

(Stock Code: 278)

2015 ANNUAL REPORT

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Corporate Information

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee, BBA, Chairman

Aged 63. Joined the Group and appointed a director in 1976. Elected Chairman in 2000. Elected as Chairman of the Nomination Committee in 2012. A director in each of the subsidiaries. Has about 40 years' experience in the property and building construction industry in Hong Kong. Mainly responsible for the management and supervision of the Group's property portfolio. Brother of Messrs Cheung Lin Wee and Cheung Ying Wai, Eric.

Mr. Cheung Lin Wee, BFin

Aged 57. Joined the Group and appointed a director in 1985. Appointed a member of the Nomination Committee in 2012. A director in each of the subsidiaries. Has about 30 years' experience in property management. Mainly responsible for the property management activities of the Group. Brother of Messrs Cheung Kee Wee and Cheung Ying Wai, Eric.

Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric, BSc

Aged 53. Joined the Group and appointed a director in 1999. A director in each of the subsidiaries. Has over 20 years' experience in business management. Mainly responsible for the general management of the Group. Brother of Messrs Cheung Kee Wee and Cheung Lin Wee.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. John Ho, LLB

Aged 69. Appointed an independent non-executive director in 1994 and re-designated as a nonexecutive director in 2004. Also appointed a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee in 1998 and 2005 respectively. A practising solicitor in Hong Kong. Qualified as a solicitor and joined a major firm of solicitors in 1972. A partner of Messrs John Ho & Tsui. An independent non-executive director of Wong's Kong King International (Holdings) Limited.

Mr. Ng Kwok Tung, *LIA (Dip), Chinese Law (Dip), BCom, CPA (Practising), CA, FCPA, ATIHK, MSCA, R.F.P.* Aged 64. Appointed an independent non-executive director in 2001 and re-designated as a nonexecutive director in 2004. Also appointed a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee in 2001 and 2005 respectively. A practising accountant in Hong Kong. A partner of Messrs Tony Kwok Tung Ng & Co.. An independent non-executive director of Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith, O.B.E., J.P.

Aged 75. Appointed a director in 1993. Also elected as Chairman of the Audit Committee in 1998 and appointed a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee in 2005 and 2012 respectively. A Committee Member of Far East Exchange Limited (1975-1986) and a Council Member of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (1987-1994). An ex-President of Rotary Club of Hong Kong South (1976-1977), an appointed unofficial member of the Legislative Councillor in 1984 and a member of the Social Welfare Advisory Committee (2000-2006). Active in community and social involvements – Chairman of the Hospital Governing Committee of the Hong Kong Buddhist Hospital, Vice Chairman of the Hong Kong Buddhist Association, etc.. A Fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and a Fellow of Chartered Management Institute. Also an independent non-executive director of KFM Kingdom Holdings Limited.

Mr. Chan Woon Kong

Aged 81. Appointed a director in 2004. Appointed a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee in 2004, 2005 and 2012 respectively. Also appointed the chairman of the Remuneration Committee in April 2015. Has over 45 years' extensive experience in the banking industry in Hong Kong. Before his retirement in late 2012, served in senior management of various banks including Far East Bank Limited, First Pacific Bank Limited, The Bank of East Asia, Limited, United Commercial Bank and East West Bank in Hong Kong.

Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter BSc (Business Studies), MSc (Accounting and Finance)

Aged 55, Appointed a director in December 2014. Also appointed a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee in December 2014. Has more than 20 years of experience in the financial services sector in the Asia-Pacific region. Joined the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("HSBC") group in 1985 and became a co-head of Investment Banking, the Asia-Pacific region of the HSBC group in 2001. During the period with the HSBC group, worked on various equity capital fund-raising exercises and mergers and acquisitions projects in the Asia-Pacific region (1985-2003). An executive director and the chief operating officer of the Securities and Futures Commission (2003-2006). Currently the chief financial officer of Bracell Limited. Also an independent non-executive director of Telefield International (Holdings) Limited and Laobaixing Pharmacy Chain Joint Stock Company, a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange.

Corporate Information (CONTINUED)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith *(Chairman)* Mr. John Ho Mr. Ng Kwok Tung Mr. Chan Woon Kong Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Woon Kong *(Chairman)* Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith Mr. John Ho Mr. Ng Kwok Tung Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee *(Chairman)* Mr. Cheung Lin Wee Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith Mr. Chan Woon Kong Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chu Wing Man, Raymond

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee Mr. Chu Wing Man, Raymond

BANKER

The Bank of East Asia, Limited

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

SHARE REGISTRARS

Hongkong Managers and Secretaries Limited Units 1607-8, 16th Floor, Citicorp Centre 18 Whitfield Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong Telephone: (852) 3528 0290 Fax: (852) 2887 2054

REGISTERED OFFICE

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STOCK CODES

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited 278 Reuters 0278.HK

WEBSITE

http://www.wahha.com

Group Structure As at 31st March 2015

	Effective percentage of equity held by the Group	Principal activities
Holding Company		
Wah Ha Realty Company Limited	_	Investment holding
Subsidiaries		
Festigood Company Limited	100	Property development
Galy Property Management Limited	100	Property management
Khanman Property Limited	100	Property investment
Tai Kong Shan Realty Limited	100	Property investment
Tinpoly Realty Limited	100	Property investment
Wah Ha Construction Company Limited	100	Building contractor
Wah Ha Real Estate Agency Limited	100	Property agency
WH Properties Limited	100	Dormant
Associated Companies		
Daily Eagle Development Limited	25	Property development
Eastern Tailor Enterprises Limited	25	Property investment
Fu Kung San Realty Limited	50	Investment holding
Fupoly Properties Limited	25	Property investment
Hinquand Enterprise Limited	50	Property investment
Keneva Company Limited	25	Property development
Kin Yuen Hing Investment Company Limited	50	Property development
Mass Collection Company Limited	50	Property development
Remadour Estate Limited	25	Property investment
Sing Mei Properties Limited	25	Property investment
Star Fortune Investments Limited	50	Property development
Sun Prince Godown Limited	50	Property investment
Sun Tai Tsuen Godown Company Limited	50	Property investment
Wah Ha Property Development Limited	50	Property investment

All companies are incorporated in Hong Kong.

Chairman's Statement

RESULTS

The profit attributable to equity holders of Wah Ha Realty Company Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31st March 2015 amounted to HK\$78,446,909 (2014: HK\$45,130,533). Earnings per share for the year was HK\$0.65 (2014: HK\$0.37).

DIVIDENDS

The board of directors of the Company (the "Directors") (the "Board") has resolved to recommend a final dividend of HK11 cents (2014: HK11 cents) per share and a special dividend of HK14 cents (2014: HK12 cents) per share for the year ended 31st March 2015 to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Friday, 11th September 2015. Together with the interim dividend of HK11 cents (2014: HK11 cents) per share, total dividends for the year amount to HK36 cents (2014: HK34 cents) per share.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Group's revenues for the year ended 31st March 2015 amounted to HK\$19.7 million, a slight decrease of about 1.1% from the previous year. The improvements of both the rental income and interest income for HK\$1.0 million and HK\$0.7 million respectively were eroded by the decrease in sales of the Group's properties held for sale of HK\$1.7 million.

For the year under review, the Group's profit attributable to equity holders was HK\$78.4 million, representing an increase of about 73.8% from 2014. Amongst these, HK\$61.0 million (2014: HK\$36.2 million) were ascribed to the Group's share of the results of its associated companies. Earnings per share was HK\$0.65 as compared with HK\$0.37 last year. Excluding the fair value gains arising from revaluations of the Group's and its associated companies' investment properties, the after-tax profit was better than that of last year by HK\$6.4 million. This was mainly attributable to the greater profits from the sales of the Group's and its associated companies' properties for HK\$6.0 million. The better contributions from the Rental Business for HK\$0.9 million coupled with the greater interest income of HK\$0.7 million were however offset by the reduction of contributions from the Group's investment portfolio for HK\$1.2 million.

Chairman's Statement (CONTINUED)

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

BUSINESS REVIEW

Property Development, Investment and Management

During the year under review, the performance of the Rental Business of the Group and its associated companies was satisfactory. Benefiting from the better rental rates, the contributions to the after-tax profit were HK\$0.9 million higher than that of last year.

During the year under review, the Group and an associated company had disposed of certain properties. The Group had disposed of its interests in 2 industrial units and 3 carparks in Tuen Mun and the after-tax profit was HK\$5.3 million. Further, an associated company had disposed of 6 industrial units in Tsing Yi and the Group's share of after-tax profit was HK\$10.1 million.

Subsequent to the financial year end, as mentioned in the announcement made by the Company on 14th April 2015, the Group had entered into an agreement with an independent third party to acquire a residential property in Stanley for investment purpose and the acquisition is expected to be completed in October this year. The Group had also entered into agreements to dispose of 1 industrial unit in Fanling and its interests in 6 industrial units and 8 carparks in Tuen Mun. The aggregate after-tax profits from these disposals would be around HK\$14.9 million. Moreover, two associated companies had entered into agreements to dispose of 1 residential unit together with 1 carpark in The Peak and 1 industrial unit in Tsing Yi respectively. These disposals would contribute about HK\$5.2 million to the net profit of the Group.

Apart from the aforesaid, the Group did not acquire or dispose of any property during the year under review and up to the date of this report.

Investments

During the year under review, the contribution from the Group's investment portfolio was lower than that of last year by HK\$1.2 million.

The Group benefited from the short-term surge in RMB deposit rates and an increase in interest income of HK\$0.7 million was recorded. Besides, the exchange gains reported for the current year were HK\$0.3 million higher than that of last year.

PROSPECTS

In the United States, the Federal Reserve had ended its quantitative easing measures. This, coupled with the quantitative easing measures adopted in the Eurozone and Japan, resulted in a strong US\$ against other major currencies. Various countries, depending on their respective specific economic fundamentals, had implemented their respective measures to cope with this situation. The end results of these different measures were difficult to predict. The newly published US data and speeches of the Federal Reserve officials give a strong inclination that the interest rates would be raised in the third Quarter this year. Politically, the relationship between Russia and western countries became tense since the outbreak of the conflicts in Ukraine. In China, while the pace of economic development would be slower in the process of economic reforms and structural organization adjustment, the Central Government needs to spare time to handle the controversies of the sovereignty in the South China Sea. All these had cast uncertainties on the global economy.

For the year under review, the local economy was stable. The year-on-year GDP growth improved from 4.8% in the 4th Quarter 2014 to 6.7% in the 1st Quarter 2015. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate stood at 3.2% for the latest quarter. The inflation as reflected by the Consumer Price Index for April 2015 stood at a relatively stable level of 2.8%. However, a downside trend in the total exports seemed to have been established since September 2014. The retail sales, no matter caused by the change in spending pattern of the visitors from China or strong HK\$ as a result of strong US\$, had weakened for a certain period of time. More vacant shops in traditional tourist districts were observed. Recently, the demand for small residential units was rising and hence the average selling prices of residential units escalated again. Increasing land supply may be the ultimate solution to the current unbalanced market position.

