

CHINA METAL INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS INC. 勤美達國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock Code : 319

CAE











ANNUAL REPORT 2014

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

KING Fong-Tien (Chairman) TSAO Ming-Hong (Vice Chairman) CHEN Shun Min HO Pei-Lin

Non-Executive Director

Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN

Independent Non-Executive Directors

LAM Ting Lok CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen)

COMPANY SECRETARY

TSE Kam Fai, FCIS, FCS, MHKIOD

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

CHEN Shun Min TSE Kam Fai, *FCIS, FCS, MHKIoD*

AUDIT COMMITTEE

LAM Ting Lok (Chairman) CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) (Chairman) CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen) KING Fong-Tien

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

KING Fong-Tien (Chairman) CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

KING Fong-Tien *(Chairman)* TSAO Ming-Hong CHEN Shun Min TSE Kam Fai

AUDITOR

KPMG Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clifton House 75 Fort Street P.O. Box 1350 GT George Town, Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1502, 15th Floor The Chinese Bank Building 61-65 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Appleby Corporate Services (Cayman) Ltd. Clifton House 75 Fort Street P.O. Box 1350 GT George Town, Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17/F Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Agricultural Bank of China Tianjin TEDA Branch International Development Building Tianjin Economic Development Area Tianjin, The PRC

China Construction Bank Suzhou High and New Technology Industrial Development Zone Branch No. 27, Shi Shan Road Suzhou New District Suzhou, Jiangsu Province The PRC

Bank Sinopac No. 1, Lane 236 Section 1, Tun Hua S. Road Taipei 106, Taiwan

Taipei Fubon Bank 6/F., No. 169 Section 4, Jen-Ai Road Taipei 106, Taiwan

STOCK CODE

319

WEBSITE

http://www.hkstockinfo.com/china_metal

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the Board, I would like to present to the shareholders the annual results and audited consolidated financial statements of China Metal International Holdings Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

In the year 2013, turnover growth rate was 7% and net profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company growth rate was 34%. The operation goal for the year 2014 was balance of growth of turnover and net profit. The Group recorded turnover of US\$346,855,000 in 2014 with an increase of 8% comparing to the 2013 turnover of US\$321,239,000. Net profit for 2014 of US\$41,034,000 seems to be level with the 2013 net profit of US\$41,028,000. However, the actual growth of 2014 net profit represented more than 11% if taken away the governmental subsidize of the CMB production plant relocation included in 2013 net profit. This net profit growth leveled with the 2014 turnover and represented a healthy operation.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group's revenue was US\$346,855,000 and the profit attributable to shareholders was US\$41,034,000.

MANAGEMENT HIGHLIGHT

The Group's 2013 net profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company has a substantial growth of 34% and exceeded the US\$40,000,000 threshold. This "quantity" leap led to the fundamental "intrinsic nature" change and is a proven evidence of "qualitative change" caused by "quantitative change".

Led by CMW, the CMI Group achieved prominent results by the introduction of DOSS (Dynamic Optimizing Setting System) management system in 2013. All staff were strictly adhered to the "5S" management and targeted at the rationalization and standardization of SOP, this led to a rise of production targets almost in all dimension, and eventually resulted in the condensing of centripetal forceand also stimulated morale of the working team.

FUTURE PROSPECT

The new ERP system has been introduced to the production plants and was anticipated to run well by the end of 2015. By that time, an effective real time management result could be expected, the management of different production plants would also be on the same platform. As a result thereof, their operation results could have a fair base for comparison.

In view of the basic wage increase at double-digit rate every year, the key to maintain competitiveness lie in production automation and manpower reduction in the coming years. The Group is very serious in using environmental protection, power saving and emission reduction means to improve working environment. It's an honor for the production plants to obtain certification in their application for *國家工信部首批鑄造行業准入審核"in 2014.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors recommend to the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 15 May 2015 a final dividend of US cent 1.00 per share (equivalent to HK cents 7.70) for the year ended 31 December 2014 to be paid on Wednesday, 3 June 2015 to the shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Friday, 22 May 2015.

APPRECIATION

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to the contributions by all our Directors, management team and all staff to the Group. Also thanks for the support from our business partners, investors and shareholders throughout all these years.

King Fong-Tien Chairman

Hong Kong, 27 March 2015

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group recorded revenue of US\$346,855,000 for the year 2014 and this constitutes a slight increase of 8.0% comparing to that of the year 2013. Sales of automobile parts and components has increased about 9.3% and expect to have further improvement due to recovery of the market demand and new items start to mass production in the year 2015. Sales of mechanical parts increased 0.8% nearly remain the same. Sales of compressor parts increased 18.1% due to the market demand of new items.

Gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to approximately US\$86,016,000 (2013: US\$77,925,000), representing a gross profit margin of 24.8% (2013: 24.3%).

Other revenue for year 2014 amounted to approximately US\$2,193,000 (2013: US\$7,232,000), the decrease mainly attributable to the lack of government grant for the relocation of production plant of CMB amounted to approximately US\$4,223,000 as recorded in 2013.

The income tax for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to US\$8,777,000 (2013: US\$6,451,000). The Group's effective tax rate for the year ended 31 December 2014 is 17.6% (2013: 13.6%). The increased effective tax rate was due to the net effect of the following: (1) the Group recognised the deferred tax liability of US\$1,961,000, for the non-deductible fixed assets depreciation expense difference arising from compensation income; (2) the Group recognised the deferred tax losses of CMB.

Profit from operations for the year ended 31 December 2014 was approximately US\$51,034,000 (2013: US\$48,040,000) or 14.7% (2013: 15.0%) of recorded turnover. Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to US\$41,034,000 (2013: US\$41,117,000).

Administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to US\$17,536,000 (2013: US\$15,806,000), representing an increase of about 10.9%. Administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue slightly increased to 5.1% as compared to 4.9% of the last corresponding period.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group remains a sound financial position. At 31 December 2014, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to US\$38,838,000 (2013: US\$30,384,000). At 31 December 2014, the Group's time deposits over three months amounted to 2,942,000 (2013: nil). At 31 December 2014, the Group had total banking facilities of approximately US\$127,592,000 (2013: US\$121,481,000) which were utilised to the extent of US\$67,803,000 (2013: US\$58,484,000). Unsecured bank loans amounted to US\$44,357,000 were repayable within 1 year, US\$6,429,000 were repayable after 1 year but within 2 years and US\$14,250,000 were repayable after 2 years but within 5 years, respectively (2013: US\$10,532,000, US\$10,000,000 and US\$33,250,000).

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

On 11 September 2014, options were exercised to subscribe for 1,880,000 ordinary shares in the Company at an aggregate consideration of HK\$4,737,600 (equivalent to US\$611,303) of which HK\$18,800 (equivalent to US\$2,426) was credited to share capital and the balance of HK\$4,718,800 (US\$608,877) was credited reserve to the share premium accounts.

The Company's total issued share capital as at 31 December 2014 was HK\$10,062,120 divided into 1,006,212,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.

The Group adopts a prudent financial policy, and its current ratio as at 31 December 2014 is 2.3 (2013: 2.9). The gearing ratio (a ratio of total loans to total assets) as at 31 December 2014 was 13.9% (2013: 12.0%). The Group continued to monitor debt collection policy so as to minimise the risks of sales on credit and to ensure that funds are timely collected.

As at 31 December 2014, earnings per share was US cents 4.08 compared to US cents 4.09 in the year 2013.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

The Group has not made any acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries during the year under review.

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

As at 31 December 2014, details of segmental information of the Group are set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

CMB recorded a segment loss of approximately US\$1,641,000 for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: segment profit of US\$3,099,000), the reason for the loss was mainly due to a longer start-up courses of the new plant. Many customers' tooling/moulds jammed in the pipeline for approval of mass production. The hold up could be gradually eased from the first half of 2015.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the average number of employees of the Group was 3,924 (2013: 3,818). The Group's staff costs (excluding Directors' fees) amounted to US\$38,600,000 (2013: US\$35,809,000). The remuneration policy of the Company is reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee and is in line with the prevailing market practice. On 3 January 2011, an aggregate of 22,300,000 options were granted to the eligible participants under the share option scheme of the Company adopted on 8 December 2004.

The Company adopted a new share option scheme on 13 May 2014 and the old share option scheme was terminated from 13 May 2014. Options granted prior to such termination will continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the rules of the old share option scheme. There is no impact on the existing share options granted.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed social welfare scheme operated by the local government of the PRC. Under the scheme, the Group provides retirement, medical, employment injury, unemployment and maternity benefits to its employees in the PRC in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations. The Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of their payroll costs to the social welfare scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the social welfare scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The Directors and all members of the senior management of the Group, being non-PRC citizens, are not entitled to the state-managed social welfare scheme operated by the local government in the PRC. However, the senior management of the Group, being non-PRC citizens, has been provided a defined-benefit retirement scheme which is administrated by China Metal Products Company Limited ("CMP") in Taiwan during the year. During the year under review, the Group reimbursed US\$232,000 to CMP as the Group's share of contribution to such retirement scheme (2013: US\$175,000). The Group is not obliged to incur any liability beyond the contribution.

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2014, bank deposits of US\$2,260,000 (2013: US\$1,801,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

The new ERP system has been introduced to the production plants and was anticipated to run well by the end of 2015. By that time, an effective real time management result could be expected, the management of different production plants would also be on the same platform. As a result thereof, their operation results could have a fair base for comparison.

In view of the basic wage increase at double-digit rate every year, the key to maintain competitiveness lies in production automation and manhour reduction in the coming years. The Group is very serious in using environmental protection, power saving and emission reduction means to improve working environment. It's an honor for the production plants to obtain certification in their application for "國家工信部首批鑄造行業准入審核" in 2014.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

Most of the sales made to overseas customers are denominated in United States dollars. As the Group focuses on developing an international customer base and its export sales are expected to grow, the Group may be exposed to higher currency risk in relation to sales denominated in United States dollars, Euros and other currencies and the profitability of the Group may be affected by significant currency rates fluctuation.

The Renminbi currently is not a freely convertible currency. A portion of the Group's Renminbi revenue or profit may be converted into other currencies to meet foreign currency obligations of the Group such as the payment of dividends, if declared.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments in respect of purchase of property, plant and equipment outstanding and not provided for in the financial statements of the Group as at 31 December 2014 amounted to US\$6,357,000 (2013: US\$2,421,000).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2014, the Group has no material contingent liabilities.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors recommend to the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 15 May 2015 a final dividend of US cent 1.00 per share (equivalent to HK cents 7.70) for the year ended 31 December 2014 to be paid on Wednesday, 3 June 2015 to the shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Friday, 22 May 2015.

The Company is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standard and procedures to ensure the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure in order to enhance the shareholders' value.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Company has all along committed to fulfilling its responsibilities to its shareholders by ensuring that the proper processes for supervision and management of the Group's businesses are duly operated and reviewed and that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established throughout the year ended 31 December 2014.

The Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") as its own code of corporate governance.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Company was in compliance with all code provisions set out in the CG Code except for the deviations as explained below:

- under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the role of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual, but the Company has not appointed a chief executive and the role and functions of chief executive have been performed by all the executive Directors, including the Chairman, collectively.
- under code provision D.1.4 of the CG Code, the Company should have formal letters of appointment for directors setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. The Company did not have formal letters of appointment for Directors except Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 15 May 2012, Ms. Chen Shun-Min, who was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 28 March 2013, and Mr. Lam Ting Lok, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 7 August 2013. However, all Directors shall be subject to retirement in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles"). In addition, the Directors are required to refer to the guidelines set out in "A Guide on Directors' Duties" issued by the Companies Registry and "Guidelines for Directors" and "Guide for Independent Nonexecutive Directors" (if applicable) published by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors in performing their duties and responsibilities as Directors. Besides, the Directors are required to comply with the requirements under statue and common law, the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements and the Company's business and governance policies. On 26 March 2014, the Company entered into service agreement with each of Mr. King Fong-Tien, Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong, Ms. Chen Shun Min and Ms. Ho Pei-Lin and appointment letter with each of Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen and Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu.
- under code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, the non-executive director should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. Mr. Christian Odgaard Pederson, the non-executive Director, and Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu, an independent non-executive Director, were not appointed for a specific term. However, all the non-executive Directors are subject to the retirement by rotation at least once every three years in accordance with the Articles. Following the signing of the appointment letters issued by the Company by Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen and Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu on 26 March 2014 for a term of three years commencing from 26 March 2014, all the non-executive Directors were appointed for a specific term.

Save as those mentioned above and in the opinion of the Directors, the Company has met the code provisions set out in the CG Code during the year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

The Company confirms that, having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2014.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company, and is responsible for setting up the overall strategy as well as reviewing the operation and financial performance of the Group. The Board reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering overall Group strategy, major acquisitions and disposals, annual budgets, annual and interim results, recommendations on Directors' appointment or reappointment, approval of major capital transactions and other significant operational and financial matters. The management was delegated the authority and responsibility by the Board for the daily management of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees. Further details of these committees are set out in this report.

The Board currently consists of eight Directors including four executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. KING Fong-Tien (Chairman) Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong (Vice-Chairman) Ms. CHEN Shun Min Ms. HO Pei-Lin

Non-executive Director

Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. LAM Ting Lok Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen)

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board. The composition of the Board reflects the balanced skills and experience for effective leadership. The biographical information of the Directors are set out on pages 24 to 27 under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management".

