Harmonic Strait Financial Holdings Limited (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Stock Code: 33

2014 **Annual Report**

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The English text of this annual report shall prevail over the Chinese text in case of inconsistencies.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Executive Directors

Lo Siu Leung Tong Nai Kan Zhao Tieliu Wong Kwong Sum (appointed on March 9, 2015) Gao Hong (appointed on October 9, 2014 and removed on November 23, 2014)

Non-executive Directors

Ko Ming Tung, Edward Lee Kam Wah (resigned with effect from February 14, 2014)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Cheung Wah Keung (Chairman) Anthony Espina Cheng Wai Lam, James

Executive Committee

Lo Siu Leung Tong Nai Kan Zhao Tieliu Wong Kwong Sum (appointed on March 9, 2015) Gao Hong (appointed on October 9, 2014 and removed on November 23, 2014)

Audit Committee

Anthony Espina (Chairman) Cheung Wah Keung Ko Ming Tung, Edward Cheng Wai Lam, James Lee Kam Wah (resigned with effect from February 14, 2014)

Remuneration Committee

Cheung Wah Keung *(Chairman)* Anthony Espina Ko Ming Tung, Edward Cheng Wai Lam, James Lee Kam Wah *(resigned with effect from February 14, 2014)*

Nomination Committee

Cheung Wah Keung (*Chairman*) Anthony Espina Ko Ming Tung, Edward Tong Nai Kan Cheng Wai Lam, James

Authorised Representatives

Tong Nai Kan Lo Siu Leung

Company Secretary

Chen Kwok Wang (appointed on October 9, 2014)

Website

www.harmonics33.com

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Registered Office

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House South Church Street George Town Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Unit B, 35/F. No. 169 Electric Road North Point Hong Kong

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Principal Bankers

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited

Legal Adviser

Patrick Mak & Tse 16th Floor Nan Fung Tower 173 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

Auditor

Cheng & Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants 10/F, Allied Kajima Building 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai Hong Kong

Stock Code

33 (Listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited)

COMPANY PROFILE

The Group is principally engaged in the credit guarantee and investment business in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), trading of party products business and trading of metal and minerals business.

As at December 31, 2014, the Group had 31 employees, 19 of them are located in Hong Kong.

BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended December 31, 2014 ("Current Year"), the credit guarantee and investment business was threaten by the deteriorated business environments and the increased inherent default risk of the overall market, one of its guarantee contracts was defaulted and leaded to an impairment loss of HK\$10 million (RMB8 million), and it was operated in a very conservative manner to cope with it. During the Current Year, the Group has simplified its structure to control the cost and developing the trading of metal and minerals and providing entrusted loan to its customers to enlarge its income. For the trading business of party products, it struggled to cope with the rapid change unfavorable business environment including the intense market competition and very limited banking facilities.

During the Current Year, the Group disposed of its hotel business at a consideration of HK\$8.1 million and recorded an accounting gain on the disposal of approximately HK\$0.7 million from the disposal, being the difference between the consideration and the net asset value of the disposed assets recorded in the Group's accounts at the completion. Given the weak performance of the hotel business the development plan of a chain of concept hotels has been abandoned.

During the Current Year, the Group also disposed of its financial planning services business at a consideration of HK\$5 million and recorded an accounting gain of approximately HK\$1.3 million from the disposal, being the difference between the consideration and the net asset value of the disposed assets recorded in the Group's accounts at the completion. The financial planning services business recorded loss in the past few years. The Directors considered that the disposals of these two business segments provide good opportunities for the Group to realize the fixed and intangible assets into cash and improve the financial position of the Group.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the Current Year, the Group's turnover was HK\$130.4 million, representing a drop of 9.9% from HK\$144.8 million (restated) for the year ended December 31, 2013 ("Prior Year"), due to the reduction of customer orders of trading of party products business because of various unfavourable operating conditions aroused from previous years.

Gross profit during Current Year was HK\$15.4 million, representing an increase of 27.3% from HK\$12.1 million (restated) for the Prior Year. In terms of gross profit margin, the relevant figure for the Current Year was 11.8%, representing an increase of 3.4% from 8.4% for Prior Year. The increase in both gross profit and gross profit margin were mainly due to improvement of operation efficient of trading of party products business.

Other revenue was HK\$4.2 million in the Current Year, which increased from the HK\$1.4 million (restated) of the Prior Year. For operating expenses, the relevant figure for the Current Year was HK\$23.3 million, representing a decrease of 27.0% from HK\$31.9 million (restated) for the Prior Year as the effective cost control in matching with the conservative operations.

Finance cost during the Current Year was HK\$62.0 million which increased from HK\$48.5 million of the Prior Year. Such increase was mainly attributable to the compound effect of interest accrued.

In this year, the Group has impaired other receivable amounting to HK\$13.7 million (2013: HK\$2.7 million), which mainly related to defaulted guarantee contract and an advance for development of an investment project of the credit guarantee and investment business.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at December 31, 2014, net current liabilities were HK\$28.4 million (2013: net current assets HK\$52.8 million). Current ratio as at December 31, 2014 was 0.89 (2013: 1.28). The decrease in current asset was mainly due to the combined effect of impairment loss made to the other receivable and the decrease of trade receivable and the inventory of the trading of party products during the Current Year. The decrease of current ratio was due to the liability portion of the convertible bond reclassified to the current liability as it will be matured in August, 2015. The gearing ratio, total bank borrowings divided by total assets at the end of each period, was 0.5% as at December 31, 2014, representing a decrease of 1.4% from 1.9% as at December 31, 2013; the decrease was due to the repayment of bank loan.

As at December 31, 2014, the Group had cash and bank balances of HK\$55.1 million without any restricted cash (2013: HK\$148.0 million including restricted cash of HK\$12.7 million) which was mainly denominated in Renminbi ("RMB"), HK dollars and US dollars, and bank borrowings of HK\$1.1 million (2013: HK\$5.0 million) was denominated in HK dollars only. The bank borrowings bore floating interest rates.

As at December 31, 2014, the face value of the outstanding convertible bond of the Company was HK\$612,000,000 (2013: HK\$1,258,937,500) including amount of HK\$510,000,000 (2013: HK\$1,156,937,500) being waived its right to demand for repayment.

As at December 31, 2014, the Group had prepayments, deposits and other receivables of HK\$136.9 million which represents an increase of HK\$90.8 million (196.96%) from HK\$46.1 million as at December 31, 2013. The increase was mainly attributable to HK\$107.1 million (RMB85 million) (2013: HK\$12.7 million (RMB10 million) entrusted loan made by the credit guarantee and investment business to its customers and HK\$57.4 million (RMB45.6 million) prepayment was made for the trade and development of trading of metal and mineral business.

The Company has provided corporate guarantees to secure banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries. At December 31, 2014, the bank loan drawn down by the Group amounted to approximately HK\$1.1 million (2013: HK\$5.0 million). At the end of the reporting period Harmonic Strait Financing Guarantee Co., Ltd. ("Harmonic Strait") had not provided guarantees to its customers (2013: HK\$12.7 million) in return of service income as its ordinary business. The Group has also charged shares of the Hong Kong New Smart Energy Group Limited (a 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company, which directly holds 90%-owned Harmonic Strait), a floating charge of the Company, a deed of assignment regarding the assignment of current accounts due to group companies by Hong Kong New Smart Energy Group Limited and a personal guarantee from a director as securities in relation to the balance of HK\$127.5 million in which the loan was for our part of the registered capital of Harmonic Strait.

The Group continued to have no structured investment products, foreign exchange contracts and investments in listed shares, bond and debentures.

No significant exchange risk is expected as the Group's cash, borrowings, income and expenses are settled in Hong Kong dollars, RMB or US dollars. As the exchange rate of RMB and US dollars against Hong Kong dollars is relatively stable, the Group did not perform any foreign currency hedging activities during the year. Nevertheless, the Group will from time to time review and adjust the Group's investment and financing strategies based on the RMB, US dollars and Hong Kong dollars exchange rate movement.

As at December 31, 2014, the Group had no material capital commitments (2013: Nil) or investment commitments. The operating lease commitment for the Group as at December 31, 2014 was around HK\$2.9 million (2013: HK\$8.0 million).

It is the Group's policy to adopt a prudent financial management strategy and maintain a suitable level of liquidity and banking facilities to meet operation requirements and acquisition opportunities.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

On May 5, 2014, the Company entered into the subscription agreement with the subscribers, namely Mr. Zhang Zhong, Mr. Zhang Bin and Mr. Liu Zilai, pursuant to which the subscribers had conditionally agreed to subscribe for and the Company had conditionally agreed to allot and issue an aggregate of 330,000,000 ordinary shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.1 per subscription share, a premium of approximately 6.38% over the closing price of HK\$0.094 per share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on May 5, 2014, being the date of the subscription agreement. The directors considered various ways of raising funds and believed that the subscription represented an opportunity to raise capital for the Company while broadening the shareholders base and capital base of the Company. The subscription passed at the Company's annual general meeting on May 31, 2013. The subscription completed on June 9, 2014. The aggregate gross proceeds from the subscription and the aggregate nominal value was HK\$33.0 million and the net proceeds was approximately HK\$32.9 million, i.e., net price of HK\$0.0997 per share, after deducting all the professional fees incurred in the subscription. The Company intended to use the net proceeds as the general working capital of the Group and for any potential acquisition activities as identified by the Group from time to time. The actual use of net proceeds of HK\$32.9 million was for general working capital.

On July 29, 2014, the Company further entered into another subscription agreement with other subscribers, namely Main Powerful Limited and Sharp Right Corporation Limited, pursuant to which the subscribers had conditionally agreed to subscribe for and the Company had conditionally agreed to allot and issue an aggregate of 357,000,000 ordinary shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.1 per subscription share, a discount of approximately 10.71% to the closing price of HK\$0.1120 per share, as quoted on the Stock Exchange on July 29, 2014, being the date of the subscription agreement. The directors considered various ways of raising funds and believed that the subscription represented an opportunity to raise capital for the Company while broadening the shareholders base and capital base of the Company. The subscription shares would be issued under the general mandate which was granted to the Directors pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the Company's annual general meeting on May 16, 2014. The subscription completed on August 4, 2014. The aggregate gross proceeds from the subscription and the aggregate nominal value was HK\$35.7 million and the net proceeds was approximately HK\$35.7 million, i.e., net price of HK\$0.1 per share, after deducting all the professional fees incurred in the subscription. The Company intended to use the net proceeds as the general working capital of the Group and for any potential acquisition activities as identified by the Group from time to time. The actual use of net proceeds of HK\$35.7 million was used for repayment of loan and HK\$5.7 million was for general working capital.

Moreover, HK\$646,937,500 convertible bonds of the Company were converted into 517,550,000 shares during the year ended December 31, 2014.

EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of December 31, 2014, the placing agreement was entered into between the Company and the placing agent for the placing of up to 4,000,000,000 placing shares, on a best effort basis, to the places at the placing price of HK\$0.1 per placing share and the proposed increase in authorized share capital of the Company from HK\$500,000,000 to HK\$1,000,000,000. The results of the placement and the proposed increase in authorized share capital are subjected to the conditions precedent being satisfied or waived. For details, please refer to the announcement made on February 24, 2015 and the circular to shareholders on March 25, 2015.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Group has disposed the entire hotel business segment and the provision of financial planning services segment at a consideration of HK\$8.1 million and HK\$5.0 million respectively.

Except for the above, the Group did not make any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the year ended December 31, 2014.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group's contingent liabilities, if any, are set out in the note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at December 31, 2014, the Group had 31 employees. It is the Group's policy to recruit the right person for each position based on the person's qualification and experience. The remuneration of each employee is reviewed every year based on the performance of the employee with reference to the prevailing market conditions.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend any final dividend for the Current Year.

OUTLOOK

Currently, the Group was operated in a very conservative manner to cope with the challenging economic condition of China in recent years. However, the management is still confident to the future of the China market and tries to finance the Company by different ways. As disclosed in the announcement dated February 24, 2015 and the circular to shareholders dated March 25, 2015, the Company has entered into the agreement with a placing agent to raise up to HK\$400.0 million by issuing new shares and its result is subjected to the conditions precedent being satisfied or waived and market conditions. The directors are of the view that with strength financial positions, it would allow the Company to capture any opportunities, reduce the finance cost of the Company and redeem convertible bonds which will be matured soon. In order to expand the source of income and prospects of the Company, the management will develop its existing financing platform to widen the scope of the provision of financial services and be actively seeking for any possible investment opportunities.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lo Siu Leung (盧紹良), aged 36, was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on December 27, 2013. Mr. Lo has over 10 years of experience in accounting, auditing, tax and finance. He holds a Master degree in Business Administration from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, an associate member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He is also a Chartered Financial Analysts. He joined the Group in June 2009 and is responsible for the trading of party products business.

