Legend strategy **劫溶國際**

Stock Code 股份代號 1355



了 Annual Report 年報

朸濬國際集團控股有限公司

Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

(a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Contents

目錄

CORPORATE INFORMATION	公司資料	2
CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT	主席報告	5
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS	財務摘要	7
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	管理層討論及分析	8
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT	企業管治報告	16
BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT	董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情	30
REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS	董事會報告	34
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	獨立核數師報告	42
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	綜合全面收益表	44
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	綜合財務狀況表	45
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	財務狀況表	47
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	綜合權益變動表	49
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	綜合現金流量表	50
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	綜合財務報表附註	52
SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION	財務資料概要	131

Corporate Information

公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Fong Man Kelvin Ms. Fong Nga Peggy

Non-executive Director

Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie Mr. Frostick Stephen William (appointed on 4 December 2013) Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong

(appointed on 4 December 2013)
Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny

(resigned on 4 September 2013)

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum (resigned on 4 December 2013)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Kam Tik Lun (CPA, ACCA, LL.M (ICFL))
(redesignated to Chief Financial Officer on 4 September 2013)
Ms. Au Man Wai
(appointed on 4 September 2013)

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Fong Man Kelvin

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Fong Man Kelvin Ms. Au Man Wai

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie (Chairman)

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry Mr. Frostick Stephen William

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny

(resigned on 4 September 2013)

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum

(resigned on 4 December 2013)

董事

執行董事

方文先生 巫曼因女士

非執行董事

戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵

獨立非執行董事:

黃克勤博士 黃瑞熾先生

Frostick Stephen William先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

劉承忠先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

譚國明先生

(於二零一三年九月四日辭任)

蔡榮森先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日辭任)

公司秘書

金迪倫先生(CPA, ACCA, LL.M (ICFL)) (於二零一三年九月四日調任為財務總監) 歐敏慧女士

(於二零一三年九月四日獲委任)

合規主任

方文先生

授權代表

方文先生 歐敏慧女士

審核委員會

黃瑞熾先生(主席)

黃克勤博士

Frostick Stephen William先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

劉承忠先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

譚國明先生

(於二零一三年九月四日辭任)

蔡榮森先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日辭任)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie (Chairman)

Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry

Mr. Frostick Stephen William

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny

(resigned on 4 September 2013)

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum

(resigned on 4 December 2013)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie (Chairman)

Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry

Mr. Frostick Stephen William

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny

(resigned on 4 September 2013)

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum

(resigned on 4 December 2013)

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The PRC

Industrial Bank Co. Ltd.

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China

Hong Kong

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Ltd.

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Quam Capital Limited

AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman

KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

提名委員會

黃瑞熾先生(主席)

戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵

黃克勤博士

Frostick Stephen William先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

劉承忠先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

譚國明先生

(於二零一三年九月四日辭任)

蔡榮森先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日辭任)

薪酬委員會

黃瑞熾先生(主席)

戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵

黃克勤博士

Frostick Stephen William先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

劉承忠先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

譚國明先生

(於二零一三年九月四日辭任)

蔡榮森先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日辭任)

主要往來銀行

中國

興業銀行

中國工商銀行

香港

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 星展銀行(香港)有限公司

合規顧問

華富嘉洛企業融資有限公司

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 *執業會計師*

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman

KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

Corporate Information

公司資料

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1303 13th Floor Tai Tung Building 8 Fleming Road Wanchai Hong Kong

HEADQUARTERS

Room 811-812 West Building Haian Towers Commercial and Cultural Centre Nanshan District Shenzhen The PRC

THE CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited 18th Floor, Fook Lee Commercial Centre Town Place 33 Lockhart Road Wanchai Hong Kong

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.legendstrategy.com www.welcomeinn.com.cn

STOCK CODE

01355

香港主要營業地點

香港 灣仔 菲林明道8號 大同大廈 13樓1303室

總部

中國 深圳 南山區 商業文化中心區 海岸城 西座寫字樓811-812室

於開曼群島的主要股份過戶及 登記處

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 洛克道33號 中央廣場 福利商業中心18樓

公司網站

www.legendstrategy.com www.welcomeinn.com.cn

股份代號

01355

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited (the "Group"), I am pleased to present the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013.

本人謹代表朸濬國際集團控股有限公司(「本集團」)董事會(「董事會」)欣然呈報本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之全年業績。

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group is principally engaged in operating budget hip hotels, providing hotel consultancy services and hotel management services in the PRC.

During the year under review, the world was still under threat of economic recession. Even the European sovereign-debt crisis was smoothed over some measures implemented by European Union, the Western countries were still struggling in finding ways to steer their economies back to the path of recovery. On the other hand, China is gearing up for an investment spree, such as stimulating infrastructure spending and domestic consumption, to counter a global slowdown and shore up a faltering domestic economy. Against this backdrop, corporations were generally cautious in expanding their scale of operation.

For the past financial year, the Group recorded a consolidated loss of HK\$7,253,777 for the year ended 31 December 2013, as compared with a net profit of HK\$32,871,668 recorded for the same period of last financial year. The consolidated loss for the year was mainly due to the decrease of revenues generated from the provision of hotel consultancy services in second half of year 2013.

The Group has been successfully transferred listing from the Growth Enterprise Market to the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 21 August 2013. The Board believes that the transfer of listing will enhance the profile of the Company and increase the trading liquidity of the Shares. The Board considers that the transfer of listing will be beneficial to the future growth and business development of the Group as well as its financing flexibility.

業務及財務回顧

本集團主要於中國從事經濟型新派酒店經營及 提供酒店顧問與酒店管理服務。

於回顧年度內,全球仍然受到經濟衰退的威脅。儘管歐盟實施的一些措施令歐洲主權債務危機有所紓緩,惟西方國家仍在探索使其經濟重回升軌的方法。另一方面,中國正加大投資熱潮(如刺激基建支出及內需)以應對全球經濟放緩及提振步履蹣跚的國內經濟。在此背景下,各公司於擴大營運規模方面普遍保持審慎態度。

於過去一個財政年度,本集團錄得截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度綜合虧損7,253,777港元,而上一財政年度同期則錄得淨溢利32,871,668港元。本年度綜合虧損主要由於二零一三年下半年來自提供酒店顧問服務之收益減少。

本集團已於二零一三年八月二十一日成功由香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)創業板轉往主板。董事會相信轉板上市將提升本公司之形象及增加股份之交易流通量。董事會認為轉板上市將有利於本集團日後之增長及業務發展以及其財務靈活性。

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

PROSPECT

The global economy still faces great challenges. While the momentum for European and US economic recovery is yet to be restored, China also announced a GDP growth target lower than before, implying decelerated investments in certain spheres in China's economy. However, under The State Council's 12th Five-Year Plan, China identified seven strategic emerging industries to ensure a fast and stable economic growth. Therefore, China is still playing a dominant role on the world's stage.

In the light of a likely economic downturn, the low cost hotel accommodation sector will be relatively less affected hence the Group's revenue would be expected to remain stable or increase. In addition, the overall income will be remained stable or improved upon completion of five new leased and operating hotels in the PRC in the second half of 2014. The Group will concentrate more on looking for different locations and cooperate with different parties to expand our hotel network in the coming years.

The Directors are always optimistic about the future development of the Group's business and will continue to implement the wellestablished business strategies to explore business opportunities to bring outstanding return to shareholders.

APPRECIATIONS

Finally, I would like to take this opportunity to thank all our staff for their dedication and professionalism in striving to achieve our goals. Our sincere gratitude also goes to our shareholders, customers and business partners for their support. I am proud to be working alongside them to both achieve sustainable growth in our business and realize the best returns for our shareholders.

Fong Man Kelvin

Chairman and Executive Director

28 March 2014

展望

全球經濟仍面臨巨大挑戰。歐洲及美國經濟復 甦動力尚未恢復,中國亦公佈低於以往的國內 生產總值增長目標,意味著中國經濟若干領域 之投資放緩。然而,根據國務院的[十二五]規劃,中國確定了七個戰略性新興產業,以確保經濟的快速穩定增長。因此,中國仍在世界舞台上扮演重要角色。

鑒於經濟或會低迷,低成本的酒店住宿行業受到的影響相對較小,因此,預期本集團的收益將保持穩定或有所增加。此外,二零一四年下半年位於中國的五間新租賃經營酒店落成後,整體收入將維持穩定或有所改善。於未來數年,本集團將更加專注物色不同地段及與多方合作擴展我們的酒店網絡。

董事對本集團業務的未來發展一直持樂觀態 度,並將繼續實施經深思熟慮的業務策略以拓 展商機,為股東帶來豐厚回報。

致謝

最後,本人謹此感謝全體員工於實現本集團目標過程中的盡職盡責及所展現的專業精神。同時,亦衷心感謝我們的股東、客戶及業務夥伴對本集團的支持。能夠和各位共同為實現本集團業務持續增長及為股東創造最佳回報而努力,本人引以自豪。

主席兼執行董事 **方文**

二零一四年三月二十八日

Financial Highlights

財務摘要

Year ended 31st December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

			₩ - 1 -	73-1 8-12	
		2013	2012	2011	2010
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年
Operating Performance	經營業務表現				
Revenue	收益	57,968,906	91,155,199	69,592,354	37,317,993
Operating profit	營運溢利	1,246,694	44,748,676	31,509,005	13,606,109
Profit/(loss) attributable to:	以下人士應佔 溢利/(虧損):				
Owners of Company	本公司擁有人	(7,253,777)	32,871,668	21,264,683	9,185,202
Non-controlling interest	非控制性權益	-	-	-	364,329
Net cash generated from/	經營業務所得/				
(used in) operating activities	(所用)之現金淨額	57,800,624	28,756,392	(6,296,456)	15,055,682
Earnings/(loss) per share — basic	每股盈利/(虧損) - 基本	HK\$(3.99) cents 港仙	HK\$18.26 cents 港仙	HK\$13.63 cents 港仙	HK\$6.80 cents 港仙
Financial Position	財務狀況				
Borrowing	借貸	858,945	30,706,458	1,690,842	_
Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產/(負債)淨值	445,484	58,179,343	31,899,447	(8,676,685)
Shareholders' equity	股東權益	150,469,989	119,065,005	85,541,414	15,285,116
Net assets per share	每股資產淨值	HK\$70 cents 港仙	HK\$66 cents 港仙	HK\$55 cents 港仙	HK\$11 cents 港仙
Capital expenditure	資本開支	25,351,204	15,564,155	10,933,888	171,694
Key Ratios and Data	主要比率及數據				
Profit/(loss) margin Current ratio	邊際溢利/(虧損) 流動比率	(12.51)% 1.01 times 倍	36.06% 3.49 times 倍	30.6% 2.87 times 倍	25.6% 0.35 times 倍
Return on equity	股本回報	(4.82%)	27.6%	24.9%	62.5%

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS AND OPERATIONAL REVIEW

The Group is principally engaged in operating budget hip hotels providing hotel consultancy services and hotel management services in the PRC.

Hotel Operation

For the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Group has four leased-and-operated hotels and three managed hotels under operation. The Group closed down a hotel in Caitian in the PRC due to an early termination of a lease contract by the landlord and recorded a compensation of early termination from the landlord in 2013. During the whole year of 2013, the Group has three new hotels under constructions; there are another two new hotels starting development in 2014, all of these hotels are expected to commence operation in 2014.

The Group continues to focus its strategy on delivering values to budget-conscious hotel guests, such values included stylish design, cleanliness, comfort, friendly service, geographical convenience and safety. The Group develops its hotel through leasing part of existing commercial buildings and converting them into hotel accommodations.

Future Development and Outlook for Hotel Operation

In August 2012, the Group confirmed a location in the North of Xiachong Fairground, Daya Bay district, Huizhou City, Guangdong Province, the PRC, to develop a new leased-and-operated hotel (the "Xiachong Hotel"). The leasing period is ten years which started from September 2012. The renovation work for Xiachong Hotel has started in the fourth quarter of 2012. The Xiachong Hotel was expected to finish refurbishment in 2013 but due to the changing of the construction and floor plan, the commencement of operation will be delayed until the second half of 2014.

In July 2012, the Group confirmed a location in the Huicheng district, Huizhou City, Guangdong Province, the PRC, to develop a leased-and-operated hotel (the "**Huizhou Hotel**"). The renovation work for Huizhou Binjiang Hotel started in December 2012 and is expected that the Huizhou Binjiang Hotel can commence operation in the second half of 2014.

業務及營運回顧

本集團主要於中國從事經濟型新派酒店經營及 提供酒店顧問及酒店管理服務。

酒店營運

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止財政年度,本集團擁有四家營運中的租賃經營酒店及三年,由於置理中的管理酒店。於二零一三年,由於業主提前終止租約,本集團關閉一間位於彩田區內酒店,並已收到業主就提前終止租約而支付之賠償金。於二零一三年全年,本集團有三間在建的新酒店;另有兩間新酒店將於二零一四年開動工,所有該等酒店預期將於二零一四年開業。

本集團繼續專注為賓客提供具價格吸引力的優質酒店服務,包括時尚設計、整潔舒適的房間、友善服務以及方便安全的環境。本集團以租賃現有商業樓宇的部分樓層然後改建成酒店住房的方式,發展其酒店業務。

未來發展及酒店營運的前景

於二零一二年八月,本集團確定將於中國廣東 省惠州市大亞灣霞涌區北側發展一家新租賃經 營酒店(「霞涌酒店」)。租期為自二零一二年九 月起計十年。霞涌酒店的裝修工程已於二零一 二年第四季度開始。霞涌酒店預期於二零一三 年完成翻新工程,但由於建築規劃及圖則變 動,開業時間將推遲至二零一四年下半年。

於二零一二年七月,本集團確定將於中國廣東 省惠州市惠城區發展一家租賃經營酒店(「惠州 酒店」)。惠州濱江酒店的裝修工程已於二零一 二年十二月開始,預期惠州濱江酒店將於二零 一四年下半年開業。 In March 2012, the Group had identified two locations in Meilin, Futian district and Shekou, Nanshan district respectively in Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, the PRC to develop two leased-and-operated hotels (the "Meilin Hotel" and the "Shekou Hotel" respectively). However during the starting of construction and renovation, the Group discovered that these two premises may not be the best locations to operate the hotel business so the Group had changed the location from Meilin and Shekou district to Changan (長安鎮), Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, the PRC. The renovation work of both hotels in Changan are expected to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2014.

In December 2012, the Group confirmed a location in Changping district, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, the PRC to develop a leased-and-operated hotel (the "Changping Hotel"). The Group expects refurbishment work to be completed in June 2014 and the Changping Hotel to commence operation within third quarter of 2014.

On 27 January 2014, the Company entered into a memorandum of understanding ("MOU") with Vanli Holdings Company Limited (萬力控股有限公司) (the "Developer"), a property developer in the PRC in relation to a proposed business cooperation (the "Proposed Business Cooperation") in developing or operating not less than 50 budget hotels in the wholesale markets, multi-functional commercial complexes and shopping malls which are currently developed by the Developer in the PRC.

The Group plans to continue to expand its network in the PRC, in particular, the Guangdong Province in the next two to three years. The Directors believe that the continuous growth of the demand of budget boutique hotels in the PRC will provide business opportunities to the Group to expand its businesses across these cities.

Hotel Consultancy Services

For the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Group had entered into 7 hotel consultancy agreements with 2 investors for the provision of hotel consultancy services. These investors are independent third parties who are not connected with the Group other than entering into the hotel consultancy agreements with the Group.

Outlook for Hotel Consultancy Services

The Group is currently implementing a branding strategy to refresh and streamline its brand to better appeal to its target market segments and to serve as a platform for its expansion into the consultancy business. The Directors believe that the successful track record of the Group's hotels is one of the reasons that attract hotel investors.

於二零一二年三月,本集團已分別於中國廣東 省深圳市福田區梅林及南山區蛇口挑選出兩個 地段,以發展兩家租賃經營酒店(分別為「梅林 酒店」及「蛇口酒店」)。然而,在建築及裝修工 程動工時,本集團發現該兩處物業可能不是經 營酒店業務的最佳地點,故本集團已將選出由 梅林及蛇口區改為廣東省東莞市長安鎮。長安 鎮的兩間酒店的裝修工程預期將於二零一四年 第四季度完工。

於二零一二年十二月,本集團確定將於中國廣東省東莞市常平區發展一家租賃經營酒店(「常平酒店」)。本集團預期翻新工程將於二零一四年六月完工,且常平酒店將於二零一四年第三季度開業。

於二零一四年一月二十七日,本公司與中國房地產開發商萬力控股有限公司(「該開發商」)訂立諒解備忘錄(「諒解備忘錄」),內容有關與該開發商就開發或經營其目前在中國開發的不少於50間批發市場經濟型酒店、多功能商業綜合大樓以及購物商場進行建議商業合作(「建議商業合作」)。

本集團計劃於未來兩至三年繼續擴大其於中國 的業務網絡,特別是廣東省。董事相信,隨著 中國經濟型精品酒店的需求持續增長,將為本 集團於該等城市擴展業務提供契機。

酒店顧問服務

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止財政年度,本集團已就提供酒店顧問服務與兩名投資者訂立七項酒店顧問協議。此等投資者均為獨立第三方,除與本集團簽訂酒店顧問協議以外,與本集團概無任何關連。

酒店顧問服務的前景

為了更好地迎合目標市場分部,本集團正在推 行能更新及精簡其品牌之品牌策略,同時以此 作為擴展顧問業務之平台。董事相信,本集團 旗下酒店成功的往績記錄是吸引酒店投資者的 因素之一。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group has recorded a net loss attributable to owners for the year ended 31 December 2013 of the Company approximately HK\$7.3 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately HK\$40.2 million or 122.9% compared to a net profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$32.9 million for year ended 31 December 2012 (the "Last Year").

The net loss for the year was mainly due to the decrease in revenues generated from the provision of hotel consultancy services in second half of year 2013.

The reason of the decrease in revenues is the economic slowdown in the PRC causes the investors to be more conservative in the hotel accommodation sector and affected the revenue of the Group's hotel consultancy services.

Revenue

The Group reported a total revenue of approximately HK\$58.0 million (2012: approximately HK\$91.2 million) and recorded a year-on-year decrease of approximately HK\$33.2 million or 36% from the Last Year. Revenue mainly came from the hotel consultancy services of approximately HK\$24.6 million, representing approximately 42% of total revenue. It decreased approximately 58% or HK\$33.6 million from approximately HK\$58.2 million in the last year. The following table shows the key information of each of the Group's leased-and-operated hotels for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012:

財務回顧

本集團於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度錄得本公司擁有人應佔虧損淨額約7,300,000港元,較截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度(「上年度」)的本公司擁有人應佔淨溢利約32,900,000港元按年減少約40,200,000港元,減幅為122.9%。

本年度淨虧損主要由於二零一三年下半年來自 提供酒店顧問服務之收益減少所致。

而收益減少原因是中國經濟放緩導致投資者對 酒店住宿行業持審慎態度,並影響了本集團的 酒店顧問服務收入。

收入

本集團錄得總收入約58,000,000港元(二零一二年:約91,200,000港元),較上年度按年減少約33,200,000港元,減幅為36%。收入主要源於酒店顧問服務約為24,600,000港元,佔總收入約42%。該收入較上年度約58,200,000港元減少約58%或33,600,000港元。下表載列本集團截至二零一三年及二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度各租賃經營酒店的主要資料:

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	% change 百分比變動
Total	總計			
Total available room nights	總可出租客房晚數	136,315	146,749	(7.11%)
Occupancy	入住率	88.7%	83.0%	6.87%
ARR (RMB)*	平均房租(人民幣)*	183.7	185.2	(0.81%)
RevPAR (RMB) Æ	平均每間客房收入(人民幣)年	162.9	153.7	5.99%

ARR: the average room revenue of all hotels divided by the total occupied room nights

RevPAR: the average room revenue of all hotels divided by the total available room nights

平均房租:所有酒店的平均客房收入除以總出 租客房晚數

平均每間客房收入:所有酒店的平均客房收入 除以總可出租客房晚數

Operating Costs

The total operating costs increased by HK\$12.3 million, or approximately 26.5%, from HK\$46.4 million for the Last Year to HK\$58.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2013. The following table shows the total operating costs for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012:

經營成本

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,總經營成本由上年度的46,400,000港元,上升12,300,000港元至58,700,000港元,升幅約為26.5%。截至二零一三年及二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度的總經營成本載列如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		HK\$ 港元 2013 二零一三年	HK\$ 港元 2012 二零一二年	% change 百分比變動
Operating lease expenses Depreciation of property,	經營租賃開支 物業、廠房	14,822,036	11,584,821	27.94%
plant and equipment	及設備折舊	7,389,933	7,959,800	(7.16%)
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支	16,827,186	9,845,335	70.92%
Utilities	公用設施	1,799,710	1,893,741	(4.97%)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支	17,863,871	15,122,826	18.13%
		58,702,736	46,406,523	26.50%

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

The Group generally finances its daily operations from internally generated cash flows. As at 31 December 2013, the Group had bank balances and cash of approximately HK\$19.6 million (2012: approximately HK\$27.9 million). Gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including "current and non-current borrowings" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position plus net debt. The gearing ratio for the year ended 31 December 2013 is nil (2012: 2.3%). The Group was in net cash position as at 31 December 2013.

Significant Changes to Financial Position

The debtors' turnover days for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 was 69 days (2012: 199 days). It decreased by 130 days as a result of faster collection of trade debtor balance for the consultancy services in 2013.

For hotel operations, the majority of the customers of the Group pay by cash upon hotel room checkout. As a result, the trade debtors balance was immaterial compared with the revenue. The Group expects the customer payment pattern to be consistent in the future.

流動資金、財務資源及資本結構

本集團一般以內部產生的現金流量作為日常經營業務之資金。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團的銀行結餘及現金約為19,600,000港元(二零一二年:約27,900,000港元)。資本負債比率乃以負債淨額除以總資本計算。負債淨額乃按總借貸(包括綜合財務狀況表所列示的「流動及非流動借貸」)減現金及現金等價物計算。總資本乃按綜合財務狀況表所列示的「權益」加負債淨額計算。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,資產負債比率為零(二零一二年:2.3%)。本集團於二零一三年十二月三十一日處於淨現金狀況。

財務狀況之重大變動

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止財政年度之 應收賬款周轉天數為69天(二零一二年:199 天)。二零一三年應收賬款周轉天數下降130天 乃由於顧問服務的應收貿易賬款收款速度加快 所致。

就酒店經營業務而言,本集團大部分客戶在酒店退房結賬時以現金支付。因此,應收貿易賬款結餘較收入而言甚微。本集團預期,日後之客戶付款方式將會一致。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

For hotel consultancy services, the trade debtors balance was HK\$7.6 million as of 31 December 2013. Approximately HK\$1.3 million of the outstanding trade debtor balance for the consultancy services as at 31 December 2013 were settled in the first quarter of 2014 subsequently. The trade debtors balance is expected to be fully settled in 2014 based on the repayment schedule as agreed with the customer.

For hotel management services, the payment term is quarterly settlement after the end of every quarter. Approximately HK\$0.6 million of the outstanding trade debtors balance for the management services as at 31 December 2013 were settled in the first quarter of 2014 subsequently. The Directors were confident on the recoverability of the remaining outstanding trade debtors balances.

Capital Structure

In 2013, the Company has issued and allotted a total of 36,000,000 new ordinary shares as conversion shares at conversion price of HK\$0.85 each. Save for the issue of new ordinary shares by conversion of convertible notes, there was no material change in the capital structure of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2013. The total number of the issued shares of the Company was 216,500,001 as at 31 December 2013.

Details of the movements of the convertible notes during the year are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

Majority of the assets and liabilities of the Group were denominated in Renminbi and Hong Kong dollars. As at 31 December 2013, the Group had no significant exposure under foreign exchange contracts, interest, currency swaps or other financial derivatives.

Significant Investment

For the year ended 31 December 2013, other than those investment in construction of new hotels and joint ventures, there was no significant investment made by the Group (2012: nil).

Material Acquisitions or Disposals

For the year ended 31 December 2013, there were no material acquisitions or disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies by the Group.

Charges on Assets

As at 31 December 2013, the Group did not have any charges on its assets.

就酒店顧問服務而言,截至二零一三年十二月三十一日之應收貿易賬款結餘為7,600,000港元。於二零一三年十二月三十一日之約1,300,000港元顧問服務未償還應收賬款結餘隨後於二零一四年第一季度結清。應收貿易賬款結餘預期將根據與客戶協定的還款計劃於二零一四年內全數付清。

就酒店管理服務而言,有關付款將於每個季度 末之後按季結算。於二零一三年十二月三十一 日未償還之管理服務應收貿易賬款結餘約 600,000港元已隨後於二零一四年第一季度付 清。董事相信餘下之未償還應收貿易賬款結餘 將可收回。

資本結構

於二零一三年,本公司已發行及配發合共36,000,000股新普通股作為兑換股份,每股兑換價為0.85港元。除透過兑換可換股票據發行新普通股外,於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之資本結構並無重大變化。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司之已發行股份總數為216,500,001股。

本年度可換股票據變動的詳情載於綜合財務報 表附注21。

外匯風險

本集團大部分資產及負債均以人民幣及港元計值。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團概無因外匯合約、利率、貨幣掉期或其他金融衍生工具而面臨任何重大風險。

重大投資

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,除於 建設新酒店及於合資公司的投資外,本集團並 無作出任何重大投資(二零一二年:無)。

重大收購或出售

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團概無進行附屬公司及聯屬公司之重大收購或 出售。

資產抵押

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任 何資產抵押。

Capital Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had total capital commitments of approximately HK\$38.2 million primarily related to the development and construction of new leased-and-operated hotels in the PRC. As at 31 December 2013, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

Employees and Remuneration Policies

The Group had 128 employees (2012: 128) as at 31 December 2013. The Group's remuneration practices are in line with the prevailing market practice and are determined on the basis of performance, qualification and experience of individual employee.

Operating Lease Commitments

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had total operating lease commitments of approximately HK\$130 million (2012: HK\$148.5 million). The operating lease commitments are mainly related to the rental of hotels premises for hotel operation.

Dividends

The Directors do not recommend payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2013.

Use of Proceeds in Fund Raising Activities

On 20 September 2012, the Company entered into the placing agreement with the Emperor Securities Limited (the "Placing Agent"), pursuant to which the Placing Agent has conditionally agreed to procure, on a best effort basis, not less than six independent placees to subscribe in cash for the Convertible Notes of up to an aggregate principal amount of HK\$30,600,000 with the conversion price at HK\$0.85 per conversion share (the "Placing"). The Placing was completed on 12 October 2012. The proceeds raised would be applied as general working capital and future business development for the Group in the PRC.

The following is a summary of the use of proceeds for the amount of HK\$30,600,000 after the placing of the convertible notes.