The Board decides on corporate strategies, approves overall business plans and evaluates the Group's financial performance and management. Specific tasks that the Board delegates to the Group's management include the implementation of strategies approved by the Board, the monitoring of operating budgets, the implementation of internal controls procedures, and the ensuring of compliance with relevant statutory requirements and other rules and regulations.

Directors' Training

According to the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant. The CG Committee is delegated the responsibility by the Board of reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management.

All Directors have participated in continuous professional development and provided a record of training they received for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 to the Company. In addition to their own participation in professional training, relevant training was provided to the Directors by the Company in the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

The Company has also continuously updated Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

The individual training record of each Director received for the year ended 31 December 2014 is set out below:

Name of Director

Mr. KING Fong-Tien Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong Ms. CHEN Shun Min Ms. HO Pei-Lin Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN Mr. LAM Ting Lok Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang Attending or participating in seminars/ workshops or working in technical committee relevant to the Group's business/directors' duties

All the Directors also understand the importance of continuous professional development and are committed to participate in suitable training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

Chairman and Chief Executive

Up to the date of this report, the Company has not appointed a chief executive and the role and functions of chief executive have been performed by all the executive Directors, including the Chairman, of the Company collectively. The Board considered this has the advantages of allowing contributions from all executive Directors with different expertise.

Non-executive Directors

The non-executive Director and the three independent non-executive Directors are persons of high caliber, with academic and professional qualifications in the fields of accounting, financial management, securities investment and consultancy. With their experience gained from various sectors, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board. Each independent non-executive Director gives an annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company, and the Company considers them to be independent under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

All the non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors were appointed for a specific term, and they are also subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Articles.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy on 12 August 2013 (the "Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company recognises that increasing diversity at the Board level will support the attainment of the Company's strategic objectives and sustainable development. The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Company will also take into consideration its own business model and specific needs from time to time in determining the optimum composition of the Board.

Board Meetings

The Board has four scheduled meetings a year at quarterly interval and additional meetings will be held as and when required. The four scheduled Board meetings for a year are planned in advance. During the regular meetings of the Board, the Board reviewed the operation and financial performance and reviewed and approved the annual and interim results.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Board held 4 meetings. All Directors are given an opportunity to include any matters in the agenda for regular Board meetings, and are given sufficient time to review documents and information relating to matters to be discussed in Board meetings in advance.

Name of Director		Number of attendance
Name of Director		Number of affendance

Mr. KING Fong-Tien	
Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong	
Ms. CHEN Shun Min	
Ms. HO Pei-Lin (Note 1)	
Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN	
Mr. LAM Ting Lok	
Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu	
Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang	
Mr. WU Cheng-Tao (Note 2)	

Notes: 1. Ms. HO Pei-Lin was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 26 March 2014 and 3 Board meetings were held after her appointment.

2. Mr. WU Cheng-Tao retired as an executive Director of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 9 May 2014, and 2 Board meetings were held before his retirement.

Board minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by the Directors. Every Board member is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, and has the liberty to seek external professional advice if so required.

Appropriate insurance cover has been arranged in respect of relevant actions against its Directors.

GENERAL MEETING

During the year ended 31 December 2014, 1 general meeting of the Company, being the 2014 annual general meeting, was held on 9 May 2014 ("2014 AGM").

Name of Director	Number of attendance
Mr. KING Fong-Tien Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong Ms. CHEN Shun Min Ms. HO Pei-Lin <i>(Note 1)</i> Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN Mr. LAM Ting Lok Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang	1/1 1/1 1/1 0/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1
Mr. WU Cheng-Tao <i>(Note 2)</i>	0/1

Note: 1. Ms. HO Pei-Lin was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 26 March 2014, the general meeting was held after her appointment.

2. Mr. WU Cheng-Tao retired as an executive Director of the Company at the said general meeting.

The Board is responsible for maintaining an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, uses annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with them and encourage their participation. Mr. KING Fong-Tien, being the Chairman of the Board and the chairman of the Nomination Committee, and Mr. LAM Ting Lok, being the chairman of the Audit Committee, attended the 2014 AGM to answer questions and collect views of shareholders.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

In considering the nomination of new Directors, the Board will take into account the qualification, ability, working experience, leadership and professional ethics of the candidates, especially their experience in the metals casting industry and/or other professional area.

Before the Company established the Nomination Committee on 28 March 2012, the full Board is responsible for the selection and approval of candidate for appointment as Director to the Board.

The terms of reference adopted by the Nomination Committee is aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code, and is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The Nomination Committee currently consists of one executive Director, namely Mr. KING Fong-Tien (as chairman) and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu and Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang.

The Nomination Committee is mainly responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the group's strategies, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular Chairman and chief executive.

The Board delegated certain duties under the Policy to the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee will discuss and review the measurable objectives for implementing the Policy from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and the progress made towards achieving those objectives will be ascertained.

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its continued effectiveness from time to time.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2014, the Nomination Committee held 1 meeting to (1) review the Board composition, (2) review the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, (3) consider the reelection of retiring Directors, and (4) consider the nomination of Director.

Nomination Committee member

Mr. KING Fong-Tien Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsana

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Company established a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") on 8 December 2004 and currently consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (as chairman) and Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang, and one executive Director, namely Mr. KING Fong-Tien.

The terms of reference adopted by the Remuneration Committee is aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code and is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The functions of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure on the remuneration packages for all Directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for development remuneration policy.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2014, the Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting for reviewing the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management and making recommendation on the remuneration of new Director.

Remuneration Committee members	Number of attendance
Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu	1/1
Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang	1/1
Mr. KING Fong Tien	1/1

The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 8 December 2004. The purpose of the share option scheme is to enable the Board to grant options to selected eligible participants to motivate them and to optimize their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group. Details of the share option scheme are set out in the Report of the Directors.

The emolument payable to Directors and senior management will depend on their respective contractual terms under the employment agreements, if any, and is fixed by the Board with reference to the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, the performance of the group and the prevailing market conditions. Details of the remuneration of the Directors are set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

Senior Management's Remuneration

Senior Management's remuneration payment of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 falls within the following bands:

Number of individuals

4

4

Nil to US\$100,000 US\$100,001 to US\$200,000 Number of attendance

1/11/11/1

Number of attendance

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") on 8 December 2004. The Audit Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. LAM Ting Lok (as chairman), Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu and Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang.

The terms of reference adopted by the Audit Committee are aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code, and is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditors and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditors; reviewing the quarterly, interim and annual reports and accounts of the Group; and overseeing the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedures.

The Audit Committee meets the external auditors at least two times a year to discuss any area of concern during the audit or review. The Audit Committee reviews the interim and annual reports before submission to the Board. The Audit Committee focuses not only on the impact of the changes in accounting policies and practices but also on the compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the legal requirements in the review of the Company's interim and annual report. The Audit Committee reviewed annually the existing internal control system of the Group.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2014, the Audit Committee held 3 meetings.

Audit Committee member

Mr. LAM Ting Lok	3/3
Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu	3/3
Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang	3/3

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The Company established a corporate governance committee (the "CG Committee"), with written terms of reference, on 28 March 2012. The CG Committee currently comprises three executive Directors, namely Mr. KING Fong-Tien (as chairman), Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong and Ms. CHEN Shun-Min, and the Company Secretary of the Company, Mr. TSE Kam Fai.

Terms of reference adopted by the CG Committee is aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code.

The functions of the CG Committee are to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance to comply with the CG Code and other legal or regulatory requirements and make recommendations to the Board; to oversee the Company's orientation program for new Director; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and to review the Company's disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2014, the CG Committee held 1 meeting to review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; to review the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; and to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code.

CG Committee member

Number of attendance

Number of attendance

Mr. KING Fong-Tien	1/1
Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong	1/1
Ms. CHEN Shun-Min	1/1
Mr. TSE Kam Fai	1/1
Mr. Will Cheng-Tao. (Note)	1/1
Mr. WU Cheng-Tao <i>(Note)</i>	1/1

Note: Mr. WU Cheng-Tao retired as an executive Director at the 2014 AGM and one meeting was held before his retirement.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year under review, the remuneration paid/payable to the Company's auditors, KPMG, is set out below:

Services rendered	Fee paid/payable RMB\$'000
Audit services Non-audit services	3,150
	3,150

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company engages an external professional company secretarial services provider, Uni-1 Corporate Services Limited ("Uni-1"), to provide compliance and full range of company secretarial services to the Group in order to assist the Group to cope with the changing regulatory environment.

Mr. TSE Kam Fai ("Mr. Tse"), the representative of Uni-1, was appointed as the named Company Secretary of the Company.

Ms. CHEN Shun Min, an executive Director and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, is the primary point of contact at the Company for the Company Secretary.

According to the requirements of Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Tse, being a person who was a company secretary of an issuer before 31 December 1994, will take no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training for the financial year commencing on 1 January 2017.

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting.

Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Shareholders may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company according to the provisions as set out in the Articles and The Companies Law (2011 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The procedures shareholders can use to convene an extraordinary general meeting are set out in the document entitled "Procedures for a Shareholder to Propose a Person for Election as a Director", which is currently available on the Company's website.

Putting enquiries by shareholders to the Board

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

Procedures for putting forward proposals by shareholders at shareholders' meeting

Shareholders should follow the procedures set out in the sub-section headed "Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting" above for putting forward proposals for discussion at general meeting.

VOTING BY POLL

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands. As such, all the resolutions to be set out in the notice of 2015 AGM will be voted by poll.

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. Mr. King Fong-Tien, being the Chairman of the Board and the chairman of the Nomination Committee and the CG Committee, and Mr. Lam Ting Lok, being the chairman of the Audit Committee, attended the 2014 AGM. The annual report together with the relevant circular are distributed to all the shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the annual general meeting.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company is committed to a policy of open and regular communication and reasonable disclosure of information to its shareholders. Information of the Company is disseminated to the shareholders in the following manner:

- Delivery of annual and interim results and reports to all shareholders;
- Publication of announcements on the annual and interim results on the website of The Stock Exchange and the Company's website, and issue of other announcements and shareholders' circulars in accordance with the continuing disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and
- The general meeting of the Company is also an effective communication channel between the Board and shareholders.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Company's financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, the Board has selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the accounts on a going concern basis. The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

INTERNAL CONTROL

Management had implemented a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Group's assets are safeguarded, proper accounting records are maintained, appropriate legislation and regulations are complied with, reliable financial information are provided for management and publication purpose and investment and business risks affecting the Group are identified and managed.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Board has conducted a review of the system of internal control to ensure the effectiveness and adequacy of the system. The Board shall conduct such review at least once annually.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company is pleased to submit their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company and the subsidiaries are principally engaged in design, development, manufacture and sale of customized metal castings for use in various industries. As part of its integrated services, the Group also provides moulding, machining and coating services to its customers.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 29 to 85.

An interim dividend of US cent 0.88 (equivalent to HK cents 6.82) per ordinary share was paid to the shareholders during the year. The Directors recommend to the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 15 May 2015 (*2015 AGM") a final dividend of US cent 1.00 per share (equivalent to HK cents 7.70) for the year ended 31 December 2014 to be paid on Wednesday, 3 June 2015 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Friday, 22 May 2015.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For determining the identity of the shareholders to attend and vote at the 2015 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 14 May 2015 to Friday, 15 May 2015, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2015 AGM, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 13 May 2015.

For determining the entitlement of the shareholders to the proposed final dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed on Friday, 22 May 2015, no transfer of shares will be registered on that date. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 21 May 2015.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital for the year ended 31 December 2014 are set out in note 25(c) to the consolidated financial statements. Shares were issued during the year on exercise of share options.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles") or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2014.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2014, the Company's reserves available for distribution to the shareholders amounted to approximately US\$152,378,000 (2013: US\$181,067,000).

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. KING Fong-Tien *(Chairman)* Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong *(Vice Chairman)* Ms. CHEN Shun Min Ms. HO Pei-Lin Mr. WU Cheng-Tao

Non-executive Director

Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. LAM Ting Lok Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu) Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen)

In accordance with Article 108(a) of the Articles, Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong, Ms. CHEN Shun Min and Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu will retire by rotation at the forthcoming 2015 AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

INDEPENDENCE CONFIRMATION

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Director of the Company, an annual confirmation of the independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules"). The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

The Company adopted a share option scheme ("Old Scheme") on 8 December 2004 and terminated the same pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 9 May 2014, and the Company adopted a new share option scheme ("2014 Scheme") on 13 May 2014 pursuant to a resolution passed at the above meeting. The purpose of both share option schemes is to enable the Board, at its discretion, to grant options to any eligible participants who include Directors and employees as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group. Under both schemes, the Directors may grant options to eligible participants, including directors of the Company, its subsidiaries, to subscribe for shares in the Company.

The principal terms of the 2014 Scheme are summarized as follows:

(1) The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the 2014 Scheme and under any other share option scheme of the Company must not exceed 10% of total issued shares of the Company in issue as at the date of passing the relevant resolution for approving and adopting the 2014 Scheme, being 100,433,200 shares, unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from the shareholders, and which must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.

As at the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the 2014 Scheme is 100,433,200 shares, which represents approximately 9.98% of the total existing issued shares.

(2) The total number of shares which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the 2014 Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to each eligible participant in any 12-month period up to date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the issued shares as at the date of grant.

(appointed on 26 March 2014) (retired on 9 May 2014)

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- (3) The exercise price shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, but will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.
- (4) An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the 2014 Scheme at any time after the date the option is deemed to be granted and accepted and prior to the expiry of 10 years from that date. The period during which an option may exercise will be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted.
- (5) Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant.
- (6) Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, the 2014 Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption, i.e. 13 May 2014.