There may be uncertainties in the global economy as the outcome of the various measures implemented by different countries is unpredictable. The Group will continue to focus on its property-related businesses and pursue its prudent policy to ensure adequate resources to meet with the uncertainties and challenges ahead.

Chairman's Statement (CONTINUED)

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31st March 2015, the Group had less than twenty employees and their remuneration are maintained at competitive levels. Total staff costs (including Directors' remuneration) amounted to HK\$6.4 million (2014: HK\$6.1 million). Remuneration policies are reviewed regularly by the Board and by the Remuneration Committee regarding Directors and senior management. Employees' salaries are determined on performance basis with reference to the market trend. In addition, discretionary bonuses are granted to eligible employees with reference to the Group's results and individual performance. Other benefits include education subsidies, medical and retirement benefits.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group is virtually debt-free and generally finances its operations with internally generated cash flows. The Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to HK\$363.5 million at 31st March 2015. The Board believes that the Group has sufficient financial resources for its operations. The Group has no material exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuation and material contingent liabilities.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to the Shareholders for their continued support and our staff for their hard work and dedication. I would also like to express my gratitude to my fellow Directors for their guidance and invaluable contribution.

Cheung Kee Wee *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 29th June 2015

Report of the Directors

The Board has pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31st March 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group are investment holding and property development, investment and management in Hong Kong.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's turnover and results by principal activities for the year is shown in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS

Results of the Group for the year ended 31st March 2015 are shown on page 39.

DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved to recommend at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM") to be held on Tuesday, 1st September 2015 a final dividend of HK11 cents (2014: HK11 cents) per share and a special dividend of HK14 cents (2014: HK12 cents) per share for the year ended 31st March 2015 to be paid on Friday, 18th September 2015 to the Shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Friday, 11th September 2015.

Together with the interim dividend of HK11 cents (2014: HK11 cents) per share paid on Thursday, 8th January 2015, total dividends for the year will amount to HK36 cents (2014: HK34 cents) per share.

PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Particulars of subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company are shown in Notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Report of the Directors (CONTINUED)

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the Group's results and of its assets and liabilities for the past five financial years is shown on page 91.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are shown in Note 23 and Note 29(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

The Company considers the cumulative gains on revaluation of investment properties of HK\$68,511,095 (2014: HK\$61,411,095) included in retained profits are non-distributable as they do not constitute realised profits. As at 31st March 2015, the Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders as calculated in accordance with the provisions of Sections 297 and 298 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622) amounted to HK\$277,269,598 (2014: HK\$286,379,473).

PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in investment properties are shown in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements. Details of the principal properties held by the Group for investment, sale and development purposes are shown on pages 93 to 96.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee *(Chairman)* Mr. Cheung Lin Wee Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric

Non-executive Directors

Mr. John Ho Mr. Ng Kwok Tung

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lam Hon Keung, KeithMr. Chan Woon KongMr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln(resigned with effect from 1st April 2015)Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter(appointed with effect from 12th December 2014)

In accordance with Article 94 of the Company's Articles of Association ("the Company's Articles"), Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter will retire from office at the forthcoming AGM and he, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

In accordance with Article 103(A) of the Company's Articles, Mr. Cheung Kee Wee, Mr. Chan Woon Kong and Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith will retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming AGM and they, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

During the year and up to the date of the report, all Executive Directors are also Directors in all subsidiaries of the Company.

On 12th December 2014, Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter, was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company.

On 1st April 2015, Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln ("Mr. Soo") resigned as an Independent Nonexecutive Director due to his retirement. Mr. Soo has confirmed that he has no disagreement with the Board in relation to this resignation.

Report of the Directors (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors has a service contract which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation), with the Company or its subsidiaries.

The term of office of each Director is the period up to his retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles.

LOANS TO OFFICERS

No loans to the Company's officers (within the meaning of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) were made and outstanding at any time during the year or at the end of the year.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 2 and 3.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND OF THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the Directors' remuneration and of the five highest paid individuals in the Group are shown in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements. No contribution to pension scheme for Directors and past Directors was paid for the year.

There was no compensation paid during the year or receivable by the Directors for the loss of office as a Director of any member of the Group or of any other office in connection with the management of the affairs of any member of the Group.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

Save for those "Significant Related Party Transactions" described in Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangement and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company and the Directors' connected parties had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries was a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors of the Company or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate at any time during the year or at the end of the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31st March 2015, the interests or short positions of the Directors and Chief Executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") as adopted by the Company, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

Name of Director	Personal interests	Corporate interests	Family interests	Total	% of issued share capital
Cheung Kee Wee	-	15,150,160 <i>(Note 1)</i>	-	15,150,160	12.52
Cheung Lin Wee	14,180,800	_	238,000 <i>(Note 2)</i>	14,418,800	11.92
Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	14,090,800	_	_	14,090,800	11.65

Long Positions in Ordinary Shares of the Company

Notes:

- (1) These shares were held by Biochoice Limited ("Biochoice") (in which Mr. Cheung Kee Wee ("CKW") and his spouse in aggregate owned 50% interest) through its wholly owned subsidiary, Humphrey Group Limited ("Humphrey"). Therefore, CKW was deemed to be interested in these shares under the SFO.
- (2) The 238,000 shares were beneficially held by Ms. Wu Suet Yi, Rita, the spouse of Mr. Cheung Lin Wee ("CLW").

Save as disclosed above, as at 31st March 2015, none of the Directors or Chief Executives of the Company or any of their associates had or were deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Report of the Directors (CONTINUED)

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

So far as is known to the Directors or Chief Executives of the Company, as at 31st March 2015, the following Shareholders (other than Directors or Chief Executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO as being directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company were as follows:

Long Positions in Ordinary Shares of the Company

		% of issued
	Number of shares	share capital
Substantial Shareholders:		
Chin Lan Hong	32,162,800 <i>(Note 1)</i>	26.59
Kung So Ha, Anne	15,150,160 <i>(Note 2)</i>	12.52
Biochoice Limited	15,150,160 <i>(Note 3)</i>	12.52
Humphrey Group Limited	15,150,160 <i>(Note 3)</i>	12.52
Wu Suet Yi, Rita	14,418,800 <i>(Note 4)</i>	11.92
Hoh Kwok Hing, Corinne	14,090,800 <i>(Note 5)</i>	11.65
Persons other than Substantial Shareholders:		
Megabest Securities Limited	11,295,600 <i>(Note 6)</i>	9.34
Profit-taking Company Inc.	11,295,600 <i>(Note 6)</i>	9.34
Pullfield Company Limited	11,295,600 <i>(Note 6)</i>	9.34

Notes:

- (1) Out of the 32,162,800 shares, 11,295,600 shares were held by Megabest Securities Limited ("Megabest") of which Madam Chin Lan Hong was interested in the entire issued share capital, through the chain of ownership being described in Note (6) below; and 20,867,200 shares were held under her personal interests.
- (2) Ms. Kung So Ha, Anne is the wife of CKW and was taken to be interested in these shares in which her spouse was interested under the SFO. These 15,150,160 shares related to the same block of shares as described in Note (3) below.

- (3) These 15,150,160 shares held by Biochoice and Humphrey respectively related to the same block of shares as described in "Corporate Interests" of CKW under the heading of "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures". These shares were held by Biochoice (in which CKW and his spouse in aggregate owned 50% interest) through its wholly owned subsidiary, Humphrey, the registered owner of the said 15,150,160 shares.
- (4) Out of the 14,418,800 shares, 238,000 shares were beneficially held by Ms. Wu Suet Yi, Rita, and Ms. Wu was taken to be interested in the remaining 14,180,800 shares in which her spouse CLW was interested under the SFO.
- (5) Ms. Hoh Kwok Hing, Corinne is the wife of Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric and was taken to be interested in these shares in which her spouse was interested under the SFO.
- (6) These 11,295,600 shares held by Megabest, Profit-taking Company Inc. ("Profit-taking") and Pullfield Company Limited ("Pullfield") respectively related to the same block of shares as described in Note (1) above. These shares were held by Megabest through its wholly owned subsidiary, Profit-taking, which in turn held the entire issued share capital of Pullfield, the registered owner of the said 11,295,600 shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31st March 2015, the Company has not been notified by any person (other than Directors or Chief Executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO as being directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's issued shares during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

Report of the Directors (CONTINUED)

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate amount of revenues during the year attributable to the Group's five largest customers was 52.21% of the Group's total revenues, of which 26.63% was made to the largest customer.

The aggregate purchase of revenue items during the year attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers were less than 30% of the Group's total revenue purchases.

None of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder who to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital has an interest in the major customers or suppliers disclosed above.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 19 to 36.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31st March 2015 and up to the date of this report pursuant to the Listing Rules.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Business review analysis and subsequent events are set out on page 8.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

Cheung Kee Wee *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 29th June 2015

Corporate Governance Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board and the management believe that good and high standard of corporate governance practices are very important for maintaining and promoting investor confidence and for the continued growth of the Group. The Company has made continued efforts to maintain and improve the quality of corporate governance so as to ensure an effective board, sound internal control, and transparency and accountability to the Shareholders.

Throughout the financial year ended 31st March 2015, the Company has applied and complied with the code provisions contained in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except for certain deviations of the code provisions in respect of the roles of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company ("CEO") (i.e. A.2.1); and service term of its Non-executive Directors of the Company ("NEDs") (i.e. A.4.1). The considered reasons for the aforesaid deviations will be discussed in the later part of this report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions in the Company. All Directors of the Company have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31st March 2015.

THE BOARD

Board Composition

During the year ended 31st March 2015 and up to the date of the Company's 2015 annual report (the "AR"), changes to the Board composition were as follows:

- 1. Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company ("INED") with effect from 12th December 2014; and
- 2. Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln resigned as an INED with effect from 1st April 2015.

The Board currently comprises the following eight members:

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee *(Chairman)* Mr. Cheung Lin Wee Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric

Non-executive Directors

Mr. John Ho Mr. Ng Kwok Tung

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith Mr. Chan Woon Kong Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter

The Board, led by the Chairman, is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for establishing the strategic direction of the Group, setting objectives and business development plans, monitoring the performance of the senior management, assuming responsibility for corporate governance and achieving agreed corporate goals of the Company by scrutinizing the Company's performance and monitoring performance reporting.

