43,524)
Disposal of subsidiaries	45	(11,664)	_
Exchange realignment		27,770	
At 31 December		2,522,985	973,357
At 31 December:			
Cost		2,853,747	1,211,134
Accumulated amortisation		(330,762)	(237,777)
Net carrying amount		2,522,985	973,357

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18. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

Receivables under service concession arrangements

	Group)
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Receivables under service concession arrangements	12,911,369	6,862,937
Impairment (note (b))	(25,342)	(10,975)
	12,886,027	6,851,962
Portion classified as current assets	(1,106,884)	(382,464)
Non-current portion	11,779,143	6,469,498

Notes:

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(a) In respect of the Group's receivables under service concession arrangements, the various group companies have different credit policies, depending on the requirements of the locations in which they operate. Aged analyses of receivables under service concession arrangements are closely monitored in order to minimise any credit risk associated with the receivables.

An aged analysis of the Group's receivables under service concession arrangements as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of impairment, is as follows:

	Group	
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Billed:		
Within 3 months	517,938	205,531
4 to 6 months	143,144	52,362
7 to 12 months	115,892	43,436
Over 1 year	89,404	81,135
	866,378	382,464
Unbilled:		
Current portion	240,506	-
Non-current portion	11,779,143	6,469,498
	12,019,649	6,469,498
Total	12,886,027	6,851,962

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18. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

Receivables under service concession arrangements (Continued) Notes: (Continued)

(b) The movements in provision for impairment of the Group's receivables under service concession arrangements during the year are as follows:

	Group		
	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>	
At 1 January	10,975	912	
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44)	15	-	
Impairment during the year recognised in profit or loss, net (note 7)	32,936	10,063	
Amount written off as uncollectible	(18,854)	-	
Disposal of subsidiaries	(8)	-	
Exchange realignment	278		
At 31 December	25,342	10,975	

Included in the provision for impairment of receivables under service concession arrangements as at 31 December 2013 was a provision for individually impaired receivables of HK\$18,434,000 (2012: HK\$8,870,000) with an aggregate carrying amount before provision of HK\$65,606,000 (2012: HK\$37,742,000). The individually impaired receivables relate to customers that were in delinquency in principal payments (2012: a customer that was in dispute with the Group on the past service concession fee).

Apart from the foregoing, the above provision for impairment of receivables under service concession arrangements as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 also included the provision made against the remaining balances of the receivables collectively as at that date. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

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18. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

Receivables under service concession arrangements (Continued) Notes: (Continued)

(b) *(Continued)*

An aged analysis of the billed receivables under service concession arrangements that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

	Group		
	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Neither past due nor impaired	193,549	103,126	
Less than 1 month past due	221,544	59,981	
1 to 3 months past due	200,172	69,191	
4 to 6 months past due	125,104	35,669	
7 months to 1 year past due	59,480	32,139	
Over 1 year past due	66,529	82,358	
	866,378	382,464	

Unbilled receivables were neither past due nor impaired. The above receivables were mainly due from governmental authorities in Mainland China as grantors in respect of the Group's sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution businesses. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

(c) Included in the receivables under service concession arrangements of the Group as at 31 December 2013 is an amount due from BEHL of RMB872,735,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,104,727,000). In February 2013, the Group acquired from BEHL the estimated future net cash income (after deducting all state and local taxes in Mainland China and operating costs) generated from the service concession arrangement on the water purification and treatment operation of the Phase 1 of No. 9 water treatment plant in Beijing for the six years ending 31 December 2018 (the "Future Income"). Imputed interest income of RMB82,369,000 (equivalent to HK\$104,264,000), which was measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, was recognised in "Revenue" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the year. Further details of the transaction are set out in the Company's circular and announcement dated 30 November 2012 and 5 February 2013, respectively.

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19. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Group

		Computer	
	Patents	software	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year ended 31 December 2013			
At 1 January 2013:			
Cost	603	20,777	21,380
Accumulated amortisation	(603)	(3,482)	(4,085)
Net carrying amount	_	17,295	17,295
Net carrying amount:			
At 1 January 2013	_	17,295	17,295
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44)	_	279	279
Additions	170	9,104	9,274
Amortisation provided during the year	(5)	(1,221)	(1,226
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 45)	_	(273)	(273
Exchange realignment		438	438
At 31 December 2013	165	25,622	25,787
At 31 December 2013:			
Cost	788	30,372	31,160
Accumulated amortisation	(623)	(4,750)	(5,373)
Net carrying amount	165	25,622	25,787

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19. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Group (Continued)

		Computer	
	Patents	software	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year ended 31 December 2012			
At 1 January 2012:			
Cost	603	8,155	8,758
Accumulated amortisation	(603)	(1,700)	(2,303)
Net carrying amount	_	6,455	6,455
Net carrying amount:			
At 1 January 2012	_	6,455	6,455
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44)	_	3,845	3,845
Additions	_	7,980	7,980
Amortisation provided during the year	_	(985)	(985)
At 31 December 2012	_	17,295	17,295
At 31 December 2012:			
Cost	603	20,777	21,380
Accumulated amortisation	(603)	(3,482)	(4,085)
Net carrying amount	_	17,295	17,295

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20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

		Compa	iny
		2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Investments in subsidiaries, included in non-current assets			
Unlisted shares or investments, at cost		5,257,960	5,187,624
Due from subsidiaries	<i>(b)</i>	4,808,162	3,471,765
		10,066,122	8,659,389
Due from subsidiaries, included in current assets	(b), 28	7,494,006	4,018,549
Due to subsidiaries, included in current liabilities	(b), 42	(7,215,979)	(1,213,087)
Total interests in subsidiaries		10,344,149	11,464,851

Notes:

(a) Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Company name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital/ registered capital	Percenta attributable interest he	equity	Principal activities
			Company	Group	
BEWG Environmental Group Co., Ltd	PRC/Mainland China	RMB417,969,071	-	100	Consultancy service and investment holding
深圳北控創新投資有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB300,000,000	-	100	Sewage treatment
深圳北控豐泰投資有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB70,000,000	-	100	Sewage treatment
綿陽中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB40,000,000	-	100	Sewage treatment
長沙中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB50,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment
廣州中業污水處理有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB85,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment
江油中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB8,000,000	-	100	Sewage treatment

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20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Company name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	registration issued and paid-up capital/		ge of e equity eld by Group	Principal activities	
成都雙流中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB30,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment	
青島膠南中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB30,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment	
青島中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB20,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment	
廣州中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB40,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment	
台州市路橋中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB55,500,000	_	100	Sewage treatment	
成都龍泉中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB27,600,000	_	100	Sewage treatment	
菏澤中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB30,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment	
濟南中科成水質淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB20,000,000	-	100	Sewage treatment	
彭州中科成污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB28,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment	
佛山市三水中科成水質淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB76,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment	
永州市北控污水淨化有限公司。	PRC/Mainland China	HK\$85,630,000	100	100	Sewage treatment	
濱州北控西海水務有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB50,000,000	-	83.8	Water distribution	
北控水務(中國)投資有限公司□	PRC/Mainland China	US\$100,000,000	100	100	Investment holding	
雲南北控城投水務有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB400,000,000	-	100	Investment holding	
錦州市北控水務有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB127,178,541	80	80	Sewage treatment and reclaimed	

water treatment

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20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Company name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued and Percentage of paid-up capital/ attributable equity Principal registered capital interest held by activities		n/ issued and Percentage of paid-up capital/ attributable equity Prin		orporation/ issued and Percentage of istration paid-up capital/ attributable equity		incorporation/ issued and Percentage of registration paid-up capital/ attributable equity		Principal activities
			Company	Group						
齊齊哈爾市北控污水淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB56,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment					
清鎮市北控水務有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB20,000,000	-	60	Sewage treatment					
北京北控污水淨化及回用有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB26,360,000	_	100	Reclaimed water treatment					
廣西貴港北控水務有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB55,302,635	_	80	Sewage treatment and water distribution					
海南北控水務有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB5,000,000	-	100	Sewage treatment					
昆明空港北控城投水質凈化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB53,090,000	-	100	Sewage treatment					
玉溪北控城投水質淨化有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB91,380,000	-	100	Sewage treatment					
北控 (大連)投資有限公司 ("Beikong Dalian") Ω	PRC/Mainland China	US\$353,630,000	60	60	Investment holding					
CICI	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$166,667	_	70	Investment holding					
Kunming Gatewin Environmental Protection Engineering Co., Ltd. ^o	PRC/Mainland China	RMB680,000,000	_	70	Construction services					
Kunming Gatewin Road & Bridge Co., Ltd. $^{\scriptscriptstyle \Omega}$	PRC/Mainland China	RMB1,200,000,000	_	70	Construction services					
上海北控亞同水務投資有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB100,000,000	-	100	Investment holding					
徐州創源污水處理有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	_	100	Sewage treatment					

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20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Company name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital/ registered capital	Percenta attributable interest he	equity	Principal activities
			Company	Group	
Zunyi BEWG Co., Ltd.	PRC/Mainland China	RMB50,236,000	80	89	Water distribution
BEWG (M) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	RM50,000,000	100	100	Construction services
Beikong Shudu	PRC/Mainland China	RMB852,750,000	_	68.5	Construction services and sewage treatment
北京建工環境發展有限責任公司 ("BCEG Environmental") ^ℰ	PRC/Mainland China	RMB300,000,000	-	60	Construction services and investment holding
北控水務集團(海南)有限公司 [∞]	PRC/Mainland China	RMB100,000,000	-	90	Sewage treatment
東莞市石排偉通水務有限公司。	PRC/Mainland China	RMB83,350,000	-	100	Sewage treatment
德清達闊制水有限公司 ^{δΩ}	PRC/Mainland China	US\$11,960,000	_	100	Water distribution
Compagnie Générale des Eaux (Portugal) – Consultadoria e Engenharia S.A.("CGEP") [§]	Portugal/Portuguese Republic	€11,987,000	-	100	Sewage treatment and water distribution

Ω These entities are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under PRC Law.

δ Acquired during the year.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

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20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (b) The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment, except for the following:
 - (i) an amount of €95,650,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,019,399,000) (2012: Nil) due from Orgo Investments S.a.r.I., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, which bears interest at 4.625% per annum and is repayable in June 2018; and
 - (ii) an amount of US\$53,610,000 (equivalent to HK\$415,681,000) (2012: Nil) due to BEWG (M) Sdn Bhd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, which bears interest at the rate of 3.6% plus a 3-month LIBOR rate per annum and is repayable on demand.

In the opinion of the directors, the amounts advanced to subsidiaries included in the investments in subsidiaries above are considered as quasiequity loans to the subsidiaries.