Mr. Tong Nai Kan (唐乃勤), aged 56, was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in February 24, 2012. He has over 20 years of experience in investment in various businesses in Mainland China and has participated in energy-related businesses in recent few years. He was an executive director of New Smart Energy Group Limited (Stock Code: 91) for the period from March 1999 to June 2013, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was previously an executive director of China Mining Resources Group Limited (formerly known as "INNOMAXX Biotechnology Group Limited") (Stock Code: 340) for the period from May 2000 to May 2004, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He is currently the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. He was awarded as the 11th World Outstanding Chinese Award from the World Chinese Business Foundation and the Honorary Doctoral Degree from the International American University in March 2009. Mr. Tong is responsible for the strategic planning, business development and overall management of the Group. Mr. Tong joined the Group in August 2010.

Mr. Wong Kwong Sum (黃光森), aged 48, was appointed as the Executive Director of the Company on March 9, 2015. Mr. Wong holds a Bachelor in Business Administration of West Coast Institute of Management & Technology and has over twenty years of experience in the construction materials supply and retail business. Mr. Wong was a director of Hong Kong Optical Company Limited. Currently, he is a committee member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference — Guangzhou Baiyun District.

Mr. Zhao Tieliu (趙鐵流), aged 57, was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on December 27, 2013. Mr. Zhao graduated from Tianjin University of Finance and Economics with a Bachelor degree of Economics in 1984 and obtained a Master degree in Business Administration from Oklahoma City University, USA in 1990. Mr. Zhao held positions in Tianjin University of Finance and Economics as lecturer, the Department of Accounting as deputy dean, and as division director of the Futures Supervision Division and Intermediary Supervision Division of China Securities Regulatory Commission at the Tianjin Regulatory Bureau. Mr. Zhao was previously an executive director and managing director of Sanyuan Group Limited (Stock Code: 140), a company previously listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange Limited, and a non-executive director of CIAM Group Limited (Stock Code: 378), a company listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange Limited. He was also the President of Weida Applied Technology Company Limited (Stock Code: 300195) which listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange. He is currently the director and general manager of Harmonic Strait Financing Gurantee Co. Ltd. and is responsible for the operation of the credit guarantee and investment business and the trading of metal and minerals business.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Ko Ming Tung, Edward (高明東), aged 54, was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company on May 9, 2011. Mr. Ko obtained an external Bachelor of Laws Degree from the University of London in the United Kingdom in August 1986 and is a member of The Law Society of Hong Kong. Mr. Ko is the principal of Messrs. Edward Ko & Company and has been practising as a solicitor in Hong Kong for more than 23 years. Other than the directorship in the Company, currently, Mr. Ko is also an independent non-executive director of Sinofert Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 297), Wai Chun Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1013) and EverChina Int'l Holding Company Limited (formerly known as Interchina Holdings Company Limited) (Stock Code: 202), all of which are companies whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Wah Keung (張華強), aged 54, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on June 4, 2007 and the Chairman of the Company on September 5, 2013. Mr. Cheung has over 22 years of experience in management of trading and manufacturing of consumer electronic products. Mr. Cheung graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong with a bachelor degree in Business Administration in 1994, a degree of Master of Corporate Governance in 2010 and a degree of Doctor of Business Administration in 2013 from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Cheung was the chairman of Shinhint Acoustic Link Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 2728), from 2005 to 2014, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He is currently the chairman of Tai Sing Industrial Company Limited.

Mr. Anthony Espina (艾秉禮), aged 66, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on June 4, 2007. Mr. Espina has over 40 years of experience in the accounting and finance industry. He is the managing director of Goldride Securities Limited and was the chairman of the Hong Kong Securities Association. Mr. Espina is the chairman of the management board and member of supervisory board of AFT Bank in Kazakhstan and he is also the independent non-executive director of the "Single Accumulative Pension Fund" of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the National Bank of Kazakhstan administering the pension assets of all employees in Kazakhstan. He is also a member of supervisory board of ENPF (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the National Bank of Kazakhstan), the single provident fund of Kazakhstan. He is also the chairman of supervisory board of Optima Bank in Kyrgyzstan. Mr. Espina was a partner of Arthur Andersen & Co. from 1982 to 1986 and Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu from 1986 to 1990. He was also the president of the Hong Kong Computer Society from 1978 to 1979. He graduated from the University of Southern Queensland with a bachelor degree in business and is an associate member of CPA Australia, is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

Mr. Cheng Wai Lam, James (鄭暐霖), aged 54, was appointed as a Non-Executive Director on March 26, 2013 and redesignated from Non-Executive Director to Independent Non-Executive Director on November 27, 2013. Mr. Cheng holds a Master of Business Administration. Mr. Cheng is currently an executive director of Ceneric (Holdings) Limited (Stock Code: 542) whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Cheng was an executive director of Pizu Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8053) for the period from July 2011 to April 2013 whose shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange. He has over 25 years of experience in various industries including banking and finance, manufacturing and telecommunications, of which over 20 years were in senior management positions.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Chen Kwok Wang (陳國宏), aged 52, has joined the Company as Company Secretary on October 9, 2014. Mr. Chen is a qualified solicitor in Hong Kong with current practice in corporate finance.

The directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are set out in the "Company Profile" section of this annual report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results of the Group for the Current Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of this annual report.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends for the Current Year.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at December 31, 2014 are set out in the note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

DONATION

No donation has been made by the Group during the year (2013: Nil).

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Current Year are set out in the note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Current Year are set out in the note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The Directors up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Lo Siu Leung Tong Nai Kan Zhao Tieliu Wong Kwong Sum *(appointed on March 9, 2015)* Gao Hong *(appointed on October 9, 2014 and removed on November 23, 2014)*

Non-executive Directors

Ko Ming Tung, Edward Lee Wah Kam (resigned with effect from February 14, 2014)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Cheung Wah Keung (*Chairman*) Anthony Espina Cheng Wai Lam, James

According to Article 130, Mr. Cheung Wah Keung, Mr. Anthony Espina and Mr. Cheng Wai Lam, James as Independent Non-Executive Directors, shall retire from office at Annual General Meeting and shall offer themselves for re-election.

According to Article 114, Mr. Wong Kwong Sum who was appointed by the Board on March 9, 2015 as Executive Director, shall retire from office at coming General Meeting and shall offer himself for re-election.

None of the Directors offering themselves for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting/General Meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). The Company considers all of the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

Each of the Independent Non-executive Directors and the Non-executive Directors was appointed for a fixed term and is subject to retirement by rotation at the Annual General Meeting.

None of the Executive Directors has any service contract with any member of the Group.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND THE ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at December 31, 2014, the interests and short positions of the Directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in the Appendix 10 of Listing Rules, were as follows:

Name	Nature of Interests	Number of shares	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Mr. Lo Siu Leung	Beneficial owner	32,000 (long position)	0.00%
Mr. Tong Nai Kan	Interest of a controlled corporation (Note)	621,898,000 (long position)	20.78%

Note: Market Speed Limited, a company wholly-owned by Mr. Tong Nai Kan, holds 213,898,000 shares and HK\$510,000,000 convertible bond of the Company which can be converted into 408,000,000 shares upon conversion at an exercise price of HK\$1.25.

Save as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2014, as far as the Directors are aware, none of the Directors had any other interests, long positions or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which are recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code. As at December 31, 2014, the Company had no Chief Executive Officer.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

So far as is known to any Director, as at December 31, 2014, other than the interests of the Directors and Chief Executive Officer as disclosed above, the following persons had interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO. The number of issued share capital as at December 31, 2014 was 2,992,400,000.

Name	Nature of Interests	Number of shares	Percentage to the issued share capital of the Company
Market Speed Limited	Beneficial Owner	621,898,000 (long position)	20.78%
Main Powerful Limited	Beneficial Owner	238,000,000 (long position)	7.95%
Ng Chi Man	Interest of a controlled corporate	238,000,000 (long position)	7.95%

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as otherwise disclosed herein, at no time during the Current Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

There was no contract of significance to which the Company, its holding company, any of its subsidiaries or any of its fellow subsidiaries was a party in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Current Year or at any time during the Current Year.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The remuneration policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of the merits, qualifications and competence of employees. The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee with regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics. None of the Directors or any of their associates, and executive is involved in deciding his own remuneration. As at December 31, 2014, the Group had 31 employees (2013: 90 employees). The Group remunerates its employees based on their individual performance, job nature and responsibilities. Moreover, the Group provides its employees with training and various benefits including medical care, provident funds, bonuses and other incentives.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

There was no share options granted for the Current Year and no share options outstanding as at December 31, 2014.

CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES, OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR SIMILAR RIGHTS

Details of the convertible bond of the Company and its movements during the Current Year are set out in the note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALES OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

For the year ended December 31, 2014, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, redeemed or sold any of the listed securities of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's corporate governance principles and practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the Current Year, the percentages of purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers combined were 13.1% and 23.4%, respectively (2013: 10.5% and 31.2%). For the Current Year, the percentages of sales attributable to the Group's largest customer and 5 largest customers combined were 29.2% and 83.8%, respectively (2013: 53.7% and 78.9%). At no time during the year did a director, an associate of a director or a substantial shareholder (owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital to the knowledge of the directors) has a beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the changes in information of directors of the Company subsequent to the date of the 2014 Interim Report is set out below:

Mr. Anthony Espina is the chairman of the management board and member of supervisory board of AFT Bank in Kazakhstan and he is also the independent non-executive director of the "Single Accumulative Pension Fund" of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the National Bank of Kazakhstan administering the pension assets of all employees in Kazakhstan. He is also a member of supervisory board of ENPF (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the National Bank of Kazakhstan), the single provident fund of Kazakhstan. He is also the chairman of supervisory board of Optima Bank in Kyrgyzstan.

Mr. Cheung Wah Keung was resigned from the position of chairman and an executive director of Shinhint Acoustic Link Holdings Limited (Stock code: 2728) on November 21, 2014, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Lo Siu Leung resigned from the position of the director of Harmonic Strait Financing Guarantee Co. Ltd.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Current Year have been audited by Cheng & Cheng Limited ("C&C"). C&C was re-appointed on May 16, 2014 as the auditor of the Company and hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM"). C&C retires and, being eligible, offers itself for reappointment. C&C was first appointed as our auditor for the annual report December 2008 on November 19, 2008. A resolution for re-appointment of C&C as auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Tong Nai Kan *Executive director*

Hong Kong March 30, 2015

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance and has put in place self regulatory corporate practices to protect the interests of its shareholders and the enhancement of shareholder's value. We are committed to providing high-quality products and services to the satisfaction of our customers; to maintaining high standards of business ethics and achieving these goals while, at the same time, providing satisfactory and sustainable returns to shareholders. The board had adopted the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") as contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules.

The Board is pleased to report compliance with code provisions of the CG Code for the period from January 1, 2014 up to December 31, 2014, except CG Code A.2.1, A.6.7 and E.1.2.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules regarding directors' securities since its listing on November 19, 2007. Having made specific enquiries to all Directors except the removed director, all enquired Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code for the Current Year.

THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for the formulation of business policies and strategies in relation to the business operation of the Group, for nomination and appointment of directors, and to ensure the availability of resources as well as to the effectiveness of its system of internal control. The senior management was delegated the authority and responsibilities by the Board for the day-to-day management and operations of the Group. In addition, the Board has also established Board sub-committees and has delegated to these Board committees various responsibilities set out in their terms of reference respectively. Each Director shall ensure that he carries out his duty in good faith and in compliance with the standards of applicable laws and regulations, and acts in the interests of the Company and its shareholders at all times. From January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014, 13 Board meetings and one Annual General Meeting held on May 16, 2014 ("2014 AGM") were held and the attendance of each director is set out as follows:

	Number of Attendance Board	
Directors	Meetings	2014 AGM
Executive Directors		
Lo Siu Leung	13/13	1/1
Tong Nai Kan	9/13	1/1
Zhao Tieliu	9/13	1/1
Wong Kwong Sum (note 1)	N/A	N/A
Gao Hong (appointed on October 9, 2014 and removed on November 23, 2014) (note 2)	1/1	N/A
Non-executive Directors		
Ko Ming Tung, Edward	12/13	1/1
Lee Kam Wah (resigned with effect from February 14, 2014) (note 3)	1/1	N/A
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Cheung Wah Keung (Chairman)	13/13	1/1
Anthony Espina	13/13	0/1
Cheng Wai Lam, James	13/13	1/1

The Chairman, Mr. Cheung Wah Keung attended 2014 AGM to answer questions and collect views of shareholders. Though one independent non-executive director was unable to attend 2014 AGM due to his prior engagement, other Directors, the company secretary and the auditors had attended the meeting to answer questions at the meeting.

Board minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by the Directors.

Notes:

1. Mr. Wong Kwong Sum was appointed on March 9, 2015 and he was not eligible to attend any board meeting and he did not attend 2014 AGM.

