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# 2014/2015 ANNUAL REPORT

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# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Lee Lap, Chairman Mr. Tommy Lee, Vice Chairman & Chief Executive Officer Mdm. Leung Lai Ping Mr. Wong Shiu Kee

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee Mr. Tong Hin Wor Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Lo Tai On

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee Mr. Tong Hin Wor Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee Mr. Lee Lap Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Lap Mr. Lo Yiu Hee Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

#### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Flat B, 8/F, Waylee Industrial Centre 30-38 Tsuen King Circuit Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong Telephone: (852) 2487 5211 Facsimile: (852) 2480 4214 E-mail: group@termbray.com.hk Website: www.termbray.com.hk

#### HONG KONG REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Standard Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong Telephone: (852) 2980 1768 Facsimile: (852) 2528 3158

#### LISTING INFORMATION

The Listing Code of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited 0093

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKER**

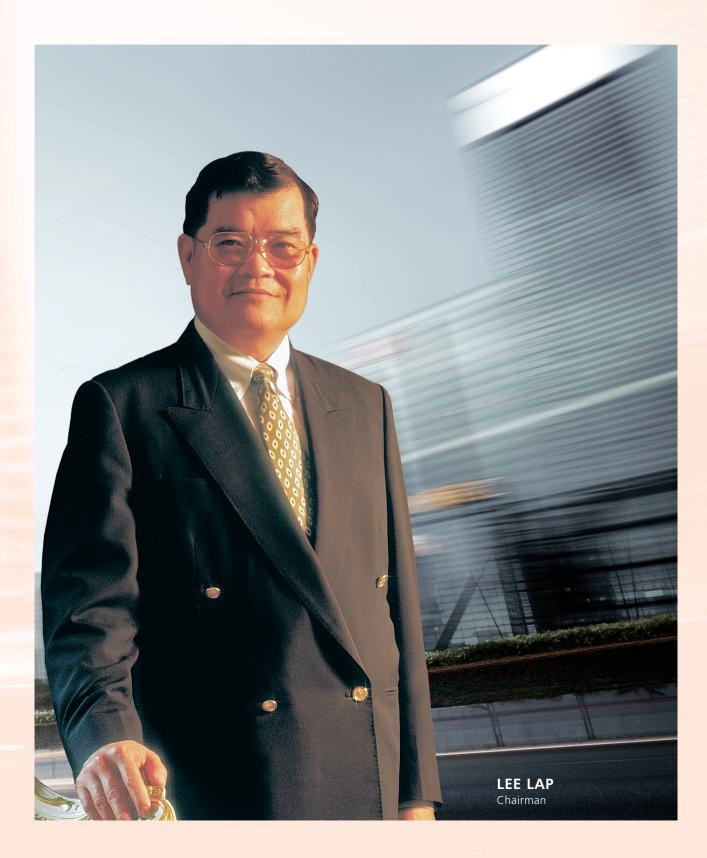
The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited

#### LEGAL ADVISORS IN HONG KONG

Woo, Kwan, Lee & Lo

#### AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu



### RESULTS

I report to shareholders the results of Termbray Industries International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") for the financial year ended 31st March, 2015. The Group recorded a loss for the year of HK\$149,548,000 compared with profit for the year of HK\$43,550,000 recorded in last year.

### DIVIDEND

No interim dividend was paid by the Company for the six months ended 30th September, 2014. (2013: Nil).

The board of directors (the "Board") does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2015 (2014: Nil).

### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 27th August, 2015 to Wednesday, 2nd September, 2015 (both days inclusive), during which no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for attendance of annual general meeting to be held on 2nd September, 2015, all completed transfer forms accompanied with the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Standard Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 26th August, 2015.

### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

#### Property investment and development

The operating environment for the Group's property investment and development business remains tough during the year under review. Property market in Guangdong Province of Mainland China ("PRC") is still generally slack. The activities of the Group's property projects, which are mainly located in Guangdong Province, continue at a low level during the year.

The Group's completed properties for sale – Ever Success Plaza, comprising of over 440 residential units standing on 3 levels of commercial arcades and car parks, is located at a convenient and prime location with a river view in Zhongshan, Guangdong Province. The competition of the property market in Zhongshan is keen. There are abundant supplies of properties with modern design. The commercial arcades is still vacant and the occupancy rate of the residential units is increased comparing with that of last year. The management has put a lot of effort in marketing the properties and is endeavouring to improve the operation of the commercial arcades. The rental income earned by the Group from Ever Success Plaza during the year increased by 22.9%. The Group has sold 2 residential units during the year under review. As at 31st March, 2015, 214 residential units remained to be sold, out of which 140 residential units were let out.

### Oilfield engineering and consultancy services

The Group held 31.73% interest as at 1st April, 2014 in Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited ("Petro-king" (Stock code 2178)) on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited as an associate through Termbray Natural Resources Company Limited ("Termbray Natural Resources"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group. During the year under review, there are further dilutions in the Group's shareholding in Petro-king due to the exercise of share options by employees of Petro-king Group and the rights issue allotted in February 2015. In February 2015, Petro-king has made a rights issue of 154,341,411 shares to shareholders on the basis of one rights share for seven existing shares held on the record date at HK\$0.98 per rights share ("Right Issue"). Termbray Natural Resources subscribed for a portion of its entitlement for 35,500,000 rights shares only in net consideration of HK\$34,140,000. The Group's shareholding in Petro-king as at 31st March, 2015 is 30.47%.

According to the 2014 annual report issued by Petro-king Group, Petro-king Group recorded a revenue of HK\$705 million, representing a decrease of approximately 33.5% from that of HK\$1,060 million for the year ended 31st December, 2013 ("2013"). The decrease in revenue was partly due to the general slowdown in business activities of the Petro-king Group's major customers in China and partly due to the risk control measures taken by Petro-king Group in order to tackle the issue of slow settlement of its trade receivable from a major customer in South America. In addition, Petro-king Group has made a provision for impairment of trade receivables of approximately HK\$280 million in response to the slow payment from a major customer in South America. The loss attributable to the owners of Petro-king Group was approximately HK\$423 million in the current year, compared with the profit attributable to the owner of approximately HK\$197 million in 2013.

2014 was a challenging year for Petro-king Group. There were various dramatic changes in the business environment for the oilfield services industry domestically and internationally. The reduction of capital expenditure by Chinese national oil companies ("NOCs") as well as the reform and restructuring of the NOCs led to a general decline in business activities of the oilfield services sector in the China market. In addition, the pace of development of shale gas projects in China was slower than expected at the beginning of the year, leading to a low utilisation of Petro-king Group's newly purchased high-pressure pumping equipment in 2014. The slump in the international oil price has also cast uncertainty over the future development of the industry and has severely weakened the financial strength of a major customer of Petro-king Group in South America, and thus affected Petro-king Group's collection of the outstanding accounts receivable from the customer. Petro-king Group took risk control measures to limit the exposure of its business in South America.

Petro-king Group's business development in the Middle East has been progressing well in 2014. During the year, a wide range of products and services are successfully and gradually increasing their market penetration in the Middle East.

In the third quarter of 2014, Petro-king Group commenced the commercial operation of its newly established manufacturing base in Huizhou, and enhanced its capability of research and product development in its Singapore operations.

In 2014, even during the industry's downturn, Petro-king Group still pressed on with technological advancement and enhancement of service capability and capacity and has expanded its technology development team with more experienced engineers. However, due to the plans on downsizing in respect to the downturn of the industry, the management of Petro-king Group would like to optimize the human resources by decreasing the number of employees and decreasing the staff cost in general in 2015.

### OUTLOOK

The global economy has been recovering from the global financial crisis happened in 2008. United States ("US") and China are experiencing various challenges after the global economic crisis. All of the debt crisis in Europe, the stop buying of national debts by the US Government and the progress of increase in US interest rate have an unpredictable impact on the recovery of global economy. In China, Central government has implemented various tightening monetary policies to cool down the overheated property market. We believe China will continue to play a key role in the future global economic recovery. The Group is confidence in capitalising on these opportunities and will grasp every business opportunities available to build up its own distinctive strength and to explore new businesses in China.

Property investment and development has been the principal business of the Group for all these years and the Group has spent a lot of resources to look for investment opportunities in the property markets in the PRC, especially Guangdong Province. However, due to the intense competition of the property market in Guangdong Province, the Group has not yet acquired any land or properties during the year under review, but the Group will still continue to explore the investment opportunities in the property markets in the PRC.

As reported in the 2014 annual report of Petro-king Group, the year of 2014 was full of challenges for the oilfield services industry in China as it was faced with the reduced capital expenditure of the NOCs in the domestic market, the outbreak of political unrest in the Middle East, and the slump in the international oil price. All these have resulted in harsh market conditions and a difficult operating environment for the oilfield services industry. In view of the uncertainties over the international oil price and the unfavorable business environment, Petro-king Group takes a cautious approach to its business plan and financial budget for 2015.

In China, the economic reform and the restructuring of NOCs may continue to affect the volume of business of the independent oilfield service providers in the short run. If the international oil price continues to remain low, the NOCs may cut capital expenditure in 2015 as well, and this may further impinge the business of independent oilfield service providers in China. To cope with the uncertainties in the oilfield services sector in China, Petro-king Group will shift certain part of its resources to the Middle East and other overseas markets.

In the overseas markets, there are both risks and opportunities. The management of Petro-king Group expects the business development with the international oil companies' customers in the Middle East market will continue to progress well in 2015. However, the slump in international oil price has weakened the financial strength of its customer and has a further impact on the collection issue of Petro-king Group in South America. As such, Petro-king Group is circumspect in its business plan in South America.

The management of Petro-king Group will control its pace of its overall business development plan by downsizing business operations in certain regions with less opportunity and reduce the magnitude of capital expenditure investment in 2015.

The Group will continue to operate its property investment and development business and be engaged in oilfield engineering and consultancy services through its interest in Petro-king Group. The Group will cautiously explore investment opportunity which will result in a steady growth in the Group's long term performance. On the other hand, there exists some underlying risk factors such as oil and commodity price volatility, interest rate movements, the recovery progress of the global economy and natural disasters which cannot be ignored. The Group remains cautiously optimistic about the year ahead in respect of its business and has the confidence to strengthen its competitiveness and to build value for our shareholders.

