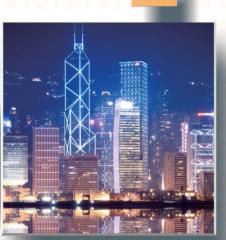


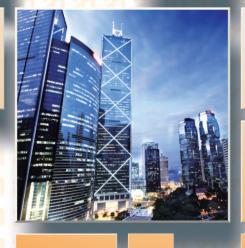
### 21 Holdings Limited 21 控股有限公司\*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 1003











\* For identification purposes only \* 僅供識別

#### CONTENTS 日錄

Corporate Information	公司資料	2
Chairman's Statement	主席報告	4
Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論及分析	6
Senior Management Profile	高級管理層簡歷	14
Corporate Governance Report	企業管治報告	16
Directors' Report	董事報告 7 7 7	28
Independent Auditor's Report	獨立核數師報告	35
Audited Financial Statements	經審核財務報表	
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	綜合損益及 其他全面收益表	1 3737 1 311 311
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	綜合財務狀況報表	39
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	綜合權益變動表	41
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	3 綜合現金流量表	42
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	综合財務報表附註	1 2 44
Financial Summary	財務概要	135

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION いヨ次則

#### 公司資料



#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Lei Hong Wai *(Chairman)* Ng Kai Man Cheung Kwok Fan

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Chio Chong Meng Wong Tak Chuen Man Kong Yui

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Wong Tak Chuen *(Chairman)* Chio Chong Meng Man Kong Yui

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Chio Chong Meng *(Chairman)* Lei Hong Wai Man Kong Yui

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Lei Hong Wai *(Chairman)* Choi Chong Meng Man Kong Yui

#### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

李雄偉(主席) 吳啟民 張國勳

#### 獨立非執行董事

趙仲明 黃德銓 文剛鋭

#### 審核委員會

黃德銓(主席) 趙仲明 文剛鋭

#### 薪酬委員會

趙仲明(主席) 李雄偉 文剛鋭

#### 提名委員會

李雄偉(主席) 趙仲明 文剛鋭

#### 核數師

德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師

#### 主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司 富邦銀行(香港)有限公司

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料



#### **LEGAL ADVISERS TO THE COMPANY**

As to Hong Kong Law Vincent T.K. Cheung, Yap & Co.

As to Bermuda Law Appleby

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12, Bermuda

### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 3811, Shun Tak Centre West Tower 168–200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

#### **BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR IN HONG KONG**

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17/F Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

#### **STOCK CODE**

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 1003

#### **WEBSITE**

www.irasia.com/listco/hk/21holdings

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS CONTACT**

general@21holdings.com

#### 公司法律顧問

*香港法律* 張葉司徒陳律師事務所

*百慕達法律* Appleby

#### 註冊辦事處

Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12, Bermuda

#### 總辦事處及香港主要營業 地點

香港干諾道中 168-200號 信德中心西座 3811室

#### 主要股份過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號鋪

#### 股份代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司:1003

#### 網址

www.irasia.com/listco/hk/21holdings

#### 投資者關係聯絡

general@21holdings.com

#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告



On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board"), I am pleased to present the annual report of 21 Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2014

本人謹代表董事會(「董事會」) 欣然呈報21控股有限公司(「本公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度的年報。

The property agency segment in Hong Kong reported a revenue of HK\$203.8 million, representing an increase of about HK\$109.1 million or 115.2% from last year which is mainly due to the release of pent-up demand from end-users. Following the implementation of suppressing measures regulating the Hong Kong property market in October 2012, February 2013 and April 2013, a new round of mortgage-tightening measures was announced by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in February 2015. The new measures reduced the cap of the loan-to-value ratio to 60.0% and also lowered the maximum debt-service ratio, which will inevitably suppress the demand for small to medium-sized home. Furthermore, the possible interest rate hikes in the United States (the "US") would increase the cost of borrowing in Hong Kong and further elevate the barrier for homebuyers. As a result, the sales volume and the home price are expected to drop in 2015.

香港物業代理分部錄得收益港幣 203,800,000元,較去年增加約港幣 109,100,000元或 115.2%,主要是由於最終用家釋放被壓抑的需求所致。繼二零一二年十月、二零一三年二月及二零一三年四月實施抑制措施調節香港物業市場後,香港金融管理局於二零一五年二月宣布新一輪收緊按揭的措施。新措施將貸款與價值的比率降至60.0%,同時亦將最高償債率下調,中小型住宅單位的需求難免受壓。此外,美國(「美國」)可能加息將使香港借貸成本上升,進一步窒礙置業者的購買意慾。因此,預期二零一五年的銷量及樓價將會下跌。

During the year, the Company had raised fund for expanding a new business, namely the provision of mortgage financing by placing of new shares and open offer. However, the Group has not yet commenced its provision of mortgage financing. The new measures announced in February 2015 further tightened the lending rules on secondary mortgage financing. Moreover, the possible interest rate hikes and expected drop in home prices would intensify mortgage default risk on secondary mortgage loans. The Group would stay with its wait-and-see approach towards its provision of mortgage financing business.

年內,本公司籌集資金擴展新業務,如透過新股配售及公開發售提供按揭融資。然而,本集團尚未開始提供按揭融資。二零一五年二月宣布的新措施進一步收緊二按融資的借貸規則。此外,可能加息及預期樓價下跌亦使二手按揭貸款的按揭違約風險加大。本集團在提供按揭融資業務方面繼續採取觀望態度。

The property agency segment in the Mainland China recorded a loss of HK\$1.9 million for the year. In face of the gloomy property market in the Mainland China, the Group has streamlined its operation to minimise the operating costs and shifted its focus to the property agency segment in Hong Kong.

年內,中國內地物業代理分部錄得虧損港幣 1,900,000元。面對中國內地低迷的物業市場,本集 團精簡業務以降低經營成本,並將發展重點轉為香 港物業代理分部。

#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告



The economic development in the Mainland China continues to slow, amidst the government efforts to cool down home prices, the property market in the Mainland China experienced a slump in 2014. The demand was waning. Many major cities saw the fall in home prices and rising number of mortgage defaults. In response to sluggish property market, the government of the Mainland China has gradually loosened the curbs on home purchases restriction in some cities since the second quarter of 2014 and relaxed the mortgage lending requirements in September 2014. The People's Bank of China eased the monetary policy in the form of cutting its benchmark lending rates and reducing the required reserves ratios in November 2014 and February 2015. These moves are expected to enhance the liquidity of the property market and curb the property bubble in the Mainland China. Looking ahead, the home prices and sales volume are expected to continue correcting in the first half of 2015, the property market in some cities would remain stagnant due to oversupply.

中國內地經濟發展持續放緩,同時政府致力壓抑樓價,導致二零一四年中國內地物業市場表現疲弱,需求不斷下降。不少大城市出現樓價下跌,按揭違約數目上升。為振興疲弱的物業市場,中國內地政府自二零一四年第二季起逐步解除部分城市的購房限制,並於二零一四年九月放寬按揭借貸規定中國人民銀行放寬貨幣政策,分別於二零一四年十一月及二零一五年二月下調基準借貸利率及存款準備金比率。該等措施預期將增加物業市場的流動了金、壓抑中國內地的樓市泡沫。展望未來,預期二零一五年上半年的樓價及銷量將會繼續修正,部分城市的物業市場仍會因供過於求而停滯不前。

The global economy is expected to grow at a moderate pace with the ongoing recovery in the US economy and the reform in the Mainland China. Nevertheless, the property agency business in both Hong Kong and the Mainland China will continue to face the challenges brought by the unfavorable market condition such as supply-demand imbalance. Given the uncertainties of the increased volatilities in the global financial markets, the monetary policies in the US and the measures implemented by the Hong Kong government in the property sector in Hong Kong, the Group will continue to cautiously monitor the business environment and direct resources conservatively to further strengthen and develop its existing businesses with our robust business network and established operating systems. In addition, we will continue to seek for suitable investment opportunities for the Group to diversify its businesses and broaden its revenue bases.

隨著美國經濟持續復甦,加上中國內地進行改革,預期全球經濟增長緩和。然而,香港及中國內地的物業代理業務仍會面對供求不均等不利市況所帶來的挑戰。鑑於全球金融市場波動加劇、美國貨幣政策及香港政府針對香港物業市場的措施等不明朗因素,本集團將繼續審慎監察營商環境,緊慎分配資源,利用健全的業務網絡及操作系統進一步鞏固並發展現有業務。此外,我們將繼續為本集團物色合適的投資機會,以拓展業務及擴闊收益基礎。

Finally, I would like to thank my fellow directors and all our staffs for their valuable contributions and dedicated efforts to the continuous development of the Group. I am also grateful for the continued supports rendered by our shareholders, business partners and bankers throughout the years.

最後,本人謹此衷心感謝董事會成員及全體員工推動本集團持續發展的寶貴貢獻與盡心服務,同時,亦衷心感謝各股東、業務夥伴及往來銀行一直的支持。

#### Lei Hong Wai

Chairman

Hong Kong, 27 March 2015

主席 **李雄偉** 

香港,二零一五年三月二十七日



#### **BUSINESS AND OPERATION REVIEW**

#### PROPERTY AGENCY IN HONG KONG

The property agency segment in Hong Kong reported a revenue of HK\$203.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, an increase of about 115.2% as compared with HK\$94.7 million for last year. This increase was due to active launches of new residential projects by the real estate developers and the release of pent-up demand from endusers. In view of the improving labour market, increasing purchase power and continuous growth in household formation in Hong Kong, the demand for small to medium-sized residential properties has showed a remarkable growth in the second half of 2014. Gross profit for the property agency segment in Hong Kong was HK\$30.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, an increase of about 27.5% as compared with HK\$23.6 million for last year. Nevertheless, the gross profit margin did not record a proportionate increase in revenue due to high commission paid to property agents, incentives and rebates offered to buyers to boost the sales. Operating loss from the property agency segment in Hong Kong for the year amounted to HK\$2.8 million (excluding provision for impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$1.2 million) whilst the operating loss for last year was HK\$1.9 million (excluding provision for impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$20.9 million).

During the year, in view of the unsatisfactory profitability of the subfranchise business in Century 21 Hong Kong Limited ("Century 21 HK") and its subsidiary in the past few years, the Group as vendor entered into a sale and purchase agreement with a purchaser, which is wholly owned by Mr. Ng Kai Man ("Mr. Ng"), an executive director of the Company, in relation to the disposal of the entire equity interest in Century 21 HK at a consideration of HK\$4.5 million. The directors of the Company (the "Directors") consider that the disposal will enable the Group to streamline its businesses, hence the Group can allocate its resource to its core businesses and expand the property agency business in overseas.

#### 業務及營運回顧

#### 香港物業代理

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,香港物業 代理分部錄得收益港幣203.800.000元,較去年的港 幣 94,700,000 元增加約 115.2%,乃由於房地產開發 商積極推出新住宅項目及最終用戶積壓需求得以釋 放。鑑於香港勞工市場不斷改善、購買力不斷增強 及家庭數目持續增加,二零一四年下半年中小戶型 住宅物業之需求顯著增長。截至二零一四年十二月 三十一日 | 上年度,香港物業代理分部之毛利為港幣 30,100,000元,較去年的港幣23,600,000元增加約 27.5%。儘管如此,毛利率並無錄得與收益相稱的增 加,原因為須向物業代理支付高昂佣金、向客戶提 供優惠及回扣以推動銷售。年內,香港物業代理分 部之經營虧損為港幣2,800,000元(不包括商譽減值 虧損之撥備港幣1,200,000元),而去年的經營虧損 為港幣1,900,000元(不包括商譽減值虧損之撥備港 幣20,900,000元)。

年內,鑑於過去數年世紀21香港有限公司(「世紀21香港」)及其附屬公司旗下的特許經營業務之盈利欠佳,本集團(賣方)與本公司執行董事吳啟民先生(「吳先生」)全資擁有的公司(買方)訂立買賣協議,有關以代價港幣4,500,000元出售所持世紀21香港的全部權益。本公司董事(「董事」)認為,出售讓本集團業務得以精簡,以便本集團分配其資源至其核心業務並擴大海外的物業代理業務。



## PROPERTY AGENCY IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA ("PRC")

The property market in the PRC showed a slump in 2014 amidst the government restrictive measures to cool down property prices. Demand for residential properties has been subdued and home price declined due to oversupply. In face of the gloomy property market in the PRC, the Group has streamlined its operation to minimise the operating costs and focused on the property agency segment in Hong Kong. As a result, the scale of property agency segment in the PRC has significantly curtailed and the sales activities of this segment have plunged to a minimum level. The reported revenue of the property agency segment in the PRC was HK\$33,000 for the year ended 31 December 2014, representing a significant decrease of HK\$4.0 million or 99.2% when compared with the revenue of HK\$4.1 million for last year. The operating loss for the year ended 31 December 2014 was HK\$1.9 million, whilst the operating loss for last year was HK\$5.7 million (excluding amortisation of intangible assets and provision for impairment loss on intangible assets of HK\$9.7 million and HK\$24.9 million respectively).

#### **SECURITIES TRADING AND INVESTMENTS**

In view of the slow global economic growth, the Directors envisaged that the volatility of the Hong Kong equity market would remain high. During the year, the Group disposed of all its securities and investments, including note receivables, investments held for trading and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Group's securities trading and investment segment reported a profit of HK\$0.9 million, which mainly consists of interest income of HK\$0.9 million, a loss of HK\$1.3 million arising from the disposal of Hong Kong equity securities and listed bonds with market value of HK\$48.2 million, a gain of HK\$0.8 million arising from the disposal of note receivables with market value of HK\$10.8 million and a gain of HK\$0.6 million arising from the disposal of unlisted convertible bonds with market value of HK\$9.7 million.

#### 中華人民共和國(「中國」)物業代理

二零一四年,中國物業市場處於政府採取限制性措施降溫樓市之階段,表現低迷,對住宅物業的需求減弱且供大於求導致房價下跌。面對不景氣的中國物業市場,本集團精簡營運以減少營運成本並專注香港物業代理分部。因此,中國物業代理分部之規模大幅削減,該分部之銷售活動已跌至最低水平。截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,中國物業代理分部之呈報收益為港幣33,000元,較去年的收益港幣4,100,000元顯著減少港幣4,000,000元或99.2%。截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度經營虧損港幣1,900,000元,而去年經營虧損港幣5,700,000元(不包括無形資產攤銷及無形資產減值虧損撥備分別港幣9,700,000元及港幣24,900,000元)。

#### 證券買賣及投資

鑑於全球經濟增長緩慢,董事預期香港股市的波動性仍較大。年內,本集團出售全部證券及投資,包括應收票據、持作買賣之投資及按公平值計入損益之財務資產。本集團之證券買賣及投資分部錄得溢利港幣900,000元,主要包括利息收入港幣900,000元、出售市值港幣48,200,000元的香港股票及上市債券產生虧損港幣1,300,000元、出售市值港幣10,800,000元的應收票據產生收益港幣800,000元及出售市值港幣9,700,000元的非上市可換股債券產生收益港幣600,000元。



#### PROVISION OF MORTGAGE FINANCING

Both the home prices and sales volume for the small units rose significantly in the second half of 2014 and the indebtedness of Hong Kong households rose to a historic high. Given the uncertainties over the possible interest rate hikes in the United States (the "US"), further tightening measures launched by the government and an expected correction in home prices especially the small to medium-sized home, the Directors foresee a high mortgage default risk on second-mortgage loans under the unfavorable market condition. As such, the Directors will adopt a wait-and-see approach towards the commencement of provision of mortgage financing business in 2015.

#### **MATERIAL ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES**

On 7 October 2014, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement to acquire the entire equity interest in Sinofocus Media (Holdings) Limited ("Sinofocus Media") and the shareholder's loan due by Sinofocus Media at a consideration of HK\$97.0 million. Sinofocus Media and its subsidiaries ("Sinofocus Group") are principally engaged in advertising agency business in the PRC. The acquisition constitutes a discloseable transaction of the Company under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and was announced on 7 October 2014. The acquisition was completed and accounted for as an acquisition of assets and liabilities on 10 November 2014.

#### MATERIAL DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 5 December 2014, the Group as vendor entered into a sale and purchase agreement with a purchaser, which is wholly owned by Mr. Ng in relation to the disposal of the entire equity interest in Century 21 HK at a consideration of HK\$4.5 million. Century 21 HK and its subsidiary are principally engaged in the provision of franchise services in Hong Kong and Macau. The disposal constitutes a discloseable transaction and a connected transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules. As the applicable percentage ratios under the Listing Rules in respect of the disposal are under 25% and the consideration is less than HK\$10,000,000, the disposal is only subject to the reporting and announcement requirements, but is exempted from circular (including independent financial advice) and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules. The disposal was completed on 12 December 2014.

#### 提供按揭融資

二零一四年下半年小戶型之房價及銷量均大幅上升,香港住房債務達歷史新高。鑑於美國(「美國」) 是否加息、政府是否推出進一步收緊政策及預期修正房價(尤其是中小戶型的房價)仍不明朗,在此不利市況下,董事預計二按貸款存在較高按揭違約風險。因此,董事就於二零一五年開始提供按揭融資業務持觀望態度。

#### 重大收購附屬公司

於二零一四年十月七日,本公司訂立買賣協議,以代價港幣97,000,000元收購Sinofocus Media (Holdings) Limited (「Sinofocus Media」)全部股權及Sinofocus Media應付股東貸款。Sinofocus Media及其附屬公司(「中觀集團」)主要從事中國廣告代理業務。根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」),收購事項構成本公司的一項須予披露交易並於二零一四年十月七日公佈。收購事項於二零一四年十一月十日完成並入賬列為收購資產及負債。

#### 重大出售附屬公司

於二零一四年十二月五日,本集團(賣方)與吳先生 全資擁有的公司(買方)訂立買賣協議,有關以代價 港幣4,500,000元出售所持世紀21香港的全部股權。 世紀21香港及其附屬公司主要從事於香港及澳門提 供特許經營服務。根據上市規則,出售構成本公司 的一項須予披露交易及關連交易。由於上市規則所 載適用百分比率就出售而言低於25%且代價少於港 幣10,000,000元,因此出售僅須遵守申報及公佈規 定,惟獲豁免遵守上市規則所載通函(包括獨立財務 意見)及獨立股東批准規定。出售於二零一四年十二 月十二日完成。



#### **IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON GOODWILL**

The Group performs regular review on the carrying amount of goodwill to determine any potential impairment according to Hong Kong Accounting Standard 36 "Impairment of Assets".

## Circumstances leading to impairment loss on goodwill for the year ended 31 December 2014

The entire net carrying amount of goodwill as at 31 December 2014 has been allocated to the property agency segment in Hong Kong. During the year, new mortgage-tightening measures and tighter lending policies were announced by The Hong Kong Monetary Authority in February 2015, including capping the loan-to-value ratio and the maximum debt-service ratio. The management anticipated that the measures would suppress demand in the short term. As a result, an impairment loss of HK\$1.2 million was recognised during the year, which is based on the past performance of the property agency segment in Hong Kong, management's expectations for market development as well as the potential profitability in the property agency market in Hong Kong, taking into account the effect of the new mortgage-tightening measures launched in February 2015. The management of the Company therefore was of the opinion that their previous expectation as at 31 December 2013 on potential profitability could not be met and as a result, the valuation assumptions and the cash flow projection have been adjusted to reflect a more conservative expectation, leading to the impairment loss.

#### 商譽的減值評估

本集團根據香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」,定期 審閱商譽賬面值金額,以釐定潛在減值。

#### 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度導致商譽減 值虧損的原因

二零一四年十二月三十一日的商譽賬面淨值已全部分配至香港物業代理分部。年內,香港金融管理局於二零一五年二月頒佈新按揭緊縮措施及更嚴格的貸款政策,包括設定貸款與價值比率及最高償債本上限。管理層預計該措施短期內會抑制需求。因此,年內確認減值虧損港幣1,200,000元,此乃基於香港物業代理分部的過往表現以及管理層對市場發展及香港物業代理市場潛在盈利(計及二零一三年十二月月推出的新按揭緊縮措施之影響)的預期。因此本公司管理層認為,彼等先前於二零一三年十二月三十一日對潛在盈利的預期可能不會實現,故調整估值假設及現金流量預測以作更保守估計並計提減值虧損撥備。



#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

On 6 August 2013, the Group disposed of its entire 60% equity interest in Yanyan Force Limited ("Yanyan Force"). The principal activities of Yanyan Force are trading of toy, gift and premium products. Accordingly, the results of Yanyan Force were presented separately as discontinued operation for the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### **RESULTS OF CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group reported a revenue of HK\$203.8 million, representing an increase of HK\$105.0 million or 106.4% when compared with that of last year. Gross profits increased by HK\$3.8 million from HK\$26.2 million for the last year to HK\$30.1 million, principally due to the increase in property sales transactions of the property agency segment in Hong Kong.

The Group recorded investment and other income of HK\$1.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, a significant decrease of HK\$17.2 million or 90.9% as compared with HK\$18.9 million for last year. Such decrease was mainly due to the absence of gain on disposals of subsidiaries of HK\$5.1 million and refund of litigation cost of HK\$7.4 million recorded in the last year and a decrease in interest on debt securities of HK\$2.9 million.

On 30 December 2014, the Group granted a loan in the principal amount of HK\$80.0 million to Mastermind Capital Limited ("Mastermind Capital"), a company with its shares listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 905), for a term of two years from the date of drawdown and generated interest income of HK\$35,000 for the year ended 31 December 2014.

The Group recorded other losses of HK\$2.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2014 which was mainly attributable to loss on disposals of subsidiaries of HK\$1.3 million and net loss on investments held for trading of HK\$1.3 million.

Selling and distribution costs amounted to HK\$4.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, a 300.6% increase from HK\$1.0 million for last year. This increase was mainly due to market research conducted and consultation in relation to the Group's business plan for expanding property agency business in overseas.

#### 財務回顧

於二零一三年八月六日,本集團出售所持欣科有限公司(「欣科」)全部60%的股權。欣科之主要業務為玩具、禮品及優質產品的買賣。因此,截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,欣科之業績單獨呈列為已終止業務。

#### 持續經營業務業績

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得收益港幣203,800,000元,較去年增加港幣105,000,000元或106.4%。毛利由去年的港幣26,200,000元增加港幣3,800,000元至港幣30,100,000元,主要由於香港物業代理分部之物業銷售交易增加。

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得投資及其他收入港幣1,700,000元,較去年的港幣18,900,000元大幅減少港幣17,200,000元或90.9%。有關減少主要是由於去年錄得出售附屬公司收益港幣5,100,000元及訴訟成本退款港幣7,400,000元而今年並無該等款項以及債務證券利息減少港幣2,900,000元。

於二零一四年十二月三十日,本集團向慧德投資有限公司(「慧德」)(股份於聯交所主板上市(股份代號:905))發放本金額港幣80,000,000元的貸款,自提取日期起計為期兩年及截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,產生利息收入港幣35,000元。

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得其他虧損港幣2,300,000元,主要是由於出售附屬公司虧損港幣1,300,000元及持作買賣之投資虧損淨額港幣1,300,000元。

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,銷售及分銷成本為港幣4,200,000元,較去年的港幣1,000,000元增加300.6%,乃主要由於就本集團擴展海外物業代理業務的業務計劃進行市場調查及諮詢。



Administrative expenses decreased by 28.0% from HK\$48.2 million in the year ended 31 December 2013 to HK\$34.8 million in the current financial year. This decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in directors' remuneration, staff costs and legal and professional fees.

Finance costs amounted to HK\$2.1 million, representing an increase of HK\$2.1 million, primarily attributable to interest expenses of the funding required for purchasing the first-hand properties on behalf of customers.

The Group recorded a loss before interest, tax, depreciation and impairment of HK\$7.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2014 as compared to a profit before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and impairment of HK\$87.7 million for last year. This deterioration is principally attributable to the absence of the reversal of provision for losses on litigation of HK\$86.5 million recorded in the year ended 31 December 2013.

In combination of above factors, together with provision for impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$1.2 million, the Group recorded a loss of HK\$13.1 million for this reporting year, as compared to a profit of HK\$35.2 million for the corresponding year in 2013.

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group maintained a sufficient working capital amounting to HK\$250.8 million as at 31 December 2014 (31 December 2013: HK\$189.0 million) with bank balances and cash of HK\$231.9 million (31 December 2013: HK\$120.2 million).

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had loan payable of HK\$6.0 million (31 December 2013: nil) which is denominated in Hong Kong dollars and would be due within one year. The loan payable carries fixed interest rate of 15% per annum and is secured by an undated share charge over the entire issued share capital of Kingbox Investments Limited ("Kingbox"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and the shareholder's loan due by Kingbox to the Company.

Gearing ratio, express as the percentage of total borrowings over total capital, of the Group as at 31 December 2014 was 1.8% (31 December 2013: nil). Total capital is calculated as total equity plus total borrowings. The increase in gearing ratio was attributable to the increase in loan payable.

行政開支截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度的港幣48,200,000元減少28.0%至當前財政年度的港幣34,800,000元,主要是由於董事酬金、員工成本及法律及專業費用減少所致。

財務費用為港幣2,100,000元,增加港幣2,100,000元,主要包括代表客戶購買一手物業所需資金之利息開支。

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得除利息、税項、折舊及減值前之虧損為港幣7,100,000元,而去年除利息、税項、折舊、攤銷及減值前之溢利為港幣87,700,000元。該變化主要由於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度錄得的撥回訴訟虧損撥備港幣86,500,000元並不存在所致。

綜合上述因素連同計提商譽減值虧損撥備港幣 1,200,000元,本集團就本報告年度錄得虧損港幣 13,100,000元,而二零一三年同年錄得溢利港幣 35,200,000元。

#### 流動資金及財務資源

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團維持充足營運資金港幣250,800,000元(二零一三年十二月三十一日:港幣189,000,000元),銀行結餘及現金港幣231,900,000元(二零一三年十二月三十一日:港幣120,200,000元)。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團有應付貸款港幣6,000,000元(二零一三年十二月三十一日:零),乃以港元計值並將於一年內到期。應付貸款以年利率15%計息,由本公司全資附屬公司Kingbox Investments Limited(「Kingbox」)全部已發行股本之無限期股權質押協議及Kingbox應付本公司之股東貸款作抵押。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團的資本與負債比率(即借貸總額與總資本的百分比)為1.8%(二零一三年十二月三十一日:零)。總資本按權益總額加總借貸計算。資本與負債比率增加主要由於應付貸款增加所致。



#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

As at 31 December 2014, the Company has 577,138,852 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each (the "Shares") in issue.

During the year, the share capital of the Company had the following changes:

- On 5 May 2014, the Company allotted and issued 64,000,000 Shares at a placing price of HK\$0.81 per Share (the "Placing") to not less than six individual investors, whose ultimate beneficial owners are independent third parties, pursuant to the general mandate granted to the Directors at the annual general meeting held on 24 May 2013 and a placing agreement dated 25 April 2014. The placing price of HK\$0.81 per Share represented a discount of approximately 18.18% to the closing price of HK\$0.99 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 25 April 2014, being the date on which the terms of the Placing were fixed. The net placing price, after deducting the relevant expenses, was approximately HK\$0.78 per Share and the aggregate nominal value of the Shares issued was HK\$640,000. The aggregate net proceeds from the Placing of approximately HK\$50.0 million are intended to use for expansion of the new business, namely provision of mortgage financing. As at 31 December 2014, the net proceeds from the Placing were remained unused and placed with licensed banks in Hong Kong.
- b. On 16 June 2014, the Company further allotted and issued 192,379,617 Shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.50 per Share by way of open offer to the qualifying shareholders of the Company on the basis of one new share for every two existing shares held on 21 May 2014 (the "Open Offer"). The aggregate net proceeds from the Open Offer of HK\$92.7 million are intended to use for expansion of the new business, namely the provision of mortgage financing. As at 31 December 2014, the net proceeds from the Open Offer of HK\$92.7 million were applied as to (i) HK\$80.0 million for financing the granting of loan to Mastermind Capital for a term of 2 years and (ii) HK\$12.7 million was remained unused and placed with licensed banks in Hong Kong.