(c) Material non-wholly owned subsidiaries disclosures

Details of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests are set out below:

	2013	2012
Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests:		
Beikong Dalian and its subsidiaries ("Beikong Dalian Group")	40%	40%
CICI and its subsidiaries ("CICI Group")	30%	30%
Beikong Shudu	31.5%	31.5%
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year allocated to non-controlling interests: Beikong Dalian Group CICI Group Beikong Shudu	(48,548) 58,485 26,414	42,148 63,059 5,418
Accumulated balances of non-controlling interests at the reporting dates:		
Accumulated balances of non-controlling interests at the reporting dates: Beikong Dalian Group	1,164,350	1,183,210
	1,164,350 249,368	1,183,210 168,767

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20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) Material non-wholly owned subsidiaries disclosures (Continued)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of the above groups of subsidiaries:

	Beikong Shudu		CICI Group		Beikong Dalian Group	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue	49,122	10,072	684,635	4,944	139,337	520,717
Interest income	83,679	11,035	166,896	263,823	58,006	11,445
Total expenses	(48,946)	(3,907)	(656,580)	(58,572)	(318,713)	(426,792)
Profit/(loss) for the year	83,855	17,200	194,951	210,195	(121,370)	105,370
Total comprehensive income/(loss)						
for the year	113,755	17,200	268,671	210,450	(47,148)	105,370
Current assets	165,293	909,492	6,247,298	6,098,268	10,498,061	10,538,034
Non-current assets	1,228,077	339,626	568,085	92,178	1,127,369	1,087,289
Current liabilities	(76,159)	(50,556)	(5,982,557)	(5,627,295)	(8,035,765)	(8,124,081)
Non-current liabilities	(22,323)	(17,429)	(1,599)	(595)	(678,789)	(543,218)
Net cash flows from/(used in)						
operating activities	(8,110)	(307,368)	491,512	(1,373,122)	(649,703)	(375,241)
Net cash flows from/(used in)	(8,110)	(307,308)	491,512	(1,373,122)	(049,703)	(375,241)
investing activities	(46)		7.872	19.854	(90,128)	(2,210,715)
Net cash flows from/(used in)	(40)	_	7,872	19,654	(90,128)	(2,210,715)
financing activities	16,892	(91,602)	(154,657)	1,295,618	974	3,295,983
	10,032	(31,002)	(104,007)	1,230,010	5,7	3,233,300
Net increase/(decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents	8,736	(398,970)	344,727	(57,650)	(738,857)	710,027

* No dividend was declared by the above three material non-wholly owned subsidiaries during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.

** The amounts disclosed above are before any inter-company eliminations.

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21. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

		Gro	up	Comp	any
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Investments in joint ventures,					
included in non-current assets:					
Unlisted shares or investments,					
at cost		_	_	1,282,778	1,282,778
Share of net assets		2,630,953	2,056,591	_	-
Goodwill on acquisition	(b)	210,476	209,730	_	
	<i>.</i> .	2,841,429	2,266,321	1,282,778	1,282,778
Loans to a joint venture	(c)	56,643	51,419	_	
		2,898,072	2,317,740	1,282,778	1,282,778
Due from joint ventures, included					
in current assets	(d), 28	106,475	554,032	62,148	73,386
Due to joint ventures, included in					
current liabilities	(d), 42	(226,087)	(296,863)	_	
Total interests in joint ventures		2,778,460	2,574,909	1,344,926	1,356,164

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21. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Particulars of the Group's principal joint ventures are as follows:

			Percentage of			
Company name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of paid-up capital/ registered capital	Ownership interest attributable to the Group	Voting power	Profit sharing	Principal activities
Guiyang BEWG [#]	PRC/Mainland China	RMB1,456,162,145	45	45	45	Water distribution
洛陽北控水務集團 有限公司 ("Luoyang BEWG")	PRC/Mainland China	RMB200,000,000	40	40	40	Water distribution, reclaimed water treatment and heating services
北京安菱水務科技 有限公司 (Beijing Anling Water Technology Company Limited) ("Anling Water") ⁸	PRC/Mainland China	US\$79,500,000	33.8	33.8	33.8	Water distribution
北控曹妃甸水務投資 有限公司#	PRC/Mainland China	RMB500,000,000	70 [@]	70	70	Investment holding
四川三岔湖北控海天 投資有限公司	PRC/Mainland China	RMB160,000,000	50	50	50	Sewage treatment and water distribution
ABCD	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	51®	51	51	Investment holding
Henan Kaikong Water Business Co., Ltd. ("Henan Kaikong")	PRC/Mainland China	RMB100,000,000	60 [®]	60	60	Reclaimed water treatment and water distribution
Yibin Beijing Enterprises Water Limited	PRC/Mainland China	RMB75,563,400	65®	65	65	Sewage treatment
北京北控海創科技 有限公司 [≬]	PRC/Mainland China	RMB70,000,000	71.4 [®]	71.4	71.4	Seawater desalination

Directly held by the Company.

^{*s*} Acquired/incorporated during the year.

In the opinion of the directors, notwithstanding that the Group has over 50% voting power in these joint ventures, the Group only has joint controls over these joint ventures, having considered that the Group has contractually agreed to the sharing of control over certain key financial and operating activities of these joint ventures with the other joint venture partners.

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21. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

The table above lists the joint ventures of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results of the Group for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other joint ventures would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

(b) The movement of the amount of the goodwill included in the investments in joint ventures during the year is as follows:

	Group		
	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Cost and net carrying amount:			
At 1 January	209,730	197,430	
Acquisition of joint ventures	-	12,300	
Exchange realignment	746		
At 31 December	210,476	209,730	

The addition of goodwill during the year ended 31 December 2012 arose from the acquisition of a 40% equity interest in Luoyang BEWG and the acquisition of a 30% additional equity interest in Henan Kaikong, a then associate of the Group held as to 30% and 60% by the Group immediately before and after the acquisition transaction.

- (c) The loans to a joint venture as at 31 December 2013 are loans with principal amounts of RMB34,780,000 (equivalent to HK\$42,938,000, the "RMB Loan") and US\$100,000 (equivalent to HK\$776,000, the "US\$ Loan") advanced to ABCD to finance its investment in a 50% equity interest in ACSD, a joint venture of ABCD established in the PRC for the construction and operation of a seawater desalination plant in Tangshan City, Hebei Province, the PRC. The RMB Loan bears interest at the PRC 5-year or above bank loan rate and is repayable in 2030 while the US\$ Loan is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. In the opinion of the directors, the loans are considered as quasi-equity investments in ABCD. Interest income of RMB2,292,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,901,000) (2012: RMB2,347,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,897,000)) was recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 December 2013 in respect of the RMB Loan.
- (d) The amounts due from/to joint ventures included in current assets and current liabilities of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2013 are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment. The Group's trade and bills payable balance with a joint venture is disclosed in note 41 to the financial statements.
- (e) Material joint ventures disclosures

In the opinion of the directors, the material joint ventures of the Group accounted for using the equity method include the following three entities:

- (i) Anling Water, which is engaged in the water distribution operation under a BOT basis in Mainland China;
- (ii) Luoyang BEWG, which is engaged in water distribution, reclaimed water treatment and heating operations in Mainland China; and
- (iii) Guiyang BEWG, which is engaged in water distribution operations in Mainland China.

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21. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(e) Material joint ventures disclosures (Continued)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of the above three material joint ventures, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to their carrying amounts in the financial statements:

	Anling Water L		Luoyang	BEWG	Guiyang BEWG	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	67,061	_	709,733	343,595	162,625	47,205
Other current assets	97,342	_	736,939	865,922	606,387	784,956
Current assets	164,403	_	1,446,672	1,209,517	769,012	832,161
Operating concessions	_	_	827,295	780,383	2,012,341	2,034,178
Other non-current assets	583,920	-	26,553	26,342	870,775	484,864
Non-current assets	583,920	-	853,848	806,725	2,883,116	2,519,042
Financial liabilities, excluding						
trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	(762,866)	(114,337)
Other current liabilities	(17,661)	_	(439,581)	(428,702)	(890,737)	(1,192,047)
Current liabilities	(17,661)	_	(439,581)	(428,702)	(1,653,603)	(1,306,384)
Non-current financial liabilities,						
excluding trade and other						
payables and provisions	(107,917)	-	(16,423)	(17,088)	-	(171,975)
Other non-current liabilities	_	-	(327,436)	(180,250)	(317,677)	(325,633)
Non-current liabilities	(107,917)	_	(343,859)	(197,338)	(317,677)	(497,608)
Net assets	622,745	-	1,517,080	1,390,202	1,680,848	1,547,211
Reconciliation to the Group's interest						
in the joint ventures:						
Proportion of the Group's						
ownership	67%*	N/A	40%	40%	45%	45%
Group's share of net assets of						
the joint venture, excluding						
goodwill	417,239	-	606,832	556,081	756,382	696,245
Goodwill on acquisition	-	-	29,126	28,407	150,586	150,586
Carrying amount of the investment	417,239	-	635,958	584,488	906,968	846,831

* Anling Water was held as to 67% equity interest by a 50.5% owned subsidiary of the Group and accordingly the Group held 33.8% effective equity interest in Anling Water.

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21. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(e) Material joint ventures disclosures (Continued)

	Anling Water		Luoyang B	Luoyang BEWG		Guiyang BEWG	
	2013 HK\$'000	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>	
Revenue	_	_	944,266	768,666	554,675	342,286	
Interest income	-	-	-	-	· –	(79)	
Depreciation and amortisation	(223)	-	(32,598)	(31,537)	(80,773)	(78,519)	
Interest expenses	-	-	(9,508)	(3,305)	(38,430)	(127,538)	
Income tax	-	-	(31,025)	(32,809)	(23,526)	17,933	
Profit/(loss) for the year	(5,759)	-	91,711	85,815	78,522	(28,230)	
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	_	11,636	6,973	
Total comprehensive income/(loss)					,	,	
for the year	(5,759)	_	91,711	85,815	90,158	(21,257)	
Share of the joint ventures' profit/(loss)	, -			,	,	, .	
for the year	(3,859)	-	36,685	34,326	35,335	(12,703)	

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's joint ventures that are not individually material:

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Share of the joint ventures' profits and losses and total comprehensive income for the year	16,354	34,388
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's investments in the joint ventures	937,907	886,421

22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

		Group		Company	
	Notes	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Investments in associates, included in non-current assets:					
Share of net assets	(c)	126,700	100,867	-	-
Due from associates, included in					
current assets	(b), 28	1,740	-	14	-
Due to associates, included in					
current liabilities	(b), 42	(1,488)	(49,995)	_	(49,995)
Total interests in associates		126,952	50,872	14	(49,995)

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22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Particulars of the Group's principal associates, which were unlisted entities indirectly held by the Company, are as follows:

				Percentage of		
	Place of incorporation/	Nominal value of	Ownership interest			
Company name	registration and operation	issued capital/ paid-up capital	attributable to the Group	Voting power	Profit sharing	Principal activities
Beijing Enterprises Water Environmental Investment Ltd.	Hong Kong	HK\$250,000,000	40	40	40	Investment holding
貴州北控水務環境產業 有限公司 [。]	PRC/Mainland China	HK\$195,000,000	40	40	40	Construction services and Sewage treatment
北京北控水源投資有限 責任公司 ^{δ↑}	PRC/Mainland China	RMB11,000,000	18 [†]	40	18	Investment holding

^δ Incorporated during the year.

[†] This entity is accounted for as an associate by virtue of the Group's significant influence over it.

The table above lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results of the Group for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

(b) The balances with associates are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

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22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) Summarised financial information of associates

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's associates that are not individually material:

2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
	1114 000
23,115	(1,409
2,100	409
25,215	(1,000
403,987	1,887
71,859	99,096
(151,615)	
(197,531)	(116
	23,115 2,100 25,215 403,987 71,859

23. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

The available-for-sale investments of the Group are unlisted equity investments in Mainland China, which are not stated at fair value but at cost less any accumulated impairment losses because they do not have a quoted market price in an active market and hence, in the opinion of the directors, the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant and the probabilities of the various estimates cannot be reasonably assessed.

