

SHIFANG HOLDING LIMITED 十方控股有限公司



(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 1831

Corporate Information	公司資料	2
Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論與分析	4
Corporate Governance and Other Information	企業管治及其他資料	35
nterim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet	中期簡明合併資產負債表	63
nterim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	中期簡明合併全面收益表	66
nterim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	中期簡明合併權益變動表	68

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of 中期簡明合併現金流量表

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim

目錄

CONTENTS

Cash Flows

Financial Information

簡明合併中期財務資料附註

69

71

CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Zhi (Chairman)

Mr. Hong Pei Feng Mr. Zhang Tie Zhu

Mr. Yu Shi Ouan

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Ping

(resigned on 31 March 2015)

Mr. Chen Wei Dong

(appointed on 1 April 2015)

Ms. Chen Min

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Zhou Chang Ren

Mr. Wong Heung Ming, Henry

Mr. Cai Jian Quan

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Chan Ching Yi

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chen Zhi

Ms. Chan Ching Yi

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Heung Ming, Henry (Chairman)

Mr. Zhou Chang Ren

Mr. Cai Jian Quan

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhou Chang Ren (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Zhi

Mr. Wong Heung Ming, Henry

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Cai Jian Quan (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Zhi

Mr. Wong Heung Ming, Henry

REGISTERED OFFICE

PO Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104

Cayman Islands

公司資料

董事

執行董事

陳志先生(主席)

洪培峰先生

張鐵柱先生

余詩權先生

非執行董事

王平先生

(於二零一五年三月三十一日辭任)

陳偉東先生

(於二零一五年四月一日獲委任)

陳敏女士

獨立非執行董事

周昌仁先生

黄向明先生

蔡建權先生

公司秘書

陳靜儀女士

授權代表

陳志先生

陳靜儀女十

審核委員會

黄向明先生(主席)

周昌仁先生

蔡建權先生

薪酬委員會

周昌仁先生(主席)

陳志先生

黄向明先生

提名委員會

蔡建權先生(主席)

陳志先生

黄向明先生

註冊辦事處

PO Box 309, Ugland House

Grand Cayman, KY1-1104

Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

6/F, San Shan Tower 59 Dongjie Street Gulou District Fuzhou, Fujian Province PRC

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

The Landmark 18/F, Edinburgh Tower 15 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISORS

As to Hong Kong and U.S. law: DLA Piper Hong Kong

As to PRC law: Grandall Law Firm (Fuzhou)

As to Cayman Islands law: Maples and Calder

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Construction Bank Corporation China Merchants Bank Co., Limited

STOCK CODE

01831

COMPANY WERSITE

http://www.shifangholding.com

總部及中國主要營業地點

中國福建省福州市鼓樓區東街59號三山大廈6樓

香港營業地點

香港 皇后大道中15號 置地廣場公爵大廈18樓

法律顧問

關於香港及美國法律: 歐華律師事務所

關於中國法律: 國浩律師(福州)事務所

關於開曼群島法律: 邁普達律師事務所

獨立核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行股份有限公司 招商銀行股份有限公司

股份代號

01831

公司網址

http://www.shifangholding.com

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Industry review

Influenced by complicated domestic and external economic conditions and the growing downward pressure on the economy in China, economic growth slowed further to 7% in the first half of 2015, the lowest rate in the last six years. The property market, in particular, remained shaky with abundant supply in medium and small cities as investment sentiment remained conservative among developers. Housing starts for the first half of the year fell by 15.8% periodon-period, while the amount of land acquired by developers dropped by 33.8% period-onperiod. On the other hand, the "Internet Plus" strategy implemented by the Chinese government is having a profound impact on our day-to-day modes of production and lifestyles and is affecting traditional industries materially. Advertising strategies of advertisers have been altered by the rapid development of online new media and the industry is undergoing structural reforms.

The development of the advertising industry, in general, is highly susceptible to the overall atmosphere of the economy, and the sentiment of the general public and investors. According to the China Advertising Market Analysis Report for January-June 2015 published recently by the newspaper branch of the China Advertising Association and CVSC – TNS Research (CTR), the entire traditional media advertising sector continued to shrink. Specifically, the segments of television (TV) advertising, radio advertising and outdoor advertising contracted by 3.4%, 2.9% and 1.1%, respectively, while newspaper advertising recorded the sharpest decline of

管理層討論與分析

行業回顧

二零一五年上半年,面對複雜的國內外經濟環境和境內經濟不斷加大的經濟不斷加大的緩克,中國經濟增長進一步放緩在7%,創下六年來新低。當中,房地產有場存在一定風險,中小城市房屋庫落,開發商投資意願仍然低落,開發商大下降15.8%,開發商購地量同比下降33.8%。另一定不過,對傳統業務造成一定的影響,投速發展改變了廣告主的,對傳統業務造成一定的影響,投速發展改變了廣告主的,對傳統業務造成一定的影響,投速發展改變了廣告主的,對傳統等,行業亦出現結構性的調整。

總體而言,經濟環境的整體氣氛、市民和投資者情緒的高低在很大程度上影響着廣告行業的發展狀況。二零一五年上半年,據中國廣告協會報刊分會和央視市場研究(CTR)媒介智訊日前發佈的《2015年1-6月中國報紙廣告市場分析報告》顯示,傳統媒體廣告整體處在持續下降的通道之中。其中,電視廣告下降3.4%;廣播廣告下降2.9%;其中報紙廣告按年降告下降了1.1%;其中報紙廣告按年降

32.1% period-on-period. These figures clearly indicate that in the first half of 2015, the traditional media advertising markets dwindled across the board. Newspaper advertising continued to decline with lower spending on publication advertising. In the face of the substantial shrinkage of the general traditional print media market, the Group's newspaper advertising agency business, which remained the Group's largest source of revenue, continued to be hard hit and continued to face market challenges.

幅高達32.1%。該一系列數據表明,二零一五年上半年傳統媒體廣告市場全面下滑,至於報紙廣告的下滑趨勢則不斷加劇,刊例花費仍在持續減少。在傳統平面媒體市場整體面臨顯著萎縮的不景氣大環境下,目前仍佔本集團最大業務收入分佈的報刊廣告代理業務持續受到極大的衝擊和挑戰。

Business review

The slowdown in China's economic development and the growing operating pressure on certain industries have been reflected in the decreasing advertising spending by the said industries, thereby posing challenges for the operating environment of the Group in the first half of 2015. In view of the continuous switch to online new media from print media as a platform for advertising, and the reduction in advertising spending certain industries such as the property industry, advertising revenue from newspaper advertising, online services, total marketing and TV advertising dropped. For the six-month period ended 30 June 2015 (the "Period"), the Group recorded revenue of approximately RMB41.7 million from its core businesses, representing a decline of 54.8% as compared to the corresponding period in 2014. Gross loss for the Period was approximately RMB1.7 million (gross profit for the first half of 2014: RMB25.0 million). The Group's net loss after tax for the Period amounted to approximately RMB54.9 million, which was an improvement from the net loss after tax for the first half of

業務回顧

國內經濟增速的放緩和部分行業經營 壓力的加劇也體現在相應的行業減少 在廣告的投放上,導致二零一五年上半 年本集團的營運環境依然面臨挑戰。平 媒市場受在線新媒體的取代作用愈加 明顯,以及房地產等行業縮減廣告預算 等影響,報紙廣告、網絡服務、全案營 銷及電視台廣告收益相應減少,本集團 於截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個 月期間(「本期間」)實現主營業務收入 約為人民幣41.7百萬元,與二零一四年 同期相比下降54.8%。本期間內毛損 為約人民幣1.7百萬元(二零一四年上 半年毛利:人民幣25.0百萬元)。本期 間內錄得除稅後淨虧損約人民幣54.9 百萬元,較二零一四年上半年錄得除稅 後淨虧損約人民幣70.1百萬元有所收 窄,主要受惠於本期間內預付款項、按 金及其他應收款項的減值撥備減少所 2014 of approximately RMB70.1 million. This was mainly attributable to a significant period-onperiod drop of 40.0% in selling and marketing expenses from RMB16.0 million to RMB9.6 million for the Period as well as a large reduction in administrative expenses of 47.2% from RMB68.2 million to RMB36.0 million due to the decrease in the provision for impairment of prepayments, deposits and other receivables during the Period. In response to the growing market challenges and the changing operating environment, the Group implemented stringent cost control by adjusting its business model and development approach with the goal of future development. The Group also streamlined its structure, better utilised its resources and further centralised its resources and operations during the Period.

致,銷售及營銷費用由人民幣16.0百萬元同比大幅減少40.0%至本期間的人民幣9.6百萬元:行政開支亦由人民幣9.6百萬元大幅減少47.2%至人民幣36.0百萬元。面對不斷加劇的市場挑戰和經營環境變化,本集團於本期間做好節流,一方面以未來發展為目標調整業務模式,轉變發展方式,另一方面致業務模式,轉變發展方式,另一方面致力精簡本集團的架構及資源,增強資源及營運的集中化和精煉化。

Consolidating client base and expanding into new markets with innovative services

Given the emergence of mobile internet advertising and a shift in consumer needs. the traditional media segment of the Chinese advertising market faced significant challenges in the first half of 2015. During the Period, the Group took the initiative to provide refined solutions with value-added services to its newspaper clients to penetrate other advertising platforms such as online new media. In the meantime, the Group continued to innovate and strives to capture greater market share in the enormous mobile user market in China in order to strengthen its media coverage. The Group aims to seize development opportunities brought on by the continuous rapid growth of online new media. In addition, the Group also strives to develop various media advertising channels so as to become a comprehensive multi-channel total marketing solution provider by providing allround advertising solutions to the clients with the Group's diversified online and offline media resources in the future.

鞏固客戶基礎以創新服務拓展新市場

Investment sentiment did not fully revive in the first half of the year owing to the slower-than expected growth of the overall Chinese economy and, in particular, the credit tightening in the real estate industry. Under such circumstances, the Group's traditional advertising business was unavoidably affected. Nevertheless, owing to the operational resources accumulated by the Group and the healthy relationships with clients over the years, the Group managed to maintain a stable clientele during the period under review, despite the fact that advertisers have placed less reliance on newspaper advertising. Moreover, the Group is committed to improving its services by tracking and analysing the consumption behaviour of readers, with the aim of expanding the Group's client base with innovative advertising solutions that encompass new technologies and online new media. During the period under review, the Group's business restructuring was at a stage of adjustment and development, and such restructuring plans were aimed at making contributions to the foundation of the Group's future business

Newspaper Advertising

In recent years, the exponential growth of online new media advertising and web-based mobile advertising channels has diminished advertising spending and volume on traditional print media. Despite the minimal changes in the Group's clientele of traditional print media, the traditional media advertising segment, nonetheless, saw a drop in revenue as it suffered from competition from the online new media and the drop in spendings. Furthermore, the Group has been establishing a platform to integrate its traditional print media and online new media businesses. As this new initiative is currently at its investment stage and the new technology is only being tested before officially going online, revenue contribution for the Period was limited. As a result of the above factors, the Group recorded revenue from newspaper advertising of RMB28.2 million for the Period, down by a significant 58.7% period-on-period. Revenue from marketing and promotion for real estate agencies for the Period was RMB8.2 million, representing a drop of 27.4% period-on-period. Despite the drop in revenue, the newspaper advertising business remained one of the Group's principal businesses and accounted for approximately 67.6% of the Group's total revenue, a drop from 74.1% for the corresponding period last year.

Furthermore, a media partner of the Group, Lifestyle Express, announced that it will cease publication beginning from 30 June 2015 due to financial difficulties. This is expected to significantly impact the Group's revenue. As at 30 June 2015, the Group had four media partners, including Southeast Express, Central Guizhou Morning Post, Xiamen Evening News and City Lifestyle Weekly. The Group's operations span more than four second- and third-tier cities across three provinces in China.

報紙廣告

近年,網上新媒體及移動互聯廣告渠道 飛速增長,傳統平面媒體的廣告花費及 投放量不斷受到侵蝕,本集團的傳統紙 媒客戶群雖變動不大,但傳統媒體廣告 投放量已在網上新媒體的衝擊下較難 推進,帶來該部分業務收益的下降。此 外,本集團傳統平面媒體與網上新媒體 平台的互通搭建正處於投資階段,新技 術運用也正處於正式上線前測試期, 本期間內所產生的實際收益貢獻暫時 有限。以上多種因素導致本集團來自 報紙廣告的收入本期間內錄得人民幣 28.2百萬元,同比大幅下降58.7%。來 自房產代理營銷及宣傳項目的收入本 期間內錄得人民幣8.2百萬元,同比減 少27.4%。儘管收益下降,報紙廣告業 務仍為本集團的重點業務之一,佔本集 團總收入約67.6%,惟較去年同期的佔 比74.1%水平有所下降。

此外,本集團的一名媒體合作夥伴生活 新報社早前公佈因財政困難,由二零 一五年六月三十日起正式休刊,將響。 截至二零一五年六月三十日,本集團的 有四家合作媒體,包括《東南快報》、 《黔中早報》、《廈門晚報》、《城市生 活信報》。本集團的業務跨越中國三個 省份,並覆蓋至四個二、三線城市。

Online Services

Premier Li Kegiang of the State Council of China unveiled the "Internet Plus" strategy in his Government Work Report for 2015. He reiterated that the government must strengthen the penetration of internet technology into existing economic sectors in order to enhance economic efficiency and achieve sustainable growth. Premier Li also urged the relevant authorities to "improve network speeds" and "lower internet fees" in order to support the development of the internet. Against the backdrop of this policy initiative, mobile internet has been on the rise in terms of user coverage and has become a key source of information for the public. The Group believes that the mobile network and the internet present enormous business opportunities and will be the key drivers of future growth in the advertising industry. To take advantage of the huge market demand from such development trends, the Group is continuously refining its business structure by diverting resources from less profitable segments to online services so as to achieve business transformation by integrating old and new technologies from traditional and online new media businesses, respectively. In the first half of 2015, such projects were still at the investment stage. The Group aims to increase the share of the mobile internet business to 50% in the future. The Group's online services continue to consist mainly of Cloud Call technology, Duk (www.duk.cn) and DNKB (www.dnkb.com.cn). The Group has further established its new internet media platforms with technologies and channels that complement the traditional media in terms of resources and technological standards so as to realise the integration of its online and offline businesses.

網絡服務

中國國務院總理李克強於二零一五年 政府工作報告中,提出「互聯網+|戰 略,強調國家有必要加強互聯網技術向 現有經濟的滲透,以改善經濟效益及實 現可持續增長。國務院總理李克強亦敦 促相關部門「提網速 | 及「降網費 | , 全 面支持互聯網發展,在此策略背景下, 移動互聯網的覆蓋人數持續攀升,成為 大眾獲取信息的重要途徑。本集團相 信,移動互聯網存在龐大的商機潛力, 將會是未來廣告行業的發展重點。為 把握此發展趨勢所帶來的強勁市場需 求,本集團持續調整業務架構,整合盈 利能力較低的資源,積極投入資源於網 絡服務,加大自身在傳統及網上新媒體 業務的新舊技術資源的對接,力爭實現 業務轉型。二零一五年上半年,各相關 項目目前仍處於投資階段,本集團的目 標是未來將移動互聯網業務的佔比提 高至五成。本集團網絡業務繼續主要以 雲呼技術、讀客網(www.duk.cn)、東快 網(www.dnkb.com.cn)等為支撐,進一 步從技術及渠道方面搭建新的互聯網 媒體平台,加強與傳統媒體渠道的資源 及技術互補,以實現線上線下的雙線融 For the period under review, the Group's developing internet media platforms were still at the establishment and investment stages. while the competition in the online services and digital media industry intensified. As a result, the performance of the online services business fell short of expectations in the first half of 2015 with revenue of RMB0.7 million, representing a decrease of 61.1% as compared to the corresponding period last year. Gross profit was RMB0.2 million, down by 71.4% as compared to the corresponding period last year. However, the Group has high hopes for the development prospect of its online media business, and will seek suitable partners in the establishment of comprehensive multi-media platforms to achieve business transformation, to shift the focus of its business to mobile internet operations, to expand its market share and to increase its long term profitability.

During the period under review, Duk, which is owned by the Group, had online cooperative publishing rights with over 300 publishers, 860 magazine publishers and 5,000 magazines, as well as digital cooperative publishing rights with 17 metropolitan daily, evening and commercial newspapers, making it one of the largest digital media publishing platforms in China. The Group maintained paid subscriptions and a profit-sharing system with licensors and witnessed an increase in the number of active website members. The Group will continue to foster its online services operation and seize additional market share. As for e-magazine publishing, the Group will carry on strengthening the technical capabilities of its digital platform and speed up the restructuring of its service team in order to keep up with the rapidly-developing mobile internet market.

回顧期內,本集團旗下的讀客網擁有超過300家出版社、860家雜誌商及5,000多本雜誌的網絡合作版權,並與17家家市日報、晚報及商報類數碼報紙建立了發行合作關係,成為中國最大的數個體發行平台之一。本集團繼續採用站數價會員人數有所增長,本集團將會繼額發展在網絡服務領域,提升動互聯網簽發展在網絡服防面,由於移動互聯網發展迅速,本集團繼續推動技術平台的展现及加快服務團隊的相應轉型。

As part of the restructuring process, the Group will actively launch new and integrated versions of Duk, which will become an essential part of the internet cloud platform for the Group. By cooperating with third-party digital platforms, the Group aims to establish marketing channels for institutional users. Duk will also strive to become an information and servicing website, and will promote the concept of city directories in order to explore more business opportunities and enlarge its readership. Duk will concentrate on developing a one-on-one service and marketing model for advertisers with its events and promotional spaces. To enlist business partners/clients, Duk will make the enhancement of marketing effectiveness its top priority. Furthermore, it will offer more highly readable leisure and entertainment content to raise its value

DNKB also upgraded the technological capabilities of its existing products during the period under review in accordance with the latest market developments. It has already launched its own mobile application, which has been tested online, with promising results in terms of the number of advertisers and operating revenue. With a clearer separation of the healthcare, travel, automobile and property sections, the links will be more userfriendly and will greatly enhance the value of DNKB, and will also encourage interaction with publishers, netizens and readers. In addition, DNKB has successfully rolled out a new marketing model with graphics, stories and videos tailored for events such as car shows.

During the Period, the Group has continued to refine the Cloud Call system. However, the operating revenue of Cloud Call has yet to reach the targets set by the Group as the development of the system has been hampered by the growing market competition resulted from the remarkable growth of other mobile service operators. To counter such difficulties, the Group has actively expanded its membership base by rolling out free downloads of Cloud Call, thereby boosting the number of registered members to over 8 million and the number of address book entries uploaded to over 400 million

本期間內,集團完善雲呼平台有關建設。不過,受到同業移動客戶端運營商發展迅速,行業競爭壓力加劇影響,系統發展受到挑戰,因此營運收入暫未達預期。不過本集團積極拓展會員群體,發展雲呼客戶端的免費下載服務,目前註冊會員已達到800多萬,上傳電話簿有4億多條。

The overall performance of Fangke Web (www.fangke.cc), the Group's advertising platform operated by Fujian Fangke Network Technology Corporation Limited mainly for the property market, was unsatisfactory due to the general economic slowdown in China and the slide in property sales. Nonetheless, Fangke Web remained one of the development focuses of the Group's online business. Being an advocate and forerunner of new business marketing models for the property industry, Fangke Web will continue to focus on resource integration, brand-building, and research and development of electronic business platforms for the property sector. It offers comprehensive industry information, integrated marketing services, and business applications to players in the property sector. Key features of Fangke Web include a property information portal, an online property selling system, an online agency system, an agency software named "Agency Finder" and management software for property selling.

In the areas of online services and mobile 本身 internet, the Group has built up a strong and 上,comprehensive hi-tech product portfolio with 已经 continuous business integration and technological 的 developments. The Group has developed several end-user applications and a number of products, collected and classified numerous databases, rolled out practical products, and developed an integrated servicing, sale and turnkey business model based on the original print media sales 方望 system. The Group has also established the necessary technological and product support for the development of ShiFang's cloud computing platform.

本集團在網絡服務、移動互聯等項目上,通過不斷地業務整合、技術開發,已經具備了雄厚的技術沉澱和較完整的產品體系。目前本集團已經開發了若干App客戶端並形成多種產品、採集型力類了多項垂直大數據、推出了應用型工具等產品;並以原有平媒銷售系統,組建了服務型、銷售型、全案整合形式相結合的商業模式,為本集團開發十方雲平台形成了必要的技術和產品支撐。

Marketing, Distribution Management, Consulting and Printing Services

During the period under review, the marketing, distribution management, consulting and printing services business was significantly impacted by its narrow client base and the emergence of new media. Furthermore, the paper-based printing operation was dealt with by a huge blow from the cessation of one of the Group's media partners on 30 June this year due to financial difficulties. As a result, revenue from this segment for the period under review fell by 37.3% to RMB12.8 million and accounted for 30.7% of the Group's total revenue.

市場推廣、分銷管理、諮詢及印刷服務

回顧期內,由於市場推廣、分銷管理、諮詢及印刷服務的客戶群相對較單一,紙媒業務受新媒體衝擊持續下滑,加上本集團一名媒體合作夥伴因為財政困難,已於接近今年6月30日停刊,圍繞相關報刊的印刷業務受到較大打擊,以致本集團於該板塊的收入於回顧期內減少37.3%至人民幣12.8百萬元,佔集團總收入的30.7%。

The Group will continue to sell newspaper advertising space and provide integrated services in addition to offering additional services such as printing, distribution management, consulting and marketing advice to some of its newspaper partners under the existing exclusive cooperation contracts with them. In relation to distribution and management services, the Group continued to provide comprehensive services for Southeast Express. In the printing services business, the Group's two factories located in Fuzhou and Guizhou operated smoothly and printed Southeast Express and Central Guizhou Morning Post, respectively. In addition to the printing of Southeast Express, the Fuzhou factory also continued to print China Securities Journal and Shanghai Securities News. As one of our media partners ceased publication, the factory in Kunming will cease to provide related printing service to the media partner. Nonetheless, the Group will carry on with its stringent quality control of the printing of its publications and ensure the quality and attractiveness of its advertisements, thus helping the Group strengthen the close cooperative relationships with its media partners.

本集團將透過與現有部份報紙夥伴 訂立的獨家合作關係,繼續向客戶推 廣銷售報紙廣告位及綜合服務,並提 供若干配套服務,包括印刷、分銷管 理、諮詢及市場推廣建議。在發行及管 理服務方面,本集團繼續為《東南快 報》提供全面的服務。印刷服務方面, 本集團在福州及貴州的2座廠房繼續保 持平穩運作,提供《東南快報》及《黔 中早報》的印刷服務。其中,福州廠房 將繼續印刷《東南快報》、《中國證券 報》和《上海證券報》;現時由於一名 媒體合作夥伴的停刊,相關印刷服務將 停止。本集團將繼續通過對刊物印製品 品質的嚴格把控,確保所刊登廣告的質 量,保持對讀者的吸引力,以加強本集 **国和媒體夥伴緊密的合作關係。**

Meanwhile, by leveraging its own resources and the established technologies developed by Fangke Web, the Group continued to deepen its cooperation with clients by offering a full range of professional marketing solutions along with its property marketing planning services. Unfortunately, this business faced immense challenges in the first half of 2015 as sales of its target market, namely the property market, slipped as a result of the macroeconomic slowdown. During the Period, fees and commissions from the Group's marketing and promotion services provided to real estate projects, together with the revenue from Fangke Web, amounted to RMB8.7 million. The Group is now actively restructuring this segment accordingly.

同時,本集團利用自身的資源優勢與房客網的成熟技術,在房產營銷策劃中,以專業的全案營銷能力,進一步深化相關的房地產行業仍受宏觀經濟增長放務的房地產行業仍受宏觀經濟增長放務於二零一五年上半年受到挑戰。本期間內,本集團為房地產項目提供營銷客網的運營收入達人民幣8.7百萬元。整本集團正在積極地做相應業務調整。

Television and Radio Advertising

To further streamline the Group's organisational structure and to concentrate its resources on other businesses with better potential, the Group disposed of its entire equity interests in two indirectly wholly-owned subsidiaries, Fuzhou AoHai Advertisement Co., Ltd. ("Fuzhou AoHai") and GuangXi ShiFang Culture Communication Co., Ltd. ("GuangXi ShiFang"), for an aggregate cash consideration of RMB20,000 during the period under review.

Due to the disposal of GuangXi ShiFang, the Group currently does not hold any co-operative relationships with any television and radio station partners. As a result, the Group's television and radio advertising revenue decreased from RMB1.7 million to nil during the Period.

電視及電台廣告

回顧期內,本集團出售本公司兩間間接全資附屬公司福州奧海廣告有限公司(「福州奧海」)及廣西十方文化傳播有限公司(「廣西十方」)的全部股本權益,總現金代價為人民幣20,000元,以進一步精簡架構,將資源投放於更具潛力的業務方面。

出售廣西十方後,本集團不再與任何電 視台及電台合作。因此,本集團的電視 及電台廣告收入由人民幣1.7百萬元減 少至本期間無收入。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Total revenue of the Group decreased by 54.8% from RMB92 2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2014 to RMB41.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2015, primarily because of the slowdown in domestic economic growth due to a variety of factors, thereby posing downward pressure on the total revenue. Furthermore, due to the restructuring of the real estate industry, the proliferation of online new media, as well as the change in clients' advertising strategy and the restructuring of the advertising market, revenue from newspaper advertising decreased from RMB68 3 million for the six months ended 30 June 2014 to RMB28.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and revenue from marketing, distribution management, consulting and printing services, and outdoor advertising services and activities shrank from RMB20.4 million for the six months ended 30 June 2014 to RMB12.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2015.

Gross (loss)/profit

The Group recorded gross loss of RMB1.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2015, while gross profit was RMB25.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2014. The decrease was mainly attributable to the adjustment to the diminution of revenue and unsatisfactory containment of costs for newspaper advertising and printing services.

財務回顧

收入

本集團總收入由截至二零一四年六 月三十日止六個月的人民幣92.2百萬 元減少54.8%至截至二零一五年六月 三十日止六個月的人民幣41.7百萬 元,主要原因為國內經濟增長速度受多 種因素影響有所放緩,下行壓力增大。 房地產行業進入調整週期,加上受網絡 新媒體數量急增以及客戶改變宣傳策 略及
廣告市場重組影響,報紙
廣告收入 由截至二零一四年六月三十日止六個 月的人民幣68.3百萬元減少至截至二 零一五年六月三十日止六個月的人民 幣28.2百萬元,而營銷、分銷管理、諮 詢及印刷服務以及戶外廣告服務及活 動收入則由截至二零一四年六月三十 日止六個月的人民幣20.4百萬元縮減 至截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個 月的人民幣12.8百萬元。

(毛損)/毛利

本集團於截至二零一五年六月三十日 止六個月錄得毛損人民幣1.7百萬元, 而於截至二零一四年六月三十日止六 個月則錄得毛利人民幣25.0百萬元,主 要是由於對收入下跌的調整以及未能 有效控制報紙廣告及印刷服務成本所 致。

Other income

Other income decreased by 53.1% from RMB3.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2014 to 日止六個月的人民幣3.2百萬元減少 RMB1.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2015, primarily due to the decrease in income 止六個月的人民幣1.5百萬元,主要是 from government grants.

Other gains/(losses) - net

The Group recorded other gains of RMB14,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2015, while other losses of RMB11.8 million were recorded for the six months ended 30 June 2014. The significant reduction in other losses was mainly 萬元。其他虧損大幅減少主要是由於去 due to non-recurring provision made for legal 年同期就國家外匯管理局福建省分局 claims related to the administrative foreign 所作出的外匯行政處罰的相關法律申 exchange policy imposed by Fujian Province 索計提非經常撥備所致。 Branch of the State Administration of Foreign Exchange for the comparative period.

Selling and marketing expenses

40.0% from RMB16.0 million for the six months 月三十日止六個月的人民幣16.0百萬 ended 30 June 2014 to RMB9.6 million for the 元減少40.0%至截至二零一五年六月 six months ended 30 June 2015 mainly due to 三十日止六個月的人民幣9.6百萬元, decline in revenue during the period.

