



## Annual Report 2013

# 吉林奇峰化纖股份有限公司 Jilin Qifeng Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd.

(A joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 549)

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## CORPORATE INFORMATION

### DIRECTORS

#### Executive Directors

Mr. Song Dewu (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Yang Xuefeng  
Mr. Wang Changsheng

#### Non-executive Directors

Mr. Jiang Junzhou  
Mr. Ma Jun  
Ms. Pang Suet Mui  
Mr. Sun Haichao

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Ye Yongmao  
Mr. Mao Fengge  
Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P.  
Ms. Zhu Ping

### SUPERVISORS

Ms. Sun Yujing  
Mr. Zhang Jiaku  
Mr. Zhang Haiou  
Ms. Bai Hua  
Mr. Liu Ming  
Mr. Cheng Jianhang

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P. (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Jiang Junzhou  
Mr. Ye Yongmao

### BOARD REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Mao Fengge (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P.  
Mr. Ma Jun

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Mao Fengge (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Ye Yongmao  
Mr. Jiang Junzhou

### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS COMMITTEE

Mr. Mao Fengge (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P.  
Mr. Ye Yongmao

### BOARD SECRETARY

Mr. Liang Guohui

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Cheung *HKICPA, FCCA*

### QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Mr. Chan Cheung *HKICPA, FCCA*

### AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Wang Changsheng  
Mr. Chan Cheung *HKICPA, FCCA*

### PRC REGISTERED OFFICE

Block 4, Zone D,  
Hengshan West Road,  
Jilin New and High Technology Development Zone,  
Jilin City, Jilin Province,  
The PRC

### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1003,  
10/F, 109-111  
Tung Wai Commercial Building  
Gloucester Road,  
Wanchai,  
Hong Kong

### AUDITORS

BDO Limited

### LEGAL ADVISOR AS TO HONG KONG LAW

Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe

### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Construction Bank  
Jilin City Commercial Bank  
Agricultural Bank of China  
Bank of Communications  
Bank of China Limited

### H SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited  
46th Floor,  
Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East,  
Hong Kong

## FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS SUMMARY

### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	Year ended 31 December				
	2013 RMB million	2012 RMB million	2011 RMB million	2010 RMB million	2009 RMB million
Revenue	<u>1,468.8</u>	<u>1,391.8</u>	<u>2,096.9</u>	<u>1,501.1</u>	<u>1,255.9</u>
Gross profit	101.2	16.0	215.1	114.1	216.9
Operating expenses	(154.2)	(109.3)	(116.7)	(101.8)	(103.7)
Other gains, net <sup>Note 2</sup>	<u>123.5</u>	<u>65.3</u>	<u>41.4</u>	<u>62.3</u>	<u>154.0</u>
Operating profit/(loss)	70.5	(28.0)	139.8	74.6	267.2
Finance costs, net	(137.2)	(121.1)	(102.9)	(72.9)	(74.9)
Share of (loss)/profit of a joint venture	<u>(14.9)</u>	<u>(40.2)</u>	<u>36.1</u>	<u>9.5</u>	<u>76.4</u>
(Loss)/profit before income tax	(81.6)	(189.3)	73.0	11.2	268.7
Income tax (expense)/credit	<u>(10.9)</u>	<u>2.7</u>	<u>(7.8)</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>(45.2)</u>
(Loss)/profit attributable to the owners of the Company	<u>(92.5)</u>	<u>(186.6)</u>	<u>65.2</u>	<u>12.6</u>	<u>223.5</u>
(Losses)/earnings per share (RMB per share)	(0.11)	(0.22)	0.08	0.01	0.26
Dividend per share (RMB per share)	—	—	—	—	—
Gross profit margin	6.8%	1.2%	10.3%	7.6%	17.3%
Net (loss)/profit margin	(6.3%)	(13.4%)	3.1%	0.8%	17.8%

	As at 31 December				
	2013 RMB million	2012 RMB million	2011 RMB million	2010 RMB million	2009 RMB million
Current assets	1,135.5	996.6	1,058.3	1,002.2	841.6
Non-current assets	<u>1,912.1</u>	<u>2,053.8</u>	<u>1,885.0</u>	<u>1,592.5</u>	<u>1,646.1</u>
Total assets	<u>3,047.6</u>	<u>3,050.4</u>	<u>2,943.3</u>	<u>2,594.7</u>	<u>2,487.7</u>
Current liabilities	1,874.6	1,834.2	1,483.2	1,225.4	836.0
Non-current liabilities	<u>439.0</u>	<u>389.7</u>	<u>447.1</u>	<u>421.5</u>	<u>716.5</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,313.6</u>	<u>2,223.9</u>	<u>1,930.3</u>	<u>1,646.9</u>	<u>1,552.5</u>
Total equity	<u>734.0</u>	<u>826.5</u>	<u>1,013.0</u>	<u>947.8</u>	<u>935.2</u>
Current ratio	0.61	0.54	0.71	0.82	1.01
Gearing ratio <sup>Note 1</sup>	75.9%	72.9%	65.6%	63.5%	62.4%

#### Notes:

- The gearing ratios set out on this page are calculated as total liabilities divided by total assets.
- The amounts as set out above represent the aggregated total of other income, other expenses and other gains/losses – net as presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Group.

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear shareholders,

On behalf of the Board (the "Board") of Directors (the "Directors") of Jilin Qifeng Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. (the "Company"), I herewith present the financial report and audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary (collectively, the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 (the "Year").

### ANNUAL RESULTS

During the Year, the Group's revenue amounted to approximately RMB1.5 billion, representing an increase of approximately 6% as compared to RMB1.4 billion in the previous year. Loss attributable to the owners of the Company for the Year amounted to approximately RMB92.5 million, reduced substantially from a loss of approximately RMB186.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2012.

### BUSINESS REVIEW

During the Year, the recession in Europe continued and the global market remained stagnated. The continual appreciation of the Renminbi ("RMB") and the increase in production costs in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") market brought adverse impact to the PRC's textile industry, resulting in a slow growth in the demand in the downstream textile industry and the demand for Group's products. Under this market condition, the Group strengthened its internal organization management and the development of new products in order to expand its market share, and enhanced its production techniques to reduce production costs. The Group also monitored the market closely and strengthened sales-production management to maximize its gross profit margin.

### OUTLOOK

Looking forward, the Group will continue to expand its market share by enhancing marketing and sales of acrylic fiber products and carbon fiber precursor, strive to achieve further growth by solidifying its leading position in the PRC's acrylic fiber and carbon fiber precursor industries as well as expand its overseas markets. Meanwhile, the Group is also committed to conducting ongoing product development to meet market demand; stabilising product quality to maintain brand image; and improving profitability through technological innovation and minimising production waste and consumables.

### APPRECIATION

Lastly, I would like to take this opportunity to thank the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") and business partners of the Group for their support and encouragement over the past year. I would also like to express my gratitude to the Directors and the entire staff of the Group for their hard work and contribution.

**Song Dewu**  
*Chairman*

Jilin City, Jilin Province, The PRC  
28 March 2014

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### MAJOR OPERATIONAL DATA

#### 1. Revenue

	Year ended 31 December			
	2013		2012	
	RMB million	%	RMB million	%
Acrylic top	600.3	40.9	609.3	43.8
Acrylic tow	351.8	24.0	228.0	16.4
Acrylic staple fiber	484.0	32.8	548.0	39.3
Carbon fiber precursor	20.0	1.4	2.2	0.2
Others*	12.7	0.9	4.3	0.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,468.8</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,391.8</b>	<b>100.0</b>

#### 2. Sales volume

	Year ended 31 December			
	2013		2012	
	Tons	%	Tons	%
Acrylic top	37,667	39.8	37,215	42.2
Acrylic tow	23,680	25.0	15,298	17.4
Acrylic staple fiber	31,775	33.6	35,417	40.2
Carbon fiber precursor	506	0.5	38	—
Others*	1,077	1.1	219	0.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>94,705</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>88,187</b>	<b>100.0</b>

#### 3. Average selling price and gross profit margin

	Year ended 31 December			
	2013		2012	
	Average selling price RMB/ton	Gross profit margin %	Average selling price RMB/ton	Gross profit margin %
Acrylic top	15,937	6.97	16,372	1.31
Acrylic tow	14,856	7.29	14,904	1.80
Acrylic staple fiber	15,232	7.72	15,473	1.21
Carbon fiber precursor	39,526	(36.46)	57,468	(8.02)
<b>Average gross profit margin</b>		<b>6.8</b>		<b>1.2</b>

\* Refer to sales of acrylic fiber scrap

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

#### Market Review

The continual recession in Europe and the stagnated global market inevitably exerted an adverse impact to the PRC's textile industry. Coupled with the persistent appreciation of the Renminbi ("RMB") and the increasing costs in the PRC market, the demands of the downstream textile industry and the Group's products grew slowly during the Year. During the Year, the Group also strived to avoid contributing to destructive competition in the industry by carefully controlling its production output; expanded its sales channel to promote the Group's differentiated acrylic fiber products such as anti-pilling fibers, fine denier fibers and gel fibers, which also improved the Group's gross profit margins. For the Year under review, the average prices of both of acrylic fiber products and acrylonitrile (the major raw material for the production of the Group's products) in the PRC market decreased slightly. Nevertheless, as a result of a greater magnitude in the decrease in average price of acrylonitrile as compared to that of the decrease in the average price of acrylic products, the price difference between acrylic fiber products and acrylonitrile enlarged, which improved the profitability of acrylic fiber manufacturers. Though the PRC carbon fiber market is still in its primary stage of development, the Group expects that as the production process technology of downstream carbonization plants gradually improves, the development pace of the PRC's carbon fiber market will accelerate.

#### Sales Review

The Group's revenue was approximately RMB1.5 billion for the Year, representing an increase of approximately 6% as compared to approximately RMB1.4 billion for the previous year. The sales volume of the Group's acrylic fiber and carbon fiber products amounted to 94,705 tons, increased by approximately 7% from 88,187 tons for the previous year. The average unit selling price of acrylic fiber products for the Year was RMB15,421 per ton, decreased slightly by approximately 2% as compared to that of the previous year. The price differential between the average selling prices of the Group's acrylic fiber products and its major raw material, acrylonitrile, was RMB4,591 per ton for the Year, representing an increase of approximately 16% from RMB3,959 per ton in the previous year. The total volume of the acrylic fiber products produced by the Group (together with its joint venture) in the Year was 188,868 tons, accounting for about 23% of the total production volume of the domestic acrylic fiber market in PRC. Sales of the Group's carbon fiber products were 506 tons for the Year (2012: 38 tons), which accounted for an insignificant part of the Group's overall sales volume.

#### Production Management

The Group's total production output was approximately 94,545 tons for the Year, representing an increase of 3.1% as compared to that for the previous year. Production output of carbon fiber products in 2013 was about 619 tons (2012: 1,000 tons). During the Year, the Group continued to implement stringent cost control measures and adhere to order-based production and inventory level control in order to further enhance operating efficiency. The Group has also conducted continual technical reform, quality improvement and waste reduction projects, which set up a solid foundation to stabilise production process, improve production quality and reduce production cost.

### Employees

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had 2,170 employees, representing an increase of 156 employees as compared to 2,014 employees as at 31 December 2012. The Group's staff remuneration packages were determined with reference to the prevailing market practices (including a performance-based incentive bonus). The Group also provided continuous training to employees at all levels. During the Year, the Group provided its employees with numerous training opportunities corresponding to the various functions of their positions including product quality control, production safety and environmental protection. The Group also conducted performance evaluations of all employees.

### OUTLOOK

Looking forward, with the development of the PRC economy and textile industry as well as the adjustments to macroeconomic policies of the PRC, the Group expects the following new opportunities and prospects for its business:

1. Development of carbon fiber: The Group has reached a production capacity of 5,000 tons per annum of its carbon fiber precursor. The Group believes that with the development of the carbon fiber market, the carbon fiber products will bring about larger market potential and long-term economic benefits to the Group.
2. Development of differentiated acrylic fiber: Development of differentiated acrylic fiber will become one of the main drives for the future development of the acrylic fiber industry in China. The Group will enhance the marketing and promotion of the anti-pilling acrylic fiber, highlight acrylic fiber and high strength acrylic fiber which will bring about additional economic benefits for the Group. The Group is committed to the development of differentiated acrylic fiber to enhance its competitiveness in the market for differentiated acrylic fiber products in China.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### Operating results

The revenue of the Group amounted to approximately RMB1.5 billion for the Year, representing an increase of approximately 6% from approximately RMB1.4 billion for the year ended 31 December 2012. The increase in overall revenue was mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the Group's products by approximately 7% in 2013. During the Year, the Group's total sales volume was 94,705 tons and total production volume was 94,545 tons, representing a sales-to-production ratio of approximately 100% (2012: 96%). Loss attributable to the owners of the Company for the Year was approximately RMB92.5 million, reduced significantly from a loss of approximately RMB186 million for the year 2012. The substantial decrease in loss of the Group for the Year was mainly attributable to the increase in sales volume of the products of both the Company and its joint venture. During the Year, the gross profit margin of the Group increased to 6.8% from 1.2% in 2012, which was primarily due to the greater price differential between the cost of acrylonitrile and the selling price of the Group's products as compared to that of the previous year. The price differential between the average selling price of the Group's products and the average purchase price of acrylonitrile was RMB4,591 per ton, representing an increase of approximately 16% from RMB3,959 per ton for that of 2012.



## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Operating expenses (distribution costs and administrative expenses)

Distribution costs increased from approximately RMB35.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2012 to approximately RMB37.6 million for the Year. The increase in distribution costs was primarily resulted from the increase in transportation costs due to the increase in sales volume during the Year. Administrative expenses increased from approximately RMB73.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2012 to approximately RMB116.6 million for the Year due to the increase in salaries and depreciation charge of the carbon fiber business.

### Net other gains (the net aggregate amount of other income, other expenses and other (losses)/gains – net)

Net other gains for the Year was approximately RMB123.5 million, as compared to that of approximately RMB65.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2012. The increase in net other gains in the Year was primarily due to the increase in other income from the provision of utilities.

### Net finance costs

Net finance costs increased from approximately RMB121.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2012 to approximately RMB137.2 million for the Year. The increase in net finance costs was primarily resulted from the increase in bank borrowings.

### Share of loss of a joint venture

The Group's share of 50% of the loss of its joint venture, Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd. ("Jimont"), under the equity method of accounting amounted to approximately RMB14.9 million for the Year (2012: loss of RMB40.2 million). The decrease in the loss of Jimont was primarily resulted from the market conditions as described in this report, which also had a similar impact on the financial performance of Jimont during the Year.

### Financial resources, liquidity and liability position

As of 31 December 2013, the Group's total assets and total liabilities were approximately RMB3.05 billion and RMB2.31 billion, respectively. As of 31 December 2013, the Group's net current liabilities amounted to approximately RMB739 million and its current ratio, calculated by dividing its current assets by its current liabilities as of 31 December 2013, was approximately 0.61 (2012: 0.54). The Group had cash in hand and cash at bank and restricted bank deposits of approximately RMB90.8 million and RMB74.0 million, respectively as of 31 December 2013. As of 31 December 2013, the total bank borrowings of the Group amounted to approximately RMB1.78 billion, out of which approximately RMB1.32 billion was short-term bank borrowings, approximately RMB104.9 million was current portion of long-term borrowings and approximately RMB364.1 million was the non-current portion of long term bank borrowings. Approximately 47.8% of the Group's bank borrowings bear floating interest rates. The bank borrowings were mainly used for the expansion of production facilities and the construction of the thermal power plant as well as the development of the carbon fiber precursor project. The net increase in bank borrowings was approximately RMB148.4 million during the Year. All of the Group's bank borrowings are denominated in Renminbi. Therefore, the management believes that the Group is exposed to minimal foreign exchange risks and has not made any foreign currency hedging arrangement. As of 31 December 2013, the Group's gearing ratio, calculated by dividing total liabilities by total assets, was approximately 75.9% (2012: 72.9%).

### INVESTMENT REVIEW

#### Joint venture

Our joint venture, Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd., was established on 21 December 2005 with a total registered share capital of RMB450 million. The Group holds 50.00% equity interest in the joint venture, whereas Montefibre S.p.A (“Montefibre”) and SIMEST S.p.A hold 39.36% and 10.64% respectively. The total fixed asset investment in phase one of the acrylic fiber project with annual production capacity of 100,000 tons was approximately RMB1.02 billion, which was mainly financed by bank borrowings and capital contribution from the joint venture partners. All joint venture partners had paid up their capital contributions according to their respective share of equity interest in the joint venture prior to 2007. The joint venture is principally engaged in the production and sales of acrylic fiber products. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 18 December 2013, the Company has been notified by Montefibre of its intention to enter into voluntary winding up, and that as part of its proposed voluntary winding up, Montefibre will make its investment in Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd. (吉林吉盟腈纶有限公司) (“Jimont”), a joint venture of the Company, available for sale. The Company and Montefibre are discussing the manner by which Montefibre’s equity interests in Jimont will be dealt with, including disposal to independent third parties and/or the Company. As at the date of this annual report announcement, no binding agreement or arrangement has been entered into by the Company or Jimont in respect of any disposal of Montefibre’s equity interests in Jimont.

In 2013, the sales volume and production volume of the joint venture reached 94,942 tons and 98,184 tons, respectively, representing a sales-to-production ratio of approximately 97%. The utilisation rate of the joint venture production plant was 98%. The loss of the joint venture was approximately RMB29.9 million in the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: loss of RMB80.3 million). The improvement in the profitability of the joint venture was mainly due to impact of the market conditions described in the section headed “Market Review” of this report.

#### Entrusted deposits and matured deposits

As of 31 December 2013, the Group did not hold deposits under trusts in any financial institutions in the PRC. All of the Group’s cash was held in commercial banks in the PRC in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Except for restricted bank deposits of approximately RMB74.0 million, the Group had no bank deposits which cannot be withdrawn upon maturity.

#### Pledged assets

As of 31 December 2013, certain properties, plants and equipment, land use rights and bills receivables with a net book value of approximately RMB277.1 million, Nil, RMB50.0 million respectively (as of 31 December 2012: RMB112.9 million, Nil and RMB3.0 million, respectively) were pledged as securities for bank borrowings of approximately RMB356 million (as of 31 December 2012: RMB162 million). In addition, bank deposits of approximately RMB30.0 million and RMB0.1 million was pledged for the issue of certain trade bills payables and letters of credit for the Group’s purchases of raw materials, plant and machinery from certain overseas suppliers, respectively.

#### Contingent liabilities

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as of 31 December 2013.

#### Dividend

The Board does not recommend the declaration of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil).

## BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

### DIRECTORS

#### Executive Directors

**Mr. Song Dewu**, aged 42, is an executive Director and Chairman of the Board. Currently, he is also the chairman of the board of directors and the general manager of Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Co., Ltd. (“JCF Groupco”) as well as the chairman of the board of directors of Jilin Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. (“JCFCL”) and Jimont. He has held various senior management positions in JCF Groupco and its subsidiaries since he joined JCF Groupco in July 1995. Mr. Song has over 18 years of experience in the chemical fiber industry. He graduated from Jilin Institute of Chemical Technology (吉林化工學院) in the PRC with a bachelor’s degree in chemical engineering. He also obtained a master’s degree in industrial engineering from Jilin University in the PRC and is a qualified engineer in the PRC.