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24. LAND HELD FOR SALE

Land held for sale of the Group as at 31 December 2013 represented certain land use rights held under medium and long term leases and located in Liaoning Province and Sichuan Province, the PRC, covering a total land area of approximately 3,528,700 square metres (2012: 3,578,000 square metres). The Group intends to hold these land use rights for trading and hence they are classified as land held for sale.

During the year, the Group disposed of a portion of these land use rights with a land area of 49,300 square metres and a gain on disposal of HK\$5,564,000 was resulted, which was recognised in "Other income and gains, net" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss (note 6).

25. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Raw materials	50,323	26,744
ow value consumables	5,032	3,709
	55,355	30,453

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26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM CONTRACT CUSTOMERS

	Group)
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less		
recognised losses to date	5,413,063	2,793,618
Impairment (note)	(25,401)	
	5,387,662	2,793,618
Portion classified as current assets	(26,970)	(31,637)
Non-current portion	5,360,692	2,761,981

The movement in provision for impairment of amounts due from contract customers during the year is as follows: Note:

2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
-	_
25,401	
25,401	_
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The above provision was made against an amount due from a contract customer of RMB378,100,000 (equivalent to HK\$478,608,000), for which the contract customer was in delinquency in principal payment. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancement over the balance.

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27. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

	Group		Compa	ny
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade and bills receivables	2,123,275	2,511,042	22,104	21,432
Impairment (note (c))	(32,198)	(28,317)		
	2,091,077	2,482,725	22,104	21,432
Portion classified as current assets	(2,037,987)	(2,385,500)	(22,104)	(21,432)
Non-current portion	53,090	97,225	-	_

Notes:

(a) The Group's trade and bills receivables arise from the provision of construction services for comprehensive renovation projects, water distribution services under Build-Own-Operate basis, technical and consultancy services and sewage treatment equipment trading. The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit and each customer has a maximum credit limit. The various group companies have different credit policies, depending on the requirements of their markets in which they operate and the businesses they engage in. The credit period granted to customers is generally one month to three months, except for customers of the construction services for comprehensive renovation projects, which would settle the amounts owed to the Group in a number of specified instalments covering periods ranging from 1 year to 25 years. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. Apart from the trade and bills receivables of certain construction services for comprehensive renovation projects which bear interest at rates ranging from 5.85% to 8.65% (2012: 5.85% to 9.05%), trade and bills receivables are non-interest-bearing.

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27. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

An aged analysis of the trade and bills receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of impairment, is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Billed:				
Within 3 months	294,270	1,935,375	170	-
4 to 6 months	30,533	-	-	-
7 to 12 months	114,248	62,829	-	-
Over 1 year	1,545,995	255,915	21,934	21,432
Balance with extended credit period	53,059	217,768		
	2,038,105	2,471,887	22,104	21,432
Unbilled*	52,972	10,838		
	2,091,077	2,482,725	22,104	21,432

* The unbilled balance was attributable to certain construction services rendered under contracts for comprehensive renovation projects which will be billed in accordance with the repayment terms stipulated in relevant construction services agreements entered into between the Group and the contract customers.

(b) Included in the trade and bills receivables of the Group as at 31 December 2013 are (i) an aggregate amount of HK\$3,028,000 (2012: HK\$2,953,000) due from 北京北控環保工程技術有限公司 ("BE Environmental"), a substantial shareholder of the Company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of BEHL, arising from the sewage treatment equipment trading carried out in the ordinary course of business of the Group; and (ii) an amount of HK\$2,362,000 (2012: HK\$2,303,000) due from ACSD, arising from the provision of technical services carried out in the ordinary course of business of the Group. The balances with these companies were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on similar credit terms to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

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27. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) The movements in the Group's provision for impairment of trade and bills receivables during the year are as follows:

	Group	
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January	28,317	19,972
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44)	3,893	6,573
Impairment during the year recognised in profit or loss, net (note 7)	6,011	1,772
Disposal of subsidiaries	(6,740)	-
Exchange realignment	717	
At 31 December	32,198	28,317

The above provision for impairment of trade and bills receivables was made after an impairment assessment of the Group's trade and bills receivables collectively. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

An aged analysis of the billed trade and bills receivables as at the end of the reporting period that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Neither past due nor impaired	245,115	357,764	170	_
Less than 1 month past due	10,005	64,286	-	-
1 to 3 months past due	97,623	1,731,093	-	-
4 to 6 months past due	11,647	4,097	-	-
7 months to 1 year past due	127,720	66,298	-	-
Over 1 year past due	1,545,995	248,349	21,934	21,432
	2,038,105	2,471,887	22,104	21,432

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27. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired mainly relate to the construction services rendered for comprehensive renovation projects with settlement periods ranging from 1 year to 25 years by specified instalments. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

A customer of the construction service for a comprehensive renovation project has pledged the future receivables from its comprehensive renovation services on certain government reserve land owned by a government authority in Mainland China in an aggregate amount of RMB2,486,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$3,146,835,000) to secure the trade and bills receivables due by it. As at 31 December 2013, the trade and bills receivables owed by this customer amounted to RMB565,806,000 (equivalent to HK\$716,210,000) (2012: RMB878,778,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,084,911,000)). Save as the foregoing, the Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over trade and bills receivable balances.

(d) At 31 December 2012, receivables of RMB5,480,000 (equivalent to HK\$6,765,000) of a water distribution operation were pledged to secure a bank loan granted to the Group (note 34(b)(vi)).

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28. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		Gro	up	Comp	bany
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Prepayments		44,971	28,790	_	1
Deposits and other debtors	(a)	4,320,878	3,405,113	363,803	38,928
Advances to subcontractors and					
suppliers	(b)	2,772,812	2,504,828	_	_
Due from subsidiaries	20(b)	-	_	7,494,006	4,018,549
Due from joint ventures	21(d)	106,475	554,032	62,148	73,386
Due from associates	22(b)	1,740	_	14	_
Due from related parties	29	1,333,124	1,458,335	1,238,618	1,190,854
		8,580,000	7,951,098	9,158,589	5,321,718
Impairment	(c)	(82,906)	(7,880)	-	
		8,497,094	7,943,218	9,158,589	5,321,718
Portion classified as current assets		(5,323,645)	(5,395,988)	(7,588,294)	(4,221,141)
Non-current portion		3,173,449	2,547,230	1,570,295	1,100,577

Notes:

(a) The Group's deposits and other debtors as at 31 December 2013 included, inter alia, the following:

(i) an instalment deposit of RMB422,031,000 (equivalent to HK\$534,216,000) (2012: RMB422,031,000 (equivalent to HK\$521,026,000)) paid by the Group to a government authority in Mainland China in relation to the Group's acquisition of certain land use rights in Liaoning Province, the PRC. As the Group intends to hold the land use rights for trading, the balance is classified as a current asset.

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28. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

(ii) loans and related interest receivables of RMB1,720,238,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,177,516,000) (2012: RMB1,567,573,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,935,275,000)) in aggregate provided to various government authorities in Mainland China as part of the construction funding for certain comprehensive renovation projects undertaken by these government authorities. The loans provide the Group with returns ranging from 6% to 20% per annum on the loan principals.

Except for loans and corresponding interest receivables of RMB730,673,000 (equivalent to HK\$924,903,000) (2012: RMB881,341,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,088,075,000)) in aggregate that are repayable within a year after the reporting period and are classified as current assets, the remaining balances of RMB989,565,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,252,613,000) (2012: RMB686,232,000 (equivalent to HK\$847,200,000)) in aggregate are classified as non-current assets as their settlements are dependent on (1) the sale of the corresponding land use rights of the comprehensive renovation projects by relevant government authorities; and (2) the sale of the 31.5% equity interest in Beikong Shudu held by two government authorities, which remain uncertain as at the end of the reporting period. In the opinion of the directors, the repayments of these loans and related interest receivables are not expected to be completed by 2014.

On the other hand, included in total loans and related interest receivables as at 31 December 2013 was an aggregate balance of RMB1,320,238,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,671,187,000) which are secured/guaranteed by:

- (1) a pledge over the borrower's future receivable of the corresponding comprehensive renovation projects;
- (2) proceeds from the disposals of certain land use rights owned by relevant government authorities in Mainland China, the PRC; or
- (3) proceed from the disposal of the 31.5% equity interest in Beikong Shudu held by two government authorities in Mainland China, the PRC.

In respect of the year ended 31 December 2013, interest income of RMB139,295,000 (equivalent to HK\$176,323,000) in aggregate was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as "Interest Income" during the year. In respect of the year ended 31 December 2012, RMB143,377,000 (equivalent to HK\$177,009,000) in aggregate was charged on these loans, of which RMB109,412,000 (equivalent to HK\$135,077,000) in aggregate and RMB33,965,000 (equivalent to HK\$41,932,000) were recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss as "Interest Income" and the statement of profit or loss of Beikong Shudu when Beikong Shudu was a joint venture of the Group, respectively.

(iii) investment deposits of RMB339,156,000 (equivalent to HK\$429,311,000) (2012: RMB284,500,000 (equivalent to HK\$351,234,000)) in aggregate paid to independent third parties in connection with the Group's acquisition of the controlling equity interests in certain sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution operations (2012: two sewage treatment operations and a waste-to-energy operation) in the PRC. The balances are classified as non-current assets.

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31 December 2013

28. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

- (iv) investment deposits of RMB97,454,000 (equivalent to HK\$123,359,000) (2012: RMB45,700,000 (equivalent to HK\$56,420,000)) in aggregate paid to certain government authorities in the PRC for acquiring certain sewage and reclaimed water treatment and water distribution operations under TOT basis. The balances are classified as non-current assets.
- (b) The Group's advances to subcontractors and suppliers mainly represented advance payments in an aggregate amount of RMB1,848,205,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,339,500,000) (2012: RMB1,758,203,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,170,621,000)) made by certain subsidiaries of the Group to subcontractors for construction services to be performed on certain comprehensive renovation projects entered into between the Group and government authorities in Liaoning Province, the PRC. The constructions of these projects were delayed and the subcontractors returned an aggregate amount of RMB1,577,517,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,996,857,000) (2012: RMB1,507,516,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,861,131,000)) of these advance payments to the other subsidiaries of the Group. As the criteria for offsetting financial instruments are not met, the refunded amounts are included in "Other payables and accruals" on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position (note 42(b)(i)).
- (c) The movements in provision for impairment of other receivables during the year are as follows:

	Group	
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January	7,880	5,531
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 44)	_	735
Impairment during the year recognised in profit or loss, net (note 7)	75,565	1,608
Disposal of subsidiaries	(766)	-
Exchange realignment	227	6
At 31 December	82,906	7,880

Included in the provision for impairment of other receivables as at 31 December 2013 was a full provision on certain advances to a subcontractor as detailed in note 28(b) of HK\$74,553,000. The individually impaired receivables relate to a subcontractor that was in delinquency in principal payments.

