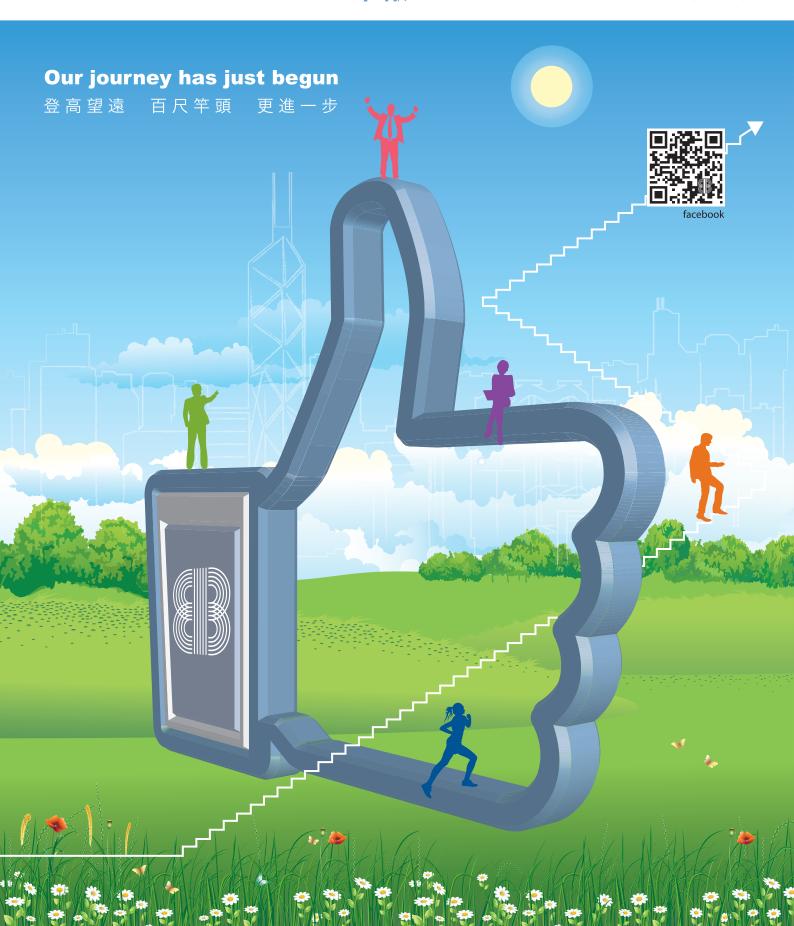


ANNUAL REPORT 年報

2015 二零一五年





Content

目錄



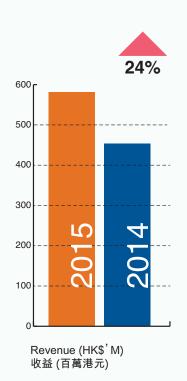


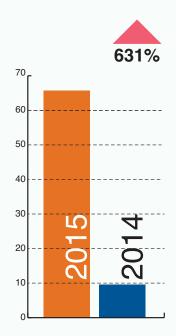
- Financial Highlights 財務摘要
- 4 Chairman's Statement 主席報告書
- 6 Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析
- 13 Group Structure 集團架構
- 14 Corporate Information 公司資料
- 17 Directors' Report 董事會報告
- 31 Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
- 54 Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告
- 56 Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表
- 58 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
- 60 Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表
- 61 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
- 63 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
- 64 Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註
- 130 Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

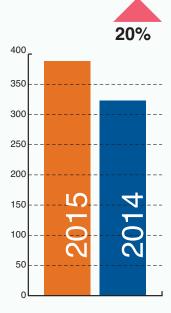
Financial Highlights 財務摘要

Annual results for the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之全年業績









Profit attributable to shareholders (HK\$'M) 股東應佔溢利 (百萬港元)

Net asset value (HK\$'M) 資產淨值 (百萬港元)

Revenue (HK\$'000)
Operating profit (HK\$'000)
Profit before income tax (HK\$'000)
Profit attributable to shareholders (HK\$'000)
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)
Proposed final dividend per share (HK cents)
Net asset value (HK\$'000)

收益(千港元)	
經營溢利(千港元)	
除税項前溢利(千港元)	
股東應佔溢利(千港元)	
每股基本溢利(港仙)	
建議每股末期股息(港仙)	
資產淨值(千港元)	

2014 二零一四年	2015 二零一五年
466,020	578,810
13,015	81,434
11,553	80,255
9,019	65,910
3.0	21.9
2	8
323,645	388,879



Chairman's Statement

主席報告書

Dear Shareholders.

I am pleased to present the Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Although Greece contributes a minor portion to the euro zone, yet the spill-over of the recent Greek debt debacle would be unexpectedly powerful and hit various member states of the European Union to a different degree. The Greece-related uncertainty has demonstrated the importance of a coordinated framework for financial crisis management in order to stabilise the financial system and the real economy of euro zone. Meanwhile, the US dollar continues to be the safe shelter of Euro crisis and renewed expectation of a rate hike. The uncertainty over a debt default from Greece and the possibility of interest rates hike in US has made Euro less attractive as a funding currency for carrying trades. This would also affect China economy in real term. We expect that all these events and the unforeseen consequence stemming from these events will dominate the scene of global economy and create uncertainties to the market.

The Hong Kong economy is affected by the above and additionally by local government policies, political and business environment. The housing market has turned more balanced following an increase in supply of primary flats and the adaptation to curbing measures imposed by the government. The shop leasing market is more stable for now and thus favourable to retail operations, but uncertainty remains as how Hong Kong economy may perform at the last quarter of this year.

To this end, we would try to identify the market trends despite the uncertainty of global economy and to adjust strategies accordingly. Our wholesale segment aims to embrace new residential projects at the right time. As mentioned in the Management Discussion and Analysis, the secondary housing market has improved which increases retail business and enhances the overall margin of the Group. These efforts have been proven to be effective that the results for the year ended 31 March 2015 is pleasing.

Our performance rests on the co-operative relationship with customers, in which quality products and services are the main elements. We shall continue to flourishing our strength in order to serve customer well and stay competitive. As a supplier of architectural builder hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture, we are able to offer a full range of products to satisfy customers' needs, expand our sales and marketing networks with property developers, architects and designers.

We have kept vigilant to the market fluctuations and maintained the disciplined approach in operation and expansion. The Group maintained its current ratio and quick ratio at 2.2 (2014: 2.0) and 1.4 (2014: 1.0) respectively as at 31 March 2015. We have also kept an optimal cash level with a balance in finance expenditure to meet with any opportunities and contingencies in future.

The management would like to thank the support and trust of shareholders, as well as the loyalty and efforts of the staff. Their contributions have been indispensable for the Group's development during the past years, and its prospects for the years to come.

TSE Sun Fat, Henry Chairman 17 June 2015







各位股東:

本人欣然提呈截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之年報。

儘管希臘的經濟規模在歐羅區所佔比例並非顯著,惟其近日之債務危機意外地影響甚大,且對歐盟各成員國帶來不同程度之震盪。希臘時局瞬息萬變,說明了處理金融危機有賴各方協調,以穩定金融體系及歐羅區的實體經濟。同時,美元在此環境下繼續為資金避險,且預期會加息。希臘債務違約危機之不確定性及美國加息之可能性,減少歐羅作為貿易融資貨幣之吸引力之餘,亦影響中國經濟。此等事件及其難以預料之枝節將影響全球經濟,為市場帶來不明朗因素。

除上述因素外,政府政策、本地政治及營商環境也影響香港經濟。一手住宅 供應增加及市場消化政府的遏抑措施,住宅市場隨之轉趨平衡。現時商舖租 賃市場進一步穩定,有利零售業務,惟香港經濟於本年度最後一季之表現仍 然充滿變數。

面對全球經濟發展去向未明,我們嘗試找出市場趨勢,並相應調整策略。有 見新住宅陸續落成,我們的批發分部把握時機,鋭意為此等項目供應產品。 誠如管理層討論與分析所述,二手住宅市場表現改善,帶動零售業務及本集 團整體毛利率上升。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之業績理想,足證 措施行之有效。

我們的業績有賴與客戶維持良好的合作關係,其中優質產品及服務至為重要。我們將努力不懈,務求為客戶提供優質服務及維持競爭力。作為建築五金、衛浴、廚房設備及傢俬供應商,我們有能力提供一系列的產品,以滿足客戶需求,並擴大與地產發展商、建築師及設計師之銷售及市場推廣網絡。

我們密切關注市場波動,並以審慎態度營運及擴展業務。於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團之流動比率及速動比率分別維持於2.2(二零一四年:2.0)及1.4(二零一四年:1.0)。我們亦保持合適現金水平,並平衡財務支出以應付未來任何機遇及突發事件。

管理層藉此感謝各位股東的支持與信任及集團全體員工的忠誠與努力。各位 的貢獻對本集團過往及日後發展不可或缺。

謝新法

主席

二零一五年六月十七日





Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group mainly engages in the wholesale and retail of architectural builder hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC.

During the year, along with the increase in land supply, residential market size and the completion rates of new housing were steadily going up in Hong Kong. The supply of new homes offered diversified ranges to meet the market needs. Compared to previous years, the society was less concerned with the economic outlook, following the recovery in global economy and the influx of funds to the local stock market. A careful selection of European manufacturers that produce unique designs of high quality architectural builder hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture has gradually enhanced the brand of E. Bon Group among the leading developers in Hong Kong.

The recent trend in both primary and secondary residential market indicates that the performance of the market will remain active in 2015 as we expect that there would not be any material change of economic foundations in the Hong Kong business environment.

In the PRC, the property market was largely shaped by government policies and measures. As such, the general public remained cautious to a clear market prospect which has slowed down the property developments and property sales.

業務回顧

本集團主要在香港、澳門及中國從事批發及零售建築五金、衛浴、廚房設備及傢俬。

於本年度,香港方面,隨著土地供應增加,住宅市場規模及新樓落成量均穩步上升。新落成之住宅類型多元化,各適其適。由於全球經濟復蘇及資金湧入本港股市,社會各界相比過往數年對經濟前景較少憂慮。怡邦行集團精選款式獨特、優質之歐洲建築五金、衛浴、廚房設備及傢俬,逐漸在香港主要發展商建立品牌形象。

我們預期在香港營商環境方面,經濟基礎不會出現任何重大轉變。從一手及二手住宅樓市近期之成交走勢看來,香港之住宅市場於二零一五年將維持活躍。

中國方面,房地產市場發展大致上取決於政府政策及措施。因此,市民仍然採取審慎態度,等待市場前景轉趨明朗,以致房地產項目發展及房地產銷售放緩。

REVENUE REVIEW

收益回顧

For the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group's total turnover was HK\$578.8 million, an increase by 24.2% as compared with the previous year.

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團總營業額為578.8 百萬港元,較去年增加24.2%。

		Revenue from external customers 對外客戶收益 31 March 三月三十一日			As a per of sale 佔銷售額配 31 Ma 三月三	es (%) 百分比(%) arch
		2015	2014	Change	2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年	變動	二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	(%)		
		千港元	千港元	(%)		
Hong Kong (domicile)	香港(主要營業地點)	461,029	406,260	13.5	79.7	87.2
Macau	澳門	88,882	28,248	214.6	15.3	6.0
Others	其他	28,899	31,512	(8.3)	5.0	6.8
Total	合計	578,810	466,020	24.2	100	100

Reportable segment revenue from external customers 可匯報之對外客戶分部收益 31 March 三月三十一日			As a perd of sale 佔銷售額已 31 Ma 三月三·	es (%) 百分比(%) arch
2015	2014	Change	2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年	變動	二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	(%)		
千港元	千港元	(%)		
440 ==0	050.045			
443,753	352,017	26.1	76.7	75.5

Wholesale 批發





Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

We are pleased to report that the revenue from the wholesale segment increased by 26.1% to HK\$443.8 million as compared to the previous year (2014: HK\$352.0 million). It has grown steadily with the rising property development projects in Hong Kong. Our strategy to offer wide product varieties has enabled us to serve for housing ranging from small- and medium-sized flats to luxuriously-fitted prestigious residential units. During the year, we supplied products to projects like Hemera, The Pavilia Hill, The Parkside and Ultima.

本集團欣然呈報,批發分部之收益較去年增加26.1%至443.8百萬港元(二零一四年:352.0百萬港元)。此乃香港物業發展項目數量上升所致。本集團提供不同類型的產品,迎合中小型單位以至豪宅之需要。年內我們為緻藍天、柏傲山、The Parkside及天鑄等項目供應產品。

Reporta	ıble segment rev	/enue	As a per	centage
from external customers			of sale	es (%)
可匯報	之對外客戶分部	收益	佔銷售額百	百分比 (%)
31 Ma	arch		31 Ma	arch
三月三-	十一日		三月三	十一日
2015	2014	Change	2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年	變動	二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	(%)		
千港元	千港元	(%)		
129,228	106,533	21.3	22.3	22.9

Retail

Revenue from the retail segment increased by 21.3% to HK\$129.2 million as compared to the previous year (2014: HK\$106.5 million). As the impact of Buyer's Stamp Duty (BSD) and Double Stamp Duty (DSD) had gradually been absorbed by the market, the secondary housing market regained its momentum which enhanced renovation and refurbishment works, and generated more demand for home fittings. The sale of more higher-valued quality products has contributed to an increase in the gross profit margin of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2015.

零售

The overall gross profit amounted to HK\$229.0 million (2014: HK\$166.9 million), representing a rise of 37.2%. The increase in turnover was mainly driven by the acceleration of completion of homebuilding and stronger demand for interior fittings in the wholesale segment. As the majority of our imports originate from Europe, the depreciation in Euro allowed us to settle payment at lower exchange rates and reduced the cost of sales accordingly.

E. Bon Holdings Limited Annual Report 2015

零售分部之收益較去年增加21.3%至129.2百萬港元(二零一四年:106.5百萬港元)。由於市場已逐步消化買家印花稅及雙倍印花稅帶來之影響,二手市場交投再度暢旺,帶動裝修及翻新工程,刺激對住屋設備之需求。高檔產品銷量增加,令本集團截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之毛利率上升。

整體毛利為229.0百萬港元(二零一四年:166.9百萬港元),上升37.2%。營業額增加之主要原因為住宅樓宇落成速度加快及市場對批發分部之室內裝設需求殷切。由於本集團大部分進口貨品均來自歐洲,歐羅貶值令我們得以按較低匯率結算,令銷售成本下降。

PROFITABILITY REVIEW

盈利能力回顧

		Reportable segment profit 可匯報之分部溢利 31 March 三月三十一日			As a perd of sale 佔銷售額召 31 Ma 三月三-	s (%) ī分比(%) arch
		2015	2014	Change	2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年	變動	二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	(%)		
		千港元	千港元	(%)		
Wholesale	批發	50,323	10,138	396.4	11.3	2.9
Retail	零售	41,296	11,297	265.5	32.0	10.6
Other construction and	其他建築及裝修工程					
decoration works		(373)	601	(162.1)	(6.4)	8.0
Total	合計	91,246	22,036	314.1	15.8	4.7

The Group's operating profit was HK\$81.4 million (2014: HK\$13.0 million), an increase by approximately fivefold from the prior year. Profit after tax approximated to HK\$65.9 million (2014: HK\$9.0 million), which increased by approximately sixfold from the prior year.

本集團經營溢利為81.4百萬港元(二零一四年:13.0百萬港元), 較去年增加約五倍。除税項後溢利約為65.9百萬港元(二零一四年:9.0百萬港元),較去年增加約六倍。

A careful planning in and control over the operating expenses has contributed to the improvement in the profit before tax. As discussed in past years, we managed to reduce costs and maintain effective use of resources. The amount of administrative expenses and distribution expenses amounted to HK\$154.0 million (2014: HK\$154.2 million), which remain stable from the prior year despite a substantial growth in sales volume.

經營開支計劃及控制得宜令除税前溢利回升。誠如過往所述,本集團削減成本及維持資源有效運用。在銷售額顯著增加的同時,行政開支及分銷開支僅為154.0百萬港元(二零一四年:154.2百萬港元),穩定維持上年度水平。

The shop rental upsurge went flat as a result of a fall in luxury retailing. Meanwhile, we consolidated our sales network and had been able to reduce the leasing expenses slightly by 4% from prior year.

隨著奢侈品零售市道下滑,門市租金的升幅轉趨平穩。與此同時,我們積極整合銷售網絡,故租賃開支較去年輕微下降4%。





Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

BALANCE SHEET AND CASH FLOW REVIEW

The Group continues to expand its business in Hong Kong and the PRC through the adoption of a prudent financial management policy. The current ratio and quick ratio are 2.2 (2014: 2.0) and 1.4 (2014: 1.0), respectively, while cash and cash equivalents approximated HK\$122.0 million as at 31 March 2015 (2014: HK\$47.9 million). Receipts in advance from customers accounted for the increase in cash and cash equivalents.

During this year, as a result of bulk deliveries for contracts and improved inventory management, we achieved better stock turnover rate. The value of our inventory as at 31 March 2015 amounted to HK\$146.7 million (2014: HK\$166.6 million). The trade, retention and other receivables increased to HK\$160.4 million (2014: HK\$120.2 million) which was in line with the increase in turnover.

As at 31 March 2015, the Group has a net cash position. Gearing ratio is not applicable (2014: 5.9%). The interest-bearing borrowings of the Group, including bills payable and trust receipt loans, reduced to HK\$60.6 million (2014: HK\$68.0 million) as at 31 March 2015.

Borrowings, and cash and cash equivalents are primarily denominated in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$") and EURO. The management will continue to monitor the foreign exchange risk exposure of the Group.

We seek to effectively manage our cash flow and capital commitments to ensure that we have sufficient funds to meet our existing and future cash requirements. We have not experienced any difficulties in meeting our obligations as they become due. Assets under charge are the mortgaged property acquired and certain bank deposits. As at 31 March 2015, performance bonds of approximately HK\$46,235,000 (2014: HK\$7,634,000) have been issued by the Group to customers as security of contracts. Of which, restricted cash of HK\$3,790,000 (2014: HK\$3,978,000) was held as security for performance bond. Save for the rental commitment of our retail outlets and warehouses and performance bonds for projects; the Group has no other material financial commitments and contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2015.

E. Bon Holdings Limited Annual Report 2015

資產負債表及現金流量回顧

本集團繼續採取審慎財務管理政策拓展在香港及中國之業務。於二零一五年三月三十一日,流動比率及速動比率分別為2.2(二零一四年:2.0)及1.4(二零一四年:1.0),而現金及現金等價物則約為122.0百萬港元(二零一四年:47.9百萬港元)。現金及現金等價物之增幅來自預收客戶款項。

於本年度,批量合約及存貨管理改善,加快存貨週轉率。於二零 一五年三月三十一日之存貨價值為146.7百萬港元(二零一四年: 166.6百萬港元)。應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款增至 160.4百萬港元(二零一四年:120.2百萬港元),與營業額增幅相 若。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團呈淨現金狀況。資產負債比率並不適用(二零一四年:5.9%)。本集團於二零一五年三月三十一日之有息借貸減少至60.6百萬港元(二零一四年:68.0百萬港元),其中包括應付票據及信託收據貸款。

借貸以及現金及現金等價物主要以港元(「港元」)及歐羅計值。管理層將不斷監察本集團面對之外匯風險。

我們將有效管理現金流量及資本承擔,確保具備充足資金應付現行及未來現金需求。我們在依期履行付款責任上並無任何困難。所抵押資產為已按揭之物業及若干銀行存款。於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團已向客戶發出約46,235,000港元之履約保證(二零一四年:7,634,000港元)作為合約擔保。其中受限制現金3,790,000港元(二零一四年:3,978,000港元)持有作相同金額之履約保證之擔保。於二零一五年三月三十一日,除零售店舖及貨倉的租賃承擔及項目之履約保證外,本集團並無其他重大財務承擔及或然負債。



FUTURE PROSPECTS

In Hong Kong, we expect construction projects to continue growing, fuelling a steady demand for project supplies. The active land sale policy has enriched land bank for residential developments and encouraged more supply of residential units to the market. Construction projects will speed up and newly completed projects will go on sale in larger batches as soon as they are ready for the market. We expect that there would be a strong project demand with shorter construction period. We shall capitalise on our experience and network with property developers to participate these forthcoming projects. We notice a shift in Macau from casino operations to entertainment resorts. We look ahead to more hotel works and demands for interior fittings.

In the PRC, the policy-driven property market is expected to be stable following a relaxation of curbing measures. Luxurious housing projects will continue to complete in first-tier cities. We shall continue to collaborate with reputable developers on prestigious projects to strengthen our market position.

Inflation is expected to go modest. The shop rental is likely to remain stable. We shall continue to improve operating efficiency and shop utilisation.

While enhancing our strength, we shall remain vigilant to external factors in order to stay competitive. The property market is subject to both global and Hong Kong economic performance. Moreover, the Hong Kong government's fiscal and financial policies may create an adverse impact on Hong Kong real estate market. We will monitor various market trends and refine our strategies accordingly.

未來展望

香港方面,建築項目保持增長勢頭,故項目供應將繼續穩定。積極賣地政策有助補充發展商之住宅用地儲備,鼓勵市場增加住宅單位供應。建築項目將加快施工,而新落成之項目獲批後,亦會以大批量形式推出市場。預期市場對項目存在殷切需求之餘,施工期亦有望縮短。我們將善用本身之經驗及與地產發展商建立之網絡參與該等即將進行之項目。澳門方面,發展重點由經營賭場轉移至娛樂渡假村。我們展望酒店工程及對室內裝置產品之需求增加。

中國方面,於當局放寬遏抑措施後,預料由政策主導之房地產市場預期暫時靠穩。一線城市豪華住房項目將陸續落成。我們將繼續與信譽良好的發展商合作發展高檔項目,藉此提高市場地位。

通脹預料趨於溫和。舖租將會維持穩定。我們將不斷提升營運效 率及善用店舖空間。

在加強優勢之餘,我們仍對外在因素保持警惕,以維持競爭力。 樓市走勢取決於全球及香港之經濟表現。此外,香港政府之財金 政策可能對香港之房地產市場構成不利影響。我們將注視市場走 勢,以相應調節本身之發展策略。



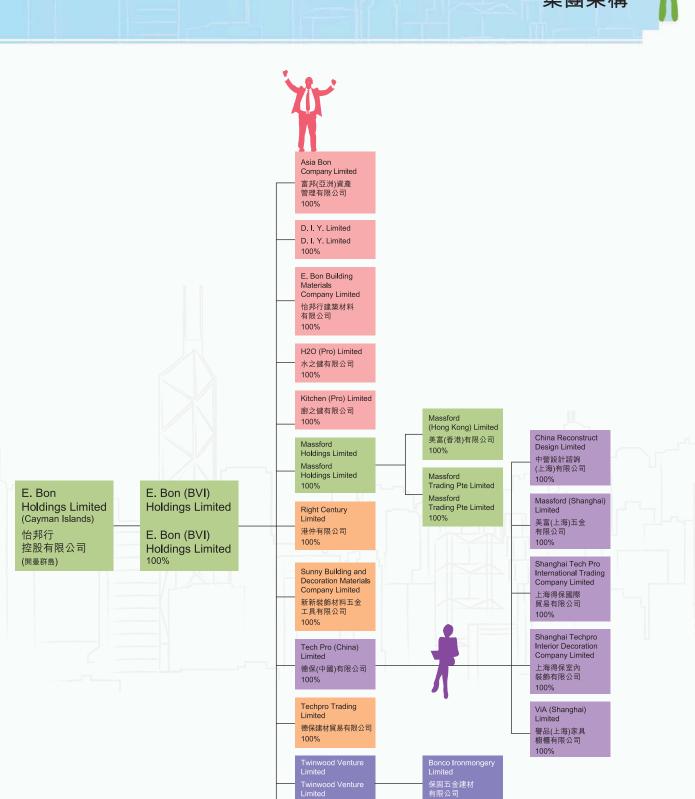






Group Structure

集團架構



Pacific Limited ViA Asia Pacific Limited 100%



Corporate Information

公司資料

REGISTERED OFFICE

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

總辦事處及主要營業地點

16th–18th Floors First Commercial Building 33 Leighton Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong

香港 銅鑼灣 禮頓道33號 第一商業大廈 16-18樓

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Leung Kwong Kin, J.P. (Chairman) Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic Mr. Wan Sze Chung

審核委員會

梁光建太平紳士(主席) 黃華先生 溫思聰先生

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic (Chairman)
Mr. Leung Kwong Kin, J.P.

Mr. Lau Shiu Sun

薪酬委員會

黄華先生(主席) 梁光建太平紳士 劉紹新先生

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic *(Chairman)* Mr. Wan Sze Chung Mr. Tse Sun Fat, Henry

提名委員會

黄華先生(主席) 溫思聰先生 謝新法先生

COMPANY SECRETARY

公司秘書

Yu Chi Wah, CPA 俞志燁, CPA

AUDITOR

核數師

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22nd Floor Prince's Building Central Hong Kong

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所香港 中環 太子大廈22樓

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

授權代表

Tse Hon Kit, Kevin Yu Chi Wah, CPA

謝漢傑 俞志燁, CPA

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

香港股份過戶登記分處

Tricor Abacus Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

LEGAL ADVISERS ON HONG KONG LAW 香港法律之法律顧問

Pang, Wan & Choi, Solicitors 7th Floor, Chinachem Tower 34–37 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

彭溫蔡律師行 香港 干諾道中34-37號 華懋大廈7樓

PRINCIPAL BANKERS 主要往來銀行

- The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司
- Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
 富邦銀行(香港)有限公司
- Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited 澳盛銀行
- Nanyang Commercial Bank Limited 南洋商業銀行有限公司







Directors' Report 董事會報告



The Board of Directors is pleased to submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

董事會欣然謹此提呈截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之董事 會報告及經審核財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

Details of the analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segment is set out in note 6 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 56.

DIVIDEND

The Board declared and paid an interim dividend of HK2 cents per share for the six months ended 30 September 2014 totalling HK\$6,006,000 (2013: interim dividend of HK1 cent).