#### 資本架構

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司有 577,138,852股每股面值港幣0.01元的已發行普通股 (「股份 |)。

年內,本公司之股本有以下變動:

- 於二零一四年五月五日,本公司根據於二零 a. 一三年五月二十四日舉行之股東週年大會向董 事所授出一般授權及日期為二零一四年四月 二十五日之配售協議,按配售價每股股份港幣 0.81元向不少於六名個人投資者配發及發行 64,000,000股股份(「配售事項」),該等投資者 之最終實益擁有人為獨立第三方。配售價每股 港幣 0.81 元較股份於二零一四年四月二十五日 (即釐定配售事項條款之日期)聯交所所報收市 價每股港幣0.99元折讓約18.18%。淨配售價(經 扣除相關開支後)約為每股港幣0.78元,而已 發行股份之總面值為港幣640,000元。來自配 售事項之所得款項淨額合共約港幣50.000.000 元擬用作擴展新業務,即提供按揭融資。於二 零一四年十二月三十一日,來自配售事項之所 得款項淨額仍未動用,並存置於香港之持牌銀 行。
- b. 於二零一四年六月十六日,本公司按於二零一四年五月二十一日每持有兩股現有股份獲發一股新股之基準及公開發售之方式,以認購價每股港幣0.50元向本公司合資格股東進一步配發及發行192,379,617股股份(「公開發售」)。來自公開發售之所得款項總淨額港幣92,700,000元擬用作擴展新業務,即提供按揭融資。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,來自公開發售之所得款項淨額港幣92,700,000元用於:(i)港幣80,000,000元用於融資授予慧德之貸款,為期兩年及(ii)港幣12,700,000元仍未動用,並存置於香港之持牌銀行。



#### **CHARGES ON ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had an undated share charge over the entire issued share capital of Kingbox and the shareholder's loan due by Kingbox to the Company as a security for a loan payable of HK\$6.0 million. The consolidated net asset values of Kingbox and its subsidiaries and the shareholder's loan as at 31 December 2014 were HK\$42.4 million and HK\$18.3 million respectively.

#### **EXPOSURE TO EXCHANGE RATES**

Most of the Group's business transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, US dollars and Renminbi. The Group's exposure to US dollars currency risk is minimal as Hong Kong dollars is pegged to US dollars. Nevertheless, operations and performances of the Group might be affected by the fluctuation of Renminbi. Presently, the Group does not have any currency hedging policy but will closely monitor Renminbi exchange rate and take appropriate measures to minimise any adverse impact that may be caused by its fluctuation.

#### **LITIGATION**

Details of the litigation are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had 24 employees and 249 agents. To attract, retain and motivate its employees, the Group has developed effective remuneration policies that are subject to review on regular basis. The Group's employees are remunerated with competitive packages which are in line with prevailing industry practice and individual performance. Furthermore, share option and performance-based bonus scheme are also in place to recognise the outstanding employees.

#### 資產抵押

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團以 Kingbox 全部已發行股本之無限期股權質押協議及 Kingbox 應付本公司之股東貸款作為應付貸款港幣 6,000,000元之抵押。於二零一四年十二月三十一日, Kingbox 及其附屬公司與股東貸款之綜合資產淨值分別為港幣42,400,000元及港幣18,300,000元。

#### 匯率風險

本集團之業務交易、資產及負債主要以港幣、美元 及人民幣計值。由於港幣與美元掛鈎,故本集團所 面對美元之外匯風險極低。然而,人民幣波動可能 對本集團之業務及表現造成影響。目前,本集團並 無任何貨幣對沖政策,惟會密切注視人民幣匯率走 勢,並採取適當措施盡量減低匯率波動可能造成之 任何不利影響。

#### 訴訟

訴訟詳情載於綜合財務報表附註38。

#### 僱貞

二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團僱用24名僱員及249名代理。為吸引、挽留及激勵僱員,本集團已制訂有效的薪酬政策並予以定期檢討。本集團僱員的薪酬方案極具競爭力,向現行業內慣例看齊且與個人表現掛鈎。此外,本集團亦設有購股權計劃及績效花紅計劃以獎勵傑出僱員。

### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE**

#### 高級管理層簡歷



#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Lei Hong Wai, aged 46, joined the Company as an executive director and the Chairman of the Board on 10 April 2014. He is also appointed as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lei has over 13 years of extensive experience in corporate management. investment and business development. He was a director of The Chamber of Hong Kong Listed Companies Limited, which promotes interaction amongst its members which are listed companies in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China, in 2002. Mr. Lei has been an executive director and the chairman of the board of directors of Eternity Investment Limited (stock code: 764) ("Eternity"), a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 18 January 2010 and 1 February 2010 respectively.

Mr. Ng Kai Man, aged 60, joined the Company as an executive director in July 2008 and resigned as the Chairman of the Board on 10 April 2014. He is also appointed as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Ng holds a master degree from the London School of Economics & Political Sciences, University of London in the United Kingdom. Mr. Ng had held senior positions in Mandarin Property Consultants Limited, The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., World Trade Group and The Bank of Canton. He possesses extensive experience in real estate industry and is the founder of Century 21 Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan, aged 47, joined the Company as an executive director on 10 April 2014. He is also appointed as a director of a subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Cheung is the director of Thought Diamond International Limited, the substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Mr. Cheung has over 23 years' working experience in the field of architecture. He is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Architects, a member of The Royal Australian Institute of Architects, Registered Architect in Hong Kong and an Authorised Person in the list of Architects. He obtained his Bachelor Degree of Arts in Architectural Studies from The University of Hong Kong in 1989 and a Bachelor Degree in Architecture from The University of Hong Kong in 1991. He was selected as an awardee of the Ten Outstanding Young Persons Selection organised by Junior Chamber of International Hong Kong in 2005. Mr. Cheung has been appointed as an Adjunct Lecturer of the Architecture Subject Group of HKU School of Professional and Continuing Education since 1 January 2014. He has been the director of his own architectural practice, Oritecture Limited, since 10 December 2009. Mr. Cheung was the non-executive director of Eternity during the period from 31 August 2011 to 18 September 2014 and has been re-designated as an executive director of Eternity on 18 September 2014.

#### 執行董事

李雄偉先生,現年四十六歲,於二零一四年四月十 日加入本公司,擔任執行董事兼董事會主席。彼亦 獲委任為本公司若干附屬公司的董事。李先生擁有 超過13年企業管理、投資及業務發展的豐富經驗, 於二零零二年曾任香港上市公司商會有限公司董 事,而該商會負責促進屬於香港及中華人民共和國 上市公司的會員交流。李先生自二零一零年一月 十八日及二零一零年二月一日起先後擔任香港聯合 交易所有限公司主板上市的永恒策略投資有限公司 (股份代號:764)(「永恒」)的執行董事及董事會主

**吳啟民先生**,現年六十歲,於二零零八年七月加入 本公司,擔任執行董事並於二零一四年四月十日辭 任董事會主席。彼亦獲委任為本公司若干附屬公司 之董事。吴先牛持有英國倫敦大學倫敦經濟及政治 學院之碩士學位。吳先生曾於文華行地產顧問有限 公司、美國大通銀行、世貿中心集團及廣東銀行擔 任高級職位。彼擁有房地產行業的豐富經驗,為世 紀21香港有限公司之創辦人。

張國勳先生,現年四十七歲,於二零一四年四月十 日加入本公司,擔任執行董事。彼亦獲委任為本公 司一間附屬公司的董事。張先生亦為本公司之主要 股東(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)Thought Diamond International Limited之董事。張先生擁有 超過23年建築設計界經驗,身為香港建築師學會會 員、澳洲皇家建築師學會會員、香港註冊建築師及 建築師名單所列的認可人士。張先生於一九八九年 獲得香港大學建築學系文學士學位、於一九九一年 獲得香港大學建築學系學士學位,於二零零五年獲 國際青年商會香港總會選為十大傑出青年。張先生 自二零一四年一月一日起獲香港大學專業進修學院 委任為建築學組客席講師。彼自二零零九年十二月 十日起為其建築事務所建築原創室有限公司之董 事。張先生由二零一一年八月三十一日至二零一四 年九月十八日期間為永恒的非執行董事,並於二零 一四年九月十八日調任為永恒的執行董事。

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE 高級管理層簡歷



#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Ms. Chio Chong Meng, aged 45, joined the Company as an independent non-executive director on 10 April 2014. Ms. Chio holds a Master Degree of Business Administration from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in Hong Kong. She has over 19 years of experience in hospitality industry and played a few senior executive roles including in a reputable chain hotel in Macau. Her previous position was a general manager of a hotel in Macau. Ms. Chio was an independent non-executive of China Star Cultural Media Group Limited (stock code: 8172 and formerly known as China Media and Films Holdings Limited), a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market operated by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, during the period from 1 January 2009 to 25 May 2012.

Mr. Wong Tak Chuen, aged 50, joined the Company as an independent non-executive director on 10 April 2014. Mr. Wong is a fellow member of both Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom, as well as a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He has over 25 years of experience in auditing, financial management, mergers and acquisitions gained from certain senior finance related positions in an international accounting firm in Hong Kong, companies listed in Hong Kong and a company listed in the United States of America. He is currently the chief financial officer and the company secretary of a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Wong has been an independent non-executive director of Eternity since 7 November 2011.

Mr. Man Kong Yui, aged 55, joined the Company as an independent non-executive director on 10 April 2014. Mr. Man has been involved in the investment and financial industries for over 36 years and has extensive experience in bullion, foreign exchange, securities, futures and asset management business. He has held various senior positions with prominent banks, international financial institutions and listed companies in Hong Kong. He holds a Bachelor Degree in Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is currently a general manager of securities brokerage firm. Mr. Man has been an independent non-executive director of Get Nice Holdings Limited (stock code: 64) and Mastermind Capital Limited (stock code: 905) since 3 October 2005 and 26 September 2014 respectively, both companies are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

#### 獨立非執行董事

趙仲明女士,現年四十五歲,於二零一四年四月十日加入本公司,擔任獨立非執行董事。趙女士持有香港科技大學工商管理碩士學位,擁有超過19年酒店服務業經驗,曾任多個高級主管職位,包括在澳門一家知名連鎖酒店任職。趙女士曾任澳門一家知名連鎖酒店任職。趙女士曾任澳門一家酒店的總經理。二零零九年一月一日至二零一二年五月二十五日,趙女士曾任香港聯合交易所有限公司自業板上市公司中國星文化產業集團有限公司(股份代號:8172,前稱中國傳媒影視控股有限公司)的獨立非執行董事。

黃德銓先生,現年五十歲,於二零一四年四月十日加入本公司,擔任獨立非執行董事。黃先生為香港會計師公會及英國特辦公認會計師公會之資深會員,同時亦為英格蘭和威爾斯特許會計師協會會員,擁有超過25年審核、財務管理、合併與收購經驗,曾在香港一家國際會計師行、香港多家上市公司及一家美國上市公司擔任高級財務職位。黃先生現任一家在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市的公司的財務總監兼公司秘書。黃先生自二零一一年十一月七日起擔任永恒的獨立非執行董事。

文剛鋭先生,現年五十五歲,於二零一四年四月十日加入本公司,擔任獨立非執行董事。文先生投身投資與金融界超過36年,擁有豐富的黃金、外匯、證券、期貨投資與資產管理經驗,曾在多家知名銀行、國際金融機構及香港上市公司擔任多個高級主管職位。文先生持有香港中文大學工商管理學士學位,現任一家證券經紀行的總經理,自二零零五年十月三日及二零一四年九月二十六日起分別在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市的結好控股有限公司(股份代號:64)及慧德投資有限公司(股份代號:905)擔任獨立非執行董事。



#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") considers that maintaining corporate governance at high standard is essential for enhancing accountability and transparency of a company to the investing public and other stakeholders. Therefore, the Company is committed to good corporate governance practices for corporate sustainability and business growth.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

Throughout the year ended 31 December 2014, the Company has applied the principles and complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as listed out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") except for the deviations from Code A.2.1 and A.4.1, details of which are described in this Corporate Governance Report. The current practices will be reviewed and updated regularly.

#### **CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding the directors' securities transaction. Having made specific enquiry, all directors confirmed that they fully complied with the Model Code throughout the year.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board is vested with the key roles of formulating the Group's corporate strategic directions and policies; monitoring the financial performance and internal control system of the Group and overseeing the performance of management, which is delegated with the responsibilities of executing the Board's decision and in-charging day-to-day operation. The Board meets regularly and acts in good faith, with due diligence and care.

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company. The statement made by the auditor of the Company regarding their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 35 to 36 of this annual report.

#### 企業管治

本公司董事會(「董事會」)認為維持高水準之企業管治對提升公司對投資大眾及其他利益相關者之問責性及透明度至關重要。故此,本公司致力為公司的持續發展及業務增長實施良好企業管治。

#### 企業管治常規

本公司於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度貫徹應用香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載企業管治守則及企業管治報告(「企管守則」)之原則且一直遵守守則條文,惟存在偏離守則第A.2.1條及第A.4.1條之事項,詳情載於本企業管治報告。現行常規接受定期檢討及更新。

#### 證券交易守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事 進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事進 行證券交易之行為守則。經特定查詢後,全體董事 確認於本年度已充分遵守標準守則。

#### 董事會

董事會之主要角色為規劃本集團之企業策略方向及政策,監察本集團之財務表現及內部監控系統,並 監督管理人員在執行董事會決策及處理日常營運時 之表現。董事會會定期舉行會議,秉誠行事、審慎 盡責。

董事確認其編製本公司財務報表之責任。本公司核 數師有關其對財務報表申報責任的聲明載於本年報 第35頁至36頁的獨立核數師報告。



The changes in the directorships during the year are as follows:

- On 27 March 2014, Mr. Ding Chung Keung resigned as an independent non-executive director, the chairman of nomination committee and member of audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company.
- 2. On 10 April 2014, (i) Mr. Lei Hong Wai was appointed as the Chairman of the Board, an executive director, the chairman of nomination committee and a member of remuneration committee of the Company; (ii) Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan was appointed as an executive director of the Company; (iii) Ms. Chio Chong Meng was appointed as an independent non-executive director, the chairman of remuneration committee and member of audit committee and nomination committee of the Company; (iv) Mr. Wong Tak Chuen was appointed as an independent non-executive director and the chairman of audit committee of the Company; and (v) Mr. Man Kong Yui was appointed as an independent non-executive director and member of audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company.
- 3. On 10 April 2014, (i) Mr. Ng Kai Man resigned as the Chairman of the Board and a member of remuneration committee but remains as an executive director of the Company; (ii) Mr. Lui Siu Tsuen resigned as an independent non-executive director, the chairman of audit committee and remuneration committee and a member of nomination committee of the Company; and (iii) Ms. Cheung Sze Man resigned as an independent non-executive director and member of audit committee and nomination committee of the Company.

#### 年內董事職務變動如下:

- 1. 於二零一四年三月二十七日,丁仲強先生辭任 本公司獨立非執行董事、提名委員會主席及審 核委員會和薪酬委員會成員。
- 2. 於二零一四年四月十日,(i)李雄偉先生獲委任 為董事會主席、本公司執行董事、提名委員會 主席及薪酬委員會成員;(ii)張國勳先生獲委任 為本公司執行董事;(iii)趙仲明女士獲委任為 本公司獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會主席及審 核委員會和提名委員會成員;(iv)黃德銓先生 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事及審核委員會 主席;及(v)文剛鋭先生獲委任為本公司獨立 非執行董事及審核委員會、薪酬委員會和提名 委員會成員。
- 3. 於二零一四年四月十日,(i)吳啟民先生辭任董 事會主席及薪酬委員會成員,但仍為本公司執 行董事;(ii)呂兆泉先生辭任本公司獨立非執行 董事、審核委員會與薪酬委員會主席及提名委 員會成員;及(iii)張詩敏女士辭任本公司獨立 非執行董事及審核委員會與提名委員會成員。



#### **BOARD COMPOSITION**

The Board currently comprises three executive directors and three independent non-executive directors, whose biographies are set out on pages 14 to 15 of this annual report. All the directors are high caliber executives with diversified industry expertise and bring a wide range of skills and experience to the Group.

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy on 24 May 2013 which sets out the approach to achieve a sustainable and balanced development of the Company and also to enhance the quality of performance of the Company.

The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

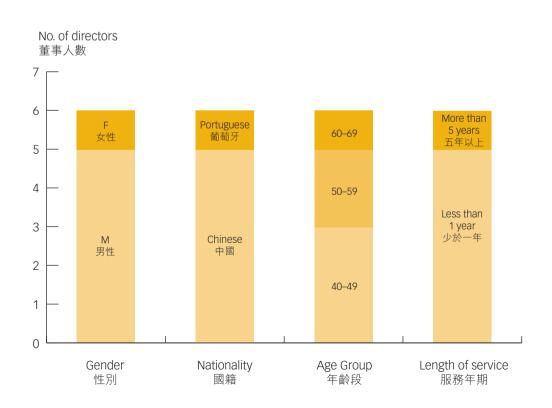
#### 董事會組成

董事會現由三名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成,董事簡歷載於本年報第14頁至15頁。全體董事均為才幹超群之行政人員,具備不同行業專長,為本集團帶來各種技術與經驗。

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

董事會於二零一三年五月二十四日採納董事會成員 多元化政策,該政策載列本公司取得持續平衡發展 以及提升表現素質的方針。

本公司考慮多項因素以令董事會成員多元化,包括 但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專 業經驗、技能、知識及服務期限。董事會所有委任 均以用人唯才為原則,並兼顧董事會成員多元化的 益處根據客觀條件考慮人選。







The composition of the Board and their respective attendance in the general meetings, Board meetings and other committee meetings during the year ended 31 December 2014 are as follows:

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會之組成及各董事於股東大會、董事會會議及其他委員會會議之相關出席率如下:

#### No. of meetings attended/held

出席/舉行會議次數

		General meetings 股東 大會	Regular full board meetings 董事會全體 成員例會	Audit Committee meetings 審核委員會 會議	Remuneration Committee meetings 薪酬委員會 會議	Nomination Committee meetings 提名委員會 會議
Executive directors	執行董事					
Lei Hong Wai <i>(Chairman)</i> (appointed on 10 April 2014)	李雄偉(主席) (於二零一四年四月十日獲委任)	1/1	3/3	-	-	1/1
Ng Kai Man (resigned as the Chairman on 10 April 2014)	吳啟民 (於二零一四年四月十日辭任主席)	1/1	4/4	-	1/1	-
Cheung Kwok Fan (appointed on 10 April 2014)	張國勳 (於二零一四年四月十日獲委任)	1/1	3/3	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Chio Chong Meng (appointed on 10 April 2014)	趙仲明 (於二零一四年四月十日獲委任)	1/1	3/3	2/2	-	1/1
Wong Tak Chuen (appointed on 10 April 2014)	黃德銓 (於二零一四年四月十日獲委任)	1/1	3/3	2/2	-	-
Man Kong Yui (appointed on 10 April 2014)	文剛鋭 (於二零一四年四月十日獲委任)	1/1	3/3	2/2	-	1/1
Lui Siu Tsuen, Richard (resigned on 10 April 2014)	呂兆泉 (於二零一四年四月十日辭任)	-	1/1	1/1	1/1	-
Ding Chung Keung (resigned on 27 March 2014)	丁仲強 (於二零一四年三月二十七日辭任)	-	1/1	1/1	1/1	-
Cheung Sze Man (resigned on 10 April 2014)	張詩敏 (於二零一四年四月十日辭任)	-	1/1	1/1	-	_



#### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

Pursuant to Code A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Following the resignation of Mr. Ng Kai Man as the Chairman of the Board on 10 April 2014. Mr. Lei Hong Wai has taken up the roles of the Chairman and chief executive officer of the Company. Mr. Lei possesses essential leadership skills and has extensive experience in corporate management and business development. The Board is of the view that currently vesting the roles of the chairman and chief executive officer in the same person provides the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allows for more effective and efficient business planning and decisions as well as execution of long term business strategies.

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

None of the non-executive directors of the Company is appointed for specific term which is deviated from Code A.4.1 of the CG Code. However, as the directors are subject to retirement by rotation provisions under the bye-laws of the Company, the Board considers that sufficient measures have been in place to ensure that the Company's corporate governance practices are no less exacting than the CG Code.

#### **CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS**

On 18 September 2014, Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan, an executive director of the Company, has been re-designated as an executive director of Eternity Investment Limited (stock code: 764), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

On 26 September 2014, Mr. Man Kong Yui, an independent non-executive director of the Company, has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Mastermind Capital Limited (stock code: 905), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Ng Kai Man and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company had entered into a service agreement on 29 June 2012 for a term of 3 years. Following the disposal of the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company on 12 December 2014, the service agreement was terminated. The monthly salary of Mr. Ng has been revised to HK\$12,500 with effect from 1 January 2015.

#### 主席及行政總裁

根據企管守則第A.2.1條,主席及行政總裁之角色應分設並不應由同一人兼任。

吳啟民先生於二零一四年四月十日辭任董事會主席 後,李雄偉先生接任本公司主席兼行政總裁。李先 生具備必要的領導能力,擁有豐富的企業管理及業 務發展經驗。董事會認為目前由同一人士擔任主席 及行政總裁職位不但能為本集團提供強勢及貫徹之 領導,且能更有效策劃及推行長遠業務策略。

#### 非執行董事

本公司之非執行董事並非按指定任期委任,偏離企管守則第A.4.1條的規定。然而,由於董事須根據本公司之公司細則輪席退任,故董事會認為已採取足夠措施確保本公司企業管治常規之嚴格程度不遜於企管守則。

#### 董事資料之變動

二零一四年九月十八日,本公司執行董事張國勳先生調任為聯交所主板上市公司永恒策略投資有限公司(股份代號:764)的執行董事。

二零一四年九月二十六日,本公司獨立非執行董事 文剛鋭先生獲委任為聯交所主板上市公司慧德投資 有限公司(股份代號:905)的獨立非執行董事。

吳啟民先生與本公司一家全資附屬公司於二零一二年六月二十九日訂立服務協議,為期三年。隨着二零一四年十二月十二日本公司出售其全資附屬公司,服務協議終止。吳先生的月薪調整為港幣12,500元,自二零一五年一月一日起生效。



Save for the above, there is no change in directors' information since 22 August 2014, the date of the 2014 interim report of the Company, which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

除上述者外,自二零一四年八月二十二日(本公司二零一四年中期報告之日期)以來,董事資料並無任何根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予披露的變更。

#### **TRAINING**

The Company has from time to time provided directors with materials relating to the business and operations of the Group, latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and their responsibilities under the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements.

Each of the directors has each confirmed that they have attended training courses relevant to their directorship during the year under review.

## DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITIES INSURANCE

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for liabilities in respect of legal actions against directors and officers of the Company and its subsidiaries arising out of corporate activities of the Group under Code A.1.8 of the CG Code.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION**

The Board has undertaken to perform corporate governance duties and adopted the terms of reference on corporate governance functions on 27 March 2012 for better management of the business and affairs of the Group.

The duties of the Board in respect of corporate governance functions shall be:

- (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and

#### 培訓

本公司不時根據上市規則、法律及其他監管規定向 董事提供有關本集團業務及經營、上市規則最新發 展以及彼等職責的資料。

董事各自確認已於回顧年度內參與有關彼等董事職 務的培訓課程。

#### 董事及高級職員之責任保險

本公司已根據企管守則第A.1.8條為本公司及其附屬公司董事及高級職員因本集團的企業業務而可能面對的法律訴訟之相關責任安排購買適當的保險。

#### 企業管治職能

為更妥善管理本集團業務及事宜,董事會已履行企業管治職責並於二零一二年三月二十七日採納企業管治職能之職權範圍。

董事會有關企業管治職能的職責為:

- (i) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及繼續專業發展:
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司的政策及常規是否合符法律 及監管規定;
- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的行為守 則及合規手冊(如有);及



(v) to review the Company's compliance with the code provisions set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules on Stock Exchange and its disclosure requirements in the Corporate Governance Report. (v) 檢討本公司遵守聯交所上市規則附錄十四所載 企管守則之守則條文以及企業管治報告之披露 規定的情況。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established 3 Board committees, namely audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee to oversee particular aspect of the Group's affair. Each of the committees had defined terms of reference setting out its duty, power and functions. The committees report regularly to the Board and, where appropriate, make recommendations on matters discussed.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The audit committee comprises three independent non-executive directors of the Company, namely, Mr. Wong Tak Chuen (committee chairman), Ms. Chio Chong Meng and Mr. Man Kong Yui. The main role and functions of the audit committee are to review the financial information of the Company, to oversee the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedure and maintain relations with the auditors of the Company.

In 2014, the audit committee had held three meetings, one of the meeting was attended by Mr. Lui Siu Tsuen, Richard, Mr. Ding Chung Keung and Ms. Cheung Sze Man. During the meeting, the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 was reviewed with the auditor of the Company; the report on the internal control system for year 2013 was evaluated. The other two meetings were attended by Mr. Wong Tak Chuen, Ms. Chio Chong Meng and Mr. Man Kong Yui. During the meetings, the interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2014 was discussed; and the audit planning for 2014 was debriefed.

Following the resignation of Mr. Ding Chung Keung on 27 March 2014, the number of members of the audit committee of the Company fell below the minimum number required under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the terms of reference of the audit committee. On 10 April 2014, Mr. Wong Tak Chuen was appointed as the chairman of audit committee and Ms. Chio Chong Meng and Mr. Man Kong Yui were appointed as members of audit committee, the aforesaid requirement has been complied with.

#### 董事會委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會三個董事會委員會監察本集團特定範疇之事務。 各委員會已確定職權範圍,列明各自的職務、權力 及職能。各委員會定期向董事會匯報並視情況就所 討論事宜提供建議。

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會由三位本公司獨立非執行董事組成,分別為黃德銓先生(委員會主席)、趙仲明女士及文剛鋭先生。審核委員會之主要角色及職能為審閱本公司之財務資料、監察本公司之財務匯報系統及內部監控程序,並與本公司核數師維持良好關係。

二零一四年,審核委員會舉行三次會議。呂兆泉先生、丁仲強先生及張詩敏女士出席其中一次會議。 於該會議上,本公司核數師審閱本集團截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之全年業績、評價二零一三年度之內部監控系統報告。黃德銓先生、趙仲明女士及文剛鋭先生出席另兩次會議。於該等會議上討論本集團截至二零一四年六月三十日止六個月之中期業績,並聽取二零一四年審核計劃報告。

隨着丁仲強先生於二零一四年三月二十七日辭任,本公司審核委員會成員數目低於上市規則第3.21條及審核委員會職權範圍規定的最低人數要求。於二零一四年四月十日,黃德銓先生獲委任為審核委員會主席,趙仲明女士及文剛鋭先生獲委任為審核委員會成員,故此已遵守上述規定。



#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The remuneration committee of the Company was set up with key responsibilities of recommending to the Board the policy and structure for remuneration of directors and senior management and determining the remuneration package of executive directors and senior management. The Board retains the final authority to approve the remuneration packages.

At 31 December 2014, the remuneration committee composed of Ms. Chio Chong Meng (committee chairman), Mr. Lei Hong Wai and Mr. Man Kong Yui.

The committee members met once in the year ended 31 December 2014 and it was attended by Mr. Lui Sui Tsuen, Richard, Mr. Ng Kai Man and Mr. Ding Chung Keung for reviewing the salary increment of the company secretary.

Following the resignation of Mr. Ding Chung Keung on 27 March 2014, the number of members of the remuneration committee of the Company fell below the minimum number required under the terms of reference of the remuneration committee. On 10 April 2014, Ms. Chio Chong Meng was appointed as the chairman of remuneration committee and Mr. Lei Hong Wai and Mr. Man Kong Yui were appointed as members of remuneration committee, the aforesaid requirement has been complied with.

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

The nomination committee of the Company was set up with key responsibilities for considering and approving the appointment of members of the Board and will meet to discuss when nomination of new director(s) is received or when circumstances require. In considering the suitability of a candidate for directorship, the Board will take into account the candidate's qualification, experience, expertise and knowledge as well as the prevailing composition, structure and size of the Board and the requirements under the Listing Rules.