2. Mr. Gao Hong was appointed on October 9, 2014 and removed on November 23, 2014 and he was eligible to attend 1 board meeting and he did not attend 2014 AGM.

3. Mr. Lee Kam Wah resigned on February 14, 2014 and he was eligible to attend 1 board meeting and he did not attend 2014 AGM.

COMPLIANCE WITH CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules except the followings.

Under A.2.1 of the CG Code, the role of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual and the division of responsibilities between Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be established and set out in writing. Since January 10, 2011, the Company has not had any Chief Executive Officer. The functions of Chief Executive Officer were performed by the Executive Directors. The Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of the power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company, and has been effective in discharging its responsibilities satisfactorily and facilitating the Company's operation and business development.

Code provision A.6.7 of the Code requires that independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors shall attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. Anthony Espina, being the independent non-executive director, did not attend the Company's annual general meeting held on May 16, 2014 due to his prior engagement.

Under code provision E.1.2 of the Corporate Governance Code, the chairman of the audit committee should be available to answer questions at the annual general meeting of the Company. Due to prior engagement, the chairman of the audit committee was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on May 16, 2014 in person, but he has already delegated to one of the independent non-executive directors of the Company on his behalf to answer questions at the annual general meeting of the Company.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Independent Non-executive Directors are persons with academic and professional qualifications as stated in Directors and Senior Management section. They support the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board. Each Independent Non-executive Director has provided an annual confirmation of independence to the Company and the Company considers these Directors to be independent under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of the service contract of Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Cheung Wah Keung and Mr. Anthony Espina was renewed for two years commencing from November 19, 2014, and Mr. Cheng Wai Lam, James was renewed for two years commencing from March 26, 2015 and the Non-executive Director, Mr. Ko Ming Tung, Edward was renewed for three years commencing from May 9, 2014, are subject to retirement by rotation at the Annual General Meeting.

BOARD SUB-COMMITTEES

A. Executive Committee

To assist the board of directors in running the operations on a daily basis, the Board had set up a sub-committee, namely Executive Committee on July 15, 2009. The Executive Committee meets at least six times a year. The terms of reference of the Executive Committee are available on the Company's website at www.harmonics33.com and the website of the Stock Exchange.

The attendance of each member of Executive Committee is set out as follows:

Directors	Number of Attendance
Executive Directors	
Lo Siu Leung	6/6
Tong Nai Kan	6/6
Zhao Tieliu	2/6
Wong Kwong Sum (appointed on March 9, 2015) (note 1)	N/A
Gao Hong (appointed on October 9, 2014 and removed on November 23, 2014) (note 2)	0/0

Notes:

1. Mr. Wong Kwong Sum was appointed on March 9, 2015 and he was not eligible to attend any Executive Committee meeting.

2. Mr. Gao Hong was appointed on October 9, 2014 and removed on November 23, 2014 and he was eligible to attend 0 Executive Committee meeting.

B. Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established on October 30, 2007. The Remuneration Committee assists the Board to determine the policy for the remuneration of executive directors and senior management, assessing performance of executive directors and senior management and approving the terms of executive directors' and senior management's service contracts and to develop a formal and transparent remuneration policy. The Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management.

The Remuneration Committee comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Cheung Wah Keung, Mr. Anthony Espina and Mr. Cheng Wai Lam, James, and one Non-executive Director, Mr. Ko Ming Tung, Edward. Mr. Cheung Wah Keung is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The Remuneration Committee meets at least two times a year. The terms of reference of Remuneration Committee are available on the Company's website at www.harmonics33.com and the website of the Stock Exchange.

From January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014, three Remuneration Committee meetings were held. The attendance of each member of Remuneration Committee is set out as follows:

Directors	Number of Attendance
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Cheung Wah Keung (Chairman)	3/3
Anthony Espina	3/3
Cheng Wai Lam, James	3/3
Non-executive Directors	
Ko Ming Tung, Edward	3/3
Lee Kam Wah (resigned with effect from February 14, 2014) (note 1)	0/0

During these meetings, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the remuneration packages for all Directors and senior management, the employee's salary increment proposal and relevant reports.

Note:

1. Mr. Lee Kam Wah resigned on February 14, 2014 and he was eligible to attend 0 Remuneration Committee meeting for the period.

Details of remuneration paid to members of senior management fell within the following bands:

Number of individuals

1

HK\$0 — HK\$1,000,000

C. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established on October 30, 2007. The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for corporate governance, financial reporting and corporate control.

The Audit Committee comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Anthony Espina, Mr. Cheung Wah Keung, Mr. Cheng Wai Lam, James and one Non-executive Director, Mr. Ko Ming Tung, Edward. Mr. Anthony Espina is the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee meets at least four times a year. The terms of reference of Audit Committee are available on the Company's website at www.harmonics33.com and the website of the Stock Exchange.

The attendance of each member of Audit Committee is set out as follows:

Directors	Number of Attendance
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Anthony Espina (Chairman)	4/4
Cheung Wah Keung	4/4
Cheng Wai Lam, James	4/4
Non-executive Directors	
Ko Ming Tung, Edward	4/4
Lee Kam Wah (resigned with effect from February 14, 2014) (note 1)	0/0

For the Current Year, the work performed by the Audit Committee included:

- reviewing the annual report which comprised the audited consolidated financial statements for the Current Year; and
- reviewing the final result announcement; and
- reviewing the interim report and interim result announcement; and
- reviewing the significant accounting issues raised by the management; and
- reviewing the Company's compliance with regulatory and statutory requirements; and
- reviewing the Group's risk management process; and
- reviewing the Group's internal control system.

The Audit Committee of the Company has reviewed the Group's financial results for the Current Year.

Note:

1. Mr. Lee Kam Wah resigned on February 14, 2014 and he was eligible to attend 0 Audit Committee meeting for the period.

D. Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on March 27, 2012. The Nomination Committee assists the Board to determine the policy, procedures, process and criteria adopted by the Nomination Committee to select and recommend candidates for directorship. In addition, the Nomination Committee is also responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the board, identifying, individuals suitably qualified to become board members, assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors and making recommendations to the board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of directors.

The Nomination Committee comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Cheung Wah Keung, Mr. Anthony Espina, Mr. Cheng Wai Lam, James; one Non-executive Director, Mr. Ko Ming Tung, Edward and one Executive Director, Mr. Tong Nai Kan. Mr. Cheung Wah Keung is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee meets at least one time a year. The terms of reference of Nomination Committee are available on the Company's website at www.harmonics33.com and the website of the Stock Exchange.

The attendance of each member of Nomination Committee is set out as follows:

Directors	Number of Attendance
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Cheung Wah Keung <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
Anthony Espina	2/2
Cheng Wai Lam, James	2/2
Non-executive Director	
Ko Ming Tung, Edward	2/2
Executive Director	
Tong Nai Kan	2/2

During these meetings, the Nomination Committee reviewed the board structure of the Company and recommended candidates for directorship.

Corporate Governance Functions

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management; reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and reviewing the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Current Year and ensure that they are prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also ensure the timely publication of such consolidated financial statements.

The statement of the external auditor of the Company, Cheng & Cheng Limited, with regard to its reporting responsibilities on the Group's consolidated financial statements, is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report included in this annual report.

Going concern

The Group has borrowed a loan of HK\$115,000,000 to finance the capital contribution of Harmonic Strait Financing Guarantee Co., Limited ("Harmonic Strait") in February 2010. In order to extend the loan repayment date to March 13, 2013, the Group created a share charge of Hong Kong New Smart Energy Group Limited (a 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company, which directly holds 90%-owned Harmonic Strait), a floating charge of the Company and a deed of assignment regarding the assignment of current accounts due to group companies by Hong Kong New Smart Energy Group Limited to the lender as additional securities on December 20, 2012.

On March 26, 2013, the Company and the lender have agreed to extend the loan repayment date to April 28, 2013 with additional terms which were disclosed in the announcement dated March 26, 2013. The loan amount as at December 31, 2014 was HK\$127.5 million. In addition, the convertible bonds with face value amounted to HK\$102.0 million will be matured on August 26, 2015, and the holder has the right to demand for the repayment.

As the announcement made on February 24, 2015 and the circular to shareholder made on March 25, 2015, the Company has entered a placing agreement with a placing agent to raise up to HK\$400.0 million by issue new share to settle the full amount of the loan and redeem the convertible bonds. The result of the placement is subjected to the conditions precedent being satisfied or waived and the market conditions.

In case the Group could not raise sufficient fund as mentioned above and the lender requests immediate repayment, or the convertible bond holder demands on the repayment on the maturity of the convertible bond, the Group would not have sufficient freely working capital available to repay the loan and convertible bond from existing internal resources and available banking facilities and the Group may not continue as a going concern.

In addition, in preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group in light of the Group's negative net asset value as at December 31, 2014 amounted to HK\$25.0 million. The Directors of the Company have been taking measures to improve the liquidity of the Group. These measures include (i) implementing cost controls over operating expenses; and (ii) exploring options to conduct fund raising activities, such as the placement of shares as mentioned above.

Provided that the aforesaid measures are successful that can effectively improve the liquidity position of the Group, the Directors of the Company are satisfied that the Group will have sufficient financial resources to meet its financial obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The auditor of the Company has given an emphasis of matter in respect of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in its report.

BUSINESS MODEL AND STRATEGY

The Group has the mission to excelling credit guarantee and investment business, trading of party products business and trading of metal and minerals business whilst maintaining long term profitability and assets growth with adoption of flexible business model and strategy and prudential risk and capital management framework. The Board have played and will continue to play a proactive role in the Group's development of business model to preserve the culture of the Group in serving customers well with premium service quality; the Group's business strategic drive for business expansion and opportunities; and the Group's setting of strategic goals, priorities and initiatives undertaken to motivate staff to achieve business and financial targets. Details of the Group's Business Review and Financial Review in the year 2014 are set out in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section of this annual report.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the Current Year, the fees paid/payable to the Company's auditor in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by the Company's auditor to the Group were as follows:

	HK\$'000
Audit services Non-audit services	900 73
	973

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are laid down in the Company's Articles of Association. The Board as a whole is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of Directors and assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

According to Article 130, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third shall retire from office by rotation at every Annual General Meeting provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. Mr. Cheung Wah Keung, Mr. Anthony Espina and Mr. Cheng Wai Lam, James as Independent Non-Executive Directors, shall retire from office at Annual General Meeting and shall offer themselves for re-election.

According to Article 114, Mr. Wong Kwong Sum who was appointed by the Board on March 9, 2015 as Executive Director, shall retire from office at coming General Meeting and shall offer himself for re-election.

The Non-executive Director and the Independent Non-executive Directors were appointed for a fixed term and are subject to re-election in compliance with CG Code A.4.1.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy in August 2013 which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board.

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance.

The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. The Company will also take into consideration its own business model and specific needs from time to time in determining the optimum composition of the Board.

The Nomination Committee has set measurable objectives based on four focus areas: gender, age, working experience and ethnicity to implement the Board Diversity Policy. Such objectives will be reviewed from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and the progress made towards achieving those objectives will be ascertained. The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its continued effectiveness from time to time.

Board Process

The Board held meetings from time to time whenever necessary. At least 14 days notice of regular Board meetings is given to all directors and they can include matters for discussion in the agenda as they think fit. The agenda accompanying Board papers are sent to all directors at least 3 days before the date of every Board meeting in order to allow sufficient time for the directors to review the documents.

Minutes of every Board meeting are circulated to all directors for their perusal and comments prior to confirmation of the minutes. The Board also ensures that it is supplied in a timely manner with all necessary information in a form and of a quality appropriate to enable it to discharge its duties.

Every Board member has full access to the advice and services of the company secretary with a view to ensuring that Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations are followed and they are also entitled to have full access to Board papers and related materials so that they are able to make an informed decision and to discharge their duties and responsibilities.

Professional Development

Each newly appointed Director receives induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has an appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company.

To assist directors' continuing professional development, the Company recommends directors to attend relevant seminars to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. All directors also participate in continuous professional development programmes to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills in relation to their contribution to the Board. A record of the training received by the respective directors are kept and updated by the Company Secretary of the Company.

The individual training record of each director received for the year ended December 31, 2014 is summarized below:

Attending seminar(s)/ programme(s)/conference(s)/ reading material relevant to the business or directors' duties

Executive Directors

Lo Siu Leung	\checkmark
Tong Nai Kan	1
Zhao Tieliu	1
Wong Kwong Sum (appointed on March 9, 2015)	N/A
Gao Hong (appointed on October 9, 2014 and removed on November 23, 2014)	N/A
Non-executive Directors	
Ko Ming Tung, Edward	1
Lee Kam Wah (resigned with effect from February 14, 2014)	N/A
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Cheung Wah Keung <i>(Chairman)</i>	1
Anthony Espina	1
Cheng Wai Lam, James	1

All the Directors also understand the importance of continuous professional development and are committed to participating any suitable training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chen Kwok Wang ("Mr. Chen") was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on October 9, 2014 to fill the vacancy in relation to the resignation of Mr. Kwan Yiu Ming Patrick on September 2, 2014. The biographical details of Mr. Chen are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management". According to the Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Chen has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the financial year ended December 31, 2014.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board is responsible for the Group's system of internal controls and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Board requires management to establish and maintain sound and effective internal controls. Evaluation of the Group's internal controls is independently conducted by the management on an on-going basis.