The Board has resolved to recommend, at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting (the "AGM") to be held on 2 September 2015, a final dividend payment of HK8 cents (as compared to 2014: HK2 cents) per share for the year ended 31 March 2015 totalling HK\$24,024,000 (the "Final Dividend").

If it is duly approved by the members at the AGM, the Final Dividend will be distributed to members, whose names appear on the principal or branch register of members of the Company in the Cayman Islands or Hong Kong respectively (collectively the "Register of Members") as at the close of business on 10 September 2015. The payment will be made on 14 October 2015.

主要業務及經營地區分析

本公司主要從事投資控股,旗下附屬公司之業務載於財務報表附註16。

本集團本年度按經營分部劃分之表現分析詳列於財務報表附註6。

業績及股息分派

本集團本年度之業績載於第56頁之綜合全面收益表。

股息

董事會已就截至二零一四年九月三十日止六個月宣派及派付中期股息每股2港仙(二零一三年:中期股息1港仙),合共6,006,000港元。

董事會議決於二零一五年九月二日舉行之應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上,建議派發截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息(「末期股息」)每股8港仙(二零一四年:2港仙),合共24,024,000港元。

倘獲股東於股東週年大會上正式批准,未期股息將派付予於二零 一五年九月十日營業時間結束時名列本公司分別在開曼群島或香 港存置之主要股東名冊或股東登記分冊(統稱「股東名冊」)之股 東,而該股息將於二零一五年十月十四日派發。





Directors' Report

董事會報告

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed as follows:

- (a) For the purpose of determining shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 31 August 2015 to 2 September 2015, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the right to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Abacus Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong no later than 4:30 p.m. on 28 August 2015.
- (b) For the purpose of determining shareholders who qualify for the Final Dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 9 September 2015 to 11 September 2015, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the Final Dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with Tricor Abacus Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong no later than 4:30 p.m. on 8 September 2015.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 25 to the financial statements.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

DONATION

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$43,000.

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於下列期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續:

- (a) 為確定符合資格出席股東週年大會並於會上投票之股東名單,本公司將由二零一五年八月三十一日至二零一五年九月二日(包括首尾兩天)期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。凡擬出席股東週年大會並於會上投票者,必須於二零一五年八月二十八日下午四時三十分前,將所有過戶文件連同有關股票,一併送達本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳雅柏勤有限公司辦理登記手續,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓。
- (b) 為確定符合資格收取末期股息之股東名單,本公司將由二零一五年九月九日至二零一五年九月十一日(包括首尾兩天)期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。凡擬獲派發末期股息者,必須於二零一五年九月八日下午四時三十分前,將所有過戶文件連同有關股票,一併送達卓佳雅柏勤有限公司辦理登記手續,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團本年度之物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載於財務報表附註 15。

股本

本公司之股本詳情載於財務報表附註25。

儲備

本集團及本公司本年度之儲備變動載於財務報表附註26。

捐款

本集團本年度之慈善及其他捐款為43,000港元。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 March 2015, calculated under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, amounted to HK\$135,221,000 (2014: HK\$122,734,000). Under Section 34 of the Companies Law (2000 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium is available for distribution to shareholders, provided that no distribution shall be paid to shareholders out of the Company's share premium unless the Company shall be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company had not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry (Chairman)

Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert

Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony

Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin

Mr. LAU Shiu Sun

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, J.P.

Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic

Mr. WAN Sze Chung

In accordance with Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert, Mr. LAU Shiu Sun and Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, *J.P.* will retire at the forthcoming AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, *J.P.*, Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic and Mr. WAN Sze Chung are Independent Non-executive Directors and were appointed for a fixed term of one year. Details of Directors' Service Contracts are set out on page 23.

可派發儲備

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司根據開曼群島公司法計算之可派發儲備為135,221,000港元(二零一四年:122,734,000港元)。根據開曼群島公司法第34條(二零零零年所修訂),股份溢價可派發予股東,惟除非本公司於一般業務過程中能償還到期之債項,否則不能派發本公司之股份溢價予股東。

優先購買權

章程細則並無有關本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份之優先購買權之條文,而開曼群島法例亦無訂明對此等權利之限制。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

本公司並無於本年度內贖回其任何股份。本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度內概無購買或出售任何本公司股份。

董事

本年度內及截至本報告日期之董事如下:

執行董事

謝新法先生(主席)

謝新偉先生

謝新寶先生

謝漢傑先生

劉紹新先生

獨立非執行董事

梁光建太平紳士

黃華先生

溫思聰先生

根據本公司組織章程細則第87條,謝新偉先生、劉紹新先生及梁 光建太平紳士將於應屆股東週年大會退任,惟彼等均符合資格並 願意膺選連任。梁光建太平紳士、黃華先生及溫思聰先生為獨立 非執行董事,均有固定任期為期一年。董事服務合約詳情載於第 23頁。



Directors' Report

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of its Independent Non-executive Directors a confirmation of their independence pursuant to the Listing Rule 3.13.

The Board considers that all of its Independent Non-executive Directors are independent in character and judgement and fulfil the guidelines set out in the Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive Directors

Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, aged 58, is a founding member of the Group and the Chairman of the Company. He is a Director of seven subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. TSE possesses over 30 years of experience in the trading of building materials. He is responsible for the planning of the Group's overall strategies and the overall management of the Group.

Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert, aged 65, a founding member of the Group, was appointed as an Executive Director and Vice Chairman of the Company on 21 June 2012. He established his reputation in the industry and has a wealth of experience in brand building, new product development and structuring the management of the Group. Mr. TSE is the cousin of Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony, the Managing Director of the Company, and the father of Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin, the Deputy Managing Director of the Company.

Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony, aged 56, is the Managing Director of the Company and joined the Group in 1979. He is a Director of nineteen subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. TSE possesses over 30 years of experience in the trading of building materials and is responsible for the retail business of the Group. Mr. TSE also assists in the strategic planning and management of the Group. He is a brother of Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, the chairman of the Group.

Mr. LAU Shiu Sun, aged 47, joined the Group in 1994. Mr. LAU was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 10 December 2001. He is a Director of one subsidiary of the Company. He is responsible for project sales. Mr. LAU graduated from Hong Kong Baptist University (formerly Baptist College) in 1992 with a Bachelor's Degree of Science.

董事之獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條發出之獨立性確認書。

董事會認為全體獨立非執行董事在個性及判斷上均屬獨立,符合 上市規則第3.13條載列之指引。

董事及高級管理人員之履歷

執行董事

謝新法先生,58歲,本集團創辦成員兼本公司主席。彼為本公司 旗下七家附屬公司之董事。謝先生於建築材料貿易方面擁有逾30 年經驗。彼負責企劃本集團整體策略及整體管理工作。

謝新偉先生,65歲,本集團創辦成員,於二零一二年六月二十一日獲委任為本公司執行董事兼副主席。彼早年在業界建立聲譽,並於建立品牌、產品開發及改善集團管理架構方面擁有豐富經驗。謝先生為本公司董事總經理謝新寶先生之堂兄,以及本公司副董事總經理謝漢傑先生之父親。

謝新寶先生,56歲,本公司董事總經理,於一九七九年加入本集團。彼為本公司旗下十九家附屬公司之董事。謝先生於建築材料貿易方面擁有逾30年經驗,負責本集團零售業務。謝先生亦協助本集團之策略性計劃及管理。彼為本集團主席謝新法先生之胞弟。

劉紹新先生,47歲,於一九九四年加入本集團。劉先生於二零零一年十二月十日獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼為本公司旗下一家附屬公司之董事。彼負責項目銷售。劉先生在一九九二年畢業於香港浸會大學(前稱浸會學院),取得理學士學位。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Executive Directors (cont'd)

Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin, aged 35, is the Deputy Managing Director of the Company and joined the Group in 2004. He is a Director of fifteen subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. TSE graduated from University of Toronto with a Bachelor's Degree of Commerce. He is responsible for internal information technology development, the launching of the furniture business and the marketing of products distributed by the Group. Mr. TSE is a nephew of Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony, the Managing Director of the Company.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, J.P., aged 68, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in January 2000. Mr. LEUNG holds a Master's Degree of Business Administration from the University of East Asia, Macau (now known as "the University of Macau"). Mr. LEUNG was formerly a Senior Practicing Director of Wong Lam Leung & Kwok C.P.A. Ltd. He is a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of International Accountants. Mr. LEUNG is an associate of the Institute of Chartered Accounts in England & Wales, the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong, the Society of Chinese Accounts & Auditors, the Chartered Management Institute and the International Institute of Management.

Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic, aged 66, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 19 June 2001. He graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1972 with Honours Bachelor's Degree of Social Science in Economics. He was appointed as a Director and general manager of Hongkong Ferry (Holdings) Ltd., formerly The Hongkong & Yaumatei Ferry Co., Ltd. until late 1989. He has been actively involved in garment industry and IT business for the last few years.

Mr. WAN Sze Chung, Wilson, aged 41, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 27 September 2004. Mr. Wan obtained a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong, Master of Education (Counselling & Guidance) with University of Newcastle upon Tyne and a Second Bachelor's Degree of Law with Tsinghua University. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. WAN is a Director of training and consultancy firm specialising in corporate and personal training while he is also teaching with various universities.

董事及高級管理人員之履歷(續)

執行董事(續)

謝漢傑先生,35歲,本公司副董事總經理,於二零零四年加入本集團。彼為本公司旗下十五家附屬公司之董事。謝先生畢業於多倫多大學,取得商學學士學位。彼負責公司內部資訊科技發展、開拓傢俬業務及本集團經銷產品之市場推廣。謝先生為本公司董事總經理謝新寶先生之堂姪。

獨立非執行董事

梁光建太平紳士,68歲,於二零零零年一月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。梁先生持有澳門東亞大學(現稱為「澳門大學」)工商管理碩士學位。梁先生曾任黃林梁郭會計師事務所有限公司之高級執業董事。彼為特許公認會計師公會、香港會計師公會及國際會計師公會之資深會員。梁先生亦為英國特許會計師公會、香港稅務學會、香港華人會計師公會、英國特許管理學會及國際專業管理學會之會員。

黃華先生,66歲,於二零零一年六月十九日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於一九七二年畢業於香港中文大學,並取得經濟學系社會科學榮譽學士。彼曾於香港小輪(控股)有限公司(前稱香港油麻地小輪有限公司)獲委任為董事及總經理直至一九八九年。近年,彼致力經營製衣及資訊科技業務。

溫思聰先生,41歲,於二零零四年九月二十七日獲委任為獨立非執行董事,溫先生持有香港中文大學頒發之工商管理碩士學位、英國紐卡斯爾大學之教育(輔導)碩士學位以及清華大學之法學學士學位。彼為香港會計師公會會員、特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港董事學會資深會員。溫先生為一間專業培訓顧問公司之董事,專業於企業及個人培訓,並於多間大學任教。



Senior management

Mr. AU Lai Chuen, Hercules, aged 58, joined the Group in 1982. Mr. AU possesses over 30 years of experience in the building materials industry and is responsible for project related sales and marketing activities.

Mr. CHANG Kai Chuen, Roy, aged 41, joined the Group in 1991. Mr. CHANG is a general manager of project sales division. He possesses over 20 years of experience in building materials industry and is responsible for project sales.

Mr. LO Cheuk Hang, Teddy, aged 38, joined the Group in 2004. Mr. LO is the chief operating officer of the kitchen project division of the Group. He possesses over 15 years of experience in kitchen collection business. He graduated from The Open University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor's Degree of Arts in Chinese Humanities.

Mr. LO Wai Man, aged 61, joined the Group in 1979 and is a Director of eight subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. LO is a Technical Director and is responsible for overseeing provision of technical support for bathroom collections. He possesses over 30 years of experience in selling building materials.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Directors, including Independent Non-executive Directors, has entered into a letter of appointment, which constitutes a service contract, with the Company for a term of 12 months. They are subject to re-election by shareholders at annual general meetings and at least about once every three years on a rotation basis in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. No Director has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

高級管理人員

歐勵全先生,58歲,於一九八二年加入本集團。歐先生於建築材料業擁有逾30年經驗,負責項目相關銷售及市場推廣工作。

鄭价全先生,41歲,於一九九一年加入本集團。鄭先生為項目銷售總經理。彼於建築材料業擁有逾20年經驗,負責項目銷售。

盧焯恒先生,38歲,於二零零四年加入本集團。盧先生為本集團 廚房項目部門之營運總監。彼於廚房設備業務擁有逾15年經驗。 彼畢業於香港公開大學,取得中國人文學科文學士學位。

盧偉民先生,61歲,於一九七九年加入本集團,為本公司旗下八家附屬公司之董事。盧先生為技術董事,負責監督就衞浴設備提供之技術支援。彼於銷售建築材料方面擁有逾30年經驗。

董事服務合約

各董事(包括獨立非執行董事)已與本公司訂立構成服務合約之委任函,為期12個月。根據本公司組織章程細則,彼等須最少每三年於股東週年大會輪值退任並接受股東重選。概無董事與本公司訂有不可由本公司於一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。





Directors' Report

董事會報告



Save as disclosed under the section "Continuing connected transactions" below, no other contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its subsidiaries or holding companies was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year, no Director was interested in any business apart from the Company's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Company's business which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") to encourage and to provide incentive or reward to its Grantees improving the business performance and let him/her benefit from his/her helping to contribute the business success. As at 31 March 2015, there were no outstanding share options of the Company.

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS FROM RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Under the terms of the Company's Share Option Scheme adopted on 9 September 2010, which was made in accordance with the Listing Rules governing share option schemes at that time, the Board of the Company may, at their discretion, invite any full-time employees, Non-executive or Executive Directors or shareholders of the Group and consultants of the Company or any of its subsidiaries to subscribe for ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the Company. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the scheme may not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company. 3,330,000 share options had been granted to the Directors and substantial shareholders of the Company, or an associate of them since its adoption and all of which were subsequently lapsed before 1 April 2014. As at 31 March 2015, there were no outstanding share options of the Company.

Apart from the above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries or holding companies a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

董事於合約之權益

除下文「持續關連交易」一節所披露外,本公司董事概無在本公司、其附屬公司或控股公司作為訂約一方及對本集團業務屬重大而於本年度結束或本年度內任何時間持續有效之任何其他合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於本年度內,董事概無於任何與本公司業務直接或間接構成或可能構成競爭之業務(本公司業務除外)中擁有權益而須根據上市規則予以披露。

購股權計劃

本公司實施購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),旨在鼓勵承授人並向彼等提供獎勵或報酬,以改善業務表現,並讓彼等從協助帶領業務邁向成功中獲益。於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司概無尚未行使購股權。

董事來自購入股份或債券權利之利益

根據於二零一零年九月九日採納之本公司購股權計劃(根據當時上市規則就購股權計劃之規定制定)之條款,本公司董事會可酌情邀請本集團任何全職僱員、非執行或執行董事或股東以及本公司或其任何附屬公司之顧問認購本公司每股面值0.10港元之普通股。該計劃項下可能授出之購股權所涉及股份最高數目不得超過本公司已發行股本10%。自購股權計劃獲採納以來,董事及本公司主要股東或彼等之聯繫人士已獲授3,330,000份購股權,而全部購股權其後已於二零一四年四月一日前失效。於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司並無尚未行使之購股權。

除上述者外,於本年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司或 控股公司概無作出任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉購入本公司或 任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲利。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2015, the interests and short positions of each Director and chief executive of the Company and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO")) which have been notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團之股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司各董事及最高行政人員及彼等之聯繫人士於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有已根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益及淡倉,或已記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條所存置登記冊之權益及淡倉,或已根據上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

(i) Long position in shares and underlying shares

(i) 於股份及相關股份之好倉

Corporate

interest

Number of ordinary shares held 持有普涌股數目

Equity derivatives

(share

options)

Percentage of

share capital

Total

issued

		個人權益	公司權益	股本衍生工具 (購股權)	總計	佔已發行股本 之百分比
Director	董事					
Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry	謝新法先生					
(Note 1)	(附註1)	_	18,598,647	_	18,598,647	6.19%
Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert	謝新偉先生					
(Note 2)	(附註2)	-	54,151,244	_	54,151,244	18.03%
Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony	謝新寶先生					
(Note 3)	(附註3)	-	21,879,771	_	21,879,771	7.29%
Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin	謝漢傑先生					
(Note 2)	(附註2)	-	54,151,244	_	54,151,244	18.03%

Personal

interest

Note 1: The interests in shares of the Company are held by Fast Way Management Limited. Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry and his spouse are the beneficiaries.

Note 2: The interests in shares of the Company are held by Universal Star Group Limited. Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert, Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin and their family are the beneficiaries.

Note 3: The interests in shares of the Company are held by New Happy Times
Limited, Mr. TSE Sun Po. Tony and his family are the beneficiaries.

附註1:該等本公司股份權益由Fast Way Management Limited 持有。謝新法先 生及其配偶為受益人。

附註2:該等本公司股份權益由Universal Star Group Limited 持有。謝新偉先生、 謝漢傑先生及彼等之家族成員為受益人。

附註3:該等本公司股份權益由 New Happy Times Limited 持有。謝新寶先生及其 家族成員為受益人。



Directors' Report

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (CONT'D)

(ii) Negotiator Consultants Limited ("NCL")

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團之 股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉(續)

Negotiator Consultants Limited ([NCL])

Number of ordinary shares held

	持有晋通股數目	
milv	Corporate	Other

		interest 個人權益	interest 家族權益	interest 公司權益	interest 其他權益	Total 總計
Director	董事					
Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry	謝新法先生					
(Note 4)	(附註4)	_	1	_	1	1
Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert	謝新偉先生					
(Note 4)	(附註4)	_	1	-	1	1
Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony	謝新寶先生					
(Note 4)	(附註4)	_	1	-	1	1
Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin	謝漢傑先生					
(Note 4)	(附註4)	_	1	_	1	1

Personal

Note 4: Such share is held by Bache Hill Group Limited ("BHGL").

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors and chief executives or their associates had, as at 31 March 2015, any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

除上文所披露外,於二零一五年三月三十一日,概無董事及最高 行政人員或彼等之聯繫人士於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份及相關股份中,擁有根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之權益 或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或被視為 擁有之權益或淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記入該條 所規定存置登記冊之權益或淡倉,或根據上市規則須知會本公司 及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

附註4:該等股份由Bache Hill Group Limited (「BHGL」)持有。



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2015, the following persons (not being Directors or chief executives of the Company) had the following interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

Long position in shares of the Company

Name of shareholder 股東名稱

主要股東

於二零一五年三月三十一日,以下人士(並非董事或本公司最高 行政人員)於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例 第336條須存置之登記冊所記錄權益或淡倉:

於本公司股份之好倉

Number of ordinary issued share shares held capital 佔已發行股本 持有普通股數目 之百分比

12.25%

Save as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified 除上 of any substantial shareholder (other than Directors of the

Happy Voice Limited

Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO

as at 31 March 2015.

Happy Voice Limited

除上文所披露外,於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司並不知悉 有任何主要股東(本公司董事除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁 有根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊所記錄權益或淡 倉。

36,790,603

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Negotiator Consultants Limited

The related party transaction as disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015 in respect of rental expenses of approximately HK\$2,460,000 paid to Negotiator Consultants Limited ("NCL") constitutes a connected party transaction. NCL is a subsidiary of a company in which Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert, Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony and Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin have beneficial interests.

The Independent Non-executive Directors have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and have confirmed that these continuing connected transactions were entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

持續關連交易

Negotiator Consultants Limited

財務報表附註30所披露截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度向 Negotiator Consultants Limited(「NCL」)支付租金支出約 2,460,000港元之關連人士交易構成一項關連方交易。NCL為由 謝新法先生、謝新偉先生、謝新寶先生及謝漢傑先生擁有實益權 益之公司旗下附屬公司。

獨立非執行董事經審閱上述持續關連交易後確認,該等持續關連交易乃(i)於本集團日常及一般業務過程中訂立;(ii)按一般商業條款或不遜於本集團向或獲獨立第三方提供之條款訂立;及(iii)根據監管交易之相關協議按公平合理並符合本公司股東整體利益之條款訂立。



Directors' Report

董事會報告

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (CONT'D)

Negotiator Consultants Limited (cont'd)

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group as above in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

Argo Corporation Limited

The related party transaction as disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014 in respect of purchases from Argo Corporation Limited ("ACL") constituted a connected party transaction for the year ended 31 March 2014. ACL was a Company controlled by a close family member of Mr. YICK Kai Chung, a former Director of the Company. The purchase transactions were carried out at terms mutually agreed between two parties. Mr. YICK retired as a Director of the Company on 24 January 2013 and pursuant to Rule 14A.07(2) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities, ACL is not considered as a related party as at 31 March 2015, after 1 year of retirement date.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

Purchases

The largest supplier	19%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	51%

Sales

The largest customer	13%
Five largest customers in aggregate	32%

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

持續關連交易(續)

Negotiator Consultants Limited (續)

本公司核數師獲委聘根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港鑒證準則第3000號「歷史財務資料審核或審閱以外之鑒證工作」及參照實務說明第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易之核數師函件」就本集團之持續關連交易發表報告。核數師已根據聯交所證券上市規則第14A.56條就本集團所披露上述持續關連交易出具載有其發現及結論之無保留意見函件。本公司已向聯交所呈交核數師函件之副本。

亞閣企業有限公司

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,財務報表附註30所披露截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度向亞閣企業有限公司(「亞閣」) 購貨之關連人士交易構成一項關連方交易。亞閣為受控於本公司 前董事易啟宗先生親屬成員之公司。購貨交易按雙方互相議定之 條款進行。易先生已於二零一三年一月二十四日退任本公司董 事,而根據證券上市規則第14A.07(2)條,於二零一五年三月 三十一日(即退任日期後一年),亞閣不再被視為關連人士。

主要供應商及客戶

於本年度內,本集團主要供應商及客戶所佔採購額及銷售額百分 比如下:

採購額

最大供應商	19%
五大供應商總計	51%

銷售額

-1	
最大客戶	13%
五大客戶總計	32%

除上文所披露外,董事、彼等之聯繫人士或據董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上之任何股東,概無於上述主要供應商或客戶中擁有權益。



MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

REMUNERATION POLICY

Remuneration policy of the Group is reviewed regularly, making reference to legal framework, market conditions and performance of the Group and individual staff member (including the Directors). The remuneration policy and remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and members of the senior management of the Group are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee.

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

The sustainable development policy of the Group is set out on page 52.

BANK LOAN, OVERDRAFTS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

The details of bank loans, overdrafts and other borrowings as at 31 March 2015 are set out in the note 23 to the financial statements.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 130.

管理合約

於本年度內,本公司並無就整體或任何重要部分業務之管理及行 政工作訂立或存有任何合約。

薪酬政策

本集團定期參考法定架構、市況、本集團及個別員工(包括董事) 之表現,檢討其薪酬政策。薪酬委員會已檢討本集團執行董事及 高級管理人員之薪酬政策及薪酬組合。

可持續發展

本集團之可持續發展政策載於第52頁。

銀行貸款、透支及其他借款

於二零一五年三月三十一日之銀行貸款、透支及其他借款詳情, 載於財務報表附註23。

五年財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績及資產與負債摘要載於第130頁。



Directors' Report

董事會報告

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors of the Company, as at the date of this report, it is confirmed that the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

AUDITOR

Grant Thornton Hong Kong ("GTHK") was appointed as auditors of the Company on 13 September 2007. On 2 November 2010, Grant Thornton International announced the appointment of Jingdu Tianhua Hong Kong as its new member firm in Hong Kong.

On 19 November 2010, it was announced that GTHK has concluded a merger agreement and will practise in the name of another certified public accountants practice. The Company received a resignation letter from GTHK resigning as auditors of the Company effective 19 January 2011.

As the Board would like to continue to use the services provided by a member of Grant Thornton International in Hong Kong, after consideration by the Audit Committee of the Board, Jingdu Tianhua Hong Kong was appointed as auditors of the Company effective 19 January 2011. Jingdu Tianhua Hong Kong changed its English name to Grant Thornton Jingdu Tianhua on 8 December 2010.

On 3 July 2012, Grant Thornton Jingdu Tianhua resigned as the auditors of the Company. The Company subsequently appointed PricewaterhouseCoopers on 18 July 2012 to fill the casual vacancy arising from the resignation of Grant Thornton Jingdu Tianhua and to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company. The appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers was duly approved by the Shareholders at the AGM on 11 September 2013.

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

On behalf of the Board TSE Sun Fat, Henry Chairman

Hong Kong, 17 June 2015

充足的公眾持股量

根據本公司所得公開資料及就本公司董事所知,於本報告日期,確認本公司已按照上市規則維持規定之公眾持股量。

核數師

香港均富會計師行(「香港均富」)於二零零七年九月十三日獲委任 為本公司核數師。於二零一零年十一月二日,均富國際會計師事 務所宣佈委任京都天華(香港)會計師事務所為其香港新成員所。

於二零一零年十一月十九日,香港均富宣佈已落實一份合併協議,並將以另一執業會計師之名義執業。本公司接獲香港均富發出之辭任函,自二零一一年一月十九日起辭任本公司核數師。

由於董事會希望繼續使用均富國際會計師事務所旗下香港成員提供之服務,故董事會審核委員會經考慮後決定委任京都天華(香港)會計師事務所為本公司核數師,自二零一一年一月十九日起生效。京都天華(香港)會計師事務所(Jingdu Tianhua Hong Kong)之執業名稱於二零一零年十二月八日更改為致同(香港)會計師事務所(Grant Thornton Jingdu Tianhua)。

於二零一二年七月三日,致同(香港)會計師事務所辭任本公司核數師。本公司隨後於二零一二年七月十八日委任羅兵咸永道會計師事務所以填補致同(香港)會計師事務所辭任後之臨時空缺,任期至本公司下屆股東週年大會結束為止。股東已於二零一三年九月十一日舉行之股東週年大會正式批准委任羅兵咸永道會計師事務所。

財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核。羅兵咸永道會計師 事務所將於本公司應屆股東週年大會退任,惟符合資格並願意接 受續聘。

代表董事會 謝新法 主席

香港,二零一五年六月十七日

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告



E. Bon Holdings Limited (the "Company") endeavours to maintaining its high standard of corporate governance, and continues to review and reinforce its corporate governance measures. The Company believes that accountability and reporting system with high transparency for the Company's operation has been in place. Disclosure could also be made timely and accurately. At the same time, the rights of shareholders can be treated and protected equitably.

