

青島啤酒股份有限公司 TSINGTAO BREWERY CO., LTD.

(Stock Code 股份代號:168)

2013 ANNUAL REPORT 年度報告



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公司簡介 Company Profile

本公司前身為國有青島啤酒廠,始建於一九零三年,是中國歷史最為悠久的啤酒生產廠。公司一九九三年六月十六日註冊成立,隨後在香港發行了H種股票並於七月十五日在香港聯交所上市,成為首家海外上市的國內企業,同年七月在國內發行了A種股票並於八月二十七日在上交所上市。

公司的經營範圍是啤酒製造、銷售以及與之相關的業務。目前公司在國內擁有54家全資和控股的啤酒生產企業,及11家聯營啤酒生產企業,分佈於全國20個省市地區,規模和市場份額居國內啤酒行業領先地位。其生產的青島啤酒為國際市場上最具知名度的中國品牌,已營銷世界八十餘個國家和地區。

The Company, the earliest brewery in China, can trace its root back to 1903 when its predecessor, the State-owned Tsingtao Brewery Factory, was established. The Company was registered and established on 16 June 1993, and then issued H-shares in Hong Kong which were listed on the Stock Exchange on 15 July 1993, being the first domestic enterprise listed on an overseas stock exchange. In July 1993, the Company issued A-shares in China, which were listed on SSE on 27 August 1993.

The business scope of the Company is the production and sales of beer, and other related business. At present, the Company occupies leading position in the domestic beer industry in terms of size and market share with 54 wholly-owned and controlling breweries, and 11 associated breweries in 20 provinces, cities and regions all over China. The Tsingtao Beer has become the most well-known Chinese brand in the international market and has been distributed to more than eighty countries and regions throughout the world.



按中國企業會計準則編制

1. 本集團二零一三年財務資料

(單位:人民幣千元)

Prepared in accordance with the China Accounting Stardards for Business Enterprises ("CAS")

1. The Group's financial information for the year ended 31 December 2013

(Unit: RMB'000)

營業利潤	Operating profit	2,350,942
利潤總額	Total profit	2,666,534
歸屬於上市公司股東的淨利潤	Net profit attributable to shareholders of the	2,000,334
时间从 工 is 勾 可放水 in 12.4.4.16	Company	1,973,372
歸屬於上市公司股東的扣除非經常性	Net profit attributable to shareholders of the	
損益的淨利潤	Company after deduction of non-recurring	
	profit or loss	1,655,872
經營活動產生的現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from operating activities	3,401,151
註:非經常性損益項目包括:	Note: Non-recurring profit or loss items include:	
計入當期損益的政府補助	Government grants recognised in profits	374,818
非流動資產處置損失	Losses on disposal of non-current assets	(101,645)
單獨進行減值測試的應收賬款減值准備轉回	Reversal of bad debt provison for accounts	
	receivable which provision is provided on the	
	individual basis	8,300
三得利交易事項對投資收益的影響	Investment income from transaction with Suntory	
	Company	219,357
三得利交易事項對營業外收入的影響	Non-operating income from transaction with	
	Suntory Company	170,542
職工安置費用	Staff resettlement expense	(120,932)
補充退休福利	Supplementary retirement benefits	(195,710)
除上述各項之外的其他營業外收入和支出	Other non-operating income and expenses other	
	than aforesaid items	(7,191)
小計	Subtotal	347,539
所得税影響額	Impact on the income tax	(10,137)
少數股東權益影響額(税後)	Impact on the minority interests (after tax)	(19,902)
合計	Total	317,500

2. 主要會計數據及財務指標

2. Major accounting data and financial indicators

(單位:人民幣千元)

(Unit: RMB'000)

主要會計資料	Major accounting information	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009 (經重述) (Restated)
營業收入	Revenue	28,290,978	25,781,544	23,158,054	19,897,828	18,026,108
利潤總額	Total profit	2,666,534	2,484,156	2,454,913	2,123,196	1,739,334
歸屬於上市公司股東的淨利潤	Net profit attributable to					
	shareholders of the Company	1,973,372	1,758,863	1,737,928	1,520,484	1,250,009
歸屬於上市公司股東的扣除 非經常性損益的淨利潤	Net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company after deduction of non-					
	recurring profit or loss	1,655,872	1,470,047	1,490,258	1,372,933	1,115,506
基本每股收益	Basic earnings per share	1.4607	1.3019	1.2864	1.1255	0.9503
稀釋每股收益	Diluted earnings per share	1.4607	1.3019	1.2864	1.1255	0.9503
扣除非經常性損益後的基本	Basic earnings per share after					
每股收益	deduction of non-recurring					
	profit or loss	1.2257	1.0881	1.1031	1.0162	0.8481
全面攤薄淨資產收益率(%)	Fully diluted return on					
	net assets (%)	14.07	14.11	15.64	15.83	14.90
加權平均淨資產收益率(%)	Weighted average return on					
	net assets (%)	14.87	14.91	16.78	16.90	18.07
和除非經常性損益後全面攤薄淨資	Fully diluted return on net					
產收益率(%)	assets after deduction of non-					
	recurring profit or loss (%)	11.81	11.79	13.41	14.30	13.30
扣除非經常性損益後的加權平均淨	Weighted average return on net					
資產收益率(%)	assets after deduction of non-					
	recurring profit or loss (%)	12.48	12.46	14.39	15.26	16.12
經營活動產生的現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from operating					
	activities	3,401,151	3,103,597	1,872,309	3,284,028	3,361,001
每股經營活動產生的現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from operating					
tata Mara mba	activities per share	2.52	2.30	1.39	2.43	2.56
總資產	Total assets	27,364,867	23,661,106	21,634,154	17,777,116	14,867,453
總負債	Total liabilities	13,491,396	10,877,675	10,357,219	8,057,370	6,304,298
昂屬於上市公司的股東權益	Total equity attributable to					
HWY L TV 그 m 그 tt 는 m 전투구	shareholders of the Company	14,020,559	12,467,953	11,110,439	9,603,112	8,388,299
歸屬於上市公司股東的每股淨資產	Net assets per share attributable to	40.40	2.22	0.00		,
	shareholders of the Company	10.38	9.23	8.22	7.11	6.21

3. 報告期內股東權益變動情況

(Unit: RMB'000)

(單位:人民幣千元)

歸屬於上市公司股東權益

Owners' equity attributable to shareholders of the Company

						•			
項目	Item	股本 Share capital	資本公積 Capital surplus	盈餘公積 Surplus reserves	未分配利潤 Undistributed profits	外幣報表 折算差額 Currency translation differences	少數股東權益 Minority interests	股東權益合計 Total shareholders' equity	
批为地	On anima halama	1 250 002	2.065.040	027.659	6 204 247	10.025	215 479	12 702 421	
期初數	Opening balance	1,350,983	3,965,940	927,658	6,204,347	19,025	315,478	12,783,431	
本期増加	Increase in the period	_	124,217	131,811	1,973,372	6,773	1,552	2,237,725	
本期減少	Decrease in the period	_	(11,363)		(672,204)		(464,118)	(1,147,685)	
期末數	Closing balance	1,350,983	4,078,794	1,059,469	7,505,515	25,798	(147,088)	13,873,471	

- (1) 資本公積:增加主要原因是本年度向少數股東轉讓子公司股權及購買少數股東權益所致。減少主要原因是本年度本公司聯營企業購買少數股東權益並沖減資本公積本公司按照權益法確認所致。
- (2) 盈餘公積:增加為本年度提取的盈餘公積。
- (3) 未分配利潤:增加為本年度實現的歸屬於上 市公司股東的淨利潤,減少為本年提取盈餘 公積及分配股利。
- (4) 少數股東權益:減少主要原因是本年度由於 與三得利合資項目設立銷售公司,與少數股 東共同分享該子公司權益所致。

(1) Capital surplus: Increase mainly represents impact on capital surplus during the year due to the disposal of equity interests in subsidiaries to minority shareholders and the acquisition of minority interests. Decrease mainly represents impact on capital surplus due to the acquisition of minority interests by an associate.

Changes in shareholders' equity in reporting period

- (2) Surplus reserve: Increase represents the surplus reserve appropriated in the year.
- (3) Undistributed profits: Increase represents net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company for the year. Decrease represents the appropriation of surplus reserve and distribution of dividends.
- (4) Minority interests: Decrease dues to the minority shareholder shares the equity of Sales Company, the joint venture established by the Company and Suntory Company during the current year.

4. 利潤分配

本公司董事會(「董事會」)建議就截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度派發末期股息每股人民幣0.45元(含税),其餘未分配利潤結轉下一年度。上述分配預案須經本公司二零一三年度股東年會審議批准。有關公司日股股東暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續的期間,本公司將在另行公佈的股東年會通告中載列。

4. Profit Distribution

The Board of Directors (the "Board") proposed a final dividend of RMB0.45 (with tax) per share for the year ended 31 December 2013, and carried forward the remaining distributable profits to the next year. The aforesaid distribution proposal shall be subject to the approval at the 2013 annual general meeting to be held by the Company. The period for the closure of register of members for H-share will be set out in the notice of the annual general meeting to be published by the Company separately.





致各位股東:

本人謹此提呈青島啤酒股份有限公司截止2013年12月 31日會計年度之業務報告及經審計之財務報告,敬請各 位股東審閱。

一、報告期內經營情況的討論與分析

2013年,在國內啤酒行業增速放緩(據國家統計局統計,國內啤酒行業全年完成產量5,062萬千升,同比增長4.59%),以及啤酒行業產能過剩、需求不旺而導致的激烈的市場競爭形勢下,公司在董事會領導下、管理層帶領廣大員工以高度的責任感和高昂的進取精神,聚焦資源,大力開拓市場,積極擴大市場佔有率,使公司國內市場的優勢地位進一步鞏固和提升。公司全年實現啤酒銷售量870萬千升,同比增長10.14%,國內市場佔有率達到17.19%,提高了1.07個百分點。

Dear shareholders,

I hereby present the business report and audited financial statements of Tsingtao Brewery Company Limited for the accounting year ended 31 December 2013 for your kind review.

1. Discussion and analysis of the operations during the Reporting Period

In 2013, under the situation that the growth of domestic beer market slowed down (in accordance with the statistics from National Bureau of Statistics, the full year production volume of the domestic beer industry reached 506.2 million hl, increasing by 4.59% from the corresponding period in prior year), and the severe market competition caused by the excessive production capacity and low demands in the beer industry, as led by the Board, the Company's management team led the employees, with high sense of responsibility and active entrepreneurial spirit, focusing on the resources, to make efforts to expand the market and actively increase the market share, which further consolidated and improved the Company's leading position in the domestic market. The Company's full year sales volume of beer reached 87 million hl, increasing by 10.14% from the corresponding period in prior year. The domestic market share reached 17.19%, increasing by 1.07 percentage points.

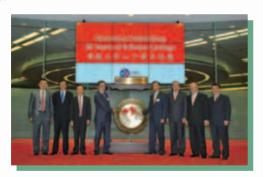


孫明波先生 Mr. SUN Ming Bo

年內,公司主品牌青島啤酒實現銷量450萬千升,其中聽裝、小瓶、純生、奧古特等高附加值啤酒實現國內銷量158萬千升,同比增長12.64%。公司積極拓展價值鏈,努力控制生產成本,使包裝材料成本有所下降。公司全年實現營業收入282.91億元,同比增長9.73%,實現歸屬於上市公司股東的淨利潤19.73億元,同比增長12.20%。

發展戰略和經營計劃進展説明

年內公司繼續實施「雙輪驅動」發展戰略,一方面通過內涵式增長,有效提升了現有產能的利用率,另一方面,通過新建工廠和收購兼併,進一步完善了國內市場佈局,並改變區域市場的競爭格局。4月公司與三得利公司在華東市場的整合正式展開,並發揮了較好的區域協同效應,帶動了產品結構的提升。年末公司簽訂了收購河北嘉禾啤酒有限公司50%股權的框架協議,並成功實現與張家口新鐘樓啤酒的合作,在張家口啟動新建20萬千升啤酒廠項目,使公司在華北市場競爭優勢進一步提升。公司在江西九江和河南洛陽新建的工廠已分別於年底竣工投產,將對公司今後進一步開拓當地市場發揮重要作用。



2013年是青島啤酒建廠110周年,公司以「110年只為釀造好啤酒」為主題,加大產品市場宣傳推介力度,並在全國多地舉辦了大型啤酒節,提升了品牌形象,擴大了市場影響力。

2013年也是公司上市20周年,公司在努力為股東創造 更高價值的同時,隨著公司的發展,積極回報廣大股 東,已連續14年為股東現金分紅,且分紅金額不斷提 高。公司積極進取、誠信有為的精神,獲得了國內外投 資者的廣泛認同。 Within the year, the sales volume of the Company's primary brand, Tsingtao Beer, reached 45 million hl, in which that of the high-value-added beer products including canned beer, small-bottled beer, draft beer and Augerta reached 15.8 million hl in the domestic market, increasing by 12.64% from the corresponding period in prior year. The Company actively explored its value chain, and made efforts to control the production costs to reduce the cost of package materials. The Company's full year revenues reached RMB28.291 billion, increasing by 9.73% from the corresponding period in prior year, and the net profits attributable to the shareholders of listing company reached RMB1.973 billion, increasing by 12.20% from the corresponding period in prior year.

Interpretation on development strategy and progress of operating plan

Within the year, the Company continued to implement the development strategy of "double-drive". On one hand, it effectively increased the utilization rate of existing production capacity through the internal growth, and on the other hand, it further improved the layout of the domestic market, and changed the competition situation in the regional markets through the new constructions of plants, and mergers and acquisitions. In April, the Company and Suntory Company formally carried out the integration in the Eastern China market, and played the satisfying regional synergistic effect, which resulted in the upgrade of product mix. At the end of the year, the Company entered into a framework agreement of acquiring 50% equity interests in Hebei Jiahe Brewery Co., Ltd., and successfully realized the cooperation with Zhangjiakou Xinzhonglou Brewery, and started the construction project of a new plant for an annual production capacity of 2 million hl, which further increased the Company's advantages in competition in the Northern China market. The Company's constructions of new plants in Jiujiang, Jiangxi Province and Luoyang, Henan Province had been completed and put into production respectively at the end of the year, which will play an important role for the Company in further expanding the local markets.

It is the 110th anniversary of the founding of Tsingtao Brewery Factory in 2013. In the theme of "For 110 years, we produce high-quality beer only", the Company strengthened its promotion and propaganda in the product market, and held large beer festivals in different cities in China, which improved the brand image and expanded its influence in the markets.

It is also the 20th anniversary of the Company's public listing. At the same time of making efforts to create more values for the shareholders, the Company actively rewarded the massive shareholders with the Company's development that, it has distributed cash dividends to the shareholders for 14 years in consecution with growing amount. The Company's spirit of proactiveness, motivation and integrity received acknowledgement from the domestic and overseas investors.

二、核心競爭力分析

公司的盈利模式即:基地市場+品牌溢價。公司擁有的「青島啤酒」品牌是我國首批十大馳名商標之一,在國內外市場具有強大的品牌影響力和較高的知名度,2013年青島啤酒的品牌價值已達805億元人民幣(世界品牌實驗室發佈),在國內啤酒行業連續多年遙遙領先。公司其它啤酒品牌「崂山啤酒」、「山水啤酒」、「漢斯啤酒」、「銀麥啤酒」,區域市場知名度和競爭力也在連年提高,滿足了不同層次的市場消費需求。

公司作為中國歷史最悠久的啤酒生產企業,高度重視產品質量,青島啤酒產品多次在國內外質量評比中榮獲冠軍,並在國內外消費者中獲得了廣泛的好評。近年來通過不斷改造完善,使公司的主要生產設備裝備達到國際先進水平,並通過對原料、工藝、技術、操作等方面的強化管理和控制,保障了食品安全和產品的高品質,也提升了產品的口味一致性。

公司擁有啤酒行業唯一的國家重點實驗室,擁有國內一流的研發平台,高水平的研發團隊,以及國內領先的基礎研究能力,並形成了多項自主知識產權的核心技術,保持了公司在國內啤酒市場的技術領先水平。去年公司推出了青島啤酒「鴻運當頭」等一系列新產品,在擴大市場佔有率的同時,也提升了公司的品牌形象。



公司以「大客戶+微觀運營」的營銷模式不斷強化市場推廣力度和深化市場銷售網絡,不斷提高對終端客戶的掌控能力,鞏固和提高在基地市場的優勢地位和新興市場的佔有率。

II. Analysis of the core competitiveness

The Company's profit mode is: base market + brand premium. As one of the first batch of top 10 famous brands in China, the "Tsingtao Beer" brand owned by the Company has strong brand influence and high awareness in the domestic and overseas markets. In 2013, Tsingtao Beer's brand value reached RMB80.5 billion (as published by the World Brand Lab), which had been far ahead of other brands in the domestic beer industry for years. The awareness and competitiveness in the regional markets of the Company's other beer brands like "Laoshan Beer", "Shanshui Beer", "Hans Beer" and "Yinmai Beer" has also been improving for years, which satisfied the market consumption needs of different levels.

As a brewery which has the longest history in China, the Company takes the product quality seriously. The Tsingtao Beer products have won championship for various times in the domestic and overseas quality contests, and obtained good reputation from the domestic and overseas consumers. In recent years, through the continuous reconstructions and improvements, the Company's main production equipment has reached the international advanced standards, and, through the strengthened management and control over the aspects including raw material, technique, technology and operation, secured the food safety and high quality of the products, and also improved the consistency in the products' taste.

The Company has the only state-level key laboratory in the beer industry, the first-class research and development platform in China, high-level research and development team and leading fundamental research ability in China, and has developed many core technologies with its own intellectual property rights, which maintain technically leading position in the domestic beer market. In last year, the Company introduced a series of new products including Tsingtao Beer "Hong Yun Dang Tou" (means "Lucky Strike") to expand its market share, and at the same time, improve the Company's brand image.

Based on the sales mode of "Big Customer + Micro Operations", the Company kept on strengthening the market promotion and deepening the market sales network, and kept on improving its control over the final customers, to consolidate and improve the dominant position in the base markets and the market share in the emerging markets.

三、關於公司未來發展的討論與分析

(一)行業競爭格局和發展趨勢

近年來儘管中國啤酒市場增長放緩,但仍是世界上增長最快的地區之一,因此也成為國際啤酒巨頭重要的競逐之地,市場競爭仍呈激烈的態勢。隨著大企業市場開拓和並購力度的加大,行業集中度進一步提升,去年國內前5大啤酒企業的市場佔有率已達70%以上。

我們相信隨著中國經濟的發展,西部大開發政策的推 進,以及國內消費升級的提升,中國啤酒市場仍會保持 持續穩定的增長,並為具有品牌、規模等優勢的企業提 供廣闊的發展空間。

消費升級會帶動國內啤酒行業產品結構和價格的提升。 在銷售渠道方面,除餐飲、商超等主要渠道外,電子商 務等也會為家庭啤酒消費增長帶來新的增長點。

(二)公司發展戰略

2011年,公司確立了「雙輪驅動」的發展戰略,通過內涵式增長和外延式擴張,不斷擴大公司的市場競爭優勢。在目前啤酒行業整合的關鍵時期,公司將繼續推進「雙輪驅動」發展戰略,鞏固核心基地市場,突破新興市場,不斷提升國內市場份額。

公司將始終圍繞「提升品牌形象、加強質量管理、深耕市場網絡」,充分發揮品牌、技術、規模等優勢,持續 提升公司的核心競爭力。

3. Discussion and analysis of the Company's future development

(I) Industrial competition situation and development trend

In recent years, although the growth of China's beer market slowed down, it is still the area which has the rapidest growth in the world. Therefore, it has become an important target of the major international breweries, and the market competition is still in severe situation. As the large breweries have begun to strengthen their market expansion and mergers and acquisitions, the industry has become more concentrated that, in last year, the market share of the top 5 domestic breweries reached over 70%.

We believe that, with the development of China's economy, the promotion of the policy of developing Western China, and the upgrade of the domestic consumption, China's beer market will maintain a continuous and steady growth, and provide more development opportunities for the enterprises with advantages in brand, size and etc.

The upgrade of consumption will lead to the upgrade of product mix and price-hike in the domestic beer industry. In the aspect of sales channel, in addition to the major channels like catering, stores and supermarkets, e-commerce will also bring new growth points for the family beer consumption.

(II) The Company's development strategy

In 2011, the Company determined the development strategy of "double-drive", that is, to keep on expanding the Company's advantages in market competition through the internal growth and external expansion. At present, as the beer industry is in the key period of integration, the Company will continue to implement the development strategy of "double-drive" to consolidate the core base markets and explore the emerging markets to continuously increase its domestic market share.

The Company will focus on "Improving brand image, strengthening quality control, deepening market network", and fully utilize its advantages in brand, technology and size, to continuously improve the Company's core competitiveness.

(三)經營計劃

2014年公司的經營目標是力爭實現啤酒銷售量增長10%以上,使公司規模跨上一個新臺階,在未來的市場競爭中繼續保持優勢,並取得不斷的增長。公司將實行積極的市場發展戰略,通過體育營銷及內部資源的優化配置,發揮協同效應,促進各區域市場加快增長,保持國內啤酒市場的領先地位。

(四)可能面臨的經營風險

啤酒行業是一個充分競爭的傳統行業,隨著國內市場的國際化競爭的加劇,大企業之間的競爭在範圍和力度上可能會進一步升級。同時,來自於人力成本及市場投入的上漲壓力仍然較大。公司將加強內部管理,不斷提升運營效率,實現公司持續穩健發展。

最後,本人對過去一年中給予本公司大力支持的廣大股東、投資者、消費者及恪盡職守、忠誠奉獻的公司廣大 員工致以衷心的感謝。

董事長 孫明波 中華人民共和國•青島 二零一四年三月二十五日

(III) Operating plan

In 2014, the Company's operating goal is to strive to realize an over 10% growth of the sales volume of beer, which is to improve the Company's size to a new level, to continue to maintain its advantages in the future market competition, and obtain continuous growth. The Company will implement the active market development strategy, play the synergistic effect through sports marketing and optimal configuration of internal resources, promote the faster growth in the different regional markets, and maintain its leading position in the domestic beer market.

(IV) Potential operating risks

The beer industry is a traditional industry with full competition. As the competition of international producers in the domestic market becomes more and more severe, the range and depth of the competition among the large breweries will be further upgraded. At the same time, the pressure from the rising costs of labor and market investments is still considerable. The Company will strengthen its internal management and continue to improve the operating efficiency, to realize the Company's continuous, steady and sound development.

Last but not least, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to all shareholders, investors and consumers, and the hard-working, loyal and dedicative staff for their great supports to the Company in the past year.

Chairman
SUN Ming Bo
Qingdao, the People's Republic of China
25 March 2014



一. 公司經營情況

本公司的主要業務為生產及銷售啤酒。附屬公司及聯營公司主要從事啤酒生產、銷售及國內貿易。

本公司為中國最大的啤酒生產商和銷售商之一。

本集團營業額及盈利幾乎完全由生產及銷售啤酒而產 生。

1. 主營業務收入分地區構成情況(按中國企業會計準 則)

1. Operations of the Company

The Company is mainly engaged in the production and sales of beer, while its subsidiaries and associated companies are mainly engaged in the production, sales and domestic trade of beer.

The Company is one of the largest beer producers and distributors in China.

Nearly all turnover and profits of the Group are generated from the production and sales of beer.

 Revenues from principal business by geographical markets (in accordance with CAS)

> 單位:人民幣千元 Unit: RMB'000

地區	Region	主營業務收入 Revenues from principal business	主營業務收入比 上年增減(%) Increase/(Decrease) (%)
山東地區	Shandong Province	15,179,773	11.95
華北地區	North China	5,264,432	13.73
華南地區	South China	5,011,082	(1.18)
華東地區	East China	3,055,287	37.64
東南地區	South-East China	2,059,933	15.61
港澳及其他海外地區	Hong Kong, Macau and other		
	overseas	454,615	6.63
合計	Total	31,025,122	12.06
減:各地區間抵銷金額	Less: Eliminations	3,258,367	37.54
合併	Consolidation	27,766,755	9.67



黄克興先生 Mr. HUANG Ke Xing

- 主要附屬公司的經營情況(按中國企業會計準則計算)
- Operations of main subsidiaries (calculated in accordance with CAS)

單位:人民幣萬元 Unit: RMB0'000

公司名稱 Name of Subsidiary	註冊地 Place of registration	註冊資本 Registered capital	業務性質及 經營範圍 Business nature and scope	持股比例 (%) Shareholding percentage (%)	總資產 Total assets	淨資產 Net assets	營業收入 Revenues	營業利潤 Operating profits	淨利潤 Net profits
青島啤酒(市北) 銷售有限公司 Tsingtao Brewery (Shibei) Sales Company	中國青島 Qingdao, China	800	批發和零售業,批 發、預包裝食品 Whole-sale and retail business, whole- sale and	100	40,868	32,311	96,292	41,482	31,111
Limited 深圳市青島啤酒華 南營銷有限公司 Shenzhen Tsingtao Brewery South China Sales Company	中國深圳 Shenzhen, China	2,000	pre-packed food 批發和零售業,國內 啤酒貿易 Whole-sale and retail business, domestic beer trade	100	153,170	105,057	366,155	25,362	18,718
Limited 青島啤酒西安漢斯 集團有限公司 Tsingtao Brewery Xi'an Hans Group Company Limited	中國西安 Xi'an, China	28,790	製造、批發和零售 業,國內啤酒生產 及銷售 Manufacturing, whole-sale and retail business, domestic production and sales of beer	100	195,207	98,721	280,091	32,581	24,530

3. 報告期內主要供貨商和客戶情況

- (1) 2013年度本公司前五名供應商合計的採購總額約893,699千元(2012年度:891,986千元),佔本公司採購總額的比例為7.8%(2012年度:7.5%)。
- (2) 2013年度本公司前五名客戶營業收入的總額約1,683,617千元(2012年度:1,630,481千元),佔本公司全部營業收入的比例為5.95%(2012年度:6.32%)。

報告期內,本公司各董事、監事及其聯繫人或任何持有本公司股份多於5%之股東並無擁有上述之供貨商及銷售商的任何權益。

- 3. Main suppliers and clients during the Reporting Period
 - (1) The total amount of the Company's purchase from its top 5 suppliers in 2013 was approximately RMB893,699,000 (2012: RMB891,986,000), which accounted for 7.8% of its purchase amount in aggregate (2012: 7.5%).
 - (2) The total amount of the Company's revenues with its top 5 clients in 2013 was approximately RMB1,683,617,000 (2012: RMB1,630,481,000), which accounted for 5.95% of its revenues in aggregate (2012: 6.32%).

During the Reporting Period, none of the Company's directors, supervisors or their associates or any shareholders whose shares in the Company exceeding 5% possessed any interests in the aforesaid suppliers and distributors.

二. 利潤分配

董事會建議就截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度派發末期股息每股人民幣0.45元(含税),其餘未分配利潤結轉下一年度。上述分配預案須經本公司二零一三年度股東年會審議批准。有關公司日股股東暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續的期間,本公司將在另行公佈的股東年會通告中載列。

三. 儲備

報告期內本公司及集團的儲備變動詳列於合併財務報表 (按中國企業會計準則編制)附註五(35)。

四. 股本變動及股東情況

報告期內,本公司股份總數及股本結構未發生變化。

本公司以在年報刊發前的最後實際可行日期可以 得悉、公司董事也知悉的公開資料作為基礎,本 公司的公眾持股量已經滿足《上市規則》的要求。 截止報告期末,股本結構如下:

II. Profit Distribution

The Board proposed a final dividend of RMB0.45 (with tax) per share for the year ended 31 December 2013, and carried forward the remaining distributable profits to the next year. The aforesaid distribution proposal shall be subject to the approval at the 2013 Annual General Meeting held by the Company. The period for closure of register of members for H-share will be set out in the notice of the annual general meeting to be published by the Company separately.

III. Reserves

Details of changes of reserves of the Company and the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in the Note 5(35) to Consolidated Financial Statements (prepared in accordance with CAS).

IV. Changes of Share Capital and Information of Shareholders

 During the Reporting Period, no changes happened to the total number of shares and share capital structure of the Company.

Based on the public information which was known on the latest practical date before the annual report was published, which was also known by the directors of the Company, the number of the Company's shares held by the public satisfied with the requirements in the *Listing Rules*. The structure of share capital as at the end of the Reporting Period is as follows:

單位:股 Unit: Share

報告期末 End of Reporting Period

<u></u> ,	人民幣普通股(A股)	I.	RMB-denominated ordinary shares (A-share)	695,913,617
二、	境外上市的外資股(H股)	II.	Overseas listed foreign shares (H-share)	655,069,178
	股份總數		Total shares	1,350,982,795

2. 股東情況

- (1) 報告期末公司股東總數為15,212戶(其中A 股股東14,908戶;H股股東304戶)。報告期 內,本公司股東未有放棄或同意放棄任何股 息的安排的情況。
- (2) 報告期末本公司前十名股東(暨無限售條件 的流通股股東)持股情況

2. Shareholders

- (1) As at the end of the Reporting Period, the total number of shareholders of the Company was 15,212 (in which 14,908 were holders of A-share, and 304 were of H-share). During the Reporting Period, shareholders of the Company did not give up or agree to give up the arrangements of any dividends.
- (2) As at the end of the Reporting Period, the shareholding of top 10 shareholders (and shareholders of listed shares without sales restriction) of the Company.

單位:股 Unit: Share

股東名稱 Shareholder's name	報告期內增減 Increase/Decrease during the Reporting Period	報告期末持股 Shares held at the end of the Reporting Period	持股比例(%) Shareholding percentage (%)	質押或凍結的 股份數量 Guaranteed or frozen shares	股份類別 Class of share
青島啤酒集團有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Tsingtao Brewery Group Company Limited (Note 1)		411,400,050	30.45	無 Nil	A股和H股 A-share and H-share
香港中央結算(代理人)有限公司(<i>附註2)</i> HKSCC Nominees Limited (<i>Note 2</i>)	11,988	373,772,442	27.67	未知 Unknown	H股 H-share
朝日集團控股株式會社 Asahi Group Holdings Ltd.		270,127,836	19.99	未知 Unknown	H股 H-share
中國工商銀行 — 易方達價值成長混合型證券投資基金 ICBC — E-Fund Value Growth Mixed Securities Investment Fund		23,942,858	1.77	未知 Unknown	A股 A-share
泰康人壽保險股份有限公司 — 分紅 — 個人分紅 — 019L — FH002 滬 Taikang Life Insurance Co., Ltd. — Dividends — Personal dividends — 019L — FH002Hu		19,265,609	1.43	未知 Unknown	A股 A-share
中國建銀投資有限責任公司 China Jianyin Investment Company Ltd.		17,574,505	1.30	未知 Unknown	A股 A-share
上海重陽投資有限公司 Shanghai Chongyang Investment Management Co., Ltd.		10,507,560	0.78	未知 Unknown	A股 A-share
興業銀行股份有限公司 — 興全趨勢投資混合型證券投資基金 Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. — Xingquan Trend Investment Mixed Securities Investment Fund		7,083,738	0.52	未知 Unknown	A股 A-share
中國銀行 — 易方達積極成長證券投資基金 BOC — E-Fund Positive Growth Securities Investment Fund		6,900,000	0.51	未知 Unknown	A股 A-share
加拿大年金計劃投資委員會 — 自有資金 Canada Pension Plan Investment Board — Own Funds		6,663,200	0.49	未知 Unknown	A股 A-share

附註:

- 1、 青啤集團持股數量包括了通過其全資附屬公司持有的本公司H股股份7,944,000股, 其自身持有本公司A股股份403,456,050股。
- 2、香港中央結算(代理人)有限公司持有的H股股份乃代表多個客戶所持有,並已扣除青啤集團全資附屬公司持有的H股股份數量。

除上所述,本公司並不知曉前十名股東之間 是否存在關聯關係或一致行動人。

(3) H股主要股東

於2013年12月31日,除下述人士外,本公司的董事並不知悉有任何本公司的董事、監事、最高行政人員或他們的聯繫人以外的人士,在本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉,而該等權益或淡倉是根據《證券及期貨條例》(香港法例第571章)(「《證券及期貨條例》」)第336條而備存的登記冊所載錄者:

Notes:

- Tsingtao Group holds 7,944,000 shares of H-share in the Company through a wholly-owned subsidiary, and 403,456,050 shares of A-share in the Company by itself.
- The H-shares are held by HKSCC Nominees Limited on behalf of different clients, and excluding the H-shares held by the wholly-owned subsidiary of Tsingtao Group.

Save as disclosed above, the Company is unaware if there are any associations among these top ten shareholders or if they are of the parties acting in concert.

(3) Substantial shareholders of H-share

Save as disclosed below, the directors of the Company are not aware of any persons other than a director or supervisor or chief executive of the Company or his/her respective associate(s) who, as at 31 December 2013, had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which was recorded in the register to be kept under Section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO"):

名稱 Name	性質 Nature	股份類別 Class of Shares	持股身份 Capacity	詮釋 Note	相關股份 的數目 Number of Shares/ underlying Shares	估全部已發行 股本之百分比 As a percentage of the entire issued capital	估全部H股 之百分比 As a percentage of all H Shares
青島市國資委	好倉	A股	法團權益		403,456,050	29.86%	不適用
SASACQ	Long position	A-Share	Corporate		A股		N/A
	好倉	TT BJL	亚岭 却	1	A-Share	0.500/	1.210/
	灯用 Long position	H 股 H-Share	受控制法團權益 Interest of controlled	1	7,944,000 H 股	0.59%	1.21%
	Long position	11-Share	corporate		H-Share		
朝日集團控股株式會社	好倉	H股	實益擁有人	2	270,127,836	19.99%	41.24%
Asahi Group Holdings Ltd.	Long position	H-Share	Beneficial Owner		H股		
MA WA IN	I → A				H-Share		
陳發樹	好倉	H股	實益擁有人	3	49,069,342	3.63%	7.49%
Chen Fa Shu	Long position	H-Share	Beneficial Owner		H股 H-Share		
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	好倉	H股	受控制法團權益/	3 & 4	58,796,263	4.35%	8.98%
or morgan chase & co.	Long position	H-Share	實益擁有人/	3 W 1	50,770,203 H股	1.5570	0.7070
	8 [投資經理/保管人		H-Share		
			Interest of controlled				
			corporation/Beneficial				
			Owner/Investment				
	可供借出股份中權益	H股	Manager/Custodian		11 702 542	0.87%	1.79%
	Interest in a lending pool	H-Share			11,703,543 H股	0.87%	1./9%
	interest in a lending poor	11-bhaic			H-Share		
	淡倉	H股	實益擁有人		280,000	0.02%	0.04%
	Short position	H-Share	Beneficial Owner		H股		
	STATE OF THE PARTY				H-Share		

註釋:

- (1) 被 視 為 由 青 島 市 國 資 委 享 有 權 益 的 7,944,000股 H 股 是 透過 青 島 啤酒集團 有 限 公司的全資附屬公司持有。根據最新的披露權益申報,青島市國資委享有 7,844,000股 H 股權益。
- (2) 根據最新的披露權益申報,朝日啤酒株式 會社享有269,127,836股H股權益。朝日集 團控股株式會社於2011年7月1日重組設 立,代替朝日啤酒株式會社持有上述H股 權益。
- (3) 陳發樹先生和JPMorgan Chase & Co.的持股資料是根據最新的披露權益申報而作出。
- (4) JPMorgan Chase & Co. 被視為享有權益的 股份是分別透過多家中間控股公司持有。
- (5) 公司主要股東新近的披露權益申報,請參 閱香港交易及結算所有限公司網站(www. hkex.com.hk)有關「披露權益」的部分。

3. 優先認股權

本公司《章程》或中國法律並無有關優先認股權的 規定,致令本公司必須首先按比例向現有股東發 售新股份,然而,本公司須遵守上市規則關於優 先認股權的規定。

五. 董事、監事、高級管理人員和 員工情況

1. 董事、監事和高級管理人員持股情況

Notes:

- (1) The 7,944,000 H-Shares which were deemed to be interested by SASACQ were held by a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tsingtao Brewery Group Company Limited. According to the latest disclosure of interests filings, SASACQ is interested in 7,844,000 H-Shares.
- (2) According to the latest disclosure of interests filings, Asahi Breweries, Ltd is interested in 269,127,836 H-Shares. Asahi Group Holdings Ltd. was reorganized and set up on 1 July 2011, and held the aforesaid shares of H-share on behalf of Asahi Breweries, Ltd.
- (3) The shareholding information of Mr. CHEN Fa Shu and JPMorgan Chase & Co. is made in accordance with the latest disclosing rights reporting.
- (4) The shares in which JPMorgan Chase & Co. was deemed to be interested were held through various intermediate holding companies.
- (5) For the latest disclosure of interests filings for the Company's substantial shareholders, please refer to the "Disclosure of Interests" section on the website of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www. hkexnews.hk).

3. Pre-emptive right

There are no provisions concerning pre-emptive rights in the Company's *Articles of Association* or any of laws in China, therefore, the Company must firstly offer new shares on pro-rate basis to its existing shareholders. However, the Company has to abide by the rules concerning pre-emptive right in the *Listing Rules*.

V. Directors, Supervisors, Senior Management Officers and Staff

1. The shareholding of directors, supervisors and senior management officers

單位:股 Unit: Share

姓名 Name	職務 Position	期初持股數 Shares held at the beginning of the Reporting Period	期末持股數 Shares held at the end of the Reporting Period	股份種類 Class of share
孫明波 SUN Ming Bo	董事長 Chairman	124,160	124,160	A股 A-share
黄克興 HUANG Ke Xing	執行董事、總裁 Executive Director, President	1,300	1,300	A股 A-share
姜宏 JIANG Hong	執行董事、副總裁 Executive Director, Vice President	52,200	52,200	A股 A-share

單位:股 Unit: Share

姓名 Name	職務 Position	期初持股數 Shares held at the beginning of the Reporting Period	期末持股數 Shares held at the end of the Reporting Period	股份種類 Class of share
孫玉國 SUN Yu Guo	執行董事 Executive Director	132,200	132,200	A股 A-share
劉英弟 LIU Ying Di	副總裁 Vice President	124,294	124,294	A股 A-share
樊偉 FAN Wei	副總裁兼製造總裁 Vice President & President of Manufacturing	122,876	122,876	A股 A-share
董建軍 DONG Jian Jun	總釀酒師 Chief Brewer	92	92	A股 A-share
張學舉 ZHANG Xue Ju	董事會秘書 Board Secretary	92,079	92,079	A股 A-share

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止,除上述人員持股外,本公司的董事、監事和高級管理人員並無在本公司或其相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部所指的相聯法團)的股份、相關股份及債券證中擁有任何權益及淡倉,而該等權益及淡倉是指根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條須予備存的登記冊所記錄的或依據《標準守則》通知本公司及香港聯交所。

本公司已以《標準守則》以及本公司制訂的《公司董事、監事及高級管理人員所持本公司股份及其變動的管理規則》作為董事進行證券交易的行為守則和規範。本公司已向所有董事及監事作出特定查詢,彼等亦確認於報告期內之所有適用時期,均遵守《標準守則》及其行為守則和規範所規定有關董事的證券交易的標準。

As at 31 December 2013, save as disclosed above, none of the directors, supervisors and senior management officers of the Company had any interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (as defined in Part XV of the *SFO*), which was recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the *SFO* or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the *Model Code*.

The Company has adopted the *Model Code* and the *Administration Regulations of the Company's Shares held by Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management Officers of the Company and Its Changes* formulated by the Company as its codes of conduct and standards in respect of securities transactions by the directors. Specific enquiries were made with all directors who had confirmed that they had complied with the *Model Code* and its codes of conduct and standards regarding director's securities transactions at all applicable time during the Reporting Period.

2. 董事變更資料

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條之董事資料更改列述 如下:

2.1 公司董事的資料更改情況如下:

公司非執行董事陳志程先生於報告期內辭任 福建新華都購物廣場股份有限公司董事長, 該公司在深圳證券交易所上市(股票代碼: 002264)。

3. 董事、監事、高級管理人員年度報酬情況

對公司執行董事及其他高管人員,實施以任職崗位和目標責任管理為核心的年度績效考核與薪酬激勵分配機制,包括基本薪酬和績效年薪。基薪根據高級管理人員的崗位職責、履職年限等確定。績效年薪根據公司年度經營業績、年度工作計劃完成情況、對高級管理人員年度考核結果等確定並發放。



2. Changes of information of directors

The changes of information of directors pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the *Listing Rules* are as follows:

2.1. Changes of information of directors:

Mr. CHEN Zhi Cheng, Non-executive Director of the Company, resigned as Chairman of Fujian New Huadu Shopping Mall Co., Ltd. (stock code: 002264), a company listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange, during the Reporting Period.

3. Annual remuneration of directors, supervisors and senior management officers

For the executive directors and other senior management officers, the Company adopts the annual performance appraisal combining with the remuneration incentive program which focuses on the working positions and the administration of target responsibilities, including base salary and annual performance remuneration. The base salary is determined in accordance with the senior management officers' position responsibilities, years of working, and etc., while the annual performance remuneration is distributed in accordance with the Company's annual operating results, the completion situation of annual work plan, the results of annual appraisal towards the senior management officers, and etc.

對公司獨立非執行董事和獨立監事按股東大會決 議支付年度酬金。 The annual remuneration of the independent non-executive directors and independent supervisors is paid pursuant to the resolution passed at the general meeting.

報告期內從公司領取的報酬總額 (萬元)(稅前) Total remuneration withdrawn from the

姓名 Name	職務 Position	Company during the Reporting Period (RMB0'000) (pre-tax)
孫明波	董事長	187
SUN Ming Bo	Chairman	146
王帆 WANG Fan	副董事長 Vice Chairman	146
黄克興	Vice Chairman 執行董事,總裁	155
HUANG Ke Xing	Executive Director, President	100
姜宏	執行董事、副總裁	116
JIANG Hong	Executive Director, Vice President	107
孫玉國 SUN Yu Guo	執行董事 Executive Director	106
杉浦康譽	非執行董事	0
Yasutaka SUGIURA	Non-executive Director	· ·
陳志程	非執行董事	0
CHEN Zhi Cheng	Non-executive Director	10
王學政 WANG Xue Zheng	獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Director	10
趙昌文	獨立非執行董事	10
ZHAO Chang Wen	Independent Non-executive Director	
吳曉波	獨立非執行董事	10
WU Xiao Bo 馬海濤	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	10
 内母倫 MA Hai Tao	烟 立 升 税 11 里 事 Independent Non-executive Director	10
段家駿	監事會主席	10
DUAN Jia Jun	Chairman of Board of Supervisors	
古田土俊男	股東監事	0
Toshio KODATO 李燕	Supervisor as Shareholders' Representative 獨立監事	6
LI Yan	Independent Supervisor	· ·
楊偉程	獨立監事	6
YANG Wei Cheng	Independent Supervisor	5.4
薛超山 XUE Chao Shan	職工監事 Supervisor as Employees' Representative	54
孫麗紅	職工監事	43
SUN Li Hong	Supervisor as Employees' Representative	
邢軍 VINC I	職工監事	38
XING Jun 樊偉	Supervisor as Employees' Representative 副總裁兼製造總裁	146
FAN Wei	Vice President & President of Manufacturing	110
劉英弟	副總裁	106
LIU Ying Di	Vice President	201
王瑞永 WANG Rui Yong	副總裁兼營銷總裁 Vice President & President of Marketing	301
董建軍	總釀酒師	103
DONG Jian Jun	Chief Brewer	
于竹明	總會計師	84
YU Zhu Ming 張安文	Chief Accountant 副總裁	126
ZHANG An Wen	Vice President	120
于嘉平	製造副總裁	87
YU Jia Ping	Vice President of Manufacturing	
楊華江 YANG Hua Jiang	營銷副總裁 Vice President of Marketing	153
蔡志偉	營銷副總裁	176
CAI Zhi Wei	Vice President of Marketing	
張學舉	董事會秘書	57
ZHANG Xue Ju 張瑞祥	Board Secretary 董事會秘書	43
汉地行 ZHANG Rui Xiang	里事買你看 Board Secretary	0 0 0 43

合計 Total 2,289

4. 員工情況

4.1 截至報告期末,本公司(包括下屬子公司)在 崗員工共計42,235人。員工專業構成及教育 程度如下:

4. Staff

4.1 As at the end of the Reporting Period, the Company (including its subsidiaries) totally had 42,235 of fulltime employees. The composition of staff in terms of profession and educational background is as follows:

專業構成類別 Class of Professional	專業構成 Profession	專業構成人數(人) Number of Persons
生產人員	Production personnel	17,431
銷售人員	Sales personnel	14,880
工程技術人員	Technical and engineering personnel	1,540
財務人員	Financial personnel	982
行政人員	Administrative personnel	7,402
教育程度類別	教育程度	數量(人)
教育程度類別 Class of education	教育程度 Educational Background	數量(人) Number of Persons
Class of education	Educational Background	Number of Persons
Class of education 碩士及以上	Educational Background Master and above	Number of Persons 362
Class of education 碩士及以上 本科生	Educational Background Master and above Undergraduate	Number of Persons 362 6,332

4.2 薪酬政策

公司實施以薪酬激勵為基礎、職業發展激勵為動力、情感激勵為凝聚、文化激勵為核心的全面激勵體系。公司針對價值鏈運行各環節的功能定位和崗位工作性質及員工專業化管理能力,建立了多元化薪酬政策,努力實現分配的公正化、市場化。多元化薪酬政策主要涵蓋子公司經營管理者、營銷系統、生產製造系統、研發系統、總部職能管理及特殊稀缺引進人才等。多元化的薪酬激勵模式充分發揮了薪酬激勵杠杆在公司可持續發展中的作用。

4.2 Remuneration policy

The Company implements a comprehensive incentive program based on the salary incentives, driven by the professional development incentives, attracted by emotional incentives and focused on the cultural incentives. According to the different functions of various parts operating in the value chain, the nature of various working positions, and the staff's ability in professional management, the Company has established a diversified remuneration policy to try to realize the fair and market-orientated distribution. The diversified remuneration policy mainly covers the operating managers of subsidiaries, marketing system, production and manufacturing system, R&D system, functional management of head office and the introduced special and scarce talents. The diversified remuneration incentive mode plays full role of remuneration incentive in the Company's sustainable development.

六. 董事及監事收購股份之權利

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於年 內任何時間參與任何安排,以致本公司之董事及監事可 藉購入本公司或任何其它團體之股份或債券而獲益。

七. 募集資金使用情況

- 7.1 公司於2008年通過發行附認股權證的分離交易可轉債募集資金15億元人民幣。截至2013年12月31日,已累計使用132,577萬元。募集資金承諾項目及使用情況如下:
 - (1) 青島啤酒(徐州)彭城有限公司新建年產20 萬千升啤酒生產基地項目擬投入24,000萬 元,實際投入24,000萬元,已投產。
 - (2) 青島啤酒(濟南)有限公司新建年產30萬千 升啤酒生產基地項目擬投入36,000萬元,實 際投入36,000萬元,已投產。
 - (3) 青島啤酒第三有限公司新建年產30萬千升 啤酒生產基地項目擬投入22,000萬元,實際 投入22,000萬元,已投產。
 - (4) 青島啤酒(日照)有限公司新建年產20萬千 升啤酒生產基地項目擬投入28,000萬元,實 際投入28,000萬元,已投產。

VI. Directors' and Supervisors' Right of Shares Purchasing

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries participated in any arrangements in any time of the year which enabled its directors and supervisors to obtain interests from purchasing shares or bonds of the Company or that of any other organizations.

VII. Use of Proceeds Received

- 7.1 The Company received RMB1.5 billion in 2008 from the issuance of bonds with warrants that could be traded separately, in which RMB1,325,770,000 had been used as at 31 December 2013. The information of the proceeds from the bonds with warrants used for the committed projects is as follows:
 - (1) The investment in the proposed new construction of brewing base for an annual output volume of 2 million hl in Tsingtao Brewery (Xuzhou) Pengcheng Company Limited was expected to be RMB240 million, and the actual investment was RMB240 million. The construction had been put into production.
 - (2) The investment in the proposed new construction of brewing base for an annual output volume of 3 million hl in Tsingtao Brewery (Jinan) Company Limited was expected to be RMB360 million, and the actual investment was RMB360 million. The construction had been put into production.
 - (3) The investment in the proposed new construction of brewing base for an annual output volume of 3 million hl in Tsingtao Brewery No. 3 Company Limited was expected to be RMB220 million, and the actual investment was RMB220 million. The construction had been put into production.
 - (4) The investment in the proposed new construction of brewing base for an annual output volume of 2 million hl in Tsingtao Brewery (Rizhao) Company Limited was expected to be RMB280 million, and the actual investment was RMB280 million. The construction had been put into production.

- (5) 青島啤酒(成都)有限公司新建年產10萬千 升啤酒生產基地項目擬投入5,000萬元,實 際投入5,000萬元,已投產。
- (6) 青島啤酒麥芽廠10萬噸產能擴建項目因城市規劃要求,經公司董事會審議批准進行項目搬遷新建。該項目擬投入債券募集資金35,000萬元。 截止報告期末,實際投入債券募集資金17,577萬元。目前,項目正在建設中。
- 7.2 2009年10月13日至19日,青啤認股權證於行權 期內通過權證行權新發行A股約4,276萬股,共計 募集資金約人民幣11.9億元,存放於董事會指定 的專項銀行帳戶中。公司按照相關要求與商業銀 行、保薦機構簽訂了《募集資金專戶存儲三方監管 協議》及於2009年11月6日進行了公告。行權募 集資金承諾項目及使用情況如下:

- (1) 青島啤酒二廠擴建新增年產30萬千升啤酒 項目,項目總投資人民幣66,615萬元,其 中:以募集資金投入人民幣57,200萬元;實 際投入使用募集資金人民幣57,200萬元。
- (2) 青島啤酒第三有限公司新增29萬千升/ 年生產能力擴建項目,項目總投資人民幣 21,611萬元,全部以募集資金投入。實際投 入使用募集資金人民幣21,611萬元。

- (5) The investment in the proposed new construction of brewing base for an annual output volume of 1 million hl in Tsingtao Brewery (Chengdu) Company Limited was expected to be RMB50 million, and the actual investment was RMB50 million. The construction had been put into production.
- (6) According to the requirements of city planning, the project of increasing 100 kilotons of production capacity in Tsingtao Brewery Malt Plant had been considered and approved by the Board to relocate and construct a new plant, which was expected to invest in RMB350 million of proceeds received from issuing the bonds. As at the end of the Reporting Period, the actual investment was RMB175.77 million of proceeds received from issuing the bonds. At present, the project in in construction.
- 7.2 During 13 to 19 October 2009, approximately 42.76 million shares of A-share were issued through the exercise of the warrants of the bonds with warrants of Tsingtao Brewery, and the proceeds of around RMB1.19 billion were received and deposited in the specific bank account designated by the Board. The Company had entered into *Tri-Parties Regulatory Agreement for the Proceeds Deposited in the Designated Account* with the commercial bank and underwriting institution, and made announcement on 6 November 2009 according to the related requirements. The information of the projects committed to be invested in with the proceeds received from the exercise and the use of such proceeds is as follows:
 - (1) Project of expansion for increasing 3 million hl of annual production capacity in Tsingtao Brewery No. 2 Factory. The total investment of RMB666.15 million for the project includes an investment of RMB572 million of proceeds received; the actual amount invested in with the proceeds received was RMB572 million.
 - (2) Project of expansion for increasing 2.9 million hl of annual production capacity in Tsingtao Brewery No. 3 Company Limited. The total investment of RMB216.11 million for the project was totally from the proceeds received. The actual amount invested in with the proceeds received was RMB216.11 million.

(3) 青島啤酒(石家莊)有限公司新建年產20萬 千升啤酒生產基地項目,項目總投資人民幣 37,450萬元,其中:以募集資金投入人民幣 32,101萬元;實際投入使用募集資金人民幣 32,101萬元。

截至2013年12月31日,上述行權募集資金投入項目已全部實施完畢,累計使用行權募集資金人民幣110,912萬元,行權募集資金賬戶結餘募集資金118,955,463.84元(包括募集資金在三方監管存儲專用賬戶上產生的利息收入)。根據公司2012年度股東年會決議及2013年公司第七屆董事會第十五次會議決議,截至2013年12月31日,公司已將上述結餘募集資金(包括募集資金在三方監管存儲專用賬戶上產生的利息收入)全部補充公司流動資金,並對行權募集資金專用賬戶進行銷戶。

八. 董事或監事合約權益及董事服務 合約

本公司所有獲委任董事及監事均已與本公司訂立服務合約,各董事及監事概無與本公司簽定任何一年內若由本公司及其附屬公司終止合約時須作出賠償的服務合約(法定賠償除外)。除此之外,本年度內董事及監事均無在與本公司及其附屬公司訂立的任何合約中擁有重大權益。

九. 獨立非執行董事之獨立性的確認

本公司已經根據上市規則第3.13條收到每名現任獨立非 執行董事就其獨立性而作出的年度確認函,本公司仍然 認為有關獨立非執行董事屬獨立人士。 (3) Project of a new brewing base of 2 million hl of annual production capacity in Tsingtao Brewery (Shijiazhuang) Company Limited. The total investment of RMB374.5 million for the project includes an investment of RMB321.01 million of proceeds received. The actual amount invested in with the proceeds received was RMB321.01 million.

As at 31 December 2013, the above-mentioned projects invested with the proceeds received from the exercise had been fully completed. The accumulatively used amount of the proceeds received from the exercise was RMB1,109.12 million, and the balance in the account for the proceeds received from the exercise was RMB118,955,463.84 (including the interests received from the specific savings account supervised by the three parties). According to the resolutions passed at the Company's 2012 Annual General Meeting and the fifteenth meeting of the seventh Board in 2013, as at 31 December 2013, the Company had supplemented the remaining proceeds received (including the interests of the proceeds received from the specific savings account supervised by the three parties) into the Company's current funds, and closed the specific savings account of the proceeds received from the exercise.

VIII. Contracted Rights of Director or Supervisor and Director's Service Contract

All directors and supervisors appointed by the Company have entered into service contract with the Company, and did not enter into any service contract with the Company that the Company and its subsidiaries should make compensation to the directors when it terminates the contract within 1 year after the contract is signed by both parties (excluding statutory compensation). Besides that, neither directors nor supervisors obtained material interests from any contracts entered into with the Company and its subsidiaries within the year.

IX. Confirmation of Independence by Independent Non-executive Directors

The Company has received annual confirmation letter from each existing independent non-executive director on their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the *Listing Rules*, and still believes that, the aforesaid independent non-executive directors are persons of independence.

十. 購回、出售及贖回上市股份

報告期內,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購入、出售及 贖回本公司任何上市證券。

報告期內,本公司或本公司附屬公司概無發行或授予任 何期權或其它類似權利,亦無任何行使轉換權或認購權 的情況。

十一.主要附屬公司及聯營公司

本公司各附屬公司及聯營公司之詳情載於隨附合併財務 報表附註。

十二.固定資產

有關報告期內固定資產之變動載於隨附合併財務報表附 註。

十三.銀行貸款

於二零一三年十二月三十一日之銀行貸款詳情載於隨附 合併財務報表附註。

孫明波

董事長 中華人民共和國 青島 二零一四年三月二十五日

X. Buy-back, Sales and Redemption of Shares

During the Reporting Period, the Company or any of its subsidiaries did not buy back, sell or redeem any of its listed securities.

During the Reporting Period, the Company or any of its subsidiaries did not issue or provide any options or any other similar rights, nor exercise any rights of conversion or subscription.

XI. Principal Subsidiaries and Associated Companies

The details of the subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company are set out in the attached *Notes to Financial Statements*.

XII. Fixed Assets

Any changes of fixed assets during the Reporting Period are set out in the attached *Notes to Financial Statements*.

XIII. Bank Loans

The details of bank loans as at 31 December 2013 are set out in the attached *Notes to Financial Statements*.

SUN Ming Bo

Chairman Qingdao, the People's Republic of China 25 March 2014

本人謹此提呈青島啤酒股份有限公司2013年度之監事會報告,敬請各位股東審閱。

報告期內,監事會嚴格按照法律法規及《公司章程》的相關規定,認真履行職責,對公司財務報告、重大事項等議題進行了監督,切實維護了公司和股東的合法權益,較好地履行了法律法規和《公司章程》賦予監事會的職責。

一、審議公司重大事項情況

報告期內,公司監事會共召開9次會議,其中定期會議 5次,臨時會議4次,審議各類議案35項。主要議案如 下:

1、 財務報告:

- (1) 審議公司2012年度財務報告;
- (2) 審議公司2013年第一季度報告;
- (3) 審議公司2013年半年度報告;
- (4) 審議公司2013年第三季度報告。

2、 關連交易:

- (1) 審議批准關於青啤深圳與朝日啤酒及其附屬 公司進行2013年度購銷產品持續關連交易 的議案;
- (2) 審議批准本公司附屬公司與三得利公司附屬 公司新增持續關連交易議案。

3、 其它事項:

審議了公司2012年度利潤分配方案、2013年預算草案、為子公司提供擔保等議案,審議了青島啤酒三廠增加產能、太原公司擴建項目,收購嘉禾啤酒、新鐘樓啤酒等議案共計20餘項。

I hereby present the 2013 Report of the Supervisors of Tsingtao Brewery Company Limited for your kind review.

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors earnestly performed its duties and responsibilities in strict compliance with the related provisions in the laws and regulations and the *Articles of Association*. It supervised the proposals including the Company's financial statements and significant events, practically maintained the legal rights and interests of the Company and its shareholders, performed the duties and responsibilities of the Board of Supervisors as provided by the laws and regulations and the *Articles of Association*.

I. Significant Events Considered

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors totally held 9 meetings, including 5 regular meetings and 4 extraordinary meetings, to mainly consider 35 resolutions including the followings:

1. Financial reports:

- (1) considered the Company's 2012 Financial Report;
- (2) considered the Company's 2013 First Quarterly Report;
- (3) considered the Company's 2013 Interim Report;
- (4) considered the Company's 2013 Third Quarterly Report.

2. Connected transactions:

- Considered and approved the resolution of the continuing connected transaction between Shenzhen Tsingtao-Asahi, and Asahi Breweries and its subsidiary for the purchase and sales of products in 2013;
- (2) Considered and approved the resolution of the new continuing connected transaction between some subsidiaries of the Company and some subsidiaries of Suntory Company.

3. Other issues:

It considered around 20 resolutions including the Company's 2013 profits distribution proposal, 2013 preliminary proposal of budgets, providing guarantees to the subsidiaries, increasing production capacity of Tsingtao Brewery No. 3 Factory, expansion project of Taiyuan Company, acquisition of Jiahe Brewery and Xinzhonglou Brewery.

二、對有關事項的獨立意見

1、 依法運作情況

通過依法行使監督權,監事會認為公司股東大會、董事會的召開程序、決議事項、董事會對股東大會決議的執行情況、公司高級管理人員執行職務的情況,符合法律法規及相關監管要求,符合《公司章程》的相關規定。

監事會認為,在報告期內公司嚴格按照法律、法 規、《公司章程》及其他監管規定的要求開展各項 工作,決策程序合法、運作規範。

公司董事會成員及高級管理人員能夠按照國家有關法律、法規和《公司章程》的有關規定,忠實勤勉地履行其職責。報告期內未發現公司董事及高級管理人員在執行職務、行使職權時有違反法律、法規、《公司章程》及損害公司和股東利益的行為。

2、 檢查公司財務情況

監事會對2013年度公司的財務狀況和財務成果進行了有效的監督、審核,監事會認為,公司財務制度健全、內控制度完善,財務運作規範、財務狀況良好。公司財務報告真實、客觀地反映了公司的財務狀況和經營情況。

II. Independent Comments to the Concerned Issues

1. Compliance operation

The Board of Supervisors, by legally exercising its supervision right, is of the view that, the convening procedures of the Company's general meetings and board meetings, the matters in the resolutions, the Board's implementation of the resolutions approved at the general meetings, the duties performed by the Company's senior management officers are in compliance with the laws, regulations and related regulatory requirements, and in compliance with the related provisions in the *Articles of Association*.

The Board of Supervisors is of the view that, during the Reporting Period, the Company carried out various work strictly in compliance with the requirements in the laws, regulations, *Articles of Association*, and other regulatory regulations, made decisions legally and operated in compliance manner.

All directors and senior management officers in accordance with the State laws, regulations, *Articles of Association*, performed their duties with honesty and diligence. During the Reporting Period, none of the directors and senior management officers was found to have any behavior violating any laws, regulations, and *Articles of Association*, or damaging any interests of the Company and its shareholders in performing their duties and exercising their authorities.

