

股份代號 STOCK CODE : 00533

# 2014 ANNUAL REPORT

二零一四年年報

GOLDLION  
HOLDINGS LIMITED

金利來集團有限公司





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## CORPORATE INFORMATION

### DIRECTORS

#### Chairman:

Dr. the Hon. Tsang Hin Chi G.B.M.

#### Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer:

Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky

#### Executive Director:

Madam Wong Lei Kuan

#### Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles

Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy B.B.S., J.P.

#### Independent Non-executive Directors:

Dr. Lau Yue Sun B.B.S.

Mr. Li Ka Fai, David

Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Kam Yiu Kwok

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Ka Fai, David (Chairman)

Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter (Deputy Chairman)

Dr. Lau Yue Sun B.B.S.

Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles

Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy B.B.S., J.P.

### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter (Chairman)

Dr. Lau Yue Sun B.B.S.

Mr. Li Ka Fai, David

Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles

Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Lau Yue Sun B.B.S. (Chairman)

Mr. Li Ka Fai, David

Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter

Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles

Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky

### SOLICITORS

Woo, Kwan, Lee & Lo

### AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

*Certified Public Accountants*

*Hong Kong*

### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking

Corporation Limited

### REGISTRARS

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

46th Floor, Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Wan Chai

Hong Kong

### REGISTERED OFFICE

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Goldlion Holdings Centre

13-15 Yuen Shun Circuit

Siu Lek Yuen

Shatin

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## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS



### FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31st December 2014, cash and bank balances held by the Group amounted to approximately HK\$1,240,034,000, which was HK\$55,652,000 lower than the balance as at 31st December 2013. During the year, the Group recorded a net cash inflow from operating activities of HK\$167,299,000 and received the net compensation balance in relation to the surrender of property in Shanghai of HK\$51,355,000. However, the Group also paid dividends of HK\$255,350,000 during the year and recorded losses from foreign exchange rate changes of HK\$12,766,000. As at 31st December 2014, the Group did not have any bank loans or overdrafts.

As at 31st December 2014, the Group's current assets and current liabilities were HK\$1,767,916,000 and HK\$448,363,000 respectively, with a current ratio at 3.9. Total current liabilities were 13% of the average capital and reserves attributable to owners of the parent of HK\$3,507,073,000.

As at 31st December 2014, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities or capital commitments and had not charged any of the Group's assets.







# DISTRIBUTION NETWORK IN CHINA MAINLAND





# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



**Dr. the Hon. Tsang Hin Chi, G.B.M.,**  
*Chairman of the Group*

## GROUP RESULTS

### Turnover and gross profit

During the year under review, the Group has experienced one of the most severe operating environment in recent years. Total turnover for the year amounted to HK\$1,541,224,000, representing a year-on-year drop of 18%. The decrease was concentrated in the apparel business in the China Mainland and the Singapore markets. A drop of 23% in turnover of the Mainland apparel operation was recorded over last year, particularly serious for the wholesale business to distributors. As for the income from the Group's property investment and licensing businesses were all higher than that of last year.

Gross profit for the year was HK\$858,614,000, representing a decrease of 15% comparing with HK\$1,013,806,000 of last year. Overall gross profit margin was approximately 55.7%, up by about 1.6

percentage points from 54.1% of last year, which was mainly due to higher proportion of revenue recorded from businesses with lower costs comparing with last year. For the Group's apparel operation, the gross profit margin was approximately 49.3%, broadly in line with last year.

### Operating expenses and operating profit

The Group is well aware that unnecessary resources allocation during continuous adverse market conditions would not only be unable to bring in any business growth, but will also drag down the overall profitability. Operating cost control measures were therefore strictly implemented during the year. Selling and marketing costs for the year decreased by 12% to HK\$356,038,000. However, due to the decrease in turnover, percentage to the overall turnover accounted for 23.1%, up from 21.5% of last year.

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Administrative expenses of the Group during the year were HK\$200,049,000, increased by 3% from last year. This was due to the depreciation of Renminbi ("RMB") during the year which resulted in an exchange loss (mainly on RMB deposits in Hong Kong) of HK\$8,027,000, while an exchange gain of HK\$6,055,000 was recorded in last year.

During the year, the Group recorded other gains of HK\$198,513,000, including fair value gains on investment properties of HK\$107,831,000 and gains on disposals of assets classified as held for sale (the properties in Anhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai) of HK\$90,682,000. Other gains for last year included fair value gains on investment properties of HK\$87,351,000.

Operating profit for the year amounted to HK\$501,040,000, broadly comparable with last year's HK\$503,043,000. The operating profit margin was approximately 32.5%, higher than 26.8% of last year, mainly due to the increase in other gains during the year.

### Profit attributable to owners of the parent

Profit attributable to owners of the parent for the year was HK\$421,042,000, rising by 2% from HK\$414,579,000 of last year. Profit for the year would be HK\$323,394,000 if fair value gains after tax on investment properties of HK\$97,648,000 were excluded. Such profit represented a decrease of 3% from HK\$332,066,000 (if the fair value gains after tax on investment properties of HK\$82,513,000 were excluded) of last year. The profit will drop by 23% over last year, if the gains after tax on disposals of assets classified as held for sale for the year of HK\$68,012,000 were also excluded.

### FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of 16.0 HK cents per share (2013: 18.0 HK cents per share) for the year ended 31st December 2014, totalling HK\$157,138,000 (2013: HK\$176,781,000). Subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the final dividend will be paid on or about 9th June 2015 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members as at 1st June 2015.





## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

### BUSINESS REVIEW

#### Apparel Business

##### *China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR Markets*

Since 2013, the Central Government's extravagance curbs and anti-bribery measures have had far-reaching impact on high-end consumption. Coupled with this, GDP has been growing at a slower pace in recent years after a prolonged period of dramatic economic growth. All these unfavorable factors have combined to erode demand for mid to high-end consumer products. With consumer sentiment being largely uncertain, the retail market failed to pick up during the year. This was aggravated by the fact that, after years of rapid expansion, local apparel operators are generally troubled by high inventory level and tight cash flows in the deteriorating business environment. This means it will take them more time and readjustment to be back on track.



The Group's apparel operation in China Mainland is primarily conducted through wholesaling to distributors in various cities and provinces, through self-operated retail shops (including factory outlets) located mainly in Guangzhou, Shanghai and Beijing, as well as through e-commerce business launched in the third quarter last year.

Struck by the critical market conditions, there has been no improvement in the performance of the Group's distributors during the year. To ensure stable business development for them in the long run, the Group lowered the relevant wholesale targets and allowed an appropriate amount of sales returns for selling via our e-commerce channels. This resulted in a drop in sales to distributors by approximately 31% in RMB for the year.

When growth is falling steeply, business development hinges on the operator's retail capability. Fully aware of this, the Group strengthened its communication with the distributors, regularly reviewed their performance and provided them with appropriate support during the year. To further expand sales for the Goldlion brand, distributorship for certain provinces was reassigned in the year to bring in professional operators who are more ambitious and more proven in their retail capabilities.

Sales of self-operated retail shops (excluding factory outlets) recorded an increase of about 7% in RMB following the Group's takeover of several retail shops previously operated by the "Gold Label" retailer in the middle of last year. Nonetheless, the Group's self-operated retail business was hit by the dampened market and sales of comparable retail shops recorded a decrease of about 5%.

Business of factory outlets was likewise affected by the unfavorable market conditions. The weak sales that the year started with did not stabilize until towards the end of the year, resulting in a year-on-year decrease of about 7% in turnover.



## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



At the end of the year, the Group had approximately 1,120 retail outlets in China, among which about 90 were self-operated. The total number of retail outlets was smaller than that of last year as the Group had reorganized certain low performers. To ensure operational effectiveness, the Group will continue to monitor the performance of its outlets and to close the non-profitable shops whenever necessary.

For the year as a whole, sales achieved by e-commerce launched in the third quarter of last year were satisfactory, amounting to approximately HK\$58,659,000. Since this mode of business was intended for clearing off-season inventories without compromising offline sales, online sales accounted for only about 5% of the Group's overall apparel sales during the year. Pending strategies to be formulated for further expansion in the segment, e-commerce is expected to become a driver behind the Group's business growth.

Licensing income for the year amounted to HK\$89,207,000, representing an increase of around 5%, or around 6% in RMB, over last year. The growth was mainly attributable to the annual increment of license fees stipulated in the licensing agreements.

During the year, the Group granted licenses for distribution of shoes, leather goods, undergarments, woollen sweaters and casual wear in the China Mainland market. The Group also strengthened supervision over licensees, provided them with appropriate support, and assisted them in clamping down on fakes and safeguarding consumer interest through our designated licensing department. The aim is to ensure that they are in line with the Group's brand development.

### ***Singapore and Malaysia Markets***

During the year under review, the Group's business in Singapore and Malaysia continued to be under pressure, leading to an annual fall of approximately 14% in overall sales. The economy continued to slow down during the year while consumer confidence slumped in a weakening retail market. The Group's apparel sales were further seriously hit by the relocation of a major local department store. When compared with last year, sales for the Singapore market amounted to HK\$120,620,000, representing a decrease of approximately 14%.



## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Sales of comparable outlets decreased by about 8% in local currency over last year. At the end of the year, there were a total of 8 Goldlion shops and 24 counters in Singapore, or one counter more than that at the end of last year.

Given the Group's vigorous efforts in cost control during the period, overall expenses were slightly lower than that of last year despite high local operating costs. Owing to a slide in gross profits along with sales, however, operating profit in Singapore for the year as a whole amounted to approximately HK\$2,397,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of about 25%. Operating profit margin was 2%, largely similar to that of last year.

The Group's business in the Malaysia market is relatively small in scale. Sales for the year amounted to HK\$6,483,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 7%. At the end of the year, there were a total of 22 counters in the local market. Affected by the adverse local market conditions, the Group's sales in Malaysia fell, resulting in a slight loss. Operating profit for last year amounted to about HK\$524,000.

### Property Investment and Development

Except for the acquisition of a shop premises in Dongguan at a consideration of RMB18,000,000, the Group's investment property portfolio had no significant changes since the end of last year. Fair value gains on investment properties recognized by the Group after independent professional valuations amounted to HK\$107,831,000. These included gains of HK\$67,100,000 from investment properties in Hong Kong, the growth of which was largely attributable to the upward rental trend in the local properties held by the Group. The fair value gains for last year stood at HK\$87,351,000.

Rental income and building management fees for the year amounted to HK\$150,055,000 and HK\$42,852,000 respectively, representing an increase of around 8% and 3% over last year. As a result of stringent cost controls, direct operating expenses on investment properties decreased by around 2% during the year. On account of the increase in income and

decrease in cost, operating profit excluding fair value gains on investment properties and gains from disposals of property rose by 10% over last year.

Leasing of Goldlion Digital Network Centre in Tianhe, Guangzhou, remained stable, with occupancy rate maintained at around 94%. Despite transferal of an office unit to the Group's own use, total rental income and building management fees in RMB rose by 4% when compared with those registered for last year.

In Shenyang, leasing of Goldlion Commercial Building was likewise stable, with overall occupancy rate maintained at 100%. Following renewal of a major lease at a higher rental level, rental income and building management fees in RMB for the year increased by approximately 6% over last year.

During the period, the lease of the Group's property at No. 3 Yuk Yat Street, To Kwa Wan, Hong Kong, was renewed with a substantial increase in rent and the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong were fully occupied. As a result, total rental income and building management fees of the Group's properties in Hong Kong increased by approximately 23% over last year. In particular, the increase for Goldlion Holdings Centre was approximately 13%.

In Shanghai, the Group completed delivery of its properties in Anhua Road, Changning District, in June and received the remaining balance of the compensation payment. Accordingly, the relevant gains on disposals of assets classified as held for sale amounted to HK\$90,682,000 were recognized under "other gains" during the year.

Towards the end of last year, the Group made a successful bid for a piece of land with a site area of approximately 75,949 square meters in Meixian for RMB102,600,000. Owing to resettlement delay, the land use certificate was not received until January 2015. At present, the project is in the initial planning stage. In view of the weak property market in China Mainland, the Group will exercise great prudence with regard to its development plan.



## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

### PROSPECTS

After two years of adjustment for the sector, business for high-end menswear in the China Mainland market still looks gloomy and the consistently high growth rates enjoyed in previous years will remain elusive for some time to come. Although downward pressure on the market has eased for the time being, apparel business in the China Mainland market will be faced with difficulties and challenges in the short term.

Understanding that it takes time for distributors to overcome their operating difficulties, the Group does not anticipate any significant breakthrough in the relevant wholesale business in 2015. The Group's Mainland 2015 fall and winter collections sales fair was held in mid-March 2015. Total preliminary order amount as shown in our records is close to those for the corresponding season last year. Deliveries to distributors will subsequently begin in the second half of this year.

The Group will continue to optimize its retail management in order to boost its retail performance. In light of the unfavorable retail market conditions in China Mainland, the Group will gear its efforts towards a stable growth in retail business.

To take advantage of the initial results in sales achieved by e-commerce, steps will be taken to bring about further expansion in this segment. In addition to increasing sales channels, the move will help clear off-season stocks. Considering the potential of online business, an even bigger growth is expected for the coming year.

Brand renewal will continue to be top on the Group's agenda to reinforce its young and fashionable image without losing sight of product quality. To expand our clientele as a whole, product designs will be diversified with a greater emphasis on chicness so as to accommodate preferences of different customer groups.

In Singapore, market conditions are expected to remain unimproved. The Group will continue to adopt sound business strategies in order to boost overall profitability through striving for business growth and cost control.

As for property investment, the Group will continue to enhance the leasing potential of the properties on hand for maintaining a steady growth in rental income. Development strategies for the Meixian site will be formulated subject to market conditions. Barring future unforeseen circumstances, the Group plan to commence work on the land in the foreseeable future.

Underpinned by a strong business base, sound financial background and superior branding, the Group is confident that its leading position in the sector will be further consolidated and consistent growth will be restored once weaker players have exited the apparel market under the circumstances.

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf on the Board, I would like to extend my gratitude to our staff for their dedication and continuous support.