怡邦行控股有限公司(「本公司」)致力維持高水平企業管治標準,並持續檢討及加強企業管治措施。本公司相信,本公司已為其業務營運實施高透明度之問責及申報制度,能夠作出適時及適當之披露,同時公平地反映及保障股東權利。

The Company is led by an efficient and responsible Board, which is comprised of individuals with high qualifications and relevant experience. This can ensure that the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") maintain good corporate governance practices and have comprehensive internal control systems, so as to cope with the Group's development strategies and increase the shareholders' value.

本公司由一個具效率及盡職盡責之董事會領導,成員均為高資歷 及具備相關經驗之人士,確保本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)能 夠維持高水平企業管治及擁有完善內部監控系統,以配合本集團 發展策略及提升股東價值。

The Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") published by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited sets out the principles of good corporate governance and provides two levels of recommendations: 香港聯合交易所有限公司所刊發企業管治守則(「守則」)列明良好 企業管治之原則,並從兩個層面提供建議:

- code provisions, with which issuers are expected to comply, but with which they may choose to deviate from, provided they give considered reasons for noncompliance; and
- (a) 守則條文 一 有關方面期望發行人予以遵守,如發行人選擇 偏離,則須提供經過深思熟慮得出之理由;及
- (b) recommended best practices, with which issuers are encouraged to comply, but which are provided for guidance only.
- (b) 建議最佳常規 有關方面鼓勵發行人予以遵守,但僅作指引用途。

The Board has complied with the code provision as set out in the Appendix 14 of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited throughout the year ended 31 March 2015 with the exception of the code provision A.1.8. 董事會於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度內一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司附錄十四所載守則條文,惟守則條文A.1.8除外。

Under the code provision A.1.8, the Company should arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors. Currently, no insurance cover has been arranged for Directors since the Directors take the view that the Company shall support Directors arising from corporate activities.

根據守則條文A.1.8,本公司應就其董事面對之法律行動作出適當投保安排。現時,由於董事認為本公司應就企業活動為董事提供支援,故本公司並無為董事安排有關保險。



Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules sets a required standard against which Directors must measure their conduct regarding transactions in securities of their listed companies. The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding Director's securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Directors have confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則 (「標準守則」)列明董事於買賣所屬上市公司證券時用以衡量其本 身操守之規定標準。本公司已採納標準守則,作為董事進行證券 交易之操守準則。全體董事接受具體查詢後確認於本年度內一直 遵守標準守則所載規定標準。

THE BOARD

The Board comprises five Executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors. The names of the Directors are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry (Chairman) Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert (Vice Chairman)

Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony (Managing Director)

Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin (Deputy Managing Director)

Mr. LAU Shiu Sun

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, *J.P.* Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic Mr. WAN Sze Chung

For the terms of appointment of the Independent Nonexecutive Directors, please refer to Directors' Report on page 23.

Biographies of all Directors are listed in Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management set out on pages 20 to

The Board of the Company assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board takes decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

The Board is responsible for establishing the strategic direction of the Company, setting the objectives of management, monitoring the performance of management, overseeing the management of the Company's relationship with shareholders, ensuring that a framework of prudent and effective controls is in place to enable risks to be assessed and managed, and setting the Company's values and standards.

董事會

董事會由五名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成。董事會成員 名單如下:

執行董事

謝新法先生(主席) 謝新偉先生(副主席) 謝新寶先生(董事總經理) 謝漢傑先生(副董事總經理) 劉紹新先生

獨立非執行董事

梁光建太平紳士 黃華先生 溫思聰先生

有關獨立非執行董事之委任條款,請參閱第23頁之董事會報告。

全體董事詳細履歷載於第20至23頁之「董事及高級管理人員之履歷」。

本公司董事會負責領導及監控本公司,且有責任指導及監督本公司事務,從而達致成功。董事會客觀地作出決策以符合本公司最佳利益。

董事會負責制訂本公司策略方針、確立管理層目標、監察管理層 表現、監督本公司之股東關係管理、確保推行審慎及有效之監管 架構以評估及管理風險,以及為本公司訂立價值觀及標準。

THE BOARD (CONT'D)

When the Board delegates management and administrative functions to management, it has given clear directions on the powers of management with respect to the circumstances where management is to report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitment on behalf of the Company.

The task of the management and staff of the Company is the successful implementation of the strategies and directions as determined by the Board. In doing so, they must apply business principles and ethics, which are consistent with those expected by the Board and Shareholders and other stakeholders.

The Independent Non-executive Directors help to ensure that the Board can make independent judgement efficiently. The Independent Non-executive Directors possess appropriate professional qualification. Among them, some possess expertise in accounting and financial management. Each Independent Non-executive Director has also submitted an annual written confirmation to the Company confirming his independence. Three Independent Non-executive Directors are engaged by contract every year and are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Listing Rules.

Except as disclosed in the Annual Report, there is no special relationship, including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among the members of the Board.

All Directors actively participated in the Board meetings to discuss the overall strategies and business directions of the Group. Throughout the year, the Company held 4 regular and 3 non-regular Board meetings, and 1 general meeting. To ensure that the Directors could obtain all related information for performing their duties and responsibilities, documents for the Board meeting were supplied to Directors for their consideration before the meeting according to the regulations set out in the Listing Rules and code provision.

董事會(續)

董事會將管理及行政職能授予管理層時,已同時就管理層之權力 訂出清晰指引,範圍包括訂明管理層應在何種情況下向董事會匯報,以及管理層在代表本公司作出任何決定或承諾前應取得董事會批准等。

本公司管理層及員工貫徹董事會所制訂之策略及方針,使之成功 落實。在執行過程中,彼等必須秉持與董事會、股東及其他持份 者期望相符之商業原則及道德標準。

獨立非執行董事協助確保董事會可有效率地作出獨立判斷。獨立 非執行董事具備適當專業資格,當中個別人士擁有會計及財務管理之專業知識。各獨立非執行董事亦已向本公司提交年度確認書以重申其獨立性。三名獨立非執行董事乃每年以合約形式聘任,並須根據本公司組織章程細則及上市規則輪值退任。

除年報所披露者外,董事會成員間並無特別關係,包括財務、業務、家屬或其他重大/相關關係。

全體董事皆積極參與董事會會議,討論本集團之整體策略及業務方向。於本年度內,本公司曾舉行四次董事會定期會議及三次非定期會議,以及一次股東大會。本公司根據上市規則及守則條文所載規定於會議前將董事會會議文件遞交予董事審閱,使董事能夠掌握所有有關資料,以便履行其職責及責任。





THE BOARD (CONT'D)

董事會(續)

Throughout the year, the attendance of board meetings, and annual general meeting was as follows:

於本年度內,董事會會議及股東週年大會之出席情況如下:

Attendance/Held

			出席/舉行次數	
		Board meeting 董事會會議	General meeting 股東大會	
Executive directors	執行董事			
Mr. Tse Sun Fat, Henry (Chairman)	謝新法先生(主席)	7/7	1/1	
Mr. Tse Sun Wai, Albert (Vice Chairman)	謝新偉先生(副主席)	7/7	1/1	
Mr. Tse Sun Po, Tony (Managing Director)	謝新寶先生(董事總經理)	7/7	1/1	
Mr. Tse Hon Kit, Kevin (Deputy Managing Director)	謝漢傑先生(副董事總經理)	7/7	1/1	
Mr. Lau Shiu Sun	劉紹新先生	7/7	1/1	
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事			
Mr. Leung Kwong Kin, J.P.	梁光建 <i>太平紳士</i>	4/4	1/1	
Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic	黃華先生	4/4	1/1	
Mr. Wan Sze Chung	溫思聰先生	4/4	1/1	

The Board makes arrangement to provide opportunities for all Directors to include matters in the agenda of regular Board meetings. At least 14 days' notices are given in respect of regular Board meetings. For regular Board meetings, an agenda and relevant materials are sent, in full, to all Directors in a timely manner and at least 3 days before the intended date of board meeting. For all other Board meetings, Directors are given as much notice as is reasonable and practicable in the circumstances.

董事會已訂有安排,讓全體董事均有機會將事項納入董事會定期 會議之議程內。董事會於董事會定期會議日期最少十四天前發出 通知。董事會定期會議之議程及相關文件應全部及時送交全體董 事,並最少在董事會擬定會議日期三天前送出。至於所有其他董 事會會議,董事亦會於切實可行情況下接獲合理通知。

Management provides the Board and committees with sufficient, adequate and timely information which is complete and reliable and which enables Directors to make informed decisions on matters placed before them, and perform their duties and responsibilities as the Directors. Management provides adequate explanations and information to the Board to enable Directors to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before them for approval. In addition, the Board and each Director have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management. All Directors have free access to board papers and related materials. Queries raised by Directors are provided with a prompt and full response.

管理層向董事會及委員會提供充足、適當、適時、完整及可靠之資料,以使董事能就提呈事項作出知情決定,並能履行其作為董事之職責及責任。管理層已向董事會提供充分解釋及資料,讓董事可以就提呈以供批准之財務及其他資料作出有根據之評估。另外,董事會及各董事均可自行個別接觸本公司高級管理人員。全體董事均有權查閱董事會之文件及有關材料。董事所提出疑問應獲給予即時及全面回應。





Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

THE BOARD (CONT'D)

Minutes of each Board meeting and committee meeting are kept by the company secretary (the "Company Secretary") and are available for inspection by any Director. Minutes record in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and the decisions reached. Draft and final versions of minutes are sent to all Directors for their comment and records respectively within a reasonable time after the board meeting is held.

All Directors have free access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary with a view to ensuring that Board procedures, applicable laws and regulations are followed. Moreover, all Directors may seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances in the furtherance of their duties and for the associated fees at the Company's expenses.

If a substantial shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by holding a physical board meeting set up for that purpose pursuant to a resolution passed in a Board meeting. Only Independent Non-executive Director who, and whose associates, have no materials interest in the transaction concerned will be present at such meeting. Directors' concerned must abstain from voting on any Board resolution and will not be counted in the quorum.

A formal, considered and transparent procedure is in place for the appointment of new directors. An orderly succession for appointments is maintained to ensure high standard of corporate governance of the Company.

The Company encourages Directors to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and understanding of the business and markets in which the Group operates. The Company continuously updates Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, as well as information related to the Group's business and operations, to ensure compliance, enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices and enable them to discharge duties properly. This has involved various forms of activities including attending presentations given by external professional advisors and reading materials relevant to the Company's business, director's duties and responsibilities.

董事會(續)

公司秘書(「公司秘書」)保存所有董事會會議及委員會會議之會議 記錄,全體董事均可索閱。會議記錄已充分及詳細地記錄董事會 審議之事項及達致之決定。會議記錄之初稿及定稿將於董事會會 議後一段合理時間內送交全體董事,以便彼等提出意見及作存檔 用途。

全體董事均可向公司秘書諮詢意見及要求提供服務,以確保董事會程序、適用法例及規定獲得遵守。此外,全體董事在適當情況下,可就履行本身職務尋求獨立專業人士意見,相關費用將由本公司支付。

倘有主要股東或董事在董事會擬審議之事項中存有董事會認為重 大之利益衝突,董事會將會按於董事會會議通過之決議案,就此 目的而舉行實際董事會會議處理有關事宜。只有本身並無在有關 事項中擁有重大利益之獨立非執行董事及其聯繫人士方可出席以 上會議。有關董事須就所有董事會決議案放棄投票,且不可計入 會議法定人數。

董事會應制定一套正式、審慎及具透明度之新董事委任程序。本公司應設定有秩序之董事繼任計劃,以確保高水準之企業管治。

本公司鼓勵董事參與持續專業發展,對知識及技能溫故知新,加強對本集團經營之業務及所在市場之了解。本公司持續更新董事有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最新發展以及有關本集團業務及經營之資料,確保彼等遵守有關規定及提高彼等對良好企業管治常規之意識,同時恰當地履行職責。所牽涉各種活動形式包括出席外聘專業顧問之講座及閱讀與本公司業務、董事職務及責任有關之資料。

CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

Chairman of the Board and Managing Director (in this report, "Managing Director" is equivalent to "Chief Executive" set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules) are two clearly separated roles and are performed by different individuals. Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, Chairman of the Board, is responsible for managing the Board. Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony, Managing Director, is responsible for the Company's operations. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman of the Board and the Managing Director has been clearly defined and the written terms of reference have been set.

Responsibilities of the Chairman of the Board are as follows:

- (a) Providing leadership for the Board;
- (b) Ensuring all Directors are properly briefed on matters to be discussed at Board meetings;
- (c) Ensuring all Directors receive adequate, clear, complete and reliable information in a timely manner;
- (d) Ensuring that the Board works effectively, discharges its responsibilities and discusses all key issues in a timely manner;
- (e) Ensuring that, the Company Secretary settles and approves the agenda for Board meetings on the Chairman's behalf, taking into account any matters proposed by other Directors for inclusion in the agenda;
- (f) Providing effective communication with Shareholders and that views of Shareholders are communicated to the Board as a whole;
- (g) Ensuring good corporate governance practices and procedures are in place and procedures are established;
- (h) Encouraging all Directors to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs, giving each Director an opportunity to express his views at Board meetings, ensuring that the Board acts in the best interests of the Company, allowing sufficient time for discussion of issues and ensuring that Board decisions fairly reflect Board consensus;
- (i) Holding meetings with Non-executive Directors annually without the presence of Executive Directors; and

主席及董事總經理

董事會主席及董事總經理(就本報告而言,「董事總經理」等同於上市規則附錄十四所載「行政總裁」)為兩個明確劃分之角色,並分別由不同人士擔當。董事會主席謝新法先生負責管理董事會運作;而董事總經理謝新寶先生則負責本公司之業務營運。董事會主席與董事總經理間之職責分工已清晰界定並設有書面職權範圍。

董事會主席之職責包括:

- (a) 領導董事會;
- (b) 確保全體董事獲適當知會董事會會議擬商議之事項;
- (c) 確保全體董事適時收到足夠、清晰、完整及可靠之資料;
- (d) 確保董事會有效地運作、履行其職責,並適時討論所有重要事項;
- (e) 確保公司秘書代表主席本人落實及批准董事會會議議程, 並考慮其他董事提呈納入議程之任何事項;
- (f) 以有效方式與股東聯繫,並確保股東之意見可傳達到整個 董事會;
- (g) 確保本公司設立良好企業管治常規及程序;
- (h) 鼓勵全體董事全力投入董事會事務及給予同等機會在董事 會會議中發表意見,確保董事會以本公司最佳利益行事, 並提供充足時間作討論,確保董事會決策能夠公正反映董 事會共識;
- i) 每年在並無執行董事列席之情況下與非執行董事會晤;及



企業管治報告

CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR (CONT'D)

(j) Promoting a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of all Directors, in particular Non-executive Director, and building constructive relations between Executive and Nonexecutive Directors.

The Managing Director is appointed by the Board, his responsibilities are as follows:

- (a) Providing leadership for the management;
- (b) Implementing and reporting to the Board on the Company's strategies;
- Overseeing the implementation by the Company of the objectives set by the Board;
- (d) Providing all such information to the Board as is necessary to enable the Board to monitor the performance of Management;
- (e) Leading the management of the Company's relationships with its stakeholders;
- Putting in place programmes for management development and succession;
- (g) Working with the Head of Finance, establishing and maintaining proper internal controls and systems as well as disclosure controls and procedures; and
- (h) Discharging such duties and authorities as may be delegated in writing to him by the Board.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established on 29 September 2005. It is comprised of two Independent Non-executive Directors and one Executive Director. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic.

主席及董事總經理(續)

詩 提倡公開及積極討論文化,促進全體董事(特別是非執行董事)對董事會作出有效貢獻,並確保執行董事與非執行董事之間維持具建設性之關係。

董事總經理由董事會委任,職責包括:

- (a) 領導管理層;
- (b) 執行並向董事會匯報本公司之策略;
- (c) 監督本公司實踐董事會訂立之目標;
- (d) 為董事會提供監察管理層表現所需一切資料;
- (e) 領導本公司管理其與持份者之關係;
- (f) 落實管理層培育及繼任計劃;
- (g) 與財務部主管聯手制訂及維持適當之內部監控措施及制度, 以及披露監控及程序;及
- (h) 按照董事會之書面授權履行職責及行使權力。

董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即薪酬委員會、審核委員會及提名委員會,負責監察本公司個別事務。本公司所有董事委員會均訂有明確書面職權範圍。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年九月二十九日成立,由兩名獨立非執行 董事及一名執行董事組成。黃華先生為薪酬委員會主席。

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Remuneration Committee (cont'd)

The Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee is clearly defined and posted on the Company's website.

The roles and function of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) To make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (b) To review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objective;
- (c) To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management. This should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- (d) To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration for Non-executive Directors;
- To consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;
- (f) To review and approve compensation payable to Executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
- (g) To review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- To ensure that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration;

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

薪酬委員會已訂明職權範圍,並於本公司網站刊載。

薪酬委員會之角色及職能如下:

- (a) 就本公司全體董事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策及架構,及 就制訂薪酬政策設立正規而具透明度之程序,向董事會提 出建議;
- (b) 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及批准管理層之薪 酬建議;
- (c) 就個別執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇向董事會提出 建議。薪酬待遇應包括實物利益、退休金權利及賠償金額 (包括因喪失或終止職務或委任而應付之任何賠償);
- (d) 就非執行董事之薪酬向董事會提出建議;
- (e) 考慮同類公司支付之薪酬、所付出時間、職責以及本集團 內其他職位之僱用條件;
- (f) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人員就任何喪失或終止 職務或委任而須支付之賠償,以確保該等賠償與合約條款 一致;若未能與合約條款一致,則賠償須屬公平合理,不 致過多;
- (g) 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷免有關董事所涉及 之賠償安排,以確保該等安排與合約條款一致;若未能與 合約條款一致,則有關賠償須屬合理適當;
- (h) 確保任何董事或其任何聯繫人士不得參與釐定本身薪酬;



企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Remuneration Committee (cont'd)

- To consult the Chairman and/or the chief executive about their remuneration proposals for Executive Directors. The committee should have access to professional advice if necessary; and
- To consider other topics as defined by the Board.

The Remuneration Committee reports to the Board on its discussion results and recommendations after each meeting and is provided with sufficient resource to perform its duties and is authorised by the Board to obtain independent legal or other professional advice.

Throughout the year, the Remuneration Committee met once to review the remuneration of the Executive Directors and senior management of the Company. The Committee also reviewed and determined the policy for the remuneration of Executive Directors; assessed their performance and approved the terms of service contracts of Directors. No Director had participated in the determination of his or her own remuneration. Discussion results and recommendations have been proposed to the Board for its review.

Throughout the year, committee members' attendance was

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

- 就執行董事之薪酬建議諮詢主席及/或行政總裁,委員會 亦可諮詢專業意見(如有需要);及
- 考慮其他由董事會擬定之課題。

薪酬委員會於每次會議後皆向董事會匯報討論結果及建議,並獲 提供充足資源以履行其職責及獲董事會授權諮詢獨立法律意見或 其他專業意見。

於本年度內,薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議以檢討本公司執行董事 及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇。委員會亦審閱及釐定執行董事之薪 酬政策、評估彼等之表現及審批董事服務合約之條款。概無董事 參與釐定本身薪酬。討論結果及建議已呈交董事會審議。

as follows:

Remuneration	Committee Members	Attendance/Held
N.A	Descript -	

Mr. Wong Wah. Dominic (Independent Non-Executive Director) (Chairman of Remuneration Committee) 1/1 Mr. Leung Kwong Kin, J.P. (Independent Non-Executive Director) 1/1 Mr. Lau Shiu Sun (Executive Director)

Details of the remuneration payable to members of senior management, by band, are set out on note 10 to the financial statements. The remuneration policy of the Group is set out on page 29.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee, established on 22 March 2000, is currently comprised of three Independent Non-executive Directors. The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, J.P..

The Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee is clearly defined and posted on the Company's website.

於本年度內,委員會成員之出席情況如下:

薪酬委員會成員

出席/舉行次數

(獨立非執行董事) (薪酬委員會主席) 1/1 梁光建太平紳士

(獨立非執行董事) 1/1 劉紹新先生(執行董事)

有關應付高級管理人員按薪酬範圍劃分之酬金詳情,載於財務報 表附註10。本集團之薪酬政策載於第29頁。

審核委員會

審核委員會於二零零零年三月二十二日成立,目前由三名獨立非 執行董事組成。梁光建太平紳士為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會已訂明職權範圍,並於本公司網站刊載。

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Audit Committee (cont'd)

The roles and function of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- (a) to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- (b) to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards. The audit committee should discuss with the auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences;
- (c) to develop and implement policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services. For this purpose, "external auditor" includes any entity that is under common control, ownership or management with the audit firm or any entity that a reasonable and informed third party knowing all relevant information would reasonably conclude to be part of the audit firm nationally or internationally. The audit committee should report to the Board, identifying and making recommendations on any matters where action or improvement is needed;
- (d) to act as the key representative body for overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor;
- (e) to monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts, half-year report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them:
- (f) to discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits, and any matters the auditor may wish to discuss (in the absence of management where necessary);

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

審核委員會之角色及職能如下:

- a) 主要負責就外聘核數師之委任、重新委任及罷免向董事會 提供建議、批准外聘核數師之薪酬及聘用條款,及處理任 何有關該核數師辭任或罷免該核數師之問題;
- (b) 按適用標準檢討及監察外聘核數師是否獨立客觀及核數程 序是否有效。審核委員會應於核數工作開始前先與核數師 討論核數性質及範疇及有關申報責任;
- (c) 就外聘核數師提供非核數服務制訂及執行政策。就此而言,「外聘核數師」包括與負責核數師事務所處於同一控制權、所有權或管理權下之任何機構,或一個合理知悉所有有關資料之第三方在合理情況下會斷定屬於該核數師事務所本土或國際業務一部分之任何機構。審核委員會須就任何須採取行動或改善之事項向董事會報告並提出建議;
- (d) 擔任本公司與外聘核數師間之主要代表,負責監察兩者間 之關係:
- (e) 監察本公司之財務報表以及年報及賬目、半年度報告及(若 擬刊發)季度報告之完整性,並審閱報表及報告所載有關財 務申報之重大判斷;
- (f) 與核數師討論在中期及全年審核中出現之問題及存疑之處, 以及核數師希望討論之其他事宜(如有需要,可在管理層避 席之情況下進行);



企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Audit Committee (cont'd)

- (g) to review the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- (h) to discuss the internal control system with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective internal control system. This discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- to consider major investigation findings on internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;
- where an internal audit function exists, to ensure coordination between the internal and external auditors, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor its effectiveness;
- (k) to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to management about accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
- (m) to review the Company's statement on internal control systems (where one is included in the annual report) prior to endorsement by the Board;
- to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;
- to report to the Board on the matters in Appendix 14 of Code Provision of the Listing Rules; and

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

- (q) 檢討本公司之財務監控、內部監控及風險管理制度;
- (h) 與管理層討論內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行職責建立 有效內部監控系統。討論內容應包括本公司在會計及財務 匯報職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓課程及有關 預算是否足夠;
- 主動或應董事會委派,就有關內部監控事宜之重要調查結果及管理層對調查結果之回應進行研究;
- (j) 如設有內部審核職能,須確保內部及外聘核數師之工作得 到協調,亦須確保內部審核職能在本公司內部有足夠資源 運作,並且享有適當地位,以及檢討及監察其成效;
- (k) 檢討本集團之財務及會計政策及常規;
- (I) 檢查外聘核數師之管理意見書、核數師就會計記錄、財務 賬目或監控系統向管理層提出之任何重大疑問及管理層作 出之回應;
- (m) 於提呈董事會審批前先行審閱年報所載有關本公司內部監 控制度之陳述;
- (n) 確保董事會及時回應於外聘核數師之管理意見書中提出之 事宜;
- (o) 就上市規則附錄十四所載守則條文之事宜向董事會匯報; 及

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Audit Committee (cont'd)

(p) to review arrangements that employees of the Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The committee should ensure that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of these matters and for appropriate follow-up action.

In addition, the Audit Committee is responsible for corporate governance functions as below:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the board;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (d) to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Audit Committee reports to the Board on its discussion results and recommendations after each meeting.

Throughout the year, the Audit Committee reviewed the interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2014 and annual results of the Company, discussed the effectiveness of the internal control with management, and reviewed the annual budget for auditing fees. In addition, the Audit Committee considered and reviewed the annual report for the year ended annual result on 17 June 2015, and proposed to the Board for their approval.

All members of the Audit Committee actively participated in the committee's meetings. Throughout the year, the Audit Committee met 2 times, full minutes of which are kept by the Company Secretary. Draft and final versions of minutes of meetings are sent to all committee members for their comment and records, within a reasonable time after the meeting. Discussion results and recommendations have been proposed to the Board for its review, and related recommendations were adopted by the Board.

