

NEW CENTURY REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST

As the world's first China-based hotel real estate investment trust ("REIT"), New Century Real Estate Investment Trust's ("New Century REIT") listing ("Listing" or "IPO") on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 10 July 2013 ("Listing Date") was a milestone for the Chinese hospitality industry as well as the Hong Kong REIT market. New Century REIT provides its unitholders ("Unitholders") with an unique opportunity to invest in a portfolio of pure hotel assets located in China and to take advantage of the growing China tourism sector and hotel industry resulting from China's fast-growing economy and domestic consumption.

New Century REIT has committed and reputable sponsors, namely the New Century Hotel Group Limited and its subsidiaries ("New Century Group") as well as The Carlyle Group ("Carlyle"). New Century Group is the largest domestic, private-sector, star-rated hotel management group in China with 159 star-rated hotels in operations or under development. In addition, New Century Group was ranked 32nd among the world's hotel groups by Hotels Magazine in 2013. The Carlyle Group (NASDAQ: CG) is a global alternative asset manager with US\$194 billion of assets under management across 128 funds and 142 fund of funds vehicles as of 31 December 2014.

For the year ended 31 December 2014 ("**Reporting Period**"), New Century REIT's portfolio includes five 5-Star hotels and one 4-Star hotel. These include five hotels as at the Listing Date namely, New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou (杭州年島湖開元度假村), New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo (寧波開元名都大酒店), New Century Grand Hotel Changchun (長春開元名都大酒店) and the 4-Star hotel, New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang (浙江開元蕭山賓館) (collectively, the "**Initial Hotel Properties**") and a newly acquired hotel, Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai (上海松江開元名都大酒店) ("**Shanghai Hotel**") (collectively with the Initial Hotel Properties, the "**Hotel Properties**"). The Hotel Properties are located in China with an aggregate of 2,467 rooms and more than 390,000 square meters in total gross floor area ("**GFA**"). Most of the hotels within our portfolio were rated the top 1.5% best hotels in the respective cities by TripAdvisor.com as of 16 March 2015.

LONG-TERM OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGY

New Century Asset Management Limited ("**REIT Manager**") continues its strategy to invest on a long-term basis, in a diversified portfolio of income-producing hospitality related real estates, initially in China, and to deliver regular and stable distributions to Unitholders and to achieve long-term growth in distributions and in the net asset value per unit of New Century REIT ("**Unit**") while maintaining an appropriate capital structure.



CONTENTS

- 2 Financial Highlights
- 4 Chairman's Statement
- 10 Investment Properties Portfolio
- 18 Report of the REIT Manager
- 29 Group Structure
- 32 Major Awards
- 36 Corporate Governance Report
- 55 Connected Party Transactions
- 63 Disclosure of Interests
- 67 Directors' Biographical Information
- 71 Key Personnel's Biographical Information
- 73 Trustee's Report
- 74 Valuation Report
- 106 Independent Auditor's Report
- 108 Consolidated Income Statement
- 109 Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
- 110 Consolidated Balance Sheet
- 112 Distribution Statement
- 114 Consolidated Statement of Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders and Changes in Equity
- 115 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
- 117 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
- 183 Performance Table
- 184 Summary of Financial Information
- 186 Corporate Information
- 188 Definitions and Glossary of Technical Terms



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Since New Century REIT was listed on 10 July 2013 and the previous annual results covered less than a full year, no year-on-year comparison between 2014 and 2013 is made.

KEY FINANCIAL FIGURES FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD

(expressed in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

| | Year ended 31 December 2014 | Period from 10 July 2013 (Listing Date) to 31 December 2013 |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Total Revenue | 267,793 | 126,842 |
| Loss attributable to Unitholders | (43,104) | (146,859) |
| Profit attributable to Unitholders, net of tax (excluding impact from change in fair value of investment properties) ¹ | 64,080 | 29,330 |
| Total distributable income | 154,468 | 80,702 |
| - Interim distributable income² | 64,521 | - |
| - Final distributable income ³ | 89,947 | 80,702 |
| Add: Special distribution declared and paid with the interim distributable income ² | 27,000 | 2 |
| Total distributions for the year | 181,468 | 80,702 |
| | | |
| Per Unit Figures | | |
| Payout Ratio | 100% | 100% |
| Total Distribution per unit ("DPU") (RMB) | 0.2285 | 0.1225 |
| - Interim Distribution per unit ² (including special distribution) | 0.1155 | - |
| Final Distribution per unit³ (after taking into account the effect of Existing Distribution Waivers⁴ and the New Distribution Waivers⁴) | 0.1130 | 0.1225 |
| Total Distribution per unit ("DPU") (HK\$) | 0.2879 | 0.1555 |
| - Interim Distribution per unit ² (including special distribution) | 0.1454 | - |
| Final Distribution per unit³ (after taking into account the effect of Existing Distribution Waivers⁴ and the New Distribution Waivers⁴) | 0.1425 | 0.1555 |
| Net asset value per unit attributable to Unitholders (RMB) | 2.7743 | 3.0674 |
| Net asset value per unit attributable to Unitholders (HK\$)5 | 3.5167 | 3.9015 |
| Ratio | | |
| Gearing Ratio ⁶ | 31% | 27% |

Notes:

- Impact includes the decrease in fair value of investment properties of RMB142,912,000 (2013: RMB234,918,000) and the related deferred taxation credit of RMB35,728,000 (2013: RMB58,730,000) attributable to Unitholders.
- 2 For the period from 1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014, interim distribution and special distribution of RMB0.0815 per unit and RMB0.0340 per unit with the amounts of RMB64,521,000 and RMB27,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$115,173,000 in total) respectively were paid to Unitholders on 9 October 2014.
- Total units in issue as at 31 December 2014 were 931,139,567 units (2013: 772,000,000 units). The DPU of RMB0.1130 for the second half of 2014 (2013: RMB0.1225) is calculated by dividing final distribution to be paid to unitholders of RMB89,947,000 for the second half of 2014 (2013: RMB80,702,000) by 796,039,579 units (2013: 659,000,000 units), after taking into account the effect of Existing Distribution Waivers and New Distribution Waivers (collectively the "Distribution Waivers") as described in Note 4 below.
- Pursuant to the Distribution Waiver Deeds dated 17 June 2013 ("Existing Distribution Waivers"), Huge Harvest International 4 Limited ("Huge Harvest") and Blue Sky Holdings Limited ("Carlyle Blue Sky"), have each agreed to irrevocably waive their respective entitlements to receive any distribution payable for the period from the Listing Date to the year ended 31 December 2014 in relation to 65,600,000 units and 47,400,000 units respectively.
 - On 25 June 2014, Success Conquer Global Ltd. and Huge Harvest have each entered into a Success Conquer Distribution Waiver Deed and Huge Harvest Distribution Waiver Deed respectively ("New Distribution Waivers") and pursuant to which Success Conquer Global Ltd. and Huge Harvest agreed to waive their entitlements to receive any distribution payable with a record date after the issuance of the consideration units for the period ended 31 December 2014 for 15,000,000 units and 7,099,988 units respectively.
- Unless indicated otherwise, amounts specified in Hong Kong dollars are based on an exchange rate of HK\$1 = RMB0.7889 (2013: HK\$1 = RMB0.7862) while amounts specified in United States dollars are based on an exchange rate of US\$1 = RMB6.119. Distribution payable to Unitholders is paid in Hong Kong dollar. The exchange rate adopted by the REIT Manager for the final distribution of the Reporting Period is HK\$1 = RMB0.7929 (2013; HK\$1 = RMB0.7880 and 2014 interim: HK\$1 = RMB0.7945), which is the average closing exchange rate, as announced by the People's Bank of China, for the five business days preceding the date of declaration of distribution.
- 6 Gearing ratio is calculated based on gross borrowings excluding transaction costs over total asset value as at the end of the Reporting Period.





New Century Grand Hotel Changchun

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Unitholders,

I am pleased to present the annual results of New Century REIT and its subsidiaries ("Group") for the year ending 31 December 2014 ("Reporting Period") on behalf of the Board of Directors ("Board") of New Century Asset Management Limited, the manager of New Century REIT (the "REIT Manager"). The revenue and total distributable income of New Century REIT for the Reporting Period were RMB268 million and RMB154 million, respectively. The total distribution per Unit ("DPU") of New Century REIT for the Reporting Period was RMB0.2285 or equivalent to HK\$0.2879, based on a payout ratio of 100%, representing a distribution yield of 8.72% based on the closing unit price of HK\$3.3 on 31 December 2014. The DPU for the second half of the year was RMB0.1130 or equivalent to HK\$0.1425.



Since New Century REIT was listed on 10 July 2013 and the previous annual results covered less than a full year, no year-on-year comparison between 2014 and 2013 is made.

The REIT Manager has been actively looking for investment opportunities for New Century REIT and our execution capability was well proven through the completion of our first acquisition of the Shanghai Hotel in July 2014. This 5-star hotel acquisition enhanced the asset portfolio size by 22%, further expanded the overall geographical coverage and also contributed positively to the overall results of the New Century REIT.







Ice Bucket Challenge

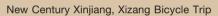
Yearly New Century Cycling Day - for the environment

During the Reporting Period, the hospitality industry in China continued to be negatively affected by shortterm over supply of hotels and the slower China economy. Although competitions in certain cities within our portfolio remain fierce that resulted in lower average daily rates ("ADR"), our portfolio occupancy demonstrated its resilience through their relatively stable occupancy rates. Global economic uncertainties and tighter corporate budgets caused more conscious food and beverage ("F&B") spending by corporates. Nevertheless, leveraging on the significant New Century Group's 159 star-rated hotels platform, our Hotel Properties were managed cost effectively through significant cost savings on items such as salaries & wages, utilities, and sales and marketing. Besides, New Century Group signed 28 additional new hotel management contracts and increased its Century Club loyal memberships by 75% to 1.9 million in 2014, which significantly expanded the potential customers' awareness of and thus businesses for our hotels.

The Hangzhou subway train - line 2 officially commenced operations at the end of November 2014. Having signified the end of material disturbance to our two Hangzhou hotels, the subway significantly shortens the transportation time between our hotels and the Hangzhou city center and numerous tourist destinations, such as the famous West Lake. This should continue to contribute positively to our Hangzhou hotels' performances.

Based on our observation, new investment in hotels construction is falling and many construction activities are delayed, which will probably bring about healthier supply and demand dynamics in the medium-term. Further growing demand from rapidly increasing middleincome earners may present new opportunities for upscale hotels like ours. According to China National Tourism Administration ("CNTA"), tourism industry in China recorded a steady growth in 2014 with domestic







The Most Dynamic Entrepreneur of the Year, The Golden Era - 2014 Media Fashion Ceremony

travelers being expected to grow by 10% to 3.6 billion trips whereas total tourism income to grow by 11% to RMB3.25 trillion, year-on-year. CNTA also commented that tourism is an important industry in China as it directly and indirectly employs approximately 8.4% of the working population and contributes more than 5% of the GDP. Therefore, tourism industry has continuously been supported by government policies with its related infrastructure and public services further improved. In 2014, CNTA together with the China Development Bank jointly launched 135 China tourism investment projects with a size of RMB705.3 billion that represented 32% year-on-year growth.

Over time, China economic transformations should support higher average room rate and F&B charges that should translate into higher profitability for the sector. We therefore remain optimistic on the mediumto long-term outlook of China's hotel industry.

On behalf of the REIT Manager, I would like to express my gratitude to DB Trustees (Hong Kong) Limited, (our "Trustee") and Unitholders for the support and confidence rendered to us.

On behalf of the Board **New Century Asset Management Limited** (as the REIT Manager of New Century REIT)

CHEN Miaolin

Chairman Hong Kong, 23 March 2015





NEW CENTURY RESORT QIANDAO LAKE







INVESTMENT PROPERTIES PORTFOLIO

During the Reporting Period, New Century REIT's portfolio includes five 5-Star hotels, namely New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou (杭州開元名都大酒店), New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou (杭州千島湖開元度假村), New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo (寧波開元名都大酒店), New Century Grand Hotel Changchun (長春開元名都大 酒店) and Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai (上海松江開元名都大酒店), and one 4-Star hotel, namely New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang (浙江開元蕭山賓館). The Hotel Properties are located in China, and have an aggregate of 2,467 rooms and more than a total GFA of 392,000 square meters.

FAVOURABLE LOCATIONS





Xiaoshan, Hangzhou Regional advantages

- Hangzhou is the capital of Zhejiang Province and a major tourist city in China
- Xiaoshan is the industrial base of Hangzhou and China's 4th most economically prosperous district in 2014, with 25 listed companies

Hotel location advantages

- Located in CBD of Xiaoshan
- Proximity to Xiaoshan Economic & Technology Zone and Xiang Lake
- Only 30 minutes drive from the airport
- Next to a new subway line connecting downtown Hangzhou



Qiandao Lake, Hangzhou Regional advantages

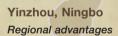
- National 5A Tourist Attraction
- The largest national forest park in China, the 'International Garden City'
- Hangzhou-Huangshan high-speed railway to be completed and opened by spring of 2018

Hotel location advantages

- Located on Qilin peninsula, facing the center of Qiandao Lake
- Adjacent to major transportation routes in Chun'an
- Only 40 minutes drive away from Yu Hotspring, a new attraction in winter







- Ningbo is the core logistics and trading hub in southern Yangtze River Delta region
- Yinzhou District, Ningbo ranked China's 5th most economically prosperous district in 2014
- Southern Business District as new growth area

Hotel location advantages

- Close to southern business district, which is under rapid development and expansion
- Close proximity to airport and railway station; easily accessible to Shanghai via Hangzhou Bay Bridge
- Distant from newly constructed 5-star hotels in city center of Ningbo



Changchun

Regional advantages

- Automobile hub of China, with auto industry output growing at a CAGR of 20% from 2007 to 2011, home to one of the China's largest auto makers -China FAW Group Corporation, and soon to become China's high speed railway development center
- Transportation infrastructure upgrades in place

Hotel location advantages

- Close proximity to China FAW Group Corporation and CNR Changchun Railway Vehicles Co., Ltd
- Close proximity to Changchun Automotive Industry Development Zone
- Distant from new supply of 5-star hotels in Changchun



Songjiang, Shanghai Regional advantages

- Songjiang is preferred location for sightseeing in Shanghai
- Songjiang has strong MICE market due to relative pleasant environment and proximity to corporates
- About 20 minutes drive to Hongqiao Airport

Hotel location advantages

- Close to Songjiang District Government, Central Park and Shanghai Film Park.
- Closest 5-star hotel to University Town and is the highest in the neighborhood

Most of the hotels within our portfolio were rated the top 1.5% best hotels in the respective cities by TripAdvisor. com as of 16 March 2015.

| | Location | Commencement of Operations | Rating | Total GFA (sq.m.) | Number of Rooms | Total Available Seats ⁽²⁾ | GFA of Banquet Rooms (sq.m.) |
|---|---|---------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou | No.818, Middle Shixin Road, Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province | January 2005 | 5-Star | 130,105 | 699 | 4,685 | 4,492 |
| New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang | No. 77, Renmin Road, Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province | January 1988 | 4-Star | 39,851 | 375 | 2,264 | 1,337 |
| New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou | Qilin Peninsular, Qiandao Lake, Chun'an County, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province | April 2004 | 5-Star | 39,402 | 227 | 1,962 | 1,961 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo | No. 666 Middle Shounan Road, Yinzhou District, Ningbo, Zhejiang Province | December 2007 | 5-Star | 66,107 | 392 | 2,356 | 1,890 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Changchun | No. 2299, Jingyangda Road, Lvyuan District, Changchun, Jilin Province | December 2008 ⁽¹⁾ | 5-Star | 45,625 | 328 | 1,918 | 1,892 |
| Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai | No.1799, North Renmin Road, Songjiang District, Shanghai | December 2006 | 5-Star | 71,027 | 446 | 1,766 | 1,728 |
| Total | N/A | N/A | N/A | 392,117 | 2,467 | 14,951 | 13,300 |

Notes:

- New Century Grand Hotel Changchun was constructed by a third party in 2004 and acquired by the New Century Group in December 2007. The hotel was re-opened in 2008 after renovations.
- 2. Including seats in food and beverage outlets and function and banquet facilities.

New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou

(杭州開元名都大酒店)

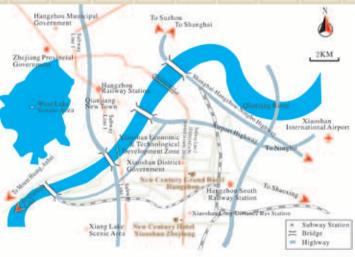
New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang (浙江開元蕭山賓館)

New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou is the largest 5-Star hotel in Zhejiang Province with its highest hotel revenue in Zhejiang Province in 2014. New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang is an upscale 4-Star hotel with a long history, strong reputation and stable customer base. Both New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou and New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang are located in Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou. Hangzhou is the capital of Zhejiang Province and is one of the most important central cities in the Yangtze River Delta and a transportation hub in eastern China. Xiaoshan District is the industrial base of Hangzhou and is one of China's most economically prosperous regions at the municipal district level. Both New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou and New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang are within close proximity to the Xiaoshan International Airport, the only commercial airport in Hangzhou. New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou and New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang are both located close to a subway station that was completed in November 2014. The customer base of these hotels is expected to expand as the new subway line effectively brings the two hotels much closer to the city center and the popular tourist destination - West Lake.











New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou

(杭州千島湖開元度假村)

New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou is the first 5-Star resort opened in Hangzhou. It generated the highest revenue among all resorts in Qiandao Lake in 2012 and is the most popular resort in Qiandao Lake as measured by occupancy rate and revenue per available room ("RevPAR"). As a National 5A Tourist Attraction recognized by China National Tourism Bureau, Qiandao Lake is a prominent leisure destination in eastern China.







New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo (寧波開元名都大酒店)

New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo is a luxury 5-Star hotel located in Yinzhou District, Ningbo. Ningbo is the core logistics and trading hub in southern Yangtze River Delta region and has the second largest GDP among all cities in Zhejiang Province. The Beilun Port in Ningbo is the largest port in China. Yinzhou District is one of Ningbo's major industrial and educational zones and is home to over 25,500 industrial companies, including headquarters of many large-scale private enterprises. New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo is in close proximity to the Ningbo Lishe International Airport, the only commercial airport in Ningbo.











New Century Grand Hotel Changchun (長春開元名都大酒店)

New Century Grand Hotel Changchun commenced operation in December 2008 with advanced amenities and facilities. The hotel is a luxury 5-Star hotel located in Lvyuan District of Changchun. Changchun is the capital of Jilin Province and an important industrial base with a particular focus on the automobile sector. New Century Grand Hotel Changchun is in close proximity to the China FAW Group Corporation, one of China's largest vehicle producers, and CNR Changchun Railway Vehicles Co., Ltd. which is a subsidiary of China CNR Corporation Limited and is China's major producer of high-speed railway passenger cars and subway cars. New Century Grand Hotel Changchun has established a long-term cooperative relationship with China FAW Group Corporation and CNR Changchun Railway Vehicles Co., Ltd., which brings steady demand from business travelers. New Century Grand Hotel Changchun is well positioned to capture market share from business travelers, including those who travel to the China FAW Group Corporation and CNR Changchun Railway Vehicles Co., Ltd., and participants of the China-Northeast Asia Expo (中國一東北亞博覽會) which is held every September in Changchun.







Songjiang New Century Grand **Hotel Shanghai**

(上海松江開元名都大酒店)

Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai is a luxury 5-Star hotel located in the core area of Songjiang, Shanghai. It is close to public transportation and surrounded by commercial and retail facilities. Shanghai Hotel benefits from tourist demand which arises from universities to the north, the government to the east, industrial parks to the west and south, and some other tourist attractions in the old Songjiang town.

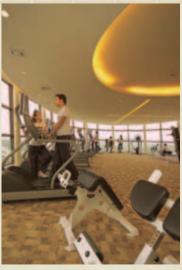
Located in the Southwest suburb of Shanghai, Songjiang District owns an area of 604.67 square kilometres with a resident population of approximately 1.70 million as of the end of 2012. As one of the most successful parts of Shanghai's "One City and Nine New Towns" plan, Songijang has already presented a decent large scale new town with pleasant living environment as well as well-developed infrastructure and commercial facilities.

Culturally, Songjiang District is known as the "Origin of Shanghai". The State-level Shanghai Songjiang Export Processing Zone opened in 2001. According to the "Garden City" design principles, a large proportion of land is allocated to greenspace and parks in the new town and it was awarded as the "International Garden City" by the United Nations Environment Programme.

Operating under the "New Century" (「開元」) Brand, Shanghai Hotel ranks among the top domestic hotel brands and enjoys a strong foothold in the Greater Yangtze River Delta Region. It maintains a good relationship with Zhejiang guests, providing the hotel with stable guest demand. In addition, having other New Century hotels in Shanghai allows for the sharing of costs and makes it easier for cooperation to promote the hotels.









REPORT OF THE REIT MANAGER



KEY FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The revenue and total distributable income of New Century REIT for the Reporting Period were RMB268 million and RMB154 million, respectively. The 2013 figures are not comparable as the Group ceased its hotel operation business and began to engage in hotel property rental business upon the Listing Date. After taking into account the Distribution Waivers, the total DPU of New Century REIT for the Reporting Period was RMB0.2285 or equivalent to HK\$0.2879. The DPU for the second half of the year was RMB0.1130 or equivalent to HK\$0.1425.

The portfolio observed stabilizing trend in terms of occupancy while the average daily rates ("ADR") declined amid slower economy. For the food and beverages ("F&B") department, despite difficult business environment due to central government's curbs on luxury spending, overall banquet revenue for the portfolio was flat year-on-year as spending power from private sectors are still relatively resilient. Further, our hotels have succeeded in expanding their Meetings, Incentives, Conferencing and Exhibitions ("MICE") businesses for strong New Century's local recognition, well-established reputation and competitive marketing edge arising from its presence throughout China.



Yu Hoi Zin

Hong Kam Kit. Eddie



International Hotel Investment Forum 2015, Berlin - Speaker

The Hangzhou subway construction work had caused significant disturbance to the accesses to and businesses of our two Hangzhou hotels. Further, New Century Grand Hotel Changchun ("Hotel Changchun") was also affected by the generally lower spending and conferencing budgets of State-Owned Enterprises. With the completion of the subway line with stations at close proximity to our two Hangzhou hotels in November 2014, the number of patronage to the hotels should increase as the new subway line effectively brings the two hotels much closer to the city center and the popular tourist destination - West Lake. Therefore, both room and F&B departments of the two Hangzhou hotels should benefit from the convenience of the subway brought to our guests. For Hotel Changchun, as more efforts have been spent in marketing and cost savings, we hope the performance of this hotel will stabilize in 2015. In general, tight costs control has been achieved for the Hotel Properties during the Reporting Period, which contributed to improved year-on-year portfolio core gross operating profit by approximately 1% as well as its core gross operatingmargin by 3 percentage points, assuming a full year's contribution for all the six hotels within the Hotel Properties for both 2014 and 2013.

The Shanghai Hotel, which was included in our portfolio since 31 July 2014 has provided meaningful contributions in terms of both top line and gross operating profit to New Century REIT. Located in the Southwest suburb of Shanghai, Songjiang district is zoned for landscape tourism and presents a decent large scale new town with pleasant living environment as well as well-developed infrastructure and commercial facilities. The Shanghai Hotel is located in the core area of Songjiang New Town and benefits from the tourist demand which arises from universities to the north, the government to the east and industrial parks to the west and south. With the addition of tourist attractions such as the Maya Water Park as well as the second phase of Happy Valley, the area has gained popularity with leisure travelers. With the Shanghai Disneyland targeted to open by the first half of 2016, this over RMB33 billion investment is expected to increase the overall demand in hotel rooms and F&B in Shanghai in 2015 and onwards as significant associated trades, services and events will support the opening of the theme park.



The 13th China Hotel Owner Event, Chongqing - Speaker

HEALTHY FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2014, New Century REIT had an aggregate borrowing of RMB1,607 million (2013: RMB1,188 million). In August 2014, a US\$60 million (equivalent to approximately RMB367 million) loan facility was obtained and drawn to finance the Shanghai Hotel acquisition. In April 2014, New Century REIT refinanced a corporate bond of RMB250 million issued by its subsidiary by an onshore loan facility under a facility agreement arranged in June 2013. As at 31 December 2014, approximately US\$10.8 million (equivalent RMB66 million) of a US\$28.8 million (equivalent RMB176 million) revolving facility remained unutilized. Further, an uncommitted loan facility of US\$40 million (equivalent RMB245 million) is available, providing ample financial resources to New Century REIT.

As at 31 December 2014, the valuation of the Hotel Properties of New Century REIT was RMB4,870 million (2013: RMB4,190 million) as appraised by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, our Principal Valuer. The gearing ratio of New Century REIT was approximately 31% (2013: 27%), being the ratio of the gross borrowings (excluding transaction costs) of RMB1,607 million as compared with total asset value of RMB5,156 million, which was well below the maximum limit of 45% as permitted under the REIT Code.

New Century REIT had total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash of RMB231 million (2013: RMB170 million), which was comprised of RMB187 million (2013: RMB146 million) in unrestricted cash and RMB44 million (2013: RMB24 million) in restricted cash as at 31 December 2014. New Century REIT possesses sufficient financial resources and bank loan facilities and receives timely payments of rental income to satisfy its financial commitments and working capital requirements.

ASSET ENHANCEMENT

After doubling the ceiling height and increased its serving capacity by 55% to host large-scale conferences and exhibitions in 2013, New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou hosted many large scale corporate events in 2014, serving large- or midsized local and international companies such as insurance companies and jewelers for events including product launches and industry summits. In 2014, due to completion of the new Hangzhou subway line 2 construction works, we seized this opportunity to upgrade the lightings, landscaping and the surrounding area of our hotel.

Subsequent to the acquisition of the Shanghai Hotel, the REIT Manager has evaluated the benefits and costs in converting some F&B areas into other uses and is in the process of converting the private dining area into retail space. While the operational results of the private dining services in the hotel are less than satisfactory after the implementation of certain rules by the Chinese government aiming at cutting extravagance and waste, the business of Shanghai New Century Mediterranean Commercial Plaza, a shopping mall next to Shanghai Hotel operated and also managed by the hotel's lessee, has performed quite well. Therefore, the REIT Manager expects that leasing out the converted area for retail purposes will help in attracting customers and thereby bringing in other sources of revenue to the Shanghai Hotel. The REIT Manager will continue to evaluate other asset enhancement initiatives to increase values to the Unitholders.

KEY HOTEL OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

The following tables sets forth information on the average occupancy rates, ADR and average revenue per available room ("RevPAR") of the Hotel Properties for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013. Nevertheless, as New Century REIT was listed on 10 July 2013, the full year's figures for 2013 below are presented for reference only:

| For the year ended 31 December 2014 | Occupancy % | ADR RMB | RevPAR RMB |
|--|----------------|------------|---------------|
| New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou | 54.1% | 546 | 295 |
| New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang | 52.6% | 338 | 178 |
| New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou | 50.6% | 770 | 389 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo | 54.4% | 510 | 278 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Changchun | 57.6% | 555 | 320 |
| Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai * | 66.0% | 624 | 412 |
| Weighted Average | 56.2% | 547 | 308 |

Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai was acquired by New Century REIT on 31 July 2014. Therefore, its full year's figures are presented for reference only.

| For the year ended 31 December 2013 | Occupancy % | ADR RMB | RevPAR RMB |
|--|----------------|------------|---------------|
| New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou | 57.3% | 591 | 339 |
| New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang | 58.1% | 345 | 201 |
| New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou | 52.7% | 789 | 415 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo | 51.4% | 539 | 277 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Changchun | 63.4% | 638 | 404 |
| Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai | 57.3% | 648 | 371 |
| Weighted Average | 56.9% | 580 | 330 |

Note: The Initial Hotel Properties were acquired on the Listing Date whereas Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai was acquired by New Century REIT on 31 July 2014. Therefore, the 2013 figures are presented for reference only.

Year-on-year, the portfolio's weighted average occupancy and ADR has declined by 0.7 percentage points and 5.7% respectively resulting in a decline in RevPAR of 6.7%. As discussed in the "Key Financial Highlights" section above, the two Hangzhou hotels have been negatively affected by the construction of the Hangzhou subway works whereas the Changchun hotel's reliance on State-Owned Enterprises spending had a negative impact on the hotel's performance during the Reporting Period. On the other hand, the newly acquired Shanghai Hotel performed satisfactory and recorded a double-digit growth in RevPAR during 2014. Our Ningbo hotel also demonstrated a resilient year and recorded a flat RevPAR year-on-year amid tough competitions. In year 2015, while the global as well as China economies are still facing various challenges and uncertainties, we hope the portfolio will stabilize or even improve as supported by domestic consumptions arising from supportive economic policies and more prosperous stock market.



New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou

The following tables sets forth information of the F&B average spending per customer, average outlets seat utilization rate and average revenue per square meter per day of banquet rooms in the Hotel Properties for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013. Nevertheless, as New Century REIT was listed on 10 July 2013, the full year's figures for 2013 below are presented for reference only:

| For the year ended 31 December 2014 | F&B Spending Per Customer RMB | F&B Outlet Utilization Rate % | Revenue Per SQM. Per Day of Banquet Room RMB |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou | 109 | 143% | 60 |
| New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang | 106 | 116% | 85 |
| New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou | 75 | 93% | 9 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo | 98 | 159% | 56 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Changchun | 101 | 117% | 22 |
| Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai* | 91 | 112% | 44 |
| Weighted Average | 99 | 123% | 47 |

Note: *Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai was acquired by New Century REIT on 31 July 2014. Therefore, its full year's figures are presented for reference only.

| For the year ended 31 December 2013 | F&B Spending Per Customer RMB | F&B Outlet Utilization Rate % | Revenue Per SQM. Per Day of Banquet Room RMB |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou | 110 | 164% | 67 |
| New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang | 111 | 124% | 88 |
| New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou | 79 | 99% | 8 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo | 99 | 148% | 57 |
| New Century Grand Hotel Changchun | 135 | 128% | 24 |
| Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai | 103 | 96% | 47 |
| Weighted Average | 107 | 126% | 50 |

Note: The Initial Hotel Properties were acquired on the Listing Date whereas Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai was acquired by New Century REIT on 31 July 2014. Therefore, the 2013 figures are presented for reference only.

Despite central government's curbs on luxury spending, overall banquet revenue for the portfolio was flat yearon-year as spending power from private sectors are still strong. In 2014, the hotels within our portfolio provided venues for hosting conventions and other corporate events to large- or mid-scale local enterprises or local subsidiaries of international companies. Our flagship hotel, New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou with two pillar-less banquet rooms over 1,000 sq.m. each, coupled with another 16 medium-sized meeting rooms beside these two largest banquet rooms, offer a variety of floor-plans and room configurations as may be required by various conferences and banquets. Our hotels also have a group of experienced event organizers who coordinate and arrange conferences and meetings according to the requirements of customers. Therefore, amid a tough environment for public spending, banquet still offers a good source of revenue and earnings to our portfolio.

KEY HOTEL OPERATION INITIATIVES

In year 2014, the hotels within our portfolio have incorporated initiatives to both increase revenue and reduce costs. A few examples are illustrated below:

On the revenue side, the hotel management strengthened sales distribution support by actively leveraging on New Century Group's channel network with Online Travel Agencies (OTAs) such as Ctrip, eLong (藝龍) and Qunar.com (去哪兒) to promote the REIT's 6 hotels by front page promotions. Also, we cooperated with international MICE organization to strengthen the portfolio's Global Distribution System (GDS) and increased promotional efforts for the Hotel Properties through New Century Group's own web-site, mobile phone data base and popular web-sites like Taobao.com and Wechat. These increased sales both in rooms and some F&B products like buffet. Further, new partnerships have been entered into with banks, airlines, department stores, car rental companies and property companies are expected to expand sales platform.

For F&B, co-operations with wedding professionals helped to seize the opportunities to secure banquet bookings as early as possible. Also, more mass market and families dining promotions have been targeted at in order to make up the decline arising from state-owned Enterprises' downsized spending and conferencing budgets.

Significant cost savings initiatives have also been adopted including improving raw materials sourcing efficiency in F&B through more competitive pricing mechanism and nurture local suppliers; streamlined organization to improve efficiency; reduced nonessential room materials and energy savings. Other areas of cost saving involved salaries and wages as well as sales and marketing.

RENTAL STRUCTURE AND BANK GUARANTEE

The Hotel Properties are managed and operated to prescribed operating standards and receive rent according to lease agreements for an initial term of 10 years, commencing from the Listing Date for the Initial Hotel Properties and from 31 July 2014 for the Shanghai Hotel, all of which may be renewed for a period of another 10 years.

The lease agreements are designed to provide New Century REIT with a visible and stable income stream minimizing exposure to hotel industry risks (including cyclicality) by way of Base Rents, being RMB216 million and approximately RMB45 million, for the Initial Hotel Properties and the Shanghai Hotel respectively, for the first five years of the leases, while providing New Century REIT, by way of the variable Individual Rent, with the ability to share a portion of any potential upside in revenue and gross operating profit based on the performance of the Hotel Properties.

Variable Individual Rent, with a minimum guaranteed annual rental amount (being the Base Rent), amounts to the total sum of (i) 20% of each hotel of the Initial Hotel Properties or 25% of the Shanghai Hotel's total operating revenue of that month; and (ii) 34% of each of the relevant Hotel Properties' gross operating profit of that month.

From the sixth to tenth years of the lease agreements ("Subsequent Period"), the Base Rents for each year will be the market base rents ("Market Base Rents") which is to be determined by an independent professional property valuer to be jointly appointed by the Lessors and the Lessees. If the Market Base Rents as determined by such independent property valuer to be appointed is lower than 85% of the average annual rent received from the Lessee for the Hotel Properties for the first four years (i.e. the "Reference Average Rent for the First Four Years"), the Base Rents with respect to the Hotel Properties for each year during the Subsequent Period will be 85% of the Reference Average Rent for the First Four Years instead of the Market Base Rents. Given the minimum amount of the annual rent received from the Lessee for each of the first four years of the term of the lease agreements are RMB216 million and approximately RMB45 million, being the Base Rents for the first four years of the Initial Hotel Properties and the Shanghai Hotel respectively, the Base Rents from the Subsequent Period would be no less than RMB183.6 million and approximately RMB 38.6 million (being 85% of the Base Rents for the first 4 years) respectively.

Summary of Hotel Lease and Management Agreements

| | Year 1-5 | Year 6-10 | Year 11-20 | |
|--|---|---|--------------------|--|
| Base Rent RMB45.47 million ⁽²⁾ | | Higher of market base rent or 85% of average rent received in prior 4 years | | |
| | | Bank guarantee or security deposit | | |
| Variable Portion of Total Rent | 20% ⁽¹⁾ & 25% ⁽²⁾ of Revenue + 34% of GOP – Base Rent | To be determined by independer | nt property valuer | |
| Security Deposit | RMB20 million ⁽¹⁾ RMB48 million ⁽²⁾ | ≥RMB20 million ⁽¹⁾ ≥Prevailing Base Rent ⁽²⁾ | | |

- Initial Hotel Properties
- Shanghai Hotel





New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou

New Century Tourism guarantees the performance of obligations by the Lessee. For the Initial Hotel Properties, the Bank of China - Zhejiang Branch provides an irrevocable guarantee in the amount of RMB216 million (being the amount of the Base Rent) per year in favor of subsidiaries of New Century REIT to cover the payment obligations of the Lessee for first 5 years from the Listing Date. Further, the lessees of the Initial Hotel Properties and the Shanghai Hotel are required to provide a security deposit in the amount of RMB20 million and RMB48 million respectively under the lease agreements.

In addition to the rent receivable under the lease agreements, New Century REIT is also entitled to other rental income from the leasing of commercial, shopping and as well as car parking areas in the Hotel Properties.

OUTLOOK

New Century REIT's Hotel Properties recorded a relatively resilient start in 2015 with higher portfolio occupancy and stable RevPAR year-to March 2015. Yet, despite improving economic conditions in the United States of America, global economic and political environment remain unstable. China central government had introduced various micro stimuli in 2014 and the People's Bank of China also cut rates in order to help sustain its high economic growth. It is generally expected further stimulus will be introduced. Together with quantitative easing measures launched by the

European Central Bank and the Japanese Government and the continuous low interest rates environment in major economies, the global economic outlook should still be improving in the long-term.

After the acquisition of Shanghai Hotel, we will continue to look for growth opportunities through acquisition from New Century Group, Carlyle networks and thirdparty sources. The current difficult environment has caused increasing number of single-block hotel owners to offer their hotels for sale at lower prices which in turn provides a favourable acquisition environment.

We continue to be optimistic on the medium to long-term China hotel market outlook, driven by the relatively high China economic growth, continuous infrastructure development, increasingly wealthy population and urbanization. Having seen delay and reduction in new hotel investment since 2013, there should be healthier supply-and-demand dynamics in the medium- to long-term.

The China hotel industry is becoming increasingly brand driven by both consumers and the capital markets. Leveraging on New Century Group's 159 star-rated hotels platform with over 1.9 million loyal Century Club club memberships, our strategy and corporate strength are well positioned to win in the future. Further, our "first mover advantage" strategy in fast-growing Tier 2 cities allow us to capture the fast increasingly affluent domestic travelers.



New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou

EMPLOYEES

New Century REIT is managed by the REIT Manager and the Trustee. By contracting out such services, New Century REIT, through its subsidiaries has three employees in its own right and such costs are reimbursed by the REIT Manager.

MAJOR REAL ESTATE AGENTS

During the Reporting Period, no commission was paid to any real estate agents.

