

Hanny Holdings Limited 錦興集團有限公司 (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 275)

2013/2014 Annual Report 年報

Corporate Information



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors Dr. Yap Allan Mr. Heung Pik Lun, Edmond

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert Mr. Sin Chi Fai

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva Mr. Sin Chi Fai

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Yap Allan Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert Dr. Yap Allan

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Wong Nam, Marian

AUDITOR Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited

PRINCIPAL REGISTRAR

Codan Services Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

BRANCH REGISTRAR

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL OFFICE

25th Floor, Paul Y. Centre 51 Hung To Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon Hong Kong

STOCK CODE 275

WEBSITE www.hanny.com

董事會 執行董事 葉家海博士 向碧倫先生

獨立非執行董事 郭嘉立先生 潘國興先生 冼志輝先生

審核委員會

潘國興先生 郭嘉立先生 冼志輝先生

提名委員會 葉家海博士 郭嘉立先生 潘國興先生

薪酬委員會

郭嘉立先生 潘國興先生 葉家海博士

公司秘書 王嵐小姐

核數師 德勤●關黃陳方會計師行

主要往來銀行 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司

主要過戶登記處

Codan Services Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

過戶登記分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

主要辦事處

香港 九龍觀塘 鴻圖道51號 保華企業中心25樓

股份代號 275

<mark>公司網址</mark> www.hanny.com

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Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

I have pleasure in presenting the financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2014.

The Group principally engaged in property development and trading, industrial water supply business, trading of securities and the holding of other strategic investments.

Property Development

The construction work of the Company's flagship property development project, 捷登都會大厦, located at the junction of Zhongshanwu Road and Jixiang Road in Guangzhou, the PRC achieved a good progress during the year. The pre-sale license of this building was granted by the relevant government authorities and the formal sales has commenced. Given the prestige location of the building and coupled with a reasonable pricing, the Company expects the 800 plus apartments for sale shall be absorbed by the market in a reasonable period of time. This shall help to enhance the bottom-line of the Group in the coming fiscal years.

Water Supply

During the year, the water supply plant of the Group in Shandong Province, the PRC continues to provide positive contribution and a stable income stream to the Group. 本人欣然呈報本集團截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度之財務業績。

本集團之主要業務為物業發展及買賣、工 業供水業務、證券買賣以及持有其他策略 性投資。

物業發展

年內,本公司位於中國廣州中山五路與吉 祥路交界之旗艦物業發展項目捷登都會大 廈之建築工程進度理想。有關樓宇已獲相 關政府部門批授預售許可證,並已正式開 售。鑑於該樓宇地點優越,定價合理,本公 司預期市場可於合理期間吸納待售之800 多個公寓。該項目在未來財政年度將有助 增加本集團利潤。

供水

年內,本集團位於中國山東省之供水廠繼 續為本集團帶來正面貢獻及穩定收入。

Looking Ahead

Despite that the austerity measures implemented by the PRC central government attacked certain speculative transactions in the property market, the consumer demand for residential apartments remains strong. The Group shall continue to focus its resources in the PRC property market in the foreseeable years and shall remain focus on driving long-term sustainable growth in the PRC. The Group shall continue to build up its land bank in the PRC whenever opportunities arise. The Group is confident on the contributions and cashflows expected to be derived from its development projects and its water supply business. The Group will monitor closely its business strategy and make necessary refinements to cope with the emerging business markets in the mainland China.

A Word of Gratitude

I would like to offer my sincere thanks to my fellow board members, the management and employees for their extremely hard work, enthusiasm, resourcefulness, and contribution to the Group in the past year. 展望未來

儘管中國中央政府推行調控措施打擊物業 市場上若干投機交易,惟消費者對住宅之 需求仍然殷切。本集團未來數年將繼續 中資源於中國房地產市場,並繼續致力推 動中國業務之長遠可持續增長。本集團亦 將繼續於時機來臨時建立中國土地儲備。 本集團極有信心,其持有之發展項目及供 水業務定能一如預期為業績及現金流帶 來貢獻。本集團將仔細觀察業務策略之成 效,並會按中國內地新興市場之發展作出 必要之相應調整。

致謝

本人謹藉此機會,向勤奮、熱誠及睿智的 董事會成員、管理層和僱員,在過去一年 為本集團作出的貢獻,致以衷心感謝。

Dr. Yap Allan *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 30 June 2014

主席 **葉家海博士**

香港,二零一四年六月三十日

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Results and Financial Review

Results

For the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group's audited consolidated loss before non-controlling interests was HK\$108.6 million (2013: HK\$132.2 million), which comprised mainly revenue from water supply business of HK\$26.7 million (2013: HK\$20.6 million), revenue from sales of properties held for sale of HK\$nil (2013: HK\$160.0 million), cost of sales of HK\$13.7 million (2013: HK\$170.1 million), other income of HK\$3.8 million (2013: HK\$3.9 million), other gains and losses, other expenses of HK\$18.8 million (2013: HK\$34.5 million), administrative expenses of HK\$82.1 million (2013: HK\$73.1 million), finance costs of HK\$13.1 million (2013: HK\$8.8 million), loss on fair value changes on investments held for trading of HK\$13.5 million (2013: HK\$32.4 million), share of results of associates of HK\$0.2 million (2013: HK\$3.7 million) and income tax credit of HK\$1.9 million (2013: tax expense of HK\$1.4 million).

業績及財務回顧

業績

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團之經審核綜合未計非控股權益前 虧損為108,600,000港元(二零一三年: 132,200,000港元),主要包括供水業 務收入26,700,000港元(二零一三年: 20,600,000港元)、銷售持作銷售物業 收入零港元(二零一三年:160,000,000 港元)、銷售成本13,700,000港元(二 零一三年:170,100,000港元)、其他 收入3,800,000港元(二零一三年: 3,900,000港元)、其他收益及虧損、其 他開支18,800,000港元(二零一三年: 34,500,000港元)、行政開支82,100,000 港元(二零一三年:73,100,000港元)、 財務費用13,100,000港元(二零一三年: 8,800,000港元)、持作買賣投資之公平 值變動虧損13,500,000港元(二零一三 年:32,400,000港元)、應佔聯營公司業 績200,000港元(二零一三年:3,700,000 港元)及所得税抵免1,900,000港元(二零 一三年:税項支出1,400,000港元)。

Included in other gains and losses, other expenses, were derecognition of trade and other payables of HK\$20.6 million (2013: HK\$nil), impairment loss on available-for-sale investments of HK\$9.6 million (2013: HK\$18.0 million), impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of HK\$6.2 million and HK\$3.0 million respectively (2013: HK\$4.1 million, and HK\$2.1 million respectively), impairment on interest in an associate of HK\$3.0 million (2013: HK\$nil) and amount paid on termination of a project consultancy agreement of HK\$12.7 million (2013: HK\$nil).

The audited loss for the year attributable to the equity holders was HK\$102.0 million (2013: HK\$126.7 million) and the loss per share was HK\$0.09 (2013: HK\$0.11).

Segment Results

Property development and trading

During the year, the Group has focused on its flagship development project, 捷登都會大廈, located at Jixiang Road, Guangzhou and accounted for as properties under development for sale, which is to be developed into a commercial complex with serviced apartments and a modern shopping mall. The construction work is in good progress and the pre-sell of the serviced units has commenced after the date of the statement of financial position.

On the other hand, there was no trading activity recorded during the year ended 31 March 2014 while segment turnover amounted to HK\$160.0 million in 2013 came from the disposal of a property held for sale located in Hong Kong. Segment result for the year recorded a loss of HK\$36.7 million, increased by HK\$16.7 million (83.5%) from HK\$20.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2013.

其他收益及虧損、其他開支包括終止確 認貿易及其他應付款項20,600,000港元 (二零一三年:零港元)、可供銷售投資之 減值虧損9,600,000港元(二零一三年: 18,000,000港元)、物業、機器及設備及 無形資產之減值虧損分別6,200,000港 元及3,000,000港元(二零一三年:分別 4,100,000港元及2,100,000港元)、一間聯 營公司權益之減值3,000,000港元(二零 一三年:零港元)以及就終止項目顧問協議 所付金額12,700,000港元(二零一三年: 零港元)。

權 益 持 有 人 應 佔 之 經 審 核 年 內 虧 損 為102,000,000港 元 (二零一三年: 126,700,000港元),而每股虧損為0.09港 元(二零一三年:0.11港元)。

分類業績

物業發展及買賣

年內,本集團專注於其位於廣州吉祥路之 旗艦發展項目捷登都會大廈,該項目入賬 列作待售發展中物業,將會發展成商業綜 合大廈,設有服務式住宅及現代化購物中 心。建築工程進度理想,服務式單位已於 財務狀況表日期後開始預售。

另一方面,截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度並無錄得買賣,而二零一三年之分 類營業額160,000,000港元乃源自出售位 於香港之一項持作銷售物業。年內分類業 績錄得虧損36,700,000港元,較截至二零 一三年三月三十一日止年度之20,000,000 港元增加16,700,000港元(83.5%)。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Trading of Securities

Segment proceeds amounted to HK\$13.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2014 while there was no trading activity during the year ended 31 March 2013. The segment recorded a loss of HK\$13.3 million (2013: HK\$32.2 million) attributable mainly to the fair value loss recognised on its listed securities which were marked down to the market price as at date of the statement of financial position.

Water Supply

During the year under review, the Group maintained a revenue inflow in the water supply segment. The Group will continuously put effort in scaling up the water supply through negotiating with existing customers and implement effective costs control measures in this business in order to boost the profit margin.

For water supply segment, the revenue was HK\$26.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2014, increased by HK\$6.1 million (29.6%) from 2013 and segment result recorded a profit of HK\$8.0 million increased by HK\$4.1 million from HK\$3.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2013.

證券買賣

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之分 類所得款項為13,900,000港元,而截至二 零一三年三月三十一日止年度則無進行買 賣。該分類錄得虧損13,300,000港元(二 零一三年:32,200,000港元),主要源自其 上市證券撇減至於財務狀況表日期之市 價,因而確認公平值虧損。

供水

於回顧年度內,本集團之供水分類維持收 入流入。本集團將繼續致力與現有客戶磋 商擴大供水規模,並為該業務推行有效之 成本控制措施,從而提高利潤率。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,供 水分類之收入為26,700,000港元,較二零 一三年增加6,100,000港元(29.6%),分類 業績錄得溢利8,000,000港元,較截至二零 一三年三月三十一日止年度之3,900,000 港元增加4,100,000港元。

Liquidity

Bank balances and cash as at 31 March 2014 were HK\$403.2 million (31 March 2013: HK\$496.7 million). As at 31 March 2014, bank and other borrowings of the Group were approximately HK\$1,411.3 million (31 March 2013: HK\$877.9 million). The increase in borrowings was mainly attributable to bank loan drawn in the reporting year to finance the construction of the property development project at Jixiang Road, Guangzhou. The bank and other borrowings of the Group as at both 31 March 2013 and 2014 bore floating interest rates.

The gearing ratio (borrowings/shareholders' funds) at 31 March 2014 increased to 59.5% (31 March 2013: 34.7%).

Pledge of assets

As at 31 March 2014, certain assets of the Group amounting to HK\$3,450 million (31 March 2013: HK\$2,421 million) were pledged to banks and financial institutions for loan facilities granted to the Group.

Exchange rate and interest rate risks exposure

The majority of the Group's business transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong Dollars and Renminbi. The Group will consider entering into hedging contracts to eliminate any exposures to downside risks, whenever the Group and the concerned foreign subsidiaries think fit. At the reporting date, the Group did not enter into any interest rate speculative and hedging contracts.

流動資金

於二零一四年三月三十一日之銀行結餘及 現金為403,200,000港元(二零一三年三 月三十一日:496,700,000港元)。於二零 一四年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行及其 他借款約為1,411,300,000港元(二零一三 年三月三十一日:877,900,000港元)。借 款增加主要源自於申報年度內提取銀行 貸款,為位於廣州吉祥路之物業發展項目 之工程融資。本集團於二零一三年及二零 一四年三月三十一日之銀行及其他借款均 按浮動利率計息。

於二零一四年三月三十一日之負債資本比 率(借款/股東資金)上升至59.5%(二零 一三年三月三十一日:34.7%)。

資產抵押

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團將 3,450,000,000港元(二零一三年三月 三十一日:2,421,000,000港元)之若干資 產抵押予銀行及金融機構,以取得授予本 集團之貸款信貸。

匯率及利率風險

本集團大部份業務交易、資產及負債均以 港元及人民幣計值。本集團將於其本身及 有關海外附屬公司認為有需要時,考慮訂 立對沖合約以對銷任何不利風險。於申報 日期,本集團並無訂立任何利率投機及對 沖合約。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Contingent liabilities

As at 31 March 2014, a corporate guarantee to the extent of HK\$75.0 million (31 March 2013: HK\$75.0 million) was given by the Group to a bank in respect of banking facilities granted to an associate. The banking facilities of approximately HK\$38.4 million was utilised by the associate (31 March 2013: HK\$42.2 million) as at 31 March 2014. The Group did not have other significant contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2014.

Material acquisitions and disposals

On 29 September 2010, an agreement was entered into between Vigorous World Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, ITC Properties Holdings Group Limited, ITC Properties Group Limited and the Company in relation to the acquisition of 50% interest in ITC Properties (China) Limited at a consideration of HK\$480 million. The principal assets of ITC Properties (China) Limited and its subsidiaries are a parcel of land located in Yuexiu District in Guangzhou, the People's Republic of China. Such land is adjacent to the property development project held by the Group. As at 30 May 2014, the vendor has not provided its consent to a further extension of the long stop date, being 30 May 2014. Accordingly, the agreement lapsed and ceased to be of any effect immediately after 30 May 2014. The deposit of HK\$350 million was refunded thereafter.

或然負債

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團就 一間聯營公司所獲授銀行信貸而向銀行 作出公司擔保75,000,000港元(二零一三 年三月三十一日:75,000,000港元)。於 二零一四年三月三十一日,銀行信貸約 38,400,000港元由該聯營公司動用(二零 一三年三月三十一日:42,200,000港元)。 於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團並無 其他重大或然負債。

重大收購及出售

於二零一零年九月二十九日,本公司之 一間間接全資附屬公司Vigorous World Limited、ITC Properties Holdings Group Limited、德祥地產集團有限公司與本公 司就以代價480,000,000港元收購ITC Properties (China) Limited之50%權益訂立 協議。ITC Properties (China) Limited及其 附屬公司之主要資產為一幅位於中華人民 共和國廣州市越秀區之地塊。該地塊毗鄰 本集團持有之物業發展項目。於二零一四 年五月三十日,賣方未有同意進一步延遲 最後完成日期(即二零一四年五月三十 日)。因此,協議已緊隨二零一四年五月 三十日後失效及不再進一步具有效力。為 數350,000,000港元之按金已於其後退還。

Employees and remuneration policies

At 31 March 2014, there were approximately 105 employees (31 March 2013: 87) employed by the Group. The remuneration policies are formulated on the basis of performance of individual employees and the prevailing salaries' trends in the various regions. They are subject to be reviewed every year. The Group also provides employee training programs, a mandatory provident fund scheme, medical insurance and discretionary bonuses.

Outlook

The Board believes, despite the ongoing impact of the government's austerity measures implemented on the real estate sector since 2013, following the 18th National Congress of China, the demand for residential flats is still considerably strong driven by firm demand of the end users. This forms the momentum to push forward the development and longer-term prospect of the real estate market in the PRC.

The Group has focused its resources on the real estate sector in the PRC since last year. The construction work of the Group's flagship development project, 捷登都會大厦, located at the junction of Jixiang Road and Zhongshanwu Road in the centre of Guangzhou was in good progress during the year. The pre-sale license of this building was granted by the relevant government authorities and the formal sales has commenced. This shall enhance the bottom-line of the Group in the coming fiscal years.

The Group will continue and cautiously identifying lucrative land investment opportunities to build up its land reserve in the PRC, aiming at maximising the shareholders' wealth.

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團僱用 約105名僱員(二零一三年三月三十一日: 87名)。薪酬政策乃根據個別僱員之表現 及不同地區當時之薪酬趨勢而制定。本集 團會每年檢討薪酬政策。本集團亦提供培 訓計劃、強制性公積金計劃、醫療保險及 酌情花紅予僱員。

展望

董事會相信,儘管政府自二零一三年起對 房地產市場推行嚴厲措施產生持續性影 響,惟於第十八次全國代表大會後,住宅 之需求仍頗大程度受最終用家之殷切需求 強烈帶動,勢將推動中國房地產市場發展 及更長遠前景。

本集團自去年起將資源集中於中國房地產 市場。年內,本集團位於廣州市中心吉祥 路與中山五路交界之旗艦發展項目捷登都 會大廈之建築工程進度理想。有關樓宇已 獲相關政府部門批授預售許可證,並正式 開售,在未來財政年度將有助增加本集團 利潤。

本集團將繼續審慎物色利潤豐厚之土地投 資機會,以增加其中國土地儲備,冀能盡 量提升股東之財富。

Directors Profile 董事簡歷

Executive Directors

Dr. YAP Allan, aged 58, joined the Company in 1995. In September 2008, Dr. Yap was elected as the Chairman of the Company. Dr. Yap holds an Honorary degree of Doctor of Laws and has over 30 years' experience in finance, investment and banking. Dr. Yap is an alternate director of Television Broadcasts Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Dr. Yap is the chairman and chief executive officer of China Enterprises Limited, a company whose shares are traded on the OTC Securities Market in the United States of America, as well as Burcon NutraScience Corporation, a company whose shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange in Canada, the Frankfurt Stock Exchange in Germany, and NASDAQ Stock Exchange in the United States of America. Dr. Yap is the executive chairman of Hanwell Holdings Limited and Tat Seng Packaging Group Ltd., both of which are companies whose shares are listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited.

Mr. HEUNG Pik Lun, Edmond, aged 52, joined the Group in December 2010 as a director of Hanny Development (China) Company Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in February 2011. Mr. Heung is responsible for strategic planning and property development business of the Group.

Mr. Heung has started developing real estate projects in China since 1992 and has maintained a strong business network. Possessing in-depth knowledge in the South China market, Mr. Heung has participated over a hundred real estate development projects. Prior to entering the China property development market, Mr. Heung also has decades of property development experience in Canada and South East Asia.

Mr. Heung is a holder of a bachelor's degree of Arts from Windsor University, Canada. Mr. Heung is a member of ISCM (Institute of Shopping Centre Management) since 2011 and in June 2013, he was also elected a professional member of RICS (The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors) as a Chartered Project Management Surveyor. Mr. Heung is currently an independent nonexecutive director of See Corporation Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange.

執行董事

葉家海博士,58歲,於一九九五年加入本 公司。葉博士於二零零八年九月獲推選 為本公司主席。葉博士持有法律榮譽博 士學位, 並於金融、投資及銀行業務方面 積逾三十年經驗。葉博士為電視廣播有 限公司之替任董事,該公司之股份於香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板 上市。葉博士為China Enterprises Limited (其股份於美國櫃枱市場買賣)及 Burcon NutraScience Corporation(其股份於加拿 大多倫多證券交易所、德國法蘭克福證券 交易所及美國NASDAQ Stock Exchange上 市)之主席兼行政總裁。葉博士為Hanwell Holdings Limited及Tat Seng Packaging Group Ltd.之執行主席,該等公司之股份均 於新加坡證券交易所有限公司上市。

向碧倫先生,52歲,於二零一零年十二月 加入本集團,任本公司一間接全資附屬公 司一錦興發展(中國)有限公司之董事,並 於二零一一年二月獲委任為本公司執行董 事,負責本集團策略性計劃及房地產發展 業務。

向先生自一九九二年開始籌劃國內房地產 項目,彼於國內人脈廣博,對國內市場特 別是華南地區深切了解,曾參與國內超過 100個土地發展項目。另外,在進入國內房 地產市場前,向先生亦於加拿大及東南亞 區的房地產發展業擁有數十年經驗。

向先生於加拿大温莎大學持有文學士學 位。向先生自二零一一年起獲取香港商場 管理學會會員資格,並於二零一三年六月 考獲英國皇家特許測量師學會專業成員資 格成為特許項目管理測量師。向先生現為 漢傳媒集團有限公司(其股份於聯交所主 板上市)之獨立非執行董事。

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. KWOK Ka Lap, Alva, aged 66, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director since July 2003. He was a marketing manager in an international company engaging in the design of business administration system. Mr. Kwok has been in the insurance and investments business for over 30 years, principally in the senior managerial position leading a sizable sales team. Mr. Kwok is an independent non-executive director of ITC Properties Group Limited and Rosedale Hotel Holdings Limited, both of which are companies whose shares are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. POON Kwok Hing, Albert, aged 53, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director since February 2007. Mr. Poon graduated from the University of Bath, United Kingdom with a Master of Science degree in Business Administration. He is also a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the CPA Australia. Mr. Poon is currently an independent non-executive director of Rosedale Hotel Holdings Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. SIN Chi Fai, aged 55, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director since January 2008. Mr. Sin is a director and a shareholder of a Singapore company engaged in the distribution of data storage media and computer related products in Asian countries. He obtained a diploma in Banking from The Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University). He has over 16 years of experience in banking field and 16 years' sales and marketing experience in information technology industries. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Rosedale Hotel Holdings Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange and an independent non-executive director of China Enterprises Limited, a company whose shares are traded on the OTC Securities Market in the United States of America.

獨立非執行董事

郭嘉立先生,66歲,自二零零三年七月起 出任獨立非執行董事。彼曾為一間從事工 商行政系統設計之跨國公司之市場經理。 郭先生在保險及投資業務方面積逾三十年 經驗,主要擔任高級管理人員,管轄具規 模之營業隊伍。郭先生現為德祥地產集團 有限公司及珀麗酒店控股有限公司之獨立 非執行董事,該等公司之股份均於聯交所 主板上市。

潘國興先生,53歲,自二零零七年二月起 出任獨立非執行董事。潘先生畢業於英國 University of Bath,並取得工商管理碩士學 位。彼亦為香港會計師公會及澳洲會計師 公會之會員。潘先生現為珀麗酒店控股有 限公司(其股份於聯交所主板上市)之獨立 非執行董事。

冼志輝先生,55歲,自二零零八年一月起 出任獨立非執行董事。冼先生為一間新加 坡公司之董事及股東,該公司從事分銷數 據儲存媒體和電腦相關產品至亞洲國家。 彼於香港理工學院(現稱香港理工大學)獲 得銀行系文憑。彼於銀行業積逾十六年銷 驗,並於資訊科技行業擁有逾十六年銷售 及推廣經驗。彼現為珀麗酒店控股有限公 司(其股份於聯交所主板上市)之獨立非執 行董事及China Enterprises Limited(其股 份於美國櫃枱市場買賣)之獨立非執行董 事。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Hanny Holdings Limited (the "Company") is committed to ensuring and maintaining good standards of corporate governance, geared to achieving corporate goals and enhancing the interests of shareholders. The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") formalises the corporate governance practices of the company by adopting its corporate governance code, and the code along with the Bye-Laws of the Company and the terms of references of the Board Committees, provide the corporate governance framework of the Company. This report discloses how the Company has applied the principles of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Compliance with the CG Code

The Company has complied with the code provisions of the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2014, except with deviations from code provisions A.2.1 and A.4.1.

Code provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of the chairman and the chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The role of the chief executive is currently performed by the chairman of the Company, Dr. Yap Allan. The Board has evaluated such arrangement and considers that it will not impair the effectiveness of the Board as well as the management of the operations of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). 錦興集團有限公司(「本公司」)致力確保及 維持良好水平之企業管治,以達致企業目 標及提升股東之利益。本公司董事會(「董 事會」)透過採納其企業管治守則正式確定 公司之企業管治常規,而該守則連同本公 司之公司細則及各董事委員會之職權範圍 構成本公司之企業管治框架。本報告披露 本公司於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止 年度如何應用香港聯合交易所有限公司證 券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載 之《企業管治常規守則》(「《企業管治守 則》」)之原則。

遵守《企業管治守則》

本公司於截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度內一直遵守《企業管治守則》之守 則條文,惟偏離守則條文第A.2.1條及第 A.4.1條。

守則條文第A.2.1條規定,主席及行政總 裁的角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼 任。行政總裁之職責現時由本公司主席葉 家海博士履行。董事會已評估有關安排, 認為有關安排不會削弱董事會之成效或降 低本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)業務 之管理水平。 Code provision A.4.1 stipulates that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The independent non-executive directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation at the Company's annual general meetings in accordance with the Bye-Laws of the Company. As at each annual general meeting, one-third of the directors of the Company (or such number as nearest to but not less than one-third) must retire by rotation, each of the directors of the Company is effectively appointed for a term of approximately three years or less.

The Board

The Board currently comprises five members, including two executive directors, Dr. Yap Allan (Chairman) and Mr. Heung Pik Lun, Edmond and three independent non-executive directors, Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva, Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert and Mr. Sin Chi Fai. Biographical details of the directors of the Company (the "Directors") and the relevant relationships among them, if any, are set out in the "Directors Profile" on pages 10 to 11 of the annual report.

The Board includes a balanced composition of executive directors and independent non-executive directors and possesses a wide spectrum of relevant skills and experience. One of the independent non-executive directors has the professional accounting qualifications as required under the Listing Rules. The Company has received confirmation from each non-executive director about his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considers all of the non-executive directors to be independent. 守則條文第A.4.1條規定,非執行董事的委 任應有指定任期,並須接受重新選舉。本 公司獨立非執行董事並無指定任期,惟須 根據本公司之公司細則於本公司股東週年 大會上輪值告退。於每年之股東週年大會 上,本公司三分之一之董事(或最接近但 不少於三分一之人數)須輪值告退,因此本 公司各董事之實際任期約為三年或以下。

董事會

董事會現時由五名成員組成,包括兩名執 行董事葉家海博士(主席)及向碧倫先生, 以及三名獨立非執行董事郭嘉立先生、潘 國興先生及冼志輝先生。本公司董事(「董 事」)之履歷詳情及彼等間之相關關係(如 有)載於年報第10至11頁之「董事簡歷」 內。

董事會包括執行董事及獨立非執行董事 之平衡組合,並擁有廣泛之相關技能及經 驗。其中一名獨立非執行董事具有上市規 則規定之專業會計資格。本公司已接獲各 非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條所作出 有關其獨立性之確認。董事會認為所有非 執行董事均為獨立。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board ordinarily holds four meetings per year, and on other occasions as and when required. Members of the Board are advised to inform the Company Secretary if they wish to include matters in the agenda before the relevant regular Board meeting. All Board members are kept informed of material changes about the businesses of the Group and have full access to the Company Secretary with a view to ensuring the Board procedures are followed.

Six Board meetings were held during the year ended 31 March 2014. Individual attendances of each Board member at these Board meetings and general meetings of the Company are shown below:

董事會每年一般舉行四次會議,亦會於其 他有需要之情況下會晤。董事會成員如欲 將任何事宜載入會議議程中,應於有關常 規董事會會議舉行前通知公司秘書。所有 董事會成員均獲知會本集團業務之重大變 動,並可充分接觸公司秘書,藉以確保董 事會程序獲得遵守。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 內,董事會已舉行六次會議。各董事會成 員出席該等董事會會議及本公司之股東大 會之個別情況載列如下:

		Board	General
		meetings	meetings
		attended/held	attended/held
		已出席/已舉行之	已出席/已舉行之
Directors	董事	董事會會議次數	股東大會次數
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Dr. Yap Allan	葉家海博士	6/6	1/1
Mr. Heung Pik Lun, Edmond	向碧倫先生	6/6	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva	郭嘉立先生	6/6	1/1
Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert	潘國興先生	6/6	1/1
Mr. Sin Chi Fai	冼志輝先生	6/6	0/1

All the Directors participated in the continuous professional development programme of the Company which aims at enabling the Directors to develop and refresh their knowledge and to perform their duties. They are also encouraged to attend suitable trainings at the expense of the Company. The continuous professional development programme arranged by the Company during 2013/2014 focused on topics about corporate governance, legal and financial affairs. Each of the Directors has provided the Company a record of training he received during the year.