**Lee Lap** Chairman

Hong Kong, 19th June, 2015

# RESULTS

During the current year under review, the Group achieved a revenue of HK\$6,941,000 and recorded a loss for the year of HK\$149,548,000, compared with the revenue of HK\$6,351,000 and profit for the year of HK\$43,550,000 recorded in last year.

The significant loss recorded in current year is primarily due to the Group's share of loss from Petro-king Group for the year ended 31st December, 2014. According to the 2014 annual report issued by Petro-king Group, the loss attributable to the owners of Petro-king Group was approximately HK\$423 million in the current year, compared with profit attributable to owners of approximately HK\$197 million in the last year. There was a general slowdown in business activities of Petro-king Group's major customers in China, while the slowdown in business activities in South America was due to the risk control measures taken by Petro-king Group in order to tackle the issue of slow settlement of its trade receivables from a major customer in South America. In addition, Petro-king Group has made a provision for impairment of trade receivables of approximately HK\$280 million in response to the slow payment from a major customer in South America.

# **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION**

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Sale of properties	1,347	723
Rental income	5,594	5,628
	6,941	6,351

#### Segment revenues and results:

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating segment:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Revenue from property investment and development segment	6,941	6,351
Segment profit (loss) from property investment and		
development segment	2,555	(1,329)
Unallocated other income	847	790
Unallocated other gains and losses	(9)	(12)
Unallocated expenses	(12,005)	(12,891)
Share of result of an associate	(133,544)	63,618
Net loss on deemed disposal of interest in an associate	(7,392)	(6,626)
(Loss) profit for the year	(149,548)	43,550

All of the segment revenue reported above is from external customers.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies. Segment profit (loss) represents the profit (loss) earned by property investment and development segment without allocation of unallocated other income, unallocated other gains and losses, unallocated expenses, share of result of an associate and net loss on deemed disposal of interest in an associate. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker of the Group for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

#### **Geographical information**

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

The Group's revenue from external customers by location where the goods are delivered and services are rendered are detailed below:

		Revenue from external customers	
	2015	2014	
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000	
Hong Kong	1,884	2,378	
The PRC	5,057	3,973	
	6,941	6,351	

A more detailed analysis of the Group's segment information is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

# LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31st March, 2015, the Group remains cash-rich and no material capital expenditure commitments. The operations are financed by capital and reserves.

Bank balances and cash amounted to HK\$330 million and accounted for 72.7% of total current assets.

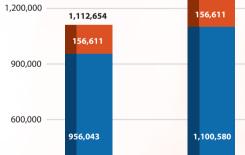
Foreign currency risk of the Group is not significant as the assets of the Group comprised substantially of cash denominated in Hong Kong dollar. No financial instrument is needed for hedging purposes in respect of interest rate and currency.

# **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

HK\$'000

As at 31st March, 2015, the Group's operations were financed by capital and reserves.





# **ORDER BOOK**

Due to its business nature, the Group has no order book at 31st March, 2015. The Group has no new product and services to be introduced to the market.

## **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The aggregate sales attributable to the Group's largest customer and five largest customers accounted for approximately 27.1% and 51.8% respectively of the Group's revenue for the year. The five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for less than 30.0% of the Group's total purchases for the year.

During the year, the Group has not made any purchases other than incurring rental outgoings and overhead expenses.

Save as the connected transaction disclosed in page 22 to 23 of this report, none of the Company's directors, their associates or any shareholders of the Company (who to the best of knowledge of the Company's directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued shares) had a beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest customers and the five largest suppliers.

### STAFF AND EMOLUMENT POLICY

As at 31st March, 2015, the Group employed 41 staff at market remunerations with staff benefits such as insurance, provident fund scheme and discretionary bonus and share option scheme.

The emolument policy regarding the employees of the Group is based on their merit, qualifications and competence. The emoluments of the directors are reviewed by the remuneration committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics. No director, or any of his associates, and executive is involved in dealing his own remuneration. The Company has a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme is set out on page 23 of the Directors' Report.

The directors of the Company present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2015.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries during the year were property development and investment. The principal activities of the Group's associate were provision of oilfield engineering and consultancy services and sales and manufacturing of oilfield related tools and equipment.

### RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2015 and the state of affairs of the Group as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 39 to 91.

#### DIVIDEND

No interim dividend was paid by the Company for the six months ended 30th September 2014 (2013: Nil).

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2015 (2014: Nil)

### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 27th August, 2015 to Wednesday, 2nd September, 2015 (both days inclusive), during which no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for attendance of annual general meeting to be held on 2nd September, 2015, all completed transfer forms accompanied with the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Standard Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 26th August, 2015.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment property of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 and note 15 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

# **MAJOR PROPERTIES**

Particulars of the Group's major completed properties for sale are set out on page 94.

### RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 42.

### DONATIONS

During the year, the Group had not made any charitable and other donations (2014: Nil).

### FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A five year financial summary of the Group is set out on pages 95 and 96.

### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31st March, 2015 were as follows:

	HK\$'000
Contributed surplus	191,810
Retained profits	441,995
	633,805

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- (i) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realizable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issue share capital and share premium account.

# DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the financial year and up to the date of this report were:

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lee Lap Mr. Tommy Lee Mdm. Leung Lai Ping Mr. Wong Shiu Kee

### Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee Mr. Tong Hin Wor Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel

#### **Non-Executive Director**

Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo

Mr. Tommy Lee, Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo and Mr. Tong Hin Wor shall retire by rotation in accordance with the Company's Bye-law 99(A). All retiring directors, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. In addition, Mr. Lee Lap shall be subject to and offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting in accordance with the Company's Bye-law 99(A).

The Company has received annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive directors as regards their independence to the Company pursuant to paragraph 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and considers that each of the independent non-executive directors is independent to the Company.

# **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping have respectively a service contract with the Company for service as executive director which is terminable by either party giving to the other party not less than six months' prior notice in writing.

Mr. Tommy Lee and Mr. Wong Shiu Kee have respectively a service contract with the Company for service as executive director which is terminable by either party giving to the other party not less than three months' prior notice in writing.

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee, Mr. Tong Hin Wor and Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel, the independent non-executive directors, and Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo, the non-executive director, have respectively entered into an appointment letter with the Company for service as an independent non-executive director or non-executive director for a term of 2 years from 1st January, 2015 to 31st December, 2016, which appointment shall terminate on the earlier of (i) 31st December, 2016; or (ii) the date on which the director concerned ceases to be an independent non-executive director or non-executive director pursuant to the Bye-laws or any other applicable laws.

Other than the aforesaid, none of the directors had any existing or proposed service contract with any member of the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

**Mr. Lee Lap**, aged 72, is the Chairman of the Company and he is also a member of the remuneration committee and the Chairman of the nomination committee of the Board of the Company. He is the founder of the Group and has been actively involved in the printed circuit board and electronics industry in Hong Kong since 1968. Mr. Lee is responsible for overall policy and decision making and business development of the Group. Mr. Lee is an honorary citizen of Zhongshan, Shenzhen and Guangzhou in PRC.

**Mr. Tommy Lee**, aged 37, is the Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since 2008 and 2010 respectively. He is the son of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping. He studied Economics in the Seneca College in Canada. Mr. Lee had been the Vice President of a private company which is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of printed circuit board and he was responsible for the overall management and strategic planning of the private company. He is a non-executive director of Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited which is listed on the Stock Exchange. He is a director of Guangdong Ellington Electronics Technology Company Limited, the shares of which have been listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange since 1st July, 2014.

**Madam Leung Lai Ping**, aged 66, is the wife of Mr. Lee Lap. She has been involved in overall policy and decision making and general administration of the Group since 1968.

**Mr. Wong Shiu Kee**, aged 51, is the Finance Director of the Company. He first joined the Company in 1991 and rejoined the Company in 2000. With over 20 years of experience in financial management, he is a fellow member of both the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and is also a qualified Chartered Secretary designated as ACIS and ACS. He is a director of Guangdong Ellington Electronics Technology Company Limited, the shares of which have been listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange since 1st July, 2014.

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

**Mr. Lo Yiu Hee**, aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in 2004 and is the Chairman of the audit committee and the remuneration committee and a member of the nomination committee of the Board of the Company. He holds bachelor and master degrees in business administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. Lo is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and CPA Australia. Mr. Lo has over 20 years of experience in finance and accounting in various listed companies. He was the Vice President of CPA Australia, Hong Kong China Division for 2000/01 and 2003/04, councilor from 1997 to 2006 and a member of the Disciplinary Panel of CPA Australia from 2009 to 2014. He is presently the chief financial officer of an apparel manufacturing company.

**Mr. Tong Hin Wor**, aged 70, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in 2008 and is a member of the audit committee of the Board of the Company. He holds a diploma in management studies from Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Tong has over 30 years of working experience in financial management. Mr. Tong was the financial controller of Termbray Electronics Company Limited in 1991. He was the financial controller of Karrie Industrial Company Limited, a company principally engaged in electronics and sheet metal manufacturing in 1993, the Group controller of Elec & Eltek (International) Limited in 1995 and the Group vice president of Elec & Eltek Corporate Services Limited from 1995 to 2004. Mr. Tong is an independent non-executive director of Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited which is listed on the Stock Exchange.

**Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel**, aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in 2011 and is a member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Board of the Company. Mr. Siu has over 35 years of working experience in industrial manufacturing management. Mr. Siu was the general manager of Termbray Electronics Company Limited in 1994. Mr. Siu had also taken the role of general manager in several multinational companies in various industries. Currently, he is the China operation director of Allied Telesis (Dong Guan) Limited, which is engaged in development and manufacturing of networking products.

