漢傳媒集團有眼公司 SEE CORPORATION LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (Stock Code: 491) Production

Director

Camera

Data

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman *(Chairman)* Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny *(Managing Director)* Mr. Wong Chi Chiu Mr. Direk Lim

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman Mr. Heung Pik Lun Ms. Chan Sim Ling, Irene

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chow Chun Man, Jimmy

QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Mr. Chow Chun Man, Jimmy

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman Mr. Heung Pik Lun

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny Mr. Heung Pik Lun

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman Mr. Heung Pik Lun

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISER

Reed Smith Richards Butler

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

Corporate Information (Continued)

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Office D & E, 20th Floor, EGL Tower No. 83 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong Kowloon, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Services Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

WEBSITE

http://www.iraisa.com/listco/hk/see

STOCK CODE

491

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board"), I announce the results of See Corporation Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2014.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

Film and TV programme production and artiste & model management remained the core operations of the Group and accounted for the largest percentages of our turnover and gross profit during the year ended 30 June 2014. We expect this to remain the case for the foreseeable future.

Turnover for the year were mainly contributed by two collaborating films released by the Group, namely "Princess and Seven Kung Fu Masters" and "Once Upon A Time in Shanghai".

The Group will continue to produce high quality films and TV programmes for the greater China region, especially for the Mainland China market. Given the continuous opening up and expansion of the film and TV production market as well as the continuous growth in the box office in Mainland China, management strongly believes that there is great potential for the distribution of our film and TV productions in Mainland China.

During the year under review, the artiste and model management operation was slowing down due to keen competition in the market.

Although our music production business yields only a small percentage of the Group's total earnings, it plays a significant role in raising the profile of our artistes and the Group as a whole.

We are facing a challenging year ahead with the uncertain recovery trends in the world's major economies. We are cautiously optimistic in respect of our core operations as we monitor and control our cost and risk carefully.

We strongly believe that good stories and quality production are always well received by audience. We must therefore take the greatest care in choosing attractive stories and scripts for our film and TV programme production projects.

We will continue to enrol promising new talents in our artiste and model portfolio, while enhancing the professionalism of those we have already managed. In addition, we will make every effort to identify and secure more high-profile assignments for them.

APPRECIATION

Last but not least, I would like to take this opportunity to thank all the management and staff members for their dedicated efforts and continuing contributions during the year to the Group, as well as the unreserved support to myself. I look forward to growing the business together with the energetic team, and bringing the Group to a new next-level which continuously focuses on financial and operating discipline, and strive for better results for our shareholders.

On behalf of the Board Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman Chairman

Hong Kong, 19 September 2014

Results

The Group's total turnover during the year ended 30 June 2014 was approximately HK\$54.4 million, representing an increase of approximately 133.5% from approximately HK\$23.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2013. The Group's gross profit for the year was approximately HK\$12.1 million, representing an increase of approximately 28.7% from approximately HK\$9.4 million in the previous year. The increase in turnover was mainly attributable to the increase in turnover from film and TV programme production generated by the Group during the year and the net gain from the sale of investment at fair value through profit or loss for the year of approximately HK\$9.7 million. The Group did not record any gain from the sale of investment in the previous year.

Meanwhile, the Group recorded a loss from operations for the year of approximately HK\$64.4 million, compared with approximately HK\$54.1 million in the previous year. Such increase in the loss from operations was mainly attributable to the increase in the distribution costs from approximately HK\$4.7 million in the fiscal year ended 30 June 2013 to approximately HK\$13.7 million in the fiscal year ended 30 June 2014. The increase in distribution costs during the year was mainly attributable to the marketing and promotion expenses of the two collaborating movies released by the Group in Mainland China. The Group recorded a loss of approximately HK\$65.1 million for the year as compared with loss of approximately HK\$54.7 million in the fiscal year ended 30 June 2013.

Other operating expenses for the year increased to approximately HK\$43.4 million from approximately HK\$37.6 million in the previous year. Such increase was mainly contributed by the increase in impairment loss recognised in respect of film rights during the year.

The loss attributable to owners for the year was approximately HK\$66.8 million, compared with a loss of approximately HK\$52.8 million in previous year. The loss per share for the year ended 30 June 2014 was approximately HK\$0.13 compared with the loss per share of approximately HK\$0.13 for the year ended 30 June 2013.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The Group was principally engaged in the entertainment and media business. Our activities can be categorised as (i) film and TV programme production; (ii) event production; (iii) artiste and model management; (iv) music production; (v) investment in securities; and (vi) investment in a pay TV operation.

Film and TV programme production

The Group generated turnover of approximately HK\$41.0 million from film and TV programme production activities for the year ended 30 June 2014, representing an increase of approximately 138.4% from approximately HK\$17.2 million in the previous year. The gross profit derived from these activities was approximately HK\$1.5 million, compared with approximately HK\$7.4 million in the fiscal year ended 30 June 2013. Turnover of this segment for the year was mainly contributed by two collaborating films released by the Group, namely "Princess and Seven Kung Fu Masters" and "Once Upon A Time in Shanghai".

As of 30 June 2014, the total net book value of the Group's film rights stood at approximately HK\$64.3 million. The impairment loss recognised in respect of film rights during the year amounted to approximately HK\$41.6 million. The Group's total film and TV programme production in progress as of 30 June 2014 amounted to approximately HK\$18.5 million.

Event production

The Group organised a number of promotional events during the year. Turnover from the event production for the year was approximately HK\$0.8 million compared with approximately HK\$0.6 million in the previous year.

Artiste and model management

The Group continued to manage a group of artistes and models during the year.

Turnover and gross profit of the artiste and model management operation for the year were approximately HK\$3.0 million and HK\$0.8 million respectively, compared with approximately HK\$5.2 million and HK\$1.8 million respectively in the previous year.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Music production

The turnover of the Group's music album production business during the year was approximately HK\$0.04 million, compared with approximately HK\$0.2 million in the fiscal year ended 30 June 2013.

Although music production only accounts for a small portion of the Group's total earnings, the production of music albums for our artistes will enhance the popularity of our artistes as well as the Group's image.

Investment in securities

The carrying value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as of 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2013 were nil and approximately HK\$4.6 million respectively. The decrease in the carrying value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss represented mainly the cost of investment in securities disposed during the year. The change in fair value gain in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss during the years ended 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2013 amounted to nil and approximately HK\$1.8 million respectively.

Investment in a pay TV operation

The Group's 5% interest in TVB Pay Vision Holdings Limited ("TVBP") and TVB Network Vision Limited ("TVBNV") has been continuously accounted for as associates of the Group. The Directors of the Company consider that the Group has retained significant influence over TVBP and TVBNV by the representation of the Group on the board of directors of TVBP and TVBNV despite that the interest held by the Group is below 20%.

GEOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

During the year under review, the Group continued to focus on the Hong Kong and Mainland China markets. The revenue derived from Hong Kong and Mainland China amounted to approximately HK\$20.6 million and HK\$26.4 million respectively, representing approximately 37.9% and 48.5% of the total turnover of the Group respectively.

FUTURE BUSINESS PROSPECTS AND PLANS

The Group has dedicated its efforts in strengthening and opening up distribution channels for its film and TV production in Mainland China. Given the continued opening and expansion of the film and TV production market as well as the continuous growth in the box office in Mainland China, we strongly believe that there is a great potential for the distribution of our film and TV productions in Mainland China.

We are facing a challenging year ahead with the uncertain recovery trends in the world's major economies. We are cautiously optimistic in respect of the prospects of the film and TV production industry in Hong Kong. The Group will be cautious in the selection of stories and scripts for the production of our films and TV programmes. Stringent measures will be adopted in the cost control and risk management for the Group's film and TV projects.

In addition, the Group is always on the lookout for different entertainment related investment opportunities in the market.

CAPITAL REORGANISATION

Pursuant to a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting held on 7 May 2014, every 10 issued shares of HK\$0.01 each were consolidated into one consolidated share of HK\$0.10 each and the nominal value of each consolidated share was reduced from HK\$0.10 to HK\$0.01 by cancelling the Company's paid up capital to the extent of HK\$0.09 on each consolidated share. The share consolidation and capital reduction took effect on 8 May 2014.

FINANCIAL REVIEW AND LIQUIDITY

As at 30 June 2014, the Group's net assets amounted to approximately HK\$484.4 million, compared with approximately HK\$240.5 million as at 30 June 2013. The current ratio, representing current assets divided by current liabilities was 11.10.

During the year, the Company raised approximately HK\$15.2 million before expenses by way of placing of new shares pursuant to a general mandate granted by way of an ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 22 October 2012, issuing 249,000,000 ordinary shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.061 per ordinary share. The net proceeds from the placing of new shares of approximately HK\$14.6 million were fully utilised as the general working capital of the Group during the year.

The Company also raised approximately HK\$306.7 million before expenses by way of the Rights Issue during the year, issuing 1,345,014,801 ordinary shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.228 per rights share on the basis of nine rights shares for every one ordinary share held on 14 May, 2014, being the record date of which entitlements to the Rights Issue are determined. The net proceeds from the Rights Issue were approximately HK\$294.5 million which was planned to be retained at the bank and be used for operation of its existing business which includes the film and TV programme production or if different expansion opportunities in the entertainment business are identified, for expansion of its business to entertainment related investments.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had a short-term bank overdraft of approximately HK\$10.0 million which bears interest at the lending bank's prime rate per annum or 1% per annum over Hong Kong Inter-bank Offer Rate ("HIBOR"), whichever is higher, and is repayable on demand. The cash and bank balances of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$398.2 million. The gearing ratio, as a ratio of total borrowings over total assets, was 0.02.

The Group had contingent liabilities of approximately HK\$24.0 million at the end of the reporting period, mainly as a result of a corporate guarantee provided to a financial institution in respect of banking facilities granted to former subsidiaries. Approximately HK\$5.5 million of the banking facilities were utilised by those former subsidiaries and this amount was subject to a claim by the financial institution concerned.

In the event that the Group requires additional funds for further development of the Group's existing business or for new investments when suitable opportunities arise or for repayment of its financial obligations, the Board will consider carrying out equity fund raising activities and/or dispose of the Group's existing assets.

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATION IN EXCHANGE RATES AND RELATED HEDGES

During the year, the revenue and cost for film and TV programme production, music album production, event production, artiste and model management and investment in securities were mainly dominated in Renminbi and Hong Kong dollars. Borrowings in terms of bank overdraft was denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

As the exchange rates of Hong Kong dollars against Renminbi were relatively stable during the year, the Group's exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates was minimal.

The Group will closely monitor the foreign currency exposure and to arrange for hedging facilities when necessary.

EMPLOYEE SCHEMES

As at 30 June 2014, the Group had 27 employees (all based in Hong Kong). The remuneration policy and package of the Group's employees are periodically reviewed and approved by the Executive Directors. Apart from the Mandatory Provident Fund scheme and in-house training programmes, medical insurance scheme, discretionary bonuses and share options may also be awarded to employees according to the assessment of individual performances.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2014, certain assets of the Group with aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$19.9 million (2013: HK\$20.1 million) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Company.

MAJOR LITIGATION AND ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS

- 1. The Company and its ex-subsidiary, P.N. Electronic Limited ("PNE") have been involved in arbitration proceedings with North American Foreign Trading Corporation ("NAFT") in respect of a gross receivable of HK\$18 million and related damages from various parties for goods shipped by PNE and NAFT in 1996. The arbitration proceedings were initiated by NAFT against the Company and PNE claiming for alleged damages in New York, USA. The Company has upon legal advice, vigorously contested the alleged claims and has counterclaimed the said sum of HK\$18 million as well as other damages. The Company has not received any documents in relation to the arbitration proceedings for a substantial period of time and insofar as the Company is aware, the proceedings remain dormant.
- 2. On 13 October 2003, a Writ of Summons and Statement of Claim were issued by BII Finance Company Limited ("BII Finance") against the Company under a guarantee allegedly given by the Company in favour of BII Finance in respect of certain liabilities of Welback Enterprises Limited, a former subsidiary of the Company. The claim is for a sum of approximately HK\$3,583,000 and US\$248,000 (approximately HK\$1,936,000), together with interest.

The Company has issued Third Party Proceedings against Mr. Lee Chun Kwok and Mr. Fong Wing Seng, former Directors of the Company, seeking a contribution to the extent of 49% of BII Finance's claim in the event that the Company is found liable to BII Finance (which is denied).

BII Finance has not taken any steps to progress with the action since June 2006. The Company is prepared and ready to continue to defend BII Finance's claim, and will also continue to pursue the Third Party Proceedings against Mr. Lee Chun Kwok and Mr. Fong Wing Seng.

Save as disclosed above, no member of the Group is engaged in any litigation or claims of material importance and no litigation or claims of material importance are known to the Directors to be pending or threatened by or against any member of the Group.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The board of directors (the "Board" or "Directors") of the Company is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2014.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES OF THE COMPANY

The Board is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance so as to ensure "Accountability, Responsibility and Transparency" towards the shareholders, stakeholders, investors as well as the employees of the Company.

The Board has adopted all the code provisions (the "Code Provisions") as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") as the code of the Company (the "Code"). The Board shall review its Code from time to time to ensure its continuous compliance with the CG Code.

Save as the deviation with Code Provision A.4.1 of the CG Code specified under the heading of Independent Non-Executive Director below, throughout the year ended 30 June 2014, the Company has complied with all the Code Provisions of the CG Code. The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are summarised as follows:

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY & BOARD COMPOSITION

The Board had adopted a Board Diversity Policy on 1 September 2013 (the "Board Diversity Policy") to achieve diversity in the Board composition to enhance the quality of the Company's performance.

The Board currently comprises eight members (four Executive Directors including the Chairman and the Managing Director and four Independent Non-executive Directors) with their ages ranging from 36 to 64. Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman is the Chairman of the Company. Messrs. Li Fui Lung, Danny and Ng Hoi Yue, Herman have the appropriate accounting qualification or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY & BOARD COMPOSITION (Continued)

The composition of the Board represents a diversified mixture of age, gender, educational and cultural background, skills, knowledge, length of service and professional expertise in management, media and entertainment industry, accounts and finance and corporate development. All of the Directors have comprehensive qualifications and experience in and exposure to a wide range of business areas which is beneficial to the business development of the Company. Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny, the Managing Director, is the uncle of Mr. Wong Chi Chiu who is an Executive Director. Save as disclosed above, other Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship with each other.

The Board is responsible for formulating and implementing the Company's strategic planning, promoting corporate development as well as policies and objectives setting. Each Executive Director is assigned with specific responsibilities to enhance the effectiveness of the Company:

- Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman, Chairman, is responsible for formulating the Company's long term goal and strategy. He is the leader of the Board and takes the role of overseeing the effectiveness of the Board in achieving the Company's long term goal and strategy.
- Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny, Managing Director, is responsible for implementing the Company's strategy, managing and monitoring the performance of the management and overseeing the daily operation of the Company. He is also responsible for the Group's treasury management and soliciting securities investment and other investment opportunities for the Company.
- Mr. Wong Chi Chiu and Mr. Direk Lim are responsible for overseeing the Group's general management.

Details of the composition of the Board, by category of Directors, including names of Chairman and Managing Director, Executive Directors, Independent Non-executive Directors and their respective experience and qualification are included in the "Profile of The Directors and Senior Management" section of this annual report. Each Director has disclosed to the Company the number and nature of offices held in other public companies or organisations and other significant commitments together with an indication of the time involved.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

BOARD MEETINGS

The Board met regularly throughout the year to discuss the business development, operational and financial performance of the Company.

