

### 中国大唐集团新能源股份有限公司

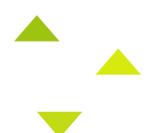
China Datang Corporation Renewable Power Co., Limited\*

(A joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

Stock Code: 1798







Interim Report 2014

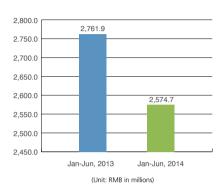


### **Unaudited Interim Results**

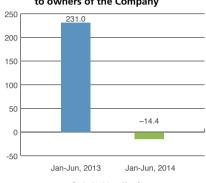
The board of directors (the "Board") of China Datang Corporation Renewable Power Co., Limited (the "Company") hereby announces the unaudited operating results of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") for the six months ended June 30, 2014, together with the operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2013 (the "Corresponding Period in 2013") for comparison. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the consolidated revenue of the Group amounted to RMB2,575 million, representing a decrease of 6.78% over the Corresponding Period in 2013; profit before taxation amounted to RMB12 million, representing a decrease of 96.06% over the Corresponding Period in 2013; loss attributable to owners of the Company amounted to RMB14 million, representing a decrease of 106.23% over the profit in the Corresponding Period in 2013; basic and diluted losses per share attributable to owners of the Company amounted to approximately RMB0.002, representing a decrease of 106.29% as compared with the earnings per share in the Corresponding Period in 2013.

## Key Operating and Financial Data

1. Revenue

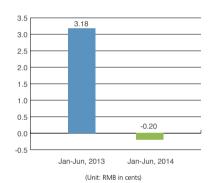


#### 2. Net profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company

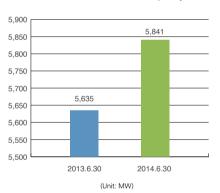


(Unit: RMB in millions)

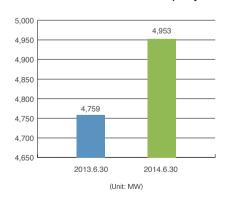
#### 3. Basic and diluted earnings/(losses) per share



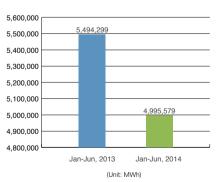
4. Consolidated installed capacity



5. Attributable installed capacity



6. Sales of electricity



### Key Operating and Financial Data (Continued)

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	For the six month	s ended June 30,
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Revenue	2,574,698	2,761,872
Other income/(expense) and other gains/(losses)-net	64,796	(6,255)
Operating expenses	(1,528,715)	(1,403,924)
Operating profit	1,110,779	1,351,693
Profit before taxation	12,249	310,923
Income tax expense	(19,008)	(24,869)
(Loss)/profit for the period	(6,759)	286,054
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	(132,658)	478,862
		•
(Loss)/profit attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	(14,402)	231,019
Non-controlling interests	7,643	55,035
	(6.750)	200.054
	(6,759)	286,054
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	(140,535)	424,464
Non-controlling interests	7,877	54,398
	(132,658)	478,862
Basic and diluted (losses)/earnings per share for		
(loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company		
(expressed in RMB per share)	(0.0020)	0.0318

### Key Operating and Financial Data (Continued)

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
	RMB'000	RMB′000
Total non-current assets	49,777,111	49,970,080
Total current assets	6,753,014	6,418,233
Total assets	56,530,125	56,388,313
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	9,128,511	9,291,985
Non-controlling interests	2,702,802	2,570,961
Total equity	11,831,313	11,862,946
Total non-current liabilities	34,696,737	34,254,965
Total current liabilities	10,002,075	10,270,402
Total equity and liabilities	56,530,125	56,388,313

### Management Discussion and Analysis

#### I. INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

In the first half of 2014, the nationwide electricity supply and demand were generally in balance, with the stable increase in electricity consumption. According to the data of China Electricity Council, the national electricity consumption was 2.6276 million GWh in the first half of 2014, representing a year-on-year increase of 5.3%, with the increase of 0.2 percentage point in the growth as compared with the same period of last year. The total electricity generation of power plants above a certain scale in the PRC was 2.6163 million GWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 5.8%, with the increase of 1.5 percentage points in the growth as compared with the same period of last year. In the first half of 2014, the average utilization hours of the nationwide hydropower equipment was 1,430 hours, representing a decrease of 101 hours as compared with the same period of last year. The average utilization hours of the thermal power equipment was 2,375 hours, representing a decrease of 26 hours as compared with the same period of last year.

This year is an important year for the implementation of environmental protection of the whole electricity industry, as the Chinese government will accelerate the electricity structural adjustment, transform the development mode of electricity and continue to increase the policy support for the renewable energy of wind power and solar energy, etc.

In the National Energy Work Conference held at the beginning of 2014, the National Energy Administration proposed the specific installed capacity goal: the additional wind power installed capacity in 2014 would amount to be 18 GW, representing an increase of 11.8% as compared with the 16.1 GW of 2013. In the first half of 2014, 4.43 GW additional wind power was put into operation. Therefore, there is a high chance that the original objective will be exceeded in the year.

In February 2014, the National Energy Administration enacted the Fourth Batch of Wind Power Projects Approval Plan, in which the total installed capacity of the projects was expected to be 27.6 GW. The figures far surpassed the market expectation, which indicated the determination of the PRC to continue to firmly promote the healthy development of the wind power industry.

#### I. INDUSTRY OVERVIEW (Continued)

In March 2014, the National Energy Administration issued the Notice of Implementation of Wind Power Grid Connection and Consumption in 2014 (《關於做好二零一四年風電並網消納工作的通知》), which required the full recognition of the importance of wind power consumption in order to focus on guaranteeing the wind power consumption in the key areas. In the meantime, the notice required to reinforce the construction of ancillary transmission channels of the wind power bases and prioritize the development and construction of distributive wind power resources so as to optimize operation and management of grid connection, and provide good services for grid connection of wind power.

In May 2014, the National Energy Administration formally issued Notice on Expedition of the Construction of Twelve Key Transmission Channels of the Air Pollution Prevention Plan (《關於加快推進大氣污染防治行動計劃12條重點輸電通道建設的通知》) to approve the preliminary work of the twelve electricity transmission channels. In particular, it clearly proposed the project construction scheme compromising eight extra-high voltage circuits including four alternating current circuits and four direct current circuits. In addition, it firstly clarified the circuit construction schedule and scheme that all of the circuits would be put into operation no later than the end of 2017. The accelerated construction of power grid transmission circuits would largely ease the power curtailment in the northern China.

In June 2014, the National Development and Reform Commission issued the Notice of On-grid Tariff of Offshore Wind Power (《關於海上風電上網電價政策的通知》), which regulated the on-grid tariff of the offshore wind power to lay the foundation for the development of the national offshore wind power.

In the first half of this year, affected by the wind power resources, the average utilization hours of the wind power equipment in the PRC was 986 hours, representing a decrease of 114 hours as compared with the same period of last year. However, along with the implementation of the above policies, the overall development situation of the PRC wind power industry was good with certain alleviation of power curtailment. The prospect of new energy industry is still promising under the strong support and promotion from the government.

#### II. BUSINESS OVERVIEW

As at June 30, 2014, the Group's consolidated installed capacity amounted to 5,841 MW, representing an increase of 3.66% as compared with the same period of last year; electricity generation for the first half of 2014 amounted to 5,161,114 MWh, representing a decrease of 8.44% as compared with the same period of last year. The Group's average on-grid tariff (tax inclusive) was RMB596.30/MWh, representing an increase of RMB16.30/MWh as compared with the same period of 2013. The revenue amounted to RMB2,574.70 million, representing a decrease of 6.78%. Loss attributable to owners of the Company amounted to RMB14.40 million, representing a decrease of 106.23% as compared with the profit in the same period of last year.

#### 1. Reinforce the production and management, stabilize power generation

In the first half of 2014, average wind speed of the Group's wind power farms reduced by 0.72m/s, and the electricity generated by the Group reduced slightly as compared with the same period of last year. Through enhanced management of equipment, the Group made much efforts such as accelerating the implementation of production informationalization to improve the generating capacity of the wind power farms. Despite the decrease of wind speed, the production still maintained steadily.

In the first half of 2014, the Group generated total electricity of 5,161,114 MWh, representing a year-on-year decrease of 8.44%. In particular, the Group generated wind power of 5,052,104 MWh, representing a year-on-year decrease of 9.07%; the average utilization hours of wind power was 907.84 hours, representing a year-on-year decrease of 13.90%; the ratio of grid curtailment for wind energy (風電限電比) was 14.30%, 4.58 percentage points lower than the same period of last year.

