

VALUE CHINA ETF (Stock code: 3046)

ANNUAL REPORT 2014 For the year ended 31 March 2014

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited (Chinese name: 盛寶資產管理香港有限公司)

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In the event of inconsistency, the English text of this Annual Report shall prevail over the Chinese text.

VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

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VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

GENERAL INFORMATION

Investment Manager

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited (Chinese name: 盛寶資產管理香港有限公司) 9th Floor, Nexxus Building 41 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Sub-investment Manager

Value Partners Hong Kong Limited (Chinese name:惠理基金管理香港有限公司) 9th Floor, Nexxus Building 41 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Directors of the Investment Manager

Mr Chow Wai Chiu William Mr So Chun Ki Louis

Trustee and Registrar

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Legal Advisor

Simmons & Simmons 13th Floor, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

Auditor

Ernst & Young
(with effect from 1 January 2014)
22/F, CITIC Tower
1 Tim Mei Avenue
Central
Hong Kong

KPMG

(up to 31 December 2013)
8th Floor
Prince's Building
10 Chater Road
Central
Hong Kong

Information available from:

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited (Chinese name: 盛寶資產管理香港有限公司) 9th Floor, Nexxus Building 41 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

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GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Recent awards and achievements

Corporate awards			
2012	٠	2012 The Asset Triple A Investment Awards Highly Commended ETF House for Hong Kong – The Asset	
Value China ETF			
2010	•	Asian ETFs Awards 2010 – Best New ETF in Asia – Republic Partners Ltd., September 2010	

VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

MANAGER'S REPORT

Value China ETF (the "Fund") is an index-tracking exchange traded fund whose units are listed and traded on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Fund aims to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the FTSE Value-Stocks China Index ("the Index") by holding a portfolio of the constituent stocks of the Index. The Index comprises 25 value stocks amongst Chinese companies' shares listed in Hong Kong.

As at 31 March 2014, the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund was HKD32.87, and 4,800,000 units were outstanding. The total size of the Fund was approximately HKD158 million.

A summary of the performance of Index and the Fund is given below.

Total return in HKD	From 1 Apr 2013 to 31 Mar 2014	2014 YTD (as at 31 Mar)	Since inception
FTSE Value-Stocks China Index	-5.1%	-6.1%	11.7%
Value China ETF	-7.1%	-6.6%	2.5%

The difference in performance between the FTSE Value-Stocks China Index and the Value China ETF is mainly attributed to fees and expenses, and security misweightings. The historical tracking error for the NAV of the Fund against the FTSE Value-Stocks China Index was at 39 basis points on an annualized basis since its inception on 10 December 2009.

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited

(Chinese name: 盛寶資產管理香港有限公司)

16 July 2014

All performance figures are sourced from HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited and Bloomberg, in HKD, NAV to NAV with dividends reinvested, as at 31 March 2014. Performance data is net of all fees.

Investors should note that investment involve risk. The price of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not indicative of future results. Investors should read the prospectus for details and risk factors in particular those associated with investment in emerging markets and the arrangement in the event that the Fund is de-listed. Investors should also note that the Fund is different from a typical retail investment fund, in particular, units in the Fund may only be created or redeemed directly by a participating dealer in large unit size.

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER AND THE TRUSTEE

Manager's responsibilities

The Manager of Value China ETF (the "Fund") is required by the Hong Kong Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission and the Trust Deed to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund at the end of that year and of the transactions for the year then ended. In preparing these financial statements, the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and
- prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Fund will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to presume this.

The Manager is also required to manage the Fund in accordance with the Trust Deed and take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Trustee's responsibilities

The Trustee of the Fund is required to:

- ensure that the Fund is managed by the Manager in accordance with the Trust Deed and that the investment and borrowing powers are complied with;
- satisfy itself that sufficient accounting and other records have been maintained;
- safeguard the property of the Fund and rights attaching thereto; and
- report to the unitholders for each annual period on the conduct of the Manager in the management of the Fund.