資本承擔及或然負債

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團有總資本承擔約38,200,000港元,主要與於中國開發及興建新租賃經營酒店有關。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團有128名 (二零一二年:128名)僱員。本集團的薪酬常 規符合現行市場慣例,並根據個別僱員的表 現、資歷及經驗而釐定。

經營租賃承擔

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有經營租賃承擔總額約130,000,000港元(二零一二年:148,500,000港元)。經營租賃承擔主要與用於酒店經營的酒店物業的租賃有關。

股息

董事不建議派付截至二零一三年十二月三十一 日止年度之任何股息。

集資活動後實際款項用途

於二零一二年九月二十日,本公司與英皇證券(香港)有限公司(「配售代理」) 訂立配售協議,據此,配售代理已有條件同意盡力促使不少於六名獨立承配人以現金認購本金總額最多為30,600,000港元之可換股票據,轉換價為每股轉換股份0.85港元(「配售事項」)。配售事項已於二零一二年十月十二日完成。所籌集的所得款項將用作一般營運資金及用於本集團於中國的未來業務發展。

以下為於配售可換股票據後金額為30,600,000 之所得款項用途概要。

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
General working capital Develop new	一般營運資金	3,150,000	2,000,000
leased-and-operating	於中國發展新租賃		
hotels in the PRC	經營酒店	12,950,000	12,500,000
Total	總計	16,100,000	14,500,000

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS

The following is a summary of the actual progress of the Group compared with the business objectives set out in the Company's prospectus dated 30 June 2011 (the "Prospectus") for the period from 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2013 (the "Review Period").

業務目標與實際業務進度之比較

下文載列本集團於二零一三年一月一日至二零 一三年十二月三十一日期間(「回顧期間」)之實 際業務進度與本公司日期為二零一一年六月三 十日的招股章程(「招股章程」)所載業務目標比 較之概要。

Continue to expand the hotel consultancy business

Business objectives for the Review Period

Entering into two hotel consultancy agreements

Participating in tradeshows, exhibitions and special public relation activities to identify potential hotel investors Actual operation progress up to 31 December 2013

The Group has entered into 7 hotel consultancy agreements during the Review Period

The Group has joined several exhibitions in the PRC

持續發展酒店顧問業務

截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日的 回顧期間的業務目標 實際業務進度

訂立兩份酒店顧問協議 本集團於回顧期間訂立 7份酒店顧問協議

參與展銷會、展覽及 特別的公關活動以尋找 潛在的酒店投資者 本集團已參加 中國數個展覽

Expand the business by offered hotel management services

Business objectives for the Review Period

Entering into two hotel management agreements

Actual operation progress up to 31 December 2013

The Group has discussed with several investors to engage few hotel management agreements

拓展業務至提供酒店管理服務

截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日的 實際業務進度

訂立兩份酒店管理協議

回顧期間的業務目標

本集團已與若干投資者 訂立數份酒店管理協議

Continue to enhance the awareness of the brand name

Business objectives for the Review Period

Launching marketing campaign

Promoting the membership program

Improving design quality

Actual operation progress up to 31 December 2013

The Group has engaged several travel agencies to promote the Group's hotels

Number of members has been increased compared with year 2012

The Group has continued to recruit designers to improve the hotel design quality

持續加強品牌的知名度

截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日的 回顧期間的業務目標 實際業務進度

4 川 → IB IA 広て利

推出市場推廣活動 本集團已委聘若干旅行社 推廣本集團的酒店

推廣會籍計劃 會員人數相比二零一二年 有所上升

繼續改善設計質素

本集團繼續擴充 其設計團隊,以改善 酒店設計質素

OUTLOOK

In the future, the Group shall continue to expand the number of leased-and-operated hotels, and is also actively seeking for investment and engaging in asset-light and cost effective business opportunities in providing hotel consultancy services, as well as providing hotel management services with a view to grow its brand recognition and revenues to create value for the shareholders.

The Group will also seek for more business opportunities in different segments to diversify the risk and cooperate with different parties to expand our hotel network in the coming years.

展望

日後,本集團將繼續擴大租賃經營酒店的數量,並在提供酒店顧問及酒店管理服務方面積極尋求投資及涉足輕資產及符合成本效益之業務機會,以提高本集團的品牌知名度以及收入,從而為股東締造價值。

於未來數年,本集團亦將尋求不同分部的更多 業務機會以分散風險,並與多方合作以擴大我 們的酒店網絡。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Company is committed to ensure a high standard of corporate governance in the interests of the shareholders and devotes considerable effort to maintain high level of business ethics and corporate governance practices.

本公司致力推行高水準之企業管治,以保障股 東權益,並盡力維持高水準的商業操守及企業 管治常規。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") throughout the year. The Board of the Company will keep reviewing and updating such practices from time to time to ensure compliance with legal and commercial standards.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Board is primarily responsible for formulating strategies, monitoring performance and managing risks of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group"). At the same time, it also has the duty to enhance the effectiveness of the corporate governance practices of the Group. Under the Board, there are 3 board committees, namely audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee. All these committees perform their distinct roles in accordance with their respective terms of reference and assist the Board in supervising certain functions of the senior management.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Group had adopted Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings. The Company had made specific enquiry to all the directors (the "Directors") and the Directors have confirmed compliance with this code of conduct throughout the period from 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2013. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company during this period.

企業管治常規

本年度,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 附錄14所載企業管治守則及企業管治報告(「企業管治守則」)。本公司董事會將繼續不時檢討及更新該等常規,以確保符合法律及商業準則。

企業管治架構

董事會主要負責本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之策略制定、表現監控及風險管理。同時,董事會亦有責任提升本集團企業管治常規效力。董事會轄下有三個董事委員會,即審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。所有該等委員會均根據彼等各自之職權範圍履行其各自職責,並協助董事會監督高級管理層之若干職能。

董事進行證券交易

本集團已採納上市規則附錄10(「標準守則」)作為其有關董事進行證券交易的操守守則,其條款內容不比標準守則寬鬆。本公司已向全體董事(「董事」)作出具體查詢,而董事已確認於二零一三年一月一日至二零一三年十二月三十一日期間內一直遵守此操守守則。期內,本公司並無發現任何不合規的事宜。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

At present, the Board of the Company comprises seven Directors as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Fong Man Kelvin (Chairman)

Ms. Fong Nga Peggy

Non-executive Director

Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry

Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie

Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong

(Appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Frostick Stephen William

(Appointed on 4 December 2013)

Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section of "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 30 to 33. Other than Mr. Fong Man Kelvin, the chairman of the Company, is a brother of Ms. Fong Nga Peggy, an Executive Director of the Company, there are no family or other material relationships among members of the Board.

The Board has the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company. They are collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the Group's affairs. The Board is accountable to shareholders for the strategic development of the Group with the goal of maximizing long-term shareholder value, while balancing broader stakeholder interests.

The Board meets regularly on a quarterly basis for reviewing and approving the financial and operating performance, and considering and approving the overall strategies and policies of the Company. Apart from the regular board meetings of the year, the Board also meets on other occasions when a Board-level decision on a particular matter is required.

董事會

目前,本公司董事會由以下七名董事組成:

執行董事

方文先生(主席) 巫曼因女士

非執行董事

戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵

獨立非執行董事

黃克勤博士

黄瑞熾先生

劉承忠先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

Frostick Stephen William先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

董事履歷詳情載於第30至33頁「董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情」一節。除方文先生(本公司主席)為巫曼因女士(本公司執行董事)之兄長外,董事會成員之間概無親屬或其他重大關係。

董事會負責領導及監控本公司,彼等共同負責 透過指揮及監督本集團之事務,推動本集團邁 向成功。董事會就本集團之策略發展對股東負 責,以將股東長遠價值最大化為目標,同時平 衡各權益持有人之利益。

董事會按季定期舉行會議,以檢討及通過財務及經營業績以及審議及通過本公司總體策略及政策。除年內之董事會例會外,董事會亦會就須由董事會層面作出決定的特別事項於其他時候舉行會議。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The attendance record of each Director at Board meetings, Audit Committee meetings, Remuneration Committee meeting, Nomination Committee meeting and general meeting during the year ended 31 December 2013 is set out in the following table:

各董事於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年 度出席董事會會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委 員會會議、提名委員會會議及股東大會之記錄 載於下表:

Name of Directors 董事姓名	(8	Board Meetings 董事會會議 attendance/total held) (出席次數/ 舉行會議總次數)	Audit Committee Meetings 審核委員會會議 (attendance/total no. of meeting held) (出席次數/ 舉行會議總次數)	Remuneration Committee Meeting 薪酬委員會會議 (attendance/total no. of meeting held) (出席次數/ 舉行會議總次數)	Nomination Committee Meeting 提名委員會會議 (attendance/total no. of meeting held) (出席次數/ 學行會議總次數)	General Meeting 股東大會 (attendance/total no. of meeting held) (出席次數/ 舉行會議總次數)
Executive Directors Mr. Fong Man Kelvin Ms. Fong Nga Peggy	執行董事 方文先生 巫曼因女士	7/7 7/7	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	1/1 1/1
Non-executive Director Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus	非執行董事 戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵	6/7	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong (appointed on 4 December 2013)	獨立非執行董事 黃克勤博士 黃瑞熾先生 劉承忠先生 《於二四四四八十五年》	5/7 6/7 1/1	3/4 4/4 1/1	1/1 1/1 N/A 不適用	1/1 1/1 N/A 不適用	1/1 1/1 N/A 不適用
Mr. Frostick Stephen William (appointed on 4 December 2013)	十二月四日獲委任) Frostick Stephen William先 (於二零一三年 十二月四日獲委任)	生 1/1	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny (resigned on 4 September 2013)	T二月四日後安住/ 譚國明先生 (於二零一三年 九月四日辭任)	1/6	0/3	0/1	0/1	1/1
Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum (resigned on 4 December 2013)	がた。 蔡榮森先生 (於二零一三年 十二月四日辭任)	5/6	3/3	1/1	1/1	1/1

All Directors are provided with details of agenda items for decisions making with reasonable notice. Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures are complied with and advising the Board on compliance matters. Directors are also provided with access to independent professional advice, where necessary, in carrying out their obligations as Directors of the Company, at the expense of the Company. Directors who are considered to have conflict of interests or material interests in the proposed transactions or issues to be discussed would not be counted in the guorum of meeting and would abstain from voting on the relevant resolution.

All Directors assume the responsibilities to the shareholders of the Company for the well-being and success of the Company. They are aware of their duties to act in good faith and in the best interests of the Company.

全體董事均獲合理通知以獲得各項議程之詳細 資料以便作出決定。董事均可獲得公司秘書提 供之意見及服務,公司秘書負責確保遵守董事 會程序及就合規事宜向董事會提供意見。董事 在履行彼等作為本公司董事之義務時,如有需 要亦可獲提供獨立專業意見,而費用則由本公 司承擔。被視為於建議交易或將予討論事項中 涉及利益衝突或擁有重大利益的董事,不得計 入該次會議之法定人數,並須就相關決議案放 棄投票。

全體董事就本公司穩健發展與成功向本公司股 東負責。彼等知悉彼等應以誠信態度及在符合 本公司最佳利益之情況下履行職務。

The Board is responsible for maintaining proper accounting records so as to enable the Directors to monitor the Company's overall financial position. The Board updates shareholders on the operations and financial position of the Group through half yearly and annual results announcements as well as the publication of timely announcements of other matters as prescribed by the relevant rules and regulations.

The Company has four Independent Non-executive Directors, at least one of whom has appropriate financial management expertise, in compliance with the Listing Rules. Each of the Independent Non-executive Director has made an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all Independent Non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines.

According to the Company's articles of association, newly appointed Directors shall hold office until the next following general meeting and shall be eligible for re-election at that meeting. Every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Under Code Provision of A.2.1 of the CG Code, the role of the chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The post of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are separated to ensure a clear division between the Chairman's responsibility to manage the Board and the Chief Executive Officer's responsibility to manage the company's business. The separation ensures a balance of power and authority so that power is not concentrated.

Mr. Fong Man Kelvin as a Chairman of the Group, plays a leading role and is responsible for effective running of the Board and responsibility of overall management, business development and implementation of the Group's strategy determined by the Board in achieving its overall commercial objectives. During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Company did not have an officer with the title of chief executive officer ("CEO"). The CEO's duties have been undertaken by the members of the Board. The Company is in process of identifying suitable candidate with appropriate experience as its chief executive officer. The Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority of the Board. It currently comprises two Executive Directors, one Non-executive Director (the "NED") and four Independent Non-executive Directors (The "INED(s)"), with INEDs

董事會有責任保存完備之會計記錄,以便董事 監察本公司整體財務狀況。董事會透過中期及 全年業績公佈以及根據有關規則及規例之規定 就其他事項適時刊發公佈,向股東提供本集團 之最新營運及財務狀況資料。

本公司擁有四名獨立非執行董事,且為符合上市規則,其中至少一名獨立非執行董事具備適當之財務管理專業知識。各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性作出年度確認。本公司認為,所有獨立非執行董事均符合上市規則第3.13條所載獨立性指引,且根據指引條款屬獨立人士。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,最近獲委任之董 事將任職至下屆股東大會為止,並於該大會上 合資格膺選連任。每名董事(包括擁有特定任期 之董事)須至少每三年輪值退任一次。

主席及行政總裁

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條,主席 與行政總裁之角色應有區分,不應由一人同時 兼任。將主席與行政總裁之職務劃分,可確保 主席管理董事會之責任與行政總裁管理本公司 業務之責任得到清晰分工。該劃分將確保權力 及授權分佈均衡,令權力不會集中於任何個 人。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

representing 57% of the Board. Such a high percentage of INEDs in the Board could ensure their views carry significant weight and it reflects a strong independent element in the composition of the Board. At present, the Board also believe that under the leadership of Mr. Fong Man Kelvin as the Chairman, the Board's decision could be made effectively and it is beneficial to the management and development of the Group's businesses.

的大多數可確保彼等之意見具重大影響力,並 反映董事會的組成擁有相當之獨立元素。目 前,董事會亦相信在方文先生作為主席之領導 下,董事會能有效地作出決策,對本集團之業 務管理及發展均為有利。

The Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules throughout the period under review.

於整個回顧期間,本公司一直遵守上市規則附錄14載列之企業管治守則所載之守則條文。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Under the Code Provision A.4.1, all the Non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Each of the Independent Non-executive Directors and the Non-executive Director has entered into a service contract with the Company for a specific term but subject to termination in certain circumstance as stipulated in the relevant service contracts. At each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being (of if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one third) will retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. Any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed as an addition to the existing board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

非執行董事

根據守則條文第A.4.1條,所有非執行董事之委任應有特定任期,並須接受重選。各獨立非執行董事及非執行董事已與本公司訂立任的之服務合約,惟該等合約可於有關服務內之服務合約,惟該等合約可於在每屆股數之若干情況下予以終止。在每屆股數並一的董事(若其人數)將輪值退任,惟各董事須至少每三任任數,則以當時最接近但不少於三多一在以為的時,則以當時是對不少的獲委任何被任一次會上輪值退任一次有量不是任何獲委的任期領直至被獲委任時期,而下屆股東大會並於該會上重選,而現有董事也任何增任董事的任期僅至本公賈選連任。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board is responsible for performing corporate governance duties and has adopted the written terms of reference on its corporate governance functions.

The duties of the Board in respect of the corporate governance functions include:

- (i) Developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) Reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) Reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;

企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治職責,並已採納其企 業管治職能之書面職權範圍。

董事會有關企業管治職能之職責包括:

- (i) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常 規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及持 續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定 方面之政策及常規;

- (iv) Developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors;
 and
- (v) Reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

In 2013 and up to the date of this report, the Board has performed the corporate governance duties in accordance with its terms of reference.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

During the year, the Board adopted a board diversity policy setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company considered diversity of board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

A Remuneration Committee was set up on 22 June 2011 to oversee the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management.

The primary objectives of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure of the Directors and the senior management and determining the remuneration packages of all Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible to ensure that no Director or any of his associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration, which will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions.

The Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting during the year ended 31 December 2013.

- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之操 守守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v) 檢討本公司對企業管治守則之遵守情況及 在企業管治報告之披露。

於二零一三年及截至本報告日期,董事會已根據其職權範圍履行企業管治職責。

董事會成員多元化政策

年內,董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策, 其中載有實現董事會成員多元化之方法。本公司認為可透過多方面考慮實現董事會成員多元 化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。董事會所有委任 將用人唯才,並在考慮候選人時以客觀準則充 分顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益。

候選人的甄選將基於一系列多元化角度,包括 但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業 經驗、技能及知識。最終決定將按所選候選人 的優點及其將為董事會帶來的貢獻而作出。

薪酬委員會

本公司已於二零一一年六月二十二日成立薪酬 委員會,以監察全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬 政策及架構。

薪酬委員會之主要目標包括就董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及架構向董事會作出建議,以及釐定全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬方案。薪酬委員會亦負責確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人士將參與決定其自身薪酬。有關薪酬將參考個人表現及本公司業績以及市場慣例及狀況釐定。

薪酬委員會於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度舉行1次會議。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Remuneration Committee comprises five members as at the date of this report namely:

Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie (Chairman)

Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Frostick Stephen William

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny

(resigned on 4 September 2013)

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum

(resigned on 4 December 2013)

Majority of the members are Independent Non-executive Directors.

In addition, pursuant to the Code Provision B.1.5, the annual remuneration of the member of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2013 is set out below:

於本報告日期,薪酬委員會由以下五名成員組 成:

黃瑞熾先生(主席)

戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵

黃克勤博士

劉承忠先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

Frostick Stephen William先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

譚國明先生

(於二零一三年九月四日辭任)

蔡榮森先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日辭任)

大部分成員均為獨立非執行董事。

此外,根據守則條文第B.1.5條,截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度已向高級管理人員支付之年度薪酬按薪酬等級載列如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	11	10

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information on Directors are as follows:

Changes in Directors' emoluments

The salary of the Non-executive Director, namely Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus, and three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry, Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny and Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum, was increased by approximately 2.33% as compared with 2012.

The salary of the Executive Director, Mr. Fong Man Kelvin, included the pension scheme contribution of HK\$15,000 with effect from 1 January 2013 as compared with 2012.

The salary of all Directors, namely Mr. Fong Man Kelvin, Ms. Fong Nga Peggy, Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus, Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry, Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie, Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong and Mr. Frostick Stephen William, was increased by 10% with effect from 1 April 2014 due to annual adjustment.

董事資料變更

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,董事資料變更如下:

董事酬金變更

非執行董事戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵及三名獨立非執行董事黃克勤博士、譚國明先生及蔡榮森先生之薪金較二零一二年提高約2.33%。

相比二零一二年,自二零一三年一月一日起執 行董事方文先生的薪金包括15,000港元之養老 金計劃供款。

全體董事(即方文先生、巫曼因女士、戴偉仁 Cold Highham勛爵、黃克勤博士、黃瑞熾先生、劉承忠先生及Frostick Stephen William先生)的薪金因年度調整而自二零一四年四月一日起增加10%。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a Nomination Committee on 22 June 2011 for making recommendations to the Board on appointment of Directors and succession planning for the Directors.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board composition, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors, assessing the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors and reviewing the board diversity policy.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Nomination Committee held one meeting. The members reviewed the current composition of the Board and discussed about the Board restructure to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company pursuant to its terms of reference and the Board Diversity Policy.

During the year, the Company appointed two Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong and Mr. Frostick Stephen William. The Nomination Committee has reviewed their backgrounds, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The Nomination Committee considered current Board composition has achieved the objective of the Board Diversity Policy.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Ms. Fong Nga Peggy, Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie, Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong and Mr. Frostick Stephen William shall retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Nomination Committee recommended the re-appointment of the Directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

The Nomination Committee comprises five members as at the date of this report namely:

Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie (Chairman)

Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry

Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Frostick Stephen William

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny

(resigned on 4 September 2013)

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum

(resigned on 4 December 2013)

Majority of the members are Independent Non-executive Directors.

提名委員會

本公司已於二零一一年六月二十二日成立提名 委員會,以就委任董事及董事的繼任人選規劃 向董事會作出推薦意見。

提名委員會之主要職責包括檢討董事會組成、 就董事委任及繼任人選規劃向董事會作出建 議,評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性以及檢討董 事會成員多員化政策。

提名委員會於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止財政年度舉行一次會議。提名委員會成員檢 討董事會之現時組成並討論調整董事會之架 構,確保董事會根據其職權範圍及董事會成員 多元化政策在適合本公司業務需要之專業知 識、技能及經驗各方面取得平衡。

年內,本公司已委任兩名獨立非執行董事劉承 忠先生及Frostick Stephen William先生。提名 委員會已審查彼等的背景,包括但不限於性 別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能 及知識。提名委員會認為董事會現時的組成已 達致董事會成員多元化政策的目標。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,巫曼因女士、黃瑞熾先生、劉承忠先生及Frostick Stephen William先生須於應屆股東週年大會上退任並合資格膺選連任。

提名委員會建議於本公司應屆股東週年大會上 重新委任正待重選之董事。

於本報告日期,提名委員會由以下五名成員組成:

黃瑞熾先生(主席)

戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵

黃克勤博士

劉承忠先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

Frostick Stephen William先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

譚國明先生

(於二零一三年九月四日辭任)

蔡榮森先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日辭任)

大部分成員均為獨立非執行董事。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an Audit Committee on 22 June 2011 with written terms of reference that set out the authorities and duties of the Audit Committee adopted by the Board. The audit committee performs, amongst others, the following functions:

- Review of the financial information of the Group
- Review of the relationship with and the terms of appointment of the external auditors
- Review of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system.

The Audit Committee oversees the internal control system of the Group, reports to the Board on any material issues, and makes recommendations to the Board. During the year under review, the Audit Committee reviewed the Group's annual results and annual report for the year ended 31 December 2013, the financial reporting and compliance procedures, the Company's internal control and risk management systems and processes, and the re-appointment of the external auditors.

The Audit Committee held 4 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2013.

The Audit Committee comprises four members as at the date of this report namely:

Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie (Chairman)

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry

Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Frostick Stephen William

(appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny

(resigned on 4 September 2013)

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum

(resigned on 4 December 2013)

All the members are Independent Non-executive Directors (including one Independent Non-executive Director who possesses the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise). None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the Company's existing external auditors.

審核委員會

本公司已於二零一一年六月二十二日成立審核委員會,其書面職權範圍載有董事會所採納之審核委員會之權力及職責。審核委員會履行(其中包括)以下職能:

- 審閱本集團財務資料
- 檢討與外聘核數師的關係及其委任年期
- 檢討本公司之財務申報系統、內部監控系 統及風險管理系統。

審核委員會監督本集團之內部監控系統、向董事會報告任何重大問題,並向董事會作出建議。於回顧年度,審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之全年業績及年報、財務申報及合規程序、本公司之內部監控及風險管理系統及流程,以及外聘核數師之續聘。

審核委員會於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度舉行4次會議。

於本報告日期,審核委員會由以下四名成員組成:

黃瑞熾先生(主席)

黃克勤博士

劉承忠先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

Frostick Stephen William先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

譚國明先生

(於二零一三年九月四日辭任)

蔡榮森先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日辭任)

所有成員均為獨立非執行董事(其中一名獨立非執行董事具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識)。審核委員會概無成員為本公司現任外聘核數師之前合夥人。

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Audit Committee reviews the adequacy of the Company's internal financial controls, operational and compliance controls, and risk management policies and systems established by the management of the Company (collectively "internal controls").

The Board is responsible for the overall internal control framework and is fully aware of the need to put in place a system of internal controls within the Group to safeguard the interests of the Company's shareholders and the Group's assets, and to manage risks. The Board also acknowledges that no cost effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. A system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

EXTERNAL AUDITOR AND AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The statement of the external auditor of the Company on their reporting responsibilities and opinion on the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" in this annual report.

The Audit Committee of the Company is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditor and reviewing any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor, including whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material adverse effect on the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group has incurred an aggregate fee of HK\$2,414,200 to the external auditor. In which, the amount of HK\$2,129,000 is paid for the audit purpose and HK\$285,200 is paid for non-audit propose.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for each financial year which gives a true and fair view. In preparing the financial statements, appropriate accounting policies and standard are selected and applied consistently.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company engages an external service provider, Ms. Au Man Wai ("Ms. Au") as the Company Secretary. Its primary corporate contact person at the Company is Mr. Fong Man Kelvin, Chairman of the Company. The Company Secretary is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and for facilitating communications among Directors as well as with shareholders and management. During 2013, Ms. Au undertook not less than 15 hours of professional training to update her skills and knowledge.

內部監控

審核委員會檢討本公司的內部財務監控、營運及合規監控以及本公司管理層設立之風險管理政策及系統(統稱「內部監控」)之充分性。

董事會負責整體之內部監控架構,並完全知悉需要於本集團內設立內部監控系統,以保障本公司股東權益及本集團資產以及管理風險。董事會亦承認,並無具成本效益又可排除所有錯誤及違規情況之內部監控系統。系統旨在管理不能達成業務目標之風險而非排除該等風險,且僅能為防止重大失實陳述或損失提供合理而非絕對之保證。

外聘核數師及核數師酬金

本公司外聘核數師有關其申報責任的聲明及對 於本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年 度財務報表的意見,載於本年報「獨立核數師報 告」一節。

本公司之審核委員會負責考慮外聘核數師之委 聘及審查外聘核數師進行之任何非核數工作, 包括有關非核數工作會否對本公司構成任何潛 在重大不利影響。

於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團產生支付予外聘核數師的費用總額為2,414,200港元。其中,2,129,000港元用於審核,285,200港元用於非核數費用。

董事對財務報表應負的責任

董事負責就各財政年度編製反映真實兼合理情況之財務報表。在編製財務報表時,董事選擇 及貫徹地應用適當之會計政策及準則。

公司秘書

本公司聘請外聘服務機構之歐敏慧小姐(「歐小姐」)作為公司秘書。其於本公司之主要公司聯絡人為本公司主席方文先生。公司秘書負責確保遵守董事會程序及促進董事之間以及與股東及管理層的溝通。於二零一三年,歐小姐已進行不少於15小時的專業培訓以提升其技能及知識。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhancing investor relations. It is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and investment public.

The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its annual and interim reports. The terms of reference of Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Renumeration Committee are revised on 1 November 2013 and the Memorandum and the Articles of Association of the Company is updated on 23 March 2011.

The corporate website of the Company (www.legendstrategy.com) has provided an effective communication platform to the public and the shareholders.

INDUCTION AND CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Each newly appointed Director receives formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has continuously provided relevant training materials to the Directors. Directors participated in continuous development relating to roles, functions and duties of a listed company director or further enhancement of their professional development by the way of attending training courses or reading relevant materials. All Directors had provided the Company their training records for the year under review. The Directors and officers are indemnified under a Directors' and officers' liability insurance against any liability incurred by them in discharge of their duties while holding office as the Directors and officers of the Company. The Directors and officers shall not be indemnified where there is any fraud, breach of duty or breach of trust proven against them.