2. Review of the financial situations

The Board of Supervisors effectively supervised and inspected the Company's financial situation and financial results in 2013, and was of the view that, the Company's financial system was sound and complete, the internal control system was improved, the financial operations were compliant, and the financial situation was satisfying, and the Company's financial statements truly and objectively reflected the Company's financial situation and operating results.

3、 最近一次募集資金使用情況

報告期內,公司不存在新增募集資金。最近一次 募集資金為2009年通過認股權證行權,募集資 金約11.9億元。公司根據《公司法》、《證券法》以 及上海證券交易所《上市公司募集資金管理辦法 (2013年修訂)》、《青啤公司募集資金管理制度》、 《青啤公司募集資金內控管理制度》等,嚴格把控 募集資金的存放、管理、使用、用途變更、資金 使用監督及信息披露。不存在募集資金管理違規 情形。

4、 收購資產情況

報告期內,公司簽訂了收購河北嘉禾啤酒有限公司50%股權的框架協議,並成功實現與張家口新鐘樓啤酒的合作,在張家口啟動新建20萬千升新啤酒廠項目。監事會認為,上述收購項目符合公司的戰略規劃,有利於提升公司的市場競爭力。同時,該項目程序規範,未發現有內幕交易,也未發現有損害股東利益及造成公司資產流失的情況。

5、 關連交易情況

報告期內,公司及相關子公司與若干關連人士進行了啤酒購銷、存款及結算服務等方面的持續性 關連交易。監事會認為,公司的持續關連交易定 價公平合理,審議程序合法,未損害公司和股東 的合法利益。

6、 内控工作報告情況

報告期內,監事會對董事會關於公司2013年度內 部控制的自我評價報告、公司內部控制制度的建 設和運行情況進行了監督檢查。

3. Latest use of proceeds received

During the Reporting Period, the Company did not have any new proceeds received from financing activities. The latest proceeds is RMB1.19 billion received from the exercise of warrants of the bonds with warrants in 2009. According to the Company Law, Securities Law, Management of Proceeds Received by Listing Company (Revised in 2013) of SSE, Regulations on Proceeds Received by Tsingtao Brewery, and Internal Control Regulations on Proceeds Received by Tsingtao Brewery, the Company strictly controlled the savings, management, use, change of usage, supervision of the use of the funds and information disclosure of the proceeds received, and did not breach the regulations in the management of proceeds received.

4. Assets acquisition

During the Reporting Period, the Company entered into a framework agreement of acquiring 50% equity interests in Hebei Jiahe Brewery Co., Ltd, and successfully realized the cooperation with Zhangjiakou Xinzhonglou Brewery to start the project of a new plant of 2 million hl of annual production capacity in Zhangjiakou. The Board of Supervisors is of the view that, the above acquisition projects are in compliance with the Company's strategic plan, and beneficial to improve the Company's market competitiveness. At the same time, these projects are in compliant procedures, and no behavior of insider transaction, or damaging the interests of the Company and its shareholders, or causing the losses of Company's funds is found.

5. Connected transactions

During the Reporting Period, the Company carried out the continuing connected transactions on the purchase and sales of beer, savings and settlement service with its connected persons. The Board of Supervisors is of the view that, the Company's continuing connected transactions are at fair and reasonable price, in the legal process of consideration, and do not damage the interests of the Company and its investors.

6. Internal control work report

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors reviewed the Board's self-appraisal report on the Company's internal control in 2013, and the establishment and operation of the Company's internal control system.

監事會認為,公司已根據自身的實際情況和法律 法規的要求,建立了較為完善的法人治理結構和 內部控制制度體系,符合公司經營管理的發展需 求,保證了公司各項業務的健康運行及經營風險 的控制。報告期內公司的內部控制體系規範、合 法、有效,沒有發生違反公司內部控制制度的情 形。公司董事會2013年度內部控制評價報告全 面、客觀、真實地反映了公司內部控制體系建 立、完善和運行的實際情況。

7、 建立和實施內幕信息知情人管理制度的情況

監事會認為,公司已按照相關規定制定了《內幕信息知情人登記管理制度》,並嚴格按照制度控制內幕信息知情人範圍,及時對公司內幕信息知情人進行登記備案,維護了公司信息披露的公開、公平、公正的原則,保護了廣大投資者的合法權益。

各位股東,2013年中國啤酒市場呈現了低速增長的態勢,但公司迎難而上,聚焦資源,積極擴大市場佔有率,取得了較好的經營業績,使公司國內市場的優勢地位進一步鞏固和提升。

未來一年,監事會將繼續嚴格按照法律法規、《公司章程》和監管規定的要求,忠實履行自己的職責,維護公司和廣大投資者的合法權益,進一步促進公司的規範運作,保障公司的持續、健康發展。

The Board of Supervisors is of the view that, the Company has established corporate governance structure and internal control system in accordance with its own actual situation and the requirements of the laws and regulations, which are in compliance with the needs for the development of the Company's operations and management, and ensured the sound operations of the Company's various business and the control over the operating risks. During the Reporting Period, the Company's internal control system was regulatory, compliant and effective, and did not have the situation of breaching the Company's internal control regulations. The Board's 2013 internal control appraisal report completely, objectively and truly reflected the actual situation of the establishment, improvement and operation of the Company's internal control system.

7. Information on the establishment and implementation of administrative policies to the information insiders

The Board of Supervisors is of the view that, the Company has worked out the *Registration and Administrative Policies of Information Insiders* according to the related requirements, strictly control the scope of information insiders pursuant to the administrative policies, and made timely registration and filing of the Company's information insiders, which maintained the open, fair and just principals in the information disclosure and protected the legal rights and interests of the broad masses of investors.

Dear shareholders, in 2013, the China's beer market showed a trend of low growth, but the Company still obtained satisfactory operating results by focusing on the resources and actively increasing the market share, which further consolidated and improve the Company's leading position in the domestic market.

In the future year, the Board of Supervisors will loyally perform its duties and responsibilities, protect the legal rights and interests of the Company and the broad mass of investors, further promote the compliant operation by continuing to strictly abide by the laws, regulations, and requirements in the *Articles of Association* and the regulatory regulations to ensure the Company's continuous and sound development.

監事會主席: 段家駿 二零一四年三月二十五日 Chairman of Board of Supervisors: DUAN Jia Jun 25 March 2014

企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

本公司自1993年於香港聯交所及上海證券交易所上市以來,按照境內外上市規則和監管要求,不斷完善公司治理結構,規範公司運作。公司股東大會、董事會、監事會各司其職,決策獨立,相互制衡。公司董事會設立了審計與內控委員會、戰略與投資委員會和提名與薪酬委員會三個由外部董事(包括獨立非執行董事)為主構成的專業委員會,對提高董事會的決策效率起到積極作用,促進了公司治理結構的有效運作。

報告期內,按照香港聯交所的監管要求,公司制訂了董 事會成員多元化政策,確保公司董事會的成員在技能、 經驗以及多元化視角方面達到適當的平衡,從而提升董 事會的有效運作並保持高標準的公司治理水平。

報告期內,本公司已遵守上市規則附錄十四載列之《企業管治守則》的守則條文。本公司所採納的企業管治措施如下:

一. 董事會

1. 職責與分工

董事會在董事長的領導下,在公司的發展戰略、管理架構、投資及融資、財務監控等方面行使管理決策權,並致力於實現股東價值最大化。在本公司的章程及其附件 — 董事會議事規則中,已詳細列明董事會在公司發展戰略和管理方面的職權以及董事會對公司發展和經營的監督與檢查職權。同時,董事會履行企業管治職能,監督、評估及確保公司內部控制系統的效能及對法律法規的遵守情況。本公司董事會負責履行經修訂的《企業管治守則》第D.3.1條職權範圍所載的企業管治職責。

Since the Company was listed on the Stock Exchange and SSE in 1993, it has been improving its corporate governance structure and regulating the operation pursuant to the domestic and overseas listing rules and regulatory requirements. The Company's general meeting, the Board and the Board of Supervisors exercise their respective duties and make decisions independently, supervise each other and maintain the balance of power among them. The Board sets up 3 professional committees, namely, Audit & Internal Control Committee, Strategy & Investment Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee, which are mainly comprised of 3 external directors (including independent non-executive directors), playing active role in improving efficiency of decision-making of the Board, and promoting the effective operation of corporate governance of the Company.

During the Reporting Period, pursuant to the regulatory requirements of the Stock Exchange, the Company worked out the diversity policy for the members of the Board to ensure the balance of the members of the Board in the aspects including skills, experience and diversifying insights, thus to improve the effective operation of the Board and maintain the high-standard corporate governance.

During the Reporting Period, the Company had abided by the code provisions in the *Corporate Governance Code* as set out in Appendix 14 of the *Listing Rules*. The measures taken by the Company for corporate governance are as follows:

I. Board of Directors

1. Duties and assignments

Under the leadership of its chairman, the Board exercises its administrative decision-making power concerning the Company's development strategies, management structure, investment and financing, and financial supervision and control, and dedicates to realize the maximization of its shareholders' value. It has been stated in details in the Company's Articles of Association and its appendix Order of Meeting for the Board of Directors the Board's authorities in the Company's development strategies and management, and that on supervision and inspection over the Company's development and operations. At the same time, the Board implements its duty of corporate governance by monitoring, valuating and ensuring the effectiveness and efficiency of the Company's internal control system and the situation of the Company's abiding by the laws and regulations. The Board is responsible for the implementation of the duties and responsibilities of corporate governance as set out in the Function Scope of Rule D.3.1 of the revised Corporate Governance Code

企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

公司董事長和總裁的職責分工已清晰界定,並載 於本公司的章程及其附件中。董事長負責決定每 次董事會會議的議程,其中每次會議前徵詢其他 董事有無提案,並根據實際情況將其他董事的提 議加入會議議程。此外,董事長亦負責引領和制 定本公司的總體發展戰略,並檢查董事會決議的 實施情況。

總裁負責組織實施董事會決議及公司年度預算和 投資方案,並向董事會報告公司經營情況和重大 合同的簽訂執行情況;總裁在董事會的授權範圍 內行使對公司資金、資產的運用權及代表公司簽 訂合同。同時,公司明確了管理層人員各自具體 的職責及其分工,以保證其切實履行誠信義務和 勤勉盡責。

2. 組成

公司第七屆董事會成員由11名董事組成,公司董事(包括非執行董事)之任期自2011年6月16日起為期三年。2013年6月25日,公司股東年會增選黃克興先生為執行董事,選舉杉浦康譽先生為非執行董事,其任期至本屆董事會任期屆滿為止。山崎史雄先生因退休辭任非執行董事一職。

本公司在設定董事會成員組合時會從多個方面考慮董事會成員多元化,包括但不限於年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件顧及董事會成員多元化的益處。

The division of duties between the Company's chairman and president has been clearly defined and stated in the *Articles of Association* and its appendix. The chairman is responsible for deciding the agenda of each board meeting, contacting other directors before each meeting for any proposals to be considered at the meeting, and considering whether to include such proposals into the agenda according to the circumstance. Besides, the chairman should also be responsible for leading and determining the Company's overall development strategies, and supervising the implementation of resolutions approved by the Board.

The president is responsible for organizing the implementation of resolutions, yearly budget and investment scheme, and reporting to the Board about the Company's operations, signing and implementation of significant contracts; exercises the right of the use of funds and assets within the scale authorized by the Board, and signing the contracts on behalf of the Company. At the same time,, the Company clarifies the respective and specific duties and responsibilities of all senior management officers, so as to ensure the undertaking of obligations of integrity and fulfillment of their own responsibilities.

2. Composition

The 7th Board comprises of 11 directors. The service term of the Company's directors (including the non-executive directors) is 3 years from 16 June 2011. At the Company's annual general meeting held on 25 June 2013, Mr. HUANG Ke Xing was appointed as Executive Director, and Mr. Yasutaka SUGIURA was appointed as Non-executive Director, whose service term is to the end of the service term of this Board. Mr. Fumio YAMAZAKI resigned as Non-executive due to his retirement.

When determining the composition of the members of the Board, the Company considered about the diversity of the members of the Board from different aspects including but not limited the age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The Board focused on the candidates' talents for all appointments, and takes into consideration of the benefits of the diversity of the members of the Board based on the objective criteria when choosing the candidates.

企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

公司的董事會成員具有不同行業背景和專業知識,包括其中一名獨立非執行董事具備監管機構要求的會計或相關財務管理專長。各董事均於各自專業範疇累積至少10年經驗。董事的個人簡介載列於本年度報告「董事、監事、高級管理人員情況」。

本屆董事會中共有4名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會總人數的1/3以上。現任獨立非執行董事具有不同的專業背景,並具有豐富的法律、財務會計及金融投資等方面的專業經驗,這種結構有助於董事會從多角度討論和分析問題,確保董事會的科學決策。自2005年起,獨立非執行董事每年均在股東年會上提交年度述職報告,向股東做出彙報。

3. 董事會會議

2013年度,本公司共舉行了5次現場會議和5次以 通訊表決方式召開的會議,以討論本公司的營運 及財務表現、管理架構、投資方案等,主要事項 包括:

- 審議批准年度之財務預算、董事會工作報告;
- 審議批准年度、半年度及季度業績報告;
- 審議批准目標企業的收購方案及所屬子公司 新建擴建的資本支出項目;
- 審議批准公司的持續關連交易事項;
- 審議批准核銷財產損失;

Members of the Board have various professional backgrounds and possess different professional knowledge, among which 1 independent non-executive director has the qualification on accounting, or has appropriate strength in accounting or related financial management required by the regulatory authorities. All directors have at least 10 years' experience in their respective professional field. The profile of the directors is enclosed in the section 'Profile of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management Officers' in this Annual Report.

There are 4 independent non-executive directors in this Board, which are accounted for over 1/3 of the total number of the directors in the Board. These independent non-executive directors have various professional backgrounds with rich experience in law, accounting and financial investment. Such structure is helpful in discussion and analysis from different aspects at the board meetings, which is beneficial for the reasonable decision-making of the Board. Since 2005, the independent non-executive directors have been submitting their annual performance review to the annual general meeting for the shareholders' consideration and discussion.

3. Board meeting

In 2013, the Company totally held 5 site meetings and 5 meetings combining with voting through communications to consider the Company's operating and financial performance, management structure, investment scheme, including:

- Considered and approved the annual financial budget, work report of the Board;
- Considered and approved the reports of annual, interim and quarterly results;
- Considered and approved the acquisition plan for the target breweries, and capital investment projects for the new construction and expansion of the Company's subsidiaries:
- Considered and approved the continuing connected transactions of the Company;
- Considered and approved to write-off the property losses;

會議通知和議案資料在合理的時間內送達各董事,董事會會議能進行富有成效的討論及做出迅速而審慎的決策。在本年度內,各位董事出席董事會會議的詳情載列如下:

The meeting notices and materials of proposals to be discussed are sent to all directors in the reasonable time, so as to ensure they can have fruitful discussion, and make quick and prudential decisions at the meetings. In the year, details of all directors' attendance of board meetings are as follows:

	參加董事會情況 Information of attending the board meetings						参加股東 大會情況 Information
董事姓名 Name	本年應參加 董事會次數 Times that should attend	親自出席 次數 Times that attend in person	以通訊方式參加 次數 Times that attend in form of communications	委託出席 次數 Times that being attended by proxy	缺席次數 Times of absence	是否連續兩次 未親自參加會議 If not attend in person for consecutive two times	of attending the AGM 出席股東 大會的次數 Times of attending the AGM
孫明波 SUN Ming Bo	10	5	5	0	0	否 No	1
王帆 WANG Fan	10	5	5	0	0	否 No	1
黄克興 HUANG Ke Xing	7	2	4	1	0	否 No	1
姜宏 JIANG Hong	10	5	5	0	0	否 No	0
孫玉國 SUN Yu Guo	10	5	5	0	0	否 No	1
杉浦康譽 Yasutaka SUGIURA	7	2	4	1	0	否 No	1
陳志程 CHEN Zhi Cheng	10	3	6	1	0	否 No	1
王學政 WANG Xue Zheng	10	5	5	0	0	否 No	1
趙昌文 ZHAO Chang Wen	10	4	6	0	0	否 No	0
吳曉波 WU Xiao Bo	10	0	6	3	1	否 No	0
馬海濤 MA Hai Tao	10	4	5	1	0	否 No	1
山崎史雄 Fumio YAMAZAKI	3	2	1	0	0	否 No	0

公司董事會的召集、召開嚴格按照《公司章程》、《董事會議事規則》的規定。董事會會議由董事長主持召開,並在會議通知發出後按時召開,各項提案在會議上充分討論,並對提案進行逐項表決。召開董事會定期會議的通知在會議召開前14天發出。如有董事因公務不能出席會議,可由該董事書面委託其他董事出席並代為行使表決權,如是獨立非執行董事則可委託其他獨立非執行董事出席和表決。

公司管理層負責向董事會提供審議各項議案所需的相關資料和信息,並在董事會會議召開時彙報相關工作。本公司獨立非執行董事根據《公司章程》的規定行使職權、履行職責或業務的需要時,可聘請獨立專業機構為其服務,由此發生的合理費用由本公司承擔。

二. 董事

1. 董事之培訓

根據企業管治守則,全體董事須參與持續專業發展,以更新其知識及技能。本公司已為董事提供培訓及發展課程,包括(1)為新委任之董事提供就職課程(董事手冊);(2)為董事提供持續培訓及專業發展課程。



The convening and holding of board meetings are strictly subject to the rules in the *Articles of Association* and *Order of Meeting for the Board of Directors*. The meetings are hosted by the chairman of the Board, and are held on time after delivery of meeting notice. All proposals are discussed fully and completely at the meetings and voted in sequence. The notice of regular meeting is dispatched 14 days before the meeting. Should any director is unable to attend the meeting due to other business, he/she could authorize other director in writing to attend and vote on his/her behalf, and the independent non-executive director could authorize other independent non-executive director to attend and vote on his/her behalf.

The Company's management team is responsible for providing the Board with all related materials and information needed for considering the proposals, and reporting their related work at the board meeting. The independent non-executive directors may appoint the independent professional organizations to serve them when exercising their power, performing their duties or being needed by the business, pursuant to the stipulations in the *Articles of Association*, and the reasonable expenses occurred will be borne by the Company.

II. Directors

1. Trainings of directors

Pursuant to the *Corporate Governance Code*, all of the directors are obliged to take part in the continuing professional development to renew their knowledge and skills. The Company had provided the directors with trainings and development courses, including (1) providing the newly appointed directors the entry training (director's manual); (2) providing the directors with the continuing trainings and professional development courses.

於2013年1月1日至2013年12月31日期間,本公司全體董事定期接受有關本集團業務、營運及企業管治事宜的簡報及更新。董事並獲提供適用於本集團的新訂重點法律及條例或重要法律及條例的變動。公司每週編寫一期有關證券市場發展及監管政策的動態信息發送給董事、監事和高管人員。並於報告期內組織在青島的董事、監事魯加了由青島證監局組織的上市規則培訓。報告期公司董事會秘書參加了不少於15學時的專業培訓。部分董事、監事參加了不少於16學時的專業培訓。

2. 董事的獨立性

本公司已委任足夠數目的獨立非執行董事。根據 香港聯交所上市規則第3.13條的規定,董事會已 收到所有獨立非執行董事就其獨立性提交的書面 確認函。

3. 董事的證券交易

本公司採納香港聯交所《證券上市規則》附錄十所 載的《上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則》, 制定了本公司的《董事、監事及高級管理人員所持 本公司股份及其變動管理制度》。在向所有董事及 監事作出特定查詢後,本公司確認,本公司所有 董事及監事於報告期內均已遵守上市規則所規定 的有關董事進行證券交易的標準。

4. 董事、監事及高級管理人員的責任保險

經股東大會批准,本公司已為全體董事、監事及 高級管理人員購買適當之責任保險。

During the period from 1 January to 31 December 2013, all of the Company's directors can regularly receive the briefings and the updates for the matters relating to the Group's business, operations and corporate governance. They were also provided with the newly published important laws and rules, or changes in the important laws and rules which were applicable to the Group. The Company prepared a weekly newsletter for the development in the stock markets and updated information of regulatory policies, and distributed to the directors, supervisors and senior management officers. During the Reporting Period, the Company also arranged the directors and supervisors who were located in Qingdao to attend the trainings on the listing rules organized by Qingdao Branch of China Securities Regulatory Commission. During the Reporting Period, the Company's board secretaries attended not less than 15 training hours of professional trainings, while some directors and supervisors attended not less than 16 training hours of professional trainings.

2. Independence of directors

The Company has appointed sufficient number of independent non-executive directors, and the Board has received from all independent non-executive directors their written confirmation on their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the *Listing Rules*.

3. Securities transactions by directors

The Company applies the *Model Code* included in the Appendix 10 of the *Listing Rules*, and works out the Company's *Regulations on Holding of Shares in the Company by Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management Officers and the Changes*. The Company confirms that, after having made specific enquiries to all directors and supervisors, they have been in compliance with the required standards as set out in the *Listing Rules* regarding securities transactions by directors.

4. Liability insurance of directors, supervisors and senior management officers

As approved at the general meeting, the Company has purchased appropriate liability insurance for all of the directors, supervisors and senior management officers.

5. 財務彙報和董事就財務報表所承擔的責任

根據管理層提供的充分財務資料,本公司董事會每年對年度、半年度及季度業績報告進行審議並批准對外披露。董事有責任組織相關部門和人員編制每個財政年度的財務報表,並確保在編制財務報表時貫徹應用適當的會計政策及遵守中國會計準則及制度,以真實及公允地報告本公司的財務狀況及經營成果。

三. 董事會專門委員會

董事會於2011年6月16日召開會議,根據董事會成員的 調整,批准成立董事會下屬3個專門委員會,明確其監 察公司個別範疇業務的職權範圍。

1. 審計與內控委員會(「審計委員會」)

該委員會職權範圍依據香港聯交所上市規則附錄 十四之《企業管治守則》及中國證監會頒佈的《中國上市公司治理準則》而制訂,並按照最新監管動態作出修訂。其主要職責包括:檢討公司內部監控體系及制度的健全性和有效性,審閱公司的年度、半年度及季度財務報表,負責公司外部審計師的聘任、工作協調及對其工作效率和工作質量進行檢討,檢討及監察公司財務彙報質量和程序。

第七屆董事會審計委員會由四名獨立非執行董事 與一名非執行董事組成,由馬海濤先生擔任主 席,其他成員包括非執行董事山崎史雄先生(自 2013年6月起由非執行董事杉浦康譽先生接替)及 獨立非執行董事王學政先生、趙昌文先生和吳曉 波先生,均由董事會委任。其中馬海濤先生具備 財務和會計業務的經驗和能力。

5. Financial reporting and responsibilities taken by directors on financial statements

The Board makes annual review over the annual, interim and quarterly reports in accordance with the sufficient information provided by the management, and approves for public disclosure. The directors are responsible for organizing relevant departments and personnel to prepare financial reports for each financial year, and ensure to apply appropriate accounting policies, and abide by the CAS and regulations when preparing the financial statements, so as to truly and fairly report the financial situation and operating results of the Company.

III. Professional Committees under the Board

The Board held a meeting on 16 June 2011, at which it approved to set up 3 specific committees under it based on the adjustments of its members, clarified their duty scope of supervising the specific business fields in the Company.

Audit & Internal Control Committee ("Audit Committee")

The duty scope of the Audit Committee is determined pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code as set out in the Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules and Guidelines for Corporate Governance of China Listing Companies published by China Securities Regulatory Commission, and is revised from time to time subject to the latest supervisory trend. Its principal duties include: to review the soundness, completeness and effectiveness of the Company's internal control system and regulations, to review the Company's annual, interim and quarterly financial statements, to appoint the Company's external auditor and coordinate the work with them, and review the efficiency and quality of their work, to review and supervise the quality and procedures of the Company's financial reporting.

The Audit Committee of the 7th Board is comprised of 4 independent non-executive directors and 1 non-executive director including Mr. MA Hai Tao, the Chairman, and other members including Non-executive Director Mr. Fumio YAMAZAKI (who was replaced by Non-executive Director Mr. Yasutaka SUGIURA from June 2013), and Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. WANG Xue Zheng, Mr. ZHAO Chang Wen and Mr. WU Xiao Bo, all of whom are appointed by the Board. Mr. MA Hai Tao has experience and capability in financial and accounting business.

2013年度審計委員會共舉行了5次會議,為保證 彙報的獨立性,會議主席已安排外部審計師與審 計委員會成員進行單獨的會議。於每次會議後, 委員會均會就曾討論的重要事項向董事會提交建 議。各委員出席會議的情況如下: In 2013, the Audit Committee totally held 5 meetings. To ensure the independence of the reporting, the chairman of the Committee arranged sole meetings between external auditors and members of the Audit Committee. The Committee made proposals to the Board on important issues discussed by it after each of such meetings. The attendance of each member of the Committee is as follows:

		出席會議(次) Attendance	應出席會議(次) Meetings should	出席率(%) Attending
委員姓名	Name	(time)	attend (time)	Rate (%)
馬海濤(委員會主席)	MA Hai Tao	5	5	100
	(Chairman of the Committee)			
王學政	WANG Xue Zheng	5	5	100
趙昌文	ZHAO Chang Wen	4	5	80
吳曉波	WU Xiao Bo	1	5	20
山崎史雄	Fumio YAMAZAKI	2	3	66
杉浦康譽	Yasutaka SUGIURA	2	2	100

審計委員會在本年度主要工作包括:

- 審閱本公司的年度、半年度及季度業績報告 和財務報告;
- 就續聘公司審計師事項向董事會提供建議;
- 一 檢討公司內部控制體系及制度的有效性,包括考慮公司在財務彙報職能方面的資源以及 從業人員的資歷、經驗是否充足,相關人員 的培訓及有關預算是否充足。

2. 戰略與投資委員會(「戰略委員會」)

該委員會的主要職責是審查和檢討公司的戰略發展方向,制訂公司戰略規劃,以及適時調整公司 戰略和管治架構。 Major work by the Committee in the year includes:

- Reviewed the Company's annual, interim and quarterly reports, and financial statements;
- Made proposals to the Board on the re-appointment of the auditor
- Reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control system and regulations, including whether the resource of the financial reporting, and the qualification and experience of the jobholders were sufficient or not, whether the training to the related personnel and the related budgets were sufficient or not.

2. Strategy & Investment Committee ("Strategy Committee")

The Committee's main duties are: to supervise and review the Company's orientation of strategic development, to work out the Company's strategic plan, and to make timely adjustment towards the Company's strategic and governance structure.

第七屆董事會戰略委員會的成員包括:董事長孫 明波先生(委員會主席)、執行董事孫玉國先生和 獨立非執行董事王學政先生、趙昌文先生及馬海 濤先生。2013年度戰略委員會共舉行了4次會議, 各委員出席會議的情況如下:

The members of the Strategy Committee of the 7th Board include: Chairman Mr. SUN Ming Bo (Chairman of the Committee), Executive Director Mr. SUN Yu Guo, Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. WANG Xue Zheng, Mr. ZHAO Chang Wen and Mr. MA Hai Tao. In 2013, the Strategy Committee totally held 4 meetings, and the attendance of each member of the Committee is as follows:

		出席會議(次) Attendance	應出席會議(次) Meetings should	出席率 (%) Attending
委員姓名	Name	(time)	attend (time)	Rate (%)
孫明波(委員會主席)	SUN Ming Bo (Chairman of the Committee)	4	4	100
孫玉國	SUN Yu Guo	4	4	100
王學政	WANG Xue Zheng	4	4	100
趙昌文	ZHAO Chang Wen	4	4	100
馬海濤	MA Hai Tao	4	4	100

戰略委員會在本年度的主要工作包括:審議公司 收購目標公司股權及啤酒業務相關資產和子公司 搬遷新建和新增產能擴建項目的可行性報告。 The Strategy Committee mainly did the following work in the year: considered the feasibility report of acquiring the equity interests, beer-related assets of target companies, and the projects of relocation, new construction, and expansion construction for increasing production capacity the subsidiaries.

3. 提名與薪酬委員會

本公司成立了提名與薪酬委員會,其主要職責包括:研究和審議公司董事與高管人員的薪酬政策和激勵機制,制訂考核標準;研究改善公司治理 結構的方案及評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性及就董事委任向董事會提出建議。於二零一三年九月 一日生效之企業管治守則條文第A.5.6條規定,提名委員會(或董事會)應訂有涉及董事會成員多元化的政策,並於企業管治報告內披露其政策或政策摘要。本公司已於2013年8月經董事會審議批准採納本公司的董事會成員多元化政策,作為董事會提名與薪酬委員會工作細則的附件。

3. Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The Company sets up the Nomination & Remuneration Committee. Its main duties are: to study and review the remuneration policies and incentive system of the Company's directors and senior management officers, to work out appraisal standards, to study the schemes of improving the corporate governance, to appraise the independence of the independent non-executive directors and make proposals to the Board for the appointment of directors. According to Rule A.5.6 in the Corporate Governance Code taking into effect from 1 September 2013, the nomination committee (or the Board) should work out the policy concerning the diversity of the members of the Board, and disclose the policy or the abstract of such policy in the corporate governance report. The Company had, as considered and approved by the Board in August 2013, adopted the Company's diversity policy of the members of the Board as an appendix to the working guidelines of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Board.

第七屆董事會提名與薪酬委員會由四名獨立非執 行董事與一名非執行董事組成,由王學政先生擔 任主席,其他成員包括非執行董事陳志程先生及 獨立非執行董事趙昌文先生、吳曉波先生和馬齊 壽先生,均由董事會委任。2013年度提名與薪酬 委員會舉行了兩次會議,全體委員簽署了會議決 議,對年報披露的董事、監事和高管人員薪酬資 料進行了審核,以及對於增選董事和監事候選人 的提名事項進行了審議。

四. 監控機制

1. 監事會

現任監事的個人簡介資料,載列於本年度報告「董事、監事、高級管理人員情況」。

監事會依法獨立行使公司監督權,保障股東、公司和員工的合法權益不受侵犯。2013年度,監事會共舉行9次會議(包括現場會議5次和書面會議4次),代表股東對公司財務以及董事和高管人員履行職責的合法合規性進行監督,並列席了所有的董事會現場會議和股東大會。有關監事會的工作情況載列於本年度報告的「監事會工作報告」中。

2. 公司內部控制體系

2.1 本公司按照上海證券交易所發佈的《上海證券交易所上市公司內部控制指引》,香港聯合交易所有限公司《證券上市規則》,以及內部控制具體規範的要求,制定了一系列內部控制制度,並在公司生產經營活動中發揮了應有的作用,促進了本公司規範化運行。公司按照中國證監會、財政部於2014年1月發佈《公開發行證券的公司信息披露編報規則第21號 — 年度內部控制評價報告的一般規定》以及上交所的相關要求,進一步明確了內控缺陷的認定標準,完善了公司內部控制體系。

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the 7th Board is comprised of 4 independent non-executive directors and 1 non-executive director including Mr. WANG Xue Zheng, the Chairman, and other members including Non-executive Director Mr. CHEN Zhi Cheng, and Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. ZHAO Chang Wen, Mr. WU Xiao Bo and Mr. MA Hai Tao, all of whom are appointed by the Board. In 2013, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee held 2 meetings, at which all members of the Committee signed the meeting resolutions after reviewing the remuneration information of the directors, supervisors and senior management officers disclosed in the Annual Report, and considering the nomination matters of the candidates for the additional election of the directors and supervisors.

IV. Supervisory Mechanism

1. Board of Supervisors

The profile of current supervisors is set out in the "Profiles of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management Officers" in this Annual Report.

The Board of Supervisors legally exercises the supervision authority to prevent the legal rights and interests of the Company and its employees from being offended. The Board of Supervisors totally held 9 meetings (including 5 site meetings and 4 meetings in writing) in 2013, to supervise on behalf of shareholders over the finance, and legality and compliance of the directors and senior management officers on performing their duties, and sat in all site board meetings and general meetings. The details of the work of the Board of Supervisors are set out in "Report of the Supervisors" in this Annual Report.

2. Internal control system of the Company

According to the Internal Control Guide to Listing Company by Shanghai Stock Exchange published by SSE, Listing Rules, and the requirements of the specific regulations of internal control, the Company worked out a series of internal control regulations, which played corresponding roles in the Company's production and operating activities, promoted the Company's normalized operations. According to the General Regulations of the Annual Valuation to Internal Control - No. 21 of the Rules of Information Disclosing and Preparing of the Public Listing Companies published by the Ministry of Finance in January 2014, and the related requirement of SSE, the Company improved the internal contrail system. by further clarifing the affirmation standards of the internal control defects.

2.2 内部控制運行有效性評估

(1) 公司董事會對內控體系自我評估情況

公司第七屆董事會第十六次會議審議 通過公司2013年度內部控制評價報 告,按照公司制定的內部控制缺陷認 定標準,報告期內公司不存在財務報 告內部控制重大缺陷、重要缺陷。亦 未發現公司非財務報告內部控制重大 缺陷、重要缺陷。

(2) 公司境內註冊會計師對財務報告內控 體系評估情況

> 公司聘請普華永道中天對財務報告內 部控制有效性進行了審核評估,認為 公司於2013年12月31日按照《企業內 部控制基本規範》和相關規定在所有重 大方面保持了有效的財務報告內部控 制。

> 公司董事會對公司內部控制的評價報 告及普華永道中天出具的財務報告 內部控制審計報告全文載於上交所網 站、香港聯交所網站和公司網站。

3. 外聘審計師及酬金

本年度報告所收錄之財務報表根據中國企業會計準則編制,並經普華永道中天審計。普華永道中天已為本公司連續提供審計服務12年。2013年度,本公司應向普華永道中天支付其年度財務報告審計工作的酬金為人民幣660萬元,支付其內控審計工作的酬金為人民幣198萬元,公司不承擔其差旅費及其它費用。

- 2.2 Valuation on the effectiveness of internal control operations
 - (1) The Board's self-appraisal to the internal control system

The Company's 2013 internal control valuation report was considered and approved at the sixteenth meeting of the 7th Board, and according to the affirmation standards of the internal control defects worked out by the Company, during the Reporting Period, the Company did not have any significant defects or material defects of internal control in the financial reporting, nor in the non-financial reporting.

(2) The appraisal by the Company's domestic public certified accountants to the internal control in financial reporting

The Company appointed PwC Zhong Tian to review and appraise the effectiveness of internal control in the financial reporting, PwC Zhong Tian was of the view that, as at 31 December 2013, the Company had maintained effective internal control in the financial reporting in all material aspects according to the *Basic Standards of Enterprise Internal Control* and related regulations.

The full text of the Board's appraisal report on the Company's internal control and the auditing report on the internal control in financial reporting presented by PwC Zhong Tian are published on the websites of SSE, the Stock Exchange and the Company.

3. External auditor and its remuneration

The financial statements included in the Annual Report are prepared in accordance with CAS, and have been audited by PwC Zhong Tian, who has provided auditing services for 12 years in consecution. For the year 2013, the Company should pay RMB6.6 million to PwC Zhong Tian for its full-year work of auditing the financial reports, and RMB1.98 million for its auditing work of internal control, but all expenses for business travels and others will not borne by the Company.

五.股東及其他利益相關者

1. 股東大會

本公司一直致力於維護全體股東的合法權益,股東大會的召集召開嚴格按照《公司章程》、《股東大會議事規則》的規定。公司股東大會由董事會召集,由董事長主持召開。股東大會由公司執行董事作提案報告,對提案表決的監票和計票由股東代表、監事代表及見證律師、香港執業會計師(點票監察人)共同進行,並由會議主席(董事長)宣佈表決結果,正式形成大會決議。公司聘請的律師對大會作見證並發表法律意見書。

股東大會是公司的最高權力機構,依法行使職權,決定公司重大事項。每年的股東年會為董本會與公司股東提供直接溝通的渠道。因此聚共會,於會議召開45日前發組與市產股東年會上,公司董事長及其他與東大會大公司在青島以及,在股東軍衛軍,在股東年會,會議審計的財務報告、利潤強力。2012年度董事會報告、監事會報告、利潤強力。2012年度董事會報告、監事會報告、報過到了公司2012年度董事會報告、監事會報告、報過過過了公司2012年度董事會報告、監事的財務報告、利潤議經告和數學的時別決議案。並聽取了公司2012年度獨立非執行董事述職報告。以上股東大會決議可查以及上交所網站發佈的相關公告。



V. Shareholders and Other Interest-related Parties

1. General meeting

The Company has been devoting to maintain the legal rights and interests of all shareholders. The convening and holding of general meeting are strictly pursuant to the terms in the Articles of Association and Rules of Order for General Meeting. The Company's general meeting is convened by the Board and hosted by the Chairperson of the Board. The executive directors make reports over proposals at the general meeting, while the representatives of shareholders, representatives of supervisors, witness lawyers, profession accountant from Hong Kong (scrutineers for the votetaking) jointly inspect and count the votes to the proposals, have the chairperson of the meeting (Chairperson of the Board) announce the voting results, and work out the formal resolutions of the meeting. The lawyers appointed by the Company witnesses the meeting and present legal comments.

The general meeting is the highest authority of the Company, which legally exercises its powers and determines the significant events for the Company. The annual general meeting is the channel of direct communication between the Board and the shareholders of the Company. Therefore, the Company pays high regards to the general meeting by dispatching the meeting notice 45 days prior to the meeting date, and the chairperson and other attending executive directors make extensive and intensive communications and interpretation over the issues concerned by the shareholders at the annual general meeting. On 25 June 2013, the Company held the 2012 Annual General Meeting in form of site voting in Qingdao to consider and approve the Company's 2012 work report of the Board, 2012 work report of the Board of Supervisors, audited financial statements, preliminary proposal for the profit distribution, and the re-appointment of the auditor of financial statements and internal control, and the special resolution of revising the Company's articles of association. It also listened to the 2012 work report of the independent non-executive directors. For the resolutions approved at the aforesaid general meeting, please refer to the related announcement published by the Company on the nominated domestic newspapers for information disclosure, and the websites of SSE and the Stock Exchange.

2. 股東權利

作為保障股東權益及權利的一項措施,本公司就 各重大事項在股東大會上均單獨決議,以供股東 考慮及投票。所有向股東大會提呈的決議案以投 票方式表決。投票表決的結果將於相關股東大會 後在聯交所網站、上交所網站及本公司網站公佈。

單獨或合併持有本公司發行在外的有表決權的股份百分之十以上(含百分之十)的股東可根據《公司章程》第八十六條第(一)項以書面形式請求召開臨時股東大會。有關請求必須向股東大會明確説明需要審議的內容,且必須由請求人簽署,並以書面的形式通知本公司董事會。股東應遵循《公司章程》所載有關召開臨時股東大會的規定及程序。

股東有權要求查詢《公司章程》第五十二條第 (五)項所載信息,股東可就該等權利致函本公司股權管理總部或電郵至公司「投資者關係」郵 箱(secretary@tsingtao.com.cn)發出查詢或提出請求。股東提出查詢有關信息的,應提供相關書面證明文件,經公司核實其股東身份後予以提供。

有關股東提名董事的程序已列載於本公司網站。

3. 投資者關係與溝通

本公司高度重視投資者關係管理工作,並努力通過各種渠道和形式加強與投資者的溝通與交流, 對投資者關注的熱點問題給與及時的解答。同時,公司不斷致力於提升公司的透明度,幫助投資者加深對公司業務情況及發展前景的瞭解,並悉心聽取投資者的意見和建議,不斷提升公司治理和經營管理水平。

2. Shareholders' rights

As one of the measures securing the interests and rights of the shareholders, the Company makes a single resolution at the general meeting for each significant issue for the shareholders' consideration and voting. All resolutions submitted to the general meeting are voted with polls. The voting result will be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange, SSE and the Company after the related general meeting.

Shareholders who solely or collectively hold more than 10% (10% inclusive) of shares with voting right publically listed by the Company may requisite in writing the convening of extraordinary general meeting pursuant to Rule 86 (I) in the *Articles of Association*. The related requisition must clearly state to the general meeting the issues needed to be considered with the signature by the person who makes such requisition, and notifies in writing to the general meeting of the Company. The shareholders should follow the rules and procedures for convening extraordinary general meeting as set out in the *Articles of Association*.

The shareholders have the right to inquiry the information as set out in Rule 52(V) of the Articles of Association, and can make inquiry or request for such right by sending mail to the Company's Equity Management Department or emailing to the Company's email address of IR (secretary@tsingtao.com.cn). The shareholder who inquires for the information should provide with related written identification documents and will be provided with such information after their identification as shareholder have been verified by the Company.

The procedures for shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as a director are available on the Company's website.

3. Investor relations and communications

The Company pays high regards to the management of investor relations, strives to strengthen the communications with investors through various channels and forms, and timely responds to hot issues concerned by the investors. At the same time, the Company devotes to improve its transparency to help the investors more clearly understand the situation and prospects of the Company, carefully listens to the comments and proposals made by the investors, to improve the Company's corporate governance and operating management.

本公司於2013年召開年度業績推介會1次,組織國際路演和網上路演各一次。同時,本公司在年內參加國內外證券公司組織的投資論壇、投資水路會等大型投資者交流活動12次,並積極安排、接待境內外證券分析員、基金經理及其它投資,以表述實施人投資者現場調研及電話會議、參觀共司學的緣/次,取得了良好的溝通效果。本公司學辦「我是股東一中小投資者走進青島啤酒」活動,董事長孫明波先生舉門人員與現場調研走訪的中小投資者代表舉門了溝通交流會,與中小投資者近距離進行了加強,通過實施上述投資者關係活動,加強了投資者對本公司的認識和瞭解。



4. 建議修訂公司章程

根據《中華人民共和國公司法》、中國證券監督管理委員會《關於進一步落實上市公司現金分紅有關事項的通知》(證監發[2012]37號)以及青島證監局《關於進一步修訂和完善青島轄區上市公司現金分紅製度和政策的通知》等相關法律、法規、規範性文件的規定,結合公司經營範圍變更等實際情況,公司於2012年8月15日召開的第七屆董事會第八次會議審議通過公司章程修訂案,並提請公司2012年度股東年會審議通過。新修訂《公司章程》的中英文版本已上載到聯交所網站和公司網站,方便投資者瀏覽。

In 2013, the Company held 1 results presentation, arranged 1 international road-show and 1 on-line road-show. At the same time, the Company participated in 12 largescale investors' exchange activities including investment forums and investment strategy conferences organized by domestic and overseas securities companies in the year, and actively arranged and received over 90 site surveys, conference calls and visits for the domestic and overseas securities analysts, fund managers and other institutional investors/individual investors, which were fruitful. The Company also, together with SSE, successfully sponsored the event of "I am an investor - Mid-small investors' Visit to Tsingtao Brewery", in which the senior management officers including Chairman Mr. SUN Ming Bo held an exchange and communication meeting with the visiting representatives of the mid-small investors to have faceto-face communications with these investors. Through the above investor relation activities, the investors have more knowledge and understanding to the Company.

4. Proposed revisions to the articles of association

According to the requirements in the related laws, regulations, and regulatory documents including Company Law of the People's Republic of China, Notice for Further Putting into Practice Matters Relating to Cash Dividends of Listing Company issued by China Securities Regulatory Commission (No. ZJF[2012]37) and Notice for Further Revising and Completing System and Policy of Cash Dividends of Listing Companies in Qingdao issued by Qingdao Securities Regulatory Administration, and combining with the facts including that the Company had changed its business scope. The Company held the eighth meeting of the 7th Board on 15 August 2012 to consider and approve the proposed revisions to the articles of association, and submitted the proposal for the consideration at the Company's 2013 Annual General Meeting. The Chinese and English copies of the newly revised Articles of Association have been uploaded to the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company for the easy reference of the investors.

5. 其他利益相關者

本公司認為:企業要保持基業常青、永續經營, 應堅持誠信經營,認真履行社會責任,建立與 公司利益相關者和諧共贏的長期合作關係。多年 來,公司在經營業績穩步增長的同時,堅持依法 納稅、誠信經營、回饋社會,積極參與社會公益 性活動和環境保護。

良好的企業管治有助於公司的健康發展及提高投資者的信心,而董事會的有效性是良好企業管治的核心。因此,公司董事會將致力於不斷提升決策的效率和水平,促進公司的穩健發展及增加股東價值。

5. Other interest-related parties

The Company is of the view that, it should insist on operations with integrity and fulfillment of its social responsibilities, and establishing a harmonic, win-win and long-term cooperation with interest-related parties of the Company to ensure its long-lasting existence. For years, the Company has been insisting on making full payment of taxes, operating with integrity, rewarding the society and actively participating in the social welfare and environment protection activities while keeping on steady growth of its operational results.

A good corporate governance is helpful to the sound development and in raising the investors' confidence, while the effectiveness of the Board is important to the good corporate governance. Therefore, the Board will be dedicated to the continuous improvement of efficiency and qualification of decision-making, so as to promote the steady development and adding shareholder's value.



一、報告期內主要財務分析(按中國企業會計準則)

Analysis of Principal Finance Performance during the Reporting Period (in accordance with CAS)

(I) 公司主營業務及經營情況分析

Analysis of main operations and operating situations of the Company

1. 利潤表及現金流量表相關科目變動分析表

Analysis of changes of related items in the income statement and cash flow statement

單位:人民幣千元 Unit: RMB'000

		本期數 Current	上年同期數 Prior	變動比例 (%) Variance
科目	Item	Period	Period	(%)
營業收入	Revenue	28,290,978	25,781,544	9.73
營業成本	Costs of sales	17,007,894	15,433,870	10.20
銷售費用	Selling and distribution expenses	5,610,694	4,930,866	13.79
管理費用	General and administrative expenses	1,572,544	1,269,422	23.88
財務費用	Financial expenses	(251,391)	(178,141)	(41.12)
經營活動產生的現金 流量淨額	Net cash flow from operating activities	3,401,151	3,103,597	9.59
投資活動產生的現金 流量淨額	Net cash flow from investing activities	(1,495,925)	(1,994,814)	25.01
籌資活動產生的現金 流量淨額	Net cash flow from financing activities	(777,715)	(391,845)	(98.48)
研發支出	R&D expenditures	20,104	12,300	63.45

2. 驅動業務收入變化的因素分析

Analysis of the factors driving the changes of business revenue

2013年度營業收入同比增加約2,509,434千元,增幅9.73%,主要原因是本年度內公司積極開拓市場,銷量保持較高增長,同比增加80萬千升,增幅10.14%,其中:主品牌青島啤酒實現銷量450萬千升,其中聽裝、小瓶、純生、奧古特等高附加值啤酒實現國內銷量158萬千升,同比增長12.64%。

In 2013, the revenue increased by approximately RMB2,509,434,000 on a y-o-y basis with a

growth rate of 9.73%, which mainly because that, within the year, the Company increased its sales volume by 8 million hl on a y-o-y basis with a growth rate of 10.14% through actively expanding the markets and maintaining the high growth of sales volume, of which, the sales volume of the principal brand, Tsingtao Beer, reached 45 million hl, including 15.8 million hl of the domestic sales volume of the high-value-added products of canned beer, small-bottled beer, draft beer and Augerta, increasing by 12.64% on a y-o-y basis.

3. 成本 Costs

單位:人民幣千元 Unit: RMB'000

分行業情況 Information by industries

			本期佔		上年同期佔	本期金額較
		上掛人站	總成本比例	上年日期人物	總成本比例	上年同期
分行業	成本構成項目	本期金額 Current	(%) Percent of the	同期金額 Prior	(%) Percent of the	變動比例 (%) Variance
カロ来 By industries	从本带风烟日 Items in the costs	Period	total costs	Period	total costs	(%)
Dy madstres	Trems in the costs	1 01104	- Cottal Costs	101104	total costs	(70)
	直接材料					
	Direct materials	11,110,558	65.33	11,951,634	77.44	(7.04)
	直接人工					
	Direct labor	687,403	4.04	656,849	4.26	4.65
啤酒銷售	製造費用					
Sales of beer	Overhead	2,439,124	14.34	2,491,497	16.14	(2.10)
	外購成本					
	Outsourcing costs	2,385,912	14.03	_	_	_
	小計					
	Sub-total	16,622,997	97.74	15,099,980	97.84	10.09
其他非主營						
銷售業務						
Other non-principle	小計					
sales business	Sub-total	384,897	2.26	333,890	2.16	15.28
合計						
Total		17,007,894	100.00	15,433,870	100.00	10.20

備註:啤酒銷售成本構成項目金額參照本年度 生產成本構成比例計算。

Note: The amount of the items composing the costs of selling beer is calculated with reference to percentages in the composition of the production costs in the year.

2013年度公司營業成本同比增加約1,574,024 千元,增幅10.20%,主要原因是本年度銷量增加,以及人工成本上升等原因使得營業成本增加所致。

In 2013, the Company's costs of sales increased by RMB1,574,024,000 with a growth rate of 10.20%, which was mainly due to the increase in sales volume and cost of labor for the current year.

制造成本構成 Composition of production costs



4. 費用 Expenses

(1) 銷售費用

Selling and distribution expenses

2013年銷售費用較上年度增加13.79%, 主要原因是本年度市場規模擴大銷量增加,使得職工薪酬、市場投入費用及物流 費用增加所致。

In 2013, selling and distribution expenses increased by 13.79% from the previous year, mainly due to the increase of sales and expansion of market, which lead to higher growth in the expenses including promotion expenses, employee benefit expenses and transportation expenses.

5. 其他利潤構成的詳細説明

Detailed explanation of other compositions of profits

(2) 管理費用

General and administrative expenses

2013年管理費用較上年度增加23.88%, 主要原因是本年度職工薪酬增加及運行支 出增加所致。

In 2013, general and administrative expenses increased by 23.88% from the previous year, mainly due to the increase in operational expenses and employee benefit expenses.

(3) 財務費用

Financial expenses

2013年財務費用較上年度減少41.12%, 主要原因是本年度利息收入增加所致。 In 2013, net financial expenses decreased by 41.12% from the previous year, mainly due to the increase in interest income.

> 單位:人民幣千元 Unit: RMB'000

		本期數 Current	上年同期數 Prior	變動比例 (%) Variance
項目名稱	Item	Period	Period	(%)
資產減值損失	Asset impairment losses	1,745	1,005	73.70
投資收益	Investment income	229,225	14,962	1,432.05
營業外收入	Non-operating income	563,993	394,831	42.84
營業外支出	Non-operating expense	248,401	49,078	406.14
少數股東損益	Minority interests	1,552	85,899	(98.19)
		The second secon	THE RESERVE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	

(1) 資產減值損失

Asset impairment losses

2013年資產減值損失較上年度增加73.70%,主要原因是本年度子公司計提固定資產減值損失增加所致。

In 2013, asset impairment losses increased by 73.70% from the previous year, mainly due to the increase of impairment losses on fixed assets in certain subsidiaries.

(2) 投資收益

Investment income

2013年 投 資 收 益 較 上 年 度 增 加 1,432.05%,主要原因是本年度因與三得 利合資項目本公司之原全資子公司青島啤酒上海松江有限公司(已更名為「三得利青島啤酒(上海)有限公司」)變更為本公司的 聯營企業,其公允價值大於賬面價值產生的收益。

In 2013, investment income increased by 1,432.05% from the previous year, mainly because of the gain from disposal of Tsingtao Brewery Shanghai Songjiang Company (renamed Suntory Tsingtao Brewery (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.) in the transaction with Suntory Company, which is based on the difference between fair value and book value of this subsidiary.

(3) 營業外收入

Non-operating income

2013年 營 業 外 收 入 較 上 年 度 增 加 42.84%,主要原因是本年度因與三得利合 資項目產生負商譽所致。

In 2013, non-operating income increased by 42.84% from the previous year, mainly due to the negative goodwill incurred from the transaction with Suntory Company.

(4) 營業外支出

Non-operating expense

2013年 營 業 外 支 出 較 上 年 度 增 加 406.14%,主要原因是本年度子公司承擔 員工安置費用及部分子公司非流動資產處 置損失增加所致。

In 2013, non-operating expense increased by 406.14% from the previous year, mainly due to the increase in staff settlement expenses and the losses on disposal of noncurrent assets of certain subsidiaries in the current year.

(5) 少數股東損益

Minority interests

2013年 少 數 股 東 損 益 較 上 年 度 減 少 98.19%,主要原因是本年度擁有少數股東 的單位淨利潤減少所致。

In 2013, minority interests decreased by 98.19% from the previous year, mainly due to the decrease in net profit of certain subsidiaries which have minority shareholders.

6. 研發支出 R&D expenses

單位:人民幣千元 Unit: RMB'000

本期費用化研發支出	R&D expenses in expenses	20,104
本期資本化研發支出	R&D expenses in capital	_
研發支出合計	Total R&D expenses	20,104
研發支出總額佔淨資產比例 (%)	Percent of R&D expenses in the net assets (%)	0.14
研發支出總額佔營業收入比例 (%)	Percent of R&D expenses in the revenues (%)	0.07

7. 現金流

Cash flow

(1) 經營活動產生的現金流量淨額同比增加 9.59%,主要原因是報告期內銷售商品收 到現金同比增加所致。

The net cash flow from operating activities increased by 9.59% from the previous year, which was mainly due to the increase in cash received from selling products during the Reporting Period.

(2) 投資活動產生的現金流量淨額同比增加 25.01%,主要原因是報告期內購建固定資 產、無形資產和其他長期資產所支付的現 金同比減少所致。

The net cash flow from investing activities increased by 25.01% from the previous year, which was mainly due to the decrease in cash paid for acquiring and constructing fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets during the Reporting Period.

(3) 籌資活動產生的現金流量淨額同比減少 98.48%,主要原因是報告期內償還借款及 分配股利所支付的現金同比增加所致。

The net cash flow from financing activities decreased by 98.48% from the previous year, which was mainly due to the increase in cash paid for the repayment of borrowings and the dividends distribution during the Reporting Period.



(II) 資產、負債情況分析 Analysis of assets and liabilities

資產負債情況分析表
 Analysis of assets and liabilities

單位:人民幣千元 Unit: RMB'000

		本期期末數	本期期末數 佔總資產的 比例 (%)	上期期末數	上期期末數 佔總資產的 比例 (%)	本期期末金額較 上期期末變動 比例 (%)
		Current	Percent of the	Prior	Percent of the	Variance
項目名稱	Items	Period	total assets (%)	period	total assets (%)	(%)
貨幣資金	Cash at bank and on hand	8,531,720	31.18	7,118,248	30.08	19.86
應收票據	Notes receivable	84,760	0.31	61,800	0.26	37.15
應收賬款	Accounts receivable	152,293	0.56	82,685	0.35	84.18
預付款項	Advances to suppliers	132,346	0.48	83,739	0.35	58.05
應收利息	Interest receivable	188,461	0.69	63,996	0.27	194.49
其他應收款	Other receivables	183,395	0.67	87,292	0.37	110.09
其他流動資產	Other current assets	466,863	1.71	284,314	1.20	64.21
長期股權投資	Long-term equity investments	1,271,947	4.65	163,877	0.69	676.16
固定資產清理	Fixed assets pending for disposal	5,369	0.02	9,917	0.04	(45.86)
長期待攤費用	Long-term prepaid expenses	21,525	0.08	6,425	0.03	235.00
遞延所得税資產	Deferred tax assets	700,162	2.56	485,349	2.05	44.26
短期借款	Short-term borrowings	101,080	0.37	147,618	0.62	(31.53)
應付票據	Notes payable	138,383	0.51	81,883	0.35	69.00
應付賬款	Accounts payable	2,707,071	9.89	1,993,402	8.42	35.80
預收款項	Advances from customers	980,498	3.58	656,414	2.77	49.37
其他應付款	Other payables	4,231,981	15.47	3,213,582	13.58	31.69
一年內到期的非流動負債	Current portion of non-current					
	liabilities	1,797,167	6.57	2,786	0.01	64,400.57
長期借款	Long-term borrowings	4,881	0.02	452,486	1.91	(98.92)
應付債券	Debentures payable	_	_	1,409,316	5.96	(100.00)
專項應付款	Payables for specific projects	450,936	1.65	120,064	0.51	275.58
少數股東權益	Minority interests	(147,088)	(0.54)	315,478	1.33	(146.62)

(1) 貨幣資金

Cash at bank and on hand

貨幣資金報告期期末比期初增加19.86%,主要原因是本年度經營活動產生的現金淨流量增加所致。

Cash at bank and on hand at the year-end increased by 19.86%, mainly due to the increase in cash flows from operating activities.

(2) 應收票據

Notes receivable

應收票據報告期期末比期初增加37.15%,主要 原因是本年度採用銀行承兑匯票結算貨款方式 比重增加所致。

Notes receivable at the year-end increased by 37.15%, mainly due to the increase on the settlement by bank acceptance notes.

(3) 應收賬款

Accounts receivable

應收賬款報告期期末比期初增加84.18%,主要 原因是本年度銷量增加使得部分子公司應收賬 款餘額增加及與三得利合資項目新並購單位帶 入所致。

Accounts receivable at the year-end increased by 84.18%, mainly due to the followings: the increase in accounts receivable of certain subsidiaries incurred from the increased sales volume, the opening balance brought from the newly consolidated entities in the transaction with Suntory Company this year.

(4) 預付款項

Advances to suppliers

預付款項報告期期末比期初增加58.05%,主要原因是本年度採取預付貨款方式採購原材料增加所致。

Advances to suppliers at the year-end increased by 58.05%, mainly due to the increase in advances to suppliers for purchase of raw materials during the current year.

(5) 應收利息

Interest receivable

應收利息報告期期末比期初增加194.49%,主要 原因是本年度本公司之子公司財務公司產生應 收銀行存款利息增加所致。

Interest receivable at the year-end increased by 194.49%, mainly due to the increase in accrued interest of Finance Company's bank deposits with interbank.

(6) 其他應收款

Other receivables

其他應收款報告期期末比期初增加110.09%,主 要原因是本年度應收工程設備款、代墊回收瓶 款、押金及保證金增加所致。

Other receivables at the year-end increased by 110.09%, mainly due to the increase in receivables on equipment sales, receivables on recycled bottles and deposits.

(7) 其他流動資產

Other current assets

其他流動資產報告期期末比期初增加64.21%, 主要原因是本年度預繳增值税及企業所得税增加所致。

Other current assets at the year-end increased by 64.21%, mainly due to the increase in VAT and enterprise income tax prepaid.

(8) 長期股權投資

Long-term equity investments

長期股權投資報告期期末比期初增加676.16%, 主要原因是本年度因與三得利合資項目,本公司原子公司青島啤酒上海松江有限公司及其子公司變更為本公司持股50%的聯營企業,對其確認的長期股權投資增加所致。

Long-term equity investments at the yearend increased by 676.16%, mainly because Tsingtao Brewery Shanghai Songjiang Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries, which were changed from subsidiaries to associates which 50% equity interests held by the Company due to the transaction with Suntory Company in the current year.

(9) 固定資產清理

Fixed assets pending for disposal

固定資產清理報告期期末比期初減少45.86%, 主要原因是本年度部分子公司進入處置程序的 固定資產清理完畢所致。

Fixed assets pending for disposal at the year-end decreased by 45.86%, mainly because that some fixed assets were disposed in the current year.

(10) 長期待攤費用

Long-term prepaid expenses

長期待攤費用期末比期初增加235.00%,主要原因是本年度部分子公司攤銷期在一年以上的費用增加所致。

Long-term prepaid expenses at the year-end increased by 235.00%, mainly due to the increase of prepaid expenses with beneficial period more than one year in certain subsidiaries.

(11) 遞延所得税資產

Deferred tax assets

遞延所得税資產報告期期末比期初增加 44.26%,主要原因是待付費用及職工薪酬增加 使得遞延所得税增加所致。

Deferred tax assets at the year-end increased by 44.26%, mainly due to increase in temporary difference arising from accrued promotion expenses payable and employee benefits payable.

(12) 應付票據

Notes payable

應付票據報告期期末比期初增加69.00%,主要原因是本年度以承兑匯票結算材料採購款比重增加所致。

Notes payable at the year-end increased by 69.00%, mainly due to the increase on the settlement by bank acceptance notes.

(13) 應付賬款

Accounts payable

應付賬款報告期期末比期初增加35.80%,主要 原因是本年度因三得利合資項目導致外部採購 增加以及公司發揮信譽優勢,延長付款賬期所 致。

Accounts payable at the year-end increased by 35.80%, mainly due to the increase in external purchase as a result of the transaction with Suntory Company and extended the credit period taking advantage of credibility.

(14) 預收款項

Advances from customers

預收款項報告期期末比期初增加49.37%,主要原因是部分子公司預收酒款增加所致。

Advances from customers at the year-end increased by 49.37%, mainly due to the increase in advances from customers for beer purchase.