**Mr. Yang Xuefeng**, aged 49, is an executive Director and the General Manager of the Company. Prior to joining the Group, he had been the general manager of Jimont. Mr. Yang has 25 years experience in the chemical fiber industry. He graduated from Tianjin Institute of Textile Science and Technology in the PRC with a major in chemical fiber, he also obtained a master’s degree in engineering from Jilin University and is a senior engineer in the PRC.

**Mr. Wang Changsheng**, aged 54, is an executive Director and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, responsible for the financial management of the Group. He has been the Chief Financial Officer of the Company since August 2001. Mr. Wang has over 31 years of experience in the chemical fiber industry and has extensive experience in company accounting, administration and management. He graduated from Changchun Taxation Institute in the PRC majoring in accounting and is a qualified senior accountant in the PRC.

#### Non-executive Directors

**Mr. Ma Jun**, aged 48, is a non-executive Director of the Company. He is currently a deputy general manager of JCF Groupco. He had held positions as the head of electric meter factory, head of polymerisation factory, the assistant to the general manager, deputy manager and general manager of the Group since he joined the Group in March 1997. Mr. Ma graduated from Jilin Vocational Teachers College in the PRC with a bachelor’s degree in relation to electronics technology. He also obtained a master’s degree from Jilin University. He has over 23 years of experience in the chemical fiber industry and is a qualified senior engineer in the PRC.

## BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Jiang Junzhou**, aged 55, is a non-executive Director and the vice general manager of JCF Groupco. He first became a Director of the Company on 28 June 2007. Mr. Jiang joined JCF Groupco in 1978 and has over 33 years of experience in education, imports and exports as well as management.

**Ms. Pang Suet Mui**, aged 44, is a non-executive Director. She is currently the deputy general manager of strategic investment department at Bank of China Group Investment Limited ("BOCGI"). She joined BOCGI in 1997 and has extensive experiences in banking, administration and management. Ms. Pang graduated from Peking University School of Pharmaceutical Sciences (formerly known as Beijing Medical University School of Pharmaceutical Sciences) with a bachelor's degree. She has also obtained a master's degree in finance from City University of Hong Kong. Ms. Pang holds the Chartered Financial Analyst designation.

**Mr. Sun Haichao**, aged 44, is currently a managing director of Taiping Investment Holdings Company Limited, which he joined in August 2001 and has served successively as a manager, senior manager, assistant general manager and deputy general manager. Prior to joining Taiping Investment, Mr. Sun also held managing positions at Beijing North Phoenix Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd. and Anshan Securities Company Limited, and worked at Hong Kong and Macao Affairs Office of the State Council. Mr. Sun received a bachelor degree in national economic management from Peking University in July 1991.

### Independent non-executive Directors

**Mr. Ye Yongmao**, aged 71, has been an independent non-executive Director since 24 April 2005. Presently, he also acts as independent directors of Baoding Tiane Co., Ltd and Xinxiang Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. He is currently the Chief Technical Advisor of Chemical Fiber Industry Association, the vice president of the China Filament Weaving Association, a director of the China Chemical Fiber High-Technology Committee, a deputy director of the China Chemical Fiber Standardisation Committee. Mr. Ye has approximately 46 years of experience in the chemical fiber industry, particularly regarding the technology and production involved in the industry. He graduated from the Beijing Chemical Fiber Industrial Institute (major in fundamental organic chemical engineering) and is a senior engineer in the PRC.

**Mr. Mao Fengge**, aged 45, has been an independent non-executive Director since 9 June 2006. He is currently the head and legal representative of Jilin Huatai Accounting Firm. He graduated from Changchun Taxation Institute (major in accounting) and later from Yanbian University (major in law). Apart from his experience of over 21 years in the accounting field as a certified public accountant and a qualified securities accountant, he is also a registered assets valuer in the PRC.

**Mr. Lee Ka Chung**, J.P., aged 61, has been an independent non-executive Director since 9 June 2006. He is presently a director and chief executive officer of WKCL Group Limited, an arbitrator of Shenzhen Arbitration Committee, and also a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, and Justice of the Peace in Hong Kong. Mr. Lee was also a legal consultant of Shenzhen Municipal People's Government and a consultant of Hong Kong regional affairs in Xinhua News Agency Hong Kong Branch.

**Ms. Zhu Ping**, aged 38, has been an independent non-executive Director since 9 July 2012. She currently serves as the finance manager of Shanghai Shenghang Kangcheng International Logistics Co., Ltd. She has 11 years experience in finance and accounting. She graduated from East China Institute of Political Science and Law (now known as East China University of Political Science and Law) with a bachelor's degree in law.

## BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

### SUPERVISORS

**Ms. Sun Yujing**, aged 48, is a supervisor of the Company (“Supervisor”). She is currently the head of audit and supervisor department of JCF Groupco. Since she joined JCF Groupco in 1990, she had served as an auditor and the deputy head of the audit department, and deputy head of the audit and supervisory department. Ms. Sun has 20 years of experience in audit and supervisory services. She graduated from Changchun Taxation Institute with a major in accounting and is a qualified accountant in the PRC.

**Mr. Zhang Jiaku**, aged 55, is a Supervisor. He currently serves as the director of the safety and environment department of JCF Groupco. Mr. Zhang has been working with JCF Groupco since 1986. Mr. Zhang received a bachelor’s degree in mathematics from Jilin Provincial Institute of Education and a master’s degree in business administration from Jilin University.

**Mr. Liu Ming**, aged 42, is a Supervisor. Mr. Liu is a certified public accountant in the PRC and is a founder and project manager of Jilin Hualun Accounting Firm. Mr. Liu received a bachelor’s degree from Changchun Institute of Taxation (now known as Jilin University of Finance and Economics).

**Mr. Cheng Jianhang**, aged 43, is a Supervisor. Mr. Cheng is qualified lawyer in the PRC and he is currently practicing law at Jilin Jiuxin Law Firm. Mr. Cheng received a bachelor’s degree in law from Jilin University and a master’s degree in commercial law from China University of Political Science and Law.

**Mr. Zhang Haiou**, aged 42, is a Supervisor. Mr. Zhang worked as a technician in the spinning workshop of Jilin Chemical Fibre Joint Stock Company (吉林化纖股份有限公司) in July 1995. He worked as a technician in the spinning workshop in the Company in September 1998 and was promoted to the technician in charge in May 1999. From May 2005 to December 2005, Mr. Zhang worked as a deputy head of the manufacturing department in the Company. From December 2005 to now, he has been the head and party branch secretary of the spinning workshop of the Company. Mr. Zhang received the certificate of a senior engineer in textile engineering in January 2006 from the Personnel Department of Jilin Province. He graduated from Jilin Institute of Chemical Technology (吉林化工學院) with a bachelor’s degree in chemical engineering in July 1995.

**Ms. Bai Hua**, aged 45, is a Supervisor. She is currently the general manager of the quality control department and the general secretary of the Communist Party Branch of the Company. Ms. Bai joined Jilin Chemical Fiber Factory (吉林化學纖維廠), the predecessor of Jilin Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. (吉林化纖股份有限公司), as a technician in July 1991. She then joined the Company in March 1997 and served as a deputy manager of the quality control department of the Company before she was promoted to her current position. Ms. Bai received a bachelor’s degree in chemical fiber engineering from Dalian Polytechnic University, formerly known as Dalian Institute of Light Industry, in 1991 and a master’s degree in industrial engineering from Jilin University in 2006.

## BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

### OTHER SENIOR OFFICERS

**Mr. Liang Guohui**, aged 38, is the secretary to the Board and the director of the integrated management department of the Company. Prior to joining the Group in November 2013, he served as a director of the purchasing centre of JCF Groupco. He graduated from Changchun Tax Institute with a bachelor degree in accountancy in 1999, he also obtained his master's degree in management and business administrative from Hainan University in 2007 and he is a senior economist.

**Mr. Chan Cheung**, aged 40, who joined the Group in January 2008, is the company secretary and qualified accountant of the Company. Prior to joining the Group, he served as the financial controller of a company listed on Nasdaq in the United States. He has over 15 years of experience in the field of financial management and auditing. Mr. Chan is also a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Certified Chartered Accountants. Mr. Chan graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with an honorary bachelor's degree in accounting.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Board herewith present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sales of acrylic fibre products. The activities of the subsidiary and the joint venture of the Company are set out in notes 10 and 11 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

### **SEGMENTAL INFORMATION**

The Group's segmental information is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 42.

The Directors do not recommend the declaration of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2013.

### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 3 of this annual report.

### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group and of the Company are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 16(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

### **RESERVES**

Movements in reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2013 are set out in notes 16(b) and 17 to the consolidated financial statements. As at 31 December 2013, the Group has no distributable reserve.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association ("Articles") or the laws of the PRC, being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2013, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiary, joint venture and fellow subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

### DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company in 2013 and up to the date of this report are:

#### *Executive Directors*

Mr. Song Dewu (*Chairman*) (appointed on 12 December 2013)

Mr. Wang Jinjun (resigned on 12 December 2013)

Mr. Yang Xuefeng

Mr. Wang Changsheng

#### *Non-executive Directors*

Mr. Jiang Junzhou

Mr. Ma Jun

Ms. Pang Suet Mui

Mr. Sun Haichao

#### *Independent non-executive Directors*

Mr. Ye Yongmao

Mr. Mao Fengge

Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P.

Ms. Zhu Ping

### CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Ltd. (the "Listing Rules") and considers all the independent non-executive Directors are independent from the Group.



## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### **DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of the Directors and the Supervisors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years, effective from 30 June 2011 and expiring on the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company for the year 2013, except for Ms. Pang Suet Mui whose service contract is effective from 16 December 2011 and will expire on the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company for the year 2013, Mr. Sun Haichao whose service contract is effective from 27 June 2012 and will expire on the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company for the year 2013 and Mr. Song Dewu whose service contract is effective from 12 December 2013 and will expire on the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company for the year 2013. All Directors and Supervisors will retire and offer themselves for re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company for the year 2013.

None of the existing Directors and Supervisors and persons who are proposed for election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than the statutory compensation.

### **DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' COMPENSATION**

The Group's remuneration policy aims to provide a fair market remuneration in a form and value to attract, retain and motivate high quality candidates. The policy is determined based on the Directors' and the Supervisors' experience and their contribution to the Group.

### **DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE**

No contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its subsidiary or joint venture, any of its fellow subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a Director and/or a Supervisor of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 10 to 13 under the Biography of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management section in this annual report.

### **INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES**

As at 31 December 2013, none of the Directors, Supervisors and chief executives of the Company has any interests and short positions in the shares, the underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) and required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of Part XV of the SFO or which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") (for this purpose, the relevant provisions of the SFO will be interpreted as if they applied to the Supervisors).

**SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS**

As at 31 December 2013, there was a total issued share capital of 866,250,000 shares of the Company (the “Shares”) which include:

	Number of Shares	Approximate percentage of share capital of the Company
Domestic Shares	437,016,596	50.45%
Non-H Foreign Shares	169,358,404	19.55%
H-Shares	<u>259,875,000</u>	<u>30.00%</u>
Total	<u>866,250,000</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

As at 31 December 2013, the following persons (not being Director, Supervisor or chief executive of the Company), so far as are known to the Directors, have an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

Name of Shareholders	Number of shares directly and indirectly held	Class of shares	Approximate percentage in relevant class of shares (%)			Approximate percentage in total issued share capital (%)		
			Direct interests	Indirect interests	Aggregate interests	Direct interests	Indirect interests	Aggregate interests
吉林化纖集團有限責任公司 (Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Co., Ltd.)	433,229,558	Domestic Shares	99.13	—	99.13	50.01	—	50.01
吉林市城市建設 控股集團有限公司 (Jilin City Construction Holdings Group Co., Ltd.)	433,229,558 <sup>(1)</sup>	Domestic Shares	—	99.13	99.13	—	50.01	50.01
Ronsace Company Limited	94,841,726	Non-H Foreign Shares	56.00	—	56.00	10.95	—	10.95
Bank of China Group Investment Limited	94,841,726 <sup>(2)</sup>	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	56.00	56.00	—	10.95	10.95
Bank of China Limited	94,841,726 <sup>(2)</sup>	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	56.00	56.00	—	10.95	10.95
Sanlink Investments Limited	44,029,105	Non-H Foreign Shares	26.00	—	26.00	5.08	—	5.08

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

Name of Shareholders	Number of shares directly and indirectly held	Class of shares	Approximate percentage in relevant class of shares (%)			Approximate percentage in total issued share capital (%)		
			Direct interests	Indirect interests	Aggregate interests	Direct interests	Indirect interests	Aggregate interests
China Insurance Group Investment Limited	44,029,105 <sup>(4)</sup>	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	26.00	26.00	—	5.08	5.08
China Life Insurance (Overseas) Company Limited	44,029,105 <sup>(4)</sup>	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	26.00	26.00	—	5.08	5.08
Halesfield Investment Limited	30,487,573	Non-H Foreign Shares	18.00	—	18.00	3.52	—	3.52
Huang Jia Sen	30,487,573 <sup>(4)</sup>	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	18.00	18.00	—	3.52	3.52
Huang Jia Zi	30,487,573 <sup>(4)</sup>	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	18.00	18.00	—	3.52	3.52
Huang Jia Yuan	30,487,573 <sup>(4)</sup>	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	18.00	18.00	—	3.52	3.52
全國社會保障基金理事會 (The National Social Security Fund of the PRC)	23,625,000	H Shares	9.09	—	9.09	2.73	—	2.73

### Notes:

- 433,229,558 Shares are deemed corporate interests indirectly held through JCF Groupco under the SFO. Jilin City Construction Holdings Group Co., Ltd. is a state-owned enterprise in the PRC.
- 94,841,726 Shares are deemed corporate interests indirectly held through Ronsace Company Limited under the SFO.
- 44,029,105 Shares are deemed corporate interests indirectly held through Sanlink Investments Limited under the SFO.
- 30,487,573 Shares are deemed corporate interests indirectly held through Halesfield Investment Limited under the SFO.

## COMPETING BUSINESS

Save that Mr. Song Dewu, Mr. Ma Jun and Mr. Yang Xuefeng are also directors of the joint venture, Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd., none of the Directors is interested in any business apart from the Group's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business.

## MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year.

**MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

In 2013, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 55% of the total sales for the year, in which sales to the largest customer represented approximately 25% of the total sales for the year.

Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers amounted to approximately 81% of the total purchases for the year while total purchases from the largest supplier represented approximately 63% of the total purchases for the year.

None of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

**CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS****Sales of finished goods to Tuopu Textile**

The Company sold goods to Tuopu Textile Industrial Development Co., Ltd. ("Tuopu Textile") at the price determined by the Company with reference to the market price and no less than the price of the acrylic fiber products sold by the Company to independent third parties pursuant to a sales agreement entered into with Tuopu Textile on 8 August 2007. Subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, the agreement was further renewed for a term of three years commencing on 1 January 2013 and ending on 31 December 2015.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and a connected person of the Company. Tuopu Textile, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco, is thus an associate of JCF Groupco and is also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, sales to Tuopu Textile by the Company amounted to approximately RMB558,298, which is within the approved cap of RMB4 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 7 January 2013.

**Sales of finished goods to Tuopu Textile by the joint venture**

The joint venture of the Company, Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd. sold goods to Tuopu Textile at the price determined by the joint venture with reference to the market price and no less than the price of the acrylic fiber products sold by the joint venture to independent third parties pursuant to a sales agreement entered into with Tuopu Textile on 8 August 2007. Subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, the agreement was further renewed for a term of three years commencing on 1 January 2013 and ending on 31 December 2015.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

Jimont is a Sino-foreign equity joint-venture company jointly controlled by the Company, Montefibre S.p.A. and SIMEST S.p.A.. The Company holds 50% equity interest in the joint venture, it therefore does not constitute a subsidiary of the Company for legal or accounting purposes. However, for the purpose of the listing of the H shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange and good corporate governance, the Company and the Directors have undertaken to the Stock Exchange to have the joint venture generally regulated in a manner consistent with the regulation of subsidiaries of a listed group for the purposes of application of the Listing Rules. For the purposes of the Listing Rules provisions regarding connected transactions, the joint venture is regarded as a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of interest in its share capital and a connected person of the Company. Tuopu Textile, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco, is thus an associate of JCF Groupco and also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, sales to Tuopu Textile by the joint venture amounted to approximately RMB3.5 million, which is within the approved cap of RMB4 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 7 January 2013.

### **Provision of utilities and water treatment services to Tuopu Textile by the Company**

The Company provided utilities and water treatment services to Tuopu Textile pursuant to a utilities and water treatment services agreement entered into with Tuopu Textile on 26 August 2008, for an initial term ended on 31 December 2010 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, and shall be automatically renewable for a term not longer than three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms. The agreement was renewed for a term of three years commencing on 1 January 2010 and ending on 31 December 2013.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and a connected person of the Company. Tuopu Textile, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco, is thus an associate of JCF Groupco and also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, utilities and water treatment services provided to Tuopu Textile by the Company amounted to approximately RMB8.6 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB20 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 April 2010 and circular dated 12 May 2010.

**Purchases of engineering construction services from Jianan by the joint venture**

Pursuant to a engineering construction services agreement entered into between Jilin Chemical Fiber Construction and Installation Engineering Co., Ltd. ("Jianan") and the joint venture in 2008, the joint venture purchased from Jianan certain engineering construction services. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined with reference to the prevailing market prices and in line with normal commercial terms. On 27 April 2010, the parties agreed to renew the agreement for a term of three years expiring on 31 December 2013.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and is a connected person of the Company. Jianan, being an associate of JCF Groupco, is therefore also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, purchase from Jianan by the joint venture amounted to approximately RMB1.4 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB2 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 April 2010.

**Purchase of sodium bisulfite from Huidong by the Company**

The Company purchased sodium bisulfite from Jilin Huidong Chemical Industry Co., Ltd. ("Huidong") pursuant to a huidong purchase agreement entered into with Huidong on 11 April 2011, for an initial term up to 31 December 2013 and subject to compliance with relevant laws and requirements relating to continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules (including reporting, announcement and Independent Shareholders' approval where applicable), shall be automatically renewable by the Company for terms not longer than three years each thereafter.

Huidong is a company established in the PRC principally engaged in the production of sodium bisulfite. It is owned as to 52.2% by JCF Groupco and 47.8% by independent third parties. Huidong is an associate of JCF Groupco and is therefore, a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Company's purchases of sodium bisulfite from Huidong amounted to approximately RMB7.7 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB8.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 11 April 2011.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### **Purchases of repair and maintenance services from Jianan by the Company**

The Company purchased repair and maintenance services from Jianan pursuant to a repair and maintenance contract entered into with Jianan on 2 August 2011, for an initial term up to 31 December 2013 and subject to compliance with relevant laws and requirements relating to continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules (including reporting, announcement and Independent Shareholders' approval where applicable), shall be automatically renewable by the Company for terms not longer than three years each thereafter. Pursuant to the repair and maintenance contract, the tentative contract price is RMB8.0 million per year. The actual contract price will be determined by negotiation by the parties on case by case basis and in any event Jianan guarantees that the price it charges the Company will not be higher than the prices when it charges third parties or will not be higher than the prices at which the Company would be charged by independent third parties in providing the same or similar types of services.

Jianan is a wholly owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco and is therefore, a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, repair and maintenance services that the Company purchased from Jianan amounted to approximately RMB2.0 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB8.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 2 August 2011.