The Chairman of the Board ensures that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibilities and all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner. He takes responsibility for ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established and encourages all Directors to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs. Directors with different views are encouraged to voice their concerns. They are allowed sufficient time for discussion of issues so as to ensure that Board decisions fairly reflect Board consensus. A culture of openness is promoted to facilitate the effective contribution of NEDs and ensure constructive relations between Executive Directors of the Company ("EDs") and NEDs. EDs and the Board committees of the Company are delegated with the authority to manage the business of the Group in all aspects effectively. With the assistance of the Company Secretary, the Chairman approves Board meeting agendas and takes into account, where appropriate, any matters proposed by the other Directors for inclusion in the agendas. Also, with the support of the EDs and the Company Secretary, the Chairman ensures that all Directors are properly briefed and timely receive adequate, clear, complete and reliable information on all Board matters.

EDs are responsible for different business and functional divisions of the Group in accordance with their respective areas of expertise. Daily operations and administration are delegated to the management under supervision which is given clear directions as to their powers in particular with respect to the circumstances under which they should report back to and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company. The Board reviews the existing arrangements periodically to ensure that they remain appropriate to the Company's needs.

The NEDs, including INEDs, participate in Board meetings to bring expertise and independent views on important issues relating to the Company's strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments, standards of conduct, and take the lead on matters where potential conflicts of interests arise. They also serve on Board committees of the Company, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. The NEDs and INEDs give the Board and Board committees on which they serve the benefit of their skills, expertise and varied backgrounds and qualifications through regular attendance and active participation. They also attend AGMs to understand the view of the Shareholders. They make a positive contribution to the development of the Company's strategy and policy through independent, constructive and informed comments.

The Board has more than one third of the Directors as INEDs, each of them comes from different business and professional background and at least one of them has accounting or related financial management expertise. The Board has received from each INED an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that each INED meets the requirements of independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and continues to consider each of them to be independent up to the date of the AR.

The Board includes a balanced composition of EDs, NEDs and INEDs so that there is a strong independent element on the Board to exercise independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointment and standards of conduct.

The composition of the Board, by category and position of Directors including the names of the Chairman, EDs, NEDs and INEDs, is disclosed in all corporate communications. An updated list of Directors identifying their roles and functions and whether they are INEDs is available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The names of the Directors, their roles and functions and the relationship among them are set out on pages 2 and 3 of the AR.

THE BOARD (Continued)

Directors' Training

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Directors are kept informed of the updated legal and other regulatory requirements and the business and governance policies of the Company to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company Secretary provides written training materials to the Directors for reference, and arranges seminars on the latest development of the Listing Rules, applicable laws, rules and regulations relating to Directors' duties and responsibilities, if any.

The Directors have provided the Company with their records of continuous professional development during the financial year 2014/2015. Records of the Directors' training during the year are as follows:

Directors	Attending Seminar(s) on regulatory development and/or directors' duties	Reading regulatory updates or information relevant to the Company or its business
Executive Directors		
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee <i>(Chairman)</i>	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	\checkmark	\checkmark
Non-executive Directors		
Mr. John Ho	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	\checkmark	\checkmark
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	1	\checkmark
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	1	\checkmark
Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	\checkmark	\checkmark

Meetings

The Board meets regularly and holds at least four regular meetings at approximately quarterly intervals in a year and additional meetings are held as and when significant events or important issues are required to be discussed and resolved. For the financial year 2014/2015, four physical meetings were respectively held in June, September and November of 2014 and March 2015. Details of individual attendance of each Director at the meetings are as follows:

	Meetings
Directors	Attended/Held
Executive Directors	
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee <i>(Chairman)</i>	4/4
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	4/4
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	3/4
Non-executive Directors	
Mr. John Ho	4/4
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	4/4
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	4/4
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	4/4
Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln (resigned with effect from 1st April 2015)	4/4
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter (appointed with effect from 12th December 2014)	1/1

During the year ended 31st March 2015, the Chairman held a meeting with the NEDs (including INEDs) without the presence of the EDs.

In order to give all Directors adequate time to plan their schedules to attend the meeting, at least fourteen days' formal notice of all regular meetings is given to all Directors, and all Directors are given the opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. To enable Directors to make informed decisions on matters to be considered at the Board and Board Committee meetings, agenda accompanied with board papers and related materials are given to the Directors not less than three days before the intended date of a Board or Board Committee meeting.

Directors need to declare their interests in the matters to be passed in the resolution, if applicable. If a substantial Shareholder or a Director has a material conflict of interests in a matter to be considered by the Board, the matter will be dealt with pursuant to applicable rules and regulations and, if appropriate, an independent Board committee will be set up to deal with the matter.

In addition to the Board meetings, certain issues are dealt with by way of circular written resolutions, so that all Directors can note and comment thereon before the Board's approval on the matters.

THE BOARD (Continued)

Meetings (Continued)

Directors are kept informed in a timely manner of any major changes that may affect the Group's business as well as changes in relevant rules and regulations. Queries raised by Directors receive a prompt and full response, if possible. All Directors have full access to the Company Secretary and key officers of the Company Secretarial Department for relevant information in respect of the Group. They are also able to obtain independent professional advice by written procedure adopted by the Company at the expense of the Company in appropriate circumstances.

Directors' and Officers' Liabilities

The Company has arranged appropriate Directors and Officers liability insurance coverage for its Directors and officers since 2004.

CHAIRMAN AND CEO

Under the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the Chairman and CEO should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Cheung Kee Wee is the Chairman of the Board and there is not a post of CEO in the Company. The roles of the CEO are performed by all the EDs with clear division of responsibilities under the leadership of the Chairman. The Board considers that this arrangement allows contributions from all EDs with different expertise and can ensure the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Group. The Board therefore believes that this structure can enable the Group to make and implement decisions promptly and efficiently and is beneficial to the business prospect of the Group.

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The selection process of Directors is performed by the Board in accordance with the Company's Articles, the recommendations on nominations of Directors made by the Nomination Committee as well as the written procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director of the Company. The said procedures are posted on the Company's website.

When considering a potential Director who is recommended by the EDs, the Nomination Committee, or the Shareholder(s), the Board will take into consideration certain criteria such as the candidate's professional knowledge and experience, integrity and personal skills, possible conflicts of interests and time commitment to the Company. If the potential Director cannot give sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs, he/she will be advised not to accept the appointment.

A newly appointed Director will receive reference material of the Company such as interim and annual reports and circulars with a view to familiarizing him/her with the business operation of the Company and the corporate structure of the Group. Updates are provided to Directors to ensure that Directors are aware of the latest changes in the commercial and regulatory environment in which the Group conducts its business. A Guide on Directors' Duties issued by the Companies Registry, Guidelines for Directors and Guide for Independent Non-Executive Directors both issued by The Hong Kong Institute of Directors have been given to each Director for information and easy reference.

Each Director disclosed to the Company at the time of his appointment and in a timely manner for any change, the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations.

Under the code provision D.1.4 of the CG Code, the Company should have formal letters of appointments for Directors setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. All Directors have been issued with the said formal letters of appointment from the Company.

Under the code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, NEDs should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. All the five NEDs are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM in accordance with the Company's Articles.

In accordance with Article 94 of the Company's Articles, a newly appointed Director is subject to reelection by the Shareholders at the next following AGM after his/her appointment, but shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation and re-election at the AGM in accordance with Article 103(A) of the Company's Articles.

There are eight Directors including five NEDs in the Company for the time being. As one-third of the eight Directors shall retire from office by rotation at each AGM, each of them shall retire at least once every three years. The Board is of the view that the current practice of appointing Directors which includes NEDs without specific terms but otherwise subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by the Shareholders at the AGM is reasonable and appropriate to the needs of the Company.

The Company may by an ordinary resolution remove a Director before the expiration of his/her period of office notwithstanding anything in the Company's Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director. Special notice is required of a resolution to remove a Director or to appoint somebody in place of a Director so removed at the general meeting at which he/she is removed in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Each Director (including INED) who was subject to retirement by rotation was appointed by a separate resolution in the AGM. In respect of an INED who has served more than nine years, the Company will express its view in the Company's circular that each INED who is eligible for re-election has met the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and is independent.

The names and details of the retiring Directors who will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM are set out in Appendix I to the circular dated 29th July 2015.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Company has three Board committees, namely the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee. All committees have specific terms of reference clearly defining their authorities and responsibilities. The terms of reference of the Board committees require them to report back to the Board on their decisions or recommendations. The terms of reference are reviewed and updated regularly to ensure that they remain appropriate and reflect change in good practice and governance. The determination of the policy for the corporate governance of the Company and the corporate governance duties as set out in the code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code are performed by the Board.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee of the Company was established in 2012, a majority of which is INEDs. The Committee is currently chaired by the Chairman of the Board, Mr. Cheung Kee Wee and comprises an ED, Mr. Cheung Lin Wee, and three INEDs, namely Messrs Lam Hon Keung, Keith, Chan Woon Kong and Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter. The Company Secretary of the Company is the secretary of the Committee.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board regularly and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy. Its duties include making recommendation to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships and the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors. The Committee is also responsible for assessing the independence of INEDs.

The Board has a Board diversity policy with the aim of achieving diversity of Board members. The Company recognizes the benefits of having a diverse Board, and sees diversity of perspectives at the Board level as essential in achieving a sustainable and balanced development. Selection of Board members is based on a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and other factors that the Board may consider relevant and applicable from time to time. The ultimate decision is based on merit and contribution that the selected Board members can bring to the Board.

The adopted terms of reference of the Nomination Committee which set out clearly the Committee's role, authority and duties made pursuant to the CG Code are posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to perform its duties and it can seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, if necessary.

The Nomination Committee met once during the financial year ended 31st March 2015. Details of individual attendance of each of the members of the Committee at the meeting are as follows:

Committee Members	Meeting Attended/Held
Executive Directors	
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	1/1
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	1/1
Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln (resigned with effect from 1st April 2015)	1/1
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter (appointed with effect from 12th December 2014)	0/0

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Remuneration Committee

Remuneration Committee of the Company was established in 2005. The Committee currently consists of three INEDs, namely Messrs Chan Woon Kong *(Chairman)*, Lam Hon Keung, Keith and Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter and two NEDs, namely Messrs John Ho and Ng Kwok Tung. The Company Secretary of the Company is the secretary of the Committee.

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee, under its terms of reference which were prepared on terms no less exacting than those set out in the CG Code, include making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy as well as making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of EDs and senior management with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives. The terms of reference of the Committee are posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Remuneration Committee shall consult the Chairman of the Board about their remuneration proposals for EDs, if necessary. The Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge duties.