The nomination committee composed of Mr. Lei Hong Wai (committee chairman), Ms. Chio Chong Meng and Mr. Man Kong Yui. The committee member met once in the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會成立之主要職責為就董事及高級 管理層之薪酬政策及架構向董事會提供建議,並釐 定執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇。董事會保留 有關薪酬待遇之最終審批權力。

二零一四年十二月三十一日,薪酬委員會由趙仲明 女士(委員會主席)、李雄偉先生及文剛鋭先生組成。

呂兆泉先生、吳啟民先生及丁仲強先生出席了截至 二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度委員會成員舉行 的一次會議,以審閱公司秘書之提薪幅度。

隨着丁仲強先生於二零一四年三月二十七日辭任, 本公司薪酬委員會成員數目低於薪酬委員會職權範 圍規定的最低人數要求。於二零一四年四月十日, 趙仲明女士獲委任為薪酬委員會主席,李雄偉先生 及文剛鋭先生獲委任為薪酬委員會成員,故此已遵 守上述規定。

#### 提名委員會

本公司提名委員會成立之主要職責為考慮及批准董事會成員的委任並於接獲新董事提名或有需要時開會討論。考慮董事候選人是否合適時,董事會將考慮候選人的資歷、經驗、專業技能及知識,以及董事會當時的組成、架構及人數及上市規則的規定。

提名委員會由李雄偉先生(委員會主席)、趙仲明女士及文剛鋭先生組成。截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度委員會成員舉行一次會議。



Following the resignation of Mr. Ding Chung Keung on 27 March 2014, the Company was unable to fulfill the Code A.5.1 of the CG Code which requires the nomination committee to be chaired by the chairman of the board or an independent non-executive director. Further, the number of members of the nomination committee of the Company fell below the minimum number required under the terms of reference of the nomination committee. Following the appointment of Mr. Lei Hong Wai, the Chairman of the Board, as the chairman of nomination committee and Ms. Chio Chong Meng and Mr. Man Kong Yui as members of nomination committee on 10 April 2014, the aforesaid requirements have been complied with.

隨着丁仲強先生於二零一四年三月二十七日辭任,本公司未能符合企管守則第A.5.1條守則提名委員會須由董事會主席或獨立非執行董事主持的規定。此外,本公司提名委員會成員數目低於提名委員會職權範圍規定的最低人數要求。隨着二零一四年四月十日,董事會主席李雄偉先生獲委任為提名委員會主席及趙仲明女士與文剛鋭先生獲委任為提名委員會成員,上述規定獲遵守。

#### **INSIDE INFORMATION POLICY**

Pursuant to the statutory regime for disclosure of inside information sets out in Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) with effect from 1 January 2013, the Board has adopted an inside information policy in 27 August 2013 which sets out the guidelines to the directors, officers and all relevant employees of the Group to ensure that the Inside Information of the Group is to be disseminated to public in equal and timely manner in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

On 31 March 2014, Ms. Chu Man Ting was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company in place of Ms. Ma Wai Man, Catherine.

Ms. Chu has undertaken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROLS**

The Board acknowledges that an effective internal control system which is designed to monitor and response appropriately to significant risk, to safeguard assets, to provide reasonable assurance from fraud and errors and to ensure compliance of applicable law and regulations is essential for effective and efficient operations of a company. Furthermore, the internal control system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Group has in place an effective internal control system which encompasses sound control environment, appropriate segregation of duties, well-defined policies and procedures, close monitoring and is reviewed and enhanced by the management at regular intervals.

#### 內幕消息政策

根據自二零一三年一月一日起生效的香港法例第 571章證券及期貨條例第XIVA部所載披露內幕消息 之法律條文,董事會於二零一三年八月二十七日採 納內幕消息政策,該政策載列對本集團董事、高級 職員及所有相關僱員的指引,以確保根據相關法律 法規公平及時地向公眾發佈本集團之內幕消息。

#### 公司秘書

二零一四年三月三十一日,朱曼婷女士獲委任為本公司之公司秘書以取代馬慧敏女士。

朱女十已接受不少於15小時的相關職業培訓。

#### 內部監控

董事會認為,有效之內部監控系統乃公司有效及高效率營運之關鍵。該系統乃為監察並妥善應對重大風險、保障資產、合理地保證避免欺詐及錯誤以及確保遵守適用法律法規。此外,內部監控系統只能管理而非杜絕失誤風險,只能提供合理保證而非絕對能防範重大失實陳述或損失。

本集團已設立有效內部監控系統,包含健全監控環境、適當職務分工、清楚界定政策和程序、嚴密監察,並且由管理層定期檢討及提升。



The Board, with the assistance of management and an external firm, has conducted a review on the effectiveness of the internal control system and, in particular, key business cycles of real estate agency business segment in Hong Kong were reviewed for the year ended 31 December 2014. Based on the report on the findings which include recommendations for further improvement, the Directors were satisfied that the Group has operated an effective internal control system during the year under review.

在管理層及外部機構的協助下,董事會已檢討內部 監控系統於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度 之效力,而香港物業代理業務分部的重要業務周期 為重點檢討對象。根據包含進一步改進建議之調查 報告,董事信納本集團於回顧年度內設有高效內部 監控系統。

The Board had adopted a whistle blowing policy including procedures for employees to report any irregularities on the affairs of the Company.

董事會已採納警示政策,當中載有僱員上報有關本公司事宜之違規行為之程序。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

## Shareholders' Communication Policy was adopted by the Board on 27 March 2012. Shareholders' Communication Policy and shareholder's rights are published on the designated website of the Company.

#### **RIGHT TO PUT ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD**

Shareholders may direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712–1716, 17/F., Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong. Enquiries other than shareholdings may be directed to the head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong as set out in the Corporation Information on pages 2 to 3 of this annual report for the attention of the Company Secretary.

#### RIGHT TO CONVENE SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING

Pursuant to Section 74(1) of the Bermuda Companies Act and the byelaw 62 of the Bye-Laws of the Company, the shareholder(s) of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may request the Board to convene a special general meeting.

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company at Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda for the attention of the Company Secretary and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

#### 股東權利

董事會於二零一二年三月二十七日採納股東通訊政策。股東通訊政策及股東權利公佈於本公司指定網站。

#### 向董事會查詢的權利

股東可向本公司香港股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司(地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖)查詢其股權。有關股權以外事項的查詢,可寄往本年報第2頁至3頁公司資料所載本公司總辦事處及香港主要營業地點向本公司之公司秘書提出。

#### 召開股東特別大會的權利

根據百慕達公司法第74(1)條及本公司之公司細則第62條,於提呈請求當日持有不低於十分之一之本公司繳足股本(於提呈當日附有於本公司股東大會上表決之權利者)的本公司股東可請求董事會召開股東特別大會。

請求須列明會議目的、經請求人簽署及寄往本公司註冊辦事處(地址為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda)向本公司之公司秘書提出,請求可由多份由一名或多名請求人各自簽署的格式相同的文件組成。



If the directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

倘董事未於請求呈交日期起計二十一日內正式召開 會議,則請求人或持有彼等全部投票權之半數以上 之請求人可自行於上述日期起計三個月屆滿當日前 召開會議。

## RIGHT TO PUT FORWARD PROPOSALS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

# On the requisition in writing of either (i) any number of shareholder of the Company representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates; or (ii) not less than 100 shareholders, the Company shall, at the expense of the requisitionists:

- to give to shareholders of the Company entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and
- b) to circulate to shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

The requisition must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company at Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda for the attention of the Company Secretary.

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

During the year ended 31 December 2014, remuneration in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by the auditor of the Company to the Group are approximately HK\$1,370,000 (2013: HK\$1,350,000) and HK\$394,000 (2013: HK\$441,000) respectively.

#### 於股東大會提出議案之權利

在(i)於遞交請求當日持有不少於全體股東總投票權(附有可於請求有關的股東大會上投票之權利)二十分之一之任何數目本公司股東:或(ii)不少於100名股東以書面方式提出請求下,本公司須(有關費用由請求人承擔):

- a) 向有權接收下一屆股東週年大會通告之本公司 股東發出通知,告知任何可能於該會上正式動 議及擬於會上動議之決議案;及
- b) 向有權接收任何股東大會通告之股東寄發不超 過一千字之聲明,告知該會上提呈之決議案所 述事宜或將處理之事項。

有關請求須由請求人簽署,送交本公司之註冊辦事處(地址為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda),並註明收件人為本公司之公司秘書。

#### 核數師酬金

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司核數師向本集團提供審核及非審核服務之酬金分別約為港幣1,370,000元(二零一三年:港幣1,350,000元)及港幣394,000元(二零一三年:港幣441,000元)。



#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company maintains a website at http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/21holdings where information and updates on the list of directors and their roles and functions, constitutional documents, terms of reference of the Board committees, procedures for nomination of directors for election, announcements, circulars and reports released to the Stock Exchange and other information are posted. Information on the Company's designated website will be updated from time to time.

There was no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### 投資者關係

本公司網站為http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/21holdings,發佈有關刊登於聯交所之董事名單及彼等的職務及職責、組織章程文件、董事會委員會職權範圍、提名候選董事的程序、公告、通函及報告以及其他資料的最新信息。本公司指定網站所載資料將不時更新。

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司之組織章程文件無重大變動。



The directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

董事謹此提呈董事年度報告以及本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

## The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in provision of property agency and related services, securities trading and investments and advertising agency business.

Details of the activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of revenue and results by principal activities and geographical locations of the Group are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 37.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESERVES**

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 41.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### 主要業務

本公司乃一間投資控股公司,其附屬公司主要從事 提供物業代理及相關服務、證券買賣及投資以及廣 告代理業務。

各附屬公司之業務詳情載於綜合財務報表附註39。 按本集團主要業務及地區劃分之收益及業績分析載 於綜合財務報表附註8。

#### 業績及分配

本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之業 績載於第37頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

董事不建議派付截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止 年度之股息。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於年內變動之詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註18。

#### 股本

本公司股本於年內變動之詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註30。

#### 儲備

本集團年內儲備之變動載於第41頁之綜合權益變動 表。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內並無購買、出售或 贖回本公司任何上市證券。



#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws (the "Bye-laws") or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Lei Hong Wai *(Chairman of the Board)* (appointed on 10 April 2014)

Mr. Ng Kai Man

(resigned as the Chairman of the Board on 10 April 2014)

Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan

(appointed on 10 April 2014)

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Ms. Chio Chong Meng (appointed on 10 April 2014)

Mr. Wong Tak Chuen (appointed on 10 April 2014)

Mr. Man Kong Yui (appointed on 10 April 2014)

Mr. Lui Siu Tsuen, Richard (resigned on 10 April 2014)

Mr. Ding Chung Keung (resigned on 27 March 2014)

Ms. Cheung Sze Man (resigned on 10 April 2014)

In accordance with Bye-law 99, Mr. Ng Kai Man and Mr. Man Kong Yui shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Both of them, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

No directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

The non-executive directors are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Bye-laws.

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent.

#### 優先購買權

本公司之公司細則(「公司細則」)或百慕達法例均無有關優先購買權(即規定本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股份)之條款。

#### 董事

本公司於年內及截至本報告日期止之董事如下:

#### 執行董事

李雄偉先生(董事會主席)

(於二零一四年四月十日獲委仟)

吳啟民先生

(於二零一四年四月十日辭任董事會主席)

張國勳先生

(於二零一四年四月十日獲委任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

趙仲明女士(於二零一四年四月十日獲委任) 黃德銓先生(於二零一四年四月十日獲委任) 文剛鋭先生(於二零一四年四月十日獲委任) 呂兆泉先生(於二零一四年四月十日辭任) 丁仲強先生(於二零一四年三月二十七日辭任)

張詩敏女士(於二零一四年四月十日辭任)

按照公司細則第99條,吳啟民先生及文剛鋭先生須 於應屆股東週年大會上輪流退任。彼等均符合資格 並將於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

擬於應屆股東週年大會膺選連任之董事概無訂有本公司於一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除外)即不可終止之服務合約。

根據公司細則,各非執行董事須輪值告退。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條出之週年獨立性確認函,並認為各獨立非執行董事皆屬獨立人士。



Annrovimata

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES**

As at 31 December 2014, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executive of the Company and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) were as follows:

## LONG POSITIONS IN THE ORDINARY SHARES OF HK\$0.01 EACH OF THE COMPANY (THE "SHARES")

#### 董事之證券權益

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司董事、行政 總裁及彼等之聯繫人士所持本公司及其相聯法團(定 義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部) 之股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉如下:

#### 本公司每股面值港幣**0.01**元之普通股 (「股份」)之好倉

		Number of	percentage of
Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Shares 股份數目	shareholding 概約股權百分比
		(Note 1) (附註1)	(Note 2) (附註2)
Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan 張國勳先生	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	143,850,000	24.92%

#### Notes:

- These Shares are held by Thought Diamond International Limited ("Thought Diamond"), which is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and wholly owned by Mr. Cheung.
- The percentage of shareholding in the Company is calculated based on 577,138,852
   Shares in issue as at 31 December 2014.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2014, none of the directors or chief executive of the Company or any of their associates had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

#### 附註:

- 該等股份由Thought Diamond International Limited(「Thought Diamond」,於英屬處女群島註冊成立的有限公司,由張先 生全資擁有)持有。
- 所持本公司之股權百分比根據二零一四年十二月三十一日 之577,138,852股已發行股份計算。

除上文披露者外,於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司董事、行政總裁或彼等各自之聯繫人士於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債權證中,概無擁有須記錄在本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條所置存之登記冊或根據上市規則附錄十所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)而另行知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。



## ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save for the Shares held by Mr. Cheung as disclosed in the section "Directors' Interest in Securities" of this Directors' Report at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debenture of, the Company or any other body corporate.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements and the section "Connected Transaction" below, no contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the year.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTION**

On 5 December 2014, the Company through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Century 21 (HK) Group Limited ("C21 (HK) Group") entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Menkin Limited ("Menkin"), pursuant to which C21 (HK) Group has agreed to dispose of the entire equity interests in Century 21 Hong Kong Limited to the Purchaser, at a consideration of HK\$4,500,000 (the "Disposal").

As Menkin is wholly owned by Mr. Ng Kai Man, the executive director of the Company, and hence is a connected person of the Company. The Disposal therefore constituted a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Given the applicable percentage ratios under the Listing Rules in respect of the Disposal are under 25% and the consideration is less than HK\$10,000,000, the Disposal is only subject to the reporting and announcement requirements, but is exempted from circular (including independent financial advice) and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

#### 購買股份或債權證之安排

除本董事報告「董事之證券權益」一節所披露之張先 生持有之股份外,於本年度任何時間,本公司或其 任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事 可藉購買本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權 證而獲益。

#### 董事之重大合約權益

除綜合財務報表附註37及下文「關連交易」一節所 披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何 於年內或年終仍然有效,且本公司董事直接或間接 擁有重大利益之重大合約。

#### 關連交易

於二零一四年十二月五日,本公司透過其全資附屬公司世紀21(香港)集團有限公司(「世紀21(香港)集團」)與Menkin Limited(「Menkin」)訂立買賣協議,世紀21(香港)集團同意向買方出售所持世紀21香港有限公司的全部股權,代價為港幣4,500,000元(「出售」)。

由於Menkin由本公司執行董事吳啟民先生全資擁有,故為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第14A章,出售屬本公司之關連交易。

鑑於上市規則有關出售的適用百分比率低於25%, 且代價少於港幣10,000,000元,故根據上市規則, 出售僅須遵守申報及公佈規定,而豁免通函(包括獨 立財務建議)及獨立股東批准規定。



## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Interests of the directors in competing businesses to the Group as at 31 December 2014 required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules were set out as below:

#### 董事於競爭業務之權益

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,董事於本集團之競爭業務中,須根據上市規則第8.10條披露之權益載列如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名	Name of entity 實體名稱	Nature of competing business 競爭業務之性質	Nature of interest 權益性質
Mr. Ng Kai Man	Century 21 Best Mortgage Limited	provision of agency services for mortgage financing	director and shareholder
吳啟民先生	世紀21按揭專門店有限公司	為按揭融資提供代理服務	董事及股東
	Century 21 Singapore Holdings Pte Limited	provision of franchise and property agency services in Singapore	director and shareholder
		於新加坡提供特許經營及 物業代理服務	董事及股東

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors was interested in any business, apart from the business of the Group, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

除上文披露者外,概無董事持有與本集團業務構成 或可能構成直接或間接競爭之任何業務(除本集團之 業務外)之權益。



Annrovimato

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

As at 31 December 2014, the interests or short position of those person (other than the directors and chief executive of the Company) in the Shares or underlying Shares representing five percent or more in the issued share capital of the Company and recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

#### 主要股東權益

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,以下人士(本公司董事及行政總裁除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有相當於本公司已發行股本5%或以上之權益或淡倉而記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊:

Name of Shareholder 股東姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of Shares 股份數目 (Note 1) (附註1)	percentage of shareholding 概約股權百分比 (Note 2) (附註2)
Thought Diamond	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	143,850,000	24.92%

#### Notes:

- 1. As disclosed by the relevant disclosure notice on 7 May 2014, the 143,850,000 Shares were held by Thought Diamond, which is wholly owned by Mr. Cheung.
- The percentage of shareholding in the Company is calculated based on 577,138,852
   Shares in issue as at 31 December 2014.

#### 附註:

- 按相關披露通知書所披露,於二零一四年五月七日, 143,850,000股股份由張先生全資擁有的Thought Diamond 持有。
- 於本公司之股權百分比乃根據於二零一四年十二月三十一 日之577,138,852股已發行股份計算。

#### **SHARE OPTIONS**

Particulars of the share option scheme of the Company are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no outstanding share options at 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014 and no share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- (a) it is, or would after payment be, unable to pay it liabilities as they become due: or
- (b) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium.

#### 購股權

本公司之購股權計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 35。於二零一四年一月一日及二零一四年十二月 三十一日,並無尚未行使之購股權,截至二零一四 年十二月三十一日止年度亦無購股權獲授出、行 使、註銷或失效。

#### 本公司之可供分派儲備

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂),本公司之 實繳盈餘賬可供分派。然而,本公司於下列情況下 不得自實繳盈餘中撥款宣派或支付股息或作出分派:

- (a) 本公司現時或於作出分派後無法償還到期負債;或
- (b) 本公司資產之可變現價值會因而低於其負債及 已發行股本與股份溢價之總值。



In the opinion of the directors, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 December 2014 including contributed surplus amounted to approximately HK\$90,525,000 (2013: HK\$162,070,000).

董事認為,於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派予股東的儲備(包括實繳盈餘)約為港幣90,525,000元(二零一三年:港幣162,070,000元)。

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

## The percentage of purchases of the Group attributable to the largest supplier and the five largest suppliers combined are 11.7% and 30.7% respectively.

The percentage of turnover of the Group attributable to the largest customer and the five largest customers combined are 18.4% and 59.0% respectively.

None of the directors, their associates or shareholders (which to the knowledge of the directors own more than five percent of the Company's share capital) had any interest in the five largest suppliers or customers of the Group.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, as at the date of this report the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

#### **DONATIONS**

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group made donation amounting to HK\$7,000.

#### **AUDITOR**

A resolution will be submitted at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as an auditor of the Company.

#### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團最大供應商及五大供應商分別共佔本集團採 購額11.7%及30.7%。

本集團最大客戶及五大客戶分別共佔本集團營業額 18.4%及59.0%。

各董事、彼等之聯繫人士或就董事所知擁有本公司 股本5%以上之股東,概無擁有本集團五大供應商或 五大客戶之任何權益。

#### 充足公眾持股量

根據於本報告日期本公司獲得之公開資料及董事所 知,本公司一直保持上市規則所規定之充足公眾持 股量。

#### 捐獻

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團捐獻款項達港幣7,000元。

#### 核數師

於本公司應屆股東週年大會上將提呈一項決議案, 續聘德勤•關黃陳方會計師行為本公司核數師。

On behalf of the Board **Lei Hong Wai** 

Chairman

Hong Kong, 27 March 2015

代表董事會

主席

李雄偉

香港,二零一五年三月二十七日

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



## **Deloitte.**

## 德勤

#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF 21 HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of 21 Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 37 to 134, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

#### 致21控股有限公司全體股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師已完成審核載於第37頁至134頁之21控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,包括於二零一四年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況報表,以及截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他解釋資料。

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港 財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製作出 真實而公平意見之綜合財務報表,並負責實施董事 認為必要之內部監控,以使編製該等綜合財務報表 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤導致之重大不實陳述。

#### 核數師之責任

本核數師之責任是根據審核工作之結果對該等綜合 財務報表發表意見,並按照百慕達公司法第90條僅 向整體股東報告本核數師之意見,而不作其他用 途。本核數師概不會就本報告內容對任何其他人士 負責或承擔任何責任。本核數師已根據香港會計師 公會頒佈之香港審計準則進行審核。這些準則要求 本核數師遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合 理確定綜合財務報表是否存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 獨立核數師報告



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

審核涉及執行程序以取得與綜合財務報表所載金額 及披露事項有關之審核憑證。所選用程序須視乎本 核數師之判斷,包括評估綜合財務報表因欺詐或錯 誤引起重大錯誤陳述之風險。在評估該等風險時, 本核數師將考慮與公司編製及真實而公平呈列能作 出真實及公平意見之綜合財務報表有關之內部監 控,以因應情況設計適當審核程序,但並非為就公 司內部監控是否有效表達意見。審核亦包括評價董 事所採用之會計政策之恰當性及所作會計估算之合 理性, 並就綜合財務報表之整體呈列方式作出評估。

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

本核數師相信,本核數師已獲得足夠及恰當之審核 憑證,以為本核數師之審核意見提供基礎。

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2014 and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### 意見

本核數師認為,綜合財務報表根據香港財務報告準 則以真實而公平地顯示 貴集團於二零一四年十二 月三十一日之業務狀況及截至該日止年度之虧損及 現金流量, 並已按照香港公司條例之披露規定妥為 編製。

#### **Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu**

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong

27 March 2015

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師 香港

二零一五年三月二十十日

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations Revenue Cost of sales and service rendered	<b>持續經營業務</b> 收益 銷售及提供服務成本	7	203,803 (173,732)	98,763 (72,515)
Gross profit Investment and other income Other losses and gains Reversal of provision for losses on litigation Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Impairment loss on goodwill Amortisation of intangible assets Impairment loss on intangible assets	毛利 投資及其他收入 其他虧損及收益 訴訟損失之撥備撥回 銷售及分銷成本 行政開支 商譽之減值虧損 攤銷無形資產 無形資產之減值虧損	9A 9B 21 22 22	30,071 1,712 (2,322) - (4,170) (34,756) (1,219) -	26,248 18,887 942 86,500 (1,041) (48,247) (20,941) (9,652) (24,932)
(Loss) profit before tax from continuing operations Income tax (expense) credit	財務費用 除税前持續經營業務之 (虧損)溢利 所得税(開支)抵免	10 11	(2,112) (12,796) (348)	27,762 8,552
(Loss) profit for the year from continuing operations  Discontinued operation	本年度持續經營業務之 (虧損)溢利	13	(13,144)	36,314
Loss for the year from discontinued operation	<b>已終止業務</b> 本年度已終止業務之虧損	12	-	(1,120)
Other comprehensive (expense) income Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operation	本年度(虧損)溢利  其他全面(開支)收益  其後可能會重新分類至 損益之項目  換算海外業務產生之  匯兑差額		(13,144)	35,194 359
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	本年度全面(開支)收益總額		(14,199)	35,553

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
<ul><li>(Loss) profit attributable to owners of the Company</li><li>— from continuing operations</li><li>— from discontinued operation</li></ul>	本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)溢利 一來自持續經營業務 一來自已終止業務		(13,144)	36,314 (672)
(Loss) profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度 (虧損)溢利		(13,144)	35,642
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests — from continuing operations — from discontinued operation	非控股權益應佔虧損  一來自持續經營業務  一來自已終止業務		- -	- (448)
Loss for the year attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔本年度虧損		-	(448)
			(13,144)	35,194
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year attributable to:  Owners of the Company  Non-controlling interests	應佔本年度全面(開支) 收益總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(14,199) -	36,001 (448)
			(14,199)	35,553
(Loss) earnings per share From continuing and discontinued operations	每股(虧損)盈利 來自持續經營業務及 已終止業務			(Restated) (經重列)
— Basic (HK dollar)	一基本(港幣)	17	(0.03)	0.10
From continuing operations — Basic (HK dollar)	來自持續經營業務 一基本(港幣)	17	(0.03)	0.10





At 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Note receivable Loan receivable Goodwill	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 應收票據 應收貸款 商譽	18 19 20 21	910 - 80,000 4,395	1,845 9,827 – 7,059
			85,305	18,731
CURRENT ASSETS  Trade and other receivables Investments held for trading Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bank balances and cash	流動資產 應收賬款及其他應收款項 持作買賣之投資 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產 銀行結餘及現金	23 24 25 26	155,759 - - - 231,917	75,771 41,639 9,150 120,238
Bulk bulances and cash	wx [ ] № k/ / / / / u	20	387,676	246,798
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Trade and other payables  Loan payable  Tax payable	<b>流動負債</b> 應付賬款及其他應付款項 應付貸款 應付税項	27 28	129,399 6,000 1,472 136,871	56,666 - 1,180 57,846
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		250,805	188,952
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總額減流動負債		336,110	207,683
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		336,110	207,683





At 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Notes	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital	<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本	30	5,771	3,208
Reserves	儲備		330,339	204,475
	ин 1173		200,007	201,170
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		336,110	207,683

The consolidated financial statements on pages 37 to 134 were 於第37頁至134頁之綜合財務報表於二零一五年三 approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 March 2015 and are signed on its behalf by:

月二十七日獲董事會批准並由下列董事代表董事會 簽署:

Lei Hong Wai 李雄偉 DIRECTOR 董事

Ng Kai Man 吳啟民 DIRECTOR 董事





For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserve (Note (a))	Contributed surplus	Exchange reserve	Accumulated (losses) profits	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total
					+		累計(虧損)			
		股本	股份溢價	資本儲備 (附註(a))	實繳盈餘	匯兑儲備	溢利	總額	非控股權益	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	2,678	-	2,099	387,487	5,737	(238,267)	159,734	(5,251)	154,483
Profit for the year  Exchange differences arising on translation	本年度溢利 換算海外業務產生之	-	-	-	-	-	35,642	35,642	(448)	35,194
of foreign operation	匯兑差額	_	-	-	_	359	-	359	-	359
Total comprehensive income for the year Issue of shares upon placement of shares	本年度全面收益總額因股份配售而發行股份	-	-	-	-	359	35,642	36,001	(448)	35,553
(Note 30(a))	(附註30(a))	530	11,660	-	-	-	-	12,190	-	12,190
Share issue expenses Transfer pursuant to capital reorganisation	股份發行費用 根據股本重組轉撥	-	(242)	-	-	-	-	(242)	-	(242)
(Note (b))	(附註(b))	-	-	-	(238,267)	-	238,267	-	=	=
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 33(c))	出售附屬公司(附註33(c))	-		-	-	-	-	-	5,699	5,699
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	3,208	11,418	2,099	149,220	6,096	35,642	207,683	-	207,683
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(13,144)	(13,144)	-	(13,144)
translation of foreign operation	撰具两外耒肦座生之 匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	(1,055)	-	(1,055)	-	(1,055)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	本年度全面開支總額 因股份配售而發行股份	-	-	-	-	(1,055)	(13,144)	(14,199)	-	(14,199)
(Note 30(b))	(附註30(b))	640	51,200	-	-	-	-	51,840	-	51,840
(Note 30(c))	(附註30(c))	1,923	94,266	_	_	_	_	96,189	_	96,189
Share issue expenses	股份發行費用		(5,403)	-	-	-	-	(5,403)	-	(5,403)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	5,771	151,481	2,099	149,220	5,041	22,498	336,110	-	336,110
(Note 30(a)) Share issue expenses Transfer pursuant to capital reorganisation (Note (b)) Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 33(c))  At 31 December 2013  Loss for the year Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operation  Total comprehensive expense for the year Issue of shares upon placement of shares (Note 30(b)) Issue of shares upon open offer (Note 30(c)) Share issue expenses	(附註30(a)) 股份發行費用 根據股本重組轉撥 (附註(b)) 出售附屬公司(附註33(c)) 於二零一三年十二月三十一日 本年度虧損 換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額 本年度全面間支總額 因股份配售而發行股份 (附註30(b)) 因公開發售而發行股份 (附註30(c)) 股份發行費用	3,208 - - - 640 1,923	(242)		149,220	(1,055) (1,055)	238,267 - 35,642 (13,144) - (13,144)	(242)  207,683  (13,144)  (1,055)  (14,199)  51,840  96,189 (5,403)	- 5,699 - - - - -	20 (11 (1 5 5 9 9 ( )

#### Notes:

- (a) The capital reserve arising from the group reorganisation represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital issued by the Company in exchange for the aggregate nominal values of the share capital of the subsidiaries.
- (b) The credit arising from the capital reduction and the share premium cancellation be credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company and the directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to apply the amount in the contributed surplus account to the Company to set off the accumulated loss of the Company in the manner permitted by the laws of Bermuda and the bye-laws of the Company without further authorisation from the shareholders of the Company. Following the approval of set off of contributed surplus against accumulated loss by the board of directors on 24 May 2013, an amount of contributed surplus of HK\$238,267,000 was transferred to accumulated loss.