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VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE CHINA ETF

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager has, in all material respects, managed Value China ETF in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 20 November 2009.

For and on behalf of

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited

Trustee, 16 July 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE CHINA ETF

We have audited the financial statements of Value China ETF (a Hong Kong Unit Trust and referred to as the "Fund") set out on pages 9 to 38, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Trustee's and Manager's responsibilities for the financial statements

The Trustee and the Manager of the Fund are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as the Trustee and the Manager determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In addition, the Trustee and the Manager also have a responsibility to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of Trust Deed of the Fund dated 20 November 2009 (the "Trust Deed") and the disclosure requirements specified in Appendix E to the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds of the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "SFC Code").

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, and whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the disclosure requirements specified in Appendix E to the SFC Code.

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VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE CHINA ETF (Continued)

Auditors' responsibility (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Trustee and the Manager, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2014, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the disclosure requirements specified in Appendix E to the SFC Code.

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong
16 July 2014

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	31.3.2014 HK\$	31.3.2013 HK\$
Assets			
Financial assets at fair value			
through profit or loss	3, 9	158,011,008	175,776,024
Prepayments		49,244	46,837
Cash and cash equivalents	<i>3</i> , <i>6</i> (<i>c</i>)	32,159	806,163
Total assets		158,092,411	176,629,024
Liabilities			
Audit fees payable		179,448	165,000
Management fees payable	6(a)	90,408	105,815
Trustee and registrar fees payable	<i>6(b)</i>	45,250	86,165
Total liabilities		315,106	356,980
Total equity		157,777,305	176,272,044

VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

ASAT 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	31.3.2014 HK\$	31.3.2013 HK\$
Represented by: Net assets attributable to unitholders (at last traded prices)		157,777,305	176,393,622
Adjustment from last traded prices to bid prices			(121,578)
		157,777,305	176,272,044
Net asset value per unit at last traded prices based on 4,800,000			
(2013: 4,800,000) units outstanding	7	32.87	36.75

Approved and authorised for issue by the Manager and the Trustee on 16 July 2014

Signed by:

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited (盛寶資產管理香港有限公司), Manager

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited, Trustee

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	Year ended 31.3.2014 <i>HK</i> \$	Year ended 31.3.2013 <i>HK</i> \$
Dividend income		7,496,630	7,689,842
Net (losses)/gains from financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss	4	(15,613,194)	10,858,176
Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains		(54)	125
Other income		11	
Net investment (losses)/income		(8,116,607)	18,548,143
Management fees	6(a)	1,171,018	1,262,103
Trustee and registrar fees	<i>6(b)</i>	814,125	987,649
Auditors' remuneration		225,396	175,250
Transaction fees		359,567	417,096
License fees		194,159	96,447
Bank charges	6(c)	34,713	35,046
Professional fees		13,475	116,812
Listing fees		_	15,000
Other operating expenses		128,617	176,475
Operating expenses		2,941,070	3,281,878
(Loss)/profit before taxation		(11,057,677)	15,266,265
Withholding tax	5	(669,062)	(660,513)
(Loss)/profit after taxation and total comprehensive income for the year		(11,726,739)	14,605,752

VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	Year ended 31.3.2014 <i>HK</i> \$	Year ended 31.3.2013 <i>HK</i> \$
Balance at the beginning of the year		176,272,044	195,781,988
Issue of redeemable units	7	_	54,498,628
Redemption of redeemable units	7		(81,074,324)
Net decrease from unit transactions		_	(26,575,696)
Distributions to unitholders	8	(6,768,000)	(7,540,000)
Total transactions with unitholders		(6,768,000)	(34,115,696)
(Loss)/profit after taxation and total comprehensive income for the year		(11,726,739)	14,605,752
Balance at the end of the year		157,777,305	176,272,044