**Dr. Tsang Hin Chi**

*Chairman*

Hong Kong, 19th March 2015



## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at 31st December 2014

Property	Description	Lot Number	Type	Lease term	
<b>Hong Kong</b>					
1.	1st to 6th floors, Goldlion Holdings Centre, 13-15 Yuen Shun Circuit, Siu Lek Yuen, Shatin, New Territories	The property, with a gross floor area of 23,077 sq.m., comprises the entire 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th floors of a 8-storey factory/warehouse. The building was completed in 1989.	Shatin Town Lot No. 273	Industrial	The property is held for a term commencing on 26th February 1987 and expiring on 30th June 2047.
2.	No. 3 Yuk Yat Street, To Kwa Wan, Kowloon	The property comprises a modified 12-storey building completed in 1971. The property has a total gross floor area of 7,013 sq.m..	Kowloon Inland Lot No. 9676	Industrial/ Office	The property is held for a term of 75 years from 12th November 1969 renewable for a further term of 75 years.
3.	Unit A on 5th floor, Unit D on 6th floor, Units A and B on 7th floor, Units A, B, C and D on 14th floor, together with car parking S18 on the ground floor, Ming Wah Industrial Building, 13-33 Wang Lung Street, Tsuen Wan, New Territories	The property comprises units on the 5th, 6th and 7th floor, the whole of 14th floor and a car parking space on the ground floor of a 24-storey industrial building completed in 1976. The property has a total gross floor area of 3,238 sq.m..	81/1024th shares of and in Tsuen Wan Town Lot No. 134	Industrial	The property is held for a term of 99 years from 1st July 1898 less the last three days and renewed to 30th June 2047.
4.	Unit B on 3rd floor, Acro Industrial Building, 19 Yuk Yat Street, To Kwa Wan, Kowloon	The property comprises a workshop unit on the third floor of a 12-storey plus basement industrial building completed in 1978. The property has a gross floor area of 536 sq.m..	58/1184th shares of and in Kowloon Inland Lot No. 9681	Industrial	The property is held for a term of 75 years from 23rd March 1970 and renewable for a further term of 75 years.



## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at 31st December 2014

Property	Description	Lot Number	Type	Lease term
<b>China Mainland</b>				
5.	Units 01 to 07 and Units 10 to 11 on Level 1, Levels 2 to 3, Units 01 to 05 and Units 07 to 12 on Level 4, Level 5, Level 7, Units 01 to 07 and Units 09 to 12 on Level 8, Level 9, Unit 01 and Units 03 to 12 on Level 10, Level 11, Unit 01 and Units 03 to 12 on Level 12, Level 13, Units 02 to 05 and Units 08 to 12 on Level 14, Level 15, Unit 01 and Units 03 to 12 on Level 16, Units 07 to 12 on Level 17, Units 03 to 12 on Level 18, Levels 19 to 28, the car parking spaces in the basement levels 1 to 3 and the mezzanine level of the building, Goldlion Digital Network Centre, Ti Yu Dong Road, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province	–	Commercial/Office	The land use right is held for a term of 40 years for commercial or car parking uses and 50 years for office use commencing from 27th January 1997.
6.	Shenyang Goldlion Commercial Building, 186–190 Zhong Jie Lu, Shen He Qu, Shenyang, Liaoning Province	–	Commercial	The land use right is held for a term of 40 years for commercial use commencing from 23rd April 2008.



## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at 31st December 2014

Property	Description	Lot Number	Type	Lease term
<b>China Mainland</b> <i>(continued)</i>				
7.	Unit 07 on Level 24 and Unit 07 on Level 26, No. 577 Tianhe North Road, Unit 07 on Level 25, Unit 07 on Level 26 and Unit 07 on Level 28, No. 581 Tianhe North Road, Concord New World Garden, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province	–	Residential	The land use right is held for a term of 70 years from 1st April 1999.
8.	Unit 03 on Level 10, No. 852 Dongfeng East Road, Glorious City Garden, Yue Xiu District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province	–	Residential	The land use right is held for a term of 70 years from 7th April 1990.
9.	Units C18, 101, 102A, 102B and 103 on Level 1, Unit C18 on Levels 2 and 3, Units C11, C12, C19, C20-101, D01, D26, D27, D30, E17, E25 and E26 on Levels 1 and 2, Goldlion Fashion Walk, Jiangnan Binfang Dai Dao, Meizhou Ze, Guangdong Province	140209020490 and 140209020608-1	Commercial	The land use right is held for a term of 40 years for commercial use.
10.	Units 05 and 06 on Level 1, Block B3, Yuanda Shopping Plaza, Qunli Dai Dao, Daoli Qu, Harbin, Heilongjiang Province	–	Commercial	The land use right is held for a term of 40 years for commercial use from 30th June 2011.
11.	Unit A-03 on Levels 1 and 2, Zone A-2 Dongcheng Center, Dongcheng Qu, Dongguan, Guangdong Province	–	Commercial	The land use right is held for commercial use up to 31st December 2062.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board and the management of the Company are committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance. The Board believes that to carry the business in an accountable and transparent manner and following good corporate governance practices serve the long-term value to shareholders and stakeholders.

Throughout the year under review, the Company complied with the Code Provisions in the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), except for derivations as specified and explained below.

The Directors continue to monitor and review the Company's corporate governance practices to ensure compliance.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### Overall Accountability

The Board assumes full responsibility for leadership, control and development of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success and sustainable development of the Company. It provides direction in matters concerning the Company's business strategies, policies and plans whereas daily business operations are delegated to the senior management. In discharging its corporate accountability, each Director is required to pursue excellence in the interests of the shareholders at a whole and fulfill his fiduciary duties by applying the required level of skills, care and diligence to a standard in accordance with the statutory requirements.

### Board composition

The Board has a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the Group's business. Currently, the Board comprises eight members in total including three executive Directors, two non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. Non-executive Directors provide the Board with diversified expertise and experience. The Board believes that the presence of independent non-executive Directors can provide sufficient checks and balances that safeguard the interests of shareholders and the Group as a whole.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed in writing to the Company their independence in particularly in regard to the requirements under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considers that the independent non-executive Directors are free from any business or other relationship that may influence their exercise of independent judgement.

In case of an independent non-executive Director serves more than 9 years, his further appointment is subject to a separate resolution to be approved by shareholders. The circular to shareholders accompanying that resolution includes the reasons why the Board believes he is still independent and should be re-elected.

Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 27 to 28.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS *(continued)*

#### Responsibilities and Delegation

The Company has clear policy to ensure that all Directors have a proper understanding of the business and operation of the Group and that they are fully aware their roles and responsibilities as Directors under relevant legislations and regulatory requirements.

The Board is accountable for the supervision of the management in the business and affairs of the Company and the Group. Apart from its statutory and fiduciary duties, the Board sets the Group's objective and approves strategic plans, key operational targets, capital expenditure, major investments and financing decisions. Day-to-day management of the Company is delegated to the executive Directors and the officers in charge of each business unit and function who are required to report to the Board.

All Board members are provided with full and timely information about the conduct of the business and development of the Company including monthly reports and updates on major matters. The Board regularly reviews businesses and performance of the Group.

To assist in the execution of its responsibilities, the Board has established a number of Committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. All of these Board Committees have clear written terms of reference and are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### Board Meetings

The Board meets regularly and as and when required. In the year under review, four regular full Board meetings had been held at approximately quarterly intervals. The Directors discussed the overall strategies of the Group, monitored financial and operational performance, approved the Group's financial statements and the appointments of Directors, as well as other material contracts and significant matters at the Board meetings.

Details of Directors' attendance records in 2014 are set out below:

	Attendance (%)	
<b>Executive Directors</b>		
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	(1/4)	25%
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	(4/4)	100%
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	(3/4)	75%
<b>Non-executive Directors</b>		
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	(4/4)	100%
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy	(3/4)	75%
<b>Independent non-executive Directors</b>		
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	(4/4)	100%
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	(4/4)	100%
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter	(3/4)	75%

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** *(continued)*

#### **Board Meetings** *(continued)*

Dates of regular Board meetings are scheduled in the prior year to provide sufficient notice for all the Directors an opportunity to attend. For special Board meeting, reasonable notice is given.

The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in establishing the meeting agenda, and each of the Directors may request inclusion of items in the agenda. Board members are also provided with timely and adequate information prior to the Board meetings, and on an on-going basis, can have separate and independent access to the Group's senior management. Where queries are raised by Directors, prompt and full responses will be given if possible.

At the Board meetings, there is open atmosphere for Directors to contribute alternative views and major decisions would only be taken after a full discussion at the meetings. For matters on transactions where Directors are considered having conflict of interests, the Directors concerned would not be counted in quorum of meeting and shall abstain from voting of the relevant resolution.

The Directors can have separate and independent access to the Company Secretary. Minutes of the meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by Directors.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information about the Group so that they can discharge their duties and responsibilities as Directors effectively. Where any member of the Board, whether individual or as a group, needs independent professional advice, the Company will appoint a professional advisor to render such service. The costs of such professional services will be borne by the Company.

A directors' and officers' liabilities insurance in respect of legal actions against Directors and officers has been arranged.

#### **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company are segregated and are not performed by the same individual. Currently, Dr. Tsang Hin Chi is the Chairman of the Board and Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky, a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, serves as the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

There are clear and written definitions of the responsibilities and functions between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. The Chairman focuses on the Group's strategic development and provides leadership to the Board. He also ensures that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established and all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at the Board meetings and receive, in a timely manner, adequate information which is accurate, clear, complete and reliable.

The Chief Executive Officer is being assisted by senior management of the Group in assuming his executive duties and responsibility for the Group's day-to-day operation and the effective implementation of corporate strategy and policies, and is answerable to the Board.

The Chairman had held a meeting with the non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) without the presence of executive Directors.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS *(continued)*

#### Appointments, re-election and removal of directors

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, any Director appointed to fill casual vacancy should be subject to election at the first general meeting after their appointment and every Director has been subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Prior to 23rd May 2014, the non-executive Directors of the Company were subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, but were not appointed for a specific term, which was not consistent with Code Provision A.4.1 which requires that all non-executive directors be appointed for a specific term subject to re-election. Such derivation has been ratified as on 23rd May 2014, each of the non-executive Directors entered into formal appointment letter setting out their specific term of appointment of three years commencing from the date of the annual general meeting at which they are re-elected and are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

The Board has established the Nomination Committee with specific terms of reference. The Nomination Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, a non-executive Director and an executive Director. List of members of Nomination Committee is set out in the "Corporate Information" on page 2.

With a view to ensuring that the Board has members with the right profile of expertise, skill and ability as well as an appropriate balance of independent directors, the Nomination Committee is responsible for formulating policy and making recommendations to the Board on nominations, appointment of Directors and Board succession. The Committee develops selection procedures for candidates, and considers different criteria including appropriate professional knowledge and industry experience, as well as consult external recruitment professionals when required. The Committee also reviews the size, structure and composition of the Board and assesses the independence of the independent non-executive Directors. The Committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to perform its duties and it can seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense if necessary.

The Company has adopted a Board diversity policy setting out approach to achieve diversity on the Board. Board appointments are based on merit and candidates are considered against objective criteria, having due regard to diversity on the Board, including but not limited to race, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skill and knowledge. The Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of the Diversity Policy and review as appropriate.

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year to discuss the nomination of retiring Directors at the annual general meeting and other relevant matters. The attendance records are as follows:

Members	Attendance (%)	
Dr. Lau Yue Sun (Chairman)	(1/1)	100%
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	(1/1)	100%
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	(1/1)	100%
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter	(1/1)	100%
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	(1/1)	100%

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS *(continued)*

#### Training and Support for Directors

Directors should keep abreast of their collective responsibilities. Each newly appointed Director will receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on appointment. Subsequently, the Directors will receive briefing and professional development necessary for them to have proper understanding of the Group's operations and business and are fully aware of their responsibilities under relevant statutory and regulatory requirements. Guidance and notes are issued to Directors where appropriate to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of best corporate governance practices.

During the period under review, the Directors participated in the following trainings:

	Type of trainings
<b>Executive Directors</b>	
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	B
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	A, B
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	B
<b>Non-executive Directors</b>	
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	A, B
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy	A, B
<b>Independent non-executive Directors</b>	
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	A, B
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	A, B
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter	A, B
A:	attending seminars and/or conferences
B:	reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business or director's duties and responsibilities

#### Compliance with Model Code

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. All the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the relevant requirements under the Model Code during the year.

### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established the Remuneration Committee in 2005 with specific terms of reference. The Remuneration Committee currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors, a non-executive Director and an executive Director. List of members of Remuneration Committee is set out in the "Corporate Information" on page 2.

The key role of the Committee is to formulate a formal and transparent procedure for setting of remuneration policy, to review and recommend to the Board the remuneration policy, and to review the remuneration packages of the executive Directors and members of the senior management. The main objective of the remuneration policy is to ensure that the Company is able to attract, retain and motivate a high-calibre team of staff.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE *(continued)*

In determining remuneration packages, the Company mainly considers employment conditions within the same industry and in comparable companies, as well as the Group's relative performance and the performance of the individual staff.

In respect of the requirement under Code Provision B.1.2(c), the Company has adopted the model in which the Remuneration Committee should make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee reviews remuneration packages of the executive Directors and senior management regularly to ensure that those packages are commensurate with their performance. The chairman of the Committee will report the work, findings and recommendations to the Board after each meeting.

The Board provides sufficient resources (including access to independent professional advice if necessary) to the Remuneration Committee to enable it to discharge its duties effectively.

To maintain a proper management control, no Director and member of the senior management can determine his own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee held two meetings during the year and the attendance records were as follows:

Members	Attendance (%)	
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter (Chairman)	(2/2)	100%
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	(2/2)	100%
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	(2/2)	100%
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	(2/2)	100%
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	(2/2)	100%

## ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

### Financial reporting

The Board is responsible for overseeing the preparation of financial statements of each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the results for the corresponding period, as well as price-sensitive announcements and other financial disclosures as required. The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. In preparing the financial statements for the year, the Directors have:

- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- adopted accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with accounting standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable; and have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT *(continued)*

#### Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established in 1998. Currently the Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors and two non-executive Directors, and is currently chaired by Mr. Li Ka Fai, David. Mr. Li is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has extensive accounting and auditing experiences.

The Audit Committee primarily assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities for financial reporting, risk management and evaluation of internal controls and auditing processes. It also reports to the Board on the matters relating to the Audit Committee under the relevant laws and regulations. List of members of Audit Committee is set out in the "Corporate Information" on page 2.

The Committee is also empowered to investigate any matters relating to the Group's accounting, auditing, internal controls and financial practices, with full access to records, resources and personnel, to enable it to discharge its functions properly.

In respect of maintaining an appropriate relationship with the Company's auditors, the Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the Company's external auditors, and to approve their remuneration and terms of engagement, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of the auditors. The Committee reviews and monitors the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards. The Committee also discusses with the auditors the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences.

The Audit Committee will review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the external auditors to management about accounting records, financial statements or systems of control and management's response. The chairman of the Committee will report the work, findings and recommendations to the Board after each meeting.

The Committee had held a meeting with the external auditors without the presence of the management to discuss various auditing issues. The Committee has also conducted regular reviews on the nature and extent of non-audit services supplied by the external auditors.

The Audit Committee held five meetings during the year and the attendance records were as follows:

Members	Attendance (%)	
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David (Chairman)	(5/5)	100%
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter (Deputy Chairman)	(4/5)	80%
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	(5/5)	100%
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	(5/5)	100%
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy	(5/5)	100%



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT *(continued)*

#### Internal controls

The Board has ultimate responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system, which is designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material errors, losses or fraud. The Board, through the Audit Committee, has conducted regular reviews on the effectiveness of the system.