The Remuneration Committee met once during the financial year ended 31st March 2015. Details of individual attendance of each of the members of the Committee at the meeting are as follows:

Committee Members	Meeting Attended/Held
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
(resigned as the member and Chairman with effect from 1st April 2015)	
Mr. Chan Woon Kong <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
(appointed as the Chairman with effect from 1st April 2015)	
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	1/1
Mr. Au Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	1/1
(appointed as the member with effect from 12th December 2014)	
Non-executive Directors	
Mr. John Ho	1/1
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	1/1

During such meeting, the remuneration packages of the Directors were reviewed with reference to the Group's performance and profitability as well as the remuneration level of directors in certain listed corporations in the industry. No Director was involved in deciding his own remuneration. Details of the remuneration of Directors and senior management by band for the year ended 31st March 2015 are set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 68 to 70 of the AR.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Company was established in 1998 and currently consists of three INEDs, namely Messrs Lam Hon Keung, Keith *(Chairman)*, Chan Woon Kong and Au Yang Cheong Yan, Peter and two NEDs, namely Messrs John Ho and Ng Kwok Tung. No member of the Committee is a former partner of the existing auditing firm of the Company during a period of one year from the date of his ceasing to be a partner of the audit firm. The Committee members possess sufficient financial and accounting experience and expertise to discharge their duties. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the secretary of the Committee.

The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties. The operation of the Audit Committee is guided by its terms of reference which were prepared on terms no less exacting than those set out in the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Committee are posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The major duties of the Audit Committee set out in its terms of reference include:-

- 1. recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, and approval of their terms of engagement;
- 2. reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of audit process in accordance with applicable standard;
- 3. monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements and AR and accounts, interim report and quarterly report (if applicable), and reviewing significant financial reporting judgements contained in them;
- 4. oversight of the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- 5. reviewing the financial information of the Company;
- 6. reviewing arrangements that employees of the Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in the financial reporting, internal controls or other matters; and
- 7. overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor.

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Audit Committee (Continued)

During the financial year ended 31st March 2015, two meetings of the Audit Committee were held in June and November of 2014 respectively with the external auditor of the Company for discussion and review of the reporting of financial and other information to the Shareholders (including the 2013/2014 final results and 2014/2015 interim results of the Company before they were submitted to the Board for approval), the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the issue on internal control of the Company. The Committee also keeps under review the independence of the external auditor of the Company. Details of individual attendance of each of the members of the Committee at the meetings are as follows:

	Meetings
Committee Members	Attended/Held
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	2/2
Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln (resigned with effect from 1st April 2015)	2/2
Mr. Au Yang Cheong Yan, Peter (appointed with effect from 12th December 2014)	0/0
Non-executive Directors	
Mr. John Ho	2/2
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	2/2

There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditor.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2015 were reviewed and discussed by the Audit Committee together with the external auditor of the Company at a meeting held in late June 2015.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31st March 2015, the remuneration paid and payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers, the Company's external auditor, for audit services to the Group amounted to HK\$509,200 and for non-audit services mainly consisting of review and taxation services amounted to HK\$158,900.

THE COMPANY SECRETARY

The appointment and dismissal of the Company Secretary is subject to the Board approval in accordance with the Company's Articles. Mr. Raymond W. M. Chu is the Company Secretary of the Company.

The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring that the procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are strictly and fully complied with and that activities of the Board are running efficiently and effectively by assisting the Chairman of the Board and the respective Chairmen of the Board committees to prepare agendas for meetings and by preparing and disseminating Board papers and relevant material to the Directors and Board Committee members in a timely and comprehensive manner.

The Company Secretary reports to the Board Chairman, attends all Board meetings and advises on corporate governance and statutory compliance, if appropriate. Draft and final versions of minutes of meetings of the Board and the Board committees are circulated to all Directors concerned for comments and records respectively, within a reasonable time after the meeting is held. All the minutes record in sufficient detail the matters considered and decisions reached by the Board and the Board committees of the Company, including any concerns raised by Directors or dissenting views expressed, are kept by the Company Secretary, which are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

The Company Secretary also advises the Directors on their obligations for disclosure of interests in securities, connected transactions and price-sensitive information and ensures that the standards and disclosures required by the Listing Rules are observed and, where required, reflected in the Report of the Directors. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed.

During the year under review, the Company Secretary undertook over 15 hours of professional training to update his skill and knowledge.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Board was provided with sufficient explanation and information by the management of the Company, so that Directors have an informed assessment of financial and other information of the Company put before the Board for approval.

Monthly management updates have also been provided by the Management to all Directors for the purpose of providing a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, financial position and prospects in sufficient detail to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

All the Directors have acknowledged their responsibilities for preparing and reviewing the Company's financial statements and ensure that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31st March 2015 and of the profit and cash flows of the Group for the year then ended. In preparing the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2015, with the assistance of the Company's accounts department, the Board has selected suitable accounting policies and principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and applied them consistently, has made prudent and reasonable judgements and estimates, and has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. Directors are not aware of material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as referred to in the code provision C.1.3 of the CG Code.

The statement by the auditor of the Company regarding their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Company and the Group is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 37 and 38 of the AR.

The Board has included in the separate statement containing a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance in the Management Discussion and Analysis of the AR.

The Board's endeavors to ensure a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects extend to annual and interim reports, price-sensitive announcements and other financial disclosures of the Company required under the Listing Rules and other applicable rules, and to report to regulators as well as to information required to be disclosed pursuant to statutory requirements. Accordingly, due authorization will be made on the publication of relevant announcements and reports as and when the occasion arises.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges its responsibility in maintaining effective and sound internal control system for the Group to safeguard the Group's assets and protect the interest of the Shareholders. The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance of no material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems so as to achieve the Group's objectives.

The Board has conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group. The review covered all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. The Board considers that the Company has adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function.

Based on the results of the review, the Board has concluded that the Group's overall system of internal control has been effectively exercised during the year. The Group will continue to improve its system of internal control.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE SHAREHOLDERS

The AGM is one of the principal communication channels between the Company and the Shareholders as it provides a forum for the Shareholders to raise questions and comments and exchange views with the Board.

At the 2014 AGM, respective Chairmen of the Board, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee as well as the representatives of the external auditor of the Company were present and available to answer questions raised by the Shareholders at the meeting. A separate resolution was proposed at the AGM on each substantially separate issue, such as the re-election of individual Directors.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE SHAREHOLDERS (Continued)

Details of individual attendance of each Director at the 2014 AGM are as follows:

	Meeting
Directors	Attended/Held
Executive Directors	
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	1/1
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	1/1
Non-executive Directors	
Mr. John Ho	0/1
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	0/1
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	1/1
Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln (resigned with effect from 1st April 2015)	1/1
Mr. Au Yang Cheong Yan, Peter (appointed with effect from 12th December 2014)	0/0

The Company has other means of communication with the Shareholders, including the publication of annual and interim reports, circulars, announcements and availability of updated and key information about the Group on the Company's website. The Shareholders or any interested parties can also contact the Company by sending e-mail to enquiry@wahha.com.

The Company arranges for the notice to the Shareholders to be sent out in the case of AGMs at least 20 clear business days before the meeting and to be sent out at least 10 clear business days in the case of all other general meetings. It is proposed that the 2015 AGM will be held on Tuesday, 1st September 2015 at 11:30 a.m.. Notice of the AGM has been published and dispatched to the Shareholders in late July 2015.

The Board has formulated a shareholders' communication policy and will review it on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness.

VOTING BY POLL

The Company regularly informs the Shareholders of the procedures for voting by poll and ensures that it complies with the requirements about voting by poll as contained in the Listing Rules and the Company's Articles.

The Shareholders are given an explanation of the rights and procedures for demanding and conducting a poll in accordance with Article 74 of the Company's Articles at the commencement of each AGM of the Company.

Pursuant to the Listing Rules, any vote of the shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll. The Chairman of the 2015 AGM will therefore put each of the resolutions to be proposed at the meeting to be voted by way of a poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and Article 74 of the Company's Articles.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

Under Section 566 of the new Companies Ordinance, Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong (the "New Companies Ordinance"), Shareholders representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having a right to vote at the general meetings are entitled to send a request to the Company to convene a general meeting. Such requisition must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting and may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting. The request may be sent to the registered office of the Company in hard copy form or to the email address of the Company in electronic form and must be authenticated by the Shareholder(s) making it.

Moreover, in relation to an AGM which the Company is required to hold, Sections 615 and 616 of the New Companies Ordinance provide that Shareholders representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having a right to vote on the resolution at the AGM or at least 50 Shareholders having a right to vote on the resolution at the AGM, may request the Company to circulate a notice of the resolution for consideration at the AGM by sending such request, which must be authenticated by the Shareholders making it to the registered office of the Company in hard copy form or to the email address of the Company in electronic form.

Corporate Governance Report (CONTINUED)

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT (Continued)

The Shareholders can make enquiries or proposals to the Company through the following means:

Telephone:	(852) 2527 1821
Fax:	(852) 2861 3771
Post:	Room 2500, Dominion Centre
	43-59 Queen's Road East
	Wanchai, Hong Kong
Email:	enquiry@wahha.com

INVESTOR RELATIONS

During the year ended 31st March 2015, there were no significant changes to the memorandum and articles of association of the Company. The latest version of the same is posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

With the coming into effect of the New Companies Ordinance on 3 March 2014, the Board has proposed to adopt a new set of articles of association for the Company (the "New Articles"), which incorporates certain key changes under the New Companies Ordinance as well as certain practices and procedures that have been adopted by the Company pursuant to the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules.

Accordingly, a special resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM for the Shareholders to consider and, if thought fit, approve the adoption of the New Articles. A marked-up version of the proposed New Articles showing the amendments is set out in Appendix III to the circular dated 29th July 2015.

Save as disclosed above, the Company has complied with all the code provisions as set out in the CG Code throughout the financial year ended 31st March 2015.

Independent Auditor's Report



羅兵咸永道

TO THE MEMBERS OF WAH HA REALTY COMPANY LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Wah Ha Realty Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries set out on pages 39 to 90, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March 2015, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

Independent Auditor's Report (CONTINUED)

Auditor's responsibility (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31st March 2015, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers *Certified Public Accountants*

Hong Kong, 29th June 2015

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31st March 2015

	Note	2015 НК\$	2014 HK\$
Revenues	5	19,716,714	19,937,658
Changes in fair value of investment properties	14	7,100,000	(2,100,000)
Net fair value (losses)/gains on financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss		(138,462)	1,059,925
Other gains/(losses), net	6	227,932	(102,895)
Direct outgoings in relation to properties that			
generate income	7	(412,602)	(393,585)
Cost of sales of completed properties	7	(404,950)	(954,460)
Staff costs	7	(6,393,290)	(6,135,415)
Other operating expenses	7	(1,361,322)	(1,394,475)
Operating profit		18,334,020	9,916,753
Share of profits less losses of associated companies	8	60,998,885	36,208,134
Profit before income tax		79,332,905	46,124,887
Income tax expense	11	(885,996)	(994,354)
Profit and total comprehensive income attributable			
to equity holders of the Company		78,446,909	45,130,533
Dividends	12	43,545,600	41,126,400
Earnings per share (Basic and diluted)	13	0.65	0.37

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 31st March 2015

	Note	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	14	73,000,000	65,900,000
Investments in associated companies	16	751,009,635	690,010,750
Amounts due from associated companies	16	1,577,179	5,520,179
Available-for-sale financial assets	17	250,448	250,448
Deferred income tax assets	24	1,094,631	762,776
		826,931,893	762,444,153
Current assets			
Completed properties held for sale	18	5,243,989	5,615,989
Amounts due from associated companies	16	34,336,010	38,446,010
Trade and other receivables	19	1,444,076	1,325,518
Tax recoverable		38,093	19,052
Financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss	20	3,149,633	3,288,095
Cash and bank balances	21	363,545,473	358,649,739
		407,757,274	407,344,403
Total assets		1,234,689,167	1,169,788,556
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders Share capital	22	78,624,000	78,624,000
Retained profits	23		
 Proposed dividends Others 		30,240,000 1,084,803,321	27,820,800 1,049,902,012
		1,115,043,321	1,077,722,812
Total equity		1,193,667,321	1,156,346,812

		2015	2014
	Note	HK\$	HK\$
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Amounts due to associated companies	16	36,233,883	8,755,283
Trade and other payables	25	4,222,438	3,416,487
Tax payable		565,525	1,269,974
Total liabilities		41,021,846	13,441,744
Total equity and liabilities		1,234,689,167	1,169,788,556
Net current assets		366,735,428	393,902,659

The financial statements on page 39 to 90 were approved by the Boards of Directors on 29th June 2015 and were signed on behalf.