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Year ended 31.3.2014 <i>HK</i> \$	Year ended 31.3.2013 <i>HK</i> \$
Operating activities		
Dividends received	7,496,630	7,689,842
Proceeds from sale of investments	135,716,385	164,215,892
Purchase of investments	(133,564,563)	(159,960,909)
Operating expenses paid	(2,985,394)	(3,290,970)
Withholding tax paid	(669,062)	(660,513)
Cash flows generated from operating		
activities	5,993,996	7,993,342
Financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of redeemable units	_	239,406
Payments on redemption of redeemable units	_	(609,378)
Distributions paid to unitholders	(6,768,000)	(7,540,000)
Cash flows used in financing activities	(6,768,000)	(7,909,972)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(774,004)	83,370
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	806,163	722,793
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	32,159	806,163

Major non-cash transactions:

There were no non-cash transactions for the year ended 31 March 2014.

- (i) During the year ended 31 March 2013, unitholders subscribed 1,400,000 units of the Fund by tendering a basket of constituent stocks of FTSE Value-Stocks China Index with market value of HK\$54,259,222.
- (ii) During the year ended 31 March 2013, unitholders tendered 2,200,000 units of the Fund in exchange for a basket of constituent stocks of FTSE Value-Stocks China Index with market value of HK\$80,464,946.

VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 GENERAL

Value China ETF (the "Fund") is an open ended unit trust governed by its Trust Deed dated 20 November 2009 (the "Trust Deed"), as amended from time to time under the laws of Hong Kong. The Fund is authorised by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC") under Section 104(1) of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance ("HKSFO"), and is governed by the Hong Kong Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (the "SFC Code"). The Fund is also listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (a subsidiary of the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited).

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the FTSE Value-Stocks China Index (the "Index").

To achieve the investment objective, Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited (Chinese name: 盛寶資產管理香港有限公司) (the "Manager") intends primarily to use a full replication strategy to track the performance of the Index. Depending on the market conditions, the Manager may also utilise a representative sampling strategy or invest in derivatives to achieve the Fund's investment objective.

Although the Fund will invest primarily in securities included in the Index, the Fund may also invest in other investments including, but not limited to, futures contracts, options on futures contracts, options, swaps, warrants and other financial instruments related to the Index or its constituents, local currency and foreign currency exchange contracts, cash and cash equivalents and other financial instruments which the Manager believes will help the Fund achieves its investment objective.

In order to maximise portfolio management efficiency, minimise transaction costs and tracking error, exposure to the Index may also be obtained through other index-tracking strategies or financial instruments from which the return to the Fund will substantially reflect the performance of the Index. These strategies and instruments will be chosen based on their correlation to the Index or its constituents and cost efficiency in order to reflect the characteristics of the Index.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB"), and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB and the relevant disclosure provision of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions specified in Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Fund of the SFC (the "SFC Code"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Fund set our below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Fund.

The Fund has not applied any amendments and new standards that are not yet effective for the current accounting period (see note 13).

(b) Basis of preparation

The functional currency of the financial statements is Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") reflecting the fact that most of the transactions are denominated in HK\$, and units of the Fund are issued in HK\$.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss. These financial statements are presented in HK\$.

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires Management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts recognised in the financial statements and disclosure of contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of financial position that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

(c) Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at foreign currency exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to HK\$ at the foreign currency closing exchange rate ruling at the date of the statement of financial position. Foreign currency exchange differences arising on translation and realised gains and losses on disposals or settlements of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated to HK\$ at the foreign currency exchange rates ruling at the dates that the values were determined. Foreign currency exchange differences relating to trading investments are included in gains and losses on investments. All other foreign currency exchange differences relating to monetary items, including cash and cash equivalents are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

(i) Classification

The Fund designates all its equity securities into the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss category. The category of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprises financial instruments held for trading and financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

All of the Fund's investments are designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These investments are managed, evaluated and reported internally on a fair value basis upon initial recognition.

Financial assets that are classified as loans and receivables include prepayments.

Financial liabilities that are not designated at fair value through profit or loss include accounts payables.