### **Purchases of auxiliary materials from JCFCL by the Company**

The Company purchased auxiliary materials from JCFCL pursuant to the Auxiliary Materials Purchase Agreement entered into with JCFCL on 26 August 2008, for an initial term commencing from 4 November 2008 and ending on 31 December 2010 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms. On 12 May 2010, the parties agreed to renew the agreement for a term of three years ending on 31 December 2013.

JCFCL is a connected person of the Company as JCFCL is approximately 20.74% owned by JCF Groupco which is a substantial shareholder and one of the promoters of the Company. JCFCL is an associate of JCF Groupco and is therefore a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, auxiliary materials that the Company purchased from JCFCL amounted to approximately RMB3.8 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB8.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 April 2010 and circular dated 12 May 2010.

**Agreement relating to lease of the JCFCL Leased Assets to the Company by JCFCL**

Pursuant to the Lease Agreement entered into between the Company and JCFCL on 26 August 2008, JCFCL leased the JCFCL Leased Assets to the Company for an initial term commencing from 4 November 2008 and ending on 31 December 2010 which, subject to compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms. On 12 May 2010, the parties agreed to renew the agreement for a term of three years ending on 31 December 2013.

JCFCL is a connected person of the Company as JCFCL is approximately 20.74% owned by JCF Groupco which is a substantial shareholder and one of the promoters of the Company. JCFCL is an associate of JCF Groupco and is therefore a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Company's lease expense paid to JCFCL for the JCFCL Leased Assets amounted to approximately RMB11.8 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB46 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 April 2010 and circular dated 12 May 2010.

**Provision of Utilities and Water Treatment Services to JCFCL by the Company**

The Company provided Utilities and Water Treatment Services to JCFCL. Pursuant to the Utilities and Water Treatment Services Agreement entered into between the Company and JCFCL on 26 August 2008 by the Company, for an initial term commencing from 4 November 2008 and ending on 31 December 2010 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms. On 12 May 2010, the parties agreed to renew the agreement for a term of three years ending on 31 December 2013.

JCFCL is a connected person of the Company as JCFCL is approximately 20.74% owned by JCF Groupco which is a substantial shareholder and one of the promoters of the Company. JCFCL is an associate of JCF Groupco and is therefore a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, provision of Utilities and Water Treatment Services to JCFCL by the Company amounted to approximately RMB208.5 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB476.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 April 2010 and circular dated 12 May 2010.



## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### Provision of Utilities and Water Treatment Services to Aika by the Company

The Company provided Utilities and Water Treatment Services to Jilin Aika Viscose Fiber Co., Ltd. ("Aika"). Pursuant to Utilities and Water Treatment Services Agreement entered into between the Company and Aika on 26 August 2008 with an initial term commencing from 4 November 2008 and ending on 31 December 2010, subject to the requirements of Listing Rules in relation to connected transactions, the agreement is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on an arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms. On 12 May 2010, the parties agreed to renew the agreement for a term of three years ending on 31 December 2013.

Aika is owned as to 70% by JCFCL. As JCFCL is a connected person of the Company, Aika, being a subsidiary of JCFCL, is also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Company's provision of Utilities and Water Treatment Services to Aika amounted to approximately RMB32.2 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB56 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 April 2010 and circular dated 12 May 2010 .

The Group has entered into the abovementioned continuing connected transactions as set out from pages 19 to 24 (the "Continuing Connected Transactions") with connected persons which have been complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Directors, including the independent non-executive directors, of the Company confirmed that the aforesaid Continuing Connected Transactions were entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company and the joint venture (as applicable);
- (ii) either on normal commercial terms or, on terms no less favourable to the Company and the joint venture (as applicable) than available to or from independent third parties; and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of Shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the abovementioned Continuing Connected Transactions of the Company and the joint venture in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Company's auditor has issued his letter containing his findings and unqualified conclusions in respect of the abovementioned Continuing Connected Transactions as set out from pages 19 to 24 of this annual report. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

### COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the compliance by the Company with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules are shown on pages 28 to 35 under the Corporate Governance Report section in this annual report.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float of at least 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules during the Year and as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

### AUDITOR

BDO Limited will retire and offer themselves for re-election. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint BDO Limited as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

**Song Dewu**  
*Chairman*

Jilin City, Jilin Province, The PRC  
28 March 2014

## **REPORT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE**

The supervisory committee of the Company (the “Supervisory Committee”) herewith present the report of the Supervisory Committee for the year ended 31 December 2013.

In 2013, the Supervisory Committee mainly carried out the following work:

### **INSPECTION OVER IMPLEMENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS OF THE GENERAL MEETINGS**

The Supervisory Committee exercised supervision and inspection of the implementation of the resolutions in general meetings by the Board and the senior management through observation and attendance at the board meetings and general meetings. The Supervisory Committee is of the opinion that the Directors and senior management of the Company have diligently performed their duties in compliance with resolutions of the general meetings. No violation of any laws or regulations or Articles or any act which jeopardises the interests of the Company and Shareholders has been found in the performance of the Company’s Directors and senior management.

### **INSPECTION OVER LEGAL COMPLIANCE OF THE GROUP’S OPERATIONS**

The Supervisory Committee exercised supervision on a regular basis over the legal compliance and rationality of the Group’s operation and management in its ordinary work. It has also exercised supervision over work performance of the Board and senior management. The Supervisory Committee is of the opinion that, the Group’s operation is sound and rational, and is in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and rules and the Articles. The members of the Board and senior management of the Group have conscientiously and diligently performed their duties, and none of their act would prejudice the interests of the Group and Shareholders.

### **INSPECTION OVER THE GROUP’S DAILY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

The Supervisory Committee exercised supervision over the Group’s operating activities. The Supervisory Committee is of the opinion that the Group has a sound internal control system and has made great progress in the formulation and implementation of its internal work procedures, thus effectively controlled its exposure to various operating risks. The Group’s operation is in compliance with the PRC laws and regulations and the Articles.

### INSPECTION OVER THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Supervisory Committee has seriously verified the Group's 2013 consolidated financial statements, supervised and inspected the Group's implementation of relevant financial policies and legislations as well as details on the Group's assets, financial income and expenditure and connected transactions. It is of the opinion that the financial report for 2013 fairly reflected its financial position and operating results, all of the continuing connected transactions were entered into on a fair basis and the pricing of the transactions is determined on arm's length basis and did not impair the interests of the Group and Shareholders.

Looking forward, the Supervisory Committee will continue to carry out its duties in strict compliance with the Articles and the relevant laws and regulations and protect the interests of Shareholders.

**Sun Yujing**

*Chairman of the Supervisory Committee*

Jilin City, Jilin Province, the PRC

28 March 2014

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Group confirms that maintaining good corporate governance standards throughout the Group serves as an effective risk management measure for the Group. The Board is committed to lead the Group to grow in an efficient manner followed by corporate missions in terms of business strategies and improved operational planning and procedures which are enforced under high corporate governance standards.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has adopted the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the “Code”) issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) and has complied with the relevant code provisions and most of the recommended best practices during the year.

### MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Group has adopted the Model Code contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct for securities transactions by the Company’s Directors. The Directors have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Group that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code for the reporting period of 2013.

### CORPORATE MANAGEMENT

#### Board of Directors

The Board reviews and approves corporate matters such as business strategies and investments, mergers and acquisitions, as well as the general administrative and management of the Group. The Board is directly accountable to Shareholders and is responsible for preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The Board currently consists of 3 executive Directors, 4 non-executive Directors and 4 independent non-executive Directors. There is no related connection in respect of finance, business or family or other major relationships between the members of the Board. Please refer to the Directors’ Report for the composition of the Board and “Biography of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management” section in this report for the biographical details of the Directors and senior management.

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibility to prepare the Group’s consolidated financial statements and warrant the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of laws and regulations and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also warrant the timely publication of the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

The posts of chairman and the chief executive officer are held separately by Mr. Song Dewu and Mr. Yang Xuefeng, respectively and their roles and responsibilities are separate. The chairman is responsible for formulating Group’s policies in conjunction with the Board and for ensuring that he and his delegates shall, in the capacity of chairman, perform his responsibilities. The chief executive officer is responsible for managing the Group’s strategic initiatives and major business activities.

The Board has a balance of skills and experience and the Board membership is covered by professionally qualified and widely experienced personnel so as to bring in valuable contribution and different professional advices and consultancy for the development of the Group.

All Directors were provided with various briefing sessions as well as comprehensive materials on the responsibilities and duties of being a director of the Company, in particular highlighting the respective applicable rules and regulations, including the Listing Rules, which a director should aware and be informed of his appointment.

Pursuant to the Articles, the Directors including the non-executive Directors shall be elected at a shareholders' general meeting of the Company and serve for a term of three years. Upon the expiry of their term of office, the Directors may be re-elected for another term.

The details of the attendance of directors at Board meetings and general meetings during the year 2013 are set out below:

Directors	Attendance	
	Board meetings	General meetings
<i>Executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Song Dewu (One board meeting attended by proxy)	1/1	—
Mr. Wang Jinjun	5/5	1/2
Mr. Yang Xuefeng (One board meeting attended by proxy)	6/6	2/2
Mr. Wang Changsheng (One board meeting attended by proxy)	6/6	1/2
<i>Non-executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Ma Jun (Two board meetings attended by proxy)	6/6	1/2
Ms. Pang Suet Mui (Two board meetings attended by proxy)	5/5	0/2
Mr. Jiang Junzhou	6/6	2/2
Mr. Sun Haichao (Four board meetings attended by proxy)	6/6	0/2
<i>Independent non-executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Ye Yongmao (One board meeting attended by proxy)	6/6	2/2
Mr. Mao Fengge (One board meeting attended by proxy)	6/6	1/2
Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P.	6/6	2/2
Ms. Zhu Ping (Two board meetings attended by proxy)	6/6	0/2

### Board Diversity Policy

Pursuant to the Code, the Board adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") on 27 August 2013. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of diversity of Board members. While all Board appointments will continue to be made on a merit basis, the Company will ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the needs of the Company's business. In accordance with the Board Diversity Policy, selection of candidates of Board member will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience (professional or otherwise), skills and knowledge.

### Continuous Professional Development

According to the Code A.6.5, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant. The Company should be responsible for arranging and funding suitable training, placing an appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of the directors.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

All Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development and refresh their knowledge and skills during the year. According to the records maintained by the Company, the current Directors received the following training with an emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company in compliance with the new requirement of the CG Code on continuous professional development for the Year:

Name of Director	Attend training sessions organized by professional firms	Read articles and journals on the economy, general business and regulatory matters
<i>Executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Song Dewu		√
Mr. Yang Xuefeng	√	
Mr. Wang Changsheng	√	
<i>Non-executive Director</i>		
Ms. Pang Suetmui	√	
Mr. Sun Haichao		√
Mr. Jiang Junzhou	√	
Mr. Ma Jun	√	
<i>Independent non-executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Ye Yongmao	√	
Mr. Mao Fengge	√	
Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P.	√	
Ms. Zhu Ping		√

### Board Committees

There are four committees established under the Board, namely the Audit Committee, the Board Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Connected Transactions Committee.

#### (a) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P., Mr. Ye Yongmao and one non-executive Director Mr. Jiang Junzhou. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P. who possesses recognised professional qualification in finance and accounting. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in compliance with the Code. The Board has adopted the latest terms of reference for the Audit Committee on 27 March 2012. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee which explain their respective roles and the authority delegated to them by the Board are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The functions of the Audit Committee includes but not limited to the following:

- Considering and reviewing the appointment, resignation and removal of external auditors and their fees;
- Reviewing the interim and annual results of the Group;
- Discussing with the external auditors for problems or issues of significance identified during the course of audit; and
- Overseeing the financial reporting system and the internal control procedures of the Company.

The work of the Audit Committee in 2013 includes but not limit to following:

- Reviewing the interim results and annual results of the Group;
- Discussing with the management of the Group over the completeness, fairness and appropriateness of the accounting standards and policies adopted by the Group in the preparation of the interim and annual financial statements;
- Reviewing and discussing with the external auditors over the consolidated financial statements of the Group; and
- Recommending to the Board, for the approval by Shareholders, of the re-appointment of the auditors.

The Company held 2 meetings of Audit Committee in 2013 and the details of the attendance are set out below:

Directors	Attendance
Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P. ( <i>Chairman</i> )	2/2
Mr. Ye Yongmao (One meeting attended by proxy)	2/2
Mr. Jiang Junzhou	2/2

(b) *Board Remuneration Committee*

The Board Remuneration Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Mao Fengge and Mr. Lee Ka Chung J.P. and one non-executive Director, Mr. Ma Jun. The terms of reference of the Board Remuneration Committee are in compliance with the Code. The chairman of the Board Remuneration Committee is Mr. Mao Fengge. The committee meets at least once a year. The Board has adopted the latest terms of reference for Board Remuneration Committee on 27 March 2012. The terms of reference of the Board Remuneration Committee which explain their respective roles and the authority delegated to them by the Board are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The principal responsibilities of the Board Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations or proposals to the Board for examination on the overall remuneration policy and structure of the Directors and officers of the Company, to determine the remuneration packages of specific executive Directors and officers, to approve the terms of the service contracts requiring approval of Shareholders and to assess the performance of the Directors and officers.

The Board Remuneration Committee met once in 2013 on 28 March 2013. The details of the attendance are set out below:

Directors	Attendance
Mr. Mao Fengge	1/1
Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P.	1/1
Mr. Ma Jun (One meeting attended by proxy)	1/1

### (c) *Nomination Committee*

The Nomination Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Mao Fengge and Mr. Ye Yongmao and one non-executive Director Mr. Chen Jinkui. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr. Mao Fengge. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are in compliance with the Code. The Committee meets at least once a year. The Board has adopted the latest terms of reference for Nomination Committee on 27 March 2012. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee which explain their respective roles and the authority delegated to them by the Board are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Nomination Committee reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis and recommends to the Board regarding any proposed changes, including the appointment and succession of Directors and other related matters. It ensures that all nominations of director are fair and transparent and that the Board benefits from the right balance of skills, experience and knowledge to govern the Group effectively. It also assesses the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for identifying suitable candidates for the members of the Board when there is a vacancy or an additional Director is considered necessary. Normally, the Nomination Committee recommends the suitable candidates to members of the the Board. The members of the Board will then review the qualifications of the relevant candidates for determining the suitability to the Group on the basis of his or her qualifications, experiences and background. Suitable candidates will be recommended by the Board to Shareholders for approval at the general meeting.

The Nomination Committee met once in 2013 on 28 March 2013. The details of the attendance are set out below:

Directors	Attendance
Mr. Mao Fengge ( <i>Chairman</i> )	1/1
Mr. Ye Yongmao (One meeting attended by proxy)	1/1
Mr. Jiang Junzhou	1/1

*(d) Connected Transactions Committee*

The Connected Transactions Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Mao Fengge, Mr. Lee Ka Chung J.P. and Mr. Ye Yongmao. The chairman of the Connected Transactions Committee is Mr. Mao Fengge. The committee meets at least once a year.

The primary duties of the Connected Transactions Committee are to review the Group's proposed connected transactions (including connected transactions exempted under the Listing Rules) to be entered into with any connected person of the Group. It also reviews the approval procedures of relevant board meetings.

The Connected Transactions Committee met once in 2013 on 28 March 2013. The details of the attendance are set out below:

Directors	Attendance
Mr. Mao Fengge ( <i>Chairman</i> )	1/1
Mr. Lee Ka Chung, J.P.	1/1
Mr. Ye Yongmao (One meeting attended by proxy)	1/1

**Supervisory Committee**

The Company's Supervisory Committee consists of six Supervisors, two of which are elected by Shareholders as their representatives, two is elected by our employees and the other two are independent Supervisors. Supervisors serve for a term of three years, after which they are subject to re-election.

The Supervisory Committee is responsible for exercising supervision over the Board and the Group's senior management.

The Supervisor Committee meets at least twice a year. The details of the attendance are set out below:

Supervisors	Attendance
Ms. Sun Yujing	2/2
Mr. Zhang Jiaku	2/2
Mr. Liu Ming	2/2
Mr. Cheng Jianhang	2/2
Mr. Zhang Haiou	2/2
Ms. Bai Hua	2/2

**INTERNAL CONTROL****Framework**

The Board has overall responsibility in monitoring the process of corporate reporting and control system throughout the Group. The corporate reporting function is delegated to the finance and accounting department to conduct proper and regular reviews on the deployment of resources and financial reporting systems. The corporate governance practices and compliance with the Listing Rules, SFO and other applicable regulations are delegated to the joint company secretaries of the Company. The senior management of the Group reviews and discusses the reporting and control systems with the executive Directors regularly and with the Audit Committee, Board Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Connected Transaction Committee annually.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### Assessment on the effectiveness of internal control system

The system of internal controls is designed to provide reasonable assurance against human errors, material misstatement, losses, damages or fraud. It is also designed for the identification and management of risks that are significant to the fulfillment of the Group's business objectives.

Activities, procedures and controls are well documented and the existence and effectiveness of the existing control procedures are tested by reference to the ranking of each individual risk area. The criteria for assessing the effectiveness of internal controls are based on the assessment of whether the documented control processes have operated throughout the year being reviewed with respect to the procedures and internal control for the handling and dissemination of price-sensitive informations, the Company is aware of its disclosure obligation under the Listing Rules, the overriding principle, of which is that information which is expected to be price-sensitive should be announced immediately when it is the subject of a decision, and to identify whether there are any control weaknesses.

The internal audit department carries out various audits on control procedures in respect of those significant risk areas of the Group with findings reported to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee reviews the findings and reports to the Board annually.

### COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary's biographies are set out on page 13 of this report. The Company Secretary has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Year. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that Board procedures as well as all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

### AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Remuneration paid to the Group's external auditors for audit services provided for the year ended 31 December 2013 was RMB1.3 million.

### Shareholders' Rights

#### How Shareholders can convene an extraordinary general meeting and put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

The procedures for Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting and put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings are set out in the Articles.

One or more Shareholders in aggregate holding not less than 10% of the issued share capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meeting of the Company, may by written request to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of business specified in such request and such meeting shall be held within two months after the Board receives such request.

If the Board fails to issue the notice for the extraordinary general meeting within 30 days after receipt of the above written request or is unable to or fails to perform the duty of calling a general meeting, the Supervisory Committee shall convene and hold the meeting promptly.

If the Supervisory Committee fails to convene and hold the meeting, one or more Shareholders in aggregate holding more than 10% of the issued share capital of the Company in 90 successive days may proceed to convene such meeting himself/herself (themselves) four months after the Board receives such written request. All reasonable expenses arising out of the calling and holding of the general meeting by such Shareholders shall be borne by the Company.

Shareholders holding no less than 3% of the total voting shares of the Company shall be entitled to submit written provisional proposals to the Board 10 days before the annual general meeting. The Board shall inform other Shareholders of the proposals within two days after the receipt of such proposals and include the relevant matters in the agenda of the general meeting.

### **Procedures by which enquiries may be put to the Board**

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the joint company secretary of the Company by mail at No. 516-1, Jiuzhan Street, Jilin City, Jilin Province, the PRC or by email at sy1121@jlcfc.com. The joint company secretaries will forward communications relating to matters within the Board's direct responsibilities to the Board and communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and customer complaints, to the chief executive of the Company.

### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Board and the senior management have confirmed that it is their responsibility to represent all Shareholders' interests and to maximise the values of Shareholders and have made to the Group the following commitments:

1. Strive to maintain the long-term sustainable and healthy growth of Shareholders' values and investment returns;
2. Be responsible for the planning, construction and operation of the Group's core business;
3. Be responsible for the Company's investment and business risks management; and
4. Make disclosure which gives a true, fair and full view of the Group's financial condition and operating performance.

The Group considers that the Shareholders' rights should be respected and guaranteed. The Group is committed to maintain good communication with Shareholders regarding its performance through means such as interim report, annual report and Shareholders' general meeting to enable the Shareholders to justify their investment and exercise their rights. The Group encourages Shareholders, participation through Shareholders' general meetings and other means.

In order to promote the communication with Shareholders, the Group has maintained a website as a channel to provide the latest information and to strengthen communication with Shareholders and the public. The Group's corporate correspondence and information will also be published on the website in a timely way.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JILIN QIFENG CHEMICAL FIBER CO., LTD.

(a joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Jilin Qifeng Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiary (together the "Group") set out on pages 38 to 116, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2013, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2013, and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### EMPHASIS OF MATTER

#### Going concern basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss during the year ended 31 December 2013 and, as of that date, the Company's and the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

**BDO Limited**

*Certified Public Accountants*

**Cheung Sai Kit**

Practising Certificate Number P05544

Hong Kong, 28 March 2014

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Land use rights	7	88,531	92,429
Property, plant and equipment	8	1,591,495	1,684,252
Intangible assets	9	—	8,205
Interest in a joint venture	11	159,418	174,071
Deferred income tax assets	21	72,426	83,780
Prepayments	12	248	11,023
		<u>1,912,118</u>	<u>2,053,760</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	13	404,804	354,014
Trade and other receivables	14	563,991	407,785
Current income tax recoverable		1,893	1,893
Restricted bank deposits	15	74,013	123,647
Cash and cash equivalents	15	90,813	109,228
		<u>1,135,514</u>	<u>996,567</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u><u>3,047,632</u></u>	<u><u>3,050,327</u></u>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
<b>Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company</b>			
Share capital	16(a)	866,250	866,250
Share premium	16(b)	142,477	142,477
Other reserves	17	31,919	31,919
Accumulated losses	17	(306,678)	(214,206)
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>733,968</u>	<u>826,440</u>

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Long-term bank borrowings	18	364,122	307,500
Deferred income	19	74,911	82,216
		439,033	389,716
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	20	443,312	487,769
Short-term bank borrowings	18	1,315,390	1,271,969
Current portion of long-term bank borrowings	18	104,902	56,500
Current income tax liabilities		—	933
Derivative financial instrument	22	11,027	17,000
		1,874,631	1,834,171
<b>Total liabilities</b>		2,313,664	2,223,887
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		3,047,632	3,050,327
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		(739,117)	(837,604)
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		1,173,001	1,216,156

The notes on pages 45 to 116 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements on pages 38 to 116 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2014 and were signed on its behalf.

Song Dewu  
*Chairman*

Wang Changsheng  
*Director*



## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Land use rights	7	82,151	86,016
Property, plant and equipment	8	1,152,327	1,262,202
Intangible assets	9	—	8,205
Investment in a subsidiary	10	385,000	385,000
Investment in a joint venture	11	225,000	225,000
Deferred income tax assets	21	54,962	59,652
Prepayments	12	248	10,826
		<u>1,899,688</u>	<u>2,036,901</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	13	317,297	277,845
Trade and other receivables	14	635,187	369,421
Current income tax recoverable		1,893	1,893
Restricted bank deposits	15	74,013	123,647
Cash and cash equivalents	15	84,945	100,991
		<u>1,113,335</u>	<u>873,797</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u><b>3,013,023</b></u>	<u><b>2,910,698</b></u>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
<b>Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company</b>			
Share capital	16(a)	866,250	866,250
Share premium	16(b)	142,477	142,477
Other reserves	17	31,919	31,919
Accumulated losses	17	(126,296)	(107,951)
<b>Total equity</b>		<u><b>914,350</b></u>	<u><b>932,695</b></u>

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Long-term bank borrowings	18	244,122	157,500
Deferred income	19	59,286	65,341
		303,408	222,841
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	20	413,947	469,193
Short-term bank borrowings	18	1,295,389	1,241,969
Current portion of long-term bank borrowings	18	74,902	27,000
Derivative financial instrument	22	11,027	17,000
		1,795,265	1,755,162
<b>Total liabilities</b>		2,098,673	1,978,003
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		3,013,023	2,910,698
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		(681,930)	(881,365)
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		1,217,758	1,155,536

The notes on pages 45 to 116 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements on pages 38 to 116 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2014 and were signed on its behalf.

**Song Dewu**  
*Chairman*

**Wang Changsheng**  
*Director*

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Turnover	6	1,468,845	1,391,844
Cost of sales		<u>(1,367,619)</u>	<u>(1,375,781)</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>101,226</b>	<b>16,063</b>
Other income	23	511,761	482,099
Distribution costs		(37,577)	(35,914)
Administrative expenses		(116,575)	(73,393)
Other expenses	23	(385,440)	(411,535)
Other gains/(losses) – net	24	<u>(2,821)</u>	<u>(5,314)</u>
<b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>		<b>70,574</b>	<b>(27,994)</b>
Finance income	27	2,900	2,100
Finance costs	27	<u>(140,130)</u>	<u>(123,221)</u>
		(66,656)	(149,115)
Share of loss of a joint venture	11	<u>(14,926)</u>	<u>(40,147)</u>
<b>Loss before income tax</b>	25	<b>(81,582)</b>	<b>(189,262)</b>
Income tax (expense)/credit	28	<u>(10,890)</u>	<u>2,695</u>
<b>Loss and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of the Company</b>	29	<b><u>(92,472)</u></b>	<b><u>(186,567)</u></b>
<b>Earnings per share for loss attributable to the owners of the company during the year (expressed in RMB per share)</b>			
– basic and diluted	30	<u>(0.11)</u>	<u>(0.22)</u>
<b>Dividend</b>	31	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>

The notes on pages 45 to 116 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Attributable to owners of the Company				Total RMB' 000
	Share capital RMB' 000	Share premium RMB' 000	Other reserves RMB' 000	Accumulated losses RMB' 000	
At 1 January 2012	866,250	142,477	31,919	(27,639)	1,013,007
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(186,567)	(186,567)
At 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013	866,250	142,477	31,919	(214,206)	826,440
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(92,472)	(92,472)
At 31 December 2013	<u>866,250</u>	<u>142,477</u>	<u>31,919</u>	<u>(306,678)</u>	<u>733,968</u>

The notes on pages 45 to 116 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Cash generated from/(used) in operations	32(a)	10,627	(105,732)
Income tax paid		(469)	—
Net cash from/(used) in operating activities		<u>10,158</u>	<u>(105,732)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(22,150)	(53,820)
Government grants received		—	6,610
Interest received		2,965	1,864
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(19,185)</u>	<u>(45,346)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from borrowings		2,344,290	1,548,800
Repayments of borrowings		(2,242,876)	(1,445,600)
Interests and guarantee fees paid		(110,802)	(107,021)
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(9,388)</u>	<u>(3,821)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(18,415)	(154,899)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		109,228	264,127
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	15	<u>90,813</u>	<u>109,228</u>

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Jilin Qifeng Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. (the “Company”) and its subsidiary (collectively the “Group”) is principally engaged in the production and sales of different types of acrylic fiber products (namely acrylic top, acrylic tow and acrylic staple fiber) and the development, production and sales of carbon fiber products.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”) and is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”). The address of its registered office is Block 4, Zone D, Hengshan West Road, Jilin New and High Technology Development Zone, Jilin City, Jilin Province, the PRC.

In the opinion of the Company’s directors, the ultimate parent company of the Company is Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Co., Ltd. (“JCF Groupco”), a limited liability company incorporated in the PRC and a state-owned enterprise controlled by the PRC government.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“RMB”) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Company on 28 March 2014.

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Basis of preparation and going concern assumption

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group incurred a net loss of RMB92,472,000 and, as of that date, the Company’s and the Group’s current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB681,930,000 and RMB739,117,000 respectively and the bank borrowings as included in the Company’s and the Group’s current liabilities amounted to RMB1,370,291,000 and RMB1,420,292,000 respectively. This situation indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the Group may not be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company’s directors are of the opinion that the Group will be able to finance its future financing requirements and working capital based on the following considerations:

- (a) The Group’s profitability and cash flows are expected to be improved in view of the improving business environment of the business operations.
- (b) The Group has maintained its good business relationship with its principal bankers and the principal bankers have indicated their willingness to renew their borrowings to the Group upon maturities of borrowings. The Company’s directors believe that formal and binding facility letters will be entered into with the respective principal bankers upon the original maturity dates of the related borrowings.
- (c) The ultimate parent company, JCF Groupco, a state-owned enterprise, has confirmed and has ability to provide continuing financial support to the Company and the Group so as to enable it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and to carry on its business for the foreseeable future.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION – *continued*

### 2.1 Basis of preparation and going concern assumption – *continued*

In view of the above, the Company's directors are of the view that there will be sufficient financial resources available to the Company and the Group to enable it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Company's directors have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). The consolidated financial statements also include the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Company Ordinance and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of the derivative financial instrument being categorised as financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 22).

The Group has not prepared a separate consolidated income statement because it is identical to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

### 2.2 Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – effective on 1 January 2013

The Group has adopted the following amendments to published standards issued by the HKICPA, which are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2013:

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle
Amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

Except as explained below, the adoption of the abovementioned amendments did not result in any substantial changes to the Group's significant accounting policies and presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION – *continued*

#### 2.2 Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – effective on 1 January 2013 – *continued*

##### *Amendments to HKFRS 7 – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*

HKFRS 7 is amended to introduce disclosures for all recognised financial instruments that are set off under HKAS 32 and those that are subject to an enforceable master netting agreement or similar arrangement, irrespective of whether they are set off under HKAS 32.

The adoption of the amendments has no impact on these financial statements as the Group has not offset financial instruments, nor has it entered into a master netting agreement or a similar arrangement.

##### *HKFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements*

HKFRS 10 introduces a single control model for consolidation of all investee entities. An investor has control when it has power over the investee (whether or not that power is used in practice), exposure or rights to variable returns from the investee and the ability to use the power over the investee to affect those returns. HKFRS 10 contains extensive guidance on the assessment of control. For example, the standard introduces the concept of “de facto” control where an investor can control an investee while holding less than 50% of the investee’s voting rights in circumstances where its voting interest is of sufficiently dominant size relative to the size and dispersion of those of other individual shareholders to give it power over the investee. Potential voting rights are considered in the analysis of control only when these are substantive, i.e. the holder has the practical ability to exercise them.

The standard explicitly requires an assessment of whether an investor with decision making rights is acting as principal or agent and also whether other parties with decision making rights are acting as agents of the investor. An agent is engaged to act on behalf of and for the benefit of another party and therefore does not control the investee when it exercises its decision making authority. The accounting requirements in HKAS 27 (2008) on other consolidation related matters are carried forward unchanged. The Group has changed its accounting policy in determining whether it has control of an investee and therefore is required to consolidate that interest (see note 3.1(a)).



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION – *continued*

#### 2.2 Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – effective on 1 January 2013 – *continued*

##### *HKFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements*

Joint arrangements under HKFRS 11 have the same basic characteristics as joint ventures under HKAS 31. Joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. Where the Group has rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities of the joint arrangement, it is regarded as a joint operator and will recognise its interests in the assets, liabilities, income and expenses arising from the joint arrangement. Where the Group has rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement as a whole, it is regarded as having an interest in a joint venture and will apply the equity method of accounting, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). HKFRS 11 does not allow proportionate consolidation of a joint venture arrangement. In an arrangement structured through a separate vehicle, all relevant facts and circumstances should be considered to determine whether the parties to the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Previously, the existence of a separate legal entity was the key factor in determining the existence of a jointly controlled entity under HKAS 31. The Group has changed its accounting policy for joint arrangements (see note 3.1(b)).

##### *HKFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement*

HKFRS 13 provides a single source of guidance on how to measure fair value when it is required or permitted by other standards. The standard applies to both financial and non-financial items measured at fair value and introduces a fair value measurement hierarchy. The definitions of the three levels in this measurement hierarchy are generally consistent with HKFRS 7 “Financial Instruments: Disclosures”. HKFRS 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price). The standard removes the requirement to use bid and ask prices for financial assets and liabilities quoted in an active market. Rather the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances should be used. It also contains extensive disclosure requirements to allow users of the financial statements to assess the methods and inputs used in measuring fair values and the effects of fair value measurements on the financial statements. HKFRS 13 is applied prospectively.

HKFRS 13 did not materially affect any fair value measurements of the Group’s assets and liabilities and therefore has no effect on the Group’s financial position and performance.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION – *continued*

#### 2.3 New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The HKICPA has also issued the following new or revised standards, amendments or interpretations which may be applicable to the Group but not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2013:

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 January 2014
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments	Note
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle	1 July 2014
		Effective for accounting periods beginning or transactions occurring on or after
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle	1 July 2014

Note: No mandatory effective date yet determined but is available for adoption.

The Group has not early adopted the abovementioned new or revised standards and amendments in these consolidated financial statements and will apply these new or revised standards and amendments in accordance with their respective effective dates.

Information on new and revised HKFRSs that are expected to affect the Group are as below:

#### *Amendments to HKAS 32 – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*

The amendments clarify the offsetting requirements by adding appliance guidance to HKAS 32 which clarifies when an entity “currently has a legally enforceable right to set off” and when a gross settlement mechanism is considered equivalent to net settlement.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION – *continued*

#### 2.3 New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective – *continued*

##### *HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments*

Under HKFRS 9, financial assets are classified into financial assets measured at fair value or at amortised cost depending on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Fair value gains or losses will be recognised in profit or loss except for those non-trade equity investments, which the entity will have a choice to recognise the gains and losses in other comprehensive income. HKFRS 9 carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

##### *Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle and 2011-2013 Cycle*

The amendments issued under the annual improvements process make small, non-urgent changes to a number of standards where they are currently unclear. Among them HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment has been amended to clarify how the gross carrying amount and accumulated depreciation are treated where an entity uses the revaluation model. The carrying amount of the asset is restated to revalued amount. The accumulated depreciation may be eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset. Alternatively, the gross carrying amount may be adjusted in a manner consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset and the accumulated depreciation is adjusted to equal the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount after taking into account accumulated impairment losses.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 3.1 Group accounting

The Group is currently comprises of the Company and its subsidiary. The Group also has an investment in a joint venture.

Subsidiary is fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and is de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains/losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated.

Investment in the joint venture is accounted for using the equity method of accounting and is initially recognised at cost. The consolidated statement of comprehensive income includes the Group's share of the results of the jointly venture for the year and the consolidated statement of financial position includes the Group's share of net assets of the joint venture. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint venture. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred.

Accounting policies of the subsidiary and the joint venture have been changed where necessary in the consolidated financial statements to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

##### (a) *Subsidiary*

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investment in subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The result of subsidiary is accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.1 Group accounting – *continued*

##### *(b) Joint arrangements*

The group is a party to a joint arrangement where there is a contractual arrangement that confers joint control over the relevant activities of the arrangement to the group and at least one other party. Joint control is assessed under the same principles as control over subsidiaries.

The group classifies its interest in joint arrangement as joint venture where the group has right to only the net assets of the joint arrangement.

In assessing the classification of interests in joint arrangement, the Group considers:

- The structure of the joint arrangement;
- The legal form of joint arrangements structured through a separate vehicle;
- The contractual terms of the joint arrangement agreement; and
- Any other facts and circumstances (including any other contractual arrangements).

In the company's statement of financial position, the investment in the joint venture is stated at cost less provision for impairment losses (if any). The result of the joint venture is accounted by the company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

#### 3.2 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-makers. The chief operating decision-makers have been identified as the three executive directors of the Company who are responsible for allocating resources, assessing performance of operating segments and making strategic decisions.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency. RMB is also the functional currency of the subsidiary and the joint venture of the Company.

(b) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains/losses – net'.

#### 3.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (if any). Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings	22 years
Machinery and equipment	12 - 16 years
Electronic and office equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.4 Property, plant and equipment – *continued*

Construction in progress represents buildings, plant and machinery under construction and pending installation and is stated at cost. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress during the construction and installation stage. When the related construction and installation works have been completed and the relevant assets are brought into their intended use, construction in progress will then be transferred to the relevant categories of property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 3.7).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss and presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains/losses – net'.

#### 3.5 Land use rights

All the land in the PRC is state-owned and no individual land ownership right exists. The Group leased several pieces of land and the related prepaid operating lease payments are recognised as land use rights. Land use rights are stated at the prepaid operating lease payments less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (if any). Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the prepaid operating lease payments for land over the remaining lease terms.

#### 3.6 Intangible assets – Technical know-how and licenses

Separately acquired technical know-how and licenses are shown at historical cost and amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 8 to 15 years. Technical know-how and licenses are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (if any).

#### 3.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to depreciation or amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered from impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.8 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group only has financial assets in the category of loans and receivables. The Group has entered into an interest rate swap contract which is not designated as hedge and therefore has been categorised as financial asset/liability at fair value through profit or loss. The related interest rate swap contract is a financial liability of the Group as at 31 December 2013 (Note 22).

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period which will then be classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables', 'restricted bank deposits' and 'cash and cash equivalents'. Loans and receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current. Assets in this category are initially recognised and subsequently measured at their fair values, and transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.9 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designed as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. As mentioned note 3.8 above, the Group has entered into an interest rate swap contract which has been classified as financial asset/liability at fair value through profit or loss and the management considers that this derivative financial instrument do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of this derivative financial instrument is recognised immediately in profit or loss and presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains/losses – net'.

#### 3.10 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 3.11 Impairment of financial assets carried at amortised costs

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads but excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

#### 3.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

#### 3.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts (if any).

#### 3.15 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased assets are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

*(a) Leases – where the Group as the lessee*

Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

*(b) Leases – where the Group as the lessor*

When the Group leases out assets under operating leases, the assets are included in the statement of financial position according to their nature and where applicable, are depreciated in accordance with the Group's depreciation policies, as set out in note 3.4 above. Rental income arising from assets leased out under operating leases is recognised in accordance with the Group's revenue recognition policy as set out in note 3.23 below.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.16 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 3.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

#### 3.18 Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 3.19 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.20 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 3.21 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the income tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Group and the joint venture operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the end of the reporting period date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in the subsidiary and the joint venture, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.22 Employee benefits

(a) *Retirement benefits costs*

The Group contributes on a monthly basis to various defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by relevant municipal and provincial governments in the PRC. The municipal and provincial governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations payable to all existing and future retired employees under these plans and the Group has no further obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred.

(b) *Bonus plans*

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### 3.23 Recognition of revenue and income

Revenue is measured at the fair values of the considerations received or receivable for the sales of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue and income when the amount of revenue and income can be reliably measured, when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for the Group's activities as described below. The amounts of revenue and income are not considered to be reliably measureable until all contingences associated with the sales and income has been resolved.

(a) *Sales of goods*

Sales of goods are recognised when the Group has delivered products to the customers; the customers have accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(b) *Operating lease rental income*

Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of leases.

