

東瑞製葯(控股)有限公司 DAWNRAYS PHARMACEUTICAL(HOLDINGS)LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) 股份編號: 2348 Stock Code: 2348



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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. LI Kei Ling *(Chairman)* Mr. HUNG Yung Lai Mr. LI Tung Ming Mr. GAO Yi (Resigned on 9 March 2014)

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. LEUNG Hong Man

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. PAN Xue Tian Mr. CHOI Tat Ying Jacky Mr. LO Tung Sing Tony

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. GAO Yi (Resigned on 9 March 2014)Ms. HUANG Dongmei (Appointed on 9 March 2014 and resigned on 1 March 2015)Ms. LI Kei Ling (Appointed on 1 March 2015)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. CHOI Tat Ying Jacky *(Chairman)* Mr. PAN Xue Tian Mr. LO Tung Sing Tony

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. PAN Xue Tian *(Chairman)* Ms. LI Kei Ling Mr. CHOI Tat Ying Jacky Mr. LO Tung Sing Tony

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. LI Kei Ling *(Chairman)* Mr. PAN Xue Tian Mr. CHOI Tat Ying Jacky Mr. LO Tung Sing Tony

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong

董事會

執行董事 李其玲女士(*主席*) 熊融禮先生 李東明先生 高毅先生(於二零一四年三月九日辭任)

非執行董事

梁康民先生

獨立非執行董事 潘學田先生

蔡達英先生 勞同聲先生

總裁

高毅先生(於二零一四年三月九日辭任) 黃冬梅女士(於二零一四年三月九日被委任 並於二零一五年三月一日辭任) 李其玲女士(於二零一五年三月一日被委任)

審核委員會 蔡達英先生(主席)

潘學田先生 勞同聲先生

薪酬委員會

潘學田先生(*主席)* 李其玲女士 蔡達英先生 勞同聲先生

提名委員會

李其玲女士(*主席)* 潘學田先生 蔡達英先生 勞同聲先生

核數師

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師,香港

Corporate Information 公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited, Hong Kong Citibank N.A., Hong Kong The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Hong Kong Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Suzhou Wuzhong Sub-Branch Agricultural Bank of China Suzhou Nanmen Sub-Branch

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Units 3001–02, 30/F, CNT Tower, 338 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Abacus Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司,香港 花旗銀行,香港 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司,香港 中國工商銀行蘇州市吳中支行 中國農業銀行蘇州市南門支行

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港灣仔軒尼詩道338號 北海中心30樓3001-02室

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

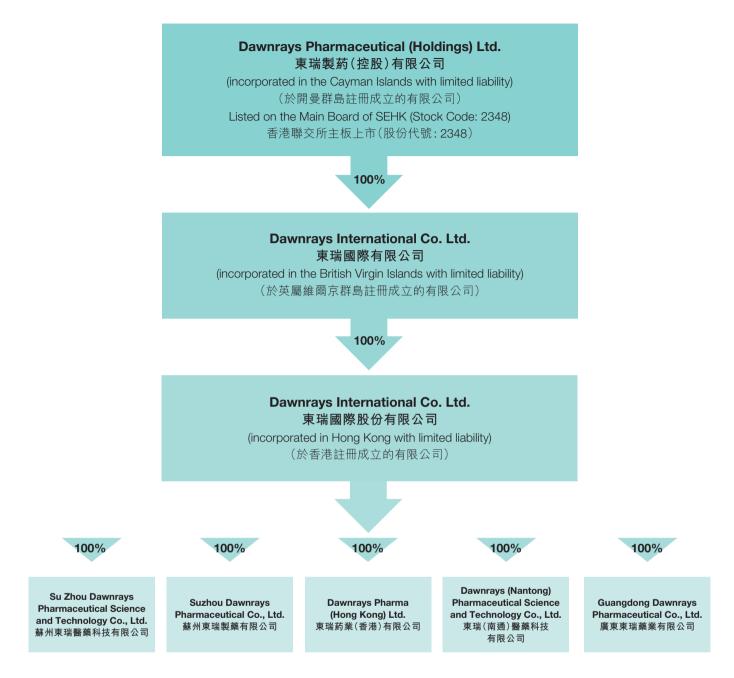
主要股份過戶登記處

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 香港皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

Group Structure 本集團架構圖



Results Highlights 業績摘要

		For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度			
		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年	Changes 變動	
Revenue (RMB'000)	收入(人民幣千元)	783,803	914,973	-14.3%	
Gross profit (RMB'000)	毛利(人民幣千元)	459,919	403,248	+14.1%	
Gross profit margin (%)	毛利率(%)	58.7%	44.1%	+14.6 percentage points 百分點	
Profit before tax (RMB'000)	除税前溢利(人民幣千元)	258,893	188,966	+37.0%	
Profit for the year (RMB'000)	本年度溢利(人民幣千元)	205,145	153,099	+34.0%	
Net profit margin (%)	純利率(%)	26.2%	16.7%	+9.5 percentage points 百分點	
Earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent — basic (RMB)	母公司普通股權益持有人 應佔每股盈利 - 基本(人民幣)	0.2547	0.1910	+33.4%	
Proposed final dividend per share (HK\$)	擬派每股末期息 (港幣)	0.085	0.068	+25.0%	

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear SHAREHOLDERS,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of the directors (the "Directors") of Dawnrays Pharmaceutical (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), I am pleased to present the results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 (the "reporting period").

RESULTS

The Group has recorded revenue of approximately RMB783,803,000 for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: RMB914,973,000), representing a decrease of 14.3% as compared to 2013. Profit attributable to owners of the parent was approximately RMB205,145,000 (2013: RMB153,099,000), representing an increase of 34.0% over 2013. The decrease in turnover was mainly attributable to the reduction in production from the cephalosporin product line, while the increase in profit was mainly attributable to the satisfactory sustained sales performance of the Group's system specific medicines.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.085 per share for the year ended 31 December 2014, amounting to the total sum of approximately HK\$68,235,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB54,697,000), to the shareholders whose names appeared in the register of members as of Monday, 1 June 2015 subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming 2015 Annual General Meeting (the "2015 AGM"). Taking into consideration the interim dividend of HK\$0.025 per share, the total annual dividend distributed for the year is HK\$0.11 per share. The dividend payout ratio is approximately 34.5%.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECT

In 2014, the recovery of the world economy was slow and the ongoing economic restructuring and reform in China led to downward pressures. As for China's pharmaceutical industry, although it still maintained a growth trend, its momentum has dwindled, resulting in a slower growth rate. Under pressure of various rising costs, chemical pharmaceutical firms were in the face of a more challenging operating environment. However, with the support of governmental resources and social capital, China's medical and pharmaceutical industry is still enjoying a favourable prospect.

During the period, under the pressure of intense market competition, the Group's system specific medicines still recorded sales growth with strong momentum in business growth. In particular, as to anti-hypertensive drug in "An" (\mathfrak{F}) series of medicines which faced challenges of multiple competitors, the Group's marketing team concentrated various resources and adjusted their practices in response to variation of market situation, and managed to consolidate brand awareness of "An" series, leading to a sustained good sales performance of that series of medicines.

致各股東:

本人欣然代表東瑞製葯(控股)有限公司(「本公司」)之董 事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統 稱(「本集團」)截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度(「報 告期間」)之業績公告。

業績

本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度錄得營業 額約人民幣783,803,000元(二零一三年:人民幣 914,973,000元),較二零一三年減少14.3%。母公司擁 有人應佔溢利約人民幣205,145,000元(二零一三年:人 民幣153,099,000元),較二零一三年增加34.0%。營業 額減少主要是頭孢菌素類產品線減少生產所致;利潤額 增加的主要原因是本集團系統專科藥物的銷售維持理想 狀況所致。

末期派息

董事會建議派發截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度 末期股息為每股港幣0.085元, 合共約港幣68,235,000 元(約相當於人民幣54,697,000元)予於二零一五年六月 一日(星期一)已登記在股東名冊上之股東,惟須待股東 在即將舉行之二零一五年股東週年大會(「二零一五年股 東週年大會」)上批准通過,方可作實。連同中期股息每 股港幣0.025元計算,本年度全年共派息每股港幣0.11 元,派息比例約34.5%。

業務回顧與展望

回顧二零一四年,環球經濟復甦緩慢,中國經濟由於在 改革和轉型過程當中,呈現收縮下行壓力。就中國製藥 行業而言,雖然保持增長態勢,但動力減弱,增速放緩。 在各項成本上升的壓力下,化學製藥企業面對充滿挑戰 的經營環境。惟在政府資源和社會資本的支撐下,中國 醫療和醫藥行業的發展前景仍然樂觀。

於回顧期內,在競爭激烈的市場環境下,本集團系統專 科藥的銷售額保持增長,業務發展動力依然強勁。其中 治療高血壓的「安」系列產品,雖然面對不同廠牌的挑戰, 本集團營銷團隊集中資源,因應市場形勢的轉變而調整 相關措施和工作,並且著力鞏固「安」系列品牌在市場的 知名度,致使該系列產品銷售保持穩定。 Meanwhile, sales of the Group's "Leiyide" (雷易得) (Entecavir Dispersible Tablets) for treating hepatitis B in Mainland China kept in line with previous schedule and also recorded satisfactory growth. More encouragingly, the Group's joint effort with the world-famous pharmaceutical firm GlaxoSmithKline Limited ("GSK") on market expansion in Hong Kong has achieved breakthrough as GSK secured the contract to supply the Group's Entecavir Tablets (恩 替卡韋) in Hong Kong medical market. Such progress will have favourable impact on overseas sales of the Group's finished drugs.

In terms of the Group's business of cephalosporin antibiotics, during the period, as the Group is required to comply with China's new GMP requirements, necessary retrofit and reconstruction works were conducted for relevant production workshops, resulting in output decrease of bulk medicines. Meanwhile, the Group's intermediates which production associated with bulk medicines was also impacted, giving rise to a reduced use of production capacity. As a result of foregoing, during the period, the Group's cephalosporin antibiotics business continued to record a loss. However, the Group has completed its new GMP adaptive renovation works in association with its bulk medicines and powder for injection, passed government inspection and obtained GMP certification in 2014. Currently, the Group's production of cephalosporin antibiotics powder for injection and bulk medicines have come back to normal on a gradual basis.

As to prospect of China's medical and pharmaceutical industry, benefitting from improving government medical resources and medical insurance system, aging population, increasing health awareness and affordability of the general public, there is still enormous room for the development of the medical and pharmaceutical market in China. On the whole, China's pharmaceutical sectors will still maintain long-lasting and steady growth. However, as to chemical pharmaceutical segment of the industry, the excessive production capacity and quality homogenisation across brands have resulted in increasingly fierce competition among firms. To counter this tendency, the Group will build on previous success, learn from previous experience and concentrate its resources to perform the following tasks in 2015 in a more efficient manner:

(1) As to system specific medicines business, the Group will adjust its sales strategies and measures discreetly and appropriately according to market situation of each series of products so as to increase penetration rate to existing first-tier markets and expand the presence in lower-tier markets in hope of a more extensive and consolidate market coverage and a more sound development momentum of the Group's system specific medicine sales.

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

另一方面,本集團抗乙肝病毒藥物「雷易得」(恩替卡韋 分散片),在中國內地的銷售按照計劃進行,並取得良好 進展。更使人鼓舞的是本集團與世界知名藥廠葛蘭素史 克有限公司(「該公司」)合作開發香港市場的工作獲得突 破性發展。該公司成功取得在香港醫療市場供應本集團 「恩替卡韋」片劑的合約,對本集團成藥產品進入國際市 場,形成積極影響。

至於本集團的頭孢菌素抗生素業務方面,於回顧期內, 由於本集團須遵循中國新版GMP的要求,於各個相關生 產車間進行必要的調整改造工程,引致原料藥的產量下 滑。同時,本集團與原料藥配套生產的中間體,亦遭受 連帶影響,產能的使用率有所下降。因此之故,於回顧 期內,本集團頭孢菌素抗生素系列產品,仍然錄得虧損。 惟本集團各項有關原料藥和粉針劑的新版GMP適應性改 造工程,已於二零一四年內完成並且通過政府的認證檢 查,獲得了GMP證書。目前,本集團頭孢菌素抗生素粉 針劑和原料藥的生產已逐步回復正常。

展望中國醫藥行業的未來發展,在政府醫療資源改善, 醫保體系日漸優化,人口老齡化,居民健康意識增強和 支付能力增加等因素支持下,中國在醫藥消費方面的需 求還有巨大的增長空間。整體而言,中國的製藥行業仍 將長期穩步發展。然而,就行業內的子行業化學製藥業 來說,由於產能過剩而且質量同質化的趨勢,造成企業 之間的競爭愈來愈激烈。因此,本集團在過去成功的基 礎和經驗上,將會集中各項資源,以期於二零一五年更 有效地執行下述各項工作:

(1) 在系統專科藥方面,本集團將根據各系列產品業務 的發展形勢,審慎而適當地調整銷售的策略和措施,以期提升現有一線市場的滲透率,同時向次級 市場地區擴展,以求爭取更加廣泛而穩固的市場覆 蓋,促使本集團系統專科藥的銷售維持良好的發展 態勢。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

- (2) As to cephalosporin antibiotics business, ever since the relevant production workshops of the Group passed GMP certifications, the Group has been all along making all-out efforts to improve product quality and stability, and curb production cost from all perspectives to enhance the market competitiveness of the Group's cephalosporin antibiotics products along the whole industry chain. Moreover, production and supply of intermediates will be arranged by focusing mainly on meeting internal demand, but also taking external sales as a supplement, in an effort to improve operational flexibility and business dynamics.
- (3) Amid a macroscopic tendency featuring diminishing profitability in the chemical pharmaceutical industry, businesses need to make all-out efforts to prolong market lifecycle of existing products, and more importantly launch more new products with frequent supply and higher success rate in commercialisation, which will play a key role for a company's sustained growth. The Group will keep a close eye on disease tendencies among the public and strengthen our R&D capability by all means and channels on the basis of our financial resources and business development, in an effort to enrich the size of our new product reserve of system specific medicines and cephalosporin antibiotics medicines.

The Group's management team will continue to practice its timehonoured pragmatic style of operation, aim at the long-term shareholder interest, make prudent decisions and focus on our core business. Meanwhile, the team will continue to recruit outstanding talents, optimise management system in a bid to create reasonable returns for the shareholders of the Company.

APPRECIATION

Meanwhile, I would like to take this opportunity to express my appreciation for the understanding, coordination and support from the Company's shareholders and directors and the Group's business partners, management personnel and all staff for my work in the previous year.

By Order of the Board

Li Kei Ling	李其玲
Chairman	主席
Hong Kong, 17 March 2015	香港,二零一五年三月十七日

- (2) 在頭孢菌素抗生素方面,自本集團各有關生產車間通過認證,獲得GMP證書後,本集團一如以往, 全力提升產品的質量和穩定性,同時從各個方面努力控制生產成本,以增強本集團頭孢菌素抗生素產業鏈各個產品的市場競爭力。此外,對於本集團中間體的生產與供應的安排,將繼續實行自用為主, 外銷為輔的多元化政策,以增加經營的彈性,提升業務的推動力。
- (3) 在化學製藥行業整體盈利空間收窄的趨勢下,企業除了要全力以赴,延長現有產品的市場壽命外,後續新產品的供應頻度和商業化成功比率,將是企業持續增長的要素。本集團將會緊密監察社會疾病譜的趨勢,並因應本集團財政資源和業務發展狀況,通過不同的方式和渠道,強化研發團隊的力量,以壯大系統專科藥和頭孢菌素抗生素新產品儲備規模。

本集團管理層將秉承一貫的務實經營作風,以股東長遠 利益為依歸,審慎決策,專注發展本集團的核心業務; 同時將不斷引進優秀人才,優化管理體系,以期為本公 司股東的投資創造合理的回報。

感謝

藉此機會,本人由衷感謝本公司各位股東,董事及本集 團各業務夥伴、管理人員和員工對本人於過去一年工作 的支持、配合與理解。

承董事會命

PRODUCTION AND SALES

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group's production and sales volume of bulk medicines decreased by 61.3% and 46.8% respectively, in comparison to the corresponding period of last year, the production and sales volume of cephalosporin powder for injection decreased by 65.8% and 40.6% respectively over the same period of last year, and the production and sales volume of the solid-dosage-forms increased by 8.5% and 19.0% respectively over the corresponding period of last year. In particular, the production and sales volume of "An" (安) series varieties increased by 8.8% and 23.2% respectively over the same period of last year, while the production and sales volume of "Leivide" (雷易得) (Entecavir Dispersible Tablets) increased by 80.4% and 66.7% respectively over the same period of last year. As for the international business, the Group kept expanding its overseas markets and proactively sought international business, which resulted in prosperous overseas sales that accounted for 11.6% of total sales volume of the Group.

NEW PRODUCTS AND PATENT LICENSING

- (1) In 2014, a total of twenty four declarations for registration were filed with the State and/or Provincial Food and Drug Administration; twenty four supplemental approval documents, one quality standard permit and one clinical trial permit were obtained.
- (2) Authorisation for one invention patent was obtained:

On 21 May 2014, "A pharmaceutical composition containing telmisartan and amlodipine and the preparation method thereof" was granted authorisation with the authorisation number of ZL201110135473.9.

HONORS AWARDED IN 2014

- (1) In February 2014, Entecavir Dispersible Tablet under the brand of "Leivide" was credited by Suzhou Municipal Famous Brands Accreditation Committee (蘇州市名牌產品認定委員會) as Suzhou's famous-brand product.
- (2) In February 2014, the Jiangsu (Dawnrays) Engineering Research Centre for Anti-hypertensive and Antibiotic Medicines (江蘇省(東瑞) 抗高血壓及抗生素類藥物工程技術研究中心) was recognized by the Joint Meeting for Promoting the Construction of the Research and Development Institutions of Enterprises in Jiangsu Province (江 蘇省推進企業研發機構建設工作聯席會議) as a key research and development institution of enterprise in Jiangsu Province.
- (3) In July 2014, the bulk medicine and tablets under the brand of "Anneizhen" (安 內 真) of Amlodipine Besylate were credited by Science and Technology Department of Jiangsu Province (江蘇省 科學技術廳) as hi-tech products of Jiangsu Province.

生產銷售情況

本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止期間,原料藥 的生產及銷售量較去年同期分別減少61.3%及46.8%; 頭孢菌素粉針劑的生產及銷售量較去年同期分別減少 65.8%及40.6%; 固型劑的產量及銷售量較去年同期分 別增加8.5%及19.0%。其中「安」系列品種的產量及銷 售量較去年同期增加8.8%及23.2%,「雷易得」(恩替卡 韋分散片)的產量及銷售量較去年同期增加80.4%及 66.7%。國際業務方面,本集團不斷拓展海外市場,積 極爭取國際業務,海外市場銷售佔總體銷售份額的 11.6%。

新產品和專利授權情況

- (1) 二零一四年共有二十四個註冊事項向國家和/或省 食品藥品監督管理局進行了申報;獲補充批件 二十四個,標準頒佈件一個,臨床批件一個。
- (2) 獲得一項發明專利授權:

「一種含替米沙坦氨氯地平藥物組合物及製備方法」,二零一四年五月二十一日獲授權,授權號 ZL201110135473.9。

二零一四年獲得之榮譽

- (1) 二零一四年二月「雷易得」(恩替卡韋分散片)獲得 由蘇州市名牌產品認定委員會認定的蘇州名牌產 品。
- (2) 二零一四年二月江蘇省(東瑞)抗高血壓及抗生素 類藥物工程技術研究中心由江蘇省推進企業研發 機構建設工作聯席會議認定為江蘇省重點企業研 發機構。
- (3) 二零一四年七月苯磺酸氨氯地平原料及片劑(安內 頁)由江蘇省科學技術廳頒發的認定為江蘇省高新 技術產品。

QUALITY SYSTEM CERTIFICATIONS IN 2014

In October 2014, Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. passed renewal audit on ISO9001, ISO14001 and OHSAS18001 conducted by NQA.

CONSTRUCTION PROJECT OF PRODUCTION FACILITIES

In 2014, Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.'s production workshops for bulk medicines and powder for injections passed validation inspections and obtained new GMP Certificates.

FINANCIAL REVIEW SALES AND GROSS PROFIT

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group recorded a turnover of approximately RMB783,803,000, representing a decrease of 14.3% or drop of RMB131,170,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year. In the turnover, sales of system specific medicines increased by RMB122,674,000, representing an increase of 30.3% compared with the corresponding period of last year. Sales of the cephalosporin antibiotics product line decreased by RMB252,277,000, representing a decrease of 50.9% compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Sales amount of finished drugs, comprising system specific medicines, powder for injection and tablets of cephalosporin and other oral solid-dosage-forms of antibiotics, reached approximately RMB633,771,000. Taking into account of the total turnover, sales amount of finished drugs, was approximately 80.9% which was increased by 20.8 percentage points compared with the corresponding period of last year. Sales amount of the "An" (安) series for treating hypertension accounted for 47.8% of sales of finished drugs. Sales amount of "Leiyide" (雷易得) for treating hepatitis B accounted for 28.0% of sales of finished drugs. Sales amount of "Xikewei" (西可韋) and "Xikexin" (西可新) for treating allergies accounted for 5.6% of sales of finished drugs.

Among the cephalosporin antibiotics product line, sales amount of intermediates and bulk medicines decreased by 58.9% compared with the corresponding period of last year. As for finished drugs, sales amount of cephalosporin powder for injection declined by 35.2% compared with the corresponding period of last year, and sales amount of oral cephalosporin increased by 22.4% compared with the corresponding period of last year.

二零一四年質量體系認證情況

二零一四年十月,蘇州東瑞製藥有限公司通過了NQA公司對ISO9001、ISO14001和OHSAS18001三大體系的換證審核。

生產設施項目建設

於二零一四年,蘇州東瑞製藥有限公司的原料藥車間和 粉針劑車間通過認證檢查,獲得新版GMP證書。

財務回顧 銷售及毛利

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止,本集團全年營業額 約人民幣783,803,000元,比去年同期下降14.3%,或減 少人民幣131,170,000元。其中系統專科藥的銷售額增 加人民幣122,674,000元,較去年同期增長30.3%;頭孢 菌素產品線銷售額減少人民幣252,277,000元,較去年 同期減少50.9%。

成藥包括系統專科藥、頭孢菌素的粉針劑、片劑及其他 口服抗生素固型劑,銷售金額約人民幣633,771,000元。 成藥的銷售金額佔總體銷售金額的比重約80.9%,較去 年同期的銷售比重提升了20.8個百分點。其中治療高血 壓的「安」系列的銷售金額佔成藥銷售的比重約47.8%; 治療乙肝病毒的「雷易得」的銷售金額佔成藥銷售的比重 約28.0%;治療過敏的「西可韋」和「西可新」的銷售金 額佔成藥銷售的比重約5.6%。

頭孢菌素抗生素產品線,其中:中間體及原料藥的銷售 金額較去年同期下降58.9%;成藥方面,頭孢菌素粉針 劑的銷售金額較去年同期下降35.2%,口服頭孢菌素的 銷售金額較去年同期增長22.4%。

Gross profit was approximately RMB459,919,000 which was increased by RMB56,671,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year, representing an increase of 14.1%. Gross profit margin was increased by 14.6 percentage points to 58.7% from 44.1% as in the corresponding period of last year. The main reason for the increase in gross profit margin was attributable to further optimization of product portfolio. The sales of high gross profit system specific medicines maintained steady growth continually. Sales amount of "Leiyide" increased by 65.5% compared with the corresponding period of last year. Sales amount of "An" (安) series increased by 21.0% compared with the corresponding period of last year. 毛利額約人民幣459,919,000元,比去年同期增加人民幣56,671,000元,增長幅度為14.1%。毛利率為58.7%,較去年同期的44.1%增加了14.6個百分點。毛利率增長的主要原因是產品結構進一步得到優化,高毛利的專科藥銷售繼續保持平穩增長,其中「雷易得」的銷售金額較去年同期增長65.5%,「安」系列的銷售金額較去年同期增長21.0%。

TABLE OF TURNOVER ANALYSIS

營業額分析 - 按產品劃分

PRODUCT 產品			TURNOVER (RMB'000) 營業額(人民幣千元)			SALES BREAKDOV 銷售比例(%)			
		2014	2013	Changes	2014	2013	points Changes 百分點		
		二零一四年	二零一三年	變幅	二零一四年	二零一三年	變幅		
Intermediates and Bulk Medicines Finished Drugs	中間體及原料藥 成藥	150,032 633,771	364,818 550,155	-214,786 83,616	19.1 80.9	39.9 60.1	-20.8 20.8		
Overall	總體	783,803	914,973	-131,170	100.0	100.0	0.0		

EXPENSES

During the year, the total expenses incurred were approximately RMB219,754,000, equivalent to 28.0% of turnover (2013: 25.3%). The total expenses decreased by approximately RMB11,725,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year which was RMB231,479,000. Due to enhancement of control in selling expenses, the selling and distribution expenses decreased by approximately RMB13,337,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

SEGMENT PROFIT

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the segment profit of finished drugs segment was approximately RMB381,250,000, which was increased by approximately RMB91,191,000 when compared with the corresponding period of last year which was RMB290,059,000. The segment results of intermediates and bulk medicines segment recorded losses of approximately RMB30,769,000. The increase of loss by RMB14,785,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year was mainly due to the high provision for inventory impairment, which mainly caused by the relatively high production cost under decreased production volume when the Group's several workshops were experienced GMP renovation, and suspension of operations during the period. As the renovated workshops obtained the new GMP certificate in December 2014, the bulk medicines production capacity recovered progressively.

費用

年內,費用總支出約共人民幣219,754,000元,較去年 同期人民幣231,479,000元下降約人民幣11,725,000元。 佔營業額的比例為28.0%(二零一三年:25.3%)。由於 加強銷售費用的控制,銷售及分銷費用較去年同期下降 約人民幣13,337,000元。

分類溢利

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,成藥分部的分 類溢利約人民幣381,250,000元,較去年同期人民幣 290,059,000元增加盈利人民幣91,191,000元。中間體 及原料藥分部的分類業績為虧損約人民幣30,769,000元, 較去年同期擴大虧損人民幣14,785,000元,主要是由於 期內,本集團數個車間因新版GMP適應性改造影響,引 致產量減少,相對的生產成本上升,須大幅計提存貨跌 價準備及停工損失。進行改造的車間已於二零一四年 十二月獲得新版GMP證書,原料藥產能已逐步恢復。

PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

For the year ended 31 December 2014, profit attributable to owners of the parent amounted to approximately RMB205,145,000, achieved an increase of RMB52,046,000 or 34.0% growth compared with the corresponding period of last year. Such substantial increase was mainly because the sales of system specific medicines still remained fast growth.

ANALYSIS ON THE RETURN ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2014, net assets attributable to owners of the parent were approximately RMB1,248,280,000. The return on net assets, which is defined as the profit attributable to owners of the parent divided by net assets attributable to owners of the parent, was 16.4% (2013: 14.0%). The current ratio and quick ratio was 2.43 and 2.22 respectively. Turnover days for trade receivables were approximately 51 days. The turnover days for trade receivables including bills receivables were 133 days. Turnover days for inventory were approximately 135 days.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2014, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB443,366,000 (as at 31 December 2013: RMB205,771,000). During the year, the net cash flows from operating activities was approximately RMB377,798,000 (2013: RMB231,262,000). Net cash flows used in investing activities was approximately RMB46,668,000 (2013: RMB83,066,000). Net cash flows used in financing activities was approximately RMB96,764,000 (2013: RMB95,130,000).

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had aggregate bank facilities of approximately RMB844,790,000 (as at 31 December 2013: RMB913,073,000), of which, bank facilities of HK\$106,750,000 were secured by corporate guarantee of the Company or its subsidiaries. Of the aggregate bank facilities, including a mortgage loan of HK\$12,115,000 and short term bank loans of HK\$222,750,000 in total, which were subject to the arrangement of floating interest rate. The loan interest rate ranged from HIBOR plus 0.9% to 1.5%. The time deposits of approximately RMB185,983,000 were pledged to bank to secure captioned short term bank loans. As at 31 December 2014, the debt ratio (defined as sum of interest-bearing bank loans over total assets) of the Group was 11.1% (as at 31 December 2013: 14.4%).

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had the inventory balance of RMB87,581,000 (as at 31 December 2013: RMB155,887,000).

母公司擁有人應佔溢利

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,母公司擁有人 應佔溢利約人民幣205,145,000元,比去年同期增加人 民幣52,046,000元,增長幅度34.0%。利潤大幅增加的 主要原因是系統專科藥物的銷售仍然快速增長。

資產盈利能力分析

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,母公司擁有人應佔淨資 產約人民幣1,248,280,000元,淨資產收益率(界定為母 公司擁有人應佔溢利除以母公司擁有人應佔淨資產)為 16.4%(二零一三年:14.0%)。流動比率和速動比率分 別為2.43和2.22,應收賬款周轉期約51日,應收賬款(含 應收票據)周轉期約133日,存貨周轉期約135日。

流動資金及財政資源

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團持有現金及現金 等價物約人民幣443,366,000元(於二零一三年十二月 三十一日:人民幣205,771,000元)。年內,經營業務的 現金流入淨額約人民幣377,798,000元(二零一三年:人 民幣231,262,000元):使用在投資活動的現金流出淨額 約人民幣46,668,000元(二零一三年:人民幣83,066,000 元):使用在融資活動的現金流出淨額約人民幣 96,764,000元(二零一三年:人民幣95,130,000元)。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行信貸總額 約人民幣844,790,000元(於二零一三年十二月三十一日: 人民幣913,073,000元),其中約港幣106,750,000元銀 行信貸額度以本公司或附屬公司擔保。銀行信貸額當中 包括按揭貸款港幣12,115,000元和短期銀行貸款港幣 222,750,000元,均以浮動利率安排。貸款利率為香港銀 行同業拆息+0.9%至1.5%。上述短期銀行貸款是以定期 存款約人民幣185,983,000元抵押予銀行擔保。於二零 一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之負債比率(界定為計息 銀行貸款除以資產總值)為11.1%(於二零一三年十二月 三十一日:14.4%)。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團存貨餘額人民幣 87,581,000元,(於二零一三年十二月三十一日:人民幣 155,887,000元)。

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's capital commitments amounted to approximately RMB26,523,000 (as at 31 December 2013: RMB91,355,000), which mainly derived from the construction for the workshop for non-cephalosporin solid-dosage-forms preparation in Hedong Industrial Park of Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. The Group has sufficient financial and internal resources to bear the capital expenditure.

Save as aforesaid disclosure, the Group had no significant external investments or material acquisitions or disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies during the year.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND TREASURY POLICIES

The Group's substantial business activities, assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi, the risk derived from the foreign exchange to the Group is not high. The treasury policy of the Group is to manage any risk of foreign exchange or interest rate (if any) only if it will potentially impose a significant impact on the Group. The Group continues to observe the foreign exchange and interest rate market, and may hedge against foreign currency risk with foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate risk with interest rate swap contracts if necessary.

