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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Jianqiang (Chairman)

Mr. Tao Qingrong (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Yu Yaoming

Non-executive Director

Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Lin Zhijun

Dr. Zhang Weijiong

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suite 1508, 15/F

Cityplaza Four

12 Taikoo Wan Road

Taikoo Shing, Hong Kong

HEAD OFFICE

26/F, Wuxi Jinling Hotel

No.1 Xianqian East Street

Wuxi City, Jiangsu, PRC

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Hon Yin Wah. Eva

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Dr. Lin Zhijun (Chairman)

Dr. Zhang Weijiong

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming

董事會

執行董事

陳建強(主席)

陶慶榮(行政總裁)

俞堯明

非執行董事

馮曉邨

獨立非執行董事

林志軍

張維炯

張一鳴

註冊辦事處

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Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

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太古灣道12號

太古城中心四座

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總辦事處

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縣前東街1號

無錫金陵大飯店26樓

公司秘書

韓燕華

審核委員會

林志軍(主席)

張維炯

張一鳴

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Zhang Weijiong (Chairman)

Dr. Lin Zhijun

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming

Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Zhang Weijiong (Chairman)

Dr. Lin Zhijun

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming

Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Shops 1712-1716, 17/F

Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East

Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

STOCK CODE

1700

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.springlandgroup.com.cn

薪酬委員會

張維炯(主席)

林志軍

張一鳴

馮曉邨

提名委員會

張維炯(主席)

林志軍

張一鳴

馮曉邨

股份過戶登記總處

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香港證券登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

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核數師

安永會計師事務所

股票代碼

1700

公司網站

www.springlandgroup.com.cn



CORPORATE PROFILE 公司簡介

Springland International Holdings Limited (the "Company") was listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited in October 2010 under stock code 1700. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") engage in the operation and management of department stores and supermarkets in PRC with the following characterize:

華地國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)於2010年 10月在香港聯合交易所有限公司上市,股份 代號1700。本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」) 於中國經營及管理百貨店及超市。並有以下 的特點:

Regional focus on Greater Yangtze River Delta

The Group is a geographically focused and dual-format retail chain operator in the Greater Yangtze River Delta. The Group operates and manages total 50 stores in 16 cities, which are in Jiangsu Province, Anhui Province and Zhejiang Province, the PRC.

Dual-format retail operator

The business on department store and supermarket benefits each other complementary. This dual-format retail business creates "one-stop" shopping experience for the customers and caters for a diversity of client-tail in order to well serve their needs and preferences from daily necessities to valuable goods and accessories. The Group's department store and city centre supermarkets are in the distance close to each other, either in adjacent sites or the same building. It forms a retail hub that offers consumers a more convenient and comfortable shopping environment and experience.

This retail business model generates diversified revenue sources while lowering the operational risks, creating synergies between department store and supermarket businesses and enjoying greater economic of sales.

區域專注於泛長三角地區

本集團是以泛長江三角洲地區為重心的雙模式零售連鎖運營商。本集團於中國江蘇省、安徽省和浙江省的16個城市營運50家店鋪。

雙模式連鎖運營商

我們的百貨及超市業務相輔相成。雙模式零售業務為我們的客戶創造「一站式」的購物體驗,迎合更廣泛層面的客戶,並從日用品至昂貴商品滿足他們的需求及偏愛。本集團的百貨店及超市城市中心店設於相近地點,位於同一零售區域或同一樓宇。因此而形成零售中心,能夠為顧客提供更加方便舒適的購物環境及購物體驗。

本集團的零售業務模式締造多樣化的收益來 源的同時降低了經營的風險,使得百貨業務 及超市業務形成合力及獲益於更廣泛的規模 效應。

CORPORATE PROFILE

公司簡介

Stores situated on prime sites and self-owned properties

The prime locations of the stores occupied are absolute advantage of the success of the Group's retail business. All of the department stores and city centre supermarkets are located in prime retail space and shopping districts of the cities with high population density. The community centre supermarkets are located in encircling communities with dense population and convenient logistics. The Group obtains a maximum exposure and direct access to customers' attention. The strengthen empowers the Group's strategic advantage over the competitors and guarantees the leading position on the market.

The total gross floor areas of the properties occupied by the Group is 1,017,000 sq. meters among which, 660,000 sq. meters owned by the Group. The Group's department stores and supermarkets are sited in self-owned properties reach 80.6% and 30.8% of the total gross floor areas respectively. This arrangement benefits the Group is immune from any affection of rental increase and minimizes the risks of relocation and disruption of business operation in future as well. Other premises secure through long-term leases that typically have a long-term lease of 10-20 years.

店舖均位於黃金地段且大部分為自有物業

店舖佔據的黃金地段成為本集團零售業務成功的絕對優勢。本集團所有的百貨店及城市中心超市均位於我們擁有或已訂立長期租約的物業,並位於市內的購物旺區,人口密度高。社區中心超市位於人口密集、物流便捷的社區中心。此優勢能夠增強本集團針對競爭者享有戰略性優勢及保證我們領先的市場地位。

本集團佔用物業的總建築面積為101.7萬平方 米,其中66萬平方米屬自置物業。本集團百 貨店及超市自置物業佔總建築面積百分比分 別為80.6%及30.8%。此項安排有助本集團免 受租金上漲,被迫搬遷而擾亂未來業務繼續 經營的風險降至最低。本集團其他物業乃透 過長期租約取得,該等租約的租期一般長達 10-20年。

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務摘要

TOTAL SALES PROCEEDS - GROUP (RMB MILLION) 銷售所得款項總額-集團(人民幣:百萬元) -0.8% 2013 TOTAL SALES PROCEEDS - DEPARTMENT STORE BUSINESS (RMB MILLION) **銷售所得款項總額-百貨業務**(人民幣:百萬元) 2014 8,262 2013 8.470 TOTAL SALES PROCEEDS - SUPERMARKET BUSINESS (RMB MILLION) 銷售所得款項總額-超市業務(人民幣:百萬元) 2014 2,787 2013 2.665 **OPERATING PROFIT (RMB MILLION)** 經營溢利(人民幣:百萬元) 2014 983 2013 1,026 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT (RMB MILLION) 母公司擁有人應佔溢利(人民幣:百萬元) 2014 634 -13.2% 2013 730 **EARNINGS PER SHARE** (in RMB: (cents)) 每股盈利(人民幣:分)

26

2013 29

-12.2%



主席報告書

Our Group witnessed a challenging year in 2014 in which the global economic performance varied. While US economy was steadily recovering during the year, the quantitative easing policy in the Eurozone clouded the global economy and undermined the market demand. The strong US dollar initiated capital outflow and exerted pressure on commodity prices, thus dragging the development of emerging economies, including China. Being the world's second largest economy, China recorded annual growth in GDP of 7.4% in 2014, which is the lowest record since 1990. Under the "New Normal" phase, China managed to deliver stable economic growth in 2014. Nevertheless, given the complicated situation in China and other countries, challenges prevailed in the course of economic development. Also, since China is in the midst of an economic makeover and plans to switch the economy to a domestic consumption driven mode, the economic growth of China slows down and deflation pressure becomes eminent. Despite the business opportunities in the retail industry brought by the progress of modern urbanization in China, the effectiveness of which was yet to be seen. On the other hand, the consumption behavior of consumers was eventually shaped by the mobile Internet technology and the increasing number of modern shopping malls, thus generating great impact to the existing environment of the retail industry.

對本集團而言,2014年是滿載挑戰的一年。 全球經濟表現參差,美國經濟於年內穩步復 甦,但歐元區推出量化寬鬆計劃,對全球經 濟帶來隱憂,需求低迷。美元走強致商品價 格承壓,資本流出,令包括中國在內的新興 經濟體的發展趨緩。中國作為全球第二大 經濟體,於2014年全年國內生產總值增長 7.4%,為自1990年以來的最低之國內生產總 值增速。2014年國民經濟運行在「新常態」下 實現了穩中有進、進中提質。國內外環境仍 然錯綜複雜,經濟發展仍面臨不少困難和挑 戰。加之中國正處於轉型至國內消費型經濟 模式的陣痛期,國內經濟增速放緩,通縮壓 力日甚。消費市場依然缺乏熱點,雖然中國 的新型城鎮化為零售業帶來機遇,但成效有 待顯現;另一方面,移動互聯科技及不斷開 幕的新型購物中心,正深刻改變著購物者的 消費模式,對既有的零售業格局帶來巨大的 衝擊。

In light of the challenging environment, our Group focused on efficiency enhancement and system development. Accordingly, we have achieved our targets set at the beginning of the year. In 2014, the total sales proceed of the Group decreased by 0.8% to RMB11.05 billion as compared with 2013. The profit attributable to owners of the parent fell by 13.2% to approximately RMB634 million as compared with 2013 and the basic earnings per share was RMB26 cents. The Board proposes a final dividend of HK9 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2014.

應對艱難的經營環境,本集團聚焦於效率提升與體系建設,基本實現年初既定經營目標。2014年,集團全年銷售所得款項總額為人民幣110.5億元,較2013年下降0.8%,母公司權益持有人應佔溢利約為人民幣634百萬元,較去年下降13.2%,每股基本盈利為人民幣26分。鑑於本集團的財務表現,董事會建議派發截至2014年12月31日止年度的末期股息每股港幣9仙。

主席報告書

DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES

The market was characterized by the demand for quality as well as that for experiential and lifestyle consumption. Since consumers became more demanding on life quality, the retail industry called for advancement. Our Group was able to restore the nature of the retail industry and to satisfy the consumer demand by enhancing the selection process over the quality of goods, the combination of product resources, the industry integration in different markets and our customer services.

Our department store business was committed to establish linkage between goods and customers. For the purpose of providing desirable merchandise to cater for the shoppers' taste and demand, we have further optimized our supply chain channel so as to ensure the variety of our goods and the availability of the respective models in department stores. An annual brand substitution rate of 20% also enabled selected brands to suit the taste of the new generation of consumers. For shopping experience, the upgrading and improvement in the hardware of our stores in Yixing and Changshu, as well as the introduction of shopping mall elements, such as "no-flame" restaurants and dessert joints, upbeat fast trendy food catering and beauty centers, were all targeted to attract more customers to gather around the desired areas on each floor and to satisfy the demand for social networking and experimental consumption of customers. Meanwhile, after years of exploration, apart from mastering the ability for festive campaigning and organizing drum-up activities, our department stores were experienced in membership management, media networking and marketing activities on Weibo and WeChat. The increasing number of themed marketing activities and interactions was able to enhance the designated theme and experimental nature of our stores. All our stores were covered by free WIFI and mobile payment was also available, thereby providing our customers with more convenient shopping experience.

發展戰略

回顧2014年,市場已進入追求品質、追求體驗化、生活化消費的時代。隨著消費者對生活品質需求的提升,客觀上對零售業態有了更高的需求。本集團通過不斷提升對商品品質的甄選能力、對商品資源的組合能力、不同市場商圈下對業態的整合能力、以及對顧客的服務能力,以回歸零售本質,切實滿足消費者需求。

百貨業態致力於搭建商品與顧客的橋樑。實 現供應鏈渠道的進一步優化,保障了貨品的 寬度與深度;接近百分之二十的全年整體品 牌淘换率,也使品牌群更為適合新一代消費 群體。購物體驗上,無論是宜興、常熟門店 的硬件環境提檔升級,還是導入無煙的輕食 類和甜品類的餐飲、快時尚潮流餐飲與美容 體驗中心等購物中心元素,均以增強各樓層 駐留點,滿足顧客社交型、體驗性消費需求 為目標。與此同時,經過多年的摸索,除了 成熟的造景、造節、造勢外,百貨各門店在 會員管理、自媒體營運、微信微博營銷的能 力已有相當積累,更多話題性營銷與互動, 賦予門店更多的故事性和體驗色彩。所有門 店免費WIFI鋪設與移動支付的開通,也提升 了消費者購物的便捷感受。

主席報告書

In our supermarket business, the Group continued to emphasize on policy adjustments made to, and resources diverted to, the freshness of food and communitybased stores. All year round provision of fresh food, the expansion of direct sourcing and the establishment of processing and logistic centers all served to widen the clientele of our fresh food business, thereby bringing about steady growth in sales. Meanwhile, leveraging on opportunities created by refurbished Dagang and Wuxi stores, the Group upgraded our supermarket business to a standardized supermarket ("SM") model, standardized product types and operation modes to advance the operation system and further optimized the corporate structure and the management system. As a result, the Group was able to develop a comprehensive business management mechanism and opened Xicheng Street No.1 supermarket in Wuxi (無錫錫城一街) in January 2015 as a model of the newest SM with characteristics of Datonghua.

超市業態繼續強化其在生鮮與社區化方向 的投入與調改。生鮮全天候經營、基地直接 採購業務擴大、加工中心和配送中心建設 措施,有效確保生鮮品類發揮其聚集與大 應,銷售業績穩步增長。同時,借助大 無錫門店改造契機,超市業態升級SM商 全 式,持續推進商品品類和營運標準化,和 分 業務系統,進一步梳理組織體系的 流程,打造完整、體現連鎖經營特徵的 流程,打造完整、體現連鎖經營特徵的 流程,並以2015年1月新開的無錫錫城一 街店為樣板,形成了最新具有大統華特色的 社區化標準超市。

Our Group adopted a steady expansion strategy. In 2014, we established a new supermarket store in Luoshe, Wuxi, and entered into contracts for Anhui Wuhu Project and Changzhou Jiahong Yunding Supermarket Project.

PROSPECTS

Looking forward, consistent demographic dividends will be generated by the official launch of the second-child policy. Subsequent to the short-term suppression of the high-end consumption market caused by anti-corruption campaigns, normal demand for consumption has been seen in the market again. Together with an open request of protecting labor welfare proposed by the General China Federation of Trade Unions, the consumption of labor protection items will be back to normal. High-end consumption will also be recovered.

在門店拓展層面,本集團恪守穩健擴張戰略,2014年在無錫洛社新設一家超市門店,並簽約安徽蕪湖項目和常州嘉宏雲頂等超市專案。

展望

展望未來,單獨二胎政策正式放開,帶來持續的人口紅利。反腐敗短期對高端消費市場的打壓後,已進入正常消費需求釋放期,伴隨總工會對保障職工應有福利的明確要求,節日物資團購、勞保用品消費將恢復正常,而高端消費也將恢復理性增長。

主席報告書

However, the slower growth of the social economy will persist because the industry is still under the impact of switching consumption mode. Externally, the Group is facing a constant increase in all kinds of costs as well as the pressure from the change in consumption channels. Internally, the Group needs to redefine its business model and gain consumers' support. Under the circumstances, continuous upheavals and adjustments will be seen in the retail industry and the diversification and consolidation of the whole industry will accelerate, thus facilitating the further concentration of the industry.

但社會經濟增速放緩趨勢不會有大的改觀, 行業仍然處在消費轉移的過程中,企業對外 面臨各類成本的持續上漲與全渠道消費模式 快遞發展帶來的壓力,對內則需解決如可 養定商業模式以及如何獲取更多消費看信 任的難題。在此情況下,零售業將持續震盪 調整,整個行業的分化重組將進一步加劇, 行業集中度的進一步提升將是大勢所趨。

The healthy financial position of our Group and the scale of our chain operation in the strategic region will effectively benefit the Group by enhancing its competence in management, sales and marketing activities and risktaking. Our Group will adopt a pragmatic way for business operation and stick to its direction for future development. With adjustments made for each business segment, including innovative operation, stores upgrading and service improvement, our Group will be able to satisfy the shopping demand of local consumers precisely and to satisfy their demand for a better living style. Also, we will be committed to maintain the Group's competitiveness and profitability and to implement stringent cost control measures. All these can work together to strive for growth in a sluggish market, thereby bringing about a higher return for our shareholders.

本集團較為良好的財務狀況、在戰略區域內的連鎖經營規模,都將有效協助企業獲問理、營銷與抗風險能力的優勢。本集團下將在所選定的發展方向上紮實耕耘、深是計學、門店升級、服務提高的調整,更為精準地滿足當地消費者的購物需求,適應他們日漸提高的生嚴格,以維持競爭及盈利能力,再加上嚴格中,以維持競爭及盈利能力,再求「熱增長」,為股東謀求最佳回報。

Our achievement in China is the best evidence of our hard work and contributions for the last two decades. It cannot be achieved without the efforts of all our management and staff members, the trust of our shareholders and the support from our business partners and customers. On behalf of the Board, I would like to send my gratitude and thanks to all parties and express my sincere appreciation for their continual contributions to the long term development of the Group.

二十年來的努力耕耘,使本集團在國內零售 業發展成績有目共睹。這是全體管理層及員 工的努力、股東的信任、合作夥伴的支持和 顧客愛戴的成果。本人謹代表董事會,向他 們致以衷心感謝,盼各方繼續為本集團的長 遠發展共謀成就。

Chen Jianqiang

Chairman

16 March 2015

陳建強

丰席

2015年3月16日



管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The complicated financial situation of China and other countries persisting and challenging the economic development remained and the Group focused on efficiency enhancement and system development. The Group barely achieved the targets set at the beginning of the year. In 2014, the total sales proceeds of the Group decreased by 0.8% to RMB11,049 million as compared with the previous year. The profit attributable to owners of the parent company reached RMB634 million and the basic earnings per share was RMB26 cents.

New Store Openings and Network Expansion

In November 2014, the Group acquired the land use rights of a piece of land with a total site area of approximately 38,000 square meters for a consideration of RMB401 million. The land is situated at the intersection of Zhongshan North Road, Yinhu South Road and Changjiang Zhong Road, Wuhu City, Anhui Province, the PRC and is an ideal location for expansion of the network of department stores and supermarkets of the Group. The Group intends to develop the land into a shopping mall, and plans to incorporate a department store, supermarket, dinning, entertainment and recreation function in the shopping mall and an estimated gross floor area of around 150,000 square meters.

In December 2014, the Group acquired the land use rights of a piece of land, which is situated adjacent to Danyang Springland department store, with a total site area of approximately 7,000 square meters for a consideration of RMB177 million. The land is for expansion of phase II of Danyang Springland department store with an additional estimated gross floor area of approximately 43,000 square meters.

In January 2015, the Group bid for the remaining 50% equity interest of Zhenjiang Baisheng Commercial Center Co., Ltd (鎮江百盛商城有限公司) with consideration of RMB176 million. After the acquisition, Zhenjiang Baisheng Commercial Center Co., Ltd became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group and it operates two department stores, Zhenjiang Commercial Building (鎮江商業城) and Zhenjiang Hengsheng Shopping Plaza (鎮江恒盛購物廣場), in Zhenjiang City, Jiangsu Province the PRC. The stores have a total gross floor areas of 78,000 square meters. Moreover, the Group successfully is acquired the land use rights of a piece of land, which is situated in north of Yangquan Road, Yicheng Town, Yixing City, with a total site area of approximately 20,000 square meters for a consideration of RMB91 million. The Group intends to develop the land into a supermarket.

業務回顧

國內外經濟環境錯綜複雜,經濟發展面臨不少困難和挑戰,本集團聚焦於效率提升與體系建設,基本實現年初既定經營目標。2014年,集團全年銷售所得款項總額為人民幣11,049百萬元,較上年度下降0.8%,母公司權益持有人應佔溢利約為人民幣634百萬元,每股基本盈利為人民幣26分。

新店開業及網絡擴張

於2014年11月,本集團以人民幣401百萬元 收購一塊佔地總面積為3.8萬平方米的土地 使用權。土地位於中國安徽省蕪湖市中山北 路、銀湖南路與長江中路交會處,是本集團 百貨和超市網絡擴張的理想位置。本集團計 劃在該地塊上興建購物中心,購物中心將包 括百貨店、超市、餐飲、休閒娛樂等功能性 項目,預計建築面積約15萬平方米。

於2014年12月,本集團以人民幣177百萬元 收購一塊位於丹陽華地百貨店旁,佔地總面 積約為7,000平方米的土地使用權。土地為擴 展丹陽華地百貨店二期,預計新增建築面積 約4.3萬平方米。

管理層討論及分析

During the year, one new supermarket was opened in Wuxi cities, Jiangsu Province, the PRC, and it is located along the existing logistic routes. The opening of the new supermarket enhanced the Group "1+N" expansion strategy for the supermarket business, improved the logistics efficiency and had an influence on the market share in the region.

As of 31 December 2014, the Group had a total operational floor area of 711,000 square meters (2013: 692,000 square meters), in which 530,000 square meters (2013: 517,000 square meters) is operated by the department store business and 181,000 square meters (2013: 175,000 square meters) is operated by the supermarket business. Based on the sites secured by the Group for its new store expansion, it is anticipated that these stores will increase the gross floor areas of the Group's chain stores by over 900,000 square meters in the next five years. This will further increase the proportion of the Group's department stores operating at selfowned properties. Furthermore, the Group will continue to focus on high-quality premises that are suitable for the comprehensive lifestyle-one-stop shopping concept and the Group will continue to seek opportunities of investment, co-operation, merger and acquisition that can fulfil the Group's development and investment strategies and objectives, hence laying a solid foundation for the Group's business expansion.

年內,本集團於江蘇省無錫市新開了一間位於現有物流路線沿線的超市。新店的開設加強了本集團超市業務1+N密集佈點的戰略,並可進一步提升物流效率及區域內的超市影響力。

於2014年12月31日,本集團的總經營面積 為71.1萬平方米(2013年:69.2萬平方米), 其中百貨店經營面積53萬平方米(2013年: 51.7萬平方米),超市經營面積18.1萬平方米 (2013年:17.5萬平方米)。回顧目前已在 的多個新店拓展項目,本集團在未來面積 仍將繼續增加超過90萬平方米的建築面積 並將進一步提高百貨店的自有物業則 並將進一步提高百貨店的 並將進一步提高百貨店的自有物業則 質生活百貨物業和本集團也將持續物色合 本集團發展策略及資本自報要求的投資合作 與兼併收購機會,為本集團的業務拓展提供 有效支撐。

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Group's total sales proceeds ("TSP")¹ were RMB11,049 million for the year ended 31 December 2014. Profit for the year and after non-controlling interests was RMB634 million, as compared with RMB730 million last year. The Directors of the Company recommended the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014 of HK\$9 cents per share (2013: HK\$8.5 cents per share).

財務業績

截至2014年12月31日止年度,集團的銷售所得款項總額¹為人民幣11,049百萬元。年度溢利扣除非控股權益後溢利為人民幣634百萬元,而去年錄得溢利人民幣730百萬元。本公司董事建議就截至2014年12月31日止年度派付每股末期股息港幣9仙(2013年:每股港幣8.5仙)。

			ended 31 Decembe 至12月31日止年度	er
		2014	2013	Charge
		二零一四年	二零一三年	變動
		(RMB	million)	
		(人民幣	子百萬元)	
Total sales proceeds ("TSP")1	銷售所得款項總額1	11,049	11,135	-0.8%
Department store	百貨店	8,262	8,470	-2.5 %
Supermarket	超市	2,787	2,665	+4.6%
Revenue	收入	4,276	4,162	+2.8%
Operating profit ² (Note)	經營溢利 ² (註)	983	1,026	-4.2 %
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔溢利	634	730	-13.2%
Earnings per share (RMB: cents)	每股溢利(人民幣:分)	26	29	-12.2%
Calculated in term of TSP:	以銷售所得款項總額計算:			
Operating margin ³	經營溢利率3			
- department store (Note)	一百貨店(註)	10.3%	10.3%	
supermarket	一超市	4.9%	5.7%	
Net profit margin ⁴	淨溢利率4	5.8%	6.6%	

Note: 註:

excluded impairment of goodwill

不包括商譽減值準備

¹ Total sales proceeds ("TSP") = revenue from direct sales + gross revenue from concessionaire sales + rental income 銷售所得款項總額-直接銷售收入+特許專營銷售佣金收入總額+租金收入

² Operating profit = operating profit of department store + operating profit of supermarket 經營溢利=百貨經營溢利+超市經營溢利

³ Operating margin = operating profit/TSP 經營溢利率 = 經營溢利/銷售所得款項總額

⁴ Net profit margin = profit for the year/TSP 淨溢利率=年度溢利/銷售所得款項總額

管理層討論及分析

Revenue & TSP 收入和銷售所得款項總額

			nded 31 December : 2014年12月31日止年			ed 31 December 20 13年12月31日止年原	
		Department store business 百貨業務	Supermarket business 超市業務	Total 合計 (RMB (人民幣	,	Supermarket business 超市業務	Total 슴計
Revenue Direct sales Commission income from	收入 直接銷售 特許專營銷售	312	2,478	2,790	277	2,380	2,657
concessionaire sales	佣金收入	1,319	41	1,360	1,347	40	1,387
Rental income	租金收入	72	48	120	61	44	105
Provision of food and beverage services	提供餐飲服務		6	6	-	13	13
Total	슈計	1,703	2,573	4,276	1,685	2,477	4,162
TSP	銷售所得款項總額						
Direct sales	直接銷售	312	2,478	2,790	277	2,380	2,657
Gross revenue of concessionaire sales	特許專營銷售所得款項	7,878	261	8,139	8,132	241	8,373
Rental income	租金收入	72	48	120	61	44	105
Total		8,262	2,787	11,049	8,470	2,665	11,135
Same store sales change	同店銷售變化	-1.8%	0.2%		7.1%	-0.9%	

Department store business:

TSP from the department store business reduced to RMB8,262 million (2013: RMB8,470 million) and same store sales dropped by approximately 1.8% due to decrease in sales of gold and jewelry. Direct sales as a percentage of TSP from the department store business increased from 3.3% to 3.8% while gross revenue of concessionaire sales as a percentage of TSP from the department store business decreased from 96.0% to 95.3% in the year ended 31 December 2014.

百貨業務:

百貨業務銷售所得款項總額減少至人民幣 8,262百萬元(2013年:人民幣8,470百萬元),同店銷售減少1.8%,主要由於黃金珠寶 及配飾銷售下降所致。本年內,直接銷售對 百貨業務銷售所得款項總額的貢獻從約3.3% 增長至3.8%,特許專營銷售對百貨業務銷售 所得款項總額的貢獻從96.0%減少至2014年 12月31日止年度的95.3%。

管理層討論及分析

TSP by top five largest stores

Due to the increase in TSP contributions from younger stores and keen market competition, the top five largest stores aggregate contribution to TSP decreased from 60.7% of last year to 59.5% for 2014.

Top 5 largest department stores by TSP:

前五大店舗對銷售所得款項總額的貢獻

由於相對年輕的店鋪貢獻逐年增加及市場競爭的影響,前五大百貨店對百貨業務銷售所得款項總額的累計貢獻從去年的60.7%降至2014年的59.5%。

前五大百貨店銷售所得款項總額:

		2	014	201	3
		二零	一四年	_零-	·三年
		TSP	TSP	TSP	TSP
		銷售所得	Contribution	銷售所得	Contribution
		款項總額	銷售所得	款項總額	銷售所得
		(RMB million)	款項總額	(RMB million)	款項總額
		(人民幣百萬元)	貢獻率	(人民幣百萬元)	貢獻率
Wuxi Yaohan	無錫八佰伴	1,435	17.4%	1,607	19.0%
Zhenjiang Yaohan	鎮江八佰伴	1,210	14.6%	1,167	13.8%
Jiangyin Springland	江陰華地	961	11.6%	966	11.4%
Yixing Springland	宜興華地	708	8.6%	809	9.5%
Nantong Yaohan	南通八佰伴	602	7.3%	572*	6.8%*
Liyang Yaohan	溧陽八佰伴	568*	6.9%*	591	7.0%
Others	其他	3,346	40.5%	3,330	39.3%
		8,262	100%	8,470	100%

^{*} The store's TSP is included in others

^{*} 其銷售所得款項總額包括在其他當中

管理層討論及分析

TSP by merchandise categories

In 2014, fashion and apparel accounted for approximately 39.0% (2013: 38.7%); merchandise related to cosmetics accounted for approximately 5.6% (2013: 5.0%); watches, gold and jewelry accounted for approximately 25.0% (2013: 26.8%); footwear accounted for approximately 10.6% (2013: 10.4%) and the remaining categories including athletic apparel and casual wear, children's and home furnishing, household and electronic appliances, rental income and others accounted for the remaining 19.8% (2013: 19.1%) of TSP of the department stores business. The proportion of sales proceeds of department stores from various merchandise categories are presented in the below charts.

按商品品類佔銷售所得款項總額百分比

2014年,時裝及服飾佔銷售所得款項總額約為39.0%(2013年:38.7%);化妝品佔約5.6%(2013年:5.0%)、鐘錶、黃金珠寶及配飾佔約25.0%(2013年:26.8%);鞋履佔約10.6%(2013年:10.4%);其餘商品類別(包括運動服裝及休閒服、童裝及家居用品、家俱及電子用品、租金收入及其他)佔約餘下的19.8%(2013年:19.1%)。按商品品類劃分其佔百貨業務銷售所得款項總額的比例如下圖所示。



Commission rate from concessionaire sales and comprehensive gross margin⁵

In 2014, the commission rate from concessionaire sales was 16.7% and it was similar to 16.6% in 2013. The Comprehensive Gross Margin of department store business was 21.1% in 2014, representing a mild growing of 0.4 percentage point from 20.7% in 2013. The growth resulted from the change in the merchandise mix and improving operational efficiency in the regional retail network.

特許專營銷售佣金率及綜合毛利率5

於2014年,百貨特許專營銷售佣金率為 16.7%,與2013年16.6%相若。百貨業務的 綜合毛利率由2013年的20.7%,溫和增長0.4 個百分點至2014年的21.1%。增長來自商品 品類銷售結構的變化及地區零售網絡營運效 率的提升。

⁵ Comprehensive Gross Margin = (gross profit of direct sales + commission income from concessionaire sales + rental income + other income (service fee collected from concessionaire and suppliers))/TSP. 综合毛利率由综合毛利除以銷售所得款項總額計算。綜合毛利包括直接銷售毛利、特許專營銷售佣金收入、租金收入及其他收入(主要來自特許專營商及供應商的服務費)。

管理層討論及分析

Supermarket business:

In 2014, TSP of the supermarket business reached RMB2,787 million (2013: RMB2,665 million). Growth in TSP generated from newly opened supermarkets. Intensified competition and economic slowdown in PRC resulted a mild same store growth of 0.2%.

TSP by top five largest stores

The aggregate contribution to TSP generated from the supermarket business from the top five largest stores decreased from approximately 39.7% in 2013 to 37.6% in 2014. The proceeds from supermarkets opened in 2013 and 2014 (proceeds not included in calculating the same store sales change) accounted for 8.1% of TSP for the supermarket business. These stores are expected to become a new driving force for the supermarket business of the Group.

TSP by merchandise categories

Fresh food accounted for approximately 40.0% (2013: 38.6%), dry foods accounted for approximately 29.8% (2013: 30.2%), non-food accounted for approximately 26.0% (2013: 26.7%) and the remaining categories including rental income and others accounted for the remaining 4.2% (2013: 4.5%) of the TSP of the supermarket business. The proportion of sales proceeds of supermarket business from various merchandise categories are presented in the below charts.

超市業務:

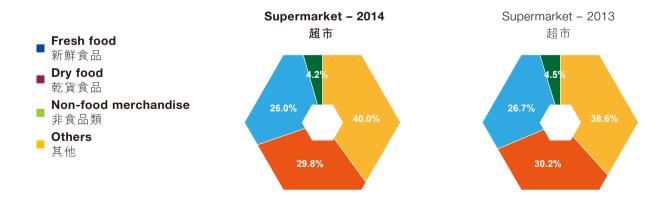
2014年,超市業務銷售所得款項總額達人民幣2,787百萬元(2013年:人民幣2,665百萬元)。超市業務的銷售所得款項總額增長主要來自新開設超市的貢獻。激烈的市場競爭及較弱的中國經濟增長使同店銷售輕微增長0.2%。

前五大店舖對銷售所得款項總額的貢獻

前五大店鋪對超市業務銷售所得款項總額的累計貢獻由2013年的39.7%降至2014年的37.6%。於2013年及2014年新開設的超市對超市業務銷售所得款項總額貢獻佔8.1%(該銷售所得款項總額不用於計算同店銷售變動),該等店舖預計將成為本集團超市業務銷售增長的新推動力。

按商品品類佔銷售所得款項總額百分比

新鮮食品佔超市業務銷售所得款項總額約40.0%(2013年:38.6%);乾貨食品佔約29.8%(2013年:30.2%);非食品類貢獻佔約26.0%(2013年:26.7%);其餘商品類別(包括租金收入及其他)佔餘下的4.2%(2013年:4.5%)。按商品品類劃分其佔超市業務銷售所得款項總額的比例如下圖所示。



管理層討論及分析

Direct sales margin and comprehensive gross margin

Revenue from direct sales in the supermarket business increased from RMB2,380 million in 2013 to RMB2,478 million in 2014, representing a rise of 4.1%. The direct sales margin stayed at 12.6% (2013: 12.9%). The Comprehensive Gross Margin reached 22.6% (2013: 23.3%). The Group intended to maintain the Comprehensive Gross Margin stable by increasing investments in equipment and technology to expand the contribution from fresh food and to enhance products quality and reduce wastage.

直接銷售毛利率及綜合毛利率

超市業務來自直接銷售的收入由2013年的人民幣2,380百萬元增加至2014年的人民幣2,478百萬元,同比增長4.1%。直接銷售的毛利率為12.6%(2013年:12.9%),綜合毛利率為22.6%(2013年:23.3%)。集團擬通過加強設備及技術投入來擴大新鮮食品銷售貢獻,提升商品品質,降低損耗,以保持超市業務綜合毛利率的穩定。

Expenses

費用

				ided 31 December 20 1014年12月31日止年度					ded 31 December 201 013年12月31日止年度		
		Department store business 百貨業務	,	Headquarter 總部 million) 百萬元)	Total 總計	% of TSP 佔銷售 所得款項 總額百分比	Department store business 百貨業務		Headquarter 總部 8 million) 客百萬元)	Total 總計	% of TSP 佔銷售 所得款項 總額百分比
Staff costs Depreciation and	員工成本 折舊及攤銷	272	233	77	582	5.3%	267	221	85	573	5.1%
amortisation		258	71	4	333	3.0%	248	66	4	318	2.9%
Rental expenses	租賃開支	27	66	5	98	0.9%	22	54	5	81	0.7%
Other expenses included:	其他開支 其中:	360	125	41	526	4.7%	339	129	26	494	4.5%
Impairment of goodwi	B 商譽減值準備	25	-	-	25	0.2%	-	-	-	-	_
Total	合計	917	495	127	1,539	13.9%	876	470	120	1,466	13.2%

Expenses consisted of staff costs, depreciation and amortisation, rental expenses and other expenses. Other expenses mainly include impairment of goodwill, utility expenses, advertising and promotion expenses, losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment, office expenses, maintenance costs, travelling expenses, entertainment expenses, property tax and government surcharges and other miscellaneous expenses.

費用包括員工成本、折舊及攤銷、租賃開支 及其他開支。其他開支包括商譽減值準備, 水電開支,廣告宣傳費用,物業、廠房及設 備的處置虧損,辦公室開支,維護及耗材費 用,差旅費,業務招待費,財產税,政府附 加費用和其他雜項開支。

管理層討論及分析

In 2014, total expenses of the Group as a percentage of TSP were 13.9% (2013: 13.2%). Total expenses increased by 5.0% to RMB1,539 million (2013: RMB1,466 million) as the Group continued to expand the store network, upgrade the shopping environment, and impairment of goodwill and net exchange losses have been recognised in the year.

Fee income from suppliers and operating profit

In 2014, fee Income from suppliers increased to RMB528 million (2013: RMB517 million), fee income from suppliers as a percentage of TSP increased to approximately 4.8% for 2014 from 4.6% for 2013.

Operating profits for the Group (excluded impairment of goodwill, share of loss of a joint venture, interest and dividend income and unallocated gains, corporate and other unallocated expenses and finance costs) decreased to approximately RMB983 million in 2014 from RMB1,026 million for the same period in 2013, representing a year-on-year decrease of 4.2%. Operating profits for the department store business decreased from RMB874 million in 2013 to approximately RMB847 million in 2014, representing a year-on-year decrease of 3.0%. However, the operation margin as a percentage of TSP for the department store business stayed at 10.3% (2013: 10.3%). For the supermarket business, operating profits decreased to approximately RMB136 million. However, the operating margin as a percentage of TSP for the supermarket business was 4.9%, representing a decline of 0.8 percentage point from 5.7% in 2013. The decrease in operating margin for the supermarket business was due to pre-operation costs and higher operating costs contributed by the newly-opened supermarkets.