投資者關係

本公司相信,維持高透明度是鞏固投資者關係 的關鍵。本公司致力奉行向其股東及投資大眾 公開及適時披露公司資料的政策。

本公司透過其年度及中期報告向股東提供最新的業務發展及財務表現資料。審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之職權範圍於二零一三年十一月一日作出修訂,而本公司組織章程大綱及細則於二零一一年三月二十三日作出更新。

本公司的公司網站 (www.legendstrategy.com) 已為公眾人士及股東提供一個有效的溝通平 台。

入職指引及持續專業發展

每名新委任之董事均於首次獲委任時獲提供正式、全面及度身制訂的入職指引,確保新委任之董事可適當掌握本公司之業務及營運,並完全了解其於上市規則及相關法規項下之責任與 義務。

The participation by individual directors in 2013 is recorded in the table below:

下表記錄個別董事於二零一三年之參與情況:

Directors		Attending Seminar(s)	Reading regulatory updates 閱讀監管規定
董事		出席講座	的最新資料
Mr. Fong Man Kelvin	方文先生	✓	✓
Ms. Fong Nga Peggy	巫曼因女士	✓	✓
Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham,	戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵		
Daniel Joannes Ludovicus		✓	✓
Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry	黃克勤博士	✓	✓
Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie	黃瑞熾先生	✓	✓
Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong	劉承忠先生	✓	✓
Mr. Frostick Stephen William	Frostick Stephen William先生	✓	✓

SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATION

The objective of shareholder communication is to provide our shareholders with detailed information about the Company so that they can exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner.

The Company uses a range of communication tools to ensure its shareholders are kept well informed of key business imperatives. These include annual general meeting, annual report, various notices, announcements and circulars. Procedure for demanding a poll has been included in circulars accompanying notice convening a general meeting and such procedure has been read out by the chairman of the general meeting. The annual general meeting and other general meetings of the Company are primary forum for communication between the Company and its shareholders. The Company shall provide shareholders with relevant information on the resolution(s) proposed at a general meeting in a timely manner in accordance with the Listing Rules. The information provided shall be reasonably necessary to enable shareholders to make an informed decision on the proposed resolution(s). At Annual General Meeting in 2013, a separate resolution was proposed by the Chairman in respect of each separate issue, including re-election of Directors.

At the annual general meeting held on 25 June 2013 (the "2013 AGM"), the Executive Director and Chairman of the Board, the chairmen of the audit, remuneration and nomination committees and representatives from the auditor of the Company, PricewaterhouseCoopers, were present to attend to questions from shareholders. There was one general meeting held during the year ended 31 December 2013.

與股東之溝通

與股東之溝通旨在向股東提供有關本公司的詳 細資料,使彼等能在知情的情況下行使彼等身 為股東的權利。

於二零一三年六月二十五日舉行的股東週年大會(「二零一三年股東週年大會」)上,執行董事及董事會主席、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會主席以及本公司核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所之代表均有出席以回答股東之提問。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度內共舉行一次股東大會。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Under Code Provision A.6.7, Independent Non-executive Directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. At the said meeting, all the Non-executive Director and all the Independent Non-executive Directors were presented to enable the Board to develop a balanced understanding of the views of the shareholders of the Company.

根據守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非執行董事應出 席股東大會及公正了解股東之意見。上述會議 中,全體非執行董事及全體獨立非執行董事均 有出席,以促使董事會對本公司股東之意見有 公正的了解。

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

There are no provisions allowing shareholders to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law (2012 Revision). However, shareholders are requested to follow article 58 of the Articles of Association of the Company, general meetings shall be convened on the written requisition of any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

股東召開股東特別大會的程序

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO PROPOSE A PERSON FOR ELECTION AS A DIRECTOR

The provisions for a shareholder to propose a person for election as a Director of the Company are laid down in Article 85 of the Company's Articles of Association. No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting unless a notice in writing of the intention to propose such person for election as a Director, signed by a shareholder (other than the person to be proposed for election as a Director) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given, and a notice in writing signed by such person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the Registration Office. The minimum length of the period during which such notices are given shall be at least seven (7) days and the period for lodgment of such notices shall commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting. Detailed procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available on the Company's website.

股東提名人選參選為董事的程序

PROCEDURES FOR SENDING ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company, for the attention of company secretary, by email: admin@legendstrategy.com, fax: (852) 3563 5830, or mail to Room 1303, Tai Tung Building, 8 Fleming Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

The Company discloses information in compliance with the Listing Rules, and publishes periodic reports and announcements to the public in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. The primary focus of the Company is to ensure information disclosure is timely, fair, accurate, truthful and complete, thereby enabling shareholders, investors as well as the public to make rational and informed decisions.

CONCLUSION

The Company believes that good corporate governance could ensure an effective distribution of the resources and shareholders' interests. The senior management will continue endeavors in maintaining, enhancing and increasing the Group's corporate governance level and quality.

向董事會發出查詢的程序

股東可透過以下方式向本公司(註明公司秘書為收件人)發出書面查詢:發電郵至admin@legendstrategy.com,或傳真至(852)35635830,或郵寄至香港灣仔菲林明道8號大同大廈1303室。

資料披露

本公司遵從上市規則披露資料,及根據相關法律及法規向公眾定期刊發報告及公佈。本公司首要任務是確保資料披露為適時、公正、準確、真實及完整,務求使股東、投資者及公眾能作出合理知情決定。

總結

本公司堅信良好的企業管治可保證資源之有效 分配及保障股東權益。高級管理層將繼續致力 維持、加強及提升本集團之企業管治水平及質 素。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Fong Man Kelvin (方文), aged 51, is the chairman of the Company and was appointed as an executive Director on 23 February 2011. He is responsible for the daily operation of the Group and overall strategic planning and management of the Group. He is also actively involved in designing hotels, including both the leased-and-operated hotels and hotels under the hotel consultancy agreements, for developing the Group's business. Mr. Fong holds the degree of Bachelor of Arts in architecture from the University of Lincoln, the degree of Master of Science in architecture from the University College London and the degree of Master of Business Administration from the University of Sheffield in the United Kingdom. Mr. Fong also obtained his postgraduate diploma in architecture from the University College London in the United Kingdom. Mr. Fong is the brother of Ms. Fong Nga Peggy, the executive Director.

Ms. Fong Nga Peggy (巫曼因), aged 49, was appointed as an executive Director on 28 December 2012, is a sister of Mr. Fong Man Kelvin, the Chairman of the Board and an executive Director of the Company. She was awarded a Bachelor's Degree of Arts (honours) in Accountancy by The University of Kent at Canterbury, the United Kingdom. Ms. Fong is a certified public accountant of Illinois, the United States of America. Ms. Fong has over 19 years of finance and accounting experience, working with international accounting firm. From 2000 to 2006, she was appointed as the financial controller of Office Maintenance Service Co. Ltd, a company engaged in engineering and construction business and she was responsible for financial and corporate management.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus (戴偉仁) (new salutation in 2014), aged 57, was appointed as a Nonexecutive Director on 22 June 2011. Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham obtained his diploma for the academic degree of licentiate in applied economics at the Universitaire Faculteiten Sint-Ignatius Antwerpen in Antwerp, Belgium and the dealing certificate from International Capital Markets Association foundation, Montreux, Switzerland. Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham worked for a premier European Bankassurance group with assignments in Bahrain, Los Angeles and New York. He has also worked in various positions for an industry owned cooperative SWIFT Asia-Pacific where he held positions including Regional Head of sales, Senior Manager Market infrastructures and Partner Relations, and currently Global Client Director.

執行董事

方文先生,51歲,為本公司的主席。彼於二零一一年二月二十三日獲委任為執行董事,負責本集團的日常營運及本集團的整體策略規劃及管理。彼亦積極參與酒店(包括租賃經營的酒店)設計工作,以促學、四店顧問協議項下的酒店)設計工作,以促學、本集團的業務發展。方先生持有英國林肯院內之學學理學碩士學位及英國論菲爾德教大學學問建築學理學位及英國謝菲爾德教大學學院建築學理碩士學位。方先生亦取得英國倫敦大學學院建築學深造文憑。方先生為執行董事巫曼因女士的兄長。

巫曼因女士,49歲,於二零一二年十二月二十八日獲委任為執行董事,為董事會主席兼本公司執行董事方文先生的妹妹,獲英國坎特伯里肯特大學頒授會計學文學士(榮譽)學位。巫女士為美國伊利諾斯州註冊會計師。巫女士曾就職於國際會計師行,擁有逾19年財務及會計經驗。自二零零零年至二零零六年,彼獲委任為Office Maintenance Service Co. Ltd(從事工程及建築業務)的財務總監,負責財務及公司管理。

非執行董事

戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵(於二零一四年新獲授之頭銜),57歲,於二零一一年六月二十二日獲委任為非執行董事。戴Cold Highham勛爵取得比利時安特衛普Universitaire Faculteiten Sint-Ignatius Antwerpen應用經濟學副博士(licentiate)學位文憑及瑞士蒙特勒國際資本市場協會交易證書。戴Cold Highham勛爵曾於一間領先的歐洲銀行保險集團任職,負責處理巴林、洛杉磯及紐約等地的業務。彼亦曾於環球銀行金融電信協會亞太區分部擔任不同職位,當中包括區域銷售主管、高級市場基礎設施及顆伴關係經理,現任全球客戶理事。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry (黃克勤), aged 58, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 22 June 2011. Dr. Wong obtained his Master of Business Administration in international management from Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology in Australia and Doctorate in Business Administration from the Bulacan State University in the Republic of the Philippines. Dr. Wong also holds a Bachelor's Degree in theology from the Alliance Bible Seminary and a Master's Degree of Christian Ministry from the Alliance Bible Seminary. Dr. Wong has also been the chairman of Happy Tree Social Services, a charity organization, which aims at providing social services to the disadvantaged minorities over the world.

Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie (黃瑞熾), aged 46, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 28 December 2012. Mr. Wong was awarded a Bachelor's Degree in Accountancy by the City University of Hong Kong. Mr. Wong is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Frankie Wong has over 16 years of finance and accounting experience, including but not limited to, financial management, corporate management and auditing, serving in international accounting firm, manufacturing and retailing companies, listed property development company, securities and futures brokerage company and shipping company. He is currently the financial controller of Shine Vision Investments Limited, a company engaged in wholesale and retailing of eyewear products in the People's Republic of China and the South-east Asia, who is responsible for planning and directing the finance and accounting functions, providing financial analysis and budgets to the management and other corporate administrative functions. He is also the Independent Non-executive Director of U Banquet Group Holding Limited which is listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong (劉承忠), aged 45, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 4 December 2013. He is a qualified lawyer of the People's Republic of China with 13 years of experience in handling commercial litigation. Mr. Liu obtained a degree of Automation from Guangdong University of Technology (formerly known as Guangdong Machinery College) in 1992. He is currently a practicing lawyer at Guangdong HengHe Law Firm. He also serves as a legal consultant of different enterprises, involving in the negotiations for the Shenzhen Metro Project and Shenzhen Airport Project, etc. He has 13 years of experience in commercial law, litigation and general law.

獨立非執行董事

黃克勤博士,58歲,於二零一一年六月二十二日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。黃博士取得澳洲墨爾本皇家理工學院工商管理學(國際管理)碩士學位及菲律賓共和國比立勤國立大學工商管理博士學位。黃博士亦持有建道神學院的神學學士學位及基督教事工碩士學位。黃博士亦擔任開心樹社會服務的主席,開心樹社會服務是一慈善機構,致力為世界各地弱勢社群提供社會服務。

黃瑞熾先生,46歲,於二零一二年十二月二十八日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。黃先生獲香香地東學學士學位。黃先生為香香港會會以及英格蘭及威爾斯特許會員。黃先生曾就職於國際會計師行,、證子與貨經紀公司及航運公司,擁有逾16年對,包括但不限於財務管理、公司及會對經驗,包括但不限於財務管理、包括但不限於財務管理、包括但不限於財務管理、包括但不限於財務管理、包括但不限於財務管理、包括但不限於財務管理、包括與大和國及東南亞從事制劃分所及等售業務)之財務總監,負責規劃的行數。被亦為譽宴集業稅,向管算。被亦為譽宴集財務及會計運作、向管理層及公司其他中華人民共和國及東南亞從事制劃入行數方數,與有限公司(於香港聯合交易所有限公司(於香港聯合交易所有限公司)的獨立非執行董事。

劉承忠先生,45歲,於二零一三年十二月四日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事,為中華人民共和國 合資格律師,擁有13年處理商業訴訟的經驗。 劉先生於一九九二年取得廣東工業大學(前稱廣 東機械學院)工業電氣自動化專業本科資格。劉 先生現為廣東恒和律師事務所之執業律師。彼 亦擔任不同企業的法律顧問,參與深圳地鐵項 目及深圳機場項目等項目之磋商。彼在商業法 律、訴訟及普通法方面擁有13年經驗。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. Frostick Stephen William, aged 64, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 4 December 2013. He is currently the president and chief executive officer of the Compeer Group (Macau) and Grey Eagle Group (Hong Kong). He is also the Executive Director of Code Agriculture (Holdings) Limited and China Fortune Investments (Holding) Limited which are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Frostick obtained a Juris Doctorate at Old College School of Law, Nevada, United States in 1984, a Master of Public Administration and a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration at the University of Nevada, Las Vegas, United States in 1976 and 1974 respectively. Mr. Frostick has over 36 years of experience in leading capacities in the State Government of Nevada, United States, large corporations and international consulting organizations. During his past employment with KepnerTregoe Inc., Mr. Frostick was involved in the design, development and led the implementation of "Team Concept" in Chrysler Motors Inc. Mr. Frostick also participated in the negotiations with respect to the labour agreements between the United Auto Workers Union and Chrysler Motors Inc.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. He An Ying (何岸英), aged 45, is the administrative manager and human resources manager of the Group. Ms. He joined the Group in December 2005 and is responsible for overseeing the application of various licences required for the operation of the Group, liaising with the relevant government authorities for inspection, purchasing of materials for the operation of the Group's hotels. Ms. He completed the ISO 9001: 2000 Internal Quality Auditor Course organised by 康達信管理顧問有限公司 (Kaugdaxin Management Consulting Company Limited*)

Mr. Zhang Guo Xing (張國星), aged 35, is the finance manager of the Group. Mr. Zhang joined the Group in July 2007 and is responsible for overseeing the finance department of the Group. Mr. Zhang studied industrial management and obtained a bachelor's degree in engineering from Hunan University in the PRC. He also obtained a qualification certificate of Speciality and Technology in Accounting of intermediate level issued by 中華人民共和國人事部 (Ministry of Personnel*).

Ms. Li Yu Zhen (李玉珍), aged 51, is a senior district manager of the Group. Ms. Li joined the Group in January 2006 and is responsible for supervision of hotel operation, hotel room sales and customer relations. Ms. Li obtained several awards in the hotel industry, including the Advanced Worker Award (先進工作者) by the aforesaid companies, for her outstanding performance.

Frostick Stephen William先生, 64歲,於二 零一三年十二月四日獲委任為獨立非執行董 事,現為Compeer Group (Macau)及Grey Eagle Group (Hong Kong)之主席兼行政總裁。彼亦為 於香港聯合交易所有限公司創業板上市的科地 農業控股有限公司及中國幸福投資(控股)有限 公司之執行董事。Frostick先生於一九八四年取 得美國內華達州Old College School of Law之 法律博士學位,並分別於一九七六年及一九七 四年取得美國拉斯維加斯內華達大學公共行政 碩士學位及工商管理理學士學位。Frostick先生 在美國內華達州政府、大型企業及國際顧問機 構擁有逾36年擔任要職經驗。Frostick先生過去 於 KepnerTregoe Inc.任職期間,曾參與設計、 開發及領導推行Chrysler Motors Inc.之「團隊概 念」(Team Concept)。Frostick先生亦曾參與美 國聯合汽車工人工會(United Auto Workers Union)與Chrysler Motors Inc.訂立之勞工協議的 磋商工作。

高級管理層

何岸英女士,45歲,為本集團的行政經理及人力資源經理。何女士於二零零五年十二月加盟本集團,負責監督本集團營運所需各項許可證的申請、為安排各項檢查而與相關的政府機關聯絡,以及採購本集團酒店營運所需的物資。何女士已完成由康達信管理顧問有限公司開辦的ISO 9001:2000內部質量審核員課程。

張國星先生,35歲,為本集團的財務經理。張 先生於二零零七年七月加盟本集團,負責監管 本集團的財務部。張先生主修工業管理,並取 得中國湖南大學工程學學士學位。彼亦獲中華 人民共和國人事部頒發的中級會計專業技術資 格證書。

李玉珍女士,51歲,為本集團的高級區域經理。李女士於二零零六年一月加盟本集團,負責監督酒店營運、酒店客房銷售及客戶關係。由於表現卓越,李女士獲上述公司頒發酒店業的先進工作者等若干獎項。

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Kam Tik Lun (金迪倫), aged 38, joined the Company as the company secretary in March 2011 and redesignated to Chief Financial Officer on 4 September 2013. Mr. Kam is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Kam obtained a bachelor's degree in commerce from the Concordia University, Canada, a postgraduate diploma in international corporate and financial law from the University of Wolverhampton, United Kingdom and a master of laws in international corporate and financial law from the University of Wolverhampton, United Kingdom. Mr. Kam is an independent non-executive director of China 3D Digital Entertainment Limited and Unlimited Creativity Holdings Limited, both companies are listed on GEM board of Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Au Man Wai (歐敏慧), aged 31, was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 4 September 2013 and is responsible for the company secretarial functions of the Company. Ms. Au is an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators.

財務總監

金迪倫先生,38歲,於二零一一年三月加盟本公司,擔任公司秘書,其後於二零一三年九月四日被調任為財務總監。金先生為香港會計師公會及特許公認會計師公會資深會員。金先生取得加拿大康考迪亞大學商業學士學位、金英國際企業及金融法律深造融法律碩士學位。金先生為於香港聯交所創意控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事。

公司秘書

歐敏慧小姐,31歲,於二零一三年九月四日獲委任為本公司之公司秘書,負責本公司的公司秘書職務。歐小姐為香港特許秘書公會和特許秘書及行政人員公會會員。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

The directors (the "Director") have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2013.

董事(「董事」) 欣然呈報其報告以及本公司及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 截至二零一三年十二 月三十一日止年度的經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The subsidiaries are principally engaged in operating budget hip hotels and providing hotel consultancy and management services in the PRC. There was no significant change in its activities during the year.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by business segments is set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 42 of this annual report.

The Directors do not recommend payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2013.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTIES

The Group did not own any major property or property interests as at 31 December 2013.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2013, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders comprising share premium account plus retained earnings, amounted to approximately HK\$62.62 million.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,而附屬公司主要於中國從事經營經濟精品酒店及提供酒店顧問及管理服務。於本年度,主要業務並無任何重大變動。

分部資料

本集團年內按業務分部劃分之業績分析載於綜合財務報表附註5。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度 的業績載於本年報第42頁之綜合財務報表。

董事不建議派付截至二零一三年十二月三十一 日止年度之任何股息。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於年內的變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註15。

物業

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任 何主要物業或物業權益。

股本

本公司股本於年內的變動詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註21。

可供分派儲備

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派予股東之儲備包括股份溢價賬加保留盈利,約為62,620,000港元。

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 49 respectively.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group's customers can be catergorised into two types, namely hotel guests and hotel investors under the hotel consultancy and management.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Group's five largest customers in aggregate accounted for approximately 49.1% (2012: 63.8%) of the total sales and the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 21.6% (2012: 16.3%) of total sales.

The main suppliers of the Group comprise of suppliers of disposable amenities, cleaning products and laundry services. For the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Group's five largest suppliers in aggregate accounted for approximately 90.2% (2012: 86.8%) of the total purchases and purchases from the largest supplier accounted for approximately 30.5% (2012: 30.7%) of total purchases.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders of the Company (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers during the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

The Group did not have any outstanding bank loans as at 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil). Details of borrowings of the Group during the year are set out in Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

INTEREST CAPITALISED

The Group had capitalised interest of HK\$3,349,903 during the year ended 31 December 2013.

儲備

本公司及本集團之儲備於年內的變動詳情分別 載於綜合財務報表附註23及第49頁之綜合權益 變動表。

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無有關 優先購買權的條文,規定本公司須按比例向現 有股東提呈發售新股。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團的客戶可分為兩類,即為酒店賓客及酒 店顧問及管理項下之酒店投資者。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止財政年度,本集團五大客戶合共佔銷售總額約49.1%(二零一二年:63.8%),而本集團最大客戶則佔銷售總額約21.6%(二零一二年:16.3%)。

本集團主要的供應商包括提供一次性消耗品、 清潔用品及洗衣服務的供應商。截至二零一三 年十二月三十一日止財政年度,本集團五大供 應商合共佔採購總額約90.2%(二零一二年: 86.8%),而向最大供應商的採購則佔採購總額 約30.5%(二零一二年:30.7%)。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 概無董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何本公司股東 (據董事所深知,擁有本公司已發行股本5%以 上者)於本集團的五大客戶及供應商擁有任何權 益。

銀行借貸及其他借款

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何未償還銀行借貸(二零一二年:無)。有關本集團於年內之借款詳情載於綜合財務報表附註25。

資本化利息

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度內,本 集團擁有資本化利息3,349,903港元。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results of the Group for year ended 31 December 2013 is set out on page 131 to 132 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Fong Man Kelvin Ms. Fong Nga Peggy

Non-executive Director:

Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Dr. Wong Hak Kun Jerry Mr. Wong Sui Chi Frankie Mr. Liu Cheng Zhong (appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Frostick Stephen William (appointed on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny

(resigned on 4 September 2013) Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum

(resigned on 4 December 2013)

Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny and Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum have resigned as Independent Non-executive Directors with effect from 4 September 2013 and 4 December 2013 respectively due to pursuance of their own career development. Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny and Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum have confirmed that they have no disagreement with the Board and they are not aware of any matter regarding their resignations that need to be brought to the attention of the shareholders of the Company. The Board would like to express its sincere gratitude to Mr. Tam Kwok Ming Banny and Mr. Tsoi Wing Sum for their valuable contributions to the Company during their tenure of office.

The terms of office of each Director are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 30 to 33 of this annual report.

本集團財務概要

本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度 的業績概要載於本年報第131至132頁。

董事

於年內直至本報告日期之董事如下:

執行董事:

方文先生 巫曼因女士

非執行董事:

戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵

獨立非執行董事:

黃克勤博士 黃瑞熾先生 劉承忠先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

Frostick Stephen William先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日獲委任)

譚國明先生

(於二零一三年九月四日辭任)

蔡榮森先生

(於二零一三年十二月四日辭任)

譚國明先生及蔡榮森先生已辭任獨立非執行董事,以尋求自身事業發展,辭任分別自二零一三年九月四日及二零一三年十二月四日起生效。譚國明先生及蔡榮森先生確認彼等與董事會並無任何分歧,亦無有關彼等辭任之任何事宜需要本公司股東垂注。董事會謹此感謝譚國明先生及蔡榮森先生在任期內對本公司之寶貴貢獻。

各董事須根據本公司組織章程細則輪席退任。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

本公司董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷詳情載 於本年報第30至33頁。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has an unexpired service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

TERMS OF OFFICE FOR THE NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

All the Non-executive Directors (including the Independent Non-executive Directors) were appointed for a specific term of one to three years, but subject to the relevant provisions of the Articles of Associations or any other applicable laws whereby the directors shall vacate or retire from their office.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors of the Company and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

Remuneration packages of the Directors are recommended by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board.

DIRECTORS AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No Director or controlling shareholder of the Company had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year ended 31 December 2013.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2013, the interests or short positions of the Directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, were as follows:

董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概無 與本公司訂立不得由本公司於一年內終止時免 付賠償(法定賠償除外)之未到期服務合約。

非執行董事之任期

所有非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均有指定任期為一至三年,惟董事的離任或退任須受本公司組織章程細則或任何其他適用法例的有關條文所規限。

董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人士

本公司董事之薪酬及本集團五名最高薪酬人士 之詳情乃分別載於綜合財務報表附註11。

董事之薪酬方案由薪酬委員會提出並由董事會 審批。

董事及控股股東於重大合約之 權益

於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本公司董事或控股股東概無於本公司或其任何 附屬公司所訂立之任何有關本集團業務之重大 合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

董事及主要行政人員於本公司股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及 淡倉

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,董事於本公司 或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證 券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及 債權證內擁有記入根據證券及期貨條例第352條 須存置之登記冊的權益或淡倉如下:

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

Long positions in shares of the Company (the "Shares")

於本公司股份(「股份」)的好倉

Name 名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of shares 股份數目	Percentage of Shareholding 股權百分比
Mr. Fong Man Kelvin 方文先生	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	102,576,466	47.37%
Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham,	Beneficial Owner	10,382,655	4.79%
Daniel Joannes Ludovicus (Note 1) 戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵(附註1)	實益擁有人		

Notes:

 Ms. Makoto Nishimura is the spouse of Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus. Therefore, Ms. Makoto Nishimura is deemed to be interested in the 10,382,655 Shares in which Lord De Weyer of Cold Highham, Daniel Joannes Ludovicus is interested for the purpose of the SFO.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, there were no debt securities issued by the Group at any time. Save as disclosed herein, as at 31 December 2013, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company or their associates had any interests and short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which each of them has taken or deemed to have taken under the provisions of the SFO); or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register referred to therein; or which were required, pursuant to Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

附註:

西村真女士為戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵的配偶。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,西村真女士被視為於戴偉仁Cold Highham勛爵擁有權益的10,382,655股股份中擁有權益。

於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團於任何時間均無發行任何債務證券。除本文所披露者外,於二零一三年十二月三十日,概無本公司董事或本公司主要行政人員見聯繫人士於本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見受為及期貨條例第XV部)的任何股份、相關股份或債權證內擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益及沒倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例的條文被等強強視作擁有的權益或淡倉);或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條所述的登記冊的任何權益及淡倉;或根據上市規則附錄十須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益及淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2013, so far as is known to the Directors, the following persons, not being Directors or Chief Executive of the Company had, or were deemed to have, interests or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or who is directly or indirectly, to be interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the

主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及 淡倉

就董事所知,於二零一三年十二月三十一日,以下人士(並非本公司董事或主要行政人員)於股份或相關股份中擁有及被視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉;或彼等直接或間接在附有可在任何情況下於本集團任何成員公司的股東大會上投票的權利的任何類別股本的面值中擁有5%或以上的權益:

Long position in the Shares of the Company

於本公司股份的好倉

Name 名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of Shares 股份數目	Percentage of Shareholding 股權百分比
Ms. Mak Siu Hang Viola (Note 1) 麥少嫻女士(附註1)	Interest in controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權金	, ,	6.46%
VMS Investment Group Limited	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	14,000,000	6.46%

Note:

Group:

- VMS Investment Group Limited is wholly-owned by Ms. Mak Siu Hang Viola ("Ms. Mak") and Ms. Mak was therefore deemed to have an interest in the Shares in which VMS Investment Group Limited was interested.
- 附註:
- VMS Investment Group Limited由麥少嫻女士 (「麥女士」)全資擁有,因此,麥女士被視為於 VMS Investment Group Limited擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Directors are not aware of any business or interest of the Directors, the management of the Company and their respective associates (as defined under the Listing Rules) that compete or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflict of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group.

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事概不知悉董事、本公司管理層及彼等各自的聯繫人士(定義見上市規則)之任何業務或權益與本集團的業務出現或可能出現競爭,亦不知悉

本集團的業務出現或可能出現競爭,亦不知悉 任何該等人士已經或可能與本集團出現任何其 他利益衝突。

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF SECURITIES

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2013.