Cheung Kee Wee *Director* **Cheung Lin Wee** *Director*

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31st March 2015

Note	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Cash flows from operating activities Profit before income tax Changes in fair value of investment properties Share of profits less losses of associated	79,332,905 (7,100,000)	46,124,887 2,100,000
companies	(60,998,885)	(36,208,134)
Operating profit before working capital changes Decrease in completed properties held for sale Increase in trade and other receivables Decrease/(increase) in financial assets at fair	11,234,020 372,000 (118,558)	12,016,753 881,026 (75,120)
value through profit or loss Increase in trade and other payables	138,462 805,951	(349,602) 197,892
Net cash generated from operations Hong Kong profits tax (paid)/refunded	12,431,875 (1,941,341)	12,670,949 1,371,581
Net cash generated from operating activities	10,490,534	14,042,530
Cash flows from investing activities Dividends received from associated companies Fund transfer to associated companies Fund transfer from associated companies	- (5,644,000) 41,175,600	24,815,000 (24,950,264) 29,968,071
Net cash generated from investing activities	35,531,600	29,832,807
Cash flows from financing activity Dividends paid to the Company's equity holders	(41,126,400)	(42,336,000)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	4,895,734 358,649,739	1,539,337 357,110,402
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 21	363,545,473	358,649,739

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31st March 2015

	Note	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
The second			<u>.</u>
Total equity at beginning of the year		1,156,346,812	1,153,552,279
Profit and total comprehensive income			
for the year	23	78,446,909	45,130,533
Transaction with equity holders			
Dividends	23	(41,126,400)	(42,336,000)
Total equity at end of the year		1,193,667,321	1,156,346,812

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The address of its registered office is Room 2500, Dominion Centre, 43-59 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and property investment. The activities of the subsidiaries and associated companies are shown in Notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar (HK\$), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 29th June 2015.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and investment properties which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group")'s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

Adoption of revised standards and amendments to existing standards and interpretations

The Group adopted the revised standards and amendments to existing standards below, which are relevant to its operations.

Amendment to HKAS 32	Financial Instruments: Presentation – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Amendment to HKAS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets
Amendment to HKAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Novation of Derivatives
Amendments to HKFRS 10, 12 and HKAS 27 (2011)	Consolidation for Investment Entities
HK(IFRIC) – Int 21	Levies

The Group has assessed the impact of the adoption of these revised standards and interpretation and considered that there were no significant impact on the Group's results and financial position nor any substantial changes in the Group's accounting policies and presentation of the financial information.

2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

(b) New standards, amendments to existing standards which have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1st April 2014 and have not been early adopted

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendment to HKAS 19	Defined Benefit Plans	1st July 2014
Amendment to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle	1st July 2014
Amendment to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle	1st July 2014
Amendments to HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9	Mandatory Effective Date and Transition Disclosures	1st January 2015
Amendment to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation	1st January 2016
Amendment to HKAS 27	Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	1st January 2016
Amendment to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants	1st January 2016
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	1st January 2016
Amendment to HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangement – Accounting for Acquisitions of Interest in Joint Operations	1st January 2016
HKFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	1st January 2016
Amendment to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle	1st January 2016
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1st January 2017
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1st January 2018

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new or revised standards and amendments upon initial application and is not yet in a position to state whether these new or revised standards and amendments have any significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

(c) New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622)

In addition, the requirements of Part 9 "Accounts and Audit" of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) came into effect on 3rd March 2014. As a result, there are changes to presentation and disclosures of certain information in the consolidated financial statements during the financial year.

(d) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31st March.

(i) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group control an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has the rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group uses the acquisition method of accounting to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Consolidation (Continued)

(i) Subsidiaries (Continued)

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS.

Goodwill is initially measured as the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the fair value of non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in the profit or loss.

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from inter-company transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's balance sheet, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

(ii) Associated companies

Associated companies are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associated companies are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investments in associated companies include goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment losses.

The Group's share of its associated companies' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The carrying amount of the investment is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. When the Group's share of losses in an associated company equals or exceeds its interest in the associated company, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associated company.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associated companies are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associated companies. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associated companies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency. The functional currency of all subsidiaries and associated companies of the Group is Hong Kong dollar.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuations where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of monetary debt securities denominated in foreign currency classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the securities, and other changes in the carrying amount of the securities. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in the consolidated income statement, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in equity.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities, such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss, are recognised in the profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as available-for-sale, are included in the investment revaluation reserve in equity.

(f) Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group, is classified as investment property.

Investment property comprises land held under finance leases and buildings held under finance leases.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs.

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value and is not depreciated. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections are used. These valuations are performed at each reporting date by external valuers.

The fair value of investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current leases and assumptions about rental income from future leases in the light of current market conditions. The fair value also reflects, on a similar basis, any cash outflow that could be expected in respect of the property. Some of those outflows are recognised as a liability, including finance lease liabilities in respect of land classified as investment property; others, including contingent rent payments, are not recognised in the financial statements.

Subsequent expenditure is accounted for as part of the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Changes in fair values are recognised in the profit or loss.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and nonfinancial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life or are not yet available for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries or associated companies is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary or associated company in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

(h) Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purposes for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in short term. Derivatives are classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than twelve months after the balance sheet date, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Loans and receivables of the Group include trade and other receivables in the balance sheet.

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-tomaturity investments. They are included in non-current assets unless matures or management intends to dispose of the investment within twelve months of the balance sheet date.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. All other financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" category are included in the profit or loss.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Financial assets (Continued)

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the securities and other changes in the carrying amount of the securities. The translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost are recognised in the profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in equity. Changes in the fair value of non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the profit or loss as "gains and losses from available-for-sale financial assets".

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity specific inputs.

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the securities below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income – is removed from equity and recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss on equity instruments are not reversed through the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Impairment testing of receivables is described in Note 2(i).

(i) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the profit or loss.

(j) Completed properties held for sale

Completed properties held for sale is classified under current assets and carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value takes into account the price ultimately expected to be realised, less applicable variable selling expenses and the anticipated costs to completion.

(k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with financial institutions with original maturities of three months or less.

(I) Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries and associated companies operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, if the deferred income tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or a liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, it is not accounted for. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associated companies, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

(n) Employee benefits

The Group participates in two defined contribution retirement benefits schemes. The Group's contributions under the schemes are charged to the profit or loss as incurred. The amount of the Group's contributions is based on specified percentages of the salaries of employees.

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

When there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(p) Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets remain with the lessors are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals applicable to operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessors are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the periods of the respective leases.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Revenue recognition

Rental income is recognised over the periods of the respective leases on a straight-line basis.

Sales of completed properties are recognised upon completion of the sales agreements.

Management fee income is recognised when services are rendered.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is certain.

Construction supervision fee income is recognised when services are rendered to customers.

(r) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

(s) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's equity holders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's Directors/equity holders.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to various types of financial risks which include market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effects it may have on the Group's financial performance.

(i) Market risk – foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the functional currencies of the entities of the Group.

The majority of the Group's monetary assets and monetary liabilities and the rental income are denominated in Hong Kong dollar, except for certain financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and bank deposits which are denominated in the United States dollar and Renminbi ("RMB") respectively.

The Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk arising from financial assets denominated in United States dollar is insignificant as Hong Kong dollar is pegged to the United States dollar.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

At 31st March 2015, if Hong Kong dollar had weakened or strengthened by 1% (2014: 1%) against RMB, with all other variables held constant, profit before income tax for the year would have been higher or lower by approximately HK\$689,766 (2014: HK\$667,824) as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses arising from bank deposits.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (ii) Market risk price risk

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Group is exposed to price risk arising from investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Group's price risk is mainly concentrated on listed securities. To manage its price risk arising from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, the Group diversifies its portfolio.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to price risk at the balance sheet date.

If market prices of investments had been 10% higher/lower, the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31st March 2015 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$314,963 (2014: HK\$328,810).

(iii) Market risk – Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank deposits.

The following analyses the impact on the Group's post-tax profit assuming a reasonable possible change in interest rates for bank deposits, with all other variables held constant.

As at 31st March 2015, if market interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/ lower, the Group's post-tax profit would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$1,809,787 (2014: HK\$1,779,105).

The Group has no interest bearing liabilities.

(iv) Credit risk

The carrying amounts of bank deposits, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, trade and other receivables and amounts due from associated companies represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

Bank deposits and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were placed with banks and a financial institution with sound credit ratings to mitigate the risk.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that rental deposits are required from tenants prior to commencement of leases and sale proceeds are received before the assignments of properties are executed. Amounts due from associated companies are generally supported by the underlying assets and the Group monitors the credibility of associated companies continuously. At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each debtor to ensure that adequate provision is made for irrecoverable amounts.

(v) Liquidity risk

To achieve the prudent liquidity risk management the Group holds sufficient cash for operation.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(v) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments that will be settled on a gross basis into relevant maturity groups based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 year HK\$	Between 1 and 2 years HK\$	Between 2 and 5 years HK\$	Total НК\$
At 31st March 2015 Amounts due to associated companies Trade and other payables	36,233,883 3,512,861	- 709,577	-	36,233,883 4,222,438
At 31st March 2014 Amounts due to associated companies Trade and other payables	8,755,283 2,564,160	- 200,925	- 651,402	8,755,283 3,416,487

(b) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for equity holders and to support future development of the business. The Group's strategy remains unchanged from the year ended 31st March 2014 and is to maintain net cash position.

The Group considers the total equity of the Group as its capital.

The Group reviews the capital structure periodically and manages its overall capital structure through payment of dividends.

(c) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets is determined on the basis set out in Note 2(h).