The Group's internal control system comprises an established organizational structure and comprehensive policies and working procedures. Areas of responsibilities of each business and operational unit are reasonably defined to ensure sufficient segregation of duties.

The key procedures that the Board established to provide effective controls are as follows:

- a distinct organizational structure exists with defined lines of authority and control responsibilities;
- a comprehensive management accounting system is in place to provide financial and operational performance indicators to the management and the relevant financial information for reporting and disclosure purpose;
- policies and procedures are designed for safeguarding assets against unauthorized use or disposition; for maintaining proper accounting records; and for ensuring the reliability of financial information used within the business or for publication;
- systems and procedures are also in place to identify, measure, manage and control risks including reputation, strategic, legal, credit, market, liquidity, interest rate and operational risks;
- procedures are designed to ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations;
- Audit Committee reviews recommendations submitted by external auditors to the Group's management in connection with the annual audit and interim review.

The Group's Internal Audit Department plays a major role in monitoring the internal control of the Group. The Department conducts systematic reviews of the Group's internal control system by using a risk-based audit approach and reviews the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control against the framework of the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in order to provide reasonable assurance of the effectiveness of the system. The Department reports directly to the Audit Committee and has free access to review all aspects of the Group's activities and controlling system. The Department summarizes audit findings and control weaknesses and reports to the Audit Committee on a regular basis.

The whistle-blowing procedure of the Group is in place during the year. The procedure is to provide a reporting channel to employees of the Group, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties or frauds in financial reporting, internal control or other matters to the Audit Committee.

During the year, the Audit Committee, as delegated by the Board, has reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls as well as risk management functions. The review also considered the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budgets of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT *(continued)*

#### External auditors and their remuneration

The external audit function provides an objective assessment of the financial information presented by the management, and is considered one of the essential elements to ensure effective corporate governance. A statement by the Company's external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, in respect of their reporting responsibility is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 35.

During the year, total auditors' remuneration in relation to statutory audit work of the Group amounted to HK\$3,546,000, of which a sum of HK\$3,080,000 was paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers. The remuneration for PricewaterhouseCoopers and its affiliated firms, for services rendered is broken down below:

	HK\$
Statutory audit and interim review fee	3,080,000
Tax consulting services	69,500
Review on continuing connected transactions	60,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,209,500</b>

### COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board strives for timeliness and transparency in its disclosures to shareholders and the public. The Company disseminates its information to shareholders in a timely manner through various channels including interim and annual reports, published announcements, press releases and shareholders' circulars. Regular meetings are held with investors, analysts, bankers and the press. The Group has a corporate website where shareholders and members of the public are able to access to up-to-date corporate information and events related to the Group.

Contact details of the Company (including telephone and fax numbers, postal and email addresses) are listed in the "Corporate Information" on page 2. Shareholders can send their enquiries to the Company through these channels. Shareholders can also contact Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, the share registrar of the Company, if they have any enquiries about their shareholdings and entitlements to dividend.

Shareholders' views on matters relating to the Group are always welcomed by the Company. The Company encourages shareholders to attend at the shareholders' meetings to express any concerns they may have with the Board and management directly.

The annual general meeting of the Company provides a useful platform for dialogue and interaction with all the shareholders. At the annual general meeting, the Chairman as well as chairmen of the Board Committees, or in their absence, members of the Committees and the Company's external auditor are available to answer shareholders' questions.

Proceedings of the annual general meeting are reviewed regularly to ensure that the Company follows good corporate governance practices. The notice of annual general meeting is distributed to all shareholders at least twenty clear business days prior to the date of meeting and the accompanying circular also sets out details of each proposed resolution and other relevant information as required under the Listing Rules. The chairman of the annual general meeting proposes separate resolutions for each issue to be considered and exercises his power under the Articles of Association of the Company to put each proposed resolution to the vote by way of a poll. The procedures for demanding and conducting a poll are explained at the meeting prior to the polls being taken. Voting results are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange on the day of the meeting.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS *(continued)*

The 2014 annual general meeting was held on 23rd May 2014. The attendance records of the Directors at the meeting were as follows:

	Attended/ held
<b>Executive Directors</b>	
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	0/1
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	1/1
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	1/1
<b>Non-executive Directors</b>	
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	1/1
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy	0/1
<b>Independent non-executive Directors</b>	
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	1/1
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	1/1
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter	1/1

- (a) Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy, a non-executive Director of the Company, was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 23rd May 2014 owing to an important engagement at the relevant time, which is not consistent with the requirements of Code Provision A.6.7.
- (b) Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 23rd May 2014 owing to an important engagement at the relevant time, which is not consistent with the requirements of Code Provision E.1.2.

#### Convening an general meeting on requisition by shareholders

Shareholder(s) holding at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the shareholders of the Company having a right to vote at general meetings can send a request to the Company to convene a general meeting pursuant to Section 566 of the Companies Ordinance. The request must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting and may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting. The request must be sent to the Company in hard copy form or in electronic form and authenticated by the relevant shareholder(s).

Besides, Section 615 of the Companies Ordinance provides that (i) shareholder(s) representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all shareholders of the Company who have a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting or (ii) at least 50 shareholders who have a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting may request the Company to circulate a notice of a resolution for consideration at the annual general meeting. Such request must identify the resolution to be moved at the annual general meeting and must be authenticated by the relevant shareholder(s) and sent to the Company in hard copy form or in electronic form not later than six weeks before the relevant annual general meeting or if later, when the notice of the annual general meeting is despatched.

During the year ended 31st December 2014, the Company has not made any changes to its Memorandum and Articles of Association. The latest version of the same is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements of Goldlion Holdings Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (together the “Group”) for the year ended 31st December 2014.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group’s performance for the year by geographical operating segment is set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

### RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 39.

The Directors declared an interim dividend of 8.0 HK cents (2013: 9.0 HK cents) per ordinary share, totalling HK\$78,569,000 (2013: HK\$88,390,000), which was paid on 22nd September 2014.

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of 16.0 HK cents (2013: 18.0 HK cents) per ordinary share totalling HK\$157,138,000 (2013: HK\$176,781,000) in respect of the year ended 31st December 2014. Subject to the shareholders’ approval at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 22nd May 2015, the final dividend will be paid on or about 9th June 2015 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members as at 1st June 2015.

### RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 41 and note 16(a) to the financial statements. The movements in the reserves of the Company are set out in note 16(b) to the financial statements.

### DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$540,000 (2013: HK\$4,780,000).

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTIES

Details of the principal properties of the Group held for investment purposes at 31st December 2014 are set out on pages 12 to 14.

### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.



## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31st December 2014, calculated under Part 6 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), amounted to HK\$411,295,000 (2013: HK\$372,648,000).

### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association and there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of Hong Kong, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

### FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for each of the last five financial years is set out on page 94.

### DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

#### Executive Directors:

Dr. TSANG Hin Chi  
Mr. TSANG Chi Ming, Ricky  
Madam WONG Lei Kuan

#### Non-executive Directors:

Mr. NG Ming Wah, Charles  
Dr. WONG Ying Ho, Kennedy

#### Independent non-executive Directors:

Dr. LAU Yue Sun  
Mr. LI Ka Fai, David  
Mr. NGUYEN, Van Tu Peter

In accordance with Article 101 of the Company's Articles of Association, Madam Wong Lei Kuan, Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy, and Dr. Lau Yue Sun, retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors concerning their independence from the Company and considers them to be independent.

### DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Descriptions of the Directors and Senior Management of the Group are set out as follows:

#### Executive Directors

**Dr. the Honourable Tsang Hin Chi**, G.B.M., aged 81, is Chairman and a founder of the Group. Dr. Tsang holds an Honorary Doctorate degree from the Sun Yat-sen University in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), and an Honorary Doctorate degree in Social Science from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is an honorary citizen of Beijing, Harbin, Shenyang, Dalian and Guangzhou. Dr. Tsang is concurrently honorary vice chairman of the All-China Federation of Industry & Commerce, ex-officio life honorary chairman of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, and committee member to several Hong Kong and Mainland trade associations. Other public offices he holds include honorary director of the Tsang Hin Chi Education Foundation under the Ministry of Education of the PRC, honorary director of the Tsang Hin Chi Manned Space Foundation, honorary director of the Tsang Hin Chi Sports Foundation, deputy managing director of the Jinan University, and honorary president of the Jiaying University in Guangdong. Previously, he served as a member of the Standing Committee in the National People's Congress of the PRC from the Eighth through the Tenth session. He is the spouse of Madam Wong Lei Kuan and father of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky, both are executive Directors of the Group.

**Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky**, aged 48, is Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company overseeing the operations and development of the Group. Mr. Tsang joined the Group in 1989 and was appointed as an executive Director in May 2001. He is a member of the National Committee of the C.P.P.C.C. and the C.P.P.C.C. Guangzhou. Mr. Tsang is also vice chairman of Guangdong Federation of Industry & Commerce, vice chairman of Guangzhou Federation of Industry & Commerce, vice chairman of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, executive chairman of Hong Kong Hakka Associations, chairman of Ka Ying Chow Commercial Association, vice president of Centum Charitas Foundation and an honorary citizen of Guangzhou and Meizhou. He is a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan, executive Directors of the Group.

**Madam Wong Lei Kuan**, aged 77, is a founder of the Group. She is honorary executive committee member of the All-China Women's Federation, honorary chairman of the Ka Ying Chow Commercial Association and a supervising advisor of the Hong Kong Federation of Women. Madam Wong is also honorary committee member of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce and honorary chairman of Ladies' Sub-Committee. She is executive director of the China Women's Development Fund and director of the China Council for the Promotion of Peaceful National Reunification. Besides, Madam Wong has served as a member of the C.P.P.C.C. Guangdong of the PRC from the Seventh through the Ninth session. She is the spouse of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and mother of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky, both are executive Directors of the Group.

#### Non-executive Directors

**Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles**, aged 65, was appointed to the Board in July 1992. Mr. Ng graduated from Loughborough University in England in 1972 with a B.Sc. degree in Electronic and Electrical Engineering and from London Graduate School of Business Studies (London Business School) in England in 1974 with a M.Sc. degree in Business Studies. Mr. Ng has over 40 years of experience in corporate finance and investment banking. He is a director of Somerley Capital Limited, the principal business of which is the provision of corporate financial advisory services. He is also an independent non-executive director of China Aircraft Leasing Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1848). During the last three years, Mr. Ng was an independent non-executive director of China Molybdenum Company Limited (stock code: 3993) and China Everbright Limited (stock code: 165) (Mr. Ng's terms of office at China Molybdenum Company Limited and China Everbright Limited expired in August 2012 and in May 2013 respectively). In addition, Mr. Ng is a member of the board of Governors of Hong Kong Arts Centre.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

**Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy**, B.B.S., J.P., aged 52, is a solicitor and a China Appointed Attesting Officer. He is the Managing Partner of Philip K.H. Wong, Kennedy Y.H. Wong & Co., Solicitors & Notaries. Dr. Wong is a member of the National Committee of the C.P.P.C.C. and is currently the chairman of Hong Kong Resources Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 2882). He is also an independent non-executive director of Asia Cement (China) Holdings Corporation (stock code: 743), China Overseas Land & Investment Limited (stock code: 688), Shanghai Industrial Urban Development Group Limited (stock code: 563), Times Property Holdings Limited (stock code: 1233), Bank of Beijing Company Limited (SSE code: 601169), Credit China Holdings Limited (stock code: 8207) and Sinopec Yizheng Chemical Fibre Company Limited (stock code: 1033/SSE code: 600871). Dr. Wong was appointed to the Board as an independent non-executive Director in June 2004 and was re-designated as a non-executive Director in September 2012.

### Independent non-executive Directors

**Dr. Lau Yue Sun**, B.B.S., aged 74, is the managing director of New Products Investment Limited and Jip Fair Development Limited. Dr. Lau has over 40 years of experience in manufacturing, electronics, plastic injection products and import/export business. He is a member of the Election Committee of Hong Kong SAR, a standing committee member of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, permanent honorary president of Hong Kong Industrial & Commercial Association, director of Hong Kong Guangdong Chamber of Foreign Investors and chairman of Hong Kong Human Resources Exchange Centre. He is also an advisor of Guangdong Education Foundation, vice chairman of Zhongkai University of Agriculture and Engineering, as well as honorary citizen of Shenzhen, Heyuan, Meizhou and Xingning. Previously, Dr Lau served as member of the National Committee of the C.P.P.C.C. from the Eighth through the Eleventh session. He was also an independent non-executive director of Wing Tai Investment Holdings Limited (formerly known as Wing Lee Holdings Limited) (stock code: 876) from February 2001 to June 2014. Dr. Lau was appointed to the Board in December 1994.

**Mr. Li Ka Fai, David**, aged 60, is currently the deputy managing partner of Li, Tang, Chen & Co. CPA (Practising). He is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, U.K., The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, U.K. as well as The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Li is an independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of each of China-Hongkong Photo Products Holdings Limited (stock code: 1123), Shanghai Industrial Urban Development Group Limited (stock code: 563) and Wai Yuen Tong Medicine Holdings Limited (stock code 897). He is also an independent non-executive director, chairman of the audit committee, member of the nomination committee and member of the remuneration committee of Cosmopolitan International Holdings Limited (stock code: 120), an independent non-executive director, member of the audit committee, member of the nomination committee and chairman of the remuneration committee of China Merchants Holdings (International) Company Limited (stock code: 144) and an independent non-executive director, member of the audit committee and member of the remuneration committee of AVIC International Holding (HK) Limited (stock code: 232). Mr. Li was appointed to the Board in August 2010.

**Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter**, aged 71, is a Senior Counsel and was called to the Bar in England by the Honourable Society of the Middle Temple in 1970. He was an Assistant Crown Counsel and Crown Counsel in the Legal Department of Hong Kong during the period from August 1970 to November 1974 and was in private practice as a barrister in Hong Kong subsequently for approximately twenty years. Mr. Nguyen was appointed as the Director of Public Prosecutions in the Legal Department of Hong Kong during the period from July 1994 to October 1997 and was the first Chinese to hold such position. Mr. Nguyen became a Queen's Counsel in 1995 and was appointed as a Judge of the Court of First Instance of the High Court, Hong Kong from February 1998 to April 2009. Mr. Nguyen was an independent non-executive director of Mayer Holdings Limited (stock code: 1116) from June 2010 to December 2011. Currently, Mr. Nguyen is an independent non-executive director of Integrated Waste Solutions Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 923), IPE Group Limited (stock code: 929) and Combest Holdings Limited (stock code: 8190). Mr. Nguyen was appointed to the Board in September 2012.



## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### Senior Management

**Mr. Tsang Wing Hong**, aged 52, was appointed as the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Group in May 2012 and also as the chief executive officer of the Group's China Mainland operations in December 2012. He reports to the Group Chief Executive Officer and assists in discharging executive duties relating to the supervision and management of the day-to-day operations. Mr. Tsang graduated from the University of Birmingham in the United Kingdom with a Bachelor's Degree in Mathematics in 1986 and obtained his MBA Degree from the Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University and the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology EMBA Program in 2008. In addition, He has completed executive programs in leading universities including Harvard University, INSEAD and TsingHua University. Mr. Tsang has over 20 years of experience in retail management, sales and marketing management, and operational management. He was a member of the Retail Industry Training Advisory Committee under the Education Bureau of the Hong Kong SAR Government from September 2010 to December 2014. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Tsang spent eight years with the Hong Kong Jockey Club (the "Club"). He was the Club's Head of Betting Services (Off-course) from May 2004 to March 2009 and the Head of Betting Services (Cashbet) from April 2009 to March 2012 respectively. Before that, Mr. Tsang worked in Hong Kong Telecommunications Limited (and subsequently PCCW Limited) for ten years, where he held several general manager positions before he was made the director of retail and direct sales.

**Mr. Kam Yiu Kwok**, aged 52, joined the Group in 1999 as an accounting manager. He was appointed as Secretary of the Company in 2000 and as Chief Financial Officer of the Group in 2010. Mr. Kam has extensive experience in accounting and finance, and is a fellow member of each of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

**Ms. Claudia Lee**, aged 51, joined the Group in January 2014 as the General Manageress of the Group's China Mainland apparel operation. She takes full responsibility in the operation and development of the Group's apparel business in China. Ms. Lee graduated from the University of Essex in the United Kingdom with a Bachelor's Degree in Arts and obtained a Master's Degree in Business Administration from The University of Macau (formerly known as the University of East Asia). Ms. Lee held key management positions in various corporations and has solid experience in retailing of apparel and luxury products. Prior to joining the Group, she worked as the general manageress of a leading apparel company and held full responsibilities for its China Mainland operation.

**Mr. Tsang Pui Yuen**, aged 47, joined the Group in December 2013 as the Group's General Manager, Property. He is fully in charge of the Group's property activities in China Mainland and Hong Kong. Mr. Tsang is a Registered Professional Surveyor and is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators. Mr. Tsang has over 20 years of experience in the real estate profession. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Tsang held senior position in a Hong Kong listed company with wide range of property investment and development activities.

**Mr. Tu Wu Yi**, aged 53, graduated with an Executive Master of Business Administration Degree. Mr. Tu is a qualified accountant in China Mainland and has more than 25 years of experience in finance. He has extensive experience in working with large enterprises and listed companies in China Mainland. He joined the Group in 2000 and is now the chief financial officer of the Group's operations in China Mainland.

**Ms. Zhou Yan Ling**, aged 42, joined the Group in February 2013 as the human resources director of our China Mainland operation. Ms. Zhou graduated from Nankai University in the PRC with a Bachelor's Degree in Physical Electronics and obtained a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the Sun Yat-sen University in the PRC. She has over 15 years of experience in human resources. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Zhou held senior human resources positions from multinational corporations, including P&G and Novartis China.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### SHARE OPTIONS

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 23rd May 2014, the shareholders approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Option Scheme"). The New Option Scheme is designed to enable the Group to reward and motivate executives and key employees in service of the Group and other persons who may make a contribution to the Group (the "Eligible Participants").

Under the New Option Scheme, which is valid and effective for a period of ten years from the date of its adoption, the Directors may grant options to any Eligible Participants to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company at a price to be determined by the Directors and to be no less than the higher of: (a) the closing price of the Company's ordinary shares as stated in the Daily Quotation Sheets on the day of offer; and (b) the average of the closing prices of the Company's ordinary shares as stated in the Daily Quotations Sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer. The number of ordinary shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1 percent of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company at the date of such grant, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the New Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10 percent of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company as at the adoption date. The limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the New Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30 percent of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company from time to time.

Offer for the grant shall remain open for acceptance by the Eligible Participants concerned for a period of up to 28 days from the date of offer. Options may be exercised at any time to be determined by the Directors at its absolute discretion and in any event shall expire no later than the 10th anniversary of the commencement date of the New Option Scheme.

During the year, no options had been granted or remained outstanding under the New Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company.

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

At 31st December 2014, the interests and short positions of each Director and Chief Executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required maintained by the Company under section 352 of Part XV of the SFO or as notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), were as follows:

#### (a) Ordinary shares of the Company at 31st December 2014

Directors		Number of shares held			Total	Percentage to total issued share capital
		Personal interests	Family interests (Note 1)	Other interests (Note 2)		
Tsang Hin Chi	Long position	–	1,210,000	613,034,750	614,244,750	62.54%
	Short position	–	–	–	–	–
Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	Long position	1,404,000	–	613,034,750	614,438,750	62.56%
	Short position	–	–	–	–	–
Wong Lei Kuan	Long position	1,210,000	–	613,034,750	614,244,750	62.54%
	Short position	–	–	–	–	–

#### Notes:

1. Madam Wong Lei Kuan is the spouse of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi. Her shareholding disclosed under the heading "Personal interests" in the above table is the family interest of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi.
2. The shareholdings disclosed by Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky and Madam Wong Lei Kuan under the heading "Other interests" in the above table refer to the same shares which were held by Hin Chi Family Management Limited (being trustee of the Tsang Hin Chi (2007) Family Settlement) as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Substantial Shareholders" below.

- (b) Save as disclosed above, as at 31st December 2014, none of the Directors and the Chief Executive of the Company has or is deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.
- (c) Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year ended 31st December 2014 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.
- (d) Other than those interests and short positions disclosed above, the Directors and the Chief Executive also hold shares of certain subsidiaries in trust for the Company solely for the purpose of ensuring that the relevant subsidiary has more than one member.



## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31st December 2014, the register of substantial shareholders maintained under section 336 of Part XV of the SFO shows that as at 31st December 2014, the Company has been notified of the following substantial shareholders' interests and short positions, being 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital.

Name of holder of securities	Type of securities		Number of shares held	Percentage to total issued share capital
Hin Chi Family Management Limited (Note)	Ordinary shares	Long position	613,034,750	62.42%
		Short position	–	–
Top Grade Holdings Limited (Note)	Ordinary shares	Long position	613,034,750	62.42%
		Short position	–	–
Silver Disk Limited (Note)	Ordinary shares	Long position	160,616,000	16.35%
		Short position	–	–
Tsang Hin Chi Charities (Management) Limited	Ordinary shares	Long position	53,880,750	5.49%
		Short position	–	–

Note: Hin Chi Family Management Limited as trustee of the Tsang Hin Chi (2007) Family Settlement, held all of the issued share capital of Top Grade Holdings Limited ("Top Grade"). Top Grade was interested in 613,034,750 shares in the Company including 160,616,000 shares held by Silver Disk Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Top Grade.

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Other than as disclosed under the section "Connected Transactions" below, no contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The following transactions between certain connected parties (as defined in the Listing Rules) and the Group have been entered into and/or are ongoing and are exempt from the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

- (a) The Group paid professional fees of HK\$320,000 to Equitas Capital Limited during the year in the ordinary course of its business. Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles, a non-executive Director of the Company, is the managing director and the principal shareholder of Equitas Capital Limited.
- (b) On 21st January 2011, the Group, as lessor, entered into a lease with China Hong Kong Digital Audiovisual Management Company Limited ("CHKDAM"), as lessee, in respect of a unit located at Goldlion Holdings Centre in Hong Kong. The lease was renewed subsequently on 25th January 2013, for 2 years commencing from 1st February 2013. During the year, the Group received HK\$441,000 from CHKDAM as rental and building management fee income under the lease. Mr. Tsang Chi Hung has an indirect beneficial interest in CHKDAM as he is a major shareholder of the holding company of CHKDAM. Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Madam Wong Lei Kuan and Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky are interested in this transaction as Mr. Tsang Chi Hung is a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan, and a brother of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS *(continued)*

Details of other connected transactions and continuing connected transactions that are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirements but are subject to the reporting and announcement requirements of the Listing Rules are set out as below.

#### (a) Continuing connected transaction – Lease Agreement

On 24th June 2013, the Group, as lessor, entered into a lease with Guangzhou World Trade Center Club Company Limited ("GWTCCL"), as lessee, in respect of a business centre and facilities therein located at Goldlion Digital Network Centre, Guangzhou. The lease was amended subsequently on 1st July 2014, with a reduced leased area, which took effect immediately upon signing. During the year, the Group received HK\$1,516,000 from GWTCCL as rental and building management fee income under the lease. Mr. Tsang Chi Hung has an indirect beneficial interest in GWTCCL as he is a major shareholder of the holding company of GWTCCL. Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Madam Wong Lei Kuan and Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky are interested in this transaction as Mr. Tsang Chi Hung is a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan, and a brother of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky.

#### (b) Continuing connected transactions – Framework Agreement

On 5th September 2012, the Group entered into a framework agreement (the "Framework Agreement") with Hong Kong Resources Holdings Company Limited ("Hong Kong Resources"), pursuant to which the Group agreed to procure various products, including but not limited to jewellery, accessories, corporate gifts and related products, from Hong Kong Resources and its subsidiaries ("HKR Group"). The Framework Agreement is for a term of three years commencing from 5th September 2012. The maximum aggregate annual value of such transactions under the Framework Agreement is HK\$11,000,000 for each of the three financial years ended 31st December 2012, 31st December 2013 and 31st December 2014. Details of the Framework Agreement were set out in the Company's announcement dated 5th September 2012. During the year, the Group did not purchase any products from HKR Group. Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy, a non-executive Director of the Company, is the chairman and an executive director and a substantial shareholder of Hong Kong Resources.

### Confirmations

The aforesaid continuing connected transactions have been reviewed by independent non-executive Directors of the Company. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that the aforesaid connected transactions were entered into (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (b) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, the Company's auditor, was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group above in accordance with paragraph 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AND GUARANTEES TO AFFILIATED COMPANIES

There is no advance (including guarantee given by the Company and any of its subsidiaries), which is of non-trading nature, to any of the affiliated companies as at 31st December 2014 as defined under Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules.

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the Group purchased less than 30% of its inventories from its five largest suppliers, and sold less than 30% of its goods to its five largest customers.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest (as defined in the Listing Rules) in these major suppliers and customers.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of the annual report.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 15 to 24.

### AUDITOR

The financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2014 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

**Dr. Tsang Hin Chi**

*Chairman*

Hong Kong, 19th March 2015



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



羅兵咸永道

## TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GOLDLION HOLDINGS LIMITED (incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Goldlion Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 36 to 93, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31st December 2014, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 80 of Schedule 11 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31st December 2014, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

**PricewaterhouseCoopers**  
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 19th March 2015

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PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F, Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong  
T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31st December 2014

	Note	As at 31st December 2014 HK\$'000	As at 31st December 2013 HK\$'000
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Land use rights	6	29,026	32,488
Property, plant and equipment	7	208,832	240,066
Investment properties	8	2,317,794	2,194,161
Deferred income tax assets	18	77,175	68,048
		<b>2,632,827</b>	2,534,763
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	10	245,580	237,839
Trade receivables	12	103,654	119,338
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	12	178,648	163,377
Bank deposits	13	882,383	855,100
Cash and cash equivalents	13	357,651	440,586
		<b>1,767,916</b>	1,816,240
Assets classified as held for sale	14	–	61,802
		<b>1,767,916</b>	1,878,042
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>4,400,743</b>	4,412,805
<b>EQUITY</b>			
<b>Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the parent</b>			
Share capital: nominal value	15	–	98,211
Other statutory capital reserves	15	–	1,003,147
		<b>1,101,358</b>	1,101,358
Share capital and other statutory capital reserves	15	1,101,358	1,101,358
Other reserves	16	2,316,139	2,161,372
Proposed final dividend	16	157,138	176,781
		<b>3,574,635</b>	3,439,511
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>3,574,635</b>	3,439,511

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31st December 2014

	Note	As at 31st December 2014 HK\$'000	As at 31st December 2013 HK\$'000
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Deferred income tax liabilities	18	377,745	363,319
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade payables	17	51,405	69,631
Other payables and accruals		360,484	510,271
Current income tax liabilities		36,474	30,073
		448,363	609,975
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>826,108</b>	973,294
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>4,400,743</b>	4,412,805
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>1,319,553</b>	1,268,067
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>3,952,380</b>	3,802,830

On behalf of the Board

**Dr. Tsang Hin Chi**  
Chairman

**Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky**  
Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The notes on pages 43 to 93 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



# BALANCE SHEET

As at 31st December 2014

	Note	As at 31st December 2014 HK\$'000	As at 31st December 2013 HK\$'000
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Subsidiaries	9	1,511,277	1,473,129
<b>Current assets</b>			
Prepayments		172	172
Cash and cash equivalents	13	2,417	1,908
		<b>2,589</b>	2,080
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>1,513,866</b>	1,475,209
<b>EQUITY</b>			
<b>Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the parent</b>			
Share capital: nominal value	15	–	98,211
Other statutory capital reserves	15	–	1,003,147
Share capital and other statutory capital reserves	15	1,101,358	1,101,358
Other reserves	16	254,157	195,867
Proposed final dividend	16	157,138	176,781
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>1,512,653</b>	1,474,006
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Accruals		1,213	1,203
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>1,513,866</b>	1,475,209
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>1,376</b>	877
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>1,512,653</b>	1,474,006

On behalf of the Board

**Dr. Tsang Hin Chi**  
Chairman

**Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky**  
Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The notes on pages 43 to 93 are an integral part of these financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st December 2014

	Note	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Turnover	5	1,541,224	1,875,490
Cost of sales	20	(682,610)	(861,684)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>858,614</b>	1,013,806
Other gains	19	198,513	87,351
Selling and marketing costs	20	(356,038)	(403,726)
Administrative expenses	20	(200,049)	(194,388)
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>501,040</b>	503,043
Interest income		31,606	30,751
<b>Profit before income tax</b>		<b>532,646</b>	533,794
Income tax expense	25	(111,604)	(119,215)
<b>Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent</b>		<b>421,042</b>	414,579
		<b>HK cents</b>	HK cents
Earnings per share for profit attributable to owners of the parent during the year			
– Basic and diluted	28	42.87	42.21

Details of dividends payable to owners of the parent attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 27.