STAFF AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2014, the Group employed approximately 950 employees and the total remuneration was approximately RMB93,465,000 (2013: RMB102,459,000). The Group regards human resources as the most valuable assets and truly understands the importance of attracting and retaining high-performance employees. The remuneration policy is generally based on the references of market salary index and individual qualifications. The Group provides its employees with other fringe benefits, including defined contribution retirement schemes, share option scheme and medical coverage. The Group also offers some of its employees stationed in the PRC with dormitory accommodation.

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's assets with net book value of approximately RMB214,715,000 were pledged to banks to secure credit facilities granted to its subsidiaries (as at 31 December 2013: RMB285,320,000).

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團的資本開支承擔 約人民幣26,523,000元(於二零一三年十二月三十一日: 人民幣91,355,000元),主要涉及蘇州東瑞製藥有限公司 河東廠區的非頭孢類固體製劑車間的建設項目。本集團 有充足的財政資源,內部資源足以支付其資本開支。

年內,除上述披露以外,本集團並無對外作出重大投資、 購入或出售附屬公司及聯營公司。

外幣及庫務政策

本集團大部份業務交易、資產、負債均主要以人民幣結 算,故本集團所承受的外匯風險不大。本集團的庫務政 策為只會在外匯風險或利率風險(如有)對本集團有潛在 重大影響時進行管理。本集團將繼續監察其外匯和利率 市場狀況,並於有需要時以外匯遠期合約對沖外匯風險 及利息掉期合約對沖利率風險。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團約有員工950名, 員工費用總額約為人民幣93,465,000元(二零一三年: 人民幣102,459,000元)。本集團視人力資源為最寶貴的 財富,深明吸納及挽留表現稱職的員工的重要性。薪酬 政策一般參考市場薪酬指標及個別員工的資歷而定。本 集團為員工提供的其他福利包括定額供款退休計畫、購 股權計劃及醫療福利。本集團並在中國為其若干中國的 僱員提供宿舍。

資產抵押

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團以賬面值人民幣 214,715,000元資產抵押予銀行以獲取授予其附屬公司的 信貸額度(於二零一三年十二月三十一日:人民幣 285,320,000元)。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As disclosed by the Company's 2013 Annual Report, a subsidiary of the Group was involved with two litigation cases of disputes over the balance payment for a construction project in 2012. The lawsuits have been finalised through legal proceedings and both parties have resolved the dispute according to court verdict.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

PLANS FOR SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND EXPECTED SOURCE OF FUNDING

Save for those disclosed above in connection with capital commitments under the section "Liquidity and Financial Resources", the Group does not have any plan for material investments or acquisition of capital assets.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's segment information for the year ended 31 December 2014 is set out in note 3 to the financial statement.

或有負債

根據於本公司二零一三年年報披露,本集團旗下一家附 屬公司於二零一二年的兩宗關於建設工程合同尾款糾紛 案件經法院審理終結,與訟雙方已按法院審判結果辦理。

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團並無重大或有 負債。

未來重大投資及預期融資來源

除於上述「流動資金及財政資源」一節所載有關資本開支 承擔所披露者外,本集團並無任何未來重大投資計劃或 購入資本資產計劃。

分類資料

本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之分類資 料分析載於財務報表附註3。

The board of Directors (the "Board") of Dawnrays Pharmaceutical (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") believes that corporate governance is essential to the success of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"). Good corporate governance can safeguard the interests of all shareholders and enhance corporate value. Therefore, the Board has adopted various measures to ensure that a high standard of corporate governance is maintained.

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Ltd. (the "Listing Rules") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the Company's code of conduct for dealings in securities of the Company by the Directors. Based on specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirms that all the Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code, throughout the accounting period covered by the 2014 annual report.

THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance. The management has been delegated the authority and responsibility by the Board for the management of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the board committees. Further details of these committees are set out in this report.

No corporate governance committee has been established and so the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, etc.

The Board held 25 board meetings including 6 regular meetings and 19 ad-hoc meetings during the year ended 31 December 2014. The regular board meetings were to consider, among other things, reviewing and approving the interim and annual results of the Group, overall group strategy, annual budgets, approval of major capital transactions and other significant operational and financial matters. The ad-hoc meetings were convened when circumstance required such as review and approve capital expenses for production facilities, granting share options to employees, appointment of management and review bank facilities for subsidiaries.

東瑞製葯(控股)有限公司(「本公司」)之董事會(「董事會」) 深信企業管治為本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)成 功的關鍵,良好的企業管治能保障全體股東權益及提升 企業價值,因此董事會已採取各項措施,以確保維持高 標準的企業管治。

董事認為,於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證 券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四之企業管治守則(「管 治守則」)內所載之守則條文規定。

證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十的上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事買賣本公司證券的行為守則。根據對所有董事作出的特定查詢後,本公司確認所有董事於二零一四年年報覆蓋的會計期內一直遵守標準守則所規定的準則。

董事會

董事會負責領導及監控本公司,並負責監管本集團之業 務、策略方針及表現。董事會亦轉授權力及責任予管理 層,以管理本集團。此外,董事會亦已將各種職責分派 至董事會轄下委員會。該等委員會之詳情載於本報告內。

由於並無成立企業管治委員會,因此由董事會負責執行 企業管治職能,如制定及檢討本公司企業管治之政策及 常規、為董事及高級管理層提供培訓及持續專業發展及 確保本公司之政策及常規符合法律及監管規定等。

董事會於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內已舉 行二十五次董事會會議,包括六次定期董事會會議及 十九次臨時董事會會議。定期會議是考慮(其中包括)審 閱及批准本集團中期及全年業績、整體企業策略、年度 預算、批准重大資本交易及其他重大營運及財務事宜。 臨時會議是在情況有需要時例如考慮及批准生產設備的 資本開支、授予購股權給僱員、管理層任命及審閱附屬 公司之銀行貸款申請而召開。

Details of the attendance of Directors at board meetings, annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") and other three board committees' meetings (the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee) during the year 2014 are set out in the following table:

於二零一四年,各董事於董事會會議、本公司股東週年 大會(「股東週年大會」)及另外三個董事委員會會議(審 核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會)的出席詳情列載於 下表:

No. of meetings attended/held

		會議出席次數/ 舉行次數				
				Audit	Nomination	Remuneration
		Board	AGM	Committee	Committee	Committee
Name of Directors	董事姓名	董事會	股東週年大會	審核委員會	提名委員會	薪酬委員會
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Ms. Li Kei Ling (Chairman)	李其玲女士(主席)	25/ 25	1/ 1		3/4	5/ 5
Mr. Hung Yung Lai	熊融禮先生	25/ 25	1/ 1			
Mr. Li Tung Ming	李東明先生	24/ 25	1/ 1			
Mr. Gao Yi (resigned on 9 March 2014)	高毅先生 (於二零一四年					
	三月九日辭任)	1/ 25				
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Leung Hong Man	梁康民先生	9/ 25	1/ 1			
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Pan Xue Tian	潘學田先生	12/ 25	1/ 1	3/ 3	4/ 4	5/ 5
Mr. Choi Tat Ying Jacky	蔡達英先生	14/ 25	1/ 1	3/ 3	3/4	5/ 5
Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony	勞同聲先生	14/ 25	1/ 1	2/ 3	3/ 4	5/ 5

At least 14 days notice of regular board meeting is given to all Directors. The agenda and board papers are sent to the Directors at least 3 days before the meetings of the Board and board committees so that the Directors have the time to review the documents. Directors can include matters for discussion in the agenda if the need arises. Minutes of meetings of the Board and board committees are recorded in sufficient details that matters considered and decisions reached. The draft and final versions of the minutes will be sent to Directors within a reasonable time after the meetings. Minutes of meetings of the Board and board committees are kept by the company secretary of the Company and open for inspection on reasonable notice by any Director.

All Directors are entitled to have unrestricted access to the advice and service of the company secretary with a view to ensuring that board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Upon reasonable request and appropriate circumstances, Directors can seek independent professional advice to assist them to discharge their duties, at the Company's expenses.

The Company has acquired insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions which may be taken against Directors and officers in the execution and discharge of their duties or in relation thereto. 董事會定期會議的通告於會議舉行最少十四天前發出予 各董事。董事會及其轄下委員會會議的議程及相關會議 文件,至少在每次會議三天前送交予各董事,使各董事 有時間審閱該等文件。如有需要,董事可在議程中加插 欲討論的事項。董事會及其轄下委員會的會議記錄均詳 盡記錄會議上考慮事項及達致的決定,並於會議後合理 時間內把初稿及最終定稿發送給董事。董事會及轄下委 員會會議記錄由本公司公司秘書存置,並於任何董事發 出合理通知時供公開查閱。

所有董事均有權取得公司秘書的意見和服務,以確保董 事會程序及所有適用規則及規例均獲得遵守;根據合理 要求並在適當情況下,董事可尋求獨立專業意見,以妥 善履行彼等之職責,費用由本公司支付。

本公司已為董事及行政人員購買責任保險,保障彼等因 履行其職責或相關事宜時可能要承擔的法律責任。

If a substantial shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board had determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by holding a board meeting with the presence of disinterested Independent Non-executive Directors or a meeting of a board committee set up for that purpose pursuant to a resolution passed in a board meeting.

BOARD COMPOSITION

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy which seeks to achieve board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to educational background, ethnicity, working experience, professional skills, knowledge and length of service. All board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates would bring to the Board.

The Board currently comprises seven Directors, of whom three are Executive Directors, one is Non-executive Director and three are Independent Non-executive Directors. The composition meets the requirement of the Listing Rules for the Board to have at least one-third in number of its members comprising Independent Non-executive Directors. The three Independent Non-executive Directors are persons of high caliber, with academic and professional qualifications in the fields of accounting, business management and pharmaceutical industry respectively. With their experience gained from senior positions held in other organisations, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board. The biographies of the Directors are set out in pages 27 to 28 to the 2014 annual report, which demonstrates the skills, expertise, experience and qualifications.

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from the three Independent Non-executive Directors in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board has assessed their independence and concluded that all the Independent Non-executive Directors are independent within the definition of the Listing Rules.

Ms. Li Kei Ling, the Chairman of the Company and Mr. Hung Yung Lai, one of the Executive Directors, are directors and ultimate shareholders of several private companies incorporated in Hong Kong and British Virgin Islands.

Save as disclosed above, the Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. The balanced Board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exits across the Board which can effectively exercise independent judgement. 倘董事會認為主要股東或董事在董事會將予考慮的事項 中存有董事會認為屬重大的利益衝突,將以在該事項中 本身沒有重大利益的獨立非執行董事出席的董事會議或 根據董事會會議通過之決議案就此而成立之董事委員會 會議處理。

董事會組成

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策,透過考慮多項因 素,包括但不限於教育背景、種族、工作經驗、專業技 能知識及服務年期,務求達致董事會成員多元化。所有 董事會成員委任乃基於用人唯才,而為有效達致董事會 成員多元化,將考慮候選人之客觀條件,最終將按人選 的長處及其可為董事會提供的貢獻而作決定。

董事會現由七名董事組成,其中三位成員為執行董事、 一位為非執行董事及三位為獨立非執行董事。其組成情 況符合上市規則要求董事會成員最少須有三分一為獨立 非執行董事之做法,三位獨立非執行董事極具才幹,在 會計、工商管理及製藥業各範疇擁有學術及專業資歷; 加上他們在其他機構擔任高層職位所累積的經驗,對董 事會有效地履行其職責上提供強大的支持。各董事履歷 載於二零一四年報第27至28頁,當中載列各董事之技 能、專業知識、經驗及資格。

本公司已接獲該三名獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13 條發出之年度獨立性確認書。董事會已評估彼等之獨立 性,並確定全體獨立非執行董事均屬上市規則所界定之 獨立人士。

董事會主席李其玲女士及其中一位執行董事熊融禮先生 為數家於香港及英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的私人公司的 董事及最終股東。

除上文披露外,董事會成員間並無任何財務、業務、家 族或其他重大/相關關係。董事會以如此均衡之架構組 成,目的在確保整個董事會擁有穩固之獨立性,能夠有 效地作出獨立判斷。

DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Directors understand the importance of continuous professional development and are willing to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution into the Board remains informed and relevant.

The Directors are committed to complying with the CG Code A6.5 on Directors' training. All Directors have participated in continuous professional development and provided a record of training they received for the year ended 31 December 2014 to the Company.

The individual training record of each Director received for the year ended 31 December 2014 is set out below:

董事之持續培訓及發展

董事了解持續專業發展之重要性並願意發展及更新其知 識和技能,以確保其繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需之 情況下向董事會作出之貢獻。

董事承諾遵守管治守則第A6.5條有關董事培訓,於截至 二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,全體董事均有參與 持續專業發展,並已向本公司提供其所接受之培訓記錄。

於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,各董事接受 培訓之個人記錄載列如下:

Directors	董事	Briefings and updates on the business, operations, and corporate governance matters 有關業務、營運及 企業管治事宜之簡報及更新	Attending or participating in seminars/ conferences relevant to the management/ business/directors' duties 出席或參加與管理/業務/ 董事職責有關之講座/會議
Ms. Li Kei Ling	李其玲女士	✓	
Mr. Hung Yung Lai	熊融禮先生	\checkmark	
Mr. Li Tung Ming	李東明先生	\checkmark	
Mr. Leung Hong Man	梁康民先生	\checkmark	1
Mr. Pan Xue Tian	潘學田先生	✓	
Mr. Choi Tat Ying Jacky	蔡達英先生	✓	
Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony	勞同聲先生	\checkmark	

As Mr. Gao Yi resigned on 9 March 2014, he did not submit his individual training record to the Company.

APPOINTMENTS, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The nomination committee will consider the appointment of new Directors first by reviewing the profiles of the candidates and making recommendations to the Board. New Directors appointed by the Board during the year to fill a casual vacancy shall retire and submit themselves for re-election at the first general meeting immediately followed their appointment.

Non-executive Directors are appointed for a fixed term of two years and are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by shareholders at annual general meeting in accordance with the Company's articles of association (the "Articles").

高毅先生於二零一四年三月九日辭任,故沒有提交個人 培訓記錄給本公司。

委任、重選及罷免董事

新董事之委任先經提名委員會考慮,審閱候選人之履歷 後向董事會作出建議。年內獲董事會委任填補臨時空缺 之新董事須退任並於緊隨彼等獲委任後之股東大會上膺 選連任。

非執行董事的固定委任年期為兩年,並須根據本公司組 織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)於股東週年大會上輪席告 退並重選連任。

At each AGM, one-third of the Directors are required to retire from office according to the Company's Articles. As the Company has seven Directors, at least one third of them shall retire subject to rotation, and barring unforeseen resignation/retirement during a year, each Director is effectively appointed for an average term of not more than 3 years. Mr. Li Tung Ming, Mr. Leung Hong Man and Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony will retire at the forthcoming AGM. All retiring Directors are eligible for re-election.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

Every newly appointed Director will receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on his first appointment to have a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Group and that he is fully aware of his responsibilities under statute and common law, the Listing Rules, applicable legal requirements and other regulatory requirements and the business and governance policies of the Company. The Directors endeavour to give sufficient time and attention to the Group's affairs and are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments, business and market changes and the strategic development of the Group to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities.

The Independent Non-executive Directors take an active role in Board meetings, contribute to the development of strategies and policies and make sound and independent judgement on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standard of conduct. They will take lead where potential conflicts of interests arise. They are also members of various board committees and scrutinize the overall performance of the Group in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and monitoring the reporting of performance.

SUPPLY OF AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION

The management has the obligation to supply the Board with monthly updates and adequate information to enable it to make informed decisions on matters placed before it. Where any Director requires more information than is volunteered by the management, each Director has separate and independent access to the Group's management to make further enquires if necessary. Where queries are raised by Directors, management will respond as promptly and fully as possible.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

During the year 2014, the roles of the chairman (the "Chairman") and the chief executive officer (the "CEO") of the Company were separated and were performed by two separate individuals who had no relationship with each other. The Board has appointed Ms. Li Kei Ling as the Chairman. She has executive responsibilities and provides leadership to the Board such as ensuring all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and received complete and reliable information in a timely manner so that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibilities.

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

根據組織章程細則於每屆股東週年大會上,三分之一董 事須退任。由於共有七名董事,當中最少三分之一須輪 席告退,因此在排除年內出現不可預見的辭任/退任的 情況下,每名董事的有效任期平均為不超過三年。李東 明先生、梁康民先生及勞同聲先生將於應屆股東週年大 會上告退。所有退任董事符合資格膺選連任。

董事之責任

每位新委任董事均會在首次接受委任時獲得全面、正式 兼特為其而設的就任須知,以對本集團之營運及業務有 適當理解,以及完全知悉彼在法規及普通法、上市規則、 適用之法律規定及其他監管規定以及本公司之業務及管 治政策下之職責。董事將致力付出足夠時間及精神以處 理本公司事務,並獲持續更新有關法律及規管變更、業 務及市場變動以及本集團之策略發展,以便履行彼等之 職責。

獨立非執行董事在董事會會議上擔當活躍角色,可為制 訂策略及政策作出貢獻,並就策略、政策、表現、問責、 資源、重大委任及行為準則事宜作出可靠及獨立之判斷。 彼等會於潛在利益衝突出現時發揮牽頭引導作用。彼等 亦出任多個董事會轄下委員會之成員,審查本集團在實 現議定企業目標及指標時之整體表現,並監察表現之呈 報。

資料之提供及獲取

管理層有責任向董事會提供月報及充足之資料,以供董 事會對提呈事項作出知情決定。倘有任何董事要求獲得 除管理層自願提供之資料以外之其他資料,董事於必要 時可透過不同及獨立途徑接觸管理層,以作出進一步諮 詢。若有董事提出問題,管理層將儘快作出全面的回應。

主席及總裁

於二零一四年,本公司的主席(「主席」)與總裁(「總裁」) 的角色是分開的,由兩位獨立人士承擔,他們之間沒有 任何關係。董事會委任李其玲女士為主席,彼負有執行 責任及領導董事會,如確保董事會會議上所有董事均適 當知悉當前的事項和及時收到完備可靠的資訊,使董事 會有效地運作和履行其職責。

Mr. Gao Yi resigned as Executive Director and CEO of the Company and Ms. Huang Dongmei was appointed as the Company's CEO with effect from 9 March 2014. CEO is delegated with the authority and responsibility for managing the Group's business operation and implementing the development strategies. CEO will periodically present the updated market situation, long term strategies and objectives of the Group, quarterly results to the Board at the Board meeting. Variances analysis between the actual performances and the budget targets are explained in the meeting. This helps the Board to monitor the Group's business operations and to amend the targets when required. In addition, CEO will also present the coming year budget summary to the Board for approval at the Board meeting held in December each year.

Subsequent to 31 December 2014, Ms. Li Kei Ling, the Chairman, was appointed to succeed Ms. Huang Dongmei as the CEO from 1 March 2015. After the appointment, the roles of the Chairman and the CEO are performed by the same individual, which is a non-compliance to the Code Provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. However, the Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company. The balance of power and authority is ensured by the operations of the Board, which comprises experienced and high calibre individuals and meets regularly to discuss issues relating to the operations of the Company. The Board believes that the structure enables the Group to make and implement decision promptly and efficiently which will be beneficial to the Company as a whole.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The management provides explanation and information to the Board so as to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the approval by the Board.

The Directors and chief executive officer acknowledge their responsibility to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and in presenting the interim and annual financial statements and announcements to shareholders. The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, the Board therefore continues to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the accounts.

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment in the Company's annual and interim reports and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules, and reports to the regulators as well as the information required to be disclosed pursuant to the statutory requirements.

The responsibilities of the auditors to the shareholders are set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 40 and 41.

於二零一四年三月九日起,高毅先生辭任本公司執行董 事兼總裁職務,黃冬梅女士被委任為本公司總裁。總裁 獲授予權力和責任管理本集團業務營運及推行發展策略。 總裁於每一季度向董事會提呈季度業績,會上闡述更新 之市場情況、長期策略及目標,實際表現與預算目標有 所差異之分析,此舉有助董事會監控本集團之業務營運 及於必要時修訂目標。此外,總裁亦於每年十二月份召 開之董事會會議上向董事會提呈下一年度之預算概要, 尋求董事會批准。

二零一四年十二月三十一日之後,主席李其玲女士自二 零一五年三月一日起被委任接替黃冬梅女士擔任本公司 總裁,於委任後,董事會主席及總裁的角色由同一人兼 任,這並未有遵守管治守則中所載的守則條文A.2.1。然 而,董事會認為,該結構將無損董事會及本公司管理層 權力及授權的平衡。董事會由經驗豐富及高素質的人才 組成,確保董事會權力及授權的平衡,彼等會定期召開 會議以討論有關本公司運作的事宜。董事會相信該結構 能使本集團及時且有效地作出及落實決定以符合本集團 之整體利益。

問責及核數

管理層向董事會提供有關解釋及資料,令董事會可對提 呈董事會批准之財務及其他資料作出知情評估。

董事及總裁確認須負責為每一財政年度編製能真實及公 允地反映本集團業務狀況之財務報告及向股東提呈中期 及年度財務報表及公佈。董事會並不知悉任何重大不確 定因素會對本集團的持續經營能力投下重大疑惑,因此, 董事會仍然採用持續經營基準編製賬目。

董事會確認,其有責任在本公司年度報表及中期報告和 根據上市規則規定須予披露的其他財務資料、以及向監 管者提交的報告書以至根據法例規定須予披露的資料, 提供平衡、清晰及易於理解之評估。

核數師向股東承擔的責任載於第40至41頁獨立核數師 報告內。

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has delegated to management the implementation of internal control system as well as the review of relevant financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management procedures.

The internal control system has been designed to safeguard the Group's assets against loss and misappropriation; to maintain proper accounting records for producing reliable financial information; to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance against material fraud and errors. The Group has clearly defined the authorities and key responsibilities of each business and operational unit to ensure adequate checks and balances. Policies are established to ensure compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and industry standards. Rules and guidelines are set to control treasury activities, financial and management reporting, human resources functions and computer systems' operations. Systems and procedures are also established to identify, measure, manage and control different risks arising from different business and functional activities.

The Board monitors and reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of its internal control systems through a programme of internal audit. The internal audit department is set up by the Company to review the major operational and financial control of the Group in compliance with the established processes and standards on a continuing basis and aims to cover all major operations of the Group on a rotational basis. The internal audit department reports directly to the Chairman of the Board and the Audit Committee.

The Board also monitors and assesses the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget on an ongoing basis.

Based on the assessments made by the internal audit department in 2014, the Board and the audit committee of the Company considered that the key areas of the Group's internal control system are reasonably implemented with room for improvement. The Group shall endeavor to further improve the Company's internal control system.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The day-to-day management of the Company is delegated to the management by the Board, with division heads responsible for individual department's daily operations.

Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to the management include the preparation of interim and annual reports and announcements for the Board's approval before publishing, execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board, implementation of adequate systems of internal controls and risk management procedures, and compliance with relevant statutory requirements and rules and regulations.

內部監控

董事會授權管理層推行內部監控系統,並檢討有關財務、 營運與監管控制及風險管理之程序。

內部監控系統是為保障本集團資產免受損失或被盜用; 妥善保存會計記錄以提供可靠的財務資料;就欺詐及重 大錯誤合理地作出防範,惟不能確保其絕對不會發生。 本集團已清楚界定各業務及營運部門的權責,以確保有 效之制衡。制訂政策以確保遵照有關法律、規例和生產 製造標準;訂立規則及指引以監控本集團庫務事宜、財 務與管理匯報、人力資源功能及電腦系統之運作;制定 系統及程序以識別、量度、管理及控制各業務及營運部 門的各種風險。

董事會透過內部稽核程序監察及檢討其內部監控系統是 否足夠及有效。本公司設立審計部以持續基準審閱本集 團之主要營運及財務控制,及旨在以循環基準涵蓋本集 團之所有主要營運。該審計部直接向董事會主席及審核 委員會匯報。

董事會亦會持續監察及評估本集團在會計及財務匯報職 能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗、以及員工所接受的培 訓課程及有關預算是否足夠。

按照本集團審計部於二零一四年作出之評估,審核委員 會及董事會認為,本集團內部監控制度之主要範疇已獲 合理推行,惟仍有改善空間。本集團將盡最大努力,務 求進一步改善本集團之內部監控制度。

董事會權力的轉授

董事會轉授本集團之日常管理權力給管理層,部門主管 負責各部門的日常運作。

董事會特別委託管理層執行之主要企業事宜包括籌備中 期及年度報告及通告以供董事會於公佈前批核,執行董 事會所採納之業務策略及措施、推行妥善內部監控制度 及風險管理程序以及遵守有關法定規定、規則與規例。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the nomination committee, remuneration committee and audit committee. The committees' terms of references defined their functions and responsibilities have posted on the Company's website.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

As at 31 December 2014, the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") had Ms. Li Kei Ling as the committee's chairman, and the three Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Pan Xue Tian, Mr. Choi Tat Ying Jacky and Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony as the committee's members. The Nomination Committee 's terms of reference are summarized as follows:

- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skill, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (ii) to nominate for the approval of the Board, candidates to fill board vacancies as and where they arise;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and to select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- (iv) to assess the independence of independent non-executive directors; and
- (v) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive officer.

During the year 2014, the Nomination Committee had four meetings to review the renewal of Directors' service contracts and the recommendation on the appointment of CEO.

董事會轄下的委員會

董事會成立提名委員會、薪酬委員會及審核委員會。闡 明委員會的權力及職責的職權範圍登載於本公司網站上。

提名委員會

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司提名委員會(「提 名委員會」)以李其玲女士為委員會主席及三名獨立非執 行董事 - 潘學田先生、蔡達英先生及勞同聲先生為委員 會成員。提名委員會之職權範圍概述如下:

- (i) 至少每年檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成(包括技術、知識及經驗);並就任何為配合本公司之公司 策略而擬對董事會作出之變動提出建議;
- (ii) 當董事會有空缺時,負責提名候選人予董事局審 批;
- (iii) 物色具備合資格可擔任董事的人士,挑選提名有關 人士出任董事或就此向董事會提出意見;
- (iv) 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- (v) 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席及總 裁)繼任計劃向董事局提出建議。

於二零一四年,提名委員會舉行了四次會議評審董事服 務合同的續期及委任總裁的建議。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

As at 31 December 2014, the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") had Mr. Pan Xue Tian, an Independent Non-executive Director, as the committee's chairman, Ms. Li Kei Ling, and two Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Choi Tat Ying Jacky and Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony, as the committee's members. The Remuneration Committee's terms of reference are summarized as follows:

- to recommend to the Board on the Group's policy and structure of all Directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (ii) to determine with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management;
- to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment;
- (iv) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct; and
- (v) to ensure that no Director or any of her/his associates is involved in deciding her/his own remuneration.

The Group's remuneration policy bases on the market practice, the qualification, duties and responsibilities of Directors and employees. In order to attract, retain, and motivate high-performance persons, the Company has adopted share option scheme to reward those participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations.

The Board considers that the executive directors of the Company and the CEO are the key management of the Group. For the year ended 31 December 2014, the aggregate emoluments payable to directors and chief executive officer were within the following bands:

薪酬委員會

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司薪酬委員會(「薪 酬委員會」)以獨立非執行董事潘學田先生為委員會主席, 李其玲女士及兩名獨立非執行董事一蔡達英先生及勞同 聲先生為委員會成員。薪酬委員會職權範圍概述如下:

- (i) 就本集團董事及高級管理層的全體薪酬政策及架構,以及就設立正規而具透明度的程序制定薪酬政策,向董事會提出建議;
- (ii) 獲董事會轉授責任釐定各執行董事及高級管理層 之薪酬待遇;
- (iii) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理層就其喪失或 終止職務或委任時應向彼等支付之補償金;
- (iv) 檢討及批准因行為失當而遭解聘或免職之董事所 涉及的補償安排;及
- (v) 確保任何董事或其任何聯繫人不得參與自行釐定 薪酬。

本集團的薪酬政策是參照市場慣例、董事及員工的資歷、 職務及責任釐訂,為招攬、挽留及激勵表現稱職人員, 本公司採納購股權計劃,從而對為本集團業務成功作出 貢獻之參與者提供獎勵。

董事會認為本公司執行董事及總裁均為本集團主要管理 人員。截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,應付董 事及總裁之薪酬介乎以下範圍:

Number of individuals

人	數

7 2

 Nil to HK\$1,000,000
 零至港幣1,000,000元

 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000
 港幣1,000,001元至2,000,000元

Details of the amount of Directors' and chief executive officer's emoluments are set out in note 7 to the financial statements and the details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 30 to the financial statements.

The Remuneration Committee had five meetings in 2014 to determine the salary adjustment of senior management. 董事及總裁酬金之詳情載於財務報表附註7,而購股權 計劃之詳情載於財務報表附註30。

於二零一四年,薪酬委員會舉行了五次會議以釐定高級 管理層薪酬調整。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") which was established in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules for the purpose of reviewing and providing supervision over the Group's financial reporting process and internal controls. The Audit Committee comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company who among themselves possess a wealth of management experience in the accounting profession, commercial and pharmaceutical sectors.

As at 31 December 2014 the Audit Committee's chairman was Mr. Choi Tat Ying Jacky, Mr. Pan Xue Tian and Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony were the committee's members. The Audit Committee's terms of reference are summarized as follows:

- (i) to consider and recommend to the board the independence, appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor;
- (ii) to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- (iii) to review financial information; and
- (iv) to oversee financial reporting system and internal control procedures.

During the year 2014, the Audit Committee had three meetings to discuss financial reporting matters and any areas of concerns during the audits. The Audit Committee focuses not only on the impact of the changes in accounting policies and practices but also on the compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the legal requirements in the review of the Company's interim and annual reports.

The audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee before recommending them to the Board for approval.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Ernst and Young has been reappointed as the Company's external auditors at the AGM on 23 May 2014 until the conclusion of the next AGM. During the year 2014, the remuneration paid or payable to the Company's external auditor in respect of services provided are as follows:

Fees for audit services amounted to RMB1,388,000.

Fees for non-audit services amounted to RMB70,000.