#### **Non-Executive Director**

**Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo**, aged 55, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company from March, 1997 to September, 2004. On 30th September, 2004, he was re-designated as a non-executive director of the Company. He is a member of the audit committee of the Board of the Company. He holds a Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of Hong Kong. He is a practising solicitor and a partner of Woo, Kwan, Lee & Lo. Mr. Lee is a non-executive director of Hopewell Holdings Limited, CSPC Pharmaceutical Group Limited, Yugang International Limited, Y.T. Realty Group Limited, Safety Godown Company Limited and Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd., all of which are companies whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange. He is the Chairman of the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lee is also a member of the SFC (HKEC Listing) Committee, a member of SFC Dual Filing Advisory Group of Securities and Futures Commission and a member of the Disciplinary Panel of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Lee resigned as a non-executive director of The Cross-Harbour (Holdings) Limited with effect from 31st December, 2012.

## **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

The directors are closely involved in and are directly responsible for all activities of the Group. The Board considers that only the above-mentioned four executive directors are regarded as members of the Group's senior management.

### **EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EMPLOYEES**

Details of the emoluments of directors and senior employees are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND OPTIONS**

The interests of the Company's directors, chief executives and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations as at 31st March, 2015 as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") or otherwise notified pursuant to Divisions 7 to 9 of Part XV of the SFO, were as follows:

#### (A) Long Positions in Shares of the Company

			Number o	f Shares		Percentage
Name of	Personal	Family	Corporate	Other		of total issued
director	interest	interest	interest	interest	Total	shares
	-	Conversion of the second second	and the second			
Mr. Lee Lap	- 12	-	-	1,252,752,780	1,252,752,780	63.99%
				(note)		
Mdm. Leung	-	-	-	1,252,752,780	1,252 <mark>,</mark> 752,780	63.99%
Lai Ping				(note)		
Mr. Tommy Lee	_	-	-	1,252,752,780	1,252,752,780	63.99%
				(note)		

Note:

The 1,252,752,780 shares included under the other interest of Mr. Lee Lap, Mdm. Leung Lai Ping and Mr. Tommy Lee are held by Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited. Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited is wholly-owned by Lee & Leung Family Investment Limited, which is wholly owned by HSBC International Trustee Limited as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Trust. Mr. Lee Lap is the settlor of Lee & Leung Family Trust. The discretionary beneficiaries of Lee & Leung Family Trust are Mdm. Leung Lai Ping, certain children of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping (including Mr. Tommy Lee) and the offspring of such children.

#### (B) Long Positions in Shares of Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited, an Associated Corporation

	Number of shares	% of total
Name of directors	interested	issued shares
Mr. Lee Lap	376,274,104	30.47%
Mr. Tommy Lee	376,274,104	30.47%

Note:

All the above shares are held by the Company's wholly subsidiary as beneficial owner. 1,252,752,780 shares of the Company are held by Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited, representing approximately 63.99% of the total issued shares of the Company. Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited is wholly-owned by Lee & Leung Family Investment Limited, which is wholly owned by HSBC International Trustee Limited as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Trust. Mr. Lee Lap is the settlor of Lee & Leung Family Trust. The discretionary beneficiaries of Lee & Leung Family Trust are Mdm. Leung Lai Ping, certain children of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping (including Mr. Tommy Lee) and the offspring of such children.

### (C) Long Positions in Underlying Shares in respect of Share Options of Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited, an Associated Corporation

Name of directors	Number of underlying shares	% of total issued shares
Mr. Tommy Lee	102,173	0.0083%
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	102,173	0.0083%

## (D) Long Positions in Shares of Other Associated Corporations

Name of directors	Name of subsidiary	Number of non-voting deferred shares held (note)	% of total issued non-voting deferred shares
Mr. Lee Lap	Applied Industrial Company Limited	1,000	40%
	Lee Plastics Manufacturing Company Limited	250,000	50%
	Magnetic Electronics Limited	5,000	100%
	Termbray Electronics Company Limited	7,000	70%
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	Applied Industrial Company Limited	1,500	60%
	Lee Plastics Manufacturing Company Limited	250,000	50%
	Termbray Electronics Company Limited	3,000	30%

Note: All the above non-voting deferred shares are held by the above directors personally as beneficial owner.

Saved as disclosed above, as at 31st March, 2015, none of the directors or chief executive of the Company had any interest or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO.

Apart from the share option scheme of the Company, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

During the year, the Group had entered into transactions with Panda Investment Company Limited ("Panda Investment"), which are described in note 24 to the financial statements. Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping have beneficial interests in Panda Investment.

During the year, the Group's property has been leased to Mr. Lee Wing Keung, the son of Mr. Lee Lap, details of which are disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transaction".

Save as aforementioned, no other contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party or were parties and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or any time during the year.

## **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

Pursuant to paragraph 8.10 of the Listing Rules, the Company discloses that Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping are interested in companies engaged in property investment and development in Mainland China and Hong Kong ("Competing Business").

The Board of the Company has continuously monitored to identify conflict of interest (if any) due to the interests of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping. If conflict of interest arises, Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping will abstain from participating in making any decision. The Company is therefore capable of carrying on its business independently of, and at arm's length from the Competing Business.

### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company or its subsidiaries were entered into or existed during the year.

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The person (other than the directors as disclosed in the "Directors' interest in Shares and Options") interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31st March, 2015 as recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

### Ordinary Share of the Company

		Number of issued ordinary shares of HK\$0.08	Percentage of the issued share capital of the
Name of shareholders	Capacity	each held	Company
Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited (note 1)	Beneficial owner	1,252,752,780	63.99%
Lee & Leung Family Investment Limited (note 1)	Held by controlled corporation	1,252,752,780	63.99%
HSBC International Trustee Limited (note 1)	Held by controlled corporation as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Trust	1,252,752,780	63.99%

Name of shareholders	Capacity	Number of issued ordinary shares of HK\$0.08 each held	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Cosmo Telecommunication Inc. (note 2)	Beneficial owner	151,202,960	7.72%
Ms. Jing Xiao Ju	Held by controlled corporation	151,202,960	7.72%
East Glory Trading Limited (note 3)	Beneficial owner	103,397,540	5.28%
Master Winner Limited (note 3)	Held by controlled corporation	103,397,540	5.28%
Mr. Yuan Qinghua	Held by controlled corporation	103,397,540	5.28%

Notes:

(1) The 1,252,752,780 shares are held by Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited. Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited is wholly owned by Lee & Leung Family Investment Limited, which a wholly owned by HSBC International Trustee Limited as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Trust. Mr. Lee Lap is the settlor of Lee & Leung Family Trust. The discretionary beneficiaries of Lee & Leung Family Trust are Mdm. Leung Lai Ping, certain children of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping (including Mr. Tommy Lee) and the offspring of such children.

(2) Cosmo Telecommunication Inc. is a wholly owned by Ms. Jing Xiao Ju.

(3) East Glory Trading Limited is wholly owned by Master Winner Limited, which in turn is wholly owned by Mr. Yuan Qinghua.

Saved as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other interests or short positions in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company representing 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31st March, 2015.

# **CONNECTED TRANSACTION**

Pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, the Company discloses the following continuing connected transaction entered into during the year:

On 14th March, 2014, Termbray (Fujian) Land Development Company Limited ("Termbray Fujian"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as lessor and Mr. Lee Wing Keung as lessee renewed a lease agreement, pursuant to which the lessee will lease a residential property in the Hong Kong Island with a saleable area of approximately 306 square metres from the lessor for a term of three years from 16th March, 2014 to 15th March, 2017 at a monthly rent of HK\$157,000 (exclusive of rates, management fees, utility charges). The monthly rent is based on a valuation report as at 31st January 2014 issued by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited.

The rental income earned by the Group during the current year is HK\$1,884,000 (2014: HK\$2,378,000). Mr. Lee Wing Keung is the son of Mr. Lee Lap (an executive Director and the Chairman of the Company) and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping (an executive Director of the Company) and is also the brother of Mr. Tommy Lee (an executive Director and the Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company) and, as such, is an associate of Mr. Lee Lap, Mdm. Leung Lai Ping and Mr. Tommy Lee respectively and is therefore a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the entering into of the lease agreement constitutes continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the above transactions and opined that the connected transaction has been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company, and
- (ii) on normal commercial terms, and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing it on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transaction in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Review of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Pursuant to the Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, the auditor has issued a letter to the Board of the Company that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group:

- (a) has not been approved by the Board;
- (b) has not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company;
- (c) has not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreement governing such transaction; and
- (d) has exceeded the cap.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The existing share option scheme ("Scheme") of the Company was adopted on 18th August, 2006 as an incentive to attract, retain and motivate talented participants to strive for future developments and expansion of the Group and to provide the Company with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to the participants. The Scheme is for a period of 10 years from the date of adoption on 18th August, 2006. The directors may, at their discretion, make an offer to any participant to take up options. An option is deemed to have been granted and accepted by the grantee upon his or her signing the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the option and paying HK\$1 by way of consideration for the grant thereof.

The subscription price for shares of the Company under the Scheme will be highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date (which date must be a business day); (ii) a price being the average of the closing prices of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date, and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

The total number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10 per cent of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of approval of the Scheme. An option may be exercised during a period to be determined by the directors in its absolute discretion and an any event such period shall not be longer than 10 years from the date upon which the option is granted.

The total number of shares issued and to be issue upon exercise of the option granted to each participant under the Scheme in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1 per cent of the total number of shares in issue of the Company. Any further grant of options in excess of the 1 per cent limit shall be subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting.

No option was granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled during the year. There was no outstanding options as at 31st March, 2015.

## **PROVIDENT FUND SCHEME**

The Group has a mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF Scheme") managed by a banking group. All staff employed in Hong Kong joined the MPF Scheme. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution scheme and the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. Both of the employer and the employee are required to make mandatory contributions to the MPF Scheme calculated at 5% of the employee's monthly relevant income, subject to the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. As at 31st March, 2015, the Group had no forfeited contributions (2014: Nil) available to offset future employers' contributions to the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC government. The subsidiary is required to contribute certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to this retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The contribution made by the Group charged to the income statement in respect of the year are as follows:

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Gross employers' contributions Less: Forfeited contributions	226	217
Net contributions	226	217

### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, as of the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of the shares of the Company with not less than 25% of the total issued shares of the Company as required under the Listing Rules.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws although there are no statutory restrictions against such rights under the laws in Bermuda.