The attendance rates of Board members at the Board meetings (either in person or by phone) held during the year ended 30 June 2014 are set out in the following table:

Attendance of Board Members

		Number of
		Board Meetings
	Total Number of	Attended by
Name of Directors	Board Meetings Held	Individual Director
	17	
Executive Directors		
Ma Ho Man, Hoffman <i>(Chairman)</i>		16
Wong Kui Shing, Danny (Managing Director)		15
Wong Chi Chiu		6
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Li Fui Lung, Danny		17
Ng Hoi Yue, Herman		16
Heung Pik Lun		15

All minutes of the Board meetings are prepared and kept by the Company Secretarial Department and are open for inspection by Directors at any time.

CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

The roles of Chairman and Managing Director of the Company are clearly segregated and performed by two Executive Directors of the Company. The Chairman is responsible for the Company's long term strategic planning and business development as well as the management of the full Board and ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established; while the Managing Director is responsible for implementing the Company's strategy, managing and monitoring the performance of the management and overseeing the daily operations as chief executive of the Company.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Code Provision A.4.1 stipulates that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. After the expiration of the specific terms from 1 April 2012 to 30 September 2013 under their respective appointment letters, Mr. Li Fui Lung Danny and Mr. Ng Hoi Yue Herman continued to act as Independent Non-executive Directors without a specific term but are, in any event, subject to retirement by rotation and reappointment pursuant to the Bye-Laws of the Company ("Bye-Laws"). As it is proposed that Mr. Li and Mr. Ng will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting for the financial year 2014 and being eligible, stand for re-election at that meeting, the Company has deferred entering into with them new appointment letters specifying their respective appointment terms until the forthcoming annual general meeting when separate resolutions will be proposed in respect of their respective further appointments in compliance with the code provisions under the Corporate Governance Code. As Mr. Li and Mr. Ng were not appointed for a specific term for part of the year ended 30 June 2014, this constitutes a deviation from Code Provision A.4.1 of the Corporate Governance Code.

The Company has entered into an appointment letter with Mr. Heung Pik Lun for a fixed term of directorship of not more than three years and is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company.

The Chairman held a meeting with all Independent Non-executive Directors without the presence of any Executive Directors during the year for discussing, inter alia, Directors' time commitments and contribution in performing their responsibilities to the Company.

MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS

In general, the daily management and administration functions of the Company have been delegated to the management except for certain matters specifically reserved to the Board for decision. Those matters include the setting of the overall strategic direction and long-term objectives of the Company, approval of annual business plan, material acquisitions and disposals of assets, investments, connected transactions and capital projects, key human resources issue, preliminary interim and final results announcements, determination of interim and final dividends, appointment of Directors and annual assessment of internal control system.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

A set of formal and transparent procedures has been put in place for selecting Directors of the Company. The nomination committee has continued to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, identify suitable candidates to the Board, and made recommendations on any matters in relation to the appointment or re-appointment of members of the Board in accordance with the Company's Board Diversity Policy. Appointment of new Directors is reserved for the Board's approval.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

The nomination committee ensures that the Board Diversity Policy has been implemented and the Board members are possessed with mixed skills and experience with appropriate knowledge necessary to accomplish the Group's business development, strategies, operation, challenges and opportunities. The nomination committee takes into account of that person's skill, qualifications and expected contributions to the Company before making any recommendations to the Board in relation to the appointment or re-appointment of members of the Board. Although Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny and Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman each has served the Company as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company for more than nine years, they do not have any management role in the Company. The nomination committee considered that they have continuously contributed to the Company and the Board with their relevant experience and knowledge throughout their years of service and they maintained to provide an independent view in relation to the Company's affairs.

According to the Bye-Laws of the Company, a newly appointed Director shall hold office until the next following general meeting of the Company (in case of filling a casual vacancy) or until the next following annual general meeting of the Company (in case of an addition to the Board) and shall then be eligible for re-election at that general meeting.

In addition, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors (those appointed in that year shall not be counted in determining the number of Directors), including those appointed for specific terms, for the time being or if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not greater than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that notwithstanding anything herein, every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

The procedures for shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") to propose a person for election as a Director are available and accessible on the Company's website at http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/see.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

A nomination committee was established on 23 March 2012, currently comprising the Chairman of the Company, Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman and three Independent Non-executive Directors, being Messrs. Li Fui Lung, Danny, Ng Hoi Yue, Herman and Heung Pik Lun. Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman is the chairman of the nomination committee. The terms of reference of the nomination committee are available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The main duties and responsibilities of the nomination committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board, identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships, assess the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors. The Nomination Committee are also responsible for periodical review of the Board Diversity Policy to ensure effectiveness of the policy.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE (Continued)

Two nomination committee meetings were held during the year ended 30 June 2014 to, inter alia, review the structure, size and composition of the Board and the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors. The attendance rates of committee members at the nomination committee meeting (either in person or by phone) held during the year ended 30 June 2014 are set out in the following table:

Attendance of Nomination Committee Members

		Number of
		Nomination
	Total Number of	Committee Meetings
	Nomination	Attended by
	Committee	Individual
Name of Committee Members	Meetings Held	Committee Member

2

Ma Ho Man, Hoffman <i>(Chairman)</i>	2
Li Fui Lung, Danny	2
Ng Hoi Yue, Herman	2
Heung Pik Lun	1

INDUCTION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Every newly appointed Director receives a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of his appointment to make sure that he has a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Company and that he is fully aware of his responsibilities in the Company.

During the year ended 30 June 2014, the Company has organised one training session conducted by qualified professionals on the New Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. Dr. Ma Ho Man Hoffman, Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny, Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman and Mr. Heung Pik Lun attended the session, whereas Mr. Wong Kui Shing Danny confirmed he had studied the material distributed regarding the said session.

In addition, Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny also attended relevant seminars arranged by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Society of Chinese Accountants & Auditors and The Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman attended relevant seminars organised by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Association of Chartered Certified Accountant and The Taxation of Hong Kong. Mr. Wong Chi Chiu attended relevant seminars organised by The Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute. Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny confirmed that he had studied reading materials which are relevant for his role as Director.

During the year ended 30 June 2014, Mr. Chow Chun Man, Jimmy, the Company Secretary, has undertaken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules issued by the Stock Exchange as its Code and Guidelines for the Directors and certain employees (who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information) of the Company to follow and observe in dealing with the securities of the Company.

Specific enquiry has been made with all the Directors who have confirmed that they have complied with the Company's Code and Guidelines and the Model Code throughout the year ended 30 June 2014.

No incident of non-compliance of the Code and Guidelines by the employees was noted by the Company.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ACCOUNTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for each financial period to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2014, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The statement of the external auditor of the Company regarding their reporting responsibilities on the financial statement of the Company is set out on pages 45 and 46 of this annual report.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

A remuneration committee was established on 26 October 2005, currently comprising three Independent Nonexecutive Directors, being Messrs. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman, Li Fui Lung, Danny and Heung Pik Lun with Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman as the chairman of the remuneration committee. The terms of reference of the remuneration committee are available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The main duties and responsibilities of the remuneration committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors and the senior management of the Company for the Board's approval, make recommendations to the Board to improve the transparency of the Company's overall remuneration policy and to review and approve the compensation arrangements relating to any loss or termination of office of Directors and senior management.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (Continued)

One remuneration committee meeting was held during the year ended 30 June 2014 to review the remuneration packages of the Directors and the senior management. The attendance rates of committee members at the remuneration committee meeting (either in person or by phone) held during the year ended 30 June 2014 are set out in the following table:

Attendance of Remuneration Committee Members

		Number of
	Total Number of	Remuneration
	Remuneration	Committee Meeting
	Committee	Attended by
Name of Committee Members	Meeting Held	Committee Member
	1	

Ng Hoi Yue, Herman *(Chairman)* Li Fui Lung, Danny Heung Pik Lun

All minutes of the remuneration committee meeting are prepared and kept by the Company Secretarial Department and are open for inspection by Directors and remuneration committee members at any time.

The summary of the work performed by the remuneration committee during the year ended 30 June 2014 included:

- Considering and confirming the policy for the remuneration of Executive Directors;
- Reviewing and making recommendation to the Board on a discretionary increment on the monthly salary of all staff of the Company with effect from 1 January 2014 and discretionary bonus payment based on their individual performance and taking into account the recommendation of their immediate supervisor; and
- Reviewing (which includes assessing the performance of Executive Directors) and making recommendation to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and the senior management. The Remuneration Committee had made recommendation to the Board for a bonus payment of HK\$1 million to Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny.

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Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

An audit committee was established on 4 December 1998, currently comprising three Independent Non-executive Directors, being Messrs. Li Fui Lung, Danny, Ng Hoi Yue, Herman and Heung Pik Lun. Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny is the chairman of the audit committee. Amongst the audit committee members, two members have the appropriate professional qualification and experience in financial matters as required by Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

On 23 March 2012, the Board resolved to adopt a revised terms of reference for the audit committee. The revised terms of reference of the audit committee are available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Pursuant to Code Provision C.3.7 (a) of the CG Code, the Board also resolved to adopt the arrangements for employees of the Company to raise genuine concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters in the Company and its subsidiaries.

The main duties and responsibilities of the audit committee are to review the Company's financial information such as the interim and annual results, financial reporting principles and practices; to recommend the appointment and reappointment or removal of the external auditor, to determine their independence and objectivity as well as to review the scope of audit and the reporting obligation of the external auditor; to oversee the financial reporting system and the internal control and risk management system of the Company.

Four audit committee meetings were held during the year ended 30 June 2014 mainly to review the appointment of auditor, the financial performance of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2013 and for the six months ended 31 December 2013, the adequacy of resources, accounting staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function and the internal control system and related issues.

AUDIT COMMITTEE (Continued)

The attendance rates of committee members at the audit committee meetings (either in person or by phone) held during the year ended 30 June 2014 are set out in the following table:

Attendance of Audit Committee Members

		Number of Audit
	Total Number of	Committee Meetings
	Audit Committee	Attended by
Name of Committee Members	Meetings Held	Committee Member
	4	
Li Fui Lung, Danny <i>(Chairman)</i>		4
Ng Hoi Yue, Herman		4
Heung Pik Lun		3
5		

All minutes of the audit committee meetings are prepared and kept by the Company Secretarial Department and are open for inspection by Directors and audit committee members at any time.

PREVENTION OF BRIBERY COMMITTEE

A prevention of bribery committee ("POB Committee") was established on 28 June 2010, currently comprising two Executive Directors, being Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny and Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman. Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny is the chairman of the POB Committee.

The main duties and responsibilities of the POB Committee are to establish the criteria for application and approval process in connection with prevention of bribery matters taking into account provisions under the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201 of the Laws of Hong Kong). One POB Committee meeting was held during the year ended 30 June 2014 to review and discuss prevention of bribery matters.

PREVENTION OF BRIBERY COMMITTEE (Continued)

The attendance rates of committee members at the POB Committee meeting (either in person or by phone) held during the year ended 30 June 2014 are set out in the following table:

Attendance of POB Committee Members

		Number of POB
	Total Number of	Committee Meeting
	POB Committee	Attended by
Name of Committee Members	Meeting Held	Committee Member
	1	
Wong Kui Shing, Danny <i>(Chairman)</i>		1
Ma Ho Man, Hoffman		1

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Total

The total auditor's remuneration in respect of statutory audit and non-audit services provided by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited, the Company's external auditor, during the year ended 30 June 2014 are set out in the table below:

Services rendered	Fees paid/payable	
Statutory audit fees	HK\$600,000	
Fees for non-audit services:		
(i) review of interim results announcement	HK\$120,000	
(ii) preparation of accountants' report (Note)	HK\$168,800	

HK\$888,800

The accounts for the year were audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming annual general meeting. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited be nominated for appointment as the auditor of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting and the Board has agreed with the Audit Committee's recommendation.

The Company had engaged HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Taxation Services Limited for the preparation of tax returns during the financial year at a total fee of HK\$150,000.

Note: The Company had engaged HLB Hodgson Impey Cheung Limited for the preparation of accountants' report regarding the unaudited pro forma statement of adjusted consolidated net tangible assets of the Group in connection with the rights issue of nine (9) rights share for every one (1) share completed on 6 June 2014.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Internal control is fundamental to the successful operation and day-to-day running of a business and it assists a company in achieving its business objectives. While it aims to support the achievement of business objectives, it should serve as an early warning system of possible impediments to achieving those objectives. Internal control shall be useful to Directors, senior management and other key personnel that are accountable for control in the Company as well as to act as a tool in providing Directors and senior management with information of sufficient quality to make good business decisions and meet their regulatory obligations.

In light of the above, an Internal Control Policy and Procedures has been formulated and implemented within the Company with the primary objective of providing general guidance and recommendations on a basic framework of internal control and risk management. The key objectives of the internal control include:

- Safeguarding assets
- Ensuring completeness, accuracy and validity of financial records and reports
- Promoting adherence to policies, procedures, regulations and laws
- Promoting effectiveness and efficiency of operations

The Internal Control Policy and Procedures covers, amongst others, the following material activities – finance, operational and compliance controls:

Finance

Effective financial control is a vital element of internal control. It helps in identifying and managing liabilities to ensure that the Company is not unnecessarily exposed to avoidable financial risks. It also contributes to the safeguarding of assets from inappropriate use or loss, including the prevention and detection of fraud and errors.

In order to achieve effective financial control, a set of measures have been formulated and implemented to tighten the control on cash flow. All payments are required to be properly checked and approved. Proper accounting and financial records shall be maintained to support financial budgets, monthly management accounts and reports.

There should be a reliable interim and year-end reporting. The Company's assets should be properly recorded, maintained and used.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Operational

With regard to the Company's entertainment and media businesses, different sets of principles and procedures have been set up for different teams (film and TV programme production team, music production team, model management team and artiste management team) to follow. It is expected that through the implementation of the above principles and procedures, the production process and budget approval process should become more transparent and efficient.

These principles and procedures include the preparation of production plans and budgets, formulating a screening and approval process, setting up of an on-going monitoring system for production in progress and production cost spending and guidelines for music and movie products stocks keeping.

Compliance

Financial reports, announcements and circulars have been prepared and published in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

The Company has engaged Lak & Associates Consultancy Services Limited ("Lak & Associates") to undertake the role of reviewing and assessing the Company's internal control and risk management system and to evaluate its effectiveness and efficiency on the internal control. Lak & Associates has prepared a report to the Board and senior management on the findings of the internal control and risk management systems implemented by the Company and has helped to identify any significant areas of concern and made recommendations to the Board accordingly.

WHISTLE BLOWING POLICY

To deter wrongdoing and to promote standards of good corporate practices, the Company has adopted a whistle blowing policy at a Board meeting held on 30 December 2008. The policy aims at encouraging and enabling employees of the Group at all levels and others to report violations or suspected violations and to raise serious concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting or other matters of the Group.

CODE OF CONDUCT

As a responsible corporation, the Company is committed to maintaining a high level of standard of integrity in its businesses. Therefore, the Company has adopted a code of conduct on 28 June 2010 to provide guidelines on the manner in which business should be conducted and outline expected responsibilities and behaviors of all Directors, managers, officers, consultants and full time and part time employees. The major provisions include ethics, conflict of interest, and prevention of bribery, intellectual property rights and confidential information, fraud, dealing in securities, record-keeping, financial controls and disclosures and whistle blowing.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE POLICY

One Board meeting was held during the year ended 30 June 2014 to review, inter alia, (i) the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (ii) the training and continuous professional development of Directors; and (iii) the code of conduct applicable to employees and Directors.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company continues to pursue a proactive policy of promoting investor relations and communications with Shareholders and continues to review the Company's shareholders' communication policy which set out the Company's procedures in providing the Shareholders with prompt and equal access to information about the Company, in order to enable the Shareholders to access the Company's overall performance, exercise their rights in an informed manner and engage actively with the Company.

The Company's senior management has undertaken the role of establishing an effective communication system. They are responsible for responding to the enquiries from Shareholders/investing public or the media from time to time. The Company also maintains a website (http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/see) through which the Company's updated financial information, announcements, circulars, notices of meetings, press releases and contact details can be accessed by the Shareholders and investors. The Board believes that the Company's website provides an alternative means for the investing public to obtain information of the Company in a convenient and timely manner.