The Board confirms that it has reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company and its subsidiaries for the Current Year and that the Board considers such system to be sound and effective. The review covered all material controls, including financial, operational, compliance control and risk management functions.

Shareholders' Rights

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an Annual General Meeting, shall be called an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM").

- Right to convene Extraordinary General Meeting

Any two or more members or any one member of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee(s)) holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition sent to the Company's principal office as set out in the manner below, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.

The written requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, signed by the requisitionist(s) and deposit it to the Board or the company secretary of the Company at the Company's principal place of business at Unit B, 35/F., No. 169 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong.

The request will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the company secretary of the Company will ask the Board to convene an EGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered members. On the contrary, if the request has been verified is not in order, the shareholders will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, an EGM will not be convened as requested. If within twenty one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitionist(s), may convene a meeting in the same manner within three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed by the Company to the requisitionist(s).

The notice period to be given to all the registered members for consideration of the proposal raised by the requisitionist(s) concerned at the EGM varies according to the nature of the proposal, as follows:

- At least 14 clear days' notice in writing (and not less than 10 business days) if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company;
- At least 21 clear days' notice in writing (and not less than 10 business days) if the proposal constitutes a special resolution of the Company in EGM.

- Right to put enquiries to the Board

Shareholders have the right to put enquiries to the Board. All enquiries shall be in writing and sent by post to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary.

- Right to put forward proposals at general meetings

There are no provisions allowing shareholders to purpose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law (2011 Revision). However, shareholders are requested to follow Article 79 of the Company's Articles of Association for including a resolution at an EGM. The requirements and procedures are set out above. Pursuant to Article 116 of the Company's Articles of Association, no person shall, unless recommended by the Board, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting unless during the period, which shall be at least seven days, commencing no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the meeting appointed for such election and ending no later than seven days prior to the date of such meeting, there has been given to the Company Secretary notice in writing by a member of the Company (not being the person to be proposed), entitled to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given, of his intention to propose such person for election and notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected. The written notice must state that person's biographical details as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules. The procedures for shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as director is posted on the Company's website.

Investor Relations

The Company has established a range of communication channels between itself and its shareholders, investors and other stakeholders. These include the annual general meeting, the annual and interim reports, notices, announcements and circulars and the Company's website at www.harmonics33.com.

Constitutional Documents

There was no change to the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association during the year ended December 31, 2014. A copy of the latest amended and restated version of the Memorandum and Articles of Association is posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

On behalf of the Board

Tong Nai Kan *Executive director*

Hong Kong March 30, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF HARMONIC STRAIT FINANCIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Harmonic Strait Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 32 to 92, which comprise the consolidated and Company's statements of financial position as at December 31, 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at December 31, 2014 and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 2(b) in the consolidated financial statements in relation to the negative net asset value of HK\$24,983,000 as at December 31, 2014 which includes a convertible bond-liability portion of HK\$93,494,506 which will be mature in August 2015 and the loan and interest payable of HK\$127,532,893 included under "Other short-term loan". These, along with other matters as set forth in note 2(b), indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Cheng & Cheng Limited *Certified Public Accountants*

Y.Y. Li, Alice Practising Certificate Number P03373 Hong Kong March 30, 2015

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	Note	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Continuing operations Turnover	3 & 32	130,365	144,829
Cost of sales	_	(115,009)	(132,700)
Gross profit		15,356	12,129
Other revenue and other net income	4	4,197	1,418
Operating expenses	_	(23,329)	(31,939)
Loss from operations	_	(3,776)	(18,392)
Finance costs On bank borrowings Other loan advances Notional interest		(48) (50,311) (11,641) (62,000)	(140) (38,151) (10,192) (48,483)
Loss before impairment and taxation		(65,776)	(66,875)
Impairment loss on goodwill Impairment loss on other receivables	29 _	(13,618)	(26,375) (2,706)
Loss before taxation	6	(79,394)	(95,956)
Income tax (expense)/credit	7	(223)	8
Loss from continuing operations for the year		(79,617)	(95,948)
Discontinued operations			
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations	9	2,070	(1,477)
Loss for the year	=	(77,547)	(97,425)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	Note	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Loss for the year		(77,547)	(97,425)
Other comprehensive income for the year Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(2,284)	1,793
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(79,831)	(95,632)
Loss for the year attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	8	(75,131) (2,416)	(96,663) (762)
		(77,547)	(97,425)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	28	(78,199) (1,632) (79,831)	(95,048) (584) (95,632)
Dividends	10	N/A	N/A
Loss per share — Basic	11	HK3.27 cents	HK5.82 cents
— Diluted		N/A	N/A
Loss per share — continuing operations — Basic		HK3.46 cents	HK5.78 cents
— Diluted		N/A	N/A

The notes on pages 38 to 92 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31, 2014

	Note	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$′000
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Goodwill Deferred taxation	14 15 26	2,871 1,993 –	8,320 1,993 2,948
	_	4,864	13,261
Current assets Inventories Trade receivables Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Tax recoverable	16 17 18	10,124 18,537 136,880 189	19,140 28,742 46,138 –
Restricted cash Cash and cash equivalents	19 20	_ 55,143	12,713 135,311
	_	220,873	242,044
Total Assets	-	225,737	255,305
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	21 22	299,240 (340,414)	178,785 (212,381)
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	28	(41,174) 16,191	(33,596) 17,823
Total Equity	-	(24,983)	(15,773)
Non-current liabilities Convertible bond Deferred Taxation	27 26	1,433	81,853
	_	1,433	81,853
Current liabilities Amount due to directors Trade and bills payable Accruals and other payables Bank borrowings — secured Tax payable Convertible bond	33(c) 23 24 25 27	2,594 6,845 145,229 1,125 – 93,494	225 9,716 173,307 4,953 1,024 –
	-	249,287	189,225
Total Equity and Liabilities	-	225,737	255,305
Net current (liabilities)/assets Total assets less current liabilities	_	(28,414) (23,550)	52,819 66,080

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on March 30, 2015.

On behalf of the board

Lo Siu Leung — Director

Tong Nai Kan — Director

The notes on pages 38 to 92 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31, 2014

	Note	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Non-current assets Investment in subsidiaries	30	48,574	48,574
Current assets Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	18 31 20	60 36,689 291	60 50,782 288
		37,040	51,130
Total Assets		85,614	99,704
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	21 22	299,240 (312,513)	178,785 (167,347)
		(13,273)	11,438
Non-current liabilities Deferred taxation Convertible bond	26 27	1,399	3,320 81,853
		1,399	85,173
Current liabilities Accruals and other payables Convertible bond	24 27	3,994 93,494	3,093
		97,488	3,093
Total Equity and Liabilities		85,614	99,704
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(60,448)	48,037
Total assets less current liabilities		(11,874)	96,611

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on March 30, 2015.

On behalf of the board

Lo Siu Leung — Director

Tong Nai Kan — Director

The notes on pages 38 to 92 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended December 31, 2014

			A	ttributable to equ	ity shareholders	s of the Company	y			
						Convertible			Non-	
		Share	Share	Translation	Capital	bond	Statutory	Accumulated	controlling	
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses	interests	Total
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At December 31, 2012 and										
January 1, 2013		149,185	1,074,796	12,442	(15,000)	2,058,189	3,420	(3,223,267)	20,442	80,207
Issue of new shares upon conversions										
of convertible bond	21	29,600	201,800	-	-	(231,400)	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax arising from conversions of										
convertible bond		-	-	-	-	1,686	-	-	-	1,686
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,034)	(2,034)
Disposal of a subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	-	1	(1)	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for										
the year				1,615				(96,663)	(584)	(95,632)
At December 31, 2013		178,785	1,276,596	14,057	(15,000)	1,828,475	3,420	(3,319,929)	17,823	(15,773)
At December 31, 2013 and										
January 1, 2014		178,785	1,276,596	14,057	(15,000)	1,828,475	3,420	(3,319,929)	17,823	(15,773)
Reclassification of the equity portion of										
convertible bond reserve to share premium	а	-	591,087	-	-	(591,087)	-	-	-	-
Issue of new shares upon conversions										
of convertible bond	21	51,755	614,706	-	-	(666,461)	-	-	-	-
Issue of new shares through subscriptions	21	68,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,700
Deferred tax arising from conversions of										
convertible bond	26	-	-	-	-	1,921	-	-	-	1,921
Total comprehensive loss for										
the year				(3,068)				(75,131)	(1,632)	(79,831)
At December 31, 2014		299,240	2,482,389	10,989	(15,000)	572,848	3,420	(3,395,060)	16,191	(24,983)

Note a: The reclassification from equity portion to share premium was the result from convertible bonds converted in previous years, those conversions did not affect the liability portion, and the reclassification was made between the convertible bond reserves and share premium within the equity.

The notes on pages 38 to 92 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	Note	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Operating activities			
Loss before taxation		(77,324)	(98,450)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	9	(2,070)	(2,933)
Loss before taxation from continuing operations for the year Adjustments for:		(79,394)	(101,383)
Interest income		(2,819)	(1,682)
Interest expenses on bank loan		48	274
Interest expenses on convertible bond		11,641	10,192
Interest expenses on other loan Depreciation		50,311 3,366	38,151 8,486
Decrease in translation reserve		(2,284)	(243)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		73	(245)
Impairment loss on goodwill		-	26,375
Impairment loss on other receivables	-	13,618	2,706
Operating loss before changes in working capital		(5,440)	(17,124)
Increase in inventories		9,016	(662)
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables		10,205	(8,847)
Increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables		(108,847)	(932)
Increase/(decrease) in amount due to directors		2,369	(11,274)
Decrease in trade and bills payable		(1,760)	(499)
Increase in accruals and other payables	-	2,291	1,166
Cash used in operations		(92,166)	(38,172)
Profits Tax paid		-	(9,244)
Profits Tax refund	-	437	318
Net cash used in operating activities	-	(91,729)	(47,098)
Investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(317)	(2,976)
Interest received		2,819	1,682
Decrease in restricted cash		12,713	29,218
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	0	-	63 (1 501)
Net proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	9 -	3,005	(1,501)
Net cash generated from investing activities	-	18,220	26,486
Financing activities			
Interest paid		(73,048)	(3,113)
Repayment of bank borrowings		(3,436)	(6,073)
Increase in bank borrowings		1,125	2,786
Increase in other loan Issuance of shares		_ 68,700	3,000
	-		(2, 400)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(6,659)	(3,400)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(80,168)	(24,012)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	135,311	159,323
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	19	55,143	135,311
	=		

The notes on pages 38 to 92 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

General information

Harmonic Strait Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated and domiciled in the Cayman Islands under Companies Law (2004 Revision) of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on March 20, 2007. The Company's shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") on November 19, 2007.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in the credit guarantee and investment business in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the trading of party products business and trading of metal and mineral business.

The address of its principal place of business in Hong Kong is Unit B, 35/F., No. 169 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong and the Company has been registered as a non-Hong Kong company under Part XI of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance on September 4, 2007.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2(d) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

(b) Adoption of Going Concern Basis

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on a going concern basis even though the Group has a convertible bond-liability portion of HK\$93,494,506 which will be matured in August 2015 and negative net asset value of HK\$24,982,681 as at December 31, 2014. In addition, Group has a loan of HK\$127,532,893, which is still under negotiation with the lender, including but not limited to further extend the loan repayment date.

Regardless of the above, the directors are of the opinion that adoption of the going concern basis is appropriate because (1) a placing agreement was entered between the Company and the placing agent although it was subjected to the conditions precedent and the market conditions; (2) a director provided guarantee to the lender regarding the loan of the abovesaid HK\$127,532,893 and the directors have been taking measures to improve the liquidity of the Group. Accordingly, it is not necessary to include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Group fail to continue as a going concern.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

(c) Basis of Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 comprise the Company and the Group have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs and under the historical cost convention except where stated otherwise in the accounting policies set out below.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 37.

(d) Amendments, New Standards and Interpretations issued and effective for the year ended December 31, 2014

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following amendments, new standards and interpretations (the "new HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA, which are relevant to and effective for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning on January 1, 2014:

Amendments to HKFRS 10,	Investment Entities
HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27	
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Amendments to HKAS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets
Amendments to HKAS 39	Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting
HK(IFRIC)-Int 21	Levies

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. Impact of the adoption of the new or amended HKFRSs are discussed below:

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 "Investment Entities"

The amendments provide consolidation relief to those parents which qualify to be an investment entity as defined in the amended HKFRS 10. Investment entities are required to measure their subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss.