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables and amounts due from/to associated companies approximate their fair values. The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

The Group's financial instruments are measured in the balance sheet at fair value. This requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31st March 2015 and 2014. See Note 14 for disclosures of the investment properties that are measured at fair value.

	Level 1 HK\$	Level 2 HK\$	Level 3 HK\$	Total HK\$
Assets Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss	3,149,633	-	-	3,149,633
As at 31st March 2014	Level 1 HK\$	Level 2 HK\$	Level 3 HK\$	Total HK\$
Assets Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss	3,288,095	-	-	3,288,095

As at 31st March 2015

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1. Instruments included in level 1 comprise listed equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Fair value of investment properties

The fair values of investment properties are determined by an independent valuer on an open market for existing use basis with reference to comparable market transactions. In making the judgement, the Group considers information from a variety of sources including:

- current prices in an active market for properties of different nature, condition or location (or subject to different lease or other contracts), adjusted to reflect those differences;
- (ii) recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, with adjustments to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices; and
- (iii) discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows, derived from the terms of any existing lease and other contracts, and (where possible) from external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties in the same location and condition, and using discount rates that reflect current market assessments of the uncertainty in the amount and timing of the cash flows.

If information on current or recent prices of investment properties is not available, the fair values of investment properties are determined using discounted cash flow valuation techniques. The Group uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at each balance sheet date.

4 **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS** (Continued)

(a) Fair value of investment properties (Continued)

The principal assumptions underlying management's estimation of fair value are those related to: the receipt of contractual rentals, expected future market rentals, maintenance requirements and appropriate discount rates. These valuations are regularly compared to actual market yield data, actual transactions by the Group and those reported by the market. The valuations are reviewed at each reporting date by an external valuer.

(b) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

5 **REVENUES**

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Rental income		
Investment properties	1,175,807	1,049,952
Other properties	4,499,724	3,648,812
Sales of completed properties held for sale	6,805,000	8,498,150
Management fee income	1,344,117	1,325,883
Bank interest income	5,638,709	4,936,317
Dividend income – Listed investments	79,957	72,914
Construction supervision fee income	173,400	405,630
	19,716,714	19,937,658

6 OTHER GAINS/(LOSSES), NET

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Net exchange gains/(losses)	143,508	(123,773)
Sundries	84,424	20,878
	227,932	(102,895)

7 EXPENSES BY NATURE

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Direct outgoings in relation to properties		
that generate income		
Investment properties	200,014	182,552
Other properties	212,588	211,033
	412,602	393,585
Cost of sales of completed properties	404,950	954,460
Staff costs (including Directors' remuneration)		
Salaries and other emoluments	6,056,889	5,834,669
Contributions to retirement schemes (Note 10)	336,401	300,746
	6,393,290	6,135,415
Other operating expenses		
Auditor's remuneration		
Audit fees	509,200	501,300
Non-audit fees	158,900	158,900
Others	693,222	734,275
	1,361,322	1,394,475

8 SHARE OF PROFITS LESS LOSSES OF ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

The Group's share of results of associated companies included the Group's share of fair value gains on investment properties held by associated companies amounting to HK\$26,950,000 (2014: HK\$9,250,000).

9 REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The remuneration of each of the Directors and the chief executive is set out below:

Year ended 31st March 2015

Emoluments paid or payable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiaries undertaking:

	Fees HK\$	Salaries HK\$	Total HK\$
Executive Directors			
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee <i>(Chairman)</i>			
(Note (a))	80,000	300,000	380,000
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee <i>(Note (a))</i>	80,000	300,000	380,000
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric (Note (a))	80,000	300,000	380,000
Non-executive Directors			
Mr. John Ho	80,000	-	80,000
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	80,000	-	80,000
Independent Non-executive			
Directors			
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	80,000	-	80,000
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	80,000	-	80,000
Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln <i>(Note (d))</i>	80,000	-	80,000
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter			
(Note (c))	80,000	-	80,000
	720,000	900,000	1,620,000

Year ended 31st March 2014

Emoluments paid or payable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiaries undertaking:

	Fees HK\$	Salaries HK\$	Total HK\$
		111.\$	ц. т. р.
Executive Directors			
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee <i>(Chairman)</i>	80,000	300,000	380,000
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	80,000	300,000	380,000
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	80,000	300,000	380,000
Non-executive Directors			
Mr. John Ho	80,000	-	80,000
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	80,000	-	80,000
Independent Non-executive			
Directors			
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	80,000	_	80,000
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	80,000	_	80,000
Mr. Soo Hung Leung, Lincoln	80,000	_	80,000
	640,000	900,000	1,540,000

Note (a): The directors took the role of chief executive of the Company.

Note (b): No other emoluments were paid and none of the Directors have waived the right to receive their emoluments for the years ended 31st March 2015 and 2014.

Note (c): The director was appointed on 12 December 2014.

Note (d): The director resigned on 1 April 2015.

9 REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2014: two) were directors of the Company. The emoluments paid to the five highest paid individuals of the Group during the year was as follow:

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Salaries and other emoluments Contributions to retirement schemes	2,679,739 79,256	2,534,905 73,483
	2,758,995	2,608,388

The emoluments of each of the five highest paid individuals are below HK\$1,000,000 for the years ended 31st March 2015 and 2014.

10 RETIREMENT SCHEMES

The Group operates two defined contribution retirement schemes in Hong Kong which comply with the respective requirements of the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance ("ORSO") and Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Schemes Ordinance. The schemes cover all the employees of the Group. All the assets under the schemes are held separately from the Group under independently administered funds. Contributions to the MPF Scheme follow the MPF Schemes Ordinance while contributions to the ORSO Scheme are based on a percentage of employee salary depending upon the length of employment.

11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year.

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Hong Kong profits tax		
Provision for the year	(1,217,851)	(1,439,584)
Deferred income tax (Note 24)	331,855	445,230
	(885,996)	(994,354)

The income tax expense on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate of Hong Kong, the country in which the Group operates, as follows:

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Profit before income tax Share of profits less losses of associated companies	79,332,905 (60,998,885)	46,124,887 (36,208,134)
	18,334,020	9,916,753
Calculated at a tax rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%)	(3,025,113)	(1,636,264)
Income not subject to tax	2,152,107	1,004,833
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(23,622)	(362,166)
Tax losses not recognised	(63,947)	(43,006)
Statutory tax reduction	74,575	42,244
Others	4	5
Income tax expenses	(885,996)	(994,354)

12 DIVIDENDS

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Interim dividend paid of HK11 cents		
(2014: HK11 cents) per share	13,305,600	13,305,600
Proposed final dividend of HK11 cents		
(2014: HK11 cents) per share	13,305,600	13,305,600
Proposed special dividend of HK14 cents		
(2014: HK12 cents) per share	16,934,400	14,515,200
	43,545,600	41,126,400

At the Board meeting held on Monday, 29th June 2015, the Board of Directors proposed a final dividend of HK11 cents per share and a special dividend of HK14 cents per share. These proposed dividends will be accounted for as an appropriation of retained profits for the year ending 31st March 2016.

13 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	78,446,909	45,130,533
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	120,960,000	120,960,000
Earnings per share (Basic and diluted)	0.65	0.37

The Company has no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
At valuation		
At beginning of the year	65,900,000	68,000,000
Fair value gains/(losses)	7,100,000	(2,100,000)
At end of the year	73,000,000	65,900,000

The investment properties are held on finance leases of over 50 years in Hong Kong.

The Group leases out its investment properties under operating leases. Leases typically run for an initial period of one to two years, with some having the option to renew, at which time all terms are renegotiated.

The revaluation gains or losses is included in "Changes in fair value of investment properties" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The following table analyses the investment properties carried at fair value, by valuation method.

Fair value hierarchy for recurring fair value measurements

	Fair v	Fair value measurements				
Description	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)			
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$			
31st March 2015 Investment properties: – Commercial building – Duplex apartment	-	-	7,000,000 66,000,000			
31st March 2014 Investment properties:			00,000,000			
– Commercial building – Duplex apartment	-	_	5,900,000 60,000,000			
Duplex uput intent			00,000,000			

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year

The following table presents the changes in level 3 assets for the year ended 31st March 2015.

	Investment properties HK\$
Opening balance	65,900,000
Unrealised fair value gains for the year included in the consolidated	7,100,000
Closing balance	73,000,000

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

Valuation processes of the Group

The Group's investment properties were valued at 31st March 2015 and 2014 by independent professionally qualified valuer who hold a recognised relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued.

Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the chief financial officer, the valuation team and valuers at least once every six months, in line with the Group's interim and annual reporting dates. As at 31st March 2015 and 2014, the fair values of the properties have been determined by C S surveyors Limited.

Valuation techniques

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs

Fair values of investment properties of the Group are generally derived using the direct comparison method. However, given the unique nature and lack of recent transaction of certain properties, significant adjustments are usually required to allow for any qualitative differences that may affect the price likely to be achieved by the property under consideration. The ranges of unobservable input are similar between the commercial building and the apartment. These significant unobservable inputs include:

Description	Valuation Technique	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable input HK\$	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Commercial building and apartment	Direct comparison method	Storey	0.5% to 1% price adjustment per each storey	The higher the storey, the higher the fair value
		Landscape view	5% to 20% of property value	The better the landscape view, the higher the fair value
		Age of property	0.5% to 1% price adjustment per year	The older the property, the lower the price

There were no changes to the valuation techniques during the year.

15 SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries, all of which are wholly-owned by the Company, are as follows:

Name	Principal activities	Particulars of issued share capital
Festigood Company Limited	Property development	2 ordinary shares
Galy Property Management Limited	Property management	2 ordinary shares
Khanman Property Limited	Property investment	2 ordinary shares
Tai Kong Shan Realty Limited	Property investment	100,000 ordinary shares
Tinpoly Realty Limited	Property investment	4 ordinary shares
Wah Ha Construction Company Limited	Building contractor	2 ordinary shares
Wah Ha Real Estate Agency Limited	Property agency	1,000 ordinary shares
WH Properties Limited	Dormant	100 ordinary shares

All subsidiaries are incorporated and operate in Hong Kong and are held directly by the Company.

16 ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Share of net assets	751,009,635	690,010,750
Amounts due from associated companies		
– Non-current portion (Note a)	1,577,179	5,520,179
– Current portion (Note b)	34,336,010	38,446,010
	35,913,189	43,966,189
Amounts due to associated companies (Note b)	(36,233,883)	(8,755,283)
	(320,694)	35,210,906

Notes:

- (a) The Company confirmed that these balances are unsecured, interest free and have no specific repayment terms but are not expected to be repaid within one year.
- (b) Amounts due from/to associated companies are unsecured, interest free and have no specific repayment terms.

The Group has not provided any guarantees in respect of any borrowings or facilities of the associated companies and has not entered into any agreements to make further advances to the associated companies.