MAJOR CONTRACTORS

The top five contractors engaged by New Century REIT and their respective value of services rendered and percentages for the Reporting Period were as follows:

| Contractors | Nature of Services | Value of services RMB'000 | Relevant Cost % |
|---|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 杭州綠風園林建設集團有限公司 Hangzhou Green Wind Landscape Construction Holdings Company Limited | Outdoor lighting transformation and external landscape restoration | 3,180 | 57% |
| 浙江省工業設備安裝集團有限公司 Zhejiang Industrial Equipment Installation Holdings Company Limited | Sewage and waste explorer replacement and upgrade of fire safety system | 1,730 | 31% |
| 上海研樂景觀規劃設計有限公司 Shanghai Institute of Landscape Planning and Design Company Limited | Design fee for external landscape restoration | 260 | 5% |
| 北京藍卡軟件技術有限公司 Beijing Blue Card Software Technology Company Limited | Supply of parking license plate recognition system | 84 | 2% |
| 杭州幫事空調設備安裝有限公司 Hangzhou Air-conditioning and Equipment Installation Company Limited | Engine room noise control project | 80 | 1% |
| | | 5,334 | 96% |

On behalf of the Board

New Century Asset Management Limited

(as the REIT Manager of New Century REIT)

CHEUNG Yat Ming

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer Hong Kong, 23 March 2015

GROUP STRUCTURE

Since its inception in Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province in 1988, New Century Group has established the homegrown, widely recognized "New Century" brand series that principally targets the luxury and upscale travel segments, offering hospitality services of international standards complemented by local Chinese elements. New Century Group has established a strong foothold in the Greater Yangtze River Delta region and intends to continue to leverage its knowledge and market reputation to enhance its expansion into second and third-tier cities in other regions of China.

NEW CENTURY GROUP'S HOTEL BRANDS

New Century Group's hotels are operated under the following 5 brands:



"New Century Grand Hotel" is a 5-star luxury hotel brand, offering services to guests with the perfect fusion of oriental culture and international standards.



"New Century Manju Hotel" is a mid-range business hotel brand.



"New Century Hotel" is a highgrade business hotel brand of the New Century Group.



"Cultural Theme Hotel" is a brand of hotels located in ancient towns, villages, and scenic regions with unique cultural characteristics.



"New Century Resort" is a resort hotel brand and is located in the coast area, lakeside and mountains with beautiful natural environment.





New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang

THE REIT MANAGER

The REIT Manager, New Century Asset Management Limited (開元資產管理有限公司), was incorporated in Hong Kong on 12 December 2012 for the sole purpose of managing the assets of New Century REIT. The REIT Manager is licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") to undertake the regulated activity of asset management as required by the REIT Code.

The REIT Manager has a general power of management over the assets of New Century REIT. The REIT Manager's main responsibility is to manage the assets of New Century REIT for the benefit of the Unitholders and to provide Unitholders with stable distributions per Unit. The REIT Manager sets the strategic direction and risk management policies of New Century REIT and gives directions to the Trustee on the acquisition, divestment or enhancement of assets of New Century REIT in accordance with its stated investment strategy. The REIT Manager is required by the REIT Code to act in the best interests of Unitholders, to whom the Trustee also owes fiduciary duties.

The REIT Manager believes that hotel property ownership requires specialized knowledge and experience which is distinct from office or retail property management and that it is important to monitor a hotel operator's activities to ensure that asset performance is maximized. The REIT Manager has employed experienced professionals who have a track record in property development, investment, management, marketing, leasing and finance, complemented by their familiarity with the dynamics of the Chinese hospitality market.





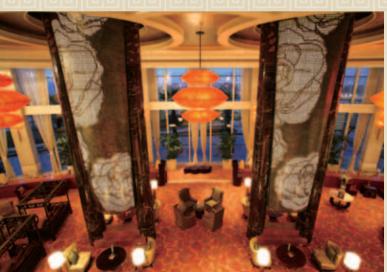
New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo

The REIT Manager does not manage the Hotel Properties directly. The Hotel Properties are leased by the Lessors to the Lessee under the Hotel Lease and Management Agreements, which are designed to provide New Century REIT with a visible and stable income stream minimizing exposure to hotel industry risks by way of the Base Rent, while providing New Century REIT, by way of the variable Individual Rent, with the ability to share a portion of any potential upside in revenue and gross operating profit based on the performance of the Hotel Properties.

THE TRUSTEE

The Trustee of New Century REIT is DB Trustees (Hong Kong) Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong and registered as a trust company under section 77 of the Trustee Ordinance (Chapter 29 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Trustee is qualified to act as a trustee for collective investment schemes authorized under the SFO pursuant to the REIT Code.

The Trustee and the REIT Manager are independent of each other and their respective roles in relation to New Century REIT are set out in the REIT Code and the Trust Deed.





New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo

MAJOR AWARDS



2014 ASIA'S BEST COMPANIES - CHINA



2013 HANGZHOU BEST STARRED HOTEL



2013 SONGJIANG DISTRICT ADVANCED ENTERPRISES



NEW CENTURY REIT

2014 ASIA'S BEST COMPANIES - CHINA FinanceAsia 2014

NEW CENTURY GRAND HOTEL HANGZHOU

2013 TOURISM SYSTEM TOP TEN TOURISM **ENTERPRISES**

Hangzhou Xiaoshan Tourism Bureau 2014.2

2012 SAFETY DEMONSTRATION OF HOTEL

Hangzhou Committee for Social Management and Comprehensive Management 2014.2

2013 "EAST ROOM" MICE PRODUCTS - OUTSTANDING **INNOVATION AWARD**

Hangzhou Xiaoshan Tourism Bureau 2014.2

2013 XIAOSHAN DISTRICT ADVANCED LEAGUE **BRANCH (LUXURY BANQUET GROUP)**

Hangzhou Xiaoshan Committee of the China Communist Youth League 2014.3

"2014: PURSUE FOR GROWTH AND INTEGRITY" (「大干2014 ● 共鑄誠信」)XIAOSHAN PEOPLE MOST TRUSTED CONSUMER BRAND

Xiaoshan Daily 2014.5

2014 XIAOSHAN AREA HOTEL SERVICE INNOVATION CONTEST OUTSTANDING ORGANIZATION AWARD (SECOND

Hangzhou Xiaoshan Tourism Bureau, Hangzhou Xiaoshan Federation of Trade Unions, Hangzhou Xiaoshan Human Resources and Social Security Bureau, Hangzhou Xiaoshan Leading Group Office of Farmers Quality Training Project 2014.8

2013 HANGZHOU BEST STARRED HOTEL Hangzhou Tourism Committee 2014.8

2014 ANNUAL OUTSTANDING CONFERENCE HOTEL The Alliance of China Conference Hotels 2014.11

NEW CENTURY HOTEL XIAOSHAN

2014 ANNUAL OUTSTANDING CONFERENCE HOTEL The Alliance of China Conference Hotels 2014.1

2013/2014 XIAOSHAN TOP TEN TOURISM ENTERPRISES Hangzhou Xiaoshan Tourism Bureau 2014.2

FANG MING: 2013/2014 XIAOSHAN BUSINESS SYSTEM TOP TEN CHAIRMAN (GENERAL MANAGER)

The People's Government of Hangzhou Xiaoshan 2014.2

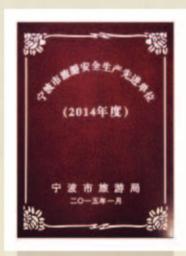
HUIPING BEST HOTEL BREAKFAST AWARD Ctrip.com, Brandwisdom.cn 2014.6

2013 HANGZHOU BEST STARRED HOTEL Hangzhou Tourism Committee 2014.8

TONGCHENG MOST POPULAR HOTEL LY.com 2014.11



2014 ANNUAL OUTSTANDING CONFERENCE HOTEL



2014 TOURISM IN NINGBO CITY ADVANCED UNIT OF PRODUCTION SAFETY



CHINA TOP 500 PRIVATE ENTERPRISES

NEW CENTURY RESORT QIANDAO LAKE **HANGZHOU**

2013 HANGZHOU TOP TEN STARRED HOTELS Hangzhou Tourism Committee 2014.7

2014 TONGCHENG MOST POPULAR HOTEL LY.com 2014.11

2014 GREEN LOW CARBON MODEL ENTERPRISES IN ZHEJIANG PROVINCE

Selection Committee of Green Low Carbon Model Enterprises in Zhejiang Province 2014.12

THE MOST POPULAR DOMESTIC RESORT HOTEL FOR **CHINESE FAMILIES**

Global Times • Global Travel 2014.12

NEW CENTURY GRAND HOTEL NINGBO

2014 TOURISM IN NINGBO CITY ADVANCED UNIT OF **PRODUCTION SAFETY**

Ningbo Tourism Bureau 2015.1

ZHEJIANG PROVINCIAL YOUTH CIVILIZATION

Zhejiang Provincial Committee of the China Communist Youth League 2014.6

2014 THE BEST WORD-OF-MOUTH HOTEL AWARD Ctrip.com 2014.12

SONGJIANG NEW CENTURY GRAND HOTEL **SHANGHAI**

SONGJIANG DISTRICT ADVANCED YOUTH VOLUNTEER

Shanghai Songjiang Committee of the China Communist Youth League 2014.1

2013 SONGJIANG DISTRICT ADVANCED ENTERPRISES

The People's Government of Shanghai Songjiang 2014.3

2014 SONGJIANG DISTRICT TRAVEL INDUSTRY **WORKER POST SERVICE SKILLS COMPETITION** "OUTSTANDING ORGANIZATION AWARD"

The Commerce and Tourism Commission of Songjiang, Shanghai 2014.10

2014 ANNUAL OUTSTANDING CONFERENCE HOTEL The Alliance of China Conference Hotels 2014.11

NEW CENTURY TOURISM GROUP

WELL-KNOWN FIRM OF ZHEJIANG PROVINCE

Zhejiang Administration for Industry and Commerce 2014.1

2014 TOP 500 ZHEJIANG ENTERPRISES IN CHINA

The Committee of Zhejiang Entrepreneurs Convention 2014.6

HANGZHOU ENTERPRISE WITH CREDIBLE STATISTICAL DATA

Hangzhou Bureau of Statistics 2014.8

CHINA TOP 500 PRIVATE ENTERPRISES

All-China Federation of Industry and Commerce 2014.8

TOP 100 SERVICE ENTERPRISES IN ZHEJIANG PROVINCE

Zhejiang Business Association, Zhejiang Entrepreneur Association 2014.8

ZHEJIANG WELL-KNOWN SERVICE BRAND

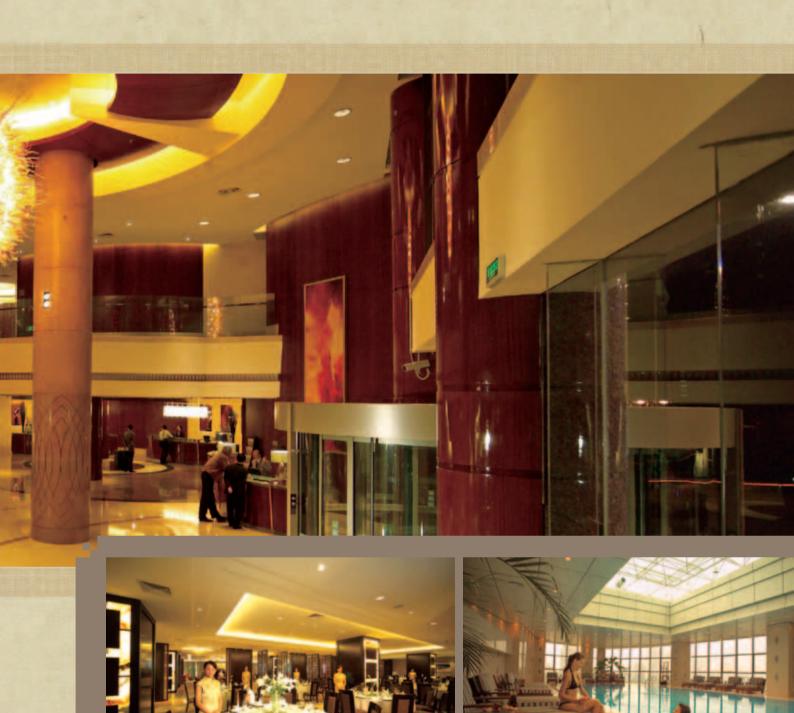
Zhejiang Bureau of Quality and Technical Supervision 2014.9





New Century Grand hotel Songjiang Shanghai









CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

New Century REIT is committed to maintaining a high level of corporate governance practices and procedures. The REIT Manager has adopted a compliance manual for use in relation to the management and operation of New Century REIT ("Compliance Manual") which sets out the key processes, systems, measures and certain corporate governance policies and procedures to be applied for governing the management and operation of New Century REIT and for compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. New Century REIT and the REIT Manager applied the principles and complied with, to the extent appropriate, the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, both the REIT Manager and New Century REIT have in material terms complied with the provisions of the REIT Code, the relevant provisions of the SFO, the relevant provisions of the Listing Rules applicable to New Century REIT, the Trust Deed and the Compliance Manual.

Set out below is a summary of the key components of the corporate governance policies that have been adopted having due regard to the requirements under Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules and have been followed by the REIT Manager and New Century REIT.

AUTHORIZATION STRUCTURE

New Century REIT is a collective investment scheme authorized by the SFC under section 104 of the SFO and is regulated by the provisions of the REIT Code.

The REIT Manager has been authorized by the SFC under section 116 of the SFO to conduct the regulated activity of asset management. At the date of this report, Mr. Cheung Yat Ming (the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the REIT Manager), Mr. Hong Kam Kit, Eddie (the Investment and Investor Relations Manager of the REIT Manager) and Ms. Ho Wai Chu (the Chief Operating Officer of the REIT Manager) are the responsible officers of the REIT Manager ("Responsible Officers") pursuant to the requirements under sections 125 of the SFO and Rule 5.4 of the REIT Code. Mr. Cheung Yat Ming was approved by the SFC as an approved person of the REIT Manager pursuant to sections 104(2) and 105(2) of the SFO.

The Trustee is registered as a trust company under section 77 of the Trustee Ordinance and is qualified to act as a trustee for collective investment schemes authorized under the SFO pursuant to the REIT Code.

ROLES OF THE TRUSTEE AND THE REIT MANAGER

The Trustee and the REIT Manager are independent of each other. The Trustee is primarily responsible for the safe custody of the assets of New Century REIT on behalf of Unitholders. The REIT Manager's role under the Trust Deed is to manage New Century REIT in accordance with the Trust Deed in the sole interest of the Unitholders and to fulfill the duties imposed on it under general law as the REIT Manager of New Century REIT and, in particular, to ensure that the financial and economic aspects of New Century REIT's assets are professionally managed in the sole interests of Unitholders.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE REIT MANAGER

FUNCTIONS OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors of the REIT Manager (the "Board") principally oversees the day-to-day management of the REIT Manager's affairs and the conduct of its business and is responsible for the overall governance of the REIT Manager. The Board exercises its general powers within the limits defined by the articles of association, with a view to ensuring that management discharges its duties, and that sound internal control policies and risk management systems are maintained. The Board will also review major financial decisions and the performance of the REIT Manager. In accordance with the REIT Code, the REIT Manager is required to act in the best interests of Unitholders, to whom it owes a fiduciary duty.

BOARD COMPOSITION

The Board currently comprises eight members, including one executive Director, four non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors.

Pursuant to the REIT Manager's corporate governance policy, independent non-executive Directors must be individuals who fulfill the independence criteria set out in the Compliance Manual adopted by the REIT Manager.

The composition of the Board is determined using the following principles:

- the Chairman of the Board should be a non-executive Director;
- the Board should comprise of Directors with a broad range of commercial experience including expertise in hotel investment and management, funds and asset management and/or the property industry; and
- at least one-third of the Board will, at all times, comprise independent non-executive Directors and there will be a minimum of three independent non-executive Directors each with a maximum term of office of nine years.

The positions of Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are held by two separate persons in order to maintain an effective segregation of duties. The Chairman leads the Board discussions and deliberations and is responsible for setting the meeting agenda of Board meetings. He ensures that Board meetings are held when necessary. He promotes high standards of corporate governance and maintenance of effective communications with Unitholders. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the day-to-day management of the REIT Manager and New Century REIT. He executes the strategic plans set out by the Board and ensures that the Directors are kept updated and informed of New Century REIT's business via management reports.

Non-executive Directors are currently appointed for a term of 3 years.

The Board currently comprises the following members:

CHAIRMAN AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR



Chen Miaolin

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



Cheung Yat Ming

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS



Zhang Guanming



Zhang Chi (with Jiang Tianyi as his alternate with effect from 25 June 2014)



Tong JinQuan (appointed on 19 January 2015)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS



Angelini Giovanni



Yu Hon To David



He Jianmin (appointed on 30 January 2014)

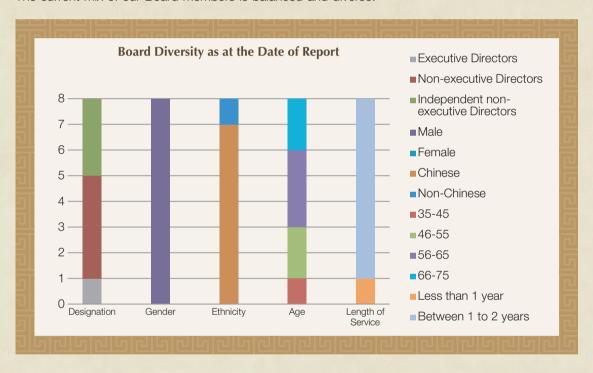
The biographical details of the Directors, together with any relationships among them, are disclosed in the section "Directors' Biographical Information" contained in this annual report.

Mr. Tong JinQuan was appointed as a non-executive Director of the REIT Manager with effect from 19 January 2015. For details, please refer to the announcement issued by the REIT Manager on 19 January 2015.

Ensuring that there is an appropriate balance of skills, knowledge and experience, ethnicity and gender on the Board is an important aspect of the REIT Manager's corporate governance, therefore, the composition of the Board is reviewed regularly to ensure that the Board has the appropriate mix of expertise and experience.

The Board and the Nomination Committee have approved the board diversity policy of the REIT Manager. Selection of candidates for the Board will be based on a range of diverse considerations, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and potential contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The current mix of our Board members is balanced and diverse.



Save as disclosed in this annual report, the REIT Manager is not aware of any other relationships between Board members and in particular, between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer.

MEETINGS

The Board conducts regular meetings to discuss and decide on major corporate, strategic, business and operational issues. Appropriate and sufficient information is provided to the members of the Board to enable them to discharge their duties.

In addition to informal or ad hoc meetings and discussions, six formal Board meetings of the REIT Manager were held during the year ended 31 December 2014 and the attendance rates of the individual Board members were as follows:

| Name of Director | Role | Attendance/No. of Meetings |
|-------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Chen Miaolin | Chairman and non-executive Director | 6/6 |
| Cheung Yat Ming | Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer | 6/6 |
| Zhang Guanming | Non-executive Director | 6/6 |
| Zhang Chi | Non-executive Director | 5/6* |
| Angelini Giovanni | Independent non-executive Director | 6/6 |
| Yu Hon To David | Independent non-executive Director | 6/6 |
| He Jianmin | Independent non-executive Director | 6/6 |

Mr. Zhang Chi attended five meetings and one meeting was attended by his alternate, Mr. Jiang Tianyi.

APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The appointment and removal of Directors (including responsible officers) is a matter for the Board and the shareholders of the REIT Manager to determine in accordance with the Compliance Manual, the articles of association of the REIT Manager and the applicable law. As the REIT Manager is licensed by the SFC under Part V of the SFO, the appointment and removal of any of its executive Directors and non-executive Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) and the removal of a responsible officer must be notified to the SFC.

The appointment of a responsible officer requires the prior approval of the SFC.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The REIT Manager has an internal audit function in place to provide an independent assessment of the REIT Manager's internal control systems. The internal auditor conducts a risk-based review of the policies and procedures described in the Compliance Manual to ensure that they are operating as expected. The review covers all major operations of New Century REIT in accordance with the audit plan approved by the Audit Committee. The results of the audit review are discussed at Audit Committee meetings and are further reported to the Board where required.

The Board is responsible to ensure the REIT Manager maintains sound and effective internal control systems to safeguard the assets of New Century REIT and the interest of the Unitholders. The Board, through the Audit Committee, conducts annual review on the effectiveness of internal control systems of New Century REIT which covers all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. The review also covers the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of the REIT Manager's staff who carry out New Century REIT's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget. The Board noted no significant areas of concern which should be drawn to Unitholders.

Based on the internal audit reviews for the year ended 31 December 2014, the Board considers that the internal control system is effective and adequate. No significant irregularity or deficiency in internal controls has come to the attention of the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 December 2014.

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

Directors participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. For the year ended 31 December 2014, below are activities that were undertaken by our Directors as part of their ongoing training and professional development:

| Name of Director | Roles | Training Courses | Updates in meetings and reading materials |
|-------------------|--|---------------------|---|
| Chen Miaolin | Chairman and non-executive Director | Yes | Yes |
| Cheung Yat Ming | Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer | Yes | Yes |
| Zhang Guanming | Non-executive Director | Yes | Yes |
| Zhang Chi | Non-executive Director | Yes | Yes |
| Angelini Giovanni | Independent non-executive Director | Yes | Yes |
| Yu Hon To David | Independent non-executive Director | Yes | Yes |
| He Jianmin | Independent non-executive Director | Yes | Yes |

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has the power to delegate to committees consisting of such numbers of its body as it thinks fit. Various committees have been established to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities. The committees of the Board have been set up with clear terms of reference to review specific issues or items and then to submit their findings and recommendations to the full Board for consideration and endorsement. Unless the decision making power has been vested in the relevant committee by the Board, the ultimate responsibility for making final decisions rests with the full Board and not the committees.

The committees of the Board are currently as follows:

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee is appointed by the Board from among the non-executive Directors. A majority of the members of the Audit Committee are independent non-executive Directors and at least one of these independent non-executive Directors has appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. As at the date of this report, the members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Yu Hon To David and Professor He Jianmin, who are independent non-executive Directors and Mr. Zhang Chi, who is a non-executive Director. Mr. Yu Hon To David is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee is responsible for (i) ensuring an effective financial reporting, internal control and risk management system, (ii) overseeing the quality and integrity of financial statements, (iii) selecting and assessing the independence and qualification of external auditors and (iv) ensuring effective communications between the Directors, internal audit function and external auditors, in respect of both the REIT Manager and New Century REIT.

The Audit Committee's main responsibilities also include:

- making recommendations on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditors and a) reviewing and monitoring the external auditors' independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process;
- developing and implementing policies on engaging external auditors to supply non-audit services; b)
- C) reviewing the financial and accounting policies and practices, and monitoring the integrity of the financial statements, annual and interim reports, and accounts of the REIT Manager and New Century REIT;
- monitoring and reviewing the completeness, accuracy, clarity and fairness of the financial statements of d) New Century REIT and the REIT Manager, reviewing the audited reports of New Century REIT and the REIT Manager provided by external auditors and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments contained in them:
- oversight of the financial control and internal control procedures of the REIT Manager and New Century REIT, e) including the following:
 - 1) reviewing the financial control, internal control and risk management systems;
 - 2) discussing with management to ensure that management has performed its duty by having an effective internal control system, which includes the adequacy of resources, training programmes and staff qualifications and experiences etc.;
 - 3) considering major investigation findings on internal control matters and management's response;
 - 4) maintaining an independent and objective internal audit function and reviewing internal audit reports, coordinating between the internal and external auditors and monitoring the effectiveness of the internal audit function; and
 - 5) reviewing the external auditors' management letter;
- f) overseeing the relationship with the external auditors;

- reviewing and monitoring connected party transactions of New Century REIT; g)
- h) reviewing dealings of the Units by the REIT Manager and the Directors on a semi-annual basis;
- i) reviewing and monitoring on a regular basis the procedures in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations, the REIT Code and the Listing Rules; and
- to report to the Board on the matters in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices. j)

In addition to informal or ad hoc meetings and discussions, the Audit Committee held five formal meetings during the year ended 31 December 2014 to (among others) consider and review the annual results for the period ended 31 December 2013, the interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2014, corporate governance, connected party transactions, internal audit reports, reports from the external auditors and other compliance matters of New Century REIT. The attendance rates of the individual members were as follows:

| Name of Audit Committee Members | Role | Attendance/No. of Meetings |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Yu Hon To David | Chairman of the Audit Committee | 5/5 |
| Zhang Chi | Member of the Audit Committee | 4/5* |
| He Jianmin | Member of the Audit Committee | 5/5 |

Mr. Zhang Chi attended four meetings and one meeting was attended by his alternate, Mr. Jiang Tianyi.

FINANCE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The Finance and Investment Committee is appointed by the Board and it comprises the Chief Executive Officer, the Investment and Investor Relations Manager and the Chief Operating Officer. As at the date of this report, the members of the Finance and Investment Committee are Mr. Cheung Yat Ming, Mr. Hong Kam Kit Eddie and Ms. Ho Wai Chu. Mr. Cheung Yat Ming is the chairman of the Finance and Investment Committee.

The Finance and Investment Committee is responsible for, among other matters, evaluating and making recommendations on proposed acquisitions and disposals of assets, approving budgets and reviewing actual expenses on all key expenditures and reviewing financial performance, forecasts and annual financial plan of the REIT Manager and New Century REIT. The Finance and Investment Committee also reviews and recommends changes to financial authorities, policies or procedures in areas such as accounting, taxes, treasury, distribution payout, investment appraisal, management and statutory reporting.

In addition to informal or ad hoc meetings and discussions, three formal Finance and Investment Committee meetings of the REIT Manager were held during the year ended 31 December 2014 for reviewing performance, budgets and investment opportunities of New Century REIT. The attendance rates of the individual members were as follows:

| Name of Finance and Investment Committee Members | Role | Attendance/No. of Meetings |
|--|--|-------------------------------|
| Cheung Yat Ming | Chairman of the Finance and Investment Committee | 3/3 |
| Hong Kam Kit Eddie | Member of the Finance and Investment Committee | 3/3 |
| Ho Wai Chu | Member of the Finance and Investment Committee | 3/3 |

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee is appointed by the Board from among the Directors. The Nomination Committee comprises not less than three Directors, a majority of which are independent non-executive Directors. As at the date of this report, the members of the Nomination Committee are Mr. Chen Miaolin, Mr. Angelini Giovanni and Professor He Jianmin, Mr. Chen Miaolin is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee's responsibilities include:

- a) reviewing the structure, size and composition (including skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the REIT Manager's corporate strategy;
- b) developing the criteria for identifying and assessing the qualifications of and evaluating candidates for directorship;
- identifying individuals who are qualified/suitable to become a member of the Board and selecting or making C) recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors to determine their eligibility; and d)
- making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment or removal of Directors and e) succession planning for Directors, in particular, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer.

In addition to informal or ad hoc meetings and discussions, a Nomination Committee meeting of the REIT Manager was held during the year ended 31 December 2014 to review the composition of the Board, assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors, review the criteria for identifying, assessing and evaluating candidates for directorship and review the rotation and succession policy of the Directors of New Century REIT. The attendance rates of the individual members were as follows:

| Name of Nomination Committee Members | Role | Attendance/No. of Meetings |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Chen Miaolin | Chairman of the Nomination Committee | 1/1 |
| Angelini Giovanni | Member of the Nomination Committee | 1/1 |
| He Jianmin | Member of the Nomination Committee | 1/1 |

DISCLOSURES COMMITTEE

The Disclosures Committee is appointed by the Board from among the Directors. The Disclosures Committee comprises three Directors, including the Chief Executive Officer and two non-executive Directors, one of whom is an independent non-executive Director. The role of the Disclosures Committee is to review matters relating to the disclosure of information to Unitholders and public announcements. The Disclosures Committee also works with the management of the REIT Manager to ensure the disclosure of information is accurate, complete and not misleading. As at the date of this report, the members of the Disclosures Committee are Mr. Cheung Yat Ming, Mr. Zhang Guanming and Mr. Yu Hon To David. Mr. Cheung Yat Ming is the chairman of the Disclosures Committee.

The Disclosures Committee's responsibilities include:

- reviewing and recommending to the Board on matters of corporate disclosure issues and announcements, regarding (without limitation) financial reporting, connected party transactions and potential areas of conflict of interests:
- overseeing compliance with applicable legal requirements and the continuity, accuracy, clarity, completeness and currency of information disseminated by or on behalf of New Century REIT to the public and applicable regulatory agencies;
- reviewing and approving all material non-public information and all public regulatory filings of or on behalf of New Century REIT prior to such information being disseminated to the public or filed with applicable regulatory agencies, as applicable;
- reviewing periodic and current reports, proxy statements, information statements, registration statements and any other information filed with regulatory bodies;
- reviewing press releases containing financial information, information about material acquisitions or (e) dispositions or other information material to Unitholders; and
- (f) reviewing correspondences containing financial information disseminated to Unitholders.

In addition to informal or ad hoc meetings and discussions, three Disclosures Committee meetings of the REIT Manager were held during the year ended 31 December 2014 to review the annual results and report for the period ended 31 December 2013, the interim results and report for the six months ended 30 June 2014, announcements and circulars related to the Shanghai Hotel Acquisition and other corporate disclosure issues of New Century REIT. The attendance rates of the individual members were as follows:

| Name of Disclosures Committee Members | Role | Attendance/No. of Meetings |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Cheung Yat Ming | Chairman of the Disclosures Committee | 3/3 |
| Zhang Guanming | Member of the Disclosures Committee | 3/3 |
| Yu Hon To David | Member of the Disclosures Committee | 3/3 |

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

All conflicts of interest are managed by the Board in accordance with the articles of association of the REIT Manager and applicable laws, rules and regulations. The REIT Manager will ensure that all conflicts of interest relating to New Century REIT will be managed and avoided. The following measures are taken in that regard:

- the REIT Manager will be a dedicated manager to New Century REIT and, unless with the approval from the SFC, the REIT Manager will not manage any REIT other than New Century REIT nor manage other real estate assets other than those in which New Century REIT has an ownership interest or investment;
- the REIT Manager will ensure that it will be able to function independently from its shareholders and all executive officers will be employed by the REIT Manager on a full time basis;
- the REIT Manager has established internal control systems to ensure that connected party transactions between New Century REIT and its connected persons are monitored and undertaken according to procedures and/or on terms in compliance with the REIT Code (or where applicable, in compliance with the waiver conditions imposed by the SFC) and that other potential conflicts of interest situation that may arise are monitored;
- all conflicts of interest will be required to be managed by a physical Board meeting rather than a written resolution and independent non-executive Directors who, and whose associates, have no material interest in the matter should be present at such Board meeting; and
- a Director who has material interests in a matter which is the subject of a resolution proposed at a Board meeting of the REIT Managers will abstain from voting on the resolution concerned and not to be counted in the quorum at the Board meeting at which such resolution is proposed.

Huge Harvest Group is engaged in and/or may engage in, among other things, investment in, and the development and management of, hotel properties in the PRC. As such, New Century REIT may compete with Huge Harvest Group for potential acquisition of hotel properties in the PRC. As at the end of 2014, New Century Hotel Management, a subsidiary of Huge Harvest Group, and its subsidiaries have about 159 star-rated hotels in operations or under development. New Century REIT may compete with hotels operated by New Century Hotel Management and other subsidiaries of Huge Harvest Group for customers.

The following contractual provisions are included in the Non-Competition Deed dated 14 June 2013 to minimize any possible conflicts of interest at the operational level:

- (a) if any member of the Huge Harvest Group becomes aware of any opportunity to acquire any majority ownership and control (or such level of interest as New Century REIT is permitted to acquire) of any hotel in operation, completed or substantially completed, in China, the Huge Harvest Group would use its best endeavours to direct such opportunity to the REIT Manager on behalf of New Century REIT;
- if any member of the Huge Harvest Group wishes to sell any majority ownership and control (or such level (b) of interest as New Century REIT is permitted to acquire) of any hotel in operation, completed or substantially completed, in China, it would provide the REIT Manager on behalf of New Century REIT the right of first refusal; and
- during the term of the Hotel Lease and Management Agreements, the Huge Harvest Group would not, without prior written consent from the majority of the independent non-executive Directors, manage, grant a licence to or authorize any other person or company to manage any hotel with similar star-rating to any of the Hotel Properties controlled by New Century REIT in an area within a radius of ten kilometers from such properties.

With regards to the Initial Hotel Properties, the following contractual provisions are included in the Hotel Lease and Management Agreements dated 14 June 2013 to minimize any possible conflicts of interest at the operational level:

- each Initial Hotel Property is operated and managed by a local branch or subsidiary of New Century Hotel Management situated at separate operating premises with segregated operational, management and sales and marketing teams. Employees of any such branch or subsidiary are dedicated to the management and operation of the particular Initial Hotel Property and are not at the same time involved in the management and operation of any other hotels managed by New Century Group;
- Separate sets of accounts are maintained in respect of the management of the expenses of each Initial Hotel Properties (subject to sharing of corporate overheads based on square footage under management and property type);
- the Lessee is under confidentiality obligation to ensure that all non-public information with respect to the Initial Hotel Properties is kept under strict confidence and would not be disclosed to or used by any third party outside the New Century Group without prior consent of the REIT Manager;

- the Lessee implements the business proposal and budget approved by the REIT Manager every year and uses its best endeavours to achieve the revenue targets in such approved business proposal and budget; and
- if hotel management opportunities in relation to any of New Century REIT's properties become available to the Lessee which the Lessee, acting reasonably and in good faith, consider are or are likely to be in competition with any member of the New Century Group, the Lessee would either: (i) refer all such business proposals to the REIT Manager for vetting and confirmation before the Lessee proceeds with such proposals or opportunities; or (ii) sub-contract to a third party leasing agent independent of the New Century Group, to devise and implement the relevant business proposal.

For Shanghai Hotel, the following contractual provisions are included in the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement dated 25 June 2014 to minimize any possible conflicts of interest at the operational level:

- the Lessee is under confidentiality obligation to ensure that all non-public information with respect to the Shanghai Hotel is kept under strict confidence and would not be disclosed to or used by any third party outside the New Century Group without prior consent of the REIT Manager;
- if hotel management opportunities in relation to any of New Century REIT's properties become available to the Lessee which the Lessee, acting reasonably and in good faith, consider are or are likely to be in competition with any member of the New Century Group, the Lessee would either: (i) refer all such business proposals to the REIT Manager for vetting and confirmation before the Lessee proceeds with such proposals or opportunities; or (ii) sub-contract to a third party leasing agent independent of the New Century Group, to devise and implement the relevant business proposal.

To address such possible conflicts of interest, any matter which may give rise to conflicts of interest between the REIT Manager and New Century REIT on the one hand and New Century Group on the other hand would be dealt with in accordance with the measures set out above, and, for the avoidance of doubt, any Director with an overlapping management role in New Century Group will be regarded as having material interest for such purposes.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of the independent non-executive Directors of the REIT Manager has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to the "Independence of Directors" as set out in the Compliance Manual, on terms no less exacting than those set out in the Listing Rules for assessing the independence of a non-executive Director.

GENERAL MEETINGS

New Century REIT will in each calendar year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other general meetings in that year. The Trustee or the REIT Manager may at any time convene a meeting of Unitholders. The REIT Manager will also convene a meeting if requested in writing by not less than two Unitholders registered as together holding not less than 10% of the Units for the time being issued and outstanding. In respect of an annual general meeting, not less than 20 clear business days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which the notice is given) in writing thereof will be given to the Unitholders. In respect of any meeting of Unitholders other than an annual general meeting, at least 10 clear business days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which the notice is given) of every meeting will be given to the Unitholders in the manner provided in the Trust Deed, except that at least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which the notice is given) of the meeting will be given to the Unitholders where a matter requiring a vote by special resolution is proposed for consideration at such meeting. The notice for each of the above meetings will specify the time and place of the meeting and the resolutions to be proposed.

Two or more Unitholders present in person or by proxy registered as holding in aggregate not less than 10% of the Units for the time being in issue and outstanding will form a guorum for the transaction of all business, except for the purpose of passing a special resolution. The quorum for passing a special resolution will be two or more Unitholders present in person or by proxy registered as holding in aggregate not less than 25% of the Units in issue and outstanding. The quorum for an adjourned meeting will be such number of Unitholders who are present in person or by proxy regardless of the number of Units held by them.

Unitholders can forward proposals at general meetings by contacting the REIT Manager. Please refer to the paragraph headed "Unitholders' Communication Policy" below on the contact of the REIT Manager.

COMMUNICATION WITH UNITHOLDERS

The REIT Manager considers that effective communication with Unitholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investors' understanding of New Century REIT's business performance and strategies. The REIT Manager also recognizes the importance of transparency and timely disclosure of corporate information, which will enable Unitholders and investors to make informed decisions.

The general meetings of Unitholders provide a forum for communication between the Board and the Unitholders. Three general meetings, including one annual general meeting and two extraordinary general meetings, were held in the year ended 31 December 2014. The attendance of individual members of the Board at these general meetings were as follows:

| Name of Director | Role | Attendance/No. of General Meetings |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Chen Miaolin | Chairman and non-executive Director | 3/3* |
| Cheung Yat Ming | Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer | 3/3 |
| Zhang Guanming | Non-executive Director | 3/3* |
| Zhang Chi | Non-executive Director | 3/3* |
| Angelini Giovanni | Independent non-executive Director | 3/3* |
| Yu Hon To David | Independent non-executive Director | 3/3 |
| He Jianmin | Independent non-executive Director | 3/3 |

Mr. Chen Miaolin and Mr. Zhang Chi attended the three general meetings by telephone conference. Mr. Zhang Guanming and Mr. Angelini Giovanni attended two of the general meetings by telephone conference and one general meeting in person.