Apart from the foregoing, the above provision for impairment of other receivables as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 also included the provision made against the remaining balances of the receivables collectively as at that date. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

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29. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

The amounts due from/to related parties are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment, except for the following:

- (i) an amount of US\$148,171,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,148,886,000) (2012: US\$142,347,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,103,186,000)) due from a non-controlling equity holder of a 60%-owned subsidiary of the Group, which, pursuant to relevant loan agreements entered into between the Group and the non-controlling equity holder, bears interest at the rate of the PRC 1-3 year bank loan rate per annum on the net loan amount, is repayable in May 2014 and secured by the 40% equity interest in the subsidiary held by the non-controlling equity holder;
- (ii) an amount of RMB35,855,000 (equivalent to HK\$45,386,000) (2012: Nil) due from a non-controlling equity holder of a subsidiary of the Group, which bears interest at the PRC over 5-year bank loan rate per annum and is repayable in 2014.
- (iii) amounts of RMB156,000,000 in aggregate (equivalent to HK\$197,468,000) (2012: Nil) due to a noncontrolling equity holder of a subsidiary of the Group, which bear interests at rates ranging from 6% to 6.6% per annum and are repayable in 2014. Interest expenses of RMB1,694,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,144,000) (2012: Nil) was recognised in profit or loss during the year in respect of the loan; and
- (iv) an amount of RMB175,371,000 (equivalent to HK\$216,507,000) as at 31 December 2012 due from the then non-controlling equity holder of a subsidiary of the Group. Pursuant to a deed of setoff dated 1 December 2013 entered into between the Group and the then non-controlling equity holder, the amount was offset against the consideration of RMB216,044,000 (equivalent to HK\$273,473,000) payable by the Group to the non-controlling equity holder for the acquisition of the non-controlling interest of the subsidiary. Upon the completion of the acquisition, the subsidiary becomes a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group.

The balances with related companies of the Group included in receivables under service concession arrangements, trade and bills receivables, other receivables, trade and bills payables and other payables are disclosed in notes 18(c), 27(b), 28, 41 and 42 to the financial statements, respectively.

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30. RESTRICTED CASH AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash and bank balances other than				
time deposits	3,570,751	4,277,940	208,205	384,397
Time deposits	1,999,331	97,818	1,598,412	
Total cash and bank balances Less: Restricted cash and pledged	5,570,082	4,375,758	1,806,617	384,397
deposits (note (a))	(57,047)	(84,892)	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	5,513,035	4,290,866	1,806,617	384,397

Notes:

- (a) The Group's restricted cash and pledged deposits as at 31 December 2013 included the following:
 - (i) bank deposits of RMB37,550,000 (equivalent to HK\$47,532,000) (2012: RMB52,375,000 (equivalent to HK\$64,661,000)) which could only be applied on construction of sewage treatment facilities and other infrastructural facilities undertaken by the Group;
 - bank deposits of RMB5,589,000 (equivalent to HK\$7,075,000) (2012: RMB15,684,000 (equivalent to HK\$19,363,000)) pledged to banks for the issuance of guarantees by the banks to the grantors in respect of the specific performance of the duties by the Group under certain service concession agreements; and
 - (iii) bank deposits of RMB1,928,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,440,000) (2012: RMB703,000 (equivalent to HK\$868,000)) pledged to banks to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group (note 34(b)(iv)).

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30. RESTRICTED CASH AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's cash and bank balances are denominated in the following currencies:

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HK\$	731,720	63,911	425,683	44,268
RMB	3,391,583	2,662,443	1,366,498	340,054
US\$	854,362	1,423,547	14,108	75
RM	503,892	225,588	-	-
EUR	88,275	_	328	-
TWD	249	267	-	-
KRW	1	2	-	
	5,570,082	4,375,758	1,806,617	384,397

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

- (c) As at 31 December 2013, two bank balances in an aggregate amount equivalent to HK\$101,283,000 (2012: HK\$645,966,000) were designated as a charge for the repayment of a bank loan in a principal amount of US\$100,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$776,403,000), and any fund withdrawals of over US\$6,500,000 from these bank accounts shall be approved by the bank.
- (d) The Group's bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of defaults.

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31. SHARES CAPITAL

Shares

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Authorised:		1 500 000
15,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	1,500,000	1,500,000
Issued and fully paid:		
8,435,981,324 (2012: 6,909,170,486) ordinary shares of		
HK\$0.10 each	843,598	690,917

A summary of the movements in the Company's issued share capital during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

	Notes	Number of ordinary shares in issue	Issued capital HK\$'000	Share premium account HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 1 January 2012		6,909,170,486	690,917	5,809,534	6,500,451
Reduction of share premium account	33(b)(ii)		_	(5,809,534)	(5,809,534)
At 31 December 2012 and					
1 January 2013		6,909,170,486	690,917	-	690,917
Acquisition of the Future Income	(a)(i)	606,600,538	60,660	939,803	1,000,463
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(a)(ii)	170,210,300	17,021	413,344	430,365
Share placements	(b)	750,000,000	75,000	2,221,645	2,296,645
At 31 December 2013		8,435,981,324	843,598	3,574,792	4,418,390

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2013

31. SHARES CAPITAL (Continued)

Shares (Continued) Notes:

- (a) The Group completed the acquisition of the Future Income and certain subsidiaries from BEHL and certain of its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2013 as follows:
 - (i) as detailed in note 18(c) to the financial statements, the Group acquired the Future Income in February at a consideration of HK\$982,693,000, which was satisfied by way of the issuance of 606,600,538 new ordinary shares of the Company to BE Environmental at HK\$1.62 per share. The fair value of these ordinary shares, determined by reference to the fair value of the Future Income which was measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, amounted to HK\$1,000,463,000 and was used to account for the acquisition transaction; and
 - (ii) in February and May 2013, the Group acquired (1) 90% equity interest in two sewage treatment operations under BOT basis in Hainan Province, the PRC; (2) 100% equity interest in a water distribution operation under BOT basis in Shangdong Province, and (3) 100% equity interest in an investment holding company which holds 33.8% equity interest in Anling Water, a joint venture engaged in a water distribution operation under BOT basis in Beijing City, the PRC, for an aggregate consideration of HK\$275,741,000, satisfied by way of the issuance of 170,210,300 new ordinary shares of the Company to BE Environmental at HK\$1.62 per share. The fair value of these ordinary shares, determined by reference to the closing quoted market price of the Company's ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange at respective acquisition dates, amounted to HK\$430,365,000 in aggregate and was used to account for the acquisition transaction.

Further details of the transactions are set out in the Company's circular dated 30 November 2012 and announcements dated 5 February 2013 and 24 May 2013.

- (b) The Company completed the following share placements during the year:
 - (i) pursuant to a subscription agreement entered into between the Company and a company beneficially owned by a strategic investment fund of the government of Malaysia (the "Subscriber") on 26 September 2013, 400,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company were allotted and issued at a price of HK\$2.95 per share to the Subscriber for a total net cash consideration of HK\$1,180,000,000. Further details of the share placement are set out in the Company's announcement dated 26 September 2013; and
 - (ii) pursuant to a placing and subscription agreement and a subscription letter entered into between the Company, BE Environmental and a placing agent on 17 October 2013, 350,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company were allotted and issued at a price of HK\$3.21 per share to BE Environmental, which sold the same number of the Company's ordinary shares BE Environmental owns to certain institutional investors at the same price under a top-up placing arrangement. Further details of the share placement are set out in the Company's announcements dated 17 October 2013 and 18 October 2013.
- (c) Subsequent to the reporting period, on 19 February 2014, 219,634,335 new ordinary shares of the Company are allotted and issued to Standard Water Ltd. (the "Vendor") in connection with the acquisition of Crystal Water Company Limited ("Crystal Water") and China Water Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("China Water Holdings") as further detailed in note 53 to the financial statements.

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share options issued under the scheme are included in note 32 to the financial statements.

31 December 2013

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's directors, including independent non-executive directors, and other employees of the Group. The Scheme became effective on 28 June 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of passing the resolution for adoption of the Scheme. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and commences after a vesting period of one to five years and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the share options.

The exercise price of share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's ordinary shares of HK\$0.10. The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings. The share options are non-transferrable and will lapse when expired or the grantee ceases to be an employee of the Group pursuant to the terms of the Scheme.

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32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

	2013 Weighted		
	average	Number	
	exercise price	of options	
	HK\$ per share	'000	
At 1 January	_	_	
Granted during the year	2.350	400,000	
At 31 December	2.350	400,000	

The exercise price and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Number of	- · · · ·	
options	Exercise price*	
'000	HK\$ per share	Exercise periods
80,000	2.244	24-4-2014 to 23-4-2023
80,000	2.244	24-4-2015 to 23-4-2023
80,000	2.244	24-4-2016 to 23-4-2023
80,000	2.244	24-4-2017 to 23-4-2023
80,000	2.244	24-4-2018 to 23-4-2023

400,000

The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

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32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Notes:

(a) The fair value of the share options granted during the year was HK\$357,276,000 (HK\$0.89 each), of which HK\$105,764,000 was recognised as share option expense in profit or loss during the year ended 31 December 2013.

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year was estimated as at the date of grant, using Black-Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

	2013
Dividend yield (%)	2.13
Expected volatility (%)	42.97
Historical volatility (%)	42.97
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.85
Life of options (year)	10.00
Weighted average share price (<i>HK\$ per share</i>)	2.35
Exit rates of the grantees of the options granted under the Scheme	3.73% – 5.56%

The life of the options is the time to maturity of the options granted under the Scheme. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome. The exit rates of the grantees of the options granted under the Scheme were determined based on the historical data.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

(b) At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 400,000,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme which represented approximately 4.74% and 4.62% of the Company's shares in issue as at 31 December 2013 and the date of approval of these financial statements, respectively. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 400,000,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$40,000,000 and share premium of HK\$857,600,000 (before issue expenses).

33. RESERVES

(a) Group

- (i) The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.
- (ii) The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options vested which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy of share-based payments in note 3.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related share options are exercised, or transferred to retained profits should the related share options lapse or be forfeited.
- (iii) The PRC reserve funds are reserves set aside in accordance with the PRC Companies Law or the Law of the PRC on Joint Ventures Using Chinese and Foreign Investment as applicable to the Group's subsidiaries. None of the Group's PRC reserve funds as at 31 December 2013 were distributable in the form of cash dividends.

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33. RESERVES (Continued)

(b) Company

	Notes	Share premium account HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000 (note (i))	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 1 January 2012		5,809,534	60,859	_	(195,161)	5,675,232
		0,000,000	00,000		(100,101)	0,070,202
Loss for the year and total						
comprehensive loss for the year	12	_	-	_	(303,875)	(303,875)
Final 2011 cash distributions		-	(207,275)	_	-	(207,275)
Interim 2012 cash distributions	13	-	(138,183)	_	-	(138,183)
Reduction of share premium account	<i>(ii)</i>	(5,809,534)	5,570,203	-	239,331	_
At 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013		-	5,285,604	-	(259,705)	5,025,899
Loss for the year and total						
comprehensive loss for the year	12	_	-	_	(367,207)	(367,207)
Equity-settled share option						
arrangements	32	-	-	105,764	-	105,764
Acquisition of the Future Income	31(a)	939,803	_	_	-	939,803
Acquisition of subsidiaries	31(a)	413,344	-	_	-	413,344
Share placements	31(b)	2,221,645	-	_	-	2,221,645
Final 2012 cash distributions	13	_	(153,720)	_	_	(153,720)
Interim 2013 cash distributions	13	-	(192,150)	-	-	(192,150)
At 31 December 2013		3,574,792	4,939,734	105,764	(626,912)	7,993,378

Notes:

(i) Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the Company may make distributions to its members out of contributed surplus account of the Company subject to the Company's bye-laws and provided that the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) As approved by the shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting held on 22 March 2012, the total amount standing on the Company's share premium account of HK\$5,809,534,000 on 23 March 2012 was reduced to nil, with the credit arising therefrom being applied towards the then entire balance of the accumulated losses of the Company of HK\$239,331,000 and the remaining balance of HK\$5,570,203,000 being credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company. Further details of the aforesaid reduction in the share premium account of the Company are set out in the Company's circular dated 24 February 2012.