(ii) Recognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A regular way purchase of financial assets is recognised using trade date accounting. From this date any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities are recorded.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed their obligations under the contract or the contract is a derivative contract not exempted from the scope of International Accounting Standard 39 ("IAS 39").

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VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

(iii) Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price). Transaction costs on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately, while on other financial instruments they are amortised.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses, if any.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate.

(iv) Fair value measurement principles

The Fund measure its equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on their quoted market price at the date of the statement of financial position without any deduction for estimated future selling cost. Financial assets are measured at current bid prices, while financial liabilities are measured at current asking prices.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

(iv) Fair value measurement principles (Continued)

The Fund use valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determine whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

(v) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with IAS 39.

The Fund uses the weighted average method to determine realised gains and losses on derecognition.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Other financial assets

Financial assets that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the date of each statement of financial position to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such indication exists, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss recognised on a financial asset carried at amortised cost decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, the write-down is reversed through profit or loss.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

(g) Income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method

Dividend income relating to exchange-traded equity securities are recognised in profit or loss on the ex-dividend date. In some cases, the Fund may choose to receive dividends in the form of additional shares rather than cash. In such cases the Fund recognises the dividend income for the amount of the cash dividend alternative with the corresponding debit treated as an additional investment.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees and trustee and registrar fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accrual basis. Preliminary expenses incurred in establishing the Fund are expensed immediately in accordance with IAS 38.

(i) Foreign exchange gains and losses

Foreign exchange gains and losses on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are recognised together with other changes in the fair value. Included in the statement of comprehensive income line item, Net foreign exchange gains/(losses) are foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary financial assets and financial liabilities other than those classified as designated at fair value through profit or loss.

(j) Taxation

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Fund is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

In some jurisdictions, investment income and capital gains are subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. The Fund present the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statement of comprehensive income. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash inflows from investments are presented net of withholding taxes, when applicable.

(k) Redeemable units

The Fund classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments.

The Fund has only one class of redeemable units in issue and they are the most subordinate class of financial instrument in the Fund. The redeemable units provide unitholders with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the unitholder's share in the Fund's net assets at each redemption date and also in the event of the Fund's liquidation.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Redeemable units (Continued)

A puttable financial instrument that includes a contractual obligation for the Fund to repurchase or redeem that instrument for cash or another financial asset is classified as equity if it meets all of the following conditions:

- it entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- it is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments;
- all financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features;
- apart from the contractual obligation for the Fund to repurchase or redeem the instrument for cash or another financial asset, the instrument does not include any other features that would require classification as a liability; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

The Fund's redeemable units meet these conditions and are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue or redemption of redeemable units are recognised directly in equity as a deduction from the proceeds or part of the acquisition cost.

Repurchase of redeemable units

When redeemable units recognised as equity are redeemed, the amount paid on the redemption of the units is presented as a deduction from total equity.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(l) Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Fund if:

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Fund if that person:
- (i) has control or joint control over the Fund;
- (ii) has significant influence over the Fund; or
- (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Fund or of a parent of the Fund;

or

- (b) An entity is related to the Fund if any of the following conditions applies:
- (i) the entity and the Fund are members of the same group;
- (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
- (iii) the entity and the Fund are joint ventures of the same third party;
- (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
- (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Fund or an entity related to the Fund;
- (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); or
- (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Fund that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relates to transactions with any of the Fund's other components, whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. Segment results that are reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The chief operating decision maker of the Fund is identified as the Manager.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Index.

The Fund invests in listed securities and it is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk arising from the financial instruments held.

The Fund's overall financial risk management program focuses on the analysis, evaluation and management of financial risks and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The risk and respective risk management policies employed by the Fund to manage these risks are discussed below.

Estimated impact

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund's overall currency positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Manager.

As at 31 March 2014, the Fund is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk. The majority of assets and liabilities are denominated in HK\$, which is the functional currency of the Fund.