The notes on pages 43 to 93 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31st December 2014

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
<b>Profit for the year</b>	<b>421,042</b>	414,579
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>		
<i>Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>		
Revaluation of investment property upon reclassification from land use rights, and property, plant and equipment	7	–
<i>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>		
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	<b>(30,575)</b>	52,129
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>(30,568)</b>	52,129
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the parent</b>	<b>390,474</b>	466,708

The notes on pages 43 to 93 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31st December 2014

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
<b>Balance at 1st January 2013</b>	98,211	1,002,662	408,579	1,728,522	3,237,974
<b>Comprehensive income</b>					
Profit for the year	–	–	–	414,579	414,579
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>					
Currency translation differences	–	–	52,129	–	52,129
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	–	–	52,129	414,579	466,708
Final dividend relating to 2012	–	–	–	(176,781)	(176,781)
Interim dividend relating to 2013	–	–	–	(88,390)	(88,390)
<b>Total transactions with owners, recognized directly in equity</b>	–	–	–	(265,171)	(265,171)
<b>Balance at 31st December 2013</b>	98,211	1,002,662	460,708	1,877,930	3,439,511
<b>Balance at 1st January 2014</b>	<b>98,211</b>	<b>1,002,662</b>	<b>460,708</b>	<b>1,877,930</b>	<b>3,439,511</b>
<b>Comprehensive income</b>					
Profit for the year	–	–	–	421,042	421,042
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>					
Revaluation of investment property upon reclassification from land use rights, and property, plant and equipment	–	–	7	–	7
Currency translation differences	–	–	(30,575)	–	(30,575)
Release of revaluation reserves upon disposals of assets classified as held for sale	–	–	(1,216)	1,216	–
Total other comprehensive income for the year	–	–	(31,784)	1,216	(30,568)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	–	–	(31,784)	422,258	390,474
Transition to no-par value regime on 3rd March 2014	1,003,147	(1,002,662)	(485)	–	–
Final dividend relating to 2013	–	–	–	(176,781)	(176,781)
Interim dividend relating to 2014	–	–	–	(78,569)	(78,569)
<b>Total transactions with owners, recognized directly in equity</b>	<b>1,003,147</b>	<b>(1,002,662)</b>	<b>(485)</b>	<b>(255,350)</b>	<b>(255,350)</b>
<b>Balance at 31st December 2014</b>	<b>1,101,358</b>	–	428,439	2,044,838	3,574,635

The notes on pages 43 to 93 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



## CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st December 2014

	Note	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Cash generated from operations	29	<b>263,930</b>	489,895
Income tax paid		<b>(96,631)</b>	(110,478)
Net cash generated from operating activities		<b>167,299</b>	379,417
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Additions to investment properties		<b>(26,544)</b>	(10,322)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	7	<b>(12,061)</b>	(19,892)
Net proceeds from disposals of assets classified as held for sale	29(b)	<b>51,355</b>	101,600
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	29(a)	<b>339</b>	609
Increase in bank deposits with maturity over 3 months		<b>(27,283)</b>	(131,027)
Interest received		<b>32,076</b>	26,431
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities		<b>17,882</b>	(32,601)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Dividends paid to owners of the parent		<b>(255,350)</b>	(265,171)
Net cash used in financing activities		<b>(255,350)</b>	(265,171)
<b>Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>(70,169)</b>	81,645
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January</b>		<b>440,586</b>	341,188
<b>Effect of foreign exchange rate changes</b>		<b>(12,766)</b>	17,753
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at 31st December</b>	13	<b>357,651</b>	440,586

The notes on pages 43 to 93 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong. The address of its registered office is 7th floor, Goldlion Holdings Centre, 13–15 Yuen Shun Circuit, Siu Lek Yuen, Shatin, Hong Kong SAR.

The Company is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 19th March 2015.

## 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basis and principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st December.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRS”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and assets classified as held for sale.

In accordance with the transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), “Accounts and Audit” as set out in sections 76 to 87 of Schedule 11 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the applicable requirements of the predecessor Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) for this financial year and the comparative period.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are especially significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

#### (a) Amended standards adopted by the Group

The following amended standards are mandatory for the first financial year beginning on or after 1st January 2014.

- Amendment to HKAS 32, “Financial instruments: Presentation”, on offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. This amendment clarifies that the right of set-off must not be contingent on a future event. It must also be legally enforceable for all counterparties in the normal course of business, as well as in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy. The amendment also considers settlement mechanisms. The amendment has not had a significant impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation *(continued)*

##### (a) **Amended standards adopted by the Group** *(continued)*

- Amendment to HKAS 36, "Impairment of assets", on the recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets. This amendment removed certain disclosures of the recoverable amount of cash-generating units which had been included in HKAS 36 by the issue of HKFRS 13. It also enhanced the disclosures of information about the recoverable amount of impaired assets if that amount is based on fair value less costs of disposal. The amendment has not had a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

##### (b) **Amended standards and interpretation mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1st January 2014 but not currently relevant to the Group (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events)**

The following amended standards and interpretation have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2014, but are not currently relevant to the Group.

HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement – Novation of derivatives
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (Amendments)	Investment entities
HK(IFRIC) – Int 21	Levies

##### (c) **New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622)**

In addition, the requirements of Part 9 "Accounts and Audit" of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) come into operation as from the Company's first financial year commencing on or after 3rd March 2014 in accordance with section 358 of that Ordinance, i.e. for the year ending 31st December 2015. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of expected impact of the changes in the Companies Ordinance on the consolidated financial statements in the period of initial application of Part 9 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). So far it has concluded that the impact is unlikely to be significant and only the presentation and the disclosure of information in the consolidated financial statements will be affected.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation *(continued)*

**(d) The following new and amended standards have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1st January 2014 and have not been early adopted**

		<b>Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after</b>
HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Disclosure initiative	1st January 2016
HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 (Amendments)	Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization	1st January 2016
HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 (Amendments)	Agriculture: Bearer plants	1st January 2016
HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Employee benefits	1st July 2014
HKAS 27 (Amendment)	Equity method in separate financial statements	1st January 2016
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments	1st January 2018
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture	1st January 2016
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception	1st January 2016
HKFRS 11 (Amendment)	Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations	1st January 2016
HKFRS 14	Regulatory deferral accounts	1st January 2016
HKFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers	1st January 2017
HKFRSs (Amendment)	Annual improvements 2012 cycle	1st July 2014
HKFRSs (Amendment)	Annual improvements 2013 cycle	1st July 2014
HKFRSs (Amendment)	Annual improvements 2014 cycle	1st January 2016

The Group plans to adopt the above new standards and amendments when they become effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the related impact of adopting the above new standards and amendments to the Group. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and financial statements presentation will result.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.2 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

#### 2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer.

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

##### (a) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the group entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

##### (b) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the income statement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation *(continued)*

##### **(c) Group companies**

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognized in other comprehensive income.

##### **(d) Disposal of foreign operation and partial disposal**

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to owners of the parent are reclassified to the income statement.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated currency translation differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognized in the income statement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings comprise mainly factories, retail outlets and offices other than investment properties as mentioned in note 2.7. Leasehold land classified as finance lease and all other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Leasehold land classified as a finance lease commences amortization from the time when the land interest becomes available for its intended use. Amortization on leasehold land classified as finance lease and depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold land classified as a finance lease	Remaining lease term
Buildings	2% to 5%
Plant and machinery	10% to 20%
Furniture and fixtures	20% to 33%
Computers	20% to 33%
Motor vehicles	20% to 25%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2.8).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

#### 2.6 Land use rights

Land use rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Cost mainly represents consideration paid for the rights to use the land on which plants and buildings are situated for a period of between 50 to 70 years from the dates the respective rights were granted. Amortization of land use right is calculated on a straight-line basis over the period of the rights.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.7 Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising leasehold land, land use right and buildings, are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and are not occupied by the Group. They also include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties. Land held under operating leases is classified and accounted for as investment properties when the rest of the definition of investment property is met. The operating lease is accounted for as if it was a finance lease.

Investment properties are measured initially at their costs, including related transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If the information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recorded in the income statement as part of other gains.

#### 2.8 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and non-financial assets

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

Assets that have indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. All assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffer an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

#### 2.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less applicable variable selling expenses.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.10 Financial assets

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise "trade and other receivables" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the balance sheet (notes 2.11 and 2.12).

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

#### 2.11 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the assets is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognized in the income statement within administrative expenses. When a trade receivable is deemed uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against administrative expenses in the income statement.

#### 2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### 2.13 Assets classified as held for sale

Non-current assets are re-classified as held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for investment properties. Investment properties, if held for sale, continue to be measured in accordance with the policies set out in note 2.7.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.14 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Where any group company purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to owners of the parent until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to owners of the parent.

#### 2.15 Trade payables

Trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.16 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.16 Current and deferred income tax *(continued)*

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

#### 2.17 Employee benefits

##### (a) *Employee leave entitlements*

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognized when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity or paternity leave are not recognized until the time of leave.

##### (b) *Profit sharing and bonus plans*

The expected costs of profit sharing and bonus payments are recognized as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for profit sharing and bonus plans are expected to be settled within the next twelve months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

##### (c) *Pension obligations*

The Group operates defined contribution retirement schemes which are available for all qualified employees in Hong Kong and Singapore. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. For the retirement schemes for Hong Kong and Singapore employees, monthly contributions made by the Group and the employees are calculated as a fixed percentage of the employees' basic salaries or a fixed sum for each employee where appropriate. Contributions to these schemes by the Group are expensed as incurred and/or are reduced by contributions forfeited by employees who leave the schemes prior to vesting fully in the Group's contributions.

The Group also participates in the employee pension schemes operated by the municipal governments of various cities in China Mainland and is required to make annual contributions to these schemes. The municipal governments are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees. The only obligation of the Group is to pay the ongoing required contributions under these schemes. The contributions are charged to the income statement as incurred.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

##### (a) *Sales of goods – wholesale*

Sales of goods are recognized when a group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectibility of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

##### (b) *Sales of goods – retail*

Sales of goods are recognized when a group entity sells a product to the customer. Retail sales are usually in cash or by credit card. The recorded revenue is stated without deduction of credit card fees payable for the transaction. Such fees are included in selling and marketing costs.

##### (c) *Sales of properties*

Revenue from sales of properties is recognized when a group entity has delivered the relevant properties to the purchaser and collectibility of related receivable is reasonably assured. Deposits and instalments received on properties sold prior to the date of revenue recognition are included in the balance sheets under current liabilities.

##### (d) *Gross rental income from investment properties*

Gross rental income from investment properties is recognized on a straight-line basis over the periods of the respective leases.

##### (e) *Licensing income and building management fee*

Licensing income and building management fee income are recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreements.

#### 2.19 Interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

#### 2.20 Leases (as the lessee for operating leases)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor), including upfront payment made for land use rights, are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### 2.21 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders for final dividend and Board of Directors for interim dividend.

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

##### (a) Market risk

###### (i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of an asset, liability or highly probable forecast transaction denominated in foreign currency will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group operates in various regions and is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily arising from bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables which are denominated in Renminbi and Singapore dollar, and net investments in foreign subsidiaries in China Mainland and Singapore.

At 31st December 2014, if Hong Kong dollar had weakened/strengthened by 1% against Renminbi with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been HK\$3,075,000 (2013: HK\$1,826,000) higher/lower, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of Renminbi denominated bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables.

Management believes that a 3% appreciation/depreciation of Singapore dollar against Hong Kong dollar would not have a material effect on the Group's post-tax profit for the year. Therefore, no sensitivity analysis for Singapore dollar is presented.

###### (ii) Cash flow interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows associated with a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates, except for the interest income derived from bank deposits. Apart from bank deposits, the Group has no significant interest bearing assets or liabilities.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors *(continued)*

##### *(b)* Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk is managed on a group basis and individual basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks, credit exposures to wholesale and retail customers and other parties, including outstanding receivables and deposits and other receivables. Impairment provisions are made for losses that have been incurred at the balance sheet date.

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by rigorously selecting its counterparties including the deposit-takers and debtors and by diversification. Bank deposits are placed only with major and sizeable banks approved by the Board from time to time and there is no significant concentration risk to a single counterparty.

The Group mitigates its exposure to risks relating to trade receivables by its established procedures in granting credit only to customers with sound credit track records. Sales to retail customers are settled in cash or using major credit cards. No credit limits were exceeded during the reporting period, and management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

As at 31st December 2014, the financial assets of the Group and the Company that are exposed to credit risk and their maximum exposures are as follows:

	As at 31st December 2014		As at 31st December 2013	
	Carrying amount in balance sheet HK\$'000	Maximum exposure to credit risk HK\$'000	Carrying amount in balance sheet HK\$'000	Maximum exposure to credit risk HK\$'000
<b>Group:</b>				
Financial assets:				
Trade receivables	103,654	103,654	119,338	119,338
Deposits and other receivables	32,935	32,935	26,328	26,328
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents	1,240,034	1,239,884	1,295,686	1,295,612
<b>Company:</b>				
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	2,417	2,417	1,908	1,908

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors *(continued)*

##### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that funds will not be available to meet liabilities as they fall due, and it results from amount and maturity mismatches of assets and liabilities. Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding from an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. The Company employs projected cash flow analysis to manage liquidity risk by forecasting the amount of cash required and monitoring the working capital of the Group to ensure that all liabilities due and known funding requirements could be met. In addition, banking facilities have been put in place for contingency purposes. As at 31st December 2014, the Group's total available banking facilities amounted to HK\$21,000,000 (2013: HK\$21,700,000).

The table below analyzes the Group's financial liabilities that will be settled on a net basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal the carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Group	
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Trade payables and other payables		
Less than 1 year	<b>117,620</b>	149,698

As at 31st December 2014 and 2013, the Company did not have any financial liabilities.

#### 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure and shareholder returns, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Group and capital efficiency, prevailing and projected profitability, projected operating cash flows, projected capital expenditures and projected strategic investment opportunities.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### 4.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

##### (a) *Write-down of inventories to net realizable value*

Net realizable value of inventories is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less estimated selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of change in customer taste and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycle. The Group reassesses these estimates at each balance sheet date.

##### (b) *Income taxes*

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of different jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognized when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilized. The outcome of their actual utilization may be different.

##### (c) *Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment*

The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will increase the depreciation charge prospectively where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives; actual residual values may differ from estimated residual values. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and residual values and therefore depreciation expense in the future periods.

##### (d) *Estimate of fair value of investment properties*

The fair values of investment properties are determined by using valuation techniques. Details of the judgements and assumptions involved are disclosed in note 8 and note 14.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS *(continued)*

#### 4.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions *(continued)*

##### (e) *Provision for sales return*

Sales return provisions are recorded based on the estimated return of goods. The Group estimates the sales return provision based on accumulated experience and the terms in the sales contracts with distributors. Management reassesses the provision at each balance sheet date to ensure the current provision is still appropriate.

#### 4.2 Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

##### *Distinction between investment properties and owner-occupied properties*

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property. In making its judgement, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by an entity. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to properties but also to other assets used in the production or supply process.

Certain properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions can be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the portions are accounted for separately. If the portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property. The Group considers each property separately in making its judgement.

### 5 OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group has three reportable segments. The segments are managed separately as each business offers different products and services and requires different marketing strategies. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

Apparel in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR – Distribution and manufacturing of garments, leather goods and accessories and licensing of brand name in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR.