Details of the 2014 Scheme are set out in the circular of the Company dated 7 April 2014.

Details of the movement in the share options granted under the Old Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2014 are as follows:-

					Number o	f share options	
Grantees	Date of grant of share options	Exercisable period	Exercise price of share options (HK\$)	Outstanding at 1 January 2014	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31 December 2014
Directors							
Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 (Note 1)	2.52	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Ms. CHEN Shun Min	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 (Note 1)	2.52	900,000	-	-	900,000
Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 (Note 1)	2.52	300,000	-	-	300,000
Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021 (Note 1)	2.52	300,000	(120,000)	-	180,000
Sub-total				2,500,000	(120,000)		2,380,000
Former Director							
Mr. WU Cheng-Tao (Note 2)	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021	2.52	600,000	-	(600,000)	-
Employees							
In aggregate	03.01.2011	03.01.2014 to 02.01.2021	2.52	9,600,000	(1,760,000)	(700,000)	7,140,000
Total				12,700,000	(1,880,000)	(1,300,000)	9,520,000

Notes:

- 1. 40% of the above share options are exercisable from 3 January 2014; 30% of the share options are exercisable from 3 January 2015; and the remaining 30% of the share options are exercisable from 3 January 2016.
- 2. Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao retired as an executive Director of the Company on 9 May 2014.

No options were granted under the Old Scheme and the 2014 Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of Mr. King Fong-Tien, Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong, Ms. Chen Shun-Min and Ms. Ho Pei-Lin entered into service agreement with the Company on 26 March 2014 for a term of three years commencing from 26 March 2014 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 15 May 2012, signed an appointment letter issued by the Company for a term of three years commencing from 15 May 2012 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Mr. Lam Ting Lok, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 7 August 2013, signed an appointment letter issued by the Company for a term of three years commencing from 7 August 2013 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Each of Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen and Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu signed an appointment letter issued by the Company for a term of three years commencing from 26 March 2014 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Save as aforesaid, none of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the 2015 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No Director had a significant beneficial interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At 31 December 2014, the interest or short positions of the Directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the stock exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provision of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for securities transactions by Directors of Listed Issuer ("Model Code"), were set out below:

Interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name of Directors	Type of Interests	Long position/ Short position	Number of ordinary shares of the Company held	Approximate percentage of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company
Mr. TSAO Ming-Hong	Beneficial interest	Long position	7,373,766 (Note 1)	0.73%
	Family interest	Long position	166,386 (Note 2)	0.02%
Ms. CHEN Shun Min	Beneficial interest	Long position	5,595,320 (Note 3)	0.56%
Ms. HO Pei-Lin	Beneficial interest	Long position	803,193	0.08%
	Family interest	Long position	861,435 (Note 4)	0.09%
Mr. Christian Odgaard PEDERSEN	Beneficial interest	Long position	1,800,000 (Note 5)	0.18%
Mrs. CHIU LIN Mei-Yu	Beneficial interest	Long position	300,000 (Note 6)	0.03%
Mr. CHEN Pou-Tsang	Beneficial interest	Long position	212,000	0.02%

Notes:

- 1. Included interest in 1,000,000 shares derived from the share options granted by the Company, details are set out in the section headed "Share Option Schemes".
- 2. Pursuant to section 316 of the SFO, Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong is deemed to be interested in 166,386 shares held by his spouse, Ms. Lin Hsiu Man.
- 3. Included interest in 900,000 shares derived from the share options granted by the Company, details are set out in the section headed "Share Option Schemes".
- 4. Pursuant to section 316 of the SFO, Ms. Ho Pei-Lin is deemed to be interested in 861,435 shares held by her spouse, Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao.
- 5. Included interest in 300,000 shares derived from the share options granted by the Company, details are set out in the section headed "Share Option Schemes".
- 6. Included interest in 180,000 shares derived from the share options granted by the Company, details as set out in the section headed "Share Option Schemes".

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS/OTHER PERSONS RECORDED IN THE REGISTER KEPT UNDER SECTION 336 OF THE SFO

At 31 December 2014, so far as is known to the Directors and chief executives of the Company, the interests or short positions of substantial shareholders/other persons in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Interests and short positions of substantial shareholders in shares and underlying shares of the Company

			Number of ordinary	Approximate percentage of the issued ordinary
Name	Capacity	Long position/ Short position	shares of the Company held of	share capital the Company
China Metal Products Company Limited ("CMP")	Controlled corporation	Long position	525,450,059	52.22%
United Elite Agents Limited ("UEA") <i>(Note)</i>	Beneficial interest	Long position	525,450,059	52.22%
Vald Birns Holding A/S	Beneficial interest	Long position	102,298,922	10.17%
Delta Lloyd Asset Management NV	Investment manager	Long position	70,316,000	6.99%

Note: UEA is wholly and beneficially owned by CMP, a company incorporated in Taiwan whose shares are listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation.

Save as disclosed above, no other parties were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO as having interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as at 31 December 2014.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions as set out in the Model Code in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Save as aforesaid, the Company confirms that, having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2014.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group has the following connected transactions:

Continuing Connected Transactions

The following continuing connected transactions (as defined in the Listing Rules) for the Company are exempt under Rule 14A.76(2) of the Listing Rules:

 On 26 March 2014, the Company and China Metal Automotive International Co., Limited ("CMAI"), a nonwholly owned subsidiary of CMP, entered into a services agreement ("CMAI Services Agreement"). Pursuant to the CMAI Services Agreement, the Group has continued to appoint CMAI to provide logistic agency services to the Group for its sales in US, Canada and Europe with retrospective effect from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2016.

The annual cap for the fees payable by the Group to CMAI pursuant to the CMAI Services Agreement for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 is US\$1,500,000.

2.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the aggregate fees paid by the Group to CMAI pursuant to the CMAI Services Agreement amounted to US\$1,334,845.29.

On 26 March 2014, the Company and China Metal Japan Co., Ltd. ("CMJ"), a non-wholly owned subsidiary of CMP, entered into a services agreement ("CMJ Services Agreement"). Pursuant to the CMJ Services Agreement, the Group has continued to appoint CMJ to provide logistic agency services to the Group for its sales in Japan with retrospective effect from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2016.

The annual cap for the fees payable by the Group CMJ pursuant to the CMJ Services Agreement for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 is US\$800,000.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the aggregate fees paid by the Group to CMJ pursuant to the CMJ Services Agreement amounted to US\$\$326,355.52.

3. On 26 March 2014, CMB (Hong Kong) Company Limited ("CMB (HK)"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a master supply agreement ("2014 Master Supply Agreement") with Vald. Birn A/S ("Birn"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, pursuant to which, CMB (HK) shall supply to Birn the Relevant Products (as defined in the 2014 Master Supply Agreement) on a long-term and ongoing basis with retrospective effect from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2016.

The annual cap for sale of the Relevant Products to Birn for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 is US\$600,000.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the sale of the Relevant Products to Birn amounted to US\$1,417,434 which exceeded the annual cap.

The Company published an announcement on 9 March 2015 to report the exceeded annual cap and revised the annual cap of Birn under the 2014 Master Supply Agreement for the two financial years ending 31 December 2015 and 2016 to US\$2,000,000 respectively.

To prevent the recurrence of similar event, the Company has resolved to implement the following remedial actions:

- (i) continuous training on connected transaction will be extended to accounting staff, internal auditor and senior management on a regular basis;
- (ii) the existing data base relating to continuing connected transactions (including identity of connected persons, annual cap amount, monthly transaction amount and cumulated amount etc) will be reviewed to ensure accuracy; and
- (iii) an independent firm of auditor will be engaged to further review the control system on continuing connected transaction monitoring and reporting.

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that the transactions have been entered into:

- 1. in the ordinary and usual course of the Group's business;
- 2. on normal commercial terms; and
- 3. have been carried out in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements governing such transactions that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The auditor of the Company has also performed an assurance engagement and issued a letter to the Board confirming that based on the procedures carried out on the continuing connected transactions, except the sales of casting products to Vald Birn A/S amounting to US\$1,417,434 during the year ended 31 December 2014 exceeded the maximum aggregate annual value of US\$600,000, nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the transaction:

- (i) has not been approved by the Board;
- (ii) was not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreement governing such transaction; and
- (iii) has exceeded the maximum aggregate annual value disclosed in the previous announcement dated 26 March 2014 made by the Company in respect of each of the disclosed continuing connected transactions.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group focuses on developing an international customer base which mainly includes air conditioner manufacturers and air conditioner compressor manufacturers, refrigerator compressor manufacturer, automobile manufacturers and automobile part and component manufacturers; and other industrial manufacturers. Most of the suppliers of the Group were located in the PRC. During the year, the Group did not enter into any long-term procurement contract with its suppliers.

During the year, the percentage of sales attributable to the largest customer and the five largest customers of the group is 14% and 48% respectively.

The largest supplier and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 7% and 26% of the total purchases of the Group respectively.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules during the year and up to the date of this report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee on 8 December 2004 with written terms of reference, which was revised on 28 March 2012 to comply with the relevant code provisions set out in the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lam Ting Lok (as chairman), Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu and Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang. The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited annual financial report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the 2015 AGM for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board China Metal International Holdings Inc. King Fong-Tien Chairman

Hong Kong, 27 March 2015

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EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. King Fong-Tien, aged 67, was appointed as the Chairman and an executive Director of the Company on 14 October 2011. He is the chairman of the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the corporate governance committee (the "CG Committee") and a member of the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") of the Company. Mr. King graduated from National Chiao Tung University with a Master Degree. He has extensive experience in management. Mr. King was appointed as a director of CMP, the controlling shareholder of the Company and a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, in May 2008 and was appointed as the president in September 2011 and mainly responsible for the overall business management of CMP, and a director of CMAI, a 94% subsidiary of CMP. Mr. King was a vice president of Grant Unique-Trader & Co., Ltd., a company specializing in export business in Taiwan, during the period from 1986 to 1989, the founder and president of Xer International Inc., a company selling home appliances in Taiwan, during the period from 1986 to 1989, the founder and president of Xer International Inc., a company Limited, a company specializing in research and selling of audio-visual products in Taiwan.

Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong, aged 66, was appointed as the vice-chairman and an executive Director of the Company on 8 December 2004. He is a member of the CG Committee. Mr. Tsao is responsible for the supervision of the execution of the overall business strategies of the Group. Mr. Tsao graduated from World College of Journalism in Taiwan, majoring in journalism administration in July 1969. Mr. Tsao has more than 38 years of experience in casting industry. He joined the Group in 1994. He is currently a director of each of Tian Jin CMT Industry Company Limited ("CMT"), Suzhou CMS Machinery Company Limited ("CMS"), CMW (Tianjin) Industry Company Ltd. ("CMWT") and Suzhou CMB Machinery Co., Limited ("CMB"), all are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company. He is also the vice chairman of CMP, a director of CMJ, a 83.3% subsidiary of CMP and a director of CMAI.

Ms. Chen Shun-Min, aged 55, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 28 March 2013. She is the Chief Financial Officer and executive vice general manager of the Company. She was appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company in 2005. Ms. Chen is a member of the CG Committee. Apart from leading the finance and accounts functions of the Group, Ms. Chen is also responsible for the supervision of the operating plants in the PRC. Ms. Chen graduated from Chihlee Institute of Technology in Taiwan, majoring in international business in 1981. She joined the Group in 1994 and still holds position as the special assistant to chairman of CMP. She is also a supervisor of CMAI and Far Hsing Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("Far Hsing").

Ms. Ho Pei-Lin, aged 43, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 26 March 2014. She is a member of the CG Committee. She has over 10 years' experience in finance and derivative instruments. She graduated from the Department of Business Administration of Soochow University in 1993. She has been the trader of bonds, head of capital movement and the training speaker of Grand Cathay Securities Corporation during the period from 1993 to 1997. She has been the vice president of JP Morgan Chase Bank in charge of the forex, design and trading of derivative financial instrument during the period from 1997 to 2003. During the period from 2003 to 2012, she was a volunteer of Da Ai Tsu Chi for the public relation and human education. Ms. Ho is a daughter of Mr. Ho Ming-Shiann, the general manager of the Company and a founder of the Group.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen, aged 68, was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company on 8 December 2004. Mr. Pedersen graduated from Arhus School of Business with a diploma in business administration in 1973. Mr. Pedersen is currently managing director of Vald. Birn Holding A/S, a substantial shareholder of the Company, and the chairman of Birn Foundation. Mr. Pedersen is a board member of each of Jysk/Fynsk Kapitalanlæg A/S and Nupark Innovation A/S and the chairman of Danspin A/S. Mr. Pedersen is also the vice chairman of the Faerch Foundations.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lam Ting Lok, aged 42, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and the chairman of the audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") on 7 August 2013. Mr. Lam has over 15 years' experience in the accounting and financial industry. He has extensive experience in IPO, M&A, fund raising and corporate advisory. He started his career in KPMG from 1995 to January 2000. He then moved on to the investment banking division of ICEA Capital Limited from February 2000 to October 2004, and worked at REXCAPITAL (Hong Kong) Limited as a corporate finance manager from April 2006 and as an associate director from October 2007 to December 2010. He is now the managing director of Amasse Capital Limited. He has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Wonderful Sky Financial Group Holdings Limited (HKSE Stock Code: 1260) since March 2012. Mr. Lam has been an independent non-executive director of each of Enterprise Development Holdings Limited (HKSE Stock Code: 1808) during the period between March 2011 and October 2014, and EPI (Holdings) Limited (HKSE Stock Code: 689) during the period between April 2013 and January 2014. Mr. Lam holds a bachelor's degree in Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a charterholder of the Chartered Financial Analyst.

Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu (also known as Mary Lin Chiu), aged 67, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 8 December 2004. She is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee. Mrs. Chiu graduated from National Taiwan University with a bachelor degree of law in 1969 and from University of San Francisco with a master degree of public administration in 1986. Mrs. Chiu is currently the responsible person of Jiu Mau Management Consulting Co., Ltd. Mrs. Chiu is a licensed realtor in California, the USA.

Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang (also known as Angus P.T. Chen), aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 15 May 2012. He is a member of each of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Chen graduated from the Department of Management Science of National Chiao Tung University with a Bachelor Degree in 1976 and the University of California, Los Angeles in United States with a Master Degree of Business Administration in 1981. Mr. Chen has 30 years' experience in financial industry. Mr. Chen worked at Citibank National Association, Taiwan Branch ("Citybank, Taipei") and served as the assistant manager, manager, assistant vice president and vice president during the period from 1981 to 1989. He was a member of the founding team of Bank Sinopac ("BSP"), participated in the establishment preparation since 1989, Mr. Chen served as the manager, the vice president and the senior vice president of BSP since its incorporation in January 1992, and responsible for credit risk management, e-commerce, human resources, general administration, legal affairs and premises security. He served as the president of BSP during the period from October 2001 to May 2009. Mr. Chen was also acted as the director of Far East National Bank, the subsidiary of BSP in America, and promoted as the chairman since the end of year 2008. After his retirement since year 2009, Mr. Chen founded Jada Investment limited. He also joined Ming Capital Ltd., a company mainly participated in overseas investment, as a director in year 2010 and representing Ming Capital Ltd. to act as a director of NIT Education group. Mr. Chen founded 中華樹和教育文化協會 (China Shuhe Education and Cultural Association), a non-profit organization devoted to promote the cultural exchange between the college students of Mainland China and Taiwan, at the end of year 2010, and elected as the chairman. He also funded 財團法人樹和教育基金會 (Shehe Education Foundation) in April 2013, a non-profit organization to provide free after-school tutoring to primary school children from disadvantaged families in Taichung City and serves as chairman.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Tse Kam Fai, aged 51, was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company on 8 December 2004. Mr. Tse is a fellow member of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. He is also a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. He is currently the company secretary of another listed company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange and three companies whose shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange. He is also an executive director of a local professional firm providing regulatory compliance, corporate governance and corporate secretarial services to listed and unlisted corporations. Mr. Tse has more than 20 years' experience in handling listed company secretarial and compliance related matters.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Ho Ming-Shiann, aged 68, is the general manager of the Company and a founder of the Group. He is responsible for the formulation of the overall business strategies of the Group. Mr. Ho graduated from World College of Journalism in Taiwan, majoring in journalism administration in July 1969. Mr. Ho has more than 40 years of experience in casting industry. He is currently the chairman of CMP, a director of each of Capital Charm Associates Limited, CMP (Hong Kong) Industry Company Limited, CMW (Cayman Islands) Co., Ltd., CMWT, CMT, CMS, CMB and CMB (HK), all are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, as well as the chairman of Far Hsing. Mr. Ho is also a committee member of Taiwan Casting Industry Association and a member of Taiwan Foundry Society.

Mr. Yen Fu-Shan, aged 53, is the vice president of CMS and CMB. He is responsible for the execution of the overall business and the management of the production operations of the CMS and CMB. Mr. Yen graduated from Shu-tech Junior Technology College in Taiwan, majoring in industrial engineering in 1988. Mr. Yen has more than 20 years of experience in casting industry. Mr. Yen joined the Group in 1996 and had held the position of the manager of the administration division of CMT. He was appointed as the director of the administration division of CMT in 2002. He was also appointed as the director of the administration division of CMS in 2009. He was appointed as the vice president of CMB in 2011.

Mr. Chang Shih-Chuan, aged 60, is the vice president of CMT. He is responsible for the execution of the overall business and the management of the production operations of the CMT. Mr. Chang graduated from National Taipei University of Technology in Taiwan, majoring in mining and metallurgical engineering. Mr. Chang has more than 28 years of experience in casting industry. Mr. Chang joined the Group in 2005 and held the position of assistant manager of the casting division of CMT and CMS. He was appointed as the director of the casting division of CMS in 2006. He was appointed as the vice president of CMWT in 2009. He was appointed as the vice president of CMT in 2011.

Mr. Wang Kuo-Nien, aged 45, is the vice president of CMW. He is responsible for the execution of the overall business and the management of the production operations of the CMW. Mr. Wang graduated from National Taipei University of Technology with a diploma in mining and metallurgical engineering in June 1992. Mr. Wang joined the Group in 2000 and had held the position of assistant manager of the administration division of CMT and CMS. He was appointed as the manager of the production management division of CMS in November 2006. He was appointed as the vice president of CMW in 2012.

Mr. Lee Hsiu-Hu, aged 62, is the director of the casting division of CMS and CMB. He is responsible for the operations of the casting division of CMS and CMB and participates in the construction and maintenance of new foundry. Mr. Lee graduated from Oriental Institute of Technology, majoring in electrical and mechanical studies in 1975. He has more than 27 years of experience in casting industry. Mr. Lee joined the Group in 1993 and had held the position of manager of the engineering division of CMS. He was appointed as the manager of the casting division of CMS in 2007. He was appointed as the director of the casting division of CMS in 2012, and the director of the casting division of CMB in 2013.

Mr. Wu Chin-Hsiu, aged 53, is the manager of the machining division of CMS. He is responsible for the operations of the production and technology R&D of the machining division of CMS. Mr. Wu joined the Group in 1999 and had held the position of assistant manager of the machining division of CMT and CMS. He was appointed as the manager of the machining division of CMS in 2002.

Mr. Lu Jui-Pin, aged 61, is the director of the R&D and production technology division of CMS. He is responsible for the administration and supervision of the R&D and production technology division of CMS. Mr. Lu graduated from Oriented Institute of Technology in Taiwan, majoring in industrial management. Mr. Lu has more than 23 years of experience in casting industry. Mr. Lu joined the Group in 2000 and held the position of assistant manager of the casting division of CMS and CMS. He was appointed as the manager of the casting division of CMS in 2002. Mr. Lu is a quality control engineer as certified by Chinese Society for Quality Control. He was appointed as the manager of the quality assurance division of CMS in 2007. He was appointed as the director of the R&D and production technology division of CMS in 2012.

Mr. Lin Yu-Chieh, aged 34, is the manager of sales and marketing division of CMT and CMWT. He is responsible for management and supervision of the overall sales and marketing business of CMT and CMWT. Mr. Lin graduated from Southern Taiwan University of Science and Technology with a bachelor degree of Computer Science and Information Engineering in June 2003, and graduated from William Woods University with a Master of Business Administration in July 2007. Mr. Lin joined the Group in 2007 as the assistant manager of the sales and marketing division of CMT. He was appointed as the manager of the sales and marketing division of CMT in 2012, and was then appointed as the director of the sales and marketing division of CMT and CMWT in 2013.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of China Metal International Holdings Inc. (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Metal International Holdings Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 29 to 85, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2014 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

KPMG Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

27 March 2015

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars)

	Note		2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Turnover	3		346,855	321,239
Cost of sales			(260,839)	(243,314)
Gross profit			86,016	77,925
Other revenue	4(i)	8	2,193	7,232
Other net (loss)/income	4(ii)		(700)	131
Selling and distribution costs			(18,939)	(21,442)
Administrative expenses			(17,536)	(15,806)
Profit from operations			51,034	48,040
Finance costs	5(a)		(1,223)	(561)
Profit before taxation	5		49,811	47,479
Income tax	6		(8,777)	(6,451)
Profit for the year			41,034	41,028
Attributable to:				
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	10		41,034 	41,117 (89)
Profit for the year			41,034	41,028
Earnings per share	11			
Basic (cents)			4.08	4.09
Diluted (cents)			4.08	4.09

The notes on pages 35 to 85 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 25(b).

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPR	REHEINSIVE INCOM	For the year ended 31	Decem
(Expressed in United States dollars)			
	Note	2014 \$′000	
Profit for the year		41,034	4
Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax and reclassification adjustment):			
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	9	(2,362)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		38,672	ł
Attributable to:			
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests		38,672 	
Total comprehensive income for the year		38,672	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION At 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars)		2014	2013
	Note	\$′000	\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment Lease prepayments Construction in progress Other financial assets	12 12 13 15	205,006 8,054 9,372 37	191,220 8,335 30,825 37
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	222,469	230,417
Current assets			
Inventories Trade and other receivables Amounts due from related companies Pledged bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents Time deposits	16(a) 17 28(b) 19 18	52,174 147,452 426 2,260 38,838 2,942	57,042 129,637 618 1,801 30,384 -
		244,092	219,482
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables Bank loans Amounts due to related companies Current taxation	19 20 28(c) 23(a)	60,370 44,357 1,236 1,726	61,548 10,532 66 4,492
		107,689	76,638
Net current assets		136,403	142,844
Total assets less current liabilities		358,872	373,261
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term loans Deferred tax liabilities	20 23(b)	20,679 1,381	43,250
		22,060	43,250
NET ASSETS		336,812	330,011
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital Reserves	25(c)	1,293 335,519	1,291 328,720
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company		336,812	330,011
Non-controlling interests		_	
TOTAL EQUITY		336,812	330,011

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 March 2015.

King Fong-Tien Director

Chen Shun-Min Director

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Expressed in United States dollars)

At 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 \$'000	2013 <i>\$`000</i>
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	14	165,910	165,910
Current assets			
Inventories Trade and other receivables	16(a) 17	10,984 31,529	14,451 31,625
Amounts due from subsidiaries	24	72,249	77,122
Amounts due from related companies Cash and cash equivalents	28(b) 18	272 2,438	998 5,433
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		117,472	129,629
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	19	876	2,598
Bank loans Amounts due to subsidiaries	20 24	44,357 63,728	10,532 56,772
Amounts due to related companies	28(c)	71	29
		109,032	69,931
Net current assets		8,440	59,698
Total assets less current liabilities		174,350	225,608
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term loans	20	20,679	43,250
NET ASSETS		153,671	182,358
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	25(a)		
Share capital		1,293	1,291
Reserves		152,378	181,067
TOTAL EQUITY		153,671	182,358

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 March 2015.

King Fong-Tien Director Chen Shun-Min Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars)

		Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company											
	Note	Share capital \$1000	Share r premium \$'000	Capital edemption reserve \$'000	Statutory surplus reserve \$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve \$'000	Capital reserve- share option \$'000	Other reserve \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Sub-total \$'000	Non- controlling interests \$'000	Total \$'000	0
Balance at 1 January 2013		1,291	43,484	42	19,647	39,299	965	18,036	170,454	293,218	11,336	304,554	
Changes in equity for 2013: Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income	e 9	-	-	-		8,609	-	0	41,117	41,117 8,609	(89) 491	41,028 9,100	J
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	8,609	-	-	41,117	49,726	402	50,128	
Dividends approved in respect of the previous year Transfer to statutory surplus	25(b)(ii)	-	-	-	-	-	-		(5,824)	(5,824)		(5,824)	
reserve		-	-	-	3,534	-	-	-	(3,534)	-		-	
Acquisition of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary Equity settled share-based	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,038	-	2,038	(11,738)	(9,700)	
transactions	22(c)	-	-	-	-	-	368	-	-	368	-	368	
Dividends approved in respect of the current year	25(b)(i)	-						-	(9,515)	(9,515)	-	(9,515)	
Balance at 31 December 2013	}	1,291	43,484	42	23,181	47,908	1,333	20,074	192,698	330,011		330,011	

		Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company										
No	ote	Share capital \$'000	Share ra premium \$'000	Capital edemption reserve \$'000	Statutory surplus reserve \$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve \$'000	Capital reserve- share option \$'000	Other reserve \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Sub-total \$'000	Non- controlling interests \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 1 January 2014		1,291	43,484	42	23,181	47,908	1,333	20,074	192,698	330,011		330,011
Changes in equity for 2014: Profit for the year Other comprehensive income)					(2,362)			41,034 41,034	41,034 (2,362) 		41,034 (2,362)
Dividends approved in respect of the previous year 25(b Transfer to statutory surplus reserve Shares issued under share	o)(ii)				- 2,794				(18,771) (2,794)	(18,771) -		(18,771) -
	c)(i)	2	846				(237)			611		611
	(c)						74			74		74
of the current year 25(k	o)(i)								(13,785)	(13,785)		(13,785)
Balance at 31 December 2014		1,293	44,330	42	25,975	45,546	1,170	20,074	198,382	336,812		336,812

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Expressed in United States dollars)

For the year ended 31 December 2014

		Note	2014 \$′000	2013 \$'000
	Operating activities			
	Cash generated from operations Tax paid:	18(b)	62,247	53,956
4	 Income tax paid Tax refund received 		(10,169) 	(6,479) 644
	Net cash generated from operating activities		52,078	48,121
	Investing activities			
	Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment		(2,946)	(6,780)
	Payment for construction in progress		(16,309)	(28,252)
	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		183	1,138
	Payment for purchase of shares from non-controlling interests		-	(9,700)
	Proceeds from sales of unquoted equity securities		-	35
	Interest received		763	1,757
	Increase in time deposits with maturity over 3 months		(2,942)	
	Net cash used in investing activities		(21,251)	(41,802)
	Financing activities			
	Proceeds from shares issued under share option		611	-
	Proceeds from new bank loans		234,297	85,421
	Repayment of bank loans		(222,602)	(89,887)
	(Increase)/Decrease in pledged bank deposits		(459)	1,216
	Interest paid		(1,323)	(1,331)
	Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the Company		(32,556)	(15,339)
	Net cash used in financing activities		(22,032)	(19,920)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		8,795	(13,601)
	Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		30,384	43,342
	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		(341)	643
	Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	18(a)	38,838	30,384

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, which for this financial year and the comparative period continue to be those of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), in accordance with transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), "Account and Audit", which are set out in sections 76 to 87 of Schedule 11 to that Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 1(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis.