其他收入

其他收入由截至二零一四年六月三十 53.1%至截至二零一五年六月三十日 由於政府補助收入減少所致。

其他收益/(虧損)-淨額

本集團於截至二零一五年六月三十日 **止六個月錄得其他收益人民幣14.000** 元,而於截至二零一四年六月三十日止 六個月則錄得其他虧損人民幣11.8百

銷售及營銷開支

Selling and marketing expenses decreased by 銷售及營銷開支由截至二零一四年六 主要是由於期內收入減少所致。

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased by 47.2% from RMB68.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2014 to RMB36.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2015, mainly due to a decrease in provision for impairment of other receivables and the streamlining of structure and manpower.

Income tax credit/(expense)

The Group recorded income tax credit of RMB0.1 million for the six months ended 30 June 2015 as compared to income tax expenses of RMB2.2 million recorded for the six months ended 30 June 2014 mainly due to a decrease in taxable income for the Period

Results for the period

The Group recorded a net loss of RMB54.9 million for the six months ended 30 June 2015 mainly attributable to diminution in revenue and 元,主要是由於本期間內收入下跌及未 unsatisfactory containment of cost of sales during 能有效控制銷售成本所致。 the Period.

一般及行政開支

一般及行政開支由截至二零一四年 六月三十日 | | 六個月的人民幣68.2百 萬元減少47.2%至截至二零一五年六 月三十日止六個月的人民幣36.0百萬 元,主要是由於其他應收款項的減值撥 備減少、架構及人員精簡所致。

所得税抵免/(開支)

本集團截至二零一五年六月三十日止 六個月錄得所得稅抵免人民幣0.1百萬 元,而於截至二零一四年六月三十日止 六個月則錄得所得稅開支人民幣2.2百 萬元,主要是由於本期間內應課稅收入 減少所致。

期內業績

截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個 月,本集團錄得淨虧損人民幣54.9百萬

Liquidity and capital resources

流動資金及資本資源

Six months ended 30 June

截至六月三十日止六個月

		2015 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年
		<i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		Unaudited 未經審核	Unaudited 未經審核
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額	(26,015)	(30,994)
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	投資活動(所用)/所得 現金淨額	(7,053)	13,138
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額	14,701	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目減少淨額	(18,367)	(17,856)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	期初的現金及現金等值項目	32,487	53,911
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	期末的現金及現金等值項目	14,120	36,055

Cash flow used in operating activities

For the six months ended 30 June 2015, net cash 截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月, used in operating activities amounted to RMB26.0 經營活動所用現金淨額為人民幣26.0 million, this is primarily attributable to the net loss 百萬元,主要是由於期內淨虧損人民幣 for the period amounting to RMB54.9 million.

經營活動所用現金流量

54.9百萬元所致。

Cash flow used in investing activities

For the six months ended 30 June 2015, net cash used in investing activities amounted to RMB7.1 million, resulting primarily from cash released from short-term bank deposits of RMB5.0 million offset by prepayment paid for acquisition of a property of RMB15.5 million.

Cash flow generated from financing activities

For the six months ended 30 June 2015, net cash generated from financing activities resulted primarily from mortgage loans drawn by the Group to finance the Group's acquisition of a property.

Capital expenditures

The Group's business generally does not require significant ongoing capital expenditures. The Group incurs capital expenditures mainly for the purchase of printing machinery and office equipment. The Group's capital expenditures were RMB0.3 million and RMB1.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014, respectively.

投資活動所用現金流量

截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月, 投資活動所用現金淨額為人民幣7.1百 萬元,主要來自解除短期銀行存款的現 金人民幣5.0百萬元,惟與收購物業已 付的預付款項人民幣15.5百萬元相互 抵銷。

融資活動所得現金流量

截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月, 融資活動所得現金淨額主要來自本集 團所提取的按揭貸款,為本集團收購一 項物業提供資金。

資本支出

本集團的業務一般不需要大量持續資本支出。本集團產生的資本支出主要用於購置印刷機器及辦公設備。截至二零一五年六月三十日及二零一四年六月三十日止六個月,本集團的資本支出分別為人民幣0.3百萬元及人民幣1.2百萬元。

Trade receivables - net

貿易應收款項一淨額

The following table sets out the aging analysis 下表載列於所示日期本集團貿易應收 of the Group's trade receivables at the dates 款項的賬齡分析: indicated:

		As at 30 June 2015 於二零一五年 六月三十日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核	As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Audited 經審核
Aging analysis of trade receivables 1 – 30 days 31 – 60 days 61 – 90 days 91– 180 days 181 – 365 days Over 1 year	貿易應收款項的賬齡分析 1至30日 31至60日 61至90日 91至180日 181至365日 一年以上	3,663 6,022 4,018 7,184 23,389 32,974	8,739 7,609 4,263 20,258 19,901 23,134
Less: provision for impairment of trade receivables	減:貿易應收款項減值撥備	77,250 (40,435)	83,904
Trade receivables – net	貿易應收款項-淨額	36,815	45,493

19.1%, from RMB45.5 million as at 31 December 十二月三十一日的人民幣45.5百萬元 2014 to RMB36.8 million as at 30 June 2015. 減少19.1%至二零一五年六月三十日 Such decrease was mainly attributable to decrease 的人民幣36.8百萬元,主要是由於本期 in revenue and collection of trade receivable 間內收入減少及收回貿易應收款項結 balances during the Period.

The Group's trade receivables decreased by 本集團的貿易應收款項由二零一四年 餘所致。

Trade payables

貿易應付款項

		As at	As at
		30 June	31 December
		2015	2014
		於二零一五年	於二零一四年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Unaudited	Audited
		未經審核	經審核
Aging analysis of trade payables	貿易應付款項的賬齡分析		
1 – 30 days	1至30日	1,703	1,294
31 – 90 days	31至90日	1,448	702
Over 90 days	90日以上	3,418	3,893
		6,569	5,889

The Group's trade payables increased by 11.9%, from RMB5.9 million as at 31 December 2014 to RMB6.6 million as at 30 June 2015, this was 加11.9%至二零一五年六月三十日的 primarily attributable to the lengthening of 人民幣6.6百萬元,主要是由於在本期 settlement periods of payable balances for the 間延長結算應付款項結餘的期限所致。 current period.

本集團的貿易應付款項由二零一四年 十二月三十一日的人民幣5.9百萬元增

A - - +

Indebtedness

Indebtedness consists of obligations to lenders, 債項包括欠貸款人(包括商業銀行及若 including commercial banks and certain related 干關連人士及公司)的債項。 parties and companies.

倩項

On 29 January 2015, the Group obtained mortgage loans amounting to RMB15,470,000 to finance the Group's acquisition of a property. The mortgage loans were drawn on 27 February 2015 and a prepayment of RMB15,470,000 was made by the Group to Xiamen Information Group Ltd. for the property. The mortgage loans are secured by the ownership rights of the aforesaid property and the personal guarantee of Zheng Bai Ling and Zhang Hui, a key management and the spouse of a key management of a subsidiary of the Group.

於二零一五年一月二十九日,本集團 取得一筆為數人民幣15,470,000元 的按揭貸款,為本集團收購一項物業 提供資金。本集團於二零一五年二月 二十七日提取按揭貸款,並就有關物業 向廈門信息集團有限公司預付人民幣 15,470,000元。該按揭貸款以上述物 業的產權及本集團一間附屬公司的主 要管理人員鄭柏齡及主要管理人員的 配偶張輝的個人擔保作抵押。

Additionally, the Group has obtained a bank borrowing facility of RMB20,000,000 on 6 March 2015, which was undrawn during the period ended 30 June 2015. The facility will be expired on 5 March 2016.

此外,於二零一五年三月六日,本集團 取得人民幣20,000,000元的銀行借款 融資授信,截至二零一五年六月三十日 止期間仍未提取。該融資授信將於二零 一六年三月五日到期。

Gearing ratio increased from 0.0% as at 31 December 2014 to 5.8% as at 30 June 2015.

資產負債比率由二零一四年十二月 三十一日的0.0%上升至二零一五年六 月三十日的5.8%。

23

Capital commitments

(a) Commitment for exclusive cooperative agreements

The future aggregate payments under noncancellable exclusive cooperative agreements are as follows:

資本承擔

(a) 獨家合作協議承擔

不可撤銷獨家合作協議的日後付款總額如下:

As at

30 June

As at

31 December

2015	2014
於二零一五年	於二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核
1,800	63,800
900	227,000
-	795,000
2,700	1,085,800
	於二零一五年 六月三十日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i> Unaudited 未經審核 1,800

Not later than 1 year —年以下 Later than 1 year and —年以上及五年以下 not later than 5 years Later than 5 years 五年以上

(b) Other capital commitments

(b) 其他資本承擔

As at	As at
30 June	31 December
2015	2014
於二零一五年	於二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核
_	15 470

Non-cancellable purchase of a property

不可撤銷物業收購

Contingent liabilities

The Group follows the guidance of IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent 備、或有負債及或有資產」的指引釐定 Assets" to determine when should contingent 應何時確認或有負債,而確認時須作出 liabilities be recognised, which requires significant 重大判斷。 judgement.

A contingent liability will be disclosed when a possible obligation has arisen, but its existence has to be confirmed by future events outside the Group's control, or when it is not possible to calculate the amount. Realisation of any contingent liabilities not currently recognised or 集團的財務狀況造成重大影響。 disclosed could have a material impact on the Group's financial position.

The Group reviews significant outstanding litigations in order to assess the need for provisions. Among the factors considered are the nature of the litigation, legal processes and potential level of damages, the opinions and views of the legal counsel, and the management's 決不能反映實際結果,則可能嚴重影響 intentions to respond to the litigations. To the extent the estimates and judgements do not reflect the actual outcome, this could materially affect the results for the period and the financial position.

(a) Lawsuits between the Group and **Shenyang Media Corporation**

On 26 July 2011, Shenyang Media Corporation unilaterally terminated the Comprehensive Cooperation Contract with the Group.

或有負債

本集團遵照國際會計準則第37號「撥

當有可能產生義務,惟其存在與否須 透過非本集團所能控制的未來事件確 定,或當不可能計算義務所涉金額,則 會披露或有負債。任何目前未有確認或 披露的或有負債一旦實現,均可能對本

本集團會審閱重大的待決訴訟,以評估 是否有需要計提撥備。所考慮的因素包 括訴訟的性質、損害賠償的法律程序及 潛在水平、法律顧問的意見及見解以及 管理層對回應訴訟的意向。倘估計及判 期內業績及財務狀況。

(a) 本集團與瀋陽傳媒公司的訴訟

於二零一一年七月二十六日,瀋陽 傳媒公司單方面解除與本集團的 全面合作合約。

A subsidiary of the Group received a summons issued by the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court in Liaoning Province (the "Shenyang Intermediate People's Court") on 25 October 2011, where Shenyang Media Corporation claimed the subsidiary for, among others, a total sum of RMB17,328,767 being the outstanding advertising fees payable by the subsidiary to Shenyang Media Corporation (the "Case 1").

於二零一一年十月二十五日,本集團一間附屬公司收到遼寧省瀋陽市中級人民法院(「瀋陽市中級人民法院」)發出的傳票,據此,瀋陽傳媒公司向該附屬公司索償(其中包括)總額人民幣17,328,767元,即該附屬公司應付予瀋陽傳媒公司的未付廣告費(「案件一」)。

On 22 December 2011, the subsidiary filed summons of claim to the Higher People's Court of Liaoning Province (the "Higher People's Court") against Shenyang Daily Agency and Shenyang Evening News Media Corporation, where the Group sued Shenyang Daily Agency and Shenyang Media Corporation for, among others, a total sum of RMB105,579,352, being the outstanding advertising fees payable by Shenyang Daily Agency and Shenyang Media Corporation (the "Case 2") to the subsidiary.

於二零一一年十二月二十二日,該 附屬公司針對瀋陽日報社及瀋陽 晚報傳媒有限公司向遼寧省高級 人民法院(「高級人民法院」)發出 民事起訴狀,據此,本集團就(民事起訴狀,據此,本集團就(中包括)總額人民幣105,579,352 元(即瀋陽日報社及瀋陽傳媒公司 應付予該附屬公司的未付廣告費) 向瀋陽日報社及瀋陽傳媒公司提 出起訴(「案件二」)。

On 8 March 2012, the subsidiary received a civil judgement issued by the Higher People's Court in relation to Case 2, pursuant to which the Higher People's Court decided to refer the case back to the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court. As advised by the PRC legal counsel, the subsidiary has lodged an appeal to the Supreme People's Court of the PRC (the "Supreme People's Court") on 13 March 2012 to request the Supreme People's Court to overrule the Higher People's Court's decision.

於二零一二年三月八日,該附屬公司收到高級人民法院有關案件二時期數人民法院有關案件是數定書,據此,高級人民法院審理。根據中國法律顧日,於二零一二年三月十三人民,於二零一二年三月十三民,該附屬公司已向中國最高人民法院則則自高級人民法院駁回高級人民法院駁回高級人民法院的裁定。

On 30 August 2012, the subsidiary received a judgement of first instance awarded by the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court in relation to Case 1. It was ruled that the subsidiary shall pay Shenyang Media Corporation RMB17,250,398 as advertising fees together with court fees within 10 days after the judgement becomes effective. On 6 September 2012, the subsidiary has lodged an appeal to the Higher People's Court to seek to revoke the judgement of first instance in due course.

於二零一二年八月三十日,該附屬公司收到瀋陽市中級人民法院就案件一作出的一審判決,判決 該附屬公司於判決生效後的10日內,向瀋陽傳媒公司支付人民幣 17,250,398元廣告費·連同庭費。 於二零一二年九月六日,該附屬公司向高級人民法院提出上訴,於適當時間尋求撤銷一審判決。

On 27 December 2012, Higher People's Court ordered the judgement of first instance issued by the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court on 30 August 2012 be dismissed and a retrial of the case at the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court was ruled ("Case 1"). On 25 June 2013, the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court commenced the retrial of the case

於二零一二年十二月二十七日,高級人民法院下令撤銷瀋陽市中級人民法院於二零一二年八月三十日作出的一審判決,並由瀋陽市中級人民法院重審該案件(「案件一」)。於二零一三年六月二十五日,瀋陽市中級人民法院就該案件重審開庭。

On 5 December 2013, a civil judgement was issued by the Supreme People's Court in relation to Case 2. It was ruled that the civil judgement dated 8 March 2012 by the Higher People's Court be dismissed, and that the case be handled by the Higher People's Court.

於二零一三年十二月五日,最高人 民法院發出有關案件二的民事裁 定書,裁定撤銷高級人民法院於二 零一二年三月八日發出的民事裁 定書,該案件仍由高級人民法院審 理。 On 5 May 2014, a civil judgement was issued by Shenyang Intermediate People's Court. It was ruled the subsidiary shall pay Shenyang Media Corporation the advertising agency fee of RMB17,250,398. As advised by PRC legal counsel, the subsidiary has filed an appeal against the civil judgement to the Higher People's Court.

On 15 October 2014, the hearing at the Higher People's Court commenced for Case 2. After seeking legal consultation, the management believes that it is not probable that this litigation would result in any material outflow of economic benefits from the Group.

On 4 December 2014, the subsidiary received a civil judgement of (2014) Liao Min Er Zhong Zi no. 00170 ((2014) 遼民二終字第00170 號) dated 26 November 2014 issued by the Higher People's Court which dismissed the appeal by the subsidiary to uphold the original judgement made by the Intermediate People's Court for Case 1, which ordered the subsidiary to pay to Shenyang Media Corporation advertising agency fees in the sum of RMB17,250,398. The judgement was the final judgement of the Higher People's Court and an enforcement order was placed to freeze the bank balances of Liaoning Aohai amounting to RMB1.797.906. Maximum value of the freezing order is RMB17,250,398 and management has accordingly made an provision of RMB17,250,398 during the year ended 31 December 2014. As advised by the PRC legal counsel, the subsidiary filed an application for retrial to the Supreme People's Court on 30 December 2014.

於二零一四年五月五日,瀋陽市中級人民法院發出民事判決書,判決該附屬公司向瀋陽傳媒公司支付廣告代理費人民幣17,250,398元。根據中國法律顧問的意見,該附屬公司已針對該民事判決書向高級人民法院提出上訴。

於二零一四年十月十五日,高級人民法院對案件二開庭審理。於諮詢法律意見後,管理層相信,該訴訟不大可能會導致本集團有重大經濟利益流出。

於二零一四年十二月四日,該附屬 公司收到高級人民法院所發出日 期為二零一四年十一月二十六日 的民事判決書(2014)遼民二終字 第00170號,駁回該附屬公司的上 訴,維持中級人民法院就案件一判 決該附屬公司向瀋陽傳媒公司支付 廣告代理費人民幣17,250,398元 的原審判決。該判決為高級人民法 院的最終判決,並已落實執行令凍 結遼寧奧海為數人民幣1,797,906 元的銀行結餘。凍結裁定的最高 價值為人民幣17,250,398元,而管 理層已於截至二零一四年十二月 三十一日止年度就此計提撥備人 民幣17,250,398元。根據中國法律 顧問的意見,該附屬公司已於二零 一四年十二月三十日向最高人民 法院申請再審。

On 23 April 2015, the subsidiary received an enforcement order (2015) Chen Zhong Zhi Zi no. 159 ((2015)沈中執字第159號) issued by the Intermediate People's Court for Case 1 which drew the frozen bank balances of Liaoning Aohai amounting to RMB1,797,906. On 20 May 2015, the Supreme People's Court received the subsidiary's application and a hearing was held on 20 August 2015 to determine whether a retrial will be held. The Group is currently awaiting the judgement of the Supreme People's Court.

With reference to the legal opinion, management believes economic outflow arising from the litigation is limited to Liaoning Aohai, and the litigation would not result in material outflow of economic benefits from other subsidiaries of the Group.

The Group is currently waiting for further instructions from the court and will notify the shareholders of any progress in the litigations in a timely manner.

(b) Enforcement order issued by Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court against the Company and certain wholly-owned Group subsidiaries

On 4 June 2012, Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd. has filed a civil claim against Southeast Express and Lifestyle Express in respect of an outstanding payment of RMB31,859,018 relating to certain sales made in prior years. 於二零一五年四月二十三日,該附屬公司收到中級人民法院所發出有關案件一的執行裁定書(2015)沈中執字第159號,扣劃遼寧奧海被凍結的銀行結餘人民幣1,797,906元。於二零一五年五月二十日,最高人民法院接獲該附屬公司的出表院接獲該附屬公司的出土日進行聆訊,決定是否開庭重審。本集團正待最高人民法院頒下判決。

經參考法律意見後,管理層相信,該訴訟產生的經濟流出僅限於遼寧奧海,而該訴訟不會導致本集團其他附屬公司有重大經濟利益流出。

目前本集團正等待該法院的進一 步指示,並將會及時向股東公告該 等訴訟的進展情況。

(b) 岳陽市中級人民法院針對本公司及 本集團若干全資附屬公司發出的執 行裁定書

於二零一二年六月四日·岳陽林紙股份有限公司就過往年度進行若干銷售涉及的尚未償還付款人民幣31,859,018元向東南快報社及生活新報社提出民事索償。

On 10 July 2012, Yueyang Intermediate People's Court has made a civil judgement that Southeast Express and Lifestyle Express shall pay Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd. the aforesaid amount.

On 26 October 2012, the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court ruled that in view of intentional transfer of assets among Southeast Express, Lifestyle Express, the Company and certain whollyowned Group subsidiaries, the court froze the bank balances of the Company and the aforementioned subsidiaries, which included Fuzhou AoHai and Kunming AoHai Advertising Co., Ltd. ("Kunming AoHai"), up to a maximum value of RMB31,859,018 ("Freezing Order").

On 8 November 2012, the Company and the subsidiaries appealed to the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court against the Freezing Order. The Freezing Order was revoked on 30 January 2013. Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd. has subsequently lodged an appeal to the Higher People's Court of Hunan Province against this decision, but on 22 August 2013, the Higher People's Court of Hunan Province dismissed the appeal application by Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd.

於二零一二年七月十日,岳陽市中級人民法院發出民事判決書,判決東南快報社及生活新報社須向岳陽林紙股份有限公司支付上述金額。

於二零一二年十月二十六日,岳陽市中級人民法院裁定鑑於東南快報社、生活新報社、本公司與本集團若干全資附屬公司之間存在有意轉移資產,法院凍結本公司及上或附屬公司(包括福州奧海及昆明奧海」))最高不超過價值人民幣31,859,018元的銀行結餘(「凍結裁定」)。

於二零一二年十一月八日,本公司 及該等附屬公司針對凍結裁定向岳 陽市中級人民法院上訴。凍結裁定 已於二零一三年一月三十日撤銷。 岳陽林紙股份有限公司其後針對該 裁定向湖南省高級人民法院提出 上訴,惟於二零一三年八月二十日,湖南省高級人民法院駁回 林紙股份有限公司的上訴申請。 However, Yuevang Intermediate People's Court issued two enforcement judgements in favour of Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd. on 22 September 2013. The court ruled to draw the cash deposit of RMB22,000,000 out of the bank accounts of Fuzhou AoHai and to freeze advertising fee of up to RMB14.000.000 expected to be paid by Fuzhou AoHai and Kunming AoHai to Southeast Express and Lifestyle Express. The Company and the subsidiaries have subsequently raised an objection to the enforcement judgement to the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court against the court's decision together with other economic losses and damages on the reputation of the Company and the subsidiaries.

On 17 February 2014, the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court dismissed the objection application by the Company and the subsidiaries. As advised by the PRC legal counsel, the Company and the subsidiaries have lodged a review application to the Higher People's Court of Hunan Province (the "Higher People's Court") against the implementation of the above-mentioned decision of the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court. The application is lodged to the Higher People's Court to dismiss the above-mentioned enforcement judgements and return the improperly drawn bank balances of RMB22,000,000 to the subsidiaries

On 28 April 2014, the Higher People's Court of Hunan Province dismissed the implementation review application by the Company and the subsidiaries. As advised by the PRC legal counsel, an application for execution monitoring was lodged to the Supreme People's Court to dismiss the abovementioned enforcement judgements and refund the improperly drawn bank balances of RMB22,000,000 to the subsidiaries. The case is currently being examined by the court and is pending judgement.

To facilitate the streamlining of the Group's structure, Fuzhou AoHai and Kunming AoHai were separately disposed to independent third parties of the Group, on 12 May 2015 and 31 December 2013 respectively.

Human resources

As at 30 June 2015, the Group had approximately 492 full-time employees. Total staff costs including directors' remuneration for the six months ended 30 June 2015 was approximately RMB29.2 million (For the six months ended 30 June 2014: approximately RMB36.5 million). The Group offers competitive remuneration packages to its employees that include salaries, bonuses and share options to qualified employees.

The compensation of the Directors is evaluated by the remuneration committee, which makes recommendations to the Board. In addition, the remuneration committee conducts reviews of the performance, and determines the compensation structure of the Group's senior management. 於二零一四年四月二十八日,湖南省高級人民法院駁回本公司及該婦門屬公司的執行覆議申請。根據公司國法律顧問的意見,該等附屬公司最高人民法院提起了申請執行監督,請求撤銷上述執行裁定書,並向該等附屬公司退回被不當知事的銀行結餘人民幣22,000,000元。現該案件正由法院審查,並等待判決。

為推動精簡本集團架構,於二零 一五年五月十二日及二零一三年 十二月三十一日,福州奧海及昆明 奧海已分別出售予本集團多名獨 立第三方。

人力資源

截至二零一五年六月三十日,本集團擁有約492名全職僱員。截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月的僱員成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為人民幣29.2百冠元(截至二零一四年六月三十日止六個月:約人民幣36.5百萬元)。本集團向其僱員提供具競爭力的薪酬組合,包括薪金及向合資格僱員提供獎金及購股權。

薪酬委員會負責評估董事薪酬,並向董 事會作出建議。此外,薪酬委員會亦會 檢討本集團高級管理層的表現及制訂 彼等的薪酬結構。

Prospects

Looking forward to the second half of the year, it is anticipated that the macro-economic environment of China will gradually stabilise with promising upward momentum. The 13th Five-Year Plan is expected to be announced in the Fifth Plenum of the 18th Central Committee of the Communist Party of China to be held in the second half of the year. The 13th Five-Year Plan will cover the most critical years in China's road in becoming an overall affluent society. It therefore requires a long-term and all-round perspective and a new comprehensive mindset under the "New Normal" to precisely identify the dominating factors behind the economic slowdown, firmly grasp every development opportunity, effectively push forward economic restructuring, and solidly enhance economic quality and efficiency. The Group remains cautiously optimistic about the future. In respect of the traditional media advertising market. the substantial slowdown in the traditional media business during the year signified that the transformation of media has come to a critical point. The boundary between new and traditional media has blurred and the traditional media needs new formats and positions through transformation. Against the backdrop of the accelerating economic restructuring and increasing government support for and guidance on the integration of the internet, online new media, traditional media and social networks, the Group will reposition and reform itself, and redeploy its resources, strategically shift its development focus to marketing and expanding the customer base of its online new media platform and speed up the transition from traditional media to new media for the provision of marketing services.

前景

展望今年下半年,中國宏觀經濟指標 有望逐步回暖,呈現緩中趨穩、穩中 有好的發展態勢;下半年中共將召開 五中全會,提出「十三五」規劃方案, [十三五]時期將是中國實現全面小康 的關鍵時期,需要堅持長期性、全局性 的視角,找準經濟增速變化背後的主導 性因素,以新常態這一大邏輯統攬全 局,釋放發展潛力,推動經濟轉型,切 實提高經濟發展的質量與效益。本集團 對未來前景保持審慎樂觀。而針對期內 傳統媒體廣告市場的表現,傳統媒體業 務增速的顯著下降意味着媒體轉型已 經到了關鍵時刻。新媒體和傳統媒體的 界限正在被打破,傳統媒體通過轉型需 找到新的形態和地位。隨着國內結構調 整節奏不斷加快,及政府對互聯網、網 上新媒體與傳統媒體及社區平台的融 合提供政策支持和引導,本集團將在此 趨勢中重新定位,推進轉型,不斷強化 自身資源整合,策略性地將發展重點轉 移至網上新媒體平台的營銷效果和客 戶拓展上,加快由傳統媒體營銷服務向 新媒體的過渡。

The Group is equipped with abundant marketing resources and a well-established customer base together with a professional management team with ample experience in business transformation, and a technical team with strong technical capabilities along with competitive products. As such, the Group will speed up the integration of its traditional media platforms and new online technologies in order to establish an integrated platform business model which is more comprehensive and has more and wider audience. Having laid a solid foundation, the Group is on its way to a successful transformation. Inevitably, there will be hurdles along the path of transformation. However, the Group will endeavour to overcome these hurdles

Furthermore, the Group's efforts in controlling costs and improving operating efficiency are producing positive results. Capitalising on our all-round strengths such as existing brand equity and customer base, multi-regional geographical coverage and cross-media platforms, the Group has an edge in its transformation and development. Though the road may seem long, the fruit of our adaptation to the new operating environment is promising.

此外,本集團在成本管控、工作效率改善等方面的顯著努力已開始產生積極效果。憑借本集團已有的品牌效應和客戶基礎,其跨地域覆蓋及跨媒體平台等綜合實力在轉型發展之路上將發揮更大優勢。儘管轉型之路還漫長,但順應新形勢發展所取得的成果令人值得期待。

In the long run, the macro-economic condition in China will gradually improve, the consumption power of the Chinese population as a whole will rise, and the domestic internet technology will mature. These trends will be conducive to the Group's growth. The Group will continue to strengthen ShiFang's comprehensive advertising network to realise a general transformation with the focus of on resuming stable overall business growth for the Group. Through actively pursuing transformation and development, the Group will create long-term value for the shareholders of the Company amidst severe competition.