Apparel in Singapore and Malaysia – Distribution and manufacturing of garments, leather goods and accessories in Singapore and Malaysia.

Property investment and development – Investment in and development of properties in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR.

The Group reports the results of its operating segments based on the internal reports reviewed by the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of making strategic decisions.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**5 OPERATING SEGMENTS** *(continued)*

- (a) An analysis of the Group's reportable segment profit before income tax and other selected financial information for the year by operating segment is as follows:

	2014					
	Apparel in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR HK\$'000	Apparel in Singapore and Malaysia HK\$'000	Property investment and development HK\$'000	Segment total HK\$'000	(Elimination)/ unallocated HK\$'000	Group HK\$'000
Turnover	1,221,214	127,103	192,907	1,541,224	-	1,541,224
Inter-segment sales	-	-	8,022	8,022	(8,022)	-
	1,221,214	127,103	200,929	1,549,246	(8,022)	1,541,224
Segment results	273,811	2,340	314,223	590,374		590,374
Unallocated costs						(57,728)
Profit before income tax						532,646
Income tax expense						(111,604)
Profit for the year						421,042
Interest income	9,308	133	11,737	21,178	10,428	31,606
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	17,288	2,618	11,038	30,944	-	30,944
Amortization of land use rights	1,289	-	690	1,979	-	1,979
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	3,879	-	-	3,879	-	3,879
Reportable segment assets:						
Property, plant and equipment	96,462	22,120	85,350	203,932	4,900	208,832
Investment properties	-	-	2,317,794	2,317,794	-	2,317,794
Deferred income tax assets	-	-	-	-	77,175	77,175
Inventories	198,066	47,514	-	245,580	-	245,580
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents	716,626	26,299	494,692	1,237,617	2,417	1,240,034
Others	123,026	24,515	162,570	310,111	1,217	311,328
Reportable segment liabilities:						
Trade payables	35,685	15,667	53	51,405	-	51,405
Other payables and accruals	267,262	7,861	55,605	330,728	29,756	360,484
Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	36,474	36,474
Deferred income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	377,745	377,745
Capital expenditure	9,948	1,838	26,819	38,605	-	38,605



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**5 OPERATING SEGMENTS** *(continued)*

- (a) An analysis of the Group's reportable segment profit before income tax and other selected financial information for the year by operating segment is as follows: *(continued)*

	2013					
	Apparel in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR HK\$'000	Apparel in Singapore and Malaysia HK\$'000	Property investment and development HK\$'000	Segment total HK\$'000	(Elimination)/ unallocated HK\$'000	Group HK\$'000
Turnover	1,547,605	147,902	179,983	1,875,490	–	1,875,490
Inter-segment sales	–	–	7,060	7,060	(7,060)	–
	1,547,605	147,902	187,043	1,882,550	(7,060)	1,875,490
Segment results	392,024	3,707	192,123	587,854		587,854
Unallocated costs						(54,060)
Profit before income tax						533,794
Income tax expense						(119,215)
Profit for the year						414,579
Interest income	9,860	270	13,442	23,572	7,179	30,751
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	15,325	2,310	10,323	27,958	–	27,958
Amortization of land use rights	1,672	–	377	2,049	–	2,049
Reportable segment assets:						
Property, plant and equipment	108,003	23,678	102,740	234,421	5,645	240,066
Investment properties	–	–	2,194,161	2,194,161	–	2,194,161
Deferred income tax assets	–	–	–	–	68,048	68,048
Inventories	190,899	46,940	–	237,839	–	237,839
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents	720,880	27,657	545,241	1,293,778	1,908	1,295,686
Assets classified as held for sale	–	–	61,802	61,802	–	61,802
Others	149,119	27,593	137,286	313,998	1,205	315,203
Reportable segment liabilities:						
Trade payables	56,855	12,659	117	69,631	–	69,631
Other payables and accruals	407,910	8,306	59,853	476,069	34,202	510,271
Current income tax liabilities	–	–	–	–	30,073	30,073
Deferred income tax liabilities	–	–	–	–	363,319	363,319
Capital expenditure	13,608	3,080	13,526	30,214	–	30,214

Central costs (mainly costs of support functions that centrally provide services to all of the operating segments) are included as unallocated costs. Taxation charge is not allocated to reportable segments.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**5 OPERATING SEGMENTS** *(continued)***(b) Geographical information**

The Group's income from external customers is derived from the following geographical areas:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
China Mainland	<b>1,367,663</b>	1,689,458
Hong Kong SAR	<b>46,458</b>	38,130
Singapore and Malaysia	<b>127,103</b>	147,902
	<b>1,541,224</b>	1,875,490

The Group's non-current assets (excluding deferred income tax assets) by geographical location are detailed below:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
China Mainland	<b>1,781,016</b>	1,754,062
Hong Kong SAR	<b>752,516</b>	688,975
Singapore and Malaysia	<b>22,120</b>	23,678
	<b>2,555,652</b>	2,466,715

**(c) Information about major customers**

In 2014 and 2013, the revenue from the Group's largest customer amounted to less than 10 percent of the Group's total revenue.

**(d) Analysis of turnover by category**

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Sales of goods	<b>1,259,110</b>	1,610,647
Gross rental income from investment properties	<b>150,055</b>	138,516
Building management fees	<b>42,852</b>	41,467
Licensing income	<b>89,207</b>	84,860
	<b>1,541,224</b>	1,875,490

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 6 LAND USE RIGHTS – GROUP

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analyzed as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Outside Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	11,585	12,021
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	17,441	20,467
	<b>29,026</b>	32,488
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
At 1st January	32,488	21,174
Exchange difference	(232)	403
Transfer (to)/from investment properties	(1,251)	12,960
Amortization of prepaid operating lease payment (note 20)	(1,979)	(2,049)
At 31st December	<b>29,026</b>	32,488

Amortization expense of HK\$1,979,000 (2013: HK\$2,049,000) has been included in administrative expenses.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – GROUP

	Land and buildings HK\$'000	Plant and machinery HK\$'000	Furniture and fixtures HK\$'000	Computers HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
<b>At 1st January 2013</b>						
Cost	281,445	58,094	83,494	37,591	31,457	492,081
Accumulated depreciation	(126,558)	(51,185)	(62,913)	(30,707)	(18,705)	(290,068)
Net book amount	154,887	6,909	20,581	6,884	12,752	202,013
<b>Year ended 31st December 2013</b>						
Opening net book amount	154,887	6,909	20,581	6,884	12,752	202,013
Additions	–	128	11,433	4,748	3,583	19,892
Disposals	–	–	(128)	(12)	(231)	(371)
Transfer from investment properties	44,207	–	–	–	–	44,207
Depreciation	(11,577)	(1,267)	(6,899)	(4,430)	(3,785)	(27,958)
Exchange differences	1,326	192	464	126	175	2,283
Closing net book amount	188,843	5,962	25,451	7,316	12,494	240,066
<b>At 31st December 2013</b>						
Cost	328,898	59,642	92,461	42,634	33,664	557,299
Accumulated depreciation	(140,055)	(53,680)	(67,010)	(35,318)	(21,170)	(317,233)
Net book amount	188,843	5,962	25,451	7,316	12,494	240,066
<b>Year ended 31st December 2014</b>						
Opening net book amount	188,843	5,962	25,451	7,316	12,494	240,066
Additions	–	264	4,356	4,542	2,899	12,061
Disposals	–	–	(4)	–	(106)	(110)
Transfer to investment properties	(6,367)	–	–	–	–	(6,367)
Depreciation	(13,244)	(1,911)	(6,990)	(4,739)	(4,060)	(30,944)
Impairment charges	–	(3,879)	–	–	–	(3,879)
Exchange differences	(1,304)	(82)	(331)	(92)	(186)	(1,995)
Closing net book amount	167,928	354	22,482	7,027	11,041	208,832
<b>At 31st December 2014</b>						
Cost	319,689	59,195	95,750	46,606	34,466	555,706
Accumulated depreciation	(151,761)	(58,841)	(73,268)	(39,579)	(23,425)	(346,874)
Net book amount	167,928	354	22,482	7,027	11,041	208,832

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – GROUP *(continued)*

The net book value of the Group's interests in leasehold land classified as finance lease are analyzed as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
In Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	<b>44,265</b>	45,632

Depreciation expense of HK\$3,978,000 (2013: HK\$4,073,000) has been expensed in cost of sales, HK\$1,439,000 (2013: HK\$2,006,000) in selling and marketing costs and HK\$25,527,000 (2013: HK\$21,879,000) in administrative expenses.

The management has reviewed the carrying values of the property, plant and equipment and impairment charge of HK\$3,879,000 (2013: nil) was made and included in cost of sales. The recoverable amounts of the assets were determined on the value-in-use basis.

## 8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – GROUP

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
At 1st January	<b>2,194,161</b>	2,102,764
Additions	<b>26,544</b>	22,587
Transfer from completed properties held for sale	–	1,506
Transfer from/(to) land use rights, and property, plant and equipment	<b>7,625</b>	(57,167)
Fair value gains (note 19)	<b>107,831</b>	87,351
Exchange differences	<b>(18,367)</b>	37,120
At 31st December	<b>2,317,794</b>	2,194,161

The Group's interests in investment properties are analyzed as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
In Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	<b>134,500</b>	131,500
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	<b>569,100</b>	505,000
Outside Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	<b>14,044</b>	30,194
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	<b>1,600,150</b>	1,527,467
	<b>2,317,794</b>	2,194,161

The periods of operating leases whereby the Group leases out its investment properties range from 1 month to 108 months.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – GROUP (continued)

An independent valuation of the Group's investment properties was performed by the independent professional valuer, S.H. Ng & Co., Ltd., to determine the fair value of the investment properties as at 31st December 2014 and 2013. The fair value gains were included in "Other gains" in income statement (note 19). The following table analyzes the investment properties carried at fair value, by valuation method.

#### Fair value hierarchy

Description	Fair value measurements at 31st December 2014 using		
	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) HK\$'000	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) HK\$'000	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) HK\$'000
Recurring fair value measurements			
Investment properties:			
– Hong Kong	–	–	703,600
– China Mainland	–	11,546	1,602,648

Description	Fair value measurements at 31st December 2013 using		
	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) HK\$'000	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) HK\$'000	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) HK\$'000
Recurring fair value measurements			
Investment properties:			
– Hong Kong	–	–	636,500
– China Mainland	–	11,684	1,545,977

The Group's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – GROUP** *(continued)***Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)**

	Hong Kong HK\$'000	China Mainland HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st January 2014	636,500	1,545,977	2,182,477
Additions	–	26,544	26,544
Transfer from land use rights, and property, plant and equipment	–	7,625	7,625
Fair value gains	67,100	40,731	107,831
Exchange differences	–	(18,229)	(18,229)
At 31st December 2014	703,600	1,602,648	2,306,248

  

	Hong Kong HK\$'000	China Mainland HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st January 2013	568,500	1,534,264	2,102,764
Additions	–	10,970	10,970
Transfer from completed properties held for sale	–	1,506	1,506
Transfer to land use rights, and property, plant and equipment	–	(57,167)	(57,167)
Fair value gains	68,000	19,284	87,284
Exchange differences	–	37,120	37,120
At 31st December 2013	636,500	1,545,977	2,182,477

**Valuation techniques**

For commercial units located in Harbin, China Mainland, the valuation was determined by using the sale comparison approach (Level 2 approach). Sales prices of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per square meter.

For other investment properties, the valuations were based on income capitalization approach (term and reversionary method) which largely used unobservable inputs (e.g. market rent, yield, etc) and taking into account the significant adjustment on term yield to account for the risk upon reversionary after expiry of current lease and adjustment on rental value to account for the actual location, type and quality of the properties and supported by the terms of any existence lease, other contracts and external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties (Level 3 approach).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – GROUP** (continued)**Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)**

Description	Fair value at 31st December 2014 HK\$'000	Valuation technique(s)	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Investment properties – China Mainland	1,602,648	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Rental value	RMB50–600/m <sup>2</sup>	The higher the assumed rental value, the higher the fair value
			Gross reversionary yield	3.25% to 9% p.a.	The higher the assumed reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
Investment properties – Hong Kong	703,600	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Rental value	HK\$55–135/m <sup>2</sup>	The higher the assumed rental value, the higher the fair value
			Gross reversionary yield	4.5% to 6% p.a.	The higher the assumed reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
Description	Fair value at 31st December 2013 HK\$'000	Valuation technique(s)	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Investment properties – China Mainland	1,545,977	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Rental value	RMB50–500/m <sup>2</sup>	The higher the assumed rental value, the higher the fair value
			Gross reversionary yield	3.5% to 9% p.a.	The higher the assumed reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
Investment properties – Hong Kong	636,500	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Rental value	HK\$55–105/m <sup>2</sup>	The higher the assumed rental value, the higher the fair value
			Gross reversionary yield	4.5% to 5.75% p.a.	The higher the assumed reversionary yield, the lower the fair value

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 9 SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Unlisted investments, at cost	10	10
Amounts due from subsidiaries	1,511,267	1,473,119
	<b>1,511,277</b>	1,473,129

Amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and are not repayable within 12 months from the balance sheet date. The balances represent equity funding by the Company to the respective subsidiaries and are measured in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for investments in subsidiaries.

The following is a list of principal subsidiaries, which in the opinion of the Directors, are significant to the results and net assets of the Group:

Name	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/ registered capital	Group's equity interest	
				2014	2013
Goldlion (China) Limited <sup>(2)</sup>	PRC Limited liability company	Distribution and manufacturing of garments in the PRC	US\$18,000,000	100%	100%
Goldlion Clothes Making Company Limited <sup>(2)</sup>	PRC Limited liability company	Distribution and manufacturing of garments in the PRC	US\$6,934,000	100%	100%
Goldlion Enterprise (Singapore) Pte Limited	Singapore Limited liability company	Distribution of garments in Singapore	10,000 ordinary shares of S\$100 each	100%	100%
Goldlion Distribution (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia Limited liability company	Distribution of garments in Malaysia	1,200,000 ordinary shares of MYR1 each	100%	100%
Goldlion (Far East) Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Distribution and manufacturing of garments in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares and 500,000 non-voting deferred shares	100%	100%
Goldlion Group (BVI) Limited <sup>(1)</sup>	British Virgin Islands Limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of US1 each	100%	100%
Goldlion (Guangdong) Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares	100%	100%
Guangzhou Goldlion Investment Consultancy Company Limited <sup>(2)</sup>	PRC Limited liability company	Property holding in the PRC	HK\$10,000,000	100%	100%

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 9 SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)

Name	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/ registered capital	Group's equity interest	
				2014	2013
Hallman Properties Limited	British Virgin Islands Limited liability company	Investment holding in the British Virgin Islands	50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%
Renard Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands Limited liability company	Property holding in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each and 59,999,998 redeemable shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%
Meizhou Silver Dip Property Management Limited <sup>(2)</sup>	PRC Limited liability company	Property management in the PRC	RMB595,000	100%	100%
Shenyang Goldlion Commercial Mansion Limited <sup>(2)</sup>	PRC Limited liability company	Property holding in the PRC	RMB70,000,000	100%	100%
Rich Smart Resources Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Property holding in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares	100%	100%
Smart View Investment Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares	100%	100%
Meizhou Goldlion Properties Development Limited <sup>(2)</sup>	PRC Limited liability company	Property holding and development in the PRC	HK\$50,000,000	100%	100%
Guangzhou Silver Dip Property Management Company Limited <sup>(2)</sup>	PRC Limited liability company	Property management in the PRC	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%
Shenyang Silver Dip Property Management Company Limited <sup>(2)</sup>	PRC Limited liability company	Property management in the PRC	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%
Guangzhou Goldlion City Properties Company Limited <sup>(2)</sup>	PRC Limited liability company	Property holding in the PRC	RMB360,681,188	100%	100%
Joint Corporation Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share	100%	100%

(1) Subsidiary held directly by the Company

(2) English names of the subsidiaries are direct translations of their Chinese registered names



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 10 INVENTORIES – GROUP

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Raw materials	464	4,856
Work in progress	21,730	16,481
Finished goods	223,386	216,502
	<b>245,580</b>	237,839

The cost of inventories recognized as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$631,242,000 (2013: HK\$735,621,000) (note 20).