#### II. BUSINESS OVERVIEW (Continued)

# 1. Reinforce the production and management, stabilize power generation (Continued)

During the reporting period, the consolidated wind power generation of the Group by geographical area was as follows:

Region	For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (MWh)	For the six months ended June 30, 2013 (MWh)	Year-on-year rate of change (%)
Innor Mongolia	2 249 267	2 491 062	-9.41%
Inner Mongolia	2,248,367	2,481,962	-9.41% -14.88%
Heilongjiang	312,352	366,972	
Jilin 	486,800	525,538	-7.37%
Liaoning	280,765	364,695	-23.01%
Hebei	39,470	24,045	64.15%
Gansu	319,777	318,985	0.25%
Henan	106,728	124,560	-14.32%
Shanxi	200,282	260,477	-23.11%
Ningxia	215,685	224,394	-3.88%
Shaanxi	78,248	21,465	264.54%
Yunnan	146,661	148,499	-1.24%
Shandong	449,998	524,272	-14.17%
Guangdong	43,948	36,490	20.44%
Shanghai	123,023	133,883	-8.11%
Total	5,052,104	5,556,237	-9.07%

#### II. BUSINESS OVERVIEW (Continued)

# 1. Reinforce the production and management, stabilize power generation (Continued)

During the reporting period, the average utilization hours of the Group's wind farms by geographical area were as follows:

Region	For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (hours)	For the six months ended June 30, 2013 (hours)	Year-on-year rate of change (%)
Inner Mongolia	954.00	1,103.60	<b>–13.56%</b>
Heilongjiang	778.93	1,080.92	-27.94%
Jilin	751.12	878.68	-14.52%
Liaoning	861.77	1,119.38	-23.01%
Hebei	797.37	485.76	64.15%
Gansu	812.03	810.02	0.25%
Henan	1,059.34	1,236.33	-14.32%
Shanxi	1,011.53	1,315.54	-23.11%
Ningxia	871.46	906.64	-3.88%
Shaanxi	790.38	806.05	-1.94%
Yunnan	1,492.73	1,511.44	-1.24%
Shandong	909.09	1,059.14	-14.17%
Guangdong	887.84	794.64	11.73%
Shanghai	1,206.11	1,312.58	-8.11%
Total	907.84	1,054.37	-13.90%

#### II. BUSINESS OVERVIEW (Continued)

### 2. Strengthen development plan to facilitate the optimization of regional structure

To meet the internal needs and external environment of development, the Group facilitated the optimization of regional structure with various means through speeding up the structural adjustment on a continuous manner and making more efforts to the development of projects in the non-restricted region, and thus made continuous improvement on the quality of the Group's project development.

In the first half of 2014, the approved capacity of wind power projects of the Group was 350.50 MW. As at June 30, 2014, the Group had total approved capacity of wind power of 10,731.65 MW, among which, the approved planned capacity of wind power projects listed in the "Twelfth Five-Year Plan" was 4,962.50 MW covering 26 provinces, cities and autonomous regions. With the approval of quality projects in southern China, the regional distribution of the Group was rationalized.

As at June 30, 2014, the Group's capacity of wind power projects included in the national approval plan, the cumulative approved capacity and the unapproved capacity included in the national wind power approval plan by geographical area were as follows:

			Unapproved capacity included in the
	Capacity included	Cumulative	national wind
	in the national	approved	power approval
Area	approval plan	capacity	plan
	(MW)	(MW)	(MW)
Inner Mongolia	628.50	3,379.95	_
Heilongjiang	250.00	738.00	_
Jilin	200.00	746.10	_
Liaoning	243.00	509.30	97.50
Hebei	97.50	99.00	48.00
Gansu	349.50	1,143.80	_

#### II. BUSINESS OVERVIEW (Continued)

# 2. Strengthen development plan to facilitate the optimization of regional structure (Continued)

			Unapproved capacity
	Compatible to alcohol	Committee	included in the
	Capacity included	Cumulative	national wind
<b>A</b>	in the national	approved	power approval
Area	approval plan	capacity	plan
	(MW)	(MW)	(MW)
Henan	_	100.75	_
Shanxi	548.50	796.00	_
Shaanxi	148.50	198.00	_
Yunnan	495.50	246.75	347.00
Shandong	343.50	724.50	145.50
Guangdong	89.00	49.50	39.00
Shanghai	_	102.00	_
Jiangsu	147.00	300.00	147.00
Zhejiang	115.00	46.00	69.00
Anhui	193.50	143.50	_
Fujian	126.00	72.00	48.00
Jiangxi	46.00	46.00	_
Hubei	147.50	97.50	48.00
Hunan	149.00	49.50	99.90
Guangxi	297.50	248.00	49.55
Guizhou	49.50	48.00	_
Qinghai	50.00	49.50	_
Ningxia	99.50	742.50	_
Beijing	49.50	_	49.50
Chongging	99.00	49.50	49.50
Hainan	_	6.00	_
-			
Total	4,962.50	10,731.65	1,237.45

#### II. BUSINESS OVERVIEW (Continued)

# 3. Strictly control the scale of investment while further promoting the key projects

In the first half of 2014, the Group focused on improving quality and efficiency of development while greater efforts were made to promote key and high performance projects, rather than pursuing high-speed development. Funds were invested in quality and efficient projects and various measures were adopted to ensure these projects to be put into operation as scheduled.

By the end of June 2014, the Group had projects under construction with capacity of 1,061.50 MW while the cumulative consolidated installed capacity of wind power was 5,718.55 MW, representing an increase of 3.37% over the same period of last year. The cumulative consolidated installed capacity of solar power was 117.47 MW, representing an increase of 20.52% over the same period of last year.

As of June 30, 2014, the consolidated installed capacity of wind power of the Group by region was as follows:

	As of June 30,	As of June 30,	Year-on-year
Area	2014	2013	rate of change
	(MW)	(MW)	(%)
Inner Mongolia	2,507.35	2,457.85	2.01%
Heilongjiang	401.00	351.50	14.08%
Jilin	648.10	598.10	8.36%
Liaoning	325.80	325.80	_
Hebei	49.50	49.50	_
Gansu	393.80	393.80	_
Henan	100.75	100.75	_
Shanxi	198.00	198.00	_
Ningxia	247.50	247.50	_
Shaanxi	99.00	61.50	60.98%
Guangxi	3.00	3.00	_
Yunnan	98.25	98.25	_
Shandong	495.00	495.00	_
Guangdong	49.50	49.50	_
Shanghai	102.00	102.00	
Total	5,718.55	5,532.05	3.37%

#### II. BUSINESS OVERVIEW (Continued)

3. Strictly control the scale of investment while further promoting the key projects (Continued)

As of June 30, 2014, the consolidated installed capacity of solar power of the Group by region was as follows:

Area	As of June 30, 2014 <i>(MW)</i>	As of June 30, 2013 <i>(MW)</i>	Year-on-year rate of change (%)
Jiangsu	18.47	18.47	_
Ningxia	49.00	49.00	_
Qinghai	50.00	30.00	66.67%
Total	117.47	97.47	20.52%

# 4. Enhance the improvement on management and control to effectively lower the capital risk

In the first half of 2014, the Group adopted various measures to strengthen the management and control, with the objective to manage and lower the capital risk in an effective manner. The financial management and control was further strengthened while capital expenditure was under stringent control to ensure the proper cash expenditure. In the meantime, more rigorous management on financing was implemented. Efforts were made to obtain policy supports, among which, the Supervisory Office of Recovery of Subsidy Funds for Tariff (補貼電費回收督辦) was established to enhance the timely collection in the core provinces and regions. The overall planning and budget management were further deepened while all the investment risks were controllable and under control.

#### III. FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATING RESULTS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim financial information of the Group together with its accompanying notes.

#### 1. Overview

The Group's net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2014 amounted to RMB6.76 million, representing a decrease of 102.36% as compared with the profit of RMB286.05 million for the same period of 2013. Loss attributable to the owners of the Company for the period amounted to RMB14.40 million, representing a decrease of 106.23% as compared with the profit of RMB231.02 million for the same period of 2013.

#### 2. Revenue

The Group's revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2014 decreased by 6.78% to RMB2,574.70 million as compared with RMB2,761.87 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to the year-on-year decrease in wind speed, which led to the decline in on-grid electricity.

The Group's electricity sales revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2014 decreased by 6.53% to RMB2,546.05 million as compared with RMB2,723.79 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to the year-on-year decrease in wind speed, which led to the decline in on-grid electricity.

The Group's revenue from EPC services for the six months ended June 30, 2014 amounted to RMB21.86 million, representing an increase of 26.95% as compared with RMB17.22 million for the same period of 2013.

#### III. FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)

#### 3. Other income/(expense) and other gains/(losses) - net

The Group's other income/(expense) and other gains/(losses) - net for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased by 1,135.91% to the gains of RMB64.80 million as compared with the losses of RMB6.26 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to the increase in government grants and the decrease in losses from CDM projects.

The Group's government grants for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased by 372.24% to RMB64.41 million as compared with RMB13.64 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to the increase in value-added tax ("VAT") refund during the period.

The Group's loss from CDM projects for the six months ended June 30, 2014 decreased by 86.17% to RMB3.01 million as compared with RMB21.75 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to a net gain resulted from settlement of certain receivables and decrease in exchange losses.

#### 4. Operating expenses

The Group's operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased by 8.89% to RMB1,528.72 million as compared with RMB1,403.92 million for the same period of 2013. This increase was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in depreciation and amortization charges of wind turbines; (ii) higher labor cost.

The Group's depreciation and amortization charges for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased by 11.69% to RMB1,166.18 million as compared with RMB1,044.14 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to more wind power projects which were put into operation.

The Group's employee benefit expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased by 20.41% to RMB162.97 million as compared with RMB135.34 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to the increase in the number of projects commissioned for production and operation, which led to the increase in expensed labor cost.

The Group's other operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 decreased by 4.64% to RMB160.38 million as compared with RMB168.19 million for the same period of 2013, primarily attributable to the further strengthened cost and expenses control, which effectively reduced the operational and management cost.

#### III. FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)

#### 5. Operating profit

The Group's operating profit for the six months ended June 30, 2014 decreased by 17.82% to RMB1,110.78 million as compared with RMB1,351.69 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to a decline in on-grid electricity and an increase in depreciation and amortization charges.

#### 6. Finance income

The Group's finance income for the six months ended June 30, 2014 decreased by 3.95% to RMB13.71 million as compared with RMB14.27 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to the decrease in the average balance of the Group's bank deposits.

#### 7. Finance expenses

The Group's finance expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased by 7.87% to RMB1,135.75 million as compared with RMB1,052.89 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to (1) the termination of capitalization of the interest on loans for projects which were put into operation; (2) the increase in average amount of balance of borrowings as compared with that of the same period of 2013.