(15) 其他應付款

Other payables

其他應付款報告期期末比期初增加31.69%,主 要原因是本年度銷量增加使得待付費用、押金 及保證金增加所致。

Other payables at the year-end increased by 31.69%, mainly due to the increase in accrued promotion expenses and deposits as results of increased sales.

(16) 一年內到期的非流動負債

Current portion of non-current liabilities Debentures

一年內到期的非流動負債報告期期末比期初增加64,400.57%,主要原因是本公司應付債券及子公司長期借款將於一年內到期轉至一年內到期的非流動負債所致。

Current portion of non-current liabilities at the year-end increased by 64,400.57%, mainly due to the debentures payable and the long-term borrowing will be matured within one year and has been reclassified into current portion of non-current liabilities.

(17) 應付債券

Debentures payable

應付債券報告期期末比期初減少100.00%,主要原因是本公司應付債券將於一年內到期轉至一年內到期的非流動負債所致。

Debentures payable at the year-end decreased by 100%, mainly due to the debentures payable will be matured within one year and has been reclassified as current liabilities.

(18) 專項應付款

Payables for specific projects

專項應付款報告期期末比期初增加275.58%,主要原因是本年度部分子公司收到政府搬遷補償增加所致。

Payables for specific projects at the year-end increased by 275.58%, mainly because that certain subsidiaries received government grants due to relocation in the current year.

(19) 少數股東權益

Minority interests

少數股東權益報告期期末比期初減少146.62%, 主要原因是本年度由於與三得利合資項目設立 青島啤酒三得利(上海)銷售有限公司,與少數 股東共同分享該子公司權益所致。

Minority interests at the year-end decreased by 146.62%, mainly due to sharing the interest of Sales Company which was established by the Company and Suntory Company during the current year.

(20) 銀行借款

Bank borrowings

短期借款報告期期末比期初減少31.53%,主要原因是本年度部分子公司歸還借款所致;

Short-term borrowings at the year-end decreased by 31.53%, mainly due to the repayment of the short-term borrowings in certain subsidiaries;

一年內到期的長期借款報告期期末比期初增加 17,162.21%,主要原因是子公司長期借款將於 一年內到期轉至一年內到期的長期借款所致;

Current portion of long-term borrowings at the year-end increased by 17,162.21%, mainly due to that some subsidiaries' long-term borrowings which would be due within 1 year were reclassfied to the current portion of non-current liabilities.

長期借款報告期期末比期初減少98.92%,主要 原因是子公司長期借款將於一年內到期轉至一 年內到期的非流動負債所致。

Long-term borrowings at the year-end decreased by 98.92%, mainly due to the long-term borrowings will be matured within one year and has been reclassfied to current portion of noncurrent liabilities.

截至2013年年末本集團銀行借款共為414,313 千元人民幣,其中短期借款101,080千元人民 幣,長期借款313,233千元人民幣。長期借款 中:1年以內到期部分308,352千元人民幣,1至 5年3,759千元人民幣,超過5年1,122千元人民 幣。

As at the end of 2013, the total amount of bank borrowing of the Group was RMB414,313,000, including RMB101,080,000 of short-term borrowings and RMB313,233,000 of long-term borrowings. Among the long-term borrowings, those due within 1 year were amounted to RMB308,352,000, those due in 1-5 years were amounted to RMB3,759,000, and those due over 5 years were amounted to RMB1,122,000.

截至2013年末本集團銀行借款按借款幣種分為人民幣借款89,287千元人民幣,港幣借款318,411千元人民幣,歐元借款3,257千元人民幣,丹麥克朗借款3,358千元人民幣。

As at the end of 2013, the Group's borrowings in RMB were amounted to RMB89,287,000, borrowings in Hong Kong dollars were amounted to RMB318,411,000, borrowings in Euro were amounted to RMB3,257,000, and borrowings in Danish krone were amounted to RMB3,358,000.

本集團的借款均受市場利率變動的影響,人民幣與港幣的借款於結算日的有效年利率分別為4.51%、2.94%。

All borrowings of the Group are affected by the interest rate fluctuation, and the effective annual interest rate for the borrowings in Renminbi and Hong Kong dollars as at the settling date was 4.51% and 2.94% respectively.

(III) 其他經營情況説明

Interpretation of other operating situations

(1) 債務資本率

Debt/Capital Ratio

本集團2013年12月31日的債務資本率為0.03% (2012年12月31日:12.99%)。債務資本率的 計算方法為:長期借款總額/(長期借款總額+ 歸屬於上市公司股東的股東權益)。

On 31 December 2013, the Group's debt/capital ratio was 0.03% (12.99% on 31 December 2012), the calculation of debt/capital is: total amount of long-term borrowings/(total amount of long-term borrowings + shareholders' interests attributable to the shareholders of listing company).

(2) 資產抵押

Assets mortgage

於2013年12月31日,本集團無資產抵押。 (2012年12月31日:無)

As at 31 December 2013, the Group did not have any mortgages. (nil as at 31 December 2012)

(3) 匯率波動風險

Risk of flexible exchange rate

由於本集團目前用於主品牌生產的原材料大麥 主要依賴進口,因此匯率的變動將會間接影響 本集團的原材料價格,從而對本集團的盈利能 力產生一定影響。

As the Group currently relies on the imported barley among the raw materials in its production of principal brand, so the change of exchange rate would indirectly affect the price of raw materials used by the Group, so as to bring certain impacts to the profitability of the Group.

(4) 資本性開支

Capital expenditure

2013年本公司資本性新建、搬遷及改擴建項目 共投入約20.36億元,使得公司的產能規模持續 擴大,產能佈局得到優化。依據公司目前的資 金狀況及盈利能力,有充足的自有資金及持續 的經營現金淨流入滿足公司資本項目的資金需求。

In 2013, the Company totally invested in approximately RMB2.036 billion for the capital projects of new constructions, relocation, reconstruction and expansion, which helped to further increase the Company's output capacity and improve the capacity layout. Based on the Company's present fund situation and profitability, there are sufficient self-owned funds and continuous net operating cash in-flow to satisfy the Company's needs in funds for its capital projects.

(5) 投資

Investments

詳情載於隨附財務報表附註。

For details please refer to the enclosed Notes to Financial Statements.

(6) 或有負債

Contingent liabilities

詳情載於隨附財務報表附註。

For details please refer to the enclosed Notes to Financial Statements.

公司第七屆董事會成員簡介 Directors of 7th Board



孫明波先生,現年57歲,復旦大學 — 華盛頓大學 EMBA,同濟大學管理科學與工程博士,工程系列應用研究員。現任本公司董事長,青島啤酒集團有限公司董事長、首席執行官。曾任青島啤酒一廠副廠長、總工程師,本公司總經理助理兼副總工程師、常務副總裁、營銷總裁、總裁,具有豐富的戰略管理、營銷管理、生產技術管理及並購重組經驗,青島市專業技術拔尖人才,國務院特殊津貼專家,為第十二屆全國人大代表。

Mr. SUN Ming Bo, aged 57, EMBA at Fudan University – Washington University, Doctor of Management Science and Engineering at Tongji University, and applied researcher of engineering series. Mr. SUN is currently Chairman of the Company, Chairman and CEO of Tsingtao Group. He ever served as Deputy Factory Manager and Chief Engineer of Tsingtao Brewery No. 1 Factory, Assistant to General Manager & Vice Chief Engineer, Executive Vice President, President of Marketing and President of the Company with substantial experience in management of strategy, marketing, production technology, mergers and acquisitions, and reorgnisaiton. He is the Top Talent in Professional Technologies in Qingdao and the expert with special allowance from the State Council. Mr. SUN is the representative of the 12th National People's Congress.



王帆先生,現年60歲,西安交通大學工學碩士。現任本公司副董事長,青島啤酒集團有限公司 副董事長。曾任青島市產品質量監督檢驗所所長,青島市經濟委員會副主任,青島市勞動和社會 保障局局長,具有豐富的經濟工作和企業管理經驗,為山東省政協第九屆、第十屆委員。

Mr. WANG Fan, aged 60, Master of Engineering at Xi'an Jiaotong University. He is currently Vice Chairman of the Company and Tsingtao Group, and ever served as Superintendent of Qingdao Product Quality Supervision & Test Institute, Vice Director of Qingdao Economic Commission, Director of Qingdao Labor and Social Security Bureau with substantial experience in economic work and enterprise administration. Mr. WANG is the member of the 9th and 10th Shandong Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.



黄克興先生,現年51歲,北京大學光華管理學院EMBA畢業,高級工程師。現任本公司執行董事、總裁、青島啤酒集團有限公司董事。曾任青島啤酒工程有限公司總經理、本公司總裁助理兼戰略投資管理總部部長、本公司副總裁、青島啤酒集團有限公司副總裁。具有豐富的啤酒行業戰略規劃、投資管理及經營管理經驗,為山東省政協第十一屆委員。

Mr. HUANG Ke Xing, aged 51, EMBA at Guanghua School of Management of Peking University, Senior Engineer. He is currently Executive Director and President of the Company, Director of Tsingtao Group, and ever served as General Manager of Tsingtao Brewery Engineering Company Limited, Assistant to President & Head of Strategic Investment Management Department, Vice President of the Company, and Vice President of Tsingtao Group with substantial experience in strategic planning, investment management and operating management of beer industry. Mr. HUANG is the member of the 11th Shandong Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.



姜宏女士, 現年 57歲, 南開大學 EMBA 畢業, 高級經濟師。現任本公司執行董事、副總裁。曾任青島啤酒二廠廠長, 本公司生產部部長、企業管理部部長、總裁助理兼人力資源管理總部部長, 具有豐富的生產管理和人力資源管理經驗, 國務院特殊津貼專家, 2006年中國傑出人力資源管理者, 2007年中國經濟女性成就獎, 2010年中國最關注員工發展企業家。

Ms. JIANG Hong, aged 57, EMBA at Nankai University, Senior Economist. She is currently Executive Directors and Vice President of the Company, and ever served as Factory Manager of Tsingtao Brewery No. 2 Factory, Head of Production Dept., Head of Corporate Management Dept., and Assistant to President & Head of Human Resources Dept. of the Company with rich experience in production and HR administration. Ms. JIANG is the expert with special allowance from the State Council, and was awarded "2006 China Outstanding HR Manager", "2007 Achievement Award of China Economic Female" and "2010 Chinese Entrepreneur Caring Staff Development".



孫玉國先生,現年59歲,中國註冊會計師協會和中國註冊評估師協會非執業會員。現任本公司執行董事。曾任青島市財政局副處長,青島市國有資產管理局處長,公司副總裁。具有豐富的財務管理和資本運作經驗,2004年中國CFO年度人物,2008年全國會計先進工作者。

Mr. SUN Yu Guo, aged 59, the non-profession member of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountant and The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Valuator. He is currently Executive Director of the Company, and ever served as Deputy Department Head in Finance Bureau of Qingdao, Department Head in SASACQ and Vice President in the Company with rich experience in financial management and capital operations. Mr. SUN was awarded China Annual Figure as CFO in 2004, and National Pioneer in Accounting in 2008.



杉浦康譽先生,現年57歲,畢業於日本慶應義熟大學文學系,現任本公司非執行董事、朝日集團控股株式會社中國總代表兼朝日啤酒(中國)投資有限公司董事長、北京啤酒朝日有限公司總經理。曾任日本朝日啤酒株式會社商品企劃科科長、國際事業部部長、中國代表部副代表兼朝日啤酒(中國)投資有限公司副董事長兼總經理。

Mr. Yasutaka SUGIURA, aged 57, graduated from Department of Literature at Keio University, Japan. He is currently Non-executive Director of the Company, Chief Representative of China Office of Asahi Group Holdings Ltd. & Chairman of Asahi Beer (China) Investment Co., Ltd., and General Manager of Beijing Beer Asahi Co., Ltd. He ever served as Head of Commodities Planning Section, Head of International Business Department of Asahi Breweries, Ltd., Vice Representative of China Office of Asahi Breweries, Ltd. & Vice Chairman & General Manager of Asahi Beer (China) Investment Co., Ltd..



陳志程先生,現年42歲,現任本公司非執行董事、新華都實業集團股份有限公司副總裁。曾任 廈門市華都百貨有限公司經理,福建新華都百貨有限責任公司總經理,福建新華都購物廣場股份 有限公司法定代表人及董事長,廈門新華都購物廣場有限公司董事長。

Mr. CHEN Zhi Cheng, aged 42. He is currently Non-executive Director of the Company, Vice President of New Huadu Industrial Group Co., Ltd., and ever served as Manager of Xiamen Huadu Department Store Co., Ltd., General Manager of Fujian New Huadu Department Store L.L.C., Legal Representative and Chairman of Fujian New Huadu Shopping Mall Co., Ltd., and Chairman of Xiamen New Huadu Shopping Mall Co., Ltd..



王學政先生,現年64歲,北京大學法學博士畢業。現任本公司獨立非執行董事,中國人民大學、首都經濟貿易大學等大學兼職教授,中國國際經濟貿易仲裁委員會仲裁員、福建省政府法律顧問。曾任國家工商行政管理局條法司司長、法制司司長,國家工商行政管理總局法規司司長。

Mr. WANG Xue Zheng, aged 64, Doctor of Law Science at Peking University. He is currently Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, part-time Professor of the universities including Renmin University of China and Capital University of Economics and Business, Arbitrator of China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission, and Legal Consultant of Fujian Provincial Government. He ever served as Director of Regulations and Laws Department, Laws Affairs Department of the State Administration for Industry and Commerce, and Director of Laws and Regulations Department of the State General Administration for Industry and Commerce.



趙昌文先生,現年49歲,經濟學博士。現任本公司獨立非執行董事,國務院發展研究中心企業 所所長。曾任四川大學工商管理學院教授,公司金融博士研究生導師,四川大學金融研究所所 長,四川大學副校長。

Mr. ZHAO Chang Wen, aged 49, Doctor of Economic Science. He is currently Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, Director of Enterprise Institute, Development Research Center of the State Council, and ever served as Professor of Industrial and Commercial Administration School, Tutor of Doctoral Candidate of Corporate Finance, Superintendent of Finance Research Centre and Vice President of Sichuan University.



吳曉波先生,現年45歲,畢業於復旦大學新聞系,財經作家。現任本公司獨立非執行董事,「藍獅子」財經圖書出版人,上海交通大學、暨南大學EMBA課程教授。2009年被《南方人物週刊》評為年度「中國青年領袖」。

Mr. WU Xiao Bo, aged 45, graduated from Major of News Science at Fudan University, writer of economy and finance. He is currently Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, the Publisher of financial and economic books of "Blue Lion" series, and Professor of EMBA course at Shanghai Jiaotong University and Jinan University. He was awarded in 2009 as the year's "Chinese Youngster Pioneer" by *South China People's Weekly*.



馬海濤先生,現年47歲,經濟學博士。現任本公司獨立非執行董事,中央財經大學財政學院院長,教授,博士生導師,兼任新潮實業股份有限公司、北京旋極信息技術股份有限公司獨立董事。

Mr. MA Hai Tao, aged 47, Doctor of Economic Science. He is currently Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, President Professor and Tutor of Doctoral Candidates of Finance School at Central University of Finance, and Independent Director of Yantai Xinchao Industry Co., Ltd. and Beijing Watertek Information Technology Co., Ltd..

公司第七屆監事會成員簡介 Supervisors of the 7th Board of Supervisors



段家駿先生,現年 54歲,中歐國際工商學院工商管理碩士,現任本公司監事會主席、青島市市 直企業監事會主席,同時任青島啤酒集團有限公司、雙星集團有限責任公司、青島市紡織總公司 及青島飲料集團有限公司監事會主席。曾任青島市台東稅務分局副局長、青島市地稅局辦公室主 任、行政處處長、青島市地稅局市北分局局長、黄島分局局長、青島市地稅局副局長等職,

Mr. DUAN Jia Jun, aged 54, MBA at China Europe International Business School. He is currently Chairman of Board of Supervisors of the Company, Chairman of Board of Supervisors in Enterprises Directly under Qingdao Government, and Chairman of Board of Supervisors of Tsingtao Group, Qingdao Double Star Group Co., Ltd., Qingdao Textile Co., Ltd. and Qingdao Beverage Group Co., Ltd. He ever served as Deputy Chief of Taidong Branch of Qingdao Taxation Bureau, Office Director and Head of Administration Department of Qingdao Local Taxation Bureau, Chief of Shibei Branch and Huangdao Branch of Qingdao Local Taxation Bureau, and Deputy Chief of Qingdao Local Taxation Bureau.



古田土**後男先生**,現年 59歲,畢業於日本東北大學經濟學系,現任本公司監事、朝日集團控股 株式會社取締役兼執行取締役。曾任朝日飲料株式會社市場營銷部科長,朝日啤酒株式會社公關 部部長、股權部部長,日本四國區域銷售本部長。具有豐富的企業管理經驗。

Mr. Toshio KODATO, aged 59, graduated from the Department of Economic Science at Tohoku University, Japan. He is currently Supervisor of the Company, Director & Chief of Asahi Group, and ever served as Section Head of Sales Department of Asahi Beverage Co., Ltd., Head of Public Relationship Department, Head of Equity Department and Chief of Sales Center of Shikoku Area, Japan of Asahi Breweries, Ltd. with substantial experience of business management.



楊偉程先生,現年67歲,大專學歷,一級律師。現任本公司監事,山東琴島律師事務所主任,聯化科技股份有限公司、山東登海種業股份有限公司、山東華泰紙業股份有限公司、青島金王應用化學股份有限公司獨立董事。曾任青島市司法局辦公室副主任、副局長。獲國務院「政府特殊津貼」,司法部「全國十佳律師」。

Mr. YANG Wei Cheng, aged 67, 2-year undergraduate, first-class lawyer. He is currently Supervisor of the Company, Director of Shandong Qindao Law Firm, Independent Director of Lianhe Chemical Technology Co., Ltd., Shandong Denghai Seeds Co., Ltd., Shandong Huatai Paper Industry Co., Ltd., and Qingdao Kingking Applied Chemistry Co., Ltd. He ever served as Deputy Director of the Administrative Office, and Deputy Commissioner of Qingdao Justice Bureau. He is the expert with special allowance from the State Council, and was awarded "National Top 10 Best Lawyers" by the Ministry of Justice.



李燕女士,現年56歲,畢業於中央財政金融學院。現任本公司監事,中央財經大學財政學院副院長、教授,中國註冊會計師協會非執業會員,中國財政學會理事,中國法學會財稅法學研究會理事,兼任北京華力創通科技股份有限公司獨立董事。

Ms. LI Yan, aged 56, graduated from Central University of Finance and Economics. She is currently Supervisor of the Company, Vice President and Professor in the Finance School at Central University of Finance and Economics, Non-profession Member of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants Commission, Member of China Finance Commission, member of China Finance and Taxation Law Society, and Independent Director of Beijing Hwa Create Co., Ltd..



薛超山先生,現年55歲,廈門大學 EMBA 課程班畢業。現任本公司職工監事,製造總裁助理兼 青島啤酒廠廠長。曾任青島啤酒銷售分公司副總經理,青島啤酒(三水)有限公司、青島啤酒(福 州)有限公司、青島啤酒(漳州)有限公司總經理,青島啤酒東南營銷有限公司總經理、董事長, 青島啤酒二廠廠長。具有豐富的市場營銷和企業管理經驗。

Mr. XUE Chao Shan, aged 55, graduated from EMBA class at Xiamen University. He is currently Supervisor as Employees' Representative of the Company, Assistant to President of Manufacturing of the Company & Factory Manager of Tsingtao Brewery Factory, and ever served as Deputy Manager of Tsingtao Brewery Sales Company, General Manager of Tsingtao Brewery (Sanshui) Company Limited, Tsingtao Brewery (Fuzhou) Company Limited and Tsingtao Brewery (Zhangzhou) Company Limited, General Manager and Chairman of Tsingtao Brewery South-East Sales Company Limited, and Factory Manager of Tsingtao Brewery No. 2 Factory with rich experience in marketing and corporate management.



孫麗紅女士,現年38歲,青島大學經濟法系國際經濟法專業畢業,本科學歷。現任本公司職工 監事、法律事務總部部長。曾任本公司董事會秘書室副主任、法律事務部副部長。具有豐富的法 律工作經驗。

Ms. SUN Li Hong, aged 38, undergraduate of Major of International Economic Law, Department of Economic Law at Qingdao University. She is currently the Company's Supervisor as Employees' Representative, Head of Law Affairs Department, and ever served as Deputy Head of Secretarial Office of Board of Directors, and Deputy Head of Law Affairs Department of the Company with sufficient experience in law affairs.



邢軍先生,現年40歲,上海財經大學會計學本科學歷,會計師。現任本公司職工監事、財務管理總部副部長。曾任本公司財務總部會計核算處處長。具有豐富的財務管理經驗。

Mr. XING Jun, aged 40, undergraduate of Major of Accounting Science at Shanghai University of Finance and Economics. He is currently the Company's Supervisor as Employees' Representative, Deputy Head of Finance Department, and ever served as the Company's Section Head of Accounting & Auditing with rich experience in financial management.

公司高級管理人員簡介 Senior Management Officers



樊偉先生,現年 54歲,江南大學碩士研究生畢業,工程系列應用研究員。現任本公司副總裁兼 製造總裁。曾任青島啤酒二廠副廠長、總工程師,本公司總釀酒師。具有豐富的生產、科研及技 術管理經驗,青島市專業技術拔尖人才,國務院特殊津貼專家。

Mr. FAN Wei, aged 54, graduate at Southern Yangtze University, Applied Researcher of engineering series. He is currently Vice President of the Company & President of Manufacturing, and ever served as Deputy Factory Manager, Chief Engineer of Tsingtao Brewery No. 2 Factory and Chief Brewer of the Company with rich experience in production, scientific research and technical management. He is the Top Talent in Professional Technologies in Qingdao and expert with special allowance from the State Council.



劉英弟先生,現年57歲,高級工程師。現任本公司副總裁。曾任青島啤酒廠副廠長,本公司副總經理,青島啤酒集團有限公司副總裁。具有豐富的生產技術管理、信息化管理和工程項目管理經驗,2003年青島市專業技術拔尖人才,2006年國家信息化測評中心優秀CIO,為青島市第十四屆人大代表、山東省第十屆政協委員。

Mr. LIU Ying Di, aged 57, Senior Engineer. He is currently Vice President of the Company, and ever served as Deputy Factory Manager of Tsingtao Brewery Factory, Deputy General Manager of the Company and Vice President of Tsingtao Group with substantial experience in management of production technology, information management and engineering projects management. He was awarded Top Talent of Professional Technologies in Qingdao in 2003, and 'Best CIO' by the National Information Evaluation Center in 2006, representative of the 14th People's Congress in Qingdao and the member of the 10th Shandong Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.



王瑞永先生,現年48歲,北京大學工商管理碩士研究生學歷,高級工程師。現任本公司副總裁兼營銷總裁。曾任青島嶗山啤酒廠副廠長,青島啤酒(徐州)彭城有限公司副總經理,北京五星青島啤酒有限公司總經理,上海青島啤酒華東營銷公司總經理,青島啤酒營銷中心山東省區總經理,本公司營銷中心常務副總裁。具有豐富的市場營銷及企業管理經驗。

Mr. WANG Rui Yong, aged 48, MBA at Peking University, senior engineer. He is currently the Company's Vice President & President of Marketing, and ever served as Factory Manager of Qingdao Laoshan Brewery Factory, Deputy General Manager of Tsingtao Brewery (Xuzhou) Pengcheng Company Limited, General Manager of Beijing Five-star Tsingtao Brewery Company Limited, General Manager of Shanghai Tsingtao Brewery East-China Sales Company Limited, General Manager of Shandong Area and Executive Vice President of the Marketing Center of the Company with rich experience in marketing and corporate management.



董建軍先生,現年53歲,天津科技大學發酵工程專業博士,工程系列應用研究員。現任本公司 總釀酒師。曾任青島啤酒二廠總工程師,本公司品管部部長。具有豐富的技術創新及質量管理經 驗,青島市專業技術拔尖人才,國務院特殊津貼專家。

Mr. DONG Jian Jun, aged 53, Doctor of Ferment Engineering at Tianjin University of Science & Technology, Applicable Researcher in the Engineering Series. He is currently Chief Brewer of the Company, and ever served as Chief Engineer of Tsingtao Brewery No. 2 Factory, and Head of Quality Management Department of the Company with rich experience in technical innovation and quality management. He is Top Talent in Professional Technologies in Qingdao and expert with special allowance from the State Council.



于竹明先生,現年52歲,東北財經大學EMBA畢業,碩士研究生學位,高級會計師。現任本公司總會計師。曾任青島啤酒四廠財務科科長,本公司財務管理總部部長、總裁助理。具有豐富的財務管理和資本運作經驗,2008年山東省會計先進工作者,2009年青島市會計先進工作者。

Mr. YU Zhu Ming, aged 52, EMBA at Dongbei University of Finance & Economics, Senior Accountant. He is currently Chief Accountant of the Company, and ever served as Section Head of Finance Section of Tsingtao Brewery No. 4 Factory, Head of Finance Department, and Assistant to President of the Company with rich experience in finance management and capital operations. He was awarded the Outstanding Accountant in Shandong Province in 2008 and Outstanding Accountant in Qingdao in 2009.



張安文先生,現年56歲,西安交通大學工商管理學院EMBA畢業。現任本公司副總裁。曾任青島啤酒西安有限公司副總經理、總經理。具有豐富的企業生產和管理經驗。

Mr. ZHANG An Wen, aged 56, EMBA of Business Management College at Xi'an Jiaotong University. He is currently Vice President of the Company, and ever served as Deputy Manager and General Manager of Tsingtao Brewery (Xi'an) Company Limited with rich experience in corporate production and management.



于嘉平先生,現年51歲,中歐國際工商學院工商管理碩士研究生。現任本公司製造副總裁。曾任青島啤酒二廠廠長,青島啤酒廠廠長,本公司總裁助理兼青島事業總部部長。具有豐富的生產運營管理及商務管理經驗。

Mr. YU Jia Ping, aged 51, EMBA at China Europe International Business School. He is currently Vice President of Manufacturing of the Company, and ever served as Factory Manager of Tsingtao Brewery No. 2 Factory, Factory Manager of Tsingtao Brewery Factory, and Assistant to President of the Company & Head of Qingdao Business Office with rich experience in management of production, operations and business.



楊華江先生,現年51歲,西安交通大學管理學博士,高級經濟師。現任本公司營銷副總裁。 曾任本公司企管部部長、銷售分公司副總經理、華南事業總部副總經理、北方事業總部副總經 理、市場部部長、總裁助理兼營銷管理總部部長。具有豐富的市場營銷及企業管理經驗。

Mr. YANG Hua Jiang, aged 51, Doctor of Management Science at Xi'an Jiaotong University, Senior Economist. He is currently Vice President of Marketing of the Company, and ever served as Head of Corporate Management Department, Deputy Manager of Sales Company, Deputy Manager of South China Business Office and North China Business Office, Head of Marketing Department, and Assistant to President & Head of Marketing Management Department of the Company with rich experience in marketing and corporate management.



蔡志偉先生,現年46歲,廈門大學工商管理碩士研究生畢業,高級工程師。現任本公司營銷副總裁。曾任青島啤酒二廠副廠長,青島啤酒(廈門)有限公司總經理,廈門青島啤酒東南營銷有限公司總經理,本公司營銷中心總裁助理。具有豐富的市場營銷及企業管理經驗。

Mr. CAI Zhi Wei, aged 46, MBA at Xiamen University, Senior Engineer. He is currently Vice President of Marketing of the Company, and ever served as Deputy Factory Manager of Tsingtao Brewery No. 2 Factory, General Manager of Tsingtao Brewery (Xiamen) Company Limited, General Manager of Xiamen Tsingtao Brewery South-East Sales Company Limited, and Assistant to President of Marketing Center of the Company with rich experience in marketing and corporate management.



張學舉先生,現年59歲,現任本公司董事會秘書。曾任本公司財務部部長、銷售公司總經理,本公司副總裁。具有豐富的營銷管理和財務管理經驗。

Mr. ZHANG Xue Ju, aged 59. He is currently Board Secretary of the Company, and ever served as Head of Finance Department, General Manager of sales company and Vice President of the Company with rich experience in sales and financial management.



張瑞祥先生,現年49歲,本科學歷,經濟師。現任本公司董事會秘書兼股權管理總部部長、公司秘書、授權代表。曾任本公司董事會秘書室主任助理、副主任、主任兼證券事務代表。具有長期的上市公司運作、信息披露及資本市場融資經驗。

Mr. ZHANG Rui Xiang, aged 46, 4-year undergraduate, Economist. He is currently Board Secretary & Head of Equity Management Department, Company Secretary and Authorized Representative of the Company, and ever served as Assistant to Director, Deputy Director and Director of Secretarial Office of the Board of Directors & Representative to the Securities Affairs of the Company with substantial experience in the operations of listing company, information disclosure and financing in capital market.

一. 報告期內發生的關連交易事項

按照上市規則第14A章的披露規定,在財務報表附註七 所披露的若干關聯方交易根據上市規則亦構成關連交 易。若干關連人士於報告期內(按上市規則定義)與本集 團於本部分所列載的交易經已訂立及/或持續進行,而 本公司已根據上市規則的規定作出相關公佈(如需要)。

1. 與日常經營相關的持續關連交易

(1) 經本公司董事會審議批准,本公司於2012 年2月10日與煙臺朝日簽署新的《產品經銷 合同》,煙臺朝日同意授予本公司銷售所有 煙臺朝日產品的獨家經銷權,合同期限自 2012年1月1日起至2014年12月31日止。 煙臺朝日為本公司主要股東朝日集團的間接 附屬公司,因此為朝日集團之聯繫人及本公司的關連人士。有關該持續關連交易事項的 詳情請見公司於2012年2月10日在聯交所 和上交所網站分別刊登的公告。本公司向煙 臺朝日採購啤酒產品於2013年度的上限金 額為人民幣793,740,000元,實際採購金額 為人民幣612,104,832元,未超逾年度上限。

I. Connected Transactions Occurred during the Reporting Period

In accordance with the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the *Listing Rules*, certain connected party transactions disclosed in Note 7 to Financial Statements also constitute connected transactions. Such transactions between the connected persons (as defined in the *Listing Rules*) and the Group as set out in this section were entered into and/or ongoing during the Reporting Period, and the Company had made relevant announcements, if necessary, in accordance with the requirements of the *Listing Rules*.

1. The connected transactions relating to daily operations

As considered and approved by the Board, the Company entered into a Product Distribution Agreement with Yantai Asahi on 10 February 2012, whereby Yantai Asahi agreed to grant the Company the sole distribution right for the distribution of all products of Yantai Asahi for the period from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2014. As an indirect subsidiary of Asahi Group, the Company's substantial shareholder, Yantai Asahi is therefore an associate of Asahi Group and a connected person of the Company. For details of such continuing connected transaction, please refer to the announcements published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and SSE respectively on 10 February 2012. The cap amount of the Company's purchasing beer products from Yantai Asahi for year 2013 was RMB793,740,000, of which the actual purchasing amount was RMB612,104,832, not exceeding the annual cap amount.



(2) 經本公司董事會審議批准,2013年1月30日,青啤深圳與朝日集團附屬公司朝日啤酒及朝日中國投資(均為本公司之關連人士)簽訂兩份新的《產品經銷合同》,朝日啤酒及該附屬公司同意向青啤深圳繼續購買「朝日」品牌啤酒產品,合同期限為2013年1月1日至2013年12月31日。朝日啤酒於2013年度向青啤深圳支付的採購金額上限為人民幣56,074,678元,實際採購金額為人民幣18,977,539元,朝日中國投資向青啤深圳支付的採購金額上限為人民幣18,977,539元,朝日中國投資向青啤深圳支付的採購金額上限為人民幣14,468,121元,實際採購金額為人民幣6,293,213元,均未超逾年度上限。有關該持續關連交易事項的詳情請見本公司於2013年1月30日分別在聯交所和上交所網站刊登的相關公告。

- (3) 經本公司董事會審議批准,2012年11月5 日,本公司全資附屬公司青啤財務與煙臺朝 日簽訂一份協議書,約定煙臺朝日將其銷售 款存放在青啤財務公司賬戶的關聯存款及結 算服務交易,合同期限自2012年1月1日起 至2014年12月31日止。協議項下不時存放 於青啤財務公司之累積金額於2013年之上 限為793,740,000元。截止報告期末,煙臺 朝日存放於財務公司的本金及相應的利息和 手續費累計為人民幣647,195,045元,未超 逾年度上限。有關該持續關連交易事項的詳 情請見本公司於2012年11月7日分別在聯 交所和上交所網站刊登的相關公告。
- As considered and approved by the Board, Tsingtao Shenzhen entered into two new Product Distribution Agreements with Asahi Beer and Asahi (China) Investment, the subsidiaries of Asahi Group and connected persons of the Company, on 30 January 2013, whereby Asahi Beer and Asahi (China) Investment agreed to continue to purchase "Asahi" brand beer products from Tsingtao Shenzhen for the period from 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2013. The cap amount of payment by Asahi Beer to Tsingtao Shenzhen for year 2013 was RMB56,074,678, of which the actual purchasing amount was RMB18,977,539, and the cap amount of payment by Asahi (China) Investment to Tsingtao Shenzhen was RMB14,468,121, of which the actual purchasing amount was RMB6,293,213, not exceeding the annual cap amounts. For details of such continuing connected transactions, please refer to the related announcements published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and SSE respectively on 30 January 2013.
- As considered and approved by the Board, on 5 November 2012, Tsingtao Finance Company, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into an agreement with Yantai Asahi, in respect of the depositing and settlement service relating to the deposit of sales amounts of Yantai Asahi in the account in Tsingtao Finance Company for a period from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2014. The accumulated cap amount of deposits in Tsingtao Finance Company in accordance with the agreement from time to time in 2013 was RMB793,740,000. As at the end of the Reporting Period, the principal amounts deposited by Yantai Asahi in Tsingtao Finance Company and corresponding interests and settlement fees were RMB647,195,045, not exceeding the annual cap amount. For details of such continuing connected transaction, please refer to the related announcements published by the Company on the websites of the Stock Exchange and SSE respectively on 7 November 2012.

(4) 本公司與三得利公司(於重組後為本集團子公司層面的主要股東及關連人士)的重組交易於2013年4月28日完成。重組交易完成後,新松江製造、徐州公司、彭城公司、宿遷公司及揚州公司成為三得利公司之子公司及本公司之關連人士。本公司之相關附屬公司進行的購銷啤酒交易,以及本公司全資擁有的青啤財務公司為新松江製造提供的存款及結算服務交易,構成上市規則下的持續關連交易。本集團與事業公司及上述五家公司於2013年7月9日簽訂啤酒銷售合同轉讓協議,期限自2013年6月1日起至2013年12月31日止。

續本公司於2013年11月22日的交易上限調整公告,本集團從新松江製造採購啤酒產品之截至2013年12月31日交易上限共為人民幣663,000,000元;從徐州公司採購啤酒產品之截至2013年12月31日交易上限共為人民幣155,736,983元;從彭城公司採購啤酒產品之截至2013年12月31日交易上限為人民幣120,000,000元;從宿遷公司採購啤酒產品之截至2013年12月31日交易上限共為人民幣63,944,313元;從揚州公司採購啤酒產品之截至2013年12月31日交易上限為人民幣5,000,000元;均未超逾上限。

青啤財務公司與新松江製造於2013年7月9日簽訂存款及結算服務合同,有效期自2013年7月9日起至2013年12月31日止。協議交易上限為人民幣500,000,000元,實際交易金額為人民幣330,110,343元,並未超逾上限。

The reorganization transaction between the Company and Suntory Company (a substantial shareholder and connected person of the Group at the subsidiary level following the reorganization) was completed on 28 April 2013, after which New Songjiang Manufacturing, Xuzhou Company, Pengcheng Company, Suqian Company and Yangzhou Company became subsidiaries of Suntory Company and the Company's connected persons. The transactions of purchase and sale of beer between the relevant subsidiaries of the Company and the relevant subsidiaries of Suntory Company, and the deposit and settlement service provided by the Company's wholly-owned Tsingtao Finance Company to New Songjiang Company constituted the continuing connected transactions pursuant to the Listing Rules. The Group entered into agreements for the transfer of beer distribution contracts with the Business Company and the abovementioned five companies on 9 July 2013 for a period from 1 June 2013 to 31 December 2013.

Further to the Company's announcement dated 22 November 2013 for the adjustment of cap amount, the cap amount for the Company's purchase of beer products from New Songjiang Manufacturing was RMB663,000,000 in total as at 31 December 2013; the cap amount for the Company's purchase of beer products from Xuzhou Company was RMB155,736,983 in total as at 31 December 2013; the cap amount for the Company's purchase of beer products from Pengcheng Company was RMB120,000,000 as at 31 December 2013; the cap amount for the Company's purchase of beer products from Suqian Company was RMB63,944,313 in total as at 31 December 2013; the cap amount for the Company's purchase of beer products from Yangzhou Company was RMB5,000,000 as at 31 December 2013; all of which cap amounts were not exceeded.

Tsingtao Finance Company entered into a deposit and settlement service contract with New Songjiang Manufacturing on 9 July 2013 for a period from 9 July 2013 to 31 December 2013. The cap amount of the contract was RMB500,000,000, while the actual transaction amount was RMB330,110,343, not exceeding the cap amount.

此外,在重組交易完成前,本集團成員間以及三得利公司集團成員間於其各自的日常及一般業務流程中分別簽訂了購買麥芽、啤酒及財務安排等協議,重組交易完成後,本公司部分成員及三得利公司部分成員變更為本集團之關連人士,本公司已按《上市規則》第14A章的相關要求。本集團成員與三得利公司成員(包括三得利上海、三得利昆山、三得利光明、三得利江蘇及江蘇三得利(淮安)啤酒有限公司)於2012年12月29日簽訂多份相關協議,內容並無變更並仍然持續進行。

有關上述持續關連交易事項的其他詳情請見本公司於2013年4月11日、2013年7月9日和11月22日分別在聯交所和上交所網站刊登的相關公告。

股東亦請注意本公司於2009年5月18日有關青啤深圳與本集團若干成員之持續關連交易之公告。朝日啤酒乃青啤深圳之主要股東,並於2009年5月6日完成收購本公司約19.99%之全部已發行股本後成為本公司之主要股東。根據上市規則第14A.11(5)條,青啤深圳成為本公司的關連人士,青啤深圳與本集團成員之交易亦構成本公司的關連交易。有關該持續關連交易事項的其他詳情見本公司於2009年5月18日在本公司上市地交易所網站發佈的公告。

報告期內,上述持續關連交易遵照上述合同的約 定執行。本公司獨立非執行董事已審核本公司及 相關附屬公司所進行的各項持續關連交易,並確 認該等交易:

- (1) 乃由本集團在日常及正常業務過程中訂立;
- (2) 乃按正常商業條款進行,或不優於本公司給 予獨立第三方或不遜於來自獨立第三方之條 款訂立;
- (3) 交易條款公平合理並符合本公司股東的整體 利益;

Aside from the above, before the completion of the reorganization transaction, the members of the Group and the members of Suntory Company group had respectively entered into the agreements including in respect of the purchase of malt and beer, and the financial arrangements in their respective ordinary course of business and became connected persons of the Group after the reorganisation and the Company had abided by the related requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in accordance with Rule 14A.41 of the Listing Rules. Among which, members of the Group entered into various related agreements with members (including Suntory Shanghai, Suntory Kunshan, Suntory Guangming, Suntory Jiangsu and Jiangsu Suntory Brewing (Huaian) Company Limited) of Suntory Company group on 29 December 2012. which were still continuing unchanged.

For other details of the aforesaid continuing connected transactions, please refer to the related announcements published by the Company on the websites of the Stock Exchange and SSE on 11 April, 9 July 2013 and 22 November 2013 respectively.

Shareholders' attention is also drawn to the announcement of the Company dated 18 May 2009, regarding certain continuing connected transactions between Tsingtao Shenzhen and various members of the Group. Asahi Beer is a substantial shareholder of Tsingtao Shenzhen and has become a substantial shareholder of the Company after the completion of the acquisition of approximately 19.99% of the entire issued share capital of the Company on 6 May 2009. Pursuant to Rule 14A.11(5) of the Listing Rules, Tsingtao Shenzhen has become a connected person of the Company and the transaction between Tsingtao Shenzhen and certain members of the Group have become continuing connected transactions of the Company. For other details of these continuing connected transactions, please refer to the announcement published by the Company on 18 May 2009 on the website of the stock exchanges on which the Company's shares are listed.

During the Reporting Period, the aforesaid continuing connected transactions were carried out pursuant to the terms of the above contracts or agreements. The Company's independent non-executive directors had reviewed the continuing connected transactions in the Company and its related subsidiaries, and confirmed such transactions were:

- entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- on normal commercial terms, or entered into in terms not better than those the Company providing to the independent third party or not worse than those from the independent third party;
- (3) fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

本公司審計師受聘根據香港會計師公會發佈的香港鑒證業務準則3000「歷史財務資料審核或審閱以外的鑒証工作」並參考實務説明740「香港上市規則規定的持續關連交易的核數師函件」,對本集團持續關連交易作出報告。根據香港聯合交易所證券上市規則第14A.38條,審計師已就本年報第66-68頁所載本集團披露的持續關連交易發出函件,並載有其發現和結論。本公司已將審計師函件副本向香港聯交所提供。

該等交易在公司日常業務過程中進行,在本公司 業務運營中有必要性和持續性。該等關連交易不 會影響公司獨立性。

本公司確認上述2013年進行的持續關連交易之披露,符合《上市規則》第14A章的披露規定。

二. 公司收購及出售股權或資產情況

1. 經公司於2013年12月16日召開的第七屆董事會第十五次會議審議批准,本公司於2014年2月12日與嘉禾啤酒有限公司(「嘉禾啤酒」)股東簽署《股權轉讓協議》,協議約定本公司以人民幣30,000萬元受讓嘉禾啤酒工會委員會持有河北嘉禾啤酒有限公司50%股權。2014年2月25日,本公司受讓股權的工商變更登記辦理完畢。



The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued a letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group from page 66 to page 68 of the Annual Report in accordance with Rule 14A.38 of the *Listing Rules*. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

Such transactions were conducted in the ordinary course of business of the Company, and are necessary and continuing in the business operations of the Company. Such connected transactions will not affect the independence of the Company.

The Company confirms that the disclosure of the aforesaid connected transactions carried out in 2013 were in compliance with the disclosure requirements as set out in Chapter 14A of the *Listing Rules*.

II. Purchase and sale of equity interests or assets

 As considered and approved at the fifteenth meeting of the seventh Board held by the Company on 16 December 2013, the Company and the shareholders of Jiahe Brewery Co., Ltd. ("Jiahe Brewery") entered into Equity Interests Transfer Agreement on 12 February 2014, whereby the Company agreed to acquire 50% equity interests held by the Labor Union of Jiahe Brewery in Hebei Jiahe Brewery Co., Ltd. for RMB300 million. The registration for the changes at the industry and commerce administration authority due to the Company's acquisition of equity interests has been completed on 25 February 2014.

2. 經公司於2013年12月27日召開的第七屆董事會臨時會議審議批准,本公司於2013年12月29日與張家口市宣化區人民政府(「宣化區政府」)、簽署《項目合作框架協議》,本公司以人民幣2,000萬新鐘樓啤酒銷售業務相關的資產,以及新鐘樓啤酒辦有的鐘樓系列註冊商標。同時,本公司樓樓宣化區政府產業調整規劃,在宣化區設立一家公司,擬建設一期20萬千升/年的青啤工業園目,項目總投資額約人民幣32,801萬元。截止至本報告日,本公司與新鐘樓啤酒銷售相關資產交割已經完成,本公司在宣化區新設立的公司已經取得名稱預核准,新公司名稱為青島啤酒(張家口)有限公司。

3. 經公司董事會審議批准,2013年5月,青島啤酒漢 斯寶雞有限公司(「漢斯寶雞」)支付現金對價1,600 萬元人民幣收購寶雞啤酒股份有限公司擁有的「寶 雞啤酒」商標、土地使用權及固定資產等啤酒業務 相關資產,並接受其全部在冊職工。同時,本公 司根據政府產業調整規劃,擬於寶雞市陳倉區經 濟開發區搬遷建設一期30萬千升/年的青啤工業 園項目,項目總投資額約35,529萬元人民幣。

三. 報告期內發生的控股子公司關閉事項

- 1. 2013年7月,經本公司董事會批准,本公司的子公司:青島啤酒(台兒莊)麥芽有限公司(「台兒莊公司」)股東會決議解散清算台兒莊公司。截至本報告日,台兒莊公司在冊員工勞動關係終止相關手續已經辦理完畢,公司資產處理及相關註銷手續正在辦理過程中。
- 2. 2013年11月,經本公司董事會批准,本公司的子公司:西南營銷股東會決議解散清算西南營銷。 截止本報告日,西南營銷持有的青島啤酒(瀘州) 有限公司95%股權已作價人民幣11,682萬元轉讓 給本公司,並完成工商變更手續,西南營銷註銷 手續正在辦理過程中。

- As considered and approved at an extraordinary meeting of the seventh Board held on 27 December 2013, the Company entered into Framework Agreement for the Project Cooperation on 29 December 2013 with the People's Government of Xuanhua District of Zhangjiakou ("Xuanhua District Government") and Xuanhua Xinzhonglou Brewery Co., Ltd. ("Xinzhonglou Brewery"), whereby the Company agreed to acquire the assets related to the sales business of Xinzhonglou Brewery for RMB20 million. At the same time, in accordance with the industrial adjustment plan of Xuanhua District Government, the Company has established a company in Xuanhua District and planned to construct a project of Tsingtao Industrial Estate for a production capacity of 2 million hl/year at the first phase. The investment for the project is approximately RMB328.01 million in aggregate. As at the date of this Report, the transfer between the Company and Xinzhonglou Brewery of the assets related to the sales of beer has been completed. The Company has obtained the pre-approval for the name of the new company established in Xuanhua District, namely, Tsingtao Brewery (Zhangjiakou) Company Limited.
- 3. As considered and approved by the Board, in May 2013, Tsingtao Brewery Hans Baoji Company Limited ("Hans Baoji") acquired the assets related to the beer business including the trademark of "Baoji Beer", land use right and fixed assets owned by Baoji Beer Co., Ltd. for a consideration of RMB16 million in cash, and accepted all staff listed in the payroll. At the same time, the Company, in accordance with the industrial adjustment plan of the local government, has planned to relocate and construct a project of Tsingtao Industrial Estate for a production capacity of 3 million hl/year at the first phase in Chencang District Economic Development Zone in Baoji City. The investment for the project is approximately RMB355.29 million in aggregate.

III. Matters on close of controlling subsidiaries during the Reporting Period

- 1. In July 2013, as approved by the Board, a resolution was passed at the general meeting of Taierzhuang Company, a subsidiary of the Company, to dissolve and liquidate Taierzhuang Company. As at the date of this Report, the procedures related to the termination of employment relationship with the staff listed in the payroll of Taierzhuang Company have been completed, and the assets disposal and its related deregistration procedures are in process.
- 2. In November 2013, as approved by the Board, a resolution was passed at the general meeting of South-West Sales, a subsidiary of the Company, to dissolve and liquidate South-West Sales. As at the date of this Report, the 95% equity interests held by South-West Sales in Tsingtao Brewery (Luzhou) Company Limited have been sold to the Company for a price of RMB116.82 million, and the procedures for the changes at the industry and commerce administration authority have also been completed, while the procedures for the deregistration of South-West Sales are in process.

重要事項 Significant Events

四. 報告期內公司向子公司提供擔保及委託貸款事項

- 1. 根據公司與國家開發銀行股份有限公司(「國開行」)簽訂的《國家開發銀行股份有限公司外匯保函反擔保合同》,公司為國開行向青島啤酒香港貿易有限公司(「青啤香港」)開立港幣55,000萬元的保函提供反擔保,期限為2011年5月25日至2014年6月24日,截止2013年12月31日,公司擔保餘額為港幣39,000萬元。
- 2. 報告期內,本公司沒有發生委託理財事項。為保障子公司的生產經營,經本公司董事會批准,本公司為下屬控股子公司合計發放的委託貸款總金額約為人民幣82,265萬元。
- 五.報告期內,本公司並無涉及新發生的任何重大訴訟、仲裁事項。

IV. Guarantees and entrusted loans provided by the Company to the subsidiaries during the Reporting Period

- In accordance with the Contract of Counter-guarantee of Foreign Exchanges L/G of China Development Bank Co., Ltd., entered into between the Company and China Development Bank Co., Ltd. ("Development Bank"), the Company agreed to provide counter-guarantee for the HKD550 million of letter of guarantee ("L/G") issued by Development Bank to Tsingtao Brewery Hong Kong Trade Company Limited ("Tsingtao HK") for a period from 25 May 2011 to 24 June 2014. As at 31 December 2013, the balance of the amount guaranteed by the Company was HKD390 million.
- 2. During the Reporting Period, no event relating to the entrusted wealth management had occurred. To secure the production and operation of its subsidiaries, upon the approval by the Board, approximately RMB822.65 million in aggregate of entrusted loans was provided by the Company to its controlling subsidiaries.
- V. During the Reporting Period, the Company did not involve in any newly arising significant litigations or arbitration affairs.



財務報告 Financial Report

按照中國企業會計準則編制的財務報表

Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with China Accounting Standards for **Business Enterprises**

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Auditor's Report



普华永道

PwC ZT Shen Zi (2014) No. 10059

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF TSINGTAO BREWERY COMPANY LIMITED,

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tsingtao Brewery Company Limited (hereinafter the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2013, and the consolidated and company income statements, the consolidated and company statements of changes in shareholders' equity and the consolidated and company cash flow statements for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with China Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated and company's financial position of the Company as of 31 December 2013, and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP

Shanghai, the People's Republic of China 25 March 2014

普華永道中天會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)

PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP, 11/F PricewaterhouseCoopers Center 2 Corporate Avenue, 202 Hu Bin Road, Huangpu District, Shanghai 200021, PRC T: +86 (21) 2323 8888, F: +86 (21) 2323 8800, www.pwccn.com

Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets As at 31 December 2013

(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

ASSETS	Note 5		As at 31	December	
	(unless otherwise	2013	2012	2013	2012
	stated)	Consolidated	Consolidated	Company	Company
Current assets					
Cash at bank and on hand	(1)	8,531,720,086	7,118,248,041	3,063,967,823	3,087,112,980
Notes receivable	(2)	84,760,000	61,800,000	68,200,000	53,700,000
Accounts receivable	(3),17(1)	152,292,736	82,685,056	526,636,145	689,075,914
Advances to suppliers	(5)	132,345,527	83,739,085	79,532,488	31,459,444
Interest receivable	(6)	188,461,377	63,996,403	32,741,538	16,382,068
Dividends receivable	17(3)	_	_	237,000,000	50,000,000
Other receivables	(4),17(2)	183,395,467	87,291,890	115,409,496	155,080,986
Inventories	(7)	2,534,551,935	2,360,058,834	707,615,541	526,788,093
Other current assets	(8)	466,863,422	284,314,434	281,597,451	70,879,214
Total current assets		12,274,390,550	10,142,133,743	5,112,700,482	4,680,478,699
Non-current assets					
Long-term receivables	17(4)	_	_	604,190,000	569,790,000
Long-term equity investments	(9),17(5)	1,271,947,380	163,876,932	8,165,381,055	7,317,328,354
Investment properties	(10),17(6)	7,924,988	7,252,927	21,283,541	21,018,594
Fixed assets	(11),17(7)	8,740,310,277	8,343,690,353	1,783,455,683	1,625,195,023
Construction in progress	(12),17(8)	506,624,256	678,285,333	279,285,674	250,717,330
Fixed assets pending for					
disposal	(13)	5,368,759	9,917,059	3,024,172	9,377,775
Intangible assets	(14),17(9)	2,533,027,393	2,546,579,520	508,548,301	505,086,472
Goodwill	(15)	1,079,925,496	1,081,684,918	_	_
Long-term prepaid expenses	(16)	21,525,082	6,425,454	3,012,849	907,191
Deferred tax assets	(17)	700,162,187	485,349,168	390,521,123	266,629,467
Other non-current assets	(19)	223,660,169	195,910,178	68,881,057	42,582,408
Total non-current assets		15,090,475,987	13,518,971,842	11,827,583,455	10,608,632,614
TOTAL ASSETS		27,364,866,537	23,661,105,585	16,940,283,937	15,289,111,313

Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets (Continued)

As at 31 December 2013

(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

LIABILITIES AND	Note 5		As at 31	December	
SHAREHOLDERS'	(unless otherwise	2013	2012	2013	2012
EQUITY	stated)	Consolidated	Consolidated	Company	Company
Current liabilities	/a.a.				
Short-term borrowings	(20)	101,080,110	147,617,652	_	170,000,000
Notes payable	(21)	138,382,882	81,883,234	58,100,000	48,100,000
Accounts payable	(22),17(11)	2,707,070,770	1,993,401,689	1,779,985,807	1,647,514,644
Advances from customers	(23)	980,497,616	656,414,452	553,021,261	344,126,929
Employee benefits payable	(24)	823,317,140	886,635,390	286,811,192	294,413,393
Taxes payable	(25)	332,033,368	350,866,482	47,557,688	65,018,805
Interest payable		1,202,929	1,735,072	62,619	287,019
Dividends payable	(26)	1,020,000	1,101,571	_	_
Other payables	(27)	4,231,981,495	3,213,582,340	1,567,055,563	1,237,550,433
Current portion of non-current					
liabilities	(28)	1,797,167,198	2,786,281	1,488,815,632	
Total current liabilities		11,113,753,508	7,336,024,163	5,781,409,762	3,807,011,223
N					
Non-current liabilities	(20)	4 004 004	452 405 602		
Long-term borrowings	(29)	4,881,294	452,485,603	_	_
Debentures payable	(30)		1,409,316,153		1,409,316,153
Payables for specific projects	(31)	450,935,656	120,063,611	87,270,918	90,000,000
Deferred tax liabilities	(17)	173,745,333	178,572,908	_	_
Other non-current liabilities	(32)	1,748,079,711		281,687,301	51,836,628
Total non-current liabilities		2,377,641,994	3,541,650,516	368,958,219	1,551,152,781
Total liabilities		13,491,395,502	10,877,674,679	6,150,367,981	5,358,164,004
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital	(33)	1,350,982,795	1,350,982,795	1,350,982,795	1,350,982,795
Capital surplus	(34)	4,078,793,635	3,965,939,536	4,306,073,277	4,315,189,317
Surplus reserve	(35)	1,059,469,127	927,657,567	1,059,469,127	927,657,567
Undistributed profits	(36)	7,505,514,981	6,204,347,562	4,073,390,757	3,337,117,630
Difference on translation of foreign currency financial	(30)	7,303,314,761	0,204,547,502	4,073,370,737	3,337,117,030
statements		25,798,505	19,025,550		
Total equity attributable					
to shareholders of the					
Company		14,020,559,043	12,467,953,010	10,789,915,956	9,930,947,309
Minority interests	4(5)	(147,088,008)	315,477,896		
Total shareholders' equity		13,873,471,035	12,783,430,906	10,789,915,956	9,930,947,309
TOTAL LIABILITIES					
AND SHAREHOLDERS'		25 264 266 525	22 ((1 105 505	1 (0 40 202 027	15 200 111 212
EQUITY		27,364,866,537	23,661,105,585	16,940,283,937	15,289,111,313

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative:

SUN Mingbo

Principal in charge of accounting Head of accounting department: (Chief Accountant): YU Zhuming

Consolidated and Company Income Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in Rmb Yuan unless otherwise stated)

ITEM Year ended 31 December Note 5 2013 2012 2012 (unless otherwise 2013 Consolidated Consolidated stated) Company Company Revenue (37),17(13) 28,290,978,428 25.781.543.977 16,720,139,110 14,925,864,129 Less: Cost of sales (37),(39), 17(13) (17,007,893,969)(15,433,869,536) (12,449,893,371)(10,913,545,847)Taxes and surcharges (38) (2.227,776,340)(2.201.082.461)(555,683,320)(490.269.188)Selling and distribution expenses (39)(5,610,693,817)(4,930,865,618) (2,622,499,931)(2,859,374,648)General and administrative expenses (39) (1,572,544,494)(1,269,421,699)(583,709,181)(368,401,783)Financial expenses — net (40), 17(14)251,391,313 178,141,002 (14,935,958)(41,340,548)Asset impairment losses (1,744,922)(1,004,586)(20,352,268)12,088,884 (42), 17(16)Add: Investment income 229,225,467 14,962,001 (41),17(15) 1,210,857,193 795,802,833 Including: Share of profit of associates and joint venture (41),17(15) 9,465,953 14,844,764 18,912,870 14,692,242 1,297,698,549 Operating profit 2,350,941,666 2,138,403,080 1,447,047,557 Add: Non-operating income (43)563,993,284 394,830,713 39,971,984 49,444,974 Less: Non-operating expenses (44)(248,401,282)(49,077,560)(49,462,498)(3,856,566)Including: Losses on disposal of non-current assets (44)(104,922,138)(36,682,557)(38,535,880)(1,411,545)1,343,286,957 Total profit 2,666,533,668 2,484,156,233 1,437,557,043 Less: Income tax expenses (45),17(17) (691,609,875)(639, 393, 988)(119,441,447)(154,067,897)Net profit 1,974,923,793 1,844,762,245 1,318,115,596 1,189,219,060 Attributable to shareholders of the 1,973,372,097 1,758,863,400 1,318,115,596 1.189.219.060 Company 85,898,845 Minority interests 1,551,696 Not Applicable Not Applicable Earnings per share (46)1.461 Not Applicable Not Applicable Basic earnings per share 1.302 Diluted earnings per share 1.461 1.302 Not Applicable Not Applicable (46)Total other comprehensive income, net of tax (47)5,969,722 1,905,828 (197,717)Other comprehensive income may be reclassified to profit or loss thereafter when specified preconditions are met Currency translation differences 1.905.828 6,772,955 Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the equity method (803,233)(197,717)Total comprehensive income 1,980,893,515 1,846,668,073 1,317,917,879 1,189,219,060 Attributable to shareholders of the Company 1,979,341,819 1,760,769,228 1,317,917,879 1,189,219,060 85,898,845 Minority interests 1,551,696 Not Applicable Not Applicable

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative: SUN Mingbo

Principal in charge of accounting (Chief Accountant):

YU Zhuming

Head of accounting department:

Consolidated and Company Cash Flow Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

ITEM	Note 5	Year ended 31 December					
	(unless otherwise stated)	2013 Consolidated	2012 Consolidated	2013 Company	2012 Company		
Cash flows from operating activities							
Cash received from sales of goods or							
rendering of services		31,282,494,614	28,017,681,948	18,828,174,113	16,332,518,973		
Refund of taxes and surcharges		4,477,949	19,685,510	4,107,230			
Cash received relating to other							
operating activities	(48)(a)	1,437,886,260	1,239,239,170	366,035,434	284,105,658		
Sub-total of cash inflows		32,724,858,823	29,276,606,628	19,198,316,777	16,616,624,631		
Cash paid for goods and services		(16,357,520,202)	(14,099,031,530)	(13,341,514,374)	(11,047,495,330)		
Cash paid to and on behalf of		(10,007,020,202)	(11,077,031,030)	(10,011,011,071)	(11,017,173,330)		
employees		(3,374,053,943)	(2,940,782,698)	(1,151,115,071)	(967,765,258)		
Payments of taxes and surcharges		(5,541,350,802)	(5,605,019,129)	(1,713,589,893)	(1,672,605,090)		
Cash paid relating to other operating							
activities	(48)(b)	(4,050,782,713)	(3,528,176,497)	(1,976,677,908)	(1,859,086,917)		
Sub-total of cash outflows		(29,323,707,660)	(26,173,009,854)	(18,182,897,246)	(15,546,952,595)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	(49)(a), 17(18)(a)	3,401,151,163	3,103,596,774	1,015,419,531	1,069,672,036		
	1 717: 1 717						
Cash flows from investing activities							
Cash received from disposal of							
investments		39,650,000	_	549,060,002	1,143,381,872		
Cash received from returns on							
investments		50,645,699	3,050,261	564,604,436	410,597,590		
Net cash received from disposal of							
fixed assets, intangible assets and							
other long-term assets		11,628,307	12,845,364	3,372,055	5,198,199		
Net cash received from disposal of subsidiaries					201 140 410		
Cash received relating to other		_	_	_	381,149,419		
investing activities	(48)(c)	865,865,627	677,264,130	11,943,170	54,726,600		
investing detivities	(10)(0)				31,720,000		
Sub-total of cash inflows		967,789,633	693,159,755	1,128,979,663	1,995,053,680		
Cash paid to acquire fixed assets,							
intangible assets and other long-							
term assets		(2,036,229,867)	(2,378,217,741)	(479,570,350)	(570,563,381)		
Cash paid to acquire investments		(23,327)	(4,000,000)	(942,780,000)	(1,667,500,000)		
Cash paid relating to other investing		(,)	(-,,)	(* -=,, * -, *)	(-,,,		
activities	(48)(d)	(427,461,788)	(305,755,551)	(16,428,390)	(708,600)		
Sub-total of cash outflows		(2,463,714,982)	(2,687,973,292)	(1,438,778,740)	(2,238,771,981)		
Net cash flows from investing							
activities		(1,495,925,349)	(1,994,813,537)	(309,799,077)	(243,718,301)		
		Constitution were					

Consolidated and Company Cash Flow Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2013

(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

ITEM	Note 5	Year ended 31 December						
	(unless otherwise stated)	2013	2012	2013	2012			
		Consolidated	Consolidated	Company	Company			
Cash flows from financing activities								
Cash received from capital								
contributions		10,000,000	70,255,000	_	_			
Including: Cash received from	Γ							
capital contributions								
by minority								
shareholders of		40.000.000	50.055.000					
subsidiaries Cash received from borrowings	L	10,000,000 38,092,485	70,255,000 75,402,217		170,000,000			
Cash received from borrownigs		30,092,405	73,402,217					
Sub-total of cash inflows		48,092,485	145,657,217		170,000,000			
Cash repayments of borrowings		(207,780,250)	(97,221,202)	(170,000,000)	(170,000,000)			
Cash payments for interest expenses		(207,700,230)	(97,221,202)	(170,000,000)	(170,000,000)			
and distribution of dividends or								
profits		(618,020,864)	(439,640,158)	(559,995,118)	(373,321,140)			
Including: Cash payments for								
dividends or								
profit to minority								
shareholders of			/					
subsidiaries	L	(50,786,731)	(54,831,094)					
Cash payments relating to other	(40)/-)	(6.751)	(641.247)					
financing activities	(48)(e)	(6,751)	(641,247)					
Sub-total of cash outflows		(825,807,865)	(537,502,607)	(729,995,118)	(543,321,140)			
Net cash flows from financing		(555 515 300)	(201.045.200)	(530,005,110)	(272 221 140)			
activities		(777,715,380)	(391,845,390)	(729,995,118)	(373,321,140)			
Effect of foreign exchange rate								
changes on cash and cash								
equivalent		(1,790,048)	2,098,689	196,283	261,962			
	(40) (7)							
Net increase in cash and cash	(49)(b),	1 135 530 307	710.037.537	(34 150 304)	452 004 555			
equivalents Add: Cash and cash equivalents at	17(18)(b)	1,125,720,386	719,036,536	(24,178,381)	452,894,557			
beginning of year		6,269,184,262	5,550,147,726	3,059,464,569	2,606,570,012			
Cash and cash equivalents								
at end of year	(49)(c)	7,394,904,648	6,269,184,262	3,035,286,188	3,059,464,569			

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative:

SUN Mingbo

Principal in charge of accounting (Chief Accountant):

Head of accounting department:

YU Zhuming

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Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity For the year ended 31 December 2013

(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Attributable to shareholders of the Company

	Attributable to shareholders of the Company							
ITEM	Note 5 (unless otherwise stated)	Share capital	Capital surplus	Surplus reserves	Undistributed profits	Currency translation differences	Minority interests	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at 1 January 2012		1,350,982,795	4,017,938,901	808,735,661	4,915,661,595	17,119,722	166,495,893	11,276,934,567
Movements for the year ended 31 December 2012		_	(51,999,365)	118,921,906	1,288,685,967	1,905,828	148,982,003	1,506,496,339
Comprehensive income		_	_		1,758,863,400	1,905,828	85,898,845	1,846,668,073
Net profit		_	_	_	1,758,863,400	_	85,898,845	1,844,762,245
Other comprehensive income	(47)	_	-	_		1,905,828		1,905,828
Capital contribution and withdrawal by shareholders	·	_	(51,999,365)	_	_	_	118,254,365	66,255,000
Capital contribution by shareholders		_	_	_	_	_	70,255,000	70,255,000
Others	(34)	_	(51,999,365)	_	_	_	47,999,365	(4,000,000)
Profit distribution	(36)	_	_	118,921,906	(470,177,433)	_	(55,171,207)	(406,426,734)
Appropriation to surplus reserves		_	_	118,921,906	(118,921,906)	_	_	_
Profit distribution to shareholders	ļ				(351,255,527)		(55,171,207)	(406,426,734)
Balance at 31 December 2012		1,350,982,795	3,965,939,536	927,657,567	6,204,347,562	19,025,550	315,477,896	12,783,430,906
Balance at 1 January 2013		1,350,982,795	3,965,939,536	927,657,567	6,204,347,562	19,025,550	315,477,896	12,783,430,906
Movements for the year ended 31 December 2013		_	112,854,099	131,811,560	1,301,167,419	6,772,955	(462,565,904)	1,090,040,129
Comprehensive income		_	(803,233)	_	1,973,372,097	6,772,955	1,551,696	1,980,893,515
Net profit		_	_	_	1,973,372,097	_	1,551,696	1,974,923,793
Other comprehensive income	(47)	_	(803,233)	_	_	6,772,955	_	5,969,722
Capital contribution and withdrawal by shareholders		_	113,657,332	_	_	_	(413,412,440)	(299,755,108)
Others	(34)	_	113,657,332	_	_	_	(413,412,440)	(299,755,108)
Profit distribution	(36)	=	=	131,811,560	(672,204,678)	_	(50,705,160)	(591,098,278)
Appropriation to surplus reserves		_	_	131,811,560	(131,811,560)	_	_	_
Profit distribution to shareholders		_			(540,393,118)		(50,705,160)	(591,098,278)
Balance at 31 December 2013		1,350,982,795	4,078,793,635	1,059,469,127	7,505,514,981	25,798,505	(147,088,008)	13,873,471,035

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative:

Principal in charge of accounting (Chief Accountant):

Head of accounting department:

SUN Mingbo

YU Zhuming

Company Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity For the year ended 31 December 2013

(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

	Note 5					
	(unless					Total
	otherwise				Undistributed	shareholders'
ITEM	stated)	Share capital	Capital surplus	Surplus reserves	profits	equity
Balance at 1 January 2012		1,350,982,795	4,315,189,317	808,735,661	2,618,076,003	9,092,983,776
Movement for the year ended 31 December 2012		_	_	118,921,906	719,041,627	837,963,533
Comprehensive income					1,189,219,060	1,189,219,060
Net profit		_	_	_	1,189,219,060	1,189,219,060
Profit distribution	(36)		_	118,921,906	(470,177,433)	(351,255,527)
Appropriation to surplus reserves		_	_	118,921,906	(118,921,906)	_
Profit distribution to shareholders					(351,255,527)	(351,255,527)
Balance at 31 December 2012		1,350,982,795	4,315,189,317	927,657,567	3,337,117,630	9,930,947,309
Balance at 1 January 2013		1,350,982,795	4,315,189,317	927,657,567	3,337,117,630	9,930,947,309
Movement for the year ended 31 December 2013		_	(9,116,040)	131,811,560	736,273,127	858,968,647
Comprehensive income		_	(197,717)		1,318,115,596	1,317,917,879
Net profit		_	_	_	1,318,115,596	1,318,115,596
Other comprehensive income		_	(197,717)	_	_	(197,717)
Profit distribution	(36)			131,811,560	(672,204,678)	(540,393,118)
Appropriation to surplus reserves		_	_	131,811,560	(131,811,560)	_
Profit distribution to shareholders		_	_	_	(540,393,118)	(540,393,118)
Others	17(5)(b)		(8,918,323)		90,362,209	81,443,886
Balance at 31 December 2013		1,350,982,795	4,306,073,277	1,059,469,127	4,073,390,757	10,789,915,956

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative:

Principal in charge of accounting

Head of accounting department:

SUN Mingbo

(Chief Accountant):

YU Zhuming

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

1 General information

Tsingtao Brewery Company Limited (the "Company") was established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") on 16 June 1993. The Company obtained business license as a Sino-foreign joint stock limited company on 27 December 1995. The Company was incorporated in Qingdao, Shandong province, the PRC, with a total share capital of RMB482,400,000 at establishment.