#### 附註:

- (a) 集團重組產生之資本儲備乃指本公司為交換附屬公司股本 所發行之股本之面值與有關附屬公司股本總賬面值之差額。
- (b) 將股本削減及註銷股份溢價所產生之進賬計入本公司之實 繳盈餘賬,並授權本公司董事按百慕達法律及本公司之公 司細則所允許之方式,運用本公司實繳盈餘賬內之金額以 抵銷本公司之累計虧損,毋須本公司股東再作授權。董事 會於二零一三年五月二十四日批准以實繳盈餘抵銷累計虧 損,其後,實繳盈餘港幣238,267,000元轉撥至累計虧損。







		Note 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動			
(Loss) profit before tax	除税前(虧損)溢利		(12,796)	27,238
Adjustments for:	就下列各項調整:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊		830	1,015
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損		1,219	20,941
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產之減值虧損		_	24,932
Amortisation of intangible assets	攤銷無形資產		-	9,652
Impairment loss on trade receivables	應收賬款之減值虧損		1,121	1,159
Impairment loss on other receivables	其他應收款項之減值虧損		382	2,807
Write-back of trade payables	撥回應付賬款		-	(887)
Reversal of provision for losses on	撥回訴訟損失之撥備			
litigation			-	(86,500)
Loss (gain) on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之虧損(收益)	33	1,304	(5,122)
Finance costs	財務費用		2,112	2
Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	出售按公平值計入損益之		(E70)	
Gain on disposal of note receivable	財務資產之收益 出售應收票據之收益		(570) (813)	_
Unrealised gains on financial assets at fair	按公平值計入損益之		(613)	_
value through profit or loss	財務資產之未變現收益		_	(950)
Unrealised gains of investments held for	持作買賣投資之未變現			(700)
trading	收益		_	(1,567)
Dividend income from equity securities	股本證券之股息收入		_	(156)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之			
equipment	虧損		-	120
Interest income	利息收入		(1,203)	(4,998)
Operating cash flows before movements	營運資金變動前之經營			
in working capital	現金流量		(8,414)	(12,314)
Increase in trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項增加		(73,644)	(37,826)
Decrease in investments held for trading	持作買賣之投資減少		41,639	36,644
Increase in financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入損益之			
through profit or loss	財務資產增加		-	(8,200)
Increase in trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項增加		61,794	19,066
Cash from (used in) operations	經營業務所產生(動用)現金		21,375	(2,630)
Income taxes paid	已付所得税		(47)	(1,001)
Income taxes refund	所得税發還		35	107
Interest paid	已付利息		(1,474)	(2)
NET CASH FROM (USED IN)	經營活動所產生(動用)			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	之現金淨額		19,889	(3,526)







For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Net cash inflow on acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司產生之現金淨額	32	4,272	_
Net cash outflow on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司動用之現金淨額	33	(1,614)	(696)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(8)	(15)
Proceeds from disposal of note receivable	出售應收票據所得款項		10,768	_
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets	出售按公平值計入損益之			
at fair value through profit or loss	財務資產所得款項		9,720	_
Additions of loan receivable	應收貸款增加		(80,000)	_
Interest received	已收利息		1,075	4,212
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備所得			
plant and equipment	款項		2	158
Dividend income received	已收股息收入		-	156
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM INVESTING	投資活動所產生(動用)			
ACTIVITIES	之現金淨額		(55,785)	3,815
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Proceeds on issue of shares under	因股份配售而發行股份之			
share placing	所得款項		51,840	12,190
Proceeds on issue of shares upon open offer	因公開發售而發行股份之		31,040	12,170
Troccedo em issue en enarco apon open ener	所得款項		96,189	_
Loan payable raised	新增應付貸款		6,000	_
Share issue expenses	股份發行費用		(5,403)	(242)
Repayment of obligations under a finance	償還融資租賃責任		(0) 100)	(2 12)
lease			-	(113)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所產生之現金淨額		148,626	11,835
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等值之增加淨額			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	<b>况立</b> 及况立守且之归加/伊朗		112,730	12,124
			,,	,
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年初之現金及現金等值			
AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR			120,238	108,112
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響		(1,051)	2
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END	年終之現金及現金等值,			
OF THE YEAR, REPRESENTED BY BANK	指銀行結餘及現金			
BALANCES AND CASH			231,917	120,238

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate Information" in the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 39.

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new interpretation and amendments to HKFRSs (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "new and revised HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and a new interpretation.

Investment entities

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 Amendments to HKAS 32 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities Recoverable amount disclosures Amendments to HKAS 36 for non-financial assets Novation of derivatives and Amendments to HKAS 39 continuation of hedge accounting HK(IFRIC)-INT 21 Levies

Except as described below, the application of the new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. 一般資料

本公司為一家於百慕達註冊成立之獲豁免有限 公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)上市。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業 地點披露於年報「公司資料 | 一節內。

綜合財務報表以港幣呈列,而港幣亦為本公司 之功能貨幣。

本公司為投資控股公司。其主要附屬公司之業 務乃於附註39載列。

#### 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則 |)

於本年度,本集團已首次應用下列由香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報 告準則之新詮釋及修訂(以下統稱「新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則」)以及一項新詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第10號、 投資實體

香港財務報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第27號之修訂

香港會計準則第32號之修訂 抵銷財務資產及

財務負債

香港會計準則第36號之修訂 非財務資產之可收回

金額披露

香港會計準則第39號之修訂 衍生工具更替及

對冲會計法之延續

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 徴税

除下述者外,本年度應用新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則對本集團本年度及過往年度之財務 表現與狀況及/或該等綜合財務報表所載披露 並無重大影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS") (Continued)

## AMENDMENTS TO HKAS 32 "OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES"

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 32 "Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities" for the first time in the current year. The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify the requirements relating to the offset of financial assets and financial liabilities. Specifically, the amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off" and "simultaneous realisation and settlement".

As the Group does not have any financial assets and financial liabilities that qualify for offset, the application of the amendments has had no impact on the disclosures or on the amounts recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

## AMENDMENTS TO HKAS 36 "RECOVERABLE AMOUNT DISCLOSURES FOR NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS"

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 36 "Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets" for the first time in the current year. The amendments to HKAS 36 remove the requirement to disclose the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit (the "CGU") to which goodwill or other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives had been allocated when there has been no impairment or reversal of impairment of the related CGU. Furthermore, the amendments introduce additional disclosure requirements applicable to when the recoverable amount of an asset or a CGU is measured at fair value less costs of disposal. These new disclosures include the fair value hierarchy, key assumptions and valuation techniques used which are in line with the disclosure required by HKFRS 13 "Fair value measurements".

The application of these amendments has had no material impact on the disclosures in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

#### 香港會計準則第32號之修訂「抵銷 財務資產及財務負債」

於本年度,本集團已首次應用香港會計準則第 32號之修訂「抵銷財務資產及財務負債」。香 港會計準則第32號之修訂載明有關抵銷財務 資產及財務負債之規定。尤其是,該修訂載明 「目前有法律上可執行之對銷權」及「同時兑現 與清償」的界定。

由於本集團並無任何合資格抵銷的財務資產及 財務負債,故應用修訂對本集團綜合財務報表 所載披露或所確認之金額並無影響。

### 香港會計準則第36號之修訂「非財務資產之可收回金額披露 |

於本年度,本集團已首次應用香港會計準則第36號之修訂「非財務資產之可收回金額披露」。香港會計準則第36號之修訂在相關現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)並無減值或減值撥回之情況下,取消已獲分配商譽或其他具有不確定可使用年期之無形資產之現金產生單位可收回金額按其公平值減產或現金產生單位之可收回金額按其公平值減出售成本計量時,須作額外披露。該等新披露包括符合香港財務報告準則第13號「公平值計量」所規定披露的公平值層級、主要假設及估值技術。

應用該等修訂對本集團綜合財務報表之披露並 無重大影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS") (Continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Financial instruments<sup>1</sup> HKFRS 9 Regulatory deferral accounts<sup>2</sup> HKFRS 14 Revenue from contracts with customers<sup>3</sup> HKFRS 15 Accounting for acquisitions of interests Amendments to HKFRS 11 in joint operations5 Disclosure initiative5 Amendments to HKAS 1 Amendments to HKAS 16 Clarification of acceptable methods and HKAS 38 of depreciation and amortisation<sup>5</sup> Amendments to HKAS 16 Agriculture: Bearer plants<sup>5</sup> and HKAS 41 Amendments to HKAS 19 Defined benefit plans: Employee contributions4 Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity method in separate financial statements5 Sale or contribution of assets between Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 an investor and its associate or joint venture5 Amendments to HKFRS 10, Investment entities: Applying HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 the consolidation exception<sup>5</sup> Amendments to HKFRSs Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 cycle6 Amendments to HKFRSs Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 cycle4 Annual improvements to HKFRSs Amendments to HKFRSs 2012-2014 cycle<sup>5</sup>

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with earlier application permitted.

- Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with earlier application permitted.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, with earlier application permitted.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with earlier application permitted.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with earlier application permitted.
- 6 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with limited exceptions. Earlier application is permitted.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

本集團並無提前應用下列已頒佈但尚未生效之 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具1
香港財務報告準則第14號	監管遞延賬戶2
香港財務報告準則第15號	客戶合同收入3
香港財務報告準則第11號	收購合營業務權益之
之修訂	會計處理5
香港會計準則第1號之修訂	披露主動性5
香港會計準則第16號及	澄清可接納之折舊及
香港會計準則第38號	攤銷方法5
之修訂	
香港會計準則第16號	農業:生產性植物5
及香港會計準則第41號	
之修訂	
香港會計準則第19號	界定福利計劃:僱員
之修訂	供款4
香港會計準則第27號	獨立財務報表之權益法
之修訂	
香港財務報告準則第10號	投資者與其聯營公司或
及香港會計準則第28號	合營企業之間銷售或
之修訂	注入資產5
香港財務報告準則第10號、	投資實體:應用綜合
香港財務報告準則第12號	入賬之例外情況5
及香港會計準則第28號	
之修訂	
香港財務報告準則之修訂	香港財務報告準則二零
	一零年至二零一二年
	週期之年度改進6
香港財務報告準則之修訂	香港財務報告準則二零
	——年至二零一三年

自二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度生效,可提早應用。

香港財務報告準則之修訂

週期之年度改進4

香港財務報告準則二零

一二年至二零一四年 週期之年度改進<sup>5</sup>

- 自二零一六年一月一日或之後開始之首個年度香港 財務報告準則財務報表生效,可提早應用。
- 6 自二零一七年一月一日或之後開始之年度生效,可提早應用。
- 自二零一四年七月一日或之後開始之年度生效,可 提早應用。
- 就二零一六年一月一日或之後開始之年度生效,可提早應用。
- 。 於二零一四年七月一日或之後開始之年度生效,有 少數豁免情況。可提早應用。



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

#### **HKFRS 9 "FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS"**

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and further amended in 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 mainly to include a) impairment requirements for financial assets and b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a "fair value through other comprehensive income" ("FVTOCI") measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described below:

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement" are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

### 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」

於二零零九年頒佈之香港財務報告準則第9號 引入財務資產之分類及計量新規定。香港財務 報告準則第9號其後於二零一零年修訂,以載 入財務負債之分類及計量及終止確認之規定, 並於二零一三年再修訂,以包括有關一般對沖 會計法之新規定。二零一四年頒佈的香港財務 報告準則第9號的另一修訂主要加入a)財務資 產的減值規定及b)藉為若干簡單債務工具引入 「按公平值計入其他全面收益」計量類別,對 分類及計量規定作出有限修訂。

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定詳述如下:

香港會計準則第39號金融工具:確認及 計量範圍內之所有已確認財務資產,其 後須按攤銷成本或公平值計量,特別 是,按目標為收取合約現金流之業務模 式所持有之債務投資及合約現金流僅為 支付尚未償還本金及其利息之債務投資 一般於後續會計期間結束時按攤銷成本 計量。按目標為收取合約現金流及銷售 財務資產之業務模式所持有之債務工具 以及財務資產在合約條款指定日期以現 金流純粹支付當未償還本金及其利息之 債務工具,均按公平值計入其他全面收 益計量。所有其他債務投資及股權投資 均於後續會計期間結束時按公平值計 量。此外,根據香港財務報告準則第9 號,實體可不可撤回地選擇於其他全面 收益呈報股本投資(並非持作買賣者)公 平值之其後變動,一般只有股息收入於 損益內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS") (Continued)

#### HKFRS 9 "FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS" (Continued)

- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.
- In relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9
  requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an
  incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected
  credit loss model requires an entity to account for
  expected credit losses and changes in those expected
  credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in
  credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no
  longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred
  before credit losses are recognised.
- The new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting. However, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an "economic relationship". Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

#### 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融 工具」(續)

- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號,就指定 為按公平值計入損益之財務負債而言, 該財務負債之公平值因其信貸風險變動 而產生之變動金額於其他全面收益內呈報,除非於其他全面收益中呈報該負內 信貸風險變動影響將造成或加大損益內 之會計錯配則作別論。財務負債信會重新 分類至損益。根據香港會計準則第39 號,指定為按公平值變動金額於損益內呈報。 債之整筆公平值變動金額於損益內呈報。
- 香港財務報告準則第9號規定財務資產 減值按預期信用損失模型計算,有別於 香港會計準則第39號按已產生信用損失 模型計算。預期信用損失模型規定實體 須按其預期信用損失及各報告日期的預 期信用損失變化入賬,以反映初始確認 後的信用風險變化。換言之,毋須確認 於信用損失前發生的信用事件。
- 新的一般對沖會計法規定保留三類對沖會計法。然而,該會計法向可作對沖會計之交易類別引入更大靈活度,尤其是擴闊合資格作為對沖工具之工具類別及可作對沖會計之非金融項目之風險分部之類別。此外,效用測試已獲重整及取代「經濟關係」之原則,且毋須追溯評估對沖效用,亦已引入有關實體風險管理活動之披露規定。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

#### HKFRS 9 "FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS" (Continued)

The directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future will not affect the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities.

### HKFRS 15 "REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS"

In July 2014, HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction contracts" and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

### 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(續)

本公司董事預期日後採納香港財務報告準則第 9號不會影響本集團財務資產及財務負債之分 類及計量。

#### 香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶合 同收入」

香港財務報告準則第15號於二零一四年七月頒佈,其制定一項單一全面模式供實體用作將自客戶合同所產生之收益入賬。於香港財務報告準則第15號生效後,其將取代現時載於香港會計準則第18號「收益」、香港會計準則第11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋之收益確認指引。

香港財務報告準則第15號之核心原則為實體 須確認描述向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務之收益 金額,該金額應為能反映該實體預期就交換該 等貨品或服務有權獲得之代價。具體而言,該 準則引入確認收益之五個步驟:

第一步: 識別與客戶訂立之合同第二步: 識別合同中之履約責任

• 第三步: 釐定交易價

• 第四步: 將交易價分配至合同之履約

青仟

• 第五步: 於實體完成履約責任時(或

就此)確認收益

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,實體於完成 履約責任時(或就此)確認收益,即於特定履約 責任相關的商品或服務的「控制權」轉讓予客 戶時。香港財務報告準則第15號已就特別情 況之處理方法加入更明確之指引。此外,香港 財務報告準則第15號要求更詳盡之披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS") (Continued)

### HKFRS 15 "REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS" (Continued)

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may not have material impact on the amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

#### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

### 香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶合同收入」(續)

本公司董事預期,於未來應用香港財務報告準 則第15號可能不會對就本集團綜合財務報表 之已呈報金額及披露資料造成重大影響。

本公司董事預期,應用其他新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則不會對綜合財務報表構成重大影響。

#### 3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例規定之適用披露事項。

#### 編製基準

除於各報告期末按公平值計量之若干金融工具 外,綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製,計 量基準於下列會計政策內說明。

歷史成本一般乃根據交易貨品及服務時所付出 代價之公平值計量。



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **BASIS OF PREPARATION** (Continued)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets".

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 編製基準(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公平 值計量的輸入數據可觀察程度及公平值計量的 輸入數據對其整體的重要性分類為第一級、第 二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是實體於計量日期可以 取得的相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報 價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據是就資產或負債直接或 間接地可觀察之輸入數據(第一級內包括 的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據是資產或負債的不可觀察輸入數據。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### **BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

主要會計政策載列如下。

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司及其附屬公司控制實體之財務報表。當本公司符合以下條件時,即取得控制權:

- 可對被投資方行使權力;
- 因參與被投資方業務而承擔浮動回報之 風險或享有權利;及
- 有能力使用其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制權要素有一項或以上出現變動,本公司會重新評估其是否 對被投資方擁有控制權。

倘本集團於投資對象之投票權未能佔大多數, 但只要投票權足以賦予本集團實際能力可單方 面掌控投資對象之相關業務時,本集團即對投 資對象擁有權力。在評估本集團於投資對象之 投票權是否足以賦予其權力時,本集團考慮所 有相關事實及情況,包括:

- 本集團持有投票權之規模相較其他投票權持有人所持投票權之規模及分散度;
- 本集團、其他投票權持有人或其他人士 持有之潛在投票權;
- 其他合約安排產生之權利;及
- 可顯示於需要作出決定時,本集團當前 能否掌控相關活動之任何其他事實及情 況(包括於過往股東大會上之投票方式)。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued.

#### **BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION** (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

### CHANGES IN THE GROUP'S OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN EXISTING SUBSIDIARIES

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 綜合基準(續)

附屬公司之綜合入賬於本集團取得有關附屬公司之控制權起開始,並於本集團失去有關附屬公司之控制權時終止。具體而言,年內所收購或出售附屬公司之收入及開支乃自本集團取得控制權之日期起計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表,直至本集團不再控制有關附屬公司之日期為止。

損益及其他全面收益之每個項目乃歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司之全面收益 總額歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使 此舉會導致非控股權益產生虧絀結餘。

必要時,會對附屬公司之財務報表作出調整,以使彼等之會計政策與本集團會計政策一致。

有關本集團成員之間交易的所有集團內公司間 之資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量 於綜合賬目時悉數對銷。

#### 本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權之 變動

倘本集團失去附屬公司控制權,則收益或虧損於損益確認並按(i)所收代價之公平值及任何保留權益之公平值總額與(ii)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負債的此前賬面值以及任何非控股權益兩者之間的差額計算。先前於其他全面收益就該附屬公司確認之所有款額,會按猶如本集團已直接出售該附屬公司之相關資產或負債允賬(即按適用香港財務報告準則所訂明/允許而重新分類至損益或轉撥至另一權益類別)。於失去控制權當日在前附屬公司保留之任何投資之公平值,會根據香港會計準則第39號(如適用)首次確認於聯營公司或合營企業之投資之成本。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **BUSINESS COMBINATIONS**

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations" are measured in accordance with that standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併

業務收購採用收購法入賬。於業務合併轉撥之 代價乃按公平值計量,並以本集團轉撥之資 產、本集團對被收購方前擁有人產生之負債及 本集團就交換被收購方之控制權所發行之股本 權益於收購日期公平值之總和計算。與收購相 關之成本在產生時於損益內確認。

已收購可辨認資產及須承擔之負債乃於收購日期按公平值確認。惟下列項目除外:

- 遞延稅項資產或負債及與僱員福利安排 有關之資產或負債分別根據香港會計準 則第12號「所得稅」及香港會計準則第 19號「僱員福利」確認及計量:
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎之付款安排有關或以本集團以股份為基礎之付款安排取代被收購方以股份為基礎之付款安排有關之負債及權益工具,乃於收購日期按香港財務報告準則第2號計量:及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持作出售 之非流動資產及終止經營業務」分類為 持作出售資產(或出售組別)根據該項準 則計量。

商譽是以所轉讓之代價、於被收購方中非控股權益所佔金額及收購方以往持有之被收購方股權之公平值(如有)之總和,扣除收購之可辨認資產及承擔之負債於收購日期之淨值後,所收購之可辨認資產與所承擔之負債於收購日期之淨額高於轉讓之代價、非控股權益於被收購方中所佔金額以及收購方以往持有之被收購方股權之公平值(如有)之總和,則差額即時於損益內確認為議價購買收益。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued.

#### **BUSINESS COMBINATIONS** (Continued)

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another HKFRS.

#### **GOODWILL**

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (the "CGUs") (or groups of CGUs) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant CGU, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

屬現時所有者權益且於清盤時賦予其持有人按比例分佔實體淨資產之非控股權益,可初步按公平值或非控股權益應佔被收購方可辨認資產淨值之已確認金額比例計量。計量基準視乎每項交易而作出選擇。其他種類之非控股權益乃按公平值或(如通用)其他香港財務報告準則列明之基準計量。

#### 商譽

自收購業務所產生之商譽按於收購業務當日之 成本減任何累計減值虧損列賬(如有),並於綜 合財務狀況報表獨立呈列。

就減值測試而言,商譽乃分配予預期會受惠於 合併所產生之協同效應之本集團現金產生單位 (「現金產生單位」)(或現金產生單位群組)。

經分配商譽之現金產生單位會每年或於有跡象顯示該單位可能出現減值時進行減值測試。就報告期間進行收購所產生商譽而言,經分配商譽之現金產生單位會於報告期末前進行減值測試。倘現金產生單位之可收回金額低於其賬面值,則會首先分配減值虧損以減低任何分配至該單位之商譽之賬面值,其後則按該單位內各項資產賬面值之比例分配至該單位之其他資產。商譽之減值虧損乃直接於損益內確認。就商譽確認之減值虧損並不會於往後期間撥回。

於出售有關現金產生單位時,商譽之應佔金額 乃於出售時計入損益之釐定金額中。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **REVENUE RECOGNITION**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Agency commission and service income from property agency is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered, which is generally the time when a formal agreement among the transacted parties is established.

Franchise income is recognised in accordance with the terms of the relevant franchise agreement and when the Group's entitlement to payment has been established.

Advertising agency income is recognised when the services are rendered.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 收益確認

收益乃按已收或應收代價之公平值計量,是指 正常業務過程中已提供服務之應收款項,扣除 貼現及銷售相關稅項。

物業代理之佣金及服務收入於提供服務之會計 期間確認,一般為相關交易方訂立正式協議之 時。

特許經營權收入按照相關特許協議之條款於本 集團獲取款項之權利確立時確認。

廣告代理之收入於提供服務時確認。

投資所得股息收入於股東獲取款項之權利確立 時確認。

在經濟利益可能流入本集團及收入金額能夠可 靠地計量之情況下,財務資產之利息收入會被 確認。利息收入乃參照未償還本金按適用之實 際利率及時間比例計算(適用之實際利率即準 確貼現財務資產預計年期內估計未來現金收入 至資產於初始確認時之賬面淨值之利率)。



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **LEASING**

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Group's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy below). Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃

倘租賃條款使擁有權之絕大部分風險和回報轉 移至承租人,有關租賃乃分類為融資租賃。所 有其他租賃則分類為經營租賃。

#### 本集團作為承租人

持作融資租賃資產於租賃開始時按其公平值或 以最低租賃款項之現有價值(以較低者為準)確 認為資產。出租人之相應負債乃計入綜合財務 狀況報表內列為融資租約承擔。

租賃款項乃於融資開支與租賃責任扣減之間作出分配,致使負債之餘額維持固定之利率。融資開支即時於損益內確認,惟有關開支與合資格資產直接相關則除外,於此情況下,有關開支按照本集團之借貸成本政策(見下文之會計政策)資本化。或然租金於產生期間確認為開支。

經營租賃款項於租期按直線法確認為開支。

倘訂立經營租賃可以獲得租賃優惠,該等優惠 作為負債確認。優惠之累計利益乃以直線法沖 減租金開支確認。然而如另有系統性基準較時 間性模式更具代表性,租賃資產之經濟效益據 此被消耗除外。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **FOREIGN CURRENCIES**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the year, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments to identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed through acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 外幣

於編製集團各個別實體財務報表時,以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之交易,乃按於交易日之匯率確認。於報告期末,以外幣定值之貨幣項目乃按當日之匯率重新換算。按公平值列賬及以外幣定值之非貨幣項目乃按其公平值釐定當日之匯率重新換算。按外幣歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

貨幣項目產生之匯兑差額,乃於其產生期間在 損益內確認。

就呈報綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外業務之 資產及負債乃按各報告期末之通行匯率換算為 本集團之呈報貨幣(即港元)。收入及開支項目 則按本年度之平均匯率換算,惟倘年內匯率顯 著波動則除外,於該情況下,則採用交易日期 之通行匯率。所產生之匯兑差額(如有)將於匯 兑儲備項下之其他全面收益中確認及於權益累 計。

收購海外業務所產生之商譽及所收購可辨認資產之公平值調整,均當作該海外業務之資產與負債處理,並按於各報告期末適用之匯率換算。所產生之匯兑差額將確認為其他全面收益。



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued.