#### **AUDITOR**

The financial statements for the three years ended 31st March, 2015 were audited by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu.

A resolution to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the Board Termbray Industries International (Holdings) Limited

Lee Lap Chairman Hong Kong, 19th June, 2015

The Company are committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance and firmly believe that to maintain a good, solid and sensible framework of corporate governance will ensure the Company to run its business in the best interests of its shareholders as a whole.

The Company adopted all the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code ("the Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") as its own code on corporate governance practices.

The Company has complied with the Code during the year ended 31st March, 2015 save as disclosed below.

Pursuant to code provision A.4.2., every director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Company is subject to a private act called "The Termbray Industries International (Holdings) Limited Act 1991". Section 4(g) of the said Act provides that: "Notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Act or rule of law to the contrary, the directors of the Company shall not be required to be elected at each annual general meeting, but shall (save for any chairman or managing director) be subject to retirement by rotation in such manner and at such frequency as the bye-laws may provide." Accordingly, the chairman and managing director of the Company may not be made subject to retirement by rotation. The Company has amended its Bye-laws to provide that every director of the Company, other than directors holding the office of chairman or managing director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every 3 years, while directors holding the office of chairman or managing director shall be subject to re-election once every 3 years.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The board of directors (the "Board") is charged with leading the Group in a responsible and effective manner. Each director has to carry out his/her duties in utmost good faith above and beyond any prevailing applicable laws and regulations and act in the best interests of the shareholders. The duties of the Board include establishing the strategic direction of the Group, setting objectives and monitoring the performance of the Group.

The Board has established schedule of matters specifically reserved to the Board for its decision and those reserved for the management. The Board reviews this schedule on a periodic basis to ensure that it remains appropriate to the needs of the Company.

The Board of the Company consists of 4 executive directors, 3 independent non-executive directors and 1 non-executive director. Their brief biographical details are described on pages 15 and 16 of the Annual Report. Saved as disclosed therein, there are no other business, financial, family and other relevant interests among directors.

The Chairman and the chief executive officer have different roles. The Chairman is responsible for the operation of the Board and the chief executive officer is responsible for managing the operations of the Group. Their functions have been clearly divided to ensure a balanced distribution of power and authority not concentrating on a single individual.

The independent non-executive directors, all of whom are independent of the management of the Company, are highly experienced professionals coming from a diversified industrial background. They ensure that the Board maintains high standards of financial and other mandatory reporting as well as providing adequate check and balance to safeguard the interest of shareholders and the Company as a whole.

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee, Mr. Tong Hin Wor and Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel, the independent non-executive directors, and Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo, the non-executive director, have respectively entered into an appointment letter with the Company for service as an independent non-executive director or non-executive director for a term of 2 years from 1st January, 2015 to 31st December, 2016, which appointment shall terminate on the earlier of (i) 31st December, 2016; or (ii) the date on which the director concerned ceases to be an independent non-executive director pursuant to the bye-law of the Company or any other applicable laws.

The Board has set up an independent professional consulting procedures and upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expenses. The full Board meets regularly to review the financial and operating performance of the Group. Additional board meetings were held when necessary. Due notice and board papers were given to all directors prior to the meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Code.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties, including the following matters attended by the Board during the year ended 31st March, 2015:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the corporate governance code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

# **DIRECTORS' TRAINING**

Directors of the Company are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments and the business environment to facilitate discharge of their responsibilities. All directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

Directors are provided with monthly updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as whole and each director to discharge their duties.

Continuing education and information are provided to the directors regularly to help ensuring that the directors are appraised of the latest changes in the commercial, legal and regulatory environment in which the Group conducts its business.

Based on the training records provided to the Company by the directors, the directors have participated in the following training during the year ended 31st March, 2015:

Name of directors	Reading regulatory updates/attending in house briefing	Attending expert briefing/seminars/ conference relevant to the business/ directors' duties
Mr. Lee Lap (Chairman)		
Mr. Tommy Lee (Vice Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)	/	
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	/	
Mr. Wong Shiu Kee		/
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	✓	/
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	$\checkmark$	/
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	/	
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	/	

There were 4 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31st March, 2015. The attendance record of each director is shown below. All business transacted at the above meetings are well-documented and maintained in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Name of directors	No. of Board meeting attended	Attendance rate
Mr. Lee Lap (Chairman)	4/4	100%
Mr. Tommy Lee (Vice Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)	4/4	100%
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	4/4	100%
Mr. Wong Shiu Kee	4/4	100%
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	4/4	100%
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	4/4	100%
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	4/4	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	4/4	100%

#### DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"), as the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions.

The Company have made specific enquiry of all directors that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31st March, 2015.

In addition, the Board also established written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for senior management of the Company in respect of their dealings in the securities of the Company.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

To strengthen the functions of the Board and to enhance its expertise, there are three Board committees namely, the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee formed under the Board, with each performing different functions.

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee, which is chaired by Mr. Lo Yiu Hee, has been established with defined terms of reference in alignment with the recommendations set out in "A Guide for Effective Audit Committees" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the code provisions set out in the Code of the Listing Rules. Other members are Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo, Mr. Tong Hin Wor and Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel.

The audit committee meets no less than twice a year with the senior management and the external auditors to review the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and other financial reporting matters, assures the completeness, accuracy and fairness of the financial statements of the Group, discuss the effectiveness of the systems of internal control throughout the Group and most importantly, reviews all significant business affairs managed by the executive directors in particular on connected transactions. The audit committee also provides advice and recommendations to the Board and oversees all matters relating to the external auditors, and it plays an important role in monitoring and safeguarding the independence of external auditors.

The audit Committee met 2 times during the financial year ended 31st March, 2015. Set out below is the summary of work done during the year under review:

- to review the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2014 and for the six months ended 30th September, 2014;
- to discuss on the effectiveness of the internal control system;
- to review the auditors' statutory audit plan and the letters of representation; and
- to consider and approve the 2014 audit fees.

The attendance record of each member is shown below. All business transacted at the above meetings are well-documented and maintained in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Name of audit committee members	No. of meeting attended	Attendance rate
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee (Chairman)	2/2	100%
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	2/2	100%
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	2/2	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	2/2	100%

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The remuneration committee, chaired by Mr. Lo Yiu Hee, has been established with defined terms of reference. Other members are Mr. Lee Lap and Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel.

The Company aims to design remuneration policies that attract and retain executives needed to run the Group successfully and to motivate executives to pursue appropriate growth strategies whilst taking into account performance of the individual. The remuneration should reflect performance, complexity and responsibility of the individual; and the remuneration package will be structured to include salary, bonus and share options scheme to provide incentives to directors and senior management to improve their individual performances.

The role and function of the remuneration committee include formulation of the remuneration policy, review and recommending to the Board the annual remuneration policy, and determination of the remuneration of the executive directors.

Set out below is the summary of work done of the remuneration committee during the year under review:

- to review the remuneration policy of the year ended 31st March, 2015;
- to review the appointment letter of independent non-executive directors; and
- to review the remuneration of the executive directors and review the directors' fee of the independent non-executive directors and non-executive director.

The remuneration committee meets once during the financial year ended 31st March, 2015 with the presence of all members of the remuneration committee. The attendance record of each member is shown below:

Name of remuneration committee members	No. of meeting attended	Attendance rate
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee (Chairman)	1/1	100%
Mr. Lee Lap	1/1	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	1/1	100%

The Board considers that only the four executive directors are regarded as members of the senior management. Particulars regarding director's remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee, chaired by Mr. Lee Lap, has been established with defined terms of reference. Other members are Mr. Lo Yiu Hee and Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel.

The nomination committee is responsible for:

 review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;

- identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- assess the independence of independent non-executive directors;
- make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors; and
- consider other topics as defined by the Board.

The nomination committee met once during the financial year ended 31st March, 2015 with the presence of all members of the nomination committee to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, to assess the independence of independent non-executive directors and to make recommendations on reelection of retiring directors. There was no change in directorship during the year. The attendance record of each member is shown below:

Name of nomination committee members	No. of meeting attended	Attendance rate
Mr. Lee Lap (Chairman)	1/1	100%
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	1/1	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	1/1	100%

# **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The company has formulated and adopted a board diversity policy in June 2013 setting out the approach on diversity of the Board.

The Board recognizes the importance of having a diverse Board in enhancing the Board effectiveness and corporate governance. A diverse Board will include and make good use of difference in the skills, industry knowledge and experience, education, background and other qualities of directors of the Company and does not discriminate on the ground of race, age, gender or religious belief. These differences will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board and when possible should be balanced appropriately.

The nomination committee of the Company has responsibility for identifying and nominating for approval by the Board, candidates for appointment to the Board. It takes responsibility in assessing the appropriate mix of experience, expertise, skills and diversity required on the Board and assessing the extent to which the required skills are represented on the Board and overseeing the Board succession. Board appointments will be based on merit and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

At present, the nomination committee has not set any measurable objectives to implement the Board diversity policy. However, it will consider and review from time to time the Board diversity policy and setting of any measurable objects, if appropriate.

### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The remuneration in respect of services provided by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu for the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2015 are analysed as follows:

	31st March,	31st March,
	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Audit service	656,870	1,169,217
Non audit service	206,241	205,983
	863,111	1,375,200

Note: The remuneration for non audit services mainly includes fee regarding the review of the interim financial report of the Group for the six months ended 30th September, 2014 amounted to HK\$206,241 (2014: HK\$205,983).

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors acknowledge that it is their responsibility in preparing the financial statements. The statement of the auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 37 and page 38.

### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Company places great importance on internal control and risk management. The Board has overall responsibility for the system of internal controls and for reviewing its effectiveness. During the year, the Board had conducted a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions and also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programme and budget. Based on the results of the review, the Group will continue to take steps to further enhance the effectiveness of the internal control system.