The Company's H shares have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 15 July 1993, and it's A shares have been listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange since 27 August 1993. The total share capital upon issue amounted to RMB900,000,000. Subsequently, the Company increased its total share capital to RMB1,308,219,178 after issue of new RMB ordinary shares, issue of corporate convertible bonds and conversion of such bonds into H shares.

Approved by the Circular [2008] No. 445 issued by the China Securities Regulatory Commission, the Company issued convertible bonds with detachable warrants subscription rights on 2 April 2008 at a total size of RMB1,500 million with the term of 6 years. Upon the exercise period ended on 19 October 2009, 42,763,617 A shares of the Company were issued and the total number of the Company's shares was increased from 1,308,219,178 to 1,350,982,795.

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are principally engaged in the production and distribution of beer products.

These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 25 March 2014.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates

(1) Basis of preparation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Basic Standard and specific standards of the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises issued by the Ministry of Finance on 15 February 2006, and the Application Guidance for Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, Interpretations of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises and other relevant regulations issued thereafter (hereafter collectively referred to as "the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises" or "CAS") and the disclosure requirements in the Preparation Convention of Information Disclosure by Companies Offering Securities to the Public No. 15 – General Rules on Financial Reporting (2010 revised) issued by the China Securities Regulatory Commission.

The Ministry of Finance newly issued CAS No. 39 – Fair value measurement, CAS No. 40 – Joint arrangements and revised CAS No. 9 – Employee benefits, CAS No. 30 – Financial statement presentation and CAS No. 33 – Consolidated financial statements in 2014. These new and amended standards are effective on 1 July 2014. However, overseas listed companies are encouraged to early adopt them. As the Company issued both A shares and H shares, the Group has decided to early adopt these new and amended standards in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013. Management of the Company has assessed that these developments have no significant effect on the consolidated financial statement of the Group, except for the effect of applying the revised CAS No. 9 – Employee benefits (Note 2 (29)).

(2) Statement of compliance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2013 are in compliance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, and truly and completely present the Consolidated and the Company's financial position as of 31 December 2013 and their financial performance, cash flows and other information for the year then ended.

(3) Accounting period

The Company's accounting year starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(4) Recording currency

The recording currency of the Company and the subsidiaries incorporated and operated in mainland China is Renminbi (RMB), while the recording currency of the subsidiaries in Hong Kong and Macau is Hong Kong Dollar (HKD) and Macau Pataca (MOP) respectively. The consolidated financial statements of the Group are represented in RMB.

(5) Business combinations

(a) Business combinations involving enterprises under common control

The consideration paid and net assets obtained by the absorbing party in a business combination are measured at the carrying amount. The difference between the carrying amount of the net assets obtained from the combination and the carrying amount of the consideration paid for the combination is treated as an adjustment to capital surplus (share premium). If the capital surplus (share premium) is not sufficient to absorb the difference, the remaining balance is adjusted against retained earnings. Costs directly attributable to the combination are included in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred. Transaction costs associated with the issue of equity or debt securities for the business combination are included in the initially recognised amounts of the equity or debt securities.

(b) Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control

The cost of combination and identifiable net assets obtained by the acquirer in a business combination are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. Where the cost of the combination exceeds the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the difference is recognised as goodwill; where the cost of combination is lower than the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the difference is recognised in profit or loss for the current period. Costs directly attributable to the combination are included in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred. Transaction costs associated with the issue of equity or debt securities for the business combination are included in the initially recognised amounts of the equity or debt securities.

(c) Acquisition of minority interests

When acquiring part of or all of the minority interests from its minority shareholders after obtaining the control over a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary shall be stated at the amounts calculated continuously from the date of acquisition or merger in the consolidated financial statements. The difference between the increase in the cost of long-term equity investments as a result of acquisition of minority interests and the share of net assets of the subsidiary calculated continuously from the date of the acquisition or merger based on the new shareholding proportion shall be adjusted against the capital surplus. If the capital surplus (share premium) is not sufficient to absorb the difference, the remaining difference shall be adjusted against retained earnings.

(6) Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control and are de-consolidated from the date that such control ceases. For a subsidiary that is acquired in a business combination involving enterprises under common control, it is included in the consolidated financial statements from the date when it, together with the Company, comes under common control of the ultimate controlling party. The portion of the net profits realised before the combination date is presented separately in the consolidated income statement.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, where the accounting policies and the accounting periods of the Company and subsidiaries are inconsistent, the financial statements of the subsidiaries are adjusted in accordance with the accounting policies and accounting period of the Company. For subsidiaries acquired from a business combination involving enterprises not under common control, the individual financial statements of the subsidiaries are adjusted based on the fair value of the identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(6) Preparation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

All significant intra-group balances, transactions and unrealised profits are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. The portion of a subsidiary's equity, the portion of a subsidiary's net profits or losses and the portion of total comprehensive income for the period not attributable to the shareholders of the Company are recognised as minority interests and presented separately in the consolidated financial statements under shareholder's equity, net profits and total comprehensive income respectively. Where the amount of losses for the current period attributed to the minority shareholders of a subsidiary exceeds the minority shareholders' portion of the opening balance of shareholders' equity of the subsidiary, the excess amount is allocated against minority interests.

(7) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits that can be readily drawn on demand, and short-term and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(8) Foreign currency translation

(a) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into RMB using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into RMB using the spot exchange rates on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in profit or loss for the current period, except for those attributable to foreign currency borrowings that have been taken out specifically for the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets, which are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historical costs are translated at the balance sheet date using the spot exchange rates at the date of the transactions. The effect of exchange rate changes on cash is presented separately in the cash flow statement.

(b) Translation of foreign currency financial statements

The asset and liability items in the balance sheets for overseas operations are translated at the spot exchange rates on the balance sheet date. Among the shareholders' equity items, the items other than "undistributed profits" are translated at the spot exchange rates of the transaction dates. The income and expense items in the income statements of overseas operations are translated at the spot exchange rates of the transaction dates. The differences arising from the above translation are presented separately in the shareholders' equity. The cash flows of overseas operations are translated at the spot exchange rates on the dates of the cash flows. The effect of exchange rate changes on cash is presented separately in the cash flow statement.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(9) Financial instruments

(a) Financial assets

(i) Classification of financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following categories at initial recognition: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, receivables, available-for-sale financial assets and held-to-maturity investments. The classification of financial assets depends on the Group's intention and ability to hold the financial assets.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for the purpose of selling in the short term.

Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories at initial recognition. Available-for-sale financial assets are included in other current assets on the balance sheet if management intends to dispose of them within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed maturity and fixed or determinable payments that management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity investments with maturities over 12 months when the investments were made but are due within 12 months at the balance sheet date are included in the current portion of non-current assets; held-to-maturity investments with maturities no more than 12 months when the investments were made are included in other current assets.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised at fair value on the balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. In the case of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, the related transaction costs incurred at the time of acquisition are recognised in profit or loss for the current period. For other financial assets, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets are included in their initially recognised amounts.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Investments in equity instruments are measured at cost when they do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured. Receivables and held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from change in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss. Interests and cash dividends received during the period in which such financial assets are held, as well as the gains or losses arising from disposal of these assets are recognised in profit or loss for the current period.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(9) Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Financial assets (continued)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Gains or losses arising from change in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets are recognised directly in equity, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation of monetary financial assets. When such financial assets are derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised directly into equity are recycled into profit or loss for the current period. Interests on available-for-sale investments in debt instruments calculated using the effective interest method during the period in which such investments are held and cash dividends declared by the investee on available-for-sale investments in equity instruments are recognised as investment income, which is recognised in profit or loss for the period.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses the carrying amounts of financial assets other than those at fair value through profit or loss at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired, an impairment loss is provided for.

When an impairment loss on a financial asset carried at amortised cost has occurred, the amount of loss is provided for at the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of its estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). If there is objective evidence that the value of the financial asset recovered and the recovery is related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed and the amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Objective evidence of impairment of financial assets are events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets and have impacts on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The objective evidence which indicates impairment in fair value of available-for-sale equity instruments includes the significant and prolonged decline in fair value. The Group has separately tested various available-for-sale equity instruments at the balance sheet date. It will be defined as impairment if the fair value is lower than the original cost at initial recognition by more than 50% (including 50%) or the period in which the fair value of the investment has been blow that original cost has lasted for no less than 1 year. While if the fair value is between 20% to 50% lower than the original cost, the Group will take other factors such as price fluctuation into consideration to estimate whether the equity instrument has impaired or not. The original cost of available-for-sale equity instruments is determined by using weighted average method.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets incurred, the cumulative losses arising from the decline in fair value that had been recognised directly in equity are transferred out from equity and into impairment loss. For an investment in debt instrument classified as available-for-sale on which impairment losses have been recognised, if, in a subsequent period, its fair value increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed into profit or loss for the current period. For an investment in an equity instrument classified as available-for-sale on which impairment losses have been recognised, the increase in its fair value in a subsequent period is recognised directly in equity.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(9) Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Financial assets (continued)

(iv) Derecognitiion of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised when any of the below criteria is met: (i) the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire; (ii) the financial asset has been transferred and the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset to the transferee; or (iii) the financial asset has been transferred and the Group has not retained control of the financial asset, although the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative changes in fair value that had been recognised directly in equity, is recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified into the following categories at initial recognition: financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities. The financial liabilities of the Group mainly comprise other financial liabilities, including payables, borrowings and debentures payable.

Payables, including accounts payable and other payables, are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings and debentures payable are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities with maturities no more than one year are classified as current liabilities. Other financial liabilities with maturities over one year but are due within one year at the balance sheet date are classified as the current portion of non-current liabilities. Others are classified as non-current liabilities.

A financial liability is derecognised or partly derecognised when the current obligation is discharged or partly discharged. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or the derecognised part of the financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Determination of fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of a financial instrument that is traded in an active market is determined at the quoted price in the active market. The fair value of a financial instrument that is not traded in an active market is determined by using a valuation technique when it is applicable under current conditions and there are enough available data and other information to support. The valuation technique mainly includes market approach and income approach, etc. The valuation technique used should maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize unobservable inputs. Those inputs should be consistent with the inputs a market participant would use when pricing the asset or liability.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(10) Receivables

Receivables comprise accounts receivable and other receivables. Accounts receivable arising from sale of goods or rendering of services are initially recognised at fair value of the contractual payments from the buyers or service recipients.

(a) Receivables with amounts that are individually significant and subject to separate assessment for provision for bad debts

Receivables with amounts that are individually significant are subject to assessment for impairment on the individual basis. If there exists objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect the amount under the original terms, a provision for impairment of that receivable is made.

The criterion for determing "individually significant" amounts is that any individual amount is more than RMB10.000.000.

The method of providing for bad debts for those individually significant amounts is as follows: the amount of the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the receivable below its carrying amount.

(b) Receivables that are subject to provision for bad debts on the grouping basis

Receivables with amounts that are not individually significant and those receivables that have been individually assessed for impairment and have not been found impaired are classified into certain groupings based on their credit risk characteristics. The provision for bad debts is determined based on the historical loss experience for the groupings of receivables with similar credit risk characteristics, taking into consideration of the current circumstances.

Basis for grouping is as follows:

Group A	Receivables of government etc.
Group B	Amounts due from subsidiaries

Group C All others

Methods of determining provision for bad debts by grouping are as follows:

Group A	Low credit risk upon assessment, no bad debts provided
Group B	Low credit risk upon assessment, no bad debts provided

Group C Ageing analysis method

The provision ratios used under the ageing analysis method for the above groupings are as follows:

	Provision ratios used for accounts	Provision ratios used for other
	receivable	receivables
Within 6 months	0%	0%
6 months to 1 year	5%	5%
1 to 2 years	50%	50%
Over 2 years	100%	100%

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(10) Receivables (continued)

(c) Receivables with amounts that are not individually significant but subject to separate assessment for provision for had debts

The reason for making separate assessment for provision for bad debts is that there exists objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect the amount under the original terms of the receivable.

The provision for bad debts is determined based on the amount of the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the receivable below its carrying amount.

(d) When the Group transfers the accounts receivable to the financial institutions without recourse, the difference between the proceeds received from the transaction and their carrying amounts and the related taxes is recognised in profit or loss for the current period.

(11) Inventories

(a) Classification

Inventories comprise raw materials, work in progress, finished goods and turnover materials, and are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(b) Costing of inventories

Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprise raw materials, direct labour and systematically allocated production overhead based on the normal production capacity.

(c) Basis for determining net realisable values of inventories and method for making provision for decline in the value of inventories

Provision for decline in the value of inventories is determined at the excess amount of the carrying amounts of the inventories over their net realisable value. Net realisable value is determined based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs to completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale and related taxes.

- (d) The Group adopts the perpetual inventory system.
- (e) Amortisation methods of low value consumables and packaging materials

Turnover materials include low value consumables and packaging materials. They are amortised into expenses based upon the periods of usage.

(12) Long-term equity investments

Long-term equity investments comprise the Company's long-term equity investments in its subsidiaries, the Group's long-term equity investments in its joint ventures and associates, as well as the long-term equity investments where the Group does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investees and which are not quoted in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured.

Subsidiaries are the investees over which the Company is able to exercise control. Joint ventures are the investees over which the Group is able to exercise joint control together with other venturers and the net asset of which is attribute to the Group. Associates are the investees that the Group has significant influence on their financial and operating policies.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(12) Long-term equity investments (continued)

Investments in subsidiaries are presented in the Company's financial statements using the cost method, and are adjusted to the equity method when preparing the consolidated financial statements. Investments in joint ventures and associates are accounted for using the equity method. Other long-term equity investments, where the Group does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investees and which are not quoted in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, are accounted for using the cost method.

(a) Determination of investment cost

For long-term equity investments acquired through a business combination: for long-term equity investments acquired through a business combination involving enterprises under common control, the investment cost shall be the absorbing party's share of the carrying amount of shareholders' equity of the party being absorbed at the combination date; for long-term equity investment acquired through a business combination involving enterprises not under common control, the investment cost shall be the combination cost.

For long-term equity investments acquired not through a business combination: for long-term equity investment acquired by payment in cash, the initial investment cost shall be the purchase price actually paid; for long-term equity investments acquired by issuing equity securities, the initial investment cost shall be the fair value of the equity securities issued.

(b) Subsequent measurement and recognition of related profit and loss

For long-term equity investments accounted for using the cost method, they are measured at the initial investment costs, and cash dividends or profit distribution declared by the investees are recognised as investment income in profit or loss.

For long-term equity investments accounted for using the equity method, where the initial investment cost of a long-term equity investment exceeds the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date, the long-term equity investment is measured at the initial investment cost; where the initial investment cost is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date, the difference is included in profit or loss and the cost of the long-term equity investment is adjusted upwards accordingly.

For long-term equity investments accounted for using the equity method, the Group recognises the investment income according to its share of net profit or loss of the investee. The Group discontinues recognising its share of net losses of an investee after the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the investor's net investment in the investee are reduced to zero. However, if the Group has obligations for additional losses and the criteria with respect to recognition of provisions under the accounting standards on contingencies are satisfied, the Group continues recognising the investment losses and the provisions. For changes in shareholders' equity of the investee other than those arising from its net profit or loss, the Group records its proportionate share directly into capital surplus, provided that the Group's proportion of shareholding in the investee remains unchanged. The carrying amount of the investment is reduced by the Group's share of the profit distribution or cash dividends declared by an investee. The unrealised profits or losses arising from the intra-group transactions amongst the Group and its investees are eliminated in proportion to the Group's equity interest in the investees, and then based on which the investment gains or losses are recognised. For the loss on the intra-group transaction amongst the Group and its investees attributable to asset impairment, any unrealised loss is not eliminated.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(12) Long-term equity investments (continued)

(c) Basis for determining existence of control, jointly control or significant influence over investees

Control is the power over the investee when the investor is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investees, and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investees.

Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

(d) Impairment of long-term equity investments

The carrying amounts of long-term equity investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are reduced to the recoverable amounts when the recoverable amounts are below their carrying amounts (Note 2 (19)). For other long-term equity investments which are not quoted in an active market and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured, the excess of their carrying amounts over the present values of future cash flows discounted at the prevailing market yield rate for similar financial assets is recognised as impairment loss and cannot be reversed once recognised.

(13) Investment properties

Investment properties are buildings that are held for the purpose of leasing, are measured initially at cost. Subsequent expenditures incurred in relation to an investment property are included in the cost of the investment property when it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the Group and their costs can be reliably measured; otherwise, the expenditures are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

The Group adopts the cost model for subsequent measurement of investment properties. Buildings are depreciated to their estimated net residual values over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives, the estimated net residual values that are expressed as a percentage of cost and the annual depreciation rates of investment properties are as follows:

			Annual
	Estimated	Estimated	depreciation
	useful lives	residual value	rate
Buildings	40 years	3% to 5%	2.38% to 2.43%

When an investment property is transferred to owner-occupied properties, it is reclassified as fixed asset at the date of the transfer. When an owner-occupied property is transferred out for earning rentals or for capital appreciation, the fixed asset is reclassified as investment properties at its carrying amount at the date of the transfer.

The investment property's estimated useful life, net residual value and depreciation method applied are reviewed and adjusted as appropriate at each year-end.

An investment property is derecognised on disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. The net amount of proceeds from sale, transfer, retirement or damage of an investment property after its carrying amount and related taxes and expenses is recognised in profit or loss for the current period.

The carrying amount of investment properties shall be reduced to the recoverable amount if the recoverable amount is below the carrying amount (Note 2(19)).

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(14) Fixed assets

(a) Recognition and initial measurement of fixed assets

Fixed assets comprise buildings, machinery and equipment, motor vehicles and other equipment.

Fixed assets are recognised when it is probable that the related economic benefits will flow to the Group and the costs can be reliably measured. Fixed assets purchased or constructed by the Group are initially measured at cost at the acquisition date. The fixed assets contributed by the State shareholders at the reorganisation of the Company into a corporation entity are recognised based on the revaluated amounts approved by the state-owned assets administration department.

Subsequent expenditures incurred for a fixed asset are included in the cost of the fixed asset when it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the Group and the related cost can be reliably measured. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All the other subsequent expenditures are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(b) Depreciation methods of fixed assets

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of the assets to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives. For the fixed assets that have been provided for impairment loss, the related depreciation charge is prospectively determined based upon the adjusted carrying amounts over their remaining useful lives.

The estimated useful lives, the estimated residual values expressed as a percentage of cost and the annual depreciation rates of fixed assets are as follows:

	Estimated useful lives	Estimated residual value	Annual depreciation rate
Buildings	20-40 years	3% to 5%	2.4% to 4.9%
Machinery and equipment	5-14 years	3% to 5%	6.8% to 19.4%
Motor vehicles	5-12 years	3% to 5%	7.9% to 19.4%
Other equipment	5-10 years	3% to 5%	9.5% to 19.4%

The estimated useful lives, the estimated residual value of a fixed asset and the depreciation method applied to the asset are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate at least at each year-end.

(c) The carrying amount of fixed assets shall be reduced to the recoverable amount if the recoverable amount is below the carrying amount (Note 2 (19)).

(d) Basis for identification of fixed assets held under finance lease and related measurement

A lease that in substance transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is a finance lease. The leased asset is recognised at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The difference between the recorded amount of the leased asset and the minimum lease payments is accounted for as unrecognised finance charge (Note 2 (26)(b)).

Fixed assets held under a finance lease are depreciated on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy adopted for fixed asset that are self-owned. When a leased asset can be reasonably determined that its ownership will be transferred at the end of the lease term, it is depreciated over the period of expected use; otherwise, the leased asset is depreciated over the shorter period of the lease term and the period of expected use.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(14) Fixed assets (continued)

(e) Disposal of fixed assets

A fixed asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The amount of proceeds from disposals on sale, transfer, retirement or damage of a fixed asset net of its carrying amount and related taxes and expenses is recognised in profit or loss for the current period.

(15) Construction in progress

Construction in progress is measured at actual cost. Actual cost comprises construction costs, installation costs, borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalisation and other costs necessary to bring the fixed assets ready for their intended use. Construction in progress is transferred to fixed assets when the assets are ready for their intended use, and depreciation begins from the following month. The carrying amount of construction in progress is reduced to the recoverable amount when the recoverable amount is below the carrying amount (Note 2 (19)).

(16) Borrowing costs

The borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of a fixed asset that needs a substantially long period of time for its intended use commence to be capitalised and recorded as part of the cost of the asset when expenditures for the asset and borrowing costs have been incurred, and the activities relating to the acquisition and construction that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use have commenced. The capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when the asset under acquisition or construction becomes ready for its intended use and the borrowing costs incurred thereafter are recognised in profit or loss for the current period. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended during periods in which the acquisition or construction of a fixed asset is interrupted abnormally and the interruption lasts for more than 3 months, until the acquisition or construction is resumed.

For the specific borrowings obtained for the acquisition or construction of a fixed asset qualifying for capitalisation, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by deducting any interest income earned from depositing the unused specific borrowings in the banks or any investment income arising on the temporary investment of those borrowings during the capitalisation period.

For the general borrowings obtained for the acquisition or construction of a fixed asset qualifying for capitalisation, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying the weighted average effective interest rate of general borrowings, to the weighted average of the excess amount of cumulative expenditures on the asset over the amount of specific borrowings. The effective interest rate is the rate at which the estimated future cash flows during the period of expected duration of the borrowings or applicable shorter period are discounted to the initial amount of the borrowings.

(17) Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise land use rights, trademarks, sales networks, computer software, technology known-how and others. All intangible assets are measured at cost. The intangible assets contributed by the State shareholders at the reorganisation of the Company into a corporation are recognised based on the revaluated amounts as approved by the state-owned assets administration department.

(a) Land use rights

Land use rights are amortised on the straight-line basis over their approved useful period from 30 to 50 years. If the acquisition costs of the land use rights and the buildings located thereon cannot be reasonably allocated between the land use rights and the buildings, all of the acquisition costs are recognised as fixed assets.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(17) Intangible assets (continued)

(b) Trademarks

Trademarks mainly include the "TSINGTAO BEER" trademark which was injected by the founding shareholders into the Company on 16 June 1993 as their capital contributions. The recorded value of the trademark was assessed based on the results of the valuation as approved by state-owned assets administration department. Based on the forecast of beer industry and the business position of the Company, the directors are of the view that the "TSINGTAO BEER" trademark has an indefinite useful life, accordingly, it is not subject to amortisation but annual impairment assessments.

Other trademarks were acquired as a result of acquisitions of certain subsidiaries. They are amortised over their estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 10 years.

(c) Sales networks

Sales networks include the sales network acquired from Yantai Brewery Tsingtao Asahi Co., Ltd. ("Yantai Asahi"), the sales network of Tsingtao Beer (Jinan) Baotuquan Sales Co., Ltd. ("Baotuquan Company"), the sales network of Shandong Xin Immense Brewery Company Limited ("Immense Brewery Company"), the sales network of Suntory (shanghai) mar ket service Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Market Service") and the sales network of The Prince (Lian Yungang) beer sales Co., Ltd. ("The Prince Sales"). Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of 10 years.

(d) Computer software

Computer software are amortised over their estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 10 years.

(e) Technology known-how

Technology known-how is amortised on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10 years.

(f) Periodical review of useful life and amortisation method

For an intangible asset with a finite useful life, review of its useful life and amortisation method is performed at each year-end, with adjustment made as appropriate.

(g) Research and development

The expenditure on an internal research and development project is classified into expenditure on the research phase and expenditure on the development phase based on its nature and whether there is material uncertainty that the research and development activities can form an intangible asset at end of the project.

Expenditure on the research phase is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. Expenditure on the development phase is capitalised only if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- management intends to complete the intangible asset, and to use or sell it;
- it can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate economic benefits;
- there are adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and the ability to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development phase can be reliably measured.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(17) Intangible assets (continued)

(g) Research and development (continued)

Other development expenditures that do not meet the conditions above are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred. Development costs previously recognised as expenses are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period. Capitalised expenditure on the development phase is presented as development costs in the balance sheet and transferred to intangible assets at the date that the asset is ready for its intended use.

(h) Impairment of intangible assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets is reduced to the recoverable amount when the recoverable amount is below the carrying amount (Note 2 (19)).

(18) Long-term prepaid expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses comprise the expenditure for improvements to fixed assets held under operating leases, and other expenditures that have been incurred but should be recgonised as expenses over more than one year in the current and subsequent periods. Long-term prepaid expenses are amortised on the straight-line basis over the expected beneficial period and are presented at actual expenditure net of accumulated amortisation.

(19) Impairment of long-term assets

Fixed assets, construction in progress, intangible assets with finite useful lives, investment properties measured using the cost model and long-term equity investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are tested for impairment if there is any indication that the assets may be impaired at the balance sheet date. If the result of the impairment test indicates that the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, a provision for impairment and an impairment loss are recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Provision for asset impairment is determined and recognised on the individual asset basis. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the recoverable amount of a group of assets to which the asset belongs is determined. A group of assets is the smallest group of assets that is able to generate independent cash inflows.

Goodwill that is separately presented in the financial statements is tested at least annually for impairment, irrespective of whether there is any indication that it may be impaired. In conducting the test, the carrying value of goodwill is allocated to the related asset groups or groups of asset groups which are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. If the result of the test indicates that the recoverable amount of an asset group or group of asset groups, including the allocated goodwill, is lower than its carrying amount, the corresponding impairment loss is recognised. The impairment loss is first deducted from the carrying amount of goodwill that is allocated to the asset group or group of asset groups, and then deducted from the carrying amounts of other assets within the asset groups or groups of asset groups in proportion to the carrying amounts of assets other than goodwill.

Once the above asset impairment loss is recognised, it will not be reversed for the value recovered in the subsequent periods.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(20) Employee benefits

Employee benefits mainly include wages or salaries, bonuses, allowances and subsidies, staff welfare, social security contributions, housing funds, labour union funds, employee education funds and other expenditures incurred in exchange for service rendered by employees or compensation to employees for termination of the employment relationship.

(a) Short-term employee benefits

The Group recognises short-term employee benefits as liabilities and losses (or assets) during the period employees render service to the Group. Non-monetary benefits are measured in accordance with fair value.

(b) Basic social pension security

Employees of the Group participate in the basic social pension plan set up and administered by the government authorities. Basic pensions are provided monthly according to stipulated proportions and basis, which are paid to local labour and social security institutions. After retirement of employees, local labour and social security institutions will pay related pensions to employees accordingly. The Group recognises these employee benefits as liabilities and losses (or assets) during the period employees render service to the Group.

(c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits as liabilities and losses (or assets) at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of termination plan; and (b) when the Group recognises costs for restructuring and involves the payment of termination benefits.

(d) Early retirement benefits

The Group provides early retirement benefits to employees who accept early retirement arrangements. Early retirement benefits mean wages and social insurance charges paid for those employees who voluntarily remove themselves from their posts with the approval of the management of the Group before their normal retirement ages. The Group pays early retirement benefits for the period from the early retirement date to their normal retirement date. The Group accounts for early retirement benefits as termination benefits. When the recognition criteria in respect of termination benefits are met, the early retirement benefits proposed to be paid by the Group are recognised as liabilities, with a corresponding charge to profit or loss for the period. The difference resulting from the charge of actuarial assumptions and benefit level is recognised as profit or loss as occurred.

(e) Supplemental retirement benefits

Approved by the Company's Board of Directors on 16 December 2013, in addition to the normal social pension plans, the Group also provides supplementary retirement benefits to those employees qualified for certain criteria and retired before 31 December 2013. Such supplementary benefits are classified as defined benefit plans. The defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet is the present value of the defined benefit obligation, net of the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method and interest rates of government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation. The Group shall recognise the service fees and net interest income related to supplemental retirement benefits as assets or expenses, the change due to re-measurement of net defined benefit obligation liabilities or net assets is recognised as other comprehensive income.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(21) Dividends distribution

Cash dividend is recognised as a liability for the period in which the dividend is approved by the shareholders' meeting.

(22) Convertible bonds with detachable warrants subscription rights

The convertible bonds with subscription warrants subscription rights issued are split into liability and equity components at initial recognition. The liability component is determined as the discounted amount of future cash flows, and the equity component is determined as the amount after deducting liability amount from proceeds of the issue. The transaction costs incurred on the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated between the liability component and equity component based on the proportion of their amounts at initial recognition. The liability amount of the convertible bonds is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(23) Revenue recognition

The amount of revenue is determined in accordance with the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of discounts and returns.

Revenue is recognised when the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group, the related revenue can be reliably measured, and the specific revenue recognition criteria have been met for each type of the Group's activities as described below:

(a) Sale of goods

The Group manufactures and sells beer products to the regional distributors. Revenue is recognised when the Group has delivered the beer products to the location specified in the sales contract and the distributor has confirmed the acceptance of the products. Upon confirming the acceptance, the distributor has the right to sell the beer products at its discretion and takes the risks of any price fluctuations and obsolescence and loss of the products.

(b) Rendering of services

The Group provides construction service to external parties. The related revenue is recognised using the percentage of completion method, with the stage of completion being determined based on proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total costs.

(c) Transfer of asset use rights

Interest income is determined by using the effective interest method, based on the length of time for which the Group's cash is used by others.

Income from an operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(24) Government Grants

Government grants are transfers of monetary or non-monetary assets from the government to the Group at nil consideration, including relocation compensation, refund of taxes and financial subsidies, etc.

A government grant is recognised when the conditions attached to it can be complied with and the government grant can be received. For a government grant in the form of transfer of monetary assets, the grant is measured at the amount received or receivable. For a government grant in the form of transfer of non-monetary assets, it is measured at fair value; if the fair value is not reliably determinable, the grant is measured at nominal amount.

Grants related to assets are those obtained for formation of long-term assets by purchase, construction or acquisition in other ways. Grants related to income are government grants other than those related to assets.

A government grant related to an asset is recognised as deferred income, and evenly amortised to profit or loss over the useful life of the related asset. Government grants measured at nominal amounts are recognised immediately in profit or loss for the current period.

For government grants related to income, where the grant is a compensation for related expenses or losses to be incurred by the Group in the subsequent periods, the grant is recognised as deferred income, and included in profit or loss over the periods in which the related costs are recognised; where the grant is a compensation for related expenses or losses already incurred by the Group, the grant is recognised immediately in profit or loss for the current period.

(25) Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are calculated and recognised based on the differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts (temporary differences). Deferred tax asset is recognised for the deductible losses that can be carried forward to subsequent years for deduction of the taxable profit in accordance with the tax laws. No deferred tax liability is recognised for a temporary difference arising from the initial recognition of goodwill. No deferred tax asset or deferred tax liability is recognised for the temporary differences resulting from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities due to a transaction other than a business combination, which affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (or deductible loss). At the balance sheet date, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised for deductible temporary differences, deductible losses and tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available in the future against which the deductible temporary differences, deductible losses and tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the timing of reversal of the temporary difference, and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. When it is probable that the temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures will be reversed in the foreseeable future and that the taxable profit will be available in the future against which the temporary differences can be utilised, the corresponding deferred tax assets are recognised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when:

- the deferred taxes are related to the same tax payer within the Group and the same taxation authority; and
- that tax payer within the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(26) Leases

A finance lease is a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease.

(a) Operating leases

Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease, and are either capitalised as part of the cost of related assets, or charged as an expense for the current period.

(b) Finance leases

The leased asset is recognised at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The difference between the recorded amount of the leased asset and the minimum lease payments is accounted for as unrecognised finance charge and is amortised using the effective interest method over the period of the lease. A long-term payable is recorded at the amount equal to the minimum lease payments less the unrecognised finance charge.

(27) Held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets or disposal groups are classified as assets held for sale when: (1) the non-current asset or disposal groups in current conditions can be sold immediately according to trade practices; (2) the Group has made a resolution and been approved for disposal of the non-current asset or disposal groups; (3) an irrevocable contract with the transferee has been signed and; (4) the transfer will be completed within one year.

Non-current assets, except for financial assets and deferred tax assets that satisfy the recognition criteria for assets held for sale are stated at to the lower of carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell. Any excess of the original carrying amount over the fair value less costs to sell is recognised as asset impairment loss.

The assets and liabilities in the non-current asset or disposal groups which have been classified as assets held for sale are classified as current assets and current liabilities.

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, can be clearly distinguished operationally and for financial reporting purposes from the rest of the Group and (a) represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, (b) is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or (c) is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

(28) Segment information

The Group identifies operating segments based on the internal organisation structure, management requirements and internal reporting system, and discloses segment information of reportable segments which is determined on the basis of operating segments.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that satisfies all of the following conditions: (1) the component is able to generate revenues and incur expenses from its ordinary activities; (2) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance; and (3) for which the information on financial position, operating results and cash flows is available to the Group. If two or more operating segments have similar economic characteristics and satisfy certain conditions, they are aggregated into one single operating segment.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(29) Changes in significant accounting policies

Details and reasons for the				
changes	Procedures for approval	Affected items	Amount	
As stated in Note 2(1), the Cross	The changes in accounting	In anaona amin'i anao	DMD12 920 000	
As stated in Note 2(1), the Group	The changes in accounting	Increase employee	RMB13,830,000	
early adopted the revised CAS	policies have been	benefits payable and	RMB181,880,000,	
No.9 – Employee benefits, issued	approved by the Board of	other non-current	and RMB195,710,000	
by the Ministry of Finance in	the Company.	liabilities of the Group	respectively	
2014 in preparation of financial		as of 31 December		
statements of the Group. There is		2013, increase general		
no impact on comparative figures		and administrative		
since the company implement		expenses of the Group		
supplemental retirement benefits		for the year ended		
plan in 2013.		31 December 2013.		

(30) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Group continually evaluates the critical accounting estimates and key judgments applied based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable.

(a) Critical accounting estimates and key assumptions

The critical accounting estimates and key assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next accounting year are outlined below:

(i) Accounting estimates on impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment. The recoverable amount of asset groups and groups of asset groups is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from them. These calculations require use of estimates (Note 5(15)).

If management revises the gross margin that is used in the calculation of the future cash flows of asset groups and groups of asset groups, and the revised gross margin is lower than the one currently used, the Group would need to recognise further impairment against goodwill.

If management revises the pre-tax discount rate applied to the discounted cash flows, and the revised pre-tax discount rate is higher than the one currently applied, the Group would need to recognise further impairment against goodwill.

If the actual gross margin/pre-tax discount rate is higher/lower than management's estimates, the impairment loss of goodwill previously provided for is not allowed to be reversed by the Group.

(ii) Accounting estimates on impairment of fixed assets

According to the accounting policies stated in Note 2(19), the Group tests whether fixed assets, for example, buildings and Machinery have suffered any impairment on the balance sheet date. The recoverable amounts of the fixed assets have been determined based on the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use calculations. These calculations require the use of accounting estimates.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(30) Critical accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

- (a) Critical accounting estimates and key assumptions (continued)
 - (ii) Accounting estimates on impairment of fixed assets (continued)

In 2013, the Group recognised impairment losses amounting to RMB10,302,603 (2012: RMB6,138,436) for fixed assets based on such evaluation. As at 31 December 2013, the Group recognised the cumulative provision for fixed assets impairment amounting to RMB627,722,952 (31 December 2012: RMB668,839,833) (Note 5(11)).

If management revises the gross margin that is used in the calculation of the future cash flows of asset groups and groups of asset groups, and the revised gross margin is lower than the one currently used, the Group would need to recognise further impairment against fixed assets.

If management revises the pre-tax discount rate applied to the discounted cash flows, and the revised pre-tax discount rate is higher than the one currently applied, the Group would need to recognise further impairment against fixed assets.

If the actual gross margin/pre-tax discount rate is higher/lower than management's estimates, the impairment loss of fixed assets previously provided for is not allowed to be reversed by the Group.

(iii) Accounting estimates on recognition of deferred tax assets

The estimates of deferred tax assets require estimates over future taxable profit and corresponding applicable income tax rates of respective years. The realisation of deferred tax assets depends on the realisation of sufficient profitability (taxable profit) of the Group. The change in future income tax rates and timing of reversals of taxable temporary differences would affect income tax expenses (benefits) and balances of deferred tax. Deviation of aforesaid estimates could result in material adjustment to the carrying amount of deferred income tax.

As at 31 December 2013, deferred tax assets of RMB700,162,187 has been recognised in the Group's balance sheet. As stated in Note 5(17), the Group had unrecognised deferred tax assets aggregated to approximately RMB440,298,000 as at 31 December 2013, which mainly attributable to accumulated tax losses of certain subsidiaries, depreciation differences of fixed assets acquired in business combinations and provision for impairment losses. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised due to the fact that there is no certainty of obtaining approval from local tax authorities or there is no certainty of their respective realisation of these tax benefits through available future taxable profits of those subsidiaries concerned. In cases where the actual future assessable profits are more or less than expected or approval from local tax authorities are obtained, a recognition or reversal of deferred tax assets may arise accordingly.

(iv) Useful lives of fixed assets and intangible assets

The Group revisited the estimated useful lives for its fixed assets and intangible assets annually. The estimated useful lives are determined by management by reference to the historical experience of similar assets, the estimation generally used by other companies in the same industry and anticipated renovation in technologies. When there are significant changes in previous estimates, the Group should adjust the depreciation and amortisation expense in future periods.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (continued)

(30) Critical accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

(a) Critical accounting estimates and key assumptions (continued)

(v) Net realisable values of inventories

Provision for decline in the value of inventories is determined at the excess amount of the category of carrying amounts of the inventories over their net realisable value. The Group determines the estimates on net realisable values of inventories based on the estimated selling price of same inventories less the estimated costs to completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale and related taxes. When the realised selling price, costs or expenses are different with previous estimates, the Group should adjust the net realisable values of inventories. Therefore, the estimates based on current experience may be different from the actual result, which could result in adjustment to the carrying amount of inventories on balance sheet.

(vi) Supplemental retirement benefits

As stated in Note 2 (20)(e), the present value of the supplemental retirement benefit obligation estimated on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The actuarial assumptions, in which discount rate was determined by government bonds of China and the mortality rate was based on published statistics by China Life Annuitant Mortality Table 2000-2003, are the best estimation on the supplemental retirement benefit obligations on balance sheet date. Any changes in these assumptions will have impact on the carrying amount of supplemental retirement benefit obligations, which will be recognised in the future years.

3 Taxation

(1) The main categories and rates of taxes applicable to the Group are set out below:

Category	Tax base	Tax rate						
Enterprise income tax	Taxable income	3% to 25%						
Value added tax ("VAT")	Taxable value added amount (Tax sales amount multiplied by the input of current period)	17%						
Business tax	Taxable turnover amount	Taxable turnover amount						
Consumption tax	Sales Price of Beer	Consumption Tax per Unit	Not Applicable					
	More than or equal to RMB3,000 per ton	RMB250 per ton						
	Less than RMB3,000 per ton	RMB220 per ton						
City maintenance and construction tax	Amount of VAT, business tax and co	5% to 7%						
Education surcharge	Amount of VAT, business tax and co	Amount of VAT, business tax and consumption tax paid						

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

3 Taxation (continued)

(2) Preferential tax treatment and approval documents

(i) Enterprise income tax of the Company

In accordance with an approval document dated 18 April 1994 issued by the State Administration for Taxation ("SAT") of the PRC, net profit earned by the Company was subject to enterprise income tax at 15%, which was effective from the date of establishment of the Company until there is further changes of the relevant laws and regulations. The Company also received a confirmation from the Finance Bureau of Qingdao on 23 March 1997 that this preferential tax treatment would not be terminated until further notice.

On 5 July 2007, the Company became aware of a notice (Guoshuihan [2007] No. 664) which was issued by SAT (the "Notice") regarding the preferential tax treatment granted to nine state-owned enterprises listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited in 1993 (including the Company). According to the Notice, the relevant local tax authorities were required to immediately rectify the expired preferential tax treatments adopted by the Company and take appropriate action on the differences of income taxes collected in prior years arising therefore in accordance with the applicable rules and provisions under the promulgated Law on Tax Collection and Administration of the PRC. For this purpose, the Company issued an announcement in relation to such matter on the websites of stock exchanges in the PRC and overseas, and in domestic newspapers on 6 July 2007.

In April 2008, the Company was informed by the governing local tax bureau that the applicable enterprise income tax rate for the year ended 31 December 2007 was adjusted from 15% to 33%. The Company has not been notified by any tax authorities regarding the exposure of prior years. The directors are of the view that the final outcome cannot be reliably estimated and, therefore, no provision for potential enterprise income tax exposure in prior years had been made in the financial statements.

The applicable enterprise income tax rate of the Company for the current year is 25%.

(3) Hong Kong profits tax and Macau profits supplemental tax

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Macau profits supplemental tax is imposed on the estimated taxable profit for the year at a progressive rate scale ranging from 3% to 12%.

(4) VAT

According to "the People's Republic of China Value-added Tax Temporary Regulations" ("VAT Regulations"), the Group is subject to output VAT calculated at 17% of the domestic sales value of tangible goods. In addition, it is subject to a refund of 15% on its export sales of products based on an "exempt, credit, refund" policy enacted. The Group also pays input VAT on its purchases of raw materials and auxiliary materials, machineries and VAT taxable services which is deductible against output VAT on its sales in order to arrive at the net VAT amount payable to the PRC government.

(5) Consumption tax

Beers production, manufacturing consignment and beer product importation activities undertaken by the Group are subject to consumption tax in the PRC. For beer with an ex-factory price (including packaging materials and related deposits) of RMB3,000 or above per ton, the consumption tax is RMB250 per ton. For all other beer sold below that price, the consumption tax is levied at RMB220 per ton.

Tsingtao Brewery (Langfang) Company limited ("Langfang Company"), the subsidiary of the Company, had outstanding consumption balances in respect of prior years amounting to approximately RMB3,884,000. The consumption tax was held over according to the preferential treatment provided by local governments.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

3 Taxation (continued)

(6) Withholding Tax

According to Circular Guoshuihan [2008] No. 897 "Notice on the issue about withholding Enterprise Income Tax on the dividends paid by Chinese resident enterprises to overseas non-resident enterprises H-share holders" issued by State Administration of Taxation on 6 November 2008, where a Chinese resident enterprise pays dividends to its H-share holders which are overseas non-resident enterprises, it shall withhold the enterprise income tax on the basis of 10% of the dividends.

4 Business combination and the consolidated financial statements

(1) Information of subsidiaries

(a) Subsidiaries obtained through incorporation

	Туре	Place of registration	Place of main operation	Nature of business and principal activities	Registered capital	Business scope	Nature	Legal representative	Code of organisation
Shenzhen Tsingtao Brewery Huanan Holding Co., Ltd. ("Huanan Holding Company")	Directly	Shenzhen, the PRC	Shenzhen, the PRC	Finance	RMB200,000	Investment holding	Company limited	Zhao Jun	73414323-8
Tsingtao Brewery (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. ("Zhuhai Company")	Indirectly	Zhuhai, the PRC	Zhuhai, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB60,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhao Jun	71223785-8
Tsingtao Brewery (Huangshi) Co., Ltd. ("Huangshi Company")	Directly& Indirectly	Huangshi, the PRC	Huangshi, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB5,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Cai Zhiwei	17841848-X
Tsingtao Brewery (Yingcheng) Co., Ltd. ("Yingcheng Company")	Directly& Indirectly	Yingcheng, the PRC	Yingcheng, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB5,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Cai Zhiwei	70695005-9
Shenzhen Huanan Tsingtao Brewery Sales Co., Ltd. ("Huanan Sales Company")	Directly	Shenzhen, the PRC	Guangdong, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB20,000	Domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhao Jun	70841245-7
Tsingtao Brewery (Changsha) Co., Ltd. ("Changsha Company")	Directly& Indirectly	Changsha, the PRC	Changsha, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB68,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yang Huajiang	75580445-3
Tsingtao Brewery Huadong Holding Co., Ltd. ("Huadong Holding Company")	Directly	Shanghai, the PRC	Shanghai, the PRC	Finance	RMB100,000	Investment holding	Company limited	Wang Ruiyong	13213047-2
Tsingtao Brewery Huadong Shanghai Sales Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Sales Company")	Directly& Indirectly	Shanghai, the PRC	Shanghai, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB100,300	Domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Wang Ruiyong	63171279-2
Tsingtao Brewery Huadong Nanjing Sales Co., Ltd. ("Nanjing Sales Company")(iii)	Indirectly	Nanjing, the PRC	Jiangsu, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB1,000	Domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Ma Jiji	72457556-3
Tsingtao Brewery (Wuhu) Co., Ltd. ("Wuhu Company")	Directly& Indirectly	Wuhu, the PRC	Wuhu, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB114,290	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Cai Zhiwei	71396978-6
Tsingtao Brewery (Maanshan) Co.,	Directly&	Maanshan, the PRC	Maanshan, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB85,000	Manufacture and domestic	Company limited	Cai Zhiwei	71171745-4
Ltd. ("Maanshan Company") Tsingtao Brewery (Shouguang) Co., Ltd. ("Shouguang Company")	Indirectly Directly	Shouguang, the PRC	Shouguang, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB60,610	trading of beer Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yan Zhengguang	72621713-7
Tsingtao Brewery (Weifang) Co., Ltd. ("Weifang Company")	Directly	Weifang, the PRC	Weifang, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB75,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Dong Jianjun	72074366-2

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(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

4 Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(1) Information of subsidiaries (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries obtained through incorporation (continued)

	Туре	Place of registration	Place of main operation	Nature of business and principal activities	Registered capital	Business scope	Nature	Legal representative	Code of organisation
Tsingtao Brewery (Xuzhou) Huaihai Sales Co., Ltd. ("Huaihai Sales Company") (iii)	Indirectly	Xuzhou, the PRC	Jiangsu, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB45,000	Domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Ma Jiji	78435470-3
Tsingtao Brewery (Xuecheng) Co., Ltd. ("Xuecheng Company")	Indirectly	Xuecheng, the PRC	Xuecheng, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB45,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yu Jiaping	70617665-7
Tsingtao Brewery (Tengzhou) Co., Ltd. ("Tengzhou Company")	Directly & Indirectly	Tengzhou, the PRC	Tengzhou, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB61,020	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yu Jiaping	72071609-0
Tsingtao Brewery (Heze) Co., Ltd. ("Heze Company")	Directly& Indirectly	Heze, the PRC	Heze, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB130,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yu Jiaping	16892261-5
Tsingtao Brewery (Taierzhuang) Malt Co., Ltd. ("Taierzhuang Malt")	Indirectly	Taierzhuang, the PRC	Taierzhuang, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB5,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of Malt	Company limited	Qu Jun	72329576-2
Langfang Company	Directly& Indirectly	Langfang, the PRC	Langfang, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB99,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Huang Kexing	60117924-5
Tsingtao Brewery Xi'an Han's Group Co., Ltd. ("Xi'an Company")	Directly	Xi'an, the PRC	Xi'an, the PRC	Manufacturing & Wholesale and retail sale	RMB287,900	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhang Anwen	29446305-0
Tsingtao Brewery Hansi Baoji Co., Ltd. ("Hansi Baoji")	Indirectly	Baoji, the PRC	Baoji, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB30,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhang Anwen	78367236-3
Tsingtao Brewery (Anshan) Co., Ltd. ("Anshan Company")	Directly	Anshan, the PRC	Anshan, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB50,000	-	Company limited	Dong Jianjun	72370443-1
Tsingtao Brewery (Xingkaihu) Co., Ltd. ("Xingkaihu Company")	Directly	Jixi, the PRC	Jixi, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB130,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yang Huajiang	70287259-1
Tsingtao Brewery (Mishan) Co., Ltd. ("Mishan Company")	Directly	Mishan, the PRC	Mishan, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB23,400	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yang Huajiang	72135373-8
Tsingtao Brewery (Harbin) Co., Ltd. ("Harbin Company")	Directly	Harbin, the PRC	Harbin, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB52,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yang Huajiang	72367275-9
Tsingtao Brewery Import/Export Co., Ltd. ("Import/Export Company")	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB11,000	Import/Export trading of beer	Company limited	Sun Mingbo	70643063-5
Tsingtao Brewery (Pingyuan) Co., Ltd. ("Pingyuan Company")	Directly	Pingyuan, the PRC	Pingyuan, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB25,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Huang Zujiang	16741611-2
Tsingtao Brewery (Rizhao) Co., Ltd. ("Rizhao Company")	Directly	Rizhao, the PRC	Rizhao, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB290,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Fan Wei	61380406-0
Chengdu Tsingtao Brewery Xinan Sales Co., Ltd. ("Xinan Sales Company")	Directly	Chengdu, the PRC	Sichuan, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB100,000	Domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Huang Yinbo	73238966-4
Tsingtao Brewery (Luzhou)	Directly	Luzhou, the PRC	Luzhou, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB111,110	Manufacture and	Company limited	Yang Huajiang	72323962-1
Co., Ltd. ("Luzhou Company") Tsingtao Brewery (Taizhou) Co., Ltd. ("Taizhou Company")	Directly&	Taizhou, the PRC	Taizhou, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB70,000	domestic trading of beer Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Huang Zujiang	72585057-1

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued) 4

Nature of

Information of subsidiaries (continued)

Subsidiaries obtained through incorporation (continued)

	Туре	Place of registration	Place of main operation	business and principal activities	Registered capital	Business scope	Nature	Legal representative	Code of organisation
Tsingtao Brewery (Hong Kong) Trading Co., Ltd. ("Hong Kong Company")	Directly	Hong Kong, the PRC	Hong Kong, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	HKD40,500	Trading of beer in Hong Kong	Company limited	Sun Mingbo	Not Applicable
Tsingtao Brewery (Hanzhong) Co., Ltd. ("Hanzhong Company")	Indirectly	Hanzhong, the PRC	Hanzhong, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB29,410	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhang Anwen	71977863-0
Beijing Tsingtao Brewery Beifang Sales Co., Ltd. ("Beifang Sales Company")	Directly& Indirectly	Beijing, the PRC	Beijing, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB89,980	Domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yang Huajiang	72261954-2
Qingdao Guangrunlong Logistics Co., Ltd. ("Guangrunlong Logistics")	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Shandong, the PRC	Logistics	RMB618	Domestic warehousing and trading of beer	Company limited	Liu Shuwei	72401460-0
Tsingtao Brewery (Xiamen) Co., Ltd. ("Xiamen Company")	Indirectly	Xiamen, the PRC	Xiamen, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB90,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Sui Zhanping	70549981-7
Xiamen Tsingtao Brewery Dongnan Sales Co., Ltd. ("Dongnan Sales Company")	Directly	Xiamen, the PRC	Xiamen, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB215,000	Domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Wang Ruiyong	73786016-0
Tsingtao Brewery (Jinan) Co., Ltd. ("Jinan Company")	Directly	Jinan, the PRC	Jinan, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB560,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Fan Wei	79261928-1
Tsingtao Brewery (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. ("Chengdu Company")	Directly	Chengdu, the PRC	Chengdu, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB200,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yang Huajiang	66301928-X
Tsingtao Brewery (Yulin) Co., Ltd. ("Yulin Company")	Indirectly	Yulin, the PRC	Yulin, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB55,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhang Anwen	78695254-7
Tsingdao Brewery Chengyang Sales Co., Ltd. ("Chengyang Sales Company")	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB8,000	Whole sale and pre-packaged food	Company limited	Cai Zhiwei	69715829-6
Tsingtao Brewery Chenzhou Sales Co., Ltd. ("Chenzhou Sales Company")	Indirectly	Chenzhou, the PRC	Chenzhou, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB1,000	Domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Dai Guoshun	73474630-3
Tsingtao Brewery Machinery and Equipment Co., Ltd.("Machinery and Equipment Company")	Indirectly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Construction	RMB2,000	Manufacture and trading of machinery, electrical equipment accessory	Company limited	Wang Zhaoping	68257486-0
Tsingtao Brewery (Shijiazhuang) Co., Ltd. ("Shijiazhuang	Directly	Shijiazhuang, the PRC	Shijiazhuang, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB321,010	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Lu Xujun	55607563-0
Company") Tsingtao Brewery (Taiyuan)	Directly	Taiyuan, the PRC	Taiyuan, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB200,000	Manufacture and	Company limited	Huang Kexing	56132576-1
Co., Ltd. ("Taiyuan Company")						domestic trading of beer			
Tsingtao Brewery Finance	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Financing	RMB500,000	Absorb deposits, entrusted	Company limited	Sun Yuguo	57575577-0
Co., Ltd ("Finance Company")						loans and issue bank			
(ii)						acceptance notes for			
						subsidiaries and related			
						parties			

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

4 Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(1) Information of subsidiaries (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries obtained through incorporation (continued)

	Туре	Place of registration	Place of main operation	Nature of business and principal activities	Registered capital '000	Business scope	Nature	Legal representative	Code of organisation
Tsingtao Brewery Sifang Sales Co., Ltd. ("Sifang Sales Company")	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Wholesale and retail	RMB10,000	Whole sale and pre-packaged food	Company limited	Cai Zhiwei	57976276-7
Tsingtao Brewery (Jieyang) Co., Ltd. ("Jieyang Company")	Directly	Jieyang, the PRC	Jieyang, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB200,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Huang Kexing	57791531-X
Tsingtao Brewery (Shaoguan) Co., Ltd. ("Shaoguan Company")	Directly	Shaoguan, the PRC	Shaoguan, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB200,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhao Jun	58636851-4
Tsingtao Brewery (Hainan) Co., Ltd. ("Hainan Company")	Directly	Chengmai, the PRC	Chengmai, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB200,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhao Jun	58394661-4
Tsingtao Brewery Shibei Sales Co., Ltd. ("Shibei Sales Company")	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB8,000	Whole sale and pre-packaged food	Company limited	Wang Ruiyong	59529728-7
Tsingtao Brewery (Jiujiang) Co., Ltd. ("Jiujiang Company")	Directly	Jiujiang, the PRC	Jiujiang, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB200,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Sui Zhanping	59654049-6
Tsingtao Brewery Pingdu Sales Co., Ltd. ("Pingdu Sales Company")	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB5,000	Whole sale and pre-packaged food	Company limited	Wang Ruiyong	05308936-0
Shanghai Tsingtao Brewery Sales Co., Ltd. ("New Shanghai Sales") (iii)	Indirectly	Shanghai, the PRC	Shanghai, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB1,000	Whole sale and pre-packaged food	Company limited	Ma Jiji	05458196-3
Tsingtao Brewery (Xuzhou) Enterprise Management Service Co., Ltd. ("Xuzhou Enterprise Management")	Directly	Xuzhou, the PRC	Xuzhou, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB10,000	Whole sale, pre-packaged food and asse management	Company limited t	Liu Yingdi	05867534-2
Tsingtao Brewery (Luoyang) Co., Ltd. ("Luoyang Company")	Directly	Luoyang, the PRC	Luoyang, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB200,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Liu Yingdi	06001509-5
Tsingtao Brewery Suntory (Shanghai) Sales Co., Ltd. ("Sales Company") (iii)	Directly	Shanghai, the PRC	Shanghai, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB20,000	Whole sale and pre-packaged food	Company limited	Wang Ruiyong	06257661-1
Qingdao Hongjiweiye Investment Co., Ltd. (Hongjiweiye) (iii)	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Finance service	RMB10,000	Investment management and advice	Company limited	Liu Yingdi	08141700-X

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued) 4

(1) Information of subsidiaries (continued)

Subsidiaries obtained through incorporation (continued)

	Ending balance of actual contribution	Ending balance of other items which forms substantially part of the net investment in the subsidiary (i)	Share holding (%)	Voting rights (%)	Consolidated or not	Minority interests	Amount of loss attributed to the minority shareholders
Harris Halfing Comment	200 700 000		1000/	1000/	V		
Huanan Holding Company Zhuhai Company	208,790,000 111,679,356	_	100% 99.47%	100% 100%	Yes Yes	_	_
Huangshi Company	12,928,201		100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Yingcheng Company	9,848,084	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Huanan Sales Company	45,070,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Changsha Company	68,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Huadong Holding Company	96,855,102	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Shanghai Sales Company	100,300,000	20,000,000	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Nanjing Sales Company (iii),(iv)	1,000,000		50%	55.56%	Yes	_	_
Wuhu Company	114,516,072	50,000,000	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Maanshan Company	85,626,047		100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Shouguang Company	60,000,000	_	99%	99%	Yes	1,905,870	_
Weifang Company	73,620,001	_	100%	100%	Yes		_
Huaihai Sales Company (iii), (iv)	45,000,000	_	50%	55.56%	Yes	_	_
Xuecheng Company	2,078,659	125,000,000	85%	85%	Yes	(10,373,707)	_
Tengzhou Company	49,158,799	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Heze Company	128,549,814	15,000,000	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Taierzhuang Malt	5,000,000	22,500,000	97%	100%	Yes	_	_
Langfang Company	80,830,288	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Xi'an Company	392,627,114	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Hansi Baoji	30,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Anshan Company	30,000,000	_	60%	60%	Yes	2,999,952	2,780,571
Xingkaihu Company	129,430,000	7,000,000	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Mishan Company	23,920,000	75,700,000	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Harbin Company	109,940,000	39,000,000	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Import/Export Company	11,210,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Pingyuan Company	21,730,001	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Rizhao Company	339,239,300	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Xinan Sales Company	99,200,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Luzhou Company	110,518,371	_	95%	95%	Yes	6,167,505	_
Taizhou Company	62,808,167	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Hong Kong Company	41,728,681	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Hanzhong Company	46,093,340		66%	66%	Yes	12,942,466	
Beifang Sales Company	88,481,000		100%	100%	Yes		_
Guangrunlong Logistics	16,465,405	1,150,000	100%	100%	Yes		G-101 E-5
Xiamen Company	92,289,095	2502 -	100%	100%	Yes	E	-
Dongnan Sales Company	293,862,688		100%	100%	Yes	-	
Jinan Company	560,000,000		100%	100%	Yes		
0 1 7	200,000,000	63,000,000	100%	100%	Yes	20 6	
Yulin Company	54,442,237	0 -	100%	100%	Yes	0 -	

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

4 Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued)

- (1) Information of subsidiaries (continued)
 - (a) Subsidiaries obtained through incorporation (continued)

	Ending balance of actual contribution	Ending balance of other items which forms substantially part of the net investment in the subsidiary (i)	Share holding (%)	Voting rights (%)	Consolidated or not	Minority interests	Amount of loss attributed to the minority shareholders
Chengyang Sales Company	8,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Chenzhou Sales Company	50,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Machinery and Equipment							
Company	2,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Shijiazhuang Company	321,010,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Taiyuan Company	200,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Finance Company (ii)	500,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Sifang Sales Company	10,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Jieyang Company	150,000,000	_	75%	75%	Yes	56,936,973	_
Shaoguan Company	200,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Hainan Company	200,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Shibei Sales Company	8,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Jiujiang Company	180,000,000	40,000,000	90%	90%	Yes	20,045,200	_
Pingdu Sales Company	5,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
New Shanghai Sales (iii),(iv)	1,000,000	15,000,000	50%	55.56%	Yes	_	_
Xuzhou Enterprise Management	10,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Luoyang Company	200,000,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Sales Company (iii),(iv)	10,000,000	10,000,000	50%	55.56%	Yes	(486,133,665)	86,533,866
Hongjiweiye (iii)	10,000,000		100%	100%	Yes		
Total	6,067,895,822	483,350,000				(395,509,406)	89,314,437

- (i) Represents the entrusted loans to subsidiaries entrusted by the Company through banks.
- (ii) In April 2013, the Company increased investment to Finance Company by RMB200,000,000 in cash, the business registration procedures has been completed in April 2013 as well.
- (iii) Details of changes in investment refer to Note 4(2) and Note 4(4).
- (iv) Details of minority interests refer to Note 4(5)(i).