(ii) Price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Those changes may be caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

The Fund may trade in financial instruments, taking positions in traded and over-the-counter instruments, including derivatives, to take advantage of market movements.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The Manager makes investments in accordance with the provisions and specific limits as stated in the Trust Deed. The Fund's overall market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Manager.

As at 31 March 2014 and 2013, the Fund's overall market exposures and estimated market sensitivity are as follows:

	Percentage change		on net assets	
	2014	2013	2014 <i>HK</i> \$	2013 <i>HK</i> \$
FTSE Value-Stocks China Index	+/- 20%	+/- 20%	+/- 31,675,303	+/- 35,156,118

(iii) Interest rate risk

The majority of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest-bearing. As a result, the Fund is not subject to significant risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Fund. Potential credit risk to the Fund principally relates to financial assets, bank balances and receivables.

The Fund limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting the majority of its securities and contractual commitment activities with broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings or good reputation, and that the Manager considers to be well established. All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved and reputable brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal since delivery of securities sold is only made when the broker has made payment. In a purchase, payment is made when the securities have been delivered by the broker. If either party fails to meet its obligation, the trade will fail. Accordingly, there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

The table below shows the major counterparties at the date of the statement of financial position. The credit ratings are issued by Standard & Poor's:

Credit rating				
Counterparty	2014	2013	2014 <i>HK</i> \$	2013 <i>HK</i> \$
Bank A	AA-	AA-	32,159	806,163
Custodian A	AA-	AA-	158,011,008	175,776,024

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in settling a liability or selling a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. The Manager monitors the liquidity of the Fund by conducting liquidity testing on the investment portfolio on a monthly and adhoc basis.

The Fund's equity investments are considered to be readily realisable under normal market conditions as they are all listed on the Stock Exchange.

The Fund is exposed to daily redemption of units. The Manager considered that there is no significant liquidity risk on redemption of units. The contractual maturity of all other liabilities is less than one year.

(d) Concentration risk

The SFC Code allows the Fund to invest in constituent securities issued by a single issuer for more than 10% of the Fund's net asset value provided that:

- (a) the investment is limited to any constituent securities that each accounts for more than 10% of the weighting of the index; and
- (b) the Fund's holding of any such constituent securities may not exceed their respective weightings in the index, except where weightings are exceeded as a result of changes in the composition of the indices and the excess is only transitional and temporary in nature.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Concentration risk (Continued)

Constituent securities that account for more than 10% of the net asset value of the Fund as at 31 March 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Respective weighting in the tracked index	Respective weighting in the Fund's net asset value
As at 31 March 2014		
Bank of China Ltd.	15.43%	15.66%
China Petroleum & Chemical Corp.	14.16%	14.07%
CNOOC Ltd.	12.36%	11.65%
PetroChina Co., Ltd.	14.33%	14.17%
As at 31 March 2013		
China Construction Bank Corp.	16.71%	16.49%
Bank of China Ltd.	15.05%	14.77%
Agricultural Bank of China Ltd.	10.07%	10.27%

4 NET (LOSSES)/GAINS FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2014 <i>HK</i> \$	2013 <i>HK</i> \$
Net realised gains Change in unrealised gains/losses	216,743 (15,829,937)	4,902,931 5,955,245
	(15,613,194)	10,858,176

5 TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Fund is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

Certain dividends received by the Fund are subject to withholding tax imposed in the country of origin. Dividend income is recorded gross of such taxes and the withholding tax is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Fund entered into the following material related party transactions for the year. All such transactions were entered into in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms.

(a) Management fees

The Fund appointed the Manager, an investment management company incorporated in Hong Kong, to implement the investment strategy as specified in the Trust Deed. The Manager is entitled to receive management fees of 0.70% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund. The fees are accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears. Management fees of HK\$1,171,018 (2013: HK\$1,262,103) were charged to profit or loss during the year. Included in liabilities as at 31 March 2014 is a management fees payable of HK\$90,408 (2013: HK\$105,815).