於2014年,本集團費用總額佔銷售所得款項的百分比為13.9%(2013年:13.2%)。費用總額增加5.0%至人民幣1,539百萬元(2013年:人民幣1,466百萬元),主要由於本集團持續擴張零售網絡、提升購物環境,以及於年內確認商譽減值準備及匯兑損失所致。

來自供應商的其他收入及經營溢利

2014年,來自供應商的其他收入增加至人民幣528百萬元(2013年:人民幣517百萬元), 佔銷售所得款項總額百分比從2013年的4.6%增加至2014年約4.8%。

本集團的經營溢利(除商譽減值準備、分佔 合營企業虧損、利息及股息收入、未分配收 益、公司及其他未分配開支及融資成本)由 2013年的人民幣1,026百萬元減少至2014年 的人民幣983百萬元,按年下降4.2%。 育五減少至2014年的人民幣874百萬元,按 完務的經營溢利由2013年的人民幣874百萬元,按 50%,然而按佔銷售所得款項在10.3% (2013年:10.3%)。超市業務的經營溢利率 (2013年:10.3%)。超市業務的經營溢利率 少至人民幣136百萬元,按佔銷售所得款項 額的百分比計超市業務經營溢利率4.9%, 額的百分比計超市業務經營溢利率4.9%, 2013年的5.7%相比降低了0.8個百分點。超 市業務經營溢利率下降主要由於新開店 市業務經營溢利率下降主要由於新開店相對 較高的營運成本的提升及開辦費用的增加所

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

財務回顧

An analysis of the results attributable to owners of the parent set out below:

母公司擁有人應佔權益分析如下:

		Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年 12月31日 止年度 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)	Year ended 31 December 2013 截至2013年 12月31日 止年度 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)
Business unit	業務單位		
Department store Less:	百貨 減:	847	874
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值準備	(25)	_
		822	874
Supermarket	超市	136	152
		958	1,026
Net finance income Dividend, investment income	利息收入淨額 股息、投資收入	79	68
and unallocated gains	及未分配收益	60	64
Corporate overheads and others	企業經費及其他開支	(127)	(119)
Share of loss of a joint venture	分佔合營企業虧損	(49)	(4)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(275)	(299)
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	(12)	(6)
Total	合計	634	730

管理層討論及分析

Impairment of goodwill

The amount comprised impairment of goodwill related to the acquisition of Yangzhou Fengxiang Commerce Co., Ltd. The company is engaged in operation of a department store, Yangzhou Wanjiafu Commercial Building, in Yangzhou, Jiangsu Province, the PRC.

Net finance income

This comprised interest income from the Group's surplus cash and structured deposit net interest expenses on bank borrowings and short-term financing notes. There were no material changes in gross interest income and gross interest expense. The increase in net finance income was due to the interest expense of RMB40 million (2013: RMB29 million) has been capitalized as property under development.

Dividend, investment income and unallocated gains

This mainly comprised of dividend and investment income received by the Group from its investment in the shares of Wuxi Commercial Building Dadongfang Co., Ltd (無錫商業大廈大東方股份有限公司) and subsidy income. Up to October 2014, the Group disposed all the investment and recognized a net gain on disposal of RMB31.3 million.

Share of loss of a joint venture

The Company held investment in the joint venture of Zhenjiang Baisheng Commercial Center Co., Ltd (鎮江百盛商城有限公司). The joint venture operates 2 department stores in Zhenjiang City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC. In 2014, the Company shared the joint venture operating loss of RMB49 million. The loss in the joint venture arose from that its self-owned department store was closed down for refurbishment and costs for optimized staffing.

Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses for the current year remained relatively stable as compared with the previous year and the effective tax rate kept at 29.8% (2013: 28.8%).

商譽減值準備

金額為收購揚州豐祥商業有限公司的商譽減 值準備,此公司於中國江蘇省揚州經營一間 名為揚州萬家福的百貨店。

利息收入淨額

主要來自於集團盈餘現金及結構性存款的利息收入扣減銀行借款及短期融資券的利息支出。總利息收入和總利息支出均沒有重大變動,利息收入淨額增長主要來自利息開支人民幣40百萬元已被資本化於在建項目所致(2013年:人民幣29百萬元)。

股息、投資收入及未分配收益

主要包括本集團投資在無錫商業大廈大東方股份有限公司的股息和股份投資收入及補貼收入。截至2014年10月,本集團已出售全部投資並確認出售淨收益人民幣31.3百萬元。

分佔合營企業虧損

本公司持有合營企業鎮江百盛商城有限公司,該合營企業經營兩間位於江蘇省鎮江市的百貨店。於2014年,本公司分佔此合營企業經營虧損人民幣49百萬元。虧損主要由於該合營企業自有百貨店閉店調改及人員優化成本所致。

所得税開支

本年度所得税開支與去年相比仍相對保持穩定,有效税率為29.8%(2013年:28.8%)。

管理層討論及分析

Assets base

The total assets and net assets of the Group are summarised as follows:

資產基礎

集團的資產總值及資產淨值概述如下:

		31 December	31 December
		2014	2013
		2014年	2013年
		12月31日	12月31日
		(RMB million)	(RMB million)
		(人民幣百萬元)	(人民幣百萬元)
Total assets	資產總值	11,602	12,132
Net assets	資產淨值	5,197	5,026
		RMB	RMB
		人民幣 —————	人民幣
Net assets per share (Note)	每股淨資產(註)	2.03	1.92

Note:

Equity attributable to owners of the parent/Number of issued shares at the end of year

Total assets of the Group did not change materially for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with the previous year. The increase in net assets of the Group and the net assets per share was attributable to the profit for the year. 註:

母公司擁有人應佔權益/年末已發行股份數。

集團於2014年12月31日的資產總值與去年比較並無重大變動。集團資產淨值及每股資產淨值增加是由於年度溢利所致。

管理層討論及分析

An analysis of the major assets, which remained relatively stable, is set out below:

主要資產仍維持相對穩定,分析載列如下:

		31 December 2014 2014年 12月31日 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)	31 December 2013 2013年 12月31日 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)
Assets use in operation Property, plant and equipment Prepaid land premiums Long-term prepayments	營運使用的資產 物業、廠房及設備 預付土地出讓金 長期預付款項	6,449 872 615	6,132 899 182
		7,936	7,213
Cash and cash equivalents, long-term time deposits at banks, restricted cash and	現金及現金等價物,存於銀行 的長期定期存款,受限貨幣 資金和結構性存款		
structured deposits Others assets	其他資產	2,328 1,338	3,455 1,464
Total assets	資產總值	11,602	12,132

Property, plant and equipment, prepaid land premium and long-term prepayments

Property, plant and equipment, prepaid land premium and long term prepayments amounted to approximately RMB7,936 million (2013: RMB7,213 million). Those assets were held for long-term and for the use in operation.

Capital expenditure of the Group during 2014 amounted to approximately RMB646 million (2013: RMB678 million). The amount represented contractual payments made for the acquisition of land use rights, buildings and construction of greenfield projects and store expansion. Capital commitment as of 31 December 2014 amounted to RMB1,314 million (2013: RMB1,064 million), representing mainly capital works and construction of Yixing, Jiaxing, Anqing and Wuhu shopping malls.

物業、廠房及設備[,]預付土地出讓金及長期 預付款項

物業、廠房及設備,預付土地出讓金及長期 預付款項總額約人民幣7,936百萬元(2013年:人民幣7,213百萬元)。上述資產乃長期 持有,並作為營運使用。

本集團於2014年內的資本開支約為人民幣646百萬元(2013年:人民幣678百萬元)。資本開支主要包括擴張店舖而收購的土地使用權、土地及樓宇及新建項目的合約付款。於2014年12月31日,本集團的資本承擔為人民幣1,314百萬元(2013年:人民幣1,064百萬元),其中主要為宜興、嘉興、安慶、蕪湖的資本性購物中心建設。

管理層討論及分析

Cash and cash equivalents, time deposits

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between three month and five years depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks. The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents and time deposits approximate to their fair values.

Restricted cash

Pursuant to the relevant rules and regulations issued by the Ministry of Commerce of the People's Republic of China, the Group was required to deposit bank balances (or through issuing the letter of bank guarantee to deposit) in the Group's designated accounts, which amount was no less than 30% of the balance of advances from customers for sales of prepaid cards. As at 31 December 2014, certain of the Group's restricted cash amounted to RMB100 million (2013: RMB554 million) represents the above balances deposited in the Group's designated accounts. As at 31 December 2014, certain of the Group's restricted cash amounted to RMB127 million (2013: Nil) were pledged to banks for bank loans facilities granted to the Group.

Structured deposits

The amounts included structured deposits in licensed banks in the PRC. These structured deposits have terms of less than three months and have expected annual rates of return up to 5.9% (2013: 6.3%). Pursuant to the underlying contracts or notices, these structured deposits are capital guaranteed upon the maturity date.

EQUITY, FINANCING AND GEARING

As at 31 December 2014, the equity attributable to owners of the parent amounted to RMB4,984 million, representing an increase of RMB188 million from 31 December 2013. During 2014, the Company repurchased approximately 49.1 million shares for a total consideration (including expenses) of approximately HK\$148 million.

現金及現金等價物、定期存款

銀行存款根據每日銀行存款利率賺取浮動利息。定期存款由三個月至五年期限不等,視 乎本集團的即時現金需求而定,並按各自的 定期存款利率賺取利息。銀行結餘存入具信 譽銀行。現金及現金等價物、定期存款的賬 面值與其公平值相若。

受限貨幣資金

根據中華人民共和國商務部頒發的相關法規,本集團需存入(或通過獲得銀行保函以擔保)不少於銷售預付費卡的客戶預付款項餘額30%的款項於集團指定賬戶。截至2014年12月31日,本集團人民幣100百萬元(2013年:人民幣554百萬元)的受限貨幣資金已存入集團的指定賬戶。於2014年12月31日,本集團人民幣127百萬元(2013年:無)的受限貨幣資金已質押於銀行作為授予本集團銀行借款的擔保。

結構性存款

金額包括於中華人民共和國持牌銀行的結構性存款。上述結構性存款期限少於三個月,並預期最高有5.9%(2013年:6.3%)的年利率。根據已經簽署的合約,這些結構性存款於到期日是保本的。

股本權益、融資及負債比率

於2014年12月31日,本公司母公司擁有人應佔權益為人民幣4,984百萬元,較2013年12月31日增加人民幣188百萬元。本公司於2014年以總代價約148百萬港元(包括費用)購回約49.1百萬股股份。

管理層討論及分析

Over the past years, we have actively diversified our funding sources, maintained strong long-term relations with lenders and investors and have spread out maturities to reduce refinancing risk. The Group maintained a strong cash position. Cash and cash equivalents, time deposits and restricted cash total stood at RMB2,213 million (2013: RMB1,568 million). Net bank and financial notes borrowings of the Group represented bank borrowings and financial notes, net of cash and cash equivalents, time deposits and restricted cash, and amounted to RMB381 million as at 31 December 2014. Compared with RMB1,296 million as at 31 December 2013. The decrease in net bank and financial notes borrowings during 2014 was mainly due to the Group's surplus cash placed in time deposits.

The maturity profile of the Group's bank and financing notes borrowings are set out below:

集團銀行借款和融資券的到期情況如下:

31 December

2014

(1,985)

(228)

381

31 December

2013

(1.013)

1.296

(555)

		2014年 2014年 12月31日 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)	
Bank and financing notes	應償還銀行借款		
borrowings repayable: Within one year Over one year but within	和融資券: 1年以內 1年以上但2年內	300	1,872
two years Over two years but within five years	2年以上但5年內	738 1,556	308 684
Total bank and financing notes borrowings	銀行借款和融資券總額	2,594	2,864

現金及現金等價物,定期存款

銀行借款和融資券淨額

受限貨幣資金

Cash and cash equivalents,

Net bank and financing notes

time deposits

Restricted cash

borrowings

管理層討論及分析

The Group has been careful in using debt gearing to expand our business in accordance with our business strategy. As at 31 December 2014, the Group's gearing ratio stayed at 39% (2013: 37%). The gearing ratio is calculated by net debt (including bank borrowings, financing notes, trade and bills payables and other payables and accruals minus structured deposits, cash and cash equivalents, time deposits and restricted cash) divided by the capital plus net debt of the Group.

本集團使用謹慎的債務槓桿比率擴張我們的業務。於2014年12月31日,本集團的槓桿比率按債務淨額(包括計息銀行借款,融資券、應付貿易款項及應付票據、其他應付款項及應計費用減結構性存款、現金及現金等價物、定期存款和受限貨幣資金)除以資本加債務淨額計算為39%(2013年:37%)。

TREASURY POLICIES

The Group's financing and treasury activities are centrally managed and controlled at the corporate level.

The Group has always pursued a prudent treasury management policy and is in a strong liquidity position with sufficient standby banking facilities to cope with daily operations and future development demands for capital. The Group relied principally on cash flow generated from its operating activities as a primary source of liquidity.

The Group conducted its business operations in the PRC and its revenues and expenses were denominated in RMB. Certain of the Group's bank balances, bank borrowings and deposits were denominated in HK\$ or US\$ which exposed the Group to foreign exchange risks attributable to fluctuations in exchange rates between HK\$/US\$ and RMB. The Group manages its foreign exchange risk by performing regular reviews of the Group's net foreign exchange exposures.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group recorded net foreign exchange losses of approximately RMB13 million (2013: net foreign exchange gains of RMB26 million).

財務政策

本集團的融資及財務活動由控股公司集中管 理及監控。

本集團一直奉行謹慎的財務管理政策,並有 足夠備用的銀行信貸額度,以應付日常營行 及未來發展對資金的需求。本集團主要依賴 來自經營活動的現金流作為流動資金的主要 來源。

本集團於中國經營業務,其收入及開支均以 人民幣結算。因此,除為籌備所需資金而在 資本市場交易外,本集團承擔之匯兑風險有 限。本集團的若干銀行結餘、銀行借款及存 款,以港元或美元結算。港元/美元及人民 幣的匯率變化會對本集團造成外匯風險。本 集團定期審閱外匯風險的淨額,以管理其外 匯風險。

截至2014年12月31日止年度,本集團外幣滙 兑虧損淨額約人民幣13百萬元(2013年:外 幣匯兑收益淨額人民幣26百萬元)。

管理層討論及分析

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS ANALYSIS

The following is the key financial ratios used to interpret the financial performance and position of the Company.

Return on equity



績效指標分析

如下為陳述本公司財務業績及狀况的關鍵財 務比率。

淨資產收益率



Operating profit & operating margins (in term of TSP)



經營溢利及溢利率(以銷售所得款項總額計算)

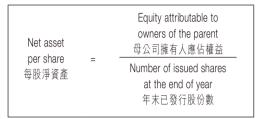
Operating margin		Operating profit 經營溢利
(in term of TSP) 經營溢利率	=	TSP 銷售所得款項總額

管理層討論及分析

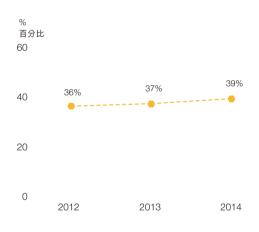
Net asset per share



每股淨資產



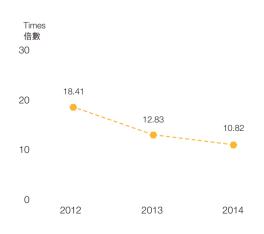
Gearing ratio



資產負債比率

Gearing ratio	Net debt 債務淨額
資產負債比率 =	Equity and net debt 權益及債務淨額

Interest cover ratio

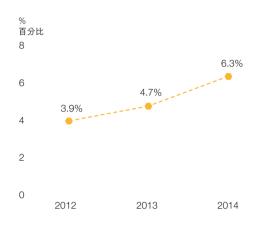


利息保障倍數

Interest 息税前溢利 cover ratio = lnterest charges + Capitalised interest 和息開支+資本化的利息
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管理層討論及分析

Dividend yield



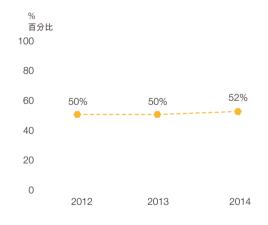
股息收益率



Dividend yield was between 3.9% to 6.3% in the past years.

過去三年的股息收益率保持在3.9%至6.3%之間。

Dividend payout



股息派發率



After the Company was listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on October 2010, we have declared and paid out interim and final dividends in each year.

在本公司於2010年10月在香港聯合交易所有限公司上市後,我們每年均宣告並派發中期及末期股息。

管理層討論及分析

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

As at 31 December 2014, certain of the Group's restricted cash amounted to RMB127million (2013: Nil) were pledged to banks for bank loans facilities granted to the Group.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2014, the Group employed a total of approximately 7,731 full-time employees, of which 3,281 served the department store business and of which 4,349 served the supermarket business (2013: 8,612 full-time employees, of which 3,502 served the department store business and of which 4,946 served the supermarket business). Employees included management staff, sales people, workers for the logistics supporting system and other supporting staff. The Group has been trying its best to provide employees with a stimulating and harmonious working environment advocating lifelong learning, offering training and encouraging them to broaden their field of vision, improving the standard of our employees, supporting their personal growth and offering promotion opportunities. The Group provided additional support on staff training to enhance their performance in their current roles or prepare them for further advancement.

While staff costs are continuously grew stably during 2014, employee remuneration packages are maintained at competitive levels and employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis.

SOCIAL OBLIGATION

The Group continues to focus on sustainable development of the business and actively supports and constructs local urban green space. During 2014, the Group sponsored a series of environmental activities including adoption of green space of 1,240 square meters and some precious trees in Wuxi Li Lake Park. Springland Charity Foundation has carried out a series of activities to help the poor from further expand coverage to student, elderly and sick people.

或然負債及資產抵押

於2014年12月31日和2013年12月31日,本集團無重大或然負債。

於2014年12月31日,本集團人民幣127百萬元 (2013年:無)的受限貨幣資金已質押於銀行 作為授予本集團銀行借款的擔保。

人力資源

於2014年12月31日,本集團僱傭合計7,731 名全職僱員,其中百貨業務3,281名僱員,超 市業務4,349名僱員(2013年:8,612名全職 僱員,其中百貨業務3,502名僱員,超市 程,946名僱員)。僱員包括管理人員、銷員 是及物流支援系統人員及其他輔助人員員 集團一直以來竭力為員工創造一個既具挑 又和諧的工作環境,提倡終生學習,機會。 工拓寬視野,同時提供培訓和至升機會。 集團持續加強對員工培訓的投入,在提升作 好準備。

員工成本於本年度持續穩定增長,僱員薪酬 福利維持在具市場競爭水平,並按僱員表現 給予獎賞。

社會責任

本集團繼續關注業態的可持續發展,積極支持所在地的城市綠化建設,贊助一系列綠化活動。於2014年,本集團認養無錫蠡湖公園面積達1240平方米的綠地及多棵珍貴大樹。華地愛心基金會推行的扶貧助困工作也進一步擴大起覆蓋範圍,於助學、助老、助病方面開展了系列活動。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理人員

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Jianqiang

aged 57 (appointed on 23 June 2006)

Mr. Chen, the founder of the Group and Chairman of the Company, is responsible for the overall corporate strategies planning, business development and investment of the Group. Since the Group's incorporation in 1996, Mr. Chen has been engaging in retail business and actively participating in the management and development of the Group's business. He holds an Executive Master's degree in Business Administration from China Europe International Business School. Mr. Chen is the chairman of honors of the World Chinese Traders General Association (Hong Kong) Ltd. (香港華商世界貿易總會). Mr. Chen is also the sole director and shareholder of Octopus Holdings Foundation, the controlling shareholder and an associated corporation of the Company.

Mr. Tao Qingrong

aged 54 (appointed on 23 June 2006)

Mr. Tao has been the Chief Executive Officer of the Group since January 2011 and is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of business and operation of the Group. Mr. Tao joined the Group in October 2002 as general manager of Shanghai Springland Enterprise Investment Co., Ltd (上海華地企業投資有限公司) and later was appointed as general manager of the department store unit of the Group. Mr. Tao is a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Tao worked for Shanghai Soap Co., Ltd. (上海制皂有限 公司) as sales and marketing director from 1997 to 2000, and Shanghai Soap (Group) Product Sales Co., Ltd. (上 海制皂(集團)產品銷售有限公司) as general manager from 2000 to 2002. Mr. Tao holds a Master's degree in system engineering from the Shanghai Institute of Mechanical Technology (上海機械學院) (later known as University of Shanghai for Science and Technology) and an Executive Master's degree in Business Administration from China Europe International Business School. Mr. Tao is interested in approximately 38.46% of the shareholding of Celestial Spring Limited, being a shareholder holding approximately 1.14% of the Company.

董事

執行董事

陳建強先生

57歳(出任日期:2006年6月23日)

陳先生為本集團創辦人和本公司主席,負責本集團的整體戰略規劃、業務拓展及投資。自本集團於1996年註冊成立起,陳先生加入本集團並從事零售業務和積極參與本集團業務管理及發展。彼持有中歐國際工商學院的工商管理碩士學位。陳先生為香港華商世界貿易總會的榮譽主席。陳先生也是本公司控股股東及關聯法團Octopus Holdings Foundation的唯一董事及股東。

陶慶榮先生

54歲(出任日期:2006年6月23日)

陶先生自2011年1月起出任本集團行政總裁,主要負責本集團業務及運營的日常管理。 先生於2002年10月加入本集團,出任上海海地企業投資有限公司的總經理,期後被抵任被為本集團百貨業務部總經理。陶先生被擔團若干附屬公司的董事。在加入任人被擔團若干附屬公司的董事。在加入任人上海、大生於1997年至2000年間出份任總經理。附先生持有上海關大生持有上海機械學位。 (其後稱為上海理工大學)系統工程碩士學位。 (其後稱為上海理工大學)系統工程碩士學位。 有限公司的股權擁有約38.46%權益,天泉有限公司為持有本公司約1.14%權益的股東。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理人員

Mr. Yu Yaoming

aged 45 (appointed on 23 May 2011)

Mr. Yu joined the Group in October 2007 as a financial director and was appointed as vice president of the Group in May 2011. Mr. Yu is primarily responsible for the accounting and financial reporting of the Group. He is a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Yu has over 20 years of experience in finance and accounting and is also a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Yu holds a Bachelor's degree in accounting from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yu worked as an accounting manager of Shanghai SECCO Petrochemical Company Limited (上海賽科石油化工有限 責任公司) from 2001 to 2007. Mr. Yu also worked as a deputy director of the finance department of SINOPEC Shanghai Jinshan Engineering Co., Ltd. (中石化上海金 山工程公司) from 1999 to 2001 and worked in relevant units under SINOPEC Shanghai Petrochemical Company Limited (中國石化上海石油化工股份有限公司) from 1992 to 1999.

Non-executive Director

Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John

aged 47 (appointed on 19 July 2010)

Mr. Fung is members of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Fung is currently the Managing Director of Global Link (CHINA) Company Limited, a company engaged in supply of TV media programmes. He had previously worked as a senior manager of the North Asia division of ESPN ASIA Limited, a diversified sports, entertainment and media company from 1995 to 1997. Mr. Fung holds a Bachelor of Science degree from Cornell University in Ithaca, New York.

俞堯明先生

45歳(出任日期:2011年5月23日)

俞先生於2007年10月加入本集團出任財務總監,並於2011年5月獲委任本集團副總裁。俞先生主要負責本集團會計及財務匯報,彼擔任本集團若干附屬公司的董事。俞先生在財務及會計方面擁有逾20年經驗,亦為中國註冊會計師協會會員。俞先生持有上海財經大學會計學士學位。在加入本集團前,俞先生於2001年至2007年間在上海賽科石油化工有限責任公司擔任會計經理。在此之前,俞先生於1999年至2001年間出任中石化上海金山工程公司財務部副主任,並於1992年至1999年間於中國石化上海石油化工股份有限公司旗下相關單位任職。

非執行董事

馮曉邨先生

47歳(出仟日期:2010年7月19日)

馬先生為本公司提名委員會和薪酬委員會會員。馬先生現為Global Link (CHINA) Company Limited (一家從事供應電視媒體節目的公司)董事總經理。馬先生曾於1995年至1997年期間出任ESPN ASIA Limited (一家多元化體育、娛樂及媒體公司)北亞部門高級經理。馬先生持有紐約康奈爾大學理學士學位。

董事及高級管理人員

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Lin Zhijun (林志軍)

aged 60 (appointed on 17 February 2008)

Dr. Lin is the Chairman of the audit committee and members of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Dr. Lin is now the Dean of School of Business in Macau University of Science and Technology. Dr. Lin holds a Master of Science degree in Accounting from University of Saskatchewan in Canada and a Ph.D degree in Economics (Accounting) from Xiamen University. Since 1983, Dr. Lin served various facilities in many academic institutes, including Xiamen University, and was a Visiting Professor in the University of Hong Kong, Tenured Professor in the Faculty of Management of Lethbridge University in Canada and Head of the Department of Accountancy and Law in Hong Kong Baptist University. He worked at an international accounting firm, Touche Ross & Co. Canada (now known as "Deloitte") in Toronto from 1982 to 1983. Dr. Lin is also a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (CICPA) and the Australian Institute of Certified Management Accountants (CMA). He is a member of various educational accounting associations including the American Accounting Association, the International Association for Accounting Education and Research and the Hong Kong Association for Accounting Education. He is currently an independent non-executive director of China Everbright Limited (stock code: 0165. HK) and Sinotruk (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 3808. HK), both of which are companies listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. From 2012 to April 2014, Dr. Lin served as independend non-executive director of Zhengzhou Coal Mining Machinery Group Company Limited (stock code: 0564.HK), a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

獨立非執行董事

林志軍博士

60歲(出任日期:2008年2月17日)

林博士為本公司審核委員會主席及提名委 員會和薪酬委員會會員。林博士現為澳門 科技大學商學院院長。林博士持有加拿大 Saskatchewan大學會計學理學碩士學位及 廈門大學經濟學(會計學)博士學位。林博士 由1983年起在多個學術機構擔任教職,包括 廈門大學、香港大學擔任客席教授、加拿大 Lethbridge大學管理學院擔任教授和香港浸會 大學會計及法律系系主任,彼曾於1982年至 1983年任職多倫多國際會計師事務所Touche Ross & Co. Canada (現稱「德勤」)。林博士 亦為美國註冊會計師協會、中國註冊會計師 協會及澳大利亞註冊管理會計師協會之會 員,彼亦為多個會計學術團體之會員,包括 美國會計學會、國際會計教學及研究學會及 香港會計教授會。彼現為中國光大控股有限 公司(股份代號:0165.HK)和中國重汽(香 港)有限公司(股份代號:3808.HK)之獨立非 執行董事,該等公司於香港聯合交易所有限 公司上市。從2012年至2014年4月,林博士 為香港聯合交易所有限公司上市的鄭州煤礦 機械集團股份有限公司(股份代號:0564.HK) 之獨立非執行董事。

董事及高級管理人員

Dr. Zhang Weijiong (張維炯)

aged 62 (appointed on 17 February 2008)

Dr. Zhang is the Chairmen of the nomination committee and remuneration committee and a member of the audit committee of the Company. Dr. Zhang joined China Europe International Business School ("CEIBS") in 1997. Dr. Zhang is currently serves as professor of Strategy, vice president and co-dean at CEIBS and director of the Centre of Chinese Private Enterprises at CEIBS. He holds a Bachelor's degree in power mechanical engineering from Shanghai Jiaotong University and Master's and Doctorate's degrees in business administration from University of British Columbia in Canada. Dr. Zhang was associate dean and associate professor at the Management School of Shanghai Jiaotong University. He is currently an independent director of HUAYU Automotive Systems Co., Ltd (stock code: 600741), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and an independent non-executive director of Shanghai Fosun Pharmaceutical (Group) Co., Ltd (stock codes: 600196 and 2196.HK), a company dual listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming (張一鳴)

aged 46 (appointed on 11 March 2014)

Mr. Cheung is the members of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Cheung is currently an executive director, chief executive officer and responsible officer of New Century Asset Management Limited, a REIT manager of New Century Real Estate Investment Trust (stock code: 1275), a REIT listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Cheung holds a bachelor degree in accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA) and a chartered accountant of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW).

張維炯博士

62歳(出任日期:2008年2月17日)

張博士為本公司提名委員會及薪酬委員會加 席和審核委員會會員。張博士於1997年工 中歐國際工商學院,目前擔任中歐國際工 學院戰略學教授、副院長兼中方教務研 中歐國際工商學院的中國民營企業一 一本主任。彼持有上海交通大學的動力亞大 學世學位並取得加拿大英屬哥倫比亞在 學世學管理學院任副教授、副教授、 是及副教授、副教授系立 是及副教授、 是及副教授、 是及副教授、 是及副教授、 是及副教授、 是及副教授、 是及副教授、 是及副教授系立 是及副教授系立 是及副教授, 有限公司(股份代號:600741)之獨立限及 是海道大學管理學院任 是及副教授, 有限公司(股份代號:600741)之獨立 是醫藥(集團)股份有 是醫藥(集團)股份有 之獨立 和 司(股份代號:600196和2196.HK)之獨立 執行董事。

張一鳴先生

46歳(出仟日期:2014年3月11日)

張先生為本公司審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會會員。張先生目前為開元產業投資信託基金執行董事、行政總裁兼負責人員,該產業投資信託基金於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市(股份代號:1275.HK)。張先生於香港理工大學取得會計學學士學位。彼為香港會計師公會的執業會計師及英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會的特許會計師。

董事及高級管理人員

Mr. Cheung has extensive experience in the fields of investment, real estate and property market research, corporate finance and auditing. Mr. Cheung worked at Arthur Andersen & Co. in Hong Kong and China from 1991 to 1994. In September 1994, Mr. Cheung joined Citibank (now named Citigroup) as an accountant and administration manager and held the position of assistant vice president from September 1996. In October 1997, he started working in Salomon Smith Barney (now named Citigroup) as an equity research analyst. Since May 1999, Mr. Cheung worked at Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette. He joined HSBC Securities (Asia) Limited as the head of Hong Kong and China property research in November 2000 where he worked until April 2005. Mr. Cheung joined Cohen & Steers Asia Limited in 2005 as a senior vice president and executive director, supervising its Asia Pacific real estate investment and research functions. Mr. Cheung worked as the head of research of DBS Vickers (Hong Kong) Limited from June 2009 to 2011. From August 2011 to 2013, Mr. Cheung has been the chief investment officer of Neutron INV Partners Limited and has been involved in work such as setting up the Neutron Greater China Equity Fund and marketing to local and overseas institutional investors, consultants, distribution intermediaries. Further, in 2010, Mr. Cheung received the Outstanding Chinese Business Leader Award from the HongQi and China Report. He currently is an independent non-executive director of Best Pacific International Holdings Limited (stock code: 2111. HK), a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Saved as disclosed, the Directors have not held any directorship in other listed public companies currently and in the last three years.

張先生於投資、房地產及物業市場研究、 企業融資及審計方面擁有豐富的經驗。 張先生自1991年至1994年於香港及中國安達 信會計師事務所工作。於1994年9月,張先生 加入花旗銀行(現稱Citigroup)擔任會計師兼 行政經理及自1996年9月起擔任副總裁助理。 於1997年10月,彼於Salomon Smith Barney (現稱Citigroup)開始擔任證券研究分析師。 由1999年5月起,張先生在Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette工作。彼於2000年11月加入匯豐 證券(亞洲)有限公司,擔任香港及中國物業 研究主管至2005年4月。於2005年,張先生 加入Cohen & Steers Asia Limited擔任高級副 總裁及執行董事,負責監督其亞太房地產投 資及研究職能。張先生於2009年6月至2011 年間在星展唯高達香港有限公司擔任研究主 管。由2011年8月起至2013年,張先生一直 擔任Neutron INV Partners Limited的投資總 監,設立Neutron Greater China Equity Fund 以及向當地及海外機構投資者、顧問及分銷 中介推銷等工作。此外,於2010年,張先生 獲《紅旗畫刊》及《中國報道》授予中華傑出商 業領袖獎。張先生現為香港聯合交易所有限 公司上市的超盈國際控股有限公司(股份代 號:2111. HK)之獨立非執行董事。

以上各董事除上述披露外,於目前及過往三 年並未擔任其他上市公司的董事職務。

董事及高級管理人員

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Xu Zhiqiang (徐志强), aged 40, has been a vice president of the Group since December 2013. He is primarily responsible for the operation and management of the department store business of the Group. Mr. Xu has almost 20 years of experience in retail sales since his joining the Group in 1996. Mr. Xu holds a Bachelor's degree in international trade from Chongqing School of Commerce (重慶商學院) and a Master's degree in business administration from Guanghua School of Management of Peiking University.

Mr. Zhu Tao (朱滔), aged 44, has been a vice president of the Group since December 2013 and he is responsible for assets management, store opening, business expansion and logistic support of the Group. Mr. Zhu joined the Group in 1996 and has previously taken up various positions in the Group. Mr. Zhu has almost 20 years of experience in department store and retail businesses. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Zhu worked for Yixing Wine Factory (宜興酒廠). Mr. Zhu obtained a diploma in food processing from Shanghai Fisheries University (上海水產大學) (later known as Shanghai Ocean University) in 1991. Mr. Zhu is a director of and is interested in approximately 30.77% of the shareholding of Celestial Spring Limited, being a shareholder holding approximately 1.14% interest in the Company.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Hon Yin Wah, Eva (韓燕華), HKICPA, FCCA, aged 44, joined the Group in August 2010 as the Company Secretary of the Company. Ms. Hon holds a Bachelor of business administration degree in accounting from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. Ms. Hon is a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA) and a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA). She has almost 20 years of experience in accounting and financial management and corporate governance. Prior to joining the Group, she was an audit manager at PricewaterhouseCoopers and senior executive of companies listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited or Nasdaq Stock Market.

高級管理人員

徐志強先生,40歲,自2013年12月起出任本 集團副總裁,彼主要負責本集團百貨業務的 運營及管理。徐先生自1996年加入本集團在 零售銷售方面擁有約20年經驗。徐先生持有 重慶商學院國際貿易本科學士學位和北大光 華管理學院工商管理碩士學位。

朱滔先生,44歲,自2013年12月起出任本集團副總裁,彼負責本集團資產管理、店舖開設、業務拓展及物流支持。朱先生於1996年加入本集團,並於本集團擔任不同職位。朱先生於百貨店及零售業務擁有約20年經驗、在加入本集團前,朱先生曾在宜興酒廠、在加入本集團前,朱先生曾在宜興酒廠、在加入本集團前,朱先生曾在宜興酒廠、工作。朱先生於1991年在上海水產大學(後朱稱為上海海洋大學)取得食品加工文憑。朱先生於天泉有限公司的股權擁有約30.77%權益並為其董事,天泉有限公司為持有本公司約1.14%權益的股東。

公司秘書

韓燕華女士,HKICPA,FCCA,44歲,於2010年8月加入本集團,擔任本公司的管理。韓女士持有香港科技大學工會執禁學士學位。韓女士為香港會計師公會對師,並為英國特許公認會計師公會資理會會計師,並為英國特許及財務管理及公司治理會會對極有約20年經驗。在加入本集團前,在於資會計師事務所擔任審計經理及於的高級管理人員。

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") and management are committed to compliance of statutory and regulatory corporate governance standards and adherence to the principles of corporate governance emphasizing transparency, independence, accountability, responsibility and fairness. The Board reviews the corporate governance practices from time to time to ensure alignment of interests and expectations from our shareholders, the public investors and the other stakeholders.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

Throughout the year ended 31 December 2014, the Company complied with all the code provisions ("Code Provision") set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practice (the "Corporate Governance Code") under Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), except for certain derivations as specific with considered reasons below. No incident of non-compliance by Directors was noted by the Company in 2014.

Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules provides that every board of directors of listed issuers must include at least three independent non-executive directors. Moreover, Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules provides that the audit committee of a listed issuer must comprise a minimum of three members. Subsequent to resignation of Independent Non-executive Director of the Company by Mr. Wang Shuaiting on 17 January 2014, the Company had two Independent Non-executive Directors and two audit committee members, the number of independent non-executive directors and the number of the audit committee members fell below the minimum number as required under Rules 3.10(1) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules. Further, the number of independent non-executive Director of the Company fell below one-third of the Board members, which did not comply with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules.

企業管治報告

本公司董事會(「董事會」)和管理層致力於遵守法定及監管企業管治標準,遵循強調透明度、獨立性、問責制、責任感及公平性的企業管制原則。董事會不時檢討其企業管治常規以確保符合股東、公眾投資者及其他利益相關者的利益及期望。

符合企業管治守則

截至2014年12月31日止年度,本公司一直 遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證 券上市規則(「上市規則」) 附錄十四所載的企 業管治常規守則(「企業管治守則」) 的所有守 則條文(「守則條文」),惟若干偏離守則者除 外,有關詳情及考慮理由於下文闡述。2014 年內,本公司並無發現任何董事之違規事件。

上市規則第3.10(1)條規定,上市公司之各董事會必須包括至少三名獨立非執行董事。此外,上市規則第3.21條規定,上市公司首事司之審核委員會必須包括最少三名成員。繼立王統委員會必須包括最少三名成員。繼立王統之前董事後,本公司僅有兩名獨立非執行董事後,本公司僅有兩名獨立非執行董事及審核委員會成員,獨立非執行董事及審核委員會人數均跌至低於上市規則第3.10(1)條及第3.21條規定之最低數目。成數下跌至少於三分之一,未能符合上市規則第3.10A條規定。

企業管治報告

On 11 March 2014, the Board appointed Mr. Cheung Yat Ming as an Independent Non-executive Director and member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Following the appointment of Mr. Cheung, the Company has fully complied with the requirements of Rules 3.10(A), 3.10(1) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

於2014年3月11日,董事會委任張一鳴先生 為本公司之獨立非執行董事兼本公司審核委 員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。於委 任張先生後,本公司已全面遵守上市規則第 3.10(A)條、3.10(1)條及3.21條規定。

Under Code Provision E.1.2, the chairman of the Board should attend the annual general meeting of the Company. Due to other pre-arranged business commitments which must be attended to by him, Mr. Chen Jianqiang, the Chairman, was not present at the 2014 annual general meeting held on 30 April 2014. However, Mr. Tao Qingrong, being an Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, was present at the 2014 annual general meeting and was elected chairman thereof pursuant to the Articles of the Company to ensure an effective communication with the shareholders thereat. The chairman of the audit committee also attend the 2014 annual general meeting and answer enquires raised by shareholders.