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34. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	Grou	q	Comp	any
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Development				
Bank loans: Secured	6 024 520	2 957 616		
Unsecured	6,024,529	3,857,616	2 796 220	- 1 715 122
	4,278,038	5,054,074	3,786,329	4,745,432
	10,302,567	8,911,690	3,786,329	4,745,432
Other loans:				
Secured	_	123,457	_	_
Unsecured	139,019	368,590	_	_
	139,019	492,047	-	
Total bank and other borrowings	10,441,586	9,403,737	3,786,329	4,745,432
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable:	2 002 621	0.400.000	155.070	1 252 200
Within one year	2,092,621	2,430,860	155,076	1,352,296
In the second year	2,830,766	439,836	1,450,183	-
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	4,227,373	5,363,458	2,181,070	3,393,136
Beyond five years	1,151,807	677,536		
	10,302,567	8,911,690	3,786,329	4,745,432
Other loans repayable:				
Within one year	54,900	379,453	_	_
In the second year	21,750	29,541	_	_
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	55,184	67,298	_	_
Beyond five years	7,185	15,755	_	
	139,019	492,047	_	_
Total bank and other borrowings	10,441,586	9,403,737	3,786,329	4,745,432
Portion classified as current liabilities	(2,147,521)	(2,810,313)	(155,076)	(1,352,296)
Non-current portion	8,294,065	6,593,424	3,631,253	3,393,136

31 December 2013

34. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

Notes:

(a) The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's bank and other borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HK\$	2,428,743	3,417,562	2,428,743	3,417,562
RMB	7,021,380	4,990,484	1,202,510	1,172,870
US\$	990,894	995,691	155,076	155,000
EUR	569	_	_	
	10,441,586	9,403,737	3,786,329	4,745,432

(b) Certain of the Group's bank loans are secured by:

- mortgages over certain sewage treatment and water distribution concession rights (comprising property, plant and equipment, operating concessions and receivables under service concession arrangements) in a then aggregate net carrying amount of HK\$7,182,730,000 (2012: HK\$3,574,879,000) as at 31 December 2013, which are under the management of the Group pursuant to the relevant service concession agreements signed with the grantors (note 18);
- (ii) guarantees given by the Company and/or its subsidiaries;
- (iii) pledges over certain of the Group's equity interests in subsidiaries;
- (iv) pledges over certain of the Group's bank balances of RMB1,928,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,440,000) (2012: RMB703,000 (equivalent to HK\$868,000)) in aggregate (note 30(a)(iii));
- (v) a charge over two bank balances in an aggregate amount equivalent to HK\$101,283,000 (2012: HK\$645,966,000) for the repayment of a bank loan in a principal amount of US\$100,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$776,403,000) (note 30(c));
- (vi) pledges over the water fee collection right of a water distribution operation for certain bank loans as at 31 December 2012. The carrying amount of the related trade receivables as at 31 December 2012 amounted to RMB5,480,000 (equivalent to HK\$6,765,000) (note 27(d)); and/or
- (vii) mortgages over certain land use rights and buildings given by certain non-controlling interests of the Group for certain bank loans as at 31 December 2012.

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34. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (c) The Group's bank and other borrowings bear interest at floating rates, except for the following:
 - bank and other loans in an aggregate principal amount of RMB1,286,908,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,628,997,000) (2012: RMB1,411,091,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,742,088,000)) bearing interests at fixed rates ranging from of 5% to 6% (2012: 5% to 6.75%) per annum; and
 - (ii) two interest-free government loans in an aggregate principal amount of RMB10,829,000 (equivalent to HK\$13,708,000) (2012: RMB10,829,000 (equivalent to HK\$13,369,000)).
- (d) Loan agreements of certain bank loans of the Group in an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$4,660,821,000 (2012: HK\$5,264,313,000) as at 31 December 2013 include covenants imposing specific performance obligations on BEHL, a substantial beneficial owner of the Company, among which are the following events which would constitute an event of default on the loan facilities:
 - (i) if BEHL does not or ceases to beneficially own, directly or indirectly, at least 35% (2012: 35% or 40%), where applicable, of the issued share capital of the Company; and/or
 - (ii) if BEHL ceases to be controlled and supervised by The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the People's Government of Beijing Municipality.

Within the best knowledge of the directors, none of the above events took place during the year and as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

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35. CORPORATE BONDS

	Grou	р	Compa	any
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unsecured corporate bonds, repayable:				
Within one year	1,832,540	_	1,832,540	_
In the second year	_	1,781,433	_	1,781,433
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	4,486,411	613,097	629,855	613,097
Total corporate bonds	6,318,951	2,394,530	2,462,395	2,394,530
Portion classified as current liabilities	(1,832,540)	_	(1,832,540)	
Non-current portion	4,486,411	2,394,530	629,855	2,394,530

Corporate bonds of the Group and Company as at 31 December 2013 comprised:

- (i) corporate bonds with an aggregate principal amount of RMB1,450,000,000 (the "Bonds") issued by the Company to certain institutional investors on 30 June 2011 pursuant to the subscription agreement dated 24 June 2011, of which (i) RMB1,000,000,000 is due on 30 June 2014 and bears interest at the rate of 3.75% per annum, and (ii) RMB450,000,000 is due on 30 June 2016 and bears interest at the rate of 5% per annum;
- (ii) corporate bonds with an aggregate principal amount of RMB500,000,000 (the "Further Bonds") issued by the Company to certain institutional investors on 11 October 2011 pursuant to the subscription agreement dated 30 September 2011, of which (i) RMB450,000,000 is due on 30 June 2014 and bears interest at the rate of 3.75% per annum, and (ii) RMB50,000,000 is due on 30 June 2016 and bears interest at the rate of 5% per annum; and
- (iii) corporate bonds with an aggregate principal amount of US\$500,000,000 (the "US\$ Bonds") issued by a subsidiary of the Company to certain institutional investors on 6 May 2013 pursuant to the subscription agreement dated 26 April 2013, which are due on 6 May 2018, bear interest at the rate of 4.625% per annum and are guaranteed by the Company.

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35. CORPORATE BONDS (Continued)

The corporate bonds would be due for repayment on the aforementioned maturity dates unless being redeemed prior to their maturity pursuant to the terms thereof and of the indenture. In addition, the corporate bonds include covenants imposing specific performance obligations on BEHL, among which are the following events which would constitute an event of default:

- (i) if BEHL does not or ceases to beneficially own, directly or indirectly, at least 35% of the voting rights of the issued share capital of the Company;
- (ii) if BEHL does not or ceases to, directly or indirectly, supervise the Company or be the single largest shareholder of the Company;
- (iii) if the nominees of BEHL cease to comprise the majority of the members of the Company's board of directors; and/or
- (iv) if BEHL ceases to be controlled and supervised by The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the People's Government of Beijing Municipality.

Within the best knowledge of the directors, none of the above events took place during the year and as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

Further details of the Bonds, the Further Bonds and the US\$ Bonds are set out in the Company's announcements dated 28 June 2011, 7 October 2011 and 26 April 2013 respectively.

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36. NOTES PAYABLE

Note payable of the Group as at 31 December 2013 (the "2013 Note") is denominated in RMB, unsecured and is wholly repayable beyond five years. The 2013 Note is guaranteed by the Company, bears interest at the rate of 6.15% per annum and would be due for repayment on 14 November 2022 unless being redeemed prior to the maturity pursuant to the terms of the note purchase agreement.

Part of the net proceeds of the 2013 Note was applied to repurchase the entire note (the "2012 Note") with a principal amount of RMB1,200,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,481,481,000) issued by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2012, which had a maturity date of 7 August 2021 and bore interest at 6.15% per annum.

The 2013 Note and the 2012 Note include covenants imposing specific performance obligations on BEHL, among which are the following events which would constitute an event of default:

- (i) if BEHL does not or ceases to beneficially own, directly or indirectly, at least 35% of the voting rights of the issued share capital of the Company;
- (ii) if BEHL does not or ceases to supervise the Company;
- (iii) if BEHL is not or ceases to be, directly or indirectly, the single largest shareholder of the Company;
- (iv) if the nominees of BEHL cease to comprise the majority of the members of the Company's board of directors; and/or
- (iv) if BEHL ceases to be controlled and supervised by The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the People's Government of Beijing Municipality.

Within the best knowledge of the directors, none of the above events took place during the year and as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

Further details of the 2013 Note and the 2012 Note are set out in the Company's announcements dated 8 November 2013 and 1 August 2012.

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37. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLE

The Group leases certain equipment for its sewage treatment services business under a finance lease arrangement. The lease is classified as a finance lease and has a remaining lease term of two years as at the end of the reporting period. At 31 December 2013, the total future minimum lease payments under the finance lease and its present values were as follows:

Group	Minimum lease payments 2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Minimum lease payments 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Present value of minimum lease payments 2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Present value of minimum lease payments 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Amounts payable:				
Within one year	8,069	7,870	7,393	6,764
In the second year	6,052	7,870	5,862	7,210
In the third year	_	5,903	_	5,718
Total minimum finance lease payments	14,121	21,643	13,255	19,692
Future finance charges	(866)	(1,951)		
Total net finance lease payable	13,255	19,692		
Portion classified as current liabilities	(7,393)	(6,764)		
Non-current portion	5,862	12,928		

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38. PROVISION FOR MAJOR OVERHAULS

Pursuant to the service concession agreements entered into by the Group, the Group has contractual obligations to maintain the Facilities it operates to a specified level of serviceability and/or to restore the plants to a specified condition before they are handed over to the grantors at the end of the Service Concession Periods. These contractual obligations to maintain or restore the Facilities, except for any upgrade element, are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 37, i.e., at the best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The future expenditure on these maintenance and restoration costs is collectively referred to as "major overhauls". The estimation basis is reviewed on an ongoing basis, and revised where appropriate.

The movements in the provision for major overhauls of the Facilities during the year are as follows:

		Group	
		2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January		221 642	167.000
At 1 January		221,643	167,296
Acquisition of subsidiaries	44	67,017	-
Additional provision	7	68,683	49,343
Write-back of provision arising from a change in			
accounting estimate	4, 7	(172,345)	-
Increase in discounted amounts arising from the			
passage of time	8	7,698	5,004
Disposal of subsidiaries	45	(634)	_
Exchange realignment		5,698	
At 31 December		197,760	221,643

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39. DEFERRED INCOME

Deferred income of the Group represented (i) government subsidies of RMB32,298,000 (equivalent to HK\$40,884,000) (2012: RMB45,054,000 (equivalent to HK\$55,622,000)) in aggregate in respect of the Group's construction of various facilities in Jiangsu Province, the PRC (2012: the Group's construction of the pipelines and water distribution facilities in Inner Mongolia, the PRC); and (ii) subsidies of RMB20,382,000 (equivalent to HK\$25,800,000) (2012: RMB20,382,000 (equivalent to HK\$25,163,000)) received from fresh water customers in respect of the Group's construction of a sewage treatment facility in Guangxi Province, the PRC. These subsidies are interest-free and not required to be repaid, and are recognised in profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the expected useful life of the relevant assets.