## 8. Share of profit/(loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method

The Group recorded a profit of RMB24.08 million in share of profit of associates for the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared with a loss of RMB1.95 million in share of loss of associates for the same period of 2013.

The Group recorded a loss of RMB0.57 million in share of loss of joint ventures for the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared with RMB0.20 million for the same period of 2013.

#### III. FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)

#### 9. Income tax expense

The Group's income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was RMB19.01 million, representing a decrease of 23.57% from RMB24.87 million for the same period of 2013. This was mainly due to (1) the decrease in the Group's total profit for the six months ended June 30, 2014 over the same period of 2013, which led to a corresponding decrease in income tax expense; (2) the fluctuation in profitability as well as the difference in initiation and expiration of tax benefit of certain subsidiaries of the Company located in regions with preferential income tax rate; and (3) the impact of deferred tax assets recognized according to deductible temporary differences.

#### 10. (Loss)/profit for the period

The Group's loss for the six months ended June 30, 2014 amounted to RMB6.76 million, representing a decrease of 102.36% as compared with the profit RMB286.05 million for the same period of 2013. The Group's loss as a percentage of its total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2014 amounted to 0.26% as compared with a profit margin of 10.36% for the same period of 2013, primarily due to (1) the increase in installed capacity of the Group, which led to the increase in depreciation and amortization charges and finance expenses; (2) a year-on-year drop in the wind speed, which led to the decrease in on-grid electricity as compared with that of the same period of 2013.

#### 11. (Loss)/profit attributable to the owners of the Company

The Group's loss attributable to the owners of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2014 amounted to RMB14.40 million, representing a decrease of 106.23% as compared with the profit of RMB231.02 million for the same period of 2013.

#### 12. Profit attributable to non-controlling interests

The Group's profit attributable to non-controlling interests for the six months ended June 30, 2014 decreased by 86.11% to RMB7.64 million as compared with RMB55.04 million for the same period of 2013.

#### III. FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)

#### 13. Liquidity and capital resources

The Group's cash and cash equivalents as at June 30, 2014 increased by 29.85% to RMB1,300.35 million as compared with RMB1,001.39 million as at December 31, 2013. The main sources of operating capital of the Group included: (i) approximately RMB17,971.2 million as at June 30, 2014 of unutilized financing facilities, primarily including the undrawn credit facilities under the financing facilities agreements which the Company entered into with commercial banks in China; (ii) RMB1,300.35 million of cash and cash equivalents as at June 30, 2014.

As at June 30, 2014, the Group's borrowings increased by 1.85% to RMB39,902.29 million as compared with RMB39,177.85 million as at December 31, 2013. In particular, an amount of RMB5,688.87 million (including an amount of RMB2,924.89 million of long-term borrowings due within 1 year) was short-term borrowings, and an amount of RMB34,213.41 million was long-term borrowings.

#### 14. Capital expenditure

The Group's capital expenditure for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased by 5.76% to RMB1,209.26 million as compared with RMB1,143.44 million for the same period of 2013. Capital expenditure mainly comprised of costs for purchase and construction of property, plant and equipment.

#### 15. Net gearing ratio

As at June 30, 2014, the Group's net gearing ratio (net debt (total borrowings minus cash and cash equivalents) divided by the sum of net debt and total equity) was 76.54%, representing an increase of 0.25 percentage point as compared with 76.29% as at December 31, 2013, which was mainly due to the increase in total borrowings during the period.

#### 16. Significant investment

The Group had no significant investment during the six months ended June 30, 2014.

#### III. FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)

#### 17. Material acquisitions and disposals

The Group had no material acquisitions and disposals during the six months ended June 30, 2014.

#### 18. Pledge of assets

Some of the Group's loans are secured by property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and tariff collection rights. As at June 30, 2014, net carrying value of the pledged assets amounted to RMB7,326.82 million.

#### 19. Contingent liabilities

As at June 30, 2014, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

#### IV. RISK FACTORS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 1. Policy risk

Since 2005, the PRC government has offered increasing policy support to the renewable energy industry and implemented a series of preferential measures to bolster the development of domestic wind power projects, including compulsory grid connections, on-grid tariff subsidies, and tax incentives like the reduction/ exemption or a 50% refund for value-added tax. Although the PRC government has reiterated that it would continue to intensify its support for the development of the wind power industry, there is still possibility that it might alter or repeal the current preferential measures and favorable policies without any prior notice.

#### 2. Grid curtailment risk

As the speed of the Group's grid construction and wind farm construction in certain regions are out of sync, it is difficult to transmit all the potential electricity that could be generated when wind farms run at full load, thus hindering its power transmission upon completion of relevant projects. In addition, if all electricity generated by the Group's wind farms upon operation at full load fails to be consumed locally, the Group may reduce its power generation.

#### IV. RISK FACTORS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 3. Technological risk

The energy industry develops rapidly amid fierce competition. Technological progress may result in the reduction of development costs for different types of energy, and put the existing wind power projects and technologies in an uncompetitive or obsolete situation. Failure to adopt newly-developed technologies in time may have an adverse impact on the Group's business, financial position and operating results.

#### 4. Competition risk

In China, the competition in the wind power industry is increasingly fierce as many entities are investing in wind power projects, all of which are competing for resources through different ways and measures. As a result, the Group will continue to scientifically adjust its portfolio, consolidate existing resource reserves, explore new area of resources and further expand resource reserves. At the same time, the Group will enhance efforts in technology and management innovation and keep improving its core competitiveness by making use of its existing advantages.

#### 5. Risks related to recoverability of CDM emission reductions receivables

In the first half of 2014, as the economic crisis in Europe had not been effectively alleviated, transaction prices and trading volume in the secondary market of carbon emission reductions remained in a prolonged doldrums. As a result, the risks related to collectibility of receivables in relation to contracted emission reductions of carbon assets remained. Therefore, the Group will continue to keep a close track of the changes in policies and the market condition and formulate practicable roadmap and implementation scheme to manage the related risk and thus ensure the collectibility of the carbon assets of the Group.

#### IV. RISK FACTORS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 6. Risks related to geographical concentration of wind power projects

The Group's wind power projects are primarily located in Inner Mongolia region. Although this region offers abundant wind resources, and the local government provides wind power companies with relatively lower benchmark on-grid tariffs compared to other regions in the PRC, the Group's wind power projects in Inner Mongolia are currently adversely affected by grid curtailment due to the mismatch between the speed of the Group's wind farm construction and that of the local power grids construction. Any change adversely affecting the local wind conditions, local grid transmission capacity, on-grid tariffs and government policies in Inner Mongolia, could reduce the electricity the Group generates and have an adverse impact on the Group's wind power business. To cope with this, the Group will timely and accordingly adjust its project portfolio in response to the changes in its business strategy, government policy and other factors.

#### 7. Climate risk

The commercial viability and profitability of the Group's wind farms are highly dependent on suitable wind resources and relevant weather conditions. The electricity and revenue generated from a wind power project are highly dependent on local climatic conditions, particularly conditions of wind resources, which vary substantially in different seasons and regions and are difficult to predict. Turbines will only start to operate when the wind speed reaches a certain threshold, and must be disconnected when the wind speed exceeds a certain maximum velocity to avoid damage. The Group's investment decisions for each wind power project are based on the findings of feasibility studies conducted on site before starting construction. However, the actual climatic conditions at a project site, particularly wind conditions, may not conform to the findings of these feasibility studies, and, therefore, the wind power projects may not meet anticipated production levels, which could adversely affect the Group's forecasted profitability.

#### 8. Project construction risk

The Group's rapid expansion of wind power projects range in the southern coastal regions further increases the number of places unfavourable for wind farm construction and land and labour costs for wind farm construction. The Group may encounter such risks as delays in completion of project construction due to increased construction difficulties, and total construction costs for such wind power projects may thus exceed the budget.

#### IV. RISK FACTORS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 9. Risks related to safety management

The Group has transformed its business from wind power generation to a diversified portfolio comprising wind power, solar power, biomass, CBM, EPC and distributed energy, etc., with a focus on wind power. There will be more and more hazard sources and hidden hazards in the course of the Group's business diversification, as the Group are yet to be familiar with the features and patterns of production safety management in these sectors and it takes time for us to establish a rigorous, sound and orderly production safety management system. In this regard, the Group will put more efforts in scientific research and promote the establishment and improvement of its production safety management system through thorough studies and practical experience.

#### 10. Interest risk

Interest risk may result from fluctuations in bank loan rates. Such interest rate changes will impact the Group's capital expenditure and financial costs, thus affecting the operating results. As the Group highly relies on external financing to obtain the required investment capital to expand wind power business, the Group is particularly sensitive to the capital cost in securing such loans.

#### 11. Exchange rate risk

Fluctuations of RMB exchange rates could adversely affect the Group's financial position and operating results. Though the Group conducts substantially all of its business operations in China and the major revenue is denominated in RMB, it also derives revenue from the sales of certified emission reductions ("CERs") which is denominated in foreign currencies. Meanwhile, the Group converts RMB into foreign currencies to purchase equipment and services from abroad, make investments and acquisitions overseas, or pay dividends to the shareholders. The Group is therefore subject to risks associated with foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. Fluctuations in the value of RMB against foreign currencies may reduce the Group's RMB receivables from the sales of CERs, increase the Group's RMB costs for foreign acquisitions and foreign currency borrowings, or affect the prices of the Group's imported equipment and materials. To this end, the Group will keep a close eye on the movement of exchange rates in the capital market and conduct research thereon, and use various means to enhance the Group's control over exchange rate risk.

#### IV. RISK FACTORS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 12. Risks related to high gearing ratio

The Group operates in a capital-intensive industry, and an increase in gearing ratio could increase the Group's finance cost and have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition or operating results.