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company has engaged and appointed Mr. Lo Tai On, a representative from an external secretarial services provider, as the company secretary of the Company. The primary contact person with the company secretary of the Company is Mr. Wong Shiu Kee, an executive director of the Company. Mr. Lo has confirmed that he has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant training.

### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the year, there is no change in the Company's constitutional documents.

#### COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

Shareholders are provided with detailed information about the Company set out in the interim/annual report and/or the circular so that they can exercise their rights in an informed manner.

The Company uses a range of communication tools, such as the annual general meeting, the annual report, interim report, various notices, announcements and circulars, to ensure the shareholders are kept well informed of key business imperatives. Procedures for conducting a poll are explained by the Chairman of the meeting at the general meetings of the Company.

General meetings of the Company provide a direct forum of communication between shareholders and the Board. Shareholders are welcome to put forward enquiries to the Board or the management thereat and the Chairman of the Board, or in his absence, an executive director of the Company, as well as chairman of the nomination committee, remuneration committee and audit committee, or in their absence, other members of the respective committees, and where applicable, the independent board committee, will be commonly be present and available to answer questions and shareholders may also contact the company secretary to direct their written enquiries.

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 5th September, 2014, a resolution was proposed by the Chairman in respect of each separate issue itemized on the notice, including re-election of retiring directors. The Chairman of the Board and members of all committees answered questions from shareholders.

The Chairman explained detail procedures for conducting a poll. All the resolutions proposed at the meeting were passed separately by way of poll. The results of the poll were published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company on 5th September, 2014. No other general meeting of the Company was held during the year. The attendance record of each director at the general meeting is shown below:-

	General meeting	Attendance
Name of directors	attended	rate
Mr. Lee Lap (Chairman)	1/1	100%
Mr. Tommy Lee (Vice Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)	1/1	100%
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	0/1	0%
Mr. Wong Shiu Kee	1/1	100%
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	0/1	0%
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	1/1	100%
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	1/1	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	1/1	100%

The forthcoming 2015 annual general meeting of the Company will be held on 2nd September, 2015. A notice convening the 2015 annual general meeting will be published on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company and will be dispatched together with the 2014/2015 annual report to the shareholders of the Company.

The Company is committed to enhancing communications and relationships with its investors. Designated management maintains an open dialogue with the press and analysts to keep them abreast of the Company's developments.

The Company also maintain a website at www.termbray.com.hk, where updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information and news can always be found.

Shareholders and investors may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing as follows:

Address: Flat B, 8/F, Waylee Industrial Centre, 30-38 Tsuen King Circuit, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong

Fax: (852) 2480 4214

Email: group@termbray.com.hk

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Shareholders are entitled to requisition a special general meeting and put forward proposals at general meeting. The procedures are as follows:-

### (a) Procedures for requisitioning a special general meeting

Shareholder(s) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company may, by written requisition to the board or the Company Secretary signed and deposited in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company, Bermuda Companies Act 1981, require the directors to call a special general meeting for the transaction of business specified in the requisition.

### (b) Procedures for putting forward proposals to general meeting

Shareholder(s) holding not less than one-twentieth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company or not less than 100 shareholders may, at their expense, provide a written request to the attention of the Company Secretary signed and deposited in accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act 1981.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

The procedures for the shareholders to propose a person for election of a director at an annual general meeting is available for viewing at the Company's website at www.termbray.com.hk.

The above procedures are subject to the bye-laws of the Company and applicable legislation and regulation from time to time.

Besides, the updated memorandum of association and bye-laws of the Company has been posted on the website of the Company at www.termbray.com.hk and the designed website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk.

### CONCLUSION

The Company strongly believes that the quality and standard of corporate governance reflects the quality of the management and the operations of the Group's business. Good corporate governance can safeguard the proper use of funds and effective allocation of resources and to protect shareholders' interests. The management wholeheartedly advocates of the good practice in corporate governance and will try our best to maintain, strengthen and improve the standard and quality of the Group's corporate governance.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### TO THE MEMBERS OF TERMBRAY INDUSTRIES INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Termbray Industries International (Holdings) Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") set out on pages 39 to 91 which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st March, 2015, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31st March, 2015, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu** *Certified Public Accountants* 

Hong Kong 19th June, 2015

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	2015 HK\$'000	2014
	Notes	<b>HK</b> \$ 000	HK\$'000
Revenue	6	6,941	6,351
Cost of goods sold and services rendered	-	(2,951)	(2,746)
Gross profit		3,990	3,605
Other income	7	987	887
Other gains and losses	8	(7,499)	(6,915)
Administrative expenses		(13,397)	(16,042)
Share of result of an associate		(133,544)	63,618
(Loss) profit before toyotion		(140,462)	/E 1E2
(Loss) profit before taxation Taxation	9	(149,463)	45,153
laxation	9	(85)	(1,603)
(Loss) profit for the year	10	(149,548)	43,550
Other comprehensive (expense) income: Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising from translation of			
foreign operations		(39)	120
Share of other comprehensive income of an associate		6,009	11,946
Reclassification adjustment for translation reserve transferred to profit or loss upon deemed			
disposal of interest in an associate		(959)	(415)
Other comprehensive income for the year		5,011	11,651
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year attributable to owners of the Company		(144,537)	55,201
		HK cents	HK cents
Basic (loss) earnings per share	13	(7.64)	2.22

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

At 31st March, 2015

	Notes	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	14	41,691	42,995
Investment property	15	29,173	29,506
Interest in an associate	16	609,003	727,785
Pledged bank deposits	17 & 22	2,000	2,000
		681,867	802,286
CURRENT ASSETS Completed properties for sale		121,629	122,233
Other receivables		43	43
Deposits and prepayments		2,240	2,104
Taxation recoverable			118
Bank balances and cash	17	330,334	354,739
		454,246	479,237
		434,240	479,237
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other payables and accrued charges		3,241	3,540
Dividend payable		12,505	12,505
Deposit received		721	725
Amount due to a related company	18 & 24(b)	2,190	2,372
Taxation payable		4,151	3,629
		22,808	22,771
NET CURRENT ASSETS		121 120	156 166
		431,438	456,466
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,113,305	1,258,752
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liabilities	19	234	1,144
NET ASSETS		1,113,071	1,257,608

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

At 31st March, 2015

		2015	2014
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	20	156,611	156,611
Reserves		956,043	1,100,580
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		1,112,654	1,257,191
Non-controlling interests		417	417
TOTAL EQUITY		1,113,071	1,257,608

The consolidated financial statements on pages 39 to 91 were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors on 19 June, 2015 and are signed on its behalf by:

Lee Lap Director

Wong Shiu Kee Director

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

	Attributable to owners of the Company							
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000	
	<b>,</b>		,	1				
At 1st April, 2013	156,611	404,370	13,307	627,702	1,201,990	417	1,202,407	
Profit for the year	_	-	_	43,550	43,550	_	43,550	
Exchange differences arising from translation of								
foreign operations	-	-	120	-	120	-	120	
Share of other comprehensive income of an associate	-	-	11,946	-	11,946	-	11,946	
Reclassification adjustment to profit or loss upon								
deemed disposal of interest of an associate	-	-	(415)	-	(415)	-	(415)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	11,651	43,550	55,201	-	55,201	
At 31st March, 2014	156,611	404,370	24,958	671,252	1,257,191	417	1,257,608	
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(149,548)	(149,548)	-	(149,548)	
Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations	-	-	(39)	-	(39)	-	(39)	
Share of other comprehensive income of an associate	-	-	6,009	-	6,009	-	6,009	
Reclassification adjustment to profit or loss upon deemed disposal of interest of an associate	-	-	(959)	-	(959)	-	(959)	
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	_	-	5,011	(149,548)	(144,537)	_	(144,537)	
At 31st March, 2015	156,611	404,370	29,969	521,704	1,112,654	417	1,113,071	

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
(Loss) profit before taxation	(149,463)	45,153
Adjustments for:	(145,405)	-3,133
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,304	1,440
Depreciation of investment property	333	333
Share of result of an associate	133,544	(63,618)
Net loss on deemed disposal of interest in an associate	7,392	6,626
Interest income	(838)	(794)
Net exchange loss	107	289
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	(7,621)	(10,571)
Decrease in completed properties for sale	480	242
Decrease in other receivables	_	4,105
Increase in deposits and prepayments	(136)	(39)
(Decrease) increase in other payables and accrued charges	(299)	510
(Decrease) increase in deposits received	(4)	15
Decrease in amount due to a related company	(182)	(217)
Cash used in operations	(7,762)	(5,955)
	(7,702)	(3,955)
Income taxes paid	(355)	(1,349)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(8,117)	(7,304)
	(0,117)	(7,504)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	838	794
Net subscription of right issues of an associate	(34,140)	
Dividend received from an associate	17,036	_
	,	
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(16,266)	794
	(24,202)	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(24,383)	(6,510)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	354,739	361,259
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	(22)	(10)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	330,334	354,739
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Bank balances and cash	330,334	354,739

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **1. GENERAL**

The Company is a public company incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its parent is Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and the directors of the Company consider that its ultimate parent to be Lee & Leung Family Investment Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands which is held by HSBC International Trustee Limited for Lee & Leung Family Trust, the settlor of which is Mr. Lee Lap.

The addresses of the registered office and the principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate information" of the Company's Annual Report.

The Group is principally engaged in property investment and development.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

The Group has applied for the first time in the current year the following amendments to HKFRSs and a new Interpretation issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"):

Amendments to HKFRS 10,	Investment Entities
HKFRS 12 and HKFRS 27	
Amendments to HKFRS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Amendments to HKFRS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets
Amendments to HKFRS 39	Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of
	Hedge Accounting
HK(IFRIC) – Int 21	Levies

The application of the new amendments to HKFRSs and the Interpretation in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure Initiative <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 16	
and HKAS 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 19	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 27	Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its
and HKAS 28	Associate or Joint Venture <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10,	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception <sup>4</sup>
and HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28	
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle <sup>5</sup>
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle <sup>4</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2018, with earlier application permitted.
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2017, with earlier application permitted.
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2014, with earlier application permitted.
- <sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2016, with earlier application permitted.
- <sup>5</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2014, with limited exceptions. Earlier application is permitted.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

### **HKFRS 15** revenue from contract with customers

HKFRS 15 was issued in 2014 which establishes a single model to deal with revenue arising from contracts with customers. When HKFRS 15 becomes effective, HKFRS 15 will supersede HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the related Interpretations.