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

(p) 檢討本公司僱員可暗中就財務匯報、內部監控或其他方面可能發生之不正當行為提出關注之安排。委員會應確保有適當安排,讓本公司對此等事宜作出公平獨立調查及採取適當行動。

此外,審核委員會須負責以下企業管治職能:

- (a) 制訂及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規,並向董事會提 出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常 規;
- (c) 制訂、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (d) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治報告所載守則及披露之情況。

審核委員會於每次會議後向董事會匯報討論結果及建議。

於本年度內,審核委員會已審閱本公司截至二零一四年九月三十 日止六個月之中期業績及全年業績,並與管理層討論內部監控成效,以及審閱年度審核費用預算。此外,審核委員會已於二零 一五年六月十七日審議年報及全年業績,並提呈董事會以供批准。

全體審核委員會成員皆積極參與審核委員會會議。於本年度內,審核委員會曾舉行兩次會議,相關完整會議記錄由公司秘書保存。會議記錄之初稿及定稿應於會議結束後合理時間內寄交全體委員會成員,以供彼等提供意見及記錄。討論結果及建議已呈交董事會審議,相關建議獲董事會接納。



企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Audit Committee (cont'd)

Throughout the year, committee members' attendance was as follow:

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

於本年度內,委員會成員之出席情況如下:

Audit Committee Members	Attendance/Heid	番核委員管成員	出席/舉行次數
Mr. Leung Kwong Kin, J.P. (Independent Non-executive Director)		梁光建太平紳士 (獨立非執行董事)	
(Chairman of Audit Committee) Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic	2/2	(審核委員會主席) 黃華先生	2/2
(Independent Non-executive Director) Mr. Wan Sze Chung	2/2	(獨立非執行董事) 溫思聰先生	2/2
(Independent Non-executive Director)	2/2	(獨立非執行董事)	2/2

The Audit Committee reports to the Board on its discussion results and recommendations after each meeting and is provided with sufficient resource to perform its duties and is authorised by the Board to obtain independent legal or other professional advice.

審核委員會於每次會議後向董事會匯報討論結果及建議,並獲提供充足資源以履行職務及獲董事會授權諮詢獨立法律或其他專業意見。

All Directors acknowledge their responsibilities in preparing the financial statements. As at 31 March 2015, none of the Directors were aware of any uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. As such, the Directors have prepared the Company's financial statements on a going concern basis.

全體董事深明彼等有責任編製財務報表。於二零一五年三月三十一日,概無董事知悉任何或會嚴重影響本公司持續經營業務能力之重大不明朗事件或情況。因此,董事以持續經營基準編製本公司財務報表。

Responsibilities of external auditors to the financial statements are set out in the auditors' report of the 2015 annual report.

有關外聘核數師對財務報表之責任, 載於二零一五年年報之核數 師報告。

Auditor's Remuneration

For the year ended 31 March 2015, the following auditor's remuneration has been incurred by the Company:

核數師酬金

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本公司產生以下核數師酬 金:

> HK\$'000 千港元

 ${\bf Price water house Coopers}$

Audit Services

Total

- Non-audit Services

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

-核數服務

合計

2,120

一非核數服務

100

2,220

For the year ended 31 March 2015, the fees to PricewaterhouseCoopers, amounting to HK\$2,220,000, were primarily for audit services and those for non-audit services amounted to HK\$100,000, 4.5% of the total fees.

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,向羅兵咸永道會計師事務 所支付之費用為2,220,000港元,主要涉及審核服務;而非審核 服務之費用為100,000港元,佔總費用之4.5%。

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 27 March 2012. It is comprised of two Independent Non-executive Directors and one Executive Director. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic.

The Terms of Reference of the Nomination Committee is clearly defined and posted on the Company's website.

The roles and function of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- (a) review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- assess the independence of Independent Nonexecutive Directors; and
- (d) make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the chief executive.

The Nomination Committee reports to the Board on its discussion results and recommendations after each meeting and is provided with sufficient resource to perform its duties and is authorised by the Board to obtain independent legal or other professional advice.

Throughout the year, the Nomination Committee met once to review the Board and senior management of the Company. The Committee reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, reviewed the board diversity policy, reviewed the time and contribution from Directors, assessed the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors, made recommendation on the retirement and re-appointment of Directors at the 2015 AGM and discussed the succession planning for the Company's Board and senior management. In addition, the Committee reviewed the nomination policy (including procedures, process and criteria to select and commend candidates for directorship). Discussion results and recommendations have been proposed to the Board for its review.

董事委員會(續)

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一二年三月二十七日成立,由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事組成。黃華先生為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會已訂明職權範圍,並於本公司網站刊載。

提名委員會之角色及職能如下:

- (a) 最少每年檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面),並就任何擬對董事會作出之變動提出建議, 以配合本公司之企業策略;
- (b) 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員之人士,並挑選人士 出任董事或就此向董事會提出建議;
- (c) 評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;及
- (d) 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席及行政總裁) 之繼任計劃向董事會提出建議。

提名委員會於每次會議後向董事會匯報討論結果及建議,並獲提 供充足資源以履行職務及獲董事會授權諮詢獨立法律或其他專業 意見。

於本年度內,提名委員會曾舉行一次會議,以檢討本公司董事會及高級管理人員。委員會已檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成;檢討董事會多元化政策;審閱董事所付出時間及貢獻;評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;於二零一五年股東週年大會就董事退任及重新委任提出建議,並討論本公司董事會及高級管理人員之繼任計劃。此外,委員會已檢討提名政策(包括挑選及推薦董事候選人之步驟、程序及標準)。討論結果及建議已呈交董事會審議。



企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Nomination Committee (cont'd)

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted its own board diversity policy ("Board Diversity Policy"). The Board Diversity Policy aimed to achieve diversity of the Board through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience. The Nomination Committee of the Company shall review the Board Diversity Policy as appropriate and make recommendations on any proposed revisions to the Board.

Board appointments will be based on objective criteria having due regard to the benefits of diversity of the Board.

Throughout the year, committee members' attendance was as follows:

Nomination Committee Members Attendance/Held

Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic
(Independent Non-Executive Director)
(Chairman of Nomination Committee)

Mr. Wan Sze Chung
(Independent-Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Tse Sun Fat, Henry
(Executive Director)

1/1

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system for the Group. The system is for the interests of the shareholders by safeguarding the shareholders' investment and the assets of the Group.

For implementing internal control effectively, the Company shall review the following five elements for internal control:

(i) Overall control

The Group has established a comprehensive organisation structure and deployed suitable personnel for the efficient implementation of policies. Adequate information is also provided. Executive Directors and the senior management are granted appropriate authority to execute the strategies, policies and targets of the Group effectively when risks are within control. At the same time, the Board and senior management shall communicate the values and code of conduct of the Company to all the staff, for maintaining honesty and a high level of morality. In addition, all Directors actively participate in the affairs of the Board and the work of all Board Committees.

董事委員會(續)

提名委員會(續)

董事會多元化政策

董事會已採納其本身之董事會多元化政策(「董事會多元化政策」)。董事會多元化政策旨在透過考慮多項因素,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景或專業經驗,務求達致董事會多元化。本公司之提名委員會將適時檢討董事會多元化政策,並就該政策之任何建議修訂向董事會提供建議。

董事會作出委任時會以客觀條件為依歸,並會充分顧及董事會多元化之裨益。

於本年度內,委員會成員之出席情況如下:

提名委員會成員 出席/舉行次數

黃華先生

(獨立非執行董事) (提名委員會主席) 1/1 溫思聰先生 (獨立非執行董事) 1/1 謝新法先生 (執行董事) 1/1

內部監控

董事會負責為本集團維持健全而有效之內部監控系統,保障股東投資及本集團資產,以符合股東權益。

為達致有效內部監控,本公司須檢討以下五個內部監控元素:

(i) 整體監控

本集團已建立一套完善組織架構,用人唯才,使制訂之政策能夠有效地執行,並提供足夠之資訊流通。執行董事及高級管理人員皆獲授適當之權力,於可控制之風險情況下有效地執行本集團之策略、政策及目標。同時,董事會及高級管理人員均須向所有員工傳達本公司之價值及操守準則,確保堅守誠信及高尚之道德標準。另外,全體董事皆積極參與董事會事務及各董事委員會工作。

INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

(ii) Risk assessment

The Group determines annual operation targets, financial reporting targets and compliance targets in accordance with the development strategies set by the Board. Material controls including but not limited to financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions are reviewed. This is to ensure that the Group operates within risks that are of tolerate and reasonable level.

The Company shall review the risks faced by the Group regularly, so as to set a firm base for the Board to review the effectiveness of internal control and report to the shareholders on issues in relation to internal control.

(iii) Control activities

The Group carried out control activities comprising a diverse range of policies and procedures; including the conducting reviews of actual performance, reviewing of performance reports, checking information processing in transaction, performing physical controls, analysing performance indicators and dividing and segregating duties amongst different people.

(iv) Information and communication

The Board and senior management shall communicate the importance of control enabling the staff to understand that control must be implemented. The staff shall regularly report any information related to operation, financial and regulation to the Board and senior management.

The senior management shall provide the latest information on the Group to the Board and the Board Committees regularly or under material circumstances, with a view to having sufficient preparation for any risks.

In order to lower risks, the Company actively communicates with, and considers opinions from, all external parties, so that it is able to take appropriate actions in face of risks.

(v) Monitoring

The Company shall continuously assess and properly report the performance of the internal control system.

內部監控(續)

(ii) 風險評估

本集團根據董事會制訂之發展策略,釐定每年度之營運目標、財務申報目標及合規目標。本集團會檢討重大監控事宜,包括但不限於財務、營運、合規監控以及風險管理功能。此舉確保本集團在可承擔及合理風險範圍內運作。

本公司將定期檢討本集團所面對之風險,為董事會檢討內 部監控之有效性及向股東匯報內部監控情況奠定穩固之基 礎。

(iii) 監控活動

本集團進行之監控活動包括多項政策及程序,當中包括檢討實際表現、審閱表現報告、檢查交易之資料處理、進行實物監控、分析不同表現指標及劃定及區分不同人員間之職責。

(iv) 資訊與溝通

董事會及高級管理人員傳達監控之重要性,使員工了解必須切實執行監控。員工亦須定期向董事會及高級管理人員 匯報有關營運、財務及法規之所有資訊。

高級管理人員須定期或於遇到重大情況時,向董事會及各 董事委員會提供本集團之最新消息,以便為風險作足夠準 備。

本公司亦積極與外界各方保持溝通及考慮彼等之意見,以減低風險,及於面對風險時採取適當之行動。

(v) 監察

本公司會不斷評估內部監控系統之表現並適當地作出匯報。



企業管治報告

INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

Throughout the year, the Board hold an annual review to consider and discuss, including but not limited to, the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Our Company Secretary is Mr. YU Chi Wah. He is also the Chief Financial Officer and is employed on a full-time basis. During the year, he had taken no less than 15 hours relevant professional training as required under rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. Our Company Secretary reports to the Board chairman and coordinates the supply of information to the Directors. During the year, meeting agenda and accompanying board papers were provided at least 3 days before the date of the Board or committee meetings. Furthermore, all Directors have access to the Company Secretary to ensure that board procedures and all applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND INVESTORS' RELATIONS

It is the Company's policies to have open communication and disclose information in a fair manner. Information disclosure is a key means to enhance corporate governance standard. Shareholders can assess the Company's performance based on the information and provide opinions to the Company. Information relating to the Group and its business, together with its financial condition, are disclosed in the 2015 annual report and the Company's website at www.ebon.com.hk.

All registered shareholders shall receive notice of the AGM and extraordinary general meeting (together the "Meeting") by post. The notice of the Meeting contains an agenda, resolutions proposed and a proxy form. All shareholders, whose shares are registered in the register of members, are entitled to attend the Meeting. Shareholders who cannot attend the Meeting can appoint their proxies or the chairman of the meeting as their proxies by completing the proxy form enclosed with the notice of the meeting and returning it to the Company's share registrar. Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, all votes of shareholders at the meeting will be taken by poll. Procedures for demanding a vote by poll, together with the notice of the meeting, have been enclosed with a circular despatched to the shareholders. The procedures shall be read out at the Meeting by the chairman of the meeting. In addition, separate resolutions for actually separated issues shall be proposed to the Meeting for the approval of shareholders.

內部監控(續)

於本年度內,董事會進行年度審閱,以考慮及討論(包括但不限於)本集團於會計及財務報告職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓課程及預算是否充足。

公司秘書

俞志燁先生獲全職聘用為公司秘書兼首席財務總監。於本年度內,彼根據上市規則第3.29條接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。公司秘書向董事會主席報告,並負責協調向董事提供資料。於本年度內,會議議程及相關董事會文件最少在董事會或委員會會議舉行日期三天前提供。此外,全體董事均可接觸公司秘書以確保董事會程序、所有適用法例、規則及規定獲得遵守。

股東權利及投資者關係

本公司奉行坦誠溝通及公平披露資料之政策。披露資料是提升企業管治標準之主要方法。股東可憑資料評估本公司表現,並向本公司提出意見。二零一五年年報及本公司網站www.ebon.com.hk內提供有關本集團及其業務之資料及財務狀況。

全體登記股東會以郵遞方式收取股東週年大會及股東特別大會(統稱「股東大會」)通告。股東大會通告載有會議議程、提呈之決議案及代表委任表格。所有股份登記於股東名冊內之股東均有權出席股東大會。未能出席股東大會之股東可填妥通告隨附之代表委任表格並交回本公司股份過戶處,以委任彼等之受委代表或大會主席擔任彼等之代表。根據上市規則第13.39(4)條,股東大會上所有議決事項均須以按股數投票方式表決。有關要求以按股數投票方式表決之程序已載於連同召開股東大會通告一併寄發致股東之通函,並由大會主席於股東大會讀出。此外,本公司須於股東大會就每項實際獨立之事宜提出獨立決議案,以供股東批准。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND INVESTORS' RELATIONS (CONT'D)

The AGM is considered as an annual significant event of the Company. The AGM provides a precious opportunity for the shareholders and the Board to exchange constructive opinions. All Directors and the senior management shall attend the AGM. Apart from attending the AGM, the Chairman of the Board shall arrange the chairmen of each Board Committee to attend and answer question at the AGM. The Company's auditor shall also attend the AGM to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor and independence.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

Shareholders' Communication policy

The Board adopted a Shareholders' Communication Policy reflecting mostly the current practices of the Company for communication with its Shareholders. Such Policy aims to set out the provisions with the objective of ensuring that the Company's shareholders, in appropriate circumstances, the investment community at large, are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company, so that Shareholders are able to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow them and the investment community to engage actively with the Company. For the purpose of this Policy, reference to the investment community is intended to include the Company's potential investors as well as analysis reporting and analysis the Company's performance.

The Company has established a number of channels for maintaining an on-going dialogue with its Shareholders and the investment community, and will regularly review this Policy to ensure its effectiveness as follows:

(a) Information shall be communicated to Shareholders and the investment community mainly through the Company's financial reports (interim and annual reports), AGMs and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the disclosures submitted to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK") and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Company's website.

(b) Effective and timely dissemination of information to Shareholders and the investment community shall be ensured at all times. Any question regarding this Policy shall be directed to the Company Secretary.

股東權利及投資者關係(續)

本公司視股東週年大會為本公司之年度盛事。股東週年大會提供 重要機會,讓各股東與董事會交換具建設性之意見。全體董事及 高級管理人員均會出席股東週年大會。董事會主席除參與股東週 年大會外,並會安排各董事委員會主席參與股東週年大會及於會 上回答提問。本公司核數師亦須出席股東週年大會,以解答有關 審核工作、編製核數師報告及其內容、會計政策、核數師及獨立 性之提問。

與股東溝通

股東通訊政策

董事會採用最有效反映本公司現行常規之股東通訊政策,以便與股東溝通。此政策所載條文旨在確保本公司股東(在適當情況下包括投資人士)可及時適時取得全面、相同、公平及容易理解之本公司資料,使股東能夠在知情情況下行使權力,並使彼等及投資人士與本公司加強溝通。就本政策而言,對投資人士之提述擬包括本公司潛在投資者以及專責報告及分析本公司表現之分析師。

本公司已設立多個渠道持續與股東及投資人士保持對話,並會定 期檢討本政策以確保成效:

- (a) 本公司向股東及投資人士傳達資訊之主要渠道為:本公司 之財務報告(中期及年度報告);股東週年大會及其他可能 召開之股東大會;並將所有呈交予香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之披露資料,以及公司通訊及其他公司刊物 登載在本公司網站。
- (b) 本公司時刻確保有效及適時向股東及投資人士傳達資訊。 如對本政策有任何疑問,應向公司秘書提出。



企業管治報告

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS (CONT'D)

Shareholders' Enquiries

- (a) Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's Registrar.
- (b) Shareholders and the investment community may at any reasonable time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available.
- (c) Shareholders and the investment community shall be provided with designated contacts, e-mail addresses and enquiry lines of the Company in order to enable them to make any query in respect of the Company.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

- The Company has only one class of shares and the Articles of Association of the Company set out the rights of our shareholders.
- 2. Shareholders have right to receive corporate communications issued by the Company.
- Shareholders whose shares held in Tricor Abacus Limited ("Tricor") may notify us from time to time through Tricor if they wish to receive our corporate communications.
- 4. Shareholders are furnished with comprehensive background information in a timely manner concerning the matters to be decided at general meetings and they are well informed of the rules including the voting procedures, that govern general meetings.
- 5. Subject to the Articles of Association and the rules prescribed by the Stock Exchange from time to time, shareholders have right to participate and vote in general meetings. Any shareholder not attending a general meeting can give proxy to vote on his/her behalf. Forms of Proxy are sent to our shareholders together with the notice of meeting.
- 6. Shareholders have right to raise questions at general meetings.

與股東溝通(續)

股東查詢

- (a) 股東如對名下持股有任何問題,應向本公司股份過戶登記 處提出。
- (b) 股東及投資人士可在任何合理時間要求索取本公司之公開 資料。
- (c) 本公司須向股東及投資人士提供指定之本公司聯絡人、電 郵地址及查詢熱線,以便彼等提出任何有關本公司之查詢。

股東權利

- 本公司只有一類股份。本公司之組織章程細則載有股東權利。
- 2. 股東有權收取本公司發出之公司通訊。
- 在卓佳雅柏勤有限公司(「卓佳」)持有股份之股東如擬收取 本公司之公司通訊,可不時透過卓佳通知本公司。
- 4. 股東適時獲提供有關將在股東大會議決事宜之全面背景資料,並獲通知有關規管股東大會之規則(包括投票程序)之 詳細資料。
- 在組織章程細則及聯交所不時訂明規則之規限下,股東有權參與股東大會並在會上投票。不擬出席股東大會之股東可委任受委代表代其出席。代表委任表格連同會議通告一併寄發予股東。
- 6. 股東有權在股東大會提問。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (CONT'D)

- 7. Shareholder(s) may request to include a resolution in a general meeting pursuant to Section 582 of the Companies Ordinance.
- 8. Shareholder(s) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may request the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting.
- Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, all votes of shareholders at the AGM will be taken by poll. The chairman of the meeting will explain at the commencement of the meeting the detailed procedures for conducting a poll. On a poll, every shareholder present in person or by proxy will have one vote for every share held. A shareholder which is a corporation will be present in person if a duly authorised representative of such shareholder is present at the meeting. A shareholder present in person or by proxy who is entitled to more than one vote does not have to use all his or her votes or to cast all his or her votes the same way. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be a resolution of the meeting. After the closure of a general meeting, the poll results will be published on the Company's website at www.ebon.com.hk and the HKExnews website at www.hkexnews.hk.
- Shareholders are encouraged to participate in key corporate governance decisions. Sufficient time is allowed for shareholders to consider the candidates being nominated before the general meetings.
- 11. The Company ensures that votes cast are properly counted and recorded. Voting results are verified by independent scrutineers and announced in a timely manner after the closure of general meeting and posted on the Company's and HKExnews websites.
- 12. Shareholder who has a material interest in the subject transaction may be required to abstain from voting on the relevant resolution at the relevant general meeting as required by the Listing Rules.

股東權利(續)

- 7. 根據《公司條例》第582條,股東可要求在股東大會加入決 議案。
- 3. 於遞呈要求當日持有附帶權利於本公司股東大會投票之本公司繳足股本不少於十分一之股東可要求董事會召開股東特別大會。
- 9. 根據上市規則第13.39(4)條,股東於股東週年大會所作任何表決必須以按股數投票方式進行。股東大會主席會在會議開始時說明以按股數投票方式表決之詳細程序。投票時,親身出席或委派受委代表出席之每名股東,每持有一股股份則可投一票。倘股東為公司並由正式授權代表代為出席,則該股東將被視作親身出席。親身出席或委派受委代表出席並可投超過一票之股東毋須行使其全部投票權或以相同方式行使其全部投票權。以按股數投票方式表決之結果將被視為會議上之一項決議案。投票結果將於股東大會完結後登載於本公司網站www.ebon.com.hk及聯交所披露易網站www.hkexnews.hk。

- 10. 本公司鼓勵股東參與主要企業管治事宜之決策。於股東大會前,股東會有充足時間考慮獲提名之董事會成員候選人。
- 11. 本公司確保每票均得到恰當計算及記錄。投票結果由獨立 監票員核實,並於股東大會完結後適時於本公司及聯交所 披露易網站公佈及登載。
- 12. 根據上市規則,在主體交易擁有重大權益之股東須在有關 股東大會就相關決議案放棄投票。



企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (CONT'D)

Procedures for a shareholder to propose a person for election as a Director

The general meeting is the principal opportunity and ideal venue for shareholders to meet and exchange views on the Company's business with the Directors and the management.

If a shareholder wishes to propose a person other than a retiring Director for election as a Director at an AGM, the shareholder should deposit a written notice of nomination which shall be given to the Company Secretary at the Company's head office within the 7-day period commencing the day after the despatch of the AGM notice (or such other period as may be determined and announced by the Directors from time to time).

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, in both English and Chinese, are available on the Company's website at www.ebon.com.hk and the HKExnews website at www.hkexnews.hk. There was no significant change to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2015.

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Customers

The Group's objective is becoming one of the leading quality suppliers of architectural builder hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture. Our goal is to enhance the brand value of the Group by managing customers' expectation of getting products that commensurate with their lifestyles. We strive to provide quality products and services to fulfil customers' needs; establish the brand and reputation of our Group for customers' recognition of our ability to serve them with two fundamental qualities "sincerity" and "quality" which would enable us to build customer loyalty; allowing us to establish strong customer relationships for future businesses.

Human resources

As at 31 March 2015, our workforce was recorded at 181 employees (2014: 181).

The Group believes its success, long-term growth and development depend upon the quality, performance and commitment of its staff members. Competitive packages are offered to attract, retain and motivate competent individuals. In addition, the Group provides employee benefits such as subsidised medical scheme and travel allowance. The Group supports the staff's family life by providing children's scholarship.

股東權利(續)

股東提名他人選參選董事之程序

股東大會為董事及管理層與股東之間就本公司業務交流意見之重 要機會及理想場合。

倘有股東欲推薦將退任董事以外之人士在股東週年大會參選董事,該股東須於股東週年大會通告寄發翌日起計7天內(或董事不時釐訂及公佈之其他期間),向本公司總辦事處之公司秘書送交書面提名通知。

章程文件

本公司之組織章程大綱及細則(包括中英文版本)於本公司網站www.ebon.com.hk及聯交所披露易網站www.hkexnews.hk可供查閱。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本公司之組織章程大綱及細則並無重大變動。

可持續發展

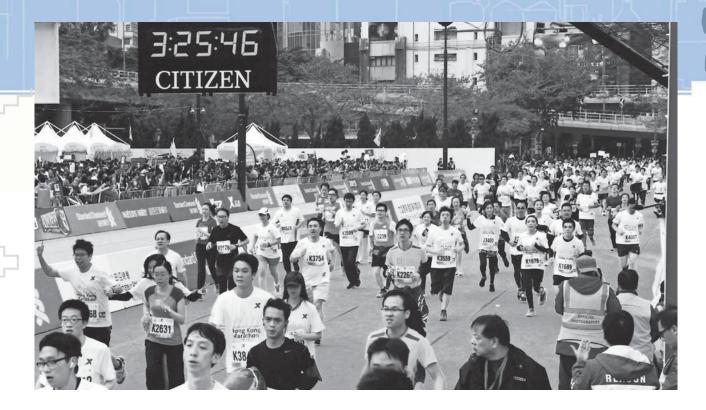
客戶

本集團致力成為提供優質建築五金、衛浴、廚房設備及傢俬供應商。我們因應客戶之生活方式供應產品,切合客戶所需,務求提升本集團之品牌價值。我們著重提供優質產品及服務滿足客戶需要,讓客戶領略我們貫徹「誠懇」及「質素」之宗旨;透過為集團建立品牌價值及信譽取信於客戶,令本集團與客戶建立堅固關係,為日後發展作好準備。

人力資源

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團員工人數為181名(二零一四年:181名)。

我們相信集團之成就、長遠增長及發展,有賴員工之質素、表現及承擔。我們提供具競爭力之薪酬待遇以吸納、留聘及鼓勵能幹人才。此外,本集團提供醫療補助及交通津貼等僱員福利。本集團提供子女獎學金,照顧員工之家庭生活。



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT (CONT'D) Environment

We endeavour to minimising pollution and protecting the environment by conserving natural resources, reducing the use of energy and waste. We first implement the business activities for which we bear responsibility and addressing the environmental issues by integrating environment considerations in our business such as procurement of operation consumables and adoption of eco-friendly habits and resource recycling. We use low energy light bulbs in our retail shops, warehouses and offices. We create the environmental awareness amongst our staff members and whenever possible and practical to do so, we encourage our staff to use public transport; for those that are not accessible by public transport means, to car share when travelling on business. As a supplier of home fittings, we provide a range of green products such as water saving taps and eco-sensor water-saving taps to the market. We seek to assist the general public to take the concept of 'environmental protection' in practice which will eventually contribute to future generations. Our aim is to contribute to the sustainable future and be in harmony with the global environment.

Communities

The Group is committed to being an active participant in the local community wherever it operates. The Group also encourages its business partners and employees to do the same to contribute to their neighbourhood. A care to the society will eventually benefit our future generations.