As at 31 December 2013, there is no debenture issued by the subsidiaries of the Company.

The Group has no restrictions either on use of group assets or pay off the group liabilities.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued) 4

(1) Information of subsidiaries (continued)

Subsidiaries acquired through business combination involving enterprises not under common control

	Туре	Place of registration	Place of main operation	Nature of business and principal activities	Registered capital	Business scope	Nature	Legal representative	Code of organisation
Tsingtao Brewery (Sanshui) Co., Ltd. ("Sanshui Company")	Indirectly	Sanshui, the PRC	Sanshui, the PRC	Manufacturing	USD5,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhao Jun	71923008-5
Tsingtao Brewery (Chenzhou) Co., Ltd. ("Chenzhou Company")	Directly & Indirectly	Chenzhou, the PRC	Chenzhou, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB70,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Yang Huajiang	71700298-6
Shenzhen Tsingtao Brewery Asahi Co., Ltd. ("Shenzhen Asahi")	Directly	Shenzhen, the PRC	Shenzhen, the PRC	Manufacturing	USD30,000	Manufacture and trading of be	er Company limited	Sun Mingbo	61884189-9
Tsingtao Brewery (Nanning) Co., Ltd. ("Nanning Company")	Indirectly	Nanning, the PRC	Nanning, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB730,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Sun Mingbo	61930976-5
Beijing Tsingtao Brewery Three Ring Co., Ltd ("Three Ring Company")	Directly & Indirectly	Beijing, the PRC	Beijing, the PRC	Manufacturing	USD29,800	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Huang Kexing	10296842-6
Beijing Five Star Tsingtao Brewery Co., Ltd. ("Five Star Company")	Directly & Indirectly	Beijing, the PRC	Beijing, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB862,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Liu Yingdi	60002535-9
Tsingtao Brewery (Weinan) Co., Ltd. ("Weinan Company")	Directly & Indirectly	Weinan, the PRC	Weinan, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB50,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company limited	Zhang Anwen	99496209-6
Tsingtao Brewery (Gansu) Nongken Co., Ltd. ("Gansu Nongken Company")	Indirectly	Lanzhou, the PRC	Lanzhou, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB174,420	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Stock corporation	Zhang Anwen	71020161-6
Tsingtao Brewery (Wuwei) Company Co., Ltd. ("Wuwei Company")	Indirectly	Wuwei, the PRC	Wuwei, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB36,100	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company Limited	Zhang Anwen	72022229-3
Tsingtao Brewery (Rongcheng) Co., Ltd. ("Rongcheng Company")	Directly	Rongcheng, the PRC	Rongcheng, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB20,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company Limited	Huang Zujiang	26712457-1
Tsingtao Brewery (Suizhou) Company Limited ("Suizhou Company")	Indirectly	Suizhou, the PRC	Suizhou, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB24,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company Limited	Cai Zhiwei	72829922-8
Tsingtao Brewery (Fuzhou) Co., Ltd. ("Fuzhou Company")	Indirectly	Fuzhou, the PRC	Fuzhou, the PRC	Manufacturing	USD26,830	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company Limited	Sui Zhanping	61131714-6
Tsingtao Brewery (Zhangzhou) Co., Ltd. ("Zhangzhou Company")	Indirectly	Zhangzhou, the PRC	Zhangzhou, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB100,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company Limited	Sui Zhanping	72971694-3
Tsingtao Brewery Construction	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Construction	RMB13,140	Indoor decoration, industrial	Company Limited	Liu Yingdi	26480798-3
Co., Ltd. ("Construction	0	0.0	0 000		0	equipment fixing	0	C	e =

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

4 Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(1) Information of subsidiaries (continued)

(b) Subsidiaries acquired through business combination involving enterprises not under common control (continued)

	Туре	Place of registration	Place of main operation	Nature of business and principal activities	Registered capital	Business scope	Nature	Legal representative	Code of organisation
Tsingtao Brewery (Penglai) Co., Ltd. ("Penglai Company")	Directly	Penglai, the PRC	Penglai, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB37,500	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company Limited	Huang Zujiang	72073544-3
Tsingtao Brewery Cultural Communication Co., Ltd. ("Cultural Communication Company")	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB3,500	Pre-packaged food, accommodation and design	Company Limited	Qiao Xinjian	26462903-X
Tsingtao Brewery Beverage Co., Ltd. ("Beverage Company")	Directly	Qingdao, the PRC	Qingdao, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB110,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beverage	Company Limited	Xie Jianqiang	72402575-6
Baotuquan Company	Directly	Jinan, the PRC	Jinan, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB20,000	Domestic trading of beer	Company Limited	Yan Zhengguang	67727382-8
Immense Brewery company	Directly	Mengyin, the PRC	Shandong, the PRC	Manufacturing	USD18,760	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company Limited	Liu Yingdi	78715752-9
Tsingtao Brewery (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd. ("Hangzhou Company")	Directly	Jiande, the PRC	Jiande, the PRC	Manufacturing	RMB230,000	Manufacture and domestic trading of beer	Company Limited	Wang Ruiyong	67399878-4
Asia Brewery (Macau) Co., Ltd. ("Macau Company") (ii)	Indirectly	Macau, the PRC	Macau, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	MOP200	Trading of beer in Macau	Company limited	Ma Ning	Not Applicable
Shanghai Market Service (iii)	Indirectly	Shanghai, the PRC	Shanghai, the PRC	Wholesale and retail sale	RMB208,870	Wholesale and Pre-packaged food	Company limited	Ma Jiji	60740995-3
The Prince Sales (iii)	Indirectly	LianYungang, the PRC	Jiangsu, the PRC	Wholesale and retail	RMB1,000	Wholesale and Pre-packaged food	Company limited	Ma Jiji	05189831-6

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

4 Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued)

Ending balance of

- 1) Information of subsidiaries (continued)
 - (b) Subsidiaries acquired through business combination involving enterprises not under common control (continued)

	Ending balance of actual contribution	other items which forms substantially a part of net investment in the subsidiary (i)	Share holding (%)	Voting rights (%)	Consolidated or not	Minority interests	Amount of loss attributed to the minority shareholders
Sanshui Company	58,789,877		75%	75%	Yes	28,542,904	
Chenzhou Company	71,921,877	_	100%	100%	Yes	20,342,704	_
Shenzhen Asahi	126,746,680	_	51%	51%	Yes	214,142,102	_
Nanning Company	270,495,918	_	75%	75%	Yes	46,538,455	_
Three Ring Company	73,846,179	93,000,000	54%	54%	Yes	(13,389,855)	_
Five Star Company	75,917,538	96,000,000	62.64%	62.64%	Yes	(23,469,541)	_
Weinan Company	50,693,709	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100%	100%	Yes	(23,407,341)	_
Gansu Nongken Company	64,292,092	40,000,000	55.06%	55.06%	Yes	(56,223,592)	_
Wuwei Company	35,710,000	23,000,000	54.91%	99.72%	Yes	97,442	_
Rongcheng Company	65,103,434		70%	70%	Yes	1,181,179	_
Suizhou Company	9,000,000	_	90%	90%	Yes	(2,744,854)	781,988
Fuzhou Company	68,094,738	_	100%	100%	Yes	(2,7 : 1,00 :)	-
Zhangzhou Company	69,367,401	_	90%	90%	Yes	11,397,977	_
Construction Company	2,490,000	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Penglai Company	30,000,000	67,300,000	80%	80%	Yes	(13,174,273)	1,081,162
Cultural Communication Company	′ ′	_	100%	100%	Yes	-	
Beverage Company	44,000,001	20,000,000	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Baotuquan Company	174,160,000	, , , _	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Immense Brewery Company	1,874,866,697	_	100%	100%	Yes	_	_
Hangzhou Company	186,000,000	_	80%	80%	Yes	37,080,459	806,142
Macau Company (ii)	97,365	_	60%	100%	Yes	9,351,956	
Shanghai Market Service (iii)	1	_	50%	55.56%	Yes		_
The Prince Sales (iii)	2		50%	55.56%	Yes		
Total	3,356,883,509	339,300,000				239,330,359	2,669,292

- (i) Represents the entrusted loans to subsidiaries entrusted by the Company through banks.
- (ii) As stated in Note 5(34), Hong Kong Company acquired 15% equity interest of Macau Company, a subsidiary of the Company, in May 2013 by a consideration of RMB23,013. The difference between the increase in the cost of long-term equity investments as a result of acquisition of minority interests and the share of net assets of Macau Company calculated continuously from the date of the acquisition based on the new shareholding proportion is adjusted against the capital surplus by RMB3,074,969.
- (iii) Details of changes in investment refer to Note 4(2); details of minority interests refer to Note 4(5)(i).

As at 31 December 2013, there is no debenture issued by the subsidiaries of the Company.

The Group has no restrictions either on use of group assets or pay off the group liabilities.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

4 Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(2) Entities newly included in the consolidation scope in the current year

	Net assets on	Net profits/
	31 December	(losses) for
	2013	the current year
Sales Company (i)	15,013,443	(4,986,553)
Shanghai Market Service (ii)	(438,331,331)	(47,509,537)
The Prince Sales (ii)	(26,586,912)	(26,274,299)
Hongjiweiye (iii)	10,005,388	5,388

- (i) Sales Company is the subsidiary jointly established by the Company and Suntory (China) Investment Company Limited ("Suntory Company") on 20 March 2013. The Company's percentage of equity interests is 50%, while the voting rate is 55.56%. All operating activities decisions are made by the board of directors in Sales Company, and only when at least half of the directors attending the meeting agree that the decisions could be made. There are 9 directors in total in Sales Company and 5 directors are from the Company, so the Company has control over Sales Company. Net losses for the current year are from the establishment date to 31 December 2013.
- (ii) Shanghai Market Service and Prince Sales are subsidiaries of Sales Company. Net losses for the current year are from the acquisition date to 31 December 2013.
- (iii) Hongjiweiye is the wholly owned subsidiary established by the Company in the current year. Net profits for the current year are from the establishment date to 31 December 2013.

(3) Entities excluded from the consolidation scope in the current year

	Net assets at the disposal date	Net profit/ (losses) from 1 January 2013 to the disposal date
Suntory Tsingtao Brewery (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ("Manufacturing Company") (i)	755,555,142	13,425,523
Tsingtao Brewery (Xuzhou) Pengcheng Co., Ltd. ("Pengcheng Company") (ii)	198,827,623	4,095,979
Tsingtao Brewery (Suqian) Co., Ltd. ("Suqian Company") (ii)	42,696,638	(1,219,099)
Tsingtao Brewery (Xuzhou) Co., Ltd. ("Xuzhou Company") (ii)	27,463,247	(2,006,539)
Tsingtao Brewery (Yangzhou) Co., Ltd. ("Yangzhou Company") (ii)	(50,840,113)	(2,284,486)

- (i) Manufacturing Company has changed to be an associate of the Company from a subsidiary in the current year.
- (ii) All these companies are subsidiaries of Manufacturing Company, as stated above, Manufacturing Company has changed to be an associate of the Company, these companies have changed to be associates in the current year as well.

(4) Decrease investment in subsidiaries of the Company

As stated in Note 12(1)(i), the Company transfer its equity interest of Nanjing Sales Company, Huaihai Sales Company and New Shanghai Sales to Sales Company in which the Company holds 50% of equity interests. Hence, the Company's proportion of shares in the three companies changed from 100% to 50% accordingly.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued) 4

Subsidiaries with significant minority interests

			Total proposed
			dividend in the
			year ended
			31 December
	As at	Year ended	2013
	31 December	31 December	attributable
	2013	2013	to the minority
	Minority	Minority	shareholders
	interests	interests	of subsidiaries
Shenzhen Asahi	214,142,102	46,486,012	(37,852,500)
Sales Company	(486,133,665)	(86,533,866)	
	(271,991,563)	(40,047,854)	(37,852,500)

Major financial information in this year

4 ~ ~4	21	December	2011	
As at	31	December	201.	i

	Current assets	Non-current assets	Current liabilities	Non-current liabilities	Shareholders' equity
C1 1 A 1:	152 101 (02	(20,000,400	(220, (22, 0,(0))	(((== 003)	425 550 220
Shenzhen Asahi	153,181,692	620,888,488	(329,622,868)	(6,677,083)	437,770,229
Sales Company (i)	196,127,652	86,320,969	(1,237,169,195)	(17,546,757)	(972,267,331)
	349,309,344	707,209,457 As	(1,566,792,063) at 31 December 201	(24,223,840) 2	(534,497,102)
		Non-current	Current	Non-current	Shareholders'
	Current assets	assets	liabilities	liabilities	equity
Shenzhen Asahi	146,206,371	646,360,275	(366,548,670)	(6,612,690)	419,405,286

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

4 Business combination and the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(5) Subsidiaries with significant minority interests (continued)

Year ended 31 D	ecember 20	13
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		Year	ended 31 Decembe	r 2013					
	Revenue	Total profit	Net profit/(loss)	Other comprehensive income	Total comprehensive income/(loss)				
Shenzhen Asahi	1,164,865,545	127,886,405	95,614,943	_	95,614,943				
Sales Company (i)	2,095,851,007	(565,443,154)	(564,202,141)		(564,202,141)				
	3,260,716,552	(437,556,749)	(468,587,198)		(468,587,198)				
		Year	ended 31 December	r 2012					
				Other	Total				
	Revenue	Total profit	Net profit	comprehensive	comprehensive income				
Shenzhen Asahi	1,314,351,387	115,120,988	85,837,868		85,837,868				
	Year ended 31 December 2013								
		~	~	Cash and cash					
	Cash flows from operating	Cash flows from investing	Cash flows from financing	equivalents at beginning	Cash and cash equivalents				
	activities	activities	activities	of year	at end of year				
Shenzhen Asahi	191,510,630	(38,886,128)	(150,835,438)	707,979	2,497,043				
Sales Company (i)	(135,349,309)	(6,347,209)	80,883,244	94,268,695	33,455,421				
	56,161,321	(45,233,337)	(69,952,194)	94,976,674	35,952,464				
		Year	ended 31 December	r 2012					
	~ . ~			Cash and cash					
	Cash flows	Cash flows	Cash flows	equivalents at	Cash and cash				
	from operating activities	from investing activities	from financing activities	beginning of year	equivalents at end of year				
Shenzhen Asahi	151,252,770	(57,230,723)	(95,457,188)	2,143,120	707,979				

Financial information above doesn't include the intra-group elimination amount.

(i) Financial statements of Sales Company are the consolidated financial statement with its subsidiaries Nanjing Sales Company, Huaihai Sales Company, New Shanghai Sale, Shanghai Market Service and The Prince Sales. Operating results and cashflows for the current year are from the establishment date to 31 December 2013.

(6) Exchange rate applied to financial statements items of foreign operation entities

	Assets an	Assets and liabilities		
	31 December 2013	31 December 2012		
Hong Kong Company	HKD1 = RMB0.7862	HKD1 = RMB0.8109		
Macau Company	MOP1 = RMB0.7588	MOP1 = RMB0.7804		

The shareholders' equity items other than "undistributed profits", income and expense items, and the cash flows items are translated at the spot exchange rates at the date of the transactions.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(1) Cash at bank and on hand

	31 December 2013			3	31 December 2012		
	Foreign	Exchange		Foreign	Exchange		
	currency	rate	RMB	currency	rate	RMB	
Cash on hand							
RMB	_	_	469,735	_	_	425,980	
HKD	11,341	0.7862	8,916	16,650	0.8109	13,501	
MOP	822	0.7588	624	17,451	0.7804	13,619	
			479,275			453,100	
Bank deposits							
RMB	_	_	569,702,701	_	_	1,349,596,216	
USD	7,671,969	6.0969	46,775,228	8,194,195	6.2855	51,504,613	
HKD	68,854,679	0.7862	54,133,549	235,092,183	0.8109	190,636,251	
EUR	606,570	8.4189	5,106,652	5,858	8.3176	48,725	
MOP	17,016,443	0.7588	12,912,077	9,144,188	0.7804	7,136,124	
			688,630,207			1,598,921,929	
Interbank deposits (i)							
RMB	_	_	6,674,424,658	_	_	4,637,688,863	
USD	5,145,321	6.0969	31,370,508	5,110,233	6.2855	32,120,370	
			6,705,795,166			4,669,809,233	
Deposits in central bank (ii) RMB	_	_	1,092,900,000	_	_	802,560,000	
Other cash balances (iii)							
RMB	_	_	43,915,438	_	_	46,503,779	
			8,531,720,086			7,118,248,041	

- (i) Interbank deposits represents bank deposits reserved in other domestic banks by Finance Company.
- (ii) Deposits in central bank represents statutory deposit reserves in the People's Bank of China by Finance Company. At 31 December 2013, the statutory deposit reserve ratio of Finance Company is 15% (31 December 2012: 15%).
- (iii) As at 31 December 2013, other cash balances of RMB11,698,305 (31 December 2012: RMB8,413,180) are pledged as collateral for issuance of bank acceptance (Note 5(21)); other cash balances of RMB31,297,133 (31 December 2012: RMB31,165,986) represent housing maintenance fund deposited in the bank; other cash balances of RMB920,000 (31 December 2012: nil) represent deposites in Alipay for online sales.

Cash and cash equivalent presented in cash flow statements

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Cash at bank and on hand	8,531,720,086	7,118,248,041
Less: Deposits in central bank under restrictions	(1,092,900,000)	(802,560,000)
Other deposits under restrictions	(43,915,438)	(46,503,779)
	7,394,904,648	6,269,184,262

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(2) Notes receivable

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Bank acceptance notes	84,760,000	61,800,000

As at 31 December 2013, analysis for the five largest notes receivable and others that are not mature but have been endorsed to other parties are as follows:

Issued Company	Issuance date	Maturity date	Amount
Client A	25/07/2013	09/01/2014	31,500,000
Client A	25/09/2013	25/03/2014	19,300,000
Client A	26/08/2013	26/02/2014	15,100,000
Client B	09/09/2013	09/03/2014	13,000,000
Client A	24/10/2013	24/04/2014	11,500,000
Others below RMB10,000,000	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	230,132,455
			320,532,455

As at 31 December 2013, there are no pledged notes receivables or discounted trade acceptance notes that were not mature (31 December 2012: nil).

(3) Accounts receivable

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Accounts receivable Less: provision for bad debts	354,377,376 (202,084,640)	312,427,165 (229,742,109)
	152,292,736	82,685,056

The majority of the Group's domestic sales are collected by advances from customers. The remainings are settled by letters of credit, bank acceptance notes or credit terms from 30 to 150 days.

(a) The ageing of accounts receivable based on their recording dates is analysed as below:

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Within 6 months	150,525,869	81,615,211
6 months to 1 year	1,859,860	234,437
1 to 2 years		1,694,260
2 to 3 years	565,506	298,209
Over 3 years	201,426,141	228,585,048
A contract to the second secon	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
	354,377,376	312,427,165

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

- (3) Accounts receivable (continued)
 - (b) Accounts receivable by categories are analysed as follows:

31 December 2013				31 December 2012			
Ending b	alance	Provision for	Provision for bad debts		alance	Provision for	bad debts
	% of total				% of total		
Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio
36,801,710	10.38%	(36,801,710)	100%	45,101,710	14.44%	(45,101,710)	100%
317,575,666	89.62%	(165,282,930)	52.05%	267,325,455	85.56%	(184,640,399)	69.07%
354,377,376	100%	(202,084,640)	57.03%	312,427,165	100%	(229,742,109)	73.53%
	Amount 36,801,710 317,575,666	### Ending balance % of total balance 36,801,710 10.38% 317,575,666 89.62%	Ending balance Provision for % of total Amount Amount 36,801,710 10.38% (36,801,710) 317,575,666 89.62% (165,282,930)	Ending balance Provision for bad debts % of total Amount Amount Amount balance 36,801,710 10.38% (36,801,710) 100% 317,575,666 89.62% (165,282,930) 52.05%	Ending balance Provision for bad debts Ending bare % of total Amount Amount Ratio Amount 36,801,710 10.38% (36,801,710) 100% 45,101,710 317,575,666 89.62% (165,282,930) 52.05% 267,325,455	Ending balance Provision for bad debts Ending balance % of total Amount Amount % of total Amount 36,801,710 10.38% (36,801,710) 100% 45,101,710 14.44% 317,575,666 89.62% (165,282,930) 52.05% 267,325,455 85.56%	Ending balance Provision for bad debts Ending balance Provision for bad debts % of total Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount 36,801,710 10.38% (36,801,710) 100% 45,101,710 14.44% (45,101,710) 317,575,666 89.62% (165,282,930) 52.05% 267,325,455 85.56% (184,640,399)

(c) As at 31 December 2013, accounts receivable with amounts that are individually significant and the related provision for bad debts is provided on the individual basis are analysed as follows:

	Ending balance	bad debts	Ratio	Reason
Gansu Nongken Brewery Company				
Limited ("Nongken Brewery				
Company")	14,996,236	(14,996,236)	100%	(i)
Beijing Tsingtao Brewery Sales				
Company Limited ("Beijing Sales				
Company")	11,245,784	(11,245,784)	100%	(ii)
Tsingtao Brewery (Guangzhou)				
General Agency Company Limited				
("Guangzhou General Agency")	10,559,690	(10,559,690)	100%	(iii)
				
	36,801,710	(36,801,710)		

- (i) As Nongken Brewery Company had been deregistered, the management of the Group is of the view that it is difficult to collect the receivable amount, therefore full bad debt provision has been made accordingly.
- (ii) The Company has ceased all business transactions with Beijing Sales Company since year 2002, the management of the Company is of the view that it is difficult to collect the receivable amount, therefore full bad debt provision has been made accordingly.
- (iii) As Guangzhou General Agency has ceased operation, the management of the Company is of the view that it is difficult to collect the receivable amount, therefore full bad debt provision has been made accordingly.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

- (3) Accounts receivable (continued)
 - (d) Accounts receivable that the related provision for bad debts is provided on grouping basis (Group C) using the ageing analysis method are analysed as follows:

		31 Dece	31 December 2013			31 December 2012			
	Ending b	alance	Provision for bad debts		Ending b	alance	Provision for bad debts		
		% of total				% of total			
	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	
*****	450 545 070	4= 400/			04 64 5 044	20.520/			
Within 6 months	150,525,869	47.40%	_	_	81,615,211	30.53%	_	_	
6 months to 1 year	1,859,860	0.58%	(92,993)	5%	234,437	0.09%	(11,722)	5%	
1 to 2 years	_	_	_	_	1,694,260	0.63%	(847,130)	50%	
2 to 3 years	565,506	0.18%	(565,506)	100%	298,209	0.11%	(298,209)	100%	
Over 3 years	164,624,431	51.84%	(164,624,431)	100%	183,483,338	68.64%	(183,483,338)	100%	
	317,575,666	100%	(165,282,930)	52.05%	267,325,455	100%	(184,640,399)	69.07%	

(e) Accounts receivable that related provision for bad debts had been provided in full amount or in large proportion in previous years but are collected or reversed in full amount or in large proportion in the current year are as follows (2012: nil).

			Cumulative amount of provision	
	Reason for reversal/collection	Basis for determining the provision for bad debts	provided before reversal/collection	Amount of reversal/collection
Guangzhou General Agency	Collected in a proportion in the current year	The management of the Company considers that the possibility of recovery is low	18,859,690	8,300,000

(f) Accounts receivable that are written off in the current year are summarised as follows:

				Arising from related party transactions
	Nature	Amount	Reason	or not
Huangshi Market	Sales of beer	4,777,511	Deregistration etc.	No
Taizhou Market	Sales of beer	1,477,995	Deregistration etc.	No
Heze Market	Sales of beer	1,235,514	Deregistration etc.	No
Others	Others	403,185	Deregistration etc.	No
		7,894,205		

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(3) Accounts receivable (continued)

(g) Accounts receivable from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company are analysed as follows:

	31 Decem	ber 2013	31 December 2012				
		Provision for		Provision for		Provision for	
	Amount	bad debts	Amount	bad debts			
Asahi Breweries, Ltd.							
("Asahi Breweries")	1,856,920		1,703,799				

(h) As at 31 December 2013, the five largest accounts receivable are analysed as follows:

	Relationship with the Group	Amount	Ageing	% of total balance
Tsingtao Brewery Shanghai Songjiang				
Manufacturing Co., Ltd.				
("New Songjiang Manufacturing")	Associate	21,550,620	Within 6 months	6.08%
Nongken Brewery Company (i)	Third party	14,996,236	Over 3 years	4.23%
Beijing Sales Company (i)	Associate	11,245,784	Over 3 years	3.17%
Guangzhou General Agency (i)	Associate	10,559,690	Over 3 years	2.98%
Tsingtao Brewery Import&Export				
S.A.R.L ("European Company")	Associate	8,979,371	Within 6 months	2.53%
		67,331,701		18.99%

⁽i) Full bad debt provision has been made accordingly.

(i) Accounts receivable from related parties are analysed as follows (Note 7(5)):

		31 December 2013			31 December 2012		
	Relationship with the Group	Amount	% of total balance	Provision for bad debts	Amount	% of total balance	Provision for bad debts
New Songjiang Manufacturing	Associate	21,550,620	6.08%	_	_	_	_
Beijing Sales Company	Associate	11,245,784	3.17%	(11,245,784)	11,245,784	3.60%	(11,245,784)
Guangzhou General Agency	Associate	10,559,690	2.98%	(10,559,690)	18,859,690	6.04%	(18,859,690)
European Company	Associate	8,979,371	2.53%	_	10,475,314	3.35%	_
Pengcheng Company	Associate	6,172,275	1.74%	_	_	_	_
Yangzhou Company	Associate	5,726,964	1.62%	_	_	_	_
Xuzhou Company	Associate	2,244,742	0.63%	_	_		
Asahi Breweries	Shareholder of						
	the Company	1,856,920	0.52%		1,703,799	0.55%	5
Suqian Company	Associate	1,334,719	0.38%		_		
Asahi Beer (China) Investment	Asahi						
Co., Ltd. ("Asahi Investment")	Breweries'						
00	subsidiary	438,049	0.12%	0 0 -0	616,798	0.20%	·
00000	0 0	0 °	0 0 4	()	7	0 %	0
000	0	70,109,134	19.77%	(21,805,474)	42,901,385	13.74%	(30,105,474)

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(3) Accounts receivable (continued)

- (j) As at 31 December 2013, there is no accounts receivable derecognised due to the transfer of financial assets (31 December 2012: nil).
- (k) As at 31 December 2013, there is no accounts receivable pledged as a guarantee to secure bank borrowings (31 December 2012: nil).
- (1) Accounts receivable dominated in foreign currency are as follows:

	31 1	31 December 2013			31 December 2012			
		Exchange			Exchange			
	Amount	rate	RMB	Amount	rate	RMB		
HKD	39,132,753	0.7862	30,766,170	39,537,776	0.8109	32,061,183		
USD	2,681,241	6.0969	16,347,258	3,136,324	6.2855	19,713,365		
EUR	1,066,573	8.4189	8,979,371	1,264,892	8.3176	10,520,866		
MOP	6,418,047	0.7588	4,870,014	6,392,179	0.7804	4,988,456		
CAD	226,870	5.7259	1,299,035	194,078	6.3184	1,226,262		
			62,261,848			68,510,132		

(4) Other receivables

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Receivables on construction and equipment (i)	44,698,215	_
Deposits	33,574,454	17,065,831
Staff advance	27,967,711	29,403,125
Payment on behalf for recycled bottles	24,942,168	18,223,493
Refund for prepayment of land use rights	17,441,647	17,441,647
Brand use fee (ii)	12,639,838	_
VAT refund	6,190,446	2,741,233
Others	89,362,545	88,112,945
	256,817,024	172,988,274
Less: provision for bad debts	(73,421,557)	(85,696,384)
	183,395,467	87,291,890

- (i) It represents the receivables of Construction Company and Machinery and Equipment Company, subsidiaries of the Company, from the Company's associates New Songjiang Manufacturing, Xuzhou Company, Pengcheng Company, Suqian Company and Yangzhou Company (Note 7(5)).
- (ii) It represents the Company's brand use fee from May to December 2013 from New Songjiang Manufacturing, Xuzhou Company, Pengcheng Company, Suqian Company and Yangzhou Company according to the Brand Service Contract signed among the Company and these associates (Note 7(5)).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

- (4) Other receivables (continued)
 - (a) The ageing of other receivables is analysed below:

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Within 6 months	174,597,753	78,373,877
6 months to 1 year	3,801,297	3,468,822
1 to 2 years	4,430,663	9,485,980
2 to 3 years	5,126,417	5,101,603
Over 3 years	68,860,894	76,557,992
	256,817,024	172,988,274

(b) Other receivables by categories are analysed as follows:

	31 December 2013			31 December 2012					
	Ending b	alance	Provision for	Provision for bad debts		Ending balance		Provision for bad debts	
		% of total				% of total			
	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	
Individually									
significant and									
that the related									
provision for bad									
debts is provided									
on the individual									
basis	17,441,647	6.79%	(17,441,647)	100%	17,441,647	10.08%	(17,441,647)	100%	
Subject to provision									
on the grouping									
basis	- 0-1 115	• 0 < 0 /				4.500/			
Group A	7,851,446	3.06%	_	_	2,643,835	1.53%	_	_	
Group C	231,523,931	90.15%	(55,979,910)	24.18%	152,902,792	88.39%	(68,254,737)	44.64%	
	256,817,024	100%	(73,421,557)	28.59%	172,988,274	100%	(85,696,384)	49.54%	

(c) As at 31 December 2013, other receivables with amounts that are individually significant and that the related provision for bad debts is provided on the individual basis are analysed as follows:

	Provision for						
	Ending balance	bad debts	Ratio	Reason			
Refund for prepayment of land use rights	17,441,647	(17,441,647)	100%	(i)			

(i) The land use right of the company was expropriated by the government years ago. The government committed rendering another land use right instead. The management of the Company considers that the possibility of obtain land use right is low, therefore has transferred the cost of land use right with amount of RMB8,584,437 and related construction cost of RMB8,857,210 to other receivables, and full bad debt provision has been made accordingly.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(4) Other receivables (continued)

(d) Other receivables that the related provision for bad debts is provided on grouping basis (Group C) using the ageing analysis method are analysed as follows:

	31 December 2013				31 December 2012				
	Ending b	alance	Provision for	Provision for bad debts		Ending balance		Provision for bad debts	
		% of total				% of total			
	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	
Within 6 months	172,510,464	74.51%	_	_	78,373,877	51.25%	_	_	
6 months to 1 year	2,153,679	0.93%	(107,684)	5%	2,485,987	1.63%	(124,299)	5%	
1 to 2 years	1,975,124	0.85%	(987,562)	50%	7,824,980	5.12%	(3,912,490)	50%	
2 to 3 years	3,465,417	1.50%	(3,465,417)	100%	5,101,603	3.34%	(5,101,603)	100%	
Over 3 years	51,419,247	22.21%	(51,419,247)	100%	59,116,345	38.66%	(59,116,345)	100%	
	231,523,931	100%	(55,979,910)	24.18%	152,902,792	100%	(68,254,737)	44.64%	

- (e) There are no other receivables that the related provision for bad debts had been provided in full amount or in large proportion in previous years but are collected or reversed in full amount or in large proportion in the current year (2012: fully collected deposit that the related provision for bad debts had been provided in full amount in previous years amounting to RMB13,000,000).
- (f) Other receivables that were written off in the current year are as follows:

Nature	Amount	Reason	Arising from related party transactions or not
Deposits on packaging	2,398,822	Cessation of business, deregistration or bankruptcy	No
materials			
Staff advance	251,449	Amount due from individuals, no collection evidenced	No
Deposits	166,207	Cessation of business, deregistration or bankruptcy	No
Others	9,527,822	Cessation of business, deregistration or bankruptcy	No
	12,344,300		

- (g) As at 31 December 2013, there is no other receivable from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company (31 December 2012: nil).
- (h) As at 31 December 2013, the five largest other receivables are analysed as follows:

	Relationship with the Group	Amount	Ageing	% of total balance
Suqian Company	Associate	25,243,889	Within 6 months	9.83%
New Songjiang Manufacturing	Associate	20,508,389	Within 6 months	7.99%
Yangzhou Company	Associate	19,822,427	Within 6 months	7.72%
Shanghai Songjiao Trading Co., Ltd.	Third party	9,796,893	Within 6 months	3.81%
Qingdao Bureau of Land and Resources				
of Economic Technical Development				
Area	Third party	8,584,437	Over 3 years	3.34%
		83,956,035		32.69%

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(4) Other receivables (continued)

(i) Other receivables from related parties are analysed as follows (Note 7(5)):

		31 December 2013		2013	31 December 2012		
	Relationship with the Group	Amount	% of total balance	Provision for bad debts	Amount	% of total balance	Provision for bad debts
0 : 0		25 242 000	0.020/				
Suqian Company	Associate	25,243,889	9.83%	_	_	_	_
New Songjiang Manufacturing	Associate	20,508,389	7.99%	_	_	_	_
Yangzhou Company	Associate	19,822,427	7.72%	_	_	_	_
Xuzhou Company	Associate	5,492,488	2.14%	_	_	_	_
China Jiangsu Suntory Food							
Co., Ltd. ("Suntory Jiangsu")	Associate	3,609,414	1.41%	_	_	_	_
Pengcheng Company	Associate	2,801,363	1.09%				
		77,477,970	30.18%		<u> </u>		

- (j) As at 31 December 2013, there is no other receivable derecognised due to transfer of financial assets (31 December 2012: nil).
- (k) Other receivables dominated in foreign currency are as follows:

	31	31 December 2013			31 December 2012			
		Exchange			Exchange			
	Amount	rate	RMB	Amount	rate	RMB		
						_		
HKD	2,260,311	0.7862	1,777,057	1,483,410	0.8109	1,202,897		
MOP	244,595	0.7588	185,599	266,670	0.7804	208,109		
			1,962,656			1,411,006		

(5) Advances to suppliers

(a) The ageing of advances to suppliers is analysed below:

	31 December 2013		31 Decembe	er 2012
		% of total		% of total
	Amount	balance	Amount	balance
Within 1 year	130,167,919	98.35%	77,671,804	92.75%
1 to 2 years	248,289	0.19%	6,045,274	7.22%
2 to 3 years	1,929,319	1.46%	_	_
Over 3 years	-		22,007	0.03%
	132,345,527	100%	83,739,085	100%

As at 31 December 2013, advances to suppliers over 1 year with carrying amount of RMB2,177,608 (31 December 2012: RMB6,067,281) are mainly advances paid for materials, which are not fully settled due to production plan.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(5) Advances to suppliers (continued)

(b) As at 31 December 2013, the five largest advances to suppliers are analysed as follows:

	Relationship with the Group	Amount	% of total balance	Recognition date	Reason for unsettled
Supplier A	Third party	40,000,000	30.22%	2013	Services not received
Supplier B	Third party	32,783,210	24.77%	2013	Goods not received
Suntory Jiangsu	Associate	18,440,338	13.93%	2013	Goods not received
Supplier C	Third party	9,258,010	7.00%	2013	Goods not received
Xuzhou Company	Associate	6,338,878	4.79%	2013	Goods not received
		106,820,436	80.71%		

- (c) As at 31 December 2013, there are no advances to shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company (31 December 2012: nil).
- (d) Advances to related parties are analysed as follows (Note 7(5)):

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
	40.440.220	
Suntory Jiangsu	18,440,338 6,338,878	_
Xuzhou Company		
	24,779,216	

(e) As at 31 December 2013, advances to suppliers dominated in foreign currency are as follows:

	31	December 2013	3	31 D	ecember 2012	
	Exchange				Exchange	
	Amount	rate	RMB	Amount	rate	RMB
MOP	376,889	0.7588	285,983	_	_	_
1.101	2,0,005	01,000				

(6) Interests Receivable

	31 December	Increase in	Decrease in	31 December
	2012	the current year	the current year	2013
Interests Receivable	63,996,403	355,389,217	(230,924,243)	188,461,377

Interests receivable are the interbank deposits interests that Finance Company will receive from the external financial institutions.

As at 31 December 2013, there is no interest receivable overdue (31 December 2012: nil.).

(32,012,751)

(38,262,935)

(146,240,850)

36,252,087

37,441,848

385,960,322

570,911,692

2,549,254,294

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(7) Inventories

(b)

Work in progress

Finished goods

(a) Classification of inventories is as follow:

		31 December 2013		31 December 2012			
		Provision		Provision			
		for declines			for declines		
	Ending	in value of	Carrying	Ending	in value of	Carrying	
	balance	inventories	amount	balance	inventories	amount	
Raw materials	627,732,569	(3,572,307)	624,160,262	644,045,118	(5,612,209)	638,432,909	
Packaging materials	909,403,798	(11,130,052)	898,273,746	914,975,848	(12,496,324)	902,479,524	
Low-value consumption goods	51,071,803	_	51,071,803	45,654,180	_	45,654,180	
Material on consignment for	- , ,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,		.,,	
further processing	4,174,110	_	4,174,110	13,017,185	_	13,017,185	
Work in progress	385,960,322	_	385,960,322	373,284,933	_	373,284,933	
Finished goods	570,911,692		570,911,692	387,190,103		387,190,103	
	2,549,254,294	(14,702,359)	2,534,551,935	2,378,167,367	(18,108,533)	2,360,058,834	
Movement of inventories	is as follows:						
				Increase due	Decrease due		
	31 December	Increase in the	Decrease in the	to business	to disposal of	31 December	
	2012	current year	current year	combinations	subsidiaries	2013	
Raw materials	644,045,118	3,731,739,866	(3,721,214,336)	169,852	(27,007,931)	627,732,569	
Packaging materials	914,975,848	7,396,725,857	(7,353,630,674)		(48,667,233)	909,403,798	
Low-value consumption goods	45,654,180	387,648,894	(382,961,180)	1,019,909	(290,000)	51,071,803	
Material on consignment for	, , , , ,		, , , , , ,		, , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
further processing	13,017,185	133,180,925	(142,024,000)	_	_	4,174,110	
			. , , ,			′ ′	

(c) Provision for decline in the value of inventories are analysed as follows:

373,284,933

387,190,103

2,378,167,367

4,843,145,707

17,044,758,739

33,537,199,988

	31 December	Increase in	Decrease in the	current year	31 December
	2012	the current year	Reversal	Write-off	2013
Raw materials	(5,612,209)	(186,224)	883,524	1,342,602	(3,572,307)
Packaging materials	(12,496,324)	(43,839)	158,270	1,251,841	(11,130,052)
	(18,108,533)	(230,063)	1,041,794	2,594,443	(14,702,359)

(4,798,457,567)

(16,859,026,302)

(33,257,314,059)

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(7) Inventories (continued)

(d) Provision for decline in the value of inventories are as follows:

		Basis for provision	Reason for reversal	% of total balance
	Raw materials	Carrying amount of the raw materials is lower than the net realisable value	Increase in net realisable value	0.14%
	Packaging materials	Carrying amount of the raw materials is lower than the net realisable value	Increase in net realisable value	0.02%
) O	ther current assets			
			31 December	r 31 December
_			2013	3 2012
In	put VAT		320,426,790	183,377,399
	repaid enterprise income tax		142,498,623	
	thers		3,938,009	
			466,863,422	284,314,434
) L	ong-term equity investmen	nts		
			31 December	r 31 December
_			2013	3 2012
Io	oint Venture — not quoted is	n an active market (a)		
	ssociates (b)	ii aii active market (a)	1,271,858,738	1 63,788,290
	ther long-term equity invest	ements (c)	10,116,821	
			1,281,975,559	173,905,111
Le	ess: Provision for impairment	nt of long-term equity investments (d)	(10,028,179	

There is no limitation on transfer of cash among the Group and its joint venture and associates.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(9) Long-term equity investments (continued)

(a) Joint Venture

					Current yea	r movement						
					Share of							Impairment
				Increase/	net profit			31				provided in
	Accounting	Investment	31 December	Decrease in	using the	Cash dividend	Other changes	December	Equity interest	Voting rights	Provision for	the current
	Method	cost	2012	investment	equity method	declared	in equity	2013	held	held	impairment	year
Tsingtao Brewery Equipment Manufacture Company Limited ("Equipment Manufacture")	Equity Method	577,406							50%	50%		

Register and mainly operate in China, Equipment Manufacture is one of the main suppliers of Construction Company, the Company's subsidiary. Both the percentages of equity interests and voting rights held by the Group are 50%, so the Group owns jointly control over Equipment Manufacture and reflects it as a joint venture.

Equipment Manufacture has been loss-making with negative net assets accordingly, while the Group does not have any obligation for its additional losses. Therefore, upon recognition of the Group's share of its net loss, the carrying value of the long-term equity investment only reduced to zero. The unrecognised investment loss for the year amounted to RMB515,003 (2012: unrecognised investment loss RMB608,194). As at 31 December 2013, the cumulative unrecognised investment loss amounted to RMB883,230 (31 December 2012: RMB1,398,233).

Major financial information of joint venture is as follows:

	Equipment Manufacture		
	31 December	31 December	
	2013	2012	
Cash at bank and on hand	1,053,041	667,167	
Other current assets	13,644,149	23,374,199	
Total current assets	14,697,190	24,041,366	
Total non-current assets	1,602,584	1,623,112	
Accounts payable	(13,100,180)	(11,278,480)	
Other current liabilities	(4,966,054)	(17,182,464)	
Total current liabilities	(18,066,234)	(28,460,944)	
Shareholders' equity	(1,766,460)	(2,796,466)	

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(9) Long-term equity investments (continued)

(a) Joint Venture (continued)

	Equipment M	Ianufacture
	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Total equity attributable to shareholders	(1,766,460)	(2,796,466)
Adjusted fair value of the identifiable net assets when obtained		
Adjusted total equity attributable to shareholders	(1,766,460)	(2,796,466)
Percentages of equity interest held by the Group	50%	50%
Equity attributable to the Group	(883,230)	(1,398,233)
Unrecognised investment loss	883,230	1,398,233
Long-term equity investments		
	Equipment M	Ianufacture
	2013	2012
Revenue	27,269,259	20,132,530
Total profit/(loss)	1,117,133	(1,216,388)
Income tax credit	(87,127)	

(b) Associates

	Accounting Method	Investment cost	31 December 2012	Increase in investment	1 0	Share of other comprehensive income	Cash dividend declared	Other equity movement	31 December 2013	Equity interest held	Voting rights held	Provision for impairment	Impairment provided in the current year
Manufacturing Company (i) Yantai Asahi (ii)	Equity Method Equity Method	1,141,123,402 120,024,598	- 133,007,877	1,141,123,402	(20,446,566) 14,602,344	(197,717)	(10,070,000)	(10,559,280)	1,110,117,556 137,342,504	50% 39%	44.44% 39%	-	-
Qingdao Zhaoshang Logistics Company Limited	Equity Method	120,024,396	133,007,077	_	14,002,344	(197,717)	(10,070,000)	_	137,342,304	37/0	37/0	_	_
("Zhaoshang Logistics") (iii) Liaoning Shenqing Tsingtao	Equity Method	6,000,000	23,935,600	-	4,024,818	-	(10,097,160)	-	17,863,258	30%	30%	-	-
Brewery Company Limited ("Liaoning Shenqing") (iv)	Equity Method	600,000	3,517,552	_	204,813	_		_	3,722,365	30%	30%	_	
European Company (v)	Equity Method	584,166	2,107,261		91,309	(605,515)	_	_	1,593,055	40%	40%		_
Others	Equity Method	1,220,000	1,220,000		-				1,220,000	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	(1,220,000)	-
			163,788,290	1,141,123,402	(1,523,282)	(803,232)	(20,167,160)	(10,559,280)	1,271,858,738			(1,220,000)	

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(9) Long-term equity investments (continued)

(b) Associates (continued)

(i) Register and mainly operate in China, Manufacturing Company is one of the main beer suppliers of the Group in Shanghai and Jiangsu region, having important strategic influence on product supply of the Group. The Group's percentage of equity interests is 50%, while the voting rate is 44.44%. All operating activities decisions are made by the board of directors in Manufacturing Company. There are 9 directors in total but only 4 directors are from the Group, so the Group can have significant influence over Manufacturing Company and reflect it as an associate.

Details of increase in investment refers to Note 12(2)(ii). The share of net loss using the equity method is RMB20,446,566, including: (a) investment loss RMB6,239,352 is based on the adjusted net profit considering fair value impact, (b) RMB8,309,428 is 50% unrealised profit in fixed assets transaction with Manufacuring Company before the acquisition, and (c) RMB5,897,786 is unrealised profit in fixed assets transaction with Manufacturing Company in the current year.

- (ii) Register and mainly operate in China, Yantai Asahi is one of the main suppliers of the Group in Shandong region, having important strategic influence on product supply of the Group. The Group can have significant influence over Yantai Asahi and reflect it as an associate.
- (iii) Register and mainly operate in China, Zhaoshang Logistics provides logistics services to the Group, having important strategic influence on product transportation and storage for the Group. The Group can have significant influence over Zhaoshang Logistics and reflect it as an associate.
- (iv) Register and mainly operate in China, Liaoning Shenqing is one of the main distributors of the Group in Liaoning region, having important strategic influence on sales of the Group's product in specific region. The Group can have significant influence over Liaoning Shenqing and reflect it as an associate.
- (v) Register and mainly operate in France, European Company is one of the main distributors of the Group in Europe, having important strategic influence on sales of the Group's product in oversea markets. The Group can have significant influence over European Company and reflect it as an associate.

Summarised financial information of associates is as follows:

	Manufacturi	ng Company	Yantai	Asahi	Zhaoshang	Logistics	Liaoning S	Shenqing	European	Company
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Cash at bank and on hand	135,379,102	_	46,463,778	49,628,908	1,607,886	2,170,870	12,547,221	10,257,004	3,833,012	6,367,663
Other current assets	1,132,633,841	_	168,793,678	165,798,282	110,892,502	135,290,386	61,176,187	70,474,430	15,604,561	13,369,628
Current assets	1,268,012,943	_	215,257,456	215,427,190	112,500,388	137,461,256	73,723,408	80,731,434	19,437,573	19,737,291
Non-current assets	2,484,229,460	_	175,386,556	176,859,720	5,184,536	2,937,069	4,499,639	5,256,455	214,233	210,294
Accounts payable	(272,751,508)	_	(51,101,548)	(40,378,503)	(48,338,464)	(51,554,938)	(7,060)	(27,560)	(8,846,420)	(10,633,669)
Other financial liabilities	(835,847,935)	_	(51,258,477)	(83,798,024)	(4,903,052)	(4,477,319)	(43,195,852)	(41,943,224)	(747,595)	(867,110)
Other current liabilities	(147,528,121)		(10,171,906)	(7,189,684)	(4,810,774)	(4,565,627)	(22,612,251)	(31,842,721)	(429,682)	(366,165)
Current liabilities	(1,256,127,564)		(112,531,931)	(131,366,211)	(58,052,290)	(60,597,884)	(65,815,163)	(73,813,505)	(10,023,697)	(11,866,944)
Current natinities	(1,230,127,304)		(112,331,731)	(131,300,211)	(30,032,270)	(00,377,004)	(03,013,103)	(73,013,303)	(10,023,077)	(11,000,744)
Non-current liabilities	(431,836,009)				(88,440)	(60,000)	_	-	(5,645,471)	(4,253,346)
0	9 0		0 00	U	-	0		A 100	6 6	C -
Net assets	2,064,278,830	0	278,112,081	260,920,699	59,544,194	79,740,441	12,407,884	12,174,384	3,982,638	3,827,295

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(9) Long-term equity investments (continued)

(b) Associates (continued)

	Manufacturin	g Company	Yantai A	Asahi	Zhaoshang	Logistics	Liaoning S	henqing	European C	ompany	
	31 December 2013	31 December 2012	31 December 2013	31 December 2012	31 December 2013	31 December 2012	31 December 2013	31 December 2012	31 December 2013	31 December 2012	
Total equity attributable to											
shareholders	2,040,078,019	-	278,112,081	260,920,699	59,544,194	79,740,441	12,407,884	12,174,384	3,982,638	3,827,295	
Adjustment by the fair value of the identifiable net assets at											
acquisition date	131,491,337		49,328,497	53,188,497							
Adjusted total equity attributable to											
shareholders	2,171,569,356	-	327,440,578	314,109,196	59,544,194	79,740,441	12,407,884	12,174,384	3,982,638	3,827,295	
Interest in associates	50%	_	39%	39%	30%	30%	30%	30%	40%	40%	
Equity attributable to the shareholder Goodwill included in long-term	1,085,784,678	-	127,701,825	122,502,586	17,863,258	23,922,132	3,722,365	3,652,315	1,593,055	1,530,918	
equity investments Offset unrealised internal	38,540,092	_	9,640,679	9,640,679	-	-	-	_	-	-	
transaction profits	(14,207,214)										
Long-term equity investments	1,110,117,556		137,342,504	132,143,265	17,863,258	23,922,132	3,722,365	3,652,315	1,593,055	1,530,918	
	Manufacturin	g Company	Yantai A	Asahi	Zhaoshang	Logistics	Liaoning S	henqing	European C	ompany	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenue	1,857,540,229	_	624,739,879	618,534,491	248,071,863	207,590,102	305,827,613	376,542,783	60,847,170	57,734,517	
Total profit	24,517,245	_	57,107,076	35,405,309	18,148,467	22,105,922	311,334	682,754	322,379	563,294	
Income tax expenses	(24,010,213)	_	(14,095,181)	(6,754,917)	(4,687,514)	(5,871,359)	(77,834)	(170,689)	(94,105)	(181,988)	
Minority interests	(6,220,307)										
Net profit attributable to the											
shareholder	6,727,339	-	43,011,895	28,650,392	13,460,953	16,234,563	233,500	512,065	228,274	381,306	
Other comprehensive income									(72,931)	23,645	
Total comprehensive income											
attributable to the shareholder	6,727,339	_	43,011,895	28,650,392	13,460,953	16,234,563	233,500	512,065	155,343	404,951	

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(9) Long-term equity investments (continued)

(c) Other long-term equity investments

			Accounting Method	Investment cost	31 December 2012	Increase/ Decrease in investment	31 December 2013	Provision for impairment	Impairment provided in the current year	Cash dividends declared in the current year
		Guangxi Beihai Real Estate								
		Company Limited ("Beihai Real Estate Company") Qingdao Yingxiao Club	Cost Method	3,610,000	3,610,000	_	3,610,000	(3,610,000)	_	_
		("Yingxiao Club") Others	Cost Method Cost Method	3,985,261 2,521,560	3,985,261 2,521,560		3,985,261 2,521,560	(3,985,261) (1,212,918)	_ 	
					10,116,821		10,116,821	(8,808,179)		
	(d)	Provision for impairment	of long-teri	n equity in	vestments					
				31	December 2012	Increase	in the I	Decrease in the		December 2013
		Beihai Real Estate Compa Yingxiao Club Others	ny	((3,610,000) (3,985,261) (2,432,918)		_ 	- - -	- ((3,610,000) (3,985,261) (2,432,918)
				(1	10,028,179)			_	(1	0,028,179)
(10)	Inves	stment properties								
				31	December 2012	Increase	in the I	Decrease in the		December 2013
	Cost			1	18,572,021	1,0	31,960	-	_ 1	19,603,981
	Bu	iildings		1	18,572,021	1,0	31,960	-	- 1	19,603,981
	Accu	mulated depreciation		(1	11,072,934)	(3:	59,899)	-	- (1	1,432,833)
	Bu	ildings		(1	11,072,934)	(3:	59,899)	_	- (1	1,432,833)
	Net b	pook value			7,499,087		_	-	_	8,171,148
	Bu	ildings			7,499,087		_	-	_	8,171,148
	Provi	ision for impairment			(246,160)		_	_	_	(246,160)
		ildings			(246,160)		_	-	_	(246,160)
	Carry	ying amount			7,252,927			1_	_	7,924,988
		ildings			7,252,927				- 1,	7,924,988

In 2013, the Group changed the use of certain Buildings with carrying amount of RMB1,031,960 (cost: RMB1,031,960) to lease out and therefore, such assets were transferred from fixed assets to investment properties at the date of change.

Depreciation of investment properties recognised in the current year is RMB359,899 (2012: RMB188,488).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(11) Fixed assets

	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Increase due to business combinations	Decrease in the current year	Decrease due to disposal of subsidiaries	31 December 2013
Cost	15,875,853,985	1,945,464,231	9,963,140	(528,209,855)	(1,283,531,064)	16,019,540,437
Buildings	5,102,127,514	768,104,889	311,997	(99,028,679)	(402,127,957)	5,369,387,764
Machinery and equipment	9,822,917,824	1,012,010,289	1,913,320	(347,722,001)	(830,468,946)	9,658,650,486
Motor vehicles	378,991,352	48,891,439	6,946,820	(51,893,080)	(21,428,896)	361,507,635
Other equipment	571,817,295	116,457,614	791,003	(29,566,095)	(29,505,265)	629,994,552
		Increase in	Increase due to business	Decrease in	Decrease due to disposal of	
		the current year	combinations	the current year	subsidiaries	
Accumulated depreciation	(6,863,323,799)	(711,602,405)	_	384,432,809	538,986,187	(6,651,507,208)
Buildings	(1,382,026,797)	(98,677,990)	_	43,328,020	95,382,344	(1,341,994,423)
Machinery and equipment	(4,920,559,264)	(520,410,479)	_	300,793,811	415,303,734	(4,724,872,198)
Motor vehicles	(207,686,965)	(26,754,313)	_	17,763,940	10,960,099	(205,717,239)
Other equipment	(353,050,773)	(65,759,623)		22,547,038	17,340,010	(378,923,348)
Net book value	9,012,530,186	_	_	_	_	9,368,033,229
Buildings	3,720,100,717	_	_	_	_	4,027,393,341
Machinery and equipment	4,902,358,560	_	_	_	_	4,933,778,288
Motor vehicles	171,304,387	_	_	_	_	155,790,396
Other equipment	218,766,522					251,071,204
Provision for impairment	(668,839,833)	(10,302,603)	_	48,488,810	2,930,674	(627,722,952)
Buildings	(87,405,550)	(2,098,362)	_	2,403,070	_	(87,100,842)
Machinery and equipment	(562,667,421)	(8,156,319)	_	38,539,183	2,913,011	(529,371,546)
Motor vehicles	(18,381,398)	_	_	7,516,622	_	(10,864,776)
Other equipment	(385,464)	(47,922)	_	29,935	17,663	(385,788)
Carrying amount	8,343,690,353	_	_	_	_	8,740,310,277
Buildings	3,632,695,167	_	_	_	_	3,940,292,499
Machinery and equipment	4,339,691,139	_	_	_	_	4,404,406,742
Motor vehicles	152,922,989	_	_	_	_	144,925,620
Other equipment	218,381,058	_	_	_	_	250,685,416

As at 31 December 2013, there is no fixed assets pledged as collateral for borrowings (31 December 2012: nil).