Amendments to HKAS 32 "Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities"

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify the offsetting criteria in HKAS 32.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Amendments to HKAS 36 "Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets"

The amendments to HKAS 36 modify the disclosure requirements for impaired non-financial assets. Among them, the amendments expand the disclosures required for an impaired asset or CGU whose recoverable amount is based on fair value less costs of disposal.

Amendments to HKAS 39 "Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting"

The amendments to HKAS 39 provide relief from discontinuing hedge accounting when novation of a derivative designated as a hedging instrument meets certain criteria.

HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 "Levies"

The Interpretation provides guidance on when a liability to pay a levy imposed by a government should be recognised.

New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance provisions relating to the preparation of consolidated financial statements

The Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) will affect the presentation and disclosure of certain information in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2015. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these changes.

Amendments and interpretations mentioned above are not expected to have a material effect on the Group's operating results, financial position or comprehensive income.

(e) Possible impact of Amendments, New Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The directors anticipate that all of the pronouncements will be adopted in the Group's accounting policies for the first period beginning after the effective date of the pronouncement. Information on new or amended HKFRSs that are expected to have impact on the Group's accounting policies is provided below. Certain other new and amended HKFRSs have been issued but are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ⁴
HKFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts ²
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers ³
Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure Initiative ²
Amendments to HKAS 19	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions ¹
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation ²
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants ²
Amendments to HKAS 27	Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exemption ²
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations ²
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010–2012 Cycle ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011–2013 Cycle ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012–2014 Cycle ²

For the year ended December 31, 2014

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017.
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

(f) Business Combinations under Common Control

Business combinations under common control are accounted for in accordance with the merger accounting. In applying merger accounting, the combined financial information incorporates the consolidated financial statements items of the combining entities or business in which the common control combination occurs as if they had been combined from the date when the combining entities or business first came under the control of controlling party.

The net assets of the combining entities or businesses are combined using the existing book values prior to the common control combinations from the controlling parties' perspective. No account is recognised in respect of goodwill or excess acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, to the extent of the continuation of the controlling party's interest.

The combined statement of comprehensive income includes the results of each of the combining entities or businesses from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the common control, where this is a shorter period, regardless of the date of common control combination.

The comparative amounts in the combined financial information are presented as if the entities or business had been combined at the end of the previous reporting period or when they first came under common control, whichever is shorter.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment indicator of an impairment of the asset transferred.

(g) Subsidiaries and Non-controlling Interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable are taken into account.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances and transactions and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at their proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or jointly controlled entity.

In the Company's statement of financial position an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less any impairment losses (see note 2(l)) unless the investment is classified as held for sale.

(h) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of:

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2(l)).

On disposal of a cash-generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

(i) Other Investments in Debt and Equity Securities

The Group's and the Company's policies for investments in debt and equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, are as follows:

Investments in debt and equity securities are initially stated at fair value, which is their transaction price unless fair value can be more reliably estimated using valuation techniques whose variables include only data from observable markets. Cost includes attributable transaction costs, except where indicated otherwise below. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification:

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(l)).

Investments in securities which do not fall into any of the above categories are classified as available-for-sale securities. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the fair value reserve, except foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from changes in the amortised cost of monetary items such as debt securities which are recognised directly in profit or loss. Dividend income from these investments is recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(v)(vi) and, where these investments are interest-bearing, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised or impaired, the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

Investments are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investments or they expire.

(j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (see note 2(l)).

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvement	the shorter of lease-term or 4–5 years
Plant and machinery	2–5 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4–5 years
Moulds	5 years
Motor vehicles	3–5 years

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

(k) Leased Assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

(ii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal installments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

(I) Impairment of Assets

(i) Impairment of investment in debt and equity securities and other receivables

Investments in debt and equity securities (other than investments in subsidiaries) and other current and noncurrent receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost or are classified as available-for-sale securities are reviewed at the end of the reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial re-organisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

- For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities carried at cost are not reversed.
- For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where financial assets carried at amortised cost share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors and bills receivable included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors and bills receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment (other than properties carried at revalued amounts);
- pre-paid interests in leasehold land classified as being held under an operating lease;
- investment in subsidiaries (except for those classified as held for sale or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale); and
- goodwill.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

— Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cashgenerating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss in reversed if there has been a favorable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(m) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprise all costs of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period the write-down of inventories recognised as an expense as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(n) Loans and Receivables

Loan and receivables, including investment-loan and receivables and trade and other receivables, are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost less allowance for impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts, except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

(o) Convertible Bond

Convertible bond that can be converted to equity share capital at the option of the holders, where the number of shares that would be issued on conversion and the value of the consideration that would be received at that time do not vary, are accounted for as compound financial instruments which contain both a liability component and an equity component. At initial recognition, the liability component of the convertible bond is measured as the present value of the future interest and principal payments, discounted at the market interest rate for similar liabilities that do not have a conversion option. The remaining proceeds are allocated to the conversion option as equity component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of a compound financial instrument are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.

The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method, until extinguished on conversion or maturity.

The equity component is recognised in equity, net of any tax effects. When the bond is converted, the relevant equity component and the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of conversion are transferred to share capital and share premium for the shares issued. When the note is redeemed, the relevant equity component is transferred to retained profits or accumulated losses.

(p) Interest-bearing Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

(q) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(r) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement.

(s) Employee Benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

(ii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

(t) Income Tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Company controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(u) Financial Guarantees Issued, Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

(i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e., the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

(ii) Contingent liabilities acquired in business combinations

Contingent liabilities acquired as part of a business combination are initially recognised at fair value, provided the fair value can be reliably measured. After their initial recognition at fair value, such contingent liabilities are recognised at the higher of the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation where appropriate, and the amount that would be determined. Contingent liabilities acquired in a business combination that cannot be reliably fair valued are disclosed.

(iii) Provision for the guarantee services

Provision for the guarantee services is provided in the amount of 50% on revenue from the credit guarantee business for the year and at 1% on the outstanding guarantee amount at the end of the reporting period as in according to《融資性擔保公司暫行管理規定》.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

(iv) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(v) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Credit guarantee service and investment income

Credit guarantee service and investment income consist of guarantee fee and related service income are recognised when the service is rendered or the related risks and rewards of ownership is transferred.

(ii) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(iv) Commission income

Commission income for broking business is recorded as income on a trade date basis.

(v) Hotel accommodation service

Hotel accommodation service is recognised when the service is rendered.

(vi) Dividend income

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

(vii) Other income not stated above is recognised whenever received or receivable.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

(w) Foreign Currencies

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is also the parent company's functional currency. For each entity the Group determines the functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The Group uses the direct method of consolidation and has elected to recycle the gain or loss that arises from using this method.

(i) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group's entities at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss with the exception of monetary items that are designated as part of the hedge of the Group's net investment of a foreign operation. These are recognised in other comprehensive income until the net investment is disposed of, at which time, the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss. Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on those monetary items are also recorded in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss are also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss are also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the spot rate of exchange at the reporting date.

(ii) Group companies

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their income statements are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

(x) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

(y) Related Parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(z) Segment Reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

3. TURNOVER

4.

Turnover represents credit guarantee service and investment income, net amounts received and receivable for goods sold, less sales returns and discounts. The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised in turnover during the year is as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Continuing operations		
Credit guarantee service and investment income	3,540	3,181
Sales of goods — party product	98,889	141,648
Sales of goods — metal and minerals	27,936	
	130,365	144,829
Discontinued operations		
Insurance brokerage commission income	7,657	12,522
Provision of hotel accommodation service	10,896	16,643
	18,553	29,165
Total	148,918	173,994
OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET INCOME		
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
Other revenue Total interest income on financial assets not at fair value		
through profit or loss	2,819	1,681
Sundry income	1,297	385
	4,116	2,066
Other net income/(expense)		
Net exchange gain/(loss)	81	(648)
	4,197	1,418

For the year ended December 31, 2014

5. FINANCE COSTS

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Continuing operations		
Interest expenses on bank borrowings wholly repayable within five years	48	140
Interest expenses on loan advances	50,311	38,151
Imputed interest expenses on convertible bond	11,641	10,192
Total interest expenses on financial liabilities not at fair value		
through profit or loss	62,000	48,483

The imputed interest expenses of HK\$11,641,000 (2013: HK\$10,192,000) for the year is in respect of the convertible bond issued by the Company on August 27, 2010. The Company does not have to pay any interest over the life of this convertible bond under the terms of its issuance. It has no real impact on the cash flow of the Group.

6. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

Loss before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting) the following:

Continuing operationsAuditor's remuneration900674Cost of inventories included in cost of sales87,514131,942Depreciation1,3101,307Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment73-Staff costs: Salaries, wages and other benefits (including directors' emoluments)11,45817,096- Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans1,0202,114Operating lease charges on rented premises5,1914,758Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts(198)(941)Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706Gain on disposal of subsidiaries3,4802,933		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Auditor's remuneration900674Cost of inventories included in cost of sales87,514131,942Depreciation1,3101,307Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment73-Staff costs:			
Cost of inventories included in cost of sales87,514131,942Depreciation1,3101,307Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment73-Staff costs: Salaries, wages and other benefits (including directors' emoluments)11,45817,096 Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans1,0202,114Operating lease charges on rented premises5,1914,758Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts(198)(941)Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706	Continuing operations		
Depreciation1,3101,307Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment73-Staff costs:73 Salaries, wages and other benefits (including directors' emoluments)11,45817,096- Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans1,0202,114Operating lease charges on rented premises5,1914,758Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts(198)(941)Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706	Auditor's remuneration	900	674
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment73-Staff costs:— Salaries, wages and other benefits (including directors' emoluments)11,45817,096— Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans1,0202,114Operating lease charges on rented premises5,1914,758Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts(198)(941)Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706	Cost of inventories included in cost of sales	87,514	131,942
Staff costs:11,45817,096— Salaries, wages and other benefits (including directors' emoluments)11,45817,096— Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans1,0202,114Operating lease charges on rented premises5,1914,758Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts(198)(941)Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706	Depreciation	1,310	1,307
Salaries, wages and other benefits (including directors' emoluments)11,45817,096— Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans1,0202,114Operating lease charges on rented premises5,1914,758Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts(198)(941)Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	73	_
— Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans1,0202,114Operating lease charges on rented premises5,1914,758Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts(198)(941)Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706	Staff costs:		
Operating lease charges on rented premises5,1914,758Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts(198)(941)Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706	— Salaries, wages and other benefits (including directors' emoluments)	11,458	17,096
Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts(198)(941)Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706	 Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans 	1,020	2,114
Net exchange (gain)/loss(81)648Impairment loss on other receivables13,6182,706	Operating lease charges on rented premises	5,191	4,758
Impairment loss on other receivables 13,618 2,706	Decrease in provision for guarantee contracts	(198)	(941)
•	Net exchange (gain)/loss	(81)	648
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 3,480 2,933	Impairment loss on other receivables	13,618	2,706
	Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	3,480	2,933

For the year ended December 31, 2014

7. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(a) The amount of taxation for the continuing operations charged/(credited) to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Hong Kong Profits Tax Provision for the year	280	-
Deferred tax Reversal of temporary differences	(57)	(8)
	223	(8)

Hong Kong Profit Tax has been provided for at the rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Taxation of subsidiaries in PRC and overseas are charged at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant countries.

(b) Reconciliation between actual tax expense and notional tax on loss before taxation at the applicable tax rates:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Loss before taxation	(65,776)	(66,875)
Notional tax on loss before taxation, calculated at the applicable		
tax rate 16.5% (2013: 16.5%)	(10,853)	(11,034)
Effect of different tax rate in other country	(111)	(650)
Tax effect of income not subject to taxation	(1)	_
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	10,930	6,128
Tax effect of prior year's tax losses utilized in this year	(5)	(2)
Unused tax losses not recognised	762	5,533
Over-provision in prior years	-	_
Tax effect of origination and reversal of temporary differences	(499)	17
Actual tax expense/(credit)	223	(8)

8. LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company is dealt with in the consolidated financial statements of the Company to the extent of HK\$13,322,000 (2013: loss of HK\$16,174,000).

For the year ended December 31, 2014

9. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2014 the Group disposed of its hotel business segment and financial planning services business segment

The results of discontinued operations

I	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Revenue Expenses	18,734 (20,144)	29,817 (34,768)
Result from discontinued operations Income tax credit	(1,410) _	(4,951) 1,017
Result from discontinued operations, net of tax Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(1,410) 3,480	(3,934) 2,457
Profit/(Loss) for the period from discontinued operations	2,070	(1,477)
Effect of disposal on the financial position of the Group		
		2014 HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment Deferred taxation Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Trade payables Accruals and other payables Bank borrowings — secured Tax liabilities		2,327 6,359 4,487 10,095 (1,111) (9,433) (1,517) (177)
Net assets		11,030
Consideration received, satisfied in cash Cash and cash equivalents disposed of		13,100 (10,095)
Net cash inflow		3,005
Cash flows from discontinued operations		
,	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$′000
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities Net cash used in financial activities Net cash generated from investing activities	(175) (632) 3,005	419 (1,220)
	2,198	(801)

For the year ended December 31, 2014

10. DIVIDENDS

The Board of the Company did not recommend any final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2014. No dividend was paid during the year (2013: Nil).

11. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Loss attributable to equity shareholders		
continuing operations	(77,201)	(95,186)
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity shareholders — discontinued operations	2,070	(1,477)
Loss attributable to equity shareholders	(75,131)	(96,663)
	2014	2013
	'000 shares	'000 shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
At the beginning of the year	1,787,850	1,491,850
Effect of conversion of convertible bond	172,614	168,044
Effect of issuance of share through subscriptions	338,630	
At the end of the year	2,299,094	1,659,894

Total ordinary shares outstanding at December 31, 2014 was 2,992,400,000 shares (2013: 1,787,850,000 shares).

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company's only dilutive potential ordinary shares are the convertible bond issued in 2010. The convertible bond is assumed to have been converted into ordinary shares, and the net loss is adjusted to eliminate the interest expenses. Since the impact of conversion of convertible bond on earnings per share is anti-dilutive, diluted earnings per share was not presented in both years.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

12. RETIREMENT BENEFITS COSTS

The Group has implemented a provident fund scheme for its staff in Hong Kong in compliance with the requirements of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (the "MPF Ordinance") effective from December 1, 2000. The Group contributed according to the minimum requirements of the MPF Ordinance and the contributions are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries that operated in the PRC are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute pension, based on a certain percentage of their payroll costs, to the pension schemes. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

13. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST PAY

(a) Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is shown as follows:

	For Fees HK\$'000	the year ended Basic salaries, allowance and other benefits HK\$'000	December 31, 201 Contributions to retirement scheme HK\$'000	4 Total HK\$'000
Executive Directors				
Lo Siu Leung	150	674	26	850
Tong Nai Kan	120	-	6	126
Zhao Tieliu	150	401	-	551
Gao Hong (appointed on October 9, 2014 and removed on November 23, 2014) Wong Kwong Sum (appointed on March 9, 2015)	22	-	-	22
Non-executive Directors				
Ko Ming Tung, Edward	150	_	-	150
Lee Kam Wah (resigned with effect from				
February 14, 2014)	30	-	-	30
Independent Non-executive Directors				
Cheung Wah Keung (Chairman)	174	-	-	174
Anthony Espina	174	-	-	174
Cheng Wai Lam, James	240			240
_	1,210	1,075	32	2,317

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	Fo		ecember 31, 2013	
		Basic salaries, allowance	Contributions	
		and other	to retirement	
	Fees	benefits	scheme	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive Directors				
Lo Siu Leung (appointed on				
December 27, 2013) (note)	2	8	_	10
Tong Nai Kan	120	560	6	686
Zhao Tieliu (appointed on				
December 27, 2013)	2	_	_	2
An Yu Xin (resigned with effect				
from December 27, 2013)	148	661	-	809
Non-executive Directors				
Ko Ming Tung, Edward	150	_	_	150
Lee Kam Wah (appointed on				
November 29, 2013 and resigned				
with effect from February 14, 2014)	21	-	-	21
Independent Non-executive Directors				
Cheung Wah Keung (Chairman)	174	-	_	174
Anthony Espina	174	-	_	174
Cheng Wai Lam, James (appointed on				
March 26, 2013 and re-designed				
from non-executive director to				
independent non-executive director				
on November 27, 2013)	184	_	_	184
Chan Cheuk Ming (resigned with effect				
from September 5, 2013)	221	_	_	221
Chan Pak Wing, Johnny (appointed on				
September 5, 2013 and resigned with	20			20
effect from November 22, 2013)	38			38
	1,234	1,229	6	2,469

Note: Mr. Lo Siu Leung received a salaries of HK\$616,000 and contributions to retirements scheme of HK\$15,000 as financial controller of the Group for the period from January 1, 2013 to December 27, 2013.

There was no arrangement under which a director agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2013: Nil).

As at December 31, 2014, no share option has been granted and held by the directors under the Company's share option scheme (2013: Nil). Details of the share option scheme are disclosed in note 21(a).

For the year ended December 31, 2014

(b) Individuals with highest emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest paid in the Group, two (2013: one) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed in note 13(a) above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2013: four) individual were as follows:

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits	2,656	5,649
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	26	129
	2,682	5,778
Their ampluments were within the following hands:		

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	2014 Number of employees	2013 Number of employees
Below HK\$1,000,001 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	5 –	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,500,000		2

During both years, no inducement payment or compensation for loss of office was paid to the five highest paid individuals.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold	Plant and	Furniture, fixtures and		Motor	
	improvement	machinery	equipment	Moulds	vehicles	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost						
At January 1, 2013	25,069	19,253	5,868	1,390	704	52,284
Additions	1,036	264	483	. 85	1,108	2,976
Disposal	(18)	(124)	(15)			(157)
At December 31, 2013 and						
January 1, 2014	26,087	19,393	6,336	1,475	1,812	55,103
Additions	192	46	76	3	_	317
Disposal	(23,293)	(2,845)	(3,459)	_	(1,149)	(30,746)
·						
At December 31, 2014	2,986	16,594	2,953	1,478	663	24,674
Accumulated depreciation						
At January 1, 2013	14,225	17,675	4,640	1,139	642	38,321
Charge for the year	6,891	537	822	95	141	8,486
Written back on disposal		(12)	(12)			(24)
At December 31, 2013 and						
January 1, 2014	21,116	18,200	5,450	1,234	783	46,783
Charge for the year	2,355	453	271	94	193	3,366
Written back on disposal	(21,390)	(2,796)	(3,350)		(810)	(28,346)
At December 31, 2014	2,081	15,857	2,371	1,328	166	21,803
Net book values						
At December 31, 2014	905	737	582	150	497	2,871
At December 31, 2013	4,971	1,193	886	241	1,029	8,320

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15. GOODWILL

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000
At the beginning of the year Impairment during the year	1,993 	28,368 (26,375)
At the end of the year	1,993	1,993

All goodwill arose as a result of acquisition of businesses.

Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill

For the purposes of impairment tests, goodwill has been allocated to the following cash generating units ("CGU"). The carrying amount of goodwill as at the end of the reporting period is allocated as follows:

201 HK\$′00	
Credit guarantee business and investment business 1,99	93 1,993

The carrying amount of goodwill as at January 1, 2013 was allocated as to HK\$26,375,000 and HK\$1,993,000 to certain CGU within the trading of party products business segment as well as credit guarantee and investment business segment respectively. Goodwill is tested for impairment by the management by estimating the recoverable amount of these CGU based on value-in-use calculations.

In respect of the CGU within the trading of party products business segment, as at December 31, 2013, its recoverable amount was determined based on cash flow projections covering a period of five years and growth rate is zero. Based on these calculations, the recoverable amount of this CGU within trading of party products business segment fell below its carrying amount, resulting in impairment provision for the entire amount of goodwill of HK\$26,375,000.

The assumptions used in deriving recoverable amounts for CGU had been determined based on past performance and the management's expectations in respect of the market development.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

The key assumptions for credit guarantee business used, include: there will be no major change in the existing political, legal and economic conditions in the locations in which Market Season's Group is operating; there will be no major change in the current taxation law in the locations in which the business are operating, that the rates of tax payable by Market Season's Group regarding its business operations remain unchanged and that all applicable laws and regulations will be complied by Market Season's Group; the interest rates and exchange rates will not differ materially from those presently prevailing; Market Season's Group is free from any unsettled litigations; Market Season's Group shall have no legal impediment to obtain or renew all necessary permits and approvals to carry out its business; Market Season's Group shall secure and retain competent management, key personnel, marketing and technical staff to carry out and support its existing and planned businesses; the operating assets, management system and trading platform of Market Season's Group are in a good working condition and can perform efficiently accordingly to the purposes for which they were designed and built; the business forecast of Market Season's Group revealed is based on reasonable grounds, reflecting estimates which have been arrived at after due and careful consideration and the availability of finance will be in accordance with business plan and projection and other assumptions, etc. Based on the impairment tests performed, no impairment loss is recognised for the year (2013: Nil).

	2014	2013
Gross margin	N/A	N/A
Growth rate	N/A	N/A
Discount rate	12%	12%

16. INVENTORIES

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000
Raw materials	5,760	6,563
Work-in-progress	2,325	5,730
Finished goods	2,039	6,847
	10,124	19,140

(b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense is as follows:

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000
Carrying amount of inventories sold	87,514	131,942

For the year ended December 31, 2014

17. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Customers are usually offered a credit period of up to 90 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

(a) An ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000
Within 30 days	9,681	7,342
31 to 60 days	4,018	6,731
61 to 90 days	976	7,360
Over 90 days	3,862	7,309
	18,537	28,742

Trade receivables included HK\$3,862,594 (2013: HK\$7,309,000) which were past due at December 31, 2014. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

(b) Impairment losses on trade receivables

Impairment losses in respect of trade receivables are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade receivables directly.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, no trade receivables of the Group were uncollectible and written off (2013: Nil). None of trade receivables were individually determined to be impaired.

(c) Trade receivables denominated in other currencies

Included in the trade receivables are the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency, which is Hong Kong dollar:

	2014 ′000	2013 ′000
USD RMB	63 1,854	43

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18. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	The Group		The Company	
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Trade deposits and other receivables (Note)	134,912	38,628	-	-
Prepayments	82	504	60	60
Rental, utility and sundry deposits	1,490	2,979	-	_
Staff advances	396	4,027		
	136,880	46,138	60	60

Note: The balance includes a trade deposit HK\$25,800,000 for purchase of metal and minerals product, entrusted loan HK\$75,960,000 and an advance to a related company of HK\$31,493,000.

The carrying amounts of prepayments, deposit and other receivables at the end of the reporting period approximated their fair value. All of the prepayments, trade deposits and other receivables are expected to be recovered, or recognized as expenses within one year.

19. RESTRICTED CASH

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group did not have any bank balance restricted to be drawn down since the balance is served as guarantee for the guarantee and investment business (2013: HK\$12,713,000 (RMB10 million)).

20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	The G	The Group		pany
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$′000
Cash and bank balances	55,143	135,311	291	288
Cash and cash equivalents	55,143	135,311	291	288

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statements as at December 31, 2014 and 2013 were HK\$55,143,000 and HK\$135,311,000 respectively.

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term bank deposit, carrying interest at prevailing market rates.

Included in cash and cash equivalents are the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency, which is Hong Kong dollar:

The Gr	oup
2014	2013
'000	<i>'</i> 000
US\$143	US\$518
RMB40,074	RMB108,366

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21. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares ′000	Amount HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each		
Authorised:		
As at January 1, 2013, December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2014	5,000,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid:		
As at January 1, 2013	1,491,850	149,185
Issue of new shares upon conversion of convertible bond	296,000	29,600
As at December 31, 2013 and January 1, 2014	1,787,850	178,785
Issue of new shares upon conversion of convertible bond	517,550	51,755
Issue of new shares through subscriptions	687,000	68,700
As at December 31, 2014	2,992,400	299,240

- (a) The Company has a share option scheme, under which the Company may grant options to any employee or director to subscribe for shares in the Company, up to a maximum of 10% of the issued share capital of the Company (absolute maximum number of share option: 178,785,000 shares). No share option was granted during the year.
- (b) During the year, convertible bond with principal amount of HK\$646,937,500 were converted into 517,550,000 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.1 each at a conversion price of HK\$1.25 each.
- (c) 230,000,000 and 100,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company were subscribed at the subscription price of HK\$0.1 per shares on May 30, 2014 and June 9, 2014 respectively pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the Company's annual general meeting on May 31, 2013. Further 357,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company were subscribed at the subscription price of HK\$0.1 per share on August 4, 2014 pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed at the Company's annual general meeting on May 16, 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

22. RESERVES

The Group

	Note	Share premium HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Convertible bond reserve HK\$'000	Statutory reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At January 1, 2013		1,074,796	12,442	(15,000)	2,058,189	3,420	(3,223,267)	(89,420)
Issue of new shares upon conversions of convertible bond		201,800	-	-	(231,400)	-	-	(29,600)
Deferred tax arising from conversions of convertible bond		-	-	-	1,686	-	-	1,686
Disposal of a subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year			1,615				(96,663)	(95,048)
At December 31, 2013 and at January 1, 2014		1,276,596	14,057	(15,000)	1,828,475	3,420	(3,319,929)	(212,381)
Reclassification of the equity portion of convertible bond reserve to share premium	a	591,087	-	-	(591,087)	-	-	-
Issue of new shares upon conversions of convertible bond		614,706	-	-	(666,461)	-	-	(51,755)
Deferred tax arising from conversions of convertible bond	26	-	-	-	1,921	-	-	1,921
Disposal of subsidiaries		-	(1,848)	-	-	-	-	(1,848)
Total comprehensive loss for the year			(1,220)				(75,131)	(76,351)
At December 31, 2014		2,482,389	10,989	(15,000)	572,848	3,420	(3,395,060)	(340,414)

Note a: The reclassification from equity portion to share premium was the result from convertible bonds converted in previous years, those conversions did not affect the liability portion, and the reclassification was made between the convertible bond reserves and share premium within the equity.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

The Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Convertible bond reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At January 1, 2013	1,074,796	31,971	2,058,189	(3,288,215)	(123,259)
Issue of new shares upon conversions of convertible bond Deferred tax arising from conversions of convertible bond Total comprehensive loss for the year	201,800 	- - 	(231,400) 1,686 	(16,174)	(29,600) 1,686 (16,174)
At December 31, 2013 and January 1, 2014	1,276,596	31,971	1,828,475	(3,304,389)	(167,347)
Issue of new shares upon conversions of convertible bond Deferred tax arising from conversions of convertible bond Total comprehensive loss for the year	1,205,793 		(1,257,548) 1,921 	_ (95,332)	(51,755) 1,921 (95,332)
At December 31, 2014	2,482,389	31,971	572,848	(3,399,721)	(312,513)

(i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in share premium account are distributable to shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Translation reserve

Translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operation.