長遠來看,中國宏觀經濟的逐步回暖和中國民眾的整體消費能力不斷提升,以及網絡技術的不斷成熟,將對本集團的發展起到推動的作用。本集團將繼續不斷致力於「十方」廣告網絡的打造,實現整體轉型,專注於令本集團整體業務恢復平穩增長。本集團將致力於黃中 推動公司的轉型發展,在激烈的競爭中 為本公司股東創造長遠價值。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

Corporate governance code

The Company recognises the importance and value of achieving high standards of corporate governance practices. The Board believes that good corporate governance is an essential element in maintaining and promoting shareholder value and investor confidence

The Company has adopted the code provisions on Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). Saved as disclosed below, the Board considers the Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the CG Code.

Code Provision A.2.1

Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG code, the 根據企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1 roles of chairman and chief executive officer 條,主席與首席執行官的角色應有區 should be separate and should not be performed 分,並不應由一人同時兼任。 by the same individual.

Mr. Chen Zhi, who acts as the chairman and chief executive officer of the Company, is responsible in pioneering the Company's distinctive business model and undertaking the main decision-making role in the management of the Company's overall operations and overseeing the strategic development of the Group. The Board will meet regularly to consider and review the major and appropriate issues affecting the operations of the Company. As such, the Board considers that sufficient measures have been taken and Mr. Chen acting as the chairman and chief executive officer of the Company will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management.

企業管治及其他資料

企業管治守則

本公司深明達致高水平企業管治常規的 重要性及價值。董事會相信良好企業管 治乃維持及提升股東價值與投資者信心 的要素。

本公司已採納聯交所證券上市規則(「上 市規則1)附錄十四所載企業管治守則的 守則條文。除下文所披露者外,董事會 認為本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載的 守則條文。

守則條文第A.2.1條

陳志先生擔任本公司主席兼首席執行 官,負責開創本公司獨樹一幟的業務模 式,在本公司整體經營管理中擔當主要 決策角色及監督本集團的策略開發。董 事會將定期舉行會議,考慮及審議影響 本公司經營的重大及合適議題。因此, 董事會認為已採取足夠措施,陳志先生 同時擔仟本公司主席兼首席執行官不會 使董事會與管理層之間的權力及授權失 衡。

MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set forth in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct for dealing in securities by the Directors of the Company. Specific enquiries have been made to all the Directors of the Company and all of them confirmed and declared that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the six months ended 30 June 2015 and up to the date of this report.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has been established in compliance with Rules 3.21 and 3.22 of the Listing Rules and with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code, the primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control procedures of the Group. The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive directors of the Company, namely Mr. Wong Heung Ming, Henry, Mr. Zhou Chang Ren and Mr. Cai Jian Quan. Mr. Wong Heung Ming, Henry is the chairman of the Audit Committee, who has appropriate professional qualifications and experience in accounting matters. The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's condensed consolidated interim financial information, which is unaudited, for the six months ended 30 June 2015 with the management of the Company.

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」),作為本公司董事進行證券交 易的行為守則。在向本公司全體董事作 出特定查詢後,彼等全部確認及聲明彼 等於截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個 月及直至本報告日期一直遵守標準守則 所載的規定標準。

審核委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則第3.21及3.22條成立審核委員會,並制訂符合企業管治守則的書面職權範圍。審核委員會的財務不是會的財務。審核委員會的財務。審核委員會的財務。審核委員包括本公司三名獨立非執行董事生,周昌仁先生及蔡建權先生。周昌仁先生及蔡建權先生。明先生為審核委員會主席,彼擁不被辦會計事宜專業資格及經驗。審核團員至二零核簡明合併中期財務資料。

Remuneration Committee

The remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") has been established on 8 November 2010 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. In compliance with the amendments to the Listing Rules which became effective on 1 April 2012, the Board adopted revised terms of reference for the Remuneration Committee on 27 March 2012. The Remuneration Committee comprises three members, namely Mr. Zhou Chang Ren (Chairman), Mr. Chen Zhi and Mr. Wong Heung Ming, Henry, the majority of which are independent non-executive Directors. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to evaluate, and make recommendations to the Board regarding, the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management which will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market trends and practices.

薪酬委員會

Nomination Committee

The nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") has been established on 8 November 2010 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. In compliance with the amendments to the Listing Rules which became effective on 1 April 2012, the Board adopted revised terms of reference for the Nomination Committee on 27 March 2012. The Nomination Committee currently comprises three members, namely Mr. Cai Jian Quan (Chairman), Mr. Chen Zhi and Mr. Wong Heung Ming, Henry, the majority of which are independent non-executive Directors. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors. The Nomination Committee selects and recommends the candidates for directorship based on criteria including professional knowledge, competence, experience, independence and integrity.

Interim Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of 董事會不建議派付截至二零一五年六月 an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2015

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the **Company's Shares**

The Company has not redeemed any of its listed shares during the six months ended 30 June 2015. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or repurchased any of the listed shares of the Company during the six months ended 30 June 2015.

提名委員會

本公司於二零一零年十一月八日成立 提名委員會, 並制訂符合企業管治守則 的書面職權範圍。為遵守於二零一二年 四月一日牛效的上市規則修訂,董事會 已於二零一二年三月二十七日採納經修 訂的提名委員會職權範圍。提名委員會 現時包括三名成員,即蔡建權先生(主 席)、陳志先生及黃向明先生,大部分為 獨立非執行董事。提名委員會的主要職 青為就委仟或重新委仟董事及董事繼仟 計劃向董事會提供推薦意見。提名委員 會根據專業知識、勝任能力、經驗、獨立 性及誠信等準則挑選及推薦董事人選。

中期股息

三十日止六個月的中期股息。

購買、出售或贖回本公司股份

於截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個 月,本公司並無贖回其任何上市股份。 於截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個 月,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或購回本公司任何上市股份。

Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares

At 30 June 2015, the interests and short 於二零一五年六月三十日,董事於本公 positions of the Directors in the share capital 司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 and underlying shares (the "Share(s)") of the 條例第XV部)的股本及相關股份(「股 Company or its associated corporations (within 份」)中擁有記錄於根據證券及期貨條例 the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and 第352條本公司須存置的登記冊,或根 Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in 據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準 the register required to be kept by the Company 守則已知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡 pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as 倉載列如下: otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, were set out as follows:

董事於股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

(i) Long position in the Company

(i) 於本公司的好倉

			Approximate percentage of
Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity/Nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares 股份數目	interest 權益概約百分比
Mr. Chen Zhi	Interest in controlled corporation	106,920,810 (note 1)	12.7%
陳志先生	於受控制法團的權益	106,920,810 (附註1)	12.7%
Mr. Chen Zhi 陳志先生	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	390,000 390,000	0.1% 0.1%
Mr. Hong Pei Feng	Interest in controlled corporation	2,546,604 (note 2)	0.3%
洪培峰先生	於受控制法團的權益	2,546,604 (附註2)	0.3%
Mr. Yu Shi Quan	Interest in controlled corporation	21,142,026 (note 3)	2.5%
余詩權先生	於受控制法團的權益	21,142,026 (附註3)	2.5%

Notes:

- (1) These Shares are held by TopBig International Development Limited ("TopBig International"), which is wholly-owned by Mr Chen 7hi
- (2) These Shares are held by Blazing Sun Holdings Limited ("Blazing Sun"), which is wholly-owned by Mr. Hong Pei Feng.
- (3) These shares are held by Keep Profit International Capital Limited ("Keep Profit"), in which Mr. Yu owns 30% of the shareholding.

Substantial Shareholders' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

As at 30 June 2015, the following persons 於二零一五年六月三十日,以下人士 (other than Directors or chief executives of the (董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)擁有 Company) had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the 公司須存置的登記冊的股份及相關股份 register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

(ii) Associated corporation's long positions in the Company:

附註:

- (1) 該等股份由陳志先生全資擁有的 昇平國際發展有限公司(「昇平 國際|)持有。
- (2) 該等股份由洪培峰先生全資擁有 的驕陽控股有限公司(「驕陽」) 持有。
- (3) 該等股份由余先生擁有30%股權 的創盈國際資本有限公司(「創 盈1)持有。

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益

記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條本 權益或淡倉:

(ii) 相聯法團於本公司的好倉:

Name 名稱	Capacity/Nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares 股份數目	Approximate percentage of interest 權益概約百分比
China TopReach 中國天瑞	Beneficial Owner (note 1) 實益擁有人 (附註1)	213,433,306 213,433,306	25.4% 25.4%
TopBig International	Beneficial Owner (note 2)	106.920.810	12.7%
昇平國際	實益擁有人(附註2)	106,920,810	12.7%
Templeton	Interest in controlled corporation (note 3)	42,606,606	5.1%
鄧普頓	於受控制法團的權益(附註3)	42,606,606	5.1%

Notes:

- (1) China TopReach Inc. ("China TopReach") is a company incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands. China TopReach transferred its equity interests in 209.690.797 Shares it held in the Company to shareholders of China TopReach by way of distribution in specie on 17 July 2015.
- (2) TopBig International is a company incorporated (2) 昇平國際為一家根據英屬處女群島法 under the laws of the British Virgin Islands, which is wholly-owned by Mr. Chen Zhi, the executive director and chairman of the Company.
- III, LDC ("Templeton") is a limited duration company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. It makes strategic investments in emerging markets and is managed by Templeton Asset Management Ltd.

Save as disclosed herein, the Company has not been notified of any other person (other than a Director or a chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO as at 30 June 2015.

附註:

- (1) 中國天瑞控股有限公司(「中國天 瑞」) 為一家根據開曼群島法律註冊成 立的公司。中國天瑞於二零一五年七 月十七日以實物分派方式向其股東轉 讓其所持209,690,797股本公司股份 的股權。
 - 律註冊成立的公司,由本公司執行董 事兼主席陳志先牛全資擁有。
- (3) Templeton Strategic Emerging Markets Fund (3) 鄧普頓新興市場基金(「鄧普頓」)為 一家於開曼群島註冊成立的有限期 公司,在新興市場作出戰略投資,由 Templeton Asset Management Ltd.管 理。

除本文所披露者外,於二零一五年六月 三十日,本公司並無獲知會有任何其他 人士(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外) 擁有記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336 條本公司須存置的登記冊的本公司股份 及相關股份權益或淡倉。

(iii) Directors' long position in the associated (iii) 董事於本公司相聯法團的好倉 corporations of the Company

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity/Nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團名稱	Approximate percentage of interest 權益概約百分比
Mr. Chen Zhi	Interest in controlled corporation	China Topreach (note 1)	24.6%
陳志先生	於受控制法團的權益	中國天瑞(附註1)	24.6%
Mr. Chen Zhi 陳志先生	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	China Topreach 中國天瑞	3.1% 3.1%
除心尤生	貝血班有八	中國人場	5.170
Mr. Hong Pei Feng	Interest in controlled corporation	China TopReach (note 2)	9.7%
洪培峰先生	於受控制法團的權益	中國天瑞(附註2)	9.7%
Mr. Yu Shi Quan	Interest in controlled corporation	China TopReach (note 3)	3.5%
余詩權先生	於受控制法團的權益	中國天瑞(附註3)	3.5%
Mr. Yu Shi Quan 余詩權先生	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	China Topreach 中國天瑞	0.4% 0.4%

Notes:

(1) This interest in China TopReach is held by TopBig International, which is wholly owned by Mr. Chen Zhi.

- (2) This interest in China TopReach is held by Blazing Sun, which is wholly owned by Mr. Hong Pei Feng.
- (3) This interest in China TopReach is held by Keep Profit, in which Mr. Yu Shi Quan owns 30% of the shareholding.

附註:

- (1) 該等於中國天瑞的權益由陳志先 生全資擁有的昇平國際持有。
- (2) 該等於中國天瑞的權益由洪培峰 先生全資擁有的驕陽持有。
- (3) 該等於中國天瑞的權益由余詩權 先生擁有30%股權的創盈持有。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into the transactions set out below, which are regarded as continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules and subject to the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Unless otherwise defined, capitalised terms below have the same meanings as those defined in the Prospectus of the Company.

NON-EXEMPT CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Structure Contracts

The Structure Contracts relate to the operations of two local PRC companies, Beijing HongXinTu Culture Communication Co., Limited ("Beijing HongXinTu") and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe Science and Technology Co., Limited ("Beijing BaiChuanDuKe"). As the original shareholders of Beijing HongXinTu, including Mr. Zhang Jin Gui, Mr. Chen Zhi, Mr. Qiang Yi Bin and Ms. Lin Yu Lin, were replaced by Mr. Zheng Bo Ling, Mr. Qiang Yi Bin and Mr. Xu Kai Ning respectively as the new shareholders of Beijing HongXinTu on 8 July 2013 in accordance with the Structure Contracts, whose registered capital is owned as to 40% by Mr. Zheng Bo Ling, 30% by Mr. Qiang Yi Bin and 30% by Mr. Xu Kai Ning, the new shareholders of Beijing HongXinTu have entered into the Structure Contracts with the Company in order to continue and secure the transactions under the Structure Contracts. Beijing BaiChuanDuKe is owned as to 60% by Mr. Zheng Bo Ling and 40% by Mr. Xu Kai Ning. This part of disclosure is, unless the context otherwise requires, is consistent with the Company's annual report 2014.

持續關連交易

本公司已訂立下文所載根據上市規則 被視為持續關連交易的交易,而有關交 易須受限於上市規則第十四A章下的披 露規定。除非另有界定,否則下文的專 有詞彙具有本公司招股章程所界定的 相同涵義。

非豁免持續關連交易

架構合約

架構合約乃關於兩間當地中國公司(即 北京鴻馨圖文化傳播有限公司(「北京 鴻馨圖」)及北京百傳讀客科技有限公 司(「北京百傳讀客」))的營運。由於 北京鴻馨圖的原股東(包括張錦貴先 生、陳志先生、強亦彬先生及林育琳女 士)於二零一三年七月八日根據架構合 約分別被鄭柏齡先生、強亦彬先生及許 開寧先生作為北京鴻馨圖的新股東代 替,而鄭柏齡先生、強亦彬先生及許開 寧 先 生 分 別 擁 有40%、30% 及30% 註 冊資本,故北京鴻馨圖的新股東與本公 司訂立架構合約,以繼續進行並維持架 構合約項下的交易。北京百傳讀客由鄭 柏齡先生及許開寧先生分別擁有60% 及40%權益。除非文義另有所指,否則 此披露部分乃與本公司二零一四年年 報相符一致。

The Structure Contracts were entered into to establish a situation in which Fuzhou ShiFangCe Culture Media Co. Limited ("Fuzhou ShiFangCe") has obtained effective management, operational and economic control over Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively and has an exclusive option to purchase all or part of the entire equity interest of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively when and to the extent permitted by the PRC law. Pursuant to the Catalogue of Industries for Guiding Foreign Investment jointly promulgated by The National Development and Reform Commission of the PRC and The Ministry of Commerce of the PRC on 31 October 2007 (with subsequent revisions, the latest being the version that came into effect on 10 April 2015), distribution, value-added telecommunication business, news websites and online publication services are classified as industries in which foreign investors are prohibited from investing, and printing of publications (Chinese parties as controlling shareholders) is classified as an industry in which foreign investors are restricted from investing. As such, the Company is currently prohibited from acquiring an equity interest in Beijing HongXinTu, which holds a license for the distribution of news publications, or Beijing BaiChuanDuKe, which, together with its subsidiaries, principally engages in value-added telecommunication business. news websites, online publication services and the printing of publications, to incorporate their businesses into our Group.

訂立架構合約的目的旨在確立福州十 方策文化傳媒有限公司(「福州十方 策1)取得北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客 實際管理、經營及經濟控制權,並有獨 家選擇權於中國法律准許的時間及範 圍購買所有或部分北京鴻馨圖及北京 百傳讀客的全部股權。由於依據由中國 國家發展和改革委員會及中國商務部 於二零零七年十月三十一日聯合頒佈 的《外商投資產業指導目錄》(其後已 作修訂,最新版本於二零一五年四月十 日生效),發行公司、增值電信業務、 新聞網站、網絡出版服務是外國投資者 被禁止投資的產業,出版物印刷(中方 控股)是外國投資者被限制投資的產業 而北京鴻馨圖持有新聞出版物發行執 照,北京百傳讀客及其附屬公司主要從 事增值電信業務、新聞網站、網絡出版 服務和出版物印刷業務,故本公司目前 不得收購北京鴻馨圖或北京百傳讀客 的任何股權,從而將該等公司的業務併 入本集團。

The transactions under the Structure Contracts (except those under the Service Agreement) constitute continuing connected transactions for our Company under the Listing Rules and are subject to the requirements of reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules following the Listing.

根據上市規則,架構合約下的交易(服務協議下的交易除外)構成本公司的持續關連交易,於上市後須遵守上市規則第十四A章下的申報、公告及獨立股東批准規定。

Reasons for the transactions

The Structure Contracts, taken as a whole, have established a contractual position which allows the economic benefits of Beijing HongXinTu's and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe's businesses to flow to the Company. In addition, all the directors of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe are to be nominated by the Company. Through the control over the directors of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe, the Company is able to monitor, supervise and effectively control the business, operations and financial policies of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe and their relevant subsidiaries, so as to ensure due implementation of the Structure Contracts. Also, the Structure Contracts are to ensure that any possible leakage of assets to the registered equity holders of the Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe is prevented. Based on the terms of the Structure Contracts, the arrangements under the Structure Contracts also enable us to acquire the equity interest of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe at the agreed price of RMB30.0 million and RMB1.0 million respectively or, in the event that such agreed price is lower than the lowest price permissible under PRC law, the lowest price permissible under PRC law.

進行該等交易的理由

架構合約整體上已確立一個合約地位, 使北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客業務的 經濟利益得以流入本公司。此外,北京 鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客所有董事均由 本公司提名。透過對北京鴻馨圖及北京 百傳讀客董事的控制權,本公司能夠監 控、監察及實際控制北京鴻馨圖及北京 百傳讀客以及該等公司的附屬公司的 業務、營運及財務政策,確保妥為實行 架構合約。另外,架構合約乃為確保防 及北京百傳讀客的登記權益持有人的 情況。依照架構合約的條款,架構合約 下的安排亦使本集團可分別按協定價 格人民幣30.0百萬元及人民幣1.0百萬 元(倘該協定價格低於中國法律下允許 的最低價格,則按中國法律下允許的最 低價格)購入北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀 客的股權。

Description of the transactions

The Structure Contracts comprise ten agreements, namely (i) the Two Loan Agreements, (ii) the Two Equity Pledge Agreements, (iii) the Two Voting Rights Proxy Agreements, (iv) the Two Exclusive Purchase Option Agreements and (v) the Two Service Agreements, which were all (except the Two Service Agreements which was entered into between Fuzhou ShiFangCe and Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively) entered into between, inter alia, Mr. Zheng Bo Ling, Mr. Qiang Yi Bin, Mr. Xu Kai Ning and Fuzhou ShiFangCe. Each of Mr. Zheng Bo Ling and Mr. Qiang Yi Bin is an associate of Mr. Chen Zhi and Mr. Hong Pei Feng respectively and therefore are Connected Persons of the Company. Furthermore, Mr. Xu Kai Ning, being a shareholder of Keep Profit International Capital Limited and a party acting in concert with Olympia Media Holdings Limited which are controlling shareholders of the Company, is also a Connected Person of the Company.

交易描述

(1) Two Loan Agreements

Fuzhou ShiFangCe has entered into the Loan Agreements with (a) Mr. Zheng Bo Ling, Mr. Qiang Yi Bin and Mr. Xu Kai Ning and (b) Mr. Zheng Bo Ling and Mr. Xu Kai Ning respectively pursuant to which Fuzhou ShiFangCe loaned (a) RMB12.0 million to Mr. Zheng Bo Ling, RMB9.0 million to Mr. Xu Kai Ning and RMB9.0 million to Mr. Qiang Yi Bin and (b) RMB600.000 to Mr. Zheng Bo Ling and RMB400,000 to Mr. Xu Kai Ning, respectively, on an interest-free basis, to fund their payment, as (a) Beijing HongXinTu's and (b) Beijing BaiChuanDuKe's equity holders, of the acquisition price for the entire equity interest in Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe, respectively. The term of the each of the Loan Agreements is ten years commencing on 13 May 2014 and the agreements automatically renew for a further five-year period thereafter unless a written notice to the contrary is served by Fuzhou ShiFangCe within 30 days prior to the expiration of the initial term of the Loan Agreements.

Each of Mr. Zheng Bo Ling, Mr. Xu Kai Ning and Mr. Qiang Yi Bin is not permitted to repay any of the sums borrowed under the Loan Agreement without the prior written consent of Fuzhou ShiFangCe.

(1) 兩份貸款協議

福州十方策已分別與(a)鄭柏齡先 生、強亦彬先生及許開寧先生;及 (b)鄭柏齡先生及許開寧先生訂立 貸款協議,據此,福州十方策(a)向 鄭柏齡先生貸款人民幣12.0百萬 元、向許開寧先生貸款人民幣9.0 百萬元及向強亦彬先生貸款人民幣 9.0百萬元;及(b)向鄭柏齡先生貸 款人民幣600,000元及向許開寧先 生貸款人民幣400,000元,全部均 為免息,以就彼等作為(a)北京鴻馨 圖及(b)北京百傳讀客權益持有人 支付北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客 全部股本權益的收購價提供資金。 貸款協議由二零一四年五月十三 日開始為期十年,而除非福州十方 策於貸款協議最初年期屆滿前30 日內發出書面通知反對,否則貸款 協議將於屆滿後自動重續5年。

根據貸款協議,鄭柏齡先生、許開 寧先生及強亦彬先生各人均不得 在未經福州十方策書面同意前,償 還任何已借金額。

(2) Two Equity Pledge Agreements

(a) Mr. Zheng Bo Ling, Mr. Xu Kai Ning and Mr. Qiang Yi Bin, who, together, constitute all the equity holders of Beijing HongXinTu. and (b) Mr. Zheng Bo Ling and Mr. Xu Kai Ning, who, together, constitute all of the equity holders of Beijing BaiChuanDuKe have entered into the Equity Pledge Agreements with Fuzhou ShiFangCe and Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively, pursuant to which each of them pledged all of their relevant equity interests in Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively to ShiFangCe to guarantee the repayment of the loans under the Loan Agreements and the payment of the service fees under the Service Agreements. Pursuant to the Equity Pledge Agreements, ShiFangCe is entitled to all of the benefits arising from the pledged equity interests, including dividends

(3) Two Voting Rights Proxy Agreements

(a) Mr. Zheng Bo Ling, Mr. Xu Kai Ning and Mr. Qiang Yi Bin, who, together, constitute all the equity holders of Beijing HongXinTu, and (b) Mr. Zheng Bo Ling and Mr. Xu Kai Ning, who, together, constitute all of the equity holders of Beijing BaiChuanDuKe have entered into the Voting Rights Proxy Agreements with (a) Fuzhou ShiFangCe and Beijing HongXinTu and (b) Fuzhou ShiFangCe and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively,

(2) 兩份股權質押協議

(3) 兩份投票權代表委任協議

(a)鄭柏齡先生、許開寧先生及強亦 彬先生(共同構成北京鴻馨圖全部 權益持有人)及(b)鄭柏齡先生及許 開寧先生(共同構成北京百傳讀客 全部權益持有人)分別與(a)福州十 方策及北京鴻馨圖及(b)福州十方 策及北京百傳讀客訂立投票權代 pursuant to which each of them granted to Fuzhou ShiFangCe and its designee(s) the power to exercise all relevant voting rights in Beijing HongXinTu, and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe including but not limited to those relating to:

- the amendment of Beijing HongXinTu's and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe's articles of association;
- (ii) the appointment, election or dismissal of the directors, supervisors or senior management of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe;
- (iii) the transfer or disposal otherwise of all or part of the equity interest in Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe;
- (iv) the increase or reduction of the registered capital of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe or other amendment of the registered capital, or approval of merger, split-up, restructuring, dissolution or liquidation of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe, and exercise of other rights of the equity holders of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe as given under its articles of association or under PRC laws; and

表委任協議,據此,彼等各自已將 行使北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客 所有相關投票權的權力授予福州 十方策及其指派者,包括但不限於 與以下項目相關者:

- (i) 北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客的 組織章程細則修訂;
- (ii) 委任、選舉或辭退北京鴻馨圖 及北京百傳讀客的董事、監事 或高級管理層:
- (iii) 轉讓或以其他方式處置北京鴻 馨圖及北京百傳讀客所有或部 分股本權益:
- (iv) 增加或削減北京鴻馨圖及北京 百傳讀客註冊資本或註冊資本或註冊資本 的其他修訂、或批准北京鴻 圖及北京百傳讀客進行併購 分拆、重組、解散或清盤 及行使根據北京鴻馨圖及北京 百傳讀客組織章程細則或中 法律規定的北京鴻馨圖權益 北京百傳讀客權益持有人的其 他權利:及

- (v) the right to inspect or otherwise review all documents and information relating to Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe, including but not limited to its business, operation, customers, financial status or the employment of staff
- (v) 檢查或以其他方式審閱有關北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客的所有文件及資料(包括但不限於有關其業務、營運、客戶、財務狀況或僱用員工)的權利。

Moreover, under the Voting Rights Proxy Agreements, none of the equity holders of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe may transfer all or any part of their equity interest in Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe without the prior written consent of Fuzhou ShiFangCe.

此外,根據投票權代表委任協議, 在未經福州十方策事先書面同意 的情況下,北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳 讀客權益持有人不得轉讓其於北 京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客的全部 或任何部分股權。

The Voting Rights Proxy Agreements took effect upon signing and may be terminated either (i) by written mutual agreement between the parties thereto; or (ii) upon the transfer by the equity holders of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe of their respective interests in Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe to Fuzhou ShiFangCe or its designated transferee.

投票權代表委任協議於簽署後生效,並可(i)由訂約各方相互書面協定;或(ii)於北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客權益持有人將彼等各自於北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客的權益轉讓予福州十方策或其指定承讓人時終止。

(4) Two Exclusive Purchase Option Agreements

(a) Mr. Zheng Bo Ling, Mr. Xu Kai Ning and Mr. Qiang Yi Bin, who, together, constitute all the equity holders of Beijing HongXinTu. and (b) Mr. Zheng Bo Ling and Mr. Xu Kai Ning, who, together, constitute all of the equity holders of Beijing BaiChuanDuKe have entered into the Exclusive Purchase Option Agreements with (a) Fuzhou ShiFangCe and Beijing HongXinTu and (b) Fuzhou ShiFangCe and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively, pursuant to which each of them irrevocably granted Fuzhou ShiFangCe or its designee(s) an exclusive option to purchase, at any time if and when permitted under PRC laws, all or part of their equity interests in Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuaDuKe at the agreed price of RMB30.0 million and RMB1.0 million respectively, or, in the event that such agreed price is lower than the lowest price permissible under PRC laws, the lowest price permissible under PRC laws. The Exclusive Purchase Option Agreements took effect upon signing and may be terminated either (i) by written mutual agreement between the parties thereto; or (ii) upon the transfer by the equity holders of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe of their respective interests in Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe to Fuzhou ShiFangCe or its designated transferee. Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe are deemed as the wholly-owned subsidiaries and therefore are not Connected Person under the Listing Rules.

(4) 兩份獨家選擇購買權協議

(a)鄭柏齡先生、許開寧先生及強亦 彬先生(共同構成北京鴻馨圖全部 權益持有人)及(b)鄭柏齡先生及許 開寧先生(共同構成北京百傳讀客 全部權益持有人)分別與(a)福州十 方策及北京鴻馨圖及(b)福州十方 策及北京百傳讀客訂立獨家選擇 購買權協議,據此,彼等各自不可 撤回地向福州十方策或其指派者 授出獨家選擇購買權,以於中國法 律允許的任何時間內分別按協定 價格人民幣30.0百萬元及人民幣 1.0百萬元(倘該協定價格低於中 國法律下允許的最低價格,則按中 國法律下允許的最低價格)購買彼 等於北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客 的全部或任何部分股本權益。獨家 選擇購買權協議於簽署後生效,並 可(i)由訂約各方相互書面協定;或 (ii)於北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客 權益持有人將彼等各自於北京鴻 馨圖及北京百傳讀客的權益轉讓 予福州十方策或其指定承讓人時 終止。北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客 被視為全資附屬公司,因此,並非 上市規則下的關連人士。

(5) Two Service Agreements

Fuzhou ShiFangCe has entered into the Service Agreements with (a) Beijing HongXinTu and (b) Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively. pursuant to which Fuzhou ShiFangCe agreed to provide to Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe consulting services, including (i) market research; (ii) business development and market consultation; (iii) consulting services in respect of labor matters: (iv) construction and maintenance of information networks and network security: (v) technical support for the software and technology required by Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively; and (vi) such other services as may be required by Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe and agreed to be performed by Fuzhou ShiFangCe for Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe exclusively in relation to its business operations in exchange for service fees according to the nature of the service content and time spent based on market price. The term of each of the Service Agreements is ten years commencing on 13 May 2014 and the agreements automatically renews for successive periods of five years provided Fuzhou ShiFangCe does not issue any notice of termination 30 days before the relevant termination date.