(c) *Income from provision of utilities*

Income from provision of utilities is recognised when the related utilities are provided to the customers or users.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### 3.23 Recognition of revenue and income – *continued*

(d) *Interest income*

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(e) *Dividend income*

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 3.24 Government grants

Grants from government are recognised at their fair value when there is a reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the Group complies with the attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match with the costs that the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets.

#### 3.25 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors.

#### 3.26 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 4.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

##### (a) Market risk

###### Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC with most of the transactions settle in RMB, only with approximately 11.6% (2012: 5.7%) of the Group's revenue was denominated in United State dollars ("US dollar"). The net exchange loss for the current year of RMB2,506,000 (2012: RMB9,000) was primarily associated with such US dollar denominated sales.

The conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulation of the foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

As at 31 December 2013, except for trade receivables of RMB35,154,000 (2012: RMB28,020,000) which are denominated in US dollars, all of the Group's financial assets/liabilities are denominated in RMB.

Management considers that the foreign exchange risk associated with the Group's financial assets and liabilities will not be significant as the Group does not have significant assets or liabilities denominated in currencies other than RMB as at 31 December 2013. Management considers that the possible appreciation of RMB in future periods may have an unfavourable implication on the Group's sales and costs of production but the potential impacts cannot be quantified.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

#### 4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

##### (a) Market risk – *continued*

###### Interest rate risk

As the Group has no significant interest bearing assets (other than cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits), the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk primarily arises from bank borrowings and derivative financial instrument.

Borrowings obtained at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings obtained at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. In general, the Group raises long-term borrowings at floating rates as well as fixed rates, based upon the capital market conditions and the Group's internal requirements. As at 31 December 2013, the Group's fixed rates borrowings and floating rates borrowings amounted to RMB930,689,000 (2012: RMB706,969,000) and RMB853,725,000 (2012: RMB929,000,000) respectively.

With all other variables held constant, the Group's finance costs (net of amounts capitalised in construction in progress) on the floating rates borrowings will increase/decrease by approximately RMB4,268,600 (2012: RMB3,632,500) if the interest rate is 50 basis points higher/lower.

The Group has entered into an interest rate swap contract with a financial institution which is remained in an open position as at 31 December 2013 (Note 22). Pursuant to the terms of the interest rate swap contract, the Group has to pay interests to the financial institution at an interest rate of 6.84% per annum based on the outstanding notional principal amount of RMB93,600,000 (2012: RMB98,800,000), with original notional principal amount of RMB130,000,000, while the Group is entitled to receive interest payments from the financial institution at the rate of 7.84% per annum for the period when the 30-year US dollar Constant Maturity Swap Rate (the "30-year USD CMS Rate") is higher than or equal to 3.85% and at the same time the 6-month US dollar London Inter-bank Offered Rate (the "6-month LIBOR") is lower than or equal to 7.00%. Any interest payments or receipts associated with the interest rate swap contract are settled with the financial institution on a net basis semi-annually.

As at 31 December 2013, the 6-month LIBOR is 0.35%, which is far below the rate of 7.00% as specified in the interest rate swap contract. Therefore, management considers that the Group's interest rate risk associated with the interest rate swap contract should be more dependent on the future trends of the 30-year USD CMS Rate. As at 31 December 2013, the 30-year USD CMS Rate is 3.72%, which is below the rate of 3.85% as specified in the interest rate swap contract. With all other variables held constant, the net loss/gain on fair value change of the interest rate swap contract will not be significant even if the 30-year USD CMS Rate is 10 basis points lower/higher.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

#### 4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

##### (b) Credit risk

The Group's credit risks are primarily attributable to trade and other receivables (including bills receivables), derivative financial instrument and deposits with banks and financial institutions. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is the unimpaired carrying amounts of respective financial assets as mentioned above. Management has credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade receivables, the Group limits its exposure to credit risk by performing credit reviews and monitoring the financial strength of its major customers. Customers are assessed and rated based on their credit quality, taking into account its financial position, past repayment history and other factors. Individual credit limits are set by the management and utilisation of these credit limits is regularly monitored.

Generally, trade receivables are due within 30 days from the date of billing.

As at 31 December 2013, the Group has certain concentration of credit risk because approximately 58% (2012: 79%) of the total trade receivables (gross amount before any impairment provision) was due from five of the Group's customers (the "Top Five Debtors"). The aging analysis of the balances due from the Top Five Debtors are as below:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Receivables from the Top Five Debtors:		
Within 30 days	25,247	54,577
31 - 90 days	30,764	4,512
91 - 365 days	3,483	23,875
Over 365 days	—	9,331
	<u>59,494</u>	<u>92,295</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

#### 4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

##### (b) *Credit risk – continued*

As at 31 December 2013, no provision for receivable impairment has been made against the Top Five Debtors and the management does not expect any significant losses from the non-performance by the abovementioned counterparties.

For derivative financial instrument and deposits with banks and financial institutions, the Group has limited its credit exposure by restricting their selection of banks and financial institutions on those reputable commercial banks or state-owned banks.

Bills receivables are all to be settled by reputable commercial banks or state-owned banks and therefore the management considers that they will not expose the Group to any significant credit risk.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group does not provide any financial guarantees to any parties which would expose the Group to credit risk.

##### (c) *Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its liabilities and obligations when they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the ability to close out market positions.

Management monitors regularly rolling cash flow forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities or funding from the ultimate parent company at all times. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans and compliance with internal ratio targets.

Management also monitors regularly the surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management and the Group will invest surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts or deposits, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity, to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the abovementioned forecasts. At 31 December 2013, the Group has interest bearing bank balances of RMB90,806,000 (2012: RMB109,218,000) that are expected to be readily for use in managing liquidity risk.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

#### 4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

##### (c) *Liquidity risk – continued*

The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities (with contractual obligations) and net-settled derivative financial liability into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. Derivative financial liability is included in the analysis as its contractual maturity is essential for an understanding of the timing of the expected cash flows. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (including the estimated interest expenses on the related borrowings up to their maturities).

	On demand or less than 1 year RMB' 000	Between 1 and 2 years RMB' 000	Between 2 and 5 years RMB' 000	Over 5 years RMB' 000
<b>At 31 December 2013</b>				
Long-term bank borrowings	137,223	120,381	249,878	68,124
Short-term bank borrowings	1,357,816	—	—	—
Financial liabilities as included in trade and other payables	354,229	—	—	—
Net settled derivative financial instrument	5,869	5,158	—	—
	<u>1,855,137</u>	<u>125,539</u>	<u>249,878</u>	<u>68,124</u>

	On demand or less than 1 year RMB' 000	Between 1 and 2 years RMB' 000	Between 2 and 5 years RMB' 000	Over 5 years RMB' 000
<b>At 31 December 2012</b>				
Long-term bank borrowings	80,308	79,868	180,398	122,116
Short-term bank borrowings	1,301,531	—	—	—
Financial liabilities as included in trade and other payables	438,425	—	—	—
Net settled derivative financial instrument	6,580	5,868	4,552	—
	<u>1,826,844</u>	<u>85,736</u>	<u>184,950</u>	<u>122,116</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

#### 4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

##### (c) *Liquidity risk – continued*

Although the Group has a considerable amount of financial liabilities to be settled or refinanced within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period, the Company's directors are of the view that the Group can manage the associated liquidity risks in view of the situations as described in note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 4.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to equity holders, return capital to equity holders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-total capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as the total equity as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position, plus net debt.

The Group aims to maintain a manageable debt-to-total capital ratio of not exceeding 70% (2012: 65%). The debt-to-total capital ratios at 31 December 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Total borrowings (Note 18)	1,784,414	1,635,969
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 15)	(90,813)	(109,228)
Net debt	1,693,601	1,526,741
Total equity	733,968	826,440
Total capital	2,427,569	2,353,181
Debt-to-total capital ratio	70%	65%

The increase in the debt-to-total capital ratio in the current year is primarily resulted from the loss for the year, which leads to the decrease in the Group's total equity.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

#### 4.3 Fair value estimation

Except for the interest rate swap contract as mentioned in notes 4.1(a) and 22, the Group does not have any financial assets/liabilities which are required to be measured in the statement of financial position at fair value as of the reporting date. This interest rate swap contract has been categorised to the level 2 of the fair value measurement hierarchy as set out in the HKFRS 7 “Financial Instruments: Disclosures” because its fair value can be determined by the use of valuation techniques which maximise the use of non-entity specific market data which is observable. The fair value of the interest rate swap contract is calculated at the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.

The carrying value less impairment provision of receivable and payable balances are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### 5.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

##### *(a) Impairment of non-current key operating assets*

Land use rights, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are the key operating assets for the Group’s business operations (collectively the “Key Operating Assets”). Management tests whether the Key Operating Assets have suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy as stated in note 3.7. The management has assessed the recoverable amounts of the Key Operating Assets based on value-in-use calculations which require the use of estimates on the projections of cash inflows from the continual use of the Key Operating Assets and discount rate.

If the projected gross margin had been 5% lower than the management’s estimates or the discount rate as applied in the impairment assessment was higher than management’s existing estimates by 0.5 percentage point, the recoverable amounts of the Key Operating Assets will be reduced by approximately RMB148,448,000 and RMB58,389,000 respectively. Even the recoverable amounts of the Key Operating Assets are reduced by the abovementioned respective amounts, the adjusted recoverable amounts of those Key Operating Assets are still higher than their carrying amounts as of the end of reporting period.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS – *continued*

#### 5.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions – *continued*

##### (b) *Write-down of inventories to net realisable value*

In determining the net realisable value of inventories, the management is required to estimate the subsequent selling price of the inventories, the estimated costs to completion for work in progress and selling expenses. The management made the estimates by reference to the latest market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and sales of similar products in the past.

If the estimated net realisable values of inventories had been 5% lower than the estimates as adopted by the management, the Group is still not required to recognise any provision for impairment on the inventories for its acrylic fiber products segment (representing approximately 78% of the Group's total inventories) whereas the Group would have to recognise an additional provision for impairment on the inventories for its carbon fiber products segment of approximately RMB2,735,000.

##### (c) *Impairment of interest in joint venture*

Management tests whether the interest in joint venture has suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy as stated in note 3.7. The management has assessed the recoverable amount of the interest in joint venture based on value-in-use calculations which require the use of estimates on the projections of cash inflows from the operation of the joint venture and discount rate.

If the projected gross margin had been 5% lower than the management's estimates or the discount rate as applied in the impairment assessment was higher than management's existing estimates by 0.5 percentage point, the recoverable amount of the interest in joint venture will be reduced by approximately RMB102,479,000 and RMB49,304,000 respectively. Even the recoverable amount of the interest in joint venture is reduced by the abovementioned respective amounts, the adjusted recoverable amounts of the interest in joint venture are still higher than its carrying amount as of the end of reporting period.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS – *continued*

#### 5.2 Critical judgements in applying the Group's significant accounting policies

##### (a) *Going concern consideration*

The assessment of the going concern assumption involves making a judgement by the Company's directors, at a particular point of time, about the future outcome of events or conditions which are inherently uncertain. The Company's directors consider that the Group has the capability to continue as a going concern and the major events or conditions, which may give rise to business risks, that individually or collectively may cast doubt about the going concern assumption are set out in note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements.

##### (b) *Recoverability of deferred income tax assets*

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the recognised temporary differences (including tax losses) can be utilised. The assessment on the probability of whether the recognised deferred income tax assets can be fully recovered involves the use of judgement and estimates. As at 31 December 2013, the Group has recognised deferred income tax assets of RMB72,426,000 (2012: RMB83,780,000) (Note 21). The Company's directors consider that the Group is capable to generate sufficient taxable profit from its future business operations for utilising the recognised temporary differences.

##### (c) *Impairment of receivables*

The Group makes provision for impairment of receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of trade and other receivables. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates.

As at 31 December 2013, the Group has trade receivables which are past due but not impaired of RMB51,950,000 (Note 14(b)) and trade receivables of RMB5,554,000 which are being considered as doubtful debts and partially provided for (Note 14(c)). In addition, the Group has also requested a fellow subsidiary to pledge certain of its production equipment as the securities for the repayment of the related trade and other receivables of RMB19,320,000 (Note 14(b)).

As at 31 December 2013, the Group has overdue balance of RMB37,510,000 due from a related company in respect of the provision of utilities as set out in note 14(e). The related company will settle the overdue balance in accordance with the settlement plan as committed by the related company. Based on the progress of the subsequent settlement, the management does not expect a significant loss would be arising from the overdue balance.

Management considers that the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables of RMB5,021,000 as at 31 December 2013 adequately cover any significant losses arising from any non-performance by the independent and related counter parties.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-makers have been identified as the three executive directors of the Company (collectively the "Decision-Makers"). The Decision-Makers review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The Group is principally engaged in the development, production and sales of chemical fiber products, namely acrylic fiber and carbon fiber products. The operating segment for carbon fiber products has commenced its first phase of operation in August 2009.

All of the Group's operations and assets are located in the PRC except that, a portion of the Group's revenue of RMB170,571,000 (2012: RMB79,358,000) was in connection with sales to overseas customers. Therefore, the Decision-Makers consider the Group's business from a product perspective, rather than from a geographic perspective. The Decision-Makers assess the performance of the operating segments of acrylic fiber products and carbon fiber products on a regular basis.

The Decision-Makers primarily assess the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted segment results which are earnings before interests, tax, depreciation and amortisation. This measurement basis excludes the effects of non-recurring expenditure from the operating segments (such as legal expenses and impairments when the impairment is the result of an isolated, non-recurring event). Interest income and expenditure are not included in the result for each operating segment that is reviewed by the Decision-Makers.

Turnover for the year ended 31 December 2013 consists of sales from the acrylic fiber products segment and carbon fiber products segment of RMB1,448,851,000 (2012: RMB1,389,649,000) and RMB19,994,000 (2012: RMB2,195,000) respectively.

The Group does not have any inter-segment sales during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION – *continued*

The segment information provided to the Decision-Makers for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012 is as follow:

#### Segment revenue and results

	Acrylic fiber products RMB' 000	Carbon fiber products RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>Year ended 31 December 2013</b>			
Total revenue from external customers	<u>1,448,851</u>	<u>19,994</u>	<u>1,468,845</u>
Adjusted segment results (Note)	281,883	3,886	285,769
Impairment on inventories	—	(12,015)	(12,015)
Share of loss of a joint venture	(14,926)	—	(14,926)
Depreciation and amortisation	(175,568)	(27,218)	(202,786)
Income tax expenses	(5,323)	(5,567)	(10,890)
	<u>86,066</u>	<u>(40,914)</u>	<u>45,152</u>
<u>Other information:</u>			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	<u>54,292</u>	<u>43,634</u>	<u>97,926</u>
<b>Year ended 31 December 2012</b>			
Total revenue from external customers	<u>1,389,649</u>	<u>2,195</u>	<u>1,391,844</u>
Adjusted segment results (Note)	126,235	3,091	129,326
Impairment on inventories	—	(3,302)	(3,302)
Share of loss of a joint venture	(40,147)	—	(40,147)
Depreciation and amortisation	(144,012)	(3,255)	(147,267)
Income tax credit	1,770	925	2,695
	<u>(56,154)</u>	<u>(2,541)</u>	<u>(58,695)</u>
<u>Other information:</u>			
Addition to land use rights	64,964	—	64,964
Additions to property, plant and equipment	248,879	33,995	282,874
Transfer of property, plant and equipment between segments	<u>36,052</u>	<u>(36,052)</u>	<u>—</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION – *continued*

#### Segment revenue and results – *continued*

The revenue from external parties reported to the Decision-Makers is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

A reconciliation of adjusted segment results to loss before income tax is provided as follows:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Adjusted segment results for reportable segments	285,769	129,326
Impairment on inventories	(12,015)	(3,302)
Depreciation and amortization	(202,786)	(147,267)
Net loss on derivative financial instrument	(394)	(6,751)
Finance costs – net	(137,230)	(121,121)
Share of loss of a joint venture	(14,926)	(40,147)
	<u>(367,351)</u>	<u>(318,588)</u>
Loss before income tax	<u>(81,582)</u>	<u>(189,262)</u>

Note:

As disclosed in note 34(a)(i), the Group has managed and operated certain Utility Facilities and Leased Assets primarily to produce electricity and steam for its own production of acrylic fiber and carbon fiber products at the most cost efficient manner and any surplus of utilities as generated from these Utility Facilities and Leased Assets will be provided to fellow subsidiaries, joint venture, Jilin Chemical Fibre Co., Ltd. ("JCFCL"), related parties and third parties at rates to be determined amongst the parties concerned. The adjusted segment results as disclosed above for the acrylic fiber products segment included an amount of RMB163,723,000 (2012: RMB81,107,000), representing the related income net of direct outgoings (other than depreciation charge), which is attributable to the provisions of surplus utilities to fellow subsidiaries, joint venture, JCFCL, related parties and third parties.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION – *continued*

#### Segment assets and liabilities

	Acrylic fiber products RMB' 000	Carbon fiber products RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>As at 31 December 2013</b>			
Total segment assets	<u>2,366,340</u>	<u>606,973</u>	<u>2,973,313</u>
Total segment assets include:			
Interest in a joint venture	<u>159,418</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>159,418</u>
Total liabilities	<u>473,233</u>	<u>44,990</u>	<u>518,223</u>
<b>As at 31 December 2012</b>			
Total segment assets	<u>2,393,534</u>	<u>571,120</u>	<u>2,964,654</u>
Total assets include:			
Interest in a joint venture	<u>174,071</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>174,071</u>
Total segment liabilities	<u>534,535</u>	<u>35,450</u>	<u>569,985</u>

The amounts provided to the Decision-Makers with respect to total assets/liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the consolidated financial statements. These assets/liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the respective segments.

Reportable segment assets are reconciled to total assets per consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Segment assets for reportable segments	2,973,313	2,964,654
Unallocated:		
Deferred income tax assets	72,426	83,780
Current income tax recoverable	1,893	1,893
	<u>74,319</u>	<u>85,673</u>
Total assets per consolidated statement of financial position	<u>3,047,632</u>	<u>3,050,327</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION – *continued*

#### Segment assets and liabilities – *continued*

Reportable segment liabilities are reconciled to total liabilities per consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Segment liabilities for reportable segments	518,223	569,985
Unallocated:		
Borrowings	1,784,414	1,635,969
Current income tax liabilities	—	933
Derivative financial instrument	11,027	17,000
	<u>1,795,441</u>	<u>1,653,902</u>
Total liabilities per consolidated statement of financial position	<u><u>2,313,664</u></u>	<u><u>2,223,887</u></u>

#### Information about major customers

Revenues of approximately RMB519,640,000 (2012: RMB590,255,000) are derived from two (2012: two) customers which individually contributed more than 10% to the Group's revenue. These revenues are all attributable to the acrylic fiber products segment. Details of the revenues from these two customers are as follows:

Customer name	2013		2012	
	Revenue RMB' 000	Proportion to the total revenues	Revenue RMB' 000	Proportion to the total revenues
Shanghai Taiyi Textile Co., Ltd.	362,410	25%	436,985	31%
Qinhuangdao Aipurui Chemical Co., Ltd. (note)	—	—	153,270	11%
Jiangsu Hui Yuan Textile Co., Ltd (note)	157,230	11%	50,208	4%
Total	<u><u>519,640</u></u>	<u><u>36%</u></u>	<u><u>640,463</u></u>	<u><u>46%</u></u>

Note: These two companies are under common control.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 7. LAND USE RIGHTS

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments for lands in the PRC which are held on leases of between 10 to 50 years.