40. DEFERRED TAX

Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	Group	
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Deferred tax assets	87,818	28,690
Deferred tax liabilities	(562,172)	(287,010)
	(474,354)	(258,320)

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40. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities and their movements during the year are as follows:

Group

	Attributable to							
	Notes	Fair value adjustments arising from acquisition of subsidiaries <i>HK\$'000</i>	Impairment provision <i>HK\$'000</i>	Provision for major overhauls <i>HK\$'000</i>	Temporary differences related to service concession arrangements <i>HK\$'000</i>	Revaluation of properties <i>HK\$'000</i>	Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits <i>HK\$'000</i>	Net deferred tax assets/ (liabilities) <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 1 January 2010		01 770	0.005	41 550	(0.4.0.000)		2 (00	(170.200)
At 1 January 2012		21,778	2,965	41,550	(246,290)	-	3,692	(176,305)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	44	(27,557)	2,020	-	-	-	-	(25,537)
Net deferred tax credited/(charged) to	11	(1.0.47)	(500)	10 770	(60, 400)			(56.401)
profit or loss	11	(1,247)	(526)	13,770	(68,488)	-	-	(56,491)
Exchange realignment		-	-	13	-	-	-	13
At 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013		(7,026)	4,459	55,333	(314,778)	_	3,692	(258,320)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	44	(118,010)	5	16,335	-	-	_	(101,670)
Net deferred tax credited/(charged) to				.,				
profit or loss	11	(1,247)	369	(24,251)	(80,211)	(4,241)	-	(109,581)
Deferred tax charged to equity		-	_	-	_	(4,996)	_	(4,996)
Disposal of subsidiaries	45	4,629	(2,072)	(158)	4,185	_	-	6,584
Exchange realignment		(765)	302	2,141	(7,957)	(126)	34	(6,371)
At 31 December 2013		(122,419)	3,063	49,400	(398,761)	(9,363)	3,726	(474,354)

Notes:

- (a) At 31 December 2013, deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of unused tax losses of HK\$139,240,000 (2012: HK\$90,599,000) as they have arisen in the Company and certain subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which such tax losses can be utilised. Out of this amount, unrecognised tax losses of HK\$95,176,000 (2012: HK\$69,449,000) will expire in one to five years.
- (b) Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5% or 10%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

Deferred tax has not been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately HK\$1,255,758,000 (2012: HK\$1,018,692,000) as at 31 December 2013.

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41. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

An aged analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	Group		Compa	ny	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Within 3 months	240,638	610,163	_	_	
4 to 6 months	684,000	271,075	_	_	
7 months to 1 year	243,758	72,105	_	_	
1 to 2 years	566,122	105,980	_	_	
2 to 3 years	72,052	148,764	-	_	
Over 3 years	137,902	88,415	398	388	
Balance with extended credit period	810,924	622,736	_		
	2,755,396	1,919,238	398	388	

Apart from certain trade and bills payables relating to certain construction services for comprehensive renovation projects which would become due for payments upon settlements of progress billings by relevant contract customers, the trade and bills payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 60-day terms.

Included in the trade and bills payables of the Group as at 31 December 2013 is an amount of HK\$60,148,000 (2012: Nil) due to a joint venture of the Group, arising from the trading of construction materials and equipment carried out in the ordinary course of business of the Group. Purchase costs of HK\$129,966,000 in aggregate, which was charged at a rate mutually-agreed between both parties, was recognised in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the year.

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42. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

		Group			Company		
		2013	2012	2013	2012		
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Accruals		263,228	241,557	34,711	73,700		
Other liabilities	(a)	1,062,681	795,335	11	7		
Receipts in advance		734,426	813,790	_	_		
Due to subcontractors	(b)	2,275,591	2,166,809	_	-		
Due to subsidiaries	20(b)	_	_	7,215,979	1,213,087		
Due to joint ventures	21(d)	226,087	296,863	_	-		
Due to associates	22(b)	1,488	49,995	_	49,995		
Due to related parties	29	410,750	82,840	_	-		
Other taxes payables	43	67,608	55,194	_			
		5,041,859	4,502,383	7,250,701	1,336,789		
Portion classified as current							
liabilities		(4,565,940)	(4,269,166)	(7,250,701)	(1,336,789)		
New years of the life of		475 010	000.017				
Non-current portion		475,919	233,217	—			

Notes:

(a) The Group's other liabilities as at 31 December 2013 included, inter alia, the following:

(i) outstanding considerations in an aggregate amount equivalent to HK\$147,762,000 (2012: HK\$292,965,000) payable to various governmental authorities in Portugal and Mainland China (2012: Mainland China) for the transfers of sewage treatment and water distribution facilities to the Group under TOT basis; and

(ii) outstanding considerations in an aggregate amount of RMB299,266,000 (equivalent to HK\$378,818,000) (2012: RMB40,684,000 (equivalent to HK\$50,227,000)) payable to various independent third parties for the acquisition of subsidiaries, among which balances of HK\$333,350,000 (2012: HK\$40,667,000) were attributable to the acquisitions completed during the year, as further detailed in note 44 to the financial statements.

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42. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (b) The amounts due to subcontractors of the Group as at 31 December 2013 included the following:
 - (i) refunds from certain subcontractors of advances made by the Group for certain construction services for comprehensive renovation projects in an aggregate amount of RMB1,577,517,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,996,857,000) (2012: RMB1,507,516,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,861,131,000)), as further detailed in note 28(b) to the financial statements; and
 - (ii) performance bonds of RMB220,200,000 (equivalent to HK\$278,734,000) (2012: RMB247,600,000 (equivalent to HK\$305,678,000)) in aggregate received from various subcontractors of the construction services for comprehensive renovation projects in Yunnan Province and Liaoning Province, the PRC. The balances are fully repayable upon the completion of the final inspection by relevant government authorities which, in the opinion of the directors, will be in 2014.
- (c) Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of three months.

43. OTHER TAXES PAYABLES

	Group	
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Business tax	43,769	32,241
Value-added tax	4,365	11,240
Others	19,474	11,713
	67,608	55,194

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44. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries acquired during the year as at their respective dates of acquisition are set out as follows:

		2013					2012	
	Notes	BCEG Environmental HK\$'000 (note (a)(iv))	Salcon Group* <i>HK\$'000</i> (note (a)(v))	CGEP <i>HK\$'000</i> (note (a)(iii))	BE Dongguan Group* <i>HK\$'000</i> (note (a)(ii))	Others <i>HK\$'000</i> (notes (a)(i) and (vi))	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$`000 (note (b))</i>
Property, plant and equipment	15	2,960	2,226	11,463	1,055	87,474	105,178	281,543
Operating concessions	18	695	_,	1,045,791	126,784	428,778	1,602,048	191,013
Other intangible assets	19	279	_	-	-	-	279	3,845
Investments in joint ventures	15	42,055	_	_	_	421,098	463,153	0,040
Investment in an associate		-12,000	_	_	_	421,000	400,100	1,867
Available-for-sale investments					_			4,130
Amounts due from contract		-	-	-	-	-	-	4,150
customers Receivables under service		12,156	-	-	-	-	12,156	27,344
concession arrangements		1,745,848	528,763	6,790	1,169,366	633,863	4,084,630	412,853
Deferred tax assets	40	1,7 10,0 10	-	22,215	-	2,246	24,466	53
Land held for sale	10	-	_		_			77,778
Inventories		4,477	478	5,043	1,048	17,979	29,025	11,925
Trade receivables		93,821	470	76,570	1,040	2,513	172,904	77,588
Prepayments, deposits and		55,021	-	70,370	-	2,515	172,904	77,500
other receivables		0E 7CE	967	2 /17	2 501	25 721	120 471	EC1 E44
		85,765		3,417	3,591	35,731	129,471	561,544
Cash and cash equivalents		215,154	63,323	50,851	-	67,040	396,368	666,210
Trade payables		(51,008)	(1,596)	(23,442)	(11,274)	(40,258)	(127,578)	(32,284)
Other payables and accruals		(241,712)	(3,409)	(158,467)	(65,397)	(471,396)	(940,381)	(217,070)
Income tax payables		112	(1,786)	(14,829)	(554)	(212)	(17,269)	(9,678)
Bank and other borrowings		(1,033,093)	(83,228)	(6,037)	(774,700)	(308,767)	(2,205,825)	(336,901)
Finance lease payable		-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,008)
Provision for major overhauls	38	(23,556)	(13,359)	-	(12,895)	(17,207)	(67,017)	-
Deferred income		(41,162)	-	-	-	-	(41,162)	(55,622)
Deferred tax liabilities	40	(80,780)	(29,676)	(1,554)	(29,417)	15,291	(126,136)	(25,590)
Total identifiable net assets								
at fair value		732,016	462,703	1,017,811	407,607	874,173	3,494,310	1,614,540
Non-controlling interests		(396,838)	(77,141)		-	(113,949)	(587,928)	(502,376)
		335,178	385,562	1,017,811	407,607	760,224	2,906,382	1,112,164
Goodwill on acquisition	17		20,855	148	236,990	486,819	744,812	118,432
Gains on bargain purchase	6	(1,145)		-		(24,176)	(25,321)	(12,692)
Gain on remeasurement of	0	(1,170)				(= +, 1 / 0)	(_0,021)	(12,002)
a pre-existing interest								
in a joint venture	(b)(ii), 6	_	_	_	_	_	_	(23,484)
	(0)(11), 0	-		-	-	-	-	(23,404)
		334,033	406,417	1,017,959	644,597	1,222,867	3,625,873	1,194,420

* As defined in notes 44(a)(ii) and (v) below.

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44. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

	2013						
				BE			
	BCEG Environmental <i>HK\$'000</i> (note (a)(iv))	Salcon Group* <i>HK\$'000</i> (note (a)(v))	CGEP <i>HK\$'000</i> (note (a)(iii))	Dongguan Group* <i>HK\$'000</i> (note (a)(ii))	Others <i>HK\$'000</i> (notes (a)(i) and (vi))	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>	Tota <i>HK\$'00C</i> (note (b),
Satisfied by:							
Cash	334,033	406,417	1,017,959	644,597	729,717	3,132,723	205,697
Capital contribution to acquirees in							
the form of cash	-	-	-	-	62,785	62,785	635,291
Reclassification from an investment							
in a joint venture to an investment							
in a subsidiary (note b(ii))	-	-	-	-	-	-	353,432
Allotment of new ordinary shares of							
the Company as consideration							
(notes a(i) and 31(a))	-	_	-	-	430,365	430,365	-
	334,033	406,417	1,017,959	644,597	1,222,867	3,625,873	1,194,420
Revenue for the year since acquisition#	113,889	-	228,449	170,729	139,472	652,539	44,572
Profit/(loss) for the year since acquisition	9,978	-	(3,745)®	80,237	51,843	138,313	27,888

Revenue for the year since acquisition comprises turnover, interest income and other income and gains, net.

The loss for the year since acquisition included interest expenses of €2,280,000 (equivalent to HK\$23,491,000) charged by a subsidiary of the Group.

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44. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the acquisition of subsidiaries is as follows:

	2013						2012	
	BE							
	BCEG	Salcon		Dongguan				
	Environmental	Group*	CGEP	Group*	Others	Total	Total	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	(note (a)(iv))	(note (a)(v))	(note (a)(iii))	(note (a)(ii))	(notes (a)(i)		(note (b))	
Cash consideration	(334,033)	(406,417)	(1,017,959)	(644,597)	(729,717)	(3,132,723)	(205,697)	
Cash injected by the Group as								
capital contribution	-	-	-	-	(62,785)	(62,785)	(635,291)	
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	215,154	63,323	50,851	-	67,040	396,368	666,210	
Amortised costs of outstanding cash								
consideration at end of year	80,868	10,177	-	73,984	168,321	333,350	40,667	
Investment deposits paid								
in prior periods	-	-	-	-	360,127	360,127		
Net outflow of cash and cash								
equivalents in respect of the								
acquisition of subsidiaries	(38,011)	(332,917)	(967,108)	(570,613)	(197,014)	(2,105,663)	(134,111)	

Had the above business combinations taken place at the beginning of the year, the Group's profit for the year would have been HK\$1,179,924,000 (2012: HK\$895,807,000) and the Group's revenue (comprising turnover, interest income and other income and gains, net) would have been HK\$7,689,312,000 (2012: HK\$4,593,454,000).