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Summarised financial information for associated companies

Set out below are the associated companies of the Group as at 31st March 2015, which, in the opinion of the directors, are material to the Group. The Group's share of results, assets and liabilities of the associated companies are summarised as follows:

		n Tailor es Limited	,	Eagle ent Limited		ur Estate ited	Hinquand Lim		Wah Ha Developme	
	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Revenue	11,596,392	11,513,375	52,936,611	48,434,864	6,083,053	5,935,565	6,037,953	5,540,974	1,754,116	2,507,387
Profit/(loss) for the year	16,594,884	1,504,451	102,099,463	102,336,212	13,869,457	(10,840,988)	14,394,331	3,980,602	5,078,393	(1,998,035)
Dividends received from associated companies	_	_	-	16,625,000	-	_	-	_	-	1,350,000

The information above reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the associated companies in which the accounting policies are consistent to the Group.

	Easterr Enterprise		,	Eagle ent Limited	Remadou Limi		Hinquand Limi		Wah Ha Developme	
	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Current										
Assets Liabilities	1,002,717 (2,827,742)	1,205,213 (2,522,679)	49,405,363 (12,794,985)	5,482,278 (11,433,525)	7,240,113 (1,239,378)	3,363,259 (1,342,570)	748,728 (1,757,335)	509,989 (1,747,882)	1,875,939 (300,244)	948,904 (571,082)
Total current net (liabilities)/assets	(1,825,025)	(1,317,466)	36,610,378	(5,951,247)	6,000,735	2,020,689	(1,008,607)	(1,237,893)	1,575,695	377,822
Non-current Assets Liabilities	370,000,000 (3,242,389)	360,000,000	1,250,000,000 (9,130,796)	1,190,000,000 (8,668,634)	375,000,000 (2,720,899)	365,000,000 (2,610,311)	210,000,000 (3,784,735)	200,000,000 (7,949,779)	127,400,447 (261,965)	123,501,981 (244,019)
Total non-current net assets	366,757,611	349,655,168	1,240,869,204	1,181,331,366	372,279,101	362,389,689	206,215,265	192,050,221	127,138,482	123,257,962
Net assets	364,932,586	348,337,702	1,277,479,582	1,175,380,119	378,279,836	364,410,378	205,206,658	190,812,328	128,714,177	123,635,784
Interest in associated companies (25%; 25%; 25%; 50%; 50%)	91,233,147	87,084,426	319,369,896	293,845,030	94,569,959	91,102,595	102,603,329	95,406,164	64,357,089	61,817,892
Carrying value	91,233,147	87,084,426	319,369,896	293,845,030	94,569,959	91,102,595	102,603,329	95,406,164	64,357,089	61,817,892

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in the associated companies as at 31st March 2015 and 2014.

16 ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

Particular of the associated companies are as follows:

Particulars of Name Principal activities issued shares		Effective percentage of equity held by the Group		
			2015	2014
Daily Eagle Development Limited	Property development	4 ordinary shares	25	25
Eastern Tailor Enterprises Limited	Property investment	10,000 ordinary shares	25	25
Fu Kung San Realty Limited	Investment holding	100 ordinary shares	50	50
Fupoly Properties Limited	Property investment	10,000 ordinary shares	25	25
Hinquand Enterprise Limited	Property investment	1,000 ordinary shares	50	50
Keneva Company Limited	Property development	20 ordinary shares	25	25
Kin Yuen Hing Investment Company Limited	Property development	200,000 ordinary shares	50	50
Mass Collection Company Limited	Property development	2 ordinary shares	50	50
Remadour Estate Limited	Property investment	10,000 ordinary shares	25	25
Sing Mei Properties Limited	Property investment	69,513 ordinary shares	25	25
Star Fortune Investments Limited	Property development	2 ordinary shares	50	50
Sun Prince Godown Limited	Property investment	100,000 ordinary shares	50	50
Sun Tai Tsuen Godown Company Limited	Property investment	100,000 ordinary shares	50	50
Wah Ha Property Development Limited	Property investment	10 ordinary shares	50	50

All associated companies are incorporated and operate in Hong Kong and are held directly by the Company except for Sing Mei Properties Limited which is 50% owned by a 50% owned associated company, Fu Kung San Realty Limited.

17 AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Unlisted shares, at cost	250,448	250,448

The Directors are of the opinion that the fair value of the available-for-sale financial assets cannot be reliably measured since there are no recent market transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties on an arm's length basis and future cash flows available from the available-for-sale financial assets cannot be determined reliably. Accordingly, the available-for-sale financial assets are stated at cost.

18 COMPLETED PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

	2015 НК\$	2014 HK\$
Completed properties held for sale in Hong Kong		
At beginning of the year	5,615,989	6,497,015
Disposals	(372,000)	(881,026)
At end of the year	5,243,989	5,615,989

The completed properties held for sale in Hong Kong are held on finance leases of between 10 to 50 years.

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2015 НК\$	2014 HK\$
Trade receivables		
Within 3 months	245,455	385,416
Other receivables	964,965	698,637
Prepayments and utility deposits	233,656	241,465
	1,444,076	1,325,518

Notes:

(a) Trade receivables represent rental and management fee receivables. Rental is normally due for payment upon presentation of debit note at the beginning of each rental period (normally on a monthly basis). The trade receivables are generally fully covered by the rental deposits from corresponding tenants. Management fee is normally due for payment upon presentation of debit note at the end of each month. The above ageing analysis is based on the debit note date.

Receivables are denominated in Hong Kong dollar and the Directors consider that the fair value of these receivables at the balance sheet date was approximately their carrying amounts.

- (b) As at 31st March 2015, trade receivables of HK\$245,455 (2014: HK\$385,416) were past due but not impaired. These related to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default.
- (c) At 31st March 2015, there are no trade receivables of the Group individually determined to be impaired (2014: nil).

20 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Listed shares – Overseas	3,149,633	3,288,095

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are denominated in United States dollar.

21 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Cash in hand	40,000	40,000
Bank balances	1,548,003	2,788,669
Bank deposits with original maturity		
less than three months	361,957,470	355,821,070
	363,545,473	358,649,739

Bank deposits and bank balances are placed with the following banks in Hong Kong:

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
- The Bank of East Asia Limited	345,465,460	357,782,376
Others	18,040,013	827,363
	363,505,473	358,609,739

The carrying amounts of cash and bank balances are denominated in the following currencies:

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Hong Kong dollar	292,232,844	289,604,141
United States dollar	2,336,002	2,263,170
Renminbi	68,976,627	66,782,428
	363,545,473	358,649,739

22 SHARE CAPITAL

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
<i>Issued and fully paid:</i> 120,960,000 ordinary shares	78,624,000	78,624,000

23 RETAINED PROFITS

	HK\$
At 31st March 2013	1,074,928,279
Profit for the year	45,130,533
2013 final dividend	(13,305,600)
2013 special dividend	(15,724,800)
2014 interim dividend	(13,305,600)
At 31st March 2014	1,077,722,812
Profit for the year	78,446,909
2014 final dividend	(13,305,600)
2014 special dividend	(14,515,200)
2015 interim dividend	(13,305,600)
At 31st March 2015	1,115,043,321

24 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax is calculated on temporary differences under the liability method using a tax rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%).

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Deferred income tax assets	1,094,631	762,776

A substantial portion of deferred income tax assets will be recovered after twelve months from the balance sheet date.

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

	Assets/(liabilities) Accelerated depreciation		
	Tax losses HK\$	allowances HK\$	Total HK\$
At 31st March 2013 Credited/(charged) to consolidated statement of comprehensive income	473,771	(156,225)	317,546
(Note 11)	453,124	(7,894)	445,230
At 31st March 2014 Credited/(charged) to consolidated statement of comprehensive income	926,895	(164,119)	762,776
(Note 11)	339,749	(7,894)	331,855
At 31st March 2015	1,266,644	(172,013)	1,094,631

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. Deferred tax assets of HK\$459,118 (2014: HK\$395,171) arising from unused tax losses of HK\$2,782,537 (2014: HK\$2,394,975) have not been recognised in the consolidated financial statements. These tax losses have no expiry date.

25 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Trade payables		
Within 3 months	2,500	25,323
Other payables	1,622,541	1,513,098
Rental and utility deposits received	1,178,925	1,149,762
Accrued expenses	730,472	728,304
Deposit received	688,000	_
	4,222,438	3,416,487

26 OPERATING LEASE RENTAL RECEIVABLE

The future aggregate minimum lease rental income under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings is receivable in the following years:

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
- First year	4,069,373	4,254,870
Second to fifth years inclusive	2,540,370	5,220,340
	6,609,743	9,475,210

27 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions carried out in the normal course of the Group's business during the year, other than those disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements.

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Related company		
Estate agency fee income	150,000	150,000

The Group provided estate agency services to a related company at a fixed annual fee.

The Group is provided with office space and office furniture and fixtures by a related company.

The key management of the Group refer to the Directors and their remuneration are set out in Note 9.

28 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The principal activities of the Group include those relating to investment holding, property development, investment and management in Hong Kong. There is no other significant identifiable separate business. In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the purpose of allocating resources, assessing performance of the operating segments and making strategic decision, the reportable operating segments are property development, investment and management and investments.

Segment assets consist of investment properties, available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, receivables, completed properties held for sale and cash and bank balances and exclude items such as tax recoverable and deferred income tax assets. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and exclude items such as tax payable and unpaid dividend.

28 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

	Property development, investment and management HK\$	Investments HK\$	Total HK\$
Year ended 31st March 2015			
Revenues	13,998,048	5,718,666	19,716,714
Segment results	18,509,466	5,723,712	24,233,178
Unallocated costs			(5,899,158)
Operating profit Share of profits less losses of associated			18,334,020
companies	60,998,885	-	60,998,885
Profit before income tax Income tax expenses			79,332,905 (885,996)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company			78,446,909
Segment assets Associated companies Unallocated assets	115,118,356 751,009,635	367,428,452 -	482,546,808 751,009,635 1,132,724
Total assets			1,234,689,167
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	39,512,399	-	39,512,399 1,509,447 41,021,846
Changes in fair value of investment properties	7,100,000	_	7,100,000

	Property development, investment and management HK\$	Investments HK\$	Total HK\$
Year ended 31st March 2014			
Revenues	14,928,427	5,009,231	19,937,658
Segment results	9,663,102	5,945,383	15,608,485
Unallocated costs			(5,691,732)
Operating profit Share of profits less losses of associated companies	36,208,134		9,916,753 36,208,134
Profit before income tax Income tax expenses	50,208,154	_	46,124,887 (994,354)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company			45,130,533
Segment assets Associated companies Unallocated assets	116,396,828 690,010,750	362,599,150 -	478,995,978 690,010,750 781,828
Total assets			1,169,788,556
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	11,330,835	_	11,330,835 2,110,909 13,441,744
Changes in fair value of investment properties	(2,100,000)	_	(2,100,000)

For the year ended 31st March 2015, there was one (2014: one) customer who individually contributed over 10% of the total revenue. The revenue contributed by this customer was HK\$5,250,000 (2014: HK\$4,240,000). The customer belongs to the "Property development, investment and management" segment.