審核委員會

本公司遵照上市規則第3.21條,以審閱及監管本集團財 務申報過程及內部監控成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」)。 審核委員會包括三名本公司獨立非執行董事。彼等分別 於會計專業、商業及製藥行業具有豐富之管理經驗。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,審核委員會主席為蔡達 英先生,潘學田先生及勞同聲先生為委員會成員。審核 委員會的職權範圍概述如下:

- (i) 就外聘核數師的獨立性、委任、重新委任及罷免作 出考慮並向董事會提供建議;
- (ii) 批准外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用條款,及處理任何有 關該核數師辭職或辭退該核數師的問題;
- (iii) 審閲財務資料;及
- (iv) 監管財務申報制度及內部監控程序。

於二零一四年,審核委員會開會三次討論財務報告事宜 及審核過程中之任何問題。審核委員會於審閱本公司之 中期及年度報告時,不僅注意會計政策及慣例變動之影 響,亦兼顧須遵守的會計政策、上市規則及法律之規定。

本公司截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度經審核的 財務報表於提呈董事會批准前經由審核委員會審閱。

核數師酬金

安永會計師事務所於本公司二零一四年五月二十三日股 東週年大會上獲續聘為本公司之外聘核數師直至應屆股 東週年大會為止。於二零一四年,就所提供服務已付或 應付本公司之外聘核數師之酬金如下:

核數服務之費用共人民幣1,388,000元。

其他非審核服務之費用共人民幣70,000元。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Pang Kit Ling, the company secretary of the Company, is a full time employee of the Group. During the year, the company secretary of the Company had duly complied with the relevant professional training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There is no change in the Company's memorandum and articles of association during the year ended 31 December 2014.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Pursuant to Articles 58 of the Company's Articles, any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the shareholder(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the shareholder(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the shareholder(s) by the Company.

There is no provision allowing shareholders to move new resolutions at general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law or the Articles of the Company. Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

As regards, proposing a person for election as a director, please refer to the procedures available on the websites of the Company.

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Units 3001–02, 30/F, CNT Tower, 338 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

公司秘書

本公司公司秘書彭潔玲女士為本集團全職僱員,年內, 本公司公司秘書遵守上市條例3.29條規定的持續專業培 訓要求。

組織章程文件

於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司之組 織章程大綱及組織章程細則並無任何變動。

股東權利

根據本公司之公司組織章程細則第58條之規定,任何一 位或以上於遞呈要求日期持有不少於本公司繳足股本(附 有於本公司股東大會表決權利)十分之一的股東,於任何 時候有權透過向本公司董事會或秘書發出書面要求,要 求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明的 任何事項;且該大會應於遞呈該要求後兩個月內舉行。 倘遞呈後二十一日內,董事會未有召開該大會,則股東 (們)可親自以相同方式召開該大會,股東因董事會未有 召開會議而招致的任何合理費用,須由本公司償還股東。

開曼群島公司法或本公司之公司組織章程細則並無列明 股東可在股東大會上提呈任何新決議案。有意提呈決議 案之股東可按上段所載程序要求本公司召開股東大會。

關於提名董事候選人之事宜,請參閱本公司網站所載之 程序。

股東可隨時致函本公司之香港主要營業地點(地址為香港 灣仔軒尼詩道338號北海中心30樓3001-02室),向董 事會提出查詢及表達意見。

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board recognises the importance of good communications with all shareholders. The Company establishes and maintains different communication channels with its shareholders through the publication of annual and interim reports and press release. Our corporate website which contains corporate information, corporate governance practice, interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars issued by the Company enables the Company's shareholders to have timely and updated information of the Company.

The Company's AGM is a valuable forum for the Board to communicate directly with the shareholders. The Chairman of the Board attends the AGM and arranges the chairman of the committees or in the absence of the chairman of such committees, another member of the committees to be available to answer questions at the AGM. The Chairman proposes separate resolutions for each issue to be considered, including the election of Directors, and put each proposed resolution to the vote by way of a poll. Voting results are posted on the Company's website on the day of AGM.

與股東的溝通

董事會認同與所有股東有良好的溝通至為重要,本公司 設立不同渠道保持與股東溝通,包括刊印年度報告、中 期報告及新聞稿,本公司之網站載有公司資料、企業管 治常規、本公司刊發之中期及年度報告、公告及通函, 使本公司股東可及時地取得本公司之最新資訊。

本公司的股東週年大會提供寶貴場合讓董事會直接與股 東溝通。董事會主席出席股東週年大會,並安排董事會 轄下委員會的主席,或在該等委員會的主席缺席時由另 一名委員會成員在股東週年大會上回答提問。主席就每 項獨立之事宜個別提出決議案以供審議,包括選舉董事, 並對各項提呈之決議案以投票方式進行表決。投票表決 之結果於股東週年大會日於本公司網站上登載。

Directors' Biographies 董事履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. LI, Kei Ling, aged 66, is an Executive Director, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Ms. Li is one of the founders of the Group. She founded the Group in December 1995 and was appointed to the Board and chief executive officer in October 2002 and March 2015 respectively. Ms. Li is also the Chairman of Dawnrays International Co. Ltd., Dawnrays International Co., Ltd. (東瑞國際股份有 限公司), Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Su Zhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd., Dawnrays (Nantong) Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd., Guangdong Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., and Dawnrays Pharma (Hong Kong) Ltd., which are all subsidiaries of the Company. She is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee. Ms. Li has over twenty years of experience in corporate management, strategic planning, business operations and finance, in particular for pharmaceutical enterprises in the PRC. She is responsible for supervising the strategic management decisions to ensure good corporate governance practices and business policies are established, and executing the overall developmental strategies of the Group. Ms. Li is also responsible for the daily business operation and management of the Group.

Mr. HUNG, Yung Lai, aged 70, is an Executive Director of the Company and one of the founders of the Group. Mr. Hung founded the Group in December 1995 and was appointed to the Board in October 2002. Mr. Hung also holds directorship in Dawnrays International Co. Ltd., Dawnrays International Co. Ltd. (東瑞國際股份有限公司), Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Su Zhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd., Dawnrays (Nantong) Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd., Guangdong Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. and Dawnrays Pharma (Hong Kong) Ltd., which are all subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Hung holds a degree from 上海 音樂學院 (Shanghai Conservatory of Music). He has over twenty years of experience in corporate management and corporate development, and has participated in founding and managing of pharmaceutical and hightech enterprises. Mr. Hung is an executive director and the chairman of Sing Lee Software (Group) Ltd., a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. LI, Tung Ming, aged 66, is an Executive Director of the Company. Mr. Li joined the Group in April 2000 and was appointed to the Board in January 2004. Mr. Li also holds directorship in Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Su Zhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd., Dawnrays (Nantong) Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd., Guangdong Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. and Dawnrays Pharma (Hong Kong) Ltd., which are all subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Li has over twenty years of experience in the pharmaceutical industry in the PRC, and began his career in product development, promotion, sales and corporate management in the pharmaceutical market in the PRC in 1980. Mr. Li is responsible for liaison with the Group's academic network of medical experts and academic advisers and assists in new product development of the Group.

執行董事

李其玲女士,66歲,本公司執行董事兼主席及總裁,李 女士為本集團創辦人之一,彼於一九九五年十二月創立 本集團並於二零零二年十月及二零一五年三月分別被委 任為董事及總裁。李女士亦是本公司之附屬公司包括東 瑞國際有限公司、東瑞國際股份有限公司、蘇州東瑞製 藥有限公司、蘇州東瑞醫藥科技有限公司、東瑞(南通) 醫藥科技有限公司、廣東東瑞藥業有限公司及東瑞葯業 (香港)有限公司之主席,彼也是提名委員會主席及薪酬 委員會的成員。李女士於企業管理、策略規劃、業務營 運及財務等方面,尤其在中國製藥企業的上述有關方面, 擁有逾二十年經驗。彼負責監督管理決策之執行,確保 制定良好的企業管治常規和經營方針,及制定集團的整 體發展策略。李女士亦負責本集團日常業務的營運及管 理工作。

熊融禮先生,70歲,本公司執行董事及本集團創辦人之一。熊先生於一九九五年十二月創立本集團並於二零零二年十月被委任為董事。熊先生亦於本公司之附屬公司包括東瑞國際有限公司、東瑞國際股份有限公司、蘇州東瑞製藥有限公司、蘇州東瑞醫藥科技有限公司、東瑞(南通)醫藥科技有限公司、廣東東瑞藥業有限公司及東瑞葯業(香港)有限公司擔任董事職務。熊先生持有上海音樂學院的學位。彼於企業管理與公司發展方面擁有逾二十年經驗,並曾創立及管理製藥及高科技企業。熊先生是聯交所創業板上市公司新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司的執行董事兼主席。

李東明先生,66歲,本公司執行董事。李先生於二零零 零年四月加盟本集團,及於二零零四年一月被委任為董 事。李先生亦於本公司之附屬公司包括蘇州東瑞製藥有 限公司、蘇州東瑞醫藥科技有限公司、東瑞(南通)醫藥 科技有限公司、廣東東瑞藥業有限公司及東瑞葯業(香港) 有限公司擔任董事職務。李先生於一九八零年開始從事 中國醫藥市場的產品開發、推廣、銷售及企業的管理工 作,擁有逾二十年經驗。李先生負責本集團醫學專家和 醫葯學術顧問之學術網路聯繫工作及協助本集團新產品 的開發。

Directors' Biographies 董事履歷

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. LEUNG, Hong Man, aged 40, is a Non-executive Director of the Company. He joined the Group and was appointed to the Board in November 2005. Mr. Leung has started his business career in knitting machinery since 1993. He has over 10 years experience in sales and management and also over 10 years experience in finance and property investments. In recent years, Mr. Leung has strived to exploit business in hi-tech agriculture and arts and cultural industries. Mr. Leung currently is the shareholder and the director of Toyo International Investment Ltd., of which has been one of the substantial shareholders (as required to be disclosed under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance) of the Company since September 2005.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. PAN, Xue Tian, aged 78, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Pan joined the Group in June 2003. He is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Pan has extensive experience in drug administration and supervision, medical hygiene and hospital management, and has assumed various senior management positions in the Ministry of Health of the PRC. He graduated from the medicine faculty of 中國大連醫學院 (Dalian Medical University of the PRC).

Mr. CHOI, Tat Ying Jacky, aged 46, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Choi joined the Group in September 2004. He is the Chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company respectively. Mr. Choi has extensive experience in financial and treasury management, corporate finance, investment and audit. He earned his Bachelor degree of Business Administration from Hong Kong Baptist University with a first class honours in 1990. Mr. Choi is a practising member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. LO Tung Sing Tony, aged 46, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Lo joined the Group in October 2010. He is a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company respectively. Mr. Lo has extensive experience in financial management and business development in Hong Kong and multinational companies. He obtained his Bachelor degree in Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong and Master of Science in Financial Management from The University of London. Mr. Lo is an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a full member of CPA Australia. He currently holds the position of Financial Controller (Customer & Marketing, Betting and IT) at The Hong Kong Jockey Club.

非執行董事

梁康民先生,40歳,本公司非執行董事,彼於二零零五 年十一月加入本集團及被委任為董事。梁先生自 一九九三年開展針織機械事業,在銷售及管理工作方面 累積超過十年經驗,以及逾十年的金融及房地產投資經 驗。近年更致力拓展高新農業事務和文化藝術行業。梁 先生現時為東海國際投資有限公司(自二零零五年九月起 成為本公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV部需要披露的主要 股東之一)的股東及董事。

獨立非執行董事

潘學田先生,78歲,本公司獨立非執行董事。潘先生於 二零零三年六月加盟本集團。彼現為本公司薪酬委員會 主席、審核委員會及提名委員會的成員。潘先生在藥物 管理及監管、醫療衛生及醫院管理方面擁有豐富經驗。 潘先生曾於中國衛生部擔任多個高級管理層職位。潘先 生畢業於中國大連醫學院醫學系。

蔡達英先生,46歲,本公司獨立非執行董事,蔡先生於 二零零四年九月加盟本集團。彼現分別為本公司審核委 員會主席、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的成員。蔡先生於 財務及財資管理、公司融資、投資及核數方面擁有豐富 經驗。蔡先生於一九九零年在香港浸會大學取得工商管 理學士一級榮譽學位。蔡先生是香港會計師公會執業會 員。

勞同聲先生,46歲,本公司獨立非執行董事,勞先生於 二零一零年十月加盟本集團。彼現分別為本公司審核委 員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的成員。勞先生於香港 及跨國公司財務管理及業務發展方面擁有廣泛經驗。勞 先生於香港中文大學取得工商管理學士學位及於倫敦大 學取得財務管理理學碩士學位。彼亦是香港會計師公會 及澳洲會計師公會會員。彼現任香港賽馬會財務主管(市 場及客戶,投注及資訊科技事務)。 The board of Directors (the "Board") herein presents its report and the audited financial statements of Dawnrays Pharmaceutical (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 18 to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the audited financial statements on pages 42 to 125.

An interim dividend of HK\$0.025 per ordinary share was paid on 23 September 2014. The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.085 per ordinary share in respect of the year, to shareholders on the register of members on 1 June 2015. This recommendation has been incorporated in the financial statements as an allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the statement of financial position.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and of the assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interest of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out on page 126. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

DONATION

During the year, the Group made charitable donation amounting to RMB622,560.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND LAND USE RIGHTS

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment and land use rights of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in notes 14 and 15 to the financial statements, respectively.

INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

Details of interest-bearing bank loans of the Group as at 31 December 2014 are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

董事會(「董事會」)提呈其董事會報告及東瑞製葯(控股) 有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至 二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司的主要業務詳 情載列於財務報表附註18。本集團於年內的主要業務性 質並無重大變動。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度的溢利及 本公司及本集團於該日的財務狀況,載於經審核財務報 表第42至125頁。

每股普通股港幣0.025元的中期股息已於二零一四年九 月二十三日派發。董事會建議向於二零一五年六月一日 名列股東名冊的股東支付末期股息每股普通股港幣0.085 元。有關建議已列入財務報表,並以分配保留溢利的形 式計入財務狀況表內權益一節中。

財務資料概要

節錄自本集團最近五個財政年度已公佈的經審核財務報 表的已公佈業績、資產、負債及非控股權益概要載於第 126頁。該概要並不構成經審核財務報表的部分。

捐款

年內,本集團的慈善捐款為人民幣622,560元。

物業、廠房及設備及土地使用權

本公司及本集團於年內的物業、廠房及設備及土地使用 權的變動詳情,分別載於財務報表的附註14及15。

計息銀行貸款

本集團於二零一四年十二月三十一日的計息銀行貸款詳 情載於財務報表附註26。

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended 31 December 2014, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in consolidated statement of changes in equity and note 31 to the financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 December 2014 the Company's reserves available for distribution amounted to RMB291,402,000, of which RMB54,697,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year. Under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account of the Company of approximately RMB84,050,000 as at 31 December 2014 is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The share premium account may also be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for 40.70% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 18.82%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 30.43% of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to 7.00%.

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

股本

本公司之股本於本年度之變動載於財務報表附註29。

優先購買權

本公司的公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法律並無有關優先購買權的條文,規定本公司須按比例提呈發售新股予 現有股東。

購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司或其 他任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售任何本公司上市 證券。

儲備

本公司及本集團於年內的儲備變動詳情,載於綜合權益 變動表及財務報表附註31。

可供分派儲備

本公司於二零一四年十二月三十一日的可供分派儲備達 人民幣291,402,000元,其中建議人民幣54,697,000元 用作宣派年內的末期股息。根據開曼群島公司法 (一九六一年第三卷,經綜合及修訂)第二十二章,本公 司於二零一四年十二月三十一日可供分派予本公司股東 的股份溢價賬約人民幣84,050,000元,惟本公司須於緊 接建議派發股息當日後,本公司有能力清償其於一般業 務過程中到期的債務。股份溢價賬亦可以繳足紅股的方 式分派。

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年內,向本集團五大客戶的銷售額佔銷售總額的 40.70%,而向其中最大客戶的銷售額則佔18.82%。向 本集團五大供應商的採購額佔年內採購總額的30.43%, 而向其中最大供應商的採購額則佔7.00%。

本公司董事或其任何聯繫人或任何股東(據董事所知,擁 有本公司已發行股本逾5%權益)於本集團五大客戶或供 應商中並無擁有任何實益權益。

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Li Kei Ling Mr. Hung Yung Lai Mr. Li Tung Ming Mr. Gao Yi (resigned on 9 March 2014)

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Leung Hong Man

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Pan Xue Tian Mr. Choi Tat Ying Jacky Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony

In accordance with the article 87 of the Company's articles of association (the "Articles"), Mr. Li Tung Ming, Mr. Leung Hong Man and Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony will retire by rotation and being eligible, offer themselves for reelection at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM").

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Mr. Pan Xue Tian, Mr. Choi Tat Ying Jacky and Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony, and as at the date of this report still considers them to be independent.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES

The Board considers the executive directors of the Company and the CEO are the key management of the Group.

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company are set out on pages 27 to 28 of the annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Ms. Li Kei Ling entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of two years which commenced on 1 July 2003. Ms. Li's service contract was renewed for a term of three years which commenced on 1 July 2005 and will continue thereafter for successive terms of three years. Her appointment is subject to termination by either party giving not less than three months' written notice. Ms. Li is currently entitled to director's fee and other remuneration from the Group totally HK\$1,162,800 per year.

董事

本公司於年內及截至本報告刊發之日止的董事如下:

執行董事

李其玲女士 熊融禮先生 李東明先生 高毅先生(於二零一四年三月九日辭任)

非執行董事

梁康民先生

獨立非執行董事

潘學田先生 蔡達英先生 勞同聲先生

根據本公司公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)第87 條,李東明先生、梁康民先生及勞同聲先生將於應屆股 東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上輪席告退,並符合資格 願膺選連任。

本公司已取得潘學田先生、蔡達英先生及勞同聲先生的 年度獨立確認書,並於本報告刊發之日仍視彼等為獨立 人士。

董事履歷

董事會認為本公司執行董事及總裁均為本集團主要管理 人員。

本公司董事的履歷詳情載於年報第27至28頁。

董事服務合約

李其玲女士與本公司簽訂服務合約,由二零零三年七月 一日開始為期兩年。李女士的服務合約於二零零五年七 月一日獲續約三年,其後每次續期三年,其委任可由任 何一方發出不少於三個月書面通知書予以終止。李女士 目前於本集團有權享有董事袍金及其他酬金每年共港幣 1,162,800元。

Mr. Hung Yung Lai entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of two years which commenced on 1 July 2003. Mr. Hung's service contract was renewed for a term of three years which commenced on 1 July 2005 and will continue thereafter for successive terms of three years. His appointment is subject to termination by either party giving not less than three months' written notice. Mr. Hung is currently entitled to director's fee and other remuneration from the Group totally HK\$742,800 per year.

Mr. Li Tung Ming entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of two years which commenced on 14 January 2004. Mr. Li's service contract was renewed on 1 January 2007 for a term of three years and will continue thereafter for successive terms of three years. His appointment is subject to termination by either party giving not less than three months' written notice. Mr. Li is currently entitled to director's fee and other remuneration from the Group totally HK\$742,800 per year.

Mr. Leung Hong Man entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of two years which commenced on 1 November 2005 and will continue thereafter for successive terms of two years. His appointment is subject to termination by either party giving not less than one month's written notice. Mr. Leung is currently entitled to a basic annual remuneration of HK\$120,000. Save for the above director's fee, Mr. Leung is not entitled to any other remuneration.

Mr. Pan Xue Tian entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of two years which commenced on 1 July 2003 and will continue thereafter for successive terms of two years. Mr. Choi Tat Ying Jacky entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of two years which commenced on 30 September 2004 and will continue thereafter for successive terms of two years. Mr. Lo Tung Sing Tony entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of two years which commenced on 1 October 2010 and will continue thereafter for successive terms of two years. Mr. Pan, Mr. Choi and Mr. Lo's appointments are subject to termination by either party giving not less than one month's written notice. Each of Mr. Pan, Mr. Choi and Mr. Lo is currently entitled to an annual remuneration of HK\$150,000. Save for the above directors' fees, the three Independent Non-executive Directors are not entitled to any other remuneration.

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

熊融禮先生與本公司簽訂服務合約,由二零零三年七月 一日開始為期兩年。熊先生的服務合約由二零零五年七 月一日開始獲續約三年,其後每次續期三年,其委任可 由任何一方發出不少於三個月書面通知書予以終止。熊 先生目前於本集團有權享有董事袍金及其他酬金每年共 港幣742,800元。

李東明先生與本公司訂立服務合約,由二零零四年一月 十四日開始為期兩年。李先生的服務合約於二零零七年 一月一日開始獲續約三年,其後每次續期三年,其委任 可由任何一方發出不少於三個月書面通知書予以終止。 李先生目前於本集團有權享有董事袍金及其他酬金每年 共港幣742,800元。

梁康民先生與本公司訂立服務合約,由二零零五年十一 月一日開始為期兩年,其後每次續期兩年,並可於任何 一方發出不少於一個月書面通知書予以終止。梁先生現 時享有年度酬金港幣120,000元。除上述董事袍金外, 梁先生並無享有任何其他酬金。

潘學田先生與本公司訂立服務合約,由二零零三年七月 一日開始為期兩年,其後每次續期兩年。蔡達英先生與 本公司訂立服務合約,由二零零四年九月三十日開始為 期兩年,其後每次續期兩年。勞同聲先生與本公司訂立 服務合約,由二零一零年十月一日開始為期兩年,其後 每次續期兩年。潘先生、蔡先生及勞先生的委任均可於 任何一方發出不少於一個月書面通知書予以終止。潘先 生、蔡先生及勞先生現時各自享有年度酬金港幣150,000 元。除上述董事袍金外,三名獨立非執行董事並無享有 任何其他酬金。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上再獲推選的董事,並無與本公 司訂立不可於一年內免賠償(除法定賠償外)予以終止的 服務合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group. There is no contract of significance between the Group, its controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or were in existence during the year.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The share option scheme adopted by the Company on 21 June 2003 (the "2003 Share Option Scheme") was expired on 20 June 2013. All other respects of the provisions of the 2003 Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and holders of all options granted under the 2003 Share Option Scheme prior to such expiry shall be entitled to exercise the outstanding options pursuant to the terms of the 2003 Share Option Scheme until expiry of the said options. As a result, on 24 May 2013, the shareholders of the Company approved at the annual general meeting a new share option scheme (the "2013 Share Option Scheme"), and took effect immediately on 21 June 2013, which was after the expiry of the 2003 Share Option Scheme. The principal terms of the 2013 Share Option Scheme and the 2003 Share Option Scheme are similar and are collectively referred to as the "Scheme". The detailed disclosures relating to the Scheme and valuation of options are set out in Note 30 to the financial statements. The total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme is 84,182,400 shares which representing approximately 10.49% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of this annual report.

董事於合約的權益

概無董事於對本集團業務屬重大的任何合約中直接或間 接擁有重大權益。本集團、其控股股東或其任何附屬公 司之間並無任何重大合約。

管理合約

於年內,概無訂立或存在任何有關處理及管理本公司全 部業務或業務的重要部份的合約。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零零三年六月二十一日採納購股權計劃(「二 零零三購股權計劃」)已於二零一三年六月二十日屆滿。 二零零三年購股權計劃條文之所有其他方面將繼續全面 有效,於二零零三購股權計劃期限前,根據二零零三購 股權計劃條款授出之所有購股權之持有人,將繼續有權 根據二零零三購股權計劃條款行使未獲行使之購股權, 直至前述購股權到期。因此,一項新購股權計劃已於二 零一三年五月二十四日之股東週年大會上獲股東批准(「二 零一三購股權計劃」),並於二零一三年六月二十一日(即 二零零三購股權計劃屆滿後)立即生效。二零一三購股權 計劃之主要條款與二零零三購股權計劃相類似,並統稱 為(「該計劃」)。有關該計劃的詳情及購股權的估值載於 財務報表附註30。於本報告日,根據該計劃可予發行的 股份總數為84,182,400股,約佔於本公司已發行股份的 10.49%。

Movements of Company's share options under the Scheme during the 於年內,該計劃中的本公司購股權變動如下: year were as follows:

Name or category 参與者 of participant 名稱或類別		Num	ber of share option 購股權數目	ns			Closing price of the Company's shares (c) 本公司股份收市價格(c)			
		At 1 January 2014 於二零一四年 一月一日	Granted during the year 年內 已授出	Exercised during the year 年內 已行使	Lapsed during the year (d) 年內 已失效(d)	At 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	Date of grant of share options (a) (dd/mm/yy) 授出 購股權日期(a) (日/月/年)	Exercise period of share options (dd/mm/yy) 購股權行使期間 (日/月/年)	Exercise price of share options (b) 購股權 行使價(b) HKS 港幣	At immediate date before the grant 授出購股權 前一天 將 港幣
Director (e) Mr. Gao Yi	董事(e) 高毅先生	800,000	_	(320,000)	(480,000)	-	25/03/11	25/03/12-24/03/17	3.13	3.14
		800,000	-	(320,000)	(480,000)	-	-			
Chief Executive Officer (e)	總裁(e)						-			
Ms. Huang Dongmei	黃冬梅女士	800,000 1,000,000 - -	_ 2,000,000 2,700,000	(480,000) (200,000) _ _	- - -	320,000 800,000 2,000,000 2,700,000	25/03/11 28/03/13 15/01/14 25/09/14	25/03/12–24/03/17 28/03/14–27/03/19 15/01/15–14/01/20 25/09/15–24/09/24	3.13 2.08 5.76 7.37	3.14 2.00 5.60 7.11
		1,800,000	4,700,000	(680,000)	-	5,820,000	-			
Other employees In aggregate	其他僱員 總計	800,000 7,500,000 _ _	 1,000,000 3,000,000	(800,000) (2,936,000) _ _	_ (1,680,000) _ _	- 2,884,000 1,000,000 3,000,000	09/12/08 25/03/11 12/06/14 17/09/14	09/12/09–08/12/14 25/03/12–24/03/17 12/06/15–11/06/20 17/09/15–16/09/20	0.70 3.13 5.72 6.44	0.71 3.14 5.73 6.07
		8,300,000	4,000,000	(3,736,000)	(1,680,000)	6,884,000	-			
		10,900,000	8,700,000	(4,736,000)	(2,160,000)	12,704,000	_			

(b)

(C)

(d)

(e)

(b) The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

- (c) The price of the Company's shares disclosed as at immediate date before the grant of the share options is the Stock Exchange closing price on the trading day immediately prior to the date of grant of the options.
- (d) Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Scheme due to resignation of employees.
- (e) Mr. Gao Yi resigned on 9 March 2014 and Ms. Huang Dongmei was appointed as chief executive officer of the Company on 9 March 2014.

The price of the Company's shares disclosed immediately before the exercise date of the share options is the weighted average of the Stock Exchange closing prices immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised over all of the exercise of options within the disclosure line. The weighted average closing price of Company's shares immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised by the Director and Chief Executive Officer was HK\$5.80 and HK\$6.00 respectively. The weighted average closing price of Company's shares immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised by other employees was HK\$5.64. No options granted under 2003 Share Option Scheme and 2013 Share Option Scheme were cancelled during the year.

倘進行供股或發行紅股或本公司股本出現其他類似變動,則購股

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- 於授予購股權前一天所披露的本公司股份價格為緊接授予購股權 當日前一個交易日的聯交所收市價。

權的行使價須予以調整。

- 基於僱員辭任職務,購股權根據計劃的條款而予以失效。
- 高毅先生於二零一四年三月九日辭職,黃冬梅女士於二零一四年 三月九日被委任為本公司總裁。

於緊接購股權行使日期前披露的本公司股份價格為股份 於緊接披露類別的所有購股權行使日期前一日的聯交所 股份收市價的加權平均數。董事及總裁已行使的購股權 於緊接行使日前一日之加權平均股份收市價分別為港幣 五元八角及港幣六元正;其他僱員已行使的購股權於緊 接行使日前一日之加權平均收市價為港幣五元陸角肆分。 於年內,並無註銷任何根據二零零三購股權計劃及二零 一三購股權計劃授予之購股權。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2014, the interests and short positions of the Directors and Chief Executive Officer in the shares or underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company:

董事及總裁於股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,董事及總裁於本公司或 其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」) 第XV部)的股本、相關股份及債券中,擁有記錄於本公 司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置的登記冊,或根據 上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則須知會本公司及 聯交所的權益及淡倉載列如下:

於本公司普通股中的好倉:

Number of shares held, capacity and nature of interest

			持有的股份數目	·身份及權益性質		
		Directly beneficially	Share Option granted	Through controlled corporation		Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司
Name	Notes	owned	獲頒授的	通過控制公司	Total	已發行股本
名稱	附註	直接實益擁有	購股權	持有	總數	的百分比
Directors 董事						
Ms. Li Kei Ling 李其玲女士	(a)	48,400,000	-	294,072,000	342,472,000	42.46
Mr. Hung Yung Lai 熊融禮先生	(a)	-	-	294,072,000	294,072,000	36.46
Mr. Li Tung Ming 李東明先生	(b)	112,000	-	40,000,000	40,112,000	4.97
Mr. Leung Hong Man 梁康民先生	(C)	-	_	48,468,000	48,468,000	6.01
Chief Executive Officer 總裁						
Ms. Huang Dongmei 黃冬梅女士	(d)	544,000	5,820,000	-	6,364,000	0.79

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of associated 於相聯法團股份及相關股份中的好倉: corporation:

	ne of Director 译名稱	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團名稱	Relationship with the Company 與本公司的關係	sł	ber of linary hares 持有 通股份 數目	Capacity and nature of interest 身份及權益性質	Percentage of the associated corporation's issued share capital 佔相聯法團 已發行股本 的百分比	
	Li Kei Ling E玲女士	Fortune United Group Limited	the Company's holding company 本公司的控股公司		2	Through a controlled corporation 通過一間控制公司	50	
	Hung Yung Lai ங禮先生	Fortune United Group Limited	the Company's holding company 本公司的控股公司		2	Through a controlled corporation 通過一間控制公司	50	
Notes	5:			附註	:			
(a) 294,072,000 shares of the Company are held by Fortune United Group Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. Keysmart Enterprises Limited, which is wholly-owned by Ms. Li Kei Ling, and Hunwick International Limited, which is wholly-owned by Mr. Hung Yung Lai, are each beneficially interested in 50% of the share capital of Fortune United Group Limited.			(a)	公司For Limited Limited	072,000股本公司股份由一家於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的 Fortune United Group Limited所持有。Fortune United Group ed的股本由李其玲女士全資擁有的Keysmart Enterprises ed及由熊融禮先生全資擁有的Hunwick International Limited 實益擁有50%權益。			
(b)	company incorporated in t		Lead Investments Limited, a entire issued share capital of Mr. Li Tung Ming.	(b)	司Time	0,000股本公司股份由一家於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的公 e Lead Investments Limited所持有。Time Lead Investments d的全部已發行股本由李東明先生實益擁有。		
(C)	48,468,000 shares of the Company are held by Toyo International Investment Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong. Mr. Leung Hong Man and Mr. Leung Yiu Sing are each beneficially interested in 50% of the share capital of Toyo International Investment Limited.				48,468,000股本公司股份由一家於香港註冊成立的公司東海國際 投資有限公司所持有。東海國際投資有限公司的全部已發行股本 由梁康民先生及梁耀成先生各自實益擁有50%權益。			
(d)	Dongmei and 5,820,000 ur the share option scheme o the shares which will be	nderlying shares are the share		(d)	相關股(士被視》	股本公司股份由黃冬梅女士直持 分的權益為根據本公司購股權計 為擁有當行使該批購股權時將發 己發行股份的0.72%。	劃授予彼的購股權·黃女	
		er 2014, Ms. Huang Do ne Company with effect	ongmei resigned as the on 1 March 2015.			年十二月三十一日之後, 於二零一五年三月一日起		

Subsequent to 31 December 2014, Ms. Li Kei Ling, the executive director of the Company, has been appointed as Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 1 March 2015. As at 1 March 2015, Ms. Li Kei Ling was directly beneficially interested in 48,400,000 shares of the Company. Moreover, through Forture United Group Limited, Ms. Li was interested in the 294,072,000 shares of the Company. The issued capital of Fortune United Group Limited is equally beneficially owned by Keysmart Enterprises Limited and Hunwick International Limited, which are in turn, wholly owned by Ms. Li Kei Ling and Mr. Hung Yung Lai respectively.