Notes:

- (a) Business combinations during the year ended 31 December 2013 included, inter alia, the following transactions:
 - (i) as detailed in note 31(a) to the financial statements, the Group acquired certain sewage treatment and water distribution operations from BEHL in February 2013 and May 2013 by way of the issuance of 170,210,300 new ordinary shares of the Company to BE Environmental at HK\$1.62 per share. The fair value of these ordinary shares, determined by reference to the closing quoted market price of the Company's ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange at respective acquisition dates amounted to HK\$430,365,000 in aggregate;
 - (ii) in April 2013, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire equity interests in seven sewage treatment operations (the "BE Dongguan Group") in Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, the PRC, from independent third parties for an aggregate cash consideration of RMB509,232,000 (equivalent to HK\$644,597,000). Further details of the acquisition are set out in the Company's announcement dated 6 February 2013;

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44. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (a) (Continued)
 - (iii) in June 2013, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest in CGEP and its subsidiaries, which engaged in sewage treatment and water distribution operations in Portugal from an independent third party for an aggregate cash consideration of €95,515,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,017,959,000). Further details of the acquisition are set out in the Company's announcement dated 21 March 2013;
 - (iv) in October 2013, the Group completed the acquisition of the 60% equity interest in BCEG Environmental and its subsidiaries, which engaged in sewage treatment operations in Beijing City, Jiangsu Province and Zhejiang Province, the PRC, from an independent third party for an aggregate cash consideration of RMB263,886,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$334,033,000). Further details of the acquisition are set out in the Company's announcement dated 28 June 2013;
 - (v) in December 2013, the Group completed the acquisition of certain sewage treatment and water distribution operations (the "Salcon Group") in Zhejiang Province and Jiangsu Province, the PRC, for an aggregate cash consideration of RMB321,069,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$406,417,000). Further details of the acquisition are set out in the Company's announcement dated 12 September 2013; and
 - (vi) during the year, the Group completed the acquisition of certain sewage treatment and water distribution operations located in Guangdong Province, Guangxi Province, Shandong Province and Jilin Province, the PRC from independent third parties for an aggregate cash consideration of RMB626,077,000 (equivalent to HK\$792,502,000).
- (b) Business combinations during the year ended 31 December 2012 included, inter alia, the following transactions:
 - (i) in July 2012, the Group acquired a 67% equity interest in 內蒙古北控西部水業股份有限公司 ("Inner Mongolia BEWG") by way of completing a capital contribution in an amount of RMB182,403,000 (equivalent to HK\$225,189,000) to Inner Mongolia BEWG. Inner Mongolia BEWG is principally engaged in the provision of water distribution and related services in Inner Mongolia, the PRC;
 - (ii) in October 2012, the Group acquired a 18.5% additional equity interest in Beikong Shudu, a then joint venture of the Group held as to 50% by the Group immediately before the further acquisition, by way of completing a capital contribution in an amount of RMB332,183,000 (equivalent to HK\$410,102,000) to Beikong Shudu. In accordance with HKFRS 3 (Revised), the acquisition date fair value of the Group's previously held 50% equity interest in Beikong Shudu is remeasured at fair value as at the acquisition date through the consolidated statement of profit or loss and a gain on such remeasurement of RMB19,022,000 (equivalent to HK\$23,484,000) was recognised in the "Other income and gains, net" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the year; and
 - (iii) certain sewage treatment and water distribution operations located in Hunan, Guangxi, Shandong and Yunnan Province, the PRC, were acquired by the Group from independent third parties for an aggregate cash consideration of RMB166,615,000 (equivalent to HK\$205,697,000).
- (c) The fair values of the amounts due from contract customers, receivables under service concession arrangements, trade receivables and deposits and other receivables as at the date of respective acquisition amounted to HK\$12,156,000, HK\$4,084,630,000, HK\$172,904,000 and HK\$112,081,000 respectively. The gross contractual amounts of these receivables were HK\$12,156,000, HK\$3,590,098,000, HK\$176,797,000 and HK\$112,081,000 respectively, of which receivables under service concession arrangements and trade receivables of HK\$15,000 and HK\$13,893,000 respectively are expected to be uncollectible.

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45. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

	Notes	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
	110100	1114 000
Net assets disposed of:		
Property, plant and equipment	15	251,993
Goodwill	17	1,793
Operating concessions	18	11,664
Other intangible assets	19	273
Investment in an associate		1,914
Available-for-sale investments		4,235
Receivables under service concession arrangements		109,110
Deferred tax assets	40	54
Inventories		9,634
Trade receivables		17,880
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		59,597
Cash and cash equivalents		226,645
Trade payables		(30,547
Other payables and accruals		(81,509
Bank and other borrowings		(115,885
Provision for major overhauls	38	(634
Deferred income		(57,030
Deferred tax liabilities	40	(6,638
Non-controlling interests		(123,567
		278,982
Exchange fluctuation reserve realised		(3,373
Gain on disposal of interests in subsidiaries	6	64,707
		340,316

31 December 2013

45. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries is as follows:

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Cash consideration	144,112
Cash and bank balances disposed of	(226,645)
Amortised costs of outstanding cash consideration at end of year	(10,257)
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries	(92,790)

Note: The Group completed the following transactions for the disposal of subsidiaries during the year:

- (a) in January 2013, the Group completed the disposal of the 67% equity interest in Inner Mongolia BEWG at a consideration of RMB187,829,000 (equivalent to HK\$237,759,000) to the then non-controlling equity holder of Inner Mongolia BEWG. Pursuant to a deed of setoff entered into between the Group and the purchaser, part of the consideration of RMB155,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$196,204,000) receivable from the purchaser was offset against the current accounts between the Group and the purchaser.
- (b) in July 2013, the Group completed the disposal of the entire equity interest in a sewage treatment operation located in Fuzhou City, Fujian Province, the PRC at a consideration of RMB80,626,000 (equivalent to HK\$102,557,000) to an independent third party.

46. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Major non-cash transactions

Save as disclosed above and the transactions detailed in notes 31(b), 31(a), 33(b)(ii) and 45(a) to the financial statements, the Group had no major non-cash transactions of investing and financing activities during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.

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47. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Group

At 31 December 2013, a corporate guarantee at a maximum amount of RM49,162,000 (equivalent to HK\$116,219,000) (2012: RM49,162,000 (equivalent to HK\$124,552,000)) was given by a subsidiary of the Group to the government of Malaysia in respect of the specific performance of the duties by the Group under an arrangement on the design, construction and operation of an underground sewage water plant located in Malaysia (the "Malaysia Project"). The corporate guarantee remains in force and effects until 27 January 2019. Further details of the Malaysia Project are set out in the Company's announcements dated 4 July 2011 and 3 November 2011.

Save as disclosed above, at 31 December 2013, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

Company

Save as disclosed in notes 35 and 36 to the financial statements, at 31 December 2013, corporate guarantees of RMB523,575,000 (equivalent to HK\$662,753,000) and RM328,428,000 (equivalent to HK\$776,404,000) (2012: RMB286,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$353,086,000) and RM306,094,000 (equivalent to HK\$775,490,000)) were given by the Company to banks in connection with bank loans of an even total amount granted to certain subsidiaries of the Company.

48. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases a portion of its office buildings and certain buildings for which the Group was granted the rights to use pursuant to service concession arrangements under operating lease arrangements, with the leases negotiated for terms ranging from 2 to 10.5 years (2012: 2 to 10.5 years). The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and to provide for periodic rent adjustments.

At 31 December 2013, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

	Group		
	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Within one year	7,050	6,844	
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	18,378	19,259	
After five years	15,583	19,054	
	41,011	45,157	

At 31 December 2013, the Company did not have any operating lease arrangements as lessor (2012: Nil).

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48. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

(b) As lessee

The Group leases a piece of land and certain office properties under operating lease arrangements with the leases negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 46 years (2012: 3 months to 46 years).

At 31 December 2013, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	Group		
	2013		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Within one year	11,510	8,039	
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	18,347	12,081	
After five years	71,725	72,348	
	101,582	92,468	

At 31 December 2013, the Company did not have any operating lease commitments as lessee (2012: Nil).

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49. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 48(b) above, the Group and the Company had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

Group

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
New service concession arrangements on a TOT basis:		
Authorised, but not contracted for	118,302	204,338
Contracted, but not provided for	281,830	411,926
	400,132	616,264
New service concession arrangements on a BOT basis:		
Authorised, but not contracted for	170,401	76,341
Contracted, but not provided for	4,650,094	3,848,311
	4,820,495	3,924,652
New service concession arrangements on a Build-Own-Operate basis:		
Contracted, but not provided for	856,197	983,017
Capital contribution to joint ventures:		
Contracted, but not provided for	33,499	33,766
Acquisition of subsidiaries:		
Contracted, but not provided for	2,139,049	1,642,197
Acquisition of the Future Income:		
Contracted, but not provided for	_	1,258,434

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49. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Group (Continued)

In addition, the Group's share of the joint ventures' own capital commitments, which are not included in the above, is as follows:

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Authorised, but not contracted for	560,285	595,962
Contracted, but not provided for	885,550	497,442
	1,445,835	1,093,404
Company		
	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contracted, but not provided for:		
Capital contribution to a joint venture	11,347	12,161
Acquisition of subsidiaries	1,986,050	982,693
Acquisition of the Future Income		275,741
Total capital commitments	1,997,397	1,270,595

50. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

- (i) During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group engaged a joint venture of the Group to provide sewage treatment engineering services for the Malaysia Project at a service fee of RM12,221,000 (equivalent to HK\$30,093,000) which was charged at a rate mutually agreed between both parties.
 - (ii) During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group engaged ABCD and the joint venture partner of ABCD for the research and provision of feasibility studies on a potential seawater desalination project at a total service fee of US\$3,295,000 (equivalent to HK\$25,602,000), which was mutually agreed between the three parties.

Save as disclosed above and the transactions and balances detailed in notes 18(c), 21(c), 21(d), 22(b), 27(b), 28, 29, 31(a), 31(b)(ii), 34(d), 35, 36, 41, 42, 44(a)(i) and 45(a) to the financial statements, the Group had no material transactions and outstanding balances with related parties during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.

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50. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

(b) Transactions with other state-owned entities in Mainland China

The Group operates in an economic environment predominated by enterprises directly or indirectly owned and/or controlled by the PRC government through its numerous authorities, affiliates or other organisations (collectively "Other SOEs"). During the year, the Group had transactions with the Other SOEs including, but not limited to, the sale of piped water, provision of sewage treatment and construction services, bank deposits and borrowings, and utilities consumptions. The directors consider that the transactions with the Other SOEs are activities in the ordinary course of the Group's business, and that the dealings of the Group have not been significantly or unduly affected by the fact that the Group and the Other SOEs are ultimately controlled or owned by the PRC government. The Group has also established pricing policies for products and services and such pricing policies are not carried out on non-market terms and do not depend on whether or not the customers are the Other SOEs. Having due regard to the substance of the relationships, the directors are of the opinion that none of these transactions is material related party transactions that requires separate disclosure.