In 2013, depreciation charged to fixed assets amounts to RMB711,602,405 (2012: RMB684,896,272), of which RMB625,610,113, RMB10,966,040 and RMB75,026,252 (2012: RMB617,622,428, RMB9,743,617 and RMB57,530,227) has been charged in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and general and administrative expenses, respectively.

The costs of fixed assets transferred from construction in progress amount to RMB1,801,688,134 (2012: RMB1,330,691,950).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(11) Fixed assets (continued)

(a) Temporarily idle fixed assets

As at 31 December 2013, the buildings and the machinery and equipment with carrying amount of RMB9,832,690 (cost of RMB54,809,962) are temporarily idle for the reason of products update (31 December 2012: carrying amount of RMB19,732,059 (cost of RMB68,508,409)), which are analysed as follows:

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Provision for impairment	Carrying amount
Machinery and equipment Buildings	54,300,862 509,100	(35,296,666) (250,478)	(9,322,759) (107,369)	9,681,437 151,253
	54,809,962	(35,547,144)	(9,430,128)	9,832,690

(b) Fixed assets held under finance leases

As at 31 December 2013, there is no fixed assets held under finance leases (31 December 2012: nil).

(c) Provision for impairment

According to the accounting policies stated in Note 2(19), the Group perform impairment testing on buildings, machinery and equipment with impairment indicator at the balance sheet date, and impairment of RMB10,302,603 has been recognised.

(d) Fixed assets with pending certificates of ownership

The ownership certificates of the Group's certain buildings have not been obtained. The analysis is as follows:

Reason	31 Decem	ber 2013	31 Decem	ber 2012
		Carrying		Carrying
	Cost	amount	Cost	amount
In the application process	760,091,000	650,380,000	745,984,000	643,895,000
Unable to obtain	156,165,000	83,693,000	156,165,000	86,511,000
	916,256,000	734,073,000	902,149,000	730,406,000

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(11) Fixed assets (continued)

(d) Fixed assets with pending certificates of ownership (continued)

Per consultation with the Company's legal adviser, the Company's directors are of the view that this situation will not prevent the Group from legal possession of such facilities as there is no legal restriction for the Group to apply for and obtain the building ownership certificates, there are no significant adverse impact on the operations of the Group, therefore, no provision for fixed assets impairment is provided. In addition, certain buildings of the Group are still located on parcels of allocated land owned by certain local municipal governments (Note 5(14)).

	Reason	Estimated date
Partial buildings of Immense Brewery Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Zhuhai Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Sanshui Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Three Ring Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Taiyuan Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Mishan Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Chengdu Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Hangzhou Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Yulin Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Wuwei Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Shenzhen Asahi Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Weinan Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Gansu Nongken Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Wuhu Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Suizhou Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Luzhou Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Zhangzhou Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Shijiazhuang Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Xiamen Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Shaoguan Company	In progress	Not determined
Partial buildings of Shaoguan Company	Temporary building	Not applicable
Partial buildings of Five Star Company	Temporary building	Not applicable
Partial buildings of Xiamen Company	Lack of document	Not applicable
Partial buildings of No.1 Factory	Lack of document	Not applicable
Partial buildings of Malt Factory	Lack of document	Not applicable

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) 5

(12) Construction in progress

		31 December 201	3		31 December 2012	2
	Ending balance	Provision for impairment	Carrying amount	Ending balance	Provision for impairment	Carrying amount
Relocation Project of Malt Factory	181,815,189	_	181,815,189	16,862,188	_	16,862,188
Production Line Improvement of Heze Company	130,232,175	_	130,232,175	671,224	_	671,224
Production Line Improvement of No. 1 Factory	44,717,502	_	44,717,502	41,993,097	_	41,993,097
Production Line Improvement of Gansu Nongken Company	31,365,944	_	31,365,944	201,038	_	201,038
Production Line Improvement of No. 2 Factory Production Line Improvement of	26,757,777	(462,515)	26,295,262	178,535,980	(462,515)	178,073,465
No. 3 Factory	21,653,376	_	21,653,376	114,530	_	114,530
Production Line Improvement of Harbin Company	16,063,881	_	16,063,881	21,386,161	_	21,386,161
Production Line Improvement of Immense Brewery Company	8,446,537	_	8,446,537	5,437,907	_	5,437,907
Production Line Improvement of Taiyuan Company	5,654,481	_	5,654,481	1,728,355	_	1,728,355
Production Line Improvement of Xi'an Company	4,139,129	_	4,139,129	8,298,478	_	8,298,478
Production Line Improvement of Sanshui Company	3,718,739	_	3,718,739	_	_	_
Production Line Improvement of Shenzhen Asahi Company Production Line Improvement of	3,186,508	_	3,186,508	4,808,731	_	4,808,731
Rizhao Company Production Line Improvement of	2,602,181	_	2,602,181	_	_	_
Hanzhong Company Production Line Improvement of	2,510,640	_	2,510,640	234,000	_	234,000
Changsha Company Production Line Improvement of	2,345,900	_	2,345,900	_	_	_
Nanning Company Production Line Improvement of	2,254,340	_	2,254,340	1,030,156	_	1,030,156
Jinan Factory Production Line Improvement of	2,150,606	_	2,150,606	11,315,692	_	11,315,692
Jiujiang Company Production Line Improvement of	2,136,834	_	2,136,834	20,300,581	_	20,300,581
Maanshan Company	1,892,471	_	1,892,471	2,380,195	_	2,380,195

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(12) Construction in progress (continued)

		31 December 201	3		31 December 201	2
	Ending	Provision for	Carrying	Ending	Provision for	Carrying
	balance	impairment	amount	balance	impairment	amount
New office building project of						
Shanghai Sales Company	1,657,376	_	1,657,376	1,194,000	_	1,194,000
Production Line Improvement of						
Chenzhou Company	1,391,356	_	1,391,356	_	_	_
Production Line Improvement of						
No. 4 Factory	1,228,661	_	1,228,661	5,560,852	_	5,560,852
Production Line Improvement of						
Weinan Company	977,602	_	977,602	_	_	_
Production Line Improvement of						
Shouguang Company	918,870	_	918,870	3,905,870	_	3,905,870
Instruments Installation of						
Headquarter	903,955	_	903,955	364,604	_	364,604
Production Line Improvement of						
Shijiazhuang Company	764,121	_	764,121	222,232	_	222,232
Production Line Improvement of						
Xiamen Company	652,427	_	652,427	652,427	_	652,427
New Factory Project of Jieyang						
Company	648,000	_	648,000	615,359	_	615,359
Production Line Improvement of						
Chengdu Company	590,522	_	590,522	546,801	_	546,801
Other projects	3,709,671	_	3,709,671	350,387,390	_	350,387,390
	507,086,771	(462,515)	506,624,256	678,747,848	(462,515)	678,285,333

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) 5

(12) Construction in progress (continued)

Movement in significant construction in progress

					Decrease		Proportion of expenditures		
Name	Budget	31 December 2012	Increase in current year	Transfer to fixed assets	due to disposal of subsidiaries	31 December 2013	incurred to budgeted amount	Progress of construction	Source of funds
			·						
Relocation Project of Malt Factory	373,220,000	16,862,188	164,953,001	-	-	181,815,189	60%	58%	Funding from convertible bonds
Production Line Improvement of Heze Company	291,640,000	671,224	129,696,848	(135,897)	-	130,232,175	54%	54%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of No. 1 Factory	297,660,000	41,993,097	60,152,179	(57,427,774)	_	44,717,502	70%	70%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Gansu Nongken Company	296,200,000	201,038	31,164,906	_	_	31,365,944	9%	9%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of No. 2 Factory	537,670,000	178,535,980	62,535,238	(214,313,441)	_	26,757,777	95%	95%	Funding from the exercise of bonds
Production Line Improvement of No. 3 Factory	327,059,660	114,530	21,538,846	-	-	21,653,376	9%	8%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Harbin Company	215,400,000	21,386,161	158,735,679	(164,057,959)	_	16,063,881	84%	84%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Immense Brewery Company	104,600,000	5,437,907	5,196,886	(2,188,256)	_	8,446,537	40%	40%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Taiyuan Company	24,577,339	1,728,355	15,275,245	(11,349,119)	_	5,654,481	92%	92%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Xi'an Company	68,259,800	8,298,478	35,347,467	(39,506,816)	_	4,139,129	99%	99%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Sanshui Company	20,650,000	_	4,899,936	(1,181,197)	-	3,718,739	25%	24%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Shenzhen Asahi Company	153,257,352	4,808,731	30,114,108	(31,736,331)	-	3,186,508	98%	98%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Rizhao Company	9,038,153	_	2,602,181	_	_	2,602,181	92%	90%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Hanzhong Company	10,220,000	234,000	7,637,447	(5,360,807)	_	2,510,640	77%	77%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Changsha Company	7,765,300	_	5,306,204	(2,960,304)	_	2,345,900	68%	68%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Nanning Company	31,060,000	1,030,156	28,562,672	(27,338,488)	-	2,254,340	96%	96%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Jinan Factory	54,890,000	11,315,692	44,607,503	(53,772,589)	-	2,150,606	100%	99%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Jiujiang Company	299,540,000	20,300,581	207,290,311	(225,454,058)		2,136,834	76%	76%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Maanshan Company	12,500,000	2,380,195	10,583,818	(11,071,542)	-	1,892,471	100%	99%	Self-funding
New office building project of Shanghai Sales Company	140,000,000	1,194,000	463,376	-	-	1,657,376	1%	1%	Self-funding

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(12) Construction in progress (continued)

(a) Movement in significant construction in progress (continued)

Name	Budget	31 December 2012	Increase in current year	Transfer to fixed assets	Decrease due to disposal of subsidiaries	31 December 2013	Proportion of expenditures incurred to budgeted amount	Progress of construction	Source of funds
Production Line Improvement of Chenzhou Company	8,552,300	_	5,059,179	(3,667,823)	_	1,391,356	59%	59%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of No. 4 Factory	14,910,000	5,560,852	9,351,249	(13,683,440)	_	1,228,661	100%	98%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Weinan Company	308,330,000	-	977,602	-	-	977,602	1%	1%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Shouguang Company	14,489,100	3,905,870	9,474,880	(12,461,880)	_	918,870	92%	92%	Self-funding
Instruments Installation of Headquarter	10,773,648	364,604	1,442,085	(902,734)	_	903,955	65%	65%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Shijiazhuang Company	6,800,000	222,232	6,571,862	(6,029,973)	_	764,121	100%	99%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Xiamen Company	186,670,000	652,427	9,211,976	(9,211,976)	_	652,427	54%	54%	Self-funding
New Factory Project of Jieyang Company	98,935,348	615,359	5,848,201	(5,815,560)	-	648,000	70%	70%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of Chengdu Company	87,580,000	546,801	15,585,746	(15,542,025)	-	590,522	99%	99%	Self-funding
Other projects		350,387,390	670,931,936	(886,518,145)	(131,091,510)	3,709,671			
		678,747,848	1,761,118,567	(1,801,688,134)	(131,091,510)	507,086,771			

In the current year, the amount of the borrowing costs of production line improvement of Malt Factory to be capitalised is RMB20,370,497. The capitalisation rate of borrowing costs is 6.53%. Interest charges capitalised from convertible bonds amount to RMB2,869,706, less interest income amount to RMB2,499,209, (2012: the amount of the borrowing costs to be capitalised is RMB3,257,590. The capitalisation rate of borrowing costs is 6.53%. Interest charges capitalised from convertible bonds amount to RMB3,811,618, less interest income amount to RMB554,028).

(b) Provision for impairment

	31 December	Increase in the	Decrease in the	31 December	
	2012	current year	current year	2013	Reason for provision
Tin Seamer Installation					
Project	(462,515)	_ <u></u>	<u> </u>	(462,515)	Project terminated

⁽c) The construction progress of significant construction in progress is set out in Note (a). The construction progress is estimated based on construction work quantity.

183,325,194

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(13) Fixed assets pending for disposal

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012	Reason for transfer to assets pending for disposal
Machinery and equipment	5,368,759	9,917,059	Old machinery and equipment for disposal

(14) Intangible assets

Others

	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Increase due to business combinations	Decrease in the current year	Decrease due to disposal of subsidiaries	31 December 2013
Original cost	3,177,261,616	210,289,600	72,059,566	(43,207,527)	(115,594,975)	3,300,808,280
Land use rights	1,785,707,881	154,737,757	_	(40,986,046)	(99,396,347)	1,800,063,245
Patents	378,018,586	_	_	(396,000)		377,622,586
Proprietary	18,629,100	_	_		_	18,629,100
Marketing network	766,864,038	_	70,840,000	_	_	837,704,038
Others	228,042,011	55,551,843	1,219,566	(1,825,481)	(16,198,628)	266,789,311
			Increase due		Decrease due	

		Increase in the current year	Increase due to business combinations	Decrease in the current year	Decrease due to disposal of subsidiaries	
Accumulated amortisation	(630,682,096)	(167,025,396)	_	9,687,727	20,238,878	(767,780,887)
Land use rights	(268,353,700)	(35,591,349)	_	8,028,031	15,715,751	(280,201,267)
Patents	(104,252,606)	(28,990,182)	_	396,000	_	(132,846,788)
Proprietary	(18,629,100)		_	_	_	(18,629,100)
Marketing network	(171,274,278)	(81,365,337)	_	_	_	(252,639,615)
Others	(68,172,412)	(21,078,528)		1,263,696	4,523,127	(83,464,117)
Net book value	2,546,579,520	_	_	_	_	2,533,027,393
Land use rights	1,517,354,181	_	_	_	_	1,519,861,978
Patents	273,765,980	_	_	_	_	244,775,798
Proprietary	_	_	_	_	_	_
Marketing network	595,589,760	_	_	_	_	585,064,423

In 2013, amortisation of intangible assets amount to RMB167,025,396, which is recognised in profit or loss for the current year (2012: RMB154,062,620).

159,869,599

As at 31 December 2013, there are no intangible assets pledged as collateral for bank borrowings (31 December 2012: nil).

As at 31 December 2013, the relevant legal procedures for certificates application of the Group's land use rights with carrying value of approximately RMB61,644,000 (31 December 2012: RMB56,578,000) are still in process. According to the legal adviser's opinion, the directors of the Company are of the view that, there is no substantial legal restriction for the acquisition of the certificates, which does not have significant impact on the Group's operation and no provision for impairment of intangible assets is considered necessary. In addition, as at 31 December 2013, buildings of certain subsidiaries of the Group were located on parcels of allocated land owned by certain local municipal governments. Most of the relevant local governments have undertaken to implement transfer procedures for these lands. Carrying values of the buildings constructed thereon were approximately RMB55,269,000 as at 31 December 2013(31 December 2012: RMB77,523,000). The Company's directors consider that there is no significant adverse impact on the operations of the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(14) Intangible assets (continued)

Expenditures on research and development are set out as follows:

			Decrease in the	current year	
	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Charged to losses	Recognised as intangible assets	31 December 2013
Beer production process improvement project		20,104,429	(20,104,429)		

In 2013, expenditures on research and development incurred amount to RMB20,104,429 (2012: RMB12,299,946) in total, which is recognised in profit and loss for the current year.

The land usage right is located in the mainland of china, between 10 to 50 years.

(15) Goodwill

	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	31 December 2013
Goodwill —				
Immense Brewery Company	958,868,617		_	958,868,617
Huanan Region — Nanning Company	130,895,740		_	130,895,740
Huabei Region — Three Ring Company/	130,023,740			130,073,740
Beifang Sales Company	24,642,782		_	24,642,782
Dongnan Region — Fuzhou Company/	21,012,702			21,012,702
Xiamen Company/Zhangzhou Company/				
Dongnan Sales Company	114,031,330	_	_	114,031,330
Others (i)	50,657,188	_	(1,759,422)	48,897,766
	1,279,095,657	_	(1,759,422)	1,277,336,235
Less: provision for impairment (a) —				
Immense Brewery Company	_	_	_	_
Huanan Region — Nanning Company	(130,895,740)	_	_	(130,895,740)
Huabei Region — Three Ring				
Company/Beifang Sales Company	(24,642,782)	_	_	(24,642,782)
Dongnan Region — Fuzhou Company/				
Xiamen Company/Zhangzhou				
Company/Dongnan Sales Company		_	_	_
Others	(41,872,217)	_		(41,872,217)
	(197,410,739)			(197,410,739)
	300	E BUILDING	1450-5-50	THE RESERVE
	1,081,684,918		(1,759,422)	1,079,925,496

⁽i) As stated in Note 12(2), the decrease of goodwill resulted from disposal of a subsidiary in the current year.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(15) Goodwill (continued)

(a) Impairment

The goodwill allocated to the asset groups and groups of asset groups are summarised by operating segments as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Huanan Region	(130,895,740)	(130,895,740)
Huabei Region	(24,642,782)	(24,642,782)
Other Regions	(41,872,217)	(41,872,217)
	(197,410,739)	(197,410,739)

The recoverable amounts of asset groups and groups of asset groups are calculated using the estimated cash flows determined according to the five-year financial budgets approved by management. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are calculated using the estimated growth rate of 3% which does not exceed the long-term average growth rate of the brewery industry in the PRC.

The main assumptions applied in calculating discounted future cash flows are as follows:

Immense		Other
Brewery	Dongnan	
Company	Region	Regions
30.2%	28.8%	23.3%
22.0%	17.8%	18.8%
14.1%	14.1%	14.1%
	Brewery Company 30.2% 22.0%	Brewery Company Dongnan Region 30.2% 28.8% 22.0% 17.8%

Management determines budgeted gross margin based on previous experience and forecast on future market. The discount rate used by management is the pre-tax interest rate that are able to reflect the risks specific to related asset groups and groups of asset groups. The assumptions above are used to assess the recoverable amount of each asset group and group of asset groups.

(16) Long-term prepaid expenses

			Amortisation	
	31 December	Increase in the	in the current	31 December
	2012	current year	year	2013
Decoration and renovation expenses	2,149,562	8,515,784	(1,547,218)	9,118,128
Gardening expenses	1,086,750	6,594,520	(2,667,373)	5,013,897
Rental charges	356,211	4,349,479	(757,120)	3,948,570
Occupancy expenses	1,920,000		(160,000)	1,760,000
Others	912,931	1,701,051	(929,495)	1,684,487
			Mary Land of the Land	
	6,425,454	21,160,834	(6,061,206)	21,525,082

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(17) Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

(a) Deferred tax assets without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances

	31 December 2013		31 Decem	nber 2012
	-	Deductible		Deductible
	Deferred	temporary	Deferred	temporary
	tax assets	differences	tax assets	differences
Deductible losses	_	_	4,811,371	19,245,484
Provision for assets impairment	6,058,166	24,232,664	7,064,248	28,256,991
Deferred government grants	7,754,741	31,018,964	6,024,639	24,098,557
Elimination of intra-group				
unrealised profit	38,289,772	153,159,088	18,859,739	75,438,955
Accruals of expenses	653,105,600	2,612,422,400	473,510,133	1,894,040,538
	705,208,279	2,820,833,116	510,270,130	2,041,080,525
			31 December	31 December
Including:			2013	2012
Amount of reversal within 1 year(Includ	ing 1 year)		619,839,767	457,304,117
Amount of reversal beyond 1 year			85,368,512	52,966,013

(b) Deferred tax liabilities without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances

	31 December 2013		31 Decem	ber 2012
	Deferred tax liabilities	Taxable temporary differences	Deferred tax liabilities	Taxable temporary differences
Business combinations involving entities not under common control	172,763,072	691,052,288	178,449,767	713,799,069
The difference between carrying amount and tax base of convertible	- 04 - 00-		, ,	
bonds The difference between carrying amount and tax base resulted from government grants charged in current	5,046,092	20,184,368	24,920,962	99,683,848
profit and loss	982,261	3,929,044	123,141	492,563
	178,791,425	715,165,700	203,493,870	813,975,480
Including:	. History	Listani	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Amount of reversal within 1 year (Including	ng 1 year)		29,619,934	42,706,397
Amount of reversal beyond 1 year		2 0	149,171,491	160,787,473

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(17) Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities (continued)

(c) Deductible temporary differences and deductible losses that are not recognised as deferred tax assets are analysed as follows:

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Deductible temporary differences Deductible losses	399,534,590 1,361,655,040	489,701,736 856,256,894
	1,761,189,630	1,345,958,630

Given the loss-making position of certain subsidiaries, whether it is probable that sufficient future taxable incomes will be available against which such deductible losses can be utilised is highly uncertain. Therefore, the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets of approximately RMB340,414,000 (31 December 2012: RMB214,064,000) arising from the accumulated losses that can set off against taxable incomes under tax laws in the five-year period from 2014 to 2018. In addition, given the loss-making position of certain subsidiaries, whether it is probable that sufficient future taxable incomes will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised is highly uncertain or the possibility of obtaining approval on the losses from tax authorities is low. Therefore, the Group also has not recognised deferred tax assets of approximately RMB99,884,000 (31 December 2012: RMB122,425,000) arising from the deductible temporary differences resulting from the impact of provision for impairment losses and business combinations.

(d) Deductible losses that are not recognised as deferred tax assets will be overdue in the following years:

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
2013	_	155,672,168
2014	89,081,607	89,081,607
2015	193,003,753	81,286,262
2016	360,081,218	259,182,527
2017	406,656,485	271,034,330
2018	312,831,977	
	1,361,655,040	856,256,894

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(17) Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities (continued)

(e) Offsetting of balances of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Deferred tax assets	5,046,092	24,920,962
Deferred tax liabilities	5,046,092	24,920,962

Net amounts of deferred assets and liabilities taking into consideration the offsetting of balances are set out as follows:

	31 December 2013		31 Decen	nber 2012
		Deductible/		Deductible/
		taxable		taxable
		temporary		temporary
		differences		differences
	Net amounts	after offsetting	Net amounts	after offsetting
Deferred tax assets	700,162,187	2,800,648,748	485,349,168	1,941,396,677
Deferred tax liabilites	173,745,333	694,981,332	178,572,908	714,291,632

(18) Provision for asset impairment

			Decre	ease in the current ye	ear	
	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Reversal	Write-off	Disposal of subsidiaries	31 December 2013
Provision for bad debts	315,438,493	2,589,331	(10,335,281)	(20,238,505)	(11,947,841)	275,506,197
Including:						
Provision for bad debts of accounts						
receivable	229,742,109	843	(9,620,166)	(7,894,205)	(10,143,941)	202,084,640
Provision for bad debts of other						
receivables	85,696,384	2,588,488	(715,115)	(12,344,300)	(1,803,900)	73,421,557
Provision for decline in value of						
inventories	18,108,533	230,063	(1,041,794)	(2,594,443)	_	14,702,359
Provision for impairment of long-term			, , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
equity investments	10,028,179	_	_	_	_	10,028,179
Provision for impairment of fixed assets	668,839,833	10,302,603	_	(48,488,810)	(2,930,674)	627,722,952
Provision for impairment of investment						
properties	246,160	_	_	_	_	246,160
Provision for impairment of construction						
in progress	462,515		_		_	462,515
Provision for impairment of goodwill	197,410,739					197,410,739
	1,210,534,452	13,121,997	(11,377,075)	(71,321,758)	(14,878,515)	1,126,079,101

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(19) Other non-current assets

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Prepayments for construction and equipment Others (Note 12(4))	192,210,169 31,450,000	195,910,178
	223,660,169	195,910,178

As at 31 December 2013, there are no other non-current assets from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company (31 December 2012: nil).

(20) Short-term borrowings

Classification of short-term borrowings

		31 December	31 December
	Currency	2013	2012
Unsecured	HKD	11,793,450	85,617,652
Entrusted (i)	RMB	89,286,660	62,000,000
		101,080,110	147,617,652

(i) As at 31 December 2013, it represents short-term borrowings entrusted to Shanghai Market Service and The Prince Sales by Suntory Company through banks, amounting to RMB45,847,700 and RMB43,438,960 (31 December 2012: Represents short-term borrowings entrusted to Yangzhou Company by Tsingtao Brewery Group Co., Ltd. ("TB Group Company") through bank) (note 7(5)).

In 2013, the weighted average interest rate of short-term borrowings is 3.06% annually (2012: 5.16%).

As at 31 December 2013, there are no short-term borrowings that are due but have not been paid (31 December 2012: nil).

(21) Notes payable

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Trade acceptance notes Bank acceptance notes	68,100,000 70,282,882	51,100,000 30,783,234
	138,382,882	81,883,234

Other cash balances of RMB11,698,305 (31 December 2012: RMB8,413,180) are pledged as collateral for insurance of bank acceptance notes (Note 5(1)).

As at 31 December 2013, there are no notes payable guaranteed by companies outside the Group (31 December 2012: nil).

As at 31 December 2013, all notes payable are due within six months.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(22) Accounts payable

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
	·	
Payable for materials purchase	1,991,026,108	1,956,408,429
Payable for beer purchase from related parties	667,798,509	21,792,927
Payable for goods for promotion	46,552,932	12,846,853
Others	1,693,221	2,353,480
	2,707,070,770	1,993,401,689

- (a) As at 31 December 2013, there are no accounts payables to shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company (31 December 2012: nil).
- (b) Accounts payable to related parties are analysed as follows (Note 7(5)):

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
	2013	2012
New Songjiang Manufacturing	262,586,846	_
Suntory Brewery (Kunshan) Company Limited ("Suntory Kunshan")	225,535,406	_
Pengcheng Company	78,976,202	_
Yantai Asahi	45,903,404	21,792,927
Suntory Brewery (Shanghai) Company Limited ("Suntory Shanghai")	27,916,108	_
Yangzhou Company	16,341,453	_
Suqian Company	10,539,090	
	667,798,509	21,792,927

- (c) As at 31 December 2013, accounts payable over 1 year with carrying amount of RMB36,139,990 (31 December 2012: RMB35,826,187) are mainly payables for materials purchase, for which final settlement has not yet been completed. As at the date on which the financial statements are approved for issue, the aforesaid accounts payable have been paid with the amount of RMB7,251,030 (Note 10 (1)).
- (d) As at 31 December 2013, there are no accounts payable dominated in foreign currency (31 December 2012: nil).
- (e) The ageing of accounts payable based on their recording dates is analysed below:

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Within 1 year	2,670,930,780	1,957,575,502
1 to 2 years	14,474,250	9,214,829
2 to 3 years	3,017,998	7,266,872
Over 3 years	18,647,742	19,344,486
	2,707,070,770	1,993,401,689

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(23) Advances from customers

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Advances on sales of beer	980,497,616	656,414,452

- (a) As at 31 December 2013, there are no advances from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company (31 December 2012: nil).
- (b) Advances from related parties are analysed as follows (Note 7(5)):

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Liaoning Shenqing	9,612,722	13,943,339

- (c) As at 31 December 2013, advances from customers over 1 year with carrying amount of approximately RMB12,307,032 (31 December 2012: RMB11,234,894) are mainly purchase deposits received from customers in advance. The amount has not been settled as the Group still maintains cooperative relationship with these customers. As at the date on which the financial statements are approved to issue, revenue recognised with respect to these advances amounts to RMB1,716,296 (Note 10(1)).
- (d) As at 31 December 2013, there are no advances from customers denominated in foreign currency (31 December 2012: nil).

(24) Employee benefits payable

	31 December	Increase in	Decrease in	31 December
	2012	current year	current year	2013
Salaries, bonuses, allowances and subsidies	419,918,735	2,479,942,750	(2,413,741,346)	486,120,139
Staff welfare	214,197	190,638,858	(190,241,177)	611,878
Social insurances	42,328,080	497,385,354	(493,629,556)	46,083,878
Including: Medical insurance	15,458,118	141,515,710	(139,337,249)	17,636,579
Pension insurance	18,942,606	303,071,071	(301,428,628)	20,585,049
Unemployment insurance	5,239,283	22,707,120	(23,191,527)	4,754,876
Other insurances	2,688,073	30,091,453	(29,672,152)	3,107,374
Housing funds	18,254,722	168,753,922	(166,105,339)	20,903,305
Labour union fund and employee education				
fund	131,840,114	109,580,913	(73,479,882)	167,941,145
Early retirement benefits	274,079,542	103,862,216	(290,114,963)	87,826,795
Defined benefit plan obligation				
(current portion) (Note 5(32)(b))		13,830,000		13,830,000
	886,635,390	3,563,994,013	(3,627,312,263)	823,317,140

As at 31 December 2013, no defaulted payables are included in the balance of employee benefits payable and the balance (other than partial bonuses, social assurance and housing funds for temporary staff, labour union funds and employee education funds) is estimated to be used up in 2014. Bonuses will be paid according to payment plan, social assurance and housing funds for temporary staff will be paid based on actual usage, labour union funds and employee education funds will be paid in instalments based on usage plans.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(25) Taxes payable

		31 December 2013	31 December 2012
		2013	2012
	Enterprise income tax	151,982,579	98,824,419
	Consumption tax	90,390,319	116,725,314
	VAT	34,612,879	60,000,947
	Business tax	9,506,613	15,747,999
	City maintenance and construction tax	7,676,252	10,662,923
	Education surcharge	7,599,861	11,423,364
	Others	30,264,865	37,481,516
		332,033,368	350,866,482
26)	Dividends payable		
		31 December	31 December
		2013	2012
	Payable to Shanxi Dreaming Chemical Co., Ltd.	1,020,000	_
	Payable to SITC Logistic (HK) Limited	_	1,101,571
		1,020,000	1,101,571
27)	Other payables		
		31 December	31 December
		2013	2012
	Accruals for marketing expenses	2,013,204,630	1,346,765,571
	Guarantee deposits	779,318,274	698,414,980
	Payables to vendors of construction, machinery and equipment	742,278,549	545,993,754
	Accruals for transportation expenses	110,468,153	110,418,916
	Accruals for advertising expenses	76,107,166	55,196,781
	Accruals for general and administrative expenses	56,490,573	37,802,317
	Accruals for labour expenses	49,250,941	22,780,353
	Accruals for electricity expenses	16,420,582	15,349,803
	Withholding social expenses for staff	11,476,642	10,060,927
	Others	376,965,985	370,798,938

⁽a) As at 31 December 2013, there are no other payables to shareholders who hold more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company (31 December 2012: nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(27) Other payables (continued)

(b) Other payables to related parties are analysed as follows (Note 7 (5)):

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Yantai Asahi	31,618,667	20,128,779
Suntory Shanghai	29,900,231	_
Zhaoshang Logistics	29,860,209	49,704,038
Suntory Kunshan	22,899,387	_
New songjiang manufacturing	3,581,981	_
Pengcheng company	3,577,228	_
Suqian company	1,519,634	_
Yangzhou company	1,298,122	_
Xuzhou company	633,901	_
Suntory Brewery (Guangming) Company Limited ("Suntory Guangming")	116,492	_
Suntory Company	89,847	_
Suntory Jiangsu	34,270	
	125,129,969	69,832,817

- (c) As at 31 December 2013, other payables over 1 year with carrying amount of RMB412,487,432 (31 December 2012: RMB320,884,930) are mainly liabilities incurred on acquisition of subsidiaries and payables to vendors of construction, machinery and equipment. As at the date on which the financial statements are approved for issue, the aforesaid other payables have been repaid with the amount of RMB17,894,457 (Note 10(1)).
- (d) Other payables denominated in foreign currency are as follows:

	31	31 December 2013			December 201	2
	Amount			Amount		
	in foreign	Exchange	Amount	in foreign	Exchange	Amount
	currency	rate	in RMB	currency	rate	in RMB
HKD	10,715,778	0.7862	8,424,745	268,845	0.8109	218,006
USD	661,364	6.0969	4,032,270	718,600	6.2855	4,516,760
MOP	224,138	0.7588	170,076	880,885	0.7804	687,443
			12,627,091			5,422,209

(28) Current portion of non-current liabilities

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Current portion of long-term borrowings (a)	308,351,566	1,786,281
Current portion of debentures payable (Note 5(30))	1,488,815,632	
Current portion of long-term payables		1,000,000
	1,797,167,198	2,786,281

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(28) Current portion of non-current liabilities (continued)

(a) Current portion of long-term borrowings

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Guaranteed	308,351,566	1,786,281

As at 31 December 2013, there are no overdue borrowings (31 December 2012: nil). Guarantee details please refer to Note 5(29).

Current portion of long-term borrowings are set out as follows:

			_		31 December 2013		31 Decemb	per 2012
	Starting date	Ending date	Currency	Interest rate (%)	Amount in foreign currency	Amount in RMB	Amount in foreign currency	Amount in RMB
Import and Export Bank of China Import and Export Bank of China	1996.10.01 1996.12.31	2014.04.01 2014.12.31	DKK EUR	_ _	394,114 153,465	441,566 1,292,000	396,832 152,348	438,023 1,267,168
China Development Bank, Hong Kong Branch	2011.05.25	2014.05.26	HKD	3.15%	390,000,000	306,618,000	100,000	81,090
						308,351,566		1,786,281

(29) Long-term borrowings

		31 December	31 December
	Currency	2013	2012
Guaranteed (a)	HKD	_	445,913,910
Guaranteed (a)	EUR	1,964,614	3,260,293
Guaranteed (a)	DKK	2,916,680	3,311,400
		4,881,294	452,485,603

As at 31 December 2013, guaranteed long-term borrowings include:

Bank guaranteed borrowing of RMB306,618,000 (Original foreign currency: HKD390,000,000) (31 December 2012: RMB445,995,000 (Original foreign currency: HKD550,000,000)) is guaranteed by the Company to Hong Kong company, a subsidiary of the Company. The bank guaranteed borrowing falls due within one year (31 December 2012: the amount due within one year amounted to RMB81,090);

Bank guaranteed borrowing of RMB3,256,614 (Original foreign currency: EUR386,822) (31 December 2012: RMB4,527,461 (Original foreign currency: EUR544,323)) guaranteed by the Beijing Branch of Bank of China. The principal amount shall be repaid annually based on the matching principal method, with the last repayment falling due on 31 December 2016. The amount due within one year amounted to RMB1,292,000 (31 December 2012: RMB1,267,168);

Bank guaranteed borrowing of RMB3,358,246 (Original foreign currency: DKK2,997,363) (31 December 2012: RMB3,749,423 (Original foreign currency: DKK3,396,832)) guaranteed by Beijing Development and Reform Commission. The principal amount shall be repaid twice annually based on the matching principal method, with the last repayment falling due on 1 April 2021. The amount due within one year amounted to RMB441,566 (31 December 2012: RMB438,023).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(29) Long-term borrowings (continued)

(a) Long-term borrowings are set out as follows:

					31 December 2013		31 Decem	ber 2012
					Amount		Amount	
	Starting	Ending		Interest	in foreign	Amount in	in foreign	Amount in
	date	date	Currency	rate (%)	currency	RMB	currency	RMB
			·					
China Development Bank, Hong								
Kong Branch	2011.05.25	2014.05.26	HKD	3.15%	_	_	549,900,000	445,913,910
Import and Export Bank of China	1996.12.31	2016.12.31	EUR	_	233,357	1,964,614	391,975	3,260,293
Import and Export Bank of China	1996.10.01	2021.04.01	DKK	_	2,603,249	2,916,680	3,000,000	3,311,400
						4,881,294		452,485,603

In 2013, the weighted average interest rate of long-term borrowings is 3.09% annually (2012: 3.12%).

As at 31 December 2013, there is no overdue long-term borrowing. (31 December 2013: nil).

(30) Debentures payable

	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	31 December 2013
Convertible bonds	1,409,316,153	91,499,479	(12,000,000)	1,488,815,632

As stated in Note 1, the Company issued the convertible bond with subscription warrants amounted to RMB1,500 million with a term of 6 years on 2 April 2008, and the convertible bond will expire on 2 April 2014. Accordingly, the debentures payable is classified as the current portion of non-current liabilities on 31 December 2013 (Note 5(28)). The coupon rate of the convertible bonds was 0.8% per annum. Upon the issue of the bonds, the prevailing market interest rates of similar bonds without warrants were higher than the interest rate of the bond. The effective interest rate of the convertible bonds was 6.1%.

The fair value of the liability component of the convertible bonds was assessed based on the market interest rates of similar bonds without warrants on the date of issue. The fair value of the embedded equity component was calculated as the issue amount of the convertible bonds less the amount initially recognised for the liability component, and was included in equity.

Accrued interests of debentures are analysed as follows:

		Accrued interests					
	31 December	Current year	Current year	31 December			
	2012	accruals	payments	2013			
Convertible bonds		12,000,000	(12,000,000)				

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(30) Debentures payable (continued)

As at 31 December 2013, the liability component of the convertible bonds is set out as follow:

	RMB
Face value of the convertible bonds	1,500,000,000
Less: Equity component	(389,702,040)
Transaction costs attributable to liability component	(26,245,028)
Liability component on initial recognition, as at 2 April 2008	1,084,052,932
Interest expenses up to 31 December 2012	373,263,221
Interest paid up to 31 December 2012	(48,000,000)
Liability component as at 31 December 2012	1,409,316,153
Interest expenses for the year ended 31 December 2013	91,499,479
Including: Capitalised interest expenses	22,869,706
Interest expenses recognised as financial expenses	68,629,773
Interest paid for the year ended 31 December 2013	(12,000,000)
Liability component as at 31 December 2013	1,488,815,632

(31) Payables for specific projects

Payables for specific projects mainly represent the relocation compensation received by subsidiaries from the government. As the relocation has not yet been completed, the amount was temporarily accounted for as "Payables for specific projects" in accordance with the requirements under No. 3 Interpretation of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises issued by the Ministry of Finance.

(32) Other non-current liabilities

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Deferred income (a)	1,260,778,419	1,381,212,241
Early retirement benefits	305,421,292	
Supplemental retirement benefits (b)	181,880,000	
	1,748,079,711	1,381,212,241

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(32) Other non-current liabilities (continued)

(a) Deferred income

			Amount			
			recognised in	Decrease due		
	31 December	Current year	non-operating	to disposal of	31 December	Related to assets/
Government grants items	2012	additions	income	subsidiaries	2013	income
Relocation projects						
Rizhao Company project	204,967,405	_	(10,700,586)	_	194,266,819	Assets
Zhuhai Company project	202,247,577	_	(12,113,556)	_	190,134,021	Assets
Tengzhou Company project	169,455,366	22,500,011	(9,628,188)	_	182,327,189	Assets
Gansu nongken Company project	161,814,873	15,859,800	(2,869,205)	_	174,805,468	Assets
Fuzhou Company project	183,096,151	3,200,000	(12,606,657)	_	173,689,494	Assets
Harbin Company project	43,590,843	73,613,837	(1,610,211)	_	115,594,469	Assets
Langfang Company project	_	48,980,145	(1,113,645)	_	47,866,500	Assets
No. 3 Factory project	35,792,580	_	(3,814,071)	_	31,978,509	Assets
Heze Company project	20,348,328	1,557,206	(2,428,379)	_	19,477,155	Assets
Jiujiang Company project	4,930	8,023,725	(31,676)	_	7,996,979	Assets
Malt Factory project	_	9,029,082	(2,729,082)	_	6,300,000	Assets
Suqian Company project	162,794,167	20,000,000	(2,849,749)	(179,944,418)	_	Assets
Yangzhou Company project	44,674,742	15,000,000		(59,674,742)	_	Assets
Pengcheng Company project	30,743,328	_	(1,048,642)	(29,694,686)	_	Assets
Wuwei Company project	_	57,546,879	(57,546,879)	_	_	Income
Projects on technology improvement						
Luzhou Company project	14,830,082	_	(1,034,373)	_	13,795,709	Assets
Songjiang Company project	9,538,571	_	(295,437)	(9,243,134)	_	Assets
Other projects	97,313,298	19,661,698	(14,428,889)		102,546,107	
	1,381,212,241	294,972,383	(136,849,225)	(278,556,980)	1,260,778,419	

(b) Supplemental retirement benefits

Supplemental retirement benefits are provided to employees retired before 31 December 2013. The benefits that they can receive after their retirement depend on their position and seniority. Such defined benefit obligations were calculated by an external actuary, Towers Watson, using the projected unit credit method.

(i) Supplemental retirement benefits obligation of the Group:

	31 December 2013
The defined benefit obligation Less: fair value of plan assets	195,710,000
The defined benefit obligation liabilities	195,710,000

⁽ii) The supplemental retirement benefits policy was approved in year 2013 and hence there is no movement in the current year.

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(32) Other non-current liabilities (continued)

- (b) Supplemental retirement benefits (continued)
 - (iii) The principal actuarial assumptions of the Group for the present value of the defined benefit obligation:

	31 December
	2013
Discount rate	4.5%

(iv) The sensitivity analysis of the significant actuarial assumptions to the present value of defined benefit obligation:

		Impact on defined benefit obligation		
	Change in assumption	Increase in assumption	Decrease in assumption	
Discount rate	0.25%	Decrease by 2.46%	Increase by 2.57%	

The sensitivity analysis above is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity analysis, the same method, projected unit credit method, has been applied as well.

- (v) The group has not invested in any plan assets.
- (vi) The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 10.1 years.
- (vii) There are no separate trustee-administered assets to reimburse the expenditure of the defined benefit obligation in the Group.
- (viii) Supplemental retirement benefits caused many risk to the Group, and primary risk is the fluctuation of the interest rates of government bonds. Decrease in interest rates of government bonds results in increase in the defined benefit obligation.

(33) Share capital

	31 December	Current year mo	ovement	31 December
	2012	Others	Subtotal	2013
Shares not subject to trading restriction —				
RMB-denominated ordinary shares	695,913,617	_	_	695,913,617
Foreign shares listed overseas	655,069,178			655,069,178
	1,350,982,795			1,350,982,795
	31 December	Current year mo	ovement	31 December
	2011	Others	Subtotal	2012
Shares not subject to trading restriction —				
RMB-denominated ordinary shares	695,913,617			695,913,617
Foreign shares listed overseas	655,069,178			655,069,178
	1,350,982,795	3,0 3 0		1,350,982,795

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(34) Capital surplus

	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	31 December 2013
Share premium (i)	3,868,211,548	124,216,612	_	3,992,428,160
Other capital surplus —	97,727,988		(11,362,513)	86,365,475
Share of changes in equity other than profits of investees (ii) Share of changes in other comprehensive	1,636,986	_	(10,559,280)	(8,922,294)
income of investees	_	_	(803,233)	(803,233)
Transfer of capital surplus recognised			(****, ***)	(332, 327,
under the previous accounting system	91,701,228	_	_	91,701,228
Others	4,389,774			4,389,774
	3,965,939,536	124,216,612	(11,362,513)	4,078,793,635
	31 December	Increase in the	Decrease in the	31 December
	2011	current year	current year	2012
Share premium	3,920,210,913	_	(51,999,365)	3,868,211,548
Other capital surplus —	97,727,988			97,727,988
Share of changes in equity other than profits of investees Transfer of capital surplus recognised	1,636,986	_	_	1,636,986
under the previous accounting system	91,701,228	_	_	91,701,228
Others	4,389,774	_	_	4,389,774
	4,017,938,901		(51,999,365)	3,965,939,536

- (i) The increase in the current year includes: as stated in Note 12(3), transferring the equity of sales business to Sales Company, the Company's subsidiary jointly established by the Company and Suntory Company, is deemed as disposal of equity interests in subsidiaries to minority shareholders and recognised as capital surplus of RMB121,141,643; as stated in Note 4(1)(b)(ii), Hong Kong Company, the Company's subsidiary, acquired 15% of Macau Company's equity with impact on capital surplus of RMB3,074,969.
- (ii) The decrease is due to Manufacturing Company, the associate of the Company, having acquired 33.4% equity interest from minority shareholders of Suntory Jiangsu in the current year. The difference between the increase in the cost of long-term equity investments as a result of acquisition of minority interests and the share of net assets of the subsidiary calculated continuously from the date of the acquisition or merger based on the new shareholding proportion shall be adjusted against the capital surplus, amounting to RMB21,118,560. The Company recognised the capital surplus according to the percentage of 50% using the equity method.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(35) Surplus reserve

	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	31 December 2013
Statutory surplus reserve	927,657,567	131,811,560		1,059,469,127
	31 December 2011	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	31 December 2012
Statutory surplus reserve	808,735,661	118,921,906		927,657,567

In accordance with the Company Law and the Company's Articles of Association, the Company should appropriate 10% of net profit for the year to the statutory surplus reserve, and the Company can cease appropriation when the statutory surplus reserve accumulated to more than 50% of the registered capital. The statutory surplus reserve can be used to make up for the loss or increase the share capital after approval from the appropriate authorities. According to a resolution at the Board of Directors, the Company appropriated 10% of net profit, amounting to RMB131,811,560 for the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: 10% of the net profit for year, amounting to RMB118,921,906) to the statutory surplus reserve.

(36) Undistributed profits

	2013		2012	
	Amount	Ratio for appropriation or distribution	Amount	Ratio for appropriation or distribution
Undistributed profits at the beginning of the	< 00.4.0.4 5 .5.0		4 015 661 505	
year	6,204,347,562		4,915,661,595	
Add: Net profit attributable to the Company				
for the current year	1,973,372,097		1,758,863,400	
Less: Appropriation for statutory surplus				
reserve	(131,811,560)	10%	(118,921,906)	10%
Ordinary shares dividend payable	(540,393,118)	0.4 per share	(351,255,527)	0.26 per share
Undistributed profits at the end of the year	7,505,514,981		6,204,347,562	
Dividend proposed but not declared	607,942,258	0.45 per share	540,393,118	0.40 per share
Total proposed dividend in the current year	607,942,258	0.45 per share	540,393,118	0.40 per share

As at 31 December 2013, included in the undistributed profits, RMB620,139,125 is subsidiaries' surplus reserve attributable to the Company (31 December 2012: RMB589,294,835), of which RMB30,844,290 is appropriated for the current year (2012: RMB36,619,651).

In accordance with the resolution at the Annual General Meeting dated on 25 June 2013, the Company proposed a cash dividend RMB0.4 per share (pre-tax) to the shareholders of the Company of RMB540,393,118, based on a total number of 1,350,982,795 shares.

In accordance with the resolution at the Board of Directors' meeting dated on 25 March 2014, the Company proposed a cash dividend to the shareholders of the Company of RMB607,942,258 (RMB0.45 per share (pre-tax)) based on a total number of 1,350,982,795 shares. Such dividend distribution is still subject to the approval of the Annual General Meeting (Note 10(2)).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) 5

(37) Revenue and cost of sales

	2013	2012
Revenue from main operation (a)	27,766,755,010	25,318,235,820
Revenue from other operations (b)	524,223,418	463,308,157
	28,290,978,428	25,781,543,977
	2013	2012
Cost of main operation (a)	(16,622,997,268)	(15,099,979,531)
Cost of main operation (a) Cost of other operations (b)		

(a) Revenue and cost of main operation

The Group is principally engaged in the production and distribution of beer products. Analysis by products is as follow:

	2013		2012	
	Revenue from main operation	Cost of main operation	Revenue from main operation	Cost of main operation
Sales of Beer	27,766,755,010	(16,622,997,268)	25,318,235,820	(15,099,979,531)

Analysis by locations is as follow:

	2013		2012	
Revenue from Cost of main main operation operation		Revenue from main operation	Cost of main operation	
Shandong Region	15,179,773,437	(9,015,352,935)	13,559,800,871	(8,162,217,905)
Huabei Region	5,264,432,469	(3,660,667,184)	4,628,715,690	(3,289,794,010)
Huanan Region	5,011,082,414	(3,004,014,932)	5,070,749,736	(2,979,755,272)
Huadong Region	3,055,286,825	(2,602,016,744)	2,219,808,801	(1,672,532,892)
Dongnan Region	2,059,932,824	(1,300,466,749)	1,781,830,658	(1,169,575,849)
Hong Kong, Macau and other overseas	454,614,491	(264,867,655)	426,337,813	(241,745,943)
	31,025,122,460	(19,847,386,199)	27,687,243,569	(17,515,621,871)
Less: eliminations	(3,258,367,450)	3,224,388,931	(2,369,007,749)	2,415,642,340
	27,766,755,010	(16,622,997,268)	25,318,235,820	(15,099,979,531)

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(37) Revenue and cost of sales (continued)

(b) Revenue and cost of other operations

	2013		2012	
	Revenue	Cost of	Revenue	Cost of
	from other other		from other	other
	operations	operations	operations	operations
Sale of materials and scraps	216,281,340	(176,173,374)	193,972,141	(151,151,541)
Sale of packaging materials	78,860,354	(81,360,489)	71,650,907	(73,862,504)
Transportation service	59,408,110	(55,579,882)	49,027,952	(47,808,826)
Others	169,673,614	(71,782,956)	148,657,157	(61,067,134)
	524,223,418	(384,896,701)	463,308,157	(333,890,005)

(c) Revenue from the five largest customers of the Group

Revenue from the five largest customers of the Group with amount of RMB1,683,617,417 (2012: RMB1,630,481,199) accounts for 5.95% (2012: 6.32%) of the total revenue of the Group, as analysed below:

		Percentage of the total
	Revenue	
	of sales	revenue
Customer A	487,871,896	1.72%
Customer B	342,588,092	1.21%
Customer C	315,336,957	1.12%
Customer D	295,354,281	1.04%
Customer E	242,466,191	0.86%
	1,683,617,417	5.95%

(38) Taxes and surcharges

	2013	2012	Tax basis
Consumption tax	1,754,868,396	1,734,809,828	Note 3
City maintenance and construction tax	262,670,848	259,526,950	Note 3
Education surcharge and local education surcharges	198,054,156	197,799,951	Note 3
Business tax	12,146,451	8,828,837	Note 3
Others	36,489	116,895	
	2,227,776,340	2,201,082,461	

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) 5

(39) Expenses classified by nature

	2013	2012
Materials consumption	12,115,813,457	12,081,535,002
Employee benefit expenses	3,624,942,344	3,107,146,238
Movement in Finished goods, Work in progress and Material on consignment for		
further processing	2,201,833,141	811,959,363
Promotion related expenses	1,773,901,322	1,552,086,138
Fransportation expenses and handling charges	1,317,490,516	1,212,455,719
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	885,048,906	843,837,172
Advertising related expenses	639,822,709	673,546,991
Repair expenses	376,830,109	337,798,151
Administrative and business travel expenses	354,504,830	340,283,122
Service charges	152,766,685	119,577,592
Tax expenses	143,692,447	137,473,829
Rental expenses	110,453,130	90,514,035
Auditors' remuneration	8,580,000	8,400,000
Others	485,452,684	317,543,501
Γotal Cost of sales, Selling and distribution expenses and		
General and administrative expenses	24,191,132,280	21,634,156,853
Financial expenses — net		
	2013	2012
interest expense	83,451,256	104,099,156
Including: Bank borrowings	14,821,483	21,287,338
Debentures payable	68,629,773	82,811,818
Less: Interest income	(355,033,717)	(299,272,868
Exchange (gains)/losses	(32,786)	2,478,602
Unrecognised financing charge	11,903,888	7,919,446
	8,320,046	6,634,662
Others		

As at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012, the Group's interest expenses by repayment term of bank borrowings and debentures payable are wholly repayable within five years.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(41) Investment income

	2013	2012
Income from long-term equity investment under cost method (a)	47,283	117,237
Income from long-term equity investment under equity method (b)	9,465,953	14,844,764
Income from disposable of long-term equity investment (c)	219,356,731	_
Others	355,500	
	229,225,467	14,962,001

There is no significant restriction on recovery of investment income.

In 2013 and 2012, investment income of the Group was from unlisted investments.

(a) Investment income from long-term equity investment under cost method

The investees are set out as follows:

	2013	2012	Reason for current year fluctuation
Harbin Commercial Bank	33,189	103,143	Decrease in distributed profit of the investee for the year
Zhejiang Taizhou Expressway Group Co., Ltd.	14,094	14,094	No change in distributed profit of the investee for the year
	47,283	117,237	

(b) Investment income from long-term equity investment under equity method

The investees are set out as follows:

	2013	2012	Reason for current year fluctuation
Manufacturing Company	(7,180,148)	_	New associate
Yantai Asahi	12,325,161	9,668,253	Increase in profit of the investee for the year
Zhaoshang Logistics	4,024,818	4,870,369	Decrease in profit of the investee for the year
Liaoning Shenqing	204,813	153,620	Decrease in profit of the investee for the year
European Company	91,309	152,522	Decrease in profit of the investee for the year
	9,465,953	14,844,764	

(c) As stated in note 12(2)(ii), the company disposes partial of subsidiaries' equity in transaction with Suntory Company. The difference between the fair value of the Company's manufacturing business and the book value of net asset (including goodwill) is recognised as investment income.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) 5

(42) Asset impairment losses

	2013	2012
Impairment loss of fixed assets	10,302,603	6,138,436
Reversal of impairment on bad debts	(7,745,950)	(5,533,578)
(Reversal)/Impairment loss on decline in the values of inventories	(811,731)	399,728
	1,744,922	1,004,586
Non-operating income		
	2013	2012
Government grants (a)	374,818,301	360,278,759
Income from the transaction with Suntory Company (b)	170,541,992	_
Gain on unpaid debts	4,548,575	10,029,904
Gain on disposal of non-current assets	3,277,089	10,410,237
Including: Gains on disposal of fixed assets	3,277,089	10,410,237
Penalty gains	1,912,843	1,222,029
Others	8,894,484	12,889,784
	563,993,284	394,830,713

In 2013, all non-operating income has been recognised in non-recurring profit or loss.

Details of government grants

	2013	2012	Note
Project support fund	168,456,377	196,830,544	Grants for technology improvement projects and sewage treatment projects
Relocation compensation	121,090,526	104,933,825	Relocation compensation for manufacturing factories
Enterprise development fund	17,086,490	16,259,793	Subsidies for enterprise development
Tax return	31,897,262	16,615,745	Return of certain portion of tax paid
Others	36,287,646	25,638,852	
	374,818,301	360,278,759	

As stated in note 12(4)(i), this income is the difference between the combination cost and the fair value of net identifiable assets of the acquiree on the acquisition date, upon the Company obtained Suntory sales business.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(44) Non-operating expenses

	2013	2012
Staff settlement expenses (i)	120,931,669	_
Losses on disposal of non-current assets	104,922,138	36,682,557
Including: Losses on disposal of fixed assets	73,045,456	34,959,791
Losses on disposal of intangible assets	31,876,682	1,722,766
Compensation and overdue fine	1,389,911	1,694,340
Public welfare donations	12,128,100	1,126,703
Penalty losses	1,214,082	436,789
Others	7,815,382	9,137,171
	248,401,282	49,077,560

(i) According to the agreement signed on 2 May 2013 with Baoji Beer Co., Ltd, the government of Chencang District in Baoji city and the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of Baoji, Hansi Baoji should settle down the employees of Baoji Beer Co., Ltd. Up to 31 December 2013, Hansi Baoji has signed early retirement agreement with the employees which could not be settled, early retirement benefits of RMB120,931,669 has been recognized accordingly in the current year.

(45) Income tax expenses

	2013	2012
Current income tax calculated according to tax law and related regulations in		
mainland China	922,205,257	749,932,060
Current profits tax calculated according to tax law and related regulations in Hong Kong	9,583,322	11,974,331
Current profits supplemental tax calculated according to tax law and related		
regulations in Macau	938,872	1,368,984
Deferred income tax	(241,117,576)	(123,881,387)
	691,609,875	639,393,988

The reconciliation from income tax calculated based on the applicable tax rates and total profit presented in the consolidated financial statements to the income tax expenses is as follows:

	2013	2012
Total profit	2,666,533,668	2,484,156,233
Income tax expenses calculated at applicable tax rates	663,581,558	606,267,489
Tax impact for equivalent sales and expenses not deductible	55,678,659	41,479,582
Income not subject to tax (i)	(121,705,331)	(30,787,642)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets	(29,886,114)	(30,469,497)
Tax impact for which no deferred tax asset was recognised	125,817,321	65,849,591
Others	(1,876,218)	(12,945,535)
Income tax expenses	691,609,875	639,393,988

(i) Income not subject to tax mainly comprise of investment income and non-operating income free from tax, which arise from transactions with Suntory Company. Details of the abovementioned transaction are stated in Note 12.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(46) Earnings per share

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing consolidated net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding:

	2013	2012
Consolidated net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	1,973,372,097 1,350,982,795	1,758,863,400 1,350,982,795
Basic earnings per share	1.461	1.302
Including: — Basic earnings per share relating to continuing operations	1.461	1.302

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company adjusted based on the dilutive potential ordinary share by the adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. As there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in 2013 (2012: nil), diluted earnings per share equal to basic earnings per share.

(47) Other comprehensive income

	31 December 2012	Movement in current year	Impact of the income tax	Reclassified	31 December 2013
Other comprehensive income may be reclassified into profit or loss thereafter when specified					
preconditions are met:	19,025,550	5,969,722			24,995,272
Currency translation differences Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the	19,025,550	6,772,955	_	_	25,798,505
equity method	_	(803,233)	_	_	(803,233)
	31 December	Movement in	Impact of the		31 December
	2011	current year	income tax	Reclassified	2012
Other comprehensive income may					
be reclassified into profit or					
loss thereafter when specified					
preconditions are met:	17,119,722	1,905,828		Maryland	19,025,550
Currency translation differences	17,119,722	1,905,828			19,025,550

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(48) Notes to consolidated cash flow statement

(a) Cash received relating to other operating activities

		2013	2012
1	Deposits	726,751,164	596,950,219
	Government grants	265,452,438	231,436,142
	Income from sales of materials and scraps	222,587,483	186,995,816
	Others	223,095,175	223,856,993
		1,437,886,260	1,239,239,170
) (Cash paid relating to other operating activities		
		2013	2012
-	Transportation expenses	1,475,704,977	1,285,735,004
	Marketing and promotion expenses	815,291,081	731,145,465
	Advertising expenses	688,731,374	643,522,430
	Deposits	399,617,905	314,019,659
	Administrative expense	333,392,934	323,994,716
	Others	338,044,442	229,759,223
		4,050,782,713	3,528,176,497
			-,,,
) (Cash received relating to other investing activities	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
) (-	Cash received relating to other investing activities	2013	2012
-		2013	2012
-	Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects	2013 596,654,153	2012
-	Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects Interest income of Finance Company	2013 596,654,153 219,293,784	2012 409,690,373 224,851,728
- (1	Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects Interest income of Finance Company Deposits from related party by Finance Company	596,654,153 219,293,784 21,594,606	2012 409,690,373 224,851,728
- (1 1	Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects Interest income of Finance Company	2013 596,654,153 219,293,784	
- (1 1	Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects Interest income of Finance Company Deposits from related party by Finance Company Cash receipt due to acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 12(4)(ii))	2013 596,654,153 219,293,784 21,594,606 12,637,454	2012 409,690,373 224,851,728 18,624,745
- (] (]	Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects Interest income of Finance Company Deposits from related party by Finance Company Cash receipt due to acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 12(4)(ii)) Receipt of tender deposits etc.	596,654,153 219,293,784 21,594,606 12,637,454 15,685,630	2012 409,690,373 224,851,728 18,624,745 24,097,284
- (] (]	Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects Interest income of Finance Company Deposits from related party by Finance Company Cash receipt due to acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 12(4)(ii))	596,654,153 219,293,784 21,594,606 12,637,454 15,685,630	2012 409,690,373 224,851,728 18,624,745 24,097,284
- (] (]	Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects Interest income of Finance Company Deposits from related party by Finance Company Cash receipt due to acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 12(4)(ii)) Receipt of tender deposits etc.	596,654,153 219,293,784 21,594,606 12,637,454 15,685,630	2012 409,690,373 224,851,728 18,624,745 24,097,284
- (1 1 (1	Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects Interest income of Finance Company Deposits from related party by Finance Company Cash receipt due to acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 12(4)(ii)) Receipt of tender deposits etc.	2013 596,654,153 219,293,784 21,594,606 12,637,454 15,685,630 865,865,627	2012 409,690,373 224,851,728 18,624,745 — 24,097,284 677,264,130
- (() 1) () () () () () () () (Government compensation for relocation and expansion projects Interest income of Finance Company Deposits from related party by Finance Company Cash receipt due to acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 12(4)(ii)) Receipt of tender deposits etc. Cash paid relating to other investing activities	2013 596,654,153 219,293,784 21,594,606 12,637,454 15,685,630 865,865,627	2012 409,690,373 224,851,728 18,624,745 24,097,284 677,264,130

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(48) Notes to consolidated cash flow statement (continued)

(e) Cash paid relating to other financing activities

2013	2012
6,751	_
_	641,247
6,751	641,247
	6,751

(49) Supplementary information to consolidated cash flow statements

(a) Supplementary information to consolidated cash flow statements

Reconciliation from net profit to cash flows from operating activities:

	2013	2012
Net profit	1,974,923,793	1,844,762,245
Add: Provisions for asset impairment	1,744,922	1,004,586
Depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties	711,962,304	685,084,760
Amortisation of intangible assets	167,025,396	154,062,620
Amortisation of long-term prepaid expenses	6,061,206	4,689,792
Losses on disposal of fixed assets and intangible assets	101,645,049	26,272,320
Financial expenses	(263,806,231)	(169,421,184)
Investment income	(229,225,467)	(14,962,001)
Increase in deferred tax assets	(217,582,982)	(92,885,024)
Decrease in deferred tax liabilities	(23,534,594)	(30,996,363)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(336,290,704)	359,296,653
(Increase)/decrease in operating receivables	(632,823,473)	150,256,806
Increase in operating payables	2,141,051,944	186,431,564
Net cash flows from operating activities	3,401,151,163	3,103,596,774

Investment activities that do not involve cash receipts and payments:

As stated in note 12, cash consideration is not involved in the establishment of Manufacturing Company and Sales Company during the transaction with Suntory Company.