全體董事均已參加本公司之持續專業發展 課程,旨在讓董事發展及更新彼等之知識 以履行彼等之職責。本公司亦鼓勵彼等出 席合適之培訓,費用由本公司支付。本公 司於二零一三/二零一四年度安排之持續 專業發展課程之主題包括企業管治、法律 及財務事務。各董事已向本公司提供彼等 於年內所接受培訓之紀錄。

		Reading materials/receiving briefings and updates/seminars and e-courses 閲覽資料/接受 簡介及最新	Boardroom and other trainings
		这些 人 应 学 会 卫	************************************
Directors	董事	資料/座談會及 電子課程	董事會議及 其他培訓
Directors	董事	資料/座談會及 電子課程	
Directors Dr. Yap Allan	董事 葉家海博士		
		電子課程	董事會議及 <u>其他培訓</u> ✓ ✓
Dr. Yap Allan	葉家海博士	電子課程	
Dr. Yap Allan Mr. Heung Pik Lun, Edmond	葉家海博士 向碧倫先生	電子課程 ✓ ✓	

The Board represents shareholders of the Company in managing the Company's affairs with the objective of enhancing shareholders value, and represents the highest level of authority in the governance structure of the Company. Its principal functions are to formulate corporate strategies and directions particularly in relation to operating plans, corporate governance, business development, to monitor and control the operating and financial performance of the Group. The Board has established four committees with specific responsibilities to manage and oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Each committee is appointed with written terms of reference and is accountable to the full Board. Day-to-day management of the Group's business is delegated to the Executive Committee. The delegation of responsibilities and authority is reviewed regularly to ensure that the appropriate reporting systems are in place. The Board has reserved for its decision and consideration matters covering corporate strategy, dividend policy, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, annual and interim results, changes of members of the Board and its committees, and other significant operational and financial matters. A written procedure has been agreed for Directors to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense upon their request.

董事會代表本公司股東管理本公司事務, 目標為提升股東價值。董事會亦為本公司 管治架構中之最高權力機構,其主要職能 為制定企業策略及方向(特別是與本集團 營運計劃、企業管治、業務發展相關者), 並監察及控制本集團之營運及財務表現。 董事會已設立四個委員會,各自具有特定 職責,以管理及監督本公司事務之特定範 疇。各委員會之任命均訂有書面職權範圍 並向全體董事負責。本集團業務之日常管 理由執行委員會負責,委派之職責及授予 之職權將定期進行檢討,以確保適當匯報 機制之運作。董事會有權決定及考慮涉及 企業策略、股息政策、重大收購、出售及資 本交易、年度及中期業績、董事會及其委 員會成員變更之事宜以及其他重大營運及 財務事宜。一項書面程序已協定,以便在 董事提出尋求獨立專業意見之要求時,由 本公司承擔有關費用。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board determines the policy for the corporate governance of the Company, and reviews annually its effectiveness taking into account the development of the Group's business and the external environment. The Board adopted a board diversity policy in June 2013 in compliance with a new code provision on board diversity in the CG Code which came into effect on 1 September 2013. The Nomination Committee's role was expanded to include monitoring the implementation of the policy.

The roles of the Chairman and the chief executive are currently performed by Dr. Yap Allan. A division of responsibilities at the Board level has been maintained to entail a balance of power and authority. The Board will continue to review the management structure ensuring appropriate management development and succession plans, taking into consideration the nature and extent of the Group's operation.

The Company has arranged for Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance to indemnify its Directors and management staff against potential liabilities incurred by them in discharging their duties. The insurance coverage for the Directors and management staff is reviewed on an annual basis.

Board Committees

The Board has established committees to assist in carrying out its responsibilities. Four committees have been appointed, including the Executive Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee. The committees oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs and report regularly to the Board.

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee comprises all executive directors, currently Dr. Yap Allan and Mr. Heung Pik Lun, Edmond. The Executive Committee meets as and when required to oversee the day-to-day management and operation of the Group's business. 董事會釐定本公司企業管治之政策,並每 年檢討其成效,當中會考慮本集團業務及 外部環境之發展。於二零一三年六月,董 事會遵照已於二零一三年九月一日生效之 《企業管治守則》有關董事會成員多元化 之新守則條文,採納董事會成員多元化政 策。提名委員會之職責已擴大至包括監察 該政策施行情況。

主席及行政總裁之角色目前由葉家海博士 擔任。董事會內職責的分工旨在確保權力 與權責平衡。董事會將繼續因應本集團營 運性質及規模檢討管理架構,確保配合管 理層發展及繼任計劃。

本公司已為董事及管理層人員安排董事及 管理層人員責任保險,以賠償彼等因履行 各自之職責而引起之潛在責任。董事及管 理層人員之承保範圍會於每年進行檢討。

董事委員會

董事會已設立多個委員會,以協助履行其 職責。四個委員會已獲委派,包括執行委 員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及審核委 員會。該等委員會監督本公司事務之特定 範疇,並定期向董事會報告。

執行委員會

執行委員會由全體執行董事組成,現時為 葉家海博士及向碧倫先生。執行委員會於 有需要時舉行會議,以監督本集團業務之 日常管理及營運。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises two independent nonexecutive directors and one executive director. The current members of the Remuneration Committee are Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva (who acts as chairman of the committee), Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert and Dr. Yap Allan.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors' and senior management's remuneration, on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management, and on the remuneration of non-executive directors. The remuneration packages of directors are based on their individual performances, salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group. The Remuneration Committee will ensure that no director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration and have access to professional advice if considered necessary.

The Remuneration Committee met once during the year ended 31 March 2014 and reviewed the structure and levels of remuneration paid to executive directors and levels of fees paid to non-executive directors, and discussed salary adjustments policies for group employees. Individual attendance of each Remuneration Committee member at the meeting is shown below:

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名 執行董事組成。薪酬委員會成員現時包括 郭嘉立先生(擔任委員會主席)、潘國興先 生及葉家海博士。

薪酬委員會負責就本公司有關全體董事及 高級管理人員薪酬之政策及架構、個別執 行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇以及非 執行董事之薪酬向董事會提出推薦意見。 董事之薪酬待遇乃取決於個人表現、可比 較公司所支付之薪金、付出之時間及職責 以及本集團其他部門之聘用情況。薪酬委 員會將確保董事或其任何聯繫人士不會參 與決定其本身之薪酬,並會於有需要時尋 求專業意見。

薪酬委員會於截至二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度內會晤一次,並已檢討支付予執 行董事之薪酬架構及水平與支付予非執行 董事之袍金水平,並討論集團僱員之薪酬 調整政策。各薪酬委員會成員出席該會議 之個別情況載列如下:

Remuneration Committee

Remuneration Committee Member	薪酬委員會成員	meetings attended/held 已出席/已舉行之薪酬委員會會議次數
Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva	郭嘉立先生	1/1
Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert	潘國興先生	1/1
Dr. Yap Allan	葉家海博士	1/1

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are posted on both the Company's and the Stock Exchange's websites. 薪酬委員會之職權範圍載於本公司及聯交 所網站。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises two independent nonexecutive directors and one executive director. The members of the Nomination Committee are Dr. Yap Allan (who acts as chairman of the committee), Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva and Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert.

The Nomination Committee reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board and identify individuals suitably qualify to become Board members as well as nominates and recommends to the Board candidates for filling vacancies on the Board.

Subsequent to the adoption of the board diversity policy by the Board in June 2013, the Nomination Committee also monitors the implementation of the policy. The policy is to ensure that the Board members with the necessary range of knowledge and skills embrace diversity in regional and industry experience, cultural and educational background, age and gender.

At a meeting of the Nomination Committee held during the year ended 31 March 2014, it assessed the independence of the nonexecutive Directors and the contributions and time required from the Directors, and reviewed the size and composition of the Board. Individual attendance of each Nomination Committee member at the meeting is shown below:

提名委員會

提名委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名 執行董事組成。提名委員會之成員為葉家 海博士(擔任委員會主席)、郭嘉立先生及 潘國興先生。

提名委員會檢討董事會之架構、規模及組 成,物色合資格加入董事會之人士,並向 董事會提名及推薦人選,以填補董事會之 空缺。

於董事會在二零一三年六月採納董事會成 員多元化政策後,提名委員會亦會監察該 政策之施行情況。該政策旨在確保董事會 成員具備所需之廣泛知識及技能,在地區 及行業經驗、文化及教育背景、年齡及性 別方面均有多元化組合。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度舉 行之提名委員會會議上,提名委員會已評 估非執行董事之獨立地位以及董事所需付 出之貢獻及投放之時間,並已檢討董事會 之規模及組成。各提名委員會成員出席該 會議之個別情況載列如下:

Nomination Committee

		Nomination Committee
		meetings attended/held
Nomination Committee Member	提名委員會成員	已出席/已舉行之提名委員會會議次數
Dr. Yap Allan	葉家海博士	1/1
Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva	郭嘉立先生	1/1
Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert	潘國興先生	1/1
		旧方조日소노빠방俠園관산구고고고⊮수

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are posted on both the Company's and the Stock Exchange's websites. 提名委員會之職權範圍載於本公司及聯交 所網站。

Audit Committee

Major roles and functions of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- (a) To consider the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the auditor, and to approve the remuneration and the terms of engagement of the auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of the auditor of the Company;
- (b) To review and monitor the independence and objectivity of the auditor and effectiveness of the audit process and discuss with the auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations;
- (c) To review annual report and accounts, half-year report before submission to the Board;
- (d) To review the financial controls, internal controls and risk management system of the Group and make recommendations to the Board; and
- (e) To review the auditor's management letter and material queries raised by the auditor to management in respect of accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response.

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors. The current members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert (who acts as chairman of the committee), Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva and Mr. Sin Chi Fai. All Audit Committee members have appropriate qualifications and experience to properly discharge its roles and responsibilities.

審核委員會

審核委員會之主要角色及職能如下:

- (a)考慮委任、重新委任及罷免核數師、 批准核數師之薪酬及聘用條款以及本 公司核數師辭任或離任之任何問題;
- (b) 檢討及監察核數師是否獨立客觀及核 數程序是否有效,並與核數師討論審 核性質及範圍以及有關申報責任;
- (c) 在向董事會呈交年度報告及賬目、半年度報告前審閱該等賬目;
- (d) 檢討本集團之財務監控、內部監控及 風險管理系統,並向董事會提出推薦 意見;及
- (e) 審閲核數師之管理函件及核數師就有 關會計紀錄、財務賬目或監控系統及 管理層回應事宜而向管理層提出之重 大問題。

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成。 審核委員會成員現時包括潘國興先生(擔 任委員會主席)、郭嘉立先生及冼志輝先 生。所有審核委員會成員均擁有可妥為履 行其職責及責任之適當資格及經驗。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Audit Committee held two meetings to review with the management and the auditor the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 and the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2013, with recommendations to the Board for approval; to review the effectiveness of internal control system; and to approve the audit and non-audit services provided by the auditor for the year ended 31 March 2014. Individual attendance of each Audit Committee member at these meetings is shown below: 於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 內,審核委員會舉行兩次會議,與管理層及 核數師審閱截至二零一三年三月三十一日 止年度之經審核財務報表及截至二零一三 年九月三十日止六個月之未經審核中期財 務報表,並提出推薦意見予董事會審批: 檢討內部監控系統之成效:以及批准截至 二零一四年三月三十一日止年度由核數師 提供之審核及非審核服務。各審核委員會 成員出席該等會議之個別情況載列如下:

Audit Committee Audit Committee Member 審核委員會成員 已出席/已舉行之審核委員會會議次數 Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert 潘國興先生 2/2 Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva 郭嘉立先生 2/2 Mr. Sin Chi Fai 冼志輝先生 2/2

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are posted on both the Company's and the Stock Exchange's websites.

審核委員會之職權範圍載於本公司及聯交 所網站。

Auditor's Remuneration

For the year ended 31 March 2014, the amount paid to Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, the auditor of the Company in respect of the audit and non-audit services provided are as follows:

核數師酬金

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度, 就本公司核數師德勤●關黃陳方會計師行 已提供之審核及非審核服務而支付之金額 如下:

		Amount
		金額
		(HK\$'000)
Type of services	服務類型	(千港元)
Audit services	審核服務	2,813
Non-audit services	非審核服務	2,882
Total:	合計:	5,695

Compliance with the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry by the Company, all Directors have confirmed the compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2014.

遵守董事進行證券交易的標準 守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載《上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》作 為董事進行證券交易之行為守則(「標準 守則」)。本公司在作出特定查詢後,所有 董事均確認於截至二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度內一直遵守標準守則所規定之標 準。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Directors' and Auditor's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for the period concerned. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and, apart from the new and revised accounting policies as disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, applied them consistently with previously financial periods. The Directors have made judgements and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

The reporting responsibilities of the auditor are set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 33 to 34.

Internal Controls

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness, particularly in respect of the controls on financial, operational, compliance and risk management, to achieve the Company's business strategies and the Group's business operations. The Board has adopted an internal control policy, which has been developed with a primary objective of providing general guidance and recommendations on a basic framework of internal control and risk management. The aim of the Group's internal control policy is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss rather than to eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the objectives of the Group.

董事及核數師就財務報表所承擔 之責任

董事負責編製真實及公平反映本集團財 務狀況以及於有關期間業績與現金流量 之財務報表。在編製截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度之財務報表時,董事已選 擇適當會計政策,並由過往財政期間起貫 徹應用該等會計政策,惟綜合財務報表附 註所披露之新訂及經修訂會計政策除外。 董事已作出審慎、公平及合理之判斷及估 計,並按持續基準編製財務報表。

核數師之報告責任載於第33至34頁之「獨 立核數師報告」內。

內部監控

董事會整體負責維持穩健及有效之內部監 控制度並檢討其成效,特別是有關財務、 營運、合規及風險管理之監控,致令本公司 之業務策略及本集團之業務營運均取得成 功。董事會已採納內部監控政策,旨在就內 部監控及風險管理基本架構提供一般指引 及推薦意見。本集團之內部監控政策旨在 就並無出現重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理 (惟並非絕對)之保證,而非消除營運系統 及達致本集團目標過程中之疏忽風險。 Management has conducted reviews during the year on the effectiveness of the internal control system covering material controls in financial, operational and compliance areas, various functions for risks management as well as physical and information systems security. The Audit Committee has been reported twice during the year, in conjunction with key findings identified by the external auditor.

The Company has engaged an independent consultant to perform an internal control system review on the payment cycle of Guangzhou Jixiang Properties Limited and to prepare a report (the "Internal Control Review Report") to enable the management of the Company to evaluate and provide reasonable assurance on the effectiveness and efficiency of operations, providing reliable financial reporting, complying with applicable laws and regulations and, where appropriate, carry out the recommended controls procedures of the Internal Control Review Report. The Audit Committee has reviewed the Internal Control Review Report.

Company Secretary

Ms. Wong Nam Marian was appointed as the Company Secretary in 2008. She is an employee of the Company and is appointed by the Board. The Company Secretary undertakes at least 15 hours of professional training annually to update her skills and knowledge. 管理層已於年內檢討內部監控制度之成 效,包括重大之財務、運作及合規監控、 多項風險管理工作以及實際及資訊系統保 安。審核委員會於年內兩度獲外聘核數師 匯報主要發現。

本公司已委聘一獨立顧問對廣州吉祥房產 發展有限公司之付款週期進行內部監控系 統檢討,並編製檢討報告(「內部監控檢討 報告」),以便本公司管理層評估及合理地 保證營運之成效及效率、提供可靠之財務 報告,以及遵守適用之法例及規例,並在 適當情況下執行內部監控檢討報告之建議 監控程序。審核委員會已審閱內部監控檢 討報告。

公司秘書

王嵐小姐於二零零八年獲委任為公司秘書。 彼為本公司僱員,並由董事會委任。公司秘 書每年會進行最少15個小時專業培訓,以更 新其技能及知識。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Communication with Shareholders

The Company is committed to ensure on-going dialogue with shareholders and provide shareholders with information necessary to evaluate the performance of the Company. The Company has maintained a website at www.hanny.com which enables shareholders, investors and the general public to have an open access to the information of the Company. Shareholders can obtain full and timely information on the Company's website and can assess current and historical company data. The annual and special general meetings also provide the forum for the Board to meet directly with shareholders. The procedures for shareholders to request the convening of a special general meeting and to move a resolution at an annual general meeting are set out below. Shareholders may write to the Board by addressing to the Company Secretary at the principal office of the Company at 25/F., Paul Y. Centre, 51 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong, who will forward such communication to the Board; or by sending an email to enquiry@hanny.com providing their full name and contact details.

Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company can deposit a written request at the principal office of the Company to require a Special General Meeting ("SGM") to be called by the Company. The written request must state the purposes of the meeting, signed by the shareholders concerned, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the requisitionists. An SGM shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Company fails to proceed to convene an SGM, the requisitionists may themselves convene a meeting, provided that such meeting shall not be held after the expiration of 3 months from the said date.

與股東溝通

本公司致力確保持續與股東對話, 並向股東提供必須資料以評估本公司 之表現。本公司亦設有網站,網址為 www.hanny.com,以供股東、投資者及公 眾人十循公開渠道取得本公司資料。股東 可於本公司網站適時取得所有資料,並瀏 覽公司現時及過往之數據。股東週年大會 及股東特別大會亦作為董事會與股東直接 會面之平台。股東要求召開股東特別大會 及於股東週年大會上動議決議案之程序載 於下文。股東如欲致函董事會,可寄交本 公司之主要辦事處地址香港九龍觀塘鴻圖 道51號保華企業中心25樓,公司秘書將代 轉交有關通訊予董事會,股東亦可發送電 子郵件至enguiry@hanny.com,郵件須提供 股東全名及聯絡資料。

於提呈要求當日持有不少於本公司繳足股 本十分之一之股東可向本公司主要辦事處 提出書面要求,要求本公司召開股東特別 大會(「股東特別大會」)。該書面要求必須 列明會議之目的,且須由有關股東簽署, 並可由多份經一名或多名提出要求人士簽 署之相同文件組成。股東特別大會須於有 關要求提出後21日內未能召開股東特別大 會,提出要求之股東可自行召開會議,惟 該會議不得於所述日期起計超過3個月後 舉行。 Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of the Company or not less than one hundred members can deposit a written request at the registered office of the Company to move a resolution at the next annual general meeting. The written request must state the notice of intended resolution and any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposed resolution, signed by the shareholders concerned, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the requisitionists, together with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in giving effect thereto. Provided that a requisition requiring notice of a resolution is deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than six weeks before the meeting, it shall be the duty of the Company to circulate to members entitled to have notice of the meeting such notice of intended resolution and any such statement.

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") present to the shareholders their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Principal Activities

The Company is an investment holding company and the Group is principally engaged in property development and trading, industrial water supply business, trading of securities and other strategic investments.

The activities of the principal subsidiaries and associates of the Company are set out in notes 46 and 20 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

Results

Details of the results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 35 to 36.

Dividend

The Board has recommended a final dividend of HK2 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: HK2 cents per share) subject to approval of shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "AGM"). The proposed final dividend will be distributed on or about 30 September 2014 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company as at the close of business on 25 September 2014.

本公司董事(「董事」)謹此向各股東提呈 董事會報告及本公司和其附屬公司(「本集 團」)截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 之經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司,而本集團主 要從事物業發展及買賣、工業供水業務、 證券買賣以及其他策略性投資。

本公司主要附屬公司及聯營公司之業務分 別載於綜合財務報表附註第46及20項。

業績

本集團於本年度之業績詳情載於第35至36 頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表內。

股息

董事會已建議派付截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度之末期股息每股2港仙(二 零一三年:每股2港仙),惟須待股東於應 屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上批 准。建議之末期股息將於二零一四年九月 三十日或前後分派予於二零一四年九月 二十五日營業時間結束時名列本公司股東 名冊之股東。

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

Properties under Development for Sale

Details of the properties under development for sale of the Group during the year are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

Share Capital

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

Directors

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors:

Dr. Yap Allan *(Chairman)* Mr. Heung Pik Lun, Edmond

Independent Non-Executive Directors: Mr. Kwok Ka Lap, Alva Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert Mr. Sin Chi Fai

In accordance with bye-laws 87(2) and 87(3) of the Company's Byelaws, Mr. Heung Pik Lun, Edmond and Mr. Poon Kwok Hing, Albert will retire from office by rotation at the AGM and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

物業、機器及設備

本集團於年內之物業、機器及設備之詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註第17項。

待售發展中物業

本集團於年內之待售發展中物業詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註第23項。

股本

本公司於年內之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註第32項。

董事

於年內及截至本報告日期,各董事為:

執行董事: 葉家海博士*(主席)* 向碧倫先生

獨立非執行董事: 郭嘉立先生 潘國興先生 冼志輝先生

按本公司之公司細則第87(2)及87(3)條規 定,向碧倫先生及潘國興先生將於股東週 年大會上輪值退任,而彼等符合資格並願 意於股東週年大會上膺選連任。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

None of the Directors eligible for re-election at the AGM has a service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Interests of Directors

As at 31 March 2014, the interests and short positions of the Directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which (a) were recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or (b) were notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were as follows:

符合資格於股東週年大會上膺選連任之董 事概無與本集團訂立本集團不可於一年內 在不予賠償(法定賠償除外)之情況下終止 之服務合約。

董事之權益

於二零一四年三月三十一日,董事於本公 司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股 份、相關股份及債券中擁有(a)已記錄於根 據證券及期貨條例第352條而備存之登記 冊內:或(b)根據香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 附錄十《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的 標準守則》(「標準守則」)已知會本公司及 聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

% of the

			78 OF the
		Number of	issued share
Name	Capacity	shares held (long position)	capital of the Company
		持有股份數目	已發行股本
	姓名	身份	(好倉)
Dr. Yap Allan	Beneficial Owner	266,361,882	23.75%
葉家海博士	實益擁有人		

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2014, none of the directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (a) to be recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO; or (b) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code. 除上文所披露者外,於二零一四年三月 三十一日,概無本公司董事及最高行政人 員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證 券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份 或債券中擁有(a)須記錄於根據證券及期貨 條例第352條而備存之登記冊內;或(b)根 據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何 權益或淡倉。

Arrangements to Purchase Shares or Debentures

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' Interests in Competing Business

As at 31 March 2014, none of the Directors or their respective associates had an interest in any business apart from the Group's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business that need to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

Directors' Interests in Contracts of Significance

No contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

購買股份或債券之安排

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內任何時間 概無訂立任何安排,致使董事可藉購入本 公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而 獲益。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於二零一四年三月三十一日,概無董事或 彼等各自之聯繫人士於本集團業務以外擁 有與本集團業務直接或間接競爭或可能競 爭之任何業務之權益而須根據上市規則第 8.10條作出披露。

董事於重大合約之權益

於本年度結束時或年內任何時間,本公司 或其任何附屬公司並無訂立任何重大合約,而董事亦無直接或間接持有該等重大 合約之重大權益。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Interests of Substantial Shareholders

As at 31 March 2014, the persons, other than a Director, who had notified the Company their interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東之權益

於二零一四年三月三十一日,根據本公司 按證券及期貨條例第336條而備存之登記 冊所記錄,下列人士(除董事以外)已知會 本公司彼等於本公司股份或相關股份中擁 有權益或淡倉:

6 .1

		% of the	
		Number of	issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司
Name		shares held	
	Capacity	(Long position)	
		持有股份數目	
姓名/名稱	身份	持有 <u>版</u> (好 倉)	已發行股本 百分比
	۶W	(灯启)	日刀比
Ong Bee Lian (Note 1)	Beneficial owner/Interest of controlled corporation	67,836,000	6.05%
Ong Bee Lian (附註1)	實益擁有人/受控公司之權益		
Regent Honour Investment Limited	Beneficial owner/Other	67,836,000	6.05%
Regent Honour Investment Limited	實益擁有人/其他		
Onn Ping Lan <i>(Note 2)</i>	Beneficial owner/Interest of spouse/Other	56,080,000	5.00%
Onn Ping Lan (<i>附註2)</i>	實益擁有人/配偶權益/其他		
Notes:		附註:	
1. Ong Bee Lian is a controllin Limited.	ng shareholder of Regent Honour Investment	1. Ong Bee Lian為Rege Limited之控股股東。	nt Honour Investment
2. Onn Ping Lan is the spouse	e of Ong Bee Lian.	2. Onn Ping Lan為Ong E	Bee Lian之配偶。
not been notified of any oth shares or underlying shares o	at 31 March 2014, the Company had her interests or short positions in the f the Company which were required to opt under Section 336 of the SFO.	除上文所披露者外,於 三十一日,本公司概無 本公司股份或相關股份 益或淡倉而須記錄於根 第336條而備存之登記	獲任何人士知會於 中擁有任何其他權 據證券及期貨條例

Major Customers and Suppliers

For the year ended 31 March 2014

- the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers accounted for approximately 50.3% and 100% respectively of the Group's total turnover;
- the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 72.7% and 100% respectively of the Group's total purchases.

So far as the Directors are aware, none of the Directors, their associates or shareholders who owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital had any interests in the five largest customers or suppliers of the Group.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

During the year ended 31 March 2014, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

Pre-emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws in Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

- (i) 本集團最大客戶及五大客戶分別佔本 集團總營業額約50.3%及100%;
- (ii) 本集團最大供應商及五大供應商 分別佔本集團總採購額約72.7%及
 100%。

就董事所知·概無董事、彼等之聯繫人士 或擁有本公司股本5%以上之股東於本集 團五大客戶或供應商擁有任何權益。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 證券

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、 出售或贖回任何本公司之上市證券。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例並無任何 有關優先購買權之條文規定本公司須按比 例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

公眾持股量之充足性

根據本公司可公開查閱之資料及就董事所 知悉,本公司按上市規則所規定維持充足 公眾持股量。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Events after the Reporting Period

Details of the significant events after the reporting period are set out in note 45 to the consolidated financial statements.

Group Financial Summary

A summary of the consolidated results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 176.

Corporate Governance

Information on Corporate Governance Practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 12 to 25.