(5) 兩份服務協議

福州十方策分別與(a)北京鴻馨圖 及(b)北京百傳讀客訂立服務協 議,據此,福州十方策同意向北京 鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客提供諮詢 服務,包括(i)市場研究;(ii)業務發 展及市場諮詢;(jij)有關勞務的諮 詢服務; (iv)建設及維護資訊網絡 及網絡安全; (v)北京鴻馨圖及北京 百傳讀客分別要求的軟件及科技 技術支援;及(vi)北京鴻馨圖及北 京百傳讀客可能要求並經福州十 方策同意向北京鴻馨圖及北京百 傳讀客獨家提供有關其業務經營 的其他服務,以換取按照服務內容 性質及時間依照市價計算的服務 費用。服務協議各自由二零一四年 五月十三日起為期十年,而倘福州 十方策於有關終止日期前30日並 無發出任何終止通知,則協議將自 動重續五年。

The Company's PRC legal advisor has advised the Company that:

- each member of the Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe has been duly established and is validly existing under the relevant PRC laws and regulations;
- each of the Structure Contracts has been duly authorised, executed and delivered by the parties to the Structure Contracts and such contracts are legal, valid and binding under relevant PRC laws and regulations, enforceable against the parties to the Structure Contracts in accordance with the terms and conditions thereunder;
- the execution, delivery and performance of the Structure Contracts do not violate or result in a breach of or default under any PRC laws and regulations or the respective articles of association of or any material contracts to which any member of the Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe is a party;
- none of the terms and conditions in any of the Structure Contracts (taken individually or together as a whole) nor the legal structure of the Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe contravene any applicable PRC laws and regulations; and

本公司的中國法律顧問已向本公司告知:

- 北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客各成員公司已正式成立,且根據相關中國法律法規有效存續;
- 各項架構合約已獲架構合約 各訂約方正式批准、簽立及交付,而有關合約根據相關中國 法律法規屬合法、有效並具約 束力,且根據其條款及條件可 對架構合約各訂約方強制執 行;
- 一 簽立、交付及履行架構合約並 不違反或導致違反或不履行任 何中國法律法規或有關組織章 程細則或北京鴻馨圖及北京百 傳讀客任何成員公司屬訂約方 的重大合約;
- 任何架構合約(個別或整體) 的條款及條件以及北京鴻馨圖 及北京百傳讀客的法律架構 並未抵觸中國任何適用法律法 規:及

- the execution, delivery and effectiveness of the Structure Contracts do not require any approvals from or filings with PRC governmental authorities except for the Equity Pledge Agreements, which has been properly filed with the local Administration for Industry and Commerce.
- 架構合約的簽立、交付及有效性無須獲中國政府機構的任何批文或向其存案,惟已向當地工商行政管理局妥為存案的股權質押協議除外。

The PRC legal advisor further advised that it is not an administrative function of PRC governmental authorities to issue formal confirmations regarding agreements that do not require examination by and approval of relevant authorities under PRC laws. As such, the Company has not formally filed a request with any authority in the PRC for confirmation on the legality of the Structure Contracts

據中國法律顧問進一步告知,根據中國法律,發出任何毋須相關機關審批的協議的正式確認書並非中國政府機關的行政職能。因此,本公司並無向任何中國機關請求確認就架構合約的合法性。

The Company has complied in good faith in all material aspects with relevant PRC laws and regulations and its operation in China was and is legal and valid before and after implementation of the Structure Contracts except as disclosed in this report. However, the PRC legal advisor has advised that there are uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of PRC laws and regulations, including those governing its business and the performance and the enforcement of these contractual arrangements. As such, there can be no assurance that the relevant PRC authorities will not take views contrary to the above in the future.

Accounting policies and Financial Information

This condensed consolidated interim financial information include the financial information of the Company, its subsidiaries, and special purpose entities ("SPEs") where the Company is deemed the primary beneficiary. Fuzhou ShiFangCe, one of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries, entered into contractual agreements with Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe (the "Structural Agreements"), where Fuzhou ShiFangCe provides consulting services to Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe respectively, and is entitled to (1) receive a substantial portion of the economic benefits from Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe: (2) exercise effective control over Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe, and (3) have an exclusive option to purchase all or part of the equity interests in Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe when and to the extent permitted by the PRC laws. By virtue of the contractual arrangements, Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe are SPEs and deemed as subsidiaries of the Company under the requirements of IFRS 10 "Consolidated financial statements".

會計政策及財務資料

簡明合併中期財務資料包括本公司、其 附屬公司及本公司被視為首要受益人 的特殊目的實體的財務資料。本公司全 資附屬公司福州十方策與北京鴻馨圖 及北京百傳讀客訂立合約性協議(「架 構協議1),據此,福州十方策分別向北 京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客提供諮詢服 務,並有權(1)收取來自北京鴻馨圖及 北京百傳讀客的絕大部分經濟利益; (2)對北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客實施 有效控制;及(3)在中國法律允許的情 况下,擁有購買北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳 讀客全部或部分股權的獨家選擇權。 憑藉該等合約安排,北京鴻馨圖及北京 百傳讀客為特殊目的實體,且根據國際 財務報告準則第10號「合併財務報表」 的規定,北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客被 視為本公司的附屬公司。

When assessing whether to combine an SPE, the Group evaluates a range of factors, including whether (1) the activities of the SPE are being conducted on behalf of the Group according to its specific business needs so that the Group obtains the benefits from the SPE's operations, (2) the Group has decision-making powers to obtain the majority of the benefits, (3) the Group obtains the majority of the benefits of the activities of the SPE, and (4) the Group retains the majority of the residual ownership risks related to the assets in order to obtain the benefits from its activities The Group consolidates an SPE if an assessment of the relevant factors indicates that it controls the SPE. Based on the contractual arrangements. the Company consolidated Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe's results, assets and liabilities in financial statements of ShiFang Holding Limited.

PRC laws strictly prohibits foreign investment in, and ownership of, companies engaging in the distribution of news publications, value-added telecommunication business, news websites and online publication services, and place significant restrictions on foreign investment in, and ownership of, companies engaging in the printing of publications (Chinese parties as controlling shareholders). The Company is considered as a foreign-invested enterprise, and is required to comply with the PRC laws and regulations applicable to foreign-invested enterprises. Due to such restrictions, the Company does not and are not permitted to have direct ownership of any interest in Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe as Beijing HongXinTu holds an Operation Permit for Publications (出版物經營 許可證), and Beijing BaiChuanDuKe, together with its subsidiaries, holds a Permit for Internet Publication (互聯網出版許可證), an Operation 當評估一家特殊目的實體是否合併入 賬時,本集團會評估多項因素,包括(1) 特殊目的實體業務活動是否根據其特 殊業務需要代表本集團進行,而本集團 因此從特殊目的實體業務中獲利;(2) 本集團是否擁有獲得大多數利益的決 策權;(3)本集團是否獲得特殊目的實 體業務活動的大多數利益;及(4)本集 團是否保留大多數與資產有關的餘下 擁有權風險以從其業務活動中獲利。 倘評估相關因素顯示其控制特殊目的 實體,則特殊目的實體會於本集團合併 入賬。基於該等合約安排,本公司將北 京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客的業績、資產 及負債於十方控股有限公司的財務報 表合併入賬。

 Permit for Value-added Telecommunication Business (增值電信業務經營許可證) and an Operation Permit for News Publication Printing (新聞出版物印刷經營許可證). Instead, the Company conducts the above operations in China principally through contractual arrangements among its subsidiary Fuzhou ShifangCe, on the one hand, and Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe and their shareholders, on the other. These contractual arrangements permit the financial results of Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe to be consolidated with and effectively all of the economic benefits of its business to be transferred to Fuzhou ShifangCe.

無亦不得直接擁有北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客的任何權益。故本公司主要透過附屬公司福州十方策作為一方第馨圖及北京百傳讀客以及該等国的股東作為另一方訂立合約安排使得中國經營上述業務。該等合約安排使得北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客的財務等。 續與福州十方策合併,並且實際上其所有的經營成果均能由此轉移至福州十方策。

For six months ended 30 June 2015 and 2014. revenue generated from the printing and online services businesses through Beijing HongXinTu and and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe was RMB4.1 million and RMB7.8 million, respectively, which accounted for 9.8% and 8.4%, respectively, of total revenue. The Company relied on and expects to continue to rely on, contractual arrangements with Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe and their shareholders to operate the printing and online services business components in China. The PRC legal advisor has advised the Company that the contractual arrangements are in compliance with and enforceable under the relevant PRC laws. However, there exist uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of PRC laws and regulations regarding the performance and enforcement of such contractual arrangements. As such, there can be no assurance that the relevant PRC regulatory authorities will not in the future determine that the contractual arrangements are in breach of applicable PRC laws. If the contractual arrangements are found to be in breach of any existing or future PRC

截至二零一五年及二零一四年六月 京百傳讀客進行的印刷及網絡服務業 務所得收入分別為人民幣4.1百萬元及 人民幣7.8百萬元,分別佔收入總額的 9.8%及8.4%。本公司一貫依賴並預期 將繼續依賴與北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳 讀客以及該等公司股東訂立的合約安 排,以經營在中國的印刷及網絡服務業 務部分。中國法律顧問告知本公司,合 約安排符合相關中國法律,可根據相關 中國法律強制執行。然而,中國法律法 規有關履行及強制執行相關合約安排 的詮釋及應用方面存在不確定因素。因 此,無法保證中國有關監管機關日後不 會認定該等合約安排違反有關中國法 律。倘若合約安排被發現違反中國的任 何現行法律或日後通過的法律,則相關 中國監管機關處理有關違法情況時將 laws, the relevant PRC regulatory authorities would have broad discretion in dealing with such violations, including revoking the business and operating licenses held by Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe, restricting or prohibiting any transactions between the Company and Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe, imposing penalties or other requirements with which the Company may not be able to comply, or requiring the Company to restructure the relevant ownership, control or operating structure of the Company or its business. The imposition of any of these penalties or requirements could result in a material and adverse effect on its business, and could even result in us being required to cease the distribution, printing and online services businesses completely.

In addition to the possibility of administrative penalties or other requirements being imposed upon us due to the relationships with Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe and their shareholders, the Company may not be able to effectively enforce such contractual relationships in a cost-effective manner or at all. Under the current contractual arrangements, if Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe or any of their shareholders fails to perform their respective obligations under these contractual arrangements, or are required to incur substantial costs to do so, the Company may be forced to incur substantial costs and resources to enforce such arrangements or to rely on PRC law to obtain remedies, including specific performance or damages, and we may not be successful in obtaining such remedies or obtaining such remedies might be cost prohibitive. In the event the Company is unable to enforce these contractual arrangements, its business, financial condition and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected.

除本公司可能因與北京鴻馨圖及北京百 傳讀客以及該等公司股東的關係而被處 以行政處分或施加其他要求外,本公司 亦可能無法以符合成本效益的方式有效 強制執行該等合約關係,或根本無法強 制執行合約關係。根據現行合約安排, 倘北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客或該等公 司任何股東無法履行各自於該等合約安 排下的責任,或須支付巨額成本方能履 行有關責任,則本公司可能被迫付出巨 額成本及資源以強制執行有關安排或依 賴中國法律獲得補救措施,包括尋求特 定的履約或損害賠償,而本公司未必能 成功獲得該類補救措施,或本公司可能 須付出高昂成本方可獲得該類補救措 施。倘本公司無法強制執行該等合約安 排,則本公司的業務、財務狀況及營運 業績可能受到重大不利影響。

Beijing HongXinTu currently holds a Permit for News Publication Distribution(新聞出版物 發行許可證). Fuzhou ShiFang Printing Co... Ltd., Kunming HanDing Printing Technology Consulting Co., Ltd. and Guizhou ShiFang Printing Co., Ltd, which are subsidiaries of Beijing BaiChaunDuKe, currently hold Operation Permits for News Publication Printing(新聞出版物印 刷經營許可證). Xiamen DuKe Information Science & Technology Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of Beijing BaiChaunDuKe, currently holds a Permit for Internet Publication (互聯網出版許 可證) and a Operation Permit for Value-added Telecommunication Business (增值電信業務經 營許可證) for the operation of www.duk.cn. Pursuant to the Catalogue of Industries for Guiding Foreign Investment(外商投資產業 指導目錄) jointly promulgated by NDRC and MOFCOM on 31 October 2007 (with subsequent revisions, the latest being the version that came into effect on 10 April 2015), distribution, value-added telecommunication business, news websites and online publication services are classified as industries in which foreign investors are prohibited from investing, and printing of publications (Chinese parties as controlling shareholders) is classified as an industry in which foreign investors are restricted from investing. These views have been confirmed by our PRC legal advisor.

北京鴻馨圖目前持有新聞出版物發行 許可證。福州十方印務有限公司、昆明 漢鼎印刷技術諮詢有限公司及貴州十 方印務有限公司(為北京百傳讀客的 附屬公司)目前持有新聞出版物印刷經 營許可證。廈門讀客信息科技有限公 司(為北京百傳讀客的附屬公司)目前 持有經營讀客網(www.duk.cn)的互 聯網出版許可證和增值電信業務經營 許可證。依據國家發改委及商務部於 二零零七年十月三十一日共同頒佈的 《外商投資產業指導目錄》(其後已作 修訂,最新版本於二零一五年四月十 日生效),發行公司、增值電信業務、 新聞網站、網絡出版服務是外國投資者 被禁止投資的產業,而出版物印刷(中 方控股)是限制外商投資經營的產業。 此等意見已獲中國律師確認。

The Directors believe that the Company's structure whereby Beijing HongXinTu's and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe's financial results are consolidated into the Company's financial statements as if they were wholly-owned subsidiaries and the flow of economic benefits from its business to the Company, places the Group in a special position in relation to the connected transactions rules. Accordingly, notwithstanding that the transactions contemplated under the Structure Contracts technically constitute continuing connected transactions for the purposes of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, the Directors consider that it would be unduly burdensome and impracticable and would impose unnecessary administrative costs on us to be subject to strict compliance with the requirements set out under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of these continuing connected transactions

Pursuant to the Listing Rules, in relation to the transactions regarding Beijing HongXinTu, the Company has applied for and the Stock Exchange has granted a waiver from strict compliance with the reporting, announcement, independent shareholders' approval, annual cap and agreements with fixed term of no more than three years requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the continuing connected transactions under the Structure Contracts for so long as the Shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

依據上市規則,本公司已就有關北京鴻 馨圖的交易向聯交所申請於股份在聯 交所上市期間豁免嚴格遵守上市規則 第十四A章下有關架構合約下的持續關 連交易的申報、公告、獨立股東批准、 年度上限及協議固定年期不得超過三 年的規定,並已獲聯交所批准。 In accordance with the relevant Structured 按照相關架構合約,北京鴻馨圖及北京 Contracts, no dividends or other distributions has been made by Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe to their shareholders

百傳讀客並無向其股東派發股息或作 出其他分派。

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the Structure Contracts and the above continuing connected transactions. In the opinion 為: of the independent non-executive Directors:

獨立非執行董事已審閱架構合約及上 述持續關連交易。獨立非執行董事認

- (i) the continuing connected transactions carried (i) out during the year are in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group and have been entered into in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Structure Contracts so that the revenue generated by Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe and the subsidiaries of the Company have been mainly retained by the Group;
 - 年內進行的持續關連交易乃於本集 團日常及一般業務過程中訂立,並 遵照架構合約有關規定而訂立,故 北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客與本 公司的附屬公司產生的收入主要 撥歸本集團;
- (ii) the continuing connected transactions were (ii) 持續關連交易乃(a)按正常商業條 entered into either (a) on normal commercial terms; or (b) where there is no available comparison, on terms that are no less favorable to the Group than terms to or from independent third parties;
 - 款;或(b)(倘無條款可作比較)按 不遜於本集團給予或來自獨立第 三方的條款訂立;
- (iii) no dividends or other distributions have (iii) 北京鴻馨圖及北京百傳讀客並無 been made by Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe to their shareholders: and
 - 向其股東派發股息或作出其他分 派;及

- (iv) any new Structure Contracts entered into, (iv) 於有關財政期間內,北京鴻馨圖及 renewed or reproduced between Beijing HongXinTu and Beijing BaiChaunDuKe and the Company during the relevant financial period are fair and reasonable, or advantageous, so far as the Company are concerned and in the interests of our shareholders as a whole.
- 北京百傳讀客與本公司訂立、續簽 或重訂的任何新架構合約對本公 司而言是公平合理或有利,且符合 股東整體利益。

Other than disclosed above, there was no other 除上文所披露者外,於截至二零一五年 transaction which needs to be disclosed as 六月三十日止六個月,並無其他交易須 connected transaction in accordance with the 按照上市規則規定披露為關連交易。 requirements of the Listing Rules during the six months ended 30 June 2015.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED 中期簡明合併資產負債表 **BALANCE SHEET**

AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

於二零一五年六月三十日

		Note 附註	30 June 2015 二零一五年 六月三十日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核	31 December 2014 二零一四年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Audited 經審核
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	8	32,061	40,107
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	17,414	18,150
Interests in associates	於聯營公司的權益	9	-	9,121
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及			
receivables – net	其他應收款項-淨額	11	37,164	25,294
			86,639	92,672
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨		6,943	6,560
Assets held for sale	持作出售資產	12	73,029	78,191
Trade receivables – net	貿易應收款項-淨額	10	36,815	45,493
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及			
receivables – net	其他應收款項一淨額	11	20,081	22,273
Amounts due from related parties	應收關連人士款項	24	16,485	24,364
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款		14 120	5,000
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目		14,120	32,487
			167,473	214,368
Total assets	總資產		254,112	307,040

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED 中期簡明合併資產負債表(續)

BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

於二零一五年六月三十日

		Note 附註	30 June 2015 二零一五年 六月三十日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited	31 December 2014 二零一四年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Audited
			未經審核	經審核
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the Company	權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	16	72,687	72,687
Share premium	股份溢價	16	556,440	556,440
Other reserves	其他儲備		65,577	68,671
Accumulated deficits	累計虧絀		(535,517)	(486,591)
			159,187	211,207
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(7,772)	(4,876)
Total equity	權益總額		151,415	206,331
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities	負債 非流動負債			
Amount due to a related party	應付一名關連人士款項	24	688	688
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	15	1,317	1,475
			2,005	2,163

中期簡明合併資產負債表(續) INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED

BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

於二零一五年六月三十日

		Note 附註	30 June 2015 二零一五年 六月三十日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核	31 December 2014 二零一四年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Audited 經審核
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	13	6,569	5,889
Other payables and accrued expenses	其他應付款項及 應計開支	13	48,602	60,890
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	14	14,701	00,890
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得税負債	14	30,073	30,536
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連人士款項	24	747	1,231
			100,692	98,546
Total liabilities	總負債		102,697	100,709
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		254,112	307,040
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		66,781	115,822
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		153,420	208,494

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board 經董事會於二零一五年八月二十八日 of Directors on 28 August 2015 and signed on 批准並授權刊發,並由下列董事代表董 behalf of the Board by:

事會簽署:

Chen Zhi	Yu Shi Quan	陳志	余詩權
Director	Director	董事	董事
The notes on pages	11 to 176 form an integral	₩ 34 ₹ 43 € ₹ ± 1 ₽	1> EZ .II /A/

The notes on pages 71 to 176 form an integral 第71至176頁的附註屬此等簡明合併中 part of this condensed consolidated interim 期財務資料的重要部分。 financial information.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED 中期簡明合併全面收益表 STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE

INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月

Six months ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止六個月

			2015	2014
			二零一五年	二零一四年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			Unaudited	Unaudited
			未經審核	未經審核
Revenue	收入	7	41,749	92,220
Cost of sales	銷售成本	18	(43,496)	(67,234)
Gross (loss)/profit	(毛損)/毛利		(1,747)	24,986
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷開支	18	(9,598)	(15,983)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支	18	(35,987)	(68,151)
Other gains/(losses) – net	其他收益/(虧損)			
	一淨額	17	14	(11,792)
Other income	其他收入	17	1,520	3,153
Operating loss	經營虧損		(45,798)	(67,787)
Finance income	融資收益	19	199	741
Finance costs	融資成本	19	(313)	-
Finance (costs)/income – net	融資(成本)/收益-淨額	19	(114)	741
Share of losses of associates	應佔聯營公司虧損	9	(4,115)	(859)
Provision for impairment of interests in	於聯營公司的權益			
associates	減值撥備	9	(5,006)	
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損		(55,033)	(67,905)
Income tax credit/(expense)	所得税抵免/(開支)	20	117	(2,163)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for	期內虧損及全面虧損總額			
the period			(54,916)	(70,068)
			(= -,= 10)	(/00)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED 中期簡明合併全面收益表(續) STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE

以下各項應佔虧損:

- 非控股權益

一本公司擁有人

以下各項應佔全面虧損 總額:

-本公司擁有人

INCOME (Continued)

Loss attributable to:

to:

- Owners of the Company

- Non-controlling interests

Total comprehensive loss attributable

- Owners of the Company

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月

Six months ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止六個月 **2015** 2014

	2013	2017
	二零一五年	二零一四年
Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	未經審核	未經審核
	(52,020)	(68,270)
	(2,896)	(1,798)
	(54,916)	(70,068)

(52,020)

(68,270)

– Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益		(2,896)	(1,798)
			(54,916)	(70,068)
Loss per share for loss attributable to owners of the Company – Basic (RMB per share) – Diluted (RMB per share)	本公司擁有人應佔虧損的 每股虧損 一基本(每股人民幣) 一攤薄(每股人民幣)	21 21	(0.0619) (0.0619)	(0.0813) (0.0813)
Dividend	股息	22	_	_

The notes on pages 71 to 176 form an integral 第71至176頁的附註屬此等簡明合併中 part of this condensed consolidated interim 期財務資料的重要部分。 financial information.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

中期簡明合併權益變動表

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月

			Share capital	Share premium	Capital redemption reserve	Capital reserves	Revaluation reserve	Equity- based compensation reserve 以股權	Statutory reserves	Accumulated deficits	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		Note 附註	股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	股本贖回儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	重估儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	為基礎的 薪酬儲備 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	累計虧绌 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2015	於二零一五年 一月一日的結餘		72,687	556,440	997	41,297	-	-	26,377	(486,591)	211,207	(4,876)	206,331
Comprehensive income Loss for the period	全面收益 期內虧損									(52,020)	(52,020)	(2,896)	(54,916)
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(52,020)	(52,020)	(2,896)	(54,916)
Transactions with owners Released upon disposal of subsidiaries	與擁有人的交易 出售附屬公司時 解除								(3,094)	3,094			
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人的 交易總額								(3,094)	3,094			
Balance at 30 June 2015	於二零一五年 六月三十日的 結餘		72,687	556,440	997	41,297			23,283	(535,517)	159,187	(7,772)	151,415
Balance at 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月 一日的結餘		72,687	556,440	997	60,454	919	13,850	31,394	(233,880)	502,861	9,804	512,665
Comprehensive income Loss for the period	全面收益 期內虧損									(68,270)	(68,270)	(1,798)	(70,068)
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(68,270)	(68,270)	(1,798)	(70,068)
Transactions with owners Appropriation to statutory	與 擁有人的交易 轉撥至法定儲備									(***)			
reserves Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司								665	(665)		(8)	(8)
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人的 交易總額								665	(665)		(8)	(8)
Balance at 30 June 2014	於二零一四年 六月三十日的 結餘		72,687	556,440	997	60,454	919	13,850	32,059	(302,815)	434,591	7,998	442,589

The notes on pages 71 to 176 form an integral 第71至176頁的附註屬此等簡明合併中 part of this condensed consolidated interim 期財務資料的重要部分。 financial information.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月

中期簡明合併現金流量表

Six months ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止六個月

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Unaudited	Unaudited
		未經審核	未經審核
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量		
Cash used in operations	經營業務所用現金	(25,404)	(30,763)
Interest received	已收利息	199	741
Interest paid	已付利息	(313)	-
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(497)	(972)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營業務所用現金淨額	(26,015)	(30,994)
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金流量		
Disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash	出售附屬公司,扣除現金	(82)	(847)
Cash released from short-term bank deposits	解除短期銀行存款所得現金	5,000	20,600
Proceeds from disposals of assets-held-for-sale	出售持作出售資產所得款項	2,286	_
Prepayment paid for acquisition of a property	收購一項物業已付預付款項	(15,470)	(6,694)
Return of deposits from outdoor advertising	退回戶外廣告項目的按金		
projects		-	1,110
Additions of property, plant and equipment	添置物業、廠房及設備	(329)	(1,208)
Additions of intangible assets	添置無形資產	-	(29)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備		
equipment	所得款項	1,542	206
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing			
Net cash (used in)/deherated from investing	投資活動(所用)/所得		

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** (Continued)

中期簡明合併現金流量表(續)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月

Six months ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止六個月

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Unaudited	Unaudited
		未經審核	未經審核
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量		
Net proceeds from bank borrowings	銀行借款所得款項淨額	15,435	-
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	(734)	-
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額	14,701	_
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目減少淨額	(18,367)	(17,856)
		(10,007)	(,650)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	期初的現金及現金等值項目		
of the period		32,487	53,911
·			
Cash and cash equivalents at end	期末的現金及現金等值項目		
of the period	2000年の元が100円では、	14,120	36,055
or the period		14,120	30,033

The notes on pages 71 to 176 form an integral 第71至176頁的附註屬此等簡明合併中 part of this condensed consolidated interim 期財務資料的重要部分。 financial information.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

General information

ShiFang Holding Limited (the "Company") is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in the business of publishing and advertising (the "Publishing and Advertising Businesses") in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 9 December 2009 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (2009 Revision as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information is presented in Renminbi (RMB), unless otherwise stated. This condensed consolidated interim financial information has been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 August 2015.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information has not been audited.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註

一般資料 1

十方控股有限公司(「本公司」)為 一間投資控股公司,而其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)主要於中華人民 共和國(「中國」)從事出版及廣告 業務。

本公司於二零零九年十二月九日 在開曼群島根據開曼群島公司法 (二零零九年修訂版,經修訂、補 充或以其他方式修改) 註冊成立為 獲豁免有限公司。本公司的註冊辦 事處地址為PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands •

除另有説明者外,本簡明合併中期 財務資料以人民幣元呈列。本簡明 合併中期財務資料已於二零一五 年八月二十八日獲董事會批准刊 發。

本簡明合併中期財務資料未經審 核。

(Continued)

1 General information (Continued)

Key events

With effect from 30 June 2015, an exclusive cooperative newspaper partner of the Group, Lifestyle Express, has ceased publication due to financial difficulties. In view of this, the Directors of the Company reviewed the Group's ability to recover the carrying amounts of the long term investments and deposits, current prepayments and other receivables and provided for an impairment provision of RMB3,600,000 as at 30 June 2015, further details are given in Note 11.