The annual general meeting also provides an important opportunity for constructive communication between the Board and the Shareholders. The Chairman and the chairmen of the audit committee and remuneration committee as well as the Company's auditor maintained an on-going dialogue with the Shareholders and answered all questions raised by the Shareholders throughout the last annual general meeting held on 1 November 2013.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS (Continued)

The attendance rates of Board members at the general meetings held during the year ended 30 June 2014 are set out in the following table:

Attendance of Board Members

		Number of
	Total Number of	General Meetings
	General	Attended by
Name of Directors	Meetings Held	Individual Director
	2	
Executive Directors		
Ma Ho Man, Hoffman <i>(Chairman)</i>		2
Wong Kui Shing, Danny (Managing Director)		2
Wong Chi Chiu		0
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Li Fui Lung, Danny		2
Ng Hoi Yue, Herman		2
Heung Pik Lun		2

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Set out below are procedures by which Shareholders may: (1) convene a special general meeting; (2) put forward enquiries to the Board; and (3) put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings. These procedures are generally governed by the provisions of the Company's Bye-Laws and applicable laws, rules and regulations, which prevail over what is stated in this section in case of inconsistencies.

1. Procedures by which Shareholders may convene a special general meeting

- 1.1 Shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit of the requisition carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may by written requisition deposit at the Company's registered office at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM11 Bermuda for the attention of the Board or the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary"), to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.
- 1.2 The requisition must specify the purposes of the meeting, signed by the requisitionists and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of those requisitionists.
- 1.3 The signatures and the requisition will be verified by the Company's share registrars. The Board will proceed to convene a special general meeting for the transaction of any business specified in the requisition within 21 days from the date of deposit of such requisition if it has been validly raised.
- 1.4 If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of a valid requisition, proceed duly to convene such meeting for a day not more than 2 months after the date of deposit of such requisition, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date. In addition, such meeting convened by the requisitionists shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be convened by the Board.

Shareholders who have enquiries regarding the above procedures may write to the Company Secretary, whose contact details are set out in paragraph 2.1 below.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

2. Procedures for putting forward enquiries to the Board

2.1 Shareholders may put forward enquiries to the Board through the Company Secretary who will direct the enquiries to the Board for handling. The contact details of the Company Secretary are as follows:

The Company Secretary See Corporation Limited Office D & E, 20th Floor, EGL Tower No. 83 Hung To Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon Hong Kong

Email: info@seecorphk.com Tel No.: (852) 2542 2212 Fax No.: (852) 2544 2212

3. Procedures for putting forward proposals at a Shareholders' meeting

- 3.1 The Company holds an annual general meeting every year, and may hold a general meeting known as a special general meeting whenever necessary.
- 3.2 In general, subject to paragraph 3.3 below, no resolution may be proposed at a Shareholders' meeting (whether it is a special general meeting or an annual general meeting) if such resolution is not included in the notice convening the general meeting. However, if the proposal is to amend an existing resolution set out in the notice convening the general meeting and such amendment is within the scope of the notice, such amendment may be made if approved by the Shareholders by ordinary resolution. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a special resolution, no amendment thereto (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may in any event be considered or voted upon.
- 3.3 On the requisition in writing of (i) either any number of Shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates, or (ii) not less than 100 Shareholders, the Company shall be under a duty to:
 - (a) give to Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and
 - (b) circulate to Shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

3. Procedures for putting forward proposals at a Shareholders' meeting (Continued)

- 3.4 The requisition under paragraph 3.3 must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM 11 Bermuda for the attention of the Company Secretary and:
 - (i) in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution, not less than six weeks before the annual general meeting and in the case of any other requisition, not less than one week before the meeting; and
 - (ii) there is deposited or tendered with the requisition a sum reasonably determined by the Board to be sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in serving the notice of the resolution and/or circulating any statement in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered Shareholders.
- 3.5 If the written request is in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board (i) to include the resolution in the agenda for the annual general meeting or (ii) to circulate any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at the general meeting. On the contrary, if the requisition is invalid or the Shareholder(s) concerned have failed to deposit sufficient money to meet the Company's expenses mentioned in paragraph 3.4(ii), the Shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, the proposed resolution will not be included in the agenda for the annual general meeting or the statement will not be circulated for the general meeting.
- 3.6 Notice of any such intended resolution shall be given, and any such statement shall be circulated, to Shareholders entitled to have notice of the meeting sent to them by serving a copy of the resolution or statement on each such Shareholder in any manner permitted for service of notice of the meeting, and notice of any such resolution shall be given to any other Shareholders by giving notice of the general effect of the resolution in any manner permitted for giving him notice of meetings of the Company, provided that the copy shall be served, or notice of the effect of the resolution shall be given, as the case may be, in the same manner and, so far as practicable, at the same time as notice of the meeting and, where it is not practicable for it to be served or given at that time, it shall be served or given as soon as practicable thereafter.

Shareholders who have enquiries regarding the above procedures may write to the Company Secretary, whose contact details are set out in paragraph 2.1 above.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

During the year ended 30 June 2014, there has not been any change in the Company's constitutional documents.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors hereby present the report of the Directors of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in (i) film and TV programme production, (ii) event production, (iii) artiste and model management, (iv) music production, (v) investment in securities and (vi) investment in a pay TV operation. Details of the principal activities and other particulars of the Company's significant subsidiaries are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by business and geographical segments is set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2014 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 47.

The state of affairs of the Group and the Company as at 30 June 2014 are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and the statement of financial position on page 48 and page 50 respectively.

The consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group are set out on pages 52 and 53.

The Directors do not recommend a payment of dividend nor transfer of any amount to reserves for the year ended 30 June 2014.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 132.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movements in the share capital and share options of the Company during the year are set out in notes 32 and 12 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserve of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 51 and in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors in office during the financial year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman *(Chairman)* Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny *(Managing Director)* Mr. Wong Chi Chiu Mr. Direk Lim (appointed on 3 July 2014)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman Mr. Heung Pik Lun Ms. Chan Sim Ling, Irene (appointed on 3 July 2014)

Pursuant to Bye-Law 87(2) of the Company's Bye-Laws, Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman ("Dr. Ma") shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting; and he being eligible, will offer himself for re-election at that meeting.

Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny and Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman have served as independent non-executive directors of the Company for more than 9 years who will voluntarily retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting; and they, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at that meeting.

Pursuant to Bye-Law 86(2) of the Company's Bye-Laws, Mr. Direk Lim and Ms. Chan Sim Ling, Irene shall also retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting; and they, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at that meeting.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS (Continued)

The Company has received from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The nomination committee of the Company (excluding Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny and Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman who have abstained from voting) has assessed and is satisfied of the independence of Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny and Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman and that they meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, are not involved in the daily management of the Company nor are they in any relationships or circumstance which would interfere with the exercise of their independent judgments. Hence, the Board is of the opinion that all the Independent Non-executive Directors remain independent within the definition of the Listing Rules by reference to the factors stated in the Listing Rules and the annual confirmations of independence received from all the Independent Non-executive Directors.

PROFILE OF THE DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Profile of the Directors and senior management of the Company as at the date of this report are set out on pages 36 to 44.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Details of the related party transactions entered into during the year were disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements. These related party transactions did not constitute connected transactions under the Listing Rules. Save as the transactions aforementioned, no contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or its holding company or any of its fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2014, to the best knowledge, information and belief of the Company after making reasonable enquiries, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") were as follows:

(A) Shares

As at 30 June 2014, the interests of the Directors and chief executive in the share capital of the Company and its associated corporations as defined in the SFO were as follows:

		Number of		
		Nature of	Ordinary	Percentage of
Name of Director	Name of Company	Interest	Shares	Interest
Ma Ho Man, Hoffman	See Corporation Limited	Beneficial Owner	23,604,236	1.58%

(B) Share options

The Company has a share option scheme under which Directors may, at their discretion, grant options to employees, including any directors of the Company or its subsidiaries to subscribe for shares in the Company, subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. During the year ended 30 June 2014, there were no share options granted to the Directors of the Company.

Save as aforesaid, as at 30 June 2014, to the knowledge of the Company:

- (i) none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) (a) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which the Directors and the chief executive are taken or deemed to have under the provisions of the SFO); or (b) which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules;
- (ii) none of the Directors or chief executive or their spouses or children under 18 had any right to subscribe for the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company, or had exercised any right during the year ended 30 June 2014.

ARRANGEMENT TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries or its holding company or any of its fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or the chief executive of the Company to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate and none of the Directors, the chief executive, their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right, save as the share options disclosed in the previous section headed "Directors' Interest in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures".

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 30 June 2014, to the best knowledge, information and belief of the Company after making reasonable enquiries, the Company has not been notified of any other interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company representing 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company and recorded in the register maintained under Section 336 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and/ or the Stock Exchange as at 30 June 2014.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-Laws or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, 17.3% of the Group's purchases were attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers with the largest supplier accounting for 7.6% of the Group's purchases. In addition, 63.8% of the Group's turnover was attributable to the Group's five largest customers with the largest customer accounting for 48.4% of the Group's turnover.

As at 30 June 2014, to the knowledge of the Directors of the Company, none of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders owning more than 5% of the Company's share capital had any beneficial interests in the Group's five largest suppliers and customers.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 30 June 2014, the following Director(s) were considered to have interests in the following businesses, being businesses which compete or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group as required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

Name of Director	Name of Entity the businesses of which are considered to compete or likely to compete with the businesses of the Group	Description of businesses of the Entity which are considered to compete or likely to compete with the businesses of the Group	Nature of Interests of the Director in the Entity
Wong Kui Shing, Danny	SMI Corporation Limited	Movie and TV series production	As a director

(until 6 June 2014)

Save as disclosed above, during the year ended 30 June 2014, none of the Directors have any interest in business which competes or may compete with the business of the Group, or have or may have any other conflicts of interest with the Group.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors as at 19 September 2014, being the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this report for the purposes of ascertaining certain information contained in this report, there is sufficient public float of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 30 June 2014.

EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of significant events after the end of the reporting period are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2014 were audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming annual general meeting. A resolution for the re-appointment of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as the auditor of the Company for the subsequent year will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

> On behalf of the Board Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman Chairman

Hong Kong, 19 September 2014

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman, aged 41, was appointed as an Executive Director and Chairman of the Company on 14 October 2010. He was also appointed as a member of the POB committee of the Company on 21 October 2010 and the chairman of nomination committee of the Company on 23 March 2012. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Ma does not hold any position with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company.

Dr. Ma has over 18 years of experience in the financial industry and extensive managerial experience. He was awarded Fellowship by Canadian Chartered Institute of Business Administration and Honorary Doctorate of Management by Lincoln University in 2009 and 2010 respectively.

Dr. Ma is currently an executive director and the deputy chairman of Success Universe Group Limited (shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange). In addition, he is a director of Success Securities Limited, which is a licensed corporation under the SFO and a participant of the Stock Exchange. Save as disclosed in this report, Dr. Ma did not hold any other directorship in listed public companies in the last three years.

As at the date of this report, Dr. Ma does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. As at the date of this report, he is interested in 23,604,236 shares of the Company, representing approximately 1.58% of the total issued share capital of the Company, within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Dr. Ma has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of 3 years from 1 April 2012 to 31 March 2015. He is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election pursuant to the Bye-Laws of the Company ("Bye-Laws"). Dr. Ma has not received any director's emolument, bonus payment or other benefits from the Company for the year ended 30 June 2014. The amount of his director's emolument will be reviewed by the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to his position, his level of responsibilities, the remuneration policy of the Company and prevailing market conditions.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (Continued)

Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny, aged 55, was appointed as an Executive Director and Managing Director of the Company on 21 December 2009. He was also appointed as the chairman of the POB committee of the Company on 28 June 2010. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Wong does not hold any position with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Wong holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of Hong Kong. He has over 23 years of extensive exposure in the financial and investment fields and is well experienced in the international investment market.

Mr. Wong was as an executive director of SMI Corporation Limited ("SMI") (shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) until 6 June 2014 when his resignation as an executive director of the company took effect. Save as disclosed in this report, Mr. Wong did not hold any other directorship in listed public companies in the last three years.

Save that Mr. Wong is the uncle of Mr. Wong Chi Chiu who is an Executive Director of the Company, he is not related to any directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. As at the date of this report, Mr. Wong does not have any interests in the shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Wong has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of 3 years from 1 April 2012 to 31 March 2015. He is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election pursuant to the Bye-Laws. Save as Mr. Wong had received a bonus payment of HK\$1,000,000 for the year ended 30 June 2014, he has not received any director's emolument or other benefits from the Company as he waived his director's emolument under his service agreement of approximately HK\$1,200,000 for the year ended 30 June 2014. The amount of his director's emolument was determined with reference to his position, his level of responsibilities, the remuneration policy of the Company and prevailing market conditions.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (Continued)

Mr. Wong Chi Chiu, aged 36, was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 21 December 2010. Save as disclosed above, he does not hold any position with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Wong has over 13 years of experience in corporate finance and auditing with participation in activities including mergers and acquisitions, initial public offerings and fund raising exercises. He holds a bachelor of business administration degree in accounting from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology.

Mr. Wong was an executive director of KH Investment Holdings Limited (shares of which are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange) until 1 November 2010 when his resignation as an executive director of the company took effect. Save as disclosed in this report, he did not hold any other directorship in listed public companies in the last three years.

Save that Mr. Wong is the nephew of Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny who is the Managing Director of the Company, he is not related to any directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. As at the date of this report, Mr. Wong does not have any interests in the shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Wong has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of 3 years from 1 April 2012 to 31 March 2015. He is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election pursuant to the Bye-Laws. Mr. Wong has not received any director's emolument, bonus payment or other benefits from the Company for the year ended 30 June 2014. The amount of his director's emolument will be reviewed by the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to his position, his level of responsibilities, the remuneration policy of the Company and prevailing market conditions.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (Continued)

Mr. Direk Lim, aged 64, was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 3 July 2014. Mr. Lim does not hold any position with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Lim holds a Bachelor's Degree in Commerce from Nanyang University of Singapore and has spent his career as a director and advisor to various companies/bodies.

Mr. Lim was an executive director of a Hong Kong listed company, Foundation Group Limited (now known as C Y Foundation Group Limited) from May 2003 to March 2007. He was advisor to Thai Prime Minister General Chavalit from 1995 to 1997. Mr. Lim was also an advisor of the standing committee on transportation and communication, banking and financial institutions of the senate of Thailand from 2000 to 2006. Mr. Lim did not hold any other directorship in listed public companies in the last three year.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Lim does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. As at the date of this report, Mr. Lim does not have any interests in the shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Lim has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of 3 years from 3 July 2014 to 2 July 2017. He is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election pursuant to the Bye-Laws. Mr. Lim is entitled to receive a director's fee of HK\$200,000 per annum. He has not received any director's emolument, bonus payment or other benefits from the Company for the year ended 30 June 2014. The amount of his director's emolument will be reviewed by the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to his position, his level of responsibilities, the remuneration policy of the Company and prevailing market conditions.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny, aged 61, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 23 October 2001. He was also appointed as the chairman of the audit committee of the Company on 23 October 2001, a member of the remuneration committee of the Company on 26 October 2005 and a member of the nomination committee of the Company on 23 March 2012. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Li does not hold any position with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Li graduated with a Bachelor of Science Degree from the University of Hong Kong and subsequently obtained a postgraduate certificate in accountancy from the University of Stirling in Scotland. He has over 33 years of experience in the accounting profession and after qualifying as Chartered Accountant in 1980 with Ernst & Whinney in Scotland, has worked as finance manager, controller and internal auditor in major multinational companies. Mr. Li is the sole proprietor of Messrs. Danny Li & Company, a certified public accountants firm in Hong Kong, and has been practising as a certified public accountant in Hong Kong for more than 12 years. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Scotland and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia.