(c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

2013	2012
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
16,222	14,416
56,348	-
45	42
72,615	14,458
	<i>HK\$'000</i> 16,222 56,348 45

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 9 to the financial statements.

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51. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise bank and other borrowings, corporate bonds, notes payable, a finance lease payable, and cash and bank balances. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, trade and bills payables, other payables and amounts due from/to related parties which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and fair value risk. The directors of Company review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value and the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group is exposed to both fair value and cash flow interest rate risks. The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long term debt obligations.

Banks and other borrowings, corporate bonds, notes payable, a finance lease payable, and cash and bank balances are stated at amortised cost and are not revalued on a periodic basis. Floating rate interest income and expenses are credited/charged to profit or loss as earned/incurred.

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51. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Interest rate risk (Continued)

The following table sets out the carrying amounts, by maturity, of the Group's financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period that are exposed to interest rate risk:

	Within 1 year or on demand <i>HK\$'000</i>	More than 1 year but less than 2 years HK\$'000	More than 2 years but less than 3 years HK\$'000	More than 3 years but less than 4 years HK\$'000	More than 4 years but less than 5 years HK\$'000	More than 5 years HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Effective interest rate %
31 December 2013								
Floating rate:								
Restricted cash and	57 047						EZ 047	0.25
pledged deposits	57,047	-	-	-	-	-	57,047	0.35 0.41
Cash and cash equivalents	3,509,276	1 000 701	-	475.007	472.225	1 150 000	3,509,276	
Bank and other borrowings	1,871,794	1,629,761	3,189,072	475,927	473,335	1,158,992	8,798,881	4.95 5.62
Finance lease payable	7,393	5,862					13,255	5.62
Fixed rate:								
Cash and cash equivalents	1,999,331	-	-	-	-	-	1,999,331	1.52
Bank and other borrowings	275,727	1,222,755	20,245	20,245	103,733	-	1,642,705	5.12
Corporate bonds	1,832,540	-	629,855	-	3,856,556	-	6,318,951	4.41
Notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	2,522,527	2,522,527	6.15
31 December 2012 Floating rate: Restricted cash and pledged deposits Cash and cash equivalents Bank and other borrowings Finance lease payable	79,954 4,195,693 2,228,594 6,764	- 468,816 7,210	- 1,094,189 5,718	2,662,142	- - 501,218 -	- - 693,291 -	79,954 4,195,693 7,648,250 19,692	0.35 0.52 4.08 5.62
Fixed rate:								
Restricted cash and	4.020						4.020	1.05
pledged deposits	4,938	-	-	-	-	-	4,938	1.35
Cash and cash equivalents	92,880	-	-	-	-	-	92,880	2.94
Bank and other borrowings	568,350	449	1,173,319	-	-	-	1,742,118	5.44
Corporate bonds	-	1,781,433	-	613,097	-	1 476 567	2,394,530	4.07
Notes payable	_	_	_	-	-	1,476,567	1,476,567	6.15

31 December 2013

51. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Interest rate risk (Continued)

At 31 December 2013, it is estimated that a general decrease/increase of 100 basis points in the interest rate of average balances of bank and other borrowings, a finance lease payable, cash and bank balances during the year, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the Group's profit before tax for the year ended 31 December 2013 by approximately HK\$43,191,000 (2012: increase/decrease the Group's profit before tax by approximately HK\$41,164,000).

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the respective reporting periods and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for non-derivative financial instruments in existence at these dates. The 100 basis point decrease or increase represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the end of the next reporting period.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. As a result of its significant investment operations in Mainland China, the Group's statement of financial position can be affected significantly by movements in the RMB/HK\$ exchange rate.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in RMB/HK\$ exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax and the Group's equity.

	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax <i>HK\$'000</i>	Increase/ (decrease) in equity <i>HK\$'000</i>
31 December 2013	00.007	
If Hong Kong dollar weakens against RMB by 5% If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against RMB by 5%	99,327 (99,327)	565,156 (565,156)
31 December 2012		
If Hong Kong dollar weakens against RMB by 5% If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against RMB by 5%	69,847 (69,847)	457,109 (457,109)

The Group has minimal transactional currency exposure which arises from sales or purchases by an operating unit in currencies other than unit's functional currency.

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51. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The main credit risk exposure to the Group arises from default or delinquency in principal payment of trade and bills receivables, receivables under service concession arrangements and amounts due from contract customers. In respect of trade and bills receivables, receivables under service concession arrangements and amounts due from contract customers, the Group trades mainly with municipal governments in different provinces which do not have significant credit risk. In addition, trade and bills receivable balances, receivables under service concession arrangements and amounts due from contract customers are monitored on an ongoing basis, in the opinion of the directors, the credit risk is not significant.

With respect to credit risk arising from the other major financial assets of the Group, which comprise deposits and other receivables, amounts due from related parties and cash and cash equivalents, the Group's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparties, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

Liquidity risk

In light of the capital intensive nature of the Group's business, the Group ensures that it maintains sufficient cash and credit lines to meet its liquidity requirements and the capital commitments of the Group of approximately HK\$9.7 billion (comprising the Group's capital commitments and the Group's share of the joint ventures' own capital commitments) in aggregate as at 31 December 2013 as detailed in note 49 to the financial statements. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, corporate bonds, notes payable and a finance lease payable, as well as the strict control over its receivables due in day to day business. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, new bank borrowings will be obtained to finance certain of the new construction projects and service concession arrangements, and certain of the above-mentioned capital commitments are expected to be fulfilled by the Group after 2013. Accordingly, the Group expects to have adequate sources of funding to finance the Group and manage its liquidity position. Further details of which are set out in note 2 to the financial statements.

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51. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

	On demand <i>HK\$'000</i>	Within 1 year <i>HK\$'000</i>	More than 1 year but less than 2 years HK\$'000	More than 2 years but less than 3 years <i>HK\$'000</i>	More than 3 years but less than 4 years <i>HK\$'000</i>	More than 4 years but less than 5 years <i>HK\$'000</i>	More than 5 years HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
31 December 2013								
Bank borrowings	_	2,548,229	3,156,979	3,372,263	614,734	662,301	1,189,654	11,544,160
Other borrowings	6,329	52,696	24,710	39,219	10,588	9,319	7,405	150,266
Corporate bonds		2,076,759	209,859	831,840	178,366	3,918,888		7,215,712
Notes payable	_	155.135	155,135	155,135	155,135	155,135	3,122,667	3,898,342
Finance lease payable	_	8,069	6,052					14,121
Trade and bills payables	_	2,755,396	-	_	_	_	_	2,755,396
Other liabilities	227,575	3,596,779	327,016	76,271	15,783	18,993	37,856	4,300,273
Due to related parties	410,750	_			-	_	_	410,750
	644,654	11,193,063	3,879,751	4,474,728	974,606	4,764,636	4,357,582	30,289,020
31 December 2012								
Bank borrowings	-	2,766,977	717,925	2,456,237	2,739,682	550,074	699,759	9,930,654
Other borrowings	6,173	388,289	33,322	24,703	38,388	10,459	16,227	517,561
Corporate bonds	-	97,459	1,845,490	30,655	636,088	_	-	2,609,692
Notes payable	-	90,809	90,809	90,809	90,809	90,809	1,809,532	2,263,577
Finance lease payable	-	7,870	7,870	5,903	_	_	-	21,643
Trade and bills payables	-	1,919,238	_	_	_	_	-	1,919,238
Other liabilities	346,858	3,542,717	229,637	3,580	-	_	-	4,122,792
Due to related parties	82,840	-	-	-	-	-	_	82,840
	435,871	8,813,359	2,925,053	2,611,887	3,504,967	651,342	2,525,518	21,467,997

Fair values

In the opinion of the directors, (1) the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities which are due to be received or settled within one year are reasonable approximation of their respective fair values; and (2) the carrying amounts of other non-current financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different to their respective fair values. As a result, the Group's exposure to fair value risk in respect of its financial instruments is minimal and no disclosure of the fair values of these financial instruments is made.

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51. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders, and to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares to increase capital or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital using the gearing ratio, which is calculated based on net debt and total equity. Net debt is calculated as total bank and other borrowings, corporate bonds, notes payable and a finance lease payable (as shown in the statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. The gearing ratios at 31 December 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Net debt	13,783,284	9,003,660
Total equity	15,924,442	10,731,493
Gearing ratio	87%	84%

52. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

Other than the unlisted equity investments being classified as available-for-sale investments as disclosed in note 23 to the financial statements, all financial assets and liabilities of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 were loans and receivables, and financial liabilities stated at amortised cost, respectively.

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31 December 2013

53. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement entered into between the Company, the Vendor, Crystal Water and China Water Holdings dated 6 September 2013, the Company agreed to acquire the entire equity interests in Crystal Water and China Water Holdings from the Vendor at a consideration of RMB1,350,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,697,760,000) in aggregate, subject to adjustments as stipulated in the sale and purchase agreement.

On 27 January 2014, the Company, the Vendor, Crystal Water and China Water Holdings entered into a supplementary agreement to, among other things, (1) reduce the consideration to RMB1,250,485,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,589,742,000); (2) revise the payment terms of the consideration; and (3) set out certain ancillary matters.

Further details of the acquisition transaction are set out in the Company's announcements dated 6 September 2013 and 27 January 2014.

219,634,335 new ordinary shares of the Company were issued to the Vendor in February 2014 as the settlement of part of the consideration in a total amount of HK\$619,369,000, based on the issue price of HK\$2.82 per ordinary share as stipulated in the supplementary agreement. As at the date of approval of these financial statements, the transaction has not been completed.

54. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

55. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 March 2014.

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FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 31 December 2013

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and total equity of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012, is set out below:

RESULTS

		Year ended 31 December					
	2009 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2010 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2011 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>		
Revenue	1,730,013	6,348,060	2,654,454	3,727,379	6,406,455		
Operating profit	272,818	694,291	840,049	1,037,191	1,389,530		
Share of profits and losses of:							
Joint ventures	_	824	20,798	56,011	84,515		
Associates	4,565	_	_	(1,409)	23,115		
Profit before tax	277,383	695,115	860,847	1,091,793	1,497,160		
Income tax	(48,637)	(130,950)	(169,861)	(224,643)	(351,762)		
Profit for the year	228,746	564,165	690,986	867,150	1,145,398		
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:							
Shareholders of the Company	192,711	512,512	600,736	750,474	1,084,257		
Non-controlling interests	36,035	51,653	90,250	116,676	61,141		
	228,746	564,165	690,986	867,150	1,145,398		

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

31 December 2013

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND TOTAL EQUITY

			31 December		
	2009 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2010 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2011 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Total assets	7,423,717	17,224,829	24,749,742	31,289,880	44,186,670
Total liabilities	(4,411,901)	(12,156,875)	(15,038,861)	(20,558,387)	(28,262,228)
NET ASSETS	3,011,816	5,067,954	9,710,881	10,731,493	15,924,442
Equity attributable to shareholders of					
the Company	2,622,905	3,892,860	8,081,989	8,467,124	13,297,631
Non-controlling interests	388,911	1,175,094	1,628,892	2,264,369	2,626,811
TOTAL EQUITY	3,011,816	5,067,954	9,710,881	10,731,493	15,924,442