Save as disclosed above, as at the date of this report, none of the Directors or Chief Executive Officer had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the heading "Share option scheme", "Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares" above and in the share option scheme disclosures in note 30 to the financial statements, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

於二零一四年十二月三十一日之後,本公司執行董事李 其玲女士被委任為本公司總裁,自二零一五年三月一日 起生效。於二零一五年三月一日,李其玲女士直接實益 擁有48,400,000股本公司股份,另李女士通過Fortune United Group Limited持有本公司294,072,000股股份。 Fortune United Group Limited的已發行股本由Keysmart Enterprises Limited及Hunwick International Limited平均 實益擁有。Keysmart Enterprises Limited及Hunwick International Limited分別由李其玲女士及熊融禮先生全資 擁有。

除上述者外,於本報告刊發之日,概無董事或總裁於本 公司或其任何相聯法團的股份、相關股份或債券中,擁 有須根據證券及期貨條例第352條予以記錄,或根據上 市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則須知會本公司及聯 交所的權益或淡倉。

董事購買股份或債券的權益

除於上述「購股權計劃」一節、「董事及總裁於股份及相 關股份的權益及淡倉」一節及財務報表附註30所載購股 權計劃披露的事宜外,年內並無任何董事、彼等的配偶 或未滿18歲的子女獲授可透過收購本公司股份或債券的 方法收購權益的權利,或彼等行使任何該等權利,或本 公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司訂立任何安排,以 令董事可收購任何其他法人團體有關權利。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2014, the following interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

Long positions:

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份的權 益

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第 336條須於本公司存置的權益登記冊上記錄,於本公司 股份及相關股份的權益或淡倉載列如下:

好倉:

				bacity and nature [、] 身份及權益性質	of interest	
Name 名稱	Notes 附註	Directly beneficially owned 直接實益擁有	Family interest 家屬權益	Through controlled corporation 通過控制 公司持有	Total 總數	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司 已發行股本 的百分比
Fortune United Group Limited	(a)	294,072,000	-	-	294,072,000	36.46
Keysmart Enterprises Limited	(a)	-	-	294,072,000	294,072,000	36.46
Hunwick International Limited	(a)	-	-	294,072,000	294,072,000	36.46
Mdm. lu Pun 姚彬女士	(b)	-	294,072,000	-	294,072,000	36.46
Toyo International Investment Limited 東海國際投資有限公司	(C)	48,468,000	-	-	48,468,000	6.01
Mdm. Lo Mei Sai 羅美茜女士	(d)	-	48,468,000	-	48,468,000	6.01
Mr. Leung Yiu Sing 梁耀成先生	(C)	-	-	48,468,000	48,468,000	6.01
Mdm. Chu Shuet Fong 朱雪芳女士	(e)	-	48,468,000	-	48,468,000	6.01

Report of the Directors 蓄事會報告

Notes:

- The issued capital of Fortune United Group Limited is equally beneficially owned by (a) Keysmart Enterprises Limited and Hunwick International Limited which are in turn, respectively, wholly-owned by Ms. Li Kei Ling and Mr. Hung Yung Lai, Executive Directors of the Company
- Mdm. Iu Pun is the wife of Mr. Hung Yung Lai and is deemed to be interested in the (b) shares of the Company held by Mr. Hung Yung Lai.
- (C) The issued capital of Toyo International Investment Limited is equally beneficially owned by Mr. Leung Hong Man, the Non-executive Director of the Company and his father Mr. Leung Yiu Sing.
- (d) Mdm. Lo Mei Sai is the wife of Mr. Leung Hong Man and is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Mr. Leung Hong Man.
- (e) Mdm. Chu Shuet Fong is the wife of Mr. Leung Yiu Sing and is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Mr. Leung Yiu Sing.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2014, no person, other than the Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young will retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

附註:

- Fortune United Group Limited 的已發行股本由Keysmart Enterprises (a) Limited 及Hunwick International Limited 平均實益擁有。Keysmart Enterprises Limited 及Hunwick International Limited分別由本公司 的執行董事李其玲女士及熊融禮先生全資擁有。
- 姚彬女士為熊融禮先生的配偶,故被視為於熊融禮先生持有的本 (b) 公司股份中擁有權益。
- 東海國際投資有限公司的已發行股本分別由本公司的非執行董事 (C) 梁康民先生及彼之父親梁耀成先生平均實益擁有。
- (d) 羅美茜女士為梁康民先生的配偶,故被視為於梁康民先生持有的 本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 朱雪芳女士為梁耀成先生的配偶,故被視為於梁耀成先生持有的 (e) 本公司股份中擁有權益。

除上文披露者外,於二零一四年十二月三十一日,並無 其他人士(本公司董事及總裁除外,有關彼等的權益載於 上文「董事及總裁於股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉」一節) 登記於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有的權益或淡倉(須根 據證券及期貨條例第336條予以登記)。

足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司獲得的已公開資料及據董事所知,於本報告 刊發之日,公眾人士持有本公司已發行股本總額至少 25% °

核數師

安永會計師事務所將退任,而重新委任彼等為本公司核 數師的決議案,將於應屆股東调年大會上提呈。

代表董事會

Li Kei Ling	李其玲
Chairman	主席
Hong Kong, 17 March 2015	香港,二零一五年三月十七日

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF DAWNRAYS PHARMACEUTICAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Dawnrays Pharmaceutical (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 42 to 125, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致東瑞製葯(控股)有限公司 (在開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) 全體股東

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第42至125頁 東瑞製葯(控股)有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬 公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表 包括於二零一四年十二月三十一日的綜合及公司財務狀 況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收益表、 綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策 概要及其他附註解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際財務報告準則及香港《公司條 例》的披露要求編製真實而公允列報的綜合財務報表,以 及對於編製不存在由於舞弊或錯誤而導致的重大錯報的 綜合財務報表必要的內部控制負責。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是在執行審計工作的基礎上對該等綜合財務 報表發表審計意見。我們僅向全體股東(作為一個整體) 報告,除此之外本報告不可用作其他用途。我們不會就 本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審 計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審 計工作,以對上述綜合財務報表是否不存在重大錯報獲 取合理保証。

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2014, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額及 披露資料的審計憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判 斷,包括評估由於舞弊或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在 重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮 與編制真實而公允列報的綜合財務報表相關的內部控制, 以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對公司內部控制的 有效性發表意見。審計亦包括評價董事所採用會計政策 的合適性及作出會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務 報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和適當地為我 們的審計意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際財務報告準則 真實而公允地反映貴公司及貴集團於二零一四年十二月 三十一日的財務狀況,及貴集團截至該日止年度的利潤 及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為 編製。

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants 22/F, CITIC Tower, 1 Tim Mei Avenue, Central, Hong Kong

17 March 2015

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 香港中環 添美道1號 中信大廈22樓

二零一五年三月十七日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
REVENUE	收入	4	783,803	914,973
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(323,884)	(511,725)
Gross profit	毛利		459,919	403,248
Other income and gains Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other expenses Finance costs	其他收入及收益 銷售及分銷費用 行政費用 其他費用 財務費用	4	18,728 (99,412) (61,009) (56,529) (2,804)	17,197 (112,749) (61,609) (53,521) (3,600)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	258,893	188,966
Income tax expense	所得税	10	(53,748)	(35,867)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度溢利		205,145	153,099
Attributable to: Owners of the parent	以下各項應佔: 母公司擁有人	11	205,145	153,099
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	母公司普通股權益持有人 應佔每股盈利	13		
- basic, for profit for the year	- 基本,以本年度溢利計算		RMB0.2547	RMB0.1910
- diluted, for profit for the year	- 攤薄,以本年度溢利計算		RMB0.2540	RMB0.1908

Details of the dividends payable and proposed for the year are disclosed 本年度應付及擬派股息詳情載於財務報表附註12。 in note 12 to the financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度溢利	205,145	153,099
Other comprehensive (loss)/income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	以後期間將被重分類至損益表的 其他全面(虧損)/收益:		
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(2,195)	2,240
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	本年度除税後其他全面 (虧損)/收益總額	(2,195)	2,240
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	本年度除税後全面收益總額	202,950	155,339
Attributable to: Owners of the parent	以下各項應佔: 母公司擁有人	202,950	155,339

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Financial Position of the Company 綜合財務狀況表及本公司財務狀況表

31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

				oup 耒團	Company 本公司		
			2014	2013	2014	2013	
			二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	
		Notes 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產						
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	626,185	536,832	-	_	
Land use rights	土地使用權	15	42,257	43,298	-	_	
Construction in progress	在建工程	16	13,086	102,232	-	_	
Intangible assets	無形資產	17	15,814	16,758	-	-	
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的權益	18	-	-	296,768	277,552	
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	28	6,123	2,843	-	-	
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		703,465	701,963	296,768	277,552	
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產						
Inventories	存貨	19	87,581	155,887	-	_	
Trade and notes receivables	應收貿易及票據款項	20	200,062	381,203	-	_	
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款、按金及其他						
other receivables	應收款項	21	17,805	13,307	206	181	
Equity investments at fair	透過損益以公允值列賬						
value through profit or loss	之股權投資	22	5,440	5,896	5,440	5,896	
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	23	235,681	257,121	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	23	443,366	205,771	2,863	608	
Total current assets	流動資產總額		989,935	1,019,185	8,509	6,685	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債						
Trade and notes payables	應付貿易及票據款項	24	107,385	245,139	-	_	
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用	25	99,809	95,859	600	354	
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款	26	188,268	248,176	-	_	
Income tax payable	應付所得税		11,173	7,177	-	-	
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		406,635	596,351	600	354	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	淨流動資產		583,300	422,834	7,909	6,331	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN LIABILITIES	IT 資產總額減流動負債		1,286,765	1,124,797	304,677	283,883	

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Financial Position of the Company 綜合財務狀況表及本公司財務狀況表

31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

				oup 集團	Company 本公司		
		Notes	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000	
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Government grants	非流動負債 政府撥款	27	3,475	3.884	_	_	
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	28	35,010	29,176	-	-	
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		38,485	33,060	-	-	
Net assets	淨資產		1,248,280	1,091,737	304,677	283,883	
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the parent	權益 母公司擁有人應佔權益						
Issued capital	已發行股份	29	85,348	84,973	85,348	84,973	
Reserves Proposed final dividend	儲備 擬派末期股息	31 12	1,108,235 54,697	963,399 43,365	164,632 54,697	155,545 43,365	
			1,248,280	1,091,737	304,677	283,883	
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益		-	-	-	_	
Total equity	權益總額		1,248,280	1,091,737	304,677	283,883	

LI Kei Ling 李其玲 Director 董事 HUNG Yung Lai 熊融禮 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

							ble to owners o t 公司擁有人應佔:	•					
		Notes 附註	Issued capital 已發行股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 29) (附註29)	Share premium account 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capital redemption 資本購回 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註31)	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註 31)	Contributed surplus 缴入盈餘 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註31)	Statutory surplus reserve 法定盈餘 公積金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註 31)	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑波動 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註31)	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Proposed final dividend 擬派 末期股息 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 12) (附註12)	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日		84,973	71,245	2,715	6,713	100,175	150,354	(6,881)	639,078	43,365	1,091,737	1,091,737
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205,145	-	205,145	205,145
Other comprehensive loss for the year: Exchange differences	本年度其他全面 虧損: 匯兑差額		-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,195)	-	-	(2,195)	(2,195)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益 總額		-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,195)	205,145	-	202,950	202,950
Exercise of share options Final 2013 dividend	行使購股權 宣派二零一三年	30	375	12,805	-	(3,141)	-	-	-	-	-	10,039	10,039
declared Dividend on shares issued for employee share options exercised after	末期股息 二零一三年 十二月三十一日後 行使的僱員購股權		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(43,365)	(43,365)	(43,365)
31 December 2013 Equity-settled share	所發行股份的股息 以股權支付的購股權		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(47)	-	(47)	(47)
option arrangements	安排	30	-	-	-	2,968	-	-	-	-	-	2,968	2,968
Interim 2014 dividend	二零一四年中期股息	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(16,002)	-	(16,002)	(16,002)
Proposed final 2014 dividend		12								(E 4 007)	E4 007		
Transfer from retained profits	末期股息 自保留溢利中轉發		-	-	-	-	-	- 24,962	-	(54,697) (24,962)	54,697 -	-	-
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日		85,348	84,050 *	2,715*	6,540*	100,175*	175,316*	(9,076)*	748,515*	54,697	1,248,280	1,248,280

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of RMB1,108,235,000 * (2013: RMB963,399,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

此 等 儲 備 合 共 人 民 幣 1,108,235,000元(二零一三:人 民 幣 963,399,000元)構成綜合財務狀況表上的儲備金額。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

							ole to owners of 公司擁有人應佔						
		Notes 附註	lssued capital 已發行股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 29) (附註29)	Share premium account 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capital redemption reserve 資本購回 储備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註31)	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註31)	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註31)	Statutory surplus reserve 法定盈餘 公積金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註31)	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑波動 储備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 31) (附註31)	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB [*] 000 人民幣千元	Proposed final dividend 擬派 末期股息 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 12) (附註12)	Total 總計 RMB ['] 000 人民幣千元	Total equity 權益總額 RMB ¹ 000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日		84,838	70,172	2,715	5,508	100,175	132,987	(9,121)	559,430	35,408	982,112	982,112
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	153,099	-	153,099	153,099
Other comprehensive income for the year: Exchange differences	本年度其他全面 收益: 匯兑差額		-	-	-	-	-	-	2,240	-	-	2,240	2,240
Total comprehensive income for the year Exercise of share options Final 2012 dividend	本年度全面收益 總額 行使購股權 宣派二零一二年	30	- 135	- 1,073	-	- (207)	-	-	2,240 -	153,099 -	-	155,339 1,001	155,339 1,001
declared Dividend on shares issued for employee share options exercised after	 □ (二一令) 二十 末期股息 二零一二年 十二月三十一日後 行使的僱員購股權 		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,408)	(35,408)	(35,408)
31 December 2012 Equity-settled share	1〕医阿薩貝腐放袖 所發行股份的股息 以股權支付的購股權		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(58)	-	(58)	(58)
option arrangements Interim 2013 dividend Proposed final 2013	安排 二零一三年中期股息 擬派二零一三年	30 12	-	-	-	1,412 -	-	-	-	- (12,661)	-	1,412 (12,661)	1,412 (12,661)
dividend Transfer from retained profits	末期股息	12	-	-	-	-	-	- 17,367	-	(43,365) (17,367)	43,365 -	-	-
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日		84,973	71,245	2,715	6,713	100,175	150,354	(6,881)	639,078	43,365	1,091,737	1,091,737

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM	經營活動的現金流量			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		258,893	188,966
Adjustments for:	就下列調整:			
Finance costs	財務費用	5	2,804	3,600
Interest income	利息收入	4	(13,900)	(9,123)
Dividend income from equity investments	透過損益以公允值列賬之			
at fair value through profit or loss	股權投資的股息收入	4	(267)	(220)
Loss on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		. ,	()
plant and equipment	項目的虧損	6	112	265
Expense off intangible assets	無形資產費用化	6	550	6,880
Depreciation	折舊	6	45,519	34,465
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	17	933	949
Recognition of land use rights	土地使用權確認	6	1,041	1,041
Gain on disposal of equity investments	出售透過損益以公允值列賬之		·	
at fair value through profit or loss	股權投資的收益	6	(158)	(96)
Fair value (gains)/losses, net:	公允值(收益)/虧損,淨額:		. ,	
Equity investments at fair value through	透過損益以公允值列賬之	0	(00.4)	00
profit or loss	股權投資	6	(204)	36
Equity-settled share option expense	以股權支付的購股權開支	6	2,968	1,412
Write-down of inventories to net realisable value	存貨撇減至可變現淨值		15,074	5,591
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房、設備減值			
equipment		14	2,177	12,517
Reversal and write off of impairment of	撥回及撇除應收貿易款項減值			
trade receivables		6	(442)	(38)
			315,100	246,245
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		53,232	21,440
Decrease in trade and notes receivables	應收貿易及票據款項減少		181,583	21,757
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments	預付款(增加)/減少		(4,225)	1,940
Decrease in deposits and other receivables			1,045	746
Increase in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款增加		(36)	(14)
Decrease in trade and notes payables	應付貿易及票據款項減少		(137,754)	(40,180)
Increase in other payables and	其他應付款項及預提費用		((,
accruals	增加		16,460	7,734
(Decrease)/increase in government grants	政府撥款(減少)/增加		(409)	1,790
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(47,198)	(30,196)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金流量淨額		377,798	231,262

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING	投資活動的現金流量			
ACTIVITIES				
Interest received	已收利息		12,582	7,562
Dividend income from equity investments	已收透過損益以公允值列賬之			
at fair value through profit or loss	股權投資的股息收入	4	267	220
Proceeds from disposal of items of property,			150	700
plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of equity investments	所得款項。出集透過損益以公会値列明之		156	730
at fair value through profit or loss	2 山台远迴復盆以五九值列感之 股權投資的所得款項		1,384	822
Purchases of items of property, plant and	購置物業、廠房及設備項目		1,004	022
equipment and construction in progress	及在建工程		(59,952)	(88,681)
Purchases of intangible assets	購置無形資產	17	(539)	(2,766)
Purchases of equity investments	購置透過損益以公允值列賬		. ,	
at fair value through profit or loss	之股權投資		(566)	(953)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動使用的現金流量淨額		(46,668)	(83,066)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動的現金流量			
Proceeds from exercise of share options	行使購股權的所得款項		10,039	1,001
Proceeds from bank loans	取得銀行貸款所收到的現金		55,436	133,230
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款所支付的現金		(121,497)	(80,747)
Interest paid	已付利息	5	(2,804)	(3,600)
Dividends paid	已付股息		(59,414)	(48,127)
Release of bank deposits pledged for	釋放為取得銀行貸款而抵押			
bank loans	之銀行存款		257,121	160,220
Increase in pledged bank deposits for	增加為取得銀行貸款而抵押			
bank loans	之銀行存款		(235,645)	(257,107)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動使用的現金流量淨額		(96,764)	(95,130)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等價物增加淨額			
CASH EQUIVALENTS			234,366	53,066
Cash and cash equivalents at	年初現金及現金等價物			
beginning of year			205,771	155,694
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動之影響,淨額		3,229	(2,989)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	年終現金及現金等價物			
END OF YEAR			443,366	205,771
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物結餘分析			
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存		250,963	159,405
Short-term deposits	短期銀行存款		192,403	46,366
			443,366	205,771
			. 10,000	_00,111

31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Dawnrays Pharmaceutical (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 20 September 2002 under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The registered office address of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and the principal place of business is located at Units 3001-02, 30/F, CNT Tower, 338 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") underwent a reorganisation on 21 June 2003 to rationalise the Group's structure in preparation for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), pursuant to which the Company became the holding company of the Group (the "Group Reorganisation").

The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 11 July 2003.

During the year, the Group was principally engaged in the development, manufacture and sale of non-patented pharmaceutical medicines including intermediate pharmaceutical, bulk medicines and finished drugs. In the opinion of the directors, Fortune United Group Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, is the ultimate holding company of the Company.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") (which include all International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance relating to the preparation of financial statements, which for this financial year and the comparative period continue to be those of the predecessor Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), in accordance with transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), "Accounts and Audit", which are set out in Sections 76 to 87 of Schedule 11 to that Ordinance. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

1. 公司資料

東瑞製葯(控股)有限公司(「本公司」)於二零零二 年九月二十日根據開曼群島公司法(一九六一年第 三卷,經綜合及修訂)第二十二章於開曼群島註冊 成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處地址 是 Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands,而主 要營業地點之地址則是香港灣仔軒尼詩道 338號北 海中心 30樓 3001-02 室。

通過集團重組優化本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本 集團」)的架構以籌備本公司的股份在香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市,於二零零三 年六月二十一日,本公司成為組成本集團的附屬公 司的控股公司(「集團重組」)。

本公司股份於二零零三年七月十一日於聯交所主 板上市。

本集團於年內主要從事非專利藥物開發、製造及銷 售,包括中間體、原料藥及成藥。董事認為,於英 屬維爾京群島註冊成立的公司Fortune United Group Limited,是本公司的最終控股公司。

2.1 編製基準

綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際 會計準則理事會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國 際財務報告準則」)(包括所有國際財務報告準則, 國際會計準則(「國際會計準則」)及詮釋)而編製。 本財務報表亦符合香港《公司條例》適用於編製財務 報表之披露要求,按載列於新香港《公司條例》(第 622章)附表11第76至第87條條文內第9部有關「帳 目及審計」之過渡性及保留安排所規定,本財務報 表就本財政年度及比較期間繼續適用根據前《公司 條例》(第32章)之規定而作出披露。除透過損益以 公允值列賬之財務資產外,這些財務報表按歷史成 本原則編製,並以人民幣列示,除另有指明外,所 有金額均四捨五入至最接近千位。

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2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Cont'd) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2014. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of the subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described in the accounting policy for subsidiaries below. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 編製基準(續) 合併基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至二零 一四年十二月三十一日止年度的財務報表。編製附 屬公司財務報表的報告期間與本公司相同,會計政 策亦貫徹一致。附屬公司業績由本集團取得控制權 當日起全面合併入賬,並一直合併入賬直至控制權 終止日為止。

損益及其他全面收益各組成部分歸屬至本集團母 公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使此舉會導致非控股 權益出現虧絀結餘。本集團內公司間的資產與負 債、股權、收入、開支及與本集團成員公司間交易 相關的現金流已於綜合賬目時全數抵銷。

當事實及情況表明下述之附屬公司會計政策所列 之控制權的三個元素中的一個或多個有變時,本集 團重新評估是否控制投資對象。於附屬公司擁有權 權益發生變動,如不會導致對其失去控制權,將作 為權益交易入賬。

倘本集團失去對一間附屬公司的控制權,則其取消 確認(i)該附屬公司的資產(包括商譽)及負債、(ii)任 何非控股權益的賬面值及(iii)於權益內記錄的累計 折算差額:及確認(i)所收代價的公允值、(ii)所保留 任何投資的公允值及(iii)損益賬中任何因此產生的 收益或虧損。先前於其他全面收益表內確認的本集 團應佔部份以如同本集團已直接出售相關資產或 負債的相同基準要求,重新分類為損益或保留溢利 (視何者屬適當)。

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2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised standards and new interpretation for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

2.2 會計政策及披露的變動

本集團已於本年度的財務報表首次採納下列經修 訂準則及新詮釋。

Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27	Investment Entities	國際財務報告準則第10號、 國際財務報告準則第12號及 國際會計準則第27號 (修訂本)	投資實體
Amendments to IAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	國際會計準則第32號(修訂本)	抵銷財務資產及財務負債
Amendments to IAS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets	國際會計準則第36號(修訂本)	<i>非財務資產之可收回金額 披露</i>
Amendments to IAS 39	Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting	國際會計準則第39號(修訂本)	衍生工具之更替及對沖 會計法之延續
IFRIC 21	Levies	國際財務報告詮釋委員會 詮釋第21號	徵税
Amendments to IFRS 2 included in Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle	Definition of Vesting Condition ¹	二零一零年至二零一二年 週期之年度改進所包括之 國際財務報告準則第2號 (修訂本)	<i>歸屬條件之定義</i> 1
Amendments to IFRS 3 included in Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle	Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination ¹	二零一零年至二零一二年 週期之年度改進所包括之 國際財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)	業務合併或然代價之 會計處理 ¹
Amendments to IFRS 13 included in Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle	Short-term Receivables and Payables	二零一零年至二零一二年 週期之年度改進所包括之 國際財務報告準則第13號 (修訂本)	短期應收款項及應付款項
Amendments to IFRS 1 included in Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle	Meaning of Effective IFRSs	二零一一年至二零一三年 週期之年度改進所包括之 國際財務報告準則第1號 (修訂本)	有效國際財務報告準則之 定義
¹ Effective from 1 July 2014		1 自二零一四年七月一日起生	上效

The adoption of the new and revised IFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

採納該等新的及經修訂的國際財務報告準則不會 對此等財務報表構成重大財務影響。

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2.3 NEW AND REVISED IFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED

The Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

2.3 尚未採納的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則以及香港公司條例項下新披露規定

> 本集團並未於該等財務報表中應用以下已頒布但 尚未生效的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則。

IFRS 9 Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (2011)	Financial Instruments ⁴ Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ²	國際財務報告準則第9號 國際財務報告準則第10號 及國際會計準則第28號 (2011)(修訂本)	金融工具 ⁴ 投資者與其聯營或合營 企業之間的資產出售 或注資 ²
Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception ²	國際財務報告準則第10號、 國際財務報告準則第12號 及國際會計準則第28號 (修訂本)	投資實體:應用綜合 入賬的例外情況 ²
Amendments to IFRS 11	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations ²	國際財務報告準則第11號 (修訂本)	收購合營業務權益會計 處理 ²
IFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts ⁵	國際財務報告準則第14號	<i>監管遞延賬目</i> ⁵
IFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers ³	國際財務報告準則第15號	客戶合約收入3
Amendments to IAS 1	Disclosure Initiative ²	國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)	<i>披露動議</i> ²
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation ²	國際會計準則第16號及 國際會計準則第38號 (修訂本)	<i>澄清折舊及攤銷的可接受 方法</i> ²
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants ²	國際會計準則第16號及 國際會計準則第41號 (修訂本)	<i>農業:生產性植物</i> ²
Amendments to IAS 19	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions ¹	國際會計準則第 19號 (修訂本)	界定福利計劃: 僱員供款1
Amendments to IAS 27 (2011)	Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements ²	國際會計準則第27號(2011) (修訂本)	<i>獨立財務報表之權益法</i> ²
Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle	Amendments to a number of IFRSs ¹	二零一零年至二零一二年 週期之年度改進	多項國際財務報告準則 (修訂本) ¹
Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle	Amendments to a number of IFRSs ¹	二零一一年至二零一三年 週期之年度改進	多項國際財務報告準則 (修訂本) ¹
Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle	Amendments to a number of IFRSs ²	二零一二年至二零一四年 週期之年度改進	多項國際財務報告準則 (修訂本) ²
 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 		 於二零一四年七月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效 	

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

⁵ Effective for an entity that first adopts IFRSs for its annual financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016 and therefore is not applicable to the Group

於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效

首次採納國際財務報告準則的實體,適用於二零一六年一

月一日或之後開始的年度財務報表,因此不適用於本集團

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2.3 NEW AND REVISED IFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED (Cont'd)

Further information about those IFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, bringing together all phases of the financial instruments project to replace IAS 39 and all previous versions of IFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Group expects to adopt IFRS 9 from 1 January 2018. The Group expects that the adoption of IFRS 9 will have an impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets. Further information about the impact will be available nearer the implementation date of the standard.

The amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and in IAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2016.

The amendments to IFRS 11 require that an acquirer of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business must apply the relevant principles for business combinations in IFRS 3. The amendments also clarify that a previously held interest in a joint operation is not remeasured on the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation while joint control is retained. In addition, a scope exclusion has been added to IFRS 11 to specify that the amendments do not apply when the parties sharing joint control, including the reporting entity, are under common control of the same ultimate controlling party. The amendments apply to both the acquisition of the initial interest in a joint operation and the acquisition of any additional interests in the same joint operation. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 January 2016. 2.3 尚未採納的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則以及香港公司條例項下新披露規定 (續)

> 預期將適用於本集團的該等國際財務報告準則的 進一步資料如下:

> 於二零一四年七月,國際會計準則委員會頒佈國際 財務報告準則第9號的最終版本,將金融工具項目 的所有階段集於一起以代替國際會計準則第39號 及國際財務報告準則第9號的全部先前版本。該準 則引入分類及計量、減值及對沖會計處理的新規 定。本集團預期自二零一八年一月一日起採納國際 財務報告準則第9號。本集團預期採納國際財務報 告準則第9號將對本集團財務資產的分類及計量產 生影響。有關影響的進一步資料將於接近該準則的 實施日期獲得。

> 國際財務報告準則第10號及國際會計準則第28號 (2011)(修訂本)針對國際財務報告準則第10號及 國際會計準則第28號(2011)之間有關投資者與其 聯營或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資兩者規定 的不一致性。該等修訂規定,當投資者與其聯營或 合營企業之間的資產出售或注資構成一項業務時, 須確認全數收益或虧損。當交易涉及不構成一項業 務的資產時,由該交易產生的收益或虧損於該投資 者的損益內確認,惟僅以不相關投資者於該聯營或 合營企業的權益為限。該等修訂即將應用。本集團 預期自二零一六年一月一日起採納該等修訂。

> 國際財務報告準則第11號(修訂本)規定共同經營 (其中共同經營的活動構成一項業務)權益的收購 方必須應用國際財務報告準則第3號內業務合併的 相關原則。該等修訂亦釐清於共同經營中先前所持 有的權益於收購相同共同經營中的額外權益而共 同控制權獲保留時不得重新計量。此外,國際財務 報告準則第11號已增加一項範圍豁免,訂明當共 享共同控制權的各方(包括呈報實體)處於同一最 終控制方的共同控制之下時,該等修訂不適用。該 等修訂適用於收購共同經營的初始權益以及收購 相同共同經營中的任何額外權益。該等修訂預期於 二零一六年一月一日採納後,將不會對本集團的財 務狀況或表現產生任何影響。

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2.3 NEW AND REVISED IFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED (Cont'd)

IFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in IFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under IFRSs. The Group expects to adopt IFRS 15 on 1 January 2017 and is currently assessing the impact of IFRS 15 upon adoption.

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 clarify the principle in IAS 16 and IAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through the use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortise intangible assets. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 January 2016 as the Group has not used a revenue-based method for the calculation of depreciation of its non-current assets.

The Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle issued in December 2013 sets out amendments to a number of IFRSs. Except for those described in note 2.2, the Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2015. None of the amendments are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group. Details of the amendment most applicable to the Group are as follows:

IFRS 8 *Operating Segments*: Clarifies that an entity must disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria in IFRS 8, including a brief description of operating segments that have been aggregated and the economic characteristics used to assess whether the segments are similar. The amendments also clarify that a reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is only required to be disclosed if the reconciliation is reported to the chief operating decision maker.