The functional currencies of the Company, its subsidiaries in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and a subsidiary in Hong Kong are United States dollars, Renminbi and Hong Kong dollars respectively. For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the Group adopted United States dollars as its presentation currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 2.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Changes in accounting policies

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The HKICPA has issued the following amendments to HKFRSs and one new Interpretation that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company:

- Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27, Investment entities
- Amendments to HKAS 32, Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities
- Amendments to HKAS 36, Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets
- Amendments to HKAS 39, Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting
- HK(IFRIC) 21, Levies

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. Impacts of the adoption of the new or amended HKFRSs are discussed below:

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27, Investment entities

The amendments provide consolidation relief to those parents which qualify to be an investment entity as defined in the amended HKFRS 10. Investment entities are required to measure their subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss. These amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as China Metal International Holdings Inc. does not qualify to be an investment entity.

Amendments to HKAS 32, Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify the offsetting criteria in HKAS 32. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as they are consistent with the policies already adopted by the Group.

Amendments to HKAS 36, Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets

The amendments to HKAS 36 modify the disclosure requirements for impaired non-financial assets. Among them, the amendments expand the disclosures required for an impaired asset or CGU whose recoverable amount is based on fair value less costs of disposal. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the Group does not have impaired non-financial assets whose recoverable amount is based on fair value less costs of disposal.

Amendments to HKAS 39, Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting

The amendments to HKAS 39 provide relief from discontinuing hedge accounting when novation of a derivative designated as a hedging instrument meets certain criteria. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the Group has not novated any of its derivatives.

HK(IFRIC) 21, Levies

The Interpretation provides guidance on when a liability to pay a levy imposed by a government should be recognised. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the guidance is consistent with the Group's existing accounting policies.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and noncontrolling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 1(e)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or jointly venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(i)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

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(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Investments in equity securities

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The Group's and the Company's policies for investments in equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, are as follows:

Investments in equity securities are initially stated at fair value, which is their transaction price unless it is determined that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. Cost includes attributable transaction costs.

Investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(i)). Dividend income from equity securities is recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policies set out in note 1(r)(ii).

When the investments are derecognised or impaired (see note 1(i)), the cumulative gain or loss recognised in equity is reclassified to profit or loss. Investments are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investments or they expire.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see note 1(t)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 35 years after the date of completion.

Lease prepayments	50 years
Buildings	20 – 35 years
Leasehold improvements	2 – 10 years
Machinery and equipment	6 - 14 years
Motor vehicles	5 – 6 years
Office equipment, furniture and fixtures	5 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost or valuation of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents fixed assets under construction and equipment pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(i)). Cost comprises direct costs of construction as well as interest charges during the year of construction and installation. Capitalisation of these costs ceases and the construction in progress is transferred to fixed assets when the asset is substantially ready for its intended use, notwithstanding any delays in the issue of the relevant commissioning certificates by the relevant authorities in the PRC.

No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress until it is substantially complete and ready for its intended use.

(h) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.

(ii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Impairment of assets

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(i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables

Investments in equity securities and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
 - a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

- For investments in subsidiaries, the impairment loss is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment with its carrying amount in accordance with note 1(i)(ii). The impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount in accordance with note 1(i)(ii).
- For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities carried at cost are not reversed.
- For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables (continued)

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables and bills receivable included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivables and bills receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- lease prepayments;
- construction in progress; and
- investments in subsidiaries.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

- Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of an asset in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Impairment of assets (continued)

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(ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)

Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 1 (i)(i) and (ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of unquoted equity securities carried at cost are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

(j) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 1(i)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(I) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

(m) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Income tax

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Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary differences or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxation authority and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Income tax (continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and the movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(q) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax ("VAT") or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(ii) Dividends

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to received payment is established.

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(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(r) Revenue recognition (continued)

(iii) Interest income

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Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(iv) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

(s) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss, except those arising from foreign currency borrowings used to hedge a net investment in a foreign operation which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of foreign operations are translated into United States dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into United States dollars at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

(t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(u) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(v) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

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(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

Note 22 and 26 contain information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to valuation of fair value of share options granted and financial instruments. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

(a) Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives, after taking into account the estimated residual value. The management reviews annually the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any. The depreciation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(b) Valuation of inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value at the end of the reporting period. Net realisable value is determined on the basis of the estimated selling price less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The management estimates the net realisable value for finished goods and work-in-progress based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions.

(c) Allowance for impairment of doubtful debts

Allowance for impairment of doubtful debts is assessed and provided based on the management's regular review of ageing analysis and evaluation of collectibility. A considerable level of judgement is exercised by the management when assessing the credit worthiness and past collection history of each individual customer. Any increase or decrease in the allowance for impairment of doubtful debts would affect profit or loss in future years.

(d) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Fixed assets are assessed at each reporting period to identify indications that they may be impaired. Such indications include physical damage of an item of fixed assets and a decrease in the revenue derived from an item of fixed assets. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of that fixed asset item is estimated. Changes in facts and circumstances may result in revisions to the conclusion of whether an indication of impairment exists and revised estimates of recoverable amounts, which would affect profit or loss in future years. The recoverable amount of a fixed asset item is based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on reasonable assumptions that represent management's best estimate of the range of economic conditions that will exist over the remaining useful life of the asset.

(e) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in various jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are transactions during the ordinary course of business, for which calculation of the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the year in which such determination is made.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Turnover

The principal activities of the Group are design, development, manufacture and sale of customised metal castings for use in various industries.

Turnover represents the sales value of casting products to customers after allowances for goods returned, excludes VAT and is after the deduction of any trade discounts.

The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised in turnover during the year is as follows:

	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Sales of: – Automobile parts and components – Mechanical parts – Compressor parts	228,871 82,063 35,921	209,405 81,426 30,408
	346,855	321,239

The Group's customer base is diversified and includes only two customers with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenues (2013: three customers). In 2014 revenues from sales of automobile parts and components to these customers, including sales to entities which are known to the Group to be under common control with these customers, amounted to approximately \$47 million and \$41 million in the United States and the PRC, respectively (2013: \$50 million, \$38 million and \$34 million in the United States, Japan and the PRC, respectively). Details of concentrations of credit risk arising from these customers are set out in note 26(a).

Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed below:

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses according to the manufacturing source of its products, i.e. its operating subsidiaries in the PRC, which are engaged in the design, development, manufacture and sale of customised metal casting. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following four reportable segments:

- Tianjin CMT Industry Company Limited ("CMT")
- Suzhou CMS Machinery Company Limited ("CMS")
- CMW (Tianjin) Industry Company Limited ("CMWT")
- Suzhou CMB Machinery Company Limited ("CMB")

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible assets, lease prepayments and current assets with the exception of corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables attributable to the operating activities of the individual segments and bank borrowings managed directly by the segments.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profits is "adjusted EBITDA" i.e. "adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation", where "interest" is regarded as including investment income and "depreciation and amortisation" is regarded as including impairment losses on non-current assets. To arrive at adjusted EBITDA, the Group's earnings are further adjusted for items not specially attributed to individual segments, such as directors' and auditors' remuneration and other head office or corporate administrative costs.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning adjusted EBITDA, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue (including inter-segment sales), interest income and expense from cash balances and borrowings managed directly by the segments, depreciation, amortisation and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations. Inter-segment sales are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar orders.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 is set out below:

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

	CI	лт	CN	AC .	CM	WT	CN	IP SI	Тот		6
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	\$′000	\$'000	\$′000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$′000	\$'000	\$′000	\$'000	
Revenue from external customers	73,879	72,060	125,984	120,585	133,119	125,913	13,873	2,681	346,855	321,239	
Inter-segment revenue	216	105	1,086	822	1,482	456	5,207	3,128	7,991	4,511	
Reportable segment revenue	74,095	72,165	127,070	121,407	134,601	126,369	19,080	5,809	354,846	325,750	
Reportable segment profit								an F			
(adjusted EBITDA)	14,801	14,959	26,329	24,824	31,522	26,564	(1,641)	3,099	71,011	69,446	
Interest income from bank deposits Interest expense Depreciation and	207 (635)	767 (270)	328 (588)	893 (291)	64 -	54	164 -	43	763 (1,223)	1,757 (561)	
amortisation for the year	(1,997)	(2,875)	(5,043)	(7,093)	(10,220)	(10,355)	(4,470)	(2,400)	(21,730)	(22,723)	
Reportable segment assets	78,572	79,398	117,477	104,433	165,188	167,247	102,332	94,157	463,569	445,235	
Additions to non-current segment assets during the year	86	285	3,649	4,496	2,705	1,838	9,153	39,738	15,593	46,357	
Reportable segment liabilities	9,121	11,067	14,377	15,980	30,982	31,134	11,029	7,522	65,509	65,703	

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

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(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

Elimination of inter-segment revenue(7,991)(4,51)Consolidated turnover (note 3(a))346,855321,234Profit20142013Reportable segment profit71,01169,444Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer405586Elimination of inter-segment loss/(profit)1,010(644Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers72,42669,383Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Finance costs72,42669,383Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(425)(376Consolidated profit before taxation49,81147,4742014 \$000\$000\$000	0.9 120	2014 \$′000	2013 \$′000
Elimination of inter-segment revenue(7,991)(4,51)Consolidated turnover (note 3(a))346,855321,234Profit20142013Reportable segment profit71,01169,444Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer405586Elimination of inter-segment loss/(profit)1,010(644Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers72,42669,383Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Finance costs72,42669,383Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(425)(376Consolidated profit before taxation49,81147,4742014 \$000\$000\$000	Revenue		
ProfitReportable segment profit Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer Elimination of inter-segment loss/(profit)71,011 69,444 405 1,01069,444 69,580 1,010Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Finance costs Unallocated head office and corporate expenses72,426 (21,730) (22,722 (21,730) (22,723) (563) (425)69,382 (21,730) (22,722) (37d) (425)Consolidated profit before taxation49,811 47,47447,474 (2014) (2014) (2014)			325,750 (4,511)
ProfitReportable segment profitElimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transferElimination of inter-segment loss/(profit)Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customersDepreciation and amortisation Interest income 	Consolidated turnover (note 3(a))	346,855	321,239
Reportable segment profit Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer Elimination of inter-segment loss/(profit)71,01169,440Meportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Finance costs Unallocated head office and corporate expenses72,426 (21,730) (22,723) (22,723) (22,723) (22,723) (23,723) (23,723) (2425)69,382 (22,723) (22,723) (22,723) (22,723) (22,723) (22,724) (22,723) (22,723) (22,723) (22,724) (22,724) (22,723) (22,724) (22,724) (22,723) (22,724) (22,724) (22,724) (22,725) (22,725) (22,725) (22,726) <th></th> <th></th> <th>2013 \$'000</th>			2013 \$'000
Elimination of depreciation related to inter-segment fixed assets transfer405 1,010580 (644)Elimination of inter-segment loss/(profit)1,010(644)Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers72,426 (21,730)69,382 (22,723)Depreciation and amortisation 	Profit		
assets transfer405580Elimination of inter-segment loss/(profit)1,010(644Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers72,42669,382Depreciation and amortisation Interest income(21,730)(22,723)Finance costs Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(1,223)(565)Consolidated profit before taxation49,81147,4792014 \$'0002014 \$'0002014 \$'0002013 \$'000		71,011	69,446
Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers72,42669,382Depreciation and amortisation Interest income7631,753Finance costs Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(1,223)(565Consolidated profit before taxation49,81147,4792014 \$'000\$'000	assets transfer		580
external customers72,42669,382Depreciation and amortisation(21,730)(22,723)Interest income7631,753Finance costs(1,223)(565)Unallocated head office and corporate expenses(425)(376)Consolidated profit before taxation49,81147,4792014\$'000\$'000	Elimination of inter-segment loss/ (prolit)		(044)
Consolidated profit before taxation 49,811 47,479 2014 2013 2013 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000	external customers Depreciation and amortisation Interest income	(21,730) 763	69,382 (22,723) 1,757 (561)
2014 2013 \$'000 \$'000	Unallocated head office and corporate expenses	(425)	(376)
\$1000 \$1000	Consolidated profit before taxation	49,811	47,479
Assats			2013 <i>\$1000</i>
A33613	Assets		
			445,235 (2,125)
461,897 443,110		461,897	443,110
			37 6,752
Consolidated total assets 466,561 449,899	Consolidated total assets	466,561	449,899

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities (continued)

	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Liabilities	6		1
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment payables	65,509 (1,672)	65,703 (2,125)	
Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	63,837 65,912	63,578 56,310	
Consolidated total liabilities	129,749	119,888	
Geographic information			

(iii) Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of the Group's revenue from external customers. The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the goods delivered.