購買、贖回或出售證券

董事於競爭業務之權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度並無購買、贖回或出售本公司任何上市證券。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the latest practicable date prior to issue of this report, the Company has maintained the sufficient public float under the Listing Rules.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had 128 employees. Remunerations of the Group's employees are determined in accordance with the terms of government policies and by reference to market level and the performance, qualifications and experience of employees. Discretionary bonuses are paid to few employees as recognition of and reward for their contribution to the corporate development. Other benefits include contributions to retirement schemes, medical schemes, unemployment insurance schemes and housing allowances.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year under reviewed.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

There were no connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which are subject to the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has a share option scheme ("Scheme") which was adopted pursuant to a resolution of the sole shareholder passed on 22 June 2011 and adopted by a resolution of the Board on 22 June 2011. The purpose of the Scheme is to attract, retain and motivate talented participants to strive for future developments and expansion of the Group. The Scheme shall be an incentive to encourage the participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Group and allow the participants to enjoy the results of the Company attained through their efforts and contributions.

The Scheme became effective on 22 June 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from the adoption of the Scheme, the principal terms of which were summarized in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" in Appendix V to the Company's prospectus dated 30 June 2011 (the "Prospectus").

公眾持股量

根據本公司可查閱的公開資料,以及董事於本報告刊發前之最後實際可行日期所知,本公司已根據上市規則維持充足之公眾持股量。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有 128名僱員。本集團僱員的薪酬根據政府政策條 款及參考市場水平與僱員表現、資歷及經驗釐 定;部分僱員亦可獲發花紅,以表揚及獎勵其 對公司發展所做出的貢獻。其他福利包括退休 計劃、醫療計劃及失業保險計劃供款以及房屋 津貼。

管理合約

於回顧年度內,本公司概無訂立或訂有任何有 關管理與經營本公司全部或任何重大部分業務 之合約。

關連交易

本公司概無上市規則第14A章下須遵循上市規則下任何呈報、公告或獨立股東批准規定之任何關連交易或持續關連交易。

購股權計劃

本公司設有一項根據唯一股東於二零一一年六月二十二日通過的決議案而採納及董事會於二零一一年六月二十二日透過決議案而採納之購股權計劃(「該計劃」)。該計劃的目的是吸引、挽留及激勵有能力的參與者,為本集團的未來發展及擴展而奮鬥。該計劃可鼓勵參與者為達成本集團的目標而作出其最佳的表現,讓參與者分享本公司因其努力及貢獻而取得的成果。

該計劃由二零一一年六月二十二日起生效,除 非取消或修訂,否則該計劃將由採納日期起計 十年內有效。該計劃的主要條款概要載於本公 司日期為二零一一年六月三十日的招股章程 (「招股章程」)附錄五「購股權計劃」一段內。

							share options 權數目		
Category	Date of grant	Exercisable Period	Exercise price per share	As at 31 December 2012 於二零一二年 十二月	Option granted during the period 於期內授出	Option exercised during the period 於期內獲 行使的	Option lapsed during the period 於期內 失效的	Option cancelled during the period 於期內註銷	As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年 十二月
類別	授出日期	行使期間	每股行使價	三十一日	的購股權	購股權	購股權	的購股權	三十一日
Employees	21 February 2012	21 February 2012 to 20 February 2014	1.33	900,000	_	-	_	-	900,000
僱員	二零一二年二月二十一日	二零一二年二月二十一日至 二零一四年二月二十日							
Employees	8 October 2013	8 October 2013 to 7 October 2015	1.822	-	8,000,000	(500,000)	-	-	7,500,000
僱員	二零一三年十月八日	二零一三年十月八日至 二零一五年十月七日							
				900,000	8,000,000	(500,000)	_	_	8,400,000

PENSION SCHEMES

As of 31 December 2013, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to redeem its contributions to the pension scheme in future years. (2012: nil)

AUDITOR

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers and a resolution for the reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting. PricewaterhouseCoopers was the auditor of the Company since 13 July 2010.

PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION ON WEBSITES

This annual report is available for viewing on the website of Stock Exchange at www.hkex.com.hk and on the website of the Company at www.legendstrategy.com.

By order of the Board

Fong Man Kelvin

Chairman

28 March 2014

退休計劃

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團概無 沒收可供未來數年贖回的退休計劃供款(二零一 二年:無)。

核數師

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之財務 報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核,而本 公司將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈重新委任羅 兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司核數師的決議 案。自二零一零年七月十三日以來,羅兵咸永 道會計師事務所一直為本公司核數師。

於網站刊發資料

本年報可於聯交所網站www.hkex.com.hk及本公司網站www.legendstrategy.com瀏覽。

承董事會命

方文

主席

二零一四年三月二十八日

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



羅兵咸永道

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LEGEND STRATEGY INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS GROUP COMPANY LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 44 to 130, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2013, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

獨立核數師報告 致朸濬國際集團控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」) 已審核列載於第44 至130頁之朸濬國際集團控股有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」) 之綜合財務 報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一三年十二 月三十一日之綜合和公司財務狀況表與截至該 日止年度的綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表 及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及 其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規 定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出 真實而公平的反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財 務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合財務 報表作出意見,僅向整體股東報告,除此之外 本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內 容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則進行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規 範,並規劃及執行審計,以合理確定綜合財務 報表是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。 An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和適 當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2013, and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting

Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the

disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零一三年十二月三十一日的事務狀況,及 貴集團截至該日止年度的虧損及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

PricewaterhouseCoopersCertified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 28 March 2014

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零一四年三月二十八日

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Revenue Operating lease expenses Depreciation of property,	收益 經營租賃開支 物業、廠房及設備折舊	5	57,968,906 (14,822,036)	91,155,199 (11,584,821)
plant and equipment Employee benefit expenses Utilities Other operating expenses Other income	僱員福利開支 公用設施 其他營運開支 其他收入	15 7 6 8	(7,389,933) (16,827,186) (1,799,710) (17,863,871) 1,980,524	(7,959,800) (9,845,335) (1,893,741) (15,122,826)
Operating profit	營運溢利		1,246,694	44,748,676
Finance income Finance cost	融資收入 融資成本	9 9	74,298 (848,630)	76,231 (1,077,099)
Finance cost — net	融資成本 — 淨額	9	(774,332)	(1,000,868)
Share of results of joint ventures	分佔合資公司業績		(3,765,796)	(20,870)
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利		(3,293,434)	43,726,938
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	(3,960,343)	(10,855,270)
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利		(7,253,777)	32,871,668
Other comprehensive income: Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	其他全面收入 : 可能重新分類至損益之項目			
Currency translation differences Fair value changes on available-	貨幣匯兑差額 可供出售金融資產公平值之變動		2,296,761	249,923
for-sale financial assets	17 八四日亚融英庄公下區之交	4 1	(178,000)	178,000
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	年內綜合(虧損)/收入總額		(5,135,016)	33,299,591
(Loss)/profit attributable to: Owners of the Company	下列人士應佔(虧損)/溢利: 本公司擁有人		(7,253,777)	32,871,668
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to Owners of the Company	下列人士應佔綜合 : (虧損)/收入總額: 本公司擁有人		(5,135,016)	33,299,591
(Loss)/earnings per share for (loss)/profit attributable to the owners of the Company	年內本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利的每股 (虧損)/盈利			
during the year — Basic (Hong Kong cents) — Diluted (Hong Kong cents)	基本(港仙)攤薄(港仙)	12 12	(3.99) (3.99)	18.26 17.97

The notes on pages 52 to 130 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	53,340,427	36,746,467
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	16	59,969,169	24,450,000
Rental deposits	租賃按金	16	1,425,273	1,497,017
Prepaid operating lease	預繳營運租約	18	10,529,348	10,998,264
Interests in joint ventures	於合資公司之權益	19	25,432,735	19,492,931
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	28	1,284,573	1,452,223
			151,981,525	94,636,902
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項	16	13,038,625	52,481,410
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合資公司款項	35	1,024,454	J2,401,410 —
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	17	-	1,162,000
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	20	19,585,536	27,880,476
			33,648,615	81,523,886
			33,040,013	
Total assets	資產總額		185,630,140	176,160,788
	坤 갓			
EQUITY	権益			
Capital and reserves attributable to the	本公司擁有人 應佔資本及儲備			
owners of the Company	燃口貝쒸 以			
Share capital	股本	21	2,165,001	1,800,001
Reserves	儲備	23	148,304,988	117,265,004
Total equity	權益總額		150,469,989	119,065,005

The notes on pages 52 to 130 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Provision for asset retirement Finance lease liabilities Convertible notes — debt component	負債 非流動負債 報廢資產復原撥備 融資租賃負債 可換股票據 — 債項部分	24 25 27	1,440,769 516,251 —	3,457,087 889,153 29,405,000
			1,957,020	33,751,240
Current liabilities Provision for asset retirement Trade and other payables Current income tax liabilities Finance lease liabilities Financial derivatives	流動負債 報廢資產復原撥備 應付賬款及其他應付款項 當期所得税負債 融資租賃負債 金融衍生工具	24 26 25 27	2,299,176 16,625,205 13,936,056 342,694	9,064,789 13,035,449 412,305 832,000
			33,203,131	23,344,543
Total liabilities	負債總額		35,160,151	57,095,783
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		185,630,140	176,160,788
Net current assets	淨流動資產		445,484	58,179,343
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		152,427,009	152,816,245

The consolidated financial statements on pages 44 to 130 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2014 and were signed on its behalf.

載於第44至130頁的綜合財務報表已於二零一四年三月二十八日獲董事會批准,並由下列董事代表簽署。

Fong Man Kelvin 方文 Director 董事 Fong Nga Peggy 巫曼因 Director 董事

The notes on pages 52 to 130 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position

財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
ASSETS Non-current assets Interests in subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 於附屬公司之權益	29	66,857,639	37,507,647
Current assets Other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Available-for-sale financial assets	流動資產 其他應收款項 應收附屬公司款項 可供出售金融資產	16 29 17	_ 5,370,758 _	794,902 29,152,653 1,162,000
			5,370,758	31,109,555
Total assets	資產總額		72,228,397	68,617,202
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company	權益 本公司擁有人 應佔資本及儲備			
Share capital Reserves	股本 儲備	21 23	2,165,001 65,551,266	1,800,001 35,767,301
Total equity	權益總額		67,716,267	37,567,302
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Convertible notes — debt component	負債 非流動負債 可換股票據 — 債項部分	} 27	_	29,405,000
				29,405,000

Statement of Financial Position

財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Current liabilities Amount due to a subsidiary Accruals Financial derivatives	流動負債 應付一間附屬公司款項 應計項目 金融衍生工具	29 26 27	636,900 3,875,230 —	636,900 176,000 832,000
			4,512,130	1,644,900
Total liabilities	負債總額		4,512,130	31,049,900
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		72,228,397	68,617,202
Net current assets	淨流動資產		858,628	29,464,655
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		67,716,267	66,972,302

The financial statements on pages 44 to 130 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2014 and were signed on its behalf.

第44至130頁的財務報表已於二零一四年三月 二十八日獲董事會批准,並由下列董事代表簽署。

Fong Man Kelvin 方文 Director 董事 Fong Nga Peggy 巫曼因 Director 董事

The notes on pages 52 to 130 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		Share capital 股本 (Note 21) (附註21) HK\$ 港元	Share premium 股份溢價 (Note 23) (附註23) HK\$ 港元	Reserves 儲備 (Note 23) (附註23) HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
Balance at 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日結餘	1,800,001	38,030,244	45,711,169	85,541,414
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income:	年內溢利 其他全面收入:	_	_	32,871,668	32,871,668
Currency translation differences Fair value changes on available-	貨幣匯兑差額 可供出售金融資產	_	_	249,923	249,923
for-sale financial assets	公平值變動			178,000	178,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內綜合收入總額	_	_	33,299,591	33,299,591
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company recognised directly in equity	直接於權益確認的本公司 擁有人出資總額及 應佔分派				
Employee share option benefit	僱員購股權福利	_	_	224,000	224,000
Balance at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日結餘	1,800,001	38,030,244	79,234,760	119,065,005
Balance at 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日結餘	1,800,001	38,030,244	79,234,760	119,065,005
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income:	年內虧損 其他全面收入:	-	-	(7,253,777)	(7,253,777)
Currency translation differences Fair value changes on available-	貨幣匯兑差額 可供出售金融資產	-	-	2,296,761	2,296,761
for-sale financial assets	公平值變動	_	-	(178,000)	(178,000)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內綜合虧損總額	-	_	(5,135,016)	(5,135,016)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company recognised directly in equity	直接於權益確認的 本公司擁有人出資總額及 應佔分派				
Conversion of convertible notes	兑换可换股票據 5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.	360,000	32,377,000	_	32,737,000
Employee share option benefit Exercise of share options by employee	僱員購股權福利 僱員行使購股權	5,000	1,086,750	2,892,000 (180,750)	2,892,000
Balance at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日結餘	2,165,001	71,493,994	76,810,994	150,469,989
	1 — /3 — 1 H WI WY	=, .00,001	1 1, 100,004	10,010,004	.00, .00,000

The notes on pages 52 to 130 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金流量			
Cash generated from operations Hong Kong profits tax paid PRC income tax paid	經營產生的現金 已支付香港利得税 已支付中國所得税	31	60,777,200 (343,179) (2,633,397)	34,065,763 (1,709,007) (3,600,364)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金淨額		57,800,624	28,756,392
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動產生的現金流量			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Increase in loan to joint ventures Increase in prepayment for	購買物業、廠房及設備 提供予合資公司之貸款增加 物業、廠房及設備之		(22,001,301) (9,705,600)	(15,509,830) (10,010,000)
property, plant and equipment	預付款項增加	`	(46,162,783)	(9,450,000)
Decrease/(increase) in deposit for an acquisition of business Interest received Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial	收購業務之按金增加/(減少 已收利息 出售可供出售金融資產 所得款項	')	10,000,000 631	(10,000,000) 3,713
assets Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets	購買可供出售金融資產		1,038,976	(984,000)
	机次洋新化田田人河郊		(66,000,077)	
Net cash used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動產生的現金流量		(66,830,077)	(45,950,117)
Net proceeds from issuance of convertible notes Proceed from conversion of	發行可換股票據所得 款項淨額 兑換購股權所得款項	27	_	29,682,000
share options			911,000	-
Repayment of finance lease liabilities Interest paid for convertible notes	融資租賃負債之預付款項 已付可換股票據之利息		(495,595) —	(470,388) (335,000)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得的現金淨額		415,405	28,876,612

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 (減少)/增加淨額		(8,614,048)	11,682,887
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	年初的現金及現金等價物		27,880,476	16,150,556
Exchange gains on cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物匯兑收益		319,108	47,033
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終的現金及現金等價物	20	19,585,536	27,880,476

The notes on pages 52 to 130 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

綜合財務報表附註

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in the budget hotel operations and provision of hotel consultancy and management services in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 23 February 2011 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company's shares were listed on the Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 15 July 2011. On 21 August 2013, the Company transferred the listing of its shares from GEM to the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("HKEx").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2014.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-forsale financial assets and financial derivatives, which are carried at fair value.

1 一般資料

本集團主要於中華人民共和國(「中國」)從 事經營經濟型酒店及提供酒店顧問及管理 服務。

本公司於二零一一年二月二十三日根據開曼群島公司法第22章(一九六一年第三號法例,經綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。公司註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。

本公司股份於二零一一年七月十五日於香港聯合交易所有限公司創業板(「創業板」) 上市。於二零一三年八月二十一日,本公司將上市地位由香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)創業板轉往主板。

除非另有説明,否則本綜合財務報表均以 港元呈列。本綜合財務報表已於二零一四 年三月二十八日獲董事會批准刊發。

2 主要會計政策概要

編製此等綜合財務報表時所採用之主要會 計政策載列如下。除非另有説明外,該等 會計政策均被一致地應用於所有列示之年 度。

2.1 編製基準

本公司之綜合財務報表乃根據香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)按歷史成本常規法編製。以公 平值入賬的可供出售金融資產及金 融衍生工具經重新估值而予以修 訂。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

2.1.1 Going concern

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$7,254,000 (2012: net profit of HK\$32,872,000). As at 31 December 2013, the Group's net current assets and cash and cash equivalents balance were approximately HK\$445,000 (2012: HK\$58,179,000) and HK\$19,586,000 (2012: HK\$27,880,000), respectively. The decrease was mainly attributable to payments for construction costs made for new budget hotels planned to be opened in the future. In addition, as at 31 December 2013, the Group has total operating lease and capital commitments of approximately HK\$168,228,000, out of which approximately HK\$25,733,000 would require cash outflows in the coming year.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

編製合符香港財務報告準則的綜合財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估算,同時需要管理層在應用本集團會計政策過程中行使其判斷。當中涉及高度判斷、複雜之範疇、或對綜合財務報表而言屬重大影響之假設及估算,在附註4中披露。

2.1.1 持續經營基準

截至二零一三年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團錄得虧損淨 額約7,254,000港元(二零一二 年:溢利淨額32,872,000港 元)。於二零一三年十二月三 十一日,本集團分別錄得約 445,000港元(二零一二年: 58,179,000港元)及19,586,000 港元(二零一二年:27,880,000 港元)的流動資產淨額及現金 及現金等價物結餘。該項減少 主要由於年內就計劃於將來開 業的新經濟型酒店支付建設成 本所致。此外,於二零一三年 十二月三十一日,本集團擁有 經營租賃及資本承擔約 168,228,000港元,其中約 25,733,000港元需要來年的現 金流出。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1.1 Going concern (Continued)

In order to improve the Group's operating performance and alleviate its liquidity risk, management is implementing measures to control costs and contain capital expenditures. Further investments in hotel operations will be made only when the Group has sufficient financial resources after meeting its day-to-day working capital and other capital commitment requirements. Moreover, in March 2014, the Group has obtained a 15-month loan facility amounting to HK\$45,000,000 from a financial institution. Up to the approval date of these consolidated financial statements, the Group has drawn down HK\$20,000,000 from this loan facility to finance its working capital. Such borrowings bear an interest rate of 12% per annum; and will be repayable in June 2015. Moreover, the borrowings are unsecured notwithstanding the fact that the lender can request for collaterals as it thinks fit from time to time. With the availability of additional funding from the loan facility and the anticipated positive cash flows from the hotel operations, the directors expect that these will improve the Group's cash flows and financial position in the coming twelve months.

The Company's directors have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections. The cash flow projections cover a period of twelve months from the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of the directors, based on these cash flow projections and in light of the above, the Group will have sufficient financial resources in the coming twelve months to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.1 持續經營基準(續)

為改善本集團的經營表現及減 輕流動資金風險,管理層正實 施控制成本及限制資本開支的 措施。僅當本集團在滿足日常 營運資金及其他資本承擔需求 後仍擁有足夠的財務資源時, 方會進一步投資於酒店業務。 此外,於二零一四年三月,本 集團已自一間金融機構獲得為 期15個月的45,000,000港元信 貸融通。截至綜合財務報表批 准當日,本集團已自該貸款融 通提取20,000,000港元用作營 運資金。該等借貸按每年12% 的利率計息,並須於二零一五 年六月償還。另外,有關借貸 為無抵押,惟借出方可在其不 時認為適當的情況下索要抵押 品。董事預期,貸款融通帶來 的新增資金,加上酒店業務預 期將產生正的現金流量,將改 善本集團於未來12個月的現金 流量及財務狀況。

本公司董事已審閱本集團的現金流量預測。該等現金流量預測。該等現金流量預測涵蓋自綜合財務報表批准當日起12個月期間。董事認為,根據此等現金流量預測,本集團將具備足夠的財務資源,可履行未來12個月到期應付的財務責任。因此,董事認為,按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表乃屬恰當。

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- 2.1.2 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures
 - New, revised and amended standards effective in 2013

The Group has adopted the following new, revised and amended standards that have been issued and are effective for the financial periods commencing on 1 January 2013:

Amendment to HKAS 1	Financial statements presentation regarding other comprehensive income
Amendment to HKAS 19	Employee benefits
HKAS 27 (revised 2011)	Separate financial statements
HKAS 28 (revised 2011)	Associates and joint ventures
Amendment to HKFRS 1	First time adoption on government loans
Amendment to HKFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures on asset and liability offsetting
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements
HKFRS 11	Joint arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of interests in other entities
HKFRS 13	Fair value measurement
Amendment to HKFRSs 10, 11 and 12	Transition guidance
HK(IFRIC) — Int 20	Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine
Annual improvements 2011	Annual improvements in the 2009-2011 financial

The adoption of the amended standards did not have material effect on how the results and financial positions for the current or prior accounting periods have been prepared and presented.

reporting cycle

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.2 會計政策變動及披露資料

(a) 於二零一三年生效之新 訂、經修訂及經修改準

> 本集團已採納下列已頒 佈且於自二零一三年一 月一日起開始之財政期 間生效之新訂、經修訂 乃經修改淮則:

及經修改準則	:
香港會計準則 第1號修訂本	財務報表的呈 列,有關 其他綜合 收入
香港會計準則 第19號修訂本	僱員福利
香港會計準則第27號 (二零一一年經修訂)	獨立財務報表
香港會計準則第28號 (二零一一年經修訂)	聯營公司及 合資公司
香港財務報告準則 第1號修訂本	首次採納有關 政府貸款
香港財務報告準則 第7號修訂本	金融工具:披露資產及 負債之抵銷
香港財務報告準則 第10號	綜合財務報表
香港財務報告準則第11號	共同安排
香港財務報告準則 第12號	披露於其他實 體之權益
香港財務報告準則 第13號	公平值計量
香港財務報告準則 第10號、第11號及 第12號修訂本	過渡性指引
香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) 一 詮釋第20號	露天礦場生產 階段之剝採成
二零一一年年度改進	二零零九年至 二零一一年

採納經修訂的準則並無 對當前或過往會計期間 編製及呈列的業績及財 務狀況構成重大影響。

財務報告週期

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

HKAS 32 (Amendment)

2.1.2 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (Continued)

(b) New, revised and amended standards and interpretations to existing standards that have been published but are not yet effective

The following new, revised and amended standards and interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014, but the Group has not early adopted them:

Financial instruments:

HKAS 32 (AMENGMENT)	Presentation on asset and liability offsetting ¹
HKAS 36 (Amendment)	Impairment of assets on recoverable amount disclosures ¹
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement-novation of derivatives ¹
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments ⁵
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (Amendment)	Consolidation for investment entities ¹
HKFRS 14	Regulatory deferral accounts ⁴
Annual improvements 2012	Annual improvements to HKFRS 2010-2012 cycle ²
Annual improvements 2013	Annual improvements to HKFRS 2011-2013 cycle ²
HK(IFRIC) — Int 2	Members' shares in co-operative entities and similar instruments ³
HK(IFRIC) — Int 4	Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease ⁴
HK(IFRIC) - Int 21	Levies ¹

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.2 會計政策變動及披露資料(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新 訂、經修訂及經修改準 則及對現有準則之詮釋

下列新訂、經修訂及經修改準則及對現有須須之 上零一四年一月一日司 之後開始之財政期間強制使用,但本集團並無提早採納:

香港會計準則第32號 (修訂本)	金融工具:有關呈列資產及負債之抵銷1
香港會計準則第36號 (修訂本)	就可收回金額的 資產減值披露 ¹
香港會計準則第39號 (修訂本)	金融工具:確認及計量 — 衍生工具的更替1
香港財務報告準則 第9號	金融工具5
香港財務報告準則 第10號、 香港財務報告 準則第12號及 香港會計準則 第27號(修訂本)	投資主體的 合併 ¹
香港財務報告準則 第14號	監管遞延脹戶4
二零一二年年度改進	二零年至 二零一二年 週期香港財務 報告準則之 年度改進 ²
二零一三年年度改進	二零一一年至 二零一三年 週期香港財務 報告準則之 年度改進 ²
香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) 一 詮釋第2號	合作實體之股 東股份及 類似工具 ³
香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) 一 詮釋第4號	釐定安排是 否包括租賃⁴
香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) 一 詮釋第21號	徴費 1

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1.2 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (Continued)

(b) New, revised and amended standards and interpretations to existing standards that have been published but are not yet effective (Continued)

Note:

- Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014
- Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015
- Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016
- ⁵ Effective date to be determined

The Group will apply these new, revised and amended standards and interpretations to existing standards in the period of initial application. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the adoption of these new, revised and amended standards and interpretations to existing standards and is not yet in a position to state whether they would have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

There are no other HKFRSs or HK(IFRIC) interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.2 會計政策變動及披露資料(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新 訂、經修訂及經修改準 則及對現有準則之詮釋 (續)

附註:

- 1 於二零一四年一月一 日或之後之財政期間 開始生效
- 2 於二零一四年七月一 日或之後之財政期間 開始生效
- 3 於二零一五年一月一 日或之後之財政期間 開始生效
- 4 於二零一六年一月一 日或之後之財政期間 開始生效
- 5 生效日期待定

並無其他尚未生效之香港財務報告準則或香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)的詮釋預期將對本集團產生重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries

2.2.1 Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.2 附屬公司

2.2.1 合併賬目

集團內公司間交易、集團公司 間因交易產生之結餘及未變現 收益均予以抵銷。未變現虧損 亦會抵銷。附屬公司之呈報金 額已作必要調整,以符合本集 團之會計政策。

2.2.2 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資乃按成本減減值入賬。成本亦包括投資應 佔之直接費用。本公司將附屬 公司之業績按已收及應收股息 入賬。

倘投資附屬公司所產生的股息超過附屬公司於派息期間的綜合收入總額或獨立財務報表內的投資賬面值超過於綜合財務報表投資對象的資產淨值(包括商譽)賬面值,則在收取有關投資所得股息時即須對此等投資進行減值測試。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 Joint arrangements

Under HKFRS 11 investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor. The Group has assessed the nature of its joint arrangements and determined them to be joint ventures. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method of accounting, interests in joint ventures are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interests in the joint ventures (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint ventures), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint ventures.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of the joint ventures have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.3 共同安排

根據香港財務報告準則第11號,於 共同安排的投資視乎各投資者的合 約權利及責任分類為共同經營或合 資公司。本集團已評估其共同安排 的性質,並將其釐定為合資公司。 合資公司採用權益法入賬。

根據權益會計法,於合資公司的權益初步按成本確認,並隨後作出利達整以確認本集團應佔收購後溢過不過人變動。倘超其他全面虧損等於或過程的人變動。倘超上資公司的權益(包括實質公司的權益),本集團於該等合資公司投資與團於該等合資公司投資與團於該等合資公司投資與關於該等合資公司投資與團於該等合資公司,本集團於該等合資公司承擔責任或支付款項。

本集團與其合資公司交易的未變現 收益會對銷,以本集團所持合資公 司權益為限。除非有證據顯示交易 中所轉讓資產出現減值,否則未變 現虧損亦會對銷。合資公司的會計 政策已作必要變更,確保與本集團 所採納之政策一致。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker (the "CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Group's executive directors who make strategic decisions.

2.5 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the income statement within 'finance cost-net'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the income statement within 'other income'.