Mr. Li was an independent non-executive director of Centraland Limited (shares of which ceased to be listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange on 11 November 2011) until 14 November 2011 when his resignation as an independent non-executive director of the company took effect. Save as disclosed in this report, he did not hold any other directorship in listed public companies in the last three years.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Li does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. As at the date of this report, he does not have any interests in the shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Li has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a period from 1 April 2012 to 30 September 2013 and is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election pursuant to the Bye-Laws. Mr. Li will retire at the next annual general meeting of the Company and being eligible, will stand for re-election at the meeting. Mr. Li has received director's fee of approximately HK\$220,000 for the year ended 30 June 2014. The amount of his director's fee was determined with reference to his duties and responsibilities in the Company and market benchmark.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (Continued)

Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman, aged 50, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 16 May 2002. He was also appointed as a member of the audit committee of the Company on 16 May 2002 and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company on 26 October 2005. Mr. Ng was appointed as the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company and a member of the nomination committee of the Company on 23 March 2012. Save as disclosed above, he does not hold any position with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Ng is an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and a fellow member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He has been practising as a certified public accountant in Hong Kong since 1989.

Mr. Ng is an independent non-executive director of Landing International Development Limited (shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange). He is also an independent non-executive director of Asian Citrus Holdings Limited (shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and AIM of the London Stock Exchange). Save as disclosed in this report, Mr. Ng did not hold any other directorship in listed public companies in the last three years.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Ng does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. As at the date of this report, he does not have any interests in the shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Ng has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a period from 1 April 2012 to 30 September 2013. He is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election pursuant to the Bye-Laws. Mr. Ng will retire at the next annual general meeting of the Company and being eligible, will stand for re-election at the meeting. Mr. Ng has received director's fee of approximately HK\$190,000 for the year ended 30 June 2014. The amount of his director's fee was determined with reference to his duties and responsibilities in the Company and market benchmark.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (Continued)

Mr. Heung Pik Lun, aged 52, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 20 March 2009. He was also appointed as a member of the audit committee of the Company and the remuneration committee of the Company on 20 March 2009 and a member of the nomination committee of the Company on 23 March 2012. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Heung does not hold any position with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Heung graduated from the University of Windsor, Canada with a bachelor degree of Arts in 1985. On June 2013, Mr. Heung was qualified as a professional member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and accredited as a Chartered Project Management Surveyors and he is also a member of the Institute of Shopping Centre Management since 2011. He has started developing real estate projects in China since 1992 and has maintained a strong business network. Possessing in-depth knowledge in the South China market, Mr. Heung has participated over a hundred real estate development projects. Apart from development in China property market, he also had decades of experience in property development in Canada and South East Asia. In addition, Mr. Heung has substantial experience in general management and administrative affairs.

Mr. Heung is an executive director of Hanny Holdings Limited (shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange). Save as disclosed in this report, he did not hold any other directorship in listed public companies in the last three years.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Heung does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. As at the date of this report, he does not have any interests in the shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Heung has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of 3 years from 20 March 2012 to 19 March 2015. He is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election pursuant to the Bye-Laws. Mr. Heung has received director's fee of approximately HK\$190,000 for the year ended 30 June 2014. The amount of his director's fee was determined with reference to his duties and responsibilities in the Company and market benchmark.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (Continued)

Ms. Chan Sim Ling, Irene, aged 51, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 3 July 2014. Ms. Chan does not hold any position with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company.

Ms. Chan graduated from The University of Hong Kong with Bachelor's Degree in Laws.

Ms. Chan is also an independent non-executive director of two Hong Kong listed companies, Chinlink International Holdings Limited and New Media Group Holdings Limited. She was previously an independent non-executive director of another Hong Kong listed company, Emperor Entertainment Hotel Limited, and retired in August 2013. Save as disclosed above, Ms. Chan did not hold any other directorship in listed public companies in the last three years.

As at the date of this report, Ms. Chan does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. As at the date of this report, he does not have any interests in the shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Ms. Chan has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a period from 3 July 2014 to 2 July 2017. She is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election pursuant to the Bye-Laws. Ms. Chan is entitled to receive a director's fee of HK\$180,000 per annum. She has not received any director's emolument, bonus payment or other benefits from the Company for the year ended 30 June 2014. The amount of her director's emolument will be reviewed by the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to her position, her level of responsibilities, the remuneration policy of the Company and prevailing market conditions.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Wong Yat Cheung, aged 59, was appointed as an Executive Director and Managing Director of the Company on 13 February 2007 and a member of the POB committee of the Company on 28 June 2010. He has resigned as the Managing Director and the Executive Director of the Company on 8 June 2009 and 1 December 2010 respectively. Mr. Wong has ceased to be the member of the POB committee of the Company with effect from 1 December 2010. He has also resigned as a director of Grand Class Investment Limited, Seethru Limited and See Base Limited on 1 December 2010 but continued to act as a director of Mega-Vision Productions Limited and Mega-Vision Pictures Limited, all of which are subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Wong is a prominent director, producer and scriptwriter in Hong Kong, both in terms of box-office success and breaking new grounds for film production. He graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1978 and holds a bachelor's degree in Chinese Language and Literature. Having over 30 years experience in the Hong Kong film and television industry, Mr. Wong has produced over 100 films and TV drama-series. Some of his reputable film sequels are "The Romancing Star", "God of Gamblers" and "Young and Dangerous", all of which set new movie box-office records as well as new trends for the Hong Kong movie scene. He was also awarded by UA Cinemas as the Movie Director with the Highest Box-Office Record between 1985 and 2005.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Wong does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



31/F, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SEE CORPORATION LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of See Corporation Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 47 to 131, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 30 June 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 30 June 2014, and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

Yu Chi Fat Practising Certificate Number: P05467

Hong Kong, 19 September 2014

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30 June 2014

Cost of sales (42,364) (13,8 Gross profit 12,073 9,4 Other revenue 9 3,379 2,0 Distribution costs (13,650) (4,7,7) 2,0 Administrative expenses (22,871) (25,0) (47,357) (37,6) Change in fair value of financial assets - 1.0 (43,357) (37,6) Loss from operations 10 (64,426) (54,0) (54,0) Finance costs 11 (625) (65) (54,6) Loss for more taxation (65,051) (54,6) (54,6) Taxation - - - - Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6) - - Other comprehensive income for the year, 		Notes	2014 HK\$'000	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Restated)
Cost of sales (42,364) (13,8 Gross profit 12,073 9,4 Other revenue 9 3,379 2,0 Distribution costs (13,650) (4,7,364) (13,650) Administrative expenses (22,871) (25,0 (43,357) (37,6 Change in fair value of financial assets - 1.0 (43,357) (37,6 Loss from operations 10 (64,426) (54,0 (54,0 Finance costs 11 (625) (65 (54,6 Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 (54,6 (55,051) (54,6 Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 (55,051) (54,6 (55,051) (54,6 Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 (55,051) (54,6 (55,051) (54,6 Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 (55,051) (54,6 (56,051) (54,6 Loss for the year attributable to: 0wners of the Company 1/4 (66,832) (52,8 (52,8) (54,6	Turpover	7	54 437	23,253
Gross profit 12,073 9,4 Other revenue 9 3,379 2,0 Distribution costs (13,650) (4,7 Administrative expenses (22,871) (25,00) Other operating expenses 10 (43,357) (37,6) Change in fair value of financial assets - 1,8		,	-	(13,848)
Other revenue 9 3,379 2,0 Distribution costs (13,650) (4,7) Administrative expenses (22,871) (25,0) Other operating expenses 10 (43,357) (37,6) Change in fair value of financial assets - - 1,8				
Distribution costs (13,650) (4,7) Administrative expenses (22,871) (25,0) Other operating expenses 10 (43,357) (37,6) Change in fair value of financial assets - 1,8	-			9,405
Administrative expenses (2,871) (25,0 Other operating expenses 10 (43,357) (37,6 Change in fair value of financial assets - 1,8		9	3,379	2,049
Other operating expenses 10 (43,357) (37,6 Change in fair value of financial assets	Distribution costs		(13,650)	(4,714)
Change in fair value of financial assets - 1,8	Administrative expenses		(22,871)	(25,020)
at fair value through profit or loss-1,5Loss from operations10(64,426)(54,0Finance costs11(625)(65Loss before taxation(65,051)(54,6Taxation13-Loss for the year(65,051)(54,6Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax-Total comprehensive loss for the year(65,051)(54,6Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company14(66,832)Owners of the Company14(66,832)(52,8Non-controlling interests1,781(1,8Owners of the Company(66,832)(52,8Non-controlling interests1,781(1,8Owners of the Company(66,832)(52,8Non-controlling interests1,781(1,8Loss per share attributable to: Uoss per share attributable to the owners of the Company(54,6Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company(54,6Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company(54,6Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company(54,6	Other operating expenses	10	(43,357)	(37,604)
Loss from operations 10 (64,426) (54,0 Finance costs 11 (625) (6 Loss before taxation (65,051) (54,6 Taxation 13 - Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Other comprehensive income for the year, 	Change in fair value of financial assets			
Finance costs 11 (625) (6 Loss before taxation (65,051) (54,6 Taxation 13 - Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax - - Total comprehensive loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Loss for the year attributable to: - - Owners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (66,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to: 0 (65,051) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 (1,8 (1,8 Loss per share attributable to (65,051) (54,6 (54,6 (55,051) (54,6	at fair value through profit or loss		-	1,810
Finance costs 11 (625) (6 Loss before taxation (65,051) (54,6 Taxation 13 - Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax - - Total comprehensive loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Loss for the year attributable to: - - Owners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (66,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to: 0 (65,051) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 (1,8 (1,8 Loss per share attributable to (65,051) (54,6 (54,6 (55,051) (54,6	Loss from operations	10	(64,426)	(54,074)
Loss before taxation(65,051)(54,6Taxation13-Loss for the year(65,051)(54,6Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax-Total comprehensive loss for the year(65,051)(54,6Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company14(66,832)(52,8Non-controlling interests1,781(1,8Cotal comprehensive loss attributable to: Owners of the Company(66,832)(52,8Interest of the Company14(66,832)(52,8Interest of the Company1,781(1,8Interest of the Company(66,832)(52,8Interest of the Company(66,051)(54,6Interest of the Company(66,051)(54,6Interest of the Company(65,051)(54,6Interest of the Company(56,051)(54,6Interest of the Company(54,6(55,051)Interest of the Company(54,6(55,051) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(621)</td></t<>				(621)
Taxation 13 - Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Other comprehensive income for the year, - - net of tax - - Total comprehensive loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Loss for the year attributable to: - - Owners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8			(0-07	(021)
Loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Other comprehensive income for the year, - net of tax - Total comprehensive loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Loss for the year attributable to: - Owners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (65,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to (55,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to (55,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to (55,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to 1,781 (1,8	Loss before taxation		(65,051)	(54,695)
Other comprehensive income for the year, - net of tax - Total comprehensive loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Loss for the year attributable to: - Owners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8	Taxation	13	_	_
Other comprehensive income for the year, - net of tax - Total comprehensive loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Loss for the year attributable to: - Owners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8				
net of tax - Total comprehensive loss for the year (65,051) (54,6) Loss for the year attributable to: 0wners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8) Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8)			(65,051)	(54,695)
Total comprehensive loss for the year (65,051) (54,6 Loss for the year attributable to: 0wners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 (65,051) (54,6 Total comprehensive loss attributable to: (65,051) (54,6 Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Loss per share attributable to (65,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to to the owners of the Company				
Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 (65,051) (54,6 Total comprehensive loss attributable to: Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Owners of the Company (65,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to (65,051) (54,6	net of tax		-	
Owners of the Company 14 (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 (65,051) (54,6 Total comprehensive loss attributable to: (66,832) (52,8 Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 Loss per share attributable to (65,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company (54,6	Total comprehensive loss for the year		(65,051)	(54,695)
Owners of the Company14(66,832)(52,8Non-controlling interests1,781(1,8(65,051)(54,6Total comprehensive loss attributable to: Owners of the Company(66,832)(52,8Non-controlling interests1,781(1,8(65,051)(54,61,781(1,8Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company(65,051)(54,6	Loss for the year attributable to:			
Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 (65,051) (54,6 Total comprehensive loss attributable to: (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 (65,051) (54,6 (65,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to (65,051) (54,6		14	(66.832)	(52,842)
(65,051) (54,6 Total comprehensive loss attributable to: (66,832) Owners of the Company (66,832) Non-controlling interests 1,781 (65,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to (54,6 the owners of the Company (54,6				(1,853)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: Owners of the Company (66,832) (52,8 Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 (65,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Owners of the Company(66,832)(52,8Non-controlling interests1,781(1,8(65,051)(54,6)Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company(54,6)			(65,051)	(54,695)
Owners of the Company(66,832)(52,8Non-controlling interests1,781(1,8(65,051)(54,6)(54,6)Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company(54,6)	Tatal communication loss attails table to			
Non-controlling interests 1,781 (1,8 (65,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company (54,6	-		(66,000)	(52.042)
(65,051) (54,6 Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company				(52,842)
Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company	Non-controlling interests		1,/81	(1,853)
the owners of the Company			(65,051)	(54,695)
the owners of the Company	Loss per chare attributable to			
- Basic and diluted 15 HK\$(0.13) HK\$(0	 Basic and diluted 	15	HK\$(0.13)	HK\$(0.13)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2014

Notes	At 30 June 2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>	At 30 June 2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>	At 1 July 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		(Restated)	(Restated)
18	_	_	_
	20.348	21 106	21,803
			7,384
	_		
23	-	10,000	10,000
	27,732	38,490	39,187
24	64,349	122,709	14,089
25(a)	18,538	99,972	227,230
25(b)	455	659	597
26	-	_	67
27	10,348	4,849	5,817
28	-	4,615	2,805
23	10,000	_	_
29	398,175	33,188	87,563
	501,865	265,992	338,168
30	35.219	53 965	72,232
31			9,943
	45,180	63,997	82,175
	456,685	201,995	255,993
	484,417	240,485	295,180
	484,417	240,485	295,180
	18 19 20 21 23 23 25(a) 25(b) 26 27 28 23 29 29	2014 Notes 18 19 20,348 20 7,384 21 23 24 64,349 25(a) 18,538 25(b) 455 26 27 10,348 28 - 23 10,000 29 308,175 30 30 35,219 31 9,961	2014 2013 Notes HK\$'000 18 - 19 20,348 21 - 20 7,384 21 - 23 - 24 64,349 25(a) 18,538 25(b) 455 26 - 27 10,348 4,615 23 - 26 - 27 10,348 4,849 28 - 29 398,175 30 35,219 30 35,219 31 9,961 10,032 - 30 35,219 31 9,961 10,032 - 30 35,219 31 9,961 10,032 - 456,685 201,995 484,417 240,485

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

At 30 June 2014

		At 30 June	At 30 June	At 1 July
		2014	2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(Restated)	(Restated)
Equity				
Capital and reserves attributable to the owners				
of the Company				
Share capital	32	14,945	12,455	12,455
Reserves		485,780	246,119	298,961
		500,725	258,574	311,416
Non-controlling interests		(16,308)	(18,089)	(16,236)
		484,417	240,485	295,180

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 19 September 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny Executive Director Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman

Executive Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2014

		2014	2013
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets	18	_	_
Property, plant and equipment	19	68	34
Investment in subsidiaries	22	23,118	23,070
		23,186	23,104
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments	27	267	359
Cash and bank balances	29	372,858	30,590
		373,125	30,949
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	30	6,483	8,401
		6,483	8,401
Net current assets		366,642	22,548
Net assets		389,828	45,652
Equity			
Capital and reserves attributable to the owners of			
the Company			
Share capital	32	14,945	12,455
Reserves	33	374,883	33,197
		389,828	45,652

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 19 September 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny Executive Director Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman Executive Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 30 June 2014

	Attributable to the owners of the Company							
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000 (Note i)	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000 (Note ii)	Contributed surplus HK\$'000 (Note iii)		Sub-total HK\$'000 (Restated)	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000 (Restated)
At 1 July 2012 (as previously reported)	12,455	717,027	50	-	(419,933)	309,599	(16,236)	293,363
Adjustments <i>(Note 2)</i> At 1 July 2012 (Restated)	- 12,455	- 717,027	- 50	-	1,817 (418,116)	1,817 311,416	_ (16,236)	1,817 295,180
Loss for the year (Restated) Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	(52,842)	(52,842)	(1,853)	(54,695)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(52,842)	(52,842)	(1,853)	(54,695)
At 30 June 2013 and 1 July 2013	12,455	717,027	50	-	(470,958)	258,574	(18,089)	240,485
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(66,832)	(66,832)	1,781	(65,051)
for the year	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-		-	(66,832)	(66,832)	1,781	(65,051)
Placing of shares Shares issue expenses	2,490	12,699	-	-	-	15,189	-	15,189
on placing of shares Capital Reduction &	-	(638)	-	-	-	(638)	-	(638)
Share Premium Reduction Amount transferred to write off	(13,450)	(729,088)	-	742,538	-	-	-	-
accumulated deficit	_	_	_	(683,880)	683,880	_	_	_
Issue of shares pursuant to rights issue Shares issue expenses on rights issue	13,450 _	293,213 (12,231)	-	-		306,663 (12,231)		306,663 (12,231)
At 30 June 2014	14,945	280,982	50	58,658	146,090	500,725	(16,308)	484,417

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes:

(i) Share premium

The application of share premium account is governed by Section 40 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

(ii) Capital redemption reserve

Capital redemption reserve arose on the cancellation of repurchased shares and accordingly reduction of nominal value of share capital of the Company.