#### **BORROWING COSTS**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### RETIREMENT BENEFIT COSTS

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Payments made to state-managed retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as payments to defined contribution schemes where the Group's obligations under the schemes are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefits scheme.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 借貸成本

收購、建設或生產合資格資產(指需要用上大量時間準備就緒以供擬定用途或銷售之資產) 直接應佔之借貸成本乃計入該等資產之成本, 直至該等資產差不多已準備就緒以供擬定用途 或銷售為止。

若未用作合資格資產開支之特定借貸暫時用於 投資,所賺取之投資收入自合資格作資本化之 借貸成本扣除。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間於損益內確認。

#### 退休福利成本

就國家管理退休福利計劃及強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」)作出之付款於僱員提供可獲取 該等供款之服務時確認為開支。

倘本集團根據國家管理退休福利計劃須履行的 責任相當於特定供款的退休福利計劃的責任, 則就該計劃作出之付款視作為特定供款退休計 劃的供款。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

#### Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period or recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the share options granted vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 以股份為基礎之付款交易

#### 以權益結算並以股份為基礎之付款交易

授予僱員之購股權

所獲取服務之公平值乃參照所授出購股權於授 出日期之公平值而釐定,按歸屬期以直線法支 銷,或於授出購股權歸屬時於授出日期即時全 數確認為開支,權益(購股權儲備)亦相應增 加。

本集團於報告期末修訂對預期最終將歸屬之購 股權數目之估計。歸屬期內修訂原有估計之影 響(如有)乃於損益內確認,令累計開支可反映 修訂估計,並對購股權儲備作出相應調整。

購股權獲行使時,過往在購股權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至股份溢價。倘購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於屆滿日期仍未行使,過往在購股權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至累計虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued

#### **TAXATION**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on the taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before tax" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 税項

所得税支出指本期應付税項及遞延税項。

#### 本期税項

本期應付税項乃按年度應課税溢利計算。應課 税溢利與綜合損益及其他全面收益表所報「除 税前溢利」不同,此乃由於其他年度應課税或 可扣減之收入或支出項目及永不課税或扣減之 項目。本集團之本期税項負債乃使用於報告期 末已制訂或實質上已制訂之税率計算。

#### 遞延税項

遞延税項乃按於綜合財務報表內資產及負債賬面值與用於計算應課税溢利之相應稅基兩者之臨時差額確認。遞延稅項負債通常會就所有應課稅暫時差異確認。遞延稅項資產則通常限於日後之應課稅溢利頗有可能足以抵銷可扣減之暫時差異時確認。若暫時差異因於一項既不影響應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利之交易(不包括業務合併)中初步確認資產及負債而引致,則不會確認該等遞延資產及負債。

遞延稅項負債就與附屬公司有關投資產生之應 課稅臨時差額確認,惟倘本集團能控制臨時差 額撥回且臨時差額於可見未來不會撥回則作別 論。與該等投資及權益相關之可抵扣暫時差額 所產生之遞延稅項資產僅在動用暫時差額利益 時有足夠之應課稅溢利且預期在可見將來其將 被撥回時,方可確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **TAXATION** (Continued)

#### **Deferred tax** (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

#### Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 税項(續)

#### 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值會於各報告期末作檢 討,並在不大可能再有足夠應課税溢利收回全 部或部分資產時減少。

遞延税項資產及負債以負債被清償或資產被變現之期間預期適用之税率衡量,並根據於報告期末已制訂或實際上已制訂之税率(和税務法例)計算。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映隨本集團預期 於報告期末收回或償還資產及負債賬面值所產 生之稅務後果。

#### 本年度之本期及遞延税項

本期及遞延稅項於損益內確認,惟當與於其他 全面收益或直接於權益確認之項目有關之情況 下,本期及遞延稅項則同樣分別於其他全面收 益或直接於權益中確認。倘因業務合併之初步 會計方法產生本期稅項或遞延稅項,有關稅務 影響將計入業務合併之會計。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減其後累計折舊及 累計減值虧損(如有)列於綜合財務狀況報表。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

### INTANGIBLE ASSETS ACQUIRED IN A BUSINESS COMBINATION

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目之折舊按直線法於其估計使用年期確認以撤銷成本(經扣除估計剩餘價值)。估計使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各報告期末進行檢討,估計變動產生之影響按非追溯基準入賬。

按融資租約持有之資產,乃按其預計可使用年期計算折舊,計算基準與已擁有資產相同。然而,倘無法合理確定是否能於租賃年期結束時取得擁有權,資產將按租賃年期或使用年期之間較短者(以較短者為準)計算折舊。

物業、廠房及設備項目乃於出售後或當預期持續使用該資產將不會產生未來經濟利益時解取確認。出售或廢棄物業、廠房及設備項目所得之收益或虧損,按銷售所得款項與資產賬面值之差額釐定,並於損益內確認。

#### 於業務合併中收購之無形資產

業務合併中收購之無形資產將於商譽以外另行確認,並於收購日期按公平值(視為其成本)初步確認。

初步確認後,有限定使用年期之無形資產將按 成本減去累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列賬。 有限定使用年期之無形資產將按其估計使用年 期,以直線法予以攤銷。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### INTANGIBLE ASSETS ACQUIRED IN A BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

# IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER THAN GOODWILL (SEE THE ACCOUNTING POLICY IN RESPECT OF GOODWILL ABOVE)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual CGUs, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGUs for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 於業務合併中收購之無形資產(續)

取消確認無形資產所產生之收益或虧損將按出 售所得款項淨額與資產賬面值之差額計量,並 於取消確認資產時於損益內確認。

#### 有形及無形資產(商譽除外)的減值 虧損(見上述商譽相關會計政策)

本集團於各報告期末檢討其有限可使用年期之 有形及無形資產的賬面值,以確定有否跡象顯 示該等資產出現減值虧損。如存在任何該等跡 象,則估計資產之可收回金額以確定減值虧損 (如有)程度。倘無法估計單項資產之可收回金 額,則本集團估計資產所屬現金產生單位之可 收回金額。倘可識別分配之合理一致基準,則 公司資產亦分類為獨立現金產生單位或以其他 方式分配至可識別合理一致基準之現金產生單 位最小組別。

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本與使用價值兩 者中之較高者。評估使用價值時,估計未來現 金流量會按照可反映現時市場對貨幣時間值及 未調整未來現金流量估計之資產特定風險的評 估的稅前貼現率,貼現至其現值。

倘資產之可收回金額估計低於其賬面值,則其 賬面值減至可收回金額,而減值虧損即時於損 益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

# IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER THAN GOODWILL (SEE THE ACCOUNTING POLICY IN RESPECT OF GOODWILL ABOVE) (Continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately in profit or loss.

#### **PROVISIONS**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(商譽除外)的減值 虧損(見上述商譽相關會計政策) (續)

倘減值虧損於日後撥回,則資產之賬面值增至 重新估計可收回金額,惟增加後的賬面值不得 高於假設過往年度並無就資產確認減值虧損而 釐定的賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益確認 為收入。

#### 撥備

若本集團須就過往事件而承擔現有責任,及本 集團有可能須履行該項責任,並對責任之金額 可作出可靠估計時,則會確認撥備。

確認為撥備之金額乃按申報期末履行現時責任 所需代價之最佳估計而計量,而估計乃經考慮 圍繞責任之風險及不確定性而作出。倘撥備以 估計履行現時責任之現金流量計量時,其賬面 值為該等現金流量之現值(倘資金時間值之影 響屬重大)。

#### 金融工具

財務資產及財務負債乃於一間集團實體成為工 具合約條文之一方時在綜合財務狀況報表確 認。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss

#### Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are comprising of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

財務資產及財務負債乃初步按公平值計量。收 購或發行財務資產及財務負債(透過損益以公 平值列賬之財務資產及財務負債除外)直接應 佔之交易成本於初步確認時計入或自財務資產 或財務負債之公平值(以合適者為準)扣除。收 購透過損益以公平值列賬之財務資產或財務負 債直接應佔之交易成本即時於損益內確認。

#### 財務資產

本集團之財務資產包括按公平值計入損益之財務資產(「按公平值計入損益之財務資產」)及貸款及應收款項。分類乃基於財務資產之性質及目的於初步確認時予以釐定。所有以正規途徑購買或銷售之財務資產乃按交易日期基準確認及取消確認。正規途徑買賣或銷售乃要求於市場法規或慣例所確定之時間框架內交付資產之財務資產買賣或銷售。

#### 實際利率法

實際利率法為計算一項債務工具之攤銷成本及按有關期間分配利息收入之方法。實際利率法為按債務工具之預期可使用年期或(倘合適)較短期間,實際折讓估計未來現金收入(包括構成實際利率之組成部分之所有已付或已收費用及款項、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至初步確認時之賬面淨值。

債務工具之利息收入乃按實際利息基準確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued.

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets
  or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its
  performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in
  accordance with the Group's documented risk
  management or investment strategy, and information
  about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 財務資產(續)

按公平值計入損益之財務資產

當財務資產為持作買賣或指定為按公平值計入 損益,則該財務資產分類為按公平值計入損 益。

財務資產會被列為持作買賣,倘:

- 購入主要為於不久將來銷售;或
- 於初步確認時構成本集團合併管理之可 辨認金融工具之可辨認組合之一部分及 具有最近實際短期獲利模式;或
- 財務資產為未被指定之衍生工具及可有效作為對沖工具。

財務資產(持作買賣財務資產除外)可於下列情況下於初步確認時指定為按公平值計入損益:

- 該指定消除或大幅減少可能會出現的計量或確認方面的不一致性;或
- 該財務資產構成一組財務資產或財務負債或財務資產及財務負債組合的一部分,而根據本集團制定的風險管理或投資策略,該項財務資產的管理及績效乃以公平值為基礎進行評估,且有關分組之資料乃按此基準向內部提供;或
- 其構成包含一項或多項嵌入式衍生工具的合約的一部分,而香港會計準則第39號允許將整個組合合約(資產或負債)指定為按公平值計入損益。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

**Financial assets** (Continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL (Continued)

Convertible bonds acquired by the Group are designated as financial assets at FVTPL on initial recognition. At the end of the reporting period subsequent to initial recognition, the entire convertible bonds are measured at fair value, with changes in fair values from remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including note receivable, loan receivable, trade and other receivables, and bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

按公平值計入損益之財務資產(續)

本集團所收購之可換股債券於初步確認時,指 定為按公平值計入損益之財務資產。經初步確 認後,於報告期末,全部可換股債券按公平值 計量,重新計量之公平值變動於其產生期間於 損益直接確認。

於按公平值計入損益之財務資產乃按公平值計 算,而公平值之變動乃於產生期間直接確認於 損益內。確認於損益內之淨收益或虧損不包括 財務資產所賺取之任何股息或利息。

#### 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為具有固定或可釐定付款之非衍生財務資產,該等資產於活躍市場上並無報價。於初次確認後,貸款及應收款項(包括應收票據、應收貸款、應收賬款及其他應收款項及銀行結餘及現金)乃使用實際利率法按攤銷成本,減任何已識別減值虧損列賬(見下文財務資產減值虧損之會計政策)。

#### 財務資產之減值

於各報告期末須評估財務資產(除按公平值計 入損益之財務資產外)是否有任何減值跡象。 倘有任何客觀證據,證明財務資產之估計未來 現金流量由於一個或多個於初步確認財務資產 後發生之事項而受到影響,則財務資產將視為 已減值。



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### **Impairment of financial assets** (Continued)

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed for impairment on a collective basis even if they were assessed not to be impaired individually. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 7 to 90 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets that are carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets except for trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 財務資產之減值(續)

就所有其他財務資產而言,減值之客觀證據可 包括:

- 發行人或交易對手遭遇重大財務困難; 或
- 違反合約,如:拖欠或逾期交付利息或 本金;或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或進行財務重組。

就若干類別財務資產(如應收賬款)而言,單獨 評估並無出現減值之資產將彙集一併評估減 值。應收款項組合出現減值之客觀證據包括本 集團禍往收款記錄、組合內延遲付款超過7至 90天平均信貸期之數目增加以及導致逾期償 還之全國或地方經濟狀況明顯變動。

就按攤銷成本列賬之財務資產而言,已確認減 值虧損金額為該資產之賬面值與估計未來現金 流量以財務資產之原實際利率貼現之現值之間 之差額。

除應收賬款外所有財務資產之減值虧損將直接 於財務資產之賬面值中扣減,其賬面值會透過 使用撥備賬扣減。當應收賬款被視為不可收回 時,其將於撥備賬內撇銷。早前已撇銷款項如 其後收回,將計入損益。撥備賬之賬面值變動 會於損益內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 財務資產之減值(續)

就按攤銷成本計量之財務資產,在其後期間, 倘減值虧損金額減少,而有關減少客觀上與確 認減值虧損之後發生之事項有聯繫,則以前確 認之減值虧損會透過損益撥回,但該撥回不應 導致該資產在減值撥回日期之賬面值超過不確 認減值情況下之攤銷成本。

#### 財務負債及權益工具

集團實體發行之債務及權益工具乃根據合約安 排之內容與財務負債及權益工具之定義分類為 財務負債或權益工具。

#### 權益工具

權益工具乃證明本集團資產於扣除其所有負債 後之剩餘權益之任何合約。本集團發行之權益 工具以扣減直接發行成本後所收取之所得款項 確認。

概無就購買、出售、發行或註銷本公司本身權 益工具於損益確認溢利或虧損。

#### 實際利率法

實際利率法乃一種計算財務負債之攤銷成本以及將利息費用分配予有關期間之方法。實際利率將估計未來現金付款透過財務負債之預期年期或(倘適用)更短期間準確折讓至初步確認之賬面淨值之利率。

利息開支按實際利率基準確認。

**綜合期務報表附註**For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables and loan payable) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 財務負債及權益工具(續)

財務負債

財務負債(包括應付賬款及其他應付款項以及 應付貸款)其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計 量。

#### 解除確認

惟倘資產現金流量之合約權利屆滿時,或將其 財務資產或該等資產所有權之絕大部分風險及 回報轉移予另一實體時,本集團方會取消確認 財務資產。

於解除確認整項財務資產時,該項資產賬面值與已收及應收代價及於其他全面收益確認並於權益中累計之累計損益總額之差額在損益內確認。

本集團僅於其責任已被解除、註銷或屆滿時方 會取消確認財務負債。取消確認之財務負債賬 面值與已付及應付代價之差額乃於損益內確 認。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



# 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# **ESTIMATED IMPAIRMENT OF GOODWILL**

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated. The value-in-use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the CGU and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31 December 2014, the carrying amount of goodwill is HK\$4,395,000 (net of accumulated impairment loss of HK\$540,987,000) (2013: carrying amount of goodwill is HK\$7,059,000, net of accumulated impairment loss of HK\$542,701,000).

# 4. 估計不確定性之主要來源

於應用本集團會計政策(於附註3載述)時,本公司董事須就資產和負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設,其依據無法從其它渠道可靠獲得。該等估計及相關假設乃基於歷史經驗及其它被視為相關之因素而作出。實際結果或會有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設乃持續檢討。倘會計估計之修 訂僅影響作出修訂之期間,則有關修訂會在該 期間確認,或倘修訂對現時及未來期間均有影 響,則須在作出修訂之期間及未來期間確認。

以下列載於報告期末就未來和其他估計之不明 朗因素之主要來源所作出之主要假設,而彼等 足以致使下一個財政年度之資產和負債賬面值 發生重大調整之重大風險。

#### 估計商譽減值

釐定商譽是否減值須估計獲分配有關商譽之現金產生單位之使用價值。計算使用價值須本集團對預期可自現金產生單位獲得之未來現金流量以及適合計算所得現值之折現率作出估計。倘實際未來現金流量較預期為少,則可能產生重大減值虧損。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,商譽之賬面值為港幣4,395,000元(已扣除港幣540,987,000元的累計減值虧損)(二零一三年:商譽之賬面值為港幣7,059,000元,已扣除港幣542,701,000元的累計減值虧損)。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



# 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

# ESTIMATED IMPAIRMENT OF TRADE RECEIVABLES

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31 December 2014, the carrying amount of trade receivables is HK\$119,499,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$6,551,000) (2013: carrying amount of trade receivables is HK\$56,485,000, net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$5,968,000).

#### 5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, and various reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt or reduction in capital.

# 4. 估計不確定性之主要來源(續)

# 應收賬款之估計減值

倘有減值之客觀憑證時,本集團考慮估計將來之現金流量。減值虧損之金額以資產之賬面金額及估計將來現金流量現值(不包括並未生產之將來信貸虧損)之差額,按財務資產之原實際利率(即按初始確認時計算之實際利率)折現後計算。倘實際將來現金流量低於預期,則可能出現重大減值虧損。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,應收賬款之賬面值為港幣119,499,000元(已扣除呆賬撥備港幣6,551,000元)(二零一三年:應收賬款之賬面值為港幣56,485,000元,已扣除呆賬撥備港幣5,968,000元)。

# 5. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團之實體將能 夠繼續持續經營,同時透過將債務及權益結餘 優化而將給予股東之回報最大化。本集團之整 體策略維持與往年相同。

本集團之資本架構包括債務淨額、扣除現金及 現金等值項目及本公司擁有人應佔權益(包括 已發行股本)及各項儲備。

本公司董事定期審閱資本架構。作為此審閱工作之一部分,董事考慮資本成本及各資本類別之相關風險。本集團將根據董事提出之建議,透過分派股息、發行新股份及發行新債項或贖回現有債項或削減資本,平衡其整體資本架構。



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# 6. 金融工具

#### **6A. CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

# 6A. 金融工具類別

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss  — Held for trading  — Designated as at FVTPL	財務資產 貸款及應收款項(包括 現金及現金等值項目) 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產 一持作買賣 一指定按公平值計入損益	464,875 - -	202,704 41,639 9,150
		464,875	253,493
Financial liabilities Amortised cost Loan payable	<b>財務負債</b> 攤銷成本 應付貸款	125,329 6,000 131,329	51,967 - 51,967

# 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include note receivable, loan receivable, trade and other receivables, investments held for trading, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and loan payable. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

# 6B. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括應收票據、 應收貸款、應收賬款及其他應收款項之 財務資產、銀行結餘及現金、應付計入損賬 及其他應付款項及應收貸款。該等與 工具之詳情於各自附註內披露。與 工具之詳情於各自附註內披露。與 (信等 國險及流動資金風險。如何減輕及 屬之政策載於下文。管理層管理及監 該等風險,以確保及時及有效地實施適 當措施。



## **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Market risk

Currency risk

The Group operates in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") with most of the transactions denominated and settled in Hong Kong dollars, the functional currency of relevant group entities.

The Group is mainly exposed to the Renminbi ("RMB"), British Pounds Sterling ("GBP"), Singapore Dollars ("SGD") and United State Dollars ("USD"), arising from foreign currency trade and other receivables, investments held for trading, bank balances and cash, and trade and other payables.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of reporting period are as follows:

# 6. 金融工具(續)

# 6B. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險

外匯風險

本集團在香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」)經營業務,其大部分交易均以相關 集團實體之功能貨幣港幣列值和結算。

本集團主要承受自外幣應收賬款及其他 應收款項、持作買賣之投資、銀行結餘 及現金和應付賬款及其他應付款項所產 生之人民幣(「人民幣」)、英鎊(「英 鎊」)、新加坡元(「新加坡元」)及美元 (「美元」)之風險。

本集團於呈報日期以外幣列值之貨幣資 產及貨幣負債之賬面值如下:

		Liabi	Liabilities		Assets		
		負	債	資產			
		2014	<b>2014</b> 2013		2013		
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		港幣千元	港幣千元 港幣千元		港幣千元		
RMB	人民幣	(12,915)	(400)	91,152	1,898		
USD	美元	_	(98)	8,754	37,371		
GBP	英鎊	-			1,131		
SGD	新加坡元	(129)	_	-	187		

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2013: 5%) increase and decrease in the functional currency of each group entity against the above foreign currencies. 5% (2013: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items other than the items denominated in USD as the directors consider that the Group's exposure to USD is insignificant on the ground that HKD is pegged to USD, and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% (2013: 5%) change in foreign currency rate. A positive number below indicates a decrease in loss or increase in profit where the above foreign currencies strengthen 5% (2013: 5%) against the functional currency of each group entity. For a 5% (2013: 5%) weakening of the above foreign currencies against the functional currency of each group entity, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the loss or profit and the balance below would be opposite.

# 6. 金融工具(續)

# 6B. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

外匯風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表詳列本集團就各集團實體之功能貨 幣兑上述外幣匯率上升及下降5%(二零 一三年:5%)之影響。5%(二零一三年: 5%) 乃向主要管理人員就外匯風險作內 部報告時採用之敏感度,代表管理層就 外匯匯率可能出現之合理變動而作出之 評估。由於港幣與美元掛鈎,董事認為 本集團有關美元之風險不大,因此敏感 度分析僅包括以美元以外貨幣列值之未 償還外幣貨幣項目,並於年終以外幣匯 率5%(二零一三年:5%)之變動進行換 算調整。下表中正數表示當上述外幣兑 各集團實體之功能貨幣升值5%(二零 一三年:5%) 時虧損之減少或溢利之增 加。倘上述外幣兑各集團實體之功能貨 幣貶值5%(二零一三年:5%),則會對 虧損或溢利構成同等幅度之相反效果, 而對下文之結餘構成相反效果。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis for currency risk

## 6. 金融工具(續)

## 6B. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

外匯風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

貨幣風險敏感度分析

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元
3.265	118

Loss/profit for the year

本年度虧損/溢利

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk primarily relate to note receivable, loan receivable and loan payable, as set out in notes 19, 20 and 28.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances because these balances carry interest at prevailing rates and they are of short maturity.

Sensitivity analysis

Regarding the cash flow interest rate risk, the sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For variable-rate bank deposits, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the relevant asset outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis points (2013: 10 basis points) increase or decrease represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

#### 利率風險

本集團之公平值利率風險主要與附註 19、20及28所載應收票據、應收貸款及 應付貸款有關。

本集團亦承受就浮息銀行結餘承受現金 流利率風險,因為該等結餘以現行利率 計息及於短期內到期。

#### 敏感度分析

就現金流量利率風險而言,下文敏感度 分析乃根據於報告期末所承受之非衍生 工具利率風險而釐定。就浮息銀行存款 而言,分析乃假設於報告期末之相關資 產金額於整個年度內均存在而作出。增 加或減少50個基點(二零一三年:10個 基點)代表管理層所評估利率可能出現之 合理變動。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

If interest rates had been 50 basis points (2013: 10 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss for the year ended 31 December 2014 would decrease/increase by HK\$541,000 (profit for the year ended 31 December 2013: increase/decrease by HK\$57,000).

Equity and other price risk on investments held for trading

The Group was exposed to equity and other price risk through its investments held for trading. The management managed this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks. The Group's equity and other price risks were mainly concentrated on listed equity and bonds quoted in the open markets.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to equity and other price risks of investments held for trading at the reporting date.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, if the prices of the respective equity investments had been 5% higher/lower, profit would increase/decrease by HK\$775,000 as a result of the changes in fair value of equity securities held by the Group which was based on the quoted prices of the respective securities in active markets for identical assets.

## 6. 金融工具(續)

# 6B. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

倘利率增加/減少50個基點(二零一三年:10個基點),而所有其他變數維持不變,本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之虧損將減少/增加港幣541,000元(截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之溢利:增加/減少港幣57,000元)。

持作買賣之投資之股本及其他價格風險

本集團就其持作買賣之投資面對股本及 其他價格風險。管理層透過維持包含不 同風險之投資組合控制風險。本集團之 股本及其他價格風險主要集中在已上市 股本及於公開市場報價之債券。

#### 敏感度分析

下文敏感度分析乃根據於呈報日期持作 買賣之投資所面對之股本及其他價格風 險而釐定。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,倘相關股本投資之價格上升/下跌5%,則溢利將因本集團所持股本證券之公平值變動(根據各證券於相同資產之活躍市場之報價計算)增加/減少港幣775,000元。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

Equity and other price risk on investments held for trading (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2013, if the prices of the respective bonds had been 5% higher/lower, profit would increase/decrease by HK\$964,000 as a result of the changes in fair value of bonds.

The Group's sensitivity to equity and other price risk on investments held for trading has not been presented for 2014 because all the investments held for trading were disposed in the current year.

#### Credit risk

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with good reputations.

# 6. 金融工具(續)

## 6B. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

持作買賣之投資之股本及其他價格風險 (續)

敏感度分析(續)

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,倘相關債券價格上升/下跌5%,則溢利將因債券之公平值變動增加/減少港幣964,000元。

並無就二零一四年本集團對持作買賣之 投資之股本及其他價格風險之敏感度作 出呈列,是由於在持作買賣之投資已在 本年度全數出售。

#### 信貸風險

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團 所面臨之最高信貸風險(因交易對手違反 履行責任,其將導致本集團財務虧損)來 自綜合財務狀況報表所列之各個已確認 財務資產之賬面值。

為著將信貸風險降至最低,本集團管理 層已委派一團隊負責釐定信貸限額、信 貸批准及其他監察程序,以確保採取跟 進行動以收回到期債務。此外,本集團 於報告期末檢討各個別債項之可收回款 額,以確保就無法收回之款額作出足夠 減值虧損。就此,本公司董事認為本集 團之信貸風險已大為降低。

由於對方為商譽良好的銀行及金融機構,故流動資金之信貸風險有限。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

The credit quality of the listed bonds as set out in note 24, is determined by external credit-ratings assigned by Moody's and analysed by percentages of the fair value of the debt instruments in each grade of credit-ratings over the total fair value of the listed bonds at the end of the reporting period, is as follows:

## 6. 金融工具(續)

# 6B. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

按穆迪之外部信貸評級釐定的上市債券 (載於附註24)之信貸質素按於報告期末 各信貸評級之債券之公平值佔上市債券 總公平值之百分比分析如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		%	%
Ba2	Ba2	_	72.7%
B1	B1	-	27.3%
		_	100.0%

The Group did not have significant concentration of credit risk on investment in listed bonds as counterparties are diversified.

The Group had concentration of credit risk on its note receivable as the entire amount of the note receivable was issued by an independent third party. The management of the Group considered that the credit risk on investments in this note receivable was limited as it was issued by a company which shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

The Group had concentration of credit risk on its loan receivable as the entire amount of the loan receivable is attributed to an independent third party. The management of the Group considers that the credit risk on investments in this loan receivable is limited as the counterparty is a company which shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

由於交易對手眾多,故本集團的上市債 券投資並無重大集中信貸風險。

由於所有應收票據均由單一獨立第三方 擁有,故本集團的應收票據有集中信貸 風險。本集團管理層認為,由於有關應 收票據由一家股份於聯交所上市的公司 發出,故應收票據投資之信貸風險有限。

由於所有應收貸款均由單一獨立第三方 擁有,故本集團的應收貸款有集中信貸 風險。本集團管理層認為,由於交易對 手為一家股份於聯交所上市的公司,故 應收貸款投資之信貸風險不大。

TS



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 6B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. For non-derivative financial liabilities, the table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of reporting period.

### Liquidity risk tables

# 6. 金融工具(續)

## 6B. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險方面,本集團監察 及維持現金及現金等值於管理層認為適 當之水平,以便為本集團之營運提供資 金及減輕現金流量波動之影響。

下表載列本集團根據協定償還條款之財務負債之餘下合約到期日。就非衍生財務負債而言,下表乃基於本集團於可能被要求作出還款之最早日期之財務負債未貼現現金流量編製而成。下表包括利息及本金之現金流量。倘利率為浮動利率,則未貼現金額乃按報告期末之利率計算。

#### 流動資金風險表

		Weighted average interest rate 加權 平均利率 % %	On demand or less than 1 month 須應要求償還 或少於一個月 HK\$*000 港幣千元	1-3 months -至三個月 HK\$'000 港幣千元	3 months to 1 year 三個月至一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未贴現現金 流量總額 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Carrying amount at 31/12/2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 之賬面值 HK\$*000 港幣千元
2014 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and other payables Loan payable	二零一四年 非衍生財務負債 應付賬款及其他應付款項 應付貸款	- 15%	125,329 74 125,403	- 148	- 6,414 6,414	125,329 6,636 131,965	125,329 6,000 131,329
		Weighted average interest rate 加權 平均利率 % %	On demand or less than 1 month 須應要求償還 或少於一個月 HK\$'000 港幣千元	1-3 months 一至三個月 H <b>K\$</b> '000 港幣千元	3 months to 1 year 三個月至一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Carrying amount at 31/12/2013 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 之賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
2013 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and other payables	二零一三年 非衍生財務負債 應付賬款及其他應付款項	-	51,967	-	-	51,967	51,967

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 6C. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively.

The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices or rates from observable current market transactions as input. For option based derivative, the fair value is estimated using option pricing model.