#### V. OUTLOOK FOR BUSINESS IN SECOND HALF OF 2014

In the second half of 2014, the PRC will further intensify its support of the development of clean energy. Due to the significant breakthrough of the consideration and approval as well as the construction of energy transmission channels in the northern part of the PRC, the grid curtailment issue is expected to be mitigated and the project development in the grid curtailment regions will have a new opportunity. On the other hand, affected by the decrease in wind speed this year, the Group will still face severe power generating situation in the next half year.

In the second half of 2014, the Group will focus on the following tasks:

#### 1. Be the first mover of power generation and enhance productivity

The Group will expedite the improvement of occupational qualities of the production staff and accelerate the construction of the production information dispatching centre. By initiating special governance activities of wind turbines, the Group will spare no effort to enhance the efficiency and renovate its wind turbines, optimize the management of wind turbines spare parts and strengthen efforts in electricity marketing.

#### 2. Focus on major projects and propel projects into production

The Group will enhance the supervision of project progresses to ensure the control of the safety, quality and progress of project construction. In addition, it will tighten the project award and assessment system to ensure that construction will proceed as scheduled. Meanwhile, the Group will exercise strict control over the project costs to increase the project revenue.

#### V. OUTLOOK FOR BUSINESS IN SECOND HALF OF 2014 (Continued)

#### 3. Reinforce budget management and control and optimize costs control

The Group will stipulate rigid budget management and control procedures to reinforce the overall execution of the budget management. Through the enhancement of capital management and control, the Group will prevent and control the financial risks to minimize cost. By paying close attention to the changes in market rates, it will continue to facilitate a sound financing management.

#### 4. Deepen institutional innovation and realize enterprise reform

The Group will advance structural reform, put effort in cultivating talents, and enhance the management of the wind power plants. Therefore, the Group will actively promote and develop a maintenance mode in accordance with the management requirements of wind power plants. In addition, it will deepen its reform of the internal remuneration distribution system to fully tap into the incentives arising from distribution of remuneration.

### Other Information

#### 1. SHARE CAPITAL

As of June 30, 2014, the total ordinary shares of the Company was RMB7,273,701,000, divided into 7,273,701,000 shares with nominal value of RMB1.00 each.

#### 2. INTERIM DIVIDENDS

The Board of the Company does not recommend payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended June 30, 2014 (2013: nil).

# 3. INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF THE DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As of June 30, 2014, none of the Directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

# 4. SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES

As of June 30, 2014, to the best of the Directors' knowledge, having made all reasonable enquires, the following persons (other than the Directors, senior management or supervisors of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

Name of Shareholders	Class of Shares	Capacity	Number of Shares/ Underlying Shares Held	Percentage in the Relevant Class of Share Capital	Percentage in the Total Share Capital
			(Share)	(%)	(%)
Datang Corporation (Note)	Domestic Shares	Beneficial owner and interest of controlled corporation	4,772,629,900 (Long position)	100%	65.61%
Datang Jilin (Note)	Domestic Shares	Beneficial owner	599,374,505 (Long position)	12.56%	8.24%
National Council for Social Security Fund	H Shares	Beneficial owner	214,261,000 (Long position)	8.57%	2.95%

Note:

Datang Corporation directly held 4,173,255,395 domestic Shares and is deemed to be interested in 599,374,505 domestic shares held by Datang Jilin, by virtue of the fact that Datang Jilin is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Datang Corporation, therefore, Datang Corporation, directly and indirectly, held 4,772,629,900 domestic shares of the Company in total.

# 5. CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company who were appointed or retired and the reasons thereof are set out as below:

- 1. Since June 6, 2014, due to rearrangement of positions, Mr. Wu Jing resigned as the non-executive Director, the chairman of the Strategic Committee and a member of the Remuneration and Assessment Committee of the Company. The Company appointed Mr. Zhang Chunlei as the non-executive Director, a member of the Strategic Committee and a member of the Remuneration and Assessment Committee of the Company.
- 2. Since June 6, 2014, due to rearrangement of positions, Mr. Wang Guoping, Mr. Zhang Xiaochun and Mr. Dong Jianhua resigned as the supervisors of the Company. The Company appointed Mr. He Hua, Mr Guo Shuping and Ms. Mi Keyan as the supervisors of the Company.
- 3. Since June 10, 2014, Mr. Wang Wenpeng resigned as the Secretary to the Board and the joint company secretary of the Company. Upon election by the Board of the Company, Mr. Chen Yong has been appointed as the Secretary to the Board and the joint company secretary of the Company.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the changes of relevant information of the Directors of the Company are set out as below:

- 1. Due to a rearrangement of positions, Mr. Su Min has served as the director of the Project Management Department of Datang Corporation since May 6, 2014 and no longer holds the position of General Manager of Datang Jilin.
- 2. Since June 10, 2014, upon election by the Board of the Company, Mr. Hu Yongsheng was elected as the Vice Chairman of the Company and the Chairman of the Strategic Committee.

# 6. PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### 7. ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL

For the period of six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company or any other subsidiaries were not involved in any material acquisition or disposal of assets.

#### 8. MATERIAL LITIGATION AND ARBITRATION

As of June 30, 2014, the Company was not involved in any material litigation or arbitration, and there was no litigation or claim of material importance to be pending or threatened by or against the Company.

#### 9. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has always been in strict compliance with the principles and requirements of the Listing Rules. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company was not involved in any material litigation liable by any Director. Each Director of the Company has the necessary qualification and experience required for performing his duty. The Company estimates that in the reasonably foreseeable future, there is little risk that there would be any event for which any Director shall take responsibility. Therefore, the Company confirmed that no liability insurance was arranged for Directors.

The Company believes that diversity of the Board members will promote the achievement of its strategic goals, as well as the sustainable development of the Company. Therefore, on August 22, 2014, the Company considered and approved the Policy Concerning Diversity of Board Members, and affirmed that diversity of the Board members will be considered in various aspects in regards of composition of Board members. All the Nomination of the Directors by the Board will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board, features of business in the Company, and demand for future development. Selection of candidates for the Board will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, region, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The policy has been disclosed in the Company's website.

# COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE (Continued)

The Nomination Committee will annually disclose the composition of the Board in the Corporate Governance Report, and supervise the implementation of the policy. The Nomination Committee will review the policy in due time to ensure its effectiveness in performance. The Nomination Committee will discuss any or required amendment, and offer the advice on amendments to the Board for its consideration.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, save as disclosed above, the Company has been in strict compliance with the principles and code provisions contained in the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, as well as certain recommended best practices.

# 10. COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND RELEVANT EMPLOYEES

The Company has adopted the Model Code as the code of conduct and rules governing dealings by all of our Directors, supervisors and relevant employees (as defined in the Corporate Governance Code) in the securities of the Company. Upon specific enquiries of the Directors and supervisors of the Company, each of the Directors and supervisors has strictly complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the reporting period.

The Board will examine the corporate governance and operation of the Company from time to time so as to ensure the compliance with relevant requirements under the Listing Rules and to protect shareholders' interests.

#### 11. INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed sufficient number of independent non-executive Directors with appropriate professional qualifications, or appropriate accounting or related financial management expertise. As of June 30, 2014, the Company has appointed a total of three independent non-executive Directors: Mr. Liu Chaoan, Mr. Lo Mun Lam, Raymond and Mr. Ma Zhizhong.

#### 12. REVIEW BY THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has complied with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and established an audit committee in accordance with the board resolution adopted on July 12, 2010. The audit committee was established with specific written terms of reference pursuant to the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code. As of June 30, 2014, the audit committee comprises three members (including two independent non-executive Directors), namely Mr. Lo Mun Lam, Raymond, Mr. Ma Zhizhong and Mr. Su Min.

The audit committee has reviewed the accounting standards and practices adopted by the Company and discussed the matters related to audit, internal control and financial reporting. The audit committee has reviewed the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial information for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and the 2014 interim report of the Company.

### Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

		Unaudited	Audited
	Note	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9	45,160,275	45,160,107
Intangible assets	9	583,089	589,271
Land use rights		396,126	379,223
Investments accounted			
for using the equity method		603,625	379,915
Financial assets at fair value through			
other comprehensive income		461,007	584,044
Deferred income tax assets		44,898	35,714
Value-added tax recoverable		2,020,103	2,201,353
Prepayments and other receivables	11	507,988	640,453
Total non-current assets		49,777,111	49,970,080
Current assets			
Inventories		29,765	16,885
Trade and bills receivable	10	3,953,360	3,804,677
Prepayments and other receivables	11	1,469,544	1,595,283
Cash and cash equivalents		1,300,345	1,001,388
Total current assets		6,753,014	6,418,233
Total access		FC F20 425	FC 200 242
Total assets		56,530,125	56,388,313

### Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

As at June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Unaudited June 30, 2014	Audited December 31, 2013
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Ordinary shares Share premium Other reserves Retained earnings		7,273,701 2,080,969 (1,377,605) 1,151,446	7,273,701 2,080,969 (1,251,472) 1,188,787
Non-controlling interests		9,128,511 2,702,802	9,291,985 2,570,961
Total equity		11,831,313	11,862,946
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings Deferred income tax liabilities Accruals and other payables	12(a) 14	34,213,414 30,468 452,855	33,765,657 31,531 457,777
Total non-current liabilities		34,696,737	34,254,965

### Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

As at June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

		Unaudited	Audited
		June 30,	December 31,
	Note	2014	2013
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	12(b)	5,688,871	5,412,192
Trade and bills payable	13	260,687	308,728
Current income tax liabilities		25,052	45,635
Accruals and other payables	14	4,027,465	4,503,847
Total current liabilities		10,002,075	10,270,402
Total liabilities		44,698,812	44,525,367
Total equity and liabilities		56,530,125	56,388,313
Net current liabilities		(3,249,061)	(3,852,169)
Total assets less current liabilities		46,528,050	46,117,911

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial information.