REPORTING AND TRANSPARENCY

New Century REIT will prepare its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards with a financial year-end of 31 December and a financial half-year of 30 June. In accordance with the REIT Code, the annual report and financial statements for New Century REIT will be published and sent to Unitholders no later than four months following each financial year-end and the interim report no later than two months following each financial half-year end.

As required by the REIT Code, the REIT Manager will ensure that public announcements of material information and developments with respect to New Century REIT will be made on a timely basis in order to keep Unitholders apprised of the position of New Century REIT.

The REIT Manager will also issue circulars to the Unitholders in respect of transactions that, pursuant to the REIT Code (or in the reasonable opinion of the Trustee or the REIT Manager), require Unitholders' approval or circulars in respect of material information in relation to New Century REIT, in accordance with the Trust Deed.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of a true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

The statement of the auditor of New Century REIT about its reporting responsibilities with respect to the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration to PricewaterhouseCoopers, the external auditor of New Century REIT, in respect of the audit and non-audit services rendered for the year ended 31 December 2014 were RMB2,356,000 (with RMB924,000 incurred in connection with the Shanghai Hotel Acquisition) and nil respectively.

ISSUES OF FURTHER UNITS POST-LISTING

To minimize the possible material dilution of holdings of Unitholders, any further issue of Units will need to comply with the pre-emption provisions contained in the REIT Code. Such provisions require that further issues of Units be first offered on a pro rata pre-emptive basis to existing Unitholders except that Units may be issued: (i) free of such pre-emption rights up to an aggregate maximum in any financial year of 20% of the number of Units in issue at the end of the previous financial year; and (ii) free of pre-emption rights in other circumstances provided that the approval of Unitholders by way of an ordinary resolution is obtained. Subject thereto, Units may be issued as consideration for the acquisition of additional real estate.

INTERESTS OF, AND DEALINGS IN UNITS BY, DIRECTORS, THE REIT MANAGER OR THE SIGNIFICANT HOLDERS

To monitor and supervise any dealings of Units, the REIT Manager has adopted a code containing rules on dealings by the Directors and the REIT Manager equivalent to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in the Listing Rules ("Model Code"). Pursuant to the Model Code, all Directors and employees of the REIT Manager, subsidiaries of the REIT Manager or the SPVs of New Century REIT who, because of his/her office or employment in the REIT Manager, the relevant subsidiaries of the REIT Manager or the relevant SPVs of New Century REIT, is likely to be in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the securities of New Century REIT ("Management Persons") wishing to deal in the Units must first have regard to provisions in Parts XIII and XIV of the SFO with respect to insider dealing and market misconduct as if those provisions applied to the securities of New Century REIT.

Management Persons who are aware of or privy to any negotiations or agreements related to intended acquisitions or disposals which are notifiable transactions under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules as if applicable to New Century REIT or any connected party transactions under the REIT Code or any inside information must refrain from dealing in the Units as soon as they become aware of them or privy to them until proper disclosure of the information in accordance with the REIT Code and any applicable Listing Rules has taken place. Management Persons who are privy to relevant negotiations or agreements or any inside information should caution those Management Persons who are not privy that there may be inside information and that they must not deal in New Century REIT's securities for a similar period.

A Management Person must not deal in any of the securities of New Century REIT on any day on which New Century REIT's financial results are published and: (a) during the period of 60 days immediately preceding the publication date of the annual results or, if shorter, the period from the end of the relevant financial year up to the publication date of the results; and (b) during the period of 30 days immediately preceding the publication date of the quarterly results (if any) or half-yearly results or, if shorter, the period from the end of the relevant quarterly or half-year period up to the publication date of the results, unless the circumstances are exceptional. In any event, in the case of dealings by a Management Person, the Management Person must comply with the procedures set out in the code containing rules on dealings by the Management Person adopted by the REIT Manager.

The REIT Manager is subject to the same dealing requirements as the Directors under the Model Code (mutatis mutandis).

Specific enquiry has been made with the Directors and the Management Persons, and all of them confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2014.

The REIT Manager has also adopted procedures for monitoring of disclosure of interests by Directors, the chief executives of the REIT Manager, and the REIT Manager. The provisions of Part XV of the SFO are deemed to apply to the REIT Manager, the Directors and chief executives of the REIT Manager and each Unitholder and all persons claiming through or under him.

Under the Trust Deed, Unitholders with a holding of 5% or more of the Units in issue, and the Directors and chief executives of the REIT Manager with an interest in the Units, will have a notifiable interest and will be required to notify the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the REIT Manager of their holdings in New Century REIT. The REIT Manager keeps a register for these purposes and it records in the register, against a person's name, the particulars provided pursuant to the notification and the date of entry of such record. The said register is available for inspection by the Trustee and any Unitholder at any time during business hours upon reasonable notice to the REIT Manager.

MATTERS TO BE DECIDED BY UNITHOLDERS BY SPECIAL RESOLUTION

In accordance with the Trust Deed, a meeting of Unitholders will be convened to pass special resolutions when decisions with respect to certain matters require the prior approval of Unitholders by way of special resolution. Such matters include, without limitation: (a) change in the REIT Manager's investment policies or strategies for New Century REIT; (b) disposal of any land or an interest, option or right over any of the land forming part of the assets of New Century REIT or shares in any company holding such land, option or right over any of the land for New Century REIT within two years of the acquisition of such land; (c) any increase in the rate of the Base Fee payable to the REIT Manager above the permitted limit or any change in the structure of the Base Fee; (d) any increase in the Variable Fee payable to the REIT Manager above the rate stated in the Trust Deed or any change in the structure of the Variable Fee; (e) any increase in the Acquisition Fee payable to the REIT Manager above the permitted limit or any change in the structure of the Acquisition Fee; (f) any increase in the Divestment Fee payable to the REIT Manager above the permitted limit or any change in the structure of the Divestment Fee; (g) any increase in the rate of the remuneration of the Trustee above the permitted limit or any change in the structure of the remuneration of the Trustee; (h) amendment, variation, modification, alteration or addition to the provisions of the Trust Deed; (i) termination of New Century REIT; and (j) merger of New Century REIT. Unitholders may also, by way of Special Resolution, (i) remove New Century REIT's auditors and appoint other auditors or (ii) remove the Trustee.

Any decisions to be made by resolution of Unitholders other than the above will be made by Ordinary Resolution. unless a Special Resolution is required by the REIT Code. Such matters requiring approval by way of Ordinary Resolution include, without limitation, (a) subdivision or consolidation of the Units; (b) any issue of the Units after the Listing Date which would increase the market capitalization of New Century REIT by more than 50%; (c) any issue of the Units during any financial year that would increase the total number of the Units from the number of the Units that were outstanding at the end of the previous financial year by more than 20% (or such other percentage of the outstanding Units as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the SFC); (d) except pursuant to an initial public offering, an issue of Units in lieu of the payment of fees to the REIT Manager pursuant to the Trust Deed, an issue of Units in respect of re-investment of distribution to Unitholders, or a rights issue, an issue of new Units to a connected person (other than as part of an offer made to all Unitholders on a pro rata basis); and (e) the election by the REIT Manager for the Acquisition Fee or the Divestment Fee, which is to be paid to the REIT Manager in the form of cash, to be paid in the form of the Units or partly in cash and partly in the form of the Units. The appointment of a new manager of New Century REIT by the Trustee upon the dismissal or retirement of the REIT Manager is (to the extent required by the REIT Code (as may be modified by any waivers or exemptions)) subject to the passing of an Ordinary Resolution by the Unitholders and the prior approval of the SFC. Unitholders may also, by way of Ordinary Resolution, dismiss the REIT Manager and any principal valuer appointed by the Trustee on behalf of New Century REIT in accordance with the Trust Deed.

NEW UNITS ISSUED

Reference is made to the announcements dated 25 June 2014, 22 July 2014 and 31 July 2014 and the circular of New Century REIT dated 30 June 2014.

In the year ended 31 December 2014, (i) an aggregate of 7,769,785 new Units were issued to the REIT Manager as payment of the base and variable manager's fees; (ii) 1,369,782 new Units were issued to the REIT Manager as REIT Manager acquisition fee and an aggregate of 150,000,000 new Units were issued as placement units and consideration units in relation to the Shanghai Hotel Acquisition.

The total number of Units in issue as at 31 December 2014 was 931,139,567 Units.

BUY-BACK, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF UNITS

During the year ended 31 December 2014, there was no buy-back, sale or redemption of the Units by the REIT Manager on behalf of New Century REIT or any of the SPVs that are owned and controlled by New Century REIT.

PUBLIC FLOAT OF THE UNITS

Based on the information publicly available, as far as the REIT Manager is aware, not less than 25% of the issued and outstanding Units were held in public hands as at 31 December 2014.

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF UNITHOLDERS

The record date for the final distribution will be 6 May 2015, Wednesday ("Record Date"). The Register of Unitholders will be closed on 6 May 2015 during which period no transfer of Units will be effected. The final distribution is expected to be paid on or about 27 May 2015, Wednesday, to Unitholders whose names appear on the Register of Unitholders on the Record Date.

In order to qualify for the final distribution, all properly completed transfer forms (accompanied by the relevant Unit certificates) must be lodged for registration with New Century REIT's Unit Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on 5 May 2015, Tuesday.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMPLIANCE MANUAL

During the year ended 31 December 2014, both the REIT Manager and New Century REIT have in material terms complied with the provisions of the Compliance Manual.

REVIEW OF ANNUAL REPORT

The Group's annual report has been reviewed by the Disclosures Committee, Audit Committee of the REIT Manager and the external auditor of New Century REIT, PricewaterhouseCoopers.

UNITHOLDERS' COMMUNICATION POLICY

The REIT Manager has a Unitholders' communication policy in place to ensure that Unitholders are provided with timely and equal access to balanced and understandable information on New Century REIT. Unitholders can direct any enquiries to the Board by contacting the REIT Manager. The contact details of the REIT Manager is as follows:

New Century Asset Management Limited

Address: Unit 4706, 47th Floor, The Center, 99 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong

Phone: (852) 2153-3588 Fax: (852) 3488-6403 Email: ir@ncreit.com

CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS



Set out below is summary information in respect of connected party transactions for the year ended 31 December 2014 between New Century REIT and its connected persons (as defined in paragraph 8.1 of the REIT Code), which are governed by Chapter 8 of the REIT Code.

WAIVERS FROM STRICT COMPLIANCE

As disclosed in the Offering Circular, waivers from strict compliance with the disclosure and Unitholder's approval requirements under Chapter 8 of the REIT Code in respect of certain connected party transactions between New Century REIT and its connected persons were granted by the SFC before the listing of New Century REIT ("Waivers"). Waivers have been granted subject to the relevant waiver terms and conditions including, inter alia, the requirements that transactions should be reviewed by the auditors of New Century REIT and the independent non-executive Directors and, where applicable, the transaction amounts should not exceed the specified annual caps ("Waiver Conditions").

With the approval of the Unitholders, a new waiver ("Modified and Extended Waiver") was granted by the SFC on 16 July 2014 in respect of certain connected party transactions between New Century REIT and Huge Harvest Group, subject to the terms and conditions as disclosed in the announcement dated 16 July 2014. For the year ended 31 December 2014, New Century REIT has complied with the relevant terms and conditions of the Modified and Extended Waiver.

INCOME

The following table sets out information on continuing connected party transactions from which New Century REIT derived its income for the year ended 31 December 2014:

| Name of the Connected Person | Relationship with New Century REIT | Nature of the Connected Party Transactions | Income for the year ended 31 December 2014 (RMB'000) |
|--|---|--|---|
| 浙江開元酒店管理有限公司及其集團其他成員公司 (Zhejiang New Century Hotel Management Limited* and other members of its group) | Associate of significant holder and director ¹ | Leasing transaction | 217,720 |
| 上海松江開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ² | Leasing transaction | 21,655 |
| 上海開元企業經營管理有限公司 (Shanghai New Century Enterprise Operation Management Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 2,308 |
| 開元旅業集團有限公司 (New Century Tourism Group Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ⁴ | Leasing transaction | 1,847 |
| 杭州開元房地產集團有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century Real Estate Group Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ⁴ | Leasing transaction | 1,555 |
| 德清開元森泊渡假開發有限公司 (Deqing New Century Senbo Holiday Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 266 |
| 杭州開元國際旅遊有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century International Tourism Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 247 |
| 杭州開元之江清洗連鎖有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century Zhijiang Cleaning Chain Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 124 |
| 杭州開元裝飾工程有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century Decorating Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 113 |
| 杭州智榮貿易有限公司 (Hangzhou Zhirong Trading Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ⁵ | Leasing transaction | 67 |
| 杭州開元信息系統有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century Information System Engineering Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ⁵ | Leasing transaction | 50 |

EXPENSES

Save as disclosed in the paragraphs headed "Terms and Remuneration of Services Provided by the REIT Manager, the Trustee and the Principal Valuer" and "Major Acquisition and Connected Party Transactions in relation to the Shanghai Hotel Acquisition" as set out below in this section, there are no other connected party transactions in which New Century REIT incurred its expenses for the year ended 31 December 2014.

RENTAL RECEIVABLES

New Century REIT has the following rental receivables from its connected persons as at 31 December 2014:

| Name of the Connected Person | Relationship with New Century REIT | Nature of the Connected Party Transactions | Rental Receivables as at 31 December 2014 (RMB'000) |
|--|---|--|---|
| 浙江開元酒店管理有限公司及其集團其他成員公司 (Zhejiang New Century Hotel Management Limited* and other members of its group) | Associate of significant holder and director ¹ | Leasing transaction | 45,067 |
| 上海松江開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ² | Leasing transaction | 3,761 |

RENTAL DEPOSITS

New Century REIT has received the following rental deposits from its connected persons for the year ended 31 December 2014:

| Name of the Connected Person | Relationship with New Century REIT | Nature of the Connected Party Transactions | Rental Deposits received for the year ended 31 December 2014 (RMB'000) |
|--|---|--|--|
| 上海松江開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ² | Leasing transaction | 45,471 |
| 上海開元企業經營管理有限公司 (Shanghai New Century Enterprise Operation Management Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 1,475 |
| 開元旅業集團有限公司 (New Century Tourism Group Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ⁴ | Leasing transaction | 466 |
| 浙江開元酒店管理有限公司及其集團其他成員公司 (Zhejiang New Century Hotel Management Limited* and other members of its group) | Associate of significant holder and director ¹ | Leasing transaction | 434 |
| 杭州開元房地產集團有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century Real Estate Group Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ⁴ | Leasing transaction | 434 |
| 德清開元森泊渡假開發有限公司 (Deqing New Century Senbo Holiday Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 67 |
| 杭州開元國際旅遊有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century International Tourism Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 63 |
| 杭州開元之江清洗連鎖有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century Zhijiang Cleaning Chain Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 32 |
| 杭州開元裝飾工程有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century Decorating Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ³ | Leasing transaction | 29 |
| 杭州智榮貿易有限公司 (Hangzhou Zhirong Trading Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ⁵ | Leasing transaction | 17 |
| 杭州開元信息系統有限公司 (Hangzhou New Century Information System Engineering Limited*) | Associate of significant holder and director ⁵ | Leasing transaction | 13 |

Notes:

- The connected person concerned is a subsidiary of Huge Harvest. The connected person concerned is also associates of Mr. 1. Chen Miaolin (Chairman and Non-executive Director), Mr. Zhang Chi (Non-executive Director), Mr. Chen Canrong and Mr. Chen Miaoqiang (both being Directors of Xiaoshan Hotel Company).
- The connected person concerned is wholly-owned by Success Conquer Global Limited, the vendor in the Shanghai Hotel Acquisition. It is a connected person of New Century REIT according to the Listing Rules as Success Conquer Global Limited is a company wholly owned by Mr. Liang Wei-Chieh, the son-in-law of Mr. Chen Miaolin (Chairman and Non-executive Director).
- The connected person concerned is a subsidiary of Huge Harvest. The connected person concerned is also associates of Mr. Chen Miaolin (Chairman and Non-executive Director) and Mr. Chen Canrong (Director of Xiaoshan Hotel Company).
- The connected person concerned is a subsidiary of Huge Harvest. The connected person concerned is also associates of Mr. 4. Chen Miaolin (Chairman and Non-executive Director), Mr. Zhang Guanming (Non-executive Director and Director of all SPVs), Mr. Chen Canrong and Mr. Chen Miaoqiang (both being Directors of Xiaoshan Hotel Company).
- The connected person concerned is a subsidiary of Huge Harvest. The connected person concerned is also associates of Mr. Chen Miaolin (Chairman and Non-executive Director) and Mr. Zhang Guanming (Non-executive Director and Director of all SPVs).
- The English name is shown for identification purpose only.

RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There are receivable and payable balances and receipts in advance from leasing transactions with connected persons brought forward from prior years, as well from leasing transactions occurred for the year ended 31 December 2014, which are set out in notes 27(b) and 27(c), respectively, of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 174 to 180 of this report.

MAJOR ACQUISITION AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS IN RELATION TO THE SHANGHAI HOTEL ACQUISITION

Reference is made to the announcements of New Century REIT dated 25 June 2014, 16 July 2014, 22 July 2014, 31 July 2014, 29 August 2014 and 5 September 2014 ("Shanghai Hotel Announcements") and the circular dated 30 June 2014 (the "Acquisition Circular") in relation to the following connected party transactions. Unless otherwise defined in the section 'Definitions and Glossary of Technical Terms' of this report, terms used in this subsection shall have the same meaning as those defined in the Acquisition Circular and the Shanghai Hotel Announcements.

Sale and Purchase Agreement and the Completion of Transaction

On 25 June 2014, the Trustee and the REIT Manager entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement with Success Conquer Global Limited (the "Vendor") and New Century Tourism pursuant to which the Trustee has, on behalf of New Century REIT, conditionally agreed to acquire all the issued shares of Strong Tower (being the "Transaction"). After the acquisition of Strong Tower, New Century REIT owned Shanghai Hotel through Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei (the "Property Company"), which is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Strong Tower.

The hotel purchase cost for New Century REIT was RMB700 million, which consisted of (i) a repayment arrangement of all liabilities and/or bank loans of Strong Tower and its subsidiaries (excluding any deferred tax liabilities) as at completion of the Transaction of RMB464.4 million (adjusted from the initially expected RMB460 million in accordance to the Liability Table provided by PricewaterhouseCoopers, the independent auditors), and (ii) the consideration of RMB235.6 million for the sale and purchase of all issued shares of Strong Tower.

The consideration of RMB235.6 million was satisfied partly by cash (in the amount of RMB196.9 million) and partly by the issuance of consideration units (i.e. 15,000,000 Units at the issue price of HK\$3.25, amounting to approximately RMB38.7 million) to the Vendor. The cash portion was paid by New Century REIT to the Vendor on 29 August 2014 and the consideration units were alloted to the Vendor on 31 July 2014. The Transaction was completed on 31 July 2014.

Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement, Shanghai Hotel Lease Guarantee, Shanghai Hotel Management Agreement and Supplemental Agreement to the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement and Podium **Lease Agreement**

On 25 June 2014, New Century REIT (through the Property Company) and the REIT Manager (in the case of the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement) entered into lease agreements in respect of Shanghai Hotel, consisting of (i) a lease with Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited* (上海松江開元名都大酒店有限公 司) (the "Shanghai Hotel Lessee") and New Century Tourism in respect of Shanghai Hotel (excluding the car park and the shops) (being the "Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement"); and (ii) a lease with Shanghai New Century Enterprise Operation Management Limited* (上海開元企業經營管理有限公司) (the "Car Park Lessee") in respect of the car park (being the "Car Park Lease Agreement").

According to the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement, the leased area was 54,067 square metres (the "Original **Leased Area**"). The rent of Shanghai Hotel is the total sum of (i) 25% of Shanghai Hotel's total operating revenue of that month as shown in the relevant monthly management accounts; and (ii) 34% of Shanghai Hotel's gross operating profit of that month as shown in the relevant monthly management accounts.

For the first five years from the commencement of the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement, the Shanghai Hotel Lessee is required to pay a minimum aggregate annual Base Rent of RMB48 million. The Base Rent payable in respect of each year of the remainder of the original lease term and any extension thereof is to be determined based on a market rent ("Market Base Rent") determined by an independent professional property valuer jointly appointed by the Shanghai Hotel Lessee and the Property Company. If the Market Base Rent as determined by such independent property valuer is lower than 85% of the average annual rent received from the Shanghai Hotel Lessee for Shanghai Hotel for the first four full financial years of the term of the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement (i.e. the "Reference Average Rent for the First Four Full Financial Years"), the Base Rent with respect to Shanghai Hotel for each year during the sixth to the tenth years under the first ten-year term will be 85% of the Reference Average Rent for the First Four Full Financial Years instead of the Market Base Rent.

New Century Tourism has also agreed to provide a Shanghai Hotel Lease Guarantee to the Property Company with respect to the obligations of the Shanghai Hotel Lessee under the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement. The Shanghai Hotel Lease Guarantee provided by New Century Tourism covers the performance by the Shanghai Hotel Lessee of its obligations, including the payment of rent. In addition, the Shanghai Hotel Lessee will provide the Property Company with a security deposit in the aggregate amount of RMB48 million for the first five years of the term under the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement. For each year in the subsequent period and the renewed ten year period, the independent professional property valuer to be appointed will determine the amount of security deposit required, which shall not be lower than the annual Base Rent for that year.

The total annual rent under the Car Park Lease Agreement is approximately RMB3.5 million.

In accordance with the terms of the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement, on 5 September 2014, the Property Company, the REIT Manager and New Century Tourism entered into a supplemental agreement, pursuant to which, with effect from 5 September 2014, the Original Leased Area was reduced by 2,848.27 square metres (the "Reduced Area"), approximately 5.3% of the Original Leased Area. The Base Rent and the security deposit were thereby reduced proportionately to the adjustment of the total area, namely, from RMB48 million per the existing terms to approximately RMB45.47 million for the first five lease years and from no less than RMB40.8 million per the existing terms to no less than approximately RMB38.65 million for the sixth to the tenth lease years (provided that the minimum amount of the annual rent received from the Shanghai Hotel Lessee for each of the first four full financial years is RMB45.47 million).

On 5 September 2014, the Property Company, Shanghai New Century Enterprise Operation Management Limited (上海開元企業經營管理有限公司) (for the purpose of this paragraph, the "Podium Lessee", which is also the Car Park Lessee under the Car Park Lease Agreement), a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Century Tourism, which is in turn a subsidiary of Huge Harvest, and New Century Tourism entered into a lease agreement (the "Podium Lease Agreement"), pursuant to which the Property Company leased the Reduced Area to the Podium Lessee for retail purposes. The initial term of the Podium Lease Agreement is from 5 September 2014 to 31 December 2016, subject to renewal. The annual rent for the entire Reduced Area is approximately RMB2.60 million, subject to an increase of 5% from 1 January 2016 and a further 5% from 1 January 2018. Rent adjustments subsequent to 1 January 2020 will be subject to further negotiation. In addition, the Podium Lessee provided the Property Company with a security deposit of RMB600,000, which represented approximately three months' rental payment under the Podium Lease Agreement.

Additional Continuing Connected Party Transactions

After completion of the Transaction, members of the New Century REIT Group entered into the aforementioned transactions with the Shanghai Hotel Lessee in relation to the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement and Car Park Lessee in relation to the Car Park Lease Agreement ("Additional Continuing Connected Party Transactions"). On 16 July 2014, the SFC has granted waiver for strict compliance with certain requirements under Chapter 8 of the REIT Code in relation to the Additional Continuing Connected Party Transactions. For details, please refer to the announcement issued by the REIT Manager on 16 July 2014.

CONFIRMATION BY THE INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The independent non-executive Directors have confirmed that they have reviewed the terms of all the connected party transactions between New Century REIT and its connected persons conducted for the year ended 31 December 2014 and that they are satisfied that these transactions have been entered into:

- in the ordinary and usual course of business of New Century REIT; a)
- on normal commercial terms (to the extent that there are comparable transactions) or, where there are not b) sufficient comparable transactions to judge whether they are on normal commercial terms, on terms no less favorable to New Century REIT than terms available to or from (as appropriate) independent third parties; and
- in accordance with the relevant agreements and (where applicable) the REIT Manager's internal procedures C) governing them (if any) on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Unitholders of New Century REIT as a whole.

REPORT FROM THE AUDITOR OF NEW CENTURY REIT

PricewaterhouseCoopers, auditor of New Century REIT, was engaged to report on New Century REIT's continuing connected party transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditors has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by New Century REIT as set out in Note 27 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 172 to 180 of this report in accordance with the Waivers and the Modified and Extended Waiver. A copy of the auditors' letter will be provided by New Century REIT to the SFC.

TERMS AND REMUNERATION OF SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE REIT MANAGER. THE TRUSTEE AND THE PRINCIPAL VALUER

Pursuant to note 2 to 8.10 of the REIT Code, services provided by the REIT Manager, the Trustee and the Principal Valuer to New Century REIT as contemplated under the constitutive documents shall not be deemed connected party transactions. Therefore, such services are not disclosed in the above sections.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the aggregate amount of fees (in the form of cash and/or units) paid/ payable by New Century REIT to the Trustee and to the REIT Manager under the constitutive documents were RMB983,000 and RMB26,346,000 respectively. Particulars of services provided by the REIT Manager for the year ended 31 December 2014 is set out in Note 8 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements on page 145 of this report. The fees paid/payable to the Principal Valuer of New Century REIT for the year ended 31 December 2014 was RMB624,000.

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS



The REIT Code requires connected persons (as defined in paragraph 8.1 of the REIT Code) of New Century REIT to disclose their interests in the Units. In addition, the Trust Deed requires that the provisions of Part XV of the SFO are deemed to apply to the REIT Manager, the directors and the chief executives of the REIT Manager, and to persons interested in the Units.

UNIT HOLDINGS OF SIGNIFICANT UNITHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2014, the interests and short position in Units of the significant Unitholders (as defined in paragraph 8.1 of the REIT Code (other than the REIT Manager, its directors or chief executive of the REIT Manager)) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the REIT Manager pursuant to Schedule 3 of the Trust Deed and section 336 of the SFO, or as far as the REIT Manager is aware, were as follows:

| Name of the Significant Unitholders | Total Number of Issued Units Held | Approximate Percentage of the Issued Units as at 31 December 2014 |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Standard Chartered Trust (Singapore) Limited ¹ | 378,642,067 (L) 181,429,000 (S) | 40.66% 19.48% |
| SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd. ² | 378,642,067 (L) 181,429,000 (S) | 40.66% 19.48% |
| Poppytown Group Limited ³ | 323,329,067 (L) 181,429,000 (S) | 34.72% 19.48% |
| Huge Harvest International Limited4 | 323,329,067 (L) 181,429,000 (S) | 34.72% 19.48% |
| Blue Sky Holdings Limited ⁵ | 218,372,000 (L) | 23.45% |
| Carlyle Asia Partners II, L.P. ⁶ | 218,372,000 (L) | 23.45% |
| CAP II General Partner, L.P.7 | 218,372,000 (L) | 23.45% |
| CAP II L.L.C. ⁸ | 218,372,000 (L) | 23.45% |
| TC Group Cayman Investment Holdings Sub, L.P.9 | 218,372,000 (L) | 23.45% |
| TC Group Cayman Investment Holdings, L.P. ¹⁰ | 218,372,000 (L) | 23.45% |
| Carlyle Holdings II L.P. ¹¹ | 218,372,000 (L) | 23.45% |
| Carlyle Holdings II GP L.L.C. ¹² | 218,372,000 (L) | 23.45% |
| The Carlyle Group L.P. ¹³ | 218,372,000 (L) | 23.45% |
| Haitong Securities Co., Ltd. ¹⁴ | 181,429,000 (L) | 19.48% |
| Wealthy Fountain Holdings Inc. ¹⁵ | 139,450,000 (L) | 14.98% |
| Shanghai Summit Pte. Ltd. ¹⁶ | 139,450,000 (L) | 14.98% |
| Tong JinQuan ¹⁷ | 139,450,000 (L) | 14.98% |
| Weiliang International Limited ¹⁸ | 55,313,000 (L) | 5.94% |
| Sinnabar Group Limited ¹⁹ | 55,313,000 (L) | 5.94% |

L = Long position

S = Short position

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

Notes:

Standard Chartered Trust (Singapore) Limited holds 100% of the interests of SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd. (Note 2). SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd., as nominee shareholder of irrevocable trusts, holds 100% of the Interests of Poppytown Group Limited (Note 3), Capitilla Worldwide Limited, Litewait Worldwide Limited and Sinnabar Group Limited (Note 19) respectively. Poppytown Group Limited, Capitilla Worldwide Limited, Litewait Worldwide Limited altogether hold 100% of the interests of Huge Harvest International Limited (Note 4). Hence, Standard Chartered Trust (Singapore) Limited has deemed interest in the Units held by Huge Harvest International Limited and Weiliang International Limited (Note 18).

Standard Chartered Trust (Singapore) Limited is accustomed to act in the directions of Mr. Chen Miaolin (Chairman and nonexecutive Director of the REIT Manager), Zhang Guanming (non-executive Director of the REIT Manager), Mr. Chen Canrong (Director of Xiaoshan Hotel Company) and Mr. Kong Weiliang.

As at 31 December 2014, Mr. Chen Miaolin (Chairman and non-executive Director of the REIT Manager) is the beneficiary of a irrevocable trust with SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd. as nominee shareholder. This irrevocable trust holds 100% of the interests of Poppytown Group Limited and Poppytown Group Limited holds 83.90% of the interests of Huge Harvest International Limited. Standard Chartered Trust (Singapore) Limited holds 100% of the interests of SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd. Therefore, Standard Chartered Trust (Singapore) Limited, SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd., Poppytown Group Limited and Huge Harvest International Limited are connected persons of New Century REIT.

Of the 181,429,000 Units involved in short position, 71,429,000 Units are derivative interests.

- SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd., as nominee shareholder, holds 100% of the interests of Poppytown Group Limited (Note 3). SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd., as nominee shareholder, also holds 100% of the interests of Sinnabar Group Limited (Note 19). Hence, SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd. has deemed interest in the Units held by Huge Harvest International Limited and Weiliang International Limited.
 - Of the 181,429,000 Units involved in short position, 71,429,000 Units are derivative interests.
- Poppytown Group Limited holds 83.90% of the interests of Huge Harvest International Limited (Note 4). Hence, Poppytown Group Limited has deemed interest in the Units held by Huge Harvest International Limited.
 - Of the 181,429,000 Units involved in short position, 71,429,000 Units are derivative interests.
- Huge Harvest International Limited is a significant Unitholder (within the meaning of the REIT Code) of New Century REIT.
 - Of the 323,329,067 Units, Huge Harvest International Limited held 3,941,067 Units, representing 0.42% of the Units issued by New Century REIT, via New Century Asset Management Limited as at 31 December 2014. Of the 181,429,000 Units involved in short position, 71,429,000 Units are derivative interests.
- Blue Sky Holdings Limited is a significant Unitholder (within the meaning of the REIT Code) of New Century REIT. Blue Sky Holdings Limited's interest is controlled by the eight entities stated in Notes 6 to 13.
- Carlyle Asia Partners II, L.P. holds 97.27% of the interests of Blue Sky Holdings Limited (Note 5). Hence, Carlyle Asia Partners II, L.P. 6. has deemed interest in the Units held by Blue Sky Holdings Limited.
- CAP II General Partner, L.P. holds 100% of the interest of Carlyle Asia Partners II, L.P. (Note 6) in which Carlyle Asia Partners II, L.P. holds 97.27% of the interest of Blue Sky Holdings Limited (Note 2). Hence, CAP II General Partner, L.P. has deemed interest in the Units held by Blue Sky Holdings Limited.

- CAP II L.L.C. holds 100% of the interest of CAP II General Partner, L.P. (Note 7), Hence, CAP II L.L.C. has deemed interest in the Units held by Blue Sky Holdings Limited.
- TC Group Cayman Investment Holdings Sub, L.P. holds 100% of the interest of CAP II L.L.C. (Note 8). Hence, TC Group 9. Cayman Investment Holdings Sub, L.P. has deemed interest in the Units held by Blue Sky Holdings Limited.
- TC Group Cayman Investment Holdings, L.P. holds 100% of the interest of TC Group Cayman Investment Holdings Sub, L.P. (Note 9). Hence, TC Group Cayman Investment Holdings, L.P. has deemed interest in the Units held by Blue Sky Holdings Limited
- 11. Carlyle Holdings II L.P. holds 100% of the interest of TC Group Cayman Investment Holdings, L.P. (Note 10). Hence, Carlyle Holdings II L.P. has deemed interest in the Units held by Blue Sky Holdings Limited.
- Carlyle Holdings II GP L.L.C. holds 100% of the interest of Carlyle Holdings II L.P. (Note 11). Hence, Carlyle Holdings II GP L.L.C. has deemed interest in the Units held by Blue Sky Holdings Limited.
- 13. The Carlyle Group L.P. holds 100% of the interest of Carlyle Holdings II GP L.L.C. (Note 12). Hence, The Carlyle Group L.P. has deemed interest in Units held by Blue Sky Holdings Limited.
- Haitong Securities Co., Ltd. is a significant Unitholder (within the meaning of the REIT Code) of New Century REIT. Of the 181,429,000 Units held, 71,429,000 Units are derivative interests.
- Wealthy Fountain Holdings Inc. is a significant Unitholder (within the meaning of the REIT Code) of New Century REIT. Wealthy Fountain Holdings Inc.'s interest is controlled by the entity and individual stated in Notes 16 to 17.
- 16. Shanghai Summit Pte. Ltd. holds 100% of the interests of Wealthy Fountain Holdings Inc. (Note 15). Hence, Shanghai Summit Pte. Ltd. has deemed interest in the Units held by Wealthy Fountain Holdings Inc.
- 17. Mr. Tong JinQuan holds 100% of the interests Shanghai Summit Pte. Ltd. (Note 16). Hence, Mr. Tong JinQuan has deemed interest in the Units held by Wealthy Fountain Holdings Inc.
 - Mr. Tong was appointed as a non-executive Director of the REIT Manager with effect from 19 January 2015.
- Weiliang International Limited is a significant Unitholder (within the meaning of the REIT Code) of New Century REIT. Weiliang International Limited's interest is controlled by the entity stated in Notes 19.
- Sinnabar Group Limited holds 100% of the interests of Weiliang International Limited (Note 18). Hence, Sinnabar Group Limited has deemed interest in the Units held by Weiliang International Limited.

UNIT HOLDINGS OF THE REIT MANAGER, ITS DIRECTORS OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE

As at 31 December 2014, the interests and short position in Units of the REIT Manager, its directors or chief executive as recorded in the register required to be kept by the REIT Manager, pursuant to Schedule 3 of the Trust Deed and section 352 of the SFO, or as far as the REIT Manager is aware, were as follows:

| Name of the REIT Manager, Director and Chief Executive of the REIT Manager | Total Number of Issued Units Held | Approximate Percentage of the Issued Units as at 31 December 2014 |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Chen Miaolin ¹ | 323,329,067 (L) 181,429,000 (S) | 34.72% 19.48% |
| New Century Asset Management Limited ² | 3,941,067 (L) | 0.42% |

L = Long position

S = Short position

Notes:

- Mr. Chen Miaolin (Chairman and non-executive Director of the REIT Manager) is the beneficiary of a irrevocable trust with SCTS Capital Pte. Ltd. as nominee shareholder. This irrevocable trust holds 100% of the interests of Poppytown Group Limited and Poppytown Group Limited holds 83.90% of the interests of Huge Harvest International Limited. Hence, Mr. Chen Miaolin has deemed interest in the Units held by Huge Harvest International Limited.
- New Century Asset Management Limited is the REIT Manager of New Century REIT. 3,840,504 and 3,929,281 new Units were issued to the REIT Manager on 23 April 2014 and 9 October 2014 as payment of the REIT Manager's fee for the period from the Listing Date to 31 December 2013 and from 1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014. 1,369,782 new Units were issued to the REIT Manager on 31 July 2014 as REIT Manager acquisition fee in relation to the Shanghai Hotel Acquisition. As at 31 December 2014, the REIT Manager beneficially held 3,941,067 Units.

Save as disclosed above, the REIT Manager is not aware of any other connected persons (within the meaning in the REIT Code) of New Century REIT holding any beneficial interest in the Units as at 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION



CHEN MIAOLIN

Chairman and non-executive Director

Mr. Chen Miaolin (陳妙林), aged 62, has been the Chairman and non-executive Director of the REIT Manager since June 2013.

Mr. Chen has over 27 years of experience in hotel operation and management and over 16 years of experience in real estate development. He is one of the founders of the New Century Group, holding various key positions in the New Century Group since 1988, including his role as chairman of New Century Tourism since January 2001 and as president from January 2001 to September 2010, his role as the chairman of Zhejiang New Century Hotel since November 2001 and his role as the chairman of Hangzhou New Century Real Estate from June 1998 to July 2001. Mr. Chen has been a member of the Zhejiang Province People's Congress since 2003 and a member of the Xiaoshan District People's Congress since 1980. Mr. Chen has also been the deputy chairman of the China Tourism Association (中國旅遊協會) since January 2009. Mr. Chen obtained his master's degree in business management from Macau University of Science and Technology (澳門科技大學) in April 2005. He is a senior economist as certified by the Zhejiang Provincial Bureau of Personnel (浙江省人事廳).

CHEUNG YAT MING

Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer and Responsible Officer

Mr. Cheung Yat Ming (張一鳴), aged 46, has been an executive Director, Chief Executive Officer and responsible officer of the REIT Manager since June 2013. He is also a Director of the following special purpose vehicles of New Century REIT: SPV (BVI), SPV (HK), Sky Town, Zhejiang New Century Hotel, Xiaoshan Hotel Company, Qiandao Lake Resort, Ningbo New Century Grand, Changchun New Century Grand, Strong Tower, Full Wise HK, Lishui Full Wise, and Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei.