HKFRS 15 introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identity the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identity the performance obligations in the contract(s)
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract(s)
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation

With regard to step 5, an entity should recognise revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Specifically, HKFRS 15 requires entities to recognise revenue over time when certain conditions are met. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

The directors of the Company will assess the impact on the application of HKFRS 15. For the moment, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 15 until the Group performs a detailed review.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis as explained in the accounting polices below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirely, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Basis of consolidation (continued)**

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### Investment in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of an associate is incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of an associate. When the group's share of losses of an associate exceed the group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interest that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

When the end of the reporting period of the Group is different from that of the associate, the associate prepares, for the use of the Group, financial statements as of the same date as the financial statements of the Group unless it is impracticable to do so. At that case, if the financial statement of an associate used in applying the equity method are prepared as of a different date from that of the Group, adjustments will be made for the effects of significant transactions or events that occur between that date and the date of the Group's financial statements. In any case, the difference between the end of the reporting period of the associate and that of the Group shall be no more than three months. The length of the reporting periods and any difference between the ends of the reporting period to period.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Investment in an associate (continued)

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognize any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

For disposal or deemed disposal of interest in an associate that does not result in the Group losing significant influence over the associate, the difference between the then carrying amount of the associate attributable to the interests disposed and the share of net assets attributable to the interests disposed after taking into account the relevant event is included in the determination of the gain or loss on the disposal of interests. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. translation reserve) relating to that reduction in ownership interest is reclassified to profit or loss as if the associate has disposed the related assets or liabilities proportionately.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from sale of properties in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the respective properties have been completed and delivered to the buyers. Deposits and instalments received from purchasers prior to meeting the above criteria for revenue recognition are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

The Group's accounting policy for recognition of revenue from operating leases is described in the accounting policy for leasing below.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including leasehold land (classified as finance lease) and buildings held for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated financial statement at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Investment property**

Investment property is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment property is initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of investment property over its estimated useful life and after taking into account of its estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

#### **Properties for sale**

Properties for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the cost of land, development expenditure, other attributable costs and borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. Net realisable value is determined by reference to estimated selling price less selling expenses.

#### Impairment losses on tangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Impairment losses on tangible assets (continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flow have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Financial instruments (continued)**

#### Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified as loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that from an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to be the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

Income is recognized by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Financial instruments (continued)**

#### Financial assets (continued)

#### Impairment of loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Loans and receivables are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the loans and receivables, the estimated future cash flows of the loans and receivables have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest and principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

The amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted, at the loans and receivables original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the loans and receivables is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Financial instruments (continued)**

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debit and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified either as financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including other payables and amount due to a related company) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the affective interest method.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, (where appropriate), a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognized on an effective interest basis.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirely, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Foreign currencies**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity ("foreign currencies") are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the year, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transaction are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve.

For all partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates that do not result in the Group losing significant influence), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### The Group as lessee

Operating leases payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

#### Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases, in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

#### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from '(loss) profit before taxation' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and an associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Deferred tax (continued)**

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, expect when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### **Retirement benefit costs**

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, including the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme and state-managed retirement pension schemes, are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

### 4. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company comprising issued share capital, retained profits and other reserves.

The management reviews the capital structure on a regular basis. As a part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends as well as the issue of new debt.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### (a) Categories of financial instruments

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables		
(including cash and cash equivalents)	332,377	356,782
Financial liabilities		
Liabilities at amortised cost	2,617	2,803

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The management of the Group has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

### (i) Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the foreign currency risk and the interest rate risk.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures risks.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

### (i) Market risk (continued)

#### Foreign currency risk management

Certain bank balances of the Group are denominated in foreign currencies which are different from the functional currency of the relevant group entity and therefore the Group is exposed to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign exchange exposure should the need arises. The carrying amounts of the Group's major foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities, including intra-group balances at the reporting date are as follows:

	Ass	ets	Liabilities		
	2015	<b>2015</b> 2014 <b>2015</b>		2014	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Group					
HK\$	10,580	10,607	_	_	
United States dollar ("USD")	322	323	-	-	
Inter-group balances					
HK\$	125,183	124,280	320,348	319,656	

#### Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the functional currencies of the relevant group entities against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and also intra-group balances denominated in foreign currencies and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

### (i) Market risk (continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis (continued)

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the foreign currency exposure in relation to the HK\$ and USD exchange rate fluctuation is not significant as HK\$ is pegged to USD. For this reason, the sensitivity analysis below does not reflect this.

The sensitivity analysis below shows the impact relates to monetary assets or liabilities that are denominated in HK\$ or USD against the functional currency of relevant group entities, Renminbi ("RMB").

Where the functional currency of the relevant group entity strengthens 5% against relevant foreign currencies, there would be a decrease in the loss of HK\$9,229,000 (2014: an increase in the profit of HK\$9,238,000) for the year.

A 5% weakening of the functional currency would have an equal but opposite impact on the loss for the year.

#### Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to its interest bearing financial instruments which are mainly pledged bank deposits and bank balances. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. The management of the Group monitors interest rate risk exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

#### Sensitively analysis

Since the interest income derived from pledged bank deposits and bank balances is minimal, no sensitivity analysis in relation to the interest rates for pledged bank deposits and bank balances is presented.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

### (ii) Credit risk management

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantee provided by the Group is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The management reviews the recoverable amount of each receivable at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 80% (2014: 85%) of aggregated amounts of pledged bank deposits and bank balance represented deposits placed in a bank. However, the directors of the Company consider that the credit risk of pledged bank deposits and bank balance is limited because the counterparty is a bank with good reputation and high creditworthiness.

The Group has pledged of deposits of HK\$2,000,000 to banks in respect of mortgage loans granted to property purchasers. The pledge would be released upon delivering the building ownership certificate of the respective property by the customers to the banks as a pledge for security to the mortgage loan granted. The directors considered that the credit risk involved was not significant.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

### (iii) Liquidity risk management

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities and the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

HK\$'000 - 12,505 2,190	HK\$'000 _	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
-	-				
-	-				
-		427	_	427	427
-	_	-	_	12,505	12,505
2,100			_	2,190	2,190
117	54	233	317	721	721
117	J4		711	721	
14,812	54	660	317	15,843	15,843
On demand or				Total	
	1_2	2 months to	1_3		Carrying
					amount
			,		HK\$'000
4	-	427	-	431	431
12,505	-	-	-		12,505
	_	_	-		2,372
	19	161	525	725	725
20					
		1 month months HK\$'000 HK\$'000 4 – 12,505 – 2,372 –	1 month         months         1 year           HK\$'000         HK\$'000         HK\$'000           4         -         427           12,505         -         -           2,372         -         -	1 month         months         1 year         years           HK\$'000         HK\$'000         HK\$'000         HK\$'000           4         -         427         -           12,505         -         -         -           2,372         -         -         -	1 month         months         1 year         years         cash flows           HK\$'000         HK\$'000         HK\$'000         HK\$'000         HK\$'000           4         -         427         -         431           12,505         -         -         12,505           2,372         -         -         2,372

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### (c) Fair Value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

### 6. **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION**

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Sale of properties	1,347	723
Rental income	5,594	5,628
	6,941	6,351

Segment information reported to the chief operating decision maker, the executive directors of the Company, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the one principal operating segment of the Group, namely property investment and development which involved property leasing and sales of properties.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 6. **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

### Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating segment:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
	6.044	C 251
Revenue from property investment and development segment	6,941	6,351
Segment profit (loss) from property investment and		
development segment	2,555	(1,329)
Unallocated other income	847	790
Unallocated other gains and losses	(9)	(12)
Unallocated expenses	(12,005)	(12,891)
Share of results of an associate	(133,544)	63,618
Net loss on deemed disposal of interest in an associate	(7,392)	(6,626)
(Loss) profit for the year	(149,548)	43,550

All of the segment revenue reported above is from external customers.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit (loss) represents the profit (loss) earned by property investment and development segment without allocation of unallocated other income, unallocated other gains and losses, unallocated expenses, share of result of an associate and net loss on deemed disposal of interest in an associate. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker of the Group for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 6. **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

### Other segment information

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

	Property investment and development HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit:			
Depreciation	419	1,218	1,637
Interest income	72	766	838
Taxation charge	85	-	85

	Property investment and development HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit:			
Depreciation Interest income	418 69	1,355 725	1,773 794
Taxation charge	1,603		1,603

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 6. **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

### **Geographical information**

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

The Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers by location where the goods are delivered and services are rendered and information about its non-current assets by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

		Revenue from external customers		Non-current assets	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Hong Kong	1,884	2,378	70,844	72,455	
The PRC	5,057	3,973	20	46	
Unallocated <sup>1</sup>	–	–	609,003	727,785	
	6,941	6,351	679,867	800,286	

Note: Non-current assets excluded pledged bank deposits.

<sup>1</sup> Unallocated non-current assets represent interest in an associate which is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries have operations in both Hong Kong and the PRC. Details are set out in note 16.

### Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Customer A <sup>1</sup> Customer B <sup>2</sup>	1,884 727	2,378
Customer C <sup>2</sup>	-	723

<sup>1</sup> Revenue from property leasing

<sup>2</sup> Revenue from sales of property

### Segment assets and liabilities

Information of the operating segments of the Group reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment does not include any assets and liabilities. Accordingly, no segment asses and liabilities are presented.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 7. OTHER INCOME

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Interest income from bank balances	838	794
Sundry income	149	93
	987	887

### 8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Net exchange loss	(107)	(289)
Net loss on deemed disposal of interest in an associate (note 16)	(7,392)	(6,626)
	(7,499)	(6,915)

### 9. TAXATION

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Current tax:		
Hong Kong Profit Tax	279	_
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	355	516
	634	516
Under provision in prior years: Hong Kong Profits Tax	243	_
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	118	1,006
i		
	361	1,006
Deferred tax (note 19)	(910)	81
	85	1,603

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 9. TAXATION (continued)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31st March, 2015.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the year ended 31st March 2014 as the Group has no assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for that year.