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

# Unaudited For the six months ended June 30,

	Note	2014	2013
Revenue	7	2,574,698	2,761,872
Other income/(expense) and other			
gains/(losses) – net	8	64,796	(6,255)
Depreciation and amortization charges		(1,166,177)	(1,044,143)
Employee benefit expenses		(162,972)	(135,343)
Repairs and maintenance expenses		(17,396)	(47,988)
Material costs		(18,160)	(8,265)
Service concession construction costs		(3,627)	_
Other operating expenses		(160,383)	(168,185)
		(1,528,715)	(1,403,924)
Operating profit		1,110,779	1,351,693
Finance income	15	13,705	14,269
Finance expenses	15	(1,135,745)	(1,052,893)
Share of profit/(loss) of investments		22.540	(2.4.46)
accounted for using the equity method		23,510	(2,146)
- 6.16			
Profit before taxation		12,249	310,923
Income tax expense	16	(19,008)	(24,869)
'			( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(Loss)/profit for the period		(6,759)	286,054
•		,	·

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Continued)

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

Unaudited
For the six months
ended June 30,

		ended Ju	ine 30,
	Note	2014	2013
Other comprehensive (loss)/income:			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(Losses)/gains arising on revaluation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(127,938)	197,356
Items that may be reclassified subsequently		(127,330)	137,330
to profit or loss Currency translation differences		2,039	(4,548)
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period		(125,899)	192,808
·			<u> </u>
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period		(132,658)	478,862
(Loss)/profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(14,402) 7,643	231,019 55,035
Non-controlling interests		7,043	33,033
		(6,759)	286,054
Total comprehensive (loss)/income			
attributable to:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(140,535) 7,877	424,464 54,398
Non controlling interests		7,077	
		(132,658)	478,862
Basic and diluted (losses)/earnings per share			
for (loss)/profit attributable to owners of			
the Company (expressed in RMB per share)	17	(0.0020)	0.0318

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial information.

Dividends 18 — —

# Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes In Shareholder's Equity

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## Unaudited

		Ullauc	iicu		
				Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total		
9,354,670	(1,251,472)	1,188,787	9,291,985	2,570,961	11,862,946
_	_	(14,402)	(14,402)	7,643	(6,759)
_ _	(127,938) 1,805	_ _	(127,938) 1,805	 234	(127,938) 2,039
	(126,133)	(14,402)	(140,535)	7,877	(132,658)
_	_	_	_	(100)	(100)
_	_	_	_	204,357	204,357
_	_	_	_	(18,462)	(18,462)
_	_	(1,118)	(1,118)	(624)	(1,742)
_	_	(21,821)	(21,821)	(61,207)	(83,028)
_	_	(22,939)	(22,939)	123,964	101,025
9,354,670	(1,377,605)	1,151,446	9,128,511	2,702,802	11,831,313
		Owners of the Share capital reserves  9,354,670 (1,251,472)  — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Equity attributable to owners of the Company  Share Capital reserves earnings  9,354,670 (1,251,472) 1,188,787  - (127,938) - (14,402)  - (126,133) (14,402)  - (126,133) (14,402)  - (1,118) - (1,118) - (21,821)  - (22,939)	Equity attributable to owners of the Company  Share capital reserves earnings Total  9,354,670 (1,251,472) 1,188,787 9,291,985  - (127,938) - (127,938) - 1,805 - 1,805  - (126,133) (14,402) (140,535)  - (126,133) (14,402) (140,535)  - (1,118) (1,118) - (21,821) (21,821)  - (22,939) (22,939)	Equity attributable to owners of the Company   Share capital   Total

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes In Shareholder's Equity (Continued)

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

	Unaudited					
	Equity attributable to owners of the Company			Non- controlling interests	Total equity	
	Share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total		
At January 1, 2013	9,354,670	(1,667,986)	1,129,045	8,815,729	2,680,917	11,496,646
Comprehensive income						
Profit for the period	_	_	231,019	231,019	55,035	286,054
Other comprehensive income Gains arising on revaluation of financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income	_	197,356	_	197,356	_	197,356
Currency translation difference		(3,911)		(3,911)	(637)	(4,548)
Total comprehensive income						
for the period		193,445	231,019	424,464	54,398	478,862
Transaction with owners						
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	_	7,267	_	7,267	(86,331)	(79,064)
Disposal of subsidiaries	_	161,926	_	161,926	(15,000)	146,926
Other appropriations	_	_	(1,445)	(1,445)	(816)	(2,261)
Dividends			(167,295)	(167,295)	(21,136)	(188,431)
Total transaction with owners		169,193	(168,740)	453	(123,283)	(122,830)
At June 30, 2013	9,354,670	(1,305,348)	1,191,324	9,240,646	2,612,032	11,852,678

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial information.

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

# Unaudited For the six months ended June 30,

	Note	2014	2013
Net cash generated from operating activities		2,253,406	2,337,668
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment,			
land use rights and intangible assets		(1,785,685)	(2,258,390)
Proceeds from repayments of loans			
and interest earned from related parties		214,536	_
Investments in investments accounted for			
using the equity method		(200,200)	(69,886)
Proceeds from disposal of property,			
plant and equipment		17,130	_
Disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash received		11,489	(43,219)
Asset-related government grants received		2,900	5,190
Decrease in restricted cash		_	10,090
Loans to related parties	19	_	(370,000)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss		_	32,249
Others, net		69	35,641
			<u> </u>
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,739,761)	(2,658,325)

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

Unaudited
For the six months
ended June 30,

	Note	2014	2013
Cash flows from financing activities			
Capital contributions from non-controlling interests		204,357	_
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		_	(79,064)
Proceeds from borrowings		3,829,293	3,024,338
Repayments of borrowings		(3,106,079)	(2,130,000)
Dividends and other distribution paid			
by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests		(62,387)	(17,468)
Interest paid		(1,074,168)	(978,415)
Repayments of working capital			
provided by related parties		(8,000)	_
Others, net		3,123	556
Net cash used in financing activities		(213,861)	(180,053)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash			
and cash equivalents		299,784	(500,710)
Cash and cash equivalents			(===/: :=/
at beginning of period		1,001,388	2,103,829
Exchange losses on cash and cash equivalents		(827)	(1,238)
and cash and cash and cash and cash		(027)	(.,233)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		1,300,345	1,601,881

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial information.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

China Datang Corporation Renewable Power Co., Limited (中國大唐集團新能源股份有限公司) (the "Company") was established as a joint stock company with limited liability in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") on July 9, 2010, as part of the reorganization of the wind power generation business of China Datang Group Corporation (中國大唐集團公司) ("Datang Corporation"), a limited liability company incorporated in the PRC and controlled by the PRC government. At June 30, 2014, the directors of the Company regard Datang Corporation as the Company's ultimate holding company.

The Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in generation and sales of wind power and other renewable power.

The address of its registered office is Room 149, Building 1, No. 3, Xijing Road, Badachu Hi-tech Zone of Shijingshan District, Beijing, the PRC.

The Company's H shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited in December 2010.

This condensed interim consolidated financial information is presented in Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated. It was approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on August 22, 2014.

This condensed interim consolidated financial information has not been audited.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION

This condensed interim consolidated financial information for the six months ended June 30, 2014 has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, 'Interim financial reporting'. It should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB").

## 2.1 Going concern

At June 30, 2014, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately RMB3,249.1 million (December 31, 2013: RMB3,852.2 million). The Group meets its day-to-day working capital requirements from cash generated from its operating activities and available financing facilities from banks. At June 30, 2014, the Group has committed unutilized financing facilities amounting to approximately RMB17,971.2 million, of which approximately RMB2,500.0 million are subject to renewal during the next 12 months from balance sheet date of this interim financial information. Certain of these financing facilities require the Group to comply with certain covenants, mainly including certain credit rating and debt ratio requirements. At the date this financial information is approved, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that such covenants have been complied with and expect that the Group will continue complying with these covenants. The directors of the Company are confident that these financing facilities will continue to be available to the Group for the foreseeable period not less than 12 months from the balance sheet date of this interim financial information. Further information on the Group's borrowings is set out in Note 12.

Based on its assessment, the Board of Directors of the Company is of the opinion that the Group has adequate resources to continue its operations and to repay its debts when they fall due. As a result, the Group's condensed interim consolidated financial information has been prepared on a going concern basis.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted by the Group are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as described below.

- (a) Income taxes in the interim periods are accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual profit or loss.
- (b) New and amendment to standards are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning January 1, 2014
  - Amendment to IFRS 10, 12 and IAS 27 on consolidation for investment entities
  - Amendment to IAS 32, 'Financial instruments: Presentation'
  - Amendment to IAS 39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'

The adoption of these new standards and amendments did not have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

Other amendments to IFRSs effective for the financial year ending December 31, 2014 are not expected to have a material impact on the Group.

### 4. SEASONALITY OF OPERATIONS

The Group is primarily engaged in wind power business, which typically generates more electricity in certain periods each year, primarily depending on wind speed and other uncontrollable conditions. As a result, the revenue and profit may fluctuate significantly over the year.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

#### ESTIMATES

The preparation of interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this condensed interim consolidated financial information, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

## (a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

This condensed interim consolidated financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements; it should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at December 31, 2013.

There have been no changes in the risk management department or in any risk management policies since the year end.