The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular the revaluation technique(s) and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which fair value measurements are categorised (level 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

# 6. 金融工具(續)

# 6C. 金融工具之公平值計量

設有標準條款及條件,並於活躍流動市 場買賣之財務資產及財務負債之公平 值,乃分別參考市場買入價及賣出價之 報價釐定。

其他財務資產及財務負債之公平值乃採 用可觀察市場交易之價格或費率作為輸 入之貼現現金流量分析,以普遍採納之 定價模式釐定。對於期權主導之衍生工 具,公平值乃使用期權定價模式估計。

下表列示如何釐定該等財務資產公平值 (尤其是所使用之估值方法及輸入數據) 之資料,以及公平值計量所屬公平值架 構級別(第一至第三級)(根據公平值計量 輸入資料之可觀察程度分類)。

- 第一級公平值計量源自於活躍市場相同資產或負債之報價(未經調整)。
- 第二級公平值計量是源自第一級所包括之報價外,資產或負債可直接(如:市場價格)或間接(如:源自價格)觀察所得之輸入數據。
- 第三級公平值計量指透過運用並非 基於可觀察市場數據之資產或負債 輸入數據(非觀察輸入數據)之估值 方法進行之計量。



## **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

## 6. 金融工具(續)

# 6C. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 6C. 金融工具之公平值計量(續)

	Financial assets	Fair va	lue as at	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key inputs 估值方法及	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大非觀察	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 非觀察輸入數據與 公平值的關係	
	財務資產	公 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	<b>平值</b> 31 December 2013 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	公平值架構	主要輸入數據	輸入數據		
(1)	Held for trading non-derivative financial assets classified as investments held for trading in the statement	Listed equity securities in Hong Kong — nil	Listed equity securities in Hong Kong — HK\$18,555,000	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market	N/A	N/A	
	of financial position 於財務狀況報表分類為 持作買賣之投資之持作	Listed bonds in overseas — nil 於香港上市的股本證券 — 零	Listed bonds in overseas — HK\$23,084,000 於香港上市的股本證券 — 港幣 18,555,000 元	第一級	活躍市場中的報價	不適用	不適用	
	買賣非衍生財務資產	於海外上市的債券 一 零	於香港及海外上市的債券 一港幣23,084,000元					
(2)	Financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the statement of financial position	Unlisted convertible bonds — nil	Unlisted convertible bonds — HK\$9,150,000	Level 3	For the debt component — discounted cash flow. Future cash flows are discounted by the discount rate.	Discount rate determined by reference to the listed bonds in similar rating ranging from Caa2 to CCC		
					For embedded derivatives (including conversion option) of the bonds — binomial model.	determined by the historical volatility of the issuer over the most	The higher the stock price volatility, the higher the fair value.	
	於財務狀況報表分類為 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產之財務資產	非上市可換股債券 一 零	非上市可換股債券 一港幣9,150,000元	第三級	負債部分 一 貼現現金 流量法。未來現金流量 按貼現率折現。	recent period. 貼現率按類似評級的 上市債券釐定,介乎 Caa2至CCC-之間。	貼現越高,公平值越低。	
					債券的嵌入式衍生工具 (包括換股權)—二項式 模型	股價波幅按最近期間 發行人的過往波幅釐定。	股價波幅越大,公平值 越高。	

Note: For the year ended 31 December 2013, if discount rate to the valuation model was 0.5% higher/lower while all the other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of the unlisted convertible bonds would decrease by nil or increase by HK\$10,000.

For the year ended 31 December 2013, if stock price volatility to the valuation model was 0.5% higher/lower while all the other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of the unlisted convertible bonds would increase by HK\$20,000 or decrease by HK\$10,000.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

附註:截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,倘 估值模型之貼現率上升/下跌0.5%,而所有 其他變量保持不變,則非上市可換股債券之 賬面值將減少零或增加港幣10,000元。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,倘估值模型之股價波幅上升/下跌0.5%,而所有其他變量保持不變,則非上市可換股債券之賬面值將增加港幣20,000元或減少港幣10,000元。

本公司董事認為,按攤銷成本於綜合財 務報表入賬的其他財務資產及財務負債 之賬面值接近其公平值。



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 6. 金融工具(續)

# 6D. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS RECOGNISED IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

**6D.** 於綜合財務狀況報表確認之公平值計量

As at 31 December 2014

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Fair value through profit or loss 按2	<b>務資產</b> 公平值計入損益				
	一持作買賣之投資 一按公平值計入 損益	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2013			於二零一三年	:十二月三十一	日
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Fair value through profit or loss 按2	<b>務資產</b> 公平值計入損益				
_	一持作買賣之投資 一按公平值計入 損益	41,639	-	9,150	41,639 9,150
		41,639	-	9,150	50,789

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 in the current and prior years.

於本年度及過往年度,第一級、第二級 及第三級之間並無轉撥。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# 6D. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS RECOGNISED IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

# 6. 金融工具(續)

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

# **6D.** 於綜合財務狀況報表確認之公 平值計量(續)

財務資產第三級公平值計量之對賬

Unlisted convertible bonds 非上市 可換股債券 HK\$'000 港幣千元

At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	_
Purchase	購買	8,200
Gain in profit or loss	於損益之收益	950
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	9,150
Disposal	出售	(9,720)
Gain in profit or loss	於損益之收益	570

#### At 31 December 2014

Of the total gains for the year included in profit or loss, HK\$570,000 (2013: HK\$950,000) relates to financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss held at the end of the reporting period. Fair value gains or losses on financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss are included in "other gains".

The board of directors of the Company has set up an investment team, which is headed up by the directors and designees (the "Investment Officers") of the Company, to engage in securities trading and investment operation.

計入損益之本年度總收益當中,港幣570,000元(二零一三年:港幣950,000元) 與報告期末持有之指定按公平值計入損益之財務資產有關。指定按公平值計入 損益之財務資產之公平值收益或虧損計入「其他收益」。

本公司董事會成立投資團隊,由本公司 董事及指派人員(「投資人員」)帶領,從 事證券買賣及投資業務。

85

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# 6D. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS RECOGNISED IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

# **Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets** (Continued)

In estimating the fair value of an asset, the Group uses market observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages independent professional qualified valuer to perform the valuation. The Investment Officers work closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The Investment Officers report the findings to the board of directors of the Company semi-annually to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the assets.

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets are disclosed above.

#### 7. REVENUE

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year from continuing operations is as follows:

# 6. 金融工具(續)

# **6D.** 於綜合財務狀況報表確認之公 平值計量(續)

#### 財務資產第三級公平值計量之對賬(續)

估計資產的公平值時,本集團利用市場可取得之可觀察數據。倘不獲提供第一級輸入數據,本集團會委聘獨立專業合資格估值師進行估值。投資人員與合資格外部估值師緊密合作,設立模式適用之估值技巧及輸入數據。投資人員每半年向本公司董事會匯報結果,解釋資產公平值波動的原因。

有關釐定多項資產公平值所用估值技巧 及輸入數據的資料於上文披露。

#### 7. 收益

年內,本集團持續經營業務的收益分析如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Daniel and a second second	ΔΛ Τ \+ / L   L   W /   \		
Property agency commission and service income in Hong Kong	於香港的物業代理佣金及 服務收入	198,793	89,051
Property agency commission and	於中國的物業代理佣金及	170,773	67,031
service income in the PRC	服務收入	33	1,673
Franchise income	特許經營權收入	4,977	5,642
Leasing management income	租賃管理收入	-	2,397
		203,803	98,763



#### 8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segments, based on information provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") representing the executive directors of the Company, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance on types of services provided and goods sold. This is also the basis upon which the Group is arranged and organised.

Following the acquisition of the entire equity interest in Sinofocus Media (Holdings) Limited ("Sinofocus Media") (details are set out in note 32), the Group also engages in advertising agency services and the Group's operations are currently organised into four operating and reportable segments as follows:

Property agency in Hong Kong

Property agency in the PRC

Advertising agency

Advertising agency in the PRC

Securities trading and investments

8. 分部資料

以下為本集團之收益及業績按經營及可呈報分部劃分之分析,分析乃基於為資源配置及按所提供服務及所銷售貨品之類別評估分部表現而向主要經營決策者(「主要經營決策者」,即本公司之執行董事)提供之資料。此亦為本集團部署及分類之基礎。

收購Sinofocus Media (Holdings) Limited(「Sinofocus Media」) (詳情載於附註32)全部股權後,本集團亦從事廣告代理服務,本集團之業務現時分為四個經營及可呈報分部,詳情如下:

 Provision of property agency and related services, and franchise services in Hong Kong

 Provision of property agency and related services in the PRC

Provision of advertising agency services in the PRC

Securities trading and investments

香港之物業代理 — 於香港提供物業代理及 相關服務,以及特許

經營服務

中國之物業代理 一 於中國提供物業代理及

相關服務

中國之廣告代理 一 於中國提供廣告代理服務

證券買賣及投資 一 證券買賣及投資

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by operating and reportable segments:

# 8. 分部資料(續)

本集團按經營及可呈報分部劃分之持續經營業 務收益及業績分析如下:

#### **CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

# 持續經營業務

Property agency 物業代理								0	to allow		
			Hong Kong 香港		RC <sup>1</sup> 國	age	rtising ency :代理	and inve	es trading estments 賣及投資		lidated 合
		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元								
Segment revenue — External sales	分部收益 一 外部銷售	203,770	94,693	33	4,070	-	-	-	-	203,803	98,763
Segment (loss) profit	分部(虧損)溢利	(3,997)	(22,814)	(1,890)	(40,293)	49	-	865	7,095	(4,973)	(56,012)
Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs on finance lease	未分配之企業收入 未分配之企業開支 融資租賃財務費用									48 (7,871) -	98,983 (15,207) (2)
Consolidated (loss) profit before tax	除税前綜合(虧損)溢利									(12,796)	27,762
Other information (included in measure of segment (loss) profit)  Net (loss) profit on investments	其他資料(包括計入分部 (虧損)溢利) 持作買賣之投資(虧損)										
held for trading Investment and other income Depreciation of property,	溢利澤額 投資及其他收入 物業、廠房及設備之折舊	468	- 186	2	- 1,062	329	-	(1,280) 865	1,151 5,156	(1,280) 1,664	1,151 6,404
plant and equipment Loss on disposal of property,	初来· 麻厉及战	441	460	369	529	2	-	18	-	830	989
plant and equipment Impairment loss on trade receivables Impairment loss on other receivables	設備之虧損 應收賬款之減值虧損 其他應收款項之減值虧損	- 1,121 -	- 76 -	- - -	120 1,083 2,807	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 1,121 -	120 1,159 2,807
Write-back of trade payables Impairment loss on goodwill Impairment loss on intangible assets Amortisation of intangible assets	撥回應收賬款 商譽之減值虧損 無形資產之減值虧損 攤銷無形資產	- 1,219 - -	20,941 - -	- - -	(887) - 24,932 9,652	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 1,219 - -	(887) 20,941 24,932 9,652

All of the segment revenue reported above are from external customers.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment (loss) profit represents the (loss) profit from each segment without allocation of unallocated corporate income (which mainly includes loan interest income and bank interest income), unallocated corporate expenses (which mainly include loss on disposals of subsidiaries and administrative expenses) and finance costs on finance lease. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

以上呈報之所有分部收益均來自外部客戶。

經營分部所用會計政策與附註3所述本集團的會計政策相同。分部(虧損)溢利指各分部在未分配企業收入(主要包括貸款利息收入及銀行利息收入)、未分配企業開支(主要包括出售附屬公司之虧損及行政開支)及融資租賃財務費用未作出分配之情況下的(虧損)溢利,乃用作為資源配置及評估表現而向主要經營決策者匯報的計量指標。



# **8. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

# 8. 分部資料(續)

#### **SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

# 分部資產及負債

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating and reportable segments from continuing operations: 按經營及可呈報分部劃分之本集團資產及負債 分析如下:

#### Property agency 物業代理

								Securities	trading and				
		Hong	Kong	P	RC	Advertisi	ng agency	invest	ments	Unalle	ocated	Conso	lidated
		香港中國		廣告	代理	證券買	賣及投資	未分配		綜合			
		2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
ASSETS	資產												
Segment assets	分部資產	175,105	109,502	1,337	5,933	108,110	-	56	62,160	-	-	284,608	177,595
Unallocated assets	未分配資產	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	188,373	87,934	188,373	87,934
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值											472,981	265,529
LIABILITIES	負債												
Segment liabilities	分部負債	119,346	54,424	569	415	12,505	_	1,999	1,663	_	_	134,419	56,502
Unallocated liabilities	未分配負債	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	2,452	1,344	2,452	1,344
											- '		
Consolidated total liabilities	: 綜合負債總額											136,871	57,846
Consolidated total liabilities	, 100 H 100 M 100											100,071	57,040

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- 為監察分部表現及在分部間分配資源:
- all assets are allocated to operating and reportable segments other than loan receivable, certain other receivables and bank balances and cash; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating and reportable segments other than certain other payables and tax payable.
- 所有資產分配至經營及可呈報分部,惟 應收貸款、若干其他應收款項及銀行結 餘及現金除外;及
- 所有負債分配至經營及可呈報分部,惟若干其他應付款項及應付稅項除外。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### **ENTITY-WIDE DISCLOSURES**

#### Geographical information

The Group's current operations are mainly located in the PRC, Europe and Hong Kong.

Information about the Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers is presented based on the location of the operations. Information about the Group's non-current assets by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

# 8. 分部資料(續)

# 實體範圍內披露

#### 地區資料

本集團現時的業務主要位於中國、歐洲及香 港。

本集團來自外部客戶之持續經營業務之收益資 料按業務地點呈列。按資產所在地劃分之本集 團非流動資產詳情如下:

		custo	om external omers 客戶之收益	Non-current assets 非流動資產		
		2014	2013	2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
Hong Kong	香港	202,223	94,443	84,811	17,855	
PRC	中國	411	4,320	494	876	
Europe	歐洲	1,169	1,169 –		_	
		203,803	98,763	85,305	18,731	



## 8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

## **INFORMATION ABOUT MAJOR CUSTOMERS**

For the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, revenue from continuing operations from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

# 8. 分部資料(續)

# 主要客戶資料

截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,於相應年度為本集團貢獻逾10%總收 益之客戶之持續經營業務收益如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Customer A <sup>1</sup>	客戶A <sup>1</sup>	37,435	12,044
Customer B <sup>1</sup>	客戶B1	30,492	_2
Customer C <sup>1</sup>	客戶C <sup>1</sup>	24,936	_2
Customer D <sup>1</sup>	客戶D <sup>1</sup>	_2	15,882

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Revenue from property agency in Hong Kong.

The corresponding customer did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

<sup>1</sup> 香港物業代理收益。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 相關客戶的貢獻額未超逾本集團總收益之10%。



# 9A. INVESTMENT AND OTHER INCOME

# 9A. 投資及其他收入

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Interest on bank deposits	銀行存款利息	550	907
Interest on debt securities	債務證券利息	490	3,400
Imputed interest on note receivable	應收票據應計利息	128	691
Interest on loan receivable	應收貸款利息	35	-
Refund of litigation cost	訴訟費用退還	-	7,376
Gain on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	-	5,122
Write-back of trade payables	撥回應付賬款	-	887
Dividends from equity securities	股本證券之股息	-	156
Sundry income	雜項收入	509	348
		1,712	18,887

# **9B. OTHER LOSSES AND GAINS**

# 9B. 其他虧損及收益

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Net (loss) profit on investments held for trading Gain on fair value change of financial assets	持作買賣之投資(虧損)溢利淨額按公平值計入損益之財務資產	(1,280)	1,151
at fair value through profit or loss	公平值變動收益	570	950
Gain on disposal of note receivable	出售應收票據之收益	813	_
Impairment loss on trade receivables	應收賬款之減值虧損	(1,121)	(1,159)
Loss on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之虧損	(1,304)	_
		(2,322)	942



#### **10. FINANCE COSTS**

# 10. 財務費用

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Interest expense on loan payable and	應付貸款及其他借貸之利息支出		
other borrowings Interest charges on finance lease	融資租賃之利息支出	2,112	2
		2,112	2

# 11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CREDIT)

# 11. 所得税開支(抵免)

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
The tax charge (credit) comprises:  Continuing operations	税項開支(抵免)包括: <b>持續經營業務</b>		
Hong Kong Profits Tax — Provision for the year Deferred tax — current year (Note)	香港利得税 一年內撥備 遞延税項一本年度(附註)	348	94 (8,646)
		348	(8,552)

Note: The deferred tax credit arises from the release of deferred tax liabilities upon the amortisation of and impairment on intangible assets which arose from the acquisition of subsidiaries.

附註: 遞延税項抵免乃因收購附屬公司產生之無形資產攤 銷及減值時遞延税項負債獲解除而產生。

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

兩個年度之香港利得税均按估計應課税溢利以 税率16.5%計算。

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% from 1 January 2008 onwards.

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」)及企業所得税法實施條例,自二零零八年一月一日起,中國附屬公司之税率為25%。



# 11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CREDIT) (Continued)

# The income tax expense (credit) for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

# 11. 所得税開支(抵免)(續)

本年度之所得税開支(抵免)與綜合損益及其他 全面收益表之除税前(虧損)溢利對賬如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
(Loss) profit before tax	除税前(虧損)溢利		
(from continuing operations)	(來自持續經營業務)	(12,796)	27,762
Tax at the applicable rate of 16.5%	按適用税率16.5%計算之税項		
(2013: 16.5%)	(二零一三年:16.5%)	(2,111)	4,581
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	不可扣減開支之稅務影響		
for tax purpose		2,151	3,735
Tax effect of income not taxable	毋須課税收入之税務影響		
for tax purpose		(545)	(15,501)
Tax effect of temporary difference	未確認臨時差額之税務影響		
not recognised		1,971	_
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	未確認税務虧損之税務影響	808	1,963
Utilisation of tax loss previously	動用先前未確認之税務虧損		
not recognised		(1,879)	(665)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	在其他司法管轄權區經營之		(,
operating in other jurisdictions	附屬公司不同税率之影響	(47)	(2,665)
operating in other jurisdictions	们倒以时间加十之形言	(47)	(2,000)
Income tax expense (credit) for the year	本年度所得税開支(抵免)		
(relating to continuing operations)	(有關持續經營業務)	348	(8,552)

Details of deferred taxation are set out in note 29.

遞延税項載於附註29。





#### 12. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Prosper Overseas Limited, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Mr. Ng Kai Lok, Paul (the "Purchaser"), a non-controlling shareholder of Yanyan Force Limited ("Yanyan Force") and a close family member of a director of the Company, to dispose of its entire 60% equity interest and the shareholder's loan in Yanyan Force at a consideration of HK\$100,000. The operation of Yanyan Force is toy products trading and represents the Group's toy products trading segment for segment reporting purposes. The disposal was completed on 6 August 2013, on which date control of Yanyan Force passed to the Purchaser. The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of Yanyan Force are disclosed in note 33(c).

The loss from the discontinued operation for the period ended 6 August 2013 was analysed as follows:

## 12. 已終止業務

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團透過其全資附屬公司興旺海外有限公司與吳 啟樂先生(「買方」, 欣科有限公司(「欣科」)之 非控股股東及本公司一名董事之近親)訂立買 賣協議,按代價港幣100,000元出售其所持欣 科之全部60%股權及股東貸款。欣科從事玩具 產品買賣業務,在分部呈報中代表本集團之玩 具產品買賣分部。出售事項於二零一三年八月 六日完成, 欣科的控制權於該日轉移至買方。 欣科之資產及負債賬面值披露於附註33(c)。

下文載列已終止之玩具產品買賣業務於截至二 零一三年八月六日止期間之虧損分析:

> 2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

	7 - 7 - 7 -
收益	661
銷售成本	(639)
銷售及分銷開支	(176)
行政開支	(370)
<b>险</b>	(524)
	(596)
<b>你</b> 块	(370)
期內虧損	(1,120)
陈/上期-5-   12   13   13   13   13   13   13   13	
	(472)
	(672)
非控股權益	(448)
	(1,120)
	銷售成本 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 除税前虧損 税項



# 12. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

# 12. 已終止業務(續)

Loss before tax from discontinued operation for the period ended 6 August 2013 has been arrived at after charging:

已終止業務於截至二零一三年八月六日止期間 之除稅前虧損經扣除下列各項:

2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

			/色带干儿
Directors' emoluments Other staff costs:  — Salaries and other benefits  — Retirement benefits scheme contributions	董事酬金 其他員工成本: 一 薪金及其他福 一 退休福利計畫		- 8 1
Total staff costs	員工成本總額		9
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	物業、廠房及設備 已確認為開支之存		1 615
The cash flows of the discontinued operation for ended 6 August 2013 were as follows:		·業務於截至二零一三年 於流量如下:	三八月六日止期間
			2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Net cash inflow from operating activities  Net cash outflow from financing activities	經營活動所產生之 融資活動所產生之		54 (1,500)



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 13. (LOSS) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR FROM 13. 本年度持續經營業務之(虧損)溢利 **CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
(Loss) profit for the year from continuing operations has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	本年度持續經營業務之(虧損) 溢利經扣除(計入)下列各項:		
Directors' remuneration, including retirement benefits scheme contributions (note 14) Other staff costs Other retirement benefits scheme contributions	董事酬金(包括退休福利 計劃供款)(附註14) 其他員工成本 其他退休福利計劃供款	1,350 12,070 595	6,222 16,954 568
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	14,015	23,744
Auditor's remuneration  Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss on trade receivables Impairment loss on other receivables Loss on disposal of property, plant and	核數師酬金物業、廠房及設備之折舊 應收賬款之減值虧損 其他應收款項之減值虧損 出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	1,278 830 1,121 382	1,276 1,014 1,159 2,807
equipment Operating lease payments for office premises,	辦公室物業、商舖及複印機	-	120
shops and photocopying machines Commission expense on property agency Loss (gain) on disposals of subsidiaries Interest income	經營租賃款項 物業代理佣金之開支 出售附屬公司之虧損(收益) 利息收入	4,569 173,602 1,304 (1,203)	4,368 70,501 (5,122) (4,998)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

# 14. 董事酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to the directors were as follows:

已付或應付董事酬金列明如下:

For the year ended 31 December 2014

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Mr. Lei Hong Wai ("Mr. Lei") 李雄偉先生 (「李先生」) HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (d)) (附註(d))	Mr. Ng Kai Man ("Mr. Ng") 吳啟民先生 (「吳先生」) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan ("Mr. Cheung") 張國勳先生 (「張先生」) HKS'000 港幣千元 (Note (d)) (附註(d))	Ms. Chio Chong Meng 趙仲明女士 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (d)) (附註(d))	Mr. Wong Tak Chuen ("Mr. Wong") 黃德銓先生 (「黃先生」) HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (d)) (附註(d))	Mr. Man Kong Yui 文剛鋭先生 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (d)) (附註(d))	Mr. Lui Siu Tsuen, Richard 呂兆泉先生 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (C)) (附註(c))	Mr. Ding Chung Keung 丁仲強先生 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (b)) (附註(b))	Ms. Cheung Sze Man 張詩敏女士 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (c)) (附註(c))	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Fees Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefits scheme contributions	袍金 薪金及其他福利 退休金計劃供款	- 112 5	- 625 14	- 112 5	113 - -	113 - -	113 - -	50 - -	38 -	50 - -	477 849 24
Total emoluments	酬金總額	117	639	117	113	113	113	50	38	50	1,350

For the year ended 31 December 2013

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

		Mr. Ng 吳先生 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo 鄭毓和先生 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (a)) (附註(a))	Mr. Lui Siu Tsuen, Richard 呂兆泉先生 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (c)) (附註(c))	Mr. Ding Chung Keung 丁仲強先生 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (b)) (附註(b))	Ms. Cheung Sze Man 張詩敏女士 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (c)) (附註(c))	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Fees Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefits scheme contributions	袍金 薪金及其他福利 退休金計劃供款	- 4,988 15	- 790 15	138 - -	138 - -	138 - -	414 5,778 30
Total emoluments	酬金總額	5,003	805	138	138	138	6,222

Notes: 附註:

(a) Resigned on 31 December 2013 (a) 二零一三年十二月三十一日辭任

(b) Resigned on 27 March 2014 (b) 二零一四年三月二十七日辭任

(c) Resigned on 10 April 2014 (c) 二零一四年四月十日辭任

(d) Appointed on 10 April 2014 (d) 二零一四年四月十日獲委任



## 14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Mr. Ng has resigned as the Chief Executive of the Company on 10 April 2014. Mr. Lei was appointed as the Chief Executive of the Company on 10 April 2014 and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the Chief Executive.

For both 2014 and 2013, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. No directors waived any emoluments for both 2014 and 2013.

#### 15. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2013: two) was/were director(s) of the Company, whose emoluments are included in note 14 above. The emoluments of the remaining four individuals (2013: three) were as follows:

## 14. 董事酬金(續)

吳先生於二零一四年四月十日辭任本公司行政 總裁。李先生於二零一四年四月十日獲委任為 本公司行政總裁,而上文所披露之酬金已包括 其擔任行政總裁所提供服務而獲支付之酬金。

二零一四年及二零一三年兩個年度內,本集團 概無向任何董事支付任何酬金,作為加入本集 團或加入本集團後之獎勵或作為離職補償。二 零一四年及二零一三年兩個年度內概無董事放棄任何酬金。

#### 15. 僱員酬金

本集團五名最高酬金人士包括一名(二零一三年:兩名)本公司董事,其酬金詳情載於上文附註14。其餘四名(二零一三年:三名)人士之酬金如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	2,794	1,907
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	67	45
		2,861	1,952

Their emoluments were within the following band:

彼等酬金屬於下列範圍:

## Number of employees 僱員人數

		<b>2014</b> 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至港幣 1,000,000 元	3	3
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	港幣 1,000,001 元至港幣 1,500,000 元	1	-

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 16. DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid, declared or proposed for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of both reporting periods.

### 17. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

# FROM CONTINUING AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The calculation of the basic (loss) earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

## 16. 股息

截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,並未派付、宣派或建議派付任何股 息,而自該兩段報告期間結束後,亦未建議派 付任何股息。

### 17. 每股(虧損)盈利

# 來自持續經營業務及已終止業務

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本(虧損)盈利乃根據 以下數據計算:

	2014	2013
	二零一四年	二零一三年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元
(Loss) earnings for the year attributable to	利之 <b>(13,144)</b>	35,642

# Number of ordinary shares

	普通股數目	
	2014	2013
	二零一四年	二零一三年
	′000	′000
	千股	千股
		(Restated)
		(經重列)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares 用以計算每股基本(虧損)盈利之 for the purposes of basic (loss) earnings 普通股加權平均數(附註)		
per share (Note)	485,699	349,709

Note: The weighted average number of shares for the purposes of calculating basic (loss) earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2013 was adjusted to reflect the effects of open offer of shares in June 2014 (note 30(c)).

No diluted (loss) earnings per share is presented in both years, as there were no potential ordinary shares outstanding during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

附註:用以計算截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之 每股基本(虧損)盈利之加權平均股數,已就二零 一四年六月進行之股份公開發售之影響作出調整(附 註30(c))。

由於截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度並無已發行在外具潛在攤薄效 應之普通股,因此並無呈列兩年度之每股攤薄 (虧損)盈利。



# 17. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE (Continued)

# FROM CONTINUING AND DISCONTINUING OPERATIONS (Continued)

The calculation of the basic (loss) earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

# 17. 每股(虧損)盈利(續)

# 來自持續經營業務及已終止業務

本公司擁有人應佔持續經營業務之每股基本 (虧損)盈利乃根據下列數據計算:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
(Loss) earnings for the year attributable to owners of the Company Less: Loss for the year from discontinued operation	本公司擁有人應佔年度 (虧損)盈利 減:年度已終止業務之虧損	(13,144)	35,642 672
(Loss) earnings for the purposes of basic (loss) earnings per share from continuing operations	用以計算持續經營業務之 每股基本(虧損)盈利之 (虧損)盈利	(13,144)	36,314

The denominators used in calculation of the basic (loss) earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company from continuing operations are the same as those for (loss) earnings per share for the year from continuing and discontinued operations.

計算本公司擁有人應佔持續經營業務之每股基本(虧損)盈利所用之分母與計算持續經營業務及已終止業務之年度每股(虧損)盈利所用者相同。

#### FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATION

Basic loss per share from discontinued operation was HK\$0.002 per share for the year ended 31 December 2013, based on the loss for the period ended 6 August 2013 attributable to the owners of the Company from discontinued operation of approximately HK\$672,000 and the denominators detailed above.