(b) Trustee and registrar fees

The Fund appointed the Trustee, a registered trust company incorporated in Hong Kong, to implement the responsibilities as specified in the Trust Deed. Starting from 26 November 2013, HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited (the "Trustee") is entitled to receive trustee and registrar fees of 0.12% (2013: 0.15%) per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, subject to a minimum of HK\$39,000. For the period from 1 April 2013 to 25 November 2013, the minimum fee was HK\$80,000 per month. The fees are accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears.

6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

(b) Trustee and registrar fees (Continued)

The Trustee is also entitled to receive service fees of HK\$25,000 (2013: HK\$25,000) per annum accrued daily and payable quarterly in arrears as well as ad-hoc valuation fees of HK\$4,000 (2013: HK\$4,000) per calculation of net asset value other than at the valuation point on a regular dealing day. Trustee and registrar fees of HK\$814,125 (2013: HK\$987,649) were charged to profit or loss during the year. Included in liabilities as at 31 March 2014 are trustee and registrar fees payable of HK\$45,250 (2013: HK\$86,165).

(c) Transactions/balances with the group company of the Trustee

The Fund maintains a bank account with The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, which is an intermediate holding company of the Trustee. Information relating to the bank account is set out below:

	2014	2013
	HK\$	HK\$
Bank balances	32,159	806,163
Bank charges	34,713	35,046

6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

(d) Manager's and its related parties' holding in the Fund

As at 31 March 2014, units held by the related parties of the Manager and the Sub-investment Manager are listed below:

	Number of units	
	2014	2013
Dato' Cheah Cheng Hye*	200,000	200,000
Mr. Chow Wai Chiu William**	8,000	8,000
Mr. Ho Man Kei, Norman***	504,700	504,700
Value Partners Limited****	138,000	138,000

^{*} Dato' Cheah Cheng Hye is a director of the Sub-investment Manager

7 REDEEMABLE UNITS IN ISSUE

	Number of units	
	2014	2013
At the beginning of the year	4,800,000	5,600,000
Issue of redeemable units	_	1,400,000
Redemption of redeemable units		(2,200,000)
At the end of the year	4,800,000	4,800,000

^{**} Mr. Chow Wai Chiu William is a director of the Manager

^{***} Mr. Ho Man Kei, Norman is a director of the Sub-investment Manager

^{****} Value Partners Limited is a fellow subsidiary of the Manager

7 REDEEMABLE UNITS IN ISSUE (Continued)

The rights attaching to each unit are as follows:

The holders of the units have the right to receive notice of, attend and vote at meetings of the Fund, and are entitled to receive all dividends declared and paid by the Fund.

Any distributable profits of the Fund may be accumulated or distributed by the Manager, in its absolute discretion. Where distributions are made, the distributable amounts are allocated rateably among the unitholders of the relevant class in accordance with the number of units of the relevant class held by the unitholders respectively on the final record date.

The Fund does not have any externally imposed capital requirements.

In accordance with the Trust Deed, the net assets of the Fund are computed at last traded prices of the underlying financial instruments for the purpose of calculating redemption amounts of the redeemable units.

8 DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS

	Year ended 31.3.2014 <i>HK</i> \$	Year ended 31.3.2013 <i>HK</i> \$
Amount available for distribution brought forward	1,452,628	106,052
Transfer from realised gain to distributable amount * Dividend income Withholding tax	7,496,630 (669,062)	1,857,247 7,689,842 (660,513)
	6,827,568	8,992,628
Distributions to unitholders	(6,768,000)	(7,540,000)
Amount available for distribution carried forward	1,512,196	1,452,628

8 DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS (Continued)

Year ended	Year ended
31.3.2014	31.3.2013
HK\$	HK\$

Distribution history

Distribution per unit

1.41

1.45

Date of distribution

27 December

2013

2012

9 FAIR VALUE INFORMATION

The Fund's financial instruments are carried at fair value on the statement of financial position. Usually the fair value of the financial instruments can be reliably determined within a reasonable range of estimates. For certain other financial instruments, including accounts payables and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate to their fair values due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

^{*} This represents the transfer of realised gain from sales of rights in 2010 to amount available for distribution for the current year. This treatment is consistent with the calculation of distributable amount stated in the Trust Deed.