## (b) Liquidity risk

Compared to December 31, 2013, there was no material change in the contractual undiscounted cash outflows for financial liabilities, except for the additions and repayments of long-term borrowings during the period amounted to RMB1,666.8 million and RMB1,186.0 million, respectively.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

# 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (c) Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value:

Financial assets at fair value through other	el 2 Lev	رما 2 T					
		ver 5 i	otal	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
comprehensive income 402,940	<b>–</b> 58	,067 461,	,007	530,877	_	53,167	584,044

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the six-month period ended June 30, 2014.

There were no changes in the valuation techniques during the period.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

# 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## (d) The Group's valuation processes

The Group's finance department includes a team that performs the valuations of financial assets required for financial reporting purposes, including Level 3 fair values. This team reports directly to the Group's chief financial officer ("CFO"). Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the CFO and the valuation team at least once every six months, in line with the Group's external reporting dates.

With respect to the Level 3 fair value measurement for the Group's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that are unlisted equity securities with no active market exists, the Group's finance department benchmark to the market price of certain comparable listed companies within the same or similar operation/industry and apply certain adjustments/discount for non-marketability. At June 30, 2014, the directors of the Company are of their opinion that there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost represents the best estimate of fair value within that range.

Changes in Level 2 and 3 fair values are analyzed at each reporting date during the valuation discussions/assessment.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

### 7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

## (a) Analysis of revenue by category

The amount of each significant category of revenue recognized during the period is as follows:

For the six months ended June 30,

		<u> </u>
	2014	2013
Sales of electricity Service rendered under energy	2,546,051	2,723,785
performance contracts Service concession construction revenue	21,860 3,627	17,220 —
Other revenues	3,160	20,867
	2,574,698	2,761,872

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, other revenues comprise primarily of revenues from rental income of power plant facilities and repair and maintenance service rendered.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, other revenues comprise primarily of rental income, repair and maintenance service rendered and tariff revenue arising from electricity generated from third party wind turbines installed on the Group's wind power generation facilities.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

## (b) Segment information

Management has determined the operating segments based on the information reviewed by the executive directors and certain senior management (including chief accountant) (together referred to as the "Executive Management") for the purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance.

The Executive Management considers the performance of all business on consolidated basis as all other renewable power of the Group except wind power are relatively insignificant for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. Therefore, the Group has one single reportable segment which is wind power segment.

The Company is domiciled in the PRC. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, substantially all (2013: all) the Group's result of its revenue are derived from external customers in the PRC.

At June 30, 2014, substantially all (December 31, 2013: substantially all) the non-current assets are located in the PRC (including Hong Kong).

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, all (2013: all) revenue from the sales of electricity is charged to the provincial power grid companies in which the group companies are operated. These power grid companies are directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the PRC government.

There are no material changes in the basis of segment from the last annual financial statements.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 8. OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE) AND OTHER GAINS/(LOSSES) - NET

For the six months ended June 30,

		•
	2014	2013
Income/(loss) from CDM* Projects:		
— Income during the period	18,405	8,674
— Foreign exchange losses, net	(365)	(10,795)
— Provision for impairment	(21,047)	(19,624)
	(3,007)	(21,745)
Government grants	64,414	13,640
Dividends from financial assets at fair		
value through other comprehensive income	4,317	3,619
Revaluation loss from financial assets		
at fair value through profit or loss	_	(1,769)
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(3,036)	_
Others	2,108	
	64,796	(6,255)

<sup>\*</sup> Clean Development Mechanism

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Property, plant and equipment	Intangible assets
Opening book amount as at January 1, 2014	45,160,107	589,271
Additions	1,183,718	4,605
Deemed disposal of subsidiaries	(6,600)	_
Other disposals	(20,381)	_
Depreciation and amortization charges	(1,156,569)	(10,787)
Closing book amount as at June 30, 2014	45,160,275	583,089
Opening book amount as at January 1, 2013	44,854,540	416,941
Additions	1,100,665	1,730
Disposal of subsidiaries	(1,007,938)	(31)
Depreciation and amortization charges	(1,039,829)	(10,554)
Closing book amount as at June 30, 2013	43,907,438	408,086

As at June 30, 2014, included in intangible assets are concession assets amounted to RMB504.8 million (December 31, 2013: RMB508.8 million).

As at June 30, 2014, certain property, plant and equipment amounting to RMB1,263.9 million (December 31, 2013: RMB1,298.8 million), comprising cost of RMB1,333.6 million (December 31, 2013: RMB1,333.6 million) less accumulated depreciation of RMB69.7 million (December 31, 2013: RMB34.8 million), are acquired pursuant to the finance lease framework agreement as set out in Note 12(a).

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

#### 10. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLE

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Trade receivables Bills receivable	3,803,173 152,515	3,684,801 122,204
Less: provision for doubtful debts	3,955,688 (2,328)	3,807,005 (2,328)
	3,953,360	3,804,677

Trade and bills receivable primarily represent receivables from regional or provincial grid companies for tariff revenue. These receivables are unsecured and non-interest bearing. The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and bills receivable are all denominated in RMB.

For trade and bills receivable arising from tariff revenue, the Group usually grants credit period of approximately one month to local power grid companies from the date of revenue recognition in accordance with the relevant electricity sales contracts between the Group and the respective local grid companies.

Settlement of certain trade receivables due from the local power grid companies are subject to the allocation of government designated funds by the relevant government authorities to the local gird companies and tariff surcharge payable by the end users, which consequently takes a relatively long time for the grid companies to make settlement. Effective from March 2012, the application, approval and settlement of the tariff premium is subject to certain procedures as promulgated by Caijian [2012] No.102 Notice on the Interim Measures for Administration of Subsidy Funds for Tariff Premium of Renewable Energy ("可再生能源電價附加補助資金管理暫行辦法"). Caijian [2013] No.390 Notice issued in July 2013 further simplified the procedures of settlement of the tariff premium. At June 30, 2014, most of the operating projects of the Group have been approved for the tariff premium and certain projects are in the process of applying for the approval. The directors are of the opinion that these trade and bills receivable from tariff premium are fully recoverable considering there were no bad debt experiences in the past and the tariff premium is funded by the PRC government.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 10. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Aging analysis of trade and bills receivable is as follows:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 3 years Over 3 years	2,055,546 330,590 692,316 877,236	2,112,774 177,534 1,419,182 97,515
	3,955,688	3,807,005

At June 30, 2014, trade receivables of RMB2.3 million (December 31, 2013: RMB2.3 million) were fully impaired. The individually impaired receivables represent a past due tariff receivable from a power grid company in dispute. It was assessed that these receivables are not recoverable.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 11. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
CDM assets/receivables Less: provision for impairment (Note (i))	296,041 (69,971)	326,455 (48,924)
	226,070	277,531
Prepayments/advances for plant constructions Amounts due from related parties (Note (ii)) Receivables from provision of services Consideration receivables from disposal	612,506 396,619 172,343	613,369 601,744 211,091
of subsidiaries (Note (iii)) Deposit for borrowings Receivable from disposal of a wind farm project Deposit for project investments Staff advances Other receivables	138,500 50,005 26,589 21,964 11,079 77,432	151,500 50,005 29,866 33,674 5,630 34,401
	1,733,107	2,008,811
Current income tax prepayments Deferred loss on long-term borrowings (Note 12(a)) Other prepayments	32,758 6,447 205,220	21,970 6,611 198,344
	1,977,532	2,235,736
Less: Non-current portion of  — Receivables from provision of services  — CDM assets/receivables  — Amounts due from related parties	(126,006) (20,987) (170,000)	(83,664) — (370,000)
<ul> <li>Deposit for borrowings</li> <li>on long-term borrowings</li> <li>Deferred loss on long-term borrowings</li> <li>Other prepayments</li> </ul>	(50,005) (6,120) (134,870)	(50,005) (6,284) (130,500)
	(507,988)	(640,453)
	1,469,544	1,595,283

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 11. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

At June 30, 2014, except for certain CDM assets, substantially all other receivables and other current assets (December 31, 2013: substantially all) were not past due. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the counterparties are with good credit quality and the balances are considered fully recoverable and unimpaired.

#### Notes:

(i) In relation to CDM assets/receivables, all counter-parties have committed to purchases the CERs and prices have been agreed at the time of recognition. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom the Group is not aware of any significant financial difficulty. As at June 30, 2014, based on their assessment, the directors of the Company concluded that a portion of these receivables may not be recoverable. Therefore, a provision of RMB70.0 million (December 31, 2013: RMB48.9 million) has been provided for. Movements on the provision for impairment of CDM assets/receivables are as follows:

As at January 1, 2014	48,924
Provision for impairment	29,922
Reversal of impairment	(8,875)
As at June 30, 2014	69,971

(ii) At June 30, 2014, included in "Amounts due from related parties" are mainly RMB206.6 million (December 31, 2013: RMB206.6 million) settlement of CDM assets/receivable collected by a fellow subsidiary of the Company on the Group's behalf and RMB170.0 million (December 31, 2013: RMB370.0 million) loans to Datang Financial Leasing Company Limited ("Datang Financial Leasing"), an associate company jointly established by the Group and Datang Corporation. The loan receivable from Datang Financial Leasing bears interest of 5% per annum and is due in February 2016.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 11. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

In December 2011, the Company acquired 100% equity interests in Datang Laizhou (iii) Renewable Power Company Limited(大唐萊州新能源有限公司)("Datang Laizhou") and Datang Wendeng Clean Power Development Company Limited (大唐文登清潔能源開發 有限公司)("Datang Wendeng"), from Datang Shandong Power Generation Company Limited (大唐山東發電有限公司)("Datang Shandong Power") and Datang Shandong Electric Power Overhaul & Operation Company Limited (大唐山東電力檢修運營有限公 司) ("Datang Overhaul"), for a cash consideration in aggregate of RMB204.0 million. The Company, Datang Shandong Power and Datang Overhaul are under common control of Datang Corporation. These acquisitions were completed in December 2011. On January 21, 2013, due to certain operational issues, the Company entered into an agreement respectively with Datang Shandong Power and Datang Overhaul in respect of the cancellation of the abovementioned acquisitions. Pursuant to the agreements, the Company agreed to return all equity interests in Datang Laizhou and Datang Wendeng to Datang Shandong Power and Datang Overhaul. They agreed to return the consideration paid amounting to RMB102.0 million and to waive all remaining consideration payable amounting to RMB102.0 million. At June 30, 2014, consideration receivable amounting to RMB102.0 million (December 31, 2013: RMB102.0 million) is outstanding.