#### 來自已終止業務

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,已終止業務之每股基本虧損為每股港幣0.002元,乃根據本公司擁有人應佔截至二零一三年八月六日止期間已終止業務之虧損約港幣672,000元及上述之分母計算。





# 18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Furniture fixtures and equipments 傢具、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元
COST	成本				
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	2,053	1,546	1,349	4,948
Additions	増購	_	15	-	15
Disposals	出售	_	(289)	(478)	(767)
Disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	_	(42)	_	(42)
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	35	26	14	75
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	2,088	1,256	885	4,229
Additions	增購	_	8	_	8
Disposals	出售	_	(5)	_	(5)
Acquisition of assets through	透過收購附屬公司		_		_
acquisition of subsidiaries	而收購資產 山焦料屬公司	_ (E7)	7	(225)	7 (1.015)
Disposals of subsidiaries Exchange realignment	出售附屬公司 外匯調整	(57) (30)	(633) (16)	(325)	(1,015) (46)
Lacridinge realignment	外性调整	(30)	(10)		(40)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	2,001	617	560	3,178
DEPRECIATION	折舊				
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	670	611	572	1,853
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	425	339	251	1,015
Eliminated on disposals	因出售對銷	_	(252)	(237)	(489)
Eliminated on disposals of	因出售附屬公司對銷		(00)		(0.0)
subsidiaries	从庭田政	- 15	(29)	_	(29)
Exchange realignment	外匯調整		13	6	34
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	1,110	682	592	2,384
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	407	249	174	830
Eliminated on disposals	因出售對銷	_	(3)	_	(3)
Eliminated on disposals of	因出售附屬公司對銷				
subsidiaries		(44)	(573)	(300)	(917)
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(17)	(9)	_	(26)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	1,456	346	466	2,268
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值				
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	545	271	94	910
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	978	574	293	1,845





# 18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvements	20%
Furniture, fixtures and equipments	20%
Motor vehicles	20%

#### 19. NOTE RECEIVABLE

During the year, the note receivable with carrying amount of HK\$9,955,000 was disposed at a consideration of HK\$10,768,000 and a gain on disposal of HK\$813,000 was recognised in the profit or loss. Effective interest of HK\$128,000 (2013: HK\$691,000) was included in investment and other income during the year.

#### 20. LOAN RECEIVABLE

On 30 December 2014, the Group granted a loan with the principal amount of HK\$80,000,000 to Mastermind Capital Limited, a company with its shares listed on the Stock Exchange, for a term of two years. The interest rate is 8.00% per annum, payable monthly and the default interest rate is 16.00% per annum on the default payment from the date of default until the sum is paid.

At initial recognition, the fair value of the loan receivable was measured at present value of contractual future cash flows discounted at effective interest rate of 8.00%, taking into account the remaining time to maturity. The loan receivable carries fixed interest rate at 8.00% per annum with maturity on 29 December 2016.

As at 31 December 2014, the carrying amount of loan receivable was measured at amortised cost of HK\$80,000,000. The interest of HK\$35,000 is included in investment and other income during the year.

# 18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

上述物業、廠房及設備項目採用直線法按以下 年率折舊:

租賃物業裝修	20%
傢俱、裝置及設備	20%
汽車	20%

# 19. 應收票據

年內,賬面值港幣9,955,000元的應收票據以代價港幣10,768,000元出售,出售所得收益港幣813,000元已在損益內確認。實際利息港幣128,000元(二零一三年:港幣691,000元)計入年內投資及其他收入。

## 20. 應收貸款

於二零一四年十二月三十日,本集團向慧德投資有限公司(其股份於聯交所上市)授出本金額港幣80,000,000元的貸款,為期兩年,按年利率8.00厘計息,每月支付,逾期款項自逾期日期起按年利率16.00厘計息,直至悉數清償為止。

初步確認時,應收貸款之公平值按合約未來現金流量的現值計量,以實際利率8.00厘貼現,計及到期剩餘時間。應收貸款按固定年利率8.00厘計息,於二零一六年十二月二十九日到期。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,應收貸款的賬面值按攤銷成本港幣80,000,000元計量。利息港幣35,000元計入年內投資及其他收入。





# 21. GOODWILL

# 21. 商譽

		Property agency 物業代理		Toy products	
		Hong Kong	PRC	trading	Total
			香港 中國	玩具產品買賣	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
COST	成本				
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	429,960	116,343	4,201	550,504
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	_	3,457	-	3,457
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	-	-	(4,201)	(4,201)
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	429,960	119,800	-	549,760
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	_	(2,933)	_	(2,933)
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 33(a))	出售附屬公司(附註33(a))	(1,445)	-	-	(1,445)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	428,515	116,867	-	545,382
IMPAIRMENT	減值				
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	401,960	116,343	4,201	522,504
Impairment loss recognised	本年度確認之減值虧損				
in the year		20,941	-	_	20,941
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	_	3,457	-	3,457
Eliminated on disposal of	於出售一間附屬公司時				
a subsidiary	撇銷	_	_	(4,201)	(4,201)
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	422,901	119,800	-	542,701
Impairment loss recognised	本年度確認之減值虧損				
in the year		1,219	-	-	1,219
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	_	(2,933)	_	(2,933)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	424,120	116,867	-	540,987
NET CARRYING AMOUNT	賬面淨值				
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	4,395	_	-	4,395
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	7,059	_	_	7,059

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



### 21. GOODWILL (Continued)

Goodwill is allocated to the groups of CGUs identified according to operating segment. The entire net carrying amount of goodwill as at 31 December 2014 has been allocated to the property agency segment in Hong Kong. The goodwill allocated to the property agency segment in the PRC has been fully impaired in 2012. The goodwill allocated to the toy products trading segment located in Hong Kong has been fully impaired in 2007 and eliminated on disposal during the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### PROPERTY AGENCY IN HONG KONG

The recoverable amount of the CGUs of property agency segment in Hong Kong was based on its value-in-use which is higher than its fair value less cost to sell, both of which were determined with reference to the valuation performed by an independent professional qualified valuer not connected with the Group. The value-in-use calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period, and at a discount rate of 19.10% (2013: 20.74%). Cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using a 3.42% (2013: 3.35%) growth rate in considering the economic conditions of the market.

The estimated growth rates used are comparable to the growth rate for the industry. Other key assumptions for the value-in-use calculations related to the estimation of cash inflows which include budgeted sales and gross margin. Such estimation is based on the unit's past performance, management's expectations for market development as well as the potential profitability in the property agency market in Hong Kong, which is adversely affected by the deteriorating market sentiment as a result of property cooling measures, such as introduction of Buyer's Stamp Duty and enhanced Special Stamp Duty in October 2012, certain demand-side management measures in February 2013, certain regulations on selling first-hand properties in April 2013 and new mortgage-tightening measures in February 2015. The management of the Company therefore was of the opinion that their previous expectation as at 31 December 2013 on the potential profitability could not be met and as a result, goodwill was impaired accordingly.

# 21. 商譽(續)

商譽被分配至根據經營分部確定之現金產生單位組合。截至二零一四年十二月三十一日,商譽之全部賬面淨值已分配至香港物業代理分部。分配至中國物業代理分部之商譽已於二零一二年悉數減值。分配至香港玩具產品買賣分部之商譽已於二零零七年悉數減值,並於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度出售時撤銷。

## 香港物業代理

香港物業代理分部之現金產生單位之可收回金額按高於公平值減銷售成本的使用價值釐定,兩者均參考與本集團並無關連之獨立專業合資格估值師之估值釐定。使用價值基於管理層批准之五年期財政預算及19.10%(二零一三年:20.74%)之貼現率釐定之現金流量預測計算。考慮到市場經濟狀況,五年後之現金流量以3.42%(二零一三年:3.35%)的增長率推定。

使用之估計增長率與行業增長率相若。計算使用價值之其他主要假設與現金流入估計(包括預計銷售及毛利率)有關。該等估計按該單過往表現、管理層對市場發展及香港物業代代理關準在盈利能力之預期釐定。香港物業代代理工學一二年十月推出的買家印花稅及加強不不完一三年二月推出的若干期的方式不完了。有鑑於二零一三年四月一手物業銷累不利,對於二零一三年四月一手物業弱累不到時間,有鑑於此,本公司管理層認為將無法達不規的於二零一三年十二月三十一日預計的潛作,有鑑於此,本公司管理層認為將無法資稅。有鑑於此,本公司管理層認為將無法資稅。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 21. GOODWILL (Continued)

#### PROPERTY AGENCY IN HONG KONG (Continued)

The carrying amount of the unit was determined to be higher than its recoverable amount and an impairment loss of HK\$1,219,000 (2013: HK\$20,941,000) was recognised. The impairment loss was allocated fully to goodwill and is presented on the face of consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The key assumption used in the value-in-use calculations is as follows:

#### **Budgeted Commission Income**

Budgeted commission income is based on the forecasted number of first-hand properties launched to the market in the next five years. The values assigned to the key assumption are consistent with external sources of information. It reflects past experience and is consistent with the directors' plans for focusing operations in this market. The directors believe that the budgeted commission income for the next five years is reasonably achievable.

# 21. 商譽(續)

# 香港物業代理(續)

由於釐定的單位賬面值高於可收回金額,因此確認減值虧損港幣1,219,000元(二零一三年:港幣20,941,000元)。減值虧損全部分配至商譽,列示於綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

計算使用價值所用的主要假設如下:

#### 預算佣金收入

預算佣金收入基於未來五年向市場推出的一手物業預計數目計算。主要假設所用數值與外部資料來源一致,反映過往經驗,與董事專注於該市場營運的計劃一致。董事認為可合理實現未來五年之預算佣金收入。



## 22. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

agency business in the PRC.

# The contracted and uncontracted customer relationship has an estimated useful life of five years and is amortised on a straight-line basis. The customer relationship is in relation to the property

# 22. 無形資產

已訂約及未訂約客戶關係之估計可使用年期為 五年,以直線法攤銷。客戶關係與中國物業代 理業務有關。

> HK\$'000 港幣千元

COST	成本	
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	89,198
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	2,650
	71 — H J III	
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	91,848
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(2,249)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	89,599
AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	攤銷及減值	
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	55,143
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	9,652
Impairment loss recognised in the year	本年度確認減值虧損	24,932
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	2,121
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	91,848
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(2,249)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	89,599
CARRYING VALUE	賬面值	
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### 22. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

#### PROPERTY AGENCY IN THE PRC

As at 31 December 2013, the recoverable amount of the CGUs of property agency in the PRC was based on its value-in-use which is higher than its fair value less cost to sell, both of which were determined with reference to the valuation performed by an independent professional qualified valuer not connected with the Group. The value-in-use calculation used cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period, and at discount rate of 19.54%. Cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using 3.25% growth rate in considering the economic conditions of the market. The estimated growth rates used were comparable to the growth rate for the industry.

Since the acquisition of the PRC property agency business in 2011, the PRC government has implemented various restrictive policies on the property market to curb speculative investments and home-purchase restrictions have been implemented in many cities in the PRC. In March 2013, certain demand-side management measures were released limiting the property purchase and tightening the mortgage requirements. The management of the Company therefore was of the opinion that their previous expectation on expected revenue growth and market development of the property agency business in the PRC could not be met and as a result, the remaining intangible assets were accordingly fully impaired during the year ended 31 December 2013.

The carrying amount of the unit was determined to be higher than its recoverable amount and an impairment loss of HK\$24,932,000 was recognised to intangible assets for the year ended 31 December 2013. Amortisation of HK\$9,652,000 was also recognised to intangible assets for the year ended 31 December 2013.

### 22. 無形資產(續)

### 中國物業代理

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,中國物業代理 之現金產生單位之可收回金額按高於公平值減 銷售成本的使用價值釐定,兩者均參考與本集 團並無關連之獨立專業合資格估值師之估值釐 定。使用價值基於管理層批准之五年期財政預 算及19.54%之貼現率釐定之現金流量預測計 算。考慮到市場之經濟狀況,五年後之現金流 量以3.25%的增長率推算。使用之估計增長率 與行業增長率相若。

自二零一一年收購中國物業代理業務以來,中國政府為遏抑投機性投資已對物業市場實行多項限制性政策,中國多個城市亦已實行限購令。二零一三年三月亦頒佈了若干限制購房及加嚴按揭要求的需求管理措拖。因此,本公司管理層認為對中國物業代理業務之預期收益增長及市場發展之過往期望將會落空,因此截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,餘下無形資產相應悉數減值。

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,所釐定之單位賬面值高於其可收回金額,因此在無形資產確認減值虧損港幣24,932,000元。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,亦在無形資產確認攤銷港幣9,652,000元。





#### 23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

## 23. 應收賬款及其他應收款項

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Trade receivables	應收賬款	126,050	62,453
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	減:呆賬撥備	(6,551)	(5,968)
		119,499	56,485
Deposits paid	已支付之按金	2,588	2,794
Prepayments	預付款	213	338
Other receivables	其他應收款項	33,459	16,154
		155,759	75,771

For property agency segment in Hong Kong, the Group allows an average credit period of 60 to 90 days to property developers whilst the individual customers are obliged to settle the amounts upon completion of the relevant agreements and generally no credit terms are granted. For franchise operation from property agency segment in Hong Kong, the Group allows an average credit period of 7 days to its franchisee. For property agency segment in the PRC, the Group allows an average credit period of 30 to 60 days to property developers.

香港物業代理分部方面,本集團給予物業發展 商之信貸期平均為六十至九十日,而個人客戶 則須於相關協議完成時清償款項,故一般不給 予信貸期。香港物業代理分部的特許經營方 面,本集團給予其特許經營商之信貸期平均為 七日。中國物業代理分部方面,本集團給予物 業發展商之信貸期平均為三十至六十日。



#### 23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The aged analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for doubtful debts presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

### 23. 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

應收賬款(扣除呆賬撥備)於報告期末按發票日 呈列之賬齡分析如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trada raggiughlag	ᅉᆛᅜᄄᆂᄭ		
Trade receivables	應收賬款		
0–30 days	0至30日	14,276	14,585
31–60 days	31至60日	13,381	16,208
61–90 days	61至90日	19,354	10,865
91–180 days	91日至180日	40,755	7,736
Over 180 days	180 目以上	31,733	7,091
		119,499	56,485

These receivables relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. The management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit risk and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Before accepting any new customer, the Group will assess and understand the potential customer's credit quality and defines its credit limits. Credit limits attributed to each customer are reviewed regularly. All of the accounts receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have no default payment history.

As at 31 December 2014, included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$58,353,000 (2013: HK\$11,143,000) which are past due as at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss.

該等應收款項與多名與本集團有良好往績記錄 之獨立客戶有關。管理層相信,毋須就該等結 餘作出減值撥備,原因是信貸風險並無重大改 變,而結餘仍被視為可全數收回。本集團並無 就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

本集團將於接納任何新客戶前會評估及了解潛 在客戶之信貸質素及釐定其信貸限額。每名客 戶之信貸限額均會定期檢討。全部並無逾期或 減值之應收賬款均無欠款紀錄。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之應收 賬款結餘包括於報告日期已逾期總賬面值港幣 58,353,000元(二零一三年:港幣11,143,000元) 之應收賬款,本集團並無就此作出減值虧損撥 備。





#### 23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### 23. 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

## AGEING OF TRADE RECEIVABLES WHICH ARE PAST DUE BUT NOT IMPAIRED

### 已逾期但無減值之應收賬款賬齡

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Overdue by:	逾期:		
1–90 days	1至90日	50,954	8,153
91–180 days	91日至180日	5,483	1,823
Over 180 days	180 目以上	1,916	1,167
		58,353	11,143

## MOVEMENTS IN THE ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS

#### 呆賬撥備變動

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January	於一月一日	5,968	4,697
Impairment losses recognised on receivables	於應收款項確認之減值虧損	1,121	1,159
Amounts written off during the year as	年內列作無法收回之撇銷金額		
uncollectible		(279)	-
Disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	(259)	-
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	-	112
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	6,551	5,968

Included in the allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables with an aggregate balance of HK\$6,551,000 (2013: HK\$5,968,000). The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Included in other receivables at 31 December 2014 were deposits paid to the property developer of HK\$24,518,000 (2013: HK\$12,450,000) for purchasing the first-hand properties on behalf of its customers and legal claim receivable of HK\$8,352,000 (2013: nil) during the year, as set out in note 38.

呆賬撥備包括個別已減值應收賬款,結餘總額 為港幣6,551,000元(二零一三年:港幣 5,968,000元)。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任 何抵押品。

年內代表客戶購買一手物業而支付予物業發展商之按金港幣24,518,000元(二零一三年:港幣12,450,000元)及法律索賠應收款項港幣8,352,000元(二零一三年:零)(載於附註38)計入二零一四年十二月三十一日之其他應收款項。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 24. INVESTMENTS HELD FOR TRADING

### 24. 持作買賣之投資

Investments held for trading at the end of the reporting period included:

於報告期末之持作買賣之投資包括:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Listed securities: Equity securities listed in Hong Kong (Note a) Listed bonds (Note b)	上市證券:	-	18,555
	於香港上市之股本證券(附註a)	-	23,084
	上市債券(附註b)	-	41,639

Notes:

- (a) The fair value was based on the quoted prices of the respective securities in active markets.
- (b) The bonds held by the Group are listed in overseas and carried fixed interest rate ranging from 6.50% to 11.25% per annum. The bonds were disposed before the maturity dates. Their fair values were determined based on quoted market bid prices available in an active market.

At 31 December 2014 and 2013, no investments held for trading have been pledged as security.

## 25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the unlisted convertible bonds were disposed at its fair value of HK\$9,720,000 and a gain on fair value change of HK\$570,000 was recognised in the profit or loss.

#### 26. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits that are interest-bearing ranging from 0.01% to 4.60% (2013: 0.01% to 1.25%) and have original maturity of three months or less.

附註:

- (a) 公平值乃根據相關證券於活躍市場之報價計算。
- (b) 本集團所持債券於海外上市,按介乎6.50%至 11.25%之固定年利率計息之債券。債券於到期日前 出售。公平值乃按活躍市場的報價釐定。

於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日, 並無持作買賣之投資已用作抵押擔保。

### 25. 按公平值計入損益之財務資產

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,非上市可換股債券按公平值港幣9,720,000元出售,而公平值變動所得之收益港幣570,000元已在損益內確認。

#### 26. 銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘及現金包括本集團所持現金及按介乎 0.01%至4.60%(二零一三年:0.01%至1.25%) 之利率計息且原到期日為三個月或以內之短期銀行存款。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 27. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

### 27. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade payables Other payables Provision for losses on litigation (note 38)	應付賬款 其他應付款項 訴訟損失之撥備(附註38)	109,340 8,055 12,004	50,002 6,664 -
		129,399	56,666

Commissions payables of HK\$109,340,000 (2013: HK\$50,002,000) include mainly the commissions payable to property consultants and cooperative estate agents, which are due for payment only upon the receipt of corresponding agency fees from customers.

Other payables mainly comprise of receipts in advance, accrued staff costs and other sundry creditors.

應付佣金港幣 109,340,000元(二零一三年:港幣 50,002,000元)主要包括應付物業顧問及合作地產代理之佣金,於收取客戶之相關代理費用時方須支付。

其他應付款項主要包括預收款項、應計員工成 本及其他雜項應付賬款。

#### 28. LOAN PAYABLE

### 28. 應付貸款

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loans from other entity	來自其他實體之貸款	6,000	_
Secured (Note)	有抵押(附註)	6,000	_
Carrying amount repayable within one year Less: Amount shown under current liabilities	須於一年內償還之賬面值 減:列作流動負債之金額	6,000 (6,000)	-
		-	_

Note: The loan payable is secured by an undated share charge over the entire issued share capital of Kingbox Investments Limited ("Kingbox"), a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, and the shareholder's loan due by Kingbox to the Company.

The loan payable carries fixed interest rate of 15.00% and is repayable within one year. The proceeds were used to finance the general working capital.

附註:應付貸款由本公司全資附屬公司Kingbox Investments Limited (「Kingbox」)全部已發行股本之 無限期股權質押協議及Kingbox應付本公司之股東貸 款作抵押。

應付貸款按固定利率15.00厘計息及須於一年內償還。所得款項乃用作撥付一般營運資金。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 29. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The followings are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior year.

#### 29. 遞延税項負債

以下為本年度及上年度已確認之主要遞延税項 負債及其變動。

> Fair value adjustments on intangible assets 無形資產之 公平值調整 HK\$'000 港幣千元

At 1 January 2013 Credit to profit or loss Exchange realignment 於二零一三年一月一日 計入損益 外匯調整 8,514 (8,646)

132

At 31 December 2013 and 2014

於二零一三年及二零一四年十二月三十一日

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$99,871,000 (2013: HK\$106,362,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses as at 31 December 2014 are losses of HK\$13,415,000, nil, HK\$6,357,000 and HK\$513,000 that will expire in 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 respectively. Included in unrecognised tax losses as at 31 December 2013 are losses of HK\$13,415,000, nil and HK\$6,357,000 that will expire in 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於報告期末,本集團可供抵銷將來溢利之未使用稅項虧損為港幣99,871,000元(二零一三年:港幣106,362,000元),該等稅項虧損可無限期結轉。由於難以估計將來溢利來源,故並無就該等稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資產。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,未確認稅項虧損包括分別將於二零一六年到期之虧損港幣13,415,000元、零、港幣6,357,000元及港幣513,000元。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,未確認稅項虧損包括分別將於二零一六年、二零一七年及二零一八年到期之虧損港幣13,415,000元、零及港幣6,357,000元。其他虧損可無限期結轉。

**Share** 

capital

**股本** HK\$'000

Number

of shares

股份數目

′000 千股

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 30. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 30. 股本

	千股	港幣千元
法定:		
普通股		
於二零一三年一月一日、		
二零一三年十二月三十一日		
及 <b>二零一四年</b>		
十二月三十一日,		
每股面值港幣0.01元	50,000,000	500,000
_		
已發行及繳足:		
於二零一三年一月一日	267,759	2,678
根據股份配售而發行股份		
(附註(a))	53,000	530
_		
於二零一三年十二月三十一日	320,759	3,208
根據股份配售而發行股份		
(附註(b))	64,000	640
根據公開發售而發行股份		
(附註(c))	192,379	1,923
_		
於二零一四年十二月三十一日	577,138	5,771
	於二零一三年一月一日、 二零一三年十二月三十一日 及二零一四年 十二月三十一日, 每股面值港幣 0.01元 已發行及繳足: 於二零一三年一月一日 根據股份配售而發行股份 (附註(a)) 於二零一三年十二月三十一日 根據股份配售而發行股份 (附註(b)) 根據公開發售而發行股份 (附註(c))	法定: 普通股 於二零一三年一月一日、 二零一三年十二月三十一日 及二零一四年 十二月三十一日, 每股面值港幣 0.01元  已發行及繳足: 於二零一三年一月一日 根據股份配售而發行股份 (附註(a))  於二零一三年十二月三十一日 根據股份配售而發行股份 (附註(b))  根據公開發售而發行股份 (附註(c))  192,379

Notes:

- (a) Pursuant to a placing agreement dated 22 January 2013, 53,000,000 shares were allotted and issued at a placing price of HK\$0.23 per share on 31 January 2013.
- (b) Pursuant to a placing agreement dated 25 April 2014, 64,000,000 shares were allotted and issued at a placing price of HK\$0.81 per share on 5 May 2014. The net proceeds from the placement of shares is approximately HK\$49,955,000, which is intended to be used for expanding into a new business, namely the provision of mortgage financing. For the details of the placement of shares, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 25 April 2014.
- (c) Pursuant to an underwriting agreement in respect of the open offer dated 25 April 2014, 192,379,617 shares were allotted and issued at HK\$0.50 per share on 16 June 2014. The net proceeds from the open offer of shares is approximately HK\$92,671,000, which is intended to be used for expanding into a new business, namely the provision of mortgage financing. For the details of the open offer, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 25 April 2014.

附註:

- (a) 根據日期為二零一三年一月二十二日之配售協議, 已於二零一三年一月三十一日按配售價每股港幣0.23 元配發及發行53,000,000股股份。
- (b) 根據日期為二零一四年四月二十五日之配售協議, 已於二零一四年五月五日按配售價每股港幣0.81元 配發及發行64,000,000股股份。配售股份之所得款 項淨額約為港幣49,955,000元,擬用作擴展提供按 揭貸款之新業務。配售股份詳情請參閱本公司日期 為二零一四年四月二十五日之公佈。
- (c) 根據日期為二零一四年四月二十五日有關公開發售 之包銷協議,已於二零一四年六月十六日按每股港幣0.50元配發及發行192,379,617股股份。公開發售 股份之所得款項淨額約為港幣92,671,000元,擬用 作擴展提供按揭貸款之新業務。公開發售詳情請參 閱本公司日期為二零一四年四月二十五日之公佈。



## 31. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

## 31. 有關本公司財務狀況報表之資料

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

有關本公司於報告期末財務狀況報表之資料如下:

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investments in subsidiaries Loan receivable	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司之投資 應收貸款		66,914 80,000	1
CURRENT ASSETS  Amounts due from subsidiaries Other receivables Bank balances and cash	流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 其他應收款項 銀行結餘及現金		73,310 180 35,823	171,046 2,307 4,685
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables Loan payable	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付款項 應付貸款		2,450 6,000	178,038 1,343 –
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		8,450 100,863	1,343 176,695
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總額減流動負債		247,777	176,696
NET ASSETS  CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資產淨值 股本及儲備		247,777	176,696
Share capital Reserves	股本 儲備	30 (a)	5,771 242,006	3,208 173,488
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		247,777	176,696



## 31. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

31. 有關本公司財務狀況報表之資料

(Continued)

Notes:

附註:

(a) Reserves

(a) 儲備

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note (b)) (附註(b))	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日		437,435	(302,307)	135,128
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year Issue of shares upon placement of shares Share issue expenses Transfer pursuant to capital reorganisation	本年度溢利及本年度全面 開支總額 根據股份配售而發行股份 股份發行費用 根據股本重組轉撥	- 11,660 (242) -	- - - (238,267)	26,942 - - - 238,267	26,942 11,660 (242) –
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	11,418	199,168	(37,098)	173,488
Loss for the year and total comprehensive expense for the year Issue of shares upon placement of shares Issue of shares upon open offer of shares Share issue expenses	本年度虧損及本年度全面 收益總額 根據股份配售而發行股份 根據公開發售股份而發行 股份 股份	- 51,200 94,266 (5,403)		(71,545) - -	(71,545) 51,200 94,266 (5,403)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	151,481	199,168	(108,643)	242,006

#### (b) Contributed surplus

The contribution surplus represented reduction in issued share capital pursuant to a capital restructuring in 2004, capital reorganisations in 2011 and 2012. Under the Company Law of Bermuda, the contributed surplus of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

#### (b) 實繳盈餘

實繳盈餘指於二零零四年削減股本、二零一一年及二零一二年股本重組時所削減之已發行股本。根據百慕達公司法,本公司之實繳盈餘可予分派。然而如有下列情況,本公司不得以實繳盈餘宣派或派付股息或作出分派:

- (i) 其現時不能或於派付後將不能償還到期負債; 或
- (ii) 其資產之可變現價值將因而低於其負債及其 已發行股本與股份溢價賬之總和。



## 32. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party, Frontier Services Group Limited ("Frontier Services"), to acquire of the entire equity interest and the shareholder's loan in Sinofocus Media at a consideration of HK\$97,000,000. The operation of Sinofocus Media and its subsidiaries is provision of advertising agency services in the PRC and represents the Group's advertising agency segment for segment reporting purposes. The acquisition was completed on 10 November 2014, on which date control of Sinofocus Media passed to the Group. The acquisition has been accounted for as an acquisition of assets and liabilities. The effect of the acquisition is summarised as follows:

## 32. 透過收購附屬公司而收購資產

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司與獨立第三方先豐服務集團有限公司(「先豐服務」)訂立買賣協議,以收購其於Sinofocus Media 的全部股權及股東貸款,代價為港幣97,000,000元。Sinofocus Media 及其附屬公司的業務為於中國提供廣告代理服務,並就分部呈報目的呈報本集團的廣告代理分部。收購於二零一四年十一月十日完成,Sinofocus Media的控制權亦於該日轉予本集團。是次收購入賬列作收購資產及負債。收購的影響概述如下:

#### Net assets acquired:

#### 已收購資產淨額:

已付代價:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Property, plant and equipment Other receivables Bank balances and cash Other payables Shareholder's loan	物業、廠房及設備 其他應收款項 銀行結餘及現金 其他應付款項 股東貸款	7 9,056 101,400 (13,335) (73,308)
Sale of shareholder's loan	出售股東貸款	23,820 73,308
		97,128

#### **Consideration paid:**

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Consideration paid Transaction costs	已付代價 交易成本	97,000 128
Total consideration	總代價	97,128

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



## 32. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Net cash inflow arising on acquisition of assets through acquisition of subsidiaries:

## 32. 透過收購附屬公司而收購資產(續)

透過收購附屬公司而收購資產產生的現金流入 淨額:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Bank balances and cash acquired Cash consideration paid	已收購銀行結餘及現金 已付現金代價	101,400 (97,128)
Net cash inflow	現金流入淨額	4,272

#### 33. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Century 21 (HK) Group Limited, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Menkin Limited ("Menkin"), which is wholly owned by Mr. Ng (defined in note 14), a director of the Company, in relation to the disposal of the entire equity interest in Century 21 Hong Kong Limited and its subsidiary ("Century 21 Hong Kong Group") at a consideration of HK\$4,500,000. Century 21 Hong Kong Group is principally engaged in the provision of franchise services in Hong Kong and Macau. The disposal was completed on 12 December 2014, on which date control of Century 21 Hong Kong Limited passed to Menkin.