(b) Net increase in cash and cash equivalent

	2013	2012
Cash at the end of the year (c)	7,394,904,648	6,269,184,262
Less: Cash at the beginning of the year	(6,269,184,262)	(5,550,147,726)
Net increase in cash	1,125,720,386	719,036,536

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

5 Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(49) Supplementary information to consolidated cash flow statements (continued)

(c) Cash and cash equivalent

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Cash (Note 5(1))	7,394,904,648	6,269,184,262
Including: Cash on hand	479,275	453,100
Cash at bank that can be readily drawn on demand	7,394,425,373	6,268,731,162
Cash at end of year	7,394,904,648	6,269,184,262

6 Segment information

As the Group is mainly engaged in the production and distribution of beer, the reportable segments of the Group are business units operating in different regions. Each region requires different marketing strategies, and the Group, therefore, separately manages the production and operation of each reportable segment and evaluates their operating results respectively, in order to make decisions about resources to be allocated to these segments and to assess their performance.

Finance Company, the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary, is principally engaged in the financial businesses of wealth management and agency collection and payment for its members. Due to the unique business characteristics of Finance Company, the Group manages its operation independently and evaluates its operating results separately, to determine its resource allocation and assess its performance.

The Group identified 7 reportable segments as follows:

- Shandong region, responsible for the production and distribution of beer in Shandong region and surrounding regions
- Huanan region, responsible for the production and distribution of beer in South China region
- Huabei region, responsible for the production and distribution of beer in North China region
- Huadong region, responsible for the production and distribution of beer in East China region
- Dongnan region, responsible for the production and distribution of beer in Southeast China region
- Hong Kong, Macau and other overseas, responsible for the distribution of beer in Hong Kong, Macau and other overseas
- Finance Company, engaged in the financial businesses of wealth management and agency collection and payment for its members.

Inter-segment transfer pricing is based on mutually-agreed prices.

Assets are allocated based on the operation of the segments and the physical location of the assets. Liabilities are allocated based on the operation of the segments. Expenses indirectly attributable to each segment are allocated among segments based on the proportion of each segment's revenue.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Segment information (continued) 6

Segment information as at and for the year ended 31 December 2013 is as follow: (a)

						Hong Kong,				
	Shandong	Huanan	Huabei	Huadong	Dongnan	Macau and	Finance			
	Region	Region	Region	Region	Region	other overseas	Company	Unallocated	Elimination	Total
Revenue from external customers	14,094,827,756	4,837,542,164	4,000,871,852	2,836,675,203	2,064,249,615	456,773,334	38,504	-	-	28,290,978,428
Inter-segment revenue	2,234,418,232	248,611,459	1,309,771,908	224,674,037	6,847,900	111,871,488	29,012,601	-	(4,165,207,625)	-
Selling and distribution expenses	(2,879,546,898)	(1,061,492,176)	(442,018,415)	(545,893,460)	(576,505,010)	(105,178,678)	(59,180)	-	_	(5,610,693,817)
Interest income	27,450,286	15,180,983	49,737,465	1,665,220	6,011,594	2,089,774	344,384,553	71,687,006	(163,173,164)	355,033,717
Interest expenses	_	(1,209,563)	-	(1,615,483)	-	(11,413,342)	(170,966,921)	(68,629,773)	170,383,826	(83,451,256)
Share of profit of associates and										
joint venture	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	9,465,953	-	9,465,953
Asset impairment losses	2,261,872	479,421	834,191	(1,195,053)	(697,998)	(3,427,355)	17,000	-	(17,000)	(1,744,922)
Depreciation and amortisation	(376,484,695)	(224,719,497)	(137,078,710)	(58,686,944)	(45,328,695)	(2,240,959)	(948,201)	(39,561,205)	-	(885,048,906)
Total profit	1,977,575,212	329,589,110	414,329,235	(216,347,296)	67,383,789	69,381,435	197,175,937	(93,751,783)	(78,801,971)	2,666,533,668
Income tax expenses	(465,611,713)	(88,557,235)	(90,025,249)	16,249,794	(6,927,710)	(16,331,153)	(49,148,033)	_	8,741,424	(691,609,875)
Net profit	1,511,963,499	241,031,875	324,303,986	(200,097,502)	60,456,079	53,050,282	148,027,904	(93,751,783)	(70,060,547)	1,974,923,793
Total assets	9,484,349,394	4,738,553,943	5,109,285,307	890,279,960	1,436,711,644	256,846,893	8,424,683,384	5,490,921,972	(8,466,765,960)	27,364,866,537
Total liabilities	5,099,455,441	2,009,662,466	3,691,027,461	1,587,337,654	727,543,370	308,455,631	7,630,992,693	1,824,831,664	(9,387,910,878)	13,491,395,502
Long-term equity investments in associates and joint venture	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,270,638,738	_	1,270,638,738
Additions to non-current assets other than long-term equity investments	976,677,744	137,675,238	591,469,503	244,054,713	230,967,301	4,125,132	1,044,800	60,103,364	_	2,246,117,795

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

6 Segment information (continued)

(b) Segment information as at and for the year ended 31 December 2012 is as follow:

	Shandong	Huanan	Huahei	Huadong	Dongnan	Hong Kong, Macau and				
	Region	Region	Region	Region	Region	other overseas	Finance Company	Unallocated	Elimination	Total
Revenue from external customers	12,920,137,680	4,979,642,715	3,659,697,194	2,016,091,565	1,772,259,935	433,705,807	9,081	_	-	25,781,543,977
Inter-segment revenue	1,760,806,680	208,717,064	1,008,896,206	239,948,440	25,410,942	51,213,978	11,713,753	_	(3,306,707,063)	_
Selling and distribution expenses	(2,596,997,248)	(1,073,180,516)	(371,841,430)	(381,454,497)	(404, 366, 724)	(102,854,566)	(170,637)	_	_	(4,930,865,618)
Interest income	16,304,385	10,555,808	42,747,075	4,387,087	3,568,043	423,653	275,943,839	60,282,068	(114,939,090)	299,272,868
Interest expenses	56,407,279	(9,668,042)	(40,019,687)	(13,412,047)	_	(14,040,813)	(114,939,090)	(83,365,846)	114,939,090	(104,099,156)
Share of profit of associates and										
joint venture	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	14,844,764	_	14,844,764
Asset impairment losses	9,477,775	(5,737,731)	(2,391,306)	(1,268,837)	(308,177)	(776,310)	_	_	_	(1,004,586)
Depreciation and amortisation	(343,186,060)	(239,738,011)	(137,409,508)	(76,808,399)	(5,898,460)	(2,428,047)	(679,792)	(37,688,895)	_	(843,837,172)
Total profit	1,738,414,872	399,270,775	357,948,017	(128,044,774)	122,718,337	44,911,618	163,759,118	(195,555,358)	(19,266,372)	2,484,156,233
Income tax expenses	(364,483,732)	(126,393,844)	(65,585,022)	(12,061,257)	(22,516,365)	(21,575,061)	(39,306,278)	_	12,527,571	(639,393,988)
Net profit	1,373,931,140	272,876,931	292,362,995	(140,106,031)	100,201,972	23,336,557	124,452,840	(195,555,358)	(6,738,801)	1,844,762,245
Total assets	8,588,271,267	4,531,165,568	3,981,695,082	1,826,865,079	1,242,179,374	403,180,121	5,944,344,971	3,941,284,015	(6,797,879,892)	23,661,105,585
Total liabilities	3,804,176,331	2,009,918,722	2,520,683,669	1,196,999,247	571,101,202	456,614,295	5,493,293,931	1,743,173,112	(6,918,285,830)	10,877,674,679
Long-term equity investments in associates and joint venture	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	162,568,290	-	162,568,290
Additions to non-current assets other than long-term equity investments	625,457,944	578,133,486	427,909,640	415,244,652	148,997,696	1,092,498	1,631,409	68,240,427	_	2,266,707,752

The Group's revenue from external customers domestically and in foreign countries or geographical areas, and the total noncurrent assets other than financial assets and deferred tax assets located domestically and in foreign countries or geographical areas are as follows:

Revenue from external customers	2013	2012
Domestic	27,808,934,342	25,205,377,883
In Hong Kong and Macau	257,086,415	241,466,676
In other countries/geographical areas	224,957,671	334,699,418
	28,290,978,428	25,781,543,977
	31 December	31 December
Total non-current assets	2013	2012
Domestic	14,379,252,855	13,022,100,574
In Hong Kong and Macau	11,060,945	11,522,100
	14,390,313,800	13,033,622,674

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

7 Related parties and related party transactions

(1) Information of subsidiaries

The general information and other related information of the subsidiaries is set out in Note 4(1).

(2) Information of joint venture and associates

	Туре	Place of registration	Legal representative	Nature of business	Registered capital	Equity interest (%)	Voting rights (%)	Code of organisation
Joint venture —								
Equipment Manufacture	Sino-foreign cooperative enterprise	Qingdao, the PRC	Matsuzawa Hideo	Manufacture &installation of equipment and accessories	USD350,000	50%	50%	71375865-5
Associates —								
Yantai Asahi	Company limited	Yantai, the PRC	Yamazaki Fumio	Producing & trading of beer and wine etc.	RMB218,804,435	39%	39%	61341620-1
Zhaoshang Logistics	Company limited	Qingdao, the PRC	Li Yasheng	Logistics service and management	RMB20,000,000	30%	30%	73353404-2
Liaoning Shenqing	Company limited	Liaoning, the PRC	Wang Zhi	Domestic trading of beer	RMB2,000,000	30%	30%	74275001-1
European Company	Stock corporation	France	Not applicable	Import & Export of beer	EUR152,449	40%	40%	Not applicable
Manufacturing Company	Company limited	Shanghai, the PRC	Matsumoto	Producing & trading of beer	RMB907,320,000	50%	44.44%	60733504-2
New Songjiang Manufacturing	Company limited	Shanghai, the PRC	Liu Yingdi	Producing & trading of beer	RMB50,000,000	50%	44.44%	06378694-4
Pengcheng Company	Company limited	Xuzhou, the PRC	Higashiyama Yuansuke	Producing & trading of beer	RMB155,000,000	50%	44.44%	70617665-7
Yangzhou Company	Company limited	Yangzhou, the PRC	Higashiyama Yuansuke	Producing & trading of beer	RMB10,000,000	50%	44.44%	84088001-2
Xuzhou Company	Company limited	Xuzhou, the PRC	Higashiyama Yuansuke	Producing & trading of beer	RMB39,336,899	33%	44.44%	70358441-X
Suqian Company	Company limited	Suqian, the PRC	Higashiyama Yuansuke	Producing & trading of beer	RMB25,000,000	50%	44.44%	72220045-0
Suntory Kunshan	Company limited	Suzhou, the PRC	Chi Tianbo	Producing & trading of beer	RMB731,535,952	50%	44.44%	71150466-X
Suntory Shanghai	Company limited	Shanghai, the PRC	Chi Tianbo	Producing & trading of beer	RMB377,251,020	48.25%	44.44%	60733654-7
Suntory Guangming	Company limited	Shanghai, the PRC	Chi Tianbo	Producing & trading of beer.	RMB948,005,310	50%	44.44%	60723351-3
Suntory Jiangsu	Company limited	Lianyungagn, the PRC	Chi Tianbo	Producing & trading of beer	RMB166,093,523	50%	44.44%	60839259-1

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

7 Related parties and related party transactions (continued)

(3) Information of other related parties

Relationship with the Group		Code of organisation
TB Group Company	Shareholder of the Company	26462834-4
Asahi Breweries	Shareholder of the Company	Not applicable
Asahi Investment	Same shareholder of the Company	71092096-0
Suntory Company	Minority shareholder of the Subsidiary	71092073-3

(4) Related party transactions

(a) Purchases of goods and receiving services

			2	013	20)12
Name of related party	Nature of transaction	Pricing policies and procedures for decision-making	Amount	Percentage of similar transactions	Amount	Percentage of similar transactions
Yantai asahi	Purchase of beer	Mutually-agreed prices and approval by board of directors	612,104,832	4.40%	605,842,449	3.88%
New Songjiang Manufacturing (ii)	Purchase of beer and materials	Mutually-agreed prices and approval by board of directors	453,408,082	3.26%	_	_
Suntory Kunshan (i)	Purchase of beer	Mutually-agreed prices	297,135,134	2.14%	_	_
Suntory Shanghai (i)	Purchase of beer	Mutually-agreed prices	285,275,422	2.05%	_	_
Pengcheng Company (ii)	Purchase of beer and materials	Mutually-agreed prices	204,940,627	1.47%	_	_
Yangzhou Company (ii)	Purchase of beer	Mutually-agreed prices	130,274,403	0.94%	_	_
Xuzhou Company (ii)	Purchase of beer	Mutually-agreed prices	123,890,673	0.89%	_	_
Suqian Company (ii)	Purchase of beer	Mutually-agreed prices	94,747,128	0.68%	_	_
Suntory Jiangsu (i)	Purchase of beer	Mutually-agreed prices	85,379,692	0.61%	_	_
Manufacturing Company (ii)	Purchase of beer and materials	Mutually-agreed prices	75,431,781	0.54%	_	_
Suntory Guangming (i)	Purchase of beer	Mutually-agreed prices	26,799,271	0.19%	_	_
Zhaoshang Logistics	Purchase logistics service (including paid on behalf)	Mutually-agreed prices and approval by board of directors	307,092,867	25.61%	250,914,772	25.49%

- (i) As stated in Note 12, because of the transaction with Suntory Company, the companies above have changed to be associates of the Company in the current year.
- (ii) As stated in Note 12, because of the transaction with Suntory Company, all these companies above, which were subsidiaries of the Company before, have changed to be associates of the Company in the current year.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

7 Related parties and related party transactions (continued)

(4) Related party transactions (continued)

(b) Sales of goods and rendering of services

			2	2013		2012	
Name of related party Nature	Nature of transaction	Pricing policies and procedures for decision-making	Amount	Percentage of similar transactions	Amount	Percentage of similar transactions	
Liaoning Shenqing	Sale of beer	Mutually-agreed prices and approval by board of directors	242,466,191	0.86%	310,101,074	1.22%	
European Company	Sale of beer	Mutually-agreed prices and approval by board of directors	58,093,166	0.21%	54,489,371	0.22%	
New Songjiang manufacturing (i)	Sale of materials	Mutually-agreed prices	47,472,391	0.17%	-	-	
Asahi Breweries	Sale of beer	Mutually-agreed prices and approval by board of directors	18,977,539	0.07%	40,838,726	0.16%	
Pengcheng Company (i)	Sale of materials	Mutually-agreed prices	16,128,225	0.06%	_	_	
Xuzhou Company (i)	Sale of materials	Mutually-agreed prices	11,653,810	0.04%	_	_	
Yangzhou Company (i)	Sale of materials	Mutually-agreed prices	10,689,567	0.04%	_	_	
Suqian Company (i)	Sale of materials	Mutually-agreed prices	10,624,139	0.04%	_	_	
Asahi Investment	Sale of beer	Mutually-agreed prices and approval by board of directors	6,293,213	0.02%	9,825,306	0.04%	
Manufacturing Company (i)	Sale of materials	Mutually-agreed prices	6,036,233	0.02%	_	_	
Yangzhou Company (i)	Provide engineering and equipment installation services	Mutually-agreed prices	36,000,000	0.13%	_	_	
Suqian Company (i)	Provide engineering and equipment installation services	Mutually-agreed prices	2,823,658	0.01%	-	_	

⁽i) As stated in Note 12, because of the transaction with Suntory Company, all these companies above, which were subsidiaries of the Company before, have changed to be associates of the Company in the current year.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

7 Related parties and related party transactions (continued)

(4) Related party transactions (continued)

(c) Brand use fee

		2	013	20	012	
Name of related party	Nature of transaction	Pricing policies and procedures for decision-making	Amount	Percentage of similar transactions	Amount	Percentage of similar transactions
New Songjiang manufacturing (i)	Brand use fee	Mutually-agreed prices	6,613,053	55.46%	-	-
Pengcheng Company (i)	Brand use fee	Mutually-agreed prices	1,970,134	16.52%	_	_
Yangzhou Company (i)	Brand use fee	Mutually-agreed prices	1,440,316	12.08%	_	_
Xuzhou Company (i)	Brand use fee	Mutually-agreed prices	1,083,336	9.09%	_	_
Suqian Company (i)	Brand use fee	Mutually-agreed prices	817,537	6.85%	_	-

⁽i) As stated in Note 12, because of the transaction with Suntory Company, all these companies above, which were subsidiaries of the Company before, have changed to be associates of the Company in the current year.

(d) Entrusted funds from related parties

		2013	2012
	Suntory Company TB Group Company	410,862,595	62,000,000
		410,862,595	62,000,000
(e)	Repayment funds to related parties		
		2013	2012
	Suntory Company TB Group Company	372,770,110 5,000,000	62,000,000
		377,770,110	62,000,000
<i>(f)</i>	Receiving funds to related party		
		2013	2012
	Xuzhou company (i)	10,000,000	

⁽i) As stated in Note 12, Xuzhou Company changed from a subsidiary of the Company to be an associate of the Company due to the transaction with Suntory Company. Before the transaction, the Group provided Xuzhou Company an entrusted loan with amount of RMB 10,000,000. The entrusted loan has been paid back in the current year.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

7 Related parties and related party transactions (continued)

(4) Related party transactions (continued)

(g) Deposits increased

	2013	2012
Yantai Asahi	647,034,862	576,071,877
New Songjiang manufacturing (i)	329,962,939	_
Suqian company (i)	57,482,744	_
Xuzhou company (i)	53,939,015	_
Pengcheng company (i)	51,601,205	_
Yangzhou company (i)	18,930,561	_
Manufacturing Company (i)	15,346,883	
	1,174,298,209	576,071,877

⁽i) As stated in Note 12, because of the transaction with Suntory Company, all these companies above, which were subsidiaries of the Company before, have changed to be associates of the Company in the current year.

(h) Payment of interest

	2013	2012
TB Group Company	1,371,040	4,347,653
Suntory Company	820,343	_
Pengcheng Company	159,645	_
Yantai Asahi	150,358	119,035
New Songjiang manufacturing	136,844	_
Yangzhou Company	79,100	_
Suqian Company	25,832	_
Xuzhou Company	20,035	_
Manufacturing Company	11,281	
	2,774,478	4,466,688
Interest received		
	2013	2012
Xuzhou Company	355,500	

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

7 Related parties and related party transactions (continued)

(4) Related party transactions (continued)

(j) Service charge to related parties

	2013	2012
N Consider the constant	10.5(0	
New Songjiang manufacturing	10,560	= 200
Yantai Asahi	9,825	7,298
Pengcheng Company	4,722	_
Yangzhou Company	3,729	_
Suqian Company	3,599	_
Xuzhou Company	3,393	_
Manufacturing Company		
	38,504	7,29
Remuneration of key management		
	2013	201
Remuneration of key management	22,261,324	19,147,24

(l) Directors, supervisors and CEO's emoluments

Directors, supervisors and CEO's emoluments for the year ended 31 December 2013 are set out below:

		Social	
		insurance and	
Fees	Salary	housing funds	Total
_	1,817,916	49,680	1,867,596
_	1,414,076	49,680	1,463,756
_	1,504,756	49,680	1,554,436
_	1,107,436	49,680	1,157,116
_	1,007,436	49,680	1,057,116
100,000	, , , <u> </u>	_	100,000
100,000	_	_	100,000
100,000	_	_	100,000
100,000	_	_	100,000
100,000	_	_	100,000
	_		60,000
60,000			60,000
	487,200	49,680	536,880
<u> </u>			426,780
	328,554	49,680	378,234
620,000	8.044.474	397.440	9,061,914
	100,000 100,000 100,000	- 1,817,916 - 1,414,076 - 1,504,756 - 1,107,436 - 1,007,436 - 1,007,436 - 100,000 - 100,000 - 100,000 - 100,000 - 60,000 - 487,200 - 377,100 - 328,554	Fees Salary housing funds - 1,817,916 49,680 - 1,414,076 49,680 - 1,504,756 49,680 - 1,107,436 49,680 - 1,007,436 49,680 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 487,200 49,680 - 328,554 49,680

⁽i) Appointed as director on 25 June 2013.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

7 Related parties and related party transactions (continued)

(4) Related party transactions (continued)

(l) Directors, supervisors and CEO's emoluments (continued)

Directors, supervisors and CEO's emoluments for the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out below:

			Social	
			insurance and	
Name	Fees	Salary	housing funds	Total
Directors:				
Jin Zhiguo (i)	_	689,028	21,758	710,786
Sun Mingbo (ii)	_	1,715,996	44,463	1,760,459
Wang Fan	_	1,364,076	44,463	1,408,539
Jiang Hong	_	1,067,436	44,463	1,111,899
Sun Yuguo	_	967,436	44,463	1,011,899
Wang Xuezheng	100,000	_	_	100,000
Zhao Changwen	100,000	_	_	100,000
Wu Xiaobo	100,000	_	_	100,000
Ma Haitao	100,000	_	_	100,000
CEO:				
Huang Kexing (iii)	_	729,128	22,706	751,834
Supervisors:				
Duan Jiajun (iv)	50,000	_	_	50,000
Du Changgong (v)	50,000	_	_	50,000
Yang Weicheng	60,000	_	_	60,000
Li Yan	60,000	_	_	60,000
Xue Chaoshan	_	338,835	44,463	383,298
Sun Lihong	_	246,760	44,463	291,223
Xing Jun		203,040	44,463	247,503
	620,000	7,321,735	355,705	8,297,440

- (i) Resigned from director on 28 June 2012.
- (ii) Resigned from CEO, appointed as Chairman of board of directors on 28 June 2012.
- (iii) Appointed as CEO on 28 June 2012.
- (iv) Appointed as supervisor on 27 June 2012.
- (v) Resigned from supervisor on 27 June 2012.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

7 Related parties and related party transactions (continued)

(4) Related party transactions (continued)

(1) Directors, supervisors and CEO's emoluments (continued)

The five individuals whose emoluments are the highest

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the current year include 2 (2012: 2) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining 3 (2012: 3) individuals during the current year are as follows:

	2013	2012
Salary	6,148,440	4,787,660
Social insurance and housing funds	149,040	133,389
	6,297,480	4,921,049
	Number of in	dividuals
	2013	2012
Emolument bands: HKD 1,500,000 – 2,000,000 (approximately RMB1,200,000 – 1,600,000) HKD 2,000,000 – 2,500,000 (approximately RMB1,600,000 – 2,000,000)	1	2
HKD 2,000,000 – 2,500,000 (approximately RMB1,600,000 – 2,000,000)	1	0
HKD 2,500,000 – 3,000,000 (approximately RMB2,000,000 – 2,400,000) HKD 3,500,000 – 4,000,000 (approximately RMB2,800,000 – 3,200,000)	1	0

(5) Receivables from and payables to related parties

Receivables from related parties:

	31 December 2013		31 Decem	ber 2012
	Ending	Provision for	Ending	Provision for
	balance	bad debts	balance	bad debts
Accounts receivable (Note 5(3))				
New Songjiang Manufacturing	21,550,620	_	_	_
Beijing Sales Company	11,245,784	(11,245,784)	11,245,784	(11,245,784)
Guangzhou General Agency	10,559,690	(10,559,690)	18,859,690	(18,859,690)
European Company	8,979,371		10,475,314	
Pengcheng Company	6,172,275	_	_	_
Yangzhou Company	5,726,964	_	_	
Xuzohu Company	2,244,742	_		
Asahi Breweries	1,856,920		1,703,799	_
Suqian Company	1,334,719	- L		
Asahi Investment	438,049	<u> - 11111</u>	616,798	
	70,109,134	(21,805,474)	42,901,385	(30,105,474)

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Related parties and related party transactions (continued) 7

Receivables from and payables to related parties (continued)

Delter Receivable (Note 5(4)) Suqian Company 25,243,889		31 Decem	31 December 2013		31 December 2012	
Delter Receivable (Note 5(4)) Sugian Company 25,243,889		Ending	Provision for	Ending	Provision for	
Suqian Company 25,243,889			bad debts		bad debts	
Suqian Company 25,243,889						
New Songjiang Manufacturing 20,508,389		27.242.000				
Yangzhou Company			_	_	_	
Xuzhou Company 5,492,488			_	_	_	
Suntory Jiangsu 3,609,414 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —			_	_	_	
Pengcheng Company 2,801,363 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —			_	_	_	
Advances to suppliers (Note 5(5)) Suntory Jiangsu 18,440,338 24,779,216 24,779,216 24,779,216 24,779,216 21,279,216 21,279,216 21,279,216 22,385,602 23,285,602 24,279,216 20,203 20,203 20,203 20,203 Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) New Songjiang Manufacturing Suntory Kunshan Pengcheng Company Yantai Asahi 45,903,404 21,792,92' Suntory Shanghai Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 Suqian Company 10,539,090 20,388,878 24,779,216 29,662,030 20,203 20			_	_	_	
Advances to suppliers (Note 5(3)) Suntory Jiangsu Xuzhou Company 18,440,338 24,779,216 24,779,216 24,779,216 27,79,216 28,385,602 29,662,030 2013 Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) New Songjiang Manufacturing Suntory Kunshan Pengcheng Company Yantai Asahi Suntory Shanghai Yangzhou Company Yangzhou Company Yangzhou Company Suqian Company Yangzhou Company Suntory Shanghai Yangzhou Company Yangzhou Company Suntory Shanghai Yangzhou Company Suqian Company Suntory Shanghai Yangzhou Company Suqian Company Suqian Company Suqian Company Suntory Shanghai Suqian Company Suqian Company Suqian Company Suqian Company Sugian Company Sugian Salahi Suntory Shanghai Suqian Company Suqian Company Suqian Company Suqian Company Sugian Salahi Suzione Salahi Su	Pengcheng Company	2,801,363				
Suntory Jiangsu		77,477,970				
Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) New Songjiang Manufacturing Suntory Kunshan 225,535,406	Advances to suppliers (Note 5(5))					
24,779,216	Suntory Jiangsu	18,440,338	_	_	_	
Description of the non-current assets		6,338,878				
— Prepayments for Equipment Equipment Manufacture 2,385,602 — 9,662,030 — Payables to related parties: Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) New Songjiang Manufacturing 262,586,846 — Suntory Kunshan 225,535,406 — Pengcheng Company 78,976,202 — Yantai Asahi 45,903,404 21,792,92° Suntory Shanghai 27,916,108 — Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —		24,779,216				
Equipment Manufacture 2,385,602 — 9,662,030 — Payables to related parties: 31 December 2013 31 December 2013 2012 Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) New Songjiang Manufacturing 262,586,846 — Suntory Kunshan 225,535,406 — Pengcheng Company 78,976,202 — Yantai Asahi 45,903,404 21,792,92' Suntory Shanghai 27,916,108 — Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —	Other non-current assets					
Equipment Manufacture 2,385,602 — 9,662,030 — Payables to related parties: 31 December 2013 31 December 2013 2012 Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) New Songjiang Manufacturing 262,586,846 — Suntory Kunshan 225,535,406 — Pengcheng Company 78,976,202 — Yantai Asahi 45,903,404 21,792,92' Suntory Shanghai 27,916,108 — Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —	— Prepayments for Equipment					
Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) New Songjiang Manufacturing Suntory Kunshan Pengcheng Company Yantai Asahi Suntory Shanghai Yangzhou Company Suqian Company Suqian Company 31 December 2013 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2013 2012 2012 2013 2012 2013 202,586,846		2,385,602		9,662,030		
Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) New Songjiang Manufacturing Suntory Kunshan Pengcheng Company Yantai Asahi Suntory Shanghai Yangzhou Company Suqian Company Suqian Company 262,586,846 — 225,535,406 — 278,976,202 — 21,792,92° 21,792,92° 21,792,92° 21,792,92° 21,792,92° 21,792,92° 22,7916,108 — 23,916,108 — 24,916,108 — 25,916,108 — 262,586,846 — 262,58	Payables to related parties:					
Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) New Songjiang Manufacturing Suntory Kunshan Pengcheng Company Yantai Asahi Suntory Shanghai Yangzhou Company Suqian Company Accounts payable (Note 5(22)) 262,586,846 — 225,535,406 — 78,976,202 — 21,792,92' 21,792,92' 21,792,92' 21,792,92' 21,792,92' 21,792,92' 21,792,92' 21,792,92' 22,7916,108 — 23,916,108 — 24,916,108 — 25,916,108 — 262,586,846 — 262,5				31 December	31 December	
New Songjiang Manufacturing 262,586,846 — Suntory Kunshan 225,535,406 — Pengcheng Company 78,976,202 — Yantai Asahi 45,903,404 21,792,92° Suntory Shanghai 27,916,108 — Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —				2013	2012	
New Songjiang Manufacturing 262,586,846 — Suntory Kunshan 225,535,406 — Pengcheng Company 78,976,202 — Yantai Asahi 45,903,404 21,792,92° Suntory Shanghai 27,916,108 — Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —	11 (21 (5/22))					
Suntory Kunshan 225,535,406 — Pengcheng Company 78,976,202 — Yantai Asahi 45,903,404 21,792,92° Suntory Shanghai 27,916,108 — Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —	± • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			262 596 946		
Pengcheng Company 78,976,202 — Yantai Asahi 45,903,404 21,792,92° Suntory Shanghai 27,916,108 — Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —					_	
Yantai Asahi 45,903,404 21,792,927 Suntory Shanghai 27,916,108 — Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —					_	
Suntory Shanghai 27,916,108 — Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —					21 702 023	
Yangzhou Company 16,341,453 — Suqian Company 10,539,090 —					21,/92,92	
Suqian Company 10,539,090 —					_	
667,798,509 21,792,92	Buqian Company			10,337,070		
				667,798,509	21,792,927	

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

7 Related parties and related party transactions (continued)

(5) Receivables from and payables to related parties (continued)

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Other payables (Note 5(27))		
Yantai Asahi	31,618,667	20,128,779
Suntory Shanghai	29,900,231	
Zhaoshang Logistics	29,860,209	49,704,038
Suntory Kunshan	22,899,387	
New songjiang manufacturing	3,581,981	_
Pengcheng company	3,577,228	_
Suqian company	1,519,634	_
Yangzhou company	1,298,122	_
Xuzhou company	633,901	_
Suntory Guangming	116,492	_
Suntory Company	89,847	_
Suntory Jiangsu	34,270	
	125,129,969	69,832,817
Interest payable		
Suntory Company	217,904	
Advances from customers (Note 5(23))		
Liaoning Shenqing	9,612,722	13,943,339
Short-term borrowings (Note 5 (20))		
Suntory Company (i)	89,286,660	_
TB Group Company (ii)		62,000,000
	89,286,660	62,000,000

- (i) This represents short-borrowing entrusted to Shanghai Market Service and The Prince Sales by Suntory Company, the balance is RMB51,194,175 upon Consolidate date, while RMB89,286,660 as at 31 December 2013.
- (ii) This represents the short-borrowing entrusted to Yangzhou Company by TB Group Company. As at 31 December 2013, Yangzhou Company has become the Company's associate, therefore the balance of the short-borrowing has not been included in the consolidated statements of the Group.

(6) Commitments in relation to related parties

Equipment procurement

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Equipment Manufacture		767,970

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

8 Contingencies

As stated in Note 3(2)(i), the Group's potential risk of income tax liabilities related to prior years has not been settled. The directors are of the view that the potential income tax liabilities could not be reliably estimated and therefore, no provision was made in these financial statements.

9 Commitments

(1) Capital commitments

(a) Capital expenditures contracted for but not yet necessary to be recognised on the balance sheet

		31 December	31 December
		2013	2012
	Buildings, machinery and equipment	447,368,640	592,911,698
(b)	Capital commitments authorised by the management but not yet contracted for		
		31 December	31 December
		2013	2012
	Buildings, machinery and equipment and intangible assets	2,603,744,863	3,465,487,656

As at the balance sheet date, joint venture of the Group has no significant capital expenditures contracted for but not yet necessary to be recognised on the balance sheet, or capital commitments authorised by the management but not yet contracted for.

(2) Operating lease commitments

The future minimum lease payments due under the signed irrevocable operating leases contracts are summarised as follows:

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Within one year	6,256,288	6,125,104
Between 1 and 2 years	2,520,000	4,780,555
Between 2 and 3 years	420,000	2,520,000
Over 3 years		420,000
	9,196,288	13,845,659
Investment commitments		
	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Acquire 50% equity of New Jiahe Brewery (Note 10(3))	300,000,000	
Purchase New Zhonglou Brewery's assets (Note 10(3))	20,000,000	
		200
	320,000,000	

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

9 Commitments (continued)

(4) Fulfillment of commitments for the previous period

The Group has fulfilled the capital expenditure commitments, operating lease and investment commitments as at 31 December 2012.

10 Events after the balance sheet date

(1) Significant events after the balance sheet date

Item	Content	Effects to financial positions and operating results	Reason for affected amount not being reliably estimated
Repayment of payables (Note 5(22)(c)) (Note 5(27)(c))	Repayment of significant payables over 1 year	Asset and liability decrease RMB25,145,487 respectively	Not applicable
Transfer of advance from customers to revenue (Note 5(23)(c))	Transfer of advance from customers over 1 year to revenue	Liability decrease and total profit increase RMB1,716,296 respectively	Not applicable

(2) Dividends distribution after the balance sheet date

Dividends proposed (a)	
Dividends proposed (a)	(07.040.050
— Dividends authorised to declare	607,942,258

Amount

(a) In accordance with the resolution at the Board of Directors' meeting dated on 25 March 2014, the Board of Directors proposed a dividend in the amount of RMB607,942,258 to the shareholders, which is not recorded as liability in the financial statements for the current year (Note 5(36)).

(3) Investment after the balance sheet date

(a) Acquire 50% equity of New Jiahe Brewery

According to the Assets Restructuring and Equity Transaction Framework Agreement signed on 16 December 2013 between the Company and shareholders of New Jiahe Brewery Co., Ltd, including Shijiazhuang Jiahe Brewery Co., Ltd., Labour union committee of Jiahe Brewery Co., Ltd and United Investment Co., Ltd. Jiahe Brewery Co., Ltd will split out a new company (New Jiahe Brewery) to continue to engage in brewery business. The Company acquired 50% equity interest in New Jiahe Brewery by consideration of RMB300 million. The business registration procedures has been completed in February 2014.

(b) Purchase New Zhonglou Brewery's assets

According to the Assets Transfer Agreement signed between the Company and Xuanhua New Zhonglou Brewery Co., Ltd. (New Zhonglou Brewery) on 29 December 2013, the Company purchased the assets and brands related to sales business of New Zhonglou Brewery, with a consideration of RMB20 million. As of the reporting date of the financial statements, the Company has already paid RMB15 million. The transfer procedures of assets have been completed in January 2014.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

11 Leases

For the year ended 31 December 2013, leases payments under operating leases included in profit or loss for the current year amount to RMB110,453,130 (2012: RMB90,514,035).

12 Transaction with Suntory Company

(1) Background

On 5 June 2012, the Company and Suntory Company entered into two framework agreements for establishing two joint-investment companies, whereby the Company and Suntory Company agreed to reorganize and integrate their assets and business of the subsidiaries in Shanghai and Jiangsu Province into two joint-investment companies, namely, Sales Company and Manufacturing Company.

(i) Transaction process

Manufacturing company

Manufacturing Company was established on the basis of Tsingtao Brewery Shanghai Songjiang Company Limited (the "Songjiang Company"), the former subsidiary of the Company, which held 100% equity interests in Yangzhou Company, Suqian Company, Pengcheng Company and 66% equity interests in Xuzhou Company (collectively, the "Manufacturing Business invested by the Company"). Suntory Company subscribed RMB453.66 million of additional registered capital of Songjiang Company by transferring 86.5% equity interests of Suntory Shanghai and 93.2% equity interests of Suntory Kunshan and RMB175.49 million cash payment to obtain 50% of Songjiang Company's increased registered capital.

Songjiang Company purchased 100% equity interests of Suntory Guangming by RMB1, 66.6% equity interests of Sungtory Jiangsu by approximately RMB55.1 million, 10% equity interests of Suntory Shanghai by approximately RMB49.95 million, and 6.8% equity interests of Suntory Kunshan by approximately RMB54.32 million respectively. After the completion of the transactions, Songjiang Company was renamed as Manufacturing Company, holding 96.5% equity interests of Suntory Shanghai, 66.6% equity interests of Suntory Jiangsu, and 100% equity interests of Suntory Kunshan and Suntory Guangming (collectively, the "Manufacturing Business invested by Suntory Company").

Sales Company

The Sales Company was established under joint investment of both companies, with the registered capital of RMB20 million, with 50% contributed by each of the two shareholders. The Company transferred to the Sales Company the 100% equity interests of the sales business and assets in Shanghai and Jiangsu Province held by Nanjing Sales, Huaihai Sales and the new Shanghai Sales (collectively, the "Sales Business invested by the Company). Meanwhile, the 100% equity interests in the Shanghai Market Service and Prince Sales (collectively, the "Sales Business invested by Suntory Company") were transferred to the Sales Company.

(ii) Judgment on package deal and date of acquisition/disposal

The management of the Company believes the establishment of Sales Company and Manufacturing Company should be treated as package deal transactions. The acquisition date and disposal date of the transactions is 28 April 2013, being the completion date confirmed as jointly signed by the Company and Suntory Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Transaction with Suntory Company (continued)

(2) Lose control over subsidiaries as a result of the sale of shares

		Date of Disposal	Gain/Loss
		<u> </u>	
Man	ufacturing Business invested by the Company	28 April 2013	Refer to 12(2)(ii)
(i)	Cash flow paid for subsidiary disposal:		
			Amount
	Cash and cash equivalent invested in Manufacturing business by	the Company	91,093,122
(ii)	Disposal gain/(loss):		
			Amount
	Fair value of the equity interest in Manufacturing Business inve-	sted by the Company (a)	899,355,156
	Less: Net assets in Manufacturing Business invested by the Company as at date of disposal		(686,827,835)
	Goodwill of Songjiang Company		(1,759,422)
	Realization of 50% profit from internal fixed assets transa	ction	8,588,832
	Investment income due to disposal		219,356,731
	(a) Fair value of equity interest in Manufacturing Business invested Qingdao Tianhe Assets Appraisal Co., Ltd.	d by the Company is based on the	he valuation report issued b
(iii)	Measurement of the remaining shares in the Manufacturing Com-	pany:	

	Amount
Fair value of the equity interest in Manufacturing Business invested by the Company (a)	899,355,156
Fair value of the equity interest in Manufacturing Business invested by Suntory Company (a)	1,366,776,128
Cash in Manufacturing Business invested by Suntory Company (b)	16,115,519
Equity value of the Manufacturing Company	2,282,246,803
Equity value of the islandiacturing company	2,202,240,003
Long-term equity investment in Manufacturing Company (50% of equity value mentioned above)	1,141,123,402

- (a) In accordance with the valuation report issued by Qingdao Tianhe Assets Appraisal Co., Ltd., the Company has utilised valuation techniques for measuring the fair value of equity interest in Manufacturing Business at the disposal date. The result of income approach is used to Manufacturing Company, Yangzhou Company, Pengcheng Company, Suntory Shanghai and Suntory Kunshan. The result of asset-based approach is used for Xuzhou Company, Suqian Company, Suntory Jiangsu and Suntory Guangming.
- Represents cash solely contributed by Suntory Company to the Manufacturing Company. As stated in note 12(1), this amount is calculated by the difference between RMB175.49 million capital injection and RMB159.37 million payment to other shareholders to acquire the Manufacturing Business invested by Suntory Company

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

12 Transaction with Suntory Company (continued)

(3) Transactions with minority shareholders

As stated in note 12(1), the Company transferred the equity interest in Sales Business invested by the Company to the Sales Company, which is under the control of the Company while the Company and Suntory Company hold 50% equity interest respectively. Thus this equity transaction is deemed as disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary to minority shareholders.

	Amount
50% fair value of Sales Business equity interest invested by the Company (a)	(92,890,950)
Less: 50% net assets of Sales Business invested by the Company at the date of disposal	214,032,593
Capital surplus due to disposal	121,141,643

(a) Fair value of equity interest in Sales Business invested by the Company is based on the valuation report issued by Qingdao Tianhe Assets Appraisal Co., Ltd.

(4) Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control

Non-operating income Calculation approach Sales Business invested by Suntory Company 170,541,992 The difference between combination cost and the proportion of fair value of acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date is recognized as non-operating income. Refer to (i):

(i) Combination consideration and non-operating income are as follows:

Combination cost —	
50% fair value of Sales Business equity interest invested by the Company	(92,890,950)
Add: 50% fair value of Manufacturing Business equity interest invested by the Company	449,677,578
Less: 50% fair value of Manufacturing Business equity interest invested by Suntory Company	(683,388,064)
50% of Cash invested in Manufacturing Business by Suntory Company	(8,057,759)
50% supplementary payment to Manufacturing Company in cash by Suntory Company (a)	(31,450,000)
Total combination cost	(366,109,195)
Less: 50% fair value of identifiable net assets of Sales Business invested by Suntory Company	195,567,203
Goodwill/(non-operating income)	(170,541,992)

(a) The Company and Suntory Company signed the supplemental agreement on 24 February 2014. In accordance with the supplemental agreement, Suntory will inject supplementary fund amounting to RMB62,900,000 to the Manufacturing Company as capital surplus, which will not affect the ratio of investment in Manufacturing Company from the Company and Suntory Company. The Company recognises 50% of the abovementioned amount as other non-current assets, which will convert to long-term investment to Manufacturing Company upon the completion of the cash injection by Suntory Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

12 Transaction with Suntory Company (continued)

(4) Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control (continued)

(ii) Assets, liabilities of Sales Business invested by Suntory Company at the acquisition date and the cash flows relating to the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair value at the date of acquisition	Carrying amount at the date of acquisition	Carrying amount as at 31 December 2012
Cash at bank and on hand	12,637,454	12,637,454	13,774,090
Notes receivable	1,087,729	1,087,729	107,238
Accounts receivable	57,751,380	57,751,380	31,165,585
Advances to suppliers	9,262,020	9,262,020	16,047,991
Other receivables	7,791,639	7,791,639	2,801,346
Inventories	37,365,356	37,441,848	16,235,852
Other current assets	194,857	194,857	59,773
Long-term equity investments	_	_	1,000,000
Fixed assets	9,963,140	5,898,572	5,743,313
Construction in progress	755,671	755,671	_
Intangible assets	72,059,566	1,219,566	1,158,972
Less: Short-term borrowings	(51,194,175)	(51,194,175)	(37,939,778)
Accounts payable	(249,841,598)	(249,841,598)	(183, 459, 799)
Advance from customers	(24,503,649)	(24,503,649)	(14,849,922)
Employee benefits payable	(3,691,132)	(3,691,132)	(7,856,120)
Taxes payable	(181,688)	(181,688)	(734,047)
Other payables	(251,883,957)	(251,883,957)	(194,343,540)
Deferred tax liabilities	(18,707,019)		
Net assets	(391,134,406)	(447,255,463)	(351,089,046)
Cash and cash equivalents in the subsidiary acquired	12,637,454		
Net cash inflow on acquisition of the subsidiary	12,637,454		

The Company has adopt valuation techniques for measuring the fair value of net assets of Sales Business invested by Suntory Company at the acquisition date. In accordance with the valuation report issued by Qingdao Tianhe Assets Appraisal Co., Ltd., valuation methods and critical assumptions applied are as follows:

The valuation method used for fixed assets is Depreciated Replacement Cost approach, using the following critical assumptions:

Houses and buildings are continued to be used for the existing purpose, the houses which have no Property Ownership Certificate may legally obtain the Property Ownership Certificate; and machines and equipment are continued to be used for the existing purpose.

The valuation method used for sales network is the income approach, using the following critical assumptions:

It will strive to maintain and develop the customer relations, especially the relationship with the key customer by being based on the current customer relations and the established marketing policies, regardless of the contribution made by the new customers to the marketing network during the future operations.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

12 Transaction with Suntory Company (continued)

(4) Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control (continued)

(iii) Revenue, loss and cashflow of Sales Business invested by Suntory Company from acquisition date to 31 December 2013:

Revenue	807,589,061
Loss	(73,783,836)
Cash flow from operating activities	(37,194,689)
Net cash flow	(3,776,316)

13 Financial instrument and risk

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (primarily currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(1) Market risk

(a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group's major operational activities are carried out in Mainland China and a majority of the transactions are denominated in RMB. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from financing activities and business transactions denominated in foreign currencies, primarily with respect to HKD. As the balance of the borrowings dominated in foreign currencies and the business transactions settled in foreign currencies are not material, the directors of the Company are of the view that the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk would be immaterial. The Group's finance department at its headquarter is responsible for monitoring the amount of assets and liabilities, and transactions denominated in foreign currencies to minimise the currency risk. The Group may consider entering into forward exchange contracts to mitigate the foreign exchange risk. During 2013 and 2012, the Group did not enter into any forward exchange contracts.

As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, the carrying amounts in RMB equivalent to the Group's assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are summarised as below:

	31 December 2013		
	Other foreign		
	HKD	currencies	Total
Financial assets denominated in foreign currency —			
Cash at bank and on hand (Note 5(1))	54,142,465	96,165,089	150,307,554
Accounts receivable (Note 5(3)(l))	30,766,170	31,495,678	62,261,848
Other receivable (Note 5(4)(k))	1,777,057	185,599	1,962,656
	86,685,692	127,846,366	214,532,058
Financial liabilities denominated in foreign currency —			
Short-term borrowings (Note 5(20))	11,793,450		11,793,450
Other payables (Note 5(27)(d))	8,424,745	4,202,346	12,627,091
Current portion of non-current liabilities (Note 5(28))	306,618,000	1,733,566	308,351,566
Long-term borrowings (Note 5(29))		4,881,294	4,881,294
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	, b) C	0	
	326,836,195	10,817,206	337,653,401

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

13 Financial instrument and risk (continued)

(1) Market risk (continued)

(a) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

	31 December 2012		
	Other foreign		
	HKD	currencies	Total
Financial assets denominated in foreign currency —			
Cash at bank and on hand (Note 5(1))	190,649,752	90,823,451	281,473,203
Accounts receivable (Note 5(3)(l))	32,061,183	36,448,949	68,510,132
Other receivables (Note 5(4)(k))	1,202,897	208,109	1,411,006
	223,913,832	127,480,509	351,394,341
Financial liabilities denominated in foreign currency —			
Short-term borrowings (Note 5(20))	85,617,652	_	85,617,652
Other payables (Note $5(27)(d)$)	218,006	5,204,203	5,422,209
Current portion of non-current liabilities (Note 5(28))	81,090	1,705,191	1,786,281
Long-term borrowings (Note 5(29))	445,913,910	6,571,693	452,485,603
	531,830,658	13,481,087	545,311,745

As at 31 December 2013, if the currency had strengthened/weakened by 10% against the HKD while all other variables had been held constant, the Group's net profit for the year would have been approximately RMB18,011,000 (31 December 2012: RMB23,094,000) higher/lower for various financial assets and liabilities denominated in HKD.

(b) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from interest bearing debts including bank borrowings and debentures payable. Financial liabilities issued at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Financial liabilities issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group determines the relative proportions of its fixed rate and floating rate contracts depending on the prevailing market conditions. As at 31 December 2013, the Group's interest bearing debts were mainly RMB-denominated and HKD-denominated with floating rates, amounting to RMB306,618,000 (31 December 2012: RMB531,612,652), and RMB-denominated with fixed rates, amounting to RMB1,589,895,742 (31 December 2012: RMB1,471,316,153).

The Group's finance department at its headquarter continuously monitors the interest rate position of the Group. Increases in interest rates will increase the cost of new borrowing and the interest expenses with respect to the Group's outstanding floating rate borrowings, and therefore could have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial position. The management of the Group makes decisions with reference to the latest market conditions. The directors of the Company are of the view that future interest rate changes will not have material adverse impact on the Group's operating results.

In 2013, if interest rates on the floating rate borrowings had risen/fallen 50 basis points while all other variables had been held constant, the Group's net profit would have decreased/increased by approximately RMB1,215,000 (2012: approximately RMB1,836,000).

(c) Price risk

The Group's price risk arises from fluctuation in price of the principal raw materials in beer production, while the rise in price of raw material will have adverse impact on the Group's operating results. The purchasing department of the Group keeps analysing and monitoring the trend of the price of the raw materials, and considers entering into long-term purchase contracts with the suppliers to make sure that there is no material fluctuation in price of the raw materials. The directors of the Company are of the view that future price changes of principal raw materials will not have material adverse impact on the Group's operating results.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

13 Financial instrument and risk (continued)

(2) Credit risk

Credit risk is managed on a Group basis. Credit risk mainly arises from cash at bank and on hand, accounts receivable, other receivables and notes receivable etc.

The Group expects that there is no significant credit risk associated with cash at bank considering they are deposited at state-owned banks and other medium or large size listed banks. Management does not expect that there will be any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties. Sales are mainly settled by advances from customers or bank acceptance notes, and accordingly, there is no significant credit risk in relation to customers.

The management of the Group does not consider that there will be any significant loss resulted from the non-performance of these counterparties.

(3) Liquidity Risk

Interest payable

Other payables

Dividends payable

Current portion of noncurrent liabilities

Long-term borrowings

Cash flow forecasting is performed by each subsidiary of the Group and aggregated by the Group's finance department in its headquarters. The Group's finance department at its headquarter monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's short-term and long-term liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs, while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities from major financial institution so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities to meet the short-term and long-term liquidity requirements.

The financial assets and liabilities of the Group at the balance sheet date are analysed by their maturity date below at their undiscounted contractual cash flows:

1 to 2 years

Within 1 year

1,202,929

1,020,000

4,231,981,495

1,824,162,030

9,004,983,606

31 December 2013

2 to 5 years

1,975,387

1,975,387

Over 5 years

1,121,800

1.121.800

Total

1,202,929

1,020,000

4,231,981,495

1,824,162,030

9,009,864,900

4,881,294

Financial assets —					
Cash at bank and on hand	8,531,720,086	_	_	_	8,531,720,086
Notes receivable	84,760,000	_	_	_	84,760,000
Accounts receivable	354,377,376	_	_	_	354,377,376
Interest receivables	188,461,377	_	_	_	188,461,377
Other receivables	256,817,024				256,817,024
	9,416,135,863				9,416,135,863
Financial liabilities —					
Short-term borrowings	101,163,500	_	_	_	101,163,500
Notes payable	138,382,882	_	_	_	138,382,882
Accounts payable	2,707,070,770	_	_	_	2,707,070,770

1,784,107

1,784,107

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

13 Financial instrument and risk (continued)

(3) Liquidity Risk (continued)

	31 December 2012					
	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	
Financial assets —						
Cash at bank and on hand	7,118,248,041	_	_	_	7,118,248,041	
Notes receivable	61,800,000	_	_	_	61,800,000	
Accounts receivable	312,427,165	_	_	_	312,427,165	
Interest receivable	63,996,403	_	_	_	63,996,403	
Other receivables	172,988,274				172,988,274	
	7,729,459,883		=		7,729,459,883	
Financial liabilities —						
Short-term borrowings	149,650,966	_	_	_	149,650,966	
Notes payable	81,883,234	_	_	_	81,883,234	
Accounts payable	1,993,401,689	_	_	_	1,993,401,689	
Interest payable	1,735,072	_	_	_	1,735,072	
Dividends payable	1,101,571	_	_	_	1,101,571	
Other payables	3,213,582,340	_	_	_	3,213,582,340	
Current portion of						
non-current liabilities	2,788,835	_	_	_	2,788,835	
Long-term borrowings	14,046,288	461,721,036	3,265,534	1,545,320	480,578,178	
Debentures payable	12,000,000	1,512,000,000			1,524,000,000	
	5,470,189,995	1,973,721,036	3,265,534	1,545,320	7,448,721,885	

Bank borrowings and debentures payable are analysed by repayment terms as follows:

	31 Decem	ber 2013	31 December 2012		
	Bank	Debentures	Bank	Debentures	
	borrowings	payable	borrowings	payable	
Wholly repayable within five years Wholly repayable beyond five years	410,954,724 3,358,246	1,500,000,000	598,140,113 3,749,423	1,500,000,000	
	414,312,970	1,500,000,000	601,889,536	1,500,000,000	

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

14 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

During 2013, the group's strategy, which was unchanged from prior years is to maintain the cash balance for a certain standard to meet the Group's business development needs. Cash balance is calculated as cash and cash equivalents less total borrowings (including 'short-term borrowings, current portion of non-current liabilities, long-term borrowings and debentures payable' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet). The cash balance at 31 December 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Cash and cash equivalents	7,394,904,648	6,269,184,262
Less: Short-term borrowings	(101,080,110)	(147,617,652)
Current portion of non-current liabilities	(1,797,167,198)	(2,786,281)
Long-term borrowings	(4,881,294)	(452,485,603)
Debentures payable		(1,409,316,153)
	(1,903,128,602)	(2,012,205,689)
Cash balance	5,491,776,046	4,256,978,573

15 Fair value estimation

The level of fair value measurement is determined by the lowest level of inputs which has significant impact on fair value measurement, as a whole:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.
- (1) As at 31 December 2013, there are no persistent or non persistent financial instruments of the Group measured at fair value (31 December 2012: nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

15 Fair value estimation (continued)

(2) Financial instruments not measured at fair value but disclosed at fair value

Financial assets and liabilities of the Group measured at amortised cost mainly represent receivables, short-term borrowings, payables, long-term borrowings, debentures payable and long-term payables.

Except for financial liabilities below, the carrying amount of the other financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value is a reasonable approximation of their fair value.

	31 Decer	nber 2013	31 December 2012		
	Carrying		Carrying		
	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Financial liabilities — the convertible bond with					
subscription warrants	1,488,815,632	1,478,019,032	1,409,316,153	1,391,612,879	

The fair value of long-term borrowings, long-term payables and debentures payable not quoted in an active market is the present value of the contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the rate of interest applied at that time by the market to instruments of comparable credit status and providing substantially the same cash flows on the same terms, which belongs to level 3.

16 Financial assets and liabilities in foreign currencies

	31 December 2012	Profit or loss arising from changes in fair value for the current year	Cumulative amount of changes in fair value recognised directly in equity	Provision for impairment	31 December 2013
Financial assets —					
Cash at bank and on hand					
(Note 5(1))	281,473,203	_	_	_	150,307,554
Accounts receivable	,,				,,
(Note 5(3)(l))	68,510,132	_	_	_	62,261,848
Other receivables					
(Note 5(4)(k))	1,411,006				1,962,656
Subtotal	351,394,341				214,532,058
Financial liabilities					
Short-term borrowings					
(Note 5(20))	85,617,652		_	_	11,793,450
Other payables (Note $5(27)(d)$)	5,422,209				12,627,091
Current portion of	3,422,209				12,027,091
non-current liabilities					
(Note 5(28))	1,786,281				308,351,566
Long-term borrowings					
(Note 5(29))	452,485,603				4,881,294
	3	-	0,0 0	, ,	0.00
Subtotal	545,311,745	20000	a 3 = 3	000	337,653,401
7 9 9	0 0 0		3	137	

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the Company's financial statements

(1) Accounts receivable

31 December	31 December
2013	2012
598,121,378	769,677,309
(71,485,233)	(80,601,395)
526,636,145	689,075,914
	598,121,378 (71,485,233)

The majority of the Company's domestic sales are made with advances from customers. The remainings are settled by letters of credit, bank acceptance notes or credit terms from 30 to 150 days.

The ageing of accounts receivable based on their recording dates is analysed below:

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
	2013	2012
Within 6 months	515,442,948	677,617,981
6 months to 1 year	5,894,268	5,764,278
1 to 2 years	1,399,518	2,371,448
2 to 3 years	118,036	_
Over 3 years	75,266,608	83,923,602
	598,121,378	769,677,309

Accounts receivable are analysed by categories as follows: *(b)*

		31 December 2013			31 December 2012				
	Ending	Ending balance		Provision for bad debts		Ending balance		Provision for bad debts	
		% of total				% of total			
	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	
Individually significant and									
that the related provision for									
bad debts is provided on the									
individual basis	21,805,474	3.64%	(21,805,474)	100%	30,105,474	3.91%	(30,105,474)	100%	
Subject to provision on the									
grouping basis									
Group B	459,157,977	76.77%	_	_	659,820,172	85.73%	_	_	
Group C	117,157,927	19.59%	(49,679,759)	42.40%	79,751,663	10.36%	(50,495,921)	63.32%	
	598,121,378	100%	(71,485,233)	11.95%	769,677,309	100%	(80,601,395)	10.47%	
			<u> </u>						

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

- (1) Accounts receivable (continued)
 - (c) As at 31 December 2013, accounts receivable with amounts that are individually significant and the related provision for bad debts is provided on the individual basis are analysed as follows:

	Ending balance	Provision for bad debts	Ratio	Reason
Beijing Sales Company	11,245,784	(11,245,784)	100%	Note 5(3)(c)
Guangzhou General Agency	10,559,690	(10,559,690)	100%	Note 5(3)(c)
	21,805,474	(21,805,474)	100%	

(d) Accounts receivable that related provision for bad debts is provided on grouping basis using the ageing analysis method (Group C) are analysed as follows:

		31 December 2013				31 December 2012			
	Ending 1	balance	Provision for	Provision for bad debts		Ending balance		r bad debts	
		% of total				% of total			
	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	
Within 6 months	66,896,588	57.10%	_	_	28,490,227	35.72%	_	_	
6 months to 1 year	612,190	0.52%	(30,610)	5%	175,224	0.22%	(8,761)	5%	
1 to 2 years	_	_	_	_	1,198,104	1.50%	(599,052)	50%	
2 to 3 years	118,036	0.10%	(118,036)	100%	_	_	_	_	
Over 3 years	49,531,113	42.28%	(49,531,113)	100%	49,888,108	62.56%	(49,888,108)	100%	
	117,157,927	100%	(49,679,759)	42.40%	79,751,663	100%	(50,495,921)	63.32%	

(e) Accounts receivable that related provision for bad debts had been provided in full amount or in large proportion in previous years but are collected or reversed in full amount or in large proportion in the current year are as follows (2012: nil).