2.4 分部報告

經營分部的呈報方式與向主要營運 決策者(「主要營運決策者」)匯報所 使用的內部報告一致。主要營運決 策者為作出策略性決定之本集團執 行董事,其負責分配資源並且評核 經營分部的表現。

2.5 外幣換算

功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所包 括之項目,乃按該實體經營所 在之主要經濟環境之貨幣(「功 能貨幣」)計量。 綜合財務報 表均以本公司功能貨幣及本集 團呈列貨幣港元(「港元」)呈 列。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易日期或項目 重新計量的估值日期的匯率換 算為功能貨幣。因結算該等交 易產生的匯兑損益以及以年終 匯率換算外幣計值的貨幣資產 和負債產生的匯兑損益在損益 中確認。

與借款以及現金及現金等價物 有關之外匯收益及虧損列入收 益表之「融資成本 一 淨額」 內。所有其他外匯收益及虧損 在收益表之「其他收入」內列 賬。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

2.5 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(b) Transactions and balances (Continued)

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as available-for-sale, are included in other comprehensive income.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 外幣換算(續)

(b) 交易及結餘(續)

以外幣計價且分類為可供出售 之貨幣證券之公平值變動在證 券已攤銷成本變動產生之匯兑 差額與證券賬面值之其他變動 間進行分析。與攤銷成本變動 有關的匯兑差額在損益內確 認,而其他賬面值之變動則在 其他全面收入中確認。

非貨幣金融資產及負債(如按公平值持有列入於損益之權益)之匯兑差額於損益內確認為公平值收益或虧損之部分。 非貨幣金融資產(如分類為可供出售之權益)之匯兑差額計入其他全面收入內。

(c) 集團公司

功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同的所 有集團實體(並無極高通脹經 濟地區的貨幣)的業績及財務 狀況,按下列方式換算為呈列 貨幣:

- 各財務狀況表內呈列的 資產及負債按該財務狀 況表呈列日的收市匯率 換算;
- 各全面收益表內的收支 按平均匯率換算(除非該 平均匯率未能合理反映 交易日現行匯率所帶來 的累計影響,則在該情 況下按照交易日的匯率 換算該等收支);及
- 所導致的一切匯兑差額 乃於其他全面收入內確 認。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.5 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) Group companies (Continued)

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using straight-line method to allocate their cost, less their residual values, if any, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Shorter of the unexpired
	term of lease and 7 years

Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

The asset's useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.8).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.5 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司(續)

收購海外實體產生的商譽及公 平值調整視為該海外實體的資 產及負債,並按收市匯率換 算。所產生的匯兑差額於其他 全面收入內確認。

2.6 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按歷史成本減 累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。歷史成 本包括收購該等項目之直接應佔開

後續成本已納入資產的賬面值或只 於未來可能有與該項目有關的經濟 利益流入本集團且項目成本能可靠 計量時確認為獨立資產(於適當情況 下)。替换部分的賬面值已取消確 認。所有其他維修及保養成本計入 其發生之財政期間的損益內。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊採用以下 的估計可使用年期將其成本按直線 法減其剩餘價值(如有)計算:

租賃物業	尚餘租期
裝修	及七年
	中的較
	短者
傢俬及裝置	五年

辦公室設備 万年 汽車 五年

資產之可使用年期及剩餘價值均於 各報告期末予以審閱及調整(如適 用)。倘資產賬面值較估計的可收回 款額為大,則資產的賬面值將立刻 被撇減至其可收回款額(附註2.8)。

出售之盈虧均透過將所得款項與賬 面值作比較而釐定,並於損益內確 認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

2.7 Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents leasehold improvement stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost includes the costs of leasehold improvements and capitalised interest charges arising from borrowings used to finance these assets during the period of construction. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time the relevant assets are completed and are available for intended use. When the assets concerned are brought into use, the costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated in the preceding paragraphs.

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example goodwill, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cashgenerating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.9 Financial assets

2.9.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets as loans and receivables and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.7 在建工程

在建工程指租賃物業裝修,按成本本 減累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。 包括租賃物業裝修成本及建設 資產提供資金之借款產 資本化利息費用。概不會關 程作出折舊撥備,直至有關有 程作出折舊撥備,直至有關有 至投入使用時,成本將轉撥 業、廠房及設備,並根據先前段落 所述政策折舊。

2.8 非金融資產的減值

2.9 金融資產

2.9.1 分類

本集團將金融資產分類為貸款 及應收款項以及可供出售金融 資產。分類視乎購入的金融資 產之目的而定。管理層在初始 確認時釐定金融資產的分類。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Financial assets (Continued)

2.9.1 Classification (Continued)

(a) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise "trade and other receivables", "amounts due from joint ventures/ subsidiaries" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the statements of financial position.

(b) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are nonderivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting period.

2.9 金融資產(續)

2.9.1 分類(續)

(a) 貸款及應收款項

(b) 可供出售金融資產

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.9 Financial assets (Continued)

2.9.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date — the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of monetary and nonmonetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in other comprehensive income.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as "other income".

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the profit or loss as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

2.10 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.9 金融資產(續)

2.9.2 確認及計量

金融資產的一般購入及出售在 交易日確認,交易日指本集團 承諾購入或出售該資產之日。 就所有未按公平值透過損益列 賬之金融資產而言,投資初步 按公平值加交易成本確認。當 從投資收取現金流量的權利經 已到期或經已轉讓,而本集團 已將擁有權的絕大部分風險和 回報轉讓時,金融資產即終止 確認。可供出售金融資產其後 按公平值列賬。貸款及應收款 項其後利用實際利息法按攤銷 成本列賬。

分類為可供出售貨幣及非貨幣 證券的公平值變動乃於其他全 面收入內確認。

當分類為可供出售的證券被售 出或減值時,在權益中確認的 累計公平值調整於收益表中列 為「其他收入」。

可供出售股本工具之股息乃當 本集團收取款項的權利確立時 於損益表內確認為其他收入的 一部分。

2.10 抵銷金融工具

金融資產及負債於有法定強制權以 抵銷已確認金額及於擬按淨值基準 結算或同時將資產變現及償付負債 時予以抵銷,而有關淨額於資產負 **信表內呈報。**

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

2.11 Impairment of financial assets

(a) Loans and receivables

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is an objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is an objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

2.11 金融資產減值

(a) 貸款及應收款項

減值的證據可能包括以下指標:債務人或一組債務人正處於重大財政困難,違約或拖欠利息或本金付款,有可能彼知 將進入破產程序或進行其他財務重組,以及當有可觀察數額示,估計未來現金流量有可 額示,估計未來現金流量有可 計量的減少,例如欠款變動或 與違約相關的經濟狀況。

如在後繼期間,減值虧損的數額減少,而此減少可客觀地聯繫至減值在確認後才發生的事件(例如債務人的信用評級有所改善),則之前已確認的減值虧損轉回在損益表內確認。

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.11 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Assets classified as available-for-sale

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. For debt securities, the Group uses the criteria referred to in (a) above. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is also evidence that the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss on equity instruments are not reversed through profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available-for-sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

2.12 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and deposits held at call with banks.

2.11 金融資產減值(續)

(b) 分類為可供出售之資產

本集團於各報告期末評估金融 資產或一組金融資產是否出現 客觀減值證據。就債務證券而 言,本集團採用以上(a)中所述 的標準。就分類為可供出售之 股本投資而言,證券之公平值 大幅或長期下跌至低於其成 本,亦屬資產已出現減值之證 據。倘可供出售金融資產出現 任何此等跡象,其累計虧損 (按收購成本與現時公平值之 差額減去該金融資產先前已在 損益表確認之任何減值虧損計 量)將從權益中扣除,並於損 益中確認。於損益確認的權益 工具減值虧損不會透過損益撥 回。如日後被分類為可供出售 的債務工具的公平值增加,而 該增值可客觀地與減值虧損於 損益內確認後出現的事件有 關,則減值虧損將於損益撥 •

2.12 應收賬款及其他應收款項

應收賬款是在日常業務過程中為顧 客提供服務的應收款項。倘應收賬 款及其他應收款項預期在一年或一 年以內收回(若更長,則在業務正常 經營週期內),則分類為流動資產。 否則,在非流動資產中呈列。

應收賬款及其他應收款項最初以公 平值確認,其後利用實際利息法按 攤銷成本並扣除減值撥備計量。

2.13 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及 銀行通知存款,於綜合現金流量表 呈列。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.14 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.15 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.14 股本

普通股分類為權益。發行新股或購 股權直接應佔的新增成本在權益中 列為所得款項的減少(扣除税項)。

2.15 應付賬款及其他應付款項

應付賬款是在日常業務過程中向供 應商購買商品或服務的付款責任。 倘應付賬款在一年或一年以內到期 (若更長,則在業務正常經營週期 內),則分類為流動負債。否則,在 非流動負債中呈列。

應付賬款及其他應付款項初步以公 平值確認,其後利用實際利息法按 攤銷成本計量。

2.16 借貸

借貸初步按公平值扣減所產生的交 易成本確認。借貸其後按攤銷成本 列賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本)與 贖回價值的任何差額利用實際利率 法於借貸期間內在收益表確認。

設立貸款融資時支付的費用倘部分 或全部融資將很可能被提取,則確 認為貸款的交易費用。在此情況 下,費用遞延至貸款被提取為止。 如沒有證據證明部分或全部融資將 很可能被提取,則該費用資本化作 為流動資金服務的預付款,並按有 關的融資期間攤銷。

除非本集團有無條件權利可將負債 的結算遞延至報告期末後最少12個 月,否則借貸分類為流動負債。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

2.17 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.18 Convertible notes

The Company issued Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") denominated convertible notes (the "convertible notes") which can be converted into ordinary shares of the Company and redeemed under certain circumstances. If the conversion of the convertible notes will not result in delivering a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments in exchange for a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset, the convertible notes contract will be separated into two component elements: a financial derivative component consisting of the embedded options and a debt component consisting of the straight debt element of the convertible notes.

On the issue of the convertible notes, the fair value of the financial derivatives component is calculated using a valuation technique. The financial derivative component is carried at fair value on the consolidated statement of financial position with any subsequent changes in fair value being charged or credited to profit or loss in the period when the change occurs. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to debt component of the convertible notes, net of transaction costs, and is recorded as a liability. The debt component is subsequently carried at amortised cost until extinguished on conversion or redemption.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.17 借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作其預定用途或銷售的資產)的一般及特定借貸成本,加入該等資產的成本內,直至資產大致上備妥供其預定用途或銷售為止。

就特定借貸,因有待合資格資產的 支出而臨時投資賺取的投資收入, 應自合資格資本化的借貸成本中扣 除。

所有其他借貸成本在產生期內的損 益中確認。

2.18 可換股票據

就發行可換股票據而言,金融衍生 工具部分的公平值會以估值技術計算。金融衍生工具部份按公平值會以估值 其合財務狀況表列賬,任何公共值 其後變動將在發生變動期間於被內 其後變動將在發生變動期間於被決 中計入或扣除。所得款項餘款被於 配至可換股票據的債項部分(扣除分 易成本),並記錄為負債。債項部分 隨後則按攤銷成本列賬,直至兑換 或贖回時註銷為止。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.18 Convertible notes (Continued)

Interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method by applying the effective interest rate to the debt component through the maturity date.

If the convertible notes are converted, the carrying amounts of the corresponding financial derivative and debt components are transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the convertible notes are redeemed, any difference between the amount paid and the carrying amounts of the corresponding financial derivative and debt components is recognised in profit or loss.

2.19 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the group companies operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

2.18 可換股票據(續)

利息開支乃使用實際利率法於直至 到期日為止期間內對債項部分應用 實際利率計算。

如可換股票據被兑換,相應金融衍 生工具及債項部分的賬面值將轉入 股本及股份溢價作為所發行股份的 代價。如可換股票據被贖回,相應 金融衍生工具及債項部分的已付金 額與賬面值之差額將於損益確認。

2.19 當期及遞延所得税

本期的税項支出包括當期和遞延税 項。税項在損益中確認,但與在其 他全面收入中或直接在權益中確認 的項目有關者則除外。在該情況 下,税項亦分別在其他全面收入或 直接在權益中確認。

當期所得稅

常期所得税支出根據集團公司 經營及產生應課税收入的國家 於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已 頒佈的税務法例計算。管理層 就適用税務法例解釋所規限的 情況定期評估報税表的狀況, 並在適用情況下根據預期須向 税務機關支付的税款設定撥 備。

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Generally the Group is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference for joint ventures. Only where there is an agreement in place that gives the Group the ability to control the reversal, the temporary difference is not recognised.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and joint arrangements only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

2.19 當期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税

內部基準差異

遞延所得税利用負債法確認資 產和負債的税基與資產和負債 在綜合財務報表的賬面值的差 額而產生的暫時性差異。然 而,若遞延税項負債因商譽的 初步確認而產生,則不作確 認,若遞延所得税來自在交易 (不包括業務合併)中對資產或 負債的初始確認,而在交易時 不影響會計損益或應課稅損 益,則不作記賬。遞延所得税 採用在報告期末前已頒佈或實 質上已頒佈,並在變現有關的 遞延所得税資產或結算遞延所 得税負債時預期將會適用的税 率(及法例)而釐定。

遞延所得税資產僅就很可能有 未來應課税利潤而就此可使用 暫時性差異而確認。

外部基準差異

遞延所得税就附屬公司及合資 公司投資產生的暫時性差異而 計提撥備,但假若本集團可以 控制暫時性差異的轉回時間, 而暫時性差異在可預見將來很 可能不會轉回情況下的遞延所 得税負債則除外。一般而言, 本集團不能控制合資公司暫時 性差異的轉回。僅當訂有協議 令本集團有能力控制暫時性差 異的轉回,方會不確認有關暫 時性差異。

僅當暫時性差異可於未來撥 回,且有充足的應課税溢利可 用於抵銷暫時性差異時,方就 投資附屬公司及共同安排所產 生之可扣減暫時性差異確認遞 延所得税。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.20 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

Group companies operate various pension schemes. The schemes are generally funded through payments to insurance companies or trustee-administered funds. The Group has defined contribution plans in the PRC and Hong Kong.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(b) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2.19 當期及遞延所得税(續)

(c) 抵銷

當有法定可執行權利將即期税 項資產與即期税項負債抵銷, 且遞延所得稅資產和負債涉及 由同一稅務機關對應課稅主體 或不同應課稅主體但有意向以 淨額基準結算所得稅結餘時, 則可將遞延所得稅資產與負債 互相抵銷。

2.20 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任

本集團旗下公司營運多個退休 金計劃。此等計劃一般透過向 保險公司或受託管理基金付款 而獲得資金。本集團在中國及 香港設有界定供款計劃。

界定供款計劃是一項本集團向 一個獨立實體支付固定供款的 退休金計劃。倘該基金並無持 有足夠資產向所有僱員就其在 當期及以往期間的服務支付福 利時,本集團亦無法定或推定 責任支付進一步供款。

本集團以強制性、合約性或自 願性方式向公開或私人管理的 退休保險計劃供款。本集團作 出供款後,並無進一步付款責 任。供款在應付時確認為僱員 福利費用。預付供款在可獲得 現金退款或可減少未來付款的 情況下確認為資產。

(b) 花紅計劃

本集團於有合約責任或過往慣例產生推定責任時確認撥備。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

2.21 Share-based payments

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, under which the Group receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

Non-market performance and service conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

In addition, in some circumstances employees may provide services in advance of the grant date and therefore the grant date fair value is estimated for the purposes of recognising the expense during the period between service commencement period and grant date.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 以股份為基礎之付款

本集團進行一項按股本結算以股份 為基礎之報酬的計劃,據此本集團 獲僱員提供服務,並以本集團之股 本工具(購股權)作為代價。僱員提 供服務以換取購股權的公平值乃確 認為開支。列作開支的總金額乃參 照已授出購股權的公平值釐定,而 計算時:

- 包括任何市場表現狀況(如實體的股價);
- 不包括任何有關服務及非市場表現的歸屬情況(如盈利能力、銷售增長目標及有關人士於一段特定時間內是否仍為實體僱員);及
- 包括任何非歸屬條件的影響 (如要求員工儲備)。

非市場表現及服務條件包括在有關 預期可予歸屬購股權數目的假設 中。開支總額在歸屬期間內確認, 歸屬期間指將符合所有特定可歸屬 條件的期間。

此外,在某些情況下,僱員可能在 授出日期之前提供服務,因此授出 日期的公平值就確認服務開始期與 授出日期之期間內的開支作出估 計。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

2.21 Share-based payments (Continued)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing performance and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

2.22 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.21 以股份為基礎之付款(續)

於各報告期末,本集團依據非市場 表現及服務條件修訂其對預期可歸 屬的購股權數目的估計。本集團於 收益表確認對原估算修訂(如有)的 影響,並對權益作出相應調整。

在購股權獲行使時,本公司將發行 新股份。已收取所得款項(扣除任何 直接應佔交易成本)均列入股本(面 值)及股份溢價中。

2.22 撥備

當本集團因過往發生的事件而產生 現有的法律或推定債務:很可能需 要有資源的流出以結算債務:及金 額已被可靠估計時確認撥備。但不 會就未來經營虧損確認撥備。

如有多項類似債務,其需要在結算中有資源流出的可能性,則可根據 債務的類別整體考慮釐定。即使在 同一債務類別所包含的任何一個項 目相關的資源流出的可能性極低, 仍須確認撥備。

撥備採用税前利率按照預期需結算 有關債務的支出現值計量,該利率 反映當時市場對金錢時間值和有關 債務特有風險的評估。隨著時間過 去而增加的撥備確認為利息開支。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

2.23 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the services rendered in the ordinary course of the Group's activities.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below.

(a) Hotel operations

Hotel revenue from hotel room and conference room rental is recognised when the services are rendered.

(b) Provision of hotel consultancy services

Revenue in respect of provision of hotel consultancy service is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period. The stage of completion of each transaction is determined based on the proportion of costs incurred at the end of the reporting period compared to the estimated total costs of the transaction. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when (a) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; (b) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; (c) the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date can be measured reliably and (d) the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

(c) Hotel management income

Hotel management income from operating a hotel is recognised when the services are rendered.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.23 收益確認

收益包括本集團在日常經營活動中 提供服務已收及應收代價的公平 值。

當收入金額能可靠計量、未來經濟 利益可能流入本集團、以及符合下 文所述本集團各項業務的特定條件 時,本集團將確認收益。

(a) 酒店營運

來自酒店客房及會議室租金的 酒店收益於提供服務時予以確 認。

(b) 提供酒店顧問服務

有關提供酒店顧問服務的的收益,乃參考於報告期末交易的報告期末交易的產成狀況而確認。各交已已,以此一次不可能的成就是不可能的成本。他(a)收益多有集量。(b)與交入本計量。(c)於報告日期能可能不可能的完成狀況;及(d)交易的成本是是的成本及完成交易的成本是是的成本及完成交易的成本是是的,則交易結果能被可靠地估計。

(c) 酒店管理收入

營運酒店產生的酒店管理收入於提供服務時確認。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 主要會計政策概要 (續) POLICIES (Continued)

2.23 Revenue recognition (Continued)

(d) Membership fee income

The fair value of the consideration received or receivable is recognised on a straight-line basis over the life of the membership.

(e) Rental income on sub-leased hotel premise

Rental income in respect of rental of a sub-leased hotel premise is recognised on a straight-line basis over a lease period of 10 years.

(f) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

2.24 Customer loyalty programmes

The Group operates a loyalty programme where customers accumulate points to exchange free nights staying in the hotels operated by the Group. Sale of hotel rooms that result in membership points are accounted for as a separately identifiable component of the sales transaction(s) in which they are granted or sold (the "initial sale"). The fair value of the consideration received or receivable in respect of the initial sale is allocated between the components, i.e. the hotel rooms sold and the membership points granted. The fair value of the membership points is estimated by reference to the benefits (i.e. free extra night for staying) that the customer would obtain when redeeming the membership points and the expected future redemption rate. The estimate on expected redemption rate is based on statistical analysis of past customer behaviour. The Group reviews the loyalty programme on a regular basis, unused and expired membership points would be removed from the programme. Revenue from the membership points is deferred and is recognised when the points are redeemed and the amount of revenue is recognised based on the number of points redeemed relative to the total number expected to be redeemed.

2.23 收益確認(續)

(d) 會籍費用收入

已收或應收代價的公平值於會籍的年期內按直線法確認入 賬。

(e) 酒店分租物業的租金收入

有關酒店分租物業的租金收入 於10年租賃期內按直線法確 認。

(f) 利息收入

利息收入採用實際利率法確認。倘貸款和應收款項出現減值,本集團會將賬面值減至其可收回款額(即按該工具的原實際利率折現的估計未來現金,並繼續沖抵折讓為利息收入。已減值貸款及應利率來認。

2.24 客戶忠誠度計劃

本集團推行一項忠誠度計劃,客戶 可通過積分在本集團經營的酒店免 費住宿。通過會員積分銷售的酒店 客房按其授出或銷售的銷售交易 (「初始銷售」)之可識別部份單獨列 賬。與初始銷售有關的已收或應收 代價公平值於有關部分(即酒店客房 銷售及已授會員積分)間分配。會員 積分的公平值乃參考客戶兑換會員 積分時可能獲得的利益(即可免費住 宿)及預期未來兑換率進行估計。預 期兑换率乃根據以往顧客行為的數 據分析估計得出。本集團會定期檢 討忠誠度計劃,而未使用或已到期 會員積分將從計劃中撇除。會員積 分收益將作遞延處理,並於兑換積 分時確認, 收益金額乃按與預期將 予兑換積分總額有關之已兑換積分 確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

2.25 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

The Group leases certain property, plant and equipment. Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long-term payables. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

2.26 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividend is approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 和賃

如租賃所有權的大部分風險和報酬 由出租人保留,則分類為經營租 賃。根據經營租賃支付的款項(扣除 自出租人收取的任何獎勵後)於租賃 期內以直線法在損益支銷。

本集團租用若干物業、廠房及設備。如本集團大致上擁有所有權的所有風險和回報,則物業、廠房及設備的租賃歸類為融資租賃。融資租赁在租賃開始時,按租赁物業的公平值或最低租賃付款現值兩者之較低者資本化。

每項租賃款項均分攤為負債及財務支出。相應租賃責任在扣除財務支出後計入其他長期應付款項。財務成本的利息部分於租賃期內在損益中支銷,以使每期剩餘負債的利益率為常數。根據融資租賃而獲得的的特別。 廠房及設備按資產的可使用年期及租賃期兩者之較短者進行折舊。

2.26 股息分派

向本公司股東分派的股息在股息獲 本公司股東或董事批准的期間內於 本集團及本公司的財務報表內確認 為負債。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents, trade debtors, deposits, other receivables and amounts due form joint ventures and subsidiaries. Management has policies in place and exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of hotel operations, the Group has no concentration of credit risk in view of its large number of customers. It has policies in place to ensure that sale of rooms to corporate customers are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. Sales to walk-in customers are made via credit cards or cash.

In respect of provision of hotel consultancy services, the Group has a concentration of credit risk in view of that all the trade debtors arose from 1 customer (2012: 5 customers). The Group requests progress payments from customers in accordance with the milestones of the hotel consultancy agreements.

Cash and bank deposits are mainly placed in domestic banks with good credit ratings. Rental deposits are mainly paid to seven (2012: eight) domestic private entities who are currently leasing the office and hotel premises to the Group. Other receivables primarily represent the amounts due from third and related parties which have long business relationship with the Group. Taking into consideration settlements subsequent to year end, management does not consider there is recoverability issue.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position.

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團的活動承受著多項財務風險:信用風險、流動資金風險、外 匯風險及利率風險。本集團的整體 風險管理計劃專注於財務市場的難 預測性,並尋求盡量減低對本集團 財務表現的潛在不利影響。

(a) 信用風險

本集團的信用風險主要來自現金及現金等價物、應收貿易賬款、按金、其他應收款項以及應收合資公司和附屬公司之款項。管理層已實施政策,並且不斷監察所承受信用風險之程度。

就酒店營運而言,由於本集團擁有龐大的顧客群,因此並無信用集中風險。本集團已實施政策確保向信貸背景正常的企業客戶提供客房銷售。銷售予未有預訂的顧客以信用卡或現金收款。

就提供酒店顧問服務而言,本 集團的所有應收貿易賬款均來 自一名(二零一二年:五名)客 戶,故存在信用集中風險。本 集團要求客戶根據酒店顧問協 議的進度分期付款。

信用風險上限為綜合財務狀況表中各金融資產的賬面值。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding through issuance of convertible notes or other facilities. As at 31 December 2013, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of HK\$19,586,536 (2012: HK\$27,880,476) (Note 20) and trade receivables of HK\$10,295,474 (2012: HK\$48,276,139) (Note 16) that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

To manage the liquidity risk, management monitors rolling forecasts of cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Group expects to fund its future cash flow needs through internally generated cash flows from operations, equity or debt funding or advances from shareholders. Please also refer to Note 2.1.1 for management's considerations of liquidity risk management.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理包括維持充裕的現金及現金等價物以及透過發行可換股票據或其他信貸融資獲得資金。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團持有之現金及現金等價物以及應收賬款分別為19,586,536港元(二零一二年:27,880,476港元)(附註20)及10,295,474港元(二零一二年:48,276,139港元)(附註16),預期該等款項可隨時就管理流動資金風險而產生現金流入。

為管理流動資金風險,管理層 以預期現金流量為基準監察現 金及現金等價物的滾動預測。 本集團預期通過內部產生之融 營現金流量、股權或債務來閱 或股東之墊款以應付其未來現 金流量的需要。請同時參閱附 註2.1.1有關管理層對流動資 金風險管理之考慮。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the date of statements of financial position of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which is based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on current rates at the date of statements of financial position) and the earliest date the Group is required to pay:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

下表詳述本集團之非衍生金融 負債於財務狀況表日之剩餘合 約到期情況,其乃按合約未折 現現金流量(包括使用訂約利 率或(若為浮息)財務狀況表日 之現行利率計算之利息支出) 及本集團須支付之最早還款日 計算:

		Within 1 year or on demand 一年內 或按要求 HK\$ 港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至兩年 HK\$ 港元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩年至五年 HK\$ 港元	More than 5 years 超過五年 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
Group	本集團					
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日					
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	8,142,842	_	_	_	8,142,842
Finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	377,892	377,892	157,455	_	913,239
		8,520,734	377,892	157,455		9,056,081
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日					
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	5,169,552	_	_	_	5,169,552
Finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	470,208	408,664	535,347	_	1,414,219
Convertible notes — debt component	可換股票據 — 債項部分	1,530,000	35,462,460	_	_	36,992,460
		7,169,760	35,871,124	535,347	_	43,576,231

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

		Within 1 year or on demand 一年內	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
		或按要求 HK\$ 港元	一年至兩年 HK\$ 港元	兩年至五年 HK\$ 港元	超過五年 HK\$ 港元	總額 HK\$ 港元
Company At 31 December 2013	本公司 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日					
Amount due to a subsidiary Accruals	應付一間附屬公司款項 應計費用	636,900 2,883,230	_		_	636,900 2,883,230
		3,520,130	_	_	_	3,520,130
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日					
Amount due to a subsidiary Convertible notes - debt component	應付一間附屬公司款項可換股票據 一 債項部分	636,900 1,530,000	- 35,462,460	- -	- -	636,900 36,992,460
		2,166,900	35,462,460	_	_	37,629,360

(c) Foreign exchange risk

(c) 外匯風險

The Group operates mainly in the PRC and HK with most of the transactions, assets and liabilities denominated and settled in functional currencies of the group companies other than certain trade receivables of a group subsidiary denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") while its functional currency is HK\$. Management considers that the foreign exchange risk is not significant as RMB has been appreciating against HK\$ in the past years.