Auditor

A resolution will be proposed at the AGM to re-appoint Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Dr. Yap Allan *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 30 June 2014

申報期後事項

有關於申報期後之重大事項之詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註第45項。

集團財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之綜合業績及資 產與負債之摘要載於第176頁。

企業管治

本公司採納之企業管治常規之資料載於第 12至25頁之企業管治報告內。

核數師

董事會將於股東週年大會上提呈重新委任 德勤•關黃陳方會計師行為本公司核數師 之決議案。

代表董事會

主席 **葉家海博士**

香港,二零一四年六月三十日

Hanny Holdings Limited 錦興集團有限公司

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



TO THE MEMBERS OF HANNY HOLDINGS LIMITED 錦興集團有限公司

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Hanny Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 35 to 175, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致錦興集團有限公司 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) **股東**

吾等已審核錦興集團有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)載於第35 至175頁之綜合財務報表,此等綜合財務報 表包括於二零一四年三月三十一日之綜合 財務狀況表及截至該日止年度之綜合損益 及其他全面收益表、綜合股東權益變動表 和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概 要及其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表 須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒 佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之 披露規定編製真實與公平之綜合財務報 表,以及董事認為就編製綜合財務報表而 言屬必須之內部監控,以使綜合財務報表 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤 陳述。

核數師之責任

吾等之責任乃根據吾等之審核工作就該等 綜合財務報表發表意見,並按照百慕達公 司法第90條規定,僅向整體股東報告,除 此以外別無其他目的。吾等概不就本報告 內容對任何其他人士負上或承擔責任。吾 等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計 準則進行審核工作。該等準則要求吾等遵 守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核工作,以 合理確定綜合財務報表是否並無任何重大 錯誤陳述。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2014 and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 30 June 2014 審核工作包括執行程序以獲取有關綜合財 務報表所載數額及披露資料之審核憑證。 所選定之程序取決於核數師之判斷,包括 評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表 存有重大錯誤陳述之風險。在評估該等風 險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製真實與公 平之綜合財務報表相關之內部監控,以設 計在有關情況下屬適當之審核程序,但並 非旨在對公司內部監控之效能發表意見。 審核工作亦包括評價董事所採用之會計政 策是否適當及所作出之會計估計是否合 理,以及評價綜合財務報表之整體呈列方 式。

吾等相信所獲得之審核憑證可充分及適當 地為吾等之審核意見提供基礎。

意見

吾等認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港財務 報告準則真實與公平地反映 貴集團於二 零一四年三月三十一日之財務狀況及截至 該日止年度之虧損及現金流量,並已按照 香港公司條例之披露規定妥善編製。

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行 *執業會計師* 香港 二零一四年六月三十日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

			2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Turnover	營業額			
– gross proceeds	^{宮 未} 一所得款項總額	7	40,636	180,620
Revenue from sales of properties	銷售持作銷售物業收入			
held for sale			-	160,000
Revenue from water supply business	供水業務收入		26,721	20,620
			26,721	180,620
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(13,686)	(170,117)
Gross profit	毛利		13,035	10,503
Other income	其他收入	9	3,768	3,861
Other gains and losses, other expenses	其他收益及虧損、		-	
	其他開支	10	(18,776)	(34,453)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(82,083)	(73,115)
Finance costs	財務費用	11	(13,123)	(8,842)
Loss on fair value changes on	持作買賣投資之			
investments held for trading	公平值變動虧損		(13,479)	(32,444)
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績		219	3,690
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損		(110,439)	(130,800)
Income tax credit (expense)	所得税抵免(支出)	12	1,855	(1,440)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	13	(108,584)	(132,240)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		NOTE 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Other comprehensive income (expense) Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on	其他全面收入(開支) 其後可能重新分類至 損益之項目: 換算海外業務所產生			
translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive (expense) income of associates	之匯兑差額 應佔聯營公司其他 全面(開支)收入		2,771 (5,142)	24,434 7,034
Fair value change on an available- for-sale investment	一項可供銷售投資之 公平值變動		(26,179)	(1,296)
Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year	年內其他全面(開支) 收入		(28,550)	30,172
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額		(137,134)	(102,068)
Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔年內虧損: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(102,015) (6,569)	(126,720) (5,520)
Total comprehensive expense attributable to:	以下人士應佔全面開支 總額:		(108,584)	(132,240)
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(130,638) (6,496)	(96,847) (5,221)
Loss per share	每股虧損	16	(137,134) HK\$(0.09)港元	(102,068) HK\$(0.11)港元

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2014 於二零一四年三月三十一日

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	17	70,132	87,208
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款	18	11,166	5,578
Intangible assets	無形資產	19	23,501	28,887
Interests in associates	聯營公司權益	20	215,001	222,806
Available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資	21	66,371	102,053
Deposit for acquisition of interest in an	收購一項投資權益之			·
investment	訂金	45	350,000	350,000
Deposit for acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司之訂金	24	_	250,000
Club debentures	會所債券		6,020	6,020
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	33	31	31
			742,222	1,052,583
	十 书 次 文			.,,
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產	10		610
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款	18	619	619
Inventories	存貨		252	547
Properties held for sale	持作銷售物業	22	96,744	79,115
Properties under development for sale	待售發展中物業	23	3,271,183	2,316,201
Trade and other receivables and	貿易及其他應收款項及 研以共在			
prepayments	預付款項	25	386,432	661,349
Investments held for trading	持作買賣投資	26	89,185	42,765
Short-term loans receivable	應收短期貸款	27	-	4,416
Loans to associates	給予聯營公司貸款	28	-	87,838
Tax recoverable	可退回税項		-	5,470
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	29	403,183	496,651
			4,247,598	3,694,971
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade and other payables and accruals	貿易及其他應付款項及			
	應計費用	30	131,501	255,050
Amount due to an associate	應付一間聯營公司款項	28	-	1,437
Deposits received in advance	預收訂金	36	190,497	190,259
Tax payable	應付税項		16,907	16,594
Borrowings – due within one year	借款--年內到期	31	837,846	128,859
			1,176,751	592,199
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		3,070,847	3,102,772
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	資產總值減流動負債			
LIABILITIES			3,813,069	4,155,355
			3,513,003	

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2014 於二零一四年三月三十一日

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	32	11,213	11,213
Share premium and reserves	股份溢價及儲備		2,362,510	2,515,574
Equity attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Company			2,373,723	2,526,787
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		859,596	868,468
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		3,233,319	3,395,255
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Borrowings – due after one year	借款--年後到期	31	573,489	749,064
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	33	6,261	11,036
			579,750	760,100
			3,813,069	4,155,355

The consolidated financial statements on pages 35 to 175 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 June 2014 and are signed on its behalf by: 董事會已於二零一四年六月三十日批准及 授權刊發第35至175頁之綜合財務報表, 由以下人士代表簽署:

Dr. Yap Allan 葉家海博士 CHAIRMAN 主席 Mr. Heung Pik Lun, Edmond 向碧倫先生

> DIRECTOR 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合股東權益變動表

		Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔										
		Share capital	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Currency translation reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Investment revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Retained profits (accumulated losses) 保留溢利	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK \$'000 千港元	實缴盈餘 HK \$ ′000 千港元 <i>(note a)</i> <i>(附註a)</i>	貨幣兑換儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	資本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	投資重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 <i>(note b)</i> <i>(附註b)</i>	(累計虧損) HK \$ '000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK \$ ′000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	11,213	1,587,800	1,508,541	123,576	592	27,502	(258,943)	(291,039)	2,709,242	697,573	3,406,815
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內虧損 年內其他全面收入 (開支)	-	-	-	- 24,135	-	- (1,296)	- 7,034	(126,720)	(126,720) 29,873	(5,520) 299	(132,240) 30,172
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內全面收入(開支) 總額	-	_	-	24,135	_	(1,296)	7,034	(126,720)	(96,847)	(5,221)	(102,068)
Transfer of reserves to accumulated losses Transfer of contributed surplus to accumulated losses	轉撥儲備至累計虧損 轉撥實繳盈餘至累計虧損	-	-	- (500,000)	(2,903)	-	5,732	-	(2,829) 500,000	-	-	-
Disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary without losing control	出售一間附屬公司部分 權益而不損失控制權	-	_		_	_	_	(63,182)	_	(63,182)	185,297	122,115
Dividend recognised as distribution Dividends paid to non- controlling interests	已確認為分派之股息 已付非控股權益股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22,426)	(22,426)	- (9,181)	(22,426)
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年 三月三十一日	11,213	1,587,800	1,008,541	144,808	592	31,938	(315,091)	56,986	2,526,787	868,468	3,395,255
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內虧損 年內其他全面收入 (開支)	-	-	-	- 2,698	-	- (26,179)	- (5,142)	(102,015)	(102,015) (28,623)	(6,569)	(108,584) (28,550)
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內全面收入(開支) 總額	-	-	-	2,698	-	(26,179)	(5,142)	(102,015)	(130,638)	(6,496)	(137,134)
Transfer of contributed surplus to accumulated losses Dividend recognised as	轉撥實繳盈餘至累計虧損 已確認為分派之股息	-	-	(500,000)	-	-	-	-	500,000	-	-	-
distribution Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	已付非控股權益股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22,426)	(22,426)	- (2,376)	(22,426) (2,376)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年 三月三十一日	11,213	1,587,800	508,541	147,506	592	5,759	(320,233)	432,545	2,373,723	859,596	3,233,319

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合股東權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

Notes:

附註:

- (a) The contributed surplus of the Company at the end of reporting period represented:
 - the credit arising from the transfer of the share premium account of the Company as at 20 February 1998 and 19 February 2003 to the contributed surplus account of the Company;
 - (ii) the credit arising from the reduction of the nominal value of the shares of the Company in 1999, 2003, 2009 and 2011; and
 - a balance as reduced by amounts transferred to the accumulated losses to eliminate the deficit of the Group as at 31 January 2000, 31 January 2001, 20 March 2003, 31 March 2005, 28 March 2013 and 31 March 2014.
- (b) The other reserves of the Company at the end of reporting period mainly represented:
 - the difference between the consideration paid for the acquisition of additional equity interests in Best Smooth International Limited ("Best Smooth") and its subsidiaries and the carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired amounting to HK\$251,561,000 in 2011;
 - the share of net assets value of an associate transferred from a non-wholly owned subsidiary to another wholly owned subsidiary upon transfer of interest in an associate between subsidiaries in 2011;
 - (iii) the difference between the carrying amount of the 41% and 8% interests transferred and the consideration received respectively in relation to the disposal of partial equity interests in China Good Investments Limited ("China Good"). Details of these are set out in note 23; and
 - (iv) the share of the currency translation reserve and investment revaluation reserve of the associates.

- (a) 本公司於申報期末之實繳盈餘指:
 - (i) 本公司於一九九八年二月二十日及 二零零三年二月十九日將股份溢價 賬轉撥至本公司之實繳盈餘賬所產 生之進賬;
 - (ii) 於一九九九年、二零零三年、二零零 九年及二零一一年削減本公司股份 面值所產生之進賬;及
 - (iii) 扣除轉撥至累計虧損以抵銷本集 團於二零零零年一月三十一日、 二零零一年一月三十一日、二零零 三年三月二十日、二零零五年三月 三十一日、二零一三年三月二十八 日及二零一四年三月三十一日的虧 絀之金額後所得結餘。
- (b) 本公司於申報期末之其他儲備主要指:
 - (i) 就收購百順國際有限公司(「百順」) 及其附屬公司額外股權已付代價與 已收購非控股權益賬面值於二零 一一年之差額251,561,000港元:
 - (ii) 於二零一一年,附屬公司間轉撥聯 營公司權益時由一間非全資附屬公 司轉撥至另一間全資附屬公司之應 佔一間聯營公司資產淨值:
 - (iii) 就出售中廣投資有限公司(「中廣」) 部分股權已轉讓之41%及8%股權 之賬面值與已收代價之差額。有關 資料詳情載於附註23;及
 - (iv) 應佔聯營公司之貨幣兑換儲備及投資重估儲備。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
	NOTES		HK\$'000
	附註	千港元	千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務		
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(110,439)	(130,800)
Adjustments for:	就下列各項作出之調整:		
Interest income	利息收入	(640)	(455)
Dividend income	股息收入	(189)	(204)
Finance costs	財務費用	13,123	8,842
Loss on fair value change on	持作買賣投資公平值		
investments held for trading	變動之虧損	13,479	32,444
Loss on deemed disposal of partial	視作出售一間聯營公司		
interest in an associate	部分權益之虧損	-	655
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	-	714
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產之減值虧損	2,960	2,141
Impairment loss on property, plant	物業、機器及設備之		
and equipment	減值虧損	6,158	4,122
Impairment loss on interest in an	一間聯營公司權益之		
associate	減值虧損	3,040	-
Impairment loss on prepaid lease	預付租賃付款之		
payments	減值虧損	-	459
Impairment loss on available-for-sale	可供銷售投資之		
investments	減值虧損	9,603	18,000
Impairment loss on other receivables	其他應收款項之		
	減值虧損	2,149	-
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之		
	收益	(1,278)	-
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績	(219)	(3,690)
Write off of other receivables	撇銷其他應收款項	-	6,435
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	2,426	2,613
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、機器及設備折舊		
equipment		12,365	11,798
Release of prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款撥回	628	611
Gain on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、機器及		
and equipment	設備之收益	(5)	(173)
Derecognition of trade and other	終止確認貿易及		
payables	其他應付款項	(20,579)	-
Write off of property, plant and	撇銷物業、機器及設備		
equipment		-	657

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

			2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
		NOTES 附註	❤ 臼干 HK\$′000 千港元	 HK\$′000 千港元
Operating cash flows before movements	未計營運資金變動之			
in working capital	經營現金流量		(67,418)	(45,831)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	存貨減少(增加)		302	(192)
(Increase) decrease in properties	持作銷售物業(增加)			
held for sale	減少		(27,606)	77,530
Increase in properties under	待售發展中物業增加			
development for sale			(593,261)	(579,855)
Increase in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項及			
and prepayments	預付款項增加		(108,756)	(581,757)
Increase in investments held for trading	持作買賣投資增加		(59,835)	(68,277)
(Decrease) increase in trade and other	貿易及其他應付款項及			
payables and accruals	應計費用(減少)增加		(102,941)	29,036
Decrease in deposits received	預收訂金減少			
in advance			_	(16,000)
Cash from operations	經營業務產生之現金		(959,515)	(1,185,346)
Income tax refunded (paid)	已退還(已付)所得税		2,901	(2,318)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING	經營業務動用之現金淨額			
ACTIVITIES			(956,614)	(1,187,664)

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務			
Refund of deposit for acquisition of	退還收購附屬公司之			
subsidiaries	訂金		250,000	-
Repayment from associates, net	聯營公司還款淨額		86,401	1,329
Repayment of short-term loans	償還應收短期貸款			
receivable			20,956	9,750
Dividend received from an associate	已收一間聯營公司股息		17,286	5,000
Proceeds from disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之			
	所得款項	35	11,000	-
Interest received	收訖利息		642	485
Dividend received	收訖股息		189	204
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、機器及設備之			
plant and equipment	所得款項		70	520
Purchase of property, plant and	購買物業、機器及設備			
equipment			(1,350)	(14,384)
Additional payment for leasehold land	租賃土地之額外付款		(6,200)	-
Advance of short-term loans receivable	墊付應收短期貸款		(16,540)	(9,166)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-	出售可供銷售投資之			
sale investments	所得款項		-	76,800
Acquisition of assets through	透過收購一間附屬公司			
acquisition of a subsidiary	收購資產	34	-	(6,500)
Purchase of club debentures	購買會所債券		-	(2,100)
Advance to associates	給予聯營公司墊款			(1,336)
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務產生之現金淨額		362,454	60,602

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

	NOTES 附註	2014 二零一四年 5 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES New borrowings raised Proceeds from other borrowings Repayments of borrowings Dividend paid Interest paid Dividend paid to non-controlling	融資業務 新增借款 其他借款之所得款項 償還借款 已付股息 已付利息 已付非控股權益之股息	504,870 60,161 (27,716) (22,426) (13,123)	807,064 3,849 (76,176) (22,426) (20,540)
interests Proceeds from disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary without losing control NET CASH FROM FINANCING	出售一間附屬公司部分 權益而不損失控制權之 所得款項 融資業務產生之現金淨額	(2,376)	(9,181) 122,115
ACTIVITIES NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目 減少淨額	499,390 (94,770)	(322,357)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	年初之現金及現金 等值項目 匯率變動之影響	496,651 1,302	818,441 567
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR, represented by bank balances and cash	年末之現金及現金 等值項目 [,] 指銀行 結餘及現金	403,183	496,651

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

1. General

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda on 3 September 1991 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of the registered office of the Company is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and the address of the principal place of business of the Company is 25th Floor, Paul Y. Centre, 51 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries and associates are set out in notes 46 and 20 respectively.

1. 一般事項

本公司於一九九一年九月三日在百 慕達根據百慕達一九八一年公司法 (經修訂)以獲豁免有限公司形式註 冊成立,其股份於香港聯合交易所有 限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司註 冊辦事處之地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda,而本公司主要營業地點之 地址為香港九龍觀塘鴻圖道51號保華 企業中心25樓。

綜合財務報表以港元呈列,而港元亦 為本公司之功能貨幣。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其主要 附屬公司及聯營公司之主要業務分別 載於附註46及20。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")

The Group has applied the following new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year.

Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2009 – 2011 cycle	香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	二零零九年至二零一一年 週期香港財務報告準則 之年度改進
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities	香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)	披露一抵銷財務資產及 財務負債
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12	Consolidated financial statements, joint arrangements and disclosure of interests in other entities: Transition guidance	香港財務報告準則 第10號、香港財務 報告準則第11號及 香港財務報告準則 第12號(修訂本)	綜合財務報表、聯合安排及 其他實體權益之披露: 過渡性指引
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements	香港財務報告準則 第10號	綜合財務報表
HKFRS 11	Joint arrangements	香港財務報告準則 第11號	聯合安排
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of interests in other entities	香港財務報告準則 第12號	其他實體權益之披露
HKFRS 13	Fair value measurement	香港財務報告準則 第13號	公平值計量
HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011)	Employee benefits	香港會計準則第19號 (二零一一年經修訂)	僱員福利)
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate financial statements	香港會計準則第27號 (二零一一年經修訂)	獨立財務報表)
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Investments in associates and joint ventures	香港會計準則第28號 (二零一一年經修訂	於聯營公司及合營企業之) 投資
Amendments to HKAS 1	Presentation of items of other comprehensive income	香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	呈列其他全面收益項目
HK(IFRIC) – INT 20	Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine	香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第20號	露天礦場生產階段之 剝採成本

 應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務

於本年度,本集團首次應用下列由香

港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)

頒佈之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準

則(「香港財務報告準則」)。

報告準則」)

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Except as described below, the application of the new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the package of five standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures comprising HKFRS 10 "Consolidated financial statements", HKFRS 11 "Joint arrangements", HKFRS 12 "Disclosure of interests in other entities", HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) "Separate financial statements" and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011) "Investments in associates and joint ventures", together with the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 regarding transitional guidance.

HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) is not applicable to the Group as it deals only with separate financial statements.

應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

除下述者外,於本年度應用新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則對本集團於本 年度及先前年度之財務表現及狀況 及/或此等綜合財務報表所載之披露 概無重大影響。

有關合併、聯合安排、聯營公司及 披露之新訂及經修訂準則

於本年度,本集團首次應用一系列有 關合併、聯合安排、聯營公司及披露 之五項準則,包括香港財務報告準則 第10號「綜合財務報表」、香港財務 報告準則第11號「聯合安排」、香港 財務報告準則第12號「其他實體權益 之披露」、香港會計準則第27號(二 零一一年經修訂)「獨立財務報表」 及香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年 經修訂)「於聯營公司及合營企業之 投資」,連同香港財務報告準則第10 號、香港財務報告準則第11號及香港 財務報告準則第12號有關過渡性指引 之修訂本。

由於香港會計準則第27號(二零一一 年經修訂)僅處理獨立財務報表,故 並不適用於本集團。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures (*Continued*)

The impact of the application of these standards is set out below.

Impact of the application of HKFRS 10

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 "Consolidated and separate financial statements" that deal with consolidated financial statements and HK(SIC) – INT 12 "Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities". HKFRS 10 changes the definition of control such that an investor has control over an investee when (a) it has power over the investee, (b) it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and (c) has the ability to use its power to affect its returns. All three of these criteria must be met for an investor to have control over an investee. Previously, control was defined as the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Additional guidance has been included in HKFRS 10 to explain when an investor has control over an investee.

The directors of the Company made an assessment as at the date of initial application of HKFRS 10 (i.e. 1 April 2013) as to whether or not the Group has control over its subsidiaries and associates in accordance with the new definition of control and the related guidance set out in HKFRS 10. The directors of the Company concluded that the initial application of HKFRS 10 has no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

有關合併、聯合安排、聯營公司及 披露之新訂及經修訂準則(續)

應用此等準則之影響載於下文。

應用香港財務報告準則第10號之影響

香港財務報告準則第10號取代香港 會計準則第27號「綜合及獨立財務報 表」有關處理綜合財務報表之部份內 容及香港(常務詮釋委員會)-詮釋 第12號「綜合一特殊目的實體」。香港 財務報告準則第10號更改控制權之定 義,致使投資者於下述三個情況下方 對被投資方擁有控制權:(a)擁有對被 投資方行使之權力;(b)擁有參與被投 資方業務所帶來之各種回報或獲得有 關回報之權利;及(c)擁有對被投資方 行使權力以影響投資者回報之能力。 投資者對被投資方之控制權必須符合 上述全部三項條件。控制權過往被定 義為監管實體之財務及經營政策以從 其活動獲利之權力。香港財務報告準 則第10號已載列新增指引,以説明投 資者對被投資方擁有控制權之情況。

於初次應用香港財務報告準則第10 號當日(即二零一三年四月一日), 本公司董事已按照香港財務報告準則 第10號所載之控制權新定義及相關指 引,評估本集團是否擁有對其附屬公 司及聯營公司之控制權。本公司董事 總結認為,初次應用香港財務報告準 則第10號對綜合財務報表並無構成重 大影響。

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures (*Continued*)

Impact of the application of HKFRS 12

HKFRS 12 is a new disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries and associates. In general, the application of HKFRS 12 has resulted in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements with respective to the Group's interests in subsidiaries and associates (please see Notes 46 and 20 for details).

HKFRS 13 Fair value measurement

The Group has applied HKFRS 13 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for, and disclosures about, fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad: the fair value measurement requirements of HKFRS 13 apply to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value (e.g. net realisable value for the purposes of measuring inventories or value in use for impairment assessment purposes).

 應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

> 有關合併、聯合安排、聯營公司及 披露之新訂及經修訂準則(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第12號之影響

香港財務報告準則第12號為一項新披 露準則,適用於在附屬公司及聯營公 司擁有權益之實體。整體而言,應用 香港財務報告準則第12號導致須於綜 合財務報表就本集團於附屬公司及聯 營公司之權益作出更全面之披露(詳 情請參閱附註46及20)。

香港財務報告準則第13號「公平值 計量」

本集團已於本年度首次應用香港財務 報告準則第13號。香港財務報告準則 第13號設立有關公平值計量及公平值 計量之披露之單一指引。香港財務報 告準則第13號範圍廣泛:香港財務報 告準則第13號之公平值計量規定適用 於其他香港財務報告準則規定或允許 公平值計量及有關公平值計量披露之 財務工具項目及非財務工具項目,惟 於香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份 為基礎之付款」範圍內之股份支付交 易、香港會計準則第17號「租賃」範 圍內之租賃交易以及與公平值計量有 部份相似之處但並非公平值之計量 (例如用於計量存貨之可變現淨值或 評估減值所用之使用價值)除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures (*Continued*)

HKFRS 13 Fair value measurement (Continued)

HKFRS 13 defines the fair value of an asset as the price that would be received to sell an asset (or paid to transfer a liability, in the case of determining the fair value of a liability) in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value under HKFRS 13 is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Also, HKFRS 13 includes extensive disclosure requirements.

HKFRS 13 requires prospective application. In accordance with the transitional provisions of HKFRS 13, the Group has not made any new disclosures required by HKFRS 13 for the 31 March 2013 comparative period (please see Note 6(c) for the 31 March 2014 disclosure). Other than the additional disclosures, the application of HKFRS 13 has not had any material impact on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

 應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

> 有關合併、聯合安排、聯營公司及 披露之新訂及經修訂準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第13號「公平值 計量」(續)

香港財務報告準則第13號將資產之 公平值界定為於計量日期在主要(或 最有利)市場之現行市況下進行有秩 序交易出售資產應收取(或於釐定負 債之公平值時轉讓負債應支付)之價 格。香港財務報告準則第13號之公平 值為平倉價,不論該價格是直接可予 觀察或使用其他估值方法估算得出。 此外,香港財務報告準則第13號載有 廣泛披露規定。

香港財務報告準則第13號規定按未來 適用法應用。按照香港財務報告準則 第13號之過渡性條文,本集團並未就 二零一三年三月三十一日比較期間作 出香港財務報告準則第13號所規定 之任何新披露(有關二零一四年三月 三十一日之披露請參閱附註6(c))。除 須作出額外披露外,應用香港財務報 告準則第13號對綜合財務報表內所確 認之金額並無任何重大影響。

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures (*Continued*)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of items of other comprehensive income

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 1 "Presentation of items of other comprehensive income". Upon the adoption of the amendments to HKAS 1, the Group's "statement of comprehensive income" is renamed as the "statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income" and the "income statement" is renamed as the "statement of profit or loss". The amendments to HKAS 1 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. Furthermore, the amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive income section such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis - the amendments do not change the option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax. The amendments have been applied retrospectively, and hence the presentation of items of other comprehensive income has been modified to reflect the changes. Other than the above mentioned presentation changes, the application of the amendments to HKAS 1 does not result in any impact on profit or loss, other comprehensive income and total comprehensive income.

 應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

> 有關合併、聯合安排、聯營公司及 披露之新訂及經修訂準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)「呈列 其他全面收益項目」

本集團已應用香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)「呈列其他全面收益項 目」。採納香港會計準則第1號(修訂 本)後,本集團之「全面收益表」更名 為「損益及其他全面收益表」,而「收 益表 | 則更名為 「損益表」。香港會計 準則第1號(修訂本)保留以單一報表 或兩份獨立但連續之報表呈列損益及 其他全面收入之選擇權。此外,香港 會計準則第1號(修訂本)規定須於其 他全面收益部份作出額外披露,以將 其他全面收益項目劃分為兩類:(a)其 後不會重新分類至損益之項目;及(b) 於符合特定條件時,其後可重新分類 至損益之項目。其他全面收益項目之 所得税須按相同基準予以分配-有關 修訂本並無改變以除税前或除税後之 方式呈列其他全面收益項目之選擇 權。修訂本已追溯應用,因此,其他全 面收益項目之呈列方式已作修改以反 映有關變動。除上文所述之呈列方式 變動外,應用香港會計準則第1號(修 訂本)對損益、其他全面收益及全面 收益總額並無構成任何影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKAS 19	Defined benefit plans: Employee contributions ²	香港會計準則第19號 (修訂本)	定額福利計劃:僱員供款2
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities'	香港會計準則第32號 (修訂本)	抵銷財務資產及財務負債1
Amendments to HKAS 36	Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets ⁷	香港會計準則第36號 (修訂本)	非財務資產之可收回金額 披露 ¹
Amendments to HKAS 39	Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting ¹	香港會計準則第39號 (修訂本)	衍生工具之更替及對沖 會計之延續 ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 cycle ⁴	香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	二零一零年至二零一二年 週期香港財務報告準則 之年度改進 ⁴
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 cycle ²	香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	二零一一年至二零一三年 週期香港財務報告準則 之年度改進 ²
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 and transition disclosures ³	香港財務報告準則 第9號及香港財務 報告準則第7號 (修訂本)	香港財務報告準則第9號之 強制生效日期及過渡性 披露 ³
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27	Investment entities'	香港財務報告準則 第10號、香港財務 報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第27號 (修訂本)	投資實體/
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations ⁶	香港財務報告準則 第11號(修訂本)	收購合營業務權益之會計 處理⁰
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation ⁶	香港會計準則第16號 及香港會計準則 第38號(修訂本)	澄清折舊及攤銷之可接受 方法⁵
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments ³	香港財務報告準則 第9號	財務工具3
HKFRS 14	Regulatory deferral accounts⁵	香港財務報告準則 第14號	監管遞延賬目⁵
HK(IFRIC)-INT 21	Levies ⁷	香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)	徵費!

 應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提前應用下列已頒佈但尚 未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則:

- 詮釋第21號

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective *(Continued)*

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014.
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 (tentatively).
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with limited exceptions.
- ⁵ Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016.
- ⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 to include the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and further amended in 2013 to include the new requirements for hedge accounting.