29 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(a) Balance sheet of the Company

No	te	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment properties		73,000,000	65,900,000
Investments in subsidiaries		110,344	110,344
Investments in associated companies		1,090,597	1,090,597
Amounts due from associated			
companies		1,577,179	5,520,179
Available-for-sale financial assets		250,448	250,448
Deferred income tax assets		1,094,055	762,147
		77,122,623	73,633,715
Current assets			
Completed properties held for sale		663,276	663,276
Amounts due from subsidiaries		399,291	231,004
Amounts due from associated			
companies		34,336,010	38,446,010
Trade and other receivables		939,168	904,117
Financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss		3,149,633	3,288,095
Cash and bank balances		356,652,042	351,279,857
		396,139,420	394,812,359
Total assets		473,262,043	468,446,074
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders Share capital		78,624,000	78,624,000
Retained profits			
– Proposed dividends		30,240,000	27,820,800
– Other		315,540,693	319,969,768
29(b)	345,780,693	347,790,568
Total equity		424,404,693	426,414,568

	2015	2014
Note	HK\$	HK\$
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Amounts due to subsidiaries	9,688,750	30,426,125
Amounts due to associated companies	36,233,883	8,755,283
Trade and other payables	2,934,717	2,850,098
Total liabilities	48,857,350	42,031,506
Total equity and liabilities	473,262,043	468,446,074
Net current assets	347,282,070	352,780,853

The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Director on 29th June 2015 and was signed on its behalf.

Cheung Kee Wee *Director* **Cheung Lin Wee** *Director*

29 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(Continued)

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

At 31st March 2015	345,780,693
2015 interim dividend	(13,305,600)
2014 special dividend	(14,515,200)
2014 final dividend	(13,305,600)
Profit for the year	39,116,525
At 31st March 2014	347,790,568
2014 interim dividend	(13,305,600)
2013 special dividend	(15,724,800)
2013 final dividend	(13,305,600)
Profit for the year	26,047,454
At 31st March 2013	364,079,114
	HK\$

30 EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Subsequent to 31 March 2015, the Group has entered into several agreements with independent third parties to sell and purchase certain properties. Formal sales and purchase agreements have been signed and the transactions are expected to be completed by October 2015.

Five Year Financial Summary

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Results Year ended 31st March					
Revenues/turnover Profit before income tax Profit attributable to equity	19,717 79,333	19,938 46,125	12,920 113,220	10,200 138,559	10,678 171,924
holders of the Company Dividends	78,447 43,546	45,131 41,126	113,222 42,336	138,683 42,336	170,029 42,336
Assets and liabilities As at 31st March					
Investment properties Investments in associated	73,000	65,900	68,000	65,400	64,800
companies Amounts due from	751,010	690,011	678,561	605,182	474,745
associated companies Available-for-sale financial	1,577	5,520	9,637	14,564	41,968
assets Deferred income tax assets Current assets	250 1,095 407,757	250 763 407,345	250 318 413,055	250 133 421,767	250 1 428,983
Total assets	1,234,689	1,169,789	1,169,821	1,107,296	1,010,747
Share capital Retained profits	78,624 1,115,043	78,624 1,077,723	78,624 1,074,928	78,624 1,005,252	78,624 914,953
Total equity	1,193,667	1,156,347	1,153,552	1,083,876	993,577
Deferred income tax liabilities Current liabilities	- 41,022	_ 13,442	_ 16,269	_ 23,420	141 17,029
Total liabilities	41,022	13,442	16,269	23,420	17,170
Total equity and liabilities	1,234,689	1,169,789	1,169,821	1,107,296	1,010,747

Financial Summary of Associated Companies

A significant portion of the Group's property development and investment activities is undertaken by associated companies. To provide equity holders with information on the financial performance and position of the associated companies, the following is a summary of the aggregated results and net assets of the Group's associated companies for the year ended 31st March 2015:

	2015	2014
	HK\$	HK\$
Results		
Revenues	178,223,043	131,326,809
Operating profit	143,430,979	103,233,735
Changes in fair value of investment properties	93,900,000	41,000,000
Profit before income tax	237,330,979	144,233,735
Income tax expense	(23,343,592)	(16,929,140)
Profit for the year	213,987,387	127,304,595
Group's share of profits less losses after income tax	60,998,885	36,208,134
Net assets		
Non-current assets	2,363,339,120	2,265,962,455
Current assets	286,637,826	282,637,207
Net amounts due from/(to) equity holders	53,769,517	(100,271,184)
Non-current liabilities	(14,959,590)	(14,130,381)
Current liabilities	(87,152,539)	(50,026,799)
Net assets	2,601,634,334	2,384,171,298
Group's share of net assets	751,009,635	690,010,750

Principal Properties As at 31st March 2015

(A) FOR INVESTMENT

Description	Lot No.	Туре	Lease Term	Owner
GROUP				
Hong Kong				
Flats B and C on 2/F, Hin Wah Building at Nos. 446-450 Hennessy Road, Causeway Bay	The Remaining Portion ("RP") of Sub-Section ("Subsec.") 1 of Section ("Sec.") A of Marine Lot No. 269; RP of Sec. A of Marine Lot No. 269; and RP of Sec. E of Marine Lot No. 201	Commercial	Long Lease	Wah Ha Realty Company Limited
Apartment B on 1/F and 2/F and 2 carparks, Repulse Bay Towers at No. 119A Repulse Bay Road, Repulse Bay	Sec. B of Rural Building Lot No. 168; RP of Sec. A of Rural Building Lot No. 168; and Sec. B of Subsec. 3 of Sec. A of Rural Building Lot No. 168	Residential	Long Lease	Wah Ha Realty Company Limited
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES				
Hong Kong				
Flat 11 on G/F, Montane Mansion at No. 1028 King's Road, Quarry Bay	Sec. C of Inland Lot No. 8104	Commercial	Long Lease	Wah Ha Property Development Limited
G/F and 2/F, Midland Centre (82 shops) at No. 328 Queen's Road Central	Inland Lot No. 8426	Commercial	Long Lease	Hinquand Enterprise Limited
Flat 2 on G/F and Basement and 2 carparks on Basement, Stewart Terrace at Nos. 81-95 Peak Road	Rural Building Lot Nos. 299-306	Residential	Medium Lease	Wah Ha Property Development Limited

Principal Properties (CONTINUED) As at 31st March 2015

(A) FOR INVESTMENT (Continued)

Description	Lot No.	Туре	Lease Term	Owner
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (C	ontinued)			
Hong Kong (Continued)				
Flat A on 6/F and 1 carpark, Mountain Lodge at No. 44 Mount Kellett Road	Rural Building Lot No. 199	Residential	Long Lease	Wah Ha Property Development Limited
Belvedere (5 townhouses and 12 carparks) at No. 41 Chung Hom Kok Road, Chung Hom Kok	Rural Building Lot No. 968	Residential	Long Lease	Remadour Estate Limited
/ista Stanley (8 duplex units, 4 flats and 23 carparks) at No. 20 Stanley Village Road, Stanley	RP of Rural Building Lot No. 239	Residential	Long Lease	Eastern Tailor Enterprises Limited
Horizon Plaza at No. 2 Lee Wing Street, Ap Lei Chau West, Aberdeen	Ap Lei Chau Inland Lot No. 122	Commercial	Medium Lease	Daily Eagle Development Limited and Double Joy Investment Company Limited

(B) FOR SALE

Description	Lot No.	Туре	Approximate Gross Floor Area (sq. ft.)	Owner	Group's Effective Interest (%)
Hong Kong					
Eight Commercial Tower (186 office/industrial units, 69 shops on G/F and 1/F and 162 carparks) at junction of Sun Yip Street and On Yip Street, Chai Wan	Chai Wan Inland Lot No. 144	Office/Industrial Commercial (G/F and 1/F)	238,590 36,853	Keneva Company Limited	25
Kowloon					
Flat A on G/F, May Wah Court at Nos. 111 – 113 Chatham Road, Tsimshatsui	RP of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 9935 and RP of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 9936	Commercial	2,860	Wah Ha Realty Company Limited	100
New Territories					
Festigood Centre (3 units) at No. 8 Lok Yip Road, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling	Fanling Sheung Shui Town Lot No. 98	Industrial/ Godown	5,088	Festigood Company Limited	100
Delya Industrial Centre (18 units and 15 carparks) at Shek Pai Tau Road, Tuen Mun	Tuen Mun Town Lot No. 164	Industrial/ Godown	17,303	Tinpoly Realty Limited and Delya Realty Limited	50
Texaco Road Industrial Centre (27 units and 7 carparks) at Nos. 256-264 Texaco Road, Tsuen Wan	Tsuen Wan Town Lots Nos. 242 and 243	Industrial/ Godown	74,794	Sun Prince Godown Limited and Sun Tai Tsuen Godown Company Limited	50
Wing Kin Industrial Building (workshop on G/F and 6 carparks) at Nos. 4-6 Wing Kin Road, Kwai Chung	Kwai Chung Town Lot No. 273	Industrial	13,456	Tai Kong Shan Realty Limited and Good Fully Realty Limited	50

Principal Properties (CONTINUED) As at 31st March 2015

(B) FOR SALE (Continued)

Description	Lot No.	Туре	Approximate Gross Floor Area (sq. ft.)	Owner	Group's Effective Interest (%)
New Territories (Continued)					
Good Harvest Centre (13 units and 1 carpark) at No. 33 On Chuen Street, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling	Fanling Sheung Shui Town Lot No. 100	Industrial/ Godown	20,919	Mass Collection Company Limited	50
Tsing Yi Industrial Centre at Nos. 1-33 Cheung Tat Road, Tsing Yi (Phase I: 5 units and 8 carparks) (Phase II: 6 units and 14 carparks)	Tsing Yi Town Lot No. 65	Industrial/ Godown	72,200 (Phase I: 60,744) (Phase II: 11,456)	Sing Mei Properties Limited	25
World Trade Square (159 units and 11 carparks) at No. 21 On Lok Mun Street, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling	Fanling Sheung Shui Town Lot No. 12	Industrial/ Godown	168,546	Kin Yuen Hing Investment Limited and Kin Ngai Enterprises Limited	25

(C) FOR DEVELOPMENT

				Approximate		Group's
			Approximate	Gross		Effective
Description	Lot No.	Туре	Site Area	Floor Area	Owner	Interest
			(sq. ft.)	(sq. ft.)		(%)
Kowloon						
Nos. 16, 16A, 18,	RP of	Residential	3,689	6,054	Star Fortune	50
20, 22 and 22A	Sec. C of				Investments Limited	
Tak Cheong Lane	Kowloon Inland					
(17 units)	Lot No. 7305					
at Yau Ma Tei						