9 FAIR VALUE INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Financial instruments carried at fair value

The following table presents the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in IFRS 7, *Financial instruments: Disclosures*, with the fair value of the financial instruments categorised in its entirely based on the lowest level of input that is significant to that fair value measurement. The levels are defined in note 2(d)(iv) to the financial statements.

31.3.2014 31.3.2013 HK\$ HK\$

Level 1

During the year ended 31 March 2014 and 2013, there were no significant transfers between Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

(b) Financial instruments carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of all the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities at the date of the statement of financial position approximated to their fair values.

10 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Manager makes strategic resource allocation and assesses performance on behalf of the Fund and has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager considers that the Fund has a single operating segment which is investing in a diversified portfolio of equity securities with the objective as stated in the investment objective and policies of the Fund.

The segment information provided to the Manager is the same as that disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position.

The Fund is established and domiciled in Hong Kong. The majority of the Fund's investment income is derived from its investments domiciled in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 March 2014 and 2013.

The Fund has no assets classified as non-current as at 31 March 2014 (2013: nil).

11 SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Manager and/or any company associated with it and its delegates may receive, and are entitled to retain, research products and services (known as soft dollar benefits) which are of demonstrable benefit to the Fund (as permitted under applicable rules and regulations) from brokers and other persons through whom investment transactions are carried out (the "brokers") provided that the quality of transaction execution is consistent with best execution standards. The Manager will consider many judgemental factors deemed relevant in determining whether a broker will provide best execution, which may include the provision of research products and investment ideas, introductory services to potential investee companies, access to investment opportunities and initial public offerings and placements which are for the benefit of the Fund. The commission rates charged by brokers in these circumstances may be higher than those charged by other brokers who do not offer such services or by the same broker if it only provides execution services. Examples of research products and services that the Manager may receive from brokers include analyses and reports concerning industries, securities and, economic factors and trends. The Fund generally will pay customary full service brokerage rates where execution, research and other services cannot be unbundled for the same commission rate.

11 SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

In particular case where execution, research and other services can be unbundled, the Fund will pay a brokerage commission that is discounted from customary full service brokerage rates if no research or other services are provided in addition to brokerage execution. In addition, the Manager has the discretion to cause the Fund to pay brokerage commission in excess of discounted rates, and up to full service brokerage rates, for quality brokerage execution and the provision of research or other appropriate services that the Manager determines to be beneficial to the Fund.

The Manager may pay brokers commissions for effecting portfolio transactions in excess of amounts other brokers would have charged for effecting similar transactions if the Manager determines in good faith that these amounts are reasonable in relation to the value of the research and other services provided, viewed in terms of the particular transaction or the Manager's overall duty to its clients.

12 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Fund has adopted the following IFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance under IFRS for all fair value measurements. IFRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS. IFRS 13 defines fair value as an exit price. As a result of the guidance in IFRS 13, the Fund re-assessed its policies for measuring fair values, in particular, its valuation inputs such as non-performance risk for fair value measurement of liabilities. IFRS 13 also requires additional disclosures. Application of IFRS 13 has not materially impacted the fair value measurements of the Fund. Additional disclosures, where required, are provided in the individual notes relating to the assets and liabilities whose fair values were determined. The fair value hierarchy is provided in note 9 of the financial statements.

13 STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are listed below. The Fund intends to adopt applicable standards when they become effective.

(i) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Classification and Measurement

IFRS 9 as issued, reflects the first phase of the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB")'s work on the replacement of IAS 39 and applies to classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities as defined in IAS 39. In 2013, the IASB added the requirements related to hedge accounting and made some related changes to IAS 39 and IFRS 7 which include the corresponding disclosures about risk management activity for applying hedge accounting. IAS 39 is aimed to be replaced by IFRS 9 in its entirety. The previous mandatory effective date of IFRS 9 was removed by the IASB in November 2013 and a mandatory effective date will be determined after the entire replacement of IAS 39 is completed. However, the standard is available for application now.