根據守則條文第E.1.2條規定,董事會主席應出席本公司股東週年大會。由於主席陳建建先生必須處理其他事先安排的業務,故其21年以東週年大會。然而,本公司之執行官內屬。然而,本公司之執行官內屬學先生出席了2014年股東週年大會並根據本公司章程細則獲膺選為會主席,以確保於股東週年大會主席,以確保於股東週年大會主席,以確保於股東週年大會主席,以確保於股東週年大會以東保持有效溝通。審核委員會主席亦與股東保持有效溝通。審核委員會主席亦自出席2014年股東週年大會以解答股東提問。

THE BOARD

Roles and responsibility of the Board

The Board is responsible for the Group's system of corporate governance and is ultimately accountable for the Group's activities, strategies and financial performance. The Board has established various committees to manage and oversee the specified affairs of the Group. Certain important matters involving finance and shareholders' interest are reserved for approval by the Board, including annual budget, annual and interim results announcements, dividends, major investment, equityrelated capital market operations, mergers and acquisition and disposal, major connected transactions, annual internal control evaluation and appointment of Director(s) following the recommendation(s) by the Remuneration and Nomination Committees. The Board has to make decision objectively in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

All operational decisions are delegated to the Executive Directors. The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are the responsibilities of senior management and their functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed.

董事會

董事會角色與責任

執行董事獲授權負責一切營運決策,而高級 管理人員則負責本公司的日常管理、行政及 營運,彼等的職能與工作獲定期檢討。

企業管治報告

Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises seven members, including three Executive Directors and four Non-executive Directors, among which three of them are Independent Non-executive Directors. The current composition of the Board is set out as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Jiangiang (Chairman)

Mr. Tao Qingrong (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Yu Yaoming

Non-executive Director

Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Lin Zhijun

Dr. Zhang Weijiong

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming

The composition, structure and size of the Board are reviewed at least annually by the Nomination Committee to ensure that it has a balance of appropriate skills, experience and diversity of perspectives to meet the needs of the business of the Group.

Members of the Board have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective delivery of the Board functions. Details of the Directors and relevant relationships amongst each other are set out in "Director and Senior Management" section in this report.

組成

於本報告日期,董事會由七名成員組成,包括三名執行董事及四名非執行董事(當中三名 為獨立非執行董事)。董事會現有成員如下:

執行董事

陳建強先生(主席) 陶慶榮先生(行政總裁) 俞堯明先生

非執行董事

馮曉邨先生

獨立非執行董事

林志軍博士

張維炯博士

張一鳴先生

董事會的組成、架構及規模由提名委員會每年檢討最少一次,以確保董事會具備均衡且切合本集團業務所需的適當技能、經驗及多元化觀點。

董事會成員廣泛而寶貴之業務經驗知識及專業精神有助董事會有效及高效的履行其職責。董事的簡要履歷資料連同彼此之間的關係載於本報告「董事及高級管理人員」章節。

企業管治報告

An analysis of the current Board composition is set out in the following chart: 現時董事會的組成分析如下:

Number of Directors 董事人數

7			60-64	Expertise in distribution management 擁有分銷 管理業務專長	>8	
6		Executive 執行董事	00-04	Expertise	>8	1-2
5			55-59	in financial management sector 擁有財務	6-7	
4	Male 男性	Non-executive 非執行董事	50-54	管理業務專長	6-7	
3				Expertise in	3-4	0
2		Independent Non-executive 獨立 非執行董事	45-49	retails business 擁有零售 業務專長	J=4 1	U
1					>1	
	Gender 性別	Designation 職位	Age Group 年齡組別	Skills/industry 技能/ 行業經驗	Directorship with the Company (number of years 擔任本公司 董事的時間	with other public

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The role of the Chairman is separate from that of the Chief Executive Officer to enhance their respective independence, accountability and responsibility. Mr. Chen Jianqiang acting as the Chairman is responsible for providing leadership in the Board to set strategies to achieve the Group's goals. Mr. Tao Qingrong, the Chief Executive Officer, is responsible for managing the business of the Group and leading the management team to implement strategies and objectives adopted by the Board.

主席及行政總裁

主席與行政總裁分別由不同人士擔任,以提高其獨立性、問責性及負責制。陳建強先生擔任主席,負責帶領董事會並制定策略以達成本集團之目標。行政總裁陶慶榮先生,負責本集團業務的管理及領導管理團隊執行董事會所採納的策略。

(年數)

同時擔任其他 公眾公司的董事 (公司數目)

企業管治報告

Appointment, re-election and removal of the Directors

The Company follows a formal, considered and transparent procedure for the appointment of new directors. Appointments are first considered by the Nomination Committee. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee are then put to the full Board for decision. Thereafter, all Directors are subject to election by shareholders at the annual general meeting in their first year of appointment.

Each of the Non-executive Director of the Company has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company, for a specific term of not more than three years subject to re-election. Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office until the next following general meeting or the next annual general meeting of the Company respectively and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting. In addition, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least every three years and one-third (or the number nearest to but not less than one-third) of Directors shall retire from office every year at the Company's annual general meeting.

Board Committees

The Board has established the following committees (all chaired by Independent Non-executive Director) with defined terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code of the Listing Rules:

- Audit Committee
- Remuneration Committee
- Nomination Committee

Each Committee has authority to engage outside consultants or experts as it considers necessary to discharge the Committee's responsibilities. To further reinforce independence and effectiveness, all Audit Committee members are Independent Non-executive Directors, and the Nomination and Remuneration Committees have been structured with a majority of Independent Non-executive Directors as members. Details of the Committees are set out below.

委任、重選及撤換董事

本公司按正式制訂、經審慎考慮並具透明度 的程序來委任新董事。提名委員會首先商議 所有委任事項,然後向董事會全體成員提交 建議,作出決定。其後,所有董事須在獲委 任首年的股東週年大會上經股東正式選舉。

本公司各非執行董事與本公司訂立委任函,特定任期不超過三年,並須予重選連任。根據本公司組織章程,獲委任以填補董事會臨時空缺或增加入現有董事會的任何董事,只任職至下次股東大會或本公司下屆股東週年大會為止,並於其時有資格重選連任。全體董事均須最少每三年輪席告退,而每年須有三分之一(或最接近但不少於三分之一)之董事於本公司股東週年大會上告退。

董事委員會

董事會成立下列委員會(全部均由獨立非執行董事擔任主席),並具備界定的職權範圍,其內容參考上市規則之企業管治守則的規定:

- 審核委員會
- 薪酬委員會
- 提名委員會

每一委員會有權在有需要時委聘外界顧問或 專家,以履行委員會責任。為了進一步加強 獨立性及有效性,所有審核委員會成員均為 獨立非執行董事,而提名委員會及薪酬委員 會主要由獨立非執行董事所組成。以下載列 各委員會之詳情。

企業管治報告

Board and Board committee meetings

The Board meets at least four times each year and more frequently as the needs of the business demand. Apart from the Board meetings, the Board would from time to time devote separate sessions to consider and review the Group's strategy and business activities.

The Directors can attend meeting in person or through other electronic means of communication. During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Board met four times and discussed matters relating to the re-election of Directors, discussed and approved the overall business strategies, reviewed and monitored the financial and operation performance of the Group and approved the annual budget for the Group. Notice and board papers were given to all Directors prior to the meetings in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Corporate Governance Code.

A representative of the external auditor attended the Company's 2014 annual general meeting to answer questions from the shareholders on the audit of the Group.

According to the current Board practice, any material transaction involving a conflict of interest with a substantial shareholder or a Director will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Company's Articles and Association also contain provisions requiring the Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is appointed by the Board and has three members, all of whom are Independent Nonexecutive Directors. The Chairman, Dr. Lin Zhijun has appropriate professional qualifications, including membership of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (CICPA) and the Australian Institute of Certified Management Accountants (CMA) and experience in financial and accounting matters. Dr. Zhang Weijiong has extensive experience in business administration. Mr. Cheung Yat Ming has appropriate professional qualifications, including membership of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICAP) and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) and extensive experience on the fields of investment, real estate and property market research, corporate finance and auditing.

董事會及董事委員會會會議

董事會每年最少舉行四次會議,並會因應業 務需要而增加會議次數。除董事會會議外, 董事會亦會不時專為考慮及檢討本集團的策 略和業務活動而舉行獨立會議。

董事可親身出席會議或透過電子通訊方式出席會議。截至2014年12月31日止年度,董事會共召開四次會議,主要討論有關董事的的選,討論並通過本集團整體業務策略,分別審閱及監督本集團財務及營運業績,通過本集團的年度預算。按照上市規則及企業管治守則於會議開始前已將通知及董事會文件送至所有董事。

外聘核數師的代表已出席本公司2014年度股 東週年大會,回答股東有關本集團審計上的 問題。

根據現行的董事會慣例,任何涉及主要股東或董事具利益衝突的重大交易將由董事會於正式召開的董事會會議上考慮及處理。本公司的組織章程亦訂有條文,規定在任何會議上議決批准董事或其任何聯繫人擁有重大利益的交易時,有關董事必需放棄投票及不得計入會議的法定人數內。

審核委員會

審核委員會由董事會委任,共有三位成員會由董事會委任,共有三位成員會事會主席林志軍博會主籍人員事業資格(包括為實政事業資格(包括為實政學的國語無數學的對於實理會計斷的會之會員資格)和財務管理。是與大生具備合適的專業管包計等。以與大生具備合適的專業資格(包計等)和於投資、房地產及物業會研究,企業融資及審計方面擁有豐富的經濟。

企業管治報告

Role and Duties

The Board has given the Audit Committee written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and Code Provision C.3 as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules. The terms of reference are set out on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The Committee meet regularly, at least twice a year, as that full attention can be given to the matters submitted.

The principal responsibilities of the Audit Committee include the review of both the Group's consolidated financial statements and the effectiveness of its internal control systems. The Committee also oversees the engagement of the external auditor of the Group and reviews its independence as well as the effectiveness of the audit process. The Board expects the Committee members to exercise independent judgment in conducting the business of the Committee. A high level review of the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Group is performed at each year end.

Summary of Work Done

During the year, the Audit Committee:

- reviewed and discussed with management and external auditor the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 (including estimates and judgments of a material nature made by management in accordance with the accounting policies of the Group) and the related final results announcement, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;
- reviewed the disclosures in the Corporate Governance Report included in the 2013 Annual Report of the Company, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;
- reviewed and discussed with management the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2014 (including estimates and judgments of a material nature made by management in accordance with the accounting policies of the Group) and the related interim results announcement, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;

角色與職責

董事會已向審核委員會書面授予職權範圍, 內容參照上市規則第3.21條及上市規則附錄 十四所載守則條文第C.3條的規定,並載於聯 交所及本公司之網站。審核委員會每年定期 開會最少兩次,全面審議所有提交委員會的 事官。

審核委員會的主要責任包括審閱本集團的綜合財務報表及檢討內部監控系統的成效。委員會亦監管本集團外聘核數師的委聘,並審閱其獨立性及審核程序的有效性。董事會預期委員會成員於處理委員會事務時均能作出獨立判斷。委員會於每年的年終對本集團的內部監控系統的成效進行高層次檢討。

工作概要

年內,審核委員會:

- 與管理層及外聘核數師審閱並討論本集 團截至2013年12月31日止年度的經審核 綜合財務報表(包括管理層根據本集團的 會計政策所作出的重大估計及判斷)以及 相關的全年業績公告,並建議董事會批 准;
- 審閱載於本公司2013年年報內企業管治報告的披露事項,並建議董事會比准;
- 與管理層審閱並討論本集團截至2014年 6月30日止六個月的未經審核綜合財務 報表(包括管理層根據本集團的會計政策 所作出的重大估計及判斷)以及相關的中 期業績公告,並建議董事會批准;

企業管治報告

- reviewed and considered the reports and management letters submitted by the external auditor, which summarised matters arising from its audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013;
- considered and endorsed the proposed connected transactions, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;
- reviewed and considered the scope of work and fee proposals of the external auditor for the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014; and
- conducted a high level review of the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Group (covering financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions) by considering the work of the management, including a review of the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, and training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function.

Subsequent to the end of the financial year, the Committee has reviewed the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, including the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, in conjunction with the external auditor, with a recommendation to the Board for approval.

The Committee was satisfied with the external auditor's work, its independence and objectivity, and therefore recommended to the Board the re-appointment of Ernst & Young as the Company's external auditor for 2015 for shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

- 審閱並考慮外聘核數師就審核本集團截至2013年12月31日止年度綜合財務報表所產生的事項而提交的報告及致管理層的函件:
- 審批本公司提出的關連交易,並建議董事會批准;
- 審議外聘核數師就審核本集團截至2014 年12月31日止年度綜合財務報表而提出 的工作範圍及費用建議:及
- 透過考慮管理層的工作,對本集團內部 監控系統的成效(涵蓋財務、營運及合規 監控以及風險管理的職能)進行高層次檢 討,包括檢視本公司在會計及財務匯報 職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否 足夠,以及相關的培訓計劃及預算。

於財政年度完結後,委員會連同外聘核數師已審閱本集團截至2014年12月31日止年度的經審核綜合財務報表,包括本集團採用的會計原則及實務,並建議董事會批准。

委員會對外聘核數師的工作、其獨立性及客觀性均感滿意。因此,委員會已向董事會建議於本公司即將舉行的股東週年大會上建議股東批准續聘安永會計師事務所為本公司2015年度的外聘核數師。

企業管治報告

Remuneration Committee

The members of the Remuneration Committee during the year and up to the date of this report are shown below:

Dr. Zhang Weijiong (Chairman)

Dr. Lin Zhijun

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming

Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John

With the exception of Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John who is a Non-executive Director of the Company, all the other members of the Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company.

Roles and Duties

The Board has given the Remuneration Committee written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and Code Provision B.1. The terms of reference are set out on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The Committee shall meet at least once a year. The Committee making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure of all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and reviewing the special remuneration packages of all executive Directors. Human Resources Department of the Group is responsible for collection and administration of the human resources data and makes recommendations to the Committee for consideration. The Committee consults with the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company about these recommendations on remuneration policy, structure and remuneration packages.

Summary of Work Done

During the year, the Remuneration Committee:

- reviewed and determined the amount of bonuses awarded to the Executive Directors based on personal and company performances for the year ended 31 December 2013; and
- approved and reviewed senior management's remuneration, including annual incentive payment for 2013 and 2014 and annual pay review for 2014 and 2015.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會年內及截至本報告日期的成員如下:

張維炯博士(主席) 林志軍博士 張一鳴先生 馮曉邨先生

除本公司非執行董事馮曉邨先生外,委員會 的其他成員全部均為本公司的獨立非執行董 事。

角色與職責

工作概要

年內,薪酬委員會:

- 根據截至2013年12月31日止年度的個人 及公司表現審閱及釐定執行董事的花紅 金額:及
- 審查高層管理人員的薪酬待遇,包括 2013和2014年度獎金,以及2014和 2015年度薪酬檢討。

企業管治報告

Nomination Committee

The members of the Nomination Committee during the year and up to the date of this report are shown below:

Dr. Zhang Weijiong (Chairman)

Dr. Lin Zhijun

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming

Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John

With the exception of Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John who is a Non-executive Director of the Company, all the other members of the Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company.

Roles and Duties

The Board has given the Nomination Committee written terms of reference in compliance with Code Provision A.5. The terms of reference are set out on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The Committee shall meet at least once a year. The Committee is responsible for the review of Board structure and composition, identification and recommendation to the Board of possible appointees as Directors, making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to appointment or reappointment of Director, succession planning for Directors and assessing the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors.

Board Diversity Policy

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. All Board appointments will be based on merit, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria (including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service), having due regard for the benefits of diversity. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and the contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

提名委員會

提名委員會年內及截至本報告日期的成員如下:

張維炯博士(主席) 林志軍博士 張一鳴先生 馮曉邨先生

除本公司非執行董事馮曉邨先生外,委員會 的其他成員全部均為本公司的獨立非執行董 事。

角色與職責

董事會已向提名委員會書面授予職權範圍,內容參照守則條文第A.5條規定,並載於聯交所及本公司之網站。委員會每年須召開會議至少一次。委員會負責檢討董事會的結構和成員組合,並為董事會物色及推薦董事人選,也就委任或重新委任董事、董事繼任人安排和評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性等事宜,向董事會作出建議。

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司明白並深信多元化的董事會對提高其 表現素質裨益良多。所有董事會成員的委任 均以用人唯才為原則,在考慮人選時亦充分 顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益,按董事會成 員多元化的客觀準則(包括但不限於性別、年 齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知 識及服務年期)作出甄選,最終將按候選人的 長處及可為董事會提供的貢獻而作決定。

企業管治報告

Summary of Work Done

During the year, the Nomination Committee:

- reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, including the independence of the three Independent Non-executive Directors;
- interviewed and selected the proposed candidates for the vacancy of independent non-executive director, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;
- considered the proposed changes to the composition of the Nomination Committee, with a recommendation to the Board for approval; and
- considered the nomination of three retiring Directors for the Board's recommendation to stand for re-election by shareholders at the 2014 annual general meeting of the Company.

An analysis of the current Board composition based on the Board Diversity Policy's criteria is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on page 49. The Committee considers that the existing members of the Board have a diverse range of business, financial and professional expertise in light of the current business needs of the Company. While the Committee does not think setting specific requirements for such criteria as gender and age for the Board composition are appropriate, it does believe that these are important elements which will bring a diversity of perspectives into the Board and, along with a diverse mix of skills, experience and knowledge that the Board should have in view of the prevailing business strategy of the Company, should be taken into consideration for all Board appointments in the future.

Pursuant to the Listing Rules, the Company has received a written confirmation from each Independent Non-executive Director of his independence to the Group. The Company considers all of the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent with respect to the Group.

工作概要

年內,提名委員會:

- 檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成,包括 三名獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 挑選和對獨立非執行董事空缺的提名候 選人進行面談,並建議董事會批准;
- 考慮提名委員會成員變動的建議,並建 議董事會批准;及
- 考慮三名退任董事的提名,以供董事會 推薦股東在本公司2014年度股東週年大 會上重選彼等為董事。

根據上市規則的要求,本公司已獲得每位獨 立非執行董事的書面聲明,確認其相對於本 集團的獨立性。本公司認為所有獨立非執行 董事均獨立於本集團。

企業管治報告

Board and Committee Meetings

Meetings of the Board are held regularly and at least four times a year at about quarterly intervals. The Directors can attend meeting in person or through other electronic means of communication. During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Board met four times and discussed matters relating to the re-election of Directors, discussed and approved the overall business strategies, reviewed and monitored the financial and operation performance of the Group and approved the annual budget for the Group. Notice and board papers were given to all Directors prior to the meetings in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Corporate Governance Code. A representative of the external auditor attended the Company's 2014 annual general meeting to answer questions from the shareholders on the audit of the Company.

The attendance record of each Director for the meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2014 is set out as follows:

董事會及委員會會議

各董事出席截至2014年12月31日止年度所召開的會議情況如下:

		Attendance/Number of meetings during the year 年內出席次數/會議次數				
Name of Director 董事姓名		Board meetings 董事會會議	Audit F Committee meetings 審核委員會 會議	Remuneration Committee meetings 薪酬委員會 會議	Nomination Committee meeting 提名委員會 會議	Annual general meeting 股東週年大會 會議
里尹江口		里 尹 目 日 哦	目哦	日哦	目 哦	目 斑
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Chen Jianqiang (Chairman)	陳建強先生(主席)	4/4	_	_	_	0/1
Mr. Tao Qingrong (Chief Executive Officer)	陶慶榮先生 <i>(行政總裁)</i>	4/4	-	-	-	1/1
Mr. Fung Hiu Lai (resigned on 11 March 2014)	馮曉黎先生 (於2014年3月11日離任	0/1	-	-	-	n/a
Mr. Yu Yaoming	俞堯明先生	4/4	_	-	-	0/1
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John	馮曉邨先生	4/4	-	2/2	1/1	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Dr. Lin Zhijun	林志軍博士	4/4	3/3	2/2	1/1	1/1
Dr. Zhang Weijiong	張維炯博士	4/4	3/3	2/2	1/1	0/1
Mr. Wang Shuaiting (resigned on 17 January 2014)	王帥廷先生 (於2014年1月17日離任	n/a	n/a	1/1	n/a	n/a
Mr. Cheung Yat Ming (appointed on 11 March 2014)	張一鳴先生 (於2014年3月11日獲委	4/4	2/2	n/a	n/a	0/1

企業管治報告

Directors' commitments

Each Director confirmed that he has given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014. All Directors have disclosed to the Company the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations and other significant commitments, with the identity of the public companies or organizations. Each Director is also requested to provide a confirmation to the Company semi-annually and notify the Company Secretary in a timely manner of any change of such information.

Induction, training and continuing development

Each newly appointed Director receives comprehensive induction on the first occasion of his appointment so as to ensure that he has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he is fully aware of his responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

Strategy session is organised by the Company for the Board once a year to discuss and review the long-term business and corporate strategy of the Group.

The Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills for discharging their duties and responsibilities as Directors of the Company. All Directors are required to provide the Company with the records of the training they received annually. For the year ended 31 December 2014, all Directors have confirmed that they have attended the training sessions by reading regulatory updates or attending briefings/seminars/conferences relevant to the business or directors' duties.

The Board is provided with monthly management updates which contain the latest financials and highlight of key matters of the Group. The management updates gives a balanced and understandable assessment in sufficient detail to assess the performance, position and prospects of the Group.

Directors' insurance

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for the Directors in connection with the discharge of their responsibleness.

董事承擔

各董事已確認於2014年12月31日止年度內投入了足夠時間和充分關注本公司事務的聲明。所有董事亦已向本公司披露他們於公眾公司或機構擔任職務的數目和性質,以及其他重大承擔,並提供了公眾公司或機構的名稱和擔任有關職務。各董事亦須每半年向公司作出資料確認,並於任何相關資料出現變動時適時知會公司秘書。

就任須知、培訓及持續發展

各新任董事在首次接受委任時均獲得全面的 就任須知,確保彼對本集團的業務及營運具 備適當的理解,及確保彼完全知悉其根據上 市規則及其他相關法規規定的責任及義務。

本公司每年為董事會安排一節策略會議,討論及檢討本集團的長遠業務及企業策略。

本公司鼓勵董事參與持續專業發展,發展並更新其知識及技能,以履行其作為本公司董事的職務及職責。所有董事每年須向本公司提供其培訓紀錄。截至2014年12月31日止年度,全體董事確認均有出席培訓課程包括閱讀更新監管規定資料或出席有關業務或董事職責的簡介會/研討會/會議。

董事會獲每月提供管理報告,內容載有本集 團最新的財務資料,以及重要事項。該管理 報告記載了有關本集團的表現、財務狀况和 前景的公正及易於理解的評估。

董事保險

本公司已就董事履行其責任為彼等作出適當 保險安排。

企業管治報告

THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Directors are reminded of their obligations under the Model Code on a regular basis. Specific confirmation has been obtained from each Director to confirm compliance with the required standards set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2014.

RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment in respect of annual and interim reports, announcements of inside information and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements. The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for each financial period.

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group at the end of the financial year and profit or loss for the financial year. The Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards approved by the International Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules. The Directors consider that in preparing the financial statements, the Company has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, and that all applicable accounting standards have been followed.

The Directors are not aware of any material or significant exposures exist, other than as reflected in this report. The Directors therefore have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The financial statements are continually prepared on a going concern basis.

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載的上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為其董事證券交易的行為守則。本公司亦定期提醒各董事於標準守則下須履行之責任。本公司已取得每位董事發出的書面確認,以確認在2014年12月31日止年度內符合標準守則列載之規定。

對財務報表的責任

董事會負責就全年及中期報告、內幕消息的公告以及根據上市規則及其他監管規定而作出的內幕消息和其他披露提交平衡清晰及易於理解的評估。董事知悉彼等對編製本公司各財政期間的財務報表的責任。

董事負責編製可真實而公平地反映本集團於財政年度完結日的財務狀況及財政年度損益情況的財務報表。董事已按照國際會計準則委員會頒佈的國際財務報告準則,以及香港《公司條例》及上市規則之披露規定編製財務報表。董事認為本公司於編製財務報表時已採用合適的會計政策、實徹應用和依據適用審慎的判斷及估計,並且已遵從所有適用的會計準則。

除本報告所反映的情況外,董事並不知悉有 任何主要及重大風險存在。因此,董事有理 由預期本公司具備充裕資源在可見將來繼續 經營現有業務。財務報表乃繼續按持續經營 為基準編製。

企業管治報告

HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND THE REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

All the five highest paid individuals of the Group during the year were the Directors and the senior management members of the Group. Details of the Directors' and Chief Executive's remuneration and the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in notes 11 and 12 respectively of the financial statements. The remuneration of the senior management whose profiles are included in the Directors and Senior Management section of this report fell within the following bands:

最高薪酬人士以及董事及高級管理人員的酬金

年內,本集團五名最高薪酬人士全部均為本 集團董事及高級管理人員。董事及行政總裁 的薪酬及本集團五名最高薪酬人士的詳情載 於財務報表附註11至12。其履歷則載於本報 告「董事及高級管理人員」章節之高級管理人 員的酬金介乎以下範圍:

Remuneration band	酬金範圍	Number of individuals 人數 2014 二零一四年
0 to RMB1,000,000	零至人民幣一百萬元	1
RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000	人民幣一百萬零一元至 人民幣一百五十萬元	1

REMUNERATION POLICY

The Directors' and Chief Executive's emoluments are determined by the Remuneration Committee, with reference to their duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group and comparable market statistics, including the prevailing market rate for executives of similar position.

The Group's remuneration policy is primarily based on duties, performance and length of service of each individual employee with reference to the prevailing market conditions.

薪酬政策

董事及行政總裁的薪酬由薪酬委員會參照董事的職責、責任、工作成就及本集團的業績 及可比較的市場統計包括同類職位高管市場 普遍的水準而定。

本集團的薪酬政策主要是根據每位員工的崗 位責任、工作表現及服務年限,以及現行市 場狀況而定。

企業管治報告

RETIREMENT FUND SCHEMES

The Group's employees in the PRC participate in defined contribution retirement schemes administered and operated by the relevant PRC municipal governments. The Group's relevant PRC subsidiaries contribute funds to the retirement schemes to fund the retirement benefits of the employees which are calculated based on certain percentage of the average employee salary as stipulated by the local municipal government. Such retirement schemes are responsible for the entire post-retirement benefit obligations payable to the retired employees. The Group has no further obligations for the actual payment of post-retirement benefits beyond the aforesaid contributions.

The Group makes contributions to defined contribution retirement schemes under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance and the Occupational Retirement Scheme Ordinance in Hong Kong for all employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme are held in separate trustee administered funds. The pension plans are generally funded by payments from employees and by the Group. The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement schemes are expensed as incurred.

The Group's contributions to retirement benefit schemes were charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2014 were RMB58 million. Details of the contribution retirement schemes are set out in note 10 of the financial statements.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company is published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. There was no change to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2014.

退休金供款計劃

本集團的中國僱員均參與由中國有關市政府 管理及運營的界定供款退休計劃。本集團於 中國的相關附屬公司按照當地市政府規定的 平均僱員薪金若干百分比計算退休金並為該 退休計劃供款,以為僱員的退休福利提供資 金。該退休金計劃負責應付予退休僱員的至 部退休後福利責任。本集團除該供款之外並 無進一步實際支付退休福利的責任。

本集團為所有香港僱員於香港根據強制性公 積金計劃條例及職業退休計劃條例向界定供 款退休計劃供款,該等計劃的資產以獨立管 理基金形式持有。退休金計劃的資金一般來 自僱員及本集團支付款項。本集團向界定供 款退休計劃作出供款會於產生時作為費用列 支。

本集團就退休福利計劃供款計入截至2014年 12月31日止年度的綜合收益表為人民幣58百 萬元。本集團就退休金計劃的供款詳情載於 財務報表附註10。

組織章程文件

本公司組織章程大綱及細則已刊登在聯交所及本公司之網站。於2014年12月31日止年度,本公司組織章程大綱及細則均沒有更改。

企業管治報告

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is an employee of the Company and is appointed by the Board. The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating the procedure/activities of the Board and the Board Committees and good communication flow among the Board members, shareholders and senior management. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is subject to Board approval. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and is accountable to the Board for matters relating to the duties of the Directors, such as by giving advice on corporate governance developments. All members of the Board have access to the advice and service of the Company Secretary.

EXTERNAL AUDITOR

Ernst & Young were reappointed independent auditor of the Company at the 2014 annual general meeting. Ernst & Young has written to the Audit Committee confirming that they are independent and that there is no relationship between Ernst & Young and the Company which may reasonably be thought to bear on their independence. In order to maintain their independence, Ernst & Young will not be employed for any non-audit work by the Company unless the non-audit work meets the criteria suggested in the Listing Rules and has been pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

During the year, the total remuneration in respect of statutory audit services amounted to RMB2.9 million (2013: RMB2.7 million), of which a sum of RMB2.6 million (2013: RMB2.5 million) was paid to Ernst & Young. Ernst & Young has not provided any non-audit work for the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014.

The responsibilities of the external auditor with respect of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 are set out in the section of "Independent Auditor's Report" of the report.

公司秘書

公司秘書為本公司之僱員,並由董事會委任。公司秘書負責協助董事會及董事委員會之程序/活動,以及維繫董事會成員、股高級管理人員之間之良好溝通。公司秘書內之委任及罷免須經董事會批准。公司秘書向之時及行政總裁匯報,並就有關董事職員之職務。對意見及服務。

外聘核數師

安永會計師事務所於2014年度股東週年大會 上再次獲委任為本公司的獨立核數師。安永 會計師事務所已向審核委員會發出函件,就 其獨立性及本公司與其不存在任何可影響 獨立性的關係作出確認。為求保持外聘核數 師的獨立性,除非是符合上市規則所界定的 許可非審計工作、並經由審核委員會預先批 准,否則本公司將不會聘用安永會計師事務 所從事非審計工作。

年內,有關法定審計工作的核數師酬金總計達人民幣2.9百萬元(2013年:人民幣2.7百萬元),其中支付安永會計師事務所共計人民幣2.6百萬元(2013年:人民幣2.5百萬元)。安永會計師事務所於截至2014年12月31日止年度內並沒有為本公司提供非審計服務。

外聘核數師就截至2014年12月31日止年度的 財務報表所負之責任列載於本報告之「獨立核 數師報告」章節。

企業管治報告

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility for the maintenance of sound and effective internal control systems within the Group. The Board has delegated to management the implementation of such systems of internal controls as well as the review of relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures.

The Board has entrusted the Audit Committee with the responsibility to review the internal control systems of the Group, which include financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. The Group's internal control system including a defined management structure with limits of authority is designed to help the achievement of business objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposal, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations. Those systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

The Group's Internal Audit Department and management conducts reviews of the effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems. The annual internal audit plan, which is approved by the Audit Committee, is based on a risk assessment methodology. The Audit committee reviews the findings and opinions of Group Internal Audit and management on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control systems and reports to the Board on such reviews.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Board through the Audit Committee, have conducted a review of the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Group. In respect of the year ended 31 December 2014, the Board considered the internal control systems effective and adequate. No significant areas of concern which might affect shareholders were identified.

內部監控

董事會整體負責維持本集團健全及有效的內部監控系統。董事會已授權管理層實施該等內部監控系統,並審閱有關財務、營運與合規監控及風險管理程序。

集團內部審計部和管理層檢討本集團內部監控系統的成效,年度審計規劃乃按風險評估方法制訂,並提交審核委員會通過。而審核委員會就集團內部審計部和管理層對公司內部監控系統成效的調查結果和意見,並向董事會匯報審議結果。

於2014年12月31日止年度內,董事會透過審核委員會審閱本集團內部監控系統之成效,截至2014年12月31日止年度,董事會認為本集團內部監控系統是充分、有效的。並未出現可影響股東權益的重大事項。

企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDER AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company continues to enhance communications and relationships with its shareholders and investment community through various channels including annual general meetings and analysts briefings on the Company's annual and interim results. Management attends investor meetings on a regular basis and has participated in a number of investor conferences. The Directors and senior management answer questions raised by the shareholders and investors on the performance and development of the Group.

We maintain a corporate website (www.springlandgroup. com.cn) to keep our shareholders and the public investors posted of our share price information, latest business developments, annual and interim results announcements, financial reports, other announcements, corporate governance policies and practices, and other relevant shareholder information.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Shareholders are encouraged to attend all general meetings of the Company. Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company, shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company, carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may call for an extraordinary general meeting and put forward agenda items by sending a written request to the Company Secretary at the Company principal place of business in Hong Kong or head office in the PBC.

Under Article 85 of the Articles of Association of the Company, if a shareholder wishes to propose a person other than a retiring Director for election as a Director at a general meeting, the shareholder should deposit a written notice of nomination which shall be given to the Company within the seven days period commencing the day after the dispatch of the notice of the meeting (or such other period as may be determined and announced by the Directors from time to time) and in no event ending no later than seven days prior to the date appointed for such meeting. The procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director are posted on the website of the Company.

股東和投資者關係

本公司透過各種渠道(包括股東週年大會,於本公司發佈全年及中期業績後舉行分析員會議)不斷加強與其股東及投資界的溝通與聯繫。管理層定期與投資者會面,亦參與投資者會議。董事及高級管理人員將回答股東及投資者就本集團業績及發展提出的問題。

我們設有企業網站(www.springlandgroup.com.cn),向股東及公眾投資者匯報本集團股價資料、最新業務發展概況、全年及中期業績公告、財務報表、其他公告、企業管治政策及常規以及其他相關股東資訊。

股東權利

本公司鼓勵股東出席本公司所有股東大會。 根據本公司組織章程,持有不少於本公司繳 足股本(賦有本公司股東大會上投票權)十分 之一之股東,可透過發出書面要求至本公司 之香港主要營業地點或中國的總辦事處予公 司秘書,召開股東特別大會,並提出議程項 目。

根據本公司組織章程第85條,倘股東有意於股東大會上提名一位人士(退任董事除外)參選董事,則該股東須於寄發會議通知翌日起計七天內(或董事不時厘定及公佈的其他期間)並在任何情况下不遲於有關會議指定日期前七日,向本公司發出一份書面的提名通知。股東提名董事候選人之程序已在本公司之網站上刊登。

董事會報告

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014.

董事會提呈截至2014年12月31日止年度之董 事會報告及本集團的經審計綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 21 June 2006. The Group principally engages in the operation of department stores and supermarkets in the PRC. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 42 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 39(a) to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2014 are set out on pages 73 to 187 of this report.

During the year, an interim dividend of HK\$8 cents per ordinary share was paid. The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014 of HK\$9 cents in cash per ordinary share to the shareholders appeared on the register of members of the Company as at 29 May 2015. This recommendation has been incorporated in the financial statements as a separate allocation within the equity section of the statement of financial position.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 78 of this report and note 39(e) to the financial statements respectively.

主要業務

本公司為一家投資控股公司,於2006年6月 21日在開曼群島註冊成立為有限責任公司。 本集團主要業務為經營位於中國的百貨店及 超市。本集團主要業務的性質在年內並無重 大改變。其主要附屬公司的業務載於財務報 表附註42。

股本

本公司於年內股本變動詳情載於財務報表附註39(a)。

業績及分配

本集團截至2014年12月31日止年度之溢利和本公司與本集團於該日之財務狀況載於本報告第73頁至187頁。

於年內,本公司已派發中期股息每股普通股港幣8仙。董事會建議就截至2014年12月31日止年度以現金派付末期股息每股普通股港幣9仙予2015年5月29日公司股東名冊內之股東。該建議已經在財務狀況表權益章節單獨立分配納入財務報表中。

儲備

本集團及本公司的儲備於年內的變動詳情分別載於本年報之綜合權益變動表第78頁及財務報表附註39(e)。

董事會報告

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Under Cayman Islands Companies Law, the Company may pay dividends out of profit or its share premium account in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company and provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

As of 31 December 2014, the Company's share premium available for distribution amounted to RMB1,339 million, of which RMB174 million has been proposed as a final dividend for the year. Details of which are set out in note 39(e) in the financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

BANK BORROWINGS

Bank borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2014 amounted to RMB2,594 million, details of which are set out in note 33 to the financial statements.

COMMITMENTS

Details of the commitments of the Group are set out in note 38 to the financial statements.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published financial results and financial position of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, is set out on page 188. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

可供分派儲備

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司可根據本公司 組織章程條文以溢利或股份溢價派付股息, 惟須於緊隨建議派付股息當日後,本公司將 可於一般業務過程中支付到期債務。

於2014年12月31日,本公司可予分派的股份 溢價為人民幣1,339百萬元,其中人民幣174 百萬元已被建議作為本年末期股息。其詳情 載於財務報表附註39(e)。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載於財 務報表附註18。

銀行借款

本集團於2014年12月31日銀行借款達人民幣 2,594百萬元,其詳情載於財務報表附註33。

承擔

本集團承擔詳情載於財務報表附註38。

財務信息摘要

本集團過往五年已發佈的財務業績及財務狀 況載於本年報第188頁。該等摘要並不構成經 審計財務報表的一部分。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during 2014 and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Jianqiang (Chairman)

Mr. Tao Qingrong (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Fung Hiu Lai (resigned on 11 March 2014)

Mr. Yu Yaoming

Non-executive Director

Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Lin Zhijun

Dr. Zhang Weijiong

Mr. Wang Shuaiting (resigned on 17 January 2014)

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming (appointed on 11 March 2014)

Pursuant to Article 84 of the Articles of Association of the Company, three of the Directors, namely, Mr. Tao Qingrong, Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John and Dr. Zhang Weijiong shall retire by rotation and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Mr. Wang Shuaiting resigned as an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company and members of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Board with effect from 17 January 2014.

Mr. Fung Hiu Lai resigned as an Executive Director of the Company with effect from 11 March 2014.

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company and member of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Board with effect from 11 March 2014.