## 11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below:

**Group:**

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
<b>Financial assets – Loans and receivables, at amortized cost</b>		
Trade receivables (note 12)	103,654	119,338
Deposits and other receivables (note 12)	32,935	26,328
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents (note 13)	1,240,034	1,295,686
Total	<b>1,376,623</b>	1,441,352
<b>Financial liabilities, at amortized cost</b>		
Trade payables (note 17)	51,405	69,631
Other payables	66,215	80,067
Total	<b>117,620</b>	149,698

**Company:**

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
<b>Financial assets – Loans and receivables, at amortized cost</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,417	1,908

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short maturities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**12 TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – GROUP**

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	<b>104,473</b>	120,105
Less: provision for impairment	<b>(819)</b>	(767)
Trade receivables – net	<b>103,654</b>	119,338
Purchase deposits (note (a))	<b>8,218</b>	27,990
Deposits (note (b))	<b>133,577</b>	104,242
Prepayments	<b>3,918</b>	4,816
General deposits	<b>6,406</b>	8,015
Interest receivable	<b>11,680</b>	12,150
VAT recoverable	<b>9,962</b>	1,273
Others	<b>4,887</b>	4,891
Total of prepayments, deposits and other receivables	<b>178,648</b>	163,377

Notes:

- (a) Purchase deposits represent the amounts paid by the Group in advance to suppliers mainly for the apparel operation in its ordinary course of business.
- (b) Deposits represent the amounts paid by the Group for acquisition of land use right. The land use certificate was obtained on 4th January 2015. It is expected that the deposits will be transferred to property under development held for sale for the year ending 31st December 2015.

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 12 TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – GROUP *(continued)*

The Group's sales are on cash on delivery, letter of credit or credit terms ranging from 30 days to 90 days after delivery. At 31st December 2014, an ageing analysis of the trade receivables based on invoice date was as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
1–30 days	<b>67,104</b>	96,700
31–90 days	<b>34,827</b>	19,873
Over 90 days	<b>2,542</b>	3,532
	<b>104,473</b>	120,105

There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the Group has a large number of customers dispersed in China Mainland and Singapore. The credit quality of trade receivables neither past due nor impaired has been assessed by reference to historical information about the counterparty default rates. The existing counterparties have not defaulted in the past.

As of 31st December 2014, trade receivables of HK\$30,236,000 (2013: HK\$28,458,000) were past due but not considered impaired. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Overdue less than or up to 3 months	<b>28,511</b>	27,146
Overdue over 3 months	<b>1,725</b>	1,312
	<b>30,236</b>	28,458

As of 31st December 2014, trade receivables of HK\$819,000 (2013: HK\$767,000) were considered impaired and were provided in full. The individually impaired receivables mainly relate to distributors and department stores. An ageing analysis of these receivables is as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Overdue less than or up to 6 months	–	8
Overdue over 6 months	<b>819</b>	759
	<b>819</b>	767

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 12 TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – GROUP *(continued)*

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivable are denominated in the following currencies:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Renminbi	<b>250,776</b>	249,623
Singapore dollar	<b>24,515</b>	27,593
Hong Kong dollar	<b>7,011</b>	5,499
	<b>282,302</b>	282,715

Movements on the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
At 1st January	<b>767</b>	743
Provision for impairment	<b>61</b>	6
Exchange differences	<b>(9)</b>	18
At 31st December	<b>819</b>	767

The provision for impaired receivables was included in administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 13 BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company	
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Cash at bank and in hand	<b>131,298</b>	275,373	<b>2,417</b>	1,908
Bank deposits with maturity less than 3 months	<b>226,353</b>	165,213	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated cash flow statement	<b>357,651</b>	440,586	<b>2,417</b>	1,908
Bank deposits with maturity over 3 months	<b>882,383</b>	855,100	–	–
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents as stated in the balance sheets	<b>1,240,034</b>	1,295,686	<b>2,417</b>	1,908
Maximum exposure to credit risk	<b>1,239,884</b>	1,295,612	<b>2,417</b>	1,908

Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheets are denominated in the following currencies:

	Group		Company	
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Renminbi	<b>1,136,036</b>	1,166,724	–	–
Singapore dollar	<b>26,304</b>	27,657	–	–
Hong Kong dollar	<b>77,694</b>	101,305	<b>2,417</b>	1,908
	<b>1,240,034</b>	1,295,686	<b>2,417</b>	1,908

The conversion of bank balances and cash of the Group denominated in Renminbi into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the Chinese government.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 14 ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE – GROUP

The Group's interests in assets classified as held for sale are analyzed as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	–	1,249
Investment property	–	60,553
	–	61,802

On 19th December 2012, Goldlion (China) Limited (“Goldlion China”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement to surrender a group of properties in Shanghai, the PRC, for compensation of RMB122,920,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$154,265,000). On 9th June 2014, possession of the property was delivered. The gains on disposals of assets classified as held for sale were recorded in “Other gains” in the consolidated income statement during the year (note 19), which was net of the net carrying value of the properties of RMB48,663,000 (equivalent to HK\$61,073,000) and related costs paid of RMB2,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$2,510,000).

An independent valuation of the Group's investment property was performed by the independent professional valuer, DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited., to determine the fair value of the investment property as at 31st December 2013. The fair value gain was included in “Other gains” in the consolidated income statement (note 19). The following table analyzes the asset classified as held for sale carried at fair value, by valuation method.

#### Fair value hierarchy

Description	Fair value measurement at 31st December 2013 using		
	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) HK\$'000	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) HK\$'000	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) HK\$'000
Recurring fair value measurement			
Asset classified as held for sale			
– Investment property	–	60,553	–

#### Recurring fair value measurement

Asset classified as held for sale

– Investment property	–	60,553	–
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The Group's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year ended 31st December 2013.

For the investment property, the valuation was determined by using the sale comparison approach. Sales prices of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per square meter.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 15 SHARE CAPITAL – GROUP AND COMPANY

	As at 31st December 2014		As at 31st December 2013	
	Number of shares (thousands)	HK\$'000	Number of shares (thousands)	HK\$'000
Authorized: (note (a)) Ordinary shares (2013: HK\$0.10 each) (note (b))	–	–	1,200,000	120,000

	2014		2013	
	Number of shares (thousands)	Share capital HK\$'000	Number of shares (thousands)	Share capital HK\$'000
Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:				
At 1st January	982,114	98,211	982,114	98,211
Transition to no-par value regime on 3rd March 2014 (note (c))	–	1,003,147	–	–
At 31st December	982,114	1,101,358	982,114	98,211

Notes:

- (a) Under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), which commenced operation on 3rd March 2014, the concept of authorized share capital no longer exists.
- (b) In accordance with section 135 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), the Company's shares no longer have a par or nominal value with effect from 3rd March 2014. There is no impact on the number of shares in issue or the relative entitlement of any of the members as a result of this transition.
- (c) In accordance with the transitional provisions set out in section 37 of Schedule 11 to Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), on 3rd March 2014, any amounts standing to the credit of the share premium account and capital redemption reserve account have become part of the Company's share capital.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**16 RESERVES****(a) Group**

	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves <sup>(i)</sup> HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total reserves HK\$'000
Balance at 1st January 2014	1,002,662	485	(34,204)	7,491	87,727	399,209	1,463,370	1,877,930	3,341,300
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	421,042	421,042
Revaluation of investment property upon reclassification from land use rights, and property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	7	-	-	7	-	7
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	-	(30,575)	(30,575)	-	(30,575)
Release of revaluation reserves upon disposals of assets classified as held for sale	-	-	-	(1,216)	-	-	(1,216)	1,216	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	(1,209)	-	(30,575)	(31,784)	422,258	390,474
Transition to no-par value regime on 3rd March 2014 (note 15)	(1,002,662)	(485)	-	-	-	-	(1,003,147)	-	(1,003,147)
2013 final dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(176,781)	(176,781)
2014 interim dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(78,569)	(78,569)
Balance at 31st December 2014	-	-	(34,204)	6,282	87,727	368,634	428,439	2,044,838	2,473,277
Representing:									
Reserves	-	-	(34,204)	6,282	87,727	368,634	428,439	1,887,700	2,316,139
2014 final dividend proposed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	157,138	157,138
	-	-	(34,204)	6,282	87,727	368,634	428,439	2,044,838	2,473,277

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**16 RESERVES** *(continued)*  
**(a) Group** *(continued)*

	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves <sup>(i)</sup> HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total reserves HK\$'000
Balance at 1st January 2013	1,002,662	485	(34,204)	7,491	87,727	347,080	1,411,241	1,728,522	3,139,763
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	414,579	414,579
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	-	52,129	52,129	-	52,129
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	52,129	52,129	414,579	466,708
2012 final dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(176,781)	(176,781)
2013 interim dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(88,390)	(88,390)
Balance at 31st December 2013	1,002,662	485	(34,204)	7,491	87,727	399,209	1,463,370	1,877,930	3,341,300
Representing:									
Reserves	1,002,662	485	(34,204)	7,491	87,727	399,209	1,463,370	1,701,149	3,164,519
2013 final dividend proposed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	176,781	176,781
	1,002,662	485	(34,204)	7,491	87,727	399,209	1,463,370	1,877,930	3,341,300

- (i) Other reserves are attributable to certain subsidiaries established in China Mainland. These reserves, comprising a general reserve fund and an enterprise development fund, are set aside in accordance with the relevant statutory requirements in China Mainland. The amount set aside is determined by the directors of these subsidiaries at their financial year end. The fund can only be used to make up losses incurred, increase registered capital or used for collective welfare of employees.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**16 RESERVES** (continued)**(b) Company**

	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total reserves HK\$'000
At 1st January 2014	1,002,662	485	1,003,147	372,648	1,375,795
Transition to no-par value regime on 3rd March 2014 (note 15)	(1,002,662)	(485)	(1,003,147)	–	(1,003,147)
2013 final dividend paid	–	–	–	(176,781)	(176,781)
2014 interim dividend paid	–	–	–	(78,569)	(78,569)
Profit for the year	–	–	–	293,997	293,997
At 31st December 2014	–	–	–	411,295	411,295
Representing:					
Reserves	–	–	–	254,157	254,157
2014 final dividend proposed	–	–	–	157,138	157,138
	–	–	–	411,295	411,295
At 1st January 2013	1,002,662	485	1,003,147	341,170	1,344,317
2012 final dividend paid	–	–	–	(176,781)	(176,781)
2013 interim dividend paid	–	–	–	(88,390)	(88,390)
Profit for the year	–	–	–	296,649	296,649
At 31st December 2013	1,002,662	485	1,003,147	372,648	1,375,795
Representing:					
Reserves	1,002,662	485	1,003,147	195,867	1,199,014
2013 final dividend proposed	–	–	–	176,781	176,781
	1,002,662	485	1,003,147	372,648	1,375,795

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**17 TRADE PAYABLES – GROUP**

At 31st December 2014, the ageing analysis of the trade payables based on invoice date was as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
1–30 days	<b>32,469</b>	53,350
31–90 days	<b>12,000</b>	5,493
Over 90 days	<b>6,936</b>	10,788
	<b>51,405</b>	69,631

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables are denominated in the following currencies:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Renminbi	<b>35,701</b>	56,936
Singapore dollar	<b>15,667</b>	12,659
Hong Kong dollar	<b>37</b>	36
	<b>51,405</b>	69,631

**18 DEFERRED INCOME TAX – GROUP**

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Deferred income tax assets:		
– Deferred income tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months	<b>(42,901)</b>	(38,739)
– Deferred income tax assets to be recovered within 12 months	<b>(34,274)</b>	(29,309)
	<b>(77,175)</b>	(68,048)
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
– Deferred income tax liabilities to be recovered after more than 12 months	<b>364,362</b>	350,909
– Deferred income tax liabilities to be recovered within 12 months	<b>13,383</b>	12,410
	<b>377,745</b>	363,319
Deferred income tax liabilities (net)	<b>300,570</b>	295,271



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**18 DEFERRED INCOME TAX – GROUP** (continued)

The gross movement on the deferred income tax account of the Group is as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
At 1st January	<b>295,271</b>	295,296
Deferred taxation charged/(credited) to consolidated income statement (note 25)	<b>8,572</b>	(7,046)
Exchange difference	<b>(3,273)</b>	7,021
At 31st December	<b>300,570</b>	295,271

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for tax losses carried forward to the extent that realization of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognized tax losses of HK\$700,005,000 (2013: HK\$678,979,000), of which HK\$449,380,000 (2013: HK\$436,096,000) and HK\$38,840,000 (2013: HK\$31,098,000) are subject to agreement by the Inland Revenue Department in Hong Kong and the relevant tax authorities in the PRC, respectively, to carry forward against future taxable income. HK\$661,165,000 of unrecognized tax losses (2013: HK\$647,881,000) have no expiry date and the remaining losses will expire at various dates up to and including 2019.