本集團主要於中國及香港經營 業務,除本集團附屬公司之若 干應收賬款以人民幣(「人易 幣」)計值外,其大部分交功 資產及負債以集團公司的的能 貨幣計值及結算,而其功能 質幣為港元。由於人民幣兑港 匯率於過往年度一直上升,管 理層認為外匯風險不大。

(d) Interest rate risk

(d) 利率風險

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities except for certain bank deposits, convertible notes and finance lease obligations. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Management considers the interest rate risk is minimal since the interest income from bank deposits is insignificant and the interest rate for convertible notes and finance lease obligations is fixed.

除若干銀行存款、可換股票據及融資租賃債務外,本集團本集團大計息資產及負債,本集團的收入及經營現金流量。 集團的收入及經營現金流量。 大部分不受市場利率變動和場份。 由於銀行存款之利率相當 低且可換股票據及融資租賃價 務的利率為固定利率,管理層 認為利率風險極微。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders, to support the Group's stability and growth; to earn a margin commensurate with the level of business and market risks in the Group's operation and to maintain a net cash position.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or dispose of assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position plus net debt.

During 2013, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2012, was to maintain the gearing ratio of less than 20%. The gearing ratios at 31 December 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本風險管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標是保障本集團能繼續營運,以持續為股東提供回報並支援本集團的穩定及增長;賺取與本集團經營的業務及市場風險水平相當的邊際利潤,並維持現金淨值狀況。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團或 會調整支付予股東的股息數額、發 行新股或出售資產以減低債務。

為了與行業中其他公司一致,本集團根據資產負債比率來監管資本。該比率為負債淨額除以資本總額所得。負債淨額乃按借貸總額(包括綜合財務狀況表內的「流動及非流動借貸」)減現金及現金等價物計算。資本總額按綜合財務狀況表內的「權益」加負債淨額計算。

於二零一三年,本集團的策略與二零一二年相同,即將資產負債比率保持在20%以下。於二零一三年及二零一二年十二月三十一日的資產負債比率如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Total borrowings (Note 25 and 27) Less: cash and cash equivalents (Note 20)	借貸總額((附註 25 及 27) 減:現金及現金等價物 (附註 20)	858,945 (19,585,536)	30,706,458
Net (cash)/debt Total equity	淨(現金)/負債 權益總額	(18,726,591) 150,469,989	2,825,982 119,065,005
Total capital	資本總額	131,743,398	121,890,987
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	N/A 不適用	2.32%

The decrease in the gearing ratio during 2013 resulted primarily from the conversion of the convertible notes.

於二零一三年,資產負債比率下降乃主要由於轉換可換股票據所致。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the assets or liability that are note based on observable market date (that is unobservable inputs) (level 3).

In 2013, equity securities classified as available-for-sales financial assets were disposed at market price and the convertible notes were fully converted. As at 31 December 2013, there were no assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value.

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2012.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計

下表利用估值法分析按公平值入賬的金融工具。不同層級的定義如下:

- 同類資產或負債在活躍市場上的報價(未經調整)(第一級)。
- 除第一級所包括的報價外,資 產或負債的可直接(即價格)或 間接(即從價格得出)觀察所得 輸入值(第二級)。
- 並非根據可觀察市場數據釐定 的資產或負債輸入值(即不可 觀察輸入值)(第三級)。

於二零一三年,分類為可供出售金融資產的股本證券按市場價格出售,而可換股票據已獲悉數轉換。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,概無資產或負債按公平值計量。

下表呈列本集團於二零一二年十二 月三十一日按公平值計量之資產及 負債。

		Level 1 第一級 HK\$ 港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
Assets Available-for-sale financial assets Equity securities	資產 可供出售金融資產 股本證券	1,162,000	_	1,162,000
Liabilities Financial derivatives	負債 金融衍生工具	_	832,000	832,000

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

(a) Financial instruments in level 1

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current did price. These instruments included in level 1 comprise primarily HKEx equity classified as available-for-sale.

(b) Financial instruments in level 3

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments for the year ended 31 December 2012 and 2013.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

(a) 第一級金融工具

(b) 第三級金融工具

下表呈列截至二零一二年及二 零一三年十二月三十一日止年 度之第三級工具變動。

Financial derivatives 金融衍生工具

港元

1 January 2012	二零一二年一月一日	_
Issuance of convertible notes	發行可換股票據	832,000
31 December 2012	二零一二年十二月三十一日	832,000
Conversion of convertible notes	兑换可换股票據	(832,000)
31 December 2013	二零一三年十二月三十一日	_

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group has significant amount of property, plant and equipment. The Group is required to estimate the useful lives of property, plant and equipment in order to ascertain the amount of depreciation charges for each reporting period.

Useful lives are estimated at the time of purchase of these assets after considering business developments and the Group's strategies. The Group performs annual reviews to assess the appropriateness of the estimated useful lives. Such review takes into account any unexpected adverse changes in circumstances or events, including declines in projected operating results and negative industry or economic trends. The Group extends or shortens the useful lives and/or makes impairment provisions according to the results of the review.

4 關鍵會計估計及判斷

本集團會根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括在某些情況下,對未來事項作出認為是合理的預期)作出估計及判斷,並持續對其進行評估。

本集團對未來作出估計和假設。所得的會計估計如其定義,很少會與實際結果完全一致。於下個財政年度有相當大風險將會導致資產與負債之賬面值須作出重大調整之估計和假設討論如下。

(a) 物業、廠房及設備的可使用年期

本集團擁有大量物業、廠房及設備。本集團須估計物業、廠房及設備的可使用年期,以確認各報告期的減值開支金額。

可使用年期乃經考慮業務發展及本集團的策略後,於購買該等資估計。本集團每年檢討以評估估討會考慮任何環境或事件的意外不降。有關檢不以與實施,包括預計經營業績的下降。本集團根據檢討結果延長或縮短可使用在期及/或作出減值撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(b) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may be not recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on fair value less costs to sell calculations or market valuations. These calculations require the use of judgements and estimates.

Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred that may indicate that the related asset value may not be recoverable; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell or net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset in the business; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial position and results of the operations.

(c) Impairment of trade and other receivable

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of the receivables. This assessment is based on the credit history of its customers and other debtors and the current market condition, and requires the use of judgments and estimates. Management reassesses the provision at the end of each reporting period.

(d) Asset retirement obligations

The Group evaluates and recognises, on a regular basis, the present value of the obligations which arise from future reinstatement of leased hotel premises upon the end of lease terms. To establish the present value of the asset retirement obligations, estimates and judgement are applied in determining these future cash flows and the discount rate. Management estimates the future cash flows based on certain assumptions, such as the restoration costs based on quotations.

4 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(b) 物業、廠房及設備的減值

當有事件或情況轉變顯示可能無法收回賬面值時,本集團將檢討物業、廠房及設備有否減值。可收回金額乃按公平值減銷售成本或市場估值計算。此等計算須運用判斷及估計。

管理層需要運用判斷以釐定資產減 值,尤其是評估:(i)有否出現事件可 能顯示有關資產價值可能無法收 回;(ii)資產賬面值是否有可收回款 項(即公平值減銷售成本或以業務持 續使用資產為基礎估計的有關日後 現金流量的淨現值兩者中的較高者) 支持;及(iii)編製現金流量預測時使 用的適當主要假設,包括有關現金 流量預測是否以適用比率貼現。倘 管理層就評估減值所選假設(包括現 金流量預測所用貼現率或增長率假 設)有所變更,可能會對減值測試中 所用的淨現值產生影響,從而或會 影響本集團的財務狀況及經營業 績。

(c) 應收賬款及其他應收款項的減值

本集團的管理層以評估應收賬款的 可收回性來決定應收賬款及其他應 收款項之減值準備。此評估是基於 其客戶及其他債務人的信貸記錄和 現行市況,並需要運用判斷和估 計。管理層會於各報告期末重新評 估有關撥備。

(d) 報廢資產復原債務

本集團會定期評估及確認日後於租期結束時須復修酒店租賃物業而產生的債務之現值。而確立報廢資產復原債務的現值時,已應用估計及判斷而釐定該等未來現金流量及貼現率。管理層根據若干假設(例如基於報價的復修成本)估計未來現金流量。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(e) Income tax

The Group is subject to income tax in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current income tax and deferred income tax provision in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

(f) Revenue recognition

According to the accounting policy as stated in Note 2.23, the Group uses the percentage of completion method to determine the appropriate revenues to be recognised from provision of hotel consultancy services. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the actual costs incurred up to the end of the reporting period as a percentage of estimated total costs of completion. When the outcome of the transaction cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable to be recoverable.

(g) Fair value of derivatives

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, derivatives arising from convertible notes) is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group appointed an independent valuer to assess the fair value of derivatives. The Group also uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

4 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(e) 所得税

本集團在香港及中國須繳納所得税。釐定所得稅撥備時需要作出重大判斷。多項交易及計算的最終稅額無法於日常業務過程中釐定。倘若該等事宜之最終稅務結果與初始記錄金額不同,則有關差額將會影響作出決定期間之當期所得稅及遞延所得稅撥備。

與若干暫時差額及稅項虧損相關之 遞延所得稅資產於管理層認為未來 應課稅溢利將很有可能可獲得而就 此可使用暫時差額或稅項虧損時予 以確認。實際使用之結果或會有不同。

(f) 收益確認

根據附註2.23所述之會計政策,本 集團按完成比例釐定將就提供酒店 顧問服務確認之收益之合適金額。 完成階段乃參考截至報告期末時所 產生的實際成本佔估計完成總成本 的比例計量。倘交易結果無法可靠 估計,收益僅會就有可能收回的已 產生合約成本進行確認。

(g) 衍生工具之公平值

並無於活躍市場交易的金融工具(如可換股票據產生之衍生工具)之公平值乃以估值技術釐定。本集團已委聘獨立估值師評估衍生工具之公平值。本集團亦通過判斷來選擇不同的方法並主要根據每個報告期末的現有市場條件作出假設。

綜合財務報表附註

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") has been identified collectively as the executive directors of the Company. The executive directors review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The CODM has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

Management regularly reviews the operating results from a service category perspective. The reportable operating segments derive their revenue primarily from the hotel operations and provision of hotel consultancy services. The sales of hotel membership cards, hotel management services income and rental income on a subleased premise are included in the hotel operation segment.

Management assesses the performance of the operating segments based on the measure of operating profit but exclude certain unallocated corporate income and expenses.

5 分部資料

首席經營決策者統稱為本公司執行董事。 執行董事審閱本集團的內部報告,以評估 表現並分配資源。首席經營決策者已根據 此等報告釐定經營分部。

管理層從服務分類角度來定期審閱經營業績。可呈報經營分部的收益主要來自酒店營運及提供酒店顧問服務。酒店會籍卡銷售、酒店管理服務的收入及分租物業租金收入乃計入酒店經營分部內。

管理層按營運溢利(不包括若干未分配企業收入及開支)基準評估經營分部的表現。

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

The segment information provided to the CODM for the reportable segments for the year is as follows:

5 分部資料(續)

年內向首席經營決策者提供的可呈報分部 的分部資料載列如下:

		Hotel operations 酒店營運 HK\$ 港元	Provision of hotel consultancy services 提供酒店 顧問服務 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
For the year ended 31 December 2013 Segment revenue	截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日止年度 分部收入	33,412,313	24,556,593	57,968,906
Segment results	分部業績	(5,029,275)	16,493,842	11,464,567
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of prepaid operating lease	物業、廠房及設備折舊預付經營租賃攤銷	6,524,174 864,587	865,759 —	7,389,933 864,587
Provision/(reversal of provision) for impairment of trade debtors	應收貿易賬款減值 撥備/(撥回撥備)	913,154	(1,500,000)	(586,846)
For the year ended 31 December 2012 Segment revenue	截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度 分部收入	32,969,007	58,186,192	91,155,199
Segment results	分部業績	1,427,400	47,197,843	48,625,243
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of prepaid operating lease Provision for impairment of trade debtors	物業、廠房及設備折舊 預付經營租賃攤銷 應收貿易賬款減值撥備	7,073,876 850,590	885,924 — 1,500,000	7,959,800 850,590 1,500,000

綜合財務報表附註

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

5 分部資料(續)

A reconciliation of segment results to profit before income tax is provided as follows:

分部業績與除所得税前溢利之對賬載列如 下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Segment results Unallocated corporate expenses,	分部業績 未分配企業開支淨額(附註)	11,464,567	48,625,243
net (Note)	11,73 MGTT 21(1,92)(1,3 MX (11,9 MT)	(10,217,873)	(3,876,567)
Finance income	融資收入	74,298	76,231
Finance cost	融資成本	(848,630)	(1,077,099)
Share of results of joint ventures	分佔合資公司業績	(3,765,796)	(20,870)
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利	(3,293,434)	43,726,938

Note:

Unallocated corporate expenses mainly represent share-based payment expenses, auditor's remuneration and legal and professional fee.

All revenue was derived from external customers in the PRC and Hong Kong during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012. Revenue of HK\$21,382,489 (2012: HK\$57,203,556) is derived from two (2012: five) external customers for the year ended 31 December 2013. The revenue is attributable to the provision of hotel consultancy services.

The total of non-current assets other than deferred tax assets located in Hong Kong and the PRC were HK\$2,953,656 (2012: HK\$13,956,495) and HK\$147,743,296 (2012: HK\$79,228,184), respectively.

附註:

未分配企業開支主要指以股份為基礎之付款開 支、核數師酬金及法律及專業費用。

於截至二零一三年及二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,所有收益均來自中國及香港的外來客戶。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,收益21,382,489港元(二零一二年:57,203,556港元)來自兩名(二零一二年:五名)外來客戶。此項收益源自提供酒店顧問服務所得。

位於香港及中國的非流動資產總值(不包括遞延税項資產)分別為2,953,656港元(二零一二年:13,956,495港元)及147,743,296港元(二零一二年:79,228,184港元)。

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

5 分部資料(續)

Breakdown of revenue from all activities is as follows:

所有活動收益明細載列如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Hotel consultancy services Sales from hotel operations — hotel room rental, hotel management services income and conference room rental	酒店顧問服務 酒店營運的銷售額 — 酒店房間租金、酒店管理服務 收入及會議室租金	24,556,593	58,186,192 28,463,775
Management fee income Rental income on a sub-leased premise Sales of hotel membership cards	管理費收入 分租物業租金收入 酒店會籍卡銷售	2,335,769 2,501,438 246,318	1,709,628 2,456,044 339,560
Calco of notor membership calco	/日/11 日/11 1、17 日	57,968,906	91,155,199

In 2012, corporate expenses were allocated between reported segments based on the proportion of revenues contributed from each reported segment to the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2013, management considered certain expenses should be presented as unallocated corporate expenses to better reflect the performance of each reported segment. Accordingly, the comparative segment information has been updated to conform with the current year presentation.

於二零一二年,企業開支乃根據各呈報分 部對本集團的收入貢獻比例於呈報分部間 分配。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止 年度,管理層認為若干開支應呈列為未分 配企業開支,以更好地反映各呈報分部的 表現。因此,比較分部資料已更新以便與 本年度的呈列方式一致。

綜合財務報表附註

6 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

6 其他營運開支

Other operating expenses consisted of the following:

其他營運開支包括以下各項:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Marketing and promotion (Reversal of)/provision for impairment of trade debtors Auditor's remuneration Consumables and laundries Entertainment Sales commission Property management fee Telephone and communication Repairs and maintenance Bank charges Office supplies Loss on disposal of property, plant, and equipment (Note) Legal and professional fee Other taxes and surcharges Others	市場推廣及宣傳費用應收貿易賬款減值(撥回)/撥備核數師別金內, 將和一個 核數師別 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個	497,080 (586,846) 2,129,000 1,085,506 608,512 701,599 496,993 434,387 524,848 125,313 162,304 2,276,985 3,171,849 2,980,604 3,255,737	1,931,143 1,500,000 1,320,000 1,131,943 961,446 633,210 597,914 436,330 248,804 147,069 137,231 1,172,567 3,123,894 1,781,275
		17,863,871	15,122,826

Note:

During the year, as a result of early termination of a lease contract by the landlord, the Group closed down one operating budget hotel and wrote off property, plant and equipment of HK\$985,024 in this regard. The Group has recorded a compensation of early termination of HK\$877,303 (Note 8) from the landlord. Moreover, the Group relocated a hotel under construction to a new site and therefore the related construction in progress of HK\$1,253,290 was written off.

7 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

附註:

年內,由於業主提前終止租約,本集團關閉一間營運中的酒店,為此已撇銷賬面值為985,024港元之物業、廠房及設備。本集團已收到業主就提前終止支付之賠償877,303港元(附註8)。此外,本集團將一間在建中的酒店搬遷至新址,因此,於在建工程列賬的相關建造成本1,253,290港元已被撇銷。

7 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Salaries, wages and allowances Pension obligations Share-based payment expenses Other benefits	薪金、工資及津貼 退休金債務 以股份為基礎之付款開支 其他福利	12,134,677 1,448,030 2,892,000 352,479	8,223,260 1,069,861 224,000 328,214
		16,827,186	9,845,335

8 OTHER INCOME

8 其他收入

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets Compensation for early termination of	出售可供出售金融資產之收益提前終止租約之補償	54,976	-
lease (Note 6) Net foreign exchange gain	(附註6) 匯兑收益淨額	877,303 1,040,800	_ _
Others	其他	1,980,524	

9 FINANCE COST — NET

9 融資成本 — 淨額

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
 Interest income on non-current rental – deposits carried at amortised cost 	融資收入: 一 按攤銷成本計算的 非流動租賃按金利息收入 一 銀行利息收入	73,667 631	72,518 3,713
		74,298	76,231
 Finance cost on asset retirement obligations Finance cost on finance lease liabilities 	融資成本: 一報廢資產復原債務的融資成本 一融資租賃負債的融資成本 一可換股票據融資成本	(173,407) (53,962) (3,971,164)	(160,421) (81,002) (890,000)
		(4,198,533)	(1,131,423)
Less: amount capitalised as construction in progress (Note 15)	咸:資本化為在建工程 之金額(附註15)	3,349,903	54,324
		(848,630)	(1,077,099)
Finance cost — net	融資成本 — 淨額	(774,332)	(1,000,868)

綜合財務報表附註

10 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

10 所得税開支

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Current income tax — Hong Kong profits tax — PRC corporate income tax Deferred income tax (Note 28)	即期所得税 — 香港利得税 — 中國企業所得税 遞延所得税(附註 28)	1,352,468 2,388,118 219,757	5,963,117 4,545,651 346,502
		3,960,343	10,855,270

The Group is not subject to taxation in the Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands.

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits of the year.

The PRC corporate income tax is provided at the rate of 25% (2012: 25%) for the year.

The income tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the enacted tax rate of the home country of the companies comprising the Group as follows:

本集團於開曼群島及英屬處女群島毋須繳 納税項。

於本年度內,香港利得税按税率16.5% (二零一二年:16.5%)就估計應課税溢利 作出撥備。

於本年度內,中國企業所得税按税率25% (二零一二年:25%)作出撥備。

本集團除所得税前溢利產生之所得稅與使 用本集團旗下成員公司所在之國家既定稅 率計算之理論數額之區別如下:

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利	(3,293,434)	43,726,938
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits in the respective	在各有關國家的溢利按適用的 當地税率計算的税項		
countries	T = 1-4V // 88 L	645,923	8,757,154
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes		2,356,155	1,425,156
Tax loss not recognised Tax effect of share of results of	未確認的税項虧損 分佔合資公司業績的税務影響	336,909	669,516
joint ventures	刀旧口貝厶刊未與的忧伤於音	621,356	3,444
Income tax expense	所得税開支	3,960,343	10,855,270

11 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

The emoluments of the directors during the year are set out below:

11 董事薪酬

(a) 董事薪酬

年內,董事之薪酬載列如下:

		Fee 袍金 HK\$ 港元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物福利 HK\$ 港元	Retirement benefit contributions 退休金供款 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
Year ended 31 December 2013	截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日 止年度	他儿	/ 他儿	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	<u>他儿</u>
Executive director: Fong Man Kelvin (Chairman) Fong Nga Peggy	執行董事: 方文 (主席) 巫曼因	Ξ	855,000 360,000	15,000 15,000	870,000 375,000
Non-executive director: De Weyer Daniel Ludovicus Joannes	非執行董事: 戴偉仁	88,000	_	_	88,000
Independent non-executive director: Wong Sui Chi Frankie Tam Kwok Ming Banny (Note a) Tsoi Wing Sum (Note b) Wong Hak Kun Jerry Frostick Stephen William (Note b)	獨立非執行董事: 黃瑞熾 譚國明(附註a) 蔡榮森(附註b) 黃克勤 Frostick Stephen William	88,000 59,906 81,837 88,000	_ _ _		88,000 59,906 81,837 88,000
Liu Cheng Zhong (Note b)	(附註b) 劉承忠(附註b)	6,507 6,507	_	Ξ	6,507 6,507
		418,757	1,215,000	30,000	1,663,757
Year ended 31 December 2012	截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日 止年度				
Executive director: Fong Man Kelvin (Chairman) Wong William (Note c) Fong Nga Peggy (Note c)	執行董事: 方文(主席) 黃禕淏(附註c) 巫曼因(附註c)	- - -	820,000 87,356	27,000 2,000 —	847,000 89,356 —
Non-executive director: De Weyer Daniel Ludovicus Joannes	非執行董事: 戴偉仁	86,000	_	_	86,000
Independent non-executive director: Wong Sui Chi Frankie (Note c) Tam Kwok Ming Banny Tsoi Wing Sum Wong Hak Kun Jerry	獨立非執行董事: 黃瑞熾(附註 c) 譚國明 蔡榮森 黃克勤	 86,000 86,000 86,000	- - - -	- - - -	86,000 86,000 86,000
		344,000	907,356	29,000	1,280,356

綜合財務報表附註

11 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Note:

- a: On 4 September 2013, Tam Kwok Ming Banny resigned as independent non-executive director of the Group.
- b: On 4 December 2013, Tsoi Wing Sum resigned as independent non-executive director. On the same date, Frostick Stephen William and Liu Cheng Zhong were appointed as independent non-executive directors of the Group.
- c: On 28 December 2012, William Wong resigned as Chief Executive. On the same date, Fong Nga Peggy and Wong Sui Chi Frankie were appointed as executive director and independent non-executive director of the Group, respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, no director received any emolument from the Group as an inducement to join or leave the Group or compensation for loss of office, no director waived or has agreed to waive any emoluments (2012: Nil).

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include one (2012: one) director and four (2012: four) senior executives. The emoluments of the one (2012: one) director are reflected in the analysis presented above.

The emoluments payable to the remaining four (2012: four) individuals during the year are as follows:

11 董事薪酬 (續)

(a) 董事薪酬 (續)

附註:

- a: 於二零一三年九月四日,譚國明 辭任本集團獨立非執行董事。
- b: 於二零一三年十二月四日,蔡榮 森辭任獨立非執行董事。同日, Frostick Stephen William及劉承忠 獲委任為本集團獨立非執行董 事。
- c: 於二零一二年十二月二十八日, 黃樟淏辭任行政總裁,同日,巫 曼因及黃瑞熾分別獲委任為本集 團執行董事及獨立非執行董事。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事概無從本集團收取任何酬金作為加入或離開本集團之獎金或作為離職補償,亦無董事放棄或已同意放棄任何酬金(二零一二年:無)。

(b) 五名最高薪人士

於本年度,本集團五名最高薪人士 包括一名(二零一二年:一名)董事 及四名(二零一二年:四名)高級管 理層人士。一名(二零一二年:一 名)董事之酬金於上文呈列之分析中 反映。

於本年度,應付餘下四名(二零一二年:四名)人士的酬金如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Salaries, wages and allowances Pension obligations Share-based payment expenses	薪金、工資及津貼 退休金債務 以股份為基礎之付款開支	2,077,561 41,030 1,084,500	1,296,096 143,370 44,800
		3,203,091	1,484,266

11 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments fell within the following band:

11 董事薪酬 (續)

(b) 五名最高薪人士(續)

介乎如下范圍內之酬金:

		2013 二零一三年 Number of individuals 人數	2012 二零一二年 Number of individuals 人數
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元	3 1	4 _
		4	4

12 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to the equity owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

12 每股盈利

(a) 基本

每股基本盈利乃按本公司權益持有 人應佔溢利/虧損除以年內已發行 普通股加權平均數計算。

	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
(Loss)/profit attributable to the 本公司權益持有人應佔(虧損)/溢利 equity owners of the Company	(7,253,777)	32,871,668
Weighted average number of 已發行普通股之加權平均數 ordinary shares in issue	181,579,453	180,000,001
Basic (loss)/earnings per share 每股基本(虧損)/盈利(港仙)		
(Hong Kong cents)	(3.99)	18.26

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has two categories of dilutive potential ordinary shares: convertible notes and share options. The convertible notes are assumed to have been converted into ordinary shares, and the net profit is adjusted to eliminate the interest expenses less the tax effect. For the share options, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average annual market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

(b) 攤薄

綜合財務報表附註

12 EARNINGS PER SHARE (Continued)

(b) Diluted (Continued)

Dilutive loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2013 is the same as the basic loss per share as the conversion of potential dilutive ordinary shares in relation to the share options and convertible notes would have an anti-dilutive effect to the basic loss per share.

12 每股盈利(續)

(b) 攤簿(續)

由於轉換與購股權有關的潛在攤薄 普通股及可換股票據會對每股基本 虧損造成反攤薄影響,故截至二零 一三年十二月三十一日止年度之每 股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

> 2012 二零一二年

		, ,
Earnings	盈利	
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔溢利	32,871,668
Interest expenses on convertible notes	可換股票據之利息支出	890,000
Profit used to determine diluted earnings per share	用以計算每股攤薄盈利之溢利	33,761,668
Weighted average number of	已發行普通股之加權平均數	, ,
ordinary shares in issue		180,000,001
Adjustments for: — Assumed conversion of convertible notes	就下列項目調整: 一 假設可換股票據已兑換	7,890,411
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	計算每股攤薄盈利之	
for diluted earnings per share	普通股加權平均數	187,890,412
Diluted earnings per share (HK cents per share)	每股攤薄盈利(每股港仙)	17.97

There was no dilutive effect arose from share options on earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2012 since all outstanding share options were anti-dilutive.

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度,由於所有未行使購股權均具有反攤薄效應,故購股權對每股盈利並無攤薄影響。

13 LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Loss attributable to the owners of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of approximately HK\$6,213,035 (2012: HK\$1,456,134).

14 DIVIDENDS

No dividends had been paid or declared by the Company during the year (2012: Nil).