Mr. Cheung has extensive experience in the fields of investment, real estate and property market research, corporate finance and auditing. Mr. Cheung was a staff accountant and semi-senior accountant at Arthur Andersen & Co. in Hong Kong and China from August 1991 to August 1994. In September 1994, Mr. Cheung joined Citibank (now named Citigroup) as an Accountant and Administration Manager and held the position of Assistant Vice President from September 1996. In October 1997, he started working in Salomon Smith Barney (now named Citigroup) as an Equity Research Analyst. In May 1999, Mr. Cheung left Salomon Smith Barney to join Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette where he worked until November 2000. He joined HSBC Securities (Asia) Limited as the Head of Hong Kong and China Property Research in November 2000 where he worked until April 2005. Mr. Cheung joined Cohen & Steers Asia Limited in 2005 as a Senior Vice President and Executive Director, supervising its Asia Pacific real estate investment and research functions until February 2009. Mr. Cheung joined DBS Vickers (Hong Kong) Limited as the Head of Research in June 2009. Since August 2011, Mr. Cheung had been the Chief Investment Officer of Neutron INV Partners Limited. Further, in 2010, Mr. Cheung received the Outstanding Chinese Business Leader Award from the HongQi and China Report.

Mr. Cheung is licensed by the SFC to carry out Type 9 (asset management) regulated activity and has experience in ensuring compliance with the rules and regulations under Types 4 and 9 of the licenses issued by the SFC. Before joining the REIT Manager, he was the unconditional responsible officer of Neutron INV Partners Limited and used to be the unconditional responsible officer of DBS Vickers (Hong Kong) Limited and Cohen & Steers Asia Limited. Mr. Cheung holds a bachelor degree in accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Cheung has been a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 1995 and a Chartered Accountant under the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales since 2007.

Mr. Cheung currently serves as an independent nonexecutive director of several companies listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange including:

- Springland International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1700); and
- Best Pacific International Holdings Limited (stock code: 2111).

ZHANG GUANMING

Non-executive Director

Mr. Zhang Guanming (張冠明), aged 49, has been a non-executive Director of the REIT Manager since June 2013. He is also a Director of the following special purpose vehicles of New Century REIT: SPV (BVI), SPV (HK), Sky Town, Zhejiang New Century Hotel, Xiaoshan Hotel Company, Qiandao Lake Resort, Ningbo New Century Grand, Changchun New Century Grand, Strong Tower, Full Wise HK, Lishui Full Wise, and Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei.

Mr. Zhang has over 21 years of experience in hotel operation and management and over 14 years of experience in real estate development. He is also one of the founders of the New Century Group and has been responsible for the administration, human resources management and corporate culture building of the New Century Group.

Mr. Zhang holds various key positions in the New Century Group, including his role as a director and a vice president of New Century Tourism since January 2001, a director of Zhejiang New Century Hotel since September 2005 and a director of Hangzhou New Century Real Estate since July 2000. Mr. Zhang obtained his master's degree in business administration from Europäisches Institut für postgraduale Bildung an der Technischen Universität Dresden e.V. in October 2003.

ZHANG CHI

Non-executive Director

Mr. Zhang Chi (張弛), aged 39, has been a non-executive Director of the REIT Manager since June 2013.

Mr. Zhang Chi joined The Carlyle Group in 2006, where he is currently a managing director. He has been a non-executive director of Zhejiang New Century Hotel since November 2007. Mr. Zhang has more than 10 years of experience in investment banking and capital markets, and is primarily responsible for investments by The Carlyle Group in the PRC. Prior to joining The Carlyle Group in 2006, he was a vice president of the investment banking division of Credit Suisse (Hong Kong) Limited. Prior to his position at Credit Suisse (Hong Kong) Limited, he was a vice president of the investment banking department of China International Capital Corporation Limited (中國國際金融有限公司). Mr. Zhang obtained his master's degree in economics from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics (± 海財經大學) in 2000.

JIANG TIANYI

Alternate Director to Mr. Zhang Chi

Mr. Jiang Tianyi (江天一), aged 32, has been an alternate Director to Mr. Zhang Chi in his position as nonexecutive Director and member of the Audit Committee of the REIT Manager since 25 June 2014.

Mr. Jiang Tianyi joined The Carlyle Group in 2006, where he is currently a director. Mr. Jiang has over 9 years of experience in private equity investment; prior to that, he worked at the investment banking division of Deutsche Bank. Mr. Jiang obtained his Bachelor degree from Columbia University in 2004.

TONG JINQUAN

Non-executive Director

Mr. Tong JinQuan (童錦泉), aged 60, was appointed as non-executive Director of the REIT Manager on 19 January 2015.

Mr. Tong has more than 20 years of experience in property investment, development and management in the PRC. Mr. Tong is the founder, sole shareholder and executive director of Summit Group. Summit Group currently has businesses in industrial, commercial, residential and hotel property development, management and investment; investment management; department store business; and providing business consultancy services. Summit Group currently holds, operates and manages commercial properties with a total gross floor area of 943,800 sq.m. in Shanghai and 1.44 million sq.m. of properties outside Shanghai.

Mr. Tong also has experience investing in REITs. Mr. Tong also has experience managing REITs, as he is currently a non-executive Director of the manager of a REIT listed on the Mainboard of the Singapore Exchange.

YU HON TO DAVID

Independent non-executive Director

Mr. Yu Hon To David (俞漢度), aged 67, has been an independent non-executive Director of the REIT Manager since June 2013.

Mr. Yu has extensive experience in the fields of corporate finance, auditing and corporate management. Mr. Yu is the chairman of MCL Financial Group Ltd, a Hong Kong-based financial advisory and investment firm and was a partner of Coopers & Lybrand (now merged as PricewaterhouseCoopers) in Hong Kong. Mr. Yu is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He obtained his bachelor's degree in social science from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He currently serves as an independent nonexecutive director of several companies listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange including:

- China Renewable Energy Investment Limited (formerly known as Hong Kong Energy (Holdings) Limited) (stock code: 987);
- China Resources Gas Group Limited (stock code:
- Great China Holdings Limited (stock code: 141);
- Haier Electronics Group Co., Ltd. (stock code:
- Keck Seng Investments (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 184);
- Media Chinese International Limited (stock code: 685), a company which is also listed in Malaysia, on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (stock code: 5090):
- One Media Group Limited (stock code: 426);
- Playmates Holdings Limited (stock code: 635);
- Sateri Holdings Limited (stock code: 1768); and
- Synergis Holdings Limited (stock code: 2340).

Mr. Yu previously also held the position of independent non-executive director of VXL Capital Limited (stock code: 727) and resigned with effect from 27 May 2014.

ANGELINI GIOVANNI

Independent non-executive Director

Mr. Angelini Giovanni, aged 69, has been an independent non-executive Director of the REIT Manager since June 2013.

Mr. Angelini is a senior and well-respected professional within the hospitality industry and has a wealth of experience, with over 50 years of experience acquired across three continents and in particular, in Asia, through his offices and directorships with quality hotels and organizations in Hong Kong, Singapore, Korea, Mexico, Bermuda and his native country, Italy. Mr. Angelini is presently based in Hong Kong and is an independent consultant in the travel and tourism industry. Prior to this, Mr. Angelini spent more than 16 years with Shangri-La Hotels and Resorts, where he was Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of the Global Management Group and Executive Director of Shangri-La Asia Limited, a company listed on the

Stock Exchange, for over 9 years. Prior to Shangri-La, Mr. Angelini spent 15 years with Westin Hotels and Resorts and held several key positions, including Senior Vice President for Asia Pacific where he supervised the operation of hotels and development of activities within the region. Prior to Westin, Mr. Angelini was associated with a number of prestigious hotels and well-known groups including the Americana Hotels, the Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels and several other wellknown hotels in North and Central America, Europe and Italy, where he completed his studies. Mr. Angelini is a member of many industry-related organizations and quality management groups. He has received several lifetime achievement, including the "2006 Corporate Hotelier of the World" by HOTELS, the magazine of the worldwide hotel industry, an honorary degree of Doctor of Business Administration in Hospitality Management "Honoris Causa" by the Johnson & Wales University in the USA in 2004 and a knighthood from the Italian government. Mr. Angelini graduated from The Institute Volonta, Rome, Italy. He currently serves as a nonexecutive Director of Dorsett Hospitality International Limited (stock code: 2266), a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

HE JIANMIN

Independent non-executive Director

Professor He Jianmin (何建民), aged 58, was appointed as independent non-executive Director of the REIT Manager on 30 January 2014.

Professor He has more than 25 years of experience in the fields of hospitality and tourism. Professor He is a professor at the School of International Business Administration of Shanghai University of Finance & Economics (上海財經大學), since 2002. Professor He began his career in 1982 as a lecturer, assistant professor, deputy director and director of the hotel management department at the Shanghai Institute of Tourism (上海旅遊高等專科學校). Between 1993 and 2002, he took up various appointments at Shanghai International Studies University (上海外國語大學), such as associate professor, professor and director of the International Economics and Commerce department, and vice-president and president of the College of International Finance & Commerce. Professor He was appointed by the State Council Academic Degrees Committee (國務院學位委員會) as a member of the Consultative Committee for Master Education for National Tourism Management and is an expert consultant of the United Nations World Tourism Organisation. Professor He has been the leading researcher in many governmental research projects. including the Aim and Path in the Transformation and Development of the Economics of Shanghai Tourism (2011) (上海旅遊經濟轉型發展的目標與路徑研究 (2011)) and the Proposals on the Development and Policies of National Tourism in light of the Shanghai Pilot Free Trade Zone (2014) (上海自由貿易試驗區對我國旅遊 產業發展影響及政策建議 (2014)). Professor He has also written many award winning publications over the years, including the Current State, Trends and Policies of Foreign Investment intoTourism in China (2010) (外資 進入中國旅遊業的現狀、趨向及對策研究 (2010)).

Professor He graduated with a bachelor's degree in economics from East China Normal University (華東師 範大學) in 1982 and a master's degree in economics from Fudan University (復旦大學) in 1986. He received a Diploma as an expert in International Tourism from the International Institute of Tourism and Management of Austria in 1991 and obtained a doctorate in economics from School of Management of Fudan University (復旦大學管理學院) in 2001.

KEY PERSONNEL'S BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION



HONG KAM KIT, EDDIE

Investment and Investor Relations Manager

Mr. Hong Kam Kit, Eddie (康錦傑) is the Investment and Investor Relations Manager and responsible officer of the REIT Manager. He is also a Director of the following special purpose vehicles of New Century REIT: SPV (BVI), SPV (HK), Sky Town, Zhejiang New Century Hotel, Xiaoshan Hotel Company, Qiandao Lake Resort, Ningbo New Century Grand, Changchun New Century Grand, Strong Tower, Full Wise HK, Lishui Full Wise, and Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei.

Mr. Hong has over 19 years of experience in real estate investment, asset management and accountancy. Before joining the REIT Manager, Mr. Hong was an associate director at Somerley Asset Management Limited. Prior to that, Mr. Hong worked in the investment/asset management and other departments of various corporations including Becton Investment Management Limited in Australia, American International Assurance Company Limited and Chesterton Petty Ltd. Mr. Hong started his professional career at Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as an auditor.

Mr. Hong holds a Bachelor of Economics degree from Macquarie University and a Master of Business Law degree from Monash University. Mr. Hong is a member of CPA Australia and is qualified as a Chartered Financial Analyst. Mr. Hong is licensed by the SFC to carry out Type 9 (asset management) regulated activity.

HO WAI CHU

Chief Operating Officer

Ms. Ho Wai Chu (何慧珠) is the Chief Operating Officer and responsible officer of the REIT Manager. She has extensive experience in auditing, accounting, financial and asset management. Before joining the REIT Manager, Ms. Ho was the financial controller of Willie International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (stock code: 273) which is principally engaged in the business of property investment, investment in securities trading, money lending and investment holding. Ms. Ho started her career as an accountant in KPMG and has over 21 years of experience as the finance manager and chief accountant of several listed companies in Hong Kong.

Ms. Ho holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from University of South Australia. Ms. Ho is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. Ms. Ho is licensed by the SFC to carry out Type 9 (asset management) regulated activity.

DING HAI JIANG

Property and Technical Manager

Mr. Ding Hai Jiang (丁海江) is the Property and Technical Manager of the REIT Manager. Mr. Ding has extensive experience in the hotel industry, and has worked with New Century Group for over 10 years before joining the REIT Manager, being involved with facility management, procurement and supplies. Mr. Ding first joined Ningbo New Century Grand in the facilities department, and was promoted in 2011 as supervisor of the facility management of Zhejiang New Century Hotel.

Mr. Ding graduated from the Shanghai University of Engineering Science with a degree in information engineering in 2004.

YU HOI ZIN

Compliance Manager and Company Secretary

Ms. Yu Hoi Zin (庾愷善) is the Compliance Manager and Company Secretary of the REIT Manager. Ms. Yu is experienced in auditing and banking compliance matters. Before joining the REIT Manager, she was an Assistant Manager at Lloyds TSB Pacific Limited. Ms. Yu started her professional career at Ernst & Young as an auditor.

Ms. Yu graduated from Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and obtained a Bachelor's degree of business administration in global business and accounting. She has been a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 2008 and a Chartered Financial Analyst of the CFA Institute since 2011.

YUNG YUEN TING, EDITH

Internal Audit Manager

Ms. Yung Yuen Ting, Edith (容苑婷) is the Internal Audit Manager of the REIT Manager. Ms. Yung is experienced in auditing and compliance matters. Prior to joining the REIT Manager, she was a finance manager at AMTD Financial Planning Limited, responsible for the financial, management and regulatory reporting of the company. Before then, Ms. Yung worked in Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu for 6 years when she was an audit manager.

Ms. Yung graduated with a Bachelor Degree of Business Administration in Accounting and Finance from The University of Hong Kong. She has been a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 2010.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT



We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager of New Century Real Estate Investment Trust ("New Century REIT") has, in all material respects, managed New Century REIT in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 10 June 2013 (as amended by the Supplemental Trust Deed dated 20 June 2013) for the period from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2014.

DB Trustees (Hong Kong) Limited

(in its capacity as trustee of New Century Real Estate Investment Trust)

Hong Kong, 11 March 2015

WALUATION REPORT



Date : 26 February 2015

New Century Asset Management Limited

(as REIT Manager and on behalf of New Century REIT) 4706, 47/F, The Center 99 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong

DB Trustees (Hong Kong) Limited

(as Trustee of New Century REIT) Level 52, International Commerce Centre 1 Austin Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Dear Sirs.

RE: VALUATION OF NEW CENTURY GRAND HOTEL HANGZHOU, NEW CENTURY HOTEL XIAOSHAN ZHEJIANG, NEW CENTURY RESORT QIANDAO LAKE HANGZHOU, NEW CENTURY GRAND HOTEL NINGBO, NEW CENTURY GRAND HOTEL CHANGCHUN AND SONGJIANG NEW CENTURY GRAND HOTEL SHANGHAI IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA (COLLECTIVELY "EXISTING HOTEL PROPERTIES" OR INDIVIDUALLY "EXISTING HOTEL PROPERTY")

Instructions, Purpose & Date of Valuation

We refer to the instruction from the Manager of New Century REIT (the "REIT Manager") for us to prepare market valuations of the captioned properties located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") (as detailed in the attached summary of valuations). We confirm that we have carried out inspections, made relevant enquiries and obtained such further information as we consider necessary for the purpose of providing your company with our opinion of the market values of the Existing Hotel Properties as at 31 December 2014 (the "date of valuation") for financial reporting purpose.

Valuer's Interest

We hereby certify DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited is independent of the scheme, the trustee, the management company and each of the significant holders of the scheme, as per the Code on Real Estate Investment Trust issued by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong (the "SFC").

Basis of Valuation

accordance with The HKIS Valuation Standards (2012 Edition) issued by The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors is defined as "the estimated amount for which an asset or liability should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion".

Our valuation of each property represents its market value which in

Compliance

In valuing the properties, we have complied with the requirements set out in The HKIS Valuation Standards (2012 Edition) issued by The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, as well as Chapter 6.8 of the Code on Real Estate Investment Trusts (the "REIT Code").

Valuation Assumptions

Our valuation of each property excludes an estimated price inflated or deflated by special terms or circumstances such as atypical financing, sale and leaseback arrangement, special considerations or concessions granted by anyone associated with the sale, or any element of special value.

No allowances have been made in our valuations for any charges, mortgages or amounts owing on the properties nor any expenses or taxation which may be incurred in effecting sale. Unless otherwise stated, it is assumed that the properties are free from encumbrances, restrictions and outgoings of any onerous nature which could affect their values.

In the course of our valuations of the properties, we have assumed that transferable land use rights in respect of the properties for their specific terms at nominal annual land use fees have been granted and that any premium payable has already been fully paid. We have relied on the information provided by the REIT Manager regarding the title to the properties. We have relied on the advice given by the REIT Manager regarding the titles to the properties and the interests in each property.

In valuing the Existing Hotel Properties, we have assumed that the owners of the Existing Hotel Properties has enforceable title to the Existing Hotel Property and has free and uninterrupted rights to use, occupy or assign the Existing Hotel Property for the whole of the respective unexpired term as granted. Moreover, we are not aware of any matters that show the contrary in this regard.

Method of Valuation

We have assessed the value of the Existing Hotel Properties by Discounted Cash Flow ("DCF") Approach, which involves discounting future net cash flow after real estate tax, land use tax and business tax of each property until the end of the respective unexpired land use term to their present values by using an appropriate discount rate that reflects the rate of return required by a third party investor for an investment of this type. We have prepared each a 10-year cash flow forecast with reference to the current and anticipated market conditions. In addition, we have also taken into account the Hotel Lease and Management Agreements of the Existing Hotel Properties.

In the course of our valuation, apart from our own analysis of the relevant hotel markets, we have also made reference to the projected cash flow and budget prepared by the REIT Manager.

Details of the key assumptions of our DCF valuations are set out in the valuation certificate of each Existing Hotel Property contained herein.

We have relied to very considerable extent on the information given by the REIT Manager and have accepted advice given to us on such matters as planning approvals, statutory notices, easements, tenures, identification of land and buildings, particulars of occupancy, operation accounts, tenancy details, site and floor areas, site and floor plans, number of units, interests attributable to New Century REIT and all other relevant matters.

Dimensions, measurements and areas are based on the copies of documents or other information provided to us by the REIT Manager and are therefore only approximations. No on-site measurement has been carried out. We have had no reason to doubt the truth and accuracy of the information provided by the REIT Manager which is material to the valuations. We were also advised that no material facts have been omitted from the information provided to us.

We would point out that the copies of documents provided to us are mainly compiled in Chinese characters and the transliteration into English represents our understanding of the contents. We would therefore advise the REIT Manager to make reference to the original Chinese edition of the documents and consult your legal advisors regarding the legality and interpretation of such documents.

Title Investigation

We have been provided with copies of the title documents relating to the properties but have not carried out any land title searches. Moreover, we have not searched the original documents to verify ownership or to ascertain any amendments. All documents have been used for reference only and all dimensions, measurements and areas are approximate.

Source of Information

Site Inspection

Stephanie Shen, Registered Real Estate Valuer, inspected the exterior and, where possible, the interior of the properties in December 2014. No structural survey has been made, but in the course of our inspection, we did not note any serious defects. We are, however, not able to report that the properties are free of rot, infestation or other structural defects. No test was carried out on any of the services. Our valuations are prepared on the assumption that these aspects are satisfactory.

Unless otherwise stated, we have not carried out detailed on-site measurements to verify the site and floor areas of the properties and we have assumed that the areas shown on the documents handed to us are correct.

Currency

Unless otherwise stated, all sums stated in our valuation certificates are in Renminbi ("RMB"), the official currency of the PRC.

Non-Publication and Caveat

Neither the whole nor any part of this letter, summary of valuations and valuation certificates or any reference thereto may be included in any document, circular or statement without our prior written approval of the form and context in which they will appear, except for the purposes of disclosure of our valuations in New Century REIT's annual reports and auditing accounts in which the properties are included.

Finally and in accordance with our standard practice, we must state that this letter, summary of valuations and valuation certificates are for the use only of the party to whom they are addressed and no responsibility is accepted to any third party for the whole or any part of their contents.

We enclose herewith a summary of valuations and our valuation certificates for your attention.

Yours faithfully, for and on behalf of **DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited**

Andrew K F Chan

Registered Professional Surveyor (General Practice) Registered China Real Estate Appraiser MSc. MHKIS Senior Director, Valuation and Advisory Services

SUMMARY OF VALUATIONS

| Prop | Derty New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou, No. 818 Middle Shixin Road, Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, the PRC | Market value in existing state as at 31 December 2014 (RMB) | Interest attributable to New Century REIT (%) | Market value in existing state attributable to New Century REIT as at 31 December 2014 (RMB) |
|------|---|---|--|--|
| 2. | New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang, No.77 Renmin Road, Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, the PRC | 570,000,000 | 95.46 | 544,122,000 |
| 3. | New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou, Qilin Peninsula, Qiandao Lake, Chun'an County, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, the PRC | 300,000,000 | 100 | 300,000,000 |
| 4. | New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo, No. 666 Shounan Road (M), Yinzhou District, Ningbo, Zhejiang Province, the PRC | 750,000,000 | 100 | 750,000,000 |
| 5. | New Century Grand Hotel Changchun, No. 2299 Jingyangda Road, Lvyuan District, Changchun, Jilin Province, the PRC | 600,000,000 | 100 | 600,000,000 |
| 6. | Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai, No.1799 North Renmin Road, Songjiang District, Shanghai, the PRC | 810,000,000 | 100 | 810,000,000 |
| | | | Grand-Total | 4,844,122,000 |

VALUATION CERTIFICATE

Property

1. New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou, No. 818 Middle Shixin Road. Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, the PRC

Description and tenure

New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou is a 45-storey hotel building erected upon 2-level basement standing on parcel of land with site area of approximately 28,903.80 sq m.

New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou was completed in 2005 and operated since January 2005. New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou currently provides 699 guest rooms, 712 car parking spaces (including loading/unloading spaces), food and beverage outlets, a wine bar, a fitness centre with indoor swimming pool, a show bar, a spa, banquet and function rooms and a business centre.

Pursuant to Building Ownership Certificates and Certificates for Completion and Acceptance of Construction Works, New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou has a total gross floor area of approximately 130,104.94 sq m.

| | Approximate Gross |
|----------|-------------------|
| Portion | Floor Area |
| | (sq m) |
| | |
| Hotel | 98,060.58 |
| Office | 4,347.78 |
| Basement | 27,696.58 |
| | |
| Total | 130.104.94 |

As advised by the REIT Manager, New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou has a total operating area of approximately 101,961 sq m.

The land use rights of the property have been granted to 浙江開元酒店投資管理集團 (Zhejiang New Century Hotel Investment & Management Group Co., Ltd.) for a term of 40 years due to expire on 22 December 2043 for commercial use.

Particulars of occupancy

As at the date of valuation, the property was operated as a 5-star hotel under a Hotel Lease and Management Agreement for a term of 10 years due to expire in July 2023 for a rent of 20% of the total operating revenue plus 34% of the gross operating profit.

The occupancy rate of the hotel for 2014 was 54.13%.

Apart from the general hotel operation, total lettable floor area of 14,527.03 sq m has been occupied by various tenants under various cooperation agreements for terms of 2.5 to 6.4 years at a total monthly service charge of approximately RMB1,470,000 for commercial or office uses.

Based on the net annual rental income of 2014, the estimated net yield of the property is 5.1%.

Market value in existing state as at 31 December 2014

RMB1,840,000,000

VALUATION REPORT

Notes:-

Details of the room configuration are summarized as follows:-(1)

| Room Type | Size | Number of Rooms | Number of Rooms |
|---------------------------|--------|------------------|--------------------|
| | (sq m) | (Typical Floors) | (Executive Floors) |
| | | | |
| Standard Room/Deluxe Room | 35 | 575 | 75 |
| Deluxe Suite | 70 | 26 | 19 |
| New Century Suite | 105 | | 3 |
| President Suite | 280 | | 1 |
| Total | | 601 | 98 |

Details of the facilities and amenities are summarized as follows:-(2)

| | | | Maximum |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Food and Beverage Outlet | Style | Total Seating Area | Seating Capacity |
| | | (sq m) | |
| | | | |
| Long Bar | Bar | 198 | 60 |
| Yigar Bar | Bar | 275 | 70 |
| Rose Garden Lounge | Bar | 210 | 36 |
| Prestige Club Lounge | Bar | 343 | 48 |
| Café Mediterranean | Western | 884 | 220 |
| Imarigawa | Japanese | 250 | 75 |
| Montalcino Grill | Italian | 280 | 68 |
| Four Season Chamber | Chinese | 722 | 84 |
| Cookfun Town | Chinese boxes | 856 (23 boxes) | 234 |
| Grand Garden | Chinese boxes | 1,591 (14 boxes) | 178 |
| | | | |
| | | | Maximum Seating |
| Function and Banquet Facilities | Number of Rooms | Total Seating Area | Capacity |
| | | (sq m) | |
| | | | |
| New Century Hall | 1 | 1,000 | 900 |
| Grand Dynasty Hall | 1 | 1,360 | 1,400 |
| Tianhong Hall | 1 | 95 | 80 |
| Tianhe Hall | 1 | 95 | 80 |
| Tianren Hall | 1 | 90 | 30 |
| Mingsi Hall | 1 | 70 | 60 |
| Mingde Hall | 1 | 70 | 60 |
| Mingrui Hall | | 108 | 90 |
| Minghou Hall | | 108 | 30 |
| Will ignou i fall | 1 | 100 | 00 |
| He Hall | 1 | 136 | 90 |
| | | | |
| He Hall | 1 | 136 | 90 |

The New Century Hall and the Grand Dynasty Hall have a ceiling height of 7 meters.

| Other Amenities | Total Area |
|--------------------------|------------|
| | (sq m) |
| | |
| Chess/poker room | 1,070 |
| Sauna | 1,531 |
| Beauty salon | 120 |
| Karaoke club | 5,643.88 |
| Indoor swimming pool | 608 |
| Table tennis room | 136 |
| Rhythmic gymnastics room | 157 |
| Foot spa | 580 |
| Tennis court | 261 |
| Billiards room | 79 |
| Fitness room | 168 |

- Pursuant to Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land No. (2009) 4400001 dated 5 February 2009 issued by Zhejiang Provincial Department of Land Resources, the land use rights of the property having a site area of approximately 28,903.80 sq m have been vested in 浙江開元酒店投資管理集團 (Zhejiang New Century Hotel Investment & Management Group Co., Ltd.) for a term of 40 years until 22 December 2043 for commercial use.
- (4) Pursuant to 38 Building Ownership Certificates dated 2 February 2009 issued by Hangzhou Real Estate Administration Bureau, the building ownership of the property having a gross floor area of approximately 102,408.36 sq m has been vested in 浙江開元 酒店投資管理集團 (Zhejiang New Century Hotel Investment & Management Group Co., Ltd.) for commercial use with details as follows:-

| Certificate No. | Level | Gross Floor Area (sq m) | Certificate No. | Level | Gross Floor Area |
|-----------------|-------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------|
| | | | | | |
| 67276 | 1 | 68.38 | 67265 | 25 | 1,449.26 |
| 67273 | 1 | 3,672.62 | 67257 | 26 | 1,449.26 |
| 1397942 | 2 | 8,777.72 | 1397952-1 | 27 | 1,449.26 |
| 67267 | 1-3 | 10,801.22 | 1397952 | 28 | 1,449.26 |
| 1397941 | 3 | 9,167.90 | 67242 | 29 | 1,449.26 |
| 1397932 | 4 | 9,593.73 | 67244 | 31 | 1,449.26 |
| 67272 | 3-4 | 6,382.24 | 1397947 | 32 | 1,449.26 |
| 00008212-1 | 5 | 1,237.93 | 1397947-1 | 33 | 1,449.26 |
| 8212 | 6-14 | 12,341.79 | 1397959 | 34 | 1,449.26 |
| 1397943-3 | 15 | 333.46 | 1397959-1 | 35 | 1,449.26 |
| 1397943-2 | 16 | 1,449.26 | 1397946-1 | 36 | 1,449.26 |
| 1397943-1 | 17 | 1,449.26 | 1397946 | 37 | 1,449.26 |
| 1397943 | 18 | 1,449.26 | 1397955 | 38 | 1,449.26 |
| 67250 | 19 | 1,449.26 | 1397955-1 | 39 | 1,449.26 |
| 67251 | 20 | 1,449.26 | 1397956 | 40 | 1,449.26 |
| 67275 | 21 | 1,449.26 | 1397956-1 | 41 | 1,449.26 |
| 67274 | 22 | 1,449.26 | 1397957 | 42 | 1,400.38 |
| 67271 | 23 | 1,449.26 | 1397957-2 | 43 | 1,353.98 |
| 67270 | 24 | 1,449.26 | 1397957-1 | 45 | 1,045.51 |
| | | | | Total | 102,408.36 |

VALUATION REPORT

Pursuant to Grant Contract of Land Use Rights ZJZXZ No. (1998) 12 entered into between 浙江金城開發公司 (Zheiiang Jincheng Development Co., Ltd) (Party A) and 蕭山市開元旅業總公司 (Xiaoshan New Century Tourism Co., Ltd) (Party B) on 7 July 1998, Party A has agreed to transfer the land use rights of the land lot No. E-01 situated in Xiaoshan District, Zhejiang Province, with a total site area of approximately 45,000 sq m, to Party B.

The property is part of the said site.

- (6)Pursuant to Planning Permit for Construction Works Nos. (2002) 0110175 and (2004) 0110331 issued by Hangzhou Planning and Construction Bureau on 18 March 2005 and 17 August 2005 respectively, construction works of the property, comprising a total gross floor area of approximately 129,651.55 sq m, are in compliance with the urban planning requirements and are approved.
- Pursuant to a Certificate for Completion and Acceptance of Construction Works issued on 23 August 2005, the construction (7) works of the property with a total gross floor area of approximately 130,104.94 sq m are in compliance with the requirements of urban planning and are examined and accepted.
- Pursuant to the information provided by REIT Manager, the Existing Hotel Properties except Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai are currently subject to mortgages in favour of 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited), 渣 打銀行(中國)有限公司上海分行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Shanghai Branch), 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司杭州蕭 山支行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Hangzhou Xiaoshan Sub-Branch), 第一商業銀行股份有限公司上海分行 (First Commercial Bank Limited, Shanghai Branch), 華南商業銀行股份有限公司深圳分行 (Hua Nan Commercial Bank Limited, Shenzhen Branch), 合作金庫商業銀行股份有限公司蘇州分行 (Taiwan Cooperative Bank Co., Ltd., Suzhou Branch), 彰化商業銀行股份有限 公司昆山分行 (Chang Hwa Commercial Bank Ltd., Kunshan Branch) for a total maximum consideration of RMB360,000,000.
- Pursuant to Business Licence No. 330181000002554 dated 8 July 2010, 浙江開元酒店投資管理集團 (Zhejiang New Century Hotel Investment & Management Group Co., Ltd.) was established as a limited company with a registered capital of RMB811,000,000 for a valid operation period from 30 September 2001 to 19 September 2027.
- (10) We have prepared our valuation on the following assumptions:-
 - 浙江開元酒店投資管理集團 (Zhejiang New Century Hotel Investment & Management Group Co., Ltd.) is in possession of a (i) proper legal title to the property and is entitled to transfer the property with the residual term of land use rights at no extra land premium or other onerous payment payable to the government;
 - (ii) all land premium, costs of public utilities, ancillary infrastructure fees and compensation for resettlement of any original residents to make way for the development have been fully settled;
 - the design and construction of the proposed development are in compliance with the local planning regulations and have been approved by the relevant authorities; and
 - (iv) the property may be disposed of freely to the purchasers at nil encumbrances.
- The status of the title and grant of major approvals and licences in accordance with the information provided by the REIT Manager are as follows:-

Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land Building Ownership Certificate Grant Contract of Land Use Rights **Business Licence**

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

(12) Our key assumptions used in the DCF valuation are summarized as follows:-

(i) Average daily room rate ("ADR") 2015 - RMB590 (ii) Annual growth in ADR Stabilized at 4%

Occupancy rate on available room basis 2015 - 55%; Stabilized at 68% (iii)

(iv) F&B revenue 63% of gross revenue FF&E provision 2% of gross revenue (v)

(vi) Discount rate 9% Terminal growth rate 4% (vii)

Market Overview (13)

Hangzhou, the capital of Zhejiang Province, is the provincial center in economy, culture, science and education. It is a city famous of history and culture and also an important national tourist city with beautiful scenery. Located at the southern wing of the Yangtze River Delta, the west end of Hangzhou Bay, the lower reaches of Qiantang River and the southern end of the Grand Canal (Beijing-Hangzhou), Hangzhou is one of the most important central cities in the southern wing of the Yangtze River Delta and a hub of transportation in southeast China. Hangzhou owns the natural environment integrating rivers, lakes and hills. Under the jurisdiction of Hangzhou are 9 districts of Shangcheng, Xiacheng, Jianggan, Gongshu, Xihu, Binjiang, Xiaoshan, Yuhang and Fuyang, 2 county-level cities of Jiande and Lin'an and 2 counties of Tonglu and Chun'an. There are 193 villages and towns (districts), including 23 villages, 86 towns and 84 districts, with a total area of 16,596 sq km, including an area of 3,068 sq km of the urban areas. By the end of 2013, the registered population of Hangzhou was 7.07 million, an increase of 56 thousand over the previous year.

The top-tier hotel market of Xiaoshan appeared to be relatively stable in the past 3 years. Only a few new competitors entered the market, one of which is Grand Parkray Hangzhou (杭州雷迪森鉑麗大酒店) opened in 2014. Nevertheless, the average daily rate remained stable.

The hotel is located in Xiaoshan CBD, only 22 km drive to Xiaoshan International Airport and very close to the express way. The hotel is within 30-minute drive to the West Lake, 44 km to the historic city Shaoxing and 2.5 hours' drive to Shanghai and Ningbo. The Hangzhou Metro Line 2 has been completed and operated in November 2014. The People Square Station of Metro Line 2 is located in front of the hotel, which provides great convenience to the guests of the hotel. It takes approximately 20 minutes to travel from the hotel to the downtown area of the city by subway. According to the REIT Manager, individual visitors account for over 60% of the total guest turnover and constitute the largest portion of the guest profile in the past 3 years. Group convention and tourism contribute over 30% of the total demand.

VALUATION CERTIFICATE

Property

2. New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang, No. 77 Renmin Road. Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, the PRC

Description and tenure

The property comprises several buildings of 1 to 18 storeys erected on a parcel of land with a total site area of approximately 9,721.30 sq m.

New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang was completed in 1988 and operated since January 1988. New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang currently provides 375 guest rooms, 34 aboveground car parking and 66 mechanical parking spaces, food and beverage outlets, a wine bar, a fitness centre, banquet and function rooms and business centre.

Pursuant to the Building Ownership Certificates, New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang has a total above-ground gross floor area of approximately 39,850.77 sq m.

As advised by the REIT Manager, New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang has a total operating area of approximately 32,486 sq m.

The land use rights of the property have been granted to 浙江蕭山賓館股份有限公司 (Zhejiang Xiaoshan Hotel Joint Stock Co., Ltd.). Portion of the site with a site area of 8,361 sq m is held with land use rights for a term of 40 years due to expire on 29 December 2035 for tourism use. The remaining portion of the site with a site area of 1,360.30 sq m is held with land use rights for a term of 40 years due to expire on 13 August 2037 for entertainment use and for a term of 40 years due to expire on 22 December 2043 for commercial use.

Particulars of occupancy

As at the date of valuation, the property was operated as a 4-star hotel under a Hotel Lease and Management Agreement for a term of 10 years due to expire in July 2023 for a rent of 20% of the total operating revenue plus 34% of the gross operating profit.

The occupancy rate of the hotel for 2014 was 52.57%.

Apart from the general hotel operation, a total leasable floor area of 3.201.18 sq m has been occupied by various tenants under various cooperation agreements for terms of 1 to 20 years at a total monthly service charge of approximately RMB590,000 for commercial use while a leasable floor area of 1,624.60 sq m was vacant for lease.

Based on the net annual rental income of 2014, the estimated net yield of the property is 6.7%.

Market value in existing state as at 31 December 2014

RMB570,000,000

(95.46% interest attributable to New Century REIT: RMB544,122,000)

Notes:-

Details of the room configuration are summarized as follows:-(1)

| Room Type | Size (sq m) | Number of Rooms |
|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Single Room | 20 | 80 |
| Standard Room/Duluxe Room | 21-24 | 165 |
| Business Deluxe Room. | 35 | 114 |
| Deluxe Suite | 46 | 15 |
| New Century Suite | 86 | 1 |
| | | |
| Total | | 375 |

(2) Details of the facilities and amenities are summarized as follows:-

| | | | Maximum Seating |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Food and Beverage Outlet | Style | Total Seating Area | Capacity |
| | | (sq m) | |
| | | | |
| New Triangle Café | Western | 850.46 | 150 |
| Gentleman Bar | Bar | 330.2 | 53 |
| Dreaming Bar | Bar | 175.46 | 36 |
| Jinxianyuan Restaurant | Chinese | 650 | 230 |
| Penoy Banquet Room | Chinese boxes | 659.5 (12 boxes) | 250 |
| Jingdu Banquet Room | Chinese boxes | 766.3 (27 boxes) | 262 |
| | | | |
| | | | Maximum Seating |
| Function and Banquet Facilities | Number of Rooms | Total Seating Area | Capacity |
| | | | |
| | | (sq m) | |
| | | (sq m) | |
| New Century Hall | 1 | (sq m) 576 | 700 |
| New Century Hall Xiao Ran Hall | 1 1 | | 700 350 |
| | | 576 | |
| Xiao Ran Hall | 1 | 576 405.6 | 350 |
| Xiao Ran Hall Jin Lan Hall | 1 | 576 405.6 56.64 | 350 50 |

The New Century Hall has a ceiling height of 4.3 meters.