			Cumulative amount of	
	Reason for reversal/	Basis for determining the provision for bad debts	provision provided before reversal/ collection	Amount of reversal/ collection
Guangzhou General	Collected in a	The management of the		
Agency	proportion in the current year	Company considers that the possibility		
		of recovery is low	18,859,690	8,300,000

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

Accounts receivable (continued)

Accounts receivable that are written off in the current year are summarised as follows:

	Nature	Amount	Reason	Arising from related party transactions or not
Pingdu Supply and Marketing Trade Center, etc.	Sales of beer	137,094	Deregistration etc.	No

- As at 31 December 2013, there are no accounts receivable from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company (31 December 2012: nil).
- As at 31 December 2013, the five largest accounts receivable are analysed as follows:

	Relationship with			% of
	the Company	Amount	Ageing	total balance
	,			
Pingdu Sales Company	Subsidiary	81,713,803	Within 6 months	13.66%
Dongnan Sales Company	Subsidiary	57,973,059	Within 6 months	9.69%
Shibei Sales Company	Subsidiary	54,850,273	Within 6 months	9.17%
Sifang Sales Company	Subsidiary	33,820,083	Within 6 months	5.65%
Chengyang Sales Company	Subsidiary	27,401,310	Within 6 months	4.58%
		255,758,528		42.75%

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

- (1) Accounts receivable (continued)
 - (i) Accounts receivable from related parties are analysed as follows:

		31 December 2013		31 December 2012			
	Relationship with		% of total	Provision for		% of total	Provision for
	the Company	Amount	balance	bad debts	Amount	balance	bad debts
Subsidiaries (Group B)		459,157,977	76.77%	_	659,820,172	85.73%	_
Pingdu Sales Company	Subsidiary	81,713,803	13.66%	_	67,003,365	8.71%	_
Dongnan Sales Company	Subsidiary	57,973,059	9.69%	_	63,262,938	8.22%	_
Shibei Sales Company	Subsidiary	54,850,273	9.17%	_	205,701,558	26.73%	_
Sifang Sales Company	Subsidiary	33,820,083	5.65%	_	60,224,149	7.82%	_
Chengyang Sales Company	Subsidiary	27,401,310	4.58%	_	· · · -	_	_
Beifang Sales Company	Subsidiary	26,361,615	4.41%	_	20,264,663	2.63%	_
Immense Brewery Company	Subsidiary	15,699,783	2.62%	_	11,411,915	1.48%	_
New Shanghai Sales	Subsidiary	12,417,220	2.08%	_	, , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	_	_
Sanshui Company	Subsidiary	12,123,581	2.03%	_	30,779,357	4.00%	_
Harbin Company	Subsidiary	10,481,287	1.75%	_	5,559,660	0.72%	_
Three Ring Company	Subsidiary	9,098,313	1.52%	_	5,778,688	0.75%	_
Nanning Company	Subsidiary	8,863,904	1.48%	_	17,222,624	2.24%	_
Jinan Company	Subsidiary	7,206,315	1.20%	_	4,359,490	0.57%	_
Chengdu Company	Subsidiary	6,582,687	1.10%	_		_	_
Taiyuan Company	Subsidiary	6,512,407	1.09%	_	5,401,826	0.70%	_
Macau Company	Subsidiary	6,262,390	1.05%	_	4,049,978	0.53%	_
Tengzhou Company	Subsidiary	5,420,216	0.91%	_	, , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	_	_
Shijiazhuang Company	Subsidiary	5,413,069	0.91%	_	_	_	_
Hong Kong Company	Subsidiary	4,769,601	0.80%	_	25,998,305	3.38%	_
Xuecheng Company	Subsidiary	4,307,787	0.72%	_	5,572,070	0.72%	_
Zhangzhou Company	Subsidiary	4,261,362	0.71%	_	, , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	_	_
Five Star Company	Subsidiary	4,240,800	0.71%	_	3,289,982	0.43%	_
Hansi Baoji	Subsidiary	4,227,597	0.71%	_	, , <u> </u>	_	_
Wuhu Company	Subsidiary	3,968,602	0.66%	_	_	_	_
Guangrunlong Logistics	Subsidiary	3,930,020	0.66%	_	3,930,020	0.51%	_
Suizhou Company	Subsidiary	3,345,491	0.56%	_	, , <u> </u>	_	_
Xiamen Company	Subsidiary	3,147,106	0.53%	_	_	_	_
Huanan Sales Company	Subsidiary	3,052,626	0.51%	_	_	_	_
Other subsidiaries	Subsidiary	31,705,670	5.30%	_	120,009,584	15.59%	_
New Songjiang Manufacturing	Associate	21,550,620	3.60%	_		_	_
Beijing Sales Company	Associate	11,245,784	1.88%	(11,245,784)	11,245,784	1.46%	(11,245,784)
Guangzhou General Agency	Associate	10,559,690	1.77%	(10,559,690)	18,859,690	2.45%	(18,859,690)
European Company	Associate	8,979,371	1.50%	_	10,475,314	1.36%	_
Pengcheng Company	Associate	6,172,275	1.03%	_	_	_	_
Yangzhou Company	Associate	5,726,964	0.96%	_	_	_	_
Xuzhou Company	Associate	2,244,742	0.38%	_	_	_	_
Suqian Company	Associate	1,334,719	0.22%	_	_	_	_
		7.2.7,22					
		526,972,142	88.11%	(21,805,474)	700,400,960	91.00%	(30,105,474)

⁽j) As at 31 December 2013, there are no accounts receivable derecognised due to transfer of financial assets (31 December 2012: nil).

⁽k) As at 31 December 2013, there are no accounts receivable pledged as collateral for the Group's borrowings (31 December 2012: nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

Other receivables

	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Receivables from subsidiaries	74.460.400	120 607 116
Staff advance	74,460,499	139,697,116
	20,071,909	12,332,944
Refund for prepayment of land use rights	17,441,647	17,441,647
Deposits	17,102,705	10,865,599
Brand use fee (Note 5(4))	12,639,838	10 001 166
Others	17,100,819	19,091,169
	158,817,417	199,428,475
Less: provision for bad debts	(43,407,921)	(44,347,489
	115,409,496	155,080,986
(a) The ageing of other receivable is analysed below:		
	31 December	31 December
	2013	2012
Within 6 months	75,196,390	53,992,133
6 months to 1 year	594,798	2,787,433
1 to 2 years	469,432	2,065,530
2 to 3 years	1,944,337	870,890
Over 3 years	80,612,460	139,712,489
	158,817,417	199,428,475

(b) Other receivables by categories are analysed as follows:

	31 December 2013				31 December 2012			
	Ending b	palance	Provision for	bad debts	Ending	balance	Provision for bad debts	
		% of total		_		% of total		
	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio
Individually significant and that the								
related provision for bad debts is								
provided on the individual basis	17,441,647	10.98%	(17,441,647)	100%	17,441,647	8.75%	(17,441,647)	100%
Subject to provision by groups								
Group A	1,661,000	1.05%		_	1,661,000	0.83%	_	
Group B	74,460,499	46.88%	M		139,697,116	70.05%		
Group C	65,254,271	41.09%	(25,966,274)	39.79%	40,628,712	20.37%	(26,905,842)	66.22%
	158,817,417	100%	(43,407,921)	27.33%	199,428,475	100%	(44,347,489)	22.24%

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(2) Other receivables (continued)

(c) As at 31 December 2013, other receivables with amounts that are individually significant and the related provision for bad debts is provided on the individual basis are analysed as follows:

	Ending balance	Provision for bad debts	Ratio	Reason
Refund for repayment of land use rights	17,441,647	(17,441,647)	100%	Note 5(4)(c)

(d) Other receivables that the related provision for bad debts is provided on grouping basis using the ageing analysis method (Group C) are analysed as follows:

		31 December 2013				31 December 2012			
	Ending 1	balance	Provision for	r bad debts	Ending	Ending balance		Provision for bad debts	
		% of total				% of total			
	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	Amount	balance	Amount	Ratio	
Within 6 months	39,030,535	59.81%	_	_	13,156,222	32.38%	_	_	
6 months to 1 year	51,745	0.08%	(2,587)	5%	392,484	0.97%	(19,624)	5%	
1 to 2 years	416,609	0.64%	(208,305)	50%	387,577	0.95%	(193,789)	50%	
2 to 3 years	283,337	0.43%	(283,337)	100%	466,591	1.15%	(466,591)	100%	
Over 3 years	25,472,045	39.04%	(25,472,045)	100%	26,225,838	64.55%	(26,225,838)	100%	
	65,254,271	100%	(25,966,274)	39.79%	40,628,712	100%	(26,905,842)	66.22%	

- (e) There are no other receivables that the related provision for bad debts had been provided in full amount or in large proportion in previous years but are collected or reversed in full amount or in large proportion in the current year (2012: fully collected deposit that the related provision for bad debts had been provided in full amount in previous years amounting to RMB13,000,000).
- (f) Other receivables that were written off in the current year are as follows:

Nature	Amount	Reason	Arising from related party transactions or not
Demociae en modernino moderiale	027.201	Constitution of Localization and	
Deposits on packaging materials	837,281	Cessation of business, deregistration or bankruptcy	No
Other	374,095	Cessation of business, deregistration or	
		bankruptcy	No
	1,211,376		

(g) As at 31 December 2013, there are no other receivables from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company (31 December 2012: nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

As at 31 December 2013, the five largest other receivables are analysed as follows:

	Relationship with			% of total
	the Company	Amount	Ageing	balance
Dongnan Sales Company	Subsidiary	20,063,531	Over 3 years	12.63%
New Shanghai Sales Company	Subsidiary	14,215,064	Over 3 years	8.95%
Tsingtao Xianghong Shangwu				
Company Limited				
("Xianghong Shangwu")	Subsidiary	9,893,314	Within 6 months	6.23%
Qingdao Bureau of Land and				
Resources of Economic				
Technical Development Area	Third party	8,584,437	Over 3 years	5.41%
Wuhu Company	Subsidiary	7,789,211	Within 6 months	4.90%
		60,545,557		38.12%

(i) Other receivables from related parties are analysed as follows:

		3	31 December 2013		3	1 December 2012	
	Relationship with the Company	Amount	% of total balance	Provision for bad debts	Amount	% of total balance	Provision for bad debts
Subsidiaries (Group B)		74,460,499	46.88%	_	139,697,116	70.05%	_
Dongnan Sales Company New Shanghai Sales	Subsidiary	20,063,531	12.63%		23,636,335	11.85%	_
Company	Subsidiary	14,215,064	8.95%	_	16,630,957	8.34%	_
XianghongShangwu	Subsidiary	9,893,314	6.23%	_	10,455,613	5.24%	_
Wuhu Company	Subsidiary	7,789,211	4.90%	_	3,883,720	1.95%	_
Suizhou Company	Subsidiary	3,686,957	2.32%	_	97,790	0.05%	_
Other subsidiaries	Subsidiary	18,812,422	11.85%	_	84,992,701	42.62%	_
Related parties	_	16,923,976	10.66%	_	_	_	_
New Songjiang							
Manufacturing	Associate	7,009,836	4.41%	_	_	_	_
Xuzhou Company	Associate	5,124,453	3.23%	_	_	_	_
Pengcheng Company	Associate	2,396,363	1.51%	_	_	_	_
Yangzhou Company	Associate	1,526,735	0.96%	_	_	_	_
Suqian Company	Associate	866,589	0.55%				
		91,384,475	57.54%	_	139,697,116	70.05%	_

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(3) Dividends receivable

			31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Xi'an Company Pengcheng Company			237,000,000	20,000,000 30,000,000
			237,000,000	50,000,000
) Long-term receivables				
	31 December 2012			31 December 2013
Entrusted loans to Subsidiaries (i)	765,750,000			822,650,000
		Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	
Less: provisions for bad debts	(195,960,000)	(22,500,000)		(218,460,000)
	569,790,000			604,190,000

⁽i) Represents the entrusted loans to the subsidiaries provided by the Company through banks.

(5) Long-term equity investments

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Subsidiaries (a)	7,800,496,508	8,026,445,552
Associates (b)	1,190,682,774	161,681,029
Other long-term equity investments (c)	6,485,263	6,485,263
	8,997,664,545	8,194,611,844
Less: Provision for impairment of long-term equity investments (d)	(832,283,490)	(877,283,490)
	8,165,381,055	7,317,328,354

There is no restriction on sales of the long-term equity investments held by the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

- (5) Long-term equity investments (continued)
 - (a) Subsidiaries

								Explanation of inconsistency of		Impairment losses	6 1 2 2 1
	Accounting	Investment	31 December	Current year	31 December	Equity	Voting	equity interest held and voting	Provision for	recognised in the	Cash dividends declared in the
	treatment	cost	2012	movement	2013	interest held	rights held	rights held	impairment	current year	current year
Shenzhen Asahi	Cost method	126,746,680	126,746,680	_	126,746,680	51%	51%	Not applicable	_	_	39,397,500
Chengzhou Company	Cost method	62,601,208	62,601,208	-	62,601,208	88.8%	88.8%	Not applicable	_	-	_
Huanan Sales Company	Cost method Cost method	45,070,000 208,790,000	45,070,000 208,790,000	_	45,070,000 208,790,000	100% 100%	100% 100%	Not applicable	_	_	8,780,000
Huanan Holding Company Huadong Holding Company	Cost method	96,855,102	96,855,102	_	96,855,102	100%	100%	Not applicable Not applicable	(96,855,102)	_	0,700,000
Songjiang Company (i)	Cost method		518,410,000	(518,410,000)	70,033,102	-	_	Not applicable	(70,033,102)	_	_
Shouguang Company	Cost method	60,000,000	60,000,000	_	60,000,000	99%	99%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Five star Company	Cost method	24,656,410	24,656,410	_	24,656,410	37.64%	37.64%	Not applicable	(24,656,410)	_	_
Three Ring Company	Cost method	69,457,513	69,457,513	_	69,457,513	29%	29%	Not applicable	(69,457,513)	_	_
Beifang Sales Company	Cost method	83,984,000	83,984,000	_	83,984,000	95%	95%	Not applicable	(83,984,000)	_	
Xi'an Company Weinan Company	Cost method Cost method	392,627,114 14,000,000	392,627,114 14,000,000	_	392,627,114 14,000,000	100% 28%	100% 28%	Not applicable Not applicable	_	_	237,000,000
Anshan Company	Cost method	30,000,000	30,000,000	_	30,000,000	60%	60%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Xingkaihu Company	Cost method	129,430,000	129,430,000	_	129,430,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	(129,430,000)	_	_
Mishan Company	Cost method	23,920,000	23,920,000	_	23,920,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	(23,920,000)	_	_
Harbin Company	Cost method	109,940,000	109,940,000	_	109,940,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	(109,940,000)	_	_
Penglai Company	Cost method	30,000,000	30,000,000	_	30,000,000	80%	80%	Not applicable	(30,000,000)	_	_
Rongcheng Company	Cost method	65,103,434	65,103,434	_	65,103,434	70%	70%	Not applicable	(65,103,434)	_	_
Import/ Export Company Tsingtao Brewery (Laoshan)	Cost method	11,210,000	11,210,000	_	11,210,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Company Limited	Cost method	18,089,491	18,089,491	_	18,089,491	96.90%	96.90%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Hong Kong Company	Cost method	41,728,681	41,728,681	_	41,728,681	100%	100%	Not applicable	(02.210.170)	_	_
Xinan Sales Company	Cost method	99,300,000	99,300,000	_	99,300,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	(82,310,170)	_	_
Tsingtao Brewery Kai Fa Company Limited	Cost method	1,320,000	1,320,000	_	1,320,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	(1,320,000)	_	_
Taizhou Company	Cost method	60,000,000	60,000,000	_	60,000,000	86.43%	86.43%	Not applicable	(1,520,000)	_	_
Maanshan Company	Cost method	80,000,000	80,000,000	_	80,000,000	94.12%	94.12%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Xianghong Shangwu	Cost method	5,760,000	5,760,000	_	5,760,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Dongnan Sales Company	Cost method	293,088,560	293,088,560	_	293,088,560	97.44%	97.44%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Changsha Company	Cost method	47,600,000	47,600,000	_	47,600,000	70%	70%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Huaihai Sales Company (i)	Cost method	560,000,000	45,000,000 560,000,000	(45,000,000)	560,000,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Jinan Company Guangrunlong Logistics	Cost method Cost method	16,465,405	16,465,405	_	560,000,000 16,465,405	100%	100%	Not applicable Not applicable	_		_
Chengdu Company	Cost method	200,000,000	200,000,000	_	200,000,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Cultural Communication Company	Cost method	5,290,000	5,290,000	_	5,290,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Rizhao Company	Cost method	339,239,300	339,239,300	_	339,239,300	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Weifang Company	Cost method	73,620,001	73,620,001	-	73,620,001	100%	100%	Not applicable	-	-	_
Pingyuan Company	Cost method	21,730,001	21,730,001	_	21,730,001	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Construction Company	Cost method	2,490,000	2,490,000	_	2,490,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Langfang Company Heze Company	Cost method Cost method	79,090,000 124,590,000	79,090,000 124,590,000	_	79,090,000 124,590,000	80.80% 93.08%	80.80% 93.08%	Not applicable Not applicable	(51,301,600)		_
Tengzhou Company	Cost method	48,310,000	48,310,000	_	48,310,000	76.65%	76.65%	Not applicable	(51,501,000)		_
Tsingtao Brewery (Shanghai)		,,	,,		,,	, , .	,				
Company Limited	Cost method	1,570,000	1,570,000	_	1,570,000	5%	5%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Wuhu Company	Cost method	94,290,000	94,290,000	_	94,290,000	84.25%	84.25%	Not applicable		_	_
Shanghai Sales Company	Cost method	47,300,000	97,300,000	_	97,300,000	97.01%	97.01%	Not applicable	(47,300,000)	_	- 07 (10 000
Chengyang Sales Company Baotuquan Company	Cost method Cost method	8,000,000 174,160,000	8,000,000 174,160,000	_	8,000,000 174,160,000	100% 100%	100% 100%	Not applicable Not applicable	_	_	87,610,000
Shijiazhuang Company	Cost method	321,010,000	321.010.000	_	321,010,000	100%	100%	Not applicable			_
Taiyuan Company	Cost method	200,000,000	200,000,000	_	200,000,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Finance Company (i)	Cost method	300,000,000	300,000,000	200,000,000	500,000,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Immense Brewery Company	Cost method	1,404,558,400	1,404,558,400	_	1,404,558,400	75%	75%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Hangzhou Company	Cost method	186,000,000	186,000,000	_	186,000,000	80%	80%	Not applicable	_	_	_
Sifang Sales Company	Cost method	10,000,000	10,000,000	_	10,000,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	_	_	103,190,000
Jieyang Company Beverage Company	Cost method Cost method	150,000,000 10,044,252	150,000,000 10,044,252	_	150,000,000 10,044,252	75% 100%	75% 100%	Not applicable Not applicable	_		_
Shaoguan Company Hainan Company	Cost method Cost method	200,000,000 200,000,000	200,000,000 200,000,000	_	200,000,000 200,000,000	100% 100%	100% 100%	Not applicable Not applicable	-	-	-
Shibei Sales Company	Cost method	8,000,000	8,000,000		8,000,000	100%	100%	Not applicable			159,990,000
Jiujiang Company	Cost method	180,000,000	180,000,000	_	180,000,000	90%	90%	Not applicable	_		157,770,000
New shanghai sales (i)	Cost method	_	1,000,000	(1,000,000)			_	Not applicable	_	_	_
Xuzhou Enterprise Management	Cost method	10,000,000	10,000,000		10,000,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	(10,000,000)	_	
Pingdu sales Company	Cost method	5,000,000	5,000,000		5,000,000	100%	100%	Not applicable	5 I -		50,040,000
Luoyang Company	Cost method	200,000,000	200,000,000	_	200,000,000	100%	100%	Not applicable		_	
Sales Company (i)	Cost method Cost method	10,000,000	1 2 2 7	10,000,000	10,000,000	50%	55.56%	(i) Not applicable	_		- E -
Hongjiweiye Luzhou Company	Cost method	10,000,000 118,460,956	18630	10,000,000 118,460,956	10,000,000 118,460,956	100% 95%	100% 95%	Not applicable Not applicable			
Daniou Company	Cost memod	110,100,750		110,400,750	110,700,730	7570	75/0	Trot applicable		-	
			8,026,445,552	(225,949,044)	7 800 406 509				(825,578,229)	14996	686,007,500
			0,020,443,332	(223,949,044)	7,800,496,508			STATE OF THE PARTY.	(023,370,229)	The second	000,007,300

⁽i) The movement of long-term equity investments and explanation of inconsistency of equity interest held and voting rights held in Sales Company refers to Note 4.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(5) Long-term equity investments (continued)

(b) Associates

					Retain earning								Explanation of		
					adjusted from								inconsistency of		Impairment
					cost method	Share of	Share of other		Other				equity interest	1	osses recognised
	Accounting	Investment	31 December	Increased	change to equity	Profits using the	comprehensive	Cash dividend	equity	31 December	Equity interest	Voting rights	held and voting	Provision for	in the current
	treatment	cost	2012	investment	method	equity method	income	declared	movement	2013	held	held	rights held	impairment	year
Manufacturing Company (i)	Equity method	950,650,823	-	950,650,823	90,362,209	2,358,078	-	-	(10,559,280)	1,032,811,830	50%	44.44%	(ii)	-	-
Yantai Asahi	Equity method	120,024,598	133,007,877	-	-	12,325,161	(197,717)	(10,070,000)	-	135,065,321	39%	39%	Not Applicable	-	-
Zhaoshang Logistics	Equity method	6,000,000	23,935,600	-	-	4,024,818	-	(10,097,160)	-	17,863,258	30%	30%	Not Applicable	-	-
Liaoning Shenqing	Equity method	600,000	3,517,552	-	-	204,813	-	-	-	3,722,365	30%	30%	Not Applicable	-	-
Others	Equity method	1,220,000	1,220,000	_	-	-	-	-	-	1,220,000	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	(1,220,000)	-
			161,681,029	950,650,823	90,362,209	18,912,870	(197,717)	(20,167,160)	(10,559,280)	1,190,682,774				(1,220,000)	

- (i) As stated in Note 12(1), as for disposal of 50% equity interest of Manufacturing Company, the investment income of RMB463,690,823 is calculated based on the followings:
 - Long-term equity investment cost determined as 50% of the fair value of equity interest and cash and cash equivalent in Manufacturing Business invested by Suntory Company, equivalent to RMB691,445,823 (as calculated below);
 - 50% of the supplementary payment by Suntory Company, equivalent to RMB31,450,000, which was recognized as other non-current assets; and
 - Less the 50% carrying amount of long-term investment, equivalent to RMB259,205,000.

The Company recognised the calculation result from abovementioned transactions as investment income, equivalent to RMB463,690,823.

50% fair value of equity interest in Manufacturing Business invested by Suntory Company

683,388,064

50% of cash in Manufacturing Business invested by Suntory Company

8,057,759

691,445,823

Regarding the remaining 50% equity interest of Manufacturing Company, the accounting treatment of the long-term equity investment changed from cost method to equity method and long-term equity investment is calculated by RMB96,474,607, of which the net profit RMB90,362,209 realized from initial acquisition date to 31 December 2012 is recognised as undistributed profit and the net profit RMB6,112,397 realized from 1 January 2013 to the disposal date is recognised as investment income of the current year.

The net loss in the current year under equity method is RMB 3,754,319, of which RMB3,363,669 is calculated on the share of net profit realized by the Manufacturing Business invested by the Company at book value and by the Manufacturing Business invested by Suntory Company adjusted at fair value, RMB1,220,202 is investment loss from upstream transactions with the associate in purchase of goods, and RMB5,897,786 is investment loss from downstream transactions with the associate in transaction of fixed assets.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(5) Long-term equity investments (continued)

(b) Associates (continued)

(ii) Summarised financial information of associates refer to Note 5(9)(b). As the Group has downstream transactions and upstream transactions with Manufacturing Company and Yantai Asahi, the long-term equity investments in the two companies held by the Group are different from that held by the Company. Details are as follows:

	Manufacturin	ng Company	Yantai Asahi		
	31 December 2013	31 December 2012	31 December 2013	31 December 2012	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Total equity attributable to					
shareholders	2,040,078,019	_	278,112,081	260,920,699	
Adjustment by the fair value of the identifiable net assets at					
acquisition date	(57,262,291)		49,328,497	53,188,497	
Adjusted total equity attributable					
to shareholders	1,982,815,728	_	327,440,578	314,109,196	
Interest in associates	50%	_	39%	39%	
Equity attributable to the shareholder	991,407,864	_	127,701,825	122,502,586	
Goodwill included in long-term	771,407,004		127,701,025	122,302,300	
equity investments	48,521,954	_	9,640,679	9,640,679	
Offset unrealised profits from internal transaction	(7,117,988)		(2,277,183)		
Long-term equity investments	1,032,811,830		135,065,321	132,143,265	

(c) Other long-term equity investments

							Impairment	Cash dividends	
							losses	declared	
	Accounting		31 December	Current year	31 December	Provision for	recognised in	in the	
	treatment	Investment cost	2012	movement	2013	impairment	the current year	current year	
Yingxiao Club	Cost method	3,985,261	3,985,261	_	3,985,261	(3,985,261)	_	_	
Others	Cost method	2,500,002	2,500,002	_	2,500,002	(1,500,000)	_	_	
			6,485,263		6,485,263	(5,485,261)	s <u> </u>		

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(5) Long-term equity investments (continued)

(d) Provision for impairment of long-term equity investments

	31 December	Increase in the	Decrease in the	31 December
	2012	current year	current year	2013
Subsidiaries (i)	(870,578,229)	_	45,000,000	(825,578,229)
Associates	(1,220,000)	_	_	(1,220,000)
Other long-term equity investments	(5,485,261)	_	_	(5,485,261)
	(877,283,490)		45,000,000	(832,283,490)

⁽i) The Company transferred its equity of Huaihai Sales Company to Sale Company in the current year and the provision for impairment of long-term equity investments has been decreased accordingly (Note 4(4)).

(6) Investment properties

	31 December	Increase in the	Decrease in the	31 December
	2012	current year	current year	2013
Cost	34,519,737	1,031,960	_	35,551,697
Buildings	34,519,737	1,031,960	_	35,551,697
Accumulated depreciation	(13,501,143)	(767,013)	_	(14,268,156)
Buildings	(13,501,143)	(767,013)	_	(14,268,156)
Carrying amount	21,018,594	_	_	21,283,541
Buildings	21,018,594			21,283,541

In 2013, the Company changed the use of certain Buildings with carrying amount of RMB1,031,960 (cost RMB1,031,960) to lease out and therefore, such assets were transferred from fixed assets to investment properties at the date of change.

Depreciation of investment properties recognised in the current year was RMB767,013 (2012: RMB767,013).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(7) Fixed assets

	31 December	Increase in the	Decrease in the	31 December
	2012	current year	current year	2013
Cost	3,391,837,828	356,064,154	(199,233,627)	3,548,668,355
Buildings	819,641,016	158,083,505	(44,637,591)	933,086,930
Machinery and equipment	2,170,483,936	149,794,973	(114,398,615)	2,205,880,294
Motor vehicles	148,839,293	13,009,933	(28,473,815)	133,375,411
Other equipment	252,873,583	35,175,743	(11,723,606)	276,325,720
Accumulated depreciation	(1,707,348,890)	(153,903,376)	146,445,667	(1,714,806,599)
Buildings	(294,970,788)	(21,527,536)	15,725,567	(300,772,757)
Machinery and equipment	(1,156,087,294)	(97,219,953)	96,629,053	(1,156,678,194)
Motor vehicles	(91,237,853)	(7,174,588)	22,933,276	(75,479,165)
Other equipment	(165,052,955)	(27,981,299)	11,157,771	(181,876,483)
Net book value	1,684,488,938			1,833,861,756
Buildings	524,670,228	_	_	632,314,173
Machinery and equipment	1,014,396,642	_	_	1,049,202,100
Motor vehicles	57,601,440	_	_	57,896,246
Other equipment	87,820,628			94,449,237
Provision for impairment	(59,293,915)	(6,559,528)	15,447,370	(50,406,073)
Buildings	(630,420)	(1,990,993)		(2,621,413)
Machinery and equipment	(45,196,077)	(4,541,240)	10,456,834	(39,280,483)
Motor vehicles	(13,467,418)	(1,511,210)	4,990,536	(8,476,882)
Other equipment	(13,107,110)	(27,295)		(27,295)
				, , ,
Carrying amount	1,625,195,023	_	_	1,783,455,683
Buildings	524,039,808	_	_	629,692,760
Machinery and equipment	969,200,565	_	_	1,009,921,617
Motor vehicles	44,134,022	_	_	49,419,364
Other equipment	87,820,628	_	_	94,421,942

As at 31 December 2013, there are no fixed assets pledged as collateral for borrowings (31 December 2012: nil).

In 2013, depreciation charged to fixed assets amounts to RMB153,903,376 (2012: RMB136,418,635), of which RMB122,511,416, RMB4,295,853 and RMB27,096,107 (2012: RMB106,384,989, RMB3,835,192 and RMB26,198,454) has been charged in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and general and administrative expenses respectively.

The costs of fixed assets transferred from construction in progress amount to RMB293,501,896 (2012: RMB608,175,134).

As at 31 December 2013, the ownership certificates of the Company's certain buildings amounting to approximately RMB33,323,282 had not been obtained (31 December 2012: RMB35,638,000). Please see Note 5(11)(d) for details.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(8) Construction in progress

	3	31 December 20	13	31 December 2012			
	Ending balance	Provision for impairment	Carrying amount	Ending balance	Provision for impairment	Carrying amount	
Relocation project of Malt							
Factory	181,815,189	_	181,815,189	16,862,188	_	16,862,188	
Production Line Improvement							
of No. 1 Factory	44,717,502	_	44,717,502	41,993,097	_	41,993,097	
Production Line Improvement							
of No. 2 Factory	28,903,340	(462,515)	28,440,825	183,051,271	(462,515)	182,588,756	
Production Line Improvement							
of No. 3 Factory	21,653,376	_	21,653,376	114,530	_	114,530	
Production Line Improvement							
of No. 4 Factory	1,228,661	_	1,228,661	5,560,852	_	5,560,852	
Instruments Installation of							
Headquarter	903,955	_	903,955	364,604	_	364,604	
Production Line Improvement			•			ŕ	
of No. 5 Factory	526,166	_	526,166	3,233,303	_	3,233,303	
	279,748,189	(462,515)	279,285,674	251,179,845	(462,515)	250,717,330	

(a) Movement in significant construction in progress

						Proportion of expenditures		
			Increase in			incurred to		
		31 December	the current	Transfer to	31 December	budgeted	Progress of	
Name	Budget	2012	year	fixed assets	2013	amount	construction	Source of funds
Relocation project of Malt Factory	373,220,000	16,862,188	164,953,001	-	181,815,189	60%	58%	Funding from convertible bonds
Production Line Improvement of No. 1 Factory	297,660,000	41,993,097	60,152,179	(57,427,774)	44,717,502	70%	70%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of No. 2 Factory	537,670,000	183,051,271	60,165,510	(214,313,441)	28,903,340	95%	95%	Funding from the exercise of bonds
Production Line Improvement of No. 3 Factory	327,059,660	114,530	21,538,846	_	21,653,376	9%	8%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of No. 4 Factory	14,910,000	5,560,852	9,351,249	(13,683,440)	1,228,661	100%	98%	Self-funding
Instruments Installation of Headquarter	10,773,648	364,604	1,442,085	(902,734)	903,955	65%	65%	Self-funding
Production Line Improvement of No. 5 Factory	8,430,820	3,233,303	4,467,370	(7,174,507)	526,166	91%	91%	Self-funding
		251,179,845	322,070,240	(293,501,896)	279,748,189			

As at 31 December 2013, the amount of the borrowing production line improvement new factory project of Malt Factory to be capitalised is RMB20,370,497. The capitalisation rate of borrowing costs is 6.53%. Interest expenses capitalised from convertible bonds amount to RMB22,869,706, less interest income amount to RMB2,499,209, of which receiving from proceeds deposited in the bank (2012: the amount of the borrowing costs to be capitalised is RMB3,257,590. The capitalisation rate of borrowing costs is 6.53%. Interest expenses capitalised from convertible bonds amount to RMB3,811,618, less interest income amount to RMB554,028, of which receiving from proceeds deposited in the bank).

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

Construction in progress (continued)

Provision for impairment

	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	31 December 2013	Reason for provision
End Seamer Installation Project	(462,515)			(462,515)	Project terminated
angible assets					

Inta

	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	31 December 2013
Original cost	695,079,861	46,483,333	(416,261)	741,146,933
Land use rights	235,104,463	103,033	(416,261)	234,791,235
Patents	190,345,726	· —	`	190,345,726
Marketing network	94,475,403	_	_	94,475,403
others	175,154,269	46,380,300	_	221,534,569
Accumulated amortisation	(189,993,389)	(42,605,243)	_	(232,598,632)
Land use rights	(56,626,086)	(4,719,873)	_	(61,345,959)
Patents	(52,272,165)	(11,683,643)	_	(63,955,808)
Marketing network	(36,215,570)	(9,447,540)	_	(45,663,110)
others	(44,879,568)	(16,754,187)	_	(61,633,755)
Carrying amount	505,086,472	_	_	508,548,301
Land use rights	178,478,377	_	_	173,445,276
Patents	138,073,561	_	_	126,389,918
Marketing network	58,259,833	_	_	48,812,293
others	130,274,701	_	_	159,900,814

In 2013, amortisation expenses of intangible assets amount to RMB42,605,243, which is recognised in profit or loss (2012: RMB38,644,758, recognised in profit or loss).

As at 31 December 2013, there are no land use rights pledged as collateral for bank borrowings (31 December 2012: nil).

Expenditures on research and development are set out as follows:

	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Charged to losses	Recognised as intangible assets	31 December 2013
Beer production process					
improvement project		20,104,429	(20,104,429)		

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(9) Intangible assets (continued)

In 2013, expenditures on research and development incurred amount to RMB20,104,429 (2012: RMB12,299,946) in total, which is recognised in losses.

The land usage right is located in the mainland of china, between 10 to 50 years.

(10) Provision for asset impairment

			Decrease in the	Decrease in the current year	
	31 December 2012	Increase in the current year	Reversal	Write-off	31 December 2013
Provision for bad debts	320,908,884	23,128,502	(9,335,762)	(1,348,470)	333,353,154
Including:					
Provision for bad					
debts of accounts					
receivable	80,601,395	_	(8,979,068)	(137,094)	71,485,233
Provision for bad					
debts of other					
receivables	44,347,489	628,502	(356,694)	(1,211,376)	43,407,921
Provision for bad					
debts of long-term					
receivables	195,960,000	22,500,000	_	_	218,460,000
Provision for decline in					
value of inventories	1,022,238	_	_	_	1,022,238
Provision for impairment					
of long-term equity					
investments	877,283,490	_	_	(45,000,000)	832,283,490
Provision for impairment					
of fixed assets	59,293,915	6,559,528	_	(15,447,370)	50,406,073
Provision for impairment					
of construction in					
progress	462,515				462,515
	1,258,971,042	29,688,030	(9,335,762)	(61,795,840)	1,217,527,470

(11) Accounts payable

The ageing of accounts payable based on their recording dates is analysed below:

	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Within 1 year	1,776,565,648	1,645,572,262
1 to 2 years	1,563,686	107,011
2 to 3 years	25,031	9,631
Over 3 years	1,831,442	1,825,740
	1,779,985,807	1,647,514,644

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(12) Bank borrowings and debentures payable

Bank borrowings and debentures payable are repayable as follows:

	31 Decem	31 December 2013		mber 2012
	Bank borrowings	Debentures payable	Bank borrowings	Debentures payable
Wholly repayable within five years		1,500,000,000	170,000,000	1,500,000,000
3) Revenue and cost of sales				
			2013	2012
Revenue from main operation			15,436,053,104	13,745,092,474
Revenue from other operations			1,284,086,006	1,180,771,655
			16,720,139,110	14,925,864,129
			2013	2012
Cost of main operation			(11,236,157,489)	(9,750,498,827)
Cost of other operations			(1,213,735,882)	(1,163,047,020)
			(12,449,893,371)	(10,913,545,847)

(a) Revenue and cost of main operation

The Company is principally engaged in the production and distribution of beer products. Analysis by products is as follow:

	2	013	20	012
	Revenue from main operation	Cost of main operation	Revenue from main operation	Cost of main operation
Sale of Beer	15,436,053,104	(11,236,157,489)	13,745,092,474	(9,750,498,827)

Analysis by locations is summarised as follow:

	20	013	2012	
	Revenue from main operation	Cost of main operation	Revenue from main operation	Cost of main operation
Shandong Region	13,527,947,684	(9,540,652,892)	11,758,034,083	(8,011,688,142)
Hong Kong, Macau and other overseas	301,616,146	(264,030,703)	269,019,375	(214,539,790)
Other regions	1,606,489,274	(1,431,473,894)	1,718,039,016	(1,524,270,895)
	15,436,053,104	(11,236,157,489)	13,745,092,474	(9,750,498,827)

(14) Fina

Others

Less: Interest income

Unrecognised finance charge

Exchange losses

Debentures payable

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(13) Revenue and cost of sales (continued)

Revenue and cost of other operations

	20	2013)12
	Revenue from other operations			Cost of other operations
Sale of materials Others	1,247,078,985 37,007,021	(1,196,812,190) (16,923,692)	1,157,810,058 22,961,597	(1,148,667,083) (14,379,937)
	1,284,086,006	(1,213,735,882)	1,180,771,655	(1,163,047,020)

Revenue from the five largest customers of the company (c)

Revenue from the five largest customers of the company amounting to RMB2,747,686,885 (2012: RMB2,143,081,233) accounts for 16.43% (2012: 14.36%) of the total revenue of the Company. Details are analysed below:

	Revenue of sales	Percentage of the total revenue of the Company (%)
Customer A	1,055,810,056	6.31%
Customer B	726,979,420	4.35%
Customer C	514,385,786	3.08%
Customer D	242,466,191	1.45%
Customer E	208,045,432	1.24%
	2,747,686,885	16.43%
ancial expenses-net		
	2013	2012
erest expenses	76,007,373	93,312,612
luding: Bank borrowings	7,377,600	10,500,794

68,629,773

(71,900,112)

2,120,445

2,570,044

6,138,208

14,935,958

82,811,818

(60,522,054)

1,844,524

2,508,375

4,197,091

41,340,548

As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, the Company's interest expenses by repayment term of bank borrowings and debenture payable are wholly repayable within five years.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(15) Investment income

	2013	2012
Income from long-term equity investment under cost method (a)	686,007,500	398,879,421
Income from long-term equity investment under equity method (b)	18,912,870	14,692,242
Income from disposal of long-term equity investment (c)	462,690,825	325,926,953
Income from entrusted loans	43,245,998	56,304,217
	1,210,857,193	795,802,833

There is no restriction on recovery of investment income.

In 2013 and 2012, all the investment income of the Company is from unlisted investments.

Investment income from long-term equity investment under cost method

The five largest investees are set out as follows:

	2013	2012	Reason for current year fluctuation
Xi'an Company	237,000,000	20,000,000	Increase in distributed profit of the subsidiary
Shibei Sales Company	159,990,000	_	No profit distribution in prior year
Sifang Sales Company	103,190,000	_	No profit distribution in prior year
Chengyang Sales Company	87,610,000	232,400,000	Decrease in distributed profit of the subsidiary
Pingdu Sales Company	50,040,000	_	No profit distribution in prior year
	637,830,000	252,400,000	

Investment income from long-term equity investment under equity method

The investees are set out as follows:

	2013	2012	Reason for current year fluctuation
Manufacturing Company	2,358,078	_	New associate
Yantai Asahi	12,325,161	9,668,253	Increase in profit of the investee
Zhaoshang Logistics	4,024,818	4,870,369	Decrease in profit of the investee
Liaoning Shenqing	204,813	153,620	Increase in profit of the investee
	18,912,870	14,692,242	
	13,712,070		

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(15) Investment income (continued)

(c) The investment income of disposal of long-term equity investment comprise:

- (i) As stated in Note (17)(5)(b), the investment income of RMB463,690,823 comes from the disposal of 50% equity of Manufacturing Company (the former Songjiang Company).
- (ii) The loss on equity transfer of RMB999,998 is resulted from that the Company transfers its 100% equity of New Shanghai Sales to Sale Company.

(16) Asset impairment losses

(1

	2013	2012
Impairment losses/(Recovery) on bad debts	13,792,740	(12,088,884)
Provision for impairment of fixed assets	6,559,528	
	20,352,268	(12,088,884)
) Income tax expenses		
	2013	2012
Current income tax calculated according to tax law and related reg	ulations in	
mainland china	243,333,103	195,696,473
	(123,891,656)	(41,628,576)
Deferred income tax	(123,871,030)	(41,028,370)

The reconciliation from income tax calculated based on the applicable tax rates and total profit presented in the Company's financial statements to the income tax expenses is listed below:

	2013	2012
Total profit	1,437,557,043	1,343,286,957
Income tax expenses calculated at applicable tax rates	359,389,261	335,821,739
Income not subject to tax	(292,942,916)	(187,414,359)
Cost, expenses and losses not deductible	12,082,482	8,682,738
Tax impact for which no deferred income tax asset was recognised	52,465,464	1,100,719
Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets	(11,552,844)	(4,122,940)
Income tax expenses	119,441,447	154,067,897

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

17 Notes to the Company's financial statements (continued)

(18) Supplementary information to Company's cash flow statements

Reconciliation from net profit to cash flows from operating activities

	2013	2012
Net profit	1,318,115,596	1,189,219,060
Add: Provisions for asset impairment	20,352,268	(12,088,884)
Depreciation of fixed assets and investment assets	154,670,389	137,185,648
Amortisation of intangible assets	42,605,243	38,644,758
Amortisation of long-term prepaid expenses	667,300	1,350,656
Net losses on disposal of fixed assets	37,967,414	1,076,483
Financial expenses	75,811,090	95,374,500
Investment income	(1,210,857,193)	(795,802,833)
Increase in deferred tax assets	(123,891,656)	(41,628,576)
(Increase)/Decreasein inventories	(181,556,990)	255,507,285
Increase in operating receivables	(78,751,989)	(454,223,961)
Increase in operating payables	960,288,059	655,057,900
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,015,419,531	1,069,672,036
Net (decrease)/increase in cash		
	2013	2012
Cash at end of year	3,035,286,188	3,059,464,569
Less: cash at beginning of year	(3,059,464,569)	(2,606,570,012)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash	(24,178,381)	452,894,557

18 Net current assets

		As at 31 December					
	2013	2012	2013	2012			
	Group	Group	Company	Company			
Current assets	12,274,390,550	10,142,133,743	5,112,700,482	4,680,478,699			
Less: Current liabilities	(11,113,753,508)	(7,336,024,163)	(5,781,409,762)	(3,807,011,223)			
Net current assets	1,160,637,042	2,806,109,580	(668,709,280)	873,467,476			

19 Total assets less current liabilities

	As at 31 December						
	2013	2012	2013	2012			
and the second of the second the	Group	Group	Company	Company			
Total assets	27,364,866,537	23,661,105,585	16,940,283,937	15,289,111,313			
Less: Current liability	(11,113,753,508)	(7,336,024,163)	(5,781,409,762)	(3,807,011,223)			
	900		-	00000			
Total assets less current liabilities	16,251,113,029	16,325,081,422	11,158,874,175	11,482,100,090			

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

1 Summary of non-recurring profit or loss

	2013	2012
Government grants recognised in profits	374,818,301	360,278,759
Losses on disposal of non-current assets	(101,645,049)	(26,272,320)
Reversal of bad debt provision for accounts receivables which provision is provided on the		
individual basis	8,300,000	13,000,000
Investment income from transaction with Suntory Company	219,356,731	_
Non-operating income from transaction with Suntory Company	170,541,992	_
Staff resettlement expense	(120,931,669)	_
Supplementary retirement benefits	(195,710,000)	_
Other non-operating income and expenses other than aforesaid items	(7,191,573)	11,746,714
	347,538,733	358,753,153
Impact of the income tax	(10,136,798)	(54,539,972)
Impact of the minority interests (after tax)	(19,901,994)	(15,397,337)
	317,499,941	288,815,844

Basis for preparation of summary of non-recurring profit or loss

Under the requirements in Explanatory announcement No.1 on information disclosure by companies offering securities to the public – non-recurring profit or loss [2008] from CSRC, non-recurring profit or loss refer to those arises from transactions and events that are not directly relevant to ordinary activities, or that are relevant to ordinary activities, but are extraordinary and not expected to recur frequently that would have an influence on users of financial statements making economic decisions on the financial performance and profitability of an enterprise.

2 Return on net assets and earnings per share

	Weighted average return on _net assets (%)		Earnings per share			
			Basic earnings	per share	Diluted earnings per sha	
	2013	2013 2012		2012	2013	2012
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company after	14.87%	14.91%	1.461	1.302	1.461	1.302
deducting on-recurring profit or loss	12.48%	12.46%	1.226	1.088	1.226	1.088

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

3 Explanations of irregular fluctuations and related reasons on major items of the financial statements

Major items in financial statements with fluctuation of 30% or above, or representing 5% or above of the total assets of the Group as at 31 December 2013 or 10% or above of the total profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 are analysed as follows:

(a) Assets

				Fluctuation an	nount	
		31 December	31 December	and percentage		
Assets	Note	2013	2012	Amount	%	
Cash at bank and on hand	(1)	8,531,720,086	7,118,248,041	1,413,472,045	20%	
Notes receivable	(2)	84,760,000	61,800,000	22,960,000	37%	
Accounts receivable	(3)	152,292,736	82,685,056	69,607,680	84%	
Advances to suppliers	(4)	132,345,527	83,739,085	48,606,442	58%	
Interest receivable	(5)	188,461,377	63,996,403	124,464,974	194%	
Other receivables	(6)	183,395,467	87,291,890	96,103,577	110%	
Other current assets	(7)	466,863,422	284,314,434	182,548,988	64%	
Long-term equity investments	(8)	1,271,947,380	163,876,932	1,108,070,448	676%	
Fixed assets pending for disposal	(9)	5,368,759	9,917,059	(4,548,300)	(46%)	
Long-term prepaid expenses	(10)	21,525,082	6,425,454	15,099,628	235%	
Deferred tax assets	(11)	700,162,187	485,349,168	214,813,019	44%	

- (1) Cash at bank and on hand at the year-end increased by 20%, mainly due to the increase in cash flows from operating activities.
- (2) Notes receivable at the year-end increased by 37%, mainly due to the increase on the settlement by bank acceptance notes.
- (3) Accounts receivable at the year-end increased by 84%, mainly due to the followings: the increase in accounts receivable of certain subsidiaries incurred from the increased sales volume, the opening balance brought from the newly consolidated entities in the transaction with Suntory Company this year.
- (4) Advances to suppliers at the year-end increased by 58%, mainly due to the increase in advances to suppliers for purchase of raw materials during the current year.
- (5) Interest receivable at the year-end increased by 194%, mainly due to the increase in accrued interest of Finance Company's bank deposits with interbank.
- (6) Other receivables at the year-end increased by 110%, mainly due to the increase in receivables on equipment sales, receivables on recycled bottles and deposits.
- (7) Other current assets at the year-end increased by 64%, mainly due to the increase in VAT and enterprise income tax prepaid.
- (8) Long-term equity investments at the year-end increased by 676%, mainly because Tsingtao Brewery Shanghai Songjiang Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries, which were the subsidiaries before, have changed to be associates which 50% equity interests held by the Company in the current year.
- (9) Fixed assets pending for disposal at the year-end decreased by 46%, mainly because that some fixed assets were disposed in the current year.
- (10) Long-term prepaid expenses at the year-end increased by 235%, mainly due to the increase in the expenses with amortisation period more than one year in certain subsidiaries.
- (11) Deferred tax assets at the year-end increased by 44%, mainly due to increase in promotion expenses payable and employee benefits payable.

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

3 Explanations of irregular fluctuations and related reasons on major items of the financial statements (continued)

(b) Liabilities and shareholders' equity

				Fluctuation a	mount
		31 December	31 December	and percen	tage
Liabilities and shareholders' equity	Note	2013	2012	Amount	%
G1	(1)	101 000 110	1.45.615.650	(46.507.540)	(220/)
Short-term borrowings	(1)	101,080,110	147,617,652	(46,537,542)	(32%)
Notes payable	(2)	138,382,882	81,883,234	56,499,648	69%
Accounts payable	(3)	2,707,070,770	1,993,401,689	713,669,081	36%
Advances from customers	(4)	980,497,616	656,414,452	324,083,164	49%
Other payables	(5)	4,231,981,495	3,213,582,340	1,018,399,155	32%
Current portion of non-current					
liabilities	(6)	1,797,167,198	2,786,281	1,794,380,917	64,401%
Long-term borrowings	(7)	4,881,294	452,485,603	(447,604,309)	(99%)
Debentures payable	(8)	_	1,409,316,153	(1,409,316,153)	(100%)
Payables for specific projects	(9)	450,935,656	120,063,611	330,872,045	276%
Difference on translation of					
foreign currency financial					
statements	(10)	25,798,505	19,025,550	6,772,955	36%
Minority interests	(11)	(147,088,008)	315,477,896	(462,565,904)	(147%)

- (1) Short-term borrowings at the year-end decreased by 32%, mainly due to the repayment of the short-term borrowings in certain subsidiaries.
- (2) Notes payable at the year-end increased by 69%, mainly due to the increase on the settlement by bank acceptance notes.
- (3) Accounts payable at the year-end increased by 36%, mainly due to the increase in external purchase as a result of the transaction with Suntory Company and extended the credit period taking advantage of credibility.
- (4) Advances from customers at the year-end increased by 49%, mainly due to the increase in advances from customers for beer purchase.
- (5) Other payables at the year-end increased by 32%, mainly due to the increase in accrued promotion expenses and deposits as results of increased sales.
- (6) Current portion of non-current liabilities at the year-end increased by 64,401%, mainly due to the debentures payable and the long-term borrowing will be matured within one year and has been reclassified into current portion of non-current liabilities.
- (7) Long-term borrowings at the year-end decreased by 99%, mainly due to the long-term borrowings will be matured within one year and has been reclassified as current liabilities.
- (8) Debentures payable at the year-end decreased by 100%, mainly due to the debentures payable will be matured within one year and has been reclassified as current liabilities.
- (9) Payables for specific projects at the year-end increased by 276%, mainly because that certain subsidiaries received government grants due to relocation in the current year.
- (10) Difference on translation of foreign currency financial statements at the year-end increased by 36%, mainly due to the increase on translation of foreign currency financial statements as a result of exchange rate fluctuation.
- (11) Minority interests at the year-end decreased by 147%, mainly due to sharing the interest of Sales Company which was established by the Company and Suntory Company during the current year.

For the year ended 31 December 2013
(All amounts in RMB Yuan unless otherwise stated)

3 Explanations of irregular fluctuations and related reasons on major items of the financial statements (continued)

(c) Profit or loss items

Fluctuation amoun
and percentage

				F	8-
Profit or loss items	Note	2013	2012	Amount	%
Revenue	(1)	28,290,978,428	25,781,543,977	2,509,434,451	10%
Cost of sales	(2)	(17,007,893,969)	(15,433,869,536)	(1,574,024,433)	10%
Selling and distribution expenses	(3)	(5,610,693,817)	(4,930,865,618)	(679,828,199)	14%
General and dministrative					
expenses	(4)	(1,572,544,494)	(1,269,421,699)	(303,122,795)	24%
Financial expenses — net	(5)	251,391,313	178,141,002	73,250,311	41%
Asset impairment losses	(6)	(1,744,922)	(1,004,586)	(740,336)	74%
Investment income	(7)	229,225,467	14,962,001	214,263,466	1,432%
Non-operating income	(8)	563,993,284	394,830,713	169,162,571	43%
Non-operating expense	(9)	(248,401,282)	(49,077,560)	(199,323,722)	406%
Minority interests	(10)	1,551,696	85,898,845	(84,347,149)	(98%)

- In 2013, revenue increased by 10% from the last year, mainly due to the expansion of market and optimisation of product structure, higher proportion of core brands and the increase in sales of principal products.
- (2) In 2013, cost of sales increased by 10% from the last year, mainly due to the increase in sales volume and cost of labor for the current year.
- (3) In 2013, selling and distribution expenses increased by 14% from the last year, mainly due to the increase of sales and expansion of market, which lead to higher growth in the expenses including promotion expenses, employee benefit expenses and transportation expenses.
- (4) In 2013, general administrative expenses increased by 24% from the last year, mainly due to the increase in operational expenses and employee benefit expenses.
- (5) In 2013, net financial expenses decreased by 41% from the last year, mainly due to the increase in interest income.
- (6) In 2013, asset impairment losses increased by 74% from the last year, mainly due to the increase of impairment losses on fixed assets in certain subsidiaries.
- (7) In 2013, invest income increased by 1,432% from the last year, mainly because of the gain from disposal of Tsingtao Brewery Shanghai Songjiang Company (renamed Suntory Tsingtao Brewery (Shanghai) Co., Ltd) in the transaction with Suntory Company, which is based on the difference between fair value and book value of this subsidiary.
- (8) In 2013, non-operating income increased by 43% from the last year, mainly due to the negative goodwill incurred from the transaction with Suntory Company.
- (9) In 2013, non-operating expense increased by 406% from the last year, mainly due to the increase in staff settlement expenses and the losses on disposal of non-current assets of certain subsidiaries in the current year.
- (10) In 2013, minority interests decreased by 98% from the last year, mainly due to the decrease in net profit of certain subsidiaries which have minority shareholders.

釋義 Definitions

本報告中,除非文義另有所指,下列詞語具有下述含義:

In this Report, the following expressions have the following respective meanings set adjacent below, unless the context requires otherwise:

公司、本公司、 青島啤酒	指	青島啤酒股份有限公司	Company, the Company, Tsingtao Brewery	Means	Tsingtao Brewery Company Limited
本集團	指	本公司及其附屬公司	the Group	Means	the Company and its subsidiaries
董事會	指	本公司董事會	the Board	Means	the board of directors of the Company
青啤集團	指	青島啤酒集團有限公司	Tsingtao Group	Means	Tsingtao Brewery Group Company Limited
青島市國資委	指	青島市人民政府國有資產監管管 理委員會	SASACQ	Means	State-owned Assets Supervision & Administration Commission of the People's Government of Qingdao
煙臺朝日	指	煙臺啤酒青島朝日有限公司	Yantai Asahi	Means	Yantai Beer Tsingtao-Asahi Co., Ltd.
青啤深圳	指	深圳青島啤酒朝日有限公司	Tsingtao Shenzhen	Means	Shenzhen Tsingtao Brewery Asahi Co., Ltd
朝日集團	指	朝日集團控股株式會社	Asahi Group	Means	Asahi Group Holdings Ltd.
朝日啤酒	指	朝日啤酒株式會社	Asahi Beer	Means	Asahi Breweries, Ltd.
朝日中國投資	指	朝日啤酒(中國)投資有限公司	Asahi China Investment	Means	Asahi Beer (China) Investment Co., Ltd.
松江公司	指	青島啤酒上海松江有限公司	Songjiang Company	Means	Tsingtao Brewery Shanghai Songjiang Company Limited
上交所	指	上海證券交易所	SSE	Means	Shanghai Stock Exchange
香港聯交所	指	香港聯合交易所有限公司	Stock Exchange	Means	The Stock Exchange of Shanghai Limited
普華永道中天	指	普華永道中天會計師事務所(特 殊普通合夥)	PwC Zhong Tian	Means	PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP
審計委員會	指	本公司第七屆董事會審計與內控 委員會	Audit Committee	Means	Audit & Internal Control Committee under the 7th Board of the Company
戰略委員會	指	本公司第七屆董事會戰略與投資 委員會	Strategy Committee	Means	Strategy & Investment Committee under the 7th Board of the Company
報告期	指	本公司截至2013年12月31日止 年度	Reporting Period	Means	The year ended 31 December 2013
《標準守則》	指	《上市發行人董事進行證券交易 的標準守則》	Model Code	Means	Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers
《上市規則》	指	《香港聯合交易所有限公司證券 上市規則》	Listing Rules	Means	Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock
					of Exchange of Hong Kong
					Limited
三得利公司	指	三得利(中國)投資有限公司	Suntory Company	Means	Suntory (China) Holding Co., Ltd.
事業公司	指	三得利青島啤酒(上海)有限公司	Business Company	Means	Suntory Tsingtao Brewery
					(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

釋義 Definitions

銷售公司	指	青島啤酒三得利(上海)銷售有限 公司	Sales Company	Means	Tsingtao Brewery Suntory (Shanghai) Sales Co., Ltd
青啤財務公司	指	青島啤酒財務有限責任公司	Tsingtao Finance Company	Means	Tsingtao Brewery Finance L.L.C.
新松江製造	指	青島啤酒松江製造有限公司	New Songjiang Manufacturing	Means	Tsingtao Brewery Songjiang Manufacturing Company Limited
徐州公司	指	青島啤酒(徐州)有限公司	Xuzhou Company	Means	Tsingtao Brewery (Xuzhou) Company Limited
彭城公司	指	青島啤酒(徐州)彭城有限公司	Pengcheng Company	Means	Tsingtao Brewery (Xuzhou) Pengcheng Company Limited
宿遷公司	指	青島啤酒(宿遷)有限公司	Suqian Company	Means	Tsingtao Brewery (Suqian) Company Limited
揚州公司	指	青島啤酒(揚州)有限公司	Yangzhou Company	Means	Tsingtao Brewery (Yangzhou) Company Limited
青啤香港	指	青島啤酒香港貿易有限公司	Tsingtao HK	Means	Tsingtao Brewery Hong Kong Trade Company Limited
嘉禾啤酒	指	河北嘉禾啤酒有限公司	Jiahe Brewery	Means	Hebei Jiahe Brewery Co., Ltd.
新鐘樓啤酒	指	宣化新鐘樓啤酒有限公司	Xinzhonglou Brewery	Means	Xuanhua Xinzhonglou Brewery Co., Ltd.
台兒莊公司	指	青島啤酒(台兒莊)麥芽有限公司	Taierzhuang Company	Means	Tsingtao Brewery (Taierzhuang) Malt Company Limited
西南營銷	指	成都青島啤酒西南營銷有限公司	South-West Sales	Means	Chengdu Tsingtao Brewery South-West Sales Company Limited
漢斯寶雞	指	青島啤酒漢斯寶雞有限公司	Hans Baoji	Means	Tsingtao Brewery Hans Baoji Company Limited

公司資料 Company Information

1. 中文名稱:青島啤酒股份有限公司

2. 法定代表人:孫明波

3. 聯席公司秘書:張學舉、張瑞祥

聯繫地址:山東省青島市香港中路 五四廣場

青啤大廈 1105室

股權管理總部

郵政編碼: 266071

電話: 86-532-85713831 傳真: 86-532-85713240

4. 註冊地址:山東省青島市登州路56號

辦公地址:山東省青島市

香港中路五四廣場青啤大廈

郵政編碼: 266071

公司網址: www.tsingtao.com.cn 電子信箱: info@tsingtao.com.cn

5. 公司股票上市交易所:

A股:上海證券交易所 股票簡稱:青島啤酒

代碼:600600

H股:香港聯合交易所 股票簡稱:青島啤酒

代碼:00168

6. 未上市股票託管機構:

中國證券登記結算有限責任公司上海分公司

- 7. 會計師事務所:普華永道中天會計師事務所(特殊 普通合夥),地址為上海市黃浦區湖濱路202號企 業天地2號樓普華永道中心11樓
- 8. 法律顧問:
 - (1) 胡關李羅律師行,地址為香港中環康樂廣場 1號怡和大廈26樓
 - (2) 北京市海問律師事務所,地址為北京市朝陽 區東三環中路5號財富金融中心20層

1. English Name: Tsingtao Brewery Company Limited

2. Legal Representative: SUN Ming Bo

3. Joint Board Secretaries: ZHANG Xue Ju, Zhang Rui Xiang

Address: Equity Management Department

Room 1105

Tsingtao Beer Tower May Fourth Square

Hong Kong Road Central, Qingdao

Postal Code: 266071

Tel: 86-532-85713831 Fax: 86-532-85713240

4. Registered Address: No. 56, Dengzhou Road,

Qingdao, Shandong Province

Business Address: Tsingtao Beer Tower, May Fourth Square

Hong Kong Road Central, Qingdao

Shandong Province

Postal Code: 266071

Company Website: www.tsingtao.com.cn E-mail: info@tsingtao.com.cn

5. Stock Exchanges on which the Company's shares are listed:

A share: Shanghai Stock Exchange

Stock Name: 青島啤酒 Stock Code: 600600

H share: The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Stock Name: TSINGTAO BREW

Stock Code: 00168

6. Custodian of unlisted shares:

China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited, Shanghai Branch

7. Auditor:

PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP at 11/F PricewaterhouseCoopers Center, 2 Corporate Avenue, 202 Hu Bin Road, Huangpu District, Shanghai

- 8. Legal advisers:
 - (1) Woo Kwan Lee & Lo at 26th Floor, Jardine House, 1 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong
 - (2) Haiwen & Partners at 20th Floor, Fortune Finance Center, No. 5 Dong San Huan Road Central, Chaoyang District, Beijing



2013 ANNUAL REPORT 年度報告

青島啤酒股份有限公司 TSINGTAO BREWERY CO., LTD.