可持續發展(續)

環境

我們致力將污染程度減至最低,透過保育天然資源、減少使用能源及製造廢物為保護環境出一分力。我們首先以負責任之態度進行商業活動,並在經營業務時(例如採購營運所需耗材)考慮對環境影響,以及培養環保意識及回收資源。我們的零售店舖、貨倉及辦公室一律採用慳電燈泡。我們積極向員工灌輸環保意識,鼓勵員工在可能及切實可行之情況下使用公共交通工具,至於在公幹地點遠離公共交通設施之情況,則安排多人同乘一部汽車。作為家居產品供應商,我們供應各類綠色產品,如節約用水之水龍頭及環保感應水龍頭。我們致力協助社會實踐「環保」概念,以下一代福祉為依歸。集團致力為可持續未來及全球環境盡一分力。

計區

本集團致力融入其營運所在地之社區,鼓勵其業務夥伴及員工一起實踐,為鄰里出一分力。關懷社區最終惠及我們下一代。



Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



羅兵咸永道

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF E. BON HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of E. Bon Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 56 to 129, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2015, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.32), and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致怡邦行控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第56至129頁怡邦行控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一五年三月三十一日的綜合和公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及前身香港《公司條例》(第32章)的披露規定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公平的反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部監控,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合財務報表作出意見,並 僅向整體股東報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就 本報告內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審計。該等 準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審計,以合理確定綜 合財務報表是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong Tel: +852 2289 8888 Fax: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所,香港中環太子大廈廿二樓 電話: +852 2289 8888 傳真: +852 2810 9888,www.pwchk.com

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額及披露資料的審計憑證。所選定程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製綜合財務報表以作出真實而公平的反映相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對公司內部控制的有效性發表意見。審計亦包括評價董事所採用會計政策的合適性及作出會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. 我們相信,我們獲得的審計憑證能充足和適當地為我們的審計意 見提供基礎。

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2015, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.32).

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零一五年三月三十一日的事務狀況,及 貴集團截至該日止年度的利潤及現金流量,並已按照前身香港《公司條例》(第32章)的披露規定妥為編製。

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 17 June 2015

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零一五年六月十七日

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong Tel: +852 2289 8888 Fax: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所,香港中環太子大廈廿二樓 電話: +852 2289 8888 傳真: +852 2810 9888 · www.pwchk.com



Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	5	578,810	466,020
Cost of sales	銷售成本	7	(349,798)	(299,113)
Gross profit	毛利		229,012	166,907
Other income	其他收益	5	6,400	271
Distribution costs	分銷成本	7	(87,347)	(84,851)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	7	(66,631)	(69,312)
Operating profit	經營溢利		81,434	13,015
Finance income Finance costs	財務收益 財務費用		91 (1,270)	32 (1,494)
Finance costs, net	財務費用,淨額	8	(1,179)	(1,462)
Profit before income tax	除税項前溢利		80,255	11,553
Income tax expense	税項開支	11	(14,345)	(2,534)
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司所有者應佔年度溢利		65,910	9,019

ľ						Notes 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Item that ma reclassifie Exchange stateme Items that w	rehensive inco y be subsequer d to profit or los loss on translat nts of foreign op fill not be reclass ntly to profit or lo	ntly is ion of financia perations sified	al 換算海外業 匯兑虧損	<i>分類至損益之項</i> 務財務報表之		(54)	(200)
	held for Tax effect	n revaluation of pown use relating to reval	uation and	自用物業重 有關重估及	估收益 出售已重估物業	之	13,641	6,063
	disposal	of revalued pro	perties	税項影響			(2,251)	(165)
	Other comp net of tax	rehensive inco	ome for the ye	ear, 年度其他全面	收益,除税後		11,336	5,698
)	-	rehensive inco le to equity ho any	-	ear 本公司所有者 合計	應佔年度全面收	益	77,246	14,717
	the equity	share for profit holders of the C year (expressed	Company		所有者應佔溢利 (以每股港仙為單			
	— Basic a			一基本及攢	講	14	21.9 cents 港仙	3.0 cents 港仙
		on pages 64 to d financial state		integral part of the	se 第64至12	29頁之附註為此等	穿綜合財務報表一部分	} •
	Dividends fo	r the year		年度股息		13(b)	30,030	9,009





Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2015 於二零一五年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	165,529	160,306
Deferred income tax assets Trade, retention and other receivables	遞延税項資產 應收賬款、應收保留款及	24	1,570	4,267
	其他應收款	19	16,361	17,186
			183,460	181,759
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	18	146,711	166,593
Current income tax recoverable	可收回税項		899	3,709
Trade, retention and other receivables	應收賬款、應收保留款及			-,
	其他應收款	19	144,071	103,005
Restricted cash	受限制現金	20	3,790	3,978
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	21	121,959	47,860
			417,430	325,145
Total assets	總資產		600,890	506,904
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司所有者應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	25	30,030	30,030
Reserves	儲備	26	358,849	293,615
Total equity	總權益		388,879	323,645

		Notes 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Receipts in advance Borrowings Current income tax liabilities	流動負債 應付賬款及其他應付款 預收款項 借款 當期税項負債	22 22 23	35,377 83,553 60,550 13,724	44,727 48,494 68,017 4,812
			193,204	166,050
Non-current liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities	非流動負債 遞延税項負債	24	18,807	17,209
Total liabilities	總負債	<u></u>	212,011	183,259
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及總負債	=	600,890	506,904
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	_	224,226	159,095
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	=	407,686	340,854

TSE Sun Fat, Henry 謝新法 Director 董事 TSE Sun Po, Tony 謝新寶 Director 董事



Statement of Financial Position

財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2015 於二零一五年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets Interest in subsidiaries	非流動資產 附屬公司權益	16	90,917	90,917
Current assets	流動資產			
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	17	112,829	88,342
Other receivables	其他應收款 現金及現金等價物	21	25 162	31 364
Cash and cash equivalents	現並及現並寺頂物	21	102	304
			113,016	88,737
Total assets	總資產		203,933	179,654
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司所有者應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	25	30,030	30,030
Reserves	儲備	26	135,221	122,734
Total equity	總權益		165,251	152,764
LIABILITIES	負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債 其他應付款	22	2,120	2,165
Other payables Current income tax liabilities	其他應的款 當期税項負債	22	2,120 102	2,165 99
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	17	36,460	24,626
			38,682	
			30,002	26,890
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及總負債		203,933	179,654
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		74,334	61,847
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		165,251	152,764

TSE Sun Fat, Henry 謝新法 Director 董事 TSE Sun Po, Tony 謝新寶 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000	Revaluation reserve 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$*000	Retained earnings 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	30,030	31,231	99,296	6,979	2,896	3,043	1,132	1,576	150,763	326,946
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income Exchange loss on translation of	年度溢利 其他全面收益 換算海外業務財務報表 之匯兑虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,019	9,019
financial statements of foreign operations Surplus on revaluation of properties held for	自用物業重估收益	-	-	-	-	-	(200)	-	-	-	(200)
own use Tax effects relating to revaluation and disposal of revalued	有關重估及出售已重估 物業之税項影響	-	-	6,063	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,063
properties Transfer of revaluation reserve upon the disposal of properties	出售自用物業時轉撥 重估儲備	-	-	(165)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(165)
held for own use				(3,337)						3,337	
Total comprehensive income	全面收益合計			2,561			(200)			12,356	14,717
Transfer of share option reserve upon the lapse of share-based compensation	以股份支付報酬之 款項失效時轉撥 購股權儲備	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,576)	1,576	_
Dividends (note 13(a)) Appropriation to statutory reserve (note 26)	股息(附註13(a)) 法定儲備分配 (附註26)	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	-	(18,018)	(18,018)
Transactions with owners	與所有者之交易							70	(1,576)	(16,512)	(18,018)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年 三月三十一日	30,030	31,231	101,857	6,979	2,896	2,843	1,202		146,607	323,645



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

		Share	Share	Revaluation	Merger	Capital	Exchange	Statutory	Retained	
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
		股本	股份溢價	重估儲備	合併儲備	資本儲備	匯兑儲備	法定儲備	保留溢利	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2014	於二零一四年四月一日	30,030	31,231	101,857	6,979	2,896	2,843	1,202	146,607	323,645
Profit for the year	年度溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65,910	65,910
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益									
Exchange loss on translation of financial statements	換算海外業務財務報表之 匯兑虧損									
of foreign operations		-	-	-	-	-	(54)	-	-	(54)
Surplus on revaluation of properties held for	自用物業重估收益									
own use		-	-	13,641	-	-	-	-	-	13,641
Tax effect relating to revaluation of properties	有關重估自用物業之 税項影響									
held for own use				(2,251)						(2,251)
Total comprehensive	全面收益合計									
income				11,390			(54)		65,910	77,246
Dividends (note 13(a)) Appropriation to	股息(附註13(a)) 法定儲備分配(附註26)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,012)	(12,012)
statutory reserve (note 26)								159	(159)	
Transactions with owners	與所有者之交易			<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	159	(12,171)	(12,012)
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年 三月三十一日	30,030	31,231	113,247	6,979	2,896	2,789	1,361	200,346	388,879
	-/J-I H		01,201	110,271	0,515	2,000	2,103	1,001	200,040	

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

4					
			Notes 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
1	Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Income tax paid	經營活動之現金流量 經營產生之現金 已付税項	27	99,398 (577)	4,548 (5,116)
	Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動產生/(所用)淨現金		98,821	(568)
	Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property,	投資活動之現金流量 購買物業、廠房及設備 出售物業、廠房及設備之所得款項		(4,139)	(4,004)
	plant and equipment Interest received	已收利息	27	472 91	7,786 32
1	Net cash (used in)/generated from	投資活動(所用)/產生淨現金			
ı	investing activities	双負伯勒(加州/) 医工序场亚		(3,576)	3,814
1	Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings Repayments of borrowings Interest paid on bank borrowings Net proceeds from bills payable and trust receipt loans Repayments of the loans from certain	融資活動之現金流量 借款所得款項 償還借款 已付銀行借款利息 應付票據及信託收據貸款之 淨所得金額 償還若干執行董事、一名股東及		2,731 (11,569) (1,270) 1,371	7,329 (16,175) (1,494) 13,770
	executive directors, a shareholder and a former executive director Decrease/(increase) in restricted cash Dividends paid	一名前執行董事之貸款 受限制現金減少/(增加) 已付股息		188 (12,012)	(625) (1,111) (18,018)
	Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用淨現金		(20,561)	(16,324)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物淨增加/(減少)		74,684	(13,078)
1	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	年初現金及現金等價物		47,860	60,891
	Exchange (loss)/gain on cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物匯兑 (虧損)/收益		(585)	47
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終現金及現金等價物	21	121,959	47,860



Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

E. Bon Holdings Limited ("the Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business is 16th–18th Floors, First Commercial Building, 33 Leighton Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong. Its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the importing, wholesale and/or installation of architectural builders hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture in Hong Kong and the provision of construction service for property developers in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the board of directors on 17 June 2015.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of E. Bon Holdings Limited have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of leasehold land and buildings, which are carried at fair values.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the applicable requirements of the predecessor Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) for this financial year and the comparative period.

1 一般資料

怡邦行控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於開曼群島註冊成立之有限責任公司,其註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands及其主要營業地點為香港銅鑼灣禮頓道33號第一商業大廈16—18樓。其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之主板上市。

本公司主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司之主要業務則為在香港從事進口、批發及/或安裝建築五金、衛浴、廚房設備及傢俬,以及在中華人民共和國(「中國」)為物業發展商提供建築服務。

除另有説明外,該等綜合財務報表以港元呈列。該等綜合財務報表已於二零一五年六月十七日獲董事會批准刊發。

2 主要會計政策概要

編製該等綜合財務報表所採用主要會計政策載列如下。除 另有説明外,該等政策於所有呈報年度貫徹採用。

2.1 編製基準

怡邦行控股有限公司之綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)編製。綜合財務報表依據歷史成本常規法作編製,並已就租賃土地及樓宇之重估作出調整,該等租賃土地及樓宇乃按公允值列賬。

本財政年度及比較期間之綜合財務報表乃根據前身香港《公司條例》(第32章)之適用規定編製。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Basis of preparation (cont'd)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

The following amendments to standards and interpretations are also mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2014 but they have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position or are not currently relevant to the Group:

> Offsetting Financial Assets Amendment to HKAS 32 and Financial Liabilities Amendment to Recoverable Amount HKAS 36 Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets Amendment to Novation of Derivatives HKAS 39 and Continuation of Hedge Accounting Amendment to Consolidation for HKFRS 10, **Investment Entities**

HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies

HKFRS 12 and

HKAS 27 (2011)

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

根據香港財務報告準則編製財務報表時須運用若干 重大會計估計及需要管理層就本集團會計政策之應 用作出判斷。涉及高度判斷或複雜性,或其假設及 估計對綜合財務報表而言屬重大之範圍,於附註4中 披露。

下列準則修訂本及詮釋亦於二零一四年一月一 日或之後開始之財政年度首次強制生效,惟對 本集團之業績及財務狀況並無重大影響或現時 與本集團無關:

> 香港會計準則 抵銷金融資產及金融 第32號修訂本 負債 非金融資產之可收回 香港會計準則

第36號修訂本 款額披露

更替衍生工具及持續 香港會計準則 對沖會計處理 第39號修訂本

香港財務報告準則 投資實體綜合入賬 第10號、香港 財務報告準則 第12號及香港 會計準則第27號 修訂本 (二零一一年)

香港(國際財務報告 徴税 詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第21號

怡 邦 行 控 股 有 限 公 司 二 零 一 五 年 年



Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

New standards and amendments to standards have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2014 and have not been early adopted:

主要會計政策概要(續)

編製基準(續)

(b) 已頒佈惟於二零一四年一月一日或之後開始之 財政年度尚未生效且並無提早採納之新訂準則 及準則修訂本:

> Effective for accounting period beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後 開始之會計期間生效

Amendment to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號修訂本 Amendment to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38

香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則 第38號修訂本

Amendment to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則 第41號修訂本

Amendment to HKAS 19 (2011) 香港會計準則第19號修訂本(二零

Amendment to HKAS 27 香港會計準則第27號修訂本

HKFRS 9 香港財務報告準則第9號

HKFRS 14

香港財務報告準則第14號

HKFRS 15

香港財務報告準則第15號

Amendment to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28

香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則 第12號及香港會計準則第28號修訂本 Amendment to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號修訂本

Amendment to HKFRS 11

香港財務報告準則第11號修訂本 Annual Improvements Project 年度改進項目 Annual Improvements Project 年度改進項目 Annual Improvements Project 年度改進項目

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of adoption of these standards and amendments to existing standards, which the Group plans to adopt when they become effective. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and presentation of the financial statements will be resulted.

Disclosure Initiative 1 January 2016 披露方法 二零一六年一月一日 1 January 2016 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation 二零一六年一月一日 澄清可接受之折舊及攤銷方法

Agriculture: Bearer Plants 1 January 2016 農業:產花果植物 二零一六年一月一日

Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions 1 July 2014 界定福利計劃:僱員供款 二零一四年七月一日 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements 1 January 2016 獨立財務報表之權益法 零一六年一月一日 Financial Instruments 1 January 2018 二零一八年一月一日 金融工具 Regulatory Deferral Accounts 1 January 2016 監管遞延賬目 二零一六年一月一日

1 January 2017 來自客戶合約收益 零一七年一月一日 Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation 1 January 2016 Exception

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

二零一二至二零一四年週期之年度改進

投資實體:應用綜合賬目之例外情況 二零一六年一月一日

Sale or Contribution of Assets between 1 January 2016 an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

二零一六年一月一日 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業間資產出售或投入

Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests 1 January 2016 in Joint Operations 二零一六年一月一日 收購合營業務權益之會計處理 Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle 1 July 2014 二零一零至二零一二年週期之年度改進 -四年七月一日 Annual Improvements 2011–2013 Cycle 1 July 2014 二零一一至二零一三年週期之年度改進 二零一四年七月一日 Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle 1 January 2016

> 本集團計劃於該等準則及現有準則修訂本生效 時採納,現正評估採納上述各項之影響。本集 團尚無法確定本集團之會計政策及財務報表之 呈列是否將出現重大變動。

二零一六年一月一日

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

(c) New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622)

In addition, the requirements of Part 9 "Accounts and Audit" of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) will come into operation in the financial year ending on or after 31 December 2015 for companies incorporated overseas and listed in Hong Kong. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of expected impact of the changes in the Companies Ordinance on the consolidated financial statements in the period of initial application of Part 9 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). So far it has concluded that the impact is unlikely to be significant and only the presentation and the disclosure of information in the consolidated financial statements will be affected.

2.2 Subsidiaries

2.2.1 Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(c) 新香港《公司條例》(第622章)

此外,就海外註冊成立及香港上市公司而言,新香港《公司條例》(第622章)第9部「賬目及審計」規定將於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日或之後止財政年度生效。本集團現正評估於新香港《公司條例》(第622章)第9部初步使用期間《公司條例》之變動對綜合財務報表之預期影響。迄今認為影響可能並不重大,僅對綜合財務報表所載資料之呈列及披露造成影響。

2.2 附屬公司

2.2.1 綜合賬目

附屬公司為本集團對其擁有控制權之實體(包括結構實體)。當本集團透過參與實體之業務而承擔或有權享有可變回報;及有能力透過對實體運用權力而影響該等回報,本集團即可控制實體。附屬公司自控制權轉移至本集團當日綜合入賬,並自終止控制當日不再綜合入賬。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及集團內公司間交易之未變現收益予以對銷。未變現虧損亦予以 對銷。如有需要,附屬公司呈報之金額已作出 調整,以與本集團之會計政策一致。



Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.2 Subsidiaries (cont'd)

2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that make strategic decisions.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.2 獨立財務報表

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減值列賬。成本亦包 括投資之直接應佔成本。附屬公司之業績由本 公司按已收及應收股息入賬。

如股息超過宣派股息期內附屬公司之全面收益總額,或如在獨立財務報表之投資賬面值超過綜合財務報表中投資對象資產淨值(包括商譽)之賬面值,則必須於收取來自該等投資之股息時對附屬公司投資作減值測試。

2.3 分部報告

經營分部按照向首席經營決策者提供內部報告貫徹 一致之方式報告。首席經營決策者被認定為作出策 略性決定之執行董事,負責分配資源及評估經營分 部之表現。

2.4 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團每個實體之財務報表所列項目均以該實體經營所在主要經濟環境之貨幣計量(「功能貨幣」)。綜合財務報表以港元呈列,港元為本公司功能貨幣及本集團呈列貨幣。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (cont'd)

b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in profit or loss within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

 assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 外幣換算(續)

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易或項目重新計量之估值日期 之匯率換算為功能貨幣。結算此等交易產生之 匯兑收益及虧損以及將以外幣計值之貨幣資產 及負債以年終匯率換算產生之匯兑收益及虧損 在綜合全面收益表確認。

有關借貸及現金及現金等價物之外匯收益及虧 損於損益「財務收益或費用」呈列。所有其他 外匯收益及虧損於綜合全面收益表呈列。

(c) 集團公司

功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同之所有集團內實體 (當中沒有惡性通貨膨脹經濟之貨幣)之業績及 財務狀況按以下方法換算為呈列貨幣:

每份呈列之財務狀況表內之資產及負債 按該財務狀況表日期之收市匯率換算;



Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (cont'd)

- (c) Group companies (cont'd)
 - (ii) income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
 - (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Leasehold land and buildings are stated at revalued amount. Property, plant and equipment, other than leasehold land and buildings, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Leasehold land and buildings are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at their revalued amount, being the revaluation value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ significantly from that which would be determined using revaluation values at the reporting date.

Any revaluation increase arising on revaluation of leasehold land and buildings is credited to the revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same assets previously recognised as an expense, in which case the increase is credited to the profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in net carrying amount arising on revaluation of an asset is dealt with as an expense to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, on the revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 外幣換算(續)

- (c) 集團公司(續)
 - (ii) 每份綜合全面收益表內之收益及開支按 平均匯率換算(除非此匯率並不代表交 易日期匯率之累計影響之合理約數;在 此情況下,收益及開支則按交易日期之 匯率換算);及
 - (iii) 所有由此產生之匯兑差額在其他全面收 益確認。

2.5 物業、廠房及設備

租賃土地與樓宇以重估價值列賬。除租賃土地與樓宇外,物業、廠房及設備按成本扣除累計折舊及累計減值虧損入賬。

租賃土地與樓宇於綜合財務狀況表以重估價值(即重估當日之重估價值減該重估後之累計折舊、攤銷及累計減值虧損)列賬。租賃土地與樓宇得到定期重估,確保其賬面值與於報告日之重估價值不會產生重大差異。

重估租賃土地與樓宇產生之重估增加將撥入重估儲備,惟倘撥回同一資產於早前確認為開支之重估減值,則該增加將撥入損益內,惟以早前扣除之減值為限。重估資產產生之賬面淨值減值,倘超過重估儲備內就該資產先前重估之結餘(如有),則當作開支扣減。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold land Over the shorter of unexpired and buildings term of lease or 50 years

Leasehold improvements Over the shorter of lease

terms or 5 years
Furniture, fixtures 20%

and equipment

Motor vehicles 20%

The assets' useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the asset revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained earnings as a movement in reserves.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

歷史成本包括購買該等項目直接應佔之開支。後續成本僅於可能為本集團帶來與該項目有關之未來經濟利益,而該項目之成本能可靠計量時,方計入資產之賬面值或確認為一項單獨資產(如適用)。已更換零件之賬面值已在賬上移除。所有其他維修費用在產生之財政期間於損益支銷。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃按估計可使用年期將其 成本或重估價值以直線法分攤計算如下:

租賃土地及樓宇 未到期之租賃年期或

50年(以較短者為準)

租賃物業裝修 租賃年期或5年

(以較短者為準)

傢俬、裝置及設備 20%

汽車 20%

資產可使用年期於各報告期末進行檢討及修正(如適用)。

若資產之賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,其賬面值 即時撇減至可收回金額。

出售之收益及虧損按所得款與賬面值之差額釐定, 並在綜合全面收益表確認。於出售重估資產時,就 先前估值變現之資產重估儲備之相關部分作為儲備 變動轉入保留溢利。



Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.7 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets as loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise "trade, retention and other receivables", "restricted cash" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 非金融資產減值

使用壽命不限之資產毋須攤銷,但每年須進行減值測試。須作攤銷之資產,當有事件出現或情況改變顯示賬面值可能無法收回時進行減值檢討。減值虧損按資產之賬面值超出其可收回金額之差額確認。可收回金額以資產之公允值扣除銷售成本或使用價值兩者之間較高者為準。於評估減值時,資產按可分開辨認現金流量(現金產出單位)之最低層次組合。除商譽外,已出現減值之非金融資產於各報告日均就撥回減值進行檢討。

2.7 金融資產

本集團將其金融資產分為貸款及應收款。分類視乎 購入金融資產之目的。管理層在初步確認時釐定金 融資產之分類。

貸款及應收款為有固定或可確定付款額且沒有在活躍市場上報價之非衍生金融資產。此等項目包括在流動資產內,惟須於或預期將於報告期末起計超過12個月結算之數額則分類為非流動資產。本集團之貸款及應收款由綜合財務狀況表「應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款」、「受限制現金」與「現金及現金等價物」組成。

貸款及應收款其後利用實際利率法計算,並以攤銷成本入賬。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.8 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

2.9 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 抵銷金融工具

當有法定可執行權力可抵銷已確認金額,並有意按 淨額基準結算或同時變現資產及結算負債時,金融 資產與負債可互相抵銷,並在綜合財務狀況表報告 其淨額。

法定可執行權利不得依賴未來事件而定,而在一般 業務過程中及倘公司或對手方違約、無償債能力或 破產,亦必須具有約束力。

2.9 金融資產減值

本集團於各報告期末評估有否客觀跡象顯示一項金融資產或一組金融資產出現減值。只有當存在客觀證據證明於初步確認資產後發生一宗或多宗事件導致出現減值(「損失事項」),而該宗(或該等)損失事項對該項或該組金融資產之估計未來現金流量構成之影響可以合理估計,相關金融資產或金融資產組才算出現減值及產生減值虧損。

對於貸款及應收款類別,虧損金額乃根據資產賬面 值與按金融資產原實際利率貼現而估計未來現金流 量(不包括仍未產生之未來信用損失)之現值兩者之 差額計量。資產賬面值予以削減,而虧損金額則在 綜合全面收益表確認。

倘在其後期間,減值虧損數額減少,而此減少可客 觀聯繫至減值確認後發生之事件,則之前已確認之 減值虧損可在損益確認撥回。



財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.11 Trade, retention and other receivables

Trade and retention receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade, retention and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade, retention and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. In the consolidated statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

2.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

2.14 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.10 存貨

存貨以成本或可變現淨值兩者之較低者列賬。成本 採用先進先出法計算。可變現淨值指在日常業務過 程中之估計售價減適用之浮動銷售費用。

2.11 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款

應收賬款及應收保留款為在日常業務過程中就銷售 商品或履行服務而應收客戶之款項。如應收賬款、 應收保留款及其他應收款預期在一年或以內(或倘時 間更長,則於業務之一般營運週期內)收回,其獲分 類為流動資產;否則呈列為非流動資產。

應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款初步以公允值 確認,其後利用實際利率法按攤銷成本扣除減值撥 備計量。

2.12 現金及現金等價物

在綜合現金流量表中,現金及現金等價物包括手頭 現金、銀行通知存款以及銀行透支。銀行透支在綜 合財務狀況表之流動負債中借款內列示。

2.13 股本

普通股獲分類為權益。

2.14 應付賬款及其他應付款

應付賬款為在日常業務過程中向供應商購買貨品或服務而應支付之債務。如應付賬款及其他應付款之支付日期為一年或以內(或倘時間更長,則於業務之一般營運週期內),其獲分類為流動負債;否則呈列為非流動負債。

應付賬款初步以公允值確認,其後利用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.15 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.16 Borrowings costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred income tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.15 借款

借款初步按公允值並扣除產生之交易費用確認。借款其後按攤銷成本列賬;所得款(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值之任何差額利用實際利率法於借款期間在綜合全面收益表確認。