The hotel also has a sauna, a food SPA, a fitness room, a beauty salon and a chess/poker room.

Pursuant to 2 State-owned Land Use Rights Certificates issued by Land Rights Bureau of Xiaoshan Land Resources Administration Bureau, the land use rights of the property, located at No. 66 Shixin Road, Xiaoshan District, have been granted to 浙江蕭山賓館股份有限公司 (Zhejiang Xiaoshan Hotel Joint Stock Co., Ltd.) for terms of 40 years for commercial use. 8,361.00 sq m and 1,360.30 sq m of the property will expire on 29 December 2035 and 13 August 2037 respectively with details as follows:-

| Certificate No. | Site Area (sq m) | Land Use | Issue Date |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (2004) 0100059 | 1,360.30 | Entertainment Commercial use | 13 August 2037 2 December 2043 |
| (95) 010050 | 8,361.00 | Tourism | 29 December 2035 |
| Total | 9,721.30 | | |

Pursuant to the information provided by the REIT Manager, the address of the property has been modified from No. 66 Shixin Road to No. 77 Renmin Road.

Pursuant to 9 Building Ownership Certificates issued by Xiaoshan Real Estate Administration Bureau, the building ownership of the property located at No. 66 Shixin Road, comprising a total gross floor area of approximately 39,850.77 sq m, has been vested in 浙江蕭山賓館股份有限公司 (Zhejiang Xiaoshan Hotel Joint Stock Co., Ltd.) with details as follows:-

| Gross Floor Area (sq m) | Use | Issue Date |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| 4 220 20 | Commercial | 22 May 2007 |
| 4,330.30 | Others | 23 May 2007 5 March 2004 |
| 83.32 | Others | 5 March 2004 |
| 148.12 | Others | 5 March 2004 |
| 521.18 | Others | 5 March 2004 |
| 1,543.02 | Commercial | 5 March 2004 |
| 14,704.33 | Commercial | 5 March 2004 |
| 10,727.71 | Commercial | 5 March 2004 |
| 7,777.49 | Commercial | 5 March 2004 |
| | | |
| 39,850.77 | | |
| | (sq m) 4,330.30 15.30 83.32 148.12 521.18 1,543.02 14,704.33 10,727.71 7,777.49 | (sq m) 4,330.30 Commercial 15.30 Others 83.32 Others 148.12 Others 521.18 Others 1,543.02 Commercial 14,704.33 Commercial 10,727.71 Commercial 7,777.49 Commercial |

Pursuant to the information provided by the REIT Manager, the address of the property has been modified from No. 66 Shixin Road to No. 77 Renmin Road.

Pursuant to a Housing Transfer Agreement entered into between 蕭山市廣播電視局 (Xiaoshan Radio and Television Bureau) (Party A) and 蕭山賓館 (Xiaoshan Hotel) (Party B), Party A has sold the property situated at the north of Renmin Road and west of Shixin Road to Party B with a gross floor area of 3,007.88 sq m and a land area of 1,846 sq m at a consideration of RMB5,000,000.

The property is part of the said site.

Pursuant to Grant Contract of Land Use Rights entered into between Xiaoshan Land Administration Bureau and 浙江蕭山開元 (6) 旅業總公司 (Zhejiang Xiaoshan New Century Tourism Co., Ltd) on 30 December 1993, the land use rights of the property have been contracted to be granted to 浙江蕭山開元旅業總公司 (Zhejiang Xiaoshan New Century Tourism Co., Ltd) with details as follows:-

(i) Location A site situated at No. 66 Shixin Road

Site Area : 8,361 sq m (iii) Tourism

Land Use Term : 40 years from 30 December 1993 (iv)

Pursuant to the information provided by the REIT Manager, the address of the property has been modified from No. 66 Shixin Road to No. 77 Renmin Road.

- Pursuant to the information provided by REIT Manager, the Existing Hotel Properties except Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel (7) Shanghai are currently subject to mortgages in favour of 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited), 渣 打銀行(中國)有限公司上海分行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Shanghai Branch), 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司杭州蕭 山支行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Hangzhou Xiaoshan Sub-Branch), 第一商業銀行股份有限公司上海分行 (First Commercial Bank Limited, Shanghai Branch), 華南商業銀行股份有限公司深圳分行 (Hua Nan Commercial Bank Limited, Shenzhen Branch), 合作金庫商業銀行股份有限公司蘇州分行 (Taiwan Cooperative Bank Co., Ltd., Suzhou Branch), 彰化商業銀行股份有限 公司昆山分行 (Chang Hwa Commercial Bank Ltd., Kunshan Branch) for a total maximum consideration of RMB360,000,000.
- Pursuant to Business Licence No. 33010000006536 dated 6 August 2009, 浙江蕭山賓館股份有限公司 (Zhejiang Xiaoshan Hotel Joint Stock Co., Ltd.) was established as a limited company with a registered capital of RMB102,571,739 for a valid operation period commencing on 8 September 1994.
- (9)We have prepared our valuation on the following assumptions:-
 - 浙江蕭山賓館股份有限公司 (Zhejiang Xiaoshan Hotel Joint Stock Co., Ltd.) is in possession of a proper legal title to the property and is entitled to transfer the property with the residual term of land use rights at no extra land premium or other onerous payment payable to the government;
 - (ii) all land premium, costs of public utilities, ancillary infrastructure fees and compensation for resettlement of any original residents to make way for the development have been fully settled;
 - the design and construction of the proposed development are in compliance with the local planning regulations and have (iii) been approved by the relevant authorities; and
 - (iv) the property may be disposed of freely to the purchasers at nil encumbrances.
- The status of the title and grant of major approvals and licences in accordance with the information provided by the REIT Manager are as follows:-

Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land Yes Building Ownership Certificate Yes Grant Contract of Land Use Rights Yes **Business Licence** Yes

VALUATION REPORT

(11) Our key assumptions used in the DCF valuation are summarized as follows:-

Average daily room rate ("ADR") : 2015 - RMB340 (ii) Annual growth in ADR Stabilized at 4%

Occupancy rate on available room basis 2015 - 55%; Stabilized at 70% (iii)

(iv) F&B revenue 76% of gross revenue FF&E provision 2% of gross revenue (v)

(vi) Discount rate 9% Terminal growth rate 4% (vii)

Market Overview (12)

Hangzhou, the capital of Zhejiang Province, is the provincial center in economy, culture, science and education. It is a city famous of history and culture and also an important national tourist city with beautiful scenery. Located at the southern wing of the Yangtze River Delta, the west end of Hangzhou Bay, the lower reaches of Qiantang River and the southern end of the Grand Canal (Beijing-Hangzhou), Hangzhou is one of the most important central cities in the southern wing of the Yangtze River Delta and a hub of transportation in southeast China. Hangzhou owns the natural environment integrating rivers, lakes and hills. Under the jurisdiction of Hangzhou are 9 districts of Shangcheng, Xiacheng, Jianggan, Gongshu, Xihu, Binjiang, Xiaoshan, Yuhang and Fuyang, 2 county-level cities of Jiande and Lin'an and 2 counties of Tonglu and Chun'an. There are 193 villages and towns (districts), including 23 villages, 86 towns and 84 districts, with a total area of 16,596 sq km, including an area of 3,068 sq km of the urban areas. By the end of 2013, the registered population of Hangzhou was 7.07 million, an increase of 56 thousand over the previous year.

The top-tier hotel market of Xiaoshan appeared to be relatively stable in the past 3 years. Only a few new competitors entered the market, one of which is Grand Parkray Hangzhou (杭州雷迪森鉑麗大酒店) opened in 2014. The competitive hotel is a 5-star hotel which has a different clientele from the hotel. The average daily rate of 4-star hotels remained stable.

New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang, conveniently located in the most prosperous business centre of Xiaoshan District, is only 24 km from Xiaoshan International Airport and 20 minutes' drive to the West Lake Scenic Area. The Hangzhou Metro Line 2 has been completed and operated in November 2014. The Renmin Road Station of Metro Line 2 is located adjacent to the hotel, which provides great convenience to the guests of the hotel. It takes approximately 20 minutes to travel from the hotel to the downtown area of the city by subway.

VALUATION CERTIFICATE

Property

3. New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou, Qilin Peninsula. Qiandao Lake, Chun'an County, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, the PRC

Description and tenure

New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou comprises a 6-storey hotel building, 2 villas of 3 storey and a 3-storey staff dormitory erected on a parcel of land with a site area of approximately 36,052.75 sq m.

New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou was completed in February 2004 and has been operated since April 2004. New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou currently provides 227 guest rooms, 108 car parking spaces (including loading/unloading spaces), food and beverage outlets, a fitness centre with swimming pool, banquet and function rooms and a business centre.

Pursuant to the Building Ownership Certificates, New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou has a total gross floor area of approximately 39,402.37 sq m with details as follows:-

| | Approximate Gross |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Portion | Floor Area |
| | (sq m) |
| | |
| Hotel building | 35,744.90 |
| Villas | 967.94 |
| Staff dormitory | 2,689.53 |
| | |
| Total | 39,402.37 |

As advised by the REIT Manager, New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou has a total operating area of approximately 30,000 sq m.

The land use rights of the property have been granted to 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) for terms of 40 years until 31 July 2041 for commercial use and 70 years until 31 July 2071 for residential use.

Particulars of occupancy

As at the date of valuation, the property was operated as a 5-star hotel under a Hotel Lease and Management Agreement for a term of 10 years due to expire in July 2023 for a rent of 20% of the total operating revenue plus 34% of the gross operating profit.

The occupancy rate of the hotel for 2014 was 50.55%.

Apart from the general hotel operation, a total leasable area of 1,300 sq m was vacant for lease.

Based on the net annual rental income of 2014, the estimated net yield of the property is 6.0%.

Market value in existing state as at 31 December 2014

RMB300,000,000

VALUATION REPORT

Notes:-

Details of the room configuration are summarized as follows:-(1)

| Room Type | Size | Number of Rooms |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | (sq m) | |
| | | |
| Villa Standard Room/Villa Deluxe Room | 30 | 9 |
| Standard Room/Duluxe Room | 33-35 | 197 |
| Deluxe Suite | 49 | 11 |
| New Century Suite | 65 | 4 |
| Family Suite | 68 | 5 |
| President Suite | 450 | 1 |
| | I Was and the | |
| Total | | 227 |

Details of the facilities and amenities are summarized as follows:-(2)

| | | | Total Seating | Maximum Seating |
|--------------------------|---------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Food and Beverage Outlet | Level | Style | Area | Capacity |
| | | | (sq m) | |
| | | | | |
| Lobby Lounge | Level 5 | Lounge bar | 304.50 | 66 |
| Hawaii | Level 5 | Western | 597.90 | 220 |
| Fragrant Court | Level 3 | Chinese | 224 | 110 |
| Hanbi Balcony | Level 3 | Chinese boxes | 430.50 (15 boxes) | 142 |
| | | | | |

| | | | Maximum Seating |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Function and Banquet Facilities | Level | Total Seating Area | Capacity |
| | | (sq m) | |
| Showrain Court | Level 3 | 572.30 | 400 |
| New Century Hall | Level 5 | 600.16 | 600 |
| Wan Xia Hall | Level 5 | 130.40 | 100 |
| Qun Yan Hall | Level 4 | 133.66 | 100 |
| Ju Yan Hall | Level 4 | 133.66 | 70 |
| Yi Feng Hall | Level 2 | 89.30 | 18 |
| Guang Yan Hall | Level 4 | 109.20 | 38 |
| Yi He Hall | Level 2 | 76.50 | 60 |
| Yi Jing Hall | Level 2 | 38.40 | 12 |
| Yi Xiu Hall | Level 2 | 31.59 | 10 |
| Linglong Hall | Level 2 | 45.75 | 16 |
| | | | |

The New Century Hall has a ceiling height of 6 meters.

| Other Amenities | Level | Total Area |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| | | (sq m) |
| | | |
| a chess/poker room | Level 2 | 260 |
| a sauna | Level 1 | 900 |
| a SPA | Level 1 | 260 |
| a beauty salon | Level 1 | 12 |
| an indoor & outdoor swimming pool | Level 1/outdoor | 1,050 |
| a table tennis room | Level 1 | 30 |
| a fitness room | Level 1 | 150 |
| a foot SPA | Level 1 | 400 |
| a night club | Level 2 | 260 |
| 13 karaoke rooms | Level 2 | 200 |
| a snooker room | Level 1 | 90 |
| a tennis court | outdoor | 720 |
| a outdoor sand volleyball court | outdoor | 500 |
| a outdoor water golf | outdoor | 150 |
| a shop | Level 5 | 35 |

Apart from the amenities above, the hotel also has a yacht club.

- Pursuant to a management agreement (受託管理業主別墅協議), 3 villas with a total gross floor area of 1,303 sq m, situated at Nos. 32, 33 and 35 New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou and 2 yachts, were leased from an independent third party to 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) for a term of 2 years from 1 September 2013 to 31 August 2015, the lessor has the rights to use the 3 villas for up to 280 nights' per year.
- Pursuant to 4 Certificates for the Use of State-owned Land Nos. (2005) 016, (2005) 017, (2011) 00809 and (2011) 00810 dated 7 January 2005 and 10 March 2011, issued by Chun'an Land Resources Bureau, the land use rights of the property having a site area of approximately 36,052.75 sq m have been vested in 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) for terms of 40 years until 31 July 2041 for commercial use and 70 years until 31 July 2071 for residential use.
- Pursuant to 4 Building Ownership Certificates Nos. 40295, 40296, 40320 and 40335 dated 15 and 25 March 2005 issued by Chun'an County Real Estate Administration Office, the building ownership of the property having a gross floor area of approximately 39,402.37 sq m has been vested in 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) for terms of 40 years for commercial use and 70 years for residential use.
- Pursuant to Grant Contract of Land Use Rights No. (2001) 004 dated June 2001 and the supplementary dated December 2004 entered into between 淳安縣土地局 (Chun'an County Land & Resources Administration Bureau) and 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發 有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.), the land use rights of the property having a site area of approximately 25,115.84 sq m have been contracted to be granted to 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) for a term of 50 years commencing on the date upon obtaining the Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land for composite use at a total consideration of RMB1,718,497.

Pursuant to Grant Contract of Land Use Rights No. (2001) 007 dated June 2001 and the supplementary dated December 2004 entered into between 淳安縣土地局 (Chun'an County Land & Resources Administration Bureau) and 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發 有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.), the land use rights of the property having a site area of approximately 10,491.54 sq m have been contracted to be granted to 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) for a term of 70 years commencing on the date upon obtaining the Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land for residential use at a total consideration of RMB720,018.

Pursuant to Grant Contract of Land Use Rights No. (2001) 008 dated June 2001 and the supplementary dated December 2004 entered into between 淳安縣土地局 (Chun'an County Land & Resources Administration Bureau) and 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發 有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.), the land use rights of the property having a site area of approximately 21,150.34 sq m have been contracted to be granted to 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) for a term of 70 years commencing on the date upon obtaining the Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land for residential use at a total consideration of RMB2,118,081.

Pursuant to Grant Contract of Land Use Rights No. (2001) 009 dated June 2001 and the supplementary dated December 2004 entered into between 淳安縣土地局 (Chun'an County Land & Resources Administration Bureau) and 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發 有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.), the land use rights of the property having a site area of approximately 18,397.15 sq m have been contracted to be granted to 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) for a term of 70 years commencing on the date upon obtaining the Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land for residential use at a total consideration of RMB1,389,097.

The property is part of the said site.

- Pursuant to the information provided by REIT Manager, the Existing Hotel Properties except Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai are currently subject to mortgages in favour of 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited), 渣 打銀行(中國)有限公司上海分行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Shanghai Branch), 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司杭州蕭山 支行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Hangzhou Xiaoshan Sub-Branch), 第一商業銀行股份有限公司上海分行 (First Commercial Bank Limited, Shanghai Branch), 華南商業銀行股份有限公司深圳分行 (Hua Nan Commercial Bank Limited, Shenzhen Branch), 合作金庫商業銀行股份有限公司蘇州分行 (Taiwan Cooperative Bank Co., Ltd., Suzhou Branch), 彰化商業銀行股份有限 公司昆山分行 (Chang Hwa Commercial Bank Ltd., Kunshan Branch) for a total maximum consideration of RMB360,000,000.
- Pursuant to Business Licence No. 330127000000258, 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New (8)Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) was established on 15 January 2001 as a limited company with a registered capital of RMB30,000,000.
- We have prepared our valuation on the following assumptions:-
 - (i) 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司 (Hangzhou Qiandao Lake New Century Resort Development Co., Ltd.) is in possession of a proper legal title to the property and is entitled to transfer the property with the residual term of land use rights at no extra land premium or other onerous payment payable to the government;
 - all land premium, costs of public utilities, ancillary infrastructure fees and compensation for resettlement of any original (ii) residents to make way for the development have been fully settled;
 - the design and construction of the proposed development are in compliance with the local planning regulations and have (iii) been approved by the relevant authorities; and
 - the property may be disposed of freely to the purchasers at nil encumbrances. (iv)

(10) The status of the title and grant of major approvals and licences in accordance with the information provided by the REIT Manager are as follows:-

Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land Yes Building Ownership Certificate Yes Grant Contract of Land Use Rights Yes **Business Licence** Yes

(11) Our key assumptions used in the DCF valuation are summarized as follows:-

: 2015 - RMB775 Average daily room rate ("ADR") (ii) Annual growth in ADR Stabilized at 4%

(iii) Occupancy rate on available room basis : 2015 - 53%; Stabilized at 60%

(iv) F&B revenue 35% of gross revenue FF&E provision (v) 2% of gross revenue

(vi) Discount rate 9% Terminal growth rate (vii) 4%

(12) Market Overview

Chun'an County is the largest county under the administration of Hangzhou City, Zhejiang Province of China. It has a site area of approximately 4,427 sq km. By the end of 2013, the registered population of Chun'an reached 457,503. Chun'an County borders Changshan (常山) to the south, Xiuning (休寧) to the west, Tonglu (桐廬) to the east and Lin'an (臨安) to the north. The famous scenic spot Qiandao Lake is located in Chun'an County and attracts a lot of tourists.

The property is located at the lakeside of the Qiandao Lake in Qiandao Lake Town, which is the capital town of Chun'an County. The town has a site area of approximately 356 sq km and a population of approximately 101,000. The natural lake and mountain resources attract tourists and contribute to the high rapid growth of the hotel industry. The accessibility to the town is via the highways G25 and G60. The construction works of high-speed railway from Hangzhou to Huangshan began in July 2014 and to be completed in 2018. In particular, the Qiandao Lake will have a dedicated stop called Chun'an Station. With the opening of the high-speed railway, it will attract more tourists and enhance hotel room demand.

In the past three years, several high-end hotels have come into operation, which translated into a high rapid room supply and experienced a bit drop in ADR. In 2014, the average daily rate of the hotel reached RMB770. Since the market of Qiandao Lake is undergoing a period of rapid growth and the growth of room demand, the hotel market is expected to grow especially upon the opening of high-speed railway.

VALUATION CERTIFICATE

Property

4. New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo, No. 666 Shounan Road (M), Yinzhou District. Ningbo, Zhejiang Province, the PRC

Description and tenure

New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo is a 22-storey hotel building erected upon a onetier basement standing on a parcel of land with a site area of approximately 27,389.50 sq m.

New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo was completed in October 2007 and has been operated since December 2007. New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo currently provides 392 guest rooms, 300 car parking spaces, food and beverage outlets, business centre, banquet and function rooms, an indoor swimming pool, a fitness room, a billiards room, a karaoke club, a tennis court, a table tennis room, a SPA, a beauty salon, a foot SPA, a chess/poker room and a shopping area.

Pursuant to Building Ownership Certificate YFQZSZD No. 200813802, New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo has a total gross floor area of approximately 66,107.27 sq m with details as follows:-

| | Approximate |
|----------|-------------------------|
| Portion | Gross Floor Area |
| | (sq m) |
| Hotel | 54,226.18 |
| Basement | 11,881.09 |
| Total | 66,107.27 |

As advised by the REIT Manager, New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo has a total operating area of approximately 57,311 sq m.

The land use rights of the property have been granted to 寧波開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Grand Hotel Co., Ltd.) for a term of 40 years until 9 March 2045 for commercial use.

Particulars of occupancy

As at the date of valuation, the property was operated as a 5-star hotel under a Hotel Lease and Management Agreement for a term of 10 years due to expire in July 2023 for a rent of 20% of the total operating revenue plus 34% of the gross operating profit.

The occupancy rate of the hotel for 2014 was 54.40%.

Apart from the general hotel operation, a total leasable area of 3,543 sq m has been occupied by various tenants under various cooperation agreements for terms of 1 to 10 years at a total monthly service charge of approximately RMB160,000.

Based on the net annual rental income of 2014, the estimated net yield of the property is 4.6%.

Market value in existing state as at 31 December 2014

RMB750,000,000

Notes:-

(1) Details of the room configuration are summarized as follows:-

| Room Type | Size (sq m) | Number of Rooms (Typical Floors) | Number of Rooms (Executive Floors) |
|--|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | |
| Superior Room | 30 | 77 | |
| Standard Room/Deluxe Room/Executive Room | 37-45 | 231 | 63 |
| Deluxe Suite/Executive Suite | 62 | 16 | 3 |
| New Century Suite | 140 | | 1 |
| President Suite | 285 | | 1 |
| | | | |
| Total | | 324 | 68 |

(2) Details of the facilities and amenities are summarized as follows:-

| | | | | Maximum |
|--|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Food and Beverage Outlet | Level | Style | Total Seating Area | Seating Capacity |
| | | | (sq m) | |
| | | | | |
| Isabella Café | Level 1 | Western | 950 | 150 |
| Chiemsee Lobby Bar | Level 1 | Lounge bar | 920 | 72 |
| Prestige Club Lounge | Level 21 | Lounge bar | 315 | 34 |
| Yuewei Town Balconies | Level 2 | Chinese boxes | 480 (16 boxes) | 168 |
| Zhile Chamber | Level 2 | Chinese | 550 | 112 |
| Kyoto Japanese Food | Level 2 | Japanese | 250 | 90 |
| Golden Knight Club | Level 24 | Chinese boxes | 159 (7 boxes) | 50 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Number | | Maximum |
| Function and Banquet Facilities | Level | Number of Rooms | Total Seating Area | Maximum Seating Capacity |
| Function and Banquet Facilities | Level | | Total Seating Area (sq m) | |
| Function and Banquet Facilities | Level | | | |
| Function and Banquet Facilities New Century Hall | Level 4 | | | |
| | | of Rooms | (sq m) | Seating Capacity |
| | | of Rooms 1, can be | (sq m) | Seating Capacity |
| | | of Rooms 1, can be subdivided | (sq m) | Seating Capacity |
| New Century Hall | Level 4 | of Rooms 1, can be subdivided into 2 | (sq m) 640 | Seating Capacity 700 |
| New Century Hall International Hall | Level 4 Level 4 | of Rooms 1, can be subdivided into 2 | (sq m) 640 570 | Seating Capacity 700 600 |
| New Century Hall International Hall Qizhi Hall | Level 4 Level 4 Level 4 | of Rooms 1, can be subdivided into 2 1 | (sq m) 640 570 100 | Seating Capacity 700 600 80 |
| New Century Hall International Hall Qizhi Hall Shangli Hall | Level 4 Level 4 Level 4 Level 4 | of Rooms 1, can be subdivided into 2 1 1 | (sq m) 640 570 100 100 | 700 600 80 80 |

The New Century Hall has a ceiling height of 6 meters.

Level 2

Qixiao Chamber Banquet Hall

120

280

| Other Amenities | Level | Total Area (sq m) |
|----------------------|---------|-------------------|
| Business centre | Level 1 | 140 |
| Chess/poker room | Level 6 | 740 |
| Foot SPA | Level 6 | 420 |
| SPA | Level 3 | 550 |
| Beauty salon | Level 3 | 68 |
| Karaoke club | Level 3 | 3,300 |
| Indoor swimming pool | Level 3 | 705 |
| Billiards room | Level 3 | 75 |
| Table tennis room | Level 3 | 75 |
| Fitness room | Level 3 | 79 |
| Outdoor tennis court | Outdoor | 810 |
| Shopping area | Level 1 | 277 |

- Pursuant to Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land YYGY No. (2008) 14-05041 dated 18 July 2008 issued by Ningbo Municipal Bureau of National Land and Resources, the land use rights of the property having a site area of approximately 27,389.50 sq m have been vested in 寧波開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Grand Hotel Co., Ltd.) for a term of 40 years until 9 March 2045 for commercial use.
- Pursuant to Building Ownership Certificate YFQZSZD No. 200813802 dated 1 August 2008 issued by Ningbo Yinzhou Municipal Housing Administration Bureau, the building ownership of the property having a gross floor area of approximately 66,107.27 sq m has been vested in 寧波開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Grand Hotel Co., Ltd.) for a term of 40 years until 9 March 2045 for commercial use.
- (5) Pursuant to Grant Contract of Land Use Rights entered into between Ningbo Yingzhou District Land Resources Bureau and 寧波 開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Grand Hotel Co., Ltd.) dated 9 October 2003, the land use rights of the property have been contracted to be granted to 寧波開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Grand Hotel Co., Ltd.) with details as follows:

(i) Location : A site situated at Wang Dong San Qiao Cun, Zhong Gong Miao Jie Dao, Yingzhou District

(ii) Site Area 27,415 sq m (iii) Use : Commercial Plot Ratio (iv) : ≤1.65 Land Use Term : 40 years

The property is part of the said site.

- Pursuant to the information provided by REIT Manager, the Existing Hotel Properties except Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai are currently subject to mortgages in favour of 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited), 渣 打銀行(中國)有限公司上海分行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Shanghai Branch), 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司杭州蕭 山支行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Hangzhou Xiaoshan Sub-Branch), 第一商業銀行股份有限公司上海分行 (First Commercial Bank Limited, Shanghai Branch), 華南商業銀行股份有限公司深圳分行 (Hua Nan Commercial Bank Limited, Shenzhen Branch), 合作金庫商業銀行股份有限公司蘇州分行 (Taiwan Cooperative Bank Co., Ltd., Suzhou Branch), 彰化商業銀行股份有限 公司昆山分行 (Chang Hwa Commercial Bank Ltd., Kunshan Branch) for a total maximum consideration of RMB360,000,000.
- Pursuant to Business Licence No. 330212000001124, 寧波開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Grand Hotel Co., Ltd.) was established on 1 December 2004 as a limited company with a registered capital of RMB170,488,723.

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

- We have prepared our valuation on the following assumptions:-(8)
 - 寧波開元名都大酒店有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Grand Hotel Co., Ltd.) is in possession of a proper legal title to the property and is entitled to transfer the property with the residual term of land use rights at no extra land premium or other onerous payment payable to the government;
 - (ii) all land premium, costs of public utilities, ancillary infrastructure fees and compensation for resettlement of any original residents to make way for the development have been fully settled;
 - (iii) the design and construction of the proposed development are in compliance with the local planning regulations and have been approved by the relevant authorities; and
 - (iv) the property may be disposed of freely to the purchasers at nil encumbrances.
- The status of the title and grant of major approvals and licences in accordance with the information provided by the REIT Manager are as follows:-

Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land Building Ownership Certificate Grant Contract of Land Use Rights **Business Licence**

(10) Our key assumptions used in the DCF valuation are summarized as follows:-

: 2015 - RMB520 (i) Average daily room rate ("ADR") (ii) Annual growth in ADR Stabilized at 4%

Occupancy rate on available room basis 2015 - 58%; Stabilized at 65% (iii)

(iv) F&B revenue 54% of gross revenue FF&E provision 2% of gross revenue (v)

(vi) Discount rate 9% (vii) Terminal growth rate 4%

(11) Market Overview

Ningbo is located in the middle of the coastal line of the Chinese Mainland and in the southern part of the Yangtze River Delta, which enjoys the most developed economy in China. It lies within the two-hour transportation network among Shanghai, Ningbo and Hangzhou through Hangzhou Bay Bridge. With manufacturing and international trade as its leading industries, Ningbo has experienced positive growth and constant infrastructural improvements over the past years.

The growing regional economy, improvement of infrastructure and maturity of some new business zones have generated a stable increase in corporate and MICE demand. The overall occupancy rate of 5-star hotels in Ningbo fluctuated around 56% while ADR grew at a slow pace from 2010 to 2013.

Yinzhou District is one of the Ningbo's major industrial and educational zones with Southern Business Region and Wanda Plaza as its central business district and major commercial area respectively. A number of private companies have located their headquarters in Southern Business Region which provides continuous demand from corporate travelers. In 2014, the average daily rate of the hotel reached RMB510.

VALUATION CERTIFICATE

Property

5. New Century Grand Hotel Changchun, No. 2299 Jingyangda Road, Lvyuan District, Changchun, JilinProvince, the PRC

Description and tenure

New Century Grand Hotel Changchun is a 13-storey hotel building erected upon a onetier basement standing on a parcel of land with a site area of approximately 9,795 sq m.

New Century Grand Hotel Changchun was completed in October 2008 and has been operated since December 2008. New Century Grand Hotel Changchun currently provides 328 guest rooms, 130 car parking spaces (including loading/unloading spaces), food and beverage outlets, a business centre, a fitness centre with indoor swimming pool, banquet and function rooms and a business centre.

Pursuant to the Building Ownership Certificates, New Century Grand Hotel Changchun has a total gross floor area of approximately 45,624.74 sq m with details as follows:-

| | Approximate |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| Portion | Gross Floor Area |
| | (sq m) |
| Hotel | 38,753.40 |
| Dormitory | 3,764.34 |
| Basement | 3,107.00 |
| Total | 45,624.74 |

As advised by the REIT Manager, New Century Grand Hotel Changchun has a total operating area of approximately 31,985 sq m.

The land use rights of the property have been granted to 長春開元名都大酒店有限公司 (New Century Grand Hotel Changchun Company Limited) for a term of 40 years until 14 October 2043 for hotel and catering use and 28 December 2046 for other commercial use.

Particulars of occupancy

As at the date of valuation, the property was operated as a 5-star hotel under a Hotel Lease and Management Agreement for a term of 10 years due to expire in July 2023 for a rent of 20% of the total operating revenue plus 34% of the gross operating profit.

The occupancy rate of the hotel for 2014 was 57.63%.

Based on the net annual rental income of 2014, the estimated net yield of the property is 4.1%.

Market value in existing state as at 31 December 2014

RMB600,000,000

Notes:-

(1) Details of the room configuration are summarized as follows:-

| Room Type | Size | Number of Rooms | Number of Rooms |
|---------------------------|--------|------------------|--------------------|
| | (sq m) | (Typical Floors) | (Executive Floors) |
| | | | |
| Standard Room/Deluxe Room | 35 | 230 | 32 |
| Executive Room | 35-48 | 42 | 7 |
| Deluxe Suite | 60 | | 2 |
| Business Suite | 70 | 14 | |
| President Suite | 208 | - 5 | 1 |
| | | | |
| Total | | 286 | 42 |

(2) Details of the facilities and amenities are summarized as follows:-

| | | | | Maximum |
|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Food and Beverage Outlet | Level | Style | Total Seating Area | Seating Capacity |
| | | | (sq m) | |
| | | | | |
| Ibiza Bar | Level 1 | Bar | 383 | 67 |
| Yue Bar | Level 8 | Bar | 300 | 38 |
| German Bar | Level 1 mezz | Bar | 197 | 80 |
| Prestige Club Lounge | Level 15 | Bar | 216.5 | 36 |
| Weiyuan Cake Shop | Level 1 | Bakery | - | - |
| Xidu Court | Level 3 | Chinese boxes | 693.5 (18 boxes) | 176 |
| Junlanxuan | Level 3 | Chinese | 250 | 60 |
| Dome Cafe | Level 1 | Western | 700 | 160 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | Maximum |
| Function and Banquet Facilities | Level | Style | Total Seating Area | Seating Capacity |
| | | | (sq m) | |
| | | | | |
| New Century Hall | Level 2 | Banquet | 700 | 500 |
| Mingdu Hall | Level 5 | Function | 500 | 400 |
| Chunhe Hall | Level 2 | Function | 278 | 180 |
| Chunyue Hall | Level 3 | Function | 278 | 180 |
| He Hall | Level 2 | Meeting room | 68 | 16 |
| Gui Hall | Level 2 | Meeting room | 68 | 25 |
| | | | | |

The New Century Hall has a ceiling height of 3.4 meters.

| Other Amenities | Level | Total Area |
|-------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| | | (sq m) |
| Business centre | Level 1 | 58 |
| Other Amenities | Level | Total Seating Area (sq m) |
| Business centre | Level 1 | 58 |
| Chess/Poker room | Level 5 | 251 |
| SPA | B1 | 569 |
| Beauty salon | B1 | 68 |
| Swimming pool | B1 | 708 |
| Table tennis room | B1 | 64 |
| Fitness room | B1 | 115 |
| Foot SPA | Level 5 | 87 |
| Billiards room | B1 | 79 |
| VIP Lounge | B1 | 72 |
| Shower room | B1 | 168 |

- Pursuant to Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land No. CGY (2008) 060000171 dated 18 January 2008 issued by Changchun Municipal Bureau of Land and Resources, the land use rights of the property having a site area of approximately 6,688 sq m have been vested in 長春開元名都大酒店有限公司 (New Century Grand Hotel Changchun Company Limited) for a term of 40 years until 14 October 2043 for hotels and catering use.
 - Pursuant to Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land No. CGY (2008) 060000172 dated 18 January 2008 issued by Changchun Municipal Bureau of Land and Resources, the land use rights of the property having a site area of approximately 3,107 sq m have been vested in 長春開元名都大酒店有限公司 (New Century Grand Hotel Changchun Company Limited) for a term of 40 years until 28 December 2046 for other commercial use.
- Pursuant to Building Ownership Certificate No. CFQ5120002516 dated 22 May 2013 issued by Changchun Municipal Housing (4) Security and Management Bureau, the building ownership of the property having a gross floor area of approximately 41,860.40 sq m has been vested in 長春開元名都大酒店有限公司 (New Century Grand Hotel Changchun Company Limited) for business use.
 - Pursuant to Building Ownership Certificate No. CFQ5120002517 dated 22 May 2013 issued by Changchun Municipal Housing Security and Management Bureau, the building ownership of the property having a gross floor area of approximately 3,764.34 sq m has been vested in 長春開元名都大酒店有限公司 (New Century Grand Hotel Changchun Company Limited) for dormitory use.
- Pursuant to the information provided by REIT Manager, the Existing Hotel Properties except Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai are currently subject to mortgages in favour of 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited), 渣 打銀行(中國)有限公司上海分行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Shanghai Branch), 渣打銀行(中國)有限公司杭州蕭 山支行 (Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited, Hangzhou Xiaoshan Sub-Branch), 第一商業銀行股份有限公司上海分行 (First Commercial Bank Limited, Shanghai Branch), 華南商業銀行股份有限公司深圳分行 (Hua Nan Commercial Bank Limited, Shenzhen Branch), 合作金庫商業銀行股份有限公司蘇州分行 (Taiwan Cooperative Bank Co., Ltd., Suzhou Branch), 彰化商業銀行股份有限 公司昆山分行 (Chang Hwa Commercial Bank Ltd., Kunshan Branch) for a total maximum consideration of RMB360,000,000.
- Pursuant to Business Licence No. 220101010000508, 長春開元名都大酒店有限公司 (New Century Grand Hotel Changchun Company Limited) was established on 13 November 2007 as a limited company with a registered capital of RMB120,000,000.

- We have prepared our valuation on the following assumptions:-(7)
 - 長春開元名都大酒店有限公司 (New Century Grand Hotel Changchun Company Limited) is in possession of a proper legal title to the property and is entitled to transfer the property with the residual term of land use rights at no extra land premium or other onerous payment payable to the government;
 - (ii) all land premium, costs of public utilities, ancillary infrastructure fees and compensation for resettlement of any original residents to make way for the development have been fully settled;
 - (iii) the design and construction of the proposed development are in compliance with the local planning regulations and have been approved by the relevant authorities; and
 - the property may be disposed of freely to the purchasers at nil encumbrances. (iv)
- The status of the title and grant of major approvals and licences in accordance with the information provided by the REIT Manager are as follows:-

Certificate for the Use of State-owned Land Building Ownership Certificate **Business Licence**

Yes

Yes Yes

Our key assumptions used in the DCF valuation are summarized as follows:-

: 2015 - RMB590 (i) Average daily room rate ("ADR") (ii) Annual growth in ADR : Stabilized at 4%

(iii) Occupancy rate on available room basis 2015 - 63%; Stabilized at 72%

F&B revenue (iv) 50% of gross revenue FF&E provision 2% of gross revenue

Discount rate (vi) 9% (vii) Terminal growth rate 4%

(10) Market Overview

Changchun is the capital and largest city of Jilin Province, located in the northeast part of China, in the center of the Songliao Plain. It is administered as a sub-provincial city with a registered population of 7.53 million in 2013. Known as China's Automobile City, Changchun is an important industrial base with a particular focus on the automotive sector.

The tourism and exhibition is the largest driver of the hotel demand. Due to the increasing purchasing power of the domestic middle-class in China and the development of high-speed railway, tourism demand is expected to have constant increase in the future.