應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

- 於二零一四年一月一日或之後開始 之年度期間生效。
- 2 於二零一四年七月一日或之後開始 之年度期間生效。
- 3 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始 之年度期間生效(暫定)。
- 4 於二零一四年七月一日或之後開始 之年度期間生效(少數例外情況除 外)。
- 5 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始 之首份年度香港財務報告準則財務 報表生效。
- 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始
 之年度期間生效。

香港財務報告準則第9號「財務 工具」

於二零零九年頒佈之香港財務報告準 則第9號引進財務資產分類及計量之 新規定。香港財務報告準則第9號隨 後於二零一零年修訂,以包括財務負 債分類及計量及終止確認之規定,並 且於二零一三年再作修訂,以包括對 沖會計之新規定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective *(Continued)*

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments (Continued)

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement" are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

 應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「財務工具」 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定 載述如下:

屬於香港會計準則第39號 「財務 工具:確認及計量」範圍內之所 有已確認財務資產往後須按攤 銷成本或公平值計量。尤其是, 以旨在收取合約現金流量之業 務模式持有之債務投資,以及合 約現金流量僅為支付本金及未 償還本金利息之債務投資,一般 於往後會計期末按攤銷成本計 量。所有其他債務投資及股本投 資於往後申報期末按公平值計 量。此外,根據香港財務報告準 則第9號,實體可以不可撤回地 選擇於其他全面收入呈列股本 投資(並非持作買賣)之其後公 平值變動,而一般只有股息收入 於損益內確認。

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective *(Continued)*

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments (Continued)

With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

The new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting. However, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an "economic relationship". Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced. 應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「財務工具」 (續)

就計量指定按公平值列賬並計 入損益之財務負債而言,香港財 務報告準則第9號規定,因財務 負債信貸風險有變而導致其公 平值變動之金額乃於其他全面 收入呈列,除非於其他全面收入 確認該負債信貸風險變動之影 響會產生或增加損益之會計錯 配,則作別論。因財務負債信貸 風險有變而產生之財務負債公 平值變動其後不會重新分類至 損益。根據香港會計準則第39 號,指定按公平值列賬並計入損 益之財務負債之公平值變動金 額全部於損益呈列。

新訂之一般對沖會計規定保留了三種 類型對沖會計法。然而,符合對沖會 計處理資格之交易類型已獲賦予更 大彈性,尤其於擴大合資格作對沖之 工具類型及合資格進行對沖會計之 非財務項目之風險部分類型方面。此 外,效能測試已進行全面改革,並且 以「經濟關係」原則取代。對沖效能亦 不再需要追溯評估。與此同時,在企 業風險管理活動方面亦引入了加強披 露之規定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments (Continued)

The directors anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 may affect the classification and measurement of the Group's available-for-sale investments on the consolidated financial statements. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

The directors anticipate the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods. 應用新訂及經修訂之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)(續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「財務工具」 (續)

董事預期,採納香港財務報告準則第 9號或會對本集團於綜合財務報表之 可供銷售投資之分類及計量造成影響。然而,於完成詳細檢討前提供有 關影響之合理估計並不切實可行。

董事預期,應用其他新訂及經修訂香 港財務報告準則不會對綜合財務報表 造成重大影響。

3. 重大會計政策

綜合財務報表遵從香港會計師公會頒 佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此外, 為符合聯交所證券上市規則及香港公 司條例之規定,綜合財務報表包括了 適用之披露事項。

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本法編製, 惟若干財務工具則按公平值計量(如 下文所載之會計政策所闡釋)。歷史 成本一般以就交換貨品而給予之代價 之公平值為基礎。

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

公平值為市場參與者於計量日期進行 有秩序交易出售資產應收取或轉讓負 債應支付之價格,而不論該價格是否 直接可觀察得出或可使用其他估值 方法估算。估計資產或負債之公平值 時,本集團考慮了市場參與者於計量 日期為該資產或負債進行定價時將會 考慮之資產或負債特徵。在該等綜合 財務報表中計量和/或披露之公平值 均在此基礎上予以釐定,惟香港會計 準則第17號範圍內之租賃交易以及與 公平值類似但並非公平值(例如,香 港會計準則第36號之使用價值)之計 量除外。

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量 根據公平值計量之輸入數據可觀察程 度及輸入數據對公平值計量之整體 重要性分類為第一級、第二級或第三 級,載述如下:

- 第一級輸入數據乃實體於計量
 日期可取得之相同資產或負
 債於活躍市場之報價(未經調
 整);
- 第二級輸入數據乃就資產或負 債直接或間接地可觀察之輸 入數據(第一級包括之報價除 外);及
- 第三級輸入數據乃資產或負債
 之不可觀察輸入數據。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

主要會計政策列載如下。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司、受本公司 控制之實體及其附屬公司之財務報 表。倘本公司符合以下條件,即取得 該實體之控制權:

- 擁有對被投資方行使之權力;
- 擁有參與被投資方業務所帶來 之各種回報或獲得有關回報之 權利;及
- 擁有對被投資方行使權力以影響投資者回報之能力。

倘有事實及情況顯示以上所列三項控 制權要素之一項或多項出現變動,則 本集團會重新評估其是否對被投資方 擁有控制權。

本集團於取得附屬公司控制權時將附 屬公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬公司 控制權時終止入賬。具體而言,於年 內所收購或出售附屬公司之收入及開 支乃自本集團取得控制權當日起計入 綜合損益及其他全面收益表,直至本 集團失去附屬公司控制權當日為止。

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收入之每個項目由本 公司擁有人及非控股權益分佔。附屬 公司之全面收入總額亦由本公司擁有 人及非控股權益分佔,即使此舉會導 致非控股權益產生虧絀結餘。

如有需要,本集團會對附屬公司之財 務報表作出調整,使其會計政策符合 本集團其他成員公司之政策。

集團間所有交易、結存、收入及開支 均於綜合賬目時全數對銷。

於附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團於 當中之權益分開呈列。

本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權益 之變動

倘本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權 益之變動並無導致本集團失去附屬公 司之控制權,有關變動會入賬列作權 益交易。本集團之權益與非控股權益 之賬面值會就其兩者於附屬公司之相 對權益變動而作出調整。非控股權益 之調整金額與已付或已收代價公平值 之差額直接於權益確認,並由本公司 擁有人應佔。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (*Continued*)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it (i) derecognises the assets (including any goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost, (ii) derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost (including any components of other comprehensive income attributable to them), and (iii) recognises the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest, with any resulting difference being recognise as a gain or loss in profit or loss attributable to the Group. When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement" or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權益 之變動(續)

當本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權, 則會(i)於失去控制權當日終止確認該 附屬公司按賬面值計量之資產(包括 任何商譽)及負債;(ii)於失去控制權 當日終止確認前附屬公司之任何非 控股權益賬面值(包括其應佔其他全 面收入任何部分);及(iii)確認已收代 晋公平值與任何保留權益公平值之總
 額,其任何差額於本集團應佔損益確 認為收益或虧損。倘附屬公司資產按 重估值或公平值計算,而相關累計收 益或虧損已於其他全面收入確認及於 權益累計,先前於其他全面收入確認 並於權益累計之數額乃按猶如本集團 已直接出售相關資產之方式入賬(即 根據適用香港財務報告準則之規定重 新分類至損益或直接轉撥至保留溢 利)。於失去控制權當日於前附屬公 司保留之任何投資之公平值,根據香 港會計準則第39號 [財務工具:確認 及計量」於往後之會計處理中被視為 按公平值初步確認,或(如適用)初步 確認聯營公司之投資成本。

Acquisition of subsidiaries which are not businesses

The cost of the acquisition is allocated to the individual identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of acquisition. No goodwill or discount on acquisition is recognised upon the acquisition of interest in a subsidiary.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收購並不構成業務之附屬公司

收購成本須按個別可識別資產及負債 於收購日期之相對公平值基準分配至 該等資產及負債。於收購附屬公司權 益時,不會確認商譽或收購折讓。

商譽

收購業務時產生之商譽按於收購業務 當日確立之成本減任何累計減值虧損 (如有)列賬。

為進行減值測試,本集團將商譽分配 至本集團各個預期可從合併產生之協 同效益中獲益之現金產生單位或現金 產生單位組別。

獲分配商譽之現金產生單位每年作減 值測試,並於有跡象顯示有關單位可 能減值時更頻繁地作減值測試。倘於 某一申報期進行收購而產生商譽,則 會於該申報期末前對獲分配商譽之現 金產生單位進行減值測試。倘現金產 生單位之可收回金額低於其賬面值, 則首先會將減值虧損分配作扣減該單 位所獲分配之任何商譽之賬面值,其 後再根據該單位內每項資產之賬面值 按比例分配至該單位內其他資產。商 譽減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Goodwill (Continued)

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transaction and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, investments in associates are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

商譽(續)

於出售相關現金產生單位時, 商譽應 佔之金額會用以釐定出售損益金額。

聯營公司投資

聯營公司為本集團對其有重大影響力 之公司,但並非附屬公司或合營企業 權益。重大影響力指參與被投資方財 務及經營策略決策之權力,但並非控 制或共同控制該等策略。

聯營公司之業績與資產及負債按會計 權益法計入綜合財務報表。用於會計 權益法之聯營公司財務報表,按與本 集團在類似情況下進行類似交易及事 項所用者一致之會計政策編製。根據 權益法,於聯營公司之投資初步於綜 合財務狀況表中按成本值確認,其後 調整,以確認本集團應佔聯營公司之 損益及其他全面收入。倘本集團應佔 聯營公司虧損等於或超過所持該聯營 公司權益(包括任何實質上屬於本集 團於聯營公司投資淨額一部分之長期 權益),則本集團會終止確認額外應 佔虧損。僅當本集團已承擔法定或推 定責任或代表該聯營公司作出付款 時,方會確認額外虧損。

Investments in associates (Continued)

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group. 3. 重大會計政策(續)

聯營公司投資(續)

於聯營公司之投資自被投資方成為聯 營公司當日起採用權益法入賬。收購 於聯營公司之投資時,投資成本超出 本集團應佔被投資方之可識別資產及 負債公平淨值之任何差額,均確認為 商譽(包括於投資之賬面值內)。本 集團應佔可識別資產及負債公平淨值 超出投資成本之任何差額,經重新評 估後,即時於收購投資期間在損益確 認。

本集團應用香港會計準則第39號之 規定,以釐定是否有必要確認有關本 集團於聯營公司之投資之任何減值 虧損。於有需要時,投資之賬面總值 (包括商譽)會按照香港會計準則第 36號「資產減值」,透過比較投資可收 回金額(使用價值與公平值減銷售成 本兩者之較高者)與賬面值,作為單 一資產進行減值測試。任何已確認之 減值虧損組成投資之賬面值一部分。 減值虧損任何撥回按照香港會計準則 第36號以投資可收回金額於其後之增 加為限確認。

倘集團公司與其聯營公司進行交易, 則與該聯營公司進行交易所引致之損 益會於本集團之綜合財務報表確認, 惟僅以與本集團無關之聯營公司權益 為限。

綜合財務報表附註

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3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from water supply operations is recognised when goods are delivered; revenue from sale of properties is recognised when the properties are delivered to the buyers, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Deposits and installments received from purchasers on sale of properties prior to this stage are included in current liabilities.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平值計 量,即於日常業務過程中所出售商品 及提供服務之應收金額,並扣除折扣 及銷售相關税項。

供水業務之收入於貨品付運後確認; 來自銷售物業之收入於物業交付予買 方,即達成下列所有條件時確認:

- 本集團已向買方轉讓商品擁有 權之重大風險及回報;
 - 本集團並無保留一般與已售商
 品擁有權相關之持續管理權,亦
 無保留已售商品之實際控制權;
- ▶ 收入金額能可靠地計量;
- 與交易有關之經濟利益有可能
 流入本集團;及
- 就交易產生或將產生之成本能 可靠地計量。

此階段前已收買方之物業銷售訂金及 分期付款計入流動負債。

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Management service income is recognised when services are provided.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

管理服務之收入於提供服務時確認。

來自財務資產之利息收入,於經濟利 益有可能流入本集團及收入金額能可 靠地計量時予以確認。利息收入按時 間基準以尚未償還之本金額及適用之 實際利率計算,有關利率為於財務資 產之估計可用年期內用以準確地將估 計未來現金收入貼現至該資產於首次 確認時之賬面淨值之利率。

來自投資之股息收入於股東有權收取 款項時確認(前提是經濟利益有可能 流入本集團及收入金額能可靠地計 量)。

物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備,包括持作供生產 或供應貨品或服務使用或作行政用途 之樓宇,按成本減其後累計折舊及累 計減值虧損(如有)在綜合財務狀況 表內入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is included in profit or loss.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

物業、機器及設備(*續*)

物業、機器及設備項目之折舊確認乃 根據其估計可用年期,按直線法撇銷 其成本減剩餘價值計算。估計可用年 期、剩餘價值及折舊方法乃於每一個 申報期末檢討,估計變動之影響按預 先計提之基準入賬。

物業、機器及設備項目於出售或預期 繼續使用有關資產不會產生未來經濟 利益時終止確認。出售或棄置物業、 機器及設備項目之任何收益或虧損 (按銷售所得款項與資產賬面值之差 額計算)計入損益。

租賃

凡根據租約條款,擁有權之絕大部分 風險與回報轉歸承租人所有之租約, 均列作融資租約。所有其他租約皆列 作經營租約。

本集團為承租人

經營租賃付款以直線法按租期確認為 開支。經營租賃產生之或然租金於產 生期間確認為開支。

Leasing (Continued)

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. 3. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

租賃土地及樓宇

倘租約包括土地及樓宇部分,則本集 團評估各部分擁有權相關之絕大部分 風險與回報是否已轉移至本集團,將 各部分劃分為融資租賃或經營租賃, 除非兩個成份均明顯屬經營租賃,在 此情況下,整個租賃均歸類為經營租 賃。特別是,最低租金付款(包括任 何一次過預付款)按於租期開始時租 約中土地部分與樓宇部分於租賃權益 之相對公平值之比例分配至土地與樓 宇部分。

倘若租賃付款能可靠地分配,則入賬 列作經營租賃之租賃土地權益會於 綜合財務狀況表呈列為「預付租賃付 款」,並以直線法按有關租期攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

3. 重大會計政策(續)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of nonmonetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of currency translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報表 時,以該實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣 (外幣)進行之交易乃按於交易日期 之匯率換算為其功能貨幣(即該實體 經營所在之主要經濟環境之貨幣)。 於申報期末,以外幣定值之貨幣項目 乃按該日之匯率重新換算。按公平值 入賬及以外幣定值之非貨幣項目乃按 公平值釐定當日之匯率重新換算。按 外幣過往成本計量之非貨幣項目毋須 重新換算。

於結算及重新換算貨幣項目時產生之 匯兑差額於其產生之期間於損益確 認。重新換算非貨幣項目所產生之匯 兑差額按公平值計入期間之損益。

就綜合財務報表之呈列而言,本集團 海外業務之資產與負債乃使用每一個 申報期末之匯率換算為本集團之列賬 貨幣(即港元)。收入及支出項目乃 按該年度之平均匯率換算,惟倘匯率 於該期間內大幅波動則除外,在該情 況下採用交易日之匯率換算。所產生 之匯兑差額(如有)乃於其他全面收 入確認,並於貨幣兑換儲備(在適當 情況則在非控股權益)項下之權益累 計。

Foreign currencies (Continued)

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss. In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in equity under the heading of currency translation reserve. 3. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海 外業務之全部權益,或涉及失去對附 屬公司(包括海外業務)或聯營公司 (包括其保留權益成為一項財務資產 之海外業務)之控制權之出售)時,就 本公司擁有人應佔該業務而於權益內 累計之所有匯兑差額重新分類至計之所有匯兑差額重新分類至損 益。此外,有關部分出售而並未導致 本集團失去控制權之附屬公司,則按 此股權益,而並不於損益內確認。就 所有其他部分出售(即出售部分聯營 公司但並不引致本集團失去重大影響 力或共同控制權)而言,按比例分佔 之累計匯兑差額乃重新分類至損益。

於二零零五年一月一日或以後因收購 海外業務所產生之被收購可識別資產 之商譽及公平值調整乃視作該海外業 務之資產及負債,及按申報期末之適 用匯率重新換算。所產生之匯兑差額 於權益中之貨幣兑換儲備項下確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit schemes and Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before income tax as reported in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

借款成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(指須 經長時間方能準備就緒以供擬定用途 或銷售之資產)直接應佔之借款成本 乃計入該等資產之成本,直至該等資 產已大致上準備就緒以供擬定用途或 銷售為止。暫時投資特定借款有待應 用於合資格資產前所得之投資收入, 從合資格資本化之借款成本中扣除。

所有其他借款成本於產生期間在損益 確認。

退休福利成本

國家管理之退休福利計劃及強積金計 劃之付款於僱員提供服務而合資格享 有供款時確認開支。

税項

所得税支出指即期應付税項及遞延税 項之總和。

即期應付税項按年內應課税溢利計 算。應課税溢利與綜合損益及其他全 面收益表所報之除所得税前溢利不 同,此乃由於前者不包括在其他年度 應課税或可扣減之收入或開支項目, 並且不包括毋須課税或不可扣税之項 目。本集團即期税項負債乃按照申報 期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之税率計 算。

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. 3. 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項乃就綜合財務報表中資產及 負債賬面值與計算應課税溢利相應税 基之臨時差額確認。遞延税項負債通 常會就所有應課税臨時差額確認,而 遞延税項資產一般於將有應課税溢 利可以可扣税臨時差額、新有可以可扣税臨時差額。若於一項交易 中,因商譽或首次確認其他資產時 債(業務合併除外)而引致之臨時差 額既不影響應課税溢利亦不影響會計 溢利,則不會確認該等資產及負債。

遞延税項負債乃按因於附屬公司及聯 營公司投資而引致之應課税臨時差額 而確認,惟本集團可控制臨時差額撥 回及臨時差額有可能未必於可見將來 撥回之情況除外。與該等投資及權益 有關之可扣減臨時差額而產生之遞延 税項資產,僅在可能產生足夠應課税 溢利以動用臨時差額利益並預期可在 可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於申報期末檢 討,並在不再可能有足夠應課税溢利 回撥全部或部分資產價值時調減。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Club debentures

Club debentures are measured at cost less any impairment losses.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據於申報期 末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之税率(及 税法),按預期於負債清償或資產變 現期間適用之税率計算。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映按照 本集團所預期方式於申報期末收回 或結算其資產及負債賬面值之税務後 果。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟與於 其他全面收入或直接在權益確認之項 目有關之即期及遞延税項除外,在此 情況下即期及遞延税項亦會分別於其 他全面收入或直接在權益確認。

會所債券

會所債券按成本減任何減值虧損計 量。

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Alternatively, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets below).

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產

於業務合併所收購之無形資產

於業務合併所收購之無形資產會與商 譽分開確認,並首次按收購當日之公 平值(被視為成本)確認。

於首次確認後,具有有限使用年期之 無形資產乃按成本減累計攤銷及任何 累計減值虧損列賬。具有有限使用年 期之無形資產以直線法按其估計可使 用年期計提攤銷。另一方面,具有無 限使用年期之無形資產按成本減任何 其後累計減值虧損列賬(請參閱下文 有關有形及無形資產之減值虧損之會 計政策)。

無形資產於出售或預期使用或出售該 無形資產不會產生未來經濟利益時終 止確認。因終止確認無形資產而產生 之收益或虧損乃按出售所得款項淨額 與有關資產賬面值間之差額計量,並 在該資產終止確認期間於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase and other direct cost to acquire the properties. Net realisable value is calculated at the actual or estimated selling price less related costs necessary to the sale.

Properties under development for sale

Properties under development which are developed for future sale in ordinary course of business are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises land and related development costs directly attributable to the properties under development for sale. Net realisable value is determined by reference to professional valuations based on prevailing market conditions.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

持作銷售物業

持作銷售物業按成本或可變現淨值兩 者之較低者入賬。成本包括收購物業 之所有購買成本及其他直接成本。可 變現淨值按實際或估計售價減銷售所 需成本計算。

待售發展中物業

在建以供日後於日常業務過程中銷售 之發展中物業按成本及可變現淨值兩 者之較低者入賬。成本包括待售發展 中物業直接應佔之土地及相關發展成 本。可變現淨值乃參考按現行市況作 出之專業估值而釐定。

存貨

存貨以成本及可變現淨值兩者中之 較低者列賬。成本乃按加權平均法計 算。可變現淨值代表存貨之估計售價 減所有估計完成成本及必要銷售成 本。

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

財務工具

倘集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂約 方,則於綜合財務狀況表確認財務資 產及財務負債。

財務資產及財務負債首次按公平值計 算。收購或發行財務資產及財務負債 (按公平值列賬並計入損益之財務資 產及財務負債除外)直接應佔之交易 成本於首次確認時計入或從財務資產 或財務負債之公平值扣除(視情況而 定)。收購按公平值列賬並計入損益 之財務資產或財務負債之直接應佔交 易成本即時於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產

本集團之財務資產分為三個類別,包 括按公平值列賬並計入損益之財務資 產、貸款及應收款項以及可供銷售財 務資產。分類取決於財務資產之性質 及作用,並於首次確認時釐定。所有 財務資產常規買賣按交易日基準確認 及終止確認。財務資產常規買賣指須 根據有關市場規例或慣例設定之時限 內交付資產之財務資產買賣。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃用以計算財務資產之 攤銷成本和在有關期間分配利息收 入之方法。實際利率為於財務資產之 預期年期或(如適用)較短年期內,用 以準確地貼現估計未來現金收款(包 括所有構成實際利率一部分之已付或 已收費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折 讓)至其於首次確認時之賬面淨值之 利率。

就債務工具而言,利息收入按實際利 率基準確認。

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss represents financial assets held for trading.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- on initial recognition, it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from measurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

按公平值列賬並計入損益之財務資產

按公平值列賬並計入損益之財務資產 即持作買賣財務資產。

倘若出現下列情況,則財務資產分類 為持作買賣:

- 購入之主要目的為於不久將來 出售;或
- 首次確認時,其為本集團聯合管 理之財務工具之已識別組合之
 一部分,並擁有短期獲利之最近 實際模式;或
- 其並非指定及實際作為對沖工 具之衍生工具。

按公平值列賬並計入損益之財務資產 按公平值計量,而計量所產生之公平 值變動則於產生之期間內直接於損益 確認。於損益確認之收益或虧損淨額 不包括財務資產賺取之任何股息或利 息。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3. 重大會計政策(續)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, short-term loans receivable, loans to associates and bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-tomaturity investments.

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為有固定或可確定付 款而並無活躍市場報價之非衍生財務 資產。於首次確認後,貸款及應收款 項(包括貿易及其他應收款項、應收 短期貸款、給予聯營公司貸款及銀行 結餘及現金)按攤銷成本以實際利率 法減去任何已識別減值虧損入賬(請 參閱下文有關財務資產減值之會計政 策)。

可供銷售財務資產

可供銷售財務資產為指定或不獲劃分 為按公平值列賬並計入損益之財務資 產、貸款及應收款項或持至到期投資 之非衍生工具。

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

Equity securities held by the Group that are classified as available-for-sale financial assets and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of available-forsale monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method and dividends on available-for-sale equity investments are recognised in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of availablefor-sale financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established.

Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below). 3. 重大會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

可供銷售財務資產(續)

本集團所持分類為可供銷售財務資產 並於活躍市場買賣之股本證券於各申 報期末按公平值計量。與利息收入相 關之可供銷售貨幣財務資產根據實際 利率法計算導致之股息於損益確 調 的工業。當投資產服面值之其他變動 於其他全面收入確認,並於投資重 儲備下累計。當投資售出或釐足為已 減值,則先前於投資重估儲備累計之 累計收益或虧損重新分類至損益(請 參閲下文有關財務資產減值之會計政 策)。

可供銷售股本工具之股息在本集團收 取股息之權利確立時於損益確認。

在活躍市場並無市場報價及其公平值 無法可靠地計量之可供銷售股本投 資,於各申報期末按成本減任何已識 別減值虧損計量(請參閱下文有關財 務資產減值之會計政策)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3. 重大會計政策(續)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For an available-for-sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值

除按公平值列賬並計入損益者外,財 務資產於申報期末評估是否有減值跡 象。倘有客觀證據證明首次確認財務 資產後發生之一項或多項事件令財務 資產之估計未來現金流量受到影響, 則財務資產被視為已減值。

就可供銷售股本投資而言,倘該項投 資之公平值大幅或長期下跌至低於其 成本,則被視為減值之客觀證據。

就所有其他財務資產而言,減值之客 觀證據可包括:

- 發行人或對手方遇到嚴重財政
 困難;或
- 違反合約,如逾期或拖欠利息或
 本金還款;或
- 借款人有可能破產或進行財務 重組。

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade and other receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of one to two months, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值(續)

就若干財務資產類別,例如貿易及其 他應收款項而言,被評估為非個別減 值之資產,乃於其後按整體基準進行 減值評估。應收款項組合之客觀減值 證據可包括本集團之過往收款經驗、 組合內延遲還款至超逾一至兩個月之 平均信貸期之次數增加,以及與應收 款項逾期有關之全國或地方經濟狀況 明顯改變。

就按攤銷成本列賬之財務資產而言, 已確認減值虧損數額指該資產之賬面 值與按財務資產原先實際利率貼現之 估計未來現金流量之現值間之差額。

就按成本列賬之財務資產而言,減值 虧損金額按資產賬面值與同類財務資 產按現行市場回報率貼現之估計未來 現金流量現值間之差額計量。該項減 值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3. 重大會計政策(續)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade and other receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, accumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the impairment takes place.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值(續)

就所有財務資產而言,財務資產之賬 面值直接按減值虧損減少,惟貿易及 其他應收款項除外,其賬面值乃透過 使用撥備賬而減少。撥備賬之賬面值 變動於損益確認。倘應收款項被視為 無法收回,則與撥備賬撇銷。其後收 回過往撇銷之款項計入損益。

倘可供銷售財務資產被視為已減值, 先前於其他全面收入確認之累計收益 或虧損於減值出現之期間重新分類至 損益。

就按攤銷成本計量之財務資產而言, 倘於往後期間,減值虧損金額減少, 而該減少可客觀地與確認減值虧損後 發生之事件有關,則先前確認之減值 虧損透過損益撥回,惟該資產於撥回 減值日期之賬面值不得超過在並無確 認減值之情況下應有之攤銷成本。

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not be reversed in profit or loss in subsequent periods. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in investment revaluation reserve.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. 3. 重大會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值(續)

可供銷售股本投資之減值虧損不會在 往後期間在損益回撥。確認減值虧損 後之任何公平值增加乃在其他全面收 入內直接確認,並於投資重估儲備內 累積。

財務負債及股本工具

集團實體發行之財務負債及股本工具 根據所訂立合約安排之內容以及財務 負債及股本工具之定義分類為財務負 債或股本工具。

股本工具

股本工具乃證明於本集團資產經扣除 一切負債後之剩餘權益之任何合約。 本公司發行之股本工具於取得所得款 項(扣除直接發行成本)後確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, amount due to an associate and borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務負債及股本工具(續)

實際利率法

實際利率法乃用以計算財務負債之攤 銷成本和在有關期間分配利息開支之 方法。實際利率按財務負債預期年期 或較短期間(如適用)內,以準確地貼 現估計未來現金開支(包括所有構成 實際利率之一切已付或已收費用、交 易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至其於首 次確認時之賬面淨值之利率。

利息開支按實際利率基準確認。

財務負債

財務負債(包括貿易及其他應付款 項、應付一間聯營公司款項及借款) 其後利用實際利率法按攤銷成本計 量。

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and not designated as at fair value through profit or loss is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contact at the higher of: (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the revenue recognition policy.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約乃合約發行者根據某項 債務工具原有或經修改之條款,因某 特定債務人於到期日未能償還款項而 須支付特定款項以補償合約持有者招 致之損失之合約。

由本集團發行而非指定按公平值列賬 並計入損益之財務擔保合約,於首次 確認時以其公平值減發行財務擔保 合約直接應佔之交易成本列賬。於首 次確認後,本集團以下列較高者計量 財務擔保合約:(i)根據香港會計準則 第37號「撥備、或然負債及或然資產」 釐定之合約責任金額;及(ii)根據收入 確認政策首次確認之金額減去(如適 用)已確認之累計攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

終止確認

當收取資產現金流量之合約權利屆 滿,或財務資產已被轉讓而本集團已 轉讓該項資產擁有權之絕大部分風險 及回報予另一實體時,會終止確認有 關財務資產。倘本集團並無轉讓亦無 保留擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報, 並繼續控制已轉讓資產,會按持應 負 債。倘本集團保留已轉讓財務資產擁 有權之絕大部分風險及回報,會繼續 確認該財務資產,並就已收所得款項 確認有抵押借款。

於終止確認整項財務資產時,該項資 產賬面值與已收及應收代價及於其他 全面收入中確認及於權益累計之累計 收益或虧損之總和之差額會於損益確 認。

當本集團之責任獲解除,註銷或屆滿 時,會終止確認財務負債。終止確認 之財務負債賬面值與已付及應付代價 之差額會於損益確認。

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss. 3. 重大會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(商譽除外)減值 虧損

於申報期末,本集團檢討其有形及具 有限可用年期之無形資產之賬面值, 以確定有否跡象顯示該等資產出現減 值虧損。倘存在有關跡象,則估算資 產之可收回金額以釐定減值虧損(如 有)之程度。若不可能估計個別資產 之可收回金額,本集團則估計該資產 所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。若 可明辨一合理及貫徹之分配基準,企 業資產亦會分配至個別現金產生單 位,否則會分配至最少並有一可明辨 合理貫徹分配基準之現金產生單位組 別內。

可收回金額乃公平值減銷售成本及使 用價值中之較高者。於評估使用價值 時,估計未來現金流量採用反映現時 市場對貨幣時間價值及資產之特定風 險評估之除税前貼現率,貼現至其現 值,及並無就此對未來現金流量估計 予以調整。

如資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回 金額估計低於其賬面值,資產(或現 金產生單位)之賬面值會削減至其可 收回金額。減值虧損會即時於損益確 認。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (Continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

4. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

3. 重大會計政策 (*續*)

有形及無形資產(商譽除外)減值 虧損(續)

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產賬面值 將增至其經修訂之估計可收回金額, 惟已增加之賬面值不得超出假設過往 年度並無就資產(或現金產生單位) 確認任何減值虧損而釐定之賬面值。 減值虧損撥回會即時確認為收入。

4. 主要不確定估計來源

於應用附註3所述本集團之會計政策時,本公司董事須對未能透過其他來 源確定之資產及負債之賬面值作出估 計及假設。所作出之估計及相關假設 乃以過往經驗及其他被視為相關之因 素為基準。實際結果可能有別於該等 估計。

估計及相關假設乃以持續基準審閲。 倘對會計估計之修訂僅影響進行修訂 之期間,則於該期間確認,或倘修訂 會影響目前及未來期間,則於修訂及 未來期間確認。

下列為有關日後之主要假設及於申報 期末其他主要不確定估計來源,而該 等假設及不確定估計存在使下一個財 政年度之資產及負債賬面值作出重大 調整之重大風險。

4. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)

Estimated impairment of intangible assets and goodwill

Determining whether intangible assets and goodwill are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which intangible assets and goodwill have been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. The management performed an impairment assessment on intangible assets and goodwill and impairment loss of HK\$2,960,000 and HK\$nil were recognised for intangible assets and goodwill respectively in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$2,141,000 and HK\$714,000 respectively). As at 31 March 2014, the carrying amount of intangible assets was HK\$23,501,000 (2013: HK\$28,887,000).