Movements in the land use rights are analysed as below:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
At 1 January	92,429	29,477	86,016	22,934
Additions	—	64,964	—	64,964
Amortisation charge	(3,898)	(2,012)	(3,865)	(1,882)
At 31 December	<u>88,531</u>	<u>92,429</u>	<u>82,151</u>	<u>86,016</u>

As at 31 December 2013, the Group is in the process of obtaining the land use right certificates for the land in the PRC with carrying amount of RMB6,413,000 (2012: RMB6,543,000) from the relevant government authorities.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group

	Buildings RMB' 000	Machinery and equipment RMB' 000	Electronic and office equipment RMB' 000	Motor vehicles RMB' 000	Construction in progress RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>At 1 January 2012</b>						
Cost	476,272	1,750,310	2,834	12,521	445,864	2,687,801
Accumulated depreciation	(178,531)	(958,688)	(2,416)	(9,378)	—	(1,149,013)
Net book amount	<u>297,741</u>	<u>791,622</u>	<u>418</u>	<u>3,143</u>	<u>445,864</u>	<u>1,538,788</u>
<b>Year ended 31 December 2012</b>						
Opening net book amount	297,741	791,622	418	3,143	445,864	1,538,788
Additions	126,227	48,128	303	1,738	106,478	282,874
Disposals	—	(297)	—	(64)	—	(361)
Transfer	52,835	405,289	—	—	(458,124)	—
Depreciation	(24,152)	(111,928)	(88)	(881)	—	(137,049)
Closing net book amount	<u>452,651</u>	<u>1,132,814</u>	<u>633</u>	<u>3,936</u>	<u>94,218</u>	<u>1,684,252</u>
<b>At 31 December 2012</b>						
Cost	655,334	2,202,063	3,137	14,169	94,218	2,968,921
Accumulated depreciation	(202,683)	(1,069,249)	(2,504)	(10,233)	—	(1,284,669)
Net book amount	<u>452,651</u>	<u>1,132,814</u>	<u>633</u>	<u>3,936</u>	<u>94,218</u>	<u>1,684,252</u>
<b>Year ended 31 December 2013</b>						
Opening net book amount	452,651	1,132,814	633	3,936	94,218	1,684,252
Additions	43,073	2,005	39	764	52,045	97,926
Transfer	5,791	28,536	—	—	(34,327)	—
Depreciation	(44,210)	(145,207)	(261)	(1,005)	—	(190,683)
Closing net book amount	<u>457,305</u>	<u>1,018,148</u>	<u>411</u>	<u>3,695</u>	<u>111,936</u>	<u>1,591,495</u>
<b>At 31 December 2013</b>						
Cost	704,198	2,232,604	3,176	14,933	111,936	3,066,847
Accumulated depreciation	(246,893)	(1,214,456)	(2,765)	(11,238)	—	(1,475,352)
Net book amount	<u>457,305</u>	<u>1,018,148</u>	<u>411</u>	<u>3,695</u>	<u>111,936</u>	<u>1,591,495</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – *continued*

#### Company

	Buildings RMB' 000	Machinery and equipment RMB' 000	Electronic and office equipment RMB' 000	Motor vehicles RMB' 000	Construction in progress RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>At 1 January 2012</b>						
Cost	476,272	1,680,466	2,661	12,517	67,125	2,239,041
Accumulated depreciation	(178,531)	(945,504)	(2,382)	(9,378)	—	(1,135,795)
Net book amount	<u>297,741</u>	<u>734,962</u>	<u>279</u>	<u>3,139</u>	<u>67,125</u>	<u>1,103,246</u>
<b>Year ended 31 December 2012</b>						
Opening net book amount	297,741	734,962	279	3,139	67,125	1,103,246
Additions	126,227	92,650	234	1,394	72,896	293,401
Disposals	—	(297)	—	(64)	—	(361)
Transfer	—	45,803	—	—	(45,803)	—
Depreciation	(24,152)	(108,968)	(83)	(881)	—	(134,084)
Closing net book amount	<u>399,816</u>	<u>764,150</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>3,588</u>	<u>94,218</u>	<u>1,262,202</u>
<b>At 31 December 2012</b>						
Cost	602,499	1,817,255	2,895	13,821	94,218	2,530,688
Accumulated depreciation	(202,683)	(1,053,105)	(2,465)	(10,233)	—	(1,268,486)
Net book amount	<u>399,816</u>	<u>764,150</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>3,588</u>	<u>94,218</u>	<u>1,262,202</u>
<b>Year ended 31 December 2013</b>						
Opening net book amount	399,816	764,150	430	3,588	94,218	1,262,202
Additions	—	1,694	39	764	51,795	54,292
Transfer	5,791	28,536	—	—	(34,327)	—
Depreciation	(39,463)	(123,551)	(214)	(939)	—	(164,167)
Closing net book amount	<u>366,144</u>	<u>670,829</u>	<u>255</u>	<u>3,413</u>	<u>111,686</u>	<u>1,152,327</u>
<b>At 31 December 2013</b>						
Cost	608,290	1,847,485	2,934	14,585	111,686	2,584,980
Accumulated depreciation	(242,146)	(1,176,656)	(2,679)	(11,172)	—	(1,432,653)
Net book amount	<u>366,144</u>	<u>670,829</u>	<u>255</u>	<u>3,413</u>	<u>111,686</u>	<u>1,152,327</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – *continued*

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 December 2013, property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company with carrying amount of RMB64,637,000 (2012: RMB112,873,000) have been pledged as securities for certain bank borrowings of the Group and the Company (Note 18). One of the pledges has expired during the year ended 31 December 2013.
- (b) As at 31 December 2013, the Group is in the process of obtaining the certificates of ownership in respect of certain buildings of the Group and the Company with carrying amount of RMB154,055,000 (2012: RMB179,062,000) and RMB5,791,000 (2012: RMB126,227,000) respectively from the relevant government authorities.
- (c) Depreciation expenses of RMB139,247,000 (2012: RMB105,360,000), RMB5,835,000 (2012: RMB7,578,000) and RMB45,601,000 (2012: RMB24,111,000) have been charged in cost of sales, administrative expenses and other expenses respectively.
- (d) As the Group's financial performance for the current year is lower than those originally budgeted, management has re-assessed the recoverable amounts of the Group's key operating assets (comprise of land use rights, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets). For the purpose of the impairment assessment, the management had identified two cash generating units ("CGU") namely the Acrylic Fiber Product Segment and the Carbon Fiber Product Segment. The recoverable amounts of the key operating assets of these two CGUs had been determined based on value-in-use calculations which used pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period (the "Projection Period").

The key assumptions as adopted in the impairment assessment are summarised as below:

	Acrylic Fiber Product Segment	Carbon Fiber Product Segment
Gross margin (Note i)	11% to 19%	-7% to 30%
Discount rate	14.0%	12.5%
Growth rate within the Projection Period (Note ii)	1% to 20%	5% to 173%
Growth rate beyond the Projection Period	0%	0%

- (i) For the Acrylic Fiber Product Segment, management expects that the gross margin will be increased to 19% from year 2018 onwards. For the Carbon Fiber Product Segment, management assumes that the Group will only be able to achieve the expected gross margin of 30% over the Projection Periods gradually, considering that it may take time for the Group to optimise the efficiency from the operations of this business segment.
- (ii) Management expects that the sales of carbon fiber products will significant increase as the new production lines were officially launched in 2013 and the Group was actively negotiating with downstream domestic customers. In view of this, management has projected a relatively high growth rates for the Carbon Fiber Product Segment within the Projection Period.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – *continued*

Notes: – *continued*

(d) – *continued*

- (iii) The end products of the Group's acrylic fiber products are primarily with respect to warm keeping clothes, blanket and materials which do not have close substitutes or subject to technology changes. Similarly, the end products of the Group's carbon fiber products can be widely used for the production of many carbonised products in different areas which do not have close substitutes or subject to technology changes. Therefore, management believes that the Group's operations in the Acrylic Fiber Product Segment and Carbon Fiber Product Segment can be carried on perpetually on a going concern basis.

In assuming the perpetual operations of the key operating assets for the Acrylic Fiber Product Segment and the Carbon Fiber Product Segment, management has assumed an annual capital expenditure to be incurred for maintenance and replacement at an amount which approximates the estimated annual depreciation charge of the related key operating assets.

- (iv) Management has assumed no further growth in the cash flows beyond the Projection Periods.

In determining the budgeted gross margin, management has made reference to the past performance of the Group and also their expectations for the market development in the upcoming few years. The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflects the specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

Based on the impairment assessment, management has concluded that the estimated recoverable amounts of the Group's key operating assets are higher than their carrying amounts and hence no provision for impairment is required to be recognised as at 31 December 2013.

- (e) During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group has capitalised borrowing costs of nil (2012: RMB15,459,000) on qualifying assets (Note 27). Borrowing costs were capitalised at the weighted average rate of its specific borrowings of 6.8% during the year ended 31 December 2012.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS – TECHNICAL KNOW-HOW AND LICENSES

#### Group and Company

	RMB' 000
<b>At 1 January 2012</b>	
Cost	102,624
Accumulated amortization	<u>(86,213)</u>
Net book amount	<u><u>16,411</u></u>
<b>Year ended 31 December 2012</b>	
Opening net book amount	16,411
Amortisation charge	<u>(8,206)</u>
Closing net book amount	<u><u>8,205</u></u>
<b>At 31 December 2012</b>	
Cost	102,624
Accumulated amortisation	<u>(94,419)</u>
Net book amount	<u><u>8,205</u></u>
<b>Year ended 31 December 2013</b>	
Opening net book amount	8,205
Amortisation charge	<u>(8,205)</u>
Closing net book amount	<u><u>—</u></u>
<b>At 31 December 2013</b>	
Cost	102,624
Accumulated amortisation	<u>(102,624)</u>
Net book amount	<u><u>—</u></u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 10. INVESTMENT IN A SUBSIDIARY

	Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Unlisted investment, at cost	385,000	385,000

Notes:

- (a) In July 2012, the Company had contributed cash of RMB170,000,000 to the subsidiary as its capital contribution.
- (b) Details of the subsidiary are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of registered and paid up capital		Interest directly held	
			2013 RMB	2012 RMB	2013	2012
Jilin Tangu Carbon Fiber Co., Ltd ("Tangu")	PRC, limited liability company	Development, production and sales of carbon fiber products in the PRC	360,000,000	360,000,000	100%	100%

- (c) The subsidiary's major new production lines commenced production during the year. Its financial performance for the current year is lower than that originally budgeted. Considering the recoverable amounts of the CGU of Carbon Fiber Product Segment as determined based on the management's assessment as described on note 8(d) is higher than the aggregate carrying amounts of the key operating assets of the Carbon Fiber Product Segment and the Company's investment costs in the subsidiary, the management has concluded that no provision for impairment on the Company's investment in the subsidiary is required to be recognised as at 31 December 2013.
- (d) Amount due from the subsidiary is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. The amount is included in trade and other receivables.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 11. INTEREST/INVESTMENT IN A JOINT VENTURE

	Group	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
At 1 January	174,071	213,945
Share of loss	(14,926)	(40,147)
Others	273	273
At 31 December	159,418	174,071

  

	Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Unlisted investment, at cost	225,000	225,000
Less: provision for impairment (Note b)	—	—
	225,000	225,000

Notes:

- (a) The Group has a 50% equity interest in a joint venture, Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd. ("Jimont"), which was established in the PRC on 21 December 2005 and its principal activity is the production and sales of acrylic fiber products. As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, Jimont has a registered and paid-in capital of RMB450,000,000 and is jointly owned by the Company, Montefiber S.p.A and SIMEST S.p.A as to 50.00%, 39.36% and 10.64% respectively.
- (b) As Jimont's financial performance for the current year is lower than that originally budgeted, management has re-assessed the carrying amounts of the interest in a joint venture of the Group and the investment in a joint venture of the Company. The recoverable amounts had been determined based on value-in-use calculations which used pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management of Jimont covering a five-year period (the "Projection Period"). The key assumptions as adopted in the impairment assessment are summarised as below:

Gross margin of the joint venture	8% to 14%
Discount rate	14.6%
Growth rate beyond the Projection Period	0%

In determining the budgeted gross margin, management has made reference to the past performance of the joint venture and also their expectations for the market development in the next few years. Management expects that the gross margin of the joint venture will increase to 14% from 2018 onwards. The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflects the specific risks relating to the joint venture.

Based on the impairment assessment, management has concluded that the estimated recoverable amount of the joint venture is higher than its carrying amounts and hence no provision for impairment is required to be recognised as at 31 December 2013 and 2012.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 11. INTEREST/INVESTMENT IN A JOINT VENTURE – *continued*

Notes: – *continued*

- (c) The following is the extract of the financial information of Jimont and the respective 50% interest being shared by the Group:

	As at 31 December 2013		As at 31 December 2012	
	Jimont RMB' 000	50% shared by the Group RMB' 000	Jimont RMB' 000	50% shared by the Group RMB' 000
Non-current assets	828,248	414,124	899,638	449,819
Current assets	888,967	444,484	438,151	219,076
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>1,717,215</b>	<b>858,608</b>	<b>1,337,789</b>	<b>668,895</b>
Non-current liabilities	200,000	100,000	280,000	140,000
Current liabilities	1,193,120	596,560	702,551	351,276
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,393,120</b>	<b>696,560</b>	<b>982,551</b>	<b>491,276</b>
Included in the above amounts are:				
Cash and cash equivalent	56,500	28,250	107,206	53,603
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payable)	1,062	531	611	306
Joint venture's capital commitments	—	—	—	—
	Year ended 31 December 2013		Year ended 31 December 2012	
	Jimont RMB' 000	50% shared by the Group RMB' 000	Jimont RMB' 000	50% shared by the Group RMB' 000
Revenue	1,431,471	715,736	1,362,764	681,382
Expenses	(1,461,323)	(730,662)	(1,443,058)	(721,529)
<b>Net loss for the year</b>	<b>(29,852)</b>	<b>(14,926)</b>	<b>(80,294)</b>	<b>(40,147)</b>
Included in the above amounts are:				
Depreciation and amortisation	(72,661)	(36,331)	(71,531)	(35,766)
Interest income	4,230	2,115	605	303
Interest expense	(64,915)	(32,458)	(67,266)	(33,633)
Income tax (expense)/credit	(5,098)	(2,549)	25,863	12,932

- (d) There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in the joint venture, and no contingent liabilities of the joint venture itself.

### 12. PREPAYMENTS

The prepayments classified as non-current assets are all associated with the Group's and the Company's purchases of property, plant and equipment.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 13. INVENTORIES

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Raw materials	136,145	143,960	134,707	141,308
Work in progress	96,412	53,478	93,047	49,268
Finished goods	172,247	156,576	89,543	87,269
	<u>404,804</u>	<u>354,014</u>	<u>317,297</u>	<u>277,845</u>

As at 31 December 2013, a batch of raw materials and finished goods with costs of RMB8,057,000 and RMB30,006,000 (2012: RMB8,422,000 and RMB31,696,000) respectively were considered as long aged. Provisions for impairment on the abovementioned raw materials and finished goods of RMB4,587,000 and RMB16,344,000 (2012: RMB4,587,000 and RMB4,329,000) respectively were made as at 31 December 2013.

The provision for impairment on inventories recognised and written off/utilised during the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to RMB12,015,000 (2012: RMB3,302,000) and nil (2012: RMB1,862,000) respectively.

### 14. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Trade receivables (Note a)	102,109	116,210	91,852	110,838
Less: provision for impairment	(5,021)	(5,021)	(5,021)	(5,021)
Trade receivables – net	97,088	111,189	86,831	105,817
Bills receivables (Note d)	200,802	125,022	198,661	122,684
Amounts due from related parties (Notes e and 34(b))	188,097	60,040	318,819	71,418
Other receivables	68,673	90,296	26,598	48,975
Less: provision for impairment	(7,516)	(7,516)	(7,516)	(7,516)
Other receivables – net	61,157	82,780	19,082	41,459
Prepayments	16,847	28,754	11,794	28,043
	<u>563,991</u>	<u>407,785</u>	<u>635,187</u>	<u>369,421</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 14. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – *continued*

Notes:

- (a) The Group's sales are normally conducted on the cash on delivery terms or a credit term of 30 days. Aging analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
0 – 30 days	44,604	66,719	43,371	66,591
31 – 90 days	36,136	7,700	33,839	7,043
91 – 365 days	8,973	28,441	5,402	23,879
Over 365 days	12,396	13,350	9,240	13,325
	<u>102,109</u>	<u>116,210</u>	<u>91,852</u>	<u>110,838</u>

- (b) Trade receivables with aging less than 30 days are not considered as past due. As at 31 December 2013, the following trade receivables were past due but not impaired. These balances relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The aging analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
31 – 90 days past due	36,136	7,282	33,839	6,625
91 – 365 days past due	6,908	25,220	3,337	20,657
Over 365 days past due	8,906	9,382	5,749	9,357
	<u>51,950</u>	<u>41,884</u>	<u>42,925</u>	<u>36,639</u>

Included in the trade receivables that were past due but not impaired as set out above, an amount of RMB9,275,000 (2012: RMB13,715,000) were due from a fellow subsidiary. The Group has also provided utilities (such as electricity and steam) to this fellow subsidiary and the receivables in respect of provision of utilities amounted to RMB10,045,000 (2012: RMB10,085,000). Therefore, the total trade and other receivables due from this fellow subsidiary amounted to RMB19,320,000 as at 31 December 2013 (2012: RMB23,800,000). This fellow subsidiary has pledged certain of its production equipment to the Company as securities for its repayment of the amounts due to the Group. The management does not expect any significant loss from the non-performance by this fellow subsidiary and hence no provision for impairment has been made as at 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 14. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – *continued*

Notes: – *continued*

- (c) As at 31 December 2013, trade receivables of RMB5,554,000 (2012: RMB7,775,000) were considered as doubtful debts and were partially provided for. The amount of the provision was RMB5,021,000 (2012: RMB5,021,000) as at 31 December 2013. The individually impaired receivables mainly relate to customers which are in unexpected difficult economic situations. It was assessed that a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered.

The aging of these partially impaired receivables is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
0 – 30 days	—	168	—	168
31 – 90 days	—	418	—	418
91 – 365 days	2,064	3,221	2,064	3,221
Over 365 days	3,490	3,968	3,490	3,968
	<u>5,554</u>	<u>7,775</u>	<u>5,554</u>	<u>7,775</u>

- (d) Included in bills receivables, an amount of RMB50,000,000 (2012: RMB2,969,000) were banker's acceptances, which have been discounted to the financial institutions with recourse. These banker's acceptances are issued to the Group and are due within 3 to 6 months from the date of issuance. Banks issuing the banker's acceptances are the primary obligors for payment on due date of such banker's acceptances. In the event of default, the Group is obliged to pay the financial institutions the amount in default. Late interest would be charged by the financial institutions until the amount has been settled. The Group is therefore exposed to the credit risk and late payment risk in respect of the discounted bills. The proceeds of the discounting transactions are included in borrowings as asset-backed financing (Note 18) until the discounted bills were matured or settled.
- (e) The aging analysis of the amounts due from the related parties is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
0 – 30 days	62,531	16,224	192,795	16,387
31 – 90 days	53,299	16,027	52,917	19,583
91 – 365 days	64,590	2,374	64,590	10,033
Over 365 days	7,677	25,415	8,517	25,415
	<u>188,097</u>	<u>60,040</u>	<u>318,819</u>	<u>71,418</u>

The amounts due from related parties primarily comprise of receivables in respect of the provision of utilities. Included in these amounts, an amount of RMB37,510,000 (2012: RMB37,459,000) has already been past due. According to a settlement plan entered into between the Group and this related company, the amount will be fully repaid by 31 December 2014. The management does not expect any significant loss from the non-performance by these related companies and hence no provision for impairment has been made as at 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil).