The net assets of Century 21 Hong Kong Group at the date of disposal were as follows:

#### **Consideration received:**

## 33. 出售附屬公司

(a) 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司透過其全資附屬公司世紀21 (香港)集團有限公司與本公司董事吳先生(定義見附註14)全資擁有的Menkin Limited(「Menkin」)訂立買賣協議,有關出售所持世紀21香港有限公司及其附屬公司(「世紀21香港集團」)的全部股權,代價為港幣4,500,000元。世紀21香港集團主要於香港及澳門提供特許經營服務。出售於二零一四年十二月十二日完成,世紀21香港有限公司的控制權亦於該日轉予Menkin。

於出售當日,世紀21香港集團之資產淨額如下:

#### 所收取之代價:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents Less: Transaction cost	以現金及現金等價物收取之代價 減:交易成本	4,500 (315)
		4,185

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 33. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

## 33. 出售附屬公司(續)

(a) (Continued)

(a) (續)

Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:

#### 失去控制權之資產及負債分析:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
	'	
Goodwill (Note)	商譽(附註)	1,445
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	98
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	5,799
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項	1,034
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	(2,842)
Tax payables	應付税項	(45)
Net assets disposed of	所出售資產淨額	5,489

Note: The recoverable amount of the CGUs of Century 21 Hong Kong Limited was based on its value-in-use which is higher than its fair value less cost to sell, both of which were determined with reference to the valuation performed by an independent professional qualified valuer not connected with the Group. The value-in-use calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period, and at a discount rate of 19.37%. Cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using a 3.42% growth rate in considering the economic conditions of the market.

The estimated growth rates used are comparable to the growth rate for the industry. Other key assumptions for the value-in-use calculations related to the estimation of cash flows which include budgeted sales and gross margin. Such estimation is based on the unit's past performance, management's expectations for market development as well as the potential profitability in the property agency market in Hong Kong, which is adversely affected by the deteriorating market sentiment as a result of property cooling measures, such as introduction of Buyer's Stamp Duty and enhanced Special Stamp Duty in October 2012, certain demand-side management measures in February 2013, certain regulations on selling first-hand properties in April 2013 and new mortgagetightening measures in February 2015. The recoverable amount of the unit as at 12 December 2014 is HK\$1,445,000.

附註: 世紀21香港有限公司之現金產生單位之可收回金額 按高於公平值減銷售成本的使用價值釐定,兩者均 參考與本集團並無關連之獨立專業合資格估值師之 估值釐定。使用價值基於管理層批准之五年期財政 預算及19.37%之貼現率釐定之現金流量預測計算。 考慮到市場經濟狀況,五年後之現金流量以3.42% 的增長率推定。

使用之估計增長率與行業增長率相若。計算使用價值之其他主要假設與現金流入估計(包括預計銷售及毛利率)有關。該等估計按該單位過往表現、管理層對市場發展及香港物業代理市場潛在盈利能力之產業降溫措施(例如二零一二年十月推出買家印花稅及加強額外印花稅、於二零一三年二月推出的若干需求管理措施、於二零一三年四月一手物業銷售的若干規例及於二零一五年二月推出的按揭緊縮新措施)導致市場氛圍每況愈下而受到不利影響。於二零一四年十二月十二日,單位可收回金額為港幣1,445,000元。



## 33. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 33. 出售附屬公司(續)

(a) (Continued) (a) (續)

Loss on disposal of subsidiaries:	出售附屬公司之虧損:	
		2014
		二零一四年
		HK\$'000
		港幣千元
Net assets disposed of	所出售資產淨額	5,489
Transaction costs	交易成本	315
Loss on disposal	出售之虧損	(1,304)

Total consideration 總代價 4,500

Net cash outflow on disposal of subsidiaries:

#### 出售附屬公司之現金流出淨額:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents Less: Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	以現金及現金等價物收取之代價 減:所出售現金及現金等價物	4,185 (5,799) (1,614)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 33. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(b) During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with EDS Wellness Holdings Limited ("EDS") to dispose of the entire equity interest in Century Capital Holdings Limited ("Century Capital") and the shareholder's loan due by Century Capital of HK\$747,000 at a consideration of HK\$1. Mr. Lei, Mr. Cheung and Mr. Wong (defined in note 14), the directors of the Company, are also the directors of Eternity Investment Limited, a major shareholder of EDS. Century Capital is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are inactive. The disposal was completed on 18 December 2014, on which date control of Century Capital passed to EDS.

The net liabilities of Century Capital and its subsidiaries at the date of disposal were as follows:

#### **Consideration received:**

### 33. 出售附屬公司(續)

(b) 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司與EDS Wellness Holdings Limited (「EDS」)訂立買賣協議,出售Century Capital Holdings Limited (「Century Capital」)全部股權及Century Capital 結欠的股東貸款港幣747,000元,代價為港幣1元。本公司董事李先生、張先生及黃先生(定義見附註14)亦為EDS主要股東永恒策略投資有限公司的董事。Century Capital為投資控股公司,其附屬公司並無業務。出售於二零一四年十二月十八日完成,Century Capital的控制權亦於該日轉予EDS。

於出售當日,Century Capital 及其附屬公司之負債淨額如下:

#### 所收取之代價:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents	以現金及現金等價物收取之代價	

#### Analysis of liabilities over which control was lost:

#### 失去控制權之負債分析:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Shareholder's loan	股東貸款	(747)
Net liabilities disposed of	所出售負債淨額	(747)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

DIS	SPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)	33. 出售	害附屬公司 <i>(續)</i>	
(b)	(Continued)	(b)	(續)	
	Gain on disposal of subsidiaries:		出售附屬公司之收益:	
				26 二零一區 HK\$ <sup>*</sup> ( 港幣-
	Net liabilities disposed of Sales of shareholder's loan Gain on disposal	所出售負債消 出售股東貸款 出售之收益		(
	Total consideration	總代價		
	Net cash inflow on disposal of subsidiaries:		出售附屬公司產生之現實	金流入淨額:
				二零一[ HK\$′
	Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents	以現金及現金	全等價物收取之代價	二零一[ HK\$'
(c)	Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents  As referred to in note 12, on 6 August 2013, the Group discontinued its toy products trading operation at the time of disposal of its subsidiary, Yanyan Force. The net liabilities of Yanyan Force at the date of disposal were as follows:	(c)	全等價物收取之代價 如附註12所示,於二 <sup>9</sup> 日,本集團於出售附屬 玩具產品買賣業務。於 之負債淨額如下:	<b>二零一</b>   <b>HK\$</b> ' <b>港幣</b> : 零一三年八 公司欣科時
(c)	As referred to in note 12, on 6 August 2013, the Group discontinued its toy products trading operation at the time of disposal of its subsidiary, Yanyan Force. The net liabilities of Yanyan Force at the date of disposal were as	(c)	如附註12所示,於二學日,本集團於出售附屬 玩具產品買賣業務。於	二零一[ HK\$' 港幣: 零一三年八月 公司欣科時
(c)	As referred to in note 12, on 6 August 2013, the Group discontinued its toy products trading operation at the time of disposal of its subsidiary, Yanyan Force. The net liabilities of Yanyan Force at the date of disposal were as follows:	(c)	如附註12所示,於二學日,本集團於出售附屬玩具產品買賣業務。於之負債淨額如下:	公司欣科時紀

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 33. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

33. 出售附屬公司(續)

(Continued) (C)

(c) (續)

Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:

失去控制權之資產及負債分析:

2013

二零一三年

HK\$'000

港幣千元

4

398

670

Property, plant and equipment Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Trade and other payables (Note) Tax payables

Net liabilities disposed of

應收賬款及其他應收款項

物業、廠房及設備

現金及現金等價物

應付賬款及其他應付款項(附註)

應付税項

(27,555)(500)

所出售負債淨額

(26,983)

Note: Included in other payables was the amount due to a non-controlling shareholder of Yanyan Force of HK\$16,397,000 which was unsecured, non-interest bearing, non-trade nature and repayable on demand. The non-controlling shareholder of Yanyan Force was a close family member of Mr. Ng (defined in note 14), a director of the Company.

附註: 其他應付款項包括應付欣科非控股股東之款項港幣 16,397,000元,該金額無抵押、免息、非屬貿易性質 及須於接獲通知時償還。欣科之非控股股東為本公 司董事吳先生(定義見附註14)之近親。

#### Gain on disposal of a subsidiary:

出售附屬公司之收益:

2013

二零一三年

HK\$'000

港幣千元

Net liabilities disposed of	所出售負債淨額	(26,983)
Sales of shareholder's loan	出售股東貸款	16,397
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	5,699
Transaction cost	交易成本	36
Gain on disposal	出售之收益	4,951
Total consideration	總代價	100

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **33. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

33. 出售附屬公司(續)

(c) (Continued)

(c) (續)

Net cash outflow on disposal of a subsidiary:

出售附屬公司之現金流出淨額:

2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents Less: cash and cash equivalents disposed of 以現金及現金等價物收取之代價 減:所出售現金及現金等價物 64 (398)

(334)

The impact of Yanyan Force on the Group's result and cash flows in the prior period is disclosed in note 12.

欣科對本集團過往期間業績及現金流量之影響披露 於附註 12。

(d) On 28 June 2013, New Leader Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group entered into an agreement with two independent third parties of the Group for transfer all the rights, risk and reward arising from daily operations of Guangzhou MAG Real Estate Investment Consultants Limited ("GZ MAG") to several independent third parties ("the Contractors") for 5 years commencing from 1 July 2013 to 30 June 2018 with no consideration. The Contractors in return will pay 2% on the total revenue arising from GZ MAG to the Group. (d) 於二零一三年六月二十八日,本集團全資附屬公司樂穎有限公司與本集團兩名獨立第三方訂立協議,將廣州美澳高房地產投資諮詢有限公司(「廣州美澳高」)日常營運產生的所有權利、風險及回報無償轉讓予數名獨立第三方(「承包商」),自二零一三年七月一日起至二零一八年六月三十日止為期五年。承包商將廣州美澳高所產生總收益的2%歸予本集團。

#### **Consideration received:**

所收取之代價:

2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents Deferred proceeds 以現金及現金等價物收取之代價 遞延收益

110

Total consideration

總代價

110

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 33. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

## 33. 出售附屬公司(續)

(d) (Continued)

The Group lost control on GZ MAG since 1 July 2013. The net liabilities of GZ MAG at the date of disposal were as follows:

Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:

(d) *(續)* 

本集團於二零一三年七月一日後失去對 廣州美澳高的控制權。廣州美澳高於出 售當日之負債淨額如下:

#### 失去控制權之資產及負債分析:

2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

Property, plant and equipment物業、廠房及設備9Other receivables其他應收款項38Cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等價物362Trade and other payables應付賬款及其他應付款項(443)Net liabilities disposed of所出售負債淨額(34)

Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary:

Total consideration

#### 視為出售附屬公司之收益:

2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

110

Net liabilities disposed of 所出售負債淨額
Cumulative exchange differences in respect of the net liabilities of the subsidiary reclassified from equity to profit or loss on loss of control of the subsidiary

Gain on deemed disposal

所出售負債淨額

有關附屬公司負債淨額之累計匯兑

差額由權益重新分類至失去附屬
公司控制權之損益
公司控制權之損益
34

27

總代價

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 33. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

33. 出售附屬公司(續)

(d) (Continued)

(d) (續)

Net cash outflow on deemed disposal of a subsidiary:

視為出售附屬公司產生之現金流出淨額:

2013 二零一三年

HK\$'000

港幣千元

Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents Less: cash and cash equivalents disposed of 以現金及現金等價物收取之代價 減:所出售現金及現金等價物

(362)

(362)

#### 34. OPERATING LEASES

#### THE GROUP AS LESSEE

The Group made minimum lease payments paid under operating leases in respect of office premises, shops and photocopying machines of approximately HK\$4,569,000 (2013: HK\$4,368,000) from continuing operations.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

### 34. 經營租賃

### 本集團為承租人

本集團就持續經營業務之辦公室物業、商舗及 複印機根據經營租賃之最低租約付款為約港幣 4,569,000元(二零一三年:港幣4,368,000元)。

於報告期末,本集團就不可撤銷之經營租賃於 下列期間到期應付之未來最低租約付款承擔如 下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Within one year	一年內	3,038	3,256
In the second to fifth year inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	477	1,725
		3,515	4,981

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office premises, shops and photocopying machines. Leases are negotiated and rentals are fixed for lease terms of one to five years (2013: one to five years).

經營租約付款指本集團就若干辦公室物業、商 舖及複印機之應付租金。經磋商,租金於一至 五年租期內不能變動(二零一三年:一至五 年)。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 35. SHARE OPTIONS SCHEME

Pursuant to the resolution passed at an annual general meeting held on 17 June 2014, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme"). The Company operates the Scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. The eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's or its subsidiaries' executive directors, non-executive directors and employees, and any business consultants, agents, financial or legal advisers and any other persons who the board of director consider, at its sole discretion, will contribute or have contributed to the Group.

The grant of share options should be accepted within 30 days from the date of the grant, at a consideration of HK\$1, being payable by the grantee upon the acceptance of grant. The options may be exercised at any time within the period commencing from the date of grant of the options and expiring on the date determined by the directors, but in any event such exercise period shall not exceed a period of ten years commencing on the date the relevant option is deemed to be granted.

The exercise price of the share options was determinable by the directors, but was not able to be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's share.

#### 35. 購股權計劃

根據於二零一四年六月十七日舉行之股東週年 大會上通過之決議案,本公司採納一項購股權 計劃(「該計劃」)。本公司設立該計劃,以激勵 並獎勵對本集團經營成果有貢獻之合資格參與 者。該計劃之合資格參與者包括本公司或其附 屬公司之執行董事、非執行董事及僱員,及任 何業務顧問、代理人、財務或法律顧問及任何 董事會全權酌情認為對本集團將有貢獻或已作 出貢獻之其他人士。

授出之購股權應自授出日起30天內接納,代 價為港幣1元,由承授人於接納時支付。購股 權可自授出購股權之日起至董事釐定之日止期 間內隨時行使,惟該行使期間在任何情況下不 得超逾被視為獲授相關購股權之日起計十年。

購股權之行使價由董事釐定,惟不得低於以下 之較高者:(i)授出日期(必須為營業日)在聯交 所每日報價表呈列之股份收市價:(ii)授出日期 對上五個營業日在聯交所每日報價表呈列之股 份平均收市價及(iii)本公司股份之面值。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度



#### **35. SHARE OPTIONS SCHEME** (Continued)

Pursuant to the Scheme, the maximum number of shares in the Company in respect of which options may be granted when aggregated with any other share option scheme of the Company is not permitted to exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of adoption of the Scheme. Subject to the issue of a circular and the approval of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting and/or such other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time, the board may refresh the limit at any time to 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of approval by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting. Notwithstanding the foregoings, the shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company at any time shall not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.

No option may be granted to any person if the total number of shares of the Company already issued and issuable to him under all the options granted to him in any 12 month period up to and including the date of grant exceeding 1% of total number of shares in issue as at the date of grant. Any further grant of options in excess of this 1% limit shall be subject to the issue of a circular by the Company and the approval of the shareholders in general meeting. Such participant and his associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) abstaining from voting and/or other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

At 31 December 2014 and 2013, there were no outstanding share options and there were no share options granted for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

#### 35. 購股權計劃(續)

根據該計劃,可授出之購股權連同本公司任何 其他購股權計劃可能授出者所涉及本公司股份 最高數目不得超過本公司於該計劃採納日期已 發行股本10%。在遵守刊發通函及本公司股東 於股東大會批准及/或上市規則不時指定之其 他規定下,董事會可隨時更新有關限額至本公司股東於股東大會批准日期之已發行股份總數 10%。無論上文載有任何規定,根據該計劃及 本公司任何其他購股權計劃已授出但有待行使 之所有尚未行使購股權獲行使時可予發行之股份 30%。

倘於截至及包括授出日期止任何12個月期間,根據授予任何人士之所有購股權已經及可予發行之本公司股份總數超過於授出日期已發行股份總數1%,則不得再向有關人士授出購股權。進一步授出超過該1%限額之購股權,須待本公司刊發通函及股東於股東大會批准(有關參與人士及其聯繫人士(定義見上市規則)須放棄投票)及/或遵守上市規則不時指定之其他規定所限。倘授予主要股東或獨立非執行董事之購股權超過本公司股本之0.1%或價值超過港幣5,000,000元,必須獲得本公司股東事先批准。

於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日, 概無尚未行使之購股權及截至二零一四年及二 零一三年十二月三十一日止年度內亦無授出購 股權。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **36. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES**

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes the lower of HK\$1,500 (increased from HK\$1,250 to HK\$1,500 effective on 1 June 2014) or 5% of relevant payroll costs to the scheme, which contribution is matched by employees.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the government of the PRC. The subsidiaries are required to contribute 20% of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

#### 37. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

#### (A) RELATED PARTY BALANCE

There is no outstanding balance with related party at 31 December 2014 and 2013.

## (B) COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The remuneration of directors which are considered as key management personnel of the Group during the year is as follows:

### 36. 退休福利計劃

本集團為所有香港合資格僱員運作強制性公積金計劃。該計劃之資產與本集團資產分開持有,存放於托管人所控制之基金內。本集團按僱員相關薪金成本每位員工港幣1,500元(自二零一四年六月一日起由港幣1,250元增至港幣1,500元)或5%之較低者向該計劃作出供款,僱員亦作出等額供款。

本集團於中國附屬公司之僱員為中國政府運作 之國家退休福利計劃成員。有關附屬公司須向 該退休福利計劃供款以作為福利資金,供款額 為工資成本之20%。就該退休福利計劃而言, 本集團之唯一責任為作出指定供款。

## 37. 關連人士披露

### (A) 與關連人士之結餘

於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日,並無與關連人士之未償還結 餘。

## (B) 主要管理人員之補償

年內視為本集團管理人員之董事酬金如 下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Short-term benefits	短期福利	1,326	6,192
Post-employment benefits	退休福利	24	30
		1,350	6,222

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 37. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

## (B) COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (Continued)

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

#### 38. LITIGATION

During the year, the Group's subsidiaries, Sinofocus Media and 廣東中觀傳媒有限公司 ("Guangdong Sinofocus") initiated a legal claim against 遼寧廣播電視廣告有限公司 ("Liaoning Radio") for recovering a prepayment of advertisement of approximately RMB9,611,000 (approximately HK\$12,004,000) (the "Prepayment"), which the amount was settled by a third party namely 上海龍韻廣告傳播股份有限公司 ("Shanghai Longyun") on behalf of Guangdong Sinofocus.

After seeking legal advice, the Group considered the amount of claim to be able to recover from Liaoning Radio is RMB6,687,000 (approximately HK\$8,352,000) (which amount is also guaranteed by Frontier Services pursuant to the terms of sale and purchase of the interest in Sinofocus Media by the Group during the year). Accordingly, the amount of RMB6,687,000 (approximately HK\$8,352,000) was recognised as other receivable as at 31 December 2014.

As the Prepayment was settled by Shanghai Longyun, Shanghai Longyun also initiated a legal claim against Guangdong Sinofocus for the sum of RMB9,611,000 (approximately HK\$12,004,000). The amount of claim was fully provided by Sinofocus Media and included in other payables as at 31 December 2014 and no further liability was recognised by the Group accordingly.

## 37. 關連人士披露(續)

## (B) 主要管理人員之補償(續)

董事及主要行政人員之酬金乃由薪酬委員會視乎個人表現及市場趨勢而釐定。

### 38. 訴訟

年內,本集團附屬公司Sinofocus Media與廣東中觀傳媒有限公司(「廣東中觀」)對遼寧廣播電視廣告有限公司(「遼寧廣播」)提出法律訴訟,要求收回廣告預付款約人民幣9,611,000元(約相當於港幣12,004,000元)(「預付款」),該款項由第三方上海龍韻廣告傳播股份有限公司(「上海龍韻」)代表廣東中觀支付。

徵詢法律意見後,本集團認為可自遼寧廣播收回的訴訟金額為人民幣6,687,000元(約相當於港幣8,352,000元)。根據本集團年內訂立的Sinofocus Media 股權買賣協議的條款,該款項亦由先豐服務擔保。因此,人民幣6,687,000元(約相當於港幣8,352,000元)確認為於二零一四年十二月三十一日的其他應收款項。

由於預付款由上海龍韻支付,上海龍韻亦向廣東中觀發起人民幣9,611,000元(約相當於港幣12,004,000元)的法律索償。索償款項由Sinofocus Media全數支付,並計入於二零一四年十二月三十一日的其他應付款項。本集團並無確認其他相應負債。





## 39. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 39. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情 **OF THE COMPANY**

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place/country of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 經營地點/國家	Particulars of issued capital 已發行股本詳情	issued held by the 本公司	tage of capital e Company 司持有 本百分比	voting po by the C 本公司	rtion of ower held company 司所持 霍比例	Principal activities 主要業務
			2014	2013	Directly	Indirectly	
			二零一四年	二零一三年	直接	間接	
Century 21 Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	3,880,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	-	100%	-	100%	Provision of franchise, services in Hong Kong and Macau
世紀21香港有限公司	香港	3,880,000股每股面值 港幣1元之普通股	-	100%	-	100%	在香港及澳門提供特許經營權 服務
Century 21 Property Agency Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	-	100%	Provision of property agency and related services in Hong Kong
世紀21物業有限公司	香港	2股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	
Century 21 Surveyors Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	-	100%	Provision of property project consulting, property agency and related services
世紀21測量行有限公司	香港	100股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	提供物業項目諮詢、物業代理及 有關服務
Guangdong Kingstar Strategic Consultants Limited <sup>#</sup>	PRC	RMB10,000,000 of registered capital	100%	100%	-	100%	Provision of property project consulting, property agency and related services in the PRC
廣東經策房地產顧問有限公司#	中國	人民幣 10,000,000 元 註冊股本	100%	100%	-	100%	在中國提供物業項目諮詢、 物業代理及有關服務
Guangdong Sinofocus <sup>#</sup>	PRC	RMB50,000,000 of registered capital	100%	-	-	100%	Advertising agency business
Guangdong Sinofocus#	中國	人民幣 50,000,000 元 註冊股本	100%	-	-	100%	廣告代理業務



For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 39. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 39. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情(續) **OF THE COMPANY** (Continued)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place/country of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 經營地點/國家	Particulars of issued capital 已發行股本詳情	Percentage of issued capital held by the Company 本公司持有 已發行股本百分比		Proportion of voting power held by the Company 本公司所持 投票權比例			
			2014	2013	Directly	Indirectly		
			二零一四年	二零一二年	直接	間接		
Kingbox	British Virgin Islands, Hong Kong	/ 1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	100%	100%	-	Investment holding	
Kingbox	英屬處女群島/ 香港	1股每股面值1美元 之普通股	100%	100%	100%	-	投資控股	
Kingswick Strategy Limited	Hong Kong	10 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	-	100%	Provision of property agency and related services	
經緯策略有限公司	香港	10股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	提供物業代理及有關服務	
Smart Arrow Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	-	100%	Provision of property agency and related services	
駿銜有限公司	香港	1股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	提供物業代理及有關服務	
Sinofocus Media (Holdings) Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	-	100%	-	Investment holding and management	
Sinofocus Media (Holdings) Limited	英屬處女群島	1股每股面值1美元 之普通股	100%	-	100%	-	投資控股及管理	
Sinofocus Media Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	-	-	100%	Investment holding and advertising agency services	
Sinofocus Media Limited	香港	10,000股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股	100%	-	-	100%	投資控股及廣告代理服務	
Spring Merit Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	-	100%	Security trading and investment	
彰運有限公司	香港	1股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	證券買賣及投資	





## 39. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 39. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情(續) OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place/country of incorporation/operation 註冊成立/經營地點/國家	Particulars of issued capital 已發行股本詳情	Percentage of issued capital held by the Company 本公司持有		Proportion of voting power held by the Company 本公司所持 投票權比例		Principal activities 主要業務	
			<b>2014</b> 2013		Directly	Indirectly		
			二零一四年	二零一三年	直接	間接		
Vantage Gain Investments Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	-	100%	Security trading and investment	
互興投資有限公司	香港	1股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	證券買賣及投資	
Wiz Investments Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	-	100%	Security trading and investment	
慧師投資有限公司	香港	1股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	證券買賣及投資	
Wiz Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	100%	-	Provision of management services to the Group	
慧師有限公司	香港	1股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股	100%	100%	100%	-	向本集團提供管理服務	

<sup>\*</sup> The English names of the PRC companies are translation of their respective Chinese names included for information only and are not their official names.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group as at 31 December 2014 and 2013 which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

上表所列乃董事認為對本集團之業績或資產具 有主要影響之本集團於二零一四年及二零一三 年十二月三十一日之附屬公司。董事認為,提 供其他附屬公司之詳情將導致篇幅過於冗長。

於本年度末概無附屬公司發行任何債務證券。

<sup>#</sup> 該等中國公司之英文名稱乃直譯自其中文名稱,僅 供參考,並非其正式名稱。





A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is as follows:

本集團過往五個財政度之業績、資產及負債概述如 下:

### For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一	日止年度
----------	------

		截至十一月二十一日止年度							
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014			
		二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一四年			
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元			
		(restated)	(restated)	(restated)					
		(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)					
RESULTS	業績								
<b>Continuing operations</b> Revenue	<b>持續經營業務</b> 收益	122,904	86,737	112,711	98,763	203,803			
(Loss) profit before tax	於我並(虧損)※利	(233,753)	(192,742)	(64,462)	27,762	(42.704)			
Income tax (expense) credit	除税前(虧損)溢利 所得税(開支)抵免	(2,624)	4,141	8,801	27,762 8,552	(12,796) (348)			
income tax (expense) credit	別特忱(用义)抵先	(2,024)	4,141	0,001	0,332	(346)			
(Loss) profit for the year from continuing operations	本年度持續經營業務 之(虧損)溢利	(236,377)	(188,601)	(55,661)	36,314	(13,144)			
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務								
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	本年度已終止經營 業務之虧損	(6,128)	(5,602)	(1,398)	(1,120)	_			
,	,			. , , ,	. , , ,				
(Loss) profit for the year	本年度(虧損)溢利	(242,505)	(194,203)	(57,059)	35,194	(13,144)			
(Loss) profit for the year attributable to:	應佔本年度(虧損) 溢利:								
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(242,505)	(189,511)	(56,500)	35,642	(13,144)			
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(4,692)	(559)	(448)	_			
		(242,505)	(194,203)	(57,059)	35,194	(13,144)			

## **FINANCIAL SUMMARY** 財務概要



#### At 31 December

#### 於十二月三十一日

		が   二月二   一口						
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		
		二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一四年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元		
				1				
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債							
Total assets	資產總額	251,268	369,203	301,521	265,529	472,981		
Total liabilities	負債總額	(201,157)	(157,759)	(147,038)	(57,846)	(136,871)		
Total equity	權益總額	50,111	211,444	154,483	207,683	336,110		
Attributable to:	應佔:							
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	50,111	216,136	159,734	207,683	336,110		
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	_	(4,692)	(5,251)	_	-		
		50,111	211,444	154,483	207,683	336,110		

Note: The financial information for the three years ended 31 December 2012 has been 附註:截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止三年度之財務資料已重 restated to reflect the discontinued operation as stated in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

列以反映綜合財務報表附註12所述的已終止業務。