PRC Enterprise Income tax is calculated at 25% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
(Loss) profit before taxation	(149,463)	45,153
Tax at the applicable income tax rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%)	(24,661)	7,450
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	2,862	2,841
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(140)	(133)
Tax effect of share of result of an associate	22,035	(10,497)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognized	407	510
Underprovision in respect of prior years	361	1,006
Others	(779)	426
Tax charge for the year	85	1,603

Details of the deferred tax are set out in note 19.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **10. (LOSS) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR**

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
(Loss) profit for the year has been arrived at after		
charging (crediting):		
Auditor's remuneration		
– current year	1,006	1,206
– (over)underprovision in prior year	(143)	169
Cost of inventories recognised as expense	480	242
Depreciation of		
- property, plant and equipment	1,304	1,440
– investment property	333	333
Staff costs including directors' emoluments other than		
benefit-in-kind (note)	7,860	7,753
Operating lease rentals in respect of land and buildings	576	434
Gross rental income from investment property	(1,884)	(2,378
Less: direct operating expense incurred for investment		
property that generated rental income		
during the year	489	2,334
		_,
	(1,395)	(44

Note: The rental value of the Group's land and buildings provided as accommodation to certain directors of the Company as set out in note 11.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **11. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EMPLOYEES**

#### (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable for each of 8 (2014: 8) directors including the Chief Executive were as follows:

	Year ended 31st March, 2015			
	Fees		Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
<b>Executive directors</b> Mr. Lee Lap		3,800		3,800
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	_	3,300		3,300
Mr. Wong Shiu Kee	_	1,500	75	1,575
Mr. Tommy Lee	-	240	12	252
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	100	-	-	100
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	100	-	-	100
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	100		-	100
Non-executive director	100			100
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	100	-	_	100
	400	8,840	87	9,327

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31st March, 2015

#### **11. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EMPLOYEES** (continued)

#### (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

		Year ended 31	st March, 2014	
		Basic salaries, allowances and benefits	Contributions to retirement benefit	
	Fees	-in-kind	schemes	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors				
Mr. Lee Lap	-	3,800	_	3,800
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	_	3,300	13	3,313
Mr. Wong Shiu Kee	-	1,500	75	1,575
Mr. Tommy Lee	_	240	12	252
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	100	_	_	100
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	100	_	_	100
Mr. Siu Lok Chow	100			100
Non-executive director				
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	100	_	_	100
	400	8,840	100	9,340

Mr. Tommy Lee is also the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as Chief Executive.

During the year, the land and buildings of the Group with a rateable value of HK\$3,600,000 (2014: HK\$3,600,000) were provided as accommodation to certain directors of the Company and has been included in basic salaries, allowances and benefits-in-kind disclosed above.

In addition to the above, no non-contractual compensation for loss of office was paid. Neither the chief executive nor any of the directors waived any emoluments in both years.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

# 11. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EMPLOYEES (continued)

#### (b) Senior employees' emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, four (2014: four) are directors of the Company, whose emoluments have been included in (a) above.

The emoluments of the remaining one (2014: one) individuals, whose emoluments are individually below HK\$1,000,000, were as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits	351	351
Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	18	18
	369	369

#### **12. DIVIDEND**

No dividend was declared or proposed for the year ended 31st March, 2015 and 2014, nor any dividend has been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2014: nil).

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **13. BASIC (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE**

The calculation of basic (loss) earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
(Loss) earnings for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purposes of basic (loss) earnings per share	(149,548)	43,550

	Number	Number of shares	
	<b>'00</b> ' '00		
Number of ordinary shares for the purposes			
of basic (loss) earnings per share	1,957,643	1,957,643	

Diluted (loss) earrings per share is not presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue for both years.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

	Leasehold land HK\$'000	Buildings HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures, equipment and leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
СОЅТ					
At 1st April, 2013 Disposals	45,149	6,250	9,984 _	6,850 (950)	68,233 (950)
At 31st March, 2014 and at 31st March, 2015	45,149	6,250	9,984	5,900	67,283
DEPRECIATION					
At 1st April, 2013	7,767	2,540	8,534	4,957	23,798
Provide for the year	372	142	308	618	1,440
Eliminated on disposals	_	-		(950)	(950)
At 31st March, 2014	8,139	2,682	8,842	4,625	24,288
Provided for the year	372	142	309	481	1,304
At 31st March, 2015	8,511	2,824	9,151	5,106	25,592
CARRYING VALUES					
AT 31st March, 2015	36,638	3,426	833	794	41,691
At 31st March, 2014	37,010	3,568	1,142	1,275	42,995

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account of their estimated residual value, as follows:

Leasehold land Buildings	Over the term of the lease 40 years or over the remaining lease term of the land on which the building is situated, if shorter
Furniture, fixtures and equipment and leasehold improvements Motor vehicles	10% to 20%

The carrying value of the Group's leasehold land and buildings is analysed as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Land in Hong Kong and held under: Long lease Medium-term lease	36,717 3,347	37,114 3,464
	40,064	40,578

The leasehold land and buildings are used as accommodation for certain directors.

#### **15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

	HK\$'000
COST	
At 1st April, 2013, and 31st March, 2014 and 2015	35,286
DEPRECIATION	
At 1st April, 2013	5,447
Provided for the year	333
At 31st March, 2014	5,780
Provided for the year	333
At 31st March, 2015	6,113
CARRYING VALUES	
At 31st March, 2015	29,173
At 31st March, 2014	29,506

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (continued)**

The investment property is situated in Hong Kong with long lease.

The fair value of the Group's investment property at 31st March, 2015 is HK\$133,000,000 (2014: HK\$123,000,000). The fair value has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited ("Vigers"), an independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group. Vigers is a member of the Institute of Valuers.

The fair value was determined based on the market comparable comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar properties, adjusted for differences in nature, location and conditions of the properties under review. There has no change from the valuation technique used in the prior year.

Details of the Group's investment property and information about the fair value hierarchy as at 31st March, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	Fair value Carrying value at		Fair value as at		
	hierarchy	31.3.2015	31.3.2014	31.3.2015	31.3.2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Residential property units					
located in Hong Kong	Level 3	29,173	29,506	133,000	123,000

The Group's investment property is rented out under operating lease.

The above investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land	Over the term of the lease
Buildings	40 years or over the remaining lease term of the land on which
	the buildings is situated, if shorter

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE**

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Cost of investment in an associate listed in Hong Kong	308,706	286,771
Share of post-acquisition profit and other comprehensive income and effect on deemed disposal of interest in an		
associate, net of dividend received	300,297	441,014
	609,003	727,785
Market value of interest in an associate	413,902	1,022,322

The financial year end date for the associate is 31st December. For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, the audited consolidated financial statements of the associate for the year ended 31st December, 2014 have been used as the Group considers that it is impracticable for the associate to prepare a separate set of audited financial statements as of 31st March, 2015.

Included in the cost of investment in an associate is goodwill of HK\$167,088,000 (2014: HK\$174,930,000) which is the difference between the initial cost of investment and the Group's share of the net value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities as at the date of acquisition of the associate.

During the year ended 31st March 2015, the Group's shareholding in the associate was diluted from 31.90% to 30.47% as the associate has issued approximately 12,289,000 shares for share options exercise and issued approximately 154,341,000 right shares. The Group has subscribed for 35,500,000 right shares in net consideration of HK\$34,140,000.

As a result, a net loss on deemed disposal of interest in an associate of HK\$7,392,000 was recognized in profit or loss and the relevant accumulated translation reserve of HK\$959,000 was reclassified to profit or loss. During the year ended 31st March, 2015, a dividend of HK\$17,036,000 (2014: Nil) was declared by the associate to the Group.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)**

During the prior year, the Group's shareholding in the associate was diluted from 32.85% to 31.90% as the associate has issued approximately 8,881,000 shares and 21,720,000 shares for additional investment of a subsidiary and share options exercise respectively. As a result, a net loss on deemed disposal of interest in an associate of HK\$6,626,000 was recognised in profit or loss and the relevant accumulated translation reserve of HK\$415,000 was reclassified to profit or loss.

Due to the effects caused by sluggish global oil and gas market that caused significant decline in new oilfield service orders and delay in realising trade receivables, the associate reported net loss and operating cash outflow for the year ended 31st December, 2014. The carrying amount of the associate is lower than the market capitalisation with reference to the quoted market price of the shares of the associate as at 31st March, 2015 which constitute impairment indicators. The Group conducted an impairment assessment of the associate. The recoverable amount of the associate is determined based on the value in use estimation by the management. In determining the value in use of the interest in an associate, the directors estimated the present value of the estimated future cash flow comprising expected dividend incomes from an associate and expected ultimate disposal, by using a discount rate to discount the cash flow projections to net present value. The future cash flow from the expected ultimate disposal is calculated with reference to the expected return from the associate. Based on the assessment, the recoverable amount of the Group's interest in an associate is estimated to be higher than the carrying amount and no impairment loss is recognised.