2 Basis of preparation

This condensed consolidated interim financial information of ShiFang Holding Limited for the six months ended 30 June 2015 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting'. The condensed consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

1 一般資料(續)

重要事件

由二零一五年六月三十日起,本集團的獨家報紙合作夥伴生活新報社因財政困難而停刊。有鑑於此,本公司董事已檢討本集團收回長期投資及按金、即期預付款項及其他應收款項賬面金額的能力,並於二零一五年六月三十日作出減值機備人民幣3,600,000元,進一步詳情載於附註11。

2 編製基準

十方控股有限公司截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月的簡明合併中期財務資料乃根據國際會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」編製。簡明合併中期財務資料應與根據國際財務報告準則編製的截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度全年財務報表一併閱覽。

(Continued)

2 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1 Going concern

During the period ended 30 June 2015, the Group reported a net loss of RMB54,916,000 and had a net cash outflow from operating activities of RMB26,015,000. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Directors of the Company have assessed the appropriateness of adopting the going concern basis for the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 June 2015. In order to improve the Group's financial position, the Directors of the Company have been implementing various measures as follows:

(1) On 6 March 2015, the Group has obtained a short-term bank borrowing facility of RMB20,000,000 where the drawdown of borrowings under this facility will require approval from the bank;

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

2 編製基準(續)

2.1 持續經營

於截至二零一五年六月三十日止期間,本集團錄得虧損淨額人民幣54,916,000元及經營活動現金流出淨額人民幣26,015,000元。此等狀況顯示存有重大不明朗因素,或會對本集團持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。

本公司董事為採用持續經營基 準編製截至二零一五年六月 三十日止期間的簡明合併中期 財務資料是否恰當作出評核。 為改善本集團財務狀況,本公司董事正實施以下多項措施:

(1) 於二零一五年三月六日,本集團取得人民幣 20,000,000元的短期銀 行借款融資授信,提取該 融資授信下的借款時須經 銀行批核:

(Continued)

- **Basis of preparation** (Continued)
 - **2.1 Going concern** (Continued)
 - (2) the Group is taking active measures to control operating costs through various means, including streamlining the Group's operational structure, adjusting management remuneration and containing administrative expenditures;
 - (3) the Group is in on-going negotiations with key exclusive cooperative newspaper partners to reduce advertising costs and is in consideration to terminate cooperation contracts with newspaper partners that continued to be loss-making;
 - (4) the Group is maximising its efforts to liquidate its assets held for sale with a carrying amount of approximately RMB73,029,000; and
 - (5) the Group is considering to raise new capital by carrying out fund raising activities including but not limited to rights issue, open offer, placing of new shares and issuance of convertible notes.

編製基準(續) 2

2.1 持續經營(續)

- (2) 本集團正積極採取各種措 施控制營運成本,其中包 括精簡本集團營運架構、 調整管理層薪酬及控制行 政開支;
- (3) 本集團正與主要獨家報紙 合作夥伴磋商減少廣告成 本, 並正考慮與持續虧損 的報紙夥伴終止合作合 約;
- (4) 本集團正致力對其賬面金 額約人民幣73,029,000 元的持作出售資產提升銷 售力度以加快變現;及
- (5) 本集團正考慮透過開展籌 資活動以籌集新資金,其 中包括但不限於供股、公 開發售、配售新股及發行 可換股票據。

(Continued)

2 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1 Going concern (Continued)

The Directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections, which cover a period of not less than twelve months from 30 June 2015. The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that, taking into account the above-mentioned measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operation and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due in the next twelve months from 30 June 2015. Accordingly, this condensed consolidated interim financial information has been prepared on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the above, significant uncertainties exist as to whether the Group is able to achieve its plans and measures as described above. Whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern would depend upon the Group's ability to generate adequate financing and operating cash inflows by successfully:

(i) securing bank or other sources of financing, including but not limited to the continuation of the mortgage loans up to their original maturity dates:

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

2 編製基準(續)

2.1 持續經營(續)

儘管如此,本集團能否達成上 並計劃及措施仍存有重大不明 朗因素。本集團能否持續性經 營將視乎本集團能否透過下列 途徑成功產生充足的融資及經 營現金流量:

(i) 獲取銀行或其他融資,包 括但不限於維持按揭貸款 至原有到期日:

(Continued)

- **Basis of preparation** (Continued)
 - **2.1 Going concern** (Continued)
 - (ii) drawdown borrowings from the facility mentioned in (1) above as and when required;
 - (iii) implementing the operational plans and measures to control costs: and
 - (iv) generating and obtaining adequate cash flows from other sources.

Should the Group be unable to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for financial liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and noncurrent liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in this condensed consolidated interim financial information

編製基準(續)

2.1 持續經營(續)

- (ii) 於必要時從上文第(1)項 所述的融資授信中提取借 款;
- (iii) 執行營運計劃和措施以控 制成本;及
- (iv) 產生及獲得充足其他現金 流量。

倘若本集團無法持續經營,則 須作出相關調整,將本集團資 產的賬面值調低至其可收回金 額,就可能產生的金融負債作 出撥備,並將非流動資產及非 流動負債分別重新分類為流動 資產及流動負債。該等調整的 影響並未於本簡明合併中期財 務資料內反映。

(Continued)

3 Accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies applied are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, as described in those annual financial statements.

Taxes on income in the interim periods are accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

(a) New amendments to existing standards effective in 2015 but have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position

Amendments to IAS 19 regarding defined benefit plans. This narrow scope amendment applies to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans. The amendment distinguishes between contributions that are linked to service only in the period in which they arise and those linked to service in more than one period. The amendment allows contributions that are linked to service, and do not vary with the length of employee service, to be deducted from the cost of benefits earned in the period that the service is provided. Contributions that are linked to service, and vary according to the length of employee service, must be spread over the service period using the same attribution method that is applied to the benefits.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

3 會計政策

除下文所述者外,所用會計政策與 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日 止年度的全年財務報表所述 的全年財務報表會計政策一致。

中期期間的所得稅按照預期年度總盈利適用的稅率計算應計稅款。

(a) 於二零一五年生效但對本集團 業績及財務狀況並無重大影響 的現有準則新修訂本

國際會計準則第19號的 修訂本,有關界定福利計 劃。該窄範圍修訂本適用 於僱員或第三方對界定福 利計劃的供款。該修訂本 區分僅與供款產生期間的 服務掛鈎及與一個以上期 間的服務掛鈎的供款。該 修訂本允許與服務掛鈎但 不會隨僱員服務的長短而 變動的供款,自提供服務 期間所賺取福利的成本中 扣減。與服務掛鈎但隨僱 員服務的長短而變動的供 款,必須使用適用於有關 福利的相同歸屬法在服務 期間分攤。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (a) New amendments to existing standards effective in 2015 but have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle". These amendments include the following changes from the 2010-2012 cycle of the annual improvements project:
 - IFRS 2, "Share-based payment"

The amendment clarifies the definition of a "vesting condition" and separately defines "performance condition" and "service condition"

- 會計政策(續) 3
 - (a) 於二零一五年生效但對本集團 業績及財務狀況並無重大影響 的現有準則新修訂本(續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一零 年至二零一二年週期的年 度改進一。該等修訂本包 括以下年度改進項目二零 一零年至二零一二年週期 的變動:
 - o 國際財務報告準則第 2號「以股份為基礎 的付款丨

該修訂本澄清「歸屬 條件丨的定義,分別 界定「表現條件」及 「服務條件」。

(Continued)

- 3 Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (a) New amendments to existing standards effective in 2015 but have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle" (Continued)
 - o IFRS 3, "Business combinations" and consequential amendments to IFRS 9, "Financial instruments", IAS 37, "Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets", and IAS 39, "Financial instruments – Recognition and measurement"

The standard is amended to clarify that an obligation to pay contingent consideration which meets the definition of a financial instrument is classified as a financial liability or as equity, on the basis of the definitions in IAS 32, "Financial instruments: Presentation". All non-equity contingent consideration, both financial and non-financial, is measured at fair value at each reporting date, with changes in fair value recognised in profit and loss.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (a) 於二零一五年生效但對本集團 業績及財務狀況並無重大影響 的現有準則新修訂本(續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一零年至二零一二年週期的年度改進」(續)
 - o 國際財務報告準則第 3號「業務合併」及與 其相應的修訂本第9 號「金融工具」、或有 會計準則第37號「金融 備、或有負國際 廣產」及國際 資產」及國際 到第39號「金融 則第39號「金融 具一確認及計量」。

修訂該準則有金融的所(於價值數計,支如則第32號,到第32號,對於第2號,對於第2號,對於第2號,對於第2號,對於實施,對於實施。對於實施,對於實施,對於實施,對於實施,對於實施,對於實施,對於實施,對於價值,於價值,於價值,於價值,於價值。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (a) New amendments to existing standards effective in 2015 but have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cvcle"(Continued)
 - IFRS 8, "Operating segments"

The standard is amended to require disclosure of the judgements made by management in aggregating operating segments and a reconciliation of segment assets to the entity's assets when segment assets are reported.

IAS 16, "Property, plant and equipment" and IAS 38, "Intangible assets"

> Both standards are amended to clarify how the gross carrying amount and the accumulated depreciation are treated where an entity uses the revaluation model.

- 會計政策(續) 3
 - (a) 於二零一五年生效但對本集團 業績及財務狀況並無重大影響 的現有準則新修訂本(續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一零 年至二零一二年週期的年 度改進 | (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第 8號「經營分類」

修訂該準則旨在要求 披露管理層於合併經 營分類時所作判斷, 以及於報告分類資產 時披露分類資產與實 體資產的對賬。

o 國際會計準則第16號 「物業、廠房及設備」 及國際會計準則第38 號「無形資產」

> 修訂兩項準則旨在潛 清實體使用重估模型 時如何處理賬面總金 額及累計折舊。

(Continued)

- **3** Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (a) New amendments to existing standards effective in 2015 but have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle" (Continued)
 - o IAS 24, "Related Party Disclosures"

The reporting entity is not required to disclose the compensation paid by the management entity (as a related party) to the management entity's employee or directors, but it is required to disclose the amounts charged to the reporting entity by the management entity for services provided.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (a) 於二零一五年生效但對本集團 業績及財務狀況並無重大影響 的現有準則新修訂本(續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一零 年至二零一二年週期的年 度改進」(續)
 - o 國際會計準則第24號 「關連人士披露」

報告實體毋須披露管理實體(作為關連大)向管理實體(作實體僱酬主)向管理實體所實體不實體不可以重事支付的實體不可以重要的實體,所提供服務的金額。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (a) New amendments to existing standards effective in 2015 but have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle". These amendments include the following changes from the 2011-2013 cycle of the annual improvements project:
 - IFRS 3. "Business combinations"

It clarifies that IFRS 3 does not apply to the accounting for the formation of any joint arrangement under IFRS 11 in the financial statements of the ioint arrangement.

IFRS 13, "Fair value measurement"

It clarifies that the portfolio exception in IFRS 13, which allows an entity to measure the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis, applies to all contracts (including nonfinancial contracts) within the scope of IAS 39 or IFRS 9.

- 會計政策(續)
 - (a) 於二零一五年生效但對本集團 業績及財務狀況並無重大影響 的現有準則新修訂本(續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一一 年至二零一三年週期的年 度改進一。該等修訂本包 括以下年度改進項目二零 --年至二零-三年週期 的變動:
 - o 國際財務報告準則第 3號「業務合併」

該修訂本澄清,國際 財務報告準則第3號 不適用於成立國際財 務報告準則第11號下 任何共同安排在共同 安排的財務報表中的 會計處理。

o 國際財務報告準則 第13號「公允價值計 量丨

> 該修訂本澄清,國際 財務報告準則第13 號中的情況適用於屬 國際會計準則第39號 或國際財務報告準則 第9號範圍內的所有 合約(包括非金融合 約)。該準則容許實 體以淨額基準計量一 組金融資產及金融負 债的公允價值。

(Continued)

- **3** Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (a) New amendments to existing standards effective in 2015 but have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle" (Continued)
 - o IAS 40, "Investment property"

Preparers also need to refer to the guidance in IFRS 3 to determine whether the acquisition of an investment property is a business combination

The adoption of these new and revised IFRSs has not led to any significant changes in the accounting policies applied in this condensed consolidated interim financial information, and has no material effect on the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior accounting periods reflected in this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

There are no other amended standards or interpretations that are effective for the first time for this interim period that could be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (a) 於二零一五年生效但對本集團 業績及財務狀況並無重大影響 的現有準則新修訂本(續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一一年至二零一三年週期的年度改進」(續)
 - o 國際會計準則第40號 「投資物業」

編製者於釐定投資物業收購是否屬於業務合併時,需同時參閱國際財務報告準則第3號的指引。

採納此等新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則並無導致此等簡明合併中期財務資料所用會計政策出現任何重大變動,對此等簡明合併中期財務資料所反映簡明合併中期財務資料所反映本集團於當前或過往會計期間的業績及財務狀況亦無重大影響。

概無其他經修訂準則或詮釋於 本中期期間首次生效,而預期 會對本集團造成重大影響。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

The following new standards and amendments to standards have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2015 and have not been early adopted:

Amendment to IAS 1 "Disclosure initiative". The amendments clarify guidance in IAS 1 on materiality and aggregation, the presentation of subtotals, the structure of financial statements and the disclosure of accounting policies.

Although the amendments do not require specific changes, they clarify a number of presentation issues and highlight that preparers are permitted to tailor the format and presentation of the financial statements to their circumstances and the needs of users.

- 會計政策(續) 3
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本

下列新訂準則及準則修訂本已 經頒佈,惟於二零一五年一月 一日開始的財政年度尚未生 效,亦未獲提早採納:

國際會計準則第1號「披 露計劃一的修訂本。該修 訂本澄清國際會計準則第 1號中有關重大程度及合 併、小計的呈列、財務報 表的架構及披露會計政策 的指引。

> 儘管該等修訂本並無規定 明確轉變,惟澄清多項呈 列問題, 並特別指出編製 者可按自身情况及使用者 需要調整財務報表的格式 及呈列方式。

(Continued)

- 3 Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Amendment to IAS 1 "Disclosure initiative" (Continued)

The key areas addressed by the changes are as follows:

- Materiality: an entity should not aggregate or disaggregate information in a manner that obscures useful information. An entity need not provide disclosures if the information is not material:
- Disaggregation and subtotals: the amendments clarify what additional subtotals are acceptable and how they should be presented;
- Notes: an entity is not required to present the notes to the financial statements in a particular order, and management should tailor the structure of their notes to their circumstances and the needs of their users:
- Accounting policies: how to identify a significant accounting policy that should be disclosed;

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際會計準則第1號「披露計劃」的修訂本(續)

有關變動涉及的主要範圍如下:

- o 重大程度:實體不應 以會損害有用資料 的方式合併或分列 資料。倘資料並不重 大,則實體毋須披 露;
- o 分列及小計:該等修 訂本釐清可接受的額 外小計及呈列有關小 計的方式;
- o 附註:實體毋須以特 定次序呈列財務報表 附註,管理層應根據 自身情況及使用者需 要調整附註的結構;
- o 會計政策:應披露的 主要會計政策的識別 方法;

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Amendment to IAS 1 "Disclosure initiative" (Continued)
 - Other comprehensive income from equity accounted investments: other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures should be separated into the share of items that will subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss and those that will not.
 - Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 "Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation". The amendments clarify when a method of depreciation or amortisation based on revenue may be appropriate. The amendment to IAS 16 clarifies that depreciation of an item of property, plant and equipment based on revenue generated by using the asset is not appropriate.

- 會計政策(續) 3
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際會計準則第1號「披 露計劃|的修訂本(續)
 - 來自於權益入賬的投 資的其他全面收益: 聯營公司及合營公司 的其他全面收益應分 為其後會及不會重新 分類至損益賬的應佔 項目部分。
 - 國際會計準則第16號及國 際會計準則第38號的修 訂本「澄清折舊及攤銷的 可接受方法」。此等修訂 本澄清以收入為基準的折 舊或攤銷方法何時嫡合使 用。國際會計準則第16號 的修訂本闡明,以動用資 產所得收入為基準計量物 業、廠房及設備項目折舊 並不適合。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 'Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation" (Continued)

The amendment to IAS 38 establishes a rebuttable presumption that amortisation of an intangible asset based on revenue generated by using the asset is inappropriate. The presumption may only be rebutted in certain limited circumstances:

- where the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue: or
- o where it can be demonstrated that revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.
- Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41 "Agriculture: bearer plants". The amendments change the reporting for bearer plants, such as grape vines, rubber trees and oil palms. Bearer plants should be accounted for in the same way as property, plant and equipment because their operation is similar to that of manufacturing. The amendments include them in the scope of IAS 16 rather than IAS 41. The produce on bearer plants will remain in the scope of IAS 41.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本
 - 國際會計準則第16號及國 際會計準則第38號的修訂 本「澄清折舊及攤銷的可 接受方法 | (續)

國際會計準則第38號的 修訂本確立一項可駁回假 設,以動用資產所得收入 為基準計量無形資產攤銷 並不適合。假設僅可於若 干有限情況駁回:

- o 無形資產表明為收入 的計量方法;或
- 可證明無形資產經濟 利益的收入及耗用有 密切關聯。
- 國際會計準則第16號及國 際會計準則第41號的修訂 本「農業: 生產性植物 |。 該等修訂本變更生產性植 物(如葡萄藤、橡膠樹及 油棕)的報告方式。生產 性植物因業務運作與製造 活動相同,故其入賬方式 應與物業、廠房及設備相 同。該等修訂本將生產性 植物歸入國際會計準則第 16號的範圍內,而非國際 會計準則第41號。 生產性 植物的產物則將保留於國 際會計準則第41號的範圍 內。

87

(Continued)

- 3 Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle". The amendments include changes from the 2012-2014 cycle of the annual improvements project that affect 4 standards:
 - IFRS 5, "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations"

It clarifies that when an asset (or disposal group) is reclassified from "held for sale" to "held for distribution", or vice versa, this does not constitute a change to a plan of sale or distribution, and does not have to be accounted for as such. This means that the asset (or disposal group) does not need to be reinstated in the financial statements as if it had never been classified as "held for sale" or "held for distribution" simply because the manner of disposal has changed. It also explains that the guidance on changes in a plan of sale should be applied to an asset (or disposal group) which ceases to be held for distribution but is not classified as 'held for sale'.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- **3** 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一二年至二零一四年週期的年度改進」。該等修訂本包括年度改進項目二零一二年至二零一四年週期的變動,影響四項準則:
 - o 國際財務報告準則第 5號「持作出售非流 動資產及終止經營業 務」

該項改進澄清,當 資產(或出售組別) 由「持作出售」重新 分類為「持作分銷」 時,或在情況相反 時,重新分類並不構 成出售或分銷計劃改 變,亦毋須就此進行 會計處理。意即資產 (或出售組別)毋須 純粹因出售方式改變 而於財務報表重列, 猶如從未被分類為 「持作出售 | 或 「持作 分銷」。該修訂本亦 説明,有關出售計劃 改變的指引應適用於 不再持有作分銷用途 亦無被分類為「持作 出售一的資產(或出 售組別)。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle" (Continued)
 - IFRS 7, "Financial instruments: Disclosures". There are two amendments:
 - i) Service contracts

If an entity transfers a financial asset to a third party under conditions which allow the transferor to derecognise the asset, IFRS 7 requires disclosure of all types of continuing involvement that the entity might still have in the transferred assets It provides guidance about what is meant by continuing involvement. There is a consequential amendment to IFRS 1 to give the same relief to first time adopters.

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一二 年至二零一四年週期的年 度改進 | (續)
 - o 國際財務報告準則 第7號「金融工具:披 露 | 。共有兩項修訂 本:
 - i) 服務合約

倘實體將金融資 產轉讓予第三 方,而轉讓條件 容許出讓人終止 確認該資產,則 國際財務報告準 則第7號要求披 露該實體可能於 已轉讓資產中仍 然擁有的各類型 持續參與。該修 訂本提供有關持 續參與涵義的指 引。國際財務報 告準則第1號作 出相應修訂,向 首次採納者提供 相同濟助。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle" (Continued)
 - IFRS 7, "Financial instruments: Disclosures" (Continued)
 - ii) Interim financial statements It clarifies the additional disclosure required by the amendments to IFRS 7, "Disclosure - offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities" is not specifically required for all interim periods, unless required by IAS 34.

- 會計政策(續) 3
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一二 年至二零一四年週期的年 度改進 | (續)
 - o 國際財務報告準則 第7號「金融工具:披 露 | (續)
 - ii) 中期財務報表 該修訂本澄清, 國際財務報告準 則第7號的修訂 本「披露一抵銷 金融資產及金融 負債」雖然要求 作出額外披露, 但並無特別要求 所有中期期間均 須作出,除非國 際會計準則第34 號有所要求,則 作別論。

(Continued)

- **3** Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle" (Continued)
 - o IAS 19, "Employee benefits"

It clarifies when determining the discount rate for postemployment benefit obligations, it is the currency that the liabilities are denominated in that is important, not the country where they arise. The assessment of whether there is a deep market in high-quality corporate bonds is based on corporate bonds in that currency, not corporate bonds in a particular country. Similarly, where there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds in that currency, government bonds in the relevant currency should be used.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一二年至二零一四年週期的年度改進」(續)
 - o 國際會計準則第19號 「僱員福利」

該離現任責評否乃的定同計並使債項職率的任估具基公國樣值無用強溫和重貨的公度該券公倘質市貨潛,任的外國司市貨,司以公場的公度該券公倘質市貨幣國司市貨,司以公場的的是而。券時計非券貨債則政策的是,值特。幣券應府定貼責非於是,值特。幣券應府

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Annual Improvement Project, "Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle" (Continued)
 - o IAS 34, "Interim financial reporting"

It clarifies what is meant by the reference in the standard to "information disclosed elsewhere in the interim financial report". It also amends IAS 34 to require a crossreference from the interim financial statements to the location of that information.

Amendment to IAS 27 "Equity method in separate financial statements". The amendment allows entities to use equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements.

- 會計政策(續) 3
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 年度改進項目「二零一二 年至二零一四年週期的年 度改進 | (續)
 - o 國際會計準則第34號 「中期財務報告」

該項改進澄清該準則 中「於中期財務報告 其他部分披露的資 料 | 的涵義,亦修訂 國際會計準則第34 號,要求中期財務報 表與該資料所在位置 作交叉參考。

• 國際會計準則第27號的修 訂本「獨立財務報表的權 益法 |。該修訂本容許實 體於獨立財務報表使用權 益法將於附屬公司、合資 公司及聯營公司的投資入 賬。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture". The amendments address an inconsistency between IFRS 10 and IAS 28 in the sale and contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture.

A full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business. A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if those assets are in a subsidiary.

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第10號 及國際會計準則第28號的 修訂本「投資者與其聯營 公司或合資公司之間的銷 售及資產出資」。該修訂 本處理國際財務報告準則 第10號與國際會計準則第 28號之間有關投資者與其 聯營公司或合資公司之間 的銷售及資產出資的不一 致情況。

交易如涉及一項業務,則 確認全部收益或虧損。交 易如涉及不構成業務的資 產(即使該等資產屬一間 附屬公司所有),則確認 部分收益或虧損。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 "Investment entities: applying the consolidation exception". The amendments clarify the application of the consolidation exception for investment entities and their subsidiaries

The amendments to IFRS 10 clarify that the exception from preparing consolidated financial statements is available to intermediate parent entities which are subsidiaries of investment entities. The exception is available when the investment entity parent measures its subsidiaries at fair value. The intermediate parent would also need to meet the other criteria for exception listed in IFRS 10.

- 會計政策(續) 3
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第10 號、國際財務報告準則第 12號及國際會計準則第 28號的修訂本「投資實 體:應用合併入賬的例外 情況」。該等修訂本澄清 有關投資實體及其附屬公 司應用合併入賬的例外情 況。

國際財務報告準則第10 號的修訂本澄清,為投資 實體附屬公司的中間母公 司可獲豁免編製合併財務 報表。投資實體母公司如 以公允價值計量其附屬 公司,即可作例外情况處 理。中間母公司亦需符合 國際財務報告準則第10 號所列其他例外情況的準 則。

(Continued)

- 3 Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 "Investment entities: applying the consolidation exception" (Continued)

The amendments also clarify that an investment entity should consolidate a subsidiary which is not an investment entity and which provides services in support of the investment entity's investment activities, such that it acts as an extension of the investment entity. However, the amendments also confirm that if the subsidiary is itself an investment entity, the investment entity parent should measure its investment in the subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss. This approach is required regardless of whether the subsidiary provides investment-related services to the parent or to third parties.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第10 號、國際財務報告準則第 12號及國際會計準則第 28號的修訂本「投資實體:應用合併入賬的例外 情況」(續)

該等修訂本亦澄清,投資 實體的附屬公司如不屬投 資實體,且提供服務支持 投資實體的投資活動,則 該投資實體應將該附屬公 司合併入賬,猶如該附屬 公司為該投資實體的延伸 部分。然而,該修訂本亦 確認,該附屬公司本身如 屬投資實體,則投資實體 母公司應按公允價值計入 損益賬計量其於該附屬公 司的投資。不論該附屬公 司有否向母公司或第三方 提供投資相關服務,均需 使用此方法。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 "Investment entities: applying the consolidation exception" (Continued)

The amendments to IAS 28 allow an entity which is not an investment entity, but has an interest in an associate or a joint venture which is an investment entity, a relief to retain the fair value measurement applied by the investment entity associate or joint venture, or to unwind the fair value measurement and instead perform a consolidation at the level of the investment entity associate or joint venture for their subsidiaries when applying the equity method.

- 會計政策(續) 3
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第10 號、國際財務報告準則第 12號及國際會計準則第 28號的修訂本「投資實 體:應用合併入賬的例外 情況」(續)

國際會計準則第28號的修 訂本給予本身並非投資實 體但於屬投資實體的聯營 公司或合資公司擁有權益 的實體給予寬免,容許其 保留投資實體聯營公司或 合資公司所用的公允價值 計量,或於應用權益法時 取消公允價值計量,改為 於投資實體聯營公司或合 資公司層面將其附屬公司 合併入賬。

(Continued)

- 3 Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - Amendment to IFRS 11 "Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operation". The amendment requires an investor to apply the principles of business combination accounting when it acquires an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a "business" (as defined in IFRS 3, Business combinations. Specifically, an investor will need to:
 - o measure identifiable assets and liabilities at fair value;
 - expense acquisition-related costs;
 - o recognise deferred tax; and
 - o recognise the residual as goodwill.