13 本公司擁有人應佔虧損

本公司擁有人應佔虧損約為6,213,035港元(二零一二年:1,456,134港元),於本公司財務報表內處理。

14 股息

本公司於年內並無派付或宣派任何股息(二零一二年:無)。

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15 物業、廠房及設備

Gr	Όl	ıρ
本	集	專

				4:	未閚		
		Leasehold improve- ments 租賃物業裝修 HK\$ 港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$ 港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$ 港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$ 港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
At 1 January 2012 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一二年一月一日 成本 累計折舊	44,043,126 (19,506,398)	7,862,527 (6,458,267)	1,009,799 (610,513)	2,850,346 (195,675)	- -	55,765,798 (26,770,853)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	24,536,728	1,404,260	399,286	2,654,671	_	28,994,945
Year ended 31 December 2012 Opening net book amount Additions Depreciation charge Exchange differences Reclassification	截至十二年 一二十 一二十 一二十年初置 一二十年初置 一二十 一二十 一二十 一二十 一二十 一二十 一二十 一二 一二 一二 一三 一三 一三 一三 一三 一三 一三 一三 一三 一三 一三 一三 一三	24,536,728 193,714 (6,291,862) 134,814 —	1,404,260 64,577 (888,741) 8,459 (705)	399,286 45,012 (208,781) 2,338 705	2,654,671 	_ 15,260,852 _ _ _	28,994,945 15,564,155 (7,959,800) 147,167
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	18,573,394	587,850	238,560	2,085,811	15,260,852	36,746,467
At 31 December 2012 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊	44,484,874 (25,911,480)	7,972,215 (7,384,365)	1,061,332 (822,772)	2,851,960 (766,149)	15,260,852 —	71,631,233 (34,884,766)
Net book amount	賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	18,573,394	587,850	238,560	2,085,811	15,260,852	36,746,467
Year ended 31 December 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals (Note 31) Depreciation charge Exchange differences Reclassification	截至二年 一三十 上年月度 年初置 年初置 (附註31) 折舊美 開 匯 至 新 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五	18,573,394 4,136 (947,668) (6,207,945) 425,657 (2,707)	587,850 18,717 (28,571) (506,049) 10,907	238,560 1,626 (8,786) (137,055) 5,466 2,707	2,085,811 — (158,670) (538,884) 5,755 —	15,260,852 25,326,725 (1,253,290) — 581,889	36,746,467 25,351,204 (2,396,985) (7,389,933) 1,029,674
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	11,844,867	82,854	102,518	1,394,012	39,916,176	53,340,427
At 31 December 2013 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊	40,992,261 (29,147,394)	6,595,204 (6,512,350)	1,059,550 (957,032)	2,701,859 (1,307,847)	39,916,176 —	91,265,050 (37,924,623)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	11,844,867	82,854	102,518	1,394,012	39,916,176	53,340,427

During the year, the Group has capitalised borrowing costs amounting to HK\$3,349,903 (2012: HK\$54,324) (Note 9) on qualifying assets.

年內,本集團已就合資格資產資本化借款 成本3,349,903港元(二零一二年:54,324 港元)(附註9)。

綜合財務報表附註

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

(Continued)

The Group leases a motor vehicle under non-cancellable finance leases (Note 25). The lease term is 5 years. Motor vehicle include the following amounts where the Group is a lessee under finance leases:

本集團根據不可撤銷融資租約租用一部汽 車(附註25),租期為5年。本集團作為承 租人根據融資租約租用的汽車包括以下金 額:

			本集團		
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元		
Cost — capitalised finance leases Accumulated depreciation	成本 — 已資本化之融資租賃 累計折舊	1,661,051 (692,105)	1,905,158 (429,058)		
Net book amount		968.946	1.476.100		

16 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

16 應收賬款及其他應收款項

		Group 本集團			npany 公司
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Trade debtors Less: Provision for impairment	應收貿易賬款 減: 應收賬款	10,929,589	49,776,139	-	-
of trade receivables	減值撥備	(634,115)	(1,500,000)		_
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金	10,295,474	48,276,139	_	_
other receivables	及其他應收款項	74,666,941	41,150,552	_	794,902
Less:	減:	84,962,415	89,426,691	-	794,902
Rental deposits Prepayment for property, plant and equipment	租賃按金 物業、廠房及 設備之預付	(1,425,273)	(1,497,017)	-	-
Deposit for an acquisition Prepaid operating lease	款項 收購業務之按金 預付營運租約	(59,969,169) —	(14,450,000) (10,000,000)	Ξ	_ _
non-current portion(Note 18)	一 非流動部分 (附註18)	(10,529,348)	(10,998,264)	_	_
Current portion	流動部分	13,038,625	52,481,410	_	794,902

16 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

16 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables are analysed as follows:

These represented payments for construction costs for new

office premise and budget hotels planned to be opened in

Note b:

the future.

預付款項、按金及其他應收款項之分析如下:

			oup 集團		npany 公司
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Deposits Rental deposits Deposit for an acquisition (Note a)	按金 租賃按金 收購業務之 按金(附註a)	1,425,273	1,497,017	-	-
Prepayments Property, plant and equipment	— — — — — — — 預付款項	1,425,273	11,497,017	-	-
(Note b) Prepaid operating lease Others	設備(附註b) 預付營運租約 其他	59,969,169 11,393,935 981,418	14,450,000 11,848,854 918,684	=	
Total prepayments	預付款項總額	72,344,522	27,217,538	=	
Other receivables	其他應收款項	897,146	2,435,997	-	794,902
Total prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金 及其他應收 款項總額	74,666,941	41,150,552	_	794,902
binding memorand acquiring 100% of company, which is properties interior decoration appossible acquisition according to the Marketing held on 21 feeting beld on 21 feeting beld on 21 feeting held on 21 f	n is approximately IOU, the Group paiet company. Pursua February 2013, the Gacquisition and the control of the	ing ("MOU") for apital of a target in the business of sideration for this HK\$60 million. d HK\$10 million ant to the board iroup decided not	附註a:	一份不具法律組織 (「標本」) (「標本」) (「標本」) (「標本」) (「標本」) (「原本」) (「原本))	一月,本之京南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南南

Annual Report 2013 二零一三年年報

款項。

就新辦公物業及計劃於未來開業

的經濟型酒店的建設成本支付的

附註b:

綜合財務報表附註

16 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The majority of the Group's revenue from hotel operations are made via credit cards or cash. Hotel rooms are rented to corporate customers with an appropriate credit history on credit terms of 30 days. For hotel consultancy services, the Group offers credit terms to external customers of 60 days upon acceptance of services by the customers. As at 31 December 2013, the Group has made provision for impairment of trade receivables of HK\$634,115 (2012: HK\$1,500,000). Trade receivables of HK\$10,185,469 (2012: HK\$47,257,408) were past due but not impaired. Management considered that no recoverability problem on these trade balances as a result of subsequent settlement received up to the date of this report and the agreement of the revised repayment schedule with certain trade debtors. The aging analysis of these trade debtors is as follows:

16 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

Group 本集團

		.1.5	T 124
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Neither past due nor impaired	無逾期亦無減值	110,005	1,018,731
0-30 days past due	逾期0至30天	673,981	6,457,730
31-60 days past due	逾期31至60天	237,934	6,961,124
61-90 days past due	逾期61至90天	481,524	4,505,744
Over 90 days past due	逾期超過90天	8,792,030	29,332,810
Past due but not impaired	已逾期但並無減值	10,185,469	47,257,408
		10,295,474	48,276,139

The credit quality of trade debtors that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to historical information about counterparties' settlement pattern.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of each class of receivable mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

無逾期亦無減值的應收貿易賬款的信貸質 素可參考交易對手的過往還款記錄予以評 估。

最高信貸風險為上述各類應收款項的賬面 值。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押 品。

16 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

16 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團應收賬款及其他應收款項之賬面值 以下列貨幣計值:

			Group 本集團		Company 本公司		
		2013	2012	2013	2012		
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年		
		HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元		
		他儿	他儿	/67	他儿		
RMB	人民幣	56,367,348	53,146,209	_	_		
HK\$	港元	28,595,067	36,280,482	_	794,902		
		84,962,415	89,426,691	_	794,902		

Movements on the provision for impairment of trade debtors are as follows:

應收貿易賬款減值撥備之變動如下:

			Group 本集團		
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元		
At 1 January Provision for impairment of	於一月一日 應收賬款減值撥備	1,500,000	_		
trade receivable Receivables written off during	於年內撇銷為不可收回的	913,154	1,500,000		
the year as uncollectible Reversal of provision for impairment	應收款項 撥回應收賬款減值撥備	(279,039)	-		
of trade receivable		(1,500,000)	_		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	634,115	1,500,000		

The reversal of provision for impaired debtors has been included in "other operating expenses" in the income statement (Note 6).

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

已減值應收賬款撥備撥回已計入收益表中的「其他經營開支」(附註6)。

應收賬款及其他應收款項之其他類別並不包含已減值資產。

綜合財務報表附註

17 AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS 17 可供出售金融資產

Group and Company 本集團和本公司

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
At 1 January Additions Disposal of financial assets Net gain transferred to equity (Note 23)	於一月一日 添置 出售金融資產 轉撥至權益之收益淨額(附註23)	1,162,000 — (1,162,000) —	_ 984,000 _ 178,000
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	_	1,162,000

Available-for-sale financial assets represent equity securities listed in Hong Kong which are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

The Group transferred fair value gain of HK\$178,000 (2012: Nil) previously recognised in available-for-sale security reserve in equity to the income statement upon the disposal of available-for-sale financial assets in 2013.

18 PREPAID OPERATING LEASE

As at 31 December 2013, the balance primarily represented the non-current portion of the operating lease payment paid to an independent third party in respect of the rental of a hotel premise in the PRC for a lease term of 15 years till 30 June 2026.

可供出售金融資產指於香港上市且以港元 計值之股本證券。

於二零一三年,本集團於出售可供出售金融資產後將之前於權益內可供出售證券儲備中確認的公平值收益178,000港元(二零一二年:零)轉撥至收益表。

18 預付經營租賃

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,該結餘主要指就於中國的酒店物業租賃(租期截至二零二六年六月三十日止十五年)向一名獨立第三方支付的經營租賃付款之非即期部分。

19 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

On 22 December 2011, the Group entered into a Joint Venture Agreements ("Agreements") with an independent third party in relation to the formation of two joint ventures.

19 於合資公司之權益

於二零一一年十二月二十二日,本集團與 一名獨立第三方就成立兩間合資公司訂立 一項合營協議(「該協議」)。

Group 本集團

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
As at 1 January Share of result	於一月一日 分佔業績	19,492,931	9,503,801
 Loss for the period (Note) Other comprehensive income Loans granted to joint ventures 	一期內虧損(附註) 一其他全面收入 授予合資公司之貸款	(3,731,953) (33,843) 9,705,600	(20,870) — 10,010,000
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日		19,492,931
As at or December	バークー! ロ	25,432,735	19,492,931

Note:

The joint ventures operate two hotels in Sanya City, Hainan Province. One of them has started operations during the year and operating loss was recorded in the early stage of operations.

The details of the Group's interests in joint ventures are as follows:

附註:

該等合資公司於海南省三亞市經營兩間酒店。 其中一間已於年內開始營運,並於營運初期錄 得營運虧損。

本集團於合資公司之權益的詳情如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊地點	Date of incorporation 註冊日期	Issued share capital 已發行股本	Attributable equity interest 應佔股本權益	Principal activity 主要業務
Sanya Welcomeinn Waterfront Tourism Limited	Hong Kong	7 October 2011	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	60%	Investment holding and hotel operation
("Waterfront") 三亞悦來客棧水岸旅業 有限公司(「水岸」)	香港	二零一一年十月七日	每股1港元的2股 普通股		投資控股及酒店營運
Sanya Welcomeinn Jinhua Tourism Limited ("Jinhua")	Hong Kong	7 October 2011	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	60%	Investment holding and hotel operation
三亞悦來客棧錦華旅業 有限公司(「錦華」)	香港	二零一一年十月七日	每股1港元的2股 普通股		投資控股及酒店營運

The joint ventures are private companies and there are no quoted market price available for their shares.

The cost of unlisted investments in joint ventures includes shareholder's loans of HK\$31,732,600 (2012: HK\$22,027,000) to joint ventures for establishment of two hotels in the PRC. The Group will not demand for the repayment of the shareholder's loans, and accordingly, these loans are treated as capital injection by the Group into joint ventures. These loans are denominated in HK\$, unsecured and non-interest bearing.

該等合資公司為私人公司,其股份並無市 場報價。

於合資公司之非上市投資成本包括就於中國設立兩間酒店而授予合資公司的股東貸款31,732,600港元(二零一二年:22,027,000港元)。本集團並無要求償還該股東貸款,因此該等貸款被視為本集團對合資公司之注資。該等貸款以港元計值,為無抵押及免息。

綜合財務報表附註

19 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued) 19 於合資公司之權益(續)

Commitments and contingent liabilities in respect of joint ventures

There are no commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in the joint ventures.

Summarised financial information for joint ventures

Set out below are the summarised financial information for Sanya Welcomeinn Waterfront Tourism Limited and Sanya Welcomeinn Jinhua Tourism Limited which is accounted for using the equity method.

Summarised statement of financial position

與合資公司有關之承擔及或然負債

概無與本集團於合資公司之權益有關之承 擔及或然負債。

合資公司之財務資料概要

以下載列以權益法入賬的三亞悦來客棧水 岸旅業有限公司及三亞悦來客棧錦華旅業 有限公司之財務資料概要。

財務狀況表概要

		Waterfront 水岸		Jinhua 錦華		Total 總額	
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Current Cash and cash equivalents Other current assets (excluding cash)	流動 現金及現金等價物 其他流動資產 (不包括現金)	240,915 646,892	4,101 2	2,835 902	4,386 2	243,750 647,794	8,487
Total current assets	流動資產總額	887,807	4,103	3,737	4,388	891,544	8,491
Other current liabilities (including trade payables)	其他流動負債 (包括應付貿易賬款)	(4,188,860)	(18,700)	(333,936)	(14,700)	(4,522,796)	(33,400)
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	(4,188,860)	(18,700)	(333,936)	(14,700)	(4,522,796)	(33,400)
Non-current Assets	非流動 資產	19,437,381	20,351,967	17,921,285	7,914,048	37,358,666	28,266,015
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	19,437,381	20,351,967	17,921,285	7,914,048	37,358,666	28,266,015
Net assets	淨資產	16,136,328	20,337,370	17,591,086	7,903,736	33,727,414	28,241,106

19 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

19 於合資公司之權益(續)

Summarised statement of comprehensive income

全面收益表概要

		Waterfront 水岸		Jinhua 錦華		Total 總額	
		2013	2012 二零一二年	2013	2012 二零一二年	2013	2012 二零一二年
		HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本(不包括折舊)	1,799,188	-	-	-	1,799,188	-
(excluding depreciation)		(5,826,049)	-	-	_	(5,826,049)	-
Depreciation and amortisation Interest income	折舊及攤銷 利息收入	(1,512,909) 108	_ 16	_	_ 1	(1,512,909) 108	_ 17
Other income	其他收入	26,049	_	-	_	26,049	_
Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses	銷售及分銷開支 行政開支	(373,566) (317,293)	(19,550)	(15,450)	(15,250)	(373,566) (332,743)	(34,800)
Loss from continuing operation	s 持續經營業務虧損	(6,204,472)	(19,534)	(15,450)	(15,249)	(6,219,922)	(34,783)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	(56,404)	_	-	_	(56,404)	_
Total comprehensive loss	綜合虧損總額	(6,260,876)	(19,534)	(15,450)	(15,249)	(6,276,326)	(34,783)
Dividends received from Joint Ventures	從合資公司收取 之股息	_	_	_	_	_	_

The information above reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the joint ventures, adjusted for differences in accounting policies between the Group and the joint ventures, and not the Group's share of those amounts.

上述資料反映經就本集團及合資公司之間 的會計政策差異作出調整的合資公司財務 報表所呈列的金額,而非本集團應佔金 額。

Group

20 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

20 現金及現金等價物

本集團 2013 2012 二零一三年 二零一二年 HK\$ HK\$ 港元 港元 銀行現金 Cash at bank 9,756,283 20,693,546 手頭現金 Cash on hand 9,829,253 7,186,930 19,585,536 27,880,476 Maximum exposure to credit risk 最大信用風險承擔 9,756,283 20,693,546

綜合財務報表附註

20 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

20 現金及現金等價物(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's cash on hand and cash at bank are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團的手頭現金及銀行現金之賬面值以 下列貨幣計值:

Group

	本集團		
	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元	
RMB 人民幣 HK\$ 港元	19,547,183 38,353	9,030,737 18,849,739	
	19,585,536	27,880,476	

As at 31 December 2013, the Group has cash at bank amounting to HK\$9,717,903 (2012: HK\$1,844,717), which are denominated in RMB and held in the PRC. The conversion of RMB denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of such foreign currencies denominated bank balances and cash out from the PRC are subject to relevant rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團的銀行現金為9,717,903港元(二零一二年:1,844,717港元),以人民幣計值及存於中國。以人民幣計值結餘兑換為外幣及將此等以外幣計值的銀行結餘及現金匯出中國境外,須受中國政府頒佈的相關外匯管制規則及法規規限。

21 SHARE CAPITAL

21 股本

Company
本公司

Number of

shares 股份數目 Amount 金額

Authorised: 法定:

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each 每股面值0.01港元的

普通股

 At 1 December 2012,
 於二零一二年十二月一日、

 31 December 2012 and
 二零一二年十二月三十一日及

31 December 2013 二零一三年十二月三十一日 780

780,000,000

7,800,000

21 SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

21 股本(續)

Company 本公司

Number of shares 股份數目

Amount 金額

2,165,001

Issued and fully paid: 已發行及繳足:

每股面值0.01港元的 Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each

普通股

於二零一二年十二月一日、 At 1 December 2012,

二零一二年十二月三十一日及 31 December 2012 and

二零一三年一月一日 1 January 2013 180,000,001 1,800,001

36,000,000 Conversion of convertible notes (Note) 兑換可換股票據(附註) 360,000 Exercise of share options an employee 一名僱員行使購股權 500,000 5,000

於二零一三年 At 31 December 2013

十二月三十一日

216,500,001

附註: Notes:

The convertible notes was fully converted during the year, an aggregate of 36,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at a conversion price of HK\$0.85 per share.

該等可換股票據於年內獲悉數兑換,就此按兑 換價每股0.85港元發行合共36,000,000股每股 面值0.01港元之普通股。

綜合財務報表附註

22 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT — GROUP AND COMPANY

Share options are granted to selected employees. The exercise price of the granted options is equal to the market price of the shares on the date of the grant. The options are exercisable for two years from the grant date. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

22 以股份為基礎之付款 — 本集團 及本公司

購股權乃授予指定僱員。已授出購股權之 行使價等於授出當日之股份市價。該等購 股權可於授出日期起計兩年內行使。本集 團概無以現金購回或結算購股權的法定或 推定責任。

未行使購股權數目及其相關加權平均行使 價的變動如下:

		20 · 二零-		2012 二零一二年	
		Exercise price in HK\$ per		Average exercise price in HK\$ per	
		share option 購股權 行使價 (每股港元)	Options 購股權	share option 購股權 平均行使價 (每股港元)	Options 購股權
At 1 January Granted Exercised	於一月一日 已授出 已行使	1.33 1.822 1.822	900,000 8,000,000 (500,000)	_ 1.33 _	900,000 —
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		8,400,000		900,000

All the options were exercisable. Options exercised in 2013 resulted in 500,000 shares (2012: nil) being issued at a weighted average price of HK\$1.822 each. The related weighted average share price at the time of exercise was HK\$1.8 per share.

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices:

所有購股權均可行使。於二零一三年獲行 使購股權導致按加權平均價格每股1.822 港元發行500,000股股份(二零一二年: 無)。於行使時的相關加權平均股價為每 股1.8港元。

年末尚未行使之購股權的屆滿日期及行使 價如下:

		Exercise price in HK\$ per share option	Opt 購	ions 殳權
Expiry date		購股權行使價	2013	2012
屆滿日期		(每股港元)	二零一三年	二零一二年
20 February 2014	二零一四年二月二十日	1.33	900,000	900,000
7 October 2015	二零一五年十月七日	1.822	7,500,000	
			8,400,000	900,000

22 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT — GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

The weighted average fair value of options granted during the year determined using the Binomial Option Pricing Model (2012: Trinomial Option Pricing Model) was HK\$0.36 (2012: HK\$0.25) per option. The significant inputs into the model were weighted average share price of HK\$1.822 (2012: HK\$1.33) at the grant date, exercise price shown above, volatility of 42% (2012: 48%), an expected option life of two years (2012: two years), and an annual risk-free interest rate of 0.34% (2012: 0.42%). The volatility measured at the standard deviation of continuously compounded share returns is based on statistical analysis of daily share prices since the Company was listed. Please see Note 7 for the total expenses recognised in profit or loss for share options granted to employees.

22 以股份為基礎之付款 — 本集團 及本公司 (續)

年內授出之購股權的加權平均公平值乃使 用二項式購股權定價模式(二零一二年: 三項式購股權定價模式)釐定,為每份購 股權0.36港元(二零一二年:0.25港元)。 該模式的重大輸入數據為授出日期之加權 平均股價1.822港元(二零一二年:1.33港元)、以上所示行使價、波幅42%(二零一二年:48%)、預期購股權年期兩年(二零一二年:48%)、預期購股權年期兩年(二零一二年:48%)、預期購股權年期兩年(二零一二年:兩年)以及無風險年利率0.34%(二零一二年:0.42%)。以持續複合股份回報率之標準偏差計算之波幅乃根據本公司上市以來的每日股價統計分析計算。有關授予僱員購股權於損益中確認的開支總額的資料,請參閱附註7。

23 RESERVES

Group

23 儲備

本集團

		Share premium	Exchange reserve	Statutory reserve (Note (i)) 法定儲備	Share option reserve	Available-for- sale security reserve 可供出售	Other reserve	Share- holder's contributions	Retained earnings	Total
		股份溢價 HK\$ 港元	外匯儲備 HK\$ 港元	(附註(i)) HK\$ 港元	購股權儲備 HK\$ 港元	證券儲備 HK\$ 港元	其他儲備 HK\$ 港元	股東注資 HK\$ 港元	保留盈利 HK\$ 港元	總額 HK\$ 港元
At 1 January 2012 Net profit	於二零一二年一月一日 年內溢利淨額	38,030,244	1,690,691	500,000	-	_	8,020,110	20,751,024	14,749,344	83,741,413
for the year Currency translation differences Fair value changes on available-	貨幣匯兑差額可供出售金融資產	- -	249,923	- -	-	- -	-	- -	32,871,668 —	32,871,668 249,923
for-sale financial assets Employee share option benefit Transfer to statutory reserve	公平值之變動 僱員購股權福利 轉撥至法定儲備	- - -	- - -	- - 661,018	224,000 —	178,000 - -	- - -	- - -	- - (661,018)	178,000 224,000 —
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日	38,030,244	1,940,614	1,161,018	224,000	178,000	8,020,110	20,751,024	46,959,994	117,265,004
At 1 January 2013 Net loss for the year Currency translation differences	於二零一三年一月一日 年內虧損淨額 貨幣匯兑差額	38,030,244 - -	1,940,614 - 2,296,761	1,161,018 - -	224,000 - -	178,000 - -	8,020,110 - -	20,751,024 - -	46,959,994 (7,253,777) —	117,265,004 (7,253,777) 2,296,761
Fair value changes on available- for-sale financial assets Employee share option benefit Exercise of share options by employees Conversion of convertible notes Transfer to statutory reserve	可供公開 供出售金融資動 作員與關稅權關稅 所有 所有 所有 所 所 所 所 所 所 所 所 所 所 所 所 所 所 所	- 1,086,750 32,377,000	-	- - - - 443,245	2,892,000 (180,750) —	(178,000) - - - -	-	-	_ _ _ _ _ (443,245)	(178,000) 2,892,000 906,000 32,377,000
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	71,493,994	4,237,375	1,604,263	2,935,250	-	8,020,110	20,751,024	39,262,972	148,304,988

綜合財務報表附註

23 RESERVES (Continued)

23 儲備(續)

Company

本公司

		Share premium	Share option reserve	Available-for- sale security reserve 可供出售	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價	購股權儲備	證券儲備	累計虧損	總額
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	38,030,244	_	_	(1,208,809)	36,821,435
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	_	_	(1,456,134)	(1,456,134)
Fair value changes on available-for-sale	可供出售金融資產公平值之變動				(1,100,101)	(1,100,101)
financial assets	THEFT	_	_	178,000	_	178,000
Employee share option benefit	僱員購股權福利	-	224,000	_	-	224,000
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	38,030,244	224,000	178,000	(2,664,943)	35,767,301
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	38,030,244	224,000	178,000	(2,664,943)	35,767,301
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	(6,213,035)	(6,213,035)
Fair value changes on available-for-sale	可供出售金融資產公平值之變動					
financial assets	(2 = all an) (1 = 2)	-	-	(178,000)	-	(178,000)
Employee share option benefit	僱員購股權福利	-	2,892,000	-	-	2,892,000
Exercise of share options by employees	僱員行使購股權 2.4.5 可以 B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	1,086,750	(180,750)	-	-	906,000
Conversion of convertible notes	兑換可換股票據 ————————————————————————————————————	32,377,000	-	-	-	32,377,000
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	71,493,994	2,935,250	-	(8,877,978)	65,551,266

Note (i): In accordance with the relevant regulations and the Article of association, the Group's subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC are required to allocate at least 10% of the after-tax profit according to the PRC accounting standards and regulations to general statutory reserve until such reserve has reached 50% of registered capital. This reserve can only be used for specific purposes. Appropriation to the general statutory reserve for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to HK\$443,245 (2012: HK\$661,018).

Note (ii): The other reserves represent the difference between the nominal value of the issued capital of Legend Strategy Limited, Lai Ying International Limited and Triple Leaf Limited, the then shareholders of Legend Strategy Limited and the nominal value of the 135,000,001 shares issued and allotted to the shareholders of the above companies by the Company.

附註 (i): 根據有關法規及組織章程細則,本集團於中國註冊成立的附屬公司須根據中國會計準則及法規分配最低10%的除稅後溢利至一般法定儲備,直至該儲備達到註冊資本的50%。該儲備僅可用作指定目的。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,一般法定儲備的撥款為443,245港元(二零一二年:661,018港元)。

附註 (ii): 其他儲備指朸濬有限公司、勵盈國際 有限公司及朸濬有限公司當時的股東 三葉有限公司之已發行股本面值與本 公司向上述公司股東發行及配發之 135,000,001股股份面值之間的差 額。

24 PROVISION FOR ASSET RETIREMENT

Under the terms of the tenancy agreements signed with landlords, the Group shall vacate and re-instate the leased hotel premises at the Group's cost upon expiry of the relevant tenancy agreements in 8 to 10 years. Provision is therefore made for the best estimate of the expected reinstatement costs to be incurred. Movements of provision for asset retirement are as follows:

24 報廢資產復原成本撥備

根據與業主簽訂的租賃協議條款,本集團 將須於相關租賃協議在八至十年後滿期時 搬離並還原酒店租賃物業,相關費用由本 集團承擔。因此已對預期產生還原成本以 最貼近的評估進行撥備。報廢資產復原成 本撥備的變動如下:

Group 本集團

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
At 1 January Finance cost on asset retirement	於一月一日 報廢資產復原債務的 融資成本(附註9)	3,457,087	3,278,455 160,421
obligations (Note 9) Exchange differences	匯兑差額	173,407 109,451	18,211
At 31 December Less: non-current portion	於十二月三十一日 減:非即期部分	3,739,945 (1,440,769)	3,457,087 3,457,087
Current portion	即期部分	2,299,176	_

綜合財務報表附註

25 FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES

Finance lease liabilities are effectively secured by the rights to the leased asset. The Group's motor vehicle amounting to HK\$968,946 as at 31 December 2013 (2012: HK\$1,476,100) would revert to the lessor in the event of default (Note 15).