2.3 尚未採納的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則以及香港公司條例項下新披露規定 (續)

> 國際財務報告準則第15號建立一個新的五步模式, 將應用於自客戶合約產生的收入。根據國際財務報 告準則第15號,收入按能反映實體預期就交換向 客戶轉讓貨物或服務而有權獲得的代價金額確認。 國際財務報告準則第15號的原則為計量及確認收 入提供更加結構化的方法。該準則亦引入廣泛的定 性及定量披露規定,包括分拆收入總額,關於履行 責任、不同期間之間合約資產及負債賬目結餘的變 動以及主要判斷及估計的資料。該準則將取代國際 財務報告準則項下所有現時收入確認的規定。本集 團預期於二零一七年一月一日採納國際財務報告 準則第15號,目前正評估採納國際財務報告準則 第15號的影響。

> 國際會計準則第16號及國際會計準則第38號(修 訂本)澄清國際會計準則第16號及國際會計準則第 38號中的原則,即收入反映自經營業務(該資產為 其一部分)產生的經濟利益而非通過資產消耗產生 的經濟利益的模式。因此,物業、廠房及設備不得 以收入為基礎進行折舊,並且僅在非常有限的情況 下可以收入為基礎攤銷無形資產。該等修訂即將應 用。預期該等修訂於二零一六年一月一日採納後將 不會對本集團的財務狀況或表現產生任何影響,原 因是本集團並未以收入為基礎計算其非流動資產 的折舊。

> 於二零一三年十二月頒佈的*國際財務報告準則二* 零一零年至二零一二年週期之年度改進載列多項 國際財務報告準則的修訂。除附註2.2所述者外, 本集團預期自二零一五年一月一日起採納該等修 訂。預期該等修訂概不會對本集團構成重大財務影 響。最適用於本集團的修訂詳情如下:

> 國際財務報告準則第8號經營分部:釐清實體於應 用國際財務報告準則第8號內的綜合標準時必須披 露管理層作出的判斷,包括所綜合經營分部的概況 以及用於評估分部是否類似時的經濟特徵。該等修 訂亦釐清分部資產與總資產的調整僅在該調整報 告予主要營運決策者之情況下方須披露。

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2.3 NEW AND REVISED IFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED (Cont'd)

In addition, the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) will affect the presentation and disclosure of certain information in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2015. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these changes.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND GOODWILL

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of IAS 39 is measured at fair value with changes in fair value either recognised in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of IAS 39, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate IFRS. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. 2.3 尚未採納的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則以及香港公司條例項下新披露規定 (續)

> 此外,新的香港公司修例(第622章)將影響若干資 料於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度綜合 財務報表的呈列及披露。本集團正就該等變動的影 響作出評估。

2.4 主要會計政策概要

業務合併及商譽

業務合併採用收購法列賬。轉讓的代價乃以收購日 的公允值計算,該公允值為本集團轉讓的資產、本 集團向被收購方之前度擁有人承擔的負債,及本集 團發行以換取被收購方控制權的股本權益於收購 日的公允值的總和。於各業務合併中,本集團對於 現時持有的權益及賦予其持有人於清盤時按比例 分享資產淨值的權益的被收購方非控股權益,可選 擇以公允值抑或被收購方可識別淨資產的應佔比 例計算。所有其他非控股權益部份乃按公允值計 量。收購成本於產生時列為開支。

當本集團購入一項業務時,會根據合約條款、於收 購日的經濟環境及相關條件,評估將承接的財務資 產及負債,以作出適合的分類及標示,其中包括將 被收購方主合約中的嵌入式衍生工具進行分離。

倘企業合併分階段進行,收購方先前持有的被收購 方股權應按收購日的公允值重新計量,而任何收益 或虧損於損益中確認。

收購方將予轉讓的任何或然代價將於收購日按公 允值確認。分類為金融工具且在國際會計準則第 39號範疇內一項資產或負債的或然代價根據公允 值的變動按公允值計量,並確認於損益或作為其他 全面收益的變動。倘或然代價並非在國際會計準則 第39號的範疇內,則按合適的國際財務報告準則 計量。分類為權益的或然代價並無重新計量,而其 後結算於權益中入賬。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND GOODWILL (Cont'd)

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained. 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

商譽起初按成本計量,即已轉讓總代價、已確認非 控股權益及本集團先前持有的被收購方股權的公 允值總額,超逾與所收購可識別淨資產及所承擔負 債的差額。如總代價及其他項目低於所收購子公司 資產淨值的公允值,於評估後其差額將於損益內確 認為議價收購收益。

於初始確認後, 商譽按成本減任何累積減值虧損列 賬。商譽須每年作減值測試, 若有事件發生或情況 改變顯示賬面值有可能減值時, 則會更頻密地進行 測試。本集團於十二月三十一日進行商譽的年度減 值測試。為進行減值測試, 自收購日起業務合併產 生之商譽將分配至預計將受益於合併之協同效應 之本集團各個現金產生單位或各個現金產生單位 組別, 而毋須慮及本集團有否將其他資產或負債分 配至該等單位或該等單位組別。

減值乃通過評估商譽有關之現金產生單位(或現金 產生單位組別)之可收回金額釐定。倘現金產生單 位(或現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額低於賬面 值,則確認減值虧損。就商譽確認之減值虧損不得 於其後期間撥回。

倘商譽已分配予現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組 別)而該單位的部份業務已出售,則在釐定所出售 業務的收益或虧損時,與所出售業務相關的商譽會 計入該業務的賬面值。在該情況下出售的商譽,乃 根據所出售業務的相對價值及現金產生單位的保 留份額進行計量。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

SUBSIDIARIES

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of profit or loss to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries that are not classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

附屬公司

附屬公司乃指本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括 一個結構性實體)。當集團擁有權力從其對被投資 方獲得變量回報或通過對投資方的控制權(如:既 存權力賦予集團指揮被投資方相關活動的現實能 力)影響其回報。

當並未直接或間接擁有被投資方大多數投票權或 類似的權力時,本集團會考慮所有相關因素或外部 環境以評估其是否對被投資方具有控制權,包括:

- (a) 與其他投票權持有者之間的契約式協定。
- (b) 從其他契約式協定中獲取的權力。
- (c) 本集團的投票權和潛在投票權。

附屬公司的業績中僅已收股息及應收股息列入本 公司的損益表。並非根據國際財務報告準則第5號 持有作待售的非流動資產及終止經營所述而分類 為持有以待售的本公司於附屬公司的權益,乃按成 本扣除減值損失計量。

公允值計量

本集團於每一報告期末以公允值計量金融工具。公 允值為市場參與者於計量日期在有序交易中出售 資產所收取的價格或轉讓負債所支付的價格。公允 值計量乃根據假設出售資產或轉讓負債的交易於 資產或負債主要市場或(在無主要市場情況)最具 優勢市場進行而作出。主要及最具優勢市場須為本 集團可進入之市場。資產或負債的公允值乃按假設 市場參與者於資產或負債定價時會以最佳經濟利 益行事計量。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2.4 POLICIES (Cont'd)

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Cont'd)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公允值計量(續)

非財務資產的公允值計量須計及市場參與者能自 最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用途,或將該資產出 售予將最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用途的其他 市場參與者,所產生的經濟效益。

本集團採納適用於不同情況且具備充分數據以供 計量公允值的估值方法,以儘量使用相關可觀察輸 入數據及儘量減少使用不可觀察輸入數據。

所有於本財務報表計量或披露的資產及負債乃基 於對公允值計量整體而言屬重大的最低層輸入數 據按以下公允值等級分類:

第一級 – 基於相同資產或負債於活躍市 場的報價(未經調整)

第二級 – 基於對公允值計量而言屬重大 的可觀察(直接或間接)最低層 輸入數據的估值方法

第三級 — 基於對公允值計量而言屬重大 的不可觀察最低層輸入數據的 估值方法

就按經常性基準於本財務報表確認的資產及負債 而言,本集團透過於各報告期間結束時重新評估分 類(基於對公允值計量整體而言屬重大的最低層輸 入數據)確定是否發生不同等級轉移。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

These financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the functional currency of most of the group companies. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

The functional currency of the Company, Dawnrays International Company Limited ("Dawnrays International"), Dawnrays International Company Limited ("Dawnrays International (HK)") and Dawnrays Pharma (Hong Kong) Limited ("Dawnrays Pharma") (collectively the "Overseas Companies") is the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these companies are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (RMB) at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of the Overseas Companies are translated into RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣

該等財務報表以人民幣呈列。人民幣是本集團內大 多數公司的功能貨幣。本集團各實體釐定其本身的 功能貨幣,而各實體財務報表載列的項目以功能貨 幣計量。

本集團實體記錄的外幣交易最初以交易當日各功 能貨幣匯率記錄入賬。以外幣列值的貨幣性資產及 負債,則按報告期末的適用功能貨幣現貨匯率換 算。所有由貨幣性項目結算或折算產生的滙兑差額 計入損益表。

以外幣列值及按歷史成本計算的非貨幣項目,乃按 首次交易當日的匯率換算。

本公司、東瑞國際有限公司(「東瑞國際」)、東瑞國 際股份有限公司(「東瑞國際(香港)」)及東瑞葯業 (香港)有限公司(「東瑞葯業」)(統稱「海外公司」) 的功能貨幣為港元。於報告期末,該等公司的資產 與負債按報告期末的匯率換算為本集團的呈列貨 幣(人民幣),而損益表則按年度的加權平均匯率 換算為人民幣。因此而產生的匯兑差額在其他全面 收益中予以確認並記入匯兑波動儲備中。於出售國 外業務時,就特定境外業務在其他全面收益中的部 分將於損益表確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,境外公司的現金流量按現 金流量日期適用的匯率換算為人民幣。境外附屬公 司在年內產生的經常性現金流量會按該年度的加 權平均匯率換算為人民幣。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates and sales taxes or duties. Revenue is recognised on the following bases:

Sale of goods

Sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Dividends

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

INCOME TAX

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries where the Group operates.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

收入確認

收入乃於經濟利益極有可能流入本集團,並能以可 靠方式計算時確認。收入按已收或將會收取的代價 之公允值,扣除折扣、回扣以及其他銷售税或關税 後計量。收入按下列基準確認:

銷售貨品

銷售貨品收入會在貨品擁有權的重大風險及回報 已轉移至買方時確認入賬,屆時本集團不再擁有一 般與擁有權相關的管理權或已售出的貨品的控制 權。

利息收入

利息收入按實際利率法以累計基準計算,實際利率 即將於金融工具估計可用年期或更短期間(視情況 而定)所收取估計日後現金流量準確折算至該財務 資產賬面淨值的利率。

股息

股息收入會在股東收取款項的權利被確立時確認。

税項

所得税包括當期及遞延税項有關損益外確認項目 的所得税在損益表外確認,即在其他全面收益中確 認或直接在權益中確認。

當期所得税

當期所得税資產及負債按預期可收回或支付予税 務機構的金額計量,該等金額乃基於考慮本集團營 運的國家現有銓釋及慣例在報告期末已立例制定 或大致上已立例制定的税率(及税務法例)計算。

遞延税項

在報告期末資產及負債的税基與其就財務報告而 言的賬面值之間的所有時間性差異,須按負債法計 提遞延所得税撥備。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

INCOME TAX (Cont'd)

Deferred tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition
 of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a
 business combination and, at the time of the transaction,
 affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
 and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項(續)

所有應課税暫時性差異均會確認遞延税項負債,惟 下列情況除外:

- 倘若遞延税項負債的起因,是由於初始確認 商譽或在一宗非屬業務綜合的交易中初始確 認的資產或負債,而且在交易時,對會計利 潤或應課税利潤或虧損均無影響;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司投資的應課税暫時性差異 而言,倘若撥回暫時性差異的時間可以控 制,以及暫時性差異不甚可能在可見將來撥 回。

對於所有可扣減暫時性差異、結轉的未用税項抵扣 及未用税項虧損,若日後有可能出現應課税利潤, 可用以抵扣該等可扣減暫時性差異、結轉的未用税 項抵扣及未用税項虧損的,則遞延税項資產一律確 認入賬,惟下列各點除外:

- 倘若有關可扣減暫時性差異的遞延税項資產 的起因,是由於在一宗非屬業務綜合的交易 中初始確認資產或負債,而且在交易時,對 會計利潤或應課税利潤或虧損均無影響;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司投資的可扣減暫時性差異 而言,只有在時間性差異有可能在可見將來 撥回,而且日後有可能出現應課税利潤,可 用以抵扣該等暫時性差異時,方會確認遞延 税項資產。

遞延税項資產的賬面值,在每個報告期末予以審 閱。若不再可能有足夠應課税利潤用以抵扣相關税 項資產的全部或部份,則扣減遞延税項資產賬面 值。未被確認遞延税項資產於各報告期末進行重新 評估,並當可能有足夠應課税溢利讓全部或部份遞 延税項資產被動用時確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

INCOME TAX (Cont'd) Deferred tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the statement of profit or loss by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China (the "Mainland China Subsidiaries") are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme. 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產和負債仍按資產變現或負債清償的 期間預期適用的税率計算,並以報告期末已經生效 或大致上已經生效的税率(及税法)為基準。

倘若存在法律上可強制執行的權利,可將有關同一 課税實體及同一税局的即期税項資產及即期税項 負債抵銷,則沖減遞延税項資產與遞延税項負債。

政府撥款

政府撥款於可合理地保證將會獲得撥款,以及將遵 守所有附帶條件時以公允值予以確認。倘撥款與一 項費用有關,即按其擬補貼成本予以支出之期間內 有系統地確認為收入。

倘撥款與一項資產有關,即將其公允值撥入遞延收 入,並於有關資產的預計可使用年期內以等額年金 撥往損益表或扣減資產賬面值,以減少折舊形式撥 往損益表。

退休福利計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為合資格參加 強制性公積金計劃的僱員設立一個定額供款強制 性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。供款數目乃按僱 員基本薪金若干百分比而作出,並根據強積金計劃 的規則於到期支付時自損益表中扣除。強積金計劃 的資產與本集團資產分開,由獨立管理的基金保 管。本集團的僱主供款於向強積金計劃供款時全數 歸僱員所有;惟根據強積金計劃的規則,本集團的 僱主自願供款,在僱員未能享有全數供款前離職的 情況下,可退回本集團。

本集團於中國大陸營運的附屬公司(「中國大陸附 屬公司」)的員工均須參予由當地政府運作的中央 退休計劃。供款根據中央退休計劃的規則於到期日 支付時自損益表中扣除。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

ACCOMMODATION BENEFITS

Contributions to an accommodation fund administered by the Public Accumulation Funds Administration Centre in Mainland China are charged to the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Where funds have been borrowed generally, and used for the purpose of obtaining qualifying assets, an appropriate capitalisation rate shall be applied to the expenditure on the individual assets.

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants (the Company's directors, employees of the Group and other eligible participants) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby eligible participants render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with eligible participants is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model, further details of which are given in note 30 to the financial statements. The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefit expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

住房福利

有關對由中國大陸公積金管理中心管理的住房公 積金的供款,乃於產生時自損益表扣除。

借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、建造或生產符合條件的資產(即 需要經過相當長時間才能達到預定可使用或可銷 售狀態的資產)的借貸成本,經資本化後計入該等 資產的成本。當該等資產基本達到預定可使用或可 銷售狀態後,借貸成本停止資本化。專項借款作臨 時投資所賺取的投資收入,在該借款撥作符合條件 的資產的開支之前,從資本化借貸成本中扣除。所 有其他借款成本在其發生的當期確認為開支。借貸 成本由利息及企業就借款所產生的其他成本所組 成。

當已為取得合資格資產借入一般借款時,個別資產 之開支按適當資本化比率撥作資本。

以股份支付款項

本公司設立一項購股權計劃作為給予為本集團業 務成功作出貢獻的合資格參與者的激勵及獎勵。本 集團的合資格參與者(本公司董事、本集團僱員及 其他合資格參與者)按以股份支付款項的方式收取 酬金,合資格參與者則提供服務以作為收取股本工 具的代價(「股本結算交易」)。

與合資格參與者進行股本結算交易的成本,乃參考 授出股本當日的公允值計算。公允值乃按柏力克 一 舒爾斯估值模式釐定,有關詳情載於財務報表 附註30。股本結算交易的成本於達到績效及/或 服務條件的期間內連同權益相應增加部份確認於 僱員福利開支。由每個結算日直至歸屬日就股本結 算交易確認的累積支出,反映歸屬期屆滿部份以及 本集團對最終將會歸屬的股本工具數目的最佳估 計。在某一期間損益表內的扣除或進賬,乃反映累 計開支於期初與期終確認時的變動。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Cont'd)

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the participants as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the entity or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share (further details are given in note 13).

INVESTMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial investments, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

以股份支付款項(續)

最終沒有歸屬的報酬不會確認支出,除非股本結算 交易的報酬附帶市況或非歸屬條件,則該情況下不 論是否達到該市況均會視作歸屬處理,惟其他所有 績效條件必須達成。

當股本結算報酬的條款修訂時,倘符合原始報酬條 款,以如同條款並無修訂情況下的最少支出確認支 出。因修訂而導致以股份支付款項的總公允值有所 增加,或對參與者帶來利益,均會按修訂當日的計 算確認額外支出。

當股本結算報酬註銷時,會視作報酬已於註銷當日 經已歸屬,而報酬尚未確認的任何支出會即時確 認。該報酬包括當非歸屬條件在實體或僱員的控制 下未能得到滿足時的報酬。然而,倘註銷的報酬有 任何替代的新報酬,並指定為授出當日的替代報 酬,則該項註銷及新報酬會如上段所述被視為原有 報酬的修訂般處理。

未行使購股權的攤薄影響會入賬為計算每股攤薄 盈利時的額外股份攤薄(詳情載於附註13內)。

投資及其他財務資產 初始確認及計量

財務資產於初始確認時乃視情況分類為透過損益 以公允值列賬的財務資產、貸款及應收款項、持至 到期日的投資及可供出售財務投資或在有效對沖 中被指定為對沖工具的衍生工具(如適用)。除透 過損益以公允值列賬的財務資產的情況外,財務資 產於初始確認時以公允值另加因收購該財務資產 所產生的交易成本計量。

所有一般買賣之財務資產概於交易日(即本集團承 諾買賣該資產之日期)予以確認。一般買賣乃指按 照一般市場規定或慣例在一定期間內交付資產之 財務資產買賣。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

INVESTMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments as defined by IAS 39. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with positive net changes in fair value presented as other income and gains and negative net changes in fair value presented as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends or interest earned on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" above.

Financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in IAS 39 are satisfied.

Derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他財務資產(續)

後續計量

財務資產的後續計量取決於其分類,如下:

透過損益以公允值列賬的財務資產

透過損益以公允值列賬的財務資產包括以交易為 目的而持有的財務資產及於首次確認時指定為透 過損益以公允值列賬的財務資產。財務資產如以短 期賣出或購回為目的而購買,則分類為以交易為目 的而持有的投資。衍生工具(包括單獨的嵌入式衍 生工具),除非其被指定為有效對沖工具(定義見 國際會計準則第39號),亦被分類為以交易為目的 而持有的財務資產。透過損益以公允值列賬的財務 資產於財務報表按公允值入賬,公允值收益變動呈 列於損益表的其他收入及收益,及公允值虧損變動 呈列於損益表的財務費用。該等公允值變動淨額不 包括任何透過損益以公允值列賬的財務資產的股 利或利息收入。該等收入根據上述「收入確認」中 的會計政策確認。

僅在滿足國際會計準則第39號時,於初始確認日 將財務資產指定為透過損益以公允值列賬的財務 資產。

如果嵌入式衍生工具的經濟特徵和風險與主合同 的經濟特徵和風險並不緊密相關,且主合同並非交 易性或指定以公允值計入損益,則主合同內的嵌入 式衍生工具單獨列為衍生工具,並以公允值入賬。 該等嵌入式衍生工具以公允值計量,而公允值變動 於損益表確認。僅當合同條款發生變更,致使合同 相關的現金流量發生重大變化時或財務資產重分 類為非以公允值計入損益類別時,該嵌入式衍生工 具才須進行重估。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

INVESTMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Subsequent measurement (Cont'd)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in the statement of profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in finance costs for loans and in other expenses for receivables.

Held-to-maturity investments

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held to maturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold them to maturity. Heldto-maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance income in the statement of profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in other expenses.

Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity investments and debt securities. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Debt securities in this category are those which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in market conditions.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他財務資產(續)

後續計量(續)

貸款和應收款項

貸款和應收款項為沒有在市場上市,具有固定的或 可確定現金支付的非衍生工具財務資產。於初步計 量後,這類資產其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本減 去任何減值來列賬。攤銷成本乃經計及收購折讓或 溢價及實際利率法相關的費用或成本計算。實際利 率法攤銷計入損益表之其他收入及收益。貸款的減 值虧損於損益表確認為財務費用及應收款項的減 值虧損於損益表確認為其他費用。

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持至到期日的投資

持至到期日的投資乃指付款金額固定或可以確定, 有固定到期日且本集團管理層有明確意向及能力 持有至到期日之非衍生工具財務資產。其後,持至 到期日的投資以實際利率法按攤銷成本減去任何 減值來列賬。攤銷成本乃經計及收購折讓或溢價及 實際利率法相關的費用或成本計算。實際利率法攤 銷計入損益表之財務收入。減值虧損於損益表確認 為其他費用。

可供出售財務投資

可供出售財務投資是在上市和非上市的股權投資 及債務證券中的非衍生財務資產。分類為可供出售 之股權投資為並非歸類為持有以作買賣或劃分為 透過損益以公允值列賬之股權投資。該類債務証券 為打算無限期持有並可因流動性需求或市況變化 出售的債券。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

INVESTMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Subsequent measurement (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial investments (Cont'd)

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised as other comprehensive income in the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in other income, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve to the statement of profit or loss in other gains or losses. Interest and dividends earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial investments are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" above.

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets if management has the ability and intention to hold the assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity.

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-for-sale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortised cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the maturity amount is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他財務資產(續)

後續計量(續)

可供出售財務投資(續)

經初始確認後,可供出售財務投資日後按公允值計 量,其未變現損益將作為其他全面收益,在可供出 售投資估值儲備中確認,直至該投資被取消確認 (屆時累積損益確認為損益表中的其他收入),或直 至該投資被認定出現減值(屆時累積損益確認到損 益表中其他收益或虧損內,並從可供出售投資估值 儲備中剔除)。所賺取的利息和股息將分別作為利 息收入和股息收入進行呈報,按照上文「收入確認」 所載政策,確認為損益表中的其他收入。

倘非上市股權投資的公允值因(a)合理公允值估計 範圍的變動對該投資而言影響重大或(b)範圍內的 若干估計可能性無法合理地評估及用作估計公允 值而不能可靠地計量,則該等投資按成本減任何減 值虧損入賬。

本集團對可供出售財務資產進行估值以評估短期 內經其出售的能力和意向是否仍然適當。當在罕有 情況下,因市場不活躍,以致本集團未能交易該等 財務資產時,如管理層有意向及能力於可見未來持 有該等資產或持有至到期,本集團或會選擇將該等 財務資產重新分類。

就從可供出售類別重分類的財務資產而言,於重分 類日期的公允賬面值將成為其新攤銷成本,而之前 在權益中確認的該資產的任何收益或虧損使用實 際利率法在投資的剩餘年限攤銷並計入損益。新攤 銷成本與預期現金流量之間的任何差額也使用實 際利率法按資產的剩餘年期攤銷。倘資產其後出現 減值,則計入權益的金額應重新分類至損益表。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and where observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults. 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

取消確認財務資產

在下列情況下,將基本取消確認(即於本集團綜合 財務狀況表移除)財務資產(或(如適當)一項財務 資產的一部份或一組同類財務資產的一部份):

- 可獲取資產所得現金流量的權利期滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其可獲取資產所得現金流量的 權利或已承擔根據交付協議須無重大延誤地 按「轉移」協議向其向第三方悉數支付所得 現金流量,及(a)本集團轉讓資產絕大部份的 風險及回報,或(b)本集團既無轉讓亦無保留 資產絕大部份的風險及回報,但已轉讓資產 的控制權。

當本集團已轉讓其收取一項資產所得現金流量的 權利或已訂立一項轉移協議,會評估是否及何種程 度上保留該資產的風險及回報。當並無轉讓或保留 該項資產的絕大部份風險及回報,亦並無轉讓该項 資產的控制權,則本集團將繼續確認該轉讓資產, 條件為本集團須持續涉及該項資產。在該情況下, 本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債按 反映本集團已保留權利及責任的基準計量。

本集團以擔保形式持續涉及轉讓資產,該已轉讓資 產乃以該項資產之原賬面值及本集團可能需要支 付之最高代價兩者之較低者計量。

財務資產減值

本集團於各報告日評估是否有客觀證據顯示財務 資產或一組財務資產出現減值。倘且僅倘因初始確 認資產後發生的一項或多項事件而對該項或該組 財務資產的估計未來現金流量所造成的影響能可 靠地估計,則減值存在。減值跡象可包括一名或一 組借款人正面臨重大經濟困難、違約或未能償還利 息或本金、彼等有可能破產或進行其他財務重組, 以及有可觀察得到的數據顯示估計未來現金流量 出現可計量的減少,例如欠款數目變動或出現與違 約相關的經濟狀況。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS(Cont'd)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to other expenses in the statement of profit or loss.

Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, or on a derivative asset that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of such an unquoted equity instrument, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

財務資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本列賬的財務資產

就按攤銷成本列賬的財務資產而言,本集團首先會 按個別基準就個別屬重大的財務資產或按組合基 準就個別不屬重大的財務資產,個別評估是否存在 客觀減值跡象。倘本集團認定按個別基準經評估的 財務資產(無論具重要性與否)並無客觀跡象顯示 存有減值,則該項資產會歸入一組具有相似信貸風 險特性的財務資產內,並共同評估該組財務資產是 否存在減值。經個別評估減值的資產,其減值虧損 會予確認或繼續確認入賬,而不會納入綜合減值評 估之內。

計量任何認定為減值虧損的金額會按該項資產的 賬面值與估計未來現金流量現值(不包括尚未產生 的未來預期信貸虧損)的差額計量。估計未來現金 流量的現值以財務資產的初始實際利率(即初始確 認時的實際利率)折現。

該資產的賬面值會通過使用備抵賬而減少,而虧損 於損益表確認。利息收入於經縮減賬面值中持續累 計,且採用計量減值虧損時用以折現未來現金流量 的利率累計。當日後收回不可實現及所有抵押品已 變現或已轉至本集團時,會撇銷貸款及應收款項連 同任何相關撥備。

倘於隨後年度,因在確認減值後發生事件導致估計 減值虧損數額增加或減少,則會透過調整撥備數額 調高或調低先前確認的減值虧損。倘撇銷數額其後 獲收回,則收回的數額會於損益表計作其他費用。

按成本列賬的資產

倘有客觀證據證明因未能可靠地計量其公允值而 不按公允值列賬的非上市股本工具或屬衍生工具 資產而繫於此非上市股本工具並須以其交收結算 出現減值虧損,虧損金額按該項資產之賬面值與估 算未來現金流量之現值(按類似財務資產目前市場 回報率折現)之差額計算。該等資產之減值虧損不 會回撥。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss — measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss — is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the statement of profit or loss. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration or extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost.