Name of entity	Form of equity	Country of incorporation	Class of shares held	no issu I	Proportion minal value red capital by the Grou 31.3.2014	e of held	vot	Proportion of ing power 31.3.2014	held	Principal activity
Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	30.47%	31.73%	31.90%	30.47%	31.73%	31.90%	Manufacturing and sales of tools and equipment and provision for oilfield consultancy service

As at 31st March, 2015 and 2014, the Group had interest in the following associate:

#### Summarised financial information of material associate

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The Group's associate is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)**

#### Summarised financial information of material associate (continued)

Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited

	31.12.2014 HK\$'000	31.12.2013 HK\$'000
Current assets	1,598,328	1,955,249
Non-current assets (excluding goodwill)	1,086,487	416,638
Current liabilities	1,311,708	609,010
Non-current liabilities	55,458	14,589
	Year ended 31.12.2014 HK\$'000	Year ended 31.12.2013 HK\$'000
Revenue	705,172	1,060,435
(Loss) profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	(418,147) 18,979	210,506 37,657
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(399,168)	248,163
Attributable to: Owners of the associate Non-controlling interests of the associate	(404,057) 4,889	233,214 14,949
	(399,168)	248,163
Dividends received from an associate during the year	17,036	

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)**

#### Summarised financial information of material associate (continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in an associate recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

	31.12.2014 HK\$'000	31.12.2013 HK\$'000
Total nets assets of an associate	1,317,649	1,748,288
Less: Non-controlling interests	(43,300)	(34,524)
Less: Reserves not attributable to the Group	14,357	9,422
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Group		
as at 31st December	1,288,706	1,723,186
Add: Net proceeds raised by an associate from		
the issuance of right share (Note 1)	151,255	-
	1,439,961	1,723,186
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest		
in an associate (Note 2)	30.47%	31.9%
Goodwill	167,088	174,930
Other adjustments	3,159	3,159
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in an associate	609,003	727,785

Note 1: It represented the share of net proceeds for the issuance of right shares in February 2015 as mentioned above.

Note 2: The proportion as at 31st December, 2014 represented the proportion after the adjustment for the issuance of right shares in February 2015.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

#### **17. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/BANK BALANCES AND CASH**

Pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash, which comprise short-term bank deposits, carry interest at effective interest rates ranging from 0.01% to 0.26% (2014: 0.01% to 0.26%) per annum.

Details of the pledged bank deposits are set out in note 22.

#### **18. AMOUNT DUE TO A RELATED COMPANY**

The amount due to a related company is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping, directors the Company have ultimate beneficial interest and control over the related company.

#### **19. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES**

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2013	1,063
Charge to profit or loss	81
At 31st March, 2014	1,144
Charge to profit or loss	(910)
At 31st March, 2015	234

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$96,989,000 (2014: HK\$94,521,000) available for offset against future profit.

No deferred tax asset had been recognized in respect of the unused tax losses as at 31st March, 2015 and 2014 due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The unrecognised tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **20. SHARE CAPITAL**

	2015 ٤ Number of	α <b>2014</b>	
	shares	Nominal value	
	'000	HK\$'000	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.08 each			
Authorised	2,800,000	224,000	
Issued and fully paid	1,957,643	156,611	

There is no movement in share capital during the two years ended 31st March, 2015.

#### **21. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS**

#### The Group as lessor

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's investment property (comprising leasehold interest in land and building) and certain properties held for sale with carrying amounts of HK\$29,173,000 (2014: HK\$29,506,000) and HK\$31,689,000 (2014: HK\$37,195,000) respectively were let out under operating leases. The management has been actively marketing the properties held for sale. All of the properties leased out have committed tenants for the next one to two years (2014: three years).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive	2,668 1,805	2,760 3,687
	4,473	6,447

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### **21. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS (continued)**

#### The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease which fall due as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Within one year	365	365

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for office premises. These are negotiated and rentals are fixed for a period of one year (2014: one year).

#### **22. PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

As at 31st March, 2015, bank deposits of HK\$2,000,000 (2014: HK\$2,000,000) were pledged to the banks as security in respect of mortgage loans granted to property purchasers by banks.

#### **23. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS**

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs to the scheme.

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 23. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC government. The subsidiary is required to contribute certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to this retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The total cost charged to profit or loss of HK\$226,000 (2014: HK\$217,000) represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group in respect of the year.

#### 24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had the following transactions with related parties:

- (a) Pursuant to the tenancy agreements entered into between Panda Investment Company Limited ("Panda Investment") and the Group, the Group leased certain office premises of Panda Investment during the year at the agreed rental of HK\$486,000 (2014: HK\$355,500) per annum. Panda Investment is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lee & Leung Family Investment Limited, the ultimate parent of the Company.
- (b) At 31st March, 2015, the Group had an amount of approximately HK\$2,190,000 (2014: HK\$2,372,000) due to Panda Investment, which is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (c) Pursuant to tenancy agreements entered into between Mr. Lee Wing Keung, a son of certain directors of the Company, and the Group, the Group leased its land and building to Mr. Lee Wing Keung for a period of 3 years commencing from 16th March, 2011 to 15th March, 2014 at the monthly rental of HK\$200,000 (inclusive of rates, management fee and utility charges) and from 16th March, 2014 to 15th March, 2017 at monthly rental of HK\$157,000 (exclusively of rates, management fee and utility charges) respectively. The rental income recognised during the year is HK\$1,884,000 (2014: HK\$2,378,000).
- (d) The compensation of key management personnel paid or payable by the Group in respect of the year, substantially all of which comprised of short term benefits attributable to the directors of the Company, amounted to HK\$9,327,000 (2014: HK\$9,340,000), details of which are set out in note 11(a).

The remuneration of key management personnel is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

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### **25. PARTICULARS OF MAJOR SUBSIDIARIES**

The following list contains only the particulars of the major subsidiaries at 31st March, 2015 and 2014 which principally affect the results, assets or liabilities of the Group as the directors are of the opinion that a full list of all the subsidiaries would be of excessive length. All the principal subsidiaries are wholly owned subsidiaries and, unless otherwise specified, are operating in their place of incorporation/establishment. None of the subsidiaries had any loan capital outstanding at 31st March, 2015 and 2014 or at any time during the year.

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital held by the Company	Principal activities	
Direct subsidiary:					
Termbray Electronics (B.V.I.) Limited (i)	British Virgin Islands	100 ordinary shares of USD1 each	100%	Investment holding	
Indirect subsidiary:					
Ever Success Properties Limited (ii)	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Investment holding	
Termbray (China) Land Development Company Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Investment holding	
Termbray (Fujian) Land Development Company Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment	

For the year ended 31st March, 2015

### 25. PARTICULARS OF MAJOR SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital held by the Company	Principal activities
Indirect subsidiary: (continued)				
Termbray (Guangzhou) Land Development Company Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property holding
Termbray Electronics Company Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each and 10,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$100 each	100%	Investment holding and treasury activities
Zhongshan Ever Success Properties Limited (iii)	PRC	Registered capital of RMB1,500,000	100%	Property development

(i) Operating in Hong Kong

(ii) Operating in the PRC

(iii) A limited liability company established in the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PRC}}$ 

# INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period includes:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assets		
Unlisted investments in subsidiaries	234,230	234,230
Amounts due from subsidiaries	958,885	618,560
Bank balances and cash	14,961	17,815
Other current assets	168	168
	1,208,244	870,773
Total liabilities		
Dividend payable	12,505	12,505
Other current liabilities	953	1,014
	12 / 59	12 510
	13,458	13,519
	1,194,786	857,254
Total equity		
Share capital	156,611	156,611
Reserves	1,038,175	700,643
	1,194,786	857,254

# INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

#### Movement in reserve

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Contributed Surplus HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st April 2012	156,611	404,370	107,556	191,810	860,347
At 1st April, 2013	150,011	404,370	107,550	191,010	000,547
Loss for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	(3,093)	_	(3,093)
			(3,033)		(3,093)
At 31st March, 2014	156,611	404,370	104,463	191,810	857,254
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	337,532	_	337,532
			۷۵۲, ۱ د د		
At 31st March, 2015	156,611	404,370	441,995	191,810	1,194,786

# LIST OF MAJOR PROPERTIES

### **PROPERTIES FOR SALE**

Property location	Use	Approximate gross Floor area Sq.m.	Group's Attribution interest %
90-124 An Lan Road, Zhongshan,	Commercial and car park	15,152	100
Guangdong Province	Residential	24,069	100

# **FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

The following tables summarize certain consolidated financial information in respect of the Group's results, assets and liabilities for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements.

#### **CONSOLIDATED RESULTS**

		Year ended 31st March,				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Revenue	6,941	6,351	8,464	5,642	9,160	
(Loss) profit before taxation – continuing operations	(149,463)	45,153	245,358	(6,708)	(6,716)	
– discontinued operations	-	_	-	-	126,876	
	(149,463)	45,153	245,358	(6,708)	120,160	
Taxation						
<ul> <li>– continuing operations</li> <li>– discontinued operations</li> </ul>	(85) –	(1,603)	(364)	(369)	(342) (3,873)	
	(85)	(1,603)	(364)	(369)	(4,215)	
(Loss) profit for the year	(149,548)	43,550	244,994	(7,077)	115,945	
Attributable to owners of the Company	(149,548)	43,550	244,994	(7,077)	109,516	
Attributable to non-controlling interests	-	_	_	_	6,429	

# FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

### **CONSOLIDATED ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

		As at 31st March,				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Non-current assets	44.604	42.005		46 100	45 67 4	
Property, plant and equipment	41,691	42,995	44,435	46,109	45,674	
Investment property	29,173	29,506	29,839	30,172	30,505	
Investment in an associate	609,003	727,785	659,262	477,357	476,480	
Pledged bank deposits	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Current assets	454,246	479,237	490,535	598,340	718,597	
TOTAL ASSETS	1,136,113	1,281,523	1,226,071	1,153,978	1,273,256	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	(22,808)	(22,771)	(22,601)	(18,129)	(14,537)	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	(234)	(1,144)	(1,063)	(930)	(844	
NET ASSETS	1,113,071	1,257,608	1,202,407	1,134,919	1,257,875	
Equity attributable to equity						
holders of the Company	1,112,654	1,257,191	1,201,990	1,134,502	1,257,458	
Non-controlling interests	417	417	417	417	417	
TOTAL EQUITY	1,113,071	1,257,608	1,202,407	1,134,919	1,257,875	

### **PER SHARE DATA**

	Year ended 31st March,				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	HK cents	HK cents	HK cents	HK cents	HK cents
Basic (loss) earrings per share	(7.64)	2.22	12.51	(0.36)	5.59
Dividends per share					
Interim dividend	-	_	_	6	-
Final dividend	-		_	9	
Net asset value per share	56.86	64.24	61.42	57,97	64.25