25 融資租賃負債

融資租賃負債實際上以對租賃資產的權利作抵押。倘出現違約,本集團於二零一三年十二月三十一日金額為968,946港元(二零一二年:1,476,100港元)之汽車將轉回予出租人(附註15)。

Group 本集團

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Gross finance lease liabilities — minimum lease payment — Not later than 1 year — Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years	融資租賃負債總額 — 最低租賃付款 — 不超過一年 — 超過一年但五年以內	377,892 535,347	470,208 944,011
Future finance charges on finance lease Present value of finance lease liabilities	融資租賃之日後財務費用融資租賃負債現值	913,239 (54,294) 858,945	1,414,219 (112,761) 1,301,458

25 FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued) 25 融資租賃負債(續)

The present value of finance lease liabilities is as follows:

融資租賃負債的現值如下:

Group 本 生 国

		平朱 圉	
	:	2013 二零一三年 HK\$	2012 二零一二年 HK\$
		港元	港元
•	「超過一年 日過一年但五年以內	342,694	412,305
than 5 years		516,251	889,153
		858,945	1,301,458

26 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

26 應付賬款及其他應付款項

	Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
Trade payables 應付賬款 Accruals and other payables 應計項目及	3,072,392	2,762,001	-	_
其他應付款項	13,552,813	6,302,788	3,875,230	176,000
	16,625,205	9,064,789	3,875,230	176,000

綜合財務報表附註

26 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued) 26 應付賬款及其他應付款項 (續)

Accruals and other payables are analysed as follows:

應計項目及其他應付款項分析載列如下:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$	2012 二零一二年 HK\$	2013 二零一三年 HK\$	2012 二零一二年 HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元
Accruals	應計項目				
Accrued staff costs Accrued audit and	一應計員工成本 一應計審核及	1,811,239	706,385	992,000	176,000
professional fee — Accrual effective rental	專業費用 一 實際租金	2,910,200	1,520,000	1,202,200	_
payable	應付款項	2,678,463	103,415	-	_
		7,399,902	2,329,800	2,194,200	176,000
Other payables	其他應付款項				
 Other tax payables 	一其他應付税項	3,635,256	2,086,182	_	_
Interest payableDeferred revenue —	一 應付利息 一 遞延收益 一	1,471,164	_	1,471,164	_
membership fee	會籍費用	191,242	277,480	_	_
Deferred revenue — customer loyalty	— 遞延收益 — 客戶忠誠				
programme	度計劃	166,163	110,453	_	_
 Receipt in advance 	一預收款項	191,708	611,322	_	_
- Others	一其他	497,378	887,551	209,866	_
Other payables	其他應付款項	6,152,911	3,972,988	1,681,030	
Total accruals and	應計項目及				
other payables	其他應付款項 總額	13,552,813	6,302,788	3,875,230	176,000

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables approximate their fair value.

本集團應付賬款及其他應付款項之賬面值 與其公平值相若。

26 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued) 26 應付賬款及其他應付款項 (續)

The aging analysis of trade payables is as follows:

應付賬款的賬齡分析如下:

G	ro	up
本	集	專

		4.	平集	
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元	
		/E/U	化儿	
0-30 days 31-60 days 61-90 days Over 90 days	0至30天 31至60天 61至90天 超過90天	1,151,344 706,732 588,059 626,257	940,788 702,292 542,906 576,015	
		3,072,392	2,762,001	

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團應付賬款及其他應付款項之賬面值 以下列貨幣計值:

			Group 本集團		npany 公司
		2013 二零一三年			2012 二零一二年
		— ◆ — + HK\$ 港元	—◆ —+ HK\$ 港元	二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	— ◆
RMB	人民幣	10,662,137	6,316,205	_	_
HK\$	港元	5,963,068	2,748,584	3,875,230	176,000
		16,625,205	9,064,789	3,875,230	176,000

綜合財務報表附註

27 CONVERTIBLE NOTES

27 可換股票據

Group and Company 本集團及本公司

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Convertible notes — debt component Financial derivatives	可換股票據 — 債項部分 金融衍生工具	Ξ	29,405,000 832,000
		_	30,237,000

The Company issued 36,000,000 5.0% convertible notes ("convertible notes") at a consideration of HK\$30.6 million on 12 October 2013. The convertible notes will mature two years from the issue date at 112% of the outstanding principal or can be converted into shares at the holder's option anytime at a conversion price of HK\$0.85 per share. In addition, the convertible notes can be early redeemed by the Company anytime. Early redemption price is the price payable by the Company at redemption which will make the annualized yield of the convertible notes at 11% (including accrued interest to be paid up to date of redemption).

The fair value of the financial derivative includes the Company's right to redeem and the holder's right to convert. In December 2013, the holders of the convertible notes issued notice to convert and the Company determined not to exercise its right to redeem. Accordingly, all convertible notes are converted into 36 million of shares in December 2013 and the carrying value of the convertible notes is transferred to share capital and share premium.

於二零一三年十月十二日,本公司以代價30,600,000港元發行36,000,000份年利率為5.0厘的可換股票據(「可換股票據」)。可換股票據將於發行日期起計兩年後到期,未償還之任何可換股票據可由本公司以未償還本金額之112%贖回,或由持有人選擇隨時按每股0.85港元之兑換價兑可為股份。此外,本公司可隨時提前贖回回時應付的價格,基於該價格的可換股票據年化收益率為11%(包括截至贖回日期的應計利息)。

金融衍生工具的公平值包括本公司的贖回權利和持有人的轉換權利。於二零一三年十二月,可換股票據持有人發出通知去轉換可換股票據,本公司決定不行使其贖回權。因此,所有可換股票據於二零一三年十二月轉換為36,000,000股股份,可換股票據的賬面值則轉入股本及股份溢價。

27 CONVERTIBLE NOTES (Continued)

27 可換股票據(續)

The convertible notes recognised in the statement of financial position is calculated as follows:

於財務狀況表中確認之可換股票據乃根據 下列數據計算:

> **Group and** Company 本集團及本公司 HK\$ 港元

		他儿
Face value of convertible notes issued on 12 October 2012 Financial derivatives Less: transactions cost	於二零一二年十月十二日發行之 可換股票據面值 金融衍生工具 減:交易成本	30,600,000 (832,000) (918,000)
Debt component on initial recognition at 12 October 2012 Interest expense (Note 9) Interest paid/payable	於二零一二年十月十二日初次確認之 債項部分 利息開支(附註 9) 已付/應付利息	28,850,000 890,000 (335,000)
Debt component at 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013 Interest expense (Note 9) Interest paid/payable Conversion	於二零一二年十二月三十一日及 二零一三年一月一日之債項部分 利息開支(附註 9) 已付/應付利息 兑換	29,405,000 3,971,164 (1,471,164) (31,905,000)
Debt component at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日之債項部分	_

The debt component has an effective interest rate of 14%.

債項部分實際利率為14%。

綜合財務報表附註

28 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

28 遞延所得税

Accolorated

The analysis of deferred tax assets is as follows:

遞延税項資產分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Deferred income tax assets: — Deferred income tax assets to be recovered after 12 months — Deferred income tax assets to be recovered within 12 months	遞延所得税資產: 將於12個月後收回的遞延 所得税資產 將於12個月內收回的遞延 所得稅資產	527,327 757,246	1,065,638 386,585
		1,284,573	1,452,223

The movement in deferred income tax assets during the year is as follows:

於本年度內,遞延所得税資產變動如下:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 遞增税項折舊 HK\$ 港元	Provisions 撥備 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
At 1 January 2012 Credited/(Debited) to profit or loss Exchange differences	於二零一二年一月一日 計入(扣自)損益 匯兑差額	281,557 58,720 1,647	1,506,708 (405,222) 8,813	1,788,265 (346,502) 10,460
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日	341,924	1,110,299	1,452,223
At 1 January 2013 Debited to profit or loss Exchange differences	於二零一三年一月一日 扣自損益 匯兑差額	341,924 (183,165) 8,376	1,110,299 (36,592) 43,731	1,452,223 (219,757) 52,107
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	167,135	1,117,438	1,284,573

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As of 31 December 2013, the Group does not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$1,006,425 (2012: HK\$669,516) in respect of losses amounting to HK\$6,099,546 (2012: HK\$4,057,673) that can be carried forward against taxable income. The tax loss can be carried forward indefinitely.

Deferred tax liabilities of HK\$1,231,959 (2012: HK\$999,263) have not been recognised for the withholding tax and other taxes that would be payable on the remitted earnings of certain subsidiaries. Such amounts are permanently reinvested. Unremitted earnings as at 31 December 2013 was HK\$24,639,185 (2012: HK\$19,985,253).

倘有關稅務利益可能透過抵銷未來應課稅 溢利變現,則會就所結轉之稅項虧損確認 遞延所得稅資產。於二零一三年十二月三 十一日,本集團並無就可作結轉以抵銷應 課稅收入之虧損6,099,546港元(二零一二 年:4,057,673港元)確認遞延稅項資產 1,006,425港元(二零一二年:669,516港 元)。該稅項虧損可無限期結轉。

並無就因匯出若干附屬公司之盈利而應繳之預扣稅及其他稅項確認遞延稅項負債1,231,959港元(二零一二年:999,263港元)。該等金額乃永久作再投資。於二零一三年十二月三十一日未匯出盈利為24,639,185港元(二零一二年:19,985,253港元)。

29 INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND AMOUNT TO A SUBSIDIARY - COMPANY

29 本公司於附屬公司之權益及應 付一間附屬公司款項

Company 本公司

			十 ム 刊		
			2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元	
Non-current asset Unlisted shares, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries	非流動資產 非上市股份,按成本值 應收附屬公司款項	(a)	8 66,857,631	8 37,507,639	
			66,857,639	37,507,647	
Current asset Amounts due from subsidiaries	流動資產 應收附屬公司款項	(b)	5,370,758	29,152,653	
Current liability Amount to a subsidiary	流動負債 應付一間附屬公司款項	(b)	636,900	636,900	

- Amounts due from subsidiaries are denominated in HK\$, (a) unsecured, interest free and repayable on a date to be mutually agreed by both parties.
- Amount due from/to subsidiaries are denominated in HK\$, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- 應收附屬公司款項乃以港元計值,無抵 (a) 押、免息及須於雙方共同協定的日期償 還。
- (b) 應收/付附屬公司款項乃以港元計值, 無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

綜合財務報表附註

29 INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND AMOUNT 29 本公司於附屬公司之權益及應 TO A SUBSIDIARY — COMPANY (Continued)

付一間附屬公司款項(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2013 are as follows:

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,主要附屬 公司之詳情如下:

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Date of incorporation/ establishment	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/	Attributable equity interest	Principal activities	Principal country of operation
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立地點	註冊成立/成立日期	註冊資本	應佔股本權益	主要業務	營運地點
Legend Strategy International Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI")	15 December 2010	4 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100% (direct)	Investment holding	BVI
朸濬國際有限公司	英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)	二零一零年十二月十五日	每股1美元的4股普通股	(直接)	投資控股	英屬處女群島
Legend Strategy Limited	Hong Kong	28 May 2007	10,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100% (indirect)	Investment holding and provision of hotel consultancy services	Hong Kong
朸濬有限公司	香港	二零零七年五月二十八日	每股1港元的 10,000,000股普通股	(間接)	投資控股及 提供酒店顧問服務	香港
Welcome Inn Management Limited	Hong Kong	24 October 2011 (Date of acquisition)	1 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100% (indirect)	Provision of hotel management services	Hong Kong
悦來客棧酒店管理有限公司	香港	二零一一年十月二十四日 (收購日)	每股1港元的1股普通股	(間接)	提供酒店管理服務	香港
Legend Strategy Management Limited	BVI	9 February 2011	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100% (indirect)	Rental of hotel premise	Hong Kong
	英屬處女群島	二零一一年二月九日	每股1美元的1股普通股	(間接)	酒店物業租賃	香港
Shenzhen Yuelai Inn Tourists Co., Ltd.	The PRC*	11 December 2006	HK\$8,000,000	100% (indirect)	Hotel operations	Shenzhen
深圳悦來客棧旅業有限公司	中國*	二零零六年十二月十一日	8,000,000港元	(間接)	酒店營運	深圳
Shenzhen Yingde Tourists Co., Ltd.	The PRC*	30 May 2008	HK\$8,000,000	100% (indirect)	Hotel operations	Shenzhen
深圳盈的旅業有限公司	中國*	二零零八年五月三十日	8,000,000港元	(間接)	酒店營運	深圳
Shenzhen Modern Tourists	The PRC*	25 April 2008	HK\$1,000,000	100% (indirect)	Hotel operations and provision of hotel consultancy services	Shenzhen
深圳摩登旅業管理有限公司	中國*	二零零八年四月二十五日	1,000,000港元	(間接)	酒店營運及 提供酒店顧問服務	深圳
Shenzhen Yuelai Inn Co., Ltd.	The PRC*	26 November 2008	HKD5,000,000	100% (indirect)	Hotel operations	Shenzhen
深圳悦來客棧有限公司	中國*	二零零八年十一月二十六日	5,000,000港元	(間接)	酒店營運	深圳

Wholly owned Foreign Enterprise

^{*} 外商獨資企業

30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY 30 分類金融工具

Group 本集團

Assets as per statement of financial position Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables excluding prepayments Trade and other receivables excluding prepayments Total ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #					Loans and receivables 貸款及應收款項 HK\$ 港元
Total 機額 32,203,426 3	Cash and cash equivalents		列入財務狀況表的資產 現金及現金等價物		19,585,536
Financia liabilities a amortise cos 按攤銷成本計價 的金融負債 HKK 港方 31 December 2013 Liabilities as per statement of financial position Finance lease liabilities Riparde and other payables excluding non-financial liabilities Riparde Ripard					12,617,893
Biabilities a amortise (cos) 接機銷成本計信 的金融負債 的金融負債 的金融負債 的金融負債 的金融負債 日本	Total		總額		32,203,429
Liabilities as per statement of financial position Finance lease liabilities Finance lease liabilities Trade and other payables excluding non-financial liabilities Total ### Loans and receivables of the payables excluding non-financial liabilities Loans and receivables of the payables excluding non-financial liabilities Loans and receivables of the payable					Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計值 的金融負債 HK\$ 港元
Loans and receivables -for-sale Tota	Finance lease liabilities Trade and other payables excludin		列入財務狀況表的負債 融資租賃負債 應付賬款及其他應付款	'項	858,945 8,142,842
receivables	Total		總額		9,001,787
十二月三十一日 Assets as per statement of 例入財務狀況表的資產 financial position Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售金融資產 一 1,162,000 1,162,000 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 27,880,476 — 27,880,476 Trade and other receivables 應收賬款及其他應收款項 excluding prepayments (不包括預付款項) 62,209,153 — 62,209,153			receivables 貸款及應收款項 HK\$	-for-sale 可供出售 HK\$	Total 總額 HK\$
Available-for-sale financial assets可供出售金融資產—1,162,0001,162,000Cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等價物27,880,476—27,880,476Trade and other receivables excluding prepayments應收賬款及其他應收款項 (不包括預付款項)62,209,153—62,209,153	Assets as per statement of	十二月三十一日	產		
excluding prepayments (不包括預付款項) 62,209,153 — 62,209,153	Available-for-sale financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	27,880,476	1,162,000 —	1,162,000 27,880,476
Total 總額 90,089,629 1,162,000 91,251,629				_	62,209,153
	Total	總額	90,089,629	1,162,000	91,251,629

綜合財務報表附註

30	FINANCIAL	INSTRUMENTS	BY (CATEGORY	30	分類金融工具(續)
----	------------------	--------------------	------	----------	----	-----------

(Continued)

Group (Continued)

本集團(續)

		Financial Derivatives	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
		金融衍生 工具 HK\$ 港元	按攤銷成本 計值的 金融負債 HK\$ 港元	總額 HK\$ 港元
31 December 2012	二零一二年 十二月三十一日			
Liabilities as per statement of financial position Convertible notes — debt	→ 万三十一日 列入財務狀況表的負債 可換股票據 — 債項部分			
component		_	29,405,000	29,405,000
Derivative financial instruments Finance lease liabilities Trade and other payables excluding non-financial	衍生金融工具 融資租賃負債 應付賬款及其他應付款項 (不包括非金融負債)	832,000 —	_ 1,301,458	832,000 1,301,458
liabilities		_	5,169,552	5,169,552
Total	總額	832,000	35,876,010	36,708,010
Company		木八司		

Company 本公司

Loans and receivables 貸款及應收款項 HK\$ 港元

31 December 2013二零一三年十二月三十一日Assets as per statement of financial position列入財務狀況表的資產Amounts due from subsidiaries應收附屬公司款項5,370,758

30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY 30 分類金融工具(續)

(Continued)

Company (Continued)

本公司(續)

Financial liabilities at amortised

			ŧ	cost 安攤銷成本計值 的金融負債 HK\$ 港元
31 December 2013 Liabilities as per statement of fine Accruals Amount due to a subsidiary	nancial position	二零一三年十二月三十 列入財務狀況表的負債 應計費用 應付一間附屬公司款項		2,883,230 636,900
Total		總額		3,520,130
		Loans and receivables 貸款及應收款項 HK\$ 港元	Available -for-sale 可供出售 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
31 December 2012 Assets as per statement of financial position	二零一二年 十二月三十一日 列入財務狀況表的資	資產		
Available-for-sale financial assets Other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries	可供出售金融資產 其他應收款項 應收附屬公司款項	794,902 29,152,653	1,162,000 — —	1,162,000 794,902 29,152,653
Total	總額	29,947,555	1,162,000	31,109,555
		Financial Derivatives 衍生 金融工具 HK\$ 港元	Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本 計值的 金融負債 HK\$	Total 總額 HK\$ 港元
31 December 2012 Liabilities as per statement of	二零一二年 十二月三十一日 列入財務狀況表的負	負債		
financial position Amount due to a subsidiary Convertible notes — debt component Derivative financial instruments	應付一間附屬公司 可換股票據 一 債項部分 衍生金融工具	欢項 — — 832,000	636,900 29,405,000 —	636,900 29,405,000 832,000
Total	總額	832,000	30,041,900	30,873,900

綜合財務報表附註

31 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS 31 經營所得現金

	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
(Loss)/profit before income tax 除所得税前(虧損)/溢利 Adjustments for: 就下列項目調整:	(3,293,434)	43,726,938
Adjustments for. - Depreciation - 折舊 - Amortisation of prepaid - 預付經營租賃攤銷	7,389,933	7,959,800
operating lease - Finance cost, net - 融資成本一淨額 - (Reversal of)/provision for impairment - 應收賬款減值	864,587 774,332	850,590 1,000,868
of trade receivables (撥回)/撥備 - Share of results of joint ventures - 分佔合資公司之業績 - Share based payment expenses - 以股份為基礎之付款開支	(586,846) 3,765,796 2,892,000	1,500,000 20,870 224,000
 Net foreign exchange gain Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of available-for-sales 一 匯 兑收益淨額 一 出售物業、廠房及 設備之虧損 一 出售可供出售金融資產之 	1,040,800 2,276,985	_ _
financial assets 收益	(54,976)	_
Operating cash flow before changes	15,069,177	55,283,066
 Decrease in prepaid operating lease Decrease/(increase)in trade □ 預付經營租賃減少 □ 應收賬款及其他應收款項 	(395,671)	_
and other receivables 減少/(増加) - Decrease/(increase) in rental deposits — 租賃按金減少/(増加) - Increase in trade and other payables — 應付賬款及其他應付款項增加 - Decrease in amount due to a director — 應付一名董事款項減少	40,595,188 100,571 6,442,019 —	(21,228,256) (207,220) 800,204 (582,031)
─ Increase in amounts due from — 應收合資公司款項增加 joint ventures	(1,034,084)	_
Cash generated from/(used in) operations 經營產生/(所用)現金	60,777,200	34,065,763

31 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS 31 經營所得現金(續)

(Continued)

Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment of HK\$120,000 was not yet settled and recorded in other receivables:

出售物業、廠房及設備之所得款項 120,000港元尚未結算,並計入其他應收 款項:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Group	本集團		
Net book amount Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	賬面淨值 出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	2,396,985	_ _
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment recorded in other receivables	計入其他應收款項的出售物業、 廠房及設備之所得款項	120,000	_

32 COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating lease commitment

The Group leases various hotel premises under noncancellable operating lease agreements. The lease terms of the tenancy agreements are set out in Note 24. The leases have escalation clauses and renewal rights. The future aggregate minimum lease payments are as follows:

32 承擔

(a) 經營租賃承擔

本集團的數個酒店物業以不可撤銷經營租賃協議租賃。租賃協議的期限載列於附註24。租賃合約內有自動加價條款及續租權。未來總計最低租金如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
No later than 1 year Later than 1 year and	不超過一年 超過一年但五年以內	13,179,879	16,363,076
no later than 5 years Over 5 years	超過五年	40,631,817 76,191,099	54,452,348 77,699,150
		130,002,795	148,514,574

綜合財務報表附註

32 COMMITMENTS (Continued)

32 承擔(續)

(b) Capital commitment

The Group's capital expenditure at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

(b) 資本承擔

本集團於報告期末並未產生的資本 開支如下:

	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Contracted but not provided for: 已訂約但未撥備: — Capital injection to joint ventures — 對合資公司之注資 — Property, plant and equipment — 物業、廠房及設備	_ 38,225,301	1,782,590 43,383,844
	38,225,301	45,166,434

The Group's share of capital expenditure of joint ventures included above is as follows:

計入上述各項之本集團分佔合資公司之資本開支如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Contracted but not provided for: — Property, plant and equipment	已訂約但未撥備: 一 物業、廠房及設備	_	4,913,576

The Company has no other material commitments as at 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil).

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本 公司並無其他重大承擔(二零一二 年:無)。

33 FUTURE OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

33 未來經營租賃安排

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團於 不可撤銷經營租賃項下之未來總計最低租 金收入如下:

	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
No later than 1 year 不超過一年 Later than 1 year and no later 超過一年但五年以內	2,536,462	2,460,479
than 5 years Over 5 years 超過五年	10,145,847 6,975,270	9,841,914 9,176,375
	19,657,579	21,478,768

34 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group and the Company have no significant contingent liabilities at 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil).

35 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Mr. Fong Man Kelvin ("Mr. Fong") is the single largest shareholder, who owns 47% of the Company's shares. The remaining 53% of the shares are widely held. Details of transactions between the Group and the related parties are as follows.

(a) The Group had the following significant transactions with the related party during the year:

34 或然負債

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團及本公司並無任何重大或然負債(二零一二年:無)。

35 關連交易

方文先生(「方先生」)擁有本公司47%之股權,為單一最大股東。餘下53%之股權由公眾持有。本集團與關連方之間的交易詳情載列如下。

(a) 本年度內本集團與關連方的重大交易如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Repayment to amount due to a director — Mr. Fong	償還應付一名董事款項 一 方先生	_	582,031
Management fee income — Waterfront	管理費收入 一 水岸	118,189	_
Expenses paid by the Group on behalf of the joint ventures — Waterfront — Jinhua	本集團代合資公司支付的費用 — 水岸 — 錦華	599,028 307,237	_ _ _
		1,024,454	_

(b) Year-end balances with related parties

(b) 與關連方的年終結餘

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
•	態收合資公司款項	1,024,454	_
Loans to joint ventures	是供予合資公司之貸款	31,732,600	22,027,000

綜合財務報表附註

35 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Year-end balances with related parties

Amount due to a director is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. Amount due to a director is denominated in RMB.

Amounts due from joint ventures are interest-free, unsecured and repayable by July 2014. Amounts are denominated in RMB.

Loans to joint ventures are interest free, unsecured and repayable on a date to be mutually agreed by both parties. Amounts are denominated in HK\$.

(c) Key management compensation

The compensation paid or payable to key management is as follows:

35 關連交易(續)

(b) 與關連方的年終結餘

應付一名董事款項為無抵押、免息 及按要求償還。應付一名董事款項 以人民幣計值。

應收合資公司款項為免息、無抵押 及須於二零一四年七月前償還。該 款項以人民幣計值。

提供予合資公司之貸款為免息、無 抵押並須於雙方共同協定之日期償 還。該款項以港元計值。

(c) 主要管理層報酬

已付或應付主要管理層報酬如下:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元
Salaries, wages and allowances Pension obligations Share-base payment expenses	薪金、工資及津貼 退休金責任 以股份為基礎之付款開支	3,352,561 71,030 1,084,500	2,203,452 172,370 44,800
		4,508,091	2,420,622

Note: None of the above related party transactions constitutes continuing connected transaction or connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

附註:根據上市規則第14A章,上述關 連交易概不構成本公司的持續關 連交易或關連交易。

Summary Financial Information

財務資料概要

The financial information for the years ended 31 December 2007 and 2008 was not disclosed as combined financial statements for the Group have not been prepared for those years. The summary of the combined results of the Group for each of the two years ended 31 December 2009 and 2010 and the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group as at 31 December 2009 and 2010 has been extracted from the Company's listing prospectus dated 30 June 2011. Such summary was prepared as if the current structure of the Group has been in existence throughout these financial years. The consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 and the consolidated assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group as at 31 December 2013 are those set out in the audited financial statements.

RESULTS

業績

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			μ.ν	-1-/3-1	7 - 1 /2	
		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$ 港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$ 港元	2009 二零零九年 HK\$ 港元
Revenue	收益	57,968,906	91,155,199	69,592,354	32,317,933	19,545,963
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/(虧損)	(3,093,434)	43,726,938	28,852,033	13,522,667	(3,385,339)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(3,960,343)	(10,855,270)	(7,587,350)	(3,973,136)	(91,480)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	(7,253,777)	32,871,668	21,264,683	9,549,531	(3,476,819)
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔: 本公司擁有人 非控制性權益	(7,253,177) —	32,871,668 —	21,264,683 —	9,185,202 364,329	(3,187,896) (288,923)
		(7,253,777)	32,871,668	21,264,683	9,549,531	(3,476,819)

Summary Financial Information

財務資料概要

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING 資產、負債及非控制性權益 INTERESTS

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ 港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$ 港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$ 港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$ 港元	2009 二零零九年 HK\$ 港元
Total assets	資產總額	185,630,140	176,160,788	107,146,344	31,597,999	32,873,140
Total liabilities	負債總額	(35,160,151)	(57,095,783)	(21,604,930)	(16,312,883)	(45,037,344)
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	-	-	-	-	(2,393,525)
		150,469,989	119,065,005	85,541,414	15,285,116	(14,557,729)

The summary above does not form part of the audited financial statements.

上述概要並不構成經審核財務報表之一部分。