- (f) The amount due from a joint venture bore interests at the one-year basic call rate as pronounced by the People's Bank of China. The amounts due from other related parties are unsecured and interest-bearing at the one-year basic call rate as announced by the People's Bank of China.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 14. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – *continued*

Notes: – *continued*

- (g) There are no movements in the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.
- (h) The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.
- (i) The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables are all denominated in RMB except that, trade receivables of RMB35,154,000 (2012: RMB28,020,000) are denominated in US dollars.
- (j) The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate their fair values.
- (k) The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amounts of each class of receivables mentioned above.

### 15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS/RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

Cash and cash equivalents/restricted bank deposits which are mainly denominated in RMB are analysed as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Cash at bank and on hand	164,826	232,875	158,958	224,638
Less: restricted bank deposits (Note a)	(74,013)	(123,647)	(74,013)	(123,647)
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>90,813</u>	<u>109,228</u>	<u>84,945</u>	<u>100,991</u>

Notes:

- (a) The Company has drawn down a specific bank borrowing of RMB75,000,000 in July 2010 which can only be used for funding the Company's further capital contribution to its joint venture. The proceeds from the bank borrowings have to be deposited in a designated bank account and restricted for the specific usage as mentioned above. During the year ended 31 December 2011, with the consent from the borrowing bank, the Company has utilised a portion of the restricted deposits of RMB31,067,000 for financing the working capital of the Company. As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, the restricted bank deposit in connection with the abovementioned specific borrowing amounted to RMB43,933,000.

In addition, the Company has pledged certain bank deposits with carrying amounts of nil (2012: RMB25,000,000) to a financial institution for the issuance of certain non-trade bills payable of nil (2012: RMB50,000,000) (Note 18(a)).

The Company has also pledged certain bank deposits with carrying amounts of RMB30,000,000 (2012: RMB32,800,000) to a financial institution for the issuance of bills payables in the sum of RMB60,000,000 (Note 20(b)).

Furthermore, bank deposits of RMB80,000 (2012: RMB21,914,000) as at 31 December 2013 have been pledged for the issues of certain letters of credit for the Group's purchases of raw materials and machinery from certain overseas suppliers.

- (b) The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 16. SHARE CAPITAL AND PREMIUM

#### (a) Share capital

	Group and Company	
	Number of shares (in thousand)	Nominal values RMB' 000
Registered, issued and fully paid		
– Domestic shares of RMB1 each	437,017	437,017
– Non-H foreign shares of RMB1 each	169,358	169,358
– H shares of RMB1 each	259,875	259,875
	<u>866,250</u>	<u>866,250</u>

Notes:

- (i) There was no movement in share capital during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.
- (ii) The Company was converted into a joint stock company on 23 May 2005, with registered, issued and fully paid capital of RMB630,000,000 divided into 630,000,000 shares at par value of RMB1 each (out of which: 460,642,000 shares were domestic shares and 169,358,000 shares are foreign shares).

On 21 June 2006, the Company successfully offered 236,250,000 H shares and listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. On the same date, the Company had transferred 23,625,000 domestic shares to National Council for Social Security Fund (the “NCSSF”) and NCSSF entrusted the Company to convert these shares into the Company’s H shares.

#### (b) Share premium

Share premium represents the amount of funds contributed by the shareholders in excess of the par value of the Company’s H shares as issued during the Company’s initial public offering in June 2006.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 17. RESERVES

#### Group

	Reserve fund RMB' 000 (Note a)	Enterprise expansion fund RMB' 000 (Note a)	Statutory reserve fund RMB' 000 (Note b)	Accumulated losses RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2012	—	—	31,919	(27,639)	4,280
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(186,567)	(186,567)
At 31 December 2012	—	—	31,919	(214,206)	(182,287)
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(92,472)	(92,472)
At 31 December 2013	—	—	<b>31,919</b>	<b>(306,678)</b>	<b>(274,759)</b>

#### Company

	Reserve fund RMB' 000 (Note a)	Enterprise expansion fund RMB' 000 (Note a)	Statutory reserve fund RMB' 000 (Note b)	Accumulated losses RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2012	—	—	31,919	23,665	55,584
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(131,616)	(131,616)
At 31 December 2012	—	—	31,919	(107,951)	(76,032)
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(18,345)	(18,345)
At 31 December 2013	—	—	<b>31,919</b>	<b>(126,296)</b>	<b>(94,377)</b>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 17. RESERVES – *continued*

Notes:

(a) Reserve fund and enterprise expansion fund

In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC and the requirements of the Articles of Associations of the Company and its subsidiary, appropriations from net profit should be made to the reserve fund and the enterprise expansion fund, after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years, and before profit distributions to the investors. The percentages to be appropriated to the reserve fund and the enterprise expansion fund are determined by the board of directors. Upon approval, the reserve fund can be used to offset accumulated losses or be converted into capital and the enterprise expansion fund can be converted into capital.

(b) Statutory reserve fund

In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC and the Articles of Associations of the Company and its subsidiary, it is required to appropriate 10% of the annual statutory net profit, after offsetting any prior years' losses to the statutory reserve fund before distributing the net profit. When the respective balance of the statutory reserve fund reaches 50% of the share capital of the Company and its subsidiary, any further appropriation is at the discretion of shareholders of the Company and its subsidiary. The statutory reserve fund can be used to offset prior years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by issuing new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholding or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by them, provided that the respective remaining balance of the statutory reserve fund after such issue is not less than 25% of registered capital of the Company and its subsidiary.

(c) The board of directors of the Company and the subsidiary have determined not to make any appropriations to the reserve fund, enterprise expansion fund and statutory reserve fund for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 18. BORROWINGS

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
<b>Non-current</b>				
Long-term bank borrowings	469,024	364,000	319,024	184,500
Less: Current portion of long-term bank borrowings	(104,902)	(56,500)	(74,902)	(27,000)
	<u>364,122</u>	<u>307,500</u>	<u>244,122</u>	<u>157,500</u>
<b>Current</b>				
Short-term bank borrowings	1,265,390	1,219,000	1,245,389	1,189,000
Current portion of long-term bank borrowings	104,902	56,500	74,902	27,000
Discounted bills with recourse (Note 14d)	50,000	2,969	50,000	2,969
Other borrowings (Note a)	—	50,000	—	50,000
	<u>1,420,292</u>	<u>1,328,469</u>	<u>1,370,291</u>	<u>1,268,969</u>
<b>Total bank borrowings</b>	<u><b>1,784,414</b></u>	<u><b>1,635,969</b></u>	<u><b>1,614,413</b></u>	<u><b>1,426,469</b></u>
<b>Representing:</b>				
– secured borrowings (Note b)	<u><b>1,784,414</b></u>	<u><b>1,635,969</b></u>	<u><b>1,614,413</b></u>	<u><b>1,426,469</b></u>

Notes:

- (a) Other borrowings represent non-trade bills payable for financing the Group's working capital. As at 31 December 2013, the Group has pledged certain bank deposits of nil (2012: RMB25,000,000) as securities for the issuance of the abovementioned non-trade notes payable of nil (2012: RMB50,000,000) (Note 15(a)).
- (b) Bank borrowings of RMB1,583,224,000 (2012: RMB1,191,500,000) are guaranteed by the ultimate parent company, out of which, bank borrowing of RMB150,000,000 (2012: RMB179,500,000) and RMB161,524,000 (2012: Nil) are also secured by certain self-generated technical know-how as held by the subsidiary (which was contributed by the Company as part of its capital contribution to the subsidiary in 2008) and certain property, plant and equipment of the Company with carrying amount of RMB212,449,000.

Bank borrowings of RMB50,000,000 (2012: RMB2,969,000) are secured by certain bills receivables of the Company with carrying amounts of RMB50,000,000 (2012: RMB2,969,000) (Note 14).

As at 31 December 2013, bank borrowings of RMB144,500,000 are secured by certain property, plant and equipment of the Company with carrying amounts of RMB64,637,000 (Note 8).

As at 31 December 2012, bank borrowings of RMB161,500,000 are secured by certain property, plant and equipment of the Company with carrying amount of RMB112,873,000 (Note 8).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 18. BORROWINGS – *continued*

Notes: – *continued*

- (c) Borrowings at the end of reporting period were repayable as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
On demand	514,689	408,000	514,689	408,000
Within 1 year	905,602	920,469	855,602	860,969
Between 1 and 2 years	95,348	60,000	65,347	30,000
Between 2 and 5 years	209,275	141,000	119,275	51,000
Over 5 years	59,500	106,500	59,500	76,500
	<u>1,784,414</u>	<u>1,635,969</u>	<u>1,614,413</u>	<u>1,426,469</u>

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group did not meet certain key performance indicators specified by banks (including operating cash flow ratio, current ratio and net profit ratio). The lenders have not taken any action and have subsequently renewed the matured bank loans during the year. Accordingly, the full amounts of the bank loans with an aggregate carrying amount of RMB514,689,000 as at 31 December 2013, which are repayable within one year, are presented as “on demand” time band in the above analysis.

- (d) The effective interest rate of the bank borrowings as at the end of the reporting period was 6.80% (2012: 7.06%) per annum.
- (e) The exposure of bank borrowings to interest-rate changes and the contractual repricing dates are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Within 6 months	699,190	532,469	679,189	532,469
6 – 12 months	1,085,224	1,103,500	935,224	894,000
	<u>1,784,414</u>	<u>1,635,969</u>	<u>1,614,413</u>	<u>1,426,469</u>

- (f) The carrying amounts of bank borrowings are all denominated in RMB.
- (g) As at 31 December 2013, the Group and the Company has fixed interest rates bank borrowings of RMB930,689,000 and RMB910,689,000 (2012: RMB706,969,000 and RMB706,969,000) which are all short-term bank borrowings. The carrying amounts of these fixed interest rates bank borrowings approximate their fair values as the impact of discounting is not significant. All other bank borrowings carried floating interest rates and the carrying amounts of these floating rates borrowings approximate their fair values.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 19. DEFERRED INCOME

#### Group

	Government grant for construction of new facilities RMB' 000 (Note a)	Purchases of domestically manufactured equipment RMB' 000 (Note b)	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2012	69,691	12,876	82,567
Additions (Note c)	6,610	—	6,610
Amortisation	(5,577)	(1,384)	(6,961)
At 31 December 2012	70,724	11,492	82,216
Amortisation	(5,921)	(1,384)	(7,305)
At 31 December 2013	<u>64,803</u>	<u>10,108</u>	<u>74,911</u>

#### Company

	Government grant for construction of new facilities RMB' 000 (Note a)	Purchases of domestically manufactured equipment RMB' 000 (Note b)	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2012	56,879	12,876	69,755
Additions (Note c)	1,610	—	1,610
Amortisation	(4,640)	(1,384)	(6,024)
At 31 December 2012	53,849	11,492	65,341
Amortisation	(4,671)	(1,384)	(6,055)
At 31 December 2013	<u>49,178</u>	<u>10,108</u>	<u>59,286</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 19. DEFERRED INCOME – *continued*

Notes:

- (a) The Group received government grants for the compensation of capital expenditure incurred for the constructions/installations of property, plant and equipment. The amounts are deferred and amortised over the estimated useful lives of the related assets of 16 to 22 years.
- (b) The Company claimed corporate income tax credits on 40% of the costs of certain qualified equipment manufactured in the PRC, which was approved by the local tax bureau in the Jilin City, the PRC. The amounts are deferred and amortised over the estimated useful lives of the related assets of 16 years.
- (c) During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group received government grants of RMB1,610,000 and RMB5,000,000 respectively for the installation of certain energy recycle facilities of the Company and the construction of carbon fiber production facilities of the subsidiary. During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group did not received any government grants.

### 20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Trade payables (Note a)	210,555	222,580	201,405	212,486
Bills payables (Note b)	60,000	82,000	60,000	82,000
Advance from customers	47,511	23,850	45,931	21,561
Payable for purchases of property, plant and equipment	38,291	26,014	20,673	20,587
Amounts due to related parties (Notes c and 34(b))	13,555	85,311	13,498	84,925
Other payable and accruals	31,828	22,520	30,885	22,140
Provision for staff welfare	24,524	25,319	24,524	25,319
Other taxes	17,048	175	17,031	175
	<u>443,312</u>	<u>487,769</u>	<u>413,947</u>	<u>469,193</u>



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES – *continued*

Notes:

(a) The aging analysis of the trade payables is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
0 – 30 days	74,059	66,715	70,234	65,174
31 – 90 days	122,226	97,963	121,652	96,808
91 – 365 days	3,949	49,117	2,942	44,584
Over 365 days	10,321	8,785	6,577	5,920
	<u>210,555</u>	<u>222,580</u>	<u>201,405</u>	<u>212,486</u>

(b) Bills payables are secured by certain restricted bank deposits of the Company with carrying amounts of RMB30,000,000 (Note 15).

(c) The amounts due to the related parties are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed term of repayment.

(d) The carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate their fair values.

### 21. DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Movements in the deferred income tax assets are analysed as follows:

#### Group

	Pre- operating expense RMB' 000	Fair value loss on derivative financial instrument RMB' 000	Accelerated accounting depreciation RMB' 000	Provisions for impairment of receivables RMB' 000	Inventories write-down RMB' 000	Tax losses RMB' 000	Deferred income RMB' 000	Others RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2012	7,661	4,381	12,402	3,545	1,869	29,957	5,873	14,666	80,354
(Charged)/credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	(851)	(131)	(6,641)	—	360	10,879	1,411	(1,601)	3,426
At 31 December 2012	6,810	4,250	5,761	3,545	2,229	40,836	7,284	13,065	83,780
(Charged)/credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	(851)	(1,493)	(563)	—	(1,082)	(2,346)	(4,219)	(800)	(11,354)
At 31 December 2013	<u>5,959</u>	<u>2,757</u>	<u>5,198</u>	<u>3,545</u>	<u>1,147</u>	<u>38,490</u>	<u>3,065</u>	<u>12,265</u>	<u>72,426</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 21. DEFERRED INCOME TAX – *continued*

#### Company

	Pre- operating expense RMB' 000	Fair value loss on derivative financial instrument RMB' 000	Accelerated accounting depreciation RMB' 000	Provisions for impairment of receivables RMB' 000	Inventories write-down RMB' 000	Tax losses RMB' 000	Deferred income RMB' 000	Others RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2012	7,661	4,381	12,226	3,545	1,147	28,850	2,670	(51)	60,429
(Charged)/credited to the statement of comprehensive income	(851)	(131)	(12,226)	—	—	11,986	394	51	(777)
At 31 December 2012	6,810	4,250	—	3,545	1,147	40,836	3,064	—	59,652
(Charged)/credited to the statement of comprehensive income	(851)	(1,493)	—	—	—	(2,346)	—	—	(4,690)
At 31 December 2013	<u>5,959</u>	<u>2,757</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>3,545</u>	<u>1,147</u>	<u>38,490</u>	<u>3,064</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>54,962</u>

Deferred tax assets are recognised for tax losses to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefits through taxable profits is probable, based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period. The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of RMB33,685,000 (2012: RMB26,552,000) in respect of tax loss amounting to RMB134,738,000 (2012: RMB106,207,000) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. This tax loss will expire in 2017.

The deferred income tax assets are expected to be recovered as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Within 12 months	3,360	3,532	1,998	2,667
More than 12 months	69,066	80,248	52,964	56,985
	<u>72,426</u>	<u>83,780</u>	<u>54,962</u>	<u>59,652</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 22. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

	Group and Company	
	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Derivative financial liability		
– Interest rate swap contract	11,027	17,000

Note:

As at 31 December 2013, the derivative financial liability represents an outstanding interest rate swap contract with an outstanding notional amount of RMB93,600,000 (2012: RMB98,800,000), with original notional principal amount of RMB130,000,000. The interest rate swap contract is to mature in November 2015 and the key terms of which have been set out in note 4.1(a). The interest rate swap contract has been recognised in the statement of financial position based on its fair value as at the respective reporting dates.

The management considers that the abovementioned interest rate swap contract does not qualify for hedge accounting and the net loss associated with this derivative financial instrument of RMB394,000 (the aggregate of the amount of reversal of fair value loss of RMB5,973,000 and the realised loss of RMB6,367,000 on the contract for the year ended 31 December 2013) (2012: RMB6,751,000) have been recognised within 'other gains/losses – net' in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2013 (Note 24).