(iii) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus of the Group represents the amount transferred from the capital account due to the Capital Reduction and Share Premium Reduction as a result of the capital reorganisation of the Company took effect on 8 May 2014 as detailed in note 33.

Under the Company Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot make a distribution out of the contributed surplus if: (i) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or (ii) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than its liabilities.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 30 June 2014

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Loss before taxation	(65,051)	(54,695)
Adjustments for:		
Impairment loss recognised in respect of:		
- trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments	1,721	5,703
– film rights	41,636	31,565
– music production in progress	-	126
Write down on inventories	-	210
Interest income	(167)	(118)
Interest expenses	625	621
Change in fair value of financial assets		
at fair value through profit or loss	-	(1,810)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	563	787
Amortisation of film rights	39,424	9,815
Reversal of impairment loss in respect of trade and other receivables	(3,014)	(1,477)
Reversal of write down in respect of inventories	(120)	-
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	335	(70)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	15,952	(9,343)
Decrease/(increase) in film production in progress	58,734	(22,742)
Decrease/(increase) in music production in progress	204	(188)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	120	(143)
Increase in trade and other receivables,		
deposits and prepayments	(4,091)	(3,148)
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,615	_
Decrease in trade and other payables	(18,746)	(18,267)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	56,788	(53,831)
Income tax paid	-	_
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	56,788	(53,831)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2014

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest income received	52	8
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(140)	(90
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	_	70
Net cash used in investing activities	(88)	(12)
¥		· · · ·
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net proceeds from rights issue	294,432	-
Net proceeds from placing of shares	14,551	-
Interest expense paid	(625)	(621
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	308,358	(621
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	365,058	(54,464
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	23,156	77,620
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	388,214	23,156
	500,211	
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and bank balances	398,175	33,188
Bank overdraft	(9,961)	(10,032
	388,214	23,156

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2014

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda on 27 March 1992 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The address of the registered office of the Company is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and the address of the principal place of business of the Company is Office D & E, 20th Floor, EGL Tower, No. 83 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 22.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except otherwise indicated.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised HKFRSs by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

HKAS 19 (Revised in 2011)	Employee Benefits
HKAS 27 (Revised in 2011)	Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 28 (Revised in 2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle
HKFRS 1 (Amendments)	Government Loans
HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and	Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure
HKFRS 12 (Amendments)	of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance
HK(IFRIC) – Int 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

For the year ended 30 June 2014

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period with the exception of the amendments to HKAS 36, Impairment of Assets – Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets, which modify the disclosure requirements for impaired non-financial assets. The amendments are effective for the Group's annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, but as permitted by the amendments, the Group has adopted the amendments early. The disclosures about the Group's impaired non-financial asset in the notes to consolidated financial statements have been conformed to the amended disclosure requirements. Impacts of the adoption of other new or amended HKFRSs are discussed below:

HKFRS 11, Joint Arrangements

HKFRS 11, which replaces HKAS 31, Interests in Joint Ventures, divides joint arrangements into joint operations and joint ventures. Entities are required to determine the type of an arrangement by considering the structure, legal form, contractual terms and other facts and circumstances relevant to their rights and obligations under the arrangement. Joint arrangements which are classified as joint operations under HKFRS 11 are recognised on a line-by-line basis to the extent of the joint operator's interest in the joint operation. All other joint arrangements are classified as joint ventures under HKFRS 11 and are required to be accounted for using the equity method in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Proportionate consolidation is no longer allowed as an accounting policy choice. The adoption of HKFRS 11 has changed the Group's accounting policy for its joint venture which was previously accounted for using proportionate consolidation. The financial effects on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 July 2012 and 30 June 2013 and its consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2013 as restated comparatives in the Group's audited consolidated financial results for the year ended 30 June 2014, are as follows:

For the year ended 30 June 2014

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 11, Joint Arrangements (Continued)

	Impact on financial position as at 1 July 2012				
		Retrospective effect of change in			
	As previously	accounting			
	reported	policy	As restated		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Intangible assets	_	_	_		
Property, plant and equipment	21,804	(1)	21,803		
Interests in associates	7,384	_	7,384		
Interest in a joint venture	_	_	_		
Loan receivable	10,000	_	10,000		
Film rights	14,089	_	14,089		
Film production in progress	227,230	_	227,230		
Music production in progress	597	_	597		
Inventories	67	_	67		
Trade and other receivables,					
deposits and prepayments	5,817	_	5,817		
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss	2,805	_	2,805		
Cash and bank balances	87,672	(109)	87,563		
Trade and other payables	(74,159)	1,927	(72,232)		
Bank overdraft – secured	(9,943)		(9,943)		
Net assets	293,363	1,817	295,180		
Accumulated losses	(419,933)	1,817	(418,116)		

For the year ended 30 June 2014

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 11, Joint Arrangements (Continued)

	Impact on financial position as at 30 June 2013				
		Retrospective effect of change in			
	As previously	accounting			
	reported	policy	As restated		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Intangible assets	-	_	-		
Property, plant and equipment	21,106	_	21,106		
Interests in associates	7,384	_	7,384		
Interest in a joint venture	_	_	-		
Loan receivable	10,000	-	10,000		
Film rights	122,709	_	122,709		
Film production in progress	99,972	_	99,972		
Music production in progress	659	-	659		
Inventories	_	_	-		
Trade and other receivables,					
deposits and prepayments	4,849	-	4,849		
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss	4,615	-	4,615		
Cash and bank balances	33,286	(98)	33,188		
Trade and other payables	(55,096)	1,131	(53,965)		
Bank overdraft – secured	(10,032)		(10,032)		
Net assets	239,452	1,033	240,485		
Accumulated losses	(471,991)	1,033	(470,958)		

For the year ended 30 June 2014

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 11, Joint Arrangements (Continued)

	Impact on result for the year ended			
	30 June 2013			
		Retrospective		
		effect of		
		change in		
	As previously	accounting		
	reported	policy	As restated	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Turnover	23,253	-	23,253	
Gross profit	9,405	_	9,405	
Other revenue	2,449	(400)	2,049	
Administrative expenses	(25,378)	358	(25,020)	
Other operating expenses	(36,861)	(743)	(37,604)	
Finance costs	(622)	1	(621)	
Loss before taxation	(53,911)	(784)	(54,695)	
Loss for the year	(53,911)	(784)	(54,695)	

Impact on cash flows for the year ended

	30 June 2013		
	Retrospective effect of change in		
	As previously	accounting	
	reported	policy	As restated
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(53,841)	10	(53,831)
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(12)	-	(12)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(622)	1	(621)
Net cash outflow	(54,475)	11	(54,464)

The impact at the application of the new and revised standards on basic and diluted earnings per shares in disclosed in note 15.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement

HKFRS 13 replaces existing guidance in individual HKFRSs with a single source of fair value measurement guidance. HKFRS 13 also contains extensive disclosure requirements about fair value measurements for both financial instruments and non-financial instruments. Some of the disclosures are specifically required for financial instruments in the annual financial statements.

Except as described above, the adoption of the other new HKFRSs had no material effect on the results and the financial position of the Group for the current or prior accounting period, except for the adoption of HKFRS 11.

New and revised Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation ⁶
Agriculture: Bearer Plants ⁶
Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions ²
Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements ⁶
Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ¹
Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting ¹
Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures 3
Financial Instruments ⁸
Hedge Accounting and Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKFRS 7 and
HKAS 39 ³
Investment Entities ¹
Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations ⁶
Regulatory Deferral Accounts ⁵
Revenue from Contracts with Customers ⁷
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010 – 2012 Cycle ⁴
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011 – 2013 Cycle ²
Levies ¹

For the year ended 30 June 2014

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective (Continued)

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014.
- ³ No mandatory effective date yet determined but is available for adoption.
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with limited exceptions.
- ⁵ Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016.
- ⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.
- ⁷ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.
- ⁸ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

HKFRS 9, Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was amended in 2010 to include the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

HKFRS 9 requires all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

The most significant effect of HKFRS 9 regarding the classification and measurement of financial liabilities relates to the presentation of changes in the fair value of a financial liability (designated as at fair value through profit or loss) attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability. Specifically, under HKFRS 9, for financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with earlier application permitted.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 9, Financial Instruments (Continued)

The application of HKFRS 9 might affect the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets. The Directors of the Company are still in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of HKFRS 9.

Amendments to HKAS 32, Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The amendments to HKAS 32 address inconsistencies in current practice when applying the offsetting criteria and clarify:

- the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off'; and
- that some gross settlement systems may be considered equivalent to net settlement.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014 and are required to be applied retrospectively.

The Group is in the process of assessing the potential impact of the above new HKFRSs upon initial application but is not yet in a position to state whether the above new HKFRSs will have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, which is a collective term that includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs"), and Interpretations ("Ints") issued by the HKICPA and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these development to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention except for certain financial assets which are carried at fair values. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date, fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can assess at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved where the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of subsidiaries begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries. Specially, income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiaries.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All inter-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of subsidiaries, a gain or loss recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amounts of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiaries and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to those subsidiaries are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiaries (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiaries at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an interest in an associate or a joint venture.

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Business combinations

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12, Income Taxes and HKAS 19, Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered to replace share- based payment arrangement of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2, Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specific in another HKFRSs.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Business combinations (Continued)

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the measurement period about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date. The measurement period does not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, or HKAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

(e) Investment in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an enterprise controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an enterprise so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Investment in subsidiaries (Continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivables.

(f) Interests in associates and joint venture

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Under the equity method, interests in associates or joint venture are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise in the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates or joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of associates or joint venture equals or exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associates or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of future losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associates or joint venture.

An interest in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the interest in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Interests in associates and joint venture (Continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture or when the investment (or a portion thereof) is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interests in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of ant retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interests in the associates or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associates or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

When a group entity transacts with its associates, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associates are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associates that are not related to the Group.

(g) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Goodwill (Continued)

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

(h) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings and leasehold land held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price, any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its present working condition and location for its intended use and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which is located. Expenditure incurred after the asset has been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of the asset.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing cost capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following annual rates:

Leasehold land	:	Over the lease term
Buildings	:	40 years
Leasehold improvement	:	20%
Furniture, fixture and equipment	:	20%
Motor vehicles	:	20%

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

(i) Film rights

Film rights represent films and television drama series produced or acquired by the Group for reproduction, distribution and sub-licensing, are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any identified impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss based on the proportion of actual income earned during the year to the total estimated income from the distribution of film rights. The amortisation of film rights will not exceed two years. In the case where there is any impairment in value, the unamortised balance is written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

(j) Film and music production in progress

Film and music production in progress represent films, televisions drama series and music records under production, are stated at cost incurred to date, less any identified impairment losses. Cost is transferred to films and music production rights upon completion.

An impairment loss is made if there has been a change in the estimate used to determine the recoverable amount and the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Intangible assets

Intangible assets, which comprise artiste contract rights and trademarks, are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any identified impairment losses. The categories of the intangible assets are summarised as follows:

(i) Artiste contract rights

Artiste contract rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any identified impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss over the contract terms.

(ii) Trademarks

Trademarks are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any identified impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss over the estimated useful life.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

(I) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a first-in, first-out basis and comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present locations and conditions. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

(m) Revenue recognition

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

Sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has passed to the buyer.

Revenue from licensing of the distribution rights over films and television programmes is recognised when the master materials of films are delivered to customers.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from provision of model and artiste services is recognised when services are rendered.

Revenue from event productions is recognised when the events are completed or the services are provided.

Sales of securities investments are recognised on a trade date basis.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.

(n) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings related to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks; and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in a foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Foreign currencies (Continued)

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint venture that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in equity under the heading of the foreign currency translation reserve.

(o) Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Leases (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

Leasehold land and buildings

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the lease. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

(p) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

i. Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Financial instruments (Continued)

i. Financial assets (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- (i) it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- (ii) on initial recognition it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (iii) it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

(i) such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Financial instruments (Continued)

i. Financial assets (Continued)

Effective interest method (Continued)

- (ii) the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- (iii) it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 5.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including loan receivable, trade and other receivables, deposits and cash and bank balances) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Financial instruments (Continued)

i.

- *Financial assets (Continued)* Impairment of financial assets (Continued) For all other financial assets, the objective evidence of impairment could include:
 - (i) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
 - (ii) breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
 - (iii) it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation; or
 - (iv) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 90 to 180 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectable, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance amount. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance amount are recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Financial instruments (Continued)

i. Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

ii. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis other than financial liabilities classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade and other payables and secured bank overdraft are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Financial instruments (Continued)

ii. Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries, interests in associates and interest in joint venture except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax (Continued)

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

(r) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(s) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other shortterm highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position.

(t) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

(u) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably. A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, they will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group. A contingent asset is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Employee benefits

- (i) Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leaves, leave passage and the cost to the Group of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.
- (ii) Contributions to Mandatory Provident Funds are required under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Funds Schemes Ordinance are recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred.
- (iii) The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the share options is recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined with reference to the fair value of the share options granted. At the end of the reporting period, the Company revises its estimates of the number of share options that are expected to become exercisable that become vested. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, and a corresponding adjustment to equity in the consolidated statement of financial position will be made over the remaining vesting period.
- (iv) Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

(w) Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (i) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (1) has control or joint control over the Group; or
 - (2) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (3) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) Related parties (Continued)

- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others); or
 - (2) one entity is an associate or a joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or a joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member); or
 - (3) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party; or
 - (4) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity; or
 - (5) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group; or
 - (6) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i); or
 - (7) a person identified in (i)(1) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of a family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(x) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(i) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The provision of impairment loss on trade and other receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and aging analysis of accounts and on management's judgement. In determining whether impairment is required, the Group takes into consideration the aging status and likelihood of collection. When recoverability of trade and other receivables are called into doubts, specific provision of impairment loss on trade and other receivables is made on the difference between the estimated future cash flow expected to receive being discounted using the original effective interest rate and the carrying value.