Save as disclosed above, there are no other matters that need to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

董事

本公司於2014年及本報告日止之董事如下:

執行董事

陳建強先生(主席) 陶慶榮先生(行政總裁) 馮曉黎先生(於2014年3月11日離任) 俞堯明先生

非執行董事

馮曉邨先生

獨立非執行董事

林志軍博士 張維炯博士

王帥廷先生(於2014年1月17日離任) 張一鳴先生(於2014年3月11日獲委任)

按照本公司組織章程第84條,其中三位董事陶慶榮先生、馮曉邨先生和張維炯博士於即將舉行的股東週年大會上輪席退任,並均符合資格願意重選連任。

董事及最高行政人員資料變更

王帥廷先生於2014年1月17日辭委本公司獨立非執行董事、董事會審核委員會、薪酬委員會和提名委員會成員職務。

馮曉黎先生於2014年3月11日辭委本公司執 行董事職務。

張一鳴先生於2014年3月11日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事、董事會審核委員會、薪酬委員會和提名委員會成員。

除上述所披露外,根據上市規則第13.51B(1) 條,並無其他資料需要作出披露。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Company are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which shall not be terminated within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year ended 31 December 2014 were rights to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or its holding company or subsidiary or a subsidiary of the Company's holding company was a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights through any other corporate entities.

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

At 31 December 2014, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares of the Company notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have been taken under such provisions of the SFO) or the Model Code or which were required to be entered in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO were as follows:

董事及高級管理人員履歷

本公司董事及高級管理人員的履歷概要詳情載於本報告「董事及高級管理人員」章節。

董事服務合約

各擬於即將舉行的股東週年大會上重選的董 事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立不可 於一年內不付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止的 服務合約。

董事收購股份或債券的權利

於2014年12月31日止年度內任何時間,並無授予董事或其各自配偶或未成年子女透過認購本公司股份或債券而獲得利益的權利,彼等亦無行使該等權利,而本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司亦無訂立任何安排致使董事在其他法團中獲得該等權利。

董事及最高行政人員權益

於2014年12月31日,本公司的董事及最高行政人員於本公司股份擁有根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例的該等條文被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉),或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於按該條例所須存置的登記冊中的權益及淡倉如下:

董事會報告

(1) Long position in the shares of the Company and its associated corporations

(1) 本公司及其相聯法團股份的好倉

		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目		Approximate percentage of the issued	
Name of Director	Note	Corporate interests	Total	share capital 佔已發行股本的	
董事姓名	註	法團權益	合計	百分比	
Mr. Chen Jianqiang 陳建強先生	a	1,442,500,000	1,442,500,000	58.62%	

Note:

(a) These shares were held by Octopus (China) Holdings Limited, in which is wholly owned by Octopus Holdings Foundation. Mr. Chen as the sole shareholder of Octopus Holdings Foundation is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Octopus (China) Holdings Limited. Both Octopus Holdings Foundation and Octopus (China) Holdings Limited are holding companies of the Company, each of them is an associated corporation of the Company under the SFO.

(2) Short position in the shares of the Company and its associated corporations

As at 31 December 2014, none of the Directors and Chief Executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations that recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

註:

(a) 該等股份由Octopus (Ching) Holdings Limited持有,此公司由Octopus Holdings Foundation全資擁有。陳先生作為Octopus Holdings Foundation的唯一股東,故被視為對Octopus (China) Holdings Limited持有的股份擁有權益。Octopus Holdings Foundation和Octopus (China) Holdings Limited均為本公司控股公司,根據證券及期貨條例,他們每個均為本公司的關聯法團。

(2) 本公司及其相聯法團股份的淡倉

於2014年12月31日,本公司董事及最高 行政人員概無於本公司或任何關聯法團 股份擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352章 須由本公司存置的登記冊上所記錄,或 根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的 權益或淡倉。

董事會報告

INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2014, so far as is known to any Directors and Chief Executive of the Company, the following persons (other than the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company, whose interests have been disclosed in the above section "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive") had interests of 5% or more in the shares of the Company notified to the Company under the provisions of the Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東權益

就本公司董事及最高行政人員所知,於2014年12月31日,根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的規定須知會本公司,或根據證券及期貨條例第336章而本公司須存置之登記冊所記錄,下列人士(上文「董事及最高行政人員權益」章節中提及本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)擁有本公司股份5%或以上權益:

1. Long position in the shares of the Company

1. 本公司股份的好倉

Name of shareholders 股東名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Notes 註	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital 佔已發行股本的百分比
Octopus Holdings Foundation	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	1,442,500,000	а	58.62%
Matthews International Capital Management, LLC	Investment manager 投資經理	176,546,000	b	7.17%
International Value Advisers, LLC	Investment manager 投資經理	130,676,000	С	5.31%

Notes:

- (a) Octopus (China) Holdings Limited is wholly-owned by Octopus Holdings Foundation. Mr. Chen as the sole shareholder of Octopus Holdings Foundation is deemed to be interested in Shares held by Octopus (China) Holdings Limited.
- (b) These interests are held by Matthews International Capital Management, LLC in the capacity of investment manager.
- (c) These interests are held by International Value Advisers, LLC in the capacity of investment manager.

2. Short position in the shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2014, the Company had not been notified of any short positions being held by any substantial shareholder in the shares of the Company.

註:

- (a) Octopus (China) Holdings Limited由 Octopus Holdings Foundation全資 擁有。陳先生為Octopus Holdings Foundation的唯一股東,故被視為於 Octopus (China) Holdings Limited持有 的股份擁有權益。
- (b) 該等權益乃由Matthews International Capital Management, LLC以投資經理身份持有。
- (c) 該等權益乃由International Value Advisers, LLC以投資經理身份持有。

2. 本公司股份的淡倉

於2014年12月31日,本公司並無獲悉任何主要股東持有本公司股份的淡倉。

董事會報告

INTERESTS OF ANY OTHER PERSONS

As at 31 December 2014, the Company had not been notified of any persons other than the substantial shareholders who had interests or short positions in the Shares of the Company, which are required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, pursuant to the general mandate given to the Directors of the Company, the Company repurchased a total of 49,116,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company on the Stock Exchange at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$147.9 million. 37,196,000 repurchased shares were cancelled during 2014 and the remaining shares were cancelled in January 2015. The number of issued shares of the Company as of 31 December 2014 was 2,460,700,000 shares.

Subsequent to 31 December 2014 and up to the date of this report, the Company repurchased a total of 8,780,000 shares at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$23.7 million. 20,700,000 repurchased shares were cancelled in January 2015. The number of issued shares of the Company as of the date of this report is 2,440,000,000.

Details of the share repurchase and other movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 39(a) to the financial statements.

The repurchases were made for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole with a view to enhancing the earnings per share and net asset value per share of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

其他人士權益

於2014年12月31日,本公司並無獲悉除主要股東外尚有任何人士持有本公司股份的權益或淡倉,而須登記於根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部第336條規定備存的登記冊。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證 ^悉

年內,根據授出予本公司董事之一般授權,本公司以總代價約1.479億港元於聯交所合共購回49,116,000股,本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通股股份。於2014年內37,196,000股購回股份註銷,餘下股份於2015年1月註銷。截至2014年12月31日本公司之已發行股份數目為2,460,700,000股。

於2014年12月31日後至本報告日期,本公司購回合共8,780,000股股份,總代價約為23,700,000港元:20,700,000股購回股份已於2015年1月註銷。本公司截至本報告日期之已發行股份數目為2,440,000,000股。

年內,股份購回及本公司股本之其他變動詳情載於財務報表附註39(a)。

該等購回可提高本公司的每股盈利及每股資 產淨值,符合本公司及其股東的整體利益。

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何 上市證券。

董事會報告

SHARE OPTION

The Company adopted a share option scheme pursuant to the resolutions of the Company passed on 30 September 2010. The share option scheme will remain in force until 29 September 2020. Since the date of adoption of the Scheme and up to the date of this report, no options have been granted under the Scheme by the Company.

COMPETING INTEREST

As at 31 December 2014, none of the Directors or directors of the Company's subsidiaries, or their respective associates had any interests in the businesses, other than being a director of the Company and/or its subsidiaries and their respective associates, that compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group as required to be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed under "Connected transactions and continuing connected transactions" below, no contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company or subsidiary or a subsidiary of the Company's holding company was a party and in which a Director or controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries or any company controlled by a director or controlling shareholder had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2014.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions which constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company as set out in Chapter 14A to the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange.

購股權

本公司已根據本公司股東於2010年9月30日 通過的決議案採納一項購股權計劃。購股權 計劃將持續有效至2020年9月29日止。自購 股權計劃採納日期起直至本報告日期,本公 司尚未根據購股權計劃授出任何購股權。

競爭權益

於2014年12月31日,概無董事及本公司附屬公司董事或彼等各自的聯繫人於足以或可能直接或間接與本公司及其附屬公司業務構成競爭業務中擁有利益(不包括作為本公司及/或其附屬公司及彼等各自的聯繫人的董事),而須根據上市規則的要求作出披露。

董事的合同權益

除下文「關連交易及持續關連交易」一節所披露外,於年終或年內任何時間概無存在由本公司、其控股公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司訂立而本公司董事或控股股東或本公司的任何附屬公司或控股股東控制的其它公司於當中直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大影響之業務合約。

關連交易及持續關連交易

本集團年內進行以下交易,該等交易根據聯 交所上市規則章數十四A所載構成本公司的關 連交易及持續關連交易。

董事會報告

(1) Connected transactions – Disposal of deposit & financial product

On 15 April 2013, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Jiangsu Springland International Holding (Group) Ltd. ("Jiangsu Springland") purchased the financial product (the "Financial Product") from China Construction Bank Corporation Wuxi Chengbei Branch for RMB200 million maturing on 17 April 2014. A balance of RMB180 million remains outstanding under the Financial Product after maturity in April 2014. In January 2014, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Wuxi Xishan Yaohan Lifestyle Center Co., Ltd. ("Xishan Yaohan"), placed a one year fixed deposit of RMB100 million with China Construction Bank Corporation Wuxi Yingbin Branch with an interest rate equal to 3.25% per annum (the "Deposit"), payable upon maturity. Management of the Company made enquiries with the banks as soon as they became aware of this event. In the course of enquires with the Bank, it was discovered that a pledge has been registered on the Deposit.

On 30 April 2014, Jiangsu Springland and Xishan Yaohan as sellers entered into an agreement with Mr. Chen Jiangiang (the "Purchaser"), whereby Jiangsu Springland disposed the Financial Product and Xishan Yaohan disposed the Deposit for RMB180 million and RMB100 million respectively to Mr. Chen. The considerations were determined after considering the costs paid by Jiangsu Springland for the Financial Product and Xishan Yaohan for the Deposit. RMB280 million being the aggregate of the balance of the Financial Product and the face value of the Deposit, all in cash, were agreed to be paid on/ before 31 December 2014. On the completion of the agreement, Jiangsu Springland and Xishan Yaohan immediately recovered the balance of the Financial Product and the Deposit at cost respectively to prevent possible losses and the incurrence of further time and costs by the Group and its shareholders.

(1) 關連交易一處置定期存款及理財產品

於2013年4月15日,本公司間接全資附 屬公司江蘇華地國際控股集團有限公司 (「江蘇華地」),向中國建設銀行股份有 限公司無錫城北支行購買人民幣2億元的 理財產品(「理財產品」),該理財產品於 2014年4月17日到期。餘額為人民幣1.8 億元理財產品於2014年4月到期後尚未 收回。於2014年1月,本公司間接全資 附屬公司無錫錫山八佰伴生活廣場有限 公司(「錫山八佰伴」),在中國建設銀行 股份有限公司無錫迎賓支行存放年收益 率為3.25%的人民幣1億元一年期定期存 款(「定期存款」),並於到期時付款。本 公司管理層在知悉此事後立即向銀行進 行了查詢。在向銀行的查詢過程中,公 司發現一年期定期存款被質押。

董事會報告

(2) Continuing connected transactions – Extension of payment term of outstanding consideration arrangement

On 16 December 2014, Jiangsu Springland, Xishan Yaohan and Mr. Chen entered into the supplemental agreement and extended the payment date for the RMB182 million to 31 December 2016. The amount was the outstanding consideration due from Mr. Chen from the Agreement for the disposal of the Financial Product and the Deposit by Jiangsu Springland and Xishan Yaohan respectively . Starting from 1 January 2015, an interest with 3.5% per annum is charged on the amount due from Mr. Chen.

The Purchaser, Mr. Chen, the Chairman and the controlling shareholder of the Company, is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the entering into of the Agreement by Jiangsu Springland and Xishan Yaohan with Mr. Chen for the disposal of the Financial Product and the Deposit and extension of payment term of outstanding consideration arrangement constituted connected transactions of the Company under the Listing Rules. Details of the transactions have been set out in the announcements dated 2 May 2014 and 16 December 2014 issued by the Company.

Views of the auditors and independent non-executive Directors

The auditors of the Company have provided a letter to the Board pursuant to Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules confirming that, for the year ended 31 December 2014, the continuing connected transaction (i) has received the approval of the Board; (ii) has been entered into in accordance with the terms of the agreements governing the transaction; and (iii) has not exceeded the cap disclosed in the relevant announcements made by the Company in relation in the continuing connected transaction.

(2) 持續關連交易一延長未付對價付款期限 安排

於2014年12月16日,江蘇華地、錫山八佰伴與陳先生訂立補充協議,以延長人民幣1.82億元之付款日期至2016年12月31日。此金額為江蘇華地和錫山八佰伴出售理財產品及定期存款協議,應收陳先生之未付對價。應收陳先生款項由2015年1月1日起按年利率3.5%計息。

買方,陳先生為本公司的主席及控股股東,彼根據上市規則為本公司的關連人士。而江蘇華地和錫山八佰伴,就出售理財產品及定期存款和延長未付對價付款期限安排與陳先生訂立協議,根據上市規則構成本公司關連交易。該交易的詳情已載於本公司在2014年5月2日和2014年12月16日刊發的公告內。

核數師及獨立非執行董事的意見

根據上市規則第14A.56條規定,本公司核數師向董事會提供函件,確認截至2014年12月31日止年度,該持續關連交易:(i)已取得董事會批准:(ii)乃根據有關交易的協議條款訂立:及(iii)並無超過本公司有關該持續關連交易公告所披露的上限。

董事會報告

Independent non-executive Directors have confirmed that the above continuing connected transaction has been entered into by the Group in the ordinary and usual course of its business, either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favorable to the Company than terms available to or from (as appropriate) independent third parties, and in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreement governing the above continuing connected transaction that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

獨立非執行董事已確認,上述持續關連交易乃由本集團於日常及一般業務過程中按正常商業條款或不遜於給予獨立第三方或獨立第三方給予的條款(如適用)訂立,並按規限上述持續關連交易的相關協議的條款進行,且有關條款屬公平合理並符合本公司股東的整體利益。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group was entered into or existed during the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance through its continuous effort in improving its corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 40 to 58.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2014, none of the Group's customers or suppliers accounted for more than 5% of the Group's revenue or purchases. None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the five largest customers or five largest suppliers of the Group.

DONATIONS

Donations made by the Group during the year amounted to RMB2.8 million.

管理合約

年內,本集團年內概無訂立或存在任何有關 管理及經營本公司全部或任何重大部分業務 的合約。

企業管治

本公司不斷改善其企業管治常規,致力維持 高水平的企業管治。本公司所採納的企業管 治常規詳情載於第40至58頁的企業管治報告 內。

主要客戶及供應商

截至2014年12月31日止年度,無任何本集團的客戶或供應商佔本集團收入或採購的份額超過5%。本公司董事或任何彼等的聯繫人或任何股東(就董事所知,擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上)概無擁有本集團五大客戶或五大供應商的任何實益權益。

捐款

本集團於年內捐贈達人民幣2.8百萬元。

董事會報告

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association of the Company, or the laws of the Cayman Islands pursuant to which the Company shall be obliged to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to the existing shareholders.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital is held by the public at the date of this report.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to shareholders by reason of their holding of the shares.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of the significant events after the reporting period of the Group are set out in note 46 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

The financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young. Ernst & Young will retire as the Company's auditor and a resolution for their re-appointment as the Company's auditor will be proposed at the Company's forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the Board Springland International Holdings Limited **Chen Jianqiang** Chairman

Hong Kong, 16 March 2015

優先購買權

本公司組織章程或開曼群島之法例,並無規 定本公司必須向其現有股東按持股比例發行 新股份之優先購買權。

公眾持股量

根據本公司掌握之公開可得的資料及就本公司董事所知,於本報告日期,公眾持有本公司已發行股本總額不少於25%。

税務減免

就本公司所知,股東因持有本公司股份並未 獲得任何稅務減免。

報告期後事項

本集團報告期後起至本報告日止的重大事項 的詳情載於財務報表附註46。

核數師

財務報表已經安永會計師事務所審計。安永 會計師事務所將告退本公司核數師,並在即 將舉行的股東週年大會上將提呈決議案續聘 連任。

承董事會命 華地國際控股有限公司 **陳建強** *主席*

エル

香港,2015年3月16日

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

獨立核數師報告



Ernst & Young 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong 安永會計師事務所 香港中環添美道1號 中信大廈22樓 Tel 電話 : +852 2846 9888 Fax 傳真 : +852 2868 4432

ey.com

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SPRINGLAND INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Springland International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 73 to 187, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

致華地國際控股有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司)

我們審核了載於第73至187頁的華地國際控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(合稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於2014年12月31日之綜合及公司財務狀況表及截至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際會計師公會頒佈的國際財務報告準則及按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定,編製及真實而公平地列報該等財務報表。這責任還包括採用董事認為必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財 務報表作出意見。我們的報告僅為全體股東 編製,除此之外,並無其他目的。我們不會 就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔 任何責任。

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

獨立核數師報告

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

我們已經根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則進行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定此等綜合財務報表是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

我們相信,我們所獲得之審核憑證是充足及 適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2014, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於2014年12月31日之財務狀況,及 貴集團截至該日止年度之溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》之披露規定妥為編製。

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong
16 March 2015

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港 2015年3月16日

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

綜合收益表

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
REVENUE Other income and gains	收入 其他收入及收益	6 7	4,276,284 721,171	4,161,600 708,795
Purchase of and changes in inventories Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation Rental expenses Other expenses Finance costs Share of loss of	購買存貨 變面 對面本 對面之 對面之 對面之 對面之 對面之 對面之 對面之 對面之	8 9	(2,439,392) (582,732) (332,814) (98,196) (525,427) (49,201)	(2,310,047) (573,236) (317,375) (80,842) (494,124) (55,998)
a joint venture	刀旧口呂止木相原	22	(49,426)	(3,658)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	10	920,267	1,035,115
Income tax expense	所得税開支	13	(274,696)	(298,542)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年度溢利		645,571	736,573
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	以下各項應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益	14	634,065 11,506 645,571	730,356 6,217 736,573
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	母公司普通 權益持有人 應佔每股溢利			
Basic and diluted (RMB)	基本和攤薄(人民幣)	16	0.26	0.29

Details of dividends payable and proposed for the year are disclosed in note 15 to these financial statements.

本年度已付及擬派發股息詳情於財務報表附 註15披露。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年度溢利		645,571	736,573
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	其他全面收益			
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Available-for-sale investments:	期後可重分類為 損益的其他 全面收益 可供出售投資:			
Changes in fair value Reclassification adjustments for gains included in the consolidated statement of	公平值變動 綜合收益表中重分 類調整至損益 一處置收益		33,092	17,039
profit or loss – gain on disposal Income tax effect	所得税開支影響		(31,300) (448)	(4,260)
Eveloppe difference of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,344	12,779
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算境外業務產生 的匯兑差額		(2,174)	22,064
Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	期後可重分類為 損益的其他 全面收益淨值		(830)	34,843
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	年度其他全面收益 [,] 税後淨值		(830)	34,843
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年度全面收益總額		644,741	771,416
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	以下各項應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益	14	633,235 11,506	765,199 6,217
			644,741	771,416

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2014 2014年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Prepaid land premiums Other intangible assets Goodwill Investment in a joint venture Investment in an associate Available-for-sale investments Long-term prepayments Deferred tax assets Restricted cash Long-term time deposits at banks Due from the Controlling Shareholder	非流動資產 物預房房 物預房房 物預付無 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 31 31	6,448,638 872,334 38,349 181,494 237,851 45,166 110 614,924 54,197 227,580 162,304	6,131,606 899,433 41,412 206,494 257,277 45,166 146,244 181,725 49,546 154,445 121,460
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		9,064,947	8,234,808
CURRENT ASSETS Inventories Trade receivables Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Derivative financial instruments Available-for-sale investments	流動資產 存貨 應收貿易款項 預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項 衍生金融工具 可供出售投資	27 28 29 36 24	323,055 12,164 237,630 389	383,383 13,026 283,225 - 14,000
Structured deposits Restricted cash Cash and cash equivalents	結構性存款 受限貨幣資金 現金及現金等價物	30 31 31	115,000 - 1,822,664	1,887,000 400,000 891,923
Assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	已終止經營業務分類為 持有待售資產	40	2,510,902 26,400	3,872,557 24,738
Total current assets	流動資產總額		2,537,302	3,897,295
CURRENT LIABILITIES Short-term financing notes Interest-bearing bank borrowings Trade and bills payables Other payables and accruals Tax payable	流動負債 短期融資券 計息銀行借款 應付貿易款項及應付票據 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付税項	32 33 34 35	299,887 1,118,740 1,827,705 78,941	930,353 941,268 1,162,799 2,228,790 78,102
Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale	與持有待售資產直接 有關的負債	40	3,325,273 4,769	5,341,312 3,107
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		3,330,042	5,344,419
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨額		(792,740)	(1,447,124)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		8,272,207	6,787,684

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2014 2014年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行借款	33	2,294,332	992,212
Long-term payables	長期應付款項	37	314,895	300,329
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	26	465,757	469,259
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		3,074,984	1,761,800
Net assets	資產淨值		5,197,223	5,025,884
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners	母公司擁有人			
of the parent	應佔權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	39(a)	21,249	21,572
Treasury shares	庫存股	39(a)	(102)	_
Reserves	儲備		4,789,015	4,607,365
Proposed final dividend	擬派發末期股息	15	174,244	167,235
			4,984,406	4,796,172
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		212,817	229,712
Total equity	權益總額		5,197,223	5,025,884

Chen Jianqiang 陳建強 Director

董事

Tao Qingrong 陶慶榮 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

Attributable to owners	of the parent
母公司擁有人	産佔

								母公司擁有人	應佔							
								Available-								
								for-sale								
								investment			Exchange		Proposed			
								revaluation	Statutory		fluctuation		final		Non-	
			Issued	Treasury	Share	Contributed	Capital	reserve	surplus	Discretionary	reserve	Retained	dividend		controlling	Total
			capital	shares	premium	surplus	reserve	可供出售	reserve	reserve	匯兑	earnings	擬派發	Total	interests	equity
			已發行股本	庫存股	股份溢價	實繳盈餘	資本儲備	投資重估儲備	法定公積金	酌情儲備	波動儲備	保留盈餘	末期股息	總計	非控股權益	權益總額
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		MĦ	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			Note 39(a)	Note 39(a)		Note 39(b)			Note 39(c)	Note 39(d)						
			M 註39(a)	M#39(a)		M±39(b)			M±39(c)	M 註39(d)						
At 1 January 2013	於2013年1月1日		21,589	-	1,983,792	(1,512)	(21,526)	(14,123)	464,402	33,710	(2,418)	1,771,894	242,589	4,478,397	232,239	4,710,636
Profit for the year	年內溢利		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	730,356	-	730,356	6,217	736,573
Other comprehensive income	年度其他收益															
for the year:	總額:															
Changes in fair value of	可供出售投資															
available for-sale	公平值變動,															
investments, net of tax	税後淨值		-	-	-	-	-	12,779	-	-	-	-	-	12,779	-	12,779
Exchange differences on	海外業務的															
translation of foreign	匯兑差額															
operations			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,064	-	-	22,064	-	22,064
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收益總額															
for the year			-	-	-	-	-	12,779	-	-	22,064	730,356	-	765,199	6,217	771,416
Re-recognition of non-controlling	與認沽期權有關的															
interests related to the	非控股權益的再確認															
put options			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	221,120	221,120
Appropriation to statutory	轉撥至法定公積金															
surplus reserve			-	-	-	-	-	-	145,040	-	-	(145,040)	-	-	-	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling	支付股息予非控股股東															
shareholders			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,298)	(8,298)
Final 2012 dividend declared	已派發2012年末期股息		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(242,589)	(242,589)	-	(242,589)
Interim 2013 dividend	2013年中期股息	15	-	-	(198,780)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(198,780)	-	(198,780)
Proposed final 2013 dividend	疑派發2013年末期股息	15	-	-	(167,235)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	167,235	-	-	-
Repurchase and cancellation	股份的購回和注銷															
of shares		39(a)	(17)	-	(6,485)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,502)	-	(6,502)
Derecognition of non-controlling	非控股權益的終止															
interests and recognition of	確認及已終止確認的															
the difference between the	非控股權益與認沽期權															
derecognised non-controlling	債務差異的確認															
interests and the liability																
of the put options			-	-	-	-	447	-	-	-	-	-	-	447	(221,566)	(221,119)
At 31 December 2013	於2013年12月31日		21,572	-	1,611,292*	(1,512)*	(21,079)	(1,344)*	609,442*	33,710*	19,646*	2,357,210*	167,235	4,796,172	229,712	5,025,884

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

Attributable to owners of the parent

								母公司擁有人應	li l							
								Available-								
								for-sale								
								investment			Exchange		Proposed			
								revaluation	Statutory		fluctuation		final		Non-	
			Issued	Treasury		Contributed	Capital	reserve		Discretionary	reserve	Retained	dividend		controlling	Total
			capital	shares	premium	surplus	reserve	可供出售	reserve	reserve	匯兑	earnings	投派發	Total	interests	equity
			已發行股本	庫存股	股份溢價	實繳盈餘		投資重估儲備	法定公積金	酌情儲備	波動儲備	保留盈餘	末期股息	總計	非控股權益	權益總額
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			Note 39(b)	Note 39(a)		Note 39(b)			Note 39(c)	Note 39(d)						
			M±39(b)	M±39(a)		M±39(b)			M ±39(c)	M±39(d)						
At 1 January 2014	於2014年1月1日		04 570		4 644 000	(4.540)	(04.070)	(4 244)	600 440	22 740	40.646	0.057.010	107 005	4 706 170	220.742	E 00E 004
At 1 January 2014	於2014年1月1日		21,572	-	1,611,292	(1,512)	(21,079)	(1,344)	609,442	33,710	19,646	2,357,210	167,235	4,796,172	229,712	5,025,884
Profit for the year	年內溢利		-				-		-			634,065		634,065	11,506	645,571
Other comprehensive income	年度其他收益															
for the year:	總額:															
Changes in fair value of	可供出售投資															
available for-sale	公平值變動,															
investments, net of tax	税後淨值		-	-	-	-	-	1,344	-	-	-	-	-	1,344	-	1,344
Exchange differences on	海外業務的															
translation of foreign	匯兑差額															
operations				-	-	•	-	•	-	-	(2,174)	-	-	(2,174)	-	(2,174)
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收益總額															
for the year			-	-		-	-	1,344	-	-	(2,174)	634,065	-	633,235	11,506	644,741
Re-recognition of non-controlling	與認沽期權有關的															
interests related to the	非控股權益的再確認															
put options			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	221,566	221,566
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	收購非控股權益		-	-	-	-	(4,955)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,955)	(16,261)	(21,216)
Appropriation to statutory	轉撥至法定公積金															
surplus reserve			-	-	-	-	-	-	111,591	-	-	(111,591)	-	-	-	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling	支付股息予非控股股東															
shareholders			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,298)	(8,298)
Final 2013 dividend declared	已派發2013年末期股息		-	-	349	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(167,235)	(166,886)	•	(166,886)
Interim 2014 dividend	2014年中期股息	15	-	-	(156,274)	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	(156,274)	-	(156,274)
Proposed final 2014 dividend	疑派發2014年末期股息	15	-	•	(174,244)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	174,244	-	-	-
Repurchase and shares	購回股票	39(a)	-	(425)	(116,722)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(117,147)	-	(117,147)
Concellation of treasury shares	注銷庫存股	39(a)	(323)	323	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of non-controlling	非控股權益的終止															
interests and recognition of	確認及已終止確認的															
the difference between the	非控股權益與認沽期權															
derecognised non-controlling	債務差異的確認															
interests and the liability															(005 400)	(00F 44T)
of the put options				-	-	•	261	-	-	-	-	-	-	261	(225,408)	(225,147)
At 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日		21,249	(102)	1,164,401*	(1,512)*	(25,773)		721,033*	33,710*	17,472*	2,879,684*	174,244	4,984,406	212,817	5,197,223

- * These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of RMB4,789,015,000 (2013: RMB4,607,365,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- * 該等儲備賬戶組成綜合財務狀况表內的綜合 儲備為人民幣4,789,015,000元(2013年:人 民幣4,607,365,000元)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Remainder				2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Adjustments for: Depreciation		經營業務所得現金流量			
Depreciation	Profit before tax			920,267	1,035,115
Amortisation of prepaid land premiums Amortisation of other intangible assets Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Foreign exchange differences Gains on disposal of unquoted current investments stated at cost Available-for-sale listed investments (transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments fransactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investment of goodwill Share of losses of a joint venture Interest income Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories and other receivables (increase) for-gayables and accruals (increase) Expert payables and accruals Increase in long-term prepayments (Decrease) I	•				
Amortisation of other		3 · · · · ·	10	318,062	302,326
Amortisation of other intangible assets Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Foreign exchange differences Gains on disposal of unquoted current investments stated at cost Fair value gains, net: Available-for-sale listed investments (transfer from equity on disposal) Derivative instruments - transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments Finance costs Finance costs Inpairment of goodwill Share of losses of a joint venture Interest income Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in long-term prepayments (Decrease)/(increase in long-term prepayments (Decrease)/(increase in long-term prepayments (Decrease)/(increase in long-term prepayments (Decrease)/(increase in long-term prepayments (Decrease)/(increase) in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals Increase in long-term payables (Cash generated from operations) Income tax paid Met Cash flows from operations Jement Sage (Met Apple (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14 17 工地山泰亚雉	10	11.689	11.987
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Foreign exchange differences Gains on disposal of unquoted current investments stated at cost Fair value gains, net: Available-for-sale listed investments (transfer from equity on disposal) Derivative instruments — transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments Finance costs Impairment of goodwill Share of losses of a joint venture Interest income Provision/ (write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals Increase in long-term prepayments (元会) Losse from operations of the provision (文学) 大学 (大学 (大学 (大学 (大学 (大学 (大学 (大学 (大学 (大学		其他無形資產攤銷	, 0	11,000	, 5 5 .
of property, plant and equipment Foreign exchange differences Gains on disposal of unquoted at cost Fair value gains, net: Available-for-sale listed investments (transfer from equity on disposal) Derivative instruments - transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments Finance costs Impairment of goodwill Share of losses of a joint venture Interest income Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in irrade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/Increase in long-term prepayments of danculas Increase in long-term prepayments and accruals Income tax paid Care flow from operations for provision (Agree) Explicit plants (26,592) Explication in 13,448 (26,592) 10,185 Explication in 13,448 (26,592) 11,245,292 10 (1,736) (1,672) (1,736) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,67) (1,736) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,672) (1,675) (1,675)			10	3,063	3,062
Foreign exchange differences Gains on disposal of unquoted current investments stated at cost			10	0.040	10 105
Gains on disposal of unquoted current investments stated at cost 短期投資收益 10 (1,736) (1,672) Fair value gains, net: 公平值收益淨額: 可供出售上市投資 (從權益變動轉入) equity on disposal) Derivative instruments - transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments [Finance costs Bigato A Finance Cost			10		
current investments stated at cost fair value gains, net: Available-for-sale listed investments (transfer from equity on disposal) Derivative instruments - transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments Finance costs Impairment of goodwill Share of losses of a joint venture Interest income Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables (Increase)/decrease in long-term pyaphles and accruals Decrease (increase in long-term payables and accruals Increase in long-term payables Increase in long-term pay				10,440	(20,032)
Fair value gains, net: Available-for-sale listed investments (transfer from equity on disposal) Derivative instruments - transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available- for-sale listed investments Finance costs Impairment of goodwill Share of losses of a joint venture Interest income Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals Increase in long-term payables Cash generated from operations Income tax paid	·				
Available-for-sale listed investments (transfer from equity on disposal) Perivative instruments of transactions not qualifying as hedges			10	(1,736)	(1,672)
investments (transfer from equity on disposal) Derivative instruments — transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments Finance costs Impairment of goodwill Share of losses of a joint venture Interest income Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables [Increase)/decrease in long-term prepayments (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals Increase in long-term payables Cash generated from operations Income tax paid Net cash flows from operating (從權益變動轉入) (沒住在設工具 —不符合對沖 之交易 不自可供出售上市投資的 股息收入 10 (3,301) (1,894) 10 (3,301) (1,894) 10 (4,9201 55,998 10 (4,9426 3,658 11 (127,919) (122,718) 11,235,251 1,267,401 The provision/(brite-back of provision)	<u> </u>				
equity on disposal) Derivative instruments - transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments Finance costs Impairment of goodwill Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, prepayments Clecrease//increase in long-term prepayments (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals Increase in long-term payables Cash generated from operations Income tax paid Provision (writor back of provision) (## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##					
Derivative instruments - transactions not qualifying as hedges Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments Finance costs Impairment of goodwill Share of losses of a joint venture Interest income Provision/(write-back of provision) For slow-moving inventories Pecrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in long-term prepayments (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals Increase in long-term payables Cash generated from operations Income tax paid Devidend income from available and bedge in trade	•		7	(31,300)	_
As hedges 之交易 7 (607) (755)	Derivative instruments			, , ,	
Dividend income from available-for-sale listed investments Finance costs					
Finance costs			7	(607)	(755)
Finance costs Impairment of goodwill Share of losses of a joint venture Interest income Angle			10	(3 301)	(1.894)
Net cash flows from operating inventories Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories for slow-moving inventories for slow-moving inventories provision/(write-back of provision/(write-back of provision/(操備撥回)	Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值准備		25,000	, <u> </u>
Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving inventories					
for slow-moving inventories 滞銷存貨撥備 10 718 (1,299) Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in long-term prepayments (增加)/減少 (增加) (25,306 (622) 長期預付款項的 (增加)/減少 (4,478) 18,453 (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals Increase in long-term payables Cash generated from operations Income tax paid (282,458) (304,057) Net cash flows from operating ###存貨撥備 10 718 (1,299) 1,235,251 1,267,401 59,610 (67,932) E 收款項減少 (增加) 25,306 (622) E 期預付款項的 (4,478) 18,453 E (4,478) 18,453 E (332,175) 80,884 10,985 9,285			7	(127,919)	(122,718)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in long-term prepayments (增加)/減少 (增加) (4,478) 18,453 (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals Increase in long-term payables Cash generated from operations Income tax paid 1,235,251 1,267,401 1,267,			10	718	(1 299)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in long-term prepayments (增加)/減少 (增加) (4,478) 18,453 (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals Increase in long-term payables E期應付款項是應計費用 (減少)/增加 (332,175) 80,884 Increase in long-term payables E期應付款項增加 10,985 9,285 Cash generated from operations Income tax paid E付所得税 294,499 1,307,469 (282,458) (304,057)	Ter diew meving inventence	// III / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	, 0		
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in long-term prepayments (增加)/減少 (增加) (4,478) 18,453 (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals (ix少)/增加 (332,175) 80,884 Increase in long-term payables Cash generated from operations Income tax paid (282,458) (304,057) Net cash flows from operating 應收貿易款項、接金及其他 應收款項減少/(增加) (4,478) 18,453 (4,478) 18,453 (332,175) 80,884 (332,175) 80,884 (332,175) 80,884 (332,175) 9,285	Docrosso/(incrosso) in inventories	左货減小 / (增加)		50 610	(67.032)
receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in long-term prepayments (增加)/減少 (增加) (4,478) 18,453 (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals (ix少)/增加 (332,175) 80,884 Increase in long-term payables E期應付款項增加 10,985 9,285 Cash generated from operations Income tax paid E對所得現金 已付所得稅 (304,057)				00,010	(07,502)
(Increase)/decrease in long-term prepayments (增加)/減少 (4,478) 18,453 (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals (減少)/增加 (332,175) 80,884 Increase in long-term payables 長期應付款項增加 10,985 9,285 Cash generated from operations Income tax paid 经营業務現金流入淨額	,	預付款項、按金及其他			
prepayments (增加)/減少 (Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals (ix少)/增加 (ix少)/增加 (ix少)/增加 (ix少)/增加 (ix少)/增加 (ix少)/增加 (ixy)/增加 (ixy)/有力 (ixy				25,306	(622)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals 其他應付款項及應計費用 (減少)/增加 (332,175) 80,884 Increase in long-term payables 長期應付款項增加 10,985 9,285 Cash generated from operations Income tax paid 空營業務現金流入淨額	,			(4 479)	19 459
bills payables,other payables and accruals (減少)/增加 (332,175) 80,884 Increase in long-term payables 長期應付款項增加 10,985 9,285 Cash generated from operations Income tax paid E付所得税 282,458) (304,057) Net cash flows from operating 經營業務現金流入淨額				(4,470)	10,400
Increase in long-term payables 長期應付款項增加 10,985 9,285 Cash generated from operations Income tax paid 经营养税金 (282,458) (304,057) Net cash flows from operating 经营業務現金流入淨額					
Cash generated from operations Income tax paid經營所得現金 已付所得税994,499 (282,458)1,307,469 (304,057)Net cash flows from operating經營業務現金流入淨額					
Income tax paid 已付所得税 (282,458) (304,057) Net cash flows from operating 經營業務現金流入淨額	Increase in long-term payables	長期應付款項增加		10,985	9,285
Income tax paid 已付所得税 (282,458) (304,057) Net cash flows from operating 經營業務現金流入淨額	Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金		994,499	1,307,469
·	Income tax paid	已付所得税		(282,458)	(304,057)
·	Net cash flows from operating	經營業務現金流入淨額			
	•			712,041	1,003,412

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金流量		
Proceeds from disposal of assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	出售已終止經營業務分類為 持有待售資產之所得款項		6 500
Interest received	已收利息	135,091	6,530 97,267
Gains on disposal of unquoted current investments stated at cost		1,736	1,672
Dividends received from available-for-sale investments	收取可供出售投資股息	3,301	1,894
Dividends received from	收取合營企業股息	•	
a joint venture Purchases of items of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備	_	4,815
plant and equipment		(809,293)	(689,387)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項	1,443	4,601
Government grant related to	與預付土地出讓金	1,748	-
prepaid land premiums Payments of prepaid land premiums	相關的政府撥款 支付預付土地出讓金	(322,013)	(34,429)
Purchases of available-for-sale	購買可供出售上市投資	(022,010)	(04,423)
listed investments Proceeds paid for acquisition of	支付收購聯營公司款項	_	(20,521) (45,166)
an associate	文 [] 拟 脚 層 厶 日 亦 次	_	(43,100)
Proceeds paid for acquisition of	支付收購附屬公司款項	(4,599)	(46,534)
a subsidiary Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購附屬公司	_	6,789
Prepayment for acquisition	預付收購附屬 公司款項	(00,000)	
of a subsidiary Increase in loan to a joint venture	貸款予合營企業款項增加	(20,000) (30,000)	_
Proceeds from disposal of	處置可供出售上市		
available-for-sale listed investments	投資所得款項	179,226	81
Decrease/(Increase) in the unquoted	按成本計值的非上市短期		(4.4.000)
current investments stated at cost Increase in amounts due	投資的減少/(增加) 應收控股股東款項增加	14,000 (182,000)	(14,000)
from the Controlling Shareholder		(10=,010,	
Decrease/(Increase) in structured deposits	結構性存款的減少/(增加)	1,772,000	(1,177,000)
Decrease/(Increase) in restricted	受限貨幣資金的減少/(增加)		
cash Increase in time deposits	定期存款增加	330,000 (92,270)	(550,000) (57,464)
Net cash flows from/(used in)	投資活動所得/(所用)現金流量		
investing activities	淨額	978,370	(2,510,852)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量			
Repayment of bank borrowings New bank borrowings Increase in amount due to an associate Acquisition of non-controlling	償還銀行借款 新造銀行借款 應付聯營公司款項增加 收購非控股權益		(2,622,686) 3,251,391 14,795	(1,748,140) 2,287,116 –
interests Repurchase of the Company's	購回公司股票		(20,216)	-
shares Proceeds from issuance of short-term financing notes Repayment of principal and	發行短期融資券		(117,147) -	(6,502) 896,400
interest of the short-term financing notes Dividends paid Dividends paid to non-controlling	及利息 已付股息 已付非控股股東股息		(941,310) (323,052)	- (441,369)
shareholders Interest paid	已付利息		(8,298) (66,777)	(8,298) (51,081)
Net cash flows (used in)/from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得現金流量淨額		(833,300)	928,126
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 增加/(減少)淨額 年初現金及現金等價物		857,111	(579,314)
at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	外匯匯率變動的影響,淨額		441,623 11,360	1,026,477 (5,540)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年終現金及現金等價物		1,310,094	441,623
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物結餘分析			
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	31	534,881	436,361
Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired	購入時原於三個月內到 期的無抵押定期存款		775,213	5,262
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the statement	於現金流量表列示的現金 及現金等價物			
of cash flows			1,310,094	441,623

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

財務狀況表

31 December 2014 2014年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司權益	42	1,028,123	1,467,881
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		1,028,123	1,467,881
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Prepayments, deposits	預付款項、按金			
and other receivables	及其他應收款項	29	228	227
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	31	29,443	25,568
Total current assets	流動資產總額		29,671	25,795
Net assets	淨資產		1,057,794	1,493,676
EQUITY	權益			
Issued capital	准	39(a)	21,249	21,572
Tresaury shares	庫存股	39(a)	(102)	21,072
Reserves	儲備	39(e)	862,403	1,304,869
Proposed final dividend	擬派發末期股息	15	174,244	167,235
			-	
Total equity	權益總額		1,057,794	1,493,676

Chen Jianqiang

陳建強 Director 董事 Tao Qingrong 陶慶榮 Director 董事

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Springland International Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 21 June 2006 under the Companies Law, Cap.22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The registered office address of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The Company was listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 21 October 2010.