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year is as follows:

**Deferred income tax liabilities**

	Accelerated taxation depreciation		Fair values gains		Dividend withholding tax		Others		Total	
	<b>2014</b>	2013	<b>2014</b>	2013	<b>2014</b>	2013	<b>2014</b>	2013	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
At 1st January	<b>119,883</b>	102,779	<b>226,076</b>	215,883	<b>38,786</b>	34,845	<b>11,530</b>	12,990	<b>396,275</b>	366,497
Exchange difference	<b>(1,423)</b>	2,471	<b>(2,606)</b>	5,098	<b>(312)</b>	843	<b>(136)</b>	314	<b>(4,477)</b>	8,726
Charged/(credited) to consolidated income statement	<b>4,739</b>	14,633	<b>(2,073)</b>	5,095	<b>11,469</b>	14,066	<b>101</b>	(1,774)	<b>14,236</b>	32,020
Released upon distribution of dividends	-	-	-	-	<b>(12,410)</b>	(10,968)	-	-	<b>(12,410)</b>	(10,968)
At 31st December	<b>123,199</b>	119,883	<b>221,397</b>	226,076	<b>37,533</b>	38,786	<b>11,495</b>	11,530	<b>393,624</b>	396,275

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**18 DEFERRED INCOME TAX – GROUP** *(continued)***Deferred income tax assets**

	Provisions		Tax losses		Others		Total	
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
At 1st January	(49,992)	(34,899)	(34)	(31)	(50,978)	(36,271)	(101,004)	(71,201)
Exchange difference	590	(844)	1	(1)	613	(860)	1,204	(1,705)
(Credited)/charged to consolidated income statement	(1,567)	(14,249)	(580)	(2)	8,893	(13,847)	6,746	(28,098)
At 31st December	(50,969)	(49,992)	(613)	(34)	(41,472)	(50,978)	(93,054)	(101,004)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated balance sheet:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Deferred income tax assets	(77,175)	(68,048)
Deferred income tax liabilities	377,745	363,319
	300,570	295,271

**19 OTHER GAINS**

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Fair value gains on investment properties	107,831	87,351
Gains on disposals of assets classified as held for sale	90,682	–
	198,513	87,351

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**20 EXPENSES BY NATURE**

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Cost of inventories sold	<b>631,242</b>	735,621
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment of inventories	<b>(322)</b>	77,414
Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties that generated rental income	<b>43,833</b>	44,576
Operating lease rentals – land and buildings	<b>103,599</b>	98,670
Amortization of land use rights (note 6)	<b>1,979</b>	2,049
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	<b>30,944</b>	27,958
Impairment of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	<b>3,879</b>	–
Staff costs including directors' emoluments (note 21)	<b>232,355</b>	228,085
Auditors' remuneration	<b>3,546</b>	3,494
Advertising and promotion expenses	<b>76,977</b>	141,443
Other expenses	<b>102,638</b>	106,543
Net exchange loss/(gain)	<b>8,027</b>	(6,055)
	<b>1,238,697</b>	1,459,798
Representing:		
Cost of sales	<b>682,610</b>	861,684
Selling and marketing costs	<b>356,038</b>	403,726
Administrative expenses	<b>200,049</b>	194,388
	<b>1,238,697</b>	1,459,798

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 21 STAFF COSTS, INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Staff costs		
– Wages and salaries	195,408	193,937
– Retirement benefit costs (note 22)	36,947	34,148
	<b>232,355</b>	228,085

## 22 RETIREMENT BENEFIT COSTS

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Defined contribution schemes for:		
Hong Kong employees (note (a))	859	803
Singapore employees (note (b))	4,838	4,877
China Mainland employees (note (c))	31,250	28,468
	<b>36,947</b>	34,148

Notes:

- (a) Under the Mandatory Provident Fund (the "MPF") scheme, both the employer and employee have to contribute 5% of the employee's relevant income or HK\$1,500, whichever is lower, as mandatory contribution. The employer and employee may further contribute certain percentage of the employee's relevant income, as voluntary contribution.

The amount represents contributions paid and payable by the Group to the MPF scheme totalling HK\$859,000 (2013: HK\$803,000) without any forfeited contributions (2013: nil). The forfeited contributions represent contributions to the retirement scheme prior to the MPF scheme for those employees who leave prior to vesting fully on the employer's contributions. There was no contribution payable (2013: nil) to the MPF scheme at the year end. There were no unutilized forfeited contributions at year end (2013: nil).

- (b) Contributions paid and payable by the Group to the schemes amounted to HK\$4,838,000 (2013: HK\$4,877,000). Contributions totalling HK\$812,000 (2013: HK\$221,000) payable to the schemes at the year end were included in other payables. There were no unutilized forfeited contributions at year end (2013: nil).

- (c) This represents gross contributions made by the Group to employee pension schemes operated by the municipal governments of various cities in the PRC. There was no contribution payable (2013: nil) to the municipal governments at year end.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**23 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS**

(a) The remuneration of every Director and the Chief Executive for the year ended 31st December 2014:

Name	Fees HK\$'000	Salary HK\$'000	Discretionary bonuses HK\$'000	Others benefits <sup>(1)</sup> HK\$'000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme	Total HK\$'000
					HK\$'000	
<b>Director</b>						
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	-	3,906	8,827	729	-	13,462
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	-	1,678	2,207	21	-	3,906
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	240	-	-	-	-	240
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	240	-	-	-	-	240
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy	190	-	-	-	-	190
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	240	-	-	-	-	240
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter	240	-	-	-	-	240
<b>Director and Chief Executive</b>						
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	-	4,233	5,517	-	17	9,767

The remuneration of every Director and the Chief Executive for the year ended 31st December 2013:

Name	Fees HK\$'000	Salary HK\$'000	Discretionary bonuses HK\$'000	Others benefits <sup>(1)</sup> HK\$'000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme	Total HK\$'000
					HK\$'000	
<b>Director</b>						
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	-	4,255	9,277	793	-	14,325
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	-	1,541	2,319	27	-	3,887
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	240	-	-	-	-	240
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	240	-	-	-	-	240
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy	190	-	-	-	-	190
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	240	-	-	-	-	240
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter	240	-	-	-	-	240
<b>Director and Chief Executive</b>						
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	-	3,682	5,798	-	15	9,495

Note:

(1) Other benefits include medical benefit and retirement benefit costs.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 23 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS *(continued)*

- (b) The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year includes two (2013: two) Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in note 23(a) above. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2013: three) individuals during the year are as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Basic salaries, housing and other allowances	<b>12,324</b>	13,255
Bonuses	<b>4,950</b>	9,484
Retirement benefit costs	<b>478</b>	815
	<b>17,752</b>	23,554

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	<b>Number of individuals</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	2013
<b>Emolument bands</b>		
HK\$4,000,001 – HK\$4,500,000	<b>1</b>	2
HK\$5,000,001 – HK\$5,500,000	<b>1</b>	–
HK\$8,000,001 – HK\$8,500,000	<b>1</b>	–
HK\$14,500,001 – HK\$15,000,000	<b>–</b>	1

- (c) Other than disclosed above, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to the Directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. None of the Directors or the five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**24 SENIOR MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION BY BAND**

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	Number of individuals	
	2014	2013
<b>Emolument bands</b>		
HK\$100,001 – HK\$150,000	–	1
HK\$500,001 – HK\$1,000,000	–	1
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	4	3
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000	–	1
HK\$2,500,001 – HK\$3,000,000	–	1
HK\$4,000,001 – HK\$4,500,000	1	2
HK\$5,000,001 – HK\$5,500,000	1	–
HK\$8,000,001 – HK\$8,500,000	1	–
HK\$14,500,001 – HK\$15,000,000	–	1

**25 INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Hong Kong profits tax:		
Current year	1,486	1,080
Over-provision in prior year	–	(64)
	<b>1,486</b>	1,016
Taxation outside Hong Kong:		
Current year	101,514	125,041
Under-provision in prior years	32	204
	<b>101,546</b>	125,245
Deferred income tax (note 18)	8,572	(7,046)
<b>Total income tax expense</b>	<b>111,604</b>	119,215

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 25 INCOME TAX EXPENSE *(continued)*

Taxation on profits generated in the PRC has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rate of 25% (2013: 25%). Taxation on profits outside Hong Kong and the PRC has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate of the home country of the Company as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	<b>532,646</b>	533,794
Calculated at a tax on rate of 16.5%	<b>87,887</b>	88,076
Effect of different taxation rates in other countries	<b>18,011</b>	19,376
Income not subject to tax	<b>(16,734)</b>	(15,709)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	<b>4,173</b>	4,760
Utilization of unrecognized tax losses	<b>(306)</b>	–
Tax losses not recognized	<b>7,609</b>	8,463
Withholding tax on profits retained by the PRC subsidiaries	<b>11,469</b>	14,066
Others	<b>(505)</b>	183
Total income tax expense	<b>111,604</b>	119,215

#### Corporate withholding income tax on dividend distribution

Under the New CIT Law, corporate withholding income tax is levied on the foreign investor incorporated in Hong Kong for dividends which arise from profits of foreign investment enterprises earned after 1st January 2008 at a tax rate of 5%.

### 26 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The profit attributable to owners of the parent is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of a profit of HK\$293,997,000 (2013: HK\$296,649,000).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 27 DIVIDENDS

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
2013 interim dividend, paid, of 9.0 HK cents per ordinary share	–	88,390
2013 final dividend, paid, of 18.0 HK cents per ordinary share	–	176,781
2014 interim dividend, paid, of 8.0 HK cents per ordinary share	<b>78,569</b>	–
2014 final dividend, proposed, of 16.0 HK cents per ordinary share (note)	<b>157,138</b>	–
	<b>235,707</b>	265,171

Note:

At a meeting held on 19th March 2015, the Directors declared a final dividend of 16.0 HK cents per ordinary share. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these financial statements, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending 31st December 2015.

### 28 EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the parent by the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2014	2013
Profit attributable to owners of the parent (HK\$'000)	<b>421,042</b>	414,579
Number of shares in issue	<b>982,114,035</b>	982,114,035
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	<b>42.87</b>	42.21

#### (b) Diluted

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to owners of the parent of HK\$421,042,000 (2013: HK\$414,579,000) and the number of ordinary shares in issue of 982,114,035 (2013: 982,114,035) during the year.

Diluted earnings per share equals basic earnings per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31st December 2014 and 2013.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

## 29 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	532,646	533,794
Adjustments for:		
– Amortization of land use rights (note 6)	1,979	2,049
– Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	30,944	27,958
– (Reversal of)/provision for impairment of inventories	(322)	77,414
– Provision for trade receivables	61	6
– Interest income	(31,606)	(30,751)
– Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment (note 29(a))	(229)	(238)
– Gains on disposals of assets classified as held for sale (note 29(b))	(90,682)	–
– Fair value gains on investment properties	(107,831)	(87,351)
– Impairment of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	3,879	–
Changes in working capital:		
– Inventories	(7,156)	61,760
– Trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables	(1,340)	(95,968)
– Trade payables, other payables and accruals	(66,413)	1,222
Net cash generated from operations	263,930	489,895

Notes:

(a) Disposals of property, plant and equipment

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Net book amount	110	371
Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	229	238
Proceeds received	339	609

(b) Disposals of assets classified as held for sale during the year

	HK\$'000
Net book amount	61,073
Gains on disposals of assets classified as held for sale	90,682
Net proceeds received	151,755
Representing:	
Deposits received during the year ended 31st December 2013	101,600
Exchange differences	(1,200)
Balance of proceeds received net of direct costs incurred during the year	51,355
Net proceeds received	151,755

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

### 30 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES – COMPANY

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Guarantees for credit facilities given to a subsidiary	21,000	21,700

At 31st December 2014 and 2013, the subsidiary did not utilize any of the facilities.

### 31 COMMITMENTS

#### (a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure of the Group at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment		
Contracted but not provided for	213	946
Land use right		
Contracted but not provided for	–	26,060

#### (b) At 31st December 2014, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments receivable and payable under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Rental receivables		
– not later than one year	134,700	109,752
– later than one year and not later than five years	189,971	104,693
– later than five years	18,515	2,210
	<b>343,186</b>	216,655
Rental payables		
– not later than one year	12,381	11,325
– later than one year and not later than five years	10,602	11,976
	<b>22,983</b>	23,301

Payment obligations in respect of operating leases on properties with rentals vary with gross revenues are not included as future minimum lease payments.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – GROUP**

The Company is controlled by the Tsang Family (comprising Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Madam Wong Lei Kuan, Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky and the other direct descendants of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan) which, together with 5.49% of the Company's issued shares held by Tsang Hin Chi Charities (Management) Limited, collectively controlled approximately 68.17% of the Company's issued shares. The remaining 31.83% of the issued shares are widely held.

During the year, the following significant transactions were carried out with related parties:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
<b>(a)</b> Sales of services		
Rental and building management fees received from related companies	<b>1,957</b>	2,361

Note:

Rental and management fees were received from Guangzhou World Trade Center Club Company Limited ("GWTCCL") for lease of a business center and facilities therein located at Goldlion Digital Network Centre amounting to HK\$1,516,000 and from China Hong Kong Digital Audiovisual Management Company Limited ("CHKDAM") for lease of a unit located at Goldlion Holdings Centre in Hong Kong amounting to HK\$441,000 respectively. Rental and management fees were charged at rate based on the relevant lease agreements entered into. Mr. Tsang Chi Hung has an indirect beneficial interest in CHKDAM and GWTCCL as he is a major shareholder of the holding company of CHKDAM and GWTCCL. Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Madam Wong Lei Kuan and Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky are interested in these transactions as Mr. Tsang Chi Hung is a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan, and a brother of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky.

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
<b>(b)</b> Purchases of services		
Professional fees paid to a related company	<b>320</b>	320

Note:

Equitas Capital Limited acted as financial advisor to the Group for which professional fees of HK\$320,000 was paid by the Company during the year. Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles, a non-executive Director of the Company, is the managing director and the principal shareholder of Equitas Capital Limited.

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
<b>(c)</b> Purchases of goods		
Goods purchased from a related company	–	159

Note:

Goods were purchased at market price from 3D-GOLD Jewellery Company Limited, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hong Kong Resources Holdings Company Limited. Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy, a non-executive Director of the Company, is the chairman and an executive director and a substantial shareholder of Hong Kong Resources Holdings Company Limited.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2014

**32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – GROUP** *(continued)***(d) Key management compensation**

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Salaries, directors' emoluments and other short-term employee benefits	<b>53,914</b>	63,238
Retirement benefit costs	<b>747</b>	1,045
	<b>54,661</b>	64,283

**(e) Year-end balances arising from purchases of goods and services**

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
Accruals		
– Equitas Capital Limited	<b>160</b>	160

## FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	2014 HK\$'000	Year ended 31st December			2010 HK\$'000
		2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	
<b>Results</b>					
Profit attributable to:					
– Owners of the parent	<b>421,042</b>	414,579	502,235	422,309	407,733
– Non-controlling interests	–	–	1,052	847	812
<b>Assets and liabilities</b>					
Total assets	<b>4,400,743</b>	4,412,805	4,066,961	3,706,533	3,296,615
Total liabilities	<b>(826,108)</b>	(973,294)	(828,987)	(760,834)	(641,556)
Total equity	<b>3,574,635</b>	3,439,511	3,237,974	2,945,699	2,655,059



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