In the case of debt instruments classified as available for sale, impairment is assessed based on the same criteria as financial assets carried at amortised cost. However, the amount recorded for impairment is the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the amortised cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Future interest income continues to be accrued based on the reduced carrying amount of the asset and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. The interest income is recorded as part of finance income. Impairment losses on debt instruments are reversed through the statement of profit or loss if the subsequent increase in fair value of the instruments can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

財務資產減值(續)

可供出售財務投資

就可供出售財務投資而言,本集團會於每個報告期 末評估有否客觀跡象顯示一項投資或一組投資出 現減值。

如可供出售資產已出現減值,其成本(扣除任何所 付本金及攤銷)及現有公允值之差額,扣除以往於 損益表確認之減值虧損後,將由其他全面收益轉 出,並於損益表內確認。

倘股權投資被列作可出售類別,則客觀跡象將包括 該項投資的公允值重大或長期跌至低於其成本值。 「重大」乃指相對投資的原始成本進行評估,而「長 期」則指相對公允值低於其原始成本期間進行評 估。倘出現減值跡象,則累計虧損(按收購成本與 現時公允值的差額減該項投資先前在損益表內確 認的任何減值虧損計量)將從其他全面收益中移 除,並於損益表內確認。被列作可供出售的股權工 具之減值虧損不可透過損益表撥回,而其公允值於 減值後的增加部份會直接於其他全面收益中確認。

對於重大的以及長期的定義需要進行判斷。本集團 根據一項投資的公允價值低於其成本的持續時間 或程度,結合其他因素進行判斷。

對於分類作可供出售之債務工具,評估減值的標準 與按攤銷成本計值之財務資產所採用者相同。然 而,減值的入賬金額乃按攤銷成本與其現行公允值 之差額,扣除先前在損益表確認之投資減值虧損計 量。未來利息收益乃按資產之經削減賬面值持續累 計,並以於計量減值虧損時用於貼現未來現金流量 之利率累計。利息收益乃作為財務收入之一部分記 錄入賬。倘債務工具的公允值隨後增加可客觀上與 在損益表確認減值虧損後發生的事件相關,則債務 工具之減值虧損於損益表回撥。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and notes payables, other payables and loans and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by IAS 39. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the statement of profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in IAS 39 are satisfied.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

財務負債

初始確認及計量

財務負債於初始確認時乃視情況分類為透過損益 以公允值列賬的財務負債、貸款及借款、或在有效 對沖中被指定為對沖工具的衍生工具。

所有財務負債初始按公允值確認,惟貸款及借款則 扣除直接應佔交易成本。

本集團的財務負債包括應付貿易及票據款項及其 他應付款項、貸款及借款。

後續計量

財務負債的後續計量取決於其分類,如下:

透過損益以公允值列賬的財務負債 透過損益以公允值列賬的財務負債包括以交易為 目的而持有財務負債及於首次確認時指定為按公 允值列賬且變動計入損益的財務負債。

以近期內回購為目的而買入的財務負債被分類為 交易性財務負債。此類別包括本集團訂立的未被指 定為對沖關係(定義見國際會計準則第39號)中對 沖工具的衍生金融工具。單獨的嵌入式衍生工具, 除非其被指定為有效對沖工具,否則亦分類為交易 性財務負債。交易性財務負債所產生的損益在損益 表中確認。在損益表中確認的公允值淨損益並不包 含就該等財務負債所支付的任何利息。

僅在滿足國際會計準則第39號時,於初始確認日 將財務負債指定為透過損益以公允值列賬的財務 負債。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Cont'd) Subsequent measurement (Cont'd)

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

財務負債(續)

後續計量(續) 貸款及借款 於初始確認後,計息貸款及借款其後會使用實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量,若折現沒有重大影響,則按 成本值列賬。當負債被取消確認或透過實際利率法 進行攤銷時,盈虧於損益表內確認。

攤銷成本於計及收購事項任何折讓或溢價及屬實 際利率不可或缺一部分的費用或成本後計算。實際 利率攤銷計入損益表的財務費用內。

取消確認財務負債

債務被解除或取消或到期時,取消確認財務負債。

倘現有財務負債由同一貸方授予條款迥異的其他 債項取代,或現有財務負債的條款經重大修訂,則 該等變更或修訂視作取消確認原負債及確認新負 債,各賬面值的差額於損益表確認。

抵銷金融工具

倘現時存在一項可依法強制執行的權利,可抵銷已 確認金額,且亦有意以淨額結算或同時變現資產及 償付債務,則財務資產及負債均可予抵銷,並將淨 金額列入綜合財務狀況表內。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND DEPRECIATION

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Leasehold land	Over the lease terms
Buildings	20 to 25 years
Machinery and other equipment	5 to 10 years
Office equipment	5 to 25 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房、設備與折舊

除在建工程以外之物業、廠房及設備乃按成本值減 去累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設 備項目之成本包括其購入價及將資產達至運作狀 況及運抵有關位置作擬定用途之任何直接應佔成 本。

物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後產生的開支,例 如維修和保養開支,一般於產生期間自損益表扣 除。於符合確認條件的情況下,主要檢修的開支於 資產賬面值中資本化為一項重置。倘物業、廠房及 設備的重要部分須分階段更換,本集團將此組成部 份作為一項單獨資產,分別確定其使用壽命並相應 計提折舊。

折舊以直線基準於資產的估計可使用年期內計算 如下:

租賃土地	按租賃年期
樓宇	20年至25年
機器及其他設備	5年至10年
辦公設備	5年至25年
汽車	5年

如物業、廠房及設備的某項目部分具有不同可使用 年期,則該項目的成本按合理基準分配在各部分 中,而每一部分個別計算折舊。殘值,可使用年期 和折舊方法至少於每個會計年度末復核,並在合適 的情況下調整。

當一項物業、廠房及設備包含初始確認的任何重大 部分被處置或其使用或出售估計並無未來經濟效 益時,則取消確認。於取消確認該資產時產生的任 何收益或虧損(以處置所得款項淨額與該項目的賬 面值的差額計算)乃計入該資產取消確認時的損益 表內。

資產的剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法於每個結 算日進行檢討並作適當未來調整。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction, which are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Construction in progress is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

LEASES

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the statement of profit or loss so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

LAND USE RIGHTS

Land use rights represent prepaid land lease payments under operating leases, which are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment. 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

在建工程

在建工程指興建中的物業、廠房及設備,並以成本 扣除減值虧損入賬及不予折舊。成本包括直接興建 成本及於建築期間相關的借貸資金產生的資本化 借貸成本。當在建工程完工並可使用時,即會轉撥 為適當類別的物業、廠房及設備。

租賃

把資產所有權絕大部分回報及風險(不包括合法業 權)轉讓給本集團的租賃視為融資租賃入賬。訂立 融資租賃時,租賃資產的成本會按最低租賃付款的 現值(不包括利息部分)撥充資本化,連同有關責 任一併入賬,以反映相關購買及融資。根據撥作資 本的融資租賃持有的資產(包括融資租賃下的預付 土地租賃款項)計入物業、廠房及設備,於租期或 資產估計可用年期之較短的期間內折舊。該等租約 的財務費用自損益表扣除,以計算租期內固定的定 期收費比率。

凡資產擁有權的絕大部分回報及風險仍歸出租人 所有的租約,均列作經營租約。如本集團是出租 人,則本集團根據經營租約出租的資產均計入非流 動資產,而經營租約的應收租金則以直線法在租賃 期內計入損益表。如本集團是承租人,則經營租約 的應付租金(扣除得自出租人的任何激勵)以直線 法在租賃期內自損益表扣除。

土地使用權

土地使用權指按經營租約而支付的預付土地租賃 款項,最初以成本列賬,隨後以直線法按租賃期予 以確認。

當租賃支出不能可靠地劃分入土地及樓宇部分,全 數租賃支出作為融資租賃計入物業、廠房設備中的 土地及樓宇成本中。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

INTANGIBLE ASSETS (OTHER THAN GOODWILL)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Deferred development costs are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised using the straight-line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying products commencing from the date when the products are put into commercial production.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨收購的無形資產初步確認時按成本計算。於企 業合併中購入的無形資產的成本為收購當日的公 允值。無形資產的可使用年期可分為有限或無限。 年期有限的無形資產其後於可使用經濟年期內攤 銷。並當有跡象顯示無形資產可能減值時,管理層 將評估其減值金額。可使用年期有限的無形資產的 攤銷期間及方法,最少會於每個財政年度末檢查。

可使用年期無限的無形資產每年按個別或按視作 現金產出單位進行減值測試。該無形資產不予攤 銷。可使用年期無限的無形資產的可使用年期每年 進行檢查,以確定是否仍然可以支持年期無限的評 估。如不支持,將按未來適用法將可使用年期評估 由無限改為有限的變化記錄入賬。

研發成本

所有研究費用於產生時自損益表扣除。

開發新產品的項目所產生的支出僅在本集團可以 證實以下情況時予以資本化和遞延:使無形資產完 成並可使用或銷售在技術上可行:有完成的意向且 有能力使用或出售資產:資產如何產生未來經濟效 益;具備完成項目的資源;及能夠可靠地計量開發 期間的支出。不符合上述標準的產品開發支出在發 生時記作費用。

遞延開發成本乃按成本值減任何減值虧損列賬,並 以直線法由有關產品開始商業生產之日起按相關 產品之商業期限攤銷。

Category 類別	Estimated useful life 估計可使用年期	Annual amortisation rate 每年攤銷比率
Software 軟件	10 years 10 年	10%
Research and development costs 研發成本	10 years 10年	10%

The estimated residual value is zero.

估計殘值為零。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

Raw materials	Purchase cost on a weighted-average basis
Finished goods and work in progress	Cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, financial assets and non-current assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset. 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者的較低者列賬。

將產品運至現址和變成現狀的成本的會計處理方 法如下:

原材料	採購成本(按加權平均法
	釐定)

製成品及在製品 直接材料、直接人工成本, 以及根據正常運作能力 按適當比例分配的制造 費用比例,但不包括借貸 成本

可變現淨值則按估計售價減完成及出售時產生的 任何估計成本計算。

非財務資產減值

如有跡象顯示資產出現減值,或須對資產進行年度 減值測試(存貨、財務資產及非流動資產除外),則 會估計該項資產的可收回金額。資產的可收回金額 為資產或現金產出單位的使用價值或其公允值減 出售成本的較高者,並就個別資產釐定,惟該項資 產並無產生大部分獨立於其他資產或其他組別資 產的現金流入則除外,於此情況下,就該項資產所 屬的現金產出單位釐定可收回金額。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超逾可收回金額時確認。 於評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量以反映當時 市場對貨幣時間價值及該項資產的特有風險的估 計的税前折現率折減至現值。減值虧損於產生期間 自損益表與被減值資產功能一致的開支類別扣除。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted or pledged as to use.

PROVISIONS

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

非財務資產減值(續)

於各報告期末,均會評估是否有跡象顯示過往已確 認的減值虧損不再存在或可能減少。如出現該跡 象,則會估計可收回金額。過往確認的資產減值虧 損(商譽除外)僅於用於釐定該項資產的可收回金 額所採用的估計出現變化時撥回。但回撥之數額不 應高於資產於以往年度未確認減值虧損時原將確 定之賬面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。該項減值虧損 的回撥於發生時撥入損益表。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物是指手 頭現金及活期存款,以及購入後通常於三個月內到 期,可隨時轉換為已知金額現金的短期高變現能力 但價值改變風險不大的投資,減按要求償還且組成 本集團現金管理的不可或缺部分的銀行透支。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現 金及銀行存款,包括定期存款,以及性質類似現金 的資產,其用途不受限制或已抵押。

撥備

倘本集團因過往事件須承擔現時的責任(法定或推 定),而承擔該責任可能導致將來資源外流,且該 責任所涉及金額能夠可靠地估計時,則確認撥備。

如折現影響重大,則就撥備而確認的金額為預期清 償債務所需的未來開支於報告期末的現值。因時間 流逝而引致的折現現值的增加計入損益表內的財 務費用。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

PROVISIONS (Cont'd)

A contingent liability recognised in a business combination is initially measured at its fair value. Subsequently, it is measured at the higher of (i) the amount that would be recognised in accordance with the general guidance for provisions above; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the guidance for revenue recognition.

RELATED PARTIES

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

撥備(續)

於業務合併時確認的或然負債在起始以公允值計 量。隨後,會以以下較高者計量())根據上述撥備指 引確認的金額:(i))起始時確認較少的金額,當合適 時,按收入確認指引確認累計攤消。

關連方

倘符合下列條件,則被視為本集團的關聯方:

- (a) 關聯方可為下述人士或下述人士關係親切的 家庭成員
 - (i) 對本集團有控制權或聯合控制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團可施加重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或其母公司的重要管理層人員的成員;
- 或
- (b) 如相關實體滿足下列條件之一,則視為關聯 方:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬於同一集團的成員;
 - (ii) 該實體為另一實體的聯營方或合營方 (或為另一實體的母公司、附屬公司或 同系附屬公司);
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方的合營 企業;
 - (iv) 其中一方為第三方之合營企業,而另 一方為第三方之聯營公司;
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關實體 為僱員福利設立的退休福利計劃;
 - (vi) 該實體受上述(a)項中所述人士所控制 或共同控制;及
 - (vii) 上述(a)(i)項中所述人士對該實體具有 重大影響或為該實體(或該實體的母公 司)的重要管理層人員的成員。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

DIVIDENDS

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the statement of financial position, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

2.5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

JUDGEMENTS

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement which has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Development costs

Development costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy in note 2.4 to the financial statements. Initial capitalisation of costs is based on management's judgements that technological and economic feasibility is confirmed, usually when a product development project has reached a defined milestone according to an established project management model.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

股息

董事擬派的末期股息於股東在股東大會上批准派 發股息前乃於財務狀況表的權益部分中列作獨立 分配的留存溢利。當上述股息取得股東批准並宣 派,則確認為負債。

由於本公司組織章程大綱及公司組織章程細則賦 予董事宣派中期股息的權力,本公司可同時建議及 宣派中期股息。因此,中期股息於建議及宣派時即 時確認為負債。

2.5 主要會計判斷、估計及假設

管理層對本集團財務報表的編製需要作出會影響 所呈報收入、支出、資產與負債之金額及各自之披 露,以及或然負債之披露的判斷、估計及假設。然 而,該等假設及估計之不確定性可能導致未來對受 影響資產或負債之賬面值作出重大調整。

判斷

於應用本集團之會計政策時,管理層已作出如下判 斷,對財務報表確認之金額具有最重大影響:

開發成本

開發成本乃根據財務報表附註2.4內的會計政策予 以資本化。成本初始資本化乃通常當一個產品開發 項目達到一個界定里程碑時根據管理層對確定技 術與經濟可行性作出之判斷。

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2.5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (Cont'd) ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Impairment of receivables

Impairment of receivables is made based on assessment of their recoverability. The identification of impairment of receivables requires management's judgement and estimates. Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the carrying value of the receivables and impairment loss/reversal of impairment in the period in which such an estimate has been changed.

Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of a similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste or competitor actions. Management reassesses these estimates at each reporting date.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indications of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and has two reportable segments as follows:

- (a) Manufacture and sale of intermediates and bulk medicines (the "intermediates and bulk medicines" segment)
- (b) Manufacture and sale of finished drugs (including antibiotics finished drugs and non-antibiotics finished drugs) (the "finished drugs" segment)

2.5 主要會計判斷、估計及假設(續)

估計不確定性

於報告期末會對日後及其他估計不確定性的主要 來源作出重大假設,很大機會導致下一財政年度的 資產及負債的賬面值須作出重大調整的假設討論 如下。

應收賬款減值

應收賬款的減值是根據其可收回性的評估而產生。 應收賬款減值需管理層的判斷和估計來鑑定。當將 來實際結果或預期與原先的估計不同時,在該估計 發生變化的期間內,該差異將影響應收賬款及減值 虧損/減值撥回的賬面價值。

存貨的可變現淨值

存貨的可變現淨值是在日常業務過程中減去估計 的銷售費用的估計售價。這些估計是基於對當前市 場狀況及銷售近似性質的產品的歷史經驗。它會因 顧客口味的變化或競爭對手的行動而產生顯著的 改變。管理層在每個報告日重新評估該等估計。

非財務資產之減值

本集團於各報告日評估全部非財務資產是否存在 任何減值跡象。其他非財務資產於出現其賬面值可 能不可收回之跡象時進行減值測試。

3. 分類資料

為方便管理,本集團將業務單位按其產品劃分并由 下列2個可報告分類組成:

- (a) 製造及銷售中間體及原料藥(「中間體及原料 藥」分類)
- (b) 製造及銷售成藥(包括抗生素製劑藥及非抗 生素製劑藥)(「成藥」分類)

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3. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Management monitors the operating results of these operating segments for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs, government grants, dividend income, fair value gains/(losses) from the Group's financial instruments as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude deferred tax assets, pledged bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, equity investments at fair value through profit or loss and other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude interest-bearing bank loans, tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

3. 分類資料(續)

管理層監察經營分類之經營業績,以作出有關資源 分配及表現評估的決策。分類表現乃根據可報告分 類溢利(其為經調整除税前溢利的計量)予以評估。 經調整除税前溢利乃貫徹以本集團的除税前溢利 計量,惟利息收入、財務費用、政府撥款、股息收 入、來自本集團金融工具的公允值收益/(虧損)、 以及總部及企業行政費用不包含於該計量。

分類資產不包括遞延税項資產、已抵押銀行存款、 現金及現金等價物、透過損益以公允值列賬的股權 投資及其他未分配總部及企業資產,乃由於該等資 產以集團為基準管理。

分類負債不包括計息銀行貸款、應付税項、遞延税 項負債及其他未分配總部及企業負債,乃由於該等 負債以集團為基準管理。

分類間的銷售與轉讓乃參照按當時售價向第三者 出售時所用的市場價格進行。

Year ended 31 December 2014	截至二零一四年 十二月三十一日止年度	Intermediates and bulk medicines 中間體 及原料藥 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Finished drugs 成藥 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Elimination of intersegment sales 抵銷 分類間銷售 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總數 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分類收入 : 對外銷售 分類間銷售	150,032 64,775	633,771 -	- (64,775)	783,803 -
		214,807	633,771	(64,775)	783,803
Segment results Reconciliation:	分類業績 調整:	(30,769)	381,250	-	350,481
Unallocated gains Corporate and other	未分配收益 企業及其他未分配				17,143
unallocated expenses	支出				(105,927)
Finance costs	財務費用			-	(2,804)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利				258,893

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3. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

3. 分類資料(續)

Year ended 31 December 2013	截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日止年度	Intermediates and bulk medicines 中間體 及原料藥 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Finished drugs 成藥 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Elimination of intersegment sales 抵銷 分類間銷售 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總數 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分類收入: 對外銷售 分類間銷售	364,818 67,519	550,155 -	- (67,519)	914,973 -
		432,337	550,155	(67,519)	914,973
Segment results Reconciliation: Unallocated gains Corporate and other unallocated expenses Finance costs	分類業績 調整: 未分配收益 企業及其他未分配 支出 財務費用	(15,984)	290,059	-	274,075 14,589 (96,098) (3,600)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利				188,966
As at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	Int	ermediates and bulk medicines 中間體 及原料藥 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Finished drugs 成藥 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總數 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment assets: Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated assets	分類資產: <i>調整:</i> 企業及其他未分酉 資產	2	399,095	491,756	890,851 802,549
Total assets	總資產			_	1,693,400
Segment liabilities:	分類負債:		96,546	68,250	164,796
Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	<i>調整:</i> 企業及其他未分酉 負債 總負債	2		_	280,324

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3. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

3. 分類資料(續)

As at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	Intermediates and bulk medicines 中間體 及原料藥 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Finished drugs 成藥 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總數 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment assets:	分類資產:	580,223	480,709	1,060,932
Reconciliation:	調整:			
Corporate and other	企業及其他未分配			
unallocated assets	資產		_	660,216
Total assets	總資產			1,721,148
Segment liabilities:	分類負債:	183,589	108,444	292,033
Reconciliation:	調整:			
Corporate and other	企業及其他未分配			
unallocated liabilities	負債			337,378
Total liabilities	總負債			629,411

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

地區分類

(a) Revenue from external customers

(a) 來自外部客戶的收入

		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Mainland China Other countries	中國大陸 其他國家	692,680 91,123	824,494 90,479
		783,803	914,973

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

(b) Non-current assets

The Group's operations are substantially based in Mainland China and over 95% of the non-current assets, exclude deferred tax assets, of the Group are located in Mainland China. Therefore, no further analysis of geographical information is presented.

INFORMATION ABOUT MAJOR CUSTOMERS

Revenue from continuing operations of approximately RMB147,513,000 (2013: RMB107,342,000) was derived from sales by the finished drugs segment to a single customer.

上述收入資料是根據客戶所在地釐定。

(b) 非流動資產

本集團的營運主要集中在中國大陸,本集團 超過95%的非流動資產(不包括遞延税項資 產)集中在中國大陸,故非流動資產的地區 資料進一步分析並未呈報。

主要客戶信息

持續經營所得收入其中約人民幣147,513,000元(二 零一三年:人民幣107,342,000元)來自成藥分類 銷售給一家客戶。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

4. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns and trade discounts.

4. 收入、其他收入及收益

收入(本集團營業額)指銷售貨品扣除退貨、貿易 折扣的發票淨額。

An analysis of the Group's revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

本集團收入、其他收入及收益分析如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Sale of goods	收入 銷售貨品	783,803	914,973
Other income Bank interest income Dividend income from equity investments	其他收入 銀行利息收入 透過損益以公允值列賬之	13,900	9,123
at fair value through profit or loss Foreign exchange differences Government grants	股權投資的股息收入 匯兑差額 政府撥款	267 - 2,484	220 2,159 3,926
Others	其他	1,715 18,366	1,673
Gains Gain on disposal of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss Fair value gains, net: Equity investments at fair value through	收益 出售透過損益以公允值列賬之 股權投資的收益 公允值收益,淨額: 透過損益以公允值列賬之	158	96
profit or loss	股權投資	204	
		362	96
		18,728	17,197

5. FINANCE COSTS

5. 財務費用

		Gro 本身	•
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest on bank loans wholly repayable	須於五年內悉數償還的銀行		
within five years	貸款之利息	2,804	3,600

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6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

6. 除税前溢利

本集團的除税前溢利乃經扣除/(計入)下列各項 後釐定:

		後釐足:	0	
			Gro 本集	
			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost of inventories sold*	已售存貨成本*		321,251	508,622
Depreciation	折舊	14	45,519	34,465
Recognition of land use rights **	土地使用權確認**	15	1,041	1,041
Research and development costs:	研究及開發成本:			
Amortisation of intangible assets ***	無形資產攤銷***	17	708	722
Current year expenditure	本年度支出		30,681	33,839
			31,389	34,561
Minimum lease payments under operating leases:	經營租約下之最低租金:			
Buildings	樓宇		846	873
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		1,388	1,200
Employee benefit expense (including	僱員福利開支(包括董事及總裁		1,000	1,200
directors' and chief executive officer's remuneration (note 7)):	酬金(附註7)):			
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金		68,849	78,342
Equity-settled share option expense	以股權支付的購股權開支		2,968	1,412
Retirement benefits	退休福利		6,717	7,117
Accommodation benefits	住房福利		3,081	3,175
Other benefits	其他福利		11,850	12,413
			93,465	102,459
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兑差額,淨額		6,401	(2,159)
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房、設備減值			
equipment	ᄷᇢᇴᆇᆹᅈᇥᅋᇦᆂᅸᅶᄹ	14	2,177	12,517
Reversal and write off of impairment of trade receivables	撥回及撇除應收貿易款項減值	20	(442)	(38)
Write-down of inventories to net	存貨撇減至可變現淨值	20	(++2)	(00)
realisable value			15,074	5,591
Fair value (gains)/losses, net:	公允值(收益)/虧損,淨額:			
Equity investments at fair value through				
profit or loss	股權投資	4	(204)	36
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	4	(13,900)	(9,123)
Loss on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備等項目			
plant and equipment	的虧損		112	265
Expense off intangible assets	無形資產費用化	17	550	6,880
Gain on disposal of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	出售透過損益以公允值列賬之	4	(158)	(96)
at fair value through profit of loss	股權投資收益	4	(138)	(90)
* The depreciation of RMB36,141,000 for th inventories sold".	ne year is included in "Cost of	* 本年度 貨成本	€折舊其中人民幣36,141, ऽ↓。	000元已計入「已售存
				남 국 학 (신고) 후 모 (
** The recognition of land use rights for the ye expenses" on the face of the consolidated stat		** 年內的	1土地使用權確認計入綜合	惧益衣旳I 仃以賀用」。
*** The amortisation of intangible assets for	the year is included in "Other	*** 年內的	の無形資產攤銷計入綜合損	[益表的「其他費用」。
expenses" on the face of the consolidated stat				

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7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive officer's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and section 78 of Schedule 11 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), with reference to section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), is as follows:

7. 董事及總裁酬金

依據上市規則及香港公司條例(622章)附表11第 78節,參照舊版香港公司條例(32章)第161節的 規定披露年內的董事及總裁酬金如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fees	袍金	574	604
Other emoluments: Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Equity-settled share option expense Pension scheme contributions	其他薪酬: 薪金、津貼及實物福利 以股權支付的購股權開支 退休金計劃供款	2,098 2,345 55	2,805 112 64
		4,498	2,981
		5,072	3,585

(a) INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Mr. Mr.

(a) 獨立非執行董事

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

本年度獨立非執行董事的袍金如下:

		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零一三年 RMB'000
Pan Xue Tian Choi Tat Ying, Jacky Lo Tung Sing, Tony	潘學田先生 蔡達英先生 勞同聲先生	119 119 119 357	119 119 119 357

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2013: Nil).

本年度並無應付獨立非執行董事的其他酬金 (二零一三年:無)。

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7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S 7. REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

(b) EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS, NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

7. 董事及總裁酬金(續)

(b) 執行董事,非執行董事及總裁

		Fees 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物福利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Equity- settled share option expense 以股權支付的 購股權開支 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total remuneration 酬金總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
2014	二零一四年					
Executive directors: Ms. Li Kei Ling* Mr. Hung Yung Lai Mr. Li Tung Ming Mr. Gao Yi (resigned on 9 March 2014)	執行董事: 李其玲女士* 熊融禮先生 李東明先生 高毅先生 (於二零一四年	38 38 38	867 534 534	- -	17 17 17	922 589 589
5 Maion 2014)	三月九日辭任)	7	163	-	4	174
		121	2,098	-	55	2,274
Non-executive director: Mr. Leung Hong Man	非執行董事: 梁康民先生	95	-	-	-	95
Chief Executive Officer: Ms. Huang Dong Mei* (appointed on 9 March 2014)						
	三月九日被委任)	-	953	2,345	13	3,311
22/2		216	3,051	2,345	68	5,680
2013	二零一三年					
Executive directors: Ms. Li Kei Ling Mr. Hung Yung Lai Mr. Li Tung Ming Mr. Gao Yi (also the Chief Executive Officer)	執行董事: 李其玲女士 熊融禮先生 李東明先生 高毅先生 (兼總裁)	38 38 38	873 533 533	- -	16 16 16	927 587 587
	(不下 1425 1536)	38	866	112	16	1,032
		152	2,805	112	64	3,133
Non-executive director: Mr. Leung Hong Man	非執行董事: 梁康民先生	95	_	_	_	95
		247	2,805	112	64	3,228

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

* Ms. Huang Dong Mei was appointed to act as the chief executive officer of the Company on 9 March 2014 and Ms. Huang resigned on 1 March 2015. Ms. Li Kei Ling was appointed to act as the chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 1 March 2015. 年內概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金的安 排。

* 黃冬梅女士於二零一四年三月九日被委任為本公 司總裁而黃女士於二零一五年三月一日辭任。李 其玲女士於二零一五年三月一日起被委任為本公 司總裁。

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8. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included one chief executive officer and three directors (2013: four directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 7 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining one (2013: one) non-director, highest paid employee for the year are as follows:

8. 五位最高薪僱員

年內五位最高薪僱員包括一位總裁及三位董事(二 零一三年:四位董事),其酬金詳情載於上文附註 7。餘下一位(二零一三年:一位)非董事最高薪僱 員於年內的薪酬如下:

			Group 本集團	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Equity-settled share option expense Pension scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及實物福利 以股權支付的購股權開支 退休金計劃供款	603 33 18	566 56 17	
		654	639	

The number of non-director, highest paid employee whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

酬金金額介乎下列組別的非董事及最高薪酬員工 的人數如下:

			Number of employee 僱員人數	
		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至港幣1,000,000元	1	1	

During the year, no share options were granted to the non-director, highest paid employee in respect of his services to the Group.

9. RETIREMENT BENEFITS AND ACCOMMODATION BENEFITS

In compliance with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (the "MPF Ordinance"), the Company, Dawnrays International Company Limited and Dawnrays Pharma (Hong Kong) Limited have participated in the MPF Scheme, a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee, to provide retirement benefits to their respective Hong Kong employees. Contributions to the MPF Scheme are made in accordance with the statutory limits prescribed by the MPF Ordinance. 年內,該非董事及最高薪僱員並無因其為本集團服 務而獲授予購股權。

9. 退休福利及住房福利

遵照《強制性公積金計劃條例》(「強積金條例」)的規 定,本公司、東瑞國際股份有限公司及東瑞葯業 (香港)有限公司已加入一項強積金計劃(由獨立信 託人管理之定額供款計劃),為香港僱員提供退休 福利。向強積金計劃作出的供款乃按照強積金條例 所訂明的規定限額為定。

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9. RETIREMENT BENEFITS AND ACCOMMODATION BENEFITS (Cont'd)

As stipulated by the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") state regulations, the Mainland China Subsidiaries participate in a defined contribution retirement scheme. All employees are entitled to an annual pension equal to a fixed proportion of the average basic salary amount of the geographical area of their last employment at their retirement date. The Mainland China Subsidiaries are required to make contributions to the local social security bureau at 20% to 22% (2013: 20% to 22%) of the previous year's average basic salary amount of the geographical area where the employees are employed by the Mainland China Subsidiaries.

The Group has no further obligation for the payment of pension benefits beyond the annual contributions as set out above.

According to relevant rules and regulations of the PRC, the Mainland China Subsidiaries and their employees are each required to make contributions to an accommodation fund at 8% to 10% (2013: 8% to 10%) of the salaries and wages of the employees which is administered by the Public Accumulation Funds Administration Centre. There is no further obligation on the part of the Group except for such contributions to the accommodation fund.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had no significant obligation apart from the contributions as stated above.

10. INCOME TAX

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 are:

9. 退休福利及住房福利(續)

據中國國家法規規定,中國大陸附屬公司須參與養 老保險計劃。所有僱員於其退休日均有權享有按彼 等最後受聘地的平均基本薪金的固定比例計算的 年度退休金。中國大陸附屬公司須向當地社會保障 局供款,供款按僱員受僱於中國大陸附屬公司地區 去年的平均基本薪金的20%至22%(二零一三年: 20%至22%)計算。

除上述的年度供款外,本集團並無義務支付其他退 休福利。

根據中國的有關規則及法規,中國大陸附屬公司及 彼等僱員各自須按僱員的薪金及工資的8%至10% (二零一三年:8%至10%)向一項由公積金管理中 心管理的住房基金供款。除該項向有關住房基金的 供款外,本集團並無其他責任。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,除上述供款外,本 集團並無其他重大責任。

10. 所得税

截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日止 年度所得税支出的主要組成部分如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
<i>Current income tax</i> Current income tax charge Adjustments in respect of current income	<i>當期所得税</i> 當期所得税支出 有關過往年度當期所得税調整	50,089	31,307
tax in previous years <i>Deferred income tax</i> (note 28)	<i>遞延税項</i> (附註28)	1,105 2,554	74 4,486
Total tax charge for the year	本年度税項支出總額	53,748	35,867

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10. INCOME TAX (Cont'd)

Pursuant to section 6 of the Tax Concessions Law (1999 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, the Company has obtained an undertaking from the Governor-in-Council that no law which is enacted in the Cayman Islands imposing any tax to be levied on profits, income, gain or appreciation shall apply to the Company or its operations. The undertaking for the Company is for a period of 20 years from 8 October 2002. Accordingly, the Company is not subject to tax.

The subsidiary incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI") is not subject to income tax, as this subsidiary does not have a place of business (other than a registered office only) or carry out any business in the BVI.

The Hong Kong subsidiaries are subject to a statutory corporate income tax rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) under the income tax rules and regulations of Hong Kong. No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits arising in its respective Hong Kong subsidiaries during the year (2013: Nil).

According to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law effective from 1 January 2008, the Mainland China Subsidiaries are all subject to income tax at the rate of 25% on their respective taxable income.

On 21 October 2008, Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical") was qualified as a High-New Technology Enterprise ("HNTE") of Jiangsu Province. As a result, Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical had been entitled to a concessionary rate of income tax at 15% for three years commencing on 1 January 2008. During the year ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2014, Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical renewed, for every three years, the qualification of the HNTE of Jiangsu Province. As a result, Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical was continuously entitled to a concessionary rate of income tax at 15% commencing on 1 January 2011.