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in the operation of department stores and supermarkets in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors of the Company (the "Directors"), the ultimate holding company of the Group is Octopus Holdings Foundation, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which comprise standards and interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB"), and International Accounting Standards and Standing Interpretations Committee interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Committee that remain in effect. These financial statements also comply with the applicable requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance relating to the preparation of financial statements, which for this financial year and the comparative period continue to be those of the predecessor Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), in accordance with transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), "Accounts and Audit", which are set out in sections 76 to 87 of Schedule 11 to that Ordinance. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for some investments and derivative financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale are stated at the lower of their carrying amounts and fair values less costs to sell as further explained in note 2.4. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

1. 公司資料

華地國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)於2006年6月21日根據開曼群島公司法第22章(1961年法例3·經綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。本公司於2010年10月21日在香港聯交所有限公司主板上市。

本公司及其附屬公司(合稱「本集團」)主要於中國內地經營百貨店及超市。本公司董事(「董事」)認為,本集團的最終控股公司為Octopus Holdings Foundation,一間於開曼群島註冊成立的公司。

2.1 編製基準

此等財務報表乃根據國際會計準則委員 會頒佈之國際財務報告準則(包括國際會 計準則委員會頒佈的準則及詮釋)及國 際會計準則委員會批准並仍然有效的國 際會計準則及常設詮釋而編製。該等財 務報表亦符合香港《公司條例》有關編製 財務報表的適用規定(按載列香港《公司 條例》(香港法例第622章)附表11第76至 87條條文內有關第9部 [賬目及審計]的 過渡性及保留安排的規定,該等財務報 表於本財政年度及比較期間繼續根據前 公司條例(香港法例第32章)的規定而作 出披露)。除部分投資及洐生金融工具是 採用公平值核算以外,本財務報表根據 歷史成本法編製。非流動資產及已終止 經營業務的持有待售資產按賬面值及扣 減銷售成本後的公平值較低者列示,進 一步的解釋如附註2.4。本財務報表以人 民幣呈列,所有價值均已湊整至最接近 千位除非另有註明。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described in the accounting policy for subsidiaries below. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group losses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本集團截至2014年12 月31日止年度的財務報表。附屬公司的 財務報表採用與本公司一致的報告期間 和會計政策編制。附屬公司的業績自本 集團獲得控制權之日起綜合入賬,直至 該等控制權終止之日為止。

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分會被 分配至本集團母公司所有者的權益及非 控股權益,即使該等分配會導致非控股 權益產生虧損結餘。所有與本集團內公 司間之交易相關的資產、負債、權益、 收入、開支以及現金流量已在綜合賬目 時全數抵消。

如果存在任何事實或環境因素表明對附屬公司之控制權,因不滿足後述會計政策關於控制權條件而有所改變,本集團將會重新評估是否仍能控制附屬公司。對於附屬公司擁有權之變動,若無導致本公司失去其控制權,則列作權益交易入賬。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權,則會終止確認:(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負債:(ii)任何非控股權益之賬面值:及(iii)計入權益的累計匯兑差額;同時確認:(i)已收代價的公平值:(ii)任何保留於該附屬公司之投資之公平值;及(iii)計入損益的盈餘或虧損。先前於分便全面收益已確認的本集團應佔部份,與本集團直接處置相關的資產和負債採用相同的原則。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING **POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES**

The Group has adopted the following revised standards and new interpretation for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 10, Investment Entities

IFRS 12 and IAS 27

(Revised)

Amendments to IAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial

Liabilities

Amendments to IAS 36 Recoverable Amount Disclosures for

Non-Financial Assets

Amendments to IAS 39 Novation of Derivatives and Continuation

of Hedge Accounting

Short-term Receivables and Payables

IFRIC 21 Levies

Amendment to IFRS 2 Definition of Vesting Condition¹

included in Annual *Improvements*

2010-2012 Cycle

Amendment to IFRS 3 Accounting for Contingent Consideration

included in Annual in a Business Combination¹

Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle

Amendment to IFRS 13

included in Annual *Improvements* 2010-2012 Cycle

Amendment to IFRS 1 Meaning of Effective IFRSs

included in Annual *Improvements* 2011-2013 Cycle

2.2 會計政策及披露的變更

本集團已於本年度之財務報表中首次採 納下列經修訂準則及新的詮釋。

國際財務報告準則第10號、 投資實體

第12號及國際會計準則

第27號(經修訂)

國際會計準則第32號 抵消金融資產和金融負債

(經修訂)

國際會計準則第36號 對非金融資產可收回

金額披露 (經修訂)

國際會計準則第39號 衍生工具之更替及對沖

(經修訂) 會計之延續

國際財務報告準則 徵費

詮釋委員會第21號

國際財務報告準則第2號 歸屬條件的定義1

(經修訂)包含於2010年

至2012年週期之年度改進

國際財務報告準則第3號 業務合併之或然對價 (經修訂)包含於2010年 會計處理1

至2012年週期之年度改進

國際財務報告準則第13號 短期應收款項及應付款項

(經修訂)包含於2010年

至2012年週期之年度改進

國際財務報告準則第1號

有效國際財務報告準則

(經修訂)包含於2011年 之涵義

至2013年週期之年度改進

Effective from 1 July 2014

The adoption of the revised IFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

於2014年7月1日生效

採用彼等新訂及經條訂國際財務報告準 則對財務報表並無重大影響。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

2.3 NEW AND REVISED IFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED

The Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments⁴

Amendments to IFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between and IAS 28 (Revised) an Investor and its Associate

or Joint Venture²

Amendments to IFRS 10, Investment Entries: Applying the IFRS 12 and IAS 28 (Revised) Consolidation Expection²

Amendments to IFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in

Joint Operations²

IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts⁵

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers³

Amendments to IAS 1 Disclosure Initiative²

Amendments to IAS 16 Clarification of Acceptable Methods and IAS 38 of Depreciation and Amortisation²

Amendments to IAS 16 Agriculture: Bearer Plants²

and IAS 41

Amendments to IAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions¹

Amendments to IAS 27 (Revised) Equity Method in Separate Financial

Statements²

Annual Improvements Amendments to a number of IFRSs¹

2010-2012 Cycle

Annual Improvements Amendments to a number of IFRSs¹

2011-2013 Cycle

Annual Improvements Amendments to a number of IFRSs²

2012-2014 Cycle

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- Effective for an entity that first adopts IFRSs for its annual financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016 and therefore is not applicable to the Group

2.3 尚未採納新增及經修訂的國際 財務報告準則及新增的香港 《公司條例》之披露規定

本集團於該等財務報表並未採用下列已 頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂國際財 務報告準則。

國際財務報告準則第9號 金融工具4

或損贈資產2

國際財務報告準則第10號、 投資實體:合併應用之例外2

12號、第28號(經修訂)

國際財務報告準則第11號 收購聯合經營權益之會計2

(經修訂)

國際財務報告準則第14號 *監管遞延脹目*⁵ 國際財務報告準則第15號 *客戶合約的收入*³ 國際會計準則第1號(經修訂) *主動披露*² 國際會計準則第16號、 折舊和攤銷可接受 第38號(經修訂) 方法的澄清² 國際會計準則第16號、 *農業:承載植物*²

第41號(經修訂)

國際會計準則第19號 界定福利計畫:僱員供款1

(經修訂)

國際會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表的權益法1

(2011)(經修訂)

2010年至2012年週期之 若干國際財務報告準則

年度改進 修訂¹

2011年至2013年週期之 若干國際財務報告準則

年度改進 修訂¹

2012年至2014年週期之 若干國際財務報告準則

年度改進 修訂²

- 1 於2014年7月1日或之後開始的年度間生效
- 2 於2016年1月1日或之後開始的年度間生 效
- 3 於2017年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間 生效
- 4 於2018年1月1日或之後開始的年度間生效
- 5 對2016年1月1日或之後開始年度的財務 報表首次採納國際財務報告準則之實體 生效,因此對本集團並不適用

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

2.3 NEW AND REVISED IFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED (CONTINUED)

In addition, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) will affect the presentation and disclosure of certain information in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2015. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these changes.

Further information about those IFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, bringing together all phases of the financial instruments project to replace IAS 39 and all previous versions of IFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Group expects to adopt IFRS 9 from 1 January 2018. The Group expects that the adoption of IFRS 9 will have an impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets. Further information about the impact will be available nearer the implementation date of the standard.

The amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (Revised) address an inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and in IAS 28 (Revised) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2016.

2.3 尚未採納新增及經修訂的國際 財務報告準則及新增的香港 《公司條例》之披露規定(續)

此外,香港《公司條例》(香港法例第622章)將影響截至2015年12月31日止年度綜合財務報表內若干資料的呈列及披露。本集團正在評估該等變動的影響。

有關預期將適用於本集團之該等國際財 務報告準則的進一步資料如下:

2014年7月,國際會計準則委員會頒佈國際財務報告準則第9號最終版本,將金融工具項目的所有階段集於一起以代替國際會計準則第39號以及國際財務報告準則第9號的全部先前版本。該準則引引分類及計量、耗蝕及對沖會計處理的新規定。本集團預期自2018年1月1日起採納國際財務報告準則第9號,並將對本集團金融資產的分類及計量產生影響。有關影響的進一步資料將於接近該準則的實施日期時獲得。

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2.3 NEW AND REVISED IFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED (CONTINUED)

The amendments to IFRS 11 require that an acquirer of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business must apply the relevant principles for business combinations in IFRS 3. The amendments also clarify that a previously held interest in a joint operation is not remeasured on the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation while joint control is retained. In addition, a scope exclusion has been added to IFRS 11 to specify that the amendments do not apply when the parties sharing joint control, including the reporting entity, are under common control of the same ultimate controlling party. The amendments apply to both the acquisition of the initial interest in a joint operation and the acquisition of any additional interests in the same joint operation. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 January 2016.

IFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in IFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under IFRSs. The Group expects to adopt IFRS 15 on 1 January 2017 and is currently assessing the impact of IFRS 15 upon adoption.

2.3 尚未採納新增及經修訂的國際 財務報告準則及新增的香港 《公司條例》之披露規定(續)

國際財務報告準則第11號(經修訂)規 定,共同經營(其中共同經營的活動構成 一項業務) 權益的收購方必須應用國際 財務報告準則第3號內業務合併的相關 原則。該等修訂亦釐清於共同經營中先 前所持有的權益於收購相同共同經營中 的額外權益而共同控制權獲保留時不得 重新計量。此外,國際財務報告準則第 11號已增加一項範圍豁免,訂明當共用 共同控制權的各方(包括呈報實體)處於 同一最終控制方的共同控制之下時,該 等修訂不適用。該等修訂適用於收購共 同經營的初始權益以及收購相同共同經 營中的任何額外權益。該等修訂預期於 2016年1月1日採納後,將不會對本集團 的財務狀況或表現產生任何影響。

國際財務報告準則第15號建立一個新的 五步模式,將應用於自客戶合約產生的 收益。根據國際財務報告準則第15號, 收益按能反映實體預期就交換向客戶轉 讓貨物或服務而有權獲得的代價金額 確認。國際財務報告準則第15號的原則 為計量及確認收益提供更加結構化的方 法。它的標準亦引入廣泛的定性及定量 披露規定,包括分拆收益總額、關於履 行績效責任、不同期間之間合約資產及 負債賬目結餘的變動以及主要判斷及估 計的資料。該準則將取代國際財務報告 準則項下所有現時收益確認的規定。本 集團預期於2017年1月1日採納國際財務 報告準則第15號,目前正評估採納國際 財務報告準則第15號的影響。

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2.3 NEW AND REVISED IFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED (CONTINUED)

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 clarify the principle in IAS 16 and IAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through the use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortise intangible assets. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 January 2016 as the Group has not used a revenuebased method for the calculation of depreciation of its non-current assets.

The Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle issued in December 2013 sets out amendments to a number of IFRSs. Except for those described in note 2.2, the Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2015. None of the amendments are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group. Details of the amendment most applicable to the Group are as follows:

IFRS 8 Operating Segments: Clarifies that an entity must disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria in IFRS 8, including a brief description of operating segments that have been aggregated and the economic characteristics used to assess whether the segments are similar. The amendments also clarify that a reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is only required to be disclosed if the reconciliation is reported to the chief operating decision maker.

2.3 尚未採納新增及經修訂的國際 財務報告準則及新增的香港 《公司條例》之披露規定(續)

於2013年12月頒佈的《國際財務報告準 則2010年至2012年週期的年度改進》 中,載列多項國際財務報告準則修訂。 除附註2.2所説明外,本集團預期自2015 年1月1日起採納該等修訂。預期該等修 訂概不會對本集團構成重大財務影響。 修訂中相關最適用於本集團的詳情如下:

國際財務報告準則第8號經營分類: 釐清實體於應用國際財務報告準則第8號內的綜合標準時必須披露管理層作出的判斷,包括所綜合經營分類的概況以及用於評估分類是否類似時的經濟特徵。該等修訂亦釐清分類資產與總資產的對賬僅在對該對賬報告予最高營運決策者之情況下方須披露。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of profit or loss to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries that are not classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

2.4 主要會計政策概要

附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括有組織的實體)。倘本集團因參與一家實體的業務而可有權獲得可變回報,且有能力透過對實體行使權利而影響其回報(如本集團獲賦予現有能力以主導投資對象相關活動的既存權力),則對該實體擁有控制權。

當本公司直接或間接對一家實體未擁有 大多數表決權及類似的權利時,本集團 應考慮相關的事實和環境因素以評估是 否擁有控制權,包括:

- (a) 與其他投資者的合同協議安排;
- (b) 其他合同協議規定的權利;及
- (c) 本集團所擁有的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司業績按已收及應收股息為限計入本公司的收益表。本公司根據國際財務報告準則第5號持有待售的非流動資產和終止經營按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

於聯營公司和合營企業的投資

聯營企業為本集團擁有其一般不少於 20%之股本投票權之長期權益,並可對 其施加重大影響之公司。重大影響即有 權參與被投資實體之財務和經營政策的 決策,但並無控制權及共同控制的權利。

合營企業是一種合營安排,是相關方都有權對合營企業的淨資產進行聯合控制。聯合控制是有合約綁定的分享控制權的行為,僅存在於當相關活動需要全體分享控制權的股東一致通過才能決定時。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (continued)

The Group's investments in associates and joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates or joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When an investment in an associate or a joint venture is classified as held for sale, it is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

於聯營公司和合營企業的投資(續)

本集團於聯營公司和合營企業之投資於 綜合財務狀況表內以本集團根據權益法 分佔之淨資產減任何減值虧損列賬。

當聯營公司和合營企業的投資被分類為 持有待售,該投資依據國際財務報告準 則第5號列賬。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽

當本集團收購一項業務時,會根據合約 條款、於收購日的經濟環境及相關條 件,評估將承接的金融資產及負債,以 作出適合的分類及標示,其中包括將被 收購方主合約中的嵌入式衍生工具進行 分離。

倘業務合併分階段進行,收購方先前持 有的被收購方股權於收購日的公平值應 按收購日的公平值重新計量並確認為當 期損益。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of IAS 39 is measured at fair value with changes in fair value either recognised in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of IAS 39, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate IFRSs. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

收購方轉讓的任何或然代價將於收購日按公平值確認。或然代價(被視為一項資產或負債)屬於金融工具,將按國際會計準則第39號的要求按公平值計量,公的變動確認為損益或其他全面收益計量,的範圍,則根據其它適合的質別第39號的範圍,則根據其它適合的價分類為權益,則其毋須重新計量,後續結算於權益中入賬。

商譽按成本進行初始計量,即已轉讓總代價、已確認非控股權益及本集團先前持有的被收購方股權的公平值總額,超逾所收購之可辨認資產淨值及所承擔之負債的差額。如總代價及其他項目低於所收購附屬公司之資產淨值的公平值,於評估後其差額將於損益表內確認為廉價收購收益。

於初始確認後,商譽將按成本減卻任何累計減值虧損計量。商譽須每年作減值測試,若有事項或情況改變顯示賬面值有可能減值時,則會更頻密地進行減值時。本集團於十二月三十一個調查的工作度減值測試。為進行減值測出行減值測量,商產生的協同效益。對於資產生的協同效益。對於資產生的協同,而無論本集團其他與資產或負債是否已分配予該等單元或單元組別,

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its derivative financial instruments and equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

減值乃通過評估與商譽有關的現金產生單元(或現金產生單元組別)的可收回金額釐定。當現金產生單元(或現金產生單元組別)的可收回金額低於賬面值時,減值虧損便予以確認。已就商譽確認的減值虧損不得於未來期間撥回。

倘商譽分配至現金產生單元(或現金產生單元組別)的部分而該單元的部分業務已出售,則在釐定所出售的收益或虧損時,與所出售業務相關的商譽會計入該業務的賬面值。在該等情況下出售的商譽,乃根據所出售業務的相應價值及現金產生單元的保留份額進行計量。

公平值計量

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurement (continued)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

非金融資產的公平值計量考慮市場參與 者在資產最高和最佳使用狀態時使用或 將其出售給另一個市場所產生經濟利益 的能力。

本集團採用適當和足夠資料的估值技術 以計量公平值,且盡可能多地使用相關 的可觀察輸入值並盡可能少地使用不可 觀察輸入值。

所有在財務報表中以公平值計量和披露 的資產和負債均按照公平值層級分類, 基於如下描述的整體上對公平值計量影 響重大的最低層輸入值:

- 第一層一基於相同資產或負債在活躍市 場的報價(未經調整)
- 第二層-基於直接或間接,可觀察的對 公平值計量影響重大的最低層 輸入值的估值方法
- 第三層一基於不可觀察的對公平值計量 影響重大的最低層輸入值的估 值方法

對於在財務報表中經常性確認的資產和 負債,本集團於每個報告期末評估其分 類以決定不同公平值層級之間是否發生 轉換(基於整體上對公平值計量影響重大 的最低層輸入值)。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, financial assets and non-current assets/a disposal group classified as held for sale), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值

倘減值跡象存在,或需要進行資產年度 減值測試時(惟存貨、金融資產、非流動 資產及已終止經營業務分類為持有回 額。資產的可收回金額乃以按資產的可收回金額 金產生單元的使用價值及其公平值別 置成本兩者之較高者為準,並須個別於 定,惟倘資產並不產生基本上獨立之此 一資產或資產組別的額接資產所屬現金 產生單元齡定。

僅當資產的賬面值超出其可收回金額時,則須確認減值虧損。在評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量乃以可反映當時市場對貨幣時間價值及資產特有風險的除稅前折現率折現至現值。減值虧損會從產生期間的收益表扣除,並計入與減值資產之功能一致之有關費用類別內。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連人士

以下人士被視為與本集團有關連:

- (a) 個人及與其關係密切的家庭成員, 且該人士
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 可對本集團施加重大影響力; 或
 - (iii) 為本集團或其母公司的關鍵管 理人員;

戓

- (b) 符合下列情況之一之企業:
 - (i) 該企業與本集團為同一集團之 成員;
 - (ii) 一企業係另一企業之聯營企業 或合營企業(或另一企業之母 公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公 司):
 - (iii) 該企業與本集團均係相同第三 方之合營企業;
 - (iv) 該企業係第三方之合營企業, 且另一企業係該第三方之聯營 企業;
 - (v) 該企業為本集團或與本集團有關連人士之任何實體為僱員福利而設立之僱傭後福利計劃成員:
 - (vi) 該企業係(a)所列舉之個人所控制或共同控制;及
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所列舉之個人對該企業 有重大影響或係該企業(或該 企業之母公司)的關鍵管理人 員。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost (or valuation) less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. When an item of property, plant and equipment is classified as held for sale or when it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale, it is not depreciated and is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale". The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Land and buildings 20 to 40 years
Renovation and leasehold 2 to 10 years
improvements
Machinery 10 years
Motor vehicles 5 years

3 to 5 years

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊

除在建工程外,物業、廠房及設備乃按 成本值(或估值)減累計折舊及任何減值 虧損列賬。當物業、廠房及設備被分類 為持有待售或其為已終止經營業務分類 為持有待售資產時,按國際財務報告 則第5號不再對其計提折舊,於「非流動 資產及已終止經營業務之持有待售」之 計政策詳述。物業、廠房及設備的可 包括購買價及任何使資產達至營運狀況 及地點擬定用途的直接應計成本。

當物業、廠房及設備項目開始運作後所產生的支出,如維修及保養費用,一般於產生期間在收益表中扣除。滿足條件的重大維修支出將被允許以重置形式予以資本化。物業、廠房及設備的重要部件需被替換時,本集團將此組成部分作為一項單獨資產,分別確定其使用壽命並相應計提折舊。

物業、廠房和設備採用直線法計算折舊,於其估計使用年限內削減其成本至 其剩餘價值。就此採用的主要年折舊率 如下:

土地及樓宇20至40年翻新和裝修2至10年機器10年汽車5年傢俬及辦公室設備3至5年

Furniture and office equipment

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents a building under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sales transaction rather than through continuing use. For this to be the case, the asset or disposal group must be available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for the sale of such assets or disposal groups and its sale must be highly probable. All assets and liabilities of a subsidiary classified as a disposal group are reclassified as held for sale regardless of whether the Group retains a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊(續)

倘某個物業、廠房及設備項目的各個部份具有不同的使用年期,該項目各部份之成本將按合理基礎分配,而每部分將作個別折舊。至少於每個財政年度結束對剩餘價值、可使用年期和折舊方法進行覆核,並作出適當調整。

當出售物業、廠房及設備、初始確認的重要部件項目時或當預期使用或出語物業、廠房及設備及初始確認的重要報戶及設備及初始確認的重報時間,與有解除確認物業、廠房及設備項項與當或虧損,或者關資產出售所得款項淨值與其萬值兩者的差額於解除確認年度之收益表確認。

在建工程指在興建的建築,按成本值減任何減值虧損後列賬,且毋須折舊。成本包括建築期間的直接建築成本以及就有關已撥充資本的借貸資金的借貸成本。當在建工程完成並可作使用時,重新分類列為適當類別的物業、廠房及設備。

非流動資產及已終止經營業務之持有待 售

倘非流動資產及已終止經營業務之賬面 值將主要通過銷售交易,而非通過持續 使用收回,則該等非流動資產將強列 持有待售。此條件僅於出售機會相當 及資產及已終止經營業務可於現別 時出售時方被視為符合。不管售出股 集團是否保留以前附屬公司的少數被 權益,附屬公司的所有資產和負債被 新分類為持有待售。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale (continued)

Non-current assets and disposal groups (other than investment properties and financial assets) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amounts and fair values less costs to sell. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets classified as held for sale are not depreciated or amortised.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value as at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Lease agreement buyouts

The lease agreement buyouts represented the Group's payments to old tenants to buy out their lease agreements. The lease agreement buyouts are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms of 10 to 19 years.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

非流動資產及已終止經營業務之持有待售(續)

非流動資產及已終止經營業務(投資物業及金融資產除外)分類為持有待售按除銷售成本後的公平值計量。分類為持有待售的物業,廠房和設備及無形資產不進行折舊或攤銷。

無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨取得的無形資產按成本進行初始計量。而通過收購取得之無形資產應按其於收購日的公平值進行計量。無形資產的可使用年期經評估後分為有限或應限。使用年期有限的無形資產按經濟可使用年期進行期後攤銷,並在有跡象值數額。使用年期有限的無形資產可能出現減值時,評估減值數額。使用年期有限的無形資產之攤銷力次。

租賃協定買斷

租賃協議買斷指本集團向原租戶付款以 買斷租賃協議。租賃協定買斷按扣除減 值損失後的成本列示,並按直綫法在租 賃期內(10-19年)攤銷。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the statement of profit or loss so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Assets acquired through hire purchase contracts of a financing nature are accounted for as finance leases, but are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land premiums under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃

通過具有融資性質的租賃合約的資產作 為融資租賃處理,並按預計使用年期進 行折舊。

資產擁有權的絕大部分回報及風險仍歸 出租人所有的租賃,均列作經營租賃。 倘本集團為出租人,則經營租賃出租的 資產歸入非金融資產,經營租賃的應收 租金按直線法在租賃期內計入損益。倘 本集團為承租人,則經營租賃的應付租 金在扣除已收出租人的任何優惠後,以 直線法按租期自收益表扣除。

經營租賃下的預付土地租賃款項以成本 進行初始入賬,其後以直線法按租期確 認。倘租賃付款未能可靠分配至土地及 樓宇專案,則整項租賃付款視為物業、 廠房及設備的融資租賃計入成本。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial investments, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments as defined by IAS 39.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with positive net changes in fair value presented as other income and gains and negative net changes in fair value presented as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends or interest earned on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認及計量

金融資產在初始確認時獲分類為以公平 值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產, 貸款及應收款項,可供出售金融投資(如 適當)。當初始確認金融資產時,以公平 值計量,並加上歸屬於購買金融資產產 生的直接應佔交易成本,惟以公平值計 量且變動計入損益的金融資產除外。

所有按常規方式購買及出售之金融資產 於交易日確認,而交易日指本集團承諾 購買或出售該資產之日期。按常規方式 購買或出售指購買或出售須在一般按市 場規則或習慣確定的期間內交付之金融 資產。

期後計量

金融工具的期後計量取決於其如下分類:

以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融資產

以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融資產包括持作買賣的金融資產以及在初始確認時指定為以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融資產。如果購買金融資產的目的是近期出售,則將金融資產分類之一,會獨立的嵌入式衍生工具,含獨立的嵌入式衍生工具,同樣分類為為交易而持有,除非其被指定為有效的對沖工具。

以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融資產,以公平值在財務狀況表中列賬,其公平值的淨變動為正數時計入收益表內 其他收入和收益,而其公平值的淨變動 為負數時計入收益表內融資成本。 設資數淨損益不包括此等股息 公平值變動淨損益不包括此等股息乃 據下文「收入確認」所載之政策確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in IAS 39 are satisfied.

Derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in the statement of profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in finance costs for loans and in other expenses for receivables.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融資產(續)

僅當國際會計準則第39號的條件滿足時,方予以在初始確認時指定為以公平 值計量且變動計入損益的金融資產。

貸款及應收款項

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity investments and debt securities. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Debt securities in this category are those which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in the market conditions.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised as other comprehensive income in the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in other income, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve to the statement of profit or loss in other gains or losses. Interest and dividends earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial investments are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其它金融資產(續)

可供出售金融投資

可供出售金融投資指上市及非上市股本證券及債務證券之非衍生金融資產。既未被分類為為交易而持有的金融資產亦未被指定為以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融資產的股權投資即為可供出售金融投資。此類債務證券的持有期限不確定,持有者會根據市場環境變化或者流動性需要時,將其出售。

當由於(a)對合理公平值之估計在某一範圍內變動,而該變動對投資而言屬重大,或(b)在該範圍內不同估計之概率無法合理評估及用於估計公平值,導致非上市股本證券之公平值無法可靠計量時,上述證券以成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial investments (continued)

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets if management has the ability and intention to hold the assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity.

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-for-sale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortised cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the maturity amount is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其它金融資產(續)

可供出售金融投資(續)

本集團根據持有能力及在短期內將其出 售的意圖是否仍然適用評估其可供出售 金融資產。極少情況下,當交易市場不 活躍致使此類金融資產無法進行交易, 如果管理層有能力和意圖在可預見的將 來將其持有或持有至到期,本集團將會 謹慎地對其進行重分類。

當某項金融資產從可供出售金融資產中重分類至其他時,成本或攤銷成本與百該金融資產的公平值,並將在與相關的原計入權益的收益或損失,雖對在限按照有效利率類之間的差額,也應在該資產的剩餘年限接與對則日金額沒資產的,也應在該資產的剩餘年隨後確實發生減值時,原計入權益的金額應撥轉計入收益表。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

解除確認金融資產

於以下情況須解除確認金融資產(或, 金融資產之一部份或同類金融資產組別 (倘適用)之一部份)(即:從本集團之綜 合財務狀況表中移除):

- 自資產收取現金流量的權利已屆 滿;或
- 本集團轉讓收取資產現金流量的權利,或根據「債權轉手」安排承擔在無重大延誤下向第三方全數支付已收取的現金流量的責任;且(a)本集團已轉讓資產的絕大部分風險及回報,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留資產的大部分風險及回報,惟已轉讓資產的控制權。

本集團倘以擔保形式持續參與轉讓資產時,則以該項資產的原賬面值及本集團或須償還的代價數額上線(以較低者為准)計算。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值

以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

減值虧損金額按該資產之賬面值與預計 未來現金流量之現值兩者之差額計算(不 包括尚未發生之未來信用虧損)。預計未 來現金流量之現值按該金融資產之原有 效利率(即初始確認時使用之有效利率) 折現。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the statement of profit or loss.

Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產(續)

資產之賬面值通過備抵科目方式進行抵減,虧損金額則於收益表確認。利息收入按抵減後的賬面值持續預提,且按照確定減值損失時對未來現金流量進行折現採用的折現率計算。當並無合理跡銀顯示資產將於未來回收,且所有抵押品已實現或已轉移至本集團,貸款及應收款項連同任何有關撥備將被註銷。

倘在期後期間,在減值虧損確認後發生致使預計的減值虧損的金額增加或減少的事項,則會調整備抵科目以增加或減少先前確認的減值虧損。倘減值損失在註銷後得以恢復,則將其貸記收益表之其他支出科目。

以成本列賬之資產

倘有客觀跡象表明一項無報價權益工具 已發生減值虧損,而該項工具由於公 值無法可靠計量而並無按公平值列,而 或一項衍生資產已發生減值虧損,而 衍生資產與該等無報價權益工具相 別虧損之金額乃按該資產之 則虧資產按當前市場上相以金融資產之 報率折現之現值兩者之差額 資產之減值虧損不得撥回。

可供出售金融投資

對於可供出售金融投資,本集團會於各報告期末評估是否有任何客觀跡象表明 一項投資或一組投資發生減值。

倘可供出售金融投資發生減值,則其成本(扣除任何本金及攤銷)與其當前公平 值兩者之差額扣減以前於收益表確認之 任何減值虧損,自其他全面收益轉撥至 收益表。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial investments (continued)

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the statement of profit or loss. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration or extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost.