(ii) Impairment of film and music production in progress

The Group reviews aging analysis of the film and music production in progress at the end of each reporting period. The recoverable amounts of film and music production in progress are assessed with reference to the value-in-use calculation at the end of the reporting period. The key assumptions include the discount rate, budgeted gross margin and estimated turnover based on past practices, experience and expectations in the film and music distribution and production industry. Changes in these estimates and assumptions would result in additional impairment provision or reversal of impairment in future years.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of film rights

At the end of each reporting period, the management of the Group performs review of the carrying amount of each film rights by reference to its estimated total projected revenues from each film, which is based on the historical performance and incorporating factors such as the past box office record of the lead actors and actresses, the genre of the film, pre-release market research, the expected number of theatres that the film will be released to and the anticipated performance in the home entertainment, television and other ancillary markets, and agreement for future sales. The residual values of each film rights are continually evaluated based on the changes in consumer demand.

(iv) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

In accordance with HKAS 16, the Group estimates the useful lives of property, plant and equipment in order to determine the amount of depreciation expenses to be recorded. The useful lives are estimated at the time the asset is acquired based on historical experience, the expected usage, wear and tear of the assets, as well as technical obsolescence arising from changes in the market demands or service output of the assets. The Group also performs annual reviews on whether the assumptions made on useful lives continue to be valid.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

The Group

	2014	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)	(Restated)
Financial assets			
Loans and receivables			
(including cash and bank balances)	417,828	46,953	102,561
Financial assets designated			
as at fair value through profit or loss		4,615	2,805
Financial liabilities			
Amortised cost	45,180	63,997	82,175

For the year ended 30 June 2014

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Categories of financial instruments (Continued)

The Company

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables (including cash and bank balances)	373,060	30,792
Financial liabilities		
Amortised cost	6,483	8,401

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include loan receivable, trade and other receivables, deposits, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables and secured bank overdraft. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

There has been no change to the types of the Group's exposure in respect of financial instruments or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

Market risk

(i) Foreign currency risk management

Certain assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in foreign currencies, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(i) Foreign currency risk management (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Liabilities		Asset	s	
	2014	2014 2013		2013	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Renminbi ("RMB")	7,886	7,665	5,337	6,581	

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the effects of fluctuation in RMB.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in HK\$ against RMB. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year ended for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit where the HK\$ strengthen 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% weakening of the HK\$ against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit, and the balance below would be positive.

	Impact of	Impact of RMB		
	2014	2013		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Profit or loss <i>(note)</i>	127	54		

Note:

This is mainly attributable to the exposure to outstanding receivables and payables denominated in RMB not subject to cash flow hedge at the end of the reporting period.

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year. RMB denominated turnover are seasonal with lower turnover recognised in the last quarter of the financial year, which results in a reduction RMB receivables at the end of the reporting period.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk management

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to secured bank overdraft (note 31). It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowings at floating rate of interest so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of HIBOR arising from the Group's HK\$ denominated borrowings.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for secured bank overdraft at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis points increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss for the year ended 30 June 2014 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$50,000 (2013: loss decrease/increase by approximately HK\$50,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its secured bank overdraft.

(iii) Other price risks

The Group is exposed to equity price risk mainly through its investment in listed equity securities. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different task and return profiles. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity securities operating in ship construction and securities trading business quoted in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. In addition, the Group monitors the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(iii) Other price risks (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 5% higher/lower, the Group's: (2013: 5% higher/lower)

Loss for the year ended 30 June 2014 would not be deceased/increased (2013: loss decrease/ increase by approximately HK\$231,000). This is mainly due to the change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, and all financial assets at fair value through profit or loss disposed during the year ended 30 June 2014.

Credit risk management

As at 30 June 2014, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt and debt investments at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regards, the Directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group deposited its cash and bank balances with approved and reputable banks. Bankruptcy or insolvency of the banks may cause the Group's right with respect to cash and cash equivalents held to be delayed or limited. Management of the Company monitors the credit rating of these banks on an ongoing basis, and considers that the Group's exposure to credit risk at 30 June 2014 and 2013 were minimal.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk management

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate bank deposits and cash, monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The liquidity risk is under continuous monitoring by management. Reports with maturity dates of bank borrowings and thus the liquidity requirement are provided to management for review periodically. Management will raise or refinance bank borrowings whenever necessary.

The following tables details remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows (included interest payment computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on weighted average effective rates) and the earliest date of the Group required to pay.

The Group

	Weighted					
	average				Total	Total
	effective	Within	Within	Over	undiscounted	carrying
	interest	1 year	2 to 5 years	5 years	cash flows	amount
	rate	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 30 June 2014						
Non-derivative financial						
liabilities						
Trade and other payables	-	35,219	-	-	35,219	35,219
Bank overdraft – secured	5%	10,459	-	-	10,459	9,961
Total		45,678	-	-	45,678	45,180
At 30 June 2013 (Restated)						
Non-derivative financial						
liabilities						
Trade and other payables	_	53,965	_	_	53,965	53,965
Bank overdraft – secured	5%	10,534	-	-	10,534	10,032
Total		64,499	_	-	64,499	63,997
		01,100			01,100	00,007
At 1 July 2012 (Restated)						
Non-derivative financial						
liabilities						
Trade and other payables	-	72,232	_	-	72,232	72,232
Bank overdraft – secured	5%	10,440		-	10,440	9,943
Total		82,672	-	_	82,672	82,175

For the year ended 30 June 2014

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk management (Continued)

The Company

	Weighted					
	average				Total	Total
	effective	Within	Within	Over	undiscounted	carrying
	interest	1 year	2 to 5 years	5 years	cash flows	amount
	rate	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 30 June 2014						
Non-derivative financial						
liabilities						
Trade and other payables	-	6,483	-	-	6,483	6,483
At 30 June 2013						
Non-derivative financial						
liabilities						
Trade and other payables	-	8,401	-	-	8,401	8,401

(c) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively.
- The fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using quoted prices. Where such prices are not available, a discounted cash flow analysis is performed using the applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments for non-optional derivatives, and option pricing models for optional derivatives; and
- The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding those described above) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The Directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the financial statements approximate to their fair values.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:(Continued) *Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position* The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by the fair value hierarchy:

	At 30 June 2013						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
Financial assets at							
fair value through							
profit or loss	4,615	_	_	4,615			

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 for the year ended 30 June 2013.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

6. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt (which includes secured bank overdraft), cash and bank balances and equity attributable to the owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

Gearing ratio

The Directors of the Company review the capital structure on a continuous basis. As part of this review, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the Directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through issue of new shares, raise new borrowings and repayment of borrowings.

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

		The Group		The Company		
	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		(Restated)	(Restated)			
Total debt <i>(note i)</i>	9,961	10,032	9,943	-	-	
Less: Cash and bank balances	(398,175)	(33,188)	(87,563)	(372,858)	(30,590)	
Net debt	(388,214)	(23,156)	(77,620)	(372,858)	(30,590)	
Equity <i>(note ii)</i>	500,725	258,574	311,416	389,828	45,652	
Net debt to equity ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total debt to equity ratio	2%	4%	3%	N/A	N/A	

Notes:

(i) Debt comprises secured bank overdraft as detailed in note 31.

(ii) Equity includes all capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

7. TURNOVER

Turnover of the Group represents revenue from (i) film and TV programme production, (ii) event production, (iii) artiste and model management, (iv) music production and (v) investment in securities. The amounts of each significant category of turnover recognised during the year are as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Turnover		
Film and TV programme production	40,960	17,203
Event production	768	579
Artiste and model management	3,002	5,233
Music production	43	238
Investment in securities	9,664	
	54,437	23,253

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment, information reported to the Executive Directors of the Company, being the Chief Operating Decision Maker (the "CODM") for the purposes of resource location and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided.

In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the CODM for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group is currently organised into the following operating segments:

- Film and TV programme production
- Event production
- Artiste and model management
- Music production
- Investment in securities

For the year ended 30 June 2014

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments is presented below.

(a) Segment revenue and results

	Film and TV programme production HK\$'000	Event production HK\$'000	Artiste and model management HK\$'000	Music production HK\$'000	Investment in securities HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
2014						
Segment revenue	40,960	768	3,002	43	9,664	54,437
Segment results	1,536	22	815	36	9,664	12,073
Interest income						167
Reversal of impairment loss	2,997	-	4	133	-	3,134
Unallocated gains						78
Unallocated corporate expenses						(12,564)
Distribution costs	(12,617)	-	(877)	(156)	-	(13,650)
Administrative expenses	(9,792)	-	(451)	(64)	-	(10,307)
Other operating expenses	(41,663)	-	(1,694)	-	-	(43,357)
Change in fair value of financial						
assets at fair value through						
profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	
Loss from operations						(64,426)
Finance costs						(625)
Loss before taxation						(65,051)
Taxation						
Loss for the year						(65,051)

For the year ended 30 June 2014

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Segment revenue and results (Continued)

	Film and TV		Artiste and			
	programme	Event	model	Music	Investment	
	production	production	management	production	in securities	Consolidated
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2013 (Restated)						
Segment revenue	17,203	579	5,233	238		23,253
Segment results	7,388	43	1,769	205		9,405
Interest income						118
Reversal of impairment loss	26	_	1,451	_	_	1,477
Unallocated gains	20		1,401			454
Unallocated corporate expenses						(13,677)
Distribution costs	(3,600)	_	(449)	(665)	_	(4,714)
Administrative expenses	(10,581)	(383)	(348)	(31)	_	(11,343)
Other operating expenses	(34,552)	_	(2,716)	(336)	_	(37,604)
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through						
profit or loss	-	_	_	-	1,810	1,810
Loss from operations						(54,074)
Finance costs						(621)
Loss before taxation						(54,695)
Taxation						
Loss for the year						(54,695)

Segment revenue reported above represented revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the current year (2013: Nil).

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies as described in note 3. Segment result represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs including Directors' salaries, corporate legal professional fee and financial costs. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

(b) Segment assets and liabilities

	Film and TV programme production HK\$'000	Event production HK\$'000	Artiste and model management HK\$'000	Music production HK\$'000	Investment in securities HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
30 June 2014 Segment assets Unallocated assets	103,050	-	755	468	14,282	118,555 411,042
Consolidated assets						529,597
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	21,864	-	6,256	580	-	28,700 16,480
Consolidated liabilities						45,180
30 June 2013 (Restated) Segment assets Unallocated assets	227,645	-	1,239	688	4,624	234,196
Consolidated assets						304,482
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	37,487	1,387	6,727	900	5	46,506 17,491
Consolidated liabilities						63,997
1 July 2012 (Restated) Segment assets Unallocated assets	245,386	-	4,081	733	2,813	253,013 124,342
Consolidated assets						377,355
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	39,320	644	10,144	658	2	50,768 31,407
Consolidated liabilities						82,175

For the purpose of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than interests in associates and a joint venture, and other unallocated head office and corporate assets that are not attributable to segments; and
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than unallocated corporate financial liabilities that are not attributable to segments.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) Other segment information

	Film and TV programme production HK\$'000	Event production HK\$'000	Artiste and model management HK\$'000	Music production HK\$'000	Investment in securities HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
	ПКЭ 000	ПК\$ 000	ПКЭ 000	UK\$ 000	ПКЭ 000	ПК Э 000	HK3 000
2014							
Other segment information:							
Additions to non-current							
assets	68	_	-	_	-	72	140
Amortisation of film rights	39,424	_	-	_	-	-	39,424
Depreciation	318	_	1	_	-	244	563
Impairment loss recognised in							
respect of:							
- trade and other							
receivables, deposits							
and prepayments	27	_	1,694	_	_	_	1,721
 – film rights 	41,636		1,054		_		41,636
– music production in	41,050	-	-	-	-	-	41,050
progress	_						
Write down on inventories	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of impairment loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
in respect of trade and other receivables	(2.007)		(4)	(40)			(2.014)
	(2,997)	-	(4)	(13)	-	-	(3,014)
Reversal of write down in				(420)			(420)
respect of inventories		-	-	(120)	-	-	(120)
2013 (Restated)							
Other segment information:							
Additions to non-current							
assets	84	-	6	-	-	-	90
Amortisation of film rights	9,815	-	-	-	-	-	9,815
Depreciation	350	-	15	-	-	422	787
Impairment loss recognised in							
respect of:							
 trade and other 							
receivables, deposits							
and prepayments	2,987	-	2,716	-	-	-	5,703
– film rights	31,565	-	-	-	-	-	31,565
 music production in 							
progress	-	-	-	126	-	-	126
Write down on inventories	-	-	-	210	-	-	210
Reversal of impairment loss							
in respect of trade and							
other receivables	(26)	_	(1,451)	_	_	_	(1,477)
Reversal of write down in	(20)		(1,137)				(1,117)

For the year ended 30 June 2014

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

(d) Geographical information

The Group's revenue from external customers by geographical location are detailed as below:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	20,614	15,268
The People's Republic of China (The "PRC")	26,422	3,181
Malaysia	2,181	2,152
Others	5,220	2,652
	54,437	23,253

As at the end of reporting period, over 90% of the identifiable assets of the Group were located in Hong Kong. Accordingly, no geographical information analysis over non-current assets is presented.

(e) Information about major customers

Included in revenues arising from film and TV programme production was approximately HK\$40,960,000 (2013: HK\$17,203,000). Revenue from the one (2013: two) major customer contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2014 was approximately HK\$26,352,000 (2013: HK\$3,166,000 and HK\$3,115,000 respectively).

9. OTHER REVENUE

		(Restated)
Other interest income	115	110
Reversal of impairment loss in respect of trade and		
other receivables (note 10)	3,014	1,477
Reversal of write down in respect of inventories (note 10)	120	_
Bank interest income	52	8
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	70
Sundry income	78	384

For the year ended 30 June 2014

10. LOSS FROM OPERATIONS

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Loss from operations has been arrived		
at after charging/(crediting):		
Cost of inventories (included in cost of sales)	7	33
Amortisation of film rights (included in cost of sales) (note 24)	39,424	9,815
Auditors' remuneration	600	600
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 19)	563	787
Operating leases in respect of land and buildings (note 34)	1,988	2,014
Impairment loss recognised in respect of:		
 trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments* 	1,721	5,703
– film rights* <i>(note 24)</i>	41,636	31,565
- music production in progress* (note 25 (b))	-	126
Write down on inventories* <i>(note 26)</i>	-	210
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	335	(70)
Reversal of impairment loss in respect of trade and other		
receivables (note 9)	(3,014)	(1,477)
Reversal of written down in respect of inventories (note 9)	(120)	-
Net exchange losses, net	36	7

* The aggregation of these items represented "Other operating expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

11. FINANCE COSTS

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
Interest on:		
Bank borrowings wholly repayable within five years	574	573
	574	573
Bank charges	51	48
	625	621

For the year ended 30 June 2014

12. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

	11,392	12,430
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	445	465
Salaries and other benefits	10,947	11,965
Employee benefit expenses are analysed as follows:		
		(Restated)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	2014	2013

Retirement Benefit Scheme

Prior to 1 December 2000, the Group operated a defined contribution retirement benefits scheme ("Defined Contribution Scheme") for its qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme were held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Where there are employees who leave the Defined Contribution Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, the amount of the forfeited contributions would be used to reduce the contributions payable by the Group. The Defined Contribution Scheme was terminated on 1 December 2000.

Effective from 1 December 2000, the Group joined the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all of its employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the Group and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at rates specified in the rules. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years.

The Group does not have any other pension schemes for its employees in respect of its subsidiaries outside Hong Kong.