(ii) IAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – Amendments to IAS 32

These amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right to set-off". The amendments also clarify the application of the IAS 32 offsetting criteria to settlement systems (such as central clearing house systems) which apply gross settlement mechanisms that are not simultaneous. These amendments are not expected to impact the Fund's financial position or performance.

VALUE CHINA ETF (A Hong Kong Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14 APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Manager and Trustee on 16 July 2014.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

	Fair	% of net
Holdings	value	assets
	HK\$	

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Listed equity securities

Hong Kong

Agile Property Holding Ltd.	156,720	996,739	0.63
Agricultural Bank of China Ltd.	2,890,320	9,769,282	6.19
Bank of China Ltd.	7,183,248	24,710,373	15.66
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.	1,009,584	5,118,591	3.24
Chaoda Modern Agriculture (Holdings) Ltd.	1,338,984	_	_
China CITIC Bank Corp. Ltd.	951,552	4,253,437	2.70
China Coal Energy Co., Ltd.	514,848	2,249,886	1.43
China Everbright Ltd.	151,848	1,503,295	0.95
China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.	575,568	8,092,486	5.13
China Minsheng Banking Corp. Ltd.	637,464	4,959,470	3.14
China Overseas Land & Investment Ltd.	511,800	10,287,180	6.52
China Petroleum & Chemical Corp.	3,198,648	22,198,617	14.07
Chongqing Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	349,776	1,189,238	0.75
CNOOC Ltd.	1,576,920	18,386,887	11.65
Dongfeng Motor Group Co., Ltd.	367,272	4,032,647	2.56
Fosun International Ltd.	169,464	1,652,274	1.05
Guangzhou R&F Properties Co., Ltd.	121,176	1,354,748	0.86
Huabao International Holdings Ltd.	241,056	858,159	0.54
Kingboard Chemical Holdings Ltd.	84,840	1,284,478	0.81
Longfor Properties Co., Ltd.	170,088	1,819,942	1.15
PetroChina Co., Ltd.	2,645,208	22,352,007	14.17
PICC Property and Casualty Co., Ltd.	375,216	3,984,794	2.53

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

	Holdings	Fair value <i>HK</i> \$	% of net assets
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)			
Listed equity securities (Continued)			
Hong Kong (Continued)			
Shenzhen International Holding Ltd.	106,735	1,036,397	0.66
Shenzhen Investment Ltd.	272,448	683,844	0.44
SOHO China Ltd.	192,960	1,231,085	0.78
Wheelock and Co., Ltd.	101,832	3,085,510	1.96
Zoomlion Heavy Industry Science and			
Technology Co., Ltd.	170,304	919,642	0.58
Total financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss		158,011,008	100.15
Cash and cash equivalents		32,159	0.02
Other net liabilities		(265,862)	(0.17)
Total net assets		157,777,305	100.00
Total investments, at cost		175,673,338	

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

% of ne	et assets
31.3.2014	31.3.2013

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Listed equity securities

Hong Kong	100.15	99.72
Total financial assets at fair value through		
profit or loss	100.15	99.72
Cash and cash equivalents	0.02	0.46
Other net liabilities	(0.17)	(0.18)
Total net assets	100.00	100.00

PERFORMANCE RECORD (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Net asset value (at last traded prices)

	Net asset	
	value per unit	Net asset value
	HK\$	HK\$
As at 31 March 2014	32.87	157,777,305
As at 31 March 2013	36.75	176,393,622
As at 31 March 2012	35.06	196,314,805

Highest and lowest net asset value per unit (at last traded prices)

	Highest net asset value per unit HK\$	Lowest net asset value per unit HK\$
Year ended 31 March 2014	39.41	30.18
Year ended 31 March 2013	41.69	30.10
Year ended 31 March 2012	42.98	26.43
Period ended 31 March 2011	44.69	32.34