The property is located at junction of Jingyangda Road and Chunchengda Street in Lvyuan District of Changchun. It is far from the city centre, but the traffic is convenient. It is 45 minutes' away from Changchun Longjia International Airport and 15 minutes' away from Changchun Railway Station. The property is adjacent to Changchun West Railway Station and Lvyuan District Government. It is close to China FAW Group and China Northern Automobile Trade Centre which offer a pool of plenty of customers.

New Century Grand Hotel Changchun won the national five-star tourist hotel on 25 October 2011 which is the first 5-star hotel in Lvyuan District. With beautiful surroundings and luxurious facilities, New Century Grand Hotel Changchun has become one of the most luxurious business hotels in Changchun. The average daily rate of the hotel reached RMB555 in 2014.

VALUATION CERTIFICATE

Property

6. Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai, No. 1799 North Renmin Road. Songjiang District, Shanghai, the PRC

Description and tenure

Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai is a 28-storey hotel building erected upon a two-level basement standing on a parcel of land with a site area of approximately 10,423

Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai was completed in 2007. Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai currently provides 446 guest rooms, 274 car parking spaces, food and beverage outlets, business centre, banquet and function rooms, a sauna centre, a SPA and skincare centre, a beauty salon, a swimming pool, a fitness centre, a billiards room and a shopping area.

According to Shanghai Certificate of Real Estate Ownership HFDSZ No. (2013) 029687, Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai has a total gross floor area of approximately 71,026.98 sq m with details as follows:-

| | Approximate |
|----------|-------------------------|
| Portion | Gross Floor Area |
| | (sq m) |
| Hotel | 50,153.19 |
| Basement | 20,873.79 |
| Total | 71,026.98 |

The land use rights of the Property have been granted to上海松江輝維資產管理有 限 公司 (Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei Asset Management Limited) for a term of 40 years until 15 March 2042 for composite use.

Particulars of occupancy

As at the date of valuation, the property was operated as a 5-star hotel under a Hotel Lease Agreement for a term of 10 years due to expire in July 2024 for a rent of 25% of the total operating revenue plus 34% of the gross operating profit.

The occupancy rate of the hotel for 2014 was 65.96%.

Apart from the general hotel operation, a total leasable area of 19,808.36 sq m has been occupied by various tenants under various cooperation agreements for terms of 0.6 to 10 years at a total monthly service charge of approximately RMB900,000.

Based on the net annual rental income of 2014, the estimated net yield of the property is 5.5%.

Market value in existing state as at 31 December 2014

RMB810,000,000

Notes:-

(1) Details of the room configuration are summarized as follows:-

| Room Type | Size (sq m) | Number of Rooms |
|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Standard Room | 36 | 256 |
| Deluxe Room | 36 | 145 |
| Deluxe Suite | 72 | 42 |
| New Century Suite | 108 | 2 |
| President Suite | 268 | 1 |
| | | |
| Total | | 446 |

Details of the facilities and amenities are summarized as follows:-(2)

| | | | | Maximum Seating |
|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Food and Beverage Outlet | Level | Style | Total Seating Area | Capacity |
| | | | (sq m) | |
| | | | | |
| Sunny Lounge | Level 2 | Lounge | 770 | 60 |
| Cigar Bar | Level 3 | Bar | 120 | 56 |
| Prestige Club Lounge | Level 27 | Lounge | 170 | 48 |
| I MA RI GA WA | Level 3 | Japanese | 400 | 90 |
| Mediterranean Cafe | Level 1 | Western | 715 | 192 |
| Gourmet Palace | Level 2 | Chinese | 1,230 | 306 |
| | | Number of | | Maximum Seating |
| Function and Banquet Facilities | Level | Rooms | Total Seating Area | Capacity |
| | | | (sq m) | |
| | | | | |
| New Century Hall | Level 4 | 1 | 800 | 600 |
| Virtue Hall/Generosity Hall | Level 4 | 2 | 140 | 100 |
| Harmony Hall | Level 4 | 1 | 125 | 90 |
| Benevolence Hall | Level 4 | 1 | 54 | 30 |
| Wisdom Hall | Level 4 | 1 | 61 | 20 |
| Honour Hall | Level 4 | 1 | 109 | 70 |
| Justice Hall | Level 4 | 1 | 73 | 50 |
| Origin Hall | Level 4 | 1 | 42 | 18 |
| Talent Hall | Level 4 | 1 | 42 | 18 |
| Grand Hall | Level 4 | 1 | 42 | 40 |
| Meeting room in Prestige Club | Level 27 | 1 | 115 | 24 |
| Negotiating room in | | | | |
| Business Centre | Level 3 | 1 | 25 | 8 |
| Meeting room in Business Centre | Level 3 | 1 | 100 | 26 |

| Other Amenities | Level | Total Area (sq m) |
|-------------------------|---------|----------------------|
| Sauna Centre | Level 4 | 835 |
| SPA and Skincare Centre | Level 4 | 632 |
| Beauty Salon | Level 4 | 114 |
| Swimming Pool | Level 5 | 920 |
| Fitness Centre | Level 5 | 206 |
| Billiard Room | Level 3 | 55 |

Pursuant to Shanghai Certificate of Real Estate Ownership HFDSZ No. (2008) 019168 dated 4 August 2008 issued by Shanghai Housing & Land Resources Administration Bureau, the particulars as stipulated in the said certificate are summarized as follows:-

: 上海松江晟陽房地產項目開發有限公司 (i) Owner

(Shanghai Songjiang Shengyang Real Estate Co., Ltd.)

(ii) Location : No.1799 North Renmin Road, Songjiang District

(iii) Lot No. : Qiu 34/1, Jiefang 5, Fangsong Jiedao, Songjiang District

(iv) Total Site Area 60,770 sq m Use (V) : Composite

Land Use Term : From 16 March 2002 to 15 March 2052 (vi)

Gross Floor Area (vii) 71.026.98

Remark (viil) : The site to build the hotel has a site area of 10,423 sq m and the land use term is from

16 March 2002 to 15 March 2042.

- According to 4 Shanghai Commodity House Sales Contracts entered into between 上海松江晟陽房地產項目開發有限公司 (Shanghai Songjiang Shengyang Real Estate Co., Ltd.)(Party A) and 上海松江輝維資產管理有限公司 (Shanghai Songjiang Huiwei Asset Management Co., Ltd.) (Party B) on 15 May 2013, Party A has sold the Property situated at No.1799 North Renmin Road to Party B with a total gross floor area of 71,026.98 sq m at a total consideration of RMB450,000,000.
- Pursuant to Shanghai Certificate of Real Estate Ownership HFDSZ No. (2013) 029687 dated 18 October 2013 issued by Shanghai Housing Security & Administration Bureau and Shanghai Planning Land & Resources Administration Bureau, the land use rights of the Property and the building ownership rights of the Property have been vested in 上海松江輝維資產管理有限公司 (Shanghai Songjiang Huiwei Asset Management Co., Ltd.). The particulars as stipulated in the said certificate are summarized as follows:-

: 上海松江輝維資產管理有限公司 Owner

(Shanghai Songjiang Huiwei Asset Management Co., Ltd.)

(ii) Location No.1799 North Renmin Road, Songjiang District

Lot No. : Qiu 34/1, Jiefang 5, Fangsong Jiedao, Songjiang District (iii)

Total Site Area 60,770 sq m (iv) (v) Use Composite

Land Use Term From 16 March 2002 to 15 March 2052 (vi)

Gross Floor Area 71.026.98 (vii)

Since the site area and the land use term of the Property are not registered on the Shanghai Certificate of Real Estate Ownership HFDSZ No. (2013) 029687, in the course of our valuation, the site area and the land use term of the Property are based on the Shanghai Certificate of Real Estate Ownership HFDSZ No. (2008) 019168. The Property has a site area of 10,423 sq m and the land use rights of the Property has been granted for a term of 40 years until 15 March 2042 for composite use.

Pursuant to Business Licence No. 310117003012075, 上海松江輝維資產管理有限公司 (Shanghai Songjiang Huiwei Asset (6)Management Co., Ltd.) was established on 17 April 2013 as a limited company with a registered capital of RMB30,000,000.

- We have prepared our valuation on the following assumptions:-(7)
 - 上海松江輝維資產管理有限公司 (Shanghai Songjiang Huiwei Asset Management Co., Ltd.) is in possession of a proper legal title to the property and is entitled to transfer the property with the residual term of land use rights at no extra land premium or other onerous payment payable to the government;
 - (ii) all land premium, costs of public utilities, ancillary infrastructure fees and compensation for resettlement of any original residents to make way for the development have been fully settled;
 - (iii) the design and construction of the proposed development are in compliance with the local planning regulations and have been approved by the relevant authorities; and
 - (iv) the property may be disposed of freely to the purchasers at nil encumbrances.
- The status of the title and grant of major approvals and licences in accordance with the information provided by the REIT Manager are as follows:-

Certificate of Real Estate Ownership Shanghai Commodity House Sales Contract **Business Licence**

Yes

Yes

Yes

Our key assumptions used in the DCF valuation are summarized as follows:-

: 2015 - RMB628 (i) Average daily room rate ("ADR") (ii) Annual growth in ADR : Stabilized at 4%

(iii) Occupancy rate on available room basis 2015 - 66%; Stabilized at 68%

(iv) F&B revenue 41% of gross revenue FF&E provision 2% of gross revenue

Discount rate 9% (vi) Terminal growth rate (vii) 4%

(10) Market Overview

Shanghai is one of the four Municipalities directly under central administration. It is a global financial centre, and a transport hub with the world's busiest container port. Situated east of the People's Republic China and bordering on Jiangsu and Zhejiang Provinces on the west, Shanghai is bounded by the East China Sea on the east and Hangzhou Bay on the south. North of the city, the Yangtze River pours into the East China Sea. Shanghai covers a total area of 6,340 sq km. The urban area of the city is about 2,141 sq km with 11 urban districts. According to Shanghai Municipal Bureau of Statistics, the total population at the end of 2013 was approximately 24.15 million of which 14.25 million were permanent residents of Shanghai.

The Property is located in Songjiang District, which is home to 900,000 inhabitants and is approximately 30 kilometres from the heart of Shanghai city, 25 kilometres from Hongqiao International Airport and 70 kilometres from Pudong International Airport. It is easily accessible from Shanghai city via highway A8 and the Shanghai-Hangzhou Highway. The potential hotel demand generator for Songjiang District mainly includes MICE demand, derived from seminars, dialogues and forum events of universities in Songjiang University City and corporations in Songjiang Industrial and Hi-Tech Parks. Besides, the tourism resources and tourism facilities in Sheshan National Tourism Resort will generate leisure demand from foreign and local tourists.

There were over 120 high-end star-rated hotels in Shanghai at the end of 2013, including about 60 five-star hotels. In first 11 month of 2014, the citywide occupancy rate of five-star hotels was about 63.16%. As for average daily rate, it was approximately RMB962 per room per day for five-star hotels.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NEW CENTURY REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST

(a Hong Kong collective investment scheme authorized under section 104 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong))

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of New Century Real Estate Investment Trust ("New Century REIT") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 108 to 182, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, distribution statement, consolidated statement of net assets attributable to unitholders and changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

New Century Asset Management Limited ("the REIT Manager") is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and is responsible for ensuring that the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed dated 10 June 2013 and as amended by the supplemental trust deed dated 20 June 2013 (the "Trust Deed"), and the relevant disclosure requirements set out in Appendix C of the Code on Real Estate Investment Trusts issued by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "REIT Code"), and for such internal control as the REIT Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the REIT Manager, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2014, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure requirements set out in Appendix C of the REIT Code.

OTHER MATTERS

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 23 March 2015

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2014

| | | | | Period |
|--|---------|--------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | | | | from 10 July 2013 |
| | | V | 4 D | (date of listing) |
| | | Year ended 3 | | to 31 December |
| | N 1 - 1 | 2014 | 2013 | 2013* |
| | Notes | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Revenue | 6 | 267,793 | 460,875 | 126,842 |
| Cost of sales | 7 | _ | (260,687) | _ |
| Operating expenses | 7 | (67,573) | (97,274) | (58,851) |
| Other gains/(losses) - net | 10 | 5,535 | 7,792 | (1,362) |
| Change in fair values of investment properties | 14 | (143,412) | (236,281) | (236,281) |
| | | | | |
| Operating profit/(loss) | | 62,343 | (125,575) | (169,652) |
| Finance income | 11 | 3,587 | 25,819 | 11,870 |
| Finance costs | 11 | (81,855) | (57,763) | (28,284) |
| Loss before taxation and | | | | |
| transactions with unitholders | | (15,925) | (157,519) | (186,066) |
| Income tax (expense)/credit | 12 | (25,994) | 26,867 | 38,867 |
| Loss for the year/period, before | | | | |
| transactions with unitholders | | (41,919) | (130,652) | (147,199) |
| Loss attributable to unitholders | | (43,104) | (130,888) | (146,859) |
| - Profit/(loss) attributable to | | (10,101) | (100,000) | (1.0,000) |
| non-controlling interests | | 1,185 | 236 | (340) |
| | | | | |
| | | (41,919) | (130,652) | (147,199) |

With a view to enabling the investors to make an informed assessment of the financial performance of New Century REIT following the Reorganisation under which the Group ceased its hotel operation business and began to engage in hotel property rental business upon the date of listing as set out in Note 1 below, the REIT Manager disclosed the financial results of its hotel property rental business for the period from the date of listing to 31 December 2013.

The notes on pages 117 to 182 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2014

| | | Attributable to | | |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| | Unitholders before transactions with unitholders | Transactions with unitholders (Note (i)) | Unitholders after transactions with unitholders | Attributable to non-controlling interests |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| (Loss)/profit for the year ended 31 December 2013 | (130,888) | (2,224,914) | (2,355,802) | 236 |
| Other comprehensive income, which may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss - Reclassification from property, plant and equipment and land use rights to investment properties carried at fair value, | | | | |
| net of tax | 2,371,773 | | 2,371,773 | 18,260 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2013 (Note (ii)) | 2,240,885 | (2,224,914) | 15,971 | 18,496 |
| (Loss)/profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 | (43,104) | 43,104 | - | 1,185 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year ended 31 December 2014 (Note (ii)) | (43,104) | 43,104 | | 1,185 |

Notes:

- Transactions with unitholders comprises total loss/(profit) and other comprehensive income attributable to unitholders for the year. (i)
- In accordance with the Trust Deed dated 10 June 2013 and as amended by the supplemental trust deed dated 20 June 2013 (the "Trust Deed"), New Century REIT is required to distribute to unitholders not less than 90% of total distributable income for each financial year. Accordingly, the units contain contractual obligations of the trust to pay cash distributions and also upon termination of the trust, a share of all net cash proceeds derived from the sales or realisation of the assets of the trust less any liabilities, in accordance with their proportionate interests in the trust at the date of termination. The unitholders' funds are therefore classified as a financial liability rather than equity in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by International Accounting Standards Board. Consistent with unitholders' funds being classified as a financial liability, the distribution to unitholders and change in net assets attributable to unitholders, excluding issuance of new units and transactions with Controlling Shareholders, are part of finance costs.

The notes on pages 117 to 182 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2014

| | As at 31 December | | ember |
|--|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 2014 | 2013 |
| | Notes | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| Non-current assets | 40 | 110 | 0.1.0 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 13 | 110 | 216 |
| Investment properties | 14 | 4,870,000 | 4,190,000 |
| Other long-term assets | 15 | 3,424 | 14,747 |
| | - | 4,873,534 | 4,204,963 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Trade and other receivables and prepayments | 16 | 2,545 | 6,547 |
| Amount due from related parties | 27(c) | 48,929 | 22,204 |
| Restricted cash | 17 | 43,768 | 24,403 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 17 | 187,345 | 145,723 |
| | - | 282,587 | 198,877 |
| Total Assets | | 5,156,121 | 4,403,840 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 18 | 32,880 | 42,534 |
| Amount due to related parties | 27(c) | 83,957 | 36,369 |
| Current income tax liabilities | | 19,023 | 13,558 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 19 | 10,407 | 9,531 |
| Borrowings | 20 | 110,590 | 250,492 |
| | - | 256,857 | 352,484 |
| Non-current liabilities, other than net assets attributable to unitholders | | | |
| Borrowings | 20 | 1,461,356 | 909,025 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 21 | 828,972 | 749,870 |
| | - | , | |
| | - | 2,290,328 | 1,658,895 |

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2014

| | | As at 31 Dec | cember |
|---|-------|--------------|-----------|
| | | 2014 | 2013 |
| | Notes | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Total liabilities, other than net assets | | | |
| attributable to unitholders | | 2,547,185 | 2,011,379 |
| Net assets attributable to unitholders | 22 | 2,583,305 | 2,368,015 |
| Total liabilities | | 5,130,490 | 4,379,394 |
| Net assets | | 25,631 | 24,446 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 25,631 | 24,446 |
| Total equity | | 25,631 | 24,446 |
| Net current assets/(liabilities) | | 25,730 | (153,607) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 4,899,264 | 4,051,356 |
| Units in issue ('000) | | 931,140 | 772,000 |
| Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit | 22 | RMB2.7743 | RMB3.0674 |

The consolidated financial statements on pages 108 to 182 were approved by the Board of Directors of the REIT Manager on 23 March 2015 and were signed on its behalf.

> **Cheung Yat Ming Chen Miaolin** Executive Director Chairman

The notes on pages 117 to 182 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2014

| | Year ended 31 December 2014 RMB'000 | Period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013 RMB'000 |
|--|---|--|
| Loss attributable to unitholders | (43,104) | (146,859) |
| Adjustments for the total distributable income: - Fair value change on investment properties attributable to unitholders - Deferred taxation in respect of investment properties and tax losses | 142,912 | 234,918 |
| attributable to unitholders - REIT Manager fee payable in units in lieu of cash | (7,061) 26,346 | 10,553 |
| Amortisation of transaction costs of the bank borrowings Expenses incurred in connection with the acquisition of a subsidiary Unrealised foreign exchange losses/(gains) on financing activities | 19,520 8,034 6,838 | 5,165 - (11,571) |
| Fair value loss on derivative financial instrumentsDepreciation of property, plant and equipmentListing expenses | 876 107 - | 9,531 - 31,881 |
| Total distributable income (i) | 154,468 | 80,702 |
| Distributable amount at 1 January | 80,702 | - |
| Add: special distribution declared during the year (ii) | 27,000 | - |
| Distributions paid during the year (ii) | (172,223) | |
| Final distribution to be paid | 89,947 | 80,702 |
| Final distribution per unit before taking into account the effect of Distribution Waivers (iii) | RMB0.0966 | RMB0.1045 |
| Final distribution per unit after taking into account the effect of Distribution Waivers (iv) | RMB0.1130 | RMB0.1225 |

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2014

Notes:

Under the terms of the Trust Deed, the total distributable income is the consolidated profit or loss after income tax attributable (i) to unitholders adjusted to eliminate the effects of certain non-cash and other adjustments which have been recorded in the consolidated income statement for the relevant year.

In accordance with the Trust Deed, New Century REIT is required to distribute to unitholders not less than 90% of its total distributable income for each financial year and it is the REIT Manager's stated policy to distribute 100% of New Century REIT's total distributable income for the period from the date of listing to 31 December 2013 and for the financial year ended 31 December 2014, and thereafter at least 90% of New Century REIT's annual distributable income for each financial year.

- The distributions with amount of RMB172,223,000 paid during the year comprises: (ii)
 - Final distribution for the period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013 of RMB0.1225 per unit (after taking into account the effect of Distribution Waivers) and RMB80,702,000 in total, which was paid to unitholders on 28 April 2014;
 - Interim distribution for the period from 1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014 of RMB0.0815 per unit (after taking into account the effect of the Distribution Waivers) and RMB64,521,000 in total, which was paid to unitholders on 9 October 2014;
 - Special distribution of RMB0.0340 per unit (after taking into account the effect of the Distribution Waivers) and RMB27,000,000 in total, which was paid to unitholders on 9 October 2014.
- The final distribution per unit of RMB0.0966 for the period from 1 July 2014 to 31 December 2014 is calculated by dividing final distribution to be paid to unitholders of RMB89,947,000 for the period from 1 July 2014 to 31 December 2014 by 931,139,567 units in issue as at 31 December 2014, before taking into account of the effect of Distribution Waivers as described in Note (iv) below.
- Pursuant to the Distribution Waiver Deeds on 17 June 2013 ("Existing Distribution Waivers"), Huge Harvest International Limited ("Huge Harvest") and Blue Sky Holdings Limited ("Carlyle Blue Sky"), have each agreed to irrevocably waive their respective entitlements to receive any distribution payable for the period from the date of listing to 31 December 2013 and for the year ended 31 December 2014 in relation to 65,600,000 units and 47,400,000 units respectively.

On 25 June 2014, Success Conquer Global Limited and Huge Harvest have each entered into a Success Conquer Distribution Waiver Deed and Huge Harvest Distribution Waiver Deed respectively ("New Distribution Waivers") and pursuant to which Success Conquer Global Limited and Huge Harvest agreed to waive their entitlements to receive any distribution payable with a record date after the issuance of the consideration units and in respect of the period ended 31 December 2014. The number of units waived by Success Conquer Global Limited and Huge Harvest were 15,000,000 units and 7,099,988 units respectively.

The final distribution per unit of RMB0.1130 for the period from 1 July 2014 to 31 December 2014 is calculated by dividing final distribution to be paid to unitholders of RMB89,947,000 for the period from 1 July 2014 to 31 December 2014 by 796,039,579 units, after taking into account the effect of Existing Distribution Waivers and New Distribution Waivers (collectively the "Distribution Waivers").

The notes on pages 117 to 182 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS AND CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2014

| | | | | Equity | | |
|--|-------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| | Notes | Net assets attributable to unitholders RMB'000 | Other reserves RMB'000 | Retained earnings RMB'000 | Non- controlling interests RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
| A. at 4 January 0040 | | | 007.400 | 100.070 | 0.440 | 1 105 000 |
| As at 1 January 2013 (Loss)/profit for the year/period | | (146,859) | 937,499 | 188,073 15,971 | 9,448 236 | 1,135,020 (130,652) |
| Share based payment reserve for the period | | (140,009) | _ | 10,911 | 200 | (100,002) |
| from 1 January 2013 to 9 July 2013 | | _ | 500 | _ | _ | 500 |
| Dividends declared in the period from | | | 300 | | | 000 |
| 1 January 2013 to 9 July 2013 | | _ | _ | (384,922) | (3,498) | (388,420) |
| Contribution to subsidiaries by the | | | | (001,022) | (0, 100) | (000, 120) |
| Controlling Shareholders for the period | | | | | | |
| from 1 January 2013 to 9 July 2013 | | _ | 176,951 | _ | _ | 176,951 |
| Appropriate to statutory reserve for the | | | , | | | , |
| period from 1 January 2013 to | | | | | | |
| 9 July 2013 | | _ | 11,532 | (11,532) | _ | _ |
| Net proceeds from issuance of new units | 22 | 533,993 | _ | _ | _ | 533,993 |
| Unit issue costs | 22 | (28,088) | _ | - | _ | (28,088) |
| Transactions with the Controlling | | | | | | |
| Shareholders | 22 | (362,804) | (1,126,482) | 192,410 | - | (1,296,876) |
| Reclassification from property, | | | | | | |
| plant and equipment and land use rights | | | | | | |
| to investment properties carried at | | | | | | |
| fair value, net of tax | 22 | 2,371,773 | | | 18,260 | 2,390,033 |
| As at 31 December 2013 | | 2,368,015 | | | 24,446 | 2,392,461 |
| As at 1 January 2014 | | 2,368,015 | _ | _ | 24,446 | 2,392,461 |
| (Loss)/profit for the year | | (43,104) | _ | _ | 1,185 | (41,919) |
| Issuance of new units | 22 | 412,447 | _ | _ | 1,100 | 412,447 |
| Unit issue costs incurred in relation to | 22 | 712,771 | | | | 712,771 |
| the acquisition of a subsidiary | 22 | (7,152) | _ | _ | _ | (7,152) |
| Distributions paid to unitholders | 22 | (172,223) | _ | _ | _ | (172,223) |
| Excess of fair value of net assets of a | | (,, | | | | (,, |
| subsidiary assumed over acquisition cost | 22,24 | 25,322 | | | | 25,322 |
| As at 31 December 2014 | | 2,583,305 | | | 25,631 | 2,608,936 |

The notes on pages 117 to 182 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2014

| | Notes | Year ended 31 2014 RMB'000 | 1 December 2013 RMB'000 | Period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013 RMB'000 |
|--|-------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Cook flows from an authing activities | | | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations | 25 | 174,222 | 19,809 | 36,966 |
| Interest paid | 20 | (60,103) | (31,158) | (8,977) |
| Income tax paid | | (28,341) | (30,194) | (3,085) |
| Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities | | 85,778 | (41,543) | 24,904 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and | | | | |
| equipment | | - | 20,029 | 18,720 |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment | | - | (8,503) | - |
| Purchases of intangible assets | | - | (340) | - |
| Change of loans receivable from related parties | | - | 1,221,795 | 108,531 |
| Interest income from related parties | | - | 13,278 | - |
| Payment for transfer out of hotel operating business | | | | |
| of hotel properties pursuant to the Reorganisation | 1 | - | (101,601) | (101,601) |
| Purchase of investment properties | 14 | (15,657) | (16,281) | (16,281) |
| Acquisition of a subsidiary, net of cash acquired | 24 | (193,289) | | |
| Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities | | (208,946) | 1,128,377 | 9,369 |
| activities | | (200,940) | 1,120,011 | |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2014

| | | V | 45 | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|--|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| | | Year ended 3 | | (date of listing) to |
| | Notes | 2014 RMB'000 | 2013 RMB'000 | 31 December 2013 RMB'000 |
| | Notes | NIVID 000 | NIVID UUU | UIVID 000 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | | |
| Contributions to subsidiaries by the Controlling | | | | |
| Shareholders | | _ | 172,379 | _ |
| Changes of loans payable to related parties | | _ | (47,216) | _ |
| Changes of restricted cash pledged for borrowings | | (19,365) | 55,927 | (24,403) |
| Repayment of borrowings | | (841,500) | (1,504,500) | _ |
| Issuance of units | 22 | 373,716 | 533,993 | 533,993 |
| Unit issue costs | 22 | (7,152) | (28,088) | (28,088) |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries | 22 | _ | (1,296,876) | (1,296,876) |
| Proceeds from borrowings, net of transaction costs | | 833,041 | 1,165,923 | 915,923 |
| Distributions paid to unitholders | 22 | (172,223) | _ | _ |
| Dividends paid to the Controlling Shareholders | | _ | (384,922) | _ |
| Dividends paid to the non-controlling interests | | - | (3,083) | - |
| Fee paid for undrawn bank facilities | 15 | (742) | (13,870) | (13,870) |
| Payment of agency fee | 11 | (985) | (400) | (400) |
| Not each ganageted from // your in linearing | | | | |
| Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities | | 164,790 | (1,350,733) | 86,279 |
| activities | | 104,790 | (1,000,700) | |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash | | | | |
| equivalents | | 41,622 | (263,899) | 120,552 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year/ | | | | |
| period | 17 | 145,723 | 409,622 | 25,171 |
| | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year/ | 47 | 407.617 | 445 700 | 145 700 |
| period | 17 | 187,345 | 145,723 | 145,723 |

The notes on pages 117 to 182 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

New Century Real Estate Investment Trust ("New Century REIT") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are mainly engaged in the leasing of the hotel properties in Mainland China ("China").

New Century REIT is a Hong Kong collective investment scheme constituted as a unit trust authorised under section 104 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance and was established under the Trust Deed made between the REIT Manager and DB Trustees (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Trustee").

The address of the registered office of New Century Asset Management Limited (the "REIT Manager") is Unit 4706, 47th Floor, The Center, 99 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

New Century REIT was listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 10 July 2013 ("date of listing") and commenced its operation upon listing.

Prior to the establishment of New Century REIT and the completion of the reorganisation as described below (the "Reorganisation"), Zhejiang New Century Hotel Investment & Management Group Limited (浙江開 元酒店投資管理集團有限公司, "Zhejiang New Century Hotel"), a limited liability company established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") on 30 November 2001, and its subsidiaries were principally engaged in hotel ownership and operations in the PRC and were collectively controlled by Mr. Chen Miaolin, Mr. Chen Canrong, Mr. Kong Weiliang and Mr. Zhang Guanming (collectively, the "Controlling Shareholders").

In preparation for the listing of New Century REIT, the Group underwent the Reorganisation below which principally involved the following:

Through a series of transactions conducted between late 2012 to January 2013, the relevant subsidiaries owning and operating New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou (杭州開元名都大酒店), New Century Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang (浙江開元蕭山賓館), New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo (寧波開元名都 大酒店), New Century Grand Hotel Changchun (長春開元名都大酒店) and New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou (杭州千島湖開元度假村) (collectively, the "Initial Hotel Properties") were retained by Zhejiang New Century Hotel, while its other subsidiaries and a joint venture that were engaged in the operation of leased hotels and other hotel related business, were transferred to or retained by Zhejiang New Century Hotel Management Limited (浙江開元酒店管理有限公司), formerly a subsidiary of Zhejiang New Century Hotel and was eventually transferred outside the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

1 **GENERAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

Zhejiang New Century Hotel transferred all the assets, transferrable liabilities and contractual obligations of the Initial Hotel Properties that were not related to the hotel properties leasing business, to Zhejiang New Century Hotel Management Limited at an aggregate consideration calculated based on the net book value as at 15 June 2013. The assets, liabilities and the total considerations are as follows:

| | As at 15 June 2013 RMB'000 |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Non-current assets Current assets Current liabilities | 1,284 126,907 (234,364) |
| Net liabilities | (106,173) |
| Total considerations paid | 101,601 |
| Transaction difference | 4,572 |

The transaction difference above was recorded in "Other reserves" and then reclassified to "Net assets attributable to unitholders" upon the date of listing.

- In June 2013, Spearhead Global Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in British Virgin Islands on 8 March 2013 which was also controlled by the Controlling Shareholders, acquired the entire equity interest in Zhejiang New Century Hotel via its subsidiary from the predecessor shareholders.
- The entire interest in Spearhead Global Limited was acquired by New Century REIT on the date of listing for a consideration, which was settled by issuance of 579,000,000 units by New Century REIT and cash payment of HKD556,310,659 and USD139,663,400 pursuant to the amended sales and purchase agreement dated 27 June 2013 ("Amended Agreement"). Thereafter, New Century REIT became the holding entity of the companies now comprising the Group, and the Group has ceased its hotel operation and became engaged in the business of leasing hotel properties.

New Century REIT has not been involved in any business prior to the date of listing and does not meet the definition of a business. The acquisition of Spearhead Global Limited is merely a reorganisation of the hotel owning business of the Group with no change in management of such business and the ultimate controlling owners of such business remain the same before and after the formation of the Group, and the Group has ceased its hotel operation and became engaged in the business of leasing hotel properties. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Group have been presented using the carrying values of the hotel owning business of the Group.

The names of the Group's subsidiaries are set out in Note 28. The English names of the subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC disclosed therein represent management's best efforts in translating the Chinese names of the companies as no English names have been registered.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

1 **GENERAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is also the functional currency of New Century REIT. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the REIT Manager on 23 March 2015.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of New Century REIT have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and Appendix C of the Code on Real Estate Investment Trusts (the "REIT Code"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and derivative financial instruments, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the directors of the REIT Manager to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

New and amended standards adopted by the Group (i)

The following standards have been adopted by the Group for the first time for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2014.

| | | Effective date |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------|
| Amendment to IAS 32 | Financial instruments: Presentation on asset and liability offsetting | 1 January 2014 |
| Amendment to IFRSs 10, 12 and IAS 27 | Consolidation for investment entities | 1 January 2014 |
| Amendment to IAS 36 | Impairment of assets on recoverable amount disclosures | 1 January 2014 |
| Amendment to IAS 39 | Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Novation of derivatives | 1 January 2014 |
| IFRIC 21 | Levies | 1 January 2014 |

The adoption of these new and amended standards and interpretations has not had any significant effect on the accounting policies or result and financial position of the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Up to the date of this report, International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") has issued the following new standards, amendments and interpretations which are relevant to the Group's operations but are not yet effective for the annual accounting period beginning on 1 January 2014 and which have not been early adopted by the Group:

Effective for

| | | annual periods beginning on or after |
|---|---|--|
| Amendment to IAS 19 Annual improvements 2012 Annual improvements 2013 | Regarding defined benefit plans | 1 July 2014 1 July 2014 1 July 2014 |
| IFRS 14 | Regulatory deferral accounts | 1 January 2016 |
| Amendment to IFRS 11 | Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operation | 1 January 2016 |
| Amendment to IAS 16 and IAS 38 | Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation | 1 January 2016 |
| Amendment to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 | Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture | 1 January 2016 |
| Amendment to IAS 27 | Equity method in separate financial statements | 1 January 2016 |
| Annual improvements 2014 | | 1 January 2016 |
| IFRS 15 | Revenue from contracts with customers | 1 January 2017 |
| IFRS 9 | Financial instruments | 1 January 2018 |

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards on the financial statements of the Group in the initial application. The adoption of the above is not expected to have a material effect on the Group's operating results and financial position.

2.2 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

Business Combinations (a)

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of noncontrolling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by IFRS.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with IAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement where appropriate.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

(b) Transaction with non-controlling interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity holders of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

2.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is New Century REIT's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated income statement within "finance income or cost". All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement within "other gains/(losses) - net".

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(b) Transactions and balances (continued)

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as available for sale, are included in other comprehensive income.

2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and provision for impairment loss, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Years

| Buildings and facilities | 20 to 40 years |
|---------------------------------|----------------|
| Machinery and equipment | 5 to 10 years |
| Office and electronic equipment | 5 years |
| Motor vehicles | 5 years |
| Fixture and fittings | 5 to 20 years |
| Other equipment | 2 to 5 years |

Construction in progress represents equipment pending installation and is stated at cost less provision for impairment loss, if any. Cost includes the costs of construction and acquisition and capitalised borrowing costs. When the assets concerned are available for use, the costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 2

2.4 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.6).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within "Other gains/(losses) - net" in the consolidated income statement.

2.5 Investment property

Investment property, principally comprising leasehold, buildings and related equipment, is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group. It also includes properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties. Land held under operating leases is accounted for as investment properties when the rest of the definition of an investment property is met. In such cases, the operating leases concerned are accounted for as if they were finance leases. Investment property is initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If the information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recorded in the consolidated income statement.

2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example goodwill or intangible assets not ready to use, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cashgenerating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.7 Financial assets

2.7.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and financial assets available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

In 2013 and 2014, financial assets of the Group included financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current. The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise derivative financial instruments in the consolidated balance sheet (Note 2.9).

Loans and receivables (b)

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise "trade and other receivables", "amount due from related parties", "restricted cash" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the consolidated balance sheet (Notes 2.11, 2.12 and 2.13).

2.7.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.7 Financial assets (continued)

2.7.2 Recognition and measurement (continued)

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the consolidated income statement within "Other gains/ (losses) - net" in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of other income when the group's right to receive payments is established.

2.8 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

2.9 Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

In 2013 and 2014, the Group did not designate any derivatives as hedging instruments.

2.10 Impairment of financial assets

Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.10 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2.11 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Restricted cash is excluded from cash and cash equivalent.

2.13 Restricted cash

Restricted cash represents guaranteed deposits in a separate reserve account to be pledged to the bank for issuance of trade facilities such as bills payable and bankers' guarantee or as security deposits under bank borrowing agreement. Such restricted cash will be released when the Group repays the related trade facilities or bank loans.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.14 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for construction or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Account payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.15 Borrowings and borrowing cost

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities if the loan agreements include an overriding repayment on demand clause, which gives the lender the right to demand repayment at any time at their sole discretion, irrespective of whether a default event has occurred and notwithstanding any other terms and maturity stated in the agreement.

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.16 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the jurisdictions where New Century REIT's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Generally the Group is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference for associates. Only where there is an agreement in place that gives the Group the ability to control the reversal of the temporary difference in the foreseeable future, deferred tax liability in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from the associate's undistributed profits is not recognised.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.16 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(b) Deferred income tax (continued)

Outside basis differences (continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognized on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.17 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

The PRC employees of the Group covered by various PRC government-sponsored definedcontribution pension plans under which the employees become entitled to a monthly pension based on certain formulas. The relevant government agencies are responsible for the pension liability to these employees when they retire. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these pension plans for the employees which are determined at a certain percentage of their salaries. Under these plans, the Group has no obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contribution made. Contributions to these plans are expenses as incurred. The non-PRC employees are covered by other defined-contribution pension plans sponsored by local government.

(b) Housing benefits

The PRC employees of the Group are entitled to participate in various government-sponsored housing funds. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on certain percentages of the employees' salaries. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each period. The non-PRC employees are not covered by the housing benefits.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.17 Employee benefits (continued)

(c) Share-based compensation

The employees received equity instruments as consideration for their services rendered to the Group prior to the date of listing. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the equity instruments is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted, excluding the impact of any non-market service and performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining status as an employee of the entity over a specified time period). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of shares that are expected to vest. The total amount expensed is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for rental income, the sales of goods, and income from provision of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Revenue recognition (continued)

(a) Rental income (Note 6)

Rental income is measured on the following bases:

- Base Rent from hotel properties and other rental income are recognised in the period in which the properties are let and on a straight-line basis over the periods of the respective leases:
- Total Rent from hotel properties is recognised in the period in which they are earned in accordance with the terms of respective agreements.

(b) Hotel operation income

Hotel revenue from room rental, food and beverage sales and other ancillary services is recognised when the services are rendered.

2.20 Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income.