All other principles of business combination accounting apply unless they conflict with IFRS 11. The amendment is applicable to both the acquisition of the initial interest and a further interest in a joint operation. The previously held interest is not remeasured when the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation with joint control maintained.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

3 會計政策(續)

- (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第11 號的修訂本「收購共同 號的修訂本「收購共同 號的修訂本要求投資者」。 。 以資者成「業務」(完 , 是國際財務報告準則第3 號「業務合併」)的共 務的權益時,應用業務 併會計法的原則。 具體而 言,投資者將需:
 - o 以公允價值計量可識 別資產及負債;
 - o 支銷收購相關成本;
 - o 確認遞延税項;及
 - o 將餘值確認為商譽。

(Continued)

- **3** Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments". IFRS 9 (2014), "Financial instruments" replaces the whole of IAS 39. IFRS 9 has three financial asset classification categories for investments in debt instruments: amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("OCI") and fair value through profit or loss. Classification is driven by the entity's business model for managing the debt instruments and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Investments in equity instruments are always measured at fair value. However, management can make an irrevocable election to present changes in fair value in OCI. provided the instrument is not held for trading. If the equity instrument is held for trading, changes in fair value are presented in profit or loss. For financial liabilities there are two classification categories: amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss. Where non-derivative financial liabilities are designated at fair value through profit or loss, the changes in the fair value due to changes in the liability's own credit risk are recognised in OCI, unless such changes in fair value would create an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case, all fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss. There is no subsequent recycling of the amounts in OCI to profit or loss. For financial liabilities held for trading (including derivative financial liabilities), all changes in fair value are presented in profit or loss

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第9號 「金融工具」。 國際財務報 告準則第9號(二零一四 年)「金融工具|完全取 代國際會計準則第39號。 國際財務報告準則第9號 就債務工具投資訂有三項 金融資產分類類別:攤銷 成本、按公允價值計入其 他全面收益及按公允價值 計入損益賬。分類依據實 體管理債務工具的業務模 式及債務工具的合約現金 流特色決定。權益工具投 資始終按公允價值計量。 然而,管理層可以不可撤 銷地選擇在其他全面收 益中呈列公允價值的變 動,惟權益工具不得為作 買賣用涂而持有。如權益 工具乃為作買賣用途而持 有,則其公允價值的變動 於損益賬呈列。金融負債 訂有兩個分類類別:攤銷 成本及按公允價值計入損 益賬。倘非衍生金融負債 指定為按公允價值計入損 益賬,因負債本身的信貸 風險變動而產生的公允價 值變動於其他全面收益確 認,除非該等公允價值變 動會在損益賬造成會計錯 配,在此情況下,則所有 公允價值變動於損益賬確 認。隨後毋須將有關金額 從其他全面收益調整到 損益賬。至於持作買賣金 融負債(包括衍生金融負 債),所有公允價值變動 於損益賬呈列。

(Continued)

- **3** Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments" (Continued)

IERS 9 introduces a new model for the recognition of impairment losses - the expected credit losses (ECL) model, which constitutes a change from the incurred loss model in IAS 39. IFRS 9 contains a "three stage" approach, which is based on the change in credit quality of financial assets since initial recognition. Assets move through the three stages as credit quality changes and the stages dictate how an entity measures impairment losses and applies the effective interest rate method. The new rules mean that on initial recognition of a non-credit impaired financial asset carried at amortised cost a day-1 loss equal to the 12-month ECL is recognised in profit or loss. In the case of accounts receivables this day-1 loss will be equal to their lifetime ECL. Where there is a significant increase in credit risk, impairment is measured using lifetime ECL rather than 12-month FCI

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第9號 「金融工具 | (續)

國際財務報告準則第9號 為確認減值虧損引入新模 型-預期信貸虧損模型, 取代國際會計準則第39號 中的已產生虧損模式。國 際財務報告準則第9號載 有一個「三階段|方法, 此方法以初始確認後金融 資產信貸質素的變動為基 礎。資產隨信貸質素變動 於三個階段內轉變,不同 階段決定實體對減值虧損 的計量方法及實際利率法 的運用方式。新規則意味 着,初始確認未發生信貸 減值的金融資產時,必須 以12個月內的預期信貸虧 損作為首日虧損,按攤銷 成本於損益賬確認。如屬 貿易應收款項,則此首日 損失將相等於其整個生命 期的預期信貸虧損。倘信 貸風險顯著增加,則使用 整個生命期的預期信貸虧 損(而非12個月內的預期 信貸虧損)計量減值。

(Continued)

- 3 Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments" (Continued)

IFRS 9 applies to all hedging relationships, with the exception of portfolio fair value hedges of interest rate risk. The new guidance better aligns hedge accounting with the risk management activities of an entity and provides relief from the more "rule-based" approach of IAS 39.

• IFRS 14, "Regulatory deferral accounts". IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts, describes regulatory deferral account balances as amounts of expense or income that would not be recognised as assets or liabilities in accordance with other standards, but that qualify to be deferred in accordance with IFRS 14 because the amount is included, or is expected to be included, by the rate regulator in establishing the price(s) that an entity can charge to customers for rate-regulated goods or services.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第9號 「金融工具 | (續)

國際財務報告準則第9號 適用於所有對沖關係,惟利率風險的組合性公允價值對沖除外。此新指引使對沖會計處理更能配合實體的風險管理活動,且就國際會計準則第39號「以規則為本」的方針給予寬免。

(Continued)

- **3** Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - IFRS 14, "Regulatory deferral accounts" (Continued)

IFRS 14 permits eligible first-time adopters of IFRS to continue their previous GAAP rate-regulated accounting policies, with limited changes. IFRS 14 requires separate presentation of regulatory deferral account balances in the balance sheet and of movements in those balances in the statement of comprehensive income. Disclosures are required to identify the nature of, and risk associated with, the form of rate regulation that has given rise to the recognition of regulatory deferral account balances

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第14號 「監管遞延賬目」(*續*)

(Continued)

- 3 Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining when to recognise revenue and how much revenue to recognise through a 5-step approach: (1) Identify the contract(s) with customer: (2) Identify separate performance obligations in a contract (3) Determine the transaction price (4) Allocate transaction price to performance obligations and (5) recognise revenue when performance obligation is satisfied. The core principle is that a company should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to the customer in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. It moves away from a revenue recognition model based on an "earnings processes" to an "asset-liability" approach based on transfer of control.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第15 號「客戶合約收入」。國際 財務報告準則第15號確立 完備框架, 通過五個步驟 釐定何時確認收入及確認 多少收入: (1)識別客戶合 約;(2)識別合約中的獨立 履約責任;(3)釐定交易價 格;(4)分配交易價格至履 約責任;及(5)於完成履約 責任時確認收入。此準則 的核心原則為公司應確認 收入,以述明按反映公司 預期可诱過交換已約定貨 品或服務享有的代價的金 額向客戶移交該等貨品或 服務。此準則從基於「盈 利猧程 | 的收入確認模型 轉向基於控制權轉移的 「資產-負債」法。

(Continued)

- 3 Accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (Continued)

IFRS 15 provides specific guidance on capitalisation of contract cost and licence arrangements. It also includes a cohesive set of disclosure requirements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity's contracts with customers.

IFRS 15 replaces the previous revenue standards: IAS 18 Revenue and IAS 11 Construction Contracts, and the related Interpretations on revenue recognition: IFRIC 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers and SIC-31 Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 3 會計政策(續)
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)
 - 國際財務報告準則第15號 「客戶合約收入」(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號就合約成本資本化及特許權安排提供具體指引。此準則亦就實體的客戶合約所產生的收入及現金流分的性質、金額、時點及內時期因素設定一套嚴密的披露規定。

國際財務報告準則第15號 取代了過往的收入準則: 國際會計準則第18號「收 入 | 及國際會計準則第11 號「興建合約」,以及有 關收入確認的相關詮釋: 國際財務報告詮釋委員 會第13號「客戶忠誠度計 劃一、國際財務報告詮釋 委員會第15號「有關興建 房地產的協議」、國際財 務報告詮釋委員會第18號 「從客戶轉移資產 | 及詮 釋常務委員會第31號「收 入一涉及廣告服務的易貨 交易 |。

(Continued)

- **Accounting policies** (Continued)
 - (b) New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)

There are no other IFRSs or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that were applied to the consolidated financial statements for the vear ended 31 December 2014.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 會計政策(續) 3
 - (b) 尚未生效及本集團尚未提早採 納的新訂準則及準則修訂本 (續)

概無其他國際財務報告準則或 國際財務報告詮釋委員會詮釋 尚未生效,而預期會對本集團 造成重大影響。

估計

管理層於編製簡明合併中期財務資 料時需要作出判斷、估計及假設, 而此等判斷、估計及假設會影響會 計政策的應用以及資產負債及收 支的已呈報金額。實際結果可能有 別於此等估計。

於編製此等簡明合併中期財務資 料時,管理層就應用本集團會計政 策作出的重大判斷及估計不確定 性的主要來源與截至二零一四年 十二月三十一日止年度的合併財 務報表所應用者相同。

(Continued)

5 Financial risk management and financial instruments

5.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group has not used any derivative financial instruments to hedge its risk exposure.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2014

There have been no changes in any risk management policies of the Group during the six months ended 30 June 2015.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

5 財務風險管理及金融工具

5.1 財務風險因素

本集團的業務承受多項財務 風險:市場風險(包括貨幣風險、公允價值利率風險及價值利率風險及價值利率風險及價值, 這貨風險及流動資金風險。 集團的整體風險管理計劃事功 於金融市場的不可預測事財財 並尋求盡量減低對本集團財 表現的潛在不利影響。本中, 務團 並無採用任何衍生金融工具對 沖其所面對的風險。

簡明合併中期財務資料不包括 全年財務報表規定提供的所有 財務風險管理資料及披露資料,並應與本集團於二零一四 年十二月三十一日的全年財務 報表一併閱覽。

截至二零一五年六月三十日止 六個月,本集團的風險管理政 策並無變動。

(Continued)

- 5 Financial risk management and financial instruments (Continued)
 - **5.1 Financial risk factors** (Continued) Liquidity risk

On 29 January 2015, the Group obtained mortgage loans amounting to RMB15,470,000 to finance the Group's acquisition of a property. The mortgage loans were drawn on 27 February 2015, maturity of the mortgage term is 7 years with floating interest adjusted quarterly. Additionally, the Group has obtained a bank borrowing facility of RMB20,000,000 on 6 March 2015, which was undrawn during the period ended 30 June 2015. The facility will be expired on 5 March 2016. Details of the bank borrowings are disclosed in Note 14

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 5 財務風險管理及金融工具(續)
 - 5.1 財務風險因素(續)

流動資金風險

下表乃根據由結算日至合約到 期日止剩餘期間,將本集團的 金融負債劃分為相關到期日組 別的分析。表中披露的金額為 合約未貼現現金流。

(Continued)

Financial risk management and financial 5 財務風險管理及金融工具(續) instruments (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

Specifically, for bank borrowings which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the bank's discretion, the analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the entity can be required to pay.

5.1 財務風險因素(續)

流動資金風險(續)

具體而言,對於載有銀行可酌 情行使的應要求償還條款的銀 行借款,以下分析所示現金流 出量乃以實體可能被要求付款 的最早期限為基礎。

		Less than 1 year 一年以內 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Over 1 year -年以上 <i>RMB'000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i>	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
At 30 June 2015	於二零一五年 六月三十日			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他			
	應付款項	16,432	-	16,432
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連人士 款項	747	_	747
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	14,733	_	14,733
, and the second		·		
		31,912	-	31,912
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日			
Trade and other payables Amounts due to related	貿易及其他應付款項 應付關連人士款項	24,872	-	24,872
parties		1,231		1,231
		26,103	-	26,103

(Continued)

Financial risk management and financial instruments (Continued)

5.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total assets, as shown in the interim condensed consolidated balance sheet. During the period, the Group's strategy was to maintain a gearing ratio below 40%

財務風險管理及金融工具(續) 5

5.2 資本風險管理

在資本管理上,本集團的目標 為保障本集團以持續經營基準 繼續營運的能力,務求為股東 提供回報及為其他持份者帶來 利益,以及維持最適度的資本 架構以減省資金成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集 團或會調整派付予股東的股息 額、發行新股或出售資產以削 減債項。

本集團根據資產負債比率監察 資本。該比率按中期簡明合併 資產負債表所示的借款總額除 以總資產計算。本集團於期內 的策略是將資產負債比率維持 在40%以下。

(Continued)

5 Financial risk management and financial instruments (Continued)

5.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the following financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values as all of them are short-term in nature: cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, amounts due from related parties, short-term deposits, trade and other payables, amounts due to related parties and bank borrowings.

The Group classifies fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

5 財務風險管理及金融工具(續)

5.3 公允價值估計

以下金融資產及金融負債的賬面金額與其公允價值相若, 面金額與其公允價值相若, 力由於彼等均屬短期性質 致:現金及現金等值項目、 易及其他應收款項、應收關孕 大士款項、短期存款、質易及 其他應付款項、應付關連人士 款項及銀行借款。

本集團按下列公允價值計量架 構等級劃分公允價值計量:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍 市場的報價(未經調整) (第一級)。
- 資產或負債的可直接(即按價格)或間接(即衍生自價格)觀察的輸入數據(惟納入第一級內的報價除外)(第二級)。
- 非依據可觀察市場數據的 資產或負債輸入數據(即 不可觀察輸入數據)(第 三級)。

(Continued)

5 Financial risk management and financial instruments (Continued)

5.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

As at 30 June 2015, there are certain long term investments, deposits and other receivables and interests in associates measured at value in use using the discounted cash flow method which is approximate to their fair values. See Note 9 for disclosures relevant to interests in associates and Note 11 (vii) for disclosures relevant to long term investments, deposits and other receivables.

6 Segment information

The Executive Directors have been identified as the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). Management determined the operating segments based on the information reviewed by the CODM for the purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance.

The CODM assesses the performance of the Group's publishing and advertising businesses from both geographic and product perspectives. From a product perspective, management takes into consideration of the economic benefits of publishing and advertising businesses as a whole when executing a centralised assessment of the performance as the CODM considers they are mutually dependent and inseparable. Geographically, management considers the Group's publishing and advertising businesses activities are included in a single reportable segment in accordance with IFRS 8 "Operating segments". As such, no segment information is presented.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

5 財務風險管理及金融工具(續)

5.3 公允價值估計(續)

於二零一五年六月三十日,若 干長期投資、按金及其他應 款項以及於聯營公司的權益利 用貼現現金流量法按使用價值 計量,其使用價值與其公允 值相若。於聯營公司的權益的 相關披露見附註9,而長期的 資、按金及其他應收款項的 關披露則見附註11(vii)。

6 分類資料

執行董事被認定為首席營運決策 人。管理層根據首席營運決策人分 配資源及評估表現時審閱的資料 釐定經營分類。

(Continued)

7 Revenue

Revenue from external customers is derived from the provision of newspaper advertising services to advertisers in the PRC, online services, including electronic dissemination of publication and provision of online system development services to newspaper publishers, and the provision of marketing, distribution management, consulting and printing services, television and radio advertising, and outdoor advertising services and activities. Analysis of the revenue by category is as follows:

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

收入 7

來自外部客戶的收入源於向中國 廣告客戶提供報紙廣告服務,網絡 服務(包括出版物的電子分發及向 報紙出版商提供網上系統開發服 務),以及提供營銷、分銷管理、諮 詢及印刷服務、電視及電台廣告, 以及戶外廣告服務及活動。按類別 劃分的收入分析如下:

Six months

Six months

ended	ended
30 June 2015	30 June 2014
截至	截至
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	六月三十日
止六個月	止六個月
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Unaudited
未經審核	未經審核
28,172	68,307
735	1,793
12,842	20,389
12,042	
	1,731
41,749	92,220

Newspaper advertising
Online services
Marketing, distribution management,
consulting and printing services, and
outdoor advertising services and activities
Television and radio advertising

報紙廣告	
網絡服務	
營銷、分銷管理、諮詢及	
H 27 77 27 H 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
印刷服務以及戶外廣告	
服務及活動	
電視及電台廣告	

(Continued)

intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and 8 物業、廠房及設備以及無形資產

Property,

		plant and equipment 物業、廠房及	Intangible assets
		設備	無形資產
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Unaudited	Unaudited
		未經審核	未經審核
Six months ended 30 June 2015	截至二零一五年六月三十日止 六個月		
Net book value	賬面淨值		
Opening amount as at 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日的		
	期初金額	40,107	18,150
Additions	添置	329	-
Disposals	出售	(3,357)	-
Disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	(503)	(51)
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(4,515)	(685)
Closing net carrying amount as at	於二零一五年六月三十日的		
30 June 2015	期末賬面淨額	32,061	17,414
Six months ended 30 June 2014	截至二零一四年六月三十日止 六個月		
Net book value	賬面淨值		
Opening amount as at 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日的		
	期初金額	55,146	21,466
Additions	添置	1,208	29
Disposals	出售	(139)	(9)
Disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	(32)	-
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(5,119)	(2,302)
Closing net carrying amount as at	於二零一四年六月三十日的		
30 June 2014	期末賬面淨額	51,064	19,184

(Continued)

9 Interests in associates

9 於聯營公司的權益

Six months

Six months

		ended	ended
	30 J	une 2015	30 June 2014
		截至	截至
	=	零一五年	二零一四年
	<u> </u>	月三十日	六月三十日
		止六個月	止六個月
		RMB'000	RMB'000
	J	民幣千元	人民幣千元
	U	naudited	Unaudited
		未經審核	未經審核
Balance at the beginning of the period 期初	結餘	9,121	59,993
3 3 1	除税後虧損	(4,115)	(859)
	營公司的權益的	(, - ,	,
•	值撥備	(5,006)	
Balance at the end of the period 期末	結餘	_	59,134

As at 30 June 2015, the carrying amount of the Group's interests in associates represented its 34% equity interest in Skybroad International Limited ("Skybroad") and its 30% interest in Beijing HanDing Advertisement Co., Limited ("Beijing HanDing"). The Group's interest in Skybroad includes a quasi-equity loan of RMB680,000 to Skybroad, which is unsecured and interest-free.

於二零一五年六月三十日,本集團於聯營公司的權益的賬面金額指其於Skybroad International Limited (「Skybroad」)的34%股本權益及其於北京漢鼎廣告有限公司(「北京漢鼎」)的30%權益。本集團於Skybroad的權益包括於Skybroad的無抵押及免息準股本性質貸款人民幣680,000元。

(Continued)

9 Interests in associates (Continued)

Interests in associates are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate there may be diminution in the associates' value. Impairment tests were performed by comparing the attributable carrying amounts of the interests in associates with the recoverable amounts for the six months period ended 30 June 2015.

Full impairment provision of RMB282,000 during the period ended 30 June 2015 was made for Beijing HanDing after the management has assessed the business performance and the significant diminution of a key revenue stream for the associate.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

9 於聯營公司的權益(續)

每當有事件出現或情況轉變,顯示聯營公司可能出現減值時,本集團會就於聯營公司的權益審閱減值。 截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月期間,於聯營公司的權益的應 佔賬面金額曾與可收回金額作比較,以進行減值測試。

截至二零一五年六月三十日止期間,於管理層評估北京漢鼎的業務表現及主要收入大減後,就該聯營公司作出全數減值撥備人民幣282,000元。

(Continued)

9 Interests in associates (Continued)

For Skybroad, impairment provision totalling RMB4,724,000 was recognised in view of the decline in revenue due to competition from incumbent competitors in the voice over internet protocol industry and the loss of major customers for the business during the period ended 30 June 2015. The recoverable amount was based on estimated discounted cash flows. The impairment assessment for Skybroad includes assumptions of net cash receipts generated from the respective associates. The projection is based on significant unobservable inputs which were reviewed and approved by the Directors and are summarised as follows:

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

9 於聯營公司的權益(續)

Skybroad方面,截至二零一五年六月三十日止期間,鑑於來自互聯網語音系統行業競爭對手的競爭等致收入下跌,加上該業務流失主共團確認減值撥備合民幣4,724,000元。可收回金額等人以估計貼現現金流量為基準計算。Skybroad的減值評估包括收款可關聯營公司所產生的現金收款到額。預測以經董事審閱及批准的越來可觀察輸入數據為基礎,概述如下:

Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable input
不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據的範圍
Future revenue growth	2.0% to 5.0% per annum
未來收入增長率	年增長率2.0%至5.0%
Discount rate	22.0%
貼現率	22.0%

Relationship of unobservable input to value in use 不可觀察輸入數據與 使用價值的關係

The higher the revenue growth, the higher the value in use 收入增幅愈高,使用價值則愈高

The higher the discount rate, the lower the value in use 貼現率愈高,使用價值則愈低

(Continued)

9 Interests in associates (Continued)

In determining the revenue growth rates and discount rates, management has made references to the future and long-term forecast quoted by industry research reports.

There were no changes in valuation technique during the period.

Skybroad and Beijing HanDing are private companies and there are no quoted market price available for their shares. There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interests in Skybroad and Beijing HanDing.

The Group's share of the results in Skybroad and its aggregated assets and liabilities are shown below:

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

9 於聯營公司的權益(續)

於釐定收入增長率及貼現率時,管理層已參照行業研究報告所報的 未來及長遠預測。

估值技術於期內並無變動。

Skybroad及北京漢鼎為私人公司,故該等公司的股份並無可供參閱的市場報價。本集團並無有關於 Skybroad及北京漢鼎權益的或有 負債。

下文載列本集團應佔Skybroad業 績及其總資產與負債:

Six months

30 June 2015

ended

Six months

30 June 2014

ended

截至	截至
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	六月三十日
止六個月	止六個月
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Unaudited
未經審核	未經審核
14,905	181,598
(14,967)	(7,674)
2,378	6,563
(4,076)	(859)
34%	34%
	二零一五年 六月三十日 止六個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i> Unaudited 未經審核 14,905 (14,967) 2,378 (4,076)

Assets 資產
Liabilities 負債
Revenue 收入
Share of loss 應佔虧損

Percentage held 持有百分比

(Continued)

10 Trade receivables – net

10 貿易應收款項-淨額

		As at 30 June 2015 於 二零一五年	As at 31 December 2014 於 二零一四年
		六月三十日 <i>RMB'000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i> Unaudited 未經審核	十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i> Audited 經審核
Trade receivables Less: provision for impairment of trade receivables	貿易應收款項 減:貿易應收款項減值撥備	77,250	83,904 (38,411)
Trade receivables – net	貿易應收款項-淨額	36,815	45,493

(Continued)

10 Trade receivables – net (Continued)

The payment terms with customers are mainly cash on delivery and on credit. The credit periods range from 30 days to 365 days after end of the month in which the relevant sales occurred. Aging analysis of the Group's trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

10 貿易應收款項-淨額(續)

客戶主要按貨到付現及以記賬方式 付款。信貸期由作出相關銷售當月 結束起計介平30日至365日不等。 本集團的貿易應收款項根據發票 日期的賬齡分析如下:

		As at	As at
		30 June	31 December
		2015	2014
		於	於
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Unaudited	Audited
		未經審核	經審核
1 – 30 days	1至30日	3,663	8,739
31 – 60 days	31至60日	6,022	7,609
61 – 90 days	61至90日	4,018	4,263
91 – 180 days	91至180日	7,184	20,258
181 – 365 days	181至365日	23,389	19,901
Over 1 year	一年以上	32,974	23,134
		77,250	83,904
Less: provision for impairment on	減:貿易應收款項減值撥備	,	, , , , ,
trade receivables		(40,435)	(38,411)
Trade receivables – net	貿易應收款項-淨額	36,815	45,493
naue receivables – fiet	其勿憑収款與一序領	30,013	45,493

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in RMB

本集團貿易應收款項的賬面金額 以人民幣計值。

(Continued)

10 Trade receivables – net (Continued)

As at 30 June 2015, trade receivables of RMB11,394,000 (31 December 2014: RMB6,380,000) were past due but not impaired. These receivables relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of defaults and the repayment periods are consistent with the Group's practice.

As at 30 June 2015, trade receivables of RMB40,435,000 (31 December 2014: RMB38,411,000) were impaired and provided for. For the six months ended 30 June 2015, the amounts of the provision charged to the interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income was RMB2,024,000 (30 June 2014: reversal of provision on trade receivable credit was RMB774,000).

The provision was made as management has determined that the ability of the debtors to repay the trade receivables has deteriorated. This provision amount was determined in line with the Group's policies and historical practice, where management has reviewed the relevant debtors' current creditworthiness and past payment history.

For the six months ended 30 June 2015, trade receivables of RMB699,000 were directly written-off to the interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income (30 June 2014: Nil).

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

10 貿易應收款項-淨額(續)

於二零一五年六月三十日,貿易應收款項人民幣11,394,000元(二零一四年十二月三十一日:人民幣6,380,000元)已逾期但並未減值。該等應收款項乃有關近期並無違約紀錄的多名獨立客戶,且還款期與本集團慣例一致。

於二零一五年六月三十日,貿易應收款項人民幣40,435,000元(二零一四年十二月三十一日:人民幣38,411,000元)已減值並計提撥備。截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月,於中期簡明合併全面收益表扣除的撥備金額為人民幣2,024,000元(二零一四年六月三十日:計入貿易應收款項撥備撥回金額人民幣774,000元)。

由於管理層認為該等貿易應收款項的債務人的還款能力已下降,因而計提撥備。釐定該撥備金額的基準與本集團政策和過往慣例相符,而管理層已審視相關債務人現時的信用狀況及還款紀錄。

截至二零一五年六月三十日止六個月,貿易應收款項人民幣699,000元直接於中期簡明合併全面收益表撇銷(二零一四年六月三十日:無)。

(Continued)

11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables – net

11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額

2015 2 於 二零一五年 二零一	一日 ′000
	四年 一日 '000
	000
六月三十日 十二月三十一	
RMB'000 RMB' 人民幣千元 人民幣・	7-7-
	lited
未經審核 經濟	審核
Non current portion 非流動部分 Prepayment for long term investments 長期投資的預付款項	
(note (i)) (附註(i)) 173,000 173, Prepayment for acquisition of a property 收購一項物業的預付款項	.000
all and a second a	,694
	,000
287,164 271,	,694
Less: provisions for impairment (note (vii)) 减:減值撥備(附註(vii)) (246,	400)
Prepayments, deposits and other 預付款項、按金及其他	
receivables – net 應收款項-淨額 37,164 25,	,294
Current portion 流動部分	
Prepayments to newspaper publishers and others (note (iv))	E / 2
Deposits and other receivables (note (v)) 按金及其他應收款項	342
(附註(v)) 46,063 47,	,949
Receivable from Yueyang City Intermediate 應收岳陽市中級人民法院款項 People's Court (note (vi)) (附註(vi))	,000
289,299 313,	491
Less: provisions for impairment (note (vii)) 减:減值撥備(附註(vii)) (269,218) (291,	218)
Prepayments, deposits and other 預付款項、按金及其他	
	,273

(Continued)

11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables – net (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's prepayments, deposits and other receivables are denominated in RMB.

(i) Prepayment for long term investments

As at 30 June 2015, prepayment for long term investments represents cash paid by the Group to two (31 December 2014: two) metropolitan newspaper publishers in the PRC in relation to the potential establishment of joint ventures ("JV") with these metropolitan newspaper publishers. During the year ended 31 December 2014, Lifestyle Express has obtained official approval from the respective local government authority, while Southeast Express made a preliminary consensus with the local council regarding the establishment of a JV with the Group.

Beginning from 30 June 2015, Lifestyle Express has ceased publication due to financial difficulties. The Directors reviewed the recoverable amount of the prepayment for long term investments made to Lifestyle Express and made full provision for the remaining balance for long term investments made to Lifestyle Express amounting to RMB3,600,000. The Directors assessed the probability of recovering the Group's investment costs to be remote.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)

本集團的預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的賬面金額以人民幣計值。

(i) 長期投資的預付款項

生活新報社因財政困難而由二零一五年六月三十日起停刊。 有鑑於此,董事已檢討就預明 投資向生活新報社作出的預付 款項的可收回金額,並就預付 活新報社作出的長期投行 餘下結餘作出全數撥備人民 幣3,600,000元。董事评估, 收回本集團投資成本的可能性 甚微。

(Continued)

- 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables net (Continued)
 - (i) Prepayment for long term investments (Continued)

Details of management's assessments of the recoverability of prepayment for long term investments are set out in Note 11 (vii).

(ii) Prepayment for acquisition of a property

As at 30 June 2015, prepayment for acquisition of a property represents the prepayment paid by the Group to Xiamen Information Group Ltd. for the purchase of level 23 and 24 of the research and development building no. A01 situated in the first phase of Xiamen Software Park III. Total consideration for the property is RMB22,164,000. The initial down payment of RMB6,694,000 was paid by the Group to the seller before 31 December 2014. During the period ended 30 June 2015, the Group made a further prepayment of RMB15,470,000 which was financed by mortgage loans on the property granted by a bank to the Group. Details of the mortgage loans are disclosed in Note 14. Ownership of the property is expected to be conveyed to the Group before 31 December 2017 when construction of the property is expected to be substantially completed.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)
 - (i) 長期投資的預付款項(續)

管理層已評估有關長期投資的 預付款項的可收回性,詳情載 於附註11(vii)。

(ii) 收購一項物業的預付款項

於二零一五年六月三十日, 收購一項物業的預付款項指 本集團就購買位於廈門軟件 園三期一期工程A01號研發 樓23層、24層而向廈門信息 集團有限公司支付的預付款 項。該物業的總代價為人民 幣22,164,000元。本集團已於 二零一四年十二月三十一日 前向賣方支付首期付款人民 幣6.694.000元。於截至二零 一五年六月三十日止期間, 本集團以一家銀行就該物業 向本集團授出的按揭貸款進 一步支付預付款項人民幣 15,470,000元。按揭貸款的詳 情於附註14披露。該物業的業 權預期將於二零一七年十二月 三十一日前該物業工程預計大 致完成時移交本集團。

(Continued)

11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables – net (Continued)

(iii) Deposits to newspaper publishers

As at 30 June 2015, deposits to newspaper publishers represent cash paid by the Group to three (31 December 2014: three) metropolitan newspaper publishers in the PRC pursuant to exclusive agreements between the Group and newspaper publishers. Under the terms of the agreements, the Group has obtained the exclusive rights to sell advertising space of the respective newspapers for a fixed term of 7 to 30 years and it has to place specified amount of cash to the newspaper publishers. The cash held by the newspaper publishers will be repayable to the Group upon the expiry of the agreements. The Group assesses the recoverable amounts of the deposits on each balance sheet date and the carrying values of these amounts are written down immediately to their recoverable amounts if recoverable amounts are less than the carrying values. Management's assessment on the impairment of such deposits is set out in Note 11 (vii).