4. 主要不確定估計來源(續)

無形資產及商譽估計減值

釐定無形資產及商譽是否減值須對獲 分派無形資產及商譽之現金產生單 位之使用價值作出估計。使用價值計 算要求本集團估計預期產生自現金 產生單位之未來現金流量及適當貼 現率以計算現值。倘實際未來現金流 量低於預期·則可能會出現重大減值 虧損。管理層已對無形資產及商譽進 行減值評估,並於截至二零一四年三 月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表 確認無形資產及商譽減值虧損分別 2,960,000港元及零港元(二零一三 年:分別2,141,000港元及714,000港 元)。於二零一四年三月三十一日, 無形資產之賬面值為23,501,000港元 (二零一三年:28,887,000港元)。

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4. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)

Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments

Determining whether property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments have been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating units and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. The management performed an impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments and impairment loss of HK\$6,158,000 and HK\$nil, respectively, was recognised in respect of the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$4,122,000 and HK\$459,000, respectively). As at 31 March 2014, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments were HK\$70,132,000 and HK\$11,785,000, respectively (2013: HK\$87,208,000 and HK\$6,197,000, respectively).

Estimated write down on properties under development for sale and properties held for sale

Management regularly reviews the recoverability of the Group's properties under development for sale and properties held for sale with reference to the current market environment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. If the actual net realisable value on properties under development for sale is less than expected as a result of change in market environment and/or significant variation in the budgeted development cost, material write-down may be resulted. As at 31 March 2014, the aggregate carrying amount of properties under development and properties held for sale was approximately HK\$3,367,927,000 (2013: HK\$2,395,316,000).

4. 主要不確定估計來源(續)

物業、機器及設備以及預付租賃付款 估計減值

釐定物業、機器及設備以及預付租 賃付款是否減值須對獲分派物業、 機器及設備以及預付租賃付款之現 金產生單位之使用價值作出估計。 使用價值計算要求本集團估計預期 產生自現金產生單位之未來現金流 量及適當貼現率以計算現值。倘實際 未來現金流量低於預期,則可能會出 現重大減值虧損。管理層已對物業、 機器及設備以及預付租賃付款進行 減值評估,並就截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度確認減值虧損分別 6,158,000港元及零港元(二零一三 年:分別為4,122,000港元及459,000 港元)。於二零一四年三月三十一 日,物業、機器及設備以及預付租賃 付款之賬面值分別為70,132,000港元 及11,785,000港元(二零一三年:分 別為87,208,000港元及6,197,000港 元)。

待售發展中物業及持作銷售物業估計 撇減

倘發生任何事件或情況有變,顯示資產之賬面值超出其可收回金額時, 管理層會定期參考現行市場環境,檢 討本集團待售發展中物業及持作銷 售物業之可收回程度。倘待售發展中 物業之實際可變現淨值因市場環境 變動及/或預算發展成本大幅修改 而少於預期,則可能導致重大撇減。 於二零一四年三月三十一日,發展中 物業及持作銷售物業之總賬面值約 為3,367,927,000港元(二零一三年: 2,395,316,000港元)。

4. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)

Estimated impairment of available-for-sale investments

Determining whether the unlisted securities classified as available-for-sale investments are impaired requires an estimation of the carrying amount of the unlisted securities. The impairment of unlisted securities classified as availablefor-sale investments as at 31 March 2014 was approximately HK\$9,603,000 (2013: HK\$18,000,000) in relation to unlisted securities during the year. The carrying amount of the available-for-sale investments may be adjusted to reflect the revised estimated cash flows when the Group reviews recoverable amount of the available-for-sale investments.

Estimated impairment of deposit for acquisition of interest in an investment

Determining whether deposits for acquisition of interest in an investment is impaired requires an estimation of the recoverability of the deposit. The Group takes into consideration the likelihood of recovery, specific allowance is only made for the deposits that are unlikely to be collected. Management reviews the recoverability of the deposit regularly. As at 31 March 2014 and 2013, the carrying amount of deposits for acquisition of interest in an investment was HK\$350,000,000. 4. 主要不確定估計來源(續)

可供銷售投資之估計減值

釐定分類為可供銷售投資之非上市證 券是否減值須對非上市證券之賬面值 作出估計。於二零一四年三月三十一 日,就年內之非上市證券而言,分類 為可供銷售投資之非上市證券之減 值約為9,603,000港元(二零一三年: 18,000,000港元)。本集團檢討可供 銷售投資之可收回金額時,可供銷售 投資之賬面值可予調整以反映經修訂 估計現金流量。

收購一項投資權益之訂金估計減值

釐定收購一項投資權益之訂金是否 減值須對訂金之可收回程度作出估 計。本集團考慮收回之可能性,並僅 於不大可能收回訂金時計提特定撥 備。管理層會定期檢討訂金之可收回 程度。於二零一四年及二零一三年三 月三十一日,收購一項投資權益之訂 金之賬面值為350,000,000港元。

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4. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)

Estimated impairment of interests in associates

Determining whether interests in associates are impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amounts of the associates. The recoverable amounts of the associates were determined based on value in use calculations, with reference to the estimated cash flows in the coming five years and cash flows beyond five years are extrapolated by assuming growth rate is 2% (2013: 2%). The Group recognised an impairment loss of HK\$3,040,000 (2013: HK\$nil) in relation to Fortune Well Holdings Limited ("Fortune Well") during the year.

5. Capital Risk Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of borrowings and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, retained profits/accumulated losses and various reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues, new borrowings raised and repayment of borrowings.

4. 主要不確定估計來源(續)

聯營公司權益之估計減值

釐定聯營公司權益是否減值須對聯營 公司之可收回金額作出估計。聯營公 司之可收回金額乃基於使用價值計 算法釐定,當中已參考未來五年之估 計現金流量,而五年後之現金流量則 假設增長率2%(二零一三年:2%) 推算得出。本集團於年內就Fortune Well Holdings Limited(「Fortune Well」)確認減值虧損3,040,000港元 (二零一三年:零港元)。

5. 資本風險管理

本集團之資本管理為確保本集團內各 實體可以持續方式經營,同時透過適 當平衡負債與權益結構為股東帶來最 大回報。本集團之整體策略自去年起 維持不變。

本集團之資本架構包括借款及本公司 擁有人應佔權益(包括已發行股本、 保留溢利/累計虧損及各項儲備)。

本公司董事定期檢討資本架構。作為 該檢討一部分,董事考慮資本成本與 各類資本之相關風險。根據董事建 議,本集團將透過派發股息、發行新 股、新增借款及償還借款,以平衡其 整體資本架構。

6. Financial Instruments

6. 財務工具

(a) Categories of financial instruments

(a) 財務工具類別

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
<u> 16. 17</u>		千港元	千港元
Financial assets	財務資產		
Fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列賬並計入損益		
– Investments held for trading	一持作買賣投資	89,185	42,765
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供銷售財務資產	66,371	102,053
Loans and receivables	貸款及應收款項		
– Trade and other receivables	一貿易及其他應收款項	3,131	26,642
– Short-term loans receivable	- 應收短期貸款	-	4,416
– Loans to associates	一給予聯營公司貸款	-	87,838
- Bank balances and cash	一銀行結餘及現金	403,183	496,651
		406,314	615,547
Total	總計	561,870	760,365
Financial liabilities at	按攤銷成本列賬之		
amortised cost	財務負債		
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	113,770	246,574
Amount due to an associate	應付一間聯營公司款項	-	1,437
Borrowings	借款	1,411,335	877,923
		1,525,105	1,125,934

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6. Financial Instruments (Continued) 6. 財務工具(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments are set out in note 6(a) above and details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Credit risk

As at 31 March 2014, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and the financial guarantees provided by the Group is arising from:

- the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position; and
- the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantee issued by the Group as disclosed in note 38.

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要財務工具載列於 上文附註6(a),該等財務工具詳 情亦於各附註披露。下文載列與 該等財務工具有關之風險及減 低該等風險之政策。管理層管理 並監控該等風險,以確保及時和 有效地採取適當之措施。

信貸風險

於二零一四年三月三十一 日,本集團因對手方未能 履行責任及本集團提供財 務擔保而引致財務損失之 最大信貸風險來自:

- 综合財務狀況表所載 各項已確認財務資產 之賬面值;及
- 附註38所披露有關本 集團所發出財務擔保 之或然負債金額。

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies *(Continued)*

(i) Credit risk (Continued)

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks and with good reputation.

In addition, the credit risk on corporate guarantee given to banks in respect of bank loans granted to the Group's associate is limited because the management will regularly review their financial performance and reconsider the continuance of the given guarantee regularly.

6. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 *(續)*

(i) 信貸風險(續)

為將信貸風險降至最低, 本集團管理層已委派一支 團隊負責制訂信貸限額、 信貸審批及其他監控額、 以確保採取跟進措施 收回逾期朝末評估每筆 別債項之可收回金額, 年 公司董事認為本集團之信 貸風險已大幅降低。

由於流動資金之對手方均 為具有良好信譽之銀行, 故此流動資金之信貸風險 有限。

此外,由於管理層將定期 檢討本集團聯營公司之財 務表現及定期重新考慮是 否繼續提供擔保,故此有 關本集團就授予該聯營公 司之銀行貸款向銀行提供 公司擔保之信貸風險有 限。

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6. Financial Instruments (Continued) 6. 財務工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (i) Credit risk (Continued)

As at 31 March 2013, included in loans to associates is a loan to an associate, China Enterprises Limited ("CEL"), amounting to HK\$87,173,000, which exposed the Group to concentration of credit risk on the counterparty. The Group assessed the credit risk of the loans by reviewing and monitoring the financial performance of CEL. Since value in use of CEL was greater than its carrying value, the management considered the default risk on the receivables was not significant. The amount was settled during the year ended 31 March 2014. Other than that, the Group has no other significant concentration of credit risk.

Market risk

(i) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk primarily relate to variable-rate shortterm loans receivable, loans to associates, bank balances, variable-rate borrowings as set out in notes 27, 28, 29 and 31 respectively.

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)
 - 信貸風險(續) *(i)*

於二零一三年三月三十一 日,給予聯營公司貸 款包括一筆給予聯營 公司China Enterprises Limited (「CEL」) 之貸款 87,173,000港元·致使本 集團面臨對該對手方之集 中信貸風險。本集團透過 檢討及監控CEL之財務表 現,評估貸款之信貸風險。 由於CEL之使用價值高於 賬面值,故管理層認為未 能收回應收款項之風險並 不重大。該筆貸款已於截 至二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度清償。除此之外, 本集團並無其他重大集中 信貸風險。

- 市場風險 (ii)
 - (i) 利率風險

本集團面對之現金流 量利率風險主要關 於應收浮息短期貸 款、給予聯營公司貸 款、銀行結餘及浮息 借款,分別載於附註 27、28、29及31。

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies *(Continued)*
 - (ii) Market risk (Continued)
 - (i) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The Group maintains variable rate borrowings. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management monitor interest rate change exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of Hong Kong Inter-Bank Offer Rate, the prime lending rate arising from the Group's Hong Kong dollar denominated borrowings and People's Bank of China benchmark lending rate arising from the Group's RMB denominated borrowings.

6. 財務工具(*續*)

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (*續*)
 - (ii) 市場風險(續)

(i) 利率風險(續)

本集團維持浮息借 款。本集團目前並無 利率對沖政策。然 而,管理層監控利率 變動風險,並會於必 要時考慮對沖重大利 率風險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued) 6. 財務工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - Market risk (Continued)
 - (i) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

Regarding the cash flow interest rate risk, the sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For variable-rate short-term loans receivable and variable-rate borrowings, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the relevant asset and liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points (2013: 50 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax loss for the year ended 31 March 2014 would increase/decrease by HK\$5,362,000 (2013: HK\$3,329,000).

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)
 - 市場風險(續)
 - 利率風險(續) (i)

敏感度分析

就現金流量利率風險 而言,下文之敏感度 分析乃根據於申報期 末所面對之非衍生工 具利率風險而釐定。 就應收浮息短期貸款 及浮息借款而言,該 分析乃假設於申報期 末之相關資產及未償 還負債金額為於整個 年度內存在且未償還 而作出。增加或减少 50個基點代表管理層 對利率之合理潛在變 動作出之評估。

倘利率增加/減少 50個基點(二零一三 年:50個基點), 而所有其他變數維 持不變,本集團截 至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度之 除税後虧損將增加 / 減少5,362,000港 元(二零一三年: 3,329,000港元)。

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies *(Continued)*
 - (ii) Market risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Price risk on listed securities under availablefor-sale investments and investments held for trading

The Group is primarily exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed equity securities included in available-for-sale investments and investments held for trading. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity instruments quoted in the Stock Exchange.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks of listed securities included in available-for-sale investments and investments held for trading at the reporting date. 6. 財務工具(續)

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 *(續)*
 - (ii) 市場風險(續)
 - (ii) 可供銷售投資及持作買賣投資下之上市證券價格風險

敏感度分析

下文之敏感度分析乃 根據於申報日期計入 可供銷售投資及持作 買賣投資之上市證券 面對之股本價格風險 釐定。

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued) 6. 財務工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (ii) Market risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Price risk on listed securities under availablefor-sale investments and investments held for trading (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

If the share prices of the respective equity investments had been 20% (2013: 20%) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's:

- loss for the year would decrease/ increase by HK\$17,837,000 (2013: HK\$8,553,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of investments held for trading; and
- investment revaluation reserve would increase/decrease by HK\$2,670,000 (2013: HK\$7,906,000) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments.

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)
 - 市場風險(續) (ii)
 - (ii) 可供銷售投資及持作 買賣投資下之上市 證券價格風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

倘有關股本投資之 股價上升/下跌 20% (二零一三年: 20%),而所有其他 變數維持不變,本集 團之:

- 年內虧損將因 持作買賣投資 之公平值變動 而減少/增加 17,837,000港 元(二零一三 年:8,553,000 港元);及
- 投資重估儲備 將因可供銷售 投資之公平值 變動而增加/ 減少2,670,000 港元(二零一三 年:7,906,000 港元)。

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies *(Continued)*

(iii) Currency risk

The functional currency of the Company and its major subsidiaries in Hong Kong is Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") in which most of the transactions are denominated. The functional currency of those subsidiaries operating in PRC is Renminbi ("RMB") in which most of its transactions are denominated.

The Group has foreign currency balances which expose the Group to foreign currency risks, however, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the foreign currency risk is not significant as the amount of foreign currency balances is not material and therefore, no sensitivity analysis is presented.

6. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (*續*)

(iii) 貨幣風險

本公司及其香港主要附屬 公司之功能貨幣為港元, 大部分交易亦以港元計 值。於中國營運之附屬公 司之功能貨幣為人民幣, 大部分交易亦以人民幣計 值。

本集團有外幣結餘,使本 集團面對外幣風險,惟本 公司董事認為由於外幣結 餘之金額並不重大,外幣 風險不高,故並無呈列敏 感度分析。

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6. Financial Instruments (Continued) 6. 財務工具(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of the borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of reporting period.

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)
 - (iv) 流動資金風險

在管理流動資金風險時, 本集團監控及保持現金及 現金等值項目水平,並將 之維持於管理層認為足以 為本集團之營運提供資金 並減輕現金流量波動影響 之水平。管理層監控借款 之使用狀況及確保遵守貸 款契諾。

下表載列本集團非衍生財 務負債之餘下合約到期 日。下表乃基於財務負債 於本集團須償還之最早日 期之未貼現現金流量編製 而成。具體而言,包含應要 求償還條文之銀行貸款會 計入最早還款期間,而不 論銀行選擇行使其權利之 可能性。其他非衍生財務 負債之到期日按協定之還 款日期為依據。下表包括 利息及本金之現金流量。 倘利息流量按浮息計算, 則以申報期末之利率計算 未貼現金額。

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies *(Continued)*
 - (iv) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Liquidity tables

		Contractual weighted	Less than 3 months	3 months			Total	Comulan
		average	3 months or	5 months	1 - 5	Over	undiscounted	Carrying amount at
		interest rate	on demand	1 year	years	5 years	cash flows	31.3.2014
		interest rate	on actualia	i yeui	years	5 years	cash nows	於二零一四年
		合約加權	少於三個月				未貼現現金	三月三十一日
		平均利率	或於要求時	三個月至一年	一至五年	超過五年	流量總額	之賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2014	二零一四年							
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	-	113,770	-	-	-	113,770	113,770
Borrowings	借款	7.36	121,033	805,400	537,705	168,172	1,632,310	1,411,335
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	-	38,436	-	-	-	38,436	-
			273,239	805,400	537,705	168,172	1,784,516	1,525,105
		Contractual	Less than					
		weighted	3 months	3 months			Total	Carrying
		average	or	to	1 – 5	Over	undiscounted	amount at
		interest rate	on demand	1 year	years	5 years	cash flows	31.3.2013
								於二零一三年
		合約加權	少於三個月				未貼現現金	三月三十一日
		平均利率	或於要求時	三個月至一年	一至五年	超過五年	流量總額	之賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2013	二零一三年							
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債							
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	-	246,574	-	-	-	246,574	246,574
Amount due to an associate	應付一間聯營公司款項	-	1,437	-	-	-	1,437	1,437
Borrowings	借款	7.73	136,547	58,550	717,200	121,167	1,033,464	877,923
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	-	42,223	-	-	-	42,223	-
			426,781	58,550	717,200	121,167	1,323,698	1,125,934

6. 財務工具(*續)*

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 *(續)*

(iv) 流動資金風險(續)

流動資金表

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6. Financial Instruments (Continued) 6. 財務工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (iv) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Liquidity tables (Continued)

Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "less than 3 months or on demand" time band in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013, the carrying amounts of these bank loans amounted to HK\$31,287,000 and HK\$36,235,000 respectively. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not believe that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The directors believe that such bank loans will be repaid within 3 months of amount HK\$2,650,000 (2013: HK\$1,491,000), after 3 months but within 1 year of amount HK\$4,366,000 (2013: HK\$4,534,000), after 1 year but within 5 years of amount HK\$10,029,000 (2013: HK\$12,026,000) and after 5 years of HK\$19,499,000 (2013: HK\$24,187,000) after the reporting date in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)
 - (iv) 流動資金風險(續)

流動資金表(續)

包含應要求償還條文之銀 行貸款於上述到期分析中 計入 「少於三個月或於要 求時」之時間範圍。於二 零一四年三月三十一日及 二零一三年三月三十一 日,該等銀行貸款之賬面 值分別為31,287,000港元 及36,235,000港元。 經考 慮本集團之財務狀況,董 事不認為銀行將可能行使 其要求即時還款之酌情 權。董事相信,根據貸款 協議所載之既定還款期, 於申報日期後,該等銀 行貸款中2,650,000港元 (二零一三年:1,491,000 港元)於三個月內償還、 4,366,000港元(二零一三 年:4,534,000港元)於三 個月後但一年內償還、 10,029,000港元(二零 一三年:12,026,000港元) 於一年後但五年內償還, 以及19,499,000港元(二 零一三年:24,187,000港 元)於五年後償還。

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies *(Continued)*
 - (iv) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Liquidity tables (Continued)

The undiscounted cash flows on financial guarantee contracts have been categorised into time bands based on the earliest date the bank borrowings obtained by an associate are due for repayment in accordance with loan repayment schedule agreed with respective lenders.

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period. 6. 財務工具(續)

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (*續*)
 - (iv) 流動資金風險(續)

流動資金表(續)

財務擔保合約之未貼現現 金流量根據聯營公司取得 之銀行借款按照與有關貸 款人協定之貸款還款時間 表到期償還之最早日期分 為不同時間範圍。

倘浮動利率之變動有別於 在申報期末釐定之利率估 計變動,則上述非衍生財 務負債浮息工具之金額可 能改變。

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6. Financial Instruments (Continued) 6. 財務工具(續)

(c)Fair value measurements of financial instruments

> The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

(c) 財務工具公平值計量

財務資產與財務負債之公平值 按以下方式釐定:

並非以經常性基準按公平 *(i)* 值計量之財務資產及財務 負債公平值

> 董事認為綜合財務報表內 按攤銷成本列賬之財務資 產及財務負債賬面值與其 公平值相若。

> 其他財務資產與財務負債 之公平值乃根據公認定價 模式以貼現現金流量分析 釐定。

6. Financial Instruments (Continued) 6. 財務工具(續)

- Fair value measurements of financial instruments (c)(Continued)
 - Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how that fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

- (c) 財務工具公平值計量(續)
 - (ii) 以經常性基準按公平值 計量之本集團財務資產 公平值

本集團部分財務資產於各 申報期末按公平值計量。 下表載列有關釐定該等財 務資產公平值方法之資料 (尤指所採用之估值技術及 輸入數據)。

Significant

Financial assets 財務資產	Fair value as at 於以下日期之公平值		Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技術及主要輸入數據	unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察 輸入數據
	31.03.2014 二零一四年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31.03.2013 二零一三年 三月三十一日 HK \$ ′000 千港元			
 Fair value through profit or loss Investments held for trading 按公平值列賬並計入損益 一持作買賣投資 	89,185	42,765	Level 1 第一級	Quoted bid prices in an active market 活躍市場所報買入價	N/A 不適用
 Available-for-sale investments 可供銷售投資 	13,349	39,528	Level 1 第一級	Quoted bid prices in an active market 活躍市場所報買入價	N/A 不適用

The Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value are classified as level 1 on the fair value hierarchy for both years.

There is no transfer between Level 1, 2 and 3 in the current year.

於兩個年度內,按公平值 計量之本集團財務資產在 公平值等級中歸入第一 級。

於本年度,第一級、第二級 及第三級之間並無轉移。

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7. Gross Proceeds

Gross proceeds comprise gross proceeds from sales of properties, investments held for trading and provision of water supply. An analysis of the Group's gross proceeds for the year is as follows:

7. 所得款項總額

8. 分類資料

分類收入及業績

所得款項總額由來自銷售物業、持作 買賣投資及提供供水服務之所得款項 總額組成。本集團之年內所得款項總 額分析如下:

就資源分配及分類表現評估向主要營 運決策者(即執行董事)呈報之資料

主要有關已提供貨品或服務之類型。

本集團之可呈報及經營分類如下:

投資

售

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Water supply	供水	26,721	20,620
Sales proceeds on trading of securities	證券買賣之銷售所得款項	13,915	-
Sales of properties held for sale	銷售持作銷售物業	-	160,000
		40,636	180,620

8. Segment Information

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker (i.e. the executive directors) for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services provided.