2.21 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

2.22 Customer loyalty programme

Prior to the date of listing, the Group operated a loyalty programme where customers accumulate points for purchases made which entitle them to free nights and gifts. The award points are recognised as a separately identifiable component of the initial sale transaction, by allocating the fair value of the consideration received between the award points and the other components of the sale such that the award points are recognised at their fair value. Revenue from the award points is recognised when the points are redeemed. The amount of revenue is based on the number of points redeemed relative to the total number expected to be redeemed. Award points expire 12 months after the initial year of sale.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 2

2.23 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all the attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to assets are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the related asset.

2.24 Segment information

Operating segment are identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision marker, which has been identified as senior executive management, in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess their performance.

Upon listing, the sole principal activity of the Group is the hotel leasing business of hotel properties, which are all located in PRC. Therefore, senior executive management concludes that the Group is a single reportable segment and no further analysis for segment information is presented.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

During 2014, New Century REIT has changed its accounting policy for the treatment of business combination under common control, from predecessor values method to acquisition method. The directors of the REIT Manager takes the view that the acquisition method provides reliable and more relevant information because investors can make an informed assessment of the financial performance and distributable income of New Century REIT following the acquisition of a subsidiary on 31 July 2014 set out in Note 24 below. The adoption of the new policy has no effect on prior years as there's no business combination under common control incurred before. While under predecessor values method, the comparative figures for 2013 should be restated as the financial statements of acquiree should be incorporated in the consolidated financial statements when it first came under the control of the controlling party. The effect of restatement for year 2013 under predecessor values method is summarised below:

| Effect on the consolidated balance sheet | As at 31 December 2013 RMB'000 | As at 1 January 2013 RMB'000 |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Increase in total assets Increase in total liabilities Increase in total equity | 831,346 567,542 263,804 | 840,000 140,882 699,118 |
| Effect on the consolidated income statement | | Year ended 31 December 2013 RMB'000 |
| Increase in loss before tax Decrease in income tax expense Increase in loss after tax | | 11,824 (3,752) 8,072 |

The adoption of the new policy has no effect on the consolidated balance sheet of New Century REIT as at 31 December 2014. And the effect on the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2014 is summarised below, of which the figures of acquiree for the period from 1 January 2014 to 31 July 2014 were incorporated under predecessor accounting:

| Effect on the consolidated income statement | Year ended 31 December 2014 RMB'000 |
|---|---|
| Increase in loss before tax | 3,842 |
| Decrease in income tax expense | (903) |
| Increase in loss after tax | 2,939 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

4.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's major financial instruments include derivative financial instruments, trade and other receivables, amount due from related parties, restricted cash, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables, amount due to related parties and borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risk associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how the Group mitigates these risks are set out below. The Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

The Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk relates principally to its cash and cash equivalents and bank borrowings, denominated primarily in United States dollar ("USD") and Hong Kong dollar ("HKD"). The Group has not specifically hedged this exposure as it is of the view that the RMB spot rate against HKD and USD is in predictable trend.

As at 31 December 2014, if RMB had weakened/strengthened by 1% against USD with all other variables held constant, post-tax losses for the year ended 31 December 2014 would have been approximately RMB10,377,000 (2013: RMB6,279,000) higher/lower respectively, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of USD denominated bank borrowings, which is partially offsetting by USD denominated cash and cash equivalents.

As at 31 December 2014, if RMB had weakened/strengthened by 1% against HKD with all other variables held constant, post-tax losses for the year ended 31 December 2014 would have been approximately RMB4,000 (2013: RMB87,000) lower/higher respectively, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of HKD denominated cash and cash equivalents.

(ii) Cash flow interest risk

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets except for cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash. Therefore, the Group's interest rate risk mainly arises from borrowings, cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash. Borrowings, cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash obtained at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings, cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash obtained at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

The Group manages its cash flow interest rate risk by using floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps. Such interest rate swaps have the economic effect of converting borrowings from floating rates to fixed rates. Under the interest rate swaps, the Group agrees with other parties to exchange the difference between fixed contract rates and floating-rate interest amounts calculated by reference to the agreed notional amounts.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

4.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

Cash flow interest risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2014, if the interest rates on borrowings have been 25 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax losses for the year would have been approximately RMB430,000 (2013: RMB585,000) higher/lower respectively, mainly as result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate of borrowings.

Credit risk (b)

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, amount due from related parties and trade and other receivables included in the consolidated balance sheet discussed below represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets. The objective of the Group's measures to manage credit risk is to control potential exposure to recoverability problem.

As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, all cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash were deposited in the major financial institutions in the PRC and Hong Kong, which the directors of the REIT Manager believe are of high credit quality. The Group categorises its major counterparties into the following groups:

- Group 1 Top 4 banks in the PRC (China Construction Bank Corporation, Bank of China Limited, Agriculture Bank of China Limited, and Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited) and major listed banks in Hong Kong;
- Group 2 Other major listed banks in PRC; and
- Group 3 Regional banks in the PRC.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

4.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

The bank deposits balances as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 which are placed with these institutions are shown as below:

| | As at 31 December | |
|---------|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Group 1 | 228,318 | 149,871 |
| Group 2 | - | 20,200 |
| Group 3 | 2,740 | |
| | | |
| | 231,058 | 170,071 |

The directors of the REIT Manager do not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

The Group established policies in place to ensure that rental income from the hotel properties is made to customers with an appropriate credit history and the Group assesses the credit worthiness and financial strength of its customers as well as considering prior dealing history with the customers. Please refer to Note 16 for ageing analysis. Management make periodic collective assessment as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of trade and other receivables based on historical payment records, the length of the overdue period, the financial strength of the debtors and whether there are any trade disputes with the debtors.

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain sufficient cash and sources of funding through committed credit facility. To manage the liquidity risk, management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve (comprising undrawn banking facilities) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flow. The Group expects to fund the future cash flow needs through internally generated cash flows from operations and borrowings from financial institutions.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities that will be settled on a net basis into relevant maturity grouping based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

4.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

| | Less than 1 year RMB'000 | Between 1 and 2 years RMB'000 | Between 2 and 3 years RMB'000 | Over 3 years RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | |
| As at 31 December 2013 | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 250,500 | 500 | 936,624 | - | 1,187,624 |
| Interest payable on borrowings | 54,161 | 34,415 | 18,085 | _ | 106,661 |
| Trade and other payables and | | | | | |
| amount due to related parties | 53,882 | - | _ | _ | 53,882 |
| | | | | | |
| | 358,543 | 34,915 | 954,709 | | 1,348,167 |
| As at 31 December 2014 | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 112,642 | 1,127,409 | 367,140 | _ | 1,607,191 |
| Interest payable on borrowings | 59,480 | 36,506 | 8,932 | _ | 104,918 |
| Trade and other payables and | · | · | • | | • |
| amount due to related parties | 99,965 | _ | _ | _ | 99,965 |
| · · | · | | | | |
| | 272,087 | 1,163,915 | 376,072 | | 1,812,074 |

The interest payments on borrowings are calculated based on borrowings held as at 31 December 2013 and 2014 without taking into account future borrowings. Floating-rate interest is estimated using the relevant interest rates as at 31 December 2013 and 2014 respectively.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

4.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

Consistent with others in the industry, the REIT Manager monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total asset value.

The gearing ratio calculated based on the gross borrowings excluding transaction costs over total asset value as at 31 December 2013 and 2014 is as follows:

| | As at 31 December | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|--|
| | 2014 2 | | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | | |
| Total gross borrowings excluding transaction costs (Note 20) | 1,607,191 | 1,187,624 | |
| Total asset value | 5,156,121 | 4,403,840 | |
| | | | |
| Gearing ratio | 31% | 27% | |

4.3 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

See Note 14 for disclosures of the investment properties that are measured at fair value.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

4.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

| | Level 1 RMB'000 | Level 2 RMB'000 | Level 3 RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| As at 31 December 2014 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments | | 10,407 | | 10,407 |
| | Level 1 RMB'000 | Level 2 RMB'000 | Level 3 RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
| As at 31 December 2013 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments | | 9,531 | | 9,531 |

There were no transfers among levels during the year.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS 5

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial vear are addressed below.

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

The fair value of investment properties is determined by using valuation technique. Details of the judgement and assumptions have been disclosed in Note 14.

(b) Current income taxes and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes in various jurisdictions. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

6 **REVENUE**

Revenue for the year ended 31 December 2013 includes the rental income from hotel properties during the period from the date of listing to 31 December 2013, hotel operation income for the period from 1 January 2013 to 9 July 2013 and other rental income.

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|---|-----------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 D | ecember ec | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| Rental income from Initial Hotel Properties (a) | 213,261 | 110,749 | 110,749 |
| Rental income from Shanghai Hotel (b) | 21,655 | _ | _ |
| Other rental income (c) | 32,877 | 30,530 | 16,093 |
| | | | |
| | 267,793 | 141,279 | 126,842 |
| Hotel operation income | | | |
| Room | - | 115,018 | - |
| Food and beverage | - | 188,077 | - |
| Ancillary services | | 16,501 | |
| | - _ | 319,596 | |
| | 267,793 | 460,875 | 126,842 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

6 **REVENUE (CONTINUED)**

On 14 June 2013, the Group entered into a hotel lease and management agreement (the "Lease Agreement of Initial Hotel (a) Properties") with Zhejiang New Century Hotel Management Limited, the lessee of Initial Hotel Properties, pursuant to which the Group is entitled to receive an annual rent ("Total Rent of Initial Hotel Properties") which is calculated as 20% of the relevant hotel properties' total operating revenue plus 34% of the relevant hotel properties' gross operating profit from the operation of the relevant hotel properties by the lessee for a term of 10 years.

Under the terms of the Lease Agreement of Initial Hotel Properties, the lessee has guaranteed a minimum aggregate annual rent of RMB216,000,000 ("Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties") for the first five years from the commencement of the Lease Agreement of Initial Hotel Properties. If the Total Rent of Initial Hotel Properties is less than the Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties for that year, the shortfall would be paid by the lessee to the Group. For the subsequent sixth to tenth years, the Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties for each of the subsequent years will be the market Base Rent ("Market Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties") which is to be determined by an independent professional property valuer at least seven months prior to the commencement of each subsequent year. If the Market Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties as determined is lower than 85% of the average annual rent received from the lessee for the first four years (the "Reference Average Rent of Initial Hotel Properties"), the Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties for each subsequent year should be 85% of the Reference Average Rent of Initial Hotel Properties, instead of the Market Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties.

For the year ended 31 December 2014, as the Total Rent of Initial Hotel Properties is less than the Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties of RMB216,000,000, the shortfall of RMB29,548,000 should be paid by the lessee to the Group in accordance with the Lease Agreement of Initial Hotel Properties. Therefore the rental income from Initial Hotel Properties of RMB213,261,000 is derived from the Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties of RMB216,000,000 less value-added tax of RMB2,739,000. (2013: The rental income of RMB110,749,000 is derived from the Total Rent of Initial Hotel Properties of RMB112,124,000 less value-added taxes of RMB1,375,000).

On 25 June 2014, the Group entered into a hotel lease agreement in respect of Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel (b) Shanghai (上海松江開元名都大酒店 "Shanghai Hotel") and supplemental agreement dated 5 September 2014 (collectively, "Lease Agreement of Shanghai Hotel") with Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited, the lessee of Shanghai Hotel, pursuant to which the Group is entitled to receive an annual rent ("Total Rent of Shanghai Hotel") which is calculated as 25% of Shanghai Hotel's total operating revenue plus 34% of Shanghai Hotel's gross operating profit from the operation of Shanghai Hotel by the lessee for a term of 10 years.

Under the terms of the Lease Agreement of Shanghai Hotel, the lessee has guaranteed a minimum aggregate annual rent of RMB45,471,342 ("Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel") for the first five years from the commencement of the Lease Agreement of Shanghai Hotel. If the Total Rent of Shanghai Hotel is less than the Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel for that year, the shortfall would be paid by the lessee to the Group. For the subsequent sixth to tenth years, the Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel for each of the subsequent years will be the market Base Rent ("Market Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel") which is to be determined by an independent professional property valuer at least seven months prior to the commencement of each subsequent year. If the Market Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel as determined is lower than 85% of the average annual rent received from the lessee for the first four full financial years (the "Reference Average Rent of Shanghai Hotel"), the Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel for each subsequent year should be 85% of the Reference Average Rent of Shanghai Hotel, instead of the Market Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel.

The Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel for the year ended 31 December 2014, which is guaranteed at RMB45,471,342 per annum, is pro-rated based on the leasing period in 2014, with amount of RMB19,434,571. As the Total Rent of Shanghai Hotel, which is RMB21,655,000 exceeded the Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel, the rental income from Shanghai Hotel represented Total Rent of Shanghai Hotel.

(C) Other rental income represents the rental income from the lease of commercial space, primarily office, shopping and recreational areas in hotel properties and was recognised on a straight-line basis over the periods of the respective leases.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

7 **EXPENSES BY NATURE**

| | Year ended 31 I | Dagamhar | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|--|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| | 2014 | | (date of listing) to 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | THIND 000 | TIME 000 | T IIVID 000 |
| REIT Manager fee (Notes 8, 27(b)) | 26,346 | 10,553 | 10,553 |
| Urban real estate and land use tax | 16,527 | 15,173 | 8,481 |
| Business tax and surcharges, stamp duty | 11,821 | 24,580 | 5,123 |
| Professional fee incurred in connection with the | | | |
| acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 24) | 8,034 | - | - |
| Auditor's remuneration | 1,623 | 1,838 | 930 |
| Legal and other professional fees | 984 | 110 | - |
| Trustee fee (Note 27(b)) | 983 | 565 | 565 |
| Valuation fees | 344 | 259 | 259 |
| Maintenance and repairs | 472 | 5,473 | - |
| Depreciation of property, plant and | | | |
| equipment (Note 13) | 107 | 43,369 | 54 |
| Listing expenses | - | 31,881 | 31,881 |
| Amortisation of land use rights | - | 1,154 | - |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | - | 628 | - |
| Employee benefit expenses (Note 9) | - | 86,638 | 674 |
| Utilities and electricity | - | 23,168 | - |
| Raw materials and consumable used | - | 88,031 | - |
| Marketing and promotion expenses | - | 7,958 | - |
| Travelling and communication expenses | - | 5,705 | 220 |
| Hotel management and other service expenses | - | 256 | - |
| Miscellaneous | 332 | 10,622 | 111 |
| Total cost of sales and operating expenses | 67,573 | 357,961 | 58,851 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

REIT MANAGER FEE 8

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 D | ecember | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| Base Fee | 13,914 | 6,334 | 6,334 |
| Variable Fee | 8,932 | 4,219 | 4,219 |
| Acquisition Fee | 3,500 | - | - |
| | | | |
| | 26,346 | 10,553 | 10,553 |

Pursuant to the Trust Deed, the REIT Manager is entitled to receive remuneration for its services as manager of New Century REIT, which is the aggregate of:

- a base fee (the "Base Fee") of 0.3% per annum of the value of the deposited property as at each balance sheet date. Pursuant to the Trust Deed, the deposited property represents all the assets of New Century REIT, including all its authorized investments, for the time being and from time to time held or deemed to be held (including but not limited to through special purpose vehicles) upon the trusts of the Trust Deed and any interest arising on subscription monies from the issuance of units;
- a variable fee (the "Variable Fee") of 4% per annum of net property income, which is defined in the Trust Deed for each of the year;
- an acquisition fee (the "Acquisition Fee") calculated by: 0.5% of the acquisition price of any real estate acquired by New Century REIT from New Century Hotel Group Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, "New Century Group"); or 1% of the acquisition price of any real estate acquired by New Century REIT from third parties other than New Century Group (Note 22).

The Base Fee, Variable Fee and Acquisition Fee above are paid to the REIT Manager in the form of units based on the prevailing market price at the time of the issue of such units.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|------------------------------------|------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 De | ecember | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| Wages and salaries | - | 70,953 | 432 |
| Other social security costs | - | 15,185 | 242 |
| Share based payment (Note 2.17(c)) | - | 500 | - |
| | | | |
| | | 86,638 | 674 |

10 OTHER GAINS/(LOSSES) – NET

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|---|------------------|---------|-----------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 De | ecember | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| Government grants (a) | 6,034 | 14,207 | 7,863 |
| Waived payable balances | - | 4,637 | _ |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and | | | |
| equipment – net | - | (533) | _ |
| Loss on disposal of intangible assets - net | - | (72) | _ |
| Fair value loss on derivative financial instruments - | | | |
| interest rate swaps (Note 19) | (876) | (9,531) | (9,531) |
| Net foreign exchange losses | (6) | (23) | (23) |
| Others | 383 | (893) | 329 |
| _ | 5,535 | 7,792 | (1,362) |

Government grants

Government grants mainly represented subsidy income from the government relating to costs and are recognised at their fair value over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

11 FINANCE COSTS – NET

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|---|---|--|-----------------------------|
| | Year ended 3 | 1 December | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | HIVID 000 | NIVID UUU | NIVID UUU |
| Finance income | | | |
| - Interest income derived from bank deposits and | | | |
| other lendings | 3,587 | 14,248 | 299 |
| Unrealised net foreign exchange gains on | 5,551 | , | |
| | | 11 571 | 11 571 |
| financing activities | <u>-</u> | 11,571 | 11,571 |
| | 3,587 | 25,819 | 11,870 |
| Finance costs - Interest expense on bank borrowings and other borrowings - Unrealised net foreign exchange losses on financing activities - Realised net foreign exchange losses on financing activities - Amortisation of transaction costs of the bank borrowings - Agency fee | (53,580) (6,838) (944) (19,520) (973) | (52,198) - - (5,165) (400) | - |
| | (81,855) | (57,763) | (28,284) |
| Finance costs – net | (78,268) | (31,944) | (16,414) |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

12 INCOME TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|---|------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 De | cember | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Current income tax – PRC corporate income tax | 33,806 | 31,651 | 12,569 |
| Deferred income tax – PRC corporate income tax (Note 21) | (7,812) | (58,518) | (51,436) |
| Tax charged/(credited) | 25,994 | (26,867) | (38,867) |

The tax on the Group's loss before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to the loss of the consolidated income statement as follows:

| | Year ended 31 I | December | Period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to |
|---|-----------------|-----------|---|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Loss before taxation | (15,925) | (157,519) | (186,066) |
| Tax calculated at statutory tax rates applicable to | | | |
| each group entity | 20,821 | (25,854) | (32,994) |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purpose | 4,954 | 3,088 | 712 |
| Tax losses for which no deferred income tax | | | |
| asset was recognised | 219 | - | - |
| Utilisation and recognition of | | | |
| previously unrecognized tax losses | | (4,101) | (6,585) |
| Tax charged/(credited) | 25,994 | (26,867) | (38,867) |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

12 INCOME TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT (CONTINUED)

(a) Hong Kong profits tax

Enterprises incorporated in Hong Kong are subject to profits tax rates of 16.5% throughout the year 2014 and 2013. No Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for as the Group has no assessable profits in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

(b) PRC corporate income tax

Enterprises incorporated in the PRC are subject to income tax rates of 25% throughout the year 2014 and 2013.

The income tax provision of the Group in respect of its operations in the PRC has been calculated at the applicable tax rate on the estimated assessable profits based on existing legislations, interpretations and practices.

Since the deferred income tax assets and liabilities shall be measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the assets is realised or the liability is settled, the change in the applicable tax rate will affect the determination of the carrying values of deferred tax assets and liabilities of the Group's subsidiaries located in the PRC.

(c) PRC withholding income tax

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on the dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in the PRC. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between the PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in the PRC in respect of their earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

The directors of the REIT Manager have resolved that the profit of the subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC from the date of listing to 31 December 2014 will not be distributed in the future to the parent company outside PRC. Hence, deferred income tax liabilities as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 have not been recognised for the withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | Buildings and | Machinery and | Office and electronic | Motor | Fixture and | Other | Construction | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------|-------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| | facilities | equipment | equipment | Vehicles | fittings | equipment | in progress | Total |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| As at 1 January 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | 1,152,850 | 238,957 | 149,727 | 10,097 | 310,389 | 35,840 | 1,795 | 1,899,655 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (238,617) | (148,932) | (117,200) | (8,281) | (144,731) | (32,249) | | (690,010) |
| Net book amount | 914,233 | 90,025 | 32,527 | 1,816 | 165,658 | 3,591 | 1,795 | 1,209,645 |
| Year ended 31 December 2013 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Opening net book amount | 914,233 | 90,025 | 32,527 | 1,816 | 165,658 | 3,591 | 1,795 | 1,209,645 |
| Transferred from construction in | | | | | | | | |
| progress | 3,654 | - | - | - | - | - | (3,654) | - |
| Additions | 281 | 1,210 | 1,506 | 403 | 1,245 | 856 | 1,943 | 7,444 |
| Disposals | (18,495) | (195) | (1,339) | (1,569) | - | (69) | - | (21,667) |
| Depreciation (Note 7) | (19,851) | (9,630) | (5,380) | (400) | (3,730) | (4,378) | - | (43,369) |
| Reclassification to investment | | | | | | | | |
| properties | (879,822) | (81,410) | (27,314) | (34) | (163,173) | | (84) | (1,151,837) |
| Closing net book amount | | | | 216 | | | | 216 |
| As at 31 December 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | _ | _ | _ | 565 | _ | _ | _ | 565 |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | - | - | (349) | _ | - | _ | (349) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Net book amount | | | | 216 | | | | 216 |
| Year ended 31 December 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Opening net book amount | - | - | - | 216 | - | - | - | 216 |
| Acquisition of a subsidiary | | | | | | | | |
| (Note 24) | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| Depreciation (Note 7) | | | | (107) | | | | (107) |
| Closing net book amount | _ | - | - | 109 | _ | 1 | _ | 110 |
| Ü | | | | | | | | |
| As at 31 December 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | - | - | - | 565 | - | 1 | - | 566 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | (456) | | | | (456) |
| Net book amount | | _ | | 109 | | 1 | _ | 110 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment has been charged to the consolidated income statement (Note 7) as follows:

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|--------------------|---------------|----------|--------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 | December | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| Cost of sales | - | 43,261 | - |
| Operating expenses | 107 | 108 | 54 |
| | | | |
| | 107 | 43,369 | 54 |

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

| | As at 31 [| As at 31 December | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | 2014 20 | | | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | | |
| | | | | |
| Investment properties | 4,870,000 | 4,190,000 | | |

The investment properties were located in the PRC held on land use rights of 35 to 40 years.

| | As at 31 Dec | ember |
|---|--------------|-----------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| At fair value | | |
| Opening balance | 4,190,000 | _ |
| Reclassification from property, plant and equipment and | | |
| land use rights (a) | - | 4,410,000 |
| Additions | 13,412 | 16,281 |
| Fair value losses (b) | (143,412) | (236,281) |
| Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 24) | 810,000 | |
| Closing balance | 4,870,000 | 4,190,000 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

- It represents the reclassification from property, plant and equipment and land use rights to investment properties upon date of listing, when the Group ceased its hotel operation and became engaged in business of leasing the hotel properties. The investment properties was stated at fair value of RMB4,410,000,000 by reference to the fair market valuation made by an independent professional property valuer, DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited.
- An independent valuation of the Group's investment properties was performed by the valuer, DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, to determine the fair value of the investment properties as at 31 December 2014 and 2013.

As at 31 December 2014, bank borrowings are secured on the Initial Hotel Properties for the carrying amount of RMB4,060,000,000 (2013: RMB4,190,000,000) (Note 20).

The following table analyses the investment properties carried at fair value, by valuation method.

| | Fair value measurements as at | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------|--|
| | 31 December 2014 using | | | |
| | Quoted prices | | | |
| | in active | Significant other | Significant | |
| | markets for | observable | unobservable | |
| | identical assets | inputs | inputs | |
| Description | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | | | |
| Recurring fair value measurements | | | | |
| Investment properties: | | | | |
| - Initial Hotel Properties | _ | _ | 4,060,000 | |
| - Shanghai Hotel | _ | _ | 810,000 | |
| <u> </u> | | | | |
| | _ | _ | 4,870,000 | |
| | | | .,010,000 | |
| | Foir | value measurements as | o ot | |
| | | value measurements as December 2013 using | | |
| | | December 2013 using | | |
| | Quoted prices | | | |
| | in active | Significant other | Significant | |
| | markets for | observable | unobservable | |
| | identical assets | inputs | inputs | |
| Description | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | | | |
| Recurring fair value measurements | | | | |
| Investment properties: | | | | |
| - Initial Hotel Properties | | | 4,190,000 | |
| | | | | |

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year of 2014 and 2013.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

| | As at 31 December 2014 RMB'000 |
|--|--|
| As at 1 January 2014 Additions Fair value losses Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 24) As at 31 December 2014 | 4,190,000 13,412 (143,412) 810,000 4,870,000 |
| | As at 31 December 2013 RMB'000 |
| Reclassification from property, plant and equipment and land use rights Additions Fair value losses | 4,410,000 16,281 (236,281) |
| As at 31 December 2013 | 4,190,000 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Valuation processes of the Group

The Group's investment properties were valued at 31 December 2014 by qualified independent professional valuer, DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, who hold a recognised relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued. For all investment properties, their current use equates to the highest and best use.

The Group's management reviews the valuations performed by the independent valuer for financial reporting purposes and reports directly to the Finance and Investment Committee (the "FIC") of the REIT Manager. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the FIC, the Group's management and independent valuer at least once every year, in line with the Group's annual reporting dates.

At each financial year end, the Group's management:

- Verifies all major inputs to the independent valuation report;
- Assesses property market conditions and property valuations movements as compared to the prior year valuation report;
- Holds discussions with the independent valuer and the FIC.

Changes in level 3 fair values are analysed at each reporting date during the annual valuation discussions between the Group's management and the FIC.

Valuation techniques

For Initial Hotel Properties and Shanghai Hotel, the valuation was determined using discounted cash flow ("DCF") projections based on significant unobservable inputs. These input include:

| Future rental cash inflows | Based on the actual location, type and quality of the properties and |
|----------------------------|--|
| | supported by the terms of any existence lease, other contracts and |
| | external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties; |

Discount rates Reflecting current market assessments of the uncertainty in the amount

and timing of cash flows;

Maintenance costs Including necessary investments to maintain functionality of the property

for its expected useful life;

Terminal value Taking into account assumptions regarding maintenance costs, vacancy

rates and market rents.

There were no changes to the valuation techniques during the year ended 31 December 2013 and 2014.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

| Description | Fair value as at 31 Dec 2014 (RMB'000) | | Unobservable inputs | Range of unobservable inputs (probability-weighted average) | Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value |
|---|---|----------------------|--|---|---|
| Initial Hotel Properties and Shanghai Hotel | 4,870,000 | Discounted cash flow | Rental value | For rental income from Initial Hotel Properties: Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties is a predetermined fixed amount per annum and Total Rent of Initial Hotel Properties is calculated as 20% of the lessees' total revenue, plus 34% of the lessees' Gross Operating Profit from operating the Initial Hotel Properties. If the Total Rent of Initial Hotel Properties is less than the Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties for that year, the lessee shall pay the difference. For rental income from Shanghai Hotel: Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel is a predetermined fixed amount per annum and Total Rent of Shanghai Hotel is calculated as 25% of the lessees' total revenue, plus 34% of the lessees' Gross Operating Profit from operating the Shanghai Hotel. Total Rent of Shanghai Hotel is less than the Base Rent of Shanghai Hotel for that year, the lessee shall pay the difference. For other rental income: Total monthly rental range from RMB160,000 to RMB1,470,000 | The higher the input value, the higher the fair value |
| | | | Average daily room rate ("ADR") | 2015 - Range from RMB340 to RMB775 | |
| | | | Annual growth in ADR | Stabilized at 4% | |
| | | | Occupancy rate on available room basis | 2015 - Range from 53% to 66% Stabilized at range from 60% to 72% | |
| | | | Food and beverage revenue | 35% to 76% of gross revenue | |
| | | | Terminal growth rate | 4% | |
| | | | Furniture, fixtures and equipment ("FF&E") provision | 2% of gross revenue | The higher the input rate, the lower the fair value |
| | | | Discount rate | 9% | |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

| Description | Fair value as at 31 Dec 2013 (RMB'000) | Valuation technique | Unobservable inputs | Range of unobservable inputs (probability-weighted average) | Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value |
|--------------------------|---|----------------------|--|--|---|
| Initial Hotel Properties | 4,190,000 | Discounted cash flow | Rental value | For rental income from Initial Hotel Properties: Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties is a pre-determined fixed amount per annum and Total Rent of Initial Hotel Properties is calculated as 20% of the lessees' total revenue, plus 34% of the lessees' Gross Operating Profit from operating the Initial Hotel Properties. If the Total Rent of Initial Hotel Properties is less than the Base Rent of Initial Hotel Properties for that year, the lessee shall pay the difference. For other rental income: Total monthly rental range from RMB58,000 to RMB1,630,000 | The higher the input value, the higher the fair value |
| | | | ADR | 2014 - Range from RMB380 to RMB808 | |
| | | | Annual growth in ADR | Stabilized at 4% | |
| | | | Occupancy rate on available room basis | 2014 - Range from 58% to 68% Stabilized at range from 65% to 72% | |
| | | | Food and beverage revenue | 37% to 75% of gross revenue | |
| | | | Terminal growth rate | 4% | |
| | | | FF&E | 2% of gross revenue | The higher the |
| | | | Discount rate | 9% | input rate, the lower the fair value |

There are inter-relationships between unobservable inputs. An increase in future rental income may be linked with change of costs. If the remaining lease term increases, the yield may change.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

15 OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS

| | As at 31 December | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 2 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Fee paid for undrawn bank facilities | 2,874 | 13,870 |
| Other long-term assets | 550 87 | |
| | | |
| | 3,424 | 14,747 |

16 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

| | As at 31 December | |
|---|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 20 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Trade receivables (a) | 2,351 | 3,763 |
| Other receivables | 19 | 6 |
| Prepayments | 175 | 2,778 |
| | | |
| Trade and other receivables and prepayments – net | 2,545 | 6,547 |

As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, the fair values of the trade and other receivables of the Group, except for the prepayments which are not financial assets, approximated their carrying amounts.

(a) As at 31 December 2014, the trade receivables represent the rental income receivables from the lessees. The aging analysis of trade receivables as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 was as follows:

| As at 31 December | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 2014 | 2013 |
| RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | |
| | |
| 2,351 | 3,763 |
| | 2014 RMB'000 |

Credit period granted to customers is normally 30 to 90 days. No interest is charged on the trade receivables. Impairment review on trade receivables has been assessed and would be provided for estimated irrecoverable amounts after taking into account the subsequent settlement, rental deposit receivables and past collection history. For the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, no impairment has been provided.

As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, all the trade receivables were pledged as collateral for the Group's bank borrowings (Note 20).

For the year ended 31 December 2014

17 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH

| | As at 31 December | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| | 2014 20 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Cash at bank and on hand (a) | 231,113 | 170,126 |
| Less: Restricted cash (b) | (43,768) | (24,403) |
| | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 187,345 | 145,723 |

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash are denominated in the following currencies:

| | As at 31 De | As at 31 December | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | 2014 | | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand: • RMB • USD • HKD | 183,712 46,836 565 | 134,791 23,683 11,652 | |
| | 231,113 | 170,126 | |

All cash at bank are deposits with original maturity within 3 months. The Group earns interest on cash at bank, including restricted cash, at floating bank deposit rates.

Restricted cash represents guaranteed deposits held in reserve accounts pledged to the bank as security deposits under (b) bank borrowing agreements (Note 20).

For the year ended 31 December 2014

18 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | As at 31 December | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Trade payables (a) | 7,578 | 9,823 |
| Other payables | 6,030 | 5,255 |
| Staff salaries and welfare payables | - | 18 |
| Advances from customers | 1,990 | 1,874 |
| Interest payables | 9,797 | 16,320 |
| Accrued taxes other than income tax | 5,085 | 6,809 |
| Dividends payable | 2,400 | 2,435 |
| | | |
| | 32,880 | 42,534 |

(a) The aging analysis of the trade payables was as follows:

| | As at 31 December | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trada payablas | | |
| Trade payables | | |
| - Within 90 days | 1,934 | 5,390 |
| - Over 90 days and within 360 days | 4,374 | 637 |
| - Over 360 days and within 720 days | 598 | 3,110 |
| - Over 720 days | 672 | 686 |
| | 7,578 | 9,823 |

As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, all trade and other payables of the Group were non-interest bearing. Their fair values approximate their carrying amounts due to their short maturities.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

19 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

| | As at 31 December | |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Interest rate swaps | 10,407 | 9,531 |

The Group has entered into interest rate swaps with a commercial bank, which have the economic effect of converting interest rate of borrowings from floating rates to fixed rates. Nevertheless, the interest rate swap was not accounted for as hedging instruments as the conditions for hedge accounting were not met during the year ended 31 December 2013 and 2014. As at 31 December 2014, the notional principal amounts of the outstanding interest rate swaps were USD221,000,000 (2013: USD146,670,000) and the fixed interest rate were 3.45% to 3.7% per annum (2013: 3.50% per annum). Gains and losses arising from the fair value change of the interest rate swaps were recognised in the consolidated income statement in "Other gains/(losses) - net" (Note 10).

20 BORROWINGS

| | As at 31 December | |
|--|-------------------|----------|
| | 2014 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Non-current | | |
| Principle of bank borrowings – secured (a) | 1,497,049 | 937,624 |
| Less: Transaction costs | (35,245) | (28,107) |
| Current portion of non-current bank borrowings | (448) | (492) |
| | | |
| | 1,461,356 | 909,025 |
| Current | | |
| Bank borrowings – secured (a) | 110,142 | _ |
| Current portion of non-current bank borrowings | 448 | 492 |
| Corporate bond (b) | | 250,000 |
| | | |
| | 110,590 | 250,492 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

20 BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

The Group's borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

| | As at 31 December | |
|-------|-------------------|-----------|
| | 2014 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| • RMB | 141,563 | 299,167 |
| • USD | 1,430,383 | 860,350 |
| | | |
| | 1,571,946 | 1,159,517 |

The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates or maturity date whichever is earlier are as follows:

| | 6 months or less RMB'000 | Between 6 and 12 months RMB'000 | Over 1 year RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------|
| As at 31 December 2013 | 250,000 | | 909,517 | 1,159,517 |
| As at 31 December 2014 | 110,142 | | 1,461,804 | 1,571,946 |

The maturity of borrowings is as follows:

| | As at 31 De | As at 31 December | |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| | 2014 20 | | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | | |
| On demand or within 1 year | 110,590 | 250,492 | |
| Between 1 and 2 years | 1,106,943 | 492 | |
| Between 2 and 3 years | 354,413 | 908,533 | |
| | 1,571,946 | 1,159,517 | |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

20 BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

The weighted average effective interest rates at each balance sheet date were as follows:

| | As at 31 De | ecember |
|--------------------------|-------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Borrowings – current | | |
| - USD | 2.87% | - |
| - RMB | 4.90% | 5.21% |
| Borrowings – non-current | | |
| - USD | 4.84% | 4.08% |
| - RMB | 8.64% | 7.43% |

The fair values of current borrowings equal their carrying amounts as the discounting impact is not significant.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the non-current borrowings are as follows:

| | As at 31 De | As at 31 December | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--|
| | 2014 | 2013 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| Carrying amount Bank borrowings | 1,461,356 | 909,025 | |
| Fair value | | | |
| Bank borrowings | 1,425,623 | 883,607 | |

The fair values are based on cash flows discounted using a rate based on the borrowing rate and are within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

20 BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

The Group had the following undrawn bank borrowing facilities:

| | As at 31 December | |
|----------------|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| USD facilities | 310,845 | 261,008 |
| RMB facilities | | 310,000 |
| | | |
| | 310,845 | 571,008 |

All undrawn bank borrowing facilities above will be due as at 10 July 2016.

(a) Bank borrowings - secured

Bank borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 are secured by the following:

- Investment properties (Note 14), bank deposits (Note 17) and trade receivables (Note 16 and Note 27(c)) and guaranteed by Spearhead Investments Limited and Sky Town Investments Limited, subsidiaries of the Group (2013: same as 2014);
- Equity interest of Zhejiang New Century Hotel, 浙江鋭至投資股份有限公司 (Zhejiang Spearhead Investment Limited), 寧波開元鋭至投資有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Spearhead Investment Limited), 長春開元鋭至投資管理有限公 司 (Changchun New Century Spearhead Investment and Management Limited), 淳安千島湖開元鋭至投資有限公 司 (Chun'an Qiandao Lake New Century Spearhead Investment Limited), Spearhead Global Limited, Spearhead Investments Limited and Sky Town Investments Limited, 麗水惠富商貿有限公司 (Li Shui Full Wise Trading Limited) and Strong Tower Global Limited, Full Wise Industrial Limited, subsidiaries of the Group (2013: Equity interest of Zhejiang New Century Hotel, 浙江鋭至投資股份有限公司 (Zhejiang Spearhead Investment Limited), 寧波開元鋭至投 資有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Spearhead Investment Limited), 長春開元鋭至投資管理有限公司 (Changchun New Century Spearhead Investment and Management Limited), 淳安千島湖開元鋭至投資有限公司 (Chun'an Qiandao Lake New Century Spearhead Investment Limited), Spearhead Global Limited, Spearhead Investments Limited and Sky Town Investments Limited).