All other subsidiaries in Mainland China were subject to the corporate income tax rate of 25% in 2014.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

10. 所得税(續)

根據開曼群島税務豁免法(一九九九年修訂本)第6 條,本公司已獲得總督會同行政局保證:開曼群島 並無法律對本公司或其業務的所得溢利、收入、收 益或增值徵税。對本公司的承諾將由二零零二年十 月八日起有效二十年。因此,本公司毋須納税。

於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的附屬公司無須繳納 所得税,因這附屬公司於英屬維爾京群島並無營業 地點(惟註冊辦事處除外)或經營任何業務。

根據香港的所得税規則與規例,香港附屬公司須按 法定企業所得税率16.5%(二零一三年:16.5%)繳 税。由於本集團於本年度在香港的各附屬公司並無 產生應課税溢利,故並無就香港利得税作出撥備 (二零一三年:無)。

根據於二零零八年一月一日起生效的中國企業所 得税法,中國大陸附屬公司須按其各自應課税收入 的25%所得税率繳税。

於二零零八年十月二十一日,蘇州東瑞製藥有限公司(「蘇州東瑞製藥力)獲取江蘇省高新技術企業(「高 新技術企業」)資格。因此,蘇州東瑞製藥有權自二 零零八年一月一日起的三年內享受15%的優惠所 得税率。於二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度及二 零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內,蘇州東瑞製藥 每三年獲得江蘇省高新技術企業的資格的續期,因 此蘇州東瑞製藥自二零一一年一月一日起續可享 受15%的優惠所得税率。

中國大陸的所有其他附屬公司於二零一四年須按 25%税率繳納企業所得税。

根據中國企業所得税法,於中國大陸成立的外商投 資企業向外商投資者宣派的股息,須按10%的税 率徵收預扣税。該規定自二零零八年一月一日起生 效,並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日後的盈 利。倘中國大陸與外商投資者所在司法權區已簽訂 税務協議,則可採用較低的預扣税率。本集團的適 用税率為5%。因此,自二零零八年一月一日起, 本集團須就在中國大陸成立的附屬公司所產生的 盈利而分配的股息履行徵收預扣税的義務。

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10. INCOME TAX (Cont'd)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the country or jurisdiction in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rate, and a reconciliation of the applicable rate to the effective tax rate, are as follows:

10. 所得税(續)

適用於除税前溢利並以本公司及其大部份附屬公 司註冊國家/司法權區法定税率計算之税項支出與 以實際税率計算之税項支出對賬,以及適用税率與 實際税率之對賬如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Accounting profit before income tax	除所得税前會計溢利	258,893	188,966
At the PRC's statutory income tax rate	按中國法定所得税税率25%	04 700	47.044
of 25% (2013: 25%) Tax effect of profits entitled to tax concession or lower tax rate enacted	(二零一三年:25%) 可享税項優惠溢利或當地機關實行 較低税率之税務影響	64,723	47,241
by local authority		(28,082)	(19,472)
Effect of withholding tax on the distributable profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries	本集團中國附屬公司之可分配利潤之 預扣税影響	11,282	7,816
Adjustments in respect of current income	有關過往年度當期所得税之調整	,	.,
tax of previous years		1,105	74
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税之開支	130	81
Tax credit for qualified research and	符合加計扣除條件的研發費抵免		
development expense	所得税	(1,909)	(1,893)
Tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損	6,499	2,699
Tax losses from previous periods utilised	利用以前年度可抵扣税項虧損	-	(679)
At the effective income tax rate of 20.76%	按實際所得税税率20.76%		
(2013: 18.98%)	(二零一三年:18.98%)	53,748	35,867

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the parent for the year ended 31 December 2014 includes a loss of RMB4,342,000 (2013: a loss of RMB3,265,000), excluding investment income from subsidiaries, which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 31(b)).

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止本年度母公司 擁有人應佔綜合溢利中包含已在本公司財務報表 中反映的虧損人民幣4,342,000元(二零一三年: 虧損人民幣3,265,000元),該虧損不包含來自附 屬公司的投資收入(附註31(b))。

12. DIVIDENDS

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12. 股息

		Company 本公司	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interim — HK\$0.025 (2013: HK\$0.02) per ordinary share Proposed final — HK\$0.085	中期股息:每普通股港幣0.025元 (二零一三年:港幣0.02元) 擬派末期股息:每普通股港幣0.085元	16,002	12,661
(2013: HK\$0.068) per ordinary share	(二零一三年:港幣0.068元)	54,697	43,365
		70,699	56,026

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. 擬派發的末期股息需待本公司股東於股東週年大 會通過。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 805,342,789 (2013: 801,489,129) in issue during the year.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

13. 母公司普通股權益持有人應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利是按母公司普通股權益持有人應佔 本年度溢利及年內已發行普通股股份之加權平均 股數805,342,789股(二零一三年:801,489,129股) 計算。

用作計算攤薄後每股盈利的普通股股份之加權平 均股數是指用作計算每股基本盈利的年內已發行 普通股股數,加上可能因行使或轉換具攤薄作用的 普通股而假設將會無償發行的普通股之加權平均 股數。

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13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

(Cont'd)

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

13. 母公司普通股權益持有人應佔每股盈利 (續)

下列為用作計算每股基本盈利及攤薄後每股盈利 的數據:

		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Earnings Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	盈利 母公司普通股權益持有人應佔溢利	205,145	153,099
		Number 股份	of shares 數量
		2014 二零一四年 Thousands 千位	2013 二零一三年 Thousands 千位
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation Effect of dilution — weighted average number of ordinary shares: Share options	股份 計算每股基本盈利所採用年內 已發行普通股加權平均數 具攤薄影響 - 加權平均普通股股數: 購股權	805,343 2,391	801,489 864
Weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	就攤薄影響作出調整後之加權平均 普通股股數	807,734	802,353

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14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14. 物業、廠房及設備

Machinery Leasehold and other Office Motor land Buildings equipment equipment vehicles 機器及	-
	Total
租賃土地 樓宇 其他設備 辦公室設備 汽車 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元	總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost: 成本: As at 1 January 2013 於二零一三年一月一日 25,201 164,126 376,018 9,390 12,200 Additions 添置 - 413 531 387 1,032 Transferred from construction 在建工程轉撥 - 413 531 387 1,032	586,935 2,363
in progress - 73,107 138,607 1,374 932 Transferred to construction in progress 轉往在建工程 - (2,653) (33,026) (83) - Disposals 出售 - (55) (1,838) (205) (899) Exchange realignment 匯兑調整 (695) (112) - (34) -	214,020 (35,762) (2,997) (841)
As at 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及 二零一四年一月一日 (44) (44)	763,718
Additions 添置 - - 613 149 91 Transferred from construction in progress (note 16) 在建工程轉撥 - 37,219 157,529 239 127	195,114
Transferred to construction 轉往在建工程 in progress (note 16) (附註16) - (5,740) (34,047) (67) - Disposals 出售 - (120) (530) (268) (585) Exchange realignment 匯兑調整 616 98 - 30 -	(39,854) (1,503) 744
As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 25,122 266,283 603,857 10,912 12,898	919,072
Accumulated depreciation and 累計折舊及減值: impairment:	
As at 1 January 2013 於二零一三年一月一日 7 46,916 138,755 6,269 9,206 Depreciation provided for the year 年內折舊撥備 29 7,506 25,361 645 924 Impairment for the year 年內減值 - - 12,517 - - Transferred to construction 轉往在建工程 - - 12,517 - -	201,153 34,465 12,517
in progress-(1,174)(17,989)(72)-Disposals出售-(21)(1,438)(182)(361)Exchange realignment匯兑調整-(3)-(9)-	(19,235) (2,002) (12)
As at 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014 二月三十一日及 二零一四年一月一日 36 53,224 157,206 6,651 9,769	226,886
Depreciation provided for the year年內折舊撥備2910,68533,083786936Impairment for the year年內減值2,177Transferred from construction在建工程轉撥(附註16)2,177	45,519 2,177
in progress (note 16)	39,534
in progress (note 16)-(2,185)(17,763)(61)-Disposals出售-(14)(455)(239)(527)Exchange realignment匯兑調整16-8-	(20,009) (1,235) 15
As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 66 65,107 210,253 7,283 10,178	292,887
Net book value: 賬面淨值: As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 25,056 201,176 393,604 3,629 2,720	626,185
As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 24,470 181,602 323,086 4,178 3,496	536,832

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14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

At 31 December 2014, certain of the Group's leasehold land and building in Hong Kong with a net carrying amount of approximately RMB28,732,000 (2013: RMB28,213,000) were mortgaged to secure a bank loan (note 26).

15. LAND USE RIGHTS

The Group's land use rights represent prepaid land lease payments under operating leases and their carrying amounts are analysed as follows:

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團若干香港租 賃土地及樓宇賬面淨值約人民幣28,732,000元(二 零一三年:人民幣28,213,000元)已抵押擔保一筆 銀行貸款(附註26)。

15. 土地使用權

本集團之土地使用權指按經營租約預付之土地租 賃款及其賬面值分析如下:

			Group 本集團	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Carrying amount at 1 January Recognised during the year	於一月一日賬面值 年內確認	43,298 (1,041)	44,339 (1,041)	
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日賬面值	42,257	43,298	

The land use rights of the Group are situated in Mainland China and are held under a medium term lease.

本集團持有之土地使用權位於中國大陸並按中期 租約持有。

16. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

16. 在建工程

			Group 本集團	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
As at 1 January Additions	於一月一日 添置	102,232 46,589	195,107 104,618	
Transferred from property, plant and equipment (note 14) Transferred to property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備轉入(附註14) 轉往物業、廠房及設備(附註14)	19,845	16,527	
equipment (note 14) As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(155,580) 13,086	(214,020) 102,232	

The assets transferred from property, plant and equipment to construction in progress during the year of 2014 and 2013 were mainly for related GMP construction.

於二零一四年及二零一三年度內,資產從物業、廠 房及設備轉往在建工程主要是因為相應的GMP工 程項目。

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17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

17. 無形資產

			Group						
			本集團						
			2014 2013						
			二零一四年				_零-	-三年	
		Deferred				Deferred			
		development				development			
		costs	Software	Others	Total	costs	Software	Others	Total
		遞延開發成本	軟件	其他	總額	遞延開發成本	軟件	其他	總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost:	成本:								
As at 1 January	成平 · 於一月一日	31,606	2,287	588	34.481	35,720	2,287	588	38,595
Additions	№	525	2,207	- 500	539	2,766	2,207	- 500	2,766
Transferred to expense	^冰 旦 轉為費用	(550)	-	_	(550)	(6,880)	_	_	(6,880)
Indinsieneu to expense	特局頁用	(550)			(550)	(0,000)			(0,000)
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	31,581	2,301	588	34,470	31,606	2,287	588	34,481
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:	累計攤銷及減值:								
As at 1 January	於一月一日	15,734	1,401	588	17,723	15,012	1,174	588	16,774
Amortisation provided	年內攤銷								
for the year		708	225	-	933	722	227	-	949
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	16,442	1,626	588	18,656	15,734	1,401	588	17,723
Net book value:	賬面淨值:								
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	15,139	675	-	15,814	15,872	886	-	16,758
As at 1 January	於一月一日	15,872	886	-	16,758	20,708	1,113	-	21,821

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

18. 於附屬公司的權益

		Com 本在	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted shares, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries	非上市股份,按成本 應收附屬公司款項	75,474 221,294	73,621 203,931
		296,768	277,552

The amounts due from subsidiaries of RMB221,294,000 (2013: RMB203,931,000) are unsecured and non-interest-bearing which, although technically repayable under the original terms of the transactions giving rise thereto, have been deferred for a longer term and are therefore classified as non-current.

應收附屬公司款項人民幣221,294,000元(二零 一三年:人民幣203,931,000元)為無需擔保及不 計利息的結餘。雖然技術上而言,該等結餘須按有 關交易原有條款即時償還,但已作遞延處理,因此 分類為非流動結餘。

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

Particulars of the subsidiaries are as follows:

18. 於附屬公司的權益(續)

附屬公司詳情如下:

Name 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊 及營業地點	Issued share/ paid-up capital 已發行/ 已繳足股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔 股權百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Directly held 直接持有				
Dawnrays International Company Limited 東瑞國際有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$100 100美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Indirectly held 間接持有				
Dawnrays International Company Limited 東瑞國際股份有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$500,000 500,000港元	100%	Investment holding and sale of pharmaceutical products 投資控股及銷售醫藥產品
Suzhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. [#] 蘇州東瑞製藥有限公司 [#]	Mainland China 中國大陸	US\$45,000,000 45,000,000美元	100%	Manufacture and sale of pharmaceutical products 製造及銷售醫藥產品
Su Zhou Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd. [#] 蘇州東瑞醫藥科技有限公司 [#]	Mainland China 中國大陸	US\$6,000,000 6,000,000美元	100%	Manufacture and sale of pharmaceutical intermediates 製造及銷售醫藥中間體
Dawnrays Pharma (Hong Kong) Limited 東瑞葯業(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$500,000 500,000港元	100%	Sale of pharmaceutical products 銷售醫藥產品
Guangdong Dawnrays Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. [#] 廣東東瑞藥業有限公司 [#]	Mainland China 中國大陸	RMB3,000,000 人民幣3,000,000元	100%	Sale of pharmaceutical products 銷售醫藥產品
Dawnrays (Nantong) Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd.# 東瑞 (南通)醫藥科技有限公司#	Mainland China 中國大陸	US\$10,000,000 10,000,000美元	100%	Manufacture and sale of pharmaceutical intermediates 製造及銷售醫藥中間體

enterprises.

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19. INVENTORIES

19. 存貨

			Group 本集團		
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
At cost or net realisable value: Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	以成本或可變現淨值計價: 原材料 在製品 製成品	28,286 29,503 29,792	30,945 76,032 48,910		
		87,581	155,887		

As at 31 December 2014, the carrying amount of inventories carried at fair value less costs to sell was RMB39,046,000 (2013: RMB35,772,000).

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,以公允值減銷售所 需成本的存貨賬面值為人民幣39,046,000元(二零 一三年:人民幣35,772,000元)。

20. TRADE AND NOTES RECEIVABLES

20. 應收貿易及票據款項

			Group 本集團		
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
Trade receivables Impairment	應收貿易款項 減值	86,531 (437)	135,354 (879)		
Notes receivable	應收票據款項	86,094 113,968	134,475 246,728		
		200,062	381,203		

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period is generally three months for major customers. Each customer has a credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to manage credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade and notes receivables are non-interest-bearing. 除新客戶一般需預繳款項外,本集團主要按信貸方 式與客戶交易。而主要客戶信貸期一般為三個月。 每位客戶均設有信貸限額。本集團嚴謹監察其未償 還應收款項,並設有信貸監控部門管理信貸風險。 高級管理層更會定期檢討逾期欠款。鑒於以上所述 及目前本集團的應收貿易款項涉及大量不同客戶, 因此並無高度集中的信貸風險。應收貿易及票據款 項不計利息。

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20. TRADE AND NOTES RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, net of provisions, is as follows:

20. 應收貿易及票據款項(續)

應收貿易款項的減值撥備變動如下:

扣除撥備後,於報告期末的應收貿易款項的賬齡分 析如下:

		Grc 本貨	•
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables Outstanding balances with ages:	應收貿易款項 按賬齡劃分的尚欠餘額:		
Within 90 days Between 91 and 180 days Between 181 and 270 days	90日內 91至180日 181至270日	62,080 13,667 6,279	102,845 29,404 2,146
Between 271 and 360 days Over one year	271至360日 一年以上	2,465 1,603	- 80
		86,094	134,475

The movements in provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

		Grc 本身	-
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January Impairment losses reversed or written off	於一月一日 已撥回或撇除減值虧損	879 (442)	917 (38)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	437	879

The above provision for impairment of trade receivables is provided for individually impaired trade receivables with an aggregate carrying amount before provision of RMB437,000 (2013: RMB879,000). The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers with financial difficulties. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances. 上述應收貿易款項的減值撥備乃就撥備前的賬面 總值人民幣437,000元(二零一三年:人民幣 879,000元)的個別已減值應收貿易款項計提。該 等個別已減值應收貿易款項均與陷入財務困境之 客戶有關。本集團並無就該等結餘而持有任何抵押 品或採取其他信貸加強措施。

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20. TRADE AND NOTES RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

20. 應收貿易及票據款項(續)

認為並無減值的應收貿易款項賬齡分析如下:

			Group 本集團	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Neither past due nor impaired Less than three months past due Over three months past due	未逾期及並無減值 逾期少於3個月 逾期3個月以上	62,080 13,667 10,347	102,845 29,404 2,226	
		86,094	134,475	

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Group are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

FINANCIAL ASSETS THAT ARE NOT DERECOGNISED IN THEIR ENTIRETY

At 31 December 2014, the Group endorsed certain notes receivable accepted by banks in the PRC (the "Endorsed Notes") with a carrying amount of RMB43,315,000 to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers (the "Endorsement"). In the opinion of the directors, the Group has retained the substantial risks and rewards, which include default risks relating to such Endorsed Notes, and accordingly, it continued to recognise the full carrying amounts of the Endorsed Notes and the associated trade payables settled. Subsequent to the Endorsement, the Group does not retain any rights on the use of the Endorsed Notes, including sale, transfer or pledge of the Endorsed Notes to any other third parties. The aggregate carrying amount of the trade payables and other payables settled by the Endorsed Notes during the year to which the suppliers have recourse was RMB35,372,000 and RMB7,943,000 as at 31 December 2014, respectively.

未逾期及並無減值的應收款項乃與大量近期並無 違約歷史的多名客戶有關。

逾期但並無減值的應收款項乃與多名與本集團維 持良好往績記錄的獨立客戶有關。基於以往經驗, 本集團董事認為毋須就該等結餘作出減值撥備,因 為信貸質素並無出現重大變動,而有關結餘仍被認 為可全數收回。本集團並無就該等結餘而持有任何 抵押品或採取其他信貸加強措施。

未全部終止確認之財務資產

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,於中國的銀行接納 本集團背書若干面值人民幣43,315,000元之應收 票據(「背書票據」)予其若干供應商,以支付結欠 該等供應商之應付貿易款(「背書」)。董事認為,本 集團實質上仍保留風險及回報,當中包括相關背書 票據之違約風險,因此,本集團持續確認背書票據 之全額賬面值及結付相關應付貿易款。背書後,本 集團並無保留任何使用背書票據之任何權利,包括 出售、轉讓或抵押背書票據予任何其他第三方。年 內,透過背書票據支付之供應商有追索權之應付貿 易款及其他應付款項於二零一四年十二月三十一 日之總賬面值分別為人民幣35,372,000元和人民 幣7,943,000元。

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20. TRADE AND NOTES RECEIVABLES (Cont'd) FINANCIAL ASSETS THAT ARE DERECOGNISED IN THEIR ENTIRETY

At 31 December 2014, the Group endorsed certain notes receivable accepted by banks in the PRC (the "Derecognised Notes") to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers with a carrying amount in aggregate of RMB16,114,000. The Derecognised Notes have a maturity of one to six months at the end of the reporting period. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognised Notes have a right of recourse against the Group if the PRC banks default (the "Continuing Involvement"). In the opinion of the directors, the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards relating to the Derecognised Notes. Accordingly, it has derecognised the full carrying amounts of the Derecognised Notes and the associated trade payables. The maximum exposures to loss from the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Notes and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognised Notes are equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the directors, the fair values of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Notes are not significant.

During the year, the Group has not recognised any gain or loss on the date of transfer of the Derecognised Notes. No gains or losses were recognised from the Continuing Involvement, both during the year or cumulatively. The Endorsement has been made evenly throughout the year.

21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

20. 應收貿易及票據款項(續) 全部終止確認之財務資產

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,於中國的銀行接納 本集團背書若干之應收票據(「終止確認票據」)予 其若干供應商,以支付結欠該等供應商應付貿易 款,賬面值合計人民幣16,114,000元。終止確認 票據於報告期末之到期日介乎於一至六個月。根據 中國可轉讓票據法律,倘銀行違約,則終止確認票 據之持有人應對本集團具有追索權(「持續牽連事 件」)。董事認為,本集團已實質上轉讓與終止確認 票據有關之所有風險及回報。因此,本集團已終止 確認票據之全部賬面值以及相關應付貿易款。來自 本集團於終止確認票據中持續牽連事件之虧損最 大風險以及購回終止確認票據之未貼現現金流與 其賬面值相同。董事認為,本集團於終止確認票據 之持續牽連事件之公允值不大。

於年內,本集團於轉讓終止確認票據當日並無確認 任何損益。於年內或過去數年,持續牽連事件並無 確認損益。於全年均匀作出背書。

21. 預付款、按金及其他應收款項

		Gro 本集	-	Com 本立	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Prepayments Deposits and other receivables	預付款 按金及其他應收款項	11,258 6,547 17,805	7,033 6,274 13,307	206 - 206	181 - 181

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

上述資產未有逾期及並無減值。上述結餘包括之財 務資產與近期並無違約歷史的應收款項有關。

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22. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

22. 透過損益以公允值列賬之股權投資

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Listed equity investments, at market value:	上市股權投資, 按市值:				
Hong Kong	香港	5,440	5,896	5,440	5,896

The above equity investments at 31 December 2014 and 2013 were classified as held for trading and were, upon initial recognition, designated by the Group as equity investments at fair value through profit or loss.

於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日,上述 股權投資分類為以交易為目的而持有的投資,在初 始確認時被本集團指定為透過損益以公允值列賬 的股權投資。

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

23. 現金及現金等價物及已抵押銀行存款

		Group 本集團			pany 公司
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances Short-term deposits	現金及銀行結存 短期存款	250,963 428,084	262,043 200,849	2,863 –	608 -
		679,047	462,892	2,863	608
Less: Bank deposit pledged for bank loans (note 26) Bank deposit pledged for foreign currency forward exchange Bank deposit pledged for letters of credit	減: 為銀行貸款而已 抵押之銀行 存款(附註26) 為外滙遠期合約 而已抵押之 銀行存款 為信用證而已 抵押之銀行	(185,983) (49,648)	(257,107) _	-	-
	存款	(50)	(14)	-	_
		(235,681)	(257,121)	-	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	443,366	205,771	2,863	608

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23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2014, the cash and bank balances and shortterm deposits of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to RMB407,190,000 (2013: RMB314,069,000) in Mainland China. The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks (including the pledged bank deposits) earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default. The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents approximate to their fair values.

24. TRADE AND NOTES PAYABLES

An aged analysis of the trade payables and notes payable as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

23. 現金及現金等價物及已抵押銀行存款(續)

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團於中國大陸 有原幣為人民幣的現金及銀行結存與短期存款總 值人民幣407,190,000元(二零一三年:人民幣 314,069,000元)。人民幣並不可自由兑換為其他 貨幣,然而,根據中國大陸外匯管制法規及結匯、 售匯與付匯管理法規,本集團獲准透過特許進行外 匯業務的銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行存款(包括已抵押銀行存款)的利息按照活期 存款的利率賺取。短期定期存款期限界乎一日至三 個月不等,視乎本集團的現金需求而定,並以相應 的短期定期存款利率賺取利息。銀行結餘已存入近 期沒有不良拖欠、信譽良好的銀行中。現金和現金 等價物的賬面值接近其公允值。

24. 應付貿易及票據款項

於報告期末的應付貿易及應付票據款項賬齡分析 如下:

			Group 本集團		
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
Outstanding balances with ages: Within 90 days Between 91 and 180 days Between 181 and 270 days Between 271 and 360 days Over one year	按賬齡劃分的尚欠餘額: 90日內 91至180日 181至270日 271至360日 一年以上	81,854 23,395 380 252 1,504	155,385 87,380 1,425 132 817		
		107,385	245,139		

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 90-day terms. The carrying amounts of the trade and notes payables approximate to their fair values. The aggregate carrying amount of the trade payables settled by the Endorsed Notes during the year to which the suppliers have recourse was RMB35,372,000 as at 31 December 2014 (note 20).

應付貿易款項乃不計利息及一般按九十日赊賬期 繳付。應付貿易及票據款項之賬面值與其公允值相 若。透過背書票據支付之供應商有追索權之應付貿 易款之總賬面值於二零一四年十二月三十一日為 人民幣35,372,000元(附註20)。

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25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

25. 其他應付款及預提費用

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Advances from customers Accruals Taxes other than corporate income tax Payable for purchases of	預收賬款 預提費用 除企業所得税外 的税項 新增機器及樓宇建築	12,283 20,693 6,951	4,642 17,272 4,903	- 597 -	- 349 -
machinery and construction of buildings Other payables	的應付款 其他應付款	38,720 21,162 99,809	51,230 17,812 95,859	- 3 600	- 5 354

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average settlement term of six months. The carrying amounts of the other payables and accruals approximate to their fair values. The aggregate carrying amount of the other payables settled by the Endorsed Notes during the year to which the suppliers have recourse was RMB7,943,000 as at 31 December 2014 (note 20).

其他應付款乃不計利息及平均六個月結算期。其他 應付款及預提費用之賬面值與其公允值相若。透過 背書票據支付之供應商有追索權之其他應付款之 總賬面值於二零一四年十二月三十一日為人民幣 7,943,000元(附註20)。

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26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS GROUP

26. 計息銀行貸款 本集團

		2014 二零一四年				
		Effective interest rate (%) 實際利率(%)	Maturity 到期日	Original 原幣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Equivalent 相等於 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Current Bank loan — secured Bank loan — secured	短期 已抵押的銀行貸款 已抵押的銀行貸款	HIBOR*+1.50% HIBOR*+0.90%	2015	12,115 ^(a)	9,712	
		to 至1.00%	2015	222,750 ^(b)	178,556	
				234,865	188,268	
				2013 二零一三年		
		Effective interest rate (%) 實際利率(%)	Maturity 到期日	Original 原幣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Equivalent 相等於 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Current	短期					
Bank loan — secured	已抵押的銀行貸款	HIBOR*+1.50%	2014	13,643 ^(a)	10,668	
Bank loan — secured	已抵押的銀行貸款	HIBOR*+1.50%	2014	41,000 ^(b)	32,059	
Bank loan — secured	已抵押的銀行貸款	HIBOR*+1.00% to 至 1.25%	2014	262,750 ^(b)	205,449	
				317,393	248,176	

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had aggregate bank facilities of approximately RMB844,790,000 (as at 31 December 2013: RMB913,073,000), of which bank facilities of HK\$106,750,000 were secured by corporate guarantees of the Company or its subsidiaries.

- * Hong Kong Inter-Bank Offered Rate
- (a) The bank loan is secured by the mortgage of the Group's leasehold land and building in Hong Kong with a net carrying amount of approximately RMB28,732,000 (2013: RMB28,213,000) (note 14).
- (b) The bank loans are secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB185,983,000 (2013: RMB257,107,000) (note 23).

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團的銀行信貸 總額約人民幣844,790,000元(於二零一三年十二 月三十一日:人民幣913,073,000元),其中約港 幣106,750,000元銀行信貸額度以本公司或附屬公 司作公司擔保。

- 香港銀行同業拆息
- (a) 該筆銀行貸款由本集團以賬面淨值約人民幣28,732,000元 的香港租賃土地及樓宇抵押擔保,(二零一三年:人民幣 28,213,000元)(附註14)。
- (b) 該筆銀行貸款由本集團已抵押銀行存款共人民幣 185,983,000元(二零一三年:人民幣257,107,000元)(附 註23)抵押擔保。

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26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS (Cont'd) 26. 計息銀行貸款(續)

			Group 本集團	
		2014 — — — — — — —	2013	
		二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable:	分為: 銀行貸款的還款期:			
Within one year or on demand	少於一年或按需求	188,268	248,176	

27. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

27. 政府撥款

		Group 本集團	
	2014 二零一四年		
	二	RMB'000	
At 1 January 於一月一 Received during the year 年內取 Released to the statement of profit or loss 計入損	得的政府撥款 900	5,716	
At 31 December 於十二月	三十一日 3,475	3,884	

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28. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

28. 遞延税項

年內遞延税項資產及負債之變動如下:

遞延税項資產

Group	本集團	Provision 撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2013 Deferred tax credited to the consolidated statement	於二零一三年一月一日 年內於綜合損益表抵免之	703
of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	遞延税項(附註10)	2,140
Deferred tax assets at 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年十二月三十一日及二零一四年 一月一日之遞延税項資產淨額	2,843
Deferred tax credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內於綜合損益表抵免之 遞延税項(附註10)	3,280
Deferred tax assets at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日之遞延税項資產	6,123

The Group has tax losses arising in Mainland China of RMB37,115,000 (2013: RMB16,429,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised, as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is uncertain that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

本集團於中國大陸錄得税項虧損人民幣37,115,000 元(二零一三年:人民幣16,429,000元),可用作 抵銷將於一至五年內到期的未來應課税溢利,與該 等虧損有關的遞延税項資產尚未確認,因其出現於 產生虧損已有一段時間的附屬公司,不確定是否會 有應課税溢利可用於抵銷該等税項損失。

28. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd) DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

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28. 遞延税項(續) 遞延税項負債

Group	本集團	Withholding tax 預扣税 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	22,550
Deferred tax charged to the consolidated statement	年內於綜合損益表扣除之	
of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	遞延税項(附註10)	7,816
Transferred to current tax payable	轉到當期所得税費用	(1,190)
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年十二月三十一日及	
	二零一四年一月一日	29,176
Deferred tax charged to the consolidated statement	年內於綜合損益表扣除之	
of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	遞延税項(附註10)	11,282
Transferred to current tax payable	轉到當期所得税費用	(5,448)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	35,010

29. SHARE CAPITAL SHARES

29. 股本

股份

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Authorised: 10,000,000,000 (2013: 10,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	法定: 每股面值港幣0.1元的普通股 10,000,000,000股(二零一三年: 10,000,000,000股)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid: 806,620,000 (2013: 801,884,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	已發行及繳足: 每股面值港幣0.1元的普通股 806,620,000股(二零一三年: 801,884,000股)	80,662	80,188
Equivalent to RMB'000	等值人民幣千元	85,348	84,973

During the year, 4,736,000 share options under the Company's share option scheme were exercised. Accordingly, 4,736,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each were issued as a result of the exercise of share options.

於本年間,4,736,000股根據本公司購股權計劃之 購股權已獲行使。因此,4,736,000股每股面值港 幣0.1元之普通股已因該等購股權獲行使而發行。

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29. SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd)

A summary of issued share capital is as follows:

29. 股本(續)

已發行股本綜合如下:

		Number of shares		Share	
		in issue 已發行 股份數目	Issued capital 已發行股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	premium account 股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2013 Share options exercised	於二零一三年一月一日 已行使的購股權	800,192,000 1,692,000	80,019 169	66,717 1,346	146,736 1,515
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年十二月 三十一日及 二零一四年一月一日	801,884,000	80,188	68,063	148,251
Share options exercised At 31 December 2014	已行使的購股權 於二零一四年十二月 三十一日	4,736,000	474 80,662	16,153 84,216	16,627 164,878

Details of the Company's share option scheme are included in note 30 to the financial statements.

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme in 2003 (the "2003 Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible persons (including the Company's directors, independent non-executive directors, employees of the Group and other eligible participants as defined under the 2003 Share Option Scheme) who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. The 2003 Share Option Scheme became effective on 21 June 2003 and remained in force for 10 years from that date until 20 June 2013.