除非本集團可無條件將負債之結算遞延至報告期末 後最少12個月,否則借款分類為流動負債。

2.16 借款成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作其預定用途或銷售之資產)之一般及特定借款成本將加入該等資產之成本內,直至資產大致上備妥供其預定用途或銷售為止。

所有其他借款成本在產生期間於綜合全面收益表確 認。

2.17 當期及遞延税項

本期間之税項支出包括當期及遞延税項。税項在損益確認,惟與在其他全面收益或直接在權益確認之項目有關者則除外。在該情況下,稅項亦分別在其他全面收益或直接在權益確認。



財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.17 Current and deferred income tax (cont'd)

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Company and the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.17 當期及遞延税項(續)

(a) 當期税項

當期税項支出根據本公司及本公司附屬公司經營及產生應課税收入之國家於報告日已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅務法例計算。管理層就適用稅務法例受詮釋所規限之情況定期評估報稅表之狀況,並在適用情況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付之稅款計提撥備。

(b) 遞延税項

內在差異

遞延税項利用負債法確認資產及負債之税基與 資產及負債在綜合財務報表之賬面值之差額而 產生之暫時性差異。然而,若遞延税項來自 對商譽之初步確認,以及若遞延税項來自在 交易(不包括業務合併)中對資產或負債之初步 確認,而在交易時不影響會計損益或應課稅損 益,則不予確認或入賬。遞延稅項採用在資產 負債表日前已頒佈或實質上已頒佈,並在相關 遞延稅項資產變現或遞延稅項負債結算時預期 將會適用之稅率(及法例)而釐定。

遞延税項資產僅於很可能有未來應課税溢利可 抵銷暫時性差異時確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.17 Current and deferred income tax (cont'd)

(b) Deferred income tax (cont'd)

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are not provided on temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries because the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.18 Employee benefits

Pension obligations

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.17 當期及遞延税項(續)

(b) 遞延税項(續)

外在差異

由於本集團可以控制暫時性差異之撥回時間, 且暫時性差異在可預見將來可能不會撥回,故 並不會就於附屬公司之投資而產生之暫時差異 計提遞延税項負債。

僅於日後將有應課税溢利可用作抵銷暫時差異 之情況下,方會確認遞延所得稅資產。

(c) 抵銷

當有法定可執行權力將當期税項資產與當期税項負債抵銷,且遞延税項資產及負債涉及由同一稅務機關對應課稅實體或不同應課稅實體但有意向以淨額基準結算稅項結餘時,則可將遞延稅項資產與負債互相抵銷。

2.18 員工福利

退休金責任

界定供款計劃是本集團向一個單獨實體支付供款之 退休計劃。若該基金並無持有足夠資產向所有員工 就其在當期及以往期間之服務支付福利,本集團亦 無法定或推定義務支付進一步供款。界定受益計劃 為非界定供款計劃之退休計劃。



財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.18 Employee benefits (cont'd)

Pension obligations (cont'd)

For defined contribution plans, the Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

2.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as finance cost.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.18 員工福利(續)

退休金責任(續)

就界定供款計劃而言,本集團以強制性、合同性或 自願性方式向公開或私人管理之退休保險計劃供款。 本集團作出供款後,即無進一步付款義務。供款在 應付時確認為員工福利費用。預付供款按照現金退 款或可減少未來付款而確認為資產。

2.19 撥備

當本集團因已發生之事件而產生現有之法律或推定 義務;很可能需要資源流出以結算該義務;及金額 已獲可靠估計時,本集團將確認撥備。

倘有多項類似義務,則根據義務之類別全面考慮結 算時會否需要有資源流出。即使在同一義務類別所 包含任何一個項目相關之資源流出之可能性極低, 仍須確認撥備。

撥備採用税前利率按預期需結算有關義務之支出現值計量,該利率反映當時市場對金錢時間值及有關義務特定風險之評估。隨時間增加之撥備將確認為財務費用。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied, stated net of discounts and returns. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below. The Group bases its estimates of return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

(a) Sales of goods

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised on the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered and the title has passed to the customers.

(b) Contract revenue

A construction contract is defined by HKAS 11 as a contract specifically negotiated for the construction of an asset.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably and it is probable that the contract will be profitable, contract revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the stage of completion. Contract costs are recognised as cost of sales by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.20 收益確認

收益按已收或應收代價之公允值計量,並相當於供應貨品之應收款,扣除折扣及退貨後列賬。當收益之金額能夠可靠計量;當未來經濟利益很可能流入有關實體;及當本集團每項活動均符合具體條件時(如下文所述),本集團便會確認收益。本集團根據過往記錄估計退貨情況,並考慮客戶類別、交易種類及每項安排之特點。

(a) 銷售貨品

銷售貨品之收益在所有權之風險及報酬轉移時確認,一般與貨品送交客戶及所有權轉移之時間相同。

(b) 合同收益

按香港會計準則第11號,工程合同是就建築 資產具體商議之合同。

倘工程合同結果能可靠估算,且合同很大可能 產生溢利,合同收益將按工程完工階段於合同 期確認。合同成本經參考合同活動於報告期末 之完工階段確認為銷售成本。倘總合同成本有 可能超過總合同收益,預期之虧損即時確認為 開支。



財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.20 Revenue recognition (cont'd)

(b) Contract revenue (cont'd)

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable.

Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included in contract revenue to the extent that may have been agreed with the customer and are capable of being reliably measured.

The Group uses the 'percentage-of-completion' method to determine the appropriate amount to recognise in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the contract costs incurred up to the end of the reporting period as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract. Costs incurred in the year in connection with future activity on a contract are excluded from contract costs in determining the stage of completion.

On the consolidated statement of financial position, the Group reports the net contract position for each contract as either an asset or a liability. A contract represents an asset where costs incurred plus recognised profits (less recognised losses) exceed progress billings; a contract represents liability where the opposite is the case.

(c) Finance income

Finance income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.20 收益確認(續)

(b) 合同收益(續)

倘工程合同結果未能可靠估算,合同收益僅按 照有可能收回之已產生合同成本確認。

合同工程、索償及獎勵金之變動,就可能與客 戶協定並能可靠計量之數額計入合同收益。

本集團採用「完工百分比法」釐定在既定期間 須確認之適當金額。完工階段乃依據直至報告 期末已產生之合同成本佔各合同估計成本總額 之比例計量。釐定完工階段時,在本年度就合 同之未來活動所產生成本不計入合同成本。

本集團在綜合財務狀況表報告每份合同之狀況 為資產或負債。當已產生之成本加上已確認之 溢利(減去已確認之虧損)超過階段付款,合同 將分類為資產,否則當作負債。

(c) 財務收益

財務收益採用實際利率法確認。倘貸款及應收款減值,則本集團削減其賬面值至其可收回金額,即按該工具之原實際利率貼現之估計未來現金流量,並繼續解除貼現作為利息收入。減值貸款及應收款之利息收入採用原實際利率確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.21 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.22 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk and foreign currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings and interest-bearing bank deposits. Interest-bearing financial assets/liabilities issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Interest-bearing financial assets/liabilities issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 租賃

倘租賃所有權之大部分風險及報酬由出租人保留, 則分類為經營租賃。根據經營租賃支付之款項(扣除 自出租人收取之任何獎勵後)於租賃期以直線法在損 益支銷。

2.22 股息分派

向本公司股東分派之股息在股息獲本公司股東或董事(如適用)批准之期間,於本集團及本公司之財務報表確認為負債。

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團面對不同財務風險:市場風險(包括利率風險 及外匯風險)、信貨風險及流動資金風險。本集團整 體風險管理集中在難以估計之金融市場,並致力減 低對本集團財務表現之潛在不利影響。

(a) 利率風險

本集團之收入及營運現金流量大部分獨立於市場利率變動。本集團之利率風險來自借貸及有息銀行存款。按浮動利率發行之有息金融資產/負債導致本集團面對現金流量利率風險。按固定利率發行之有息金融資產/負債則導致本集團面對公平利率風險。



財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.1 Financial risk factors (cont'd)

(a) Interest rate risk (cont'd)

As at 31 March 2015, if the interest rate had increased/decreased by 50 basis points with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit for the year and retained earnings would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$310,000 (2014: decrease/increase by HK\$102,000). The 50 basis point increase/decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual reporting date.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong with most of the sales transactions settled in Hong Kong dollars. However, foreign currencies are required to settle the Group's purchases from overseas suppliers. The Group does not have a hedging policy in place.

At 31 March 2015, if the EURO had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the HKD with all other variables held constant, profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$1,108,000 higher/lower (2014: HK\$2,043,000 higher/lower) respectively, mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of EURO denominated cash and bank deposits, trade payables and borrowings.

(c) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to bank balances, trade, retention and other receivables. Bank balances are deposited with banks with sound credit rating and the Group considers the credit risk to be insignificant.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 利率風險(續)

於二零一五年三月三十一日,假若利率上 浮/下浮50基點,而所有其他變數維持不變, 則本集團之年度溢利及保留溢利將增加/減少 約310,000港元(二零一四年:減少/增加 102,000港元)。50基點之上浮/下浮區間代 表管理層評估截至下一年度報告日止之合理可 能利率變動。

(b) 外匯風險

本集團主要於香港營運,故大部分銷售交易均以港元結算,但向各海外供應商購貨付款時則 使用外幣。本集團並無訂立對沖政策。

在二零一五年三月三十一日,假若歐羅兑港元 貶值/升值5%,而所有其他變數維持不變, 則年度溢利將增加/減少約1,108,000港元(二 零一四年:增加/減少2,043,000港元),主要 由於換算以歐羅為單位之現金及銀行存款、應 付賬款及借款產生匯兑收益/虧損所致。

(c) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要由銀行結餘、應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款組成。銀行結餘 存放於具有良好信貸評級之銀行,故本集團認 為信貸風險不大。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.1 Financial risk factors (cont'd)

(c) Credit risk (cont'd)

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The general credit terms allowed range from 30 to 90 days. As at 31 March 2015, the Group does not hold any collateral from customers. 11% (2014: 14%) of the total trade, retention and other receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and 36% (2014: 34%) was due from the five largest customers of the Group as at 31 March 2015.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amounts of bank balances, trade, retention and other receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group has no other financial assets carrying significant exposure to credit risk.

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the shorter and longer term.

As at 31 March 2015, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of HK\$121,959,000 (2014: HK\$47,860,000) that are expected to be readily realised to generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

本集團只會與知名及信譽良好之第三方交易。 在本集團政策內,所有要求信貸額之客戶均需 進行信貸評估。再者,本集團會持續監視應收 款結餘,故本集團壞賬風險並不重大。

本集團准予之信貸期一般介乎30至90日。於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團並無持有客戶任何抵押,而於二零一五年三月三十一日之總應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款中,11%(二零一四年:14%)來自本集團最大客戶及36%(二零一四年:34%)來自本集團五大客戶。

於綜合財務狀況表中,最高信貸風險為銀行結餘、應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款之賬面值。本集團並無其他金融資產附帶重大信貸 風險。

(d) 流動資金風險

本集團定期監察現有及預期之流動資金需求, 以確保本集團維持足夠現金儲備以滿足短期及 長期流動資金需求。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團持有現金 及現金等價物121,959,000港元(二零一四年: 47,860,000港元),預期可隨時變現產生現金 流入以管理流動資金風險。



財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.1 Financial risk factors (cont'd)

Liquidity risk (cont'd)

As at 31 March 2015 and 2014, the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities, based on undiscounted cash flows, are summarised below:

財務風險管理(續)

財務風險因素(續)

流動資金風險(續)

於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日,本 集團及本公司按照未貼現現金流量之金融負債 之餘下合同到期日概要如下:

				Gro	•		
				本集	基團		
		Total					
		contractual		Between			
		undiscounted	Less than	3 months	Between	Between	
		cash flows	3 months	and 1 year	1 and 2 years	2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
		總合約未貼現					
		現金流量	少於三個月	三個月至一年內	一至兩年內	兩至五年內	五年以上
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日						
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	35,377	35,377	_	_	_	_
Borrowings (Note)	借款(附註)						
— unsecured	一無抵押	40,862	29,011	11,851	_	_	_
— secured	一有抵押	20,392	1,420	4,259	5,679	7,402	1,632
As at 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日						
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	44,727	44.727	_	_	_	_
Borrowings (Note)	借款(附註)	,	,				
— unsecured	一無抵押	43,122	28,420	14,702	_	_	_
— secured	一有抵押	26,064	1,420	4,259	5,679	11,688	3,018
				Com	nany		
				本名			
			Less than	Between			
		Carrying	3 months	3 months	Between	Between	
		amount	or on demand	and 1 year	1 and 2 years	2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
			少於三個月				
		賬面值	或應要求	三個月至一年內	一至兩年內	兩至五年內	五年以上
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日						
Other payables	其他應付款	2,120	2,120	-	-	-	-
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	36,460	36,460				

2,165

24,626

2 165

24,626

As at 31 March 2014

Due to subsidiaries

Other payables

於二零一四年三月三十一日

其他應付款

應付附屬公司款項

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.1 Financial risk factors (cont'd)

Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Note: According to Hong Kong Interpretation 5, "Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that contains a Repayment on Demand Clause", if a term loan agreement includes an overriding repayment on demand clause ("callable feature"), which gives the lender a clear and unambiguous unconditional right to demand repayment at any time at its sole discretion, a borrower shall classify the term loan as a current liability in its balance sheet, as the borrower does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Accordingly the long-term portion of the Group's bank borrowings of HK\$14,370,000 (2014: HK\$19,722,000) were classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2015.

Capital management

The Group's objectives on capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

財務風險管理(續)

財務風險因素(續)

流動資金風險(續)

附註: 根據香港詮釋第5號「財務報表之呈列 — 借款人對載有 應要求償還條款之有期貸款之分類」,有期貸款協議倘 包含凌駕一切之應要求償還條款(「催繳權」),給予貸款 人清晰明確之無條件權利可隨時全權酌情要求還款,則 借款人應於資產負債表將有期貸款分類為流動負債,原 因為借款人並沒有無條件權利可將償還負債之期限遞延 至報告期間後最少十二個月。因此,於二零一五年三月 三十一日,本集團銀行借款長期部分為14,370,000港 元(二零一四年:19,722,000港元),已於綜合財務狀況 表分類為流動負債。

3.2 資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為保障本集團能夠持續經營, 從而繼續為股東提供回報、惠及其他持份者以及維 持理想之資本架構以減低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團或會調整派付股東 之股息金額、向股東發還股本、發行新股或出售資 產以減低債務。





財務報表附註

2014 二零一四年

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.2 Capital management (cont'd)

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position plus net debt.

Total borrowings (note 23)

Less: cash and cash equivalents (note 21)

Net debt Total equity

Total capital

Gearing ratio (note)

Note: As at 31 March 2015, the Group has a net cash position.

Gearing ratio is not applicable.

3.3 Fair value estimation

The fair values of the Group's financial assets (current portion), including trade, retention and other receivables, restricted cash and cash and cash equivalents; and the Group's financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, borrowings, approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term maturities.

The Group's leasehold land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment are carried at fair value. Details of the fair value measurement of these leasehold land and buildings are disclosed in note 15.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本管理(續)

本集團根據資產負債比率監控其資本,而此亦符合 行業一般政策。此比率以淨負債除以總資本計算, 而淨負債則以總借貸減現金及現金等價物計算。總 資本為在綜合財務狀況表中呈報之「權益」加上淨負 信。

總借款(附註23) 68,017 減:現金及現金等價物(附註21) (47,860)

總資本 343,802

資本負債比率(附註) 5.86%

附註: 於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團呈淨現金狀況。資產負債 比率並不適用。

3.3 公允值估計

由於本集團金融資產(即期部分)(包括應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款、受限制現金以及現金及現金等價物);及本集團金融負債(包括應付賬款及其他應付款、借款)於短期內到期,其公允值與其賬面值相若。

本集團分類為物業、廠房及設備之租賃土地及樓宇按公允值列賬。該等租賃土地及樓宇公允值計量之 詳情於附註15披露。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

4.1 Provision for inventory obsolescence

In determining the amount of allowance required for obsolete and slow-moving inventories, the Group evaluates the ageing of inventories, their historical sales pattern, their subsequent utilisation and other factors and compare the carrying value of inventories to their estimated net realisable values. The identification of inventory obsolescence and estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventory and impairment provision in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

4.2 Provision for impairment of trade receivables

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade receivables based on the credit history of its customers and the current market condition. Management reassesses the provision for impairment of trade receivables periodically. Provisions are applied to receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade receivables and provision for impairment of trade receivables in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

4 重大會計估計及判斷

本集團根據過往經驗及其他因素不斷評估估計及判斷,包括在相信屬合理之情況下對未來事件之期望。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。會計估計結果按定義很少 與實際結果相符。對資產及負債於下一個財政年度之賬面 值造成重大調整風險之估計及假設如下。

4.1 過時存貨撥備

於決定過時及滯銷存貨所需撥備金額時,本集團會參考存貨賬齡、出售貨物記錄、後續運用情況及其他因素,並比較存貨之賬面值與其估計變現淨值。過時存貨及在日常業務過程中之預計售價需要作出判斷及估計。倘預期與原本估計有差異,此差異將影響估計數值出現變動年內之存貨之賬面值及減值撥備。

4.2 應收賬款減值撥備

本集團管理層乃基於其客戶之信貸記錄及現時市況 釐定應收賬款減值撥備。管理層定期重新評估應收 賬款減值撥備。一旦事件發生或情況改變顯示結餘 可能無法收回時,則會就應收款作出撥備。倘預期 與原本估計有差異,此差異將影響估計數值出現變 動年內之應收賬款之賬面值及應收賬款減值撥備。

87



財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

4.3 Revenue recognition for construction contracts

The Group uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its construction contracts for sales and installation of kitchen collections, and other construction and decoration works. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of contract revenue, contract costs, variation orders and contract claims prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses. Budgeted construction income is determined in accordance with the terms set out in the relevant contracts. Budgeted construction costs which mainly comprise sub-contracting charges and costs of materials are prepared by the management on the basis of quotations from time to time provided by major contractors, suppliers or vendors involved and the experience of the management. In order to keep the budget accurate and up-to-date, the Group's management conducts periodic review on the management budgets by comparing the budgeted amounts to the actual amounts incurred.

A considerable amount of judgement is required in estimating the total contract revenue, contract costs, variation orders and contract claims which may have an impact in terms of percentage of completion.

4.4 Valuation of leasehold land and building

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties. In making its estimates, the Group considers the information from the valuations of leasehold land and buildings performed by external professional valuers by using the open market value approach. If the Group used different valuation techniques, the fair value of the leasehold land and buildings may be different and thus may have an impact to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

4.3 工程合同收益確認

本集團於確認其銷售及安裝廚房設備以及其他建築 及裝修工程之工程合同時採用完工百分比法。本 團於合同進行期間檢討及修訂各工程合同之合同進行期間檢討及修訂各工程合同之合同 益、合同成本、變更項目及合同索償估計。預算工程 程收入乃根據相關合同所載條款而定。預算工程所 本主要包括分包費用及材料成本,由管理層按所以及 主要承包商、供應商或賣方不時提供之報價與以 及主要承包商、供應商或賣方不時提供之報價與以 管理層之經驗而釐定。為維持準確及最新之預算, 本集團管理層透過比較預算金額與實際款項定期檢 討管理預算。

由於估計總合同收益、合同成本、變更項目及合同 申索時需作出相當程度之判斷,故可能影響完工百 分比。

4.4 租賃土地及樓宇估值

公允值之最佳證據為類似物業於活躍市場之當前價格。在作出估計時,本集團考慮由外聘專業估值師以公開市值法就租賃土地及樓宇進行估值之資料。倘本集團採用不同評估方式,則租賃土地及樓宇之公允值或會不一樣,而綜合全面收益表或會受影響。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

4.5 Income tax

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred income tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Management's assessment is regularly reviewed and additional deferred income tax assets are recognised if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred income tax assets to be recovered.

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong, the PRC and Singapore. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such difference will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

4.5 税項

倘很可能有未來應課税溢利以抵銷稅項虧損,則遞延稅項資產將按尚未動用稅項虧損確認。釐定可予確認之遞延稅項資產數額需要管理層作出重要判斷,主要根據時間性、未來應課稅溢利及未來稅務安排策略釐定。本集團定期審閱管理層之評估,且倘很有可能有未來應課稅溢利,致使可收回遞延稅項資產,則將確認額外遞延稅項資產。

本集團須在香港、中國及新加坡繳納税項。於釐定 税項撥備時須作出重大判斷。大量交易及計算均無 法確定最終税款。倘該等事項之最終税務結果有別 於最初記錄之金額,則有關差額將影響作出有關決 定之期間之税項及遞延税項撥備。

5 REVENUE

5 收益

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益		
Sale of goods	貨品銷售	444,315	419,574
Contract revenue	合同收益	134,495	46,446
		578,810	466,020
Other income	其他收益		
Net foreign exchange gain	匯兑收入淨額	6,287	_
Others	其他	113	271
		6,400	271



財務報表附註

6 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors of the Company (the "Executive Directors") are the Group's chief operating decision-makers. Management has determined the operating segments based on the information reviewed by the Executive Directors for purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance.

The Executive Directors evaluate regularly the performance of the Group's business from its wholesale, retail, and other construction and decoration works. The wholesale segment derives its revenue primarily from the import and wholesale of architectural builders' hardware, bathroom collections, furniture, and kitchen collections to contractors, property developers and dealers, along with the provision of installation services of kitchen collections. The retail segment derives its revenue primarily from the import and sale of architectural builders' hardware, bathroom collections, furniture, and kitchen collections through retail outlets, along with the provision of installation services of kitchen collections. The other construction and decoration works segment derives its revenue from the contract works of construction and decoration, primarily in the PRC.

The measurement policies the Group used for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs.

Segment profit excludes finance costs, income tax and corporate income and expenses which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment and are not allocated to a segment.

Segment assets include all assets but deferred income tax assets. Such corporate assets which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment are not allocated to a segment, which primarily applies to the Group's headquarters.

6 分部資料

本公司執行董事(「執行董事」)為本集團之主要營運決策者。 管理層已根據執行董事就分配資源及評估業績表現所審閱 之資料確定經營分部。

執行董事定期評估本集團之批發、零售以及其他建築及裝修工程之表現。批發分部之收益主要來自進口及向承建商、物業發展商及經銷商批發建築五金、衛浴設備、傢俬及廚房設備,以及提供廚房設備安裝服務。零售分部之收益則主要透過本集團之零售店舖進口及銷售建築五金、衛浴設備、傢俬及廚房設備,以及提供廚房設備安裝服務。其他建築及裝修工程分部之收益來自主要於中國之合同建築及裝修工程。

本集團用於按香港財務報告準則第8號報告分部業績之計 量政策,與根據香港財務報告準則編製財務報表所採用政 策一致。

分部溢利並不包括財務費用、税項以及非直接歸屬於任何 營運分部之商業活動及並無分配至任何分部之企業收益及 支出。

分部資產包括遞延税項資產以外之所有資產。有關非直接 歸屬於任何營運分部之商業活動之企業資產不獲分配至分 部,主要歸於集團總部。

6 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Segment liabilities exclude deferred income tax liabilities. Such corporate liabilities which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment are not allocated to a segment.

6 分部資料(續)

分部負債不包括遞延税項負債。有關非直接歸屬於任何營 運分部之商業活動之企業負債不獲分配至分部。

> 2015 二零一五年

				Other	
				construction	
				and	
				decoration	
		Wholesale	Retail	works	Total
				其他建築及	
		批發	零售	裝修工程	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Departable comment revenue	可既起う料从它后				
Reportable segment revenue from external customers	可匯報之對外客戶 分部收益	443,753	120 220	5,829	E70 010
from external customers	刀部收益	443,753	129,228	5,629	578,810
D	□医#1人の初光到 /				
Reportable segment profit/(loss)		E0 222	41 206	(272)	01 046
	(虧損)	50,323	41,296	(373)	91,246
Daniel die et ausant.	塩米 成長五知供打茶				
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊	(4.000)	(4 004)	(1 700)	(7.550)
plant and equipment Reversal of provision for	過時存貨撥備撥回	(4,090)	(1,661)	(1,799)	(7,550)
inventory obsolescence	妲时 什貝扮	5,069	4,785	_	9,854
inventory obsolescence		3,003	4,703	_	3,034
Reportable segment assets	可匯報之分部資產	262,266	60,131	5,905	328,302
Additions to non-current segment	年度內非流動分部資產	,		-,	,
assets during the year	之添置	453	2,894	292	3,639
Ŭ ,			•		•
Reportable segment liabilities	可匯報之分部負債	74,574	48,640	2,142	125,356





6 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

6 分部資料(續)

2014 二零一四年

				Other	
				construction	
				and	
				decoration	
		Wholesale	Retail	works	Total
				其他建築及	
		批發	零售	裝修工程	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Reportable segment revenue	可匯報之對外客戶				
from external customers	分部收益	352,017	106,533	7,470	466,020
Reportable segment profit	可匯報之分部溢利	10,138	11,297	601	22,036
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
plant and equipment		(4,089)	(1,949)	(1,803)	(7,841)
Provision for inventory	過時存貨撥備				
obsolescence		(1,700)	(369)	-	(2,069)
_					
Reportable segment assets	可匯報之分部資產	231,647	70,982	13,289	315,918
Additions to non-current segment	年度內非流動分部資產	40	0.000		0.004
assets during the year	之添置	18	3,806	_	3,824
Reportable segment liabilities	可匯報之分部負債	43,443	30.005	0.132	01 671
Reportable segment liabilities	刊些報人刀可具頂	43,443	39,095	9,133	91,671



6 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

The totals presented for the Group's operating segments reconcile to the Group's key financial figures as presented in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

6 分部資料(續)

本集團可匯報之經營分部合計資料與本集團綜合財務報表 之主要財務數值對賬如下:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Group revenues	集團收益	578,810	466,020
Reportable segment profit Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs, net	可匯報之分部溢利 未分配之企業費用 財務費用,淨額	91,246 (9,812) (1,179)	22,036 (9,021) (1,462)
Profit before income tax	除税項前溢利	80,255	11,553
Reportable segment assets Deferred income tax assets Other corporate assets	可匯報之分部資產 遞延税項資產 其他企業資產	328,302 1,570 271,018	315,918 4,267 186,719
Group assets	集團資產	600,890	506,904
Reportable segment liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities Borrowings Other corporate liabilities	可匯報之分部負債 遞延税項負債 借款 其他企業負債	125,356 18,807 60,550 7,298	91,671 17,209 68,017 6,362
Group liabilities	集團負債	212,011	183,259





6 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D) Geographical information

6 分部資料(續) 按地區呈列之資料

Revenue from external

		customers 對外客戶收益		Non-current assets 非流動資產	
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Hong Kong (domicile)	香港(主要營業地點)	461,029	406,260	177,848	173,486
Macau	澳門	88,882	28,248	_	_
Others	其他	28,899	31,512	5,612	8,273
Total	合計	578,810	466,020	183,460	181,759

The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the goods were delivered. The geographical location of the non-current assets is based on the physical location of the assets.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, HK\$74,263,000 or approximately 13% of the Group's revenue was derived from a single external customer in the wholesale segment. During the year ended 31 March 2014, no single external customer contributed more than 10% of the Group's revenue.