	Revenue from custon	
	2014 \$'000	2013 <i>\$'000</i>
The PRC United States Japan Other countries	190,448 111,251 27,005 18,151	160,801 114,614 27,468 18,356
Total	346,855	321,239

Most of the Group's property, plant and equipment and construction in progress ("specified non-current assets") are located in the PRC. Accordingly, no geographical segment analysis based on the location of specified non-current assets is presented.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

OTHER REVENUE AND NET INCOME



Note:

(1)

4

Pursuant to an acquisition and compensation agreement signed between CMB and the Management Committee of Suzhou National High-Tech Industrial Development Zone on 31 December 2010, CMB returned its current land use right certificates to the government in June 2013 and relocated to a new site for continuous production, and an aggregate amount of RMB103,742,264 was granted to CMB as compensation for the relocation by installments upon achievements of different milestones as specified in the agreement. The grant was intended to cover CMB's relocation expenses and loss of revenue and was recognised as revenue in profit or loss over a period of two years beginning July 2011. The final installment of the government grant amounting to RMB25,935,566 (equivalent to \$4,223,000) was recognised in 2013.

		2014 \$'000	2013 <i>\$1000</i>
(ii)	Other net (loss)/income Net foreign exchange loss	(729)	(565)
	Net gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	6	696
	Others		
		(700)	131

5 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

		2014 \$′000	2013 \$'000
(a)	Finance costs: Interest on bank advances wholly		
	repayable within five years Less: interest expense capitalised	1,323	1,331
	into construction in progress*	(100)	(770)
		1,223	561

* The borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of 0.95% - 1.83% per annum (2013: 0.95% - 1.93% per annum).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

5 **PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION** (CONTINUED)

		2014	2013
		\$'000	\$'000
(b)	Staff costs:		
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	38,600	35,809
	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	3,435	3,165
	Equity settled share-based payment expenses (note 22)	74	368
		10.100	00.040
		42,109	39,342
(c)	Other items:		
	Amortisation of lease prepayments	200	561
	Depreciation	21,530	21,582
	Operating lease charges: minimum lease		
	payments (including property rentals)	398	330
	Auditors' remuneration	513	341

INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 6

Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents: (a)

	2014 \$′000	2013 \$′000
Current tax		
Provision for income tax for the year Over-provision in respect of prior years	7,413 (12)	7,168 (610)
	7,401	6,558
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	1,376	(107)
	8,777	6,451

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

6 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents: (continued)

(i) Overseas income tax

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands, the Company and CMW (Cayman Islands) Co., Ltd. ("CMW(CI)") are not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands.

(ii) Hong Kong Profits Tax

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is made for the year as the Group did not generate any income subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax during the years presented.

(iii) PRC Corporate income tax

Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations of the PRC, the provision for PRC Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") of the Group is calculated based on the following rates:

	Notes	2014	2013
CMT	(1)	15%	15%
CMS	(1)	15%	15%
CMWT	(2)	15%	15%
СМВ	(3)	15%	25%

Notes:

- (1) In September 2011 and October 2011, CMS and CMT were granted the status of "Advanced and New Technology Enterprise" ("ANTE") that entitled them to a preferential CIT rate of 15% for the threeyear period ended 31 December 2013. CMS and CMT renewed and obtained the ANTE certificates in March 2015 and October 2014, respectively, and are entitled to a preferential CIT rate of 15% for a period of three years from 2014 to 2016.
- (2) In May 2013, CMWT was granted the status of ANTE that entitled it to a preferential CIT rate of 15% for the three-year period ended 31 December 2014.
- (3) In May 2014, CMB was granted the status of "ANTE" that entitled it to a preferential CIT rate of 15% for the three-year period ended 31 December 2015.

In addition, pursuant to CIT Law effective on 1 January 2008 and Implementation Rules to the CIT Law, dividends payable by subsidiaries in the PRC to foreign investors are subject to a 10% withholding tax, which may be reduced if the foreign jurisdiction of incorporation has a tax treaty with the PRC that provides for a different withholding arrangement. Pursuant to the tax treaty between the PRC and Hong Kong, the holding companies of CMB, CMT and CMS are established in Hong Kong, and therefore, provided these companies meet the criteria for "beneficial owner" set out in the relevant PRC tax circular, dividends payable by CMB, CMT and CMS are subject to a reduced withholding tax rate of 5%.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

6 **INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS** (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates: (b)

	2014 \$'000	X	2013 \$'000	0
Profit before taxation	49,811		47,479	×.
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to profits in the tax jurisdictions concerned	10,638		10,147	
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	4		287	
Tax effect of non-taxable income	1		(1,056)	
Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised			466	
Tax effect of distributed profits of subsidiaries	803		1,319	
Over-provision in prior years	(12)		(610)	
Origination of deferred tax liability arising from depreciation				
timing difference	1,961		-	
Tax effect of tax concessions	(4,617)		(4,102)	
Actual tax expense	8,777		6,451	

7 **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 78 of Schedule 11 to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), with reference to section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), is as follows:

Directors'	Salaries, allowances and benefits	Retirement scheme		Share-based payments	2014
					Total
\$'000	\$'000		\$′000	\$'000	\$'000
		(note 28(a))			
65	20		12		97
65	43		11	6	125
23					23
64	56		43	6	169
49					49
39				2	41
39				2	41
39					39
39					39
422	119	-	66	16	623
	fees \$'000 65 65 23 64 49 39 39 39 39 39	allowances Directors' and benefits fees in kind \$'000 \$'000 65 20 65 43 23 - 64 56 49 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 39 -	allowances and benefitsRetirement scheme contributions \$'000fees \$'000in kind \$'000contributions \$'000 (note 28(a))65 65 65 43 23 23 49-65 64 49-39 39 39 39-39 39 39 39-39 39 39 39-39 39 39 39-	allowances and benefits solutions $\xi'000$ Retirement scheme contributions $\xi'000$ Bonuses $\xi'000$ $\xi'000$ $(note 28(a))65654320(note 28(a))121123 65434911-12 644956-43 3939- - 3939- - 3939- - 3939- - 3939- - 3939- - 3939- --$	allowances fees \$'000Retirement scheme contributions \$'000 (note 28(a))Share-based payments (note) \$'000 \$'00065 65 65 20 (note 28(a))-12 2 -65 65 23 23 2 44 23 49-12 2 -64 49 4939 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 30020 39 39 39 39 30020 39 39 39 3020 39 39 39 3020 39 39 39 30 3020 39 39 39 30 3020 39 39 30 3020 39 39 30 3020 39 39 30 3021 310 32 331022 32 332 33323 34 34 34 3435 34 34 3436 34 34 34 3437 34 34 34 3438 34 34 34 34 34 34 3439 34

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

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DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

90	Directors' fees \$'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind \$'000	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes \$'000 (note 28(a))	Bonuses <i>\$`000</i>	Share-based payments (note) \$'000	2013 Total \$'000
Executive directors						
Mr. King Fong-Tien	57	20	-	9	-	86
Mr. Tsao Ming-Hong	57	52	-	13	29	151
Mr. Wu Cheng-Tao	57	-	-	-	17	74
Ms. Chen Shun-Min	57	56	-	29	26	168
Non-executive director Mr. Christian Odgaard Pedersen	31				9	40
Independent non-executive directors	51				7	40
Mrs. Chiu Lin Mei-Yu	29	-	-	-	9	38
Mr. Chen Pou-Tsang	29	-	-	-	-	29
Mr. Wong Tin-Yau	11	-	-	-	-	11
Mr. Lam Ting-Lok	16					16
Total	344	128		51	90	613

Note: These represent the estimated fair value of share options granted to the directors under the Company's share option scheme. The value of these share options is measured according to the Group's accounting policies for sharebased payment transactions as set out in note 1(o)(ii). The details of these benefits in kind, including the principal terms and number of options granted, are disclosed under the paragraph "Share option scheme" in the report of the directors and note 22.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

8 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2013: two) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 7. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other three (2013: three) individuals are as follows:

	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Bonuses Share-based payments	227 143 	238 143 61
	383	442

The emoluments of the three (2013: three) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

	2014 Number of individuals	2013 Number of individuals
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	2 1	3
	3	3

9 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	2014 Tax			2013 Tax		
	Before-tax amount \$'000	(expense)/ benefit \$'000	Net-of-tax amount \$'000	Before-tax amount \$'000	(expense)/ benefit \$'000	Net-of-tax amount \$´000
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	(2,362)		(2,362)	9,100		9,100

10 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company includes a profit of \$3,184,000 (2013: \$37,213,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

Details of dividends paid and payable to equity shareholders of the Company are set out in note 25(b).

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

11 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to the Company's ordinary equity shareholders of \$41,034,000 (2013: \$41,117,000) and the weighted average number of 1,004,904,000 (2013: 1,004,332,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

(i) Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	2014 ′000	2013 <i>'000</i>
Issued ordinary shares at 1 January Effect of share options exercised	1,004,332 572	1,004,332
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December	1,004,904	1,004,332

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of \$41,034,000 (2013: \$41,117,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,005,712,000 (2013: 1,004,332,000 shares), calculated as follows:

(i) Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)

	2014 ′000	2013 <i>'000</i>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December Effect of deemed issue of shares under the Company's	1,004,904	1,004,332
share option scheme for nil consideration (note 22)	808	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at 31 December	1,005,712	1,004,332

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 FIXED ASSETS

The Group

		Leasehold	Machinery and	Motor	Office equipment, furniture and		Legse	Total	0
	Buildings imp	rovements	equipment	vehicles	fixtures	Sub-total	orepayments	assets	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Cost:									
At 1 January 2014	64,343	4,272	274,326	2,561	14,685	360,187	9,984	370,171	
Exchange adjustments	(441)	(26)	(2,085)	(21)	(96)	(2,669)	(93)	(2,762)	
Additions	94	728	1,897	24	304	3,047		3,047	
Transfer from construction in									
progress (note 13)	16,679	-	13,853	71	3,333	33,936	11-14	33,936	
Disposals		(1,013)	(1,164)	(48)	(601)	(2,826)		(2,826)	
At 31 December 2014	80,675	3,961	286,827	2,587	17,625	391,675	9,891	401,566	
Accumulated amortisation and depreciation:									
At 1 January 2014	(14,713)	(2,077)	(139,830)	(1,654)	(10,693)	(168,967)	(1,649)	(170,616)	
Exchange adjustments	80	12	1,009	13	64	1,178	12	1,190	
Charge for the year	(2,324)	(786)	(16,913)	(279)	(1,228)	(21,530)	(200)	(21,730)	
Written back on disposals		1,013	1,017	43	577	2,650	-	2,650	
At 31 December 2014	(16,957)	(1,838)	(154,717)	(1,877)	(11,280)	(186,669)	(1,837)	(188,506)	
Carrying amount:									
At 31 December 2014	63,718	2,123	132,110	710	6,345	205,006	8,054	213,060	

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The Group (continued)

	Buildings \$'000	Leasehold improvements \$'000	Machinery and equipment \$'000	Motor vehicles \$1000	Office equipment, furniture and fixtures \$'000	Sub-total \$'000	Lease prepayments \$'000	Total fixed assets \$'000
At 1 January 2013	55,245	4,900	228,136	2,580	13.662	304,523	9,897	314,420
Exchange adjustments	1,692	150	7,732	79	419	10,072	261	10,333
Additions	157	610	3,933	73	311	5,084	1,696	6,780
Transfer from construction in							,	.,
progress (note 13)	9,165	-	37,154	227	1,151	47,697	-	47,697
Disposals	(1,916)	(1,388)	(2,629)	(398)	(858)	(7,189)	(1,870)	(9,059)
At 31 December 2013	64,343	4,272	274,326	2,561	14,685	360,187	9,984	370,171
Accumulated amortisation and depreciation:								
At 1 January 2013	(14,115)	· · ·	(120,253)	(1,676)	(10,023)	(148,372)	· · ·	(151,243)
Exchange adjustments	(451)	· · ·	(4,840)	(55)	(324)	(5,760)	· · ·	(5,847)
Charge for the year	(2,063)	· · ·	(17,058)	(270)	(1,121)	(21,582)	· · ·	(22,143)
Written back on disposals	1,916	1,388	2,321	347	775	6,747	1,870	8,617
At 31 December 2013	(14,713)	(2,077)	(139,830)	(1,654)	(10,693)	(168,967)	(1,649)	(170,616)
Carrying amount:								
At 31 December 2013	49,630	2,195	134,496	907	3,992	191,220	8,335	199,555

13 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

	The G	The Group		
	2014	2013		
	\$′000	\$'000		
Cost:				
At 1 January	30,825	37,809		
Exchange adjustments	(354)	1,136		
Additions	12,837	39,577		
Transfer to fixed assets (note 12)	(33,936)	(47,697)		
At 31 December	9,372	30,825		

Included in the construction in progress as at 31 December 2014 is capital expenditure incurred for new equipment under installation and buildings which are scheduled to be completed in 2015.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES



Unlisted shares, at cost

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets and liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

				Proportion o			
		Particulars of	01	wnership inter	rest		
Name of company	Place of Incorporation/ operation	issued and paid up capital/ registered capital	Group's effective interest %	Held by the Company %	Held by a subsidiary %	Principal activity	
Capital Charm Associates Limited	British Virgin Islands/Taiwan	\$162	100	100		Investment holding	
CMB (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Hong Kong/ Taiwan	HK\$93,600,000	100	100	-	Investment holding and trading of casting products	
CMP (Hong Kong) Industry Company Limited	Hong Kong/ Taiwan	HK\$179,195,000	100	-	100	Investment holding	
Tianjin CMT Industry Company Limited	PRC	\$30,000,000	100	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of casting products	
Suzhou CMS Machinery Company Limited	PRC	\$24,000,000	100	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of casting products	
CMW (Cayman Islands) Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands/ Taiwan	\$50,000,000	100	100	-	Investment holding and trading of casting products	
CMW (Tianjin) Industry Co., Ltd.	PRC	\$32,000,000	100	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of casting products	
Suzhou CMB Machinery Co., Ltd.	PRC	\$78,999,000	100	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of casting products	

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

15 OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group						
2014	2013					
\$′000	\$'000					
186 (149)	186 (149)					
37	37					

Unquoted equity securities outside Hong Kong, at cost Less: impairment loss

There is no quoted market price for the unquoted equity securities outside Hong Kong held by the Group and accordingly a reasonable estimate of the fair value could not be made without incurring excessive costs.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's unquoted equity securities were individually determined to be impaired on the basis of a material decline in their estimated future cash flows which indicated that the cost of the Group's investment in them may not be entirely recovered. There is no additional impairment loss recognised during the year of 2014.