The maximum number of shares permitted to be issued upon the exercise of options under the 2003 Share Option Scheme was an amount equivalent to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue upon listing. 10% refreshment of the 2003 Share Option Scheme mandate had been approved at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 6 May 2011. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible person in the 2003 Share Option Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

有關本公司購股權計劃之詳細內容,載列於財務報 表附註30。

30. 購股權計劃

本公司於二零零三年採納的購股權計劃(「二零零 三購股權計劃」),旨在為對本集團業務成就作出貢 獻的合資格人士(包括本公司董事、獨立非執行董 事、本集團員工及於二零零三購股權計劃界定的其 他合資格參與者)提供鼓勵及獎勵。二零零三購股 權計劃於二零零三年六月二十一日生效並於該日 起計十年內持續有效至二零一三年六月二十日。

根據二零零三購股權計劃行使購股權而可予發行 的最高股份數目為相等於購股權行使後佔本公司 於上市時已發行股份的10%。二零零三購股權計 劃之10%更新授權已於二零一一年五月六日之股 東週年大會獲批准。在任何12個月期間內授予二 零零三購股權計劃的每位合資格參與者的購股權 的可予發行最高股份數目,以本公司於任何時間的 已發行股份1%為限。凡進一步授出超逾此限額的 購股權,須在股東大會上獲股東批准。

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

A new share option scheme, which was approved by the shareholders at the annual general meeting on 24 May 2013, became effective on 21 June 2013 (the "2013 Share Option Scheme", together with the 2003 Share Option Scheme, the "Scheme") and will remain in force for 10 years until 20 June 2023. The principal terms of the 2013 Share Option Scheme are similar to the 2003 Share Option Scheme.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive officer or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 21 days from the date of offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$10 by each grantee with no other consideration being payable by the grantee. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period commencing on such date on or after the date on which the option is granted as the Board may determine in granting the option and expiring at the close of business on such date as the Board may determine in granting the option but in any event shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant.

The exercise price of share options is determined by the directors, but may not be less than the higher of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of offer of the share options; and (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer, provided that the exercise price shall not be less than the nominal value of the ordinary shares of the Company.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

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30. 購股權計劃(續)

新購股權計劃(於二零一三年五月二十四日股東週 年大會上獲股東批准)於二零一三年六月二十一日 起生效(「二零一三購股權計劃」,與二零零三購股 權計劃統稱(「該計劃」)並持續十年有效至二零 二三年六月二十日。二零一三購股權計劃之主要條 款與二零零三購股權計劃相類似。

授予本公司董事、總裁或主要股東或彼等任何關聯 方購股權須事先取得獨立非執行董事批准。此外, 如於任何12個月期間授予本公司主要股東或獨立 非執行董事或彼等任何關聯方的任何購股權超逾 本公司於任何時間的已發行股份的0.1%,或有關 購股權的總值(根據本公司股份於購股權授出日期 的價格計算)超逾5,000,000港元,則須事先在股 東大會上取得股東批准。

授予購股權的建議應於建議日期起計21日內獲接納,承授人接納購股權時無須支付其他代價,惟須 支付10港元的象徵式代價。由董事會在授出購股 權之日或其後所釐定的日期起至董事會在授出購 股權時釐定的日期的營業時間結束時止,可隨時 (無論如何不得超過由授出日期起計十年)根據該 計劃的條款行使購股權。

購股權的行權價由董事釐定,惟不得低於以下各項 的較高者:(i)本公司股份於授出購股權當日在聯交 所所報的收市價;及(ii)本公司股份於緊接授出日 期前五個交易日在聯交所所報的平均收市價,惟行 權價不得少於本公司普通股的面值。

購股權並無賦予持有人可享有股息或於股東大會 上投票的權利。

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30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

30. 購股權計劃(續)

以下為該計劃於年內未行使的購股權:

		20 1	14	2013		
		二零一	·四年	二零一三年		
		Weighted		Weighted		
		average		average		
		exercise	Number	exercise	Number	
		price	of options	price	of options	
		加權平均		加權平均		
		行權價	購股權數目	行權價	購股權數目	
		HK\$	'000	HK\$	'000	
		港元		港元		
		per share		per share		
		每股		每股		
At 1 January	於一月一日	2.855	10,900	2.614	11,592	
Granted during the year	年內已授出	6.490	8,700	2.080	1,000	
Exercised during the year	年內已反由	2.675	(4,736)	0.744	(1,692)	
Lapsed during the year	年內已失效	3.130	(2,160)	0.744	(1,002)	
Lapsed during the year	THUCK	5.150	(2,100)	_		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	5.365	12,704	2.855	10,900	

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year was HK\$5.7548 (2013: HK\$2.1561).

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

年內,於購股權行使日的加權平均股價為港幣 5.7548元(二零一三年:港幣2.1561元)。

於報告期末,未行使的購股權行權價及行使期間如 下:

2014 二零一四年

Number of options	Exercise price*	Exercise period
購股權數目	行權價*	行使期間
'000	HK\$	
	港元	
	per share	
	每股	
3,204	3.130	25-03-2012 to 24-03-2017
800	2.080	28-03-2014 to 27-03-2019
2,000	5.760	15-01-2015 to 14-01-2020
1,000	5.720	12-06-2015 to 11-06-2020
3,000	6.440	17-09-2015 to 16-09-2020
2,700	7.370	25-09-2015 to 24-09-2024
12,704		

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30. 購股權計劃(續)

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

2013 二零一三年

Number of options 購股權數目 '000	Exercise price* 行權價* HK\$ 港元 per share 每股	Exercise period 行使期間
800	0.700	09-12-2009 to 08-12-2014
9,100	3.130	25-03-2012 to 24-03-2017
1,000	2.080	28-03-2014 to 27-03-2019
10,900		

* The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Group's share capital.

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted was estimated as at the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. This value is inherently subjective and uncertain due to the assumptions made and the limitation of the valuation model used. The following table lists the inputs to the model: * 倘進行供股或發行紅股或本集團股本出現其他類似變動, 則購股權的行權價須予以調整。

授予以股本結算的購股權的公允值乃於授予購股 權當日以柏力克 - 舒爾斯估值模式估計,並已考 慮授予購股權的條款及條件。鑑於有關假設及所使 用的估值模式存在限制,有關價值本身含主觀成分 及不確定因素。下表列出該模式的輸入數值:

Date of grant	授出日期	25/3/2011	28/3/2013	15/1/2014	12/6/2014	17/9/2014	25/9/2014
Dividend yield (%)	股息率(%)	1.97	2.78	1.03	1.10	0.97	0.85
Expected volatility (%)	預期波幅(%)	40	42	42	42	42	42
Historical volatility (%)	過往波幅(%)	40	42	42	42	42	42
Risk-free interest rate (%)	無風險折現率(%)	1.97	0.63	1.636	1.485	1.584	2.036
Expected life of option (year)	購股權預計年期(年)	6	6	6	6	6	10

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data over the past five years and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

The 4,736,000 share options exercised during the year resulted in the issue of 4,736,000 ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of HK\$473,600 and share premium of HK\$12,195,200 as further detailed in note 29 to the financial statements.

購股權預計年期乃根據過去五年的歷史資料釐定, 未必能顯示行使購股權的方式。預期波幅反映過往 波幅可顯示未來趨勢的假設,惟未來趨勢未必是實 際結果。

並無其他授予購股權的因素列入公允值的計算當 中。

年內,行使的4,736,000份購股權引致本公司發行 4,736,000股普通股份、增加新股本473,600港元 及股份溢價12,195,200港元,詳情載於財務報表 附註29。

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30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2014, the Company had 12,704,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 1.58% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 12,704,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company, additional share capital of HK\$1,270,400 and share premium of HK\$66,881,120 (before share issue expenses).

31. RESERVES

(a) **GROUP**

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 46 to 47 of the financial statements.

(i) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus of the Group represents the difference between the then consolidated net assets of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group Reorganisation as set out in note 1, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange thereof.

(ii) Statutory surplus reserve (the "SSR")

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC and the articles of association of the Mainland China Subsidiaries, the Mainland China Subsidiaries are each required to allocate 10% of their profit after tax, as determined in accordance with the PRC generally accepted accounting principles, to the SSR until this reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital of the Mainland China Subsidiaries. Part of the SSR may be converted to increase the paid-up capital, provided that the remaining balance after the capitalisation is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

(iii) Exchange fluctuation reserve

The exchange fluctuation reserve is used to record exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries.

30. 購股權計劃(續)

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司根據該計劃 擁有12,704,000份購股權尚未獲行使,相當於當 日本公司已發行股份約1.58%。根據本公司現時的 資本架構,悉數行使餘下購股權將引致本公司發行 12,704,000股額外普通股,增加1,270,400港元的 股本以及股份溢價66,881,120港元(未計股份發行 開支)。

31. 儲備

(a) 本集團

本集團儲備於本年度及過往年度的金額及變 動已載於財務報表第46頁至47頁的綜合權 益變動表內。

(i) 繳入盈餘

本集團的繳入盈餘指根據附註1所載 的集團重組所收購附屬公司當時的綜 合資產淨值與本公司為換取有關資產 而發行的本公司股份面值的差額。

(ii) 法定盈餘公積金 根據中國公司法及中國附屬公司的公司章程,中國附屬公司各自須按中國 公認會計準則,將其税後溢利的10% 分配至法定盈餘公積金,直至法定盈 餘公積金達到中國附屬公司註冊資本 的50%。部分法定盈餘公積金可轉為 繳足股本以增加股本,惟資本化後的 餘額不可低於註冊資本的25%。

(iii) 匯兑波動儲備 匯兑波動儲備乃用作記錄換算外國附 屬公司的財務報表所產生的匯兑差額。

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31. RESERVES (Cont'd)

(b) COMPANY

31. 儲備(續) (b) 本公司

		Notes 附註	Share premium account 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑波動 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB ¹ 000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日		70,172	100,175	5,508	2,715	(81,003)	71,102	168,669
Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year:	本年度溢利 本年度其他全面虧損:	11	-	-	-	-	-	47,621	47,621
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		-	-	-	-	(6,939)	-	(6,939)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額			_	_	_	(6,939)	47.621	40.682
Exercise of share options Dividend on shares issued for employee share options exercised	行使購股權 二零一二年十二月三十一日 後行使的僱員購股權所	30	1,073	-	(207)	-	-	_	866
after 31 December 2012 Equity-settled share option	發行股份的股息 以股權支付的購股權安排		-	-	-	-	-	(58)	(58)
arrangements		30	-	-	1,412	-	-	-	1,412
Interim 2013 dividend	二零一三年中期股息	12	-	-	-	-	-	(12,661)	(12,661)
Proposed final 2013 dividend	擬派二零一三年末期股息	12	-	-	-	-	-	(43,365)	(43,365)
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年十二月 三十一日及二零一四年								
	一月一日		71,245	100,175	6,713	2,715	(87,942)	62,639	155,545
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:	本年度溢利 本年度其他全面收益:	11	-	-	-	-	-	60,587	60,587
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		-	-	-	-	6,614	-	6,614
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		_	_	_	_	6,614	60,587	67,201
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	30	12,805	-	(3,141)	-	-	-	9,664
Dividend on shares issued for employee share options exercised	二零一三年十二月三十一日 後行使的僱員購股權所								
after 31 December 2013 Equity-settled share option	發行股份的股息 以股權支付的購股權安排		-	-	-	-	-	(47)	(47)
arrangements		30	-	-	2,968	-	-	-	2,968
Interim 2014 dividend	二零一四年中期股息	12	-	-	-	-	-	(16,002)	(16,002)
Proposed final 2014 dividend	擬派二零一四年末期股息	12	-	-	-	-	-	(54,697)	(54,697)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月 三十一日		84,050	100,175	6,540	2,715	(81,328)	52,480	164,632

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the then consolidated net assets of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group Reorganisation referred to in note 31(a), over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

本公司的繳入盈餘如附註31(a)所述指根據集 團重組所收購附屬公司當時的綜合資產淨值 超逾本公司為換取有關資產而發行的本公司 股份面值的部份。

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31. RESERVES (Cont'd)

(b) **COMPANY** (Cont'd)

The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the issued capital account and the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire or be forfeited.

32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

31. 儲備(續)

(b) 本公司(續) 購股權儲備包括已授出但尚未行使購股權的 公允值,其進一步資料載於財務報表附註2.4 以股份支付款項的會計政策內。當有關購股 權獲行使時,其數額將轉至已發行股本賬及 股份溢價賬,或當有關購股權到期或被取消 時,其數額將轉至留存溢利。

32. 按類別劃分之金融工具

	Group 本集團						
Financial assets		2014			2013		
財務資產		二零一四年			二零一三年		
	Equity			Equity			
	investments			investments			
	at fair value			at fair value			
	through			through			
	profit			profit			
	or loss	Loans and		or loss	Loans and		
	透過損益以	receivables		透過損益以	receivables		
	公允值列賬	貸款及	Total	公允值列賬	貸款及	Total	
	之股權投資	應收款項	總額	之股權投資	應收款項	總額	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Trade and notes receivables 應收貿易及票據款項 Financial assets included in 計入預付款、按金及	-	200,062	200,062	-	381,203	381,203	
prepayments, deposits and 其他應收款之 other receivables 財務資產 Equity investments at fair 透過損益以公允值列賬	-	6,547	6,547	-	6,274	6,274	
value through profit or loss 之股權投資	5,440	-	5,440	5,896	-	5,896	
Cash and cash equivalents, 現金及現金等價物及 and pledged bank deposits 已抵押銀行存款	-	679,047	679,047	_	462,892	462,892	
	5,440	885,656	891,096	5,896	850,369	856,265	

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32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Cont'd)

32. 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

Company

Financial liabilities 財務負債		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
		Financial	Financial
		liabilities at	liabilities at
		amortised cost	amortised cost
		按攤銷成本計量	按攤銷成本計量
		之財務負債	之財務負債
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and notes payables Financial liabilities included in other	應付貿易及票據款項 計入其他應付款及預提費用	107,385	245,139
payables and accruals	之財務負債	66,833	73,945
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款	188,268	248,176
		362,486	567,260

		本公司					
Financial assets			2014			2013	
財務資產			二零一四年			二零一三年	
		Equity			Equity		
		investments			investments		
		at fair value			at fair value		
		through			through		
		profit			profit		
		or loss	Loans and		or loss	Loans and	
		透過損益以	receivables		透過損益以	receivables	
		公允值列賬	貸款及	Total	公允值列賬	貸款及	Total
		之股權投資	應收款項	總額	之股權投資	應收款項	總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Equity investments at fair value through	透過損益以公允值 列賬之股權投資						
profit or loss		5,440	-	5,440	5,896	-	5,896
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	-	2,863	2,863	-	608	608
		5,440	2,863	8,303	5,896	608	6,504

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33. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair values of financial instruments:

- Level 1: fair values measured based on guoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which any inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

As at 31 December 2014, the Group and the Company held the following financial instruments measured at fair value, which was based on quoted market prices:

Assets measured at fair value as at 31 December 2014:

33. 公允值等級架構

本集團採用以下等級架構以釐定及披露金融工具 的公允值:

- 第一層: 公允值按可識別資產或負債於活躍市場 的報價(未經調整)計算
- 第二層: 公允值根據採用對記錄的公允值有可觀 察的重大影響(直接或間接)的全部數 據的估值法計算
- 第三層: 公允值根據採用並非基於可觀察市場數 據而對記錄的公允值有重大影響的任何 數據(非可觀察數據)的估值法計算
- 於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團及本公司持 有以公允值(按市場報價)計算的下列金融工具:

於二零一四年十二月三十一日按公允值計算的資 產:

		Level 1 第一層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 2 第二層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 3 第三層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益以公允值列賬 之股權投資	5,440	_	_	5,440
During the year ended 31 Dece of fair value measurements be		截至二零一四年- 第二層間並無公2			

transfers into or out of Level 3.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposits, trade and notes receivables, trade and notes payables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, and interest-bearing bank loans approximate to their fair values.

三層。

現金及現金等價物、已抵押銀行存款、應收貿易及 票據款項、應付貿易及票據款項、計入預付款,按 金及其他應收款之財務資產、計入其他應付款及預 提費用之財務負債,以及計息銀行貸款的賬面值與 其公允值相若。

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expenses are denominated in a different currency from the Group's functional currency) and the Group's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

Currently, the PRC government imposes control over foreign currencies. RMB, the official currency in the PRC, is not freely convertible. Enterprises operating in Mainland China can enter into exchange transactions through the People's Bank of China or other authorised financial institutions. Payments for imported materials or services and remittance of earnings outside of Mainland China are subject to the availability of foreign currencies which depends on the foreign currency denominated earnings of the enterprises, or must be arranged through the People's Bank of China or other authorised financial institutions. Approval for exchanges at the People's Bank of China or other authorised financial institutions is granted to enterprises in the PRC for valid reasons such as purchases of imported materials and remittance of earnings. While conversion of RMB to the Hong Kong dollar or other foreign currencies can generally be effected at the People's Bank of China or other authorised financial institutions, there is no guarantee that it can be effected at all times.

The Group does not have any significant investment outside of Mainland China. However, the Group has transactional currency exposures. These exposures arise from sales of the Group's subsidiaries denominated in currencies other than the subsidiaries' functional currencies. Approximately 11.63% of the Group's sales for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: 9.89%) were denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the subsidiaries. Upon receipt of currencies other than the functional currency, the subsidiaries sell them to the banks immediately.

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34. 金融風險管理目標及對策

本集團擁有應收貿易款項及應付貿易款項等其他 各種財務資產及負債,此乃由其經營直接產生。

本集團金融工具所涉及的主要風險為外匯風險、信 貸風險及流動資金風險。以下為董事會檢討並同意 管理上述每項風險的政策之概要。

外匯風險

外匯風險即金融工具的公允值或未來現金流量將 因匯率變動產生波動的風險。本集團承擔的匯率變 動風險主要與本集團業務(倘收益或開支以不同於 本集團功能貨幣的貨幣計價)及本集團於外國附屬 公司的淨投資有關。

目前,中國政府仍實施外匯管制。中國官方貨幣人 民幣不可自由兑換。於中國大陸經營之企業可透過 中國人民銀行或其他認可金融機構從事外匯交易。 支付進口原料或服務之貨價及將盈利匯出中國大 陸境外地區均受外幣供應數額限制,並依賴企業以 外幣計值之盈利,或必須透過中國人民銀行或其他 認可金融機構作出安排。於中國經營之企業在具充 分理據下,如需購入進口原料及匯出盈利,可獲授 批准於中國人民銀行或其他認可金融機構進行兑 換。雖然人民幣兑換港元或其他外幣一般可在中國 人民銀行或其他認可金融機構進行,但無法保證於 任何時間均能進行。

本集團於中國大陸以外並無任何重大投資。然而, 本集團仍面對交易貨幣風險。有關風險來自以本集 團的中國大陸附屬公司以其功能貨幣以外之貨幣 進行之銷售。截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團約11.63%之銷售(二零一三年:9.89%) 乃以本集團的中國大陸附屬公司的功能貨幣以外 之貨幣計值。於收到功能貨幣以外之貨幣後,本集 團的中國大陸附屬公司會即時將該等貨幣售予銀 行以兑換為功能貨幣。

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34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK (Cont'd)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in foreign currency exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

34. 金融風險管理目標及對策(續)

外匯風險(續)

下表列示在所有其他可變因素維持不變之情況下, 本集團的除税前溢利對外幣匯率出現合理可能變 動的敏感度(由於貨幣資產及負債的公允值變動)。

		Increase (+)/ decrease (-) in foreign currency rate 外幣匯率上調 (+)/ 下調 (-)	Increase/(decrease) in profit before tax 對除税前溢利之 增加/(減少) RMB'000 人民幣千元
2014	二零一四年		
If RMB strengthens against the United States dollar	倘人民幣兑美元升值	+5%	(5,580)
If RMB weakens against the United States dollar	倘人民幣兑美元貶值	-5%	5,580
If RMB strengthens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐元升值	+5%	(16)
If RMB weakens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐元貶值	-5%	16
2013	二零一三年		
If RMB strengthens against the United States dollar	—————————————————————————————————————	+5%	(4,199)
If RMB weakens against the United States dollar	倘人民幣兑美元貶值	-5%	4,199
If RMB strengthens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐元升值	+5%	(266)
If RMB weakens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐元貶值	-5%	266

CREDIT RISK

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivables and balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

With respect to credit risk arising from the other financial assets of the Group, which comprise cash and short-term deposits, other receivables and equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, the Group's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

信貸風險

本集團僅與該等信譽可靠的第三者進行交易。按照 本集團的政策,所有擬按信貸期進行交易的客戶, 必須經過信貸核實程序後,方可落實。此外,本集 團會持續監察應收款項及結餘的情況,而本集團的 壞賬風險並不重大。

就有關本集團其他財務資產的信貸風險,其中包括 現金及短期存款、其他應收款項及透過損益以公允 值列賬之股權投資,本集團因對方違約所產生的信 貸風險,上限相等於該等工具的賬面值。

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34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

CREDIT RISK (Cont'd)

Since the Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentrations of credit risk are managed by customer/counterparty. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

LIQUIDITY RISK

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g., trade receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

34. 金融風險管理目標及對策(續)

信貸風險(續)

由於本集團僅與該等享譽盛名兼信譽可靠的第三 者進行交易,故不需要任何抵押。集中信貸風險由 客戶/交易對手管理,因此本集團內並無任何重大 集中信貸風險。

有關本集團因應收貿易款項所產生信貸風險的進 一步定量資料乃披露於財務報表附註20。

流動資金風險

本集團透過採用經常性流動資金計劃工具,監察其 資金短缺的風險。此工具會考慮其金融工具及財務 資產(如應收貿易款項)的到期日以及來自經營業 務的預期現金流量。

本集團根據合約未貼現付款計算的於報告期末財 務負債之到期日簡述如下:

		Group						
			本集團					
		2014						
		二零一四年						
				3 to				
				less than				
			Less than	12 months	1 to 5	Over		
		On demand	3 months	三至少於	years	5 years	Total	
		按要求	少於三個月	十二個月	一至五年	五年以上	總計	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
	計戶和行代志			400.000			400.000	
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款	-	-	188,268	-	-	188,268	
Trade and notes payables	應付貿易及票據款項	14,112	81,853	11,420	-	-	107,385	
Other payables	其他應付款	66,833	-	-	-	-	66,833	
		80,945	81,853	199,688	-	-	362,486	

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34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES

AND POLICIES (Cont'd) LIQUIDITY RISK (Cont'd)

34. 金融風險管理目標及對策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

		Group 本集團 2013 二零一三年 3 to less than					
		On demand 按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Less than 3 months 少於三個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元	12 months 三至少於 十二個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 to 5 years 一至五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Over 5 years 五年以上 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest-bearing bank loans Trade and notes payables Other payables	計息銀行貸款 應付貿易及票據款項 其他應付款	- 52,349 73,945 126,294	- 155,385 - 155,385	248,176 37,405 - 285,581	- - -	- - -	248,176 245,139 73,945 567,260

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

資本管理

本集團管理資本的首要目標是保障本集團的持續 經營能力及維持穩健的資本比率,以支援其業務發 展及提升股東價值。

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013. 本集團會因應經濟環境變化管理其資本架構並對 其作出調整。為維持或調整資本架構,本集團或會 調整支付予股東的股息款額、返還資本予股東或發 行新股份。於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日及二 零一三年十二月三十一日止年度內,有關資本管理 的目標、政策及過程並無作出任何變動。

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34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total capital plus net debt. The net debt includes trade and notes payables, other payables and accruals, interestbearing bank loans, less cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits. Capital includes equity attributable to the owners of the parent. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

34. 金融風險管理目標及對策(續)

資本管理(續)

本集團採用資本負債比率監察其資本情況,而資本 負債比率乃淨負債除以總資本加淨負債之總和計 算。淨負債包括應付貿易及票據款項、其他應付款 及預提費用、計息銀行貸款,並扣除現金及現金等 價物和已抵押銀行存款。資本包括母公司擁有人應 佔權益。於報告期末之資本負債比率如下:

		Grc 本貨	-
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade and notes payables Other payables and accruals Interest-bearing bank loans Less: Cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits	應付貿易及票據款項 其他應付款及預提費用 計息銀行貸款 減:現金及現金等價物和 已抵押銀行存款	107,385 99,809 188,268 (679,047)	245,139 95,859 248,176 (462,892)
Net debt	淨負債	(283,585)	126,282
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益	1,248,280	1,091,737
Capital and net debt	資本及淨負債	964,695	1,218,019
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	(29)%	10%

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35. COMMITMENTS

(a) **OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS**

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to five years.

At 31 December 2014, the Group and the Company had total future minimum lease rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

35. 承擔

(a) 經營租賃承擔 本集團根據經營租賃安排承租若干辦公物 業。物業租賃的商定期限介乎一至五年之間。

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團及 本公司根據不可撤銷經營租約於日後未來應 付最低租賃款項總額如下:

		Gro 本身	•	Company 本公司		
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Within one year After one year but within five years	一年內 一年後至不多於五年	515 68	836 447	-	-	
		583	1,283	-	_	

(b) CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

(b) 資本承擔

		Gro 本集	-	Company 本公司		
		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Contracted, but not provided for: Plant and machinery	已訂約,但未作撥備: 廠房及機器	5,901	16,951	-	-	
Authorised, but not contracted for: Plant and machinery	已授權,但未訂約: 廠房及機器	20,622	74,404	_	_	
		26,523	91,355	-	_	

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36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

36. 關連方交易

本集團主要管理人員酬金:

		2014 二零一四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2013 二零一三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Employee share option benefits Pension scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及實物福利 員工購股權福利 退休金計劃供款	3,625 2,345 68	3,956 112 75
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	主要管理人員酬金總額	6,038	4,143

Further details of the directors' and the chief executive officer's emoluments are included in note 7 to the financial statements.

董事及總裁酬金詳情載於財務報表附註7。

37. 財務報表的批准

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 17 March 2015.

37. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表已於二零一五年三月十七日獲董事會批 准及授權發行。

Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interest of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

以下為本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績、資產、負債 及非控股權益概要,此乃摘錄自已公佈經審核財務報表。

Very series of Descendence

			Year e	ended 31 Dec	ember	
		截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年
RESULTS	業績	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	783,803	914,973	856,539	1,081,044	1,286,683
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(323,884)	(511,725)	(532,144)	(718,292)	(910,526)
Gross profit	毛利	459,919	403,248	324,395	362,752	376,157
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	18,728	17,197	14,374	16,601	9,145
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷費用	(99,412)	(112,749)	(104,711)	(100,861)	(95,673)
Administrative expenses	行政費用	(61,009)	(61,609)	(53,070)	(55,777)	(48,884)
Other expenses	其他費用	(56,529)	(53,521)	(32,522)	(41,369)	(31,317)
Finance costs	財務費用	(2,804)	(3,600)	(3,825)	(2,159)	(549)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	258,893	188,966	144,641	179,187	208,879
Income tax expense	所得税	(53,748)	(35,867)	(30,135)	(32,880)	(42,041)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度溢利	205,145	153,099	114,506	146,307	166,838
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest	以下各項應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益	205,145 -	153,099 -	114,506 -	146,307 _	166,840 (2)
		205,145	153,099	114,506	146,307	166,838
ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST	資產、負債及 非控股權益					
TOTAL ASSETS	總資產	1,693,400	1,721,148	1,569,643	1,393,816	1,413,157
TOTAL LIABILITIES	總負債	(445,120)	(629,411)	(587,531)	(474,938)	(578,203)
NON-CONTROLLING	非控股權益					
INTEREST		-	-	-	-	-
		1,248,280	1,091,737	982,112	918,878	834,954

Information for Shareholders 股東資料

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed during the following periods:

- (i) from Wednesday, 20 May 2015 to Friday, 22 May 2015, both days inclusive, for the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the 2015 AGM. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2015 AGM, all transfer of shares of the Company accompanied by the relevant share certificates and the appropriate share transfer forms must be lodged for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 19 May 2015 with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Abacus Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.
- (ii) from Friday, 29 May 2015 to Monday, 1 June 2015, both days inclusive, for the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' entitlement to the proposed final dividend. In order to establish entitlements to the proposed final dividend, all transfer of shares of the Company accompanied by the relevant share certificates and the appropriate share transfer forms must be lodged for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 28 May 2015 with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Abacus Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

During the periods mentioned in sub-paragraphs (i) and (ii) above, no transfers of shares will be registered.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The 2015 AGM will be held on Friday, 22 May 2015. Details of the 2015 AGM are set out in the notice of AGM with constitutes part of the circular to Shareholders sent together with this annual report.

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於下列時段暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續:

- () 由二零一五年五月二十日(星期三)至二零一五年 五月二十二日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天),暫停辦理 股份過戶登記手續,以釐定有權出席二零一五年股 東週年大會並於會上投票之股東身份。為確保符合 資格出席二零一五年股東週年大會並於會上投票 之權利,所有本公司的股份轉讓連同有關股票及股 票轉讓書,須於二零一五年五月十九日(星期二) 下午四時三十分前,送達本公司之香港股份過戶登 記分處卓佳雅柏勤有限公司辦理過戶登記手續,地 址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓。
- (ii) 由二零一五年五月二十九日(星期五)至二零一五年六月一日(星期一)(包括首尾兩天),暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,以釐定享有建議派發末期股息的股東身份。為確保享有收取建議派發末期股息之權利,所有本公司的股份轉讓連同有關股票及股票轉讓書,須於二零一五年五月二十八日(星期四)下午四時三十分前,送達本公司之香港股份過戶登記 分處卓佳雅柏勤有限公司辦理過戶登記手續,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓。

於上述分段(i)及(ii)的時段期間內,將不會辦理股份過戶登記手續。

股東週年大會

二零一五年股東週年大會將於二零一五年五月二十二日 (星期五)舉行。二零一五年股東週年大會通告的詳情已 載於發給股東通函內,該通函連同本年報一併寄發給股 東。

Information for Shareholders 股東資料

FINANCIAL CALENDAR

Announcement of 2014 interim results

Announcement of 2014 annual results

2014 AGM

2015 AGM

財務日誌

23 May 2014

15 August 2014

17 March 2015

22 May 2015

二零一四年股東週年大會 二零一四年五月二十三日 公佈二零一四年中期業績 公佈二零一四年全年業績 二零一五年股東週年大會

股息

HK\$0.025 per share 二零一四年中期股息 23 September 2014 二零一四年中期股息 派付日期 HK\$0.085 per share 建議派發二零一四年 末期股息 27 May 2015 二零一四年末期股息 除息日期 29 May 2015-1 June 2015 二零一四年末期股息 截止過戶日期 建議派發之二零一四年 末期股息派付日期

二零一四年八月十五日 二零一五年三月十七日 二零一五年五月二十二日

每股港幣0.025元 二零一四年九月二十三日

每股港幣0.085元

二零一五年五月二十七日

二零一五年五月二十九日至 二零一五年六月一日 二零一五年六月九日 或前後

DIVIDENDS 2014 Interim dividend Payment date for 2014 interim dividend

Proposed 2014 final dividend

Ex-dividend date for 2014 final dividend

Book closing dates for 2014 final dividend

Payment date for proposed 2014 final dividend

on or about 9 June 2015

Units 3001-02, 30/F, CNT Tower, 338 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔軒尼詩道338號北海中心30樓3001-02室 22 Tianling Road, Wuzhong Economic Development District, Suzhou, Jiangsu, PRC. 中國江蘇省蘇州市吳中經濟開發區天靈路22號