In the case of debt instruments classified as available for sale, impairment is assessed based on the same criteria as financial assets carried at amortised cost. However, the amount recorded for impairment is the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the amortised cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Future interest income continues to be accrued based on the reduced carrying amount of the asset and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. The interest income is recorded as part of finance income. Impairment losses on debt instruments are reversed through the statement of profit or loss if the subsequent increase in fair value of the instruments can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

可供出售金融資產(續)

確定何為「大幅」或「長期」需要作出判斷。在作出此項判斷時,本集團評估(包括其他因素)某項投資的公平價值低於其成本的持續時間或數額。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and bills payable, other payables, derivative financial instruments and interest-bearing bank borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by IAS 39. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the statement of profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債

初始確認與計量

金融負債在初始確認時包括以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融負債,貸款及借款,或指定為有效對沖之衍生工具(如適用)。

所有金融負債以公平值進行初始計量, 而貸款和借款則需在此基礎上扣除可直 接歸屬之交易成本。

本集團的金融負債包括應付貿易款項及 應付票據、其它應付款項、衍生金融工 具及計息銀行借款。

期後計量

金融負債的期後計量取決於其分類,其 分類如下:

以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融負債

以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融負債包括為交易而持有的金融負債和初始確認時指定為以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融負債。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in IAS 39 are satisfied.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Put options to non-controlling shareholders

In connection with an acquisition of a subsidiary by the Group, put options were granted to certain non-controlling shareholders of the subsidiary to sell their equity interests to the Group. The Group does not have present ownership interest of the shares held by those non-controlling shareholders. The non-controlling interests are recognised at the date of the business combination, and subsequently measured according to the policies described in the basis of consolidation. At each reporting date, the non-controlling interests are then derecognised as if they were acquired at each reporting date. The liability of the put options is then recognised at each reporting date at its fair value, and any difference between the amount of non-controlling interests derecognised and this liability is accounted for in equity.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

期後計量(續)

以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融負債(續)

僅當國際會計準則第39號的條件滿足時,金融負債方予以於初始確認時指定 為以公平值計量且變動計入損益的金融 負債。

貸款及借款

於初步確認後,計息貸款和借款以使用實際利率法計算之攤銷成本計量,除非折現影響非屬重大,在此情況下,則以成本計量。當負債獲解除確認時,收益及虧損於收益表並透過以有效利率攤銷程式確認。

攤銷成本乃經考慮取得時之任何折價或 溢價後計算,包括按有效利率計算之全 部費用及交易成本。有效利率攤銷額包 含在收益表的融資成本中。

非控股權益股東認沽期權

就本集團收購附屬公司而言,認沽期權已授予附屬公司若干非控股權益股東益股東持有的股權售予本集團。本集團現時時期,並無該等非控股權益股東持有的股務的強力。於各報告日期,隨即取消告日期,隨即不可能。認沽期權負債繼而於各報告日期按認沽期權負債繼而於各報告日期按公平值確認,而取消確認的非控股權益與該負債之間的差額以股權入賬。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps, to hedge its foreign currency risk and interest rate risk, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

解除確認金融負債

當因金融負債而須承擔的責任已解除或取消或屆滿時,則須解除確認負債。

當現有金融負債被由同一債權人根據實質不同條款提供的新負債取代,或對現有負債的條款作重大修改,則上述取代或修改將視作解除確認原有負債,同時確認新負債,而相關賬面值之差額在收益表中確認。

衍生金融工具

初始確認及期後計量

本集團使用衍生金融工具(例如遠期貨幣 合約和利率掉期)分別對沖其匯率波動風 險和利率風險。上述衍生金融工具初始 按於衍生合約訂立日期之公平值確認, 其後重新計量公平值。衍生工具於公平 值為正數時確認為資產,而當公平值為 負數時確認為負債。

衍生工具公平值變動所產生之任何收益 或虧損直接計入收益表。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

存貨

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者入賬。成本以先入先出基準計算,倘為在製品及製成品則包括直接物料、直接勞工及適當比例的生產費用。可變現淨值按估計售價扣除任何在完成及出售過程中預期產生的其他估計成本而計算。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物是指手頭現金及流動存款,以及購入後通常於三個月內到期,可隨時轉換為已知金額現金的短期高變現能力但價值改變風險不大的投資,扣除按要求償還的銀行透支,其組成本集團現金管理的不可或缺部分。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等價物 是指手頭現金及銀行存款,包括並無限 制用途的定期存款,以及與現金性質類 似的資產。

撥備

倘因過往事件須承擔現時的責任(法定或推定),而承擔該責任可能導致日後資源外流,且對責任金額能夠可靠地估計,則確認撥備。

當折現的影響重大時,就撥備確認的金額乃指預計在日後履行責任時所需開支在報告期末的現值。由於時間過去導致折現值的金額有所增加,乃作為融資成本計入收益表。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, a joint venture and an associate, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税

所得税包括當期及遞延税項。有關並非 於損益確認的專案的所得税不會於損益 確認,而於其他全面收益或直接在權益 確認。

即期税項資產及負債按預期自税務機關 退回或向税務機關支付的款項,根據報 告期結算日已頒佈或實質頒佈的税率(及 税法)計算,並已考慮本集團經營所在國 家的現行詮釋及慣例。

遞延税項乃於結算日就資產及負債的稅 基與其作財務報告用途的帳面值之間的 所有暫時差額採用負債法作出撥備。

遞延税項負債根據全部應課税暫時差額 進行確認,惟以下情況除外:

- 若遞延税項負債因商譽或就業務合 併以外的交易初步確認資產或負債 而產生,而於交易當時不會對會計 溢利及應課税溢利或虧損有任何影響;及
- 就於附屬公司、合營企業及聯營公司的投資有關的應課税暫時差額而言,倘暫時差額的撥回時間可予控制及暫時差額在可見未來可能不會撥回時。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and a joint venture and an associate, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延稅項資產乃於有可能動用可扣稅暫 時差額、未動用稅項抵免及未動用稅項 虧損結轉以扣減應課稅溢利時,就所有 可扣稅暫時差額、未動用稅項抵免及未 動用稅項虧損結轉予以確認,唯下列情 況除外:

- 若有關可扣税暫時差額的遞延稅項 資產產生自一項交易(並非業務合 併)中初步確認資產或負債,而於進 行交易時不會對會計溢利及應課稅 溢利或虧損有任何影響;及
- 就有關投資於附屬公司、合營企業及聯營公司的可扣減暫時差額而言,遞延税項資產僅於暫時差額有可能在可見未來撥回,且有應課稅溢利可用於抵銷暫時差額的情況下方予以確認。

遞延税項資產帳面值於每個結算日審 閱,並在不大可能有足夠應課税溢利抵 銷全部或部分遞延税項資產時予以削 減。於各報告期結算日對未確認的遞延 税項資產進行重新評估,並於可能有足 夠應課税溢利可用以收回全部或部分遞 延税項資產時確認。

遞延税項資產及負債以資產被變現或負債被清償的期間預期適用的税率計量,並根據於報告期末已頒佈或實質頒佈的税率(及税法)計算。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the statement of profit or loss by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

Bonus point liabilities

The Group operates a loyalty point programme, which allows customers to accumulate points when they purchase products in the Group's department stores and supermarkets. The points can then be redeemed for gifts and coupons, subject to a minimum number of points being obtained. The coupons are cash-equivalent when customers use them to purchase products of the Group.

Consideration received is allocated between the products sold and the points issued, with the consideration allocated to the points equal to their fair value. Fair value of the points is determined by applying statistical analyses. The fair value of the points issued is deferred and recognised as revenue when the points are redeemed.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

倘存在合法可強制執行權利以即期稅項 資產抵銷即期稅項負債,而遞延稅項與 同一應課稅實體及稅務機關有關,則可 將遞延稅項資產及遞延稅項負債抵銷。

政府補貼

當有合理把握可獲得政府補貼及已達成所有附帶條件後,政府補貼按公平值予以確認。倘補貼涉及費用項目,則期內補貼須有系統地與擬補助的成本相配並確認為收入。

倘補貼與一項資產有關,則其公平值將 計入遞延收入入賬並於有關資產的預期 可使用年期內按每年均等數額撥入收益 表或從有關資產的賬面價值中扣除並撥 入收益表中抵減折舊費用。

會員積分負債

本集團設立一項忠誠獎勵計劃,該計劃 讓顧客能夠於本集團的百貨店及超市購 買產品時獲得累積得分。在須獲取最低 得分的規限下,得分其後可換取贈券及 贈品。當顧客使用贈券向本集團購買產 品時等同現金。

所收取的代價於所出售產品及所發出得 分之間分配,而分配至得分的代價與其 公平值相同。得分的公平值乃採用統計 性分析釐定。所發出得分的公平值予以 遞延,並於得分獲換領時確認為收入。

財務報表附註

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- revenue from direct sales of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- commission income from concessionaire sales is recognised upon the sale of goods by the relevant stores:
- rental income is recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms;
- fee income from suppliers is recognised according to the underlying contract terms with suppliers when these services have been provided in accordance therewith;
- interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and
- dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

收入確認

收入是在本集團可能獲得經濟利益,且 金額可以可靠計量時,按下列標準確認 入賬:

- 貨品的直接銷售收入,在擁有權的 重大風險及回報均轉讓予買家,且 本集團不再持有一般與擁有權相關 之管理權,亦不再對已售貨品具實 質控制權時確認;
- 特許專營銷售佣金收入於有關百貨 店出售貨品時確認;
- 租金收入於租期內以直線法確認;
- 來自供應商的費用收入,於提供服務時按照與供應商的相關合約條款確認;
- 利息收入以實際利率法按應計基準確認,所採用的利率即於金融工具估計年期內將未來估計現金收入貼現至金融資產帳面淨值者;及
- 股息收入於股東收取股息的權利確立時確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Employee retirement benefits

Pursuant to the relevant regulations of the PRC Government, all the subsidiaries of the Group that were established in Mainland China (the "PRC Subsidiaries") have participated in a local municipal government retirement benefit scheme (the "Scheme"), whereby the PRC Subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of the salaries of their employees to the Scheme to fund their retirement benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Scheme is to pay the ongoing contributions under the Scheme. Contributions under the Scheme are charged to the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Where funds have been borrowed generally, and used for the purpose of obtaining qualifying assets, a capitalisation rate of 3.3% has been applied to the expenditure on the individual assets.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員退休福利

按照中國政府的有關法規,本集團所有於中國成立之附屬公司(「中國附屬公司」)已經參加地方市政府的退休金計劃(「計劃」),據此,中國附屬公司領援基本薪資的若干百分比向計劃供款,為僱員的退休福利提供資金。集團於計劃的唯一責任是持續按計劃本集團於計劃項下的供款於發生時自收益表扣除。

借貸成本

收購、興建或生產未完成資產(即需要大量時間製作以供擬定用途或銷售內充)應佔的直接借款成本,將會被撥預了查,在作為該等資產的部分成本。將有關機定用途或銷售時終止。待用作未完與借款或銷售時終止。待用後資本的特定借款的臨時投資收入,自撥充資本的借款成本包括利。借款成本包括利。借款發生相關的其他成本。借別資產之資本化開支比率為3.3%。

財務報表附註

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the Directors are classified as a separate allocation within the equity section of the statement of financial position, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the Directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

The Company and certain subsidiaries incorporated outside Mainland China have Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") or United States dollars ("US\$") as their functional currencies, respectively. The functional currency of the PRC Subsidiaries is Renminbi. As the Group mainly operates in Mainland China, Renminbi is used as the presentation currency of the Group. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

股息

董事擬派的末期股息分類為財務狀況表中股本部分列作保留盈利的個別分配,直至彼等獲股東於股東大會批准為止。該等股息於建議派發並宣派時確認為負債。

由於本公司的組織章程大綱及細則授權董事宣派中期股息,故此該等股息將同時建議派發並宣派。因此,該等股息於建議派發並宣派時立即確認為負債。

外幣

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than Renminbi. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Renminbi at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Renminbi at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Renminbi at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

按歷史成本法列賬並以外幣為單位的非 貨幣項目按首次交易當日的匯率換算 按公平值計算並以外幣為單位的算 項目按釐定公平值當日的匯率換貨 項目按釐定公平值當日的匯率換 對以公平值計量的 所產生的匯兑收益及損失的確認 到 目公平值變動一致(即該項目的公益 變動收益或損失記入其他全面收 益或損失 。 ,其匯兑差額也相應計入其他全面收 益或損益)。

若干海外附屬公司的功能貨幣為人民幣 以外的貨幣。於報告期末,該等公司的 資產與負債乃根據報告期末的現行匯率 換算為本公司呈列貨幣,而收益表是按 年內的加權平均匯率換算為人民幣。

因此產生之匯兑差額會作為匯率變動儲備計入其他全面收益。於出售海外公司時,與該海外業務有關的其他全面收益 於收益表確認入賬。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司 的現金流量按產生現金流量當日的現行 匯率換算為人民幣。海外附屬公司在整 個年度內經常產生的現金流量是按年內 的加權平均匯率換算為人民幣。

財務報表附註

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgement

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, apart from those involving estimations, which has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in financial statements:

Operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below:

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating unit to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 December 2014 was RMB181,494,000 (2013: RMB206,494,000). Further details are contained in note 21 to the financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

管理層編製本集團的財務報表時,須作 出會影響報告當日所呈報收入、開支、 資產及負債的報告金額及其相應披露以 及或然負債披露的判斷、估計及假設。 然而,由於有關假設及估計的不確定因 素,可導致管理層須就未來受影響的 產或負債賬面金額作出重大調整。

判斷

在採納本集團會計政策的過程中,管理 層除涉及的估計之外作出如下判斷,並 對確認於財務報表的金額產生重大影響:

經營租賃承擔一本集團作為出租人

本集團已就其投資物業組合訂立商用物業租賃。本集團根據對安排條款及條件的評估來釐定其保留根據經營租賃出租的該等物業擁有權的絕大部分風險及回報。

不確定估計

與未來有關之主要假設及於報告期末之 其他估計不確定因素之主要來源乃披露 如下,彼等具有可能導致在下個財政年 度內對資產及負債之賬面值作出重大調 整之重大風險:

商譽減值

本集團至少每年評估商譽是否發生減值。這要求對分配了商譽的現金產用單元的使用價值進行估計。估計未來自現金產出單元的現金流量,同時選擇值時,本集團需要估計未來選擇值與協力。 產出單元的現金流量,同時選明值 的折現率計算該等現金流量的損益當的新現率計算該等現金流量 的將是2014年12月31日的賬面值人大 民幣181,494,000元(2013年:人幣 206,494,000元)。詳情載於財務報表附註21。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses and deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The carrying value of deferred tax assets relating to recognised tax losses and deductible temporary differences at 31 December 2014 was RMB56,925,000 (2013: RMB54,489,000). The amount of unrecognised tax losses at 31 December 2014 was RMB99,232,000 (2013: RMB64,936,000). Further details are contained in note 26 to the financial statements.

Bonus point liabilities

The amount of revenue attributable to the credits award earned by the customers of the Group's loyalty point programme is estimated based on the fair value of the credits awarded and the expected redemption rate. The expected redemption rate is estimated by considering the number of the credits that will be available for redemption in the future after allowing for credits which are not expected to be redeemed. The carrying amount of bonus point liabilities at 31 December 2014 was RMB31,282,000 (2013: RMB46,300,000).

4. NET CURRENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2014, the current liabilities of the Group exceeded its current assets by approximately RMB793 million. In the opinion of the Directors, it is an industry practice for the retail business to keep a low level of current ratio. The Directors have prepared these financial statements on a going concern basis notwithstanding the net current liability position because the Directors expected that the Group will generate sufficient cash inflows from the sales proceeds on the operation of department stores and supermarkets to meet its financial obligations when they fall due.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計的不確定性(續)

遞延税項資產

遞延税項資產乃就未動用税項虧損及可抵扣的暫時性差異確認入賬,惟以應課稅溢利可予抵銷該等可扣減未動用稅項虧損及可抵扣的暫時性差異的愈額為限。釐定可予確認的遞延稅項間場。釐定可予確認的項間,管理層須根據可能的時間,管理層須根據可能的項間對、未來應課稅溢斷。於2014年12月31日,有關已確認稅項虧損及可抵租值幣,有關已確認稅項虧損及可抵租值幣,有關已確認稅項虧損產無益額為人民幣56,925,000元(2013年:人民幣64,936,000元)。於2014年12月31日未確認稅項虧損金額為人民幣99,232,000元(2013年:人民幣64,936,000元)。詳情載於財務報表附註26。

會員積分負債

本集團忠誠獎勵計劃的客戶所賺取的積分獎勵應佔的收入金額,乃按所授積分獎勵的公平值及預計換領率估計。預計換領率乃考慮日後將可供換領的積分獎勵額,並經扣除預期不會換領的積分獎勵額後作估計。於2014年12月31日會員積分負債的帳面值為人民幣31,282,000元。(2013年:人民幣46,300,000元)。

4. 淨流動負債

於2014年12月31日,本集團流動負債超出其流動資產約人民幣793百萬元。本公司董事認為,在零售行業保持低水平的流動比率是行業慣例。盡管本集團有淨流動負債,本公司董事依然以持續經濟為基準編制財務報表。本公司董事預期本集團可在運營百貨店及超市銷售所得款項中產生足夠的現金流入,以滿足到期時應付的債務。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- Department store segment
- Supermarket segment

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs, share of loss of a joint venture, dividend income, fair value gains/(losses) from the Group's financial instruments, fair value gains of disposal available-for-sale listed investments, gains on disposal of unquoted current investments, stated at cost as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from this measurement.

Segment assets exclude the Group's investment in a joint venture, investment in an associate, available-for-sale investments, deferred tax assets, restricted cash, long-term time deposits at banks, tax recoverable, amounts due from the Controlling Shareholder, structured deposits, derivative financial instruments, cash and cash equivalents, assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale and other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude short-term financing notes interest-bearing bank borrowings, derivative financial instruments, tax payable, liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale, deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

5. 經營分部資料

出於管理需要,本集團根據其服務將業務分為多個業務單位,並分成以下兩個可報告經營分部:

- 百貨店分部
- 超市分部

分部資產不包括本集團合營企業投資、 聯營公司投資、可供出售投資、號行 項資產、受限貨幣資金、存於銀行 期定期存款、可收回稅項、應收控股 東款項、結構性存款、衍生金融工與 現金及現金等價物、已終止經營業辦 表 人 類為持有待售資產和其它未分配總基 處及公司資產,因該等資產按集團基準 管理。

分部負債不包括短期融資券、計息銀行借款、衍生金融工具、應付税項、與持有待售資產直接有關的負債、遞延税項負債及其它未分配總辦事處及公司負債,因該等負債按集團基準管理。

分部間銷售及轉讓根據以當時市價向協 力廠商銷售的售價進行交易。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

5. 經營分部資料(續)

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度		Department store 百貨店 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Super-market 超市 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue Sales to external customers	分部收益 對外部客戶的銷售	1,702,744	2,573,540	4,276,284
Segment results Reconciliation: Interest and dividend income and unallocated gains Corporate and other unallocated expenses Share of loss of a joint venture Finance costs	分部業績 對版: 利息及股息收入及未分配 收益 公司及其他未分配開支 分佔合營企業虧損 融資成本	822,719	135,752	958,471 187,558 (127,135) (49,426) (49,201)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利			920,267
Segment assets Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated assets Investment in a joint venture Investment in an associate Assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	分部資產 對應: 公司及其他未分配資產 合營企業投資 聯營公司投資 已終止經營業務分類為 持有待售資產	7,439,677	1,282,561	8,722,238 2,570,594 237,851 45,166 26,400
Total assets	總資產			11,602,249
Segment liabilities Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated liabilities Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale	分部負債 對版: 公司及其他未分配負債 與持有待售資產直接 相關的負債	2,502,685	642,208	3,144,893 3,255,364 4,769
Total liabilities	總負債			6,405,026
Other segment information	其他分部資料			
Depreciation and amortisation Corporate and other unallocated amounts	折舊及攤銷 公司及其他未分配款項	257,566	70,772	328,338 4,476
Total depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷合計			332,814
(Write-back of provision)/provision for slow-moving inventories Impairment of goodwill	滯銷存貨(撥備撥回)/撥備 商譽減值準備	(970) 25,000	1,688	718 25,000
Capital expenditure Corporate and other unallocated amounts	資本開支 公司及其他未分配款項	583,024	57,476	640,500 5,277
Total capital expenditure *	總資本開支*			645,777

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Year ended 31 December 2013 截至2013年12月31日止年度

5. 經營分部資料(續)

Department

31 December 2013 截至2013年12月31日止年度		store 百貨店 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Super-market 超市 RMB' 000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue Sales to external customers	分部收益 對外部客戶的銷售	1,684,491	2,477,109	4,161,600
Segment results Reconciliation: Interest and dividend income and unallocated gains Corporate and other unallocated expenses Share of loss of a joint venture Finance costs	分部業績 對版: 利息及股息收入及未分配 收益 公司及其他未分配開支 分佔合營企業虧損 融資成本	874,023	151,714	1,025,737 188,368 (119,334) (3,568) (55,998)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利			1,035,115
Segment assets Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated assets Investment in a joint venture Investment in an associate Assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	分部資產 對應: 公司及其他未分配資產 合營企業投資 聯營公司投資 已終止經營業務分類為 持有待售資產	6,817,364	1,275,090	8,092,454 3,712,468 257,277 45,166 24,738
Total assets	總資產			12,132,103
Segment liabilities Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated liabilities Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale	分部負債 <i>對賬:</i> 公司及其他未分配負債 與持有待售資產直接 相關的負債	2,879,737	641,432	3,521,169 3,581,943 3,107
Total liabilities	總負債			7,106,219
Other segment information	其他分部資料			
Depreciation and amortisation Corporate and other unallocated amounts	折舊及攤銷 公司及其他未分配款項	247,352	65,943	313,295 4,080
Total depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷合計			317,375
Write-back of provision for slow-moving inventories	滯銷存貨撥備撥回	(880)	(419)	(1,299)
Capital expenditure Corporate and other unallocated amounts	資本開支 公司及其他未分配款項	568,262	106,542	674,804 3,016
Total capital expenditure *	總資本開支*			677,820
* Capital expenditure consists of a plant and equipment, prepaid land			支包括添置物業、地出讓金及其他第	

intangible assets including assets from the acquisition

of subsidiaries.

來自收購附屬公司的資產)。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Geographical information

All of the Group's revenue is derived from customers based in Mainland China and all of the non-current assets of the Group are located in Mainland China.

Information about major customers

No revenue derived from sales to a single customer or a group of customers under the common control accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the year.

6. REVENUE

Revenue represents the net amount received and receivable for goods sold by the Group to outside customers, less allowances for returns and trade discounts; commission income from concessionaire sales, net of sales taxes and surcharges; and other revenue that arises in the ordinary course of business.

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

5. 經營分部資料(續)

地區資料

本集團所有收入來自中國內地客戶,而 本集團所有非流動資產位於中國內地。

主要客戶的資料

於本年度並無單一客戶或共同控制下的 一組客戶的銷售佔本集團收入10%或以 上。

6. 收入

收入指本集團向外部客戶銷售貨品之已 收和應收款項減退貨及貿易折扣撥備: 來自特許專營銷售佣金收入扣除銷售稅 及附加費:以及一般業務過程中產生的 其他收入。

收入分析呈列如下:

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2,790,087	2,656,809
1,359,633	1,386,741
4,149,720	4,043,550
120,272	105,500
6,292	12,550
4,276,284	4,161,600

Sales of goods – direct sales Commission income from concessionaire sales (Note)	商品銷售-直接銷售 來自特許專營銷售佣金 收入(附註)
Total turnover Rental income Provision of food and beverage service	總營業額 租金收入 提供餐飲服務
Total revenue	總收入

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

6. REVENUE (CONTINUED)

Note:

6. 收入(續) *附註*:

The commission income from concessionaire sales is analysed as follows:

特許專營銷售佣金收入分析如下:

2014 二零一四年 RMB' 000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
8,139,055	8,373,147
1,359,633	1,386,741

Gross revenue from concessionaire 特許專營銷售所得款項 sales

Commission income from concessionaire sales

特許專營銷售佣金收入

7. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

7. 其他收入及收益

		2014 二零一四年 RMB' 000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB' 000 人民幣千元
Other income Fee income from suppliers Interest income Dividend income from available- for-sale listed investments Subsidy income Others	其他收入 來自供應商的其他收入 利息收入 來自可供出售上市 投資的股息收入 補貼收入 其他	528,449 127,919 3,301 22,523 5,336	516,590 122,718 1,894 26,506 12,668
		687,528	680,376
Gains Foreign exchange differences, net Gains on disposal of unquoted current investments stated at cos Fair value gains, net: Available-for-sale listed	收益 匯兑差額,淨額 處置按成本計值的非上市 短期投資收益 公平值收益,淨額: 可供出售上市投資	- 1,736	25,992 1,672
investments (transfer from equity on disposal) Derivative instruments - transactions not qualifying as hedge	(從權益變動轉入) 衍生金融工具 一不符合對沖 定義之交易	31,300 607	- 755
		33,643	28,419
		721,171	708,795

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

8. OTHER EXPENSES

Other expenses mainly include impairment of goodwill, utility expenses, advertising and promotion expenses, loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, office expenses, maintenance costs, travelling expenses, entertainment expenses, property tax, government surcharges and other miscellaneous expenses.

9. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

Interest on short-term 短期融資券利息 financing notes Interest on bank borrowings 須於五年內全部償還的 wholly repayable within five years Less: Interest capitalised 知滅:資本化利息

8. 其他開支

其他開支主要包括商譽減值准備、水電開支、廣告宣傳費用、物業、廠房及設備的處置虧損、辦公室開支、維護及耗材費用、差旅費、業務招待費、財產税,政府附加費用和其他雜項開支。

9. 融資成本

融資成本分析如下:

2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
10,957	33,953
78,612	51,081
(40,368)	(29,036)
49,201	55,998

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

10. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

10. 除税前溢利

本集團的除稅前溢利已扣除/(計入)下 列各項:

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of inventories sold Provision/(write-back of provision) for slow-moving	存貨銷售成本 滯銷存貨撥備/ (撥備撥回)		2,438,674	2,311,346
inventories Depreciation Amortisation of prepaid land	折舊 預付土地出讓金攤銷	18	718 318,062	(1,299) 302,326
premiums Amortisation of other intangible	其他無形資產攤銷	19	11,689	11,987
assets Impairment of goodwill* Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and	商譽減值準備* 處置物業、廠房及設備 的損失	20 21	3,063 25,000	3,062 -
equipment Minimum lease payments under operating leases:	經營租賃下最低租金:		9,240	10,185
Land and buildings Auditors' remuneration Staff costs including Directors' and chief executive's remuneration (note 11):	土地及樓宇 核數師酬金 員工成本(包括董事及行政 總裁薪酬)(附註11):		98,196 2,936	80,842 2,724
Wages, salaries and bonuses Pension scheme contributions Other social security costs Foreign exchange differences,	工資、薪金及花紅 退休金計劃供款 其他社會保險費用 匯兑差額,淨額		435,062 58,155 89,515	439,008 56,240 77,988
net Dividend income from available-for-sale listed	來自可供出售上市投資的 股息收入		13,448	(25,992)
investments Gains on disposal of unquoted current investments stated	處置按成本計值的非上市 當期投資收益	7	(3,301)	(1,894)
at cost Fair value gains, net: Available-for-sale listed investments (transfer from	公平值收益,淨額: 可供出售上市投資 (從權益變動轉入)	7	(1,736)	(1,672)
equity on disposal) Derivative instruments – transactions not	衍生金融工具 一不符合對冲定義	7	(31,300)	-
qualifying as hedge Share of loss of a	之交易	7	(607)	(755)
joint venture	分佔合營企業虧損	22	49,426	3,658

^{*} The impairment of goodwill is included in "Other expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

商譽減值準備包含在綜合收益表的「其 他開支」。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and section 78 of Schedule 11 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), with reference to section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), is as follows:

11. 董事及行政總裁薪酬

根據上市規則及香港《公司條例》(第622章)的第78條附表11,並參照前身公司條例(第32章)第161條所披露董事及行政總裁於有關期間的酬金如下:

Fees	袍金
	11 / 1 44 70
Other emoluments:	其他薪酬:
Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼及實物利益
benefits in kind	
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
536	576
4,373	3,990
100	96
4 470	4.000
4,473	4,086
F 000	4.000
5,009	4,662

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

Mr. Lin Zhijun	林志軍先生
Mr. Zhang Weijiong	張維炯先生
Mr. Cheung Yat Ming (i)	張一鳴先生®
Mr. Wang Shuaiting (ii)	王帥廷先生(!i)

(a) 獨立非執行董事

於有關期間支付給獨立非執行董事 的袍金如下:

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
189	192
189	192
158	-
-	192
536	576

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

(a) Independent non-executive directors (continued)
There were no other emoluments payable to the

independent non-executive directors during the year.

- (i) Mr. Cheung Yat Ming was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and member of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Board on 11 March 2014.
- (ii) Mr. Wang Shuaiting resigned as an independent non-executive Director and member of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Board with effect from 17 January 2014.
- (b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive

11. 董事及行政總裁薪酬(續)

(a) 獨立非執行董事(續)

於有關期間並無應付給獨立非執行 董事的其他酬金。

- (i) 張一鳴先生於2014年3月11日 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董 事、本董事會審核委員會、提 名委員會及薪酬委員會成員。
- (ii) 王帥廷先生於2014年1月17日 辭委本公司獨立非執行董事、 本董事會審核委員會、提名委 員會及薪酬委員會成員職務。

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事及行政總裁

		Fees 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物利益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total remuneration 薪酬合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
2014	2014年				
Executive directors: Mr. Chen Jiangiang	執行董事: 陳建強先生	_	1,024	13	1,037
Mr. Tao Qingrong ®	陶慶榮先生(1)	-	1,902	13	1,915
Mr. Fung Hiu Lai (ii)	馮曉黎先生®	-	118	-	118
Mr. Yu Yaoming	俞堯明先生	-	1,140	74	1,214
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:	-	4,184	100	4,284
Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John	馮曉邨先生	_	189	-	189
		-	4,373	100	4,473

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

11. 董事及行政總裁薪酬(續)

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事及行政總裁 (續)

		Fees 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物利益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total remuneration 薪酬合計 RMB' 000 人民幣千元
2013 Executive directors: Mr. Chen Jianqiang	2013年 執行董事: 陳建強先生	-	1,038	12	1,050
Mr. Tao Qingrong ® Mr. Fung Hiu Lai ® Mr. Yu Yaoming	陶慶榮先生® 馮曉黎先生® 俞堯明先生		1,281 425 910	12 - 72	1,293 425 982
Non-executive directors: Mr. Wang Lin (**)	非執行董事: 王 霖先生 ^卿	_	3,654 144	96	3,750 144
Mr. Fung Hiu Chuen, John	馮曉邨先生		192	_	192
		_	3,990	96	4,086

- Mr. Tao Qingrong is also the chief executive of the Group.
- (ii) Mr. Fung Hiu Lai resigned as executive Director of the Company with effect from 11 March 2014.
- (iii) Mr. Wang Lin resigned as a non-executive Director and member of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Board with effect from 25 October 2013.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

- (i) 陶慶榮先生亦是本集團的行政 總裁。
- (ii) 馮曉黎先生於2014年3月11日 辭委本公司執行董事職務。
- (iii) 王霖先生於2013年10月25日 辭委本公司獨立非執行董事、 本董事會審核委員會、提名委 員會及薪酬委員會成員職務。

於有關期間並無董事或行政總裁放棄或 同意放棄任何薪酬的安排。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

12. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2013: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 11 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining two (2013: two) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company for the year are as follows:

12. 五位最高僱員薪酬

於有關期間,五名最高薪僱員其中3名董事(2013年:3名董事)薪酬詳情見以上附註11。其餘2名(既不是董事也不是行政總裁)於有關期間的酬金詳情如下:

Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼及實物利益
benefits in kind	
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款

13
年
00
元
53
73
26

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within following bands is as follows:

所有非董事及非行政總裁最高薪酬僱員 的人數在下列薪酬範圍內進行列示:

Nil to RMB1,000,000 零至人民幣一百萬元 RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000 人民幣一百萬零一元至 人民幣一百五十萬元

Number of employees 僱員數

2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
-	1
2	1
2	2

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

13. INCOME TAX

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity basis on profit arising in or derived from the tax jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate. The Group and the Company are not liable for income tax in Hong Kong as they did not have assessable income sourced from Hong Kong during the year.

The Company is a tax-exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands.

Under the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") Corporate Income Tax Law (the "New CIT Law"), the income tax rate became 25% starting from 1 January 2008. Therefore, provision for the PRC income tax has been made at the applicable income tax rate of 25% (2013: 25%) on the assessable profits of the PRC Subsidiaries.

13. 所得税

本集團須以實體基準就本集團成員公司 於其註冊及經營所在司法權區所產生或 取得的溢利支付所得稅。本集團及本公 司毋須繳納香港所得稅,因為其於有關 期間並無源自香港的應課稅收入。

本公司為於開曼群島註冊成立的免税公司。

依據中華人民共和國(「中國」)企業所得税法(「新企業所得税法」),自2008年1月1日起所得税率為25%,因此,對中國附屬公司應課税溢利按適用所得税率25%(2013年:25%)進行中國所得税撥備。

2014

2013

		二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current – PRC corporate income tax charge for the year Deferred (note 26)	即期一年內中國企業所得税 開支 遞延税項(附註26)	257,692 17,004	277,809 20,733
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項開支總額	274,696	298,542

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

13. INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdiction in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

13. 所得税(續)

按本公司及其大部分附屬公司註冊所在 司法權區法定税率計算的除税前溢利所 適用的税項開支與按實際税率計算的税 項開支的對賬如下:

2014

2013

		二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	920,267	1,035,115
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 25% (2013: 25%) Expenses not deductible for tax Losses attributable to a joint venture Effect of withholding tax on the distributable profits of the PRC	按法定税率25%計算的税項 (2013年:25%) 不可扣税的開支 分佔合營企業的虧損 預扣税對中國附屬公司可分派 溢利的影響	230,067 9,316 12,357	258,779 6,001 915
Subsidiaries Tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損	14,382 8,574	16,613 16,234
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實際税率計算的 税項開支	274,696	298,542

The share of tax credit attributable to a joint venture amounting to RMB1,138,000 (2013: RMB1,219,000) is included in "Share of loss of a joint venture" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

分佔合營企業税項抵免人民幣1,138,000元(2013年:人民幣1,219,000元)已包括在綜合收益表之分佔合營企業的虧損中。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

14. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO **OWNERS OF THE PARENT**

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the parent for the year ended 31 December 2014 includes a loss of RMB3,021,000 (2013: a loss of RMB844,000), which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 39(e)).

15. DIVIDENDS

14. 母公司擁有人應佔溢利

截至2014年12月31日止年度,母公 司擁有人應佔綜合溢利包括虧損人民 幣3,021,000元(2013年:虧損人民幣 844,000元),已於本公司財務報表中處 理(附註39(e))。

15. 股息

2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
156,274	198,780
174,244	167,235
330,518	366,015

Interim - HK\$8 cents 中期一普通股每股港幣8仙 (2013年:港幣10仙) (2013: HK\$10 cents) per ordinary share Proposed final – HK\$9 cents 擬派發末期股息一普通股 每股港幣9仙 (2013: HK\$8.5 cents)

(2013年:港幣8.5仙) per ordinary share

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The amount which the PRC Subsidiaries can legally distribute by way of dividend is determined by reference to the distributable profits as reflected in their PRC statutory financial statements prepared in accordance with the accounting rules and regulations in the PRC ("PRC GAAP").

本年度擬派發末期股息須於應屆股東週 年大會上待本公司股東批准。

中國附屬公司可透過股息合法分派,金 額乃參考其根據中國公認會計原則編製 的中國法定財務報表所反映的可供分派 溢利釐定。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the parent of RMB634,065,000 (2013: RMB730,356,000), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 2,472,022,956 (2013: 2,499,847,238) in issue during the year.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during those years.

17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The PRC Subsidiaries participate in defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by the relevant government authorities for their employees in Mainland China and contribute to these plans based on a certain percentage of the salaries of the employees on a monthly basis, up to a maximum fixed monetary amount, as stipulated by the relevant government authorities. The government authorities undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations payable to all existing and future retired employees under these plans.

The Group has no further obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. The contributions to these plans are recognised as employee benefit expenses when incurred.

16. 母公司普通股權持有人應佔每 股溢利

每股基本溢利乃基於年度母公司普通股權持有人應佔溢利人民幣634,065,000元(2013年:人民幣730,356,000元)和年內已發行普通股加權平均數2,472,022,956股(2013年:2,499,847,238股)計算。

本集團於報告期內未發行對普通股有潛 在攤薄影響的權益工具。

17. 僱員退休福利

根據中國有關法規的規定,中國附屬公司已參與界定供款退休計劃。全體中國附屬公司僱員均有權享有相當於其退休日期最後受僱的所在地區內的平均薪酬金額的固定比例年度退休金。在此計劃下,相關政府機構對所有現有及未來退休的僱員承擔應付的僱員退休福利。

除上述供款外,本集團並無責任就其他 退休金福利付款。向該等計劃的供款於 發生時確認為僱員福利開支。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Land and buildings		Machinery	Motor vehicles	Furniture and office equipment 傢俬及	Construction in progress	Total
		土地及樓宇	翻新及裝修	機器	汽車	辦公室設備	在建工程	總計
		RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日							
At 1 January 2014, net of accumulated depreciation	於2014年1月1日, 減除累計折舊	4,651,419	468,315	302,982	5,249	66,531	637,110	6,131,606
Additions	枫际系引列 酉 添置	5,991	400,315	5,911	5,249 497	12,551	578,092	645,777
Depreciation provided for the year	年度折舊撥備	(156,698)		(48,476)	(2,044)	(23,304)	-	(318,062)
Transfers	轉撥	1,711	90,373	9,209	-	4,577	(105,870)	-
Disposals	處置	(503)	(8,653)	(492)	(95)	(940)	-	(10,683)
At 31 December 2014, net of	於2014年12月31日, 減除累計折舊	4,501,920	505,230	269,134	3,607	59,415	1,109,332	6,448,638
accumulated depreciation	/	4,501,920	505,250	209,134	3,007	59,415	1,109,332	0,440,030
At 31 December 2014:	及於2014年12月31日:							
Cost	成本	5,356,314	805,935	547,759	11,646	168,303	1,109,332	7,999,289
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(854,394)	(300,705)	(278,625)	(8,039)	(108,888)	-	(1,550,651)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	4,501,920	505,230	269,134	3,607	59,415	1,109,332	6,448,638
31 December 2013	於2013年12月31日							
At 1 January 2013, net of	於2013年1月1日,							
accumulated depreciation	減除累計折舊	4,736,799	354,228	321,283	7,356	74,412	311,249	5,805,327
Additions	添置	29,220	82,245	20,935	148	16,993	478,126	627,667
Acquisition of a subsidiary Depreciation provided for the year	收購附屬公司 年度折舊撥備	(153,771)	15,436 (75,784)	18 (46,396)	39 (2,267)	165 (24,108)	66	15,724 (302,326)
Transfers	轉撥	42,120	96,571	10,212	(2,201)	1,389	(150,292)	(302,320)
Disposals	處置	(2,949)		(3,070)	(27)	(2,320)	(2,039)	(14,786)
At 31 December 2013, net of	於2013年12月31日,							
accumulated depreciation	減除累計折舊	4,651,419	468,315	302,982	5,249	66,531	637,110	6,131,606
At 31 December 2013:	及於2013年12月31日:							
Cost	成本	5,349,183	693,280	535,376	12,085	157,214	637,110	7,384,248
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(697,764)	(224,965)	(232,394)	(6,836)	(90,683)	-	(1,252,642)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	4,651,419	468,315	302,982	5,249	66,531	637,110	6,131,606

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND **EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)**

At 31 December 2014, the application for transfer the land use right certificate to property ownership certificate for the Group's land and buildings amounting to RMB418,818,000 (2013: RMB1,223,102,000) was still in progress.

19. PREPAID LAND PREMIUMS

Carrying amount at 1 January	於1月1日的帳面值
Additions	添置
Government grant related	與預付土地出讓金
to prepaid land premiums	相關的政府撥款
Amortisation capitalised	年度攤銷資本化為物業、
as property, plant and	廠房及設備
equipment for the year	
Recognised as expenses	確認為年度開支
during the year	

Carrying amount at 31 December 於12月31日的帳面值

The leasehold land is situated in Mainland China and is held under a long-term lease.

20. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Carrying amount at 31 December

Lease agreement buyouts 租賃協議買斷 於1月1日的帳面值 Carrying amount at 1 January Recognised as expenses 確認為年度開支 during the year

於12月31日的賬面值

The lease agreement buyouts represented the Group's payment to old tenants to buy out lease agreements, and were amortised over the lease terms on the straight-line basis.

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於2014年12月31日,本集團仍在為價值 人民幣418.818.000元(2013年:人民幣 1,223,102,000元)的土地及樓宇申請物 業所有權證。

19. 預付土地出讓金

2013
二零一三年
RMB'000
人民幣千元
890,023
34,429
-
(13,032)
(10,002)
(11,987)
(11,001)
899,433
333,400

租賃土地位於中國境內,並根據租約長 期持有。

20. 其他無形資產

2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
41,412	44,474
(3,063)	(3,062)
38,349	41,412

租賃協議買斷指本集團向原租戶付款以 買斷租賃協議,並按直綫法在租賃期內 攤銷。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

21. GOODWILL

21. 商譽

RMB'000

		人 民幣千元
At 1 January 2013: Cost	於2013年1月1日: 成本	184,167
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	184,167
Cost at 1 January 2013, net of accumulated impairment Acquisition of a subsidiary	於2013年1月1日成本: 扣減累計減值 收購一間附屬公司	184,167 22,327
At 31 December 2013	於2013年12月31日	206,494
At 31 December 2013: Cost	於2013年12月31日: 成本	206,494
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	206,494
Cost at 1 January 2014, net of accumulated impairment Impairment during the year (Note)	於2014年1月1日成本, 扣減累計減值 本年減值(附註)	206,494 (25,000)
Cost and net carrying amount at 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日 成本及賬面淨值	181,494
At 31 December 2014: Cost Accumulated impairment	於2014年12月31日: 成本 累計減值	206,494 (25,000)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	181,494

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

21. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations is allocated to the department store cash-generating unit for impairment testing. The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by senior management. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 15% (2013: 15%).

The growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows of the cash-generating unit beyond the five-year period from the end of the reporting period is 3% for all years. This growth rate is below the average growth rate of the retail industry for the past 10 years. Senior management of the Company believes that using a lower growth rate is a more conservative and reliable choice for the purpose of this impairment testing.

Assumptions were used in the value in use calculation of the department store cash-generating unit for 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill.

Store revenue:

the bases used to determine the future earnings potential are average historical sales and expected growth rates of the retail market in Mainland China.

Gross margins:

the basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvements, and expected market development.

Expenses:

the basic factors used to determine the values assigned are staff costs, rental expenses and other expenses. Values assigned to the key assumptions reflect past experience and management's commitment to maintain the Company's operating expenses at an acceptable level.

21. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試

透過業務合併產生的商譽已分配至百貨店現金產生單位作減值測試。現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使用價值計算釐定。為計算該金額,會根據高級管理人員所批准涵蓋五年期間的財政預算編製現金流量預測。所有年度現金流量預測適用的貼現率為15%(2013年:15%)。

所有年度用於預測自報告期末起計五年期間後現金產生單位的現金流量所使用的增長率為3%。該增長率低於過往10年零售行業的平均增長率。本公司高級管理人員相信,使用較低的增長率就該減值測試而言乃較保守及可靠的選擇。

假設被用於計算2014年12月31日及 2013年12月31日百貨店現金流產生單位。以下載列管理層用於商譽减值測試 時的主要假設。

百貨店收益:

用於釐定未來盈利潛力的基準為平均過 往銷售記錄以及中國內地零售市場的預 期增長率。

毛利率:

用以釐定預算毛利率價值的基準為緊接 預算年度前一年所達致的平均毛利率, 因預計效率提升及預計市場開發而增加。

開支:

用於釐定指定價值的基本因素為員工成本、租金開支及其他開支。分配予主要 假設的價值反映過往經驗及管理層承擔 將本公司營運開支維持於可接受水準。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

21. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

Impairment testing of goodwill (continued)

Discount rate:

the discount rate used is after tax and reflects management's estimate of the risks specific to the cash-generating unit. In determining an appropriate discount rate for the unit, regard has been given to the applicable borrowing rate of the industry in the current year.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

With regard to the assessment of value in use of the department store cash-generating unit, management believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the above key assumptions would cause the carrying value, including goodwill, of the cash-generating unit to materially exceed the recoverable amount.

Note:

As at 31 December 2014, as the progress of upgrade and optimization of Yangzhou Fengxiang Commerce Co., Ltd. ("Yangzhou Fengxiang") did not meet management's expectation, management has recognised an impairment charge of RMB25,000,000 in the current year against goodwill with a carrying amount of RMB56,727,000 as at 31 December 2013. The impairment charge is recorded within "Other expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss this year.

The impairment testing result of Yangzhou Fengxiang is as follow:

Recoverable amount (value in use)

statement of profit or loss

21. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

貼現率:

所用貼現率已除税, 並反映管理層對每 產牛現金單位特有風險的估計。就每單 位釐定合適貼現率時,已考慮有關年度 業內的適用借貸率。

假設變動的敏感度

在對百貨店現金產生單位使用價值作出 評估時,管理層相信上述任何主要假設 可能出現的合理變動不會致使現金產生 單位的賬面值(包括商譽)遠超於其可收 回金額。

附註:

於2014年12月31日,由于揚州豐祥商業有限 公司(「揚州豐祥」)的升級改造進展未達管理 層預期,管理層决定對2013年12月31日商譽 的賬面值人民幣56,727,000于年內確認減值 人民幣25,000,000元。减值已計入年度收益 表之「其他開支」中。

2014

揚州豐祥的減值測試結果如下:

二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 可收回值(滴用價值) 378,000 賬面值 423,700 測試結果 (45,400)Percentage of equity attributable to the Group 本集團應佔股權比例 55% 計入綜合收益表中的商譽减值準備 Impairment of goodwill charged in the consolidated (25.000)

Carrying amount

Testing result

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

22. INVESTMENT IN A JOINT VENTURE

22. 合營企業投資

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	八儿次文河片	100.050	151 000
Share of net assets	分佔資產淨值	102,256	151,682
Goodwill on acquisition	收購之商譽	105,595	105,595
		207,851	257,277
Loan to a joint venture	對合營企業貸款	30,000	_
As at 31 December	於12月31日	237,851	257,277

The loan to a joint venture is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment. In the opinion of the Directors, this loan is considered as part of the Company's net investment in the joint venture.

Particulars of the Group's joint venture are as follows:

對合營企業的貸款乃無抵押、免息及無 固定還款期限。董事認為此貸款是合營 企業投資淨額的一部分。

本集團合營企業詳情如下:

Percentage of 百分比

		H % %				
	Particulars of	Ownership				
	issued shares held	Place of	interest	Voting	Profit	Principal
Name	持有	registration	所有權	power	sharing	activity
名稱	已發行股份詳情	註冊地	權益	投票權	應佔溢利	主要業務
Zhenjiang Baisheng	Registered capital of	PRC/				Operation of
Commercial Center	US\$10,000,000	Mainland China	50	50	50	department stores
Co., Ltd.	註冊資本	中國/				經營百貨店
鎮江百盛商城	1000萬美元	中國內地				
有限公司						

The investment in the joint venture is held through a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The percentages of voting rights and profit sharing of this joint venture are the same as the percentage of the ownership interest.

本公司通過其全資附屬公司持有對合營 企業的投資。

合營企業的投票權和應佔溢利的百分比 與擁有權權益百分比相同。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

22. INVESTMENT IN A JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

The following table illustrates the summarised Group's share financial information of the Group's joint venture:

22. 合營企業投資(續)

下表呈現了本集團分佔合營企業的財務 資料概要:

		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Share of the joint venture's assets and liabilities:	分佔合營企業 資產及負債:		
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	4,897 197,861 (59,814) (40,688)	23,164 215,781 (45,771) (41,492)
Net assets	資產淨值	102,256	151,682

Share of the joint venture's results:

分佔合	營企業的業績	:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	10,176	22,526
Other income	其他收入	1,953	2,947
		12,129	25,473
Total expenses	開支總額	(62,693)	(30,350)
Tax credit	税項抵免	1,138	1,219
Loss after tax	税後虧損	(49,426)	(3,658)

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

23. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

23. 聯營公司投資

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
45,166	45,166
45,166	45,166

Share of net assets 分佔資產淨額

As at 31 December 於12月31日

Particulars of the Group's associate are as follows: 本集團聯營公司詳情如下:

			P	ercentage of		
	Particulars	Place of		百分比		
Name 名稱	of issued shares held 持有已發行股份詳情	registration and business 註冊及營業所在地	Ownership interest 所有權權益	Voting power 投票權	Profit sharing 應佔溢利	Principal activity 主要業務
Yixing Rongtong Trade & Commerce Limited 宜興融通商貿有限公司	Registered capital of RMB129,046,000 註冊資本 人民幣129,046,000元	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	35	35	35	Operation of supermarket 經營超市

The investment in the associate is held through wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The percentages of voting rights and profit sharing of this associate are the same as the percentage of the ownership interest.

As the associate was still under construction, there was no profit or loss during the year. The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the associate shared by the Group.

本公司通過其全資附屬公司持有對聯營公司的投資。

聯營公司的投票權及應佔溢利百分比與 擁有權權益百分比相同。

由於該聯營公司仍在建設中,且於本年 度沒有溢利或虧損。以下列表呈現了本 集團分佔聯營公司的財務資料概要。

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	5,218	15,808
Non-current assets	非流動資產	40,133	30,281
Current liabilities	流動負債	(185)	(923)
Net assets	資產淨值	45,166	45,166

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

24. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

24. 可供出售投資

		2014 二零一四年 RMB' 000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Listed equity investments, at fair value:	上市股本證券,以公平值計量:		
Shanghai	上海	-	146,134
Unlisted equity investments, at cost	非上市股本證券・按成本計值	110	110
Total non-current available- for-sale investments	非流動可供出售投資總額	110	146,244
Unlisted equity investments, at cost	非上市股本證券,按成本計值	_	14,000
Total current available-for-sale investments	流動可供出售投資總額	-	14,000

During the year, the gross gains in respect of the Group's listed equity investments at fair value recognised in other comprehensive income amounted to RMB33,092,000 (2013: gains of RMB17,039,000), of which RMB31,300,000 (2013: Nil) was reclassified from other comprehensive income to the statement of profit or loss for the year.

As at 31 December 2014, certain unlisted equity investments with a carrying amount of RMB110,000 (2013: RMB14,110,000) were stated at cost less impairment. The Directors are of the opinion that their fair value cannot be measured reliably.

於年內,按公平值計入其他全面收益的本集團上市股本證券的總收益達人民幣33,092,000元(2013年:盈利人民幣17,039,000元),其中人民幣31,300,000元(2013年:無)從其他綜合收益中重分類至年度收益表中。

2014

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於2014年12月31日,賬面值為人民幣 110,000元(2013年:人民幣14,110,000 元)的非上市股本證券以扣除減值後的成 本列示。董事認為該等投資的公平價值 不能可靠計量。

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25. LONG-TERM PREPAYMENTS

25. 長期預付款項

Rental prepayments	預付租金
Prepayment for acquisition	收購附屬公司預付款
of a subsidiary	
Prepayment for purchases of land	購買土地及樓宇預付款項
and buildings	

二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
21,982 20,000	17,504 -
572,942	164,221
614,924	181,725

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

26. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

26. 遞延税項

於有關期間的遞延税項資產及負債的變動如下:

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

		Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits 可供抵銷未來應課税溢利的虧損 RMB'000人民幣千元	Assets disposal loss 處置資產 虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accrued rental expenses 應計租金 開支 RMB' 000 人民幣千元	Bonus point liabilities 會員 積分負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Available- for-sale investments 可供出售投資 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others [®] 其他 [®] RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB' 000 人民幣千元
Gross deferred tax assets at 1 January 2013 Deferred tax charged to equity	於2013年1月1日 遞延税項資產總額 年內計入權益的	14,615	11,668	5,878	9,334	4,708	11,299	57,502
during the year Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 13)	遞延税項 年內計入收益表 的遞延税項 (附註13)	(6,220)	1,728	2,321	2,241	(4,260)	1.177	(4,260)
1055 during the year (note 15)	(P/I) pI 13)	(0,220)	1,720	2,321	2,241		1,177	1,241
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2013 and	於2013年12月31日 及2014年1月1日的 遞延税項資產總額	9 205	12 206	0 100	11 575	448	10 476	E4 400
1 January 2014 Deferred tax charged to equity	延延枕項員座總額 年內計入權益的	8,395	13,396	8,199	11,575	440	12,476	54,489
during the year Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or	遞延税項 年內計入收益表 的遞延税項	-	-	-	-	(448)	-	(448)
loss during the year (note 13)	(附註13)	3,287	955	2,747	(3,754)	-	(351)	2,884
Gross deferred tax assets	2014年12月31日的							
at 31 December 2014	遞延税項資產總額	11,682	14,351	10,946	7,821	-	12,125	56,925

Note:

 Others mainly arise from temporary differences caused by pre-operating expenses, accrued expenses and inventory provision.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of tax losses arising in Mainland China of RMB99,232,000 (2013: RMB64,936,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits, as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

附註:

(i) 其他主要來自營運前開支,應計開支及 存貨撥備導致的臨時差異。

在中國內地於一至五年內到期的用於抵扣未來應稅溢利的金額為人民幣99,232,000元(2013年:人民幣64,936,000元)的稅項虧損並未確認為遞延稅項資產,因為產生該等稅項虧損的附屬公司已虧損一段時間,並且預計不會產生應稅溢利用於抵扣稅項虧損。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

26. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax liabilities

26. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債

		Fair value adjustments arising from acquisition of subsidiaries 因收購附屬 公司產生的 公平值調整 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Withholding taxes [®] 預扣稅 [®] RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ 其他 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ RMB' 000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 1 January 2013 Realisation during the year Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 13)	於2013年1月1日的 遞延税項負債總額 年內已實現 年內記入收益表的 遞延税項(附註13)	377,688 - (12,524)	36,602 (22,689) 16,613	60,621 - 17,891	474,911 (22,689) 21,980
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014 Realisation during the year Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 13)	於2013年12月31日 及2014年1月1日的 遞延税項負債總額 年內已實現 年內記入收益表的 遞延税項(附註13)	365,164 - (15,455)	30,526 (25,605) 14,382	78,512 - 20,961	474,202 (25,605) 19,888
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日 的遞延税項負債總額	349,709	19,303	99,473	468,485

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

26. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax liabilities (continued)

Notes:

i) Pursuant to the New CIT Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5% according to managements' best estimation. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

In the opinion of the Directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will, in the foreseeable future, distribute earnings with an aggregate amount of temporary differences of RMB921,840,000 (2013: RMB634,200,000) associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised at 31 December 2014.

(ii) Others mainly arise from temporary differences caused by capitalised interest and accelerated tax deduction of property, plant and equipment.

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

Net deferred tax assets
recognised in the consolidated
statement of financial position
Net deferred tax liabilities
recognised in the consolidated
statement of financial position

於綜合財務狀況表確認 的遞延税項資產淨額

於綜合財務狀況表確認 的遞延稅項負債淨額

26. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債(續)

附註:

(i) 根據新企業所得税法,在中國內地成立的外資企業向外國投資者所宣派的股息須繳交10%預扣税,此規定自2008年1月1日起生效,適用於2007年12月31日後的盈利。倘中國內地與外國投資者所屬司法權區訂有稅務協議,或可按較低稅率繳交預扣稅。就本集團而言,根據管理層的合理估計適用稅率為5%。因此,本集團須就中國內地成立的附屬公司於2008年1月1日起所獲盈利分派的股息繳交預扣稅。

於2014年12月31日,董事認為在中國內地投資的附屬公司在可預見的將來不可能分配累計金額為人民幣921,840,000元(2013年:人民幣634,200,000元)的投資收益,相關暫時性差異產生的遞延所得稅負債也未予確認。

(ii) 其他主要因資本化利息引致的臨時差額及物業、廠房及設備的加速減稅而產生。

就呈列目的而言,若干遞延税項資產及 負債已於綜合財務狀況表抵銷。以下為 就財務呈報目的對本集團的遞延税項結 餘進行之分析:

2013
二零一三年
RMB'000
人民幣千元
49,546
(469,259
(419,713

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

27. INVENTORIES

At 31 December 2014, the Group's inventories with a carrying amount of RMB17,813,000 (2013: RMB5,267,000) were carried at fair value less costs to sell.

28. TRADE RECEIVABLES

All of the Group's sales are on a cash basis except for certain bulk sales of merchandise which are credit sales. The credit terms offered to customers are generally one month.

None of the balances of the trade receivables at each reporting date is either past due or impaired.

An aged analysis of the trade receivables at each reporting date, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

Within one month 一個月內

27. 存貨

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
322,044	382,096
1,011	1,287
323,055	383,383

於2014年12月31日,本集團賬面值為人民幣17,813,000元(2013年:人民幣5,267,000元)的存貨,乃基於公平值減銷售成本淨額計量。

28. 應收貿易款項

除若干大宗商品銷售為信貸銷售外,本 集團所有銷售均按現金基准進行。授予 客戶的信貸期一般為一個月。

於各報告日期的所有應收貿易款項結餘 並無逾期,亦無出現減值。

於各報告日期應收貿易款項按發票日期 劃分的賬齡分析如下:

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
12,164	13,026

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

29. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND **OTHER RECEIVABLES**

Group

29. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款

本集團

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Value-added tax recoverable	可收回增值税	7,081	6,523
Prepayments to suppliers	向供應商預付款項	22,910	28,035
Other receivables from suppliers	向供應商其他應收款項	108,014	97,764
Prepaid rental and deposits	預付租金及按金	34,280	52,361
POS receivables	POS應收款項	31,604	36,355
Interest receivables	應收利息	8,903	30,054
Other deposits and receivables	其他按金及應收款項	24,838	32,133
		237,630	283,225

Company

Prepaid rental and deposits

預付租金及按金

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

本公司

2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
RMB'000 人民幣千元	-
228	227

上述資產並無逾期或減值。計入上述結 餘中的金融資產與近期並無拖欠記錄的 應收款項有關。

30. STRUCTURED DEPOSITS

30. 結構性存款

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
115,000	1,887,000

Structured deposits in licensed banks in the PRC, at amortised cost

於中華人民共和國持牌 銀行的結構性存款, 以攤銷成本計量

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30. STRUCTURED DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

These structured deposits have terms of less than one year and have expected annual rates of return up to 5.9% (2013: 6.3%). Pursuant to the underlying contracts or notices, these structured deposits are capital guaranteed upon the maturity date.

31. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS **AND RESTRICTED CASH**

Group

		RMB'000 人民幣千元	,
Cash and bank balances Time deposits	現金及銀行結餘 定期存款	534,881 1,677,667	
		2,212,548	
Less: Restricted cash with maturity date within one year Restricted cash with maturity	貨幣資金	-	
date over one year Long-term time deposits	貨幣資金	(227,580)	
at banks	定期存款	(162,304)	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,822,664	
Company	本公司	司	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	-
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	29,443	

現金及現金等價物

30. 結構性存款(續)

上述結構性存款期限少於一年,並 預期最高有5.9%的年利率(2013年: 6.3%)。根據已經簽署的合約,這些結 構性存款於到期日是保本的。

31. 現金及現金等價物和受限貨幣 資金

本集團

	2014 二零一四年 RMB' 000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	534,881 1,677,667	436,361 1,131,467
	2,212,548	1,567,828
	-	(400,000)
	(227,580)	(154,445)
	(162,304)	(121,460)
	1,822,664	891,923
公之	司	
	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	29,443	25,568
	29,443	25,568

Cash and cash equivalents

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31. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (CONTINUED)

The Group's cash and bank balances and time deposits at each reporting date are denominated in the following currencies:

RMB	人民幣
US\$	美元
HK\$	港元

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between three months and five years depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks. The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents and time deposits approximate to their fair values.

Pursuant to the relevant rules and regulations issued by the Ministry of Commerce of the People's Republic of China, the Group was required to deposit bank balances (or through issuing the letter of bank guarantee to deposit) in the Group's designated accounts, which amount was no less than 30% of the balance of advances from customers for sales of prepaid cards. As at 31 December 2014, certain of the Group's restricted cash amounted to RMB100,396,000 (2013: RMB554,445,000) represents the above balances deposited in the Group's designated accounts.

As at 31 December 2014, certain of the Group's restricted cash amounted to RMB127,184,000 (2013: Nil) were pledged to banks for bank loans facilities granted to the Group as disclosed in note 33.

31. 現金及現金等價物(續)

本集團於各報告日期的現金及銀行結餘 及定期存款按下列貨幣計值:

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB' 000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1,970,079	1,453,223
205,307	45,678
37,162	68,927
2,212,548	1,567,828

銀行存款根據每日銀行存款利率賺取 浮動利息。定期存款由三個月至五年期 限不等,視乎本集團的即時現金需求而 定,並按各自的定期存款利率賺取利 息。銀行結餘存入具信譽銀行。現金及 現金等價物、定期存款的賬面值與其公 平值相若。

根據中華人民共和國商務部頒發的相關 法規,本集團需存入(或通過獲得銀行 保函以擔保)不少於銷售預付費卡的客 戶預付款項餘額30%的款項於集團指定 賬戶。於2014年12月31日,本集團人 民幣100,396,000元(2013年:人民幣 554,445,000元)的受限貨幣資金已存入 集團的指定賬戶。

於2014年12月31日,本集團人民幣 127,184,000元(2013年:無)的受限貨 幣資金已質押於銀行作為授予本集團銀 行借款的擔保,並於附註33披露。

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32. SHORT-TERM FINANCING NOTES

On 29 March 2013, the Group issued its short-term financing notes at par value of RMB900 million in the national inter-bank market in the PRC. The nominal interest rate is 4.59% per annum and the effective interest rate is 5.01% per annum. The principal together with the interest thereon were fully paid on 29 March 2014.

33. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

33. 計息銀行借款

32. 短期融資券

於2013年3月29日,本集團在中國銀行間
市場發行了票面價值為人民幣900百萬元
的短期融資券。名義年利率是4.59%,
實際年利率是5.01%。該融資券利息連
同本金已於2014年3月29日全額支付。

2014

2013

		二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Bank loans: Secured	銀行貸款: 有擔保	391,731	_
Unsecured	無擔保	2,202,488	1,933,480
		2,594,219	1,933,480
Bank loans repayable: Within one year or on demand Over one year but within	應償還銀行貸款: 一年以內 一年以上但兩年內	299,887	941,268
two years		737,953	308,303
Over two years but within five years	兩年以上但五年內	1,556,379	683,909
		2,594,219	1,933,480
Total bank borrowings	銀行借款總額	2,594,219	1,933,480
Less: Portion classified as current liabilities	減:分類為流動負債的部分	(299,887)	(941,268)
Long-term portion	長期部分	2,294,332	992,212

Bank loans bear interest at fixed rates or floating rates.

The Group's bank loans bore effective interest rates from 1.9% to 2.6% per annum as at 31 December 2014 and 1.4% to 6.0% per annum as at 31 December 2013.

As at 31 December 2014, certain of the Group's restricted cash amounted to RMB127,184,000 (2013: Nil) were pledged to banks for bank loans facilities granted to the Group.

銀行貸款按固定利率及浮動利率計息。

在2014年12月31日本集團的銀行貸款有效年利率由1.9%至2.6%及在2013年12月31日由1.4%至6.0%。

於2014年12月31日,本集團人民幣 127,184,000元(2013年:無)的受限貨 幣資金已質押於銀行作為授予本集團銀 行借款的擔保。

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33. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

The Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings at each reporting date are denominated in the following currencies:

RMB	人民幣
US\$	美元
HK\$	港元

33. 計息銀行借款(續)

本集團於各報告日期的計息銀行借款按 下列貨幣計值:

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
-	1,000
2,091,421	1,543,736
502,798	388,744
2,594,219	1,933,480

34. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

An aged analysis of the trade and bills payables at each reporting date, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

Within three months	三個月內
Over three months but within	三個月以上但六個月內
six months	
Over six months but	六個月以上但一年內
within one year	
Over one year	一年以上

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of up to 60 days.

34. 應付貿易款項及應付票據

於各報告日期應付貿易款項及應付票據 按發票日的賬齡分析如下:

2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
943,263	1,022,658
84,998 62,650	64,100 34,164
27,829	41,877
1,118,740	1,162,799

應付貿易款項均為免息且通常在60天內 結清。

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35. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

35. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Payables to suppliers' employees	應付供應商僱員款項	15,915	17,490
Deposits from suppliers	供應商按金	75,319	77,055
Value-added taxes	增值税	11,898	50,018
Other tax payable	其他應付税項	31,287	34,033
Payable for capital expenditure	應付資本開支	74,977	220,445
Payable for staff costs	應付員工成本	169,156	175,075
Bonus point liabilities	會員積分負債	31,282	46,300
Advances from customers	客戶預付款項	1,290,892	1,515,002
Payable for acquisition of a joint venture	收購一間合營企業應付款項 收購	18,498	18,431
Payable for acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司應付款項 	_	4,599
Amount due to an associate	應付聯營公司款項	14,795	_
Payable for acquisition of non-controlling interests	收購非控股權益應付款項	1,000	_
Interest payable	應付利息	11,665	5,100
Dividends payable	應付股息	108	_
Other payables	其他應付款項	80,913	65,242
		1,827,705	2,228,790

The above balances are unsecured and non-interestbearing. 上述結餘乃無抵押並免息。

36. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

36. 衍生金融工具

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	- V RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
389	_

Forward currency contracts 遠期合約

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37. LONG-TERM PAYABLES

37. 長期應付款項

2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
43,784	32,799
271,111	267,530
314,895	300,329

Long-term portion of accrued rental expenses
Put options to non-controlling shareholders (i)

應計租金開支的長期 部分 授予非控股股東的認 沽期權[®]

Note:

Put options were granted to certain non-controlling shareholders of a subsidiary to sell their equity interest in the subsidiary to the Group at a pre-determined price in connection with the acquisition of the subsidiary in November 2009. The put options are exercisable from 1 January 2010 and have no expiry date. Holders of the put options need to notify the Group of the exercise of the options in written form before November of a calendar year and the Group has to complete the required transaction and pay the non-controlling shareholders before 1 May of the year subsequent to the year in which the notice of the exercise of put options is received. The balance represents the present value of amounts payable by the Group to acquire the non-controlling interests as if the non-controlling interests were fully acquired at each of the reporting dates.

附註:

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38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating lease arrangements

Group as lessee

The Group leases certain of its land and buildings under operating lease arrangements with lease terms ranging from one to twenty years.

At 31 December 2014, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

Within one year — 年內 In the second to fifth years, inclusive After five years — 五年以上

38. 或然負債、經營租賃安排及資本承擔

(a) 經營租賃安排

本集團作為承租人

本集團依據經營租賃安排租賃若干土地及樓宇,租期為一至二十年。

於2014年12月31日,本集團根據不可撤銷經營租賃的未來最低應付租 金總額如下:

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
95,743	72,720
398,120	396,683
1,021,315	1,213,010
1,515,178	1,682,413

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Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Operating lease arrangements (continued) Group as lessor

The Group leases out certain of its land and buildings under operating lease arrangements with lease terms ranging from one to twenty years.

At 31 December 2014, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

38. 或然負債、經營租賃安排及資本承擔(續)

(a) 經營租賃安排(續)

本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租若干 土地及樓宇,租期為一至二十年。

於2014年12月31日,本集團根據不可撤銷經營租賃的未來最低應收租 金總額如下:

2014

2013

二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
121,154	54,390
132,421	90,970
51,796	57,602
305,371	202,962

Within one year — 年內
In the second to fifth years, 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年) inclusive
After five years 五年以上

已簽訂但未撥備:

Contracted, but not provided for:

Property, plant and equipment

物業、廠房及設備

(b) 資本承擔

2014 二零一四年 RMB'000	二零一三年 RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1,313,603	1,063,642

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39. ISSUED CAPITAL AND RESERVES

(a) Issued capital Authorised

39. 已發行股本及儲備

(a) 已發行股本

法定

2014	2013
No. of shares at	No. of shares at
HK\$0.01 each	HK\$0.01 each
Thousands	Thousands
二零一四年	二零一三年
每股面值	每股面值
0.01港元	0.01港元
的股份數量	的股份數量
千股	千股
10,000,000	10,000,000

Ordinary shares 普通股

Ordinary shares issued and fully paid

已發行及繳足普通股

		No. of shares at HK\$0.01 each Thousands 每股面值 0.01港元的 股份數量 千股	RMB' 000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2013	於2013年1月1日	2,500,000	21,589
Shares repurchased and cancelled	股票購回和註銷	(2,104)	(17)
As at 31 December 2013, and 1 January 2014	於2013年12月31日及 2014年1月1日	2,497,896	21,572
Shares repurchased and cancelled	股票購回和註銷	(37,196)	(323)
As at 31 December 2014	於2014年12月31日	2,460,700	21,249

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Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

39. ISSUED CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Issued capital (Continued)

During the year, the Company repurchased its own shares through the Stock Exchange as follows:

39. 已發行股本及儲備(續)

(a) 已發行股本(續)

於本年度,本公司透過聯交所購回 本公司股份如下:

		No. of shares at	Price pe	er share		Aggregate
		HK\$0.01 each	每股	股價	Aggregate	consideration
		Thousands	Highest	Lowest	consideration	equivalent to
		每股面值	最高	最低	總代價	相當於總代價
Month of repurchase		0.01 港元的	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000	RMB'000
購回月份		股份數量	港元	港元	千港元	人民幣千元
		千股				
January 2014	2014年1月	8,086	3.96	3.82	31,695	24,920
April 2014	2014年4月	3,951	3.19	2.91	12,451	9,889
May 2014	2014年5月	17,521	3.13	2.57	49,718	39,564
June 2014	2014年6月	7,438	2.99	2.87	21,862	17,353
July 2014	2014年7月	200	3.25	3.21	647	515
		37,196			116,373	92,241
October 2014	2014年10月	315	2.87	2.87	906	718
December 2014	2014年12月	11,605	2.70	2.46	30,663	24,188
		11,920			31,569	24,906
		49,116			147,942	117,147

The Company repurchased 49,116,000 shares during the year ended 31 December 2014. The nominal value of approximately HK\$491,000, equivalent to RMB425,000 (2013: HK\$20,000, equivalent to RMB17,000) was credited to treasury shares account, and the premium paid or payable and the related costs incurred for the share repurchase of approximately HK\$147,451,000, equivalent to RMB116,722,000 (2013: HK\$8,227,000, equivalent to RMB6,485,000) was charged against share premium account of the Company.

截至2014年12月31日止年度,本公司購回49,116,000股股票,股本面值約為491,000港元,相當於人民幣425,000元(2013年:20,000港元,相當於人民幣17,000元)已計入庫存股賬戶,而就購回股份已付或應付的溢價及產生的相關成本約147,451,000港元,相當於人民幣116,722,000元(2013年:8,227,000港元,相當於人民幣6,485,000元)已計入本公司股份溢價賬戶。

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39. ISSUED CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Issued capital (Continued)

Included in the repurchased shares, 37,196,000 shares were cancelled during the year ended 31 December 2014. The nominal value of approximately HK\$372,000, equivalent to RMB323,000 (2013: HK\$20,000, equivalent to RMB17,000), was credited to issued capital account from treasury shares accounts.

The remaining 11,920,000 shares were not cancelled and still recognised as treasury shares as at 31 December 2014. The nominal value was approximately HK\$119,000, equivalent to RMB102,000 (2013: Nil).

(b) Contributed surplus

Contributed surplus represents the difference between (i) the Company's cost of investments in the subsidiaries that were acquired via a business combination under common control in the prior year and (ii) the aggregate of the nominal values of the paid-up capital of these subsidiaries upon acquisition.

(c) Statutory surplus reserve

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC and the respective articles of association of the PRC Subsidiaries, each of the PRC Subsidiaries is required to allocate 10% of its profit after tax, as determined in accordance with PRC GAAP, to the statutory surplus reserve (the "SSR") until this reserve reaches 50% of its registered capital.

The SSR is non-distributable except in the event of a liquidation and, subject to certain restrictions set out in the relevant PRC regulations, can be used to offset accumulated losses or be capitalised as paid-up capital. However, the balance of the statutory reserve fund must be maintained at a minimum of 25% of the registered capital after these usages.

39. 已發行股本及儲備(續)

(a) 已發行股本(續)

截至2014年12月31日止年度,回購股票中的37,196,000股已經被注消,股本面值約為372,000港元,相當於人民幣323,000元(2013年:20,000港元,相當於人民幣17,000元)由庫存股賬戶轉入已發行股本。

於2014年12月31日 · 剩餘 11,920,000股尚未注銷 · 仍被確認 為庫存股。股本面值約為119,000 港元 · 相當於人民幣102,000元 (2013:無)。

(b) 實繳盈餘

實繳盈餘指(i)本公司在於有關期間 之前通過共同控制業務合併收購的 附屬公司的投資成本與(ii)收購時該 等附屬公司的已繳股本面值總額的 差額。

(c) 法定公積金

根據中國公司法及中國附屬公司各自的組織章程,中國附屬公司須將其除稅後溢利的10%(根據中國公認會計準則釐定)分配至法定公積金(「法定公積金」),直至該等公積金達致其各自註冊資本的50%。

法定公積金除於清盤情況外不可分派,惟在遵守有關中國法規所載的若干限制下可用於抵銷累計虧損或資本化為實繳資本。但抵銷累計虧損後,該法定公積金結餘須保持至少為註冊資本的25%。

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39. ISSUED CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(d) Discretionary reserve

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC and the respective articles of association of the PRC Subsidiaries, certain of the PRC Subsidiaries transferred a certain percentage of their profit after tax, at the discretion of the PRC Subsidiaries' boards of directors, to the discretionary reserve. The discretionary reserve can be utilised to offset prior years' losses or to increase the registered capital.

39. 已發行股本及儲備(續)

(d) 酌情儲備

根據中國公司法及中國附屬公司各自的組織章程,若干中國附屬公司轉撥其除稅後溢利的特定百分比(由董事會酌情釐定)至酌情儲備。酌情儲備可用於抵銷過往年度的虧損或增加註冊資本。

(e) Company

(e) 本公司

		Evahanaa		
	Chaus	•	A a a commendada al	
	•			Total
				總額
				RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
於2013年1月1日	1,983,792	(229,625)	(24,263)	1,729,904
年度全面收益總額				
	_	(51,691)	(844)	(52,535)
2013年中期股息	(198,780)	-	-	(198,780)
股票購回	(6,485)	-	_	(6,485)
擬派發2013年				
末期股息	(167,235)	-	_	(167,235)
於2013年12月31日				
及2014年1月1日	1,611,292	(281,316)	(25,107)	1,304,869
年度全面收益總額				
	_	7,446	(3,021)	4,425
已宣佈2013年				
末期股息	349	_	_	349
	(156.274)	_	_	(156,274)
		_	_	(116,722)
	(1.10,1.22)			(1.0,1==)
	(174 244)	_	_	(174,244)
\L\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(117,277)			(117,277)
於2014年12月31日	1,164,401	(273,670)	(28,128)	862,403
	年度全面收益總額 2013年中期股息 股票購會 投票職發2013年 末期股息 於2013年12月31日 及2014年1月1日 年度全面收益總額 已宣佈2013年 末期股息 2014年 期股息 投票購發2014年 末期股息	年度全面收益總額 - 2013年中期股息 股票購回 (6,485) 擬派發2013年 末期股息 (198,780) (6,485) 於2013年12月31日 及2014年1月1日 年度全面收益總額 1,611,292 已宣佈2013年 末期股息 349 2014年中期股息 股票購回 擬派發2014年 末期股息 (156,274) (116,722) 擬派發2014年 末期股息 (174,244)	premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 reserve 匯率波動儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 於2013年1月1日 年度全面收益總額 1,983,792 (229,625) (229,625) 2013年中期股息 股票購回 援派發2013年 末期股息 (198,780) (6,485) - 於2013年12月31日 及2014年1月1日 年度全面收益總額 (167,235) - 於2013年 末期股息 1,611,292 (281,316) (281,316) 已宣佈2013年 末期股息 349 (156,274) - 於票購回 擬派發2014年 末期股息 (116,722) - 擬派發2014年 末期股息 (174,244) -	Share premium premium premium premium premium premium preserve 股份溢價 匯率波動儲備 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (51,691) (844) 2013年中期股息 (198,780)

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

40. ASSETS OF A DISPOSAL GROUP CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE AND DIRECTLY ASSOCIATED LIABILITIES

At the acquisition date of Yangzhou Fengxiang in the year 2012, the Group decided to dispose of certain non-current assets and a subsidiary company acquired from that business combination, which are not relevant to the principal operation of the Group. According to IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, the Group classified these non-current assets and the subsidiary company as held for sale at the acquisition date and measured them at fair values less costs to sell.

During the year 2013, the Group had disposed of part of these held for sale non-current assets amounting to RMB6,000,000. The Group did not change the intention of selling the rest of the subsidiary company, and they were still classified as held for sale. As at 31 December 2014, the disposal of the rest of the held for sale subsidiary company were still in progress.

41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

(a) Transactions with related parties

On 15 April 2013, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Jiangsu Springland International Holding (Group) Ltd. ("Jiangsu Springland") purchased a financial product (the "Financial Product") from China Construction Bank Corporation Wuxi Chengbei Branch for RMB200,000,000 maturing on 17 April 2014. However, a balance of RMB180,000,000 remained outstanding under the Financial Product after the maturity on 17 April 2014. In the course of enquires with the bank, it was discovered that a pledge has been registered on a one year fixed deposit of RMB100,000,000 with China Construction Bank Corporation Wuxi Yingbin Branch, which is placed in January 2014, by an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Wuxi Xishan Yaohan Lifestvle Center Co., Ltd. ("Xishan Yaohan"), with an interest rate equal to 3.25% per annum (the "Deposit"), payable upon maturity.