Segment revenue and results

The Group's reportable and operating segment are as follows:

Trading of securities	-	Trading of investments held	證券買賣 -	買賣持作買賣
		for trading		
Property development	-	Development and sale of	物業發展及一	物業發展及銷
and trading		properties	買賣	
Water supply	-	Provision of water supply	供水 一	提供供水服務

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

8. Segment Information (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segment.

8. 分類資料(續)

分類收入及業績(續)

按可呈報及經營分類劃分之本集團收 入及業績之分析如下。

		Trading of securities 證券買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Property development and trading 物業發展 及買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Water supply 供水 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 March 2014	截至二零一四年 三月三十一日止年度				
GROSS PROCEEDS	所得款項總額	13,915	-	26,721	40,636
REVENUE Segment revenue	收入 分類收入	-	_	26,721	26,721
SEGMENT (LOSS) PROFIT	分類(虧損)溢利	(13,290)	(36,749)	8,017	(42,022)
Interest income Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs <i>(note)</i>	利息收入 未分配企業收入 未分配企業支出 財務費用(<i>附註</i>)				640 3,027 (38,697) (13,123)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment (<i>note</i>) Impairment loss on intangible assets (<i>note</i>) Impairment loss on interest in an associate (<i>note</i>)	物業、機器及設備之 減值虧損(附註) 無形資產之減值虧損(附註) 一間聯營公司權益之 減值虧損(附註)				(6,158) (2,960) (3,040)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資之減值虧損				(9,603)
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary Share of results of associates	出售一間附屬公司之收益 應佔聯營公司業績				1,278 219
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損				(110,439)

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8. Segment Information (Continued) 8. 分類資料(續)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

分類收入及業績(續)

		Trading of securities 證券買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Property development and trading 物業發展 及買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Water supply 供水 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 March 2013	截至二零一三年 三月三十一日止年度				
GROSS PROCEEDS	所得款項總額	-	160,000	20,620	180,620
REVENUE Segment revenue	收入 分類收入	-	160,000	20,620	180,620
SEGMENT (LOSS) PROFIT	分類(虧損)溢利	(32,240)	(20,030)	3,928	(48,342)
Interest income Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs <i>(note)</i> Impairment loss on goodwill <i>(note)</i> Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment <i>(note)</i> Impairment loss on prepaid lease payments <i>(note)</i>	利息收入 未分配企業收入 未分配企業支出 財務費用(附註) 商譽之減值虧損(附註) 物業、機器及設備之 減值虧損(附註) 預付租賃付款之減值虧損 (附註)				455 3,202 (54,872) (8,842) (714) (4,122) (459)
Impairment loss on intangible assets (note) Impairment loss on available-for-sale investments	(<i>附社)</i> 無形資產之減值虧損(<i>附註)</i> 可供銷售投資之減值虧損				(2,141) (18,000)
Loss on deemed disposal of partial interest in an associate Share of results of associates	視作出售一間聯營公司部份 權益之虧損 應佔聯營公司業績				(655) 3,690
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損				(130,800)

8. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

Note: The Group allocated the goodwill, certain property, plant and equipment, prepaid lease payments, intangible assets and certain borrowings to the segment assets and liabilities without allocating the impairment loss on goodwill, property, plant and equipment, prepaid lease payments, intangible assets, impairment loss on interest in an associate and finance costs to segment result as the chief operating decision maker did not take into account of the impairment of such assets and finance costs in the measurement of segment result.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment (loss) profit represents (loss) profit incurred by each segment without allocation of interest income, unallocated corporate income, unallocated corporate expenses, finance costs, impairment loss on goodwill, impairment loss on property, plant and equipment, impairment loss on prepaid lease payments, impairment loss on intangible assets, impairment loss on interest in an associate, impairment loss on available-for-sale investments, gain on disposal of a subsidiary, loss on deemed disposal of partial interest in an associate and share of results of associates. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker (i.e. executive directors) for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

8. 分類資料(續)

分類收入及業績(續)

附註:本集團將商譽、若干物業、機器及 設備、預付租賃付款、無形資產 及若干借款分配至分類資產及負 債,而並無將商譽、物業、機器及 設備、預付租賃付款、無形資產各 項之減值虧損、一間聯營公司權益 之減值虧損及財務費用分配至分 類業績,原因是主要營運決策者於 計算分類業績時,並無計及有關資 產之減值及財務費用。

經營分類之會計政策與附註3所述本 集團之會計政策相同。分類(虧損)溢 利指各分類所產生之(虧損)溢利,並 無分配利息收入、未分配企業收入、 未分配企業支出、財務費用、商譽之 減值虧損、物業、機器及設備之減值 虧損、預付租賃付款之減值虧損、無 形資產之減值虧損、一間聯營公司權 益之減值虧損、可供銷售投資之減值 虧損、出售一間聯營公司部份權益之虧損 及應佔聯營公司業績。此乃就資源分 配及分類表現評估向主要營運決策者 (即執行董事)呈報之計量方式。

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8. Segment Information (Continued) 8. 分類資料(續)

Segment assets and liabilities

分類資產及負債

		securities	物業發展		Consolidated
		證券買賣	及買賣	供水	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 March 2014	<i>於二零一四年</i> 三月三十一日				
ASSETS	資產				
Segment assets	分類資產	91,130	3,714,924	137,741	3,943,795
Interests in associates	聯營公司權益				215,001
Available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資				66,371
Deposit for acquisition of interest in	收購一項投資權益之訂金				
an investment					350,000
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金				359,393
Other unallocated assets	其他未分配資產				55,260
Consolidated assets	綜合資產				4,989,820
LIABILITIES	負債				
Segment liabilities	分類負債	109,186	1,519,309	4,618	1,633,113
Borrowings	借款				96,715
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債				6,261
Other unallocated liabilities	其他未分配負債				20,412
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債				1,756,501

8. Segment Information (Continued)

8. 分類資料(續)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

分類資產及負債(續)

			Property		
		Trading of	development	Water	
		securities	and trading 物業發展	supply	Consolidated
		證券買賣	及買賣	供水	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日				
ASSETS	資產				
Segment assets	分類資產	54,351	3,046,044	140,727	3,241,122
Interests in associates	聯營公司權益				222,806
Available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資				102,053
Loans to associates	給予聯營公司貸款				87,838
Deposit for acquisition of interest in an investment	收購一項投資權益之訂金				350,000
Deposit for acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司之訂金				250,000
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金				445,628
Short-term loans receivable	應收短期貸款				4,416
Other unallocated assets	其他未分配資產				43,691
Consolidated assets	綜合資產				4,747,554
LIABILITIES	負債				
Segment liabilities	分類負債	46,983	1,132,506	4,956	1,184,445
Borrowings	借款				117,664
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債				11,036
Other unallocated liabilities	其他未分配負債				39,154
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債				1,352,299

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8. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- assets are allocated to reportable and operating segments other than certain property, plant and equipment, interests in associates, available-for-sale investments, loans to associates, deposit for acquisition of interest in an investment, deposit for acquisition of subsidiaries, short-term loans receivable, club debentures, deferred tax assets, certain other receivables and prepayments, certain bank balances and cash and tax recoverable; and
- liabilities are allocated to reportable and operating segments other than unallocated other payables and accruals, amount due to an associate, certain borrowings, tax payable and deferred tax liabilities.

8. 分類資料(續)

分類資產及負債(續)

就監控分類表現及於分類間分配資源 而言:

- 除若干物業、機器及設備、聯營 公司權益、可供銷售投資、給予 聯營公司貸款、收購一項投資 權益之訂金、收購附屬公司之訂 金、應收短期貸款、會所債券、 遞延税項資產、若干其他應收款 項及預付款項、若干銀行結餘及 現金以及可收回税項外,資產已 分配至可呈報及經營分類;及
- 除未分配其他應付款項及應計費用、應付一間聯營公司款項、 若干借款、應付税項及遞延税項 負債外,負債已分配至可呈報及 經營分類。

8. Segment Information (Continued) 8. 分類資料(續)

		Trading of securities 證券買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Property development and trading 物業發展 及買賣 HKS'000 千港元	Water supply 供水 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 March 2014	截至二零一四年 三月三十一日止年度					
Amounts included in the measure of segment (loss) profit and segment assets	計量分類(虧損)溢利及分類資產 所計入之金額					
Additions to property, plant and	添置物業、機器及設備					
equipment		-	332	-	1,018	1,350
Release of prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款撥回	-	-	628	-	628
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	-	-	2,426	-	2,426
Loss on fair value changes on investments held for trading	持作買賣投資之公平值變動虧損	13,479	_	_	-	13,479
Depreciation	折舊	-	1,645	5,487	5,233	12,365
Dividend income	股息收入	189	-	-	-	189

Other segment information

其他分類資料

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

8. Segment Information (Continued) 8. 分類資料(續)

其他分類資料(續)

Other segment	information	(Continued)
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		Trading of securities 證券買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Property development and trading 物業發展 及買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Water supply 供水 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 March 2013	<i>截至二零一三年</i> 三月三十一日止年度					
Amounts included in the measure of segment (loss) profit and segment assets	計量分類(虧損)溢利及分類資產 所計入之金額					
Additions to property, plant and	添置物業、機器及設備		005	126	42.452	44.204
equipment	西什和佳什韦塔同	-	805	426	13,153	14,384
Release of prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款撥回	-	_	611	_	611
Amortisation of intangible assets Written-off property, plant and	無形資產攤銷 撇銷物業、機器及設備	-	-	2,613	-	2,613
equipment		-	657	-	-	657
Loss on fair value changes on investments held for trading	持作買賣投資之公平值變動虧損	32,444	_	-	_	32,444
Depreciation	折舊	-	1,728	5,328	4,742	11,798
Dividend income	股息收入	204	-	-	-	204

8. Segment Information (Continued)

Geographical Information

The Group's revenue from external customers based on the location of the property for property development and trading segment and the location of customers for other segments, and information about its non-current assets by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

8. 分類資料(續)

地域資料

就物業發展及買賣分類按物業所在地 及就其他分類按客戶所在地劃分本集 團來自外部客戶之收入,以及按資產 所在地劃分之非流動資產資料詳述如 下:

	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶之收入		Non-current assets 非流動資產	
	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
巷 華人民共和國 〔「中國」)	- 26,721	160,000 20,620	587,210 88,610	601,317 349,182
	26,721	180,620	675,820	950,499

Note: Non-current assets excluded available-for-sale investments and deferred tax assets.

Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 March 2014, there was two customers (2013: one customer) who are independent third parties to the Group and accounted for over 10% of total revenue with revenue of HK\$20,422,000 and HK\$6,197,000 respectively (2013: HK\$160,000,000) related to water supply segment (2013: property development and trading segment).

附註: 非流動資產不包括可供銷售投資 及遞延税項資產。

有關主要客戶之資料

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止 年度,供水分類(二零一三年:物業 發展及貿易分類)兩名(二零一三 年:一名)屬本集團獨立第三方之客 戶佔總收入逾10%,有關收入分別 為20,422,000港元及6,197,000港元 (二零一三年:160,000,000港元)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

9. Other Income

9. 其他收入

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest income on	下列各項之利息收入		
– Interest on bank deposits	一銀行存款利息	526	285
- Interest on short-term loans	一應收短期貸款利息		
receivable		114	170
		640	455
Management fee income	管理費收入	1,823	1,050
Dividend income	股息收入	189	204
VAT refund	增值税退税	1,097	2,152
Others	其他	19	
		3,768	3,861

10.Other Gains and Losses, Other Expenses

10. 其他收益及虧損、其他開支

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1		千港元	千港元
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損		
Derecognition of trade and other	終止確認貿易及其他應付		
payables <i>(note)</i>	款項(附註)	20,579	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、機器及設備之 收益	5	173
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之收益	1,278	-
Loss on deemed disposal of partial	視作出售一間聯營公司部份		
interest in an associate (note 20)	權益之虧損 <i>(附註20)</i>	-	(655)
Amount paid on termination of a project	就終止一份項目顧問協議		
consultancy agreement	所付金額	(12,615)	-
Others	其他	(4,113)	(1,443)
		5,134	(1,925)
Other expenses	其他開支		
Impairment loss on property, plant and	物業、機器及設備之減值		
equipment <i>(note 17)</i>	虧損 <i>(附註17)</i>	(6,158)	(4,122)
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產之減值虧損		
(note 19)	(附註19)	(2,960)	(2,141)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale	可供銷售投資之減值虧損		
investments (note 21)	(附註21)	(9,603)	(18,000)
Impairment loss on interest in an	一間聯營公司權益之		
associate (note 20)	減值虧損(附註20)	(3,040)	-
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	-	(714)
Impairment loss on other receivables	其他應收款項之減值虧損	(2,149)	-
Write off of other receivables	撇銷其他應收款項	-	(6,435)
Write off of property, plant and equipment	撤銷物業、機器及設備	-	(657)
Impairment loss on prepaid lease	預付租賃付款之減值虧損		
payments (note 18)	(附註18)	-	(459)
		(23,910)	(32,528)
		(18,776)	(34,453)

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

10.Other Gains and Losses, Other Expenses (Continued)

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group derecognised certain trade and other payables as the corresponding companies have been dissolved. In the opinion of the directors, the Group has no further obligations in respect of the trade and other payables concerned. As such, trade and other payables amounting to HK\$20,579,000 is derecognised and recorded as an item in other gains.

10. 其他收益及虧損、其他開支

附註: 於截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度,本集團因相關公司解散 而終止確認若干貿易及其他應付 款項。董事認為,本集團就有關 貿易及其他應付款項再無進一步 責任。因此,為數20,579,000港 元之貿易及其他應付款項已被終 止確認,並入賬列為其他收益項 目。

11.Finance Costs

11. 財務費用

	2014	2013
	二零一四年	二零一三年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
nterest on bank and other borrowings 銀行及其他借款之利息:		
- wholly repayable within five years 一須於五年內悉數償還	13,123	7,067
- not wholly repayable within five years 一不須於五年內悉數償還	83,334	20,772
	96,457	27,839
.ess: amounts capitalised in properties 減:於待售發展中物業中		
under development for sale 資本化之金額	(83,334)	(18,997)
	13,123	8,842

Borrowing cost capitalised during the year arose from specific borrowing.

於年內撥充資本之借款成本乃因特定 借款而產生。

12.Income Tax (Credit) Expense

12. 所得税 (抵免)支出

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Income tax (credit) expense comprises:	所得税(抵免)支出包括:		
Profits tax:	利得税:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税		
– Current year	一本年度		111
PRC	中國		
– Current year	一本年度	2,920	2,159
		2,920	2,270
Deferred tax credit (note 33)	遞延税項抵免(<i>附註33)</i>	(4,775)	(830)
		(1,855)	1,440

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.

兩個年度之香港利得税均就估計應課 税溢利按16.5%計算。

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所 得税法」)及企業所得税法之實施條 例,兩個年度之中國附屬公司税率為 25%。

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

12.Income Tax (Credit) Expense (Continued)

12. 所得税(抵免)支出(*續*)

The income tax (credit) expense for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows: 年內所得税(抵免)支出與綜合損益 及其他全面收益表內除所得税前虧損 之對賬如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(110,439)	(130,800)
Tax credit at applicable tax rate of 16.5%	按適用税率16.5%計算之 税項抵免	(18,222)	(21,582)
Tax effect of share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績之 税務影響	(36)	(609)
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purposes Tax effect of expenses not deductible for	毋須繳税收入之税務影響 不能扣税開支之税務影響	(300)	(436)
tax purposes	1. 能扣饥困又之饥劢於音	3,767	4,324
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	未確認税項虧損之税務影響 於其他司法權區經營之附屬	11,977	20,303
operating in other jurisdictions	公司之不同税率之影響	959	(560)
Income tax (credit) expense for the year	年內所得税(抵免)支出	(1,855)	1,440

13.Loss for the Year

13. 年內虧損

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging:	年內虧損乃於扣除下列 各項後達致:		
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments):	員工成本(包括董事酬金):		
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefits scheme	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	33,177	23,489
contributions		1,307	1,266
		34,484	24,755
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷(已計入		
(included in administrative expenses)	行政開支)	2,426	2,613
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	3,712	3,506
Cost of other inventories sold	已出售其他存貨成本	13,686	12,491
Cost of properties sold	已出售物業成本	-	157,626
Depreciation of property,	物業、機器及設備折舊		
plant and equipment		12,365	11,798
Release of prepaid lease payments	預付租賃付款撥回	628	611

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

14. Directors', Chief Executive's and Employees' Remuneration 14. 董事、行政總裁及僱員薪酬

Directors' remuneration (a)

董事薪酬 (a)

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the 5 (2013: 5) directors were as follows:

已付或應付予5名董事(二零 一三年:5名)各自之酬金如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Yap, Allan	葉家海		
Fees	袍金		-
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	2,400	2,400
Bonus	花紅	10,000	-
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		15	15
		12,415	2,415
Heung Pik Lun, Edmond	向碧倫		
Fees	袍金		-
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	2,000	2,000
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		15	15
		2.045	2.015
		2,015	2,01

14.Directors', Chief Executive's and Employees' Remuneration (Continued)

14. 董事、行政總裁及僱員薪酬 *(續)*

(a) Directors' remuneration (Continued)

(a) 董事薪酬(續)

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		 千港元	千港元
Kwok Ka Lap, Alva	郭嘉立		
Fees	袍金	50	48
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	-	
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		_	-
		50	48
Sin Chi Fai	冼志輝		
Fees	袍金	50	63
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	-	-
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		-	
		50	63

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

14.Directors', Chief Executive's and Employees' Remuneration (Continued)

14. 董事、行政總裁及僱員薪酬 *(續)*

(a) Directors' remuneration (Continued)

(a) 董事薪酬(續)

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Poon Kwok Hing, Albert	潘國與		
Fees	袍金	50	50
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	-	-
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		-	_
		50	50
Total	合計		
Directors' fees	董事袍金	150	161
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	4,400	4,400
Bonus	花紅	10,000	-
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		30	30
		14,580	4,591

Dr. Yap Allan is also performing the role of the chief executive of the Company with nil emolument for both years and his emoluments disclosed above include those of services rendered by him as the chief executive. 葉家海博士亦擔當本公司行政 總裁之職務,兩個年度均無收取 任何酬金,而上文所披露其酬金 包括彼作為行政總裁所提供服 務之酬金。

14.Directors', Chief Executive's and Employees' Remuneration (Continued)

(b) Employees' remuneration

The emoluments of the five highest paid individuals of the Group included two directors for the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: two directors), whose emoluments are included in (a) above. The aggregate emoluments of the remaining three individuals are as follows:

14. 董事、行政總裁及僱員薪酬 (續)

(b) 僱員薪酬

截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度,本集團五位最高薪人士 包括兩名董事(二零一三年:兩 名董事),彼等之酬金已於上文 (a)呈列。其餘三名人士之酬金總 額如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	4,147	4,464
contributions		41	44
		4,188	4,508

Number	of em	ployees
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		僱員人數	
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	2	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	2
		3	3

No inducement paid or payable to directors to join or upon joining the Group in both years and no directors waived any emoluments in both years. 於該兩個年度,並無已付或應付 董事加盟或於加盟本集團時之 獎勵,亦無董事放棄該兩個年度 之任何酬金。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

15.Dividend

15. 股息

		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Dividends recognised as distribution during the year:	年內確認為分派之股息:		
2013 final – HK2 cents	二零一三年末期股息		
(2013: 2012 final dividend	一每股2港仙		
HK2 cents) per share	(二零一三年:		
	二零一二年末期股息		
	每股2港仙)	22,426	22,426

The final dividend of HK2 cents (2013: HK2 cents) per share in respect of the year ended 31 March 2014 has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

董事建議就截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度派付末期股息每股2 港仙(二零一三年:每股2港仙),惟 須待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批 准。

16.Loss Per Share

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

16. 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧 損乃按以下數據計算:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss for the year attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損		
of the Company		(102,015)	(126,720)
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		'000	'000
		千股	千股
Number of shares:	股份數目:		
Weighted average number of	普通股加權平均數目		
ordinary shares		1,121,306	1,121,306

No diluted loss per share has been presented as there were no potential ordinary shares outstanding for both years.

由於兩個年度均無未行使潛在普通 股,故並無呈列每股攤薄虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

17.Property, Plant and Equipment 17. 物業、機器及設備

		Buildings	Plant and machinery	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢具、	Motor vehicles	Vessel	Total
		樓宇	機器及設備	裝置及設備	汽車	船隻	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
COST	成本						
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	91,575	7,830	16,557	7,064	-	123,026
Currency realignment	外幣調整	949	98	67	12	-	1,126
Additions	添置	_	-	790	3,844	9,750	14,384
Disposals	出售	-	_	-	(664)	_	(664)
Written-off	撇銷	-	-	(1,789)	-	-	(1,789)
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	92,524	7,928	15,625	10,256	9,750	136,083
Currency realignment	外幣調整	96	10	7	1	_	114
Additions	添置	-	-	358	992	-	1,350
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	(240)	-	(240)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	92,620	7,938	15,990	11,009	9,750	137,307
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT	折舊及減值						
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	25,262	2,685	3,238	2,859	_	34,044
Currency realignment	外幣調整	279	41	30	10	-	360
Provided for the year	年內撥備	4,407	688	4,340	2,092	271	11,798
Eliminated upon disposals	出售時對銷	_	-	_	(317)	-	(317)
Eliminated upon written-off	撇銷時對銷	-	_	(1,132)	-	-	(1,132)
Impairment loss recognised	年內確認之減值虧損						
during the years		4,122	-	-	-		4,122
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	34,070	3,414	6,476	4,644	271	48,875
Currency realignment	外幣調整	(22)	(5)	(16)	(5)	-	(48)
Provided for the year	年內撥備	4,509	707	4,100	2,399	650	12,365
Eliminated upon disposals	出售時對銷	-	-	-	(175)	-	(175)
Impairment loss recognised	年內確認之減值虧損						
during the year		6,158	-	-	-	-	6,158
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	44,715	4,116	10,560	6,863	921	67,175
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值						
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	47,905	3,822	5,430	4,146	8,829	70,132
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	58,454	4,514	9,149	5,612	9,479	87,208

17.Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on straight-line basis at the following rates per annum.

Buildings	Over the period of the leases	
	or 2% – 5%	
Plant and machinery	10% – 20%	
Furniture, fixtures and	10% – 33%	
equipment		
Motor vehicles	20% – 25%	
Vessel	6.7%	

The Group's buildings are situated on a land in the PRC with medium-term leases.

During the year, the directors conducted a review on the recoverability of cash-generating units ("CGU") of water supply business, whose operating assets also include property, plant and equipment (as above), intangible assets with finite useful lives (as set out in note 19) and prepaid lease payments (as set out in note 18). Accordingly, an impairment loss of HK\$6,158,000 (2013: 4,122,000) has been recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment, which are used in water supply business.

17. 物業、機器及設備(續)

上述物業、機器及設備項目乃按直線 法及以下年率折舊。

按租約年期或
2%-5%
10%-20%
10%-33%
20%-25%
6.7%

本集團之樓宇位於中國一幅中期租約 土地。

年內,董事檢討了供水業務現金產生 單位(「現金產生單位」)之可收回程 度,該業務之經營性資產亦包括物 業、機器及設備(如上)、具有限使用 年期之無形資產(載於附註19)以及 預付租賃付款(載於附註18)。據此, 已就用於供水業務之物業、機器及設 備確認減值虧損6,158,000港元(二 零一三年:4,122,000港元)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

17.Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

For impairment purpose, the calculation uses cash flow projections based on the most recent financial budgets approved by the management for the coming year and extrapolates the cash flows projection for the following 5 years with zero (2013: zero) growth rate and for the further 20 years with zero growth rate and pre-tax discount rate of 18% (2013:20%). Another key assumptions for the value in use calculations relate to the estimation of cash inflows which include budgeted sales and gross margin, such estimation is based on the unit's past performance and management's expectations for the market development.

18. Prepaid Lease Payments

The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise leasehold lands in the PRC held under medium-term land use rights.

17. 物業、機器及設備*(續)*

就減值而言,該計算法使用現金流預 測,而現金流預測則基於管理層為來 年通過之最近期財務預算,並根據零 (二零一三年:零)增長率推算未來五 年以及根據零增長率推算未來二十年 之現金流預測,而税前貼現率為18% (二零一三年:20%)。使用價值計算 法之另一主要假設與現金流入之估計 有關(包括預算銷售額及毛利率), 該等估計乃根據本單位之過往表現及 管理層對市場發展之預期而釐定。

18. 預付租賃付款

本集團之預付租賃付款包括在中國根 據中期土地使用權持有之租賃土地。

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	就呈報目的而作出分析:		
Non-current asset	非流動資產	11,166	5,578
Current asset	流動資產	619	619
		11,785	6,197

Included in the carrying amount of non-current prepaid lease payments as at 31 March 2014 is accumulated impairment loss of HK\$459,000 (2013: HK\$459,000) for the CGU of water supply business.

於二零一四年三月三十一日,非流動 預付租賃付款之賬面值中包括供水 業務現金產生單位之累計減值虧損 459,000港元(二零一三年:459,000 港元)。

19.Intangible Assets

19. 無形資產

		Customer contracts 客戶合約 HK\$'000 千港元	Operating right to water supply business 供水業務 經營權利 HK\$'000 干港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本			
At 31 March 2013 and 31 March 2014	於二零一三年三月三十一日及 二零一四年三月三十一日	31,472	13,395	44,867
AMORTISATION AND	攤銷及減值			
At 1 April 2012 Impairment loss recognised	於二零一二年四月一日 年內確認之減值虧損	8,943	2,283	11,226
in the year		1,410	731	2,141
Charge for the year	年內扣除	2,098	515	2,613
At 31 March 2013 Impairment loss recognised	於二零一三年三月三十一日 年內確認之減值虧損	12,451	3,529	15,980
in the year		1,910	1,050	2,960
Charge for the year	年內扣除	1,951	475	2,426
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	16,312	5,054	21,366
CARRYING VALUE	賬面值			
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	15,160	8,341	23,501
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	19,021	9,866	28,887

The above intangible assets were purchased as part of the acquisition of Regrowth Resources Limited (water supply business) during the year ended 31 March 2008.

上述無形資產乃於截至二零零八年三 月三十一日止年度內購入,作為收購 新生資源有限公司(供水業務)之一 部分。

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19. Intangible Assets (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group recognised an impairment loss of HK\$2,960,000 (2013: HK\$2,141,000) in relation to the customer contracts and operating right included in intangible assets arising on acquisition of water supply business, which is included in the CGU of water supply business.

The above intangible assets have finite lives and are amortised on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

19. 無形資產(續)

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團已就收購供水業務(已計 入供水業務現金產生單位)所產生之 客戶合約及經營權利(已計入無形資 產)確認減值虧損2,960,000港元(二 零一三年:2,141,000港元)

上述無形資產之使用年期有限,於下 列期間按直線基準攤銷:

Customers contracts	10 – 15 years	客戶合約	10-15年
Operating right to water supply business	26 years	供水業務經營權利	26年

20.Interests in Associates

20. 聯營公司權益

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cost of investment in	於下列聯營公司投資之		
associates which are:	成本:		
– listed	一上市	168,742	168,742
– unlisted <i>(note)</i>	一非上市(附註)	41,960	45,743
Share of post-acquisition profit and	應佔收購後溢利及		
other comprehensive income,	其他全面收入,		
net of dividends received	減已收股息	4,299	8,321
		215,001	222,806

Note: Included in the cost of investment in associates was goodwill of HK\$24,268,000 (2013: HK\$27,308,000) arising on acquisition of an associate.

附註:聯營公司投資之成本中包括因收 購一間聯營公司而產生之商譽 24,268,000港元(二零一三年: 27,308,000港元)。

20.Interests in Associates (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group recognised an impairment loss of HK\$3,040,000 (2013: HK\$nil) in relation to goodwill arising on acquisition of an associate.

Details of the Group's principal associates as at 31 March 2013 and 2014 are as follows: 20. 聯營公司權益(續)

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團就因收購一間聯營公司而 產生之商譽確認減值虧損3,040,000 港元(二零一三年:零港元)。

本集團於二零一三年及二零一四年三 月三十一日之主要聯營公司詳情如 下:

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/成立地點	Place of operation 營運地點	Proportion of equity interest held by the Group 本集團持有股權比例		interest held by the Group Principal activi		Principal activities 主要業務
			2014 二零一四年 %	2013 二零一三年 %			
Fortune Well	British Virgin Islands ("BVI") 英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)	Hong Kong and PRC 香港及中國	26.09	26.09	Manufacturing and trading of garments products 成衣製造及買賣業務		
China Enterprises Limited ("CEL")	Bermuda 百慕達	Hong Kong and PRC 香港及中國	28.95	28.95	Investment holding 投資控股		

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20.Interests in Associates (Continued)

Fortune Well's subsidiaries operate in both Hong Kong and the PRC. During the year ended 31 March 2013, due to the issue of new shares by Fortune Well to two other investors, the proportion of equity interest held by the Group was diluted from 30% to 26.09%. A loss on deemed disposal of partial interest in an associate of HK\$655,000 was resulted.