(iii) Capital reserve

Capital reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal values of the ordinary shares issued by the Company and the share capital of Silver Pattern Limited acquired through the share swap pursuant to the Reorganisation.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

(iv) Contributed surplus

Contributed surplus represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of Silver Pattern Limited determined on the basis of the consolidated net assets of Silver Pattern Limited at the due of the Reorganisation over the normal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange thereof.

(v) Convertible bond reserve

The convertible bond reserve represents the unexercised equity component of the convertible bond issued by the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bond.

(vi) Statutory reserve

The Company's subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC are required to make appropriations to statutory reserves from their profit for the year after offsetting accumulated losses carried forward from prior years as determined under the PRC accounting regulations and before distribution to equity holders. The percentages to be appropriated to such statutory reserve are determined according to relevant regulations in the PRC. Enterprises in Mainland China are required to transfer at least 10% of their profit after taxation to the statutory surplus reserve until the balance of the reserve is equal to 50% of their registered capital.

(vii) Distributability of reserves

At December 31, 2014, no reserves were available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company (2013: Nil).

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23. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLE

The ageing analysis of trade and bills payable is as follows:

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$′000
0 to 30 days	3,420	7,661
31 to 60 days	2,926	1,635
61 to 90 days	344	420
Over 90 days	155	
	6,845	9,716

The trade and bills payable are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 90-day terms. The carrying amounts of the trade and bills payable at the end of the reporting period approximated their fair values.

Included in trade and bills payable are the following amounts denominated in a currency other than the functional currency, which is Hong Kong dollar:

2014 ′000	
RMB 1,319	2,644

24. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The Group		The Comp	bany
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest payables	90	90	90	90
Accrued salaries and bonuses	6,939	6,688	-	_
Trade deposits received	11	16	_	_
Accrued expenses	7,656	13,291	904	3
Other short-term loans	130,533	153,222	3,000	3,000
	145,229	173,307	3,994	3,093

The carrying amounts of accruals and other payables at the end of the reporting period approximated their fair values. It included (1) the other short-term loans amounted HK\$127.5 million which bear interest at 3% per month, (2) another loan which principal amounted HK\$3,000,000 bears interest 12% per annum. All of the accruals and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

25. BANK BORROWINGS — SECURED

The analysis of the carrying amount of bank borrowings is as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Current liabilities Portion of bank borrowings due for repayment within one year	1,125	4,192
Portion of bank borrowings due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause		761
	1,125	4,953

The carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period approximated their fair values. Bank borrowings of the Group bore floating-rate borrowings which effective interest rate was 3.0% per annum (2013: 3.0%) over Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate.

At December 31, 2014, interest-bearing bank loans were due for repayment as follows:

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000
Portion of bank borrowings due for repayment within one year (Note 1)	1,125	4,192
Bank borrowings due for repayment after one year (Note 1): After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years		761
	1,125	4,953

Note 1 — The amounts due are based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements

The Company has provided corporate guarantees to secure banking facilities granted to subsidiaries of the Group.
For the year ended December 31, 2014

26. DEFERRED TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) recognised:

The component of deferred tax liabilities/(assets) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

The Group

	Depreciation allowance in excess of the related depreciation HK\$'000	Unused tax losses HK\$'000	Convertible bond HK\$′000	Total HK\$′000
At January 1, 2013	66	(5,309)	5,006	(237)
Credited to reserve Credited to profit or loss	(29)	(996)	(1,686)	(1,686) (1,025)
At December 31, 2013	37	(6,305)	3,320	(2,948)
Credited to reserve Charged to gain on disposal of subsidiaries Credited to profit or loss <i>(note 7)</i>	_ 69 (54)	- 6,290 (3)	(1,921) 	(1,921) 6,359 (57)
At December 31, 2014	52	(18)	1,399	1,433

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Deferred tax assets recognised	18	6,305
Deferred tax liabilities recognised	1,451	3,357

The Company

	Convertible bond HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At January 1, 2013	5,006	5,006
Credited to reserve	(1,686)	(1,686)
At December 31, 2013	3,320	3,320
Credited to reserve	(1,921)	(1,921)
At December 31, 2014	1,399	1,399

27. CONVERTIBLE BOND

On August 27, 2010, the Company issued convertible bond with an aggregated principal amount of HK\$3,243,750,000 with a term of five years as consideration for the acquisition of 90% beneficial interest in Harmonic Strait Financing Guarantee Co., Limited (和協海峽融資擔保有限公司). The bond is unsecured and carry zero coupon interest rate. The bond is convertible into ordinary shares of the Company at a conversion price of HK\$1.25 per conversion share at any time during the period commencing from the date of issue of convertible bond.

At the initial recognition on August 27, 2010 which was the issue date of the convertible bond, the fair value of the embedded derivatives portion of the convertible bond were determined by an independent professional valuer, Asset Appraisal Limited, using the binominal options pricing model; the liability component of the convertible bond at the issue date is the residual amount after recognising the fair value of the embedded derivatives and subsequently carried at amortised cost using an effective interest rate of 14% per annum.

During the years ended 2011 and 2012, a majority convertible bond holder, Market Speed Limited covenanted by deeds with the Company that it will (1) convert all the Market Speed Limited convertible bond into fully-paid shares of the Company on or before the Maturity Date, subject to existing terms and conditions under which the convertible bond was issued by the Company and approved by the Stock Exchange, and waive its right to demand repayment from the Company in respect of any Market Speed Limited convertible bond not so converted on the Maturity Date; and (2) procure all its future transferees, if any, of the Market Speed Limited convertible bond to observe and comply with this covenant. Accordingly, the (fair value) liability portion of the Market Speed Limited convertible bond was transferred to the equity portion.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	The Group and Company Liability portion HK\$′000
At January 1, 2013 Imputed interest amortised	71,66110,192
At December 31, 2013 Imputed interest amortised	81,853 11,641
At December 31, 2014	93,494

The convertible bonds will be matured in August, 2015 and its whole liability portion was reclassified to current liability. The equity portion is presented under note 22.

28. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At the beginning of the reporting period	17,823	20,442
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	-	(2,034)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(1,632)	(584)
Disposal of a subsidiary		(1)
At the end of the reporting period	16,191	17,823

29. IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON OTHER RECEIVABLES

The amounts are the impairments on an other receivable related to a default of guarantee contract, HK\$10,078,000 and an advance for the development of an investment project HK\$3,540,000, as they were considered not to be recovered.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

30. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

Investment in subsidiaries represents investments in unlisted shares at cost.

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

Name of company	Place of establishment/ incorporation and operation	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Group's effective interest	Principal activities
Directly held				
Silver Pattern Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Market Season Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Zhong Wai Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Giant Success Developments Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Best Silver Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Flourish Great Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Harmonic Strait Group Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Trading of metal and minerals
Indirectly held				
Harmonic Strait Trading Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$200,000	100%	General trading
Harmonic Strait Export Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Trading of party products

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Name of company	Place of establishment/ incorporation and operation	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Group's effective interest	Principal activities
Hotel Zzz Franchise Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	Franchise holdings
Green Link Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Hong Kong New Smart Energy Group Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	100%	Investment holdings
和協海峽融資擔保有限公司 #, ##	PRC	US\$20,000,000	90%	Provision of credit service and conduct investment business
Harmonic Strait (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Investment holdings
China City Development Corporations Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Harmonic Strait Investments (China) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Harmonic Strait Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Harmonic Strait Consultancy & Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Investment holdings
Glory Act Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	Trading of party products
東莞市高高玩具有限公司	PRC	RMB1,500,000	100%	Trading of party products

This subsidiary is registered as a sino-foreign joint venture limited liability company incorporated in PRC.

The statutory reports were issued by PRC auditors.

During the year, the Group disposed of Cheerful Arts Limited, Castle Ascent Limited, 呼嚕棧酒店管理(深圳)有限公司, 呼嚕棧酒店(深圳)有限公司, Channel 8 Financial Services Limited, Channel 8 Wealth Management Limited, Channel 8 Financial Planning Limited, Channel 8 Securities Limited and Channel 8 Immigration Consulting Limited to a third party.

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Material partly-owned subsidiary

The following table lists out the information relating to 和協海峽融資擔保有限公司, the only subsidiary of the group which has material non-controlling interest (NCI). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$′000
NCI percentage (note a)	10%	10%
Current assets	166,318	184,528
Non-current assets	436	579
Current liabilities	(4,843)	(6,872)
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Net assets	161,911	178,235
Carrying amount of NCI (note 28)	16,191	17,823
Revenue	3,540	3,181
Loss for the year	(14,873)	(7,652)
Total comprehensive loss	(14,873)	(7,652)
Loss allocated to NCI	(1,487)	(765)
Dividend paid to NCI	-	_
Cash flows used in operating activities	(87,274)	(44,879)
Cash flows generated from investing activities	15,527	30,895
Cash flows from financing activities	-	-

Note a: The proportion of voting rights held by the material non-controlling interest is 40%.

31. AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

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32. SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Segment Revenues and Results

The disclosure and allocation basis among operating segments were varied from previous year because the segments of hotel business and the financial planning services business were disposed of during the year and the development of trading of metal and minerals becomes significant, the comparatives are therefore consistently presented in this regard.

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operation segment:

Year ended December 31, 2014

	Continuing operations					
	Credit guarantee and investment business HK\$'000	Trading of party products HK\$'000	Trading of metal and minerals HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Discontinued operations HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue						
External sales	3,540	98,889	27,936	130,365	18,553	148,918
Capital expenditure of PPE		83		83	234	317
Depreciation	143	936	230	1,309	2,057	3,366
Result Segment results	(4,399)	3,297	(1,035)	(2,137)	(861)	(2,998)
Interest revenue Other income Unallocated corporate expenses Interest expenses Impairment loss on goodwill Impairment loss on other				2,819 1,378 (5,836) (62,000) –	1 180 (685) (45) –	2,820 1,558 (6,521) (62,045) –
receivables				(13,618)		(13,618)
Loss before taxation Income tax				(79,394) (223)	(1,410)	(80,804) (223)
Loss for the year				(79,617)	(1,410)	(81,027)

Two customers of the amounted to HK\$38,067,000 and HK\$23,917,000 respectively from trading of the party products business, and one customer amounted to HK\$27,936,000 from trading of metal and mineral's trading business contributed over 10% of the total sales of the Group.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Year ended December 31, 2013 (Restated)

		Continuing of	operations			
	Credit guarantee and investment business HK\$'000	Trading of party products HK\$'000	Trading of metal and minerals HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Discontinued operations HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue External sales	3,181	141,648		144,829	29,165	173,994
Capital expenditure of PPE	474	1,004		1,478	1,498	2,976
Depreciation	126	1,181		1,307	7,179	8,486
Result Segment results	(14,805)	(331)		(15,136)	(5,392)	(20,528)
Interest revenue Other income/(loss) Unallocated corporate expenses Interest expenses Impairment loss on goodwill Impairment loss on an other receivable				1,681 (262) (4,675) (48,483) (26,375) (2,706)	1 651 (77) (134) –	1,682 389 (4,752) (48,617) (26,375) (2,706)
Loss before taxation Income tax				(95,956) 8	(4,951) 1,017	(100,907) 1,025
Loss for the year				(95,948)	(3,934)	(99,882)

Only one customer from the trading of party products business contributed over 10% of the total sales of the Group. The amount was HK\$93,347,000.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Geographic information

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Continuing operations		
Hong Kong	98,889	141,648
Mainland China	31,476	3,181
	130,365	144,829
Discontinued operations		
Hong Kong	7,657	12,522
Mainland China	10,896	16,643
	18,553	29,165
Total	148,918	173,994

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the accounting policies of the Group. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of administrative expenses, other income, other gains and losses (except gain on disposal of a subsidiary, impairment loss on goodwill and impairment loss on an other receivable), and finance cost. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment.