40. 已終止經營業務分類為持有待 售資產及直接相關負債

於2012年收購揚州豐祥之日起,本集團决定處置若干從本次業務合併中獲得的,與本集團主營業務無關的,非流動資產及一家子公司。依据國際財務報告準則第5號持有待售非流動資產及已終止經營業務,本集團將該等非流動資產及附屬公司於收購日劃分為持作待售資產並按公平價值減銷售成本計量。

於2013年度,本集團處理總計人民幣6,000,000元的持有待售非流動資產集團並沒有改變出售餘下子公司的意圖,他們仍將其歸類為持有待售資產。於2014年12月31日,餘下持有待售子公司的最終處置仍在進行中。

41. 關連方交易

除於財務報表其他章節披露的交易和結 餘外,本集團本年與關連方有如下重大 交易:

(a) 與關連方的交易

於2013年4月15日,江蘇華地國際 控股集團有限公司(「江蘇華地」), 本公司間接全資附屬公司,向中國 建設銀行股份有限公司無錫城北 支行購買人民幣2億元的理財產品 (「理財產品」),並於2014年4月17 日到期,然而餘額為人民幣1.8億 元理財產品於2014年4月17日到期 後尚未收回。在向銀行的查詢過程 中,公司發現無錫錫山八佰伴生活 廣場有限公司(「錫山八佰伴」),本 公司間接全資附屬公司,在2014年 1月存放於中國建設銀行股份有限 公司無錫迎賓支行之人民幣1億元, 年收益率為3.25%的一年期定期存 款(「定期存款」)已經被質押。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) Transactions with related parties (continued)

On 30 April 2014, to prevent possible losses and incurrence of further time and costs by the Group, Jiangsu Springland and Xishan Yaohan as sellers entered into an agreement with Mr. Chen Jianqiang (the "Controlling Shareholder") as purchaser, whereby Jiangsu Springland agreed to dispose of the Financial Product to the Controlling Shareholder for a cash consideration equal to RMB180,000,000 and Xishan Yaohan agreed to dispose the Deposit to the Controlling Shareholder for a cash consideration equal to RMB100.000.000. The considerations were determined after considering the costs paid by Jiangsu Springland for the Financial Product and Xishan Yaohan for the Deposit, respectively. The considerations shall be paid by the Controlling Shareholder on/before 31 December 2014.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, RMB98,000,000 of the considerations was paid by the Controlling Shareholder and the outstanding considerations due from the Controlling Shareholder amounted to RMB182,000,000 as at 31 December 2014. On 16 December 2014, Jiangsu Springland, Xishan Yaohan and the Controlling Shareholder entered into a supplemental agreement whereby the outstanding consideration became interest bearing at a rate of 3.5% per annum from 1 January 2015 and the payment date was extended to 31 December 2016.

41. 關連方交易(續)

(a) 與關連方的交易(續)

截至2014年12月31日止年度,控股股東已支付對價人民幣98,000,000元,於2014年12月31日,對價結餘應收控股股東為人民幣182,000,000元。於2014年12月16日,江蘇華地,錫山八佰伴與控股股東訂立補充協議,對價結餘由2015年1月1日起需支付年利率3.5%利息及付款日期延長至2016年12月31日。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Outstanding balances with related parties

41. 關連方交易(續)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(b) 與關連方的結餘

	31 December	31 December
	2014	2013
	2014年	2013年
	12月31日	12月31日
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
,		
	182,000	_
	30,000	_
	(14,795)	_

- Due from the Controlling 應收控股股東款項 Shareholder
- Loan to a joint venture 提供予合營公司的貸款

Amounts due to 應付聯營公司款項 an associate

- (i) As disclosed above, the Group had an outstanding balance due from the Controlling Shareholder of RMB182,000,000 as at 31 December 2014 (2013: Nil). This balance is unsecured, bears interest at a rate of 3.5% from 1 January 2015 and shall be repaid on/before 31 December 2016.
- (ii) As disclosed above, the Group had an outstanding balance of a loan to a joint venture of RMB30,000,000 as at 31 December 2014 (2013: Nil). This balance is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.
- (iii) Included in the other payables and accruals account, the Group had an outstanding balance due to an associate of RMB14,795,000 as at 31 December 2014 (2013: Nil). This balance is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

- (i) 依據上述披露,本集團於2014 年12月31日應收控股股東款項為人民幣182,000,000元 (2013年:無)。上述餘額乃無 抵押、自2015年1月1日起年利 率為3.5%且應在2016年12月 31日或之前償還。
- (ii) 依據上述披露,本集團於2014 年12月31日提供予合營公司的 貸款結餘為人民幣30,000,000 元(2013年:無)。上述餘額乃 無抵押、免息及無固定還款期 限。
- (iii) 本集團於2014年12月31日包含在其他應付款及應計費用中的應付聯營公司款項為人民幣14,795,000元(2013年:無)。上述餘額乃無抵押、免息且無固定還款期限。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

Short-term employee benefits 當期僱員薪酬

Post-employment benefits 退休金

Total compensation paid to key management personnel

支付給主要管理人員 的薪酬總額

Further details of directors' and the chief executive's emoluments are included in note 11 to the financial statements.

41. 關連方交易(續)

(c) 本集團主要管理人員的薪酬

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
7,828	6,928
244	228
8,072	7,156

本集團董事及行政總裁薪酬的進一步詳情於財務報表附註11披露。

42. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Company

42. 於附屬公司權益

本公司

2011	2010
二零一四年	二零一三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
_	-
1,028,123	1,467,881
1,028,123	1,467,881

2014

2013

Unlisted shares, at cost 按成本計值的非上市股份 Loans to subsidiaries 提供予附屬公司的貸款

The amounts advanced to the subsidiaries included in the interests in subsidiaries above are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment. In the opinion of the directors, these advances are considered as part of the Company's investments in its subsidiaries.

計入上述附屬公司權益的墊付附屬公司款項乃無抵押、免息及無固定還款期限。董事認為該等貸款可視為本公司對 附屬公司投資的一部分。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

42. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

42.於附屬公司的權益(續)

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Group are as follows:

Name 公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/成立及 經營地點及日期	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行/登記普通股股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本集團應佔 權益百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Springland International Group Company Limited (a)(4) 華地國際集團有限公司(a)(4)	BVI 12 June 2006 英屬處女群島 2006年6月12日	US\$1 1美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Cleavebury Limited (4)	Hong Kong 25 January 2006 香港 2006年1月25日	HK\$1 1港元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Novel Vanguard Investment Limited (a)(4) 新鋒投資有限公司(a)(4)	BVI 21 November 2011 英屬處女群島 2011年11月21日	US\$1 1美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Sonton Enterprises Limited ⁽⁴⁾ 盛迅企業有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	Hong Kong 17 June 1993 香港 1993年6月17日	HK\$38,000,000 38,000,000港元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Jiangsu Springland International Holdings (Group) Ltd. ⁽¹⁾ 江蘇華地國際控股集團有限公司 ⁽¹⁾	PRC/Mainland China 12 February 1996 中國/中國內地 1996年2月12日	US\$360,000,000 360,000,000美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Shanghai Springland Enterprise Investment Co., Ltd. ⁽³⁾ 上海華地企業投資有限公司 ⁽³⁾	PRC/Mainland China 6 November 1996 中國/中國內地 1996年11月6日	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Changshu Yaohan Commerce & Trade Co., Ltd. ^{(b)(4)} 常熟八佰伴商貿有限公司 ^{(b)(4)}	PRC/Mainland China 29 July 2004 中國/中國內地 2004年7月29日	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

42. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

42. 於附屬公司的權益(續)

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Group are as follows: (continued)

	Place and date of incorporation/registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary/	Percentage of equity attributable to the	
Name 公司名稱	and operations 註冊成立/成立及 經營地點及日期	registered share capital 已發行/登記 普通股股本面值	Company 本集團應佔 權益百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Danyang Springland Department Store Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 丹陽華地百貨有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 17 March 2004 中國/中國內地 2004年3月17日	RMB60,000,000 人民幣 60,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Jiangsu Datonghua Shopping Centre Co., Ltd. ^③ 江蘇大統華購物中心有限公司 ^③	PRC/Mainland China 14 March 2001 中國/中國內地 2001年3月14日	RMB35,000,000 人民幣 35,000,000元	100%	Operation of supermarkets 經營超市
Jiangyin Springland Department Store Co., Ltd. ⁽³⁾ 江陰華地百貨有限公司 ⁽³⁾	PRC/Mainland China 5 June 2003 中國/中國內地 2003年6月5日	RMB130,000,000 人民幣 130,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores and supermarkets 經營百貨店 及超市
Jintan Datonghua Shopping Centre Co., Ltd. ⁽²⁾ 金壇大統華購物中心有限公司 ⁽²⁾	PRC/Mainland China 17 April 2003 中國/中國內地 2003年4月17日	RMB215,000,000 人民幣 215,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores and supermarkets 經營百貨店 及超市
Liyang Datonghua Shopping Centre Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 溧陽大統華購物中心有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 28 June 2002 中國/中國內地 2002年6月28日	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	100%	Operation of supermarkets 經營超市
Liyang Yaohan Commerce & Trade Centre Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 溧陽八佰伴商貿中心有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 29 April 2002 中國/中國內地 2002年4月29日	RMB110,000,000 人民幣 110,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Liyang No.1 Department Store Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 溧陽市中百一店有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 22 May 2001 中國/中國內地 2001年5月22日	RMB1,225,000 人民幣 1,225,000元	100%	Property holding 持有物業

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

42. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

42. 於附屬公司的權益(續)

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Group are as follows: (continued)

	Place and date of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered	Percentage of equity attributable to the	
Name 公司名稱	and operations 註冊成立/成立及 經營地點及日期	share capital 已發行/登記 普通股股本面值	Company 本集團應佔 權益百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Ma' anshan Yaohan Trading Center Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 馬鞍山八佰伴商貿有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 22 August 2008 中國/中國內地 2008年8月22日	RMB141,000,000 人民幣 141,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Wuxi Springland Investment Management Co., Ltd. ⁽³⁾ 無錫華地投資管理有限公司 ⁽³⁾	PRC/Mainland China 15 April 1980 中國/中國內地 1980年4月15日	RMB490,000,000 人民幣 490,000,000元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Wuxi Angexin Technology Co., Ltd. ⁽³⁾ 無錫安格信科技有限公司 ⁽³⁾	PRC/Mainland China 27 July 2006 中國/中國內地 2006年7月27日	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	100%	Provision of technology service 提供技術服務
Wuxi Datonghua Shopping Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 無錫大統華購物有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 25 September 2006 中國/中國內地 2006年9月25日	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	100%	Operation of supermarkets 經營超市
Wuxi Huiquan Logistics Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 無錫滙全物流有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 26 March 2007 中國/中國內地 2007年3月26日	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	100%	Provision of logistics service 提供物流服務
Wuxi Yaohan Commerce & Trade Centre Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 無錫八佰伴商貿中心有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 25 March 1994 中國/中國內地 1994年3月25日	RMB301,911,000 人民幣 301,911,000元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Wuxi Yuandongli Consulting Co., Ltd. ^③ 無錫源動力諮詢有限公司 ^⑤	PRC/Mainland China 26 April 2006 中國/中國內地 2006年4月26日	RMB2,000,000 人民幣 2,000,000元	100%	Provision of consultation service 提供諮詢服務

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

42. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

42. 於附屬公司的權益(續)

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Group are as follows: (continued)

	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	Principal
Name 公司名稱	註冊成立/成立及 經營地點及日期	已發行/登記 普通股股本面值	本集團應佔 權益百分比	activities 主要業務
Yixing Springland Department Store Co., Ltd. ⁽³⁾ 宜興華地百貨有限公司 ⁽³⁾	PRC/Mainland China 24 May 2000 中國/中國內地 2000年5月24日	RMB80,000,000 人民幣 80,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Yixing Housa Plaza Co., Ltd. ^⑤ 宜興市和信廣場有限公司 ^⑥	PRC/Mainland China 13 February 2004 中國/中國內地 2004年2月13日	RMB30,000,000 人民幣 30,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Zhenjiang Yaohan Commerce & Trade Center Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 鎮江市八佰伴商貿有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 28 August 2006 中國/中國內地 2006年8月28日	RMB350,000,000 人民幣 350,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores and supermarkets 經營百貨店 及超市
Nantong Yaohan Commerce & Trade Joint Stock Company Limited (4) 南通八佰伴商貿股份有限公司(4)	PRC/Mainland China 16 September 1993 中國/中國內地 1993年9月16日	RMB31,938,786 人民幣 31,938,786元	58.08%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Nantong Boda Tengfei Advertising Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 南通博大騰飛廣告有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 19 January 2006 中國/中國內地 2006年1月19日	RMB500,000 人民幣 500,000元	52.27%	Provision of advertising service 提供廣告服務
Changxing Yaohan Commerce & Trade Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 長興八佰伴商貿有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 17 November 2009 中國/中國內地 2009年11月17日	RMB75,000,000 人民幣 75,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores and supermarkets 經營百貨店及 超市
Taixing Datonghua Shopping Center Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 泰興市大統華購物中心有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 2 December 2010 中國/中國內地 2010年12月2日	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	100%	Operation of supermarkets 經營超市

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Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

42. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

42.於附屬公司的權益(續)

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Group are as follows: (continued)

Name	Place and date of incorporation/registration and operations 註冊成立/成立及	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行/登記	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本集團應佔	Principal activities
公司名稱	經營地點及日期	普通股股本面值	權益百分比	主要業務
Changzhou Yaohan Department Store Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 常州八佰伴百貨有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 17 September 2010 中國/中國內地 2010年9月17日	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores and supermarkets 經營百貨店及超市
Nanjing Datonghua City-Supermarket Co., Ltd. ^{(c)(4)} 南京大統華城市超市有限公司 ^{(c)(4)}	PRC/Mainland China 14 September 2010 中國/中國內地 2010年9月14日	RMB3,000,000 人民幣 3,000,000元	100%	Operation of supermarkets 經營超市
Anqing Yuexin Xinglida Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 安慶悦信興利達房地產開發有限責任公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 8 February 2007 中國/中國內地 2007年2月8日	RMB130,000,000 人民幣 130,000,000元	100%	Property holding 持有物業
Xuancheng Yaohan Commerce & Trade Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 宣城八佰伴商貿有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 1 September 2011 中國/中國內地 2011年9月1日	RMB153,000,000 人民幣 153,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores and supermarkets 經營百貨店及 超市
Jiangsu Green Land Agriculture Technology Development Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 江蘇綠地農業科技發展有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 23 August 2011 中國/中國內地 2011年8月23日	RMB5,100,000 人民幣 5,100,000元	100% \$	Supply of vegetables 供應蔬菜
Yangzhou Fengxiang Commerce Co., Ltd. ⁽²⁾ 揚州豐祥商業有限公司 ⁽²⁾	PRC/Mainland China 28 June 1993 中國/中國內地 1993年6月28日	US\$10,000,000 10,000,000美元	55%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Jiaxing Yaohan Commerce & Trade Co., Ltd. 嘉興八佰伴商貿有限公司 ⁽²⁾	PRC/Mainland China 11 September 2012 中國/中國內地 2012年9月11日	RMB624,000,000 人民幣 624,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores and supermarket 經營百貨店 及超市

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42. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Group are as follows: (continued)

42. 於附屬公司的權益(續)

本集團主要附屬公司詳情如下:(續)

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Name 公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/成立及經營地點及日期	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行/登記普通股股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本集團應佔 權益百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Nanjing Yaohan Commerce & Trade Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 南京八佰伴商貿有限公司 ⁽⁴⁾	PRC/Mainland China 5 November 2007 中國/中國內地 2007年11月5日	RMB19,000,000 人民幣 19,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Wuxi BeitangDatonghua Shopping Center Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾ 無錫北塘大統華購物有限公司	PRC/Mainland China 21June 2013 中國/中國內地 2013年6月21日	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	100%	Operation of supermarkets 經營超市
Wuxi Xishan Yaohan Lifestyle Center Co., Ltd. ⁽²⁾ 無錫錫山八佰伴生活廣場有限公司 ⁽²⁾	PRC/Mainland China 14 August 2013 中國/中國內地 2013年8月14日	US\$102,040,000 102,040,000美元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店
Wuhu Yaohan Lifestyle Center Co., Ltd. ^② 蕪湖八佰伴生活廣場有限公司 ^②	PRC/Mainland China 10 December 2014 中國/中國內地 2014年12月10日	RMB400,000,000 人民幣 400,000,000元	100%	Operation of department stores 經營百貨店

- (a) Except for Springland International Group Company Limited and Novel Vanguard Investment Limited, which are directly owned by the Company, all of the above Group companies are indirectly owned subsidiaries of the Company.
- (b) On 23 May 2014, the company's name was changed from Changshu Springland Department Store Co., Ltd. (常熟華地百貨有限公司) to Changshu Yaohan Commerce & Trade Co., Ltd. (常熟八佰伴商貿有限公司)
- (c) The subsidiary was liquidated by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2014.
- (d) Types of legal entities:
 - (1) Wholly-foreign-owned enterprise
 - (2) Sino-foreign equity joint venture
 - (3) Limited liability company invested by a foreign invested enterprise
 - (4) Limited liability company

- (a) 除華地國際集團有限公司及新鋒投資有限公司由本公司直接擁有外,上述所有集團公司均是本公司間接擁有的附屬公司。
- (b) 於2014年5月23日,該公司名稱由常熟 華地百貨有限公司變更為常熟八佰伴商 貿有限公司。
- (c) 截至2014年12月31日止年度,該附屬公司已被集團清算。
- (d) 法律實體類型:
 - ① 全資外商獨資企業
 - 四 中外合營企業
 - ⁽³⁾ 由外商投資企業投資的有限責任 公司
 - 4) 有限責任公司

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Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at each reporting date are as follows:

31 December 2014 Group

Financial assets

43. 按類別劃分的金融工具

於各報告日期,各類金融工具的帳面值 如下:

2014年12月31日 本集團

金融資產

	at fair value through profit or loss – Held for trading 按公平值 計入損益 的金融資產一 持作交易 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Loans and receivables 貸款及 應收款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Available- for-sale financial assets 可供出售 金融資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Available-for-sale investments 可供	出售投資 -	_	110	110
Trade receivables 應收	· 貿易款項 -	12,164	-	12,164
Due from the Controlling 應收	控股股東款項			
Shareholder	_	182,000	-	182,000
	預付款項、按金 2其他應收款項			
and other receivables 的	3金融資產 -	173,359	-	173,359
Structured deposits 結構	特性存款 -	115,000	-	115,000
Restricted cash	全有数据	227,580	-	227,580
'	·銀行的長期			
	· 期存款 -	162,304	-	162,304
	金融工具 389	-	-	389
Cash and cash equivalents 現金	E 及現金等價物 - 	1,822,664	-	1,822,664
	389	2,695,071	110	2,695,570

Financial assets

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities

43. 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

37	嘅	貝	浿

Financial liabilities at fair value		
through profit	Financial	
or loss - held	liabilities at	
for trading	amortised	
按公平值	cost	
計入損益	按攤銷成本	
的金融負值-	計值的	Total
持作交易	金融負債	總計
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
-	1,118,740	1,118,740
-	293,190	293,190
-	2,594,219	2,594,219
-	271,111	271,111
-	4,277,260	4,277,260

Trade and bills payables

Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals

Interest-bearing bank borrowings

Financial liabilities included in long-term payables

應付貿易款項及應付票據 計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債 計息銀行借款 計入長期應付款項的 金融負債

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

31 December 2013

Group

Financial assets

43. 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

2013年12月31日

本集團

金融資產

		Financial assets			
		at fair value			
		through profit			
		or loss - Held		Available-	
		for trading		for-sale	
		按公平值	Loans and	financial	
		計入損益	receivables	assets	
		的金融資產一	貸款及	可供出售	Total
		持作交易	應收款項	金融資產	總計
		RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		7 (2011) 1 70	7(2013 170	7(2(1) 170	7 (2011) 1 7 1
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	_	_	160,244	160,244
Trade receivables	應收貿易款項	_	13,026	_	13,026
Financial assets included in	計入預付款項、按金		,		,
prepayments, deposits	及其他應收款項				
and other receivables	的金融資產	_	196,306	_	196,306
Structured deposits	結構性存款	_	1,887,000	_	1,887,000
Restricted cash	受限貨幣資金	_	554,445	_	554,445
Long-term time deposits	存於銀行的長期		004,440		004,440
at banks	定期存款	_	121,460	_	121,460
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	_	891,923	_	891,923
Odon and odon equivalents	グッタングを		031,320		031,320
		_	3,664,160	160,244	3,824,404

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities

43. 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

金融負債

Financial

		i ii idi ioldi
		liabilities
		at fair value
	Financial	through profit
	liabilities at	or loss - held
	amortised	for trading
	cost	按公平值
	按攤銷成本	計入損益
Total	計值的	的金融負債-
總計	金融負債	持作交易
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1,162,799	1,162,799	-
408,362	408,362	-
930,353	930,353	_
1,933,480	1,933,480	-
267,529	267,529	
4,702,523	4,702,523	_

Trade and bills payables
Financial liabilities included in other
payables and accruals
Short-term financing notes
Interest-bearing bank borrowings
Financial liabilities included in long-term
payables

應付貿易款項及應付票據 計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債 短期融資券 計息銀行借款 計入長期應付款項的 金融負債

31 December 2014 2014年12月31日

Financial assets - Company

金融資產-本公司

Loans and receivables 貸款及 應收款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Cash and cash equivalents

現金及現金等價物

29,443

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Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

31 December 2013 2013年12月31日

Financial assets - Company

43. 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

金融資產-本公司

Loans and receivables 貸款及 應收款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物

25,568

44. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, structured deposits, available-for-sale investments, trade receivables, trade and bills payables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals and loans to subsidiaries approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of short-term financing notes and interest-bearing bank borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities, which are also approximate to their carrying amounts. The Group's own non-performance risk for interest-bearing bank borrowings as at 31 December 2014 was assessed to be insignificant.

44. 金融工具的公平值及公平值等 級架構

管理層在評估現金及現金等價物、受限貨幣資金、結構性存款、可供出項人會人會人會人。 資、應收貿易款項、應付貿易款項人按金及其他的。 付票據、計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的金融資產、計入其他應款項、應計費用及應計附屬公司等資資。 平值時,由於其期限較短,的或可負債的公平值與其賬面值相若。

除去一些強迫性的交易或者資產清算, 在一般自願的交易下,金融資產和金融 負債的帳面值包括了公平值在其中。下 面的方法於假設是用來估計公平值:

短期金融票據的公平值和計息銀行借款的計算是根據期望未來現金流的貼現息確定,參考現可用類似工具的貼現息,信用風險和到期日確定。本集團於2014年12月31日計息銀行借款的自有非績效風險被認定是不重大的。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

44. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The fair values of listed equity investments are based on quoted market prices.

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments with a licensed bank. Derivative financial instruments, including forward currency contracts, are measured using valuation techniques similar to forward pricing and swap models, using present value calculations. The models incorporate various market observable inputs including the credit quality of counterparties, foreign exchange spot and forward rates and interest rate curves. The carrying amounts of forward currency contracts are the same as their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value

Group

As at 31 December 2014:

44. 金融工具的公平值及公平值等 級架構(續)

上市權益投資的公平值乃基於證券交易 所價格釐定。

本集團於持證的銀行簽訂衍生金融工具協議。衍生金融工具,包括遠期貨幣內約,使用類似遠期定價模型和利率互換模型的估價技術,並以現價計算。此模型包括多種市場調查因素包括對方信用質量,外幣兑換即期或遠期匯率及利率由線。遠期貨幣合約的賬面價值與其公平值一致。

公平值等級架構

以下表格列示本集團金融工具的公平值 等級架構:

按公平值計量的資產

本集團

於2014年12月31日:

Fair value measurement using 公平值計量乃採用						
Quoted prices	Significant	Significant				
in active	observable	unobservable				
markets	inputs	inputs				
活躍市場	重大可	重大不可				
的報價	觀察輸入值	觀察輸入值				
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
第一級	第二級	第三級	總額			
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000			
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元			
-	389	-	389			

Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具

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Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

44. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Assets measured at fair value (continued) As at 31 December 2013

44. 金融工具的公平值及公平值等 級架構(續)

公平值等級架構(續)

按公平值計量的資產(續) 於2014年12月31日:

Fair value measurement using 公平值計量乃採用

	ムー庫	1手/フ水川	
Quoted prices	Significant	Significant	
in active	observable	unobservable	
markets	inputs	inputs	
活躍市場	重大可	重大不可	
的報價	觀察輸入值	觀察輸入值	
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
第一級	第二級	第三級	總額
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Available-for-sale investments

可供出售資產

146,134

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146,134

There were no liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2014 (2013: Nil).

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2013: Nil).

45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments, other than derivatives, comprise bank loans, short-term financing notes and cash and short-term deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade and bills payables, which arise directly from its operations.

於2014年12月31日,本集團並無按公平 值計量的負債(2013年:無)。

年內,並無財務資產和財務負債在公平 值的釐定在第一級及第二級之間轉換, 亦無轉換入/出第三級(2013年:無)。

45. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具,除衍生品外,包括銀行貸款短期融資券、現金與短期存款。該等金融工具的主要用途是為本集團籌集營運資金。本集團擁有各種其他由營運直接產生的金融資產及負債,如應收貿易款項、應付貿易款項及應付票據。

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Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank loans with floating interest rates.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings).

45. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

本集團金融工具產生的主要風險是利率 風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金 風險。董事會審閱並同意管理上述各項 風險的政策,其概述如下:

利率風險

本集團所承受的市場利率變動風險主要 與本集團按浮動利率計息的銀行貸款有 關。

下表説明本集團的除税前溢利(透過對浮息借款的影響)的合理可能變動(在所有其他變數維持不變的情況下)的敏感度。

Increase/ (decrease) in basis points 基點增加/ 除税前溢利 (減少) 增加/(減少) RMB'000 人民幣千元

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

US\$	美元	50	(10,115)
HK\$	港元	50	(27)
US\$	美元	(50)	10,115
HK\$	港元	(50)	27
Year ended 31 December 2013	截至2013年12月31日止年度		
US\$	美元	50	(5,079)
HK\$	港元	50	(164)
US\$	美元	(50)	5,079
HK\$	港元	(50)	164

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency risk

The Group's businesses are located in Mainland China and all transactions are conducted in RMB. Most of the Group's assets and liabilities were denominated in RMB, except for the certain bank balances denominated in US\$ and HK\$ as disclosed in note 31 and bank loans denominated in US\$ and HK\$ as disclosed in note 33.

Certain of the Group's cash and bank balances, time deposits and bank loans are denominated in US\$ or HK\$ which expose the Group to foreign currency risk attributable to the fluctuations in the exchange rates of US\$/HK\$ against RMB, the functional currency of the respective group entities.

The management monitors foreign exchange risk exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arises.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 3% (2013: 3%) increase and decrease in RMB against the relevant foreign currencies 3% (2013: 3%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 3% (2013: 3%) change in foreign currency rates.

45. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險

本集團的業務均設於中國內地且所有交易均使用人民幣。除於附註31所披露的若干銀行結餘以美元及港元計值及附註33所披露銀行貸款以美元及港元計值外,本集團大多數資產及負債以人民幣計值。

本集團若干銀行結餘及現金、銀行貸款 乃以美元/港元計值,而本集團因美元/港元與人民幣(相關集團實體的功能 貨幣)之間的匯幣波動,承受外幣風險。

管理層監察外幣風險,並於有需要時考 慮對沖重大外幣風險。

下表詳述本集團對人民幣兑相關外幣匯率升值及貶值3%(2013年:3%)的敏感度。向主要管理人員內部呈報外幣風險時所使用的敏感度比率為3%(2013年:3%),代表管理層對外匯匯率可能變動的合理評估。敏感度分析僅包括以外幣計值的未償還貨幣項目,並於報告期間結束時按3%(2013年:3%)外匯匯率變動調整其換算。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

HK\$ Impact

45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency risk (continued)

45. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險(續)

US\$ Impact

		美元	影響	港元影響		
		2014 2013		2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
	·					
Increase/(decrease) in profit	税前利潤的增加/					
before tax:	(減少):					
if RMB weakens against	若人民幣對外幣下跌					
foreign currency		(35,932)	(32,218)	(15,156)	(11,794)	
if RMB strengthens against	若人民幣對外幣上漲					
foreign currency		35,932	32,218	15,156	11,794	

The sensitivity analysis above only analysed the Group's year end inherent foreign exchange risk exposure and does not represent the exposure during the year as the value of the monetary items and the exchange rates fluctuate during the year.

由於年內貨幣項目值及匯率波動,故上 述敏感度分析僅為本集團年終的固有外 匯風險分析,而並不能反映全年風險。

Credit risk

The Group has no concentration of credit risk. The Group's cash and cash equivalents and structured deposits are mainly deposits with state-owned banks in Mainland China. The credit risk of the Group's financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, structured deposits, trade receivables and other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

信貸風險

本集團並無信貸風險集中情況。本集團 的現金及現金等價物和結構性存款主要 為存放於中國內地各國有銀行的存款。 本集團就其包含現金及現金等價物和結 構性存款、應收貿易款項以及其他應收 款項在內的金融資產的賬面值乃因對方 違約所承受的最高信貸風險。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g., trade receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank loans. Pursuant to the credit facility intention letters provided by certain banks, the banks had agreed to provide additional loans up to RMB3,110,000,000 subject to available facilities, upon the Group's request.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

45. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團利用循環流動計劃工具監測資金 短缺的風險。該工具考慮其金融工具及 金融資產(如應收貿易款項)的到期日及 來自經營活動的預計現金流量。

本集團的目標是運用銀行貸款、以保持資金持續性及靈活性兩者的平衡。 根據本集團需求,已於特定銀行取 得授信額度,銀行將同意提供人民幣 3,110,000,000元的貸款額度。

截至本報告期末,本集團的金融負債到期(按合約未折現付款計算)資料如下表概述:

				3 to 12	1 to 5	Over 5	
2014			Less than	months	years	years	
		On demand	3 months	三至	-至	五年	Total
2014年		於要求時	三個月內	十二個月	五年	以上	總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行借款	-	136,218	234,979	2,398,364	-	2,769,561
Trade and bills payables	應付貿易款項及						
	應付票據	230,549	873,561	14,630	-	-	1,118,740
Financial liabilities included in	計入其他應付款項及						
other payables and accruals	應計費用的金融負債	277,804	-	-	-	-	277,804
Financial liabilities included in	計入長期應付款項						
long-term payables	的金融負債	-	-	-	271,111	-	271,111
		508,353	1,009,779	249,609	2,669,475	-	4,437,216

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

45. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

/			加到良业	五门及 () 测 /		
			3 to 12	1 to 5	Over 5	
		Less than	months	years	years	
	On demand	3 months	三至	-至	五年	Total
	於要求時	三個月內	十二個月	五年	以上	總額
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
-						
計息銀行借款	-	224,485	742,935	1,042,411	-	2,009,831
短期融資券	-	941,310	-	-	-	941,310
應付貿易款項及應付票據	353,279	809,520	-	-	-	1,162,799
計入其他應付款項及						
應計費用的金融負債	408,361	-	-	-	-	408,361
計入長期應付款項						
的金融負債	-	-	-	267,529	-	267,529
-						
	761,640	1,975,315	742,935	1,309,940	-	4,789,830
	短期融資券 應付貿易款項及應付票據 計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債 計入長期應付款項	於要求時 RMB'000 人民幣千元 計息銀行借款 - 短期融資券 - 應付貿易款項及應付票據 353,279 計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債 計入長期應付款項 的金融負債 -	On demand 於要求時 RMB'000 人民幣千元 3 months 三個月內 RMB'000 人民幣千元 計息銀行借款 短期融資券 后付貿易款項及應付票據 計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債 計入長期應付款項 的金融負債 - 224,485 941,310 809,520 計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債 計入長期應付款項 的金融負債 408,361 	A to 12 Less than months 三至 於要求時 三個月內 十二個月 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 大民幣千元 大民期融資券 一 941,310 一 一 十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十	On demand 於要求時 Less than 3 months months years 於要求時 三個月內 十二個月 五年 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 計息銀行借款 - 224,485 742,935 1,042,411 短期融資券 應付貿易款項及應付票據 - 941,310 - - 計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債 408,361 - - - 計入長期應付款項 的金融負債 - - - - -	August

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by capital plus net debt. Net debt includes short-term financing notes, interest-bearing bank borrowings, trade and bills payables other payables and accruals less structured deposits, restricted cash, long-term time deposits at banks and cash and cash equivalents. Capital represents equity attributable to owners of the parent. The Group's policy is to keep the gearing ratio at a reasonable level. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為保障本 集團能持續經營,並維持穩健的資本比率,以支持其業務發展並為股東實現最 大利益。

本集團因應經濟狀況的變動而管理其資本結構並作出調整。為維持或調整其資本結構,本集團或會調整支付予股東的股息、向股東退還資本或發行新股。本集團毋須遵守任何外部施加的資本規定。截至2014年12月31日及2013年12月31日止年度,資本管理目標、政策或程式並無變更。

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital management (continued)

Group

45. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資本管理(續)

本集團

		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Short-term financing notes Interest-bearing bank borrowings Trade and bills payables Other payables and accruals Less: Structured deposits Restricted cash Long-term time deposits at banks Cash and cash equivalents	短期融資券 計息銀行借款 應付貿易款項及應付票據 其他應付款項及應計費用 減:結構性存款 受限貨幣資金 存於銀行的長期 定期存款 現金及現金等價物	- 2,594,219 1,118,740 1,827,705 (115,000) (227,580) (162,304) (1,822,664)	930,353 1,933,480 1,162,799 2,228,790 (1,887,000) (554,445) (121,460) (891,923)
Net debt	債務淨額	3,213,116	2,800,594
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益	4,984,406	4,796,172
Equity and net debt	權益及債務淨額	8,197,522	7,596,766
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	39%	37%

財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至2014年12月31日止年度

46. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) Subsequent to 31 December 2014 and up to the date of this report, the Company repurchased a total of 8,780,000 shares at an aggregate consideration of HK\$23,700,000, equivalent to RMB18,716,000. 20,700,000 repurchased shares were cancelled during January of 2015. The number of issued shares of the Company as at the date of this report is 2,440,000,000.
- (b) On 22 January 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with jiangsu Hengshun Vinegar-Industry Co., Ltd (江蘇恒順醋業股份有限公司) to acquire the rest of 50% interest of Zhenjiang Baisheng Commercial Center Co., Ltd at a consideration of RMB176,300,000.

47. APPROVAL OF THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 16 March 2015.

46. 報告期後事項

- (a) 於2014年12月31日後至本報告日期,本公司購回合共8,780,000股股份,總代價為23,700,000港元相當於人民幣18,716,000元。20,700,000股回購股份已於2015年1月被註銷。本公司截至本報告日期之已發行股份數目為2,440,000,000股。
- (b) 於2015年1月22日,本公司與江蘇恒順醋業股份有限公司達成一項關於收購鎮江百盛商城有限公司50%剩餘股份的協議,總代價為人民幣176,300,000元。

47. 財務報表的批准

該財務報表於2015年3月16日經董事會 批准並授權發佈。

FIVE YEAR SUMMARY

五年財務摘要

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			截至	十二月三十一日	止年度	
		2010 二零一零年	2011 二零一一年	2012 二零一二年 RMB million 人民幣百萬元)	2013 二零一三年	2014 二零一四年
FINANCIAL RESULTS TSP (note 1) Revenue Profit from operation Profit for the year Profit attributable to owners of the parent Earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent (RMB cents) (note 2)	財務業績 銷售所得款項總額(附註1) 收入 經營溢利 年度溢到 母公司擁有人應佔 溢到司普通股權益 持有人應佔每股 溢利(人民幣分) (附註2)	6,853 2,990 659 375 372	8,697 3,602 848 592 581	9,859 3,807 948 656 651	11,135 4,162 1,026 737 730	11,049 4,276 983 646 634
(11016-2)				s at 31 Decem 於十二月三十一		
		2010 二零一零年	2011 二零一一年	2012 二零一二年 RMB million 人民幣百萬元)	2013 二零一三年	2014 二零一四年
SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL POSITION	. 財務狀況摘要					
Non-current assets Current assets	非流動資產 流動資產	4,507 2,203	5,908 2,845	7,515 2,867	8,235 3,897	9,065 2,537
Total assets	總資產	6,710	8,753	10,382	12,132	11,602
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動負債 非流動負債	2,178 716	3,117 1,476	4,253 1,418	5,344 1,762	3,330 3,075
Total liabilities	總負債	2,894	4,593	5,671	7,106	6,405
Net assets	資產淨值	3,816	4,160	4,711	5,026	5,197

Notes

- (1) TSP represents the sum of gross revenue from concessionaire sales, revenue from direct sales and rental income
- (2) The calculation of the basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2010 is based on the profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the parent for the year ended 31 December 2010, adjusted for the weight average number of ordinary shares in issue as if 2,098,630,000 shares in issue on the assumption that the capitalisation issue, had occurred at the beginning of the

附註:

- (1) 銷售所得款項總額指特許專營銷售、直 接銷售收入及租金收入總金額。
- (2) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度的每股基本溢利,乃基於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度的母公司普通股權持有人應佔溢利計算,並已就已發行普通股加權平均數作出調整,猶如2,098,630,000股份資本化發行已於年度開始時發生。