16 INVENTORIES

(a) Inventories in the statement of financial position comprise:

	The G	The Group		mpany
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	\$′000	<i>\$`000</i>	\$′000	<i>\$`000</i>
Raw materials	3,841	6,415	-	-
Work in progress	8,483	9,483	-	-
Finished goods	35,883	37,152	10,984	14,451
Others	3,967	3,992		-
	52,174	57,042	10,984	14,451

(b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

	The G	The Group		
	2014 \$'000	2013 <i>\$`000</i>		
Carrying amount of inventories sold Reversal of write-down of inventories	260,721	243,314 (300)		
	260,721	243,014		

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	The G	roup	The Company		
	2014 \$′000	2013 <i>\$'000</i>	2014 \$′000	2013 \$`000	6
Trade receivables Bills receivable Other receivables, deposits and	128,860 5,720	113,057 2,844	29,872 -	30,851	Ê
prepayments	12,872	13,736	1,657	774	
	147,452	129,637	31,529	31,625	

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

Included in trade receivables are amounts due from related companies of \$915,000 (2013: \$1,142,000), details of which are disclosed in note 28(b).

(a) Ageing analysis

As of 31 December 2014, the ageing analysis of trade receivables and bills receivable (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on the invoice date and net of allowance for doubtful debts, is as follows:

	The G	The Group		mpany
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$ <i>'000</i>	2014 \$′000	2013 \$ <i>`000</i>
Within 3 months 3 to 12 months 12 to 24 months	127,838 6,222 459	108,869 6,436 534	28,747 809 255	26,677 4,052 69
Over 24 months	61 134,580	62 115,901	<u> </u>	53

Trade receivables and bills receivable are due within 60 to 120 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 26(a).

(b) Impairment of trade receivables and bills receivable

Impairment losses in respect of trade receivables and bills receivable are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade receivables and bills receivable directly (see note 1(i) (i)).

No additional allowance for doubtful debts was provided for during the year.

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(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(c) Trade receivables and bills receivable that are not impaired

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The ageing analysis of trade receivables and bills receivable that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

	The Group		The Company		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	\$′000	\$′000	\$'000	\$′000	
Neither past due nor impaired	111,259	100,827	17,141	20,546	
Less than 3 months past due	21,725	8,963	11,606	6,131	
3 to 12 months past due	1,076	5,514	809	4,052	
12 to 24 months past due	459	534	255	69	
Over 24 months past due	61	63	61	53	
	23,321	15,074	12,731 	10,305	
	134,580	115,901	29,872	30,851	

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

	The Group		The Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	\$'000	<i>\$`000</i>	\$′000	\$´000
Cash at bank and in hand	18,410	22,944	2,438	5,433
Deposits with banks	20,428	7,440		
	38,838	30,384	2,438	5,433

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:

	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Profit before taxation	49,811	47,479
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of lease prepayments	200	561
Depreciation	21,530	21,582
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	(6)	(696)
Interest income	(763)	(1,757)
Finance costs	1,223	561
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(532)	3,153
Equity settled share-based payment expenses	74	368
Changes in working capital		
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	4,868	(4,789)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(16,837)	(19,954)
Decrease in amounts due from related companies	192	730
Increase/(decrease) in amounts due to related companies	1,170	(3,851)
Increase in trade and other payables	1,317	10,569
Cash generated from operations	62,247	53,956

19 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The Group		The Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000
Trade payables	31,823	33,271	-	-
Bills payable	7,745	5,195	-	-
Other payables	20,802	23,082	876	2,598
	60,370	61,548	876	2,598

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

Bills payable of \$7,745,000 (2013: \$5,195,000) as at 31 December 2014 were secured by bank deposits of \$2,260,000 (2013: \$1,801,000).

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade payables and bills payable (which are included in trade and other payables), based on the invoice date, is as follows:

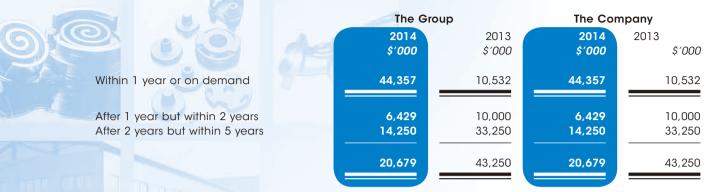
The Group					
2014	2013				
\$'000	\$'000				
11,996	15,507				
18,733	15,652				
8,733	7,074				
106	233				
39,568	38,466				

Within 1 month 1 to 3 months 3 to 6 months Over 6 months

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

20 BANK LOANS

At 31 December 2014, unsecured bank loans were repayable as follows:



At 31 December 2014, the Group had banking facilities totalling \$127,592,000 (2013: \$121,481,000) which were utilised to the extent of \$67,803,000 (2013: \$58,484,000).

21 RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group participates in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes (the "Schemes") organised by the relevant local government authorities in Tianjin and Suzhou whereby the Group is required to make contributions to the Schemes at the rate of 20% of the eligible employees' salaries. The local government authorities are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees.

Employees engaged by the Group in Taiwan are covered by the retirement schemes in Taiwan which are administered by CMP. As disclosed in note 28(a), CMP is responsible for the retirement liability of these persons and the Group is not obliged to incur any liability beyond the contribution.

The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of pension benefits beyond the annual contributions described above.

22 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

The Company granted to eligible participants on 3 January 2011 a total of 22,300,000 share options to subscribe for ordinary shares of nominal value of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company under the Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 8 December 2004.

The Company adopted new Share Option Scheme on 13 May 2014 and the existing Share Option Scheme was terminated from 13 May 2014. Options granted prior to such termination will continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the rules of the existing Share Option Scheme. There is no impact on the existing share options granted.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

22 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows:

	Number of share involved in the option	Vesting conditions	Contractual life of options
Options granted to dire	ctors:		
– on 3 January 2011	4,800,000	 (i) 40% on the third anniversary of the date of grant; (ii) 30% on the fourth anniversary of the date of grant; (iii) 30% on the fifth anniversary of the date of grant 	10 years
Options granted to emp	ployees:		
– on 3 January 2011	17,500,000	 (i) 40% on the third anniversary of the date of grant; (ii) 30% on the fourth anniversary of the date of grant; (iii) 30% on the fifth anniversary of the date of grant 	10 years
Total share options	22,300,000		

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

	2014	4	2013	3
	Weighted		Weighted	
	average	Number of	average	Number of
	exercise price	options	exercise price	options
		(thousand)		(thousand)
Outstanding at the beginning				
of the year	HK\$2.52	12,700	HK\$2.52	15,200
Lapsed during the year	HK\$2.52	(1,300)	HK\$2.52	(2,500)
Exercised during the year	HK\$2.52	(1,880)	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	HK\$2.52	9,520	HK\$2.52	12,700
Exercisable at the end of the year	HK\$2.52	2,680	_	_

The options outstanding at 31 December 2014 had an exercise price of HK\$2.52 (2013: HK\$2.52) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 6 years (2013: 7 years).

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

22 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(c) Fair value of share options and assumptions:

All options are to be settled by physical delivery of shares.

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is based on the fair value of share options at grant date, measured using the binomial lattice model, with following inputs:

Fair value at measurement date	HK\$1.02
Share price	HK\$2.52
Exercise price	HK\$2.52
Expected volatility	55.83%
Option life	10 years
Expected dividends	3.477%
Risk-free interest rate (based on Hong Kong Exchange Fund Notes Rate)	2.821%

The expected volatility is estimated taking into account historic average share price volatility. Expected dividends are based on the Company's historical dividend.

Share options were granted under a service condition. This condition has not been taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services received. There were no market conditions associated with the share option grants.

An expense of \$74,000 was charged to administrative expenses in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: \$368,000).

23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

	The Group		
	2014	2013	
	\$'000	\$'000	
At 1 January	4,492	3,581	
Provision for income tax for the year	7,401	6,558	
Income tax paid	(10,169)	(6,479)	
Income tax refund	-	644	
Exchange adjustments	2	188	
At 31 December	1,726	4,492	

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

(b) Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised:

The deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax arising from:	Depreciation differences	Deductible loss	Withholding tax for undistributed profits		Total
	\$'000	\$′000	\$'000		\$'000
At 1 January 2013 Charged/(credited) to profit	-	-	107		107
or loss	-	-	(107)		(107)
At 31 December 2013	_			_	-
At 1 January 2014	-	-	_		_
Charged/(credited) to profit					
or loss	1,961	(585)	-		1,376
Exchange adjustment	5				5
At 31 December 2014	1,966	(585)	_		1,381

(c) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

At 31 December 2014, deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised in respect of temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounting to \$127,195,243 (2013: \$111,147,715). Deferred tax liabilities of \$8,389,619 (2013: \$6,865,084) have not been recognised in respect of the withholding tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and the directors consider it probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

24 AMOUNTS DUE FROM/TO SUBSIDIARIES

The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

0,00	Share Capital \$'000	Share premium \$'000	Capital redemption reserve \$'000	Capital reserve- share option \$'000	Contributed surplus \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Total \$'000
		(note 25(d)(i))	(note 25(d)(ii))		(note 25(d)(vi))		
At 1 January 2014 Dividends approved in respect	1,291	43,484	42	1,333	74,653	61,555	182,358
of the previous year	-	-	-	-	-	(18,771)	(18,771)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	3,184	3,184
Shares issued under share							
option scheme	2	846	-	(237)	-	-	611
Equity settled share-based							
transactions	-	-	-	74	-	-	74
Dividends declared in respect							
of the current year	-					(13,785)	(13,785)
At 31 December 2014	1,293	44,330	42	1,170	74,653	32,183	153,671
			Capital	Capital			
	Share	Share	redemption	reserve-	Contributed	Retained	
	Capital	premium	reserve	share option	surplus	profits	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		(note 25(d)(i))	(note 25(d)(ii))		(note 25(d)(vi))		
At 1 January 2013	1,291	43,484	42	965	74,653	39,681	160,116

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Dividends approved in respect of the previous year

Equity settled share based transactions

Dividends declared in respect

1,291

43,484

42

of the current year

At 31 December 2013

Profit for the year

(5,824)

37,213

(9,515)

61,555

_

368

1,333

74,653

(5,824)

37,213

368

(9,515)

182,358

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

(b) Dividends

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year

	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Interim dividend declared and paid of 0.88 cent (2013: 0.95 cent) per ordinary share	8,833	9,515
Special interim dividend declared and paid of 0.49 cent (2013: nil) per ordinary share	4,952	
Final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of 1.00 cent (2013: 0.88 cent) per ordinary share	10,062	8,833
Special final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of 0.99 cent per ordinary share in 2013		9,938
	23,847	28,286

The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

	2014 \$'000	2013 <i>\$`000</i>
Final dividend in respect of previous financial year, approved and paid during the year of 0.88 cent (2013: 0.58 cent) per ordinary share	8,833	5,824
Special final dividend in respect of previous financial year, approved and paid during the year of 0.99 cent (2013: nil) per ordinary share	9,938	
	18,771	5,824

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

- (c) Share capital
 - (i) Authorised and issued share capital

Authorised:	2014 Number of shares (thousand)	\$'000	2013 Number of shares (thousand)	3 \$`000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each Issued:	10,000,000	12,853	10,000,000	12,853
At 1 January Shares issued under share option scheme	1,004,332	1,291	1,004,332	1,291
At 31 December	1,006,212	1,293	1,004,332	1,291

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

(ii) Shares issued under share option scheme

On 11 September 2014, options were exercised to subscribe for 1,880,000 ordinary shares in the Company at a consideration of HK\$4,737,600 (equivalent to \$611,303) of which HK\$18,800 (equivalent to \$2,426) was credited to share capital and the balance of HK\$4,718,800 (\$608,877) was credited to the share premium accounts. \$237,000 has been transferred from the capital reserve to the share premium account in accordance with policy set out in note 1(o)(ii).

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of the business.

(ii) Capital redemption reserve

Capital redemption reserve represents the nominal value of the shares repurchased which has been paid out of the distributable reserves of the Company.