### 23. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Other income		
Rental income	139	1,025
Income from provision of utilities (Note 34(a)(i))	503,457	465,896
Amortisation of deferred income (Note 19)	7,305	6,961
Subsidy income (Note)	620	6,108
Others	240	2,109
	511,761	482,099
Other expenses		
Direct outgoings in respect of provision of utilities	(385,335)	(408,900)
Others	(105)	(2,635)
	(385,440)	(411,535)
	126,321	70,564

Note:

Subsidy income mainly represents subsidies received from local government in relation to the carbon fiber production business during the year.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 24. OTHER GAINS/LOSSES – NET

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Other gains		
Gain attributable to equity interests of a joint venture	273	273
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	—	1,222
	<u>273</u>	<u>1,495</u>
Other losses		
Net loss on derivative financial instrument (Note 22)	(394)	(6,751)
Foreign exchange losses, net	(2,506)	(9)
Others	(194)	(49)
	<u>(3,094)</u>	<u>(6,809)</u>
	<u>(2,821)</u>	<u>(5,314)</u>

### 25. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

Loss before income tax is stated after charging:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Inventories recognised as an expense		
– for production of fiber products	1,355,604	1,372,479
– for provision of utilities	385,335	408,900
– impairment on inventories (Note 13)	12,015	3,302
Depreciation (Note 8)	190,683	137,049
Amortisation of		
– land use rights (Note 7)	3,898	2,012
– intangible assets (included in administrative expenses) (Note 9)	8,205	8,206
Employee benefit expenses (Note 26)	96,889	86,470
Operating lease payment	12,293	58,106
Auditors' remuneration		
– audit services	1,315	1,180
– non-audit services	—	220

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 26. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Wages and salaries	75,386	62,734
Pension costs – defined contribution plans	7,704	9,499
Other social security costs	13,799	14,237
	<u>96,889</u>	<u>86,470</u>

#### Emoluments of directors and senior management

Details of emoluments paid and payable to the directors and supervisors of the Company are summarised as follows:

Year ended 31 December 2013

Name of director and supervisor	Fees RMB' 000	Salary RMB' 000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>Executive director</b>				
Mr. SONG Dewu (Note d)	23	—	—	23
Mr. WANG Jinjun (Note d)	427	—	—	427
Mr. YANG Xuefeng	400	—	—	400
Mr. WANG Changsheng	350	—	—	350
	<u>1,200</u>	—	—	<u>1,200</u>
<b>Non-executive director</b>				
Mr. MA Jun	20	—	—	20
Mr. CHEN Jinkui (Note a)	—	—	—	—
Mr. JIANG Junzhou	20	—	—	20
Ms. PANG Suet Mui	20	—	—	20
Mr. SUN Hai Chao (Note a)	20	—	—	20
	<u>80</u>	—	—	<u>80</u>
<b>Independent non-executive director</b>				
Mr. YE Yongmao	50	—	—	50
Mr. MAO Fengge	50	—	—	50
Mr. LEE Ka Chung	240	—	—	240
Ms. ZHU Ping (Note b)	50	—	—	50
	<u>390</u>	—	—	<u>390</u>
	<u>1,670</u>	—	—	<u>1,670</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 26. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) – *continued*

Emoluments of directors and senior management – *continued*

Year ended 31 December 2013 – *continued*

Name of director and supervisor	Fees RMB' 000	Salary RMB' 000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Supervisor				
Ms. SUN Yujing	30	—	—	30
Mr. ZHANG Haiou	20	50	13	83
Mr. ZHANG Jiaku	20	—	—	20
Mr. CHENG Jianhang	20	—	—	20
Mr. LIU Ming	20	—	—	20
Ms. BAI Hua (Note c)	20	51	13	84
Mr. WANG Hongbo (Note c)	—	—	—	—
	<u>130</u>	<u>101</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>257</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 26. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) – *continued*

#### Emoluments of directors and senior management – *continued*

Year ended 31 December 2012

Name of director and supervisor	Fees RMB' 000	Salary RMB' 000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>Executive director</b>				
Mr. WANG Jinjun	450	—	—	450
Mr. YANG Xuefeng	400	—	—	400
Mr. WANG Changsheng	350	—	—	350
	<u>1,200</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,200</u>
<b>Non-executive director</b>				
Mr. MA Jun	20	—	—	20
Mr. CHEN Jinkui (Note a)	10	—	—	10
Mr. JIANG Junzhou	20	—	—	20
Ms. PANG Suet Mui	20	—	—	20
Mr. SUN Haichao (Note a)	10	—	—	10
	<u>80</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>80</u>
<b>Independent non-executive director</b>				
Mr. YE Yongmao	50	—	—	50
Mr. MAO Fengge	50	—	—	50
Mr. LEE Ka Chung	244	—	—	244
Ms. ZHU Ping (Note b)	35	—	—	35
	<u>379</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>379</u>
	<u>1,659</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,659</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 26. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) – *continued*

#### Emoluments of directors and senior management – *continued*

Year ended 31 December 2012 – *continued*

Name of director and supervisor	Fees RMB' 000	Salary RMB' 000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Supervisor				
Mr. SUN Yujing	30	—	—	30
Mr. ZHANG Haiou	20	49	20	89
Mr. ZHANG Jiaku	20	—	—	20
Mr. CHENG Jianhang	20	—	—	20
Mr. LIU Ming	20	—	—	20
Ms. BAI Hua (Note c)	20	49	20	89
Mr. WANG Hongbo (Note c)	—	—	—	—
	<u>130</u>	<u>98</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>268</u>

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Chen Jinkui resigned on 27 June 2012 and Mr. Sun Haichao has been appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on the same date.
- (b) Ms. Zhu Ping was a non-executive director of the Company prior to 9 July 2012 and she has been re-designated as an independent non-executive director of the Company on the same date.
- (c) Mr. Wang Hongbo resigned on 22 March 2012 and Ms. Bai Hua has been appointed as supervisor on the same date.
- (d) Mr. Wang Jinjun resigned on 12 December 2013 and Mr. Song Dewu has been appointed as an executive director of the Company on the same date.

In addition to the directors' emoluments as disclosed above, certain directors of the Company received emoluments from JCF Groupco, the ultimate parent company, and its fellow subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2013 amounting to RMB476,000 (2012: RMB672,000), part of which is in respect of their services rendered to the Company and its subsidiary. No apportionment has been made as the directors consider that it is impracticable to apportion this amount between their services rendered to the Company and its subsidiary and their services rendered to the ultimate parent company and those fellow subsidiaries.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 26. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) – *continued*

#### Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Company and its subsidiary for the year ended 31 December 2013 included four (2012: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid and payable to the remaining one (2012: one) individual whose emoluments was the highest in the Group during the year are as follows:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Basic salaries and allowances	<u>1,185</u>	<u>1,185</u>

The emoluments of that highest paid individual fell within the following bands:

	Number of individual	
	2013	2012
RMB798,850 to RMB1,198,274 (2012: RMB814,730 to RMB1,222,095) (equivalent to HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000)	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

During the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office and there is no director waived or agreed to waive any of their emoluments.

#### Member of senior management

The emoluments paid or payable to members of senior management were within the following bands:

	2013 No. of individuals	2012 No. of individuals
Nil to RMB798,850 (2012: Nil to RMB814,730) (equivalent to Nil to HK\$1,000,000)	21	20
RMB798,850 to RMB1,198,274 (2012: RMB814,730 to RMB1,222,095) (equivalent to HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000)	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 27. FINANCE INCOME AND COSTS

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Interest income	(2,900)	(2,100)
Interest expenses on bank borrowings		
– wholly repayable within five years	101,912	89,093
– repayable over five years	16,010	26,199
	117,922	115,292
Less: amounts capitalised in construction in progress	—	(15,459)
	117,922	99,833
Interests on discounted bills	13,091	8,158
Bank borrowings guarantee fees to the ultimate parent company (Note)	9,117	15,230
Finance costs	140,130	123,221
Finance costs – net	137,230	121,121

Note:

With effect from 1 January 2011, the ultimate parent company has charged guarantee fees on those guaranteed bank borrowings (Note 18(b)) which are calculated at predetermined rates on the daily outstanding principal amounts of the guaranteed bank borrowings.

### 28. INCOME TAX

The amount of income tax charged /(credited) to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Current income tax – PRC corporate income tax		
– provision for the year (Note c)	—	731
– over-provision in respect of prior years (Note d)	(464)	—
	(464)	731
Deferred income tax		
– charge /(credit) for the year (Note 21)	11,354	(3,426)
Income tax expenses /(credit)	10,890	(2,695)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 28. INCOME TAX – *continued*

Notes:

- (a) By reference to the Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC as approved by the National People's Congress on 16 March 2007, the corporate income tax rate applicable to the Company and its subsidiary for the current and the prior year is 25%.
- (b) No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not carry out any business or generate any assessable profits in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil).
- (c) The amount represents PRC corporate income tax charged on the estimated tax assessable profit that was generated by the subsidiary for the year ended 31 December 2012.
- (d) The amount represents the over-provision of income tax expenses of the Company in prior years as identified by the local tax bureau during the course of a tax inspection as conducted in April 2012.

Tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate applicable to the results of the Group as follows:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Loss before income tax	(81,582)	(189,262)
Less: share of loss of a joint venture	14,926	40,147
	<u>(66,656)</u>	<u>(149,115)</u>
Tax calculated at corporate income tax rate of 25% (2012: 25%)	(16,664)	(37,279)
Tax effects of:		
– income not subject to tax	(1,506)	(1,506)
– expenses not deductible for tax purposes	177	846
– utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	—	(400)
– tax losses and other deductible temporary difference not recognised	21,700	35,644
– reversal of tax effect of tax losses and temporary difference previously recognised	7,647	—
– over-provision of PRC corporate income tax in prior years	(464)	—
Income tax expense /(credit)	<u>10,890</u>	<u>(2,695)</u>

### 29. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The loss attributable to owners of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of RMB18,345,000 (2012: RMB131,616,000).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 30. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to the owners of the Company for the year by the weighted average number of the Company's shares in issue during the year of 866,250,000 (2012: 866,250,000) shares.

The Company has no dilutive potential shares and therefore the diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.

### 31. DIVIDEND

The Company's directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.

### 32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (a) Cash generated from operations

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Loss before income tax	(81,582)	(189,262)
Adjustments for:		
– Depreciation	190,683	137,049
– Amortisation of		
– land use rights	3,898	2,012
– intangible assets	8,205	8,206
– Amortisation of deferred income	(7,305)	(6,961)
– Provision for impairment of inventories	12,015	3,302
– Reversal on fair value loss of derivative financial instrument	(5,973)	(525)
– Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	—	(1,222)
– Interest income	(2,900)	(2,100)
– Interest and guarantee fee expenses	140,130	123,221
– Share of loss of a joint venture	14,926	40,147
– Gain attributable to equity interests of a joint venture	(273)	(273)
Operating profit before working capital changes	271,824	113,594
Changes in working capital:		
– increase in inventories	(62,805)	(99,800)
– (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(109,240)	59,349
– decrease in trade and other payables	(138,786)	(126,018)
– increase/(decrease) in restricted bank deposits	49,634	(52,857)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	10,627	(105,732)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – *continued*

#### (b) Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group has purchased the land use rights and certain property, plant and equipment, amounting to RMB64,965,000 and RMB225,035,000 respectively, from JCFCL (Note 34(a)(iv)). The consideration was settled against the Company's amount due from JCFCL amounting to RMB226,804,000 and the remaining balance of RMB63,196,000 was settled by the provision of utilities during the year ended 31 December 2013.

### 33. COMMITMENTS

#### (a) Capital Commitment

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Property, plant and equipment	<u>2,435</u>	<u>11,443</u>

#### (b) Operating lease commitments

*The Group as the lessee*

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Not later than 1 year	11,384	—
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	<u>22,415</u>	—
	<u>33,799</u>	—

*The Group as the lessor*

The future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Land use rights and machinery		
Not later than 1 year	119	919
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	203	1,894
Later than 5 years	<u>92</u>	<u>120</u>
	<u>414</u>	<u>2,933</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group is controlled by JCF Groupco, the ultimate parent company, which owns 50.01% of the Company's shares. The remaining 49.99% of the shares are held by public shareholders and several strategic investors. JCF Groupco itself is a state-owned enterprise controlled by the PRC government. In accordance with HKAS 24 (Revised) "Related Party Disclosures", government related entities (e.g. state-owned enterprises) and their subsidiaries directly or indirectly controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government are also defined as related parties of the Group. A portion of the Group's business activities is conducted with other government related entities in the PRC (primarily with respect to sales of finished products, purchases of raw materials/utilities and transactions with state-owned banks). The Group believes that these transactions are carried out on terms that are similarly and consistently applied to all other customers or suppliers.

For the purpose of related party transaction disclosures, the Group has identified, to the extent practicable, its customers and suppliers as to whether they are government related entities. The Company's directors believe that it is meaningful to disclose any significant related party transactions with these government related entities for the interests of the financial statements users, although these transactions are exempted from the disclosure requirements as set out in the HKAS 24 (Revised). The Company's directors believe that the information in respect of related party transactions has been adequately disclosed in these consolidated financial statements.

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the following is a summary of significant related party transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business between the Group and its related parties during the year.

During the year, for the purpose of this report, the directors are of the view that the following group entities under JCF Groupco are related parties of the group:

Name of related parties	Relationships
Tuopu Textile	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Jianan	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Huidong	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Aika	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
JCFCL	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Jilin Yingke Information Technology Co., Ltd	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – *continued*

#### (a) Related party transactions

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Sales of goods to:		
– a shareholder of the Company	363,678	436,985
– group entities under JCF Groupco	765	1,153
Disposal of property, plant and equipment to JCFCL	—	1,334
Provision of utilities to:		
– a joint venture	181,416	188,260
– group entities under JCF Groupco	249,614	205,603
Provision of quality inspection services to a joint venture	1,813	1,588
Sales of raw materials to a joint venture	8,069	7,531
Rental expense to JCFCL in respect of the remaining Leased Assets (Note i)	(11,822)	(62,300)
Rental expense to		
– the ultimate parent company	—	(128)
– group entities under JCF Groupco	(1,232)	(392)
Bank borrowings guarantee fees to the ultimate parent company	(9,117)	(15,230)
Repair and maintenance service fee to group entities under JCF Groupco	(3,781)	(5,470)
Purchases of Leased Assets from JCFCL (Note ii)	—	(290,000)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment from a fellow subsidiary	—	(479)
Purchases of raw materials from:		
– a joint venture	(441)	(2,169)
– group entities under JCF Groupco	(12,825)	(11,229)
Construction costs to group entities under JCF Groupco	(3,940)	(1,878)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – *continued*

#### (a) Related party transactions – *continued*

Notes:

- (i) On 26 August 2008, the Group has entered into a lease agreement with JCFCL, pursuant to which, the Group leases certain utility production facilities (the “Leased Assets”) from JCFCL for the period from 4 November 2008 to 31 December 2010. The lease agreement has been renewed for another three years until 31 December 2013. The original Leased Assets comprise of two water treatment plants and thermal power plant. The Company has purchased one of the water treatment plants in relation to transmission and provision of water treatment services and thermal power plant in relation to utilities generation during the year ended 31 December 2012 as mentioned in Note 34(a)(ii). The lease agreement has been renewed for another three years until 31 December 2016 for the lease of the remaining water treatment plant. Together with certain utility production facilities (including a thermal power plant (the “Utility Facilities”)) owned by the Group, the Company’s directors believe that the Group can produce electricity and steam for its own production in a more cost efficient manner and any surplus of utilities generated from the Utility Facilities and the Leased Assets will be provided to the Group’s fellow subsidiaries, joint venture, other related companies and third parties at the rates to be determined amongst the parties concerned.
- (ii) As mentioned in the announcement of the Company dated 10 October 2012, the Company has entered into a conditional assets purchase agreement with JCFCL, pursuant to which the Company agreed to purchase and JCFCL agreed to sell the Leased Assets in relation to utilities generation and transmission and provision of water treatment services (the “Assets Acquisition”). The Assets Acquisition was approved by the shareholders on an extraordinary general meeting and duly completed on 28 December 2012. The original lease agreement regarding the Leased Assets has been terminated on the same date.

JCFCL was treated as a connected person for the purpose of the Assets Acquisition and this transaction also constituted a non-exempt connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules are provided in the paragraph “Connected transactions” in the report of the directors.
- (iii) JCF Groupco allowed the Group to the use of the trademark of “白山” (Baishan) at nil consideration during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.
- (iv) The Group permitted JCF Groupco to use the Group’s premises free of rent to operate its staff canteen. The Group is not required to bear the operating costs of the canteen.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – *continued*

#### (b) Balances with related parties

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Trade receivables from		
– a fellow subsidiary	9,275	13,715
– a shareholder of the company	—	29,145
	<u>9,275</u>	<u>42,860</u>
Advance from customer		
– a shareholder of the company	16,542	—
	<u>16,542</u>	<u>—</u>
Amounts due from		
– fellow subsidiaries	10,045	10,085
– a joint venture	33,748	10,199
– a related company	41,539	39,756
– JCFCL	102,765	—
	<u>188,097</u>	<u>60,040</u>
Trade payables to		
– fellow subsidiaries	818	1,425
	<u>818</u>	<u>1,425</u>
Amounts due to		
– the ultimate parent company	10,952	19,781
– fellow subsidiaries	2,238	2,021
– JCFCL	365	63,509
	<u>13,555</u>	<u>85,311</u>

Note:

The amount due from a joint venture was interest bearing (Note 14(f)). Trade and other receivables due from a fellow subsidiary was pledged by certain of the plant and equipment of the fellow subsidiary (Note 14(b)), the balances with other related parties are unsecured, interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – *continued*

#### (c) Transactions/balances with other state-owned entities in the PRC

The Group operates in an economic environment currently predominated by enterprises directly or indirectly owned, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government (collectively the “state-owned entities”). The Company’s directors consider that state-owned entities are independent third parties so far as the Group’s business transactions with them are concerned.

During the year, the Group had transactions with other state-owned entities including, but not limited to, the sales of finished goods, purchases of raw materials/utilities and transactions with state-owned banks.

The sales of finished goods to these state-owned entities are individually not significant. The individually significant purchases transactions with these state-controlled entities primarily includes the purchases of the raw materials/utilities from these state-owned entities of RMB760,373,000 (2012: RMB940,089,000).

In addition, approximately 62% and 82% (2012: 72% and 77% respectively) of the Group’s bank balances (including restricted bank deposits) and borrowings are deposited/arranged with state-owned banks as at 31 December 2013.

#### (d) Key management compensation

Key management includes the executive and non-executive directors, supervisors and secretaries to the board of directors of the Company. The compensation paid or payable to these key management is shown as below:

	2013 RMB' 000	2012 RMB' 000
Wages, salaries and other short-term employee benefits	3,363	3,346
Pension and social security costs	39	64
	<u>3,402</u>	<u>3,410</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

As of the respective reporting dates, the financial instruments of the Group and the Company are categorised as follows:

#### Group

	Asset/(liabilities) as per consolidated statement of financial position				
	Loans and receivables RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at amortised costs RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>At 31 December 2013</b>					
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	547,144	547,144	—	—	—
Cash and cash equivalents	90,813	90,813	—	—	—
Restricted bank deposits	74,013	74,013	—	—	—
Borrowings	—	—	—	(1,784,414)	(1,784,414)
Derivative financial instrument	—	—	(11,027)	—	(11,027)
Trade and other payables (excluding other taxes, advance from customers and provision for staff welfare)	—	—	—	(354,229)	(354,229)
<b>Total</b>	<b>711,970</b>	<b>711,970</b>	<b>(11,027)</b>	<b>(2,138,643)</b>	<b>(2,149,670)</b>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY – *continued*

Group – *continued*

	Asset/(liabilities) as per consolidated statement of financial position				
	Loans and receivables RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at amortised costs RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>At 31 December 2012</b>					
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	379,031	379,031	—	—	—
Cash and cash equivalents	109,228	109,228	—	—	—
Restricted bank deposits	123,647	123,647	—	—	—
Borrowings	—	—	—	(1,635,969)	(1,635,969)
Derivative financial instrument	—	—	(17,000)	—	(17,000)
Trade and other payables (excluding other taxes, advance from customers and provision for staff welfare)	—	—	—	(438,425)	(438,425)
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>611,906</u></b>	<b><u>611,906</u></b>	<b><u>(17,000)</u></b>	<b><u>(2,074,394)</u></b>	<b><u>(2,091,394)</u></b>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY – *continued*

Company

	Asset/(liabilities) as per statement of financial position				
	Loans and receivables RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at amortised costs RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>At 31 December 2013</b>					
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	623,393	623,393	—	—	—
Cash and cash equivalents	84,945	84,945	—	—	—
Restricted bank deposits	74,013	74,013	—	—	—
Borrowings	—	—	—	(1,614,413)	(1,614,413)
Derivative financial instrument	—	—	(11,027)	—	(11,027)
Trade and other payables (excluding other taxes, advance from customers and provision for staff welfare)	—	—	—	(326,461)	(326,461)
<b>Total</b>	<b>782,351</b>	<b>782,351</b>	<b>(11,027)</b>	<b>(1,940,874)</b>	<b>(1,951,901)</b>

	Asset/(liabilities) as per statement of financial position				
	Loans and receivables RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at amortised costs RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>At 31 December 2012</b>					
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	341,378	341,378	—	—	—
Cash and cash equivalents	100,991	100,991	—	—	—
Restricted bank deposits	123,647	123,647	—	—	—
Borrowings	—	—	—	(1,426,469)	(1,426,469)
Derivative financial instrument	—	—	(17,000)	—	(17,000)
Trade and other payables (excluding other taxes, advance from customers and provision for staff welfare)	—	—	—	(422,138)	(422,138)
<b>Total</b>	<b>566,016</b>	<b>566,016</b>	<b>(17,000)</b>	<b>(1,848,607)</b>	<b>(1,865,607)</b>