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)

(iii) 給予報紙出版商的按金

於二零一五年六月三十日,給 予報紙出版商的按金指本集團 根據其與中國三家(二零一四 年十二月三十一日:三家)都 市報出版商訂立的獨家協議向 該等報紙出版商支付的現金。 根據該等協議的條款,本集團 已取得銷售相關報紙廣告位的 獨家權利,期限固定為7至30 年,而其須向報紙出版商支付 指定數額現金。報紙出版商持 有的現金將在協議屆滿後歸還 給本集團。本集團於各結算日 評估按金的可收回金額,若可 收回金額低於賬面值,則該等 款項的賬面值會即時撇減至其 可收回金額。管理層已評估有 關按金的減值(見附註11(vii) 所載)。

(Continued)

11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables – net (Continued)

(iv) Prepayments to newspaper publishers and others

Under the terms of certain (exclusive and non-exclusive) advertising agreements with three metropolitan newspaper and radio operators, the Group has to make prepayments for print media advertising to the newspaper publishers. The amounts prepaid to the three metropolitan newspaper publishers totalling RMB201,501,000 (31 December 2014: RMB201,501,000) can be utilised as advertising costs in the coming 12 months. Management has considered the impairment provision as set out in Note 11 (vii).

(v) Deposits and other receivables

Deposits and other receivables primarily include cash paid to contracted business partners as deposits for operation rights. The deposits are interest free and are refundable upon the expiry of the agreements or on request under mutual consent. Management has considered the impairment of deposits and other receivables, including those from the three metropolitan newspaper publishers of RMB23,937,000 (31 December 2014: RMB23,937,000) as at 30 June 2015, as set out in Note 11 (vii).

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)

(iv) 預付報紙出版商及其他款項

(v) 按金及其他應收款項

(Continued)

- 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables net (Continued)
 - (vi) Receivable from Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court

On 30 September 2013, the Company and its former wholly owned subsidiaries, including Fuzhou AoHai Advertisement Co., Ltd. ("Fuzhou AoHai") and Kunming AoHai Advertising Co., Ltd. ("Kunming AoHai) received an enforcement judgement issued by Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court dated 22 September 2013 which ordered for the deduction of RMB22,000,000 out of the bank accounts of Fuzhou AoHai and Kunming AoHai in favor of Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd (Note 26 (b)).

The Directors, after seeking legal advice from the Group's legal counsel, classified RMB22,000,000 as receivables from Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court.

Receivables from Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court were disposed along with the disposal of a subsidiary by the Group on 12 May 2015 (Note 25).

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)
 - (vi) 應收岳陽市中級人民法院款項

於二零一三年九月三十日, 本公司及其前全資附屬限 (包括福州奧海廣告有奧海」)及 是有限公司(「昆明奧海」)) 是有限公司(「即奧海」)) 接獲一三年九月二十二 與海大裁定書,裁銀の 和別及民幣22,000,000元 五陽林紙股份有限公司(附註 26(b))。

經尋求本集團法律顧問的法 律意見後,董事已將該人民幣 22,000,000元分類為應收岳 陽市中級人民法院款項。

應收岳陽市中級人民法院款項已隨本集團於二零一五年五月十二日出售一間附屬公司一併出售(附註25)。

(Continued)

- 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables – net (Continued)
 - (vii) Provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables

Movements of carrying values before provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables as at 30 June 2015 were as follows:

- 11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)
 - (vii) 長期投資、長期按金、預付 款項以及按金及其他應收款項 的減值撥備

於二零一五年六月三十日,長 期投資、長期按金、預付款項 以及按金及其他應收款項的賬 面值(未計減值撥備)變動如 下:

		Shenyang Evening	Yueyang City Intermediate People's	Three metropolitan newspaper	
		News	Court 岳陽市	publishers 三家都市報	Total
		瀋陽晚報	中級人民法院	出版商	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Long term investments	長期投資	-	_	173,000	173,000
Long term deposits	長期按金	_	-	92,000	92,000
Prepayments	預付款項	33,780	-	201,501	235,281
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	10,000	22,000	23,937	55,937
Less: disposal of subsidiaries	減:出售附屬公司		(22,000)		(22,000)
Balance as at 30 June 2015	於二零一五年 六月三十日的結餘	43,780		490,438	534,218

(Continued)

- 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables net (Continued)
 - (vii) Provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables (Continued)

As at 30 June 2015, provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables included provisions for exclusive cooperative newspaper publishers of RMB475,438,000 (31 December 2014: RMB471,838,000) and Shenyang Evening News of RMB43,780,000 (31 December 2014: RMB43,780,000). Movements of the provisions for impairment were as follows:

- **11** 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)
 - (vii) 長期投資、長期按金、預付 款項以及按金及其他應收款項 的減值撥備(續)

於二零一五年六月三十日, 長期投資、長期按金、應 東項以及按金及其他應家 項的減值撥備包括獨民 作報紙出版商撥備人 475,438,000元(二零人 年十二月三十一日:人 沒 一四年十二月三十一日:人 民幣43,780,000元)。減值撥 備變動如下:

		Shenyang Evening	Yueyang City Intermediate People's	Three metropolitan newspaper	
		News	Court 岳陽市	publishers 三家都市報	Total
		瀋陽晚報	中級人民法院	出版商	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance as at 1 January 2015	於二零一五年 一月一日的結餘	43,780	22,000	471,838	537,618
Provisions for impairment	期內減值撥備	45,700	22,000		
during the period				3,600	3,600
Less: disposal of subsidiaries	減:出售附屬公司		(22,000)		(22,000)
Balance as at 30 June 2015	於二零一五年 六月三十日的結餘	43,780		475,438	519,218

(Continued)

- 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables net (Continued)
 (vii) Provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables (Continued)
 - (a) Shenyang Evening News Deposit made to Shenyang Evening News pursuant to the exclusive advertising agreement between the Group and Shenyang Evening News was RMB10,000,000. The Group had also made prepayment of RMB33,780,000 to Shenyang Evening News under the terms of the exclusive advertising agreement. The exclusive advertising agreement between the Group and Shenyang Evening News was terminated on 26 July 2011. The Directors considered the recoverability of the prepayment and probable outcome of the pending litigation with Shenyang Evening News, and made full provision of these amounts in prior years (Note 26 (a)).

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續) (vii)長期投資、長期按金、預付 款項以及按金及其他應收款項 的減值撥備(續)
 - (a) 瀋陽晚報

根據本集團與瀋陽晚報 問的獨家廣告協議 10,000,000元。 自己 10,000,自己 10,000 自己 10,000 自己

(Continued)

- 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables net (Continued)
 (vii) Provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables (Continued)
 - (b) Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court

On 17 February 2014 and on 28 April 2014, the Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court and Higher People's Court of Hunan Province respectively dismissed the appeal application by the Group against the enforcement orders issued by Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court. An appeal application was lodged to the Supreme People's Court to dismiss the above-mentioned enforcement orders and to refund the improperly drawn bank balances of RMB22,000,000 to the Group.

The Directors considered the above developments, the amount drawn by Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court pursuant to the aforementioned enforcement orders and the probable outcome of the pending litigation and determined to make full provision for the amount of RMB22,000,000 in prior years.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)
 - (vii) 長期投資、長期按金、預付 款項以及按金及其他應收款項 的減值撥備(續)
 - (b) 岳陽市中級人民法院

董事已考慮上述發展、 岳陽市中級人民法院限 據上述執行裁定書提的 金額及待決訴訟度書 能結果,並於過往年度決 定作出全數撥備人民幣 22,000,000元。

(Continued)

- 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables net (Continued)
 - (vii) Provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables (Continued)
 - (b) Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court (Continued) Impairment provision for the receivables from Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court was disposed along with the disposal of a subsidiary by the Group on 12 May 2015 (Note 25).
 - (c) Three metropolitan newspaper publishers

As at 30 June 2015, prepayments, deposits and other receivables totalling RMB490,438,000 (31 December 2014: RMB490,438,000) were made by the Group to three metropolitan newspaper publishers, namely Southeast Express, Lifestyle Express, and Central Guizhou Morning Post. Pursuant to the exclusive cooperative agreements signed with these metropolitan newspaper publishers, the Group has to make initial deposits and periodic payments throughout the contract period in exchange for the exclusive advertising rights to sell advertising spaces of respective newspapers.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)
 - (vii) 長期投資、長期按金、預付 款項以及按金及其他應收款項 的減值撥備(續)
 - (b) 岳陽市中級人民法院 (續)

應收岳陽市中級人民法院 款項減值撥備已隨本集團 於二零一五年五月十二日 出售一間附屬公司一併出 售(附註25)。

(c) 三家都市報出版商

(Continued)

- 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables net (Continued)
 (vii) Provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables (Continued)
 - (c) Three metropolitan newspaper publishers (Continued) In view of the continuous decline in advertising revenue associated with the exclusive advertising rights over the years, the Directors reviewed the Group's ability to recover the carrying amount of the prepayment for long term investments and deposits, current prepayments and other receivables made to the metropolitan newspaper publishers and provided for an impairment provision of RMB475,438,000 (31 December 2014: RMB471,838,000) as at 30 June 2015

Prepayments and other receivables were measured at amortised cost and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)
 - (vii) 長期投資、長期按金、預付 款項以及按金及其他應收款項 的減值撥備(續)
 - (c) 三家都市報出版商(續)

鑑於與獨家廣告權利相關 事時與獨家廣告權利相關 事已檢討本集團所有 東京報出版預付款項 東京報出版預付款項及額的 東京,並於二零一五年 大民幣475,438,000元 大民幣475,438,000元 大民幣471,838,000元 元)。

預付款項及其他應收款項 按攤銷成本計量,並於每 當有事件出現或情況轉 變,顯示賬面金額可能無 法收回時審閱減值。

(Continued)

- 11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables net (Continued)
 (vii) Provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables (Continued)
 - (c) Three metropolitan newspaper publishers (Continued) In view of Lifestyle Express's cessation of publication from 30 June 2015 due to financial difficulties, the Directors reviewed the recoverable amount of the prepayment for long term investments made to Lifestyle Express, which included the probable formation of the JV and the present value of the future net cash receipts generated between the Group's cooperation with Lifestyle Express and made full provision for the remaining balance of long term investments made to Lifestyle Express amounting to RMB3.600.000.

The Group has assessed the recoverability of other prepayments and other receivables made to the remaining metropolitan newspaper publisher and made no additional impairment provision during the period.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續) (vii)長期投資、長期按金、預付
 - (vii) 長期投資、長期按金、預付 款項以及按金及其他應收款項 的減值撥備(續)
 - (c) 三家都市報出版商(續)

本集團已評估就餘下都市 報出版商作出的其他預付 款項及其他應收款項的可 收回性,並無於期內作出 額外減值撥備。

(Continued)

11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables – net (Continued)
(vii) Provisions for impairment of long term investments, long term deposits, prepayments, and deposits and other receivables (Continued)

(c) Three metropolitan newspaper

publishers (Continued)
There were no other changes in valuation techniques during the period. Value in use of long term investments and long term deposits were measured using the discounted cash flow method. The impairment assessment was determined using cash flow projections considering the present value of the net cash receipts from their advertising, printing and circulation operations.

In applying the discounted cash flow technique, management has taken into account the estimated amount that the future revenue growth of the newspaper advertising business and contractual period in accordance with the exclusive cooperative agreements. Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on the management's best estimates and the discount rate is a market related rate for a similar operation at the balance sheet date.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項一 淨額(續)
 - (vii) 長期投資、長期按金、預付 款項以及按金及其他應收款項 的減值撥備(續)
 - (c) 三家都市報出版商(續)

估值技術於期內並無其他 變動。長期投資及長期投資及長期投資 金的使用價值利用貼現明 金流量法計量。減值即 乃考慮從廣告、印刷及現 行業務收取的淨現金現值 後,使用現金流量預測釐 定。

(Continued)

12 Assets held for sale

The Group's assets held for sale includes the following:

12 持作出售資產

本集團的持作出售資產包括以下 項目:

> As at As at 30 June 31 December 2015 2014 於 於 二零一五年 二零一四年 六月三十日 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Unaudited Audited 未經審核 經審核

> > 78,191

73,029

Properties held for sale 持

持作出售物業

(Continued)

13 Trade, other payables and accrued expenses

13 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及 應計開支

		As at	As at
		30 June	31 December
		2015	2014
		於	於
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Unaudited	Audited
		未經審核	經審核
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	6,569	5,889
Other payables and accrued expenses:	其他應付款項及應計開支:		
Accrued utility expenses and other liabilities	應計公共設施開支及其他負債	1,015	736
Accrued salaries and welfare	應計薪金及福利	6,379	6,276
Value added tax and other taxes payable	增值税及其他應付税項	7,879	7,755
Provision for legal claims (Note 26 (a))	法律申索撥備(附註26(a))	15,531	17,329
Other payables	其他應付款項	7,339	12,032
Deposits from customers	來自客戶的按金	1,509	6,215
Receipts in advance	預先收取的款項	8,950	10,547
'			
		48,602	60,890
		55,171	66,779

Payment terms granted by suppliers are mainly on cash on delivery and on credit. The credit periods range from 30 days to 365 days after end of the month in which the relevant purchases occurred.

供應商給予的付款條款主要為貨到付現及以記賬方式付款。信貸期由作出相關採購當月結束起計介乎30日至365日不等。

(Continued)

13 Trade, other payables and accrued expenses (Continued)

The aging analysis of the trade payables based on the date of receipt of goods is as follows:

13 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及 應計開支(續)

> 貿易應付款項根據收貨日期的賬 齡分析如下:

As at	As at			
30 June	31 December			
2015	2014			
於	於			
二零一五年	二零一四年			
六月三十日	十二月三十一日			
RMB'000	RMB'000			
人民幣千元	人民幣千元			
Unaudited	Audited			
未經審核	經審核			
1,703	1,294			
1,448	702			
3,418	3,893			
6,569	5,889			

1 – 30 days 1至30日 31 - 90 days 31至90日 Over 90 days 90日以上

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables are all denominated in RMB.

本集團貿易應付款項的賬面金額 全部以人民幣計值。

(Continued)

14 Bank borrowings

14 銀行借款

As at	As at
30 June	31 December
2015	2014
於	於
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核

Bank borrowings – current (Note (i)) 銀行借款一即期 (附註(i))

14,701

The maturity of the above borrowings based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements and excluding the repayment on demand clause is as follows:

按照貸款協議所載預定還款日期, 並撇除應要求償還條款,上述借款 的到期日如下:

Within 1 year	一年內
Between 1 and 2 years	一至兩年
Between 2 and 5 years	兩至五年
Beyond 5 years	五年以上

As at	As at
30 June	31 December
2015	2014
於	於
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核
2,201	_
2,203	_
6,616	_
3,681	_
14.701	

(Continued)

14 Bank borrowings (Continued) Notes:

(i) During the period ended 30 June 2015, the Group obtained mortgage loans amounting to RMB15,470,000 to finance the Group's acquisition of a property. Transaction costs directly attributable to mortgage loans amounted to RMB35,000. The mortgage loans were drawn on 27 February 2015 and a further prepayment of RMB15,470,000 was made by the Group to Xiamen Information Group Ltd. for the property. The mortgage loans are secured by the ownership rights of the property and the personal guarantee of Zheng Bai Ling and Zhang Hui, a key management and the spouse of a key management of a subsidiary of the Group. Total consideration for the property is RMB22,164,000, of which the initial down payment of RMB6,694,000 was paid by the Group before 31 December 2014.

As at 30 June 2015, the mortgage loans were classified as current liabilities due to the related loan agreements containing a repayment on demand clause which gives the bank unconditional right to call the loans at any time. The mortgage terms are 7 years and are denominated in RMB. The mortgage loans are carried at quarterly adjusted floating interest of 1.15 times the benchmark loan interest as prescribed by the People's Bank of China for loans of a similar length. The effective interest rate for the period is 7.15% per annum.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

14 銀行借款(續)

附註:

(i) 截至二零一五年六月三十日止 期間,本集團取得按揭貸款人民 幣15,470,000元,為本集團收 購一項物業提供資金。按揭貸款 直接應佔的交易成本為人民幣 35,000元。該按揭貸款乃於二 零一五年二月二十七日提取,而 本集團已就該物業向廈門信息 集團有限公司進一步預付人民 幣 15.470.000元。該按揭貸款 以該物業的產權及本集團一間 附屬公司的主要管理人員鄭柏 齡及主要管理人員的配偶張輝 提供的個人擔保作擔保。該物業 之總代價為人民幣22,164,000 元,本集團已於二零一四年十二 月三十一日前支付前期付款人 民幣6,694,000元。

(Continued)

14 Bank borrowings (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(ii) The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

14 銀行借款(續)

附註:(續)

(ii) 本集團有以下未提取借款融資 授信:

> As at As at 31 December 30 June 2015 2014 盆 於 二零一五年 -零-四年 六月三十日 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Unaudited Audited 未經審核 經審核

Floating rate:

– expiring within one year

浮息:

--年內到期

(iii) 於二零一五年三月六日,本集團 取得短期銀行融資授信,據此, 本集團可根據該融資授信捷取 借款最多人民幣20,000,000元, 每次提取均須經銀行批核,並由 銀行全權決定以本集團執行董事 兼首席執行官陳志的個人擔公司 所持有的若干資產作抵押。該融 資授信將於二零一六年三月五日 到期。

20,000

(iii) On 6 March 2015, the Group obtained a short-term bank facility where the Group can draw borrowings of up to RMB20,000,000 under this facility and each drawdown will require approval from the bank. Each drawdown of the bank facility shall be secured by the personal guarantee of Chen Zhi, executive director and CEO of the Group, and/or certain assets held by a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, at the discretion of the bank. The facility will expire on 5 March 2016.

(Continued)

15 Deferred income tax

The analysis of deferred income tax liabilities in respect of accelerated tax depreciation are 負債分析如下: as follows:

15 遞延所得税

有關加速税項折舊的遞延所得税

		Six months ended 30 June 2015 截至 二零一五年 六月三十日 止六個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核	Six months ended 30 June 2014 截至 二零一四年 六月三十日 止六個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核
At 1 January Recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (Note 20)	於一月一日 於合併全面收益表內確認 (附註20)	1,475 (158)	2,158
At 30 June	於六月三十日	1,317	1,635

(Continued)

16 Share capital and share premium

16 股本及股份溢價

		Number of ordinary shares	Nominal value of ordinary shares	Equivalent nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股	Share premium	Total
		普通股數目	普通股面值 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	等值面值 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	股份溢價 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each at 1 January 2015 and 30 June 2015	法定: 於二零一五年一月一日及 二零一五年六月三十日 每股面值0.1港元的 普通股	2,000,000,000	0.1			
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each at 1 January 2014, 30 June 2014, 1 January 2015 and 30 June 2015	於二零一四年一月一日、 二零一四年六月三十日、 二零一五年一月一日及 二零一五年六月三十日 每股面值0.1港元的 普通股	839,942,121	83,994,212	72,687	556,440	629,127

(a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

Pursuant to a resolution in writing passed by all the shareholders of the Company on 26 February 2010, the Company conditionally approved and adopted a Pre-IPO Option Scheme (the "Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme"). By the same resolution, the Company granted 27,456,156 share options to its directors and employees which are exercisable under the following terms:

 (i) The exercise price of the option should not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the shares as at the grant date as determined by valuer appointed by the Company;

(a) 首次公開發售前購股權計劃

(i) 購股權行使價不得低於本 公司委聘的估值師釐定股 份於授出日期公允市值的 100%;

(Continued)

- **16** Share capital and share premium (Continued)
 - (a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (Continued)
 - (ii) 40% of total options granted become exercisable a year after grant date, another 30% also become exercisable 2 years after grant date and remaining 30% become exercisable 3 years after grant date.

The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the share options is recognised as an expense, with a corresponding adjustment to equitybased compensation reserves, over the vesting period. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. No equity-based compensation expenses were recognised for the period ended 30 June 2015

Each share option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share of the Company. All of the outstanding share options expired without exercise on 2 December 2014.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

16 股本及股份溢價(續)

- (a) 首次公開發售前購股權計劃 (續)
 - (ii) 已授出購股權總數的40% 可於授出日期一年後行 使,另外30%可於授出日 期兩年後行使,餘下30% 則可於授出日期三年後行 使。

每份購股權賦予持有人認購本公司一股普通股的權利。所有尚未行使的購股權於二零一四年十二月二日尚未行使,並已期滿。

(Continued)

16 Share capital and share premium (Continued)

(b) Share option scheme

Pursuant to the resolutions in writing passed by the shareholders of the Company on 8 November 2010, the Company adopted a share option scheme on 8 November 2010 ("Share Option Scheme"). The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentive or reward to (i) any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (ii) any directors (whether executive or non-executive, including any independent non-executive director) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; or (iii) any advisors, consultants suppliers, customers and agents to the Company or any subsidiaries (each "Eligible Person").

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

16 股本及股份溢價(續)

(b) 購股權計劃

(Continued)

16 Share capital and share premium (Continued)

(b) Share option scheme (Continued)

The Board of Directors may, at any time within 10 years after the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme, make an offer to grant options to any Eligible Person. The subscription price for shares granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme shall be determined by the Board of Directors in its absolute discretion and shall be at least the highest of:

- (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer:
- (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which such offer is made: and
- (iii) the nominal value of shares of the Company.

16 股本及股份溢價(續)

(b) 購股權計劃(續)

董事會可於購股權計劃獲批准 當日後十年內隨時向任何合資 格人士提呈授出購股權。根據 購股權計劃授出的股份認購價 由董事會全權酌情釐定, 且不 得低於下列各項的最高者:

- (i) 股份於提呈授出購股權當 日在聯交所每日報價表所 報的收市價;
- (ii) 股份於緊接提呈授出購股 權當日前五個營業日在聯 交所每日報價表所報的平 均收市價;及
- (iii) 本公司股份的面值。

(Continued)

16 Share capital and share premium (Continued)

(b) Share option scheme (Continued)

The total number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the Listing Date, 73,216,512 Shares, without prior approval from the shareholders of the Company. The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted, and yet to be exercised, under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted under the Share Option Scheme to each Eligible Person (including both exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of issued shares of the Company. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

16 股本及股份溢價(續)

(b) 購股權計劃(續)

如未經本公司股東事先批准, 根據購股權計劃可授出的購股 權涉及的股份總數不得超過 於上市日期已發行股份總數 的10%(即73,216,512股股 份)。行使根據購股權計劃及 本公司任何其他購股權計劃授 出但尚待行使的所有未行使購 股權而可發行的股份數目上 限,不得超過本公司不時已發 行股本的30%。於任何十二個 月期間行使根據購股權計劃授 予每名合資格人士的所有購股 權(包括已行使、已註銷及未 行使的購股權)而發行及將予 發行的股份總數,不得超過本 公司已發行股份總數的1%。 凡進一步授出超過此上限的購 股權均須經股東於股東大會上 批准。

(Continued)

16 Share capital and share premium (Continued)

(b) Share option scheme (Continued)

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent nonexecutive directors of the Company. In addition, if shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted under the Share Option Scheme (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to a participant who is a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their associates, in any 12-month period (i) represent in aggregate more than 0.1% of the total number of shares in issue, and (ii) have an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5,000,000, the proposed grant of option must be approved by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

16 股本及股份溢價(續)

(b) 購股權計劃(續)

凡向本公司董事、最高行政人 員或主要股東或彼等任何聯 繋人授出購股權,均須經本公 司獨立非執行董事預先批准。 此外,倘在任何十二個月期間 內,於根據購股權計劃向參與 者(屬本公司主要股東或獨立 非執行董事)或彼等任何聯繫 人)授出的所有購股權(包括 已行使、已計銷及未行使的購 股權)獲行使後發行及將予發 行的股份(i)合共超過已發行股 份總數0.1%,及(ii)按於每個 授出日期本公司股份收市價 計算的總值超過5,000,000港 元,則建議授出購股權須經本 公司股東於股東大會上批准。

(Continued)

16 Share capital and share premium (Continued)

(b) Share option scheme (Continued)

The amount payable on acceptance of an option is RMB1.00. The exercise period of any option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not be longer than 10 years from the date of grant of the relevant option. There is no minimum period for which an option must be held before the exercise of the option except otherwise imposed by the Board of Directors. As at 30 June 2015, no share option had been granted under the Share Option Scheme.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

16 股本及股份溢價(續)

(b) 購股權計劃(續)

於接納購股權時應付的金額為 人民幣1.00元。根據購股權的 是出的任何購股權的行當 是出的任何購股權於出的任何 時間 是計十年。購股權於 對有的最短期限 並無必須持有的最短期限,惟 。 董事會另有施加者則作別論。並 無根據購股權計劃授出任何 時限權。

(Continued)

17 Other income and other gains/(losses) – 17 其他收入及其他收益/(虧損) – net

淨額

		Six months	Six months
		ended	ended
		30 June 2015	30 June 2014
		截至	截至
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		六月三十日	六月三十日
		止六個月	止六個月
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Unaudited	Unaudited
		未經審核	未經審核
Other income:	其他收入:		
Sale of newsprint papers	銷售新聞紙	171	385
Sale of scrap material	銷售報廢材料	-	62
Government grants	政府補助	1,235	2,570
Sundry income	雜項收入	114	136
		1,520	3,153
Other gains/(losses) – net:	其他收益/(虧損) -淨額:		
Gains/(losses) on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司的收益/		
(Note 25)	(虧損)(附註25)	14	(212)
· · ·		14	(212)
Provision for administrative penalty on foreign exchange	外匯結算行政處罰撥備		/11 EOO\
on foreign exchange			(11,580)
		14	(11,792)

(Continued)

18 Expenses by nature

Loss before income tax is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

18 按性質劃分的開支

除所得税前虧損經扣除/(計入) 以下項目後入賬:

		Six months ended 30 June 2015 截至 二零一五年 六月三十日 止六個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核	Six months ended 30 June 2014 截至 二零一四年 六月三十日 止六個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核
Cost of newspaper advertising	報紙廣告成本	20.467	F4 00F
 Media costs Cost of marketing and promotion services 	一媒體成本 營銷及宣傳服務成本	28,167 7,942	51,995 6,814
Cost of marketing and promotion services Cost of online services	網絡服務成本	515	1,059
Cost of television and radio advertising	電視及電台廣告成本	5.5	.,033
– Media costs	- 媒體成本	-	697
Cost of distribution management,	分銷管理、諮詢及印刷服務		
consulting and printing services:	成本:		
– Raw material	一原材料	1,751	1,264
Media costsOther costs	一媒體成本 一其他成本	1,288 48	1,263
– Other costs Depreciation (Note 8)	一兵他成本 折舊(附註8)	48 4,515	1,073 5,119
Amortisation (Note 8)	攤銷(附註8)	685	2,302
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	1,006	1,117
Operating lease charges in respect of land	有關土地及樓宇的	.,	.,
and buildings	經營租賃收費	2,734	2,517
Net loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損/		
and equipment	(收益)淨額	1,815	(67)
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment on	貿易應收款項減值撥備/		
trade receivables (Note 10)	(撥回)(附註10)	2,024	(774)
Write-off of trade receivables (Note 10)	撇銷貿易應收款項(附註10)	699	· · · · · · · · ·
Provision for impairment of other receivables (Note 11)	其他應收款項減值撥備 (附註11)	3,600	22,000
Loss on disposal of assets held for sale	出售持作出售資產的虧損	1,547	22,000
Net foreign exchange gain	外匯收益淨額	(24)	(50)
Employee benefit expenses (including	僱員福利開支	ζ= •/	(30)
directors' emoluments)	(包括董事酬金)	29,217	36,517
Business tax	營業税	816	928

(Continued)

19 Finance (costs)/income – net

19 融資(成本)/收益-淨額

Six months Six months

		ended 30 June 2015 截至 二零一五年 六月三十日 止六個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核	ended 30 June 2014 截至 二零一四年 六月三十日 止六個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核
Finance income: – Interest income on short-term bank deposits	融資收益: 一短期銀行存款的 利息收入	199	741
Finance costs: – Interest expense on bank borrowings	融資成本: 一銀行借款的利息開支	(313)	
Finance (costs)/income – net	融資(成本)/收益-淨額	(114)	741

(Continued)

20 Income tax (credit)/expense

20 所得税(抵免)/開支

		Six months	Six months
		ended	ended
		30 June 2015	30 June 2014
		截至	截至
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		六月三十日	六月三十日
		止六個月	止六個月
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Unaudited	Unaudited
		未經審核	未經審核
Current income tax	即期所得税		
Mainland China enterprise income tax	中國大陸企業所得税		
– Current tax	一即期税項	41	2,686
Deferred income tax (Note 15)	遞延所得税(附註15)	(158)	(523)
		(117)	2,163
		(****)	

(Continued)

21 Loss per share

(a) Basic

Basic loss per share for the periods ended 30 June 2015 and 2014 are calculated by dividing the loss attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the periods.