During the year ended 31 March 2014, an impairment loss of HK\$3,040,000 (2013: HK\$nil) has been recognised in relation to Fortune Well as the recoverable amount is lower than carrying amount of Fortune Well.

CEL's subsidiaries operate in both Hong Kong and the PRC and its shares are traded on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board ("OTC Board") in the United States of America. The principal activities of CEL are investment holding. The financial year end date of CEL is 31 December. The Group's share of net assets and interests of CEL at 31 March 2013 and 31 March 2014 is calculated based on the net assets of CEL as at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013 respectively, after adjusting for any material transactions up to 31 March 2013 and 31 March 2014.

As at 31 March 2014, the market value of CEL held by the Group is approximately HK\$6,683,000 (2013: HK\$7,737,000) based on the quoted price in the OTC Board while the Group's share of the carrying amount of CEL is HK\$180,913,000 (2013: HK\$179,877,000).

20. 聯營公司權益(續)

Fortune Well之附屬公司於香港及 中國經營。於截至二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度,由於Fortune Well 另向兩名投資者發行新股,故本集 團所持之股權比例由30%攤薄至 26.09%。因此,本集團錄得視作出 售一間聯營公司部份權益之虧損 655,000港元。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年 度,由於Fortune Well之可收回金額 低於賬面值,因此已就Fortune Well 確認減值虧損3,040,000港元(二零 一三年:零港元)。

CEL之附屬公司於香港及中國經營, 其股份在美國場外交易議價板(「場 外交易議價板」)買賣。CEL之主要業 務為投資控股。CEL之財政年度截止 日期為十二月三十一日。本集團應佔 CEL於二零一三年三月三十一日及二 零一四年三月三十一日之資產淨值及 權益,乃分別根據CEL於二零一二年 十二月三十一日及二零一三年十二月 三十一日之資產凈值,經對截至二零 一三年三月三十一日及二零一四年三 月三十一日之任何重大交易進行調整 後計算。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,按場外 交易議價板之報價計算,本集團所持 之CEL市值約為6,683,000港元(二零 一三年:7,737,000港元),而本集團 應佔之CEL賬面值則為180,913,000 港元(二零一三年:179,877,000港 元)。

20.Interests in Associates (Continued)

The above tables list the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results of the Group for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group at the end of the reporting period. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Summarised financial information of material associates

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's material associates is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

All of these associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

20. 聯營公司權益(續)

上表列載之本集團聯營公司,乃董事 認為主要影響本集團年內業績或構成 本集團於申報期末資產淨值重大部分 之公司。董事認為,詳載其他聯營公 司資料會導致篇幅過於冗長。

重大聯營公司之財務資料概要

本集團各重大聯營公司之財務資料概 述如下。下文之財務資料概要乃聯營 公司根據香港財務報告準則編製之財 務報表所示金額。

所有該等聯營公司均採用權益法於該 等綜合財務報表入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

20.Interests in Associates (Continued) 20. 聯營公司權益(續)

Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued)

重大聯營公司之財務資料概要(續)

(a) Fortune Well

(a) Fortune Well

		31.03.2014	31.03.2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current assets	流動資產	116,355	184,074
Non-current assets	非流動資產	11,379	12,248
Current liabilities	流動負債	(90,096)	(136,745)
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	229,147	277,619
(Loss) profit for the year	年內(虧損)溢利	(21,940)	22,817
Other comprehensive income	年內其他全面收入		
for the year		-	20,000
Total comprehensive (expense)	年內全面(開支)收入總額		
income for the year		(21,940)	42,817
Dividend received from the	年內已收聯營公司股息		
associate during the year		-	22,200

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	marised financial information of materi <i>ntinued)</i>	ial associates	重大	聯營公司之財務	務資料概要
n)	Fortune Well (Continued)		(a)	Fortune Well (;	續)
	Reconciliation of the above sum information to the carrying amount the associate recognised in the con statements:	ng amount of the interest in		上述財務資料4 務報表確認之5 面值之對賬:	
				31.03.2014 二零一四年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31.03 二零- 三月三十 HK न
	Net assets of Fortune Well Proportion of the Group's	Fortune Well之資產淨值 本集團於Fortune Well之		37,638	5
	ownership interest in Fortune Well Goodwill	擁有權權益比例 商譽		26.09% 24,268	26
	Carrying amount of the Group's	本集團於Fortune Well權益之 賬面值	, _	34,088	4

20.Interests in Associates (Continued) 20. 聯營公司權益(續)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

20. Interests in Associates (Continued) 20. 聯營公司權益(續)

Summarised financial information of material associates 重大聯營公司之財務資料概要(*續*) (Continued)

(b) CEL

(b) CEL

		31.12.2013	31.12.2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		十二月三十一日	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current assets	流動資產	630,904	718,086
Non-current assets	非流動資產	186,012	177,637
Current liabilities	流動負債	(66,010)	(148,499)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(81,083)	(80,983)
		1.1.2013 to	1.1.2012 to
		31.12.2013	31.12.2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		一月一日至	一月一日至
		二零一三年	
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	-	-
Profit (loss) for the year	年內溢利(虧損)	20,779	(7,805)
Other comprehensive (expense)	年內其他全面(開支)收入		
income for the year		(17,763)	6,272
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收入(開支)總額		
(expense) for the year		3,016	(1,533)

interest in CEL	權益比例	28.95%
Other adjustments	其他調整	(13,000)
Carrying amount of the Group's	本集團於CEL權益之	
interest in CEL	賬面值	180,913

CEL之資產淨值

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

Proportion of the Group's ownership 本集團於CEL之擁有權

20.Interests in Associates (Continued)

Summarised financial information of material associates

(Continued)

(b) CEL (Continued)

Net assets of CEL

20. 聯營公司權益*(續)*

重大聯營公司之財務資料概要(續)

(b) CEL (續)

31.12.2013

二零一三年

HK\$'000

千港元

669,823

十二月三十一日

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財 務報表確認之聯營公司權益賬 面值之對賬:

31.12.2012

二零一二年

HK\$'000

千港元

666,241

28.95%

(13,000)

179,877

十二月三十一日

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

20. Interests in Associates (Continued) 20. 聯營公司權益(續)

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material

個別並不重大之聯營公司之彙集資料

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
The Group's share of loss	本集團應佔虧損	(72)	(3)
Aggregate carrying amount	本集團於此等聯營公司權益		
of the Group's interests	之總賬面值		
in these associates		-	77

The Group has discontinued recognition of its share of losses of certain associates. The amounts of unrecognised share of those associates, extracted from the relevant audited financial statements of associates, both for the year and cumulatively, are as follows:

本集團已終止確認應佔若干聯營公司 之虧損。以下為應佔該等聯營公司之 年內及累計未確認數額,乃摘錄自相 關聯營公司經審核財務報表:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Accumulated unrecognised share of losses of associates	應佔聯營公司之累計 未確認虧損	(1,571)	(1,472)
Unrecognised share of losses of associates for the year	應佔聯營公司之年內 未確認虧損	(99)	(96)

21. Available-for-Sale Investments

21. 可供銷售投資

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000
Listed investments: – Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	上市投資: 一於香港上市之股本證券	千港元 13,349	<u>千港元</u> 39,528
Unlisted securities: – Equity securities <i>(note)</i>	非上市證券: 一股本證券(附註)	53,022	62,525
		66,371	102,053

Note: The unlisted equity securities represent an investee engaged in holding of properties interest located in the PRC. The unlisted equity securities are measured at cost less impairment at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair value cannot be measured reliably. An impairment loss of HK\$9,603,000 (2013: HK\$18,000,000) was recognised in profit or loss during the year as there is objective evidence that the cost of investments cannot be fully recoverable.

附註:非上市股本證券指業務為持有位於中國之物業權益之被投資方。由於合理公平值估計範圍相當大,而本公司董事認為非上市股本證券之公平值無法可靠地計量,故於申報期末按成本減減值計量該等證券。由於並無客觀證據顯示不能悉數收回投資成本,故本集團年內已於損益確認9,603,000港元(二零一三年:18,000,000港元)之減值虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

22. Properties Held for Sale

22. 持作銷售物業

		HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	230,235
Additions	添置	6,506
Disposals	出售	(157,626)
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	79,115
Additions	添置	27,606
Disposals	出售	(9,977)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	96,744

During the year 31 March 2013, the Group completed the disposal of a property, at a consideration of HK\$160,000,000, whilst properties held for sale of HK\$6,506,000 was acquired.

For the disposal of the property with total consideration of HK\$160,000,000, HK\$80,096,000 was directly deducted from the consideration and repaid to a bank for loan repayment without going through bank account of the Group.

During the year 31 March 2014, the Group has performed leasehold refurbishment on a property with the consideration for HK\$27,606,000.

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止 年度,本集團已完成出售一項物業, 代價為160,000,000港元,並已收購 6,506,000港元之持作銷售物業。

就以總代價160,000,000港元出售 該項物業而言,該代價已直接扣減 80,096,000港元,旨在毋須透過本集 團之銀行賬戶向銀行償還貸款。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團已為一項物業進行租賃翻新,代價為27,606,000港元。

23. Properties Under Development for 23. 待售發展中物業 Sale

The properties under development for sale was acquired through the acquisition of 60% interest in Best Smooth during the year ended 31 March 2010.

The properties under development for sale represents land use rights for a piece of land located in Guangzhou, the PRC and development costs incurred to date on the properties erected on it. The development work has not yet been completed and has been suspended for over 10 years. Upon completion of acquisition of 60% interests in Best Smooth by the Group in December 2009, the Group reactived the development and commenced to negotiate with various contractors for the design and implementation of the construction work of the properties.

During the year ended 31 March 2011, the Group further acquired the remaining 40% interest in Best Smooth and 3% interest in a non-wholly owned subsidiary of Best Smooth. The Group's interest in Best Smooth and its subsidiaries was increased to 100% thereafter.

待售發展中物業乃透過於截至二零一 零年三月三十一日止年度收購百順之 60%權益而收購。

待售發展中物業指中國廣州一幅土地 之土地使用權及其上所建物業迄今已 產生之發展成本。該發展工程尚未完 工,並已擱置超過十年。本集團於二 零零九年十二月完成收購百順60%權 益後,本集團恢復發展,並開始與不 同承建商磋商有關物業建設工程之設 計及實行。

於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團進一步收購百順餘下40% 權益及百順一間非全資附屬公司之 3% 權益。本集團於百順及其附屬公 司之權益其後增至100%。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

23.Properties Under Development for 23. 待售發展中物業(續) Sale (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group entered into a framework agreement with an independent third party, Prosperous Global Development Limited ("Prosperous Global"), to dispose of 49% equity interest in China Good, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Best Smooth which holds the properties under development for sale in the PRC, at the consideration of RMB622,383,080 (equivalent to approximately HK\$746,860,000). In June, September, October 2011 and February 2012, the parties to the framework agreement further entered into the supplemental agreements. A total of RMB523,302,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$607,613,000) consideration were received and accordingly a total of 41% equity interest in proportional to the total consideration of RMB622,383,080 (equivalent to approximately HK\$746,860,000) was transferred to Prosperous Global in a single tranche during the year ended 31 March 2012. As the Group has not lost control over China Good, the loss on disposal of 41% equity interests in China Good amounting to HK\$11,202,000, being the difference between the carrying amount of HK\$618,815,000 of the 41% interests transferred and the consideration received was debited to other reserves during the year ended 31 March 2012.

The remaining 8% interest in China Good was also transferred to Prosperous Global upon the receipt of remaining consideration of HK\$122,115,000 during the year ended 31 March 2013. An amount of HK\$63,182,000, being the difference between the carrying amount of HK\$185,297,000 of the 8% interests transferred and the consideration received was debited to other reserves during the year ended 31 March 2013. 於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止 年度,本集團與獨立第三方富利環 球發展有限公司(「富利環球」)訂 立一項框架協議,以出售中廣投資 (百順之間接全資附屬公司,持有位 於中國之待售發展中物業)之49% 股權,代價為人民幣622,383,080 元(相當於約746,860,000港元)。 於二零一一年六月、九月、十月及 二零一二年二月,框架協議之訂約 各方進一步訂立補充協議。於截至 二零一二年三月三十一日止年度, 已收取合共人民幣523,302,000 元(相當於約607,613,000港元)之 代價,而據此,已根據其佔總代價 人民幣622,383,080元(相當於約 746,860,000港元)之比例,將合共 41%股權一次過轉讓予富利環球。由 於本集團並無喪失對中廣投資之控制 權,故出售中廣投資41%股權之虧損 11,202,000港元(即已轉讓之41%權 益之賬面值618,815,000港元與已收 代價之差額)已於截至二零一二年三 月三十一日止年度於其他儲備內扣 除。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止 年度,中廣投資餘下8%權益亦已於 收取餘下代價122,115,000港元後 轉讓予富利環球。為數63,182,000 港元(即已轉讓之8%權益之賬面值 185,297,000港元與已收代價之差額) 已於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止 年度於其他儲備內扣除。

23. Properties Under Development for 23. 待售發展中物業(續) Sale (Continued)

The properties under development for sale were continuously classified as current assets as at 31 March 2014. The management of the Group expect the project to be realised within next 12 months.

Valuation of the properties under development for sale as at 31 March 2014 has been carried out by an independent valuer by reference to open market value and the market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties in the same locations and conditions and the directors of the Company consider that no impairment indication is noted.

24. Deposit for Acquisition of **Subsidiaries**

The Group entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with total consideration of HK\$850,000,000 with an independent third party (the "Vendor") on 25 May 2012 regarding the acquisition of certain subsidiaries (the "Target Group") which are engaged in hotel operations in the PRC. A deposit of HK\$250,000,000 was paid during the year ended 31 March 2012. During the year, as the Group was not satisfied with the due diligent review of the Target Group, being one of the precedent conditions to the agreement, the agreement had lapsed and deposit paid had been refunded by the Vendor on 25 April 2013.

於二零一四年三月三十一日,待售發 展中物業持續地分類為流動資產。本 集團管理層預期於未來十二個月內將 該項目變現。

待售發展中物業於二零一四年三月 三十一日之估值由獨立估值師經參考 地點及狀況相同之相類物業公開市值 及市場交易價格憑證釐定,而本公司 董事認為並無出現減值跡象。

24. 收購附屬公司之訂金

於二零一二年五月二十五日,本 集團與一名獨立第三方(「賣方」) 訂 立 有 條 件 買 賣 協 議,以 總 代 價 850,000,000港元收購若干在中國從 事酒店經營業務之附屬公司(「目標 集團」)。本集團已於截至二零一二 年三月三十一日止年度支付訂金 250,000,000港元。年內,由於本集團 並不信納對目標集團進行之盡職調查 (即有關協議之其中一項先決條件), 故該協議已於二零一三年四月二十五 日失效,且賣方已退還已付訂金。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

25.Trade and Other Receivables and Prepayments

25. 貿易及其他應收款項及預付 款項

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	226	237
Prepaid land appreciation tax (note a)	預付土地增值税(<i>附註a)</i>	18,521	18,318
Other receivables (net of allowance	其他應收款項		
for doubtful debts)	(扣除呆賬撥備)	2,905	9,203
Deposits and prepayments (note b)	訂金及預付款項(<i>附註b)</i>	364,780	584,657
Prepayment for materials for property	物業建設項目物料之		
construction projects (note b)	預付款項(<i>附註b</i>)	-	31,732
Dividend receivables	應收股息	-	17,200
Interest receivables	應收利息	-	2
		386.432	661 349

Notes:

附註:

- (a) Prepaid land appreciation tax was incurred under ordinary course of business. Therefore, it is classified as current asset.
- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2014, the full amount of prepayment for materials for property construction projects was refunded.

As at 31 March 2014, the balance includes approximately HK\$319,625,000 (2013: HK\$499,376,000 prepayment paid to a contractor) prepayment paid to two contractors. These payments were made in the normal course of business of the Group in accordance with the respective agreements and solely for the construction of the project. These amounts paid shall be capitalised as properties under development for sale to the extent as certified from time to time. Included in the balance as at 31 March 2014 was approximately HK\$nil (2013: HK\$79,900,000) prepayment of consultancy fee paid to a related party of Prosperous Global in relation to the construction work of properties under development for sale. The management of the Group expect the project to be realised within next 12 months.

(a) 預付土地增值税於日常業務過程中 產生,因此分類為流動資產。

(b) 於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止 年度,物業建設項目物料之預付款 項已全數退還。

> 於二零一四年三月三十一日,結 餘包括預付兩名承包商之款項約 319,625,000港元(二零一三年:預 付一名承包商之款項499,376,000 港元)。該等款項按照相關協議於 本集團之正常業務過程中作出,僅 供項目建築之用。該等已付款項將 按不時確定之範圍內資本化為待 售發展中物業。於二零一四年三月 三十一日之結餘中,約零港元(二零 一三年:79,900,000港元)為就待售 發展中物業之建築工程而預付富利 環球一名關連人士之顧問費。本集 團管理層預期於未來十二個月內將 該項目變現。

25.Trade and Other Receivables and Prepayments (Continued)

The Group allows an average credit period of one to two months to its trade customers. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivable, presented based on invoice date, net of allowance for doubtful debts at the end of each reporting period:

25. 貿易及其他應收款項及預付 款項(*續*)

本集團向其貿易客戶提供平均一至兩 個月不等之信貸期。於各申報期末, 貿易應收款項扣除呆賬撥備按發票日 期呈列之賬齡分析如下:

0-30 days	0至30日	226	237
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		2014	2013

Before accepting any new customer, the Group will assess and understand the potential customer's credit quality and defines its credit limits. Credit limits attributed to each customer are reviewed regularly.

No trade receivable balance is past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss for both years.

No allowance for doubtful debts on trade receivables was provided and no movement in the allowance was noted for both years. 在接納任何新客戶前,本集團會評估 及了解潛在客戶之信貸質素並釐定其 信貸限額。每位客戶之信貸限額均會 作定期檢討。

概無貿易應收款項結餘於申報日期已 逾期,而本集團並未於該兩個年度就 減值虧損計提撥備。

於兩個年度,並無就貿易應收款項呆 賬計提撥備,亦無錄得撥備變動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

25.Trade and Other Receivables and Prepayments (Continued)

25. 貿易及其他應收款項及預付 款項(*續*)

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts on other receivables

其他應收款項呆賬撥備之變動

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Balance at beginning of the year	年初結餘	-	-
Allowance for other receivables	其他應收款項撥備		6,435
Amount written off as uncollectible	撇銷為不可收回之金額	-	(6,435)
Balance at end of the year	年終結餘	-	-

The allowance recognised on other receivable is mainly because of those debtors have financial difficulties.

Investments held for trading at the end of the reporting period

26.Investments Held for Trading

就其他應收款項確認之撥備主要是有 財政困難之債務人所致。

26. 持作買賣投資

於申報期末,持作買賣投資包括:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000
		11K, 000 千港元	千港元
Listed securities at fair value: – Equity securities listed in Hong Kong – Equity securities listed elsewhere	按公平值之上市證券: 一於香港上市之股本證券 一於其他地方上市之	89,018	41,874
	股本證券	167	891
		89,185	42,765

include:

27.Short-Term Loans Receivable

27. 應收短期貸款

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loans receivable	應收貸款	-	4,416

During the year, the Group advanced unsecured shortterm loan of HK\$10,000,000 and HK\$6,540,000 to two independent third parties and the full amount of loan receivables was repaid during the year. There is no outstanding balance as at 31 March 2014.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group advanced unsecured short-term loan of HK\$9,166,000 to a subsidiary of a listed company and an amount of HK\$4,750,000 was repaid up to 31 March 2013.

The loans receivable carry interest at Hong Kong Prime Rate and are repayable on demand.

年內,本集團墊付10,000,000港元及 6,540,000港元無抵押短期貸款予兩 名獨立第三方,該等應收貸款已於 年內全數償還。於二零一四年三月 三十一日,概無未償還之結餘。

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團墊付9,166,000港元無抵 押短期貸款予一間上市公司之一間附 屬公司,截至二零一三年三月三十一 日已獲償還4,750,000港元。

應收貸款按香港最優惠利率計息,並 須應要求償還。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

28.Loans to Associates/Amount Due to an Associate

28. 給予聯營公司貸款/應付 一間聯營公司款項

(i) Loans to associates

(i) 給予聯營公司貸款

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loans to associates	給予聯營公司貸款		
– Interest-free	一免息	-	87,838

The amounts for the year ended 31 March 2013 are unsecured and they have been fully received during the year ended 31 March 2014.

(ii) Amount due to an associate

The amount for the year ended 31 March 2013 is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. It has been fully settled during the year ended 31 March 2014.

29.Bank Balances and Cash

The bank balances and cash comprises cash and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less held by the Group. The bank balances carries interest at 0.01% to 0.35% per annum (2013: 0.01% to 0.35% per annum).

截至二零一三年三月三十一日 止年度之該等金額為無抵押, 並已於截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度全數收訖。

(ii) 應付一間聯營公司款項

截至二零一三年三月三十一日 止年度之該筆金額為無抵押及 免息,並須應要求償還。該筆 金額已於截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度全數清償。

29. 銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘及現金包括本集團所持有之 現金及原到期日為三個月或以內之短 期銀行存款。銀行結餘按年息0.01% 至0.35%(二零一三年:年息0.01% 至0.35%)計息。

30.Trade and Other Payables and Accruals

30. 貿易及其他應付款項及應計 費用

Trade payables 貿易應付款項 Accrued expenses 應計開支 nterest payables 應付利息 Payables for construction project 建設項目之應付款項 Other payables (note) 其他應付款項(附註)	HK\$'000 千港元 6 17,731 3,234	HK\$'000 千港元 6,398 16,446
Accrued expenses 應計開支 nterest payables 應付利息 Payables for construction project 建設項目之應付款項	6 17,731	6,398 16,446
Accrued expenses 應計開支 nterest payables 應付利息 Payables for construction project 建設項目之應付款項	17,731	16,446
nterest payables 應付利息 Payables for construction project 建設項目之應付款項		
Payables for construction project 建設項目之應付款項	3,234	0 4 7 7
		8,173
Other payables <i>(note)</i>	76,882	91,193
Alle payables (<i>note)</i> — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		99,875
Others	33,648	32,965
	131,501	255,050
The following is an aged analysis of 於各申報期末,貿易應付款項 trade payables (based on the invoice date) 之賬齡分析(按發票日期 at the end of each reporting period: 呈列)如下:		
Over 60 days 超過60日	6	6,398

("Guangzhou Jixiang"), a subsidiary of Best Smooth, entered into presale agreements with a purchaser for the disposal of certain of the properties under development for sale. The sale transaction has not been completed since the construction of the properties has not yet been completed, and accordingly, no revenue has been recognised.

Since the property project has been suspended for a number of years, the purchaser has agreed with Guangzhou Jixiang that it would obtain a refund of deposits amounted to RMB103,863,000 together with interests thereon from Guangzhou Jixiang instead of completing the purchase of the properties. During the year ended 31 March 2012, the deposits received amounted to RMB103,863,000 was repaid and the rest of the payable for the interest amounted to HK\$99,875,000 was repaid during the year ended 31 March 2014. 附註:於過往年度,廣州吉祥房產發展有限公司(「廣州吉祥」,百順之附屬公司)與一名買方訂立多項預售協議,出售若干待售發展中物業。銷售交易因物業尚未落成而並未完成,因此,並無確認任何收入。

由於該物業項目已擱置多年,買 方與廣州吉祥協定從廣州吉祥收 取訂金退款人民幣103,863,000元 及利息,而非完成購買物業。於截 至二零一二年三月三十一日止年 度,已收訂金人民幣103,863,000 元已經償還,餘下之利息應付款 項99,875,000港元已於截至二零 一四年三月三十一日止年度償還。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

31.Borrowings

31. 借款

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Borrowings comprise:	借款包括:		
Secured bank borrowings	有抵押銀行借款	1,280,036	785,299
Secured other borrowings	有抵押其他借款	65,870	11,195
Unsecured other borrowings	無抵押其他借款	65,429	81,429
		1,411,335	877,923
The amounts are repayable as follows:	上述款項須於以下年期 償還:		
The Group's borrowings are repayable based on repayment schedules set out in the loan agreements, as follows:	本集團之借款須按貸款協議 所載之還款時間表償還 如下:		
– within one year – more than one year, but not	-一年內 -一年後但不超過兩年	806,559	92,624
exceeding two years		104,271	508,585
– more than two years,	-兩年後但不超過五年		
but not more than five years		312,812	131,170
– more than five years	一五年後	156,406	109,309
The Group's borrowings that contain a repayable on demand clause in the loan agreements:	於貸款協議中載有按要求 償還條款之本集團借款:		
– within one year	——年內	6,050	5,925
– not repayable within one year from	一毋須於申報期末起計		
the end of the reporting period	一年內償還	25,237	30,310
		1,411,335	877,923
Less: Amounts due within one year	減:列入流動負債項下於	,	
shown under current liabilities	一年內到期之款項	(837,846)	(128,859)
		573,489	749,064

31.Borrowings (Continued)

The Group's borrowings were based on Hong Kong Prime Rate, HIBOR and benchmark interest rate in People's Bank of China. The ranges of effective interest rates during the year (which are equal to contractual interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

31. 借款(續)

本集團借款按香港最優惠利率、香港 銀行同業拆息及中國人民銀行之基準 息率計息。本集團借款於年內之實際 利率(相等於合約利率)範圍如下:

		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
Effective interest rate: Variable-rate borrowings	實際利率: 浮息借款	2.62% to至 12%	1.76% to至 12%

Included in the total amount of HK\$156,272,000 loan repayment repaid during the year ended 31 March 2013, an amount of HK\$80,096,000 was directly deducted from the consideration for disposal of a property classified as properties held for sale as set out in note 37.

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年 度償還之貸款還款總額156,272,000 港元中,80,096,000港元已直接從出 售分類為持作銷售物業之代價中扣 除,詳情載於附註37。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

32.Share Capital

32. 股本

		Number of	Value
		shares	
		股份數目	價值
			HK\$'000
			千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	每股面值0.01港元之普通股		
Authorised:	法定股本:		
At 1 April 2012, 31 March 2013 and	於二零一二年四月一日、		
31 March 2014	二零一三年三月三十一日及		
	二零一四年三月三十一日	20,000,000,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足股本:		
Balance at 1 April 2012,	於二零一二年四月一日、		
31 March 2013 and	二零一三年三月三十一日及		
31 March 2014	二零一四年三月三十一日		
	之結餘	1,121,306,319	11,213

33.Deferred Tax

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised and movements thereon during the year:

33. 遞延税項

年內已確認之主要遞延税項負債(資 產)及其變動如下:

		Fair value adjustment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment arising on business combination 因業務合併 而產生之 無形資產及	Accelerated tax depreciation	Tax losses	Total	
		物業、機器及 設備公平值 調整	加速税項折舊	税項虧損	總額	
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
At 1 April 2012 Credit to profit or loss	於二零一二年四月一日 於損益入賬	11,782 (830)	84 _	(31)	11,835 (830)	
At 31 March 2013 Credit to profit or loss	於二零一三年三月三十一日 於損益入賬	10,952 (4,816)	84 41	(31)	11,005 (4,775	
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	6,136	125	(31)	6,230	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

33. Deferred Tax (Continued)

For the purposes of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

33. 遞延税項(續)

就綜合財務狀況表之呈列而言,若干 遞延税項資產及負債已予對銷。以下 為作財務申報用途之遞延税項結餘分 析:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	(31)	(31)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	6,261	11,036
		6,230	11,005

The Group has unused tax losses of HK\$783,077,000 as at 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$710,490,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such tax losses amounting to HK\$196,000 (2013: HK\$196,000). No deferred tax has been recognised in respect of the remaining tax loss of HK\$782,881,000 (2013: HK\$710,294,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The losses can be carried forward indefinitely.