Equity Compensation Benefits

Share Options

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"). Further details of which are set out under the heading "Share Options" in note 32.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

13. TAXATION

Current tax

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Company and its subsidiaries incurred taxation loss for the year (2013: Nil), as the Group has no assessable profits arising in Hong Kong or taxable profits were wholly absorbed by estimated tax losses brought forward.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

	2014		2013	
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
			(Restated)	
Loss before taxation	(65,051)		(54,695)	
Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%)	(10,733)	(16.5)	(9,025)	(16.5)
Tax effect of expense not deductible for tax purpose	444	0.7	1,568	2.9
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(100)	(0.2)	(1,925)	(3.5)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	11,978	18.4	9,383	17.1
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(1,589)	(2.4)	(1)	_
Taxation charged for the year	-	_	_	_

Deferred tax

At 30 June 2014, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$369,468,000 (2013: HK\$306,501,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

14. LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Of the Group's loss for the year of approximately HK\$66,832,000 (2013: HK\$52,842,000), a profit of approximately HK\$35,193,000 (2013: loss of HK\$41,831,000) has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

15. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per ordinary share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

HK\$'000	HK\$'000 (Restated)
	(Restated)
(66,832)	(52,842)
Number of	Number of
shares	shares
'000	'000
	(Restated)
520,429	400,042
	Number of shares '000

For the years ended 30 June 2014 and 2013, the diluted loss per share was the same as the basic loss per share as there was no dilutive potential ordinary share.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share for both years have been adjusted for the effect of share consolidation and bonus elements of the rights issue of the Company completed in 8 May 2014 and 6 June 2014 respectively.

Changes in the Group's accounting policy during the year are disclosed in detail in note 2. The changes in accounting polices affected only the results of the Group, and there is no change in basic and diluted loss per share.

16. DIVIDENDS

The Directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2014 (2013: Nil).

For the year ended 30 June 2014

17. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

(a) Directors' emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the three (2013: four) Executive Directors and three (2013: three) Independent Non-executive Directors are disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

	Fees	Salaries		Provident fund contributions	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Name of Director					
2014:					
Executive Directors					
Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman,					
the Chairman	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny ¹ ,					
the Managing Director	-	-	1,000	-	1,000
Mr. Wong Chi Chiu, Michael	-	-	-	-	-
Independent Non-executive Directors					
Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny	220	_	_	_	220
Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman	190	-	_	_	190
Mr. Heung Pik Lun	190	-	-	-	190
	600	_	1,000	_	1,600
					.,
Name of Director					
2013:					
Executive Directors					
Dr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman, the					
Chairman	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny ¹ ,					
the Managing Director	_	-	-	_	-
Mr. Wong Chi Chiu, Michael	-	-	-	-	-
Ms. Ng Yuk Yee, Feona 2	-	836	-	7	843
Independent Non-executive Directors					
Mr. Li Fui Lung, Danny	220	-	-	-	220
Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, Herman	190	_	-	-	190
Mr. Heung Pik Lun	190	-	-	_	190
	600	836		7	1 440
	000	020		/	1,443

For the year ended 30 June 2014

17. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

- (1) Save as the bonus payment of HK\$1,000,000 for the year ended 30 June 2014, Mr. Wong Kui Shing, Danny, has not received any Director's emolument or other benefits from the Company as he has waived his Director's emolument of approximately HK\$1,200,000 for the years ended 30 June 2013 and 2014.
- (2) Ms Ng Yuk Yee, resigned as Executive Director on 14 December 2012.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included one Director (2013: one Director) of the Company, details of whose emoluments is set out above. The aggregate emoluments of the remaining four (2013: four) individuals of which one (2013: one) is a senior management are as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries, housing allowances, benefits in kind and		
other allowance	5,689	4,510
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	61	59
	5,750	4,569

The emoluments of those individuals are within the following bands:

	Number of Individuals	
	2014	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	3	3
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	-	-
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	1	1
	4	4

For the years ended 30 June 2014 and 2013, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, including the Director, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. Except as disclosed above, none of the Directors has waived any emolument during the year.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Group

		Artiste contract	
	Trademarks	rights	Tota
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost:			
At 1 July 2012, 30 June 20	13, 1 July 2013 and		
30 June 2014	81	120	201
Accumulated amortisation a	nd impairment:		
At 1 July 2012, 30 June 20	-		
30 June 2014	81	120	201
At 30 June 2013		_	-
			-
Note:			
The following useful lives are used	d in the calculation of amortisation:		
Trademarks	5 years		
Artiste contract rights	Over the contract terms		
The Company			
		Trade	marks
		2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000

Cost:		
At the beginning and at the end of the year	81	81
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:		
At the beginning and at the end of the year	81	81
Net book value:		

At the end of the year

Note:

The above intangible assets have definite useful lives. Such intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over five years.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group

	Leasehold land in Hong Kong under long-term lease HK\$'000	Building HK\$'000	Leasehold improvement HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000 (Restated)	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Cost:						
At 1 July 2012	14,321	7,558	1,426	3,096	650	27,051
Additions	-	, _	, _	. 90	_	. 90
Disposals	-	_		_	(650)	(650)
At 30 June 2013 and 1 July 2013	14,321	7,558	1,426	3,186	_	26,491
Additions	_	_		140	_	140
Disposals	-	-	(913)	(93)		(1,006)
At 30 June 2014	14,321	7,558	513	3,233	-	25,625
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:						
At 1 July 2012	126	1,402	620	2,450	650	5,248
Charge for the year (note 10)	17	189	279	302	-	787
Written back on disposals		_			(650)	(650)
At 30 June 2013 and 1 July 2013	143	1,591	899	2,752	-	5,385
Charge for the year (note 10)	17	189	192	165	_	563
Written back on disposals	-	_	(578)	(93)		(671)
At 30 June 2014	160	1,780	513	2,824	-	5,277
Net book value:						
At 30 June 2014	14,161	5,778	-	409	-	20,348
At 30 June 2013	14,178	5,967	527	434	_	21,106
At 1 July 2012	14,195	6,156	806	646	_	21,803

At 30 June 2014, the Group's leasehold land in Hong Kong under long term lease with the carrying amount of approximately HK\$14,161,000 (2013: HK\$14,178,000) and building with the carrying amount of approximately HK\$5,778,000 (2013: HK\$5,967,000) have been pledged to secure the banking facilities granted to the Group.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The Company

		Furniture,	
	Leasehold	fixtures and	
	improvement	equipment	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost:			
At 1 July 2012	513	1,644	2,157
Additions			
At 30 June 2013 and 1 July 2013	513	1,644	2,157
Additions		72	72
At 30 June 2014	513	1,716	2,229
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:			
At 1 July 2012	407	1,501	1,908
Charge for the year	97	118	215
At 30 June 2013 and 1 July 2013	504	1,619	2,123
Charge for the year	9	29	38
At 30 June 2014	513	1,648	2,161
Net book value:			
At 30 June 2014		68	68
At 30 June 2013	9	25	34

For the year ended 30 June 2014

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Share of net assets of associates (note (a))	-	-
Goodwill arising on acquisition of associates (note (b) and (c))	7,384	7,384
	7,384	7,384

Notes:

(a) Particulars of the Group's interest in associates as at 30 June 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

Name of associate	Place of incorporation/ operation	Registered capital	equity in	Attributable to equity interest of the Group		aring	Principal activities	
			2014	2013	2014	2013		
		HK\$	%	%	%	%		
Unlisted								
TVB Pay Vision Holdings Limited ("TVBP")	Hong Kong	1,085,867,759	5	5	5	5	Investment holding in Hong Kong	
TVB Network Vision Limited ("TVBNV")	Hong Kong	2*	5	5	5	5	Domestic pay television programme service in Hong Kong	
Fu On Network Operation Limited ("Fu On")	Hong Kong	1*	5	5	5	5	Dormant	

* an associate held indirectly by the Group

The Group is entitled to 5% equity interest in TVBP and TVBNV. The Directors of the Company consider that the Group has retained significant influence over TVBP and TVBNV by the representation of the Group on the board of directors of TVBP and TVBNV despite that the interest held by the Group is below 20% and the Group has continuously accounted for TVBP and TVBNV as its associates for the years ended 30 June 2014 and 2013.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

(b) Movement of goodwill arising on acquisition of associates is as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At the beginning and at the end of the year	7,384	7,384

(c) At 30 June 2014, the Directors of the Company assessed the recoverable amount of goodwill arising on the acquisition of associates by reference to the valuation as at 30 June 2014 performed by Norton Appraisals Limited ("Norton Appraisals"), an independent firm of professional valuers, and considered that no impairment loss should be made (2013: Nil) to the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The valuation of the goodwill was determined based on the present value of the expected future cash flow arising from the business of the associates.

The recoverable amount of the Cash Generated Unit ("CGU") is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a period of five years. Cash flows beyond the 5-year period are represented by its continuing value using 2% growth rate (2013: 2%).

Key assumption used for value-in-use calculations:

	2014	2013
Discount rate	14.33%	15.86%

The management determined the budgeted growth rate based on past performance and its expectation for market development. The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflects specific risks relating to the CGU.

(d) The Group has discontinued recognition of its share of losses of associates. The amounts of unrecognised share of loss of the associates, extracted from the unaudited management account of the associates are as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unrecognised share of loss of the associates for the year	3,900	1,359
Accumulated unrecognised share of loss of associates	384,541	380,641

For the year ended 30 June 2014

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

(e) The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's interests in associates are set out below:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current assets	167,056	197,045
Non-current assets	83,160	52,783
Current liabilities	(566,204)	(480,829)
Non-current liabilities	(737,096)	(744,077)
Net liabilities	(1,053,084)	(975,078)
Group's share of net liabilities of associates	_	_
Turnover	238,572	253,653
Loss for the year	(78,006)	(27,173)
		(27,170)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(78,006)	(27,173)
Group's share of loss of associates	-	-
Dividends received from the associate during the year	-	-

(f) There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in the associates. The Group has confirmed its intention to continue providing the financial support to TVBNV, TNBP and Fu On to meet its obligations and liabilities as and when they fall due.

The associates are strategic for the Group's investment in Hong Kong pay TV market.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

21. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
	ΠΚ\$ 000	(Restated)	(Restated)
Unlisted share, at cost	5	5	5
Share of post-acquisition losses and other comprehensive losses in a joint venture, net of			
dividend received (note a)	(5)	(5)	(5)
	-	_	_

Notes:

(a) Particulars of the Group's interest in a joint venture as at 30 June 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

Name of joint venture	Place of incorporation/ operation	Registered capital	Attributable interest of t		Profit sha	aring	Principal activities
			2014	2013	2014	2013	
		HK\$	%	%	%	%	
Unlisted SSA Amusement Limited	Hong Kong	10,000	50	50	50	50	Provision of entertainment promotion services

The Group's joint venture is unlisted corporate entities whose quoted market prices are not availables.

(b) The Group has discontinued recognition of its share of losses of a joint venture. The amounts of accumulated unrecognised share of (loss)/profit of a joint venture, extracted from the unaudited management account of a joint venture are as follows:

	2011	2012	2012
	2014	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)	(Restated)
Unrecognised share of (loss)/profit of			
a joint venture for the year	(17)	41	(455)
Accumulated unrecognised share of loss of			
a joint venture	(2,432)	(2,415)	(2,456)

For the year ended 30 June 2014

21. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

(c) The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's interest in a joint venture are set out below:

	2014	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)	(Restated)
Total assets	31	196	219
Total liabilities	(4,904)	(5,036)	(5,141)
Net liabilities	(4,873)	(4,840)	(4,922)
The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the	e following:		
Cash and bank balances	31	196	218
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and			
other payable and provisions)	(2,647)	(2,774)	(1,287)
Group's share of net liabilities of a joint venture	-		_
Turnover	_		496
(Loss)/profit for the year	(33)	82	(910)
Courses after after after init water			
Group's share of loss of a joint venture	-	-	-
Dividend received from a joint venture			
The above (loss)/profit for the year includes the follow	ina:		
Interest income	-	_	-
Income tax expenses	-	_	-

For the year ended 30 June 2014

21. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

(d) Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in a joint venture recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2014	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)	(Restated)
Net liabilities of a joint venture	(4,873)	(4,840)	(4,922)
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest			
in a joint venture	50%	50%	50%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest			
in a joint venture	-	_	_

22. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

The Company

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost	1	1
Less: Impairment loss recognised	(1)	(1)
	-	-
Amounts due from subsidiaries	647,697	692,727
Less: Impairment loss recognised	(624,579)	(669,657)
	23,118	23,070

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed repayment terms. In the opinion of the Directors of the Company, the amounts due from subsidiaries are not expected to be repaid within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of these amounts due from subsidiaries approximates to their fair values.

Impairment loss recognised in respect of investments in subsidiaries and amounts due from subsidiaries were recognised based on the recoverable amounts which were determined based on the present value of the estimated discounted future cash flows from these subsidiaries using the prevailing market rate.

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22. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

The Company (Continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 30 June 2014 and 2013 are set out as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operation	Nominal value of issued shares/ registered capital	Proportior nominal val issued sha registered c held by the C	ue of res/ apital	Principal activities
Nume of Subsidiary	operation		Direct	Indirect	
Anyone Holdings Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	-	Property holding
Cross Challenge Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding
Day Achieve Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding
Ease Strong Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	-	Provision of secretarial services
Enjoy Profits Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding
Future Alliance Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding
Grand Class Investment Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding
lcon International Model Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$500,000	-	100%	Provision of modelling agency services
Media Platform Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding
Mega-Vision Pictures Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	80%	Investment in production and distribution of film and TV programme production
Mega-Vision Productions Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000,000	-	80%	Investment in production and distribution of film and TV programme production
See Entertainment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100%	Provision of event management services
See Movie Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100%	Investment in production and distribution of film and TV programme production

For the year ended 30 June 2014

22. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

The Company (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operation	Nominal value of issued shares/ registered capital	Proportior nominal val issued sha registered ca held by the Co	ue of res/ apital	Principal activities
			Direct	Indirect	
See Music Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100%	Production of music records and provision of promotion services
See People Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100%	Provision of artiste management services
Shineidea Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	-	Investment in securities
Snazz Artistes Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	-	100%	Provision of artiste management services
Snazz Entertainment Group Limited	The British Virgin Islands	HK\$7,800	-	100%	Investment holding
Snazz Music Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	-	100%	Production of music records and provision of artiste promotion services
Talent Bang Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	-	100%	Provision of modelling agency services
Wise Novel Investments Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding

Notes:

(i) All are ordinary share capital unless otherwise stated.

- (ii) None of the subsidiaries had any loan capital subsisting at the end of the year or at any time during the year.
- (iii) The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

The Directors of the Company consider that the non-controlling interests of Mega-Vision Pictures Limited and Mega-Vision Productions Limited during the years ended 30 June 2014 and 2013 were insignificant to the Group and thus are not separately presented in these consolidated financial statements. In addition, no separate financial information of these non-wholly owned subsidiaries is required to be presented.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

23. LOAN RECEIVABLE

2014	
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
10,000	10,000
(10,000)	_
-	10,000
	10,000

The Group advanced a shareholder loan to TVBP in the sum of HK\$10,000,000 on 16 November 2009. The loan was unsecured and carried at interest rate of Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") plus 0.25% per annum. The loan shall be repayable by TVBP on 15 November 2014.

The Directors of the Company considered that the carrying amount of the Group's loan receivable at 30 June 2014 was approximate to its fair value.

24. FILM RIGHTS

	The Group	
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
Cost:		
At the beginning of the year	439,182	289,18
Transfer from film production in progress	62,700	150,00
Transfer to other receivables	(5,000)	
Disposals	(35,000)	
At the end of the year	461,882	439,18
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:		
At the beginning of the year	316,473	275,09
Amortisation provided for the year (note 10)	39,424	9,81
Impairment loss recognised (note 10)	41,636	31,56
At the end of the year	397,533	316,47
Carrying amount:		
At the end of the year	64,349	122,70

For the year ended 30 June 2014

24. FILM RIGHTS (Continued)

In accordance with note 3(i) of the Group's accounting policy, the Directors of the Company reassessed the recoverable amount of film rights at 30 June 2014 and 2013 with reference to the valuation performed by Norton Appraisals.