(b) Corporate bond

In April 2013, Zhejiang New Century Hotel issued a short-term corporate bond of RMB250,000,000, which was due and repaid in April 2014.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

21 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITIES

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset and when the deferred income taxes related to the same tax authority. The net deferred income tax balance after offsetting are as follows:

| | As at 31 December | |
|---|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Deferred income tax assets: | | |
| - to be recovered within 12 months | 523 | - |
| | | |
| Deferred income tax liabilities: | | |
| - to be recovered after more than 12 months | 829,495 | 749,662 |
| - to be recovered within 12 months | _ | 208 |
| | | |
| | 829,495 | 749,870 |
| | | |
| Net deferred income tax liabilities | 828,972 | 749,870 |
| | | |

The movements on the net deferred income tax liabilities are as follows:

| | Year ended 31 December | |
|---|------------------------|----------|
| | 2014 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Opening balance | 749,870 | 11,709 |
| Credited to the consolidated income statement (Note 12) | (7,812) | (58,518) |
| Charged to other comprehensive income | - | 796,679 |
| Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 24) | 86,914 | _ |
| | · | |
| Closing balance | 828,972 | 749,870 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

21 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balance within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

| Deferred income tax ass | sets | | Tax losses RMB'000 | Tempo differe on exp RMI | ences | Total RMB'000 |
|--|--|---|--|---|-------------------|--------------------|
| As at 31 December 2012 | 2 | | - | | 1,007 | 1,007 |
| Credited/(charged) to the concentration income statement | consolidated | | 3,948 | (| 1,007) | 2,941 |
| As at 31 December 2013 | 3 | | 3,948 | | _ | 3,948 |
| Charged to the consolidate Acquisition of a subsidiary | | ement | (7,326) 3,901 | | <u>-</u> | (7,326) 3,901 |
| As at 31 December 2014 | ŀ | _ | 523 | | | 523 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | Difference between tax book and accounting book in respect of investment properties RMB'000 | Depreciation of property, plant and equipment RMB'000 | Amortisation of transaction cost for the bank borrowings RMB'000 | Withholding tax in respect of subsidiaries' undistributed profit RMB'000 | Others RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
| As at 31 December 2012 | - | 5,346 | - | 7,370 | - | 12,716 |
| (Credited)/charged to the consolidated income statement Charged to other comprehensive | (45,073) | (5,346) | 1,758 | (7,370) | 454 | (55,577) |
| income | 796,679 | | | | | 796,679 |
| As at 31 December 2013 (Credited)/charged to the | 751,606 | - | 1,758 | - | 454 | 753,818 |
| consolidated income statement Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 24) | 90,815 | | (961) | | | (15,138) 90,815 |
| As at 31 December 2014 | 827,976 | _ | 797 | _ | 722 | 829,495 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

22 NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

| | Number | Net assets attributable to |
|--|-------------|----------------------------|
| | of units | unitholders RMB'000 |
| Period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to | | |
| 31 December 2013 | | |
| Net proceeds from issuance of units | | 533,993 |
| - Issuance of units (b) | 772,000,000 | 2,135,971 |
| - Units issued for acquisition of subsidiaries (a) | ,, | (1,601,978) |
| Transactions with the Controlling Shareholders | | (362,804) |
| Cash consideration paid for acquisition of subsidiaries (a) | | (1,296,876) |
| Reclassification from equity to net assets attributable to unitholders | | 934,072 |
| Unit issue costs | | (28,088) |
| Reclassification from property, plant and equipment and | | |
| land use rights to investment properties carried at | | |
| fair value, net of tax (c) | | 2,371,773 |
| Loss for the period | | (146,859) |
| As at 31 December 2013 | 772,000,000 | 2,368,015 |
| Year ended 31 December 2014 | | |
| Opening balance | 772,000,000 | 2,368,015 |
| Issuance of new units (d) | 159,139,567 | 412,447 |
| Unit issue costs incurred in relation to the acquisition of | | |
| a subsidiary (Note 24) | | (7,152) |
| Loss for the year | | (43,104) |
| Distributions paid to unitholders during the year | | (172,223) |
| Excess of fair value of net assets of a subsidiary assumed over | | |
| acquisition cost (Note 24) | | 25,322 |
| As at 31 December 2014 | 931,139,567 | 2,583,305 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

22 NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS (CONTINUED)

- Upon listing on 10 July 2013, the Trustee and the REIT Manager entered into the Sales and Purchase Agreement with Huge Harvest and Weiliang International Limited ("Weiliang International"), Carlyle Blue Sky and New Century Tourism Group Limited (collectively, the "Vendors"), which was supplemented by the Amended Agreement, pursuant to which New Century REIT has acquired all the issued shares of Spearhead Global Limited at the date of listing with the consideration of the issuance of 579,000,000 units of New Century REIT and cash consideration of HK\$556,310,659 and US\$139,663,400.
- (b) Upon listing on 10 July 2013, New Century REIT issued 772,000,000 units at an issue price of HK\$3.50 per unit (equivalent to RMB2,135,971,000).
- Upon the date of listing, the Group ceased hotel operation and became engaged in business of leasing hotel properties, (C) the relevant property, plant and equipment and land use rights were reclassified to investment properties accordingly.
- (d) New Century REIT has issued 159,139,567 units during the year ended 31 December 2014:
 - (i) On 23 April 2014, 3,840,504 units were issued to the REIT Manager at an issue price of HK\$3.4594 per unit (equivalent to RMB10,552,944) as payment of REIT Manager fee for the period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013;
 - On 31 July 2014, 151,369,782 units were issued in relation to the acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 24), in which:
 - 135,000,000 placement units were issued at an issue price of HK\$3.25 per unit (equivalent to RMB349,157,250);
 - 15,000,000 consideration units were issued at an issue price of HK\$3.25 per unit (equivalent to RMB38,731,388);
 - 1,369,782 units were issued to the REIT Manager as Acquisition Fee at an issue price of HK\$3.25 per unit (equivalent to RMB3,500,000);
 - On 9 October 2014, 3,929,281 units were issued to the REIT Manager at an issue price of HK\$3.3718 per unit (equivalent to RMB10,506,260) as payment of REIT Manager fee for the six months ended 30 June 2014.

As at 31 December 2014, the net assets attributable to unitholders per unit of RMB2.7743 is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders of RMB2,583,305,000 by the number of units in issue of 931,139,567 (2013: the net assets attributable to unitholders per unit of RMB3.0674 is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders of RMB2,368,015,000 by the number of units in issue of 772,000,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2014

23 LOSSES PER UNIT BASED UPON LOSS AFTER INCOME TAX BEFORE TRANSACTIONS WITH UNITHOLDERS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

Losses per unit based upon loss after income tax before transactions with unitholders attributable to unitholders is calculated by dividing the loss after income tax before transaction with unitholders attributable to unitholders by the weighted average number of units in issue during the year/period.

| | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|--|------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year ended | (date of listing) to |
| | 31 December 2014 | 31 December 2013 |
| Loss after income tax before transactions with unitholders attributable to unitholders (RMB'000) | (43,104) | (146,859) |
| Weighted average number of units in issue ('000) | 839,432 | 772,000 |
| Basic losses per unit (RMB) | 0.0513 | 0.1902 |

The diluted losses per unit is the same as the basic losses per unit as there were no diluted instruments in issue during the year ended 31 December 2014 and the period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

24 BUSINESS COMBINATION

On 31 July 2014, the Group acquired the entire share capital of Strong Tower Global Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively known as "Strong Tower Group") from Success Conquer Global Limited, an associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT. The purchase consideration for the acquisition was RMB235,611,000, which was settled partly by cash and partly by issuance of consideration units (Note 22). The cash portion of the consideration was financed by fund drawdown of a new bank borrowing (Note 20) and the proceeds of placement units (Note 22). The acquisition has been accounted using the acquisition method. The Strong Tower Group is principally engaged in leasing of Shanghai Hotel, which is located in PRC.

The following table summarises the consideration paid, the fair value of net assets acquired at the acquisition date. The difference between the fair value of net assets acquired and the unit issuance cost in relation to the acquisition has been included in the changes of net assets attributable to unitholders (Note 22).

The net cash outflow arising from the net assets acquired is as follows:

| | Fair value RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------------|
| Investment properties (Note 14) | 940 000 |
| Investment properties (Note 14) | 810,000 |
| Amount due from related parties Preparty, plant and agrigment (Note 12) | 6,222 |
| Property, plant and equipment (Note 13) | 532 |
| Trade and other receivables and prepayments | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3,591 |
| Borrowings | (405,500) |
| Amount due to related parties | (64,666) |
| Trade and other payables | (2,333) |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | (86,914) |
| Net identifiable assets acquired | 260,933 |
| Total consideration satisfied by: | |
| - Cash paid | (196,880) |
| - Consideration units issued (Note 22) | (38,731) |
| Total consideration for the acquisition | (235,611) |
| Excess of the fair value of net assets of a subsidiary assumed over acquisition cost (Note 22) | 25,322 |
| Net cash outflow arising on acquisition: | |
| Cash consideration | (196,880) |
| Cash and cash equivalent in the subsidiary acquired | 3,591 |
| | (193,289) |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

24 BUSINESS COMBINATION (CONTINUED)

Acquisition-related cost of RMB8,034,000 (Note 7) have been charged to operating expenses in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2014. The Acquisition Fee paid to the REIT Manager please refer to Note 8.

15,000,000 consideration units were issued as part of the consideration paid to Success Conquer Global Limited (equivalent to RMB38,731,388) (Note 22). Issuance costs totalling RMB7,152,000 have been netted against the deemed proceeds (Note 22).

The revenue included in the consolidated income statement since 31 July 2014 contributed by the Strong Tower Group was RMB25,986,000. The Strong Tower Group also contributed profit of RMB6,652,000 over the same period.

Had the Strong Tower Group been consolidated from 1 January 2014, the consolidated income statement would show pro-forma revenue of RMB37,599,000 and profit of RMB3,713,000.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

25 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of loss before taxation to cash generated from operations

| | Year ended 31 I 2014 RMB'000 | December 2013 RMB'000 | Period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013 RMB'000 |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Loss before taxation for the year/period | (15,925) | (157,519) | (186,066) |
| Adjustments for: | | | |
| - Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 7) | 107 | 43,369 | 54 |
| - Amortisation of land use rights | - | 1,154 | - |
| - Amortisation of intangible assets | - | 628 | - |
| - Amortisation of long-term assets | - | 208 | - |
| - Share based payment | - | 500 | - |
| - Fair value loss on derivative financial instruments (Note 10) | 876 | 9,531 | 9,531 |
| - Fair value loss on investment properties (Note 14) | 143,412 | 236,281 | 236,281 |
| - Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment - net | - | 533 | - |
| - Loss on disposal of intangible assets - net | - | 72 | - |
| - Interest income from related parties (Note 27(b)) | - | (11,908) | - |
| - Unrealised net foreign exchange losses/(gains) on | | | |
| financing activities (Note 11) | 6,838 | (11,571) | (11,571) |
| - Realised net foreign exchange losses on | | | |
| financing activities (Note 11) | 944 | - | - |
| - Interest expense on bank borrowings and | | | |
| other borrowings (Note 11) | 53,580 | 52,198 | 22,719 |
| - Amortisation of transaction costs of bank borrowings (Note 11) | 19,520 | 5,165 | 5,165 |
| - Agency fee (Note 11) | 973 | 400 | 400 |
| Changes in working capital: | | | |
| - Decrease/(increase) in trade and other | | | |
| receivables and prepayments | 4,697 | 18,658 | (6,384) |
| - (Increase)/decrease in amount due from related parties | (20,503) | 80,502 | (17,312) |
| - Decrease in inventories | - | 10,265 | - |
| - (Decrease)/increase in amount due to related parties | (17,078) | 22,312 | - |
| - Decrease in trade and other payables - | (3,219) | (280,969) | (15,851) |
| Cash generated from operations | 174,222 | 19,809 | 36,966 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

26 COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments

| | As at 31 December | |
|--|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| In respect of investment properties, contracted but not provided for | - | 11,070 |

27 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with connected and related parties during the year/period:

For the year ended 31 December 2014

27 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Nature of relationship with connected/related parties

The table set forth below summaries the names of the connected/related parties and nature of their relationship with the Group as at 31 December 2014.

| Connected/related party | Relationship with the Group |
|---|--|
| Chen Miaolin, Chen Canrong, Kong Weiliang and Zhang Guanming | Controlling Shareholders and significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Hangzhou Xiaoshan Chaoyi Carpet Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Hangzhou Huang Chaoyi Printing Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| New Century Tourism Group Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Shanghai New Century Enterprise Operation Management Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Hangzhou New Century Real Estate Group Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Hangzhou New Century International Tourism Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Hangzhou New Century Zhijiang Cleaning Chain Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Hangzhou New Century Decorating Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Chun'an Qiandao Lake Property Management Services Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Deqing New Century Senbo Holiday Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Zhejiang New Century Property Services Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Hangzhou New Century Information System Engineering Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Hangzhou Zhirong Trading Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Zhejiang New Century Hotel Management Limited and other members of its group (collectively the "Hotel Group") | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited | Associated corporation of significant holders of New Century REIT |
| New Century Asset Management Ltd (the "REIT Manager") | The manager of New Century REIT |
| DB Trustees (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Trustee") DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited (the "Valuer") | The Trustee of New Century REIT The principal valuer of New Century REIT |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

27 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

(b) Transactions with connected/related parties

Purchase of goods and services:

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|--|------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 De | ecember | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| The Hotel Group Hangzhou New Century Zhijiang | - | 10,204 | - |
| Cleaning Chain Limited | - | 3,337 | - |
| Hangzhou Xiaoshan Chaoyi Carpet Limited Zhejiang New Century Property Services Limited | - | 235 195 | _ |
| Hangzhou Huang Chaoyi Printing Limited | _ _ | 93 | |
| _ | | 14,064 | |

Interest income from related parties:

| | | | Period |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------|----------------------|
| | | | from 10 July 2013 |
| | Year ended 31 De | cember | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| New Century Tourism Group Limited | | 11,908 | |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

27 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Transactions with connected/related parties (continued)

Rental income received/receivable from:

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|--|------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 De | ecember | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| The Hotel Group (i) | 217,720 | 112,975 | 112,975 |
| Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand | | | |
| Hotel Limited | 21,655 | _ | - |
| Shanghai New Century Enterprise | | | |
| Operation Management Limited | 2,308 | _ | - |
| New Century Tourism Group Limited | 1,847 | 1,828 | 914 |
| Hangzhou New Century Real Estate | | | |
| Group Limited | 1,555 | 1,370 | 686 |
| Deqing New Century Senbo Holiday Limited | 266 | 132 | 132 |
| Hangzhou New Century International | | | |
| Tourism Limited | 247 | 204 | 120 |
| Hangzhou New Century Zhijiang | | | |
| Cleaning Chain Limited | 124 | 120 | 60 |
| Hangzhou New Century Decorating Limited | 113 | 84 | 56 |
| Hangzhou Zhirong Trading Limited | 67 | 33 | 33 |
| Hangzhou New Century Information | | | |
| System Engineering Limited | 50 | 50 | 25 |
| | 245,952 | 116,796 | 115,001 |

The net rental income from Initial Hotel Properties of 2014 is RMB214,981,000, calculated by gross rental income of RMB217,720,000, netting of value-added taxes of RMB2,739,000 (2013: The net rental income from Initial Hotel Properties for the period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013 is RMB111,600,000, calculated by gross rental income of RMB112,975,000, netting of value-added taxes of RMB1,375,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2014

27 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

(b) Transactions with connected/related parties (continued)

Rental deposit received from:

| | Year ended 31 | Docombor | Period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to |
|---|---------------|-----------------|---|
| | 2014 | | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | 2013 RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | HIVID UUU | NIVID UUU | NIVID 000 |
| Shanghai Songjiang New Century | | | |
| Grand Hotel Limited | 45,471 | _ | _ |
| Shanghai New Century Enterprise Operation | • | | |
| Management Limited | 1,475 | - | - |
| New Century Tourism Group Limited | 466 | _ | - |
| The Hotel Group | 434 | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Hangzhou New Century Real Estate | | | |
| Group Limited | 434 | - | - |
| Deqing New Century Senbo Holiday Limited | 67 | - | - |
| Hangzhou New Century International | | | |
| Tourism Limited | 63 | - | - |
| Hangzhou New Century Zhijiang | | | |
| Cleaning Chain Limited | 32 | - | - |
| Hangzhou New Century Decorating Limited | 29 | - | - |
| Hangzhou Zhirong Trading Limited | 17 | - | - |
| Hangzhou New Century Information | | | |
| System Engineering Limited | 13 | _ | |
| _ | | | |
| _ | 48,501 | 20,000 | 20,000 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

27 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

(b) Transactions with connected/related parties (continued)

Cash received from sales of properties, plant and equipment:

| | | | Period |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|----------------------|
| | | | from 10 July 2013 |
| | Year ended 3 | 1 December | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| The Hotel Group | | 18,750 | 30 |

Other connected party transactions:

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 De | ecember | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| REIT Manager fee paid/payable to the REIT Manager Trustee fee paid/payable to the Trustee Valuation fee paid/payable to the Valuer | 26,346 983 624 | 10,553 565 319 | 10,553 565 319 |
| | 27,953 | 11,437 | 11,437 |

For the year ended 31 December 2014

27 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

(c) Balances with connected/related parties as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

Trade receivables due from:

| | As at 31 December | |
|--|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| The Hotel Group | 45,067 | 22,009 |
| Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited | 3,761 | - |
| New Century Tourism Group Limited | - | 152 |
| Hangzhou New Century International Tourism Limited | - | 9 |
| Hangzhou New Century Zhijiang Cleaning Chain Limited | - | 2 |
| | | |
| | 48,828 | 22,172 |

As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, all the trade receivables due from related parties were pledged as collateral for the Group's bank borrowings (Note 20).

Other receivables due from:

| | As at 31 December | |
|---|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Chun'an Qiandao Lake Property Management Services Limited | 101 | _ |
| The Hotel Group | - | 32 |
| The Valuer (i) | - | 60 |
| _ | | |
| | 101 | 92 |

Other receivables due from the Valuer is recorded in "Trade and other receivables" of the consolidated balance sheet.

Trade payables due to:

| | As at 31 Dece | As at 31 December | |
|---|---------------|-------------------|--|
| | 2014 | 2013 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | | |
| Hangzhou New Century Decorating Limited | 1,913 | 4,341 | |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2014

27 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

(c) Balances with connected/related parties as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 were as follows: (continued)

Other payables due to:

| | As at 31 December | |
|--|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited | 48,000 | _ |
| The Hotel Group | 18,118 | 21,342 |
| The REIT Manager | 12,317 | 10,675 |
| Shanghai New Century Enterprise Operation | | |
| Management Limited | 1,475 | _ |
| New Century Tourism Group Limited | 466 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century Real Estate Group Limited | 434 | _ |
| Deqing New Century Senbo Holiday Limited | 67 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century International Tourism Limited | 63 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century Zhijiang Cleaning Chain Limited | 32 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century Decorating Limited | 29 | 11 |
| Hangzhou Zhirong Trading Limited | 17 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century Information System | | |
| Engineering Limited | 13 | _ |
| The Trustee (ii) | 592 | 422 |
| The Valuer (ii) | 331 | _ |
| | | |
| | 81,954 | 32,450 |

Other payables due to the Trustee and the Valuer are recorded in "Trade and other payables" of the consolidated balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2014

27 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

(c) Balances with connected/related parties as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 were as follows: (continued)

Advances from customers:

| | As at 31 December | |
|--|-------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Shanghai New Century Enterprise Operation | | |
| Management Limited | 512 | _ |
| New Century Tourism Group Limited | 159 | _ |
| The Hotel Group | 148 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century Real Estate Group Limited | 148 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century International Tourism Limited | 21 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century Decorating Limited | 10 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century Zhijiang Cleaning Chain Limited | 11 | _ |
| Hangzhou New Century Information System | | |
| Engineering Limited | 4 | |
| | 1,013 | |

(d) Key management compensation:

| | | | Period |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------|----------------------|
| | | | from 10 July 2013 |
| | Year ended 31 Dec | cember | (date of listing) to |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 31 December 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | |
| Basic salaries and allowances | - | 2,957 | - |
| Discretionary bonuses | - | 2,815 | _ |
| Other benefits including pension | - | 172 | - |
| | | | |
| | | 5,944 | |

(e) Director's emoluments

No directors' emoluments were paid for or are payable by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, respectively.

For the year ended 31 December 2014

28 SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

| | Date of | Issued and paid up capital/registered | Effective interests held by the | |
|--|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Name | incorporation | capital | Group (%) | Principal activities |
| Incorporated in the PRC: | | | | |
| 浙江開元酒店投資管理集團有限公司 (Zhejiang New Century Hotel Investment & Management Group Limited) | 30 November 2001 | RMB 811,000,000 | 100% | Investment holding and hotel properties leasing |
| 浙江鋭至投資股份有限公司 (Zhejiang Spearhead Investment Limited) | 8 September 1994 | RMB 102,571,739 | 95.46% | Hotel properties leasing |
| 寧波開元鋭至投資有限公司 (Ningbo New Century Spearhead Investment Limited) | 1 December 2004 | RMB 170,488,723 | 100% | Hotel properties leasing |
| 長春開元鋭至投資管理有限公司 (Changchun New Century Spearhead Investment and Management Limited) | 13 November 2007 | RMB 120,000,000 | 100% | Hotel properties leasing |
| 淳安千島湖開元鋭至投資有限公司 (Chun'an Qiandao Lake New Century Spearhead Investment Limited) | 15 January 2001 | RMB 30,000,000 | 100% | Hotel properties leasing |
| 上海松江輝維資產管理有限公司 (Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei Asset Management Limited) | 17 April 2013 | RMB 463,000,000 | 100% | Hotel properties leasing |
| 麗水惠富商貿有限公司 (Lishui Full Wise Trading Limited) | 25 February 2013 | RMB 463,901,200 | 100% | General trading and investment holding |
| Incorporated in British Virgin Islands: | | | | |
| Spearhead Global Limited | 8 March 2013 | 20,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each | 100% | Investment holding |
| Strong Tower Global Limited | 13 January 2014 | 10,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each | 100% | Investment holding |
| Incorporated in Hong Kong: | | | | |
| Spearhead Investments Limited | 25 March 2013 | 1 ordinary share of HKD1 each | 100% | Investment holding |
| Sky Town Investments Limited | 22 May 2007 | 745,054,688 ordinary shares of HKD1 each | 100% | Investment holding |
| Full Wise Industrial Limited | 20 September 2012 | 10,000 ordinary shares of HKD1 each | 100% | Investment holding |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2014

29 FUTURE MINIMUM RENTAL RECEIVABLES

As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, the Group has future minimum rental receivables under non-cancellable leases as follow:

| | As at 31 December | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | |
| Within one year | 293,264 | 243,441 |
| Between one year and five years | 1,069,947 | 909,105 |
| Over five years | 863,844 | 857,004 |
| | | |
| | 2,227,055 | 2,009,550 |

PERFORMANCE TABLE

| | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Net assets attributable to unitholders (RMB'000) | 2,583,305 | 2,368,015 |
| Net assets value per unit attributable to unitholders (RMB) (Equivalent to HK\$) | 2.7743 3.5167 | 3.0674 3.9015 |
| The highest premium of the traded price to net asset value per unit (HK\$) (Note b) | 10.90% | N/A |
| The highest discount of the traded price to net asset value per unit (HK\$) (Note b) | 10.14% | 17.72% |
| Distribution yield per unit (after taking into account the effect of Special Distribution and Distribution Waivers) (Note c) | 8.72% | 8.91% |
| Number of units in issue (units) | 931,139,567 | 772,000,000 |
| Gearing ratio (Note d) | 31% | 27% |
| Gross liabilities as a percentage of gross assets (Note e) | 50% | 46% |

Notes:

- a. Hong Kong dollar amounts are based on an exchange rate of HK\$1 = RMB0.7889 (2013: HK\$1 = RMB0.7862) unless indicated otherwise.
- The highest premium is calculated based on the highest traded price of HK\$3.90 (2013: HK\$3.80 for the period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013) on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited during the year ended 31 December 2014. The highest discount is calculated based on the lowest traded price of HK\$3.16 (2013: HK\$3.21 for the period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013) on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited during the year ended 31 December 2014.
- Distribution yield per unit for 2014 is calculated based on total distribution per unit of RMB0.2285 (equivalent to HK\$0.2879) (after taking into account the effect of Special Distribution and Distribution Waivers) for the year ended 31 December 2014 over the closing price of HK\$3.30 as at 31 December 2014. Distribution yield per unit for 2013 is an annualised distribution yield per unit calculated based on total distribution per unit of RMB0.1225 (equivalent to HK\$0.1555) (after taking into account the effect of Existing Distribution Waivers) for the period from 10 July 2013 (date of listing) to 31 December 2013 over the closing price of HK\$3.64 as at 31 December 2013 on a factor of 365/175.
- Gearing ratio is calculated based on gross borrowings excluding transaction costs over total asset value as at the end of reporting period.
- It is calculated based on total liabilities excluding transaction costs on borrowings and net assets attributable to unitholders over total asset value at the end of reporting period.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the results, the distributions and of the assets and liabilities of New Century REIT, as extracted from the published audited consolidated financial statements, is set out below.

| | | | Period from 10 July 2013 |
|--|--------------|------------|--------------------------|
| | | | (date of listing) |
| | Year ended 3 | 1 December | to 31 December |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Results and distributions | | | |
| Revenue | | | |
| Rental income | 267,793 | 141,279 | 126,842 |
| Hotel operation income | | 319,596 | |
| | | | |
| | 267,793 | 460,875 | 126,842 |
| | | | |
| Loss before taxation and transactions with unitholders | (15,925) | (157,519) | (186,066) |
| Income tax (expense)/credit | (25,994) | 26,867 | 38,867 |
| | | | |
| Loss for the year/period, before transactions with unitholders | (41.010) | (130,652) | (1.47.100) |
| with thinducts | (41,919) | (130,032) | (147,199) |
| Loss attributable to unitholders | (43,104) | (120,000) | (146.950) |
| LOSS AUTIDUIADIE TO UTITUTORETS | (43,104) | (130,888) | (146,859) |
| Total distributions to unitholders | 181,468 | 80,702 | 80,702 |
| Total distributions to drift folders | 101,700 | 00,702 | 00,702 |

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

| | As at 31 December | |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Assets and liabilities | | |
| Non-current assets | 4,873,534 | 4,204,963 |
| Current assets | 282,587 | 198,877 |
| Total assets | 5,156,121 | 4,403,840 |
| Current liabilities | 256,857 | 352,484 |
| Non-current liabilities, other than net assets attributable to unitholders | 2,290,328 | 1,658,895 |
| Total liabilities, other than net assets attributable to unitholders Net assets attributable to unitholders | 2,547,185 2,583,305 | 2,011,379 2,368,015 |
| Total liabilities | 5,130,490 | 4,379,394 |
| Net assets | 25,631 | 24,446 |
| Total equity | | |
| Non-controlling interest | 25,631 | 24,446 |



CORPORATE INFORMATION

THE REIT MANAGER AND THE REGISTERED OFFICE

New Century Asset Management Limited Unit 4706, 47th Floor, The Center, 99 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2153 3588 Fax: (852) 3488 6403

BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE REIT MANAGER

CHEN Miaolin

(Chairman and Non-executive Director)

CHEUNG Yat Ming

(Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director)

ZHANG Guanming

(Non-executive Director)

ZHANG Chi

(with JIANG Tianyi as his alternate with effect from 25 June 2014)

(Non-executive Director)

TONG JinQuan

(Non-executive Director)

(appointed on 19 January 2015)

ANGELINI Giovanni

(Independent Non-executive Director)

YU Hon To David

(Independent Non-executive Director)

HE Jianmin

(Independent Non-executive Director) (appointed on 30 January 2014)

RESPONSIBLE OFFICERS OF THE REIT **MANAGER**

CHEUNG Yat Ming HONG Kam Kit Eddie HO Wai Chu

AUDIT COMMITTEE OF THE REIT MANAGER

YU Hon To David (Chairman) ZHANG Chi HE Jianmin

DISCLOSURES COMMITTEE OF THE REIT MANAGER

CHEUNG Yat Ming (Chairman) **ZHANG Guanming** YU Hon To David

NOMINATION COMMITTEE OF THE REIT **MANAGER**

CHEN Miaolin (Chairman) ANGELINI Giovanni HE Jianmin

FINANCE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE OF THE REIT MANAGER

CHEUNG Yat Ming (Chairman) HONG Kam Kit Eddie HO Wai Chu

APPROVED PERSON OF THE REIT **MANAGER**

CHEUNG Yat Ming

COMPANY SECRETARY OF THE REIT MANAGER

YU Hoi Zin

TRUSTEE

DB Trustees (Hong Kong) Limited Level 52, International Commerce Centre 1 Austin Road West Kowloon Hong Kong

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22nd Floor, Prince's Building Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL VALUER

DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited 16th Floor, 1063 King's Road Quarry Bay Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISER

King & Wood Mallesons 13th Floor, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 15 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

UNIT REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PROPERTY MANAGER

Zhejiang New Century Hotel Management Limited 18th Floor, 818 Shixin Zhong Road Beigan Street Xiaoshan District Hangzhou PRC

STOCK CODE

01275

WEBSITE

www.ncreit.com



Acquisition Fee

not exceeding the rate of 0.5% of the acquisition price of any real estate from the New Century Group and not exceeding the rate of 1% of the acquisition price of any real estate from third parties other than the New Century Group.

Carlyle Group

The Carlyle Group, a global alternative asset manager with approximately US\$194 billion in assets under management with 128 funds and 142 fund of funds vehicles investing in corporate private equity, real assets, global market strategies and fund of funds solutions as at 31 December 2014.

Changchun New Century Grand

Changchun New Century Spearhead Investment and Management Limited* (長春開元鋭至投資管理有限公司, previously 長春開元名都大酒店有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Zhejiang New Century Hotel incorporated in the PRC on 13 November 2007.

Connected Person(s)

has the meaning ascribed to it in the REIT Code.

Divestment Fee

not exceeding the rate of 0.5% of the sale price of any real estate divested by New Century REIT.

Full Wise HK

Full Wise Industrial Limited (惠富實業有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong on 20 September 2012 and a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Century REIT.

Hangzhou New Century Real Estate

Hangzhou New Century Real Estate Group Limited* (杭州開元房地產集團有 限公司), a company incorporated in the PRC on 6 July 2001.

Hong Kong Stock Exchange

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Hotel Lease and Management Agreements

with respect to the Initial Hotel Properties, the master hotel lease and management agreement dated 14 June 2013 entered into between Zhejiang New Century Hotel and New Century Hotel Management and the separate hotel lease and management agreements entered into between the Lessors and the Lessees in respect of the leasing of Initial Hotel Properties and delegation of the hotel management function by the Manager to the Lessees, and the Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement dated 25 June 2014 and the Shanghai Hotel Management Agreement dated 1 May 2014 in respect of Shanghai Hotel, as amended, supplemented and/or otherwise modified from time to time.

Huge Harvest

Huge Harvest International Limited (浩豐國際有限公司), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 11 January 2008, 83.90%, 9.29% and 6.81% of its issued shares were ultimately owned by Mr. Chen Miaolin, Mr. Chen Canrong and Mr. Zhang Guanming respectively as at 31 December 2014.

Huge Harvest Group Huge Harvest, its direct and indirect subsidiaries and entities ultimately

controlled by Mr. Chen Miaolin.

Individual Rent the rent payable under a Hotel Lease and Management Agreement.

Initial Hotel Property(ies) New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou (杭州開元名都大酒店), New Century

> Hotel Xiaoshan Zhejiang (浙江開元蕭山賓館), New Century Resort Qiandao Lake Hangzhou (杭州千島湖開元渡假村), New Century Grand Hotel Ningbo (寧 波開元名都大酒店) and New Century Grand Hotel Changchun (長春開元名都

大酒店).

Liability Table referring to the Shanghai Hotel Acquisition, means the table setting out

> the amount of all the liabilities and debts of Strong Tower (excluding the deferred tax liabilities relating to the fair value gain of Shanghai Hotel) on a consolidated basis as at 31 July 2014 provided by PricewaterhouseCoopers,

the independent auditor appointed by the REIT Manager.

New Century Hotel Management in respect of the Initial Hotel Properties and Lessee

Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited in respect of Shanghai

Hotel.

the Property Companies. Lessor(s)

Listing Rules the Rules governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong

Kong limited, as amended, supplemented and/or otherwise modified from

time to time.

Lishui Full Wise Lishui Full Wise Trading Limited* (麗水惠富商貿有限公司), a company

incorporated in the PRC on 25 February 2013 and a wholly-owned subsidiary

of New Century REIT.

New Century (Cayman) New Century Hotel Group Limited (開元酒店集團有限公司), a company

incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 24 March 2011.

New Century (Cayman) and its subsidiaries. **New Century Group**

New Century Hotel Management Zhejiang New Century Hotel Management Limited* (浙江開元酒店管理有限公

> 司), a company incorporated in the PRC on 17 December 2008 and whose registered address is 18th Floor, 818 Shixin Zhong Road Beigan Street,

Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou, PRC.

New Century Tourism New Century Tourism Group Limited* (開元旅業集團有限公司), a company

incorporated in the PRC on 9 January 2001.

| Ningbo New Century Grand | Ningbo New Century Spearhead Investment Limited* (寧波開元鋭至投資有限 |
|--------------------------|--|
| | 公司, previously 寧波開元名都大酒店有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of |

Zhejiang New Century Hotel incorporated in the PRC on 1 December 2004.

Non-Competition Deed the deed of non-competition entered into by Mr. Chen Miaolin, Huge Harvest,

the REIT Manager and the Trustee dated 14 June 2013.

Offering Circular the offering circular of New Century REIT dated 24 June 2013 and as

supplemented on 29 June 2013.

Ordinary Resolution a resolution of Unitholders proposed and passed by a simple majority of the

> votes of those present and entitled to vote that shall be taken by way of poll, but with a quorum of two or more Unitholders holding 10% of Units in issue.

PRC or China the People's Republic of China.

Property Companies Changchun New Century Grand, Zhejiang New Century Hotel, Ningbo New

> Century Grand, Qiandao Lake Resort and Xiaoshan Hotel Company for the Initial Hotel Properties, and Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei for Shanghai Hotel.

Qiandao Lake Resort Chun'an Qiandao Lake New Century Spearhead Investment Limited* (淳安千

> 島湖開元鋭至投資有限公司, previously 杭州千島湖開元度假村開發有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Zhejiang New Century Hotel incorporated in the

PRC on 15 January 2001.

REIT Code the Code on Real Estate Investment Trusts published by the SFC as

> amended, supplemented or otherwise modified for the time being or, for the purpose of the Trust Deed, from time to time, including but not limited by published practice statements or in any particular case, by specific written

guidance issued or exemptions or waivers granted by the SFC.

SFO the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong)

as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified and the rules thereunder.

Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei Asset Management Limited* (上海松江輝維資

產有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Strong Tower incorporated in the

PRC on 17 April 2013.

Sky Town Sky Town Investments Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong on 22

May 2007 and a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Century REIT.

Shanghai Hotel Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Shanghai (上海松江開元名都大酒店).

Shanghai Hotel Acquisition

the acquisition by the Trustee (acting on the instructions of the REIT Manager) on behalf of New Century REIT of 100% of the issued share capital of Strong Tower, on the terms and subject to the conditions of the Sale and Purchase Agreement dated 25 June 2014. New Century REIT indirectly owned Shanghai Hotel through Strong Tower.

Shanghai Hotel Lease Agreement

with respect to Shanghai Hotel, the hotel lease agreement dated 25 June 2014 entered into between Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited and Shanghai Songjiang Hui Wei in respect of the leasing of Shanghai Hotel, as amended, supplemented and/or otherwise modified from time to time.

Shanghai Hotel Management Agreement

with respect to Shanghai Hotel, the hotel management agreement dated 1 May 2014 entered into between Shanghai Songjiang New Century Grand Hotel Limited and New Century Hotel Management in respect of the management of Shanghai Hotel, as amended, supplemented and/or otherwise modified from time to time.

Special Purpose Vehicle(s) ("SPV(s)")

the entities wholly or majority owned directly or indirectly by New Century REIT in accordance with the REIT Code through which New Century REIT holds or owns real estate, and as at 31 December 2014, including SPV (BVI), SPV (HK), Sky Town, Strong Tower, Full Wise HK, Lishui Full Wise and the Property Companies.

Special Resolution

a resolution of Unitholders proposed and passed by a majority consisting of 75% or more of the votes of those present and entitled to vote in person or by proxy where the votes shall be taken by way of poll, but with a quorum of two or more Unitholders holding 25% of the Units in issue.

SPV (BVI)

Spearhead Global Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 8 March 2013 and a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Century REIT.

SPV (HK)

Spearhead Investments Limited (鋭至投資有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong on 25 March 2013 and a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Century REIT.

Strong Tower

Strong Tower Global Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 13 January 2014 and a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Century REIT.

Trust Deed

the trust deed dated 10 June 2013 entered into between the Trustee and the REIT Manager constituting New Century REIT and as amended by the supplemental trust deed dated 20 June 2013.

Unit(s) unit(s) of New Century REIT.

Unitholder(s) holders of the Units from time to time.

Xiaoshan Hotel Company Zhejiang Spearhead Investment Limited* (浙江鋭至投資股份有限公司, previously

> 浙江蕭山賓館股份有限公司), a joint stock company (non-listed) incorporated in the PRC on 8 September 1994, which is approximately 95.46% owned by Zhejiang New Century Hotel, and approximately 4.54% owned by 29

independent third parties.

Zhejiang New Century Hotel Zhejiang New Century Hotel Investment & Management Group Limited* (浙江

開元酒店投資管理集團有限公司), a company incorporated in the PRC on 30

November 2001.

Zhejiang New Century Real

Estate

Zhejiang New Century Real Estate Limited* (浙江開元置業有限公司), a

company incorporated in the PRC on 21 May 2002.

The English translation of company names in Chinese or another language which are marked with "*" and the Chinese translation of company names in English which are marked with "*" are for identification purposes only.