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團 可用於對銷未來溢利之未動用税項 虧損為783,077,000港元(二零一三 年:710,490,000港元)。196,000港 元(二零一三年:196,000港元)之税 項虧損已確認為遞延税項資產。由於 未能預測未來溢利來源,故未有就其 餘税項虧損782,881,000港元(二零 一三年:710,294,000港元)確認遞延 税項。該等虧損可無限期結轉。

34. Acquisition of Assets Through Acquisition of a Subsidiary

On 15 June 2012, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement to acquire 100% of the issued share capital of Adrian Realty Limited, which is engaged in property investment and its major assets consist of numbers of car parking spaces, at a consideration of HK\$6,500,000. The acquisition was completed on 5 July 2012.

This acquisition has been accounted for as an acquisition of assets and liabilities. The effect of the acquisition is summarised as follows:

34. 通過收購一間附屬公司收購 資產

於二零一二年六月十五日,本集團 訂立買賣協議,以收購雅勵地產有 限公司之100%已發行股本,代價為 6,500,000港元。雅勵地產有限公司 之業務為物業投資,其主要資產包括 多個泊車位。收購事項已於二零一二 年七月五日完成。

此收購事項已列作收購資產及負債。 收購事項之影響概述如下:

		HK\$'000
		千港元
Net assets acquired:	所收購之資產淨值:	
Properties held for sale	持作銷售物業	6,506
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	(6)
Total consideration	總代價	6,500
Consideration satisfied by:	代價之支付方式:	
Cash	現金	6,500
		6,500
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	因收購而產生之淨現金流出:	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	(6,500)
		Net and the second

The subsidiary acquired did not contribute any significant results or cash flow to the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013.

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年 度,所收購之附屬公司並無為本集團 帶來任何重大業績或現金流量。

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

35. Disposal of a Subsidiary

On 1 August 2013, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement to dispose of 100% of the issued share capital of Nice Sun Investments Limited, which is engaged in property investment and its major assets consist of a basket of residential and commercial properties, at a consideration of HK\$11,000,000. The disposal was completed on 1 August 2013.

The effect of the disposal is summarised as follows:

35. 出售一間附屬公司

於二零一三年八月一日,本集團 訂立買賣協議,以出售Nice Sun Investments Limited之100%已發行 股本,代價為11,000,000港元。Nice Sun Investments Limited之業務為物 業投資,其主要資產包括一籃子住宅 及商業物業。出售事項已於二零一三 年八月一日完成。

出售事項之影響概述如下:

		HK\$'000
		千港元
Net assets disposed of:	所出售之資產淨值:	
Properties held for sale	持作銷售物業	9,977
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	23
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	(278)
Total	總計	9,722
Total consideration received	已收總代價	11,000
Gain on disposal	出售收益	1,278
Consideration satisfied by:	代價之支付方式:	
Cash	現金	11,000
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	因出售而產生之淨現金流入:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	11,000

The subsidiary disposed of did not contribute any significant results or cash flows to the Group for the current year.

所出售之附屬公司於本年度並無為本 集團帶來任何重大業績或現金流量。

36. Deposits Received in Advance

The amounts included the deposits of HK\$190,497,000 (2013: HK\$190,259,000) received in advance in previous years by Best Smooth for the presale of certain properties which were under development.

37. Major Non-Cash Transactions

During the year ended 31 March 2013, as stated in notes 22 and 31, upon disposal of a property with total consideration of HK\$160,000,000, a loan repayment of HK\$80,096,000 was directly deducted from the consideration, without going through the bank account of the Group.

38.Contingent Liabilities

36. 預收訂金

該等金額包括百順於過往年度就預 售若干發展中物業而預收之訂金 190,497,000港元(二零一三年: 190,259,000港元)。

37. 主要非現金交易

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止 年度,如附註22及31所載,於按總 代價160,000,000港元出售物業後, 80,096,000港元之貸款還款已直接從 代價扣除,而並無存入本集團之銀行 賬戶。

38. 或然負債

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Amounts granted in respect of guarantees given to banks	就一間聯營公司所獲信貸 向銀行提供擔保而授予		
for facilities granted to an associate	之金額	75,000	75,000
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Amounts utilised in respect of	就一間聯營公司所獲信貸		
guarantees given to banks	向銀行提供擔保而動用		
for facilities granted to an associate	之金額	38,436	42,223

Save as disclosed above, the Group has no other contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013.

除上文所披露者外,本集團於二零 一四年三月三十一日及二零一三年三 月三十一日並無其他或然負債。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

39.Operating Leases

39. 經營租約

The Group as lessee

本集團作為承租人

	2014	2013
	二零一四年	二零一三年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
根據經營租約支付之		
最低租賃付款:		
土地及樓宇	5,915	5,656
	最低租賃付款:	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元 根據經營租約支付之 最低租賃付款:

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments in respect of rented premises under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows: 於申報期末,本集團尚有根據不可撤 銷之經營租約,涉及租賃物業之未來 最低租賃付款承擔之到期日如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	2,326	5,031
In the second to fifth year inclusive	第二至第五年		
	(包括首尾兩年)	-	2,303
		2,326	7,334

Leases are negotiated for lease term of three to four years (2013: three to four years) and rentals are fixed over the terms of the leases.

商議之租約年期為三至四年(二零 一三年:三至四年),而租金在租約期 內固定。

40.Share Option Scheme

Pursuant to a resolution passed at a special general meeting of the Company on 17 March 2003, the Company has terminated the share option scheme passed in 2001 and adopted a new share option scheme (the "2003 Share Option Scheme"). Under the 2003 Share Option Scheme, the board of directors of the Company may grant options to directors and employees of the Group and any advisors, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters and service providers of any members of the Group who the board of directors considers have contributed or will contribute or can contribute to the Group. The purpose of the 2003 Share Option Scheme is to provide participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Group and to encourage participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Group and its shares for the benefits of the Group and its shareholders as a whole.

Subject to the condition that the total number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and to be exercised under the 2003 Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue from time to time, the total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the 2003 Share Option Scheme, when aggregated with any shares subject to any other schemes, is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue on the date of approval and adoption of the 2003 Share Option Scheme.

40. 購股權計劃

根據於二零零三年三月十七日舉行之 本公司股東特別大會上通過之決議 案,本公司已終止於二零零一年通過 之購股權計劃,並採納一項新購股權 計劃(「二零零三年購股權計劃」)。 根據二零零三年購股權計劃,本公司 董事會可將購股權授予其認為曾經或 將會或能夠對本集團作出貢獻之本 集團董事及僱員、本集團任何成員公 司之諮詢人、顧問、分銷商、承包商、 供應商、代理人、客戶、業務夥伴、合 營公司業務夥伴、發起人及服務供應 商。二零零三年購股權計劃之目的在 於向參與者提供獲得本集團所有權權 益之機會,並激勵參與者為本集團及 其股東整體利益而努力提升本集團及 其股份價值。

除須符合根據二零零三年購股權計劃 及本公司任何其他計劃行使全部已授 出將行使之尚未行使購股權而可發行 之股份總數不得超過本公司不時已發 行股份之30%條件外,根據二零零三 年購股權計劃可授出購股權涉及之股 份總數連同根據任何其他計劃發行之 股份,不得超過本公司於二零零三年 購股權計劃獲批准及採納當日已發行 股份之10%。

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40. Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Under the 2003 Share Option Scheme, the options which may be granted to any individual in any one year are not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent nonexecutive directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

Options granted must be taken up within 28 days from the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per grant. Options may be exercised at any time from the date on which the option is accepted to the tenth anniversary of the date of grant. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the higher of the closing price of the Company shares on the date of grant or the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant or the nominal value of the share of the Company.

The 2003 Share Option Scheme was expired on 17 March 2013. No new share option scheme was adopted during the year.

40. 購股權計劃(續)

根據二零零三年購股權計劃,倘無本 公司股東事先批准,於任何一年內授 予任何個人之購股權不得超過本公司 已發行股份之1%。授予主要股東或 獨立非執行董事之購股權若超過本公 司股本0.1%或價值超過5,000,000港 元,則須事先獲得本公司股東批准。

授出之購股權須於授出日起計28日內 接受,每次獲授購股權支付1港元。購 股權可於接納當日至授出日第十週年 內任何時間行使。行使價由本公司董 事釐定,但不得低於本公司股份於授 出日之收市價、緊接授出日前五個營 業日本公司股份之平均收市價或本公 司股份面值三者之較高者。

二零零三年購股權計劃已於二零一三 年三月十七日屆滿。年內並無採納新 購股權計劃。

41.Retirement Benefits Schemes

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") scheme for qualifying employees of the Company and its subsidiaries in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs to the scheme subject to a maximum of HK\$1,000 per month prior to 31 May 2012 and HK\$1,250 per month from 1 June 2012, which contribution is matched by employees.

The Group's employees who are employed by subsidiaries in the PRC are members of the state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The total cost charged to profit or loss of HK\$1,307,000 (2013: HK\$1,266,000) represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group in respect of the current accounting period. As at 31 March 2014, no contribution was due in respect of the reporting period had not been paid over to these schemes.

41. 退休福利計劃

本集團為本公司及其香港附屬公司之 合資格僱員營辦強制性公積金(「強 積金」)計劃。強積金計劃之資產乃 獨立於本集團,以信託人控制之基金 形式持有。本集團就有關工資成本之 5%向該計劃供款,與僱員之供款額 相同。於二零一二年五月三十一日前 之供款上限為每月1,000港元,自二 零一二年六月一日起則為每月1,250 港元。

受僱於中國附屬公司之本集團僱員為 中國政府所營辦之國家管理退休福利 計劃成員。該等附屬公司須將工資若 干百分比作為該退休福利計劃之供 款,為福利提供資金。本集團對該退 休福利計劃之承擔僅為作出特定之供 款。

損益內扣除之總成本1,307,000港元 (二零一三年:1,266,000港元)指本 集團就本會計期間對該等計劃應付之 供款。於二零一四年三月三十一日, 並無尚未對該等計劃支付而關於申報 期之到期供款。

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For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

42.Pledge of Assets

42. 資產抵押

At the end of the reporting period, the following assets were pledged by the Group to secure banking and other financing facilities: 於申報期末,本集團將下列資產抵押 作為銀行及其他融資信貸之擔保:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Investments held for trading	持作買賣投資	89,018	42,591
Properties held for sale	持作銷售物業	90,238	62,633
Properties under development	待售發展中物業		
for sale <i>(note)</i>	(附註)	3,271,183	2,316,201
		3,450,439	2,421,425

Note: According to the pledge of asset agreement signed for the bank borrowing, the beneficial ownership of the land including its legal title, the right to its appurtenance and any indemnification received from the damage of the land was pledged.

43. Transactions and Balances with Related Parties

At the end of the reporting period, the Company provided financial guarantee contracts to a bank amounting to HK\$75,000,000 (2013: HK\$75,000,000) to secure certain banking facilities granted to an associate.

Included in trade and other receivables and prepayments in note 25, HK\$nil (2013: HK\$17,200,000) represents dividend receivable from Fortune Well.

Details of balances with associates at the end of the reporting period were set out in note 28.

附註:根據就銀行借款簽訂之資產抵押 協議,土地之實益擁有權(包括其 法定業權、其從屬權利及因土地損 毀而收取之任何彌償)已作抵押。

43. 與關連人士進行之交易及 相關結餘

於申報期末,本公司就取得授予一間 聯營公司之若干銀行信貸向銀行提 供金額為75,000,000港元(二零一三 年:75,000,000港元)之財務擔保合 約。

附註25之貿易及其他應收款項及預 付款項中,零港元(二零一三年: 17,200,000港元)指應收Fortune Well之股息。

於申報期末與聯營公司之結餘詳情載 於附註28。

43. Transactions and Balances with Related Parties (Continued)

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

43. 與關連人士進行之交易及 相關結餘(續)

主要管理人員報酬

董事及主要管理層其他成員於年內之 薪酬如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Short-term benefits	短期福利	18,697	9,025
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	71	74
		18,768	9,099

The remuneration of directors and key executives of the Group is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

Save as disclosed above, there were no other significant transactions with related parties during the year or significant balances with them at the end of the reporting period.

本集團董事及主要行政人員薪酬由薪 酬委員會經參考彼等之工作表現及市 場趨勢釐定。

除上文所披露者外,年內並無與關連 人士進行其他重大交易,而於申報期 末亦無重大結餘。

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44.Summary Financial Information of 44.本公司財務資料概要 the Company

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period includes:

於申報期末,有關本公司財務狀況表 之資料包括:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Total assets (note a)	資產總值(附註a)	3,982,919	3,979,575
Total liabilities (note b)	負債總額(附註b)	(1,240,188)	(1,191,934)
		2,742,731	2,787,641
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	11,213	11,213
Reserves (note c)	儲備(附註c)	2,731,518	2,776,428
Total equity	權益總額	2,742,731	2,787,641

Notes:

附註:

- (a) The amount includes interests in subsidiaries and amounts due from subsidiaries of approximately HK\$3,976,085,000 (2013: HK\$3,965,103,000).
- (b) The amount includes amounts due to subsidiaries of approximately HK\$1,169,033,000 (2013: HK\$1,117,904,000).
- (a) 該金額包括於附屬公司之權益及應收
 附屬公司款項約3,976,085,000港元
 (二零一三年:3,965,103,000港元)。
- (b) 該金額包括應付附屬公司款項約 1,169,033,000港元(二零一三年: 1,117,904,000港元)。

44.Summary Financial Information of the Company (Continued)

44. 本公司財務資料概要(續)

Notes: (Continued)

(c)

附註:(續)

(c)

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits (accumulated losses) 保留溢利 (累計虧損) HK\$'000 干港元	Total reserves 總儲備 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	1,587,800	1,578,913	592	(1,109)	(357,962)	2,808,234
Loss for the year and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及年內全面開支 總額	_		_		(9,380)	(9,380)
Transfer of contributed surplus to accumulated losses	轉撥實繳盈餘至累計虧損	-	(500,000)	-	-	500,000	_
Dividend recognised as distribution	已確認為分派之股息	_	-	-	-	(22,426)	(22,426)
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	1,587,800	1,078,913	592	(1,109)	110,232	2,776,428
Loss for the year and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及年內全面開支 總額					(22,484)	(22,484)
Transfer of contributed surplus to accumulated losses	轉撥實繳盈餘至累計虧損	_	(500,000)	_	-	500,000	(22,404)
Dividend recognised as distribution	已確認為分派之股息	-	-	-	-	(22,426)	(22,426)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	1,587,800	578,913	592	(1,109)	565,322	2,731,518

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45. Event after the Reporting Period

Subsequent to the end of reporting period, the Group has the following events after the reporting period:

On 29 September 2010, the Group entered into a (a) conditional agreement with ITC Properties Holdings Group Limited ("ITCP"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of ITC Properties Group Limited ("ITC Properties"), for the acquisition of 50% interest in ITC Properties (China) Limited ("ITCP (China)"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of ITCP and the outstanding shareholders' loan for a total consideration of HK\$480,000,000 ("Acquisition"). Deposit of HK\$350,000,000 was paid upon signing the conditional agreement. Before the completion of the Acquisition, ITCP (China) is required to acquire the entire issued share capital of and (if any) the shareholders' loans due by Newskill Investments Limited ("Newskill"). Newskill is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are holding a property development project on a land situated in the PRC. The Group held 8% interest in Newskill, which was classified as an availablefor-sale investment.

During the year ended 31 March 2010, the Group entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement to dispose of its 8% interest in Newskill, at a cash consideration of HK\$76,800,000. The disposal became part of the condition for the Acquisition pursuant to the conditional agreement on 29 September 2010 as stated above. The disposal of 8% interest in Newskill has been completed on 13 June 2012.

45. 申報期後事項

於申報期末後,本集團有以下申報期 後事項:

(a) 於二零一零年九月二十九日, 本集團與德祥地產集團有限 公司(「德祥地產」)之直接 全資附屬公司ITC Properties Holdings Group Limited (「ITCP」)訂立一項有條件 協議,以收購ITCP之全資附 屬公司ITC Properties (China) Limited (「ITCP (China)」)之 50%權益及未償還股東貸款, 總代價為480,000,000港元 (「收購事項」)。於簽訂有條 件協議時已支付350,000,000 港元之訂金。於收購事項完 成前, ITCP (China) 須收購 Newskill Investments Limited (「Newskill」)全部已發行股本 及(如有)Newskill結欠之股東 貸款。Newskill為一間投資控股 公司,其附屬公司持有一個位於 中國一幅地塊上之物業發展項 目。本集團持有Newskill 8%權 益,有關權益乃分類為可供銷售 投資。

> 於截至二零一零年三月三十一 日止年度,本集團訂立有條 件買賣協議,以出售其於 Newskill之8%權益,現金代價 為76,800,000港元。是項出售 乃如上文所述於二零一零年九 月二十九日根據該有條件協議 進行收購事項之部分條件。出 售Newskill之8%權益已於二零 一二年六月十三日完成。

45. Event after the Reporting Period (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

As at 31 March 2013, ITCP has completed the acquisition of the entire issued share capital and the shareholders' loan due by Newskill. However, the Acquisition has not yet been completed as at 31 March 2014 and at the date of approval for the issuance of the consolidated financial statements as the conditions of shareholders' approval have not yet met.

As at 30 May 2014, ITCP had not provided its consent to a further extension of the long stop date, being 30 May 2014. Accordingly, the agreement had lapsed and ceased to be of any effect immediately after 30 May 2014 and deposit paid had been refunded by ITCP on 4 June 2014.

On 11 April 2014, Hanny Investment Group Limited (the (b) "Purchaser"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into the acquisition agreement with ITC Investment Holdings Limited (the "Vendor"), a company wholly-owned by ITC Corporation Limited, the Purchaser conditionally agreed to purchase the entire issued share capital of Leaptop Investments Limited ("Leaptop"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Vendor and the unsecured and interest-free loan owing by Leaptop to the Vendor at the consideration, being HK\$575,000,000 by cash. The deposit of HK\$100,000,000 has been paid upon signing of the acquisition agreement on 11 April 2014. Details of the transactions are disclosed in announcements of the Company dated 19 March 2014, 23 April 2014 and 9 May 2014.

45. 申報期後事項(續)

(a) *(續)*

- 於二零一三年三月三十一日, ITCP已完成收購Newskill全部已 發行股本及Newskill結欠之股東 貸款。然而,由於尚未達成經股 東批准之條件,故於二零一四年 三月三十一日及批准綜合財務 報表刊發日期,收購事項尚未完成。
- 於二零一四年五月三十日,ITCP 未有同意進一步延遲最後完成 日期(即二零一四年五月三十 日)。因此,協議已於緊隨二零 一四年五月三十日後失效及不 再具有任何效力,而ITCP已於二 零一四年六月四日退還已付訂 金。
- 於二零一四年四月十一日, (b) Hanny Investment Group Limited (「買方」,本公司之全 資附屬公司)與ITC Investment Holdings Limited (「賣方」, 德祥企業集團有限公司全資 擁有之公司)訂立收購協議, 據此,買方有條件同意購買 Leaptop Investments Limited (「Leaptop」, 賣方之全資附 屬公司)之全部已發行股本及 Leaptop結欠賣方之無抵押及 免息貸款,代價為575,000,000 港元,以現金支付。為數 100,000,000港元之訂金已於二 零一四年四月十一日簽訂收購 協議時支付。有關該等交易之詳 情於本公司日期為二零一四年 三月十九日、二零一四年四月 二十三日及二零一四年五月九 日之公佈披露。

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46. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries 46. 主要附屬公司之詳情

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013 are as follows:

於二零一四年三月三十一日及二零 一三年三月三十一日,本公司各主要 附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/登記地點	Class of shares held 持有股份類別	res held registered capital held by the Company held by the Comp 已發行及繳足股本/ 本公司持有之 本公司持有之				e Compai 持有之		Principal activities 主要業務			
				2	014	2	013	2	014	2	013	
				二零	一四年	二零	一三年	二零	一四年	二零	一三年	
				Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
Hanny Group Management Limited 錦興集團管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1,100,000,200 1,100,000,200港元	-	100%	-	100%	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
		5% non-voting deferred shares <i>(note a)</i> 5%無投票權遞延 股份 <i>(附註a)</i>	HK\$6,000,000 6,000,000港元									
山東肥城市大禹水務有限公司 (note b) 山東肥城市大禹水務有限公司 (<i>附挂b</i>)	PRC 中國	Ordinary 普通股	RMB76,980,000 人民幣76,980,000元		59.75%	-	59.75%		59.75%	-	59.75%	Water supply business 供水業務
Best Smooth 百順	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$100 100美元	-	100%	-	100%	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Guangzhou Jixiang (notes b and c) 廣州吉祥 (附註b及c)	PRC 中國	Ordinary 普通股	US\$17,180,000 17,180,000美元	-	51% (note c)	-	51% <i>(note c)</i>	-	51% (note c)	-	51% <i>(note c)</i>	Development of properties for
					(附註		(附註		(附註		(附註	sale
					c)		с)		c)		с)	開發物業以供銷售

46. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries 46. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續) (Continued)

Notes:

- The holders of the 5% non-voting deferred shares are not a. entitled to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meetings of the company. The non-voting deferred shares practically carry no rights to dividends or to participate in any distribution on winding up.
- These companies are registered in the form of foreign b. investment enterprises.
- Guangzhou Jixiang is a wholly-owned subsidiary of China Good. С. Upon the transfer of 41% and 8% interest of China Good to Prosperous Global during the year ended 31 March 2012 and 2013, respectively as stated in note 23, the effective interest of the Group in Guangzhou Jixiang reduced from 100% to 59% as at 31 March 2012 and further reduced to 51% as at 31 March 2013.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the result of the Group for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group at the end of the year. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particular of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

附註:

- a. 5% 無投票權遞延股份之持有人無 權收取該公司任何股東大會之通告 或出席大會或於會上投票。無投票 權遞延股份實際上並無附有任何權 利獲派股息或在清盤時獲得任何分 派。
- 該等公司以外商投資企業形式登 b 記。
- 廣州吉祥為中廣投資之全資附屬 С. 公司。待於截至二零一二年及二零 一三年三月三十一日止年度分別 轉讓中廣投資41%及8%權益予富 利環球(載於附註23)後,本集團 於廣州吉祥之實際權益已由100% 減至於二零一二年三月三十一日之 59%,並進一步減至於二零一三年 三月三十一日之51%。

上表列載之本集團附屬公司,乃董事 認為主要影響本集團年內之業績或構 成本集團年終資產淨值重大部分之公 司。董事認為,詳載其他附屬公司會 導致篇幅過於冗長。

年末概無附屬公司發行任何債務證 券。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

46.Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries 46. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續) (Continued)

Details of non-wholly owned subsidiary that has material noncontrolling interests

擁有重大非控股權益之非全資附屬 公司詳情

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group that has material non-controlling interests:

下表列出擁有重大非控股權益之本集 團非全資附屬公司詳情:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Incorporation and principal place of business 註冊成立及主要營業地點	Proportion of ownership interest held by non-controlling interests 非控股權益持有之 擁有權權益比例		Proportion of voting power held by non-controlling interests 非控股權益持有之 投票權比例		(Loss) profit allocated to non-controlling interests 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)溢利		Accumulated non-controlling interests 累計非控股權益	
		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年	2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$ ['] 000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ ['] 000 千港元
Guangzhou Jixiang 廣州吉祥 Individually immaterial subsidiaries with non-controlling interests 擁有非控限權益之個別不重大	PRC/Hong Kong 中國/香港	49%	49%	49%	49%	(9,865)	(3,924)	789,936	799,678
附屬公司						3,296 (6,569)	(1,596) (5,520)	69,660 859,596	68,790 868,468

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

擁有重大非控股權益之本集團附屬公 司之財務資料概要載列如下。下列財 務資料概要指進行集團內公司間對銷 前之金額。

46.Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries 46.主要附屬公司之詳情(續) (Continued)

廣州吉祥

Guangzhou Jixiang

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	2,727,071	2,076,149
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,010	1,036
Current liabilities	流動負債	(2,666,926)	(1,820,061)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(573,489)	(749,064)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	(1,302,270)	(1,291,618)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	789,936	799,678
Other income	其他收入	3,939	15
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(24,072)	(7,236)
Finance costs	財務費用	-	(2,349)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(20,133)	(9,570)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company Loss attributable to the non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔虧損 非控股權益應佔虧損	(10,268) (9,865)	(5,646) (3,924)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(20,133)	(9,570)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	經營業務產生之現金流出 淨額	(500,975)	(1,167,611)
Net cash (outflow) inflow from investing activities	投資業務產生之現金(流出) 流入淨額	(337)	6,331
Net cash inflow from financing activities	融資業務產生之現金流入 淨額	488,280	1,176,072
Net cash (outflow) inflow	現金(流出)流入淨額	(13,032)	14,792

Financial Summary

財務摘要

A summary of the consolidated results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for each of the five years ended 31 March 2014 is set out below:

(a) Results

本集團於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止 五個年度各年綜合業績及資產與負債之概 要載於下文:

Veer ended 21 Merch

(a) 業績

		Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度						
			2011 二零一一年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2014 二零一四年		
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列) (<i>note)</i> (<i>附註</i>)	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元		
Revenue	收入	74,530	23,222	78,129	180,620	26,721		
Profit (loss) for the year from continuing operations (Loss) profit for the year from	來自持續經營業務之 年內溢利(虧損) 來自已終止經營業務之	200,243	96,881	(218,287)	(132,240)	(108,584)		
discontinued operation	年內(虧損)溢利	-	(4,029)	30,142	-	-		
Profit (loss) for the year	年內溢利(虧損)	200,243	92,852	(188,145)	(132,240)	(108,584)		
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	188,731 11,512	81,865 10,987	(189,994) 1,849	(126,720) (5,520)	(102,015) (6,569)		
		200,243	92,852	(188,145)	(132,240)	(108,584)		

(b) Assets and liabilities

(b) 資產及負債

			At 31 March 於三月三十一日					
		2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元		
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	4,290,979 (1,660,667)	4,223,012 (1,468,589)	4,098,602 (691,787)	4,747,554 (1,352,299)	4,989,820 (1,756,501)		
		2,630,312	2,754,423	3,406,815	3,395,255	3,233,319		
Equity attributable to Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔權益 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	2,475,361 154,951	2,634,154 120,269	2,709,242 697,573	2,526,787 868,468	2,373,723 859,596		
		2,630,312	2,754,423	3,406,815	3,395,255	3,233,319		

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group entered into agreement to dispose of its 100% equity interest in Shine Brilliant Limited and Widecheer Limited ("Disposal Group"), which carried out all of the Group's sand mining operations. The completion of the disposal caused the Group lost control over the Disposal Group. Thereafter the Group discontinued in the sand mining operations and presented as discontinued operations. The comparative figures in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2011 have been restated accordingly. 附註:於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團訂立協議出售Shine Brilliant Limited及Widecheer Limited(「出售集團」,從事本集團所有採砂業務)之100%股權。出售事項完成導致本集團失去對出售集團之控制權。 其後,本集團已終止經營採砂業務,並將採砂業務呈列為已終止經營業務。綜合損益及其他全面收益表內截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度之比較數字已相應重列。

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