In April 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with a fellow subsidiary, Datang Guizhou Power Generation Company Limited (大唐貴州風力發電有限公司) to dispose all its 75% equity interests in Datang Renewable Guizhou Development Company Limited (大唐新能源貴州開發有限公司), a subsidiary of the Company, for a cash consideration of RMB20.3 million. The disposal was completed in 2013. At June 30, 2014, consideration receivable amounted to RMB7.3 million (December 31, 2013: RMB20.3 million) is outstanding.

On September 28, 2013, the Group disposed of 100% equity interests indirectly held in Jilin Puhua Yineng Power Generation Co., Ltd.(吉林普華億能發電有限公司) to a third party for a cash consideration of RMB39.2 million. At June 30, 2014, consideration receivable amounting to RMB29.2 million (December 31, 2013: RMB29.2 million) was outstanding.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 12. BORROWINGS

## (a) Long-term borrowings

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Bank loans		
— unsecured	17,709,005	17,753,187
— guaranteed	3,168,803	4,435,644
— secured	4,561,682	3,210,593
	25,439,490	25,399,424
Other loans		
— unsecured	600,000	600,000
— guaranteed	4,241,509	3,731,038
— secured (Note)	2,667,506	2,805,524
	7,509,015	7,136,562
Corporate bonds - unsecured	4,189,800	4,187,652
Total long-term borrowings	37,138,305	36,723,638
Less: Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 12(b))		
— bank loans	(2,530,887)	(2,539,559)
— other loans	(394,004)	(418,422)
	(2,924,891)	(2,957,981)
	34,213,414	33,765,657

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 12. BORROWINGS (Continued)

## (a) Long-term borrowings (Continued)

Note:

At June 30, 2014, included in secured other loans are borrowings amounting to RMB1,249.9 million (December 31, 2013: RMB1,350.0 million) due to Datang Financial Leasing, pursuant to a Finance Lease Framework Agreement entered into in May 2013, which allows certain subsidiaries of the Company to sell and lease back certain property, plant and equipment to and from Datang Financial Leasing for a period ranging from 10 to 13 years. According to this framework agreement, the underlying property, plant and equipment will be transferred to the relevant group companies at a notional consideration of RMB1.00 at the end of the lease term. In accordance with Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC) Interpretation 27 "Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease", proceeds received under this agreement should be accounted for as borrowings secured by the relevant property, plant and equipment as the substance of this arrangement is considered as a financing arrangement.

At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, deferred loss and revenue recognized representing the adjustments for the present value of these borrowings, and are included in 'prepayments and other receivables' and 'accruals and other payables" in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position, respectively.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 12. BORROWINGS (Continued)

## (b) Short-term borrowings

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Bank loans		
— unsecured	_	400,237
— secured	_	700,000
	_	1,100,237
Short-term bonds – unsecured (Note)	1,997,316	<del>_</del>
Other loans - unsecured	766,664	1,353,974
Current portion of long-term		
borrowings (Note 12(a))	2,924,891	2,957,981
	5,688,871	5,412,192

#### Note:

On June 11, 2014, the Company issued short-term bonds with par value of RMB100 each for cash of RMB2,000.0 million, net of issuance cost of RMB8.0 million. These bonds have an annual coupon and effective interest rates at 4.90% and 5.32%, respectively, and are matured in June 2015.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 12. BORROWINGS (Continued)

## (c) Other disclosures in relation to the Group's borrowings

At June 30, 2014, the Group's borrowings are repayable as follows:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Within 1 years	F C00 074	F 412 102
Within 1 year  After 1 year but within 2 years	5,688,871 3,810,763	5,412,192 3,523,526
After 2 years but within 5 years	12,653,411	12,495,120
After 5 years	17,749,240	17,747,011
	39,902,285	39,177,849

At June 30, 2014, details of the Group's guaranteed borrowings are as follows:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Guarantor — the Company * — non-controlling interests of subsidiaries and the ultimate holding company of	4,651,112	4,890,283
a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary	209,200	1,276,399
<ul> <li>Datang Corporation</li> </ul>	2,550,000	2,000,000
	7,410,312	8,166,682

<sup>\*</sup> At June 30, 2014, guaranteed loans by the Company amounting to RMB61.0 million (December 31, 2013: RMB64.0 million) were counter guaranteed by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 12. BORROWINGS (Continued)

## (c) Other disclosures in relation to the Group's borrowings (Continued)

At June 30, 2014, the Group has pledged certain assets as collateral to certain secured borrowings and a summary of these pledged assets is as follows:

Bank loans		Other	loans
June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	December 31,
2014	2013	2014	2013
3,110,638	1,140,236	2,810,077	2,884,555
283,513	291,090	_	_
597,749	416,113	524,845	550,257
3,991,900	1,847,439	3,334,922	3,434,812
	June 30, 2014 3,110,638 283,513 597,749	June 30, 2014 2013  3,110,638 1,140,236 283,513 291,090 597,749 416,113	June 30, December 31, 2014  3,110,638 1,140,236 2,810,077 283,513 291,090 — 597,749 416,113 524,845

### 13. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLE

At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, substantially all trade and bills payable are within one year since the invoice date.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 14. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Payables for property, plant and equipment	3,103,647	3,755,400
Amounts due to related parties	228,190	234,133
Dividends payable	221,899	182,796
Interests payable	244,279	126,417
Accrued staff related costs	66,185	60,595
Payables for CDM projects	32,268	45,875
Payables for taxes other than income taxes	11,754	17,319
Assets retirement obligations	64,875	62,868
Other payables	191,096	160,881
	4,164,193	4,646,284
Deferred government grants  Deferred income on long-term borrowings	23,789	21,652
(Note 12(a))	208,114	213,936
Other accruals and deferrals	84,224	79,752
	4,480,320	4,961,624
Less: non-current portion of		
<ul> <li>Amounts due to related parties</li> </ul>	(84,550)	(92,550)
<ul> <li>Assets retirement obligations</li> </ul>	(64,875)	(62,868)
<ul> <li>Deferred government grants</li> </ul>	(23,789)	(21,652)
<ul><li>Deferred income</li></ul>		
on long-term borrowings	(196,469)	(202,291)
<ul> <li>Other accruals and deferrals</li> </ul>	(83,172)	(78,416)
	(452,855)	(457,777)
	4,027,465	4,503,847
	4,027,403	4,303,047

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 15. FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSES

# For the six months ended June 30,

	2014	2013
Finance income		
Interest income on deposits with banks and		
other financial institutions	5,246	7,517
Interest income on loans	8,459	6,752
	13,705	14,269
Finance expenses		
Interest expenses	(1,192,359)	(1,137,656)
Less: Interest expenses capitalized in property,		
plant and equipment and intangible assets	59,465	83,284
	(1,132,894)	(1,054,372)
Foreign exchange (losses)/gains, net	(2,851)	1,479
	(1,135,745)	(1,052,893)
Net finance expenses	(1,122,040)	(1,038,624)
Interest capitalization rate	5.60% to 7.34%	5.57% to 6.61%

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

### 16. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

For the six months ended June 30,

	2014	2013	
Current tax expense			
PRC enterprise income tax	27,117	30,541	
Under-provision in respect of prior years	2,137	<u> </u>	
	29,254	30,541	
Deferred tax benefit			
Origination and reversal of temporary differences			
and tax deduction	(10,246)	(5,672)	
Income tax expense	19,008	24,869	

Income tax expense is provided based on management's estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. The statutory tax rate for the year ending December 31, 2014 is 25% (2013: 25%), except for certain subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC which were exempted or entitled to preferential rates and subsidiaries incorporated outside of the PRC for which taxation is calculated at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries the Group operates.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

#### 17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

## (a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the period.

For the six months ended June 30,

	chaca 3	and 30,
	2014	2013
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners		
of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary	(14,402)	231,019
shares in issue (thousands of shares)	7,273,701	7,273,701

## (b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are the same as the basic earnings per share as there are no dilutive potential shares.

#### 18. DIVIDENDS

The Company's Board of Directors did not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended June 30, 2014 (2013: nil).

A final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2013 of RMB0.003 per share, amounting to RMB21.8 million was declared and approved by the shareholders at the Company's Annual General Meeting on June 6, 2014, and was fully paid in August 2014.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

### 19. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Apart from the disposal of subsidiaries to fellow subsidiaries and the related party transactions disclosed in Note 11, the following is a summary of other significant related party transactions during the period.