21 每股虧損

(a) 基本

截至二零一五年及二零一四年 六月三十日止期間的每股基本 虧損乃按本公司擁有人應佔虧 損除以期內已發行普通股加權 平均數計算。

		Six months	Six months
		ended	ended
		30 June 2015	30 June 2014
		截至	截至
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		六月三十日	六月三十日
		止六個月	止六個月
		Unaudited	Unaudited
		未經審核	未經審核
Loss attributable to owners of the Company (RMB'000)	本公司擁有人應佔虧損 (人民幣千元)	(52,020)	(68,270)
Weighted average number of shares in issue (thousands)	已發行股份加權平均數 (千股)	839,942	839,942
Basic loss per share (RMB per share)	每股基本虧損(每股人民幣)	(0.0619)	(0.0813)

(Continued)

21 Loss per share (Continued)

(b) Diluted

Diluted loss per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. For the six months ended 30 June 2015, the Company had no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding. For the six months ended 30 June 2014, the Company's share options issued under the pre-IPO share option was the sole category of dilutive potential ordinary shares where the effect of the assumed conversion of these potential ordinary shares outstanding during the period was antidilutive

22 Dividend

No dividend has been declared by the Company since its incorporation.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

21 每股虧損(續)

(b) 攤薄

22 股息

本公司自註冊成立以來概無宣派 任何股息。

(Continued)

23 Commitments

(a) Operating lease commitments – Group

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

23 承擔

(a) 經營租約承擔-本集團

不可撤銷經營租約的日後最低 租賃付款總額如下:

As at	As at
30 June	31 December
2015	2014
於	於
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核
5,145	5,105
6,882	7,792
1,433	1,467
13,460	14,364

(Continued)

23 Commitments (Continued)

(b) Commitments for exclusive cooperative agreements

The future aggregate payments under non-cancellable exclusive cooperative agreements are as follows:

23 承擔(續)

(b) 獨家合作協議承擔

不可撤銷獨家合作協議的日後 付款總額如下:

As at

As at

30 June	31 December
2015	2014
於	於
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核
1,800	63,800
900	227,000
	795,000
2,700	1,085,800

Not later than 1 year —年以下 Later than 1 year and not later than —年以上及五年以下 5 years Later than 5 years 五年以上

(Continued)

23 Commitments (Continued)

(c) Other capital commitments

23 承擔(續)

(c) 其他資本承擔

30 Julie	31 December
2015	2014
於	於
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核
	15,470

As at

30 Juna

As at

15,470

31 December

Non-cancellable purchase of a property

不可撤銷物業收購

24 Related-party transactions

For the purposes of this condensed consolidated interim financial information. parties are considered to be related to the Group if the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to exercise significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa. Related parties may be individuals (being members of key management personnel, significant shareholders and/or their close family members) or other entities and include entities which are under the significant influence of related parties of the Group where those parties are individuals. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

24 關連人士交易

就本簡明合併中期財務資料而言,倘某人士有能力在本集團作出財務及經營決策時直接或間接對本集團施加重大影響(反之亦然),該人士即被認為與本集團有關聯之人士可以為個人(主要股東及/或彼等的近親)或其他實體。倘本集團的關連人士重大影響的實體。倘有關連人士重大影響的實體。倘有關實體受到共同控制,亦被認為是關連人士。

(Continued)

24 Related-party transactions (Continued)

In the opinion of the Directors of the Company, the related party transactions were carried out in the normal course of business and at terms mutually negotiated between the Group and the respective related parties.

(a) Transactions with related parties:

The following transactions were undertaken by the Group with related parties during the period ended 30 June 2015

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

24 關連人士交易(續)

本公司董事認為,該等關連人士交 易乃於日常業務過程中按照本集 團與各關連人士相互磋商的條款 進行。

(a) 與關連人士進行的交易:

本集團於截至二零一五年六月 三十日止期間與關連人士進行 以下交易:

Six months	Six months
ended	ended
30 June 2015	30 June 2014
截至	截至
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	六月三十日
止六個月	止六個月
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Unaudited
未經審核	未經審核

Continuing transactions: 持續交易: 主要管理人員薪酬 Key management compensation

2,597

Non-continuing transactions: Sales of motor vehicles to key managements

非持續交易: 向主要管理人員出售汽車

619

4,294

(Continued)

- **24** Related-party transactions (Continued)
 - (a) Transactions with related parties:

(Continued)

The transactions with related parties were conducted in accordance with commercial terms mutually agreed between the Group and the respective related parties.

The amounts below represented expenses paid by the Group on behalf of China TopReach Inc., a former shareholder of the Company.

24 關連人士交易(續)

(a) 與關連人士進行的交易:

與關連人士進行的交易乃按照本 集團與各關連人士相互協定的商 業條款進行。

以下款項指本集團代表本公司的 前股東中國天瑞控股有限公司支 付的開支。

Six months	Six months
ended	ended
30 June 2015	30 June 2014
截至	截至
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	六月三十日
止六個月	止六個月
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Unaudited
未經審核	未經審核
	5,436

Expenses paid on behalf of related party:

代表關連人十所付開支:

A former shareholder of the Company 本公司一名前股東

(Continued)

24 Related-party transactions (Continued)

(b) Balances with related parties

As at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014, the balances are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

24 關連人士交易(續)

(b) 與關連人士存有的結餘

於二零一五年六月三十日及二 零一四年十二月三十一日,結 餘為無抵押、免息及須應要求 償還。

As at	As at
30 June	31 December
2015	2014
於	於
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核

20,444

Amount due from a former shareholder of the Company – non-trade

一名前股東款項 一非貿易

應收本公司

The maximum balance due from a former shareholder of the Company during the period ended 30 June 2015 was RMB20,444,000.

於截至二零一五年六月三十日 止期間,應收本公司一名前股 東款項的最高結餘為人民幣 20,444,000元。

13,347

(Continued)

- **24** Related-party transactions (Continued)
 - (b) Balances with related parties (Continued)
- 24 關連人士交易(續)
 - (b) 與關連人士存有的結餘(續)

As at	As at
30 June	31 December
2015	2014
於	於
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核
1,019	1,790
2,119	2,130
3,138	3,920
16,485	24,364

Amounts due from related parties - non-trade

Non-controlling shareholders of a subsidiary of the Group Key management of the Group

應收關連人士款項一非貿易

本集團一間附屬公司的 非控股股東 本集團主要管理人員

As at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014, the balances are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand.

於二零一五年六月三十日及二 零一四年十二月三十一日,結 餘為無抵押、免息及須應要求 僧還。

(Continued)

- 24 Related-party transactions (Continued)
 - (b) Balances with related parties (Continued)
- 24 關連人士交易(續)
 - (b) 與關連人士存有的結餘(續)

As at

2015

於

30 June

二零一五年

六月三十日

As at

2014

於

31 December

二零一四年

十二月三十一日

		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Unaudited	Audited
		未經審核	經審核
Amounts due to directors:	應付董事款項:		
Mr. Chen Zhi	陳志先生	212	959
Mr. Hong Pei Feng	洪培峰先生	220	109
Mr. Zhang Tie Zhu	張鐵柱先生	81	47
Others	其他	234	116
		747	1,231

The payable balances mainly represent the directors' fee payable to the Directors. The balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. 應付結餘主要指應付董事的董 事袍金。該等結餘為無抵押、 免息及應要求償還。

(Continued)

- **24** Related-party transactions (Continued)
 - (b) Balances with related parties (Continued)
- 24 關連人士交易(續)
 - (b) 與關連人士存有的結餘(續)

As at	As at
30 June	31 December
2015	2014
於	於
二零一五年	二零一四年
六月三十日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unaudited	Audited
未經審核	經審核
688	688

Amount due to a related party – non-trade (non-current portion)

A non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary of the Group

應付一名關連人士款項 一非貿易(非流動部分)

本集團一間附屬公司的一名非 控股股東

The balance due to a non-controlling shareholder is unsecured, interest-free, with no fixed repayment term and repayable upon mutual agreement between the Group and the non-controlling shareholder.

應付一名非控股股東的結餘 為無抵押、免息及無固定還款 期,並須按本集團與該名非控 股股東的相互協議償還。

(Continued)

25 Considerations from disposals of subsidiaries

During the period ended 30 June 2015, the Group entered into sale and purchase agreements with independent third parties to dispose of the entire equity interests in Guangxi ShiFang Culture Communication Co., Limited and Fuzhou AoHai Advertisement Co., Limited (the "Disposed Companies") on 15 January 2015 and 12 May 2015 respectively for an aggregate total cash consideration of RMB20,000.

The aggregate net assets of the Disposed Companies at disposal were as follows:

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

25 出售附屬公司代價

於截至二零一五年六月三十日止期間,本集團分別於二零一五年一月十五日及二零一五年五月十二日與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,出售廣西十方文化傳播有限公司(「出長公福州奧海廣告有限公司(「出長公司」)的全部股本權益,總現金代價合共為人民幣20,000元。

出售公司於出售時的淨資產總額 如下:

> Six months ended 30 June 2015 截至 二零一二十日 止六周月 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Unaudited 朱經報核

Net assets disposed of:

Property, plant and equipment
Intangible assets
Trade receivables – net
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables
Cash and cash equivalents
Trade payables
Other payables and accrued expenses
Income tax payables

已出售淨資產:

物業、廠房及設備	503
無形資產	51
貿易應收款項-淨額	133
預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	333
現金及現金等值項目	102
貿易應付款項	(259)
其他應付款項及應計開支	(850)
應付所得税	(7)

(Continued)

25 Considerations from disposals of subsidiaries (Continued)

25 出售附屬公司代價(續)

		Six months ended 30 June 2015 截至 二零一五年 六月三十日 止六個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i> Unaudited 未經審核
Gains on disposals of subsidiaries (Note 17)	出售附屬公司的收益(附註17)	14
		20
Satisfied by: – Cash considerations	支付方式: 一現金代價	20
Net cash outflow arising on disposal of subsidiaries Cash consideration received Cash and cash equivalents disposed	出售附屬公司所產生的 現金流出淨額 已收現金代價 已出售現金及現金等值項目	20 (102)
Net cash outflow on disposal of subsidiaries included in cash flows from investing activities	出售附屬公司的現金流出淨額, 計入投資活動所得現金流量	(82)

(Continued)

25 Considerations from disposals of subsidiaries (Continued)

During the period ended 30 June 2014, the Group entered into sales and purchase agreements with independent third parties to dispose of the Group's equity interests in Fujian Guanwu Travel Development Co., Limited and Fujian Fangke Media Co., Limited. The aggregate net assets of the aforementioned disposed companies were as follows:

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

25 出售附屬公司代價(續)

於截至二零一四年六月三十日止期間,本集團與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,出售其於福建官塢旅遊開發有限公司及福建省房客傳媒有限公司的股本權益。上述出售公司的淨資產總額如下:

Six months ended 30 June 2014 截至 二零一四年 六月三十日 止六個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核

Net assets disposed of:

Property, plant and equipment
Intangible assets
Trade receivables – net
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables
Cash and cash equivalents
Trade payables
Other payables and accrued expenses
Income tax pavables

已出售淨資產:

2 川 百 伊 貝 圧・	
物業、廠房及設備	32
無形資產	5
貿易應收款項-淨額	250
預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	6
現金及現金等值項目	857
貿易應付款項	(41)
其他應付款項及應計開支	(880)
應付所得税	(7)

(Continued)

25 Considerations from disposals of subsidiaries (Continued)

25 出售附屬公司代價(續)

		Six months ended 30 June 2014 截至 二零一四年 六月三十日 止六個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 Unaudited 未經審核
Losses on disposals of subsidiaries (Note 17)	出售附屬公司的虧損(附註17)	(212)
		10
Satisfied by: – Cash considerations	支付方式: 一現金代價	10
Net cash outflow arising on disposal of subsidiaries Cash consideration received Cash and cash equivalents disposed	出售附屬公司所產生的 現金流出淨額 已收現金代價 已出售現金及現金等值項目	10 (857)
Net cash outflow on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司的現金流出淨額,	
included in cash flows from investing activities		(847)

(Continued)

26 Contingent liabilities

The Group follows the guidance of IAS37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" to determine when should contingent liabilities be recognised, which requires significant judgement.

A contingent liability will be disclosed when a possible obligation has arisen, but its existence has to be confirmed by future events outside the Group's control, or when it is not possible to calculate the amount. Realisation of any contingent liabilities not currently recognised or disclosed could have a material impact on the Group's financial position.

The Group reviews significant outstanding litigations in order to assess the need for provisions. Among the factors considered are the nature of the litigation, legal processes and potential level of damages, the opinions and views of the legal counsel, and the management's intentions to respond to the litigations. To the extent the estimates and judgements do not reflect the actual outcome, this could materially affect the results for the period and the financial position.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

26 或有負債

本集團遵照國際會計準則第37號 「撥備、或有負債及或有資產」的 指引釐定應何時確認或有負債,而 確認時須作出重大判斷。

當有可能產生義務,惟其存在與否須透過非本集團所能控制的未來事件確定,或當不可能計算義務所涉金額,則會披露或有負債。任何目前未有確認或披露的或有負債一旦實現,均可能對本集團的財務狀況造成重大影響。

本集團會審閱重大的待決訴訟,以 評估是否有需要計提撥備。所考慮 的因素包括訴訟的性質、損害賠償 的法律程序及潛在水平、法律顧問 的意見及見解以及管理層對回應 訴訟的意向。倘估計及判決不能反 映實際結果,則可能嚴重影響期內 業績及財務狀況。

(Continued)

26 Contingent liabilities (Continued)

(a) Lawsuits between the Group and Shenyang Media Corporation

On 26 July 2011, Shenyang Media Corporation unilaterally terminated the Comprehensive Cooperation Contract with the Group.

A subsidiary of the Group received a summons issued by the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court in Liaoning Province (the "Shenyang Intermediate People's Court") on 25 October 2011, where Shenyang Media Corporation claimed the subsidiary for, among others, a total sum of RMB17,328,767 being the outstanding advertising fees payable by the subsidiary to Shenyang Media Corporation (the "Case 1").

On 22 December 2011, the subsidiary filed summons of claim to the Higher People's Court of Liaoning Province (the "Higher People's Court") against Shenyang Daily Agency and Shenyang Evening News Media Corporation, where the Group sued Shenyang Daily Agency and Shenyang Media Corporation for, among others, a total sum of RMB105,579,352, being the outstanding advertising fees payable by Shenyang Daily Agency and Shenyang Media Corporation (the "Case 2") to the subsidiary.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

26 或有負債(續)

(a) 本集團與瀋陽傳媒公司的訴訟

於二零一一年七月二十六日, 瀋陽傳媒公司單方面解除與本 集團的全面合作合約。

於二零一一年十月二十五日,本集團一間附屬公司收到遼(「本集團一間附屬公民法院」)。 場市中級人民法院」)發明,據此,瀋陽傳票,據此,瀋陽(其中包括)。 讓於國人民幣17,328,767元, 即該附屬公司應付予瀋陽 以同時代 即該附屬公司應付費(「案件一」)。

於二零一一年十二月二十二日,該附屬公司針對瀋陽日報 社及瀋陽晚報傳媒有限(「局 級人民法院」)發出民法事中包 級人民法院」)發出民其中包 括)總額人民幣105,579,352 元,即瀋陽日報社及瀋田司應付予該附屬日報社及 公司應付予該附屬日報社及 份廣告費向瀋陽日報社及 陽傳媒公司提出起訴(「案件 二」)。

(Continued)

- **26 Contingent liabilities** (Continued)
 - (a) Lawsuits between the Group and Shenyang Media Corporation

(Continued)

On 8 March 2012, the subsidiary received a civil judgement issued by the Higher People's Court in relation to Case 2, pursuant to which the Higher People's Court decided to refer the case back to the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court. As advised by the PRC legal counsel, the subsidiary has lodged an appeal to the Supreme People's Court of the PRC (the "Supreme People's Court") on 13 March 2012 to request the Supreme People's Court to overrule the Higher People's Court's decision.

On 30 August 2012, the subsidiary received a judgement of first instance awarded by the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court in relation to Case 1. It was ruled that the subsidiary shall pay Shenyang Media Corporation RMB17,250,398 as advertising fees together with court fees within 10 days after the judgement becomes effective. On 6 September 2012, the subsidiary has lodged an appeal to the Higher People's Court to seek to revoke the judgement of first instance in due course.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 26 或有負債(續)
 - (a) 本集團與瀋陽傳媒公司的訴訟 (續)

(Continued)

- **26 Contingent liabilities** (Continued)
 - (a) Lawsuits between the Group and Shenyang Media Corporation (Continued)

On 27 December 2012, Higher People's Court ordered the judgement of first instance issued by the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court on 30 August 2012 be dismissed and a retrial of the case at the Shenyang Intermediate People's Court was ruled ("Case 1"). On 25 June 2013, the Shenyang intermediate People's Court commenced the retrial of the case.

On 5 December 2013, a civil judgement was issued by the Supreme People's Court in relation to Case 2. It was ruled that the civil judgement dated 8 March 2012 by the Higher People's Court be dismissed, and that the case be handled by the Higher People's Court.

On 5 May 2014, a civil judgement was issued by Shenyang Intermediate People's Court. It was ruled the subsidiary shall pay Shenyang Media Corporation the advertising agency fee of RMB17,250,398. As advised by PRC legal counsel, the subsidiary has filed an appeal against the civil judgement to the Higher People's Court.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 26 或有負債(續)
 - (a) 本集團與瀋陽傳媒公司的訴訟 (續)

於二零一二年十二月二十七日,高級人民法院下令撤銷瀋陽市中級人民法院於二零一二年八月三十日作出的一審審院市中級人民法院於二零審該案件(「案件一」)。於重審該案件(「案件一」)。於二零一三年六月二十五日,瀋陽市中級人民法院就該案件重審開庭。

於二零一三年十二月五日,最高人民法院發出有關案件二的民事裁定書,裁定撤銷高級人民法院於二零一二年三月八日發出的民事裁定書,該案件仍由高級人民法院審理。

於二零一四年五月五日,瀋陽市中級人民法院發出民事判決書,判決該附屬公司向瀋陽傳媒公司支付廣告代理費人民幣17,250,398元。根據中國法律顧問的意見,該附屬公司已針對該民事判決書向高級人民法院提出上訴。

(Continued)

26 Contingent liabilities (Continued)

(a) Lawsuits between the Group and Shenyang Media Corporation

(Continued)

On 15 October 2014, the hearing at the Higher People's Court commenced for Case 2. After seeking legal consultation, the management believes that it is not probable that this litigation would result in any material outflow of economic benefits from the Group.

On 4 December 2014, the subsidiary received a civil judgement of (2014) Liao Min Er Zhong Zi no. 00170 ((2014) 遼民 二終字第00170號) dated 26 November 2014 issued by the Higher People's Court which dismissed the appeal by the subsidiary to uphold the original judgement made by the Intermediate People's Court for Case 1, which ordered the subsidiary to pay to Shenyang Media Corporation advertising agency fees in the sum of RMB17,250,398. The judgement was the final judgement of the Higher People's Court and an enforcement order was placed to freeze the bank balances of Liaoning Aohai amounting to RMB1,797,906. Maximum value of the freezing order is RMB17,250,398 and management has accordingly made an provision of RMB17,250,398 during the year ended 31 December 2014. As advised by the PRC legal counsel, the subsidiary filed an application for retrial to the Supreme People's Court on 30 December 2014.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

26 或有負債(續)

(a) 本集團與瀋陽傳媒公司的訴訟 (續)

於二零一四年十月十五日,高級人民法院對案件二開庭審理。於諮詢法律意見後,管理層相信,該訴訟不大可能會導致本集團有重大經濟利益流出。

於二零一四年十二月四日,該 附屬公司收到高級人民法院所 發出日期為二零一四年十一月 二十六日的民事判決書(2014) 遼民二終字第00170號,駁回 該附屬公司的上訴,維持中級 人民法院就案件一判決該附屬 公司向瀋陽傳媒公司支付廣告 代理費人民幣17,250,398元 的原審判決。該判決為高級人 民法院的最終判決,並已落實 執行令凍結遼寧奧海為數人民 幣1,797,906元的銀行結餘。 凍結裁定的最高價值為人民幣 17,250,398元,而管理層已於 截至二零一四年十二月三十一 日止年度就此計提撥備人民幣 17,250,398元。根據中國法律 顧問的意見,該附屬公司已於 二零一四年十二月三十日向最 高人民法院申請再審。

(Continued)

- **26 Contingent liabilities** (Continued)
 - (a) Lawsuits between the Group and Shenyang Media Corporation

(Continued)

On 23 April 2015, the subsidiary received an enforcement order (2015) Chen Zhong Zhi Zi no. 159 ((2015)沈中執字第159號) issued by the Intermediate People's Court for Case 1 which drew the frozen bank balances of Liaoning Aohai amounting to RMB1,797,906. On 20 May 2015, the Supreme People's Court received the subsidiary's application and a hearing was held on 20 August 2015 to determine whether a retrial will be held. The Group is currently awaiting the judgement of the Supreme People's Court.

With reference to the legal opinion, management believes economic outflow arising from the litigation is limited to Liaoning Aohai, and the litigation would not result in material outflow of economic benefits from other subsidiaries of the Group.

The Group is currently waiting for further instructions from the court and will notify the shareholders of any progress in the litigations in a timely manner.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 26 或有負債(續)
 - (a) 本集團與瀋陽傳媒公司的訴訟 (續)

經參考法律意見後,管理層相信,該訴訟產生的經濟流出僅限於遼寧奧海,而該訴訟不會 導致本集團其他附屬公司有重 大經濟利益流出。

目前本集團正等待該法院的進 一步指示,並將會及時向股東 公告該等訴訟的進展情況。

(Continued)

- **26 Contingent liabilities** (Continued)
 - (b) Enforcement order issued by Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court against the Company and certain wholly-owned Group subsidiaries

On 4 June 2012, Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd. has filed a civil claim against the Southeast Express and Lifestyle Express in respect of an outstanding payment of RMB31,859,018 relating to certain sales made in prior years.

On 10 July 2012, Yueyang Intermediate People's Court has made a civil judgement that Southeast Express and Lifestyle Express shall pay Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd. the aforesaid amount.

On 26 October 2012, the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court ruled that in view of intentional transfer of assets among Southeast Express, Lifestyle Express, the Company and certain wholly-owned Group subsidiaries, the court froze the bank balances of the Company and the aforementioned subsidiaries, which included Fuzhou Aohai Advertisement Co., Ltd. ("Fuzhou AoHai") and Kunming AoHai Advertising Co., Ltd. ("Kunming AoHai"), up to a maximum value of RMB31,859,018 ("Freezing Order").

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 26 或有負債(續)
 - (b) 岳陽市中級人民法院針對本公司及本集團若干全資附屬公司發出的執行裁定書

於二零一二年六月四日,岳陽 林紙股份有限公司就過往年度 進行若干銷售涉及的尚未償還 付款人民幣31,859,018元向 東南快報社及生活新報社提出 民事索償。

於二零一二年七月十日,岳陽 市中級人民法院發出民事判決 書,判決東南快報社及生活新 報社須向岳陽林紙股份有限公 司支付上述金額。

(Continued)

- **26 Contingent liabilities** (Continued)
 - (b) Enforcement order issued by Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court against the Company and certain wholly-owned Group subsidiaries (Continued)

On 8 November 2012, the Company and the subsidiaries appealed to the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court against the Freezing Order. The Freezing Order was revoked on 30 January 2013. Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd. has subsequently lodged an appeal to the Higher People's Court of Hunan Province against this decision, but on 22 August 2013, the Higher People's Court of Hunan Province dismissed the appeal application by Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd.

However, Yueyang Intermediate People's Court issued two enforcement judgements in favour of Yueyanglin Paper Co., Ltd. on 22 September 2013. The court ruled to draw the cash deposit of RMB22.000.000 out of the bank accounts of Fuzhou AoHai and to freeze advertising fee of up to RMB14,000,000 expected to be paid by Fuzhou AoHai and Kunming AoHai to Southeast Express and Lifestyle Express. The Company and the subsidiaries have subsequently raised an objection to the enforcement judgement to the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court against the court's decision together with other economic losses and damages on the reputation of the Company the subsidiaries.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 26 或有負債(續)
 - (b) 岳陽市中級人民法院針對本公司及本集團若干全資附屬公司發出的執行裁定書(續)

(Continued)

- **26 Contingent liabilities** (Continued)
 - (b) Enforcement order issued by Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court against the Company and certain wholly-owned Group subsidiaries (Continued)

On 17 February 2014, the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court dismissed the objection application by the Company and the subsidiaries. As advised by the PRC legal counsel, the Company and the subsidiaries have lodged a review application to the Higher People's Court of Hunan Province (the "Higher People's Court") against the implementation of the above-mentioned decision of the Yueyang Intermediate People's Court. The application is lodged to the Higher People's Court to dismiss the above-mentioned enforcement judgements and return the improperly drawn bank balances of RMB22.000.000 to the subsidiaries.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 26 或有負債(續)
 - (b) 岳陽市中級人民法院針對本公司及本集團若干全資附屬公司發出的執行裁定書(續)

(Continued)

- **26 Contingent liabilities** (Continued)
 - (b) Enforcement order issued by Yueyang City Intermediate People's Court against the Company and certain wholly-owned Group subsidiaries (Continued)

On 28 April 2014, the Higher People's Court of Hunan Province dismissed the implementation review application by the Company and the subsidiaries. As advised by the PRC legal counsel, an application for execution monitoring was lodged to the Supreme People's Court to dismiss the above-mentioned enforcement judgements and refund the improperly drawn bank balances of RMB22,000,000 to the subsidiaries. The case is currently being examined by the court and is pending judgement.

To facilitate the streamlining of the Group's structure, Fuzhou AoHai and Kunming AoHai were separately disposed to independent third parties of the Group, on 12 May 2015 and 31 December 2013 respectively.

簡明合併中期財務資料附註(續)

- 26 或有負債(續)
 - (b) 岳陽市中級人民法院針對本公司及本集團若干全資附屬公司發出的執行裁定書(續)

為推動精簡本集團架構,於二 零一五年五月十二日及二零 一三年十二月三十一日,福州 奥海及昆明奥海已分別出售予 本集團多名獨立第三方。