客戶地區位置根據交付貨品所在位置而定,非流動資產之地理位置則涉及該資產之實際位置。

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團之收益 74,263,000港元或約13%乃來自批發分部之單一外界客戶。 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,並無單一外界客戶 貢獻本集團收益逾10%。



7	EXPENSES BY NATURE	7 開支分類		
			2015 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年
			HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
	Employee benefit expenses (note 9) Auditor's remuneration	員工福利支出(附註9) 核數師酬金	55,655	52,466
	Audit services Non-audit services	─ 核數服務 ── 非核數服務	2,120 100	2,060 100
	Cost of inventories (note 18)	一 并仅数加份 存貨成本(附註18)	330,082	286,293
	Depreciation (note 15)	折舊(附註15)	12,123	12,234
	Operating lease charges in respect of	土地及樓宇之經營租賃支出	,	,
	land and buildings		47,425	49,369
	(Gain)/loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之	(07)	570
	plant and equipment	(收益)/虧損	(37)	573
	(Reversal of provision)/provision for inventory obsolescence	過時存貨(撥備撥回)/撥備	(9,854)	2,069
	(Write-back of provision)/provision for	已減值應收款	(3,004)	2,000
	impaired receivables	(撥備撥回)/撥備	(226)	515
	Net foreign exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額		2,656
		=		
^				
8	FINANCE COSTS, NET	8 財務費用,淨額		
8	FINANCE COSTS, NET	8 財務費用,淨額	2015	2014
8	FINANCE COSTS, NET	8 財務費用,淨額	2015 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年
8	FINANCE COSTS, NET	8 財務費用,淨額	二零一五年 HK\$'000	二零一四年 HK\$'000
8	FINANCE COSTS, NET	8 財務費用,淨額	二零一五年	二零一四年
8	FINANCE COSTS, NET Finance costs	8 財務費用,淨額 財務成本	二零一五年 HK\$'000	二零一四年 HK\$'000
8			二零一五年 HK\$'000	二零一四年 HK\$'000
8	Finance costs	財務成本	二零一五年 HK\$'000	二零一四年 HK\$'000
8	Finance costs Interest on bank borrowings	財務成本 銀行借款利息	二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
8	Finance costs Interest on bank borrowings — wholly repayable within 5 years	財務成本 銀行借款利息 一 五年內清還	二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,195	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
8	Finance costs Interest on bank borrowings — wholly repayable within 5 years — not wholly repayable within 5 years	財務成本 銀行借款利息 一 五年內清還 一 非五年內清還	二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,195 75	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,409 85
8	Finance costs Interest on bank borrowings — wholly repayable within 5 years — not wholly repayable within 5 years Total finance costs	財務成本 銀行借款利息 一五年內清還 一非五年內清還 」 財務費用總額	二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,195 75	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,409 85
8	Finance costs Interest on bank borrowings — wholly repayable within 5 years — not wholly repayable within 5 years Total finance costs Finance income Interest income	財務成本 銀行借款利息 一五年內清還 一非五年內清還 」 財務費用總額 」 財務收入 利息收入	二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,195 75 1,270	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,409 85 1,494
8	Finance costs Interest on bank borrowings — wholly repayable within 5 years — not wholly repayable within 5 years Total finance costs Finance income	財務成本 銀行借款利息 一五年內清還 一非五年內清還 財務費用總額	二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,195 75 1,270	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,409 85 1,494



9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

9 員工福利支出

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and allowances, including	薪金及津貼,包括董事酬金	1/6/1	危儿
directors' emoluments (note 10)	(附註10)	53,205	50,222
Pension costs — defined contribution plans	界定退休供款計劃	2,450	2,244
		55,655	52,466

10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' and senior management's remuneration

The aggregate amount of emoluments paid or payable to the directors and senior management of the Company are as follows:

2015

10 董事及高級管理人員之酬金

(a) 董事及高級管理人員之薪酬

已付或應付本公司董事及高級管理人員之酬金總額如下:

二零一五年

			Salaries,	Pension costs	
			allowances	— defined	
		Directors'	and benefits	contribution	
		fees	in kind	plans	Total
			薪金、津貼及	界定退休	
		董事袍金	實物利益	供款計劃	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事				
TSE Sun Fat, Henry (Chairman)	謝新法(主席)	100	1,565	18	1,683
TSE Sun Wai, Albert	謝新偉	100	2,015	18	2,133
TSE Sun Po, Tony	謝新寶				
(Managing Director)	(董事總經理)	100	1,885	18	2,003
TSE Hon Kit, Kevin	謝漢傑	100	1,438	18	1,556
LAU Shiu Sun	劉紹新	100	1,339	18	1,457
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
LEUNG Kwong Kin, J. P.	梁光建太平紳士	108	_	_	108
WONG Wah, Dominic	黄華	108	_	_	108
WAN Sze Chung	溫思聰	108			108
		824	8,242	90	9,156
		ULT	0,272		3,130

10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Directors' and senior management's remuneration (cont'd)

2014

10 董事及高級管理人員之酬金(續)

(a) 董事及高級管理人員之薪酬(續)

二零一四年

		Directors' fees 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 HK\$'000 千港元	Pension costs — defined contribution plans 界定退休 供款計劃 HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors	執行董事				
TSE Sun Fat, Henry (Chairman)	謝新法(主席)	100	1,420	15	1,535
TSE Sun Wai, Albert	謝新偉	100	1,870	15	1,985
TSE Sun Po, Tony	謝新寶				
(Managing Director)	(董事總經理)	100	1,740	15	1,855
TSE Hon Kit, Kevin	謝漢傑	100	1,290	15	1,405
LAU Shiu Sun	劉紹新	100	1,313	15	1,428
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
LEUNG Kwong Kin, J. P.	梁光建 <i>太平紳士</i>	108	_	_	108
WONG Wah, Dominic	黃華	108	_	_	108
WAN Sze Chung	溫思聰	108			108
		824	7,633	75	8,532

棄!

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度,並無董事放棄或同意放棄彼等之酬金(二零一四年:無)。

(b) Five highest paid individuals

March 2015 (2014: nil).

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include five directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above (2014: same).

No directors have waived or agreed to waive their

emoluments in respect of the year ended 31

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士

本年度本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括五名董事,該 等董事之酬金已於上文所呈列分析內反映(二零一四年:一致)。



11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. PRC corporate income tax and Singapore income tax are provided on the basis of the profits of the subsidiaries established and operating in the PRC and Singapore for statutory financial reporting purposes, adjusted for income and expense items which are not assessable or deductible for income tax purposes. The applicable corporate income tax rate is 25% (2014: 25%) and 17% (2014: 17%) for subsidiaries in PRC and Singapore, respectively.

11 所得税開支

香港利得税乃以本年度估計應課税溢利按税率16.5%(二零一四年:16.5%)計提撥備。中國企業所得税及新加坡所得税乃就符合法定財務申報目的,按於中國及新加坡成立及營運之附屬公司之溢利計提撥備,並就毋須就所得稅課稅或不可扣稅的收支項目作出調整。中國及新加坡之附屬公司之適用企業所得稅率分別為25%(二零一四年:25%)及17%(二零一四年:17%)。

2015

2014

		二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax	當期税項		
Hong Kong profits tax	香港利得税	10,631	3,251
Overseas income tax	海外所得税	1,768	1,388
Over provision in prior year	往年超額撥備	(100)	(89)
Total current tax	當前税項總額	12,299	4,550
Deferred taxation (note 24)	遞延税項(附註24)	2,046	(2,016)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	14,345	2,534



11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONT'D)

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using tax rate of Hong Kong as follows:

11 所得税開支(續)

本集團有關除税項前溢利之税項與假若採用香港之税率而 計算之理論税額之差額如下:

		Group	
		本集團	
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before income tax	除税項前溢利	80,255	11,553
Tax charged at the rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%)	按税率16.5% (二零一四年:16.5%) 計算之税項	13,242	1,906
Effect of different tax rate of subsidiaries	於海外營運之附屬公司不同税率		
operating overseas	之影響	229	450
Over provision in prior year	往年超額撥備	(100)	(89)
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(360)	(289)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	不可扣税開支	264	491
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	動用過往未確認税項虧損	(119)	(260)
Unrecognised tax losses	未確認税項虧損	1,189	325
Tax expense for the year	本年度税項開支	14,345	2,534

The weighted average applicable tax rate was 16.8% (2014: 20.4%).

適用加權平均税率為16.8%(二零一四年:20.4%)。

The decrease is caused by a change in the profitability of the Group's subsidiaries in the respective countries.

有關税率減少之原因為本集團各國附屬公司之盈利能力出現變動。



11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONT'D)

The tax charge/(credit) relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

11 所得税開支(續)

有關其他全面收益組成部分之税項支出/(備抵)如下:

		2015		2014			
		二零一五年		二零一四年			
		Before tax	Tax	After tax	Before tax	Tax	After tax
		除税前	税項	除税後	除税前	税項	除税後
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Exchange loss on translation of financial statements	換算海外業務財務 報表之匯兑虧損						
of foreign operations		(54)	-	(54)	(200)	-	(200)
Disposal of revalued properties (note) Surplus on revaluation	出售已重估物業 (附註) 自用物業重估收益	-	-	-	-	835	835
of properties held	(附註24)						
for own use (note 24)		13,641	(2,251)	11,390	6,063	(1,000)	5,063
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	13,587	(2,251)	11,336	5,863	(165)	5,698

Note: The balance represents the overprovision of deferred tax liabilities for revaluated properties which have been disposed of.

附註: 結餘指就已出售重估物業之遞延税項負債超額撥備。

12 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company includes a profit of HK\$24,499,000 (2014: HK\$6,905,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2015.

12 本公司所有者應佔溢利

本公司所有者應佔溢利包括溢利24,499,000港元(二零 一四年:6,905,000港元),已於本公司截至二零一五年三 月三十一日止年度之財務報表內處理。

13 DIVIDENDS

13 股息

(a) Dividends declared and paid during the year

(a) 於本年度宣佈及派發之股息

	• •		
		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Final dividend in respect of 2014 of HK2 cents (2014: in respect of 2013 of HK5 cents) per share	二零一四年之末期股息 每股2港仙(二零一四年: 二零一三年之末期股息 每股5港仙)	6,006	15,015
Interim dividend in respect of 2015 of HK2 cents (2014: in respect of 2014 of HK1 cent) per share	二零一五年之中期股息 每股2港仙(二零一四年: 二零一四年之中期股息 每股1港仙)	6,006	3,003
		12,012	18,018
Dividends for the year	(b) 本年度之股息		
		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interim dividend of HK2 cents (2014: HK1 cent) per share	中期股息每股2港仙 (二零一四年:1港仙)	6,006	3,003
Proposed final dividend of HK8 cents	擬派末期股息每股8港仙		

Note:

(b)

A final dividend of HK8 cents (2014: HK2 cents) per share amounting to HK\$24,024,000 (2014: HK\$6,006,000) has been proposed by the directors after the reporting date. The proposed dividend, subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, is not reflected as dividend payable as at 31 March 2015.

(2014: HK2 cents) per share (note)

附註:

(二零一四年:2港仙)(附註)

於報告日後,董事已建議派付末期股息每股8港仙(二零一四年:2港仙),總金額為24,024,000港元(二零一四年:6,006,000港元)。建議股息(有待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准)並無反映為於二零一五年三月三十一日之應派股息。

24,024

30,030

6,006

9,009



財務報表附註

14 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

14 每股溢利

(a) 基本

每股基本溢利乃按本公司所有者應佔溢利除以年內 已發行普通股數目計算。

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元

Profit attributable to equity owners of the Company

本公司所有者應佔溢利

65,910 9,019

Number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands) 已發行普通股數目(千股)

300,300 300,300

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2015 is the same as the basic earnings per share as there were no potentially dilutive ordinary shares issued.

Diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2014 is the same as the basic earnings per share as the conversion of potential dilutive ordinary shares in relation to the share options issued by the Company would have an anti-dilutive effect to the basic earnings per share.

(b) 攤薄

由於並無任何已發行潛在攤薄普通股,故截至二零 一五年三月三十一日止年度每股攤薄溢利與每股基 本溢利相同。

由於兑換與本公司所發行購股權有關之潛在攤薄普 通股對每股基本溢利構成反攤薄影響,故截至二零 一四年三月三十一日止年度之每股攤薄溢利與每股 基本溢利相同。

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Group

15 物業、廠房及設備 本集團

		Leasehold				
		land and		Furniture,		
		buildings	Leasehold	fixtures and	Motor	
		(note)	improvements	equipment	vehicles	Total
		租賃土地 及樓宇		傢俬、裝置		
		(附註)	租賃物業裝修	及設備	汽車	合計
		HK\$'000	但其物未获的 HK\$'000	HK\$'000	7 v∓ HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Net book value	賬面淨值					
At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	146,626	22,537	1,524	7	170,694
Additions	新增	-	3,798	322	_	4,120
Disposal	出售	(7,659)	(700)	-	_	(8,359)
Depreciation (note 7)	折舊(附註7)	(4,030)	(7,555)	(642)	(7)	(12,234)
Revaluation	重估	6,063	-	-	-	6,063
Exchange difference	匯兑差異		20	2		22
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	141,000	18,100	1,206	_	160,306
Additions	新增	-	2,860	853	426	4,139
Disposal	出售	-	(362)	(73)	-	(435)
Depreciation (note 7)	折舊(附註7)	(4,241)	(7,257)	(569)	(56)	(12,123)
Revaluation	重估	13,641	-	-	-	13,641
Exchange difference	匯兑差異		1			1
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日	150,400	13,342	1,417	370	165,529
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日					
Valuation	重估	141,000	-	-	-	141,000
Cost	成本	-	74,023	19,099	465	93,587
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊		(55,923)	(17,893)	(465)	(74,281)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	141,000	18,100	1,206		160,306
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日					
Valuation	重估	150,400	_	_	_	150,400
Cost	成本	_	74,976	19,046	891	94,913
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊		(61,634)	(17,629)	(521)	(79,784)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	150,400	13,342	1,417	370	165,529



財務報表附註

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Note:

If leasehold land and buildings were stated on the historical cost basis, the amounts would be as follows:

Net book amount 賬面淨值

The Group's interests in leasehold land are analysed as follows:

In Hong Kong 香港 Lease of 10 to 50 years 香港 10至50年契約

Bank borrowings are secured by the leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong with a carrying amount of HK\$88,900,000 (2014: HK\$81,000,000) (note 23).

The leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong were revalued by an independent firm of professional valuer, Memfus Wong Surveyors Limited. Revaluations were made based on recent market transactions and were then adjusted for specific conditions, which are significant unobservable inputs relating to the leasehold land and buildings.

15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

附註:

倘租賃土地及樓宇乃按歷史成本基準呈列,有關金額如下:

Grou	ρ
本集團	<u> </u>
2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
34,804	39,483
34,004	33,403
(4,301)	(4,679)
30,503	34,804

本集團於租賃土地之權益分析如下:

Group	
本集團	
2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
150.400	141,000

銀行借款以賬面值為88,900,000港元(二零一四年:81,000,000港元)之香港租賃土地及樓宇作抵押(附註23)。

於香港之租賃土地及樓宇乃由獨立專業估值師行黃開基測計師行有限公司重估。 重估乃以近期市場交易為基準,並就特定條件(即租賃土地及樓宇相關之重大不可觀察輸入數據)作出調整。

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Note: (cont'd)

The following table analyses the leasehold land and buildings carried at fair value, by valuation method.

Description

概況

Recurring fair value measurements 經常性公允值計量
— Leasehold land and buildings 一租賃土地及樓宇

Note: For fair value measurement under Level 3, inputs for the asset or liability are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year. $\label{eq:control}$

15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

附註:(續)

下表以估值法分析按公允值列賬之租賃土地及樓宇。

Fair value measurements using

採用下列各項之公允值計量

	Significant
Significant	unobservable
other observable	inputs
inputs	(Level 3)
(Level 2)	(Note)
	重大不可觀察
重大其他可觀察	輸入數據(第三層)
輸入數據(第二層)	(附註)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
	other observable inputs (Level 2) 重大其他可觀察 輸入數據(第二層) HK\$'000

- 150,400

- - 141,000

附註: 就第三層項下之公允值計量而言,資產或負債之輸入數據並非以可觀察 市場數據(即不可觀察輸入數據)為基礎。

本集團之政策為於出現導致公允值層級之間轉移之事件或情況變動當日,確認有關公允值層級之轉入及轉出。

年內,第一層、第二層及第三層之間並無轉移。





15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

利用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三層)之公允值計量

		Leasehold	Leasehold
		land and	land and
		buildings	buildings
		租賃土地	租賃土地
		及樓宇	及樓宇
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Opening balance	年初結餘	141,000	146,626
Disposal	出售	-	(7,659)
Depreciation	折舊	(4,241)	(4,030)
Revaluation	重估	13,641	6,063
Closing balance	年終結餘	150,400	141,000
			<u> </u>
Total realised gains, net of losses, for the year	年內已變現總收益(扣除虧損),		
included in profit or loss for assets disposed of	計入年內損益項下行政開支		
during the year, under administrative expenses	作為年內已售資產	_	127
during the year, under durining that we expenses	に刻すれて日気圧		121
	7- 1		
Total unrealised gains for the year included in	年內未變現總收益,		
other comprehensive income for the assets	計入其他全面收益	40.044	0.000
held at the end of the year	作為年終所持資產	13,641	6,063

Valuation processes of the Group

The Group's leasehold land and buildings were valued at 31 March 2015 by an independent professionally qualified valuer who holds a recognised relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the locations and segments of the leasehold land and buildings valued.

The Group's finance department includes a team that review the valuations performed by the independent valuer for financial reporting purposes. This team reports directly to the board of directors. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the valuation team and the valuer annually.

本集團之估值流程

本集團之租賃土地及樓宇由獨立專業合資格估值師於二零 一五年三月三十一日估值,此估值師持有相關認可專業資格,且最近曾於租賃土地及樓宇所在地區及分部進行估值。

本集團財務部包括一支就財務報告目的審閱獨立估值師所 進行估值之團隊。該團隊直接向董事會匯報。估值團隊每 年與估值師討論估值流程及結果。

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Valuation processes of the Group (cont'd)

Level 3 fair values of leasehold land and buildings have been derived using the direct comparison approach, which basically uses the comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market to derive the fair value of the property. Sales prices of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as time of transactions, property size and location. The most significant input into this valuation approach is the market unit rate.

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

Range of unobservable inputs

不可觀察輸入數據

不可觀察輸入數據

不可觀察輸入數據範疇

Market unit rate

Office: HK\$18,000 to HK\$18,200
(2014: HK\$16,400 to HK\$16,600)
per square feet of saleable area

市場單價率

辦公室:實用面積每平方呎18,000港元至
18,200港元(二零一四年:16,400港元至

16,600港元)

15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

本集團之估值流程(續)

租賃土地及樓宇之第三層公允值乃使用直接比較法得出。 直接比較法一般利用相關市場上可查閱之可資比較銷售交 易達致物業公允值。鄰近地區可資比較物業之售價已就交 易時間、物業面積及地點等主要特點之差異作出調整。此 估值法之最重大輸入數據為市場單價率。

有關利用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三層)之公允值計量之資料

Relationship of unobservable inputs of fair value 公允值所涉及不可觀察輸入 數據之關係

The higher the market unit rate, the higher the fair value

市場單價越高,公允值越高

Shop: HK\$80,000 (2014: HK\$77,100 to HK\$80,000) per square feet of saleable area 店舗:實用面積每平方呎80,000港元

5胡·員用闽慎母平万呎80,000港元 (二零一四年:77,100港元至80,000港元)

There were no changes to the valuation techniques during the year.

年內估值方法概無變動。



財務報表附註

16 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES — COMPANY

附屬公司權益 一本公司

2015

2014

二零一五年

二零一四年

HK\$'000

HK\$'000

千港元

千港元

Unlisted shares/investments, at cost

非上市股份/投資,按成本

90,917

90,917

The following is a list of principal subsidiaries at 31

成立地點

Islands

以下為於二零一五年三月三十一日之主要附屬公司名單:

March 2015:

Place of 註冊成立/

Issued and fully paid up share capital/ incorporation/ establishment registered capital

Legal structure 法定結構

Equity interest

權益

Principal activities and place of

operation

held 所持股本

附屬公司名稱 Interest held directly:

Name of subsidiary

直接持有權益:

E. Bon (BVI) Holdings Limited E. Bon (BVI) Holdings Limited

British Virgin 英屬處女群島 50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each 50,000 股每股1美元 之普通股

已發行及繳足股本/

註冊資本

Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司

100% 100%

Investment holding in Hong Kong

於香港作投資控股

主要業務及營業地點

Interests held indirectly:

間接持有權益:

Asia Bon Company Limited 富邦(亞洲)資產管理 有限公司

Bonco Ironmongery

保固五金建材有限公司

Limited

Hong Kong 香港

香港

Hong Kong 10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each

100 ordinary shares of HK\$1,000 each 100股每股1,000港元 之普通股

Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司 Company with

limited liabilities

有限責任公司

100% 100%

100%

100%

Property holding in Hong Kong 於香港作物業持有

Importing and sale of architectural builders

hardware in Hong Kong 於香港進口及銷售建築五金

之普通股

10,000股每股1港元

16 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES — COMPANY (CONT'D)

16 附屬公司權益 — 本公司(續)

	Place of	Issued and fully		Equity	
Name of subsidiary	incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	paid up share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/	Legal structure	interest held 所持股本	Principal activities and place of operation
附屬公司名稱	成立地點	註冊資本	法定結構	權益	主要業務及營業地點
Interest held indirectly: (cor間接持有權益:(續)	nt'd)				
China Reconstruct Design Limited*	PRC	US\$140,000	Wholly foreign owned enterprise	100%	Providing consultation services in interior design, investment, corporate management and technical services in the PRC
中營設計諮詢(上海) 有限公司	中國	140,000美元	全外資企業	100%	於中國提供室內設計、投資、 企業管理及技術服務 之諮詢服務
D.I.Y. Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each	Company with limited liabilities	100%	Handling of human resources planning and development activities of the Group
D.I.Y. Limited	香港	2股每股100港元 之普通股	有限責任公司	100%	處理本集團人力資源規劃 及發展事宜
E. Bon Building Materials Company Limited	Hong Kong	6,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1,000 each	Company with limited liabilities	100%	Importing and sale of architectural builders hardware and bathroom collections in Hong Kong
怡邦行建築材料有限公司	香港	6,000 股每股 1,000 港元 之普通股	有限責任公司	100%	於香港進口及銷售建築五金 及衛浴設備
H2O (Pro) Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	Company with limited liabilities	100%	Importing and sale of bathroom collections in Hong Kong
水之健有限公司	香港	2股每股1港元之普通股	有限責任公司	100%	於香港進口及銷售衛浴設備



財務報表附註

16 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES — COMPANY (CONT'D)

16 附屬公司權益 一本公司(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點	Issued and fully paid up share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本	Legal structure 法定結構	Equity interest held 所持股本 權益	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營業地點
Interest held indirectly: (cor 間接持有權益:(績)	nt'd)				
Kitchen (Pro) Limited	Hong Kong	1,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	Company with limited liabilities	100%	Importing and sale of kitchen fittings in Hong Kong
廚之健有限公司	香港	1,000 股每股1港元 之普通股	有限責任公司	100%	於香港進口及銷售廚房設備
Massford (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	Company with limited liabilities	100%	Supply of architectural builders hardware and bathroom collections for property development in Hong Kong
美富(香港)有限公司	香港	10,000股每股1港元 之普通股	有限責任公司	100%	於香港供應建築五金及 衛浴設備予物業發展項目
Massford (Shanghai) Limited*	PRC	U\$\$250,000	Wholly foreign owned enterprise	100%	Supplying architectural builders hardware and bathroom collections for property development in Shanghai
美富(上海)五金有限公司	中國	250,000美元	全外資企業	100%	於上海供應建築五金及 衛浴設備予物業發展項目
Massford Trading Pte Ltd.	Singapore	10,000 ordinary shares of SGD1 each	Company with limited liabilities	100%	Supply of architectural builders hardware and bathroom collections for property development in Singapore
Massford Trading Pte Ltd.	新加坡	10,000股每股1新加坡元 之普通股	有限責任公司	100%	於新加坡供應建築五金及 衛浴設備予物業發展項目

16 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES — COMPANY (CONT'D)

16 附屬公司權益 — 本公司(續)

	Place of	Issued and fully		Equity	
Name of subsidiary	incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	paid up share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/	Legal structure	interest held 所持股本	Principal activities and place of operation
附屬公司名稱	成立地點	註冊資本	法定結構	權益	主要業務及營業地點
Interest held indirectly: (cont 間接持有權益:(續)	'd)				
Right Century Limited	Hong Kong	1,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	Company with limited liabilities	100%	Retail sales of bathroom accessories and decoration materials through retail shops in Hong Kong
港仲有限公司	香港	1,000股每股1港元之 普通股	有限責任公司	100%	透過零售店於香港零售銷售 衛浴設備及裝飾材料
Shanghai Tech Pro International Trading Company Limited*	PRC	US\$300,000	Wholly foreign owned enterprise	100%	Importing and sale of architectural builders hardware and bathroom collections in the PRC
上海得保國際貿易有限公司	中國	300,000美元	全外資企業	100%	於中國進口及銷售建築五金 及衛浴設備
Shanghai Techpro Interior Decoration Company Limited*	PRC	RMB5,000,000	Wholly foreign owned enterprise	100%	Undertaking interior decoration and project management for property development in the PRC
上海得保室內裝飾有限公司	中國	人民幣5,000,000元	全外資企業	100%	於中國提供室內設計及項目 管理服務予物業發展項目



財務報表附註

16 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES — COMPANY (CONT'D)

16 附屬公司權益 一本公司(續)

No. of the Pro-	Place of incorporation/	Issued and fully paid up share capital/	Landar de	Equity interest	Principal activities and place of
Name of subsidiary	establishment 註冊成立/	registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/	Legal structure	held 所持股本	operation
附屬公司名稱	成立地點	註冊資本	法定結構	權益	主要業務及營業地點
Interest held indirectly: (con間接持有權益:(續)	nt'd)				
Sunny Building and Decoration Materials Company Limited	Hong Kong	6,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1,000 each	Company with limited liabilities	100%	Retail sales of architectural builders hardware and bathroom collections through retail shops in Hong Kong
新新裝飾材料五金工具 有限公司	香港	6,000 股每股1,000 港元 之普通股	有限責任公司	100%	透過零售店於香港零售銷售 建築五金及衛浴設備
Tech Pro (China) Limited 德保(中國)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 2股每股1港元之普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	Investment holding in the PRC 於中國作投資控股
Techpro Trading Limited	Hong Kong	1,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	Company with limited liabilities	100%	Importing and sale of architectural builders hardware
德保建材貿易有限公司	香港	1,000股每股1港元 之普通股	有限責任公司	100%	進口及銷售建築五金
VIA (Shanghai) Limited*	PRC	US\$250,000	Wholly foreign owned enterprise	100%	Importing and sale of bathroom, furniture and kitchen in Shanghai
譽品(上海)家具櫥櫃 有限公司	中國	250,000美元	全外資企業	100%	於上海進口及銷售衛浴、 傢俬及廚房設備

The English names of certain subsidiaries referred herein represent management's best effort in translating the Chinese names of these subsidiaries as no English names have been registered.