The valuation was determined based on the present value of the expected future cash flow arising from the sub-licensing and distribution of film rights and subsequent to the completion of film production, which was derived from discounting the projected future cash flows.

Key assumption used for value-in-use calculations:

	The Group	р
	2014	2013
Discount rate	10.39%	10.23%

In addition, the Group reviewed its library of film rights regularly to reassess the estimated recoverable amounts of the film rights at the end of each reporting period with reference to marketability of each film and current market condition. The estimated recoverable amounts of the film rights was determined based on the present value of the expected future cash flows arising from the sub-licensing and distribution of film rights and subsequent to the completion of film production, value in use calculation which was derived from discounting the projected future cash flows with a discount rate at the end of each reporting period.

The Directors of the Company determined that a number of these film rights were impaired due to worsen marketability of respective film rights and an impairment loss of film rights of approximately HK\$41,636,000 (2013: HK\$31,565,000) has been recognised in the consolidated profit or loss during the year with reference to the independent valuation of the estimated recoverable amounts of the film rights as of 30 June 2014 performed by Norton Appraisals. Such impairment was mainly attributable to certain films with box office and distribution results which were significantly lower than the original estimation by the management. Management therefore re-estimated the expected future revenue to be generated from these films and the estimated recoverable amounts of these films was adjusted accordingly.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

25. FILM AND MUSIC PRODUCTION IN PROGRESS

(a) Film production in progress

	The Group		
	2014	2013	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
At the beginning of the year	99,972	227,230	
Additions	23,266	22,742	
Transfer to film rights	(62,700)	(150,000)	
Transfer to other receivables	(5,000)	_	
Disposals	(37,000)	_	
At the end of the year	18,538	99,972	

(b) Music production in progress

	The Group	
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At the beginning of the year	659	597
Additions	50	774
Transfer to inventories	(254)	(586)
Impairment loss recognised (note 10)	-	(126)
At the end of the year	455	659

The Group performed impairment tests at 30 June 2014 and 2013 by comparing the attributable carrying amounts of the film and music production in progress with the recoverable amounts.

The Group assessed the recoverable amounts of the film and music production in progress based on the present value of estimated discounted future cash flows from the film and music production in progress.

No impairment loss has been recognised in this respect for the years ended 30 June 2014 and 2013 for the film production in progress. No impairment loss has been recognised in respect of the music production in progress for the year ended 30 June 2014 (2013: HK\$126,000).

For the year ended 30 June 2014

26. INVENTORIES

The Grou	р
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
_	

During the year ended 30 June 2014, these is no written down on inventories (2013: HK\$210,000) (note 10).

27. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	The Group		The Company		
	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(Restated)		
Trade receivables, net	365	309	1,104	-	-
Other receivables, deposits					
and prepayments, net	9,983	4,540	4,713	267	359
	10,348	4,849	5,817	267	359

The Group allows an average credit period of 90 to 180 days (2013: 90 to 180 days) to its customers. The aged analysis of the trade receivables is as follows:

	The Group		The Con	npany	
	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(Restated)		
0 to 90 days	365	205	885	-	-
91 to 180 days	-	104	219	-	-
Over 181 days	6,860	11,419	14,555	-	
	7,225	11,728	15,659	-	-
Less: Impairment loss					
recognised in respect					
of trade receivables	(6,860)	(11,419)	(14,555)	-	
Total	365	309	1,104	-	_

For the year ended 30 June 2014

27. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Continued)

There were no trade receivables that were past due for over 180 days but not impaired.

Trade receivables of approximately HK\$6,860,000 (2013: HK\$11,419,000; 2012: HK\$14,555,000) that were past due for over 180 days were impaired. In determining the recoverability of trade receivables, the Directors of the Company considered any change in the credit quality of the trade receivables from the date credit were initially granted and up to the reporting date. Accordingly, the Directors of the Company considered provision for impairment in values be made in respect of trade receivables to their recoverable values and believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for doubtful debts.

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts:

	The Group			
	2014	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		(Restated)	(Restated)	
At the beginning of the year	11,419	14,555	13,247	
Impairment loss recognised in respect of trade				
receivables	87	3,376	1,462	
Amounts written off during the year as				
uncollectable	(1,632)	(5,037)	_	
Reversal of impairment loss during the year	(3,014)	(1,475)	(154)	
At the end of the year	6,860	11,419	14,555	

There is no allowance for doubtful debts which are individually impaired trade receivables.

28. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	The Group		
	2014		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Listed securities:			
– Equity securities listed in Hong Kong, at fair value	-	4,615	

At the end of the reporting period, all financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value by reference to the quoted market bid prices available on the Stock Exchanges.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

29. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	The Group		The Company		
	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)	(Restated)		
Cash and bank balances	398,175	33,188	87,563	372,858	30,590

Notes:

- (a) At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group and the Company are denominated in HK\$.
- (b) Cash at bank earn interests at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits were made during the years ended 30 June 2013 and 2014 for varying period between one day and three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interests at the respective short-term deposit rates.

30. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The Group		The Con	npany	
	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)	(Restated)		
Trade payables	8,084	5,477	2,519	-	-
Accruals	22,564	24,834	22,574	6,483	8,348
Deposits received from					
customers	4,021	22,846	42,603	-	53
Other payables	550	808	4,536	_	
	35,219	53,965	72,232	6,483	8,401

For the year ended 30 June 2014

30. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables of the Group at the end of the reporting period:

		The Group	
	2014	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)	(Restated)
0 to 90 days	506	178	-
91 days or above	7,578	5,299	2,519
	8,084	5,477	2,519

31. BANK OVERDRAFT – SECURED

The Group

During the year ended 30 June 2014, the Group had been granted an overdraft facility from a bank. At 30 June 2014, the bank overdraft is secured by the Group's leasehold land in Hong Kong under long term lease with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$14,161,000 (2013: HK\$14,178,000) and building with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$5,778,000 (2013: HK\$5,967,000), chargeable with interest at the lending bank's prime rate per annum or 1% per annum over Hong Kong Inter-bank Offer Rate, whichever is higher and repayable on demand.

The carrying amount of the bank overdraft is denominated in HK\$.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

32. SHARE CAPITAL

The Group and the Company		
	Number of	Nominal
	shares	value
		HK\$'000
Authorised:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each		
At 1 July 2012, 30 June 2013, 1 July 2013 and 30 June 2014	50,000,000,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each		
At 1 July 2012, 30 June 2013 and 1 July 2013	1,245,460,891	12,455
Placing of shares (Note i)	249,000,000	2,490
Share consolidation (Note ii)	(1,345,014,802)	-
Capital reduction (Note iii)	-	(13,450)
Rights Issue (Note iv)	1,345,014,801	13,450
At 30 June 2014	1,494,460,890	14,945

Notes:

- (i) Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 22 October 2012, the Company issued 249,000,000 shares at the placing price of HK\$0.061 per ordinary share under the general mandate on 29 October 2013.
- (ii) Pursuant to a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting held on 7 May 2014, every 10 issued shares of HK\$0.01 each were consolidated into one consolidated share of HK\$0.10 each. The share consolidation took effect on 8 May 2014.
- (iii) Pursuant to a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting held on 7 May 2014, the nominal value of each consolidated share was reduced from HK\$0.10 to HK\$0.01 by cancelling the Company's paid up capital to the extent of HK\$0.09 on each consolidated share resulted from, the share consolidation in note (ii) above. The capital reduction took effect on 8 May 2014.
- (iv) Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting held on 7 May 2014, rights issue of 1,345,014,801 rights shares at price of HK\$0.228 each on the basis that nine rights shares for every existing share has been approved by the shareholders. The rights issue has been completed on 6 June 2014.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

32. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Share options

The Company has adopted a New Share Option Scheme on 8 November 2011 under which the Directors may grant options to employees, including any Directors of the Company, its subsidiaries or any entity in which any member of the Group holds an equity interest to subscribe for shares in the Company as incentive or rewards for their contribution to the Group. The New Share Option Scheme has a life of 10 years. The subscription price will be determined by the Directors (subject to adjustment), and will not be less than (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for trades in one or more board lots of shares on the date of offer of the options; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer of the options; or (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company, whichever is the highest. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under this scheme may not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company on the adoption date (8 November 2011) of the New Share Option Scheme.

The amount paid on acceptance of an option was HK\$1. An option may be exercised at any time before the expiration of ten years from the date of grant of the option. The maximum entitlement of each participant under the New Share Option Scheme in any 12-month period is 1% of the shares of the Company in issue from time to time. As at the date of this report, a total of 12,454,608 shares of the Company (representing 10% of 1,245,460,891 shares of the Company in issues as at 8 November 2011, as adjusted for the share consolidation on every ten (10) existing shares to one (1) consolidated share took effect on 8 May 2014) are available for issue under the New Share Option Scheme. During the years ended 30 June 2014 and 2013, no share option was granted.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

33. **RESERVES**

The Company

			(Accumulated	
	Capital		losses)/	
Share	redemption	Contributed	Retained	
premium	reserves	surplus	profits	Total
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
717,027	50	-	(642,049)	75,028
_	_	-	(41,831)	(41,831)
-	_	-	-	_
-	-	-	(41,831)	(41,831)
717,027	50	_	(683,880)	33,197
_	_	_	35,193	35,193
-	_	-	-	_
_	-	-	35,193	35,193
12,699	-	_	_	12,699
(638)	-	_	_	(638)
(729,088)	_	742,538	_	13,450
_	_	(683,880)	683,880	-
293,213	-	-	_	293,213
(12,231)	-	_	-	(12,231)
280,982	50	58,658	35,193	374,883
	premium HK\$'000 7117,027 7117,027 12,699 (638) (729,088) (729,088) 293,213 (12,231)	Share premium HK\$'000 redemption reserves HK\$'000 717,027 50 717,027 50 717,027 50 717,027 50 717,027 50 12,699 (638) (729,088) 293,213 (12,231)	Share premium redemption reserves Contributed surplus HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 717,027 50	Share premium Capital redemption reserves Contributed surplus Iosses)/ Retained profits HKS'000 HKS'000 HKS'000 717,027 50 — — —

For the year ended 30 June 2014

33. **RESERVES** (Continued)

The Company (Continued)

Note:

- (a) Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 22 October 2012, the Company issued 249,000,000 shares at the placing price of HK\$0.061 per ordinary share under the general mandate on 29 October 2013.
- (b) Pursuant to a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting held on 7 May 2014, the following steps on capital reorganisation had been taken place and completed on 8 May 2014:
 - reduce the nominal value of each consolidated share from HK\$0.10 to HK\$0.01 by cancelling the Company's paid up capital to the extent of HK\$0.09 on each consolidated share;
 - transfer of credit arising from the capital reduction and share premium reduction of approximately
 HK\$13,450,000 and HK\$729,088,000 to the contributed surplus account of the Company; and
 - transfer the credit balance in the contribution surplus account of the Company to set off the accumulated losses of approximately HK\$683,800,000 as permitted by the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and the bye-laws of the Company.
- (c) Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting held on 7 May 2014, rights issue of 1,345,014,801 rights shares at price of HK\$0.228 each on the basis that nine rights shares for every existing share has been approved by the shareholders. The rights issue has been completed on 6 June 2014.

34. OPERATING LEASES

The Group as lessee

	The Group	
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Minimum lease payments paid under operating leases for		
premises recognised in the consolidated statement of		
profit or loss for the year (note 10)	1,988	2,014

For the year ended 30 June 2014

34. OPERATING LEASES (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, in respect of land and buildings, which fall due as follows:

	The Group	
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	872	1,555
In the second to fifth year inclusive	3	840
	875	2,395

Operating lease payments represented rentals payable the Group for its premises. Leases are mainly negotiated for an average term of 1-3 years (2013:1-3 years).

35. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Assets with the following carrying amounts have been pledged to secure bank facilities of the Group:

	The Gro	The Group		
	2014	2013		
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000		
Leasehold land	14,161	14,178		
Building	5,778	5,967		
	19,939	20,145		

36. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(i) As at 30 June 2004, the Company provided corporate guarantees amounting to approximately HK\$24 million to a financial institution in respect of banking facilities granted to Welback International Investments Limited and its subsidiaries (the "WIIL Group"), approximately HK\$5.5 million of which was utilised by members of the WIIL Group and such amount was claimed by the financial institution as disclosed in point (iii) below.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

36. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

- (ii) The Company and its ex-subsidiary, P.N. Electronic Ltd. ("PNE") have been involved in arbitration proceeding with North American Foreign Trading Corporation ("NAFT") in respect of a gross receivable of HK\$18 million and related damages from various parties for goods shipped by PNE and NAFT in 1996. The arbitration proceedings were initiated by NAFT against the Company and PNE claiming for alleged damages in New York, USA. The Company has upon legal advice, vigorously contested the alleged claims and has counterclaimed the said sum of HK\$18 million as well as other damages. The Company has not received any documents in relation to the arbitration proceedings for a substantial period of time and insofar as the Company is aware, the proceedings remain dormant.
- (iii) On 13 October 2003, a Writ of Summons and Statement of Claim were issued by BII Finance Company Limited ("BII Finance") against the Company under a guarantee allegedly given by the Company in favour of BII Finance in respect of certain liabilities of Welback Enterprises Limited, a former subsidiary of the Company. The claim is for a sum of approximately HK\$3,583,000 and US\$248,000 (approximately HK\$1,936,000), together with interest.

The Company has issued Third Party Proceedings against Mr. Lee Chun Kwok and Mr. Fong Wing Seng, former Directors of the Company, seeking a contribution to the extent of 49% of BII Finance's claim in the event that the Company is found liable to BII Finance (which is denied).

BII Finance has not taken any steps to progress with the action since June 2006. The Company is prepared and ready to continue to defend BII Finance's claim, and will also continue to pursue the Third Party Proceedings against Mr. Lee Chun Kwok and Mr. Fong Wing Seng.

Save as disclosed above, no member of the Group is engaged in any litigation or claims of material importance and no litigation or claims of material importance are known to the Directors of the Company to be pending or threatened by or against any member of the Group.

37. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of balances with associates and loan to associates at the end of the reporting period are set out in note 20 and note 23 respectively.

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had entered into the following significant related party transactions, which in the opinion of the directors of the Company, were conducted under commercial terms and in the normal course of the Group's business.

For the year ended 30 June 2014

37. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(a) Entities with common directors at the subsidiary level:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Artiste management fee income (note)	562	

Note:

The transactions were carried at price agreed between the parties.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel:

The remuneration of Directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits	3,820	3,656
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	15	22
	3,835	3,678

The remuneration of Directors and key executives of the Group is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

38. EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Up to the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements, no significant events were noted after the end of the reporting period.

39. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 19 September 2014.

The following is a summary of the published results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the five years ended 30 June 2014:

RESULTS

	Year ended 30 June				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	
Turnover	69,366	28,858	33,880	23,253	54,437
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	88,605	(57,751)	27,534	(54,695)	(65,051)
Taxation	_	_		_	
Profit/(Loss) for the year	88,605	(57,751)	27,534	(54,695)	(65,051)
Profit/(Loss) attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	95,719	(51,774)	30,679	(52,842)	(66,832)
Non-controlling interests	(7,114)	(5,977)	(3,145)	(1,853)	1,781
	88,605	(57,751)	27,534	(54,695)	(65,051)

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	At 30 June				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	
Total assets	519,019	332,415	377,355	304,482	529,597
Total liabilities	(228,861)	(64,769)	(82,175)	(63,997)	(45,180)
Net conto	200.450		205 100	240.405	404 447
Net assets	290,158	267,646	295,180	240,485	484,417
Capital and reserves attributable to					
the owners of the Company	297,272	280,737	311,416	258,574	500,725
Non-controlling interests	(7,114)	(13,091)	(16,236)	(18,089)	(16,308)
	290,158	267,646	295,180	240,485	484,417