## (a) Significant transactions with Datang Corporation and its subsidiaries

For	the	six	mo	onth	S
er	nded	l Ju	ne	30,	

	erraca sarre so,		
	2014	2013	
Transactions with subsidiaries of Datang			
Corporation:			
<ul> <li>Provision of installation, construction,</li> </ul>			
general contracting services	383	1,166	
<ul> <li>Purchase of installation, construction,</li> </ul>			
general contracting services	(18,534)	(220,020)	
<ul> <li>Purchase of equipment</li> </ul>	(79,093)	(76,062)	
<ul> <li>Provide working capital</li> </ul>	46	<del>-</del>	
<ul> <li>Provide entrusted loans or</li> </ul>			
other borrowings (Note 11(ii))	_	370,000	
<ul> <li>Receive entrusted loans</li> </ul>			
or other borrowings	_	(1,077,768)	
<ul> <li>Interest income earned</li> </ul>	8,416	7,201	
<ul> <li>Interest expense charged</li> </ul>	(51,094)	(22,691)	
<ul> <li>Interest income earned from</li> </ul>			
a joint venture	43	_	
— Capital commitments for the			
purchase of property, plant			
and equipment from fellow subsidiaries			
(contracted but not provided for)	1,369,190	1,408,355	
Transactions with Datang Corporation			
<ul> <li>Guarantee on borrowings provided</li> </ul>			
by Datang Corporation	550,000	<u> </u>	

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 19. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

# (a) Significant transactions with Datang Corporation and its subsidiaries (Continued)

In addition to the above transactions, in August 2011, the Company and China Datang Corporation Finance Company Limited (中國大唐集團財務有限公司) ("Datang Finance"), a fellow subsidiary of the Company which is a financial institution incorporated in the PRC, entered into an agreement for which Datang Finance agreed to provide certain loan, depository and other financial services to the Group for a period of three year. After the expiration of the agreement, on January 20, 2014, a new financial service agreement was entered into by both parties for a term from January 20, 2014 to December 31, 2014.

Pursuant to these agreements, Datang Finance will grant integrated credit facilities of RMB4 billion to the Group. At June 30, 2014, the Group has cash deposit held at Datang Finance amounting to RMB51.3 million (December 31, 2013: RMB50.7 million), and the interest income on the deposit was RMB0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 (2013: RMB1.1 million).

All transactions above with related parties are conducted on prices and terms mutually agreed by the parties involved, and all amounts disclosed are transactions amounts inclusive of VAT applicable to the relevant transactions.

## (b) Significant transactions with other related parties

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, all (2013: all) revenue from the sales of electricity is made to the provincial power grid companies in which the group companies are operated. These power grid companies are directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the PRC government. At June 30, 2014, substantially all (December 31, 2013: substantially all) trade and bills receivable (Note 10) are due from these power grid companies.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

## 19. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

## (b) Significant transactions with other related parties (Continued)

Apart from the above, for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Group's other significant transactions with other state-owned enterprises are a large portion of its purchases of materials, property, plant and equipment and services. Substantially all cash and cash equivalents and borrowings at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and the relevant interest income earned and expenses incurred are transacted with banks and other financial institutions owned/controlled by the PRC government.

The transactions of revenues and expenses in nature conducted with other stateowned entities are based on terms as set out in the underlying agreements, based on statutory rates or market prices or actual cost incurred, or as mutually agreed.

## (c) Key management personnel compensation

	ended June 30,		
	2014	2013	
Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances and benefits in kind Discretionary bonus Pension costs – defined contribution schemes	1,350 1,162 169	964 855 125	
	2,681	1,944	

For the six months

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

### 20. COMMITMENTS

# (a) Capital commitments for the purchase of property, plant and equipment

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Contracted but not provided for Authorized but not contracted for	5,538,141 8,026,540	4,917,017 8,153,538
	13,564,681	13,070,555

## (b) Commitment under operating leases

At June 30, 2014, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Within 1 year	3,426	3,207
Between 2 and 5 years	2,116	3,752
Over 5 years	1,111	1,184
	6,653	8,143

## **Glossary of Terms**

"attributable installed capacity"

the aggregate installed capacity of our wind power projects in which we have an interest in proportion to the level of our ownership in those projects. It is calculated by multiplying our percentage ownership in each project in which we have an interest by its installed capacity

"availability factor"

the amount of time that a wind turbine or a power plant is able to produce electricity over a certain period divided by the amount of time in such period

"average on-grid tariff"

electricity sales revenue in a period divided by the corresponding electricity sales in such period

"average utilization hours"

the consolidated power generation in a specified period (in MWH or GWH) divided by the average consolidated installed capacity in the same period (in MW or GW)

"biomass"

plant material, vegetation or agricultural waste used as a fuel or energy source

"CDM"

the Clean Development Mechanism, an arrangement under the Kyoto Protocol allowing industrialized countries to invest in projects that reduce greenhouse gas emissions in developing countries in order to earn emission credits

"CER"

carbon credits issued by CDM Executive Board for emission reductions achieved by CDM projects and verified by a designated operating entity under the Kyoto Protocol

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

"consolidated installed capacity"

the aggregate installed capacity or capacity under construction (as the case may be) of our project companies that we fully consolidate in our consolidated financial statements only. This is calculated by including 100% of the installed capacity or capacity under construction of our project companies that we fully consolidate in our consolidated financial statements and are deemed as our subsidiaries. Consolidated installed capacity and consolidated capacity under construction do not include the capacity of our associated companies

"consolidated power generation"

the aggregate gross power generation or net electricity sales (as the case may be) of our project companies that we fully consolidate in our financial statements for a specified period

"Datang Corporation"

China Datang Corporation (中國大唐集團公司), a state-owned corporation established in the PRC and a controlling shareholder and one of the promoters of our Company

"Datang Jilin"

Datang Jilin Power Generation Company Limited (大唐吉林發電有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Datang Corporation and also our controlling shareholder and one of the promoters of our Company

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

"energy performance contracting" or "EPC"

the energy services mechanism under which energy services companies and energy-consuming organizations agree on the energy saving targets by way of contract, the former provide necessary services to the latter for fulfillment of the energy saving targets and, in return, the latter pay for the former's input together with a reasonable profit margin, out of the energy saving benefit

"electricity sales"

the actual amount of electricity sold by a power plant in a particular period, which equals to gross power generation less consolidated auxiliary electricity

"Group" or "we" or "us"

China Datang Corporation Renewable Power Co., Limited (中國大唐集團新能源股份有限公司) and its subsidiaries

"Hong Kong Stock Exchange"

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

"renewable energy sources"

sustainable sources that are regenerative or, for all practical purposes, cannot be depleted, such as wind, water or sunlight

"kW"

unit of energy, kilowatt. 1 kW = 1,000 watts

"kWh"

unit of energy, kilowatt-hour. The standard unit of energy used in the electric power industry. One kilowatt-hour is the amount of energy that would be produced by a generator producing one thousand watts for one hour

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

"MW" unit of energy, megawatt. 1MW=1,000 kW. The installed

capacity of power plants is generally expressed in MW

"MWh" unit of energy, megawatt-hour. 1 MWh = 1,000 kWh

"our Company" or "Company" China Datang Corporation Renewable Power Co., Limited

(中國大唐集團新能源股份有限公司)

"pipeline projects" wind power projects that have been identified and reserved for future development pursuant to the wind

energy investment and development agreements that we entered into with local governments at all levels

under which we are authorized to develop wind farms at

specified sites with certain estimated total capacity

## **Corporate Information**

### LEGAL NAME OF THE COMPANY

中國大唐集團新能源股份有限公司

### ENGLISH NAME OF THE COMPANY

China Datang Corporation Renewable Power Co., Limited\*

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Room 149, Building 1, No. 3, Xijing Road, Badachu Hi-tech Zone, Shijingshan District, Beijing, the PRC

#### HEAD OFFICE IN THE PRC

8/F, Building 1, No. 1 Caishikou Street, Xicheng District, Beijing, the PRC

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

8th Floor, Gloucester Tower, The Landmark, 15 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong

### LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COMPANY

Mr. Wang Yeping

## **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

Ms. Mok Ming Wai

Mr. Hu Yongsheng

<sup>\*</sup> For identification only

## Corporate Information (Continued)

### JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Mr. Chen Yong

Ms. Mok Ming Wai

### COMMITTEES UNDER THE BOARD

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Lo Mun Lam, Raymond (Independent Non-executive Director) (Chairman)

Mr. Ma Zhizhong (Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr. Su Min (Non-executive Director)

#### REMUNERATION AND ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Ma Zhizhong (Independent Non-executive Director) (Chairman)

Mr. Liu Chaoan (Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr. Zhang Chunlei (Non-executive Director)

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Liu Chaoan (Independent Non-executive Director) (Chairman)

Mr. Kou Bing'en (Non-executive Director)

Mr. Lo Mun Lam, Raymond (Independent Non-executive Director)

#### STRATEGIC COMMITTEE

Mr. Hu Yongsheng (Executive Director) (Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Chunlei (Non-executive Director)

Mr. Hu Guodong (Executive Director)

## Corporate Information (Continued)

### **AUDITORS**

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22/F, Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong

PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP

11/F, PricewaterhouseCoopers Center, 2 Corporate Avenue, 202 Hu Bin Road, Luwan District, Shanghai, the PRC

### **LEGAL ADVISORS**

### As to Hong Kong law

Clifford Chance

28/F, Jardine House, One Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong

#### As to Chinese law

Zhong Lun Law Firm

36-37/F, SK Tower, 6A Jianguomenwai Avenue, Chaoyang District, Beijing, the PRC

## PRINCIPAL BANKS

• Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited Beijing Branch

Tower B, Tianyin Mansion, No. 2 Fuxingmen South Avenue, Xicheng District, Beijing, the PRC

• Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. Beijing Branch

No. 33 Financial Street, Xicheng District, Beijing, the PRC

## Corporate Information (Continued)

## PRINCIPAL BANKS (Continued)

• China Development Bank Corporation

No. 29 Fuchengmenwai Avenue, Xicheng District, Beijing, the PRC

• Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited

Building No. 2, West Wing of Ernst & Young Tower, No. 1 East Changan Avenue, Beijing, the PRC

### H SHARE REGISTRAR

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### STOCK CODE

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