(iii) Statutory surplus reserve

The subsidiaries in the PRC are required to transfer 10% of their net profit, as determined in accordance with the PRC accounting rules and regulations, to statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of their respective registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of a dividend to shareholders.

Statutory surplus reserve can be used to make good previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by the issue of new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholding or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by them, provided that the balance of the reserve after such issue is not less than 25% of their registered capital.

(iv) Exchange fluctuation reserve

The exchange fluctuation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1(s).

(v) Other reserve

Other reserve represents the difference between the contributed capital of the subsidiaries acquired over the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange.

(vi) Contributed surplus

Pursuant to the reorganisation in 2004, the Company became the holding company of the Group on 8 December 2004. The excess of the consolidated net assets represented by the shares acquired over the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange under the reorganisation was transferred to contributed surplus.

(vii) Distributability of reserves

As at 31 December 2014, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company was \$152,378,000 (2013: \$181,067,000).

'5

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

(e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of an adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total debt (which includes interest-bearing loans and borrowings) less cash and cash equivalents.

The adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio at 31 December 2014 and 2013 was as follows:

		The G	roup	The Company			
	Note	2014 \$′000	2013 <i>\$`000</i>	2014 \$′000	2013 <i>\$`000</i>		
Current liabilities							
Bank loans Trade and other payables	20 19	44,357 60,370	10,532 61,548	44,357 876	10,532 2,598		
Non-current liabilities		104,727	72,080	45,233	13,130		
Long-term loans	20	20,679	43,250	20,679	43,250		
Total debts Less: Cash and Cash		125,406	115,330	65,912	56,380		
equivalents	18	(38,838)	(30,384)	(2,438)	(5,433)		
Adjusted net debt		86,568	84,946	63,474	50,947		
Total equity		336,812	330,011	153,671	182,358		
Adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio		26%	26%	41%	28%		

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity and interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. These receivables are due within 60 to 120 days from the date of billing except for receivables related to moulds development which are not due until the mass production of related products. Debtors with balances that are more than 3 months past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

Cash and cash equivalents are normally placed with licensed banks that have a credit rating. Given their high credit ratings, management does not expect any licensed bank to fail to meet its obligations.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, the Group had a certain concentration of credit risk as 27% (2013: 43%) of the total trade and other receivables was due from the Group's five largest customers.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position. The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group or the Company to credit risk.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in note 17.

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. The Company also monitors closely the cash flows of its subsidiaries. Generally, the Company's subsidiaries are required to obtain the Company's approval for activities such as investment of surplus cash, raising of loans and fixed asset acquisitions beyond certain limits.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's and the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group and the Company can be required to pay:

The Group

			2014		
	/	nted cash flow	actual undiscou	Contro	
			More than	More than	
Carryi		More	2 years but	1 year but	Within 1
amount		than	less than	less than	year or
31 D	Total	3 years	3 years	2 years	on demand
\$'0	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000	\$'000	\$′000
65,0	65,853		14,303	6,694	44,856
60,3	60,370				60,370
125,4	126,223		14,303	6,694	105,226

Bank loans		
Trade and	other payo	bles

		2013 Contractual undiscounted cash flow							
	Within 1	More than 1 year but	More than 2 years but	More		Carrying			
	year or on demand \$'000	less than 2 years \$'000	less than 3 years \$'000	than 3 years <i>\$`000</i>	Total \$'000	amount at 31 Dec <i>\$'000</i>			
Bank loans Trade and other payables	11,529 61,548	10,796	10,635	23,755	56,715 61,548	53,782 61,548			
	73,077	10,796	10,635	23,755	118,263	115,330			

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The Company

			2014					
		Contractual undiscounted cash flow						
	Within 1 year or on demand \$'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years \$'000	More than 2 years but less than 3 years \$'000	More than 3 years \$'000	Total \$'000	Carrying amount at 31 Dec \$'000		
Bank loans Trade and other payables	44,856 876	6,694 -	14,303 		65,853 876	65,036 876		
	45,732	6,694	14,303	-	66,729	65,912		
			2013					

		Contractual undiscounted cash flow								
		More than	More than							
	Within 1	1 year but	2 years but	More		Carrying				
	year or	less than	less than	than		amount at				
	on demand	2 years	3 years	3 years	Total	31 Dec				
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000				
Bank loans	11,529	10,796	10,635	23,755	56,715	53,782				
Trade and other payables	2,598				2,598	2,598				
	14,127	10,796	10,635	23,755	59,313	56,380				

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from interest-bearing borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively.

The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below.

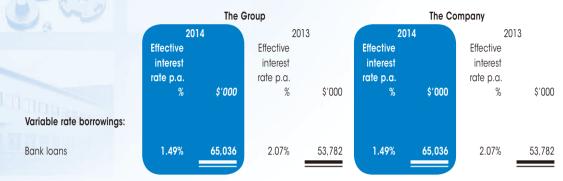
(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Interest rate risk (continued)

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's borrowings at the end of the reporting period:



(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2014, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately \$325,176 (2013: \$268,910).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for non-derivative financial instruments in existence at that date. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2013.

(d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchase which give rise to receivables, payables and cash balances that are denominated in foreign currencies, i.e. currencies other than the functional currencies of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollars, Euros, Japanese Yen, Hong Kong Dollars and Taiwan Dollars.

In respect of trade receivables, payables and bank loans held in currencies other than the functional currencies of the operations to which they relate, the Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level, by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates where necessary to address short-term imbalances.

Renminbi is not a freely convertible currency and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange restriction imposed by the PRC government. As at 31 December 2014, the Group had cash at bank and bank deposits denominated in Renminbi, amounted to \$36,732,147 (2013: \$19,233,453).

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Currency risk (continued)

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group and the Company's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in United States dollars, translated using the spot rate at the year end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

The Group

	United States Dollars \$'000	Euros \$'000	2014 Japanese Yen \$'000	Hong Kong Dollars \$'000	Taiwan Dollars \$'000	United States Dollars \$'000	Euros \$'000	2013 Japanese Yen \$'000	Hong Kong Dollars \$'000	Taiwan Dollars \$'000
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Intercompany receivable/ (payable) within the Group	759 715 38,428	137 2,238 439	16 126 -	- 129 -	- 24 4	650 10,338 21,201	355 850 61	93 142	- 55 -	100 42 (2)
Bank loans Net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	39,902	2,814		129		32,189	(3,782)	235	55	140

The Company

	2014				2013			
	Hong				Hong	J		
	J	apanese	Kong	Taiwan		Japanese	Kong	Taiwan
	Euros	Yen	Dollars	Dollars	Euros	Yen	Dollars	Dollars
	\$′000	\$'000	\$′000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Trade and other receivables	137	16		-	355	93	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents Inter-company receivable/	1,623	116	129	24	80	126	55	42
(payable) within the Group	(1,105)			4	(866)	-	-	(2)
Bank loans					(3,782)		-	-
Net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	655	132	129	28	(4,213)	219	55	40

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Currency risk (continued)

(ii)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits that would have arisen if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the Hong Kong dollar and the United States dollar would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the United States dollar against other currencies.

	2014		2013	3
	Increase/	Effect on	Increase/	Effect on
	(decrease)	profit after	(decrease)	profit after
	in foreign	tax and	in foreign	tax and
	exchange	retained	exchange	retained
	rates	profits	rates	profits
		\$′000		\$′000
United States Dollars	5%	1,995	5%	1,609
	(5)%	(1,995)	(5)%	(1,609)
Euros	5%	141	5%	(126)
	(5)%	(141)	(5)%	126
Japanese Yen	5%	7	5%	12
	(5)%	(7)	(5)%	(12)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on the profit after tax and retained profit of each entity of the Group measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into United States dollars at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk as at the end of the reporting period, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2013.

(e) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price changes arising from investments in unquoted equity securities held for long term strategic purpose. All of the Group's unquoted investments are held for long term strategic purposes. Their performance is assessed at least bi-annually, based on the limited information available to the Group, together with an assessment of their relevance to the Group's long term strategic plans.

(f) Fair values

All financial instruments are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2014 and 2013.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

27 COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments

Capital commitments, representing purchase of property, plant and equipment, not provided for in the financial statements are as follows:



28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2014, transactions with the following parties are considered as related party transactions.

Name of party

Contracted for

China Metal Products Company Limited ("CMP") Vald. Birn A/S ("Birn") Yanmar Co., Ltd. ("Yanmar") China Metal Japan Company Limited ("CMJ") China Metal Automotive International Co., Limited ("CMAI")

Relationship

Shareholder of the Company Shareholder of the Company Shareholder of the Company Affiliated company Affiliated company

(a) Recurring transactions

Particulars of significant transactions between the Group and the one of the above related parties during the year are as follows:

	2014 \$′000	2013 <i>\$`000</i>
Sales of goods to – Yanmar – Birn	16,960 1,417	17,561 662
	18,377	18,223
Commission to – CMAI – CMJ	1,334 	1,106
	1,770	1,528
Reimbursement of expenses to – CMAI – CMP	5,969 331	7,781
	6,300	8,060
Loan repaid to – Birn		3,800
Purchase of equity interest of CMB(HK) from – Birn		9,700

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(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) Recurring transactions (continued)

Included in the reimbursement of expenses to CMP is the Group's share of contributions to retirement schemes of certain eligible employees in Taiwan of \$232,000 (2013: \$175,000) for the year ended 31 December 2014. The schemes are administered by CMP. Based on an agreement between the Group and CMP, CMP is responsible for the retirement liability of these employees. The Group is not obliged to incur any liability beyond the contribution.

In addition, remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 7 and certain of highest paid employees as disclosed in note 8, is as follows:

	2014 \$′000	2013 <i>\$`000</i>
Short-term employee benefits Equity settled share-based transactions	3,324	3,735 368
	3,398	4,103

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see note 5(b)).

(b) Amounts due from related companies

	The Group		The Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000
Trade				
– Yanmar	915	1,142	915	1,142
		1.140	015	1.140
	915	1,142	915	1,142
Non-trade				
– CMAI		618	268	998
– CMP	4	-	4	-
– BIRN	422		-	
	426	618	272	998
	1,341	1,760	1,187	2,140

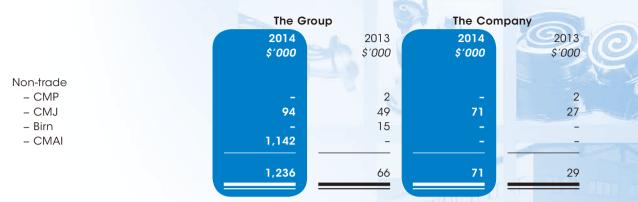
All the other amounts due from related companies are unsecured, interest-free and are expected to be recovered within one year. There was no provision made against these amounts at 31 December 2014.

(Expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise indicated)

For the year ended 31 December 2014

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(c) Amounts due to related companies



The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and are expected to be settled within one year.

(d) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

The related party transactions with CMAI, CMJ and Birn above constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules are provided in Section "Connected Transactions" of the Report of the Directors.

29 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

After the end of the reporting period the directors proposed a final dividend. Further details are disclosed in note 25(b).

30 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 December 2014, the directors consider the immediate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group to be United Elite Agents Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and China Metal Products Company Limited, a company listed and incorporated in Taiwan respectively. The ultimate controlling party produces financial statements available for public use.

31 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a few amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2014 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendments to HKAS 19, Defined benefit plans: Employee Contributions	1 July 2014
Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 cycle	1 July 2014
Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 cycle	1 July 2014
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38, Clarification of acceptable	
methods of depreciation and amortization	1 January 2016
HKFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers	1 January 2017
HKFRS 9, Financial instruments	1 January 2018

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

	FIVE YEARS SUMMARY Year ended 31 December 2014					
	(Expressed in United States dollars)					
		2010 \$´000	2011 \$´000	2012 \$'000	2013 <i>\$'000</i>	2014 \$′000
	Results					
0	Turnover	244,290	307,000	299,332	321,239	346,855
r H	Profit from operations Finance costs	35,282 (232)	36,630 (430)	38,853 (740)	48,040 (561)	51,034 (1,223)
	Profit before taxation	35,050	36,200	38,113	47,479	49,811
	Income tax	(3,848)	(3,092)	(4,213)	(6,451)	(8,777)
	Profit for the year	31,202	33,108	33,900	41,028	41,034
	Assets and liabilities					
	Non-current assets Net current assets	170,397 78,025	179,308 120,391	201,058 158,603	230,417 142,844	222,469 136,403
	Total assets less current liabilities	248,422	299,699	359,661	373,261	358,872
	Non-current liabilities	(107)	(20,107)	(55,107)	(43,250)	(22,060)
	NET ASSETS	248,315	279,592	304,554	330,011	336,812
	Share capital	1,291	1,291	1,291	1,291	1,293
	Reserves	241,191	270,404	291,927	328,720	335,519
	Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	242,482	271,695	293,218	330,011	336,812
	Non-controlling interests	5,833	7,897	11,336		
	TOTAL EQUITY	248,315	279,592	304,554	330,011	336,812
	Attributable to:					
	Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	30,612 590	31,389 1,719	30,694 3,206	41,117 (89)	41,034
	Profit for the year	31,202	33,108	33,900	41,028	41,034
	Earnings per share					
	Basic (cents)	3.05	3.13	3.06	4.09	4.08
	Diluted (cents)	N/A	3.13	3.06	4.09	4.08

Note: The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 5 August 2004 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The Company became the holding company of the Group through the reorganisation on 8 December 2004.