由於上述若干附屬公司並無登記英文名稱,故該等英文名稱由管理層根 據中文名稱盡力翻譯。

17 DUE FROM/(TO) SUBSIDIARIES

The amounts due from/(to) subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The carrying amounts approximate their fair values (2014: same).

17 應收/(付)附屬公司款項

應收/(付)附屬公司款項為無抵押、免息及須應要求還款。 賬面值與其公允值相若(二零一四年:一致)。

18 INVENTORIES

18 存貨

20152014二零一五年二零一四年HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元

Finished goods

產成品

146,711

166,593

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in 'cost of sales' amounted to HK\$330,082,000 (2014: HK\$286,293,000).

As at 31 March 2015, finished goods with cost of HK\$25,833,000 (2014: HK\$35,687,000) were considered as obsolete. A reversal of provision of HK\$9,854,000 (2014: provision of HK\$2,069,000) against such inventories was made during the year ended 31 March 2015.

The movement in the provision for inventory obsolescence is as follows:

確認為開支並計入「銷售成本」之存貨成本為330,082,000港元(二零一四年:286,293,000港元)。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,過時產成品之成本為25,833,000港元(二零一四年:35,687,000港元)。於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度就該等存貨作出撥備撥回9,854,000港元(二零一四年:撥備2,069,000港元)。

過時存貨撥備變動如下:

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At beginning of the year	於年初	35,687	33,618
(Reversal of provision)/provision for	過時存貨(撥備撥回)/		
inventory obsolescence	撥備	(9,854)	2,069
At end of the year	於年終	25,833	35,687



19 TRADE, RETENTION AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Details of the trade, retention and other receivables as at 31 March 2015 are listed below:

19 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款

截至二零一五年三月三十一日之應收賬款、應收保留款及 其他應收款詳情如下:

		Group		Company	
		本集團	專	本公	司
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade receivables Less: provision for impairment	應收賬款 減:應收賬款減值	90,590	81,291	-	-
of trade receivables	撥備	(130)	(515)		
		00.400	00.770		
		90,460	80,776	_	_
Retention receivables	應收保留款	12,268	8,698	_	_
Amounts due from customers	應收客戶之合約工程				
for contract work (note a) Other receivables, deposits	賬款(附註a) 其他應收款、按金及	33,696	6,842	-	_
and prepayments	預付款	24,008	23,875	25	31
		160 420	100 101	25	0.1
		160,432	120,191	25	31
Less: non-current portion	減:非即期部分				
Retention receivables	應收保留款	(9,687)	(8,255)	_	_
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款	(6,674)	(8,931)	_	_
Current portion	即期部分	144,071	103,005	25	31

All non-current receivables are due within five years from the end of the respective reporting dates.

所有非即期部分之應收款將於其報告日起計五年內到期。

19 TRADE, RETENTION AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

The ageing analysis of trade receivables at the reporting date by due date is as follows:

19 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款(續)

應收賬款於報告日之賬齡(以到期日計算)分析如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current	即期	37,599	30,038
1-90 days past due	逾期1至90天	37,917	29,074
91–180 days past due	逾期91至180天	5,923	7,785
181–270 days past due	逾期181至270天	2,173	3,392
271–365 days past due	逾期 271 至 365 天	357	4,254
Over 365 days past due	逾期超過365天	6,621	6,748
		90,590	81,291

The majority of the Group's sales are with credit terms of 30 to 90 days. In some cases, customers may be granted an extended credit period of up to 120 days.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables that are not impaired is as follows:

本集團之銷售信貸期大部分為30至90天,在若干情況下客戶之信貸期可獲延長至最多120天。

未作減值撥備之應收賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		Group	
		本集團	
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Not yet past due	尚未逾期	37,599	30,038
1–90 days past due	逾期1至90天	37,917	29,074
91-180 days past due	逾期91至180天	5,923	7,530
181-270 days past due	逾期181至270天	2,173	3,392
271-365 days past due	逾期271至365天	357	4,220
Over 365 days past due	逾期超過365天	6,491	6,522
		90,460	80,776



19 TRADE, RETENTION AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a wide range of customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are expected to be fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The movement in the provision for impairment of trade receivables is as follows:

19 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款(續)

已逾期但未作出減值之應收款來自若干與本集團有良好還款記錄之客戶。根據過往經驗,由於信貸質素並無重大變動,且相信可全數收回有關結餘,故管理層認為毋須就該等結餘作出減值撥備。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

2015

2014

應收賬款減值撥備變動如下:

		二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at beginning of the year Provision for impaired receivables Unused amounts reversed	年初結餘 已減值應收款撥備 已撥回未動用款項	515 139 (365)	904 515 –
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible	年內撇銷列為未能 收回的應收款	(159)	(904)
Balance at end of the year	年終結餘	130	515

At each reporting date, the Group reviews receivables for evidence of impairment on both an individual and collective basis. As at 31 March 2015, the Group determined trade receivables of HK\$130,000 (2014: HK\$515,000) as individually impaired. The impaired trade receivables are due from customers experiencing financial difficulties that were in default or delinquency of payments.

As at 31 March 2015, the carrying values of trade and other receivables approximate their fair values (2014: same).

於各報告日,本集團按個別及整體基準檢討應收款之減值 證據。於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團確認應收賬款 其中130,000港元(二零一四年:515,000港元)需要作個別 減值。已減值應收賬款乃應收因面臨財政困難而未能或拖 欠還款之客戶之款項。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,應收賬款及其他應收款之賬 面值與其公允值相若(二零一四年:相同)。



Note:

(a) Construction contracts

19 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款(續)

附註:

(a) 建築工程

	Group 本集團	
	2015	2014
	二零一五年	二零一四年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
迄今投入之累計成本及已確認之		
溢利(減去已確認之虧損)	182,264	72,222
減:在建工程進度款 -	(148,568)	(65,380)
持續在建工程之淨額	33,696	6,842

The aggregate cost incurred and recognised profits (less recognised losses) to date Less: progress billings

Net financial position for ongoing contracts

20 RESTRICTED CASH

20 受限制現金

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3.790	3.978

Restricted cash

受限制現金

受限制銀行存款 3,790,000 港元 (二零一四年: 3,978,000 港元) 指存放於商業銀行之定期存款,已抵押作為本集團獲授

履約保證之抵押品(附註29)。

HK\$3,978,000) represented fixed term deposits placed with commercial banks and were pledged against performance bonds granted to the Group (note 29).

Restricted bank deposits of HK\$3,790,000 (2014:

The effective interest rate on restricted bank deposits was 0.8% (2014: 0.8%) per annum as at 31 March 2015.

於二零一五年三月三十一日,受限制銀行存款之實際年利率為0.8%(二零一四年:0.8%)。





財務報表附註

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

21 現金及現金等價物

Grou 本集團		Compa 本公	•
2015	2014	2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
121 050	47.860	162	364

Cash at bank and on hand

銀行存款及手頭現金

As at 31 March 2015, the Group's cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$29,567,000 (2014: HK\$2,370,000) are deposited with banks in the PRC, where the remittance of funds is subject to foreign exchange control.

The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 0.07% (2014: 0.07%) per annum as at 31 March 2015.

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團之現金及銀行結餘約29,567,000港元(二零一四年:2,370,000港元)已存入中國之銀行,匯款受外匯條例管制。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,短期銀行存款實際年利率為 0.07% (二零一四年: 0.07%)。

22 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

22 應付賬款、其他應付款及預收款項

		Grou	•	Compa	-
		本集	專	本公司	司
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade payables Accrued charges and	應付賬款 應計費用及	29,566	35,773	-	-
other payables	其他應付款	5,811	8,954	2,120	2,165
		35,377	44,727	2,120	2,165
Receipts in advance	預收款項	83,553	48,494		

22 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE (CONT'D)

At 31 March 2015, the ageing analysis of the trade payables was as follows:

22 應付賬款、其他應付款及預收款項(續)

於二零一五年三月三十一日,應付賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		Group		
		本集團		
		2015	2014	
		二零一五年	二零一四年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
0-90 days	0至90天	29,258	35,556	
91-180 days	91至180天	4	85	
181-270 days	181至270天	179	9	
271-365 days	271至365天	45	74	
Over 365 days	超過365天	80	49	
		29,566	35,773	
			30,110	

As at 31 March 2015, the carrying values of trade and other payables approximate their fair values (2014: same).

於二零一五年三月三十一日,應付賬款及其他應付款之賬面值與其公允值相若(二零一四年:相同)。

23 BORROWINGS

23 借款

		Grou 本集團	
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current Secured — Bank loans	流動 有抵押 一 銀行貸款	19,722	24,956
Unsecured	無抵押		
 Bills payables and trust receipt loans 	一 應付票據及信託收據貸款	38,324	36,953
— Bank loans	一 銀行貸款	2,504	6,108
		60,550	68,017

All bills payable and trust receipt loans are wholly repayable within one year.

所有應付票據及信託收據貸款須於一年內悉數償還。

Bills payable and trust receipt loans are denominated either in HK\$, US\$ or Euro. All bank loans and overdraft are denominated in HK\$ and RMB.

應付票據及信託收據貸款之結算貨幣為港元、美元或歐羅。 所有銀行貸款及透支之結算貨幣為港元及人民幣。



23 BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

23 借款(續)

At 31 March 2015, the Group's borrowings were repayable as follows:

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團須償還之借款如下:

		Grou	ıp
		本集[專
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	46,179	48,295
In the second year	第二年內	5,476	5,354
In the third to fifth year	第三年至第五年內	7,272	11,377
After the fifth year	五年以上	1,623	2,991
		60,550	68,017
		Grou	ıp
		本集[專
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Wholly repayable within five years	五年內清還	52,173	58,321
Wholly repayable after five years	五年後清還	8,377	9,696
		60,550	68,017

Bank borrowings of HK\$19,722,000 (2014: HK\$24,956,000) are secured by leasehold land and buildings of the Group of HK\$88,900,000 (2014: HK\$81,000,000) (note 15).

The fair value of borrowings, which carry interest at floating rate, equals their carrying amounts.

銀行借款 19,722,000港元(二零一四年:24,956,000港元) 是以本集團為數 88,900,000港元(二零一四年:81,000,000 港元)之租賃土地及樓宇作抵押(附註15)。

附有浮動利率之借款之公允值等同其賬面值。

23 BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

23 借款(續)

The Group had the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

本集團有以下未動用之授信金額:

Group 本集團

平果**B** 2015

2014 二零一四年

二零一五年 HK\$'000

HK\$'000

千港元

千港元

Floating rate:

浮動利率:

- Expiring within one year

一一年內到期

137,676

141,721

The effective interest rate is 2.0% (2014: 2.1%) for the year ended 31 March 2015.

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之實際利率為2.0%(二

零一四年:2.1%)。

24 DEFERRED TAXATION

24 遞延税項

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債之分析如下:

2015 2014 二零一五年 二零一四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Deferred income tax assets: 遞延税項資產: Deferred income tax asset to be 十二個月後可收回之 recovered after more than 12 months 遞延税項資產 1,064 2,927 Deferred income tax asset to be 十二個月內可收回之 recovered within 12 months 遞延税項資產 506 1,340 4,267 1,570 Deferred income tax liabilities: 遞延税項負債: 十二個月後可收回之 Deferred income tax liability to be recovered after more than 12 months 遞延税項負債 18,807 17,209



24 DEFERRED TAXATION (CONT'D)

The movement in gross deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

Deferred income tax assets

24 遞延税項(續)

未經考慮在相同税務司法權區內抵銷結餘前,本年度之遞 延税項資產及負債總額變動如下:

遞延税項資產

				Deceler	ated tax				
		Tax lo	osses	depre	ciation	To	tal		
		税項	虧損	減速税項折舊		合計			
		2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
At 1 April (Charged)/credited to	於四月一日 (扣自)/計入損益	2,673	1,279	2,244	1,627	4,917	2,906		
profit or loss (note 11)	(附註11)	(2,196)	1,394	178	617	(2,018)	2,011		
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	477	2,673	2,422	2,244	2,899	4,917		

Deferred income tax liabilities

遞延税項負債

		Revalua	ation of	Accelera	ated tax		
		prope	erties	depred	iation	То	tal
		物業	重估	加速税	項折舊	合	計
		2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April Charged/(credited) to other comprehensive	於四月一日 扣自/(計入) 其他全面收益	17,853	18,488	6	11	17,859	18,499
income	,	2,251	(635)	_	_	2,251	(635)
Charged/(credited) to	扣自/(計入)損益		, ,				, ,
profit or loss		-		28	(5)	28	(5)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	20,104	17,853	34	6	20,138	17,859

24 DEFERRED TAXATION (CONT'D) Deferred income tax liabilities (cont'd)

As at 31 March 2015, the Group has not recognised deferred income tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of HK\$19,506,000 (2014: HK\$15,288,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdictions and entities. These tax losses expiry in the following:

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團仍未確認有關累計稅項虧損19,506,000港元(二零一四年:15,288,000港元)之遞延稅項資產,此乃由於相關稅務司法權區及實體不大可能取得未來應課稅溢利以動用虧損。該等稅項虧損之到期日加下:

2015

2014

		二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
In the first to fifth year inclusive No expiry date	第一年至第五年內(包括首尾兩年) 沒有到期日	17,721 1,785	13,318 1,970
		19,506	15,288

Deferred income tax liabilities of HK\$632,000 as at 31 March 2015 (2014: HK\$489,000) have not been recognised for the withholding tax and other taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of subsidiaries. Unremitted earnings totalled HK\$12,630,000 at 31 March 2015 (2014: HK\$9,783,000), and the Group does not intend to remit these unremitted earnings from the relevant subsidiaries to the Company in the foreseeable future.

於二零一五年三月三十一日,並無就附屬公司未匯盈利應付之預扣稅及其他稅項確認遞延稅項負債632,000港元(二零一四年:489,000港元)。於二零一五年三月三十一日,未匯盈利合共為12,630,000港元(二零一四年:9,783,000港元)。本集團並無打算於可見將來匯入本公司相關附屬公司之未匯盈利。

2014

二零一四年

25 SHARE CAPITAL

25 股本

2015

二零一五年

		Number of shares 股份數目	HK\$'000 千港元	Number of shares 股份數目	HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: Ordinary shares at HK\$0.1 each At 1 April and 31 March	法定: 每股面值0.1港元之 普通股 於四月一日及 三月三十一日	1,000,000,000	100,000	1,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid: Ordinary shares at HK\$0.1 each	已發行及全數支付: 每股面值0.1港元之 普通股				
At 1 April and 31 March	於四月一日及 三月三十一日	300,300,000	30,030	300,300,000	30,030



財務報表附註

26 RESERVES

Group

Details of the movements on the Group's reserves are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 61 and 62.

Statutory reserve

In accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations, certain subsidiaries of the Company are required to appropriate certain % of their profits after tax to the respective statutory reserves. Subject to certain restrictions as set out in the relevant PRC regulations, this statutory reserve may be used to reduce any losses incurred or for capitalisation as paid-up capital of the PRC subsidiary.

Merger reserve

Merger reserves of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the ordinary shares and share premium account of the group companies acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") on 22 March 2000, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange thereof.

Capital reserve

The capital reserve represented contribution surplus made by the then shareholders to certain subsidiaries of the Company before the group reorganisation on 22 March 2000.

26 儲備

本集團

本集團之儲備變動詳情載於第61及62頁之綜合權益變動表。

法定儲備

按中國有關規則及規例,本公司若干附屬公司須向各自之 法定儲備供款,金額為除税項後溢利之適用若干百分比。 根據相關中國規例之若干限制,該法定儲備可填補中國附 屬公司產生之任何虧損或用作將繳足股本資本化。

合併儲備

本集團之合併儲備為普通股之面值與根據於二零零零年三 月二十二日之集團重組(「重組」) 收購集團成員公司產生之 股份溢價賬之差額,此差額超過用作交換之本公司已發行 股份之面值。

資本儲備

資本儲備指於二零零零年三月二十二日集團重組前當時股 東對本公司若干附屬公司之出資盈餘。



26	RESERVES (CONT'D)	26	儲備(續)
	Company		本公司

			Share		
		Share	option	Retained	
		premium	reserve	earnings	Total
		股份溢價	購股權儲備	保留溢利	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	29,427	1,576	102,844	133,847
Profit for the year (note 12) Transfer of share option reserve upon lapse of share-based	年度溢利(附註12) 以股份支付報酬之 款項失效時轉撥	-	_	6,905	6,905
compensation	就填入双时特別 購股權儲備	_	(1,576)	1,576	_
Dividends (note 13(a))	股息(附註13(a))			(18,018)	(18,018)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年				
	三月三十一日	29,427		93,307	122,734
At 1 April 2014	於二零一四年四月一日	29,427	_	93,307	122,734
Profit for the year (note 12)	年度溢利(附註12)	_	_	24,499	24,499
Dividends (note 13(a))	股息(附註13(a))			(12,012)	(12,012)
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年				
	三月三十一日	29,427		105,794	135,221





27 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS 27 經營產生之現金

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$*000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動之現金流量		
Profit before income tax Adjustments for:	除税項前溢利 經調整:	80,255	11,553
Finance costs	財務費用	1,270	1,494
Finance income	財務收益	(91)	(32)
(Reversal of provision)/provision for	過時存貨(撥備撥回)/撥備		
inventory obsolescence		(9,854)	2,069
(Write-back of provision)/provision for	已減值應收款(撥備撥回)/撥備		
impaired receivables		(226)	515
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment	(收益)/虧損	(37)	573
Depreciation	折舊	12,123	12,234
Operating profit before working capital changes	營運資金變動前之經營溢利	83,440	28,406
Inventories	存貨	29,744	(28,747)
Trade, retention and other receivables	應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款	(39,466)	(14,654)
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	(9,416)	9,279
Receipts in advance	預收款項	35,096	10,264
Cash generated from operations	經營產生之現金 =	99,398	4,548

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:

於綜合現金流量表內,出售物業、廠房及設備之所得款項 包括:

2015

2014

		二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net book amount (note 15) Gain/(loss) on disposal of property,	賬面淨值(附註15) 出售物業、廠房及設備之	435	8,359
plant and equipment	收益/(虧損)	37	(573)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之 所得款項	472	7,786

28 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2015, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings as follows:

28 經營租賃承擔

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團根據不可撤銷之土地及樓宇經營租賃而於未來支付之最低租賃付款總額如下:

Group

本集團

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	一年內 第二年至第五年內(包括首尾兩年)	38,125 29,033	48,055 54,887
		67,158	102,942

Company

As at 31 March 2015, the Company had no significant operating lease commitments (2014: nil).

本公司

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司並無重大經營租賃承擔(二零一四年:無)。

29 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Company

As at 31 March 2015, the Company had executed corporate guarantees to support banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries. Facilities utilised by the subsidiaries amounted to HK\$60,550,000 (2014: HK\$68,017,000) as at 31 March 2015.

As at 31 March 2015, performance bonds of approximately HK\$46,235,000 (2014: HK\$7,634,000) have been issued by the Group to customers as security of contracts. Of which, restricted cash of HK\$3,790,000 (2014: HK\$3,978,000) was held as security for performance bond of the same amount.

29 或然負債

本公司

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本公司就支持其附屬公司所獲授銀行授信作出公司擔保。於二零一五年三月三十一日,附屬公司已動用之授信金額為60,550,000港元(二零一四年:68,017,000港元)。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本集團已向客戶發出履約保證約46,235,000港元(二零一四年:7,634,000港元)作為合約擔保,其中受限制現金3,790,000港元(二零一四年:3,978,000港元)持作相同金額履約保證之擔保。



(a)

Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions/information disclosed in note 10 to these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group had the following transactions with related parties:

30 關連人士交易

除綜合財務報表附註10披露之交易/資料外,於本年度內,本集團曾與關連人士進行以下交易:

Related party relationship 關連人士關係	Nature of transaction 交易性質	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Key management personnel, including directors 主要管理人員(包括董事)	Short-term employee benefits 短期員工福利	8,742	8,133
	Post-employment benefits 離職後福利	90	75
A company under common control of certain directors of the Company (note 1) 一間受本公司若干董事共同控制之公司(附註1)	Rental expenses paid to Negotiator Consultants Limited ("NCL") 支付予Negotiator Consultants Limited (「NCL」) 之租金開支	2,460	2,460
	Expenses paid on behalf of NCL 代表NCL支付之開支	-	6
A company controlled by a close family member of a former director of the Company (note 2)	Purchase from Argo Corporation Limited ("ACL")	N/A 不適用	7,039
一間受本公司前董事親屬成員 控制之公司(附註2)	向亞閣企業有限公司 (「亞閣」)購貨		

Note 1: NCL is a company in which Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert, Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony and Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin, directors of the Company, have beneficial interests. The rental expenses paid were in the normal course of business at terms mutually agreed between the Group and NCL.

Note 2: ACL is a company controlled by a close family member of Mr. YICK Kai Chung, a former director of the Company. The purchase transactions were carried out at terms mutually agreed between the two parties. Mr YICK was retired as Director on 24 January 2013 and ACL is not considered as a related party as at 31 March 2015, after 1 year of retirement date.

附註1:NCL為本公司董事謝新法先生、謝新偉先生、謝新寶先生及謝漢傑先生 擁有實益權益之公司。租金開支在日常業務過程中按本集團與NCL互相 議定之條款支付。

附註2: 亞閣為受控於本公司前董事易啟宗先生親屬成員之公司。購貨交易按雙 方互相議定之條款進行。易先生已於二零一三年一月二十四日退任董事, 而於退任日期滿一年後,於二零一五年三月三十一日,亞閣並不被視為 關連人士。

30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONT'D)

30 關連人士交易(續)

(b) Balances with related parties

(b) 關連人士之結餘

		At end of the year	At beginning of the year	receivable balance during the year 年內 應收款
		於年終 HK\$'000 千港元	於年初 HK\$'000 千港元	最大結餘 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2015 Other receivables from — NCL	於二零一五年三月三十一日 其他應收款由 — NCL	344	344	344
As at 31 March 2014 Other receivables/ (payables) from — NCL	於二零一四年三月三十一日 其他應收款/(應付款)由 — NCL	344	(1,161)	344

Balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The carrying amounts approximate their fair values (2014: same).

結餘為無抵押、免息及須應要求還款。賬面值與其公允值相若(二零一四年:一致)。

Maximum



Five Year Financial Summary

五年財務摘要

For the year ended 31 March 2015 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Results Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	業績 本公司所有者 應佔溢利	65,910	9,019	24,512	19,367	11,682
		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets and liabilities Total assets Total liabilities	資產及負債 總資產 總負債	600,890 (212,011)	506,904 (183,259)	498,963 (172,017)	490,839 (205,427)	396,030 (123,213)
Shareholders' equity	股東權益	388,879	323,645	326,946	285,412	272,817

The results, assets and liabilities of the Group for each of the five years ended 31 March 2015 have been prepared on a consolidated basis.

本集團截至二零一五年三月三十一日止五個年度各年之業績、資 產及負債乃按綜合基準編製。











www.ebon.com.hk







ebon app s