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(b) Segment Assets and Liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating segment:

Year ended December 31, 2014

	Credit guarantee and investment business HK\$'000	Trading of party products HK\$'000	Trading of metal and minerals HK\$'000	Total HK\$′000
ASSETS				
Segment assets	77,398	30,516	25,842	133,756
Bank balances and cash				
(included restricted cash)				55,143
Unallocated corporate assets				36,838
Consolidated total assets				225,737
LIABILITIES				
Segment liabilities	4,843	14,563	160	19,566
Bank borrowings				1,125
Unallocated corporate liabilities				230,029
Consolidated total liabilities				250,720

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Year ended December 31, 2013

	Total \$′000
ASSETS	
Segment assets 40,896 40,760 81,656 16,038 97	7,694
Bank balances and cash	
	3,024
Unallocated corporate assets 6,120 3,467	9,587
Consolidated total assets 227,903 27,402 255	5,305
LIABILITIES	
Segment liabilities 6,872 16,165 23,037 6,671 29	9,708
Bank borrowings2,8032,150	1,953
Unallocated corporate liabilities 236,417 – 236	5,417
Consolidated total liabilities 262,257 8,821 271	,078

For the purpose of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than certain plant and equipment, prepaid lease payments, other receivables, bank balances and cash; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than certain other payables and bank borrowings.

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties:

(a) Related party transactions included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Rent for motor vehicles paid to non-controlling interest shareholder		333

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(b) Compensation of key management of the Group:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Salaries, allowance and other benefits Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	2,587 39	3,788 36
	2,626	3,824

Note: Further details of post-employment benefits and directors' and employees' emoluments are included in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements. Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see note 6).

(c) Financing arrangements

		2014	2013
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Advanced to a related company	а	31,493	_
Amount due to directors	b	2,594	225

a The advance to a related company is included in "Prepayments, deposits and other receivables" (note 18).

The related company has the common directors with the subsidiaries of the Group after the Group acquired the 55% of the ownership of the related company. As at the end of the reporting period, the related company was not treated as a subsidiary of the Group because the Group had not obtained control of the subsidiary, and the transfer of the ownership documents was not completed. The amount as shown in above was then presented as the current account with the related company.

b The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

34. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital Commitments

As at December 31, 2014, the Group had no material capital commitments (2013: Nil) or investment commitments.

(b) Operating Lease Commitments

The Group leases office premises under operating lease arrangements. At the end of each reporting period, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payment under non-cancellable operating leases arrangements as follows:

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth year, inclusive	1,946 969	6,558 1,394
	2,915	7,952

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35. FINANCIAL GUARANTEES AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the reporting period Harmonic Strait Financing Guarantee Co., Ltd ("Harmonic Strait") had not provided guarantees to its customers during the year (2013: HK\$12.7 million) in return of service income as its ordinary business.

At December 31, 2014, the bank loan drawn down by the Group amounted to approximately HK\$1.1 million (2013: HK\$5.0 million).

On December 20, 2012, the Group has extended the loan by charging the shares of Hong Kong New Smart Energy Group Limited (a 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company, which directly holds 90%-owned Harmonic Strait), a floating charge of the Company, a deed of assignment regarding the assignment of current accounts due to group companies by Hong Kong New Smart Energy Group Limited and a personal guarantee from a director as securities.

As at December 31, 2014, except for those disclosed above, the Board was not aware of any possible material contingent liabilities.

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's major financial instruments include, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and bills payable, other payables and bank borrowings. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and currency risk. The Group does not hold or issue derivate financial instruments either for hedging or trading purposes. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out as below.

The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty to transaction is unwilling or unable to fulfill its obligation thereby incurring financial loss to the Group.

— Trade and other receivables

As at December 31, 2014, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In respect of trade and other receivables, in order to minimise risk, management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations of customers' financial position and condition are performed on all customers periodically. In addition, credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These receivables are usually due within 90 days from the date of billing. Debtors with overdue balances, which will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis, are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collaterals from customers.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

In respect of trade receivables, the Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk. At December 31, 2014, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk as approximately equals to 32.1% (2013: 68.3%) and 76.4% (2013: 91.9%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

Deposits with banks

The Group mitigates its exposure to credit risk by placing deposits with the financial institutions with established credit rating. Given the high credit ratings of the banks, management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations.

— Financial guarantee

It represents financing guarantee to customers under the financial guarantee business, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers. These evaluations focus on the customer's financial background and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of non-availability of funds to meet all contractual financial commitments as they fall due.

The Group is responsible for its own cash management, including the short-term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demand, subject to board approval. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants to ensure that it maintains sufficient amount of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following liquidity risk tables set out the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on current rates at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group is required to pay.

Specifically, for term loans which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the bank's sole discretion, the analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the entity can be required to pay, that is if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect. The maturity analysis for other bank borrowings is prepared based on the scheduled repayment dates.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

			As at Decem	ber 31, 2014		
	Within 1 year or on demand HK\$'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years HK\$'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years HK\$'000	More than 5 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Total carrying amount HK\$'000
Amount due to directors	2,594	_	_	_	2,594	2,594
Trade and bill payable	6,845	-	-	-	6,845	6,845
Accruals and other payables Bank borrowings subject to	145,229	-	-	-	145,229	145,229
a repayment on demand clause	1,134	-	-	-	1,134	1,125
Convertible bond	102,000	-	-	-	102,000	93,494
Tax payable						
	257,802				257,802	249,287
			As at Decemb	per 31, 2013		
		More than	More than			
	Within	1 year but	2 years but		Total	Total
	1 year or	less than	less than	More than	undiscounted	carrying
	on demand	2 years	5 years	5 years	cash flows	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amount due to a director	225	_	-	-	225	225
Trade and bill payable	9,716	-	-	-	9,716	9,716
Accruals and other payables	173,307	-	-	-	173,307	173,307
Bank borrowings subject to						
a repayment on demand clause	4,953	-	-	-	4,953	4,953
Convertible bond	-	102,000	-	-	102,000	81,853
Tax payable	1,024				1,024	1,024
	189,225	102,000			291,225	271,078

The following table summaries the maturity analysis of term loans with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the loan agreements. The amounts include interest payments computed using contractual rates. As a result, these amounts were greater than the amounts disclosed in the "on demand" time band in the maturity analysis. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not consider that it is probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to demand immediate repayment. The directors believe that such term loans will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Term loans subject to a repayment on demand clause based on scheduled repayments						yments
	Within 1 year or on demand HK\$'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years HK\$'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years HK\$'000	More than 5 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Total carrying amount HK\$'000
December 31, 2014	1,134	-	-	-	1,134	1,125
December 31, 2013	4,157	885	-	-	5,042	4,953

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from cash and cash equivalents and bank borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy in relation to fair value and cash flow interest rate risks. The directors monitor the Group's exposure on ongoing basis and will consider hedging the interest rate should the need arise.

(1) Interest rate profile

The effective interest rate of bank loans is disclosed in note 25. The interest rates and terms of repayment of the other short term loans is disclosed in notes 24.

(2) Sensitivity analysis

At December 31, 2014, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's loss after tax and accumulated losses by approximately HK\$387,000 (2013: HK\$1,055,000). Other components of consolidated equity would not be affected (2013: Nil) in response to the general increase/decrease in interest rates.

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's loss after tax (and accumulated losses) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's loss after tax (and accumulated losses) and other components of consolidated equity is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2013.

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(iv) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchases which give rise to receivables, payables and cash balances that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States dollars and Renminbi.

(1) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency which is Hong Kong dollars of the entity to which they relate. The Group is mainly exposed to the fluctuation of United States dollars and Renminbi.

	December 31, 2014	
	US\$'000	RMB'000
Cash and cash equivalents	143	40,074
Trade and other receivables	63	2,010
Trade and other payables	_	(1,319)
Overall exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	206	40,765
	December	⁻ 31, 2013
	US\$'000	RMB'000
Cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash	518	108,366
Trade and other receivables	43	35,122
Trade and other payables		(8,153)
Overall exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	561	135,335

Management closely monitors currency risk position to ensure that the net exposure is kept at an acceptable level.

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(2) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's loss after tax (and accumulated losses) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the Hong Kong dollar and the United States dollar would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the United States dollar against other currencies.

	December 31, 2014		December 3	31, 2013
	Increase/ Effect on		Increase/	Effect on
	(decrease)	profit after	(decrease)	profit after
	in foreign	tax and	in foreign	tax and
	exchange	accumulated	exchange	accumulated
	rates	losses	rates	losses
		HK\$'000		HK\$'000
Renminbi	5%	2,027	5%	8,594
	(5%)	(2,027)	(5%)	(8,594)
USD	5%	10	5%	3
	(5%)	(10)	(5%)	(3)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' (loss)/profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, including intercompany payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2013.

(v) Fair values of financial instruments carried at other than fair value

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits, trade and other receivables, trade and bills payable and accruals and other payables are not materially different from their carrying amounts because of the immediate or short term maturity of these financial instruments. The carrying amount of bank borrowings and overdrafts approximated its fair value.

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(b) Capital risk management

The primary objective of the Group's capital risk management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives or policies during the year.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio, which is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as interest-bearing bank borrowings and overdrafts less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity represents equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Group.

Another subsidiary of the Group operated in PRC is subject to the capital requirements under 《融資性擔保公司 暫行管理規定》. The subsidiary is required to maintain a minimum paid up capital of RMB50,000,000.

(c) Estimation of fair values

The fair values of interest-bearing bank borrowings are estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at current market interest rates for similar financial instruments.

37. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

(a) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies which are described in note 2, management has made certain key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimated uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts and liabilities within the next financial year, as discussed below.

(i) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset, which requires significant judgement relating to level of revenue and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of the recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of revenue and operating costs. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the carrying value of the assets and could result in additional impairment charge or reversal of impairment in future periods.

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(ii) Impairment of receivables

The Group maintains impairment allowance for doubtful accounts based on periodic evaluation of the recoverability of the trade and other receivables. The estimates are based on the ageing of the trade and other receivables and the historical write-off experience, net of recoveries. If the financial condition of the debtors were to deteriorate, additional impairment allowance may be required.

(iii) Estimated impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. If the recoverable amount exceeds the estimated value in use of the cash generating unit, additional impairment allowance may be required.

(iv) Estimated net realisable value of inventories

The Group's management writes down slow-moving or obsolete inventories based on an assessment of the net realisable value of the inventories. Inventories will be written down where events or changes in circumstances indicates that the net realisable value is less than cost. The determination of net realisable value requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will have an impact on the carrying value of the inventories and revision on the amount of inventories written down in the period in which such estimate has been changed is required to be made.

(b) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

In determining the carrying amounts of some assets and liabilities, the Group makes assumptions for the effects of uncertain future events on those assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period. These estimates involve assumptions about such items as cash flows and discount rates used. The Group's estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and expectations of future events and are reviewed periodically. In addition to assumptions and estimations of future events, judgements are also made during the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The financial results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years are summarised as follows:

Results	Year ended December 31, 2014 HK\$'000	Year ended December 31, 2013 HK\$'000 (Restated)	Year ended December 31, 2012 HK\$'000	Year ended December 31, 2011 HK\$'000	Year ended December 31, 2010 HK\$'000
Turnover	130,365	144,829	270,296	588,103	550,310
Loss before taxation Income tax (expenses)/credit	(79,394) (223)	(95,956) 8	(2,966,579) (9,799)	(255,366) (1,383)	(40,006) (3,114)
Loss for the year from continuing operations	(79,617)	(95,948)	(2,976,378)	(256,749)	(43,120)
Discontinued operation — Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations	2,070	(1,477)			
Loss for the year	(77,547)	(97,425)	(2,976,378)	(256,749)	(43,120)
Attributable to: — Equity shareholders of the Company — Non-controlling interest	(75,131) (2,416)	(96,663) (762)	(2,981,612) 5,234	(255,745) (1,004)	(42,522) (598)
	(77,547)	(97,425)	(2,976,378)	(256,749)	(43,120)
	As at December 31, 2014 HK\$'000	As at December 31, 2013 HK\$'000	As at December 31, 2012 HK\$'000	As at December 31, 2011 HK\$'000	As at December 31, 2010 HK\$'000
Assets and liabilities Total assets Total liabilities Total equity	225,737 (250,720) (24,983)	255,305 (271,078) (15,773)	325,658 (245,451) 80,207	3,284,541 (331,205) 2,953,336	3,610,937 (1,890,586) 1,720,351
		(,		2,000,000	.,. 20,001